

Messenger and Visitor.

THE CHRISTIAN MESSENGER
VOLUME LVII.

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THE CHRISTIAN VISITOR
VOLUME XLVI.

Vol. X., No. 8

SAINT JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1894.

Printed by G. W. DAY, North Side King St.

— Mr. Gladstone returned from his holiday, at Biarritz, for the re-opening of parliament, reaching London on the 10th inst. An immense crowd of people awaited his arrival, and, according to the cables reports, Mr. Gladstone, seated beside his wife in an open carriage, drove bare-headed through the cheering multitude. This in the face of a February east wind would seem to be intended as a positive and somewhat dramatic assurance on the part of the premier that he does not regard himself as an invalid, and that there are no good grounds for supposing that he has any present intention of retiring from the leadership of his party.

— Some of E. Fay Mills' sayings in the Montreal meetings: "When a man puts his heart into it he always finds God." "Some men say they are waiting for God's time. No man ever waited for God's time. The time God wanted you was when you had your first conscious thought." "A beautiful, unselfish life is a message from God to those around us." "Your heart is bolted on the inside; you must open it yourself." "Don't put off salvation until God knocks at the door of your heart with tribulation." "The spirit of hell is in every soul who is not willing to forgive any injury in the spirit of Jesus Christ." "If you were placed in a darkened chamber, it was because God wanted to burst with the noon-day of His beautiful light into the darkness of your soul."

— A LATE despatch from Rome states that the Pope will permit the bishop of Versailles, on the occasion of the May fete, to exhibit the coat of Christ, which relic is kept at Argenteuil, on condition that the invitations sent out do not contain the statement that the coat is the seamless garment worn by our Saviour, since the seamless coat is understood to be preserved in the cathedral at Treves. This proviso of his holiness is certainly remarkable. If the Argenteuil relic is not the seamless coat, the bishop of Versailles must surely have been aware of the fact, and how could a good bishop of the holy church be in any danger knowingly of sending out a false statement in regard to any matter, though not restrained by the pope's command. Leo evidently thinks that it is making rather too bold a demand on the faith of good Catholics to require them to believe in the genuineness of a seamless coat at Argenteuil as well as at Treves. But why should his holiness be so solicitous about the matter? Anyone who can believe that the veritable seamless garment worn by our Saviour is to be seen at Treves, could not surely find any great difficulty in believing that the same garment could be made to appear at some other place.

— An Astronomical observatory is to be established in Arizona, the dry air of that region being especially favorable for astronomical work. The funds for the purpose are being supplied by Mr. Percival Lowell, who is an enthusiast in the study of astronomical science, having also written several books on the subject. The work will be in charge of Mr. Wm. H. Pickering, brother of Prof. Edward C. Pickering, of Harvard. Mr. Pickering has been engaged for several years in similar work in Europe. An expedition for the purpose of founding the observatory in Arizona will leave Harvard March 1st, and Mr. Lowell will go with it. It is stated that much of the investigation of the problems of the skies, which hitherto has been carried on at Harvard observatory, will be transferred to the new station in Arizona, when it shall have been established. Professor Pickering says that everything is tending to drive observatories away from cities, the vapors, the smoke, and now the powerful electric currents used for lights and street cars, all are injurious to the objects of the astronomer. The special reason for hurrying the expedition is the opposition of Mars next summer, when that planet will be near the earth and farther north than when it was observed two years ago at Arequipa.

— It is quite a remarkable story which is being told concerning a certain high-born Russian who is named Prince Galatin. The prince came to the United States in September last, landing at San Francisco. According to his account of himself, he was on a voyage around the world in the interests of the Imperial Geographical Society, of St. Petersburg. While in Washington his interest was attracted by a Salvation Army demonstration and he was led to attend one of its meetings. He was much impressed by what he saw and heard, and continued to attend the meetings and finally joined the ranks of the Salvationists. He has resolved to

abandon his scientific pursuits and devote himself to religious and philanthropic work in his own country. He is reported to have abundant means and his purpose is said to be to establish a branch of the S. A. work in the shape of relief stations along the routes by which Russian exiles are sent to Siberia. He has called for Russia in order to secure the Czar's permission to undertake this work. So Christian a purpose as this is worthy of all commendation, and we must all hope that the prince will be successful in securing the favor of his sovereign toward the work. The only grounds on which the prince might reasonably hope for success in his mission would seem to be that it might not be thought worth while to prevent the wretches condemned to the horrors of Siberian mines to accept the gospel as taught by heretics, if they were so disposed.

— "ZION'S HERALD," of Boston, the principal organ of Methodism in New England, following the example of many other leading religious journals in the United States, has adopted a smaller page form, and also appears in a beautiful new dress of type, which will mean real luxury to its readers. The Herald we regard as being among the best edited of our exchanges. Its treatment of the questions of the times is, to our minds, generally sound and moderate. It is bright, new, enterprising and optimistic. We have always highly esteemed the Herald and shall value it none the less in its new form which is distinctly an improvement upon the old.

