LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

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47th YEAR, No. 20447 | TOMORROW'S WEATHER. Much Colder. | LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1911. TWENTY-TWO PAGES. | Sun Rises Tomorrow, 7:08. Sun Sets Tomorrow, 4:59. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

CHEERING THOUSANDS AND BOOMING GUNS GIVE ROYAL SEND-OFF TO THEIR MAJESTIES

King George and Queen Mary Sailed Today for India.

REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION

Royal Yacht Escorted Out to Sea by Flower of British Navy.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Eng., Nov. 11.—King George and Queen Mary left London this morning for Portsmouth to board the new liner Medina, which will carry them to India for the imperial durbar to be held in Delhi next month.

As this was their majesties' last appearance in the capital for nearly three months, their departure was made with much ceremonial.

Accompanied by the Prince of Wales and Princess Mary, and escorted by imperial horse guards, they drove in an open carriage over a roundabout way to Victoria station.

The streets were lined with people, who gave the royal couple an enthusiastic send-off. There was a great gathering at the station.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Nov. 11. — King George and Queen Mary started this morning on a journey which has no parallel in the history of the British throne. For the first time a reigning emperor of India is going there to be crowned, and to receive the acclamations of his subjects.

After saying farewell to their younger children at Buckingham Palace the King and Queen, with their suites, drove in three open landaus to Victoria station. The weather was typical for a London November morning, a grey mist prevailing.

The King, in the uniform of an admiral, rode in the first carriage. With him was Queen Mary in a blue dress and furs. The Prince of Wales and Princess Mary also rode in this carriage, which was escorted by a detachment of the Horse Guards. Crowds greeted the royal procession along the route to Victoria station.

Big Ones There.

Victoria station, from which the public had been excluded, was filled with members of the royal family, and prominent dignitaries. Among these were Queen Alexandra, Prince Christian, Princess Louise of Argyll, the Duke of Fife, the Duke and Duchess of Teck, Prince Arthur of Connaught, Prime Minister and Mrs. Asquith, Sir Edward Grey, the foreign minister, Viscount Morley, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and practically the entire diplomatic corps in their brilliant uniforms, the lord mayor of London and the flower of British aristocracy, including the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire, the Duke of Norfolk, Earl and Countess Granard, and Lord Strathcona, the Canadian high commissioner.

The band of the Coldstream Guards played the royal anthem, and as the imperial special pulled out of the station at 1:30 o'clock on its way to Portsmouth there was a remarkable demonstration of affection.

Dreadnoughts Escort.

Portsmouth, Nov. 11. — The Medina, carrying King George and Queen Mary to India, left the harbor at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, to the accompaniment of a royal salute fired by the guns of the warships and forts. The ships were manned, the bands played "God Save the King," and enormous crowds on the esplanade at Southsea cheered rousingly as the royal vessel passed out.

Along the seafront off Spithead eleven Dreadnoughts composing the first battleship squadron and attendant cruisers awaited the Medina and led her out to sea. The admiralty yacht Enchantress, with the lords of the admiralty, immediately followed the Medina, and the four first-class cruisers, the Cochrane, Argyll, Defence and Natal, which, in command of Sir Colin Keppel, will convoy their majesties to the far east, completed the pageant.

The fleet is due to arrive at Calcutta during the first week of December, and two days later the party will proceed by train to Delhi, which they should reach on Dec. 7. There will be elaborate ceremonies at Calcutta, and the durbar proper, at which his majesty will formally assume the term of King-Emperor, will be held at Delhi on Dec. 12th.

The white-enamelled royal liner Medina, of the Peninsular and Oriental Steamship Company, will sail with the royal party from Portsmouth at 2:30 this afternoon. She will be escorted half-way down the channel by seven Dreadnoughts of the home fleet, and three cruisers.

The special crown of India, which the King will wear at the durbar at Delhi on Dec. 12, and other valuable jewels of state, are already aboard the vessel. They were placed in safes and with the regalia were taken to Portsmouth yesterday unostentatiously. They were packed in brown paper by the court jewelers, and were carried to the steamship without guard or formality, except the presence of a single Scotland Yard detective.

FOUND DEAD AT SARNIA.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Sarnia, Nov. 10.—The remains of Thomas English were found today in a cess pool on the premises of William Farr & Son. English was 60 years old and of intemperate habits. No inquest will be held.

SNOW IN WESTERN PROVINCES THREE BELOW IN MANITOBA

[Canadian Press.]

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 11.—A heavy snow covers Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The mercury stands at 3 below in Manitoba and 10 below further west.

All threshing is held up indefinitely.

About 30 per cent of the western crop remains unthreshed in Saskatchewan and Alberta.

N. Middlesex Libs. Nominate Monday

The Liberals of North Middlesex will meet on Monday at Ailsa Craig to nominate a candidate for the Legislature.

Several names have been prominently mentioned in connection with the place, but it is expected that Mr. S. Gillies, of Ailsa Craig, will be selected. He has been prominent in the riding for some time, and will make an exceptionally strong candidate.

The Liberals are hopeful of winning this constituency.

MEN ON RESERVE CALLED TO WAR

Two Hundred Italian Soldiers Pass Through London On Way Home.

NO HOPE FOR FIGHT

They Believe War With Tripoli Will Be Over Before They Reach Sunny Homeland.

Leaving their wives and families behind, perhaps without hope of ever seeing them again, nearly two hundred Italian reservists passed through London on Grand Trunk train No. 6 at noon yesterday. They were on their way to New York and thence will go by boat to Italy, where they will enlist for service in the Italy-Turkish war. The men were clean-cut and capable-looking. The majority of them had come from Chicago, although several had journeyed from points farther west. They had two special coaches that were being rushed through to New York as fast as possible, and considering the fact that most of them were leaving homes and the loved ones in this country they were bright and cheerful.

Drop Pick and Shovel.

Many had been engaged on construction gangs on the different railways through the Western States, when the war broke out, but being reservists, they had to answer their country's call, and throw down the shovel to take up the rifle.

When London was reached several of the local Italians were at the station to greet their countrymen. The men in the car came out and shook hands, and seemed optimistic in regard to their chances of returning to America. The majority of the foreigners had little or no baggage. The clothes they wore and a few belongings wrapped up in a small bundle constituted their entire equipment.

All Trained Soldiers.

An Advertiser reporter tried to enter into conversation with some of them, but had a hard time of it for a while, as many understood only a few words of English. One fellow, however, was finally found who could speak and understand the English language pretty well. He stated that the men in the party were nearly all trained soldiers. A few of them, however, were not reservists, but they were going back to enlist in order to take part in the war. He declared that there could be no doubt that Italy would finally win out in the struggle. A great many of them were looking forward to once more visiting the shores of their native land, and expressed the belief that the war would be over before they got as far as Tripoli. The men are due to sail from New York today, several hundred more of them going from New York and other parts of the country.

ROBBER BANDS TERRORIZE AMOY

Fifteen Pirates Captured and They Will Lose Their Heads.

[Canadian Press.]

Amoy, China, Nov. 11. — Attacks by robber bands in different quarters threw the city into a panic early today. The authorities dealt with the situation as best they could. The water patrol captured a piratical junk and its crew of sixteen men await execution. The inland junk traffic proceeded more freely today, but coast navigation has been wholly suspended.

Tno Tai Chang assumes office today. A conference of officials, with representatives of the conservative and the radical elements, was held, to determine a course of action. The officials and the conservatives proposed establishing a temporary independence for the city, and the adoption of a neutral attitude toward the revolution.

DEATH IN THE FOG.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.—Fog, the worst of the season, was responsible for the loss of three lives in this city early today. A track walker was killed on the Pennsylvania Railroad near Frankford, another was run down on the Reading at Walnut Lane, and a supposed trespasser was killed by an electric train on the Market street elevated railway.

All trains in and out of the city were from five minuts to an hour late. The traffic on the Delaware and Schuylkill Rivers was practically at a standstill, one or two ferry companies suspending business in the early hours.

FIRE ABOARD BOAT.

Cape Town, Nov. 11. — Fire was discovered today on the British steamer Melville, in port here from Montreal, resulting in slight damage to the cargo.

CLAIMANT FOUND FOR WOMAN'S BODY

"Miss McLeod," Who Died in Hospital, Was Ellen Howe.

The remains of Miss Ellen Howe, who died in Victoria Hospital a few days ago, under the name of Miss McLeod, will be taken to Mount Brydges on Monday afternoon for interment. They were claimed by her brother. It is stated that Miss Howe left a considerable sum of money, but so far no one has been able to locate it.

DESERTED GIRL HELD AT CHATHAM

Mary McLellan Ran Away With Actor Playing in Cheap Shows.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Chatham, Nov. 10.—Mary McLellan, aged 17, of Big Point, who for several weeks has been going about the country with an actor in a ten-cent theatre, has been placed in the care of the sisters in the convent here. "Send me to the penitentiary, jail or anywhere, so long as it's not back to the dull old farm," said Mary McLellan when the police urged her to return to her home at Big Point. On Thursday she was stranded in Chatham, her companion having deserted her. Despite the urgings of her mother and her brother the stage-struck girl refused to return home. The police are endeavoring to locate her former companion.

BOY DROWNED IN AN OLD WELL

St. Thomas, Nov. 11.—The little son of Mr. and Mrs. James Demock, farmers, of Aldeborough Township, rolled a stone from top of an old well yesterday, lifted the cover, fell in and was drowned.

GASOLINE EXPLOSION ON MOTOR BOAT

Chatham, Ont., Nov. 11. — A gasoline explosion on the motor boat Eloise, owned by Thomas Stevenson, took place last night as a pleasure party was being landed at Prairie Siding dock. The inmates narrowly escaped injury. The craft was burned to the water's edge.

ELEVATORS JAMMED WITH THE WHEAT

Fort William Grain Handlers Facing Serious Problem.

[Canadian Press.]

Fort William, Ont., Nov. 11.—What to do with the wheat is now the problem confronting the elevator owners at this port. It is necessary to load a vessel from some of the houses before any more grain can be taken in. Today 300,000 bushels were taken from one of the houses and that will allow a little space for a couple of days. It is also stated that Elevator "C" of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will be opened, which will give another million capacity. This house has been out of business for the last two years. It is an old house and its interior facilities are not equal to the demands of the rapid handling of the present time. In previous years wheat has been going out of this port at this time of the year at the rate of a million bushels daily. For the past week it has been moving at less than that rate, so that with the close of navigation in sight the elevators are full and no immediate relief shown.

RECEIVES NO REPLY AS TO HUSBAND'S SAFETY

Mrs. Dudley Mooney Not Seriously Alarmed Now as to His Fate, However.

The fate of Dudley Mooney, the former Londoner, who was superintendent in the Primrose mine at Johannesburg, South Africa, in which a disaster occurred, is still uncertain.

While it was reported that four natives were the only ones killed, it was stated that twenty other men were entombed in the mine and afterwards rescued.

Mrs. Mooney, who lives with her mother-in-law on the asylum sideroad, told The Advertiser today that she had received no answer to a cablegram she sent to Johannesburg inquiring about her husband. She feels relieved, nevertheless, since it was learned that the fatalities have been accounted for.



MRS. QUINN,

The Chicago woman, who is accused of homicide. It was reported that as Jane Taylor she once lived in London.

M'INTYRE TO RUN IN EAST ELGIN

Announcecs That He Has Accepted the Nomination Tendered Him.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

St. Thomas, Nov. 11.—Daniel McIntyre, of Yarmouth, has announced that he will be the Liberal candidate for East Elgin in the coming election.

Mr. McIntyre is one of the best known men in East Elgin. This is not his first venture into Provincial politics, having run against Mr. C. A. Brower some years ago. He was defeated by the narrowest margin, and the Liberals of the riding are confident that he will poll a big vote.

WARD STANWORTH CHATHAM'S P. M.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 11. — Ward Stanworth has been appointed police magistrate of Chatham to succeed Michael Houston, removed from office.

WELLINGTON CHURCH INVITES REV. MR. HAZEN

At a largely attended meeting of the board of the Wellington Street Methodist Church held Friday night, the Rev. George N. Hazen, of the Centennial Methodist Church, was given an unanimous invitation to become the pastor of their church for the next conference year.

REV. J. A. CARMICHAEL TAKEN BY DEATH

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 11.—Rev. J. A. Carmichael, secretary of foreign missions of the Presbyterian Church, and a minister widely known throughout Canada and the United States, died of pneumonia today.

BOILER-MAKERS OUT

Three Hundred of Them in Montreal Locomotive Works Strike.

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, Nov. 11.—There was no change today in the labor situation at the Montreal Locomotive Works, where 300 boilermakers of the company went on strike yesterday afternoon.

Several conferences between the officials and the men took place yesterday, but without any definite result. Developments, however, toward a settlement are believed to be in progress and there is a possibility that the trouble will be adjusted before Monday.

SUES FOR $1,500

Man Hurt in G. T. R. Turntable Asks Damages of Company.

Albert Crockford, a young man residing on Rathgar street, East London, who was injured while operating the turntable at the Grand Trunk roundhouse some weeks ago has, through his solicitors, Gibbons, Harper & Gibbons, issued a writ for $1,500 damages.

Crockford's foot was injured when he was overtaken by a locomotive in the roundhouse.

ROW IN THEATRE

Lopoukowa's Manager Creates Scene in Buffalo Playhouse.

[Canadian Press.]

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 11. — J. Mindelkeim, manager of Mlle. Lopoukowa, appearing with M. Mordkin in the Russian imperial ballet dancers, will be tried in the police court today for creating a disturbance at the Teck Theatre.

At the close of the second act last night Mindelkeim stood up in one of the boxes and began to make a speech to the audience. He said that one of the young women appearing on the stage had been substituted for Mlle. Lopoukowa.

"Mordkin wouldn't let her dance," he shouted. "She is in there in the wings in hysterics.'

Interrupted by ushers, Mindelkeim rushed into the orchestra circle, where he continued his speech.

"This man Mordkin is a czar," he continued. "He is jealous. Don't be deceived. This young woman who is dancing the part is not Mlle. Lopoukowa. Mordkin wouldn't let her dance!"

A policeman was called in and while the lights were turned down the disturber was hurried out of the theatre. Max Robinoff, manager of the company, will appear against Mindelkeim in police court today.

PILES OF GARBAGE BECOME MENACE

New York System Demoralized by Strike of Street Cleaning Laborers.

STREETS IMPASSABLE

General Teamsters' Strike Feared Unless a Settlement Is Soon Brought About.

New York, Nov. 11.—The most dreaded of all labor troubles, a general teamsters' strike, threatens New York unless the city speedily settles its difficulties with the several thousand laborers in the street-cleaning department. The strike of the cartmen who collect the city's ashes and garbage, extended to the street sweepers today, and tonight the department store drivers and others will meet to consider quitting work in sympathy with the city employees.

Meanwhile the city already is suffering from a prodigious accumulation of rubbish and garbage. Ordinarily 9,000 cartloads are removed daily. The strike since last Wednesday has permitted rubbish of all kinds to pile up until today it is not only an inconvenience but a menace to health.

Streets Impassable.

In many apartment houses bewildered janitors have dumped their accumulation on the street, making some thoroughfares almost impassable with hills of garbage and ashes ten feet high. The street cleaning department began work today with several hundred strike-breakers, but the men were green, and, under the constant annoyance of the strikers and their friends, they made little headway. The men who took the strikers' places were guarded by nearly 5,000 policemen, and every member of the reserve was on duty today in anticipation of more riots. Already these disturbances have cost the life of one strike-breaker and sent several others to the hospital. The attacks generally come from housetops and by the time the police climb up to the places from which missiles come the throwers have disappeared.

5,200 Strike-Breakers Wanted.

The department has commissioned several detective agencies to hire 5,200 strike-breakers, and the men have been advertised for over a radius of 200 miles from the city, but thus far only a few hundred have been supplied, and many of these quit when they found the dangers they must encounter.

BIG LINER AGROUND OFF JAP COAST

The Minnesota Reported in a Serious Condition.

[Canadian Press.]

Tokio, Nov. 1.—The Great Northern Steamship Company's Pacific liner Minnesota is aground off Kurushima, near the Island of Shikoku. It is feared that her plight is serious. Wireless communication with the liner was suddenly broken off before any details of the mishap could be obtained.

The Minnesota is a ship of 13,324 tons, 622 feet long, and was built at New London in 1904. She sailed from Seattle on Sept. 18 on her regular trip to Yokohoma, Manila and Hong Kong, leaving the latter city about Nov. 1 on her return trip. The point where she is aground is about 400 miles southwest of Yokohoma.

C. N. R. SHOPS.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—Deeds of several hundreds of acres of land transferred from farmers and property-owners in Neapean Township, southwest of Ottawa to the Canadian Northern Railway have been registered at the county registry office, the registration of transfer giving the C. N. R. the ownership of the land, is in the books of the county registrar, the railway being recorded as the present owner. This purchase lends color to the recent rumors that the company intends to build extensive workshops here at the junction point of the Ottawa-Toronto division with the main line to the West.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Much Colder.

FORECASTS.

Toronto, Nov. 11—8 a.m.

Today—Strong winds and gales, southerly, shifting to westerly and northwesterly; rain this evening and tonight.

Sunday—Strong winds and gales, west to northwest, turning much colder, with local snowfalls and flurries.

TEMPERATURES.

The following are the highest temperatures recorded yesterday, and the lowest at 8 o'clock this morning:

Stations.	Max.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	— 8	—20	Clear
Winnipeg	10	2	Cloudy
Port Arthur	48	22	Cloudy
Parry Sound	48	36	Cloudy
Toronto	62	44	Fair
Ottawa	48	34	Fair
Montreal	50	42	Cloudy
Quebec	38	32	Clear
Father Point	38	26	Cloudy

Minus (—) means below zero.

WEATHER NOTES.

An important storm is approaching the Great Lakes, while the severe western cold wave now covers the continent from the middle Pacific coast to the Missouri Valley.

The outlook is stormy from the Great Lakes to the Maritime Provinces.

Heavy gale signals are displayed in the lake region.

TODAY'S PROBS.

Western Ontario—Strong breezes to moderate gales; continued mild today and for the most part fair, but some showers, chiefly at night.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Fair and mild.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Mostly fair, with higher temperature.

Maritime Provinces—A few showers, but partly fair and mild.

Superior—Strong breezes and gales, northeasterly to northwesterly, with some rain or snow.

All West—Fine and very cold.

NATURAL GAS INTERESTS IN WESTERN ONTARIO MERGED

Buffalo and Canadian Interests Buy Out Stock Holdings of Ohio Men—Five Companies Combined—No Effect in London.

[Canadian Press.]

Cleveland, Nov. 11.—Negotiations for a $3,000,000 gas consolidation have just been completed at a conference held in Cleveland by which practically all of the natural gas business of Western Ontario passes into the control of Buffalo and Canadian interests. The Buffalo interests, which were headed by Phillip W. Roth, R. L. Pattison, Perry A. Little, L. B. Willet and W. C. Barker, bought out the stock holdings of Messrs. Smith, Neely and Murdock, of Ohio.

The United Fuel Supply Company, the Ridgetown Fuel Supply Company, and the Northern Pipe Line Company, in which the above Buffalo men are the largest stockholders, are consolidating with the Volcanic Gas Company, and the Medina Gas Company, which companies have franchises and contracts to supply about twenty Canadian cities and towns, and also contracts to supply numerous big industries.

The larger places supplied in Canada are Windsor, Chatham, Sarnia, Wallaceburg, Blenheim, Ridgetown, Dresden, Brighton and Tupperville.

What effect this sale will have in London is not known at the present time.

It will be remembered that Messrs. Smith, Neely and Murdoch were in London on several occasions last winter and spring negotiating for the bringing of natural gas to the city.

The management of the City Gas Company was interviewed in respect to the matter, but no definite arrangements were made for distributing the gas.

Later it was stated that the company would apply for a franchise to distribute their product, but nothing was ever done.

For the past three or four months nothing was heard from the gentlemen, and it was thought that they had abandoned the proposition, in spite of the fact that several thousand feet of pipe were distributed along the line of the Pere Marquette from London to Tilbury.

Company Ignorant of Deal.

At the offices of the City Gas Company nothing whatever was known regarding the sale, nor have they any information whatever as to the intention of the new company.

They are prepared to listen to a proposition to distribute natural gas, if sufficient quantities can be brought here to supply the needs of the city.

However, no information has come regarding the purpose of the company, and until something definite is done, local officials are completely at sea.

LONDON WILL TEST THE LAW OVER REMOVAL OF PLANT

The Southam Company Directors Ask Committee to Drop Opposition to Simcoe Securing Concern.

London will fight the matter of the Southam Printing Company going to Simcoe. That was made very plain to the deputation of the Dominion Canners, consisting of Mr. David Marshall, M. P. P., of Aylmer Mr. Innes, of Simcoe, and Mr. Dunn, of Strathroy, who came to the city to confer with the members of No. 1 committee today. The canners' representatives seemed anxious to have the proceedings dropped, and urged the aldermen to do so, offering in explanation that the Southam Company had intended moving to Hamilton, anyway, and had purchased land there. Mr. Innes said it was his son who, anxious to take the factory away from Hamilton and secure an industry for Simcoe, had got the ratepayers to pass the bylaw offering the firm the [illegible] to locate there.

A Test of Law.

Ald. Eckert said it wasn't a question of any matter now between Simcoe and London, but a question of testing the law. The Southam firm had purchased land here on which they intended to build a new plant.

Ald. Mitchell thought the committee could do nothing. It was up to the Attorney-General's department now to see that the law was lived up to. He thought the council had done all it can do in sending the resolution on to the Attorney-General. All the city wants is to have the law defined and find out if what was done is legal.

Mr. Sutherland Accepts Nomination

At a meeting of the Liberals in Hyman Hall this afternoon, Mr. Robert Sutherland announced that he had decided to accept the nomination offered him recently, and will be the Liberal candidate in East Middlesex.

GLUT OF POULTRY ON LOCAL MARKET

Excessive Supply Causes Considerable Drop in Prices.

An overabundance of dressed poultry was the marked feature of the local market today. The dairy hall was overcrowded with plump chickens, ducks, geese and turkeys. In dressed chickens, there was a considerable drop in the prices current on account of the excessive supply. Chickens, which on ordinary market days would readily bring $1 or more per pair, were offered as low as 60 to 70 cents per pair. The price per pound for dressed chickens was dropped to 10 and 11 cents, or a drop of one or two cents per pound. The demand for turkeys and other dressed fowls was also affected, but it is probable that the market will resume its normal activity in the course of a few days.

Dozens of farmers were still offering their poultry in the market bazaar and on the market at 2 or 3 o'clock this afternoon.

SUIT OVER HORSE

Claimed That Balance of Purchase Price Has Not Been Paid.

An action for $347 21, for balance of the price paid on a stallion known as "Brave Nelson," has been commenced by James Henderson & Son, of West Nissouri, against W. C. Crummer. "Brave Nelson" was sold by the plaintiff to Crummer, it is alleged, and the balance of the purchase price was never completed. J. M. McEvoy is Henderson's solicitor.

DEATH OF JOSEPH ROSE

Well-Known London Businessman Succumbs to Long Illness.

Mr. Joseph Rose, who had been connected with the Gorman, Eckert Company for some years, died this morning at his home on East street after a long illness.

He was in his 36th year, and is survived by his wife. The funeral will be held on Monday afternoon to Woodland Cemetery, the services being conducted by Rev. J. G. Inkster, of the First Presbyterian Church.

MOROCCON PACT.

Berlin, Nov. 11.—The Government today communicated to the Reichstag the notes which were exchanged at the time that the agreement with France was signed.

In the notes which amplified the agreement Germany agrees to the establishment of a French protectorate in Morocco and the abolition of her extra-territorial rights. France agrees that joint Franco-German companies may execute contracts for public works in Morocco; to the opening of Agadir to international commerce, and that all differences regarding Morocco and the Congo be submitted to arbitration, "since the agreement is intended not only to remove all Franco-German points of contention but also to further mutual good relations."

THE LAWYERS LEAD THE COMMONS MAKE UP

Farmers Come Next With the Merchants a Good Third.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 11. — Lawyers, as usual, predominate in the newly-elected Parliament, which assembles next Monday. Farmers come next and merchants third. The following table shows the calling or occupation of the members of the new as well as the old House:

	1911.	1908.
Merchants	27	31
Capitalists	2	7
Lawyers	75	75
Farmers	32	31
Doctors	18	22
Journalists	10	10
Manufacturers	13	12
Agents	8	8
Brokers	5	2
Student	1	0
Druggist	1	0
Surveyor	1	0
Labor employee	1	0
Contractors	9	2
Notaries	7	4
Lumbermen	11	7
Totals	221	221

NEW BARRACKS FOR WINNIPEG

Militia Minister Will Recommend That They Be Erected.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 11.—At the earliest possible moment Col. Samuel Hughes, minister of militia and defence in the Borden Government, will recommend to Parliament that adequate military buildings be erected in the city of Winnipeg in order that the present standard of the volunteer service may be kept up.

Col. Hughes will also urge that the garrison of regulars be given new and greater quarters, and that any sum that may be necessary spent in strengthening the militia of western Canada, whether it may be in the erection of armories or in providing rifle ranges. Col. Hughes stated his intentions last night at a banquet at the Carlton Club, tendered him by the members of the military institute at which all the militia officers were present.

Knott & Sangster

ROOM 101, MASONIC TEMPLE. PHONE 650.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS, VALUATORS, ARBITRATORS, OPTIONS OBTAINED, MONEY TO LOAN, FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE, PROPERTIES RENTED AND RENTS COLLECTED.

SUNSHINE PARK, THE LAST NORTH.—THIS PROPERTY IS NOW ON THE MARKET, AND WE ARE OFFERING 50 LOTS FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS. YOU CAN BUY A GOOD LOT FROM $65 TO $165 EACH. WE HAVE A NUMBER OF PEOPLE FIGURING ON PURCHASING BLOCKS OF LOTS ON THE RIVER TO BUILD GOOD HOUSES ON. GO OUT AND SEE THE PROPERTY, AND THEN CALL AND SEE PLANS AND GET PARTICULARS.

HORTON STREET—1½-story brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, room for bath, furnace, electric light and gas, cellar. Price, $2,600.

HORTON STREET—1½-story brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 43 feet frontage. Price, $3,200.

WELLINGTON STREET—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, furnace, gas, lot 54x110 feet. Price, $2,800.

MARLEY PLACE—Two-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 30x189 feet. Price, $3,000.

LORNE AVENUE—Two-story red brick, cement foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, verandah, lot 30x150 feet. Price, $3,300.

ELM STREET—Frame cottage, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, city water, porch, cellar, gas and fixtures, lot 37x221 feet. Price, $1,350.

PICCADILLY STREET — Two-story brick-veneer, 5 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 40x122 feet. Price, $4,500.

FINE NEW BRICK COTTAGE, large lot, close to city limits. Call for particulars.

SHIRLEY AVENUE—Frame cottage, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, bath, cellar, cement walks, lot 36x95 feet. Price, $1,100.

ON CITY LIMITS NORTH—Two-story red pressed brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 102x135 feet. Price, $2,750.

MAITLAND STREET—Frame cottage, 2 bedrooms, veranda, sink and water, lot 32x123 feet. Price, $1,000.

FORWARD AVENUE—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, cellar, chicken coop, fruit trees, berry bushes, lot 66x171 feet. Price, $850.

TO RENT—House and barn and seven acres, all in good condition. Only substantial men need apply.

40 ACRES—2½ miles from market, 15 minutes' walk from street cars; soil best clay loam, splendid 2-story brick house in first-class repair, good barns and stables, pigpen and chicken coop, 2 good wells and never-failing springs, ornamental trees and shrubs; a first-class property in every respect. $7,000, $1,000 cash, balance at 4½ per cent.

HELLMUTH AVENUE—2-story red brick, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 40x145 feet. Price $4,800.

GROSVENOR STREET — 1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 33x100 feet. Price, $2,750. Easy terms.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5½ PER CENT.

VICTORIA STREET — 1½-story frame, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, good cellar, lot 40x132 feet. Price $1,200.

GREY STREET — Frame cottage, 2 bedrooms, lot 40x100. Price $1,000.

VAUXHALL ROAD—Frame cottage, 2 bedrooms; lot 44x132 feet. Price, $900.

WALNUT STREET—Frame cottage, 2 bedrooms; lot 44x132 feet. Price, $900.

BECHER STREET—Frame cottage, 2 bedrooms; lot 45x135 feet. Price, $1,500. Easy terms.

30 ACRES—Westminster, frame house, good cellar, barn, granary, hogpen, good well; soil splendid clay loam; young orchard; good wire fences; close to city. $3,000.

Splendid vacant lots near Traction Company, 235x400 feet; 100 apple trees on each; splendid land. $1,000.

Lots on Traction Company's line; splendid garden land. Will sell one acre or more.

COLBORNE STREET — 2-story brick, modern conveniences, hot water heated; lot 48x165, and lot in rear 90x165. Price, $4,000.

MAITLAND STREET—1½-story brick-veneer, 3 bedrooms, bath, gas and electric light; lot 50x149 feet. Price, $2,000. lot 44x80 feet. Price, $910.

WORTLEY ROAD — 1½-story brick, modern, 4 bedrooms; lot 33x107 feet. A bargain at $2,500.

VACANT LOT—Marley Place, the best vacant lot fronting Normal School, 60x200 feet to lane in rear. $1,400 if taken at once.

LONDON NORTH—2½-story red pressed brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, library, 2 mantels and grates, hardwood finish and floors throughout; lot 40x100. Call for particulars.

25 acres, 2½ miles from market. First-class soil. Good house and barns, first-class locality. Call for particulars.

BECHER BLOCK—Six of the best lots in the survey. Most desirable lots in north end. Call and get particulars.

COLBORNE STREET—1½-story brick veneer, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences; lot 33x149 feet. Price, $2,350.

Best corner lot in South London, 58x98 feet. Only $1,500. Must be sold. Call for particulars.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. IF YOU HAVE ANY REAL ESTATE YOU WISH SOLD, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU AND WILL NOT CHARGE IF THE PROPERTY IS NOT SOLD BY OR THROUGH US. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US, AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF HAVING IT WELL ADVERTISED.

THE PROPERTIES ON THIS LIST ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PROPERTIES WE HAVE FOR SALE. CALL AND SEE US.

Money to loan at 5½ per cent.

Ontario Farms

The best farm lands on the continent lie within a radius of one hundred and twenty miles of London. Do not go out of the world and away from all social, educational and refining influences which prevail in Ontario in order to secure a farm and a comfortable home.

The following are short descriptions of a few of the farms we have for sale:

No. 6607—27½ acres, 5 miles from London market; soil clay loam, 1½-story frame house, a number of outbuildings, half acre of orchard.

No. 6405—100 acres, 7 miles from London market; soil clay loam, 1½-story brick house, frame bank barn, other outbuildings; half mile to school. Will exchange for smaller farm.

No. 6392—60 acres in the Township of East Oxford, County of Oxford; soil clay loam, 10 acres timber, 2 acres of fruit, 1½-story brick house, a number of outbuildings; 8½ miles from Woodstock market.

No. 6385—135 acres in the Township of Gosfield South, County of Essex; soil clay and sandy loam, 35 acres timber, frame house, frame stable; 1 mile to Kingsville.

No. 6380—100 acres in the Township of East Williams, County of Middlesex; soil part clay loam and part sandy loam, 10 acres mixed timber, 5 acres of orchard, 1½-story brick house, barn with cement basement, other outbuildings; 3 miles to Parkhill.

For further list of farms which we have for sale see today's Free Press, or send for our catalogue of farms for sale in any county north or west of Toronto.

THE WESTERN REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, LTD.

TELEPHONE 696. 78 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT.

Central British Columbia

FARM LANDS ALONG THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY.

We own some of the best lands in the Fort George District, Nechaco Valley, Bulkley Valley. Write for full information.

North Coast Land Company, Limited

618 to 624 Metropolitan Building, Vancouver, B. C.

Paid-Up Capital, $1,500,000.

law-t Nov18

REAL ESTATE

The following properties are offered for sale at prices which ought to attract immediate buyers, viz.:

Hill Street (near White's works)—Semi-detached 1½-story frame; each contains 5 rooms; rented at $16 per month; pays 12 per cent on purchase price. A. A. Campbell, No. 428 Richmond street.

Clarence Street—Semi-detached two-story frame dwelling; each contains 8 rooms, bath, furnace, gas; each rented for $13 per month; pays 15 per cent. This is a good investment proposition. A. A. Campbell, No. 428 Richmond street.

English Street—1¾-story brick, 7 rooms, bath and plumbing, gas, electric light. Price, $2,100. A. A. Campbell, No. 428 Richmond street.

St. James Street—1½-story brick, 8 rooms, bath, all plumbing, gas, furnace, lot 40x149 feet; a most desirable property. Price, $2,800. A. A. Campbell, No. 428 Richmond street.

Piccadilly Street (near Richmond street—1½-story frame, 7 rooms, gas. Price, $2,100. A. A. Campbell, No. 428 Richmond street.

Princess Avenue—1½-story brick, 7 rooms, up-to-date plumbing, gas, electric light, furnace; recently built. Price, $2,700. A. A. Campbell, No. 428 Richmond street.

Cheapside Street—Large frame residence, cut stone foundation, 10 rooms, all modern appointments, large corner lot, coach house. Price on application. A. A. Campbell, No. 428 Richmond street.

Central Avenue—2½-story brick, cut stone foundation, slate roof, 10 rooms, all modern appointments; near Victoria Park. Price reduced, $2,000. A. A. Campbell, No. 428 Richmond street.

Should none of the above properties suit you, kindly call and get particulars of others. No trouble to give information or show properties. A. A. CAMPBELL, No. 428 Richmond street. 35tf-t

FARM FOR SALE, CONSISTING 40 acres, part lot 5, con. 4, Delaware Township, owned by late A. G. Deadman; fine house and outbuildings. Apply on premises. 45k-wtxt

COMFORTABLE HOME, DREANEY avenue—1½-story frame, cement foundation, vestibule hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, summer kitchen, two bedrooms, bathroom fitted up complete with hot and cold water; large room upstairs and closet; gas, electric light, hot air furnace, lot 33x128; a splendid home; must be sold at once, owner leaving city. Price, $2,000; easy terms. A. A. Campbell, No. 428 Richmond street. 47a

The London and Western Trusts Company, Limited

Real Estate For Sale

Central Avenue—Beautiful residence, containing 13 rooms, hot water heated, fitted complete with combination fixtures, mantels, hardwood floors, full verandah, lot 48x143. A splendid home, near park.

Richmond Street, near G. T. R.—A splendid site for light manufacturing.

Dundas Street, near interswitching line—Two-story frame cottage; lot has 300 feet frontage on Dundas street, 200 feet on Mary street; a splendid opening for manufacturing site. No city taxation and best railroad facilities.

Horton Street—Semi-detached frame house, lot 52x190. A good investment.

Victor Street—Brick dwelling, hot water heated, lot 70x110.

Horton Street—New modern solid brick house, lot 32x60. An up-to-date home.

Maitland Street—Large house, with all conveniences, lot 48x148.

Marmora Street—Brick dwelling, 6 rooms, gas, bath, close to Hamilton road and factories, lot 34x104.

Central Avenue—Frame cottage, in a desirable locality, adjacent to C. P. R. improvements; lot 66x132.

Chelsea Green—We have a number of lots in this thriving suburb, close to the McClary factory and other industries. Bound to increase in value.

Pall Mall Street—Frame building, lot 30x120.

Cheapside Street—Frame house, 6 rooms, lot 24x52.

Hamilton Road — Two-story brick building, lot 58 feet on Hamilton road and 120 feet on Burwell street.

Queen's Avenue—Small frame cottage, lot 55 feet by 150 feet.

Vacant Lots—We have a large number of splendid lots in every part of the city, every one a good investment. See the Macfie Survey on Ridout street south, and the McLaren Survey, corner Beaconsfield avenue and Wortley road.

Money loaned to build. Call for particulars. 47tf-t

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

BEAUTIFUL HOME FOR SMALL OR medium-sized family, complete in every detail, new, beautifully furnished and decorated, latest style of architecture, best section, convenient to churches, schools and cars. Address Box 95, Advertiser. 46u

P. WALSH'S BULLETIN

IF YOU WANT A LOT IN THE Becher block, north end, we have just a few to sell. Lots on Waterloo, Colborne, Grosvenor, Cheapside and Wellington streets in the north end. If you wait until spring you will pay more for these lots.

GROSVENOR STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, all modern improvements, lot 50x150 feet. $2,800.

BRUCE STREET—1½-story frame house, 6 rooms, nice lot. $1,500.

CENTRAL AVENUE—A large brick cottage, frame barn, lot 44x132 feet. $2,300.

ONE OF THE BEST STORES ON DUNDAS STREET FOR SALE. CALL AND SEE US.

RICHMOND STREET, CENTRAL—1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, in perfect order, modern improvements, nice lot. $2,600.

BECHER STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, large basement, all modern improvements, nice lot. Price, $3,000.

CHRISTIE STREET—Brick cottage, 6 rooms, lot 60x150 feet, sewer in street. Price reduced to $1,300.

HELLMUTH AVENUE — 1½-story brick house, stone foundation, 9 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 33x90 feet. Price reduced to $3,400.

PALL MALL STREET—A splendid two-story brick house, 10 rooms, hot water heating and all other modern improvements; lot 50x133 feet. Price reduced to $3,500.

OTTAWAY AVENUE—New 1½-story brick house, 7 rooms, furnace, electric light and gas, lot 36x140 feet. Price, $2,300.

TECUMSEH AVE.—A large new brick cottage, 7 rooms, furnace, electric light; lot 31x115 feet. At a bargain.

ST. JAMES STREET—New 1½-story brick house, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, all modern improvements, good lot. Price, $2,700.

COLBORNE STREET NORTH—Frame Cottage, cement foundation, 6 rooms; lot 35x200 feet. Price, $1,200.

OXFORD STREET, west of Richmond street—A new 1½-story red brick house, 8 rooms, laundry, all modern improvements. Price, $3,500.

RIDOUT STREET, CENTRAL—A new two-story red pressed brick house, 9 rooms and attic, laundry, all modern improvements, lot 40x97 feet. Price, $5,400.

MILL STREET — Two-story frame house on brick foundation, 8 rooms, modern improvements, verandah. Price reduced to $1,850. Inspect at once.

A WELL - CONSTRUCTED RESIDENCE on Victoria Park; up-to-date in every respect. Price reasonable.

OTTAWAY AVENUE — A neat frame cottage on cement foundation; 6 rooms; furnace, gas, sewer connections. Price, $1,200.

P. WALSH

ANDERSON & CO.

ROOM 22, BANK OF TORONTO CHAMBERS, PHONE 2322.

For partial list of farm property see Free Press.

$4,300—Grosvenor street; two-story red pressed brick, attic, cellar under all, 4 bedrooms, new and modern.

$4,200—St. James street; two-story and attic, large lot, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences.

$4,000—Talbot street; two-story brick, 5 bedrooms, modern conveniences.

$3,600—Talbot street; two-story brick, modern and central.

$4,600—Oxford street; two-story and attic, solid brick, 4 bedrooms, large lot, with garage. Terms, $1,600.

$3,600 — Queen's avenue; two-story brick, with attic, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 52x155.

$3,600—Hellmuth avenue; 1¾-story brick, thoroughly modern.

$3,500 — Colborne street; two-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences. On easy terms of payment.

$3,500—Central avenue; 1¾-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences.

$3,000—Hyman street; 1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences.

$2,800—Quebes street; two-story brick, 7 rooms, modern conveniences.

$2,800—Queen's avenue; two-story brick, modern, lot 35x204. Terms, $500 cash.

$1,600—Craig street; frame cottage. Terms, $200 cash.

$850—Oxford street, just outside the city; frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, electric light, hard and soft water, barn, driveshed and chicken coops, lot 100x132, small fruits.

$500—Adelaide street; frame cottage, lot 30x100.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$3,700—Two-story brick store and dwelling, modern conveniences; stock at valuation; or will exchange for a first-class farm.

$4,300—Two-story brick store and dwelling.

$1,500—City grocery stock and fixtures.

$2,000—General stock; rent, $200 per year; six miles from London.

$2,500—General stock; store and dwelling, $1,800.

$3,600 — Two-story brick store and dwelling, first-class stabling; stock at 90c on the dollar.

$1,200—General stock; buildings at valuation.

$1,500—Frame store and dwelling; stock about $1,000.

$800—General blacksmith shop, dwelling house, wood shop, henhouse, first-class set of tools; quarter acre ground; eight miles to London.

$250 — Blacksmith shop; first-class business.

$700—Corner grocery stock.

HOUSES TO RENT.

$20—Two-story brick, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen; central.

$25—Elmwood avenue; two-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences.

$16—Queen's avenue; two-story brick.

$30—Dundas street; two-story modern brick, furnished, 5 bedrooms.

$12—Victor street.

For Exchange—House, outbuildings and six acres of land adjoining the city, to exchange for house and lot, south of Dundas preferred.

Money to Loan. Insurance Effected.

FARM FOR SALE—100 ACRES, EKFRID Township, being north half lot 13, second range north, a rich clay loam, with 14 acres wheat, 20 acres fall plowed, two-story brick house, bank barn 38x88, modernly improved, silo, windmill; very close to school, church, rural mail and telephone, half mile from Appin. Apply Wm. McDonald, Appin. 41c-t

HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE, 110 Elmwood avenue, South London. Phone 1663. 34tf

FOR SALE—ONE HUNDRED ACRES, south half lot 8, con. 6, London Township, John Colbert, estate; good buildings, well watered, clay loam; six miles from London, close to church, school and postoffice. Apply Harrison Day, Crumlin P. O.; William Husser, Fanshawe P. O., executors, or T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, London. 31tf-wt

I WILL BUILD YOU A FIVE-ROOM cottage for $500. Address Box 37, Advertiser office.

WAREHOUSE

An up-to-date warehouse in the wholesale district, suitable for merchandising. Floor space, 12,600 square feet, electric elevator, offices, vaults.

Wholesalers desiring a good location are invited to communicate.

A. A. CAMPBELL, No. 428 Richmond Street. 47u

Shop Early Today. Store Closes at Six

How fine it is here in the mornings and on rainy or stormy days. Do you know there are customers who always pick on a stormy day for shopping and always in the morning, particularly during November and December, the cloudy, dull season of the year, but the busiest of all months—a wise example to follow. If you want to get away from the dreariness of a dull day, take the car and come to this store. We might just suggest to always have your Christmas shopping list with you from now on, for here and there throughout the store you'll meet with gift suggestions, and day by day something will be accomplished, and what a satisfaction it will be to know your Christmas shopping is completed before Christmas comes. If you are not at it today, begin Monday. You may lunch in the restaurant at any hour. Dinner from 11:30 to 2. A pleasant and profitable day may be spent without leaving the store, but best results will be obtained by beginning in the morning. Shop early.

Ladies' Fur Coats

Prepared and manufactured by expert furriers, made up and guaranteed by the best and most reliable fur houses in Canada, and every garment backed up by the Smallman & Ingram guarantee of satisfaction. In buying your furs here you have absolute protection and run no risk whatever. The responsibility is all ours, and we vouch for the genuineness of each and every piece of fur offered for sale at this store.

Astrachan Coat, high storm collar, quilted lining, bright medium curl, 33-inch length. Price $35.00

Astrachan Coat with collar and revers of Western Sable, black satin lining, 30 inches long. Price..... $38.50

Near Seal Coat, shawl collar, satin lined, 30-inch. Price.. $48

Hudson Seal Coat, shawl collar, satin lining, 50-inch... $110

Persian Lamb Coats..... $169, $195 and $200

Second Floor.

Boxed Handkerchiefs Are Now Displayed

FROM IRELAND DIRECT, put up in dainty boxes, half and quarter dozen in each, initialled. Ladies' and children's—all letters now in stock.

LADIES' PURE IRISH LINEN hemstitched, ¼ inch hem, with dainty embroidered initial and wreath in corner, beautiful quality, 6 in box. Price $1.00

Same quality, 3 in box, for ..... 50¢

Unlaundered Handkerchiefs

LADIES' PURE IRISH LINEN, ¼ inch hem, hemstitched, with hand embroidered initial and wreath in corner. These are popular with new customers, and will go quickly, beautiful quality, at each ..... 19¢

CHILDREN'S PURE IRISH LINEN Handkerchefs, ¼ inch hem, hemstitched, with small initial in corner, 3 in box. Price ..... 35¢

LETTER ORDERS FOR THESE SENT POST FREE.

Main Aisle.

Important Sales Next Week

SALE OF LADIES' AND MISSES' SUITS AND COATS

Second Floor.

SKIRT-MAKING SALE

To measure, $1.49, will be continued next week.

SALE OF MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS

For ten days begins today.

World-Wide Free Delivery

DO YOU KNOW that all goods purchased at this store are delivered free by post, express or freight to any destination in the world? That your money will be refunded and express paid both ways by us if goods are not up to your expectation?

Can you get or expect more liberal treatment?

WRITE FOR FALL AND WINTER CATALOGUE. Your address on a postcard will bring it by return mail.

Black Silks and Satins

HIGH GRADE QUALITIES AT SPECIAL PRICES—Just opened, a big purchase of double width Black Paillette Silks and fine Messaline Satins.

EXTRA SPECIAL—Full yard wide, heavy quality pure silk Black Paillette, limited quantity; yard ..... 89¢

Extra heavy make Black Paillette, full yard wide, firm weave; yard $1.00

36-inch Back Duchess Messaline Satin, very fine make and finish. Price, yard $1.25

39-40 inch Duchess Messaline Satins, our finest importations; rich finish and highly recommended for dresses. Prices, yard ..... $1.50 and $2.00

Heavy quality Black Paillette Silk, superior to any other make at the price for wear. 19-inch, special, yard ..... 48¢

Black Duchess Messaline Satin, best values yet shown in this width, 20-21 inch. Prices, yard..... $1.00 and $1.25

Samples by Mail on Request.

Ninons for Overdresses 75c and $1 a Yard

EVENING WEAR OR SUIT BLOUSES—Ninons hold first place this season for overdresses, tunics, etc.

Our assortment is very complete in dainty shades for evening wear, as well as the darker colorings for odd blouses.

Double fold, 40 inch widths, in white, ivory, cream, sky, pink, mauve, maise, amethyst, turquoise, nile, light and dark navy, mid and dark gray, saxe blue, king's blue and black; beautiful quality Ninon, only, yard ..... 75¢

Printed Chiffons, $1 a Yard

A very dainty material for overdresses and blouses, in black, navy, brown and saxe grounds, with yellow, blue and pink roses. May be used with self color or combined with contrasting shades, beautiful effects in 40-inch width, only, yard.. ..... $1.00

At Lace Counter.

Samples by Mail on Request.

Furniture, Wall Paper, Carpets and Linoleums, Third Floor.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

LADIES' HAIRDRESSING AND MANICURE PARLORS, SECOND FLOOR.

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RECIPROCITY SMASHED, REDOUBLES value—British Columbia fruit land; our choice lands, $10 cash and $10 monthly, without interest; fine, warm climate; no irrigation; big profits, health, income and independence; write quick for maps, photos, free information. West Kootenay Fruit Lands Company, Dept. A D, Box 1087, Nelson, B. C. 41u-t

FOR SALE — ESTATE OF PIRNEY Flint, of Byron, near London, comprising about 55 acres, with modern brick house, barn and orchard of about 600 apple trees. Property is directly opposite Springbank Park and close to London and Springbank trolley line. Apply to Fraser & Moore, solicitors, London. 49tf-t

FOR SALE—85 ACRES EXCELLENT land, three miles south of London, on Traction line; brick house, large basement barn, water inside pumped by windmill, granary, cottage, other buildings. J. V. Hooke, R. R. No. 1, London. b

75-ACRE FARM FOR SALE, IN BRUCE County—Good soil, mostly clay loam, tile-drained, 8 acres good hardwood bush, veneered brick house, containing nine room; woodshed, bank barn with stabling underneath for 6 horses and 20 cattle, cement floors, roothouse, driving shed, good hogpen and henhouse, hard and soft water at house, large cistern at barn, running stream adjacent to farm, bearing orchard, plenty of small fruit; fall wheat sown, fall plowing done; five miles from town, beautifully situated; price reasonable, terms easy. Apply Box 35, Port Elgin, Ont. 47-1-t

MONEY TO LOAN.

WANTED TO LOAN ON HOUSEHOLD property in London—$2,200, for term of three years. Box 93, Advertiser. 46u

WE HAVE A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS to lend on first-class farm mortgages at 5 per cent. Blackburn & Weekes, solicitors; 124 Carling street, London. 9tf-tsx

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES on real estate. Macpherson & Perrin, 57 Dundas street.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates, amounts and terms to suit; no commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, corner Talbot and Carling.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES —Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple, London.

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FOR SALE—CANADIAN LOCOMOTIVE 6 per cent first mortgage bonds, at par. John Wright, stockbroker, 427 Richmond street, London. Phone 693.

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STUDY MEASURING, DRAFTING, fitting patterns and designing styles. Afternoon and evening appointments. Pattern orders receive prompt attention. Cutting School, 243 Dundas street, London.

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DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 207 Queen's avenue. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

R. W. SHAW, M. D., L. R. C. P. AND M. R. C. S. (England), 297 King. Phone 839.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin. Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. McLELLAN — EYE, EAR, NOSE, throat. Hours, 10 to 4, 6 to 7:30. Sunday by appointment only. 564 Richmond.

DR. CLARENCE E. BROWN, 310 Queen's avenue. Office hours: 10-1, 7-8. Phone 2913.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat, 394 Dundas street.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M. A., M. D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. NELSON GEORGE, 332 DUNDAS street, northwest corner Waterloo. Phone 909.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Special attention diseases women, children. Office and residence, 461 Waterloo street. Phone 258.

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DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, 443 PARK avenue, corner Queen's. Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. PINGEL — OFFICE, 316 QUEEN'S avenue, London. X-ray specialist.

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GOOTSON & CO., 30 MAITLAND street, London—Wholesale and retail dealers in all kinds of junk, scrap iron, waste paper, rubber, etc. Coal and wood for sale at lowest prices. Telephone 3485. tf-t

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LEE HING LAUNDRY COMPANY, 485 Richmond. Phone 1344. Goods called for and delivered. Our prices are very lowest that we can do first-class work for. Try first-class laundry. xt

SAM JOHN LAUNDRY, 344½ DUNDAS, telephone 3540—Best work guaranteed. Shirts 8c, collars 2c, cuffs 4c, blouses 15c, two for 25c, dresses 35c.

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FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, BARRISTERS. Money to loan. Masonic Temple.

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STUART & SCANDRETT, BARRISTERS, etc., 98 Dundas. Money to loan. Alex. Stuart, K. C.; T. W. Scandrett.

BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 98. Money to loan. U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B. A.

BLACKBURN & WEEKES, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., 124 Carling street. G. N. Weekes; H. S. Blackburn.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B. A.

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SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer—Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 806 York street.

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MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas.

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DR. R. C. BARKLIE, GRADUATE Osteopath—Rheumatism, chronic and nervous diseases. Fine modern electrical equipment. No drugs or surgery. Seven years' drugless success. Six large, sunny resting rooms. 505 Talbot street. Phone 2565.

DR. H. V. CATON, GRADUATE Osteopath. Consultation free. 570 Richmond street. Phone 1573.

DR. MARIE H. HARKINS, DR. REBECCA Harkins, graduates American School of Osteopathy; St. George Apartments, south court, ground floor, Wellington street. Phone 1560.

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. GEO. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST, 169½ Dundas street Phone 975.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MR. CHARLES E. WHEELER HAS resumed his classes in Piano, organ, harmony, counterpoint and singing. Studio: 429 Waterloo street.

MISS JEAN WALKER, TEACHER OF elocution. Concert engagements accepted. Studio, 242 Dundas street. t

MISS E. NOBLE, VOCAL AND PIANO teacher. Pupils prepared for exams. Studio, 536 King; phone 3135. sxt

JAS. CRESSWELL, MUSICAL DIRECTOR Grand Opera House—Violin, band and orchestral instruments. 498 King. sxt

THE LONDON MALE QUARTETTE — Concert engagements. Floyd McPhail, 9 Grafton street.

INSURANCE.

G. M. GUNN & SON — GEORGE C. Gunn, Stanley Meredith, general insurance. Fourteen fire companies. Next Free Press.

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INSURANCE AGENT.

Archibald McPherson Insurance AGENCY.

E. J. MacRobert Insurance Agency. Phones 745 and 1600. Office, 107 Masonic Temple. Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES.

GRAND A. J. Small, Sole Proprietor
MONDAY, ONE NIGHT ONLY

VIOLA ALLEN

Liebler & Co., Managers, and a Notable Company in the New Love Romance,

THE LADY OF COVENTRY

By LOUIS N. PARKER, Author of "Pomander Walk," "Disraeli," etc.
Read what the Montreal dramatic critics said of Miss Allen and the new play:

"Mr. Parker has brought to bear in the writing all the poetry, power and wealth of his rich and vivid imagination, with results that are in the highest degree satisfactory. Miss Allen's acting as Lady Dorothea is the most notable achievement of her career, so far as Canada knows it."—Star, Oct. 31, 1911.

"The Lady of Coventry' fits Miss Allen with a role better than anything that she has had within our recollection."—Herald, Oct. 31, 1911.

"The ancient legend is cleverly adapted, and is brimful of romance, with strong situations. . . . The newly-born production of Mr. Louis N. Parker should go far. . . . Dignity, grace and diction of rare purity marked the interpretation of the Dorothea, Countess of Coventry, of Miss Allen."—Gazette, Oct. 31, 1911.

PRICES: $2, $1 50, $1, 75c, 50c. Early Gallery, 50c. SEATS SELLING.

TUESDAY, ONE NIGHT ONLY
CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS

ETHEL BARRYMORE

IN HER NEW FOUR-ACT DRAMA,

THE WITNESS FOR THE DEFENCE

By A. E. W. MASON.

PRICES: $2, $1 50, $1, 75c. Early Gallery, 50c. SEATS SELLING.

SERVICE of PRAISE

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church,
MONDAY EVENING NEXT.

Nov. 13, at 8 o'clock. Master Arthur Cudlip, the favorite boy soprano, of Detroit; Mr. Robert Courtney, the English tenor, and other soloists, with the full choir of the church. Collection not less than 10 cents from each person. 46c

NEW ENGLAND SUPPER,
Tuesday, Nov. 14,

Askin Street Methodist Church

Mrs. Wyatt and church soloists; Miss Smith, reader, and other talent.
Supper served from 6 to 8 p.m. Tickets, 25 cents. 27u

Fascinating, Realistic, Eductional.
HEAR REV. J. J. ROSS,
of Toronto, in his new illustrated lecture,
"JERUSALEM, THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING,"
Talbot Street Baptist Church, Tuesday evening, Nov. 14, at 8 o'clock. Collection of 10c and upwards at the door. 47u-ty

"The Story of Joseph"

and other selections by
Cyril Hayes
—AT—
ADELAIDE ST. BAPTIST CHURCH,
Thursday, Nov. 16, at 8 o'clock.
47c-tyw

SIMCOE ROLLER RINK—SKATING with music until 11 o'clock tonight. Ladies free, with band, Tuesday. b

ANNIVERSARY SUPPER AND ENTERTAINMENT, First Congregational Church, Monday evening, Nov. 13. Supper served from 6:30 to 8 o'clock. Good programme at 8:15. Tickets, 25c. 46u

CHRISTMAS

If you are going home for Christmas to the Old Country, call and obtain our rates by all lines, via Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, Boston and New York.

Sons of England

There is a special party going Nov. 29 and Dec. 13, to sail via the Royal Edward and Royal George. The Sons of England have charge of this party, and have instructed F. B. Clarke to sell tickets. Call for particulars.

F. B. CLARKE

416 RICHMOND STREET,
Next Bank of Commerce Corner.

CAN YOU DANCE? LEARN NOW. Beginners' classes every week. Gentlemen, Tuesday; ladies, Thursday evening; children and ladies, Saturday afternoons. Private lessons any hour. Phone Dayton & McCormick.

SONS OF ENGLAND EXCURSIONS

to the Old Country, Nov. 29 and Dec. 13.
Book early.

E. DE LA HOOKE

Agent for All Ocean Lines,
422 Park Avenue (London Loan Block).

DANCING — PRIVATE INSTRUCTION, public rates. Reopening Oct. 23. Call and register. R. B. Millard, 345 Princess. Phone.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

MEETINGS.

SUNDAY, FOUR O'CLOCK.

AUDITORIUM--Men's Meeting

John James, Toronto, Speaker.
V. V. Rogers, St. Louis, Harpist.
C. T. Grilley, Chicago, Reader.
ALL MEN INVITED. b

THE REGULAR MEETING OF FIDELITY Lodge, No. 5, will be held on Tuesday evening, Nov. 14, at 8 o'clock, in the hall over the Board of Trade rooms. The district deputy grand master and the field superintendent for Western Ontario will be present to address the members, and a full meeting is requested. Visitors welcome. E. J. Williams, M. W.; E. A. Gibson, recorder. b

THE COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS' Mutual Benefit Society of Western Ontario—The regular general meeting will be held on Saturday, Nov. 18, at 3 p.m. Nomination of officers for ensuing year. All members are requested to attend. F. E. Harley, president; W. J. Taylor, secretary. 47u-tv

AUDITORIUM, SUNDAY, 4 P.M.—Men's mass meeting. John James, of Toronto, speaker; subject, "Two Fellows in Debt." Special music: Mr. V. V. Rogers, of Chicago, harpist; Mr. Grilley, of St. Louis, reader. All men of the city invited. Next Sunday, Nov. 19, Mr. G. Walter Fiske, of Oberland Theological Seminary; subject, "The Modern Message of the Church for Men," dealing with the social question. 46u

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—TWO SETS BURR STONES, chopping mill, fanning mill, platform scales, crout cutter (hand or power), baking powder mixer, shafting and pulleys, coffee roaster. Gorman, Eckert & Co. 35tf-tx

A FIRST-CLASS WATER-POWER chopping mill, in first-class working order, for sale cheap, if sold right away. Apply Joseph Kettlewell, Mount Brydges, Ont. 31bu-t

SURVEYORS.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER and surveyor, Bank Toronto Chambers.

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BIRTHS.

THOMSON—On Oct. 31, 1911, at 69 Walmer road, Toronto, to Mr. and Mrs. Warren Thomson, a daughter.

