

ST. JOHN STAR, SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1904.

WHAT TO EAT.

Some Hot Weather Hints, But
Where's the Hot Weather—Don't
Drink Too Much.

Uncle Sam's experts have been putting in their spare time arranging bills of fare for use in hot weather and they have been compiling all sorts of hints as to how to keep well when the mercury soars high. Down here in N. B. we aren't bothering so much about our menus but everybody would like to know if we are going to get any summer or whether winter is going to play a return engagement in July.

What to eat and drink and what to avoid during the hot summer months is a question to which Prof. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the chemistry division of the agricultural department, and one of the most noted dieticians in the country, has given years of careful and painstaking study. His researches along these lines and his persistent advocacy of the pure food laws which were finally enacted by congress have made his name familiar among laymen as well as technical students and scientists.

Prof. Wiley lays down the essential principle that there must be moderation in all things eatable during the summer months, and if perfect health is to be obtained under these trying conditions of the heated term there must be absolute denial of alcoholic drinks and cold beverages of the most harmless sort from the temperate standpoint, but equally dangerous in their effect upon the stomach.

"Any excessive use of alcoholic liquors during the summer months should be avoided," says Prof. Wiley. "Alcohol is especially injurious for those who are exposed to the direct rays of the sun. Statistics show that in cases of sunstroke the greatest majority of the victims are those who have indulged in alcoholic drinks. This of itself may not prove much, however, for the majority of people seem to be addicted to the use of alcoholic drinks in one form or another."

PRODUCE STOO MUCH HEAT.
There is every reason, from physiological standpoint, in addition to the mere opinion that it is injurious, why we should put aside alcohol in hot weather. Alcohol is converted into heat and energy when it enters the system in moderate quantities and thus in a time of year when less heat is required, alcohol is not a physiological necessity. It is a stimulant, quickening of the circulation and is a strong stimulant. This quickening and the consequent transmission of additional blood to the head should be avoided in the hot months.

"Cold beverages should be shunned altogether or sipped slowly, not more than a teaspoonful at a time. Putting large quantities of ice cold liquid into the stomach, where the natural temperature is about blood heat, is contrary to all physiological principles. The shock to the stomach is severe; the pores of the body are immediately stopped up, and it requires some time for the system to throw off the effects of this congestion so unhealthily forced upon it."

"Cold beverages, sipped slowly, as I have said, may be taken in moderation without danger, but the injury comes from the American habit of drinking great quantities of ice cold liquids and in many cases, gulping them down so rapidly that the whole body feels the ill effects of the shock."

"As a rule, cold beverages should not be taken after a meal. The stomach is then in a state of relaxation and the food is not properly digested. This is certainly the cause of many of the disorders of the digestive system during the hot months."

SMALLER QUANTITY NEEDED.
The quantity of food should be diminished decidedly during the hot weather. One of the principal functions of food is to furnish heat and energy. The lower the outside temperature the more food is required to produce animal heat. It is safe to say that at least one-fourth the ordinary winter diet should be omitted in the summer. A person who in winter consumes food daily amounting to 3,000 calories would do very well during the hot months with 2,250.

The foods peculiar to summer should constitute a large portion of the diet—the various succulent fresh vegetables, according to one's taste. These foods tend to fill the stomach and satisfy to a certain degree the sensation of hunger without producing too great a load on the digestive organism. It follows, therefore, that it is wise to eat less meat, and in general, less nitrogenous foods. Those who engage in vigorous exercise and outdoor work must have sufficient food to supply the energy consumed, and this energy is better furnished by the starches and sugars than by meat.

Persons taking vigorous exercise regularly can safely eat large quantities of rice and potatoes in the summer months, while the protein of the food is better supplied by peas, beans and good bread than by meat.

"Fruits are very desirable if well ripened and not overripe. Green fruits and those entering the period of decay should be avoided strictly. Fresh fruits make one of the best portions of man's food during the hot months, but care must be taken to see that the fruit is in proper condition for eating."

DANGER IN VACATION TIME.
It is impossible to give any advice regarding the quantity of food that should be taken in each case, since the size and habits of the individual determine this matter. Those engaged in sedentary employments, however, as well as those who enjoy a summer vacation, should be especially cautioned against overeating.

"Often all the benefits derived from a vacation are rendered useless by over-indulgence in the pleasures of the table. Too often when off on a vacation, one indulges in a good time eating and drinking, and when he returns home he finds himself in far better condition at the time when he began."

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ROSETTES.
Silk Mechlin in Black and White 90c. each.
CHIFFON ROSETTES
White, Black, Sky. Price 10c. each.
NECK RIBBON.
Navy Taffeta, extra fine finish 13c. yard.

Black Sateen Underskirts.
Three Very Special Skirts at very special prices—\$1.00, \$1.17, \$1.50 each.

Walking Skirts. Something Special.
Seven Gore, Flare, Lap Seams, inserted panels, with or without buttons. Black, Navy, Grey. \$3.00 each.

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Silk and Chiffon, White, White and Sky, Black and White, \$1.25 each.

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Black and White.
Round and pointed.
9c. each

Cushion Tops.
(Hand Painted)
Muslin and Denims,
assorted patterns.
37c, 40c, 50c each.

The Real Tape Girdle Corset.
Not the imitation,
but it don't cost
you any more.
50c. pair

Muslin Underwear Sale.
Gowns, Skirts,
Drawers, Covers.
Broken Lines.

Knitted Underw'r
Ladies', Misses', Children's.
Ladies' Vests, 2 for 25c. to \$1.00 each.
Ladies' Drawers. 40c. pr.
Misses' Vests. 15 to 25c.
Children's Vests. 7c. to 35c.
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Everything on display.
Good saving opportunities.

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Mohairs, L. Grey, Dk Grey, White, Cream, invisible stripes and pin spots.
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Unbleached Table Lin. 28 to 50c.
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Linen Towels, 38 in. 25c. pair.
Bath Towels, 48 in. 50c. pr.
Damask Towels, Fringed, Plain and H. S. 45 to 60c.
Linen Runners. 45 to 60c.
Linen Trays. 35 to 40c.
Linen P.O. Yarns. 8 to 15c. each.
Bath Mats. 75c.
Towelling. 7c. to 45c. yd.

Everything Exactly as Advertised. Ladies' Wear Our Specialty.

ROBERTSON, TRITES & CO., (LIMITED.)

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ST. JOHN, N. B.

SPORTING.

Baseball.
The Ring.

MAN WHO PITCHED

FIRST CURVED BALL.

The honor of pitching the first curved ball with intent to do so must be credited to E. David of the class of 1870, Princeton, who in the fall of the year 1866, used the newly discovered twist with successful effect, writes John O. Henley, Jr.

David prepared for Princeton at the Edge Hill school, Edge Hill, N. J., where he was both captain and pitcher of the nine. During the summer vacation before entering college he practiced throwing the ball against a brick wall in order to get good control. He noticed that when the ball struck the wall it bounced back according to the rotation it had been given. From this he practiced, giving the ball a twist so that when the batter hit the ball it would go straight up in the air, where it could be easily fielded by the pitcher or the catcher.

There was at this time no attempt to make the batter miss the ball. Later experience taught him that the ball was more easily fielded when it was hit near the handle of the bat, and from this he began to throw regular "knucklers," with a peculiar twist.

Pitching rules at this time were so strict that every ball had to be thrown underhanded. This, connected with the fact that the civil war had just ended and sports were receiving little attention, accounts for the fact that little fame was brought David by his discovery. In the fall of 1874, however, "Mac" Mann, of the class of 1876, Princeton, again revived the twist. It was in a famous game between the Democrats and Republicans of the University that the first ball curving of the ball with intent to make batters miss was put into practice.

rate of 100 feet a second, as far as atmosphere pressure is concerned.

"On the other hand, a point on the left side of the ball, just opposite, is going toward the batter at the rate of 50 feet a second, but is also revolving. Hence there is an atmospheric pressure of 100 on one side and nothing on the other. Therefore the ball is forced out of its course away from the batter. In order to get the opposite curve the ball must be twisted as to revolve in the opposite direction."

Mann himself never claimed that he invented the curve, for "as long as there has been played and baseballs have had seams with which to catch the air, curved balls have been thrown."

What he did accomplish was to demonstrate the effectiveness of the curve from the pitcher's box, and to revolutionize the method of delivering the ball to the batter.

The chief topic in baseball circles was Mann's pitching, and many players came to Princeton to see him at work. Few people outside of ball circles knew anything of the discovery, and the Scientific American printed the following on July 25, 1877: "It is claimed that certain pitchers are able to throw a ball so that it will describe a horizontal curve in the air. Is such a thing possible with a perfectly spherical ball in a still atmosphere?" To this the fearless editor replied: "We have never seen it done."

By the spring of the year 1875, Mann had such control of the new ball that he was an absolute wonder to the opposing batters. He made one mistake, however, in that he never varied the ball. Having caught on to this "good thing," he worked it too much. After the Harvard game, in the spring of 1875, Tynes, the Harvard third baseman, wrote:

"Out of the first nine men at the bat, eight, I think, were unable to hit the ball. We had no idea what the trouble was except that the ball and bat for some reason, seemed to have a repulsion of each other which we could not overcome. About the fifth inning one of our men who had been standing behind the catcher came back with the announcement that the ball was curving away from the batter."

and allowing for the curve, managed to connect with the ball, principally because Mann did not change his curves. For the rest of the season, however, the Princeton fielders had little to do on account of Mann's wonderful work."