— THE custom of the First church Halifax, of issuing an annual statement is one which probably might be adopted with advantage by others of our churches. The statement just received shows the church's work during 1893 to have been prosperous. The contributions amounted to \$4,987, exclusive of the amounts given by the W. M. A. Society and the Sunday-school. The pastor's salary and pulpit supplies amounted to \$1,542.50. The number of baptisms, fourteen, is larger than in any year since 1889. The following quotation will have application outside of the First church: "We wish here to ask your most earnest attention to a matter which has weighed heavily upon pastor and deacons, as well as many other members, namely, attendance at prayer and conference meetings. With a membership of 219 resident in the city and Dartmouth, the attendance at these meetings ought to be very much larger than it has been. Brethren and sisters how can you afford to remain away from these meetings? Then they that feared the Lord spoke often one to another; and the Lord hearkened and heard it, and a book of remembrance was written before Him for them that feared the Lord, and that thought upon His name." We believe the growth of Christian life is mainly dependent upon these means of grace. There are members of sister churches now attending our services to the number of 28. We need their best co-operation, and they need our sympathy and Christian fellowship. In the most kind and urgent manner we would press upon these brethren and sisters the duty and benefit to themselves and us of obtaining their letters and uniting into this body. In this connection we recognize that this rule works both ways. We have thirty non-resident members and, with only a few exceptions, they are in a position to unite with sister Baptist churches where they now reside. In all such cases it is their duty to transfer their membership." The deacons in their report, say of Rev. A. C. Chute: We have a lovable, a beloved, and devoted and able pastor, and we should be thankful to God for sending him to us, and at this time we should remember him in our prayers in the deep suffering he has been called to undergo in the death of his aged father."

Personal.

Pastor Gordon, of Main St. church, has been confined to his house the past week by an attack of la grippe, but is now improving. The Main St. pulpit was supplied on Sunday by Rev. J. H. Saunders in the morning and Rev. S. McC. Black in the evening.

Rev. G. M. W. Carey returned on Saturday from a short visit to Ottawa. The occasion of his visit was the marriage of his daughter, Miss Mary Edith Carey to Mr. Joseph Burr Lyrral, of the Canadian Geological Survey.

Rev. C. W. Williams left St. John last Thursday evening for the South. He expects to remain for a time in the region of the Carolines. We have not his address, but hope to hear from him soon.

Many can testify to the great healing properties of LARDER'S LINIMENT

PASSING EVENTS.

THE death of the Rev. Dr. Douglas, of Montreal, which occurred on the 10th inst., has removed one of the brightest lights of Methodism in Canada, and one of the most distinguished Christian ministers that this country has produced. Born in Scotland, in 1825, of Presbyterian parents, and brought by them to Canada when seven years of age, George Douglas enjoyed in his boyhood such advantages for education as Montreal at that time afforded. As he grew toward manhood he developed unusual intellectual force and a fondness for study. It is stated that he worked for a time at blacksmithing with the ulterior purpose of becoming an engineer; but at this time he was converted, united with the Methodists, and resolving to devote himself to the work of the ministry, he went to England to take a course in theology. For some reason, however, this purpose was not carried out, and he was sent as a missionary to Bermuda. After two years spent in Bermuda as a probationer, his health made it necessary for him to return to Canada, where the remainder of his life has been spent. He was ordained in 1852, and in his ministerial work in Montreal, Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton and other important centres of Methodism, he developed remarkable ability as a preacher and became widely known. For the last twenty-five years or more Dr. Douglas has been a prominent figure and an important force in his denomination, taking a leading part in all its great gatherings. In 1878 he was president of the general conference, a delegate to the Ecumenical Methodist Council of London, 1881, and also to the Ecumenical Council of Washington, 1891. In 1878 he was called to the principalship of the Methodist Theological College at that time established in Montreal. This position he accepted, and continued in it until his death. Beyond, as well as within, his own denomination, Dr. Douglas was known and his influence recognized. Though not a college-bred man, he was possessed of great intellectual force, wide information, pronounced opinions and remarkable powers of expression. By voice and pen he discussed the many of the leading questions of the day, especially those bearing upon the moral interests of the country. As an advocate of temperance and social purity and of the rights of protestants in Quebec and in the Dominion, his influence was especially felt. In the opinion of competent judges, Dr. Douglas's oratorical powers were very great, placing him in this respect among the most distinguished orators of his time. That he was not entirely free from flaws of temper and judgment goes for the saying, and likewise that, in a man of so strong convictions and so outspoken in opinion, these infirmities were sometimes apparent. Dr. Douglas's career affords a remarkable example of how intellectual and moral force backed by indomitable purpose, can triumph over physical infirmities and disabilities. Though the victim of a distressing disease of the nerves, and in his later years of paralysis and almost total blindness, he worked on, upheld by an indomitable will, purpose and faith, making the influence of his strong personality widely felt, even to the last months of his life.