DEATHS.

CODE—On Nov. 10, 1911, at her late residence, 452 Adelaide street, Sarah A. Code, widow of the late W. Gordon Code, in her 81st year.
Funeral private, on Monday, at 3 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

ROSE—On Saturday morning, Nov. 11, 1911, Harold Joseph Rose, beloved husband of Leota Graham, and son of John A. and Georgina Rose.
Funeral private, from his parents' residence, 696 Waterloo street, on Monday, Nov. 13, at 3 o'clock. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. Friends will in kindness please omit flowers.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—SALESLADY TO TAKE charge of blouse and underwear department. Apply ladies' parlor, Tecumseh House, between 2 and 3 o'clock, Monday. b

WANTED BY MIDDLE-AGED LADY—Position as housekeeper for aged couple, or nurse for invalid. Address Box 100, Advertiser. 47c-tyw

EXPERIENCED HOUSEMAID; REFERENCES required. Apply Miss Meredith, 565 Talbot street. 46c

WANTED AT ONCE—LADY TO WORK on cloth shells. Apply to Ross', Limited, 196 Dundas street, London, Ont. 46c

SALESLADY WANTED FOR A GENERAL drygoods store; permanent position for the right one; state salary per week wanted, and give references. S. G. Morse, Leamington, Ont. 46n

WANTED AT ONCE—DISHWASHER. Apply Tecumseh House. 46n

WANTED—DOMESTIC FOR GENERAL housework; good wages. Call at once, 388½ Ridout street, city. 45tf

WANTED—COOK-GENERAL, WHERE housemaid is kept. Apply Mrs. David Cowan, 639 Talbot street. 44tf

YOUNG WOMAN TO RUN EMBOSSING machine; one with experience preferred. The Mallagh Bookshop, London. 43n

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE care of child, from 9 to 6 p.m. Phone 3069. 43tf

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT WANTED. Apply 351 Burwell street. 43tf

EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM GIRL wanted at once. Apply Hotel Harrison. 42n

WANTED — CAPABLE GENERAL servant; three adults in family; no washing. Miss Ferguson, 141 Wortley road. Phone 753. 40tf

GIRLS, 16 YEARS OF AGE, WANTED for knitting factory. Apply to Holeproof Hosiery Company, 186 King street. 37tf

GIRLS WANTED

With or without experience, for bon-bon and chocolate department; also for candy packing and caramel department. Apply at once to Timekeeper, McCormick Manufacturing Company, Limited. 16tf

100 GIRLS WANTED

Highest Wages. Steady Employment.
Apply at Once.

D. S. Perrin & Company, Limited

67tf

BUNCHBREAKERS, ROLLERS, WRAPPERS, binder and filler strippers wanted. Apply John McNee & Sons. 63tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, OR LEFT ON STREET CAR, IN August or September, 1911—Parcel of mink furs, with owner's name (initials "C. C.") on back of fur. Reward, Huron College. 47c

LOST—YEARLING BULL, STRAYED from lot 9, con. 10. Any information regarding same send to George McFarlane, Arva P. O. 47c

LOST—YEARLING HEIFER, RED, with white on forehead. Finder kindly notify D. Kimball, Bryanston P. O. 41-i-tsx

LOST, ON THURSDAY—WHITE SPITZ dog. Reward at 286 Dundas street. Telephone 1299. 46u

LOST — AUTOMOBILE LICENSE. Finder kindly phone 134 or 475, or communicate with 462 King street. 45c

LOST — YOUNG BULLDOG, DARK brindle. Reward, 141 John street. 45c

LOST BY A WIDOW—LARGE BLACK leather handbag, containing sum of money, etc. Reward at Advertiser. 45c

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED AS PLAIN cook or laundress, in private family. Box 97, Advertiser. 45c

POSITION WANTED—OFFICE OR shipping department of wholesale, by young man; experience in office; total abstainer, with highest references as to character. Box 91, Advertiser. 46c

EDUCATIONAL.

THE MISSES WESTCOTT'S BOARDING and Day School, 441 Ridout street, reopens Sept. 11. 6tf ywt

PUPILS PREPARED FOR MATRICULATION, civil service, etc. J. A. Young, 378 Princess avenue.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—ROSE COMB BROWN LEGHORNS. Apply 478 Dorinda street. b

CONTENTS OF SIX-ROOM COTTAGE, in first-class order, at sacrifice; will rent cottage if desired. Apply Box 101, Advertiser. 47u

NONE SUPERIOR TO US FOR UPHOLSTERING. Phone Charles M. Quick for estimates. 47u

SEWING MACHINES REPAIRED AND warranted five years, also wringer rubbers put on to stay, at Jackson's, 263 Wellington. Phone. b

FOR SALE—BLACK FUR COAT (BOKHARAN); size, bust 36, length 24 inches. Apply 256 Grey street. b

TWO BASEBURNERS FOR SALE, IN good condition. Apply 188 Sydenham street. b

TWO BASEBURNERS, IN SPLENDID condition; one nearly new. 362 Horton street. b

FOR SALE, CHEAP—SEVEN STORM windows, also four large windows, 57 by 60. Apply 232 Queen's avenue. 46n

COW FOR SALE. APPLY J. SMITH, lot 9, con. 2, London Township. 43c-ywt

THREE FIRST-CLASS SAFES, ONE large, one medium and one small; also letterpress and desks. John Marshall & Co., 68 Dundas street. 44c-xwt

HIGH-GRADE PIANO FOR SALE, AT 210 Horton street. For particulars apply 431 King street. 42c-zxt

PIANO FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS condition, cheap. 937 Lorne avenue. 46c

FOR SALE—ONE ROLL-TOP DESK and chair (nearly new), one closed cupboard, one revolving cane chair, one high desk, one electric lamp, 15 yards linoleum. Apply to N. Mills, 1 Masonic Temple. 40tf

FOR SALE—COTTAGE FOR REMOVAL, No. 651 York street. Apply Queen City Oil Company. 46c

BASEBURNER FOR SALE—BURNT one winter; the Famous. Apply 645 Park avenue. 45c

NEW PIANO FOR SALE—MASON & Risch, only used two months. No. 3 McGarvey Terrace. 45c

ART COUNTESS STOVE, WITH OVEN, for sale, in good condition, cheap. 820 Talbot street. 45c

S. C. RHODE ISLAND RED COCKERELS and pullets, $1 to $2 each; bred from our best pen. Apply 11 Victor street. Phone 2077. 45c

Good Dry Mixed Wood, 12 or 16 inch, per load $1.75

GREEN & CO.

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IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

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Air dried, thick butts, good widths. See them at either yard.

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Richmond and Pall Mall.
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WIRE OR IRON WINDOW GUARDS, wire or iron fencing, gates, fire escapes, iron ladders, office wire work, wire mats, wire cloth, wire baskets and trays, wire concrete reinforcement, wire straightened and cut to length. We make anything in wire or iron to order. Write for price list. Page Wire Fence Company, Limited, Toronto. xt-Dec6

DELIVERY WAGONS BUILT TO ORDER. See our second-hand wagons. Abbott's Carriage Factory.

GAS OR GASOLINE ENGINE FOR sale, 8-horsepower. Gould & Mohan, Wellington street.

BLANK BOOKS

Ruling and Binding—Lowest Prices—
Best Quality.

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FISH OF ALL KINDS SUPPLIED fresh daily. F. S. Onn. Phone 1296.

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397 CLARENCE STREET.

PERFECTION SLIDING FLY SCREENS keep out flies. Chamberlain's Weather Strips keep out dust. C. McDonald, 89 Wharncliffe. Phone. ywt

CAR FURNITURE, STOVES, CLOTHING, carpenter's tools; highest price, spot cash. Joseph Brown, auctioneer, 97 Carling street. tyw

Phoenix Roofing has no superior, per square $1 50
Tarred Paper, per roll 45c
Plain Building Paper 35c

J. A. BROWNLEE

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LADIES — WHEN DELAYED OR IRREGULAR use Triumph Pills; always dependable. "Relief" and particulars free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis. 35c-t

The Sweetness of Low Price never equals the bitterness of poor quality.
See us before buying.

The London Gas Power Company, Limited

EAST LONDON, ONTARIO.

A BEAUTIFUL ROSEWOOD PIANO, 7 1-3 octaves, overstrung bass, in elegant condition, and guaranteed for five years, only $100, payable $3 per month. Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street. 39un

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID CORSETS — Canadian Lady Corset Company, 355 Clarence street. Agents wanted.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

$2.00 Buys a Good Shoe

At PAXMAN'S, 210 King Street, next to Central Fire Station. t

SEND ORDERS AT ONCE FOR FALL planting. We have purchased the Hersey nursery stock, Woodstock, and Strathroy Nursery Company, and ten others, from Niagara to Detroit. Chas. Baker.

FEATHER PILLOWS, MATTRESSES, cushions renovated. Hunt & Sons, Mattress Renovators, 593 Richmond street.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

BIRDS FOR CHRISTMAS—CANARIES, goldfinches, etc.; another shipment of good, healthy songsters just arrived. Cottam Bird Seed, 75 Bathurst street. 20tf

FOR SALE — GOOD LIVE WOOD, $2 per load; good hard coal, $6 50 a ton. Dominion Coal and Wood Company. Phone 1788.

Lehigh Coal

ALL SIZES.

G. R. KETTLE & SON

Cor. G. T. R. and Maitland. Phone 299. 97tf-tyw

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And household supplies. Cash or credit. Prices most reasonable in city. Open evenings.

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The Old Umbrella Mender

PERRY DAVID
251 DUNDAS STREET.

Southcott Coal Co

Hard and Soft Coal and Wood Dealers
Phone 1083. 276 Clarence Street.
Prompt delivery and courteous treatment.
67tf-tyw

Show Cases and Fixtures

We make fittings for any kind of store or office. Best workmanship and materials. Ask us for an estimate.
T. F. McCRACKEN,
Phone 2362. 447 Dundas Street. ywt

BULBS! BULBS!

100 Tulips, 40c; 100 Crocus, 20c; Narcissus and Daffodils, 50c per 100; Hyacinths, 2c each; iris, 25c per 100; Snowdrops, 50c per 100. Big cut on all bulbs. Phone 1428. We deliver.
MORGAN'S, 100 DUNDAS ST.

MITTS AND GLOVES OF ALL KINDS AND SIZES. No need to suffer with cold hands.

J. E. YOUNG & CO.

Two Doors East of Talbot.
PHONE 588. 111 DUNDAS ST. ywt

WOOD, $2 PER LOAD

Good Dry Mixed, in 12 or 16-inch Lengths.
RUMBALL LUMBER COMPANY
(Successors to Forest City Bent Goods Company), 585 Bathurst St. Phone 700. wty

KINDLING WOOD

$1 00 PER LOAD.

LONDON BOX CO

209 Bathurst Street. Phone 523.

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TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. NO. 3, Plympton Township, Lambton County, for the year 1912. Apply, stating salary, experience, age and religion, to John D. Paul, secretary-treasurer, Mandaumin P. O., Ont. 47c-t

TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. NO. 15, London Township, five miles from London; duties to commence Jan. 1, 1912. Apply to R. S. Gough, Sub. No. 1, London. 41c-tyt

TEACHER WANTED FOR JUNIOR room for S. S. No. 13, Elchfid; services to begin Jan. 3, 1912. Apply, stating salary and experience, to Dan McDonald, secretary, Appin, Ont. 41u-t

TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. NO. 17, Westminster; first or second class experience; duties commence Jan. 1. Apply John H. Cornell, secretary, Lambeth. 45c-wty

AGENTS WANTED.

SALESMEN—NEW LINE OF USEFUL advertising novelties; samples for 10c; all merchants buy for premiums; good men earn $50 weekly. The Greenduck Company, Chicago. b

BIG PROFITS SELLING VULCAN Fountain and Stylo Pens; well advertised, quick sellers; free catalogue and selling plan. Ullrich & Co., 25 Thames street, New York. b

AGENTS WANTED—FAST SELLING household necessity; if you are not making over $40 weekly, inquire; experience unnecessary. Paget Company, Dept. L, Newmarket, Ont. 47c-t

AGENTS WANTED — A LINE FOR every home. Write us for our choice list of agents' supplies. We have the greatest agency proposition in Canada today. No outlay necessary. Apply B. C. I. Company, 228 Albert street, Ottawa. 61tf

LIVE AGENTS WANTED TO CANVASS business houses—Big profits to hustlers; write us today. Logan, Room 2, 1 Grant street, Toronto. 43-1

WANTED.

100 OR 200 BUSHELS GOOD RED table carrots. Address Main & Collyer, Postoffice Box 275, London, Ont. 46c

WANTED TO PURCHASE—SECOND-HAND English riding saddle. Apply Bank British North America, Market branch. 46u

WANTED—INDUCTION MOTORS FOR 133-cycle, two-phase system. Apply Box 106, Perth, Ont. 44n

WANTED — DEAD HORSES AND cattle; will send twelve miles for, if necessary; telephone 638 or 945, ring 2. The London Fertilizer Works, East street, corner Hamilton road. 100tf

CASH PAID FOR SECOND-HAND bicycles or frames. Gurd's, 185 Dundas street.

WANTED TO PURCHASE — OFFICE fittings, suitable for financial office. Apply Room 1, London Loan building. Phone 2020. 22tf

CHIROPRACTIC

D. C. PARSONS

Graduate of Palmer School of Chiropractic, Davenport, Ohio.
426 KING STREET. PHONE 1778
Consultation and Examination Free. zxt

PERSONAL.

FREE READING BY TRANCE MEDIUM, astrologer—Advice love, business, marriage, health. Send birth date, five 2c stamps. Dr. Smith, Dept. U, Box 839, Saginaw, Mich. b

HOME FOR WOMEN BEFORE AND during confinement. Adoption provided. Confidential. Phone 3417. Removed to 660 Maitland street.

DIDN'T TURN UP.
Woodstock Collegiate Rugby team was to have played London at Tecumseh Park yesterday afternoon but failed to make an appearance.

MALE HELP WANTED.

I WILL START YOU EARNING $4 daily at home in spare time silvering mirrors; no capital; free instructive booklet, giving plans of operation. G. F. Redmond, Dept. 336, Boston, Mass. b

BECOME A DETECTIVE—EARN $150 to $300 monthly travelling; send stamp for particulars. Write Frederick Wagner, 1243 Lexington avenue, New York. b

SIX CANVASSERS WANTED AT once; nice clean work; big money. Box 99, Advertiser. 46u

ACTIVE MAN WANTED TO SELL OUR high-grade nursery stock; all trees warranted true to name. We are the largest growers of nursery stock in Canada. There is a big demand for trees for orchard planting. Write for terms. Brown Bros. Company, Nurserymen, Limited, Ridgeville, Ont. Dec9

TRAVELLING SALESMEN WANTED—Hundreds of good positions now open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year and expenses; no experience required to get one of them; write today for particulars and list of good openings. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 515, Kent building, Toronto, Ont. 41k-t

YOUNG MEN WITH COMMON OR high school training for positions in the telegraph, freight and ticket departments of Canadian railways. Permanent positions and good salaries to start. Regular telegraph wires and station books from Grank Trunk and Canadian Northern, Ontario railways, insures you practical work. The only school with model trains specializing in this work. Free Book M explains. Dominion School Telegraphy, Toronto. P

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED AT once for work in your locality; will guarantee $2 to $3 per day; opportunity to advance rapidly; will pay liberally for spare time; work not difficult; experience not required. International Bible Press, Toronto, Ont. ywt-Nov15

EARN GOOD MONEY BY LEARNING telegraph and station agent's work at Central Telegraph and Railroad School, Yonge and Gerrard, Toronto. Write today for free particulars. wty-N30

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MEN WANTED, AGE 18-35, FOR FIREMEN, $100 monthly, brakemen, $80, on railroads in London vicinity; experience unnecessary; no strike; positions guaranteed competent men; promotion; railroad employing headquarters; 851 men sent to positions last three months; state age; send stamp. Railway Association, Dept. 58, 227 Monroe street, Brooklyn, N. Y. N4,8,11,15,18,22,25,29

RELIABLE CANVASSER WANTED. Apply Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street, London.

WANTED—BOY, 16 OR 17 YEARS OF age, good at writing and figuring, for a commercial place; for one who is willing to make himself useful, there are good prospects for advancement. Apply in own handwriting to Box 94, this office. 45c

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A LIFE INSURANCE OPPORTUNITY—If you have the ability and desire to increase your income, and possibly double it, during your spare time, the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States (assets over $485,000,000) will undertake to teach and assist a number of desirable new men in life insurance work under a contract providing for liberal first year's commission and an annuity which, in event of your death, would revert to your surviving family. Apply Sydney C. Tweed, agency manager, Bank of Commerce Chambers, London, Ont. Dec2

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FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT—owner would like to remain as boarder. Apply Box 102, Advertiser. 47c

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FOUR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING rooms, 475 King street. Apply 376 Ridout. 46c

ROOMS TO LET—THREE LARGE rooms for light housekeeping; also baseburner for sale. Apply 657 Princess avenue. 46c

84 BECHER STREET—NEW SEVEN-ROOMED modern house. Apply 80 Becher street. 46c

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TO LET—MODERN RESIDENCE, FURNISHED or unfurnished; choice locality, 518 Waterloo street. Telephone 3547. Rent moderate. Nov30

FOR RENT—AN A1 GENERAL STORE in good business village, west of London; a good business has always been done; an exceptional opportunity; let me tell you more about this opening. Write J. E. Pedlow, Strathroy. 41g

TO RENT—FARM OF 100 ACRES; GOOD buildings, first-class farm; nine miles from London. Box 87, Advertiser. 43c-ywt

HOUSE AND FIVE ACRES ADJOINING city, suitable for market garden; also ten acres, with barn, east of city limits. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, Talbot street. ywt

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ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY," the Mover." H. F. Day, Real Moving Van. Residence, 867 Wellington street. Phone 2887. Office, 90 King.

21½ ASKIN STREET—BRICK HOUSE, modern, eight rooms; $12 and water rates; also No. 10 Byron avenue; six rooms, $10. Apply 22 Ridout street. 44c-xvt

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Clean and Dry. Terms Reasonable.

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ADELAIDE ST. BAPTIST CHURCH.
Pastor, Rev. James H. Boyd.
Services tomorrow: Morning at 11, afternoon at 3, Bible Class and School; evening at 7. The Ordinance of Baptism during evening service. All seats free. Everybody welcome.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH —Morning, preacher and congregation. Evening, musical service, Maunder's cantata, "Penitence, Pardon, Peace," rendered by full choir. E. W. G. Quantz, organist.

BIBLE CLASS, 2:45, SUNDAY AFTERNOON—"Class Welcome," First Methodist Sunday School. Visitors always welcome. W. J. Underwood, leader.

BISHOP CRONYN MEMORIAL CHURCH —The Rev. H. A. B. Harrison will preach at both services. Holy Communion, 8 a.m.

CHRIST CHURCH, CORNER WELLINGTON and Hill—Rev. C. R. Gunne, rector. Services tomorrow as usual.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST—The 23rd anniversary of the opening of the church. The Bishop of Huron will preach in the morning. Rev. C. R. Gunne, rector of Christ Church, in the evening.

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER, ADELAIDE and Grosvenor streets—S. S. Hardy. Services as usual.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH —Rev. G. N. Hazen, pastor, will preach tomorrow. Evening, sermon to young men. Special service of praise by male choir, assisted by male quartette and Mr. Harry Marshall.

CATHEDRAL ST. PAUL'S—HOLY COMMUNION, 8:30 a.m. Morning Prayer, 11; preacher, the rector. Evening Prayer, 7; preacher, Rev. G. F. B. Doherty.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH —Rev. Walter Moffat, minister. Morning, "Our Opportunity" 3 p.m., Bible Class; evening, "Some Miracles," illustrated with beautiful colored lantern views. Choir assisted by orchestra.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Pastor, Rev. D. N. McCamus. Public worship at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Seven minutes' talk and a solo for boys and girls at morning service. Class meetings at 10 a.m. Sunday School at 2:45 p.m.

DUNDAS CENTRE METHODIST Church, corner Maitland and Dundas—Rev. Thomas Manning, D.D., pastor. 11 a.m., Rev. John Hart; 7 p.m., the pastor. W. Parnell Morris, organist and choirmaster. Bible School at 2:45.

EGERTON STREET BAPTIST CHURCH —Rev. W. L. Steeves, pastor. Morning service, 11 o'clock. Sabbath School and Men's Baraca Class, 2:15. Evening, 6:45, the People's Happy Hour service, song service; subject, "A Beautiful but Dangerous Woman." Baptism.

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—Rev. G. W. Dewey, pastor. Sunday services: 10 a.m., general fellowship; 11 o'clock, preaching, "The Name High Over All," followed by the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper; evening service at 7, "Belshazzar's Feast Modernized."

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Seventy-fourth anniversary. Rev. R. G. Watt, Guelph, will conduct both services, 11 and 7. Come and hear him. Hearty welcome to all.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues—Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Subject, "Mortals and Immortals." Sunday School, 12:15. Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading rooms open every weekday from 2 to 5:30 Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

First Methodist Church

Dufferin and Wellington Street.
Pastor—Rev. R. S. Whiting, B.A.—Preacher.
11 a.m., "The Gentleness of Christ"; 7 p.m., "The Christian Duty of the Stronger Towards the Weaker."
Mr. A. D. Jordan, Choir Director.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. John Gibson Inkster, B.A., minister. Pastor will preach morning and evening.

GOSPEL HALL, HAMILTON ROAD, 2:45 p.m.—Sunday School and address to young people by Mr. Adam McMurdo. 7 p.m., Gospel meeting, addressed by Mr. John James, of Toronto. All welcome.

HYATT AVENUE METHODIST Church—Pastor, Rev. J. W. Baird. Rev. R. Smith Baker, D.D., will preach morning and evening.

INTERNATIONAL BIBLE STUDENTS, Oddfellows' Hall, 422 Richmond, 3 p.m. Subject, "Teach All Nations." All welcome.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. W. R. McIntosh, pastor. 11 a.m., "Coming Down from the Cross"; 7 p.m., Gospel service, special for men. Male Choir.

MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church—Rev. C. M. Carew, pastor. The pastor at both services. Everybody welcome. All seats free.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Thomas Mitchell, pastor, will preach morning and evening. Dr. Pearce will hold the first of a series of monthly organ recitals of sacred music from 6:40 to 7.

SOUTHERN CONGREGATIONAL Church, Horton street, near Maitland—Pastor, W. H. A. Claris. 11 a.m., "The More Excellent Way"; 7 p.m., "What the Men's Convention Discussed."

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH—Pastor, W. M. Walker. Morning, "The Call of Today"; evening, "Who Is He?" Sabbath School and Bible Class at 3 p.m. All welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—REV. JAMES Ross, D.D., minister. Morning, "Echoes of the Convention"; evening, "Is Our Missionary Budget Unreasonable?" Service of Praise on Monday evening.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Rev. E. Davis, rector.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. H. H. Bingham, B.A., pastor. 11 a.m., "Impressions of Men's Convention"; 2:45 p.m., Bible School and Men's Baraca Bible Class; 7 p.m., subject, "The Society of Sodom." Seats free. All welcome.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Sunday, Nov. 12. Rev. H. A. Graham, pastor. 10 a.m., quarterly fellowship; 11 a.m., quarterly Sacrament; 2:45, Sunday School and Bible Class; 7 p.m., subject, "Every Man a King."

YORK STREET MISSION HALL—Morning, Christian Workers' service. Evening subject, "Can the Saved be Lost? What is Life Eternal?" Preacher, Evangelist Belcher. Mrs. Thompson will sing "The Old Church Choir." Sunday School, 2:45.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—20, 24 AND 28 CARTWRIGHT street. Apply W. G. R. Bartram, barrister, 59 Dundas street. 47c-tyw

FOR SALE—TEN ACRES, PART LOT 3, con. 2, London Township, property of late Wm. Cook. Price, $2,000. Apply C. Wakeling, The Grove. 47c-tyw

NEW RED PRESSED BRICK—DOWNSTAIRS: Reception hall, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, den and dumb waiter. Upstairs: Four bedrooms, bath and closet (separate). Finished in cyprus and oak mantel, verandah full size of house, hot water connection with furnace, also instantaneous gas heater; lot 50x240. Price, $3,500. Apply 11 Victor street. Phone 2077. 46c

EVERY 25c BOTTLE OF TAYLOR'S THROAT AND LUNG BALM is sold on our printed guarantee to cure the worst cough, cold or bronchial irritation. If it fails we refund your money without question. Taylor's Market Drug Store, 399 Talbot street. tyw

Notice!

The Hydro-Electric Power Commission will have the power shut off Sunday, Nov. 12, from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.

CITY HYDRO-ELECTRIC

City of London

Tenders For Grading Elm Street

Sealed proposals addressed to the "Chairman and Members, No. 2 Committee," will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 5 p.m. on Thursday, Nov. 16, 1911, for the grading of Elm street, from Pine street to Trafalgar street.

Each bidder to name a lump sum for the above work, and to make his tender on the form furnished by the City Engineer.

Plans, profiles and specifications covering the above work may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Contractors for the above work to inclose a marked check for five per cent (5%) of the amount of their bids.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to accept any bid.

GEORGE W. WRIGHT,
City Engineer.

NEIL COOPER,
Chairman No. 2 Committee.
N11,13,15

Important Auction Sale

of first-class horses, cattle, farm implements, Wednesday, Nov. 14, 1911, lot 14, con. 5, Lobo. Archibald McGugan, proprietor, Lobo P. O.; J. Turnbull, auctioneer, Komoka P. O. b

Auction Sale

Farm stock, implements, etc., lot 21, con. 6, Township of Westminster, Tuesday, Nov 14, 1911, 1 o'clock sharp. John Lambourne, proprietor; J. W. Laidlaw, auctioneer. b

Auction Sale

Cattle, hogs, horses and pine lumber, Thursday, Nov. 16, 1911, 1 o'clock sharp, lot 6, Hamilton road, three-quarters mile west of Putnam. R. J. Clifford, jun., proprietor; Alex. Rose, auctioneer. b

Auction Sale

of farm stock, implements, household furniture, etc. Mr. John Turnbull, auctioneer, has received instructions from John Tuxton to sell by public auction on the premises, lot 23, con. 5, Township of Caradoc, on Tuesday, Nov. 21, 1911, all his farm stock, implements and household furniture, without reserve. Sale commences at 12 sharp. 47u-t

Important Auction Sale

Mahogany parlor suite, large rockers, easy chairs, rockers, 2 extension tables, 4 old walnut sideboards, 5 old bureaus, 3 couches, 5 iron beds, mattresses and springs, 12 chairs (leather), centre tables, chamberware, dresser and stands, 2 drop-head sewing machines, 2 ranges, 4 heaters, 4 large mirrors. Tuesday, Nov. 14, 10 a.m., at 97 Carling street. Jos. Brown, auctioneer. b

Important Auction Sale

of farm

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1863
NOON AND EVENING DAILY.
WESTERN ADVERTISER WEEKLY.
THE LONDON ADVERTISER CO., Limited, Publishers.
191-193 Dundas Street, London, Ont

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One Week..... 10c
Daily, Delivered by Carrier Outside City:
One Year..... $3 00
One Month..... 25c
Daily, by Mail, Outside City:
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Toronto—Iroquois Hotel News Stand, Rossin House News Stand.
[Entered at the London (Canada) Postoffice as matter of the second class.]

LONDON, SATURDAY, NOV. 11.

MR. BALFOUR'S SUCCESSOR.

In the election of a successor to Mr. Balfour as Unionist leader in the House of Commons, the "dark horse" as usual is the winner. Three more conspicuous pretenders to the dignity have been nosed out at the finish. The main reason for the passing over of Messrs. Chamberlain, Long and F. E. Smith is, of course, that they are all too prominent in the revolt against Mr. Balfour; and, besides, the rivalry has been too keen between the camps of Chamberlain and Long.

Mr. Law has not been too glaringly a mutineer, and his elevation is significant of two things, the want of driving force in the Conservative leadership and the determination of the protectionists to assert complete control of the party. Mr. Law seems certain to fill the bill for these ends. He has lived the strenuous life of commerce, possesses the effectiveness of the self-made millionaire and is the sort of leader that followers such as Sir W. M. Aitken will delight to work for. He is not afraid of a fight, as his relinquishment of a sure constituency and his forlorn-hope effort at Manchester in the last election proves. An iron merchant, he is with the Birmingham iron-masters for protection, and consequently was despised and rejected of Manchester, the citadel of free trade. But his campaign was resolutely and brilliantly waged, his platform and debating powers have been amply displayed both on the hustings and in the House, and as a leader he is expected to force the fighting and make things interesting in the coming struggles over home rule and the tariff. With an industrial and commercial experience Mr. Law combines a good general education resting on school and college foundations, though, of course, like all the other Unionist leaders he must yield priority to Mr. Balfour in sheer intellectuality and scholarly power of vision.

The new leader makes one more of the distinguished recruits drawn by Britain's landed oligarchy to give it direction. The core of the Conservative party, the nobility and squirearchy, though it has made public life its most serious occupation, next to sporting, is not rich in forceful leaders. It adopted Peel from the commercial class; it would have followed Gladstone, if he had not left it when Peel did; Disraeli, who was not far removed from commercial beginnings, was its presiding genius for 30 years, then came Chamberlain to rush it into tariff reform, champion its militarism and stiffen its back against home rule, and finally Law is its titular as well as actual leader. What would the Toryism of Queen Anne's time think of an iron merchant as master of the ship? It would approve his reactionary principles but recoil from the "tradesman" himself.

WOMEN AND THE BALLOT.

Political events march so rapidly in Great Britain that little surprise has been caused by Mr. Asquith's announcement of a manhood suffrage bill, coupled with the principle of "one man, one vote."

Ontario has had manhood suffrage for many years, but in Great Britain the franchise, though democratic, is still hedged by many restrictions, based upon conditions of ownership, rental, and taxation, peculiar to the country. The abolition of the plural system, under which a man may vote in every constituency in which he has property, can now be carried over the heads of the peers, who have always rejected similar bills in their familiar role as protectors of privilege.

Manhood suffrage will widen the British electorate by three or four million men, and the Premier will permit the House of Commons to decide whether women shall be included. The Government has already promised facilities for the passing of a bill which would enfranchise over a million women, but women voters would outnumber men voters if they were put on an equal footing. The leaders of the woman suffrage movement have not asked for the broader measure; they have hitherto considered it out of their reach. They may not demand it even now; they belong chiefly to the upper and middle classes, and may fear that the enfranchisement of every woman at one stroke would be too daring an experiment.

Woman suffrage prevails in Australia and New Zealand, but if the mother country is behind these daughter nations in this respect, Canada is a long way behind the mother country. The movement was more active in Canada twenty years ago than today. There are signs of revival, but nothing like a widespread or serious agitation. In Great Britain the leadership given by women of high social station has been a potent factor. In New Zealand and Australia, the Labor parties, which practically control both countries, made a present of the ballot to the women. In Canada the working classes are not in politics to anything like the same extent. The Canadian suffragists have therefore to fight their own battle. Unlike their sisters in New Zealand and Australia they have no political party at their back, and unlike their sisters in Great Britain they have not the prestige of aristocratic support. There is no aristocracy in Canada and the Canadian women of the so-called upper classes are as a rule more interested in social than in public affairs. Until the women of Canada evince a more general desire for the franchise it is not likely that the men of Canada will help them to make it a question of practical politics.

SIR JAMES AND TAX REFORM.

Tax reformers who have been irritated by Sir James Whitney's stolid opposition to the Fripp bill will be thankful that he has condescended to argue the question. He has exposed himself to ridicule, a more effective weapon than anger.

Sir James cites the hypothetical case of a farmer worth $20,000 putting up a $16,000 house, and paying no more taxes than his neighbor worth $5,000 living in a $1,000 house on the adjoining farm. The farmer worth $20,000 who puts $16,000 into a house and $4,000 into a farm would be a queer specimen, but even if he existed outside of Sir James' imagination he would be no argument against the Fripp bill. All that is asked of the Legislature is to permit municipalities to tax land at a higher rate than improvements. In no municipality would this be done unless the majority of the ratepayers gave their consent.

Sir James admits that in cities, towns and villages "the case is not exactly the same." He says a special assessment committee will meet after the close of the next session to hear evidence and opinions and report on the subject. For years he has treated the movement with scorn, and now, under the pressure of an election, dodges it by a device that will keep the question out of the Legislature for over a year.

Many western cities and towns partly or wholly exempt buildings from taxation, and would not return to the old system. Every western Government, Liberal and Conservative, permits local option in the matter, and none would dream of interfering with a municipality's right to tax itself as its taxpayers desire. Sir James, however, is one of the school that sees in every change a change for the worse.

THE SCHOOL MUDDLE.

The Mail and Empire, as in duty bound, is laboring upon a defence of the present deplorable state of affairs in Minister Pyne's department. It cannot escape the admission of the notorious fact that there has never before in the history of the Province been such a scarcity of teachers, but it attempts to offset the admission by the claim that the grading of the qualified teachers who are left has been raised.

The veriest novice, having the slightest regard for truth, would not and could not claim that a second-class certificate obtained under Dr. Pyne's regulations is anything like as good as one obtained in the time before the department fell into his inexperienced hands. At that time a second-class certificate meant a model school training, one, two, or generally three years' experience, and a year at a normal school. Compare that with what is now required for a second-class certificate. If Dr. Pyne's defenders are well advised they will not invite a comparison of the qualifications of teachers then and now.

Sir James Whitney belongs to the last century and to the first part of it.

Seven sleepers, seven years. It is time to wake up the drowsy denizens of Queen's Park, Toronto.

In their welcome of Canadian recruits, both political parties in Great Britain show real imperial thinking.

Will the new Unionist leader be able to lay down the Law to his followers more effectively than the old one?

Appropriate Christmas suggestion—an electric battery from Hon. Adam to Sir James.

London won't feel quite so crowded now that it is known that "the missing thousand" simply can't be wrung from the obdurate Mr. Blue.

Bonar Law was born and partly educated in Canada. Why on earth should a Canadian join in defending class and ecclesiastical privileges that would not be tolerated in his native country?

According to the commissioner of the Toronto Star, the town of Rockland, Ont., has 60 children in its English school and 500 in its bilingual school. The English school furnishes more pupils to the high school of that town than the ten times that number of pupils in the bilingual school. This is an example of what Bishop Fallon protests against. We don't see how children speaking only French may be taught in any other tongue, but many thousands of them are leaving the bilingual schools of Ontario without a working knowledge of English, and evidently very few of them are able to pass the high school entrance examinations. These defects must be remedied.

The Conservative popular majority in the federal elections last month was between 30,000 and 35,000. Outside of Toronto the parties broke about even. Outside of Ontario, the Liberals had a majority of about 25,000. The Liberals won five provinces out of nine. It is senseless to talk of a tidal wave against reciprocity, or of the "salvation of the Empire." Those who say the Empire was saved by so narrow a margin are paying it a poor compliment and aspersing their fellow citizens.

TRIBUTE TO NEWSPAPERMEN.

[Birmingham News.]

Baron Rosen, who retires as Russian ambassador to the United States to take a portfolio in the cabinet of the Czar, says that in all the years he spent in America, never was he wrongfully quoted by a newspaper reporter. The American press will appreciate this gracious compliment from an able statesman. It is especially appreciated for its sincerity. And it is a high recommendation for Baron Rosen himself. He was often sought out by the newspapermen, especially when the Russo-Japanese war was in progress, and later when he represented his Government at the peace negotiations in Portsmouth. Whenever he was approached, Baron Rosen had a correct idea of what he wished to say. Unlike many a pseudo-statesman, the diplomat did not talk too freely and then regret his remarks when he saw them blazoned to a world. Newspaper reporters are not perfect. But, as a rule, when an interview is denied, it is probably the talker who has erred instead of the reporter.

WORKED OVERTIME.

[Washington Star.]

"Yes," said Farmer Corntossel, "I read every one of those speeches you printed in The Record."

"Did they benefit you?"

"Yes, sir; I won the $2 Zeb Perkins bet that it couldn't be done."

FROM A PHILOSOPHER'S NOTEBOOK

[Lippincott's.]

Few men like to be decorated with the medle of their neighbors.

In argument, unlike aviation, a great many men are not finally landed until they go up in the air.

The man who writes gloomy poetry is something like the farmer who used a harrow for a reaper.

Some men refuse to open the door when opportunity knocks, because they say she does not belong to their set.

If men would only realize that the wee, small hours are no wee-er or smaller than the others, they might turn them to better account.

It is foolish for men to bemoan an unmendable lovers' quarrel. A girl who will not patch up a lovers' difference will never darn a husband's sock.

A BETTER BASIS.

[The Kansas City Journal.]

"You have captured one of our generals," said the South American commander.

"Yes," said the leader of the insurgents, "we have."

"We will exchange two colonels for him."

"Nix."

"Then two colonels and a captain."

"Nothing doing. You can have him, however, for a can of condensed milk."

HOW HE ASCENDED.

[The London Opinion.]

"So, Smith, fat Smith actually climbed Mont Blanc?"

"Smith? No; he!" the other mountaineer replied.

"But he said he did."

"True. But in September, on his return from Chamonix, he only said he'd been to the foot of Mont Blanc. Since then he's gradually lied himself all the way to the top."

THE USUAL RULE.

[Houston Post.]

"Do you think he would be cool in time of danger?"

"I think his feet would."

FOILED AN AMBITIOUS MAMMA.

[New York Sun.]

The organist was not lacking in patriotism, yet he rebelled when requested to play "The Star-Spangled Banner" at a wedding.

"It is not appropriate," he said.

"Ain't it?" said the bride's father. For this wedding it is the most appropriate thing you can play. Cut all the rest of the programme if you like, but stick to that. I had the hardest kind of a fight to keep Belle's mother from marrying her off to a foreigner. Between Belle and me we won out for an American, and if this isn't the time for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' I'd like to know what is."

LAVENDER'S FOR LADIES.

[London Punch.]

Lavender's for ladies, an' they grow it
in the garden;
Lavender's for ladies, and it's sweet
an' dry an' blue,
But the swallows leave the steeple, an'
the skies begin to harden,
For now's the time o' lavender, an'
now's the time o' rue!
"Lavender, lavender, buy my sweet
lavender,"
All down the street an old woman
will cry;
But when she trundles
The sweet-smellin' bundles,
When she calls lavender—swallows
must fly!

Lavender's for ladies (heaven love their
pretty faces);
Lavender's for ladies, they can sniff
it at their ease,
An' they puts it on their counterpins an'
on their pillow cases,
An' dreams about their true-loves an'
o' ships that cross the seas!
"Lavender, Lavender, buy my
sweet lavender."
Thus the old woman will quaver an'
call
All through the city—
It's blue an' it's pretty,
But brown's on the beech-tree an'
mist over all!

Lavender's for ladies, so they puts it in
their presses;
Lavender's for ladies, Joan an' Mary,
Jill an' Jane;
So they lays it in their muslins an' their
lawny Sunday dresses,
An' keeps 'em fresh as April till their
loves comes 'ome again!
"Lavender, lavender, buy my
sweet lavender,"
Still the old woman will wheeze an'
will cry.
Give 'er a copper
An' praps it will stop 'er,
For when she calls lavender summer must die!

DOCTORS HAD GIVEN UP ALL HOPE

"Fruit-a-tives" saved my Life

Riviere A Pierre, Que., May 9, 1910.

"I look upon my recovery as nothing short of a miracle. I was for eleven years constantly suffering from Chronic Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

"I was treated by several doctors and they simply did me no good. During the latter part of my illness I was so thin that I weighed only 90 pounds and I vomited everything I ate.



"The doctors gave me up to die as the stomach trouble produced heart weakness, and I was frequently unconscious. I received the Last Rites of the Church.

"At this time a lady strongly urged me to try 'Fruit-a-tives.' When I had taken one box I was much better, and after three boxes I was practically well again and had gained 20 pounds. I have taken 13 boxes in all and now weigh 150 pounds and am well."

Madame ARTHUR TOURANGEAU.

"Fruit-a-tives' is the only medicine in the world made of intensified fruit juices and always cures Indigestion.

Fifty cents a box, six for $2 50, or trial size 25 cents. At all dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

NIAGARA COMPANY MAY ENTER MERGER

Negotiations Once More Opened by Richelieu & Ontario.

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, Nov. 11.—Negotiations have been again opened up between the Richelieu and Ontario directors and the Niagara Navigation Company of Toronto, with the view to merging the western concern into the new Richelieu combination.

The Niagara Company is the only important organization outside the pale of the steamboat combine, and at the time of the pooling of the Richelieu, Inland and Northern Companies, an effort was made to get the Toronto navigation men into line. This, however, fell through, the Niagara people wanting too much for their properties.

It is understood that Sir Henry Pellatt is conducting the negotiations in Toronto for the Richelieu interests, and that a definite announcement of his success will shortly be made.

The Niagara Navigation Company is capitalized at $1,000,000, of which $710,000 is paid up. The earnings of the company's steamers in 1910 were $91,956 79 net, and the property consists of the steamers Cayuga, Chippewa, Corona and Chicora. The concern has paid a dividend of 8 per cent for some years.

PREACHES AGAINST ALBERTAN MORMONS

Calgary, Nov. 11. — The Bishop of Calgary yesterday, before the Alberta Synod, delivered an address on the alarming growth of Mormonism in Southern Alberta, and urged all denominations to take united action to suppress it. The Mormons in Alberta are very prosperous. Their growth has been raised since exiles from Utah, following federal prosecution for the violation of the Edmons act against plural wives began.

CLINTON.

Clinton, Nov. 11.—The funeral of Mrs. A. Wilken was held yesterday afternoon, and was conducted by Rev. J. E. Ford.

Mrs. Wilken died after a couple of days' illness. She leaves a husband and six children.

Mr. R. B. Foster, who came from Toronto to attend the funeral of his father, the late Mr. John Foster, has returned to his home in the city.

Mr. James Stevens is spending a few days in London, the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Israel Taylor.

Mrs. F. E. Andrews, of Winnipeg, has returned to town and will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. B. J. Gibbings.

Mrs. James Finch has returned from a short visit with relatives in Stratford.

Mr. George Brickenden, of London, called on relatives here recently.

Miss A. Govenlock has returned to town after a three-months' visit in New York.

Special temperance services will be held tomorrow. Mr. Joseph Gibson, of Ingersoll, president of the Ontario Branch of the Lord's Day Alliance, will speak in Ontario Street Methodist Church in the morning, and in the Baptist Church in the evening. Rev. Dr. McTavish will preach in Wesley Church in the morning, and in Willis Church in the evening. A mass meeting for men will be held in the town hall in the afternoon.

Mr. Albert Seeley was a Lucknow visitor this week.

Miss A. Ross announces the engagement of her niece, Christina, to Mr. Fred Stoneman. The wedding will take place on Thursday, Nov. 16.

Mrs. Samuel Crich is on the sick list.

Mr. Willgoose, of London Conservatory of Music, has resumed his class in town.

The C. C. I. commencement will be held next Thursday evening.

MISSIONARY MAGISTRATE.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 11. — Rev. R. J. Renison, Anglican missionary at Moose Factory, Hudson Bay, has been appointed a magistrate by the Provincial Government for that portion of the districts of Nipissing, Sudbury and Algoma, north of 50 degrees north latitude. Mr. Renison will act without salary and succeeds A. McLean Banting, who has removed from the province.

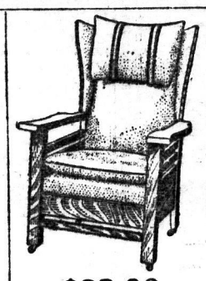
SENSIBLE Christmas Gifts

EVERY YEAR MORE PEOPLE GIVE FURNITURE. EVERY YEAR OUR CHRISTMAS BUSINESS NEARLY DOUBLES THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S. THIS YEAR WE HAVE MADE ARRANGEMENTS FOR A LARGE STOREROOM, WHERE ALL PRESENTS THAT ARE LAID ASIDE FOR CHRISTMAS DELIVERY MAY BE STORED. A SMALL DEPOSIT WILL HOLD ANY PIECE. ALREADY MANY GIFTS HAVE BEEN LAID AWAY. WATCH OUR ADS. FOR SPECIAL VALUES FROM NOW UNTIL CHRISTMAS.



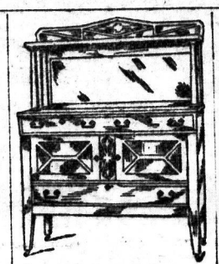
$5.50

Mahogany Curate. Other styles in brass, willow, reed and sea grass.



$22.00

Massive Morris Chair in fumed oak or Early English, red, tan or green leather.



$28.00

Fumed Oak Buffet, all solid oak, well made 12 other Fumed Oak Buffets. At from..... .....$25.00 to $60.00



Doll Cabs

200 Cabs just opened, to be sold at..... $1.95

100 Cabs, larger size At $3.95



Desk, $9.00; Chair, $3.75

Fumed, Early English or Golden Oak; twenty other styles to choose from.



$11.95

Mahogany Colonial Desk, dull finish. Worth $18.00. Only six to sell.



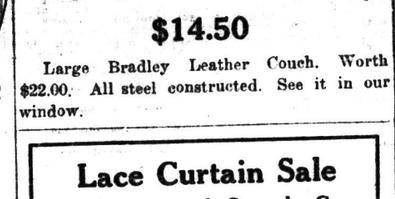
$6.95

Large Reed Chair, green, natural or brown. Fifty other patterns. At from... ..... $1.95 to $25.00



$7.50

Massive Morris Chairs, in Bradley leather, deep spring seat. Worth $12.00.

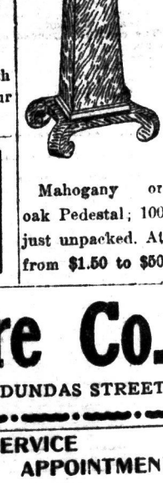


$14.50

Large Bradley Leather Couch. Worth $22.00. All steel constructed. See it in our window.

Lace Curtain Sale

200 pairs of Sample Curtains are being cleared at ⅓ off.



Mahogany or oak Pedestal; 100 just unpacked. At from $1.50 to $50

The Ontario Furniture Co.

LONDON'S LARGEST HOMEFURNISHERS. 228-230 DUNDAS STREET.

BRADSTREET'S REVIEW

Montreal reports to Bradstreet's say there has been a good steady tone to all lines of business during the past week. City trade is brisk and retailers' stocks in all lines are reported to be turning over satisfactorily. The sorting trade in fall lines has been good, and wholesalers are now sending large shipments of winter goods. Business in drygoods is generally satisfactory and values in most lines are steady to firm. For all kinds of ready-to-wear clothing the demand is particularly active. Good shipments are going forward and orders for spring are excellent. Manufacturers of textiles have good orders on hand. The hardware trade continues active. The demand for builders' supplies has naturally fallen off somewhat, but the outlook favors a heavy business next season. Groceries are fairly active and prices are generally steady. Country trade is good and produce continues to come forward freely at steady prices. Exports of cheese for the season have been heavy and good prices have been maintained. Hides are steady and skins are firm. A fairly active export demand for leather is reported. Collections are generally satisfactory.

Toronto reports to Bradstreet's say general business continues active there. Wholesale and retail stocks are moving freely and the prevailing tone is one of decided optimism. The sorting trade in fall lines has been very satisfactory, and it would appear that in most parts of the country lighter goods will have been practically well cleared out before the demand for winter lines becomes general. Clothing manufacturers and wholesale drygoods houses are busy and are beginning to feel confident on the matter of next spring's business. In the meantime dealers in fancy lines and in jewelry are actively engaged in meeting demands for the Christmas trade, which promises more satisfactory. In staple lines of hardware business is well up to the season's expectations. Country trade has been good. Produce generally holds steady. Deliveries are fairly large and the demand active. Few complaints are heard about collections, and they generally seem to be about as well as can be expected.

Winnipeg reports say general satisfaction continues to be expressed regarding both the volume of business at present moving and the outlook for later on. The arrival of cold weather and snow has in some districts interfered with threshing, and there may be some deterioration in the quality of that small part of the crop still left in the fields. The coming week, however, should see the last of it stored. Winter lines of goods are moving briskly at retail and wholesalers are busy rushing forward further supplies and holiday goods. An excellent business is also being shown in spring lines. Crop money is beginning to circulate and collections should improve steadily.

Vancouver and Victoria reports say trade continues active there and at all provincial points. General merchandise is moving freely, and the outlook for future business continues most encouraging. Wholesale grocers find trade particularly good and the volume of business from interior and up-coast points is very heavy. It is the opinion in the trade the past year will show remarkable gains over any previous twelve months. Local industries are generally busy. Collections are fair to good.

Quebec reports to Bradstreet's say unseasonable weather is affecting trade, the latter is much about the same as the preceding week. Orders for the holiday trade are fairly satisfactory, and it is expected sales will be fully as good as former seasons. In the city retailers appear satisfied, and with favorable climatic conditions expect a satisfactory turnover. Local factories continue busy.

Hamilton reports say all lines of trade report an excellent movement in seasonable goods. Local industries are busy and wholesalers report an excellent movement of both winter lines and Christmas goods. There is still much building going on here and the demand for supplies is active.

London reports say general business maintains the excellent tone noted a week ago. Retail business is good and local factories are working pretty well to the limit. Wholesalers also seem well satisfied with the amount of business offering. Trade in the surrounding district has also a good tone.

Ottawa reports say retail trade here has been active during the week and there seems to be a general impression it will continue so until well into the new year. Local factories and wholesale houses are busy and the general feeling is one of confidence. Collections are fair to good.

CIVIL SERVICE APPOINTMENTS

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—The Gazette contains the following list of successful competitors for civil service positions:

For the position of architect in the chief architect's branch of the Department of Public Works, subdivision "A" of the second division, Arthur James Bartelely, Goderich, Ont.

Successful competitor for the position of assistant botanist at the Central Experimental Farm, Department of Agriculture, subdivision "A" of the second division, J. W. Eastham, of Guelph, Ont.

For position of draughtsman in the topographical survey branch of the Department of the Interior, subdivision "B" of the second division, initial salary $1,200 per annum: A. S. Thomas, Kingston; W. B. Armstrong, Niagara Falls; J. F. McDonald, Ottawa; W. H. Herbert, Ottawa; R. C. Ross, Port Robinson; J. J. Freeland, Ottawa; H. A. Colquohon, Vankleek Hill.

For position of custodian of instruments in the geological survey branch of the Department of Mines, subdivision "B" of the second division, initial salary $1,200 per annum, Gavan Dalzell Barrowman, Toronto.

For position of assistant entomologist at the Central Experimental Farm, Department of Agriculture, subdivision "A" of the second division, initial salary $1,800 per annum, James Malcolm Swaine, McDonald College, P. Q.

MEASURES REVENUES.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—The annual report of the weights and measures' branch of the department of inland revenue, just issued, shows that the total revenue collected from the inspection of weights and measures for the last fiscal year was $98,861.80, as against $92,814.05 the previous year.

The total revenue collected for the inspection of gas and gas meters was $52,567.35, as compared with $51,231.20 the year before.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets do not sicken or gripe, and may be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate woman or the youngest child. The old and feeble will also find them a most suitable remedy for aiding and strengthening their weakened digestion and for regulating the bowels. For sale by all dealers. 5

Royal Vinolia Vanishing Cream



A PERFECT SKIN TONIC

To guard against the irritating effects of Fall and Winter winds on the complexion nothing is quite as effective as Royal Vinolia Vanishing Cream.

The exquisitely stimulating and refreshing sensation that follows its use cannot be described—it must be felt to be appreciated. It gives to the skin the natural, normal glow of youth, and stimulates the pores to that proper activity which is the whole secret of a skin that is naturally clear, bright and elastic.

It vanishes so completely that it can be safely used just before you put on your gloves, or just a minute before you go into company. Contains no grease.

In patent and collapsible tubes, with winding and permanent cap.

Large Tubes, 25c. Sold by All Good Druggists.

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Cynthia Grey and EVERY WOMAN'S Page

The Daily Menu . . .

BREAKFAST.
Grape Fruit.
Cereal. Cream.
Poached Eggs with Rice.
Toast. Coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Tomato Hash.
Apple Sauce.
Cookies. Tea.

DINNER.
Oxtail Soup.
Baked Halibut.
Potatoes. Parsnips.
Bread and Butter Pudding.
Cafe Noir.

Poached Eggs With Rice.

Have ready some nicely boiled (or steamed) rice. Poach the eggs carefully in boiling milk (with a little salt added), then place each one in the centre of a mound of the rice. Sprinkle the eggs with salt and pepper, placing a small lump of butter on each one; garish with parsley. The milk may be made into a sauce and served with the rice and eggs, if desired, by adding enough white flour made into a smooth paste to thicken the milk sufficiently, and adding a lump of butter.

PAPER BAG COOKERY

Pommes a la Mascotte.

Take a dozen large apples, as nearly of a size as possible. Peel very thinly, and remove the cores with an apple corer. Roll the apples in well-beaten egg, and then in plenty of sugar. (Add a few drops of vanilla to the beaten egg.) Arrange the apples neatly in a well-greased paper souffle case, put it into a bag, and bake for half an hour in a moderately hot oven. When done, fill the centre of each with some sieved apricot jam. Pour a little apricot sauce round the base and serve at once.

For the sauce, place 3 tablespoonfuls of sieved apricot jam in a small, clean stewpan. Make very hot, then stir in a ¼ cup of well-whipped cream, and use as directed.

ENGLISH HAIR GROWER

American Rights Secured for New Drug CRYSTOLIS

Grows Hair an Inch Long in 30 Days—Stops Falling Hair, Dandruff and Itching Scalp—Restores Gray and Faded Hair to Natural Color and Brilliancy.

CUT OFF FREE COUPON AND MAIL TODAY

Here's good news for the man who vainly tries to plaster a few scanty locks over "that bald spot."

Good news for the woman whose hair is falling, whose locks are too scanty to properly pin up her false hair.

Good news for both men and women who find a handful of hair in their comb every morning. For men and women growing gray before their time.

Good news for all with itching, burning, scalps, with dandruff, with any and all forms of hair and scalp trouble.

The Creslo Laboratories, 467 Eleventh avenue, Binghamton, N. Y., have secured the exclusive American rights for Crystolis, the famous English hair treatment.

Crystolis is a household word in Europe, where it is acclaimed "the most marvellous scientific discovery for promoting hair growth." It has won gold medals at Paris and Brussels.

Better yet it has won the warmest words of praise from those who have been fortunate enough to test its remarkable qualities.

Crystolis has been tried out in America for over a year now. Hundreds of men and women from every state unhesitatingly hail it as a true hair grower.

Here is a statement of just a few of those who have tried—who have been convinced—and who will swear to the virtues of this marvellous preparation:

Mr. Kelly, of Memphis, bald for 30 years, says: "My head is now covered with hair nearly an inch long; friends simply astounded."

Mrs. Evans, of Chicago, writes: "Since using Crystolis can report new hair an inch long coming in thickly all over my head."

Mr. Macklin, of St. Louis, reports: "One treatment made my hair two inches longer."

Mr. Moore, of Boston, declares: "I lost my hair eighteen years ago. Have used less than one treatment. My head is now entirely covered with a thick growth of hair of natural color. No more itching, no more falling hair, no more dandruff."

Mr. Boyd, of Chicago, says: "My bald spot was as shiny as a peeled onion. It is now all covered with thick new hair. The grayness is also disappearing."

Mr. Mourer, of Cleveland, declares: Crystolis is the only thing which actually grows hair."

Mrs. Morris, of Philadelphia, writes after only three weeks' use: "I can see new hair in plenty and it is now a half inch long."

Lewis Nuff says: "New hair began to grow in ten days after beginning the treatment."

Mrs. Jackson, of New York, writes: "My hair stopped falling the first week. No more itching scalp and hair coming in fast."

Mr. Arnott, of Cleveland, reports: "Itching scalp stopped the second day, dandruff gone, no more falling hair."

Mrs. Rose, of Rock Island, writes: "Was almost wild for five years with itching scalp. Two or three applications of Crystolis stopped this. Now I have a fine new growth of hair."

You may be acquainted with some of these people, or your friends may know them. Write us and we can give you the full addresses so that you can prove every statement.

But the best way to prove it without the risk of a penny, just what Crystolis will do in your own individual case, is to cut out the free coupon below and mail it today.

This invitation is open to bald-headed people, wig wearers, to men and women with falling hair, prematurely gray hair, dry hair, brittle hair, stringy hair, greasy hair, matted hair, dandruff, itching scalp or any and all forms of scalp and hair trouble. Don't lay this paper aside until you have mailed the Free Coupon to the Creslo Laboratories, 467 Eleventh avenue Binghamton, N.Y. Write your name and address plainly.

FREE COUPON.

The Creslo Laboratories, 467 Eleventh avenue, Binghamton, N. Y.

I am a reader of The Advertiser. Prove to me without expense that Crystolis stops falling hair, grows new hair, banishes dandruff and itching scalps, and restores gray and faded hair to natural color. Write your name and address plainly and

Pin This Coupon to Your Letter.

Cynthia Greys Correspondence

Crab-Apple Recipe.

Dear Miss Grey: Give recipe for sweet pickled crab-apples. (2) I am 13 and 5 feet 6 inches tall. How long should my dress be?

MOTHERLESS GIRL.

A.—(1) To fourteen pounds crab-apples use one quart of vinegar and 8 pounds granulated sugar. Stew apples slowly with a pint of water for ten minutes, drain, remove apples carefully from kettle, and put back in layers, alternating with sugar. Heat. Stir into the boiling vinegar 3 tablespoons of ground mace. Pour this spiced vinegar over the apples and boil 5 minutes. Remove fruit with perforated ladle, spread on large plates to cool, boil syrup until thick, pack the apples in jars, and fill jars to overflowing with hot vinegar. Seal. (2) As you are rather tall for your years, your skirts should reach to your shoetops.

Dear Miss Grey: (1) What will remove stains from mending tissue from woolen goods? (2) In introducing a man and his wife, who should be the first introduced? EDNA L.

A.—(1) Alcohol. (2) The wife.

Dear Miss Grey: (1) How can I clean a mahogany cabinet? (2) What will restore piano keys which have turned yellow? (3) Give recipe for polish for hard-wood floors. E. M.

A.—(1) Wash with warm water, good soap and soft linen cloth. When clean, polish dry with clean soft cloth or fine chamois. (2) Rub off with alcohol. (3) Equal parts of vinegar, linseed oil, and kerosene.

