

Carleton Place Journal

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No. 43.

Be Kind to Each Other.

Be kind to each other,
The night's coming on,
When friend and when brother,
Perchance may be gone;
Then 'midst our dejection,
How sweet to have earned
The best recollection
Of kindness returned.

When duty hath departed,
And memory keeps
Her watch broken hearted,
Where all the loved sleep,
Let falsehood assail not,
Nor envy disprove,
Let trifles prevail not
Against those you love.

Nor change to to-morrow,
Should fortune take wing—
The deeper the sorrow,
The closer the cling.
Be kind to each other,
The calm delights of domestic life.

"Memory's Leaves."

The wayide flowers, touched by the dew
of morn,
A rich perfume exhale,
Refreshing sweetness, by the breeze borne,
The passer-by regale;
So "Memory's leaves," fresh with the dew
of love,
A pure aroma breathe,
Fraught with affection's incense, such as above
Angelic hearts bequeath.

But flowers may fade, not so these precious
gems
Through life's dark, shadowy vale,
With gilded radiance they shine, as when
Bliss friendship told her tale.
Time cannot bury in oblivion's shade
The life-essence of our youth;
On "memory's" scrolls their lineaments are
made,
Fadefless as living truth.

A gentleman who was fond of wine said
it had two bad qualities. "If I put water
to it," said he, "it spoils it, if I don't it
spoils me."

Philosophers say that shutting the eyes
makes the sense of hearing more acute. A
man was asked to see in our church every
Sunday.

Some one remarking that the dinner
hour was always getting later and later,
'Ay, quoth Rodgers, 'it will soon end in our
not dining till to-morrow.

"Ah, Jemmy," said a sympathizing friend
to a man who was just too late for the train,
'you did not run fast enough.' 'Yes I
did,' said Jemmy. 'I ran fast enough, but
I did not start soon enough.'

Lady Bath, with an unbearable temper
had a great deal of Lord Bath saying
to heran one of her passions. 'Pray my
dear, keep your temper,' she replied, 'keep
my temper! I don't like it so well, and I
wonder you should.'

COMPLIMENTARY.—One day just as an
English officer had arrived at Vienna, the
empress knowing that he had seen a certain
celebrated princess much celebrated for her
beauty, asked him if it was really true that
she was the most beautiful woman he had
ever seen. 'I thought so yesterday,' he
replied.

We don't sell spirits, said a law evading
beer-seller, we will give you a glass, and
then if you want a biscuit we will sell it to
you for three ha'pence. The good creature
was handed down, a stiff glass swallowed,
and the landlord handed his customer a bi-
scuit. Well, no, I think not, said the cus-
tomer, you sell 'em too dear. I can get five
or six of 'em for a penny any where.

Remember says Lord Byron, Mr. Justice
Gould trying a case at New York and when
he had proceeded for about two hours he ob-
served: "Here are only eleven jury-men in
the box, where is the twelfth?" "Please
you, my lord," said one of the clerks, "he
has gone away about some other business—
but he has left his verdict with me."

When Abernethy was canvassing for the
office of Surgeon to St. Bartholomew's Hos-
pital, he called upon a rich groom. The
great man, addressing him, said 'I suppose,
sir, you want my vote and interest at this
momentous epoch of your life.'—'No, I don't,'
said Abernethy. 'I want a pennyworth of
figs, come, look them up for me, I shall be
satisfied.'

A celebrated Parisian dandy was ordered
by his physicians to follow a course of sea
bathing at Dieppe. Arrived at that deli-
cious bathing-town he ordered a machine and
attendant and went in boldly into the water.
He plunged in bravely; but, in an instant
after, he came up puffing and blowing.
Francis, said he, 'the sea smells detestably.
It will poison me. Throw a little sea-
cologne into the water, or I shall be suffo-
cated!'

A Scotch lecturer undertook to explain to
a village audience the word "phenomenon."
'May be a friend, ye dinna ken what a
phenomenon may be. Weel then, all I tell
ee, ye've seen a ood, nae doot. Weel, a
ood is na a phenomenon. Ye've seen an
apple tree. Weel, an apple tree's na a
phenomenon. But gin ye see the ood gang
up the apple tree tail foremost, to pu
apples, that would be a phenomenon.'

A former laird of Brotherton was on all
occasions a man of few words. He had a
favorite tame goose, and for hours together
Brotherton and his silent companion sat by
the fireside opposite each other. On one
occasion a candidate for the representation
of the county in Parliament called upon him
to solicit a vote, and urged his request
with much eloquence; to all which the laird
replied only by nods and smiles, without
saying a word. When, however, the candi-
date was gone, he looked across to his goose
and emphatically remarked, 'I think
you windy chiel'll no tell me that you
and I said till him.'

A Confederate officer, who was on his
way back to his home in Georgia, was out
near Nashville depot yesterday. He was
suddenly surprised at being surrounded by
five or six negroes, who had recognized him
and jumped down from their respective cars
and met him. They were driving govern-
ment teams. He recognized them as his
own negroes who had followed the Federal
army off. They begged him to take them
back home with him, and they would be
the best signs he ever seen of his own
arrangement very many of them had
never less than a *Confederate Democrat*.

Entrangement in Married Life.

Abstraction in business and professional
pursuits, perhaps, the grand cause for
entrangement between married lives. In
France there is a saying that "tobacco is
the tomb of love"—French love. It is
hard, if not impossible for two great pas-
sions to live in the heart at the same time. It
is difficult to love woman and mazzoni, as it
is to serve God and mammon. The love of
man for his wife, must be the grand, en-
during, all-subordinating passion of his life,
or woman is defrauded of her right. The
man, who, when his life is won, turns the
whole interest and energy of his life into
business, making that an end which should
only be a means, is married only in name.
There is no sacrifice of affection like the
strong love and ceaseless pursuit of money.
Turning gradually away from the quiet so-
ciety of their wives, and the enjoyments of
their homes, most men yield themselves to
the pursuit of wealth, and in the fierce ex-
citement of the struggle, they lose the
calm delights of domestic life. At the
close of a day's labor, they bring home
weary bodies and worn minds. Nothing is
saved for their homes or wives. Their
evenings are spent and fretful, and the pil-
low of forgetfulness is soiled as a re-
lease from *Hours at Home*.

A New Detergent.

A new natural product of California pos-
sessing detergent properties is thus described
by a contemporary: "A few months ago, some
persons engaged in making turpentine, in
Plumas county tapped some pine trees of a
new species new to them. The fluid flowed
abundantly, but it had a peculiar odor, and
when taken to the turpentine stills in the
neighborhood, nothing could be done with
it. At last it fell into the hands of a man
who managed to distill the liquid, which was
proved to be a new discovery. Instead of
the disagreeable odor of turpentine, it has
a fragrance like a citron, and is free from
all noxious matter. Ten gallons of it
weighs six gallons and three quarters of
pure water. It dissolves all animal and
vegetable oils and leaves no stain of its
own, nor does it affect any of the colors
used in dyeing, and thus it is an excellent
substitute for benzine, without the odor
which makes the latter substance so offen-
sive. It is also much cheaper than benzine,
the new liquid is called 'Erasine,' because of
its value for cleaning. It evaporates rapid-
ly, and leaves no stain, but it is more ex-
pensive than coal oil. This novel product of Cal-
ifornia is now in market."

A Fatal Accident occurred on the Great Western Railway near Aspetown, on the 30th ult.

A man, aged about sixty-five
years, in pursuing the key of the Town Hall,
accompanied train from Hamilton
to Detroit, and on arriving at Aspetown, he
got off the cars and went into the station,
but, before he returned, the cars had left.
He then started on foot along the line, and
by the time he had walked about three
quarters of a mile, the day express train
came thundering along behind. The engineer,
perceiving a man ahead, promptly
whistled "down brakes" and continued
whistling without attracting the old man's
attention, who was struck by the com-
pact engine and hurled over an embankment.
The train was immediately stopped and
backed up to the place, where the poor man's
brain was found scattered over the track,
himself lying dead in the ditch, his head
smashed to a jelly, and his clothes torn
shreds. The body was brought on the cars
to Dundas, where an inquest on it was to
be held.

It is stated on good authority that the Porte has transferred the whole of the seaboard of Abyssinia to Egypt.

This is an important concession, and may in-
cure a line of rail towards the neighbour-
ing territories of King Theodoros. Hitherto
the jurisdiction of the Egyptian Viceroy
on the western shore of the Red Sea has
been confined to the coast between Suaz and
Ras Haval, in 21 deg. north latitude. Fur-
ther, the report that the French had obtained
formal treaty possession of Obokh is con-
firmed.

The Toronto Leader states that Mr. Baby, of Sandwich, and Mr. Berthelot, of Milwaukee, manager of the Great Manitoulin Oil Company went up by the steamer "Algonia" from Collingwood, in order to commence operations, being with them a number of men, a quantity of machinery, and provisions for six months. Oil has been discovered on Strawberry Island, one of the Manitoulin group. From the indications, it is said, Manitoulin promises to be one of the richest oil fields in Canada.

The Late Fire at Brantford.—

The aggregate losses by the recent fire at Brantford will not foot up so heavily as at first supposed; the total will not be over \$75,000, and perhaps not quite so much. The Royal losses about \$15,000, the Western about \$4,000, and the Gore Mutual \$4,000. Several of the sufferers have again opened business.

Mexican affairs continue to wear a most unpromising appearance.

There is a jealousy between the French and the Austrian troops, precluding any harmonious action. Bands of guerrillas are moving through the country, and increasing the general mistrust of empire. American emigrants are reinforcing Juarez.

The London "Free Press" learns that an attempt was made to rescue the Malahide raiders from the gaol at St. Thomas, on Tuesday morning.

Fortunately the gaoler, Mr. King, was awakened by their noise before any demonstration was made. A revolver was discharged at them, and, taking the alarm, they all ran off.

A young man living in Cleveland shot his mother with a pistol, on Friday, because, says the Herald, she was upbraiding him with regard to his marriage with a woman to whom she was opposed.

The Poles in the Grand Duchy of Posen are growing every day more dissatisfied with Prussian rule.

The emigration from that province to America has largely increased during the present year. It is probable that Secretaries Seward and Stanton will soon leave the cabinet. Preston King is mentioned as Stanton's successor.

The Detroit Tribune says: "It is generally supposed that the number of emigrants to the Commercial Convention will be somewhere between 250 and 300."

Lanark Council.

Middleville, June 3, 1865.
Pursuant to adjournment the Municipal Council of Lanark Township met this day, a full council present.

The Minutes of last session of Council were read, approved and signed.

The following petitions and communications were presented and read:

Petition of Thomas Kelso and John McFarlane, praying for special applications of statute labour.

Alexander Browning, praying the council to direct an examination of the 3d concession line, between the 14th lot, with a view to opening that part of the line for travel.

