

Uproar at Ottawa!

Sir Charles Tupper Turns on Friend and Foe.

His Arrogant Dictation Resented on Both Sides of the House.

He Attacks Dr. Sproule, and That Stalwart Conservative Hits Back.

Threatens the House With Physical Exhaustion.

Mr. Laurier and Dr. Weldon (Conservative) Put the Responsibility of Delay on the Quarrelling Ministers.

Ottawa, April 1.—At the opening of the House yesterday Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. Mr. Laurier made sympathetic references to the late Col. Amyot. Dr. Sproule moved the adjournment of the House in order to bring to the attention of the Government the fact that the salaries of the seasonal messengers and other employees of the House were long overdue.

Mr. Gibson termed it a shame and a disgrace, and Messrs. Lister, Allan, and other members viewed it as a dereliction of duty. Mr. Foster promised the supplementary estimates soon.

It was pointed out that the Government must have reduced the country to a terrible condition of impecuniosity when it could not raise \$2,000 to pay its charwomen and other employees.

Mr. Charlton tried to get the Government to provide a chance for his motion with regard to the suffering Christians of Armenia, but failed.

In a short discussion, Sir Charles Tupper first declared that the House would sit on Good Friday, but afterwards declared that the House would not sit.

The House went into committee of the whole on the bill for the coercion of Manitoba.

Mr. Davies led off with a suggestion that the Government suspend operations during the time the negotiations in Winnipeg are in progress.

This was opposed by Sir Charles Tupper, who declared the Government's purpose to press the bill day by day. He expressed a fear that the Winnipeg negotiations would not succeed, though when asked to explain his remark he denied that he had anything in particular upon which to base it. He at once accused the Opposition of obstruction, and the committee became by consequence a scene of more or less acrimonious uproar, which continued throughout the remainder of the sitting. The charge was repelled by the Opposition, and the facts were referred to in refutation of it.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell) raised the constitutional point that inasmuch as the law contemplates Parliament acting only as a last resort, and inasmuch as the Government having appointed delegates to confer with the Provincial Government, the admission was made that the Province had not refused to act, and therefore, he submitted, Parliament had no constitutional authority. Although the member for Bothwell is a recognized constitutional authority, and does not advance a point except it has merit in it, he could get no answer to his argument from the treasury benches.

Mr. McNeill (Conservative) thereupon rose and expressed his regret that the discussion was shut off. He moved that the committee rise and report progress.

Mr. Mulock asked Sir Charles Tupper to explain how the negotiations at Winnipeg would be facilitated by proceeding with the bill.

Sir Charles Tupper—I don't propose to discuss any question except the clause of the bill before us.

Upon the motion that the committee rise, Mr. Davies was proceeding to speak of the impropriety of proceeding with the bill.

Sir Charles again rose and demanded that the ruling of the chair should be observed. He was told by Mr. Daly and other members around him that the discussion was now upon the motion to rise.

Mr. Davies was then allowed to continue. The Government's invitation to negotiate had been of the nature of a flag of truce, and when a flag of truce was raised hostilities should cease. He assumed, he said, that the Government were anxious to see a settlement. He was sure no party advantage could be got by keeping the question open and having it threshed out at every hustings during the elections.

Sir Charles Tupper—That is what we wish to prevent.

Then let us come to an understanding, returned Mr. Davies. By the press reports it appeared that the commis-

sioners had been met in Winnipeg by the Manitoba Government in the most friendly way and were making progress and trying honestly to reach a settlement. If the Ottawa Government were really anxious to have the question settled, they should not now proceed to jeopardize the negotiations.

Sir Charles Tupper hinted that the negotiations had failed, and as only a few days of the session remained he meant to force the bill through so as not to be charged with insincerity in the ensuing general election.

Mr. Charlton held that the Government's course was impolitic, indelicate and insincere, unless it was known beforehand that all negotiations had failed. He held that the House had no mandate to deal with this matter. The question had not been considered by the people. How many members cared anything about the principle of the bill among those who supported it? How many members would go back to Parliament, but will receive appointments to offices—quite accidentally, perhaps? (Laughter.)

Mr. Bergeron reminded Mr. Charlton that he should not impute unworthy motives to members.

Mr. Charlton said he merely asked the question.

Col. O'Brien (Conservative) asked the question was it that this date of the session had been reached with the bill no further advanced. Forty days at the beginning of the session elapsed before the bill had been even presented to the House, and it was the 3rd of March before the second reading was reached. If the Government had found itself in the position in which Sir Charles Tupper had stated it was the Government's own doing. In England, Government bills were printed and laid before the House at the beginning of the session. If there had been a sincere determination to pass the bill there would not have been so much time wasted in the early part of the session.

Sir Richard Cartwright said that he was afraid it would be found that one of the reasons for the failure of the negotiations was the most undiplomatic conduct of the Government in pressing this measure forward. Had the bill not been proceeded with it would have been accepted by the Manitoba Government as a pledge of the sincerity of the Government, and there would have been a far greater likelihood of the negotiations being brought to a successful termination. If these negotiations failed there was no need to be said, except that the conduct of the Government and their indiscretion in refusing to make reasonable concessions had been very largely to blame. Sir Richard pointed out that this bill would settle nothing. He did not believe it was intended to settle anything.

Sir Charles Tupper, in reply to Sir Richard, said he was afraid the negotiations at Winnipeg will fall through. Sir Richard Cartwright—I am sorry to hear it. It is a very serious day for such an expression of opinion to be made by the Secretary of State. I am afraid if, after two or three days' sojourn in Winnipeg on the part of these ambassadors, the Secretary of State will virtually announce these negotiations have failed.

Sir Charles Tupper—No, I don't. I don't go as far as that. I said I feared they have failed. Sir Richard, continuing, said that it was impossible to pass the measure but the Government's own divisions and insincerity, and the extremely improper conduct they have pursued in having a sixth session for any purpose and yet allowing about three months to pass before going into committee on the bill. If the Government had been sincere it was not at the time that the bill was introduced, but have been made to hold a conference with the Manitoba Government, and to try Mr. Laurier's policy of conciliation, but before this Parliament met.

Mr. Foster argued that the measure should be proceeded with, conference or no conference.

Hon. Mr. Mills held that the Government had no right, under the constitution, to come to Parliament for assistance till it was prepared to say it had exhausted every means of effecting a settlement. Why were the Government pressing this legislation when they admitted that they had not exhausted the powers of negotiation with the Local Government? If the ground upon which the constitution placed the authority to legislate was non-existing how could the House undertake to legislate? He held that there was little chance of the negotiations succeeding so long as the Government continued to press a measure which would give to the minority nothing but a law suit for every man who contributed a dollar of taxation to the separate schools.

Mr. Daly justified the remedial order and argued that the negotiation could not interfere with the legal position of the House.

Sir Richard Cartwright pointed out that the Government was yet at loggerheads as to the question, and he instanced Mr. Oulmont's attitude in Vercheres and Dr. Montague's in Haldimand as diametrically opposite.

Mr. McNeill's motion was immediately after recess lost.

Mr. Davies then took up the discussion on clause 1, which constitutes a Catholic clause of education in Manitoba, and argued that the power of Parliament to legislate on this matter was confined to the terms of the Remedial Order, and under that order, which has been generally discredited as bungling, this clause cannot be formed.

Sir Charles Tupper (testily)—I have heard all that before 20 or 50 times. Mr. Davies—Very likely. You will hear it one more.

Sir Charles—I expect to hear it 50 times more.

Mr. Davies said he had not used a single expression beyond what was necessary to convey his meaning to the House.

Mr. Casey pressed for answers from Sir Charles Tupper as to why he believed the Winnipeg negotiations had failed.

Sir Charles Tupper took the floor, and in a minute the House was in an uproar. He complained that he had been compelled to listen to interminable speeches that did not have any relevancy to the question under consideration. He rallied at the supporters of Mr. Laurier, and then he turned upon Dr. Sproule, and charged him with having, by his motion in the House that afternoon, allied himself with other members of the House "for the purpose of breaking down and destroying the Government of which he was a supporter."

There was great uproar. The House was a bedlam, and Sir Charles no more

waving his arms and trying to be heard, being subject to interruption from both sides of the House.

Dr. Sproule sprang to his feet, and cried: "I rise to order, Mr. Chairman. I wish to ask you whether it is Parliamentary to use that language." He explained his action in championing the cause of the Government employees, and denied that it was obstruction. It was a simple duty.

Sir Charles Tupper—I ask the honorable gentleman—(cries of "Order, order, chair, chair, sit down.") Chairman Bergeron—The word obstruction is certainly unparliamentary. Cries of "Chair, chair, take it back." Sir Charles Tupper asked if Dr. Sproule had mentioned the matter to the Finance Minister.

Dr. Sproule replied no, because the Finance Minister was not in his place. He had tried to see him twice.

Sir Charles Tupper—The leader of the House, of whom the honorable gentleman professes to be a supporter, was in his place, and he made no communication to him.

Mr. Mulock—Mr. Chairman—Mr. Bailey (Conservative)—Shut up. Mr. McNeill (Conservative)—I wish to know Mr. Chairman, whether there be any member of this House who is above the rules of this House.

Mr. Chairman—I have declared that the word "obstruction" is unparliamentary.

Sir Charles Tupper—I have much pleasure in bowing to your ruling by withdrawing the word obstruction. Continuing, Sir Charles Tupper charged the members for the loss with obstruction, and threatened the House with the "harsh measures of the closure" if they did not submit to his views. He would meet his opponents, he said, by exhausting all the physical means he possessed.

This brought forth the defiant cries of "Try it."

Mr. Laurier warmly retorted that the Government, and not the Opposition was responsible for the obstruction that prevented the bill being discussed between Jan. 2 and March 1. He was responsible for the loss of these two months. The occupants of the treasury benches were responsible for it. Was the Opposition responsible for the Cabinet quarrels which had too been patched up? In the discussion which commenced on March 2 there were as many speakers on the Government side as on the Opposition side. Where was the obstruction? There had been no obstruction upon the bill, and there was no obstruction upon the bill. He had taken his course, and the Opposition had taken its course, upon the bill and was ready to go to the country and abide its decision upon the merits of the position. (Cheers.) If there had been obstruction it had been on the part of the honorable leader of the House himself, for he had consumed more time than any other member. (Hear, hear.)

