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NO. 92.

DECORATIONS OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS FOR ROYAL VISIT.

Comprehensive Scheme Under Consideration for Occasion in October.

GRANDEUR PROMISED.

Anxiety of the Ministers Relieved as to the Possibility of the Canadian Visit Being Cancelled--The Government Steamer Newfield Ashore.

Ottawa, Aug. 8--(Special)--The minister of public works, with his deputy and Lieut. Col. Gordon, were engaged today in looking into a system of decorations of public buildings at Ottawa and Quebec.

"We are engaged on a comprehensive scheme for the fitting decoration of all public buildings on the occasion of the royal party's visit," said Mr. Tarte. "It will be for the chief points to be included in the tour, and will be something that our people have not witnessed before. I cannot say more at present till we get things worked out a little. The announcement from London that the king has decided not to let the death of the Empress of Germany interfere with the completion of the Duke of Cornwall's tour of the colonies removes the anxiety of the ministers as to the possibility of the Canadian visit being cancelled. But no word has yet come as to whether the event will have any effect on the social and military entertainments prepared for the prince's coming. These will come through the governor-general.

The government steamer Newfoundland went ashore last night on the bank in Pictou harbor. There is no danger to the vessel as she is safe from wind and sea. A bulletin on the census returned issued in a few days, but nothing official will be known. However, it is hinted that the increase in the population will be in round figures about 5,400,000. This total population of about 5,400,000 is not so large as was expected. As a matter of fact it does not show the real increase, because evidence has been secured to establish that the census of 1891 was stuffed. In some localities the families and the dwellings have largely increased since 1891, yet the census of that year shows less than it was ten years ago.

ANGLERS WANT LEGISLATION.

Sir Louis Davies at a Meeting of the St. Lawrence River Association.

Waterloo, N. Y., Aug. 8--At the meeting of the Anglers' Association of the St. Lawrence River yesterday, steps were taken to secure a uniform bass season in Canada and the United States. Legislation is asked for to stop the netting of bass on Lake Ontario by which process each season tons of black bass are caught, thus depleting the supply in the St. Lawrence. Sir Louis Davies, minister of marine and fisheries of the dominion of Canada, was a speaker. William C. Brown, of New York, was elected president.

C. P. R. Strike Conference.

Montreal, Aug. 8--(Special)--C. Pope, chairman of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and A. Shaw, chairman of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, who are in Montreal to confer with the Canadian Pacific authorities in connection with the trackmen's strike, will await the arrival of General Manager McNichol, who is expected from the west by the end of the week. Efforts will then be made to bring about a settlement.

Millions from the Klondike.

Toronto, Aug. 8--So far this year the Canadian Bank of Commerce has received between \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000 in gold from the Klondike. The Bank of British North America is thought to have received the same amount, and large amounts have also passed through the large trading companies.

MAIMED BY A SEA MONSTER.

Details of a Strange Accident to a Naval Officer --- Leg Bitten Off While Swimming.

Washington, Aug. 8--Admiral Kempf has forwarded to the navy department an official report, thrilling in its details, of the biting off of the leg of Quartermaster S. McKie, third-class, of the gunboat Annapolis, by a shark or other mammoth sea monster. The Annapolis had been stationed at late at Hilo, and on June 24 last, a party was sent out for rifle target practice. Commander Rohrer, in command of the Annapolis, states that permission was given to several of the men to go swimming. McKie joined them. He made a dive and was gone for several seconds. When he ap-

NEW FINDS OF IRON MADE AT THUNDER BAY.

U. S. Steel Trust and Clergue Company Make Applications.

TWO VEINS WERE FOUND.

Winnipeg Carpenters Have Gone Out on Strike -- Want Big Increase in Pay -- General Gascoigne, Who Commanded Canadians, Lands at Vancouver.

Toronto, Aug. 8--(Special)--New and important discoveries of iron have been reported to the department of crown lands as having been made in Thunder Bay district, to the east of Lake Nipigon. Two distinct veins have been found. The surface deposits show the ore to be of hematite variety of low grade, about 40 per cent. pure. The United States steel trust is already in the field and has taken and applied for about 8,000 acres in the district, while one of Clergue's enterprises, the Algoma Commercial Company, has obtained from prospectors the choice of between 4,000 and 5,000 acres.

Winnipeg, Aug. 8--(Special)--The carpenters of Winnipeg struck work this morning, between 400 and 500 going out. The men demand a nine-hour day and 40 cents an hour, which is a big increase on the present rate. The strike will be a bad blow to contractors, as a large number of new buildings are in course of erection.

MARSHAL WALTERS GREETED AT HAMBURG.

Tells the Populace That Operations in China Have Increased German Prestige.

Hamburg, Aug. 8--The steamer Gera, with Count Von Walderssee on board, arrived here today. The field marshal landed immediately, amidst cheering from the crowd assembled. General Von Wittke, representing Emperor William, welcomed Von Walderssee. After an inspection of the guard of honor, the field marshal, accompanied by Gen. Von Wittke, and escorted by a squadron of the King's Uhlans, proceeded to the town hall. He was warmly applauded as he passed through the thronged and decorated streets. At the town hall, replying to an address of the burgomaster, Von Walderssee gave credit for the German success in China to the officers and men of the expeditionary force. He said he hoped for the speedy advent of peace in order that German trade and enterprise might profit by the result of the year's operations, which had greatly increased German prestige in the far east.

Dr. Schenk's Methods.

Berlin, Aug. 8--The programme arranged for the forthcoming zoological congress in Berlin includes 139 addresses. Professor Samuel Schenk, of the University of Vienna, will discuss before the congress his method of predetermining sex.

BOTH SIDES MAKING A SHOW OF STRENGTH TO THE WORLD.

This the Policy as the Day of Final Action in Big Strike Draws Near--Talk of Intervention by Archbishop Ireland, Senator Hanna and Others.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 8--The contending sides in the steel strike are centering their energies for a show of strength on the day when the general strike order becomes effective. The United States steel corporation is reopening mills closed by the first strike call, to show its independence of unionism and gathering strength wherever it may to lighten the effect of the sympathetic assistance which the Amalgamated Association bends its energies to the extension of its membership and to obtain the support and co-operation of the American Federation of Labor.

The general strike order becomes effective on Saturday night. Officials of the steel companies admit that thousands of mills will go out, but they positively deny that the tie up will be general. They point to their success in reopening four mills that were closed and say that they have strongholds at points where the Amalgamated claims the greatest strength. The steel officials are inclined to minimize the sympathetic assistance which the Amalgamated Association will get. One official said: "What can the machinists do? If they are not just beaten? And the mine workers, did they aid the firm?"

President Shaffer and his associates, on the other hand, insist that the strike order will be generally obeyed and that they will obtain more than enough support to cripple the steel corporation. "We have these people linked to a standard already," was the way that Vice-President-elect Gibson, of Pittsburg, voiced his feelings. With both sides armed and the situation tense, a general strike had 48 hours away, many ordinarily well informed persons hold the belief there will yet be a settlement of the strike. Very

Preston came here yesterday and his presence started the rumor today that he was here to ask for another conference. Mr. Preston pointedly denied that he was doing anything of the kind, and made no effort to see any of the strike leaders.

Outside Intervention. Some of the men who predict settlement believe there will be outside intervention from powerful interests and a submission of dispute to arbitration. Men of national reputation, including Archbishop Ireland and Senators Hanna and Scott have been named, but if efforts are being put forth in that direction they have not yet appeared upon the surface.

President Shaffer devoted today to a conference with President Gompers, of the A. F. of L., with a view to a personal appeal to the strikers to suspend their strike or to his immense organization. The conference will be resumed tomorrow morning.

President Gompers came here in company with Frank Morrison, secretary of the federation, and was met at the Pennsylvania Hotel by President Shaffer, Secretary Williams, Assistant Secretary Tighe, Vice-Presidents Rice and Chappell, National Trustee John Pierce and Ben. J. Davis. They sat in executive session from 11 until 3:10 o'clock, when they went out for lunch. They returned to headquarters shortly before 5 o'clock and after a brief talk parted for the day.

President Gompers would say nothing other than that he had come here to look the situation over. President Shaffer also declined to talk about the conference. The steel corporation succeeded today in getting the Farm mill at the Lindsay and McCutcheon plant and another mill at

the Clark works, in operation. They also received reports that at Hyde Park last night four of the mills did perfect work and an announcement from Wellsville that the strike was virtually over there. They met with no opposition at any of the four points where they have reopened mills. The strikers insist that there are not enough men at the Lindsay and McCutcheon establishment to operate the one mill started and predicted that it would close down during the day. It was kept going, however, until night. It is planned to open another mill at Lindsay and McCutcheon and also to start the Painter mill and that Chastice's plant at Carnegie, but just when remains to be seen.

The steel corporation is evidently putting forth its greatest effort at Pittsburg for the moral effect elsewhere.

A Foreigner Shot. The first act of violence in this neighborhood occurred at Natrona last night, when a foreigner, whose name could not be learned, was shot, presumably by strikers. He was not seriously injured. Six or eight shots were fired from the hill back of the Pennsylvania salt manufacturing works by strikers, who are trying to frighten the new men away. A heavy guard of special officers has been put on for the protection of the workmen.

The strike leaders plan a series of rallies for Saturday, the closing day of their preliminary campaign. It was reported tonight that an attempt would be made before morning to reopen the Painter mill. At Newcastle tonight, the Raney and Rosena furnaces were shut down, leaving 600 men without employment. The order directed that the furnaces be blown out, which means a long shut down.

The man arrested in big theft case. Winters, the Name--The Evidence Upon Which He is Held.