The above is based upon articles in a volume entitled Athletics at Princeton, which was published for the subscription in 1901. Several extracts have been taken verbatim.

PULLMAN PICKS A

WONDERFUL TEAM.

Pres. Pullman has picked a team which he says is as nearly perfect as any baseball team is ever liable to be. The team is composed of nine men in the business is taken at large from the two big leagues. He has two pitchers, making ten men, six from the National League and four from the American.

"Of course, picking a team like this from all the players of the two big leagues is necessarily a matter of perspective. I am not going into any analysis of the great Frenchman's game. You have all seen him play, and they have to make a special class of second basemen to it him. Ritchey is a good player and this young man, Hagline does very well."

"The short field will have to go to the only Huns Wagner. The Pittsburgh shortstop has the edge on all of them in fielding and batting, but not by nearly the same margin as Wallace holds the kingship of territory. Were it not for the veteran, the whole of the Browns would be a likely candidate, and Parent of the Boston Nationals can tinkle around a little between second and third stations. I like Shay's style very much and he should make a great player."

"Now, there is the team that I pick to beat the world and why I pick it. I know, of course, that there are numbers of good players at every position for which I have picked these men, but I have a little weakness for this combination, and in cold-blood judgment I think it is the best."

ONE WEAKNESS OF JEFFRIES.
"The trouble with Jim Jeffries," said one of his retinue the other day, "is that he can't be taught to act the champion. If he would get a little swelled head, or pass out a little glad hand, it would be dollars and dollars in his pocket. But he won't, and nothing we could do would ever make him do it."

The public is just dollars and cents to him. He fights before a 10,000 crowd just as he'd fight in his training quarters. Their applause makes never a bit of difference to him. It would be the same if they hissed him.

The night he whipped Fitzsimmons the second time, the latter did a grandstand play. As soon as he got up, he staggered to the ropes, pulled off his gloves and threw them into the crowd, yelling:

ever, I have no apologies to make for putting him in with Young as the two best pitchers in the business."

"Now, my catcher, Kling, I picked without any hesitation. To my mind he is the great and only behind the bat. He can catch rings around any other catcher working. I think that Kling is more nearly perfect in his work than any man I ever saw."

"There are several good first basemen in the two leagues, but Tenny of Boston is, in my judgment, entitled to the place on the best team. St. Louis has two good men in Beckley and this new man, Jones, but they are not up to Tenny's form."

Lajoie is Chosen.

"All the second basemen that have ever played baseball will all agree that Lajoie is the best. He is handicapped by having the name of Lajoie showed out in front of them as soon as they begin to attract attention. I am not going into any analysis of the great Frenchman's game. You have all seen him play, and they have to make a special class of second basemen to it him. Ritchey is a good player and this young man, Hagline does very well."

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"There they go for souvenirs, boys."

Bob Fitzsimmons will never fight again."

"Then Bob went over to Jeff's corner and made a great speech about handing over the championship to the best man that ever stepped inside a ring. "All Jim answered was: 'Bob, your handgrips are too hard, or you'd never cut up my face that way.' And all that time 10,000 persons were yelling their heads off for Jeffries."

"When Jim passed into his dressing room he showed his only symptom of waking up and taking notice. A lot of people in the crowd were trying to shake hands with him."

"Boys," says Jim, "I wish I had a hundred hands, so I could shake hands with you all."

"Well, you ought to see the way we jolled him for that. It was about good to us as winning the fight. But it was just a flash. Jim stayed in his room and played pinic for four days. All the time he was in San Francisco he'd take a cable car if he saw a crowd begin to follow him in the street."

"After we got back to Los Angeles, I started in to see what I could do to warding him a case of swelled head. One day I got him off alone for a long walk."

"Jim," says I, "you're champion of the world. Champion of the whole world," and then I stopped to see how that struck him."

Jim was looking off over the field. "You see that tank?" said he. "Well, I helped put it up and we had a peach of a time with it. The blamed thing was put together right, but it would leak, so we took it down and put it together again and still it leaked. They've been tinkering ever since I left the boiler shop, and the thing's leaking yet."

"The champion is naturally shy. He's fond of his friends after he's known them a long time, and the best fun in the world to him, next to hunting, is to sit round and tell bear stories to them. When his fighting days are over there's no Jeffries' Cafe for Jim. He'll get a ranch as far away from town as he can find it, and hunt and fish until rheumatism lays him up."

INNOCENCE.
"Oh, dear," sighed the young wife. "I'm worried to death. Won't you help me?"

"Why, certainly," assured her neighbor. "What is the trouble?"

"Why, Jack has gone out to shoot clay pigeons. He has just sent word that he is going to bring some home and I don't know how to prepare them."

NO USE FOR THEM.
"Where are your good manners, sir?" demanded the austere woman who was clinging to a strap.

"Left them at home, ma'am," said the hardened villain in the seat. "Hain't got nothing with me but just the ordinary street car manners."

CIVIL SERVICE OF BRITAIN.

It is One of Great National Pride—
The High Salaries She Pays to
Maintain its High Efficiency

The civil service of India and other British provinces in the East is a matter of national pride, and no one can study its records and its methods without admiring its success and superiority to the ordinary official administration of other governments.

The reason for the high character and efficiency of the official staff in Egypt, India, Burma, Ceylon, the Straits Settlement, the Malay Federation, Hong Kong and other British provinces in the East is easily found. The government gets good men because it offers suitable inducements, permanent positions at large salaries, rapid promotion for merit, with liberal leaves of absence and pensions upon retirement at the termination of their periods of service. The United States government must adopt a similar policy in the Philippines, if it would have an equally good administration.

Every congressman and every other person interested in the administration of affairs at Manila, particularly President Roosevelt, Secretary Taft, Gov. Wright and those who have interest in control of affairs, should carefully study the salary list of the British colonies in the East, particularly that of India, the conditions of appointment and the regulations governing the civil service.

There has already been considerable criticism of the large salaries now paid to officials in the Philippines, but it comes from the people who know nothing whatever of the requirements, necessary or the compensation received by similar officials in other parts of the East. For instance, where Governor Wright of the Philippines gets \$15,000 a year, the governor of British India receives \$31,000, the governor of Ceylon \$23,750, Hong Kong and the Straits Settlements, each \$35,000. The salaries in the salaries paid to the under officers is virtually the same. Here and there a Philippine official may make more than the corresponding officer in the British service. But usually the salaries of the British are twice as much as those of the Philippines.

All of the gentlemen who occupy positions in the British civil service and drawing their salaries, except the judges, began at the bottom of the scale. They entered the service in India, began before they were twenty-five years old, and after passing examinations, the second occurring after one year of probation, in which their administrative qualities and ability had been fairly tested, and the record they made during that first year counted so many numbers in their total standing. They have been compelled to submit to similar examinations at every promotion since.

Every officer who enters the military or naval service, as is always the case, the personal equation entered into every career, and a good many weak ones drop out by the wayside. The civil service in the East India is a survival of the fittest, and you may be sure that a man who survives all of the tests and conditions incident to advancement is a good stuff. At the same time he knows that nobody but a better man can get ahead of him; he is sure that he will not be displaced by the favorite of some member of parliament, and that every time a vacancy occurs he has an equal chance of promotion with everybody else of his rank. He knows, too, that his employment is permanent upon good behavior, and that after twenty-four years of service, he will be entitled to a pension if he desires to retire. These pensions vary from \$150 to \$180 a year, according to the rank of the official, and they have the privilege of commutation of cash, which is calculated by an actuary on the same basis as the pension.

But unlike the rule of the United States government, if a pensioner accepts any other office or receives any other remuneration from the government the amount of his pension must be deducted.

The British government gives pensions to both its civil and military officers upon retirement for age or disability, but requires both to provide for their wives and children after death by a form of compulsory insurance. Every officer who enters the military service must as a condition of his appointment pay into the treasury a stated sum for his wife and for each of his children. This sum varies according to age, and is based upon the rank held as life insurance premiums. Every time he is promoted and upon the birth of every child his premium or "contributions," as it is called, is increased, and each officer, both married or unmarried, must submit to a monthly deduction from his pay for insurance purposes.

If an officer retires from the service his premium is reduced one-half, or he is permitted to take a paid-up policy for the insurance value of his investments; or he can settle by surrendering all his obligations for cash, the same as with an insurance company. Officers who are dismissed from the service by the sentence of a court-martial lose everything; their insurance is declared void and all premiums they have paid up are forfeited to the government as part of the penalty.

By another arrangement of the army may insure the free return of their wives and families to England from any part of the tropics in case of their death. This is very unusual. Few married officers neglect this precaution, for the amount of the premium is small and the benefit is comparatively large. All they have to do is to pay a small sum, say \$100 to \$150 into the treasury, and they are insured.

Under the insurance regulations the widows of all officers of class I, receive annual pensions of \$100; of class II, \$80; of class III, \$60; of class IV, \$50; of class V, \$40, and \$30 a year for each child up to the age of six years; \$10 for children between six and twelve years; \$10 for those children between twelve and twenty years; and \$20 for those over twenty years.

They receive \$125 a year for life or until marriage. No pensioner can be paid less than they reach the age of twenty years.

ST. JOHN STAR, SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1904.