Dr. Sproule rose and talked back at his leader with great force. Seventy-fourth of the ratepayers of Ontario were against this bill—cries of "No, no, no." Dr. Sproule said that he was the leader of the House, like Micawber, after a sleep of five years—(roars of laughter)—to come to this House and try to force an unpopular measure upon this House and country. He went on to say that the vote on the bill had been shown by 81 to 67 that Quebec and Ontario wanted nothing to do with this measure. Sir Charles Tupper, he added, had made much noise in the country, but done little. (Cheers and laughter.)

Mr. McNeill also censured Sir Charles Tupper. He and Dr. Sproule were quite as good Conservatives as Sir Charles Tupper, and would not be read out of the party.

Dr. Weldon (Conservative) thought the bill should be laid over till the next session, so as to let the people pronounce upon it. Surely the Government should have had their bill ready when Parliament met. It was too late the day now to drive Parliament at the point of the bayonet. (Cheers.) Threats to sit all night and all day should not be made in a free Parliament. (Hear, hear.) Free speech had not yet been stifled in the Manitoba Parliament by the use of closure. He held that the Administration was not justified in attempting to coerce a free Parliament. He supported the Nova Scotia system.

Mr. Clarke Wallace asked the Government to pause in their mad career. Messrs. Fairbairn and Ingram (East Elgin) supported the bill.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell) pointed out that the bill did not obey the constitution. Dr. Daly denied this, but was not able to prove his position.

Only two clauses of the bill were passed when the House rose at 3:40 this morning.

OUR BELOVED QUEEN.

Her Most Recent Photo, Full Cabinet Size, Given Away.

Our beloved Queen Victoria; God bless her and preserve her to her loyal and loving people.

Few homes can boast of having a really good and recent cabinet photo of her Majesty, who will soon attain her 77th year.

The Wm. & Richardson Co., manufacturers of Diamond Dyes, have made special arrangements with the publishers of "Our Home," Canada's best, purest, most largely circulated and most enterprising family paper, now in its fourth year of successful and aggressive work, whereby they are enabled to make the following special and generous offer, good for one month only:

An elegant full cabinet photo (from a recent copy taken by royal command) of her Majesty Queen Victoria; a four-page pamphlet giving dates of births, marriages and deaths, and other items of useful and interesting information relating to the Royal family, that but few people have access to; six Diamond Dye dolls with six extra dresses, and a card of forty-five samples of dyed cloth, showing colors of Diamond Dyes—will be sent free to every man, woman and child who will send in 25 cents in money or stamps for one year's subscription to "Our Home," a paper that thousands declare to be worth a dollar.

The cabinet photos of the Queen are worth 40 to 50 cents each, and can be obtained only as premiums with "Our Home."

If you desire to have pure and wholesome reading matter for one year, and the premiums as promised above, send your name and address at once. The whole cost, remember, is only 25 cents.

Address: Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P.Q.

In Russia a young man does not attain his majority until he is 26 years old. Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without a pain. What is has done once it will do again.

"MAX O'RELL" TIRED.

Will Soon Make His Last Bow as a Lecturer in America.

Louisville, April 1.—Paul Blouet, the versatile Frenchman, who is known to the lecture-going public as "Max O'Rell," has just returned from a tour through the Southern States. He expects to leave America about April 15.

"I have had enough of the lecture platform," said M. Blouet. "Not that I have been unsuccessful or that my American trip has been unpleasant or unremunerative, but I am tired."

"I laugh at the American people for working so hard, and then work myself to death. I need rest, and when I sail for home I shall bid good-bye to America as a lecturer. I may visit you again, but not as a public lecturer; the work is too hard."

Smokestack Sparks.

The L. E. and D. R. R. intend asking St. Thomas for a bonus to assist in building their extension to that city.

A yard engine and freight train coming from the upper to the tunnel yards on the Grand Trunk at Port Huron on Monday collided. James McEwan, switchman, who was standing on the ladder on one of the cars, was thrown to the ground and dragged 100 yards, receiving fatal injuries.

Charles E. Smart, general master mechanic of the Michigan Central and its branches, died at his home in Jackson, Mich., Sunday. Mr. Smart was liked by every man in the road's employ. He had full control of the locomotive power of the entire system from Buffalo to Chicago, and controlled all the engineers and firemen. He came to the Michigan Central from the C. & B. and C. nineteen years ago. He was 55 years old.

The first of the new Pullman cars built at the Grand Trunk Railway shops at Point St. Charles was turned out of the works on Saturday last, and was formally examined at Bonaventure station Monday morning by Mr. C. M. Hays, general manager; Mr. George B. Reeve, general traffic manager, and Mr. W. E. Davis, the general passenger agent-elect, in the presence of Mr. W. A. Ritchie, district superintendent of the Pullman Car Company. The car is the "Levis," which will make its first trip to Chicago, where it will be inspected by the Pullman officials, and afterwards run regularly to Toronto. It is certainly a credit to Canadian workmanship, and up to date in all its equipment. The interior is finished in walnut and vermillion wood, and fawn-colored plush prettily bedecked, with tiny gold studs. The side rods and couplers are completely hidden during the day inside the berths. The seats have been provided with springs, back and front, so that when arranged for lower berth use they form a complete spring mattress. The outside is neatly painted in chocolate and gold. All the officials express their admiration at the workmanship displayed. Seventeen similar cars will be turned out of the works in the near future.

BIG TUNNEL BUSINESS.

Sarnia, April 1.—Eleven trains, with a total of 270 cars, consisting of stock, beef and other perishable freight, were sent east from the tunnel over the Sarnia branch, between the hours of 6 a.m. and 9 p.m. Friday. There were also 10 trains, with a total of 250 cars, received at the tunnel from the east during the same hours, making a grand total of 520 cars handled in three hours. This is a world's record.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

The body of Mrs. Robinson, of Woodstock, late wife of Alex. Robinson, traveler for D. Richards, was removed to Parkville, Mo., for burial. The result from an operation performed two weeks ago.

DELAWARE.

Delaware, March 31.—The River Thames, which flows through our valley, rendered its banks, and the valley, a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment it becomes a poison to the system. They correct acidity, open the secretions and convert the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion or dyspepsia.

Richard Malcolm Johnston, the author who fainted while lecturing, recently in Savannah, has been taken to his home in Baltimore, where he is lying seriously ill. He is enfeebled with age, and serious results are feared.

No well-regulated household should be without a bottle of ANGSTURA RUTTER, the world-renowned appetizer and invigorator. Beware of counterfeits. Ask for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Seligert & Sons.

Over 10,000,000 pounds of mate are annually exported from Paraguay.

Every ingredient in Manley's Celery-Nerve Compound is a blood maker and health giver. If you are weak or run down, try it.

Dear Sir: It is with pleasure I can recommend others to take Manley's Celery-Nerve Compound, as I am thoroughly satisfied it is a sterling preparation, and as a tonic it has no equal. Other remedies have used it, and in all cases it gave the most gratifying and pleasing results. Yours truly, E. Ferryman.

Dry Goods Merchant, 260 Yonge St., Toronto.

Navigation and Railways

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

EASTER RATES FOR ALL SINGLE FIRST-CLASS FARE

Going APRIL 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Returning on or before April 7th, 1896.

FOR TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

Upon surrender of standard form of certificate signed by the Principal.

Single First-Class Fare and One-Third. Going MARCH 19 to APRIL 4. Returning on or before April 13th, 1896.

The above rates apply to Detroit, Sault Ste. Marie, Fort William and Stations East.

THOS. R. PARKER, City Passenger Agent, 181 Dundas street, corner Richmond street. City office open 7 a.m.

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THOS. R. PARKER, City Passenger Agent, 181 Dundas street, corner Richmond street. City office open 7 a.m.

Small Pills. Small Dose.



CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know

that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HIS LAST PLUNGE.

Pardridge Retires from the Chicago Board of Trade.

Chicago, March 31.—Ed Pardridge, the Board of Trade plunger, bought 4,000,000 bushels of wheat yesterday, and says he will now retire from the market. The side rods and couplers are completely hidden during the day inside the berths. The seats have been provided with springs, back and front, so that when arranged for lower berth use they form a complete spring mattress. The outside is neatly painted in chocolate and gold. All the officials express their admiration at the workmanship displayed. Seventeen similar cars will be turned out of the works in the near future.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc., etc.

Good-humor is the cheapest and best medicine. It is also pretty good religion.

A Dinner Pill.—Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment it becomes a poison to the system. They correct acidity, open the secretions and convert the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion or dyspepsia.

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Over 10,000,000 pounds of mate are annually exported from Paraguay.

Navigation and Railways

AMERICAN LINE.

New York—Southampton (London—Paris). Twin screw U. S. mail steamships. Sailing every Wednesday at 10 a.m.

First cabin \$40 and upwards; second cabin \$20 to \$30.

ST. PAUL, April 1, PARIS, April 22. NEW YORK, April 15, ST. PAUL, April 29.

RED STAR LINE.

New York to Antwerp. Sailing every Wednesday.

First cabin \$50 and upwards; second cabin \$25.

NEORLAND, April 8, noon. FRIEDLAND, April 15, noon. KENSINGTON, April 22, noon.

International Navigation Company. Pier—14, North River. Office—6 Bowling Green, N. Y. Agents—Thos. R. Parker, south-west corner Richmond and Dundas streets; E. De La Hooke, corner Richmond and Dundas streets; F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond St., London.

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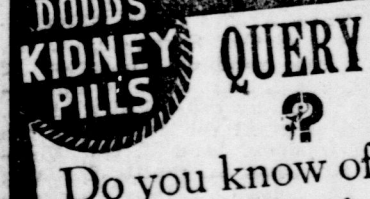
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DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

QUERY

Do you know of a case wherein DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS fail'd to cure any kidney ailment? If so, we want to know it. Over a million boxes sold without a single complaint.

THE DODD'S MEDICINE CO., LTD.

TORONTO

230 and 232 Dundas Street.

WHISKARD'S

TWO BUSY STORES.

Simply Gorgeous! Delighted!

The throng of patrons of last Saturday and yesterday so expressed themselves with Our Grand Opening of Millinery.

Every critic's lance is broken when it tilts against our prices and assortment. We have pre-eminently the richest and the handsomest ever shown in London.

