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OF THE

## CANADA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

No. 10.
AUGUST, 1867.
VOL. VI.

## MINUTES OF SYNOD.

The Minutes of Synod have been forwarded for all the congregations in the Church. Parcels for the congregations in the Presbytery of Montreal have been sent to Rev. A. Young, Montreal,-for those in Presbytery of Ottawa, to Rev. W. Moore, Ottawa, and Rev. S. C. Fraser, White Lake, -for those in Presbytery of Brockville, to Rev. W. Ferrie, Brockville,for those in Presbytery of Kingston, to Rev. T. S. Chambers,-for those in Presbytery of Cobourg, to Rev. D. Waters, Port Hope,-for those in Presbytery of Ontario, to Rev. J. R. Scott, Whitby,-for those in Presbytery of Guelph, to Rev. J. Middlemiss, Elora,-for those in Presbytery of Mamilton, to Donald McLennan, Esq., Book-seller,-for those in Presbytery of Paris, to Rev. W. Cochrane, Brantford,-for those in Presbytery of London, to Mr. W. Clark, London,--for those in Presbytery of Stratford, to Rev. W. Doak, Avonton,--for those in Presbytery of Huron, to Rev. A. D. McDonald, Clinton,-for those in Presbytery of Grey, to Rev. W. Park, Durham.

It is hoped that parties who receive packages of Minutes will endeavour to forward them to the several congregations as soon as possible.

Ministers in the Presbytery of Toronto will receive their parcels of minutes at the first meeting of Presbytery.

## THE RECENT MEETING OF SYNOD.

In our last number we were unable to make any remarks on the proceedings of the late Synod. Our readers will have seen reports of the proceedings, and will have formed their own opinions with reference to them, so that it is of less consequence now to dwell upon the subject. We take the opportunity, however, of very briefly referring to the late meeting aud its proceedings.

Many things in connexion with the recent Synod cannot be regarded but as very gratifying and encouraging. The number in attendance was more than usually large. The increase of the ministry and the general prosperity of the church, financially and otherwise, as reported by the Committees on Statistics and Finance, were such as to call forth our deepest gratitude. The spirit which prevailed, notwithstanding various subjects of a delicate and perhaps somewhat irritating character, was excellent. We have reasou to thank God for all this. The results will, we trust, through the over-ruling power of God, be for good to the church in coming years.

The interest connected with the meeting of Synod, (and be must say we have never seen so much interest in the proceedings of our Supreme

Court manifested by the people, as on the occasion of the recent meeting in Gould Street, foronto, was increased by the presence of so many strangers. We had the deputies from the Free Church, Principal Fair. bairn, and the Rev. Mr. Wells; we had the Rev. Dr. Stowe, formerly Professor in Andover; we had the Rev. John Black from Red River, and the Rev. D. Duff from British Columbia, and in addition we had the Rev. C. Chiniquy and three fellow-labourers from Illinois, and the presence of all these contributed in no small degree to the interest connected with the meeting, and, we trust, to deepen and intensify the missionary spirit in the hearts of those who were enabled to attend.

The Home Mission Report was received with general favour. The Home Mission Scheme appears to be moulding itself to the circumstances and necessities of the church, and we believe, will, from year to ${ }^{\text {y }}$ year, become still more and more the means of promoting the evangelization of the destitute places of our wide field, and of aiding small and weak congregations in maintaining the means of grace, which otherwise they might not be able to do.

The large proportion of time and attention given to the subject of Theological Education in connexion with Knox College, and the new College at Montreal, shows the high importance attached to this department of the work of the church. We trust both our colleges will be well sustained, and, that through the blessing of God, they may be the means of training up many, both in the east and in the west for the work of the ministry.

The church has assumed still greater responsibilities in connexion with the French Mission at Kankakee and St. Ann's, Illinois. From the reports of those who have had the best opportunities of judging, the mission is doing a great and good work, and we trust that from year to year we shall hear of its progress, and that there will be a reflex influence which will tell on the mass of Romanism in our own land.

The reports given of the commencement of the mission to the Indians in the Saskatchewan were encouraging. The necessity of enlargement pill soon be forced upon us. In the meantime the Foreign Missson Committee was instructed to send out another minister to Red River, and one to British Columbia, to take the place of Mr. Duff, whose state of health has rendered it necessary for him to return to Canada.

Several matters connected with our worship and discipline were before the Syuod, and will again engage the attention of the Court. We refer to the subjects of Hymnology, instrumental music, and the marriage question. In regard to these, we trust that they may be considered in a spirit of meekness, humility, prayer, and forbearance, and that God may direct to such a solution of the questions as may be for his own glory, and for the edification, purity and peace of the church.

Politically and nationally we have now taken a step in advance, we occupy a more prominent position as a community, and have assumed higher responsibilities. We trust that the change in our relations as a community may be over-xuled for the best interests of the people, and may promote good government and the gencral prosperity of all the Provinces in our Dominion of Canada, and that in our ecclesiastical position we shall be enabled to recognize our responsibilities. and in dependence on the blessing of the great Head of the Church to gird ourselves for the great work to which we are called.

## andisimaty dhteligemar.

## INTELLIGENCE FROM REV. JAMES NISBET.

We have before as letters from Mr. Nisbet of various lates, the latest leing May 3rd, and May 7th. It will le seen that the mission at Prince Albert, Saskatchewan, the name which the mission bind have given to their establishment, is already becouning the centre of attraction and induence to not a few of the natives. We trust that the Spirit of God may impart spiritual blessings to miany brought within the influence of the missionary in that region.

We invite attention to the request of Mr. Nisbet in regard to clothes and other useful articles fur the mission. Any boses or packages of such things will be receivel with thanks, and forwarded from time to time to the mission. They may be addressed to Rer. W. Reid, Knox College, Toronto.

We would mention too, that Mr. Nishet expresses the hope that some generous friend or friends may mate a donation to the mission of a copy of the Encyclopedia Britannica. It would be of great utility to the mission.

The letters are as follows:

> presbyterias mission. Prince Albert, May 3rd, 1867.

Rev. R. F. Buras, St. Catharines, C. W.