San Francisco, Aug. 8--Captain Seymour, of the local detectives has disclosed the identity of the man whom the police department has in custody, on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery of \$283,000 worth of gold bullion from the Selby smelter works at Vallejo Junction. The suspect is John Winters, 37 years old, a former employe of the smelting company. Captain Seymour also outlined the evidence on which Winters is being held, as follows: "A man's cap, which was found in the railway tunnel last Tuesday morning, has been positively identified as a head covering worn by Winters, and to strengthen this fact there is a further one that the suspect has been wearing a new cap ever since the time of the robbery. He exhibited his loss of the old one by saying it blew away. The cover of the tunnel, excavated by the thieves was constructed of leather, upon which some cloth was fastened with tacks of a peculiar pattern, and tacks similar to these were found today in Winters's cabin. Portions of laths silver to those composing the framework of the cover, have been found at the same place.

A pistol owned by Winters and found in the tunnel were found several cubes of peculiar chalk, which had evidently been used to smother the grinding sound made by the drill by which the floor plate of the vault had been bored and pieces of chalk like them were discovered in Winters's residence.

In the cabin was also found a new implement designed to cut gas pipe. A small electric battery and a tiny electric bulb, the latter being covered with dielectric material, were found in the tunnel, was found in the cabin.

Winters had been seen late at night in the vicinity of the railroad tunnel several times by persons who had occasion to pass that way.

Winters, however, stoutly maintains that he knows nothing whatever about the robbery.

Tried to be pretty; \$22,000 fire follows. Servant Lighted Gas to Curl Her Hair, and the House Was Burned.

New York, Aug. 8--Because a young woman wished to make herself pretty, the handsome \$22,000 residence of L. C. Van Alper, Edorado place, Clinton Park, West-haven, was nearly destroyed by fire yesterday. Going to her room in the afternoon to dress, a servant lighted a gas jet beside the window, to heat her curling tongs. The window was open and the curtain was blown against the gas, becoming ignited.

EMPEROR'S BODY NOW REPOSES IN THE CASKET.

Service, Simple Yet Impressive, Was Held Over Remains Thursday.

THERE WAS NO MUSIC.

Emperor William, at Foot of Coffin, With Head Bowed--Castle Still Presents Appearance of State of Siege--Pickets and Detectives on Watch.

Cronberg, Aug. 8--The body of the deceased Emperor Frederick was placed in a coffin early this morning. Cronberg, Aug. 8--The funeral service held at Friedrichshof late this afternoon was simple but highly impressive. It was performed at the request of the late dowager empress, by the Bishop of Ripon, her own chaplain, assisted by the Rev. Thomas Teignmouth Shore, canon of Worcester. The coffin stood in the death chamber covered with a long black pall and strewn with white roses. At the foot, with bowed head and slightly in advance of the other mourners stood Emperor William in the uniform of the Black Hussars, the regiment of the late dowager empress. Just behind him were all the other members of the royal family except Prince Henry of Prussia. The other mourners who formed two lines in the rear, included Prince and Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, Col. Pritzelwitz, Crown Prince Frederick William's aide, Count Von Zechendorf, who was the secretary of the emperor, and the Duke of Cambridge, the Grand Duke of Hesse and a few court officials.

The service was conducted entirely without music. It consisted of a portion of the burial service of the Church of England, the ninth psalm, the lesson from the first epistle to the Corinthians and the benediction. The congregation rendered the responses. Immediately after its conclusion, Emperor William and the empress drove back to Homburg. A few people standing near the Friedrichshof saluted respectfully on their majesties' arrival and departure. The emperor presented the appearance of a state of siege. Hussars are bivouacked in the woods, cavalry pickets and mounted police patrol the roads and a large force of detectives is in evidence about the town, restricting all comers.

Count Walderssee will arrive here Saturday to report personally to the emperor and the emperor general, his condolences with his majesty and the royal family in their affliction through the death of her imperial majesty, the beloved daughter of our late emperor and mother of the emperor of one of the greatest nations in the world.

Exciting session of British commons. Balfour's New Rule of Voting Estimates by Wholesale Closure.

London, Aug. 9--At 10 o'clock last night, in a crowded and exciting session of the House of Commons, Mr. Balfour's new rule of voting estimates by wholesale closure was adopted. Lamped in "classes," more than 507,000 were, by this scheme, voted in a series of divisions before 1 o'clock this morning, the government majority always exceeding 100. The Irish members engaged in obstructive tactics.

A VIOLENT ELECTRIC STORM.

Heavy Damage to Property and Loss of Life at Portsmouth, New Hampshire.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 8--A violent electric storm accompanied by a wind of unusual velocity struck this city late this afternoon causing loss of life and a heavy damage to property. The roof of a large stone shed, at the navy yard in which 100 men were at work collapsed, burying half a dozen of them in the wreckage. A woman who had sought shelter in the shed from the tempest was killed and many of the workmen maimed. It is feared other bodies are buried in the ruins. Property at the yard was badly damaged.

The injured, John Robinson, stonecutter, right leg broken and contusions on the left leg. John Karlstrom, stonecutter, finger cut. Inspector of Granite Sullivan, of Concord, and Superintendent of Granite Webster, badly bruised.

OCEAN LINER CRASHES INTO SMALLER BOAT.

The Big Oceanic Sank the Smaller Kincora in the Irish Channel.

SEVEN LIVES WERE LOST.

The White Star Liner Was But Little Damaged -- Fireman of Kincora Gave Up Chance of Safety to Look After Boilers--How 14 Men Were Saved.

Queenstown, Aug. 8--The White Star liner steamer Oceanic, Captain Cameron, which sailed from Liverpool yesterday for New York via Queenstown, arrived here this morning and reported having been in collision last night in the Irish channel with the steamer Kincora. The Kincora sank. Seven persons were drowned. The Oceanic was a steel screw steamer of 453 tons. She belonged to the Waterford Steamship Company. The collision occurred in a fog. The bow of the Oceanic was damaged. The Kincora was a coasting vessel trading between Waterford and Limerick. She had a crew of 21 men. The Oceanic brought the seven survivors to this port.

Later details of the collision show that the only damage sustained by the Oceanic consisted in a few dents to her port plates. She proceeded at 3:50 p. m. The collision occurred this side of Tusk, at about 1:30 in the morning. The Kincora was very dense. The Kincora was struck amidships. All the passengers of the Oceanic were in bed at the time and there was some commotion until Captain Cameron was told that there was not the least cause for alarm. Howarth was kept on the Oceanic after she struck the Kincora in order to give the crew of the latter a chance to clamber on board the Oceanic. The boats were lowered to rescue every man possible. The Kincora sank very rapidly. The bodies of the seven who were missing were seen only at daylight, but nothing was then visible beyond some floating wreckage.

The damage sustained by the Oceanic will not prevent her proceeding on her journey. The Oceanic was going dead slow when the collision occurred. All the Kincora's boats were jammed and rendered useless by the impact. Fourteen men, including the captain, scrambled on board the Oceanic with aid of ropes lowered from the liner. Among the seven who were drowned was fireman George Collins, who might have saved himself but went below to endeavor to prevent the boilers bursting.

DAMAGE TO ST. PAUL'S.

Eight Arches Broken--Underground Railways and Sewers Ditto.

London, Aug. 8--Somers Clark, the architect in charge of St. Paul's cathedral, writes to the Times as follows: "The immense weight resting upon the eight piers upholding the dome has caused the foundations under the dome to settle more and more elsewhere. The settlement has broken eight arches and the windows of the clerestory over them in the nave of the choir and in the north transept, almost instantaneously. Mr. Mealey and his two-year-old son escaped injury. The entire party was buried beneath the wreck. Joel Pearson, a stonecutter, who had been struck by flying timbers, died soon after being taken to the hospital. None of the injuries sustained by the others is considered serious.

MANITOBA'S GREAT WHEAT CROP.

Estimated at 50,000,000 Bushels -- Railroads Prepared to Handle It.

Montreal, Aug. 6--Harvesting has begun in the Canadian West, and the indications are that the crop will be up to the extraordinary predictions made for it in most respect at least. The alarmist reports denied by those in a position to know--and the donkeys would seem to be substantiated by the threshing results so far. In short it is now conceded that 50,000,000 bushels is not an extravagant estimate for the Manitoba wheat crop, exclusive of that of the Territories. Even making all allowances, this should leave 30,000,000 bushels of wheat for export.

The Canadian Pacific Railway is making great preparations for the moving forward of the crop, and the Canadian Northern is in a position to enter into competition for the grain trade, as its new line to Port Arthur will be ready by October 1. Thomas Tait, transportation manager of the Canadian Pacific, said in an interview that the company was making arrangements whereby at Port William during the months of September, October, November and December, grain would be shipped in a train every hour, provided they could get the vessels to take the grain away from the elevators. The company has a storage capacity in its elevators here of 5,500,000 bushels, and it will be necessary to keep the grain moving forward by water so as not to clog up the elevators. Mr. Tait said that so soon as they knew the harvest was assured, they contacted outside their own shops for all the cars and engines that could be delivered within the time for the movement of the crop. At the same time their own shops were working full capacity.

AMERICANS MAKE TOO MUCH OF MINISTER WU.

So Think the United States Missionaries in China--The Astute Chinese.

New York, Aug. 8--Rev. S. Miner, who for some time has been at the head of a private school system at Foo Chow, China, is in the city. He says missionaries in China do not approve of the honors paid to Minister Wu Ting Fang by the people of this country. Mr. Miner is quoted as saying of Minister Wu: "I understand the course of our government. I do not know, but Americans in China think we made a mistake in withdrawing our troops so soon. The Chinese are at this moment buying war material in vast quantities. They are spending money in that way and pleading inability to pay indemnities because of poverty."

The Mandarin class in China is untrustworthy. We ought not to take their word. Chinese diplomacy is not to be counted upon, and our government makes a mistake when it builds upon it.

STRATHCONA TO COME TO CANADA.

To Help Receive the Duke and Duchess--Named for Honors.

Montreal, Aug. 8--(Special)--Lord Strathcona is expected to arrive here from London September 1st to take part in the reception to the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall.

It is said that George B. Reeve, vice-president and general manager of the Grand Trunk, and Robert MacKay, chairman of the harbor commissioners, will be among those to receive titles along with T. G. Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific, when the duke arrives. It is also stated that Mayor Prefontaine's name will appear.