The display is a revelation to those who have not seen it, and a constant study to those who have. Novelty and novelty in prodigious abundance. You have heard what the styles are to be this season. Would not an actual sight of them be very much more satisfactory? We display fashions which are interesting to every lady in London—interesting because they are fashionable—and because we set a swift pace on the price.

It affords us great pleasure to announce the continuance of our "Grand Opening" for the next three days:

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

Special purchase of

100 BOXES Of Crochet Knitting Silk.

Whiskard's price, 50¢ a ball while it lasts.

Lace Curtains.

The past week has demonstrated the increasing popularity of this great bargain center.

The sure superiority in variety and newness is distinctly marked here.

In white and cream, bargains every one of them, 3 yards long, 50¢ per pair. Fine quality, taped, 3 1/2 yards long, 75¢ per pair. Other qualities from \$1 and up.

Swiss Curtain Muslin, with embroidered border, 15¢, 20¢ and 25¢ per yard.

Madras Muslin, 20¢ and 25¢ per yard.

Chenille Curtains.

Rich in design and coloring, only \$3.50 per pair.

Silk Fringe, 100, 150 and 250 per yard.

Cotton Wall Fringe, all colors, 50¢ per yard.

Silk Pon Pons, all sizes, all colors, 15¢ per dozen.

Embroideries.

Ours are the newest conceits, the real things. A personal inspection will prove that we excel in elegance, quality and price.

We have just opened a beautiful line of

Cambric Embroidery, at 12 1/2 and 15¢ per yard.

Child's Skirting, length 27 inches, 15¢, 20¢ and 25¢ per yard.

We wish to call your special attention to our

All-Over Embroidery, latest patterns, worth \$1 and \$1.50, selling for 40¢, 50¢ and 75¢ per yard. Real bargains.

Muslin Embroidery, wide width, 12 1/2 and 15¢ per yard.

Ladies' Whitewear.

The news of our bargains and quality has spread all over town. Such values at such prices are unprecedented.

Ladies' Night Dresses, full sizes, embroidery trimmed, 75¢.

Ladies' Night Dresses, full sizes, 35¢.

Ladies' White Undershirts from 25¢ and 30¢.

Corset Covers.

Why is it? What does it all mean?

Buyers come in crowds! It simply means that we sell first-class goods, and sell cheaper than they can be bought for elsewhere in the city of London, and we never throw out counterfeit baits. Everything is just as we represent them to be price and quality.

WHISKARD'S

NOT GUILTY.

Kurschinski Acquitted of the Charge of Murdering Jeanette, Near Breslau.

Berlin, Ont., April 1.—The trial of the Kurschinski murder case was resumed yesterday.

Coroner Schaefer presided, and testified to a jack-knife—the one produced on him, August Schell told of having had a conversation with the prisoner and his wife at their home about a week prior to the murder.

The Kurschinskis asked him why certain cards had been put up in the berry swamp. Witness told them it was a warning to trespassers, whereupon they became angry, and said they were put up for their own protection.

They said, "If we don't get berries, neither will Jeanette." Schell also saw the prisoner on the night of the murder, and he noticed scratches on his face. Doctors were examined as to whether the scratches on the prisoner's face could have been made by finger nails, and they all concurred in the belief that they could. Dr. Featheringham, of Toronto, swore that he made an examination of the dead man's finger nails, and found they contained fibers of cloth and human skin.

BEYOND RECOVERY.

The Boy LaPlamme—His Cure Was a Surprise—A Few Boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

PAPINEAUVILLE, March 30.—The father of the boy LaPlamme is one of the leading merchants here and willing to talk of his son's cure. He says: "My little boy Arthur, after several fever about a year ago, never recovered, and his ailment ran into a kidney trouble. His body was swollen to twice its natural size. The sufferings of the little fellow were very severe and we had all given up hope of him. But three months ago we commenced giving him Dodd's Kidney Pills, and today he is romping and playing with other boys. This is an instance of prompt cure is very remarkable.

Utah's Jurors now consist of eight instead of twelve men.

Prominent Lawyer Says.

"I have eight children, every one in good health, not one of whom but has taken Scott's Emulsion, in which my wife has boundless confidence."

The Fields Inquest.

Adjournment Made Until Monday Evening Next.

When Witnesses Are to be Present from Lansing, Mich.,

And a Judicious Selection Will be Made from the Many Available at Wingham—G. T. R. Witnesses Examined.

Districts Instead of Wards.

How a Special Committee Proposes to Divide the City.

Radical Changes in the Engineer's Department Suggested.

The special committee appointed by the City Council to consider the question of purchasing supplies, met in the City Hall yesterday afternoon, and decided to suggest to the council some radical changes in the working of the engineer's department.

One clause of the report to be presented reads:

"That the city be redivided into districts (instead of wards) more equal as to area than the existing wards, the foreman in each to be known as a district instead of a ward foreman. The acreage and miles of streets in the wards are as follows:

"No. 1—245 acres; 8 miles of street.

"No. 2—624 acres; 16 miles of street.

"No. 3—453 acres; 12 1/2 miles of street.

"No. 4—795 acres; 21 miles of street.

"No. 5—977 acres; 20 1/2 miles of street.

"No. 6—995 acres; 20 miles of street."

This makes a total of 4,089 acres in the city, with 93 miles of street, and Engineer Graydon pointed out that at present the duties of the ward foremen were very unevenly divided. This, he claimed, could be rectified by a redivision as suggested by the clause.

The recommendation, however, will probably create a stir in the council.

In speaking of it, Ald. Skinner raised the question of the redivision would not take away from the aldermen certain of their powers. He did not raise the point because of personal feeling, but merely because the ratepayers would consider that the aldermen would not have a proper opportunity to look after their wards under a redivision.

"My idea," said Ald. Powell, "is to get rid of this ward system altogether."

Ald. Skinner—I am prepared to assist in the same object.

"The document contains many good points of general importance," continued Ald. Powell, after he had read the report.

The remaining clauses were:

"That a large storage house and yard be purchased in a central part of the city."

"Foremen shall not put any men to work without first applying to the city engineer's department and stating the number of men required, and what they are wanted for; foremen shall not order from anyone except the city engineer or officials in his department."

"The street commissioner to obtain a report from foremen of each day's work, the number of men at work, the material used, and to make a daily report to the city engineer of the work done in each district, and a statement of the cost thereof and to what accounts chargeable."

"The city engineer to make a written report to No. 2 committee on proposed new work before commencing the same."

"The aldermen requiring certain work done in any portion of the city shall inform the city engineer who in turn shall examine into the requirements and give a written report to No. 2 committee."

"The members of the committee are requested to think of some good system of check on gravel delivered on the city streets, so that no collusion can be possible between the spreader and contractor."

"Members of the committee to consider in dealing or tendering for the laying of plank sidewalks or tenders for the supplying of the plank separately."

"All orders for material to come direct from the city engineer and countersigned by the chairman of the committee."

The clause referring to the checking of gravel was referred to Ald. Parnell (chairman of the committee) and Engineer Graydon, to look into the system adopted by the Barber Asphalt Company, which has proved very successful. The last clause was also referred to the chairman and engineer to have it made applicable to all the civic committees under which Mr. Graydon has the supervision of work.

TWO TAKEN AWAY.

Death Invades the Ranks of the Salvation Army.

New York, April 1.—At Salvation Army headquarters today a cablegram was received from London announcing the death of the infant child of the Booth-Tuckers. The child, which was but 6 weeks old, was taken ill after the embarkation of its parents on board the steamer St. Louis at Southampton, and a telegram to that effect caused the father to return to London.

Mrs. Booth-Tucker, however, was too ill to be taken off the steamer, and came on to America, arriving at this port on Saturday. Commissioner Booth-Tucker, believing the child was out of danger, sailed on the Majestic last week. Immediately after receipt of the news of the Booth-Tucker child's death there came to Salvation Army headquarters word that Mrs. Booth-Tucker's daughter, in charge of the Indian province, had died yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Booth-Tucker have been in the Punjab, where the child expired, ever since the recall of Mr. and Mrs. Booth-Tucker from the Indian command, two years ago.

THERE IS NOT a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil—a pulmonary acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swollen neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claims to public confidence.

Those whose duty rendered it necessary to attend the Fields inquest at the police station last evening went prepared for an all-night sitting, but much to their surprise the session was adjourned before 9 o'clock. The jurors did not look upon the adjournment with favor, and several of them objected to it. It is quite evident that the jury empaneled to "well and truly try" the case are not of the usual meek and mild stamp. The adjournment was made in order to make a judicious selection of witnesses in Wingham and bring some from Lansing, Mich. This caused Juror Logan to ask if the coroner did not think that two weeks was time enough in which to get witnesses together. The jurymen were all present on time, and a couple of them took occasion to censure the medical witnesses for not being present also.

Crown Attorney Magee took an active part in examining the witnesses. There were no Winghamites present—for which two reasons are advanced. The authorities state that more time is necessary in order that a judicious selection may be made of the many available witnesses there, and there are also rumors from Wingham that the Government official who is looking up the case finds Winghamites very reticent and information hard to secure.

Every witness last night was closely questioned as to whether or not Fields was under the influence of liquor the morning he went to the hospital. All unite in declaring that he was not. Speaking to the crown attorney as the jury withdrew, Foreman Taylor said that it seemed peculiar that Fields should have been placed in the "D.T." ward at the hospital under those circumstances.

James Logan, G. T. R. Constable, was first called. He first saw Fields coming off the Bruce train at 6:50 in the evening of March 10 or 11. A commercial man and Conductor, McCull, was next called to the stand. The conductor told him to look for an elderly man who could hardly walk. He also told him what had happened in Wingham. The old man went into the waiting-room and afterwards had some lunch. He took the Sarnia train at 6:55. Witness saw him again on the morning of the 16th in the depot, sitting in a chair with his feet up against the fire. The witness was not sure if he saw him on the morning of the 16th, but he would like to go to the hospital; that his feet were very bad, and that he could hardly stand the pain. He did not in any way allude to the trouble at Wingham. He was asked to be under the influence of liquor on either of the two occasions when witness saw him.

To Foreman Taylor witness said that Fields did not appear to be in nearly bad a state on the occasion of which he first saw him as on the last.

James Stone, the hackdriver who drove Fields from the station to the hospital, was the next witness. Asked if the man was under the influence of liquor, he said he did not know, but he did not smell of any.