My Dear Brouther,-As our young men and Mr. F. and his family .re now on their way to the settlement-one only remaining, who leaves next week with one of the Company's gentlemen, I send you a short letter to let you know our progress thus far. After the date of the last letter I sent you (which was sent from this on the 8th April.) John McKay and our Indian lad set out with four carts and horses for Fort A-'a-Corse-hoping that the ice ou the South branch-which they had to ross and re-cross, would keep good till their return. They went for the seed potatoes and barley that we purchased in that quarter. They got lown nicely-but the thaw was so rapid that the ice was broken up before they returned to the crossing place. They were delayed there ten days. We sent twice across to their assistance but the ice was floating down too mach for crossing with a bark canoe-so we had to send a third time, whis our skiff was also sent-and everything was got safely across. Thus $\therefore$ great deal of time was lost, and we have not got up the wells of our ciwelling housc-as we hal anticipatul we would have accomplished before the lreaking up of our party. But as we cannot control, so we need not complain of the morements of nature. We are thankful that we have got a good supply of barley and potatoes for seed althongh at considerable trouble and expense.

It will be tight enough work to get our house so far adranced by the middle of Auzust, or beriming of Scptember as to receive a Schoolmaster and pupils. I hope Mr. Black will be able to send out the two young men that I wrote for by the first opportunity with as many of our carts as they can take charge of the good, that have to cuine from England and the Cnited States will likely be seat in charge of Mr. Flett and the sehoolmaster.

We are already beginning to see our expectations realised as a mission station. We had no doabt but the sick, lame, and aged would gather around us. Our oll friend George-(whose Indian name is Squirrel)-and
who was with us from a week aftor our arrivel until September, with a very bad foot, returned to is on Tuesday last. His foot is not entirely healed, but he is able to walk on crutches. He brought with him his boy, who was with him while he was here before. Tile old man holds on to the christian faith, and he came to give up his boy to us, who is a fine quiet lad, perhaps 15 years of ago-very attentive to his father-and in this respect most unlike the generality of Indian youths.-He wishes his son to be taught like white people. We asked the boy himself whether he wishes to be a christian and to learn to read and write and work like white people : and he said that he does so. Wo have agreed to receive him and to teach him as soll as we can. The old man also brought an orphan boy with him-ono at least whose father is dead and who is deserted by his mother-ho may be 7 or 8 jears old-him too we must adopt, and if we find that there is no danger of his being remored from as, I may baptise him-the son of the old mar has already been baptised -Johir being his christian name. Mrs. N. is getting clothes prepared for these two adopted boys-and to-morrow she hopes to cut their hair and to get them to lay aside their buffillo robes, breach cloths and leggings, and to don the garbs of civilization. This is the right way of getting on with children, and I have good expectations that this example will be followed by others. This very week two of those who occasionally camp here told us that although they do not care for church and scheol themselves they wish their children to have the bonofit of these: and old George says that 15 tents of his relations are coming down in the fall who have all some notion of settling and becoming christians. A young man with his wife and child whom I met with on my Edmonton journey have also come to us. They were among French Free Traders and have been considered papists. When I met them in the Plains-the man was so ill with a sore back that he could scarcely crawl.- His disease zontinues-so that he can walk but little. He twishes to become a protestant-but I have not yet had time to talk with hili to ascertain his reasons for wishing to change his profession: perhaps the expectation of temporal assistance may have something to do with it. Be this as it may, he is just such a one as should have our christian compassion, and that we must extend as far as our means will allow.

I hope our congregations have been anticipating such cases as these and that boxes of useful articles are on the way botn for clothing the needy, and for purchasing provisions for our increasing household. Coarse garments of print and canvas for boys and girls will be most useful, striped cotton shirts and woollen under shirts are always required-both large and small. Coarse cloth, brown, white, striped and printed cotton are in constant demand. Blankets of all sizes, thread, needles, (common and glovers) thimbles, fish-hooks, \&re., \&c. In a word any sort of common useful articles will be acceptable and serve iustead of money here.

I have every reason to believe that jefore another year passes a considerable number of settlers besides Indians will be around us.

There is quite a gathering of Indians hero just now. The principal men have been at the mission. - They continue quite friendly. They remained while we had worship-which was perhaps the first time that some of them were present at christian worship. Our old friend-the White Bow has attended our serrices regularly since he came from the woods, and there are always some other Indians present.

Mr. McKay has commenced ploughing. In some spots the frost is not sufficiently out of the ground yet, but it rains now, and likely another day or two will render it all soft enough.

We expect to put down about ten acres of crop.

We had no letters whatever by the packet that came in the end of March, so I am still at a loss to know your opinion on our progress and plans. I must wait patiently for about two months longer.

> My Dear Brother,
> yours most sincerely,

JAMES NISBET.
l'RESBITERIAN MISSION, \&C.
May 7th, 1867.
Dear Mr. Burns,-I must send a postscript to my letter. I expect a. Polson to leave this to-morrow morning and that will be my last opportu, nity for a while.

Last Sabbath the character of our meetings was changed-the In an element prevailing instead of the English as formerly. In the absence of Mr. Flett, Mr. McKay interprets at every exercise of domestic or public worship we have, for the Cree is now required at every such exercise.

I have talked with the lame man referred to in my letter. I find that although he was brought up amung papists, neither he nor his wifo has been baptised, he was tanght to read the syllabic characters by a priest, and he has a popish prayer book and hymus, and a rosary. He has been about Carletor the most of the winter. He says he does not think he will live long, but he leares it to God to do as he pleases with his body, but he is anxious to learn how his soul may be saved, and trer since I saw him in the plains he has had a wish to come here believing he would learn something here that would do him good.

I have lent him a New Testament and a Hymn Book, and requested him to read for himself,-and if after sufficient enquiry he is convinced of the truth of our religion, I may then baptise him as he desires, and also his wife if she too should be convinced and then their child would have a right to be baptized also. I have requested our Indian lad to read with ${ }^{2}$ im in the evenings.

A young man who has lost his left hard-and is a baptized Indian-is tired of the ways of the Indian camp, and wishes to live at the mission and hunt for us-for he hunts well though having but one hand.-Yesterday he brought home nine ducks, and to-day he is off on the track of deer and moose.
Yesterday a poor man cama to us from the plains. He says it was his misfortune to get a very bad woman for a wife-she is not with him now. He has two girls, twins, and is very poor. He heard of this place and that we were charitable people here ; and he thought he would try to find us out hoping we would have compassion on him and take care of his girls -that he would do anything he could for any one about, the mission. Our old friend George Squirrel has known him since he was a boy, and corroborates his story. Fie carried his girls all the way on his back-and left them at a sugar camp a few miles above us.

