



## 2

## ERershell's Weather Table.

The following table is constructed upon a philosophical consideration of the attraction of the Sun and Moon in their several positions respecting the earth; and confirmed by the experience of many years actual observation, will, without trouble, suggest to the observer what kind of weather will most probably follow the Moon's entrance into any of her quarters. and that so near the truth, that in very few instances will it be found to lail. When it is said "Very rainy," it is not designed to convey the idea that it will rain all the time, but taking the whole of this quarter of the moon, and one or two of the first days of the next quarter, it will be "very rainy," compared with the general state of the weather for that season of the year, and so of all the other statements.
The Moon's entrance, at ful!, change and quarters, during six of the a!ternoon hours, viz. from four to ten, may be followed by fair weather; this is mostly dependent on the wind. Tho same entrance during all the hours after midnight, except the two first is untavorable to fair weather, the like, nearly, may be observed in winter.

| Change of Moon. | Summer. | Winter. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| If it be new or full moon, or the meon enters into the first or last quarters, at the hour of 12 at noon, | Very rainy, | Rain and snow. |
| Or between the hours of 2 \& 4 P. m. | Changeable, | Fair and mild. |
| $4 \& 6$. | Fair, <br> Fair if wind $\mathbf{N}$ | Fair. ${ }^{\text {F }}$ Foir and frosty |
| 6 \& 8, | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Fir ir } \\ \text { W.; Rainy if S.or } \\ \text { D. }\end{array}\right.$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { N. on N.E.: Rainy } \\ \text { if S. or S.W. } \end{array}\right.$ |
| 8 \& 10. | Ditto, | Ditto. |
| 10 \& midn't, | Fair, | SHard frost unléss |
| Midnight and 2, A.M. | Ditto, | \{ wind S. or S. W |
|  | Cold, freq'nt show're <br> Pa | Snow and storm. Storm. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \& 6 \\ & 6 \& 8 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | Rain, <br> Wind and Rain, | Ditto. [if E |
| 8 \& 10, | Chanqeable, | Cold, rainif W.,snow |

[^0]This year
Eclipse of th
lst. Of the
2d. Of the in the eveni 3d. Of the

CHR
Dominical I
Golden Nun Epact,

Easter Sund
Rogation S Ascension D

The Julia fore the Birt ception a lea Ior it suppose which is too Accordingly the equinoxe and Septem the Julian y was thus rea Gregory XI 4th of Octob not the 5 th. Roman Cath testantism.
In Englan after the 2 d then struck the lat of Ne of the 3rd. ' the Gregoria ding year, 1 year was he 1751 accord run out, bein 1752, which

Russia is n etyle is still a European an weekg.

## 3

osophical n in their ed by the without ther will ny of her few inry rainy," in all the noon, and it will be the weather state-
ers, during nay be folthe wind. Inight, exlike, near-
ater.
snow.
mild.
nd frosty if N.E.: Rainy S.W.
frosty. frost unléss S. or S. W. d storm.
[if E. nif W his .
he creation,

## ECLIPSES FOR 1843.

This year there will be two Eclipses of the Sun, and one Eclipse of the Moon.
lst. Of the Sun, June 27 th-invisible.
2d. Of the Moon, December 6th, visible at 7 o'clock 28 min . in the evening.

3d. Of the Sun, December 21st-invisible.

## CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES FOR 1843.

Dominical Letter,
Golden Number, Epact,

| A | Solar Cycle, |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1 | Roman Indiction, |
| 0 | Julian Period, |

## MOVEABLE FEASTS.

Easter Sunday, April 16|Whit Sunday, June 4 Rogation Sunday, May 21 Advent Sunday, December 3 Ascension Day,

$$
\text { May } 25 \text { First Day of Lent March } 1
$$

## Old and New Style.

The Julian Year, introluced by Julius Cæar, 45 years before the Birth of Christ, made every fourth year, without exception a leap year. This however, was an over correction; lor it supposed the length of the tropical year to be $365 \frac{1}{4}$ days, which is too great, and mduces an error of 7 days in 900 years. Accordingly, as early as the year 1414, it was perceived that the equinoxes werre gradually moving from the 21st of Narch and September, where they ought always to have fallen, had the Julian year been exact. A new reform of the calendar was thus required; and it took place under the popedom of Gregory XIII., by the omission of ten nominal days atter the 4th of October, 1582 , so the next day was called the 15th and not the 5th. This change was immediateley adopted in all Roman Catholic countries, but tardily in the countries of Protestantism.

In England, the change of style, as it was called, took plaee after the 2 d day of September, 1752 . eleven nominal days being then struck out ; so that the las. day of Old style being the 2d, the lst of New style, (the next day, ) was called the l4th instead of the 3 rd . The same legislative enactment which established the Gregorian year in England in 1752, shortened the preceding year, 1751 by a lull quarter. Previous to that time the year was held to begin with the 25th of March, and the year 1751 accordingly did so; but that year was not suffered to run out, being supplanted on the lst of January by the year 1752, which it was enacted should commence on that day.
Russia is now the only country in Europe, in which the old etyle is still adhered to, and the difference between the other European and Russian dates amounte, at present to about two weekg.

Another Year! my heart exulting cries, Another Year! with promised blessings rise!
Eternal Power! from whom these blessings flow,
Teach me still more to wonder, more to know,
And let me ever midst these bounties raise,
A humble note of thankfullness and praise.

## MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 8th day, 3rd hour, 27 minutes, afternoon. Full Moon, 16th " 3rd " 43 " morning. Last Quarter, 22d " 8th " 17 " evening. New Moon, 30th " 7th " 17 " morning.

First
Full M
Last Q


Whate

Nature! Great parent! whose unceasing hand Rolls round the Seasons of the changeful year, How mighty, how majestic are thy works! With what a pleasing dread they swell the soul.

The clear ethereal round
Shines out intensely keen, it freezes on
From pole to pole the frigid influence falls
Thro' the still night incessant, heavy, strong!

## MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 7th day, 11th hour, 48 minutes, afternoon.
Full Moon, 14th " 3rd " 25 " morning.
Last Quarter, 21st " 6th " 1 " morning.


[^1]


## APRIL,

HATH XXX DAYS.

## MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 7th day 6th hour, 22 minutes, afternoon. Full Moon, Last Quarter, 21stu New Moon, 29th " 12" 40 " morning. New Moon, 29th " 12th " 34 " morning.

| ${ }_{v} \mid \mathrm{D} .$ | ble days, \&c. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \text { Sun } \\ \text { Rises } \\ \text { S S } \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. } \alpha \in \text { S. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{\substack{1 \\ \hline}}{\text { Satu }}$ |  | 5456 |  | 4024 | 819 |
|  |  | 5436 |  | 447 | 924 |
| 4 Tue | President Harrison, U. S. died | ${ }^{5} 416$ |  | ${ }^{5} 10$ | 1028 |
| 5 Wed | 1841. | ${ }^{5} 396$ |  |  | 1129 |
| Thu | Revolution in Brazil, 1831. | ${ }_{5}^{5} 35$ | 29 | 519 | Horn |
| ${ }_{8}^{7} \mathrm{Fri}$ |  | 5336 | 30 | 641 | 111 |
|  |  | 32 | 31 |  | 153 |
| 10 Mon | John Tyler, President, U. S. | 5306 | 32 |  | 231 |
| 11 Tue |  | ${ }^{5} 286$ |  |  | ${ }^{3} 3$ |
| 12 Wed |  | 256 |  | 8811 |  |
| Thu | Roman Catholics Emancipated, | 546 | 5 | 854 | ${ }_{4} 32$ |
| 15 | Good Friday. 1829. | 5236 | 37 | 916 | Rises |
| 16 Sun |  | 21 |  |  |  |
| Mon | Great fire at Kingston, 1840. | 186 |  |  | 9 9 10 59 |
| ${ }_{19}^{18}$ Tue | (rat fro kingon, 1840 | 5166 | 41 |  | 1155 |
| -19 Wed |  | 5156 | 421 | 11 | Morn |
| ${ }^{20}{ }_{21}^{20}$ Thu |  | 5136 | 43 | 1123 | 037 |
| ${ }^{2} 1$ | Riot at Montreal, 1832. | 5126 | 4511 | 1144 | 114 |
| Sun |  | 10 | 4612 | 12 | 142 |
| 24 Mon |  | 96 | 4712 | 12 |  |
| 25 Tue | Cromwell born, 1599. |  | 4913 | 1344 | ${ }_{2}{ }_{2}$ |
| ${ }^{26}$ Wed |  |  | 5013 | 1323 | 316 |
|  | York (Toronto) taken, 1813. |  | 5113 | 1343 | 337 |
| Sat |  |  | 5214 | 20 |  |
| 30 Sun | London University founded, ${ }^{5}$ |  | 5411 |  | 18 |

5th moNTH,
MAY,
HATH XXXI DAYS.

