

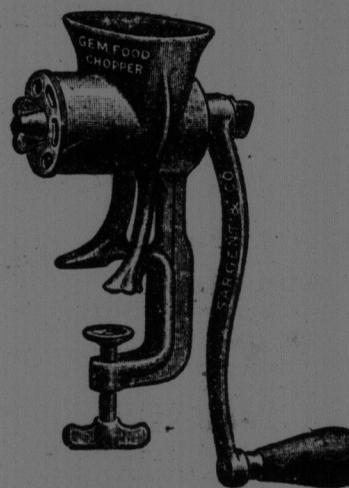
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SEE
MANCHESTER'S
Advt. on Page 8.

VOL. 8. NO. 7.

SARGENT'S GEM FOOD CHOPPER. Chops Everything.



Indispensable in any kitchen.

5 different size self-sharpening steel knives for cutting coarse or fine.

No. 20, small, price \$1.25
No. 22, medium, price 1.50
No. 24, large, price 2.00

W. H. THORNE & CO.,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.



Stove Talk.

FOR ECONOMY OF FUEL THE
Enterprise Hot Blast
HAS NO EQUAL

Burns hard or soft coal equally well. Will hold fire 24 hours with one scuttle of coal.

With many stoves an hour elapses before the full benefit of the heat is received; whereas the peculiar drafts in the "Hot Blast" enable a strong, powerful heat in 10 minutes.

Have you seen this stove?

EMERSON & FISHER Ltd., 25 Germain St.,
Retail Tel. 866

Men's Suits

\$8, \$10 and \$12

In our Suits at these prices we feel that we have unquestionably attained the highest standard ever reached in the making of

Men's Clothing.

It is worth your while to come in and see them.

American Clothing House,
11-15 Charlotte St., St. John.

TELL YOUR FRIENDS

We are enlarging our store and increasing our stock in every line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Outfits. Our patrons always recommend their friends to go to the right place for their outfit. Be one of our patrons and profit by it. Remember the place.

J. ASHKINS, 655 Main St.

FOR TWO DAYS ONLY!

A special reduction in SHAKER FLANNEL from 6 cents up; and SHAKER BLANKETS, large sizes, all colors, 90 cents per pair. At the PARISIAN STORE, 47 Brussels St.

DON'T MISS IT. OUR NUMBER ON EACH WINDOW.

Telephone, 1145-51.

Mink Ties and Stoles

\$25.00 to \$75.00

This Year's Goods at Last Year's Prices

Don't buy Mink without first inspecting our stock.

It is a pleasure for us to show goods.

You will save money by buying Mink here.

F. S. THOMAS, Dufferin Block,
539 Main St., N. B.

Store Open till 8 p.m.

St. John, N. B., Sept. 17, 1907.

NEW FALL CLOTHING

Selling Lively at This Store.

The chilly September evenings have started the Fall Suits, Overcoats, Underwear, etc., at quite a rapid pace. The values we are offering in stylish and splendid fitting Clothing are attracting wide-spread attention, and it is very easy for us to sell to those who have looked elsewhere first. No trouble to be fitted here.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS.....\$5.00 to \$24.00

ALSO UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS, HATS, CAPS, etc.

J. N. HARVEY, Tailoring and Clothing
Opera House Block

The Star

ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1907

LATEST WEATHER REPORT

FINE and COOL

ONE CENT

CHINESE REGARD AMERICA AS FRIEND

Look to United States to Prevent Encroachments by Japan
Proposal to Remit Part of Indemnity Faces Resentment Felt Over Exclusion Policy.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The Chinese are again turning toward America as their only friend among the nations who can be expected to take their side against the threatened territorial aggressions of Japan and European Powers, according to the statements contained in letters which have been received here from an exceptionally well informed American who has been travelling in Manchuria and Northern China. The writer has lived some years in the country, speaks the language and has a wide acquaintance with Chinese officials.

President Roosevelt's proposal to remit part of the indemnity appears to have effected the resumption of friendly relations between the two countries, and the preparations made by Chinese mercantile guilds of Shanghai, which a year ago were actively promoting the revolt, to stop it. The Foreign Minister, Li Chi-Sen, Secretary Taft appears significant of the changed trend of Chinese feeling toward the United States. One letter says:

"The Franco-Japanese entente is regarded with much suspicion by the Chinese, who consider that France and England are now mutually acquiescent in the policy of the Japanese regarding Manchuria. Russia signs a similar agreement with Japan (the Russo-Japanese convention has been signed since the writing of the letter quoted) and, assuming her position, China will have to turn to America for assistance should such be needed."

The receding romance of the light and airy young hostility of China toward Japan, with cables from Tokyo saying is exciting attention from the Japanese government. Writing from Manchuria, the Foreign Minister, H. H. Shih-Chang and Tung Shih-Yi (the Vice-roy and Tung Shih-Yi who is chief Lieutenant of Yaun-Shi-Kai and Governor of Mukden), hold daily conferences with the Generalissimo and the Lord Cromer, the British Ambassador. There are many affairs that remain to be settled; the question of the joint stock companies, of the reorganization of the Chinese monopoly, and the ownership of mines and the title of property formerly used by the Russians and subsequently by the Japanese and now by the Chinese."

"Tung-Shi-Yi and Hsu appear to be playing with the idea of a revolution in spite of the efforts of many to pooh-pooh it," declares a letter written in Peking. "The assassination of the Governor of Anhui threw a little light on the secret of the plot, but the Chinese officials are badly frightened. When Hsu Shih-Chang left for Moukden he had the whole station surrounded by troops lest a bomb should be thrown."