G. T. R. Night Constable Regan told of Fields' arrival from Sarnia at 4:05 a.m. on the morning of March 16. He saw him on the morning of the 16th, and he said he was going, and he replied "to the lower end."

"Do you know where you are?" asked the constable.

Yes, in Wingham," replied Fields, apparently bewildered.

Regan got him into the waiting-room and made him as comfortable as he could. He lay still for half an hour, when he complained of cold feet, and the constable gave him a seat near the fire.

"The doctor in Lansing said that I had two of the worst feet he had ever seen on a man," said Fields to Regan.

Will you take the 8:05 train to Wingham?"

"No," replied Fields, determinedly.

"Then you had better go to the hospital," said Regan.

"I think that would be the best place for me," answered Fields.

Did he seem to you as if he was under the influence of liquor?" asked the coroner.

"No, he did not," replied Regan.

To the foreman Mr. Regan said that he could not convince Fields that he was not in Wingham. He appeared to be delirious, but not from drink. Conductor Miner drew witnesses' attention to Fields. He (Miner) thought he was not quite right in his mind. Fields wore overshoes. His feet were bandaged.

Crown Attorney Magee then stated that it would be necessary to have witnesses from Lansing, Mich., in order to find the condition of the man's feet there. Also the witnesses were not yet selected at Wingham, because it was difficult to get evidence in a matter of that kind. Then a judicious selection was necessary in order to save the expenses to witnesses coming here and also to save the time of the jury.

Coroner Flock said that with a judicious selection of witnesses they would be able to examine them all at the next session. The case was one which could not be settled over lightly or cursorily. He suggested 7 o'clock on Monday evening as the time of meeting.

Juror Logan objected to the adjournment. Jurymen had to give their time for nothing, and he thought that the two weeks which have elapsed since the death of Fields were sufficient in which to collect witnesses.

Coroner Flock acknowledged that serving on a jury was a thankless task. He thought that jurymen should be paid, but he reminded them that they were in duty bound to see justice done to the unfortunate man.

Jurymen Burnett said it was a very strange thing that the post-mortem should be made two weeks ago and the medical witness not be present to make the result known.

Both the coroner and crown attorney held that the medical witness would be more valuable coming last, as it would enable any of the jurymen to ask questions with a full understanding of the case.

The inquest was then adjourned until Monday evening next at 7 o'clock.

Our I's and Other Eyes.

Our I's are just as strong as they were fifty years ago, when we have cause to use them. But we have less and less cause to praise ourselves, since others do the praising, and we are more than willing for you to see us through other eyes. This is how we look to S. F. Boyce, wholesale and retail druggist, Duluth, Minn., who after a quarter of a century of observation writes:

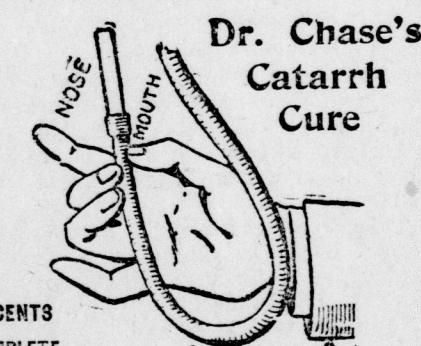
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Sweating in Ottawa.

Why Did A. W. Wright Refuse to Investigate It?

Ottawa, April 1.—At the recent meeting of the Local Council of Women, Lady Aberdeen presiding, over 200 were present. Reports were submitted from the sub-committees for the shorter hours of the hours of labor for women and children throughout Canada. They reviewed the work already accomplished on these lines, and pointed out that much still remains to be done. Reference was made to a sweating system prevalent in this city. Figures were quoted showing that twelve pairs of pants are made in some places without the buttons or button-holes for 20 cents, while with the buttons and button-holes they could be made for 60 cents a dozen. A coat is made up for 25 cents, while white shirts with button-holes bring only 20 cents a dozen. In cases of this kind, where the work is given out like that, it was stated that the neighbors join in and help the family that has the work, and afterwards, of course, share in the proceeds. A case was cited where a woman assisted by her children, had been sweating for two weeks, and at the end of that time had received only \$1.50, of which she had to pay 75 cents for store help, leaving only 75 cents for her own use. In that case one of the members of the family was suffering from a contagious disease. The Dominion Government appointed Mr. A. W. Wright, of Toronto, a commissioner to investigate the sweating system in Canada. He had made his report and discovered no sweating in Canada, but found from report that it existed in the United States. Mr. Wright refused even to comply with the request of the Ottawa Trades Council to investigate Ottawa, although he spent a good many days at the capital. Now the Women's Council are doing his work, and apparently discovering what Mr. Wright did not look for.



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DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 683 Dundas street. Telephone.

DR. ECOLLES WILL BE ABSENT FROM his office until Monday morning, April 6.

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God's in His heaven.
All's right with the world.
—Browning.

London, Wednesday, April 1.

A Dying Parliament and a Dead Ministry.

Parliament will not sit on Good Friday, though the men in power at Ottawa made a big bluff that they desired to break through the rule that the day should be conscientiously observed. It serves their purpose, now that the day when the House of Commons must be dissolved approaches, and when they must face the electorate whom they have dodged until even the twelfth hour, to make a great pretense that they wish to have the business rushed through. They simulate indignation when a member desires to have fair discussion of an important point in public policy, and endeavor to shout him down as an obstructionist.

But it is all a pretense. Parliament met on Jan. 2, so that it has now been in session three calendar months, and must be brought to a close not later than three weeks from Friday of this week. Yet in all that time the Government has only made three motions—one to go into committee of supply, which was carried; another for the second reading of the Manitoba coercion bill, which was carried by the smallest majority registered in favor of the Government this Parliament, and a third that the House go into committee on the same bill. Three motions in three months have these Ministers, charged with the management of the affairs of this great country, made, or asked to have passed, and yet they assert that they have been industriously doing their complete duty to the taxpayers!

A brief retrospect shows how these men have been occupied in the past three months. They called Parliament together on Jan. 2, and immediately afterwards ordered it to adjourn because it was not convenient then to transact public business. Then seven members of the Government went on strike for two weeks because in secret conspiracy they had reached the conclusion that the Premier, the man who made them what they were, was an incapable old fool, and it was deemed in their interests to decapitate him by force. Seven months were at their disposal in which to prepare their bill dealing with Manitoba, yet they permitted Parliament to assemble without taking the first step to have it drafted, and five weeks of the session had elapsed before it was presented to the House. The second reading of the measure was not moved until two whole months of the session had been wasted. Now they tell us that if the Manitoba bill is not passed at this session they will throw the onus on Mr. Laurier and his friends. They ask that this bill of 112 clauses, incomplete and largely unworkable as it is in its present shape, and irrevocable after it is once placed on the statute book, shall be railroaded through the House in the dying days of a Parliament which has long since ceased to represent the living electorate of Canada.

Nor is this the only exhibit of the absolute breakdown of the Cabinet now nominally controlling this country. In the speech from the throne, delivered three months ago, a Government bill providing additional representation for the Northwest was announced. This important measure has not yet been introduced, though the fourth month of the session has been entered on. A commissioner went to England to arrange the copyright question last midsummer. His report was not ready when Parliament met five months afterwards. In the speech from the throne it was promised, but up till the time of writing it has not made its appearance. The supplementary estimates, which are generally introduced within a month after Parliament meets, have not yet been brought down, and as was brought out in the discussion in the House of Commons on Tuesday night, there is no money with which to pay the employees of Parliament, and today we have the spectacle of a Government confessing its inability to do even so simple an act of justice as to ask Parliament to vote the necessary funds to pay the wages of the charwomen, message boys, and other subordinate employees, who can ill afford to wait the sweet pleasure of the blunderers.

To accomplish these meager results, the Government has so far expended \$300,000 in the payment of indemnity to members of Parliament for attending this extra session of Parliament, which has justly been denominated the fool session. If they had followed Mr. Laurier's conciliatory plan in dealing with Manitoba, and had gone to the

country on their general record after Parliament had lived its allotted span of five annual sessions, the members of the Government would have most probably been defeated; but they would have been saved the humiliation that awaits them when they go to the polls and ask for a verdict on their extraordinary conduct of the last few months. Never has it been more evident than now that this country needs and will decree a change.

Said Rev. W. D. Reid in Montreal last Sunday: "One man, like the Hon. Mr. Laurier, who understands the times, is worth 50 of the men who now make a pretense of understanding them." Mr. Laurier will be Premier of Canada before three months pass away, or all portents mislead.

From Kingston comes the information that as a consequence of the strictures on the length of the hair of the pupils at the Dominion Military College, a college barber will be added to the staff. There are now 37 of a staff for 57 pupils. The new appointee will make 38. Keep it up! This is a great country, and there is nothing like finding employment for the people! Never mind the expense!

The princely gift of Mr. McDonald, a wealthy citizen of Montreal, to McGill University should be noted by the wealthy men of the West. The Western University of London should not be forgotten by them when they come to apportion their riches. What a power in Western Ontario a completely equipped university in this city would be. May the day not be far distant when it will be an accomplished fact.

Waterworks Figures.

Estimates for the Year Prepared by the Commissioners.

Large Amount for Extension of Springs—Drop in the Revenue as Compared With 1895.

The estimates of the city water commissioners were presented at the regular weekly meeting of the board, held in Mayor Little's office yesterday afternoon.

According to the figures the operation and maintenance of London's waterworks system will this year cost \$55,391, as against \$35,523 23, an increase of \$20,868 77 for 1896. The greatest item included in the expenditure for the year is that of \$25,000 for the extension of springs. Last year only \$200 was laid out in this direction, but a greater supply of water has to be secured this season, and Engineer Moore considers it will require the expenditure of the amount named. Five thousand of it is estimated for a collecting pond at the lower Colville springs; \$3,000 for pumping machinery for the same; \$4,000 for deepening and enlarging the lower pond; \$5,500 for deepening and enlarging the upper pond, and \$7,500 for purchasing new springs, conduit and pond. The estimates were considered for a short time by the commissioners. When the item of \$2,000 for main extensions was taken up, Commissioner Cowan held it was far too low, and said that it would make it necessary for the board to refuse many extensions during the year.

Before further progress was made, Mayor Little inquired if Mr. Cowan intended to introduce his scheme to charge a water rate on all vacant properties past which a water main was laid, and which increased in value thereby.