It seems to be quite evident that the Gladstone government has resolved upon an aggressive policy toward the House of Lords. This is indicated both by the utterance of leading Liberal and radical papers, by the recent speeches of prominent Liberal leaders and by the course pursued by the Gladstonians in the House of Commons, since the re-opening. The London Chronicle is reported as saying: "The Lords have temporarily wrecked the three great measures of the session. They have rejected the Home Rule bill for the pacification of Ireland; they have mangled the Employers' Liability bill in frank contempt for the virtually unanimous claim of the workers to effective protection of life and limb, and the Parish Councils bill in sheer disregard that any part of the village and parish administration should be taken out of the hands of the landlord and the parson and be conducted by the people in their own way." The News, a paper owned by Mr. Arthur Morley, postmaster-general, says: "Let the quarrel cease. It is the old controversy between the representative and the hereditary principle. That controversy has now reached an acute stage and calls for immediate settlement." The Speaker, a Liberal weekly organ, says: "Present appearances indicate that we are on

the eve of one of the fiercest struggles on record between the representative chamber and the body that represents only the absurd and exclusive privileges of a narrow caste." Quite in harmony with these deliberations are certain public utterances of Mr. Henry Campbell-Bannerman, secretary of war, Postmaster-general Morley and Attorney-general Russell. Prof. Bryce, who has been regarded as the most conservative member of the Gladstone government, is reported as saying: "The Liberals would have preferred to proceed with measures of social reform rather than be driven to mend the machinery of the government, if the Lords themselves had permitted them to do so. But, if the Lords choose to force a conflict, the conflict must be faced, and an effort must be made to clear away this bar on which so many vessels freighted with useful legislation have been wrecked. What would be the issue of a struggle between the hereditary house and the Commons of England few could doubt, and the Liberal party would be true to its best traditions in accepting it with promptitude and courage." Mr. John Burns, the leader in the Commons of the labor party speaks from a radical point of view and does not sugar-coat his words. He is reported as saying: "The country which sent King Charles to sleep without a head would stand no veto from Queen Guelph or Lord Salisbury. Let the people present to the Lords such a front as will induce the Queen and the Prince of Wales to tell Lord Salisbury—'Imperil your own existence if you like, but do not damage our right of succession.'"

Such utterances as those above quoted from leading Liberal newspapers and members and prominent supporters of the government must be taken to indicate a purpose on the part of Mr. Gladstone to lead a popular attack upon the House of Lords with its hereditary powers and privileges and its obstructive policy. Whether the Lords in the face of this purpose will surrender or will dare the combat is yet to be seen. If the gauge of battle is accepted it is not easy to predict what the immediate issue will be, since it is very probable that, so far as his home rule policy is concerned, Mr. Gladstone has a majority of the English electors against him. But the reform or abolition of the upper house is pretty sure to prove a popular cry with which to go to the people. If it is raised by the Liberals the Conservatives can scarcely count upon the Unionists to stand with them in an appeal to the country on that issue. What will Lord Salisbury do? Will he accept the gauge of battle which Mr. Gladstone is about to fling at his feet? It is not impossible that he may, but at least he is likely to think twice before doing so.

MR. JOHN LIVINGSTON, widely known as one of the ablest journalists of Canada, died in Montreal on Sunday, the 11th inst. Mr. Livingston was the founder of the Telegraph, the first editor of the Sun, and for twenty years or more, prior to 1888, had been in one position or another prominently connected with the newspaper press of St. John. At the date mentioned, Mr. Livingston severed his connection with the Sun to accept the position of editor-in-chief of the Montreal Herald, and when the Toronto Empire was founded he was called to fill its editorial chair. During his residence in Toronto Mr. Livingston's health broke down, and since then he has done little journalistic work of importance. For a time he edited a weekly paper in Calgary. Recently, however, he returned to Montreal, and was about to start in that city a paper especially devoted to business interests, when his life was suddenly cut short by an attack of pneumonia. He was 60 years of age and a native of Richibucto in this province. Mr. Livingston is spoken of by those who knew him personally as a man of genial temperament. His circle of acquaintance in St. John was of course a wide one, and in that circle he had a large number of friends who remember him with very kindly feelings. As a journalist he was possessed of large and versatile ability, and was considered particularly strong as a writer of vigorous and aggressive campaign articles.