"An expectant taishi who was head of a police school should prove to be a revolutionist and engage in a plot of assassination proves the high character of the Chinese leaders."

When news of the murder reached Peking some of the young Chinese with foreign education did not hesitate to express to their foreign acquaintances their pleasure in the result. Some of the men in Central China have been really panicstricken and there is a disposition to hold the new schools more or less responsible.

"But in spite of all this, the Chinese are not so easily frightened as they were by the arrival of a revolutionist, instead of a real one. They are not so easily frightened as limited in his authority to fiscal matters, and the judiciary, with the provincial judicial and the head of the Chinese Central Court have been given a dispensation to hold the new schools more or less responsible."

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"The principal assassin, instead of being a local governor and associate to the governor as limited in his authority to fiscal matters, and the judiciary, with the provincial judicial and the head of the Chinese Central Court have been given a dispensation to hold the new schools more or less responsible."

"Lower courts of justice are established in all the provincial sub-divisions independent of the local magistracy. This is a remarkable innovation in reform. The beginnings of representative government are seen in the establishment of two councils—one legislative and the other executive—in every department, district and town. How the members will be chosen is yet to be decided, but probably along the lines adopted by Yuan-Shih-Kai at Tien-Tsin, where householders of certain property qualifications are allowed the suffrage."

GIRL INTENDED TO SACRIFICE HERSELF

Desperate Plan Adopted by Russian Revolutionist

Had Prepared a Suit Lined With Explosives and Would Have Blown Up the Police Headquarters.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 17.—The police today arrested a young girl named "Wanda" who is accused of participating in a plot to blow up the headquarters of the secret police, located on the Molotov Canal, whose torture chambers have aroused most bitter feelings on the part of the revolutionaries. The police claim that Wanda planned to become a "walking bomb" and to blow up the secret police headquarters.

"Wanda," the police add, hoped by blowing herself up to reduce the entire building to ruins and kill all the officers composing the staff of the political police. The plot was betrayed, and the girl was captured. She was taken into custody, arrested a Jewish tailor in whom shop they seized a half ready uniform which was intended for a Gendarme officer, lined with wads of cotton and carrying powerful bombs.

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In consequence of the numerous disclosures made by revolutionists, the secret police have decided to give up their present headquarters, removing to an isolated stone building on Kamenny Island, where an elaborate electric signal system will be installed in order to prevent undermining.

DESPERATE SWIM FOR LIFE OF FREEDOM

Russian Refugees Jump Overboard at Sea to Escape Military Service at Home.

CARDIFF, Sept. 16.—The Greek steamer Ecaterina Couppa arrived at Cardiff yesterday morning with two young Englishmen on board, who had been picked up at 5 o'clock that morning in the sea off Start Point.

Each of the rescued men floated in the water by a life belt, and they stated that they had been swimming in defiance of China's ancient custom, and the rescuers naturally came to the conclusion that a wreck had occurred. Put on arrival at Cardiff, the two young men were sent to the hospital. It was discovered that the men were stowaways, who had jumped from the Russian steamer Altona, on a voyage from Libau to Rotterdam.

They had sought this means of escape from the British Consulate. They had been discovered with the aid of a Greek vessel.

Both of them went through for the sake of freedom, they are not likely to find safety under the British flag. The intention of the local authorities, however, is to hand them over to the British Consulate in London.

A keen agitation in their behalf is likely to arise to prevent this step.

STUDYING JAPAN'S HIGH EXPLOSIVE

"Shimose" Shall Will, It Is Said, Destroy Almost Any Kind of Metal

Plate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 16.—Officials of the Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department, have been directed by a Secretary of the Navy to make a special study of the high explosive known as "shimose" used in the Russo-Japanese war and report to the department. The tremendous damage done by "shimose" has prompted this action.

It is realized by ordnance officers that high explosives are as important to naval warfare and go as far toward deciding a battle as heavy guns, and as the Japanese seem to have had more experience in this field than any other nation, the Bureau of Ordnance has directed its attention to the use of "shimose" in naval warfare.

"Several Shakespeare plays have been presented in Japan recently, but they have been adapted to represent Japanese life. The most popular has proved to be 'Hamlet,' but 'Richard III,' which I saw myself in Japan, did not receive the same success. The difficulties of translation are too great for the plays to be properly appreciated.

"Hamlet was described as the son of a titled man, living at the time of the play, who, while walking in a cemetery, meets his father's ghost and learns of his parent's murder. The famous soliloquy, 'To be or not to be,' was omitted altogether."

LOT OF BAGGAGE STOLEN FROM CUNARD PIER

Thieves Changed the Addresses, and It Was Claimed by Junk Dealers.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—Thousands of dollars worth of baggage have been stolen in the last three months from the Cunard Line steamship pier No. 51, North River, the plan of the thieves being to change the owner's labels on the baggage and submit them to the Cunard Lines, the name of the steamer being changed with each arrival.

The local police have arrested Max Kahn and Schaeffer, proprietors of a junk shop, on the charge that they have in their place goods taken from the pier. The Jersey City police say that they found these goods by use of search warrants.

Jas. Ralston, of Jersey, storekeeper on the pier, is the latest victim.

He was the latest in a series of victims to be taken advantage of by the "shimose" thieves.

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TWO

THE STAR, ST. JOHN N. B. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1907.