Sweet May! with flowery chaplets bound Of Hope and Love and Youth and gladness
Wind-winged Emblem, Sister of Joy!
Whence comest thou? the Alpha and th' Omega
Of our Ephemeral spring.

## MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 7th day, 3rd hour, 40 minutes, morning. Full Moon, 13th " 5th " 50 " afternoon. Last Quarter, 21st " 11th " 10 " morning. New Moon, 28th " 2nd " 10 " morning.

| $\sqrt{\mathrm{D}}$ | ble days, \&c. | $\left.\right\|_{\text {Rises }} ^{S \text { Sun }}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Sun } \\ & \text { Sets } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \text { Suns } \\ \text { Declen } \end{array}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. $\overline{\text { Mon }}$ |  | 4596 | 655 | $14^{\circ} 57$ |  | 924 |
| 2 'Tue |  | 458 | 656 |  |  | 10 |
| 3 Wed |  | 4576 |  | 15 | 3311 | 11 |
| $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} 4 & \text { Thu } \\ 5 & \text { Fri } \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1156 |
| 5/ ${ }^{\text {Fri }}$ |  | 4556 |  |  |  | Mor |
| ${ }_{7}^{6}$ Sisun | Great Earthquake in St. Domin- | ${ }_{4}^{4} 547$ |  | 16 |  |  |
| 8 Mon | Dreadful rail road disaster in | 4527 |  | 1659 | 59 | 12 |
| 9 Tue | France, 1842. | 4517 |  | 1715 |  | 15 |
| 10 Wed |  | 4507 |  | 1731 |  | 2 |
| ${ }_{12}^{11}$ Fri | Hamburgh destroyed by fire, | 4497 |  | 1747 | 7 | 25 |
| ${ }_{13}^{12} \mathrm{Fri}$ |  | 4487 |  | 18 |  | 32 |
|  |  | 4477 |  | 18 |  | Rise |
| ${ }_{15} 14$ Mon | Vaccination first used, 1796. West India Steamer Medina | 4467 |  | 18 |  |  |
| 16 Tue | lost, 1842. | ${ }_{4}^{4} 4437$ |  |  |  |  |
| 17 Wed |  | 4427 | 711 | 1914 |  |  |
| 18 Thu |  | 14417 |  |  |  | 148 |
| 19. Fri |  | 4407 | 713 | 1941 |  | Morn |
|  | York Minster burned by a | 4397 |  | 1954 |  |  |
| ${ }_{22}^{21}{ }_{2} \mathrm{M}$ M | died, 1834. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 Tue |  | 4367 | 716 | $20 \quad 30$ |  |  |
| ${ }_{25}^{4}$ Wed | Queen Victoria born, 1819. | 14367 | 17 | $20 \quad 42$ |  | 1 |
| ${ }_{26}^{5}$ Thi | Canton Bombarded by the Bri- | 4357 | 18 | 2053 |  |  |
| ${ }_{27}^{26} \mathrm{Fri}$ | tish, 1841. | 4347 | 192 | 21 |  |  |
|  |  | 4347 | 20 | 2114 |  | 321 |
| ${ }_{29}^{28}$ SUN |  | 4337 | 21 | 2124 |  | Sets |
| ${ }_{30}^{29}$ Mon |  | 432 | 22 | 2134 |  | 811 |
| ${ }^{30} 1$ Tue |  | 32 | 222 | 43 | 9 | 919 |
| Wed |  | 4317 | 23. | 2152 | $29$ |  |

Death hath nothing in it terrible, but what life hath made so.

6th month

First Q Full M Last $Q_{1}$ New M

DM D. W. 1

| 1 | Thu |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Fri |

3 Sat
4 Sun
Br
5 Mon
6 Tue
7 Wed R
8 Thu
9 Fri
10 Sat
11 Sun
12 Mon
13 Tue
14 Wed
15 Thu
Fir
${ }_{17}^{16} \mathrm{Fri}$
18 Sus
19 Mon
20 Tue
Ma
21 Wed
22 Thu
Ed
23 Fri
24 Sat
25 Sun
26 Mon
27 Tue
28 Wed $\mathbf{Q u}$
29 Thu
30 Fri
Greatness

Unhappy he, who in this season pent
Within the dusty gloom of City lane
Pines for the flowery paths and woody shades
Of Nature's verdant Empire, good and fair
From which the love of lucre or of power
Enticed his youthful steps.

## MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 5th day, 9 th hour, 51 minutes morning Full Mzon, 12th " 2nd " 26 " afternoon. Last Quarter, 19th " 3rd " 45 " morning. New Moon, 27th " 2nd " 36 " afternon.

| $\text { DM } \mathbf{n . w .}$ | memorable days, \&C | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Sun } \\ \text { Rises } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sun } \\ \text { Sets. } \end{gathered}$ | Sun's Declen | Moon R.ors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Thu |  | $\overline{430}$ | $\overline{724}$ |  | 1032 |
| 2 Fri |  | 430 | 725 |  | 112 |
| 3 Sat |  | 430 | 725 | 221 | 61138 |
| 4 Sun | British Whig Ministry voted out | 429 | 726 | 222 | Morn |
| 5 Mon | 1841. Grand Jubilee of | 429 | 726 | 223 | 00 |
| 6 Tue | George III, 1809. | 429 | 727 | 223 | 026 |
| 7 Wed | Reform Bill passed 1832. | 428 | 728 | 2243 | 058 |
| 8 Thu |  | 428 | 728 | 2249 | 130 |
| ${ }_{9} 9 \mathrm{Fri}$ |  | 428 | 729 | 22 | 156 |
| 10 Sat |  | 428 | 729 | 22 | 237 |
| 11 Sun |  | 428 | 730 |  | 323 |
| 12 Mon |  | 428 | 730 |  | Rises |
| 13 Tue |  | 428 | 731 | 2312 | 96 |
| 14 Wed |  | 428 | 731 | 23 | 946 |
|  | First Parliament of Canada, | 428 | 732 | 23 | 1013 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|} 16 & \text { Fri } \\ 17 & \text { Sri } \end{array}$ |  | 428 | 732 | $23 \quad 21$ | 1041 |
| 18 Sun |  | 428 | 733 | 23 | 11.4 |
|  |  | 4 | 33 | 23 | 1127 |
| 19 Mon | Magna Charta Signed, 1215. | 429 | 7342 | $23 \quad 26$ | 1149 |
| 20 Tue <br> 21 Wed | Victoria Queen of Great Bri- | 429 | 734 | $23 \quad 27$ | Morn |
| 21 Wed <br> 22 Thu | tain, 1837. | 429 | 734 | $23 \quad 27$ | 08 |
| ${ }_{23}^{22}$ Thu | Edward V Murdered, 1483. | 429 | 734 | $23 \quad 27$ | 035 |
| 23 Fri <br> 24 Sat |  | 429 | 735 | $23 \quad 27$ |  |
|  |  | 430 | 735 | $23 \quad 26$ | 133 |
| 26 Mon |  | 430 | 35 | 2325 | 215 |
| 27 Tue |  | 430 | 752 | 23 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 2\end{array}$ |
| 28 Wed | Queen's Coronation, 1838. |  |  | 19 |  |
| 29 Thu |  | 4317 | 75 | 2316 | 912 |
| 30 Fri |  | 4317 | 3512 | $23 \quad 13$ | 940 |

Greatness may build the Tomb, but goodness must give the Epitaph.

The heavens in solemn stillness, see!
Black watery inists and rolling clouds conspire
To wage the awful elemental war !
Lightuing, its fatal light and power displays;
Hear ye the thunder of His power, Behold!
The thirsty land receive th' abundant rain,
And praise the God of nature's vast domain!

## MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 4th day, 2nd hour, 18 minutes, afternoon.
Full Moon, 11th " 0th " 21 " afternoon. Last Quarter, 19th " 8th " 56 " morning. New Moon, 27th " Oth " 58 " afternoon.


AUGUST,

## Attempered suns arise

Sweet beam'd and shedding oft through lucid clouds A pleasing calm, while broad and brown below Exteusive harvest hangs their heavy head.

## MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 2nd day, 6th hour, 42 minutes, afternoon. Full Moon, 10th " 0th " 10 " morning. Last Quarter, 18th " 2nd " 5 " morning. New Moon, 22nd " 9th " 51 " morning.

|  |  | E days, \&c. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sun } \\ \text { Rises } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sur's } \\ & \text { eeclen } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 Tue | America discovered, 1498 . | 457 | 715 | 5180 | 808 |  |  |
|  | 2 Wed |  | 457 |  | 517 | 753 |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{4}$ Thu |  | 458 | 714 | 417 | 738 | 11 |  |
|  | Fri |  |  |  |  | 722 |  |  |
|  | Sat | Death for Burglary abolished, 1833 |  | 712 | 217 | 76 |  |  |
|  | Sun <br> Mon | 1833. [British, 1839. |  | 711 | 116 | 650 |  |  |
|  | Tue | Ccapation of Caboul by the | 52 | 710 | 016 | 633 |  |  |
|  | W |  |  | 7 | 816 | 616 |  |  |
| 10 |  | Lonis Pmitpe elected King of | 4 | 7 |  | 559 |  |  |
|  | Fri |  | 55 | 76 |  | 542 | Rise |  |
| 12 | Sat |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Sux | Dishops no longe eligible for | 57 | 7 |  | 7 |  |  |
| $14$ | Mon | Canada, 1841. | 58 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Tue |  | [510 |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 430 \\ 412 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| 16 | Wed |  | 511 | 6 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thu |  | 512 |  | 3 | 34 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 5136 | 655 |  | 15 | 0 |  |
|  |  |  | 46 | 654 |  | 55 | 1 |  |
| $21$ | Mon | Treaty of Washington signed, | 515 | 653 |  | 36 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & z_{1} \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | Tue |  | 5166 | 651 | 12 | 16 | 01 |  |
| $23$ | Wed | Wallace beheaded, 1305 | 5178 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $24$ | Thu | shington taken by the British, | 5196 | 647 |  | 115 |  |  |
| $25$ | Fri | 1814. | 5206 | 645 |  | 55 |  |  |
| ${ }_{27}^{26}$ | Sat |  | 5216 | 643 | 10 | 34 |  |  |
|  | S | Bombardment of Algiers, 1816.5 | 5226 | 641 | 10 | 13 | 7 |  |
| $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 28 \\ & 29 \end{aligned}\right.$ | Mon |  | 5236 | 640 |  | 52 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 524 | 638 | 9 | 31 | 8 |  |
|  | Th |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 26 |  |  |  | $10$ |  |

The love of justice is often nothing more than the fear of suffering injustice.


Catch thon, $\mathbf{O}$ eatch the transient hour! lmprove each moment as it flies, Life's a short summer, Man a flower, He dies, Alas! how soon he dies!

## MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon, 8th day, 6th hour, 32 minutes, morning. Last Quarter, 16th " 9th " 15 " morning. New Moon, 23rd " 2nd " 51 " morning. First Quarter, 29th " 9th " 58 " afternoon.



Is it now fitting that on winter's eve,
When time is plenteous on the Yeoman's hand,
Tkat any of his humbler sons should pine
For lack of culture in this favor'd land?
That need-full knowledge in this age of light
Should not, by birth, be évery Briton's right?

## MOON'S CHANGES.

Full Moon, 6th day, 7th hour, 16 minutes, afternoon. Last Quarter, 14th " 0 " 53 " morning. New Moon, 21st " 0 " 10 " morning. First Quarter, 28th " 10th " 8 " morning.

| DM | $\mathrm{M} \mid \mathrm{D} . \mathrm{M} .$ | memorable days, ecc. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Sun } \\ & \text { Rises } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sun } \\ & \text { Sets } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Sun's } \\ \text { Declen. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Moon } \\ \text { R.orS. } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 Fri | Alexander 1., of Russia, died, | $\overline{76}$ | 434 | $\overline{21^{\circ} 46^{\prime}}$ | 155 |
|  | 2 Sat | 1825. | 76 | 434 | 2155 | 257 |
|  | 3 Sun |  | 7 | 434 | 224 | 357 |
|  | 4 Mon |  | 7 | 433 | 2212 | 50 |
|  | 5 Tue | Marshall Ney shot, 1815. | 79 | 433 | 2220 | 61 |
|  | 6 Wed |  | 710 | 433 | 2228 | Rises |
|  | 7 Thu |  | 711 | 433 | 2235 | 459 |
|  | 8 Fri | Von Shultz hung at Kingston, | 712 | 433 | 2242 |  |
|  | 9 Sat |  | 713 | 433 | 2248 |  |
| 10 | 0 Sun |  | 714 | 433 | 2254 | 89 |
| 11 | 1 Mon |  | 715 | 433 | 2259 | 919 |
| 12 | 2 Tue | James II. abdicated, 1688. | 716 | 433 | $23 \quad 4$ | 1028 |
|  | 3 Wed |  | 716 | 433 | 23.8 | 1134 |
| 14 | 4 Thu | Washington died, 1799. | 717 | 434 | 2312 | Morn |
| 15 | 5 Fri | Public finneral of Napoleon at | 717 | 434 | 2316 | 044 |
| $16$ | 6 Sat | Boston TeaParty, [Paris, 1840. | 718 | 434 | 2319 | 20 |
| $17$ | $7 \text { SUN }$ | 1773. Great Fire in New | 718 | 434 | 2321 | 318 |
| $18$ | 8 Mon | York, 1835. | 719 | 435 | 2323 | 430 |
| 19 | 9 Tue |  | 719 | 435 | 2325 | 546 |
| 20 | 0 Wed |  |  | 436 | 2326 |  |
| 21 | 1 Thu |  | 720 | 436 | 2327 | 5 |
| $22$ | $2{ }^{2}$ Fri | Pilgrims land in New England, | $\begin{array}{ll}7 \\ 7 & 21 \\ 7\end{array}$ | 437 | 2327 | 613 |
| $23$ | 3 Sat | 1620. | 721 | 437 | 2326 | 724 |
| 24 | 4 Sun |  | 722 | 438 | 2325 | 836 |
| 25 | 5. Mon | Christmas Day. | 722 | 438 | 2323 | 938 |
| 26 | 6 Tue |  | 723 | 439 | 2321 | 1042 |
| 27 | 7 Wed | [France, 1832. |  |  | 2318 | 1140 |
| $28$ | 8 Thu | Hereditary rights abolished in | 724 | 440 | 2315 | Morn |
| $29$ | 9 Fri | Steamer Caroline burnt, 1837. | 724 | 440 | 2315 | 145 |
| 30 | - Sat |  | 725 | 441 | 2312 | 248 |
| 31 | 1 Sun |  | 725 | 442 | 238 | 3.49 |

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

The Honourable Austin Cuvillier, Speaker.

Champlain, Ottava, Vaudreuil, Beauharnois, Vercheres, Richelieu, 8t. Hyacinthe, Megantic. Three Rivers, t. C. R. Ogden Rourille, L'Islet, Lotbiniere, Dorchester, Aaguenay, st. Maurice, Rimouski, Kamouraska, Missisquoi, Bherbrooke, Drummond, Yamaska, Gaspe, Bonaventure, Berthier, Quebec, do (city.) Montreal, do. (city,) $\{$ Montmorency, Portneuf, Nicolet, Bellechasse, Leinster, Terrebonne, Two Mountains,
Huntingdon,
Chambly,
Stanstead,
Shefford, Sherbrooke,town E. Hale Glengarry,

Hon. D. Daly
C. R. Ogden S. S. Foster Rene.J. Kimber Stormont, - Papineau John Simpson E. G. Wakefield
L. M. Viger
D. B. Viger T. Boutillier - Walker E. S. Tache J. B I. Noel A. Taschereau E. Parent
J. E. Turcotte M. Borne A. Berthelet R. Jones J. Moore R. N. Watts J. G. Barthe R. Christie J. R. Hamilton
D.M.Armstrong
J. Neilson D. Burnett
H. Black A. M. Delisle Hon. G. Moffatt B. Holmes F. A. Quesnel T. C. Aylwin Jas. Leslie

- Turgeon
- De Witt
M. McCulloch
- Forbes
A. Cuvillier
J. Yule, jr.