3

20th Century Fine Tailored Garments

Come nearer to perfection than any other Ready-to-Wear clothes. They are designed, cut and shaped for the young men of today. They have that grace, comfort and style that conform to the figure, looks best on young, dashy men, dignified and stately on older men. None of that stiff old mannish appearance you see in other suits.

Suits and Raincoats, \$10 to \$20.

SPECIALS.

Twed and Blue Serge Suits, at \$10.
Spring Overcoats, at \$8.67.
Raincoats, at \$8.50.

A. GILMOUR,
Fine Tailoring and Clothing,
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Montreal Clothing Store,

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WE SAVE YOU MONEY and give you the best value the market affords. If you are looking for a SWELL SUIT for yourself, your son, or your friend, we have the one that will suit you. WE HATE WE GIVE for your dollar is much more than you can buy elsewhere. THE ONLY WAY, we know how to treat our customers the right way. A short visit to our store will convince you of what we say.

All goods are marked in plain figures. ONE PRICE ONLY.

MEN'S SUITS at \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00, \$40.00, \$45.00, \$50.00, \$55.00, \$60.00, \$65.00, \$70.00, \$75.00, \$80.00, \$85.00, \$90.00, \$95.00, \$100.00.

BOYS' TWO-PIECE SUITS at \$12.50, \$15.00, \$17.50, \$20.00, \$22.50, \$25.00, \$27.50, \$30.00, \$32.50, \$35.00, \$37.50, \$40.00, \$42.50, \$45.00, \$47.50, \$50.00.

BOYS' THREE-PIECE SUITS at \$15.00, \$17.50, \$20.00, \$22.50, \$25.00, \$27.50, \$30.00, \$32.50, \$35.00, \$37.50, \$40.00, \$42.50, \$45.00, \$47.50, \$50.00.

BOYS' NORFOLK SUITS at \$12.50, \$15.00, \$17.50, \$20.00, \$22.50, \$25.00, \$27.50, \$30.00, \$32.50, \$35.00, \$37.50, \$40.00, \$42.50, \$45.00, \$47.50, \$50.00.

MEN'S PANTS at \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00, \$11.00, \$12.00, \$13.00, \$14.00, \$15.00, \$16.00, \$17.00, \$18.00, \$19.00, \$20.00.

BOYS' PANTS at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00.

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Give us a call, we shall be pleased to see you.

Special sale of MEN'S RAINCOATS. Prices, \$7.50 to \$12.00. You need one.

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Three Nights, June 30, Two
Thursday, Matinees,
Friday, Holiday
Saturday, July 1-2, And
Saturday.

PREPARE TO LAUGH.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITE.

W. S. HARKINS CO.

In the New Musical Comedy,

"A Night's Frolic."

Introducing a High Class Musical Programme in conjunction with Prominent Headlines of the Vaudeville Stage. Comedy, Songs, Dances, Etc.

Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. night. 25c, any seat, matinee.

Management ED. R. SALTER.

CHAMPLAIN MEMORIAL

tablet in New Public Library Unveiled With Much Ceremony Yesterday.

The tablet erected in the new library to the memory of Samuel de Champlain and Sieur de Monts was unveiled yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. The library itself is unfinished, but the entrance hall had been hurriedly put into shape for this event, and while far from showing its real beauty, yet gave the spectators an inkling of how handsome a building the new library will be. Considerable woodwork, lighting and decorating remains to be done; this will take some time, and it is not likely that the unveiling will be held over the building "on August next."

Rev. W. C. Gaynor, president of the Historical Society, acted as master of ceremonies and gave a brief opening address. He referred to the purpose for which the tablet had been gathered, the commemoration of the pioneers of European civilization, Champlain and de Monts, who had discovered this neighborhood three hundred years ago today. And he took it to be a happy augury for the future union and harmony of creeds that these men, one a devout Roman Catholic, the other a firm Calvinist, were themselves the representatives of two great classes of religious thought in France during the times in which they lived.

Mayor White then made a brief

speech and afterwards removed the covering from the tablet, disclosing to the audience the following inscription:

Samuel de Champlain,
Born at Brouage, Province of Saintonge, France, A. D. 1567,
Died at Quebec Christmas Day, A. D. 1635.

Pierre de Guise, Sieur de Monts,
Leader of the Expedition which first explored the Bay of Fundy,
Born at Saintonge, A. D. 1560, Died at Paris 1611.

This Tablet
Is Erected by the People of New Brunswick
To the Memory of these Eminent Men
On June 24, A. D. 1904.

The 300th Anniversary of the Day
On which they Discovered and Named
the River and Harbor of St. John.
1604 (Cost of arms.) 1601.
Rev. Dr. Raymond made an eloquent address, after which Dr. S. E. Dawson, of Antigonish, read a poem entitled "Champlain." A speech by Dr. G. U. Hay concluded the ceremony.

THE EMPEROR ON GOLD.

(London Chronicle.)
The Emperor William has not yet taken to gold, but his brother, Prince Henry, plays a good deal, and has founded an excellent course of his own at Kiel. The emperor was once asked by a leading member of the English Golf Club of Berlin, whether he approved of the game, and whether his cabinet ministers would do well to take to it. His answer was characteristic.

"What? I suggest to my ministers that they should play golf? No, thank you. They have work enough to do. Let them stay at home and do it."

Sporting News.

BASE BALL.

PHILADELPHIA, June 24.—Hendley's pitching was the cause of Boston's defeat today. Dineen was batted frequently and hard. The fielding of the visitors was somewhat first. Attendance, 5,488. Score: R.H.E.

Boston . . . 0001100101-4 3 3
Philadelphia . . . 11000102-3 12 1

Batteries—Crisger and Dineen; Schreckengost and Hendley. Time, 1:40. Umpire, Sheridan.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Score: R.H.E.

New York . . . 2010000002-5 11 0
Washington . . . 3000001000-3 7 2

Batteries—Hughes and McGuire; Patton and Clark. Umpire, Dwyer. Time, 2:15. Attendance, 2,900.

DETROIT, June 24.—Score: R.H.E.

Chicago . . . 2000000000-4 6 0
Detroit . . . 0000000000-4 4 1

Batteries—Altrock and McFarland; Donovan and Buelow.

National League.

BOSTON, June 24.—New York made it four straight today, winning 5 to 3. The locals could do nothing with McGinnity's masterly pitching, until an error and a base on balls gave them an opportunity in the ninth, and Abbot's home run, the first in years inside the fences, yielded three runs after two men were out. The score:

New York . . . 000210002-5 10 2
Boston . . . 0000000003-3 3 1

Batteries—Warner and McGinnity; Needham and Wilhelm. Time, 1:25. Umpire, Emslie. Attendance, 2,232.

BROOKLYN, June 24.—Score: R.H.E.

Brooklyn . . . 0000000000-4 6 0
Philadelphia . . . 010002000-3 10 2

Batteries—Jones and Bergen; Mitchell and Roth. Umpire, Johnston. Time, 1:45. Attendance, 2,000.

PITTSBURGH, June 24.—Score: R.H.E.

Pittsburgh . . . 0000000000-4 6 0
St. Louis . . . 0000000000-4 6 0

Batteries—Flaherty and Smith; Nichols and McLean. Umpire, Moran. Time, 1:45. Attendance, 2,000.

Other Games.

At Concord—Concord, 3; Nashua, 3. At New Bedford—Haverhill, 3; New Bedford, 6.

At Manchester—Manchester, 4; Lowell, 1. At Fall River—Fall River, 14; Lawrence, 1.

At Providence—Providence, 4; Montreal, 6. At Springfield—Springfield, 1; Hartford, 6.

London—New London, 3; New Haven, 5. At Bridgeport—Bridgeport, 14; Norwich, 1.

The Young Hebrews defeated the Young Acadians yesterday afternoon by a score of 7 to 0.

The Hebrews challenge any team under 14 years of age.

The Young Hebrews challenge any team under 15 years of age.

To a game of base ball, the Young Hebrews or Young Curlews preferred. H. Bures, captain.

Today's Events.

Base ball, Shamrock grounds, 8 p. m. Joseph v. Franklin, 6 p. m.

Clippers v. Portland, Victoria grounds. The Clippers will meet the Portlanders this evening on the Victoria grounds.

Both these teams have been playing fast ball of late, and a good game will no doubt be seen.

Portlands, 9; Tartars, 4.

One of the largest crowds of the season was in attendance at the game of the Shamrock grounds yesterday afternoon, when the Portlanders downed the Tartars in a rather uninteresting game. The Portlanders seemingly realized that they wanted to win from the Tartars, and they were not to be outdone.

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THE END OF IT ALL.

Torchlight Procession Was Simply Grand.

Harbor Illuminations Were Also Good.

—Great Crowds on the Streets.

The firemen's parade last evening was one of the best things ever seen in this city, and every credit is due to those who had the matter in hand for the manner in which the affair was carried out. Thousands of people lined the streets, and from King street to Market square it was almost impossible for one to force his way through the crowd. Perhaps never before were so many people on King street at one time.

Five bands were in the procession, which stretched for several blocks. With the brightly decorated carts, the red fire burning from each, and the companies in red shirts, dark trousers and regulation helmets, the procession presented a very pretty appearance.

Following No. 1 salvage corps were a band of about twenty-five men. The float attracted a great deal of attention and represented the falls. A telescope in one corner, outside of which was a bell on a tripod. Driver, William Donohue, had an excellent match.