PARIS was thrown into a condition of excitement on Monday last week by another bomb-throwing incident. A young man who had been seated at a table in the cafe of the Hotel Terminus, on leaving the room, turned near the door, drew a bomb from his coat and threw it toward a group of persons near who he had sat. The bomb struck an electric light fixture, then fell upon a marble table and exploded. The great hotel trembled with the shock. Mirrors

and doors were blown to atoms. The ceiling and floors were rent and the walls were cracked. Five persons were seriously injured and fifteen others slightly hurt, but, wonderful to relate, no one was fatally wounded. The bomb-thrower, running from the cafe, was pursued by passing policemen. He used his revolver, badly wounding a policeman and also a woman, but was finally captured and taken to the police station, where he gave his name as Edouard Breton, aged 24. Later despatches intimate that it has been ascertained that the real name of the bomb-thrower is Emile Henry, and that he is a native of Barcelona, but of French parentage. What purpose prompted the man's diabolical act it is not easy to see. It could hardly have been meant in revenge for the execution of Vallant, one would think, since none of those particularly concerned in his trial or execution appeared to have been present. The latest reports—though whether or not these reports rest upon any ascertained data we do not know—are to the effect that the Hotel Terminus outrage was a part of a vast anarchist conspiracy, that the plot was prepared in London, and that twenty-three men, among whom was Henry, were appointed to carry it out. The apparent lack of any direct purpose in the bomb-throwing of Henry when taken in itself, would seem to lend support to this statement. The man's appearance is said to indicate that he has led a decent life so far as physical conditions go. His soft, white hands show that he has not of late been accustomed to manual labor.

Home Missions.

The regular meeting of the Home Mission Board, at the close of the second quarter, was held on the 12th inst.

Receipts for six months ending Jan. 31, 1894:

Treas. Denominational Funds	\$1,688 44
Nova Scotia	486 84
Treas. Denominational Funds, N. B. and P. E. I.	125 00
W. B. M. Union	138 90
Late Treasurer Convention Funds	24 70
Other sources	52 468 88

Amount of indebtedness, January 31, 1894:

Board owes on notes	\$3,218 19
Board owes missionaries, etc.	1,877 00
Amount due from late treasurer of Convention Fund, about	\$1,750 00
Net debt	\$3,345 19
Amount of grants promised but not due, about	1,900 00

Amount to be raised before the close of year, \$5,245 19. Thus it will be seen that more than double the amount raised in the first half year must be raised in the second half year in order to close the year without a debt. But we need more than that, for several of the missionaries are remaining on their fields and keeping up the work, trusting that the churches will come to the help of the Board, and so enable the Board to help them.

One brother writes: "I am holding on without further promise from the Board with confidence that they will not leave this church without help." But the Board cannot give this help if the funds are not forthcoming for them to help with. We need at the least \$2000 in all before the close of the year. So far no legacies have been paid in this year, and we do not know of any that will be paid. Our dependence is on the churches and individuals. Who will help?

All contributors in New Brunswick and P. E. Island please send to Rev. J. W. Manning, treasurer for those provinces. A. COHORS, Cor. Sec. Wolfville, N. S., Feb. 14.

Clergymen Recommend It.

REV. J. LEBEHMAN, Angus, Ont., writes: "It gives me much pleasure to testify to the excellency of K. D. O. as a cure for Dyspepsia. I have recommended it here widely, and in every case it has proved successful. It is the very best remedy for that frightful trouble, that I know of, and never fails to help or cure when used as you direct. It deserves the name 'King of Dyspepsia Cures.'"

W. B. M. U.

W. B. M. U. BOYD FOR THE YEAR. "Lord what will Thou have me to do."

Contributors to this column will please address Mrs. Baker, 211 Princess Street, St. John, N. B.

THANKS FOR THE YEAR. "Thanksgiving for the good news from Chicago and Kennebec; prayer for a steady increase of the blessing, and that we all home may be ready to receive it."

Report of the Executive Meeting of the W. B. M. U.

The quarterly meeting of the Executive Board was held at the Mission room, Tuesday evening, Feb. 13. President in the chair. Meeting opened by Scripture reading and prayer by Mrs. J. J. Baker. Minutes of the last meeting were approved. Owing to the severity of the weather and the prevailing cold, the attendance was small. The treasurer's report was presented and adopted, also the quarterly financial statements of our young lady missionaries. Correspondence was then read from Miss Gray, Miss Wright, Miss MacNeil, Miss Archibald, Miss M. E. Clark, Miss Filmore, Mrs. Mary Smith and Rev. J. Manning.

Mrs. Archibald writes, Dec. 27: "For the last three weeks, our new boy, Nassambemuril, and I have been translating the first quarter's lesson of the Blakelee graded S. S. service into Telegu, and have worked very hard over them, as we want them to report on in our approaching conference, and have them adopted as far as possible. We think them greatly superior to the international lessons. We have decided to translate only the Child's and the Progressive Quarterlies, and these are now ready, except some copying.