Mr. Cowan replied that he was prepared to introduce the scheme. As the adoption of the scheme would considerably affect the revenue of the board, the ratification of the estimates was laid over pending its disposal.

The estimates as presented, together with the figures for 1895, were as follows:

REVENUE.			
	Derived in 1895.	Estimated for 1896.	
Water rates from consumers	\$61,133 49	\$63,000 00	
Water rates from the city	13,115 00	13,095 00	
Interest	264 25	200 00	
Totals	\$74,512 74	\$76,295 00	
EXPENDITURE AGAINST REVENUE.			
	Expended in 1895.	Estimated for 1896.	
Workshop	\$2,946 13	\$3,000 00	
Pump house and maintenance	7,934 80	8,000 00	
Grounds and dam	5,054 11	6,000 00	
General expenses	2,308 05	1,800 00	
Buildings and repairs	398 37	1,000 00	
Office salaries	1,200 00	1,200 00	
Other salaries	1,908 09	1,908 00	
Insurance	323 70	175 00	
Printing and advertising	276 13	300 00	
Stationery and postage	201 43	250 00	
Totals	\$22,518 77	\$23,591 00	
EXPENDITURE ON CAPITAL ACCOUNT.			
	Expended in 1895.	Estimated for 1896.	
Main extension	\$5,395 06	\$2,000 00	
Meters and hydrants	178 50	800 00	
House service extension	3,554 16	2,000 00	
Buildings and repairs	400 00	2,000 00	
Steam pump machinery	347 85		
Pump house extension	714 14		
Spring extension	249 75	25,000 00	
Grounds and dam	1,185 00		
Totals	\$13,024 46	\$32,300 00	
Balance of revenue over expenditure	\$51,993 97	\$52,404 00	

Engineer Findlay's report for the week ending March 30 showed a total of 20,088,842 gallons pumped, the daily readings of the pumps and reservoir being:

Date.	Gallons.	Feet. Inches.
March 24	2,484,820	9 8
March 25	3,029,304	8 9
March 26	4,097,498	10 6
March 27	4,015,738	12 0
March 28	2,392,960	12 0
March 29	2,356,532	11 7
March 30	1,712,280	9 3

Very Necessary.

It is certainly necessary that you should think of your treasures left at home when you are absent, and secure a guarantee against loss and damage by burglary. Our office, corner Dundas and Richmond streets, will furnish particulars. Telephone 977. b

SALVATION SOLDIERS.

Who Will Command the Canadian Contingent?—Efforts for Union.

Toronto, April 1.—Who is to succeed Herbert Booth in command of the Canadian forces of the Salvation Army is the question at present agitating the rank and file in this city. According to advices from Winnipeg, Herbert Booth, the present commandant, will leave for Australia in June to relieve Commandant Coombs, who had been his predecessor in Canada. Herbert Booth is in almost daily communication with Ballington in an effort to induce the latter to return to the army and his place in the family, and he is not yet without hope of a reconciliation. It is said that one of the inducements held out to Ballington Booth by his brother Herbert, acting under instructions from the general, is that the present commandant of God's American Volunteers, if he will return to the army, will be placed in command of the Canadian forces. The officers at headquarters here are in ignorance of the pending changes, as all communications from the old country are sent direct to Herbert Booth.

NOT VERY LAMBLIKE.

Denver, Col., April 1.—This city was in the midst of a blizzard nearly all day yesterday. Eight inches of snow fell, accompanied by a high wind, which caused drifts to form, greatly impeding traffic.

St. Paul, Minn., experienced the worst storm in its history last night. At 5 o'clock in the morning a spring shower was falling.

Lincoln, Neb., April 1.—Telegrams from all over the northern and northwestern part of the States tell of a storm reaching the proportions of a blizzard.

THE SEAL CATCH.

St. John's, Nfld., April 1.—The steamer Labrador has arrived from the sealing grounds with a full cargo of 17,000 seals. She reports that the Neptune has taken 20,000 seals, the Walrus 9,000, the Kite 8,000, and the Leopard 10,000 seals. There is little or no catch of fish along the remaining ten steamers. It is feared that this will be the worst season for many years. Not a hundred thousand seals have yet been reported as caught, as against 350,000 last year. The season is likewise unequalled for disasters. Two vessels—the Wolf and Windsor Lake—have been lost, and the Hope has been disabled. Two others were crushed off Newfoundland, and nearly founded while trying to reach port.

A Good Thing. Push It Along.—The baby cabs that we unpacked yesterday are on sample today, and are the admiration of all. They are so beautiful that every lady who has a baby is glad, and those who have none are envious of their more fortunate sisters. The designs are elegant, coloring all new and prices lower than ever. Get one. KEENE BROS., 127 King street, opposite market house.

You will be delighted with your glasses if scientifically fitted by Adkins, Optician, East London. Testing free.

She—Why do you not enjoy a few minutes' happiness and satisfaction by having your work done at the Barber Shop, 60 1-2 Dundas street west? zxy

THE COMING COMET!

It is Expected to Strike and Smash the Earth.

That is if its Tail Doesn't Swing it Around in Another Direction—Not Due for Some Time Yet.

There is, according to the authorities, a comet coming straight for the earth. It is coming at the rate of several thousand miles an hour, and when it reaches here there will be more or less trouble, and something will have to be broken. The astronomers in question think the earth will get a trifle the worst of it and are accordingly feeling anxious. It is due here unless somebody turns a switch, and sidetracks it, in less than nine hundred years, so no wonder the discoverers of that comet are anxious. But more things than a comet are due to arrive here before long. With the hot weather will come sickness and death. Spring, deadly spring, will reap its fearful harvest. There will come

Malaria, Typhoid, Diphtheria, Bilious Complaints, Blood Troubles, Blotches and Boils, Pimples and Eruptions, Acne and Chills, Rheumatism.

And hundreds of other complaints common to the season. There will be many a gap left at the table. Many a little coffin will be carried to its last resting place; many a home will be filled with sadness.

Take no chances. Prepare for spring. If you or your children are not strong and healthy get strong and healthy. If you are not well get well. If you are well keep well.

Scott's Sarsaparilla is what you want. It is the greatest blood purifier and spring tonic of the age. There is nothing like it on the market. Don't confound it with other weak imitations. It is easily the leading blood medicine of the day, as the splendid testimonials published elsewhere show. Try it.

Scott's Sarsaparilla is unlike most patent medicines. It does not profess to cure every disease under the sun. But it will cure all those that have the same common origin in disorders of the blood, liver, stomach and nervous centers. More about Scott's Sarsaparilla tomorrow.

Practice Now.

Whitecaps and Richmond Clubs invited to compete in bowling contest. Good prize for highest score during week of April 1.

HUB BILLIARD ROOM

Maple, Basswood, Elm, Cherry, Walnut, Sycamore, Chestnut, Ash, Oak, etc. Largest stock in Western Ontario. Call and inspect. Prices on application.

F. G. RUMBALL,

Wholesale and Retail Lumber Merchant. Office and Yard—York Street, west of Teumseh House London. zxy

Chase & Sanborn's



Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN, BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO



CALL AND SEE MY LINE OF

FINE WRITING PAPER

IN BOXES OR BY THE QUIRE

I have a full line of the CURRENT MAGAZINES

In stock. Have you got one yet?

JOHN MILLS,

Edge Block, 404 Richmond Street. zxy

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London, Canada.

Ask for our Paint and Varnish Brushes, which are fitted with Jenkins' Patent Bridle Catch.

Thos. Bryan
Send for Illustrated Price List zt

John Ferguson & Sons,

FUNERAL DIRECTORS and EMBALMERS.

FIRST-CLASS IN ALL APPOINTMENTS. Telephone—House No. 373; Store No. 643.

HINTON & RUMBALL,

THE UNDERTAKERS,

360 Richmond Street.

Private residence, 290 King St

Telephone—Store 440; House, 428. zxy

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EMBALMER AND FUNERAL DIRECTOR,

284 Dundas St., - Spencer Block.

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DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND LARGEST SALE IN CANADA. W. G. F. DUNN & CO

SEE OUR

NEW IRON BEAM

South Bend Chilled Plow.

Syracuse Plows,

With a Complete Line of Repairs for All Plows.

All Kinds of Fencing Wire

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111 Dundas Street, - - - London

Branch Store, 654 Dundas Street.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maledies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal ailment by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—(Civil Service Gazette.)

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets, by grocers, labeled THUS: JAMES EPPS & CO. Ltd., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England. zxy

CHAPMAN'S

The strong, vigorous throb of healthy, active life pervades every department of the store. The laws of business health are so carefully observed that each day's achievements promote growth and development.

A Few Specials

Culled from many to be found in the Staple Department.

White Quilts.

Not the ordinary kind that you would expect to get for the price, but a quilt that will compare with any \$1 50 goods for style, quality and size. We quote for them the snap price \$1.

2=Leaders=2

Victoria Lawn, 45 inches wide, fine and uniform, wonders of value at 10c and 12½c.

Prints.

One table fast color English Prints, light and dark colors, at 8½c.

75 pieces English Prints, 32 inches wide, all colors, a splendid assortment, worth 12½c, selling for 10c.

Also

An unexcelled range of Regattas, Cambrics and Drillettes at 12½c.

Flannelettes.

A splendid selection of colors and patterns at 5c, 6½c, 7½c, 8½c, 10c.

Fancy German Wrapperettes, new goods, surprising values at 10c, 12½c, 15c and 17c. See them.

Navy Serges.

For Boys' Suits, three very special lines at 25c, 35c and 50c.

Tweeds.

Plain, Checked and Striped at 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c; cut to measure free of charge.

Table Covers.

A stock that for variety, appearance and value defies competition. Newest German creations in Art Chemise and Mohair Plush at \$1, \$1 35, \$1 50, \$1 75, \$2, \$2 50, \$2 75, \$3 50 and \$5.

TO ALL WE SAY COME TO THE PEOPLE'S POPULAR TRADING CENTER.

JOHN H. CHAPMAN & CO.

"A POSITIVE LUXURY"

Not a Mere Drink.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Prepared by machinery; not by hand. Infuses deliciously.

Lead Packets Only.
Black or Mixed. All Grocers.