After consulting on the case we told the mau that we were not sent here to provide for the bodily support of any Indians who might come to usthat our business is to teacl them the true religion,- that wo will help the poor and sick as far as it is in our power-and we will take charge of the children of the poor that are left with us, and we will teach them what things we know ourselves aud that will be for their good.

We told him that we would do what we can for his girls-but if he lives here himself he must hunt for his living as he would do anywhere else-
and if he remans hereabout he should put up a little house for himself and raise potatoes, de., for his own use. He said he would do all he could -that he has always been accustomed to hunting-but he would try to work on the land. He is off to-day for his two girls and expects to be here to-morrow. A little girl belonging to one of the families who were living here when we arrived, but which family is now at Carleton-has also been sent to us, her parents wishing her to be away from the bad influence of the children there, Mrs. N. oftered to take charge of her for the present at least-she is about six years of age.
Thus you see our care is increasing. I hope we shall have the hearty syrapathy of all the congregations, and while we feel ourselves bound to undertake such care and responsibility we shall be supported by their prayers and their liberal contributions.

At this moment there are depending on the mission-two helpless man, two Indian boys, and two Iudian girls-there is also the wife of one of the men, the father of the two giis and Benjamin who will hunt some for their living. We have also our Indian lad-John Makookis-and two sawyers-with the wife and two children of one of these-and we expect other two sawyers with their families in a day or two.-We shall howover dispense with the services of the sawyors as soon as possible.

We thought we were to have a quiet time after Mr. F. and the young men would leave-but we have more company, and bustle than ever-and dont expect to have auything but care and toil in time to como.

From the above yui will see what air advantage it would be to have a Medical Missionary here. The sick and infirm will gathor around us whether wo will or no-and it is but poor medical help they can get from one who has nover studied even the elements of the healing art. I hope it will not be long until you will be able to send us some young missionaries. With the care of every thing about the mission resting on one, it is impossible to give such attention to the language as is necessary to acquire a proper knowledge of it. The papists are constantly sending out youg priests who do little or nothing for the first three years but apply themselves to the language. Could I do this, I might even yet hope to gain some knowledge of it, but as it is my hopes are not very bright on that subject.
I have had several conversations with the old men among the Indianssince they came here for their spring daucing and feasting.
Mr. McKay and I went on Sabbath after morning service to the tent of one who considers himself a great conjuror and medicine man. We found him busy initiating an Indian in the mysteries of his art. He was surrounded by little parcels of medicines of various kinds, a number of which were placed before his disciple and also a squirrel skin. Having invited us to le seated he continued his instructions for some time-stech instructions as would sound stronge in the ears of the members of your Toronto School of Medicine.

When ho found it convenient to adelress us I introduced the subject of religion. He said-Gud has given white people their religion, and he has given the Iudian his-the white man's religion is good for him and so is the Indian's for him. I told him that God wished all people to hare one religion and that it was only sin that caused so many -I spoke of the unity of the race-the entrance of sin, the deinge. the dispersion, and confusion of languages, the consequent dsversity ot religions, the calling of Abraham and the establishing of the true religion in his family-the coming of Christ and the design that His Gospel should become universal. He said that God tiught us white people by our books, but He taught the Indians medicines \&ic., by dreams. I told him that God tanght all
people by their consciences telling them what is good and bad ; that all people come by oxperience to a knowledge of things that are good for medicines, and that whatever is found to be good we would use as well as they-but it is the hook that God has given us that alone tells us how we can please Him, and how we may be saved; and he has required that we should make this known everywhere, -that all people may yet have one religion, and that the only religion that can save them.

It was a long talk, and many of his notions were brought out,-some strange if not ludricous. He said he knew we were all sprung from one father and-one mother, but that God made a great mistake when he made the veman out of the body of the man; for that was what caus $n$ all the evil that is in the world-if He had made the woman as He had done the man-out of other materials altogether, all would have gone on smoothly. He asked why God should make the place of happiness away from this world? Why tear the soal from the body? Why not give us our heaven on earth? I said God is wiser than man and knows what is best, and that it is our sins alone that have caused all the suffering we are exposed to. He said that he knows that' Jesus Christ was put to death on a cross-but said he-His arms were spread out and his hands pointed this way and that way; to indicate that the earth was to be divided-the Indians to go this way and the white people that way. I said to him that he was quite wrong in that, for wheu people spread out their arms it is for the purpose of gathering together, not separating, and that Jesus Himself has told us that if he would suffer in that way He would draw all men to Eimself and make them one great company who would love one another. But it is too long a story-so be content with ihe sample. I am glad to say however that he assured us he does not despise our religion, and that it may yet prevail in this land. The fact is that th.ese old men see that their influence is decreasing, and they cannot hide from themselves that Christianity is the better way and that it must advance.

We need to be laborious and faitnful-there is a door open, and wo to us if we da not enter, and take possession in the namo of our Great Saviour King.

Again adieu. - I shall hope to hear much from you soon; and I pray God to guide the deliberations of the approaching Synod, and that they may result in help being sent to us in our work.

Mrs. N. joins with me in kindest regards to Mrs. B. and yourself.
Yours most sincerely,
JAMES NISBET.
P.S.-Since I wrote the above, I went out to see how the sawyers whom we had engaged to work for us, were getting on, I found that both yesterday and to-day they had come far short of what I consider a proper day's work. - In the mildest manner possible, I spoke to them and let them know that as we give good wages we expect them to work well. They have taken offence at this, especially a big French half-breed -and no persuasion would induce him to return to his work, -the other also goes off to other work he has in hand. This will shew you what sort of trouble we would have were we to depend on men that can be got here. We need men from our own community, and I hope we will soon have them againthe sooner the better-wad the cheaper too.
J. $\mathbf{N}$.