Claim of the Proprietor of the "Perth Courier" for publishing minutes of council.

Of Widow Graham, praying to be excused from the performance of statute labour.

Of Alexander Stewart and others, praying the council to direct the application of 12 days of the statute labour of the 1st division, 3d concession line, to cutting down a hill on the road leading from Lanark village to Carleton Place, and procuring an equal amount of labour for the same object from the division of which the petitioners are residents.

Mr. Mathie gave notice of his intention to move a re-consideration of Resolution of Council, of date 19th December, 1864, in relation to the amount charged by Mr. Campbell, for fencing, in pursuance of said resolution.

Moved by Mr. Affleck, seconded by Mr. Yull, That the claim of Michael Valasey, for compensation on account of a highway passing through his lands, be not allowed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Yull, seconded by Mr. Affleck, That the path master, 3d division, 11th con. line, be directed to expend 6 days of the statute labour of his division in repairing the line passing through the meadow opposite the 15th lot.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Reid, seconded by Mr. Yull, That the path master of the 2nd division, 2nd con. line, be instructed to apply 20 days of the statute labour under his charge to the object of the petition of Thos. Kelso and others.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Affleck, seconded by Mr. Yull, That the path master, 3d division, 11th con. line, be directed to apply 8 days of the statute labour to the object of the petition of Alex. Stewart and others.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mathie, seconded by Mr. Yull, That the path master of the 1st division, 3rd con. line, be instructed to apply 7 days of the statute labour to the object of the petition of Robt. Craig.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Affleck, seconded by Mr. Yull, That the path master of the 1st division, 3rd con. line, be instructed to apply 7 days of the statute labour to the object of the petition of Robt. Craig.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mathie, seconded by Mr. Reid, That the extent of fence built by Mr. Campbell, in pursuance of the Resolution of Council of date 10th Decemr. 1864, be ascertained to be 2 acres and 40 rods; and it appears to this Council that \$12.60 is sufficient to construct such an extent of fence, and likewise material therefor, and that the removal of the stone be taken at his expense therefor; and that an order for \$14.60 be made in his favor.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Yull, seconded by Mr. Reid, That the statute labour of the 1st division, 3rd con. line, be applied in accordance with the petition of James Premice and others, with the exception of 15 days which are to be applied between the house of John Yull and the eastern limit of the division.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Yull, seconded by Mr. Affleck, That the petition of James Premice be granted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Yull, seconded by Mr. Affleck, That the charge of Wm. Croft, of \$8, for keeping the key of the Town Hall, be made by the government, and that that sum be made in his favor.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Affleck, That the account of Wm. Croft for a broom and pail be paid.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Reid, seconded by Mr. Yull, That the account of Edward Ball, Tavern Inspector, for the year 1864, be paid.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Yull, seconded by Mr. Affleck, That the petition of Alexander Browning and the claim of G. L. Walker, for compensation for publishing minutes of Council in the "Perth Courier," be overruled at another session. Consented to July.

Adjourned till the last Saturday of July.

Wm. Scott,
Town Clerk.

Railway Accident Cornwall.

Cornwall, June 28.—On Saturday night, just after the night express train had passed Lancaster, a party of seven men, in the employ of the Grand Trunk Company, had occasion to go to Lanoster for provisions; they took a hand-car belonging to the company, and when returning home came in contact with a special train; for which they had been waiting for some time before they started. The collision killed four of the number, the names of whom are; S. Curry, E. Sutherland, Jas. Thelaw and P. Dougherty.

A coroner's inquest was held on the bodies, and several witnesses were examined, when the jury returned a verdict that the accident resulted from carelessness on the part of the men; that they had no right whatever to take the hand-car belonging to the company, except on business for all blame, those who were on the special train, as they had been properly "tagged," and it was not from any carelessness on their part that the accident occurred.

On the 22nd June an accident of a painful character occurred at New Port, on the Grand River. A promising young man named McLenan was kicked by a horse in the abdomen, and died in consequence on the following day.

The Halifax Reporter says that Sir Edward Curran, Bart., who has for some years resided in Jersey city, as agent for the New York line of Cunard steamers, has assumed the position of the late lamented General, and will be honored for the head of the house. Sir Edward will, for the time to come, take his residence in England. Mr. Frank, an agent of the late Sir Curran, has been appointed to the agency of the New York line. The agency at Halifax will remain as before.

Provisional Council.

Pembroke, June 28, 1865.
The Municipal Council of the county of Renfrew met here in the Town Hall on this day, pursuant to adjournment.

The roll having been called at noon by the clerk and a quorum being present, the hour of meeting was adjourned until 2 o'clock, p.m., when the meeting was again called by the clerk and the following members of Council were present: the Warden presiding:—

Messrs. Samuel Hamilton, Alex. McNeil, S. G. Lynn, J. S. Watson, Wm. O'Tool, Wm. Barton, John Fisher, Wm. Brown, Wm. Gallaher, James McGee, Archibald Foster, Thomas M. Carson, Wm. Warren, Alex. Moffat and Robert McConnell.

Messrs. John Lane and Thomas Whelan, the clerk-elect, Messrs. Brogman and Adamson filed their certificates with the clerk and also took their seats.

The minutes of last meeting of council were read, approved and signed by the Warden.

The clerk then read the following accounts for printing advertisements of De. Debutants. From Montreal Herald, \$101.67; Perth Courier, \$18.20; Toronto Globe, \$92.00; Ottawa Union, \$109.26; British Standard, \$47.84; and Ottawa Citizen, \$20.00.

He also read the following accounts:—An account from Deacon and Morris, bar-ricasters, amount \$50; from Mr. O'Driscoll, amount \$3; and from G. E. Neilson for printing, amount \$4.68.

The Warden then addressed the council and explained the negotiation and sale of the sub-lettings, and called the attention of council to other matters of a pressing nature to be done.

He also read letters from the agent of the Commercial Bank, Brookville, and from Frigg, architect, Ottawa.

The Warden, in accordance with the 39th rule of council, appointed the following members of council to select the different standing committees, viz:—Messrs. McNeil, Warren, Moffat, O'Tool and Lynn.

NOTICES OF BY-LAWS.

Mr. Lynn gave notice that he would, during this present session introduce a motion to amend the resolution passed by this council on the 29th day of June, 1864, restricting the outlay of money upon the county buildings.

Mr. Lynn gave notice that he would, during the present session of council, introduce a by-law for the purpose of assessing and levying in the county of Renfrew, a certain sum of money for the ordinary expenses as well as to meet the monthly payments due the contractor for the completion of the county buildings.

Mr. Foster gave notice that he would, during the present session of council, introduce a motion for the payment of all moneys due by the county of Renfrew, which may be granted or allowed during the session.

MOTIONS AND READING OF REPORTS.

Moved by Mr. Lynn, seconded by Mr. O'Tool, That the council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

The council met again pursuant to adjournment. The roll called, the same members of council being present, the Warden presiding.

The auditor's report of the Treasurer's account for the year 1864 was read by the clerk, and on motion of Mr. Barton, seconded by Mr. Watson, the report was put and adopted.

Mr. Moffat brought forward and read the report of the committee on printing.

On motion of Mr. Moffat, seconded by Mr. Carson, the report was put and adopted.

Andrew Irving, Esquire, county Treasurer, read a report of the liabilities to be met this year.

Moved by Mr. Foster, seconded by Mr. McNeil, That the by-law for the payment of all moneys granted or allowed during this session of council be not introduced and read a first time.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Yull, seconded by Mr. O'Tool, That the council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Yull, seconded by Mr. O'Tool, That the council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Yull, seconded by Mr. O'Tool, That the council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Yull, seconded by Mr. O'Tool, That the council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Yull, seconded by Mr. O'Tool, That the council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

That the by-law for assessing on and from the various municipalities in the county of Renfrew, the amount required for the ordinary and other expenses, as already filed up, be now read a third time short and passed, and for that purpose.—Carried.

The by-law was accordingly read a third time short and passed.

Mr. Foster moved, seconded by Mr. Moffat, That the by-law for the payment of all moneys granted or allowed during this session of council be read a second time and filled in accordance with the Finance committee's report.—Carried.

The by-law was accordingly introduced, the blanks filled in, and was read a second time.

Mr. Foster moved, seconded by Mr. Moffat, That the by-law for the payment of all moneys granted or allowed during this session of council be read a third time short and passed.—Carried.

The by-law was accordingly read a third time short and passed.

Mr. Lynn moved, seconded by Mr. Whelan, That the Council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

The Council met again pursuant to adjournment, the same members of council being present; the Warden presiding.

Mr. Foster gave notice that he would, during this session of council, introduce a by-law authorizing the Warden and Treasurer to borrow a certain sum of money to be now introduced and read a first time.—Carried.

The by-law was accordingly introduced and read a first time.

Mr. Foster moved, seconded by Mr. Fisher, That the by-law authorizing the Warden and Treasurer to borrow a certain sum of money be now read a second time short.—Carried.

The by-law was accordingly read a second time short.

Mr. Foster moved, seconded by Mr. Moffat, That the by-law authorizing the Warden and Treasurer to borrow a certain sum of money be now read a third time short and passed.—Carried.

The by-law was accordingly read a third time short and passed.

Mr. Watson moved, seconded by Mr. Foster, That the Warden do now leave the chair and that Mr. Carson be called there.—Carried.

Mr. Lynn moved, seconded by Mr. Brown, That the thanks of this council are hereby tendered to the Warden for the impartial and efficient manner he has performed his duties.—Carried.

The Warden having returned thanks and the Council adjourned.

Moved by Mr. Barton, seconded by Mr. Gallaher, That the memorial to the three branches of the Legislature, praying for a grant to aid in the erection of the county buildings at Pembroke be engrossed by the clerk and sealed with the corporate seal and carried by the clerk and submitted to the proper quarter.—Carried.

Mr. Lynn moved, seconded by Mr. O'Tool, That this council do now adjourn until Saturday, the 7th day of October next, then to meet at the village of Pembroke.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

Mr. Donaldson, the Immigration Agent at Toronto, writes to the Leader to the following effect: "While parties are grumbling (he says) about 'hard times' and complaints about the want of employment in the country, for several weeks past we have not been able to furnish a tithe of the numbers applied for at this agency, such as farm laborers and domestic servants. It is not uncommon to see a number of farmers waiting at the railway station on all sides, anxious to get their emigrants on board, and from \$100 to \$120 per annum freely offered with board for good men who understand farming. \$4 and \$5 per month is also offered for domestic servants, and few can be had at that. This demand is not for harvesting the year at these rates. During the last week we have had several parties from the other side of the lines seeking employment, who stated that they had made inquiries all the way from New York and could not find work."