Dear Miss Grey: What will remove coffee stains from a table-cloth? INTERESTED.

A.—Hold stained portion tightly over a bowl of hot water in which is a half cup of alcohol. Let steam for some time. Then wash as usual.

After-Supper Talks With Cynthia Grey



MEDALS FOR CERTAIN WIVES.

Pretty petted women, the idols of their husbands' hearts and homes, whose lives are one grand, sweet song, and who tread, as it were, on rose leaves, may pass this article by. It has no reference to them. It is for the wives whom fate tossed to and fro in a marital game, much like battledore and shuttlecock.

We all agree that the average wife wants her highest meed of praise in being termed "just a good wife." She gives up the rest of her life to making home a paradise on earth for the heartmate she has wed. This is the hope of her life, but there are wives who never reach this goal of their ambition. In time they awake to a realization that they are wedded to men who would rather spend an evening anywhere than at home.

Married men who roam about unaccompanied soon become fascinated with their freedom. Being seen constantly alone, they lead people to infer that they must be heart whole and fancy free. They do not consider it worth while to undeceive the public at large. Can it be wondered at that such unguarded husbands fall into mischief?

There are noble wives who shield such husbands even after they have become aware of the appalling state of affairs. The pity of it is they hope against hope that their husbands will see the error of their ways and come back to their hearts and arms in contrition. Such wives should receive medals for their sublime yet blind faith in humanity. He must needs believe himself a lucky fllow to have a wife who shuts her eyes to his shortcomings.

There are men whom the carelessness of home requirements grow upon. The more a wife forgives such a husband for neglecting her, the more flagrant become his offences. At last the point in their path is reached where he points and says: "You go that way. Ill take another road."

She finds herself in her old age the victim of her own faithfulness —that most to be pitied of all womankind — a discarded wife. The wife who has lived for years with a neglected husband, and then finds herself alone should receive the highest award of medals bestowed.

Mr. Carnegie has given to men many medals for brave acts, and there have been many hero fund commissions to reward the deserving. Why doesn't some woman philanthropist possessed of millions, knowing that she cannot take it beyond the grave with her, leave it in the shape of a trust fund to be disbursed among the wives who have loved too long and in vain. These are certainly the women entitled to most profound respect and honors.

A New Occupation

New wants and needs brought about by modern life have brought into existence many curious ways of earning a livelihood.

Thus, in the fashionable world there has been an innovation in the shape of the "consulting dressmaker." This specialist advises her clients with regard to the apparel which is most suited to them.

The consulting dressmaker resembles the consulting physician, inasmuch as she has special fees, and these are always paid at the consultation. The initial fee covers a second visit, or even a third if necessary, to see the articles tried on and finished.

The consulting dressmaker goes farther than this, as she will accompany her clients to their dressmakers to choose their gowns. For the same fee she will undertake to do their shopping.

Quite a new occupation is that of "professional chaperon." The necessity for this profession has been brought about by the great demand for chaperons evidenced by solitary lady visitors to good hotels. The profession provides an opening for women of refinement and intelligence who are willing to place themselves at the service of such hotel guests as do not care to go about alone.

A MODERN INSTANCE.

In one of the scintillating batches of mining prospectuses sent out by Julian Hawthorne, that worthy, after describing himself as having been educated as an engineer, admits that he is rather more facile with the pen than with the problems of mining. He naively takes his readers into his confidence as to how he was prevailed upon to exploit with his pen the merits of the mining enterprises he describes. This sort of patter went.

People who were rather sure of themselves considered that anyone who could convey such an impression of utter frankness must be worthy of the highest confidence. Mr. Hawthorne probably laughed in his sleeve as the results began to arrive. No one better than he knew just how the sort of guff he sent out would capture the gulls.

But the question now arises whether Mr. Hawthorne did not really succeed in hypnotizing himself with the sheer facility he employed in describing the possibilities of wealth beyond the dreams of avarice. Some good-natured people are inclined to think so and point to the triumphant fact that he invested his own money in the scheme.

Quite naturally he did. One of the surest methods of persuading prospective stock buyers of one's good faith is to refer to the convincing fact that one's own money is invested likewise. That device is as old as time, but it always works.

If Nathaniel Hawthorne were alive he would probably be willing to admit his gifted son's literary ability, but would probably deprecate the uses to which it is put.—Rutland Herald.

By Air Route

They do things in an up-to-date way at the University of Kansas, in Lawrence, Kan.

Miss Elleen Burkhardt, of Kansas City, decided the other day that she would like to take her co-ed chum, Miss Maria Wetter, to a football game. She did not write a note, she did not telephone nor telegraph. No, indeed.

She told the operator of a wireless station at the university and forthwith the invitation went whizzing through the air and was grabbed by Arthur Keplinger, who has a wireless station in Kansas City, Kas. He got busy with a telephone and Miss Wetter was found at her home on East Thirty-fourth street. She accepted and the acceptance was returned by the air route.

WAYSIDE GLEANINGS

By M. E. G.

Dr. Henry Savage, a prominent physician, strikes a new note when he states that some of the physical culture exercises are of too violent a character for many girls. He protests against over muscular development for women, and includes basketball, a game ever dear to the schoolgirl, on the injurious list. He says: "The ideal of the athlete should be perfect health and mental and physical agility — not mere muscle."

Members of Mothers' Clubs and others interested in the purity of the milk supply will possibly read with interest this extract from a letter received recently from a correspondent in China: "You would laugh at the way our milk comes. The milkman brings his cow to the gate each morning and our cook is sent down to watch every movement while the process of milking goes on, and the milk is emptied into our pan. The calf always comes along with the cow, and sometimes is allowed to interrupt operations. If the calf dies, the dead skin is carried, and the mother is given a sniff every few minutes. This is an actual fact which I, myself, have witnessed. Milk is a luxury in the land, I tell you, for cows are as rare as foreigners."

Miss Louise Brigham, of New York City, has the honor of introducing a new handicraft, and one which bids fair to be a boon to those who are obliged to count their dollars and cents closely. It is the manufacture of furniture from packing boxes. Perhaps a vision arises in your mind of a plain soap box garbed in a befrilled petticoat of cretonne or muslin. But this is not the kind of furniture Miss Brigham produces. Here is the real thing. She has a flat of five rooms in which are tables, chairs, settees, a writing desk, sideboard, etc., all of neat and attractive appearance, and fashioned after the mission style.

Miss Brigham is also doing a good work among the younger element of the east side. She has interested the boys and girls in her packing-box furniture. The boys gather boxes, separate the boards into neetly-assorted piles, and with plane and saw, make them into useful articles of furniture, under Miss Brigham's supervision. The girls weave raffia for chair seats, etc., and assist their brothers generally. There is great rivalry among them, and it is interesting to see the ingenuity shown by many of these forlorn East Side boys and girls.

M'MASTER UNIVERSITY MAY MOVE TO WESTON

Baptist School of Learning to Leave the Queen City.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—McMaster University, whose school of learning has been one of the city's "points of interest" in Bloor street for years, will in all probability move to Weston in the near future.

For some time it has been felt that the quarters in the city were not as spacious as necessary, both in the building itself and the grounds surrounding.

An option on a site has been obtained near Weston. It covers a hundred acres, and is part of a seven hundred acre property owned by Sir Henry Pellatt. There is little doubt but that the deal will be closed within the next few days. It is said that the college will pay Sir Henry $650 an acre for his land.

The university will erect suitable buildings to accommodate all departments, and the grounds will be large enough for the athletic recreation of the school.

When seen this morning, Dr. D. E. Thomson, chairman of the board of governors, said that nothing definite had been done yet. Mr. John Firstbrook, another member, intimated that the Weston site was under consideration.

PREVENT MR. LE SUEUR FROM PRINTING BOOK

Suit Against Him Follows His Action Against Toronto Publishers.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—A writ has been issued at Osgoode Hall by Messrs. Hellmuth, Cattenach & Meredith at the instance of the estate of the late Charles Lindsey against W. D. Le Sueur, of Ottawa, to oblige him to hand back all copies of private documents made by him from the late Mr. Lindsey's papers while a guest in Mr. George Lindsey's house for five months in 1905 for the purpose of writing a life of William Lyon Mackenzie, and to restrain the publication of any of them.

Mr. LeSueur was employed to write a life of William Lyon Mackenzie for publication in the "Makers of Canada" series, but the work was so unsympathetic towards its subject that it was refused by the publishers. Mr. LeSueur then brought suit for the recovery of the manuscript. This suit was decided in his favor, and now as a next step in the litigation he is being stopped from making any other use of the material furnished under his original contract.

EVERYONE CAN HAVE Beautiful Hair

Having a head of nice hair is a blessing within the reach of anyone who will use Newbro's Herpicide before the dandruff germ has denuded the scalp and left a condition of chronic baldness.

Herpicide imparts that snap and lustre to the hair which is so attractive.

Having a subtle fragrance Herpicide appeals directly to persons of refinement. It has been sold for years, and boasts of more satisfied users than all other hair dressings combined.

Newbro's Herpicide is recommended and used by the best barbers and hair dressers.

Send 10c in postage or silver for a sample and booklet to The Herpicide Company, Dept. R., Detroit, Mich.

One dollar size bottles are guaranteed by all druggists.

Anderson & Nelles, 268 Dundas street, and Callard & McLachlan, 390 Richmond street, special agents.

Old Dutch Cleanser Will Be Welcome In Every Home

Because it keeps the house, from cellar to attic, in spick and span condition, and saves the housewife labor, time, trouble and expense. Just you try it!

10¢ Per Can



Washing Dishes Without Drudgery

Place dishes in pan of warm water, sprinkle a little Old Dutch Cleanser on dish-cloth (don't put the cleanser in water) and wash, each piece, put in second pan to drain, rinse in clean water and wipe dry. Easier, quicker and hygienic; no caustic or acids (not a soap powder). Old Dutch Cleanser will remove the hardest "burnt in" crust from pots and pans, without the old time scalding and scraping.

Cleans— Scrubs— Scours— Polishes

Quality

in tea may mean to you flavor or strength or fragrant richness. Red Rose Tea is blended with such nicety that it is the combination of all three points of merit. Will you try a package.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

NEVER SOLD IN BULK

Your Grocer Will Recommend It

Handsome Catalogue Free

Our new Christmas catalogue is now ready—and is yours for the asking.

It contains 124 pages of illustrations reproduced in colors of Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Cut Glass, Leather Goods and Novelties.

A postal card will bring you a copy.

Ryrie Bros., Limited
Canada's Largest Jewelry House
Jas. Ryrie, Pres.
Harry Ryrie, Sec.-Treas.
134-136-138 Yonge St.
TORONTO

Just One Word To Ladies

What is the chief beauty of a lady, the dress or the hair?

The Hair of Course!

No matter how much you spend on dress, it never can beautify you as much as hair can. No hat will fit without hair. If in doubt, just come to us, and we will give free demonstration.

We carry a large stock of Human Hair Goods.

Bring your combings and have them made up into Switches, etc., at very small cost.

PROF. MICHEEL
221 DUNDAS STREET.
East of Clarence.

Tomato Hash.

Butter a dish well; put in a layer of sliced tomatoes, a layer of cold meat sliced, then a layer of bread and butter. Season with salt. Pour beaten eggs over the top. Bake brown.

Over 80 Years' Established Reputation.

Neave's Food

FOR INFANTS

When prepared according to the directions given, forms:



A complete diet for the infant, easily digestible, health giving, strength-giving.

Assists teething consequently promotes the healthful sleep so essential to the well-being of the infant.

Sold in 1 lb. airtight tins by all Druggists in Canada.

Free to Mothers—Write for free tin of Neave's Food and copy of our helpful book "Hints About Baby", to the

Canadian Agent — EDWIN UTLEY, 14 Front Street East, - TORONTO.
Mfgrs. J. R. NEAVE & CO., England.
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The PRODIGAL JUDGE



The Famous Novel by

VAUGHAN KESTER

Copyright, 1911, The Bobbs-Merrill Company

"What you-all want is another drink," he said affably. "With all you been through you need a tonic, so shove along that extract of corn-shucks and molasses!"

"I'm a rip-staver," said Slosson thickly. "But I've knowed enough sorrow to kill a horse."

"You have that look. Captain, will you join us?" asked Yancy. Murrell shook his head, but he made a significant gesture to Slosson as Yancy drained his glass.

"Have a drink with me!" cried Slosson, giving way to drunken laughter.

"Don't you reckon you'll spile yo' appetite fo' breakfast, neighbor?" suggested Yancy.

"Do you mean you won't drink with me?" roared Slosson.

"The captain's dropped out, and I 'low it's about time fo' these here festivities to come to an end. I'm thinking some of going to bed myself," said Yancy. He kept his eyes fixed on Murrell. He realized that if the latter could prevent it he was not to leave the bar. Murrell stood between him and the door; more than this, he stood between him and his rifle, which leaned against the wall in the far corner of the room. Slosson roared out a protest to his words. "That's all right, neighbor," retorted Yancy over his shoulder, "but I'm going to bed." He never shifted his glance from Murrell's face. Scowling now, the captain's eyes blazed back their challenge as he thrust his right hand under his coat. "Fair play—I don't know who you are, but I know what you want!" said Yancy, the light in his frank gray eyes deepening. Murrell laughed and took a forward step. At the same moment Slosson snatched up a heavy club from back of the bar and dealt Yancy a murderous blow. A single startled cry escaped the Scratch Hiller; he struck out wildly as he lurched toward Murrell, who drew his knife and drove it into his shoulder.

Groping wildly, Yancy reached his rifle and faced about. His scalp lay open where Slosson's treacherous blow had fallen, and his face was covered with blood; even as his fingers stiffened they found the hammer, but Murrell, springing forward, kicked the gun out of his hands. Dashing the blood from his eyes, Yancy threw himself on Murrell. Then, as they staggered to and fro, Yancy dully bent on strangling his enemy, Slosson—whom the sight of blood had wonderfully sobered—rushed out from the bar and let loose a perfect torrent of blows with his club. Murrell felt the fingers that gripped him grow weak, and Yancy dropped heavily to the floor.

How long the boy slept he never knew, but he awoke with a start and a confused sense of things. He seemed to have heard a cry for help. But the tavern was very silent now. The distant murmur of voices and the shouts of laughter had ceased. He lifted himself up on his elbow and glanced from the window. The heavens were pale and gray. It was evidently very late, probably long after midnight—but where was his Uncle Bob?

He sank back on his pillow intent and listening. What he had heard, what he still expected to hear, he could not have told, but he was sure he had been roused by a cry of some sort. A chilling terror that gripped him fast and would not let him go mounted to his brain. Once he thought he heard cautious steps beyond his door. He could not be certain, yet he imagined the bull-necked landlord standing with his ear to some crack seeking to determine whether or not he slept. His thin little body grew rigid and a cold sweat started from him. He momentarily expected the latch to be lifted, then in the heavy silence he caught the sound of some stealthy movement beyond the lath and plaster partition, and an instant later an audible footfall. He heard the boards creak and give, as the person who had been standing before his door passed down the hall and to the floor below.

Limp and shivering, he drew his scanty covering tight about him. In the silence that succeeded he once more became aware of the tireless chorus of the frogs, the hooting of the owls and the melancholy and oft-repeated call of the whippoorwill. But where was his Uncle Bob? Why didn't he come to bed? And whose was that cry for help he had heard? Memories of idle tales of men foully dealt with in these lonely taverns, of murderous landlords and mysterious guests who were in league with them, flashed through his mind.

Murrell had followed them for this—and had killed his Uncle Bob, and he would be sent back to Bladen! The law had said that Bladen could have him and that his Uncle Bob must give him up. The law put men in prison—it hanged them sometimes—his Uncle Bob had told him all about it—by the neck with ropes until they were dead! Maybe they wouldn't send him back; maybe they would do with him what they had already done with his Uncle Bob; he wanted the open air, the earth under his feet, and the sky over his head. The four walls stifled him. He was not afraid of the night—he could run and hide in it—there were the woods and fields where he would be safe.

He slid from the bed, and for a long moment stood cold and shaking, his every sense on the alert. With infinite caution he got into his trousers and again paused to listen, since he feared his least movement might betray him. Reassured, he picked up his battered hat from the floor, and inch by inch he crept across the squeaking boards to the window. When the window was reached he paused once more to listen, but the quiet that was everywhere throughout the house gave him confidence. He straddled the low sill, and putting out his hand gripped the stock of his rifle and drew that ancient weapon toward him. Next he secured his pack, and was ready for flight.

Encumbered by his belongings, but with no mind to sacrifice them, he stepped out upon the shed and made his way down the slant of the roof to the eaves. He tossed his bundle to the ground, and, going down on his knees, lowered his rifle, letting the muzzle fall lightly against the side of the shed as if left his hand, then he lay flat on his stomach, and, feet first, wriggled out into space. When he could no longer preserve his balance, he gave himself a shove away from the eaves and dropped clear of the building.

As he recovered he was sure he heard a door open and close, and threw himself prone on the ground, where the black shadow cast by the tavern hid him. At the same moment two dark figures came from about a corner of the building. He could just distinguish that they carried some heavy burden between them, and that they staggered as they moved. He heard Slosson curse drunkenly, and a whispered word from Murrell. The two men slowly crossed the truck patch, and the boy's glance followed them, his eyes starting from his head. Just at the mouth of the lane they paused and put down their burden; a few words spoken in a whisper passed between them, and they began to drag some dark thing down the lane, their backs bent, their heads bowed, and the thing they dragged bumpling over the uneven ground.

They passed out of sight, and breathless and palsied, Hannibal crept about a corner of the tavern. He must be sure! The door of the bar stood open; the lamps were still burning, and the upturned chairs and a broken table told of the struggle that had taken place there. The boy rested his hand on the top step as he stared fearfully into the room. His palm came away with a great crimson splotch. But he was not satisfied yet. He must be sure—sure! He passed around the building as the men had done and crossed the truck patch to the mouth of the lane. Here he slid through the fence into the corn field, and, well sheltered, worked his way down the rows. Presently he heard a distant sound—a splash—surely it was a splash——

A little later the men came up the lane, to disappear in the direction of the tavern. Hannibal peered after them. His very terrors, while they wrenched and tortured him, gave him a desperate kind of courage. As the gloom hid the two men he started forward again; he must know the meaning of that sound—that splash, if it was a splash. He reached the end of the corn field, climbed the fence, and entered a deadening of slashed and mutilated timber. In the long wet grass he found where the men had dragged their burden. He reached down and swept his hand to and fro—once—twice—the third time his little palm came away red and discolored.

There was the first pale premonition of dawn in the sky, and as he hurried on the light grew, and the black trunks of trees detached themselves from the white mist that filled the woods and which the dawn made visible. There was light enough for him to see that he was following the trail left by the men; he could distinguish where the dew had been brushed from the long grass. Advancing still farther, he heard the clear splash of running water; an audible ripple that mounted into a silver cadence. Day was breaking now. The lifeless gray along the eastern horizon had changed to orange. Still following the trail, he emerged upon the bank of the Elk River, white like the woods with its ghostly night sweat.

The dull beat of the child's heart quickened as he gazed out on the swift current that was hurrying on with its dreadful secret. Then the full comprehension of his loss seemed to overwhelm him and he was utterly desolate. Sobs shook him, and he dropped on his knees, holding fast to the stock of his rifle.

(To Be Continued.)

Baked Pears.

Wipe the pears, put into a pan, sprinkle with sugar and bake. Serve with cream.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all humors, catarrh and rheumatism, relieves that tired feeling, restores the appetite, cures paleness, nervousness, builds up the whole system.

Accept no substitute; insist on having Hood's Sarsaparilla. Get it today.

Free Catarrh Cure

If You Continually K'hawk and Spit, If There Is a Constant Dripping From the Nose Into the Throat, If You Have Foul, Sickening Breath, That Is Catarrh and I Can Cure It.

Let Me Send You a Free Trial Package of My Remedy.



She Wouldn't Marry a Gagging Catarrh Spitter Like Him for a Million Dollars.

Catarrh is not only dangerous, but it causes bad breath, ulceration, death and decay of bones, loss of thinking and reasoning power, kills ambition and energy, often causes loss of appetite, indigestion, dyspepsia, raw throat and consumption. It needs attention at once. Cure it with Gauss' Catarrh Cure. It is a quick, radical, permanent cure, because it rids the system of the poisonous germs that cause catarrh.

In order to prove to all who are suffering from this dangerous and loathsome disease that Gauss' Catarrh Cure will actually cure any case of catarrh quickly, no matter how long standing or how bad, I will send a trial package by mail, free of all cost. Send us your name and address today and the treatment will be sent to you by return mail. Try it! It will positively cure so that you will be welcomed instead of shunned by your friends. Fill out coupon below.

FREE

This coupon is good for one trial package of Gauss' Combined Catarrh Cure, mailed free in plain package. Simply fill in your name and address on dotted lines below and mail to

C. E. GAUSS, 1483 Main St., Marshall, Mich.

Name .....

Street or R. F. D. No. .....

City ..... State .....

STEAMER STRANDED.

Tokio, Nov. 1. — Wireless messages from the steamer Minnesota, of the Great Northern Steamship Company, today reported that the vessel had stranded in the Kurusima passage off Shikoku Island, but later floated and proceeded for Kobe.

HOW KING WILL GO TO THE INDIAN DURBAR

Extraordinary Preparations for the King's Entertainment Abroad.

London, Nov. 11.—King George and Queen Mary, with suites, will start on the trip to India today.

A meeting of the privy council was held at Buckingham Palace Friday morning, and a commission appointed, which is empowered to summon and hold councils for the dispatch of state business during the absence of the King.

The members of the commission are: Prince Arthur of Connaught, the Archbishop of Canterbury, Lord Loreburn (Lord High Chancellor), and Viscount Morley, of Blackburn (Lord president of the privy council).

The royal yacht Medina is a converted Peninsula and Oriental line steamer. She has been some months in drydock in preparation for the transportation of the royal party and on her recent trials was pronounced in a most satisfactory condition. The interior of the vessel has been completely altered till she resembles a veritable floating palace.

The royal party will consist of the King and Queen, the Duchess of Devonshire, mistress of the robes; Lady Ampthill, first lady of the bedchamber; the Duke of Teck, aide-de-camp to the King and lieutenant-colonel of the First Life Guards; the Earl of Shaftesbury, lord chamberlain to the Queen; the Earl of Chesterfield, lord chamberlain of his majesty's household; the Earl of Shrewsbury, premier earl of England, and great friends of the King's, and many others of lesser note, who will perform the various court functions and personally guard their majesties.

Wireless on Board.

In order that his majesty will not be out of touch with the affairs of his kingdom while en route, a wireless station of superstrength has been installed on the Medina, and through this agent, King George will receive daily dispatches from the deputies in charge of England's destiny.

The landing of King George and Queen Mary on Indian soil will be an occasion for a great demonstration by the Indian and English officials. The royal party will spend the interim between the debarkation and the commencement of the Coronation exercises in sightseeing and hunting.

In this latter respect, extraordinary preparations have been made for the King's entertainment by the native princes, and should the King display his usual liking for sport, he will have no lack of opportunity to gratify his most bloodthirsty longings.

CARS COLLIDED

Ten Persons Injured in Crash on the Brooklyn Elevated Railway.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, N. Y., Nov. 11.—A fog that delayed the arrival of daylight nearly two hours this morning was responsible for a rear-end collision on the Brooklyn Elevated Railway, in which ten persons were injured. A west-end train crashed into the rear of a Bay Ridge train, which was standing at the Twenty-fifth street station on the Fifth avenue line. Only one of the injured had to be taken to a hospital. The accident delayed the traffic for more than an hour.

There is little danger from a cold or from an attack of the grip except when followed by pneumonia, and this never happens when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used. This remedy has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its remarkable cures of colds and grip and can be relied upon with implicit confidence. For sale by all dealers. 2

TRACK CRIMINALS BY THE CAMERA

Photographic Plate More Valuable Than the Naked Eye.

EFFECTS CUMULATIVE

Interesting Experiments and What They Have Revealed.

London, Nov. 11.—The photographic plate is much more valuable than the human eye, in that it records what it sees. Effects upon it are cumulative; if something is too faint to be seen by the eye we may look at it steadily for hours without result, whereas the longer the sensitive plate is exposed, the stronger becomes the image, until finally it reaches visibility. This property is valuable, from a detective standpoint. Certain color distinctions, also, produce more effect on the plate than on the retina, as we are told by Die Umschau, in a review of a recent publication on the subject by Prof. R. A. Reiss. The following paragraphs are from the translation made for the Scientific American Supplement:

"A handkerchief which has been washed with soap is to be examined as to any possible traces of blood. The linen appears uniformly white without any stains. A chemical examination in such a case would be quite unavailing, as there is no information at all as to where the stains may be located. A photographic copy of the handkerchief taken through a dark blue light-filter shows distinct stains, which are then cut out from the linen and separately tested by a special method, which establishes their true character.

"In another case a search through the living apartment of a person suspected of forging 100-franc notes, disclosed the presence of a number of lithographic stones, the surface of which had been freshly scraped and polished. The ordinary methods for bringing out old drawings upon lithographic stones yielded an entirely negative result. It was only by photographing the slab after special chemical treatment that the pattern of the bank notes was disclosed. Among these was one which had been engraved no less than twenty ears previously.

Another Case in Point.

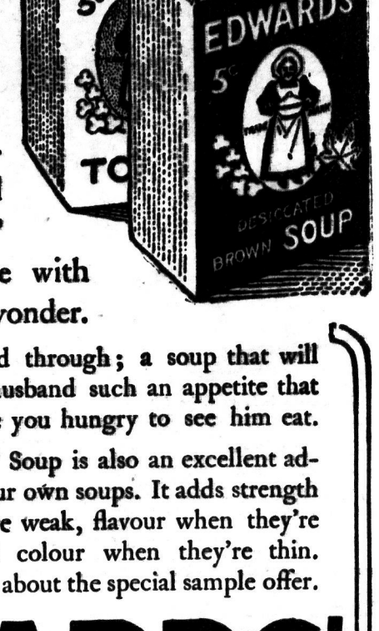
"At one of the public libraries it was discovered that a copper engraving had been abstracted. The thief had, however, omitted to remove the protecting tissue-paper cover. All efforts, aided by the context, to recall the character of the picture, proved fruitless, and the only resource left open was to endeavor to reconstruct by photographic means the vanished picture from any impression which it might have left upon the tissue-paper cover. This task was accomplished with complete success by photographing through a blue filter and reinforcing the contrasts by the successive perforation of positive and negative copies. This resort was rendered possible through the fact that the grease of the printers' ink had been partially absorbed by the tissue-paper, and had, by oxidation, imparted to the same a slight yellow coloration quite invisible to the eye. The engraving was later discovered in the thief's possession.

"The examination of a drowned woman by photography disclosed distinct evidence of strangulation, marks which were absolutely invisible to the naked eye. On the basis of this evidence it was subsequently established that the drowned person had been thrown into the water after a previous struggle.

"Among other instances of the use of photography to detect crime or unravel mysteries may be chiefly mentioned the discovery of the traces from pencil characters upon paper over which the actual writing paper had lain during the act of writing; the detection of postmarks upon postage stamps chemically treated to renovate them; the development into visible form of previously invisible ink impressions; the detection of fraudulent tampering with sealed mail matter; the regeneration of the text of charred documents, etc."

These two 5c. packages, FREE

(Offer closes on December 4)



Mrs. Edwards (who is really a famous trade-mark) has just brought Edwards' desiccated Soup from Ireland. She's "Getting on fine." "Edwards' Soup," she says, "is a favourite with Canadian housewives already." And no wonder.

Here is a real "home-made" soup—made for you. Everything that is a trouble to do is done before you buy. You simply pop the soup into water, boil for half an hour, and it's ready to serve. Such a soup, too.

A soup that you're eager to begin and sorry to finish; a soup that warms you through and through; a soup that will give your husband such an appetite that it will make you hungry to see him eat.

Edwards' Soup is also an excellent addition to your own soups. It adds strength when they're weak, flavour when they're watery and colour when they're thin. Read below about the special sample offer.

5c. per packet.



EDWARDS' DESICCATED SOUP

Made in three varieties, Brown, Tomato, White. The Brown variety is a thick, nourishing soup, prepared from the best beef and fresh vegetables. The other two are purely vegetable soups.

For a few days more Mrs. Edwards is keeping open her FREE introductory offer of two full-sized 5c. packages of Edwards' Soup—one each of the Brown and Tomato varieties. Each package will make a pint of thick, nourishing soup, sufficient for two people. Sign and send the coupon, together with 5 cents in stamps to cover postage and packing, and we will forward the sample packages by the earliest post.

Offer closes on

Send this Coupon NOW

To W. G. Patrick & Co., Toronto. Representatives for the Province of Ontario.

Please send me two full-sized 5c. packages of Edwards' desiccated Soup, one each of the Brown and Tomato varieties. I enclose 5c. to cover cost of postage and packing.

L. A.

Name .....

Address .....

S.H.B.

A Mother's Cares Destructive to Health

ANAEMIA, BAD BLOOD, HEADACHES, AND LASSITUDE VERY COMMON.

Mrs. Wilkinson's Letter Gives Advice That Every Mother Can Well Follow.



From her home in Newton, where she resides with her large family, Mrs. Wilkinson writes: "For years I was pale, anaemic and lacking in vitality. I was a constant sufferer from indigestion, and the distress and pain it caused me, coupled with ever-increasing anaemia, made me weaker day by day. Constant headaches, specks before the eyes and attacks of dizziness made me feel as if life were not worth living. My constitution was completely undermined and the constant pallor and dullness in my eyes showed what a sick woman I was. I began to take Dr. Hamilton's Pills, and the improvement, although slow, was sure.

"I gradually got back my strength and my appetite grew much stronger, and I enjoyed my meals thoroughly. I felt happier and more contented, and the sickly pallor of my face was replaced by a bright, rosy color, which proved that a strong medicine was at work. In a few months Dr. Hamilton's Pills brought me from a condition of deathly pallor to robust health."

You can obtain the same results by using Dr. Hamilton's Pills—beware of the substitutor that offers you anything except Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c per box, or five boxes for $1, at all dealers or the Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

RICHESON MAY APPEAL TO STATE

May Not Saddle His Prospective Father-in-Law With Expenses of His Defense.

Boston, Nov. 11. — Clarence T. Richeson will be arraigned in the superior criminal court Monday morning at 9:30 to plead to an indictment charging him with the murder of Avis Linnell, according to a statement made today by Assistant District Attorney Laveille. Former Senator William A. Morse, of the Massachusetts bar, has been retained as one of the counsel for the defence.

It is said Richeson will ask the state to appoint counsel to save his prospective father-in-law, Moses G. Edmands, the expense of the trial. Superior court judges invariably appoint in capital cases counsel the defendant designates. If Richeson decides to take such action he can request the court to appoint Mr. Morse. The evidence-hunters of both the defence and the Government are still hard at work.

FELL TO DEATH

Balloonist Was Up 3,000 Feet When Bar of Parachute Broke.

[Canadian Press.]

Perkins, Okla., Nov. 11. — Samuel Heller, 34 years old, was killed here last night while making a balloon ascension. When his balloon was 3,000 feet up Heller cut loose the parachute. The sudden jerk broke the brass bar to which he was holding. Heller clung to the broken bar until he was 100 feet from the ground. He then lost his grip and fell.

EXPECT TROUBLE

Labor Officials Looking for Battle With Socialists at Convention.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, D. C., Nov. 1. — President Samuel Gompers, Vice-President John Mitchell and Secretary Frank Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, left last night for Atlanta to attend the thirty-first annual convention of the federation. It is said that the officers expect a battle with the Socialist element in the organization. However, before leaving Washington, all three expressed entire confidence of re-election.

FELIX ZIEM DEAD.

Paris, Nov. 11.—Felix Ziem, the painter, died here last night. He was 96 years old. Ziem was a painter of Venetian scenes, the most notable collection of which is in the Petit Palais in Paris. He was born at Beaume in 1821, and was one of the last of the romantic school of painters.

STRAINED RELATIONS IN HONDURAS

Offices of the British Consul Forcibly Entered.

Tegucigalpa, Nov. 11.—Cordial diplomatic relations between the Government of Honduras and the British consul here are strained. The Government claims it had a confession of a prisoner in the penitentiary that arms and ammunition were hidden under the floor of the British consul's home, which was owned and occupied by General Gullerrez during the layte revolution. The Government desired to search the house, but the consul refused to permit this until he could communicate with his Government. The Government, regardless of the protests of the consul and upon the order of a local judge, however, forcibly entered the consulate and found eight rifles and a small quantity of ammunition.

DIED UNEXPECTEDLY.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ailsa Craig, Nov. 10.—David Gilbert is dead at his home here after an illness extending over some months He is survived by three daughters and one son, Mrs. A. J. Clark, Ailsa Craig; Miss Jennie, of Cleveland, and Miss Bertha, at home, and William G., of Duncrieff. Although Mr. Gilbert had not been well his death was very unexpected.

Goodbye, All You Pimples!

Stuart's Calcium Wafers Will Drive Them Away—Creams Will Never Do It; They Can't.

Trial Package Sent Free to Prove It.

No need for anyone to have a complexion disfigured by pimples, blotches, liver spots or blackheads. Just clear the blood of impurities and they'll go away.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers cleanse and clear the blood, driving out all poisons and impurities. And you'll never have a good complexion until the blood is clean.

These little wafers may be used with perfect freedom. Science knows no more powerful blood cleanser. They are entirely free from harmful drugs or opiates. Your doctor prescribes these hundreds of times a year.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers go right into your blood. Their purifying, beneficial effect upon the blood is felt throughout the body, not in a year or a month, but in a few days. You feel better all over, because your blood, the life-giving fluid, is doing its work properly.

No matter how bad your complexion is, Stuart's Calcium Wafers will work wonders with it. You can get these little wonder-workers at your druggist's for 50 cents a package. If you would like to try them first, send us your name and address, and a trial package will be sent you without cost. Address F. A. Stuart Company, 175 Stuart building, Marshall, Mich.



FREE

Handsome Doll and Lovely Doll Carriage Complete with Beautiful Parasol

We will give you *absolutely free* this handsome imported Doll and Lovely Doll Carriage, complete with pretty parasol to protect dolly from the sun and weather. Our large handsome dolls are fully jointed, can sit down, turn their heads, move their arms and legs, close their eyes and go to sleep just like a real baby. They are the best kind of dolls, and are *nearly 16 inches tall*, with beautiful curly hair, pearly teeth, and stylishly dressed with fancy dress, underwear, shoes, stockings, etc., complete from hat to shoes.

The Lovely Doll Carriage we Give You with the Doll has the newest style brown reed body, strong steel wheels and axles, enamelled a pretty blue, best handle, and to complete it, we give you a handsome parasol with lovely red. It is just the carriage you want, gaily, and nice enough for the finest doll in the land.

Girls.—We will give you absolutely free, all three presents, the handsome doll, magnificent carriage and parasol all complete for selling only thirty (30) dozen dollars worth of the famous Imperial Needle Cases at only 10c. They contain practically 25c. worth of high-grade needles, and at our wholesale price of only 10c each, they sell like hot cakes. Every ladies will buy half-a-dozen. Return our money, only $3.00, after you sell the goods, and we will promptly send all three presents, handsome dolly, doll carriage and parasol with red all complete, securely packed. We arrange to stand payment of all charges on your presents right to your door. Write to-day. Address

National Sales Co., Ltd., Dept. 5 Toronto, Ontario

This little girl has one of our handsome Dolls with the Carriage and Parasol

N11,18,25

D. CAMPBELL & SONS INSURANCE

ESTABLISHED 1886.

Effect the following classes of Insurance on the most up-to-date plans: FIRE, ACCIDENT, EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY, PLATE GLASS, AUTOMOBILE, BOILERS, SPRINKLER LEAKAGE, RENTS, MARINE, GUARANTEE BONDS, LIVE STOCK.

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OFFICES—BANK OF TORONTO CHAMBERS.



IN THE HEART OF NEW YORK CITY

Where Centers Commercial Acivity and the Attractions that Draw Visitors From Every Quarter of the Globe

IS ONLY A FEW STEPS FROM

THE HOLLAND HOUSE



WHERE CENTERS HOTEL LIFE

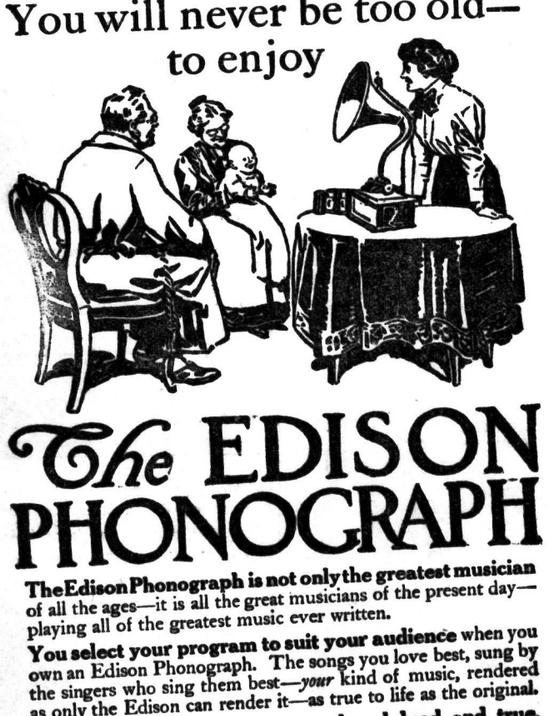
FOR THE BUSINESS MAN, club-like in its hospitality.

FOR THE TOURIST or sight-seeker, luxury, comfort and entertainment, after the day's outing.

FOR THE FAMILY, home-like environments with seclusion or the opportunity of experiencing the fascination of public gatherings.

THE HOLLAND HOUSE, 5th Avenue and 30th Street

You were never too young— You will never be too old— to enjoy



The EDISON PHONOGRAPH

The Edison Phonograph is not only the greatest musician of all the ages—it is all the great musicians of the present day—playing all of the greatest music ever written.

You select your program to suit your audience when you own an Edison Phonograph. The songs you love best, sung by the singers who sing them best—*your* kind of music, rendered as only the Edison can render it—as true to life as the original.

The Edison tone is pure, smooth, subdued and true, because of the rounded, button-shaped sapphire reproducing point, which gives exactly the right volume of sound for the home. And the sapphire point is permanent—lasts forever. No changing needles, no scratching or wearing of records.

There are Edison dealers everywhere. Go to the nearest and hear the Edison Phonograph play both Edison Standard and Edison Amberol Records. Get complete catalogs from your dealer or from us. Edison Phonographs, $16.00 to $240.00. Edison Standard Records, 40c. Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long), 65c. Edison Grand Opera Records, 85c. to $2.50.

Thomas A. Edison INCORPORATED 100 Lakeside Avenue Orange, N. J. U. S. A.

A complete line of Edison Phonographs and Records will be found at

W. McPHILLIPS, 189 DUNDAS STREET.

WILLIAMS PIANO CO., LIMITED, 194 DUNDAS STREET.

All the Latest News and Gossip of the World of Sport

NEEDHAM WILL MANAGE GUELPH

Former Montreal Player Will Have Charge of the Canadian Team.

HOW ABOUT AVERAGES?

Clubs of Circuit Are Waiting for Bobby Robinson's Figures.

Guelph, Ont., Nov. 10.—Since the baseball season closed many inquiries have been made as to whether or not there is to be a ball team here next season, and if so, who is to be the manager. W. A. Mahoney, who holds the franchise for Guelph in the Canadian League, has not been idle, and has had a number of names under consideration of prominent baseball players who sought to manage the Maple Leafs, of Guelph, for the season of 1912. Terms have finally been arranged with George Needham, of Buffalo, for a number of years shortstop of the Montreal Eastern League team. He assumes charge of the affairs of the club, so far as the players are concerned, and will start in at once to strengthen the team for 1912. He has already the nucleus of a fairly good team, but will strengthen up the pitching department.

How About Records?

The batting and fielding averages for the past season have not been issued yet, and these are most anxiously awaited, not only by the clubs of the league, but also by the players themselves.

The question of grounds for the season of 1912 is an important one, and it is just possible that an effort may be made to secure the old Maple Leaf grounds, erect new stands and build a fence around it. In all probability a meeting will be held in the near future, with a view to forming a strong stock company, and put the club on a strong financial basis.

STRATFORD TO HAVE THREE TEAMS IN O. H. A.

Annual Meeting of Club Held at the Classic City Last Night.

Stratford, Nov. 10.—The annual meeting of the Stratford Hockey Club was held this evening. There was a large attendance and much enthusiasm was displayed. Officers were eletced as follows: Honorary president, J. C. Makins; honorary vice-president, Wally Hern; president, R. McNicol; vice-president, Dr. Edgett; secretary, W. H. Woods; treasurer, D. Bradshaw; executive committee, H. M. Patterson, F. G. Gifford, M. Hubber and D. McNaughton.

The president was elected representative to the O. H. A. annual meeting, and Charles Farquharson was nominated for first vice-president of the O. H. A. The matter of teams was left to the executive, but in all probability two teams will be entered, and perhaps three, if suitable groups are arranged.

POSITIONS UNCHANGED IN SIX-DAY BIKE RACE

Five Teams Are Tied With 898.3 miles and Three Others a Lap Behind.

[Canadian Press.]

Buffalo, Nov. 11.—Eight hours of keen racing failed to alter the line-up of the eight teams in the six-day bicycle race here last night. Five teams are tied with 898.3 miles to their credit and the other three teams a lap behind.

BAT NELSON WINS FROM 'DUB" FIGHTER AT BUFFALO

Tommy Moore, of Chicago, Swaps Punches With Former Champion.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Buffalo, Nov. 11.—Battling Nelson, the former champion, stopped Tommy Moore, of Chicago, in nine rounds here last night, although he was not given credit for a clean-cut victory.

Outweighed, and the inferior in reach and hitting power, Moore did not hesitate to swap punches at every opportunity and for nine rounds Nelson sent in the best he had.

In the sixth and again in the seventh rounds, Moore complained that the Battler was hitting low, and in the eighth the referee cautioned Nelson. When Moore collapsed just before the opening of the tenth round, h said: "It was that foul blow." The club physician later said Moore had been hit in the groin.

STANDING IN McCLARYS CARPETBALL LEAGUE

Saskalta Leads With Two Victories and No Defeats.

The McClary's Welfare Committee have organized a Carpetball League for the purpose of promoting social life and good feeling towards the men.

The Standing.

Name of Team.	Games Played.	Lost.	Won.	Points.
Saskalta	2	0	2	4
Sunshine	2	1	1	2
Famous	2	1	1	2
Raven	1	0	1	2
Pandora	2	1	1	2
Maryboro	1	0	1	2
Bell Oak	2	1	1	2
Caloric	1	1	0	0
Fairy Queen	1	1	0	0
Kootenay	2	2	0	0

Two points allowed for win.

"I do not believe there is any other medicine so good for whooping cough as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Francis Turpin, Junction City, Ore. This remedy is also unsurpassed for colds and croup. For sale by all dealers. 3

OTTAWA COLLEGE READY FOR VARSITY

Intercollegiate Championship To Be Settled at Toronto Today.

GILMORE THE REFEREE

Vice-President of Organization Appoints Himself to Handle Big Game.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—Father Stanton and his warriors from Ottawa College arrived in the city last night for their game with Varsity this afternoon. Father Stanton declared that his team were fit and ready for a hard game today, and if they lost there would be no excuses. He also remarked that the stories sent out from Ottawa about what he intended doing in regard to Varsity's interference and several other things were entirely untrue, but naturally these statements were never taken seriously up around Varsity or by anyone who ever had the pleasure of meeting him.

Dan Gilmore, the vice-president of the Inter-Collegiate, and one of the greatest players ever turned out by McGill or any college, has appointed himself referee for today's contest at the Stadium, with Savage, a McGill student, as umpire. Gilmore understands the rules thoroughly, and there is no question but that he will do good work.

Will College Return?

Ottawa College, by the way, were the last team to win an Inter-Collegiate championship before Varsity started their run of victories, and the answer will be furnished this afternoon—Will College break the string of victories?

The match will be called at 2:30, while the following players will likely start the game:

Ottawa.		Varsity.	
	Backs.		
	Wt.	Age.		Wt.	Age.
Cornellier	138	17	McDonald	168	20
	Halves.				
Quilty	165	20	Maynard	160	21
Heffernan	160	18	Greene	165	21
Sheeny	165	18	Ramsay	160	20
	Quarters.				
Killian	140	17	Campbell	140	19
	Scrimmage.				
Cyra	192	23	Curtis	186	20
Lacey	165	20	Belt	158	24
Kennedy	150	20	Knight	176	20
	Insides.				
O'Leary	165	22	Clarke	185	21
Sullivan	170	21	Sifton	170	21
	Middles.				
Pfohl	160	18	Taylor	195	26
Harrington	140	18	Thompson	165	23
	Outsides.				
Nagle	140	17	Sinclair	165	20
Gilligan	165	20	Hassard	159	20

TICKET SCANDAL WILL BE PROBED

Postal Authorities Endeavoring to Establish That Mails Were Misused.

New York, Nov. 11.—It is learned here that the United States postal authorities are making a vigorous investigation into the sale of tickets to the world's series of baseball games in New York last month, with a view of seeking indictments in case it should be established that there was any fraudulent use of the mails.

The investigation by the postoffice department is based on a number of complaints from persons who allege that they paid for seats which they never received. Chief of Postal Inspectors Dickenson declared that he intended to push the investigation to the end if he could obtain the proper evidence.

JERSEY CITY FANS SAY RYAN SPIKED DOYLE

Declare That Tonneman Was Not Within Fifty Feet of Umpire at the Time.

Jersey City, N. J., Nov. 10.—The reopening of the Tonneman case will, in all probability, settle the question of whether President Lillis was justified in discharging Ryan as manager of the Jerseys and giving him his unconditional release.

Two of the leading lawyers of Jersey City witnessed the spiking of Umpire Doyle, and they declare Tonneman was not within fifty feet of Doyle at the time of the spiking. Manager Ryan was in the thick of the wrangling crowd of players and umpires at the plate.

Although Ryan strenuously denies the charge that he, and not Tonneman, spiked the umpire, it is said on excelent authority that at least half a dozen spectators and some of the players will be requested to appear before the board of directors of the Eastern League and repeat the statement that they saw Ryan do the spiking.

MAJOR LEAGUES CLOSE TOGETHER

Seasons Will End Oct. 5 and 6—Also Decide to Start World's Series Oct. 7.

Chicago, Nov. 10.—Definite action already has been taken looking forward to an early start and early closing of the world's series battles next fall. President Johnson of the American League brought back this information today upon his return from the National Commission meeting.

One thing the commission settled was the date for the opening battle of the big titular games next season. Oct. 7 will be inaugural day, wherever the championship battles are waged. In naming this date the league heads agreed to frame the 1912 schedules accordingly.

With the early start of the big series assured by the action of the National Commission, it means that the league seasons will come to a close on Oct. 5 and 6.

GOOD BOWLING ON LONDON ALLEYS

Arthurs, Sheere and Primeau Put Up Big Scores.

Some good scores were rolled last night at the London Bowling and Athletic Club alleys, including the following:

				Total.
W. Primeau	188	207	214	609
W. Arthurs	212	199	206	617
A Sheere	210	201	203	614

SIR MAX AITKEN ILL.

London, Nov. 10.—Sir Max Aitken has been obliged to cancel all his immediate parliamentary engagements and go to the country for a complete rest on account of ill-health.

WET BATTLEFIELD FOR ARGOS-OTTAWA

Soaked Field and High Wind for Big Struggle at Capital.

SCULLERS CONFIDENT

Bancroft Will Not Play—Coach Foulds Will Be in Readiness—Possible Lineup.

Ottawa, Nov. 10.—Although it rained hard here all day and left the gridiron at Lansdowne Park soaking wet, indications point to fair and cooler weather for tomorrow with strong winds. Beyond a telegram from Wally Hagar announcing the appointment of "Babe" Reynolds as referee, Ottawa has received no word about officials.

Edwin Elliott, the big middle wing of the Ottawas, who though only 22 years of age, plays his thirtieth senior game tomorrow, calls Varsity to win from Ottawa College in the Intercollegiate final. He says that Varsity are invincible on their own field. "I played on Lawson five or six times in the Intercollegiate," declared the former Queen's star, "and he could not fool me there unless he had Jack Newton or Hugh Gall to interefere for him." Betting tonight is ten to eight on Ottawa.

Argos Are Confident.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—The Argonaut team left for Ottawa at 10 o'clock last night. Captain Ross Binkley is quite confident of a victory.

Bancroft will not play unless someone is injured, as he has not been well lately, and has not shown his best form in practice this week. "Rajah" Wigle's side is much better, and he will take his place at left inside while either Murphy or Gale will play the other inside wing position. Ottawa is sure to put up a hard game, as a victory for the Oarsmen puts them out of the running. The Scullers were only beaten by a narrow margin at Ottawa last year by a team superior to the present aggregation, and the prospects of bringing home their first Interprovincial championship are very bright.

The Teams.

The lineup will not be definitely known until just before the game, but the team to start the game will probably be as follows: Flying wing, Smith; halves, Lawson, Binkley, Mallett; quarter, O'Connor; scrimmage, Kent, Russell, Sinclair; insides, Gale, Wigle; middles, Arnoldi, Murphy; outsides, Murray, Moore. Bill Brown and "Gander" Addison accompanied the team as substitute scrimmagers or wing men while Ken Williams and Lockhart will be on hand if their services are required. Coach Foulds will don his uniform and will be in readiness to get into the game should O'Connor be injured.

GUELPH NAMES DATE FOR BIG BONSPEIL

Joint Affair Will Be Held Commencing on Jan. 9.

Guelph, Nov. 10.—At a joint meeting of the executive committees of the Union Curling Club and the Royal City Curling Club, it was definitely decided to hold a bonspiel in Guelph this winter, commencing on Tuesday, Jan. 9, 1912. There will be two separate matches. In the first match the handsome Sleeman trophy will be at stake, and in the second match the big Guelph tankard. Suitable prizes will also be presented to the winners and runners-up of both events. The committee in charge of the bonspiel is picked from both clubs, and is as follows: C. R. Crow, F. Smith, H. Johns, of the Royal City C. C., and J. A. Lillie, R. E. McPherson, J. A. Steele, of the Union Club.

HERE'S ANOTHER STORY OF SALE OF NEWARK CLUB

This Time It is Reported Again Authentically That New York Man Has It.

[Canadian Press.]

Newark, N. J., Nov. 11.—Notwithstanding denials of reports of a sale of part interest in the Newark Baseball Club to John Soloman, a New York manufacturer, it is learned here today that $5,000 was posted with a local bank yesterday to bind the negotiations and Dec. 12 was fixed as the date for drawing up the final papers. Joseph McGinnity, partner with H. Clay Smith, of Chicago, in the present ownership of the club, exhibited copies of an agreement to the effect that Soloman would take over a third of the ownership, and would become vice-president, secretary and treasurer of the club, while McGinnity would be president and manager.

STAHL ACCEPTS M'ALEER'S OFFER

Chicago, Nov. 10.—J. G. Stahl, when seen at his work in a local bank today, verified the report that he was going to manage the Boston Americans.

"Yes, I've decided to accept the offer made by President James R. McAleer," he said. "I'll be mighty glad to get back into the game again, and especially to be back in Boston. The surroundings will be congenial with McAleer and Robert McRoy at the head of the club."

Stahl would not say what sum was named in his contract, but it is understood it was substantial.

JOE WEST STILL WINS.

Joe West and Bob Stewart hooked up with Labelle and Lamoreux, of Montreal, the other night in a match game, the former winning four out of seven. West averaged 219, Stewart 177, Labelle 194 and Lamoureux 190. West's games were 228, 176, 236, 207, 238, 191 and 253.

ONE-ROUND HOGAN TO MEET KNOCKOUT BROWN IN GOTHAM

New York, Nov. 10.—One-Round Hogan, of California, and Knockout Brown, of New York, were matched tonight for a ten-round bout at the Madison A. C., Nov. 17. The men will weigh in at 135 pounds at 6 p.m.

COMMISSION KEEPS PICTURE PRIVILEGE

Protest of Players Against Sale of Rights Goes for Nothing.

FINDING MADE PUBLIC

Money Credited to General Fund of Commission—Used to Pay Operating Expenses.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 10.—The National Baseball Commission, in a finding made public today, says that neither the New York National League players nor the members of the Philadelphia American League club are entitled to a share of the money obtained from a moving picture company for the privileges of taking moving pictures during the last world's championship series. The commission declares that the $8,500 paid by the picture concern for the concession has been credited to the general fund of the commission, and will be applied to the payment of operating expenses.

The Question.

The matter was brought to the attention of the commission by President T. J. Lynch, of the National League, who during the playing of the world's series was handed a written communication by members of the New York club, in which they asked about the picture privileges. The players said they were dissatisfied with the treatment received at the hands of the commission in regard to the pictures, and they inquired why the privileges should be sold without their consent.

In its finding today the commission answers the questions of the New York players in detail, and in conclusion says that the letting of the contract did not concern the members of either club, and that they did not have any financial interest in the matter.

PACKEY M'FARLAND AND TOMMY MURPHY

The Pair Will Clash at San Francisco On Thanksgiving Day.

THEN A BIG AFTERMATH

Winner Will Go Up Against Victor of Wolgast-Welsh Contest of Same Day.

[Canadian Press.]

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 11.—Packey McFarland has accepted the offer of Jas. Coffroth for a fight with Tommy Murphy in San Francisco. They will meet on Thanksgiving Day, probably in the afternoon. The articles provide the men shall weigh 135 pounds four hours before the fight.

Information also was received from San Francisco that Coffroth would attempt to match the winner of the McFarland-Murphy contest with the winner of the Wolgast-Welsh match, which is scheduled to take place at Los Angeles on Thanksgiving Day.

PITCHER COOMBS IS OPERATED UPON

Athletic Twirler Fixed Up Before the North American Clinical Association.

[Canadian Press.]

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 1. — Pitcher John Coombs, who was injured during the world's championship baseball series between the Philadelphia Americans and the New York Nationals, was among those operated upon by Dr. John B. Deaver at a clinic attended yesterday by members of the North American Clinical Association in session here. The operation for hernia, received in the fifth game of the series with New York, was entirely successful, and Prof. Deaver believed that Coombs will be in shape to pitch his usual game next season.

Several London physicians are in attendance at the North American Clinical Association.

AN OPINION FROM KINGSTON.

Kingston, Nov. 10.—The Whig says: Cornellier, the much-talked-of kicker of the Ottawa College team, did not do so much against Queens' slow back division here two weeks ago, even with a strong wind in his favor in two quarters. If Varsity's halves are alert the youthful kicker should not do much damage. It was lack of speed and poor catching that beat Queen's. If Varsity has both of those gridiron requirements it should win tomorrow.

MIDLAND CLUB ORGANIZED.

Midland, Nov. 10. — An enthusiastic meeting was held here to organize the Midland Hockey Club for the coming winter. The following officers were elected: Honorary president, Jas. Playfair; patrons, D. L. White, Wm. Finlayson, J. J. Drummond, W. H. Bennett, H. J. Craig, Mayor Horrell, Manley Chew, D. S. Pratt, F. P. Potvin, W. E. Preston, F. W. Grant, D. L. McKeand, Geo. E. Drummond, W. A. Bishop, Capt. Wm. Featherstonhaugh; president, John Hanley, sen.; vice-president, R. F. White; secretary-treasurer, A. C. McNabb; manager, W. H. Duncan; nominated to stand for the executive of the O. H. A., Albert E. Copeland; committee, Thomas Morgan, D. A. Fowlie, D. Broderick, G. F. Butt, F. W. Morris, A. H. Fowlie; delegate to O. H. A. convention at Toronto on Nov. 18, W. H. Duncan.

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This Skate has the "double standard," enabling Hockey Players to get better work from the ball of foot, than any other Skate in existence. All Hockey Players know the value of this important feature.

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URGES COUNCIL TO BUY STONE CRUSHER

Dr. H. A. Stevenson Says the Electricity to Run It Would Cost Practically Nothing.

Dr. H. A. Stevenson is urging the council to purchase a stone crusher, to be operated by hydro-electric power, and it is possible that the council will follow up the suggestion.

"There is a great deal of stone near here," said Dr. Stevenson. "Beyond question there is enough to last the city for many years. My idea is that it would pay the city to purchase a stone crusher. It could be operated by electricity, and used only when the peak load was off. The energy would cost practically nothing, and we would obtain an abundance of broken stone for our streets. We need something like that very badly, and a stone crusher would pay London big dividends. I think the council will take the matter up shortly, and come to some decision."

WORKS IN THE CAMPS

Missionary McCormick Tells of Work in Northwest.

Mr. J. Miller McCormick, one of the delegates to the Men's Missionary Convention here delivered an intensely interesting address before the St. Paul's A. Y. P. A. in Cronyn Hall last evening, on his work among the men in the railway construction camps of the Northwest.

Mr. McCormick left a business career in England some years ago to engage in missionary work, and was sent out to Canada by the Navy Mission Society. He commenced work on the railways extending west from Port Arthur, and afterwards went to the G. T. P. Railway construction camps in the Rocky Mountains. Mr. McCormick was the pioneer in Canada of this work, and now the Church of England in Canada has assisting him fourteen other men.

In addition to preaching to the navvies, the missionaries establish libraries and meeting-places for the men, where they can enjoy social recreations. Everywhere the missionaries are welcomed by the foremen of the construction camps and everywhere they are encouraged by the railway companies.

Mr. McKinley Millman presided at the meeting, which was largely attended

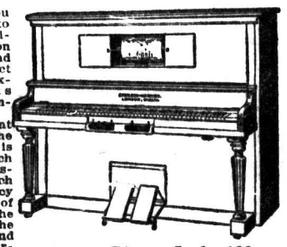
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People living in London and immediate vicinity can examine our instruments right in the factory and have our special selling plans explained, or if possible to call personally, our city salesman will gladly call at any address upon request. Our automobile will call for you at your own home and take you back, after seeing our factory and instruments. The round trip can be made in an hour.

Sherlock-Manning Piano and Organ Co.

No street address necessary. LONDON, CANADA.

News from Western Ontario

AYLMER CURLERS ELECT OFFICERS

Enthusiastic Meeting Held to Organize Club for Coming Season.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Aylmer, Nov. 10.—The Aylmer Curling Club met last night in the Stanley Club rooms, and organized for the coming season.