LOVE AND LUGRE

When the lower tiers of bags had been reached, they had tried pumping out the water, but this was of little use. The brig had keeled over on her starboard side, and early in the morning of the third day, when the tide was running out, a hole had been cut in that side of the vessel, out of a great portion of the water he contained had run. It would all come in again, and more of it, when the tide rose, but they were sure they could get through their work before that, and they were right.

The bags now lay upon the beach in the shape of a long mound, not more than three feet high and about four rows wide at the bottom and two at the top. The captain had superintended the arrangement of the bags, and had so shaped the mass that it somewhat resembled in form the dunes of sand which lay behind it. No matter what might be their next step, success, for not one of them, from the captain down, had any definite idea as to what was to be done after they had rested enough to act.

But now they rested. Now they went so far as to fill their pipes and stretch themselves upon the sand. When night came on, chilly and dark, they gathered driftwood and dead branches from the thicket and built a camp fire. They sat around it, and smoked their pipes, but they did not tell stories, nor did they talk very much; they were glad to rest; they were glad to keep warm; but that was all. The only cheerful thing upon the beach was the fire, which leaped high and blazed merrily as the dried wood was heaped upon it.

CHAPTER XXXIX.

When the Arato changed her mind about going to Callao and sailed southward some five days after the Miranda had started on the same course, she had very good weather for the greater part of a week and sailed finely. Cardatas, who owned a share in her, had sailed upon her as first mate, but he had never before commanded her. He was a good navigator, however, and well fitted for the task he had undertaken. He was a sharp fellow and kept his eyes on everybody, particularly upon Nunez, who, although a landman and in no wise capable of sailing a ship, was perfectly capable of making plans regarding any vessel in which he was interested, and when such a vessel happened to be sailing and the result of treasure, the value of which was merely a matter of conjecture. It was not impossible that the horse dealer, who had embarked money in this venture, might think that one of the mariners on board might be able to sail the schooner as well as Cardatas, and would not expect so large a share of the profits should be voyage be successful. But when the storms came on, Nunez grew sick and unhappy and retired below, and troubled the mind of Cardatas no more for the present.

The Arato sailed well on a good wind, but in many respects she was not as good a sea boat as the Miranda had proved to be, and she had been obliged to lay to a great deal through the

days and nights of high winds and heavy seas. Having never had until now the responsibility of a vessel upon him, Cardatas was a good deal more cautious and prudent, perhaps, than Capt. Horn would have been had he been in command of the Arato. Among other methods of precaution which Cardatas thought it wise to take, he steered well out from the coast, and thus greatly lengthened his course, and at last, when a clearing sky enabled him to take an observation, he found himself so far to the westward that he changed his course entirely and steered for the southeast.

Notwithstanding all these retarding circumstances Cardatas did not despair of overhauling the Miranda. He was sure she would make for the Straits, and he did not think the least doubt that with fair winds he could overtake her before she reached them, and even if she did get out of them, he could still follow her. His belief that the Arato could sail two or three miles to the westward of the Miranda's one was still unshaken. The only real fear he had was that the Miranda might have rounded in the storm. If that should happen to be the case, their voyage would be a losing one, indeed, but he said nothing of his fears to Nunez.

The horse dealer was now on deck again in pretty fair condition, but he was beginning to feel despondent. After such an awful storm, and in all that chaos of waves, what chance was there of finding such a little brig, such as they were after?

"But vessels sail in regular courses," Cardatas said to him; "they don't go meandering all over the ocean. If they are bound for any particular place, they go by that line, too, although we may be thrown out of it by storms. But we can strike it again, and then all we have to do is to keep on it as straight as we can, and we are bound to overtake another vessel on the same course, provided we sail faster than she does. It is all plain enough, don't you see?"

Nunez could not help seeing, but he was a little cross, nevertheless. The map and the ocean were wonderfully different. The wind had changed, and the Arato did not make very good sailing on her southeastern course. High as it was her captain's opinion of her, she never had sailed, nor never could sail, two miles to the westward of the Miranda's one, although she was a good deal faster than the brig. But her tactics were fairly well planned, and in due course of time she approached so near the coast that her lookout sighted land, which land, Cardatas, consulting his chart, concluded must be one of the Patagonian islands to the north of the Gulf of Penas.

(To be Continued.)

Will Never Give Up.

President Cisneros Proclaims the Cuban Policy.

They Would Perish First, While the World Looked On.

Horrible Scene in Havana—Executioners Bungled Their Awful Work.

New York, April 1.—The Herald today says: A manifesto signed by Salvador Cisneros, President of the insurgent Cuban Government, has just reached the United States.

The manifesto states that the insurgent armies have not burned the country dwellings except when used by Spanish troops as forts or garrisons, and that for the sake of the families, wives and children of non-combatants, food is now allowed to enter towns and cities at present held by the armies of Spain on the payment of an import duty.

Cisneros most emphatically denies that bandits or outlaws form any part of the Cuban army, and proclaims that notwithstanding the course being pursued by Spain toward captured insurgents, the Cuban Government will not retaliate. The manifesto concludes with these words: "We are now strong in numbers and in hopes, but if our armies should unfortunately suffer defeat in the field, we will never give up. Cuba will perish with the world looking on before renouncing her one great hope and aim—Independence."

HORRIBLE TORTURE.
Havana, April 1.—Never in modern times has there been a more shocking spectacle than that which attended the public execution of five Cubans. The men have been condemned to death by the garrote as "murderers, violators and incendiaries."

Troops were drawn up in hollow squares, and in the middle were placed the chair and post. Ruiz, the public executioner, had deputized an assistant to conduct the affair. The condemned men, having received the faces of the chair, were brought in, one of them had confessed his guilt and affirmed the innocence of all the others, who also protested they were guiltyless. The first man to be garroted was fixed about his neck and the cap drawn down over his face, then the executioner undertook to apply the screws, but was so excited that his hand slipped repeatedly, with the result that the victim died by slow strangulation, emitting the while the most distressing cries.

The second execution was accomplished with even more distressing awkwardness and delay, the executioner being almost on the verge of collapse when he performed his horrible function. The protests of the officers and priests forced Ruiz to undertake the third execution, but he did little better than his assistant had done. The fourth victim of bungling garroters failed from his post, leaving his assistant to put to death the fifth of the unfortunate Cubans, who escaped none of the agonizing experiences that had attended the execution of his fellows.

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BOLD BURGLARS.
New York, April 1.—A safe in the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company's office, in the Thomas Jefferson building, at Nos. 1 and 3 Court street, Brooklyn, was blown open by dynamite at 6 o'clock yesterday morning and the contents rifled. It was a bold piece of business. They secured \$1,388 in bills and \$146 in silver, which was in a drawer in a safe.

ALL FOUR DEAD.
San Francisco, April 1.—The asphyxiated bodies of Mrs. Solga Dues and her three children were found yesterday morning by her husband, a jeweler, who had been out all night. Mrs. Dues left a note indicating her intention to commit suicide and that her children must die with her. The marital relations of the pair had lately been unhappy.

"LET DOWN YOUR BUCKETS."

A Strange, True Story of the Sea.
Which Should Bring New Courage to All Who Are Suffering and Disheartened.

In the year 1837 a small South American coasting vessel, the *Eleanora*, driven by a furious tempest far out of her course, after two weeks' battling with wind and waves, found herself floating almost helplessly, reckoning lost and in want of food, in the middle of the South Atlantic Ocean. The small stock of drinking water was gone and the little crew were famishing of thirst. The captain's wife and the baby were aboard, and any one of the crew would cheerfully have gone without his own share for the sake of the



suffering woman and her little one. It was "Water, water, everywhere, but not a drop to drink."

The pangs of thirst are a thousand times worse than hunger, and grow fiercer and fiercer until the victim is frequently driven to madness. It was on a morning when the crew seemed as near the verge of insanity as sane men can be, that they sighted another vessel, and flying distress signals which were promptly answered, made a piteous appeal for water. The other captain, framing his mouth in his hands, shouted back sharply, "Let down your buckets."

The storm had driven the *Eleanora* into the mouth of the Amazon river that mighty stream one hundred and fifty miles broad at the mouth, and which, overlaying the ocean nearly a league from shore, is fresh water almost to the coast.

This strange, true story furnishes a striking allegory for the thousands who are wrecked in health, with no apparent prospect of recovery; hopeless and despairing; when in reality, if they only knew the truth, the means of health and restoration are near at hand.

Just as the crew of the *Eleanora* cried for water, so in all conditions of disease the different organs of the body are crying mutely for a supply of healthy, nourishing blood. There is as much difference between diseased and healthy blood as there is between salt water and fresh. Look at a drop of healthy blood under the microscope and you will see it is filled with a lot of little reddish, circular disks, looking like minute "counters" or "chips," such as are used in card games. Mixed in with these are a few white ones, about one white to three hundred red ones. These are the red and white corpuscles of the blood. In consumption or any "wasting disease," the red corpuscles gradually disappear until they are almost entirely gone. A very sick person may have as much blood in his veins as a healthy one, but it is changed and weak and lost with impurities. It will no more nourish the diseased organs than salt water will satisfy thirst.

The blood-making and blood-cleansing organs have lost their power of supplying healthy blood. They neither furnish the needed red corpuscles nor cast the diseased and impure blood out. No matter how much food is taken nor how good it is, it gives no nourishment; its vital qualities never reach the diseased tissues. In the midst of plenty they are famishing: "Nourishment, nourishment, everywhere, but not a drop to drink!"

That is the cry of the lung tissues wasting away in consumption. The throat and bronchial tubes, the heart, and kidneys, and skin and joints, all are suffering from the same cause: the life-current which ought to supply them with sustenance and nurture only brings them poison. They are famishing for good blood.

This foundation fact about disease is now generally acknowledged; but it was discovered nearly thirty years ago by Dr. R. V. Pierce, then a rising young physician of Buffalo, N. Y. It was almost the first physician in this country to take the radical view that consumption is a blood disease, and the only way to reach and cure it is to cleanse and enrich the blood. He took a step further than others, he believed that medicine is the science must and could be found which should enable the blood-producing and blood-purifying organs to perform their work. He made up his mind to discover this medicine, and he did.