A horrible murder was recently committed in Cambria county Pennsylvania. Two women who resided by themselves, named Miss Paul and Miss Munday, were found at their house with their brains beaten out, evidently with club. It is supposed the murderer entered the house for the purpose of robbery, but being discovered, committed the murder to escape detection. A man named John Ream has been arrested on suspicion.

The following gentlemen have been appointed a committee to devise and report a plan for securing the hospitalities of the city of Detroit to the Delegates who are expected to attend the convention, viz. Messrs. Franklin Moore, George W. Hissell, John J. Bagley, E. N. Rice, W. K. Muir, and Hon. K. C. Barker.

There are about 2,000 dogs on view at the show in the Agricultural Hall, London. The Prince of Wales shows in several classes. He has greyhounds and deerhounds, and mastiffs and bloodhounds, and in each class he shows some very fine animals.

A woman in country costume entering Rome a few days ago was stopped and examined at the gate, when a letter was found on her containing a human ear. She was a brigand messenger, sent in for a ransom.

The Wolland Tribune regrets to learn that a child of Mr. Richard Abbott of Crowland, fell into an old well the other day, and was drowned.

The Morning Post contradicts the rumor that Lord Palmerston intends to retire into private life.

A child was born recently in San Francisco which had no openings in its eyes. The eyes were made, and a pair of bright ones were found underneath.

The infant Phipps is to be christened Albert Christian Emmanuel, and will be usually called Prince Christian.

Arrival of the "China."

Cape Race, July 2, via Ashy Bay, 3rd. The Cunard steamship "China," from Liverpool on Saturday afternoon, June 24th, via Queenstown on Sunday the 25th, passed this port at eight o'clock this morning on route to Halifax and Boston.

The steamship "Trentonia," from New York, arrived out on the 23rd. The steamships "Perla" and "Heliopolis," from New York, arrived out on the 23rd.

The general political news is meagre and unimportant.

The advices from America by the "Perla" caused a decline in American securities.

GREAT BRITAIN.—The English papers are unusually silent on American affairs.

The whole 2,300 miles of the Atlantic Telegraph cable was on board the "Great Eastern," and as soon as the balance of the telegraph stock was put up, the telegraph fleet would sail for Valparaiso, and it is hoped before the departure of the "Perla" that a United States Government steamer would join them.

The vessels will probably leave Valparaiso on the 10th of July, and arrive at Heart's Content, Trinity Bay, about the 5th of July.

The Directors of the Company have decided on the following uniform tariff between all points of the United States and British North America:—

To Great Britain, twenty pounds sterling for 20 words or less, and one pound for each additional word.

To the Continent of Europe, twenty-one pounds for 20 words, and one pound one shilling for each additional word.

To Asia and Africa, twenty-five pounds for 20 words, and one pound five shillings for each additional word.

The address, date and signature are all to be counted and charged for in messages.

Messages for places in Asia and Africa, to which the telegraph does not extend, will be forwarded by the first mail, postage paid.

Messages in cypher will be charged double these rates.

The directors are convinced that unless they charge high prices at first, there will be such an accumulation of business that great delay will arise in the transmission of the messages, but they intend to put down new cables as fast as possible, and then reduce the price.

The cable will be open for business as soon after it is laid as possible, and all messages will be forwarded in the order in which they are received at Heart's Content and Trinity Bay.

The new stock of the Atlantic Telegraph Company sells in London at a premium, and old one thousand pounds shares sell at \$250.

On the 21st of June the shareholders of the Telegraph Construction Company visited the "Great Eastern" by invitation from the Directors of the Atlantic Company, and on the following day Mr. Adams, the American Minister, the Duke and Duchess of Sutherland, and a large number of other distinguished people, visited the ship.

The health of Mr. Adams was drunk at the déjeuner on board Mr. Adams, is returning thanks, and he submitted to the proper quarter.—Carried.

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Mr. Donaldson, the Immigration Agent at Toronto, writes to the Leader to the following effect: "While parties are grumbling (he says) about 'hard times' and complaints about the want of employment in the country, for several weeks past we have not been able to furnish a tithe of the numbers applied for at this agency, such as farm laborers and domestic servants. It is not uncommon to see a number of farmers waiting at the railway station on all sides, anxious to get their emigrants on board, and from \$100 to \$120 per annum freely offered with board for good men who understand farming. \$4 and \$5 per month is also offered for domestic servants, and few can be had at that. This demand is not for harvesting the year at these rates. During the last week we have had several parties from the other side of the lines seeking employment, who stated that they had made inquiries all the way from New York and could not find work."

A horrible murder was recently committed in Cambria county Pennsylvania. Two women who resided by themselves, named Miss Paul and Miss Munday, were found at their house with their brains beaten out, evidently with club. It is supposed the murderer entered the house for the purpose of robbery, but being discovered, committed the murder to escape detection. A man named John Ream has been arrested on suspicion.

The following gentlemen have been appointed a committee to devise and report a plan for securing the hospitalities of the city of Detroit to the Delegates who are expected to attend the convention, viz. Messrs. Franklin Moore, George W. Hissell, John J. Bagley, E. N. Rice, W. K. Muir, and Hon. K. C. Barker.

There

defeated. Can it be possible that those same Lanark opponents...
Three burglars entered a jewelry store in Philadelphia on Saturday night, by false keys to the back door. Knowing that the front part of the house was kept lighted all night, and frequently inspected by a policeman, they kept themselves prudently in the water, and, being supplied with tools, they worked their way in through the back door. They were seen by a watchman, and they fled, not only getting no booty but losing their large variety of burglarious tools.

Mr. Elliott died forty-eight hours after being bayoneted by the volunteer sentry at Windsor. Great indignation is felt at the conduct of the volunteers at Windsor ever since located there. It is reported that the Government has been requested to recall the troops at once, and, indeed, we think it high time for such a step, not only the safety, but every volunteer stationed on the frontier, for they are certainly not needed for protection of neutrality laws; and quite as obvious is it from all accounts that their morals are not improving while thus free from all home restraints.

The Herald.

CARLETON PLACE.

Wednesday, July 5, 1865.

The circulation of the C. P. Herald is now very large and constantly increasing. Merchants, business men and all who desire to communicate with the public will secure a wide circulation for their notices by advertising in its columns. Charges as low as those of other papers of less than half the circulation. No charge for publishing births, marriages and deaths.

The Canadian Mission to England.

THE PARLIAMENTARY PAPERS.

The following papers relating to the conferences which have taken place between her Majesty's Government and a deputation from the Executive Council of Canada, appointed to confer with her Majesty's Government on subjects of importance to the Province, were presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty on the 19th.

No. 1.

COPY OF A DESPATCH FROM HER MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT TO HER MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT, M.P. (No. 35.) Quebec, March 24.

Sir, I have the honor to transmit for your information a copy of an approved minute of the Executive Council of Canada appointing a deputation from their body, who are to proceed to England to confer with her Majesty's Government on subjects of importance to the Province, and the names of the deputation proposed leaving by the steamer which sails on the 5th of April.

I have, &c. MONCK.

The Right Hon. Edward Cardwell, M.P., &c.

(Enclosure in No. 1.)

COPY OF A REPORT OF A COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, APPROVED BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL ON THE 24th OF MARCH, 1865.

The Committee respectfully recommend that four members of your Excellency's Council do proceed to England to confer with her Majesty's Government.

1. Upon the proposed Confederation of the British North American Provinces, and the means whereby it can be most speedily effected.

2. Upon the arrangements necessary for the defence of Canada in the event of war arising with the United States, and the extent to which the same which should be shared between Great Britain and Canada.

3. Upon the steps to be taken with reference to the Reciprocity Treaty, and the rights conferred by it upon the United States.

4. Upon the arrangements necessary for the settlement of the Northwest Territory and Hudson's Bay Company's claims.

5. And generally upon the existing critical state of affairs by which Canada is most seriously affected.

The committee further recommend that the following members of council be named to form a deputation, viz: Messrs. Macdonald, Cartier, Brown and Galt.

Certified, W. H. LEE, C.E.C. (No. 2.)

COPY OF A DESPATCH FROM THE RIGHT HON. EDWARD CARDWELL, M.P., THE GOVERNOR GENERAL VISCOUNT MONCK, (No. 35.) Downing-street, June 17.

Sir, I have the honor to inform your Lordship that several conferences have been held between the four Canadian Ministers who were deputed under the Minute of your Excellency's Council of March 24, to proceed to England to confer with Her Majesty's Government on the part of Canada, and the Duke of Somerset, and the Earl de Grey, Mr. Gladstone, and myself, on the part of Her Majesty's Government.

On the first subject referred to in the Minute, that of the Confederation of the British North American Provinces, we reported to the part of the Cabinet the assurances which had already been given of the determination of Her Majesty's Government to use every proper means of influence to carry into effect without delay the proposed Confederation.

On the second point, we entered into a full consideration of the important subject of the defence of Canada, not with any apprehension on either side that the friendly relations now happily subsisting between this country and the United States are likely to be disturbed, but impressed with the conviction that the safety of the empire from possible attack ought to depend upon its own strength, and the due application of its resources. We reminded the Canadian Ministers that on the part of the Imperial Government we had obtained a vote of acquiescence for improving the fortifications of Quebec. We assured them that so soon as that vote had been obtained, the necessary instructions had been sent out for the immediate execution of the works, which would be prosecuted with despatch; and we reminded them of the suggestion Her Majesty's Government had made to them to proceed with the fortifications of Montreal.

The Canadian Ministers, in reply, expressed unreservedly the desire of Canada to devote her whole resources, both in men and money, and the maintenance of her connection with the mother country, and their full belief in the readiness of the Canadian Parliament to make known that determination in the most authentic manner. They said they had increased the expenditure for their militia from \$200,000 to \$1,000,000, and would agree to train that force to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State for War, provided the cost did not exceed the last mentioned sum annually, while the question of confederation is pending. They said they were unwilling to separate the question of the works of Montreal from the question of the works west of that place, and the question of a naval armament on Lake Ontario. That the question of these works would render it necessary for them to have recourse to a loan, which could only be raised with the guarantee of the Imperial Parliament. They were ready to propose to their Legislature on their return a measure for this purpose, provided that the guarantee of the Imperial Parliament would be given, and that they were authorized to communicate to the Parliament of Canada the assurance that, the occasion arising, England will have prepared an adequate naval force for Lake Ontario. They thought that if the guarantee were not obtained, it was probable that the Canadian Government and Parliament would think it desirable that the question of defensive works should await the decision of the Government and Legislature of the United Provinces.