TORONTO DOCTOR ENDS LIFE WITH SHOTGUN.

Victim Was Dr. O. F. Macdonald--Brain Was Affected by Illness.

Toronto, Aug. 8--(Special)--Dr. Overton F. Macdonald, a prominent physician of this city, committed suicide at his home this evening by shooting himself in the head with a shotgun. He had been in poor health for some time as the result of an attack of grippe and had acted peculiarly of late, apparently having a morbid mania. He was 36 years of age and leaves his wife and one daughter.

CUT OFF WITH \$40, COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Act of Banker's Nephew Who Expected \$40,000 and Received \$40.

Philadelphia, Aug. 8--Maximilian Manasse, nephew of a former wealthy banker of Berlin, Germany, committed suicide at his boarding house today by shooting himself because his uncle had cut him off in his will with \$40. Manasse, who was a clerk, had frequently spoken of his uncle and said he expected to receive \$100,000. When he received a letter last night telling him he was to receive but \$40, he went to his room and killed himself. His body was found today.

TURKS AND BULGARIANS FIGHT.

Vienna, Aug. 7--According to a despatch from Salonika to the Pester Lloyd of Budapest, eight Bulgarian men were raiding Turkish territory found themselves pursued by Turkish troops, and took refuge in the house of a peasant. The fired on the Turks, killing an officer. The Turks then set fire to the house, burning to death the Bulgarians and the peasant and his family.

London, Aug. 7--A despatch to the Morning Leader from Sofia reports an alleged "battle" between Bulgarian bandits and Turkish troops near Adrianople. Thirty Turks are said to have been killed.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN N. B., AUGUST 10, 1901.

HORRIBLE SIGHT; NEGRO BURNED AT STAKE FOR CRIME

Cursed His Executioners When Agonized Pleas for Mercy Availled Nothing.

CONFESSED HIS CRIME.

Was Captured by Posse With Bloodhounds -- Bound to Iron Pipe With Chains, Oil and Fire Were Applied, and He Died in Sight of 500 People, With Awful agony.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 7.—John Wesley Pennington, a negro, was burned at the stake near Enterprise, Ala., before a crowd of 500 enraged and determined residents of Coffee county, this morning. The mob was composed of both whites and blacks and, though the suffering man pleaded for mercy and frantically endeavored to break the chains that bound him, not a trace of sympathy was shown. Pennington had committed a brutal assault upon Mrs. J. C. Davis, wife of one of the most prominent farmers of Coffee county, and had confessed his guilt. The crime was committed Tuesday afternoon. A large posse was organized, with bloodhounds, and captured the negro in a swamp. He was bound and taken to the Davis home for identification. When the posse arrived this morning with Pennington; at least 500 persons were gathered near the Davis residence. Mrs. Davis recognized her assailant and the negro admitted the assault and pleaded for mercy, but he was dragged to the woods nearby. An iron pipe was driven in the ground. Around this brushwood was piled. When the negro saw his doom he screamed with terror and fell in a faint. He was revived and dragged to the stake, but had to be held up while the chains were fastened around his neck and body. A match was applied to the pile and with oil to feed upon the flame soon burst into a roar. The terrified negro again and again pleaded for mercy in agonizing tones and prayed to God that those around him might perish. He then called upon his maker for forgiveness and as the flames leaped up and encircled his neck nothing could be seen but the writing motion in the circle of fire. The oil burnt out and the flames subsided sufficiently to show that Pennington's head had fallen forward and hung limp over the iron chain. His body was quickly consumed and the crowd dispersed.

Catholic Total Abstinence Union.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 7.—Three hundred delegates, representing many states east of the Mississippi, attended the opening session today of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America. An eloquent sermon was delivered by Rev. Thos. F. Burke, C. I. P., of New York, who welcomed the delegates with powerful arguments in behalf of the temperance organization. At the afternoon session Rev. D. F. McGillicuddy, president of the union, occupied the chair.

Quebec's Shipping Representatives.

Quebec, Aug. 7.—(Special)—Hon. John Shepley and Felix Chabry were unanimously re-elected at a meeting of the Quebec harbor commission today to represent the shipping interests of the port for the ensuing three years.

Not Drowned, But a Deserter.

Kingston, Ont., Aug. 7.—(Special)—Bombardier McNally, who deserted some months ago from the 1st Battalion and was reported drowned, has given himself up to the military authorities. He will be court-martialed.

Over a Million for Charity.

London, Aug. 8.—Under the will of the late James Tolman, of London, the sum of £200,000 is bequeathed to charity and the executors are given an absolutely free hand in its distribution.

Hon. Mr. Tarte to Montreal.

Montreal, Aug. 7.—(Special)—Hon. J. I. Tarte has written the board of harbor commissioners, pointing out the necessity for having complete terminal facilities for Montreal, asking the harbor engineers to prepare plans and that nothing in the undertaking be allowed to interfere with that idea.

An Honor for Carnegie.

London, Aug. 7.—The Exchange Telegraph Company says that Andrew Carnegie has been invited to become Lord Rector of the University of Aberdeen in succession to Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal.

Chatham's well known Barber, T. N. Murphy, writes June 22, 1900. "I can cheerfully recommend Bentley's Liniment, which I find is better than any other." The largest bottle in the lot is Bentley's Liniment, 25c. size.

The Southern Troubles.

Washington, Aug. 6.—Consul Ogden, at Panama, today cabled the state department the following: "Liberals determined for one hour passenger train at Matanzas this morning; captured some government officials; no looting; no damage."

For the masses, not the classes. Bentley's Liniment is the family medicine chest. Price 10 and 25c.

TRYING TO SAVE GEORGE O'BRIEN WHO WASTO HANG

Application to Department of Justice in Behalf of Yukon Murderer.

PLANS FOR ROYALTY.

Lady Minto Wants 7,000 Children to Sing -- Alderman Objects to \$10,000 for Expenditure -- Revised Lists of Voters for York County Are Ready.

Ottawa, Aug. 6.—(Special)—Messrs. Chrysler and Bethune, of Ottawa, have applied to the department of justice to be heard tomorrow in the case of George O'Brien, sentenced to be hanged at Dawson City, on the 22nd inst., for murder. They are representing Mr. Beecher, of Dawson, who was O'Brien's counsel at the trial. They will ask, probably, for a new trial and if that is refused they will urge for commutation. Neither will likely be granted. O'Brien's case is one of the worst that has come before the department for some time.

D. A. Gilchrist, professor of agriculture in Reading College, England, is here on his way to the coast. He came to Canada with Hon. Mr. Fisher and will visit the experimental farms and obtain all the information he can during his stay in respect to the country, so that he will be able to reply to questions from his students, who intend going to Canada, respecting this country.

The will of the late Patrick Baskerville, ex-M. P. P., was probated today. The estate is valued at \$130,000. Of this \$10,000 goes to St. Patrick's asylum, \$400 to St. Vincent De Paul Society, Good Shepherd, \$200, and St. Joseph's Orphanage, \$300.

Before Lady Minto left the city she suggested that when the statue of Queen Victoria is unveiled by the Duke of York all the school children of the city should be present. Lady Minto thinks the idea produced by the assembling of between 7,000 or 8,000 children around the statue would be appreciated by the duke.

James Gallagher died at St. Luke's hospital about 4 o'clock this morning as the result of injuries sustained by falling under a train at the car station at South Indian about 11 o'clock last night. Gallagher was badly mangled by the wheels. His left arm was completely severed from the body at the shoulder. His back was badly cut and bruised and he sustained internal injuries. Deceased was the son of the late Michael Gallagher, fruit dealer, Byward street.

Ald. Lewis is talking of taking out an injunction against the city paying over the grant of \$10,000 for the reception to the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall. The militia department does not think there will be any interference with the programme for the military review on account of the death of the Empress Frederick.

The revised voters' lists for York, New Brunswick, are ready for distribution. It will be necessary to have new lists for Lisgar before an election. Speaker Brodeur has issued his warrant to the clerk of the crown in chancery for an election at Lisgar. Writs are not likely to be issued for some time yet.

Ottawa, Aug. 7.—(Special)—The railway mail clerks running on the Canadian Pacific railway west of Ottawa have united in a petition to the minister of labor, Hon. Mr. Mulock, asking that he interpose himself towards bringing the trackmen's strike to a conclusion.

The petition says that the mail clerks do not wish to be interfering in the strike, as a strike, but they feel that as a result of the strike the tracks have become unsafe for travel, and that they, as mail clerks, are vitally interested. The petition asks the minister of labor to use his good offices toward a settlement of the strike. The petition was signed by about 15 clerks, and was forwarded yesterday. Major General O'Grady-Haly has donated a cup for competition at the D. R. A. meeting. The cup will be given for the highest aggregate in the Borden and Kirkpatrick matches, both of which are shot under service conditions. The O'Grady-Haly cup competition will be open to members of the active militia only.

HON. MR. FISHER'S HOME AGAIN FROM ENGLAND

Did Much Work in Connection With Canada's Agricultural Trade.

ABOUT OUR CATTLE.

Had Interviews With Mr. Joseph Chamberlain on This Matter; Also Talk With Lord Roberts, and Horses Will Be Bought Here--The Hay Business.

Ottawa, Aug. 6.—(Special)—Hon. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture, who has been in England for several weeks, returned to Ottawa today. While in England he did a great deal of work in connection with Canada's agricultural trade with the motherland.

Mr. Fisher had a number of interviews with Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and others with respect to the laws against Canadian cattle. He points out that since 1896 the situation in regard to the schedule upon our cattle has changed. There is no longer a schedule list in Britain. Now no cattle from any country except Canada and the United States are allowed to land for slaughter. Change has also been made in the interpretation of the law and the feeling of farmers and stock owners is so strong on account of fear of the importation of diseased animals that an amending law cannot be passed.

It was claimed that practically the law as it stands was a reflection upon the health of Canadian cattle, but Mr. Fisher did not agree with this, pointing out that the only reason for the existing law was the fear of the entry of diseased animals and that it was clear they thought there was danger. The British authorities said Canada and the United States were better off than any other countries and secured that there should be no complaint.