Our school, though not recognized by the government, was examined by the Government Inspector the other day, and out of nineteen who went up for the various examinations, seventeen passed, and were promoted to a higher grade. Everyone of these children is more or less closely connected with the mission, and we hope for future help from them. Although I have put a great deal of time, patience and labor on the school, I do not feel it has been in vain, and I hope the dear Father will have every one of the pupils in His special care."

Miss Wright says Miss Samuel's, the Eurasian lady of whom she wrote in July, has been with her a month, and is a most efficient helper. She further adds: "If you succeed in getting a society to raise her a salary, which is \$80 a year, you can tell them that she will be able to write to them in English and tell them about the work that she is doing."

I am enjoying the best health that I have had since my return, and am looking forward to a tour among our out stations immediately after our association (Telegu) and conference meetings are over.

After talking over the interests of the home work, with the view of extending the true spirit of missions among our women, the meeting adjourned. We want to call special attention to Miss Wright's report, namely, the support of Miss Samuel's. Is there a mission band or a V. P. society just now idle waiting for something to turn up. If so here is work for you—work that will yield a high premium in developing your Christian character. If further information on this subject is desired, please communicate with:

A. C. MARTELL, Cor. Sec'y.

The Clarence W. M. A. Society held its 21st anniversary on the evening of Jan. 11th in the church, the Rev. B. B. Kinley presiding. After the opening exercises by the pastor, the following programme was carried out: History of the society during 21 years, by Sec'y Mrs. A. Marshall; full report from treasurer, Miss Addie Jackson; Essay, "Burdens or Wings, which?" by Miss Emma Jackson; reading, "The Promise of the Father and the Word," by Miss Annie Chesley; Essay, "Aid Societies," by Mrs. E. J. Elliott; Essay, "What a Christian woman can do in the Church," by Miss A. E. Parker; prayer was then offered by Deacon E. J. Elliott, after which addresses were given by the pastor, the president, Mrs. S. N. Jackson, and others, the whole being interspersed with appropriate music by the choir, with Miss Annie Marshall as organist. A collection was taken up, amounting to \$15 for Home Missions and \$25 for Foreign Missions, the latter being given by Miss A. E. Parker, constituting herself a life member of the Union.

Owing to the prevalence of la grippe in the community, the audience was not as large as anticipated, and there were also blanks in the programme, but a very agreeable as well as profitable evening was spent by those present. May the work prosper.

ALBERTA A. MARSHALL, Sec'y.

NEWS SUMMARY.

W. E. Dawson has been elected mayor of Charlottetown.
Minard's Liniment is the Best.
New Zealand is urging the Imperial government to subsidize the Canadian Australasian steamship line.
Minard's Liniment Cures La Grippe.
The fourth session of the Seventh Provincial Legislature of Ontario was opened Feb. 18.
Minard's Liniment the best Hair Restorer.
The imports into Great Britain from Canada for January showed an increase of £108,000.
An order in council has been passed re-establishing P. E. Island as a separate military district.
There is a movement on foot in Montreal to establish a local wheat pit in connection with the Board of Trade.
The Montreal Patrie learns that Messrs. McCreary and Connolly will be released from prison in a few days.
The Montreal General Hospital is making an appeal to the public for fifty thousand dollars for necessary improvements.
Mr. J. B. Carvell, lieutenant-governor of P. E. Island, died suddenly Wednesday. The deceased was sixty-one years of age.
When Dominion Parliament meets there will be four new members of the House of Commons to be introduced to Mr. Speaker. The changes give Mr. Laurier an accession of two to his ranks.
As the name indicates, Hall's Vegetable Stiffening Hair Renewer is a renewer of the hair, including its growth, health, youthful color, and beauty. It will please you.
The Legislature of Nova Scotia has been dissolved and new general elections ordered. The nominations are on the 25th and the polling on the 15th of March. There will be a plebiscite on prohibition at the same time.
An effort is being made by the pastors of several evangelical churches of Halifax to secure a visit from the eminent and successful evangelist, Rev. E. Fay Mills, for the purpose of organizing an aggressive spiritual movement.
It is said that a movement is on foot in Ottawa among the Roman Catholics who are supporters of the Mowat administration for the preparation of a petition to the Local Legislature in favor of the ballot in the election of separate school trustees.
Judge Dugas, of Montreal, has decided that unless the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals could prove that chameleons are domestic animals, he could not issue a summons for the people who are selling them for ornamental purposes.
While Dr. Davidson, of Calville, Ont., was out driving yesterday, his carriage was struck by a train at the Grand Trunk railway crossing, four miles north of Brantford. His injuries consist of a broken arm, a broken leg and a bad cut on the head.
At a mass meeting of unemployed men, held at Toronto Thursday night, strong resolutions were adopted calling on the city council to provide temporary employment by the immediate prosecution of public works that must be undertaken forthwith.
Archbishop Fabre, Canon Brecheau and Archambault, and Abbe Garneau, of Quebec, were present in court in Montreal Thursday morning in answer to the subpoena summoning them as witnesses in the Canada Revenue action for damages. The case was adjourned until Monday.
About 500 sober, able-bodied unemployed men marched in procession to the Toronto city hall on Friday, and requested Mayor Kennedy to provide them immediate work. Many declared their families were starving and they wanted to go to work and be paid for it the same night, so they could buy a dinner for Sunday. The board of works met subsequently and authorized a special expenditure of \$5,000 to provide immediate work for the unemployed.
John A. MacKinnon, who for seven years has been liquor license inspector for Halifax, lost his position Friday night. The City Council elected H. H. Banks over him by a majority of 9 to 6. Over one hundred and ten letters for the coming year were granted twenty applications being refused. The new licensees shall be granted on the second Tuesday in February, but there was no quorum on that date. Recorder MacGy gave an opinion that the statute was merely "directory" and that the licensees now granted would be legal.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