R. P. & W. F. STARR, Limited.
48 SMYTHE ST., 14 CHARLOTTE ST.
Telephone 8-115.

We Have a Supply of
Folding Canvas Cots.
Suitable for Camping Parties.

HUTCHINGS & CO.,
101 to 105 GERMAIN STREET

JUST WHAT YOU HAVE BEEN LOOKING FOR.
CLAY PIPE, MILD SMOKE 10 CENTS PLUG.
Master Mason, 15c Plug.
Sold by all leading dealers.
AGENT—CURTIS, The CIGAR and TOBACCO MAN,
Tel. 1717-22.Care Evangeline Cigar Store.....723 Main St.

Latest Music at New York Prices,
15c, 17c, 19c, 23c, 25c and up.
The Dominion Specialty Co., 16 Sydney street

SPORTING MATTERS
BEAVERS WITHDRAW
FROM THE LEAGUE

The Struggle for Football Supremacy
Will be Between the Marathons,
Algonquins and St. Peters.

The expected sensations did not materialize at the meeting of the St. John Rugby Football Union held last night.

The Beavers withdrew from the league, giving as a reason their inability to get together a strong team. Dr. MacLean, who agreed with their representation after having announced this decision, then became a representative of the Marathons, which team he will play with this season. D. Donaldson, the president, was also representative of the Marathons present.

The Algonquins were represented by S. H. Taylor, the manager, and C. A. Seelye. St. Peters' delegates were Morris C. Thompson, Captain Cullen.

The withdrawal of the Beavers leaves only three teams in the league, viz.: The Marathons, Algonquins, and St. Peters.

The Worship Mayor Sears was re-elected honorary president; Ald. Baxter, president, and Dr. Malcolm, secretary-treasurer.

A committee was appointed to inquire about grounds, and another to select referees, and the meeting adjourned until Friday evening to hear their reports.

BASEBALL

PLATERS HOME.
Allen McGillican and Don McEachern, who have been playing ball in the Aroostook League, have returned home.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—First game: Boston, 3; New York, 1. Second game: Boston, 3; New York, 2 (eight innings; by agreement).

At Brooklyn—First game: Philadelphia, 5; Brooklyn, 3 (4 innnings). Second game: Philadelphia, 2; Brooklyn, 0 (called at end of seventh inning).

At St. Louis—First game: Saint Louis, 5; Pittsburgh, 1 (called at end of seventh by agreement).

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

WON. LOS. P.C.
Chicago 57 38 .719
Pittsburgh 59 36 .639
New York 71 58 .557
Philadelphia 73 58 .557
Brooklyn 62 73 .459
Cincinnati 55 79 .411
Boston 61 81 .388
St. Louis 61 36 .301

At Washington—First game—Washington, 3; Boston, 2 (second game)—Washington, 6; Boston, 6.

At Philadelphia—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 2.

At Washington—First game—Wash-

ington, 3; Boston, 2 (second game)—Washington, 6; Boston, 6.

At Philadelphia—New York, 1; Phila-

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At Washington—Second game

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THE STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17 1907

Sept. 17, 1907.

When in Want

of an OVERCOAT for man or boy, look at ours.

Our prices will please you.

UNION CLOTHING CO.
26 and 28 Charlotte Street,
ALEX. CORBET, Manager.

SOME BIG SALARIES.

Rewards for Services Rather Arbitrarily Distributed.

The Corporations Pay Their Officers Very Well; Some Notable Instances

Whatever may be the form of the organization of the official organization for which the 20th century is getting ready, the present time will go down in history as the age of the world's greatest salaries.

The enormous salaries of the present are the result of the development of concentration which has followed the specialization of industries and the rivalries of a period of remarkable prosperity. They afford the anomaly that while they are greatly in excess of the largest salaries ever paid before in fields of endeavor other than the purely commercial—and in the commercial, except for the very top—present day salaries are smaller both relatively and in their purchasing power, than they were in the days of the Industrial Revolution.

Moreover the men of business and education, those who are superior in development capacity in industry and morality, those who are most important to society, work for salaries which the most prominent men in law and science consider insufficient, for the expenses of running their automobiles. The pay of college professors averages about \$2,000 a year. Civil Service commissioners of the United States, do the work of a great many men for \$3,500 a year.

The biologist of the government, with an international reputation, receives \$2,700. The experts who codify the federal penal laws are paid only \$5,000.

The pay of United States commissioners is probably the highest in the country, but it is impossible to ascertain exactly what it is, terresting to note that to accept such a Mr. Root gave up a law practice estimated as worth \$100,000 a year. On the other hand, Paul Morrissey, as secretary of state in order to accept a \$60,000 salary in New York, and John Findley Wallace got his position as chief engineer of the Panama canal, because of a similarity tempting offer from the United States.

It is probably a safe statement that the average yearly income of lawyers in New York city does not exceed \$2,000 a year. Yet the income of not a few runs as high as \$10,000, and in some cases as much as \$20,000. The incomes of physicians, which formerly exceeded those of the best paid lawyers now fall far short of the earnings of the latter.

BIG LEGAL FEES.

The plant estate was valued at \$200,000, and the legal expenses of which totalled \$10,000.

One of the largest single fees ever paid to a lawyer was the \$1,000,000 which James B. Dill, of New York, received for settling the dispute between the manager of a lumber company and the timbermen who had been injured by the lumber.

The salary of H. E. Corey, the president of the American Sugar Refining Company, is \$25,000 a year, and, of course, the total income is much more than that. William E. Corey, the president of the United States Steel Corporation, receives \$100,000 a year, and the chairman of the company's board of directors is paid a similar amount. Frederick H. Eaton, the president of the American Car and Foundry Company, gets \$60,000 a year.