After patient and thorough investigation he discovered the remedy which has since become famous as Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

most remarkable remedy in the history of medicine, for the cure of consumption and all wasting and scrofulous diseases and all impoverished conditions of the blood. For more than 25 years now the "Discovery" has been curing the so-called "incurable." Its wonderful efficacy is proven beyond the shadow of a doubt; not in a few cases only, but literally by tens of thousands. It has demonstrated, by the unanswerable logic of facts, that consumption is a blood-disease and can be cured in all its earlier stages, and greatly mitigated when more advanced; that all depleted and "run-down" conditions of the system, and all kinds of skin disease, ulcerations, and liver and kidney troubles, catarrh, dropsy, asthma, and even rheumatism, have their seat in the blood and are rooted out when the blood is purified and enriched. The cures accomplished by the "Golden Medical Discovery" have astonished the doctors; confounded the skeptics; and best of all, restored health and courage to the suffering and hopeless.

But there is nothing in the least mysterious or unaccountable about these extraordinary cures. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the invention of a regularly qualified physician. It is the result of wide experience and careful study. It is based upon accepted principles of medical science, and upon the laws of nature and of

was thought to have consumption. I quit the doctors and commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took six bottles of the Discovery and five of the 'Pellets.' I was restored to good general health."

Mr. Wm. Rogers, of 807 Cayman street, Louisville, Ky., writes: "I was troubled with dyspepsia and backache, sick stomach, bowels in a bad condition, could not sleep at night; everything I would eat made me sick, could hardly get up in the morning, never passed a well night in six years. My nervous system was broken down, had no appetite at all. While reading I found Dr. Pierce's advertisement, and using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery one month. Have taken three bottles; commenced on the fourth today. I am in better health than I have been in eight years. Appetite, good, no backache, bowels in good condition, can sleep well at night. I regret that I cannot explain the improvement I have received since using the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I am 50 years old and feel thirty years younger than I am."

For nearly 30 years Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. His reputation as a successful practitioner and medical author is world-wide. He has received many thousands of written testimonials from people who have been cured by his medicines. No other doctor has been the means of greater good to his fellow-men.

His thousand-page book, *The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser*, is the most complete and instructive family medical library ever published in one volume. It is written in plain, interesting language; gives the most valuable advice; and contains over 300 illustrations and colored plates. It has had a larger sale than any work of its kind in the English language. Six hundred and eighty thousand copies were sold at \$1.50 each. The profit on this enormous sale has enabled Dr. Pierce to issue a free edition of half a million copies. One copy will be sent entirely free to any person who will cut the little numbered coupon printed here and inclose it with 21 cents in 1-cent stamps to pay the cost of customs and mailing only, to Dr. Pierce or the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., of which he is President. This is the same book which sold for \$1.50, except that the free edition is bound in strong paper covers. If you desire French cloth, embossed binding, enclose 10 cents more (31 cents in all) to defray the extra cost of this more handsome and more substantial cover.

CONDEMNED IN MONTREAL.

The Coercion of Manitoba Discussed and a Line of Action Approved.

Montreal, April 1.—At a meeting of the Ministerial Association Tuesday, the committee appointed to consider the action of the Dominion Government toward Manitoba, reported. The report of the committee, which was adopted, condemned any interference on the part of the Dominion Government with the Province of Manitoba in regard to the school question, and expressed disapproval at the action of the Dominion Parliament in proceeding with the discussion of the Remedial Bill in committee of the whole while negotiations are in progress between the Provincial Government of Manitoba and the Federal authorities in the direction of arriving at an amicable solution of the difficulty. The committee regarded with approval the recent appointment of the royal commission, but pointed out the members are unanimously of the opinion that the controversy is so momentous, and the different points at issue so complex, that the commission will be unable to arrive at a thorough understanding of the question within the time allotted for the conference by Parliament. The committee suggested that at least seven months be spent by the commission in conferring with the Manitoba Government, during which time a thorough inquiry could be made into the nature of the schools existing prior to and after 1890, the date on which the present Manitoba school law came into force. Inquiry might also be made during this interval as to what percentage of the Roman Catholic minority were in favor of separate schools.

Ninety Per Cent

Of all the people need to take a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla at this season to prevent that run-down and debilitated condition which invites disease. The money invested in a dozen bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla will come back with large returns in the health and vigor of body and strength of nerves.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. Cure all liver ills. 25c.

The mate or Peruvian tea is made from a plant of the holly family.

NEW SPRING SUITINGS.

NEW SPRING OVERCOATINGS.

NEW SPRING TROUSERINGS.

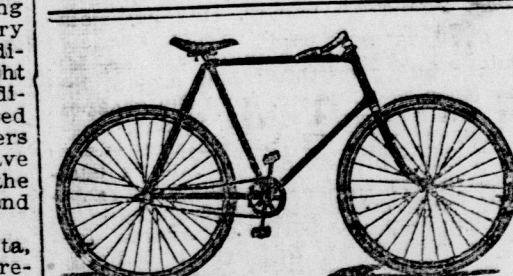
NEW SPRING TIES AND SCARFS.

PETHICK & McDONALD, 383 RICHMOND ST. First door north of City Hall.

ELECTRICITY.

Mechanics, Mechanical Drawing, Architecture, Architectural Drawing and Designing, Civil Engineering, Hydraulic Engineering, Steam Engineering, Stationary, Locomotive or Marine, Electrical Engineering, Bridge Engineering, Municipal Engineering, Coal and Metal Mining, Prospecting, Plumbing and Heating, English Branches. The courses commence with addition in Arithmetic, so that to enter it is only necessary to know how to read and write. A Scholarship is given to the holder to tuition; until he is qualified to receive the Diploma. Students can interrupt their studies and change their studies at any time. Scholarships are not forfeited upon failure to pay installments. Students make rapid progress in learning to draw and letter. Specially prepared instruction and question papers, condensed, simplified. The Steam Engineering course is intended to qualify engineers to secure Licenses. All representations may be relied upon. A large enrollment in the Province of Ontario. Send for Free Circular and book of testimonials, stating the subject you wish to study, to

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Hobbs Hardware Co., London

ROYAL LIMITED.

Equal to any Wheel offered at \$110. Ask the riders. They will tell you. It's worth \$110.

Equal to any Wheel offered at \$110.

Ask the riders. They will tell you. It's worth \$110.

Ask the riders. They will tell you. It's worth \$110.

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Ask the riders. They will tell you. It's worth \$110.

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Splo and span from the best Canadian, English and American factories.
Patterns exclusively ours and bearing our mark.
This stock for beauty of design and excellence of coloring has no peer.
Estimates given and workmen sent any distance.
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Estimates Furnished.
Prices Lower Than Ever.

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359 RICHMOND STREET.

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Every Man to Do His Duty

That duty is to provide himself with a new hat. Our stock represents the best makers. You are sure to be pleased here.

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DOG COLLARS AT COST.

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Cream Candy
Hand-made
Cake and Confectionery
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Treats Chronic Diseases and gives special attention to Kidney Diseases, as Pimples, Ulcers, etc.
PRIVATE DISEASES, and Diseases of a Secret Nature, as Impotency, Sterility, Varicocele, Nervous Debility, etc. (the result of youthful folly and excess), Gleet and Stricture of long standing, DISEASES OF WOMEN—Painful, Profuse or Suppressed Menstruation, Uterication, Leucorrhoea and all the unpleasantness of the Womb. Office hours—9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Sundays, 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.



Stark's Powders

ENTIRELY NEW TREATMENT.
Each box contains a box of powder for the immediate relief of Sick and Nervous Headaches, and Slick Stomach, Neuralgia, Restlessness, Toothache and all Nervous Pains; also capsules, forming a never-failing treatment for Biliousness, Coated Tongue, Dizziness, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Pain in Back and Side, Lumbago, Constipation, Tired Feeling, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Blisters on Skin, Impure Blood, They are also a certain preventive of Biliousness and Typhoid Fever. Not like the old-fashioned slow-acting pills, mixtures, lozenges, etc., but they act at once.
Only 25 cts. Five Boxes for \$1.00; at all Drug Stores, and at Country Stores at places where there are no Drug Stores.
Prepared by R. Stark, M.D., F.R.C.S., Chemist.

New Shoes.

We Set the Pace.

The enthusiasm of spring brings out the shopping crowds. Old Shoes and Rubbers are just about as good as a last year's birds' nest. With Easter only a step away, you've got to settle the shoe question, and with every body wanting the best for the cheapest



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We are showing Special Novelties in Ladies' and Misses' Kid Gloves.
Our special at 90c, in Black and White, Tans and Fawns, is the latest.
Our \$1 Kid Glove is the best value in the city. Every pair guaranteed and fitted.
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Many and many an hour of worry and toil is spent over a bad working cookstove. To ease these hours of labor you should see the stove is one of guaranteed make before purchasing—one that will be a pleasure and comfort to yourself and family. We never sell a stove unless we can substantiate what we say.

STEVELY'S,

362 Richmond Street.

FAIR TO CLOUDY; SHOWERS.

Toronto, Ont., March 31—11 p. m.—The depression which was over Kansas last night now covers Iowa and Illinois, and pressure is high throughout the northern and northwestern portion of the continent. The weather today has been fine over the greater portion of Canada.
Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 12—32; Parry Sound, 28—44; Winnipeg, 4—24; Toronto, 34—52; Ottawa, 30—40; Montreal, 34—44; Qu'Appelle, 10—24; Quebec, 30—42; Halifax, 32—38.

PROBABILITIES.
Toronto, April 1—1 a.m.—For the lower lakes region (including counties lying south of the Georgian Bay region, east as far as Belleville)—Fair to cloudy; showers towards evening or at night.

PROVE YOUR FAITH

By planting seeds. We have the seeds, and guarantee them for quality, freshness and reliability.

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MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"HANDS ACROSS THE SEA."

The attraction at the Grand Good Friday, matinee and night, and Saturday, matinee and night, will be "Hands Across the Sea." An exchange says: "The large audience which witnessed the presentation of the melodrama, 'Hands Across the Sea,' at the Opera House last night was thoroughly pleased and delighted with the play itself and the manner in which it was presented. From start to finish, 'Hands Across the Sea' is replete with stirring scenes and exciting climaxes. The audience was decidedly appreciative, and frequent outbursts of applause punctuated the entire play. At the close of the third act the artists were accorded an enthusiastic curtain call. The acting throughout was exceptionally good. Altogether, 'Hands Across the Sea' is the premier attraction of the season, and theater-goers who miss it will miss a rare treat."

