LAST EDITION

# London Advertiser

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46TH. YEAR. NO. 19649 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1909—TWENTY PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

**Special Inducement Trip to Europe Contest. See 6th Page.**

## A BENCH WARRANT ISSUED FOR MISS KINRADE REFUSED AGAIN TO APPEAR AS INQUEST WITNESS

### And the Crown Demands That Her Presence Be Enforced

### ATTORNEYS IN HOT WRANGLE

### Counsel For Florence Claims She Is in Poor Health—Inquest Adjourned.

[By Our Own Man.]

Hamilton, April 23.—"Florence Kinrade,"

"Florence Kinrade."

"Florence Kinrade."

The court crier at the Kinrade inquest tonight uttered the above words, but there was no response.

The crown had waited patiently for the appearance of Miss Kinrade—they had absolutely no intimation that she would not be present, and at 8:45 o'clock, Mr. George Tate Blackstock, K.C., upon the opening of court, instructed the crier to call Miss Kinrade. Then he asked for a bench warrant for her arrest. Dr. Anderson granted the request, although there were objections on the part of George Lynch-Staunton, the Kinrade family lawyer. The warrant was issued immediately on the adjournment of the court, and it will be served, but not likely until Monday, when Miss Kinrade will be brought to Hamilton, to the right of the crown to compel her to give further evidence. Mr. Staunton admitted in the court that Miss Kinrade was acting under his instructions, and he made it plain that he intended contesting the crown's right to further cross-question the girl. It is likely that the numerous trips of Miss Florence, especially her trips to the south, will furnish the greater part of the groundwork of her cross-examination.

Both sides are apparently satisfied as to their position. Mr. Blackstock stated quite emphatically that the crown had the right to compel the girl to give evidence, and that the counsel for the family had no case whatever.

**Staunton's Stand.**

Mr. Staunton, on the other hand, is emphatic in his statement that the crown have far exceeded their authority, and that they can by no means compel Miss Florence to give further testimony. She has been on the stand about seven hours altogether, and the family do not know what possible bearing on the solution of the mystery her trip to the south can have.

Then the big legal battle will commence. The counsel for the Kinrade family will put it up to the crown and will compel them to make the first move.

On the arrest of Miss Kinrade, legal proceedings will be taken to free her, and then the struggle will be on.

It promises to be one of the most unique affairs of its kind in Canada, and will determine perhaps how far coroners juries can go in the matter of cross-examination, and in seeking for clues and motives for the solution of any mystery.

**Crowded Courtroom.**

The crown had no intimation that Miss Kinrade would not be present. It was thought that she would scarcely refuse to answer the crown's subpoena, and there was an eager crowd in the courtroom. As usual the public was rigidly excluded, but nevertheless the room was more than comfortably filled. Every man was either a friend of a juryman or had a friend at court.

There was a large crowd on the outside, clamoring to obtain admittance, as the expected reappearance of Miss Florence Kinrade on the stand had added zest to the case.

**Baum Not There.**

Jimmy Baum Did not make his appearance in court. He is in the city and is guarded at all times by the two detectives, Rogers, of the provincial department, and Pender, of the Pinkerton force. Numerous attempts were made to have an interview with him, in order to get his line of evidence, but without success. Jimmy will not be called until after Miss Florence gives her testimony. In fact, not a particle of new evidence will be submited by the crown until she has again told her story, or such parts of her story as it may suit the interests of the crown to bring out.

The detectives are reticent. They will not discuss the case or their evidence to any great length, and have positively refused to say what they intend doing.

Mr. Lynch-Staunton refused to be interviewed, and would not divulge his line of action.

**A Brief Session.**

The court proceedings last night were brief.

The court room was filled before 8 o'clock, and the coroner and the jurymen were in their places. Mr. Staunton and Mr. Hobson, attorneys for the Kinrade family, were on hand early, but gave no intimation whatever as to the plans of their clients.

At 8:15 there were no witnesses to be seen, and a conference took place between Mr. Blackstock, Chief Smith, the coroner, and Detective Miller.

Shortly afterwards Detective Miller came into the court room, and had a conversation with the jury. He made a proposition to them to have the girl arrested on Saturday morning, and then hold a short session at 2 o'clock, further adjourning until Monday night.

A number of the jurymen objected to a Saturday session. Mr. Miller told Mr. Blackstock of this, and an ar-

(Continued on Page Four.)

**REFUSES TO INDORSE THE KINRADE WARRANT**

Toronto, April 24. — Police Magistrate Denison this morning refused to indorse the coroner's warrant to arrest Florence Kinrade. The whole question of the legality of the warrant outside the coroner's own jurisdiction will be argued at Osgoode Hall Monday morning. Legal men here dispute the coroner's power to order an arrest. All that he can do is to impose a fine of $4. Detective Miller arrived this morning from Hamilton with the warrant. The house where the Kinrades are stopping on Sherbourne street is under surveillance.

## SHOPLIFTER WAS CAUGHT LEFT THE BABY CARRIAGE

### Alleged That She Purloined Goods From a Dundas Street Store and Was Nailed With Them—Fled and Left Perambulator —Much Shoplifting Is Now Going On.

There has been a good deal of sneak thieving from stores going on for some time, and it is about time an example was made of some of the offenders.

Yesterday a leading merchant of the city, who does not wish his name connected with the matter, noticed a woman whom he had been suspicious of for some time enter his store, so he took particular care to keep a count of all the articles that were removable. When she had left he noticed that one of these had disappeared. He immediately gave chase, and soon caught up to the woman, who was wheeling a baby carriage.

**Found the Article.**

Looking under the covers of the carriage, it is alleged, he discovered the missing article, along with several other things that did not belong to him. Seeing that she was discovered, the woman picked her baby out of the carriage and fled.

**Left the Carriage.**

The carriage is now in the merchant's store. The woman has several small children, and the merchant did not wish to put any charge against her, but it is not the first time it has occurred, and if it is not stopped, an example will have to be made. The merchant has since discovered that several other tradesmen have suffered similar losses.

## SPRINGS SURPRISE IN ST. CLAIR MURDER CASE

### Capt. Pringle's Counsel Says That the Dead Man Was Despoiler of Home.

Port Huron, April 24.—Joseph Walsh, one of the attorneys for Capt. Pringle, charged with the murder of George McKinnow, of Mooretown, Ont., in the "Hole in the Wall" saloon at St. Clair last Sunday, caused a great sensation during the police court examination when he dramatically declared the prosecution had in its possession evidence that McKinnow was the despoiler of Capt. Pringle's home, and that McKinnow was the father of a child born to Mrs. Pringle, a child spirited away, according to Walsh, while Pringle was sailing the lakes. The case was adjourned until next Wednesday morning.

## FRANK DARVILLE IS DEAD AT SEATTLE

### Well-Known Londoner Sustained Fatal Injuries—a Railway Accident.

Word has been received from Seattle that Frank Darville, formerly of this city, and son of the late George Darville, is dead, as a result of injuries sustained in a railway accident. Mr. Darville was 31 years of age, and was in the city about a year ago, bringing home the remains of his father for interment. He is survived by one brother, Mervin, of Seattle, and one sister, Mabel, who lives at the corner of Colborne and Simcoe streets. Mrs. Seales, of 21 Becher street, is an aunt of the deceased.

**MANN MUST PAY.**

New York, April 23.—The jury in the libel case of Samuel Dempster, a Pittsburg business man, against Col. William D. Mann, of Town Topics, today returned a verdict awarding the plaintiff judgment for $40,000. The suit grew out of the publication of an article in Town Topics, which, it was alleged, reflected on the plaintiff. Col. Mann is a former Detroiter.

Joseph Bell was picked up last night in a helpless state of inebriation. The man was lying dangerously near the Pere Marquette track, and was taken to the police station for safety.

**TOMOROW — COOL AND SHOWERY.**

FORECASTS.

Toronto, April 24—8 a.m.

Today—Moderate, variable winds; fair and cool.

Sunday—Cool, with easterly winds and becoming showery.

TEMPERATURES.

| Stations. | Today. 8 a.m. | Yesterday. Min | Max. |
|---|---|---|---|
| London | 56 | 29 | 46 |
| Victoria | 46 | 46 | 56 |
| Calgary | 22 | 18 | 42 |
| Winnipeg | 26 | 8 | 32 |
| Port Arthur | 26 | 12 | 30 |
| Parry Sound | 28 | 30 | 42 |
| Toronto | 36 | 33 | 49 |
| Ottawa | 32 | 34 | 46 |
| Montreal | 38 | .. | .. |
| Quebec | 32 | 56 | 48 |
| Father Point | 32 | .. | .. |
| Dawson | .. | 24 | 38 |
| Vancouver | .. | 48 | 59 |
| Kamloops | .. | 46 | 64 |
| Edmonton | .. | 16 | 46 |
| Moosejaw | .. | 8 | 35 |
| Qu'Appelle | .. | 8 | 32 |
| St. John | .. | 36 | 50 |
| Halifax | .. | 36 | 64 |

WEATHER NOTES.

The area of high pressure now covers the Great Lakes and Middle States, and there are some indications that a disturbance will develop in the Southwestern States.

The weather has become a little milder in the Western Provinces, but continues very cool in Ontario and Quebec.

## JUDGE FINKLE'S FOOT WAS BADLY CRUSHED

### Slipped From the Steps of a G T. R. Train at Niagara Falls Today.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Niagara Falls, April 23. — Judge Finkle, of Woodstock, slipped from the steps of Grand Trunk train No. 25, here today, the trucks of one car crushing his right foot badly.

The train was in charge of Engineer Porteous, Fireman Lasendy and Conductor William Wiley, all of London.

No. 25 is due in this city from Niagara Falls at 10 p.m.

## FARMER'S HORSE DID NOT LIKE TROLLEY

### John Carey Narrowly Escaped Injuries on Dundas Street Today.

Mr. John Carey, a Westminster farmer, had a close call from being seriously injured on Dundas street, near Richmond, about half-past one this afternoon, when a horse he was driving became frightened at a passing street car and reared and kicked wildly. The animal finally reared so that it lost its balance and fell backwards, becoming tangled in the shafts and harness, and breaking them badly.

The horse was badly scared, and for a few minutes it was impossible to get near it, as it kicked furiously. Several citizens helped Mr. Carey to get his horse up, and it was found to be uninjured. The shafts and harness were so badly broken as to be useless.

## CITY OF LONDON IS STILL AFTER PLANT

### Ald. Ferguson and Others Will Try to Cinch It for Port Stanley.

The location of the United States Steel Corporation's Canadian plant is not yet definitely settled.

This morning Ald. Ferguson received a letter from Mr. W. H. Beatty of Pittsburg, stating that he had interviewed Mr. A. C. Dinkey, president of the Carnegie Steel Company, and Mr. H. P. Bope, vice-president, and they had stated that the question of locating the Canadian branch was in the hands of Mr. J. S. Farrell, of New York, president of the United States Steel Company.

Mr. Beatty offered to send letters of introduction, and make other arrangements for an interview whenever the local deputation desired.

"I have made arrangements to get in touch with Mr. Farrell," said Ald. Ferguson today. "I will communicate with them, and will find out what chance we have of getting the plant for Port Stanley. When I have obtained this information, we will consider our next move. I am of the opinion that we stand as good a chance as any. In any event, it is well worth trying for.

"We may have to go to New York to see Mr. Farrell and talk things over with him."



MISS FLORENCE KINRADE.

## BLOODY BATTLE AT CONSTANTINOPLE

### Constitutionalists Capture the Capital and Latter's Troops Surrender.

### CASUALTIES ARE HEAVY

**Young Turk Army Gains Complete Control After Morning of Fierce Fighting in Streets.**

Constantinople, April 24. — Fighting between the army of investment under General Mahmoud Schefket and part of the troops faithful to the Sultan, began at 5:45 o'clock this morning in the southwest quarter of Pera, a suburb, within two and a half miles of Yildiz Kiosk.

**Sultan's Troops Surrender.**

Berlin, April 24.—A special dispatch from Constantinople says that the Sultan's troops have surrendered.

**Heavy Casualties.**

Constantinople, April 24.—Heavy rifle firing shortly after 5 o'clock this morning mingled with the occasional rattle of artillery from the heights surrounding Yildiz Kiosk, marked the culmination of the expected clash between the favored troops of the Constantinople garrison and the army of investment which began its advance on the city yesterday. The fighting started in the southwest part of Pera, near Yildiz Kiosk, between the troops under General Mahmoud Schefket, commanding the army of investment, and part of those loyal to the Sultan. The Saloniki troops attacked the Matchka and Tasch Kischla barracks, south of Yildiz Kiosk, where they met stubborn resistance. It is reported that the casualties are heavy.

The firing caused a panic in the city, and thousands began fleeing. Detachments of military cadets, commanded by officers of the Constitutionalists, are protecting the foreign embassies, and every possible means has been taken to prevent disturbances in the city. Major Enver Bey, one of the Young Turk leaders, has sent a company of infantry to guard each legation.

From the houses near Yildiz Kiosk the bodies of those who met death during the encounter near Tasch Kischla barracks are plainly visible. The streets near the firing line were quickly cleared and non-combatants were ordered to remain indoors to prevent casualties, and the possibility of mob violence, thus leaving the streets for the exclusive movement of the troops.

The public has been warned away from the neighborhood of Yildiz Kiosk, and the lines are impenetratable.

**Began at Dawn.**

Gen. Schfket, commanding the Constitutional army, began fighting in Constantinople at dawn. Word came from the city at midnight saying that the long-expected entry had been made, but people nevertheless went to bed, only to be awakened in the Pera quarter by the sound of artillery and the ragged crash of rifles in the direction of Yildiz Kiosk.

The battalion of the Sultan's household guard occupied Tasch Kischla barracks about 800 strong, and were resisting the advance of the investing army. Expecting an attack, they were deployed outside the barracks, when an officer from Gen. Schefket demanded that they surrender, but they refused.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

**STEAMERS ARRIVED.**

April 23.—At New York—Breslau, from Bremen; Lusitania, from Liverpool; Finland, from Naples.

At Manchester—Caledonian, from Boston.

At Rotterdam—Noordam, from New York.

At the Azores—Slavonia, from New York.

At Barcelona—Antonio Lopez, from New York.

At Marseilles—Madonna, from New York.

## SIZE OF THE FISH CAUSED A FIGHT

### Two Old Sports From Oklahoma" Had a Row, But Are Now Sorry.

Two citizens got in an altercation last night over the relative size of fish they had caught, and the argument became so heated that a row resulted, and they both appeared in court this morning. The men are old friends and one of them happened to be drinking a little too much and lost his head. They both expressed the greatest sorrow that the affair had occurred at all, as they are friends still.

"Well, I will let you both go," said the court, and the men went away together.

## CHOP SUEY CHINK VELLY BAD MAN

### He Took All the Fight Out of Charles Kennedy With a Poker.

Sing Gum and Gum Sing, two Celestials, who keep a chop suey restaurant on King street, near Richmond, were charged before Magistrate Love this morning with assaulting Charles Kennedy, but after hearing the evidence, both Chinamen were honorably acquitted.

Kennedy's story was to the effect that he went into the restaurant with a couple of other fellows and got into an altercation with the Chinaman over a bottle of pickles.

He claimed that the Chinaman hit him on the head with a poker and a billy.

The story as told by Gum Sing was that Kennedy came in in an intoxicated condition, and came behind the counter and kicked him in the stomach.

Sing Gum immediately attacked Kennedy with the poker in order to save his partner.

Kennedy was asked if he had been drinking, and admitted that he had had a couple of drinks.

"Don't you know that you were breaking the law by drinking at all," said the court, "You are only 18 years old. Anyway, I prefer to believe the story of a sober Chinaman to that of a drunken young man. I have never yet found that a Chinaman would attack a person unless he was molested, and I think that you deserved all you got for trying to make a rough house. I dismiss the case."

## DOG POISONER AGAIN

**Fiend Gets in Deadly Work in South London.**

The dog poisoner is now at work in another part of South London, and as a result of his depredations along the Wellington road in the vicinity of Watson street, three pets, two of them pedigreed, are now dead. Another man returned home in time to save a thoroughbred poodle, a harmless pet.

A number of dogs in the northern part of the city have also gone to their doom within the past few days.

The owners are up in arms against the miscreant.

## HALF TON OF DYNAMITE CLEARS NIAGARA GORGE

Youngstown, N. Y., April 24.—Nearly half a ton of dynamite exploded in three separate charges, widened the channel at the mouth of the river and began the tearing of icebergs from the jam further up stream. An iceboat was able to make its way up the Canadian side of the Niagara River for a distance of more than a mile and a half.

## CITY'S LANDS ARE IN BAD SHAPE PORT TANGLE GROWS WORSE

### It Is Now Likely That the City Will Have To Send to England to Get a Transfer of the Property Held in Trust by the Late Edward Adams.

The Port Stanley property is in an acute tangle.

When the deed of transfer, made by Mr. Bowman, was discovered, it was supposed that the whole question had been solved, but such is not the case, according to City Engineer Graydon.

He explains that the city property is divided into two parts by a street. This street has never been opened up, and remains as it was in the beginning.

Half of the property is in the name of Mr. Wm. Bowman, now transferred. The other half is in the name of the late Edward Adams.

Mr. Adams was the first president of the company, and was a director for many years.

**No Deed.**

The street has no deed whatever, and can be opened up at any time if some of the residents of the place desire it.

"I called the attention of the board to these facts," said Engineer Graydon today. "The city should apply to Port Stanley Council and get a deed of the street. I suppose they will have to send to England to have the deed of transfer from the Adams estate executed. Mr. Adams died in England many years ago."

The London and Port Stanley board will consider the question at a meeting to be held shortly.

## NORRIE VERY LOW BUT MAY RECOVER

### Doctors Say Windsor Man Shot by Shea Has a Fighting Chance.

Detroit, April 24.—After an examination, just after midnight at Grace Hospital, Dr. E. C. Hoff said that Norrie, who had been shot by Shea at Windsor Thursday, had a fighting chance to live. Only one ball entered his body, although another bullet hole was in his clothes. The bullet entered his abdomen, and took a slightly upward course. It is believed to have grazed his liver.

An X-ray photograph will be taken. If the ball is in the liver no effort will be made to extract it, unless blood poisoning or suppuration sets in, and renders an emergency operation necessary.

Shea stated before he was locked up that during the evening of the affray Norrie had insulted both Shea and his sweetheart on the floor. The trouble between the men is long standing. Shea, as manager of the Wayne roller rink, prohibited Norrie and his clique from the floor some time ago, and since that time the men have been enemies. Norrie is a fine-looking fellow and is a molder by trade, being employed at the Michigan stove works. He is a brother-in-law of Fred Van Fleet, secretary to Mayor Philip Breitmayer, of Detroit.

Shea lives at 724 Fourth avenue with his widowed mother, of whom he is the sole support. Some years ago he was a ball player of ability, but broke his leg. About three years ago he umpired in the Three-I League and was well liked.

## "BAGS" NORRIE NOW HAS A GOOD CHANCE

### Was Well-Known to Londoners Seventeen Years Ago When He Went to Detroit.

A dispatch from Detroit states that Harry Norrie, the man who was shot at a rink in Windsor by another man named Shea, was born in London 34 years ago. It is alleged that he was known as "Bags" Norrie here.

If he be the person of that name, he was known to Londoners in the latter eighties and early nineties. It is seventeen years since he left the city. He was a burly chap, and was a bootblack and newsboy for years. He had quite a reputation as a fighter, but, it is said, that one day he lost his title to the nickname of "Bage," when he met another newsboy, who won the name from him.

Norrie has not been around here in many years, and it is understood he was doing well in Detroit.

**Will Likely Recover.**

Detroit, April 24. — By being kept quiet and with careful treatment Harry Norrie, who was shot through the liver during a quarrel with Peter Shea in Windsor last Thursday night, has a good chance to recover. By an X-ray examination the bullet has been located and extracted from Norrie's body. Norrie has made a statement, admitting that he was the assailant in the fight at the roller skating rink, and that although Shea handed his coat to a young woman before leaving the rink, and apparently anticipated trouble, he did not begin to shoot until after he was attacked.

Nordie was born in London 34 years ago, and left there with his parents to come to Detroit 17 years ago.

## APPARENTLY DRUNK TOOK EPILEPTIC FIT

**Joseph Brierly Was Removed to Victoria Hospital in a Serious Condition.**

Joseph Brierly was arrested last night for drunkenness, but soon after arriving at the police station he was attacked by what seemed to be a series of epileptic fits, and his condition became so serious that he had to be removed to Victoria Hospital, where he is at the present time.

Brierly is an Indian lister, and it is understood that he has been somewhat intemperate of late.

**Military Examiners.**

The presiding officers at the Royal Military College examinations this year will be Col. Peters, D. O. C., Major Shannon and Lieut. Pope.

## SCHOOL TRUSTEES MEAN BUSINESS

### Will Cut Down Expenditures and Also Increase Their Receipts.

The board of education will not only carry out a policy of retrenchment on expenditures alone, but will make an effort to increase the receipts, especially from non-resident pupils.

There are about 115 Middlesex pupils at present attending the Collegiate. At the present time they pay $1 a month, or $10 a year.

Some of the trustees are of the opinion that the fees should be increased to $1 50 per month, if not more.

This would increase the receipts considerably, and make the proportionate share of the county pupils more equitable.

The special meeting of the board will be held on Tuesday, when this whole question will be gone over, and the policy of economy and efficiency will be enforced.

## CHORUS GIRL WAS TAKEN SUDDENLY ILL

### Local Physician Summoned to Attend a Lady at the Grand Last Night.

Miss Ruth Stanley, a comely young miss in the pony ballet of "The Land of Nod," which played at the Grand last night, was taken violently ill near the end of the second act, and created considerable consternation among the female members of the troupe, as her condition was considered serious. Dr. Alexander happened to be in the house at the time, and was summoned. He administered restoratives, which revived the young lady almost immediately. She was taken to her hotel and spent a restful night.

The collapse was due to overwork and want of rest, as the troupe have had a lot of one-night stands lately, which are a crucial test to any constitution. Miss Stanley left for her home in Norfolk, Va., this morning, as the company disbands in St. Thomas after tonight's performance.

## MADE THINGS LIVELY IN LOCAL BARROOM

### Arthur Lenahan Was Fined $5 and Costs for the Fun He Had Last Night.

Arthur Lenahan appeared before Magistrate Love this morning on a charge of being drunk.

"You are coming here altogether too often for a young man," said Magistrate Love. "I will fine you $5."

When Lenahan was arrested he was charged also with being disorderly, but the charge was not pressed against him.

Last night Lenahan and a companion went down to a local hotel and started to make things lively around the bar by throwing things around.

This is an old pastime of Lenahan's, and he is said to have caused more trouble of this nature than any other man in London. He has been in court on charges of that nature and has been fined.

When the bartender objected to Lenahan's conduct he wanted to fight, and the proprietor was called in. Lenahan wanted to fight him then, and it is said made several attempts to hit him.

Sergt. Down was called and took charge of Lenahan, and he spent the night in the cells.

Lenahan had no money in court this morning and asked for time to pay his fine.

"I will give you until this afternoon to get the money," said Magistrate Love, "and no longer."

## INCREASING ACTIVITY TO LOCAL TRADE

London reports to Bradstreet's say the general outlook continues to improve. Sorting orders are coming along nicely, and the general impression is that the business will move briskly during the coming summer. The building trades are busy and local industries generally report increasing activity.

## Condensed Advertisements.

**No Advertisement Accepted Less Than Fifteen Words.**

Amusements.—Ten cents per line each insertion, or two cents per word if set solid.

Meetings.—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion.

Articles For Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Wanted, Board and Lodgings, Lost and Found, Rooms to Let, and all similar condensed advertisements.—First insertion one cent a word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than fifteen words.

## Births, Marriages and Deaths.

### BIRTHS.

BINDNER—To Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Bindner, 307 Hyman street, on Friday, April 23, 1909, a daughter.

### DEATHS.

JEFFERS — At 536 Dufferin avenue, London, Ont., on Saturday, April 24, 1909, Jane Jeffers, widow of the late Edward Daly, in her 83rd year.
Funeral private, on Monday, April 26, at 2 p.m.
No flowers.

DARVILLE — At Seattle, Washington, on April 22, 1909, A. B. Franklin Darville, son of the late George Darville, formerly of this city.
Interment at Seattle.

BATEMAN—On April 22, 1909, at Strathroy, Margaret, relict of the late C. E. Bateman, of Caradoc, R. S. N., L. W. road.
Funeral will leave her late residence, McKellar street, at 1:30 p.m., for burial at Delaware Cemetery; service at the English Church, Delaware, at 3:15 p.m.

## AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

**GRAND Tonight**
William Faversham
and his company including
**JULIE OPP**
—in—
**THE WORLD AND HIS WIFE**
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1 00, $1 50

**Tuesday Night**
THE NEWEST MELODRAMA
**IT'S NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND**
—or—
The Wanderer's Return.
Full of heart Interest. | Delightful Comedy.
Thrilling Situations.
Seats Now—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

**WEDNESDAY NIGHT**
Reverent, Artistic and Sumptuous Presentation of Richard Wagner's Sacred Festival Play
**Parsifal IN ENGLISH**
Adapted by Wm. Lynch Roberts
THE MOST NOTED PRODUCTION OF THE CENTURY.
Played by a Select Company of 50—ARTISTS—50
During this engagement the curtain will rise at 7:45 sharp. Auditors must be in their seats at rise of first curtain, as no one will be seated during the action of the play.
Seats Monday—25c to $1 50.

**FRIDAY, SAT.** AND SAT. MAT.
Our Humorous Traveller,
**R. G. KNOWLES**
IN HIS "TRAVELS IN FOREIGN LANDS"
Amusement With a Purpose.
**SEATS WED** Mat. 25, 35, 50. Night 25, 35, 50, 75, $1

AUDITORIUM TONIGHT—DR. BANKS, of New York, explorer. Illustrated lecture on "The Orient." Dr. Banks lectures every night this week. Course tickets, 40c. 45l

MR. JOHN CRAIG PRESENTS MISS Edith Miller, contralto, assisted by Mr. Alfred Heath, tenor; Mr. Thorpe Bates, baritone, and Miss Maude Bell, violoncellist, at the Auditorium, Thursday evening, April 29, at 8:30 sharp. Tickets, $1 50, $1 and 75c; on sale at Mr. John Craig's, 284 King street; Mallagh's and Nordheimer's. Plan at Mallagh's book store, Monday. 45c-ywt

**Traction Company**
SUMMER SCHEDULE.
EVERY HOUR TO ST. THOMAS AND PORT STANLEY

## Ocean Tickets

We devote all our time to the sale of tickets to and from the Old Country and the lakes. Rail tickets issued to connect with ocean lines. Agency Allan, C. P. R., White Star-Dominion, Cunard, American, Anchor, Donaldson and other lines. F. B. CLARKE, 418 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

CLOSING APRIL DANCE, PALACE Auditorium, Tuesday evening, April 27. Advanced class every Wednesday evening. Private lessons any hour. Terms reasonable. Call or phone. Dayton & McCormick.

LEARN TO DANCE—RAPID TEACHING. Low rates. Special attention waltz and two-step. R. B. Millard, 345 Princess avenue.

TONY CORTESE, ORIGINAL LONDON Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 181 Maple. Phone 1570.

## OCEAN TICKETS

by all transatlantic lines, outwards and prepaid, by all classes and at lowest rates, at the "Clock" corner, London.
E. DE LA HOOKE, Agent.

## RELIGIOUS MEETINGS.

**"HUNGRY ESAU"**
OR A SOUL TRAGEDY.
Rev. T. T. Shields' Subject in
**Adelaide Street Church Next Sunday Evening**
COME! 47c

**No. 85** April 24, 1909
VALUE, ONE VOTE.

# EUROPEAN TRIP CONTEST OF THE LONDON ADVERTISER

This Vote is Cast For

..... .....
(Name of Candidate.)

As the most popular lady in District No.....
of The London Advertiser European Trip Contest.

VOID AFTER 15 DAYS FROM DATE.

## MEETINGS.

PUBLIC MEETING OF THE RATEPAYERS of school section 21, London Township, will be held in the schoolhouse on Monday, April 26, at 8 p.m. Business of importance to all. J. H. Taylor, secretary. 44c-zxt

MIDDLESEX BEEKEEPERS—SPRING meeting will be held in the City Hall, London, on Saturday, May 1, morning and afternoon sessions. Prominent speakers will take part. Geo. Kimball, president; E. T. Balnard, secretary. 49c-tyw

WANTED—YOUNG MEN TO LEARN automobile business by mail and prepare for positions as chauffeurs and repair men. We make you expert in ten weeks; assist you to secure position; pay big; work pleasant; demand for men great; reasonable; write for particulars and sample lesson. Empire Automobile Institute, Rochester, N. Y. 49c

ALL CITIZENS PLEASE REMEMBER the opening of the Orange Lodge, Tuesday evening, April 27, Society Hall, 694 Dundas. Good local talent. Admittance free. Everybody welcome. 49u-t

## MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—ORGANIST AND CHOIRMASTER for St. James' Episcopal Church, South London. Applications, with testimonials, and stating salary expected, to be mailed before 1st May to Reg. S. Williams, vestry clerk, Box 520, London, Ont. 47-1-wty

LEARN TELEGRAPHY — IT PAYS best. Telegraphers in great demand. Send for prospectus of the most successful telegraph school in Canada, Dominion School of Telegraphy, Toronto. t

LONDON COLLEGE OF COMMERCE offers a grand opportunity for acquiring a practical and beautiful business hand-writing for $3 50. Enter Tuesday or Thursday evening this week. W. N. Yerex, principal. 45n-ywt

MALE COOK WANTED AT ONCE. APPLY Big Bell Restaurant. 48c

CARRIAGE PAINTER WANTED. ABBOTT'S Carriage Factory. 48c

WANTED—CANVASSERS FOR FURNITURE STORE, with references. Fishbein's, 638 Dundas. 48c

EXPERIENCED FARM HAND AT once, single. Lot 6, con. 1, Westminster. D. Mirehouse, Ealing P. O. 47c

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD GENERAL blacksmith and horseshoer. Apply Box 151, Exeter, Ont. 47c

ORGANIZERS WANTED. APPLY TO Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street.

LEARN BARBER TRADE — TOOLS free. New system. Constant practice. Careful instructions. Graduates earn twelve to eighteen dollars weekly. Few weeks complete course. Write for free catalogue. Moler Barber College, Toronto. 40tf

SALESMEN WANTED FOR "AUTO-SPRAY," best compressed air hand sprayer made; sample free to approved agents. Cavers Bros., Galt. 10tf

**HAIRCUT 15c, CHILDREN 10c**
**WM. PUTMAN**
New Barber Shop Over Gillean's.
RICHMOND ST., NEAR DUNDAS. zxt

## FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—HELPER TO WORK ON coats. Apply B. Gidley & Sons, 404 Clarence street. 49c

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN housework; no washing. Apply 178 St. George street. 49c

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED FOR farm house. Apply rMs. John Horton, Brick street. b

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 768 Dundas street. b

WANTED — YOUNG LADY BOOKKEEPER for coal office at once. $6 00 per week to start. Box 44. 49u

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. APPLY 84 King street. 48tf

WANTED—GIRL FOR THE COUNTRY to do general housework. Apply, stating wages, to Box 722, Forest, Ont. 48c-tyw

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD HOUSEMAID; must be a good seamstress; also woman to work by the day. Apply to Mrs. Wilson, 260 Queen's avenue. 47c

DWYER'S EMPLOYMENT BUREAU—Wanted—Generals, housemaids, nursegirls, housekeepers for the country. 591 Richmond. Phone. 47c

A GENERAL SERVANT, WITH REFERENCES; understands cooking; family small. Mrs. Thomas Kent, 90 Central avenue. 45tf

COAT, WAIST AND SKIRT MAKERS wanted. Apply Smallman & Ingram. 42tf

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED PARLORMAID, where housemaid is kept. Apply to Miss Labatt, 572 Queen's avenue. 38tf

## MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas street.

## ARTICLES FOR SALE.

SUNGLEE, THE WONDERFUL HAIR grower and dandruff exterminator. Try it. James Gleeson, 482 York. Phone 2223.

NEW PEERLESS BICYCLES, $35; ALSO second-hand bicycles from $10 up; easy terms. Cunningham's, East London.

FOR CARRIAGE AND WAGON REPAIRING, painting and rubber-tiring, go to Smith's, Maple street.

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP dellvery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A PEASE furnace, pipes and registers, in first-class condition; owner putting in hot water system. Apply 613 Wellington street. 37tf

## ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — FIVE WELL-BRED cocker spaniels. Apply 409 Ridout street. 49c

DEVELOPING—WE DEVELOP YOUR films, Brownie size, for 10c. Let us prove to you the superior quality of our work. Stevenson's Pharmacy, next Opera House, Richmond street. b

BUFF ORPINGTONS EGGS FOR BALANCE of season at special prices. Grand fertility. Inspection invited. Wm. Lawrence, 191 Grey street. 49g-tx

CAB BABY BUGGY, GOOD AS NEW, cheap. Apply Box 46, Advertiser office. 49c

BLACK MINORCA EGGS, $1 AND $1 50 per setting. J. Shrimpton, 828 Van street. b

PRIVATE SALE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, almost new; three-piece mahogany silk-covered drawing-room suite, dark oak sideboard, buffet and dining-table, oak bedroom sets, fine secretaire and bookcase, rockers, tables, gas stove, pictures and mahogany music cabinet, at 318 Hyman street. 49u

IRON FENCE FOR SALE—APPLY AT Collegiate Institute or W. W. Gammage, chairman No. 2 committee, board of education. 23u

FURNITURE FOR SALE, TWO ROOMS, including stove; cheaps, must be sold immediately. Apply 127 Horton street. b

CHICAGO JEWEL GAS RANGE, nearly new, for sale, cheap. Apply 62 Craig street. b

THOROUGHBRED FOXTERRIER PUPPIES for sale, 5 weeks old, handsomely marked. Apply Box 35, Advertiser. b

BUFF ORPINGTON EGGS FROM BIG winter layers, $1 for 15. 9 fertiles guaranteed. 11 Thornton avenue, London. 49u

FOR SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, FIRST-CLASS condition, at a good reduction. Address Box 43, Advertiser. 49n

ABOUT 50 TONS OF HAY FOR SALE. Also one building, 80 feet by 30 feet. Two flats and basement to rent. Apply The George White & Sons Company, Limited. b

FOR SALE—AN INVALID'S CHAIR almost new. Apply 216 Ann. b

FOR SALE — A BORLAND BIKE sulky, in good repair; cheap. T. A. Scott, Vanneck. 48c

PRIVATE SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and books. 89 Ridout street south. 45u

## HOUSEFURNISHERS

FURNITURE, CARPETS, LINOLEUMS, BEDS, ETC.

**Standard Housefurnishing Co.**
656 DUNDAS ST. Open Evenings.

PRIVATE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD furniture at 196 John street. 47c

PRIVATE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD furniture at 169 John street. 47c

FOR SALE—GOOD SECOND-HAND safe. Apply 234 Queen's avenue. 47c

TWO 8x10 PINE TIMBER FRAMES, 16x20x18 high, and other house wreckage. 484 Ridout street. 47tf

YOUNG, SOUND HORSE, GOOD ROADSTER, and also rubber-tired buggy and harness. 19 Blackfriars. 47k

FOR AUTOMOBILES AND ACCESSORIES, they all say Mitchell's Garage, London. A few good second-hand cars left. Get our prices. 23tf-t

**LAWN SEED**
Now is the time to sow Lawn Seed. Use our Lawn Fertilizer and make your lawns look like new. No odor. Sweet Peas in extra choice mixture or separate colors. We keep only the best.
A. J. MORGAN, 113 DUNDAS STREET. tyw

FENCE SLATS—LARGE STOCK, LOW prices for cash. McCann's Saw and Planing Mills, Dorchester Station. ywt

**Flower Bed Border**
Heavy crimped wire, made any height, 5 cents per foot up. Save 30 per cent buying from us and get the best.
**Dennis Wire and Iron Works, Ltd**
FOOT DUNDAS STREET. ywt

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS AT REASONABLE prices for cash or on instalments. Stoves, beds, dressers, hallracks, rugs, etc. Barnes & Co., 364 Hamilton road.

**CEDAR POSTS**
Sound, straight, nice size, eight feet long. Have a look at our Turned Posts for fences.
**GEO. H. BELTON**
Rectory St., North Grand Trunk Railway. xt

**MR. FARMER**
Call and let us show you our Gasoline Engines.
**Scott Machine Company, Ltd.**
York, St., Opp. G. T. R. Freight Sheds. ywt

FOR SALE — WOODWORKING MACHINERY of planing mill, and engine and boiler. Apply Joseph Dudley, Grand avenue. 26tf

**Kodaks and Supplies**
Everything for Amateur and Professional Photographers.
**W. A. McKenzie**
OVER STAR THEATRE.
Phone 346. Opposite City Hall.

A $350 PIANO THAT HAS BEEN USED, now only $190, payable $3 per month; first-class for practicing. Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street.

New work a specialty. Furniture and Pianos cleaned and refinished.
**JOHN WILSON**
HARDWOOD FINISHER.
Hardwood Floors. Estimates given. Iron Beds and Rattan Furniture enameled, etc.
176 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT.

SATURDAY PROBS: Fine; Warmer.

# SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

RICHMOND AND DUNDAS STREETS

## How Are You Getting Along With the New Building?

Inquiries of this nature are numerous these days, and we are glad to hear them, for it tells us that the citizens of London and vicinity feel an interest in their new shopping house, which we are pleased to say is now nearing completion. Plastering and decorating is almost completed. The new elevators are being placed, the flooring will soon be commenced, and by midsummer we expect the new fixtures, counters, glass cases, show windows, etc., **(WHICH ARE NOW GIVING EMPLOYMENT TO DOZENS OF SKILLED WORKMEN RIGHT HERE IN LONDON)** will be ready, and the new section opened to the public with all the equipments, conveniences and appointments of modern store architecture.

Inquiries come from some with a tone of impatience, **BUT WHAT IS WORTH DOING IS WORTH DOING WELL,** and the problem of building a house and living in it while you build is not an easy one, and we have learned it's best not to become over-anxious, but make the best of existing conditions, and remember the advice of the poet: "Learn to labor and to wait." At present we feel safe in predicting completion in about two months.

## Housecleaning Requirements

Best Curtain Stretchers are of the most simple construction. Our No. 1 Stretcher is made with 2½-inch frame, long lengths hinged in centre with strongly-flanged steel plates and thum-screw lock which prevents sagging and adds strength to the frame; shoulder irons on top, which insures the stretcher to set perfectly square; bottom strips fastened with strong clamps, with stationary or movable pins of nickeled steel, which will not rust. Complete with easel attachment. Price for either style, each, **$2.25**

No. 2—Similar to above, with clamps at each corner, and stationary pins only, with easel..... **$1.75**

No. 3—Lighter frames, stationary pins, without easel attachment, each ..... **$1.25**

**Bissell's Carpet Sweepers**
**$2.25 to $4.00 each.**

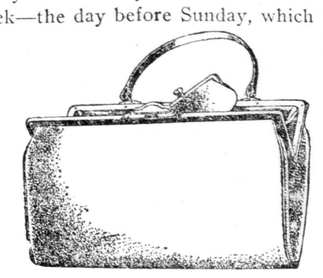
A full assortment of these world-famous Sweepers, with every modern improvement. The satisfaction of buying one of these comes long after the price is forgotton. Ask to see the new ball-bearing samples at, each, $3.00 and $3.25.