M Child
E. Hale

Prescott,
Russell,

Grenville,
Leeds,
Lanark, Carleton,
Bytown, town Frontenac, Hastings. SouthRiding

Durham, do. 2nd do.
do. 4th do.
Simcoe,
Halton, E. R.

Norfolk,
Oxford,
London, town
Essex.
Kent,
Huron,
d
A. McLean D. McDonald Cormuall town W. H. Draper
Cornucall, town S. Y. Chesley
Dundas, J. Crook
\&. Crane
Bro. J. Morris
Brockville, townG. Sherwood
M. Cameron J. Johnston
S. Derbishire Kingto H. Smith, jr. Kingston, town S. B. Harrison Prince Eduards.J. P. Roblin Len. \& Adding.J. S. Caitwright
Northumberland; G. M. Boswell
do. N. do. J. Gilchrist J. T. Williams

Toronto, city $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Hon.J.H.Dunh } \\ \text { I. Buchanan }\end{array}\right.$
York, Ist RidingJ. HerveyPrice
do. 3rd do. J. E. Small L.H.Lafontaine E. Steele
C. Hopkins
do. W. R. J. Durand Wentuorth, H. Smith
Hamilton, townA. N. MeNab
Lincoln, N. R. W. H. Merritt do. S. R. D. Thorburn
Haldimand, D. Thompson
Niggara, town H. J. Boulton
Middleser Fincks
W. B. Lindsay, Chief Clerk Assembly. William P. Patrick, First Office Clerk. Willian Winder, Librarian. Geo. Chisholme Eaq., Sergeant-at-Arms.

Chas Fitz
First
Last
First 'T
Last
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Last

## GOVERNMENT OF CANADA.

## McLean

 McDonald H. Draper Y. Chesley Crook CraneMorris Sherwood Cameron Johnston Derbishire Smith, jr.
B. Harrison P. Roblin Cartwright
M. Boswell
tilchrist I. Williams n.J.H.Dunh uchanan IerveyPrice

Snall L,Lafontaine Steele Hopkins ourand Smith
N. MeNab
H. Merritt Chorburn Chompson . Boulton Powell Iincks arke H. Killaly rince Toods Dunlop

## GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Bagot, K. G., \&c. \&c. \&a Chief Secretary, R. W. Rawson, Esq. EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.
Hon'bles. Robert Baldwin*, Edward Bowen*, L. H. Lafontaine*, J. H. Dunn, Jno. Stewart. Louis Panet, A. W. Cochrane, Geo. Pemberton, Hugue Heney, H. H. Killaly, F. Hincks, S. B. Harrison, Jas. E. Small*, A. N. Morin*, T. C. Aylwin*. Clerl, Etienne Parent.
Prorincial Secretary, East, Hon. D. Daly, " " West, Hon. S. B. Harrison, " Registrar, " Hon. R. A. Tucker, East,
Attorney General, East, Hon. L. H. Lafontaine,
Solicitor " West, Hon. Robert Baldwin,
Solicitor " East, Hon. T. C. Aylwin,
" " West, Hon. James E. Small.
Receiver General. Hon. J. H. Dunn, Inspector General, Hon. F. Hincks. Surveyor General, IIon. Thos. Parke.
Board of Works-Secretary, Thos. A. Begley, Kingston.
Common Schools-East, J. B. Mellieur, Superintendanh West, Rev. R. Murray, do.
Provincial Penitentiary-H. Smith, Warden, Kingston.
" " Felix Fortier, Inspector.
Crown Lands-Hon. A. N. Morin, Commissioner.
Indian Affairs-S. P. Jarvis, Chief Superintendant.
Government Printers-S. Derbishire \& George Desbarats.
Court of Chancery, Toronto, 1843.-The Governor General, ex-officio, Chancellor; Hon. R. S. Jameson, Vice Chancellor; J. G. Spragge, Master in Chancery; Wm. Hepburne, Registrar: Felix Fortier, Clerk Crown in Chancery.

Court of Probate.-Wm. Hepburne, Official Principal; Chas FitzGibbon, Registrar.

## LAW TERMS.

First Easter Term-First Monday in February.
Last do.-Second Saturday following First Monday.
First Trinity Term-Second Monday in June.
Last do.-Second Saturday following Second Monday.
First Michaelmas Term-First Monday in August.
Last do.-Second Saturday following First Monday.
First Hilary Term-First Monday in November.
Last do.-Second Saturday following First Mondey.

* Alse, Quean's Counsel.

| DISTRICTS. | wardens. | clerks of the peace. | TREASURER. | sheriffs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bathurst, | Alex. McMillan, |  |  |  |
| Brock, Berthier | P. B. DeBlaquiere | W. Lapenotiere, Woodstock, | T. M. Radenhurst, <br> H. C. Barwick, | J. A. H. Powell, Jas. Carroll, |
| Beanharnois, | Wm. Harrison, |  |  |  |
| Chaudiere, | John Lambly, |  |  |  |
| Colborne, | Geo. A. Hill, | W. C. Wrighton, Peterboro' | John Gilchrist, | W. S. Conger, |
| Dalhousie, Dorchester, | Thomas McKay, | Dr. Christie, | D. O'Sonnor, | W. S. Conger, |
| Eastern, | Alex. Frazer, | Jas. Pringle, Cornuall, | Alex. McLean, | Aex. McMartin |
| Gaspe, | Jno.' Weteņhall. | A. Gifford, Hamilton, | H. Y. Beasley, | Allan McDonell, |
| Home, |  | eo. Gurnetr, Toronto, |  | Martin Sheppard |
| Huron, Johnstone, | Wo. Dunlop, | D. Lizars, Goderich, | Henry Ransford, | W. B. Jarvis, H. Hyndman. |
| Kamouraski, | A. N. Buel, | J. Jessop, Brockville, | A. N. Buell, | Adiel Sherwood, |
| Lake 2 Mountains, London, | D. DeHertel, |  |  |  |
| Leinster, |  | J. B. Askin, London. | John Harris, | Jas. Hamilton, |
| Muntreal, Midland, | Joseph Faribaul John AIolson, | A. M. Delisle, and |  | [W.F.Coffin, |
| Miesisquoi, | John B. Marks, | Jis. Nickalls, Kingston, | David J. Smith, | hn Boston, and <br> A. Corbett, |
| Newcastle, | Walt. Bosw |  |  |  |
| Niagara, Dicolet, | D. Thorburn, | C. Richardson, Niagarct | Z. Burnham, <br> D. McDougalt, | Henry Ruitan, Wm. Kingsmill, |

R. P. Hotham, L'Orignal, |T. H. Johnsm,

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Ottawa.
Prince Edward,

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| Wm. Baker, | Jis. Nickalls, fingston, |
| :--- | :--- |
| Walt. Boswell, | T. Ward, Cobourg, |
| D. Thorburn, | C. Bichardson, Niagarat; |
| James Brads, |  |