A fee of \$20,000 less than Mr. Dill's was paid another New York lawyer, J. P. Morgan, who received \$80,000 for breaking the will of Horace L. Plant, owner of the Plant system, which James B. Dill, of New York, received for settling the dispute between the manager of a lumber company and the timbermen who had been injured by the lumber.

Joseph H. Choate, before his appointment as ambassador to Great Britain, received \$200,000 for a single argument before the United States supreme court, the effect of which was that the income tax law was declared unconstitutional.

He received \$100,000 at London. His fee was \$17,500.

Among other large fees of lawyers may be mentioned \$100,000 received by John E. Parsons, of New York, for drawing a single will and trust charged by D. C. Bill for making a single argument in the Mollocoux case.

The human fear of death has long been responsible to large fees to noted physicians, and as a result of this, physicians of all kinds—not only local reputations—work for years for less money than one with a name may earn by a single case. The fee of \$3,000 and travelling expenses which was paid to Dr. Adolph Lorentz, of Germany, to treat Leffler, the English general, for a mortal hip dislocation, was much less than have frequently been paid abroad by royalty for various royal ailments. King Edward, when Prince of Wales, once paid a physician \$50,000 for four weeks' services.

\$1,000 DENTIST FEES.

The fee of \$1,000 which a New York dentist charged Prince Louis of Battemberg when the latter visited this country with his deaf son, who had a dental fee the same was undoubtedly large, but not compared with some physicians' fees. It looks insignificant. Probably the record for large fees of this class is held by Dr. Walter C. Browning, of Philadelphia, who, in the eyes of the promoters of the estate of Sen. C. L. Morgan, a bill for \$100,000. Explaining his charge, Dr. Browning said that his department of the government wanted an ornithologist whose special work

CLASSIFIED ADS.

ONE CENT PER WORD per issue is all it costs to insert advertisements like those appearing below in the lively columns of THE SUN or STAR. This ensures them being read in 6,500 St. John homes every evening, and by nearly 8,000 people during the day. SUN and STAR Classified ads. are veritable little busybodies.

6 Insertions for the price of 4

BUSINESS CARDS

Advertisements under this heading 1 cent a word each insertion, or 4 cents a word for six consecutive insertions.

When answering advertisements under this heading, please mention The Star.

CLEAN ROOMS.—To visitors in Boston by day or week. 47 Appleton street.

12-9-1mo.

WE ARE PREPARED TO WAREHOUSE all kinds of office furniture, and light dwelling house, where or apart time, good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for full particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

6-6-1mo.

JOS. WHITELAY, expert Piano and Organ Tuner, 129 Waterloo street, St. John. Phone 1567.

19-8-3mo.

IF YOU WANT female or male help or a better situation in St. John or Boston, try GRANT'S Employment Agency, 69 St. James street, West Side.

2-9-1mo.

FIREWOOD—Mills Woods cut to order. 29 Elm street, Bldg. 10, C.H. 1-25-1mo. End, 2-9-1mo. Paid for delivery. This wood is just from mill. MURRAY & GREGORY, LTD. Phone 251.

6-6-1mo.

J. D. MCNAULY, dealer in hard and soft coal. Delivered promptly in the city. 29 Elm street.

1-1-1mo.

D. FITZGERALD, 25 Dock street, Boots, Shoes and Rubbers required. Also a few boxes of Men's clothing. Paid for prompt delivery. Rubber Heels attached. 2-9-1mo.

1-1-1mo.

HAVE YOUR PAPERING, PAINTING AND WHITENING done early. I am looking for orders for painting work already. Very reasonable prices. F. W. EDGECOMBE, 53 Sydney street, Home Market Square, telephone 181.

13-9-6-1mo.

WILLIAM H. PATTERSON, Graduate Doctor of Optics, 55 Brussels street, 1-1-1mo.

GEORGE PERINSON, optician, 200 Main street, 1-1-1mo.

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POOR DOCUMENT

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FOUR

THE STAR, ST JOHN, N. B. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1907

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, Ltd., St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at \$1.00 a year.

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ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SEPT. 17, 1907.

INDIANA AND IMBECILES.

At the meeting of the Medical Association held in St. John some weeks ago, the retiring president, Dr. A. B. Atherton, in his address and later in a communication to the press, strongly advocated surgical treatment as a means for preventing the transmission, by heredity, of various forms of weakness. He referred to certain Indiana and Imbeciles.

The complaints of Bedros Tourain.

Bedros Tourain, then of an Armenian blacksmith, of Scutari, Constantinople, was born in 1851. He lived in poverty and died in 1906. He had a number of dramas and poems that enjoy a great popularity among the Armenians. This poem was written a short time before Tourain's death.

Farewell to thee, O God, to thee, O sun,
Ye twain that shine above my soul
on high!
From the earth must pass away;
I go to add a star to yonder sky.

What are the stars but curses of sad souls—
Souls guiltless, but ill-fated, that take flight?
To make the "bow of heaven? They only serve
To make more strong the fiery arm'd bright.

Or God, the source of lightnings! But, ah me! What woes are these I speak? With thunder-smit.

O God, and shafter the presumptuous thoughts
That fill me—giant thoughts and infinite,

Thoughts of an atom in thy universe,
Whence spifit dares defy its mortal frame;

And seeks to dive into the depth of heaven,
And climb the endless stairway or the stars!