The following is a list of the officers elected:

Patron—D. Marshall, M. P.
Hon. President—W. W. Rutherford.
President—E. W. R. Hill.
Vice-President—Newman Booker.
Secretary-Treasurer—Mr. Douglas.
Membership Committee — Joseph L. Davis, I. N. Newell, Geo. Seers and A. Ball.
Chaplain—Rev. G. H. Welch.

The East Elgin Sunday School convention was held here yesterday in Knox Church, and was largely attended.

There was a good attendance at the harvest home supper given in Trinity Church last night.

Miss Stella Schooley, who has spent the past few months in St. Thomas, has returned to Aylmer.

E. A. Miller, of Aylmer; Albert Miller, of Yarmouth, and Dr. A. H. Miller, of St. Thomas, are at the Niagara River today attending the funeral of the late Edmund Miller, who passed away on Wednesday. The deceased was in his 82nd year, and resided upon the farm during his lifetime. He was descended from the U. E. Loyalist stock, his father leaving the States in the year 1783, and obtained a grant from the crown of the farm upon which his son died.

AN INDEPENDENT FOR WEST KENT

Mr. Edwin Hea Announces Himself as Candidate.

Chatham, Nov. 10.—Edwin Hea, a prominent farmer of Raleigh Township, today announced himself as an Independent candidate in West Kent in opposition to G. W. Sulman, the present Conservative member. Mr. Hea was an active supporter of Mr. Sulman in the 1908 election. The Liberal convention will be held on Saturday afternoon.

Port Rowan, Nov. 10.—At a convention of the South Norfolk Liberal Association held here on Thursday of last week the nomination for the Ontario Legislature was tendered to Mr. C. S. Killmaster, of Port Rowan, who took a week to consider it. Today the executive met to receive Mr. Killmaster's answer; it was in the affirmative and he will oppose Mr. A. C. Pratt, the sitting member. Mr. Killmaster is an ex-warden of Norfolk. He was for seventeen years reeve of Port Rowan, and it is conceded by even his political opponents that he is the strongest candidate the Liberals could select. His supporters look forward to his winning back to the Liberal ranks the riding so long represented by Hon. W. A. Carlton.

HENSALL FUNERAL.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Hensall, Nov. 11.—The funeral of Andrew Bell was held from his residence at Kippen to Hensall Union Cemetery this afternoon and was largely attended. Mr. Bell was one of the pioneer residents of this district.

A BIG INDUSTRY.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Wallaceburg, Nov. 11.—A big new window glass factory employing 200 hands will locate here. The plant to be equipped will cost $125,000.

WALKERTON WASHOUT DID GREAT DAMAGE

Engine Was Driven Into River and Big Bank Torn Away.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Walkerton, Nov. 10.—A serious washout occurred yesterday at the site of the new power dam being built on the river above the town. The high water caused by the recent rain washed out the river bank a distance of about 50 to 100 feet wide, near the coffer dam. The main body of the water of the river following the opening, and drove the engine that was being used into the river. Damage to the extent of about $1,500 was done, and it is doubtful if the high water will allow of the dam being finished this fall.

A free fight occurred on the street today between Chief Ferguson and sonon one side and two employees at the new dam on the other. The men had been drinking and were on their way to camp when the chief attempted to arrest one of the pair, but cuold make no headway, and sent for assistance of his son, who is somewhat of a pugilist himself. After the chief clubbed the pair into almost insensibility they were taken to the lockup, but were at once put under a care of a doctor.

The Y. M. C. A. held their opening meeting with great success. More than 100 young men attended. A lunch was served for the company by the executive. Addresses were given by Dr. Holliday, the president and by County Secretary Stewart, besides the chairman of each committee. Millard Stanffer, a local entertainer, favored the boys with some of his personal compositions.

Rev. Father English, of Hamilton, is visiting friends in town.

Wm. Trim, a citizen, of the town for over thirty years, has moved to Tottenham.

BRAKEMAN KILLED

Thomas Pearce, of St. Thomas, Met Death on C. P. R. at Moosejaw.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

St. Thomas, Nov. 11.—A telegram from Moosejaw states that C. P. R. Brakeman Thomas Pearce was killed there yesterday. Mr. Pearce was employed as brakeman on the M. C. R. here before going west. He was 30 years old and a son of the late M. C. R. yardmaster, George Pearce. His mother and brothers reside here.

DIED IN THE WEST

Smith J. Hill, Formerly of West Oxford, Was Seriously Injured Recently.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ingersoll, Nov. 10. — Word was received today of the death at Riverside, Cal., of Smith J. Hill, eldest son of Sylvester Hill, of West Oxford. About three months ago he was very seriously injured. Mr. Hill was 42 years of age and leaves a wife and six children.

NEWBURY.

Newbury, Nov. 10.—Miss Errol Herring left on Wednesday for Montreal, where she has secured a good position as stenographer.

Miss L. B. Gage, who recently graduated from the Wesleyan Hospital, in Chicago, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Fenby.

Rev. Malcolm Lindsay and John Armstrong were in London on Wednesday attending the laymen's missionary convention, which was held in that city this week.

The annual meeting of the Bible Society was held in Christ Church last evening. J. A. Armstrong presided. Rev. Mr. Bowen gave a fine address, explaining the urgent needs of the society. Rev. Messrs. Lindsay, Craik and Edmunds also gave short addresses. Officers were elected at the close of the meeting.

Rev. Dr. McTavish, field secretary of the Dominion Alliance, visited Wardsville and Newbury, this week, and made arrangements for the meetings on Dec. 3, as field day, for Middlesex County. A mass meeting will be held at Newbury town hall at 2:30 p.m. and a union service meeting in the Methodist Church at 7:30 p.m. A speaker of distinction will represent the alliance. Ruthven McDonald is expected to assist with the singing.

Rev. Mr. Muxworthy, of Glencoe, preached in the Methodist Church on Sunday, Nov. 5.

WINGHAM CITIZEN WAS FOUND GUILTY

Andrew Cruickshanks Will Be Sentenced On Monday for Assault.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Goderich, Nov. 10.—Andrew Cruickshanks, of Wingham, was found guilty this afternoon by Judge Holt of assaulting Miss Davis, also of Wingham, with intent to do her grievous bodily harm, and was remanded until Monday for sentence.

On the evening of Oct. 26, Miss Davis was being escorted along Wingham's front street by Mr. Alfred Posliff and was looking in a store window when her assailant threw a heavy file at her. It glacned on her head and went through the window with great force. Cruickshanks escaped but was caught in a few days. At the trial before Judge Holt today, Miss Davis said Cruickshanks had frequently annoyed her by his unwelcome attention, and his action is attributed to jealousy.

WALKERS.

Walkers, Nov. 10.—Duncan L. Campbell has been visiting his sons in Montreal for the last two weeks.

Miss Jessie McLachlan, who spent some time with friends in Toronto, is home again.

Mrs. D. N. Munro attended the women's conference in connection with the laymen's meeting in London.

Rev. Dr. Macdonald and D. N. Munro were delegates from Burns Church to the London conference of the laymen's missionary movement.

Neil McLachlan is slowly improving.

Mrs. Flora Leitch, of Alvinston, is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Politics are beginning to get active again. The Liberals in this vicinity express great satisfaction with the new leader and his platform.

Gordon McLachlan is back from the west, where he spent the last three months.

We are promised a new station by the Michigan Central in the near future, one that will do credit alike to the railway and to this section of the county.

THORNDALE.

Thorndale, Nov. 10.—Following is the report of S. S. No. 7, West Nissouri, for the month of October. The marks given indicate the percentage obtained:

V. Class—Hope Nicholson, 76.
Sen. IV. Class—Lovena Henderson, 67.
Jun. IV. Class—John Ramsay, 88; Rita Garner, 83; Arthur Hannahson, 77; Lloyd Craig, 40.
Sen. III. Class—Beatrice Vining, 79; Elsie McLeod, 73.
Jun. III. Class—Charlotte Vining, 76; Clifford Jones, 68.
Sen. II. Class—Jean Hannahson, 86; James Henderson, 84.
Jun. II. Class—Austin Craig, 15.
Part II. Class—Harold Lee, 62; James Bonnell, 43; May Craig, 42.
Sen. I. Class—Harry Jones, 87; Oscar Lee, 82; Madge Hannahson, 77; Alma Fitzsimmons, 75.
Jun. I. Class—Lily Walters, 73; Jack Day, 63.

SEAFORTH RESIDENT DIED SUDDENLY

Robt. Armstrong, Ex-Magistrate, Passed Away While On Visit in Dakota.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Seaforth, Nov. 10.—Word has been received of the death at Willow City, North Dakota, of Robert Armstrong, after an illness of only a few days. Mrs. Martry, of Seaforth, is his daughter. Mr. Armstrong was widely known here and in Belgrave, where he was police magistrate for many years. The remains are expected to arrive today, and interment will be made at Brussels Cemetery on Saturday.

Mrs. Donald McIntyre has returned from St. Marys, after spending several months with friends there.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Pemis, of Toronto, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Henderson.

Miss May Broadfoot is visiting friends in Stratford this week.

Mr. James Dick has returned from La Tuque, Que., where he had been assisting contractor Jackson on the Grand Trunk Pacific.

Miss Minnie Beattie has gone to Winnipeg to visit her sister, Mrs. Allan S. Bond for a short time, after which they will both spend the winter in California.

Mr. James Hays is moving his marble and granite works to the Beattie property, which he purchased some time ago. The buildings have all been overhauled and remodelled, giving him more commodious and convenient quarters.

Contractor MacKenzie has stopped work on the new postoffice for the season and is having the walls covered for the winter.

Mr. Will P. Thompson has purchased the homestead farm from the executors of his mother's estate. The farm is one of the best in this district, and has been in the Thompson family for over sixty years.

Mr. Arnold Habkirk has taken a position in the postoffice.

FIRE AT PETROLEA

Boiler House on Twelfth Line Was Completely Destroyed.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Petrolea, Nov. 11.—The boiler house at the 12th line receiving station was completely destroyed by fire of unknown origin. The blaze had a good start when discovered, and little could be done to save the structure.

At the last meeting of the council, Geo. V. Wyant was appointed tax collector for the town of Petrolea, H. Rotsky obtained a lease of Victoria Hall for one year.

The walls and roof of the new flour mill are completed, and work inside is being rushed.

A load of timothyseed worth nearly $700 was delivered to Bickle's elevator a few days ago.

On Wednesday evening a number of the members of the I. O. F., Petrolea, called upon Charles Richards at his residence and presented him with an address and a beautifully inscribed locket. Later the same evening Mr. Richards was tendered a farewell by the members of the I. O. O. F. in their hall. About 75 Oddfellows and Rebekahs were present. Mr. Richards was here presented with an address and a veteran's jewel. Both Foresters and Oddfellows will miss Mr. Richards, who has moved to Sarnia.

BADLY BURNED

Little Springfield Girl's Dress Took Fire in Some Unknown Manner.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Springfield, Nov. 10.—The 4-year-old daughter of John Talkins is laid up at her home here as a result of being badly burned about the body, when in some unknown manner her dress took fire. She was attended by Dr. Douglass, and is progressing favorably.

CLANDEBOYE.

Clandeboye, Nov. 10.—Dr. Jones, of this place, has gone to Ottawa, where he intends to remain, as he has obtained a Government position.

Mr. T. Smith and family have moved from Lucan to Clandeboye to reside.

Mr. A. Patton, county constable, has been confined to the house the past few days through illness.

Mr. Trevethick, of Brinsley, is shipping large quantities of cloverseed from this station.

Mrs. Hodgins, of this place, is going to Cleveland to visit her daughter, and intends to remain with her for the winter.

Miss Angeline McIlhargey, who had a severe attack of pneumonia, is recovering at her father's home in McGillivray.

Mrs. Taylor, of Parkhill, has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Hodgins, here, the past few days.

Mr. Milton Hodgins, of Wisconsin, was home to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, Mr. Lossin.

Mr. B. F. Marr, of McGillivray, is ill.

The old school property will be offered for sale on Saturday. The new school will be occupied immediately.

Farmers around here are very busy threshing clover.

Mr. W. Colwell is loading hay and straw at the Huron and Bruce station here in large quantities.

LAMBETH.

Lambeth, Nov. 10.—Mrs. J. C. Ross, of Toronto, is visiting her mother, Mrs. L. Carley.

Mr. J. B. King has been confined to his home through injuries received in a fall.

Miss Roselle Howlett spent the week-end with Miss L. Arthur.

The Willing Workers of the Methodist Church hold their meeting at the home of Mrs. Peter Earle.

R. A. C. Tiffin, of Dresden, visited with his friends here this week.

Mr. Joe Bonne has sold his home to Mr. Geo. Weekes.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Keefe, of Bristol, Eng., are settled in their new home on Front street.

Many of the ladies of the vicinity heard Sir Andrew Fraser and Mr. Robt. Speer.

LOBO.

Lobo Women's Institute will meet on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 15, at 2 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. P. L. Graham. The ladies are asked for helpful Christmas suggestions, and to bring any inexpensive articles suitable for Christmas gifts. A cordial invitation is extended to all ladies.

HELP AND COMFORT IN THEIR OLD AGE

Weak Kidneys Strengthened---Lame Backs Relieved---Rheumatism Cured---by Gin Pills

Elderly people are usually great sufferers from Kidney and Bladder Troubles. As old age creeps on, all the organs become less active. The Kidneys especially are unable to do their work properly. This is why so many men and women of 50, 60 and 70 complain of Pain in the Back, Swollen Hands and Feet, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago and Trouble with the Bladder.

SAMUEL MARTIN, Esq., of Strathroy, Ont., was 84 years of age when he began to take GIN PILLS. He had suffered for 20 years with his back, due to Kidney Trouble. Sometimes, the pain was so severe that he could not walk. THREE BOXES OF GIN PILLS healed the kidneys—gave them new strength—and today MR. MARTIN is the picture of health.

WM. CONTY, Esq., is one of the oldest and best known residents of Yarmouth, N. S. Owing to his advanced age, he was constantly troubled with his Kidneys, which finally developed into Rheumatism. 'I have been bothered with Rheumastism for the past year and have taken a good many different kinds of medicines but found no relief. One day a friend advised me to try GIN PILLS, and after taking one box of them, I felt like a new man. I thought I would write you a few lines to let you know how thankful I am for the relief they gave me, and I would advise all sufferers from Rheumatism to try GIN PILLS." WM. CONTY.

MR. H. HARKNESS is one of the pioneers of Fort William, Ont. He tried GIN PILLS and found out the true way to cure himself. "I have been troubled with a Lame Back for the past twenty years and have used plasters and ointments without effect. At last, I tried GIN PILLS, which proved just the thing, and I would highly recommend them to anyone who has Strained or Lame Back." H. HARKNESS.

Most everybody in Anapolis, N. S., knows W. H. PIERCE, Esq. Under date of May 14th, he wrote an interesting letter in regard to what GIN PILLS had done for him.

"I wish to give testimony to the benefits I have received from the use of GIN PILLS. I am over 80 years of age and have been suffering from Kidney and Bladder Troubles for about fifteen years. I took doctors' medicines but got no help.

"I want to thank you for sending me the sample box of GIN PILLS which I took and found it helped me. I have taken six boxes of GIN PILLS, but got relief before I had taken near that amount. I used to get up some nights every fifteen minutes and had to use an instrument before I could urinate. Now, I can lie in bed four or five hours without getting up. I can truthfully say that I am nearly cured and am still taking GIN PILLS and shall always keep a box in the house." (Signed) W. H. PIERCE.

Perhaps you may think GIN PILLS won't do you any good, even if they did cure MR. MARTIN and MR. CONTY. Well, it does not cost you anything to find out. You don't have to buy Gin Pills to try them. Write for a free sample—take them—see for yourself whether or not they do just as we say. Then—buy the regular boxes at your dealer's—50c, or 6 for $2.50. And if you are not satisfied after taking the six boxes, return the empty boxes to your dealer and your money will be promptly refunded. Anyway, if you are troubled with Rheumatism, Lame Back or any Kidney or Bladder Trouble, write for free sample. National Drug and Chemical Co., of Canada, Limited, Dept. G., Toronto. N. 11, 18



HALE AND HEARTY AT 84.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR



A HORRIBLE HAIRY MASK.

Completely Removed Without One Moment's Pain

No longer need women suffer the terrible humiliation and embarrassment of a repulsive, hairy growth on the face, neck or hands, which gives the feminine face such a coarse, ugly, masculine and ofttimes positively repugnant appearance. For years I searched for a painless, simple and satisfactory way to remove superfluous hair from the skin, so that it need never return. Endless experiments and the experience of thousands of women who have undergone the barbarous torture of the electric needle, burning paste and powders, prove to me that these widely-advertised treatments were for the most part dangerous in the extreme and seldom satisfactory in their results. Usually the unsightly growth returns, in greatly aggravated form, and sometimes the victim's face is horribly scarred for life. Yet, I determined there must be a way and that I should find it.

At last a happy thought came to me, and after many long, wakeful hours I emerged triumphant with a wonderful new mode of treatment, different from all others I had ever seen, yet so simple and practical that it seems strange it had never been discovered before. A few friends tested my discovery, with instant success. A noted French chemist, to whom I showed it, said it contained ingredients for dissolving the hair—root and all. One lady who tried it said: "A single application sufficed to destroy the hair instantly." "Removed every trace of the undesirable growth. I did not suffer one second," said another lady. "Hair completely disappeared, leaving my skin soft and white," said still another woman.

I have put my discovery to the hardest possible tests. I have seen this remarkable preparation put on an arm fairly bristling with disgusting black hair and watched it fairly wither and die before my very eyes—shrivelling up and vanishing as though touched by the hand of magic.

It seems certain now that I have at last discovered a plan which will succeed in producing marvellous results where all other plans have failed, and I believe that no matter how much or little superfluous hair is on your face, neck, arms or body, you can, with my simple and wonderful discovery, remove completely every hateful hair, positively, painlessly, and with perfect safety.

While I cannot agree to long continue this plan, I will for introductory purposes during the next 30 days, send to every interested woman who writes to me information concerning the secret of my discovery absolutely free. If you like, you may inclose a 2-cent stamp for reply.

Simply address me, KATHRYN B. FIRMIN, Suite 1239B, Clarke Music Building, Syracuse, N. Y., and I will send you by return mail full particulars in a plain sealed envelope.

"Every lady reader of this paper who has the slightest interest in Miss Firmin's wonderful discovery, is urged to write to her without delay, for, as she has said, the information is free, and you have everything to gain and nothing to lose."

FOR A HOLY WAR

Arabs Attempting to Incite Tunisians to Join Them.

[Canadian Press.]

Tripoli, Nov. 11.—Various reports have been received here to the effect that the Arabs are preparing for a holy war, and that they have sent delegations to Tunis to invite the natives to cross the frontier and join the Mohammedans in Tripoli.

LLOYD GEORGE THE GREAT.

[Toronto Telegram.]

Britons bless or curse Lloyd George for his attempts to legislate in support of the rights of humanity as opposed to the rights of property.

If Lloyd George beats down public and Parliamentary opposition to his insurance bill he will have achieved the apparently impossible, wrought a miracle, and established his fame as a master manager of the House of Commons.

A Windsor Lady's Appeal

To All Women: I will send free with full instructions, my home treatment which positively cures Leucorrhea, Ulceration, Displacements, Falling of the Womb, Painful or Irregular Periods, Uterine and Ovarian Tumors or Growths, also Hot Flushes, Nervousness, Melancholy, Pains in the Head, Back or Bowels, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, where caused by weakness peculiar to our sex. You can continue treatment at home at a cost of only about 12 cents a week. My book, "Woman's Own Medical Adviser," also sent free on request. Write today. Address Mrs. M. Summers, Box H12, Windsor, Ont.

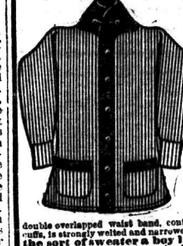
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ALLAN LINE
Montreal to Liverpool
Victorian.....Friday, Nov. 10, 6 a.m.
Corsican.....Friday, Nov. 17, 5 a.m.
Virginian.....Friday, Nov. 24, 5 a.m.
Montreal to Glasgow
Hesperian....Saturday, Nov. 11, daylight
Ionian.....Saturday, Nov. 18, daylight
Montreal to London
One Class Second Cabin and Third Class Passengers. Weekly Service.
All steamers equipped with wireless, and submarine signalling system.
For rates and full particulars apply to F. B. Clarke, E. De La Hooke, R. E. Ruse, W. Fulton, Allan Line agents, London, Ont.

WABASH
Winter Tourist Tickets
Will be on sale daily, Nov. 1 to April 30, 1912, at greatly reduced rates, from all stations on the Wabash to points in California, Texas, Old Mexico and other southern and southwestern points. The Wabash is the short and best route, and is the Great Winter Tourist Route the South and West.
For rates, time of trains, see your nearest Wabash agent, or write J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, 63 Yonge street (Traders' Bank building), Toronto.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."
New York
Compare Our Time
with that of other roads to above point. Leave London 5:35 p.m. daily, except Sunday. Leave St. Thomas on the Famous Flyer, "The Wolverine," at 7:25 p.m. daily, arriving New York 9 a.m., or take the new Flyer, "The Detroiter," leaving St. Thomas 9:47 p.m., arriving New York 9:25 a.m. Trains run to Grand Central Depot.
Tickets and full information at city ticket office, 405 Richmond street. Phone 205. Thomas Evans, agent. S. H. Palmer, D.P.A., St. Thomas. L. W. Landman, G.P.A., Chicago.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the East—*3:27 a.m., 10:50 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:28 a.m., *6:30 p.m., *8:00 p.m., 10:20 p.m.

Arrive from the West—*12:09 a.m., *2:48 a.m., 8:50 a.m., *11:55 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Depart for the East—*12:14 a.m., 3:40 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., *12:05 p.m., 3:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m.

Depart for the West—3:32 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:43 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 8:20 p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:28 a.m., *4:00 p.m., 6:50 p.m., 11:05 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *8:10 p.m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—11:15 a.m., 1:33 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.

Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 12:35 p.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:40 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked daily, except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive from the East—*11:28 a.m., 6:10 p.m., 7:40 p.m., *10:52 p.m.

Arrive from the West—4:30 a.m., 12:30 p.m., 5:22 p.m., 8:30 p.m.

Depart for the East—*4:38 a.m., 7:45 a.m., 12:45 p.m., *5:30 p.m.

Depart for the West—8:00 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 7:48 p.m., 11:00 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked daily, except Sunday.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—7:04 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:35 p.m.

Depart—7:20 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 10:11 p.m.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Arrive—8:45 a.m., *12:00 noon, 1:50, 4:38, *9:15 p.m.

Depart—5:05, *7:10, 9:45 a.m., 2:30, *4:15, †7:00 p.m.

*To and from Walkerville. †To St. Thomas only. All trains to and from Port Stanley, except trains marked with star and dagger.

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An Ideal Sea Trip to the Most Delightful and Healthiest Resort in the World.
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RETURN TICKETS AT SINGLE FARE, DAILY UNTIL NOV. 11,
to points in Temagami, points Mattawa to Temiskaming and Kipawa, Que., inclusive, also to certain points in Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Maine, Muskoka Lakes, Penetang, Lake of Bays, Midland, Maganetwan River, Lakefield, Madawaska to Parry Sound, Argyle to Cobocconk, Lindsay to Haliburton. Points from Severn to North Bay inclusive, and certain points reached by Northern Navigation Company.
All tickets valid for return until Thursday, Dec. 14, except to points reached by steamer lines, Tuesday, Nov. 14.
Full particulars from any Grand Trunk agent, or address R. E. RUSE, C. P. and T. A., "Clock Corner," London.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
SINGLE FARE FOR HUNTERS
OCT. 9 TO NOV. 11,
to all stations, Chalk River to Schreiber inclusive, and to best hunting points in Quebec and New Brunswick.
OCT. 19 TO NOV. 11,
to all stations, Sudbury to the Soo, Havelock to Sharbot Lake, Coldwater to Sudbury, and on the Lindsay branch.
Return Limit, Dec. 14, 1911.
Liberal stop-over privileges.
Ask for free copies of "Fishing and Shooting," "Sportsman's Map," and "Open Seasons for Game and Fish," "Hints to Hunters."
W. Fulton, C. P. and T. A., corner Dundas and Richmond streets, London.

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Between London and St. Thomas from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. on week days; from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. on Sundays. Two-hourly service between St. Thomas and Port Stanley. Cars leaving London on the even hours go through to Port Stanley. The last car waits for the theatre.

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EMPRESSES
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From Montreal and Quebec
Fastest—Finest
HOLD ALL RECORDS BETWEEN LIVERPOOL AND CANADA.
Third-Class the Most Comfortable—All Closed Rooms and Best of Food.
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From St. John, N.B.
EMPRESS OF BRITAIN..Dec. 1
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EMPRESS OF IRELAND..Dec. 15
Early application advisable.
Apply to any railway or steamship agent or to W. Fulton, agent, C. P. R., London.

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VIOLA ALLEN.

With a notable company, she will appear at the Grand on Monday evening in "The Lady of Coventry."

Music and Drama

NEXT WEEK'S ATTRACTIONS AT THE GRAND.

Monday—Viola Allen in "The Lady of Coventry."

Tuesday—Ethel Barrymore in "The Witness for the Defence."

Viola Allen on Monday.

Another new play from the pen of Louis N. Parker, the noted English dramatist, entitled "The Lady of Coventry," is to be seen in London Monday evening. Mr. Parker was engaged by Liebler & Co. to write the play for Miss Viola Allen more than two years ago. On Monday evening next Miss Allen and an able company will present "The Lady of Coventry" at the Grand Opera House. Mr. Parker has laid his play at Coventry, England, at a period shortly after the invasion of William the Conqueror. It is the story of a proud Norman princess (Dorothea), who is taken captive by a rude Saxon outlaw (Leofric). Her beauty and bearing make her captor her slave, and after a time the captive princess finds that she, too, has become infatuated. The fortunes of war give the princess ascendancy over her one-time captor, but her revenge is sweet. She makes the Saxon chieftain captive for life by removing the decree of outlawry against him, and then consenting to become his wife. In the play the author employs the Lady Godiva legend in a remote but effective manner. Liebler & Co. have provided a most elaborate and artistic stage dressing for "The Lady of Coventry," and have given Miss Allen a supporting company, including such artists as Henry Kolker, Henry Stanford, Chas. Harbury, Vincent Sterwroyd, Rosaland Coghlan, Adelaide Robinson, S. Van Dusen Phillips and Eleanor Brownell.

Viola Allen's Costumes in Her New Play.

Paris not only sets the styles for today and tomorrow, but one must go to Paris for the fashions of eight hundred years ago. When Viola Allen appears at the Grand Monday evening, one night only, as Lady Godiva, in the initial engagement of Louis N. Parker's "The Lady of Coventry," her costumes will be designed by Hohenstein from Paris, and executed by Carramba. Hohenstein is a famous Viennese artist, whose talents are frequently called into service in preparation for big operatic festivals on the continent. Carramba, which is the awe-inspiring assumed name of a very meek little man, is costumer for La Scala, Milan, Italy's foremost opera house. He is a genius in his line.

These costumes are historically accurate. The ride of Lady Godiva, or Dorothea, as she is known in this play, occurred, if it really did occur, near the end of the eleventh century. The model in the Trocadero from which Hohenstein took the first costume Miss Allen wears, was dated 1113, some twenty years or so after the date of the supposed ride. It must be remembered, however, that in those days fashions did not change with the seasons, and it took years instead of days for the edicts of Paris or Normandy or whatever was the style-centre of the world in those days of difficult communication—to reach the heart of England.

Ethel Barrymore Tuesday.

Ethel Barrymore will be seen at the Grand Opera House for one night on Tuesday evening, in "The Witness for the Defence," Mr. A. E. W. Mason's latest play. The appearance of Miss Barrymore in any city, at any time, is a dramatic event of much importance. But this year the interest runs doubly high owing to the fact that her new four-act drama has proved one of her greatest successes. As Stella Ballantyne, Miss Barrymore has a great role in which a wonderful opportunity is given her to display her powers of suppressed emotional acting. In the great scene of the play, a scene fraught with distress where the young widow finds herself confronted by Thresk, her ex-lover and champion, who bids her tell the man she is about to marry that she has murdered her first husband, there can be no possible situation more stirring or more filled with agony as the frightened



ETHEL BARRYMORE.

This well-known actress visits London for the first time on Tuesday evening next in a new play, "The Witness for the Defence."

Stella at last succumbs to his will. Miss Barrymore has surrounded herself with a very superior company, one, it may be said, of the best on the American stage. It includes Mr. A. E. Anson, who for two years was the leading man at the New Theatre; W. L. Abingdon, who won distinguished laurels as "The Devil" for Mr. Savage, and Mr. Ernest Stallard, Lumsden Hare and Annie Esmond. This is Miss Barrymore's first appearance in London since she has been on the stage.

Louis N. Parker, himself, is directing the rehearsals for "The Lady of Coventry," the play he wrote for Viola Allen. A genius for stage direction is but one of this versatile man's attainments. As he has personally staged all of his plays being presented by Liebler & Co., "Pomander Walk," "Disraeli," besides the new play for Miss Allen, his services are of great value to that firm, inasmuch as the regular stage director, Hugh Ford, is up to his neck in work with the dozen-odd other productions of the firm's. In "The Lady of Coventry," Charles Waldron, who was raised to the verge of stardom by his success in the chief role in "The Fourth Estate," has the principal male part, while Henry Stanford who was Miss Allen's leading man last year, remains in her company.

Mary Anderson, now Mme. de Navarro, is now in the United States, having come to witness the premiere of "The Garden of Allah" in the dramatization of which she collaborated with Robert Hichens. She states positively that nothing could induce her to return to the stage which she left twenty years ago, at the zenith of her fame, the best-beloved actress of her time. She is still youthful in appearance, and of majestic beauty. "The secret of youth," says she, "is happiness." She has three children. Her husband and brother-in-law accompanied her to America.

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ANOTHER BIG SUM FROM CARNEGIE

Twenty-Five Millions to Help Spread Knowledge in U. S.

CORPORATION FORMED

New Organization Will Take Over the Establishment of Libraries.

New York, Nov. 11.—Andrew Carnegie last night announced that he had given $25,000,000 to the Carnegie Corporation of New York, organized here under a charter granted by the New York Legislature last June, "to promote the advancement and diffusion of knowledge and understanding among the people of the United States."

In bestowing this gift upon the corporation organized especially to receive it and apply its income to the purpose indicated, Mr. Carnegie, in a statement given out at his home, said he intends to leave with the corporate body the work of founding and aiding libraries and educational institutions, which he, as an individual, has carried on for many years. The statement is as follows:

"The Carnegie Corporation of New York, incorporated by an act passed by the New York Legislature June 9, 1911, was organized Nov. 10, 1911.

"The purposes of the corporation, as stated in the charter, are as follows:

"Section 1—Andrew Carnegie, Elihu Root, Henry S. Pritchett, William N. Frew, Robert S. Woodward, Charles L. Taylor, Robert A. Franks, James Bertram and their successors, are hereby constituted a body corporate, by the name of the Carnegie Corporation of New York, for the purpose of receiving and maintaining a fund or funds and applying the income thereof to promote the advancement and diffusion of knowledge and understanding among the people of the United States by aiding technical schools, institutions of higher learning, libraries, scientific research, hero funds, useful publications, and by such other agencies and means as shall from time to time be found appropriate therefor.

"The incorporators met at Mr. Carnegie's house Friday afternoon, Nov. 10, 1911, accepted the charter, adopted the constitution and bylaws, and elected the following officers:

"President, Andrew Carnegie; vice-president, Elihu Root; treasurer, Robert A. Frank; secretary, James Bertram.

"Mr. Carnegie transferred to the corporation, for its corporate purposes, twenty-five millions of dollars par value first mortgage gold bonds of the United States Steel Corporation.

"It is intended that the business of founding and aiding libraries and educational institutions, which had been carried on by Mr. Carnegie as an individual for many years, will be turned over to the corporation at an early date and carried on by the corporation."

CONSERVATIVE ORGAN SCORES MR. WHITNEY

Proprietor of Ottawa Citizen Replies to Premier's Tax Reform Statement.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—In reply to Premier Whitney's statement on tax reform, Mr. William Southam, of the Ottawa Citizen, (Conservative), said:

"The Citizen is replying at length, but I would like to add that when Sir James states the proposed local option in taxation is 'too absurd for comment,' he reflects on the intelligence of the labor leaders throughout the province, who have petitioned for it, as also on that of the editors of practically all the influential provincial newspapers who have editorially indorsed and petitioned for this measure. The Conservative premiers of Manitoba and British Columbia, the Hon. R. P. Roblin and the Hon. Richard McBride, would also be included in the category of those who are lacking in intelligence. In both provinces, as well as in Alberta and Saskatchewan, local option in taxation is in force. Even the councils of Toronto, Ottawa and three hundred and seventy other municipalities do not escape, for they, too, have petitioned for this legislation, which, in the opinion of Sir James, is 'too absurd for comment.'"

McGILL HAS DEFICIT

University Ran Behind Over $60,000 Last Year.

Montreal, Nov. 11.—Despite economy almost amounting to parsimony, McGill University financial statements show a deficit of $60,000 in the past year, while the invested funds of the university have been impaired to the extent of $154,600 by recurring deficits. The expenditure for the year was $823,638.

The only departments to pay expenses were the Faculty of Law and the Royal Victoria College for Women. The deficit in arts was $8,053; applied science, $6,317; library, $7,013. The library is so poorly equipped at that, professors had to go several times to Harvard for researches. In medicine, the showing is much worse, and the deficit is $32,894, an increase of $2,200 over the preceding year.

SQUADRON AT HALIFAX

Court-Martial Into Niobe Grounding To Open Next Week.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 11.—The fourth cruiser squadron arrived yesterday, and came to moorings off the dockyard. Rear Admiral Kingsmill arrived from Ottawa, in conection with the court-martial, which is to be held by Rear Admiral E. E. Bradford, C. V. O., into the stranding of the warship Niobe at the end of last July.

Admiral Kingsmill will have a conference with Admiral Bradford this morning, when arrangements for the court-martial will be finally made. It will probably begin on Monday forenoon aboard the Niobe and will be open to the public.

It has not yet been decided whether there will be three separate trials or one.

Three men wil be tried, the commander of the ship, the navigating lieutenant, and the officer of the watch.

The court may decide to make one inquiry cover the three cases, or a separate court-martial may convene for each officer.

The squadron had a good voyage across.

The ships called at the Azores, but did not stay there long. The squadron will coal at the dockyard, two ships coaling at a time. The squadron consists of H. M. S. Leviathan (flagship), Berwick, Essex, and Donegal.

CANADIAN NEARS END OF 15,000 MILE WALK

Frank Hines, of Halifax, Completes 12,800 Miles at Boston.

[Canadian Press.]

Boston, Mass., Nov. 11.—With his arrival in Boston, Frank Hines, of Halifax, has completed 12,800 miles of a 15,000-mile walk that he is making for a purse offered by the Halifax Yacht Club. Hines started his trif in 1909. He expects to finish on Oct. 17, 1912.

CARUSO DENIES IT

Famous Tenor Says That He is Not Engaged to Anybody.

New York, Nov. 10.—Enrico Caruso, the tenor, arrived for the coming opera season on the Kron Prinzessin Cecilie, and he no sooner spied the squad of interviewers than he launched into a denial of the report that he was engaged to Mary Trentini.

"Who is this Trentini?" he cried, his chest thrown out and his eyebrows upstanding. "Engaged? Bah! I am not engaged. It is all the beeg press agent. It is all for the papers, to make advertisement.

"First they make it that I am to marry Mary Garden. Ha, the press agents! Then they say Lillian Grenville. Bah, they all try to make money out of these stories."

"But it was reported in an interview with Trentini," persisted a reporter, "that she has already prepared to serve as stepmother to your little boys."

"Oh, ho," chuckled the tenor, "Trentini a stepmother, that is funny."

Reminded that he had just said he did not know Trentini, the tenor boomed, "oh, ho, ho, ho. I know anybow she is too leetle. She is too leetle, and her press agent is too beeg with his stories. Caruso is engaged to nobody."

Caruso made denial of the reports that the condition of his throat forbade him smoking by extracting a gold-heeled cigarette from a diamond-studded case bearing a miniature of Emperor William, a present from the Kaiser. "Twenty a day I smoke," he added, "and my voice was never better."

A RAILLESS CAR

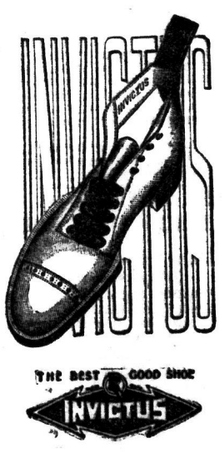
New System May Be Tried by City of Toronto.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—The introduction of rail-less trolley cars, to serve certain districts of the ity, is being considered by City E. gineer Rust and Mayor Geary. The rail-less trolley is built like an ordinary street car in Toronto, and is propelled by electric current supplied from an overhead wire through a trolley pole. The latter is adjustable and will allow the car to swing out from a straight line in order to meet or pass other vehicles.

A re port issued by a deputation appointed to visit Leeds and Bradford, England, where these cars are used, was received at the mayor's office Friday morning. It states that the capital cost of establishing the system was about $8,500 per mile, the cars costing $3,500 each. Operation costs about 11 cents per mile.

"An excellent service is provided at a minimum cost," states the report, "and routes can be equipped that might be unprofitable under other system."

DON'T SKIMP IN SHOE BUYING



You are liberal in your other buying. Don't be stingy about clothing your feet. This is one of the last places for you to skimp.

No matter how well you dress, if you wear ungainly, cheap shoes, you are discounted.

It is a matter of good business, as well as pride and comfort, to put your feet into the best shoes you can find.

Don't seek cheapness but goodness, and when you find that in a shoe, pay the price, for that goodness is worth more than it costs.

INVICTUS SHOES are made for the buyers who deal liberally with themselves. Quality is the chief characteristic here.

ROWLAND HILL

"Invictus" Agent, London

The HomeBank of Canada

"A dollar in the bank is worth two in the pocket."

A deposit of One Dollar opens a savings account in the Home Bank and Full Compound Interest is paid at the highest bank rate. There is no formality in opening an account—call in and leave your name and address and take your pass book. If you are away from town and need money you may make a withdrawal from your account, with the Home Bank, through the mail.

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As musicians and others of wealth and culture become acquainted with the musical excellence of



The Gourlay Piano And The Gourlay-Angelus Player Piano

We frequently receive slightly USED PIANOS OF OTHER POPULAR MAKES in part payment for these GREAT INSTRUMENTS.

No matter how valuable an instrument is it must be sold the second time for MANY DOLLARS LESS than the first buyer paid for it.

At present we are offering several used pianos at PRICES that we know will PLEASE and ASTONISH YOU. Among others we are showing:

A BELL PIANO A beautiful piano, new Corinthian design, in richly figured walnut. This instrument has been used only a short time and is equal to any new piano made by the Bell Company.

A CABLE PIANO A Handsome Cabinet Grand Piano, made by F. S. Cable, Chicago, Louis XV. style. Full length keyboard and up-to-date in every way. Guaranteed for five years.

A HEINTZMAN Full sized Cabinet Grand Upright Piano, by Heintzman & Co., modern design, mahogany case. This piano has been well cared for and is in good condition.

A GOURLAY An almost new Gourlay Piano, of Boudoir style in rich walnut case. This is one of our latest designs, and possesses that sweet musical tone so characteristic of Gourlay Pianos. This is an opportunity to secure A1 quality at a price often asked for an instrument of ordinary value.

We invite you to visit our wareroom and learn of our NEW PLAN OF EASY PAYMENTS.

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261 DUNDAS STREET. D. FRANK SMITH, Manager.

Coughed All Night

Till This Recipe Was Tried—Cure Followed in 5 Hours.

A prominent medical man who suffered with a severe cough and cold on the lungs, often being kept awake all night, and weakened by loss of sleep, finally discovered a simple formula which will cure any cough in five hours by the clock. It is a laxative tonic cough syrup which can be made at home by anyone, and the formula is here given for the benefit of those who pass sleepless nights in painful paroxysms. Those who have tried it say it is magical and beats any high-priced, slow-acting cough medicine ever sold.

Mix in a bottle one-half ounce fluid wild cherry bark, one ounce compound essence cardiol and three ounces syrup white pine compound. Take twenty drops every half-hour for four hours. Then take one-half to one teaspoonful three or four times a day. Give children less, according to age. This will tone up and rid the system of deep-seated coughs every time.

A druggist can obtain an imitation of MINARD'S LINIMENT from a Toronto house at a very low price, and have it labelled his own product.

This greasy imitation is the poorest one we have yet seen of the many that every Tom, Dick and Harry has tried to introduce.

Ask for MINARD'S, and you will get it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Sold all over the world.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Syringe. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses instantly. Ask your druggist for it.



If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed, it gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies.

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Elevator Service
Steam Heat
Vault Accommodation

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THE WELL-DRESSED MAN

inspires confidence. To be well-dressed is not to be over-dressed, but to be attired in suitable clothing.

The Curzon tailoring is something more than ordinary workmanship, just as the Curzon cut is something outside the realm of mere draftsmanship. It means Distinction and Character. That is why well-dressed men, not only in Canada, but all over the World, wear Curzon clothes.

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FROM $8.60

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Most Wonderful Tailoring Creation of the Century, Perfect Style, Perfect Cut, Perfect Finish, Perfectly Trimmed.

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It will pay you to write for our explanatory booklet and free patterns of cloth, fashion-plates and unique list of testimonials. With these will be found our registered system of self-measurement and tape measure, so that you may with perfect accuracy and a degree of certitude equal to that of a local tailor, take your own measurements in the privacy of your own home. Complete satisfaction or we refund money. Will your own tailor guarantee this?

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Pembroke House, 133 & 135 Oxford St., London, England.

Please mention this paper.

SERVICE OF PRAISE

Boy Soprano and English Soloist Engaged by Mr. Wheeler.

The choir of St. Andrew's Church will give its usual service of praise next Monday evening, Nov. 13, and the programme promises to be even more meritorious than is usual with these excellent musicals of Mr. Charles Wheeler. The services of praise at St. Andrew's have become an institution among London concerts. Among the artists engaged is Master Arthur Cudlip, a boy soprano, of Detroit, who possesses remarkable talent. His songs will include Rossini's "Inflammatus," from the "Stabat Mater," with its florid soul passages and high "C." Mr. Robert Courtney, tenor soloist at the principal London and provincial concerts in England, will be heard in the city for the first time. Other soloists are Miss Eulalie Young, organ soloist; Miss Libbie Smith, soprano; Mrs. Charles E. Wheeler, soprano; Miss Dora Bradley, contralto; Miss Elsie McCrimmon, contralto, and Mr. W. A. McCutcheon, basso. A special feature of the service will be the chorus work under Mr. Wheeler. The blending of organ, voices and a quartette of brass, will produce an effect grand and inspiring. The customary collection will be received.

ADRIFT IN GALE.

Shields, Eng., Nov. 11.—The British steamer Fairport, which it had been feared had foundered in a storm after leaving Hamburg on Nov. 1, was towed in here today by three trawlers. She was picked up 260 miles off this port, without coal, and drifting helplessly before a gale.

Countess De Swirsky Cancelled.

Manager Minhinnick received word from Mr. A. J. Small yesterday that owing to the serious illness of Madame de Swirsky, the engagement for Saturday evening in London would be cancelled.

"I am pleased to recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as the best thing I know of and safest remedy for coughs, colds and bronchial trouble," writes Mrs. L. B. Arnold, of Denver, Col. "We have used it repeatedly and it has never failed to give relief." For sale by all dealers. 1

CANADIAN SELECTED AS LEADER OF BRITISH UNIONIST PARTY

Mr. Andrew Bonar Law, Formerly of New Brunswick, Chosen to Succeed Mr. Balfour, Chamberlain and Long Being Turned Down.

London, Nov. 10.—Andrew Bonar Law will be elected leader of the Unionists in the House of Commons on Monday to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Arthur J. Balfour. This decision was the outcome of a conference of the Unionists and Conservatives that lasted for several hours today. The formal election will be held Nov. 13.

Mr. Law was spoken of prominently, but it was supposed to be more likely that the choice would fall upon Austen Chamberlain or Walter Hume Long, Conservative. Feeling developed at the conference against Chamberlain on account of his membership in the Halsbury Club, which has for a slogan, "Balfour Must Go," and for his recent attacks upon Mr. Balfour. The Liberal Unionists in turn opposed Mr. Long on the ground of his extreme Toryism, and the selection of Mr. Law came as a compromise.

The New Leader.

Mr. Law has been in Parliament eleven years. He was never in the cabinet, but has shown qualities of leadership and ability on the financial questions. For some years he represented the Dulwich division of Camberwell, but now represents Bootle. He was born in New Brunswick in 1858, and is the son of the Rev. James Law. His business was that of iron merchant. While he is an active protectionist, Mr. Law, it is understood, is more than anxious to conduct the fight for home rule. He declared last summer his belief that the House of Lords, notwithstanding the curtailment of its privileges, still has the power to force a dissolution, causing an election on the home rule issue.

Mr. Law will be nominated by Mr. Long on Monday, and the nomination will be seconded by Mr. Chamberlain.

The resignation of Mr. Balfour caused a great agitation in England. The selection of a successor has been the subject of widespread comment.

Mr. Law's leadership will not carry the authority of Mr. Balfour with the prestige of an ex-premier, but it gives him a commanding position in the eyes of the country. The selection apparently meets the objection that Mr. Balfour was not aggressive enough and was unresponsive to party feeling.

MUST STAND TRIAL ON MURDER CHARGE

Coroner's Jury Find Against Former Canadian Woman.

MRS. QUINN UNMOVED

Suggestion Is That She Did Away With Three Husbands.

Chicago, Nov. 11.—Mrs. Jane Quinn was held on a charge of murder in connection with the death of her husband, John M. Quinn, by a coroner's jury yesterday.

Quinn was found dead in bed Nov. 2 with a bullet wound in his body, and Mrs. Quinn declared he had been killed by burglars. The coroner's jury deliberated less than an hour before returning its verdict.

Mrs. Quinn listened to the verdict without exhibiting the least sign of emotion.

John M. Miller, a boarder at the Quinn home, on cross-examination at the inquest, denied having left the city the day after the shooting. He said he was awakened by a revolver shot early in the morning and ran into Quinn's room and was told by Mrs. Quinn that a burglar had killed her husband. The witness then dressed and left the house to find a policeman.

Mrs. Quinn declined to testify at the inquest.

The Chicago police will continue their investigation into the mysterious death of Mrs. Quinn's two former husbands, John MacDonald, whom it is said she married in London, Ont., Oct. 23, 1883, and Warren Thorpe, whom she married at Bass Lake, Mich., in October, 1901.

MacDonald is reported to have died of alcoholic poisoning, Sept. 28, 1901. Thorpe was found shot to death in his home at Jackson, Mich., under circumstances similar to those attending the shooting of Quinn.

Mrs. Quinn and her daughter by a previous marriage were detained after the death of Thorpe, but were released owing to insufficient evidence.

The woman was locked up in the Kensington police station under special guard and will be taken to the county jail today. She declined to talk.

CHICAGO'S MURDER MYSTERY

Michigan Authorities May Be Asked to Investigate Quinn Case.

Chicago, Nov. 11.—A conference will be held today between States Attorney Wayman and Lieut. James Mooney of the Kensington police district, for the purpose of deciding to what extent they will carry the investigation regarding the deaths of John McDonald, at Kalamazoo, Mich., and Warren Thorpe, at Jackson, Mich., former husbands of Mrs. Jane Quinn, held to the grand jury yesterday, charged with the murder of her third husband, John Quinn.

Reports were expected from detectives sent to the Michigan cities to make investigations. It was announced that Lieut. Mooney would ask Mr. Wayman to request the Michigan authorities to assist in the investigation.

Mrs. Quinn spent her first night in jail last night in a cell adjoining the one occupied by Mrs. Louise Vermilya, accused of the murder of Arthur Bissonette.

OBITUARY

Mrs. S. A. Cade, for 69 years a resident of this city, died at her home, 452 Adelaide street, this morning after an illness extending over several months. Although in her 91st year, Mrs. Code was until last August a remarkably vigorous and active woman, and was able to be about all the time and attend church services regularly. Until a short time ago she was president of the W. M. S. of the Memorial Church, an office which she had held continually for a great many years, and filled with unusual ability. She was also a very active worker in all branches of church work. Mrs. Code came to London from Devonshire, England, when a young woman, and settled here. Her husband, the late William G. Code, died about 30 years ago. The only surviving relatives are a brother's children in Hamilton. The funeral will be held on Monday afternoon to Woodland Cemetery, and the services will be conducted by Ven. Archdeacon Richardson.

KAISER REPRIMANDS THE CROWN PRINCE

Latter Incurred Emperor's Displeasure by Act in Reichstag.

Berlin, Nov. 11. — The crown prince did not appear at yesterday's debate in the Reichstag, but instead cruised in Count Zeppelin's dirigible balloon, Schwaben I. The absence of the prince from the house gave rumors to the report that he had incurred his father's displeasure the day before, and would not again attend the debate, for the purpose of hearing which he had come expressly to Berlin from Danzig.

Dr. Otto Weiner, a Radical member, said that he regretted deeply the prince's action, which could only harm the cause of peace. This expression evoked hearty applause from the Liberal side.

Chancellor Speaks Again.

Chancellor Von Bethmann - Hollweg again spoke today. It was apparent that he was deeply affected by the attitude of the Reichstag. His voice, which he controlled with difficulty when he began his reply to the criticisms, later rang with passion as he castigated the Conservative leader, Herr Von Heydebrand, for his accusation that the Government had exhibited weakness in not resenting the speech of the British chancellor, Mr. Lloyd George, in which reference was made to Great Britain's treaty obligations to France at a time when France and Germany were involved in serious negotiations concerning their respective rights in Africa. He declared that Herr Von Heydebrand had defamed his Government and harmed the nation, to serve party aims.

The chancellor, fairly shaking with indignation, referred to the Conservative chief as a man "whose sword is in his mouth." So violent a personal attack upon a party leader by a minister is almost unprecedented, and being directed against such a powerful representative caused a sensation.

"Von Heydebrand will never forgive that," was the general comment among the members later.

THREE MOTIONS IN WEEKLY HIGH COURT

Chief Justice Falconbridge Presides at Today's Session.

Chief Justice Falconbridge presided at the session of the weekly high court at the courthouse this morning and disposed of three motions.

The first was in the matter of the estate of Jane Black, of the city of London, deceased, a petition for an order for yearly allowances for maintenance of two infant children. The order was made as asked. Mr. F. P. Betts appeared for the official guardian.

Re Charles C. Forsyth.—An application was made for payment into court of moneys held by the Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World, on the life of the deceased, the amount to be paid to the credit of the children. The order was granted. Mr. W. C. Fiezgerald for the motion.

In the matter of Leonard vs. the C. P. R. and G. T. R., an order was made for the transfer of the action from the high court to the county court of Middlesex. George S. Gibbons for the motion.

ARVA.

Arva, Nov. 10.—The last monthly meeting of the W. M. S., the largest held this season was at the home of Mrs. McNaughton. About 25 members were present and a profitable time spent.

Mrs. Lipsett of London, who has been ill at the home of her mother here, is much better.

The Telephone Company are busy installing new phones. The seventh concession west is the last territory added. This now completes the whole of the township to the south.

Growing Children

Need the very best food obtainable—

There's none better than

Grape-Nuts

"There's a Reason"

IMPERIALISTS VICTORS IN NANKING FIGHT

The Massacre of Chinese by Manchus Disheartens Rebels.

[Canadian Press.]

Foo Chow, Nov. 11.—The Manchus, who were defeated yesterday, have concentrated at the governor's palace. Robbers are burning and looting. The whole city is in disorder.

Nanking, Nov. 11.—The Imperialis s have regained the upper hand in Nanking, and the Dragon flag again floats over Kiaangyin fort. During the night the imperial gunboats shelled the revolutionary camp, and this morning troops making a sortie found that the rebel position, three miles outside the south gate, had been evacuated.

The success of the loyal forces is attributed in part to the discouragement of the rebels over their failure to receive new supplies of ammunition and partly to the their failure to receive new supplies of ammunition, and partly to the fear inspired by the wholesale slaughter of Chinese by the Manchus yesterday.

RUSSIAN ORCHESTRA HELD UP AT BORDER

A Misunderstanding Kept the Musicians in London All Week.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 11. — Dr. A. H. Coote, city health officer, has given orders that the Imperial Russian Court Balalaika Orchestra be not allowed to pass through Port Huron from London, Ont., to Bay City. The special train has been cancelled accordingly. The action of the health officer followed a report that one of the members of the orchestra troupe had smallpox.

Members of the orchestra, when seen by The Advertiser, declared that the hold-up, which necessitated their remaining in this city all week, was due to a misunderstanding on the part of Dr. Coote, of Port Huron, which they allege he admitted in a letter to their manager.

The trouble arose when one of the musicians, an aged man, became troubled with rheumatism in New York State, and was left in a hospital there for treatment. He was to follow in a few days and join the company. However, it was rumored that his case showed symptoms of smallpox, and the Port Huron inspector issued the order mentioned above.

The orchestra owners, however, became incensed at the delay, and, according to their explanation, cancelled bookings for the State of Michigan. The company left this morning for Indianapolis to continue the tour, going by way of Detroit. It is expected that they will return to London in a few weeks.

A story in circulation is to the effect that the Port Huron authorities believed the orchestra to be composed of foreigners. As a matter of fact, however, many of the musicians have resided in New York for fifteen years or more.

OFFERS $50,000 FOR AERIAL FLEET

Ask Aviator Hamel to Organize Corps For Use in Tripoli.

London, Nov. 11.—The immense damage done to the Turkish troops in Tripoli by the aviators with the Italian army has determined Turkey to form an aerial corps, and today the Turkish Government offered Gustave Hamel, the holder of the world's speed record, $50,000, to organize the fleet. It is the intention of the Turkish Government to use its airships against the Italian warships as well as against the army.

It is believed that Mr. Hamel will accept although he fears the British Government will oppose the plan on the ground that it might embroil Great Britain with the warring nations. Mr. Hamel dined tonight with Sir Edward Grey, the war secretary, and several other cabinet officers. Claude Grahame-White also was present and the Turkish offer was discussed. It is understood that the discussion was principally upon whether or not warfare by aeroplanes conflicts with the ruling of The Hague tribunal.

Italy already has several aeroplanes in action in Tripoli, and dispatches today tell of the great damage done to the Turks and Arabs by bombs dropped by the aviators.

QUEBEC MAY CENSOR FILMS

May Adopt Legislation Similar to That of Ontario.

Toronto, Nov. 11.—Chairman Armstrong of the Ontario board of moving picture censors, has received a communication which seems to indicate an intention on the part of the Quebec Government to adopt a system of controlling picture shows similar to that in vogue in this Province. At present films rejected in Ontario can be exhibited in Quebec and other Provinces.

A large number of films in which the Stars and Stripes is flaunted to excess are being returned to the picture exchanges. "It is not true," said Mr. Armstrong yesterday, "that we object to the flag wherever it is shown, but some of the films consist of little more than a display of the Stars and Stripes. We are satisfied that the public in Ontario does not wish to see so much of it as they have seen in the past."

The law prohibiting the exhibition of films not passed by the board has not yet been enforced. All the new films are being examined, but there is yet a large number of the old ones which have not yet been seen by the censors. By the end of the month it is expected that the work of the censors will be well in hand.

Mr. Glass Drops Out.

Although Reeve S. Frank Glass, of London Township, has been approached by a number of his supporters requesting him to again offer himself he has decided to drop out of municipal politics. Mr. Glass has been in the council for six years, being elected twice by acclamation.

Injured a Foot.

William Brodison, of 872 Lorne avenue, a young man employed on the C. P. R., sustained a severe injury to his foot last evening in assisting in coupling an extra locomotive to a freight train pulling out of the yards. He was attended by Dr. Thompson. The injury will confine him to his home for some time.

Personal Mention

Mrs. Franklin D. Millar (formerly Madge B. Yore), will receive at her home, 314 Grosvenor street, for the first time since her marriage on Wednesday, Nov. 15, afternoon and evening, and afterwards on the first and third Mondays. 47-u

Mrs. (Dr.) Cameron and little son, of Victoria Mines, have returned home after visiting friends in Toronto and Guelph, and spending four weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Kilgour, London East.

Mrs. James McLeod, of 752 York street, and Miss McKay, of 360 Glebe-street, have returned from attending the marriage of their brother, Rev. William McKay, B. A., of Harrriston, to Miss Margaret Roden, of Toronto, in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Giles, Tiverton, Ont., announce the engagement of their daughter, Caroline Marie, to Dr. Alfred Alexander Thompson, Ridgeway, Ont., youngest son of the late Mr. Alexander and Mrs. Thompson, Waterdown, Ont. The wedding will take place on Wednesday, Jan. 3.

LOCAL ITEMS

Sues Over Leg.

John J. O'Rourke, of 188 William street, who suffered the loss of one leg at Ayr station, while in the employ of the C. P. R. on July 7 last, has brought action against the company through his solicitor, Mr. John M. McEvoy, for unstated damages.

Student's Masquerade.

The Western University girls entertained their friends at a successful masquerade in the university buildings Friday evening. A large number of students and others were present and an enjoyable evening was spent with guessing contests, refreshments, and dancing.

O'Brien Bailed.

John O'Brien, of Hamilton road, near Nilestown, arrested by County Constable Alex. Shaver, charged with failing to pay for a bicycle which he is alleged to have purchased from William Rawlings, has been bailed by Squire Chittick. Four hundred dollars security was offered by a local physician. O'Brien will appear again on Nov. 16.

Vagrants Jailed.

John Marr and Edward Hallum, of Glencoe, were brought to the county jail today to serve 21-day terms on charges of vagrancy. They were found guilty by Squire Daniel C. McKenzie, of Glencoe, and fined one dollar with $8 10 costs. Not having the money, both decided to take the term in Castle Carter.

Horse Broke Leg.

A call for the police ambulance was sent in by some person today at noon when a fine draught horse on a teamster's wagon slipped at the corner of Albert and Richmond streets, breaking its leg so that recovery was impossible. When the ambulance arrived the horse was being taken away and will have to be destroyed.

An Alimony Case.