Mr. Fisher had an interview with Lord Roberts in regard to the purchase of remounts in Canada for the British army. He also saw the war office committee charged with the investigation of the subject of sources of supply. He pointed out the many advantages of the purchase of remounts in Canada. All seemed to be favorably impressed. The committee's report on the subject presented by Mr. Fisher thinks the prospects are good for the purchase in Canada of a fair proportion of the horses required by the army. The public generally in regard to the demand for horses is much greater than it really is. Previous to the Boer war the demand was only 2,500 horses per year. However, since the outbreak of the war the demand has been largely increased and probably doubled.

Mr. Fisher had a discussion with the imperial authorities with regard to Canada's adherence to the Berne convention with respect to patent trade marks and designs. There was a difference of opinion between the Canadian and imperial governments in regard to the steps Canada should take with regard to becoming an adherent of the convention, but after a personal discussion this has been cleared up. Legislation by the Dominion parliament will be necessary in this connection.

Mr. Fisher bought a number of fine cars for experimental farms. He secured large additional orders for hay or South Africa from the war office. By means of this, all the old hay in Canada of suitable quality will be cleared up and exported in September. Orders were taken for the hay it was considered could be secured in Canada. New hay of course will not be in the market until next year.

Mr. Fisher visited the Glasgow fair and describes it as a great financial success.

WEALTHY NEW YORKERS BEING SEARCHED FOR.

Party of Capitalists Out in Small Boat at Cape D'Or Are Missing. Advocate, N. S., Aug. 6.—(Special)—A party of New York capitalists, inspecting recently developed ore on the property of the Colonial Copper Company at Cape D'Or, left Horse Shoe Cove yesterday afternoon in a small boat to visit copper ledges under the cliff east of this place, expecting to return in an hour or two. Nothing has since been heard of them, and fears are entertained for their safety. A searching party is out on a tug endeavoring to find trace of them. T. A. Godding and W. E. Hart, of New York, are in the party.

One Man Got \$50,000 Worth.

Fort Sill, O. T., Aug. 6.—John Wood, of Weatherford, Oklahoma, who drew No. 1 in the Lawson land district, created a sensation at the land office today, when, in filing for his claim, he chose 160 acres running the entire length of the town site on the south. According to the government plan the two most valuable sections in the whole reservation were made to adjoin the town site on the south. Miss Mattie Beals, who had drawn No. 2 from the wheel, had to content herself with a tract south of Wood's and two sections away from the town site. Wood's claim is valued at \$50,000.

Will Shaughnessy Be Knighted? Montreal, Aug. 6.—A letter from a well-informed gentleman in London says that T. G. Shaughnessy, president of C. P. R., will have the honor of knighthood conferred upon him by the Duke of Cornwall during his visit to Canada.

Bentley's Liniment cures pain.

CROPS RUINED; TIMBER BURNED; PEOPLE SUFFER.

Northumberland County Conditions Bad Because of Forest Fires and Sun.

FIRES STILL RAGING.

They Surround Chatham--Harrowing Reports from Crops--No Pasture for Cattle, and They Are Roaming Hungry--Few Armfuls Constitute Some Hay Crops.

Chatham, N. B., Aug. 6.—(Special)—The country of Northumberland is a most serious outlook for the future. Northumberland county farmers, and, in fact, people generally. There has been practically not a day's rain since the end of May, and the crops of hay, oats, wheat and garden produce are a complete failure compared with former years.

Harrowing reports come from the lower end of the county as to the drought. People who formerly raised enough feed for their cattle during the winter have actually carried in their hay crop in a few arm-loads. Those who were more fortunate with their crops were only so to lose them during the summer. Hundreds of dollars worth of hay, grain, etc., were destroyed by these fires, and the poor farmers are almost distracted. Throughout the county there is no pasture for the cattle, the grass being burned brown, and cattle are roaming about in a hungry and pitiful manner, while some are housed and being fed on hay that is intended for the winter's use.

The forest fires are still raging throughout the county and all around Chatham. Last evening the smoke was so dense in town that it was suffocating. Hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of lumber lands are being destroyed, as well as farm houses and crops.

AMERICAN VIEW OF LOCAL SMALLPOX.

Maine Board of Health Investigating the Situation on New Brunswick Border. Augusta, Me., Aug. 6.—Dr. A. G. Young, secretary of the state board of health, returned today from a trip to Arcoctek county, New Brunswick, to investigate the reported danger of the spread of smallpox across the New Brunswick boundary, and to take the necessary precautions. He found that the disease had been introduced about opposite the south line of the town of Littleton to the centre of the Bridge-water line, but as far as he could learn the New Brunswick authorities have established quite an efficient system of quarantine.

There were many apprehensions from the fact that a camp meeting had opened at Blaire, which is annually attended by great numbers of people from the districts which are now infected, but Dr. Young found that not one person from those sections was known to be present. Just how many cases of smallpox exist along the border is unknown, but there are believed to be many and the people of Northern New Brunswick are alarmed.

ELEVEN-YEAR-OLD BOY DROWNED AT ANNAPOLIS.

Bathing With Companions, All Got Beyond Their Depth--The Others Rescued. Annapolis, N. S., Aug. 6.—(Special)—The community was shocked this afternoon to learn that Edwin, the bright 11-year-old son of Mrs. E. W. Potter, had lost his life by drowning. Edwin, in company with several companions, had gone into the river to bathe, and, getting beyond their depth, it was with difficulty that some of them reached the shore. They made heroic efforts to save their companion, but without success, until the boy's father, from the shore, where he sank. It is a curious coincidence that some 10 years ago the boy's father was accidentally drowned here on the same spot. The sympathy of the community goes out to the mother, who is almost distracted by the sad occurrence, in her bereavement. The body has not yet been recovered.

Pope Receives Gift of Mummy.

New York, Aug. 6.—A special cable to the Journal from Rome says that Pope Leo XIII has just received as a gift a mummy, a high priestess of Isis at Thebes, according to the papyri, by which it is venerated. It was presented by the khedive, the pope as a token of his veneration and regard, and is about to be assigned to a place in the Egyptian department of the Vatican galleries.

Ship Carpenter Has Neck Broken.

Bath, Me., Aug. 6.—Morton M. Sanford, a ship carpenter, fell into the hold of the six-masted schooner, Eleanor A. Percy, here today, and was instantly killed. His neck was broken. Sanford was 54 years of age and is survived by a widow, one son and one daughter.

BRITISH FIND IMPORTANT BOER PAPERS

Were in the Pockets of Boer Killed for Shooting of a Peace Envoy.

WITHDRAWING TROOPS.

The Story That Government Intends to Take 40,000 Men from South Africa, and That Most if Not All Will Be Sent to India--The Daily Mail Case.

London, Aug. 7.—The Times, giving prominence today to the announcement that Lieut. General Neville G. Lytton will accompany Lord Milner on his return to South Africa Saturday, says this possibility means that General Lytton is to replace Lord Kitchener, who will take a rest.

London, Aug. 6.—The government now avows its intention to withdraw 40,000 men from South Africa. This announcement despite the fact of the improvement of the military situation as against the Boers is inferred in this country that the government will be brought home, but the present intention is to send the greater part, if not all of the troops, to India.

London, Aug. 6.—There were persistent rumors, which events tend to discredit, all this week, of a withdrawal by the government of troops from India. The foreign office has remained calm and delightfully cool even on the warmest day, and has not been disturbed by the reports of a withdrawal of troops from India.

Another and much more circumstantial report was that Abdurrahman Khan, so far from being a peace envoy, had been a crafty and not altogether trustworthy ally. But he has never been thought too friendly to the Russians, and the British have found him fairly manageable.

These alleged circumstances, it was said, accounted somewhat for the wrath of the right Hon. Mr. St. John Brodrick over the premature publication of the fact that 40,000 troops were immediately to be removed from South Africa. These troops, commanded by Lord Kitchener himself, were to go to India, hence the severe punishment intended to be inflicted on the Daily Mail for the publication of the news after the fact had been decided in parliament, which Mr. Brodrick vainly tried to check, and which led to nothing at all unless the awful story that Mr. Alfred Harmsworth has resigned from the Carlton Club is true.

Bloemfontein, Aug. 5.—Commandant Fromeman, son of Commandant Fromeman, who is alleged to have been peace envoy named Morgendael, has been killed near Winburg, after an exciting chase. Most important papers were found in his pockets. The British have captured a large convoy of 70 wagons near Boshof, Orange River Colony.

Mordred, with other peace envoys, according to the story told by an influential burgher at Bloemfontein, in February of this year, went to General De Wet's camp, where they remained for some time with a cart until the mules belonging to the camp were broken up. A number of the envoys who they had not named their names. Morgendael replied that they had been ordered to wait for the mules, whereupon the commandant withheld Morgendael on the head and face, and said he felt inclined to shoot him. General De Wet coming up at that moment, said: "Why don't you shoot him?" At that moment the wound, Muelles, another envoy, was also wounded. Andries Wessels, a third member of the peace delegation, was shot at Klipfontein on Jan. 28, by order of General De Wet.

London, Aug. 7.—Lord Kitchener telegraphs the war office from Pretoria as follows: "Since July 29 the columns reported 48 Boers killed, 10 wounded, 220 prisoners taken, and 57 burghers surrendered. One pompano, 141 rifles, 8,000 rounds of small arm ammunition, 182 wagons and a large number of horses and stock were captured. The casualties on our side are included in all that were reported separately during the past week.

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CHURNS.

The LEADER CHURN still retains its popularity.



Style D, as shown, has wood frame and crank handle. Style A, steel frame and lever handle. We strongly recommend style D. Sent f. Prices.

W. H. THORNE & CO., ST. JOHN, N. B.



Harness and Collars. The Horse wear we sell all over the country stands for us and we stand by it. When you buy Harness or other Horse Goods where you know we are behind it. We recommend it. We supply the best of Harness from the best of Leather, well made and sure to wear. A call will convince you our prices are right as well as quality. H. HORTON & SON, Market square, St. John, N. B.