HOUSEFURNISHING SECTION—SECOND FLOOR.

## Saturday Means Quick Service at This Store

Everybody is in a hurry on Saturday, which is the last and busiest day of the week—the day before Sunday, which is the day of rest—Saturday means the finest merchandise we can offer, at the lowest price, the closing of the week, and giving us a new calendar to start on.



**COME EARLY TODAY** — We promise quick attention.

## Would a New Leather Bag

Add to the appearance of your Spring Suit? The pretty styles we are showing in Notion Department make passers-by stop and take notice.

We are showing Solid Leather Bags, with gilt and gunmetal trimmings, at from, each ..... **75¢** to **$6.00**

Real Alligator Bags, with or without claws, at, from, each ..... **$3.00** to **$14.00**

Velvet Crocodile, in grey, tan, green and taupe, at, each ..... **$4.50**

Pretty Bags, with dull gilt frames, leather-lined, in tan, grey and green. Each ..... **$3.00**

Double Frame Bags, in tan, brown, green and navy, at, each ..... **$1.50**

Leather Card Cases, Pocketbooks, etc., in great assortment. Notions, east aisle.

## $1.00 Values All-Wool Silk Stripe Black Voile to Mark Next Week's Selling Calendar at 59c Yard.

Monday morning about 80 yards of above Black Dress Goods will be cleared at this very low price. They are in two different styles, very neat, medium width, bright and silky stripes. A dress of this material at the price, 59c a yard, will cost no more than a Muslin or Cotton Voile, as the width is double fold, 44-inch; and you are sure of the colors standing the summer sun, as it is all pure wool and silk. These are just a couple of odd pieces in our stock which seem to have been overlooked in the great collection of these styles that we are showing this season. They have not been cut, so out they go, and 50c for $1.00 value is the mover. Come Monday morning and have your choice.

**STORE CLOSES TODAY (SATURDAY) AT SIX O'CLOCK**

## ARTICLES FOR SALE.

OUR TWELVE AND SIXTEEN-INCH mixed wood is real dry, good quality and mostly split; best hardwood, in blocks or split; Lopez anthracite coal at $6 25 per ton. Green & Co., 495 York street.

CLEARING SALE OF STOVES AND winter mitts. Langford's Hardware, Hamilton road.

Buy it. Try it. Sold Everywhere.
**King Shoe Polish**
PRICE, 10 CENTS; WORTH $10.
KING DRESSING COMPANY,
LONDON AND NEW YORK. ywt

GOODGE'S CAN PLEASE YOU IN drygoods, fancy goods and notions. Corner Bruce and Wortley. ywt

SOUTHCOTT & KETTLE—HARD AND soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 299. Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Prompt delivery. ywt

TREES (FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL), flowering shrubs, rose bushes, vines, clematis and all kinds of climbing plants and vines, and hardy perennial flowering plants. Spruce trees, etc., two feet high, 10c each. Apply Charles Baker, London Nursery, or general postoffice. Phone 2222.

FLOUR, FEED AND SEEDS—ORDERS promptly delivered to any part of city. A trial order solicited. E. H. Walker, 218½ Dundas street. Phone 2956.

**THE OLD STAND**
LIME, CEMENT, TILE, FIRE BRICK, SEWER PIPE, ETC.
**WM. COPP**
(Successor to E. E. Skuse.)
398 YORK STREET. PHONE 1044. ywt

FOR SALE—DRY, HARD SLABS, $1 50 per load; 12 and 16-inch hardwood, $2 per load. Yard, 138 Fullarton street. Phone 1782. 45n

OREGON BICYCLE, DUNLOP TIRES, refinished like new, $15. Gurd's, 185 Dundas street.

FOR SALE—LAUNCH HULL, 16 FEET by 4½ feet, canopy top. R. Gorman, 893 Richmond street. 45n

COVERED WAGON FOR SALE, SUITABLE for grocery or peddling. Apply R. C. Struthers & Co. 44n

STRAWBERRY, RASPBERRY, BLACKBERRY plants, standard old and choice new varieties. Catalogue free. John Downham, Strathroy. 3uk-ywt

FOR SALE—GOOD STEEL FENCE posts. Apply London Rag and Metal Company. 42bu

WHEN IN BRUCEFIELD CALL ON Peter Bowey for your goods. His prices are right, and will be pleased to show you his goods and compare prices with others. P. Bowey. 46bu

TWENTY CARS CEDAR TELEPHONE poles, 20 to 35 feet. Apply for price, Box 105, Ilderton, Ont. 46n

FOR SALE—BLACK MARE (AGED); price reasonable. Also mare colt, rising 2. Main & Collyer, South London. 45tf

FOR SALE—ASPARAGUS AND RHUBARB roots; fine stock. Telephone 782. Main & Collyer, South London. 46tf

THREE DELIVERY WAGONS, BUGGIES and a first-class organ cheap. Scott, Oxford street, opposite Barracks. ywt

## ARTICLES FOR SALE

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID CORSETS. Canadian Lady Corset Company, 355 Clarence street. Agents wanted.

WE BIND
MAGAZINES, MUSIC, BIBLES,
Any Kind of Book.
HAVE YOURS BOUND.
**The CHAS. CHAPMAN CO**
91 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 370. xt

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

INK BARRELS FOR SALE, FIFTY cents apiece. Apply Advertiser office. 47c

COMBINATION SAW TABLE, SAWS, shafting, hangers and pulleys. A. J. Morgan, 113 Dundas street. 47c

KEEP WARM AT SMALL COST—GOOD hard coal, $6 50; good wood, $2 load. Strict attention. Dominion Coal Company. Phone 1788.

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—F. S. Onn, Fish Market. Phone 1296.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

WATCH REPAIRING—L. W. THOMAS, 120 Dundas street, in Emerson's Drug Store.

"GRANNY'S" OLD-TIME SOFT SOAP, for spring cleaning, laundry and all household uses; 5c per pound, or $1 per pail. S. F. Lawrason, corner Adelaide and Nelson streets, London, Ont. Phone 857. 39tf

GOOD SODA WATER FOUNTAIN FOR sale, cheap. C. McCallum & Co., druggists, London, Ont. 47n

THEY ALL SAY FISHBIEN'S, 638 DUNDAS, for furniture, on easy terms. Open evenings. Also ladies' raincoats, skirts and jackets. ywt

**WE REPAIR**
LAWN MOWERS,
CARPET SWEEPERS, WRINGERS,
LOCKS, TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS, Etc.
**PERRY DAVID**
251 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 2958 ywt

## OSTEOPATHY.

HEDLEY V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC physician. Consultation free. 554 Richmond street. Phone 1578.

DR. WHITE, GRADUATE LOS ANGELES College of Osteopathy, member Ontario and American Osteopathic Association. Acute and chronic diseases. Telephone 2628. Office, 212 Dundas street.

## GARMENT CUTTING.

WE FURNISH DESIGNING TUITION of undoubted merit, and modern methods of preparing work for quick construction. Patterns to measure. K. Franks, 243 Dundas street.

## REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE — SEVENTEEN CHOICE building lots, corner Wortley road and Beaconsfield avenue. Eight minutes' walk from City Hall. $10 to $20 per foot. Apply J. W. McLaren, 26 Victor street. b

## PERSONAL.

CARL & ROLLIN, TRUTHFUL, RELIABLE, convincing clairvoyants, foretell your future for dime, stamp and birthdate. 490 North Clark street, Chicago. b

MARRY RICH—BIG LIST OF DESCRIPTIONS and photos sent free, sealed. Address Standard Corresponding Club, Box 607, Grayslake, Ill. 13tf-t

FREE—YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM cradle to grave; what I tell comes true; send three 2c stamps and birth date to E. Gooley, Box 59, Norton Mills, Vt. b

## AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS—IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR an article clearing you over 100% profits, and needed in every house, send for particulars of our household articles at once. R. Nagle, 95 Hallawell, Westmount, Que. 49g-t

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

SOLOISTS, SOPRANO AND CONTRALTO, First Presbyterian Church. Apply, stating terms, Box 39, Advertiser. b

## BUSINESS CARDS.

ELECTRO-PLATING, NICKEL AND antique finishing our specialty. Bicycle parts renickeled. Beltz, 94 Carling.

F. KEENE'S FURNITURE STORE REMOVED to 15 Masonic Temple. Second-hand stoves.

CARPETS REMODELLED, CLEANED and laid promptly; all hand work. W. Thorne, 830 York street. Phone 1764.

PAINTING AND RUBBER-TIRING AT reasonable prices. First-class job. Gould & Mohan, rear 253½ Dundas.

ALL KINDS PAINTING—GRAINING my specialty. Prices right. Work guaranteed. Thomas Boon, 419 Grosvenor. Phone 2351.

## MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

JAS. CRESSWELL, MUSICAL DIRECTOR Grand Opera House—Violin, band and orchestral instruments. 493 King. zxt

STUDIOS — HEINTZMAN'S, DUNDAS, and 570 Wellington; phone 2571. J. Lamont Galbraith, voice production in song and speech. Ave Galbraith, advanced pianoforte.

J. PARNELL MORRIS, ORGANIST AND choirmaster, Dundas Centre Methodist Church. Voice culture, solo singing, piano, organ, theory. 445 Colborne. Phone 1561.

MISS JEAN ROBB, ELOCUTIONIST and soprano vocalist, teacher of elocution. Accepts concert engagements. 250 Queen's avenue.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, PIANO, organ, harmony, counterpoint and singing. Studio, 429 Waterloo. Telephone.

VERNE L. HEWER, CONCERT BARITONE — Vocal instructor, Alma College; leader Wellington Methodist choir. Absolute voice production, breathing and singing. Headquarters, Hewer's Male Quartette and Concert Company, 211 Dundas street, London.

## LEGAL CARDS.

A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC.—Carling block, Richmond street. Private funds to loan.

FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, BARRISTERS. Money to loan. Masonic Temple, London.

CRONYN & BETTS & COLERIDGE, barristers, etc. Huron and Erie building. Private funds to loan. Lowest rates.

BLACKBURN & WEEKES, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., 124 Carling street. G. N. Weekes; H. S. Blackburn.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 160 Dundas, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, 419 Talbot street. N. Parke Graydon; A. H. Marshall Graydon.

STUART & SCANDRETT, BARRISTERS, etc., 98 Dundas. Money to loan. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; T. W. Scandrett.

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, BARRISTERS, etc., corner Richmond and Carling. George C. Gibbons, K.C., Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street.

BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 99. Money to loan. U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B.A.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

McKILLOP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., corner Richmond and Dundas. J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

J. F. FAULDS, BARRISTER, ETC.—Robinson Hall Chambers.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King. Thos. A. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

TENNENT & CAMPBELL, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Money to loan, lowest rates. 78 Dundas.

## SIGNS.

REMOVED TO NEW PREMISES—BUY signs here. Phone 2943. Jenkins Sign Company, 388 Richmond, upstairs, opposite City Hall.

"THE SIGNRY," MARLEY & WEEKES, at the old stand, 272 Dundas street. Original signs, show cards. Phone 1345.

## PHYSICAL INSTITUTE.

MAKING SICK, WEAK, DELICATE people permanently strong. Phone 2565. Corner Maple and Talbot.

## DERMATOLOGY.

MISS BEATTIE, GRADUATE GRAHAM Dermatological School, Chicago—Superfluous hair, moles, warts, permanently removed. Chiropody and manicuring. Room 214, Masonic Temple. tzx

COMBINGS WANTED — SELL YOUR combings, any shade. 223½ Dundas street. ywt

BUTLER'S, 235 DUNDAS—HAIR GOODS, hairdressing, face and scalp treatment. Superfluous hair removed.

# KNOTT & SANGSTER

ROOM 101, MASONIC TEMPLE. PHONE 650

EASY TERMS. WE HAVE A NUMBER OF PROPERTIES THAT WE CAN SELL WITH ONLY $25 AND $50 DOWN. CALL AND SEE US.

SUNSHINE PARK. THE BEST LOTS JUST OUTSIDE CITY LIMITS. WE INTEND TO OFFER PART OF THIS PROPERTY FOR SALE THIS SPRING. THESE ARE THE BEST LOTS OFFERED FOR SALE IN RECENT YEARS. THEY ARE THE LARGEST LOTS. THE HIGHEST LOTS. THE DRYEST LOTS. THE CHEAPEST LOTS. GRADED STREETS. FREE DEEDS. FIRST CLASS TITLE. NO TAXES THIS YEAR. A NATURAL PARK. CALL AND GET A PLAN OF THE LOTS. $5.00 DOWN AND A SMALL PAYMENT EACH MONTH WILL BUY A LOT. CALL AT ONCE AND GET YOUR PICK OF THE BEST LOTS.

CHELSEA GREEN.—WE ARE GOING TO START SELLING THESE LOTS SOON. NOW IS YOUR TIME TO CHOOSE A LOT. $5.00 DOWN AND A SMALL PAYMENT EACH MONTH WILL SECURE A LOT. CALL AND SEE PLAN.

CARFRAE CRESCENT.—THERE ARE ONLY A FEW LOTS LEFT AT $12.00 PER FOOT.

HYMAN STREET—SEVERAL MODERN RESIDENCES SPLENDIDLY SITUATED. CALL AND GET PARTICULARS; FROM $3,300 TO $8,000.

WORTLEY ROAD—2-story red brick, 9 rooms, modern conveniences, mantel and grate, veranda, front and back stairs, cellar under all. Lot 37.6x150 feet. Call for particulars.

WATERLOO STREET—1½-story brick, 9 rooms, modern conveniences. Lot 50x150 feet. Price $3,200.

LAURA STREET — 1½-story brick veneer, cement foundation, 7 rooms, piped for gas. Lot 35x180 feet. Price $1,400.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1½-story frame, cement foundation, 6 rooms, pantry, cellar. Price $1,350.

KENNETH AVENUE—1½-story brick veneer, 9 rooms, veranda, modern conveniences. Lot 32x100 feet. All newly papered. Price $2,500.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1½-story brick veneer, 7 rooms, modern conveniences, cellar under all. Lot 33x136 feet. Price $2,450.

EMERY STREET — 2-story frame, cement foundation, 8 rooms, bathroom, cellar, front and back veranda. Lot 83x261 feet, chicken coops, chicken runs and woodshed. Price $2,000.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1½-story brick, 7 rooms, hard and soft water, gas and fixtures, cement walks, cellar under all. Lot 40x132 feet. Price $2,100.

DAME STREET — 1½-story cement block, 7 rooms, piped for furnace, piped for gas. Lot 30x114 feet. Price $1,650.

CRAIG STREET—2-story frame, brick foundation, 9 rooms, modern conveniences. Call for particulars.

OXFORD STREET—2-story brick, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences, 4 laundry tubs, outside entrance to cellar, porch, cement walks. Lot 30x160 feet. Price $3,250.

HYMAN STREET — 1½-story brick, stone foundation, 10 rooms, all modern conveniences, front and side veranda, side entrance, mantel and garret. Lot 48x150 feet. Call for price.

REGINA STREET—1¼-story brick, 8 rooms, water inside, cellar under all. Price $1,950. Easy terms.

Frame store and dwelling with 5 rooms in north end. Lot 132x168 feet. Call for particulars.

1½-story frame store and dwelling, brick foundation, 6 rooms, electric light, gas and fixtures, water inside. Lot 50x76 feet. In London South. Call for particulars.

Brick store and dwelling in north end, cement foundation, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences. Stock and fixtures. Call for particulars.

To Let—27 Tecumseh avenue—$10.

To Let—$46 Colborne street—$18. Newly papered.

WILSON AVENUE — 2-story brick, stone foundation, 10 rooms, bathroom with bath, good cellar, pump and good well. Lot 154.6x375 feet. Call for particulars.

WELLINGTON STREET—2-story brick veneer, stone foundation, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences, mantel and grate, veranda. Lot 40x100 feet. Price $2,350.

THREE FINE LOTS on Columbia avenue, West London; $160 for the three. Best lots on Oxford Park.

Store and dwelling with good business. Call for particulars.

RIDOUT STREET—2-story red brick, cement foundation, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences. Lot 40x120 feet. Call for particulars.

DUNDAS STREET—2-story brick, 8 rooms, gas and fixtures, cellar, piped for furnace, side veranda, cement walks, barn. Lot 50x190 feet. Price $2,300.

RECTORY STREET—Brick cottage, 7 rooms, gas and fixtures, furnace. Price $1,650. Easy terms.

OAK STREET—Large frame cottage, 7 rooms. Fruit trees. Lot 49½x221 feet. Price $1,000.

SURREY AVENUE—Red pressed brick cottage, 7 rooms, sink and water in the house, wired for electric light, good cellar; lot 34x165 feet. Call for price.

EUCLID AVENUE—1½-story cement block, 7 rooms, modern conveniences, verandah; lot 30x180 feet; stable. Call for particulars.

ST. JAMES STREET—Two-story brick, semi-detached, 10 rooms, modern conveniences; lot 25x165 feet. Call for particulars.

CENTRAL AVENUE—1½-story brick, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences. Lot 38 feet frontage. Price $3,400.

A first-class restaurant doing a splendid business, selling only on account of poor health.

ALMA STREET—Brick cottage, 6 rooms, gas, stable, shed; lot 75x110 feet. Call for particulars.

RIDOUT STREET SOUTH—Two-story brick, 10 rooms, modern conveniences, verandah; lot 102x130 feet. Price $2,500.

HELLMUTH AVENUE—Two-story and attic brick, cement foundation, cement cellar, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences, verandah. Call for particulars.

WILLIAM STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 7 rooms, all grained, water inside. Price, $1,400. Easy terms.

HORTON STREET—1½-story brick, cement block foundation, 9 rooms, large cellar, modern conveniences; lot 26.6x100 feet. Price, $2,500.

SIMCOE STREET—Two-story brick, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences, verandah front and side; lot 42½x78 feet. Price, $3,600.

TO RENT—Two-story brick house, modern conveniences. Rent, $25.

BRUCE STREET—Two-story brick, 4 bedrooms, bathroom complete, water heated from furnace, gas and fixtures, furnace, cellar full size, cement floors, veranda with cement posts, cement walks; lot 40x160 feet. Call for price.

LOTS ON QUEEN'S AVENUE, 45x112 feet, $50 per foot.

WELLINGTON STREET — 1½-story cement block, 9 rooms, piped for furnace, gas and fixtures, pantry, good cellar, poultry house. Call for particulars.

GREY STREET — Two-story frame, brick foundation, 7 rooms, pantry, good cellar. Price, $1,900.

ORCHARD STREET—1¼-story frame, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, water closet in cellar; lot 72x120 feet. Price, $1,550.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, pantry, good cellar, barn; lot 186.8x216 feet. Price, $2,100.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1½-story red pressed brick, slate roof, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, all modern, verandah, cellar under all, fruit trees; lot 30x220 feet. Call for price.

HACKETT STREET—New 1½-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, cellar under all of house, 8 rooms, furnace, piped for gas, pantry, shed, hard and soft water inside; lot 33x165 feet. Call for particulars.

CATHCART STREET—1½-story brick-veneer, 8 rooms, pantry, clothes closets to all bedrooms, linen closet, bathroom complete, and closet separate; lot 96x139.6 feet. Call for particulars.

BRYDGES STREET—Frame cottage, nearly new, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, good well, poultry house; lot 50x150 feet. Only $800.

KING STREET—Two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, grate and mantel, verandah, stable, large lot. Price, $4,000.

LORNE AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, 7 rooms, modern conveniences; lot 26½x100 feet. Price, $2,500.

BRISCOE STREET—1½-story frame, brick and cement block foundation, 8 rooms, water and sink in house, good cellar, shed, poultry house; lot 60x189 feet. Price, $1,850.

**VAUXHALL PARK—BUILDING LOTS** on Egerton street, south of Hamilton road; lots, $150 upwards; take an Oxford street car and see them. For particulars apply to Bayly & Bayly, barristers, city. 43tf-tzx

HIGH STREET—Two-story solid brick, 9 rooms, furnace, piped for gas, verandah, good barn, cement floors, driveshed, nice apple orchard, small fruit, 1¾ acres of land. Call for particulars.

THREE ACRES, seven miles from London—Store and dwelling, barn with stable, good orchard, fine garden land; five minutes' walk to churches and school. $1,300.

ELIZABETH STREET — Two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, good cellar, verandah; lot 45x106 feet. Call for particulars.

WILSON AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, brick foundation, 7 rooms, hard and soft water, verandah; lot 81x150 feet. Price, $2,000.

WOODWARD AVENUE—Frame cottage on posts, 7 rooms, all in first-class order, hard and soft water; lot 60x150 feet, chicken coop. Call for particulars.

BRICK COTTAGE, 6 rooms, water inside, chicken coop, small fruit; lot 50x131½ feet. Price, $1,250.

GREY STREET—2-story frame, brick foundation, 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room and kitchen, summer kitchen, pantry, electric light and fixtures, good cellar, large clothes losets, good veranda. Eight minutes' walk to market. A snap at $2,000.

VACANT LOTS—North end. New survey. Harvard street and Yale street, running east from Waterloo street, and south from Piccadilly street. Some splendid lots in this desirable locality, $200 to $600. A chance of a lifetime; only a few for sale. Must be sold at once. Don't wait, but call and see plan.

TALBOT STREET—2-story and attic red pressed brick, cement block foundation, 4 bedrooms, attic finished in Georgia pine; parlor, sitting-room, dining-room, kitchen, mantel and grate, oak floors downstairs, all modern conveniences, veranda. Lot 31.6x128 feet. A nice home. Call and get order to see house.

RENWICK AVENUE—1½-story frame, cement foundation, 7 rooms, bath and w.c., wired, cellar, veranda, cement walks. Lot 33.3x151 feet. Price $1,650.

KING STREET—2-story brick, 11 rooms, all modern conveniences. Call for particulars.

PICCADILLY STREET—2-story brick veneer, 11 rooms, all modern conveniences, front and side veranda. Lot 40x122 to a lane. Call for particulars.

RESTAURANT BUSINESS for sale. Good reasons for selling. Call.

8 ACRES—5 miles from city limits, soil first-class clay loam, all under-drained, frame story and half house on brick foundation, 7 rooms, 3 clothes closets, drive house and stable and other outbuildings, orchard of about 50 good apple trees besides peaches, pears, plums, cherries and all kinds of small fruits, shade and ornamental trees and shrubs. Post-office, schools and churches within a quarter of a mile. Three railway stations within a mile. Two mails a day. First-class suburban property. $3,200.

ELIAS STREET—1½-story brick, 7 rooms, all modern conveniences. Lot 27x160 feet. Price $2,250.

INGLESIDE PLACE—1½-story brick veneer, cement block foundation, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, verandas, barn. Lot 41x159 feet. Call for particulars.

PRINCESS AVENUE — Just east of Quebec street. New story and half brick veneer, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, all modern conveniences. Lot 37.6x127 feet. Will sell very cheap. Call and get particulars at once if you want a bargain.

PRICE STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 6 rooms, fruit trees, two-fifths of an acre. Call for particulars.

SMITH STREET—Story and half brick veneer, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, good well and pump; lot 33x165 feet. Call for price. Will sell on easy terms.

GREY STREET—1½-story frame, 7 rooms; lot 29.6x165 feet. Price, $1,800.

ADELAIDE STREET—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, summer kitchen, pantry, water and sink in house, small barn. Lot 40x125 feet to lane in rear. Will exchange for 50-acre farm.

WANTED—Farms for sale, near London. We have a great number of inquiries. If you have a farm you want to sell list it with us.

FOR RENT—We have a number of houses to rent at a reasonable rental. Call and see us.

COLBORNE STREET — Two - story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences, veranda; lot 33x144 feet. $2,700.

HILL STREET—Brick cottage, 7 rooms, cellar, gas, hard and soft water; lot 60x198 feet, small barn. Call for price.

YORK STREET—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, stable; lot 25x200 feet. Price, $1,600.

HELLMUTH AVENUE—Two-story red brick, 4 bedrooms, laundry; choice residence. Lot, 40x144 feet. Call.

HYMAN STREET—Fine residence. Call.

EGERTON STREET, south of Hamilton Road—1½-story frame; lot 54x180 feet; $1,000. 1½-story brick; lot 54x180 feet; $2,000. Frame cottage, $700.

ST. JAMES STREET—1½-story brick, modern, $3,000.

SEVERAL FINE RESIDENCES, $5,500 to $14,000.

LOTS ON KENNETH AVENUE—Call for price and size.

OXFORD STREET—Two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, good cellar, verandah; lot 23.6x120 feet. Price, $2,600.

EVERGREEN AVENUE — 1½-story brick, 10 rooms, all modern conveniences, cellar under all; lot 50x160 feet. Call for particulars.

ST. JAMES STREET—Frame cottage, 6 rooms; lot 87x330 feet; a splendid lot. Call for particulars.

SUBURBAN LOTS on city limits north, close to car and street lights; good garden land, fruit trees.

CHOICE CORNER, north, with good frame cottage; lot 132x165.

CORNER OF WILLIAM AND OXFORD streets—Best corner in north end. Also lots in every part of city.

RICHMOND STREET—Two vacant lots near Oxford street, and one near College avenue. The best vacant lots in the north end. Call for particulars.

TO LET—No. 970 Princess avenue, modern, $15, no water rates.

DREANEY AVENUE—Brick veneer cottage, cement block foundation, 6 rooms, good cellar. Lot 33x122 feet. Price, $1,550.

EASY TERMS—We have a number of properties that we can sell on easy terms, $50 to $100 down, and balance in monthly payments. Call and see us if you want a property on easy payments.

WILSON AVENUE—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 6 rooms, pump, barn; lot 60x114 feet. Only $1,000.

WORTLEY ROAD—Two-story and attic red pressed brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 11 rooms, modern conveniences, front and back stairs, veranda; lot 37.6x200 feet. Call and get price.

VACANT LOTS—Wilson avenue, West London, 33x140 feet, $950; facing on breakwater, 40x140 feet, $200.

COLBORNE STREET—Splendid lots $10 to $14 per foot.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. IF YOU HAVE ANY REAL ESTATE YOU WISH SOLD, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU, AND WILL NOT CHARGE IF THE PROPERTY IS NOT SOLD BY OR THROUGH US. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US, AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF HAVING IT WELL ADVERTISED.

THE PROPERTIES ON THIS LIST ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PROPERTIES THAT WE HAVE FOR SALE. CALL AND SEE US.

FORTY-THREE ACRES—A splendid property to subdivide. A money-maker.

**TWO HANDSOME NEW HOMES ON Egerton street, south of Hamilton road; six rooms and bathroom, furnace, hard and soft water; only $1,800 each. Apply Bayly & Bayly, barristers, city.** 43tf-tzx

# ANDERSON & HATCH

Room 22 Phone 2322

BANK OF TORONTO CHAMBERS

**5 ACRES** And beautiful home owned by Mrs. Meyers. On it is a beautiful large residence with every convenience, a large drive barn and coachman's cottage, all kinds of fruit, balance in pasture with running water.

**6 ACRES** —1½-story frame house, 2 barns, fowl house, fruit of all kinds. Close to car line.

**7 ACRES** —Close to city, fitted for gardening purposes, a good dwelling-house and other buildings, also hot house and 10,000 plants to go with the property, beautiful gardening soil.

We have lots of land without buildings upon for sale on the car line, close to Lambeth.

**50 ACRES**—Close to London for sale, crop included, good buildings and in first-class shape. Price away down for quick sale.

**50 ACRES**—Not far from Kelly's Siding for sale and owned by Mr. Thompson. Will exchange for house in city.

The property of F. Meyers will all be sold on May 5th at 4 p.m., on the premises, London Junction. Parcel No. 1—Solid brick 1½-story house, 12 rooms, hard and soft water, gas, etc. Parcel No. 2—Brick 1½-story house, 7 rooms, hard and soft water. Parcel No. 3—Vacant lot 49x156. Parcel No. 4—Vacant lot 40x150. Parcel No. 5—Lot and barn to accommodate 9 horses.

We have a 1¾-story frame in fine condition and modern. Only 5 minutes' walk from postoffice, for sale. Reasonable and must be sold.

For Sale—Household furniture, Monday, at 322 Simcoe street at 10.30 a.m.

For Sale—Household furniture and piano, Tuesday, at 604 Princess avenue, at 10 a.m.

**160 ACRES** Built upon in the west to exchange for a house in city.

**$300** —3-chair barber shop in connection with one of the best hotels in good town.

**$250** —Barber shop, 3 chairs, rent $10 per month.

**$5000** —Brick and tile yard, 40 acres of land, engine, boiler and everything required for manufacturing of tile, etc, good buildings.

**$4000** —Store and dwelling and stock of groceries, close to city.

**$2500** —Stock of groceries. One of the best grocery stores in city.

**$300** —Restaurant and boarding-house, 12 boarders and about 50 mealers.

**$1500** —Grocery stock, rent of house and store $25 per month. A money-maker. Owner going west.

**$750** —Pottery, flower pot machine, machine for making sewer pipe, pug mill engine boilers, hangers, shafting, pulleys, belts, moulds for traps for sewer pipes, etc.

**5 ACRES** Land, new 1½-story frame house, close to city.

**$1800** —2-story brick store, 1½-story brick store in village of Napier, on easy terms. A good stand.

**$3500** —Store and dwelling, stable and stock of groceries.

**$2800** —1½-story brick store and dwelling adjoining city.

**$1500** —Store and dwelling in good village, Middlesex County. Will exchange for city property.

**$4000** —General stock in good village.

See Free Press for additional list.

During the past year we have sold a great number of farms and we would advise farmers who intend to sell to list their farms with us as soon as possible. Remember our terms are: No sale, no charge.

1½-story frame on Emery street, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, cellar, hard and soft water, bath, closet, fruit of all kinds, lot 83x261, chicken coop, etc. Price reasonable.

**$1800** —Lorne avenue, frame cottage, lot 50x150 and stable.

New frame cottage on Florence street for sale for what it cost to build. Owner has no use for it. Inquire.

**$1800** —South London, brick veneer cottage.

London North—Brick cottage, lot 42x109.

**$1650** —South London, 1½-story frame lot 22x198.

**$1300** —London North, 1½-story brick, lot 30x330.

A beautiful building lot, central, and reasonable. Good location. Lot 28x130.

**$2800**—2-story brick, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, cellar, hard and soft water. Must be sold, owner leaving. A bargain.

**$1800** —Wellington street, brick cottage, veranda, etc.

**$1500** —Wharncliffe road, South London.

**$500** —Cement cottage—Lot 33x145.

A large wholesale building, very central for sale or rent. Inquire.

**$1000** —Frame cottage, large barn, lot 50x160.

Frame 1½-story house, London North. See this one.

We have farms in all parts for sale and exchange. If you want to sell now is the time to list them with us. Get your property on the market early if you want to sell.

Special attention to all kinds of auction sales, household furniture or property sold by auction.

J. G. ANDERSON, Money to Loan. PHONE 2322. G. A. HATCH, Auctioneer.

INSURANCE EFFECTED.

## Farm Land a Sound Investment

An investment in Ontario lands is a solid foundation for future independence. Buy a farm now while farms are so cheap on account of the large number of people who are anxious to sell in order to get to the "West," but this rush will soon be over, and the farms in Ontario will increase greatly in price. Farming is one of the best paying industries there is and it affords comfort, enjoyment and health which many of the other occupations do not. The man with a little capital at his disposal will do well to invest it in farm lands. Now is the time to buy! If you have a house and lot you would like to exchange for a farm write and let us know, as we have some very good farms to exchange for a house and lot where the owners on account of old age or other disabilities are unable to work their farm any longer. Write at once for a list of the farms we have for sale or exchange. We have a large number suitable for all kinds of farming.

The following are short descriptions of a few of the farms we have for sale or exchange:

No. 5922—60 acres in the township of Aldborough in the county of Elgin, soil rich sand and clay loam, drained by tile and open drains, 1½-story frame house, frame barn 34x50 and other outbuildings, 6 miles to West Lorne railway station and market. Price $2,500.

No. 5919—50 acres in the township of Dawn, in the county of Lambton, soil clay loam, 42 acres cleared, drained by tile and open drains, 2 acres of orchard, good rock well, 1½-story frame house, stable and other out buildings. Situated 4 miles to Edy's Mills, 8 miles to Dresden. Price $2,000.

No. 5875—50 acres in the township of McGillivray in the county of Middlesex, soil clay and sand loam, 45 acres cleared, 1 acre of orchard, watered by two never-falling wells and small creek, 1½-story frame house, stable and other out buildings. Situated on gravel road, three-quarters of a mile to high school, 2 miles to church, 3½ miles to Parkhill railway station and market. Price $1,600. Will exchange for small place near city or town.

No. 5876—162 acres in the township of Bentick in the county of Grey, soil clay and sand loam, splendid wheat farm, 152 acres cleared, 10 acres of maple and beech, 1½ acres of orchard, 1½-story frame house, frame barn on stone basement 36x90, stable under all barn, other out buildings. Situated 2 miles to church, 6 miles to Durham railway station and market, 2½ miles to Allan Park railway station. Price $3,600. Will exchange for a fifty-acre farm.

For further particulars see today's Free Press or send for our list of farms for sale in any county in Ontario.

## The Western Real Estate Exchange, Ltd

78 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONTARIO.

TELEPHONE 696.

D. H. TENNENT, President. JAMES BURROWS, Manager.

E. R. TALBOT, SAMUEL WILSON, THOMAS BOLES, GEO. B. CROZIER, Valuators and Inspectors.

### REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FIVE-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE, $10 cash and $10 per month. Apply 99 Dundas street. 48n

FOR SALE—SOLID BRICK HOUSE, modern throughout; part cash; Windsor avenue, South London. Phone 2635. 47n

JUST THINK: FEW ELMWOOD AVENUE lots, adjoining Elmwood (Central) and cars. $125 up if taken immediately. Box 45, Advertiser. b

FOR SALE — TWO-STORY FRAME dwelling, five minutes' walk from the market; bath, gas, good foundation and cellar, good cistern; $2,000; must be sold. Anderson & Hatch. 39tf

100 ACRES, LOT 18, CON. 13, LONDON Township. Apply J. X. Logan, 462 Oxford street, city. 35n-wt

MARKET GARDEN ON PIPE LINE, 4½ acres and nice brick house and barn, 2 acres of raspberries; would make fine summer residence; cars pass it; possession at once; $12 monthly to good tenant. Apply Bayly & Bayly, barristers, London. 43tf-tzx

FOR SALE OR TO LET—NEW RED pressed brick residence, one block from Normal School. Apply Cronyn, Betts & Coleridge. 42ug

FIFTY ACRES TO EXCHANGE FOR A house in the city; a well built upon farm; choice land; would sell stock, implements and everything. Anderson & Hatch. 39tf

ADELAIDE STREET, CHELSEA Green—Frame cottage, cement foundation, three bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, water and sink in house; lot 40x115 feet; $100 cash, balance monthly. Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple. 21tf-ywt

# P. Walsh's Bulletin

Look at our Ridout street lots; no better in South London. Several brick houses will be built this coming summer. A few lots left on the Becher Block, Richmond street north.

The boom in building lots in the north end is apparent. The many handsome houses in course of construction on Richmond street and other parts of the north end to the observer leaves no doubt as to the future value of property in this section.

The next rush will be for those lots on the corner of Wellington and Victoria streets. Get our figures now before prices advance.

TALBOT STREET (near Maple street) —1¼-story brick house, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, 5 bedrooms, bath room complete. Lot 40x100 feet. Call at once.

WATERLOO STREET NORTH—2-story brick house, 9 rooms, in good order. Frame barn, lot 38x268 feet. Price $2,400.

If you want a grocery stand in the city call and see us.

WORTLEY ROAD—A new two-story red pressed brick house, reception hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, 4 bedrooms, clothes closet, bathroom, furnace, large verandah, electric light and gas. Lot 37.6x160 feet. Price, $2,800.

OXFORD STREET—A new red pressed brick house, slate roof, 8 rooms and attic, oak floors, hot water heating, verandah. Call for price.

WILLIAM STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern improvements, corner lot. Price $2,500.

WILLIAM STREET—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, good lot. Price $1,500.

PICCADILLY STREET—A new 1½-story frame house, brick foundation, lot 50x110 feet. Price $2,100.

HAMILTON ROAD—Five acres sandy loam. A new 1½-story frame house, 4 bedrooms. Price $2,600. Owner leaving for the west.

ELIAS STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 7 rooms, all modern improvements. Price $2,200.

ASHLAND AVENUE—A new 1½-story frame house, 7 rooms, lot 40x150 feet. Price $1,500.

KING STREET—A large brick warehouse for sale or for rent.

OUR BEST LOTS in West London are on Wharncliffe road and Macdonald avenue, north of Oxford street.

CHEAP LOTS on Egerton, Victoria and Cheapside streets, north; also Wortley road and Wharncliffe road, South London. We have lots in all parts of the city.

PICCADILLY STREET — New two-story brick house, 10 rooms, large verandah, all modern improvements, full size lot. Call for price.

VAN STREET—New 1½-story brick house, 8 rooms, good lot. Price, $1,800.

CHEAP LOTS—On corner of Maitland and Cheapside streets, and corner of Wellington and Victoria streets.

PARTRIDGE STREET—A large frame cottage, 2 bedrooms, bathroom, frame barn; lot 50x150 feet. Price, $1,600.

GROSVENOR STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, clothes closets, bathroom, furnace; nice lot. At a low figure.

WOODWARD AVENUE—A new 1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms; lot 40x150 feet. Price, $1,600.

POTTERSBURG—A large frame cottage, on brick foundation, 7 rooms, in good order; lot 53x190 feet. At a bargain.

EDWARD STREET—A new frame cottage, 7 rooms, good lot. Price, $1,050. Easy terms.

PIPE LINE ROAD—12¼ acres, 1½-story brick and barn.

150 ACRES of light clay loam, spring creek, 10 acres of bush, well fenced, good buildings, in West Williams. Price, $6,500. It will pay you to inspect.

A SPLENDID FARM of 100 acres, with good buildings, lot 19, con. 2, of Nissouri, close to London. Price, $6,500.

CHESTER STREET—Frame cottage, 6 rooms, in good order; lot 66x188 feet. Price, $900.

LORNE AVENUE—A new brick cottage, 6 rooms, good lot. $1,500.

ARGYLL STREET—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, good lot. Price, $1,000.

HAMILTON ROAD—A new 1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, furnace. A complete home for $2,800.

WATERLOO STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 10 rooms, hot water heating, all modern improvements; lot 44x150 feet. Price, $3,200.

RICHMOND STREET—A handsome red pressed brick, stone foundation, hot water heating, 10 rooms, all modern improvements; lot 50x160 feet. Call for particulars.

PALACE STREET—A new 1½-story brick, 7 rooms, modern improvements. Price, $2,400.

ELIZABETH STREET—A large frame cottage, 4 bedrooms, frame barn and lot Price reasonable.

HYMAN STREET — Two new 1½-story brick houses, stone foundation, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, three bedrooms, bathroom complete, furnace, electric light and gas. At a moderate figure to close bargain.

WYATT STREET — A new 1½-story brick, cement block foundation, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, bathroom complete, three bedrooms; lot 33x132 feet. Price $2,250. Cheap.

OAK STREET—A new frame cottage, six rooms, frame barn; lot 33x100 feet. Price $1,150.