Mrs. Walzena Brener, of this city, has commenced action against her husband, George Brener, also of London, for alimony. The case will be aired in the high court, but in the meantime Mrs. Brener demands interim alimony of $7 per week, possession of her household effects, and also custody of their child, Earl Brener. Meredith & Mertdith are acting for the plaintiff.

Alumnae Association.

The Western University Alumnae Association will meet this afternoon in the arts building to elect a new presidentdent to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mrs. W. Tuke (formerly Miss Jean Dearness), and also to arrange for the meetings of the coming season. The third-year scholarship prize offered by the Alumnae Association will be presented to Miss Faye Johnston.

New England Supper.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Askin Street Methodist Church will give a New England supper on Tuesday evening, at which the oldtime New England dainties will feature largely on the menu. This is the annual supper given by the Ladies' Aid Society, and an excellent literary and musical programme will follow. Addresses will be given by Rev. H. H. Bingham, of Talbot Street Baptist Church, and Rev. J. Gibson Inkster, of the First Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Ed. Wyatt, soloist, will sing, and reading will be given by Miss Smith.

OLIVIER SAILS.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 11. — The governor of Jamaica, Sir Sidney Olivier, accompanied by the principal officers of the railway and public works, sailed today for Colon to inquire into the influence which the completion of the Panama Canal is likely to have an Jamaica.

Too Late to Classify.

EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 331 St. James street. 47c

Ask your grocer for

SCREENED HARDWOOD CHARCOAL

For

Kindling and Toasting

Makes

COOKING EASY

Quality Unsurpassed

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Do You Eat Alum?

Perhaps you do unconsciously in your food. Some baking powders contain large quantities of this astringent, irritating chemical. Guard your health by using Strong's Baking Powder. No harmful ingredient in this—It's a pure cream of tartar and soda leavener. Costs but 25c a pound.

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Graduate Pharmacists Only Fill Prescriptions Here.

BE SURE FIRST

When you send your clothes to be cleaned or dyed, you want to be sure they will be done well. Parker's, with their thirty years' experience, give you this assurance. They give satisfaction.

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Dyers and Cleaners,

211 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

Gents' Overcoats On Credit

$7.50 Up

Coats for men and youths, in grays browns, blacks, olive greens, etc.

A small payment down, and a little every week, so pays the bill.

Let us prove this to you.

M. Fishbein & Co.

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ASK YOURSELVES



Who does your cleaning and pressing, and those who are best satisfied in that line will always refer you to

JACKSON, THE CLEANER

We have built up our reputation by always doing high-class work, and charging reasonable prices.

WE GUARANTEE OUR DRY CLEANING.

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With lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatism or any form of Kidney or Bladder Trouble when Syst-Seal will cure you; 50c per box, 6 boxes $2.50. At all dealers or the

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THE LAUREL HOUSE
Now Open. A. J. Murphy, Manager.

THE LAUREL IN THE PINES
Opens Nov. 18. Frank F. Shute, Mgr.

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Omond's 468 Cough Mixture. Nature's greatest combination for the quick and sure relief of coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

A tried and true remedy that actually does the work.

Twenty-five cents.

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THE LITTLE DRUG STORE, 468 Dundas Street. Phone 1429.

We carry a full line of Men's Heavy Gloves and Mitts.

J. G. STEELE & CO.

HARDWARE.

204 DUNDAS. PHONE 750.

LOBO.

Mr. Archibald McGugan is having a clearing auction sale Wednesday next, the 15th inst. Afterwards Mr. and Mrs. McGugan will move to their new home in the village.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

TODAY'S MARKET AN ACTIVE ONE

Continued activity marked the entire market this morning.

Potatoes are still jumping skyward, and as high as $1 25 per bag was asked for retail quantities this morning. The price varies all the way from $1 10 to $1 25 per bag.

Hay is still high and tops the market at $17 50 per ton, the price ranging from $16 up per ton.

Wheat is worth 87c per bu., although some buyers are only offering 85c.

Oats sell readily at from $1 40 to $1 45 per cwt., and in some cases jump up to $1 50 per cwt.

Dressed hogs are steady at $9 and $9 25 per cwt. for choice pork. Other dressed meats are fairly steady.

Butter and eggs are still commanding exceptionally high prices. Butter retails at from 29c to 30c per lb. Eggs bring from 29c to 32c per doz. retail.

On the whole the market was quite as large as usual and prices in all lines were invariably active.

Another important advance in the price of live hogs was made today when the price for Monday's shipment was quoted at $6 25 per cwt. This is 25 cents higher than last week's price.

Grain, Per Cwt.			
New wheat, per cwt.	$1 27	to	$1 30
Barley, per cwt.	1 10	to	1 11
New oats, per cwt.	1 40	to	1 50
Grain, Per Bushel.			
Old wheat, per bu.	85	to	86
New wheat, per bu.	85	to	85
Hungarian seed, per bu	80	to	80
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, per ton	16 00	to	17 50
Straw, per ton	8 00	to	8 00
Dairy Produce.			
Butter, store lots, lb.	24	to	25
Butter, creamery, lb.	27	to	27
Butter, dairy, wholesale	26	to	26
Butter, dairy, retail, lb	28	to	29
Eggs, dairy hall price	30	to	31
Eggs, fresh-laid, doz.	30	to	30
Eggs, crate, wholesale	28	to	30
Honey, section, doz.	2 00	to	2 00
Poultry, Dressed.			
Turkeys, lb, retail	19	to	20
Turkeys, lb, wholesale	18	to	19
Turkeys, old toms, lb.	16	to	17
Chickens, per pair	1 00	to	1 50
Chickens, lb, wholesale	12	to	12
Old fowl, per lb.	12	to	13
Spring chickens, lb.	12	to	13
Ducks, per pair	1 75	to	2 00
Ducks, lb, wholesale	12	to	13
Ducks, lb, retail	14	to	15
Geese, lb, wholesale	12	to	12
Turkeys, bazaar prices	22	to	25
Geese, lb, wholesale	14	to	14
Poultry, etc., Alive.			
Turkeys, per lb.	11	to	12
Ducks, per lb.	9	to	10
Spring chickens, lb.	10	to	11
Old fowl, per lb.	6	to	7
Butchers' Meats.			
Lamb, per lb.	10	to	10
Beef, young, cwt.	7 00	to	9 00
Dressed hogs, choice	9 00	to	9 25
Veal, per cwt.	10 00	to	11 00
Beef cows, cwt.	7 00	to	8 50
Mutton, per cwt.	7 00	to	9 00
Heavy hogs, cwt.	8 50	to	8 75
Live Stock.			
Select hogs, cwt.	6 00	to	6 00
Fat sows, cwt.	4 40	to	4 50
Stags, per cwt.	2 00	to	2 00
Export cattle, per cwt.	5 00	to	6 50
Milch cows, each	40 00	to	60 00
Small pigs, pair	4 00	to	7 00
Hides and Wool.			
Lambskins, each	65	to	70
Hides, No. 1, lb.	10	to	10
Hides, No. 2, lb.	9	to	9
Hides, No. 3, lb.	8	to	8
Wool, unwashed, lb.	12	to	12
Wool, washed, lb.	20	to	20
Calfskins, per lb.	14	to	14
Tallow, rough, lb.	3½	to	3½
Tallow, rendered, lb.	5	to	5½
Sheepskins, each	60	to	70
Vegetables.			
Beets, per bunch	5	to	10
Cucumbers, per doz.	20	to	30
Squash, per doz.	80	to	1 00
Green corn, per doz.	12	to	12
Tomatoes, basket	25	to	35
Green tomatoes	15	to	20
Preserving tomatoes	35	to	35
Artichokes, per peck	25	to	25
Parsnips, per bu.	35	to	40
Potatoes, per bag	90	to	1 00
Turnips, per doz.	20	to	25
Radishes, doz. bunches	30	to	30
Celery, doz. bunches	40	to	40
Cauliflower, per doz.	75	to	1 50
Carrots, per bu.	25	to	35
Pickling cucumbers, 100	35	to	40
Fruits			
Apples, per bu.	60	to	70
Apples, per basket	25	to	30

HAY.

TORONTO, Nov. 10.—Baled hay is steady owing to moderate receipts. Straw is firmer.

Quotations—No. 1 baled hay, $15 to $15 50 per ton on track, Toronto; inferior hay $10 50 to $12.

Baled Straw—$7 to $7 50 per ton on track.

POTATOES.

Potatoes — Ontario potatoes are quoted in car lots on track Toronto at $1 10 per bag, and out of store at $1 25. Delawares are quoted at $1 15 in car lots, and $1 30 out of store.

OILS.

Savannah, Nov. 10. — Turpentine, firm, 45c to 45¼c; sales, 330; receipts, 347; shipments, 450; stocks, 39,125. Rosin—Firm; sales, 2,741; receipts, 1,923; shipments, 1,581; stock, 91,150. Quote: B, $6 10 to $6 15; D, $6 15; E, $6 20 to $6 25; F, G, $6 25 to $6 27½; H, $6 25 to $6 30; I, $6 25; K, $6 30; M, $6 50; N, $6 65; Wg, $7 35; Ww, $7 60.

DAIRY.

IROQUOIS, Nov. 10.—At the regular meeting of the Iroquois Cheese Board, held here today, 483 colored cheese were offered. All sold on the board at 13⅝c.

Picton, Nov. 10.—At our cheese board today 19 factories boarded 1,090 boxes, all colored; 973 sold at 13⅞c and 37 at 13 13-1c; balance unsold.

VICTORIAVILLE, QUE., Nov. 10.—About 900 boxes of cheese sold here today at 13¼c.

NAPANEE, Nov. 10.—Cheese boarded; 160 white and 395 colored; all sold at 13 11-16c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10. — Cotton futures closed steady; closing bids: Nov., 9.14c; Dec., 9.25c; Jan., 9.05c; Feb., 9.09c; March, 9.15c; April, 9.20c; May, 9.26c; June, 9.27c; July, 9.31c; Aug., 9.27c; Sept., 9.30c; Oct., 9.30b. Spot closed dull; middling uplands, 9.55c; do gulf, 9.70c. No sales.

SEEDS.

TORONTO, Nov. 10. — Prices paid by dealers at country points are as follows:

Alsike—Fancy, $9 50 to $10; No. 1, $9 25 to $9 50; No. 2, $9.

Red Clover—Fancy, $11; No. 1, $10 50 to $10 75; No. 2, $10 25 to $10 50.

SEANS.

TORONTO, Nov. 10.—Beans—Prices steady at $2 15 to $2 20 for primes and $2 25 to $2 30 for handpicked.

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,000; market dull, but steady; beeves, $4 65 to $9 10; Texas steers, $4 to $6 85; western steers, $4 25 to $7 25; stockers and feeders, $3 to $5 80; cows and heifers, $2 to $6; calves, $5 50 to $8 50. Hogs —Receipts estimated at 12,000; market slow, at yesterday's average; light, $5 70 to $6 42½; mixed, $5 95 to $6 52½; heavy, $5 90 to $6 55; roughs, $5 90 to $6 15; good to choice heavy, $6 15 to $6 55; pigs, $3 75 to $5 35; bulk of sales at $6 20 to $6 45. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 1,500; market steady; natives, $2 50 to $3 80; westerns, $2 65 to $3 80; yearlings, $3 70 to $4 40; lambs, natives, $3 75 to $5 80; westerns, $3 50 to $5 70.

PRODUCE.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 11—Close.—Wheat —Spot easy; No. 2 Manitoba, 7s 9d; No. 3 Manitoba, 7s 4½d; futures easier; December, 7s 1⅝d; March, 7s 1¾d; May, 7s ¾d. Corn—Spot easy; American mixed, 6s 3d; futures quiet; January, 5s 6½d; February, 5s 5¾d. Flour—Winter patents, 27s. Hops (in London)—Pacific coast, £11 to £12. Beef—Extra India mess, 86s 3d. Pork—Prime mess western, 96s 3d. Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 58s 6d. Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, 53s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, 55s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, 54s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, 57s; do, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, 57s; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, 49s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, 42s 6d. Lard—Prime western, in tierces, 47s 6d; United States refined, in pails, 48s 6d. Butter—Good United States, 112s. Cheese—Canadian finest white, 69s. do, colored, 69s 6d. Tallow—Prime city, 25s; Australian (in London), 35s 4½d. Turpentine spirits—34s 6d. Rosin—Common, 15s 6d. Petroleum—Refined, 6⅜d. Linseed oil—41s. Cottonseed oil (Hull refined)—Spot, 30s 6d.

TORONTO, Nov. 11.—Wheat—Prices have rallied again today. Quotations: Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, red or mixed, 87c to 88c in car lots outside. Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, new, $1 06¼; No. 2 northern, $1 04; No. 3 northern, $1 01, on track at bay ports; Manitoba feed wheat, 73c. Canadian western oats —No. 2, 45¾c; No. 3, 44¼c, on track at bay ports. Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 44c to 44½c, on cars at country points, and 47c to 48c on track at Toronto. Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 78½c, c. i. f., Midland; new yellow corn, no grade, all-rail, December shipment, on track at Toronto, 72½c. Peas—No. 2, $1 05 to $1 10, in car lots outside. Rye—No. 2, 89c to 90c outside. Barley—Malting, 90c to 93c outside; feed, 70c to 75c. Millfeed—Manitoba bran, $23 in bars, on track at Toronto; shorts, $25; Ontario bran nominal, at $24 in bags; shorts nominal, at $26. Ontario flour—Winter 90 per cent patents, $3 50 to $3 60, Montreal freight, for export, and $3 75 for home consumption.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

WINNIPEG, Nov. 11.—Wheat closed today as follows: Dec., 94¾c; May, 97¾c.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 11. — Wheat closed today: Dec., $1 03¾.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
Dec.	93⅞	95¼	93	93¼
May	100	100¾	99¾	99⅝
Corn—				
Dec.	63⅛	63½	62⅝	62⅜
May	64⅛	64½	64	64⅜
Oats—				
Dec.	47⅜	47⅝	47⅛	47¼
May	50	50¼	49¾	49¾
Pork—				
Jan.	16 25	16 40	16 25	16 25
Lard—				
Jan.	9 35	9 35	9 32	9 32
Short Ribs—				
Jan.	8 45	8 47	8 40	8 40

HIDES.

TORONTO, Nov. 10.—Hides and Wool—Latest quotations: City hides—No. 1 inspected steers and cows, 12½c; No. 2 inspected steers and cows, 11½c; No. 3 inspected, steers, cows and bulls, 10½c. City calfskins——14c to 15c. Country markets—The prices for country stock being paid by city dealers are: Hides, cured, 11½c; green, 10½c; lambs and pelts, 50c to 65c; horsehides, No. 1, $3 25; horsehair, 30c to 32c; calfskins, 13c to 14c. Wool—Unwashed, 13c to 14c; washed, 19c to 20c; rejects, 15c.

FINANCIAL.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Stocks closed as follows: Consols, for money, 78 91-16; do, for account, 78 11-16; Amalgamated Copper, 61⅝; Anaconda, 7⅝; Atchison, 111⅜; do, preferred, 107; Baltimore and Ohio, 106; Canadian Pacific, 248⅝; Chesapeake and Ohio, 77½; Chicago Great Western, 21; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 116¼; De Beers, 19⅜; Denver and Rio Grande, 25¾; do, preferred, 51; Erie, 34¾; do, first preferred, 56¾; do, second preferred, 46½; Grand Trunk, 26⅝; Illinois Central, 145½; Louisville and Nashville, 155; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 33⅝; New York Central, 111; Norfolk and Western, 112; do, preferred, 91; Ontario and Western, 42; Pennsylvania, 63¼; Rand Mines, 6¾; Reading, 78¼; Southern Railway, 31⅝; do, preferred, 74⅜; Southern Pacific, 118; Union Pacific, 178¼; do, preferred, 94½; United States Steel, 65⅞; do, preferred, 113½; Wabash, 12⅜; do, preferred, 25½. Bar silver steady, 25 1-16d per ounce. Money, 1¾ to 2 per cent. Discount rates—Short bills, 3⅝ to 3¾ per cent; three months' bills, 3½ to 3⅝ per cent.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Week-end realising and evening up of accounts produced considerable irregularity during today's session, and although prices generally receded, still it could hardly be said at any time that the market possessed a weak tone. We still believe that the majority of issues have not as yet recorded their highest prices on the current movement, but there does not appear to be any necessity for climbing for stocks. In fact, it may be the part of wisdom to accept at least a portion of profits on long stocks on the upturns.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	59⅜	60⅝	59½	60⅛
American Sugar	117½	117½	116½	116½
Amer. Cotton Oil	43⅝	..	..	..
Amer. Locomotive	36⅝	..	..	..
Amer. Foundry	53⅛	54¼	53½	53⅝
Amer. Refining	72½	73	72	72⅝
Atchison, com.	108⅝	108½	108	108⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	103¼	103¼	102¾	103⅜
Brooklyn Transit	78⅝	78⅝	78¼	78⅛
Canadian Pacific	241⅝	243	241⅝	242
Consolidated Gas	141⅝	141⅝	141	141
Erie, com.	33⅝	33⅝	33	33⅜
Erie, 1st pfd.	54⅜	54¼	54½	54⅜
Kansas & Texas	32⅜	32⅜	32¼	32¼
Lehigh Valley	178⅞	180	177⅝	179
Louisville & Nash.	150½	150½	149¾	149¾
Inter-Metropolitan	46	46	44⅞	45
Missouri Pacific	41⅜	41¾	41½	41½
National Lead	61	..	..	..
New York Central	108	108½	108	108⅛
Norfolk & Western	108⅞	109	108⅜	108⅝
Ontario & Western	40⅞	40⅞	40⅜	40⅝
Pennsylvania	128⅝	128⅝	128⅜	128⅜
Reading	152⅞	154⅝	152⅛	153⅛
Republic Steel	23	..	..	..
Rock Island	27⅞	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝
Southern Railway	30⅝	30⅝	30¼	30¼
Southern Pacific	114⅝	115	114⅛	114¼
St. Paul	113¼	114½	113⅛	113½
Union Pacific	173⅞	174	172⅝	173⅝
U. S. Leather	24	..	..	..
U. S. Steel	64½	65	63⅞	63⅝
U. S. Steel, pfd.	110⅝	110⅜	110	110
Wabash, com.	12	..	..	..
Wabash, pfd.	24¾	24¾	23¾	24
Western Union	76⅛	..	..	..

Toronto Stock Sales—Morning Session.

Morning Sales: Sao Paulo, 150 at 183, 25 at 182¾, 45 at 183, 25 at 183¼, 50 at 183⅛, 100 at 183⅜, 3 at 183⅝, 10 at 183¾, 100 at 183⅝; Russell M., 5 at 93; Russell M., preferred, 25 at 104½; Sawyer-Massey, 176 at 37½; Canada Steel, 5 at 36, 25 at 35¾; Canada Steel, preferred, 25 at 90½, 17 at 91, 25 at 90½, 1 at 91, 25 at 90¾, 46 at 91; Locomotive, preferred, 50 at 90; Twin City, 1 at 107, 60 at 106½, 10 at 106; Black Lake, 100 at 3½; Penmans, 25 at 67¾; Toronto Rails, 125 at 139, 50 at 139¼, 25 at 139⅛, 50 at, 139¾, 25 at 139⅝, 75 at 139⅞, 368 at 140, 25 ata 139¼, 46 at 139, 25 at 139½, 25 at 139⅝, 25 at 139¾, 30 at 139½; Pacific Burt, 18 at 40; Pacific Burt, preferred, 2 at 90; Canada Permanent, 100 at 171; Maple Leaf, 50 at 68, 25 at 68¼, 75 at 68½, 25 at 68¾; Maple Leaf, preferred, 50 at 100¼, 3 at 100¼; La Rose, 25 at 395; Duluth-Superior, 5 at 81¼; Imperial, 3 at 223½; Crown Reserve, 50 at 295; F. N. Burt, 45 at 115½; Cement, 15 at 28¼, 1 at 29, 5 at 28¼; City Dairy, 25 at 59⅝, 25 at 60; City Dairy, preferred, 1 at 101; Ric, 10 at 114¾, 60 at 115; Traders' Bank, 17 at 143; C. P. R., 25 at 241⅝; Rogers, 115 at 178¼; Rogers, preferred, 1 at 109¼; Nova Scotia, 20 at 273½; Porto Rico, 25 at 70, 25 at 70½; Electric Development bonds, 1,000 at 90½, 3,000 at 90¼, 1,000 at 90⅝; Electric Development bonds, preferred, 25 at 65¼, 50 at 65¼, 50 at 65¼; Canners, 25 at 71⅞, 25 at 71⅝; Richelieu and Ontario Navigation, 25 at 125⅝; Commerce, 8 at 206½, 10 at 206¼.

Montreal Stock Sales—Morning Session.

Morning Sales: Detroit, 35 at 72¾, 50 at 72⅞, 75 at 73; Twin City, 5 at 106½, 25 at 105¾; Soo, common, 75 at 136½, 25 at 136¾, 10 at 136¼; Porto Rico, 25 at 70¼, 25 at 70⅝; Rio, 20 at 114⅜, 330 at 114½, 5 at 114⅝; Shawinigan, 100 at 122⅜, 25 at 122½, 135 at 122; Pacific, 75 at 241⅝; Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Co., 425 at 126, 10 at 125¾, 10 at 125⅝; Street, 10 at 225; Sao Paulo, 25 at 182½; Ottawa Light and Power, 25 at 149, 25 at 150; Toronto Railway, 151 at 139, 25 at 139¼, 50 at 139⅜, 200 at 139½, 200 at 139⅝, 8 at 139¼, 39 at 139½, 75 at 139⅝, 9 at 139½, 25 at 139¼, 50 at 139⅝, 5 at 139½; Power, 220 at 183⅜, 145 at 183¼, 35 at 183¾, 410 at 183½, 5 at 183¼, 70 at 183½, 75 at 183⅝, 10 at 183⅜; D. Canners, 75 at 70½, 165 at 71, 110 at 70¾, 160 at 71½, 405 at 72, 30 at 72¼, 510 at 72½, 25 at 72¼, 25 at 71⅜, 15 at 72; Laurentide, common, 25 at 147; Quebec Railway, 25 at 62; Steel Corporation, 575 at 60, 50 at 59⅝, 160 at 59⅝, 50 at 57⅞, 175 at 59¾, 225 at 59¾, 75 at 59½, 25 at 59⅜, 75 at 59¼, 10 at 59, 200 at 59⅜, 420 at 59½, 130 at 59⅛; Sherwin-Williams, preferred, 41 at 90; Lake of Woods, preferred, 20 at 122; Smart Bag Co., 25 at 66; Steel Co. of Canada, 15 at 36; Steel Co. of Canada, preferred, 25 at 90¼, 10 at 90; Penmans, 25 at 58½, 25 at 58; Canada Cotton, preferred, 8 at 73; Cement 200 at 28⅜, 1 at 28, 2 at 28½, 55 at 28¼; Cement, preferred, 110 at 90, 10 at 89¾; Iron, preferred, 17 at 102, 25 at 102¼; Scotia, 5 at 95½; Merchants' Bank, 10 at 158; Molsons Bank 8 at 206; Bank of Commerce, 18 ata 207; Bank of Montreal, 1 at 239¼; Bank Nova Scotia, 1 at 279½.

NANKING STREETS RUN WITH BLOOD

Manchu Forces Kill Innocent Men, Women and Children.

FOREIGNERS ARE SAFE

One of the Most Awful Tragedies of Modern Times Reported From the Chinese Revolution.

Nanking, Nov. 10.—The imperial troops today descended on the innocent Chinese of this city, and before their awful work was done thousands had been murdered and their bodies had been left to lie in the city's streets.

With the excuse that they were striving to put down the rebellion, every person suspected of having revolutionary tendencies was killed. The Manchu soldiers did not stop with the killing of men who wore no queues. They slew women and children as they ran terror-stricken through the streets.

Thousands managed to escape from the city and to find refuge behind the lines of the rebel soldiers, who are gathered about the city in numbers larger than those of the imperial troops within, but ineffective against the imperials because of the lack of ammunition.

A resumption of the attack by the Republicans had been expected for several days, but the Republicans' ammunition had not arrived. The Manchu troops, some 12,000 in number, learned of this and determined to take advantage of the opportunity.

The order was given to the Manchus to kill every native who wore a bit of white suggesting the badge of the revolutionists. Shortly after 8 o'clock the troops pounced upon the defenceless Chinese, hundreds of whom were at that hour making for the gates of the city carrying their few belongings. The order to kill was carried out to the letter. No explanation for the presence of white about the costume, though it were only a handkerchief or the white shoes of mourners, served to stay the hand of the executioner, and with sword or rifle, the native, be he old or young, was sent to join his ancestors. It is not possible to even attempt to estimate the number whose lives were sacrificed. Literally the streets of Nanking ran blood, and the day will go down in history as one blacker than any of modern times.

The murders were followed by fires, as the emptied houses of the dead were pillaged, and soon a large section of the native city had been burned.

With all the killing of the Chinese not a foreigner or missionary is known to have suffered at the hands of the soldiers, not even those who protested against the murder of innocents. China apparently had learned her lesson in the days of the Boxers.

There are 12,000 imperial and old-style soldiers entrenched tonight on Purple Hill, resting after their awful day's work. Outside the city between 20,000 and 30,000 Republican troops await the coming of ammunition, which is due by boat and across country from Shanghai. Within the city there is a scene of desolation unparalleled. Those who remain in Nanking are filled with dread for the future.

Retaliation Feared.

The massacre at Nanking will prove to be the worst feature of the revolution so far.

The slaughter is reported to have followed severe fighting between the rebels and the imperialists. The reports apparently indicate that the rebels were compelled to retire for some reason, perhaps the lack of ammunition, as Nanking is still in Manchu hands.

We own and offer
@ Rate to yield 5%

Canadian Northern Railway Equipment

4½%

FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS
Series "B1"

(TOTAL ISSUE - - - $1,500,000)

Dated September 1st, 1911 **Due serially as below**

Interest payable 1st March and 1st September at The Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto, New York and London, England

Denominations: $500 and $1,000
with provision for registration of principal.

The legal opinion of Alexander Bruce, K.C., will be furnished.

MATURITIES NOW OFFERED

1st March,	*1917*	*$50,000*	*1st September,*	*1919*	*$50,000*
1st September,	*1917*	*$50,000*	*1st March,*	*1920*	*$50,000*
1st March,	*1918*	*$50,000*	*1st September,*	*1920*	*$50,000*
1st September,	*1918*	*$50,000*	*1st March,*	*1921*	*$50,000*
1st March,	*1919*	*$50,000*	*1st September,*	*1921*	*$50,000*

TRUSTEE:
NATIONAL TRUST CO., LIMITED, TORONTO

The Canadian Northern Railway issues its equipment obligations through a subsidary corporation—The Imperial Rolling Stock Company, Limited—and covenants to pay principal and interest at maturity. These equipment obligations constitute a first mortgage on standard motive power and rolling stock at only 75% of their contract price, the balance being paid in cash by the Railway Company.

Every safeguard is taken for the insurance, maintenance, and replacement of the mortgaged equipment.

Title to the equipment remains with the Trustee until all bonds issued against it are retired. As equipment is absolutely essential to the operation of a railroad, the integrity of equipment bonds must be preserved.

Since 1902 the Canadian Northern Railway has issued equipment bonds to a par value of $25,086,458, of which amount $8,746,275 had been retired by November 2nd, 1911. Equipment bonds to a par value of $16,340,182 are at present outstanding and are held as permanent investments by numerous private and institutional investors in Canada, England and the United States.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EARNINGS

	1908	1909	1910	1911
Gross Earnings	*$9,709,462*	*$10,581,767*	*$13,833,061*	*$16,360,712*
Oper. Expenses	*6,676,775*	*7,015,405*	*9,488,671*	*11,370,365*
Net Earnings	*3,032,686*	*3,566,362*	*4,344,390*	*4,990,346*
Fixed Charges	*2,353,767*	*2,919,617*	*3,313,632*	*3,982,651*
Surplus	*$ 678,929*	*$ 646,745*	*$ 1,030,758*	*$ 1,007,695*

Equipment Bonds issued in this form have established a Record for Security unequalled by any other form of Railway Obligation.

Price: — Rate to yield 5% on the investment.

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HEAD OFFICE - - - TORONTO

E. A. OSLER, M. P., President. W. D. MATTHEWS, Vice-President.
Capital, $4,000,000. Reserve, $5,000,000.
Total Assets, $62,500,000.

A branch of this bank has been established in London, England, at 73 CORNHILL, E. C.

This branch will issue letters of credit and drafts on all important points in Canada, negotiate bills sent for collection, make telegraphic transfers, and transact every description of banking business.

Information will be furnished on all Canadian matters.

A special department is provided for the use of visitors and bearers of our Letters of Credit.

C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

TEMISKAMING

We are in a position to state that the Temiskaming Company has acquired stock control of the North Dome Mines on very advantageous terms. This was done only after a careful and exhaustive examination of the Porcupine property by the Temiskaming engineers. The transaction is a most important one, and promises to be almost sensational in its bearing on Temiskaming Stock.

We are reliably informed that the first payment binding the deal was made Saturday, and we are assured that the transaction is an actual purchase and not an option. We also learn from the same source that the taking over of the North Dome will not interfere with the Temiskaming dividend, and that the next regular distribution has already been provided for.

The value of Temiskaming stock, based upon its Cobalt estate alone, is probably more than its selling price in the market at the present time, and with the great potential value of North Dome control added to its treasury assets, Temiskaming presents a money-making opportunity which our local market has seldom witnessed.

We advise our clients and friends to buy Temiskaming immediately, and at the market while the stock is still low. We look for it to have a very material advance on the strength of its new speculative position alone, and should North Dome prove to be the valuable property that its present showings indicate, Temiskaming will sell at several times its present price. Act quickly if you wish to secure full advantage Temiskaming stock now offers.

PHONE OR WIRE ORDERS AT OUR EXPENSE.

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COMMISSION STOCK BROKERS.

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DESPERATE VALOR OF ITALIANS BEATS OFF TURK ATTACK

Series of Skirmishes Develops Into Most Furious General Action of the War in Tripoli.

Tripoli, Nov. 10.—Strong forces of Turks and Arabs, supported by artillery, delivered a determined attack on the Italians today all along the line between Hamidieh and Boumeliana, but principally against the extreme left.

Beginning early this morning with a series of skirmishes, the fighting about noon took on the character of a general action. As usual, the Turks displayed desperate courage, but were unable to withstand the tremendous fire from the trenches and the field artillery, and the guns of the armored cruiser, Carlo Alberto, which lay in the roadstead. Therefore they retreated all along the line. No Italian losses have been reported.

While the Eleventh Bersaglieri was attacking the fort at Hamidieh, which had been stormed last night, they were suddenly taken on the flank by a large force of Arabs hidden in the palm and olive groves, and heavy losses were sustained before the enemy were beaten off.

Commission Rules In King's Absence

London, Nov. 11.—A meeting of the privy council was held at Buckingham Palace yesterday and a commission appointed which is empowered to summon and hold councils for the dispatch of state business during the absence of the King in India. The members of the commission are Prince Arthur of Connaught, the Archbishop of Canterbury, Lord Loreburn, the lord high chancellor, and Viscount Morley of Blackburn, the lord president of the privy council.

The festivities in India will last until Jan. 7, when their majesties will embark for the homeward journey and reach England at the end of January.

SICILIAN BANDITS CONFESS MURDER

Five Men Arrested for Slaying and Three Break Down.

TREMBLE BEFORE GIRL

One Prisoner at a Time Brought Before Women They Threatened With Revolvers.

White Plains, N. Y., Nov. 10.—Within 24 hours after Mrs. Henry Hall was brutally murdered in the Griffen homestead at Croton Lake, in the northern part of Westchester County, by five Sicilian bandits, who also held up Miss Anna Griffen and Mrs. John S. Ray at the point of a revolver and then robbed the house, Thursday morning, the county authorities and the aqueduct police arrested five suspects, and tonight it was stated that four of them will be directly charged with the crime.

Three of the prisoners have confessed to District Attorney Winslow and Coroner Squires that they were at the Griffen house, and that they held Mrs. Ray and Miss Griffen at bay with drawn revolvers, but they deny that they took any part in the killing of Mrs. Hall.

Killed Mrs. Hall By Mistake.

It was the general opinion of the officials today that the desperadoes killed Mrs. Hall in mistake for Mrs. John Griffen, who owned the farmhouse and who recently collected $3,000 on a life insurance policy held by her father, who died a short time ago. Someone had spread the tip that Mrs. Griffen had the money in the house, and this was what the robbers were after. Mrs. Hall was attacked in her kitchen, and although there was no witness to the crime, Mrs. Hall evidently was attacked in mistake for Mrs. Griffen, who was ill in a hospital in White Plains. Mrs. Hall first was gagged with her apron to prevent her from making an outcry, then brutally tortured, and finally when the robber could not get her to show the hiding place of the money he stabbed her.

The men under arrest are Vincenzo Carno and Felipe De Marto, of Smith and Union streets, Williamsburg; Tony Turiddo, Giuseppe Peppo and Giuseppe Bordnucci, of Brooklyn.

There was a dramatic scene in the district attorney's office today when Coroner Squires had Sheriff Hartnett bring in one prisoner at a time for identification. Miss Griffen was the first to enter the room. As soon as she saw Peppo she said:

"That is one of the men who pointed a revolver at me when I went to give him a can of milk at the door. He told me to throw up my hands and not to make any noise."

Peppo Trembles.

The prisoner evidently recognized Miss Griffen first, because he lowered his eyes and trembled slightly.

When De Marto was marched in he said he was the companion of Peppo.

Mrs. Ray, who has suffered from a nervous breakdown owing to her experience with the Italians, was very nervous and feared to face the prisoner. She finally was persuaded by her husband, and when she saw Carno she said he was the man who held her up in the front yard when she tried to escape from the house. She was positive in her identification.

Carno was put through the third degree at the police headquarters by Inspector Carmody, and after a five-hour grilling he broke down and made a confession. He was most emphatic in saying that he did not know who went to the second floor, where Mrs. Hall was killed, but admitted being on the outside of the house and of taking part in the holdup.

All the prisoners carried revolvers, and two of them had ugly dirks concealed in their coats.

After Carno had made his confession, De Marto also confessed, and he, as well as Carno implicated Peppo and Turiddo.

Other people are getting bargains at W. B. LAWSON'S Retiring Sale of BOOTS, SHOES and LEATHER GOODS—Why not you?

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF.

ECZEMA CAN BE CURED

There is no need for you to suffer another day with the awful itch from Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, or any other skin disease. D.D.D. Prescription for Eczema stops the itch instantly! Yes, the instant the first few drops are applied to the burning skin the itch is stopped—not in half an hour, not in 10 minutes, but in 10 seconds.

You can have no idea of the wonderful effect of D.D.D. until your suffering is instantly relieved by this wonderful remedy, and when used with D.D.D. Soap it keeps the skin in perfect condition.

We are confident that D.D.D. will cure any case of Eczema or skin trouble of any other kind. Get a trial bottle from the D.D.D. Laboratories, Dept. L.A., 49 Colborne street, Toronto, or call and see us about it.

W. T. Strong, druggist; Anderson & Nelles, druggists.

Largest School

During the past year the London Business College enrolled more students than any other business college in the city.. There's a reason. Seven colleges. Largest trainers in Canada. Thirty years' experience. School of Isaac Pitman Shorthand. Exclusive rights of famous Bliss Bookking System. Our graduates get the best positions, and the demand for them has been nine times the supply. Best equipped school in Western Ontario. Affiliated with Commercial Educators' Association of Canada. Day and night classes. Call and inspect our school, then decide.

SPOTTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

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ROBERT KING, PRINCIPAL.
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DR. DE VAN'S PILLS,
A reliable regulator. Never known to fail. Dr. De Van's Pills are very powerful in regulating the generative portion of the system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. De Van's Pills are sold at $5 a box, mailed direct on receipt of price, from the Scobell Drug Company, St. Catharines, Ont. Sold by all druggists in London. ywt

Taxicab Service

Open Day and Night. Telephone 18
Mitchell Garage and Sales Co.
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OPEN 8 P.M. TO 12 P.M.
Special Attention to Dinner and Supper.
Business Men's Lunches 50c
SERVED IN CAFE 12 to 2 P.M.



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Eye Strain is not caused by disease—it is a defect in the structure or muscle of the eye. There may be a hundred and one irregularities which cause Eye Strain and consequent headache.

How Are Your Eyes?

Our examining rooms are complete with the latest and most scientific instruments for the detection of eye defects, no matter how complicated. We make a specialty of children's eyes, and treat them successfully without the aid of drops or drugs of any kind.

THE BROWN OPTICAL CO.
Physical Eyesight Specialists and Manufacturing Opticians,
237 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 1877.

Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Scranton Coal.
BEST COAL IN MARKET.
Now is the time to fill your coal-bins. Be sure you get the best Coal, or you will have trouble when heat is needed. W. H. WINNETT handles none other. All sizes in stock; well screened. Prompt delivery.
W. H. WINNETT
Office and Yard: Corner Horton and William streets. 'Phone 48. tzx

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Men's Black Cloth Coats
with Persian lamb collars.
Also Ladies' Plush Coats
on reasonable terms and prices at
M. HORNSTEIN'S
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Office to let, central, steam heated; only $8.00 a month.
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TRAFFORD'S Fall Furniture DISPLAY
Well worth a visit. Prices right, 129 Dundas Street. 11 Market Lane.

Hamilton's London Porter and Amber Ale
Always in first-class condition. Brewed from finest foreign and Canadian hops and malt.
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XXX Bread
If you eat wisely you will eat plenty of this wholesome Bread every day. It contains the most sustaining and strength building elements, and is easy to digest. About 60 different kinds to choose from.
Johnston Bros.
Phone 944

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Mrs. Boomer desires to thank the friend who has promised her a contribution of $5 in the event of the necessity arising for the burial expenses of Jessie McLeod being met by private subscription.

Lieutenant-Governor Accepts.

Mr. T. J. Murphy, president of the Canadian Club, today received a letter from Lieutenant-Governor Gibson, in which he accepts the invitation to address the club on Tuesday, Dec. 5.

Going to Ottawa.

Rev. Dr. Tucker, rector of St. Paul's Cathedral, will go to Ottawaa on Monday, where he will be one of the speakers at the Ottawa Men's Missionary Convention to be held there the first three days of the week.

Off to the War.

Two coaches of Italian reservists, going home to Italy to enlist for the war, went through the city this morning on Grand Trunk train No. 6. The men came from Chicago and other western points.

Church Anniversary.

The 74th anniversary services of the First Congregational Church will be held tomorrow, when Rev. R. G. Watt, B.D., of Guelph, will preach at both services. The anniversary tea-meeting will be held on Monday evening, when Rev. Mr. Watt and others will deliver addresses, and a good programme will be rendered.

Lecture by Rev. J. J. Ross.

Everyone has an instinctive longing to visit Jerusalem, the city of the Great King. This desire can be gratified without the fatigue and expense of a long journey, and in the most enjoyable manner. Rev. J. J. Ross, of Toronto, who has lately returned from an extended visit to the Holy Land, will lecture and exhibit one hundred new views of Jerusalem, the most interesting city in the world, at Talbot Street Baptist Church on Tuesday evening, Nov. 14.

A Dramatic Reader.

Mme. Labadie, of Philadelphia, a dramatic reader of unusual ability, gave one of her readings last night at the Grand Opera House to a fair audience. The programme was arranged for the benefit of the Victorian Order of Nurses, a charity much appreciated by the citizens.

Mme. Labadie took as her subject, "The Servant in the House," and she brought out the meaning of this wonderful play most delightfully. It was a clever bit of work, and altogether appreciated.

Duke as Patron.

Mr. F. C. Thomas (Brantford), secretary of the Canadian Guild of Organists, has received the following letter from Government House: "I am desired by the Governor-General to acknowledge receipt of your letter, and to request you to be good enough to inform your guild that his royal highness will have much pleasure in becoming honorary patron of the Canadian Guild of Organists. His royal highness is much interested in the work of the guild, and wishes it every success."

WYOMING TO HAVE FIRE PROTECTION

Work on New Tanks Will Be Rushed and Hose Purchased.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Wyoming, Nov. 10.—Wyoming's fire protection will be increased by the construction of several new tanks, and the purchase of additional fire hose. New cement tanks will be placed at Dale's cornes, Bennet's corner, and at the Methodist Church. The old tank at Lucas and Rae's corner is to be cleaned out, and put in order. The work will commence at once.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

Mirroscopes
For projecting postcards in colors, photo prints or magazine clippings on a screen. Will give good results. Simple to operate. Just received a complete stock.
J. H. Back & Co.
210 DUNDAS STREET.

FOR
Best-o-Coal
Order Now At
JOHN MANN & SONS
401 CLARENCE ST.
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PHONE 470.

C. H. WARD & CO
DIAMOND MERCHANTS
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR MONEY BACK.
374 RICHMOND STREET.

Parnell's Bread
Is absolutely PURE and SWEET.
It is the MOST WHOLESOME bread that you can buy.
TRY A LOAF
For sale at all grocers, or delivered to your home.
Made by PARNELL, the BREADMAN.
Phones 929-1390.

First and Always First.
"Purity" Baking Powder Is Without a Fault
It is seldom indeed that you find a baking powder without a fault.
Try "PURITY," subject it to any test, and you'll find the purest, rightest and most nourishing food as the result of your efforts.
TWENTY CENTS A POUND.
Cairncross & Lawrence
Chemists and Druggists,
216 DUNDAS STREET.

BROKE HIS PROMISE GOES TO CENTRAL

Stayed In City After Agreeing to Leave and Stole Overcoat.

After being discharged in the police court yesterday morning on a charge of drunkenness, and after promising the magistrate that he would go back to work on the farm of a man named O'Brien, whom he had been working for, Joseph Sumner changed his mind. He decided to stay in the city, and his decision has proven a costly one. Last evening about 5 o'clock, when Nelson Langton went to get his overcoat from a peg in the Harrison House he discovered that it was missing. The police were notified as well as the local pawnbrokers. About 10 o'clock the police received a telephone message from Thomas Fox, who stated that a man was in his store trying to pawn an overcoat. Detective Down went over, and found Sumner with the missing coat. He was placed in the police station, appeared again this morning before Magistrate Judd, elected summary trial, and pleaded guilty, stating that he might have taken the coast, but did not remember doing so. The coat was identified as belonging to Langton. The prisoner stated that he had been in this country for the past three years, coming from Lancashire, England, and had been working on the C. P. R. in the vicinity of the Soo. Lately he had worked on the farm of a man named O'Brien.

"Why did you not go back there yesterday when you promised me?" said the magistrate.

"I was sick, sir," stuttered Sumner.

"There have been too many overcoats stolen in this city lately," continued the magistrate, "and there is no excuse for it. Perhaps if I knew your past history, I would make your sentence more severe, as it is, I sentence you to four months in the Central Prison at hard labor."

Mrs. E. M. McLean will receive at her home, 585 Colborne street, on Thursday, Nov. 16, and afterwards on the first and third Tuesday of each month. b

E. T. Stephens,

Late cutter of John H. Chapman & Co., desires to announce to his friends and customers that for the present he can be found at 190 Wellington street.

The values in the prices quoted at W. B. Lawson's big retiring sale at 198 Dundas street are attracting everybody's attention in boots and shoes. The prices are all cut away down.

R. J. YOUNG & CO'S
GREAT FIRE SALE

TO THE PURCHASING PUBLIC:

Should any person fail to get into either our Drygoods or Clothing Stores on Saturday (and no doubt there will be thousands) on account of the crowd, we say, do not buy one dollar's worth anywhere else, but rather wait till next week—$100,000.00

One Hundred Thousand Dollars' Stock at Salvage Sale Prices With No Water or Fire Damage Whatever

KNOCKED OFF HELMET OF THE CONSTABLE

Fred Wale Wanted to "Whale" Policeman and Was Haled to Cell.

Fred Wale was slightly intoxicated last evening, or he never would have tried to "lick" P. C. William McCullough. This is what brought him into the police court this morning, however, and resulted in his being fined $2. It seems that Wale and a companion were standing at the corner of Colborne street and Ottaway avenue, when P. C. McCullough came along. Wale and his friend were under the influence of liquor, although peaceably inclined. They were apparently looking for a street, as when the policeman came up he noticed them looking at the names on the sidewalk. He offered to assist them in finding it, but Wale got "fresh" and made some insulting remarks. The constable told them to go home, and tried to direct them, but Wale was in a fighting mood, and seemed bent on causing trouble. When the policeman started talking to his companion, Wale became more abusive. When McCullough informed him that he would take him to the station if he did not keep quiet, another torrent of expressions against McCullough in particular and the police force in general came forth. Then he got bold and knocked the policeman's helmet into the mud. After that Wale hardly knew what happened. Things came fast and forceful. This morning in the police court the prisoner pleaded guilty, although claiming he did not remember it at all. The magistrate at first fined him $3, but when he knew Wale had only $2 45 the fine was reduced to $2.

Rough Pair Fined.

James Kane and Bert Clarke were acting disorderly and indecently on a street corner in the heart of the city last evening. It cost them $5 or 15 days this morning, and they have one week in which to pay the money.

Henry Cameron, an Indian lister, was fined $20 or 21 days for getting drunk.

STRATHROY MERCHANT DIES OF APPENDICITIS

Walter M. Smith, Confectioner, Was Only Taken Ill on Monday.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Strathroy, Nov. 11.—Walter N. Smith, for 23 years a resident of Strathroy, died at his home yesterday after a very brief illness with appendicitis. He was only taken ill on Monday. On Thursday evening an operation was performed, from which Mr. Smith never rallied. He had a large bakery and confectionery business here for many years.

Mr. Smith was a leading Liberal. He was prominent in Masonic circles, being a member of Beaver Lodge, No. 8. He also belonged to Howard Lodge, I. O. O. F., and Court Strathroy, C. O. F. He was a member of the Baptist Church. Besides his wife, he leaves one son and one daughter, Milan and Greta. The funeral will be held on Monday afternoon to Strathroy Cemetery.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

We Are Making Home Runs Yet
Even though the baseball season is ended. It's our business to make homes comfortable by sending good coal to them. Have you ever tried our coal?
Hunt Brothers Limited
Telephones 123 or 412.
OFFICE—363 Richmond St.
YARD—Waterloo St. and M. C. Railway.

KAISER'S ADMIRAL IN BELLICOSE MOOD

Says New Battleship Like Crown Prince Is Ready to Fight.

Kiel, Germany, Nov. 11.—The new battleship, which replaces the old Hagen, was launched today in the presence of Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria and christened "Kaiserin" by Princess Victoria Louise.

Grand Admiral Von Koester made the speech of the day. The new warship, he said, was intended to help maintain an honorable peace, which is desired by the German nation, but should war come, the "Kaiserin" would be found, like her majesty's sons, who were always ready to joyfully offer their lives for the fatherland.

R. K. COWAN
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldgs., next Court House, London

Finest carriages and automibiles for wedding. Hueston's Liveries.

London Conservatory of Music and School of Elocution, Limited

announces engagement of Dr. J. H. Pearce, teacher of piano, singing and theory of music, and Miss Georgia M. Newbury, post-graduate of Emerson College of Oratory, teacher of elocution and physical culture. F. L. Willgoose, Mus. Bac., A.R.C.O., Principal. Address, 356 Dundas street, or phone 1101.

London, Ont. **Ross' Limited** Edmonton, Alta.

FURS!

Styles Which Reflect the Latest Productions in the World's Centres of Fur Fashions.

Our reputation as manufacturers of correct styles in high-class workmanship is established. Yet we are not satisfied until the advantages we offer as manufacturers selling direct, thus eliminating middle profits, is known to all purchasers of fur garments. Our perfect equipment combined with experts' skill, will readily demonstrate to our patrons the superior excellence of our productions. Our Fur Coats are so designed that they impart lines of exquisite style and grace to every figure. All kinds of new fur garments made to special measure.

Distinctive Styles and Reasonable Prices



Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department

New Winter Models in Coats. Handsome Showing of Evening Dresses. Novelties in Waists and Neckwear.

SPECIAL---Ecru Net Waists

SIX STYLES TWO PRICES — $2.95 and $3.50 — Exceptional Values 10 Dozen Only

ROSS' LIMITED — 196 DUNDAS ST. LONDON — **ROSS' LIMITED**

CARNEGIE'S WEALTH Brewster's Millions and Spending Task Not in It — **THE PLAINS RIDERS** Thrilling Tales of Canada's Mounted Police — **NEWTON ROWELL** A Character Sketch of the New Liberal Leader

STIRRING TALES OF THE MEN WHO TAMED THE RECKLESS IN THE LAST GREAT WEST

Quiet Riders of the Plains Always Ready in a Gun Fight, Are Boys or Northwest Mounted Police—Unassuming and Not Given to Romancing.

DISEASE AND BAD ACTORS ARE AMONG THE FORCES THEY MUST FIGHT AGAINST

The Royal Northwest Mounted Police have no roll of honor—no Victoria Cross, no distinguished conduct medal, no decoration of their own for distinguished conduct "in the field." Nor do they need one. Membership of such a force as the R. N. W. M. P. is in itself a distinction that is a passport to pluck, a bulletin of bravery, and a certificate of character that admits of no further honor. Moreover, the lack of such distinctions is characteristic of them. They never court publicity. They never boast of what they have done. To them, it is "all in the day's work."

But there are many deeds to their credit which cannot be buried in the oblivion of blue books, and which might well be gathered into a "livre d'or" to rank with the best works on the world's roll of honor, says a writer in the Victoria Colonist.

Some of these have been collated in a form as praiseworthy as it is profoundly interesting in A. L. Haydon's "Riders of the Plains," in which may be read some of the anecdotes by which this story of "Canada's Own" seeks justification.

Fighting the Fever Fiend.

It was "all in the day's work" to Corporal D. B. Smith, when he found himself face to face with a fever fiend at the Norway House Post on the north corner of Lake Winnipeg. Diphtheria and scarlet fever had broken out in virulent form in the district. Indians and "half-breeds" were dying by the score. Day by day, ravaged the district, the solitary policeman tended the sick and was doctor, nurse and lawyer, in turn as he passed from one stricken bedside to another. And at the end, when dread disease claimed its victim for death, it was he who dug the grave and performed the last rites over the corpse. Untiring in effort, fearless in his unaccustomed and new work, did the corporal earn promotion for these simple, but splendid, acts of devotion.

Of such heroism, a hundred stories might be told. The Northwest Mounted Policeman must be a man, not only of fortitude and endurance, of courage and character, but of initiative and resource. To the true patrolman of the plains nothing comes amiss. There is no end to his energies, just as there seems no beginning to the bravery that has made his name a by-word for all times and in all places.

To anyone who knows the Mounted Police at all intimately, the official reports sent in by non-commissioned officers and constables on duty have their amusing side. They are amusing not for what is said, but what is left unsaid. Their bareness of detail is almost indecent in the suggestion of the exposures they might, if they dared reveal. Here is a model of their reticence in report, whose author was stationed at the time at North Portal, near the boundary line:

Just a "Disturbance."

"On the 17th inst., I. Corporal Hogg, was called to the hotel to quiet a disturbance. I found the room full of cowboys, and one Monaghan, or 'Cowboy Jack,' was carrying a gun and pointed it at me, against Sections 105 and 109 of the criminal code. We struggled. Finally I got him handcuffed behind and put him inside. His head being in bad shape, I had to engage the services of a doctor, who dressed his wound. . . To the doctor Monoghan said that if I hadn't grabbed his gun there'd be another death in Canadian history. All of which I have the honor to report.

Signed "C. HOGG, Corporal."

What sort of a "disturbance" this was can best be surmised from a statement added to this report by Corporal Hogg's superior officer. "During the arrest of Monoghan," it says, "the following Government property was damaged: Door broken, screen smashed up, chair broken, field jacket belonging to Corporal Hogg spoiled by being covered with blood, wall bespattered with blood." In fact, quite a little seems to have occurred between 'We struggled" and "Finally"!

Tracking a Story.

With a member of the R. N. W. M. P. the fear of gush is the beginning of wisdom. To "nose" out and extract a story of his experiences from one of the force requires keener detective work and greater diplomacy than was ever used in tracking or treating with a redskin. If you don't believe me, try for yourself on Major J. H. McIlree, I. S. O., the distinguished assistant commissioner of the R. N. W. M. P., of whose exploits I succeeded in securing for the Colonist Sunday Magazine three or four weeks ago. Assistant Commissioner McIlree, who has come recently to live in Victoria, is now retired, but his retirement has only added to his other, and inherent, retirement. You may cajole or "trick" this distinguished officer into an anecdote redounding to the credit of a comrade, but his own claims to honor he keeps subtle hid in a forest of reserve, which even the sunbeams of fancy can scarce penetrate.

500 Miles With a Madman.

So is it with such silent heroes as Sergeant Field and Constable Pedley, whose long, lonely journeys over snow and ice with raving madmen seem phantoms of some frenzied imagination rather than true stories of simple duty nobly done. It is a tragic feature of life in the unsettled parts of the great Northwest that some would-be homesteaders are driven insane by the strain of hardship and the awful loneliness of their lives. Or it may be an Indian or a stranger from "down east" whose mind gives way on some ice-bound desert of despair. In such cases as these, the Mounted Police once again are called in to take charge; and owing to the small strength of the detachments, such a hazardous journey is generally a "one-man job." The story of Constable Pedley's 500-mile journey over ice and snow, river and ravine, with a mad missionary, is beyond description in a few words. Sergeant Field was the hero of several long-distance journeys, of which one of the hardest was made with an Indian lunatic from Fort McKay on the Athabasca River to Fort Saskatchewan, another 500-mile trip, taking seventeen days to accomplish. Most of the way across country there was no trail. The strain on the dog team was increased by the constant violence of the redskin maniac, who often had to be strapped to the sled, as he fought and bit like a mad dog. Another feat of somewhat similar nature was performed by Sergeant Field in 1904, when he was sent to arrest an Indian desperado, who was wanted on a charge of deserting his adopted children, whom he left in the bush to be devoured by wolves. After six months' pursuit, the arrest was effected and the witnesses secured. The next stage in the proceedings was to escort all concerned to Edmonton, a thousand miles way. For 667 miles Sergeant Field and his manacled prisoner travelled down the unexplored river in a canoe. Then, after taking trail for 90 miles, the rest of the journey was accomplished by train — the total distance being 1,788 miles. At Edmonton the callous Indian deserter was tried, found guilty, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Such a punishment was none too heavy, but the arrest proved a valuable lesson to the Indians, as it made known to the "outlands" that there was no place too remote, no crime too insignificant, for the arm of the law to stretch out and lay its hand upon the guilty party. How can one but honor highly such "half-breeds" were dying by the and scarlet fever had broken out in men as Sergeant Field or such a force, for that, even the loneliest and most inaccessible quarter of this vast Dominion, the law enforced by the Royal Northwest Mounted Police is a living thing that no man, red or white, dare set at naught?

Quelling a Riot.

An instance of the dauntless courage and reckless daring which has ever been characteristic of all Canada's Mounted Police force may be told, which occurred during the serious railroad construction strike in the spring of 1885. The scene was at Golden, the little mining town in the Rockies. The British Columbian detachment in the Rockies was then under the command of the redoubtable Inspector Sam Steele, who, with Assistant Commissioner McIlree, joined the force at its inception, and who is now a colonel in the Canadian forces. On the significant date of the 1st of April, 1885, some 1,200 railway workmen struck, and openly threatened acts of violence against both the property and the staff of the railway. At Golden the tough element among the strikers, reinforced by a number of notorious bad characters who had drifted to the spot in quest of plunder, started the "fun." Constable Kerr, one of Inspector Steele's two men, had occasion to arrest a contractor, a desperado of note, and one known to be in active collusion with the strikers. The constable was attacked by a large crowd of strikers and toughs, from whom he barely escaped with his life. Enters now upon the scene Sergeant Fury. As his name suggests, Sergeant Fury was "a determined, bulldog little man," to whom fear was the one thing always deserving of death. Off went little Fury like a Nemesis of the Northwest, to avenge outraged order. He found his man in a saloon, surrounded by as rowdy and ugly-looking a gang of "gaggers" as one could wish not to meet. Without any ado, the sergeant seized his man and hauled him out, only to lose his prisoner in a rush of the strikers, who politely intimated that another attempt at arrest would mean a vacancy in the police ranks. Nothing daunted, and armed with authority (and a revolver), Sergeant Fury said his instructions were to seize the offender, and to shoot anyone who interfered. These instructions he carried out promptly and to the letter. Having seized his man for the third time, and put one ringleader of the rioters out of action with a bullet in his shoulder, Fury with two comrades started off for the barracks with the contractor nicely "contracted," and the mob of shouting strikers at their heels. Outnumbering the three police by nearly 50 to 1, they were determined to get their ally out of the clutches of the law. As the constables dragged their prisoner over a narrow wooden bridge spanning a mountain stream, there was a cry of "Now, boys!" Knives and revolvers flashed out quickly,and just as the fierce little Fury turned to cover his men an unexpected reinforcement appeared. Full speed down the road from the barracks came Inspector Steele, a revolver in one hand, a sword in the other.

"Now," he exclaimed, facing the infuriated mob, "the first man who sets foot on this bridge will be buried beneath it."

The crowd hung back from the grim figure of the man confronting them. Sam Steele was "stiff stuff" and a man of his word. It meant certain death to him who dared to make the first move. Such was the regard in which the power and personality of the police was held that, though plenty of "guns" were out, not one was loosed; not a man of them having the nerve to fire a single shot. The contractor and the ringleaders, who were in turn arrested, under the eye of Sam Steele's muzzle, were fined a hundred dollars each next day, and the strike collapsed. It really wasn't a good enough game with Sam Steele, Fury & Co. about. Nor was there any more trouble at Golden for a long time

Continued on Page Twenty.

WHAT SKILLFUL BOOMING WILL DO FOR A GOOD CITY

[From Leslie's Weekly.]

Memphis' advertising campaign was a wonder. The whole reading public of the United States was made to sit up and take notice. No one was allowed to remain in ignorance of the fact that Memphis was very much on the map.

But while the rest of the country saw tangible evidence of the $20,000 Memphis spent in presenting its claims to the world, few, aside from those who have visited there, know what it accomplished. It is estimated that as a result of that advertising campaign no less than sixty-five manufacturing concerns have moved to Memphis. Careful investigation has revealed that these plants employ, on an average, eighty men apiece.

This would give a total of 5,200 new citizens within a year. Statisticians have figured that for every man there is at least one other dependent on him to be counted, and this would mean a total of 10,400.