United States.
Of the 88 men drowned out of 100 in the latter fishing fleet last year, over forty belonged to the province.
The proposed appropriation for the Pension Department, will save over \$14,000,000 this year.
The Senate has rejected by a vote of 32 to 41 the nomination of Mr. Peckman for Supreme Court judge.
Headache, colds, obstinate colds and all throat and lung troubles are promptly cured by Norway Pine Syrup.
The statistics of the New York Paetrate Institute for last year show that not a single case of hydrophobia has been observed among the 85 persons treated.

Marriages.

CHRISTIE-LANGFORD.—At Weymouth Falls, N. B., by Rev. F. R. Langford, Mr. James Christie, to Miss Ida Langford.
WRIGHT-BLOOMFIELD.—At Andover, N. B. Feb. 15, by Rev. H. C. Estabrook, Wymac C. Wright, of Andover, to Jennie L. Bloomfield, of Three Brooks, Tobique River, N. B.
STEVES-WIDLAK.—At the home of the bride's parents, Sussex, by Rev. E. J. Grant, Jan. 31st, John Steves, of Salmon, A. Co., to Florence Widlake, of Sussex, N. B.
PARKS-MOORE.—At the residence of Hamilton Park, Esq., Port George, Annapolis Co., Feb. 14, by Rev. E. E. Locke, Rupert C. Parks, of Port George, to Miss Emma Moore, of Gates' Mountain, Nova Scotia.
TYRELL-CAREY.—At 55 Gloucester St. Ottawa, Feb. 14 by Rev. W. T. Herridge, B. D., assisted by the bride's father, Joseph Burr Tyrell, of the Canadian Geological Survey, to Mary Edith, daughter of Rev. G. M. W. Carey, M. A.

Deaths.

LYMAN.—At Gasperen, on Sabbath morning, the 11th inst., Thompson Lyman, aged 79 years.
BELL.—At Amherst, Feb. 16, Mary M. wife of Robert Bell, aged 86 years, with a good hope of being forever with the Lord.
BROWN.—At Stronach Mountain, Annapolis Co., N. B., Elizabeth Brown, aged 47 years. She died trusting in Jesus. Service conducted by Pastor J. J. Lingley, assisted by Rev. J. W. R. Young.
LAWSON.—At Amherst, Feb. 15, Millie B., beloved wife of B. Jas. Lawson, aged 35. Out down when most needed; parting from a husband, six little ones, and a large circle of friends. She still triumphed through Jesus Christ. Her life was every way sweet and beneficial.
MORAN.—At Black Point, St. Margarets Bay, Feb. 4, John Moran, aged 61 years. Our brother was a member of the 2nd St. Margarets Bay church. He died trusting in the merits of the crucified one. A wife, five sons and two daughters mourn the loss of a kind husband and father.
STABLEFOOT.—At his home near Sussex, on Sunday evening, Feb. 4, after a long and painful illness, Bertha L. died trusting in the merits of the crucified one. Our sister, aged 35 years, was the youngest and beloved daughter of Bro. Abraham Stablefoot, whom the Lord has recently called to pass through much sorrow. Our brother and his family have the deepest sympathy of many friends in their affliction.
CROSBY.—At Fair View, Westmorland Co., N. B., Jan. 24th, John Crosby, aged 90 years. Our aged brother had not enjoyed good health for some years, but his last illness was of short duration. About a week from the time he first took down to bed he quietly passed away. For some time he had not been able to attend church regularly, but always rejoiced in the privilege when on a fine Sabbath he was able to go. He loved the home of God, and often said he loved the old gospel. He professed faith in Christ many years ago, and during his life exemplified its power in his character. He was a good man. He leaves children, a large number of grandchildren and great-grandchildren, with a large circle of friends to mourn the loss of one who is loved and respected. But they do not mourn so those who have no hope, but realize that their loss is his eternal gain. E. W. K.
MILLET.—Mrs. Robert Millet, of Merrett's Cove, Lunenburg Co., whose sudden death, sometime ago, cast a gloom over the community, was an earnest Christian and temperance worker, and a devoted friend to her family and the community. She was a new subscriber to the MESSENGER AND VISITOR, which she prized much. She opened her parlor for the Rev. Mr. M. Niel, of Oberlin, to hold weekly services in the winter, and was a most practical and intellectual Christian. It really seemed strange that one so useful in the home and community should be called away so suddenly to her reward. "How unsearchable are Thy judgments and Thy ways past finding out!"