FUNERAL SERVICES OF EMPRESS FREDERICK.

By Her Wish, Will Be Simple As Possible--The Arrangements.

Cronberg, Aug. 6.—In accordance with the expressed wishes of the deceased, the funeral services will be as simple as possible under the circumstances. The body will remain on the bed until ready for the coffin. Many of the roses, in which it is almost buried, are from bushes cultivated with her own hands. No one will be allowed to view it except the members of the immediate family and household.

The following announcement is made: "On Thursday the royal family will attend the funeral service in the cathedral, at which the bishop of Ripon, who was summoned by the empress, will officiate. Only the immediate family will be present. "Saturday evening the coffin will be escorted from Friedrichsruh to the Protestant church in Cronberg by a torchlight procession, followed by the royal family on foot. "Sunday afternoon a funeral service will be held in the presence of the family of the empress, her household and a few of her friends, and other privileged persons. "The royal family will go to Potsdam Sunday evening, and the body will be taken there Monday evening. "The funeral service in the Mausoleum at Friedrichsruh Potsdam, will be held Tuesday. As it was the empress' wish that there should be no state ceremony, the service will not be attended by all the German royal personages. It will be as simple as possible."

BRITISH COMMONS ON SOUTH AFRICAN GRANT.

Chamberlain Speaks on Aid to Transvaal and Orange River Colonies.

London, Aug. 7.—The House of Commons last night discussed a vote of £20,000,000 as a grant in aid of the Transvaal and Orange River colonies. Mr. Chamberlain said the government's first duty was to the loyalist refugees and he declared that money would not be spared for that purpose. He continued: "One million of the vote is for extra rolling stock. A large sum will be devoted to reinstating the Boers on their farms and an experiment will be made in the direction of agricultural settlements. "There is no intention of confiscation. We have had offers of land at reasonable prices and a portion of the vote will be devoted to the purchase of such land with a view of enabling men who volunteered for the war to settle where the war is over."

NOVA SCOTIAN TOOK LIFE BY DROWNING.

Jacob E. Purdy Found Head Foremost in Unfused Well. Amherst, N. S., Aug. 6.—(Special)—A special to Amherst from Westchester, this county, states that Jacob E. Purdy had committed suicide on Sunday at his father's home. Deceased was 54 years of age, son of Gabriel Purdy, of Westchester, unmarried, and resided with his father. He had been depressed for some years. On Sunday afternoon he left home, and as he did not return search was made and his body was found, head foremost, in the well. Life being extinct, Coroner Sanford today held an inquest, the verdict being that deceased had drowned himself.

BRIDE OF A FEW WEEKS A WOULD-BE SUICIDE.

Attempted Drowning But Was Rescued--Refuses to Take Stimulants. Guilford, Me., Aug. 6.—Mrs. Goo. W. Sanford, a bride of five weeks, aged 50 years, attempted to commit suicide by drowning here today, but was rescued by the water and her recovery. She refused to take stimulants, however, and her condition is critical.

Army Remounts for English War Office.

A purchasing commission will visit New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia after the middle of August next, for the purpose of purchasing remounts. Horses from 14.2 to 15.2 1-2. Ages from 5 to 9 years. All horses shown will have to be ridden. Dates will be fixed hereafter. E. F. DENY, Lieut.-Col., Remount Officer, Canada.

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE.

ST. STEPHEN.

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—What a fire started in a small building which was used as a warehouse for lumber...

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—A large excursion went on the steamer "Viking" to the island this morning...

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—Owing to an immense run of sardines at Eastport and scarcity of fish in the bay...

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—The farmers of this place are about all done having on the highland...

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—The Rev. C. W. Townsend, of Hillsborough, will preach at the Baptist church...

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—McAdams, N. B., Aug. 5.—Yesterday the Orangemen of Amherst marched in full regalia from their lodge room...

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—Mrs. Neales, wife of Rev. Scovell Neales, and children, have gone to St. Martins for two weeks...

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—Mrs. Penz, of Lowell, Mass., is visiting her sister, Mrs. George C. Armstrong...

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—Mrs. Goodspeed, wife of M. L. Goodspeed, of the statistical department of Ottawa, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Green, at McAdams...

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—The senate of the U. N. B. is to meet at St. John on Tuesday next to consider the resignation of Prof. Dixon and to make an appointment to the vacant position...

St. Stephen, Aug. 6.—(Special)—At a meeting of the trustees of Victoria Public Hospital last evening, the mayor presented a photograph of an ambulance wagon in use at the Boston City Hospital...

St. Stephen, Aug. 7.—(Special)—A party of 14 ladies and gentlemen from St. John, chartered by Mrs. Stephen Hall, arrived here this evening, having made the trip from Woodstock in canoes...

St. Stephen, Aug. 7.—(Special)—James Pringle, who served in South Africa with "G" Company, first contingent, was married at Stanley this afternoon to Miss Maud, daughter of Rev. J. L. Mullan of that place...

St. Stephen, Aug. 7.—(Special)—Private C. A. Mosh, of the R. C. R. I., received a telegram this morning, telling of the death of his brother, Thomas E. Mosh, who was killed yesterday upon a railway in Connecticut...

St. Stephen, Aug. 7.—(Special)—A large number of young men will leave Saturday next and later for the harvest fields of the northwest...

St. Stephen, Aug. 7.—(Special)—Harry Fradsham, an employee of the Canada Eastern railway shops at Gibsons and well-known in musical circles in this city, gave his friends a surprise this week by being quietly married at Milltown, N. B., to Miss Hovey of Marysville...

St. Stephen, Aug. 7.—(Special)—The Frederick Knights of Pythias, Pioneer Division, uniform rank, 30 strong, will leave on Monday next for the annual Pythian gathering at Charlottetown, P. E. I.

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OBITUARY.

Mrs. Mary Lang. The death occurred Tuesday of Mrs. Mary Lang, wife of William Lang...

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FOR THE TILLERS OF THE SOIL.

HOW TO USE HEN MANURE. It should be mixed with soil and kept moist, not wet.

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GENERAL PURPOSE COW.

A Dairyman Who Praises His Cows. In an address delivered before the Kansas State Dairy Association Mr. W. J. Gillette of Wisconsin said of the Holstein-Friesian:

The dairyman must bear in mind that 50 per cent of the increase of his herd will be males and must be disposed of as veal. And here I venture the statement that, as a rule, the Holstein-Friesian calf at birth is the largest calf in the world, those of none of the best breeds excepted.

This fact, together with its thrift and qualifications to take on flesh makes it a very desirable and profitable animal for veal purposes.

Touching upon this subject, W. S. Carpenter says: "In my experience of forty years in the packing house market I find that the Holstein veal calf is considered one of the finest and most profitable carcasses to place upon the block."

Of the other 50 per cent of the increase of the herd it is not far out of the way to say that the best heifer calves are revolutionized at least every ten years; hence give us the general purpose cow. By general purpose I mean a good milk cow, a good butter cow, a good veal cow and a cow that can be used for beef when her days of usefulness in the dairy are ended.

SKIMMILK FOR CALVES. Change From Whole Milk Must Be Graduated. Allow calves with the cow three or four days or until milk is good, writes a Maryland farmer to Farm and Home.

This gives the calf a good start and aids in reducing the fever in the cow's udder. Wean by feeding five quarts new milk per day in three feeds and gradually increase the amount to six or seven quarts. More calves are lost by overfeeding than by underfeeding.

When two weeks old, the calf may be changed to skimmilk, but not faster than one quart a day. The first day give five quarts whole milk and one pint of skimmilk, the second day four quarts whole and two pints skimmilk and so on until the change is complete.

The amount of skimmilk may be increased gradually, but not to exceed nine ten quarts daily per head. Flaxseed may be added to replace the butter fat, made by mixing ground flaxseed in cold water, adding boiling water and allowing to steam a few hours with cover on the pan.

This gruel is enough at first, but may be increased gradually to one-half pint of the gruel daily per head. Flaxseed is better than linseed meal, since the oil is needed to replace the butter fat. Calf milk must always be fed blood warm, 95 to 100 degrees, and a careful feeder will occasionally test the temperature with a thermometer.

Skimmilk not used when separated. Both are exceedingly valuable for pigs and should be fed in the best possible condition as soon as available. Do not allow either to become sour.

Feeding Value of Skimmilk. Carefully made tests in feeding skimmilk to stock show that five pounds of skimmilk from the gravity system are equal to one pound of grain. If separated skimmilk is used, it requires six pounds to equal one pound of grain.

As a general rule, whey is about half as valuable as skimmilk—that is, it requires 10 to 12 pounds of whey to produce as much gain as one pound of grain. Both are exceedingly valuable for pigs and should be fed in the best possible condition as soon as available. Do not allow either to become sour.

Cottage Cheese. Some people have difficulty in making good cottage cheese and are unable to tell where the difficulty lies, says Tennessee Farmer. Generally when poor cheese is made the milk is too sour or is heated to too high a temperature before being made into cheese.

With milk at an ordinary degree of sourness it is necessary to heat to only 140 degrees before putting into a bag and draining. The higher the milk is heated the drier and harder the curd will be and, we might add, the more unpalatable.

Parturition. Cows that have had several calves get through parturition in about 15 minutes. The more general time is an hour. Sometimes, where there are difficulties, it is prolonged for a day or longer.

If it happens bleeding supervenes, place a thick cloth soaked in cold water across the loins and keep it wet by frequently pouring water over it.

Pasture Cheap Cow Feed. According to some tests made at the Minnesota experiment station, comparing the cost of producing butter by means of silage and pastures, the silage is shown to be the more expensive feed, the difference amounting to \$2.95 per acre.