POOR ANDREW CARNEGIE GIVES AWAY 15 MILLIONS A YEAR AND HAS LEFT ONLY A TRIFLE OF THE 304 MILLIONS

How Long Will It Take Him to Achieve His Ambition of Dying Penniless?

GETTING RICHER DESPITE GIVING

Ever Since He Sold Steel Plant He Has Been Drawing $30 a Minute.



Isn't it terrible how poor Andrew Carnegie is getting to be?

And what a heart-breaking thing it must be to give away all your money before you die. That's what the ironmaster said he would do.

Let's figure it up.

For 10 years past the laird has been giving away an average of about $15,000,000 a year. Following are some of the larger items that go to make up the total:

Libraries, $51,000,000.
Institute, Pittsburg, $16,000,000.
Carnegie foundation, $15,000,000.
Institute, Washington, $10,000,000.
Scotch universities, $10,000,000.
Hero fund, $5,000,0000.
Peace fund, $10,000,000.
Polytechnic schools, Pittsburg, $10,000,000.

And there are any number of miscellaneous benefactions, organs, the peace temple, and so on, that bring the total up to approximately $190,000,000, mostly given since the sale of the Carnegie steel plant to the United States Steel Corporation.

And all that time Andrew Carnegie has been drawing more than $30 a minute, $44,000 a day, $13,750,000 a year.

The mere interest on the bonds he got for his share of the Carnegie Steel Company has brought him in that time nearly one hundred and forty million dollars.

Poor? Why, Andrew is at least $150,000,000 richer than he was twelve years ago!

In 1899 Judge W. H. Moore and his brother, they of National Biscuit fame, offered Carnegie a million for a 90-day option on his plant. They were going to form a steel trust right off. Carnegie said he would accept if the Moores could get his partners, Frick and Phipps, to join with them. They did and Carnegie fixed the sale price at $157,950,000, charging Frick and Phipps $170,000 for their share in the option. The deal fell through, and the ironmaster kept the $1,170,000—bet your boots he did!

But after that—Just watch.

When, a little later, John D. Rockefeller wanted to buy the Carnegie plant, the price was $250,000,000.

Gone up a cool $93,000,000, you see.

Seven days after John D. refused to pay $250,000,000 for the plant, the ironmaster offered to sell out to his partners for $300,000,000.

Fifty million more!

And when after that offer had been declined with thanks, and the Homestead apostle of peace had threatened to devastate the steel world with a dreadful war of extermination, Carnegie finally sold out to Morgan's syndicate.

Three hundred and four millions in 5 per cent. gold bonds.

Ninety-eight million, two hundred and seventy-seven thousand, one hundred and twenty dollars in United States Steel, preferred.

Ninety million, two hundred and seventy-nine thousand, one hundred and forty dollars in Steel, common.

The laird copped off the 5 per cent. gold bonds—nearly a hundred and fifty millions in pure velvet, over and above his own selling price two years before.

Now then—if Carnegie has $304,000,000 in gold bonds, paying about $14,000,000 a year, and he gives away $15,000,000 a year, how long will it be before he is pinched with poverty?

Fourteen from fifteen leaves one. A million dollars short each year, and $304,000,000 principal to draw on! Figure out the progression yourself.

Figure for a day or two and you will find that it's going to take Andy about a lifetime to use up merely the $147,000,000 "velvet." Then it will take some decades more to scatter the pitiful remnant—$157,000,000—before he finally goes on the county.

This calculation is based on the foolish assumption that the $304,000,000 in gold bonds represents everything Carnegie has in the world. If he has enough incidental property laid away to yield him another million a year, it's all off.

NEWTON WESLEY ROWELL, THE MAN, PROGRESSIVE, STRAIGHT, SHREWD

New Leader of the Ontario Liberal Party a Man of High Character.

MAKES REAL SACRIFICE

Prefers Public Service to Private Gain—A Man Who Inspires Enthusiasm.

(From the Toronto Weekly Star.)

"Had I consulted only my own interests," said Mr. Newton Wesley Rowell, K. C., the newly-appointed leader of the Liberal party in Ontario, to the Star Weekly, on the morning his appointment became known to the general public, "I should have declined the honor."

These words, coming from Mr. Rowell, are no mere figure of speech. He is a well-known lawyer, engaged in one of the largest legal practices in the city, and it is obvious that such a man cannot accept the onerous, though honorable, post to which he has been chosen without making great sacrifices, pecuniary and otherwise. But it is one of his distinguishing characteristics that he recognizes that to take an active interest in politics is a mark of the good citizen, and that party loyalty not seldom calls for considerable personal sacrifice. And yet he is not a politician, some say. He has never had a seat in either the Provincial or the Dominion Parliament. He has contested but one election, and then was rather badly beaten. Be that as it may, he is a Liberal through and through. He may not, it is true, be one of the professional, hide-bound, dyed-in-the-wool politicians, who lack the vision to see beyond their party's nose. But ideals are better than mere tactics. And his ideals are the noblest. They are identical with the general trend of the best thought in Ontario—needs to do what the leadership of Lloyd George has so largely enabled Liberalism in the old country to do: to get away from shibboleths, which are largely outworn; to interpret the ardent and deep-seated desire of clean-living, clean-thinking men—particularly of the younger men—for wiser and loftier rule, cleaner conditions, and better administration. And Mr. Rowell is the man to give the lead to progressive Liberalism of this kind.

Unanimity and Duty.

"The leadership," he proceeded, "will demand from me a very considerable sacrifice of time that I should, of course, in other circumstances, have devoted to my professional work. I may say that, at the present moment, I happen to be exceptionally busy professionally. It was really only because of the remarkable unanimity with which the offer of the leadership was tendered, and the remarkable urgency with which it was pressed on my attention, as constituting a great opportunity of doing useful public service, that I consented to entertain the idea."

In answer to a question as to whether it was his intention to make a complete tour of the Province, taking in every constituency, Mr. Rowell replied:

"I shall not be able to make plans for the campaign for at least a week, and probably ten days. After that time, I intend to devote the whole of my time to the campaign."

As regards [illegible] prospects, Mr. Rowell was naturally reticent, remarking that, since his appointment he had not had time to inform himself with regard to them. But he spoke with downright enthusiasm and unmistakable sincerity of the excellent spirit which animates the whole Liberal party throughout the Province.

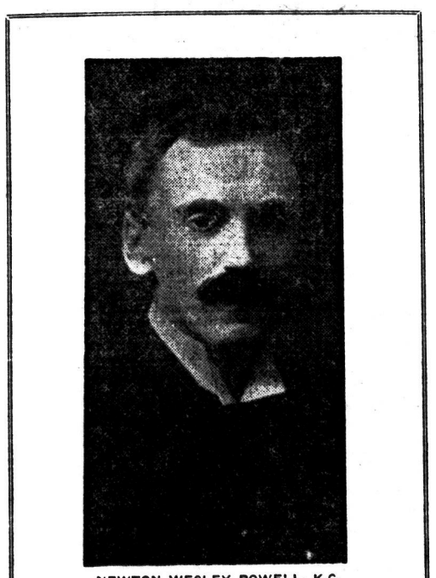
"One of the chief inducements," he said, "which weighed with me in the direction of consenting to accept the leadership, was the very general expression of opinion, received from all parts of the country, that it would be right for me to do so, and promising cordial and enthusiastic support in the event of my doing so. I should say that this expression of opinion has proceeded, to a great extent, from men who have not hitherto taken any active part in politics. I must add that I confidently expect that large numbers of men in the Province who have not hitherto been actively interested in politics will now give to Provincial Liberalism their ungrudging service and support."

Different Dividing Lines.

Asked as to whether, in his opinion, the ill-success of the Liberal party in the recent Dominion elections was any test of the strength in the coming Provincial contest, Mr. Rowell replied with an emphatic negative.

"The issues before the electorate," he observed, "are entirely different and distinct. I know many people who could not see their way clear to vote for the late Dominion Government on the issue of reciprocity, who will cordially support the Liberal party in the Province."

At all events, the Liberal party has a good cause and a good leader. Its cause is the cause of the betterment of the condition of the people — the cause of moral and social reform. Its leader is one of whom all that is known is good. His character is even higher than his ability—high as the latter admittedly stands. If any man in the city can be said, in Biblical phraseology, to be "of good repute," he is the man. The only thing that can be urged against him is of a purely negative character—that his aptitude for politics has not been proved. Will he show himself a good political strategist? Has he (in a political sense) the firm hand, the sure eye, the faculty of measuring accurately political forces, distances, and possible changes in wind and tide? At least, we may rejoice in the assurance that the solemnity of his new duties will not be lost on him, and that his influence will be rightly used. It cannot be doubted, by any who know his high purpose, that he will, as a Liberal leader should, resolutely prefer the interests of the whole community to any interests, be they what they may, of any narrower scope. And in this hour of his appointment, it may not be out of place, in wishing him well, to express the hope that it may be his good fortune to bring the good ship "Liberalism," with her many precious cargoes, safely home to port.



NEWTON WESLEY ROWELL, K.C.

AMERICAN COMPARES NAVIES OF UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN

Lesson Drawn From Reviews at New York and Spithead Is That United States Should Not Boast.

Yankees Show But Third of Britain's Navy in Armada Recently Paraded in the North River.

The New York Sunday Sun makes an interesting comparison of the strength of the navies of Great Britain and the United States in the following article:

"It was a brave showing our ships made in the Hudson the other day, and it fills one with patriotic pride to see some of the newspapers speaking of the fleet reviewed by Secretary Meyer and President Taft in turn as the greatest aggregation of fighting ships ever brought together," remarked a travelled American yesterday, "but the writers of those cheering words seem to forget about that review held only last summer by the British admiralty at Spithead in honor of the coronation of King George V.

"In the Hudson the other day lay a greater part of the fighting strength of our modern navy. It consisted of 102 vessels in all, of which 24 were battleships. Four among them were Dreadnoughts outclassing any British Dreadnought on review at Spithead. Two only were armored cruisers, and one a scout cruiser of inconsiderable tonnage. In the remainder were a great many types of vessels, a protected cruiser, destroyers, torpedo-boats, submarines, supply ships and so on. The tonnage of the battleships was less than 360,000, and of the armored cruisers 29,000. The size of the remainder of the smaller vessels would not swell the total to anything like 500,000 tons. That, it must be remembered, represents the best part of our modern navy.

"On the other hand, only 30 per cent. of the fighting strength of the British navy was represented at Spithead, and for all that there were on view 167 ships of all classes, with a displacement of 1,022,000 tons. There were of battleships 32, of armored cruisers 25, while of destroyers and torpedo-boats there were 89. All this assemblage was brought together without disturbing the home and Mediterranean fleets.

"To the mind of a layman one striking difference between the two fleets on review was the great preponderance of big armored cruisers shown by Great Britain over the United States. We had two on review, and we possess only eight others.

Delaware Largest Then.

"At Spithead there were eighteen ships representing seventeen foreign navies and, as everybody knows, the Delaware, which seemed secondary the other day in comparison with the newer Florida and Utah, was the biggest thing there and with the twenty-seven knot Von der Tann, the German armored cruiser, shared the greatest general attention. The Delaware was at least 100 tons bigger than the Neptune, the latest at that time of British Dreadnoughts, and her 'Eiffel Tower' masts, as they were called, made her conspicuous in a gathering that otherwise only showed single standards or heavy, cumbersome tripods that looked more dangerous than useful. There might be satisfaction in pointing out that in this review we showed four Dreadnoughts bigger than England's biggest then, but no such comparison holds long when the number of British Dreadnoughts since put in commission or now building compared with what we can show in that line is considered or when a look is cast at Germany's naval programme.

"To an American who witnessed both reviews the lesson to be drawn from the show in the North River was not only what has been accomplished in building up our navy, but how much more ought to be done.

"The scene of the North River review was about as unlike the surroundings of the coronation review as can be imagined. Here was a fleet brought right to us and lined up so near the shore that anybody who chose could get a look by simply going over to the river. At Spithead there is a wide expanse of deep water, and though from the shore you could get a good general idea of what was going on you had really to be on a warship or on one of the big ocean liners which conveyed the sightseers if you were not one of the fortunate personages on the royal yacht or the vessels that accompanied it really to see what was happening. I was so fortunate as to be one of those invited down from London with the party that was to spend the day on the Delaware."

Pickwick Done Into French and Put On the Stage

Interest Centres Around the Famous Breach of Promise Suit of the Widow Bardell—Paris Seems To Be Delighted.

That "vipere," that "serpent a lunettes," that "viel gentleman Englais," Monsieur Samuel Pickwick, has stepped out of the pages of Dickens, crossed the Channel and is disporting himself transmuted into Gallic on the French stage. Winkle and Snodgrass, and **Tracy Tupman, the faithful Pickwickians, have gone along. The immortal Sam Weller still clings close to his master, and the celebrated breach of** promise case of Bardell vs. Pickwick is the pivot of the burlesque comedy which has been delighting Paris at the Athenee Theatre.

Robert Charvay and Georges Duval are the playwrights responsible for the doughty deed of "doing Pickwick into French," and the delightful adaptation of British humor they have presented in their quick-moving farce is none the less savory, that they have found so much untranslatable and have rendered it literally.

"Monsieur Pickwick," as in the famous "Papers," loses no time in assuming the centre of the stage. At the lifting of the curtain the Widow Bardell, at the suggestion of her thievish attorneys, conceives the plan of marrying her lodger, the "celibataire" of fifty, or, if worst comes to worst, of compromising him to secure an indemnity for her shattered affections. The unconscious president of "le Pickwick Club" gathers his companions about him and the four start on that tour of observation of human nature which results in so many misadventures and final rejoicing.

Drinks at the Bull Inn.

If you have never ordered a "grog and whiskey" or sent out for "une pinte de stout" in your Paris you cannot appreciate that round of drinks at the Bull Inn which first befuddles and then misleads the venerable hero. The actor Jingle, having rescued the four from an importunate coacher by the simple expedient of laying him low while he counts—"one, two, three, four—knocked out," calls for the garcon and "commands" the refreshment. **At the same time he undertakes to cure the** "endommage" eye of M. Pickwick with a "biftteck cru"—an attention immediately rejected.

When the tipsy Jingle later appears at the inn ball arrayed in the coat of M. Pickwick, stolen from the sleeping president's room, by Tupman, and offends a choleric doctor by "pinching the form" of his lady partner, the fun commences.

Jingle escapes, leaving a button of the coat in the doctor's hands. This is recognized by Mrs. Bardell, who has followed the party to put her designs into practice. The button bears the letters "S. P." and the words "Sciences et grogs chauds," which Mrs. Bardell straightway pronounces the "devise du Pickwick Club."

She sends Sam to summon his master, the duel is narrowly averted by the lucky reappearance of Jingle hopelessly intoxicated, and then follows the scene of mixed and misunderstood tenderness with the Veuve Bardell.

Picture to yourself the terrified Pickwick with a fainting lady on his unwilling bosom shrieking madly:

"A moi! A moi!"

And conceive, if you can, the three Pickwickians dashing in with such English responses to that call for help as "Oh!" "Ciel!" "Hallow!" "Hurrah!"

The widow picks them up again at Wardle's Manor Farm, where they have come to "celebrer Christmas" and "savourer la plum pudding." Here Mr. Pickwick's gunshot wound results from Winkle's ignorance off "le sport," the widow attends him and his definite denial of their engagement drives her to fury. Through all the tangle the loves of Snodgrass and Winkle for Emily and Isabella Wardle and their romantic Aunt Rachel's adventures with Jingle and Tupman are skillfully interwoven.

Fat Boy Goes to Sleep.

In the court scene when the case is tried, the Fat Boy goes joyously to sleep and in defiance of every known French rule of speech, Sam leaves it to their generosity to spell his name with "un V ou un W." The damaging love letters of M. Pickwick are read calling for "Cotelettes de mouton, sauce tomate," and begging of "Mistress B." not to torment herself on account of the warming-pan "lustensile" in the words of Buzfuz to the jury—"domestique, ingenu, familiale, et inoffensife."

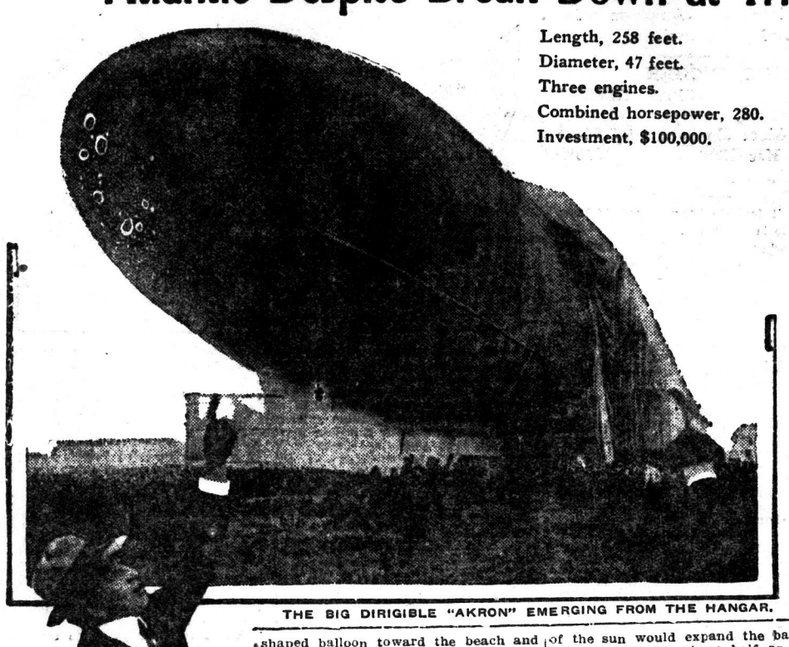
It is then that the president of the Pickwick Club, found guilty and condemned to pay a thousand pounds sterling, rises to heroic heights and refuses to abandon "un penny-un seul penny" to the rascals, and Sam bawls out "Bravo, Governor!"

It all ends happily in the old Fleet Prison where Mrs. Bardell, having voluntarily renounced her claims upon Pickwick and refused to pay her attorneys, comes as a prisoner for debt to find Pickwick the star debtor. Wardle buys the freedom of the penitent widow and all go away to the weddings of the young folks.

Vaniman's Airship ❁ Taft On World Peace ❁ Asquith's Plans

Melvin Vaniman Is Confident of Crossing Atlantic Despite Break Down at Trial

Length, 258 feet.
Diameter, 47 feet.
Three engines.
Combined horsepower, 280.
Investment, $100,000.



THE BIG DIRIGIBLE "AKRON" EMERGING FROM THE HANGAR.



MELVIN VANIMAN LOOKING UP AT HIS AIR-BOAT.

Cheered by thousands, Melvin Vaniman, engineer for Walter Wellman in the last attempt to cross the Atlantic in an airship, and his crew of five men climbed into the big dirigible balloon, Akron, at 9:50 last Saturday morning at Atlantic City, and began the trial trips which were to precede the trans-Atlantic voyage of the air ship.

The Akron was in perfect control, rose gracefully, Vaniman amused the crowd by cutting capers in the air, such as never have been witnessed in this country before. He showed he had perfect mastery of the big gas bag. He raced an express train and the Akron, driven at a 30-mile pace, edged ahead of the train easily.

Men Who Made the Flight.

In the car with Vaniman were Louis Loud, chief engineer; Jack Irwin, wireless operator; Louis Blotche, mechanician; Carlton Vaniman, brother of the commander; Frank Sieberling, jun., son of the backer of the expedition, and the cat mascot.

When these men climbed into the car at the hangar a dozen men were required to get the ship free from moorings. Then Vaniman cried:

"Let her go!"

While the crowds watched Vaniman contented himself with capering over the waters of the inlet for half an hour. Then he pointed his cigar-shaped balloon toward the beach and described a circle. At times he was 100 feet in the air and at other times he rose to a great height. The way he dipped his ship almost to the water's edge showed how well he had it in hand.

Then came the race with the train, and when it was over Vaniman shot off across the meadows. For a time he manoeuvred close to the mainland woods. Suddenly the Akron wheeled about like a huge gull, poked her nose toward the sands and shot to the earth.

Boat Sent To Relieve Airmen.

The spectators screamed. Mrs. Vaniman, who, with the wife of Engineer Loud, had been watching the flight of the Akron through glasses, ran to the hangar and ordered a relief boat manned instantly. The balloon had fallen on the mud flats near Brigantine Reef in Grassy Bay. As Mrs. Vaniman set off with one rescuing party a dozen motor boats started in the direction of the flats.

The tide was out and the motor boats could not get within two miles of the flats. It then was noon. At 4 o'clock, when the tide began to come in, life savers threw the end of 600 fathoms of rope to the Vaniman party. This rope was attached to the balloon and the boat began to pull, only to run aground.

Towed Back to the Hangar.

It was not until 8:30 after working for nearly ten hours that the airship was rescued and brought back to its hangar, only slightly damaged. While the balloon on pontoons was being towed in it came into collision with a large sand dredge and one of the stays on the side of the airship was bent.

The accident has not in the least affected the enthusiasm with which Vaniman and his crew are working to attempt to cross the ocean.

The accident is attributed to an insufficient supply of gas.

The fact that the sun was shining made Vaniman feel safe n taking out his balloon when it was not completely inflated. He thought the heat of the sun would expand the balloon. He had been up about half an hour when the sun was hidden by clouds. The cooler air decreased the lifting power of the big gas bag and it settled to earth. Vaniman said:

"Now we know that a trip across the Atlantic is entirely possible. With such a good crew and perfectly performing dirigible, success is almost certain. Every equipment we have on the Akron came up to expectations."

Damage Is Slight, He Says.

After examining his dirigible Vaniman said:

"We're simply tickled to death with the performance of the Akron. She behaved beyond expectations. The only damage we sustained was a broken propeller blade on one of the orientables on the left side and a snapped guy wire. It'll cost about $20 to make repairs.

"I can't say enough for my crew. When quick head work was required they were never found wanting. My success in a large measure is due to them.

"We were sorry when our flight had to be abandoned because of the lack of gas. The lifeguard certainly did us a great favor, for the rising tide would certainly have damaged the engines."

Irwin, the wireless operator, said:

"Our ship was swaying from side to side and was very badly balanced, due to the light load of gas. We tried to right it by shifting some of the sand bags. One of these fell on a radiator pipe, breaking it. This put our rear engine out of business. Stuck in the mud, we could do nothing but keep cool and await our chance to get away. Fortunately no serious parts were broken, and in a couple of days we will be ready to start again. There is no question about the ability of the dirigible to do everything it has been calculated it will do."

The Akron did not have its wireless apparatus on board, and this left Vaniman and its crew without means of communication with land. Vaniman decided not to take the apparatus, wanting to have the dirigible as lightly equipped as possible.

THE FOLLY OF THE NATIONS PRESIDENT TAFT ON WAR

Chief Executive of the United States Tells of Negotiations Leading Up to Signing of Treaty for International Peace.

"NATIONAL HONOR" NEVER SAVED BY RESORT TO BLOODY BATTLES

Duels of Individuals in Centuries Past of a Kind With Modern Conflict of Great Countries—Some Get the Glory, But the People Have to Pay.

At Aberdeen, North Dakota, President Taft dwelt on the subject of world peace at considerable length, in part, as follows:

"War is all right for the gentlemen who wear the feathers and the gold lace, but the trouble about war is that it falls most heavily on the plain, common people. They have to pay the taxes; they become the food for powder.

"When I proposed that we should make a treaty to settle questions of difference between us and some nation, for the purpose of setting an example, the French ambassador said: 'We will make a treaty with you,' and I said, 'I am your man.' The English statesmen, Mr. Balfour and Sir Edward Grey, said they were willing to enter into a treaty for their Government; they said so in Parliament. They said they would do this because they would be glad sometime to reduce their armament and not have to pay the heavy penalty they were paying for the maintenance of their navy. This statement awakened a response the world over, especially in England and France, among the common people. That was most significant; it showed that they know that they had to pay the piper when we danced in war; that they were the ones that were sent forward to be made food for powder, and it was their mothers and sisters, and their daughters that had to suffer in agony and eat out their hearts waiting to hear the news from the battlefield to know whether their dear ones were lost in them. I say a cause that awakens the interest of the common people of the world is entitled to our consideration, and calls upon us as a nation to lead in the van.

Questions of Honor.

"But it is said, Would you submit to a board of arbitration whether your national honor had been infringed? I say, I would. I would rather do that than go out on the field of battle. It is all right if you win. You then say that the Lord has been on your side; but suppose you get whipped on the field of battle, suppose you were driven off the field of battle, how do you reconcile that with the national honor? One hundred years ago, if a man called himself a gentleman and somebody insulted him in order to establish that right to be a gentleman, he had to say to his insulter, 'I will meet you tomorrow morning at daybreak, on the field of honor, and because you have insulted me I will give you a chance to make a target of me with your bullet.' Of course, that is not all the arrangement. He had to make a target for me, and if I hit him that vindicated my honor in a most satisfactory way; but if he was the better marksman and hit me, and I took a bullet home in my body and lay for two or three months in a hospital, it would take a great deal longer time than the time for convalescing to enable me to figure out any system of logic by which that was a satisfactory way of wiping out the insult to my honor.

"Two hundred years ago in an English court of justice if a man sued you on a promissory note, and the defendant came in and was a little lacking in his evidence, he said, 'I demand that this issue as to whether I signed that note, or, if I signed it, whether I paid it, shall be settled by wager of battle.' The judge then drew out from behind the bench two long swords, they organized a twenty-four foot ring and the plaintiff and defendant went at each other. If the defendant cut off the arm or in some way knocked out the plaintiff, that proved according to English law that the defendant had never made the note, or if he had, that he had paid it. That was a very satisfactory way of deciding a question of law and justice, was it not? It is ridiculous! It is amusing, and it ought to awaken the contempt that it does for this manner of settling a question. When you think over our present method of settling international controversies by war it is not to be justified any more than was the wager of battle at common law.

Time Reduces Passion.

"What are these treaties by which we hope to bring about an abolition of war? We agree, first, to submit all questions of a justiceable character, that is, of a character that can be decided by applying the rules of law and equity, to a board of arbitration. We agree, second, that we will create a joint high commission, and all questions arising, or which are likely to lead to a quarrel, will be first submitted to them, and that commission will advise the two parties what course to take. The commission will consist in the English treaty, of three Englishmen and three Americans. They are to wait a year before that decision is made, if either party demands it. The Senate committee on foreign affairs says that this has been submitted to the Senate and that it is awaiting a decision of the Senate. The treaties have been published for the purpose of having them discussed. A majority of the Senate committee on foreign affairs says that that second clause is objectionable because it would be a breeder of war, rather than one to end war. I differ completely with the majority of the committee. Time is what reduces passion and hot temper. Have you ever gone home in a state of anger at something, and not been able to restrain your wife advise the children that 'Papa is not feeling very well,' and that they had better keep away from him and she tip-toes around and gives you an opportunity to think over your utterly indefensible attitude toward people who haven't hurt you at all, and finally after an hour or two, and after you have looked into the glass, you realize what an inevitable ass you are? If you have, you will understand what I mean when I say that time with an individual enables him to get over momentary passion, and to see what a foolish exhibition he has made of himself. What is true of an individual is true of a nation, and if you give a nation a year to think it over, if you give a nation a year to consider how many lives they are going to lose, how much cruelty the war is likely to bring about, the amount of corruption and demoralization that is likely to follow in a war, that nation will hesitate a long time and will be glad to make some peaceable solution other than by the arbitrament of war. Therefore, I say that that second clause, which was proposed to me by Mr. William Jennings Bryan, is a good method of accomplishing this. When you think that over, you will agree that it is one of the most effective means of avoiding war, and continuing peace.

Section Three.

"The third section is the one upon which the Senate committee of foreign affairs — the majority and the minority -- differ most. The third section provides that if the two parties to the treaty do not agree that the issue arising — the quarrel — is one which can be arbitrated under the treaty, and which must be arbitrated under the treaty, then this joint high commission is to decide whether it is so to be arbitrated according to the terms of the treaty. The Senate says —the Senate committee says, because I hope the Senate will say otherwise— that they cannot abdicate their functions and consent that some other body shall decide this question as to whether the issue is to be arbitrated or not. The Senate has already made a good many treaties in which they have agreed to arbitrate questions arising in the future, if they do not concern national honor and vital interest; therefore, they have agreed to arbitrate many questions concerning the construction of treaties which have not now arisen, but which are to arise. If they can do it in that case, they can do it in this. They have the power, therefore, now to agree that the board of arbitration may decide whether the question arising is one within the terms of the arbitration, and if they can decide with reference to the joint high commission. If we do not want to play the game, if we do not believe in arbitration, if we are not going to use that to bring about peace, if we are not

Continued on Page Sixteen.

Premier Asquith Maps Out the Work Immediately Ahead of the Government

Twits the Opposition on the Division in Its Ranks—The Insurance Bill Explained—Home Rule for Ireland the Chief Work of Next Session—Disestablishment of the Church of England in Wales to Follow.

Mr. Asquith addressed the annual meeting of the delegates to the East Fife Liberal Association at Ladybank on Saturday, Oct. 28. Sir James Scott presided, and Mrs. Asquith and Miss Elizabeth Asquith occupied seats on the platform.

Addressing the delegates, the Prime Minister referred to the verdict given at the last election, which was free from ambiguity, decisive and emphatic, and to the passing of the Parliament bill by an overwhelming majority.

"The Parliament bill," Mr. Asquith proceeded, "is now the law of the land. This is very disconcerting, and apparently very upsetting, to the equanimity even of some of the most distinguished of our political opponents, who up to the last thing believed, or tried to make believe, that we were not in earnest in this matter.

"I can sympathize with their mortification—(laughter)—but I have some difficulty in understanding the language in which it is expressed. For instance, I see that Mr. Balfour, the leader of the Opposition, addressing our neighbors across the water at Haddington a very short time ago, said among many other very strange things, that I and my colleagues had been guilty of felony and treason—(laughter and cries of "Oh, oh!")—crimes well known to British law, and for which persons guilty of them, or reasonably suspected of being guilty, can rightly be made amenable to the tribunals of the country.

"I took the opportunity in the House of Commons in August before we rose —the opportunity which Mr. Balfour himself was good enough to provide by an abortive vote of censure—of demonstrating that from first to last, in every step that we had taken, in every piece of advice that we had given in regard to this matter, we had acted at one and the same time as the faithful servants of the crown—(loud cheers)—and I challenged our critics—I based my challenge on history, on precedent, on the sayings and doings of great British statesmen of the past—to show at what point, and in what respect, and at what time, we had deviated, even by a hairsbreadth, either from the letter or the spirit of the constitution.

A Clear Challenge.

"That challenge," continued the Prime Minister, "remains up to this moment unanswered by argument, and it cannot be disposed of by a string of offensive and obviously inappropriate adjectives. There is an old saying that hard cases make bad law. I think we might supplement it, and say weak cases need bad language.

"In existing conditions much may be forgiven to Mr. Balfour, even an occasional lapse into the dialect of the less scrupulous and the most loose-tongued of his political camp followers. Anybody who is familiar with Tory oratory, and still more of Tory journalism, in the course of the last few months, will agree that the worst Mr. Balfour can say of us is nothing like so bad as the things which those gentlemen have been saying of him.

"While the members of this happy family are engaged in hurling at one another the domestic crockery of the Tory household, we need not, I think, be very much perturbed if occasionally a stray missile loses its way and passess harmlessly enough in our direction and over our heads. (Laughter and cheers.) I observe that Mr. Balfour, at Haddington, very judiciously as it seems to me, advised his party to let bygones be bygones, and to leave the events, at any rate, of the last few months, to the judgment of history. But the tribunal of history will have a number of very hard problems to decide. I am not sure if one of them will not be to award precisely the degree of responsibility for the chaos to which the Tory party has been reduced—to apportion in just and accurate scales how much of it is due to the follow of the leaders, and how much to the blindness of those who allowed themselves to be led.

The Halsbury Club.

"The only immediate response, so far as I know, to Mr. Balfour's appeal, has been the sudden emergence in the light of day of the latest addition to our political institutions—the Halsbury Club. (Laughter.) The objects and the origin of this interesting body are veiled in a certain amount of obscurity. The only thing we do know about it is that it is organized by those who, two months ago, were in open mutiny against Mr. Balfour and Lord Lansdowne, and, quaintly enough, it is going to blazon over its portals as its motto its rallying cry the word, 'Concentration.' (Laughter.)

"That, perhaps, after all, is only a diverting episode, but to you and to me there can be no doubt whatsoever as to what is the real origin of the situation in which, after two years' struggle, we find ourselves today—a situation in which, for the first time in living memory, the Progressive forces of this country can move with unfettered feet. (Cheers.) It dates from that stupendous act of political fatuity for which the leaders and the rank and file of the Tory party are jointly and equally responsible—the rejection of the budget by the House of Lords. On that fateful night the House of Lords signed its own death-warrant. In spite of the clearest predictions and the plainest warnings, and under the inspiration of evil and shortsighted counsellors, it committed political suicide, and the result is that by universal consent the House of Lords as we have known it, and as our fathers have known it, is as dead as Queen Anne herself. Its place will in due course be taken by a body—if I might hazard a prediction—relatively small in number, relatively impartial in temper and in action, to which, with the respect and the confidence of the people, can be intrusted the functions—and they are functions neither few nor unimportant—which are proper to a second chamber in a democratic country. I think, therefore, I am justified in saying that the session of 1911 will live in history as representing the greatest advance in the march of popular government since the reform act of 1832." (Cheers.)

National Insurance.

In the course of an allusion to the work of the coming session, Mr. Asquith remarked that the three main measures to which the attention of Parliament will be called are the insurance bill, the shop hours bill, and the coal mines bill—all urgently needed measures of social reform.

"I will only say," Mr. Asquith resumed, "two or three words in regard to one of them—the insurance bill—a bill which, as you all know, we owe very largely to the genius, sympathy, and marvellous power of dealing both with men and circumstances of my right honorable friend and colleague, Mr. Lloyd George. The insurance bill is a step in the social policy for which the present Government seeks to make itself and its followers responsible.

"I am not going into the details of the measure, which are now familiar to everybody in the country, at any rate in broad outline. Let me just, in two sentences, tell you what its effect will be. It contains two parts. The first part provides for insurance against sickness and invalidity, and applies to the whole country and to all trades and to all workers of the country; the second part deals with insurance against unemployment, and applies to certain specific trades in which the risks and dangers of casual employment in seasonal trades are greater than they are elsewhere.

"In the first part—the part which deals with insurance against sickness and invalidity—no fewer than fifteen million workers will be comprised, and of these not more than one-third, at the outside—I fancy five millions is a generous estimate—are at present provided for by the existing voluntary machinery for providing against sickness and disability, so that two-thirds of the population of fifteen millions are for the first time freed—or will be freed when this beneficent measure comes into law—from that spectre of doubt and uncertainty which falls to the fortunes of almost the whole of the laboring class of this country. (Cheers.)

"The other part of the bill—that part which deals with unemployment—affects no doubt relatively a much smaller number -- something like two and a half million workers. It professes to be experimental, and it is not necessarily final—and, as I have said, it deals with those trades in which the risks and dangers of unemployment are shown by experience to be most common.

Home Rule for Ireland.

"We are going, it is true—otherwise there is no chance, I am afraid, of the bill passing into law this year—to propose an allocation of parliamentary time for its consideration during the sittings which are coming, and I believe in this proposal we shall have the sympathy of the vast mass of people outside the House of Commons. The allocation which is proposed, or which will be proposed, will be a very generous one, and one which will secure ample opportunity for the discussion of every point of importance. Mr. Lloyd George has already arranged with the most formidable of all critics and met their objections. When the bill has passed the ordeal of parliamentary discussion we believe it will be a workmanlike measure, which will not merely redound to the credit of this Parliament which has passed it, but permanently improve the condition of the laboring classes."

Proceeding to deal with the important question of self-government for Ireland, Mr. Asquith continued: "When I look a little further beyond the calls of the present session to next year, we shall then proceed to introduce measures and submit them for the consideration of Parliament, dealing among other things with self-government for Ireland, and disestablishment in Wales. It is a favorite argument, if argument it can be called, on the Tory platform at this moment to represent that we are trying to pass home rule by a trick. It is said that the people of this country—of whose intelligence they must have a very low estimate—when they voted at the general election so lately as last December, were unaware that a home rule bill would be introduced into the House of Commons, and that the machinery of the Parliament bill, when that bill passed into law, would be taken advantage of to facilitate the passage not only of home rule, but of other Liberal measures. That is the suggestion. Is there a shadow of foundation for it?"

Mr. Asquith recalled his former speeches on the subject, in which he claimed the Parliament bill was only a means to an end—and that end the passing into law of over delayed arrears of Liberal legislation. Among those arrears he gave a prominent place to the question of a radical change in the government of Ireland—a change on the lines of what was commonly called home rule, which must consist of giving to Ireland in regard to purely Irish affairs not a

(Continued on Page Sixteen.)

Rousing England to Learn Flying Game

(From the New York Sun.)

Of the foreign aviators who have been in this country little has been said of Capt. Patrick Hamilton, of the Worcestershire Regiment and George Miller Dyott, but in a quiet way they have attracted much attention. The principal reason for this is that both of them, especially Capt. Hamilton, are interested in seeing the British Government take up aviation in a more serious and earnest manner than it has done so far.

According to these fliers the English Government is behind the United States in the matter of having failed to appreciate the strides that have been made in the science of aviation, which is equivalent to saying that the English do not begin to follow the pace that has been set by the French Government, which is far in the lead.

This is the cause of much concern to Capt. Hamilton, who is regarded as one of the experts in the English army on signal corps work, and who has charge of the field telegraph and telephone corps for his regiment. The regiment is now in India, but Capt. Hamilton took advantage of a leave of absence to come to this country to look over the flying game. He was accompanied by Mr. Dyott, an electrical engineer, who is a graduate of the University of London, and who is Capt. Hamilton's aeroplane teammate. Dyott has been here before and has done some flying, but this is Capt. Hamilton's first visit.

Both Capt. Hamilton, who is a graduate of the military training college at Sandhurst, and Mr. Dyott got their first experience in flying at the Bleriot school at Hendon, England. Then they went to France and became students at the Deperdussin School in Paris. They wanted to learn something about the Deperdussin machine, as they were confident that, having been able to sail a Bleriot, they could handle any machine.

"The Bleriot," said Mr. Dyott, "is very delicate and hard to pilot. Any aviator who can manage a Bleriot can sail a barn door in the air."

It was while they were at the Deperdussin school that they decided to make a trip to this country. In order to understand the machine in its minutest detail they spent about three weeks at the factory while it was being put together. They also wanted to get a two-passenger machine on time, and they knew that with orders for 50 machines in the factory they would have to stand over the workmen in order to get the machine put together.

Capt. Hamilton and Dyott brought two Deperdussin monoplanes, the two-passenger and a single seater, the first of this type to be shown in this country. Naturally the aeroplane sharps were interested when the Englishmen appeared at the international meet at the Nassau Boulevard in one of these machines, but the visitors also stirred the casual observer to comment. This was not because they came in a machine new to this country, but because they flew to the grounds in their two-seater instead of having it put up in the conventional manner at a hangar. That morning they had hopped into their machine at Hempstead and flown across country to be on hand when the races began.

"That's something like flying," said a man when the two Englishmen stepped out of their machine. "It's getting to be practical when they come to the races in their own machine."

"Nothing strange in that sort of thing in France," explained Capt. Hamilton, "but it's true there is not much of it in this country and in England. There is much more flying around in France than anywhere else in the world, and there is no doubt about it that the French are far ahead of everybody else in aviation. In France, you know, army officers carry dispatches from one military post to another in aeroplanes."

The Deperdussin machine conforms to the standard monoplane type, but Capt. Hamilton and Dyott say that it is much more solidly built and more durable than most machines. It is built by a firm which also builds boats, and evidently the boat-builder figured that the lines of a boat might be used in making a machine for air-flying purposes, for the body of the machine, or the cock as it is called by the pilots, is shaped very much like a racing skiff. The machine has a sturdy landing carriage and is exceptionally safe in coming down on rough ground.

Capt. Hamilton and Dyott have taken up about fifty passengers since they came here. The two-passenger machine averages about 60 miles an hour and the one with the single seat can hit up a speed of 50 miles an hour. One morning last week the Englishmen found that they were out of oil and none could be had in the vicinity, so they got into their machine and made an air trip to Mineola for the oil. The matter of fact methods of the Englishmen have impressed those who have watched them at the aerodromes.

"There is great interest among English army officers in aviation," said Mr. Dyott, "but the Government itself has done very little to foster it. The army officers have had to buy their own machines. The Government itself has 5 aeroplanes, I believe, while the French Government has 200. The English Government had two dirigibles, one of which was bought by popular subscription and presented to the Government. It went to smash on a housetop.

"But I am quite sure that England is awakening to the fact that more attention must be paid to the science of aviation. I understand that an aviation school has been established or is being organized and 600 army officers will be trained to fly machines. It cannot be said that there are not many aeroplanes in the English army, for I know that many officers have bought them. But the expense is so great that this is only possible for the officer with money."

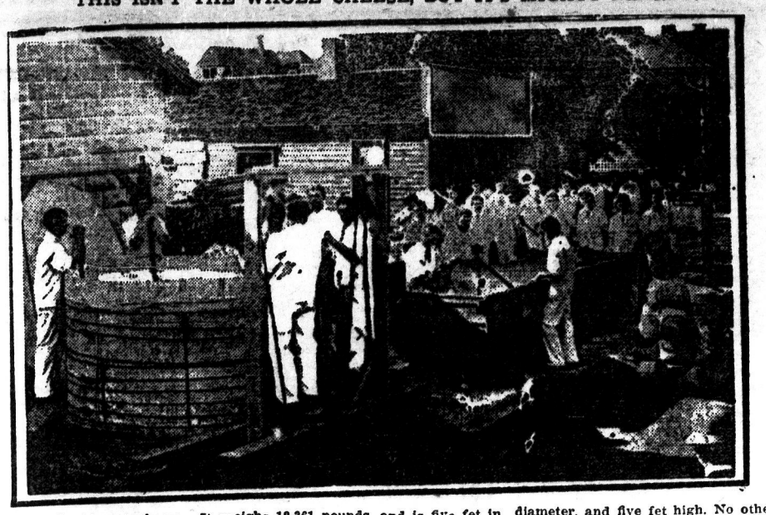
Capt. Hamilton and Dyott have had only a few mishaps since they began flying last March. Once while Dyott was going up in a single-passenger machine the control to turn the machine to the ground would not work. The machine kept soaring and it did not look to Dyott as if it would stop until it touched the zenith. Suddenly the wires in the control, which had become twisted, straightened themselves, with the result that the machine made a quick descent. Before anything serious happened Dyott succeeded in making the Deperdussin behave.

Dyott is very proud of a picture that was taken of him when a bank of clouds broke, making a rift through which the setting sun shone brilliantly. The picture would make it appear that Dyott was several thousand feet in the air, but he says he was up only 500.

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HOW PULITZER AND HEARST FOUGHT FOR POSSESSION FOUNDER OF LURID JOURNAL

"Yellow journalism was not the invention of Joseph Pulitzer, as his obituarists are now declaring," says Annesley Hurrowes. "The real inventor was a young college man named Morrell Goddard. I think Dartmouth was his alma mater. Goddard was working away as Sunday editor of the New York World, when the idea occurred to him. At that time his salary was an insignificant one.

"He realized that the Sunday papers of that time were being printed for the educated classes, which were already well supplied with literature, and which paid comparatively little attention to the miscellaneous articles that were set before them on the Sabbath. Goddard realized also that there were a million people in New York who had actually no literature, and would grasp eagerly at what the newspapers offered if their attention was called to it powerfully, and if the writing was simplified so as to be easily within their comprehension. Accordingly he turned the pages of the Sunday paper into something resembling the gaudy displays at the doorway of a sideshow, while inside—in the printed columns—he presented articles which appealed to the primal instincts of the people, and were so simply written that he who ran, and read, could understand.

"Goddard caught the million readers he was in pursuit of and in the course of a few years developed a vast reading public in Greater New York which has helped to create a prosperity in the world of authorship such as never before existed.

"It was during Goddard's incumbency that the so-called 'comic supplement' was begun. One of the earlier features was from the pencil of Mr. Outcault, and was entitled 'Fun in Hogan's Alley.' The principle character was a small child with a yellow nightgown and an immense mouth, which contained but one tooth. This child was dubbed 'the yellow kid,' and soon achieved a position similar to that of 'Jeff and Mutt,' when those characters were fresh and at the top of their success. The New York Sun, enraged at the World's success, and seeking for some sufficiently contemptuous name for Mr. Goddard's new idea, dubbed it 'Yellow Kid Journalism,' which was later contracted into 'yellow journalism.'

Hearst Grabs Goddard.

"When Mr. Hearst was preparing to dispute Pulitzer's supremacy in the field of popular journalism he realized Goodard's value and went to him with a proposition to engage not only Goddard himself, but the entire staff of the Sunday paper, down to the stenographer and the office boy. The increases in the salaries proffered were so dazzling that Goddard could not refuse, and accordingly on a Friday night every one of the Sunday employees handed in their resignations, to take effect on the Friday following. Next morning Mr. Goddard was seated at his desk as usual, when a stranger to him entered, followed by sixteen others, some of whom he knew.

"'This is the new staff of the Sunday World,' he said. 'I am the new Sunday editor. I am instructed by Mr. Pulitzer to give you one hour to clean out your desks and leave.'

"Goddard and his men departed, and went over to Mr. Hearst and the New York Journal. The following Sunday the Journal was everything that the World had formerly been, and a good many other things besides. The World, on the contrary, was a feeble and fatiguing imitation of what Goddard had made it.

Pulitzer Gets 'Em Back.

"Mr. Pulitzer was deeply chagrined. He stood his new Sunday staff for two weeks, and then went to Goddard with a proposition to come back and bring the entire Sunday staff with him. The increases of salary offered by Mr. Pulitzer were even more splendid than those which Mr. Hearst had given and they were accepted with the stipulation that the new Sunday editor should not be informed of the coming change. Accordingly, a week later, when Goddard and his followers trooped into the Sunday rooms of the World, the man at the desk looked up in astonishment.

"'I am instructed by Mr. Pulitzer to resume control of the Sunday paper,' said Goddard. 'You gave me an hour to get out. I give you five minutes.'

"The dismissed Sunday editor collected his office force and slunk out and Goddard was left in command.

"But Mr. Hearst, then as now, was not an easily defeated man, and when money was concerned he was willing to spend it like an emperor. Accordingly he went again to Goddard. Once more he proffered advances in salary which Goddard could not refuse, but this time no notice at all was given to Mr. Pulitzer. On Friday night, after the Sunday sections had gone to press, Goddard and his men retreated from under Mr. Pulitzer's big golden dome without beat of drum. On Saturday the Sunday rooms were empty, but this attracted no attention, as that is always the case on Saturday. Sunday was of course the same. On Monday they were still untenanted, but as there is little communication between the Sunday department and the others, the unusual quiet was not noticed. It was not until Tuesday afternoon that a breathless man entered Mr. Pulitzer's office to tell him that there was no staff on the Sunday World, and that Goddard and his men had returned to the Journal.

Goddard's Flattery.

"Pulitzer was naturally furious, and just as naturally denounced Goddard for having gone out without notice. Goddard, of course, had only to reply that Mr. Pulitzer himself had set the example, and that in imitating his chief he was offering him the sincerest form of flattery.

"At the beginning of these exchanges Goddard was earning a modest $3,000 a year. When they were over his salary had been increased to $12,000."

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LORD PIRRIE'S GRAVE COMPLAINT

Acuses Unionists of Bitter Intolerance in Belfast.

Not for a generation past has a political speech caused such a sensation amongst Ulster Unionists as that delivered on Oct. 12, by Lord Pirrie, (head of the great firm of Harland and Wolff, the greatest shipbuilders in the world), at the luncheon party to which he entertained the Postmaster-General in Belfast. Lord Pirrie's emphatic statement to the effect that if Messrs. Harland and Wolff had received fair play from the local Harbour Commissioners the ramifications of the firm in Belfast would today be one hundred per cent. more has opened the eyes of the Orange working men, thousands of whom find employment at the Queen's Island shipyard.

Lord Pirrie dealt with the matter in the following terms:

"I am afraid my Tory critics have not forgiven me for the part I took in securing Catholic representation in the Belfast Corporation. I felt keenly the disgrace that was cast upon Belfast prior to 1897, in that the Catholics had not even one representative on the Corporation, notwithstanding the fact that they formed one-third of the whole population. Happily the disgrace was removed, and it was a great pleasure to me to think that in the latter days of my mayoralty I had the privilege of presiding over an assembly which was really representative, and not a mockery of representation.

"Yet, now these anti-Catholics of the past are the very men who are imputing religious intolerance to our nationalist fellow countrymen—these men who are pastmasters in the art of boy cotting on religious grouds but they have not been slow to exercise that art on grounds other than religious and purely political.

"Time after time the operations of my firm have been restricted simply because I, the chairman of it, did not happen to agree in politics with the gentlemen in whose hands rested the government of harbour affairs. I venture to say that if the gentlemen who are so fond of criticising the business of others, and who now pose as the champions of Ulster had then supported the applications of my firm to the Harbour Board the firm would widely extended its ramifications, and perhaps be 100 per cent. larger than it is today in Belfast."

It was the same political spite here complained of that drove Lord Pirrie from civic life in Belfast. He was one of the ablest and most successful Lord Mayors who ever sat in the civic chair, and had he remained a Unionist he might still have been Lord Mayor. But the moment he declared his sympathy with the progressive movement of the day the intolerant extremists of Belfast were done with him; and when it was suggested by a well-known alderman that Lord Pirrie should be again asked to occupy the Lord Mayor's chair the Grand Orange Lodge of Belfast actually held a special meeting and denounced the proposal with all the strength at their command.

THE BIG QUESTION.

[Toronto Telegram (Con.)]

Canada may rejoice to learn from Henri Bourassa's own lips that "the Nationalists are independent of the Borden Government."

But is the Borden Government independent of the Nationalists? Aye, there's the rub.

VIENNA WALTZ IS DYING, HE THINKS

Mr. George Edwardes, London Manager, Sees the Wane of the Dreamy Affair.

Viennese waltzes, the dreamy, ear-haunting waltzes that were the making of so many musical comedies like "The Merry Widow," "The Dollar Princess" and later "The Chocolate Soldier," are on the wane. At least so says Mr. George Edwardes, who has just been celebrating the completion of his quarter of a century's management of the Gaiety Theatre, London.

Mr. Edwardes started with Vienna and musical comedy presupposes Vienna as a cat presupposes a mouse, but though Vienna still stands where she did, there are limitations, it appears, to her powers of lyrical rapture, according to Mr. Edwardes.

"All of us," he says, "have enjoyed her work and honor the great men who have produced it. They have set the hemispheres humming their waltzes and kept our feet tattooing her refrains. But there is evidence that her supremacy is not to remain unchallenged, and her waltzes are on the wane. I see the reign of the Englishman again in sight.

"As in other affairs, these things run in cycles. Vienna has had her reign, and the English composer will be sovereign next. And this, remember, is merely a return to power. Mr. Sidney Jones, with 'The Geisha,' equalled in Vienna the success of Lehar with 'The Merry Widow' in London. "The Quaker Girl, at the Adelphi, has proved a huge success in London and New York, and America is in raptures over the music of Lionel Monckton.

"But it was just as difficult to transplant English successes in New York as it is to grow Vienna flowers in the Strand. 'Veronique' and 'The Duchess of Danzic' were huge successes in London. They were dire failures in America. 'The Belle of New York' succeeded in Shaftesbury avenue, but I cannot recall a similiar phenomenon. There is no certainty. There are no rules, and the theatre is the home of surprises."

HIS OWN COFFIN

The Best of Burglar-Proof Office Safes—A Gruesome Idea of a Cornishman.

A strangely gruesome idea has been given effect to by Mr. W. L. Moon, an ex-Gordon Highlander, who carries on a laundry-business at St. Blazey, Cornwall, and works every day in sight of his coffin, in which he has expressed a wish to be cremated. Some time since the premises were destroyed by fire, and when materials arrived for the rebuilding operations, Mr. Moon noticed among them a number of pitch pine planks, which he considered were too good to be cut up for the building.

It occurred to him they would be better used as a coffin, and he hit on the strange plan of making it a condition that the builder of his dwelling-house should also make his coffin free. A local builder-undertaker whom he approached, at first regarded the matter as a joke, but Mr. Moon was firm, so his measurements were taken and the coffin made.

On its arrival at the laundry, he got the workpeople together, and drank the undertaker's health over the coffin. A procession was then formed. Mr. Moon's son and three others carrying the coffin into the office; while the employer himself walked in the rear, with a pair of trestles. The coffin was placed along one side of the office, where it has remained ever since.

Its space however, is not wasted, for Mr. Moon uses it as a receptacle for books and documents of value. "The fact is," he remarked, "I consider it the safest place, because burglars are very particular as a rule about things associated with death, and I don't imagine any thief would care to lift the lid of a coffin."

In further preparation for his death Mr. Moon has had built in the stonework of the gable end of his laundry a vault large enough to accommodate the urn which will contain his ashes.

PERPETUAL PENSION

Family That Has Drawn £21,500 From the State.

An interesting fact has come to light in connection with Mr. Smith, a groom, who has lately taken up his residence at Peterborough, England—viz., that his family have been drawing a pension from the British Government for the space of 276 years.

Mr. Smith, who draws 30s. per week, explained, in an interview, the history of the pension. It appears that after the Battle of Worcester, an ancestor of Smith assisted Prince Charles to escape, and was one of those who helped to hide him in the famous oak tree. Years passed, and it was not till 1675 that King Charles II. was informed of the incident. Parliament, on the advice of the King, was not slow at rewarding those who had rendered services, however slight, to the sovereign. The consequence was that Mr. Smith's ancestor was placed on the perpetual pension list at the rate of 30s. a week, with the result that the family have received (in round figures) something like £21,500 since the pension was granted.

Mr. Smith's father, it appears, parted with the pension to another person whilst he lived, but on his death it reverted again to his eldest son, and it is stated this perpetual pension is in turn it will descend to the present pensioner's eldest child, and so on, the only one of its kind in existence.

Palpitation of the Heart.

Nervous Prostration, Sleeplessness and Dizzy Spells.

A Long Standing Case Cured By MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

Many people are kept in a state of morbid fear of death, become weak, worn, and miserable, their nerves become unstrung, and they cannot sleep.

To all such sufferers Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills will give prompt and permanent relief. Mr. Peter Halstad, Tilley, Alta., writes:—"I take great pleasure in writing you a few lines to tell you what your Heart and Nerve Pills have done for me. I had a long standing case of palpitation of the heart, nervous prostration, sleeplessness and dizzy spells. I bought a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and they did me so much good I continued their use until I had used several boxes, and they restored me to health again. They are a great remedy, and I recommend them to all my friends."

Price 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



It is simply impossible for this space-saving IDEAL Folding Bed to close accidentally. It is self-balancing in any position.

Works with springs, not weights, and is so light and perfectly balanced that a child can operate it. All metal—therefore vermin-proof. No parts to work loose, wear out or break. Bedding kept in perfect order, always open to air. Canopy permits artistic draping—open or closed it is a handsome piece of furniture.

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THE IDEAL BEDDING CO. LIMITED

MONTREAL — TORONTO — WINNIPEG

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When You Buy Underwear Again

Ask For Number

95

Before you outfit yourself for fall, winter and early spring—Look for this trade-mark every time you spend money for underwear.



Your Dealer Has It

The store you should trade at includes among its most reliable merchandise the Pen-Angle line of underwear for men, women and children—and leads that line with number 95—the weight that exactly suits almost every weather condition and that is just the comfort-quality you have long sought in underwear.

Knit To Fit—and Does

Every garment is so shaped in the special Pen-Angle knitting process that not even repeated trips to the wash-tub will make it lose its exquisite contour. It is soft, fleecy, perfect-fitting, and more moderate in price than you would imagine such quality could be sold for.

Ask Your Dealer To Show You

Number 95

A HINT FOR DEALERS

This extensively advertised underwear will be in keen demand at your store. You know you can vouch for its quality, because you have our guarantee to offer everyone who buys it. Be advised, and order a full assortment of Number 95 at once

PENMANS LIMITED PARIS CANADA — Hosiery Sweaters Underwear

60

The Peerless Peninsular

a durable cast-iron range with modern conveniences



You don't want to use a range as a step-ladder—not as the ordinary thing—but you do want a strong, well-built range. This picture is given here to show that the oven door — a weak spot in most ranges—is a firm, strong piece of construction in the Peninsular and it is typical of the whole make-up of this durable range.

Some people prefer a cast-iron range but want one or two features usually found only in steel ranges.

The Peerless

Is designed for just such people.

It has the perfectly-fitting doors and parts, the firm, substantial body and the cosey, homelike appearance peculiar to cast-iron ranges.



At the same time it has an oven made partly of iron and partly of steel — an oven that

Grates Easy to Remove

will heat quickly and evenly all over.

It has a large oven, two inches deeper than any other range of the same size, just large enough to cook four pies at once.

It has a drop oven door, which is not usual on a cast-iron range.

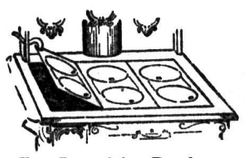
These are all things that you can see—very important things, but not more so than the things you cannot see—the interior construction, which decides whether or not your pies will burn, whether your oven will twist and bend, whether it will be perfectly tight so as to keep out dust and smoke, whether it will wear.

These unseen points you can be sure of when you buy a Peerless Peninsular, or in fact any Peninsular range.

Fifty years of building stoves — honest stoves — are behind every range that bears the name "Peninsular." That name says the materials are good—the flue arrangement is good—the oven is built to heat evenly—the range will wear.

All modern conveniences have been embodied in the Peerless, too.

It may be had with a hot water reservoir and a steel warming closet or not, as desired. The warming closet has a drop door like the oven, making it easy to pull out dishes and adding double shelf room when needed.

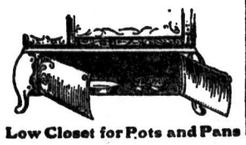


Top Raised for Broiling.

There is a Peninsular range to suit every purse and to please every taste in range architecture.

"The Cost"

illustrates some of the more popular lines and explains why Peninsular ranges cost less in the long run than others. Don't buy a range before reading this book. It's free.



Low Closet for Pots and Pans

Clare Bros. & Co.