## Registrars of Counties, for 1843.

| Carlton,......................... A. Alex. Mc Millan, Richmond, |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Durham, $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .$. Thomas Ward Po.t Hope, |  |
| Glengary,.....................Jamps Askin. Sandwich, |  |
| Frontenac,..................... Charles Stewart, Kin, |  |
| Grenvill | Pa |
| Hastings,....................... Allan Mc |  |
| Huron, ....................... Thomas Racey, Dundas, |  |
|  |  |
| Kent, ........................ W. Jones, |  |
| Lanark, .......................G. T. Burke, Perth, |  |
| Lenox and Addington,......... Allan Mc Lean, King |  |
| Middleesex,...................... M. Burwell. Port Burwell, |  |
|  |  |
| Northumberland, ...............J. Walsh, Viltoria, |  |
|  |  |
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|  |  |
| Prescott and Russell, ........... Peter Freel, L'Orig |  |
|  | n 1 ce Lean, Mingstom, |
| Simcoe |  |
| Simeoe,. ....................G. Lnunt, Ho |  |
| Waterlon, .....................H. W. Peterson. i $^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Wentworth, .................. Sir Allan Mc Nab, $\boldsymbol{H}$ |  |
| Quehec | George H. Ryland, |
| Montreal,..................... Edward Dowling, |  |
| Portneuf, ..................... Henry Paul, |  |
|  |  |
| Three Rivers,................ ${ }^{\text {C, }}$, N. Montizamber |  |
| Berthier,.....................Hector S. Huot, |  |
| Terrehonne, ................. . . . . Raymond, |  |
| Two Mountaius,................ D. D. Hertel, |  |
|  |  |
| St. Hyacinthe,................). F. . |  |
|  |  |
| St. Hyacinthe,...............James Holmes, | Missigquo |
| Sherbrook, .................... W. W. Rickeline, |  |
|  |  |
| Nicolet, ...................... William Robins, |  |
|  |  |
|  | Dorchester, ....................E. A. A. Bo |
| 8t. Thomas,.................. A. G. Conilla |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Bonaventure.................... A. ${ }_{\text {R }}$ W Ri |  |
| Gaspe, $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .$. W. A. Hale |  |

Mayor, Clerk, Ch
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Secret
Treas
The $\boldsymbol{F a}$ New Gaol May and

Trustee Rons, G P. clair.

TOR
President street. L

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Treasur
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members.
Collector o
A. Mercer Orillia;
Jarvis, Tor

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## CITY OF TORONTO.

Mayor, Henry Sherwood. Chamberlain, A. T. MaCord. Clerk, Charles Daly. Office, City Hall, Market Square.

Population, by census, Oct. 1842.-15,661.

## BIBLE AND TRACT SOCIETY.

President, Hon. J. H. Dunn. Secretaries, W. McMaster, and Lucius O'Brien, M. D. Depositary, James Carless Yonge Streel.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, H. D.

President, Secretary, Treasurer,
E. W. Thompson,

Geo. D. Wells, Uffice, 150, King St. William Atkinson.

The Fairs and Fat Cuttle Show take place in front of the New Gaol and Court House on the second Wednesday of May and October in each year.

## TORONTO HOSPITAL.

Trustees.-Dr. Widmer, J, F. Smith, H. D. Grąestt, W. Rons, G P. Ridout, J. R. Armstrong, Esqrs. Steward, J. Sinclair.

## TORONTO MECHANIC'S INSTITUTE, 1831.

President, W. T. Leach, M.A. Secretary, C. Sewell, King street. Library and Lecture Room in Market Buildings.

TEMPERANCE REFORMATION SOCIETY, 1840.
Treasurer, Jesse Ketchum Esq. Secretary, Alex,Christie, King street. This society now embraces upwards of 2000 members.

Collector of Customs. W.M.Kelly, Office, Yonge St.Wharf.

## MARRIAGE LICENSE AGENTS.

A. Mercer, Toronto ; J. Sinclair, Richmond Hill; G. Aller, Orillia ; W. Boswell, Whitby ; W. Osier, Bond Head ; S.E. Jarvis, Toronto Township.

## ©

Important changes have been ordered by the Home Go vernment in the management of this department in Canada. The rates of postage are to be diminished, and the patronage hitherto vested in the Depury Postmaster General will be excreised by the Governor. With faithful and responsible Courcillors this additional power in the Executive may be made greatly conducive to the public good.

## QUEEN'S COLLEGE, KINGSTON.

PROFESSORS.<br>Logic and Mental Philosophy, Classics and Modern Languages, Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, T. Liddell, D.D P. C. Campbell, A.M. Annual charge for Tuition, £10.

## VICTORIA COLLEGE, COBOURG.

The Faculty.-Rev. Egerton Ryerson, D.D., Principal, with the Department of Theology and Moral Science; Rev. J. Hurlburt. A.M., Professor of the Greek Language and Literature; Rev. D. C. Vannorman, A.M., Professor of the Latin Language and Litovature; W. Kingston, A.M., Professor of Mathematics, with the charge of the English Department ; Rev. J. Spencer, Teacher in the English Department.

Rev. John Beatty, Treasurer, | Mr. Robert Webster, Stezcard.

## The Palo de Vaca or Cow Tree.

This remarkable tree is a native of Caraccas, South America, and is so called because incissions made into its trunk are followed by a profuse flow of thickish milk slightly yiscid, destitute of acridity, and exhaling a very balsamic odour.

The trunk of the Palo de Vaca sometimes measures twenty feet in circumference five feet from the root, this colossal stem runs up sixty feet uninterupted by either leaf or hranch when its vast arms and minor branches luxuriantly clothed with foliage spreads on every side full thirty feet from the trunk, and rising to an additional elevation of forty feet, making 100 feet high in all, while its thick roots scarcely penetrates the rocky mountains on which it is found.

## Election Zaw.

Sec. I. Repeals all former Acts relative to Elections.
11. Elections to be held in each Township or $W$ ard as the case may be.
IV. Townships not entitled to hold Town Meetings to be included in the next Townships, both forming one Electoral Township.

VI- Poll to be held where the last Town Meeting was held, and in Cities, at such places in each Ward as the Returning Officer shall apioint.
VII. The Elector to vote only in such Township or Ward with in which the property in right of which he votes lies, and no other under the penalty of $£ 10$.
VIII. Returning Officers may require Electors or Candidates to make oath or affirmation, that they hove not before
voted at such polling place or any other during said election.
XI. Polls to be kept open two daya only, from 9A. M. to 5 P. M.
XVI Returning Officer required to take the bribery oath. XVIII. Returning Officer or Candidate may require voters to take the bribery oath.
XXV. Returning Officer a Magistrate for the time being, with power to apprehend disturbers of the peace, to appoint special Constables and others to assist him doing so.
XXVII. Returning Offices empowered to seize all offensive weapons lound on the persons of electors or others, refusal to give up which, punishable by fine, not exceeding $£ 25$ and imprisonment mot exceeding three Calender months.
XXVIII. Persons convicted of a Battery within two miles of the Poll punishable as above.
XXIX. Candidates convicted of Bribery forfeit their election.
XXX-I. Persons Convicted of Bribery exposed to a fine not exceeding $£ 100$. and if an elector, his vote struck from the Poll Book.
XXXIII. Keeping open Houses and hiring of conveyances In promote the elections of a Candidate, declared unlawful.
All persons who have not resided six calender monthe, except the Returning Officer, Poll Clerk and Constables, in such Township or Ward, not to approach within two miles of the Poll, with offensive weapons-punishable by fine not exceeding $\boldsymbol{f}_{j 0} 0$, and imprisonment for six months.

The abore is a synopsis of one of the most importantacts, if not the most important one, to which the royal assent has been given since the union of the Canadas, and we may regard this assentas a sort of pledge that the Queen's government really imend to do justica to this long misgoverned country. Her Majesty having thus acknowlelged the necessity of a law in this province, to secure the freedom of the exercise of the most sacred right and highest privilege of freemen; the elector hats now a most important duty to per-form-to sustain that Ireedom and to perserve the purity of elections.
In a repesentative government like ours the power of voting is the great moral lever by which the machinery of ResponsibleGovernment is to be moved; there is no other peaceful manner in which public sentiment can be brought to bear upori its administration. This doctrine is now happily recogrized by the highest authority in the land, and it is for the electors now to sustain and adorn it by acting with uprightness, fidelity, and intelligence at the poll.

There is a moral power and grandear about a peaceful elec-: tion which ought to repress all desire to advance mere party interests or private gain,-here there is no need of effigies on processions, drums or fifes, flags or party banners ; thifs busi-

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nese of reason can very well be conducted without such aid, -for here come the majesty of the people to vindicate their rights, redress their grievances, and uphold the institutions of the country.

Value of the Bible-It has God for its author, Salvation for its end, and Truth without any admixture of error for its matter. Were men to drink of this pure river of life instead of the turbid pools formed from its waters-the creeds and dogmas of religious sects, there would be a much greater amount of spiritual Christ-
anity in the world.