## Gratal zeligiout gitatligrare.

Ecclestastical Meetings in Scotland, Ireline, and America.We have been unable undil now io refer to the proceedings of the Supreme Courts of the Presbyterian Church in the mother countries or in the United States. Their proceedings have been more than usually interesting. The subject of principal interest, in Scotland at least, was that of union. In the Synod of the United Presbyterian Church, and in the general assembly of the Free Church, the discussions were long and animated. In both, the conclusion was, in regard to the first head of the programme, (roferring to the question of the civil magistrate) there was no bar to union. On this point, the dicision in the Free Church was-for the motion of Dr. Rainy (which carried) 34f, and for that of Mr. Nixon, 120. Dr. Begg and several others declined to act longer on the union committee; and a number formally protested against the decision. We observe that since the assembly a movement bas begun in the Free Church in opposition to the union, a.t least in the meantime. In the Free Church assembly there was an animated discussion on a reference from the Synod of of Glasgow and Ayr in the case of the Rev. W. C. Smith, which had been before the Presbytery of Glasgow. The decision of assembly condemned the teaching of Mr. Smith on the subject of the Decalogue, but held that there mas no necessity for any further proceedings. A motion by Mr. Begg was to the effect that the case be remitted to the Presbytery to proceed according to the laws of the church. This motion was lost, the division toing, for Dr. Rainy's motion, 301, for Dr. Begg's 111. Dr. Begg and others dissented from the decision of assembly. The proceedings otherwise were encouraging and pleasing. The Foreign Mission Report given in by Dr. Duff, stated that the amourt of the Foreign Mission Fund for the past year was $f^{\prime 3} 31,829$ 8s 9 d :, the number of christian agents in India and Africa being 281, and 10,000 schulars weing under instruction. Dr. Buchanan reported on the Sustentation Scheme and proposes to raise the amount of $£ 200$ for each minister. The Report on the state of religion referred to a very interesting work of revival in several districts.
The Reports, in the Synod of the United Presbyterian Church, were hopeful and interesting. In their statistics, the supply of preachers and of students is almost the only item in which there is not progress, and is hoped that in this the lowest point has been reached. The increase of communicants during the past year was 21781, the entire number being 174,930. The total amount of income was £275,105 against £264,795. This includes both congregrational and benevolent.

The Moderator of the Established Assembly (Rev. Dr. Crawford) in his concluding addresses referred to the union of Presbyterians, and stated that he and many others would hail with unmingled satisfaction the prospect of re-union with other Presbyterians.
The meeting of the General Assembly of the Irish Presbyterian Church was clouded and saddened by the death of Professor Gibson of Belfast, one of the most prominent members of the Church. He died suddenly of apoplexy while on his way to his lodgings, after leaving the place of meeting at the close of the day's proceedings. Professsor Gibson was uviversally respected and beloved. The Missionary reports were encouraging, and the Assembly agreed to begin a new Mission in China. The finances of the church were in a hopeful state, the contributions being larger than in the preceding year, in every department.

In the Geueral Assemblies of the Old and New School Churches in the United States, the subject of union was prominent. In the Old School
(Continued on a age 332.)

## CANADA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

## STATISTICAL RETURN ArD

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT, FROM

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PRESBYTERY OF TORONTO-Continued.



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PRESBYTERY OF GUELPE-Continued.



PRESBYTERE OF STRATFORD－Continued．

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PRESBYTERY OF GREY-Continued.

PRESBYTERY OF GREY-Continued.


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PRESBYTERY OF BHOCKVILLE-Continued.


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PRESBYTERY OF ONTARIO－Continued．


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PRESBYTERT OF HAMLLTON



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PRESBTTERY OF GUELPH.


PRESBYTERY OF STRATFORD.-Continutd.



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## SIXTH REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON STATISTICS.

It is with feelings of great gratification, that your Committee are cnabled to present to this venerable Cuurt a more complete and comprehensive statement of the Statistics of the Church than on any former occasion.

While gratefully orwaing the aid of the various Clerks of Presbyterg, two other reasons for this favorable state are not to be overlooked. The first is. the change of the Ecelesiastical year, by which it anis on the 31st March, instead of the 30th A pril. Through this alteration, the Returns, in a nearly complete form, havo been printed and laid before this Synod at an early period of its session. The second is, the close connection between the material prosperity of the land and the outward progresn and success of the church; and of which fact the Returns for thas year exhibit such striking evidence.

Unusually onetous and laborious as the work has proved, it has been grently lighter ed by the pleasiag proofs of the progress and prosperity of our Zion, which have been thus brought to light. In theae respects the present year far out strips its predecessurs. One principal reason for this most probably is, that the consolidating and organizing work, connected with, and arising out of the Union, having been to a considerable extent accomplished, and the various agencies of the united Body brought into succes ful operation, the fruits of that auspicious event are beginning to develope themselpes more speedily and exteasively than its most sanguine frieds could have anticipated.

Instend of using, as they bave so ofteu done, the language of complaint and regret, your Conmittee are able to state that the Statistics of epery Presbytory are nearly complete, so far as the settled charges are concertied.

Beginning with the Paris Presbyters, which has so often, from the fulvess and correctuess of its return, as well as from the early date at which it is transmitted, occupied the place of "primu inter pares." it is found that evely settled charge in the I'reshyteics of Ottawa, Brack ville, Kingston, Ontario, Toronto, Hymilton, and Stratfond has sent in a Return. In hosa of Guelph and Hurun, the same is the case, with the exception of a newly -ethed charge meach.

Of the 251 pastoral charges, whin our boums, only seveu have omitted to send Returns. Of thase one has seut a Finnucial Sentement, three are recently setuled, and only three, Mand:awmin and Westminster in the Presbytery of London, and Carrick in that of Grey, consist of old established congregations, with Which the lresbyteries, to which they respectively belong, are respectiulty requested to deal regarding their nerlect, as they deem most proper. The great improvement on this point is most simply shewn by the fact, that, while only 218 charges forwarded Returns for $15 \dot{5} 5$, this year there are 244 , shewing an increase of 26 .

On the other hand, your Committec have often bad their attention drawn to the discrepanoies existing between the figures exbibitng the yearly addition and diminution in each congreontion, and the numbers actually stated as communicants. These differences most probably arise from the want of a carefully kept Communion Roll, and from its not bemg examined and purged every year, when the Return is made up.

Tbey feel coufideut that this matter needs only to be meationed in order to be remedied.

Another defect in the Report is cansed by so many vacant congregations being found in the printed Returns, year after year, withont anything placed opposite to them, except an array of blatik columas. It would add mucl: to the fulnces and correctness of the, Returus, were the several Presbyteries concerned to adopt measures for constraining such charges io sead in regular reports every year.

For some time, and especially last year, your Committee called special attention to the small inerease in the ministry, only indicating, however, the two chief rasons for this evil, the more luerative sitastions offered to young men, in connection with secular pursuits, and the unusual number of deaths among the ministers. Kurardug these caunes as local and temporary in their effects, it wis not decmed vecessary to diseuss the other ciuses, such as the limited supply of caudidutes for the ministry in the old oountry, the greater pecuniary aud othor
inducements offered in the Colonies of Australia and New Zealand, and the cousequent cutting off of the former ministerial supply from the father-land.