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ALLAN.—At Indian Harbor, Feb. 1, of pneumonia, Bro. Geo. Allan, aged 40 years. Our brother's call was sudden and unexpected, but death did not find him unprepared. He knew whom he believed, and was not afraid to trust himself in His care. We trust that his death has been the means of bringing some to Christ. He was clerk of the Indian Harbor church and will be very much missed. Our brother had many friends. He leaves a wife and three little children to mourn the loss of a kind husband and father. May the Lord sustain them in their deep affliction.

JANOR.—At Indian Harbor, Jan. 29, Sister Kasia Janor, widow of the late John Janor, aged 79 years. Our sister was sick only a few days, and from the very first her desire was to depart and be with Christ. Her faith in the Lord Jesus Christ was firm. Death possessed no fears for her. The last meeting that she attended was our public service. At the roll call she answered to her name. Now she has gone to answer to her name at the great roll call above. She was the last of her family. The other remaining sister, Mary Bradshaw, of Chester, went home just a week and one day before her. Our sister will be missed among us. She leaves four sons and a large circle of friends to mourn.

BLEWIS.—At Maccos, Jan. 19th, Elizabeth, relict of the late Dea. Wm. Blewisk, and daughter of the late John Anderson, of Coles Island, N. B., aged 90 years and three months. Our sister made a public profession of religion under the labors and ministry of the late Joseph Bradford during an extensive revival in Sackville; was baptized into the fellowship of the Sackville church (we think) about the year 1835. With her husband she was a member of the late Baptist church here, but was not organized till ten years after. Like many others, she never removed her membership, but apparently took as much interest in the church of which her husband and children were members, as if she had been identified with it herself. Her Christian life was of an even tenor. Before prevented by the infirmities of age, in the conference meeting she was always ready to give a reason for the hope that was in her with meekness and fear. She was kindly cared for during the last years of her pilgrimage by her youngest son, Mr. Gilbert Blewisk, and his wife. She leaves five sons, one daughter and a number of grand-children to mourn the loss of a kind mother. The funeral was very largely attended. Appropriate services were conducted by Pastor J. M. Parker, assisted by Rev. J. Johnson. We trust that there are any living now who were members of the Sackville church when she united with it.

HICKS.—At his son's residence, 50 Elm-street, St. John. Dec. 31, 1898, Thomas Hicks, aged 88 years, a consistent and loved member, and for many years a deacon of the church. Brother Hicks was born at Wellington, Somersetshire, England, on November 7th, 1810, and removed with his parents to New Brunswick, May, 1820. The family resided here for a few years and then removed to Kings County, where he lived till December, 1851, with the exception of four years spent in Ontario, when he removed to this city, and resided here until the time of his death. He married October 14th, 1838, at Passages, K. O., Sarah Ann Smith, who died April 12th, 1881, sincerely regretted by a large circle of friends. Our brother was baptized on the 25th March, 1855, by Father Robinson, and was received into the membership of the Brunswick St. church, when the church was divided and some of the members formed Zion Church under the late Rev. William P. Everett; Brother Hicks was one of the members, but returned to Brunswick St. Church when Zion church became extinct, and has been a member to the last. He leaves two sons surviving, John, a resident of this city, and William, now a resident of Paris, Ontario. Eleven grandchildren and three great-grandchildren also survive him. To know Brother Hicks was to love him, and he was always a most welcome guest. For many years while his wife lived, his home was an open house, and they were hospitable entertainers.



Save the Coppers, Boys, to buy Clothes.
We have a jar of cents in our window, and we're going to give away the best bicycle we know of (the Brantford) to the person who guesses nearest or the exact number of cents in the jar.
Buy anything and guess.
"Oak Hall" pants are \$3, and your money back, if you want it.

SCOVIL, FRASER & CO.,
OAK HALL
KING ST. THE
CORNER BIG
GERMAIN STORE. ST. JOHN.

Long Waist, Correct Shape, Best Material, Combined with the best fitting in the world, makes the "Featherbone Corset" unequalled.