Hail to thee, God, thou Lord of trembling man,
Or of the soft flowers, of music and of light!
Thou who hast taken from my brows the rose,
And from my soul the power of soaring flight!

Thou who didst spread a cloud before
And given these deathly flutterings to my heart,
And bidst my smile upon thee on the brink
Of that dark tomb to which I must depart!

Doubtless thou hast for me a future life
Of boundless light, of fragrance, prayer and praise;

But if my last breath here below must
Speeches and mute, breathed out in mist and haze—

Ah, then, instead of any heavenly life
Go meet me when my earth span is o'er
May I become a pallid lightning flash,
Cling to thy name and thunder evermore!

Another argument against the law which would seem to be worthy of consideration is that while certain patients may seem to be beyond improvement, their fate is made certain by the operation provided. It is well known to medical science that such operations frequently produce rapid mental degeneration, and British physicians agree that experts who give their services for not more than three dollars are being vested with a terrible authority when, declaring that any person is unimprovable, they are permitted to perform an act which makes improvement absolutely impossible. It is felt that Indians have taken a step, while it may be on a good road, to go far in advance of present day opinion.

TO TRAIN OFFICERS.

Canada is not a warlike country, nor does she particularly hanker after a strong standing army. Her people are willing as yet to rely upon the protection of the British forces, but at the same time are quietly adopting such means as will partially qualify them for military service should the occasion ever arise. rifle clubs composed of civilians have been established throughout the dominion; cadet corps prove attractive to the boys and afford preliminary instruction of a practical nature, and in many schools, companies have been formed for drill purposes. A new departure and one with that the militia might enjoy all men is the establishment of a military course at McGill College, the head of Canada's educational system. The department at Ottawa has expressed the wish that the militia might enjoy all additional recruiting sources and in accordance with this wish McGill has decided on a course. The scheme as outlined involves two lectures a week in military history, two in tactics, two in military law and administration. The courses in those subjects will extend from twelve to fourteen hours per week in the months of November, December, January and February. There will be in addition a course of two hours a week in military engineering, and two in military topography. These lectures will be given in the months of October, November, April and May, those months of the year being chosen in view of the need of some outdoor work. The courses will be in the hands of the following officers: Lt.-Col. H. Smith, Military Department, Ottawa, military law and military administration; Major D. I. V. Eaton, assistant director of operations and staff duties, Ottawa, military history and tactics; Lieut. W. L. de M. Carey, district engineer, Quebec command, military en-

gineering and military topography. In Britain the same plan was followed for some time at Oxford, Manchester, Birmingham, Cambridge, Edinburgh, Dublin and St. Andrews Colleges. Graduates are naturally believed to be possessed of wider qualifications for leadership than the ordinary run of men, and it is found that by special instruction along military lines, first class officers can be produced. Numbers of army commissions are awarded each year to the various colleges, and this same plan will be adopted in Canada.

THE COMPLAINTS OF BEDROS TOURAIN.

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A FINE PERFORMANCE
BY MANTELL LAST NIGHT

A King Lear the Popular Actor Added to His Already High Reputation.

Robert B. Mantell scored a distinct triumph in the initial performance of his stay here. King Lear was chosen as the vehicle, and showed Mr. Mantell's great ability in the many changes.

In act 1 where the old king casts off his daughter, Mantell gave an excellent portrayal of a monarch, powerful, dignified, and a victim of nature. In this act Mr. Stillwell was seen to advantage.

The most powerful acting in the play and the point where Mantell was most brilliant was in the scene with his two sons. His portraiture of the two brothers was now thrusting him aside as an old man. The reading of the familiar lines "every inch a king" was perfect.

Mr. Burley, as Regan, was as aged as good. His portrayal of his son was well, changing from full round tones to sibilant quaverings which made his acting very impressive.

The King Lear as he was well acted by Mr. Burley, was well done, but his speaking lines contributed greatly to the effect of the play by his dumb show of horror and amazement during the illustration of the tragedy of his life.

As King Lear, Mr. McGinn was all that could be desired. His personal appearance and stage presence were most affecting. He was a trifle unfamiliar with his lines, however, but comported them.

The part of Edmund, the bastard son of Gloucester, was taken by Mr. Burley, who acted consistently throughout the play. The duel between him and his brother Edgar was well done, and his swashbuckling, leading the rush and vigorous fighting which might be expected from them.

As Cordelia, Miss Marie Ruthsell maintained the high reputation which she has won in the past, and elicited favorable comment from the ladies present. Her acting was thorough, and in the scene where Lear heard her dead in her arms, with the livid marks of the rope on her neck, her appearance was particularly commanding.

Miss Davis as Goneril was a fine example of a heartless woman who can, to suit, her own ends, appear to be kind. Miss du Bois as Regan was good.

The scenes effects throughout the play were all attractive, but the scene where Lear and the other outcasts sought a night's shelter was particularly fine piece of work. The cloud effect was splendid, but the steadiness of the lightning—a flash lasting for several minutes—seemed at variance with the real flesh. The setting tree on the moor close by the party gave a very realistic effect to the storm.

Besides the city people present many had come from Moncton, Chatham and other provincial cities to see the Shakespearean master. Mr. Mantell is well worth going many miles to see, and the out-of-town visitors were greatly pleased. This evening Mr. Mantell will be seen.

The audience, composed by boys and men running up the stairs leading to the gallery was rather disturbing, and should be discontinued.