On the part of Her Majesty's Government we assented to the reasonableness of the proposal that if the guarantee were not obtained, the primary liability for the works of defence mentioned in the letter of Lieut.-Col. Jervis, and showed a sufficient security, Her Majesty's Government should apply to Parliament for a guarantee for the amount required; and we said that Her Majesty's Government would furnish the armaments for the works. But that should the decision of the Provincial Legislature ought to be pronounced before any application was made to the Imperial Parliament. On the subject of a naval force for Lake Ontario, we said that, apart from any question of expediency, the convention subsisting between the two countries, and the States rendered it impossible for either nation to place more than the specified number of armed vessels on the lakes in time of peace. In case of war it would, as a matter of course, be the duty of any Government in this country to apply to the Imperial Government for assistance in this respect. On the part of the Canadian Ministers we were assured that they would not permit it to be found in such a position as to be unable to discharge its duty in this respect. This was the only assurance the Canadian Ministers could expect, or we could give.

Upon a view of the whole matter, the Canadian Ministers reverted to the proposal which has been mentioned above, that the priority in point of time should be given to the consideration of the proposed Confederation, as the part of Her Majesty's Government, as assented. In conformity, however, with a wish strongly expressed by the Canadian Ministers, we further said that, if upon future consideration, the Canadian Government should desire to anticipate the Confederation, and to propose to the Imperial Government, we would not object to do so, provided that the Canadian Ministers were satisfied that the Imperial Government would be able to furnish the necessary guarantee, and we trusted that after what had passed in these conferences they would feel assured that any such communication would be received by us in the most friendly spirit.

On the 3rd point, that of the Reciprocity Treaty, the Canadian Ministers represented the great importance to Canada of the renewal of that treaty, and requested that Sir F. Bruce might be put in communication with the Government of Lord Monck upon the subject. We replied that Sir F. Bruce had already been put in communication with the Government of the United Kingdom, and in concert with the Government of Canada.

On the fourth point, the subject of the Northwest Territory, the Canadian Ministers desired that that territory should be made over to Canada, and undertook to negotiate with the Hudson's Bay Company for the cession of the rights, on condition that the indemnity, if any, should be paid by a loan to be raised in Canada under the Imperial guarantee. With the sanction of the Cabinet, we assented to this proposal, understanding that if the negotiations should be successful, we would on the part of the Imperial Government, and the Government of Great Britain, North American Provinces on the subject of the Intercolonial Railway. To this we entirely agreed.

I have, &c. EDWARD CARDWELL.

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I have, &c. EDWARD CARDWELL.

REASONS WHY.—The reasons why Dogs should all be chained up, is that several dogs have been bitten by a mad dog in this place, and it is feared that much mischief will be done both in this village and the surrounding country if prompt measures are not used and the By-law of the council strictly enforced.

The reason why Postage and Law stamps should be better gummed than they usually are, is because it is a very great inconvenience and loss to those who use them. Not being properly gummed they rub off in passing through the post offices and in many cases are lost, rendering it necessary to pay the postage a second time. Doubtless the department pays for the proper preparation of the stamps, and those whose duty it is should see that they are properly prepared and rendered sufficiently adhesive.

The reason why some of our cotems occasionally exhibit a little jealousy at the success of the "Herald," and the favour with which it is received by the public, is that the world is all a little selfish. Our large and constantly increasing list of subscribers and new advertisements, unhappily, excites their envy. The large circulation of the "Herald" is the secret. Business men, who wish to communicate with the public, can easily see that an advertisement in the "Herald" costs no more than in any other paper, while it will obtain a wider circulation than if inserted in any other two papers published in the County.

It is with deep regret we announce the death of the Hon. Judge McCord at his residence, Temple Grove, at half-past one on Wednesday morning. The lamented gentleman had been unwell a day or two previously, but it was only on Tuesday evening the symptoms became alarming.

Several communications are unavoidably crowded out of our columns this week; but will appear in our next. If correspondents would send in their favors earlier it would oblige us much.

MAD DOGS.—Public feeling in this neighborhood has been somewhat excited lately, on the dog question, from the fact mentioned in our last issue that a mad dog had taken a run through the place and bitten several other dogs, and, as is reported, some of the farmers' pigs and sheep. Some of the animals bitten have since gone mad and have been killed by their owners.

The Reekwith and Ramay councils have, very promptly, passed a by-law to restrain dogs from running at large, and it has had a good effect so far. Those who wished to keep a favorite dog have chained him up, and a number of useless curs, apparently not cared for, have been shot and buried, by an officer appointed for the purpose.

The farmers in the country, should also, for their own safety, chain their dogs and try to prevent the spread of such a maledy. In the meantime no one should allow his dog to be on the street, as there is a strong probability that many of those who were bitten will yet go mad, and break their tying, which, in many cases is nothing but a slight cord or small rope, which will only restrain them until the moment of danger arrives.

We understand that a lamb belonging to Mr. John McRostie and a cow of Mr. Stone's, have gone mad and were killed.

The Kingston News reports that, "A farmer in Westbury, Storrington, named Tolls, was bitten on Sunday morning by a mare of his own in one of his own pastures. It was noticed that the animal was somewhat indisposed, and a scar was perceived on one of her cheeks, as if from the bite of a dog. Mr. Tolls went out on Sunday morning to look at the mare, and offered her a wisp of hay, when she suddenly seized him by the wrist with her teeth, inflicting a deep and dangerous wound. That day the mare also bit her colt, and other horses with her in the field, and the same evening, during a heavy shower of rain, she died. Mr. Tolls came into the city yesterday to obtain medical aid. It is supposed that several dogs supposed to be afflicted with hydrophobia having been seen running about in Leborough."

The following from an exchange will serve to show how dogs go mad: "One of the earliest signs of madness in dogs, and one which always arouses attention on the part of those in charge of dogs, is a suddenness of temper, and a disposition to be very rabid (madness), the dog retires to his bed for several hours, and may be seen carried up, his face buried between his paws and breast. He shows no disposition to bite, and answer to the call, but he answers slowly and sullenly. After a while he begins to restlessness, and he begins to rest in places, and never satisfied long with one. He then returns to bed, but continually shifts his posture. He rises up and lies down again, settles his body in a variety of postures, disposes his bed with his paws, shaking it in his mouth, bringing it to a heap, and his countenance is clouded and suspicious, we may be certain that madness is coming on."

It is said that frauds to an alarming extent are being practised upon the U.S. Government by an ingenious method of obliterating the cancelling marks upon internal revenue and postage stamps, which can be done so completely that the stamp may be used a number of times. A plan has been submitted to the Postmaster-General, and Secretary of the Treasury, by which the marks of cancellation become indelible and cannot be removed without destroying the face of the stamp, and affording perfect security against further fraud.

The Earl of Enniskillen, Grand Master of the Orange Society in Ireland, has issued an address imploring the members—on whose part "obedience to the existing laws of the land, even though they contravene the principles of civil and religious liberty," has been a chief characteristic—to use the "greatest precaution during the approaching July anniversaries, and not to be shown in or connive at the slightest infraction of the law."

Parliamentary papers relative to Canada were produced in the House of Commons. The government approves of the Confederation scheme, and will render every assistance in furtherance of it; it also recommends the guarantee of a loan for the construction of fortifications, and will provide the necessary armament; Britain will also try to procure a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty; and the government will recommend a loan with which to pay the Hudson Bay Company for the North-west Territory, which is to be ceded to Canada.

Payne, Harrold, Aterovet and Mrs. Surratt, having been convicted of conspiracy to assassinate President Lincoln, were all hanged in Washington, together, on the seventh instant. Three of the prisoners, Dr. Mudd, Arnold and O'Laughlin are sentenced to be imprisoned for life, and Spangler the stage carpenter has been sentenced to six years hard labour in the Penitentiary at Albany.

A New York paper says that a German chemist of that city discovered and patented a method of making excellent syrup from Indian corn, and that he sold the patent to large sugar refiners, who have erected extensive machinery for the manufacture of said syrup.

There is to be a full meeting of the Cabinet at Quebec on Wednesday, when, we presume, a definite decision will be arrived at as to the time for assembling of Parliament, and other matters which require immediate action.

The Great Eastern was to start on Monday last for the purpose of laying the Atlantic cable, which great work, if nothing happens, may be expected to be completed in about two weeks. From the several accounts which have been published there can be no doubt that the conditions of success are secured as far as human foresight can secure them for the laying of the Atlantic cable. It is itself a wonder of science and art, far in advance of any previous cable, and the "Great Eastern" when it has received the whole of it, and seven thousand tons of coal, will have a cargo of about 22,000 tons,—probably the greatest weight ever borne by a vessel. She will then draw nearly 33 feet, and every precaution has been taken to get her safely out of the Thames. She will not approach within twenty-five miles of the coast of Ireland for fear of danger. The shore cable, which is much heavier than the deep sea cable, will be laid for that distance by one of the two ships of war which are to form part of the expedition; and, as soon as the two cables are spliced, the "Great Eastern" will proceed on her voyage at the rate of six miles an hour,—paying out the cable. A greater speed would be dangerous to the proper laying of the cable, and with a less she would not be properly under control.

The only danger to be apprehended is the occurrence of a storm during the few days necessary for laying the cable; but this, in accordance with nautical experience, is very rare in the month of July.

The Montreal Transcript is out in a handsome new dress—new shape and new pattern—it has a new editor, will have new friends, and, in fact, everything about it will be new. We stated in our last issue that its proprietorship was changed—that it was now in the hands of new men; but, we are sorry to say they have declared themselves independent in politics; because we know, the independent public and all right thinking men, would prefer hearing a certain sound; and convinced of this they will support the present government with all their talents and ability. We judge this from reading the following extract from a leading editorial in the paper, commenting on the mission of the delegates to the Home government:—"The Imperial Government is to guarantee a loan for the construction of Provincial fortifications. That is a necessity, if the fortifications are to be erected, for we could not now prudently incur the expense. The Government is to assist in procuring a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty. That is not only reasonable, but imperative, for without the active aid of Great Britain we could not have such Treaty at all, since it involves Imperial interests. If the Imperial Government is to guarantee a loan to purchase from the Hudson Bay Company the North Western Territory, which is to be handed over to Canada."

The "Transcript" is very ably edited, and printed in Mr. Lora's office, presents a handsome appearance, as does everything that emanates from his office.

RUSSIA IN THE EAST.—A letter from Tiflis dated the 3rd ult., states that an expedition was being prepared by Russia against Ali Khan, chief of the mountain districts of Makon. This district lies in a fork between the confines of Russia, Persia, and Turkey, and its situation renders it of strategic importance. "If it falls into the hands of Russia," says the Levant Herald, "it would give her a dangerous footing in the territory of both these latter countries. The pretext for the proposed expedition is that the people belonging to Ali Khan make plundering excursions into Russian Armenia. The Khan is nominally dependant on Persia, but by geographical position a subject of Turkey. Practically, he is altogether independent, for he pays no tribute to any one, and this very independence will enable Russia to seize his territory, as she will pretend that thereby she violates no rights of either of the neighbouring powers."