It is still more umecessary now to bring up those points, since this year, expressions of gratitude rather than of regret are called for. Through the kindness of the Lord of the vineyard, the increase is 19, making the number on the Roll 267 against 218 !ast year. This fact has also to be mentioned, that this inerease is only for il months. Five have since been added; and with the number of settlements in prospect many other additions are expected in the course of a few months.

May we be allowed to deviate for once from the dry routine of a Report, and to remark that this circumstance calls for fervent thankfulness on the part of the Church, to her great Head, for his loving kindness in this matter.

As might have been anticipated from the fuller returns sent in, all the columns of the Statistical Return, exhibit an encouraging increase. The number of families, being more complete than formerly, shews an increase of 4702 .

The Communicants reported are more numerous than in any former year, consisting of 41667 , being 5198 more than those returned last year. The actual increase, as found in the Columns of Addition and Diminution is 2241, the largest ever reported in the Returns. This is the more encouraging, when it is borne in mind, that of the number added 2479 are admitted by examination, erincing the fact, that a considerable number of the young are giving themselves to the Lord.

Another gratifying cireumstance is the extension of the Mission Field. For the first time, there is a Return from St. Ann's, Kankakee, exhibiting the largest Communion Roll in our Church, and comprising not a few, who are exercising a strong and growing influenc: uver the French Canadian population.

A report necessarily imperfect, is also furnished of a German Mission undertaken in Berlin and its vicinity, by the Guelph Presbytery, while there are likewise found the names of Missionaries to the Indians to Red River and to British Columbia. It may be, that there exists a cluse connection between our extended missiouary operations and the prosperity, that is visiting us. The average number of Communicants to each pastor, is 157 . The dedication of 4173 of the lambs of the flock to God, is reported. 21765 of the youth of the land are returned as enjoying the privileges of Sabbath School instruction, while 7554 are found in the nigher department of the Bible Class, both comprising the large aggregate of 23319. For them is provided a varied, uscful, and instructive religious literature, which is treasured up in 61851 volumes.

As helps in the pastoral work, 1539 elders are mentioned, conjoined with 2359 other office-bearers for the proper management of the secular affairs of the congregation.

Pastoral visitation is syitematically and almost univereally practised, as an important part of the ministerial work.

In addition to the ordinary pulpit instructions, libraries are provided for many congregations, consisting of 11048 volumes, and containing a vast and valuable body of divinity and religious knowledge.

During the week, 354 religious meetings keep alive the spirit of devotion, and form gathering points for the more scrious partion of the congregation, while accommodation is said to be provided for 96354 worshippers. But as the returne are in this respect defective, the real number is more probably 105000.

There is thus seen, as compared with last year, an increase in Families of 4702 , of Cemmunicants 5198, of actual increase of Communicants 2241, of Baptisms 483, of young in Sabbath Schools 1734, and in Bible Classes 888, of Prayor Meetings 10, of Elders 22, of other office bearers 144, of volumes in Congregational Libraries 1061, and io Sabbath Schools 4447, and fually, in Church accommodation, of 3717 sittings. It is to be hoped that these figures are not only proofs of external progress and prosperity, but also evidences of the Lord's favor, and of His beginning to crown our Zion with special grace and glory.'
ginancial gtateyknt.
As might be inferred from the more farorable condition of the Statistical Returas, the Finances of the Church exhibit similar improrement and progress.

## STIPEND.

It is plensing to notice several encomaging features, in comection with this fund.

Its contimed expanion, amounting to 1781892 (151560.50-183ヶ40.58) more than the unuenally large sum reported lase year, and the gradual rise in the average amount paid from year to year, hold out the hipe, that, when the matter is thoroughly underatod, the incerease will uitimatels be preportionate to the angmented expeuse of living.

The average stipead having now reached the sum of sis.97.50, ne glienn by a careful comparison and revisal of the Returns your Combuitee sugget to this court, that an effort be pat forth, to make $\$ 000.00$ the minimum standard of ministerial support.

When the prosperity of the country, the incrased expense of livirg, and the untouched depths of Chistian liberality existing in our church are taken into account, this step scems most ungently called for. And it is imperative that eome decided movement should be made, when it is remembered thit the number of ministers reported as linving less than $\$ 450$ with a Manse, or $\$ 500$ without that privilege, have inereised from 48 to 63 .

On the other hani, the arrears are reduced nearly one half, as compared with last year, being \$5129 71 auninst $\$ 9884.44$; and those, consisting of $\$ 1 \cdot(1$ and upmards have decreased from 54 to 17. Noreover, an examination of the Finnacial Table shews the pleasing fact, that with the exception of the Presbyterics of Montreal, Gnelph and Grey, the arrears in the others could be at once wiped off, with very littie effurt.

These three Presbyteries shew arrears, amounting to $\$ 3216.04$, leaving only s 1913.67 to be divided among the other ten. The hope may, thereforo, be reasonably cherished, that, next year, the Pais Presbytery will no longer accupy the solitary. though enviable position of having no arrearages. It may alon be advisable io cunsider whether some special aid should not be given to the Presbytery of Grey, tomards liquidating its arrears, and thus evable it to give greater attention to its extensive mission field.

The special reasons for this proposal, are that it is a missionary Presberiery. has un weaithy torna or city congregations within its bounds, to aid in removing its debt, and comprise a large number of settlements, formed wut of the pimeval forest, and still stuggling with the difficulties connected with such ciremmetaners.

The improvement in respec: of arrears may be molicated by the fact, that the settled changes in this position are nearly velinhf less than last year, being reduced from 81 to 42 . In addition, many of the larger suns due, bave becn considelably lessened in amount.

Foity-one congregations have given their minisfers more than promised, though one half of that number comprise such as are paying up their arreats.

Forming part of the Tabular Statement is a colunin, emtaining the average payment of each commomicant towards ministerial support, in the several Presbyteries. The highest average is fomm in the Kingstom, and the luwest in the Guelph Presbytery, being respectisely $\$ 5,56$ and $\$ 2.84$. The average for the whole church is $\$ 3.82$, and shows cousderable improvement during the past "aree years, thound not by any means to the extent. that is decimale.