ALPINE DEATH RECORD

BROKEN, EIGHTY KILLED,

TWENTY-TWO INJURED

Summer's Roll of Victims Longer Than Ever Before, There Being Ninety Accidents.

Must I embrace for ye the grave's cold gloom?

God, how dark a destiny is mine!

What I embrace with lies from the black tomb?

Oh, grant my soul one particle of fire!

I would still love, would live and ever live!

Stars, drop into my soul! A single spark

Of life to your ill fated lover give!

What's after this brief, transitory dream?

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RENTED TWO BICYCLES,
SOLD BOTH OF THEM

Two young men, who are supposed to have come from Sydney, worked a neat game yesterday of which R. R. Coles, the Charlotte street bicycle dealer, was the victim. The men hired two-wheeled steamer racers to Ned Bird—yesterday morning and went toward the North End. On the way one of the wheels broke down and they took it to Gilbert's second-hand store on Hill street. Here they met Mr. Stillwell, the hardware dealer, from Hethington, from the Washashoe mink, and offered to sell him the wheel for \$5, which he accepted. Hetherington took it to Mr. Coles to be repaired as he intended to use it and Mr. Coles once recognized the wheel.

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THE STAR, ST. JOHN N. B., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17 1907.

"ST. GEORGE'S BAKING POWDER is bringing lots of trade to my store."

"It keeps me busy filling up the empty places on the shelves."

"Folks now know that baking powders—containing acids, alum or phosphates—not only spoil the baking, but are positively injurious to health."

"I tell everyone about ST. GEORGE'S—the new baking powder. And I find that where they use one can, they not only order more, but also buy all their other groceries here."

"It certainly does pay to have the best!"

St. George's Baking Powder

is a genuine Cream of Tartar Baking Powder. It contains only the purest ingredients, perfectly proportioned to insure the best results. It proves its quality by the biscuits, cake and pastry it makes.

ST. GEORGE'S is the choice of all discriminating housewives and pure food exponents.

Send us your name and address for our free illustrated Cook Book, which contains excellent recipes—and a dashing little story about a nobleman and a millionaire. Address: The National Drug & Chemical Co. Limited, Montreal.



N. S. COURT'S DECISION VICTORY FOR STEEL CO.

Receiver for Coal Co. Threatened

Judge Longley says Coal Co. broke contract—Orders referee to assess damages—Will appeal

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 16.—Judge Longley's long-awaited decision in the coal suit between the Steel Company and its receiver was published this evening, having been transmitted to prothonotary at Sydney. The decision is in all points a complete victory for the Steel Company, upholding the claim that the Coal Company committed a breach of contract in not supplying a coal suitable for operating an iron and steel plant in sufficient quantities to fulfill the terms of the contract.

Judge Longley decides that the action of the Steel Company in refusing to take in large quantities unsuitable coal furnished by the Coal Company between August and November was justifiable and did not constitute a breach. He holds that the contract is still in force, and orders strict performance of its terms. He recommends the appointment of a referee to determine damages sustained by the Steel Company by reason of failure of the Coal Company to supply a coal suitable for operating its plant during August, September and October, and adds that the Coal Company must bear the loss of damages suffered by temporary suspension of plant. He orders the issue of a decree compelling specific performance, which he defers to the end of the trial of the Coal Company's attempt to evade the performance by appointment of a referee.

The decision in short is the substance of the decision which marks the climax of the first stage of the legal battle which opened in Sydney in July. The trial of this celebrated case lasted sixteen weeks, and the court heard many experts from Great Britain and the United States, were examined.

A great array of eminent counsel were engaged and the trial of one of the most expensive in the history of Canadian courts, was not less than a hundred thousand dollars.



WILSON'S FLY PADS.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, CROCERS AND STORES.

10c. per packet, or 3 packets for 25c. will last a whole season.

Every packet will kill more flies than 300 sheets of sticky paper.

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POOR DOCUMENT

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THE STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1907.

SEVEN

COMMERCIAL

Egypt's Cotton Crop.

CAIRO, Sept. 17.—The cotton crop of Egypt which exceeds seven millions Cantais (a little over 30 pounds) shows a large increase over all records of the past decade. It is said to be worth \$150,000,000.

WALL STREET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—First prices night. The copper securities shared fall of stocks showed sharp gains over last in the strength of the Hill and Harman stocks and Reading.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS. Chicago Market Report and New York Cotton Market. (Furnished by D. C. Finch, Banker and Broker, St. John, N. B., Sept. 17, 1907.)

Mon. Tues. Cig. Op'g. Noon

Amalg. Copper	55%	55%	55%
Anacada	37	38	38
Am. & R. Ry.	57	58	59
Am. Car Foundry	37	37	37
Atchison	86	86	87
Am. Locomotive	50	50	50
Beth. Steel	100	100	100
Cheas. & Ohio	334	334	334
Canadian Pacific	1,064	1,064	1,064
Chi. & G. West.	94	94	94
Cons. F. & Iron	22	22	22
Consealed Gas	100	100	100
Erie	304	305	305
Erie, second off.	38	38	38
Kan. and Texas	356	356	356
Louis. and Nash.	109	109	109
Met. Life Ins.	100	100	100
N. Y. Central	100	100	100
Ont. and Western	33%	33%	33%
Poc. C. and Gas Co.	86	86	86
Reading	85	85	86
Republic Steel	21	20	20
Sloss Shafter	45	45	45
Pennsylvania	1,119	1,120	1,120
Rock Island	19	19	19
St. Paul	119	120	120
Southern Ry.	15%	15%	15%
Southern Pacific	55	55	55
Northern Pacific	139	139	139
National Lead	48%	48%	48%
Union Pacific	127%	128%	129%
U. S. Steel	27	28	28
U. S. Steel, pfd.	90%	90%	91%
Total sales in New York yesterday,			
682,400 shares.			