WATERLOO STREET—A splendid 1¾-story frame on brick foundation, 8 rooms, stable with some acres.

GREY STREET—A neat frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, deep lot, $1,300.

CHRISTIE STREET—A new brick cottage, 6 rooms; lot 60x150 feet, $1,400.

COLBORNE STREET—Frame cottage, on cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, frame stable; lot 74 feet 5 inches by 330 feet. Price, $1,350. Cheap property.

PRINCESS AVENUE—Near Waterloo street—A splendid two-story brick house, double parlors, dining-room, two kitchens, four bedrooms, bathroom complete, furnace, gas, verandah; lot 33x210 feet. Price, $3,600.

ST. GEORGE STREET, near John street—A new 1½-story brick, up-to-date in every respect. Price, $2,800.

WE HAVE ONE OF THE MOST up-to-date residences in the city. Inspection invited.

WELLINGTON STREET NORTH—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms; good lot. Price, $1,700.

PICCADILLY STREET — New brick cottage, 7 rooms; large lot; price $1,700.

QUEEN'S AVENUE, CENTRAL—1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern improvements. Price, $3,000. Inspect at once.

THORNTON AVENUE—A new two-story red pressed brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, hot water, all modern improvements; lot 40x150 feet. Price, $3,400. Secure it at once.

IF YOU WANT A QUICK SALE LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US. NO EXPENSE UNTIL SOLD.

We have a large list of other properties Call and see us.

**P. WALSH**

PHONE 1021. 425 RICHMOND ST.

House, solid brick, on Askin street. A bargain.

Two-story brick and stable on Victor street. A snap.

We have a number of houses in East End for sale which we can sell on easy terms of payment.

We have a number of first-class farms to sell in every county of Ontario, and some fine suburban property.

If you want to sell your house or farm stock or contents of house, we can do the business.

We are auctioneers for city and country. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices moderate.

List your property with us for sale. Call and see us.

## The London Real Estate

BERT LAWSON, AUCTIONEER.

W. B. REID, AUCTIONEER.

Over Dominion Bank Entrance Talbot street, London. Phone 1895K.

**NEW BRICK COTTAGE, SIX ROOMS, good cellar, at cost, on monthly payments. Apply 133 Langarth street. Phone 2197.** 45c-ywt

# OLD SOL MAY YET SOLVE FALLS PROBLEM

## Summer Sun Will Be Left to Melt Glacier If Today's Charge Fails

Youngstown, N. Y., April 23. — If the 4,000 pounds of dynamite to be exploded in a single charge tomorrow are powerless to launch the giant mass of ice still anchored to the sandbar at the mouth of the Niagara River, the glacier will be there in the sun until it melts. After the last ounce of the explosive on hand this afternoon had been devoted to pulverizing one section of the jam, Engineer Heney A. Kunze declared that the situation had resolved itself into conditions for a supreme effort.

The ton of dynamite which crept in from Niagara Falls early this evening and the second ton which will be sent down the River road in automobiles tomorrow morning will all be divided into 75 bundles, sunk into as many holes outlining a huge semi-circle across the ice, and exploded simultaneously by a special battery to be sent from Buffalo.

It is expected the force of the explosion will either send an iceberg of many acres sailing down the lake or break up the ice, so that the force of the stream can easily bear it away.

"There is still enough ice in the gorge to put all the lower regions in cold storage," observed Mr. Kunze at the close of the day's work. "But we have accomplished just what we set out to do—to open a channel in such a way as to relieve the pressure of the water in the upper river, and thereby to reduce the ice all going out in a mass. I think the danger is past, but we wish to clear the outlet of the river, so that the ice as it gradually breaks can float away without interference."

# TOURING CARS FOR CHIEF ENGINEER

### Power Commission Purchase Automobiles to Aid Construction Work.

The hydro-electric power commission of Ontario have decided to use automobiles for the purpose of quick transit of engineers and to aid expedition in the construction of the Niagara power transmission lines. They have just purchased from the Canada Cycle and Motor Company, a big 50-horsepower touring car for the use of Mr. P. W. Sothman, chief engineer.

In this they have followed the example of the Toronto and Niagara Power Company, whose engineers also use high-powered touring cars for the same purpose.

The cars are subjected to the severest kind of service, as they will be on the go continuously. They will enable Mr. Sothman to keep closely in touch with the work at different points and will be used, not only on the power line between the Falls and Toronto, but on other projected lines to different points throughout the Province.

When a train stopped suddenly a few miles outside Hergatz, in Bohemia, the passengers alighted to find out the reason. They found the guard shaving the enginedriver, who explained that he was about to propose to the young woman in the refreshment-room at the next station, and he had no time to complete his toilet before starting.

# Death or Insanity

NERVOUS, SLEEPLESS, WORN OUT.

EXPECTED TO DIE OR GO CRAZY WITH NERVOUSNESS.

"I could not sleep—I could not rest—was ready to cry on the least occasion—yet I was plump and fat. Can you imagine a more distressing condition than weakness of body and mind?" writes Mrs. Wensley, of Halifax. "I lost myself in a sort of self pity because health seemed so shattered, and with the mental distress that grew with my bodily weakness, I was a burden to myself and a greater burden to my family.

"Though I sought and really needed pity, I got very little, for I did not look so very sick. It was only my nerves that were sick, and anyone who has sick nerves knows too well how awful a sickness it is.

"From the first Ferrozone strengthened my nerves, and it seemed to help them for I became stronger, more composed, slept more and grew more hopeful. When I had taken Ferrozone for about two months I lost that miserable sense of dread. I never could tell what I was afraid of, but expected something dreadful was going to happen me. Ferrozone gave me the strength to throw aside all these fancies and made me well again."

Go at once, to any druggist, get a few boxes of Ferrozone—start right on the road to health and vigor. Ferrozone will keep you there—will show you what it means to be healthy, vigorous, full of nerve energy. Once you're braced up and energized with Ferrozone you'll never again be content with ill-health.

All dealers sell Ferrozone, 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2 50.

## REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—LARGE RESIDENCE, ALL modern conveniences, electric light, gas and grate; first-class condition. Apply 487 King street. 45u-yt

THAT BEAUTIFUL NINE-ROOMED home, high, dry, healthy and pleasant, modern conveniences. 869 Wellington street. Terms to suit. 40tf

## House For Sale

184 WHARNCLIFFE ROAD.

All modern improvements. $2,000.

**R. H. SMITH**

15 Brighton Street.

TWO BUILDING LOTS, ALSO FRAME house, on Charlotte street; snap if sold at once. Apply 832 Lorne, or 611 Dundas. 44n

FOR SALE—TWO HUNDRED ACRES in Delaware Township, estate of late Albert Tiffany, near Delaware village; good buildings. Apply Dr. McLellan, 664 Richmond street. 43a-t

I WILL BUILD YOU A SIX-ROOMED brick-veneer cottage, with cellar and concrete foundation, for $800. Apply Box 6, Ealing P. O. 43n-tyw

# HAINS MAY WITNESS TO PROVE INSANITY

## Counsel for Slayer of Annis to Adopt Unusual Method in Court.

Flushing, L. I., April 23.—After five days of grinding work, productive of only seven men in the jury box, the trial of Capt. Peter C. Hains, jun., for the murder of Wm. E. Annis, at the Bayside Yacht Club, last August, was adjourned today until Monday morning by Justice Garretson in the supreme court.

Three hundred and forty-eight talesmen have been examined so far and a new panel of 150 men has been drawn for Monday. Not an unmarried man has been taken for a juror, as curiously enough, a preference for men of family has been shown by both sides.

The indications now are that the trial will go through without the appointment of a lunacy commission to determine the defendant's present mental condition. Neither side, according to declaration made by each, will take the initiative in applying for a commission, and it is understood that Justice Garretson is not inclined to take the step himself from the study of the prisoner he has so far been able to make in court.

So positively convinced is John F. McIntyre, chief counsel for the defence, of his client's insanity, that he announced today that it was likely he would place Capt. Hains on the witness-stand early in the course of the presentation of the defence and let the jurymen judge for themselves of his mental condition.

Capt. Hains has maintained a stolid indifference to the proceedings throughout the week and has spoken to no one in court, not even to his father, Gen. Hains, nor his brother, Major Hains, both of whom have sat near him each day. To a layman he appears to go and come when told like a child.

# ANGLICAN MISSIONS

### Proposed That an Agent Be Appointed to Work in West.

Toronto, April 23. — The missionary board of the Anglican Church, in discussing the Indian question in the west, today decided to ask the executive committee to consider the appointment of a secretary or missionary agent for the west; also that the apportionment of grants for the west shall be in the hands of bishops

# London Advertiser.

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Windsor—V. E. Marentette & Son.

LONDON, SATURDAY, APRIL 24.


## CANADA NOT CRYING FOR IT.

The Ottawa Journal says that nearly all Canadians are enthusiastically in favor of imperial preferential trade. This assertion could have been made more confidently a few years ago. Many of us are not so enamored of the idea since we have begun to see the shape it is taking in the hands of a British political party. No Canadian dreamed when Mr. Chamberlain launched his propaganda that imperial preferential trade implied a tax upon Canadian products entering the British market. Mr. Chamberlain made no mention of it, and it may not have been in his mind when he adumbrated his scheme before his retirement from the platform, but it is now an essential feature of the programme placed before the electors by the present leaders of the British tariff "reformers." To be sure they propose a higher tax upon foreign than upon colonial produce, but this preference would not alter the fact that the free market of Great Britain, which has been the salvation and the reliance of Canadian agriculture, would exist no longer for this country if the Unionist party were returned to power and fulfilled its pledges. That party is angling for the British farmer's vote, and is offering him protection against Canadian as well as foreign producers. Human nature is the same on both sides of the Atlantic: the British wheat grower would concede no more to his Canadian rival than the Canadian woollen manufacturer now concedes to his competitor from Yorkshire. We should soon see how Mr. Chamberlain's injunction to Britons to "think imperially" in such matters would be mocked by the conflict between British and Canadian interests.

There is another aspect of the imperial trade movement which was not foreseen in its earlier stages. It is now linked with a political organization in Great Britain with which no enlightened and progressive Canadian—certainly no true Liberal—can have sympathy. The Unionist party is the party of privilege, and today is in a peculiar sense the tool of the land monopolists and the liquor interests. Since the party has been out of office it has manipulated the House of Lords so as to thwart legislation against the evils of poverty, drunkenness and unemployment. At the present time its leaders are engaged in an unholy attempt to bring about a war with Germany, and are trying to ride into power on a wave of jingoism. Canadians who believe in democracy and who really "think imperially," would rather forego any benefits that might accrue from imperial preferential trade if these are dependent upon the triumph of the party of reaction in the mother country—especially its triumph over a Government that has so nobly dedicated itself to the work of social reform.

## TWELVE WONDERFUL YEARS.

A set of diagrams accompanying the annual report of the Minister of Commerce very graphically illustrates the growth of Canadian wealth and trade since Confederation. Until twelve years ago the commerce of the country developed very slowly, and toward the end of the old regime it was actually declining. Mr. Foster's last budget in 1896 showed an aggregate trade of $239,025,360. Last year's total was the highest on record, amounting to $650,-793,131. The imports for home consumption in 1896 amounted to $105,361,-161, of which $32,824,505 worth came from Great Britain and $53,529,390 worth from the United States. In 1908 the imports for consumption were $351,879,955, the mother country's share being $94,417,314, and that of the United States $254,648,885, the balance being scattered among other countries.

The exports of Canadian merchandise have considerably more than doubled since 1896. For that year they amounted to $106,378,752, of which $62,717,941 worth went to Great Britain, and $34,460,428 worth to the United States. Last year's total was $246,-960,968, of which $126,194,124 worth went to the mother country, and $90,-814,871 worth to the United States.

One reliable test of general prosperity is afforded by the savings of the people. With the exception of 1908 when there was a slight decline owing to the money stringency, each year has seen great advance. In 1896 the total of the people's savings was $245,029,-143. The total in 1907, the record year, was $679,724,118. Last year it dropped to $650,126,232, but with the return of public confidence and the revival of business activity, there is reason to expect that this year a new high record will be established. Of last year's total, $560,503,775 was deposited in chartered banks and the balance in postoffice, government, and special savings banks.

Another barometer of trade conditions is the amount of discounts of the chartered banks. These in 1896 amounted to $224,507,301. The highest point was reached in 1907, when the total was $639,970,696. The financial flurry was responsible for the drop to $584,732,914 last year.

## THE OPTIMISTS' CLUB.

The Optimists' Club, which was recently organized in New York, and boasts some of the most prominent men of the United States and Canada on its membership list, has as its motto the single word, "Smile." It is a good movement and a good motto, but while the rule is an easy one for a full-fed philosopher, it presents some difficulties to his less fortunate brother.

Optimism, after all, is more or less a matter of environment. The Mark Tapleys, who can "come out strong" under the spur of discouragement, and can only take credit for being "jolly" when life is heavy with discomfiture, are few and far between. And there are conditions in life that call for all that a man has of strength and courage, merely to keep unshaken his faith in the ultimate good, and which leave no margin for the effort to smile on a perhaps too cheerless present.

When one is freed from the more sordid cares of life, and has passed the danger-zone where the battle for mere existence is fought out, there may be time to search for the ripple of light that tinges the darkest cloud. Life's lessons are taught more in retrospect than in prospect, and it was not till fortune had ceased to look darkly on the struggling young playwright that he had the time or the inclination to meditate upon "the uses of adversity."

It is easy for people who live beyond the hunger line, who do not have, day after day, to look into the gaunt face of Want, to turn to the practice of optimism as to a new fad, and to preach its doctrines with enthusiasm. But it is the wolf-cry at the door that makes the pessimist and sends him ever doggedly fighting forward, still unsatisfied.

To be unsatisfied without bitterness is perhaps the greatest gift that life can give to man. And all history springs from that Providence that withholds from men the desire of their hearts, and thrusts them forth, strong and hopeful seekers for some far-off Eldorado. This world-old, stinging hunger of unrest, that spread its sails with Ulysses, or fought with Cortez on the sands of Mexico, or watched the death of Franklin in the frozen silence of the north, and that has sent its stormy acolytes to the frontier line of every land and cause, is that which has made all splendid struggle and all great achievement. A divine discontent has been the source and driving power of the progress of mankind.

To be happy, to be content, to be cheerful—yes. But to be satisfied—never.

"Ah, but a man's reach should exceed his grasp, or what's a heaven for?"

## CAPTAIN MAHAN'S FALSE ALARM

Captain Mahan, of the United States navy, the noted writer on naval subjects, contributes a somewhat alarmist article to Collier's Weekly. He sees a menace in the German navy not only to Great Britain, but to the integrity of the Monroe doctrine, because of Germany's supposed thirst for colonization in South America. Of course the article is a plea for a greater American navy. The military or naval expert is usually an alarmist, and almost invariably he is for piling up armaments without limit. It is extraordinary that in comparing Britain's naval force with Germany's, Captain Mahan should have credited the latter with 17 Dreadnoughts at the end of the year 1912, in spite of the formal pledge of the German Government that the number will not exceed 13.

The idea that Germany cherishes the design of challenging the Monroe doctrine, which would mean war with the United States, and the eternal enmity of the republic, is as preposterous as any of the bogies regularly conjured up to scare people into oppressive military expenditures to serve selfish or partisan interests. The growth of the American navy has postponed the dawn of universal peace, and the United States has lost the opportunity to take the moral leadership of the nations.

Great Britain has more to fear from Germany's school system than Germany's navy.

Our American friends who are agitating for reciprocity had better address their arguments to Washington. It is Uncle Sam's move, not ours.

Christendom is perhaps surprised to hear that there are any Armenians left to be massacred. They must be hold-overs from the last Turkish butchery.

A civic beautification commission has been formed in Toronto with Sir William Ralph Meredith as its head. The city council of London could give the commission some pointers on the management of parks.

A special meeting of the board of education will be held shortly to consider ways and means of curtailing expenditures. For a long time the scale of salaries in this city was too low, and the board had difficulty in getting and keeping good teachers. When the scale was raised the aggregate expenditure took a long jump, but the increase would not have been so noticeable had it begun sooner and been more gradual. The present scale is not high compared with other cities, and there is no money for which ratepayers get better returns than that expended on schools. Whether there are too many teachers or whether some could be replaced with advantage, is of course a different question. The kindergarten staff would be reduced one-half if the teachers were required to work morning and afternoon. Before insisting upon the two sessions the board should consult the experience of other cities, and even if the change is decided upon it should consider whether the full staff should not be retained by increasing the number of kindergartens, and bringing the advantages of the system within the reach of a greater number of children.

The Ottawa Government will establish a department of labor. And the new minister of labor will be, of course Mr. Mackenzie King, who has shown what such a department can do for both capital and labor—and for the protection of that innocent bystander, the public.

Roosevelt is now in the heart of Africa, and in the midst of the big game. He is also under the British flag and will find himself under it almost continually during the peregrinations in Africa, or in Asia if he goes there. "You can't get away from the tune that they play to the bloomin' old rag over'ead."

## THE GRIND.

[Columbus Record.]

Now it so happens that often the things which are most despised are the things which are of most benefit to us and to the rest of the world. That is because it is easier to despise than to stop and consider.

Take this everlasting grind, for instance, about which we hear so much. Nearly everyone speaks flippantly about it. The clerks in the stores will tell you that they are tired of "the everlasting grind." The judges on the bench get tired of it. The businessman vows that as soon as he makes a little more money he is going to take a long vacation and get away from "this everlasting grind." And yet it is all there is of life which amounts to anything—it is all there is which accomplishes things. There is no other road to greatness, or to wealth, or even to happiness, a thing which depends neither upon greatness nor wealth. It is the everlasting grind that counts.

## POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

[Chicago Daily News.]

Rich food maketh a poor appetite.

And a pale, white tooth may have plenty of nerve.

Bread is the staff of life, and mince pie the stumbling block.

The phenomenal tenor commands more than a nominal salary.

About the one thing a chronic borrower will not take is a hint.

People who search for a gas lead with a candle invariably find it.

General Belief and Private Opinion do not belong to the same regiment.

No boy was ever so much attached to the old farm as was the mortgage.

A woman who has to attract attention by improprieties never heads the procession.

There is nothing in the language of flowers so eloquent as a pair of pressed tulips.

## MAUD'S HAT.

[S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.]

Maud Muller was a lady fair
Who wore a large rat in her hair.

Perched on her hair and on her rat,
She wore a brown straw beehive hat.

The judge came riding proudly by,
And seeing Maud, said: "My, oh, my!"

To him she seemed to be a fright,
And so he rode on out of sight.

With sadness that was kin to pain
Maud slowly sauntered down the lane.

She never knew what might have been
But for the hat the judge had seen.

## HER FIRST AND SECOND CHOICE.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]

Next to marrying a titled foreigner, a girl's highest ambition is to become the wife of somebody who is entitled to wear a uniform.

## APPRECIATED.

[Illustrated Bits.]

Young Wife—Don't you admire a man who always says the right thing at the right time?

The Spinster—I'm sure I would if I ever have the pleasure of meeting such a man.

## EASY.

[Kansas City Times.]

Of gardening the city man
Oft little understands,
Yet never fails to raise a crop
Of blisters on his hands.

## NO TARIFF TINKERING.

[Ottawa Free Press.]

Only two tariff changes, and those of minor importance. The Liberals prefer business stability to tariff tinkering.

## A NEW ORDER OF BISHOP.

[Punch.]

"What's that, Bill?"
"Why, you juggins, it's a bishop."
"Wot's he wear a apron for?"
"'Spose 'e's one o' them suffragette bishops.

## PARIS DOCTORS MAY WEAR BADGES.

[Popular Mechanics.]

The Paris Medical Society is considering asking physicians to wear badges in the streets and public places, so that they can be easily found in case of accidents. It is not infrequent for a person in need of medical aid or acting as messenger for someone who is to run for blocks before encountering a doctor's sign, and at any time he might unknowingly pass a physician.

## NATURE FAKIRS' FANCIES.

The cassowary is a bird
That's hard to capture, very,
Folks hunting for her plumes have made
The cassowary wary.
—Kansas City Times.

But once a cassowary strolled
Too near an alligator,
And with one wriggle, snap and gulp
The alligator ate her.
—Chicago Tribune.

The dromedary roamed about,
Nor toiled to fetch and carry,
Until some Yankee fitted out
A dromedary dairy.
—Indianapolis News.

But dromedaries oft are shy,
And this one loathed a spider—
She ran away when one came by,
Because the spider eyed her.
—Cleveland Leader.

Behemoth and some dynamite
Got in a serious fuss;
The detonation left the hip-
Popotamus a muss.
—Monmouth, Ill., Atlas.

An anaconda told a hen
That of her he was fonder
Than all things else. But she soon found
The anaconda'd conned her.
—Middletown, Conn., News.

## A ROAST FOR PRINCIPAL HUTTON

[Toronto News.]

Whatever of good we have the world owes to the agitator. That is the lesson of history. Strikes and trade unionism have given the British workman whatever ease he enjoys. When the battle is won "enlightened moderation" readjusts its monocle and prepares to oppose the next advance, whatever it may be. Against the accomplishments of "horse sense," which Principal Hutton says is "a shade higher than jackass sense," what has 'enlightened moderation" and "university opinion" to show?

## A WIZARD OF FINANCE.

[Life.]

First Struggling Poet—Just think what a wonderful poet Poe was, and they say he sold "The Raven" for $10.

Second Struggling Poet—He wasn't a poet—he was a wizard of finance.

## TOO MUCH RULE.

[Toronto Star.]

The educational system of Ontario seems to suffer from too much government.

## TWO LOVERS.

[Henry Van Dyke, in March Century.]

I envy every flower that blows
Beside the pathway where she goes,
And every bird that sings to her,
And every breeze that brings her
The fragrance of the rose.

I envy every poet's ryhme
That moves her heart at eventime,
And every tree that wears for her
Its brightest bloom, and bears for her
The fruitage of its prime.

I envy every southern night
That paves her path with moonbeams white,
And silvers all the leaves for her,
And in their shadows weaves for her
A dream of dear delight.

## WARRANT FOR MISS KINRADE

Continued From Page One.

rangement was made to have a session on Monday night, Miss Kinrade to be arrested at the convenience of the crown.

Court was then opened. Mr. Blackstock gave instructions that Miss Florence Kinrade be called as a witness, and the court crier called her three times in open court.

Detective Miller was then called to the stand.

"Did you subpoena Miss Florence Kinrade?" he was asked.

"I did."

"Personally?"

"Personally."

"When?"

"At 10:40 o'clock this morning."

"Did you read the subpoena to her?"

"I did."

"Did you show her the original, with her name upon it?"

"I did."

"When before did you notify the Kinrade family to be in attendance at this court?"

"On Wednesday night."

"Whom did you notify?"

"Mr. Kinrade, Mrs. Kinrade, and Miss Florence Kinrade."

Mr. Blackstock—Then, Mr. Coroner, upon the statement of Detective Miller, I ask that a bench warrant be issued for the arrest of Florence Kinrade in order to compel her attendance here to give evidence.

Coroner Anderson—I will grant your motion, Mr. Blackstock.

Mr. Blackstock—Then I suggest that the inquest be further adjourned now until Monday night at 8 o'clock.

Mr. Lynch-Staunton—I wish to say that I represent Miss Kinrade, and she is acting under the advice of her counsel, and besides being physically unfit to attend, she has been advised that you have exhausted your authority, and proposes to test this in the proper forum.

"Of course, you, no doubt, wish to be absolutely fair, and not to prejudice any person within their rights, and for that reason I would ask you to adjourn this court until the matter can be brought before the proper persons, and not to execute any warrant which I take upon myself to advise you on their behalf you have no authority under the law to issue, and for that reason I request you to adjourn for a reasonable interval."

Mr. Blackstock—I am unable on behalf of the crown to assent to that for a variety of reasons. First of all, it is impossible for me to impute to the person in respect of whom the warrant has been asked, good faith.

"At the opening of these proceedings counsel representing the family of Miss Kinrade, including Miss Florence Kinrade placed these witnesses at the disposal of the crown, expressing a desire to assist the crown in this inquest, which, I need scarcely say, was a perfectly proper proceeding, and one that would have been expected from counsel under the circumstances, and in respect of which I regret there is now any departure from the suggestion then made.

"Now, this is the first intimation that the crown has received that the delinquent in failing to respect the subpoena is acting upon the advice of anybody.

"On the contrary, my learned friend, Mr. Washington, when Mrs. Kinrade and Miss Kinrade failed last night to put in an appearance here applied to the representative to know whether or not they were to be here, and according to the report which my learned friend, Mr. Washington, gives me, he was informed that it was not known whether they would or not.

"It now appears in their refusal to be here, they are acting upon advice in everything that has been done, and in their disrespect of authority, and the process of writ.

"I am unable, therefore, on behalf of the crown, though, of course, it is entirely within your competence to act as you think wise, but as far as the crown is concerned, I am unable to meet, as I would like to meet, the views of anybody to postpone beyond the time that is suggested."

Mr. Staunton—"I don't intend to pursue the course which the gentleman has taken of making insinuations. I consider insinuation in counsel unbecoming."

"I, on my reputation as a counsel, say that this is in good faith. You may take such course as you choose. "If you choose to be hectored into acting unreasonably, I can't help it."

Mr. Blackstock—"Of course, I am making no insinuations, I am simply stating facts."

"Mr. Staunton—"Which are not facts."

The Coroner—"When you say counsel should not insinuate you should not also insinuate that the coroner can be hectored into doing anything that is not his duty."

Mr. Staunton—"I don't say that; I said, 'If you choose to be hectored.'"

The Coroner—"The witness was properly subpoenaed by me, and as she is not here I will issue the warrant."

Mr. Staunton—"You have no right to issue a warrant."

The Coroner—"The law says I have. At any rate we will not discuss that point."

The inquest was then adjourned until Monday night at 8 o'clock.

Immediately after the adjournment Coroner Anderson signed a warrant for the arrest of Miss Florence Kinrade.

"What about Mr. and Mrs. Kinrade?" he was asked.

Crown Attorney Washington—"We will issue new subpoenas, and then if they do not come we will have to issue another warrant."

## A HANDSOME SCEPTRE FOR POTENTATE DAVIS

### Was Presented Last Night at Session of Mocha Temple.

A very interesting presentation took place at the ceremonial session of Mocha Temple last evening.

After the degree work had been completed, Past Illustrious Potentate William Vansyckle, of Moslem Temple, Detroit, called the thirty nobles from that temple forward, and he presented Illustrious Potentate A. L. Davis with a handsome sceptre. Noble Vansyckle referred to the kindly feelings that existed between the two temples, and hoped that they would continue. Detroit Shriners always had a good time in London. Illustrious Noble Davis made a fitting reply.

On motion of Noble Mayor Stevely and Noble J. Milton Pike, K. C., of Chatham, Past Imperial Potentate Frank C. Roundy, of Chicago, was made an honorary member of Mocha Temple.

## BURGLARS OPERATING IN STRATHROY TOWN

### Quite a Number of Houses Were Visited by the Gentry.

The police have been notified that a gang of burglars operated in Strathroy last night, and up to noon reports indicate that three different houses were entered.

Quite a lot of things were taken from the different dwellings.

It is expected that the burglars may head this way, and the detectives are keeping a sharp lookout for suspicious characters.

## Local Items

—Among the out-of-town visitors to the lectures of Dr. Moulton last evening were Miss Grace Johnston, supervisor of kindergartens, Stratford; Miss Lewis, Aylmer, and eight members of the Shakespeare Club, Ingersoll. Including Miss Logan, Mrs. Robertson, Mrs. Butler, Mrs. Mero, Mrs. Ball and Miss McCarter.

**Mr. Murdock Coming.**

J. Murdock, of Cleveland, grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Trainmen, and formerly a conductor of the C. P. R., will be in the city tomorrow night on his way home from a convention in Boston, and will address the members of Forest City Lodge.

**Contracts Placed.**

Mr. John Garvey has let out the contracts for his new warehouse on King street, just opposite the central fire hall. Mr. John Purdom's tender for the carpenter work was accepted, and the brick work was given to Thomas Copp. The warehouse will cost nearly $35,000, and should be completed about June 15.

**Spring Cleaning.**

Spring cleaning is the rule at the county jail. The outside gang consisting at present of four have succeeded in getting the grounds into fine shape. The interior of the jail is now being thoroughly cleaned and whitewashed, and within a few days it will be a thing of beauty.

**Medical School Exams.**

The names of Campbell, McFadden, Moran and Parks are omitted from the medical school list of examinations, first year, second-class honors in practical anatomy. W. H. Birks, a first year man, won first-class honors in materia medica.

**Mrs. Jane Daly Dead.**

Mrs. Jane J. Daly, widow of the late Edward Daly, died at her home, No. 536 Dufferin avenue, at noon today, after an illness extending over seven weeks. Mrs. Daly was in her 83rd year. The funeral, which will be of a private nature, will be held on Monday.

**Arm Almost Severed.**

While working at a large revolving saw at Dyment-Baker's mill yesterday afternoon, Chas. Biddle, Kensington street, had his arm almost severed. He was handling some lumber when his hand slipped, coming in contact with the saw. The arm was almost cut in two. Dr. H. A. Stevenson sewed up the wound, and it is expected that the limb will be saved.

**Special Council Meeting.**

There will be a special meeting of the city council on Monday noon to consider the appointment of an assistant city engineer, and also to pass certain by-laws allowing the London Street Railway Company to substitute brick in their street allowance, where the streets are to be paved. Little other business is to be taken up.

**St. Catharines Aldermen Here.**

Ald. Dr. Merritt, of St. Catharines, was a visitor at the city hall today. Dr. Merritt was formerly a pupil of the Dufferin Boys' School of this city and lived here for some time. He stated that few cities in the country have been improved as London has of late. He will visit Victoria Hospital this afternoon. St. Catharines is considering the question of building a hospital and he is anxious to get some pointers.

## JUNIOR LIONS WON

### In a Game of Ball With the Junior Beavers on Friday.

The Junior Beavers were defeated by the Junior Lions yesterday by the score of 9 to 14. The Beavers lined up as follows: H. Logan, pitcher; D. Waffle, catcher; H. Scott, 1b.; J. Perkins, 2b.; G. Scott, 3b.; H. Green, short stop; H. Pingle, centre field; R. Crouch, left field; J. Case, right field.

The features of the game were D. Waffe's catching, and H. Logan's pitching.

## EAST LONDON

## STREET CAR STRUCK A DELIVERY WAGON

### Driver Was Uninjured But the Horse Suffered Some Cuts and Bruises.

A wagon belonging to T. A. Faulds was struck on Dundas street east this morning at 10:45, by West London car No. 84, the horse being badly bruised and the harness broken. The driver was uninjured.

Car No. 84 was running west at a rapid rate, and when between Adelaide and Lyle streets the horse shied before it. The shafts were broken off and the glass in the front vestibule knocked out. The car appeared to have suffered greater damage than the butcher's outfit, and was taken to the barns for repairs.

## ALL SAINTS' CARPET BALL TEAM DEFEATED

### Went Down To Defeat by the Trafalgar Lodge Team.

All Saints' carpetball team suffered the first defeat last evening, when the east enders went down before Trafalgar Lodge, of South London, 63 to 45.

The All Saints team was working under difficulties, however, two new players, Thompson and Parkinson, being on the lineup.

The following was the lineup:

All Saints—E. Rysler, captain, Geo. Burrows, Fred Templar, Chas. Parkinson, Wm. Thompson, G. B. Drake.—45.

Trafalgar Lodge—W. Leonard, captain; George Walker, Ed. Walker, A. H. Drake, H. Gardner, E. Wingate. —63.

**LORNE AVENUE LOST.**

The baseball team of the Rectory street school played and defeated Lorne avenue in an anti-season game at the Queen's Park diamond yesterday, the score being 11 to 8. The game was a fast one, and was witnessed by a large number of young fans.

**TROPHIES ARE HERE.**

Two large oak tablets mounted with engraved metal, the trophies for the A. O. F. membership contests in Canada have been received by High Chief Ranger Walter Richards, of Dundas street east. They will be awarded to the courts securing the greatest number of new members.

**BADLY BURNED.**

Miss Nellie Bell, of 799 Nelson street, was badly burned about the head and arms Thursday afternoon, when she poured kerosene into a coal ed. An explosion followed, Miss Bell being enveloped in flames. The burns will not result seriously, however, and she will be around in a short time.

A wagon belonging to G. B. Drake, of Hamilton road and Rectory street, was slightly damaged on King street, near the market, this morning when it collided with another. The hub was torn off, but no further damage resulted.

A number of box cars broken up in the wreck on the Grand Trunk at Port Credit the other day were brought to the local shops this morning. The cars are in very bad shape and many of them are beyond repair. From the appearance of the string the smashup was a bad one.

## A. H. WHITING WILL TAKE CARE OF PARK

### His Tender Was Accepted By the Board of Works on Friday.

The contract for the care of Victoria Park was awarded to Mr. A. H. Whiting yesterday afternoon by the board of works.

At a recent meeting of the board his tender was recommended, as it was the lowest, but at the council meeting it was referred back to No. 2 committee, with power, as it was stated that Mr. Whiting had $300 worth of city bulbs.

Ald. Gerry, Ald. Cooper, Ald. Rose and City Engineer Graydon went down to Mr. Whiting's place yesterday afternoon, and found that he had only a few bulbs of little value, and they decided that as his tender was quite a bit lower he should be given the contract.

## NORMAL STUDENTS WHO GO TO GUELPH

### Results of Recent Examinations Given Out by Principal Radcliffe.

The results of the examinations which were held at Easter for Normal School students taking a special course at the Ontario Agriculture College, Guelph, are announced by Principal Radcliffe as follows:

**Agriculture and Horticulture Course.**

Ella E. Baker, Littlewood; Elma E. Daniels, Alvinston; Jessie Eakins, Port Burwell; Gertrude Elliott, Lucan; Olive Hodgins, Lucan; Helen Johnson, St. Thomas; Clara Loveless, Fanshawe; Mary McCormick, Warwick; Jennie McDonald, Wyoming; Eliza McLachlan, Melbourne; Ella McLean, Chesley; M. Florence Millen, Fordwich; Margaret Padfield, Gorrie; May Riddell, London; Violet Savage, Ridgetown; Jean Schliehauf, West Lorne; Annie E. Sillers, Walkerton; Ethel M. Squire, Alliance; Maud Tanton, Byron; Florence Wegenast, Aylmer.

**Industrial Arts Course.**

Lina E. Abbott, Lucan; Edna Copp, Clinton; Alice E. Jull, Norwich; Myrtle Justin, London; Margaret March, Dutton; Annie Moran, Essex; Josephine Murray, Ington; Mary Smith, Parkhill; Margaret Stanley, Chatham; Cora D. Tiffin, Thamesville; George P. Keys, Blake; Clinton Thomson, Kingsmill.

## HEINRICH CONREID DEAD.

Paris, April 24.—It is reported here that Heinrich Conreid, formerly director of the Metropolitan Opera House of New York, died today at Meiran, in the Austrian Tyrol. Mrs. Conreid was with him.


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## COMMERCIAL LEAGUE SCHEDULE FOR 1909

**First Series.**

May 10—Smallman & Ingram, Limited, vs. Bank of British North America.

May 11—C. S. Hyman & Co. vs. McClary's Office.

May 12—James Cowan & Co. vs. J. H. Chapman & Co.

May 13—McClary's Office vs. Smallman & Ingram, Limited.

May 14—Bank of British North America vs. James Cowan & Co.

May 17—J. H. Chapman & Co. vs. C. S. Hyman & Co.

May 18—McClary's Office vs. James Cowan & Co.

May 19—Bank of British North America vs. J. H. Chapman & Co.

May 20—Smallman & Ingram, Limited, vs. C. S. Hyman & Co.

May 21—J. H. Chapman & Co. vs. McClary's Office.

May 25—C. S. Hyman & Co. vs. Bank of British North America.

May 26—James Cowan & Co. vs. Smallman & Ingram, Limited.

May 27—Bank of British North America vs. McClary's Office.

May 28—Smallman & Ingram, Limited, vs. J. H. Chapman & Co.

May 31—C. S. Hyman & Co. vs. Jas. Cowan & Co.

**Second Series.**

June 7—Bank of British North America vs. Smallman & Ingram, Limited.

June 8.—McClary's Office vs. C. S. Hyman & Co.

June 9—J. H. Chapman & Co. vs. James Cowan & Co.

June 10—Smallman & Ingram, Limited, vs. McClary's Office.

June 11—James Cowan & Co. vs. Bank of British North America.

June 14—C. S. Hyman & Co. vs. J. H. Chapman & Co.

June 15.—James Cowan & Co. vs. McClary's Office.

June 16.—J. H. Chapman & Co. vs. Bank of British North America.

June 17—C. S. Hyman & Co. vs. Smallman & Ingram, Limited.

June 18—McClary's Office vs. J. H. Chapman & Co.

June 21—Bank of British North America vs. C. S. Hyman & Co.

June 22—Smallman & Ingram, Limited, vs. James Cowan & Co.

June 23—McClary's Office vs. Bank of British North America.

June 24—J. H. Chapman & Co. vs. Smallman & Ingram, Limited.

June 52—James Cowan & Co. vs. C .S. Hyman & Co.

## QUEEN KILLS WOMAN WHILE AUTOMOBILING

Madrid, April 24.—An automobile in which the Queen's mother, Queen Dowager Maria Christina, was driving yesterday knocked down and crushed an old woman. Her majesty was overcome with grief and spent hours at the bedside of the dying woman, whom King Alfonso also visited.

**SHEA RETAINS FLEMING.**

Windsor, Ont., April 24.—Charles Conlon, better known as "Pete Shea," who shot Harry Norrie, of Detroit here on Thursday night, has retained O. E. Fleming to defend him. County Crown Attorney Rodd is collecting the evidence against Conlon. The charge against the latter will be shooting with intent to kill. Norrie was operated upo nat Grace Hospital, Detroit, with the aid of an X-ray examination, and the bullet was located and extracted. It had passed through his liver, but it is believed Norrie will recover.

**SURVEY PARTY MISSING.**

Winnipeg, April 23.—Number four party of the Hudson Bay survey is believed to have been lost in the wilds or to have been overtaken by the spring breakup before they were able to make civilization. Nothing has been heard from them for a considerable time, and it is not likely they will now be able to get in until June, as they will have to come all the way by water.

**FATAL HOTEL FIRE.**

Topeka, Kansas, April 24.—Four persons were burned to death at a fire in the Central Hotel at an early hour today. Only one of them, J. W. Enchson, of Clayton, Kansas, has been identified. Several guests were overcome by smoke but it is thought none of them were seriously hurt. The hotel was only partially destroyed. It was one of the finest in the city.

# Red Rose Tea

## "Is Good Tea"

Do You Use It?


## CYNTHIA WAKEHAM'S MONEY

BY ANNA K. GREEN.

CHAPTER XIV.

In the Night Watches.

Meantime in the old house Hermione sat watching Emma as she combed out her long hair before the tiny mirror in their bedroom. Her face, relieved now from all effort at self-control, betrayed a deep discouragement, which deepened its tragic lines and seemed to fill the room with gloom. Yet she said nothing till Emma had finished her task and looked around; then she exclaimed:

"Another curse has fallen upon us; we might have been rich, but we must remain poor. Do you think we can bear any more disappointments, Emma?"

"I do not think that I can," murmured Emma, with a pitiful smile. "But what do you mean by riches? Gaining our case would not have made us rich."