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ST. JOHN STAR, SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1904

5

Woman's World.

FASHION HINTS.

The woman who likes a variety of hats and whose income is limited should be happy this season. Hat garnitures and ribbons are so beautiful and are offered in such variety that simple hats may be made at home by almost any one having ordinary taste. For instance, a sailor hat may be trimmed with a wreath of leaves and small roses, the leaves forming a band around the crown with a row of buds at the top. A rosette bow of green liberty satin ribbon is the only other trimming. Bows are now trappings of charge in many stores. The season's hats are so well made and are of such pretty weaves of straw that they often need little or no trimming. An odd sailor shape with a puff crown is of two shades of blue, the lighter a lovely tone called byzantine, and the darker a navy blue. The top of the crown and the edge of the brim are of the dark straw. The only trimming is a twisted band of dark blue velvet ribbon tied in a stiff bow at the side. Easily made at home are the turban-shaped hats with the flat top left uncovered of straw. They are meant to be covered faintly with leaves and rose petals sewed on loosely. A few roses are bunched at the back or ribbon appears there.

Very few plaques have been seen, but they are not out of place for all that. A handsome hat of this kind was much admired at an evening. It was a wide flat of fancy braid in a soft golden brown color. A bandeau raised the right side slightly and gave an irregular curve to the brim all around. On the left side near the front was a large flat rosette of several shades of brown velvet, fastened with a gold buckle. From this a coiffe feather, brown, green, and orange, was carried over the top of the hat and through a ripped section of the straw to the raised underbrim, where it fell over the hair behind the ear of the wearer.

Lingerie hats hold their own with marine and chiffon hats. They are pretty and youthful, being only suitable for young, fresh faces. For children they are delightful. Valenciennes lace is used almost exclusively in the making of lingerie hats, and there is seldom any trimming beyond a large bow of pastel-tinted ribbon.

Among small luxuries of dress the belt plays an important part. The wide leather girdles have become rather common since the dress has been made in leather, and their place has been taken by narrower belts of beautifully tooled and stamped leather. One such belt is of finest white kid, broad in the back and tapering in the front, where it is covered in a handsome gold buckle. The entire surface of the kid is covered with gold arabesques in an Oriental design. Embroidered lining belts are high priced, but economical, because they can so easily be cleaned. A pretty belt is closely embroidered with gold and silver. It is folded once through the center, and the fronts are shaped of pieces of plain linen with small gold and silver buttons. The construction of shirtwaist suits. So simply made in former years, the shirtwaist suit of today is often a most ornate garment. A dark blue taffeta that is going to the Louisiana Exposition is made with a skirt fitted to shaped hip yoke, extended into a panel in the front. Small gold and enamel buttons, gold buckle, and the waist is a small group of three. The waist is plaited at the top, and has a plain front panel finished at the top with two stitched tabs. The blouse waist has a square yoke with tabs and buttons in front, under which the blouse is laid in plaits. There is a round collar, collar, trimmed with fancy braid, in which a touch of gold is seen. The stock and a bow, which finish the collar, are of soft blue silk. The sleeves are especially ornate. They are large, and have an inserted full piece in the outside gore. Braided cuffs are finished with deep lace ruffles.

A brown velvet suit has a round cape of deep yellow lace crossed over the shoulders with shaped tabs of the cloth fastened with small gold buttons. The skirt has three wide circular bands, simulating tucks and there is a high style of soft taffeta. The sleeves are close to the elbow and are finished with two ruffles of the voile and high, tight cuffs of yellow lace.

One of the glories of the French toilette is a petticoat. A frilled silk petticoat about boot-top length goes with the simplest as well as the most elaborate toilet, and the Frenchwoman knows exactly how to lift her skirts without touching her petticoat, thereby adding much to the gracefulness of her outdoor appearance. The short silk petticoat is growing in favor here, and, although it does not fill the place of the long petticoat or drop skirt, it is quite as important. The new models have no under or dust ruffle, but are finished with accordion plaited flare shapes trimmed with one or more shaped ruffles, the latter being attached to the bottom of the skirt. White silk barred with black makes a pretty petticoat, but all delicate colors are used.

For utility petticoats black and gun metal pongs are recommended. Very stylish skirts are offered, the foot dounce being embroidered in openwork designs. Several soft silk petticoats are also seen. Foulard is used this year for petticoats, but it is a little lacking in body. They are seen in browns, blues, and other medium colors. For travelling and another pretty coat, a sort of a lousine weave, is better. This petticoat costs five valences and is said to wear well. None of these have the style and the permanence of taffeta, however. None gives quite the same support to cloth skirts. For this summer fabrics they do very well.

The beauty of the costlier taffeta petticoats is something to delight the eye. Here is a white silk petticoat with rosebuds, the wide dounce banded with white lace and inset with lace motifs. All the seams are put together with lines of beading and every bit of lace is hand sewed. Here is a green shot with rose color. It is trimmed with

yards of ruchings of black Chantilly lace, the flare dounce ornamented with an ornate design worked in lace insertion. Whenever there is space there are embroidered tiny roses in the natural colors.

SOME NOVEL USES FOR HANDKERCHIEFS.

Every feminine heart rejoices in the possession of an abundance of dainty handkerchiefs, and the monochlor case is never too full, even after the annual Christmas deluge. Fortunately, handkerchiefs were never so pretty or cheap as they are now, and those who are favored with an extra supply will do well to convert some of them into pretty lingerie and dress accessories, for which they make an excellent basis.

This work is both inexpensive and easily done, which recommends it to the busy woman whose purse is also slender, but who loves dainty things, and is obliged to do considerable traveling in order to possess them. These are the clever women, however, whose necessity makes them use the dainty edges and a row of heading inside. Such a one was used for making the handkerchief corset cover, using the handkerchiefs on the straight.

The monogram handkerchief waist is made of three small hemstitched bordered handkerchiefs, using two for the front and one for the back, carrying under the armhole to give the proper shape. Two-inch clover leaf insertion was used for joining the handkerchiefs under the arm. These handkerchiefs are used on the straight instead of the bias. Beading and lace were used for trimming, with a white dotted wash ribbon drawn through the former.

The initial letters of the name are daintily corset cover are applied on the fronts of the waist. Shape is given to the back of the garment by five tiny tucks at the waist line. The bottom border of one handkerchief was cut off, and attached to the hemstitched edge in front, giving a box pleat effect, and thus closing the waist with a good lapping.

Three men's white hemstitched silk handkerchiefs were used to make the dainty waist which has the same of the owner embroidered on the right-hand side. These handkerchiefs are used on the bias, one point going to the center of the back, one to each side in front, and one to the top front, which is split to the bottom. Each bias hemstitched edge is joined by handsewn fagoted beading of heavy white crochet silk. A row of this beading finishes the side of each front in front, and the top and bottom. One row of beading was used for the arm-hole. Two rows were used for finishing the front and back. Four strands of white wash satin ribbon were drawn.

Two strands of ribbon were used to run through the beading on the waist line. The entire garment is feather-stitched with a fine white silk thread. The bodice and skirt are finished with blue done all around the edge of the garment, including the border of the under-arm beading.

Even men's handkerchiefs are brought into requisition to fashion kimono, combining jackets and aprons. The bodice maid who possesses a kimono need not be ashamed of her appearance, for she cannot help but be bewitching in it.

One is of white silk with a red border, and just six handkerchiefs were used in making. There is a Nor are bandannas to be despised for this purpose, although, of course, they are much cheaper. Nevertheless, they are effective. Four of the large ten-cent ones, which come in either red or blue, are pretty for combining jackets. One handkerchief is used for the sleeve, being set in corners, and falling over the arm gracefully. Less fullness is allowed for the combining jackets than the kimono.

Two men's handkerchiefs with a buff, blue and white border and golden brown lines were used for making a dainty little apron. Two box plaits on each side and one on the back, in at the waist line. One handkerchief was split across the center, and gathered on for the founce.

One man's bordered handkerchief was required to make the dusting cap, which is a dainty affair in pink and white.

A half of a handkerchief was used to make the little sachet pad, which is daintily lined with white silk, padded and filled with sachet powder. The corners were then folded back like revers, ribbon bows finishing them.

Two bordered handkerchiefs were used to make the charming little handkerchief bag, which is feather-stitched together with yellow sewing silk. Three circles of yellow silk are in the left-hand corner, of white heading is run across the top of the bag about two inches deep, and through this, yellow satin ribbon is run for draw string.

A handkerchief case, which is easily made is shown at the top of the page. One dainty bordered handkerchief is lined with white china silk, which is in the left-hand corner, of white heading is run across the top of the bag about two inches deep, and through this, yellow satin ribbon is run for draw string.

AT THE "LONDON HOUSE."

Saturday, June 25th.

SALE OF A FAMOUS MAKER'S Bi'k Peau de Soie Silk

Worth \$1.25, at \$1.00 Yard

A special purchase of black peau de soie for children's coats, ladies' coat and waists. A pure silk of wonderful value. Sale commencing MONDAY.

New Silk Fibre Insertions and Lace

JUST ARRIVED.

The most fashionable silk fibre cluny laces and insertions just come to hand. New fawn shades, linen shades, creams and black.

New Mohair Dress Skirts FOR SUMMER WEAR.

These mohair skirts are the most comfortable, light, dressy, as well as durable garments for summer. At \$3.40, Black mohair skirts, trimmed with bands of silk braid.