Preston, Ont. Limited

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PENINSULAR RANGES

Globe Furnishing Co., 644 Dundas Street, London.

(S)

LETTERS THE PREMIER GETS.

[The Mace.]

Mr. Borden is still receiving hundreds of letters daily, many of them from "cranks," with suggestions as to how the country should be run. One enthusiast sent him a Bible with various passages carefully marked for his guidance. A little girl down in Cape Breton wrote for his photograph, adding naively: "Father is a Liberal, and I did not know what to give him for his birthday, so I thought your picture would please him!" The great proportion of the letters, however, are from those patriotic Canadians who want jobs. Many want financial assistance, just ten or twenty, to tide them over until the Government job comes along.

A Delicious Seasoning

HOLBROOKS

GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE

SAUCE

Imported Absolutely!!

No More Bondage in Industrial Egypt—Jews Swarm to New Promised Land in West—Onto Soil for Hundreds From the Ghetto

Plan to Establish Hebrew Farm Colony in Wyoming—Noted Jewish Philanthropist Interested.





JULIUS ROSENWALD.

Certain Jewish peddlers of the Ghetto of Chicago have started a "back-to-the-soil" movement likely to develop into the biggest farm colonization scheme ever launched in the United States.

One hundred and twenty families—500 people—have joined the movement already. There is a waiting list of 300 families. A thorough organization has been effected, tentative negotiations have been opened with Wyoming officials looking to be taking up of a big tract of government land in the central part of the state, and wealthy Hebrew philanthopists have been interested in the plan.

The movement is NOT on a charity basis, however. The organizers of the colony are endeavoring to secure financial backing from wealthy individuals or from philanthropic societies, in the form of small loans to the different families on 10 or 15 years' time. It is thought $1,000 for each family will be sufficient to start the enterprise.

Those who have joined the movement thus far are mostly people from the agricultural districts of Russia. Sixty per cent are now engaged in peddling. Persons with no experience in farming will not be encouraged to join.

The land tentatively agreed upon as the site of the colony is about 90 miles north of Cheyenne, Wyoming, in the Wheatland district. It is irrigated by ditches of the first Carey act irrigation system established in Wyoming. The Burlington road has a branch that taps the section.

THE ANSWER.

The essentials of successful immigration occupation are a fairly compact settlement in groups large enough to maintain a church and perhaps a school; land sufficiently fertile to produce the staple crops; capital to purchase a minimum equipment for the type of agriculture adopted; day labor or some other immediately available form of income to enable the foreign settler to support his family until his farm becomes self-supporting. Let the foreigner pay for his purchase not more than 25 per cent above its productive value, and nine times out of ten he will win out on these terms.—The Survey.

The State of Wyoming offers to do all in its power to aid the colonists if they settle on Wyoming land. Agricultural experts will be at their service free of cost.

The movement was inaugurated by a few people of the Jewish quarter of Chicago who had been farmers in the old country, and who have decided that the is worth too much to be wasted in the squalid alleys of great cities. The idea found immediate support among all classes of Jews.

"We expect the movement to be national in its scope," says A. M. Leibling, editor of the Daily Jewish Press. "The idea is not merely to give Jewish Chicagoans with farm experience a chance to get back to the land. Ultimately we expect farm-bred Jews of other cities, and newly arrived Jewish immigrants from the agricultural districts of Europe, to take advantage of this opportunity."

Notable among the prominent Hebrews who are interested in this movement is Julius Rosenwald, president of the Associated Jewish charities, and one of the most liberal of Hebrew philanthropists. Mr. Rosenwald hasn't actually said that he will back the farm project, but he is showing a deal of interest in it, and his interest generally develops into something substantial.



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This Magnificent Doll's Piano and Stool and Lovely Imported Doll

GIRLS. We will give you ABSOLUTELY FREE this MAGNIFICENT PIANO AND LOVELY PIANO BENCH, imported all the way from Germany, and THIS GREAT BIG HANDSOME IMPORTED DOLL. This piano is more than a toy. It is beautifully decorated, has two full octaves of fourteen keys, full metal sound producer, and you can play any number of lovely tunes on it. Besides this, the top raises up just like a real piano, and you have also a lovely metallophone to play on. THE HANDSOME DOLL IS GIVEN WITH THE PIANO and she is a beauty. Over 18 inches tall with fine curly hair, pearly teeth, fully jointed and dressed in stylish dress, fine underwear, shoes, stockings and hat all complete. The lovely bench to sit dolly on matches the piano. All three costly presents—the magnificent piano, costly bench to match and handsome doll GIVEN TO YOU FREE if you will sell only three $5.00 worth of the magnificent National Jewellery Novelties at only 10c each. They are handsome novelties, everybody wants them, and you will surely sell them very quickly. Return our money, when sold, and we promptly send you all three presents complete exactly as represented. By our reimbursement system we stand payment of all delivery charges. DON'T DELAY. Write for the jewellery to-day. It tells like hot cakes. Address—

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ENGLAND'S GREAT SEAL

Emblem Once Thrown Into the Thames Was Recovered by Fisherman and Restored.

No other emblem of governmental authority, perhaps, ever had such a series of queer adventures as those pertaining to the great seal of England.

In the first place, says Harpers Weekly, when Richard I. set out for the Holy Land he took the seal with him. His vice-chancellor, Malchlen, is said to have worn it suspended by a chain around his neck. Off Cypress the vice-chancellor fell overboard and was drowned, and the great seal was lost.

The first seal of Charles I. was thrown into the River Severn in order that it might not fall into the hands of Cromwell's soldiers. When James II. fled from England he carried the great seal with him. He threw it into the Thames, evidently thinking that without it William III. could not carry on the government. A fisherman's net caught it and it was restored to the authorities, and was used by William until a new seal was made.

In 1874 thieves broke into the house of Lord Chancellor Thurlow and stole the great seal. It was never recovered.

The country seat of Lord Chancellor Eldon took fire at night. At the first alarm the chancellor hurried from his sleeping chamber with the great seal, and buried it in his garden. In the morning he tried in vain to locate the place where he had buried the seal. By the advice of Lady Eldon every servant in the household was provided either with a spade, a trowel, or a poker and ordered to "probe" the garden. At last the chancellor was relieved by the cry of "Found!"

LIVELY LETTERS ON HOME RULE

An Acrimonious Exchange of Letters Between John Redmond, M. P., and F. E. Smith, M. P.

Correspondence has passed between Mr. John Redmond and Mr. F. E. Smith with reference to a speech by the latter, and the repudiation by the Irish leader of the charges made in it against him. Mr. Smith began with a letter on the 15th of October, stating that in the Daily News of the 13th of October Mr. Redmond was reported to have said at Glasgow: "I say it is not playing the game, poor and wretched though that game may be, for men like Mr. Smith to make false accusations against his political opponents. He accused me of having been in the habit of speaking with two voices, one in America and one in Great Britain. I indignantly deny that accusation. I have never in my life said one word on a platform in America one whit stronger than I have said in my place on the floor of the House of Commons. I have never in America or anywhere else advocated the separation of Ireland from Great Britain."

Mr. Smith goes on to admit he made this charge, and quotes from speeches delivered by Mr. Redmond since 1895, in justification. Mr. Smith concludes: "The comparison of these extracts makes it clear that unless you have been the victim of an abominable conspiracy sustained over a long period on the part of the Nationalist press, you have vehemently and for many years advocated national independence, and that you are now, in order to delude and cajole English audiences, repudiating these pretensions and confining yourself to the advocacy of an Irish Parliament strictly subordinate to the Imperial Parliament. It would appear therefore that my statement at Glasgow was fully warranted under these circumstances."

Mr. Redmond, in his reply on the 19th of October, begins by congratulating Mr. Smith on his industry in searching through hundreds of speeches as far back as 1895, and he suggests that Mr. Smith should go back to the commencement of his public career in 1881, and thus complete his study. Mr. Redmond goes on:

"I declared in my speech at Glasgow that 'I have never said one word on a platform in America one whit stronger than I have said in my place on the floor of the House of Commons,' and that 'I have never, in America or elsewhere, advocated the separation of Ireland from Great Britain.' I stand by this declaration. I have spoken, no doubt, of Irish independence, as Parnell did. I have spoken about putting an end to British Government in Ireland, and so forth. All these statements, however, are to be read in the light of the innumerable declarations made by me on hundreds of platforms in America and in this country, and in the House of Commons, that all that we asked was that in purely Irish affairs we should have control of the government of the country in an Irish Parliament, in the same way, though not necessarily by the same machinery, as in the case of the colonies."

One quotation attributed by Mr. Smith to Mr. Redmond is emphatically repudiated. It is that on the 10th of November, 1910, he spoke as follows:

"We demand an Irish Parliament for Irish affairs, and subject only to the Irish people. Less than that we do not ask. Less than that we shall not accept. They ask us to demand more, and I answer in the words of Parnell: 'Let us get this first and then demand more.'"

"There is not one syllable of truth in this quotation," says Mr. Redmond. "Parnell never used the words attributed to him, and I never used the phrase either. I publicly repudiated it this year in the House."

In response, Mr. F. E. Smith wrote on the 23rd of October, stating among other things that as recently as Sept. 27, 1910, Mr. Redmond spoke at Syracuse of "dethroning once for all the English Government of our country."

"Is this," Mr. Smith asks, "your present view? Has this been your recent campaign? It is evident that the two are as far apart as the poles."

Towards the end of a long letter, Mr. Smith remarks: "Many of us bitterly resent the use you have thought it wise to make of your mastery over the dependent Government which you maintain in office. To us it is clear that you aided the Government to destroy the constitution, not because you shared any of their quarrels since 1906 with the House of Lords, but because you were promised in return a home rule bill over the heads of the constituencies."

CONTRACTED HEAVY COLD

Was In Bed Two Months.

DOCTORS DID NOT SEEM TO DO HER ANY GOOD.

A cold, however slight, should never be neglected, for if it is not treated in time it will, in all possibility, lead to bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, or some other serious throat or lung troubles.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup contains the lung healing virtues of the Norway Pine tree, which, combined with other absorbent, expectorant and soothing medicines, makes it without a doubt the best remedy for all coughs and colds.

Miss N. McCumber, St. Martin's N.B., writes:—"In January last I contracted a heavy cold which kept me in bed nearly two months, and the doctors didn't seem to be able to do me any good. I tried several proprietary medicines, but all in vain. One day a friend advised me to try Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and when I had taken three bottles I was completely cured, and I feel as well to-day as I ever did, and I am sure my lungs are once more sound, thanks to that wonderful remedy."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price 25 cents.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

PRESIDENT TAFT ON WAR

(Continued From Page Fourteen).

willing sometimes to stand a judgment against us and abide a defeat, then, of course, don't let us take up arbitration at all. My ideal is that some day if we make those treaties we will secure a general joint agreement of all nations to have an arbitral court into which one nation may summon the other whenever there is a grievance, and compel that other nation to have a hearing and abide the judgment of the arbitral court, and the public opinion of all nations will enforce the judgment. These treaties are steps in that direction, but if all we are going to do is to say that generally we are in favor of arbitration, and we will wait until a question arises to see whether we are going to be beaten or not in the arbitration, and if we are, we will have a string to pull ourselves out, we are not playing the game fair. In order that the step may be a real useful one, in order that the contract may be a real contract, it should be one that will hurt us sometimes, it will be one that we ought to feel the effect of, it is one in which we ought to be willing to be defeated sometimes in order to make progress. But if we are going to say, 'Oh, no, it is heads I win, and tails you lose, we are not going into the contract unless we can be certain that we will win,' then we cannot go into any contract of that sort with any effectiveness at all. We have got to be willing to abide a defeat in arbitration if it is to be a real arbitration, and unless it is a real arbitration, it is not a step in the direction of peace.

Race Question Not Involved.

"But it is said, 'If you make this treaty, you will have to arbitrate some questions that you will be very anxious to avoid, as, for instance, that you will have to let in Chinamen, because the question will have to be arbitrated whether you ought to let them in or not. There is not any question about that at all. It is a question of domestic nature. Under international law we have complete power to exclude anybody we choose, provided they are not citizens of ours under the constitution. We could, if we would, exclude red-headed men. I only say that to show the arbitrary nature of the power that we have to exclude people. As it is therefore not an international question, it never could come up for decision under those treaties. And so it is with respect to the tariff. It is said that we might bind ourselves by an arbitration to adjust something in the tariff. The tariff is a question of the admission of articles into this country. We have just as much right to exclude articles as we have persons.

A Narrow Construction.

"Now, my friends, what I want to call your attention to is this: If the Senate's construction of its powers or the Senate committee's construction of its powers is a correct one, so that it is so narrow that it cannot enter into a treaty of arbitration that shall bind us to something in the future, if we cannot make a treaty that has the same effect and is so much like the medicine that bites when it goes down a man's throat, it is not a step that looks to the securing of peace. If we are now going into this business, let us go into it with sincerity, so as to avoid the awful horrors of war; otherwise let us go out of it altogether and not be hypocrites. If we say that the powers of the Senate are so narrow that we cannot make treaties of this sort, then we say to the common people of the world, 'It is true, we are a great nation; it is true we try to lead in Christian civilization, but our constitution is such that we can let you go on and make treaties with each other, but really we are limited by a technical limitation upon the authority of our Senate.' I say there is no such technical limitation, an I say moreover it would be most lamentable if our nation were put in a position that could not lead other nations in the van in the cause of peace. All the world looks to us to help out in that matter. They know we have no entangling alliances; they know we are isolated, so that we do not need to have a great armament, and they look to us to help them in the cause of peace.

An Armed Camp.

"Europe is an armed camp today, because each nation is afraid that some international controversy will destroy her integrity, therefore, she keeps up a burden that will soon lead her to bankruptcy. Now, in the cause of peace, in the cause of our human race, we ought to do everything we can to make war impossible. We are the greatest nation on earth; we have 90,000,000 people; we are in a position where we are not afraid of anybody, and all the world knows that we are not afraid of anybody; therefore, we can put ourselves in a position where a weaker nation might be charged with cowardice. We occupy a position like a man of fortune in a community — a great, strong man, whose duty it is to help his poor neighbors. We ought to take the position the Lord has given us at the head of nations. God has not given us all these resources, this great people, this opportunity ,without charging us with responsibility in respect to it. And now what I desire to do is to arouse the people and invoke their aid in the ratification of these treaties that are permanent steps toward a peace that will aid the march on to Christian civilization."

Following this speech President Taft retired to his apartments on the second floor of the Commercial Club, where he remained until the banquet was announced.

The President and his party left over the Milwaukee in the second section of the Columbian, at 1:15, the special being accompanied by W. B. Dixon, assistant general passenger agent at St. Paul, Superintendent J. T. Gillick, of Aberdeen, and John Dougherty, chief of the Milwaukee secret service.

Rosebery Pokes Fun at Libraries of "Dead Books"

Curious Speech at the Opening of a Library at Glasgow—His Lordship in a Mock Tragic Vein.

On Oct. 20 Lord Rosebery, with a golden key presented to him for the purpose, formally opened the new Mitchell Library in Glasgow. At a subsequent gathering in St. Andrew's Hall, Lord Rosebery addressed an assemblage of about five thousand, and spoke of the barrenness of the theme of libraries.

How could anyone have anything particular to say about public libraries?, he asked. There was no subject except theology and politics on which so many speeches had been delivered. He might make a possible exception of the distribution of prizes at schools. (Laughter). Mr. Carnegie the other day told him—if he did not mistake the figures—that he had founded 2,200 libraries. That was an enormous work of beneficence, but he was troubled with another aspect of the question. Every one of these 2,200 libraries had been opened with oratory; they might take it that at any one of them ten speakers had uttered their thoughts. That was 22,000 speeches. Every one of these speeches, he calculated, contained on an average ten platitudes on the subject of public libraries. (Laughter). Thus 220,000 platitudes had been uttered in connection with the foundation of the Carnegie libraries alone. How, then, was an inexperienced orator —(laughter)—at this hour in the evening and decline of life, to try to utter anything that was worth hearing?

He felt disposed not entirely to bless, not perhaps, absolutely to curse, but by no means to utter an unqualified benediction on libraries. He knew he ought to feel elated. But he felt an intense depression in this cemetery of books, because after all most of them were dead. How many living books were there in the Mitchell Library? How many inevitable books, time-proof books, weather-proof books? When he was told there were 180,000 books in the Mitchell library, he asked if there were not 100,000 which nobody ever asked for Diplomatically the librarian had declined to reply. (Laughter). Some books were absolutely dead, books that no human being out of a madhouse would ever ask for. Some of them were semi-living books; some stray traveller or wandering student might ask for them at some heedless or too curious moment. He thought of all the thoughts and of the aspirations of the authors who wrote them. How many baffled ambitions, disappointed hopes, crushed aspirations were represented by each shelf of books. What a great mass of disappointment, of wrecked hopes and lives was represented by a public library. When he viewed from the standpoint of the individual this huge mass of knowledge, living or slumbering, or dead, he was appalled. Who was even to overtake the reading of these books? There was an enormous fund of knowledge which no individual now living or to be born would ever be able to overtake.

But he desired to come to the pleasanter aspect of the subject. While the demand existed Mr. Carnegie's supply was always equal to the demand; and if, as they were told, China was wakening up from its long sleep to an intellectual activity by three or four hundred millions of inhabitants, he had no doubt Mr. Carnegie would only see in it a new opportunity for providing libraries. (Laughter). Such munificence as that, encircling, they might say, the entire globe with a girdle of free libraries, which were highly appreciated now, and which he ventured to say would be appreciated tenfold by generations to come, was a masterpiece of philanthropy.

Lord Rosebery went on to say he was glad to hear that the collection relating to Burns was probably the first in any library in the world. He hoped the librarians would have a warm corner for everything relating to the history, antiquities and literature of Scotland. They had no national library in Scotland—he said it to their shame.

ASQUITH MAPS OUT WORK

(Continued From Page Fourteen).

shadow of responsibility, but full self-government.

Reminders for Mr. Balfour.

Criticising Mr. Balfour's statement at Haddington recently to the effect that he (Mr. Asquith) never mentioned home rule in the course of the election of December last year until he was casually heckled in East Fife, the Prime Minister continued: "There is less excuse for expecting a legend of this kind, because it has been exposed by me in the hearing of Mr. Balfour in the House of Commons. But since he repeats it with all his responsibility, I must just remind you and him of what I actually did say. The very first speech I made in the general election last year after the dissolution of Parliament, was made at Hull, at a great and representative meeting of the National Liberal Federation. At the end of that speech, after referring to what I had said at Albert Hall the year before, I said this: 'I speak'—and in view of the shameful things which are being said I feel bound to emphasize that point—'of our views of the proper solution of the problems of just self-government. What I then said I repeat; to it I adhere; and I believe the Liberal party adheres. ((Cheers.) I started the campaign with that express and explicit declaration.(Cheers.) I won't quote—though I have a long series of quotations supplied by my friends and colleagues—but you will find that many members of the Government had it in their election addresses, and there is not a single member of the present cabinet who did not throughout the general election, in speech after speech, reiterate and amplify what I had said. It was so understood, not only by our friends and supporters, but still more by our opponents, and by none more clearly than by Mr. Balfour and Lord Lansdowne.

"I give you a quotation from each of them. Mr. Balfour, in the middle of September, writing to the candidate for Barnstaple, said: 'The avowed intention of the Government is in substance to abolish the second chamber, and then, without any reference to the electors, to grant a sweeping measure of home rule to Ireland.'

"Lord Lansdowne, speaking two or three days after my own speech at Portsmouth, said: 'Mr. Asquith, to my mind, makes it perfectly clear that the first step that will be taken (that is, under the Parliament bill), will be to deal with the question of Irish home rule.'

Liberal Pledges.

"What becomes of all this talk? I say that in introducing that measure we shall be acting in strict fulfillment of pledges openly and deliberately given, interpreted in the same sense by the leaders of both parties in th state, and accepted and ratified with open eyes by the electors, thoroughly informed of all that was going on. (Cheers.) The fact is that, both in regard to this matter of Irish self-government and to the other question which I mentioned—the Welsh disestablishment—we are not animated, as our opponents seem to think, by some blind lust for destruction, by some fanatical impulse for spoliation and uprooting established things, but we are acting in strict pursuance of one of the oldest and one of the most rational and well-founded of all Liberal principles—that institutions exist for the people and not the people for the institutions."

In conclusion Mr. Asquith urged that in the case of Irish self-government they should be careful—scrupulously careful—of the rights and privileges of the minority ,and in the case of Welsh disestablishment they should be even more than liberal to vested interests and even to reasonable expectations. That was the spirit in which they should approach both tasks.

A vote of confidence in the Government and in Mr. Asquith was unanimously carried.

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"The teachers would not let them attend school for fear of infection spreading among the other children, so I resolved to try the Cuticura Remedies, which I found to benefit my children greatly. I continued with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for one month, and the result is a marvelous cure." (Signed) George Arthur Robinson, 37, Fitzwilliam St., Hoyland Common, nr. Barnsley, Yorks., Eng., Jan. 5, 1911.

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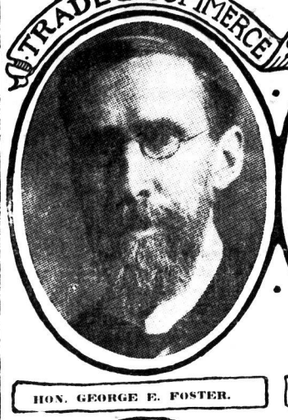
The New Dominion Cabinet



DUKE of CONNAUGHT



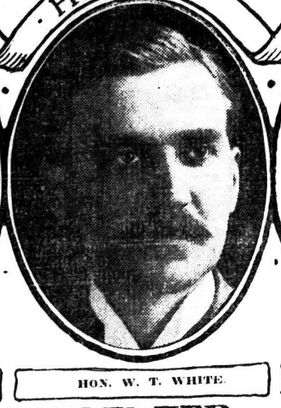
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HON. DR. W. J. ROCHE.



HON. W. T. WHITE



HON. SAM HUGHES.

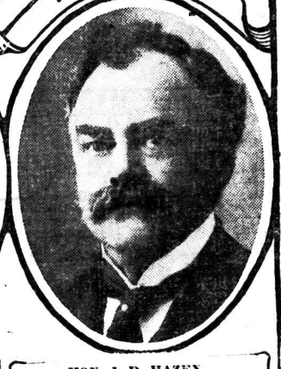


HON. MARTIN BURRELL.

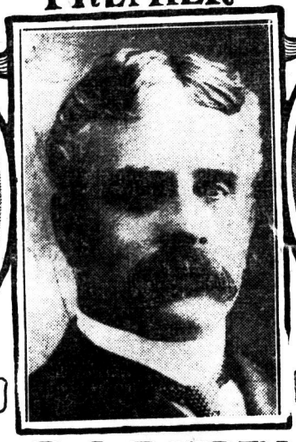
PREMIER



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HON. J. D. HAZEN.



R. L. BORDEN



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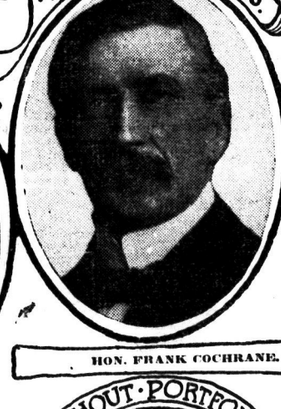
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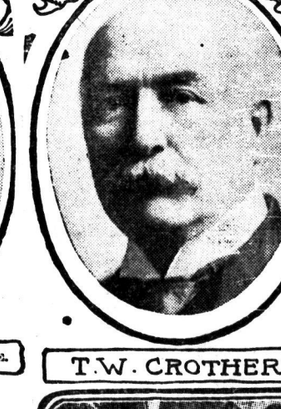
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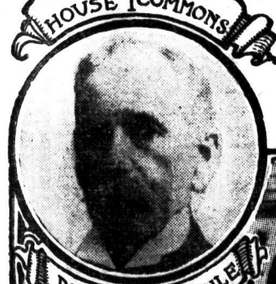
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SIR WILFRID LAURIER
LEADER OF OPPOSITION
HOUSE of COMMONS

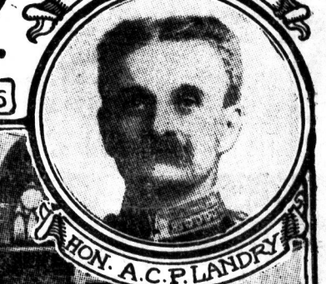
SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT
LEADER of OPPOSITION
in SENATE

SPEAKER HOUSE of COMMONS



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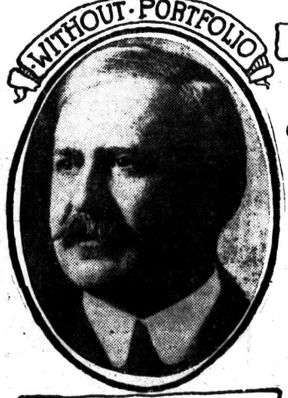
SPEAKER of SENATE



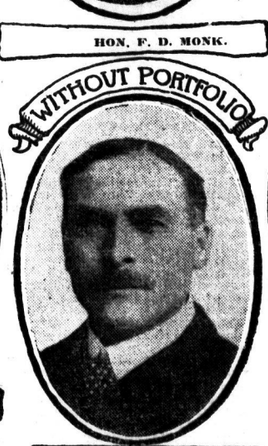
HON. A. C. P. LANDRY



HOUSE OF COMMONS
SHOWING ONE-HALF OF CHAMBER (THE GOVERNMENT SIDE)



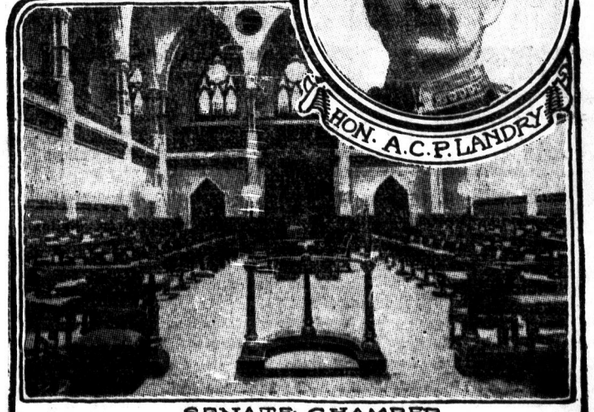
HON. A. E. KEMP.



SENATOR LOUGHEED



HON. GEORGE PERLEY.



SENATE CHAMBER
WHERE THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT OPENS PARLIAMENT

TROUBLES OF POOR PARISIAN WHO HAS SEVEN CHILDREN CAN'T FIND A HOME

[John F. Macdonald, in the London Daily News.]

The fifteenth of October being quarterday in France, behold Parisians paying rent, or Parisians "putting off" landlords with elaborate excuses or Parisians taking possession of new residences. Thus a vision of fine furniture, or of pathetic, dilapidated furniture, as it is being passed up and down stairs. Throughout the day the whirl continues, abating only at nightfall, when the bedrooms are ready. Exhausted, M. le Bourgeois and his wife retire early. In the wine shops the furniture removers, assembled before the zinc counter, hold forth ironically or savagely against the "tips" they have received. At midnight, when quarter-day has expired, all those who have moved sleep tranquilly in their new surroundings, but amidst old belongings. All except Pierre Lagrange, a Paris workman, Marie, his wife, and their seven small children.

Grim St. Antoine.

For the Lagrange family are homeless divided. On the first day of October they received notice to quit the three rooms they inhabited in the grim neighborhood of St. Antoine. "You have a fortnight in which to find other quarters," said the landlord. "It will not be easy, with seven children," objected Lagrange. "It is not just to give me notice: I have always paid my rent regularly." But the landlord was inexorable; and so in their few leisure moments, Pierre Lagrange and Marie his wife searched St. Antoine for a new home.

Scores of rooms vacant—but Pierre Lagrange's seven children proved an obstacle, overwhelming, insurmountable. "Non; ah, mais non—seven children, it is not reasonable, it is impossible," replied the representatives of the landlords. Nor after exhausting St. Antoine, could the Lagranges find shelter in any other poor neighborhood. Everywhere the seven children were barred. "Three, four children—I could understand that, I could tolerate that," stated an agent. "But seven! Why not seventeen! Why not seventy-seven! Ah non, Ah non, et non, et non! Most decidedly, one should be reasonable."

So the time slipped by. So quarter-day arrived, and with it a scene in one of St. Antoine's grim, narrow little streets.

On a barrow, the Lagrange furniture. On the pavement, the Lagrange family. In spite of a fortnight's search, nowhere to go to.

But in the French vernacular, St. Antoine "has a heart." The neighbors swarmed around the Lagrange family, the Lagrange barrow. Heated discussion; accompanied by excited gesticulations. Such a heart has St. Antoine—have the hungry gaunt citizens of St. Antoine, that whilst swarming around the family and the barrow they quarreled amongst themselves as to which of their own bare homes should enjoy the "right" of affording the Lagranges hospitality.

The Search Continues.

Well, old Pere Bouzon took charge of the Lagrange furniture. Then two of the Lagrange children with Mme Petit, another two with Mme. Leblond, a fifth child elsewhere, a sixth child over the way, and Marie Lagrange and the baby somewhere else, and her husband yet another guest of generous St. Antoine. Nevertheless, they were homeless, divided. And still divided, still homeless, remain the Lagrange family today.

"Everything will arrange itself," says St. Antoine to Mme. Lagrange: "We will look after the children, whilst you and Pierre are searching for a new home."

But nothing "arranges itself" Mme. Lagrange journeys hither and thither, in quest of three rooms. Pierre Lagrange obtains a day's leave from his employer, and tramps far and wide. With him go credentials pronouncing him sober, honest, hardworking. He earns 38 francs a week, and thus can pay his rent regularly. Nothing against him, nothing against Marie his wife—except their seven children.

"One talks of depopulation," says St. Antoine. "One asks what will happen to France if the depopulation continues? And when one has children no place to live in."

Shades, almost echoes of the great French Revolution! St. Antoine, standing at street corners or sipping sour red wine at the zinc counters, angrily quotes the case of Pierre Lagrange as yet another instance of modern social injustice. Liberty, Equality, Fraternity! True, Pierre Lagrange is at liberty to tramp the streets in quest of a home. But when he and his wife hesitatingly, wistfully announce themselves to be the parents of seven children, what an outcry of "Non; ah, mais non!" and of "It is not reasonable, it is not serious—it is even appalling!"

"No room for the little Lagranges today," is the comment of St. Antoine. "But when these little Lagranges are old enough to be soldiers of the Republic—la belle, la glorieuse Republique—will not fail to claim them."

Here, There and Everywhere.

No; things—so far as the Lagrange family is concerned do not arrange themselves."

As I write, eight days have elapsed since the Lagranges and their barrow of simple furniture stood in the grim, narrow street, not knowing what was to become of them. It pours with rain. Or, when it does not rain, Paris just now is damp and shadowy with mist. And through the rain—through the mist and the gloom—goes Mme. Lagrange in search of a home; and at night, when he has returned from his work; and after he has paid brief visits to Mmes. Petit and Leblond, and somewhere else and over the way, where his children are being cared for; at night Pierre Lagrange tramps forth on the same mission.

He climbs the hectic hills of Montmartre, and, leaving behind him its lurid cabarets and delirious night restaurants, passes into the dark shabby regions that lie at the back of the Sacre Coeur. He climbs that other hill leading to Villette, another dark district, and ghastly site of the slaughter house of Paris. He explores the wretched streets round and about the cemetery of Pere-Lachaise, passing the wall against which the Communists were placed and shot dead. He goes here, there and everywhere—producing his credentials, proving his solvency, searching a respectable home. But no respectable homes available.

"Sept enfants! Vous avez bien dit—sept! Mais c'est enorme! Mais c'est pas raisonnable, c'est pas serieux. Ah non; ah non, et non, et non."

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About sixty to the pound.

Hidden between two crisp, beautifully browned biscuits of unique design, is a fairy-like cream, with a flavor of pure lemon juice.

About sixty to the pound.

Great Englishman's 80th Birthday

Frederick Harrison, the Great Positivist—How He Has Preserved His Vigor—The Great Circle to Which He Belonged.

Mr. Frederick Harrison, the famous Positivist, was 80 years old on Oct. 18. In his Kentish home at Hawkhurst he is spending an active and happy old age, coming at the close, he has assured the world, of "a long, happy, busy life." His stalwart and upright figure is a living testimonial to the virtues of the life vigorous.

Mr. Harrison's mental energy has been immense from his very boyhood. It is matched, however, by his physical energy, for he has always believed in the ideal of a healthy mind in a healthy body. For 50 years—from 1851 to 1907—he was an active Alpinist, and he can boast today that he knows Switzerland more thoroughly than almost any other living Englishman.

This knowledge has been won in a rough school. "I have often and often," he writes, "walked over all the great passes into Italy, underneath which we now rush in spiral tunnels. With my flannel clothes in rags I was once all but turned out of an inn at Andermatt, being taken for an Italian smuggler. I have slept—or rather passed some hours of night—under a rock, or in a cave, in a cowshed with 80 belled beasts, in a big bed in a chalet which held two neatherds, a guide and an idiot boy, and where holes in the floor showed hairy swine underneath us. And as to baths, I have heard of men standing up naked on the bare floor and pouring over themselves a can of water, in order to teach 'the natives' how to wash."

Many of Mr. Harrison's judgments on contemporary questions have been conceived in the same spirit of hardihood.

He considers that:

"The most deplorable incident of our time is the cowardice and servility of leading men. Politicians cower before popular passion, dumb in presence of national folly, and international crimes. Lawyers witness the prostitution of justice without a murmur."

During the most bitter period of the Boer war he wrote thus:

"We see the future loaded with a terrible retribution to that order which has begun so violent a revolution—not only in South Africa, but here at home. Our descendants will look back with bitter memories on this age; and an empire so built up with foundations of wrong and cemented by blood may hereafter dissolve more rapidly than it rose."

Of the literary and political friendships that have crowded his career, one of the most intimate was that with Ruskin. He found Ruskin in 1860 "an airy, generous, fantastic, lovable man of genius, whose fancies bubbled forth clear and inexhaustible like a mountain spring."

In his latest book of memories Mr. Harrison quotes from a private letter this curious but characteristic judgment of Ruskin on the work of Jean Francois Millet: "I entirely concur with you, of course, in feeling the man's power and honesty. But he has never seen Beauty. And the ugliness of the world comes into and out of every pore of him—a black sap. No painter has any business to represent labor as gloomy. It is not gloomy, but blessed and cheerful."

Mr. Harrison tells us much about the distinguished politicians, English and French, whom he met or heard at various times. But he was evidently far more at home among the men of letters. What gatherings were those at the house of George Eliot and Lewes in Regent's Park. To quote:

"At times George Eliot would play Beethoven with fine power and taste, or George Du Maurier would sing one of his exquisitely comic French songs, or G. Lewes and Edward Pigott would act an impromptu charade, with witty dialogue invented on the spur of the moment. The superb Frederic Leighton would drop in, who had made illustrations for 'Romola,' or the hearty Robert Browning, with endless anecdotes and happy mots; George Meredith, the inexhaustible and the mitis sapienta of Lecky; the first Lord Acton, the omnivorous student, the gentle irony of Charles Bowen, and the second Lord Lytton, the cosmopolitan courtier; the jolly rattle of Anthony Trollope; the ever-welcome and genial Lord Houghton."

There, indeed was a company! It was among such a mixed assemblage of talents that Mr. Harrison moved, in a variety of scenes, amid an ever-changing and vastly interesting, social environment.

MONEY COULDN'T BUY THESE WRITINGS

Thomas Hardy, the English Novelist, Refuses to Sell Manuscripts to Pierpont Morgan.

Lovers of Mr. Thomas Hardy's books will rejoice to learn that the author has presented the manuscripts of these famous works to the nation.

The manuscripts of "Tess" and "The Dynasts" have been presented by the veteran novelist to the British Museum, the authorities of which have broken through the custom not to acquire the manuscripts of living persons, and the two works will be on exhibition in the museum within three months.

The circumstances which led Mr. Hardy to take this step illustrate the enterprise of the American collector. Some little time ago, Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan wrote to Mr. Hardy, and made him a very lucrative offer for the manuscript of "Tess." Mr. Hardy refused to part with it, and Mr. Morgan thereupon replied by offering the novelist any sum he liked to name.

The patriotism of the novelist, however, was too strong, and he persisted in his refusal to part with "Tess." Mr. Cockerell, of the Fitzwilliam Museum at Cambridge, heard of the American offer, and at once went to see Mr. Hardy to ascertain if it were possible to secure any of these manuscripts for his museum.

Mr. Hardy, with rare generosity, at once said he would distribute these manuscripts to the various leading museums. Accordingly, as has been stated, he offered the MSS. of "Tess" and of "The Dynasts" to the British Museum. Two of the other manuscripts are going to the Fitzwilliam Museum, two to the Bodleian, one to Birmingham, one to Aberdeen, and one to Manchester. The author has only kept "Under the Greenwood Tree," and another.

The great novelist frankly admits that he would like to write a successful play, and has promised to write one for Miss Lillah McCarthy. He has also arranged to collaborate with Mr. J. M. Barrie in dramatic works, and the author of "Peter Pan" is at the present time considering the synopsis of a drama which Mr. Hardy has drafted.

Two Men Stir Eternal City



ERNESTO NATHAN. -- LEONIDA-BISSOLATI.

Rome, Nov. 11.—When King Victor Emanuel gets through with the Turks over in Tripoli, he may find his hands full at home, for the large Socialist element in the Italian parliament is going to see that the Government does the fair and square thing both with Tripoli and Turkey. They fought the idea of going to war over Tripoli in the first place, contending that the money had better be spent on the poor and ignorant peasants in Southern Italy; but now that the Government is about to grab the African land, the Socialists want to guarantee the Tripolitans a just rule; and they want Turkey paid for the losses she sustained.

If the Government refuses to listen to the pleas of the Socialists there may be another European kingdom overturned, and the world's first Socialistic republic established, says Leonida Bissolati, Socialist leader, and who would probably be elected president of the Socialistic republic.

Another thorn in the Government's side is Ernesto Nathan, Rome's anti-clerical mayor, and whose controversies with the Vatican have embarrassed the king's ministers who are pledged to maintain the utmost respect and protection to the church. Nathan is champion of the new Rome and new Italy, in which the church and state shall be completely separated.

NOTICE

OBJECTION is made by some to the fact that the City will not renew lamps purchased from other parties.

The cost of lamp renewals at most would amount to only **$1.00 PER ANNUM** for a few years, and **SURELY** every citizen should be public-spirited enough to support his own undertaking at this small additional outlay.

REMEMBER, every cent of **PROFIT** made by Hydro is used to reduce the taxes; every cent of **DEFICIT** will raise the taxes.

CITY HYDRO-ELECTRIC

The Land Problem In England

(By A. G. Gardiner.)

This question of the land was the most vital, the most truly imperial, question they had to deal with. Froude had said that those countries were the most stable in which the largest proportion of people had a direct interest in the soil. Apply that test to this country and it would be seen we were in a sad way.

The land had been monopolized—often by legalized theft, as in the case of the eight million acres of common land appropriated under the inclosure acts—and at the same time taxation had been transferred from the land to the industries which increased its value. As a result, in the last 50 years, while the population of the country had doubled, the people engaged in agriculture had decreased by more than half. Farms had grown bigger and bigger, and the small holder had well-nigh disappeared. In the United Kingdom we had only 250,000 small holdings, while in France there were nearly five millions. In Belgium 95 per cent. of the holdings were under 25 acres each, with the result that though Belgium was the most thickly populated country in Europe and exported manufactures to the value of £9 per head of the population, it nevertheless provided itself with its own food and had one million's worth over to send abroad.

Meanwhile our land was left to pheasants and deer or laid down in large farms, and we were importing our eggs from Russia and the Balkans, our butter from Denmark and Siberia, our apples from Canada, and our mutton from New Zealand. What was the remedy? It was to break down the monopoly which kept the land locked against the user. He saw no effective way of doing that on a large scale except by reimposing on the land the taxation it had shifted on to industry. Let this be accompanied by a readjustment of rates and taxes, so that much of the burden of the local rates—for roads, poor law, education, etc.—which bore so heavily on the farmer, should be transferred to the national taxation. With this change it would no longer be possible for rich men to keep land as a luxury while landless men were asking for a bit of land to till, and in tilling to enrich the country in two ways, by increasing its natural resources and by preserving that race of independent peasantry which was a nation's best asset.

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THE FIRST WHITE FROST.

[Suburban Life.]

Thus spake a tiny country lass—
"The milk tonight will be quite sweet,
For see where Grandma's spread the grass
With sugar, for the cows to eat!"

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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

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A good stomach and a merry soul are inseparable—lacking which, try Abbey's Salt.

25c and 60c bottle.

Sold everywhere.

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HOW A MOTHER USED

OXO

IN CUBES



"How do I use up my stale bread? Why, with OXO Cubes. They taught me a new dish that perhaps other women, who keep house, would like to try.

"With two children in the house, it is only natural that there are many broken slices and ends of loaves that would accumulate.

I call my new dish Oxo Bread Pudding

"For four persons, I soak ¼ pound of bread to a pulp in boiling water—then drain. I chop 2 ounces of suet and a small onion, and stir into the bread. Season this with a teaspoonful of minced parsley, pepper and salt, and mix in a dessertspoonful of flour.

"Dissolve two OXO Cubes in a little boiling water and stir into the pudding. Turn into a greased mold, press down and bake brown in a moderate oven.

"I have found OXO Cubes wonderfully helpful in making Soups, Sauces and new dishes, and now I do not feel as if I could keep house without OXO Cubes. They are so handy".

OXO Cubes are the greatest advance in food invention since men began to eat and women learnt to cook.



10 Cubes, 25c. 4 Cubes, 10c.

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American Who Gave Britons Department Store, Arnold Bennett and Shaw's Producer, Barker

An interesting photographic study of Harry Gordon Selfridge, London's "Chicago" merchant; Granville Barker, the London producer of George Bernard Shaw plays, and Arnold Bennett, an English author now in America, was shown in a recent issue of a London daily newspaper.

The photograph was taken on the return of Mr. Selfridge from his recent visit to Chicago, and shortly before Mr. Bennett, sailed for the United States.

The three, each a leader in his respective calling, are close personal friends, and assembled that the picture might be taken before Mr. Bennett sailed.

Although a businessman in every sense, and at present introducing American business methods in England's metropolis, Mr. Selfridge possesses a keen appreciation of literature and art. That is the reason for the friendship which has developed between the businessman, the producer of plays and the author.

The introduction in England of Chicago department store methods by the former manager of Marshall Field & Co. is said to be producing social as well as commercial changes there. Staid British society looked askance when Mr. Selfridge announced that he would open up careers in his store for university men.

Oxford and Cambridge have not heretofore educated for business, but for statesmanship, and the various professions. Mr. Selfridge is a firm believer that commerce is itself a modern form of empire. His constant aim has been to give trade a higher dignity and firmer social status.

Although his success is said to have been phenomenal in London since the opening of the department store of which he is the head, Mr. Selfridge advises against young Americans emulating his example in going to Europe for commercial gain. While in Chicago he declared Europe no place for the man who must fight his way upon ability alone. He said that unless backed by a strong financial organization, the American had a poor chance of success abroad.

"Nearly every week I advise some young Londoner to get out of Europe and seek a new field where conditions are not congested," said Mr. Selfridge, in a recent interview. "The boys and young men frequently ask my advice and that is my invariable answer."

Mr. Selfridge sailed from England on Sept. 11 to spend ten days with his family at Lake Geneva and call upon old friends in Chicago. He returned on Sept. 22, and upon his arrival in London met Mr. Bennett and Mr. Barker, with whom he posed for the picture.

Mr. Arnold Bennett is known as the author of "The Old Wives' Tale," "Clayhanger," "Hilda Lessways," and other stories. He caused a sensation among literary folk recently when he criticised the works of Dickens and Thackeray.

"Dickens and Thackeray," he said, appealed to a generation which had no taste in any direction. I don't think either was quite a first-rate artist."

The same author caused disappointment among Chicago admirers more recently when he announced that he would make no speeches in America, until he had taken out citizenship papers. This was made upon the receipt of an invitation to attend an informal luncheon to be given by the Chicago Press Club on the occasion of Mr. Bennett's visit. The author said he would be glad to attend, but declined to speak. He is the guest in New York of George H. Doran, the publisher of his books.

Mr. Barker probably is the least known of the three to the general public in America, although his name means much in theatrical circles. He is the producer of the Shaw plays at the Court Theatre, London, and is a playwright whom London critics declare soon will come into his own.



GRANVILLE BARKER, HARRY GORDON SELFRIDGE, ARNOLD BENNETT.

"BOSTON'S AS ENGLISH AS A MUFFIN"---ARNOLD BENNETT

A clever interviewer on the New York World gives the following article on Arnold Bennett:

In a hosky dell, where the River Something or other flows (and one mile from a railroad station by special arrangements to suit his desires), Mr. Arnold Bennett toils when Britain's spiderweb floats above his labors. But in America, he's a regular business chap, don't you know. He is, indeed. He has a desk and a swivel chair and a memoranda blank with the date staring right out at him and a little room all to himself in the offices of his publisher, George H. Doran, suite 803, at No. 35 West Thirty-Second street. But you can't really do anything with these geniuses, after all; for when The World reporter went to talk with him in his nice, prim, business-like little office—he had decorated the floor with several cigarette butts (Reporter joining him in distribution shortly afterward) and, furthermore, what does he do but look blithely up from a letter he had just finished writing, and with that calendar memoranda slip on his desk, staring him full in the face, inquire:

"Oh, I say, what's the date? Quite, I thank you."

One can imagine this fellow trying to hold down a clerkship in any one of the Five Towns! No wonder he had to turn novelist!

Shock if Football Hair Is His.

Mr. Arnold Bennett has one of the prime physical attributes of genius—thick and loyal hair. (Bald aspirants can busy themselves with thoughts of Henry James, if they feel the necessity; and J. M. Barrie isn't "all there" and Joseph Conrad grows whiskers best and the sculptors certainly do say that Shakespeare was shy of looks). But anyway Mr. Arnold Bennett has hair—in a football bunch. To be sure it is getting gray, but it is sticking to him. And he is no pallid bust of Pallais either. He is a hard-working author with ruddy cheeks. He isn't slender but he isn't languid; he dresses formally; he doesn't ever drink to anything like excess; he doesn't preen and he does not pose and you get a sort of big sense of relief accompanied by a joyous jump-up of spirits as you observe that (as Chuck Congors might say it): "For a big pen-pushin' nut, he looks just like a reggereer feller."

Of course, there are those deathly cigarettes. But you see how that is—in England, so many smoke American cigarettes, and here we only smoke the Turkish and Egyptian.

Mr. Arnold did not appear to be suffering any from cold as he said.

Finds New York Is Unique.

"Yes, I've just seen Boston. It would be absurd for me to say that I had seen all of it, or to attempt a comparison of the city with New York. Except that I will say I was surprised in Boston. I felt so much at home. I met, for instance, a member of a book-selling concern over there. I told myself that I couldn't seem to get any oddity of impression of him until I came fully to realize that he was quite English. His accent was English. His manner of speaking was English. He looked English. His boots did, too. Mind you, he did not look like an English shop-keeper. He looked more like one of our Oxford young men. I went to two clubs. I was entertained at two homes. It was all English. There was no suggestion of being imitation English. It was—simply English. The furnishings of the homes were such as you see in England. The roads and the lawns and the gardens suggested England. No such impression came to me in New York. New York isn't English, isn't French, isn't anything in the world but what it is. New York is New York, but Boston is as English as a muffin."

Visited Millionaires' Homes.

"I have just been escorted by an architect friend on a tour of investigation of—Oh! I have seen your perfectly splendid skyscrapers—but of the homes of American millionaires. You understand, I was merely shown through the houses. I did not go there to tea. This fact will give me more liberty of expression when I come to write my impressions. The exterior of these mansions is most impressive. One can see that the architects have used their knowledge and even their ingenuity surprisingly along Fifth avenue, where the building does not have the advantage of being set off by lawns and trees. Somehow they have effaced the baldness of one mansion being set right up against another, each in perhaps a design totally different in point of archaeological epoch. In spite of this, the general effect is big, impressive, attractive."

Mr. Arnold Bennet stammered a little. He also lighted another cigarette.

"But," he said, softly, "the interior of these houses was sharply disappointing. The exterior somebody had done for those who occupied the houses—necessarily had done for them. But it was wholly disconcerting that the inside had been fashioned in the same manner. Decorators had been called in and made the salons and the drawing rooms.

"You could see no individual touch about any of these rooms. One was not exactly like the other, but in effect one was exactly like the other. These rooms were like museums. Paintings, rare furniture, articles of virtu were huddled, without arrangement, meaningless. But I thought to myself that relief would come when I saw the actual living rooms of these staggeringly wealthy people. These apartments, I believed, would be open books regarding the habits, the thoughts, the characteristics of the people themselves. The rooms proved a blank disappointment. They were utterly characterless in so far as they gave any suggestion of the men, women and children who occupied them. There was no little picture, no trophy, no sign, no story told by the furniture the trinkets, the general effect. One could, of course, tell a man's room from a woman's, and the wallpaper designs and cribs would speak of the nursery when you got to it. But there was a mystifying paucity of other arrows to point your intelligence the way to knowing what the character of the person was through whose sanctum you were passing. There were beautiful beds, beautiful tapestries, fine pictures, charming window casements—but all so formal, so almost inhuman. It was," remarked the novelist, whose art of introducing just such details to portray his men and women is one of his greatest gifts, "very, very disappointing."

American Women Not Ephemeral.

He hadn't even seen a boudoir that could have helped a French novelist.

"As for American women," said Mr. Bennett, snapping again the silver cigarette case, "I have been misquoted by women interviewers. They have made me say that American women were ephemeral. I never said that. What I said was that American women did so much for you; were so charmingly attentive in the first half hour of your introduction to them that you came to know them more quickly than you did an Englishwoman, and after that—well, after that, I said the women of both countries were much the same. Of course, it is absurd to describe women after insular standards or beliefs. I had known American women before I ever came to this country and knew their vivacity, grace and charm. I do not mean expatriated American women, but genuine women of the United States, who would be considered nothing other than Americans. And they were fine and admirable.

"There is one fact that appertains in some cases, which is that in England women do not essay to talk on subjects unless they know these subjects very well. Here sometimes the women I have met have thought it necessary because I had a reputation in literature to come up and talk literature to me—a little wildly, sometimes; but, in any event, amusingly, so what does it matter? In beauty—ah, well," said Mr. Arnold Bennet, "how perfectly futile such a discussion becomes. There are beautiful women everywhere, in all countries, in all climes. America certainly has her share. Not that I have really seen a great deal of American women, save as I have observed them in public places, and as your native artists serve them up. Certainly, I have become Americanized sufficiently to say that you have no grouch coming on that score. Quite, I assure you.

The American Cocktail — Never Again!

"As for myself," he said, "I drink most sparingly. Your American cocktail—good heavens! Never! To take such a thing on an empty stomach is deadly, I should say. I took an American cocktail in Paris six years ago—at least, they said it was an American cocktail, and you might pass me a million of the most charming invitations, but I could never be induced to try one again.

"I was told of two things when I started for America. One was that I would be sure to be robbed, and the other that I would find a ghastly amount of drinking done. Well, I've gone freely forth with this rather good-looking fob dangling from my belt and (really it is quite a fine looking fob) not a pickpocket has come to me. And whatever may have been conditions in the past, it seems that America is giving up drinking whiskey copiously. My experience with those I've met have been that they much prefer, and, indeed, insist, on having mineral waters. And here one does not have in the restaurants to meet the old dodge of the restaurants of Continental Europe—the obsequious effort of the waiters to sell wine to a diner. A glass of iced water is placed in front of one, and if you order no alcohol none is offered or urged. That is a very good custom for the sake of the sobriety of the nation.

"Do writers do their best work on alcoholic stimulants?" Mr. Bennet demanded hotly. "Indeed, they do not and cannot and please state that as emphatically as it may be stated. Alcohol never wrote anything for a man better than he could have written it if perfectly sober. The time for any creative artist to work is in the morning. That is logically when he is freshest and should be at his best. They who say they cannot work in the morning simply confess that they have been doing something the night before to hurt themselves. That is all there is to it. Of course, the city is noisy in the morning. In the very late hours of the night and early hours of the morning one may secure quiet. But a literary man should not work in a city. Out in the country and surely a mile from any railroad station is my pick of a spot for a writer to do himself justice. That sort of a place and a fountain pen—I can use a typewriter but keep the thing away from me, if you please—and a big pad of clean white paper, a good night's sleep and that's what a man wants. Whiskey, absinthe, drugs for a writer? Not if he wishes to express himself as well as he is able."

Mr. Bennett lighted the 987,646th cigarette (vile but very mild cigarettes), and thereby closed the interview. The reporter could see that by the fashion in which the noted novelist sent blankly forth the cloud of smoke.

THE SPECIES OF THE FEMALE

[Suggested by Mr. Rudyard Kipling's delicate tribute to "The Female of the Species," published in Woman's Platform on Oct. 20, 1911.]

When the Soul of Man awakened, when the Woman that God gave,
Stood revealed as wife and sister, not his chattel or his slave,
Then he formed his own conception of what Woman ought to be,
And he made a Plaster Image, and he told her it was She.

For the Woman as God made her wasn't good enough for Man;
He invented large improvements upon Nature's cruder plan;
And he washed that image nice and white, and set it on the shelf,
Where he kept assorted virtues that he did not want himself.

Man might govern, fight, and reason, to his perfect satisfaction;
Soothed by Woman at the season when his mind was out of action;
Woman, good, and kind, and clinging, timid, soft, anaemic, pale,
For the female of the species was an adjunct to the male.

But the Woman as Man made her scarcely suits our modern notions,
With her regulated instincts and her neatly trimmed emotions;
We have dropped the weaker vessel and the tame domestic pet,
And our taste finds something lacking in that saintlike statuette.

So our literary gentlemen have modelled it afresh;
And the terra-cotta fairy is a Demon of the Flesh;
Half Mother-Fiend, half Maenad; she-wolf's tooth and wild-cat's nail;
"Armed and engined," fanged and poisoned, for the hunting of the male,

With the morals of the hen-coop, with the Jungle's code of law,
With the mercy of the tigress when she rips her quarry raw,
Such the bard's vivacious vision; but the woman who can judge,
Knows that much of it is fiction, and a good deal simply fudge.

And Man knows it, Mr. Poet! Knows your singular ideal
Does not bear the least resemblance to the Woman that is real;
For Woman ain't no plaster-saint and she ain't no tigress, too,
But an average human being, "most remarkable like you."

—Sidney Low, in Woman's Platform, in the London (Eng.) Standard.
(Version revised by the author.)

London, Nov. 9.—Hall Caine, the playwright and author, tonight gave exclusively to the Chicago Examiner correspondent the following poem, entitled: "The Mother of the Man," which answers Rudyard Kipling's recent "The Female of the Species," a rhymed attack on woman suffrage.

"THE MOTHER OF THE MAN."

When the Lord of the Creation gave the woman to the man
In that blest but brief existence 'ere the rule of ill began,
Then He knew what of her conduct, whether innocent or frail,
That the female of the species would be scapegoat to the male.

When He banished them from Eden for the sin that each had wrought
And the flaming sword of vengeance sealed the fate that both had sought,
Then He knew throughout the ages long as man should tell the tale,
That the female of the species would be temptress to the male.

When He cast His children from Him and by primal earthly vow
Doomed their seed to eat their life bread in the sweat of blood and brow,
Then He knew where paths were reddest down the line of labor's trail,
There the female of the species would be slavemate to the male.

When he dowered the man with passions when he formed him from the dust,
With its wilderness of instincts, with its lava stream of lust,
Then He knew that in the whirlwind of his manhood's wasteful gale,
Still the female of the species would be subject to the male.

When He ordered that the woman, both as mother and as wife,
Should obey her law of being as the vehicle of life,
Then He suffered it to happen, lest the generations fail,
That the female of the species might be "deadlier than the male."

But when the Lord of Creation gave the woman to the man
In that blest but brief existence 'ere the rule of ill began,
Then He willed it that if sharing in man's fault and in his fate
She should therefore be his equal and the partner in his state.

Not to govern or cajole him, not to court or speak him smooth,
Not to snare or to enslave him, but to cheer, inspire and soothe.
Not his temptress, not his slavemate, not his subject, not his squaw,
But his helpmeet and his angel by the right of God's own law.

If He cursed the man with labor, as the human lots alloy,
He provided that for woman his work should be his joy.
If He dowered man with passions which the grosser instincts move,
He reserved it to the woman to uplift his lust to love.

Therefore, why should man be ingrate when he chooses to confer,
Welcome every fool and coward, only close the door on her?
Room stirs room within your councils, bare your foreheads if you can,
For behold without your portal stands the mother of the man.

THE FEMALE OF THE SPECIES.

[By Budyard Skippling, in the New York American.]

When the much-delayed commuter
disembarks from the last train,
With a stealthy step he ventures to his
country home again,
With a stealthy step he ventures and
his face is drawn and pale,
For the female she-commuter is more
deadly than the male.

Man's timid heart is bursting with the
things he dare not say,
For the woman that he's married to
won't let him get away,
He would like to kick at breakfast, but
he eats his doughnuts stale,
For the female of the species is a terror to the male.

So it comes that Man, the coward,
when he gathers to confer
With his fellow braves in council does
not leave a place for her—
For he knows that if he did so she
would gather all his kale,
For the female of the species spends
the money of the male.

And Man knows it! Knows moreover,
that the Woman that God gave
him
Will raise the dickens with him, should
he ever misbehave him—
With a rolling pin or hatpin she will
rout him without fail,
For the female of the species is a terror to the male.

IS WOMAN MAN'S SUPERIOR?

[New York World.]

The idea so widely current that woman is necessarily man's inferior, either physically or mentally, is strongly questioned. That she is often feebler in muscular development a scientist attributes to the fact that for many centuries to woman has been assigned the care of the home and children, while men have been the hunters and fighters.

The primitive woman was quite as hardy and strong as her husband. Even today women are often superior to men in point of endurance. Many a hardworking woman will endure for a long period a strain on the vital forces that would break down a man in a very short time.

With respect to physical courage, the man of science appeals to the numerous recorded cases of female heroism in the face of appalling dangers.

As to the question of woman's mental inferiority, the authority refers to the significant fact that although a woman's brain is smaller than that of a man, it is generally larger when the difference in the comparative weight and size of individuals of the two sexes are taken into account. The only reason she shows less mental ability than man is because of her lack of opportunity.