## Extract from the Division Court Act.

That the platutiff, in any suit brought in any Division Court, shall enter a copy of his account or demand in writing. which shal be numbered according to the order in which it thall be entered, and thereupon a summons bearing the number of the acconnt or demand on the margin thereot. shall be issurd, which shall be in substance, in the form it the schedule to thise Act annexed, according to the rature of the demand; and a copy of such summons, to which shall be attached a copy of such account or demand, shall he served on the delendant, eight days at least before the day on which the D vision Court shall be holden at which the cause shall be tried; and delivery of such copies of summons and acenunt or demand to the drfendant, or delivery thereof to his wife or ser vant, or any grown person, heing an inmate of his divelling house or usual place of abode, trading nr tealing, shall be deemed a cood service of such summons: Provided always, That personal service on the debtor, of such summons, shall be neeessary io all casts where the amount sued for exceeds the sum of lorty shillinge.
That no such summonsshall be iseued, unless the plaintiff shall, at the time of entering his account or demand, deposit with the Clerk of the Court, for every claim not exceeding twenty shillings, the sum of one shilling, and for every claim exceeding twenty shillings, one twentieth part thereof (neglecting any sum less than six-pence, in estimating such twentieth part,) and if upon the day of the return of any such summons, or at any continuation or adjournment of the said Court, or of the cause for which the said summons shall hitve issued, the plaintiff shall not appear ia person, or by s me other person in his behalf, or appearing, shall not make proof of his demand to the satisfaction of the Court, it shall be lawfil for the Judge, if he shall think fit, to award to the delendant a part or the whole of such deposite money, by way of coste, and as satisfaction for his trouble and attendance, with such further sum as the Judge in his diseretion shall think fit, and to order and compell the plaintiff to pay such further sum, by such ways and means as any debt ordered to be paid by the same Court, can be recovered; but so much of the said depos.

Entering Summons Every hea Every 0 d Every Fx Sivery Not Deposite to thereon,

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## Extract f:

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sion Court, ing. which it hall be nber of the be issucd, lule to thie id; and a a cory of delentlant, sion Court d delivery to the dfany grown ual place service of ervice on all $\mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{a}} \mathrm{t}$ в shillinge. plaintiff d, deposit xceedinis ery claim eof (neg. ch twenany such the sai. lall have me other of ot his wfint for endant a oste, and uch fur, and to sum, by 1 by the id depos-
ite money as shall not be awarded to the delendant, shall be returned on demand to the plaintiff.

## Schedule of Fees.

|  |  | $\mid$ $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { ceeam! } \\ \pm 5, \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Exceed } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { ent } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entering Account and issuing Sum | s. D | s. D. |  |
| Summons to Witness to attend,.. | - ${ }^{1}$ | 13 | 20 |
| Every hearing of a Canse,...... |  | 10 |  |
| Every Oder for payment, |  |  |  |
| Every Execution, |  |  |  |
| Fvery Notice for a Trial by Jury |  |  |  |
| Deposite to pay Jurors and Bailiff's Fees thereon, ................................. | 0 | 0 |  |

For the service of every Summons, Order or other pro- 8. ceeding on each person,...............................
For taking Goods in execution,................................. 20
For everv mile travelled more than two fiom the
Clerk's Office to serve Summons or execute Warrant, 04 Clerk's Office to serve Summons or execute Warrant,
or every mile travelled in taking any person commit-
For every mile travelled in taking any person commit-
ted for contempt to Gaol,.................................
For every Jury sworn..................................... 10
To be paid by the Clerk out of the derosite made.

## Extract from the Common School Act-Common School Commissioners-When Elected--their duties and term of Office.

That at the annual Township or Parish meetings to be held in the month of January. one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and at each succeeding annual meeting, for the Election of 'Township and Parish Officers, there shall be elected in the manner prescribed by Law for the Election of such Offieers, five Commissioners for each and every Township and Parish entitled to elect one District Councillor and seven Commissioner for each and every Township entitled to elect two District Councillors; and the said Commissioners shall be called "Common School Commis. sioners," and their duties 'shall be:
Firstly : To choose, and whenver funds shall be provided for that purpose by the District Council, to acguire a site for a Common School House in each School District in their Township or Parish in which no such Sehool House shall exist at the time this Act shall come in force, and to make an estimate of the cost of such site and of the expense of building a School House and of keeping the same in repair, and an estimate of the cost of furnishing each Common School in the Township or Parish with the necessary fuel and appendages; and to transmit such estimate to
the Clerk of the District Council, in order that tne inhabitants of the respective School Districts may be assessed accordingly.

Secondly: To appoint for each of the School Districts within the Township or Parish one or more of their unmber to superintend the building and repairing of the Common School House in such School District, and the furnishing it with fuel and other necessary things, and generally, to manage the Concerns of the School, and report to the School Commissioners, once in three months, that is to say: on or bofore the first Monday in each of the months of March, June, September and December, the state of such School, the amount of monies received for it, the manner in which such sum has been expended, the number of children above five and under sixteen years of age taught in it, and the number of days they attended.

Thirdly: To agree with and appoint, from time to time, Teachers in the said Common Schools, and to remove such Teachers when they shall find just cause for so doing: Provided alicays, That no person, except he be one of the persons known as les freres de la Doctrine Chretienne, shall be appointed a Teacher in any of the said Schools, unles he be a subject of Her Majesty by berth or naturalization, of good moral character and shall have been examined before the said Commissioners as to learning and ability.
Fourthly: To regulate for each School respectively the course of study to be lollowed in such School, and the books to be used therein, and to establish rules for the conduct of the Schools, and communicate them in writing to the respective Teachers.

Fifthly: To hear and determine all disputes which may arise out of the proceedings of the managing or visiting Commissioners hereinafter mentioned, or other matters of dispute in respect to Common Schools within their 'Township or Parish.

Sixthly: To appoint two or more of their number to visit each Common School in the Township or Parish, once at Jeast in each month, and to report the state of such School, whether the rules and regulations established by the Commissioners are duly observed, the number and proficiency of the scholars the character and ability of the Teitchers, the couduct of the managing Commissioners, and all matters connected with themanagement and well-being of the School.

Seventhly: To grant warrants from time to time upon the District Treasurer, for such sums of money as may be required for paying the Teachers, and defraying the expenses of the several Common Schools within the Township or Parish: Provided aluays, That such warrants shall be signed by a majority of the Commissioners, of which the Chairman shall be one; and that the sum of money to be paid under the same shall in no case exced the amount then appropriated by Law, and collectively for the said Schools respectively.

Eightly: To exhonerate such poor nersons as they may
deem fit, n payment 0 and requir Common

Ninthly book to be meeting authentica book shall successors to attend t record.

Tenthly connected or Parish, third Mons be furnishe
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 ch Teachers cided alicays, s known as da Teacher Her Majesty ad shall have learning andectively the d the bnoks he conduct g to the res-
vhich may iting Coms of dispute p or Parish. ber to visit nce at least ol, whether umissioners he scholars duct of the ected with
e upori the $y$ be requiexpenses of or Parish : gned by a rman shall the same ed by Law,
deem fit, not exceeding ten in eaeh School District, from the payment of the wages of the Teachers, in this Act established and required to te paid for each and every child attending any Common School.

Ninthly: To record and preserve all their proceedinge in a book to be provided for that purrose. the proceedings of each meeting with the names of the Commissionens present, being authenticated by the signature of the Chairman; and such book shall be deliverered over by the Commizsioners to their successors in office, and it shall be the duty of the Town Clerks to attend to all such meetings, for the purpose of making such record.

Tenthly: To report all their proceedings, and all matters connected with the several Common Schools in the Torinship or Parish, to the District Council annually, on or before the third Monday of November, such report being in the form to be furnished by the Superintendant of Education.
Eleventhly: It shall be the duty of the said Common School Commissioners, within ten days after the expiration of their respective periods of service, to deliver to their successors in office any and all books, accounts, vouchers, papers, reports, and other documents, in their possessions, as such Commissioners, and they may in case of default, be thereunto constrained by all lawful way and means.
Commissioners shall remain in office until the annual Parish or 'Township meeting next following' the time of their election, and until others shall be elected in their places : and in case the office of one or more Commissioners shall be vacated by death, relusal to serve, removal out of the Township or Parish, or incapacity, the vacancy shall be supplied by an appointment to be made by the remaining Commissioners, at their first meeting after such vacancy shall occur.