"No."

"Has — has Mr. Etheridge offered himself? Have you had a chance of that happiness, and refused it?"

Hermione, who had been gazing almost sadly at her sister as she spoke the foregoing words, flushed, half angrily, half disdainfully, and answered with sufficient bitterness in her voice:

"Could I accept any man's devotion now! Could I accept even his if it were offered to me? Emma, your memory seems very short, or you have not realized the position in which I stand."

Emma, who had crimsoned as painfully as her sister at that one emphasized word, which suggested so much to both sisters, but did not answer for a moment; but when she did her words came with startling distinctness.

"You do me wrong; I not only have realized, to the core of my heart, your position and what it demands, but I have shared it, as you know, and never more than when the question came up as to whether we girls could marry with such a shadow hanging over us."

"Emma, what do you mean?" asked Hermione, rising and confronting her sister, with wide open, astonished eyes. For Emma's appearance was startling, and might well thrill an observer who had never before seen her gentleness disturbed by a passion as great as she herself might feel.

But Emma, at the first sight of this reflection of her own emotions, calmed her manner and put a check upon her expression.

"If you do not know," said she, "I had rather not be the one to tell you. But never say again that I do not realize your position."

"Emma, Emma," pursued Hermione, without a change of tone or any diminution in the agitation of her manner to show that she had heard these words, "have you had a lover and I do not know it? Did you give up that when——" The elder sister choked; the younger smiled with an infinite sadness.

"I should not have spoken of it," she said; "I would not have done so, but that I hoped to influence you to look on this affair with different eyes. I—I believe you ought to embrace this new hope, Hermione. Do but tell him——"

"Tell him! That would be a way to gain him, surely!"

"I do not think it would cause you to lose him; that is, if you could assure him that your heart is free to love him as such a man ought to be loved."

The question in these words made Hermione blush and turn away; but her emotion was nothing to that of the quieter sister, who, after she had made this suggestion, stood watching its effect with eyes in which the pain and despair of a year seemed at once to flash forth to light.

"I honor him," began Hermione, in a low, broken voice, "but you know it was not honor simply that I felt for ——"

"Do not speak his name," flashed out Emma. "He—you—do not care for each other, or—or—you and I would never be talking as we are doing here tonight. I am sure you have forgotten him, Hermione, for all your hesitations and efforts to be faithful. I have seen it in your eyes for weeks, I have heard it in your voice when you have spoken to this new friend. Why, then, deceive yourself? Why let a worn-out memory stand in the way of a new joy, a real joy, an unsullied and wholly inspiring happiness?"

"Emma! Emma, what has come to you? You never talked to me like this before. Is the memory of this folly only that stands in the way of what you so astonishingly advocate? Can a woman situated as I am, give herself up to any hope, any joy?"

"Yes, for the situation will change when you yield yourself once again to the natural pleasures of life. I do not believe in the attitude you take, Hermione; I have never believed in it, yet I have cheerfully shared it, because, because—you know why; do not let us talk of those days."

"You do not know all my provocation," quoth Hermione.

"Perhaps not, but nothing can excuse the sacrifice you are making of your life. Consider, Hermione. Why should you? Have you not duties to the present, as well as to the past? Should you not think of the long years that may lie between this hour and a possible old age, years which might be filled with beneficence and love, but which now——"

"Emma, Emma, what are you saying? Are you so tired of sharing my fate that you would try to make me traitor to my word, traitor to my love ——"

"Hush," whispered Emma again, "you do not love him. Answer me if you do. Plunge deep into your heart, and say if you feel as you once did; I want to hear the words from your lips, but be honest."

"Would it be any credit to me if I did not? Would you think more of me if I acknowledged the past was a mistake, and that I wrecked my life for a passion which a year's absence could annul?"

But the tender Emma was inexorable and held her sister by the hands while she repeated:

"Answer, answer; or I shall take your very refusal for a reply."

But Hermione only dropped her head and finally drew away her hands.

"You seem to prefer the cause of this new man," she murmured, ironically. "Perhaps you think he will make the better brother-in-law."

The flush on Emma's cheek spread, till it dyed her whole neck.

"I think," she observed gravely, "that Mr. Etheridge is more devoted to you, Hermione. Dr. Sellick"—what did not that name cost her?—"has not even looked up at our windows when riding by the house."

Hermione's eye flashed, and she bounded imperiously to her feet.

"And that is why I think that he still remembers. And shall I forget?" she murmured more softly, "while he cherishes one thought of grief or chagrin over the past?"

Emma, whose head had fallen on her breast, played idly with her long hair, and softly drew it across her face.

"If you knew," she murmured, "that he did not cherish one thought such as you imagine, would you then open your heart to this new love, and the brightness in the world, and all the hopes which belong to our time of life?"

"If, if," repeated Hermione, staring at the half-hidden face of her sister as at some stranger whom she had found persistent and incomprehensible. "I don't know what you mean by your 'ifs.' Do you think it would add to my content and self-satisfaction to hear that I had reared this ghastly prison which I inhabit on a foundation of sand, and that the walls in toppling would crash about my ears, and destroy me? You must have a strange idea of a woman's heart, if you thought it would make me any readier to face life if I knew I had sacrificed my all to a chimera."

Emma sighed. "Not if it gave you a new hope," she whispered.

"Ah," murmured Hermione, and her face softened for the first time. "I dare not think of that," she murmured. "I dare not, Emma. I dare not!"

The younger sister, as if answered, threw back her hair and looked at Hermione quite brightly.

"You will come to dare in time," she said, and fled from the room like a spirit.

When she was gone, Hermione stood still for many minutes, then she began quietly to let down her own hair. As the long locks fell curling and dark about her shoulders, a dreamier and dreamier spirit came upon her, mellowing the light in her half-closed eyes and bringing such a sweet, half-timid, half-longing smile to her lips that she looked the embodiment of virginal joy. But the mood did not last long, and ere the thick curls were duly parted, and arranged for the night, the tears had begun to fall, and the sobs to come, till she was fain to put out her light and hide behind the curtains of her bed the grief and remorse which were pressing upon her.

Meanwhile, Emma had stolen to her aunt's room, and was kneeling down beside her peaceful figure.

"Aunt, dear aunt," she cried, "tell me what my duty is. Help me to decide if Hermione should be told the truth which we have so long kept from her."

She knew the old lady could not hear, but she was in the habit of speaking to her just as if she could, and often through some subtle sympathy between them, the sense of her words was understood and answered in a way to surprise her.

And in this case Mrs. Lovell seemed to understand, for she kissed Emma with great fondness, and then, taking the sweet, troubled, passionate face between her two palms, looked at her with such love and sympathy that the tears filled Emma's eyes, for all her efforts at self-control.

"Tell her," came forth, at last, in the strange, loud tones of the perfectly deaf, "and leave the rest to God. You have kept silence, and the wound has not healed; now try the truth, and may heaven bless you and the two others whom you desire to make happy."

And Emma, rising up, thanked God that he had left them this one blessing in their desolation—thus true-hearted and tender-souled adviser.

That night, as Hermione was tossing in a restless sleep, she suddenly became aware of a touch on her shoulder, and, looking up, she saw her sister standing before her, with a lighted candle in her hand, and her hair streaming about her.

"What is the matter?" she cried, bounding up in terror, for Emma's face was livid with its fixed resolve, and wore a look such as Hermione had never seen there before.

"Nothing," cried the other, "nothing. Only I have something to tell you—something which you should have known a long time ago—something about which you should never have been deceived. It is this, Hermione: It was not you Dr. Sellick wished to marry, but myself."

And with these words the light was blown out and Hermione found herself alone.

To Be Continued.


Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized; also manufacturers of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds. Brass and Iron Beds, $3. Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory. J. F. HUNT & SONS, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.


### No Doubt You Prefer a Double-Track Road

When travelling. The Grand Trunk Railway System is the only one to Toronto, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, New York, London, Detroit, Chicago and Montreal. Excellent train service and equipment. Full information and tickets at city or depot office. 4?n

## Advertiser Patterns

DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.

NO. 8481—A CHARMING OVER-BLOUSE—LADIES' OVER-BLOUSE.

Figured poplin in wisteria shade, with trimming of velvet ribbon in darker tones, was used for this design. A guimpe of net, lace or silk may be worn with it. The fronts and back show groups of tucks, and the cap sleeve portion is likewise finished with tucks. The pattern is cut in six sizes, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure.

A pattern of this illustration sent to any address upon receipt of 10 cents in stamps or silver.




PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to:

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Street Address .....

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Province .....

Measurement: Bust Waist

Age (if child's or misses' pattern)....

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure, you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is ten cents in cash or in postage stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT, LONDON ADVERTISER.


## In the Spring Those Little Soldiers

**In your blood are as weak as your blood is impure. They are the millions of white blood corpuscles, whose duty is to protect the red blood corpuscles and bodily tissues from disease germs, to which you are more exposed at this season than at any other.**

**Make them strong by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla—the medicine that purifies the blood as no other medicine does. Do this without delay.**

Thoroughly Exhausted.—"I would just as soon think of going without bread in my house as without Hood's Sarsaparilla. Many years ago I learned what a good medicine it is. When spring came on I was thoroughly exhausted and obliged to take my bed. I thought I would rather die than be so tired. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, soon noticed a change for the better, and before long was perfectly well. Since then spring has never come without my having Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. A. HOPKINS, 225 E. Ragle St., East Boston, Mass.

A New Man.—"Three years ago I was in very poor health. My entire system was run down. I was so poorly that it was almost a burden to live. About that time a friend who had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla with great success advised me to try it and I did. Two bottles made a new man of me, and I shall not let a spring go by without taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, as I really believe that its equal as a spring medicine, blood purifier and general tonic does not exist." W. A. DEVEREAUX, 305 2d St. N. E., Minneapolis, Minn.

☞Hood's Sarsaparilla effects its wonderful cures, not simply because it contains sarsaparilla, but because it combines the utmost remedial values of more than 20 different ingredients, each greatly strengthened and enriched by this peculiar combination. These ingredients are the very remedies that successful physicians prescribe for the same diseases and ailments. There is no real substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla. If urged to buy any preparation said to be "just as good," you may be sure it is inferior, costs less to make, and yields the dealer a larger profit.

Begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla today. 100 Doses One Dollar.


## THIRTY PILGRIMS CROSSED THE SANDS

### Shriners of Mocha Temple Held a Splendid Session Last Night.

### MANY VISITORS PRESENT

**Third Meeting, Said the Illustrious Potentate, and First Since the Charter Was Granted.**

The meeting of the members of Mocha Temple, which was held last evening in the city hall, was one of the most largely attended and most successful sessions that the London Shriners have yet held. Fully 500 Shriners from all parts of America were present to guide a class of 30 candidates across the burning sands of the desert. Illustrious Potentate A. L. Davis presided.

Following the ceremonial work, an adjournment was made to the banqueting hall where a splendid spread awaited the weary pilgrims.

"This is our third meeting," said Illustrious Potentate Davis, who presided, "and our first since our charter was granted. I bid you all the warmest welcome."

The toast to "The King" was then most heartily responded to by the nobles present.

The toast of the evening, "The Welcome to the Visitors," was introduced by Noble W. A. Karn, of Woodstock.

**Mocha a Lusty Temple.**

"We are young in years," he said, "but we feel strong. We owe much of our advancement to the maternal care of Rameses Temple. We extend the glad hand of friendship to all our visitors, and particularly those from across the line. (Cheers.) We are only separated by an imaginary line politically, but never will be separated in fraternal matters.

**Moslem Temple.**

Noble Rogers, potentate of Moslem Temple, Detroit, replied on behalf of his temple, and conveyed its greetings to Mocha Temple. The 28th anniversary of Moslem Temple occurs on June 4, and he extended an invitation to the members of Mocha Temple to be present.

Noble Dutton of Al Curaf Temple, of Saginaw, Mich., invited the members of Mocha Temple to attend a special Mocha Temple Day to be held on May 14.

Potentate Ryrie, of Rameses Temple, Toronto, conveyed hearty greetings to Mocha Temple. He invited as many of its members as possible to go to Toronto next Friday evening.

Past Potentate Vansickle, of Moslem Temple, Detroit, spoke briefly.

Noble George Fowle, also of Moslem Temple, congratulated Mocha Temple on the splendid showing they are making.

**An Hawaiian Guest.**

Noble Dr. Hodgins of Atoha Temple, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, who is on his way to London, England, was one of the guests of the evening, and gave an interesting account of the work being done there.

Noble Milton Pike, of Chatham, gave a brief address of a fraternal nature, and introduced the toast to "The City of London."

The toast was replied to by Mayor Stevely, who warmly welcomed all the visitors.

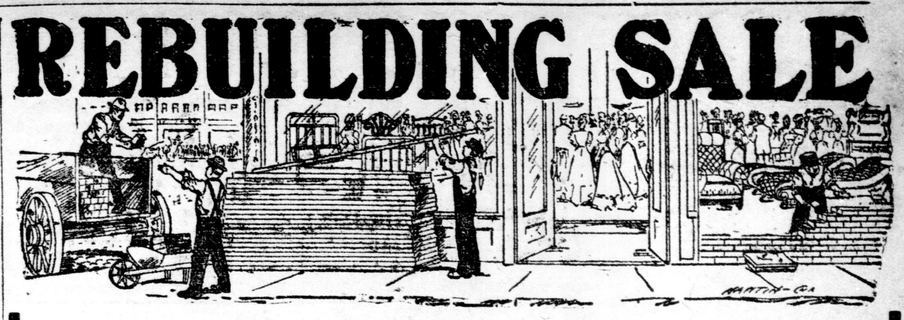
Ald. Ferguson gave an address of a fraternal nature.

During the evening solos were sung by Nobles A. Ladell, Brantford; J. Dore, Hamilton, the Harry Lauder of Canada; Fred Dunne, Tony Cortese's orchestra rendered a fine programme of music.

**Those Present.**

Among the visitors present were: H. E. Cline, Brantford; T. L. Sinclair, St. Marys; W. J. Fraser, D. A. Noble, W. K. McCormick, Brantford; N. McKenzie, Windsor; C. T. Layson, Grand Rapids; W. H. Glass, St. Louis; Geo. Dormer, Toronto; Wm. N. Garfield, Detroit; V. Williamson, Detroit; D. H. Lancaster, Detroit; G. W. Clark, Toronto; H. H. Whitechurch, Durham; O. K. Blood, Cleveland; Louis Bascom, Windsor; Geo. Stewart, Springfield; J. H. Harris, New York; A. W. Quinn, Chatham; W. G. Rankin, Stratford; Jacob Trick, Stratford; A. C. Lyons, Brantford; W. J. Trotter, Hagersville; J. G. Liddell, Brantford; Geo. E. White, Windsor; George A. Bloomfield, Brantford; A. F. Nallion, Stratford; J. E. Steele, Woodstock; J. A. Kennedy, Stratford; C. Farquharson, Stratford; F. G. Killen, Stratford; J. G. Crosby, Highgate; Dr. McPhail, Highgate; C. R. Sutherland, Brantford; J. M. Halls, St. Marys; D. Barr, Sarnia; C. G. Chilver, Walkerville; A. G. Stephens, Walkerville; G. W. Richardson, Windsor; O. L. Lewis, Chatham; D. A. Chater, Windsor; W. J. Douglas, Windsor; J. W. Jackson, J. H. Modeland, J. G. Parsons, J. McIlhagga, Sarnia; S. M. Roberts, Stratford; W. J. Barrie, Sarnia; Robert Wilson, Geo. Weir, Wm. Fowler, H. Ross, J. Dodds, Seaforth; J. G. Muller, F. C. Muller, Springfield; W. C. Forbes, St. Thomas; L. C. Cottington, Dallas; Walter McKay, Leamington; Wm. Stokes, W. J. Murray, G. Brewer, St. Thomas; T. H. Edwards, Hamilton; W. D. Boyce, St. Thomas; W. VanSickle, J. L. Sugden, Detroit; W. C. Griffith, St. Thomas; G. E. Dutton, Saginaw; C. J. Holton, Geo. W. Fowle, H. D. Heyers, G. G. McKay, H. W. Jameson, Detroit; T. L. Spencer, W. H. Penhall, J. Leitch, St. Thomas; John L. Flannagan, H. P. Williamson, Detroit; M. McKenzie, Windsor; Leslie Dodge, Syracuse; James Lang, Stratford; Geo. McBeth, Strathroy; John Boyd, Sarnia; W. J. Ward, Sarnia; P. R. Williams, St. Thomas; A. K. Wanless, Sarnia; B. Dawson, Stratford; Donald Ross, A. C. Sault, C. R. Farrow, W. M. Dunbar, Stratford; W. R. Paul, E. A. Mells, Sarnia; C. A. Long, Granton; A. Savage, J. W. Pack, St. Catharines; John W. Bousefield, A. J. Jones, St. Catharines; J. Balkwell, G. M. McCarty, St. Thomas. J. M. Stevenson, Stratford; J. W. Entricken, Taxistock; C. H. Collins, Toronto; F. F. Beidler, Cleveland; Peter Haggart, Blenheim; Dr. Story, Blenheim; W. B. Fessenden, E. F. Moore, R. W. Wallace, Simcoe; A. J. Ross, Berlin; J. R. MacGilling, Toronto; W. G. Lee, Toronto; J. H. Newell, Parkhill; W. L. Alexander, J. E. Murphy, Fred O. Maloney, G. A. Coleman, New York; R. D. McDonald, A. Davis, O. Willard, St. Marys; Judge McWatt, Sarnia; R. Coatts, James Anundson, D. W. Evans, J. A. Bigley, Hamilton; M. Johnston, St. Marys; Hamilton, Niagara Falls; J. Harrison, Niagara Falls; E. A. Mills, Sarnia; Geo. Tuckett, C. H. Nicholson, Rochester; J. Merriman, H. R. Sexton, New York; D. McIntosh, St. Catharines; J. M. Waugh, Port Dalhousie; E. T. Woodruff, St. Catharines; W. F. Scott, Brantford; W. J. Barrie, Brantford; W. J. Meller, Brantford; John Paul, St. Catharines; E. M. Potter, St. Catherines; H. P. Wibury, Cincinnati; C. H. Broadfoot, St. Catharines; W. Bethune, Owen Sound; A. McLennan, Seaforth; R. E. Cresswell, D. T. Pinkney, Seaforth; C. Aberhart, Toronto; B. F. Hichalls, L. H. Luke, Toronto; C. Waugh, Stratford.


# REBUILDING SALE



# Only Two Weeks More

In two weeks our great sale will be a thing of the past. It has been the most successful sale we ever held. Never before were such prices offered on good furniture. Every day our sales have grown bigger as the public realized how genuine the reductions were. For the next two weeks **prices are cut still lower, cost is not considered in marking our stock.** Our sole aim is to clear out our entire stock so that when our building is finished we will be able to put in an entirely new stock.

## COME EARLY AND SAVE MONEY

### LACE CURTAINS

A big stock to be cleared out at once regardless of cost, from **50c to $10.00.** Come now while the stock is large.

### LINOLEUMS

All widths and qualities at, from **1-3 to 1-2 off.** Compare our prices before buying and you will be surprised.

### IRON BEDS

100 different styles at factory prices:

| | |
|---|---|
| $15.00 Beds for | $9.50 |
| $10.00 Beds for | $6.75 |
| $8.00 Beds for | $5.75 |
| $4.00 Beds for | $2.95 |

### ROOM RUGS

All sizes and qualities to fit any room. You will save **1-3 to 1-2** on any of these Rugs. Don't fail to see these.

### GO-CARTS AND CARRIAGES

100 different styles, from $3.00 to $50.00, being sold at great reductions.

### SPRINGS AND MATTRESSES

| | |
|---|---|
| $12.00 Mattresses for | $9.00 |
| $8.00 Mattresses for | $5.00 |
| $6.00 Mattresses for | $4.50 |
| $4.00 Mattresses for | $2.50 |
| $4.00 Springs for | $2.75 |
| $3.50 Springs for | $2.50 |

Every piece in the store is on sale at a great reduction. If you want anything in our line this spring don't fail to come before our sale is over. It is a rare chance coming at this time of year.

# The ONTARIO FURNITURE CO.

LONDON'S LARGEST HOMEFURNISHERS


## A NEW INDUSTRY WANTED IN STRATHROY

**Mass Meeting Favors Reopening of Negotiations for Proposed Furniture Factory.**

Strathroy, April 23—The mass meeting of ratepayers last evening called by Mayor Pope to reopen, if possible, the question of submitting a bylaw to the people for the erection of a new furniture factory, was largely attended. The mayor briefly stated the object of the gathering, and the first item of business was the selection of a chairman. Councillor Bowley moved, seconded by Mr. D. Evans, that the mayor act as chairman. The mayor thought that as he had presided at the last meeting some other person would be preferable; but the crowd insisted on his being chairman, and he finally consented. He then informed the audience why and how negotiations were broken off, and urged the ratepayers not to let this splendid opportunity pass, but to carry the by-law if satisfactory arrangements could be made with the company. Councillor A. Leitch said his main reason for taking the stand he did at the recent industrial meeting of the council, when negotiations were broken off, was that the security offered, in his view, was not adequate, and he still held that opinion. Mr. D. Evans, of The Age, spoke strongly in favor of the scheme. Mr. Wm. Geddes, drygoods merchant, made a strong address in its favor. Mr. Hedley, mathematical master at the S. C. I., showed what it would cost the town, and strongly favored the proposition. Reeve Owens, Messrs. Burkholder and J. Healey also advocated the project. Councillor Seed was against the loan on principle. He did not believe in bonuses or loans of any kind to help companies to start business.

A motion that the council reopen negotiations with the company, and, if satisfactory arrangements are secured, submit a bylaw to grant the $20,000 loan, at an early date, was carried.

The annual spring horse show will be held on the market square next Thursday, April 29.

The West Middlesex Teachers' Association will meet here on Thursday and Friday of next week.

Mr. P. B. Woodward, of Lobo, has sold his farm, and moved his family to Whittier, Cal., where he will engage in fruit ranching. He left here on Wednesday.

The amateur minstrel troup, at the request of a great many people, will repeat their show on May 4, in the Lyceum.

A number of free rural mail delivery boxes for the Amiens postoffice, Adelaide Township, have arrived and will be installed at an early date. The farmers will be served with their mail by Squire Ireland.

Arrangements are being made to hold a big celebration here on July 1.

The following officers for the local baseball club were elected on Tuesday evening: President, A. W. Bixel; manager, W. J. White; assistant manager, F. W. Jay; captain, G. Newton; secretary, B. Diprose; treasurer, M. Bunting.

### FISHERIES COMMISSION.

Palo Alto, Cal., April 23.—Professor E. E. Prince and Dr. David Starr Jordan, respectively English and American commissioners of fisheries, who have been at Stanford University in conference for the past two weeks, have completed the arduous task of drawing up a code of laws to cover the fisheries within waters contiguous to the United States and Canada. The work of the commissioners has been done separately for months, each drawing up statutes, and the recent meeting was to combine their efforts in common code.

Mr. Prince will submit the statutes to the Canadian Parliament, while Dr. Jordan will present them to President Taft, who will submit it to the Senate for ratification.

The work, which is considered of vast importance, has been left entirely to the commissioners.


## THE HOME BANK OF CANADA

ORIGINAL CHARTER 1854

Head Office, Toronto.

**394 Richmond St.**

BRANCHES ALSO AT

**St. Thomas, Ilderton, Thorndale.**

It is a good business plan to deposit your earnings in the bank and pay your bills by check. What is then left over at the end of each month is an addition to your savings account.

## Use Harris Heavy Pressure Bearing Metal

On your planers, matchers and wood-working machinery. Best by actual test. It never fails. Telephone us your orders.

LONDON ENGINE SUPPLY CO., LONDON, ONT.

CANADA METAL CO., LTD. TORONTO, ONT


## BANKER IN TROUBLE

**Arrested In Connection With Suspension of a New York Institution.**

New York, April 23.—William R. Montgomery, ex-president of the Hamilton Bank, of this city, which went into the hands of a receiver during the financial panic of 1907, was arrested today on a charge of grand larceny in alleged fraudulent note transactions during his presidency of the bank.

The Hamilton Bank has since been reopened and merged with other banks under a new name.

The arrest occurred in the office of the district attorney, where Montgomery had been summoned after having been indicted.

He was promptly arraigned in the criminal branch of the supreme court and held in $7,500 bail.

Montgomery was already under bail to answer charges of overdrawing his account with the Hamilton Bank a few months prior to the closing of its doors.

### REMEMBERED SHAKESPEARE.

Stratford-on-Avon, April 23. — The 245th anniversary of the birthday of William Shakespeare was celebrated here today on an unusually elaborate scale. The city was lavishly decorated and it was crowded with visitors.

One of the principal features of the ceremonies was the unfurling of 41 national flags, representing together the countries which especially admire Shakespeare. There was a floral procession to the church, in which all the delegates took part, each carrying garlands and wreaths of flowers, which were subsequently placed upon the tomb of the poet.

This feature of the day made a most striking picture.

## MAIMED CHILD TELLS OF ABUSE

**Thought To Be Kidnapped, She Says She Fled From Brutal Father.**

Chicago, April 22.—A story of the brutal ill-treatment of a crippled child by a drunken father that is worthy of a place with the lurid classes of Victor Hugo and Charles Dickens, came out today, solving the mystery of the disappearance of Anna May Sheridan, 15 years old, who was reported Tuesday to have been kidnapped.

The child, who had been living with her father, John H. Sheridan, a waiter, and her grandmother, who is 81 years of age, was found at the home of Mrs. Edward Miller. She said she had fled there because her father threatened to beat her. Mrs. Miller is relief matron at the Seward Park playgrounds.

Three years ago the little girl was playing in a branch of the Chicago Edison Company when she fell or was pushed against a transformer. She received a severe shock and both her hands were burned off. The father obtained a judgment of $17,000 against the company, and the corporation settled for that amount.

According to the little girl's story her father has done practically no work since the judgment was obtained. Until she is of age she is entitled to draw $20 a week from the money paid for the loss of her hands. She charges that her father spent most of this money for drink. For days at a time, she says, she and her grandmother have gone without food.

### NEW CIGAR MERGER.

Albany, April 23.—The Federation of United Cigar Stores, with principal offices in New York and a capital of $10,000,000, was incorporated today.

The directors are: George J. Whelan, Plainfield, N. J.; Elliott Averem, Louis Biel and Angler B. Dirke, all of New York; Fred A. Whelan, of Mount Vernon.

# Candidates Take Notice!

## Here Is Your Chance to Win the Great European Free Trip in Your District

Beginning today and continuing until Saturday, May 1, all cash paid on Subscriptions will entitle the candidates to double the number of votes that the schedule arranged at present calls for. Here is the table showing value in votes of all money paid on subscriptions between today and Saturday, May 1, inclusive:

| | PRICE | VOTES |
|---|---|---|
| Subscriptions to The Daily Advertiser, delivered in London, one year | $5.00 | 2,000 |
| Subscriptions to The Daily Advertiser, delivered in London, six months | 2.50 | 1,000 |
| Subscriptions to The Daily Advertiser, delivered in London, three months | 1.25 | 500 |
| Subscriptions to The Daily Advertiser, delivered in London, one month | 45 | 100 |
| Subscription to The Daily Advertiser, outside city London, delivered by carrier, one year | 3.00 | 1,200 |
| Subscription to The Daily Advertiser, outside city London, delivered by carrier, six months | 1.50 | 600 |

**THIS EXTRA INDUCEMENT**

Will positively end on May 1, so be sure to get all your money in The Advertiser Office before the closing date. JUST THINK OF IT—A $5.00 subscription is worth 2,000 votes, if turned in before Saturday, May 1.

| | PRICE | VOTES |
|---|---|---|
| Subscription to The Daily Advertiser, outside city of London, delivered by carrier, one month | $ 25 | 60 |
| Subscription to The Daily Advertiser, outside city London, delivered by mail, one year | 2.00 | 800 |
| Subscription to The Daily Advertiser, outside city London, delivered by mail, six months | 1.00 | 400 |
| Subscription to The Daily Advertiser, outside city London, delivered by mail, three months | 50 | 100 |
| Subscription to The Weekly Advertiser, outside city of London, by mail, one year | 75 | 100 |

## Now Is the Time to Convert Your Prospects and Promises Into Actual Votes

You may hold the vote ballots until May 15, but bring your money into The Advertiser office before May 1 and get the extra value in votes. Make sure you take advantage of this offer. Explain to your friends that $5.00 turned into The Advertiser office before May 1, will entitle you to double the number of votes that will be given after that date. Contest will positively close Saturday, May 15---only about three weeks more. Be sure you have enough votes to win in your district.

## Do Not Forget the Consolation Trip to Old Quebec for a Party of Eight to Twelve Ladies

## RESULTS OF EXAMS. IT MEDICAL SCHOOL

### Twenty-Seven Graduates This Year—Jeffries and Brown the Medallists.

**THE GRADUATES.**

E. F. Jeffries, London.
C. E. Brown, London.
J. R. N. Childs, London.
S. M. Fisher, London.
Paul Poisson, Belle River.
J. Le R. Anderson, Ailsa Craig.
W. L. Luton, Mapleton.
J. E. Kidd, Mitchell.
H. C. L. Lindsay, Strathroy.
W. E. Bavis, Broughdale.
R. C. Carroll, Middlemiss.
Nelson George, London.
R. G. Barrett, Fresborn.
W. Gillespie, Seaforth.
A. E. McLarty, St. Thomas.
T. R. Phipps, London.
J. A. Butterwick, London.
R. G. Gordon, London.
A. T. Stockwell, London.
A. G. Robertson, Ivy.
J. M. Taylor, Odell.
W. M. Lancaster, Weyburn, Sask.
R. G. Mathews, Toronto, Ont.
W. S. Rhycard, London.
H. E. McCaul, Holiday.
C. H. Alley, Petrolea.
J. H. R. Stanfield, London.

The results of the examinations at the Western Medical School, which closed on April 17, were made known last night, when it was announced that the above 27 candidates had passed. As announced in yesterday's Advertiser, Edwin F. Jeffries, of 247 Pall Mall street, is the gold medallist of the year, and the silver medal goes to Clarence Brown, of 420 Oxford street.

**The Scholarships.**

The scholarships were awarded as follows:

Third Year—William McFarland, 23 Edward street.

Second Year—Cyril G. Imrie, Johannesburg, Michigan.

First Year—James Moriarity, Orillia.

First-class honors were secured by the following candidates in the order named:

Fourth Year—Jeffries, Brown, Childs, Fisher, Poisson.

Third Year—McFarlane, Butterwick, B. Ramsay, Jepson, Marshall, G. Ramsay.

Second Year—Imrie, Duncan.

First Year—Moriarity, Douglass, McAuley, Birks, Glenn.

**The Gold Medallist.**

The examination results are most gratifying, as the papers set were considered pretty stiff. Mr. Jeffries, the gold medallist, has made a brilliant showing throughout his course, having won the scholarship in his third year, and maintained a high standing in each of the other years. He joins the staff of house surgeons at Victoria Hospital at once.

**The Silver Medallist.**

Clarence Brown has also made a fine record at the school, winning the scholarship during his first year, and being a close competitor for it every other year. He recently passed the examination for house surgeon in Mount Sinai Hospital, New York, being one of ten selected from a class of several hundred candidates. He assumes his duties in Mount Sinai very shortly.

**House Surgeons.**

Messrs. Poisson and Kidd have been appointed house surgeons in St. Joseph's Hospital.

Nelson George will join the staff of house surgeons at Victoria Hospital.

The convocation has been set for the evening of May 3 and will be held in the Auditorium.

The standing is as follows:

**FOURTH YEAR.**

**Medicine.**

First-class honors—Jeffries, (Fisher, Childs), Brown, Poisson, Phipps, Lindsay, Gillespie, McLarty, Kidd.

Second-class honors—Carroll, (Taylor, Luton), (Anderson, Barrett), George, Bavis, Butterwick, Stockwell, Robertson.

Pass—Lancaster, (McLean, Matthews, Gordon), McCaul, Stanfield, Rhycard, Alley.

**Pathology.**

First-class honors—Childs, Brown, Jeffries, Fisher, Poisson, Bavis.

Second-class honors — Barrett, George, Stockwell, Anderson, Butterwick, Lindsay, Gordon, Robertson, McLarty.

Pass—Phipps, Carrol, Kidd, Luton, Gillespie, Taylor, Lancaster, McCaul, Rhycard, Matthews, Stanfield, Alley.

**Gynaecology.**

First-class honors—Brown, Jerries, Carroll, Anderson, Childs, Kidd, Fisher, Luton.

Second-class honors—Barrett, Butterwick, Phipps, Robinson, George, Gordon, Gillespie, Lindsay, McLarty, Bavis.

Pass—McCaul, Lancaster, Taylor, McLean, Stockwell, Matthews, Stanfield, Alley, Rhycard.

**Ophthalmology.**

First-class honors—Brown, Jeffries, Poisson, Butterwick, Anderson, Lindsay, Barrett, Childs, Gordon, Bavis, Gillespie, Fisher, Carroll, Robertson, Lancaster, Luton.

Second-class honors—Alley, Phipps, Taylor, Stockwell, McLarty, George, Rhycard, Matthews, Kidd.

Pass—Stanfield, McCaul, McLean.

**Surgery.**

First-class honors—Childs, (Jeffries, Brown), Kidd, Lindsay.

Second-class honors—Carroll, (Fisher, Poisson), (Gillespie, Bavis), Luton, (Robertson, George, Barrett), Anderson, Butterwick, (Lancaster, Phipps, Gordon.)

Pass—Rhycard, Matthews, Stockwell, McLarty, Stanfield, Taylor, McLean, Alley, McCaul.

**Therapeutics.**

First-class honors—Jeffries, (Brown, George), Anderson.

Second-class honors—Barrs, Childs, Gordon, Fisher, Luton, (Butterwick, Carroll, Gillespie, Parson, Phipps), (Lindsay, Stockwell.)

Pass—McLarty, (Barrett, Kidd, Rhycard), Alley, Robertson, Taylor, Winters, Matthews, Lancaster, McCaul, Stanfield, McLean.

**Diseases of Children.**

First-class honors—(Lindsay, Jeffries, George, Barrett), (Fisher, Robertson, Gordon, Kidd, Poisson, Childs), (Taylor, Luton, Matthews, Butterwick, Carroll, Gillespie, Bavis), (McCaul, Alley, McLarty, Stanfield, Winters.)

Second-class honors—Brown, Lancaster, Anderson, Stockwell.

Pass—Phipps, McLean, Rhycard.

**Clinical Surgery.**

First-class honors—Jeffries, Brown, (Childs, Anderson, Fisher.)

Second-class honors—McLarty, Luton, Poisson, Carroll, Gillespie, Bavis, Kidd, Gordon, Barrett, Taylor, Lindsay, Rhycard, Matthews, McCaul, Butterwick, Alley, George, Phipps, Stanfield.

Pass—Lancaster, Robertson, Stockwell.

**Clinical Medicine.**

First-class honors—Childs, (Jeffries, Brown), Fisher, Anderson, Gillespie, Poisson, Luton.

Second-class honors—George, Kidd, McLarty, Lindsay, Stockwell, Taylor, Lancaster, Barrett, Phipps, Rhycard, Matthews, Butterwick, Bavis, Gordon, Robertson, McLean.

Pass—Carroll, Alley, Stanfield, McCaul.

**Obstetrics.**

First-class honors—Jeffries, Brown, McLarty, Fisher, Kidd, (Gillespie, Luton), (Bavis, Stockwell.)

Second-class honors—(Butterwick, Childs), Robertson, Phipps, Lindsay, Lancaster, Poisson, Carroll, Gordon, Taylor, George, McCaul, Barrett.

Pass—Anderson, Winters, Alley, Rhycard, Mathews, Stanfield, McLean.

**THIRD YEAR.**

**Surgical Anatomy.**

First-class honors—McFarland, Jepson, (Shore, Robinson), (Butterwick, Johnston), (G. Ramsay, B. Ramsay), (McGuffin, Taylor).

Second-class honors—Marshall, Burgess, King, McCallum, Collins, Wilson, Wall, Matthews.

Pass—Mooney, O'Brien, Riley, Sanders, McCallum, Fraser.

**Clinical Surgery.**

First-class honors—(Jepson, Marshall, Taylor, McFarland, Butterwick).

Second-class honors—(G. Ramsay, Wilson), B. Ramsay, McCallum, (Riley, Johnston), Lancaster, Mooney, Sanders, King, Matthews.

Pass—McGuffin, Collins, Robinson, Burgess, Wall, O'Brien, Shore.

**Toxicology.**

First-class honors—McFarland, (McCallum, Jepson, Riley), (G. Ramsay, B. Ramsay, Johnston), Butterwick, (Mooney, Winters, Taylor), Marshall, Wall.

Second-class honors — Wilson, (Shore, Robinson, Matthews), Sanders.

Pass—Burgess, O'Brien, King, McGuffin.

**Gynaecology.**

First-class honors—G. Ramsay, Butterwick, Gordon, Marshall.

Second-class honors — B. Ramsay, (Robinson, Johnston, Alley), (Mooney, Jepson), (Matthews, King), (Burgess, Taylor, Riley, McFarland).

Pass—Wilson, Collins, McCallum, O'Brien, Sanders, McGuffin, Shore, Fraser, Winters, Wall.

**Medicine.**

First-class honors — McFarland, G. Ramsay, Butterwick, B. Ramsay.

Second-class honors—Robinson, Taylor, Mooney, Marshall, (Collins, Jepson), (Riley, McLean).

Pass—Matthews, King, Gordon, O'Brien, Wall, Johnston, Shore, Burgess, McCallum, Sanders, McGuffin.

**Pathology.**

First-class honors—Butterwick, McFarland, Riley, B. Ramsay, Jepson.

Second-class honors—Marshall, Robinson, G. Ramsay, King, Taylor, Shore, Lancaster, Johnston, Wilson, Mooney, Collins, Burgess.

Pass—McCallum, Wall, McGuffin, Alley, Sawden, Matthews, Matthews.

**Clinical Medicine.**

First-class honors—McFarland, Butterwick, B. Ramsay, Marshall, Jepson, Shore.

Second-class honors—Riley, G. Ramsay, King, McCallum, Robinson, Collins, Burgess, Johnston, Wall, McGuffin, Wilson, Sawden, Mooney.

Pass—Lancaster, Taylor, Gordon, O'Brien, Alley, Matthews.

**Sanitary Science.**

First-class honors—G. Ramsay, (Jepson, McFarland), B. Ramsay, Butterwick, Mooney.

Second-class honors — Robinson, Riley, Burgess, King, Wall, McCallum, Taylor, Marshall.

Pass—Collins, Fraser, O'Brien, Johnston, Sawden, McGuffin, Wilson, Matthews, Winters, Shore.

**Surgery.**

First-class honors—Marshall, McFarland, B. Ramsay, Butterwick, Johnston, Mooney, Jepson, G. Ramsay.

Second-class honors—King, Robinson, McCallum, Riley, O'Brien, Taylor, Shore, Gordon, Sawden, Burgess, Wilson.

Pass—Collins, Wall, McGuffin, Matthews, Alley.

**Jurisprudence.**

First-class honors — Riley, McFarland, B. Ramsay, Johnston, G. Ramsay, Jepson, Butterwick, Mooney, Winters, Marshall.

Second-class honors—McCalum, Taylor, Wall, Burgess.