Dark Stables. Dark stables are as injurious to cows or horses as a dungeon is to a man. It is the basement barn for milk cows that have developed tuberculosis to such an alarming extent. In the south-west there is no necessity for basement barns, and as far as we know they do not exist, says Farm and Home.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH is a six-page paper and is published every Wednesday and Saturday at \$1.00 a year, in advance, by the Telegraph Publishing Company, of St. John, a company incorporated by act of the legislature of New Brunswick.

ADVERTISING RATES. Ordinary commercial advertisements taking the run of the paper: Each insertion \$1.00 per inch. Advertisements of Wants, For Sales, etc., 50 cents for insertion of six lines or less.

NOTICES OF Births, Marriages and Deaths 25 cents for each insertion.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. Owing to the considerable number of letters addressed to the publishers of this office we have to request our subscribers and agents when sending money for the Telegraph to do so by post office order or registered letter, in which case the remittance will be at our risk.

Without exception, names of new subscribers will not be entered until the money is received. Subscribers will be required to pay for papers sent them, whether they take them from the office or not, until all arrears are paid. There is no legal discontinuance of a newspaper subscription until all that is owed for is paid.

It is a well settled principle of law that a man must pay for what he has. Hence whoever takes a paper from the post office, whether directed to him or somebody else, must pay for it.

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broken. Admittedly the creation of a representative legislative court would strengthen the union and render it permanent. It is just probable that our government has been guarding against such a result.

The privy council ought to be considered sufficiently imperial to suit everybody, and it is sheer nonsense to talk about refusing a friendly hand just because we have not seen it to adopt a suggestion that was in a purely tentative spirit. It is even more foolish to talk about a supreme court strengthening and making permanent the bonds of union.

Our union with Great Britain is not a thing which depends upon a proposed supreme court. It rests upon a far deeper and firmer foundation. Nor does it need strengthening. It is just as strong as it can be. The young fellow who really loves his mother does not need to look about for things to make the tie stronger, and it is no reflection upon his fealty if he does not fall in with some suggested innovation, but prefers to continue in the way he has been brought up from a child.

If the Canadian government does not take kindly to the proposition which has been made with respect to an imperial supreme court, it is because the old way seems better, and feeling thus, Liberals can afford to smile at the baseless intensions of their political opponents.

Three months ago the Mail and Empire had its song set to another tune. At that time it was convinced the Canadian government was disposed to favor the proposed new court, and it had Sir Louis Davies picked out for a seat on the imperial bench. It waxed hysterical over the idea of taking away the right of appeal to the "foot of the throne," and day after day called upon loyal Canadians to witness this fresh scheme for weakening the imperial tie. Finding now that the government is in favor of holding to the privy council, the Tory organ swings over to the other tack and talks about the union of Canada with Great Britain turned round upon having an imperial supreme court, than upon maintaining the right of appeal to the privy council. Inconsistency could scarcely go farther.

A WRONG IDEA. One was struck, when reading the speeches of the various heads of American and Canadian universities at the closing exercises, with the great emphasis placed upon the attendance at the universities. There appeared to be a great lust for numbers, and the growth in this direction apparently appealed more strongly to the directors of these institutions than did the quality of the work.

The following might be cited as the utterance of one of the college chancellors: "Our enrollment last year was 375 and this year it was about 430. I wish we could make it an even 500." Or again: "The attendance we have enjoyed has been more than a natural increase over last year." This desire for more than a natural increase appears, in many instances, to be in supreme control.

It results in the admission of students who should have spent another year at school, preparatory to university matriculation. In their capercases, in many instances, to swell the roll of attendance, all classes of students are enumerated. It may be a partial, who is only taking a course on one or two subjects, and has probably only passed a partial matriculation, if any at all; or it may be an extramural student, who has never seen the institution, but is taking special courses in absentia. In fact, the most prominent thought in mind of some college managers is to add another name to the list of students, and, therefore, in many cases, the executive is found on the side of the unqualified student. We have seen students who have failed in their examinations given two and even three supplementary examinations during a session for the purpose of keeping them on the student roll, instead of being set back for the year or for matriculation. In some institutions the educational work of the year appears to occupy a secondary position. The best work is not turned out of the largest universities; in fact, as a rule, the smaller institutions do more and better educational work.

A centimpy recently pointed out that a New Brunswick professor was going to an institution which was not well equipped as the one he was leaving. This may be true, but this we can say, that in this more poorly equipped laboratory more original investigations were carried out by the professor and his students than in nearly all the combined physical laboratories of Canada during the same period of time.

The Canadian colleges have not been altogether free from this temptation for numbers. We trust that our college administrators will not lose sight of the fact that the university has another office than collecting students, and that this true function will be over-looked in the eagerness for a large attendance.

MORAL LEGISLATION. The question of the action which should be taken by the state to protect confirmed inebriates against themselves is one that has occupied a fair share of public attention in various countries. In New Brunswick two courses have been open to the friends of the unfortunate victim of the drink habit, at least in those portions where the sale of intoxicants is permitted by law. A drunkard in this city can be placed on the prohibited list, to sell liquor to any member of which, is an offence for which a heavy fine is exacted. If a person here becomes irresponsible, an application can also be made to the courts for an order appointing a committee of his estate in much the same as is done in the case of lunatics. But in New Zealand, the home

of utopian legislation, the principle of protecting the drunkard from his own habits is carried to a much further point. In 1895 a law was passed by the legislature of that island, providing for the seclusion of inebriates in hospitals for a term of twelve months. The legislature in passing the enactment was evidently of the opinion that the liquor habit was a disease which could be cured by change of environment and proper medical treatment. There is undoubtedly much medical testimony in support of this opinion. It is too early, however, to judge of results for, although, as we have stated, the New Zealand "Inebriates Institutions Act" was passed three years ago, it has only recently become operative, as it was necessary before putting the law in force, to arrange proper institutions for the care of those adjudged inebriates. Arrangements have recently been made with certain hospitals, by means of government subsidies, for the purpose, to care for the unfortunate drunkards.

Anyone who is an inebriate may be committed by a judge to these institutions for the term of 12 months, or if such consent is refused, on proof of inebriety, the act defines the meaning of the word. An inebriate is declared to be "any person who, not being amenable to any jurisdiction in lunacy, is, notwithstanding, by reason of the habitual use in excess of intoxicating liquors or drugs, at times dangerous to himself or others, or incapable of managing himself or his affairs." Will it watch with interest the results of this important measure. Of course many authorities doubt the effectiveness of permanent cure by temporary restraint. Yet the results achieved by medical treatment have at least established that such treatment gives a man a fresh control of his habits and renews the power of self-restraint.

CIVIL SERVICE APPOINTMENTS. Our civil service system may not be perfect, but it is vastly superior to that which obtains in the United States. Ours has been in operation for nearly twenty years, and in that time we have learned by experience to appreciate the basis of permanency upon which it rests. Across the line our American friends have talked for many years about civil service reform and they realize the defects which now exist, but they have never been able to break away from the long discredited and unsatisfactory spoils plan. There are a few officers who are not disturbed in the event of a change of administration, but all others go out. This has led to many grave abuses and to an inferior civil service.

Complaints are constantly made of injustice being done to civil servants and of much that indicates the slow progress being made toward a government service which would, at least, be independent of political considerations. As it is, men and women employed at Washington feel so dependent upon the fortunes of the political party by which they were appointed that they are openly partisan. This is a great reproach to our neighbors, and it is scarcely surprising that one of the products of such a system should be the placing of names on the pay list of persons who perform no work.

It is charged, for example, that men are appointed to technical positions, who are attached big salaries, who are wholly ignorant of their duties and who never even try to undertake them. A man may be on the pay list as an electrician, who is really a messenger in the library, or he may not live in Washington at all. It is said there are numbers of men drawing at the rate of \$900 a year from the appropriation for gas hire, while the actual teamster gets \$40 per month. More serious abuses are freely alleged, and the better-class journals of the United States are persistently calling for reform; but neither party seems to possess the courage to take up the matter seriously and establish the American civil service on the basis which has been found so satisfactory in Great Britain and in Canada.

ANOTHER CANARD. In the federal election in Glenora, Ontario, last autumn, a circular was sent to the select electors of the constituency, attacking the French-Canadians. This was exposed at the time by the Liberals of the county, and at once R. McLennan announced he was not responsible for the circular. The Toronto Globe promptly accepted his denial, and later on the Cornwall Freeholder, a Liberal journal, where Mr. McLennan resides, also accepted his denial of responsibility for the circular.

As the Liberals of the district had strong evidence that these pamphlets were issued from a source closely connected with the Tory machine, they did not feel like accepting Mr. McLennan's denial. Recently Mr. McLennan was in Montreal, and the day following his visit there appeared in the Montreal Gazette the statement that the Globe and Freeholder had accepted the denial of Mr. McLennan. But it went further and insinuated that because Mr. McLennan did not issue the circular then the Liberals must have done so. This was the signal for the other Tory organs to charge the Liberals with issuing the circular, which implied forgery on their part. As a matter of fact, the only evidence that the Tories have that the circular was issued by the Liberals is that the Tory candidate refused to father it after it had been exposed. If the Liberals forged and sent out the circular, why was it sent to the Scotch voters and not to the French? The evident intent of the circular was to prejudice the Scotch electors against vot-

ing for the Liberal candidate supporting a French-Canadian premier. The whole evidence is that the attack on the French-Canadians was issued by the Tories. We will soon be hearing from our Tory friends that the celebrated pamphlet No. 6, that the bogus Toronto Globe, etc., were issued by the Liberals because Sir Charles Tupper denies the responsibility. The Tories are adepts at issuing and circulating pamphlets, which, when discovered, they would like to disown. We have had many of them in the political history of Canada, and some Tory ministers of the crown have figured very conspicuously in their preparation and circulation. The latest Tory discovery is nothing more or less than a canard.