The Halifax reporter says that Sir Edward Curran, Bart., who has for some years resided in Jersey City, as agent for the New York line of Cunard steamers, has assumed the position of the late lamented Sir Samuel, and will be henceforth the head of the house. Sir Edward will, for the time to come, take up his residence in England. Mr. Franklin, a grandson of the late Sir Samuel, succeeds to the agency of the New York line. The agency at Halifax will remain as before.

It is stated on good authority that the Porte has transferred the whole of the seaboard of Abyssinia to Egypt. This is an important concession, and may inaugurate a new line of policy towards the neighboring territories of King Theodorus. Hiserto the jurisdiction of the Egyptian Viceroy on the western shore of the Red Sea has been confined to the coast between Suak and Berberal, in 21 deg. north latitude. Further, the report that the French had obtained formal treaty possession of Obokh is confirmed.

For some time past, the people of the back country have been prospecting for oil in the neighbourhood of Norwood, and we are glad to be in a position to announce that their speculations have been attended with most promising results. The most scientific explorers have been employed for some time in analyzing their specimens, and pronounce the oil to be of the first quality, and nearer the surface than it is in the West. The great excitement prevails around the neighbourhood, and companies are forming rapidly in Peterborough and the Townships to commence operations immediately. American capitalists are quietly looking on, to pounce on speculation if the people in the neighbourhood fall in organizing a working company.

Montreal, July 5, 1865.

A mad dog having bitten other dogs, war has been declared against them by the Mayor.

MAD DOG.—A mad dog made its appearance last week near Brougham. After doing considerable damage, he was fortunately killed by a Mr. Barron.—(Whitby Gazette.)

On Saturday last the Grand Trunk wharf at Island Pond was burned, with 200 cords of wood; and Tuesday afternoon the fine new wharves, 300 feet long, together with 1000 cords of wood, was totally consumed. The origin of the fire is unknown, but they are supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

On Thursday last 6th inst., a Soiree under the auspices of the "Good Templars" was held in the school-house at "Scotch Bush" in the Township of Grattan, County of Renfrew.

About 2 o'clock in the afternoon the Templars of this place met at the School House—their usual place of meeting—where they were welcomed by a large number of members of their Order from Douglas, Adamston and other parts of the County. A procession was then formed—which by the way we may state was honored with a Marshal—one of the Crimea veterans, who has pitched his tent in this section of country.

The Professor of which the fair sex formed so small portion, with banners flying waved its way a short distance to the "Orange Hall" a somewhat commodious building—where Tables were spread extending from one end of the building to the other, and on which were placed edibles that must have gained laurels for the purveyors.

After doing ample justice to the good things provided, and when the commotion usual on such occasions had subsided, a general "turn out" was again made. The Procession again formed when all marched to a very judiciously selected spot in the adjacent woods where a platform and seats were erected. Mr. W. Thompson W.C. here occupied the chair. The first speaker called upon to address the meeting was the Rev. Mr. Wilson, W.M. minister but before the Rev. Gentleman had reached the acme of his speech the Rev. Mr. H. fell inopportunely that a general retreat was the result, each and all making their way as quick and expeditious as circumstances would admit of back to the Hall. Here in a short time the meeting resumed its status quo when the Rev. Gentleman obtained a patient hearing from an attentive audience for the balance due of his speech.

The next speakers were Messrs. Hutton and Sharp of Adamston Mr. Thompson of Renfrew, and the Rev. J. McNeil of Douglas. The speeches throughout judging from the frequent outbursts of applause were well received.

The proceedings were continued by well discoursed instrumental music by Messrs. Thompson and Sharpe, accompanied by a vocal choir of ladies from Douglas, who thanks as is usual on such occasions having been duly tendered. The meeting broke up about 7 o'clock in the evening when all dispersed well satisfied with the proceedings of the day.—COM.

By-LAW to Prohibit Dogs running at large within the Municipality of RAMSAY. Passed 7th July, 1865.

WHEREAS it is expedient and necessary for the safety of the public, to prohibit DOGS of whatever species from running at large on the Streets and Highways, and to prevent injury being done, by Rabid Dogs, to cattle, hogs and other animals within the Municipality of Ramsay,

BE it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Township of Ramsay, by virtue of the authority of the Municipal Acts of Upper Canada, as follows:

1. By-law, and after the passing of this By-law, and until the first day of September next ensuing, That any Dog or Bitch, found going at large on any of the Streets or Highways, or any other place, off the premises of the owner thereof, unless securely muzzled, to prevent them from biting or doing any other injury, shall be liable to be shot, killed or destroyed, by any person or persons whomsoever.

DANIEL GALBRAITH, Reeve.

Certified to be a true copy. DAVID CAMPBELL, Town Clerk.

List of Constables Appointed at the June General Quarter Sessions, 1865.

Lanark and Renfrew. } David McNeil, Will. To. W. C. Clerk, North, Wm. B. Gray, George McPherson, Senr., Patrick Tucker, James McFadden, Carleton Place: Newton Eggleston, Beasburgh, (Westmeath.)

James Wilson, (Shermacker), Thomas Toy, (Blainville), Brockton.

(Certified, W. B. CLERK of the Peace, Lanark & Renfrew. Office of Clerk of the Peace, Perth, July 5, 1865. } 43

An old man named James Horan, from the township of Matilda, died very suddenly at Prescott on the 7th inst. Whilst resting on a door step he was seen to fall backwards, and in a short time after he expired. He had for some days previously been indulging freely in liquor, which, together with the want of sustenance, doubtless occasioned his death.

Mexican advices inform us that Maximilian will code to France the States of Sinaloa, Durango, and Sonora as a guarantee for the war-troops due to France.

Mr. James Kerr, the man shot by Miss Manson, is recovering rapidly. He is said to be of strong constitution, and the ball in its course did not touch any vital part.

A young man, named Joseph Herringham, was drowned lately, whilst bathing near Holm's Mills, on the township line between Puslinch and Waterloo.

The ship "William Nelson" has been burned on the banks of Newfoundland and 370 lives lost.

Never buy goods, says Pronice, of those who don't advertise. They sell so little that they have to sell dear.

For the C. P. Herald.

Temperance Soiree.

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Perth, June 29, 1865.

Pot Ashes per cwt.	4 60	4 70
Pork, Prime Mess.	15 00	1 16
Do, Prime	13 00	14 00
Beef do do do	4 00	4 50
Wheat per bushel	0 95	1 00
Oats do	0 40	45
Peas do	0 70	75
Barley do	0 00	0 00
Potatoes do	0 25	30
Flour per bbl.	5 50	6 00
Oatmeal per bbl.	6 00	6 50
Butter per lb.	0 13	14
Eggs per doz.	0 08	1 00
Pork each	0 12	0 00
Geese each	20 00	0 00
Turkeys each	10 00	0 00
May per	3 00	12 00

Brookville, June 28th, 1865.

Fall Flour # 100 lbs.	83 00	8 25
Spring Flour	2 75	3 00
Spring Wheat	1 00	1 10
Indian Corn # 26 lbs.	0 75	0 80
Barley # 48 lbs.	0 60	0 00
Fall Wheat	1 60	1 35
Potatoes	0 40	0 45
Kye	0 65	0 70
Oatmeal, lb 100 lbs.	3 00	0 00
Peas	0 65	0 75
Oats	10 00	12 00
Beef # 100 lbs.	6 00	8 00
Pork # 100 lbs.	6 00	8 00
Pork, Prime Mess.	14 00	16 00
Wool # lb.	0 30	0 40
Butter	0 15	0 14
Eggs	0 10	0 10
Dried Apples per 22 lbs.	1 00	2 00
Buck Wheat Flour per 100 lbs.	1 75	2 00
Corn Meal per 100 lbs.	1 75	2 00
Lard	0 13	0 15
Tallow	0 08	0 10
Hardwood	2 30	2 15

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BY-LAW to Prohibit Dogs running at large within the Municipality of RAMSAY. Passed 7th July, 1865.

WHEREAS it is expedient and necessary for the safety of the public, to prohibit DOGS of whatever species from running at large on the Streets and Highways, and to prevent injury being done, by Rabid Dogs, to cattle, hogs and other animals within the Municipality of Ramsay,

BE it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Township of Ramsay, by virtue of the authority of the Municipal Acts of Upper Canada, as follows:

1. By-law, and after the passing of this By-law, and until the first day of September next ensuing, That any Dog or Bitch, found going at large on any of the Streets or Highways, or any other place, off the premises of the owner thereof, unless securely muzzled, to prevent them from biting or doing any other injury, shall be liable to be shot, killed or destroyed, by any person or persons whomsoever.

DANIEL GALBRAITH, Reeve.

Certified to be a true copy. DAVID CAMPBELL, Town Clerk.

List of Constables Appointed at the June General Quarter Sessions, 1865.

Lanark and Renfrew. } David McNeil, Will. To. W. C. Clerk, North, Wm. B. Gray, George McPherson, Senr., Patrick Tucker, James McFadden, Carleton Place: Newton Eggleston, Beasburgh, (Westmeath.)

James Wilson, (Shermacker), Thomas Toy, (Blainville), Brockton.

(Certified, W. B. CLERK of the Peace, Lanark & Renfrew. Office of Clerk of the Peace, Perth, July 5, 1865. } 43

NOTICE.—A meeting of the directors of the Bookwhiff Ag. S. will be held in Carleton Place on Monday the 24th inst., at the hour of 4 o'clock P.M. At which meeting the crop viewers are requested to attend, and all members who intend to compete for—Farms, Garden-Crops &c., as enumerated in class 5 of the printed prize list, are requested to give in their names to the Secretary on or before the said 24th instant.

A. McARTHUR, Sec. & T.B. Ag. S. Carleton Place, July 10th 1865. 43a.

FARM FOR SALE.—Being the Western half of lot number 16, in the 10th con. of Pakenham, containing one hundred acres, 45 acres cleared. There is a house, barn and stable on the premises. It is within one mile and a half of the village of Pakenham.

For particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.

MICHAEL DEVLIN, Pakenham, July 5th 1865. 43b.

It is a somewhat singular circumstance that the owner of the farm upon which the battle of American War (Ball Bay) was fought, is also owner of the house at Appamator Court House in which the surrender of Lord's Army was signed.

In an important case recently tried in New York, the jury after being out nearly an hour, came in and informed the court that one of their number knew nothing of the English language, and had not understood a word of the evidence, arguments, or charge of the judge. The court, after some hesitation, dismissed the jury.

It is with deep regret we announce the death of the Hon. Judge McCord at his residence, Temple Grove, at half-past one on Wednesday morning. The lamented gentleman had been unwell a day or two previously, but it was only on Tuesday evening the symptoms became alarming.