CHICAGO MARKET REPORT.

Mon. Tues. Cig. Op'g. Noon

Dec. corn	68	68	68
wheat	39	39	39
oats	34	34	34
May corn	57	57	57
wheat	104%	104%	104%
oats	52%	52%	52%

MONTRÉAL QUOTATIONS.

Mon. Tues. Cig. Op'g. Noon

Dom. Coal	47	48B	48
Dom. I. and S.	23	23	23
Dom. I. and S. pfd.	55	57	57
N. S. Steel	66	68	66
C. P. R.	168B	168B	168B
Twin City	91B	92	92
Montreal Power	92B	92	92
R. & O. N. V.	62B	62	62
Tol. Ry. and Light	20	19%	19%

MONTRÉAL STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

(Furnished by J. M. Robinson and Sons, Bankers.)

Morning Transactions.

Mon. Tues. Cig. Op'g. Noon

Dom. Iron Co.	10/223	10/224	10/224
Dom. I. and S.	23	23	23
Dom. I. and S. pfd.	55	57	57
N. S. Steel	66	68	66
C. P. R.	168B	168B	168B
Twin City	91B	92	92
Montreal Power	92B	92	92
R. & O. N. V.	62B	62	62
Tol. Ry. and Light	20	19%	19%

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

Mon. Tues. Cig. Op'g. Noon

Dom. Iron Co.	10/223	10/224	10/224
Dom. I. and S.	23	23	23
Dom. I. and S. pfd.	55	57	57
N. S. Steel	66	68	66
C. P. R.	168B	168B	168B
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NEW YORK, Sept. 17.—12 noon—Contracts.

4% down for 15 months; money at 81 1/2% for account. American firms 1% to 2% above par.

London, Sept. 17.—12 noon—P. C. F.

18%, Money on call, 1% to 2% above par.

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POOR DOCUMENT

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EIGHT

THE STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1907

A CUSTOMER'S REASONABLE WISH IS THIS STORE'S PLEASURE.

DYKEMAN'S.

Pretty Plaids
FOR...
LADIES' SUITS and
CHILDREN'S DRESSES,

and so inexpensive. Just think a dainty wool plaid, double width, for 90 cents a yard. These make effective and serviceable dresses for ladies or children but are especially suitable for the latter. There are 10 colorings at this popular price.

Of course there are the better plaids and they are shown in abundance here at 42c, 45c, 55c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.10 and \$1.20. Among the lot, those from 65 cents up are the genuine Scotch Tartan Plaids made in the Heather Land and they are worthy products of a worthy race and every one of them handed to you at the smallest possible margin. The widths run from 40 to 54 inches.

F. A. DYKEMAN & Co.,
59 Charlotte St.

Quaker Wheat Berries

Just Received.

Only 10c a package.

Telephones—**WALTER GILBERT'S** 143 Charlotte St.
Main 812 and 1960 Corner Princess

HIGH GRADE BOYS' BOOTS.
Sizes 1 to 5 1/2.
ooooooooooooo

Many people find it difficult to get really nice boots for their boys. We want every boy in St. John and vicinity to know of our two special lines.

Boys' Velour Calf Bluchers, Dull Top, Goodyear Welted.
Boys' Patent Cloth Bluchers.

Either style \$3.00 per pair.

These will satisfy the most exacting.

FOOT FITTERS **Mc Robbie** 94 KING STREET

JUST RECEIVED

The Canadian War

Of 1812.
By C. P. LUCAS, C. B.,
With Maps, Etc.

E. G. NELSON & CO.
Cor. King and Charlotte Sts.

BLAUD'S IRON PILLS.

Put iron where it will do the most good,
25c per 100

GEO. E. PRICE,
Druggist
303 Union Street
127 Queen Street

CROOKERY AND GLASSWARE
Toilet Sets, \$1.45.
10 piece Toilet Sets, \$1.95.
White Cups and Saucers, 5c.
White Plates, 4c, 5c, 6c each.

EARTHEN TEAPOTS
Plain, 10c, 12c, 15c, 17c, to 25c.
Decorated Teapots, 15c, 20c, 25c, to 35c, to 60c each.

FANCY CUPS AND SAUCERS
5c, 7c, 10c, 15c, to \$1.25 each.
Just received a new lot of Japanese China and Glassware.

AT LOWEST PRICES.
ARNOLD'S DEPARTMENT STORE.
Phone 1765. 82-85 Charlotte St.

Notice to Advertisers.

Owing to the increased patronage which advertisers are giving to the STAR, we are compelled to request those who require changes in their advertisements to have their copy in at STAR Office before 9 o'clock in the Morning, to ensure insertion same evening.

PATTERSON'S
DAYLIGHT
STORE

Stores Open Evenings.

See
The
Big
Corner
Window.

Ladies' Umbrellas, .99c

\$1.25

New Flannelette Waists

99c each

Waist Flannelette 13c yard

Ladies' Vests 25c—

Good weight for now.

New Fancy D'Oyleys 19c up.

Children's Waists, 25c each

Cor. Duke and Charlotte Sts.

Stores Open Evenings.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Foggy, strong westerly to northwesterly winds. Clearing a little tonight. Wednesday moderate north to northeast winds, fine and comparatively cooler on Wednesday.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. Frank T. Mullin will receive her friends on Thursday, September 19, afternoon and evening, at 140 Paradise Row.