The circumstances of the Financial year, consisting of only eleven monils, though it does nut eemingly affect the Stipend, yot has no doubt diminished the amounts reported. as cont:ihuted for Congregational purposes and for the vaious schemes; and, concidering the increase last year, a de erease might have been expected. It is therefore peculianly gratify ing to tind a cousiderable increase in all, except in the rolums fur anconges and benevolent parposes, thas maning
 an increase of $\$ 2726055$. H:d the whole year been included, we augmented sum would have proved much larger, as may be seen from the sums returned in the Statement of the Agent of the Church. Tae arcrase combribution of each
 least incrensed to $\$ 7.50$, were we dealing wiha a mal year. amd was there taken into accomet the amount collected by the Agent of the Fiench Conadian Dissionary Society.

## kNox collfge.

As was anticipated, when the special efforts in belialf of other schemes ceased, and material porperity visited the Province, the Collere has recovered from the finameial pressure, which has hitherto eramped irs energies and himeredits developement. The smatl inerease of $\$ 60$ reporto! last year, his reached the sum of sej9.34. and would have been considerably hager, hisi the complete financial yem bern inclurled.

It is brlieved that our Churen has now attained to that position and size, which chab'e it tosupport the Theological Institution, without diflienty, and without its proving budensome. Nob a few congregations still neslect to contribute towarde its support, but from the financial year being inemplete, to wane them, might be dhing injustice to most of then, the more e-pecially as they can be fund in the printed Statisties.

HOME MISCION.
The Home Mission stall continues to prosper, by shewing au increase of $\$ 674.82$, and has now been placed on a selid, secure, and widely extembed basis.

The ohter Schemes also erince eneouraing progrecs. The Foreign Mission exhibits an increase of $\$ \mathbf{5} 3.29$, the Widows' and Orphans' and siged Miaisters' Fund of only $\$ 3: 3$, and the Synod Fund of $\$ 228 \$ 7$.

Your Commitiee regret to ob-erve so many omissions in the matter of contributing to the various schemes, sivee they depend for thit success, not so much apoa latge items as upon the genenal ami extended smaller contributions of the oungregations as a whole. Any neglect, therefore, on the part of a congregation, not only throws the burden off its own shoulders, on those of more liberal churches, but also constitutes a violation of that ecclesiastical communion and compact, which fomm one of the chief excellencies of Presbyterianism.

Your Commatteo hope that they will not be charged with making any invidious distinction, when they again point to the Paris Presbytery, as an example of what they desiog to see caried out throughout our bounds. By examining its Financial Statement, you will find a contribution to all the Five Synodical Schemes, from each pastural charge; and these, though not large individually, yet, from their number, nise the total amount above that contibuted by larger I'resbyteries. And while this is done. the more important itenn of the Stipend has not been neglected, as it will be perceived that three corgregations have paid moro than promised, and that the stipends of two have been raised during the year, from $\$ 840$ to $\$ 850$, and one from $\$ 880$ to $\$ 1000$.

When each Presbytery is able to reach this desirable standard, our Church will fuancially occupy no mean position.

Your Committee again urge on the Church the more gereral formation of Congrgational Associations for the various Schemes, and they are confident, that until they become universal, difficulties and irregularities will occur, in contributing for the various schemes.

The increase of 15 , in the number of manses returnod, proves that greater attention is paid to the wants of their pastors on the pat of the people. That they are still considerably under one-half the number of settled chayges, points out the uecessity of augmented liberality and interest in this very important matter.

The aftendance at the Supreme Comt is unusatlly large, comprisiog 205 ministers and 97 Elders,-making in all 302.

While your Committee congratulate this Court on the outward prosperity vonabsafed to us, get they feel constamed to give God the glory, to confoss that there are many thines filted to humble us, and that we ought ever to remenber thee "ld and venerable thuth so often overlooked, "Not my might, noi" by power, but hy my Spinit, saith the Lord.'.

All these are respectfuily submitted.
JOHN GRAT, Convener.
Toronro, June 1807.
(Continued from pagc 296.)
Assembly there was some opposition on doctrinal ground, and from the Union Committee there were two reports, a majority and a minority report. In both assemblies the decision was to send the subject down for decision in the Lower Courts, and to bring it up arain for consideration next year. Strong hopes are entertained that the two bodies will suon be re-united. Much interest was excited at both assemblies by the presence and addresses of the deputies from Scothand and hrolanc.

## SYNOD OF PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE LOWER PROVINCES.

This Synod met at New Glasgow on the last Tuesday of June. The attendance was larger than on any former occasion, there being present 92 ministers and 40 elders. The Rev. Dr. McCulloch was elected Moderator, succeeding Mr. Bemet of St. John. Various matters comected with the Foreign Mission occupied a good deal of the time and attention of the Synod. The Missionaries in the New Hebrides have many difficulties and trials to contend with. One Missionary-Mr. McCullagia-has resigned. In Erromanga things were still dark and gloomy. The work, however, was in many respects encouraging. The Synod agreed to send a Missionary to the Chinese Coolies in Trinidad. There was lengthened discussion on the subjects of Theological education, and the scarcity of candidates for the ministry. Home Missions, a Sustenation Fund, and other important subjects were before the Synod. The Rev. C. Chiniquy and J. Court, Esq., appeared as deputies from the Synod of the Canada Presbyterian Church. We trust we shall see a deputation from the sister church at our neeting next year in Montreal. The receipts for Missionary objects were as follows :-For Home Missions, $\$ 3, \tilde{5} 9221$; for Educational Department, $\$ 5,19047$; for Foreign Missions, $\$ 4,743$ 51; for the Day Spring (Missionary Vessel)解1,225 58.

## Gour Gorlesinstical 3atcligence.

## CALLS.

The Rev. R. Scotr, formerly of Oakville, has received a call from Orangeville, which, however, he has declined. He has received a call, also, from Plympton. The Rev. W. Lundy has received and accepted a call from the congregation of Strathroy. The Rev. J. McColl, of Dundas, has received a call from the congregation at Detrout. The Rev. J. Dodglas has received a call from the congregation of Uxbridie, and Leashdale. The congregation at St. Mary's have given a call to Rev. T. Cumming of Halifax, N. S. The congregation of Whlis Chereif, Oro have presented a call to the Rev. W. A. Johnstox:
Montrear, Coleege.-The Rev. G. P. Young has declined the appointment, unamously given by the Synod, to the chair of Theolngy in the College at Montreal. It is usderstord, nowever, that in accordance with the resolution of Synod, arrangements will be made for the instruction of classes in Theology during the coming winter.