A TORY DELUSION. It is one of the delusions of our Tory friends that Great Britain is on the eve of adopting protection—a view which is absolutely necessary in order to make good the hope of what is called "a mutual preference." From time to time statements have appeared in the opposition press, pointing out what British journals have had to say in respect of injurious competition to various industries and from such premises the conclusion seems to be rashly drawn that the mother country is disposed to abandon her policy of free trade and adopt a tariff against the world. There is no warrant whatever for such a view. It would be impossible to find a journal of commanding influence in Great Britain which has within recent years uttered a syllable in favor of protection, and no one has advocated such a measure in the House of Commons, except in relation to agricultural products. The British people are solidly in favor of free trade, based on an experience of sixty years, and it may be safely assumed that the occasional references in English newspapers to industrial depression as the result of outside competition, do not indicate that a change of judgment has occurred in relation to the fiscal policy which should prevail.

NOTES AND COMMENTS. The rain is welcome. It is quite evident that the Sydney boom has spent itself or at least temporarily lost its power. Specialists report that the downward moral tendencies of the Cockney are entirely due to smoke. Will this "soot" all theorists?

The C. P. R. are having an unusual number of bad accidents in Ontario. These cause the Toronto press to pronounce "the C. P. R. strike a public danger."

Katzinger's order to kill the unarmed blacks in South Africa, who are favorable to the British cause, must put the British pro-Boers in a rather peculiar position.

The monthly revolution in South America now centres in Venezuela and Colombia. Next month it may be transferred to any of numerous South American republics.

Some of us had a hankering to figure in the billion dollar steel trust, but recent developments have made us content to invest in Standard oil stock. Its strikes are more profitable.

A Toronto divine, in discussing "the attitude of the church to the workman," says "the glove hand is a non-conductor." Quite right! It is generally the motor-man who wears the glove.

The English papers report that while the number of American visitors has increased they do not spend as much money as formerly. The "tankie tourist" now knows the value of the "almighty dollar."

Where in the German constitution exists the clause that no prince can become emperor who is afflicted with an incurable disease? Is this not a little fable which arose about the sick bed of "Frederick the Noble"?

Whatever may be the diversity of opinion regarding our police force, there could be nothing but admiration for the bravery displayed by two of St. John's "finest" in the face of the murderous gang of drunken rowdies at Torryburn on Tuesday.

Plenty of funny things are being printed in reference to the steel strike, but it is likely to be a life or death matter with those helpless ones dependent on the striking employes. In the interest of humanity let us hope that a settlement will soon be effected.

"If the English have made any mistake in their treatment of the Boers, I can only say that, in my opinion, it has been in treating them with a great deal too much good nature and forbearance."

The above is an extract from a letter written by a Dane—who fought for the Boers and still lives in the Transvaal—to his sister in Denmark and published by a pro-Boer journal.

The war of the roses is being fought over again in Montreal, where the city fathers are struggling with the question whether to present the Duke and Duchess of York with red or white roses. The Telegraph may end the feud of centuries by suggesting that they might mix the colors. If that is not acceptable make it geraniums instead of roses.

Harvest Riot in Tipperary. London, Aug. 7.—A despatch from Tipperary, capital of the county of the same name in Ireland, says the harvest women are parading through the town, headed by a bellman, in a riot against the use of harvesting machinery, and demanding fixed wages. Requisitions have been sent out for extra police.

PROGRESS OF HALIFAX FIREMEN'S MEETING.

First Sports Took Place Wednesday—Events and Results.

Halifax, Aug. 7.—(Special)—Victory firemen spent this morning eight seeing, and expressed themselves as well pleased. The weather continues to favor the movement and the prospects are that it will remain fine for at least a day or two. The first sports took place at the exhibition grounds this afternoon. The results were:

Salvage corps team race, quarter-mile—Charlottetown, 1:04.5; Halifax, 1:05.1. Half mile hose reel race—Charlottetown, 2:41.5; Windsor failed to break coupling; Dartmouth, 2:46.5; Halifax, 2:40.4; Truro, 2:54.5; Woodside, 2:48.1; Amherst, 2:22.5.

Flat race, 100 yards, hook and ladder men only—A. Anderson, Charlottetown, 1:21.5; D. Sellers, Charlottetown, 2nd, Time, 1:22 seconds.

Quarter-mile flat race, open to hosemen and ex-volunteers only—J. E. A. Conrad, Truro, 2nd, C. G. Kent, Truro; 3rd, D. McNamara, Halifax, Time, 68 seconds.

100 yard flat race, salvage men only—J. L. B. McMillan, Charlottetown; 2nd, D. Creamer, Charlottetown, Time, 1:12.5. Halifax L. E. G. hose reel—"Sea Queen" took the prize for the best decoration in the procession yesterday.

The Wanderers' electric light sports in connection with the firemen's tournament, was held this evening and largely attended. In the half-mile bicycle race the record held by A. J. East since 1885, of 1:08.45, was broken by A. Cameron, of Charlottetown, who made the distance in 1:03.

AFTER CANADIAN TIMBER LANDS.

Maine Men Negotiating for St. Lawrence Tracts.

Bangor, Aug. 8.—E. P. Viles, of Skowhegan, and William Clark, of Carrabassett, went to Canada several weeks ago to see what could be purchased there in the way of timber lands. No purchases were made, but Mr. Viles will return to Canada again to visit Canada, and at that time negotiations of considerable importance will probably be effected. The location of most of the timber that the Canadians are willing to sell is on the St. Lawrence river and some of its tributaries, several hundred miles from the northwestern border of Maine, where rights on several permits, aggregating 600 square miles, were examined. Lumber from most of the tracts offered would have to be shipped by rail to Maine.

The extreme northern part of Maine appears to offer the best opportunities for lumbermen intending to cut for the Maine market for some years to come. The Penobscot, western Aroostook and northern Somerset counties are still covered with deep forests of spruce, pine and hemlock, as yet been touched, and this lumber must come by water. The sections lying between Moosehead Lake and the border, and between Moose River and the Kennebec, are now practically stripped of large timber.

CAPTURED OR SURRENDERED. Total of 41,029 in the Philippines by U. S. Troops.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The war department has compiled the captures and surrenders in the Philippines during the period from May 10 to June 18, 1901. Eight officers and 332 privates of the United States were captured and 181 officers and 2,440 men surrendered, making the total captured or surrendered, up to June 18, 41,029. Killed in action, 1,069; and 7,539 rounds of ammunition and one cannon.

Appointments at Acadia Seminary. The recent appointments to the teaching staff of Acadia Seminary, Wolfville, N. S., cannot fail to be of interest to all who are concerned with the education of young women. Miss E. R. Patten, Acadia University, '05, for two years professor of Greek, ethics and psychology in the Baptist Women's Institute, Raleigh, North Carolina, has accepted the appointment to the position of vice-principal. Miss Patricia's liberal culture, large experience in teaching and her high character, and her undoubted administrative ability assure her success in her important office.

Two vacancies in the musical department have been most satisfactorily filled. Miss Mary Frances Plummer, a pupil of Scherwinna, accepts the position of second teacher in the department of piano. Miss Sarah Ingrid, Maun's, graduate of the Royal Academy of Music, Munich, and a student, during a five years' residence in Europe, of leading specialists on the violin in Athens, Rome and Paris, will assume charge of the department of violin. Both of these ladies come most highly recommended and possess eminent qualifications for their work.

Wedding at Harvey Station. Harvey Station, York county, Aug. 9.—Yesterday afternoon a large number of friends and acquaintances assembled at the upper church to witness the marriage of Miss Alberta L. Little, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Little, of Harvey, to Mr. Wilbert Coburn, son of Mr. James Coburn. The platform was handsomely decorated by the pastor, Rev. Jas. A. McLean. Miss Maggie Briggs was bridesmaid, while the groom was supported by Mr. Ernest Little, the bride's brother. After the ceremony, the party retired to the residences of the bride's parents, where upwards of 200 invited guests sat down to a homely but rich and plentiful repast. It was a most successful occasion. The bride, who is one of the handsomest and best of the young ladies of this place, received a large number of valuable presents. In the evening a number of the young people enjoyed a social dance, which was continued till a late hour. The young couple will reside at Harvey, where Mr. Coburn is employed by the C. P. R.

Boers Surprise British Post. London, Aug. 8.—Lord Kitchener, after a despatch from Pretoria today, announces that a post of 20 men belonging to Steinkacker's Horse, on the Sabi River, had been surprised and captured by the Boers.

Increased Business.

Increased business has made it necessary for us to increase our accommodation, and the carpenters are hard at work now. Some people cannot understand why our CLOTHING business has increased with such leaps and bounds. Ask any of our customers; they will tell you that our clothing is best in make and fit, and that our prices are the lowest.

Have you tried us yet?

J. N. HARVEY, 199 UNION STREET, St. John, N.B.

Keep the Flies Out

—BY BUYING— Fly Screens and Screen Doors.

Also—Don't buy a Mower or Rake till you have seen The McCormack.

A. M. ROWAN, - 331 Main St., N.E.

LOCAL KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS PERFORM A LABOR OF LOVE.

Annual Decoration of Graves of Departed Brethren—An Able Address by Past Supreme Prelate Moulson, at Fernhill.

Following one of the customs of their order—that of beautifying with floral tributes the graves of their brethren who have passed over to the almighty—local Knights of Pythias observed Decoration day Thursday. They were favored with splendid weather, not so warm as to make marching uncomfortable while the rain of Wednesday night practically put the quietus on any ambitious dust clouds which might be inclined to make it disagreeable.

School, Office and Church Furniture Manufacturer. STERLING B. LORDLY, 52 Britain Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

WANTED. Agents--Our Memorial Edition-- Life and Times of Queen Victoria...

WANTED--A second class teacher to take charge of the school in District No. 15, Pictouville, Queens county.

WANTED--A young man, about 25 years of age, well educated...

WANTED--A first class female teacher for a school term for the district No. 8, Perth and Kingsburg, Victoria Co.

WANTED--Dressed pork from 100 to 250 pounds each. Write what you have to offer.

FOR SALE. 2000 BALS--Sole Emma T. Story, 47 tons registered. For further particulars inquire of Henry E. Fraser, Grand Manan, N. B.