Pass — Robinson, O'Brien, Shore, King, McGuffin, Sawden, Wilson.

**SECOND YEAR.**

**Physiology.**

First-class honors—Imrie, A. Duncan.

Second-class honors—Thurtell, McRitchie, Gordon, Knight, Strickland, George.

Pass—Axford, F. Duncan, Winters, Dunfield, Ross, Johnson, Annett, Stevens, Boyd.

**Organic Chemistry.**

First-class honors—Imrie, A. Duncan.

Pass—Knight, Thurtell, Strickland, George, Axford, Johnson, Annett, Dunfield, McRitchie, Gordon, Ross, F. Duncan.

**Practical Chemistry.**

First-class honors — (A. Duncan, Knight, Johnson, Ross), George, McRitchie, Thurtell, Gordon, F. Duncan, Imrie.

Second-class honors—Annett, Strickland.

Pass—Axford, Stevens, Boyd, Dunfield.

**Histology.**

First-class honors—A. Duncan, Axford, Imrie, Knight, Thurtell.

Second-class honors—Gordon.

Pass—Strickland, McRitchie, F. Duncan, Annett, Boyd, Ross, Stevens, Dunfield, Johnson, George.

**Practical Anatomy.**

First-class honors—Imrie, (Duncan, Knight.)

Second-class honors—Johnson, Thurtell, Annett, (George, Strickland), Stevens, (Axford, Gordon, Dunfield), F. Duncan, Ross, McRitchie.

Pass—Winters, Boyd.

**Materia Medica.**

First-class honors—Imrie, A. Duncan.

Second-class honors—George, Stevens, Dunfield, McRitchie, Johnson.

Pass—Strickland, F. Duncan, (Thurtell, Axford, Knight, Ross), (Annett, Gordon, Boyd.)

**Anatomy.**

First-class honors—Imrie, A. Duncan, Thurtell.

Second-class honors—Knight, Johnson, Stevens, Strickland, George.

Pass—F. Duncan, Axford, Gordon, Dunfield, Annett, Ross, McRitchie, Boyd, Winters.

**FIRST YEAR.**

**Practical Anatomy.**

First-class honors — Moriarity, (Glenn, MacAuley), (Birks, McRoberts, Douglas), (Bodkin, Wright), (Downham, Washburn, Yealland), Clegg.

Second-class honors—Fletcher, (Taylor, Bice, Thompson), McIlwraith, Schram, (McRae, Scollick, Wagner, (Collins, Shipley, Simpson.)

Pass—McMahon, Coulter, Green, Hardman, Morgan, Nesbitt.

**Descriptive Anatomy.**

First-class honors — Moriarity, Glenn, Douglass, MacAuley, McRoberts, Yealland, McIlwraith, Birks, Wright.

Second-class honors—Bodkin, McFadden, Bice, McRae, Parks, Coulter, Thompson, Morand, Collins, Barrett, Fletcher.

Pass—Simpson, Washburn, Wagner, Dornshaw, Campbell, Green McMehan, Schram, Hardman, Shipley, Morgan, Nesbitt, Garrett.

**Physiology.**

First-class honors — Clegg, Douglas, MacAuley, Moriarity, Morand.

Second-class honors — McRoberts, Wright, Glenn, Washburn, Birks, Downham, Coulter, Bice, Bodkin, Fletcher.

Pass—Yealland, Campbell, McIlwraith, McMehan, Parks, Simpson, Green, Wagner, McFayden, Morgan, Thompson, Shipley, Barrett, McRae, Collins, Schram, Nesbitt, Hardman.

**Materia Medica.**

First-class honors—Douglas, (Scollick, MacAuley, Moriarity), (Clegg, Counter, Morgan, Washburn, Bodkin, Bice.)

Second-class honors—McMehan, McRoberts, McIlwraith, Green, Hardman, (McFayden, Glenn, Shipley, Barrett, Park, Morand, Fletcher, Collins.)

Pass — Schram, Yealland, Thompson, McRae, Simpson, Downham, Wagner, Campbell, Garret, Nesbitt.

**Inorganic Chemistry.**

First-class honors—Douglas, Moriarity, Birks, Bowman, MacAuley.

Second-class honors—Glenn, McRae, Clegg, Bodkin, McFayden, Campbell, Simpson, Fletcher.

Pass—Washburn, McIlwraith, Downham, Yealland, McRoberts, Collins, Green, Coulter, Schram, Hardman, Morand, Barrett, Thompson, Parks.

**Physics.**

First-class honrs—Bowman, Moriarity, MacAuley, (Birks, Douglass, Simpson.)

Second-class honors — Glenn, Clegg, Fletcher, Campbell, Barrett, Coulter, McRoberts.

Pass—(Washburn, Yealland), (Downley, MacFayden, McMehan, Bodkin, Morand, Parks, Morgan, Garrett, Bice, Schram, Thompson.

**Botany.**

First-class honors—Moriarity, Birks, McRoberts, MacAuley, Simpson.

Second-class honors—Bodkin, McRae, McFayden, Douglass, Fletcher, Downham, Glenn, Coulter, Clegg, Bice, Washburn, Yealland.

Pass—Campbell, Barrett, (Morgan, Schram), Thompson, Shipley, Wagner, McIlwraith, Morand, Green, Hardman, McMehan, Parks.

**Zoology.**

First-class honors—Moriarity, Birks, Bodkin, McRoberts, Glenn, McRae.

Second-class honors—Fletcher, MacAuley, Morand, Bice, Washburn, Yealland, McIlwraith, Wagner, Downham.

Pass—Thompson, Schram, Parks, Simpson Campbell, Douglass, Coulter, Clegg, Barrett, McMehan, Shipley, Collins, Hardman, McFayden, Scollick.

**HIS THROAT CUT.**

Manila, April 23.—Lieutenant Albert N. Brunzell, of the First Brigade marines, has been found dead in the rear of his quarters at Olangapo with his throat cut. It is not known whether the young officer committed suicide or met with foul play. The naval authorities are investigating. Brunzell had just successfully passed an examination for promotion to a captaincy. He was appointed to the marine corps from Idaho, his native state, in February, 1900.


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ALL THE NEWS THAT IS NEWS

# A DAY IN THE SPORTING WORLD

SIDE LIGHTS ON MANY SPORTS

## MULLIN WINS IN ELEVEN INNINGS

### Given Sensational Support by the Infield of the Tigers

### COBB FINDS BATTING EYE

**The Naps Narrowly Escape Being Shut Out by the St. Louis Browns.**

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

| | Won. | Lost. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Detroit | 6 | 2 | .750 |
| New York | 5 | 2 | .714 |
| St. Louis | 4 | 3 | .571 |
| Boston | 4 | 3 | .571 |
| Philadelphia | 3 | 4 | .429 |
| Cleveland | 3 | 5 | .375 |
| Chicago | 2 | 5 | .286 |
| Washington | 2 | 5 | .286 |

**Games Today.**

Detroit at Chicago.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Washington at New York.
Philadelphia at Boston.

**Yesterday's Results.**

Detroit 3, Chicago 1 (11innings).
St. Louis 3, Cleveland 1.
Boston-Philadelphia (postponed, rain).
New York-Washington (postponed,rain).

Chicago, April 23. — That peerless Tiger infield showed up to perfection today. Furnishing "Iron Man" Mullin almost perfect support in one of the grandest games, the big Detroit twirler ever pitched, the Champs annexed the second of the series with the White Sox by a score of 3 to 1. It took the men of Jennings 11 innings to turn the trick, and it was a fight from start to finish. White in the box for the Sox twirled a swell game, but he was out-generaled by the Tiger slabman. Sullivan's bad throw in the eleventh inning, coupled with hits by Bush and Cobb and a stolen base by the latter, gave the Tigers the extra two runs and the game.

Mullin showed an abundance of speed. His curves were breaking just right and his control was steady at all times. He held Sullivan's men to but four safe hits, and when he was found it was only for infield smashes which the men on the Tiger firing line handled gracefully and with apparent ease. It was a great game and the Champs showed the same fighting spirit which enabled them to annex the coveted pennant for two successive seasons.

A total of 22 assists for the infield plainly tells the tale. It speaks wonders not only for the men on the line, but for "Big George."

With eight chances, some of them hot ones, "Ownie" Bush acquitted himself gloriously, gobbling up all, but making a low throw to first in the ninth. This could easily be excused, for the speedy little shortstop had to go some to get in front of the ball when Hahn drove it at him.

In addition to this, Bush's work with the stick was timely. His single in the eleventh, followed by Cobb's bunt which he beat to first, started the run-getting. "Ownie" was much in evidence throughout the entire game and the little fellow showed real championship calibre.

| Detroit. | A.B. | R. | H. | O. | A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| McIntyre, l. f. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Bush, s. s. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 7 |
| Crawford, c. f. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Cobb, r. f. | 5 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Rossman, 1b | 5 | 0 | 1 | 20 | 1 |
| Moriarty, 3b | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Schaefer, 2b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 5 |
| Manage, c. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Mullin, p. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| Totals | 38 | 3 | 10 | 33 | 22 |

| Chicago. | A.B. | R. | H. | O. | A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hahn, r. f. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Dougherty, l. f. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Isbell, 1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 1 |
| Cravath, c. f. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Atz, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Parent, s. s. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 6 |
| Sullivan, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 2 |
| Tannehill, 3b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Purtell, 3b | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| White, p. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| *Welday | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals | 32 | 1 | 4 | 33 | 18 |

*Batted for Tannehill in ninth.
Errors—Bush, Sullivan 2.

Chicago ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1
Detroit ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2—3

Sacrifice hits—Dougherty (2), Atz, Rossman, Crawford (2), White.
Stolen bases—Bush, Atz, Cobb.
Double plays—Parent and Isbell; Atz and Isbell.
Left on bases—Chicago 4, Detroit 6.
Base on balls—Off White 2, off Mullin 2.
Struck out—By White 6, by Mullin 2.
Wild pitch—White.
Time—2:10.
Umpire—Perrine.

### NAPS LOSE AGAIN.

Cleveland, April 23.—St. Louis defeated Cleveland again today, 3 to 1. Pelty outpitching Cy Young. Hits by Hofman and Stephens with Williams out, scored St. Louis' first run, while Stone's single, Hartzel's triple and Lajoie's error allowed the next two.

Cleveland's only run was scored in the eighth, when Goode was hit and went home on Ferring's double. Score:

| Cleveland. | A.B. | R. | H. | O. | A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Goode, r. f. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Perring, 3b | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Stovall, 1b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 1 |
| Lajoie, 2b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| Easterly, c. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| Hinchman, s. s. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| Lord, l. f. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Birmingham, c. f. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Young, p. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Totals | 33 | 1 | 6 | 27 | 17 |

| St. Louis. | A.B. | R. | H. | O. | A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Stone, l. f. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Jones, 1b | 3 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 |
| Hartzel, r. f. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Ferris, 3b | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Hofman, c. f. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Wallace, s. s. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Williams, 2b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Stephens, c. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Pelty, p. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Totals | 32 | 3 | 8 | 27 | 12 |

Errors—Perring, Lajoie, Ferris, Hofman.

Cleveland ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1
St. Louis ..... 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0—3

First base on errors—Cleveland 2, St. Louis 1.
Two-base hits—Easterly, Perring.
Three-base hit—Hartzell.
Sacrifice hits—Jones, Ferris.
Stolen base—Hofman.
Double play—Stephens and Wallace.
First on balls—Off Young 1, Pelty 1.
Hit by pitched ball—By Pelty, 1 (Goode).
Left on bases—Cleveland 6, St. Louis 5.
Struc kout—By Young 4, Pelty 1.
Time—1:49.
Umpires—Kerin and O'Loughlin.

### AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

| At Columbus— | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Louisville | 5 | 15 | 0 |
| Columbus | 3 | 9 | 1 |

Batteries—Halla and Hughes; Geyer and James.

| At Toledo— | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Toledo | 8 | 7 | 5 |
| Indianapolis | 2 | 4 | 2 |

Batteries — Lattimore and Clark; Schrieber and Howley.

| At Milwaukee— | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Kansas City | 8 | 7 | 5 |
| Milwaukee | 5 | 7 | 9 |

Batteries—Wright and Ritter; Dougherty and Hostetter.

At St. Paul—Minneapolis 6, St. Paul 2.

## PITTSBURG WINS FROM THE REDS

### Chicago Cubs Lose to St. Louis Cardinals Through Wildness.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

| | Won. | Lost. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 6 | 3 | .667 |
| Boston | 4 | 2 | .667 |
| New York | 3 | 2 | .600 |
| St. Louis | 4 | 5 | .444 |
| Chicago | 3 | 4 | .429 |
| Pittsburg | 3 | 4 | .429 |
| Philadelphia | 2 | 3 | .400 |
| Brooklyn | 2 | 4 | .333 |

**Games Today.**

New York at Brooklyn.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at Pittsburg.
Chicago at St. Louis.

**Yesterday's Results.**

Pittsburg 2, Cincinnati 1.
St. Louis 6, Chicago 3.
Brooklyn-New York (postponed, rain).
Boston-Philadelphia (postponed, rain).

Pittsburg, April 23.—Pittsburg defeated Cincinnati today in the lightest hitting game thus far this season in either the National or American Leagues, by a score of 2 to 1.

Errors figured in all the runs made by both sides. Willis pitched a splendid game and Gaspar did well. Score:

| Pittsburg. | A.B. | R. | H. | O. | A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| W. Miller, c. f. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Leach, 3b | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| Clarke, l. f. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Wagner, s. s. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| J. Miller, 2b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 2 |
| Absteln, 1b | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Wilson, r. f. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Gibson, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Willis, p. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Totals | 24 | 2 | 3 | 27 | 15 |

| Cincinnati. | A.B. | R. | H. | O. | A. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Huggins, 2b. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 |
| Oakes, c. f. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Paskert, l. f. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Lobert, 3b | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Mitchell, r. f. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Bescher, r. f. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mowrey, s. s. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Hoblitzel, 1b | 2 | 0 | 2 | 12 | 0 |
| McLean, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Gaspar, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| *Durbin | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Campbell, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals | 29 | 1 | 2 | 24 | 13 |

*Batted for Gaspar in eighth.
Errors — Wagner, Huggins, Lobert, Mowrey, Hoblitzel.

Pittsburg ..... 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 *—2
Cincinnati ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Two-base hit—J. Miller.
Hits—Off Gaspar, 3 in 8 innings.
Sacrifice hits—Clarke, J. Miller.
Double plays—Huggins, Mowrey and Hoblitzel; Absteln and J. Miller.
Left on bases—Pittsburg 5, Cincinnati 5.
First on balls—Off Willis 4, Gaspar 2.
First on errors—Pittsburg 3, Cincinnati 1.
Hit by pitcher—By Gaspar: Clarke; by Campbell: Absteln.
Struck out—By Willis 4, Gaspar 1.
Time—1:40.
Umpires—Klem and Kane.

St. Louis, April 23.—St. Louis won from Chicago today, 6 to 3. Lush was an effective pitcher in all but the second inning. He also helped win his own game with three safe hits. Lundgren and Hagerman were wild. Score:

St. Louis ..... 0 1 0 4 1 0 0 0 *—6
Chicago ..... 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—3

Batteries—St. Louis, Lush and Bresnahan; Chicago, Lundgren and Moran.

## KLING WILL REPORT

**Famous Catcher May Be in the Game May 2.**

Chicago, April 22.—It is rumored today, that Catcher John Kling, who has thus far refused to rejoin the Chicago National League team, will return to his post on May 2. The report is given out that he has been able to arrange his affairs in Kansas City so that he can leave them during the summer months. President Murphy is quoted as saying that the alleged decision of Kling is news to him, but no surprise.

The announcement was made at Murphy's headquarters some time ago that Kling would be called upon to pay a fine of $1,000 before he would be allowed to play with the champions.

This statement was later modified by Mr. Murphy, who said that Kling would have to "patch it up with Manager Chance before he is taken back.

## DECISION GOES TO BOSTON

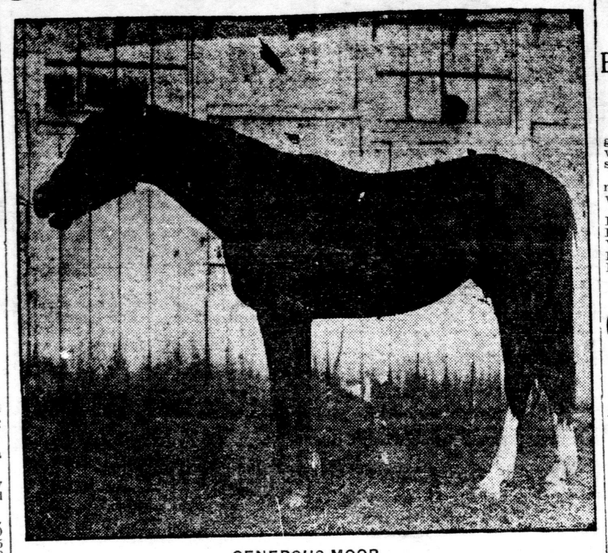
**Commission Awards $300 to Doves—Trenton Club Is Loser.**

Cincinnati, April 22.—The national baseball commission today rendered a decision in the dispute between the Boston National League Club and the Trenton, N. J., Club regarding transactions during the last two years, involving several players. An award of $300 is made by the commission in favor of Boston against the Trenton club.

Regarding the matter of the claim of Player O. Kilroy against the Toronto Club, Eastern League, the commission refused to consider the player's application for an additional allowance on his claim and refused his application to be declared a free agent.

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## ONE OF BECK'S KING'S PLATERS



GENEROUS MOOR.

Hon. Adam Beck's second plate candidate, is by Dalmore, out of Generosity. Generous Moor is a half-brother to Photographer. He stands about 15:2 hands, and is a chestnut. The photo was taken at the Beck stables here.

## COVERPOINT JOLTS

Courttown H., the Dyment plater, has again gone wrong. This seems to be his favorite performance. Johnny Dyment is getting to be the prize bad luck person on the Canadian turf.

* * *

Ty Cobb only got three hits yesterday, and it is feared that his batting average will not be larger than .0023 this season.

* * *

It is stated that Harry Stinson will train a public stable this year. Harry has gone down the line with some great ones, and he should have great success at his new venture.

* * *

Tom Longboat has commenced training, a dispatch from Toronto says. Tom is always in shape for certain lines of endeavor, but he will have to take some work to get rid of that bad impression his last two flascos have created.

* * *

St. Yves is a 2 to 1 favorite over Alfie Shrubb in their fifteen-mile scamper this evening. These odds are as false as a dizzy blonde's wig, as the Frenchman has no license to be favorite over Shrubb for that distance. The Englishman should beat him nicely at the jaunt.

* * *

One week from today the City Baseball League season will open. The four teams are getting into pretty fair shape, and the games should be classy from the go-in. It is to be hoped that there will be large crowds attending these games, as they will be worth while.

* * *

As soon as Dicky Rudolph won a game, the mayor of Toronto sent him a real telegram. About the time the outfit loses three in a row, Dicky will receive no telegrams, but rather as choice a collection of knocks as was ever gathered in an anvil factory. They want a pennant-winning team with a bunch of Oslerized athletes.

* * *

Toronto had a look at an expurgated edition of the Salome dance, but even that was too strong for the morals of the police inspector, who ordered the lady to drape more. They can get away with anything in Toronto except good stuff. If it has merit, the burg does not want it nohow.

* * *

There was a story to the effect that London would have a mile racetrack shortly published in a Toronto paper recently. So far the ground has not been laid out, and from what we can see, there is about as much chance for that happening as there is for a dewdrop in Sheol. Londoners give horse racing here absent treatment, and until they get over that habit, another track is about as much good as Marathoning in Timbuctoo.

* * *

In the last analysis, a "rasslin'" match is the pleasantest game in all the world for the fakir. It is so easy to pull off smooth work.

## RULES ARRANGED FOR SPRINGBANK

### Meeting Held in Y.M.C.A. Last Evening and Constitution Drawn Up for New League.

The Springbank League committee held a preliminary meeting in the Y. M. C. A. last night, and judging from the resolutions adopted, the league will enjoy the greatest success during the coming season, as every provision has been made to encourage sport in a manly way.

**The Rules.**

Some of the rules that met approval were:

That each team must deposit $5.00 with the league committee, as a guarantee of sincerity. This amount will be returned to the team at the end of the season, providing they are in good standing.

The league secretary will be appointed by a committee, and will be present at the Y. M. C. A. rooms every Friday night from 8 to 10 o'clock to conduct the general business of the league.

It was decided to demand 10 cents a week from each player. This amount will be turned in to the league committee by the team manager, and will go towards the cost of buying balls and maintaining an efficient umpire.

Anybody is eligible to play on any of the four proposed teams, with the exception of those who have played in the East End League or any city league. Professionals and semi-professionals will be barred also.

The secretary will issue certificates to the players which must be signed by them and the managers, and countersigned by the league secretary.

**Protests.**

Protests must be reported within 48 hours, and if the allegations are sound, parties at fault will be discharged from the league.

A team may be suspended or expelled:

(a) If it refuses to dismiss any such objectionable player.

(b) For conduct of its officers or members considere' unsportsmanlike by the league committee.

(c) For forfeiting any league game without the consent of the league committee.

(d) For willful violation of or refusal to comply with any of the lawful rules or regulations of the league.

Mr. Stanley Brent, of the Y. M. C. A., will be glad to hear from all clubs and athletic organizations desirous of joining the league.

As soon as sufficient applications are in, a meeting will be called and the final business settled, prior to the opening game.

**The League Committee.**

The league shall be managed by a committee of the following gentlemen: B. C. McCann, chairman; J. E. Johnson, C. M. Manning, J. A. Stevenson.

## BENENATTI OF LONDON LOSES TO M'INTOSH

### In Ten-Hour Roller Grind at St. Thomas Rink Yesterday.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

St. Thomas, April 23.—George McIntosh defeated Vincent Benenatti, London, in a ten-hour endurance match at the Granite roller rink here tonight, winning by a little over a mile.

The pair commenced the grind at 10:30 this morning, and both were in good condition at 8:30 tonight. The Londoner lost the lead in the fourth hour, and never regained it. Fred Hayden was judge; W. Fenwick, official referee; Gordon Lamb and Mr. Benenatti, of London, referees, and O. S. James, starter.

The tally by hours was:

**The Records.**

Benenatti—First hour, 11 miles 7 laps; 2 hours, 23 miles 9 laps; 3 hours, 34 miles 13 laps; 4 hours, 46 miles 6 laps; 5 hours, 56 miles 12 laps; 6 hours, 67 miles; 7 hours, 76 miles; 8 hours, 86 miles 7 laps; 9 hours, 97 miles 2 laps; 10 hours, 109 miles 7 laps.

McIntosh—First hour, 11 miles 7 laps; 2 hours, 23 miles 10 laps; 3 hours, 35 miles; 4 hours, 46 miles 7 laps; 5 hours, 57 miles; 6 hours, 67 miles; 7 hours, 76 miles 3 laps; 8 hours, 86 miles 12 laps; 9 hours, 97 miles 11 laps; 10 hours, 110 miles 9 laps.

## DISTANCE MEN LET UP

**St. Yves and Shrubb Take Slow Jaunts to Limber Legs.**

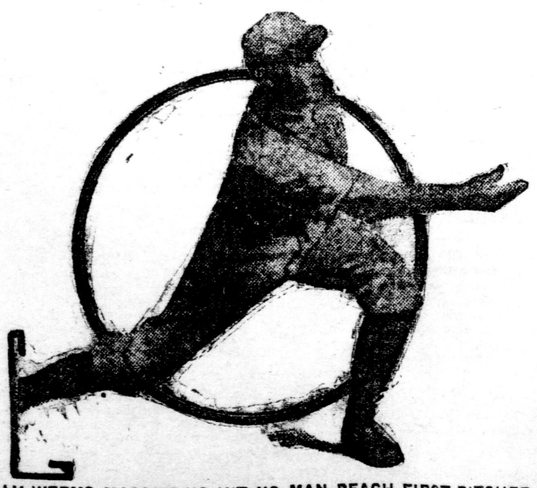
New York, April 24.—Henri St. Yves and Alfred Shrubb are both keyed up to the top notch for the fifteen-mile race which they are matched to run at American League Park tonight. The last hard work of the little Englishman and the Frenchman was done on Wednesday and yesterday, each man contented himself with a slow jaunt, Shrubb going seven miles and St. Yves five.

The lighting arrangements that will be used for the race was again tried out last night, and quite a crowd of baseball promoters and managers of teams were present. Whether the light will be suitable for baseball remains to be seen, but it certainly answers the purpose in every way for a running race, such as will be run tomorrow night.

**ANOTHER CHALLENGE.**

The Hobbs Manufacturing Company baseball team would like to arrange for a game with any wholesale team in the city. Please address all communications to the manager, Hobbs Manufacturing Company baseball team.

## SOUTHERN PITCHER EQUALS RECORD OF "CY" YOUNG AND ADDIE JOSS



SAM WEEMS, MACON'S NO-HIT-NO-MAN-REACH-FIRST PITCHER.

That exclusive corporation of which Cy Young and Addie Joss are members, known as the "no-hit-no-run-no-man-reach-first pitchers' association," has been forced to admit a new member in Pitcher Samuel Weems, of the Macon team.

Weems, pitching against Mercer University in a practice game, pitched perfect ball. He did not pass a batter not hit one. He struck out 14 and retired 27 in succession without a hit. Macon won the game, 4 to 0, neither side making an error.

## THE SPRINGWOOD CLUB DEFEATS BRICTON FIVE

### By Score of 93 to 84 on Former's Grounds Yesterday.

In a shooting match on the Springwood grounds yesterday afternoon the Springwood club defeated the Bricton club by a score of 93 to 84.

There were five men on each team, each man shooting at 25 birds. The following was the score:

| Springwood. | | Bricton. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Parker | 22 | Waide | 18 |
| Bryce | 12 | McDowell | 16 |
| Webb | 18 | McCord | 15 |
| Brock | 21 | Walker | 20 |
| Day | 20 | J. C. Waide | 15 |
| Total | 93 | Total | 84 |

## CRISPIN WILL RACE M'LAREN ON APRIL 29

### Accepts Challenge for One Mile Event, Winner to Take All.

Sporting Editor, Advertiser:

Regarding the challenge of Ernest McLaren which appeared in The Advertiser of April 21 for a one-mile roller skating race for a purse and a side bet of $25. I will skate McLaren on the 29th of April, the winner to take all.

GEORGE CRISPIN.

London, April 23, 1909.

## SHERIDAN WANTS RECORD

**To Try for 12-Pound Shot Mark at Letter Carriers' Meet.**

New York, April 20.—Martin Sheridan will try for a new record with the 12-pound shot at the games of the New York Letter Carriers' Association at Celtic Park next Sunday. The veteran of many records is in the pink of condition, having been training faithfully all winter, and his many followers are confident that he will wipe Ralph Rose's mark from the books.

## JOHNSON MATCHED TO MEET O'BRIEN

### At Philadelphia on May 19 for a Purse of $5,000.

Pittsburg, April 23.—Jack Johnson, the heavyweight champion, and Jack O'Brien of Philadelphia, were matched here today to fight a six-round bout at Philadelphia on May 19, for a purse guaranteed to be $5,000. A forfeit of $2,000 posted in New York by O'Brien will be covered by Johnson, the money is said to be now on the way to New York.

## MARATHON ON WHEELS

**Famous Cyclists to Compete at Classic Distance in Newark.**

New York, April 23.—The Marathon craze has now extended to the ranks of the cyclists and the first bicycle Marathon ever attempted in this country by professional riders will be run tomorrow afternoon at the Newark Velodrome. The event is scheduled as the feature of the weekly race meets and the riders will be sent over the full Marathon distance of 26 miles 385 yards. The affair will be held on the steep-banked board track, which measures six laps to the mile, and all the star professionals, including national champion Frank L. Kramer, Joe Fogler, the aspirant for his title, and Eddie Root will compete, along with thirty other professionals. Besides this the card of the meet will include two amateur events, a five-mile motor-cycle race and two motor-cycle exhibitions.

## ROLLER THROWS CHICAGONA

**Henry Winklehoffer Is Defeated in Two Straight Falls by the Seattle Doctor.**

Danville, Ill., April 23.—Dr. B. F. Roller, of Seattle, last night defeated Henry Winklehoffer, of Chicago, in a wrestling bout in two straight falls. Roller took the first fall with a half Nelson in 23 minutes. The second fall went to Roller in ten minutes with a toe hold and a half Nelson.

**NOTES OF THE TURF.**

Three winners of the Canadian King's Plate in the last four years owe their paternity to Havoc.

J. E. Seagram's Seismic, last year's King's Plate winner, bids fair to be most formidable this year. He has grown and improved all around since last season and Trainer Littlefield declares him more like Havoc when the latter was a young horse than any of his other sons.

S. C. Hildreth will make nominations of his good horses for all the stakes at the Toronto, Fort Erie, Montreal, Hamilton and Windsor meetings, with the idea of racing on the Canadian circuit the coming summer in the event of unsatisfactory conditions on the New York tracks. He probably will campaign part of his string of sixteen horses on the Canadian tracks in any event.

**BELMONT SECURES DUGAN.**

Eddie Dugan will ride the Belmont horses at the Pimlico meeting, which ushers in the eastern racing season today. It is understood that the jockey may get a contrate for the entire season although no papers have been signed as yet. Dugan has given up all ideas of attempting to ride in England since the British authorities refused his request for a license on the ground of his discipline for rough riding in America.

## WORKED TWO HOURS GROUPING CLUBS

### C. L. A. District Committee Holds First Session.

### FINAL MEETING ON MAY 6

**A Handsome Silver Cup Will Be Given for the Winner of the Juvenile Series.**

Toronto, April 23.—The first meeting of the C. L. A. district committee was held at the Iroquois Hotel, and beginning well at 7 o'clock, its labors were completed by 10 o'clock. There will be a final meeing of the committee on Thursday, May 6, at the Iroquois Hotel, to revise the districts. Clubs desirous of changes should notify Secretary Hall immediately. Sixty-seven clubs are in the fourteen groups of the intermediate series, and 58 clubs in thirteen groups of the junior series. There are 25 groups in the juvenile series, but the number of clubs cannot yet be given, as the Toronto, Hamilton and several other groups are not complete. For this series an admirer of the game will give a handsome silver cup. Ten players only are necessary to make up a team in this series, and the grounds need not be more than 100 yards in length. There were present at the meeting President T. F. Doyle, J. K. Forsythe, E. Knott, T. E. Henry and Secretary W. H. Hall.

This is the way the committee arranged the districts.

**Intermediate Series.**

Group 1—Seaforth, Goderich, Wingham, Clinton, Mitchell, Southampton, Kincardine.
Group 2—Chesley, Hanover, Wiarton, Walkerton.
Group 3—Durham, Grand Valley, Mount Forest, Arthur.
Group 4—Orangeville, Shelburne, Markdale. Dundalk, Owen Sound.
Group 5—Brampton, Guelph, Elora, Fergus.
Group 6—Young Brants (of Brantford), Brantford, Paris, Galt, Hespeler.
Group 7—Stratford, St. Marys, Woodstock, St. Thomas, Bright.
Group 8—Young Torontos, Maitlands, Elms, St. Simons, Shamrocks (of West Toronto), Weston, Hamilton, Lincolns (of St. Catharines).
Group 9—Orillia, Bradford, Newmarket, Barrie, Cookstown.
Group 10—Beaverton, Cannington, Lindsay, Peterboro, Uxbridge.
Group 11—Oshawa, Port Hope, Trenton, Bowmanville.
Group 12—Meaford, Clarksburg, Collingwood, Stayner.
Group 13 — Bracebridge, Gravenhurst, Huntsville.
Group 14—Elmvale, Midland, Penetang, Coldwater.

**Junior Series.**

Group 1—Chatham, Wallaceburg, Blenheim, St. Thomas, Thamesville.
Group 2—Dundalk, Orangeville, Shelburne, Markdale.
Group 3—Owen Sound, Hanover, Durham, Wiarton, Chesley.
Group 4—Mitchell, Seaforth, Stratford, St. Marys, Listowel, Clinton.
Group 5—Fergus, Mount Forest, Arthur, Grand Valley.
Group 6—Brantford, Preston, Hespeler, Galt.
Group 7—Shamrocks (of West Toronto), Weston, Brampton, Woodbridge.
Group 8—Aurora, Newmarket, Bradford, Barrie.
Group 9—Eurekas, Capitals, Maitlands, All Saints, Orioles (of St. Catharines).
Group 10—Meaford, Clarksburg, Collingwood, Stayner.
Group 11—Elmvale, Penetang, Midland, Coldwater.
Group 12—Orillia, Bracebridge, Beaverton, Gravenhurst.
Group 13—Peterboro, Bowmanville, Port Hope, Lindsay, Oshawa.

**Juvenile Series.**

Group 1—Teams in Toronto.
Group 2—Teams in Hamilton.
Group 3—Teams in St. Catharines and Port Dalhousie.
Group 4—Teams in Brantford.
Group 5—Aurora, Newmarket, Bradford.
Group 6—Tottenham, Beeton, Cookstown, Alliston.
Group 7—Teams in Orillia and Barrie.
Group 8—Stratford, St. Marys, Mitchell.
Group 9—Seaforth, Goderich, Clinton.
Group 10—Beaverton, Cannington, Lindsay.
Group 11—Midland, Coldwater, Waubashene, Victoria Harbor.
Group 12—Collingwood, Meaford, Clarksburg, Stayner.
Group 13—Kincardine, Southampton, Wingham.
Group 14—Owen Sound, Wiarton, Chesley.
Group 15—Durham, Hanover, Walkerton.
Group 16—Mount Forest, Arthur, Grand Valley.
Group 17—Orangeville, Shelburne, Dundalk, Flesherton, Markdale.
Group 18—Elora, Fergus, Guelph.
Group 19—Hespeler, Preston, Galt.
Group 20—Brampton, Weston, West Toronto, Woodbridge, Streetsville, Georgetown, Glen Williams.
Group 21—Teams in Peterboro and Port Hope.
Group 22—Whitby, Oshawa, Bowmanville.
Group 23—Chatham, Thamesville, St. Thomas.
Group 24—Woodstock, Bright, Paris.
Group 25—Niagara Falls, Thorold, Welland.

Other Sports on Page 12




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**And Decide Upon a**

**Russell**

RUSSELL Automobiles are not only made to meet Canadian road conditions, but tested to see that they do meet them.

EVERY car gets a thorough road test. Many factories do not go to this extreme. They simply build a car, adjust it and turn it over to the customer, who must himself try it out after he has bought.

IT saves a good deal; it saves equipping the car with test wheels, mudguards and testing body; it saves using gasoline and wearing out tires. But can you feel the same confidence in an untested car as you can in one that has been proved?

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**$2,000**
(24 HORSEPOWER)

The utmost value in a car at this price. Standard construction throughout. Strictly high-grade.

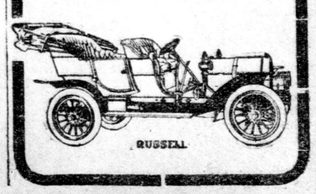
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**$2,500**
(MODEL H)

Larger and with more powerful motor than Model L. A car of great luxury and style.

**Models From 18 to 50 Horsepower, $1,500 to $4,500.**

Send at once for our complete catalogues, which are fully illustrated and describe each model fully.

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# MR. JIMMY BAUM WAS CHATTY BUT DIDN'T TELL VERY MUCH

## Has a Story to Relate in Connection With the Kinrade Case When He Goes on the Stand—Is Closely Watched by a Brace of Detectives While in Hamilton.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Hamilton, April 23.—Jimmy Baum is the rival of the mountain as Hamilton's great attraction.

The southern actor is quite the sight, and everywhere he goes he is pointed out as Miss Florence Kinrade's lover from Virginia.

He has been pursued by newspapermen to get his story, and camera men have filled his young life with woe Many attempts to photograph him have been made, but so far the results are about as interesting as a before-taking medicine advertisement.

Jimmy is watched by the two detectives, Inspector Rogers and Inspector Pender of the Pinkertons.

It is rarely that he gets away from these gentlemen, as they have no desire that Jimmy shall tell his little story, and spoil what the crown expects to be the piece de resistance of the inquest.

He is loquacious is James. He does not appear to be courting notoriety; in fact, he is in Canada considerably against his will, and has no great desire to talk. But he is full of the great tragedy. His mind seems to revert to it in conversation, but a warning look from the detectives is sufficient to stop further speech on the subject.

### Has a Merry Eye.

In appearance Jimmy Baum is of medium height, thin, narrow face, with a merry eye, and a pleasant smile. He wears his hat—a stiff one—one the slant, giving him a happy-go-lucky appearance. He is mild-mannered, easy-going, and not self-assertive. His accent is the mellow drawl of the southerner.

Jimmy got away from the detectives last night for a couple of hours, and knocked around at his own free will. Of course, he was run down by several newspapermen, but he refused to tell his story to them, and it is still a closed book to the public.

"Wait until I go on the stand, and I will tell the story," is his answer to questions.

He will probably follow Miss Florence in the witness-box. Just how interesting it is, or what light it will throw on this mystery is, of course, mere conjecture.

The case is creating more interest than ever. Every sensational turn adds to the mystery, and makes the solution more difficult.

The crown have many witnesses, new witnesses, and a great store of information. Whether the information will alone be used in cross-questioning Miss Kinrade, or whether the witnesses will be called to testify what they know cannot be learned.

It is stated that some evidence of a somewhat disgusting character may be submitted to the jury.

As mentioned above, interest in the case is again at white heat.

There was a time when it seemed to flag, but now it is the single theme of conversation everywhere.

Miss Kinrade will be in Hamilton in court on Monday night. Whether or not she will give evidence is another question. It is doubtful that she will. The case will be taken up in other courts, and as the ways of the law are devious, it may be some time—if Mr. Staunton wins, never—before her testimony will be furnished the jury.

# Liquor To Be Barred From Camps

Ottawa, April 23.—Liquor will be barred as the military camps of instruction this summer.

Instructions have been sent out by headquarters that the order against liquor being sold in the camps be rigidly enforced. There has always been an order against selling liquor at camps, but it has very seldom been forced and as long as the canteen sold only to members of the regiment it was not molested.

# Department of Labor for Ottawa

Ottawa, April 23.—The Premier today gave formal notice of his proposed resolution providing for the establishment of a department of labor, as a separate department of the civil service, with a minister in charge at a salary of $7,000 per annum.

The resolution provides for only two additions to present staff of department, a $1,000 clerkship and a private secretary to the minister at $600 per annum.

It is certain that William Lyon Mackenzie King, M. P. for North Waterloo, will be the new minister.

Mr. King is at present in China attending the opium conference, to which he is Canada's delegate.

# UNITED STATES MUST GO TO CANADIANS

## Secretary of the Interior Says Americans Must Be Suitor For Reciprocity.

Detroit, April 23.—The latest of the series of historic reciprocity conferences which have been held in Detroit since 1860 is expected by those participating in the deliberations yesterday to yield fruit and to be the beginning anew of a movement for Canadian reciprocity which will sweep over the country.

The strong indorsement of the movement by Former Secretary of the Interior James A. Garfield, of Cleveland, son of the martyred president, and his declaration that we should be willing to go to Ottawa as suitors, was the feature of the afternoon session of the conference.

The conference declared for a permanent tariff commission, granting power to the executive to apply the minimum and maximum tariff rate to the purposes of reciprocity with Canada. Garfield went further and indorsed "the extension of the executive power year after year." This view was apparently not favored by Gov. Herrick and others.