Kankakee Mission. - The Committee of the St. Am's Mission would call the attention of ecngregations and friends contributing to its aid, to the action of the Synd requiring that all contributions be sent to the Treasarer of the Church, the Rev. William Reid, Knox' College, Turunto. The resolntion of Synod is expressed as follows:-"That all muneys
raised for the Mission be paid to the Treasurer of the Church, and bu administered by the Committec."

## JOHN SCOTT, conremer.

Committee on Aumentation of Stipends. -The Committee on if augmentation of stipends met on the 9 th ult. Steps were taken to hate all the congregations visited by deputations during the months of September and October. In our next number more full information will be given in regard to these deputations.

Mitcuele. - We have received a note from the pastor at Mitchell, calling attention to the fact that the number of Communicants at Mitchell as reported in the statistical returns is stated to be 130, while the number in reality was only 118.

Acknowledgement.-The Rev. W. Aitken of Smith's Fills, ackuuwledges the receipt of $\$ 20$ from "A Friend," for Sissionary purpuses, $\mathbf{\$ 1 0}$ for Mr. Chiniquy's Mission.

Richmond mini.- The congresations of Richmond Hill and Thorn Hill held a social meeting on the evening of Tuesday the $2 J$ th June, to bid good bye to their minister, the Rev. James Dick, whu is now on a visit to Scotland, and presented him with a purse containing $\$ 121$. They also presented lim with an address expressive of their affection for him as their pastor.

Innerkir.-The congregation at Innerkip finding their church too small for their increa ing numbers have recently made a large addition-more than the whole of the original building-to their church, besides a comfortable vestry. The church was re-opened on Sabbath the 30th June, by the Rev. J. K. Smith, of Galt, preaching both morning and afternoon, to a crowded congregation.

Springilile.-On the 1st of June there was a congregational meeting held at Springvill:, for the purpose oî transacting business of interest to -the congregation. When the general business was despatched, the pastor, the Rev. W. Blain, was presented with a handsome sum of money-verging on $\$ 100$. This amount was collected almost entirely by the Ladies of the congregation.

Indian Lands. - On Thursday the 27 th June, the grove surrounding the Indian Lands Mause was the scene of one of those happy social gatherings which express, and at the same time cement, the deep attachment which ought to hold between Pastor and people. The details of the "surprise party" had been skilfully arranged. Early in the fore-noon one of the office-bearers in the church had called with a double carriage and politely invited Mr. and Mrs. Gordon to accompany him to visit an esteemed member of the church, who was ill. They complied, and on their return to the Manse, at 3, p.m., found to their astonishment from two to three hundred of the people, both old and young, male and female, assembled in the grove, seats, \&c., having been improvised for the occasion. On being cunducted to seats near the Elders and the choir, an address was read by Mr. Colin Mckercher, a member of the committee, expressive of the esteen and attachment of the congregation, and referring to a carriage and set of hamess, and various other articles of the value of about $\$ 170$, of which they asked Mr. Gordon's acceptance. After a brief reply from the Pastor, the well trained voices of the choir discoursed sweet music-then followed the "gord things," in praise of which one does not like to get too eloquent. The high attamments of the ladies of the congregation in this matter received, however, on the srot, the best eulogies. The interest and liveliness of the occasion were snatained throughout by short and suit-
able addresses, and excellent music by the choir. The exercises were closed with prayer ly the senior Elder, and the singing of the 133 Psalm, and as the immortal worke, sumg to the good ohd tune of St. Martin's, fell from the lips of yourg and chl. it is to be supposed it was then and there proved to the satisfaction of all the gondly conpany that the hoilding of of an organ for "Gorton Free Church," Indian Lands, would be a work of supererogation: inderal!-Communicuted.

Memis.-Wo have received a communication from Rev. T. Fenwiek, Missionary at Mutis. callimg attention to auluntages of Metis as a watering place. It is retired, and is it the same time accissilile, a steamer piying weekly (as is expected) between Quchec and Metis doming the smmener. It is one of the interesting cutpusts of a whurch in the Eist, and Mr. Fenwick will be happy to give infcrmation to parties intending to visit the region during the summer.

Adejaide.- On the evenimig of Filay the 28th Jume, a deputation from the united congregatons of Eist and West Adelithe waited on their pastor, the Rev. Janes Dunaldsen, and, in the name of the congregations, presented him with a purse of money, suffisient to enablo him to secure a valuable horse. This is only une of many acts of his people's kindness to him, since he came among them, and which tend vary much to bind pastur and people together in the work of on Common saviour.
Unoon Cherch. -The scholars of Union Church Sabbath School lately presented Mr. Donald Elder, (who has been teaching the school there) with the sum of $\$ 27$, on his leaving Camada, to return to the old conatry.

Warwick.-The congregation of Warwick desire to acknowledge in this way their obligations to Kenneth McKenzie, Esq , Toronto, who dreiv up a deed for the congregation, and generonly gave the amomt of charge ( 815 ) as a donation to the congregation. The congregation also wish to tender their sincere thanks to the Rev. Jom Chestuut, Mandawmin, for a similar gift in connection with the Manse property.
Elora.-The Elora congregations have recently given theiv ministers ${ }^{*}$ very substantial tokens of their regard, the congresgation of Chalmers' Church having presented the Rev. James Middemiss with, a horse, busgy, \&c., in value albut $\$ 300$, and the congregation of Knox's Church having presented the Rev. John Duff with a sum of money (also about $\$ 300$ ), witha view to his visiting Seotland for the benefit ot his health.
North Gower.-In Table II, appended to the Home Mission Report, page 282 of last Record, the amomit of stuplement granted to N. Gower should be $\$ 75$, not $\$ 175$.
The Rev. W. Lochead lately received from his consregation the gift of a very handsome and useful carriage. Nr. Lochead his laboured in his present sphere for 22 years, and throughout the whole period the best feelings have prevailed.
B-achville Deet.-All subscribers for the Beachville church debt are requested to send, without delay, their respective amounts to the Rev. W. Reid, Knox College.
Temperance Assochation. - We have pleasure in stating that, on the occasion of the late meeture Synod, a number of the members, deeply interested in the cause of Temper:unce, formed themselves into a Synodical Temperance Association, the President being Rev. Dr. Taylor of Montreal, and the Secretary, the Rev. N. Paterson of Willianstown. We trust much good will result from this organization.
Deferred Articles. - We are obliged to defer several articles, notices of publication, sc. Tl.ese will appear in our next number.