## Temperance.

Deorease of crime in Ireland.-Lord Morpeth stated at a public dinner in Dublin, that arrests for assatilts upon the person, had decreased under the influence of the Temperance Reformation, according to the following ratio:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { In 1837............................ 12,096. } \\
& \text { 1838............................. } 11,058 . \\
& \text { 1839............................. 1,077. } \\
& \text { 1840........................... only } 773 .
\end{aligned}
$$

Is not a cause producing results so salutary, deserving o uriversal commendation and support? Surely it is.
$\Delta n$ interesting fact.-At the great Croton celebration, in New York, in the month of October, when about 200,000 persons had assembled to rejoice in the introducton of pORB watrar from the Croton River, upwards of 40 miles distant from the City - when all classes had for a time released themcelves from business, to enjoy the festivities of the occasion-

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It was stated by a careful observer, that not three cases of intoxication was discovered among so vast an assemblge! What power has produced this mighty change? Knowledgepersuasion, and example. Moderation may have preserved its thousands-Total Abstinence has recovered its tens of thousands, who were hastening to the drunkards grave, and made them blessings to society.
Suicides.-Those men who destroy a healthlul constiretion of body, hy Intemperance, and an irregular life, do au manilestly kill themselves, as those who hang, or poison, or drown themeelves.-Sherlock.
Responsibility of Drunkards.-Persons guilty of crime when drunk, must suffer punishment of the laws when sober.-In Ancient Greece a man received a double punishment in such casea-viz.-one for the crime itsell;, and another for the inebriety which led to it.-The Athenians also, inflicted severe punishment, and made intemperance in a Magietrate a Capital offence. What ta reduction of the Magistracy in Canada, would this law of the Athenians make, were it enforced!

Truth.-Truth, whether in or out of fashion, isthe measureof knowledge, and the business of the understanding; whatsoever is besides that, however authorised by consent, or recommended by rarity, is nothing but ignorance or something worse,-Locke. Whoever knew truth put to the worse in a free and open encounter?-Milton.

A TABLE,
Snowng the number of days from any day in one month, to the same day in any other month. Very useful in Banking business.

| FrJan. | Feb. | Mar | Apr | May | J'ne | July | Aug | Sep. | Oct, | Nov | Dea |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan 365 | 31 | 59 | 90 | 120 | 151 | 181 | 212 | 243 | 273 | 304 | 334 |
| Feb334 | 365 | 28 | 59 | 89 | 120 | 150 | 181 | 212 | 242 | 273 | 303 |
| Mar306 | 337 | 365 | 31 | 61 | 92 | 122 | 153 | 184 | 214 | 245 | 275 |
| Apr275 | 306 | 334 | 365 | 30 | 61 | 91 | 122 | 153 | 183 | 214 | 244 |
| Ma 245 | 276 | 304 | 335 | 365 | 31 | 61 | 92 | 123 | 153 | 184 | 214 |
| Jun 214 | 245 | 273 | 304 | 334 | 365 | 30 | 61 | 92 | 122 | 153 | 183 |
| Jul 184 | 215 | 243 | 274 | 304 | 335 | 365 | 31 | 62 | 92 | 123 | 15 |
| Aug153 | 184 | 202 | 243 | 273 | 304 | 334 | 365 | 31 | 61 | 92 | 122 |
| Sep122 | 153 | 181 | 212 | 242 | 273 | 303 | 334 | 365 | 30 | 60 | 91 |
| Oct 92 | 123 | 151 | 182 | 212 | 243 | 273 | 304 | 335 | 365 | 31 | 61 |
| Nov 61 | 92 | 120 | 151 | 181 | 212 | 242 | 273 | 304 | 334 | 365 | 30 |
| Dec 31 | 62 | 90 | 121 | 151 | 182 | 212 | 243 | 274 | 304 | 335 | 365 |

Note.-Find in the first column, the month from which yo $a$ reckon, then draw a line across, till you are under the required month, and you have the number of days sought for.

- 5 Should it be leap year, and the 29 th of February be included you must add one day.

TABL Sheoving who

| Per Year |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8 | s. |
| 1 | 1 |
| 11 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 |
| 2 | 3 |
| 21 | 4 |
| 3 |  |
| 3 | 3 |
| 31 | ) |
| 4 | 6 |
| 4 | 7 |
| 41 | ) |
| 5 | 8 |
| 5 | 8 |
| 51 | 9 |
| 6 | 10 |
| 6 | 10 |
| 610 | 10 |
|  | 11 |
|  | 12 |
| 710 | 12 |
| 8 | 13 |
| 8 | 14 |
| 810 | 14 |
|  | 15 |
|  | 15 |
| 10 | 16 |
| 1010 | 17 |
| 11 | 18 |
| 111 | 19 |
| 12 | 20 |
| 121 | 21 |

Grafting 7 1 lb . Rosin, pentine nie spread with cold, the pa When a eei strips with t

## 29

TABLE OF EXPENSES, INCOME, OR WAGES;
Sheroing what any sum from $£ 1$ to $£ 1000$ per Year, is per Mondi, Week, or Day.

| Per Year. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Per } \\ \text { Month }\end{gathered}\right.$ | Per Week | Per Day | Per <br> Year. | Per Month. | Per Week. | Per Day. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 s . | s. d. | s. d. | d. |  | $\text { s. } £ \text { s. d }$ | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| 10 | 18 | $0{ }^{0} 412$ | $0{ }^{3}$ |  | 0118 | $0 \quad 50$ | $\begin{array}{lll} 0 & 0 & 81 \end{array}$ |
| 110 | $2 \cdot 6$ | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 7\end{array}$ | 1 | 1313 | 3129 | 053 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 0 & 9\end{array}$ |
| 20 | 34 | 0 91 | $1 \frac{1}{4}$ | 140 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 3 & 4\end{array}$ | 0 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 0 & 91\end{array}$ |
| 2.2 | 36 | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 93\end{array}$ | 1.1 | 1414 | 4146 | 0 | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 0 & 10\end{array}$ |
| 210 | 42 | 0112 | 13 | 150 | 0150 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 5 & 9\end{array}$ | 0 |
| 30 | 50 | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 13 \\ 1\end{array}$ | 2 | 1515 | 5163 | 0 | 0 O 0 10t |
| 33 | 5 | 121 | 2 | 160 | 0168 | $0 \quad 6 \quad 2$ | 0 0 0 10 |
| 310 | 510 | $14 \frac{1}{4}$ | $2 \frac{1}{4}$ | 1616 | 6180 | 0665 | 011 |
| 40 | 68 | $1{ }^{1} 61$ | $2{ }^{\frac{4}{3}}$ | $17 \quad 0$ | $0{ }^{0} 1884$ | 0 6 6 6 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 0 & 112\end{array}$ |
| 44 | 70 | $17 \frac{1}{2}$ | $2{ }^{3}$ | 1717 | 71789 | $0 \quad 610 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 410 | 76 | 183 | 3 | 180 | 01100 | $0 \quad 611$ | 0 1 |
| 50 | 84 | 111 | $3 \frac{1}{4}$ | 1818 | 81116 | $0 \quad 73$ | 0 |
| $5 \quad 5$ | 89 | $20 \frac{1}{4}$ | 3. | 190 | 01118 | 073 | $0{ }_{0} 1101$ |
| 510 | 92 | 2112 | $3{ }^{3}$ | 200 | 011134 | 078 | 0 |
| 60 | $10 \quad 0$ | 233 | 4 | 300 | 02100 | 0116 | 0 |
| 66 | $10 \quad 6$ | 25 | 4 $\frac{1}{4}$ | 400 | 0368 | 015 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 2 & 2\end{array}$ |
| 610 | 1010 | 26 | $4 \frac{1}{4}$ | 50 | 04534 | 0193 | 29 |
| 70 | 118 | 281 | $4 \frac{1}{3}$ | 60 | 0500 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 3 & 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 3 & 31\end{array}$ |
| 77 | 123 | 210 | $4{ }^{3}$ | 70 | 055168 | 1611 | 0 |
| 710 | 126 | $210 \frac{1}{2}$ | 5 | 80 | 06134 | 1109 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 4 & 41\end{array}$ |
| 8 | 134 | 31 | $5 \frac{1}{4}$ | 90 0 | ${ }_{0} 7100$ | 1147 | 0-411 |
| 88 | 140 | $3 \quad 23$ | $5 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1000 | 0868 | 118 512 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 5 & 6\end{array}$ |
| 810 | 142 | $3 \quad 3 \frac{1}{4}$ | 51 | 200 | 16134 | 31611 | $\begin{array}{llll}0 & 10 & 11\end{array}$ |
| 90 | 150 | 3 5 ${ }^{1}$ | 6 | 300 | $0{ }^{1} 25 \quad 00$ | 5154 | 016 |
| 99 | 15 | $3{ }^{3} 71{ }^{2}$ | $6 \frac{1}{4}$ | 400 | 033188 | 71310 | $1 \begin{array}{llll}1 & 1 & 10\end{array}$ |
| 100 | 168 | 310 | $6 \frac{1}{2}$ | 500 | $0{ }_{0} 41 \begin{array}{lll}13 & 4\end{array}$ | 9123 | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 7 & 5\end{array}$ |
| 1010 | 176 | $40 \frac{1}{2}$ | 7 | 600 0 | ) $50 \quad 00$ | 11109 | 11210 |
| 110 | 18 | 43 | $7 \frac{1}{4}$ | 700 | 05868 | 1318 | $118 \quad 4$ |
| 1111 | 193 | $4 \quad 5 \frac{1}{4}$ | $7 \frac{1}{3}$ | 8000 | 6613 4 | 15 | ${ }^{1} 1810$ |
| 120 | 200 | $4 \quad 7 \frac{1}{2}$ | 8 | 900 | $75 \quad 00$ | 1762 | 294 |
| 1212 | 210 | 410 | $8 \frac{1}{4}$ | 110000 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} \\ 83 & 6 \\ 8\end{array}\right.$ | 19 4 7 | $\begin{array}{rrrr}2 & 14 & 9\end{array}$ |