LAND FOR SALE—The subscriber will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE 24th DAY OF JULY, That Part of land being the East half of Lot No. 1, in the 1st Concession of the Township of Ramsey. The land is well watered, and in a good state of cultivation, with 60 acres cleared on it. Sale to commence at one o'clock, p.m. A sufficient Title will be given. Terms made known on the day of sale.

WILLIAM GREEN, 41c. Ramsay, 22nd June, 1865.

THE BOARD OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, will meet for the examination of Teachers, in the School House, Carleton Place, on WEDNESDAY, 12th JULY, NEXT, at 10 o'clock, forenoon.

NOTICE—Application will be made to the next session of the Provincial Parliament, for the passage of a Bill to enable the Trustees of St. Andrew's Church, Ramsay, in connection with the Church of Scotland, to dispose of the Glebe Land thereto belonging; being composed of the North east quarter of Lot number Fifteen in the Seventh Concession of the said Township of Ramsey, County of Lanark, containing fifty acres, more or less.

DAVID CAMPBELL, Concl. Secretary. Almonte, 22nd June, 1865. 41c

NOTICE—As default has been made in the non-payment of a certain Bill of exchange, made between Robert McNeil and Robert Gomersall of that property in the Village of Clayton, consisting of Dwelling House and Garden, description of which may be seen at the Bannis's Corners P. O., Ramsay.

The above property will be sold, by Public Sale, on FRIDAY THE 14th DAY OF JULY NEXT, at JAMES COULTER'S, Jr. Sale at one o'clock.

ROBERT GOMERSALL, 40c. Ramsay, 19th June, 1865.

Home and Colonial ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, £2,000,000. Sigs. in 40,000 Shares of £50 Sigs. each, with power of increase to £2,000,000 Sigs. insured.

Chief Office, 59 Cornhill, London, E. C. Agents: JOHN PATTERSON, Esq., Deputy-Governor; ALEX. FRASER, Esq., Deputy-Governor; ALEX. LIFE BOARD.

W. W. MACKENZIE, Esq., Chairman; AUGUSTUS HENRY NOVELL, Esq., Deputy Chairman; WILLIAM HATFIELD ADAM, Esq., M. P., Secy. and Kinrosshire; WILLIAM FRASER, Esq., Director of the Bank of Montreal; STEPHEN BORE, Esq., Director of the Merchants' Bank; WILLIAM GIBSON, Esq., Director of the Standard Bank of British South Africa; ALEXANDER FRASER, Esq., late of Montreal, Watling Street, London; J. FRASER, Esq., of MacLaine, Fraser & Co., Montreal; JAMES LEVILL, Esq., of Lyle, Kinnear & Co., Montreal; JAMES M. VESTER, Esq., Director of the Montreal Banking Company; DENISEY DE COUREY NIXON, Esq., Queen's Secy. of State; JOHN PATTERSON, Esq., Director of the Alliance Bank; FRANK FRYSON, Esq., of the late firm of H. & J. Johnson & Co.; JOHN SWINDELL, Esq., of Swindell & Matthews, Mining Lane; HEAVY INVESTORS, Esq., a Queensborough Terrace; THOMAS MILLEN, Manager; MORRIS A. BLAIR, Secretary.

CANADIAN BRANCH. Chief Office, 9 St. Francois Xavier St. JAMES GRANT, Manager. FIRE-DEPARTMENT. Risks undertaken on all descriptions of property, at the lowest rates charged by first class Companies; and Claims settled promptly and liberally, without reference to England.

FARM INSURANCE ONLY. The Beaver Mutual FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION. HEAD OFFICE, No. 29, TORONTO STREET, TORONTO. No. of Policies in Force, 8,000, and which are fast increasing.

INSURANCES are effected on Farm Property, Country Churches and School Houses only. No hazardous risks of any kind are taken. All Honest Claims are Promptly and Honourably Settled.

Cards of Thanks. Lot 7, Con. 7, Ramsay, June 31st, 1865. I hereby beg to thank the Directors of the Beaver Mutual Fire Insurance Association, of Toronto, for the settlement of my claim of three hundred and fifty dollars, for the loss of my Dwelling House and Furniture, which were insured under policy No. 6830.

WILLIAM WALLACE. Lot 30, Con. 11th, Ramsay, June 21st, 1865. To the Directors of the Beaver Mutual Fire Insurance Association. GENTLEMEN—I beg to return you my grateful thanks for your prompt and liberal settlement of my loss for the destruction of my Dwelling House and Furniture, which was destroyed by fire on the 29th of May last. It was insured in your office for \$200 under policy No. 7692.

CHAS. SIMPSON. For Insurance and further information, apply to W. A. DOYLE, Almonte, Agent for Lanark & Renfrew.

FOUNDRY. Ploughs, Ploughs. THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to intimate to the Public that he has on hand a quantity of first class Ploughs, decided by all to be the best working Ploughs in this part of the country. Also, a quantity of Scotch and Byronic Ploughs, also all kinds of Pouch Points and Lead Sides, made of the hardest metal. Always kept on hand, Wagon boxes of all sizes. Job Work done on the shortest notice.

DAVID FINDLAY, Carleton Place, April 15, 1864. 32

FARM FOR SALE.—In the Township of Horton, Lot No. 17 and 18 in the 4th Con., containing 150 acres, 100 of which are cleared and under good cultivation. The Farm is on the Main Road from Renfrew village to Pembroke. Title unassailable. For particulars apply to the proprietor on the premises.

WILLIAM COLE, Pembroke, 42c. Horton, June 26th, 1865.

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS. THE SUBSCRIBER IS NOW RECEIVING and opening a well selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods which he offers to sell at VERY LOW PRICES, for Ready Pay or Short Credit, amongst which are:

Plain and Fancy Dress Goods in Great variety, Plain and Fancy Shirtings, Plain and Fancy Tweeds and Dooskins, Plain and Fancy Drills, Checks, &c., Plain and Fancy Ribbons, Trimmings, &c., Plain and Fancy Ladies Hats, and Bonnets, Plain and Fancy Gents' Straw and Felt Hats, Mantles, Jackets, Shawls, Plaids, Handkerchiefs, Parasols, Hosiery, Gloves, &c., with a large assortment of Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Leather, Salt, &c.

A. McARTHUR, Carleton Place, May 8th, 1865. 34

INSOLVENT SALE OF LANDS. PURSUANT to the Statute in that behalf Public Notice is hereby given that on the TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT,

at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the undermentioned lands, being the property of Thomas Isaac, of the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Hardware Merchant, an Insolvent, will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at my office, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets in the CITY OF OTTAWA.

Being composed of Lots number Six, Seven and Ten on the South side of Alexander street, and lot number one on the North side of Augusta street, in the village of Almonte, in the Township of Ramsay, in the County of Lanark; as laid down in a plan and Bonnet, Plain and Fancy Gents' Straw and Felt Hats, Mantles, Jackets, Shawls, Plaids, Handkerchiefs, Parasols, Hosiery, Gloves, &c., with a large assortment of Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Leather, Salt, &c.

Together with other lands in the Township of North Gower and Nepean, in the County of Carleton. Dated, at Ottawa, this Ninth day of June, A.D., 1865.

WILLIAM BARCLAY, Official Assignee. 39

The Singer Sewing Machines. WE beg to inform the public that we have this day appointed W. G. Beach, of the city of Ottawa, to act for us, as general agent in Canada, for the sale of our Sewing Machines.

Mr. Beach is fully authorized by us to furnish agents with Machines upon the most liberal terms and until further notice, parties in the trade are referred to him. Mr. G. W. Folts is no longer, in any way connected with our interest. Mr. Norris Black, No. 18 King Street East is Local Agent for the City of Toronto and vicinity. THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 458 Broadway, New York, May 12th, 1865.

CIRCULAR. SPRING 1865. THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED a large assortment of Goods direct from England, consisting in part—

300 sets Table Cutlery, 36 pairs Carvers, 3 dozen Butter Knives, 6 do Razors, 9 do Scissors, 57 do Pocket Knives, 54 do Butt Hinges, 315 Wrought Latches, Iron Tea and Table Spoons, Nickel Silver Spoons and Forks, Powder Blanks and Shot Pouches, Measuring Tapes, &c., &c.

ALSO FOR SALE—105 dozen Hay Rakes, 30 do Scythe Snaths, 50 Grain Cradles, 9 dozen Garden Rakes, 10 do do Hoes, 12 do Hay and Straw Forks, 9 do Manure Forks, 5 tons Ohio Cradles, Scythes, Hooks, Sickles, Scythe Stones, &c.

BUILDING HARDWARE. Looks and Latches of various styles with trimmings, Glass, Putty, Whiting, English Putty—dry and in oil, Boiled Oil, Turpentine, Varnishes, Cut, Wrought and Pressed Nails.

ALSO—Tar, Pitch, Rosin, Oakum Moss, Fire Brick, Bath Brick, Chalk, Powder, Girdage, Bar Iron and Cast Iron, Spring Cast and Blister Steel, Nail Rods, &c., &c.

With a large assortment of Shelf Hardware! The whole of which will be sold off FOR CASH ONLY. At a liberal discount made to Country Dealers.

W. MARTINDALE. CARRIAGE GOODS. Hubs, Rims, Shafts, Seat Boxes, Spokes, Axles, Thimble Skins, Carriage Springs, Seats, Side & Double Enamelled Cloth and Leather, Oil Cloth, Plated Ornaments, Trimmings of all kinds, Carriage Bolts, &c.

MINING TOOLS. Drill Steel & 1 1/2 inch, Steel Picks, Striking Hammers—cast steel, Shovels—iron and steel, Fuse—common and water, Blasting Powder, &c.

Coffin Trimmings. Of various styles furnished complete at W. Martindale's. Perth, 8th June, 1865. 40c

W. TENNANT & CO., ALMONTE. ARE now receiving a large and general stock of New Spring Goods, Staple & Fancy Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, White Fish, Leather, 3 crates Crockery and Glassware, Iron Nails, Glass, 20 dozen Milk Pans, 46 do do 3d per dozen, 5 cases Boots and Shoes, 200 Chairs at 50c each, 30 Stands, (Grips) and Rockers, 25 Bedsteads, 150 feet Window Blinds, 2,000 Lights Window Sash, all sizes, Panelled Doors, Double and Single Harnes made to order, 1 Double or Single Buggy, 200,000 Pine Shingles, and 200,000 feet Pine Lumber. All will be sold low for Cash or Ready Pay. No credit on any terms whatever, our friends will please not ask us for it.

We expect to do a great business as prices are beyond competition from this out. Our friends will please not feel nervous if we have two large Auction Sales each year for the benefit of our customers. Pork, Wheat, Oats, Butter and Wool will be bought as usual.