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ANNUAL GATHERING OF YOUNG CHURCH PEOPLE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Eighth Conference Opened Tuesday Evening in Waterloo Street Free Baptist Church, of F. B. Young People's Provincial League.

Bunting, flowers and mottoes of welcome graced the interior of Waterloo street Free Baptist Church Tuesday evening...

At 7:45 came a brief praise service, followed at 8 o'clock by a series of selections...

In delivering the opening address, Rev. C. T. Phillips, the pastor of Waterloo street church, after assuring the delegates of the welcome which was theirs...

The afternoon session of the F. B. Y. P. League conference commenced in the vestry of Waterloo street Free Baptist church at 2 o'clock...

The discussion was opened by Rev. J. B. Dugget, and participated in by Rev. G. A. Hartley and Rev. L. M. Gregg.

The report of the corresponding secretary, Rev. F. C. Hartley, Frederickton, was read and approved.

The report of the treasurer, T. A. Lindsay, was read and approved.

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business and the facing, in a body, of an accurate and unerring canon, the latter process taking place before the church door.

Rev. M. L. Gregg led a pledge service with the result that \$470 was promised toward the league by the various societies.

The report of the nominating committee was read and adopted. It was as follows: President--A. G. Bemis, Frederickton.

Vice-presidents--First district, E. Bloodworth; second district, Rev. J. B. Dugget; third district, Rev. F. C. Hartley; fourth district, Rev. F. S. Hartley; fifth district, Miss A. Slipp; sixth district, Rev. R. H. Ferguson; seventh district, Miss A. Floyd.

Recording secretaries--Miss L. Vandine; assistant, Miss J. Vince. Treasurer--T. A. Lindsay.

The report of the press committee was adopted. Miss Vanwart, Miss Robinson, Miss Jessie Slipp were appointed press committee.

Mr. A. T. Bemis, Rev. F. C. Hartley, Rev. C. T. Phillips, G. Tapley, Rev. S. J. Case were appointed to receive and receive in regard to movements of missionaries.

In the afternoon the delegates gave themselves up to pleasure and sight-seeing, which included a long motor drive about the city and vicinity.

The concluding session was held last evening. A short service of praise led by Rev. G. A. Hartley opened the meeting.

The reading of the following resolution, offered by Rev. J. C. Hartley, followed: Whereas, this Young People's League is exceedingly anxious to assist in any way the work of the general conference; therefore...

Resolved, that if the general conference will make provision during the coming year for the service of the home missionary, this Young People's League will be pleased to contribute...

A number of the delegates spoke in reference to the resolution, which was unanimously passed.

The resolution was read by the league's new president, Amos O. Bemis, which gave cordial thanks to the pastor and members of Waterloo street church for the courtesy shown to the delegates, was heard.

This resolution had been read and passed during the morning session.

At 5 o'clock a consecration service was conducted, with President Bemis presiding and Revs. C. T. Phillips and G. A. Hartley on the platform.

Prayer was offered by Dr. Hartley and a short address delivered by Mr. Bemis, touching on the gratifying nature of this year's conference, and expressive of the conviction that the work of the Young People's League is being advanced to the benefit of the Master's cause...

What the Doctor Does. The first thing the doctor does when he is called to see a fretting, worrying, crying baby is to give it a medicine to move the bowels and sweeten the stomach. The doctor knows that nine-tenths of the troubles affecting babies and young children are due to irritation of the stomach or bowels, and that when the cause is removed the child is well and happy. Baby's Own Tablets. (REGISTERED) are a ready-at-hand doctor. They gently move the bowels, sweeten the stomach, promote digestion, cure colic, check diarrhoea, break up colds, prevent croup, reduce fevers, expel worms and promote healthy sleep. Baby's Own Tablets are mothers' friend and an ever-ready help for little ones. Guaranteed to contain no opiate or poisonous "sleepy" stuff. Good for children of all ages. Try them for your children. The genuine package looks just like this. Sold by druggists or sent post paid on receipt of price (25 cents a box) by addressing THE DR. WILLIAMS MEDICINE CO., BROCKVILLE, ONT.

TUNNELLED INTO WORKS AND STOLE \$280,000. Gigantic Robbery of Gold Bricks--Evident That Preparations Went on for Months.

San Francisco, Aug. 6--The Selly Smelting and Lead Company has been robbed of \$280,000 worth of gold bullion, the thief securing nearly 1,200 pounds of the gold, worth \$20 an ounce.

The robbery was discovered by the police at all the bay cities were immediately notified of the crime but all they could discover was a few of the tools that the robbers had used.

Preparatory engineering extending over several weeks probably was done before the robbery could be accomplished. Close to the wall of the building in which the vault is located a shaft was sunk below the foundation.

The thieves had taken the precaution of fastening the door of the vault from the inside so that it would be difficult to open from the outside in case they were interrupted.

The police and fire officials tonight say they have no positive proof but hold the theory that gasoline did the damage.

LIST OF DEAD FROM EXPLOSION WAS SEVEN. Others Have Probably Fatal Injuries, and 60 More or Less Seriously Hurt.

Philadelphia, Aug. 6--Seven dead, three or four probably fatally injured and more than 60 other persons hurt more or less seriously is the latest verified record of last night's explosion in the block of buildings on Locust street.

The most seriously injured who are likely to die are: Mrs. Patrick Quigley, Samuel Gales, colored, Lizzie Watkins, colored, Morris Rosenthal.

Undeterred by the incessant rain the work of searching for the dead has been kept up continuously. The only person who was positively known to be in the ruins was Elizabeth Mountain.

One colored man was found in the ruins of the restaurant which was patronized by negroes. He was supposed to be a helper in the place.

On the pickets one of the pillows stuck and somewhat modified the force of the fall, but the woman landed on her head on the sidewalk. Dr. Campbell took the woman to the hospital unconscious, where she died last night.

CRAZED BY PAIN SHE LEAPED TO DEATH. Mrs. Simmons' Clothing Took Fire and She Jumped from High Window.

New York, Aug. 6--Wrapped in flames which licked her wedding dress and her hair, and crazed by pain, Mrs. Lizzie Simons, holding two pillows tightly clutched in her arms, jumped in her agony from the window of her apartment to the street, four stories below, and was killed.

Married three months ago, Mrs. Simons, who was but 20 years old, was dressing late yesterday afternoon to go out to dress. She had put on a white organdy dress, the one she had been married in, and had started to curl her hair.

Her husband, having finished dressing, went into the next room, telling his wife he would wait for her. A small oil stove had been lighted, and on this the woman heated the curlers. There was a bottle of naphtha near this stove, which, it is surmised, was unhooked.

Suddenly Simons heard a piercing shriek. He rushed in and found his wife literally enveloped in flames. He seized a counterpane and tried to throw it around her. Then he attempted to smother the flames with a couple of pillows, but the pain was so intense that the woman became crazed.

Rushing past his husband, before he could restrain her she had plunged headlong to the street through the front window, still holding the pillows. An iron picket fence arrested the progress of the body just before it reached the street.

Sheriff's Sale.

There will be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 10th day of November next, at 12:15 o'clock P. M. in the Court House (so-called), in the City of Saint John:

All the Estate, right title and interest, LeBaron Eley and Mary Eley, his wife, in and to that certain leasehold, lot, piece or parcel of land with house thereon situated and being in the City of Saint John aforesaid and bounded as follows:

Following Mr. Hartley's address came a solo by Mr. Hornsby.

The next speaker was Rev. Dr. Ray, who, in a brief address, gave the tone of the evening by a benediction, expressing the hope that the spirit being displayed by them now would remain with them after dispersing.

President Riddout expressed his appreciation of the kindly and encouraging words which had been said by the previous speakers, and for the kind anticipations of the delegates of hearty welcome were surpassed. Since last year's conference many things had transpired, mistakes had been made, but they had shown good seed by reason of fruitful results drawn from experience. He zealously those present to take a firm grip on the cause of the Master and strive as he would have them do. They had not only assembled for his common cause, but were in such a position as to help and teach each other. He felt that in this age of general advancement the union must be the strongest and in no wise allow itself to slacken in energy or zeal. He wished to give them as a motto, that passage in Jeremiah's prayer: "There is nothing too great for Thee." He gave Biblical illustrations of God's marvellous power, and in conclusion urged again the delegates to practice activity in Christ's cause.

After President Riddout's address, further talks were given by Brothers Dugget, Kierstead, Wilson and others.

The delegates in town include: From Woodstock--Miss Druce Vanwart, Miss Belle Smith, Miss Lulu Vince, Miss Helen Snow, Miss Jessie Vince, Mr. Arthur Shipp, Substitutes: Miss Emma Cogwell, Miss Ada True, Mrs. Johnston, Miss Sarah Johnston. These substitutes may attend: Rev. J. W. Clarke, Mr. Frank Dunn.

From Marysville--Miss J. J. Robinson, Miss Jennie Allen, Miss Lila Colledge, Miss Blanche Black, Mr. A. A. Riddout, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Tapley.

From Bath--Rev. M. L. Gregg, Miss Jennie Tweedie, Miss Helen Hutchinson, Miss Lydia Gilbrison, Mr. Garfield Perry.

From Gagetown--Misses Chase.

From Fredericton Junction--Pres. Miss Myrtle Hayward, Miss Edna Alexander, Miss Mimi Moresseau.

From Grand Harbor--Miss Jennie Ingalls, Miss Lydia Brown, Miss Laura Cheney, Mr. Loyd Dakin.

From Cornhill, Kings county--Miss Sarah Dunfield, Miss Alice Brown, Miss Ethel Burdick, Miss Gertrude Mann, Mr. Fred Branscombe, Mr. Ernest E. Bloodworth.

From Beaver Harbor--Miss Lillian E. Cross, Rev. Mr. Holmer, Mr. J. Cully MacNeil, Mrs. James Dickson. Substitute: Miss Carrie Wright.

From Sussex--Miss Nellie Berrie, Miss

ABSOLUTELY SAFE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills. Ferry's SEEDS. Must Bear Signature of Dr. Williams. CURE SICK HEADACHE. FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.