An attempt to take action by recommending specific free-listing of lumber, coal and barley was nipped in the bud.

# SAYS PREMIER SCOTT HAD GIFT OF STOCK

### Startling Statement Made in Commons by Member From Dauphin.

Ottawa, April 23. — In the Commons today Glen Campbell, the member for Dauphin, made the charge that a member of the House and Premier Scott, of Saskatchewan, had both received valuable gifts of stock from the Saskatchewan Valley and Manitoba Land Company.

The Speaker ruled that Mr. Campbell could not refer in such terms to a member of the House, and so compelled him to withdraw the statement.

In his speech Mr. Campbell admitted that Mr. Scott had made a full denial of the charge.

# FOSTER VS MacDONALD

### Master Instructs That the Latter Amend His Defence.

Toronto, April 23.—Master-in-Chambers J. S. Cartwright, K.C., gave judgment today, partly in favor of the plaintiff in the case of Hon. George E. Foster against Mr. J. A. McDonald, editor of the Globe, on the renewed motion of I. F. Hellmuth, K.C., for plaintiff, opposed by N. W. Rowell, K.C., for defendant, to amend the statement of defence in the action for slander alleged to have been uttered by Mr. McDonald during the last Dominion election campaign.

Master-in-chambers holds as he did before that the trial must be confined to those accusations of which plaintiff complains and that the plaintiff's whole conduct for years past cannot be scrutinized and called in question. He therefore directs that the defendant should now amend so as to conform to this judgment.

The plaintiff is to have the usual term to reply.

# PATTEN'S PROFITS A PALTRY HALF MILLION

## Famous Wheat Corner Not the Fortune Maker That Was First Reported.

Chicago, April 23.—James A. Patten's flight to Colorado and the big slump in the wheat pit, which is rapidly eating up prospective profits, makes it doubtful that the King of Wheat will clean up more than $500,000 instead of the much-talked-of $5,000,000. In fact, unless he is able to hedge on cash deliveries to July option; the probability is he will be a heavy loser.

During yesterday's frenzied trading 20,000,000 bushels of wheat were thrown on the market. While none of it came directly from the Patten house, it is believed much of the selling was for him.

The fact that Patten has so isolated himself from reporters and quotations leads many of his dejected dupes to believe he is well out of the deal. They argue that with a fortune ranging in the balance he would hardly quit the market so absolutely.

Some say that Patten is holding on to his wheat in anticipation of a record price when deliveries came due and people learn for themselves that there is an actual scarcity in wheat, as he has insisted.

The only chance Patten has left to get out of the market without taking a serious loss is to sell enough wheat for July delivery to take care of the 8,000,000 bushels of May wheat which he will be obliged to take in on the contracts he already has purchased.

In the congested condition of the market it would be absolutely impossible to sell 8,000,000 bushels of May wheat without breaking the price below $1, but the trade in July being wider, Mr. Patten's lieutenants are planning to take in the wheat as delivered during the month of May, and to carry it until July, and then deliver it on the contracts they are now selling. The best they can hope to clean up on the whole operations will be $500,000.

It is estimated by the most careful market observers that Patten has purchased altogether about 30,000,000 bushels of May wheat, and of this amount he has been successful in unloading on the public something like 22,000,000 bushels at a profit of about 20 cents a bushel.

Patten's friends have remarked that he has not been looking well for a month, and being sensitive to criticism, the denunciation by ministers and the general public proved more than he could stand. One of his best friends said yesterday:

"Jim Patten is a good fighter; but he can't stand abuse."

# THE G. T. PROMOTIONS

### Official Announcement of Changes in the Passenger Traffic Department.

Montreal, April 23. — Official announcement was made today by the management of the Grand Trunk Railway of the anticipated changes in the passenger department.

W. E. Davis continues as passenger traffic manager of both G. T. R. and G. T. P. The title of general passenger agent and ticket agent is abolished, and G. T. Bell becomes assistant passenger traffic manager of both railways. G. W. Vaux, Mr. Bell's assistant at Chicago, becomes general passenger agent of the G. T. R. at Montreal. W. P. Hinton becomes general passenger agent of the G. T. P. at Winnipeg. H. G. Elliott becomes first assistant passenger agent at Montreal. H. R. Charlton becomes general advertising agent of both roads, and W. S. Cookson takes the place of Mr. Vaux at Chicago.

## MEDICAL SCHOOL MEDAL WINNERS



EDWIN F. JEFFRIES,
Winner of the Gold Medal.



CLARENCE BROWN,
Winner of the Silver Medal.

# ORGANIZER ADDRESSES THE LOCAL CARPENTERS

## William B. Macfarlane Pointed Out Some Grievances Last Night.

Mr. Wm. B. Macfarlane, general organizer of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, spoke before a goodly number of the members of the trade in the Knights of Pythias Hall last night.

Mr. Macfarlane was here in the interests of his order. While the society is a benefit order, it was not that phase of the subject which he wished to present, but rather the benefits that the workingmen could get through collective thought.

"We realize what a man wears and eats, and rents are controlled by collective thought, and only as we get them on the same ground can we get what belongs to us," he said.

"The wage-earners of this country are today receiving a little less than 15 cents out of every dollar they produce. During the past ten years, through the combined effort of organized labor, we have been able to increase our wages, while at the same time the cost of the actual necessities of life have increased 33 per cent. Even the most casual observer will recognize the dangerous position in which this leaves the workingman."

### Situation in London.

In speaking of the situation in London, Mr. Macfarlan said that there was no attempt being made to have the wages increased, nor during his stay of a week in the city had he heard of any such agitation. The contractors, all save the very large builders, he said, were practically as badly off as the individual workmen. He has no corner on the materials; he uses but only on the labor, and through the unorganized condition of labor many of these men were really working for less than a fair wage.

The wages in London run from 20 cents to 35 cents an hour, but few men were getting the highest figure. This also might be said to be due to the faulty system employed here, he said. The apprentice system seems to have been practically lost here, and the handy man has taken his place, and one skilled man has been accustomed to guide four or five of these unskilled men, with a result that there is less chance for the apprentice to reach the top grade in his trade.

Eight new members were added to the association last night, but Mr. Macfarlane expects to add a larger number when he returns to the city on May 15.

# PALESTINE UNDERGROUND

### Dr. Banks' Concluding Lecture in the Auditorium.

The concluding lecture of a very interesting series on the work of the Babylonian encaration expedition in Babylonian excavation expedition in Dr. Banks last night in the Auditorium. The subject was "Palestine Underground." In it Dr. Banks dealt with excavation among the buried cities of Palestine.

Many interesting pictures were shown of the ancient civilization, and much correctness of the Bible story was adduced from the relics found in some of the buried Hebrew cities. The country is rich in the records of the past, everywhere are the traces of former people, and through the medium of the discoveries made in the ruins it is possible to largely reconstruct these ancient civilization, and get a very intimate personal knowledge of the people of the Old and New Testament times. On the monuments and panels of the doors are often sculptured the name and likeness of kings, showing that they had visited these places in the past. For beneath the ruins of some cities have been found the records of a yet earlier civilization, and many of the treasures found there now rest in the museums of Europe, and are among the oldest and most beautiful of the ancient treasures of the world.

It is evident that the people of these old days knew some things that we in the present age do not know. In the city of Balbeck was found the largest stone ever quarried. It measures 75 feet by 44 feet by 15 feet in height. We have no machinery in existence that could move this immense mass, yet Mr. Banks was able to show pictures in which stones of only a slightly smaller dimension were placed in position in the colossal structures of those days.

The work of excavation in the present day was seriously impeded by the opposition and fanaticism of the Sultan and his government. As a result the field is practically untouched, and most of the buried cities of the ancient Hebrews are as yet undiscovered.

### WAS MRS. JAMES' MURDERED?

Winnipeg, April 23.—New evidence which developed tonight leads to the belief that Mrs. Louis James, who was found dead in her home yesterday, was murdered, and probably entrapped before death.

Mrs. James was subject to fainting spells, and it was thought that perhaps she sustained her injuries during one of these. Tonight it developed that the injuries could not have been inflicted this way.

Mrs. James was 22 years old and a bride of a year.

The James home was on the outskirts of the city, from where many complaints of tramps have been received of late.

# THE GOVT. TO SELL THE GILLIES LIMIT

## Ontario Prepares to Place One Thousand Acres on the Market at Once.

Toronto, April 23.—Repeated rumors of the sale or partial sale by the Government of the Gillies timber limits received official confirmation this morning, when it was announced that the Government will sell 1,000 acres in the northerly corner of the limit, in the richest mineral portion of the reserve.

The Government mine is situated in the portion sold, but the mine, together with thirty or forty acres surrounding it, has been reserved.

The 1,000 acres will be sold in blocks of 20 acres on a cash basis with 10 per cent royalty. A substantial deposit will be required with each tender, and the balance of the purchase money must follow in twenty days.

Advertisements announcing the sale will appear shortly, and tenders will remain open until June 15.

The total area of the Gillies limit is 100 square miles, or 64,000 acres. The timber has been largely cut off the northern portions, and on the land to be sold it is understood that little valuable timber remains, the value of the land being entirely mineral. The block to be sold adjoins Coleman Township, and is not far from the valuable Nipissing mining claims.

The limit was bought by Gillies brothers seven years ago from Booth and Lumsden, Ottawa lumbermen. It was a virgin reserve, and had never been cut over. The Nipissing people were the only ones who ever acquired a portion of the limit, and they got only a very small section.

The Government's reason for selling the limit was not discussed.

# BATTLE AT CONSTANTINOPLE

Continued From Page One.

Within a minute after the reports from the Constitutionalists returned the firing began. The investing forces brought into action one battery of field guns, and one battery of machine guns, judging from the sound of firing early in the morning.

### Fighting in Streets.

London, April 24. — Special dispatches from Constantinople this morning, describing the encounter with the advancing Constitutional army, and with the troops of the Constantinople garrison, say that both sides used artillery and machine guns, and that the combatants gradually swarmed into the town, fighting in the streets. The loyalists sought shelter in the French hospital after having been pursued by the Constitutionalists, whose superior discipline was effective.

Two onlookers were killed during the struggle, one of whom is believed to be a British subject. The fight raged almost in the heart of the European quarter.

### Correspondent Wounded.

Frederic Moore, correspondent for the New York Sun, was seriously wounded in today's fighting between the Constitutionalist army and the dispatches received here this morning. Sultan's troops, according to special dispatches received here this morning. Mr. Moore was taking snapshots of the fighting soldiers, who evidently mistaking his camera for a weapon, fired upon him.

Mr. Moore for some time has had the distinction of being one of the correspondents near to the scene of activities in Turkey. He represented several English and American papers and recently published a book on Morocco. He was formerly connected with the London bureau of the Associated Pres. His wife is with him at Constantinople.

### Quiet Now Reigns.

Constantinople, April 24. — Complete tranquility was restored in Constantinople by noon, when the last recalcitrants surrendered and the firing ceased.

Several of the isolated guardhouses defended themselves bravely against the Salonikans. These fights in the centre of the city resulted in a considerable loss of life.

The Taxim guardhouse resisted for three hours under, a heavy fire. The occupants, numbering 50 men and officers, finally surrendered.

# SAY JOE MARTIN HASN'T MUCH CHANCE

### But in a Triangular Fight Anything Might Happen—Dedicating a Gift.

London, April 23.—The Evening News says it will be surprised if Joe Martin cuts any considerable figure in the Stratford elections, but all the same, owing to the fact that the fight is a triangular one, there are plenty of possibilities which are perhaps not easy to grasp.

The Calgary and Edmonton Land Company had an increase of $1 20 an acre in the land sold.

The year's profits were £46,831 as against £17,761 the year before.

As grand master of the Order of St. Michael and St. George the Prince of Wales attended the annual service of celebration of St. George's Day held at St. Paul's Cathedral immediately after the arrival of the prince. Bishop Montgomery dedicated the new reredos, which is the gift of Lord Strathcona and C. MacAulay Browne. Amongst those present were Sir Charles Tupper, Sir C. Rivers Wilson, and Lord Strathcona.

# LOCAL LAWYER HIGHLY HONORED

## Banquet and Presentation for Mr. D. A. McDonald Who Is Leaving the City

## MR. MEREDITH'S EULOGY

### Some Very Nice Things Said of One Who Has Been in "The Most Popular" List.

At a farewell banquet given in his honr at the Tecumseh House last night, Mr. D. A. McDonald, who has just severed his connection with the law firm of Meredith, Fisher & McDonald, to start a practice for himself in Fernie, B. C., received an ovation of which he might well be proud.

The large majority of the members of his own profession were present to testify by their words and presence to the great esteem and affection in which Mr. McDonald is held. Every speaker took the opportunity of adding his quota to the kindly words of praise and commendation that were spoken both of Mr. McDonald's untiring zeal in his work, and of the way in which he has done his work—a good fighter for his own clients, yet a man who could fight without bitterness, and gain the esteem of client and opponent alike.

### Our Guest.

In presenting the toast of the evening, "Our Guest," Mr. Edmund Meredith, K.C., said:

"I have known Mr. McDonald ever since he came among us, and know him for a patient, industrious, conscientious lawyer—a man who has the faculty of leaving a case with the goodwill of both the plaintiff and the defendant—a faculty, which unfortunately for myself, I do not possess. Mr. McDonald deserves a great deal of credit for having made for himself, in such a short time, so many warm friends and such a sterling place in his profession. I believe that Mr. McDonald will rise rapidly in his profession in the west, and that London will have cause to be proud of him."

### A Presentation.

Mr. McDonald was then requested to rise and to say if there were any reasons why the sentence of the court should not be passed upon him, whereupon he was presented with a very handsome brief bag and a sterling silver carving set, as a token of the kindly feeling which the members of his profession in London hold towards him.

"I have enjoyed some moments of exhilaration in my life," said Mr. McDonald, as he rose to speak, "but I can say to you without hesitation that this is the proudest moment of my life. You cannot understand how happy you have made me, though I will doubtless understand in my calmer moments to what heights of fancy your imagination has flown.

### Has Good Friends.

"I am not what is commonly called a good-mixer, and I have made few friends outside of my profession, but the friends that I have made are all here tonight. I have not been sure, am not sure yet, that I have been wise in deciding to leave London, and I am less sure tonight than I have ever been before. I can only say again on behalf of my wife and myself that I cannot express the thankfulness that I feel to you all for the great kindness you have always shown me. I can never forget your unfailing courtesy to me, and I will particularly remember the sacrifices you have made to be here tonight. I can only thank you for it all, and tell you that I will not easily forget."

### Other Toasts.

The other toasts of the evening were: "The Empire," responded to by Mr. U. A. Buchner "Canada," presented by Rev. J. G. Inkster; "The Legislature," that was represented by Mr. J. C. Elliott, the member for West Middlesex. "The Legal Profession" found two able and eloquent champions in Mr. J. M. McEvoy and Mr. J. B. McKillop. Mr. Marshall Graydon made a very bright and happy speech in replying to the toast of "The Ladies." "The City of London" was coupled with the names of Mayor Stevely, ex-Mayor J. C. Judd, and Aldermen Ferguson and Stewart, while "The School Board" fared well in the hands of Mr. G. N. Weekes and Mr. John M. Gunn.

Without exception every speaker added his quota to the expression of the kindly feelings with which Mr. McDonald was held by all.

During the evening Mr. J. W. McIntosh sang several songs, which were heartily applauded, while Mr. Marshall Graydon provided much pleasure for the gathering with his quaint songs. Mr. Nixon and Mr. Spence also sang during the evening.

The gathering broke up at an early hour with the singing of "Auld Lang Syne."

### Those Present.

Those who were present at the banquet were as follows:

Donald Ferguson, J. C. Judd, K.C., F. E. Perrin, John M. Gunn, Thomas Colerick, H. S. Blackburn, R. G. Fisher, P. H. Bartlett, E. Meredith, James B. McKillop, Charles H. Ivey, T. J. Murphy, Edmund Weld, J. W. G. Winnett, R. K. Cowan, E. W. M. Flock, J. H. Campbell, Walter G. Wright, H. H. Marshall Graydon, J. H. Flock, Ald. D. A. Stewart, D. A. McDonald, J. Macpherson, Rev. John Gibson Inkster, J. W. McIntosh, George S. Gibbons, Angus Elliott, A. E. Santo, W. C. Allen, Wm. Govenlock, W. W. Thomson, J. P. Moore, E. H. Johnston, E. Jeffery, Colon E. J. Smith, G. N. Weekes, R. D. Jarvis, J. C. Elliott, J. V. McDonald, U. A. Buchner, J. M McEvoy, Mayor Stevely.

# ARMORY FOR SARNIA

### Property on Christina Street Bought by the Militia Department.

Sarnia, April 24.—Mr. Alfred Simpson, of this town, has been given the contract for the masonry work on Glencoe's new postoffice.

Wheat sold for $1 17 per bushel yesterday on the Sarnia market. This is the highest price paid here for wheat in ten years.

Mr. H. Yard has received word from F. F. Pardee, M. P., that the militia department, Ottawa, have bought the Brebner property on Christina street, for an armory site. This property has a frontage on Christina street of 115 feet and on Front street of 137 feet. The length of the property is about 230 feet. The Brebner residence is included in the purchase.

Frederick G. Moe, a representative of the United Wireless Telegraph Company of New York, is in Sarnia looking for a suitable location to establish a station at this point and has practically decided on Point Edward.

# R. E. O. A. AGAINST LONDON ELECTRIC

## Pass Resolution Not To Buy Plan at Any Price

## INVESTIGATION IS ASKED

### Of the Charges Made That Aldermen Have Civic Contracts.

The Real Estate Owners' Association held a largely-attended meeting last night, and worked overtime framing resolutions. There was a great deal of discussion, after which the following were passed:

"Resolved, That in view of the London Electric plant being of absolutely no use in any particular after the installation of Niagara current, the best interests of the taxpayer will be conserved by our council turning down all offers that have been submitted from the London Electric Company. In voting for Niagara power, it was fully understood the people were to have cheaper power and cheaper light. To instal Niagara power and purchase an obsolete and useless plant, would make cheaper power and light impossible."

### Another One.

"Resolved, That, whereas it has appeared in the public press that several members of the city council, including the meyor, have violated their obligations by having directly or indirectly benefited in certain civic contracts, all the other aldermen are in duty bound to ask for a judicial investigation—or as Montreal had now done, ask for a Government commission to thoroughly investigate every department of civic administration—that the guilty, if any, may be properly punished."

### The Wells Scheme.

"Resolved, That whereas the Hon. Adam Beck has shown most conclusively to the citizens that he has an unbounded faith in his proposed water scheme—as outlined and submitted to the electorate at the last municipal elections—by his practical efforts thus far in procuring a number of wells within close range of the trunk main and almost in the centre of the city, it is our opinion it would be in the best interests of the city that he should complete the system as he has begun it to a finish, as any interference by the commission at this juncture might jeopardize the scheme both as to principle and its ultimate cost. In other words, we have every confidence that if managed and completed by Mr. Beck, the city will get a greater quantity of water, a far superior plant, a much higher fire pressure, at a cost of less than one-fourth the sum in the defeated bylaw. And to obtain these results we believe it absolutely necessary that Mr. Beck shall alone finish the work he has so generously undertaken."

# BRADSTREET'S REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

## Commercial Conditions in All the Chief Centres of the Dominion.

Montreal reports to Bradstreet's say: The past week has seen little change in the business condition. There continues a retail trade of about normal proportions for all seasonable goods. The drygoods trade is brisk, and a fairly good volume of sorting orders is coming forward. Deliveries for summer are very satisfactory, but there is natural complaint regarding scarce lines. Advance orders for fall lines are fair for this season, but retailers are more concerned about the spring and summer trade. The opening of navigation is helping the movement of heavy hardware, metals, etc., and for the bulkier packages of general lines The improvement, however, will hardly be in full swing for a week or so yet. The grocery trade is without special feature other than some improvement in the movement to country points. Collections are generally fair, being rather more free than was reported a week ago. The outlook for trade generally continues to brighten. Factories are busy with goods ordered for later in the year, and most of the industries represented here are looking forward to much greater activity than was experienced last year. Receipts of produce continue large and prices hold unchanged to easy in tone. Hides continue quiet on a light demand, and quotations are easy in tone.

Toronto reports to Bradstreet's say: More cheerful conditions throughout the country are reflected here in a larger volume of business moving. Sorting orders for spring drygoods are numerous, and in some cases fairly large and summer lines are being sent forward with all possible speed. Business in footwear during the past week has been good. Travellers are now going out with fall lines. Grocers report a good demand for samples. The firmness in teas is a feature. All lines of seasonable hardware are moving briskly. The western demand for general merchandise is active, and large shipments are daily going forward. The opening of navigation is having considerable effect in this connection. Wholesalers are beginning to look towards fall trade, and for this early stage the outlook is considered encouraging. Seeding is going forward well and the crop area of the country promises to be greatly increased. Collections continue to improve and there is now but little complaint heard upon this score.

Winnipeg reports say: General business here and throughout the west continues to show a steady increase in volume. Sorting orders for spring goods are large and there are signs that placing orders for spring and fall will be away ahead of last year. Seeding is well under way and with favorable conditions should be finished shortly after the end of the month. It is estimated the crop area will show an increase of about 20 per cent. Deliveries of goods are generally satisfactory, but large quantities of goods are now beginning to come in by lake freights.

Vancouver and Victoria reports say: Spring trade is moving well in all lines. The turn-over of goods has been larger than was expected and the outlook for the balance of the year is considered to be of the most encouraging description. The demand for lumber is already increasing and prices are going higher. It is expected the lowering of the United States tariff on lumber will result in the selling of much Canadian timber in that market. The shipping trade is active.

Quebec—Seasonable lines are in demand but warmer weather is wanted to liven up trade. The latter is only fairly active and collections show no improvement over the preceding week. Country trade is not brisk owing to the bad condition of the roads and no improvement is expected for at least ten days. In some quarters it is reported the maple sugar crop will be below the average but the quality is better in some respects than past seasons. The failures for the week are few and comparatively small affairs.

Hamilton reports to Bradstreet's say business at retail in seasonable lines continues to show a steady tone. The sorting trade is fairly good and some orders for fall lines are beginning to come. The outlook, too, is encouraging. Country trade is still quiet and will continue so until after seeding. Produce comes forward freely and prices are generally unchanged. Local factories are reported to have good orders on hand. Collections are fair.

# MARY'S LITTLE LAMB WAS A REAL ONE

## A New Yorker Supplies the Inside Story of the Famous Animal.

New York, April 23.—Mary's little lamb was not a myth—it was an actuality. Charles E. Chadeayne, of Ossining, N. Y., is the authority who vouches for this statement and he backs it up with proofs of the little creature's origin, life, deportment, and above all its experience in school on that well remembered day.

The information concerning the famous animal is gleaned from extensive researches made upon the collection of curios belonging to Mr. Chadeayne. Exhibits in this collection demonstrate to a certainty that the lamb was born in 1817 in Sterling, Mass., where Mary (surname Sawyer) lived with her parents. The lamb destined to be so widely known was in its earliest hours in frail health.

### Nurses Frail Creature to Health.

Several lambs had been born at about the same time and Mary made a visit to the fold with her papa.

"Mary," said her father, "that lamb is dead."

"No, papa," replied the little girl, "for when I move its head it will move it back again."

"But it cannot live," said her father.

"O, yes, maybe it can," replied Mary. "Let me take it home and nurse it and tend it."

To this Mary's papa consented. So Mary took her little lamb and carried it home and warmed it and fed it. And from that moment the poem that everybody knows was assured.

The little girl's pet was so grateful to its benefactor that it could hardly bear to have her out of its sight. But Mary must go to school, you know, and so there had to be a separation for several hours every day. But Mary always said a long good-bye to it every morning. Once in a hurry this farewell slipped her mind until she had got considerable distance from the house.

### How It Came to Go to School.

And that is how it came about that Mary took the lamb to school and how the poetry spoken by every chick and child in America was inspired. To be sure, the poem says that "it followed her to school one day." Well, that can't be helped. Facts are facts, despite poets.

When Mary remembered that she hadn't paid a parting visit to the lamb she hurried right back as quick as she could. She had a little sound that she made that was half way between scream and song, and no matter where the lamb was when it heard that sound it would run to Mary. As she hastened homeward she made that little sound and sure enough here came the lamb. It looked up so pleadingly that Mary just couldn't take it back to the house and so she wrapped it up in her shawl and took it along to school.

### Put It Under Her Seat.

She put it, still wrapped in the shawl, under her seat and she never studied so hard in her life as she did that morning. She did not want the teacher to look her way for fear she would see the lamb. But when the time came to say lessons the scholars in Mary's class had to go out and stand along a certain crack in the floor. And what should happen but the moment that Mary started the lamb started, too, and went right forward and stood on the crack with Mary.

John Rollestone was the poet who framed the original verses. This man of letters appears to have been a sort of New England Keats, for he was at that time not more than 17 years old. He was studying under the guidance of the village parson, and as soon as he heard about the lamb incident he saw at once that here was his opportunity.

In a kind of divine frenzy he dashed off the stanzas which relate of the lamb being sure to go where Mary did, and following her to school, and about it making the children laugh and play, and about it being against the rules, and about the teacher turning it out, and about it waiting outside until Mary came out.

This effort contained only three stanzas and no more. Mary said in the late 80s just before her death, and constituted the poem as it was stricken from the white hot anvil of John Rollestone's inspiration. So far as Mary knew, Rollestone wrote no more regarding the adventures of the lamb. It was not until several years later that Mary read in a newspaper some verses accredited to Mrs. Sara J. Hale and entitled "Mary's Little Lamb." Mrs. Hale had used the Rollestone stanzas with one or two slight changes, and to them had added three.

# NEWS NOTES FROM CHATHAM

### Death of an Oldtime Resident—Child's Dangerous Drink.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Chatham April 23.—William Meicklejohn, of Richmond street, another of the city's oldest residents, died yesterday, aged 87 years. Mr. Meicklejohn came here from Scotland over 50 years ago. The funeral will take place tomorrow.

A little 2-year-old boy drank some worm exterminator at Wallaceburg on Wednesday. The poor lad was nearly exterminated.

Election of officers will take place at Park Street Epworth League tonight.

Thomas Granger's 6-year-old son, who recently underwent a serious operation, is reported to be in a more hopeful condition.

J. W. Humphrey states that his nephew, H. L. Humphrey, of Dresden, has passed the preliminary theological examination in St. Thomas.

The ladies of William Street Baptist Church gave a social evening at Judge Houston's house last night.

The manager of the Chatham Tammany Heelers announces that his men will play independent ball this season, and will not join any city league.

R. G. Holg, of the Scane Block, is in Windsor today.

# Plays, Players and Playgoers--The Week in London Theatres

### COMING ATTRACTIONS AT THE GRAND.

This Evening—William Faversham in "The World and His Wife."

Tuesday—"It's Never Too Late to Mend."

Wednesday—"Parsifal" in English.

Friday—R. G. Knowles in "Rambles in Foreign Lands."

Saturday, Matinee and Night—R. G. Knowles in "Rambles in Foreign Lands."

### "The Land of Nod."

"The Land of Nod," a musical comedy, was the attraction at the Grand last night, and drew a large house. The play delighted the listeners, who voted it an entertainment worthy of note.

There was plenty of action, lots of pretty music, some original comedy, and good principals.

Not a dull moment was in evidence throughout the piece, and it was given a good reception.

Knox Wilson, an entertainer well known to Londoners, introduced some concertina and saxophone specialties between the acts, and scored splendidly.

The show was a good one.

### William Faversham Tonight.

William Faversham and his great company will present Charles Frederic Nirdlinger's great play, "The World and His Wife," at the Grand this evening. When starring in "The Squaw Man," Mr. Faversham gave a single performance of this play in Boston and with such surprising success that he has chosen it as the initial offering this season. "The World and His Wife" is the development of a theme that embraces all classes of society. It is a powerful exposition of the evils of calumnious gossip. On the merest breath of ungrounded suspicion Teodora, wife of Don Julian, is acclaimed by tattling tongues as in love with her husband's young ward Ernesto. These three people, of noble impulse and high ideals are beset by the heedless gossip of busybodies, the unconquerable calumny grows instilling doubt, wrecking a man's peace of mind and at last destroying the good name of his house. Mr. Faversham has brought together a great company which includes Julie Opp, Olive Oliver, H. Cooper Cliffe, Lionel Belmore, Morton Selten, Berton Churchill and Harry Redding. This is the same company in every particular that made the great hit with Mr. Faversham at Daly's Theatre in New York.

### "It's Never Too Late to Mend."

With an exceptionally strong cast and a more than ordinarily elaborate production, "It's Never Too Late to Mend," or "The Wanderer's Return," by Owen Davis, is proving one of the successes in melodramatic plays of the present season. One of the secrets of the success which is being enjoyed by "It's Never Too Late to Mend" is possibly due to the fact that Mr. Davis has chosen fact rather than fiction for the plot of his play. The characters are real living and breathing men and the incidents so deftly woven together have every one of them occurred. There are eleven scenes each with a separate setting in the four acts, and the management has taken especial care to place the various parts in the hands of thoroughly competent players. Lovers of melodrama should enjoy "It's Never Too Late to Mend" which comes to the Grand on Tuesday evening.

### "Parsifal."

The present theatrical season will be marked by the reappearance of "Parsifal" at the Grand Opera House for one performance. So much was written and printed on its first entry here that no extended notice of the story is necessary. It is, however, pleasing to announce that Managers Martin and Emery, who were the first to succeed in presenting this magnificent Wagnerian conception to thousands of delighted playgoers, are out again this season in more dazzling strength than ever.

John Lane Connors and Virginia Keating are again to delight and instruct in the respective roles of Parsifal and Kundry. Klingsor will be personated by W. F. Harman, a well-known actor of fine attainments and long association with the foremost organizations of New York. L. S. McKee, who will be seen as Sir Gurnemanz, brings to this striking personality the ripe experience of years in delicate character drawing. With these two exceptions the company is the same as of last season; Richardson Cotton as Amfortas, and Jane Hampton as Herzelede, etc.

The costumes and scenery will display a wealth of artistic beauty, in full keeping with the rigorous requirements of the production. Everything is new and has been specially prepared for the present tour which is excelling in popularity and approval the signal success of last year's long run.

As heretofore, the performance will commence at 7:45 sharp, and conclude at 11:15. The auditorium is in total darkness throughout the first act. Latecomers, therefore, cannot be seated until its conclusion.

### Comedian as Rambler.

The Latin proverb which counsels the shoemaker to stick to his last was invented before the celebrated humorist and globe-trotter, R. G. Knowles, was born. Mr. Knowles, who is a Canadian by birth, made his first appearance on the stage sixteen years ago. He "caught on" at once, and he has been holding on to popular favor ever since. But Mr. Knowles has the adventurous spirit of a roamer, added to faculties of more than ordinary acuteness of perception, and some time ago he decided to turn them to account by appearing as a lecturer. Mr. Knowles, in the last few years has travelled many thousands of miles, and throughout his journeys he has been accompanied by a camera which has served as the eyes of the things he seeks to bring home to the minds of his audiences. "Rambles in Foreign Lands" has been a revelation. During his engagement in Gotham he pictorially and dramatically illustrated "Living London and Beautiful Rural England," "Ireland as It Is," "Auld Scotland to New Zealand, via Ceylon and Australia," "Fisher Folk of France, Flanders and Holland," "Old Worlds Through New Eyes," "New York—Things You Have Not Seen," and "Happy-Go-Lucky Tours—Here, There and Everywhere." Mr. Knowles has been booked for a Canadian tour, and will appear at the Grand Opera House Friday and Saturday evenings, and Saturday matinee.

### "A Broken Idol."

Miss Alice Yorke, the prima donna of "A Broken Idol," the musical farcical success presented by B. C. Whitney, which will be seen at the Grand early in May, is probably the youngest prima donna occupying a position of such importance on the stage today. Miss Yorke is only 22 years old, and has already won fame in New York, Chicago and other large eastern cities. She started on her stage career as a member of the chorus, and in less than two months' time her work stood out in such bold relief that she was given a part in "The Isle of Spice," and it was not very long before she was singing the prima donna role. Later, she held a similar position in "The Isle of Bong Bong" and "Captain Careless." In "A Knight for a Day" she was the pretty Muriel, and in "Three Twins" she carried off the honors of the performance, both in Chicago and New York. She has a wonderful voice, a pleasing personality, a pretty face and a graceful presence. She is the daughter of the late H. J. Hill, who was general manager of the Toronto Industrial Fair for years.

Lew Fields will inaugurate his occupancy of the Broadway Theatre, New York, about June 1, with a revue which will bear the name of "The Midnight Sons." The piece is the work of Glen Macdonough and Raymond Hubell and is already in rehearsal. In the cast are Lotta Faust, Marion Stanley, Dan Malley, Edward Radcliffe, Geo. W. Monroe, Fritz Williams and George C. Boniface. The production is being made under the direction of Ned Wayburn.

According to a cable dispatch from Charles Frohman, who is in London, Henry Arthur Jones has delivered to him the manuscript of a new play, which is to be produced in New York in September. Mr. Frohman also cabled that he had obtained the English and American rights to a play by Douglas Murray, entitled "The Great Mrs. Alloway." Mr. Murray is best known as the author of a little play called "The Sentimental Cuss," which was produced last season at the Vaudeville Theatre, London.

Frank Curzon, the London theatrical manager, cabled Wm. A. Brady last week asking if Grace George would play a season at the Prince of Wales Theatre, London, beginning June 1. Mr. Curzon also requested that Miss George, in addition to bringing over the productions of "A Woman's Way" and "Divorcons," appear in a new comedy by Jerome K. Jerome, the rights of which Mr. Curzon owns. Mr. Brady will accept Mr. Curzon's offer, provided a later date can be arranged.

William Faversham, who is playing "The World and His Wife," has announced that he and Walter Damrosch have entered into an agreement whereby they will make a joint production next season of the Greek tragedy, "Orestes." An English version has been especially made for this enterprise by Richard le Gallienne, which will be used in conjunction with Massenet's music, originally composed for the Count de Lisle version of the music play. It is the purpose to present "Orestes" at matinees during the run of Mr. Faversham's production of Stephen Phillips' "Herod" at the Broadway Theatre, New York.

Paul H. Liebler, whose production of "The Conflict," was the cause of much comment, has made arrangements with Richard J. Jose, the well-known contra-tenor, whereby he will be starred under Mr. Liebler's management next season. A play has been written by Messrs. Sleath and Farrar, called "Silver Threads." It is a comedy of the homely type.

From London Charles Frohman cabled Alf Hayman last Thursday to have Miss Billie Burke in readiness to begin her London season some time next month. Mr. Frohman added that under no circumstances would the engagement be prolonged beyond July, as Miss Burke and her company will go direct from London to San Francisco in August, making a journey of 6,500 miles—one of the longest theatre company movements on record.

Burr McIntosh will play the title role in "A Gentleman From Mississippi," when the play opens in Chicago for a long summer run.

Charles Frohman has a play by Paul Armstrong called "Hurrah for the Heir," a sequel to his "Heir of the Hurrah."

Clarence Handyside will be featured in a Broadway musical production before the close of the summer.

Messrs. Nixon & Zimmerman have tendered a special testimonial benefit to E. Chomley Jones in appreciation of his long services as their press representative, he being now in his seventeenth year in that capacity. The benefit will take place at the Chestnut Street Opera House, Philadelphia, on Monday evening, April 26.

Louise Dresser has been engaged for a prominent part in "The Candy Shop."

"Paid in Full" has shut down at the Grand Opera House in Gotham for the season.

There is a rumor that Annie Russell may be a Cohan & Harris star next season, appearing in a new play.

The announcement is made that Miss Bertha Galland intends to use "The Return of Eve" all next season.

"The Travelling Salesman" is ending its long run in New York after 285 performances. It will go to Chicago.

Robert Edeson is reported to be writing a play with a labor delegate as the central figure. He may appear in it next fall.

Miss Blanche Chapman will take the part of Ada Dwyer in "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch," as Miss Dwyer is in the cast of "The Dawn of Tomorrow."

John Griffith is going to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick on a ten-week tour. With him as leading lady is Edythe Totten. They will play "Othello," "The Bells" and "Faust."

"The Brass Bowl," a drama of New York life, was produced for the first time on any stage by William A. Brady and Joseph R. Grismer at the Court Square Theatre, Springfield, Mass., Monday night. The authors are Winchell Smith and Louis Josepa Vance, who made the play from the latter's novel of the same name.

The Aborn Grand Opera Company, organized for a spring season at the Newark Theatre, Newark, N. J., will reverse the usual order of things theatrical with its first offering, "Carmen," by "trying it on the dog" in New York city for one performance before opening its season in Newark. The management of the Broadway Theatre, New York, decided to give the employees of the theatre a testimonial benefit after the close of their regular season, and the Aborn Grand Opera Company was selected for this purpose.

Adelaide Wilson, daughter of Francis Wilson, is appearing in her father's company in "When Knights Were Bold."

Francis Wilson has just completed and put into rehearsal a new farce comedy, to be called "A Bachelor's Baby." It is said to treat of contemporary American life, and, as the comedian has written it for himself, it is quite probable that the central figure is well fitted to his needs. "A Bachelor's Baby" will be produced before the close of Mr. Wilson's season in "When Knights Were Bold."

Harrison Hunter, the star of "The Van Dyck," supported the late Sir Henry Irving, in London, also Lewis Waller, another great English actor, not known in America; also played with Beerbohm Tree in the original production of "The Van Dyck," and on this side of the water he has been prominent in the companies of Maxine Elliott, Amelia Bingham, Sothern-Marlowe, and others.

One of the first plays that E. H. Sothern appeared in was "Richelieu." This was with John McCullough's company. Since then it has been the desire of Mr. Sothern to appear as the cardinal, and he has made a life study of the role.

It annoys Miss Lulu Glaser to have people pronounce her name as though it were spelled "Glazer." It should be "Gla-ser," accenting the first syllable. During Miss Glazer's career on the stage she has originated seventeen different roles in as many musical plays.

Mr. Daniel Frohman sails for Europe Tuesday, to be absent about six weeks. He has arranged with the Messrs. Liebler to continue the run of Miss Eleanor Robson in "The Dawn of Tomorrow" at the Lyceum Theatre, New York, until well into June, when Miss Robson is to take her annual summer vacation.

George Thatcher is to be with Eddie Leonard next season. Leonard is planning a big minstrel show for the fall opening and Thatcher is one of his biggest catches. In the days now gone George Thatcher was a star member of the combination known as Thatcher, Primrose and West. Mr. Thatcher will present, in Eddie Leonard's show, all the different types of minstrels that have existed since war times.

"All on Account of Eliza," Louis Mann's former vehicle, has been revived by a stock company in Boston.

William A. Brady has a play for Frank Worthing entitled "The Doctor." It is from the pen of C. N. Barrett, of Cincinnati.

Cohan & Harris intend to star Julian Eltinge next season. George M. Cohan will probably furnish the vehicle, which will be a musical comedy.

Ralph Kellard, who has just closed his season as Arthur Warren in Belasco's "The Warrens of Virginia," has gone to Milwaukee to play juvenile roles with the stock company at the Shubert Theatre there, opening last week in "Sweet Kitty Bellairs."

"The Ghost Breakers," a new play by Paul Dickey and Charles W. Goddard, has been purchased for production by Mr. Henry B. Harris.