## RECIPES.

Grafting Trees.-The hest grating wax is made of 1 lb . Pitch, 1 lb . Rosin, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{i}$ b. Bees Wax $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~b}$. Hogs Lard, $\frac{4}{4} \mathrm{l}$ of raw Turpentine nielted together.-When in a warm state it may be spread with a brush, on moderately thin brown paper, and when Fold, the paper may be cut into stripes, about $\frac{3}{4}$ inch for use. When a seion has been fitted to the stock, warm one of the strips with the breath, and bind it round both, preseing gently
with the hand, when it will be found to adhere so closely as to exclude both air and moisture.-Fruit trees are found to grow best on declivities.-A small quantity of Lime thoroughly mixed with the mould, is said greatly to ensure their rooting and future growth, (4 bushels do an acre.)
Dressing Ointment for Canker in Horses.-Tar llb. Tallow 1lb. Verdigrise in fine powder 4 ounces-mix together.
Dressing Ointment for Cattle.-Tallow 3 nounds-Tar, Rosin, and Spirits 'Turpentine, each 1ib. Blue Vitriol, Oil of Vitriol, and Alum each 5 ounces-mix carefully for use.

To give the flavour of smoke to meat.-Take Pyroligneous Acid (or Essence of Smoke) and give your Meat two or three coats with a painter's brush; then hang up to dry-This simple process saves both time and expense.
Economy in feeding Horses. - By crushing or bruising Oate, or soaking them a few hours with hot water, it is affirmed a Horse will become fatter on half his usual allowance.

To Restore musty four.-Mix $\frac{1}{2}$ Dram of common Magnesta, with every pound of flour, and it. will greatly improve your bread.

To stop Ravages of Caterpillars from Shrubs Plants, and Vegetables.-Take a chafing dish with lighted charcoal, and place it under the branches of the tree, or bush, whereon are the caterpillars; then throw a little brimstone on the coals. The vapour of the sulphur, which is mortal to these insecte, and the sufficating fixed air arising fron the charcoal, will not only destroy all that are on the tree, but will effectually prevent the shrubs from being at that season, infested with them. A pound of sulphur will clear as many treets as grow on several acres.
Another method of driving these insects off fruit-trees is, to boil together a quantity of rue, wormwood, and common tobacco (of each equal parts), in common water. The liquor should be very strong. Sprinkle this on the leaves and young branches every morning and evening daring the time the fruit is ripening.

To Whiten Straw Hats.-First wash them with soap and water then place in a box along with burning sulphur for an hour.
Excellent Blacking.-Ivory black, ground fine, 4 ounces ; treacle, 2 ounces; vinegar, 3 ol a pint; spermaceti oil, a teaspoonful. If the ingredients are of the best qualities, this blacking will be found exceedingly good. Mix the oil with the black first, then add the treacle, and lastly the vinegar.
To Purify Water for Domestic and other Purposes This method consists in placing horizontally, in the midst of a common water butt, a false bottom, perlorated with a great number of little holes. The butt being thus divided into two
equal part must be light, and which the eylinder, prevent it as to deta into the material servient $t$ economy ; water thu days, and by the rot To a stale qu blown off of a good the crust crumb ab the hangi round wit mencing per stroke operation paper lool not by any it the cros must be as at all 1
How to no particu (March 2 day, or if a week succeedin if a storm the Equii times in 8

There
Eccaleobi hatching dation fro from it. become a short spar private a with iron pipes. T
closely as to und to grow thoroughly their rooting

Tallow 1/b.
-Tar, Rosin, Dil of Vitriol,
gneous Acid three coats This simple
uising Oate, is affirmed a nce.
in Magnesta, mprove your
ubs Plants, ed charcoal, sh, whereon on the coals. hese insects, arcoal, will" effectually Ifested with eets as grow
it-trees is, to nmon tobae quor should ang branchthe fruit is
th soap and Iphur for an
e, 4 ounces ; ti oil, a tea, this blackil with the egar.
urposes e midst of a ith a great ed into two
equal parts, the upper is filled with pieces of charcoal, whieh must be neither too large nor too small, thoroughly burned, light, and well washed. lmmediately under the cock, by which the water enters the butt, must be placed a small hollow eylinder, being merely to break the force of the water, and prevent it from falling upor the charcoal with such ivolence as to detach from any particles of dirt, and wash them through into the lower receptacle; it is of little consequence of what material it is made. This contrivance might be made subservient to the interests of agiculture as well as domestic economy; and it would be highly advantageous to provide water thus filtered for the cattle during the whole of the dog days, and particulary when the ponds and streams are infected by the rotting of hemp and flax.

To Clean Paper Hangings.-Cut into eight pieces a stale quartern loat: with one of these pieces after having blown off all the dust from the paper to be cleaned by means of a good pair of bellows, begin at the top of the room holding the crust in the hand, and wiping lightly downward with the crumb about half a ard at each stroke, till the upper part of the hangings is completely cleaned all round: then go again round with the like sweeping stroke downward, always commencing each successive course a little higher than the upper stroke had extended till the bottom be finished. This operation if carefully performed, will frequently make veryold paper look almost equal to new. Great caution niust be used not by any means to rub the paper hard nor to attempt cleaning it the cross or horizontal way. The dirty part of the bread too must be each time cut away, and the pieces renewed as soon as at all necessary.

How to Prognosticate the Summer.-When there has been no particular storm about the time of the Spring Equinox, (March 21,) if a storm arise out of the east, at or before that day, or if a storm from any point of the compass, arise near a week after the equinox then in either of these cases, the succeeding summer: is generally dry, four times in five. But if a storm arise from the S.W., or W.S.W.. on or just before the Equinox, then the summer following is generally wet five times in six.

## Eggs and Chickens.

There is a machine now in operation in London called the Eccaleobion or "life giving machine," which is capable of hatching 100 Eggs per day: it exhibits at one view every gradation from the newly laid Egg to the perfect Chicken arising from it. Having passed through all its wondrous changes and become a perfectly formed and animated creature within the short space of three weeks. It promises to be a source both of private and national wealth. It consists ol many cells, pointed with iron wire and heated by means ol hot water conveyed in pipes. The temperature required is $99^{\circ}$ Farenheic.

## 3


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