CORBETT.—At Five Islands, Colchester Co., N.S., on Sunday, Feb. 4, Sister Isaac Corbett, in the 67th year of her age. The removal of this sister is a great loss to us. She was a life-long Christian and a "mother in Israel," helping in every good word and work, and always ready to entertain the servants of God in her home. Her presence will be greatly missed in the home of God and in the meetings of the W. M. A. Society. This dear sister was a great source of spiritual strength to the pastor and a strong supporter of our distinctive principles. An affectionate husband and three children mourn her loss, all of whom she has placed, by her consistent Christian life, under deep obligation to her. Her family are all Christian workers; her son, Isaac Corbett (Jr.), is now a student at Wolfville, where he is held in high esteem. During his summer vacation his labors were much blessed. All the family were present at the death-bed and witnessed the triumphant faith of the deceased. She caught the strains of the angels and sang herself into glory. The pastor used for his text Proverbs 31:28.

Partnership Notice.

THE undersigned, desiring to form a limited partnership under the laws of the Province of New Brunswick, hereby certify:
1.—That the name of the firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is Merritt Brothers and Company;
2.—That the general nature of the business intended to be transacted by such partnership is the buying and selling of wholesale of Meats, Sugar, Tea, Flour, Groceries, and other Merchandise, and generally a Wholesale Grocery and Commission business;
3.—That the names of all the general and special partners interested in said partnership are as follows:—Joseph P. Merritt and G. W. Moore Merritt, who reside at the City of St. John, in the City and County of St. John, Province of New Brunswick; the general partners, and William Wallace Turnbull, who resides at the same place, is the special partner;
4.—That the said William Wallace Turnbull has contributed the sum of Fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), as capital to the common stock;
5.—That the period at which the said partnership is to commence is the twentieth day of November, A. D. 1898, and the period at which the said partnership is to terminate is the first day of February, A. D. 1900.
Dated this seventeenth day of November, A. D. 1898.
(Signed) J. P. MERRITT,
G. W. MOORE MERRITT,
W. W. TURNBULL.
Province of New Brunswick,
City and County of St. John, ss.

It is remembered that on this, the seventeenth day of November, A. D. 1898, at the City of St. John and Province of New Brunswick, before me, Elias Alward, a Notary Public in and for the said Province, duly admitted and sworn, residing and practicing in the said City of St. John, personally came and appeared Joseph P. Merritt, G. W. Moore Merritt and William W. Turnbull, the parties to the said partnership, who severally acknowledged that they signed the said Certificate as and for their act and deed, and as required by the law relating to "Limited Partnerships."
In testimony whereof I, the said Notary, have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, the day and year in this Certificate above written.
(Signed) ELIAS ALWARD,
Notary Public.

We Have Just enough confidence in ourselves, our prices and our goods to think that once you really know us, we'll get your trade.
If you've been having trouble to make your dollars go around? Count your trouble at an end. The dollar will go nearly twice around at our store.
We have been making an effort of late to let go of the balance of our winter stock. That is, we let go of our profit—and the people say their advantage—and unloaded us to a great extent, but with all this we have many lines left that are considered great bargains.

Great Drive in Silk Warp Henrietta's.
Dollar five quality for 75 cents
" forty " " \$1.00
" twenty " " 95
" seventy " " 1.25
The above goods are imported direct by ourselves and are warranted the best makes.
We continue to sell the balance of all dress goods at immense reduction.
Samples will be cheerfully sent but freight will not be prepaid on goods that are reduced in price.

We Have Just received a large lot of ALL WOOL FRENCH SERGE similar to the ones we advertised last season, at 27c. This year they will be 25c. They are double width, and six yards only is required in a dress—six yards for \$1.50. Below will be found the complete cost of the dress.
Dress stuff \$1.50
2 1-2 yds waist linings at 13c. 33
3 1-2 " skirt selicia at 10c. 35
1 " canvas 12
4 " braid at 2c. 8
1 set waist steels 8
1 reel silk 5c
1 " twist 3c. 5
1 pair shields 10c. 10
Total for dress and trimmings, \$2.64

We Have Just Ladies White wear.
Chemise 25c to \$1.50 each.
Drawers 25c to \$1.75 a pair.
Night dresses 50c to \$3.75 each.
Skirts 48c to \$2.60 each.
The above are bought direct from the manufacturing centre, they are remarkably low in price.
If there is anything you want in the Dry Goods line send to us for it and you will be as well pleased as if you made a personal visit, but if it is convenient, by all means come and make our acquaintance. It will be to your profit.

FLANNELS
Shakers (plain and fancy) 6 3/4c.
7c, 8c, 9c, 10c, 11c, 12c, 10c.
buys a shaker 3 1/2 inch wide heavy weight and good patterns. Heavy shaker flannels for shirting 14c.
LINNENS.
Roller Towelling 6c to 17c a yard, table linen 17c to \$1.20 a yard, towels—all description and prices, napkins from 60c a doz. to \$3.40.
CRETONNES.
Cretonnes (new patterns) 8 3/4c to 30c.
VELVETEENS
Black 17c to \$1, colours 32c to 75c.
SILK VELVETS
Colours and black 90c \$1.50.