At \$4.50, Seven gore mohair skirt, finished with folds, and box pleats at bottom.

At \$5.25, Very pretty mohair skirts, seven gore, open box pleats at bottom and folds on all seams.

At \$6.25, Fine silky mohair skirts trimmed with fancy silk braid and silk straps.

Sale of White Goods.

38c. White knicker suiting, especially for shirt waist suits. Sale price, 29c. yard

25c. Fancy open work stripe pique suiting, Sale price, 19c. yard

50c. White mercerized poplin and matings, Sale price, 35c. yard

40c. Fine white jacquard Swiss muslin—like fancy organdy. Sale price, 30c. yard

LADIES' TAILORED WASH SUITS AT \$4.75 COMPLETE.

The neatest Linen Shirt Waist Suits have yet seen—just made tailor style with folds plait with white. Come in grey, linen color, sky, green, etc. . . . \$4.75 each. White Organdy Shirt Waist Suits, trimmed valenciennes insertion . . . \$5.25 each. Cream Brilliantine Shirt Waist Suits—very pretty, very dressy—made with folds and tuckings . . . \$7.50 each.

New Cloths for Ladies' Raincoats and Dust Coats.

Showproof Worsteds in Grey, Green, Fawn, Oxford, etc., 62 inches wide, . . . \$1.50 yard. Rainproof Fancy Worsteds Cloths, 62 inches wide, Grey, Fawns, Oxford, etc. . . . \$1.65 yard. New Tweed Mixtures for three-quarter coats, 62 inches wide, \$1.15 yd.

New Things at Smallware Counter.

New Tucked Leather Belts . . . 75c. New Striped Leather Belts . . . 75c. Crush Kid Belts in White or Colors . . . 40c. Novelty Key Vellings . . . 90c. to 45c. yard. Newest Embroidered Wash Neckwear, exclusive design . . . 30c. each. "Peggy from Paris" shopping bags . . . \$1.50 each.

F. W. DANIEL & CO., London House, Charlotte St.

OPPOSITION CONVENTION

SELECTED MILES E. AGAR

To Contest the County in the Coming By-election—John E. Dean Also Mentioned

The opposition convention held in York Theatre last evening was one of the largest and most unanimous that has ever been held. Among those present were:

Simonds—Coun. Jones, Coun. Carson, Alex. Willis, Wm. Yeomans, John McDonald, E. Treadwell, Andrew Gibson, Wm. McKee, Jos. Benjamin, Musquash—Geo. A. Andrews, Geo. Ferguson, Coun. Dean, Pleasant—James McAfee, Alex. McAllister, Jas. McAllister, Walter Dean, St. Martins—Jas. V. Brown, John Munnet, Capt. James Cresswell, Samuel Fowkes, Michael R. Daly, Coun. Michael Kelly, Coun. Wm. Fowkes, Wm. Smith, W. H. Bourke, Samuel Osborne, Samuel McCurdy, Lancaster—Wm. Golding, Robt. Cathwood, John Irvine, Wm. Johnson, Alfred Clark, Dr. J. H. Gray, Robert Currier, J. W. Stevens, E. J. Neve, Wilfred Betts, Wm. Fox, Wm. Rudlock, Ben. Ogden, Wm. Symmet, Non-resident—J. R. Armstrong, J. B. M. Baxter, R. J. Armstrong, E. R. Chapman, W. C. Dunham, A. A. Wulson, Edward Moore, J. D. Hazen, E. S. Franklin, J. B. Emery.

J. D. Hazen, in calling the meeting to order, spoke briefly on the record of the present government, and of the fact that this was the only county in the province that had no representation in the Dominion Parliament in its way, though not dealing with large questions. He next took up the government's record, and dealt briefly but effectively with it, and then spoke of the long disfranchisement of the city and county, while the vacancy in Madawaska was filled in two weeks' time. In closing, Mr. Hazen spoke of the desirability of having a candidate in the field at the earliest possible moment, so as to allow time for a thorough canvass.

DUNDONALD CASE.

Debate Continued Well into the Morning.

Sam Hughes Takes a Hand, and in Turn is Held Up to Ridicule.

ST. CROIX CELEBRATION.

Many Persons Are Gathering For Today's Events.

CALAIS, Me., June 24.—Great preparations have been made for the centenary celebration to take place here tomorrow.

Among those who have already arrived are: Levi Woodburn of Portland, Misses Baxter, daughters of Mayor Baxter; L. Staver of Kittery, Me.; F. C. Dering, Stockholm, Me.; Gen. Justice R. Chamberlain, who will be the chief speaker at tomorrow's celebration; Prof. H. L. Chapman of Bowdoin College; Rev. H. S. Burdette of Portland, secretary and special representative of the Maine Historical Society; Mr. Kleckowski, Premier Tweedie, Rev. Dr. Bryce of Winnipeg, Rev. W. C. Gagner of St. John, Dr. W. F. Gann, D. R. Jack, Mayor Baxter, Prof. Thwaites, T. O'Brien, F. S. Veil of Portland, Elise O'Connor, Rev. F. G. Scott of Quebec, Charles Francis Adams, Rev. T. C. Jack of Sydney and Arthur Lord. Ex-Gov. Powers is expected today.

RELEASED AT LAST.

Perdicaris and Varley Return to Tangier Tired But Happy.

TANGIER, June 24, 12.55 p. m.—Ion Perdicaris and Cromwell Varley, who were captured by the bandit Raisuli have arrived here.

Perdicaris is very much fatigued after his long ride, but says he is glad to get back. He is greatly pleased with the reception accorded him by the townsmen who met him in great numbers.

Perdicaris suffered many hardships while in the hands of Raisuli although he says he does not think that these were the fault of the bandit chief and that he had every comfort possible under the circumstances.

Varley appears to be very cheerful and bright as if he had just returned from a picnic.

MONCTON MAN MARRIED.

MONCTON, June 24.—William A. Trenholm of the I. C. R. general office, Moncton, was married at Wakefield, Mass., recently to Miss Eva Viola, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Whitney. They will reside in Moncton.

MONCTON RACES.

Scarcely a Single Feature of Any Interest.

Drusil Won in the 2.20 Class and Guinnia P. in the 2.40 Event.

MONCTON, June 24.—The trotting races on Moncton exhibition speedway this afternoon drew a large crowd, but were not as well contested as expected.

There were five starters in the 2.20 trot and pace, but no fast time was made, the track being rather heavy and a high wind prevailing. Lord Alverston acted badly throughout and narrowly escaped a shut out in several heats. The contest was really between Drusil and Clavson, Jr., for first place, and Annie Brevet and Sunol Prince for third position.

The result in both cases was in doubt till the last heat. In the third and fourth heats Drusil and Clavson, Jr., matched neck and neck, these horses being the redeeming feature of the afternoon.

Summary:
2.20 Trot and Pace: Purse \$400.
Drusil, 2.23 1/2, J. T. Prescott.
Sunol Prince, 2.24 1/2, H. A. B. 2 2 1 1
Clavson, Jr., 2.19 1/2, R. Hebert, Moncton. 1 1 2 2 2
Annie Brevet, 2.21 1/2, Theo. Raymond, Fairville. 3 3 4 3 4
Sunol Prince, 2.21 1/2, H. A. B. 4 3 4 3 4
McArthur, Sussex. 2.24 1/2, E. Le
Lord Alverston, 2.19 1/2, E. Le
Rol Willis, Sydney. 2.25 1/2, 5 5 5 5 5
Time—2.25 1/2; 2.23 1/2; 2.24 1/2; 2.24.
The 2.40 trot and pace was not particularly interesting. Sim and Bonnie Charlie were drawn, leaving four starters.

The result was a faster heat, but no change in positions of horses.

Summary:

2.40 Trot and Pace: Purse \$400.
Guinnia P. A. B. Etter, Amherst. 2.24 1/2, 1 1 2 2 2
Harry D. W. Wilbur, Moncton. 2.25 1/2, 2 2 2 2 2
Dewey Guy, Fred Warren, Springfield. 2.26 1/2, 3 3 3 3 3
Miss Arrowood, Moncton. 2.27 1/2, 4 4 4 4 4
After passing a vote of thanks to Mr. Dean for having allowed his name to be put in nomination the meeting adjourned.

912 BODIES.

Sloum's Death List is Still Growing.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The federal grand jury will meet on Thursday next to investigate the disaster to the str. General Sloum. By that time the coroner's inquest will have been concluded.

Today the water was pumped out of the wrecked steamer and two bodies, very badly burned, were found on the main deck. The bodies were in all found during the day, bringing the total of recovered dead up to 912, of which 294 have been identified.

More than \$100,000 has been subscribed to the relief fund.

The county district attorney's office has eight hundred pages of testimony taken at the inquest and it is said that the list of witnesses to appear before the federal grand jury will be selected after a thorough reading of this evidence. Such persons as in the opinion of General Burnett can give evidence that will point to the guilt or negligence of either the owners or members of the crew or other persons mentioned in the section of statute are to be subpoenaed.

THE KING CURE FOR HEADACHES is the Proper Title for Kumfort

HEADACHE POWDERS

because they are so far superior to any other kind, being absolutely safe, pleasant and efficient. They contain no ingredient which will lead to the formation of a dangerous habit, but are simply a purely vegetable compound which have cured thousands of others and will do so again.