## DIINDAS.

In our last number we referred to the progress of the church at Dundas, under the ministıy of the Rev. John McCull. In accordance with request, we publish in full the communication from which the information then communicated was received.
"Dear Sir, -Neally two years have passed since the Rev. John McColl was settleat among us as the Pastor of the Congregations comnected with the Camada Preshiterian Church.

At the time of his induction a soiree was held in the Town Hall, which was a decided success, both in a financial point of view, (over $\$ 200$ being realized by the Managers, after paying all exponse , and as showing the unanimity of the Congregation, and, modeed, of the citizens at large, in extending a cordial welcome to Mr. McCull.

A site for a dwelling for the Minister was purchased with the proceeds, and on this site the Cungregation with true Christian liberality, at an expeuse of $\$ 2500$, have erected a Manse, which ranks among the first in comection wah our church, and for agreeableness of situation, and the comfort and convenience of its internal arrangements, is second to none.

The ability and carnestness displayed by Mr. McColl in his pulpit services, combined with his every diy work among his congregation, and his devotion to his Master's canse, havo won for him tho bearts of his people; while his high social gualities, urbanity, and dignity of character, combined with his true Catholic spirit have secured him the esteem and respect of all who know him.

The increase to the congregation has been so large since his setilement, that a want began to be felt, in the way of accommodation. All the sittings are rented, (some of them twice over), and I believe in some instances parties have been preventel from connectin themselves with the congregation for want of room. I am happy to state that this state of thing; is about to be remedied. The congregition have empowered the Managers to erect an addition of thirty feet to the ind of the church, at a cost of $\$ 1000$. This work is now in progress.

There are two Sabbath Schools and two Bible Classes, in connexion with the congregation, all in a prosperous cundition. A Missionary Society has lately been organized, which bids fair to become a very useful auxiliary.

In conclusion, the hope and desire of your correspondent is, that in the good Providence of God, Mr. McColl may long remain to break the bread of hife among us, and that all, Minister, Nllers, Managers, Members, and Adl srents, may. be imbued with the spirit of unity, wisdom, and forbearance, and may ever bear in mind, that sentiment of the Psahmist, "How good and pleasant it is for brethren to dwoll to ether in unity."

Dundas, 16th July, 1867.
A MEMBER.

## PROCEEDINGS OF PRESBYTERIES.

Prrsbetery op Grey. - This Presbytery held their ordinary quarterly meeting at Owen Sound, July 9 th and 10 th.

Mr Me.Milla's term of office as Moderator having expired, Mr. Moffate was appointed thereto fur the eusuing year.

There was ittle or no business befure the Presbytery of general interest, their attention being occupied chitfly with Home Mission affairs.

The fullowin? session books were ordered to be produced at next ordinary meeting, -liount Forest, Proton, Normundr. Currick, and Walkerton.

The Presbetery resolved to ho!d their next walinary meeting at Durham the last Tuesday of September, at three $0^{\circ} \mathrm{Clock}$, p.m.

WILLIAJI PARK, Presbytery Clerk

Presbytery of Ontario.-This Presbytery held its ordinary meeting at Columbus, on the 9th July. The following are the principal items of business:-

The Presbytery received Mr. John McLean and Mr. James Douglas as ministers of the Canada Presbyterian Church.

Rev. D. Thornton was appointed to moderate in a call at Columbus on the 24th Juls.

A call was sustained from the congregation of Uxbridge and Leaskdale, to Mr. James Douglas, to be their pastor.

Arrangement for the supply of Mr. Lawrence's pulpit during his visit to Scotland was left in the hanus of the clerk, several members having kindly offered their services.

Rev. Mr. Smith, of Bowmanville, was appointed to dispense the Lord's supper at Brooklin about the end of September.

The Presbstery heard the trials of Mr. Aull for License-aud examined him on the rarious subjects assigned-all which being cordially sustained Mr. A. was in due form licensed to preach the gospel in connection with our church.
J. R. SCOTT, Clerk, pro tem.

We are reluctantly obliged to leave out the proceedings of one or two Presbyteries.

MONEYS RECEIVED UP TO 22Nd JULY.

> SYNUD FUND.

Fnglish Settlement. . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 6$ 55
Guelph, 1st...................... 700
Harwich ....................... 500
Ratho............................ 450
Keene .......................... 650
Westwood ...................... 500
Gloucester and N. Gower...... 500
Toronto, Knox's Church . ...... . 2800
номर mission.
Warrensrille, Bequest of late D.
McInnes. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 41$ 67
Donation from G. A., Clinton . . 1251
Fullarton, (less dis.)............ 1920
hankakee mission.
Ayr, Stanley St.
57200
Friend, per Rev. W. A., Smith's Falls
1000
foreign misston.
Warrensville, bequest of late D.
MeInnes. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 4166$
Friend . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4800
Montrenl, Petite Cote S. S., for Mr. Nesbit’s Mission . . . . . . . 800 knox college.
Donation from G. A., Clinton. . $\$ 12$ б 0
beachville caurce debt.
Glenallan .......................... $\$ 10$ GU
Acton. ............................ 700
Dunaville........................ 500
Bowmanville. ..................... 1000
Rev. G. Cheyne .................... . . 1000

## RECEIPTS FOR RECORD UP TO 22NL JULY.

D. L., Orono: $\$ 1.80$; D. McD, Lisiowell, $\$ 1.00$; G. H., Wingham ; Captain L., Onslow ; H. T., Waterdown, $\$ 500$; W. L., Campbellford, $\$ 1 . c 0$; A.J jua., W. M, A. McD., G H, Baltimore ; J. C., Byron ; Mrs R, Hollen; J. H., Anderson; Rev. W. H S., Kulbride ; J J., Cartwright, $\$ 1.10$; M. R. D, Perth, $\$ 1.00$; Rev, J. D., Adelaide; J. McK., Priceville.

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[^0]:    

[^1]:    (Oro and Medonte), Dedar Gove aud Yorkville, comprising au aggresate of 23 stations, 473 families, and 406 communicants, have beet omitted from the Return of the Toronto Presbytery.

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[^3]:     \$59 73 for Home Mission Fund, have been omitted from the Financial Statcuent of the Presbytery of Toronto.