Island Store, Almonte, & Co., 20th March, 1865. 36

NOTICE—All those indebted to the Subscriber on the first day of March last, are requested to pay the amount of their accounts due or they will be handed over for collection.

Merchandise farmer's produce will be taken in payment at the highest price, and may be delivered at Robert Crampston's store. NATHANIEL MCNEILLY, Carleton Place, Aug. 8th, 1864. 48

London and Lancashire Insurance Co., Capital—One Million Sterling. CHIEF OFFICES. LONDON—72 & 74 King William Street. LIVERPOOL—Brown's Buildings, Exchange. MONTREAL—50 St. Francois Xavier Street. With numerous Branches and Agencies throughout the World.

CANADA BRANCH. CHAIRMAN—William Workman, Esq., Alexander M. Deland, Esq.; B. H. Lemoine, Esq.; JOHN REDMAN, Esq. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, Gen. Agents, Montreal. Insurances against Fire on most liberal terms. Every description of business, especially transacted on liberal terms, and at moderate rates compared with other institutions.

No Fire or Life Insurance Office has established either in Europe or America, as late as the success of the London and Lancashire, in point of increase of profits, in the same space of time. Its progress has been entirely unprecedented. The strength of Government duty for 1863 over 1862 was larger than any London Office, and the percentage of increase more than doubled that of any other Fire Office in Great Britain. Farm property insured for 3 years at very low rates. W. A. DOYLE, Agent at Almonte. 30ly

BROCKVILLE Marble Works. BY L. DECARLE, Monumental, Gravestones and all kinds of Memorials, of superior design and execution.

Please call and see the carving at his shop before purchasing elsewhere. 9

FOR SALE.—The Wesleyan Prisonage Property near Carleton Place. Apply to the Rev. J. Masson on the premises. Carleton Place, May 30th, 1865. 38c

LAND FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for Sale Eight Hundred Acres of Land in a GOOD STATE OF CULTIVATION. Any person in want of such would do well to call on me before purchasing elsewhere. W. W. AUSTIN, Egawville P. O., Co. Renfrew, May 25th, 1865. 37

LABRAT BROTHERS, BREWERS & Importers, C. W. India Pale, Kennett and other Ales and Porters. 37ly

LOWEST CASH PRICES AND LEADING STORE. FOR STYLE, QUALITY AND VARIETY, GO TO W. CARSS'S, ARMPRIOR.

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods of all kinds, 20 per cent, below former prices. Dress Goods are so cheap every person is buying. Ready made Clothing to fit every person for size and quality. For Gents', Ladies, or Misses' Hats, GO TO W. CARSS'S. 125 Hoot Skirts, very Cheap. Mantles and Shawls can be got at W. Carss's, at a small advance on cost. 50 different Styles and Patterns in English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds. Boots and Shoes, Ladies', Gents' and Misses'. Teas and Sugars that only require trial to insure a continuous usage. Coffee—superior. Turnip Seeds of all kinds. Crockery & Glassware, latest designs and Lowest Prices.

GO TO W. CARSS'S AND TAKE A LOOK THROUGH. W. CARSS, Armprior, May 20, 1865. 36

Extensive Stock of Spring and Summer Goods. PATERSON & ROSAMOND, BEG to call attention to their large and varied Stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which they offer to sell at very low prices for CASH OR READY PAY. The Stock consists in part as follows:—Fancy Dress Goods, Coburgs, Shirtings, Tweeds, Dooskins, Drills, Checks, &c., Cottons, Prints, Ladies' Hats and Bonnets in every variety, Shawls, Plaids, Handkerchiefs, Parasols, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c. Gents' Straw and Felt Hats, with a large assortment of Groceries, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, LEATHER, AND BOOTS & SHOES. HIGHEST price paid for BUTTER and other Farm Produce. PATERSON & ROSAMOND, Almonte, 8th May, 1865. 34

PATERSON & ROSAMOND, Agents for the sale of B. & W. Rosamond's WOOLEN GOODS. The highest market price given for any quantity of good Clean Wool, either in Cash or Cloth. Almonte, 8th May, 1865. 34

LOOK HERE! COTTAGE DOWN. THE SUBSCRIBER has received a New and General Stock of Spring and Summer Goods. All Cottons and Dress Goods will be sold at lower prices than has been offered here for two years.

Groceries of all kinds, Crockery, Medicines, Wall paper, Window Shades, Staircases, Best No. 1 Sole Leather, for 21c, Butter Firkins, A large stock of Boots and Shoes, Ready Made Clothing & Cheeses. Butter, Pork, Eggs, Wool and Hides will be bought as usual. Cash paid on No. 1 new Butter in Firkins. How are Goods sold so low? Because all are sold for Cash or ready pay only. H. TENNANT, Carleton Place, April 24th, 1865. 22

COOLIN SINGLAIR, TAILOR & CLOTHIER. THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS LEAVE to announce to his numerous customers in and around Carleton Place that he will sell off the remainder of his fall stock for a small advance above cost for cash, in order to prepare for the spring trade. His shop is next door to E. Crampston's store. He would also intimate to all those indebted to him to call and settle their accounts immediately, and save costs, as all must pay up this Spring.

STEPHEN LENNAN wishes to inform the inhabitants of Carleton Place, and the surrounding country, that he has commenced the WATCHMAKING and JEWELRY business, and may be found at Mr. Neill's where he will be prepared to execute all orders with which he may be entrusted, in the best style of workmanship and at the lowest prices. Carleton Place, May 1st 1865. 33-

J. McVEAN M. D. C. M., (Graduate of McGill University, Montreal), Physician, Surgeon, Accouchour, &c., &c., Carleton Place, C. W. 36

CASH PAID FOR WOOL!—Cash paid for any quantity of good CLEAN WOOL, at the New Factory opposite John K. Cole's Hotel. GILBERT CANNON, Almonte, May 30th, 1865. 3

FOR SALE.—A House and Lot, at Sand Point, or to the proprietor, JAMES GRAHAM, Bristol, C. E. Sand Point, 22nd March, 1865. 30

For Sale or To Let. In the village of Clayton, a TAVERN STAND, for a term of years. There is a good House, Bar-room, Shed, Stable and a Blacksmith's Shop and Garden on the premises. Apply, if by letter prepaid, to THOMAS McMULLIN, Clayton, 34th.

WARREN'S MELODIONS FOR SALE.—4, 5 & 6 Octaves. Also—Cabinet Organs, for Churches, &c. Every Instrument Warranted Perfect, and second to none in Canada. W. TENNANT & Co., Almonte, 10th April, 1865. 30ly

NOTICE.—Is hereby given that application will be made during the present Session of Parliament for the passage of a Special Act for the final separation of the County of Renfrew from the County of Lanark on a day to be named by the proclamation of the Governor General. January 27th, 1865. 20-4f.

NEW TINSHOP IN ARMPRIOR. [Nearly opposite Campbell's Hotel.] Stoves and Tinware at half the usual prices for Cash or Ready Pay. Please call and see for yourselves. The Highest Price in Cash Paid for Sheep Pelts, Cat Skins, and all kinds of Fur. J. S. BELLAMY, Armprior, May 17th, 1864.

NOTICE.—The subscriber hereby notifies all parties indebted to the late Charles Thomas, Junior, that he is the only person duly authorized to receive payments on account of the estate of the deceased, and that payments to any other will not be recognized. CHARLES THOMAS, Sen., Algonia, Co. Renfrew, April 10, '65. 31f

Hurry for Good Times. NOW IS THE TIME TO SAVE MONEY BY PURCHASING YOUR HARNESSES AT CANTON'S HARNES SHOP, PAKENHAM. THE SUBSCRIBER returns his most sincere thanks to his old customers for the very liberal patronage which he has received during the past year, and would now call their attention to his large Stock of READY-MADE WARE, consisting of Carriage and Harness, Silver plated and japanned, also a large quantity of Lumber Horses, Canadian, American, and Scotch Collars, Saddles, Trunks, and Valises. Carriage Trimmings, done to order. All my stock of Leather is of the best quality. All work guaranteed to be equal to any in Central Canada. All of the above will be sold at 10 per cent of his old price for cash down. CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES. Pakenham, Nov. 12, 1864. 10y

Red Top Strap Leaf Turnip. JUST ARRIVED, ex steamship "Moravia" via from England. 80 LBS. FRESH RED TOP STRAP LEAF TURNIP SEED. The best Turnip grown, for late sowing.—Price, 75cts. per lb. At the Perth Seed Store. JOHN HART, Perth, May 11th, 1865. 34

FOR SALE.—A REAPER and MOWER, which has been very little used, and will be sold at a bargain by the subscriber. The article may be seen at Victoria Farm, Perth. EDWARD G. MALLOCH, Perth, May 7th, 1865. 39-4f

NOTICE.—THE SUBSCRIBER having built a FLOUR & GRIST MILL at Kingston Mills, can now supply Flour of all grades made from Western Wheat, at all requiring the same. The Flour can be shipped every day either by Railroad or Steamboat to all parts of Canada, by applying to EDWARD SMITH, Kingston Mills, C. W. May 25th, 1865. 38

FRESH TURNIP SEED. OF English growth, of reliable quality and true to name. Shirings Improved Purple Top Swede, Leings' do White Swede, Purple Top Swede, White Globe, Green Globe, Red Top Globe, White Flake Norfolk, White Stone, Six weeks, Red Top Strap Leaf &c. The above seeds have been imported for my own trade direct from the English Seed Merchants, and will be sold low for cash to meet the personal wants of the community, at the Perth Seed Store. JOHN HART, Perth, June 1st, 1865. 38

LOOK HERE! COTTAGE DOWN. THE SUBSCRIBER has received a New and General Stock of Spring and Summer Goods. All Cottons and Dress Goods will be sold at lower prices than has been offered here for two years.

Groceries of all kinds, Crockery, Medicines, Wall paper, Window Shades, Staircases, Best No. 1 Sole Leather, for 21c, Butter Firkins, A large stock of Boots and Shoes, Ready Made Clothing & Cheeses. Butter, Pork, Eggs, Wool and Hides will be bought as usual. Cash paid on No. 1 new Butter in Firkins. How are Goods sold so low? Because all are sold for Cash or ready pay only. H. TENNANT, Carleton Place, April 24th, 1865. 22

Smith's Falls Foundry AND MACHINE SHOP, AND Agricultural Works. Frost & Wood, MANUFACTURERS OF Threshing Machines, Buckeye Mowing and Reaping Machines, Stamping Machines, Etc. Road Scrapers, Dog Power Plows, Drag and Circular Cross-cut Sawing Machines, Cultivators, and agricultural implements generally, Cooking, Box and Parquet Stoves, Circular Sawing Machines (capable of Sawing 3 to 16,000 feet of Lumber per day), Shingle Machines, Grist and Saw Mill Outfits, and Jon Work of all kinds. Smith's Falls, O. W. 1-1f

A HOUSE TO LET.—The Subscriber will let for any number of years that may be agreed upon, that new Stone building in the village of Pakenham (at present occupied by the Rev. C. P. Emery), either in whole or in part, as it may suit the occupant. As the house is laid off so as to accommodate one or two families, and a business place, having a commanding position, lying convenient to the Railway station and close to the Grammar School, a large shed and yard, well enclosed, also a garden if required, a well of pure water in the house, having altogether seven apartments. Application if by letter post paid to the proprietor. THOMAS ELLIS, Sen., Pakenham, June 8th, 1865. 38f

DR. GREEN'S Vegetable Tolu Surup. THIS OLD, time tried, standard remedy still maintains its popularity. When all others had proved inefficient, the Surup alone continues to give satisfaction. USE IT FOR COUGHS, COLDS, CATARRH, ASTHMA, CHROUP, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST, AND LUNGS.