They can always effect a positive cure in from ten to twenty minutes and a successful never fails to relieve and delight chronic sufferers from headache.

All sorts of store sell them, but be sure you get the Genuine KUMFORT Headache Powders. They will cure your headache, while other headache powders will prove more harmful than helpful.

Package of 4 Powders, 10c.

Package of 12 Powders, 25c.

If your dealer won't supply them we will mail either package, postpaid, on receipt of price.

F. G. WHEATON CO., Ltd., Sole Proprietors. FOLLY WILKAT, N. S.

**Who Were Neither Great Men Nor Heroes
In Life.**

[illegible]

Nowadays when novelty is the sine qua non of the successful social function, some ideas may be borrowed from the very picturesque and plucky race, the Japanese. Necessarily, these

An old old black mammy had ambled into the store and her expression was as painful as any scene of Minnie's. Dewey's jokes. She held her hand out to the other woman. "You want some of this?" The drunk proceeded to mix some brown sugar and water to give to her son. "How much is this?" "Oh, nothing, that will be all right." "Thank you, sah."

"You want some more?" "No, no, no charge for this!" and she took the drunk sister

"Tell your troubles to a 'policeman' has long been an expression when a man was bored by hearing the woes of another," said a local clerk the other evening, "but if you would hear

An old old black mammy had amblesed into the store and her expression was as painful as are some of Cfluance's Depev's jokes. She held her hand on the offending side and groaned as the drug clerk proceeded to mix some brown sugar and water to give to her.

"How much is dat?"

"Oh, nothing, that will be all right."

"Thank you, sah."

Asked why he did not charge for the prescription the drug clerk signified

perfume, vend. There are women in local society who delight in visiting drug stores for the purpose of sampling every make of perfume in the house. They sometimes buy a small

land? And it was perhaps not unexpected that several should subscribe themselves as pugilists or boxing teachers. But the climax of sex idiosyncrasy does not become apparent until we read of no less than seven women who described themselves as "gravediggers" becoming the omega as well as the alpha of human existence.

SEE GIRLS DROWN
AND GIVE NO AID.

If laws can make a paradise for the working man, New Zealand is assuredly such a paradise, for his interests are hedged about with barbed wire laws which it would seem almost impossible

the Board of Consideration, however, the case was brought to the beginning of the 1990s. The Board of Consideration, however, the case was brought to the beginning of the 1990s. The Board of Consideration, however, the case was brought to the beginning of the 1990s.

	NAME	ADDRESS
CANADA BY NEWS CO.	1 C. R. Station and Colma.
J. A. McHILLAN	Prince William street.
MRS. J. POSTER	Prince William street.
J. NELSON
J. GIBBS	Stymus street.
WM. BAXTER	Stymus street.
MRS. A. GILMORE	Stymus street.
J. D. McAVITY	Stymus street.
A. MORTHUR	Main street.
W. H. McVATT	Main street.
R. R. PATCHELL	Stanky street.
R. K. SHORT	Garden street.
G. K. NELSON	Garden street.
D. G. MORTHUR	King street.
D. G. MORTHUR	King street.
T. H. HALL	King street.
R. E. COUPE	King street.
J. H. WALKER	King street.
MRS. A. M. GRAY & CO.	King street.
C. W. MOORE	Main street.
FRED WRIGHT	Main street.
MRS. W. M. ADAMS	Orwell street.
P. A. H. MORRIS	Orwell street.
N. C. SCOTT	Main street.
P. NASH & SONS	Indiantown.
W. WATSON & CO.	Charlotte street.
C. P. RY. NEWS CO.	C. P. Ry. Station.
WELLS GREEN	Winter street.
T. J. DURICK	Main street.
J. LEWIS	Victoria Road.
RAYMOND & DOHERTY	Hotel Hotel.
C. P. WADE	Wall street.
J. HENNEBURY	Wall street.
R. H. COLEMAN	Wall street.
R. H. HAWKER	Mill street.
C. A. TRENTON	Mill street.
MRS. J. L. PHILLIPS	Main street.
MRS. M. P. CASE	Duke street.
M. J. NUGENT	Victoria Road.
H. J. DICK	Duke street.
J. J. DWYER	Union street.
J. E. COWAN	St. James street.
P. J. DONOHUE	St. James street.
D. H. NASH	Main street.
R. W. W. INGRAM	Main street.
J. CRAWFORD	Main street.
I. B. KIERSTAD	Marsh road.
J. KIERSTAD	Marsh road.
F. HAMILTON	Elliot road.
A. E. HARTT	Charlotte street, W. H.
J. E. DEAN	Harriet street.
JAMES COPPER	Westmorland road.
W. C. R. ALLEN	Cliff street.
W. W. WATSON	Cliff street.
W. A. BLACK	Cliff House.
O. S. DYKEMAN	Simonds street.
L. S. W. A. McCHESNEY	22 Main street.

During this convulgal feast, waiting girls have been sitting in rows on the floor, awaiting the appearance of the indispensable meal, a Japanese dinner. In front of each girl are placed three or four appetizing trays, each on which are dishes, bowls, cups, etc.

The following recipe was given to me by a Japanese friend, and is perfectly correct and so for an aliboriko-turumori, or feast: On the first tray are two bowls of pickled radish, and in it, it is sweetened-boiled white brown-butter, augmented filly-butter, retaining their natural shape, and a plate made of pounded starch. Raw turbot is a great delicacy, and slices are served with a dash of soy sauce, and a plating water, garnished with seaweed. More of chalcids stewed with lotus root, and a dash of soy sauce. On the second tray are sliced lotus seed, and shrimps and lotus seed and one of course.

On the second tray are more soup brewed with seaweed, pickled raw fish and sea slug served with a piquant vinegar and cold, stewed vegetable, and a dash of soy sauce. The third tray is a bowl of cold rice, garnished with dressing of sesame seeds finishes the second course. The third course is a bowl of cold rice, garnished with ginger root flavored with mushrooms, boneless quail, a plate of finely minced raw fish, and a dash of soy sauce, garnished with ginger root colored a bright pink. Hot rice is served during the dinner from a large bowl in the center.

But the resistance is a live carp cut in slices and served with the flesh still outwiring.

The following table is a white envelope containing the chopsticks of white pine or fragrant red cedar.

At the end of the feast the delicacies to please the palate, music, song and dance make the merry feast of reason and flow of soul. Midway in the afternoon is a performance of geisha girls, who appear, young and beautiful, in kimonos of dazzling crapes embroidered with flowers, and with their hair laded with silvered and flowered tassels. These girls train-

YONKERS, N. Y., June 23.—In the presence of about two hundred persons the Rev. John C. Gebhart, D. D., was on a raft to which she tried to swim, and another in a launch nearby. Miss Charlotte, the daughter of the Rev. John C. Gebhart, was drowned tonight. Desperate but unsuccessful efforts were made by three boys and Mr. Gebhart, who is secretary of the Board of Education, and of the Dutch Reformed Church of America, gave permission to his daughter to go bathing with the children of the city. They went to a bathing pavilion at the beach at the southern end of the city.

After swimming around for a short time Charlotte started to swim to a raft anchored about two hundred feet from the shore. When about half way out she threw up her hands and cried for help. Wm. Bringer, a boy, who was in the launch, saw her and, when she was sinking the second time, jumped so that she broke his hold and he, being exhausted, turned her over to Herbert Bruce, another boy, who was in the launch. The frantic struggling girl and finally lost her hold of her.

Other parties standing on the scene and the boys around, but the girl had disappeared.

REFRESHING.

(From the Brooklyn Eagle.)

"There was something the matter with the Stubb, but he was coming along to talk with a friend through it, but the only answer he could get sounded like:—

"'What's that?' Stubb asked.

"'It's a z-z-z-z-z.'"

"What's that?" Stubb, "can't you speak English?" He "don't understand Russian."

ANNUAL PROCEEDING.

Kulker—Pretty busy at your house? Bucker—Yes, my wife is preparing to go away and get tired for the summer.

New York Sun.

In the early days of the law employers were slow to take advantage of it, and opposed it, both actively and passively, and all the early cases were brought before the court on the initiation of the labor unions, but when the employers found that the law had come to stay they began to regard it more favorably and decided to test it fairly.

"As experience of the working of the act increases," writes a well-known authority, "unionists will probably become less, employers more, eager to invoke its aid."

"Public opinion in this colony is quite prepared to give the experiment

of them: A land without paupers and without millionaires; an amount of private wealth that gives to each individual on the average more than \$1,200, ranking him very high among the inhabitants of the most favored nation in the world in this respect; a country where every individual spends more for food, drink and clothes than in any other country in the world in spite of the comparative cheapness of staple articles; a country of industrious, prosperous, contented, law-abiding, God-fearing people. These industrial facts surely speak well for the industrial conditions in the world's economic experiment station—New Zealand.

DYKEMAN'S.

There is a magnet to this Store

And it does not require much guessing or thinking to find out where it is. A few purchases reveals it to the pleased customer. It is an ever varying magnet, and the wise and economical buyers are always attracted by it. It is the magnet called "Best of Goods at the Lowest Possible Prices." Look carefully over the list below. It is a money saving one.

An Immense Assortment of Cotton Wash Material.

In a large variety of weaves and colorings to be sold at 12 1-2c. a yard. Many of the materials in this lot are worth much more. They include plain chambrays, fine zephyr gingham, muslins, organdies and Swiss spot muslins.