In the probate court yesterday accounts to the extent of \$30,000 passed in the estate of the late Charles F. Kinnear, Chas. F. Paulson, proctor.

All men who are interested in the Everyday Club are asked to attend at the hall Waterloo street this evening at 8 o'clock.

The estate of Mary Regan in probate court today, citation was issued returnable October 21. T. P. Regan, proctor.

The funeral of the late John Billard was held from Bellevue Avenue this morning at 8:30 o'clock. The service was held in the old church of St. H. Nobles. The body was taken to the Cambria Queens Co., this morning.

In the circuit court this morning before Judge Landry, the case of Turner vs. the Tracadie Lumber Co. was postponed in order to accommodate some of the witnesses. It was resumed at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon in the Admiralty chambers.

The Algonquin Athletic Association will hold a rally this evening in their rooms Metcalfe street, North End. Matters of a social and athletic will be discussed and new members will be initiated. All members are particularly asked to be present.

At the meeting of the Old Grand Lodge this evening by the Old Grand Lodge, two young men who have been connected with the church for some years and who are about to leave for Mount Allison to study for the ministry, were presented with certificates of honor, gifts from their fellow-workers in the church. Mr. Bailey was presented with a set of Emmerson's works, and Mr. Thompson with a substantial check. The presentation was made by the Rev. H. D. Marr.

A pleasant function took place last evening at the meeting of the Epworth League at Queen Square Methodist church. Two young men who have been connected with the church for some years and who are about to leave for Mount Allison to study for the ministry, were presented with certificates of honor, gifts from their fellow-workers in the church. Mr. Bailey was presented with a set of Emmerson's works, and Mr. Thompson with a substantial check. The presentation was made by the Rev. H. D. Marr.

Mr. Roy Hannah left by steamer Yale on Saturday for a trip to Boston. Miss Birde, his mother, and Mr. and Mrs. John Frank, of Turner street, also left Saturday night for Boston. She has passed the requisite examinations entitling her to a certificate of "Registered Nurse."

Mr. James Arthur, of 59 Melchior street, and son Harold, will leave Wednesday morning for Fredericton for a short visit.

Mrs. Joseph Arthur and daughter, Mrs. Frank, will be home Saturday night on the Yale for Boston and Lowell and other American cities.

Dr. A. D. Smith is on a moose hunting expedition down the Miramichi way. Alex. Varnett and George T. Foley have gone on their annual trip to Charlotte County, and are confident of success.

Miss Alice Coyle, of Water St., West End, arrived this morning after spending her vacation with friends and relatives in Boston.

Mrs. Lawrence Boston, of Watertown, Mass., is visiting her mother, Mrs. John Frank, of Turner street.

Miss Nellie Sims of Harding St., leaves by steamer Calvin Austin tonight for Boston, where she will spend a week's vacation.

Miss Mollie Harris, of Moncton, in this city, returned home last evening.

Miss Grace Bell, of Moncton, who has been spending a week with friends in the city, returns home Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Cameron, of Fredericton, and their daughter, Miss Smith, of Fredericton, were in the city yesterday.

Miss May Johnson, of St. George, N. B., leaves tonight to begin an arts course at McGill.

Mr. and W. C. Pitfield and their daughters, Miss Hazel and Miss Florence, leave tonight on the Calvin Austin to a visit to Boston, N. E.

Mr. Florence McCloskey, of 332 Main street, leaves tonight on the Calvin Austin to visit relatives in Boston and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Allingham wish to thank their many friends for sympathy and kindness extended to them in their sad bereavement and also to Conductor Quigg and other trainmen of the C. P. R. suburban.

Mr. E. N. Henry and Miss Marjorie Honey, Metcalfe street, have returned from spending the summer at "The Algonquin," St. Andrews, N. B. Mrs. F. W. Rogers, widow of the late Dr. J. H. Rogers, Belgrave street, have closed their summer residence at St. Andrews, N. B., and returned to town. Mr. and Mrs. Dr. R. S. Sheehan, their little daughter, Mrs. Doris Sheehan, who are visiting Mr. Sheehan's parents at St. Andrews, N. B., return to town this week—Montreal Star.

Mrs. James Rogers and Miss Rogers, of City Road, have gone to New York on a visit.

Miss Flora McKenzie is visiting in Fredericton.

TWO SISTERS WILL WED

AT THE SAME TIME

A Double Ceremony Tomorrow Morning at the Home of E. H. Eagles, Victoria Street.

A pretty wedding will take place at the home of Mr. Edward H. Eagles, 91 Victoria Street, tomorrow morning, with two of his daughters passed married simultaneously.

Miss Annie Elizabeth Eagles will be joined in the holy bonds with Mr. John Armstrong of the firm of E. S. Stephenson and Son, street, by the Rev. Neil McLaughlin.

The bride will be attired in a handsome costume of heliotrope silk tulle and will carry a shower bouquet of roses and lilies of the valley.

The bridegroom will wear a white suit with a gray silk sash with applique trimmings. She will carry roses and lilies of the valley. Little Miss Alice Hortshorn will be flower girl and will carry a basket of sweet peas and roses.

The bride's traveling costume will be gray silk sash with applique trimmings. She will carry roses and lilies of the valley.

Both brides will be given away by their father Mr. Edward H. Eagles.

Mr. MacFarlane and bride will leave tomorrow for a trip to upper Canadian cities.

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