For as more than half the diseases "to which flesh is heir" originates from colds, so this may be originated a general prevention of all diseases, by removing the primal cause. A FAMILY MEDICINE. For as more than half the diseases "to which flesh is heir" originates from colds, so this may be originated a general prevention of all diseases, by removing the primal cause. A FAMILY MEDICINE.

SHOULD ALWAYS KEEP THIS FAMILY PHYSICIAN at hand; and by its timely use save hundreds of dollars that would otherwise be swallowed up in discharging doctor's fees. Sold at every Drug and County Store throughout Canada. Price 25 cents per Bottle. Prepared and sold by WAIT & WARD, Chemists, Armprior, O. W.

Dr. Ward's DEAD SHOT WORM CANDY. (CERTIFICATE.) Albany Medical College, December 15, 1862. I do hereby certify that I have analyzed Dr. Ward's Dead Shot Worm Candy, and to the public I would say that they contain nothing that is in the least injurious to the young infant. They are entirely vegetable, and possess those truly antihelmintic qualities which above all others are preferred to exterminators of the common Tape Worm. J. V. P. QUACKENBUSH, Prof. of Obstetrics and diseases of Women and Children.

This Medicine has been prepared by the proprietor for a number of years; has been used with the most decided success in numerous families of the best respectability, and has received the approval and recommendation of several eminent medical gentlemen. The most alarming symptoms of the disease arising from the prevalence of worms in the intestines have been speedily and entirely removed by the use of the VEGETABLE WORM CANDY. Dreadful indeed are the effects of these pernicious vermin on the constitution, destroying the appetite, vitiating the nourishing principles, and their certain consequences are paleness, emaciation, a stoppage of the growth, etc., and often followed by consumption and decline. Even where worms are not discharged, this medicine acts as a gentle and safe domestic physic—clearing the passages of whatever is noxious, introducing a healthy chyle into the constitution. This is a purely vegetable preparation, and contains nothing that is injurious to the smallest infant, and children will eat them as quickly as common candy. Price 25 cents. Prepared and sold by WAIT & WARD, Chemists, Armprior, C. W.

G. H. TURNER & Co. DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES. Dealers in Drugs & Medicines, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Putty, Brushes, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Coal Oils & Lamps, Burning Fluid, Lamp Chimneys and Wick. Tilden's Extracts, Concentrated Eclectic Medicines, Trusses and Shoulder Braces, SURGICAL AND DENTAL INSTRUMENTS. Gold Foil, Precipitated Silver, Tin Foil, Tube Paints of every Colour, Camel Hair, Pencils, Fitches, &c., &c., &c. NEXT DOOR TO WILSON-HOUSE, BROCKVILLE, 8

MEMORANDUM BOOK LOST.—Lost, by the Subscriber, between the villages of Armprior and Lanark, on Saturday the 17th inst., a Memorandum Book, containing a quantity of notes and other papers of no value to any one but himself. The finder will be suitably rewarded by sending the same to the owner in Lanark, or by leaving the same at this office, or at the hotel of Mr. Duncan McIntosh, Perth. JOHN GILLIES, Lanark, 27th June, 1865.

THE HIGHEST Price paid in Cash for WOLLENSHREEP PELTS and COW HIDES. Cottons and Woolen Rags taken in exchange for Tallow. Also Cooking, Box, and Parlor Stoves sold cheap for Cash or approved Credit. Stoves Oven lined with nearest and despatch. Stove Pipes 10c cents and all other articles cheap. WM. TAYLOR, Tinsmith, Carleton Place, September 12, 1864. 1-1y

Row's Royal Patent Coffee Pot MANUFACTURED AT ARMPRIOR BY JOHN BUTLER.

HE also has a large stock of TINWARE and SHELF IRON of all kinds, set up in the best style, and of the best quality. A large and constant supply always on hand at the Armprior Tin Ware Rooms, every article in the trade made to order and on hand, and cheap for Cash or ready pay. Soap Pelts, Rags, and all kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods. JOHN BUTLER, 15th Ward Room is on the corner of Main Street and Harriet Street, in the village of Lanark, Armprior, December 2nd, 1864. 18-1y

Credit System Abolished. THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to announce to his numerous customers in and around Pakenham that he has totally abolished the Credit System, and having made a great reduction in his prices he will hereafter sell only for Ready Pay. He would also intimate to all those indebted to him to call and settle their accounts immediately. ALEX. GORDON, Pakenham, Jan. 2nd, 1865. 16

UNION HOTEL. (Late Wilson House.) SMITH'S FALLS. The Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the travelling public that he has opened the above Hotel, where will be found, at all hours, every accommodation that may reasonably be expected in a First class Hotel. Carriages to and from the Railroad Station free of charge. HENRY LAKE, 186f

COLE'S HOTEL. ALMONTE. JOHN K. COLE, PROPRIETOR. THE PROPRIETOR takes the opportunity of announcing to travellers that he has opened his new Hotel, and is prepared to accommodate visitors in a first class style—travellers conveyed to and from the cars free of charge. Horses and carriages for hire at all times. Stages leave the House daily on the arrival of the Cars, for Pakenham and Armprior.

METCALFE'S HOTEL. CARLETON PLACE. R. METCALFE, Proprietor, thankful for the past favours, having made great improvements in his House, Stables and Yard, is prepared, with increased facilities, to accommodate the travelling community. He can also, as heretofore, supply the public with the very best Maltland High-wines, and other liquors, by the gallon or larger quantities. Carleton Place, 17th Dec. 1864. 15

FOUST'S HOTEL. THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES to inform the inhabitants of Carleton Place, Beckwith and travelling public, that he has reopened the Hotel on Brockway Street, South of the Mississippi river, in this village, formerly kept by Robert Metcalfe, where he will be prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage. His bar will be constantly supplied with the best liquors, and his tables furnished with the best of the market can afford the most attentive will be given to the waiting department. W. A. FOUST, Carleton Place, Sept. 20, 1864. 21f

ALMONTE HOUSE. THE Undersigned beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally that they have leased the above superior Hotel for a term of years, and have fitted it up in first-class style for the accommodation of the public. Good Wines and good Liquors to be had at the Bar. Excellent Stabling in connection with the house. By strict attention to the wants of their guests they hope to merit a share of public patronage. MAGOUSH'S CELEBRATED PATENT PUMP. We still continue the manufacture of the above Pump, all orders for which will receive strict attention as heretofore. We also manufacture an excellent article of Pump for draining lands, covering water, and other places in Carleton, &c. This pump can be manufactured so as to be used in drilled wells. We are prepared to furnish the latest improved Dog Power Chain. HAMLIN & ROBINSON, Almonte, February, 1865. 22ly

REMOVAL. THE Undersigned would notify his friends and customers that he has fitted and opened the old Glasgow Stand, Perth, where he hopes to merit as good a patronage in Hotel and Livery Business as he had at the well known Almonte House. W. C. LEWIS, Perth, Jan. 13th, 1865. 18

REMOVAL. I BEG LEAVE to return my sincere thanks to the Public for their generous patronage while I have kept the Commercial Hotel in Pakenham, and I further solicit a continuation of their liberal support by my present establishment, the BRITISH HOTEL, formerly kept by the late Mr. McFarlane, and which has recently been fitted up in a style that will give comfort to travellers. WILLIAM DICKSON, Pakenham, 8th Feb. 1864. 22

Land Surveying. THE SUBSCRIBER is now furnished with new improved and very accurate instruments, and will make every description of survey, by the Meridian or otherwise, with the greatest accuracy, and at notice and lowest charges. Also in the laying out and mapping of Towns and Villages on the most advantageous plan. The subscriber has had a large and varied experience. Written communications post-paid and addressed Perth, C. W., or left at the subscriber's residence for the present in the new building adjoining the Music Hall, near the Free Church, stating exactly what kind of line, and where to be run, or what other survey to be made will be punctually attended to; but no attention paid to verbal messages. Liberal Credit given when required. JOSEPH M. D. CROMWELL, Perth, March, 1862.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS. COE'S SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME—A STANDARD MANURE FOR ALL CROPS OF THE GARDEN OR FARM. IT matures the Crops from Ten to Twenty Days earlier, and wonderfully increases the yield. In barley and hoarse—at 50 lbs. T. with Freight added from Montreal. For instructions as to its application, and for a supply of the article, apply to the undersigned, dealer in Garden and Field Seeds, Plants, &c. JOHN HART, Perth, C. W. 27.

CASH! CASH! CASH! THE HIGHEST Price paid in Cash for WOLLENSHREEP PELTS and COW HIDES. Cottons and Woolen Rags taken in exchange for Tallow. Also Cooking, Box, and Parlor Stoves sold cheap for Cash or approved Credit. Stoves Oven lined with nearest and despatch. Stove Pipes 10c cents and all other articles cheap. WM. TAYLOR, Tinsmith, Carleton Place, September 12, 1864. 1-1y

Row's Royal Patent Coffee Pot MANUFACTURED AT ARMPRIOR BY JOHN BUTLER.

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DEACON & MORRIS, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Perth—County of Lanark. JOHN DEACON, Jr., ALEX. MORRIS, August, 1864. FRASER & BETHUNE, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Notaries, &c. Glen—Alm's Buildings. JOSEPH JAMIESON, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Commissioner in Queen's Bench, Conservator, &c., Perth—County of Lanark, Armprior, County of Renfrew. 17-1y

E. GIBSON, M. D., C. M., Graduate of McGill University, Montreal, Licentiate, Physician, Surgeon, and Accouchour, Pakenham, C. W. W. H. MOSTYN, M. D., Physician, Surgeon & Accouchour, Graduate of Queen's College, Kingston, Governor for the United Counties of Lanark and Renfrew, Almonte, C. W. JAMES PATTERSON, M. D., C. M., Graduate of McGill University,