Suiting Cloths

In weight sufficient for suits without lining, 54 inches wide. A special lot now showing at 99c., \$1.00 and \$1.10 a yard. These are all wool cloths, come in plain colors as well as snowflake spots and invisible stripes.

Silk Waistings

Open work lace effect, silk waistings, something entirely new at the popular price of 65c. a yard. Four yards makes a waist, \$2.60 for the waist length. These are in a large assortment of colorings as well as gun metal stripes.

Gun Metal Wash Silk

At 37c. a yard or \$1.48 for the waist length. The most popular silks for summer wear that you can buy.

Striped Waist Silks

At 38 1-4c. a yard or \$1.25 for the waist length or \$3.75 for a dress length of 12 yards.

A Great Waist Showing.

Altogether somewhere about two thousand waists are on sale at this store. We are showing at the present time a lot of waists from a manufacturer, which will be cleared at nearly half their regular price. This lot consists of about three hundred waists and are priced as follows:—For the white ones from 50c. to \$2.75, the \$2.75 ones, being the regular \$5.00 quality.

Colored Waists

Run in price from 45c. to \$1.75. The 45c. quality ones being the regular 75c. quality.

F. A. DYKEMAN & CO.

59 Charlotte St.

LANTERNS.

We have a good assortment of Japanese Paper Lanterns in various shapes and colors. Prices 10c. doz. to 50c. each.

Wine Screen, 15c. to 25c. yard.
Window Screens, 25c. to 35c. lb.
Shades, 15c. to 25c. 50c. 60c. each.
Fest. rec'd, 10 packages fancy lamps, 20c. to \$5.00 each, big values.
Get our prices on Mosquito, Glass and Underwear.

Arnold's Department Store
11 and 15 Charlotte St.

Just Published.

Tales of the St. John River and Other Stories,

E. S. KIRKPATRICK.

On sale in St. John, N. B., by
E. C. NELSON & Co., D. McARTHUR,
A. M. GRAY and T. H. HALL.
Endorsed by the best authorities.

Price, 75c.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, Toronto.

Dr. A. H. Merrill,
DENTIST,
Cor. King and Charlotte Street
Entrance 75 Charlotte Street.
Phone 1261.

Advertisements of the leading business houses in St. John are to be found in this paper.

F. R. PATTERSON & CO.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

Ladies, Don't Forget

OUR GREAT WHITE LAWN SHIRT WAIST SALE TONIGHT.

SALE PRICE \$1 EACH

ALL SIZES.

Cor. Duke and Charlotte Sts.
Store Open Evenings.

LOCAL NEWS.

TO ADVERTISERS.
Owing to the Star going to press early on Saturdays during the summer months, advertisers are asked to please send all changes to the office on Friday afternoon. The Star cannot guarantee to change advertisements received any later.

Celebrated Broad Cove coal, \$7.00 per
children delivered, at Watters', Walker's wharf. Tel. 612.

Ten marriages and twenty births, ten males and ten females, is the report from Registrar Jones this week.

Great sale of ladies' white lawn waists at the Daylight store. A one dollar sale. Corner of Duke and Charlotte.

The Hibernian Knights of the A. O. H. hold a special meeting this evening, commencing at eight o'clock, in their room, King street.

The Rev. F. G. Scott, one of the visiting members of the Royal Society, who is not less distinguished as a speaker than as a poet, will preach at St. John's church on Sunday evening.

Court Log Cabin, I. O. F., has elected the following delegates to the high court to be held in Edmundston July 5: W. W. Paul, F. W. Jenkins and Samuel Willis.

Louis A. Holman, one of the chiefs of the art department of Youth's Companion, and a former St. John boy, was in the city yesterday and secured some splendid sketches of the celebration festivities.

Bruce McFarlane, the well-known Fredericton baseball player, left on the Boston express last night for Fall River, where he will be given a try-out in the outfield. Dick Roberts is now playing with the Fall River team.

Walter DeWitt, a former St. John boy and a competitor by trade, is home on a visit. After an absence of ten years, Mr. DeWitt presents himself in Fredericton, where he has since leaving St. John he has travelled over almost the entire continent.

General admiration was expressed last night for the showing made by the Sussex contingent in the Fredericton procession. The men looked and appeared well, and their splendid new-hose cart beautifully decorated, was one of the most attractive features of the parade.

The local government have arranged for public meetings at Woodstock, Centerville, Andover, Grand Falls, New Brunswick and Edmundston to be addressed by Mr. F. P. Scott and Hon. C. H. LaBrosse, who will explain the local government's plan concerning the railway.

The Hibernian Knights Templars and their fine band left on the Calvin Austin yesterday for Eastport and Calais. While the Austin was swinging around in the harbor the band played several selections. After leaving Eastport the party will visit Calais and St. Stephen on their way home.

Miss M. George McSorley, of the West side, left yesterday for Waverley, Mass., there to enter a hospital and study nursing. Before her departure Miss McSorley was presented with an address and a handsome gold watch from a number of her friends in St. John. The presentation was made by Miss Winnie Rattall at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Lewis, West End.

ONE WAY TO STUDY ARITHMETIC
Orville Wright, the flying-machine man, told a reporter this story: "A little boy, hustled into a grocery one day with a memorandum in his hand. 'Hello, Mr. Smith,' he said. 'I want thirteen pounds of coffee at 22 cents.' 'Very good,' said the grocer, and he noted down the sale, and put his clerk to packing the coffee. 'Anything else, Charlie?' 'Yes, twenty-five pounds of sugar at 8 cents.' 'The loaf, eh? And what else?' 'Seven and a half pounds of bacon at 10 cents.' 'That is the Arrow brand, go on.' 'Five pounds of tea at 90 cents. Eleven and a half quarts of molasses at 11 cents a pint. Two eight-pound hams at 21-1-4 cents, and five dozen jars of pickled walnuts at 24 cents a jar.' The clerk hustled about, and the grocer made out the bill. 'It is a big order,' he said. 'Did your mother tell you to pay for it, or is it to be charged?' 'My mother,' said the boy, as he pocketed the neat and accurate bill, 'has nothing to do with this business. It is my arithmetic lesson, and I had to get it done somehow.'"

LENT WITH CONDITIONS.
The new Bishop Coadjutor of Albany, the Rev. R. H. Nelson, is credited with this one:

"A physician and a lawyer used to live next door to one another in historic Germantown. The physician one day asked if he might borrow from the lawyer his edition of Florio's 'Montaigne.'"

"You are welcome to read the work in my library," the lawyer answered, "but you can't take it away with you. I am sorry to say, for I have lost so many books through lending them that I have sworn never to let another volume leave my house."

"The physician thanked the lawyer, but, of course, he did not attempt to get through so ponderous a work as 'Montaigne's' in the other's library. "A week passed, and the lawyer came and asked the physician for the loan of his lawnmower."

"I am only too glad to lend you my lawnmower," the physician, "though it is my rule never to let it leave my lawn. There, however, you may use it all you please."

In the years from 19 to 42 most men have filled their destiny; those who have had within them the ability to rise have risen; the weak, the wretched, the mediocrities, have been shown down in their appointed places—Lloyd Osbourne.

TOD LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION
WANTED—Two waiters to go to Sussex for two weeks. Apply at the Boston Restaurant, 29 Charlotte street, before 10 o'clock Monday morning.

PICKPOCKETS FLEW TOO HIGH

And So Got Into Trouble and Jail.

Touched French Consul, a French Baron and the Mayor of Portland for Large Sums.

As Alfred Kleczkowski, the French consul general, Baron d'Halowyn, his secretary, and Mayor Baxter of Portland were boarding the six o'clock train on their way to Calais last evening they were brushed against by several men and robbed, the consul general of tickets and baggage checks, Baron d'Halowyn of sixty dollars, leaving him entirely without funds, and Mayor Baxter of one hundred dollars.

The consul general and his secretary changed their frock coats and silk hats for suitable travelling apparel at the depot while standing near the train. As the secretary buttoned up his coat he put his hand to his breast pocket and at once missed the pocket book containing, beside the money, his railway tickets and baggage checks. He at once made known his loss by excitedly crying out "It's gone. It's gone."

Count de Bury immediately notified the railway authorities, but as the train was just pulling out nothing could be done except to wire ahead.

Previous to this the suspicions of two C. P. R. officials had been aroused as to the honesty of a quiet, easy going looking individual and they had tailed the affair over. After being on the train a short time the mayor of Portland missed his pocket book. Here D. R. Jack, of this city took a hand and worked with such success that when the train reached Madam, he pointed out three men as being suspected of doing the pocket picking.

When arrested they gave their names as James Grant, John Williams and James Howard, all of Boston. They were taken to Fredericton, where they will be tried by Police Magistrate Marsh.

Upon subsequent inquiry it was found that a lady passenger identified one of the characters as a man whom she had seen dividing a large sum of money with two others in the second class car.

When searched they had one hundred and thirty dollars on them. Several other passengers also lost money on the train.

This morning Jeremiah Shea, while walking along the track near Bentley street picked up a pocket book which had on it in gilt letters the name of Mrs. Leonard Smith of Fredericton. Not knowing of the theft, he called at the Royal and asked Mr. Doherty as to the best means of returning the pocket book to his owner. He was finally referred to the police and the deputy chief now has the book.

MASONIC CELEBRATION.