COMES FROM NOVA SCOTIA THIS TIME

ANOTHER SPLENDID CURE BY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

R. Moulaison, whom two doctors treated, finds relief and permanent cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Surette Island, Yourmouth Co., N.S. Nov. 10. — (Special) — Mr. Renie Moulaison, a well known resident here, is telling his neighbors of his cure from a severe attack of Kidney Disease which kept him in a state of pain and suspense for two months and defied the efforts of two doctors who were treating him.

"My trouble started with a cold," Mr. Moulaison says. "My muscles would cramp and I had backache and dizzy spells. My head ached, and I had a tired, nervous feeling while specks of light flashed in front of my eyes.

"I suffered in this way for over two months and was treated by two doctors, but they didn't seem to be able to do much for me. Then I started to take Dodd's Kidney Pills and they helped me almost at once. Six boxes cured me."

Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure the Kidneys. Cured Kidneys strain all the impurities out of the blood. That makes pure blood and good health.



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Better and goes farther. Order it.

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You'll find these the ideal matches for lighting gas ranges and lights.

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For pains in the side or chest dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Liniment and bind it on over the seat of pain. There is nothing better. For sale by all dealers. 4

MR. MORGAN HAS $500,000,000 OF OTHER PEOPLE'S MONEY

List of the Corporations, Sixty-One in All, in Which Financial Giant Is a Director.

More than $500,000,000 of other people's cash is in the hands of J. P. Morgan, to do with as he sees fit, Wall street statisticians declare, says The New York World. With this tremendous amount of money and the absolute control of the managements of the big railroads and corporations which deposit it with him, Morgan is able, it is asserted, to regulate by a wave of the hand or a nod of the head the course of all the great industries whose products his corporations use. He can say when to buy and when not to buy, when to make business good, when to make it bad.

It was the Congressional committee commonly called the Stanley Committee which gave the first glimpse of the vast power wielded by Morgan in the money world. In the course of the testimony it took last summer it elicited the fact that the entire cash balance of the United States Steel Corporation, averaging about $70,000,000, was on deposit in the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co., a private banking concern, not subject to the supervision of the nation, the state or any other constitutional authority.

Other Funds He Controls.

But the $70,000,000 of the Steel Trust's money is only a fraction of the cash belonging to other persons which Morgan holds, to do with it as it seems best to him.

Wall street knows that big railroad companies and other corporations whose directorates Morgan graces with his name deposit their cash balances with his firm, for Morgan seldom consents to enter a board of directors which he cannot dominate.

The total of these cash balances is more than $400,000,000, it is calculated, and they with the Steel Trust's money, bring he amount in Morgan's hands up to more than $500,000,000.

This Morgan can lend to whom he likes and withhold from whom he dislikes, no matter how worthy or unworthy the person or enterprise desiring the loan. He can also distribute it among whatever banks he desires and cause it to be withdrawn from them whenever he sees fit. At the time of the monetary panic in 1907 he caused all the money of the corporations he controlled to be withdrawn, it was said, from the Pittsburgh banks, much of the latter's anger and concern.

That he can cause annoyance to persons desiring money whom he does not like was indicated by a story which the late John W. Gates used to love to tell. Mr. Gates was never persona grata with Morgan, especially after the coup in Louisville and Nashville stock when Gates, by a stock market trick, snapped the control of that great railroad from August Belmont, and Morgan had to buy him off.

"Gates is an unsafe man," Morgan declared on the witness stand in connection with this transaction.

John W. Gates's Coup.

Well, one day Gates, as the head of the Republic Steel and Iron Company, was sorely in need of ready cash. He applied to the banks in the usual way, only to find that they apparently had received orders not to accommodate him, no matter what the character of the collateral he desired to deposit.

He put his brains to work, for he had to have money or see his steel company collapse. A happy thought struck him. He called on the President of a railroad which he knew was in need of rails and offered to sell some to him at a price far below the market. The railroad president snapped at the offer, and Gates drew on the railroad for money.

The check of course, was drawn on J. P. Morgan & Co., where the cash balance of the railroad was on deposit. That was the first Morgan knew of the transaction. According to Gates, the President of the road was sent for and requested to explain by what authority he had bought rails, no matter what the price, and was told that if he did such a thing again he would hear more of it.

Morgan's Vast Interests.

The companies in which Morgan acts as a director number sixty-one.

Their names follow:

Aetna Insurance Company.
Boston and Maine Railroad Company.
Carthage and Adirondack Railroad Company.
Carthage, Watertown and Sackett's Harbor Railroad Company.
Central New England Railroad Company.
City and County Contract Company.
Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company.
Columbus, Hope and Greensburg Railroad Company.
Dunkirk, Allegheny Valley and Pittsburgh Railroad Company.
Ellenville and Kingston Railroad Company.
First National Bank of New York.
First Security Company of the City of New York.
Fort Wayne, Cincinnati and Louisville Railroad Company.
The Fulton Chain Railway Company.
The Fulton Navigation Company.
General Electric Company.
Geneva, Corning and Southern Railroad Company.
Harlem River and Port Chester Railroad Company.
Hartford and Connecticut Western Railroad Company.
Jersey City and Bayonne Railroad Company.
Lake Erie and Western Railroad Company.
Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company.
Madison Square Garden Company.
Maine Central Railroad Company.
Metropolitan Opera and Real Estate Company.
Mexican Telegraph Company.
Michigan Central Railroad Company.
Millbrook Company.
Mohawk and Malone Railroad Company.
New England Navigation Company.
New England Railroad Company.
New Jersey Junction Railroad Company.
New Jersey Shore Line Railroad.
New York and Harlem Railroad Company.
New York and Northern Railway Company.
New York and Ottawa Railroad Company.
New York and Putnam Railroad.
New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company.
New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad Company, (Nickel Plate).
New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company.
New York, Ontario and Western Railway Company.
New York State Realty and Terminal Company.
New York, Westchester and Boston Railway Company.
Newport Trust Company.
Niagara Falls Branch Railroad Company.
Ontario, Carbondale and Scranton Railway Company.
Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad Company.
Port Jervis, Monticello and Summitville Railroad Company.
Poughkeepsie Bridge Railroad Company.
The Pullman Company.
Raquette Lake Railway Company.
Rhode Island Company, (electric line).
Rutland Railroad Company.
St. Lawrence and Adirondack Railroad Company.
Spuyten Duyvil and Port Morris Railroad Company.
Syracuse, Geneva and Corning Railway Company.
Terminal Railway of Buffalo.
United States Steel Corporation.
Wallkill Valley Railroad Company.
West Short Railroad Company.
Western Union Telegraph Company.

THE INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

Nov. 12th, 1911.

(Copyright, 1910, by Rev. T. S. Linscott, D.D.)

World's Temperance Sunday. Belshazzar's Feast and Fate. Dan. v.

Golden Text—God shall bring every work into judgment, with every secret thing, whether it be good, or whether it be evil. Eccl. xii:14.

(1.) Verse 1—Of what country was Belshazzar the king?

(2.) What is the social, intellectual and moral value, of "smokers" and drinking parties?

(3.) What is the general effect of the practice, of men standing up to the bar and drinking?

(4.) Verses 2-3—What was the moral or spiritual quality of the act of drinking out of the gold and silver vessels that had been taken from the Temple at Jerusalem?

(5.) Does the first "taste" or the first influence of wine, stir the noble, or the ignoble passions in a man?

(6.) Verse 4—When a man is drunk, what is likely to be the quality of his worship?

(7.) What do men, who are given to strong drink, generally worship?

(8.) Verses 5-6—By whom was this writing on the wall probably done?

(9.) Would you think a similar phenomenon probable, or even possible, to-day?

(10.) What was it that really struck such terror to the king's heart?

11.) What would you say is the limit of the possibilities of a guilty conscience, to create remorse and agony of soul?

(12.) Verses 7-9—When we are in trouble or perplexity about the future, is it of any service to us to try and get light from any human being and if so, how and from whom?

(13.) Why is there no need for a true follower of God to be in any dread of the future, no matter what weird or mysterious circumetances may surround him?

(14.) Would it have been possible for any true follower of God, no matter how timid, to have been terror stricken as Belshazzar was? Give your reasons.

(15.) Verses 10-12—Was this queen the wife, or the mother of Belshazzar?

(16.) If this queen had been one of the merry wine drinking party, would she be in condition to have given such sane advice to her son?

(17.) Who was Daniel, the man the queen mother recommended, and what had he done to be spoken of so highly by her?

(18.) What is the only means of giving ease to a guilty conscience?

(19.) Verses 13-23—What was the accusation which Daniel brought against Belshazzar?

20.) Was there ever any man who escaped the natural consequences of his wrong doing?

Lesson for Sunday, Nov. 19th, 1911. Ezra's Journey to Jerusalem. Ezra viii:15:36.

Nov. 19th, 1911.

(Copyright, 1910, by Rev T. S. Linscott, D.D.)

Ezra's Journey to Jerusalem. Ezra viii:15:36.

Golden Text—The hand of our God is upon all them for good that seek him. Ezra viii:22.

(1.) Verses 15-20—Who, and what, was Ezra?

(2.) If several generations of the same family are engaged in the same business or professions, is the last generation more expert at their calling than the first?

(3.) What was the special work of the Levites?

(4.) How much does any organization depend for its success, upon men of rare ability at its head?

(5.) What steps should the present day church take, to supply the great lack of ministers?

(6.) Verses 21-23—Where was this company of devout men at this time?

7. Having the fit men for the work, what is the next necessity as suggested by this story?

(8.) What results invariably follow when a company of Christians spend several days together in fasting and prayer?

(9.) What better guarantee for a safe journey have we, if it is preceed with devout prayer?

(10.) What had Ezra told the king which afterward made him ashamed to ask for a company of soldiers on their journey?

(11.) Verse 23—How did Ezra know that God had heard their prayer for a safe journey?

(12.) How may we know when God hears and answers our prayers?

(13.) Verses 24-30—How do you justify the vast expenditure of money for carrying on church and missionary work?

(14.) Why ought money for church and missionary work to be as carefully accounted for as money in a bank?

(15.) Why is it the duty of every person to feel as much obligation to give his proper share for carrying on God's cause, as to feed and clothe himself and those dependent upon him?

(16.) Verses 31-32—Two good men start on a journey and are attacked by robbers, one being killed and the other escaping without injury; which of these men did God love more, and why?

(17.) What rules would you say God adopts in delivering, or not delivering, us from our enemies?

(18.) How far was it from Babylon to Jerusalem, and how long did it take them to make the journey?

(19.) Verses 33-36—There are a great many more individual churches than there are individual banks; but what is the proportion of defaulting church treasurers, compared with defaulting bank presidents or cashiers?

(20.) Which gets the greater happiness, the one who honestly discharges a financial trust, or the one who having kept a lot of money, is yet not found out?

Lesson for Sunday, Nov. 26th, 1911. Nehemiah's Prayer. Nehemiah, I.

STIRRING TALES

Continued From Page Thirteen.

The Avenging "Fury."

Of the ferocious Sergeant Fury many a good story is told. One that may be called to mind has for its scene the same town of Golden. When the railway construction camps were scattered through the mountains, the police were kept busy enforcing the whiskey-selling regulations. Many a "blind pig" got "stuck," until the squeals of the illicit spirit swine made Golden almost a prohibition town, much to the disgust of the miners and railway workers alike.

One day a daring spirit among them known as "Bulldog Carney," ordered and received an entire carload of whiskey. A host of cronies were invited to sluice themselves with "samples." When things were getting merry, the avenging Fury and two constables suddenly strode in.

"My orders," said Sergeant Fury, producing his warrant, "are to destroy all whiskey in Golden."

The "boys" knew it was all up Every manjack of them would gladly have seen the policemen riddled like sieves, but though "guns" were out and threats were plentiful, not a hand was laid upon any of the three. Under the cover of the guns and knives, the fearless Fury then and there tapped those kegs and spilled the whiskey as per orders. Simple? Yes; but a bit nerve-trying, when one remembers the "sing-me-to-sleep" shooters the British Columbia mining towns then harbored.

Many persons claim that all the exciting days of the "wild and woolly west" are over, and that "we don't do that sort of thing nowadays." This is only true in a sense. The rigid but tactful and eminently just enforcement of the law has certainly brought cosmos out of confusion in the western provinces. But, though acts of extreme violence are far less frequent than they were, of course, in those pioneer days, such things will still happen "even in the best regulated families." Nor is there any proof needed that whenever occasion should arise the present members of the force will honorably uphold the finest traditions of their predecessors. With the corps today, "Maintiens le Droit" is no empty phrase and the "Canada's Own" "maintain the right" today as fearlessly and honorably as in the old days of "bad men" and worse whiskey.

Let me tell one story illustrative of this, and I have done. It is not so long ago since we had a striking illustration of what one M. P. man can do to assert his authority. The anecdote has quite a flavor of the past. At Weyburn, a small town near the frontier, the more or less peaceful and lawabiding citizens were one day disturbed by a visit from an Idaho "bad man"—one of the "never-to-be-taken-alive and-die-in-my-boots" class. This "Hell-fire humorist" paraded the streets, taking pot-shots at the hotel verandahs, and all that were thereon—so to speak. Whenever an inquisitive or apprehensive citizen put his head out of the windows, he was told to withdraw it quickly if he didn't want it perforated. One prominent member of the community had to suffer the indignity of holding up his hat in the middle of the street, while the Idaho "terror" riddled it with bullets. On being threatened with the police, he replied, "Thar ain't no Johnny Canuck kin arrest me. An' I'll bet $25 to a trouser button no (adjective) Northwest Mounted Policeman is goin' to hold up my show!"

This was a challenge that had to be taken up, and the local J. P. phoned to Halbrite (the nearest police post). Very soon in galloped Constable Lett. Unearthing the retreat of the "wild and woolly one" from Idaho, he advanced to make the arrest. Instantly the man's hand flew to his hip-pocket, but the constable was too quick with him. There was a sharp but sanguinous struggle on the floor, and Lett got off his man with the ruffian's loaded revolver in his grip. Then the policeman said curtly, "Hands up!" —and "hands up" it was! The bracelets were slipped upon his wrists, and the broken-in-ally was marched off to jail. Constable Lett got promotion, and the prisoner got penal servitude.

Such stories might be told almost "ad infinitum": and even then one would not have told of the highest heroism exhibited by those whose work lies even within the Arctic zone. But that is, indeed, another story!

NEURALGIA CURED.

THIS PAINFUL TROUBLE IS DUE TO POVERTY OF THE BLOOD.

Neuralgia is one of the most painful maladies that afflicts humanity. The trouble is usually seated in the face and head, following the course of some nerve, but it attacks other parts of the system as well. It is characterized by acute pains, sometimes, steady, at others spasmodic and darting, headaches and a feeling as though the forehead was a band of iron. Medical authorities agree that neuralgia is a cry of the nerves for better food, and that if the blood is purified and enriched the trouble will disappear. This is the reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure even the most severe cases of neuralgia. They actually make new, rich blood which feeds the tired starved nerves and thus cure the trouble, at the same time leaving the sufferer in better health in every way than was formally enjoyed. In proof we give the case of Mr. G. Brooks, of Aurora, Ont., who says: "About two years ago, while working in Collingwood, I was attacked with neuralgia, which became so bad that I was frequently unable to go to work. The pain would start over my right eye and would then spread to the whole face, and cause me the greatest agony. I was under the care of a good doctor, but his treatment did not do more than give me temporary relief, and I was therefore an almost constant sufferer. Acting on the advice of my wife I finally decided to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial, and I am profoundly thankful that I did so, as in the course of a few weeks I began to improve, and after a further use of the Pills the trouble disappeared and I have not since had any trace of it. I may also add that while taking the Pills my weight increased by nine pounds, which shows that the Pills are a body builder as well as a nerve restorer."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Marvel of Healing

SALT RHEUM OF TEN YEARS' STANDING HEALED AS IF BY MAGIC.

HANDS CRACKED, SO COULD NOT WORK—CURES EFFECTED BY

Dr. Chase's Ointment

It does not take long for Dr. Chase's Ointment to prove its magic healing power. A single night is often sufficient to produce the most startling results.

Internal treatment for skin diseases is nearly always disappointing. By applying Dr. Chase's Ointment to the diseased parts relief is obtained almost immediately, and gradually the sores heal up and disappear. Here are two letters which will interest you:

Mrs. Chas. Gilbert, Haystack, Placentia Bay, Nfld., writes: "I was a sufferer from Salt Rheum for ten years, and had about despaired of ever being cured, so many treatments had failed. Reading of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Chase's Ointment, I commenced using it, and was entirely cured by eight boxes. I want to express my gratitude for Dr. Chase's Ointment, and to recommend it to all sufferers."

Mr. Stanley Merrill, Delaware, Ont., writes: "For years I was troubled with my hands cracking, often becoming so sore that I could hardly do any work. I got some of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and happily find that one or two applications of same to the affected parts make them well. I have had no trouble since using the ointment for sore hands."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60c a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.



When the Cook Leaves

don't fret or scold—lay in a good supply of Shredded Wheat—the food that is ready-cooked, ready-to-serve—contains all the nutriment in the whole wheat grain, steam-cooked, shredded and baked a crisp, golden brown—a food that is good all the way through—tempting in its nutlike flavor—a delight to eat and to serve.

SHREDDED WHEAT BISCUIT

is without doubt the most perfectly balanced, most easily digested food ever given to man. It is not flavored or compounded with anything—not a "patent-medicine" food—not a "pre-digested" food—just plain, simple, wholesome, steam-cooked whole wheat, shredded and baked. It is better than mushy porridges because you have to chew it, thereby getting from it all its rich, body-building nutriment.

Try it for breakfast with milk or cream (hot milk in Winter). Being in biscuit form it is easy to prepare a nourishing meal with it in a few minutes in combination with fresh or stewed fruits. Always heat the biscuit in oven to restore crispness before serving. Two Biscuits with milk or cream and a little fruit make a complete nourishing meal. Your grocer sells it.

TRISCUIT is the Shredded Wheat wafer—a crisp, tasty, nourishing whole wheat Toast, delicious for any meal with butter, cheese or marmalades. Always toast it in the oven before serving.

THE BEST REMEDY

For Women—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



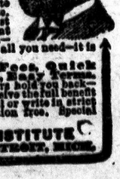
Belleville, Ont.—"I was so weak and worn out from a female weakness that I concluded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took several bottles of it, and I gained strength so rapidly that it seemed to make a new woman of me. I can do as good a day's work as I ever did. I sincerely bless the day that I made up my mind to take your medicine for female weakness, and I am exceedingly grateful to you for your kind letters, as I certainly profited by them. I give you permission to publish this any time you wish."—Mrs. ALBERT WICKETT, Belleville, Ontario, Canada.

Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to medicine that will cure female weakness and so successfully carry women through the Change of Life as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs.

For 30 years it has been curing women from the worst forms of female ills—inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, and nervous prostration.

If you want special advice write forittoMrs.Pinkham,Lynn,Mass. It is free and always helpful.

MEN LET US CURE YOU

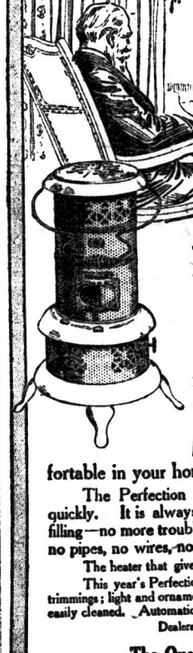


If you Suffer from Kidney or Bladder Trouble, Varicocele, Blood Disease, Rheumatism, Ulcers, Sores, Skin Diseases, Nervous, Run-down Condition, Hydrocele, Piles, or any Kindred or Associate Chronic Disease.

COME TO US—The best is always the cheapest in the end. A little advice may be all you need—it is Free for the asking.

OUR MOTTO: Reliable, Prompt, Quick. Don't let money matter hold you back—no one is too poor to receive the full benefit of our best efforts. Call or write in strict confidence. Consultation Free. Special Parlor for Privacy.

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Warmth is essential to comfort. As you grow older, it is hardly less essential to health.

Get a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater, and you keep warm and comfortable in your home, no matter what the weather without.

The Perfection gives a strong, widespread heat, and gives it quickly. It is always ready for use and burns nine hours on a single filling—no more trouble than a lamp. It can be carried anywhere; no pipes, no wires, no flues; no smoke, odor or dirt.

The heater that gives complete satisfaction.

This year's Perfection is finished in either blue enamel or plain steel; nickel trimmings; light and ornamental, yet strong and durable as can be made. All parts easily cleaned. Automatic-locking flame spreader prevents smoking.

Dealers everywhere; or write to any agency of

The Queen City Oil Company, Limited



Shirriff's

TRUE VANILLA

goes farther than ordinary extracts, because ordinary extracts are Vanilla in name only. But Shirriff's True Vanilla is made from finest quality Mexican Vanilla Beans. And aged until it surpasses all others in strength. Six drops of this matchless flavor is equal to 15 drops of the imitation. And your cakes will taste more delicious when flavored with the true thing. So will your sauces and puddings.

Six drops of True Vanilla equal to 15 drops of imitation Vanilla

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In the Realm of Women---A Page of Interest in Every Home

PROBLEMS OF THE YOUNG HOUSEWIFE

Fittting Your New Home to Your Pocketbook

When Electra Havemeyer, daughter of one multi-millionaire, and J. Seward Webb, jun., grandson of another, arrived in Chicago from New York to select a home for use after their marriage, they were besieged by agents offering them the most expensive houses in the city.

Miss Havemeyer looked down the price list thoughtfully.

"The man I am going to marry," she said, "is working on a salary and I intend to live within that income. I do not intend to start by taking a place that is disproportionately expensive." And she did not.

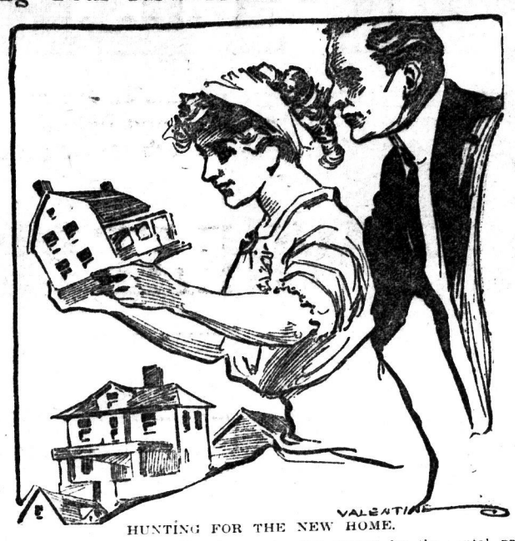
Hundreds of brides had finer places than the young woman who could have commanded millions.

The first consideration of a young bride is the choice of a home compatible in cost with her husband's income, if she is to be the wife and helpmate of the average young man in a good-sized town.

By the choice of a healthful location and by the elimination of unnecessary rooms and unnecessary help in the caring for them she will have gone far in the solution of the problem of living within his earning capacity.

A wise selection of a home is ten steps forward on the road of successful matrimony. If it is at all possible the purchase of a home is infinitely better than rent paying. In many cases small houses on the outskirts of a town may be secured at the same rate and paid for in the same manner as rent.

The satisfaction of knowing that at the end of the time of payment the house will be your property is fundamentally less important to the young couple than their joy in knowing that they have truly a home of their own which they may arrange for their own pleasure and convenience.



HUNTING FOR THE NEW HOME.

Putting the cart before the horse may seem the height of folly to the very people who select the furniture for their home and then seek a place for it. One young couple, recently confronted with the problem of finding an abiding place for the furniture of seven rooms for the rental price of four, had to put some of the mahogany in storage to keep their rent within their income.

For the usual young couple a four-room house or flat, is sufficiently large for all their needs. A kitchen, a dining-room, a bedroom and a living-room, constitute a household which may be kept with the minimum of care and the maximum of comfort.

In choosing a location the girl should consider carefully not only the rental, but also the ratio of prices of foodstuffs in that neighborhood. While the cost of such staples as flour and sugar may not vary much in different neighborhoods of the same city, the cost of various other articles of food does vary sufficiently to make a distinct difference in the monthly accountings.

It would be wise to give this factor considerable thought. It is axiomatic that the higher the rentals of a district the higher is the general cost of living.

Another important consideration in home finding is the transportation facility for the husband. While the distance from his place of work should not be such as to cause unnecessary and unhealthy fatigue, every man should be forced into sufficient outdoor exercise by having a half-mile walk from his home to the car line or a mile walk if he be within walking distance of where he works.

At this distance rental is usually lower than for a similar home closer to transportation service. The distance serves as an aid to health and makes possible a far better home than a young couple could afford if they believed themselves restricted to a certain neighborhood closer to the heart of town.

If a man's work is too arduous to allow the greater distance to make it possible for him to look after the domestic tasks that would otherwise be a novelty and a delight to him, a four-room apartment nearer to town is better suited to the young people's needs. In nearly every town and city, large or small, there are now within the reach of a moderate income.

THE FURNISHING OF THE KITCHEN

The kitchen may not be the heart of the home, but it is certainly the most vital organ of an establishment. Poets have immortalized the cheery kitchens of Scotland and New England.

The experienced housekeeper recognizes the kitchen's importance to such an extent that she correlates the value of all other rooms to it.

The bride just choosing her home should follow this example. "Consider the kitchen" is the first principle of domestic economy.



A HANDY CORNER FOR THINGS YOU NEED CONSTANTLY.



PRETTY COMBINATION KITCHEN AND DINING-ROOM.

The kitchen should be bright. The lightest possible window shades and the thinnest practical sash curtains should be on the windows, so that little light will be lost. The sash curtains should be washable and easily slipped from the rods.

If possible, the kitchen furnishings should be white. Its very cleanliness is an incentive toward keeping it spotless.

If the bride is going into her own home, she will probably have the opportunity of having the kitchen woodwork finished in white enamel or washable white paint. If this is not feasible, she should have as much as possible of the domestic appurtenances in the white.

In spite of the many excellences of electric cooking, the electric stove is still a luxury. A gas range will be found better than a coal range wherever it is possible.

A good stove is absolutely essential. More domestic tragedies happen because the oven balks than because the living-room grate won't draw. The stove is the most expensive adjunct of the kitchen. An good steel range costs from $20 to $50, and a gas range from $20 upward. A gas plate may be secured for $2, and an oven to go with it for $2 50.

The next item in point of expense is an ice-box, which will cost from $10 up. If a white one cannot be secured for this price, two coats of white enamel will do the work and repay the cost in satisfaction to the housekeeper.

In some apartments the laundry in the basement is fitted with stationary tubs, and a plate for boiling the clothes. In this case, the laundry expense is the boiler, which may be had for $1, the flat-irons which sell at three for $1, and an ironing board, which will cost 50 cents.

An electric iron, which may cost $5, will be found such a labor-saver that when its use is available, the original investment will be a lasting economy. In case the bride chooses her own home outside an apartment building, she will have to secure washtubs for laundry use, two at 75 cents each.

For the furniture of the kitchen, a table, costing not more than $1 50, and two chairs, at half a dollar apiece, will complete the necessaries. A broom at 35 cents, a scrubbing brush at 25 cents, and a mop at 15 cents, will complete the absolutely essential cleaning utensils.

A flour bin, a bread box, and a cake box, each costing a half-dollar, will be needed. One may economize on sugar and salt jars by using stone crocks, such as are best for butter, and purchasable at 10 cents.

For the rest of the kitchen utensils, sink strainer, wire sieve, flour sieve, colander and dishpan, the best economy is to secure these articles at department store bargain counters.

One bride furnished every baking, cooking and cleaning utensil by careful visits to them. Frying pans, bread pan, pie tins, cake tins, mixing bowls, double roasting pans, muffin tins, cookie and biscuit cutters, all came from these establishments.

The coffee and tea pots and kettle should be of good ware. The tea pot will cost about 60 cents, the coffee pot about 75 cents, and the kettle $1 25. A steamer in good ware will cost $1 50, and boiling kettles from $1 downward, according to the quality. For stirring spoons, paring knives and similar implements, the bargain counters will offer a supply.

The complete furnishing of a kitchen is a necessity. The bride who has practical wisdom will economize on the furniture of other rooms in order to have a complete and adequate kitchen.

A good mechanic needs his tools and the original expense brings its own repayment in comfort, convenience and good results.

Straight Lines Return

Every little while we hear that hips are again coming into fashion, and then someone rushes into print to say that the women of the present day, with their slim hips and small busts are becoming unfeminine. Indeed, Thomas Edison, while he was abroad, seemed to be more shocked than he had ever been by his electrical currents by the straight lines of the modern woman's figure. He said the lack of curve hurt his eyes, that woman's form should be a series of curves. The straight lines probably injured Mr. Edison's masculine sense more than his eyes.

Woman's dress has always been an accentuation of sex, and now because she is striving to become a human being before she becomes a woman she is meeting all sorts of condemnation and ridicule from man, who has abrogated the natural straight lines to himself because of their comfort, and then said to woman: "You must make yourself altogether different in appearance from masculine standards."

Woman, as pliable in mind as she is plastic in physique, naturally tried to conform to this, and she compressed her waist until her bust and hips were thrown into undue prominence in a series of curves that were neither natural nor healthful. When she found, however, that this artificially made deformity was not only injuring herself, but the generations to come, she began, as she always does, diplomatically to change her standard—which in this case meant changing her form.

This back-to-nature movement is not a sudden one. It has taken at least eight years to accomplish it, but so quietly has woman gone about her business that man has only just awakened to the fact that she has metamorphosed herself right before his eyes without his knowing it into a human being instead of remaining a mere woman. The pendulum has swung perhaps too far the other way in many cases, as there are women as well as men in the world who are entirely too enthusiastic in their grasp of a new idea.

But the woman who takes for her physical ideal the masterpieces of the old sculptors will find a large waist and proportionately small hips and bust is not only nature's mold, but a thing of beauty.

Women are growing more beautiful, and they certainly are growing more healthy—and much of this is due to the sane and sensible beauty culture of which we are hearing so much.

I do not think women will ever return to the small waist period because they are setting not only beauty standards, but all other standards of life for themselves as well.

The Boudoir

It is sometimes necessary to powder the face, but powder should be applied lightly and artistically in order to impart to the skin a velvety softness. A face thickly powdered is ridiculous and as unbecoming as vulgar. Powder on the face should be imperceptible, and if used with discretion is not condemned. Take up but a small quantity of powder on the puff and pass lightly over the face. Care should be taken not to powder the eyebrows, and the lips must be carefully wiped to remove any powder which may have fallen. The whole face, except the eyes, the eyebrows, and the lips, should receive a touch of the powder.

Bright eyes are among the most radiant of beauty's jewels, since they give animation and light to the entire face. A dull eye means a heavy, drooping expression, a condition to be avoided by the employment of extreme measures on the part of the girl who would attract. A harmless and generally satisfactory way to bring brightness to the eyes is to bathe them with a solution of boracic acid and tepid water. Put in a basin full of tepid water as much boracic acid as can be placed on a dime. When it has entirely dissolved bathe the eyes gently. Do not be afraid to allow the water to get into the eye, as it will remove all the inflammation and tend to make this important beauty feature clear and brilliant, at the same time giving a restful and strengthening effect.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
NUMBER 23 THE PROPRIETORS

Good Form in Dress

Don't wear colored or fancy openwork stockings with your street shoes. Choose plain stockings that match the shoes in color.

Don't pin ruchings and dress shields in place. Baste them instead and see how much more comfort they give you. It really doesn't take much longer to baste than to pin.

Don't think that because collarless frocks are the fashion you may wear a low-cut dress on the street. There is a vast difference between "collarless" and "low-necked."

Don't buy cheap jewelry and think that it looks anything but what it is—a cheap imitation of a good article. Much jewelry is in bad taste at any time except with evening dress.

Don't wear mussed or soiled frills and ruching. You had much better wear perfectly plain clothes without trimmings if you cannot keep these dainty accessories fresh and without soil.

Don't forget to see that your waist is properly fastened before leaving your mirror. The waist gaping open at the back not only looks careless, but it is apt to cause some embarrassment, too.

The Real Remedies

So often the poor, misguided searcher after beauty spends all her extra time perusing the thousand and one different remedies and all her extra pin money buying these same remedies when the secret of the cure is right within grasp. She religiously steams and massages—then she goes out to tea and consumes quantities of French pastries.

"Oh, dear," she sighs, "you never can believe those beauty hints given in the papers. I'll never try another one. It is a waste of time and money."

Surely it is for the woman who will be inconsistent even in her fondest desires. The trouble is she expects the impossible to happen; she wants to indulge all of her appetite and still retain the freshness of the woman who eats wholesome food and breathes plenty of fresh air. She wants to loil in the couch with her book after breakfast and appear as fresh as the woman who went out on a good long tramp, to return with the roses of the out of doors and the crispness of the autumn about her entire personality. Such methods of comfortable procedure will never be successful, no matter how many hours are given to external applications in heated rooms, with the chocolate pitcher on one side and a plate of cakes on the other.

Tips to the Married

It is irritating to her to find his cigar stumps in the flower pots.

To have him go and wash up just when dinner is announced.

To have him sit on a tilted chair, or lay his head on the sofa cushions.

To have him draw designs on her fresh tablecloth while waiting to be served.

It is irritating to him to find no salt or pepper in the shakers.

To jump out of the bathtub and find no towels at hand.

To have hot coffee placed before him when he has thirty seconds to catch a train, and cold coffee when he has all the time there is.

NICKNAMES

They nicknamed God's creatures long before the days of Shakespeare. Trace of the custom has been found among the hieroglyphics of mighty Egypt, while the wit of the Grecian Empire delighted to exercise itself in verbal caricature. Pericles was called "Onion Head" by his enemies; and a king of Macedonia, liberal in promises but sparing in performance, was nicknamed by his contemporaries, "Doson"—the man "about to give." The Arabs, too, were prone to ridicule of this character, and it is recorded of Mohammed, the founder of Islam, that he christened a cat lover "Abu Horeirah"—father of the cat. To this day, in Oriental towns, the gamins use that prefix—Abu—in the composition of epithets of obloquy or respect.

Monarchs have always been popular subjects for the nickname, and by its use their subjects have marked their character for all time. Records die and are forgotten, but a nickname lives on to crystallize a life's achievement in a word. Will the world ever dissociate Edward VII. from "The Peace-Maker"?

William Rufus, Edward Longshanks, Henry Beauclerk, "Bluff King Hal," Bloody Mary, "Good Queen Bess," "The Merry Monarch," "The Old Pretender," "The Young Pretender," "The Lion of the North"—each hits off a trait or stamps the character upon the mind of succeeding generations.

No community of schoolboys is readier to catch at an appropriate name than the British House of Commons, and honorable members find themselves addressed in many manners not meditated at the baptism. In "The Great Commoner," and "The Bottomless Pit," we have instances of the most happy designation, while "The Triumphant Exciseman" did quaint justice to Sir Robert Walpole's talent. Hamilton, chancellor of the exchequer in Ireland, who spoke once and once only in the House, has gone down to history as "Single-Speech Hamilton," but one of the wittiest nicknames ever bestowed upon the spur of the moment, and designed to bring its bearer to ridicule and popular contempt, was that bestowed by Pitt upon Greville, prime minister of the day. Greville should have been careful to steer clear from the infected area of a popular song. Defending certain taxes in the budget, he begged of his critics to tell him where the substitute for such taxes could come from. "Let them tell me where, sir," he inquired in a plaintive monotone. "I say, sir, let them tell me where? I am entitled to say, where?" Pitt had been provoked by Greville, and as the premier paused in his inquiry, Pitt murmured, in a whine resembling Greville's, a line of the well-known song, "Gentle shepherd, tell me where?" From that moment George Greville was known as "The Gentle Shepherd."

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

The Sewing Room

Sew a piece of tape on the under side of the band of your aprons to hang them up by, and thus keep them clean and fresh much longer than if they are thrown carelessly over the back of a chair.

Keep a piece of sandpaper in the machine drawer for rough or blunted needles; a file, too, will quickly smooth a dull machine needle, and scissors may be sharpened on a large needle or the stem of a glass (or piece of glass), by opening and shutting quickly, as if you were trying to cut the glass.

For rimming to be done by hand put the hemmer attachment on the machine without thread, turn an even hem at the start, run the goods through the hemmer as if sewing and afterwards hem by hand. The line of perforation is easy to follow. For hand-run tucks use a coarse needle, mark with the machine as above and run thread in the holes thus made.

A pretty case of lavender flowers is made like a little pillow slip, of white linen or muslin. Design the case so that the lavender, either in an envelope or another smaller case, may be slipped in and out. The ends of the case may be hemstitched or fringed and initials may be worked in the centre. These sachets are particularly good for the linen closet.

The luncheon apron of white lawn is quite short, with a 12-inch flounce trimmed with a hemstitched border. The wide bib comes over the shoulder in a Gibson plait effect, and is made with a white collar, very much on the order of a waitress' apron. A narrow fold down the centre of the bib is edged on each side with a narrow ruffle, trimmed with extremely narrow lace.

Another Stunning Dryden Fashion Drawing; Smart Walking Dress for Winter Weather



The girl or young matron who wishes to have a stunning out-of-door costume should robe herself in a suit of grey natine. Chinchilla furs will softly harmonize and a white felt hat coquettishly rolled on the left side will prettily finish the picture.

The brim of the hat is bound with an inch-wide white grosgrain ribbon. A band of the same, with a flat bow, surrounds the crown. The brim is held up at the side by an unique cockade of spun glass.

This smart tailored suit is in two pieces, the skirt and coat, the blouse being of cotton marquisette with a deep lace-edged side jabot.

The skirt and coat are trimmed with black velvet. The feature of the skirt is a 10-inch band of this rich fabric. The velvet collar is soft and rolling, and slips under a band of the natine at the waistline. Here is it held in place by a large agate button. The cuffs are deep and are also of the velvet.

ENGLAND OPPRESSED BY FEARS FOR THE SAFETY OF THE KING

Extraordinary Safeguards Taken in Dread of Oriental Plots—Scotland Yard Sends Squads of Men to Scene of Durbar.

Gambling on the life of King George is actually going on in connection with his trip to the Durbar at Delhi. The greatest uneasiness manifest among British officials in India and communicated to London is said to have caused several bets to be made that the King does not return to London alive.

Pressure has actually been brought to bear upon his majesty to give up the trip, but this has been ignored, and he intends sailing on the Medina with the Queen, as planned.

Investigation shows that extraordinary arrangements have been made by Scotland Yard for the King's safety, despite the fact that he will be surrounded by entire regiments of English, not native troops, almost constantly while in India. Scotland Yard, while chiefly confining its activities to the metropolitan district of London, really stretches its long arm to the utmost confines of the empire, acting as the nation's secret service, and it has taken matters in hand to exercise a more rigid surveillance over their majesties than even at coronation time, when every suspicious person was summarily hustled from London or arrested.

Plots Are Reported.

The reason for the alarmist reports from India is the activity of the progressive Hindoo party. It is reported that several plots have already been discovered for attempts to harm the King when granting audiences to the Indian princes. Consequently even the old mediaeval customs of examining the food for the royal table and of appointing guards to the bed chamber will be observed throughout the trip, while those in charge candidly admit they will not breathe freely until the ruler is safe back in Buckingham Palace.

In charge of the King's personal escort will be Sir Edward Henry, recently made equerry to his majesty. Sir Edward's other position is that of commissioner of Scotland Yard, being leader of the 20,000 men comprising that organization. For twenty years before being transferred to England he was chief of police in Bombay and is acquainted with almost every Hindoo criminal and also with every rite and custom of the country. With him will be Superintendent Patrick Quinn, head of the political department of the bureau of criminal investigation, who for weeks has been in touch with Indian affairs through the foreign office.

Detectives Sent in Advance.

Already squads of plain-clothes men have been sent ahead who will go over the entire route which the royal party will take to Delhi after landing. In addition men have been posted in every European capital in touch with the local police, keeping watch on Orientals, and every Oriental in London has been shadowed. So also is every sailing list to Indian ports sent direct to Scotland Yard, so that nothing may be left undone to insure the King's safety.

Many parties of society people going to the Durbar have chartered special vessels, some of which are leaving next week. All the smart customers, and especially the furriers, are busy, for it will be cold in Delhi, especially a every one will sleep in tents.

SICKLY BABIES CRY
HEALTHY BABIES SMILE

Baby's cry indicates distress—his smile health and contentment. The mother may be sure there was never a baby who cried for the fun of it. Baby's disposition is naturally a happy one and it is only distress such as may be brought on by a disordered condition of the stomach or bowels that can change this. So, mothers, to keep your baby happy you must keep him well—Baby's Own Tablets will do this. Concerning them Mrs. Chas. Potvin, Causapatcia, N.S., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets have proved an excellent remedy for my baby. I had been using syrups, but they failed to help him and he cried constantly. The Tablets cured him and now he is a fat, healthy child." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE HUMAN BODY IS AN ELECTRIC BATTERY

Startling New Discoveries Prove Beyond All Doubt That "Electricity Is Life."

Men of Science Demonstrate the Value of Electricity as a Cure for Disease.

Remarkable New Invention Meets With Great Success

That the human body is electrical is no longer a mere theory among scientists and up-to-date physicians. It is generally conceded to be an absolute fact.

Professor Edgar L. Larkin, discussing the new physiology, writes as follows:

"A man, brain and body, is a battery, and nerves correspond to wires. It is now certain that transmission of sensation over them is electric. Nerves have been cut and a galvonometer inserted. The needle moved, proving that nerve power is electric. The human system is an electro-chemic battery and the life principle is electrical. The electric age is here. Drugs are hard hit on all sides, and an intelligent physician tells me he has almost entirely stopped their use. The word health now means a normal supply of electricity in the body, and the word disease means an insufficiency of that power."

Dr. Albert J. Atkins, the eminent California scientist, is still at work proving that every principle in what we call our electrical science is merely borrowed from the human body. We propel railroad trains and automobiles by means of electricity and think it wonderful, but the human dynamo has always known how to propel itself, and with skill and almost absolute safety in either walking or running, and now Dr. Atkins shows us that the millionaire in his automobile and the hobo on foot are alike carried forward by electrical force.

"With a man's stomach as the only electric battery, Drs. Albert J. Atkins and E. J. Lewis recently charged an ordinary telephone apparatus so that it conveyed sound," says a San Francisco morning paper.

"It demonstrates that the human body is an electric battery."

"The experiment consisted in the swallowing of two platinum electrodes, so that they touched the walls of the living stomach.

"By means of copper wires the electrodes were connected with a telephone and microphone, a sensitive instrument which greatly intensifies sound.

"There was absolutely no mechanical or chemical battery in the circuit, yet the moment the electrodes were swallowed sufficiently to touch the walls of the stomach, human electricity flowed over the wires, rendering audible sounds. The electric charge measured from seven to eight volts on a western galvonometer."

Finds Cure for Appendicitis

Dr. Harvey Archibald, of New York City, has discovered that appendicitis yields to the action of electricity pretty nearly as mists are dissipated by the sun. When a case of appendicitis comes into Dr. Archibald's office, the physician trains the powerfully penetrating electric ray upon the sore spot. Right away the swelling goes down and the excruciating pain stops short. And after five or six days, Dr. Archibald says, the cure is always complete.

Electricity the Basis of Human Vitality

Professor Jacques Loeb, after ten years' research and experiment, made this statement:

"A part of the chemical energy of foodstuffs is transformed into electrical energy, which in turn gives energy to the muscles and organs of the body. Electricity, and not heat, is the life of the body. These discoveries are going to upset the theories of medicine as administered by the physicians of today, as it is settled that electricity is the basis of human vitality."

The new cure is nothing more or less than the process of bombarding the congestion about the appendix with electric rays and a high-frequency current. The treatment causes the blood to return to the central circulation system, the congestion departs for the simple reason that the cause of the congestion has been removed—and that's the end of the appendicitis.

Keeps Old Age at Bay

"Electricity will restore elasticity and buoyancy of youth," declares a famous New York physician, writing in the Medical Times.

"No matter how old a man may be nor how young in years, whenever his arteries begin to harden, to resist the increased pressure of the blood, then he actually is old. Then the electric treatment must be applied, and after a few times nature takes up the work and carries it on, and the patient gets young again—or at least he is able to resist the encroachments of old age.

"By electric stimulus the system is energized, the blood made to circulate equally, the digestion aided, the waste products stimulated, the repair tissues are assisted, and the normal working of the bodily functions restored."

Electricity Will Supersede Drugs

I maintain that electricity is the power which runs the human body—the force that keeps the heart going, the blood circulating and the various organs performing their functions like so many machines. I claim that electricity works the miracle of digestion and assimilation, and converts the food into blood and bone, tissue and muscle, and supplies the brain with power to think.

I have had my theories confirmed by the world's most learned scientists, and today the use of electricity as a curative agent is spreading to every corner of the civilized world.

While others were speculating and arguing over the merits of electric treatment, I have gone ahead achieving results, and I can point with pride to men and women in all walks of life who regained their health and strength through the use of my Electric Body Battery.

Before I talk further regarding the use of my appliance, you must understand that the human body is an electric organism, deriving its motive power from the digestion of food in the stomach. This electric force generated in the stomach is taken up by the nerves and conveyed to the different organs of the body, and is their life. So long as there is sufficient electric energy to satisfy the demands of nature, the vital organs perform their regular functions properly, but just as soon as the natural electric force is overtaxed in any way, the organs become weak and inactive and sickness or disease is the result. Now, you can't cure the trouble until you restore the lost force. Nature must have more electricity, or vitality, as it is termed by medical men, in the ailing part. You cannot renew this force by dosing the stomach with poisonous drugs, which only help to drain away the vitality that you have. When every organ of the body has all the motive power—electricity—it needs, weakness and disease cannot exist.

Now, the purpose of my invention is to restore this electric force in a natural, scientific way. When the stomach is unable to supply the demands of the vital rgans, you must assist nature by filling your nerves with galvanic electricity.

My appliance is a generator of a powerful but soothing current of electricity, worn about the body while you sleep. It sends a subtle stream of electric life coursing through the nerves and vitals for hours at a time. Its touch is gentle, without sting or burn. There is no shock. All you feel is a glowing warmth.

Electricity fills the nerve cells with new life. It drives out pains and aches, builds up vitality and strength and cures to stay cured such trouble as lumbago, nervousness, rheumatism, insomnia, female complaints, varicose veins, weakness of any kind, and all stomach, kidney, liver or bowel disorders.

The Product of Experience

I have devoted years to the perfection of my appliance. I have removed defects as fast as they appeared in actual use, and have supplied new features from time to time, so that my appliance is in a class by itself.

The current can be regulated to any degree of strength by the pressure of a finger upon the regulator arm.

Compared with mine, all other electric body appliances are products of the blacksmith's hammer.

It is not upon this point however, that my success has been founded. My immense business is due to my knowledge of the effect of electricity upon the ailments to be treated and the best way to obtain that effect.

I study the case of every sufferer who comes to me, and explain how the application of my appliance may be suited to the demands of each particular case. When you consider that electricity is life to the organs into which my appliance sends it, you can see how we get our results. My success is due to the cures effected by my appliance. If it did not cure, my business would have died out long ago.

When I say that my appliance cures, I don't ask you to accept my word alone as evidence. I can refer you to people who got back their health through the use of my appliance, and they will tell you what it did for them.

Here Is Proof

Rheumatism quickly removed. Electricity dissolves the acid and strengthens the kidneys.

Fergus, Ont.

Dear Sir,—I have worn your Electric Belt for three months, and can say that it has cured me completely. I was in misery every day and wished I was dead, till I got your belt. I felt the good of it the first night. I had suffered with Rheumatism for ten years. Before I got your Belt I could hardly eat anything, and now I can eat a good big meal three or four times a day. I can recommend your Belt to anyone suffering from Rheumatism. Yours truly, ED. RADBURN.

MY BELT IS A BLESSING.

Chatsworth, Ont.

Dear Sir,—Your Belt has worked wonders with my back. It was very bad, but it seems quite strong now, and my general health is built up again in these few months far beyond my best expectations. In short, I count your Belt a heaven-sent blessing to me and my family. I cannot recommend it too strongly, as I shall feel it my bounden duty as well as my greatest pleasure.

THOS. JORDISON.

Yours truly, 149 Front Street, Sarnia, Ont.

Dear Sir,—I wrote you some time ago that I was perfectly satisfied with your Belt, as I am now as well as any man of my age could expect to be. I thank you for the interest you have taken in the matter. Yours very truly, PAUL I. JONES.

Mr. Thos. C. Morton, 75 Cameron street, Windsor, Ont., says: "Before I used your Belt, three or four years ago I was unable to walk, but it improved me so much that I had no difficulty to walk after using it for some time, and my advice to all sufferers is to use one of your Electric Belts. No doctors; no drugs; just one solid comfort. I hope your good work will be kept up."

MADE LIFE WORTH LIVING.

Appleby, Ont.

Dear Sir,—I am pleased to say that your Belt has done me a lot of good. At the time I sent for it I was feeling wretched and low-spirited, but now life is worth living, and I am feeling in excellent spirits. Your Belt will do all you promise, and it is so easy to adjust that a child could manage it. I wish you success in your business, and hope that people suffering from general weakness will see the need of using Electricity for the general system, and take advantage of your great remedy and thereby gain health, which is a priceless treasure. I shall be pleased to answer any inquiries you may refer to me. Yours truly, MRS. J. McCAY.

Originals of above statements can be seen at my office, 237 Yonge street, Toronto, Can. Copies of these and hundreds of others, together with an 84-page book telling all about this home electric treatment by my body appliance, are furnished free if you will send or call for them.

Health Without Drugging

M. d'Arsonval, a well-known savant of the Physiological Institute, of Paris, in an address at the Institute, said that electricity would be the medicine of the future. He showed that it is excellent for certain maladies, and described the difference between sudden shocks and the slow method by which it pervades the system without the patient's consciousness.

Electricity Is Nature's Medicine

Professor Andrew MacConnell, president of the Society of Universal Science, in a recent essay, made this statement:

"The only difference between a well man and an invalid is that the invalid is not producing enough electric power to run the functions of his body and keep the vital organs up to the necessities of life."

"THE WORD HEALTH NOW MEANS A NORMAL SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY IN THE BODY, AND THE WORD DISEASE MEANS AN INSUFFICIENCY OF THAT POWER." — Professor Edar L. Larkin.



Human Electricity.

"With some 200 scientific experiments from recognized scientists it has been conclusively proved that this power is electricity; that by understanding the laws governing the production and control of electricity in life, any human can cure himself in a few weeks, can increase his working capacity, can increase his vitality to the point of having an overflow of happiness and joy, and also that any person feeble from age, may in the same way reinvigorate himself.

"When one falls into any form of disease, he simply does not produce as much electricity in his body as when well. We see, too, that age is just like a chronic disease, that one begins from ignorance of the laws of electric production to gradually decrease his generation of electricity until he finally reaches the point where he does not produce enough to keep his vital organs running. This means death. The same amount of electricity in a man of 70 would make the same power as the same amount of electricity in a man of 30. This proves the prolonging of life a scientific matter of keeping the production of electricity up to the normal needs of the body."

The Danger in Drugs

Many people believe that when a drug gives relief

How the Nervous System Conveys Electricity to All Parts of the Body.



Telephoning With Power Furnished by the Human Stomach.

Restoring the Buoyancy of Youth by Electric Treatment.

drugs cannot reach.

Every dose of drugs that you put into your stomach weakens your nerves. Every time you kill a pain or an ache by stupefying the nerves with poisonous drugs, you are hurting them, and anyone can see that in time by steady dosing, your nervous system will be completely broken down.

You know that rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. There's only one thing on earth that can get at this uric acid and drive it out of your system—that's electricity. It soaks into every vein and tissue of the body and drives the poisonous matter through the circulation, back to the kidneys, which filter the blood of all impurities.

My electrical appliance has cured some of the worst cases of rheumatism after drugs and other methods have failed. When electricity goes into the body rheumatism must go out.

No pain can exist in a body charged with electric life. You can have no rheumatism, no weakness, no inactive parts, because the life generated by this grand force gives health and strength to every organ.

Men Made Young at Sixty

There is no excuse for men being old at 60, complaining about pains in the back, stiffness in the shoulders and legs, and "tired feeling," nervousness, indigestion, constipation and failure of vitality. Nature started you with a constitution that ought to have held good until you are 80, and you ought to feel like a man now. But you have overdone some things and wasted your vitality. You still have the constitution, but lack the force. That is electricity. My appliance will restore it.

Look at the men who have used electricity and you will see men of force, men of power and confidence, men who respect themselves and are respected and admired by their fellowmen.

Wouldn't you like to be the man you were a few years ago; to have the same ambitious spirit, the strength and vitality that you used to possess? Wouldn't you like to be free from pains and aches, and to feel that you are the equal in strength of any man of your age? You can be.

All that you lack is vitality—new life. You are like an engine without steam—you haven't the motive power to keep the machinery of your body working properly. Anything that will restore your "steam" will make a new man of you. Drugs have been tried and have failed. You know that my appliance will not fail; it is electricity, and "electricity is life." That is what you require, and the proper use of this grand appliance will give you health and happiness.

Electricity for Weak Nerves

A great many people suffer from ailments caused by weak, impoverished nerves, and try to cure these troubles by dosing their stomachs with drugs. It is impossible.

Drugs are poisons, and poisons wreck the nerves.

If you are weak, run down, nervous and unambitious; if you suffer frequent headaches, and have spells of despondency, it means that your nerves are starving for new energy, electricity. That's all they need, and nothing else will restore them.

My appliance saturates the nerves and vitals with electric life while you sleep. It builds up strength and vitality in every weakened organ and drives out pains and aches.

If there was any nourishment in drugs, they might do some good, but you know there is not. Drugs are drugs, stimulants, narcotics, antidotes, poisons, not food. Electricity is nerve food—nerve life. It soaks into the nerves, and is taken up by them just as a sponge absorbs water. It nourishes and vitalizes the parts which it is doing good. That's a big mistake. Drugs can only give temporary relief, and it is always at the expense of the nerves and vital organs.

If you have a pain or an ailment of any kind, you don't want to fool yourself into the belief that you are getting well when you are not. That's all you do when you dose yourself with drugs.

It is easy enough to stop a pain by stupefying the nerves with poisonous dope, but the pain will return as soon as the stupor passes off. You can force a weak organ to act by giving it a powerful stimulant, but you can't restore its natural strength that way, and it will be weaker than ever when the drug stops working.

That is why temporary relief is dangerous. Drugs do not remove the cause of disease, and every minute that they give relief the disease is getting a firmer hold upon your system. As long as the cause remains the trouble stays there and the only way to get rid of it is to assist nature. Nature wants strength, vitality, power to fight disease and drive it out, not poisons which only make it worse.

Electricity is nature's medicine, and the proper use of it will restore you to perfect health.

Disease always results when you break nature's laws. If you continually overwork your stomach you will have stomach trouble. If you abuse any organ of your body you must suffer for it afterward. Then the real cause of disease is due to the weakness or inactivity of some part of the body machinery. The reason any organ breaks down or fails to work properly is because it has not enough vitality to withstand the strain when it is overtaxed. This vitality is nothing more than electricity, the motive power of the human body. Now, to cure the disease, you must renew the vitality or electricity of the part that causes the trouble. When this is done the disease cannot exist, for the cause is removed.

Woman Saved From Dangerous Operation

A large percentage of women's ailments are so perplexing that operations are often recommended by physicians. Such operations are not only dangerous, but they sometimes cause serious complications. Thousands of women are uselessly butchered who could be cured by electricity in the privacy of their own homes.

In most cases all such women need is new strength, more vitality and nerve force. When the organs of the body are denied the vitality necessary to perform their proper functions, inactivity and disease result.

My appliance renews the activity of the weak organs and builds up vitality and strength where it is needed by infusing the body with a glowing current of electric life.

Why My Appliance Cures

A party asked the other day why it is that faradic batteries and static machines do not give such results as my electric body appliance.

That's because you can't stand the treatment for more than a few minutes at a time. A nervous person can't endure it that long on account of the shock. When a man tries that method and finds that it does not help him, he naturally concludes that electricity is no good.

Now, my system is different. With my plan a current is sent into the body for six or eight hours every day or night, usually while the patient sleeps.

The delicate nerves are not jarred or shocked by this current, as it goes into them like a drizzling rain saturates a newly-plowed field. They absorb it, drink it in, and as it is their very life, they grow strong with it.

Poor digestion, inactive liver, constipation, sluggish heart, slow thinking, dormant energy and laziness are all due to lack of electricity. Understand that electricity is the motive power of the human machine, the power that keeps the organs active, and you will see what we mean. In such cases you will see how my appliance will put energy into the body. It renews the electric life of the nerves, and transforms the sluggard into a bundle of vigorous energy.

Because you have experimented with faradic batteries and belts, or taken electric treatment from physicians without being cured, is no reason why my methods should prove a failure. The doctor's battery can only be applied for a few minutes at a time, and that is not enough to effect a cure. Besides, that method is inconvenient and expensive. My appliance can be used all day or all night without interfering with your work or rest. It takes up none of your time.

Prejudice Against Advertised Treatments

There is a whole lot of prejudice against advertising remedies, due no doubt to the large number of quacks and schemers that have foisted worthless treatments on the public during the last few years.

If it were not for this prejudice I would not be able to handle all the business that would come to me. The many fake electric belts and so-called "vitalizers" advertised by charlatans have made many people skeptical; but I know that I have a good thing and will hammer away until everybody knows it.

Any organ of the body, any part that lacks the necessary vitality to do its work as nature intended, can be restored by this electric treatment.

It gives strength; it makes the blood rich and warm; it vitalizes the nerves and puts vim into the brain and muscles; it just makes a good man out of a bad one in every way.

My appliance cures rheumatism in its worst forms. It cures pains and aches, weak nerves, general debility and any other trouble which can be cured by restoring the life force.

No matter where you live, you can use my appliance as successfully as if you could come here to my office.

Books Worth $2.00 Free

To any man or woman who will mail me this coupon I will send free (closely sealed) my finely illustrated books regarding the cause and cure of diseases. These books are written in plain language and explain many secrets you should know. One especially for men; another for women; 84 pages.

Don't spend another cent on doctors and their worthless medicines.

Electricity cures to stay cured. You should know about it.

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Cut out this coupon right now, and mail it. I will send the book without delay, absolutely free.

Dr. M. H. McLaughlin
237 Yonge Street, Toronto, Can.

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