George Fuller Golden will star under the management of Cohan & Harris next season. He will be seen in a three-act comedy which he wrote himself.

Walter Kerrigan, leading man in "Brown of Harvard," is to be starred in the west next season in that play under the direction of Mr. Edward Cassidy.

A new musical comedy called "Lasso Land" is to be brought out by the Shuberts early this summer or at the opening of the fall season.

A new English musical comedy entitled "The King of Caladonia," will probably be presented in this country next season with Sam Bernard in the star role.

Maude Adams will probably present "What Every Woman Knows" on tour next season, owing to the demand for her appearance from cities outside of New York.

"The Gay Life," the comedy by Roy L. McCardell, produced by Harrison Grey Fiske, was given for the first time on any stage at the opera house, Providence, last Thursday night. Success is reported.

Lillian Russell will close her season late in June. Miss Russell will spend the summer on Long Island and will begin her season in "The Widow's Mite" early in September.

Reports come from New York to the effect that Henry Miller has decided to shelve "The Faith Healer" for the rest of the season, and may take it out early next fall after it has been rewritten.

Thomas Buchanan, author of "A Woman's Way," in which Grace George is starring, has decided to become an actor, and will join the company playing in "A Gentleman From Mississippi." He will have the role of the Washington correspondent who becomes a private secretary.

Producer and Manager A. H. Woods has secured the rights to a drama entitled "The Cat." It is from the pen of George W. Ward and is most novel in theme. The title role is a conscienceless woman.

Liebler & Co. are out with the statement that "Miss Philura," by Henry Blossom, a four-act comedy of New England life, will be produced early next season. In its theme is found a pronounced advocacy of Christian Science.

Charles Klein is on his way to England to confer with Henry B. Harris about a London production of "The Third Degree." It is possible that an English company may give "The Lion and the Mouse" in London.

Eddie Foy and Victor Moore have made arrangements to appear next month in vaudeville under the direction of William Morris. Mr. Foy will appear in "Hamlet by Freight," and Mr. Moore in a new version of "Change Your Act."



R. G. KNOWLES,
The Humorous Traveller, Who Comes to the Grand on Friday and Saturday Next Week in his "Rambles in Foreign Lands."



WALTER DOWNING,
With "It's Never Too Late to Mend," at the Grand on Tuesday Evening.

## PULP POLICY OF U. S. NEWSPAPERS

### Want To Be Free to Use Canada's Output in Order to Balk the Trust.

New York, April 22.—At a meeting of the American Newspaper Association, which was held here today, and largely attended, the following minute was adopted:

The American Newspaper Publishers' Association at its annual meeting in New York today, with the largest attendance in the history of the organization, comprising representatives of 290 daily newspapers, instructs its secretary to telegraph and write immediately to each United States senator, advising him that the association by a rising vote earnestly urges the confirmation by the Senate of the action of the House of Representatives in the matter of pulp and print paper.

"The investigation made by the select committee of the House of Representatives, covering a period of ten months, and surpassing in thoroughness any trade inquiry ever attempted in tariff history, has shown that American paper mills actually make paper cheaper than the most modern Canadian mill, and therefore, any import duty upon print paper is in the nature of a concession to the American mills. We are informed that the paper manufacturers are trying to induce the Senate to raise the rate of duty fixed by the Payne bill. The success of such an effort would prevent the possibility of an arrangement with Canada, which arrangement the select committee deemed to be of the utmost importance in order that we might continue to obtain from that country the considerable supply of pulpwood now used by American mills in newsprint paper manufacture.

"The well-matured and unanimous recommendations of the select committee, composed of representatives of both political parties, have safeguarded the interests of papermakers and consumers against the possibility of hostile action by Canada. We protest against any procedure which will ignore the work and results of the House committee's investigation and which, by provoking a trade war and stopping the exportation of pulpwood from Canada, may bring great loss to American newspapers and destruction to American forests.

"For a period of years the American newspapers have been the victims of paper combinations, mergers, corners, discriminations and secrecy in paper quotations. The failure of papermakers to employ technical skill in the operation of their plants has increased the burdens of consumers. We want to put an end to these abuses by broadening the market and by stopping schmes such as that planned in the creation of the International Paper Company, which aimed to destroy competition and give value to a collection of antiquated mills by bringing them under one control with 7,000 square miles of timberland and undeveloped waterpowers to the extent of 194,000 horsepower. We object to these gigantic speculations at our expense.

"Every obligation which the papermaker owed to the Government as a tariff beneficiary has been violated. Newspapers have been forced to bear the burden of frequent fluctuations and artificial stimulations of paper prices. The publishers ask fair treatment."

The following was also adopted:

"Resolved, that the thanks of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association are due to the select committee appointed by the House of Representatives at the instance of Speaker Cannon, to investigate the paper and pulp industry. We acknowledge our obligation to the chairman, Hon. Jakes R. Mann, and to members of the committee for the diligence and thoroughness and fairness of their inquiry covering a period of 10 months. Their work has been of educational value to papermakers and paper user.

"Resolved, that a copy of the above resolution be forwarded by the secretary to Speaker Cannon and to the members of the select committee."

## MISS FARRAR REPAID $34,000, BUT IS "IN DEBT"

### It's Gratitude She Owes Mrs. Webb, Singer Says.

Chicago, April 22.—Here is Miss Geraldine Farrar's first statement concerning the loan of $34,000 received from Mrs. Bertram Webb, of Salem, Mass., for her musical education abroad. It was given to the New York correspondent at Rector's after the opera last night.

"The American square deal in such case," said Miss Farrar, "is to pay back the money, acknowledge the debt of gratitude, and then say as little as possible about it."

The star had just come from the Auditorium in company with several Metropolitan Opera Company singers, but contrast between the heavy music of the opera she had just been singing and blithe, ragtime airs seemed to please her. She applauded heartily.

"Isn't it bubbly and gay!" she exclaimed.

And then she got to talking about the loan she had obtained from Mrs. Webb. The subject has attracted much attention lately because of the notoriety that has attended a similar loan made to Mary Garden by Mrs. David Mayer, of this city, and repaid (without interest) only when suit was threatened.

"Such debts as that can never be paid," said Miss Farrar, "and to be continually talking about them is not pleasing to such women as Mrs. Webb.

"I have repaid the $34,000—oh, of course! But there is more than money in a transaction of that kind. I feel under the deepest obligations and always shall. Having said that, I feel that the best to do under the circumstances is to say nothing. That is my American idea of honest gratitude."


USES BABY'S OWN TABLETS ONLY

Mrs. William Bell, Falkland, B. C., says: "I have five little ones ranging from one to eleven years of age, and when any of them are ailing I always give them Baby's Own Tablets which always brings prompt relief. I do not think there is anything you can keep in the home as good as Baby's Own Tablets." Thousands of other mothers speak just as warmly of this medicine, which never fails to cure all stomach, bowel and teething troubles. Guaranteed by a government analyst to be perfectly safe. Sold by medicine dealers, or by mail, at 25 cents a box, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.





## MRS. BOYLE WOULDN'T TALK

### Kidnapper Refuses to Answer Questions of State Prosecutor.

Mercer, Pa., April 23. — An attempt was made today by District Attorney Lininger to have Mrs. Jas. H. Boyle, one of the couple held on the charge of kidnapping Willie Whitla, testify before the grand jury.

She was taken from the jail to the grand jury room, but her counsel, former Judge Miller, instructed her to refuse to say a word.

She followed his instructions and declined to answer a question put to her.

Mr. Lininger then went before Judge Williams and asked that the woman be committed for contempt. Judge Williams ruled that neither Boyle nor his wife could be compelled to testify until he decided the question.

The first question asked Mrs. Boyle was:

"Are you married to James H. Boyle?"

The state will try to prove that she is not married to Boyle, so she can be used as a witness against him.


Tea acquires a flavor under the peculiar climate of Ceylon that cannot be acquired anywhere else on earth. The delicate fragrance and delightful aroma of "Salada" Tea will please you. Buy a package today from your grocer. 141

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PATENTS
STAR BDG. 18 King St. W. TORONTO.
Montreal, Ottawa, Winnipeg and Washington.



You can make the walls of your home more attractive than your neighbors' paper-covered walls. Just decorate with Alabastine. None genuine without a little church on every package

You will enjoy decorating with Alabastine. So easy! Alabastine simply requires addition of cold water. And by following the directions on package any woman can apply it to the walls successfully.

Church's Cold Water
Alabastine

Because of its sanitary features Alabastine is endorsed by eminent physicians. These features, as well as its economy and durability, are fully explained in our book, "Homes, Healthful and Beautiful." We would like to have your name and address so as to mail you a copy free. 5 lb. package 50c. at hardware stores.



The Alabastine Co., Limited
53 Willow St., Paris, Ont.

### Soothing Oil Cures the Skin

TENDER SKINS OF CHILDREN SOOTHED BY A MILD LIQUID COMPOUND.

Have you ever tried a few drops of an oil of wintergreen compound for skin trouble? It seems to be about the only safe and sure cure for eczema, salt rheum, tetter, ringworm and kindred diseases.

The liquid is so mild that it is used with wonderful soothing effect on the tender skins of infants.

To prove efficacious, the oil of wintergreen must be mixed with thymol and glycerine, as in the Prescription of Dr. D. D. Dennis, the eminent skin specialist. The compound is known as D.D.D. Prescription. Used with D.D.D. Soap it appears to be infallible.

Mrs. William Fox, Chancery Lane, Brockville, Ont., tells how she cured her little daughter.

"Gladly I give you consent to use any letter I may have sent in praise of your wonderful D.D.D. Prescription. My little daughter's head still remains clear of the horrid scaly disease. Her father and I both notice how much brighter she is and her light hair is simply beautiful, so thick and glossy, after six years of suffering. It seems wonderful that less than four bottles of D.D.D. should have cured her after so much money spent on the X-ray treatment failed."

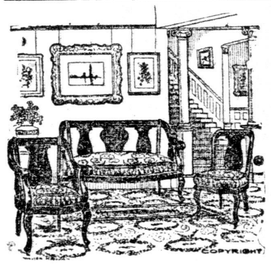
For free sample bottle write to The D.D.D. Laboratory, Department L. A. 23 Jordan street, Toronto.

For sale by all druggists.

I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my stables for over a year, and consider it the VERY BEST for horseflesh I can get, and would strongly recommend it to all horsemen.

GEO. HOUGH,
Livery Stables, Quebec, 95 to 103 Ann St.

WM. TRAFFORD FURNITURE CO.



SPECIAL SALES

Will continue on Parlor Furniture next week and our prices are lower than ever. See us for BEDS, SPRINGS and MATTRESSES, also for EXTENSION TABLES, DINING CHAIRS, CHINA CABINETS, BUFFETS, SIDEBOARDS, ETC.

WE HAVE A STOCK OF ROLLTOP DESKS FOR THE HOME OR OFFICE. SEE OUR STOCK.

SOME VALUES

Sideboard, three drawers, bevel mirror ..... $11 50
Dresser and Stand, 3 drawers, $10
Extension Table ..... $5 50
Iron Bed ..... $2 50
Mattresses ..... $2 25

Our Prices Are the Lowest in the City.
We are out of the high-rent district.



TRAFFORD'S OLD STAND

95 and 97 King Street, West of Talbot. Phone 864.

OPEN SATURDAY NIGHTS.

Repairing, Refinishing and Ordered Work a Specialty.

REMEMBER THE SALE BY AUCTION of the residence of the late John S. Pearce, 580 Talbot street, corner Albert, on Tuesday next, 3 p.m. Choice location for a doctor. Fraser & Moore, barristers. 49u

## Auction Sale

**Of the Residence and Grounds of the Late Nicholas Wilson**

There will be sold by public auction on the premises, on Tuesday, the 27th day of April, 1909, at 2:30 o'clock p.m., the residence and grounds of the late Nicholas Wilson, being the property bounded by Bathurst and Maitland streets and the Hamilton road.

There is on this property the residence, being house No. 273 Maitland street, and a brick cottage.

Terms liberal, and will be made known on day of sale, or on application to the undersigned. PURDOM & PURDOM, solicitors for executors. J. W. JONES, auctioneer. Dated at London, this 17th day of April, A. D. 1909. 43k-17,21,24,26

## Mortgage Sale

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage dated the 9th day of December, A. D. 1903, made by Edith Eleanor Webb and Reginald J. Webb to the vendors, default having been made in payment thereof, there will be offered for sale by public auction at the auction rooms of Mr. J. W. Jones, 97 Carling street, in the City of London, on Saturday, May 1, 1909, at 2 p.m., the following property, namely:

The northwesterly corner of lot No. 5, in con. "A," of the Township of London, in the County of Middlesex containing five acres, more or less; and also part of the south half of lot No. 5, in con. "B," of the said Township of London, containing 25 acres, more or less, which said parcels of land are more particularly described in said mortgage.

On the five-acre parcel there are erected a frame dwelling house and good barns and stables, and the 25 acres are cleared.

Terms liberal.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to PURDOM & PURDOM, vendors' solicitors, London, Ont., or to JOHN W. JONES, auctioneer, London. 46c-20,24,30

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT, butcher shop, stable, henhouse and icehouse, on April 30, at 3 o'clock, on the premises of J. E. Getty, Komoka. b

## AUCTION SALE

Monday, April 26. The undersigned will sell contents of house, No. 65 Charles street, London West, off Mount Pleasant avenue, comprising parlor, dining-room and bedroom furniture, stoves, etc. Sale at 2 o'clock. NEIL COOPER, auctioneer. b

## AUCTION SALE OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES

There will be offered for sale by public auction on the premises, 347 Dundas street, London, on Saturday, the 8th day of May, at 2:30 p.m., that large, commodious two-story brick house, all modern conveniences, and lot 66x165. Also, same date, on the premises, corner of Talbot and John streets, at 3:30 p.m., that large brick cottage and lot, having a frontage of 68 on Talbot street and 100 on John street, three building lots on John street, 33x68 each. Terms: One-third down, balance secured by mortgage at 5 per cent per annum. For further particulars apply to FRASER & MOORE, solicitors, or to J. W. JONES, auctioneer, 65 Bank of Toronto Chambers. 49u-t

## Auction Sale

Household furniture, etc., at 321 King street, on Wednesday, April 28, at 10:30 a.m. J. W. Jones has been instructed to sell the whole of the household effects, comprising: Easy chairs, centre tables, couch, hallstand, easel, pictures, 100 yards Brussels carpet, curtains, blinds, New Raymond sewing machine, sideboard, dining table, chairs, crockery, glassware, silverware, contents of 6 bedrooms, iron and brass beds, bureaus and stands, toilet-ware, cupboard, mower, Chicago Jewel gas range, kitchen utensils, refrigerator, etc. J. W. JONES, auctioneer. b

## Auction Sale

of household furniture, etc., on Monday, April 26, at 209 Sydenham street, at 10:30 a.m. J. W. Jones has been instructed to sell the household effects, comprising: Parlor chairs, easy chairs, rockers, centre tables, pictures, vases, couch, lady's desk, sideboard, dining-table and chairs, crockery, glassware, fine silverware, hallstand, library desk, contents of 3 bedrooms in suites, iron beds, bureaus and stands, carpets, matting, kitchen cabinet, kitchen utensils, garden hose and tools, etc. J. W. JONES, auctioneer. b

### GEO. HATCH'S SALES

AUCTION SALE—There will be offered for sale by George A. Hatch, auctioneer, on Wednesday, May 5, at 4 p.m., on premises, London Junction: Parcel No. 1—Solid Brick 1½-story house, 12 rooms, lot 50x165. Parcel No. 2—Brick 1½-story house, 7 rooms, hard and soft water, gas, etc. Parcel No. 3—Vacant lot, 40x156. Parcel No. 4—Vacant lot, 40x150. Parcel No. 5—Lot 40x150 and barn with stable; room for 9 horses. For terms and particulars apply to the undersigned. F. Meyers, proprietor. George A. Hatch, auctioneer. b

**AUCTION SALE.**

Of household furniture and Heintzman Grand Upright piano. George A. Hatch, auctioneer, has been instructed by Mr. Duval, 604 Princess avenue, to sell by public auction contents of a well furnished home, comprising of parlor suite in odd pieces, oak and willow rockers, two Morris chairs in quarter-cut oak, dining extension table, beautiful sideboard, dining chairs (leather), large sofa (leather), bric-a-brac, dinner set, contents of three bedrooms, two enamel, one in quarter-cut oak, one beautiful mahogany secretary, case of books, three pairs of drapes, curtains, blinds and poles, one McClary gas range, carpets, linoleum, garden tools. Terms, cash. No reserve. Sale Tuesday, April 27, at 10 o'clock.

b GEORGE A. HATCH, Auctioneer.

## AUCTION SALE

George A. Hatch, auctioneer, will sell at 832 Simcoe street, on Monday, 26th, for E. Aitchison, contents of cottage. Furniture all nearly new. Souvenir range No. 9, (new) extension table, beautiful sideboard, six dining chairs, small tables, new Oxford heater, 1 rug 3x3½, window curtains, blinds and poles, pictures, 5-plate gas stove and oven, carpets and linoleums, washstand and dresser, lawn mower, tubs, kitchen utensils, garden tools. Terms cash. Sale at 10:30. George A. Hatch, auctioneer. b

### AUCTIONEERS.

D. LAWSON, AUCTIONEER — FARM stock and implements a specialty. Fraser House, Saturdays. Postoffice. Hubrey 1lf-t

A. R. W. BURROWS, MIDDLEMISS auctioneer for Middlesex and Elgin Counties. Phone connection. Farm sales a specialty. t

### DETECTIVE AGENCY.

INTERNATIONAL DETECTIVE BUREAU, Limited, Robinson Hall Chambers, 59 Dundas street, London. Head office, Continental Life building, Toronto. We undertake all kinds of legitimate detective work. We carry operatives, experienced in every line. Strictly confidential. Phone 801. ywt

### BROKERS.

FOR SALE—NORTHERN OHIO TRACTION stock. John Wright, stockbroker, 437 Richmond street, London, Ont. Phone 663.

### Tenders for Georgian Bay Island

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the envelope, "Tender for Islands," will be received until noon of Tuesday, the 1st day of June, 1909, for eighty islands and subdivided portions of islands in the Georgian Bay, situate between Penetanguishene and Moose Deer Point, in front of the townships of Tay, Baxter, Gibson, Freeman and Conger.

Tenderers should state the amount they are willing to pay in cash for each island, and an accepted check, or cash, for ten per cent of the amount tendered should accompany each tender, which the successful tenderer in the event of failure to complete the purchase within one month of the date of the award, shall forfeit to the department.

These islands are beautifully situated along the eastern side of the Georgian Bay, and are well adapted for summer resorts, being convenient of access by rail and steamers. The islands are offered for sale subject to an upset price.

Lists giving full particulars of the islands offered for sale, with accompanying plans, will be furnished upon application to the undersigned.

The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted, and the unauthorized insertion of this advertisement will not be paid for.

J. D. McLEAN, Secretary.

Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, March 20, 1909. 25n-t

THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE—In the estate of William Moisse, deceased: In pursuance of an order herein, all persons having liens or other claims on the property of William Moisse, late of the City of London, gentleman, deceased, who died on or about the 30th day of January, 1905, are, on or before the 1st of May, 1909, to send to McKillop & Murphy, solicitors herein, particulars of said claims, and in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of said order. Creditors holding security are to produce the same at my chambers on the 1st day of May, 1909, at 11 o'clock. Dated April 1, 1909. R. K. COWAN, local master Supreme Court at London. 37c-t

### Executors' Notice to Creditors and Claimants

In the matter of the estate of John Wilkinson, late of the city of London in the county of Middlesex, weaver, deceased:

Notice is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. 1897, chapter 129, and amending acts, that all persons having claims against or any interest in or entitled to any share of the estate of John Wilkinson, late of the city of London, in the county of Middlesex, weaver, deceased, who died on or about the 11th day of September, A.D. 1907, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to the undersigned executors of the will of the said John Wilkinson, on or before the 15th day of May, A.D., 1909, their names, addresses and descriptions, and a full statement of the particulars of their claims, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them duly certified.

And that after the said last-mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, as above required, and the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or for any part thereof to any person of whose claim or interest notice shall not have been received at the time of such distribution. JOHN LIGHTFOOT, T. H. LUSCOMBE, executors of the will of the said John Wilkinson, 163 Dundas street, London Canada. By T. H. Luscombe, their solicitor. Dated this 29th day of April, A.D., 1909. 49c-t

## SEWER TENDERS

Will be received up to 5 o'clock on Thursday, April 29, for a tile sewer in Sydenham street, and also one on Hope street. A. O. GRAYDON,

ALD. WM. GERRY, City Engineer. Chairman No. 2 Committee. 49c

### MEDICAL CARDS.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R.C.S. (England)—297 King. Phone 839.

DR. PINGEL—OFFICE, 316 QUEEN'S avenue, London. Electrical treatment diseases of women a specialty.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON — Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

DR. G. L. CLARKE (RETURNED FROM Europe)—Eye, ear, nose and throat. 478 King street.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS —Phone 510. Special attention diseases of women and surgery. X-rays.

DR. McLELLAN, EYE, EAR, NOSE, throat. Hours, 10 to 4; evenings and Sundays by appointment only. Office, 564 Richmond.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. ECCLES WILL NOT BE IN HIS office again till about May 1.

DR. CHARLES E. JARVIS, HOMOEOPATHIST, 715 Dundas street. Phone 637

DR. HUGHES, 234 QUEEN'S AVENUE. Telephone 536. Hours, 11-3, 7-8.

DR. R. OVENS, EYE AND EAR SURGEON—Phone 1019. Office, 225 Queen's avenue. Residence, 836 Richmond street.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin avenues. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

J. J. MASON, B.A., M.D., CORNER Dundas and Colborne. Specialty, surgery, including diseases of women.

D. HUTCHEON HOGG, M.D., C.M.—Surgical diseases. Corner York and Talbot streets.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, F.R.C.S. (ENGLAND)—Special surgical diseases. 439 Park avenue.

DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 207 QUEEN'S avenue—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMSON, 443 PARK avenue, corner Queen's—Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. ALICE JAMIESON, 381 WELLINGTON street. Hours, 11 to 1, 3 to 5.

DR. GEORGE McNEIL, NORTHWEST corner Dundas and Waterloo streets. Telephone 2169.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 280 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Special attention diseases women, children. Office and residence, 461 Waterloo street. Phone 258.

DR. JAMES D. WILSON—OFFICE REMOVED to 134 Carling street. Specialty, diseases of digestive organs.

### HOTEL CARDS.

HOTEL HARRISON — GOOD MEALS and good rooms. Rates reasonable. King and Talbot.

HOTEL WINDSOR, OPPOSITE MARKET, London — Rates, $1 to $1 25. Charles James.

KING EDWARD HOTEL (LATE BRITANNIA House), corner Wellington and York. Remodelled. J. H. Cook, proprietor.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL—$1 AND UPWARD. Dundas and Wellington. Wm. J. Wright, proprietor.

DOMINION HOUSE, ADJOINING Grand Trunk Railway station, London. J. J. Cox, proprietor.

### WANTED.

WANTED—GARDENING, LAWN AND florist work, by contract or hour. 115 Tecumseh avenue. 48c

WANTED—A FEW LOADS OF GOOD sod. Apply 798 Queen's avenue. b

WANTED—TEAM OF HORSES FOR bread wagon; sound, 6 or 7 years old, 15.2 or 15.3 hands high, weight about 2,200. Johnston Bros., 262 Ottaway avenue. 47tf

VETERANS' SOUTH AFRICA—LAND warrants or scrip wanted; state prices. Apply to J. D. McLean, Clachan. 47bu

WANTED TO RENT OR PURCHASE—Modern house, six or seven rooms, with large lot and stable; north part of city preferred. Box 42, Advertiser. 47c

BOARD AND LODGINGS WANTED, about May 1, in private family, if possible, by young married couple, with child of 2 years. Apply Box 633, New Liskeard. 44n

WASHING WANTED—FAMILY PREFERRED. Work called for. Miss Strachan, 347 Wellington street.

WANTED—FURNITURE TO STORE in the brightest, cleanest storage in London. Rates reasonable. Call and talk it over with us.

**Central Storage & Exchange**

334-336 CLARENCE ST., NEAR YORK.

### BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—GOOD GENERAL BUSINESS, in village on railway, about thirty miles from London. Apply to Elliott, Marr & Co., Limited, London. 47c

WANTED—INFORMATION REGARDING good business for sale; not particular about character, size or location; prefer to deal with owner; give price and full description. Address L. D., Box 984 H, Rochester, N. Y. 87bc-t

WOULD LIKE TO HEAR OF STOCK for sale in any enterprise where an investment of several thousand dollars would be safe. L. Darbyshire, Box 1810, C., Rochester, N. Y. b

### HOUSES, ROOMS TO LET.

TWO LOTS, EXTREME END SOUTH side Mabel street. Apply Mrs. Parker, 581 Pall Mall street. 49c

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, ALL modern conveniences, 474 Princess. Apply Wm. Morrison, boots and shoes, 123 Dundas street. b

TO LET—LARGE COTTAGE, SOLID brick. Apply 448 Oxford street. 29c

TWELVE DOLLARS MONTH, TWO-STORY brick, nine rooms; modern conveniences; good locality. Apply 45 Briscoe. Rldout car. 23c

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, MAY 1, suitable for small family. References required. Apply Box 47, Advertiser. 29c

HOUSE TO LET, NEW, ($16)—FOUR bedrooms, bath, gas, furnace. Apply on premises, 456 Horton street, opposite Congregational Church; also large cottage. 29c

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, NINE rooms, mantels, grates, all modern conveniences, good locality. Apply 62 Craig street. b

FRONT ROOM TO LET, FURNISHED or unfurnished. Apply 355 Dundas street. 49c

TO RENT—TWO LARGE HALLS, DUFFIELD block. Apply H. J. Widden, 144 Wortley road. Phone 1815. b

TO LET — 242 PICCADILLY, NEAR Richmond; 5 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, all conveniences; rent $16. Apply after 1. 45c-ywt

TWO-STORY HOUSE, 554½ WATERLOO; four bedrooms and bath; rent, $14. Apply 324 Wolfe. 45c-ywt

TO RENT—OFFICE, WITH VAULT, IN Carling block. Apply to T. H. Carling of F. J. Hammond. 47tf-ywt

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 567½ Waterloo street. Apply next door north. 54tf-xty

HOUSE AND FIVE ACRES, IMMEDIATELY adjoining city. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, etc., 418½ Talbot street. ywt

PASTURE TO RENT, 63 ACRES; Never-failing spring water. Apply A. R. W. Burrows, Middlemiss. 47c-wty

TO RENT—STORY AND THREE-QUARTERS brick house, at 550 Horton street. Apply 251 Simcoe street. 48c

TO LET—HOUSE AND BARN, WITH five acres, on Brick street. Apply Thos. Gerry, corner Base Line and Wellington road. 48c

TO LET — HOUSE, 20 CARTWRIGHT street. W. G. R. Bartram, barrister, Bank of Toronto Chambers. 48c-xty

SEVEN-ROOM COTTAGE, AT 364½ King street, in good repair; city and soft water, bath, etc; all for $11. Inquire at 364 King street. 48u

TO LET—EIGHT-ROOM RESIDENCE, all conveniences; large grounds. Apply 89 Ridout street south. 48u

TO LET—DOUBLE PARLORS, DINING-ROOM, four bedrooms and kitchen; good cellars. 573 York street. 48n

FOR RENT—SMALL STORE, WITH basement, centrally located; very cheap. Apply 7 Market Lane. 46c-xvt

TO LET—TWO-STORY BRICK, 34 HOPE street. Apply 562 Wellington, or Mr. Francis Love, police court. 44tf

FINE EIGHT-ROOM BRICK — GAS, furnace, bath, one acre ground; rent very reasonable. Apply Mrs. Hall, end of Hamilton road street car line. 44n

BUSINESS FLAT TO RENT—TWO UPPER floors Imperial Bank building, corner King and Richmond streets; premises suitable for lodge rooms or light manufacturing; premises will be remodelled to suit the tenant. 44n

TO LET AT 179 DUNDAS STREET—Two offices on first floor. Apply 445 Richmond street. 43g

TO LET—TEN-ROOMED HOUSE, NO. 282 Princess avenue; all modern conveniences. Apply J. R. Shuttleworth. Phone 831. 42tf

COMFORTABLE COTTAGE, 364½ (IN the rear) King street; rent, $11. Apply 364 King. Also large cottage, No. 190 Nelson street; rent, $8. Apply London Soap Company.

LARGE BUILDING, DUNDAS STREET, suitable for warehouse or for manufacturing; rent moderate. Apply B. A. Mitchell. 39ug

HOUSE TO LET, FURNISHED. APPLY Kilgour Couch Company. 48tf

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS and pictures—Separate rooms, clean and dry. Rates reasonable. John J. Biggs, 97 Carling.

TO LET—711 LORNE AVENUE. MODERN conveniences. Apply 487 English street. 27tf

TO LET AND FOR SALE—HOUSES and vacant lots in north and east ends of city. Apply Wm. Wyatt, 371 St. James.

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS —Largest in city. Good storage. 356 Cheapside. Phone 1724.

FOREST CITY UNION MOVING VANS —Largest improved vans in city. Furniture and pianos carefully moved. W. A. Broughton (successor to John Biggs). Storage, 97 Carling street. Phones: 1162; residence, 1444.

### SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASHPALT CEMENT paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 504 York street, London.

### SUNDAY SERVICES.

ACCEPT THIS INVITATION TO HEAR John Shields at Latter-Day Saints' Church tomorrow, 7 p.m.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST Church—Rev. T. T. Shields will preach; morning, "A Popular Leader"; evening, "Hungry Esau."

ADVANCED THOUGHT MEETING, Sherwood Hall, over Huron and Erie Loan Company, Richmond street, Sunday afternoon, 3 o'clock. Subject, "Women's Rights." Ladies and gentlemen cordially invited. Ladies are privileged to speak or ask questions of those that do. Come, and bring your friends. b

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH—REV. T. B. Clarke, pastor. Services as usual.

ASKIN SREET METHODIST CHURCH —Morning service, Rev. A. K. Birks, pastor; evening, Rev. J. G. Stuart.

AUDITORIUM, FOUR P.M., SUNDAY—Dr. Banks, of New York city; illustrated lecture, "The Travels of St. Paul." Meeting is open to men and women. Balcony reserved for ladies. b

BIBLE CLASS, 2:45, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, "Class welcome." First Methodist Sunday School. Visitors always welcome. W. J. Underwood, leader.

CATHEDRAL, ST. PAUL'S — HOLY Communion, 8:30 a.m. Matins, 11; preacher, the Precentor. Evensong, 7; preacher, Rev. J. G. Perdue, M.A.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. G. N. Hazen, pastor. Sunday School anniversary tomorrow. 11 a.m., grand rally of Sunday School scholars and their friends, addressed by the pastor; 2:45 p.m., platform meeting; Chalk Talk by Mr. M. T. Glenn, address by Rev. G. W. Dewey; 7 p.m., the pastor, on "Our Duty to the Child."

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH —Rev. Walter Moffat, pastor, morning; afternoon, Sabbath School; evening, "A Fourfold Antidote."

CHAPTER HOUSE, UNITARIAN—SERVICE, Sunday, 11 a.m. Rev. Louis J. Richards, New York, subject, "A Spiritual Inheritance."

CHRIST CHURCH — REV. ROGER Howard, rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

CHRISTIAN WORKERS' CHURCH King street—Rev. G. A. Mackenzie, pastor. Services as usual.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. F. E. Malott, pastor. A grand service of song will be given at night. The choir, under the able leadership of Mr. Geiger, will render the Ninety-first Psalm, with organ and orchestral accompaniments. Everybody welcome.

CRONYN MEMORIAL CHURCH —8 a.m., Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Rev. William Lowe; 7 p.m., Rev. G. A. Andrew, on Ephesians ii., 8. Farewell sermon.

DUNDAS CENTRE METHODIST Church—Rev. E. B. Lanceley, pastor. a.m., "Can the Past be Changed?" 7 p.m., "The Schedule of Life." A five-minutes' talk to children in the morning, on "A Bunch of Daisies." Mrs. Frank Stagg will sing at the evening service. Bible School at 2:45 p.m.

EGERTON STREET BAPTIST CHURCH —Pastor, Rev. A. J. Bowen. Morning, "True Christianity"; evening, "A Surprised Saviour."

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—Rev. George W. Dewey, pastor, morning and evening. Morning, "The Christian Conflict"; evening, "The Christ of the Bible." Obliging ushers. Visitors welcomed.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues—Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Subject, "Probation After Death." Sunday School at 11 a.m. Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading rooms, open every weekday from 9 to 1:30. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—The pastor, Rev. D. S. Hamilton, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Evening subject, "Voluntary Service." All welcome.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—REV. W. L. Rutledge, B.A., pastor. The pastor will preach at both services. 11 a.m., "Help from the Sanctuary"; 7 p.m., "The Ambitions of Youth."

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. John Gibson Inkster, B.A., minister. Pastor will preach morning and evening.

GOSPEL HALL, HAMILTON ROAD, corner Grey street—Sunday School at 2:30; Bible reading, 3:30; evening Gospel meeting at 7. All welcome.

HAMILTON ROAD PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. John W. Smith, B.A., pastor. Services as usual.

HILL STREET METHODIST CHURCH —Rev. R. Redmond, pastor. Services morning and evening. Evening service specialy for young men.

HYATT AVENUE METHODIST Church—Pastor, Rev. J. W. Baird, both services. Morning, "The Unmocked God"; evening, report of Laymen's Missionary Congress.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. James Rollins, B.A., pastor, will preach. Morning, "Jesus and the Seven Commandments"; evening, "Canada for Christ."

MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church—C. M. Carew, minister. Mr. Carew will conduct both services. Seats all free. Everybody welcome. Baptism at night.

MR. T. B. ESCOTT WILL PREACH Sunday night, York Street Mission. Cornet duet by the Reid brothers. Special offering in support of the work. Morning, workers.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Thomas H. Mitchell, B.D., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH—Pastor, W. M. Walker. Morning, "The Authority for the Lord's Day"; evening, "The Cost of Saving." Brotherhood Bible Class and Sunday School at 3 p.m. Everybody welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—REV. JAS. Ross, D.D., minister. Morning, "Pilgrim and Citizen"; evening, "The Religious Uses of Music." Men's Bible Class at 3; "Christ's Triumphal Entry Into Jerusalem."

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Services, 11 and 7. Rector, Very Rev. E. Davis, D.D.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST—REV. W. T. Hill, rector. All sittings free in evening.

ST. PAUL'S GERMAN EVANGELICAL Church — Rev. Reinhard Wobus, 104 High street. Sunday School, 10 a.m. German service, 11 a.m.; English service, 7 p.m.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. A. J. Vining, pastor. Morning subject, "A Safe Retreat"; evening subject, "A Conspiracy Exposed." Baptism at evening service. Seats free, everybody welcome.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. H. A. Graham, B.A., pastor. Services, 10 a.m., usual classes; 11 a.m., the pastor; subject, "Prayer"; Sunday School, 2:45; 7 p.m., the pastor; subject, "Ecclesiastical Amusements."

### VETERINARY SURGEONS.

TENNENT & McDONALD, VETERINARY surgeons—Office, 187 King street; residence and infirmary, King and Wellington. Phones: Office, 665; residence, 278.

TAMLIN & SCOTT—OFFICE AND HOSPITAL, 458 Talbot street. Phone 865; residence phone 768.

## Rolls That Rise

If Strong's Baking Powder is used in making your rolls, that dainty, puffy lightness which is the delight of all cooks is assured. Results are the same in making biscuits, cakes, etc.

**Strong's Baking Powder**

contains only healthful ingredients—pure cream of tartar and soda of the highest grade. Costs but 25c a pound.

**Strong's Drug Store**

184 DUNDAS STREET.

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REMOVAL—GEORGE CRADDOCK, ARCHITECT, 461 Talbot.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT, 111 (first floor), Masonic Temple. Phone 1857.

MOORE, HENRY & MUNRO, ARCHITECTS, CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, ALBION BUILDING. JOHN M. MOORE. FRED HENRY. J. VICAR MUNRO.

TALBOT HENNESSY, ARCHITECT, London Loan building (formerly Oddfellows' Hall), Dundas street. Telephone 1829.

### CHINESE LAUNDRIES.

LEE HING LAUNDRY COMPANY, 488 Richmond. Phone 1344. Goods called for and delivered. Our prices are very lowest that we can do first-class work for; others may be cheaper, but you do not get quality of work. xt

### MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES —M. P. McDonagh, barrister, 418 Talbot.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES —Knott & Sangster, real estate brokers, Room 101, Masonic Temple.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES on real estate. Macpherson & Perrin, 67 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, corner Talbot and Carling.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates; amounts and terms to suit; no commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street.

### DENTAL CARDS.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST—Specialty, preservation natural teeth. 163½ Dundas. Phone 976.

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WOOLVERTON & BROWN, DENTISTS, 218 Dundas street, over Cairncross & Lawrence. Phone 522.

### INSURANCE.

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F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER and surveyor, Bank Toronto Chambers, Richmond street.

### PRE-NUPTIAL HONORS

**Popular Petrolea Vocalist Gets Nice Present and an Address.**

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Petrolea, April 22. — At the annual meeting of the Petrolea Lawn Tennis Club the following officers were elected for the current year: Honorary president, J. L. Englehart; president, Dr. C. O. Fairbank; vice-president, F. W. Wilson; secretary, Dr. F. W. Mullin; treasurer, A. E. Mellish; captain, N. R. H. Bullen; grounds committee, Messrs. Moncrieff, Bullen, Fisher and Littlewood.

Mrs. Alex. Forsyth, a resident of Marthaville, passed away on Sunday at the early age of 32 years. She is survived by her husband and two little children—one only a week old. Interment took place at Hillsdale Cemetery.

The young men of the Presbyterian Church have formed a literary association and elected the following officers: Honorary president, Dr. McNair; president, W. J. Clark; first vice-president, Dr. Drummond; second vice-president, Robert Hessey; treasurer, F. McCallum; pianist, J. A. Peat; secretary, A. J. Knight.

The members of the Petrolea Baptist choir spent a very enjoyable time at the home of Mr. Wm. Pratt (well known to many Londoners), on Wednesday evening, the occasion being in honor of Miss Laura Shively, daughter of Mr. David Shively, who is to be married on Tuesday next to Mr. John Craise, also of this town. During the evening Miss Shively was presented with a "musical" address, accompanied by a cut glass water set, and was also surprised with a shower of miscellaneous household furnishings.

Mr. Chester Tuttle, the popular G. T. R. freight clerk, has severed his connection with that company and taken a position with the automobile works in Flint, Mich.

At the last meeting of the council, Dr. John Dunfield was appointed a member of the high school board, to succeed Mr. R. Marwick, who has resigned.

**DR. J. McMAHON DEAD.**

Toronto, April 23.—Dr. J. McMahon died suddenly at his home at noon today. The deceased had been for fifteen years the law stamp vendor at Osgoode Hall and was 79 years of age. He at one time sat in the Provincial House. He leaves a widow, but no children.

**C. P. R. Colonist Excursions.**

Daily until April 30 the Canadian Pacific will issue one-way second-clas stickets to Pacific Coast points at rate of $41 05. On May 1 rates will be increased. Passengers wishing tourist car accommodation should have berths reserved at once. Call at C. P. R. ticket office, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond. 48c

## Joint Savings Accounts at THE BANK OF TORONTO

Are proving to be a very great convenience to many of our friends. With these accounts—

Either of two persons of the household may deposit or withdraw money.