Four Hundred Masons Will Assist in St. John's Day Church Parade Tomorrow.

The Masonic celebration of St. John's Day takes place in this city tomorrow, when a grand time is expected. Masons will be here from all over the province. The lodges at Sussex and Hampton, will be present in a body to the number of over one hundred. They will come down tomorrow morning in a special train, which will arrive here at 10 a. m. and return at 7 p. m. In the procession, which will march to St. Stephen's church tomorrow afternoon, it is expected that there will be about 400 masons. The St. John Commandery of Knights Templars in uniform will march the Grand Master.

Grand Lodge will assemble at Masonic Hall at 2:30 o'clock, accompanied by the band of the 2nd Regiment and the Carleton Cornet Band and the officers and members of the following lodges: Alton No. 1, St. John, Hibernian, Union Lodge of Portland, Carleton Lodge, Corinthian Lodge of Hampton, Zion's Lodge of Sussex, together with representatives from several other lodges, will march to St. Stephen's church by way of Germain, Duke, Charlotte, Coburg and Garden streets to the church, where, at 3:30, a sermon will be delivered by Grand Chaplain Rev. Mr. Ireland, of Woodstock.

Rev. Mr. Ireland will be assisted in the service by Past Grand Chaplain Dr. Macrae. During the service a collection will be taken for the establishment of a Masonic bed at the Home for incurable paupers.

Returning from the church the procession will march by way of Dorchester, Carleton, Coburg, King and Germain streets.

AN UNFAIR DISTINCTION.
A prominent liquor dealer calls the attention of the Star to the manifest injustice of the present liquor license act in its distinction between beer licenses and the saloon licenses. A beer license holder only has to pay \$1, and can keep open two hours longer ordinary days and five hours longer Saturday than the saloon keeper who has to pay \$300. The beer licenses allow the sale of beer containing 3 per cent. alcohol, while the average strength of the beer a man has to pay \$300 to sell is only 5.68 per cent. In Canada, and some of (according to the blue books) test as low as 3.22 per cent. If 3.22 per cent. beer is intoxicating, the 3 per cent. article must come pretty near it.

HARKINS NEXT WEEK.
Play goers will enjoy a rich treat at York Theatre Thursday, Friday and Saturday next, June 30 and July 1st and 2nd, when Mr. W. S. Harkins will present "A Night's Frolic" to fun lovers of this city. The company presenting this great attraction has been in constant demand throughout the large cities of the United States, and everywhere words of praise follow the artists who compose the big company. New and bright songs and dances, clever stingers and a host of fun abounds.

TODAY'S EVENTS.
Baseball—St. Josephs vs. Franklins, Shamrock grounds, 3 o'clock; Clippers vs. Portlands, Victoria grounds, 7 p. m.

PERSONALS.

Among the visitors to St. John at present is David Gleeson, of the customs service, Ottawa. Mr. Gleeson is accompanied by his daughter.

Arthur Munday came home yesterday from New York after the close of the Daily Stock Company's season. He had been with the company for some months.

Miss Lottie Hart, St. Andrews, is the guest of her friend, Miss Edna Bates, Duke street.

Mrs. James T. Munro will be at home to her friends Monday and Tuesday, June 27 and 28 at 183 Queen street.

W. G. Baskin, of the West End, a member of the C. P. R. staff at Greenville, Me., is in the city.

P. A. Nannary returned from Halifax Thursday.

Val P. Akerley, of the Old Housesteads, a well-known St. John man, is the guest of Dr. March.

Hon. C. H. LaBrosse returned to Dalhousie last evening.

N. H. Murchie, St. John, has been the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Murchie the past week—Calais Times.

Mrs. James T. Munro will be at home to her friends Monday and Tuesday, June 27 and 28 at 183 Queen street.

Miss Stella Stevens, of Moncton, came to St. John on Wednesday morning to spend a couple of months visiting her uncle, C. G. Sheel, at his summer home on the St. John river.

Mrs. Riddick, of St. John, who has been visiting Mrs. A. J. Gorham, in Moncton, returned to her home on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Robin Cropley, of Fredericton, is visiting her old home in St. John. Mr. and Mrs. George Cropley, of Fredericton are visiting in St. John.

Mrs. J. S. Thompson and Miss Frances Stearns, of St. John, are visiting in Fredericton.

Mrs. Mullen, of Fredericton, is visiting in St. John this week.

Miss Fenwick, of Linden Hall, Fredericton, is visiting in St. John.

Miss Blunt, of St. John, is the guest of Mrs. Leonard Smith in Fredericton.

Mrs. Mullins, of St. John, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. J. McNeely, in Chatham.

Miss Kitty Edwards, of Fredericton, is visiting friends in St. John.

Mrs. Woodford and daughter, of St. John, are in Fredericton, the guests of Mr. Andrew Thair.

SUSSEX'S FIRST ELECTION.
The New Town Greatly Excited Over the Choosing of Six Aldermen Today.

(Special to the Star)
SUSSEX, June 25.—The town is all excitement today over its first municipal election. The street and public ways are in excess of the usual throng, the average local election. The voting in every ward is close and the result will be in doubt until the last ballot is cast.

W. B. McKay has been elected mayor, and A. A. Harvey, alderman, by large majority. The contestants for ward honors are as follows:

Ward 1—Dr. McCallister, A. W. Miller and F. W. Wallace.

Ward 2—Dr. Langstroth and W. G. M. M. are running against J. H. Dryden and J. M. McIntyre.

The friends of every candidate are working hard.

CHURCH EXPENSES.
John D. Rockefeller, at a directors' meeting in New York, was describing certain methods of juggling with accounts—certainly deceptive ledger and journal entries that firms make when they are about to fail financially.

"The other day," said Mr. Rockefeller, "I heard of a woman who would have made an excellent account jugger. This woman's husband always left in her possession a number of blank check books. She was free to use these checks, but he required her to give a full explanation of the expenditure that had been made with each of them."

"He was looking over the stubs one day. 'You say here,' he said, 'that check No. 22, for \$25, went for church expenses. What church expenses were these?' A new Easter bonnet," the woman answered."

CIRCUIT COURT.
The circuit court sat this morning for a short time and then adjourned till Monday at ten o'clock, when the criminal case will be taken up. The only case before the court this morning was Baker v. Maher, a non-jury case, the trial of which was postponed till Monday the 4th of July. The lawyers in the case are Attorney General Pugsley and C. H. Ferguson for the plaintiff and C. A. Stevens and C. N. Skinner, K. C., for the defendant.

Prof. William James of Harvard, is very popular with the more intelligent and studious of the undergraduates. When these young men, however, make rash or bold or unbecoming assertions, he does not hesitate to take them down.

\$5.00
BEST VALUE EVER OFFERED.
We make the Best \$5.00 Gold Crown in this City.
Teeth without pain, \$5.00
Gold fillings from \$1.00
Silver and other fillings, 50c.
Teeth extracted without pain, 15c.
Consultation, The Famous John Maitland, FREE
BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 522 Main St. Dr. J. D. HARRIS, President.

Shirt Waist Days. 88c.

\$1.00 and \$1.25 BLOUSES on Sale at

Much finer blouses than are usually sold at this price. White blouses made of both lawn and mulling, in several beautiful styles, trimmed with hemstitched trims, fine lace insertion and Hamburg embroidery, sizes 32 to 42. Waists that sell regularly at \$1.00 and \$1.25, Saturday for

88c.

Colored Blouses, too, at the Same Price.

About 10 dozen (all new waists), made of gingham, chambray, linen, etc., attractive styles, finished with tucks and piping, a nice stock collar with each. Size 32 to 40. \$1.00 and \$1.25 waists on sale for

88c.

Morrell & Sutherland,
27-29 Charlotte St. Oppo. Y. M. C. A.

Nearly Every Man

Who stops in to see our new Spring Footwear, is so taken with the styles that he wants to try on a pair. After trying them on, he is so pleased with the appearance of his feet that he says at once, "GAL TAKE 'EM."

We don't blame the man—he can't help it, you know—the Spring styles are so attractive.

Have you seen the new things in Men's Shoes? Not well, well, you are missing a treat. Shoes all along the line from \$2.00 to \$3.00, and EVERY SHOE A PRIZE. May we show them to you? You get here just what we tell you, or you get your money back.

D. MONAHAN,
162 UNION STREET.

Creamery Butter, 20c. per pound.

Choice Dairy Butter, 16c. by the tub.

Good Dairy Butter, in 1 lb. squares, 17c.

Pure Lard, 10c. per pound.

20 lb. pail Lard, \$1.65.

Good Old Cheese, 12c. per pound.

TELEPHONE 775A

ROBERTSON & CO.,

562 and 564 Main Street St. John, N. B.

THORNE BROTHERS

How about a Straw Hat, Soft Hat, Stiff Hat for Summer Wear?

As you stroll along 'neath one of THORNE'S HATS you are assured of the latest and best.

We can interest you in Children's Straws, Linen Hats and Caps. A special lot at half price.

THORNE BROS., Hatters, - - 93 King Street.

Our Dongola Kid Double Sole Oxford Shoe For Women, At \$1.50.

Is the best value we know of. Made with a medium extension sole and patent leather tip, they are serviceable and dressy. We are showing a very large assortment of low shoes from the best factories in the land. Prices from \$1.00 to \$4.00.

FRANCIS & VAUGHAN,
19 KING STREET.

ADVERTISE IN THE STAR.