BERNHARDT IN "LA TOSCA."
Sarah Bernhardt's coming to London is really the most notable event in the history of the Opera House. The great French woman is popularly called the "Queen of the Stage," for surely no other actress has ever attempted so much on the highest artistic plane as she. Bernhardt's career, as detailed in a recently published book, is romance typified. One continuous succession of artistic triumphs—one sequence of conquests in the great world over which the muses preside—that is its gist and synopsis. She has ranged the world of comedy and the world of tragedy, and never yet found a role which taxed the full extent of her genius or the limitations of her art. But the world knows Bernhardt and her history. Her name is synonymous with "art," in its highest sense and application. Suffice it to say, Bernhardt is coming to London on Wednesday, April 8, and that she will play the title role in Sardou's great drama, "La Tosca."

IMPROVED PREMISES.

Mr. E. N. Hunt, dealer in wall paper and artists' materials, has had extensive alterations made to his premises at 139 Dundas street, which greatly improves the appearance of the store. The entrance has been moved to the side and a large plate-glass window put in, enabling Mr. Hunt to display to advantage the superior lines of goods which he carries. The stock of wall paper is the largest and best assorted in the city, comprising thousands of rolls, ranging in price from 5 cents to \$12. The Japanese papers are sold at the latter price, which is \$1 per square yard—while the best American papers, in handsome ivories and metallic effects, are sold at \$4 a roll. In window shades, Mr. Hunt has everything new and stylish in lace and fringes, from the cheapest to the best grades, and to suit every class of trade. Picture framing is also a leading branch of Mr. Hunt's business, every conceivable style of moulding being constantly kept on hand in the most endless quantities. Artists' supplies also form another and by no means less important department in the business. Mr. Hunt's wide experience in this line secured for him the patronage of artists from all points in the west. Several of Prof. F. M. Bell-Smith's celebrated paintings are on exhibition in the window and are attracting considerable attention. They will be exhibited at the free library building in a few days, and the one chosen by popular vote will be given by Mr. Smith as a nucleus of an art gallery in London.

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We have all the newest and most approved styles now ready for spring. In our collection we have many of the exclusive styles of Spring Footwear, the correct colorings and shapes.
A full assortment of Tan Shoes, ranging from \$1.25 up, for ladies and gentlemen.
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Happy Medicos.

The Results of the Medical College Examinations.

Mr. E. C. Weekes, of London, Wins the Gold Medal.

The Pass List Very Large—A Most Successful Term.

The results of the examinations in the medical department of the Western University are appended. They are very satisfactory, and mark the most successful term in the history of the college. Mr. E. C. Weekes, of this city, won the gold medal, passing at the head of the class in all subjects. Mr. A. Bell, of Strathroy, won the third year scholarship; Mr. W. J. Tillman, of London West, the second year, and Mr. G. Clark, of this city, the first year.

The honor and pass list is:

FOURTH YEAR.
Medicine.—Honors—Weekes, Stevenson, Windsor, Pass—Smith, Morris, King.
Surgery.—Honors—Weekes, Windsor, Stevenson, Pass—Morris, Smith, King, Midwifery.—Honors—Weekes, Stevenson, Windsor, Pass—Smith, Morris, King.
Clinical Medicine.—Honors—Weekes, Stevenson, Windsor, Pass—Smith, King, Morris.
Clinical Surgery.—Honors—Weekes, Windsor, Pass—Morris, Stevenson, King, Smith.
Gynecology.—Honors—Weekes, Stevenson, Windsor, Smith, Pass—King, Morris.

THIRD YEAR.
Jurisprudence.—Honors—Davis, Bell, Hackney, McGregor, Fitzgerald, Gray, Kelly, King, Tanner, Kennedy, Munro.
Surgical Anatomy.—Honors—Bell, Davis, Hackney, Pass—King, Kelly, Gray, Tanner, Fitzgerald, McGregor, Kennedy, Munro, Hyndman.
Sanitary Science.—Honors—Bell, Davis, McGregor, Kelly, Gray, Hackney, Munro, Pass—Tanner, Fitzgerald, King, Hyndman, Kennedy.
Pathology.—Honors—Bell, Davis, Hackney, McGregor, Munro, Tanner, King, Pass—Kennedy, Gray, Fitzgerald, Kelly, Hyndman.
Therapeutics.—Honors—Bell, Davis, Hackney, Gray, Kelly, Pass—Tanner, Fitzgerald, McGregor (Kennedy, Munro, Hyndman, King).
Clinical Medicine.—Honors—Hackney, Bell, Davis, King, Gray, Pass—Kelly, McGregor, Munro.

SECOND YEAR.
Anatomy.—Honors—Ardiel, C. W. McLeay, (Henderson, Smith), Tillman, McLeay (Ellis Campbell), Kalbfleisch, N. H. Wood, Chappelle, Orme, McDougal, Alexander, L. McLeay, Woodburn, Laidlaw, Pass—Bryant, Hopper, McLennan, Russell, J. T. Wood, Egbert, Crawford.
Practical Anatomy.—Honors—Tillman, C. W. McLeay, (Henderson, Smith), Russell, Campbell, Laidlaw, McLennan, Kalbfleisch, Orme, Pass—Henderson, C. W. McLeay, Smith, L. McLeay, Woodburn, Bryant, Ellis, Egbert, Hopper, Hanna, Alexander, Crawford, McLeay, Laidlaw, Smith, Chappelle (McLeay, McLennan), (Ardiel, Egbert, McLennan, Hopper, Smith, Kalbfleisch, Woodburn, L. McLeay, Henderson, Bryant, Campbell, Crawford, Laidlaw, Pass—Hanna, J. T. Wood, Ellis, W. H. Wood, Alexander).
Chemistry.—Honors—Tillman, Russell, McDougal, Kalbfleisch, Henderson (Ardiel, Bryant, W. H. Wood), Orme, Pass—McLennan, Chappelle, Ellis, McLennan, Laidlaw, Smith, Chappelle (McLeay, McLennan), (Ardiel, Egbert, McLennan, Hopper, Smith, Kalbfleisch, Woodburn, L. McLeay, Henderson, Bryant, Campbell, Crawford, Laidlaw, Pass—Hanna, J. T. Wood, Ellis, W. H. Wood, Alexander).
Toxicology.—Honors—Laidlaw, Ardiel, (Tillman, Chappelle, Ellis, Alexander, Kalbfleisch, Orme, Henderson, T. McLeay, Woodburn, Egbert, Russell, Smith), Hanna, C. W. McLeay, Pass—McDougal, (Woods, J. T. Woods), (McLeay, McLennan), Crawford, Campbell, (Bryant, Hopper).
Materia Medica.—Honors—(Kalbfleisch, Chappelle, Henderson, Russell, McLennan, Laidlaw, Ardiel, McDougal, Russell, Woodburn, Egbert, Orme, Pass—McLennan, Chappelle, Ellis, McLennan, Laidlaw, Smith, Chappelle (McLeay, McLennan), (Ardiel, Egbert, McLennan, Hopper, Smith, Kalbfleisch, Woodburn, L. McLeay, Henderson, Bryant, Campbell, Crawford, Laidlaw, Pass—Hanna, J. T. Wood, Ellis, W. H. Wood, Alexander).

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UNITED STATES HEALTH REPORTS—OFFICIAL INDORSEMENT.

June 19, 1895 (Page 10.)
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Leisch, Chapel, Hanna, (Henderson, McLeay, Tillman), Campbell, McLennan, Laidlaw, Ardiel, McDougal, Russell, Smith, Ellis, Egbert, L. McLeay, Woodburn, Chappelle, Orme, Pass—Crawford, C. W. McLeay, Bryant, W. H. Wood, J. T. Wood, Hopper, Hyndman.

Physiology.—Honors—(Tillman, Russell, (McDougal, McLeay), Pass—Campbell, Chappelle, Henderson, Ardiel, Laidlaw, McLennan, Kalbfleisch, (Alexander, Hanna), (Smith, Egbert), Orme, McLennan, Woodburn, Ellis, J. T. Wood, Practical Chemistry.—Honors—(Tillman, Henderson), (Alexander, Ardiel), (Smith, Crawford), Kalbfleisch, Woodburn, McLennan, Egbert, C. W. McLeay, Pass—McLeay, T. Wood, Laidlaw, W. H. Wood, Bryant, Campbell, Chapel, Russell, McDougal, Hanna, L. McLeay, Orme, Ellis.

FIRST YEAR.

Anatomy.—Honors—Clark, Creighton, Arnott, (Brown, Seaborn, Campbell), (Hodgson, Aikens), McKechnie, (Bucke, Byers, Cowan, Dundas, Kippen, Williams), Pass—McGillouddy, (McGrady, McLennan, Clay, Ryan), (Skinner, Elliot), Partridge.
Practical Anatomy.—Honors—Clark, Creighton, McGillouddy, Seaborn, Aikens, (Cowan, Creighton), McLennan, Brown, Bucke, Pass—Clay, (Hodgson), (McGrady, Campbell), (Partridge, Skinner, Williams), McKechnie, Byers, Ryan, Dundas, Kippen, Elliot.
Physiology.—Honors—Clark, Arnott, (Cowan, Creighton), Pass—(Brown, Seaborn), Aikens, McKechnie, Williams, Bucke, McGillouddy, Byers, McLennan, McGrady, Campbell, Partridge, Clay, Hodgson, Skinner, Dundas, Kippen, Ryan, Elliot.
Chemistry.—Honors—Clark, Seaborn, Creighton, Cowan, Aikens, Pass—(McKechnie, McLennan, Arnott), Bucke, Hodgson, McGrady, Williams, Campbell, (Byers, Kippen), Brown, Clay, (Elliot, Skinner), Ryan, Dundas, McGillouddy, Partridge.

Materia Medica.—Honors—Creighton, (Clarke, Brown, Seaborn), Arnott, Kippen, Cowan, McKechnie, Byers, Clay, Williams, Aikens, Pass—Campbell, Ryan, Skinner, (McGillouddy, Elliot, Bucke), Dundas, Hodgson, McGrady, McLennan, Partridge.

Botany.—Honors—Seaborn, (Clarke, Campbell, Aikens), Clay, Creighton, (Bucke, Cowan), (Brown, McKechnie, Partridge, Williams), Pass—Arnott, Hodgson, Kippen, McGrady, McLennan, Byers, Skinner, McGillouddy, Dundas, Elliot, Ryan.

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