Interest is paid on all balances twice a year.

In the event of the death of either party, the survivor may withdraw the money.

CAPITAL ..... $4,000,000
RESERVE ..... $4,500,000

THREE OFFICES IN LONDON.

### BRAKESMAN'S TOUGH HEAD

**He Only Suffers From a Headache After Being Caught Between Cars.**

Hamilton, April 23.—Chas. Smith, a brakeman in the G. T. R. yards at Hamilton, narrowly escaped being killed while uncoupling the airbrakes on the Toronto train at noon yesterday. Smith went between the cars just as the shunting engine backed down to pick up the train. The cars came together and the buffers on each caught Smith's head on either side just above the ears. Fortunately, the squeeze was a slight one, but the force of the impact may be judged by the fact that the shock sent the string of passenger coaches six feet away from the shunting engine. Smith regarded his escape as miraculous, and today is at work, but suffering from an intense headache.

### BACK TO PARIS

**Castro Gives Up Hopes of Entering Venezuela But Promises Trouble.**

St. Nazaire, April 23. — Before Senor Castro left his cabin today he sent for a newspaper correspondent, and sitting up in bed, with a nightcap on his head, he delivered a long and rambling harangue. His remarks were directed principally against the United States for playing into the hands of his enemies in Venezuela, and sending warships to follow his movements.

He declared that Venezuela was lost if the people submitted like slaves to foreign meddling.

Referring to France, Castro said he was astonished that a country which had shed torrents of blood in the cause of liberty should join the campaign against him. He then declared that the motion of the ship had rendered his condition extremely serious, and that he must have immediate medical attention.

When asked regarding his future plans, the deposed president said he had made none, as he considered himself a prisoner of war. When informed that the French Government had given him full liberty, he replied: "But I am not free, as I desire to return to Fort-de-France and cannot."

In spite of his assertion that he did not know what he was going to do, it later became clear that Castro had planned to go to Paris. His baggage was taken ashore and placed on a train and he left at once for the capital.

Passengers on the Versailles said that when Castro was brought on board the steamer at Fort-de-France he declared that if he had been allowed, to make his way to Venezuela he would soon have raised an army to overthrow his enemies.

As the train was leaving for Paris Senor Castro addressed the assembled newspapermen as follows: "I was expelled from Martinique under pressure exerted by the United States.

"Europe will soon repent of the action taken against me."

### END OF GOEBEL CASE

**Pardon for All Those Connected With Case With Exception of Youtsey.**

Frankfort, Ky., April 23. — Governor Wilson today cleared the Kentucky court records of all charges growing out of the murder in January, 1900, of Senator William Goebel, who was declared by the Legislature to have been elected governor, except those handing over state's evidence witnesses in the alleged conspiracy, by granting pardon before trial to former Governor W. S. Taylor and former Secretary of State Charles Finley, who have been fugitives in the State of Indiana for nine years; to John Powers, brother of Caleb Powers, who is believed to be in Honduras, to Holland Whittaker, of Butler County; John Davis, of Louisville, and Zach Steele, of Bell County, who did not flee the state.

Those over whom indictments are left hanging are Wharton Golden, of Knox County, now in Colorado; Frank Cecil, of Bell County, now a railroad detective in St. Louis, and Wm. H. Coulton, of Owsley County, said to have died in the west recently.

These cases, with the possible exception of that against Cecil, will be dismissed, leaving Henry E. Youtsey, now serving a life sentence in the state penitentiary, the only person to suffer for the assassination of Goebel.

**M. C. R. TESTS EYES.**

St. Thomas, April 23.—Assistant Superintendent Snow, of the M. C. R., and Dr. Parker, the road's oculist, were in the city today examining a class of 38 engineers.

These engineers, from all branches of the service, and from all parts of the Canada division, failed to pass with a clear record in the eye test, and were ordered to lay off until they had gone through a test at the hands of the assistant superintendent and Dr. Parker. This test took place today, and those men who failed to "make the grade" will get another chance in the field test, while the successful ones will go back to work.

**CLUE TO MURDER.**

Baltimore, April 23. — Robert F. Wood, a native of Barbadoes, was arrested here today for the murder of his niece, Mrs. Alexander Reach, a widow, in New York city last September.

He admits the crime, saying he killed Mrs. Reach because he believed she had been acting improperly, shooting her to death as she lay in bed between her two small children, and then fleeing to the city, where he has been doing odd jobs.

Recently he sent a picture postcard of himself in a letter to his relatives in New York, threatening to return and kill them all. The card was sent to the police here and was the means of his apprehension.

**PATENT MEDICINE STAMPS.**

Ottawa, April 23. — An order-in-council has been passed extending for one month, or till May 15, the date to which small stamps will be issued by the department of inland revenue to be placed on packages of medicines manufactured prior to April as provided for in the new proprietary medicines act.

**HOPE.**

"Hope," remarked the mere man, "is certainly a wonderful thing."

"It is," rejoined the wise woman. "Why, one little nibble will keep my husband fishing all day."

**Patterson's Chocolates**

A fresh lot just arrived—some new packages. By the way, have you tried Patterson's? If not, you still have something to live for.

Omond sells 'em at—

THE LITTLE DRUG STORE,

468 Dundas Street. Phone 1420.

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It is useless to advertise without quoting the prices and it is foolish to try to run business without advertising, but the only merchants who can advertise are the merchants who buy their own goods at the right prices. This is the experience of

## Parsons' Fair and Hardware

16-foot Bamboo Poles, 10c.
14-foot Bamboo Poles, 5c.
Jointed Fish Poles from 25c upwards.
6 Fish Hooks for 1c.
Silk Fish Lines, 45c.
Click Reels, 25c.
4 Nest Eggs

# FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

## POTATO SUPPLY WAS VERY LARGE

### Wholesale Price Was 70c to 80c a Bag—Retail 90c

### OATS STILL BUOYANT

**Prices Showed a Tendency to Advance Today — Market Was a Big One.**

Today's market was one of the best that has taken place for some time. The square was well filled, and there was anabundance of every commodity. As a rule the prices remained the same as during the last few days.

There was a large supply of potatoes offered for sale, and they were mostly of a very good quality. The price was somewhat lower than has prevailed lately. The wholesale price ranged from 70 to 80 cents. Single bags brought 90 cents. There were some farmers who were holding them at $1, but there was no sale at that price.

There was a rather larger supply of fresh vegetables than usual, and the price tended to be somewhat easier.

There is a good demand for live hogs, despite the fact that the supply lately has been good. The Monday price will be as high at $7 25.

**Oats Buoyant.**

Oats showed another tendency to advance, some select loads selling at $1 47, though poorer quality brought as low as $1 20. The supply did not nearly meet the demand.

Butchers' meats showed some changes. There was a very slow market in dressed hogs, of which there was a good supply. The price ranged from $9 50 to $9 75.

Beef also showed a tendency to drop slightly, most of it selling from $7 to $8 50, though there were a few instances where extra fine quality brought as high as $9. There was a fair supply of veal, with no change in price. Spring lamb was marketed by the piece at $5 to $6.

**Butter Supply.**

The supply of butter presented for sale was very large, but the sales was very slow, in fact, the market seemed to be overstocked. Despite this fact, however, there was very little change in price. Good roll butter varied only from 24 to 25 cents.

Eggs, also, were offered in abundance, and found a ready sale. The prices varied from 17 to 18 cents. Some very special, large-sized eggs brought 19 cents.

The prevailing prices were as follows:

**Grain.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, per bu | $1 05 | to | $1 15 |
| Oats, per bu | 1 20 | to | 1 47 |
| Barley, per cwt | 1 24 | to | 1 28 |
| Corn, per cwt | 1 25 | to | 1 35 |
| Peas, per bu | 75 | to | 80 |
| Buckwheat, per cwt | 1 25 | to | 1 30 |
| Beans, per bu | 1 15 | to | 1 60 |
| Rye, per bu | 1 05 | to | 1 10 |

**Hides and Wool.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wool, washed, per lb | 15 | to | 17 |
| Wool, unwashed, lb | 8 | to | 9 |
| Hides, No. 1, lb | 8 | to | 8 |
| Hides, No. 2, lb | 7 | to | 7 |
| Hides, No. 3, lb | 6 | to | 6 |
| Tallow, rendered, lb | 5 | to | 6 |
| Tallow, rough, lb | 3 | to | 4 |
| Sheepskins, each | 75 | to | 1 25 |
| Calfskins, No. 1, lb | 10 | to | 12 |
| Calfskins, No. 2, lb | 9 | to | 10 |

**Poultry, Dressed.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Turkeys, per lb | 18 | to | 20 |
| Old fowl, per lb | 12 | to | 14 |
| Spring chickens, lb | 25 | to | 30 |

**Poultry, Alive.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Turkeys, per lb | 16 | to | 18 |
| Old fowl, per lb | 11 | to | 12 |
| Spring chickens, lb | 20 | to | 20 |

**Live Stock.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Select hogs, per cwt | 7 10 | to | 7 25 |
| Fat sows, cwt | 4 25 | to | 4 50 |
| Stags, per cwt | 2 00 | to | 2 00 |
| Export cattle, cwt | 4 50 | to | 5 00 |
| Milch cows, each | 30 00 | to | 55 00 |

**Vegetables.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Potatoes, per bag | 70 | to | 80 |
| Turnips, per bag | 30 | to | 40 |
| Beets, per bu | 40 | to | 40 |
| Parsnips, per bu | 40 | to | 50 |
| Onions, per bu | 55 | to | 60 |
| Celely, 12 bunches | 30 | to | 35 |
| Cabbage, per dozen | 30 | to | 60 |
| Lettuce, per dozen | 30 | to | 40 |
| Carrots, per bu | 25 | to | 30 |
| Sage, per dozen | 15 | to | 15 |
| Savory, per dozen | 15 | to | 15 |
| Rhubarb, per dozen | 75 | to | 1 00 |
| Green onions, per dozen | 30 | to | 40 |
| Radishes, per dozen | 35 | to | 50 |

**Dairy Produce.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Butter, creamery, lb | 26 | to | 28 |
| Butter, rolls, lb | 24 | to | 25 |
| Butter, crock, lb | 25 | to | 25 |
| Eggs, crate, per dozen | 17 | to | 18 |
| Eggs, fresh-laid, dozen | 18 | to | 20 |
| Honey, strained, lb | 10 | to | 12 |
| Honey, in comb | 12 | to | 15 |

**Butchers' Meats.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Beef, by the carcase | 7 00 | to | 8 50 |
| Beef, forequarters, cwt | 6 50 | to | 8 00 |
| Beef, hindquarters, cwt | 7 50 | to | 9 00 |
| Mutton, per cwt | 7 00 | to | 9 00 |
| Veal, per cwt | 5 00 | to | 7 00 |
| Spring lamb, by the piece | 5 00 | to | 6 00 |
| Dressed hogs, cwt | 9 50 | to | 9 75 |
| Pork, hindquarters, cwt | 10 00 | to | 11 00 |
| Pork, forequarters, cwt | 9 00 | to | 10 00 |

**Fruit.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Apples, per barrel | 3 75 | to | 5 00 |
| Apples, per bag | 1 50 | to | 2 00 |

**Hay and Straw.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Hay, per ton | 12 00 | to | 13 00 |
| Straw, per load | 3 75 | to | 5 00 |
| Straw, per ton | 6 00 | to | 7 00 |

**Millfeed.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Shorts, wholesale, ton | 23 00 | to | 23 00 |
| Shorts, retail, ton | 25 00 | to | 25 00 |
| Bran, wholesale, ton | 23 00 | to | 23 00 |
| Bran, retail, ton | 25 00 | to | 25 00 |

**Seeds.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alsike, per bu | 10 00 | to | 10 00 |
| Lucerne or alfalfa, bu | 12 00 | to | 12 00 |
| Clover, per bu | 6 50 | to | 9 00 |
| Timothy, per bu | 2 75 | to | 2 75 |
| Blue grass, per bu | 1 50 | to | 2 00 |
| Millet, per bu | 1 25 | to | 1 75 |
| Japanese millet, per bu | 7 50 | to | 7 50 |
| Oats, per bu | 1 10 | to | 2 50 |
| Peas, per bu | 1 40 | to | 1 75 |
| Beans, per bu | 2 00 | to | 3 00 |
| Spring wheat, per bu | 1 65 | to | 1 75 |
| Buckwheat, per bu | 85 | to | 1 50 |
| Flint corn, per bu | 1 50 | to | 2 00 |
| Dent corn, per bu | 1 15 | to | 1 50 |
| Fodder corn, per bu | 1 15 | to | 2 50 |
| Siberian millet, per bu | 1 50 | to | 1 50 |
| Barley, per bu | 1 75 | to | 3 00 |


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## PRODUCE.

**CHICAGO EXCHANGE.**

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

| | Chicago, April 24 | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, May | 1 20½ | 1 20¼ | 1 18 | 1 19⅞ |
| July | 1 08½ | 1 08¾ | 1 07 | 1 07⅝ |
| Corn, May | 68¾ | 68⅝ | 67⅞ | 68⅛ |
| July | 66⅞ | 67⅛ | 66⅜ | 66¾ |
| Oats, May | 55 | 55¼ | 54⅜ | 55⅛ |
| July | 47⅝ | 48⅛ | 48⅛ | 48⅜ |
| Pork, May | 17 85 | 17 87 | 17 80 | 17 85 |
| July | 17 97 | 18 02 | 17 92 | 18 00 |
| Lard, May | 10 30 | 10 30 | 10 30 | 10 30 |
| July | 10 42 | 10 45 | 10 42 | 10 42 |
| S. Ribs, May | 9 60 | 9 62 | 9 60 | 9 62 |
| July | 9 67 | 9 72 | 9 67 | 9 72 |

Toronto, April 23. — Produce market prices today: Butter, dairy, choice, 25c 27c; do., ordinary, 20c to 22c; chickens, dressed, lb., 18c to 22c; fowl, 12c to 14c; potatoes, bag, $1 to $1.10; apples, barrel, $3.50 to $7; turnips, bag, 35c to 45c; carrots, bag, $1.50; parsnips, bag, 90c to $1; onions, bag, $1.50 to $1.60; beets, bag, 60c spinach, peck, 40c; beans, peck, 90c to $1; tomatoes, lb., 15c; eggs, new laid, 22c to 25c.

## LIVE STOCK.

**CHICAGO.**

Chicago, April 24.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 5,000 head; market steady; beeves, $4 70 to $6 90; Texas steers, $4 50 to $5 65; western steers, $4 40 to $5 65; stockers and feeders, $3 40 to $5 50; cows and heifers, $2 to $5 90; calves, $4 50 to $8.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 9,500 head; market generally 5c higher; light, $7 to $7 45; mixed, $7 05 to $7 50; heavy, $7 05 to $7 52½; roughs, $7 05 to $7 20; good to choice heavy, $7 20 to $7 52½; pigs, $5 80 to $6; bulk of sales at $7 20 to $7 45.

Sheep—Receipts estimated at 450 head; steady; natives, $3 60 to $6; westerns, $3 60 to $6; yearlings, $6 to $7; lambs, natives, $5 50 to $8 10; westerns, $5 50 to $8 20.

**EAST BUFFALO.**

East Buffalo, April 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 50 head; firm; prices unchangqed. Veals —Receipts, 200 head; active and 50c lower, $6 to $7 10.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,200 head; active; pigs 20c higher, others 5c to 10c higher; heavy and mixed, $7 85 to $7 90; Yorkers, $7 90 to $8; pigs, $7 25 to $7 45; roughs, $6 60 to $6 90; dairies, $7 50 to $7 85.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2,600 head; active; lambs, $4 50 to $7 50.

## SEEDS.

**TORONTO.**

Toronto, April 23.—Seeds—Quotations today at country points were:

Alsike—No. 1, $6 75 to $7; extra fancy lots a little higher; No. 2, $6 25 to $6 50; No. 3, $5 40 to $5 75.

Alfalfa—$5 50 to $9 per bu.

Red Clover—$4 50 to $5 65.

Timothy—$1 50 to $2 25.

## OIL.

**PITTSBURG.**

Pitsburg, Pa., April 23.—Oil opened and closed at $1 78.

**OIL CITY.**

Oil City, Pa., April 23.—Credit balances, $1 78.

## HAY.

**TORONTO.**

Toronto, April 23.—Hay, $12 50 to $15 per ton.

Straw—Bundled, $13 to $14.

## DAIRY.

**CHICAGO.**

Chicago, April 23.—Butter—Easy; creameries, 22c to 27c; dairies, 19c to 24c.

Cheese—Steady; daisies, 15c to 15½c; twins, 14½c to 14¾c; Young Americans, 14¾c to 15c; longhorns, 15c to 15¼c.

**NEW YORK.**

New York, April 23.—Butter—Weak; receipts, 2,538 packages; creamery specials, 28c; do, extras, 27c.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 1,192 boxes; state full cream, new, solored, best, 14¾c to 15c.

**New Cheese Down a Cent.**

Montreal, April 23. — The prices of cheese in the country today fell off fully one cent per pound from those current a week ago. The market is easy, owing to lack of export demand, an dthe output, which is rapidly increasing, is more now than the local trade can handle. The bulk of the offerings today were sold at 11¾c per lb., although a few lots at Belleville sold as high as 11 9-16c per lb. A week ago the ruling price was 12¼c at the same markets. Price will probably rule from 11c to 11¾c in the country during the remainder of the week.

## GRAIN.

**LIVERPOOL.**

Liverpool, April 24.—Wheat—Spot, No. 2 red western winter steady, 8s 11d. Futures weak; May, 8s 8¾d; July, 8s 7¾d.

Corn—Spot, new American mixed (via Galveston) strong, 6s 5d. Futures weak; May nominal; July, 5s 4½d.

Peas—Canadian firm, 7s 9d.

Flour—Winter patents strong, 36s.

Beef—Extra India mess, 102s 6d.

Pork—Prime mess western steady, 80s.

Hops (at London)—Pacific coast steady, £2 to £3.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, strong, 58s 3d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, strong, 54s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, strong, 54s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, strong, 55s 6d; do, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, strong, 54s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, strong, 52s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, strong, 55s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, strong, 45s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, strong, 52s 6d; American refined, in pails, firm, 54s 3d.

Cheese—Canadian finest white firm, 62s 6d; do, colored firm, 66s.

Linseed Oil—Firm.

Petroleum—Steady, 7½d.

Rosin—Common steady, 8s 4d.

Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 27s 6d.

**TORONTO.**

Toronto, April 24.—The grain market continues strong today but there is not a great deal of business doing. Feedstuffs continue weak, being influenced by other markets. According to reports received here, country produce is bringing higher prices on the provincial markets. Local dealers quotations:

Manitoba wheat (for delivery after the opening of navigation)—No. 1 northern $1.25; No. 2 northern, $1.22; No. 3 northern, $1.20, on track, lake ports.

Ontario wheat No. 2 red, white or mixed, $1.19 to $1.20 outside.

Corn—American No. 3 yellow, 78c to 79c Toronto freights.

Barley—No. 2, nominal, 62c to 63c; No. 3, extra, 58c to 59c; No. 3, 56c to 57c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 45c to 64c. No. 2 mixed, 45c to 45½c, outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 63c to 64c.

Rye—No. 2, 72c to 73c, outside.

Peas—No. 2, 96c to 96½c.

Manitoba flour quotations at Toronto are: First patents, $6 to $6.40; second patents, $5.50 to $5.90; strong bakers, $5.30 to $5.40. Ontario flour, ninety per cent winter wheat patents, $5 to $5.10; outside buyers and $5.10 to $5.20 on track Toronto, exporters bidding $4.70 to $4.80; Mill feed, Manitoba bran, $22 to $23 per ton; shorts, $24 to $25, on track, Toronto.

Ontario bran—$24.

Shorts—$25, on track, Toronto.

## SUGAR.

**TORONTO.**

Toronto, April 23.—Sugar—Wholesale quotations today were: Montreal granulated, per barrel, $4 80; do, yellow, $4 40; Paris lumps, 100-lb boxes, cwt, $5 75; do, 50-lb boxes, $5 85; do, 25-lb boxes, $6 05; Acadia granulated, bags, $4 70; Beaver granulated, bags, $4 50.

**NEW YORK.**

New York, April 23.—Sugar—Raw was steady; fair refining, 3.42c; centrifugal, 96° test, 3.92c; molasses sugar, 3.17c; refined, No. 8, $4 45; No. 9, $4 40; No. 10, $4 25; No. 11, $4 20; No. 12, $4 25; No. 13, $4 20; No. 14, $4 20; confectioners' A, $4 85; mold A, $5 40; cutloaf, $5 85; crushed, $5 70; powdered, $5 15; granulaed, $5 05; cubes, $5 30. Molasses—Steady.

## COFFEE.

**NEW YORK.**

New York, April 23.—Coffee—The market for futures opened steady at an advance of 5 to 10 points, May showing the maximum gain on covering in sympathy with better French cables than expected, the market at Havre being unchanged to one-quarter franc lower. There was, however, a continuation of near month liquidation, in preparation for May notices on Monday, and during the middle of the day prices reacted a partial 5 points and closed steady at a net advance of 5 to 10 points.

Sales were reported of 26,250 bags, including May, $6 60 to $6 65; July, $6 30; September, $5 95. Some May was exchanged for July at 25 to 20 points.

Spot quiet; No. 7 Rio, 8¼c to 8¼c; No. 4 Santos, 8¾c to 9c; mild quiet; Cordova, 9¾c to 13c.

## COTTON.

**NEW YORK.**

New York, April 23.—Cotton—Futures closed steady. Closing bids: April, 10.18c; May, 10.22c; June, 10.19c; July, 10.13c; August, 10.08c; September, 10c; October, 9.99c; November, 9.99c; December, 9.98c; January, 9.91c.

Spot quiet; middling uplands, 10.45c; do, gulf, 10.70c; sales, 100 bales.

New York, April 24.—Cotton—Futures opened steady: May, 10.21c; July, 10.24c; August, 10.21c; September, 10.02c; October, 10.02c; December, 10c; January, 9.93c; March, 9.92c to 9.94c.

Futures closed steady. Closing bids: April, 10.38c; May, 10.39c; June, 10.31c; July, 10.32c; August, 10.20c; September, 10.10c; October, 10.09c; November, 10.06c; December, 10.07c; January, 10.01c; March, 10.01c.

Spot closed quiet, 25 points higher; middling uplands, 10.70c; middling gulf, 10.95c; no sales.

## TODAY'S STOCKS.

**MONTREAL**

Montreal April 24, 1909

| | Asked. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|
| Bell Telephone | 149½ | 147½ |
| Can. Converters | 43 | .. |
| Canadian Pacific | 176½ | 176 |
| Detroit Electric | 59 | 58¾ |
| Dominion Coal, com | 66¼ | 66 |
| Dominion Coal, pref | .. | 111½ |
| Dominion Iron & Steel | 33¾ | 33 |
| Dominion Iron & Steel, pref | 127¼ | 127 |
| Halifax Electric | .. | 111 |
| Havana Electric, com | 48⅞ | 48½ |
| Illinois Traction, pref | 96 | 95⅞ |
| Lake of the Woods, com | 105½ | 105 |
| Lake of the Woods, pref | .. | 120 |
| Mackay, com | 79 | 78⅜ |
| Mackay, pref | 73½ | 73 |
| Mexican L. & P., com | 75½ | 74⅝ |
| Minneapolis & St. Paul | 136¾ | 135¾ |
| Montreal L., H. & P | 116¾ | 116⅜ |
| Montreal Street Railway | 210 | 208 |
| Nipissing | 10⅜ | .. |
| Ogilvie Milling, com | 115½ | 115 |
| R. & O. Navigation | 82½ | 82 |
| Rio de Janeiro | 100 | 98 |
| Toledo | 12¼ | .. |
| Toronto Railway | 124¾ | 124 |
| Twin City | 103 | 102¾ |
| Tennman | 50¾ | 50 |
| Textile, com | 64½ | 64 |
| Asbestos, xd | 91 | 91 |
| Bank of Commerce | 175¾ | 175 |
| Eastern Townships Bank | 160 | .. |
| Hochelaga | 144¾ | 144 |
| Merchants Bank | 163½ | 163 |
| Molsons Bank | 204¾ | 203¾ |
| Bank of Montreal | 250 | 248 |
| Bank of Nova Scotia | 284 | 283 |
| Royal Bank | 221¾ | 219¾ |
| Union Bank | 136¾ | 135¾ |
| Porto Rica | 51¾ | 50 |
| Reserve | 285 | 284 |
| Converters | 90 | .. |
| Canada Colored Cotton | 51 | 49 |
| Dominion Textile, pref | 97½ | 98 |
| Montreal Cotton | 123 | 118 |
| Quebec Railway bonds | 99½ | .. |
| Bell Telephone Bonds | .. | 101 |
| Dominion Coal Bonds | .. | 94 |
| Dominion Cotton Bonds | 100 | .. |
| Dominion Iron & Steel Bonds | 84½ | .. |
| Halifax Tramway Bonds | .. | 100 |
| Keewatin Milling Bonds | .. | 105 |
| Lake of the Woods bonds | .. | 107 |
| Montreal L., H. & P. bonds | 93¾ | .. |
| N. S. Steel Bonds | .. | 107 |
| Nova Scotia Con. Bonds | .. | 103 |
| Ogilvie Bonds | .. | 107 |
| Rio Janiero Bonds | 97 | .. |
| Textile, Ser. A | .. | 90 |
| Textile Ser. B | 92 | .. |
| Textile ser. C | .. | 90 |

Morning sales: Pacific, 25 at 176, 100 at 176⅛; Street Railway, 6 at 208; Power, 46, 25, 25 at 117, 25, 25 at 116¾, 25 at 116⅝; Soo common, 5 at 136; Havana, 100 at 48¾; Illinois, 50 at 96¼, 155, 10 at 96, 75, 25 at 95⅞, 150 at 95¾; Toronto, 54, 25 at 124, 15 at 124¼, 25 at 124⅛; Rio 50, at 50¼, 31 at 50, 150 at 50½; Iron, common, 135, 25 at 33¾; Scotia, 50 at 59, 50 at 59½, Reserve, 2700 at 285, 1000 at 284; Ogilvie, 75, 10 at 115¼, 100, 25 at 115½; Textile, preferred, 5 at 98, 25 at 98¼; Mackay, preferred, 1 at 74; Coal, common, 20 at 104, 20 at 104½, 90, 160, 45, 50, 25 at 105½, 25, 25, 5 at 105¾, 6 at 105, 95, 5, 5 at 106; Iron, preferred, 110, 20 at 128, 50, 25 at 127⅞, 25, 25, 25 at 127¾, 100, 100 at 127½; Hochelaga Bank, 16 at 144; Mackay, common, 25 at 78¼, 50 at 78; Iron bonds, 5000 at 91¼ flat, 2000 at 91 flat, 29 at 91 flat; D. Cotton bonds, 500 at 100; Scotia, common, 1500 at 105; Molsons Bank, 15 at 204.

**TORONTO.**

| Toronto, Ont., April 24 | Asked. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|
| Packers A | .. | 91½ |
| Packers B | .. | 91 |
| Bell Telephone | 150 | .. |
| Canadian General Electric | .. | 116 |
| Canadian Pacific Ry | 177 | 175¾ |
| City Dairy, com | 30 | 28 |
| City Dairy, pref | 90 | 88½ |
| C. N. W. Land | 105 | .. |
| Consumers Gas | .. | 206 |
| Crow's Nest | 100 | .. |
| Dominion Coal | 66¾ | .. |
| Dominion Steel com | 34¼ | 33¾ |
| Dominion Iron and Steel, pfd | 128 | .. |
| Dominion Telegraph | .. | 105 |
| Duluth, com | 18 | 17 |
| Duluth, pref | 33 | 32 |
| Electric Development | .. | 55 |
| Halifax Tramway | .. | 117 |
| Illinois Traction, pref | 97¼ | 96¾ |
| Lake of the Woods | 106 | .. |
| Laurentide Paper, com | .. | 113 |
| Laurentide Paper, pref | .. | 117 |
| McKay, com | 78¾ | 78¾ |
| McKay, pref | 73½ | 73 |
| Mexican L. & P | 76¾ | .. |
| Northern Navigation | 112¾ | 112¼ |
| N. S. Steel, com | 60 | 59⅝ |
| Prairie Lands | .. | 190 |
| Rio Jan Tram | 99 | 97¾ |
| R. & O. Navigation | .. | 81 |
| Sao Paulo Tramway | 151⅝ | 1 1 |
| St. L. & C. Navigation | .. | 116½ |
| Shredded Wheat | 30 | .. |
| Shredded Wheat, pref | 94 | .. |
| Toronto Electric Light | 129 | .. |
| Toronto Railway | 124 | 123½ |
| Twin City | 103¾ | 103 |
| Winnipeg Electric | 170 | 167¾ |
| Ogilvie Milling | 116 | 115⅜ |
| Ogilvie Milling, pref | .. | 120 |
| Penman, Com | 50¼ | 49⅞ |
| Porto Rico | .. | 51 |
| Rogers, com | 107 | 106½ |
| Rogers, pref | 102 | 100¾ |
| Dominion Bank | 240¾ | .. |
| Bank of Hamilton | 205 | 201 |
| Imperial Bank | .. | 225½ |
| Merchants Bank | 163 | .. |
| Bank of Montreal | 248¾ | .. |
| Bank of Nova Scotia | 284 | .. |
| Bank of Ottawa | 215 | .. |
| Standard Bank | .. | 223½ |
| Traders Bank | .. | 138 |
| Agricultural Loan | .. | 122 |
| Canada Landed | .. | 152 |
| Canada Permanent | .. | 103⅛ |
| Central Canada | 150 | .. |
| Dominion Savings | .. | 70¾ |
| Hamilton Provident | .. | 127 |
| Huron & Erie | .. | 190 |
| Huron & Erie, 20% | .. | 189 |
| Landed Banking | .. | 127 |
| London & Canadian | .. | 110½ |
| National Trust | .. | 163 |
| Ontario Loan | .. | 135½ |
| Real Estate | .. | 101¾ |
| Toronto General Trusts | .. | 160 |
| Toronto Mortgage | .. | 120 |
| Commercial Cable bonds | .. | 85 |
| Electric Development | 99 | 85½ |
| Mexican Electric Bonds | .. | 88½ |
| Mexican L. & P. Bonds | 89½ | 88¾ |
| Rio Janeiro Bonds | 94¾ | 94¾ |
| Soo Rights | .. | 7¼ |
| Crown Reserve | 285 | 283 |
| La Rose | 695 | 690 |
| Nipissing | .. | 12 |
| Trethewey | .. | 149 |

Morning sales: Porto Rico, 4, 1, 100, 10 at 50½, 25, 25 at 50⅞, 100, 100 at 51, 50, 10, 15, 25 at 51¼; Lake of the Woods, 5 at 105, 25 at 105½, 25 at 105¾, 25 at 105½, 25, 25 at 105¾; Rio bonds, 2000 at 90¼, 1000 at 94⅜; Sao Paulo, 5, 50 at 151¾, 10, 100, 25 at 151½, 10 at 151¼; C. P. R., 25 at 176, 10 at 175¾; Illinois, 10 at 95½; Soo Rights, ½ at 8; Mackay, common, 15, 10, 25, 25, 5 at 78¼, 2 at 78, 10 at 78½; preferred, 15, 10 at 73¼, 1 at 74; General Electric, 50, 25, 15, 25, 25 at 117; La Rose, 50, 25 at 698, 20 at 696, 50, 10 at 695, 100 at 692; Winnipeg, 2 at 168; Trethewey, 200 at 150; Northern Navigation, 25 at 112, 25 at 112¼, 50, 10 at 112½, 25, 25 at 113, 115 at 112¾; Rogers, 50 at 106¾; Dominion Coal, 25, 25, 20, 5, 10 at 66¾, 10 at 66½; preferred, 10, 6 at 112; Standard, 23 at 225; Mex L. and P., 3000 at 83½; Toronto Railway, 3 at 124; Dominion, 10 at 240¾; Mexican Electric bonds, 1000 at 89; Col. Loan, 86, 14 at 65⅞, 100 at 66, 14 at 65¼.

**NEW YORK.**

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

New York, April 24.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amal. Copper | 76⅝ | 77⅛ | 76⅛ | 77⅛ |
| American Sugar | 133¾ | .. | .. | .. |
| Amer. Locomotive | 55 | 55½ | 55 | 55⅜ |
| American Foundry | 50¼ | .. | .. | .. |
| American Refining | 88⅞ | 89⅞ | 88⅛ | 89⅞ |
| Amer. Cotton Oil | 58¼ | 58⅜ | 58¼ | 58⅜ |
| Atchison, com | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107⅜ | 107⅞ |
| Baltimore & Ohio | 113⅜ | 113⅞ | 113½ | 113⅞ |
| Brooklyn Transit | 77⅝ | 79 | 77½ | 78⅞ |
| Canadian Pacific | 175¾ | 176¼ | 175¾ | 175⅞ |
| Chesapeake & Ohio | 76 | 76½ | 75¾ | 76½ |
| Chicago & G. W. | 5¼ | 5⅜ | 5 | 5 |
| Col. Fuel & Iron | 38⅛ | 38⅜ | 38⅛ | 38¾ |
| Distillers | 38¼ | 38½ | 38⅛ | 38⅛ |
| Erie, com | 31 | 31 | 30⅞ | 30⅞ |
| Erie, pfd | 47 | .. | .. | .. |
| G. Northern, pfd | 144⅜ | 144⅜ | 143⅞ | 144¼ |
| Illinois Central | 146⅜ | .. | .. | .. |
| Inter-Metropolitan | 15½ | .. | .. | .. |
| Inter-Met., pfd | 45 | .. | .. | .. |
| Kansas & Texas | 43⅜ | 44 | 43⅜ | 43⅞ |
| Missouri Pacific | 73½ | 74 | 73½ | 74 |
| New York Central | 130 | 130⅜ | 130 | 130½ |
| Northern Pacific | 143⅜ | 144⅜ | 143¾ | 144⅜ |
| Norfolk & Western | 92⅞ | .. | .. | .. |
| National Lead | 88½ | 88¾ | 88⅛ | 88½ |
| Ontario & Western | 49⅜ | 49⅜ | 49¼ | 49¼ |
| Pacific Mail | 30 | .. | .. | .. |
| Pennsylvania | 135⅝ | 135⅞ | 135½ | 135⅝ |
| People's Gas | 116⅜ | 116⅜ | 116⅛ | 116¼ |
| Reading | 144⅜ | 146 | 144⅝ | 145¾ |
| Republic Steel | 23 | 24 | 23 | 24 |
| Rock Island | 28⅝ | 29⅜ | 28⅝ | 29¼ |
| Southern Railway | 28⅛ | 28⅝ | 28⅛ | 28⅜ |
| Southern Pacific | 119⅞ | 120⅜ | 119⅜ | 120⅛ |
| St. Paul | 149½ | 149⅞ | 149½ | 149½ |
| Texas Pacific | 33½ | 34 | 33½ | 33¾ |
| Union Pacific | 187½ | 188⅛ | 187½ | 187⅞ |
| U. S. Rubber | 33 | .. | .. | .. |
| U. S. Steel | 53⅞ | 53⅞ | 53⅞ | 53⅜ |
| U. S. Steel, pfd | 114⅜ | .. | .. | .. |
| Wabash, com | 18¾ | 18¾ | 18½ | 18¾ |
| Wabash, pfd | 47⅞ | 49 | 47⅝ | 48⅝ |
| Western Union Tel | 69 | 69½ | 69 | 69½ |

## COBALT STOCKS.

Noon quotations on Cobalt mining stocks, telegraphed The Advertiser by Edward Cronyn & Co., members of the Toronto Stock Exchange:

Toronto, April 23.—Mining exchange quotations:

| | Asked. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|
| Amalgamated | 12¾ | 11 |
| Beaver Consolidated | 14 | 13⅞ |
| Buffalo | 4.00 | 3.90 |
| Chambers-Ferland | 77 | 75 |
| City of Cobalt | 47 | 46¾ |
| Cobalt Central | 41 | 39 |
| Cobalt Lake | 14½ | 14 |
| Coniagas | 6.50 | 6.00 |
| Crown Reserve | 2.85 | 2.80 |
| Foster | 35 | 33 |
| Gifford | 18 | 15 |
| Green-Meehan | 13 | 10 |
| Hudson Bay | 225.00 | 160.00 |
| Kerr Lake | 7.00 | 6.90 |
| La Rose | 7.00 | 6.90 |
| Little Nipissing | 27 | 26 |
| McKinley-Darragh | 85 | 83 |
| Nancy Helen | 30 | 24½ |
| Nipissing | 11.00 | 10.10 |
| Nova Scotia | 49½ | 49 |
| Otisse | 25¾ | 25½ |
| Peterson Lake | 30 | .. |
| Rochester | 16½ | 16¼ |
| Silver Leaf | 11½ | 11⅛ |
| Silver Bar | 41 | 37 |
| Silver Queen | 48 | 42 |
| Temiskaming | 1.24 | 1.23 |
| Trethewey | 1.49½ | 1.49 |
| Watts | 27 | 25 |
| North Star | 12 | 8 |
| C. G. F. S. | 4 | 2 |
| Diamond Vale | 15 | 12 |

[Special to H. C. Becher & Co., from Harris, Winthrop & Co.]

New York, April 24—Close.—Our market today comparatively ignored the Turkish episode, and displayed a great strength and activity. The action of Steel, common, was particularly impressive, and, it may be, is discounting a somewhat better statement of earnings next Tuesday than is generally expected. We believe that the statement will be a factor of great importance in the market, as it should make known the actual conditions in the steel market. Bond trading today was heavy, with good demand for high-class bonds.

New York, April 24.—The Turkish situation is more tranquil, but the gold movement from London to the continent continues.

The German Government will float a loan of $200,000,000 on May 3.

First formal opening of the tariff bill concluded in the Senate.

Rapid transit bill permitting building of subway by private capital in New York passes Senate at Albany.

Bradstreets' says trade conditions are unchanged.

Dun's says talk about faith in the future is more pronounced, and says that the lower prices stimulate more active demand for iron and steer

Steel earnings on Tuesday will show a declining tendency.

Banks gained on the week's currency movement $1,850,000.

Copper production still indicates a large surplus accumulation.

Thirty-three roads for the second week of April show average gross increase of 11.97 per cent.

## MR. JACK SMALLMAN AND WIFE RETURN

### Were Passengers on the Republic When It Was Rammed and Sunk by the Florida.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Smallman, who were passengers on the steamer Republic when it was run down by the steamer Florida off Staten Island on the night of January 24, arrived home this morning. "We had a delightful trip after our misadventure on the Republic," Mr. Smallman told the Advertiser this afternoon. "We were prety badly frightened for the time being, but the White Star people did everything possible for the comfort of the passengers. We lost everything we had in the shape of baggage, but managed to accumulate a lot more in our travels. We visited Rome and other parts of Italy, but did not go down to see the parts devastated by the earthquake. From Italy we went to Cairo and then came back to France, spending two weeks in Paris, and then crossing to London. The trip was most delightful in every way."


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**THE VICTORIAN DOCKS.**

Halifax, N. S., April 23.—Allan SS. Victorian from Liverpool, arrived 4:30 this morning, with 48 first cabin, 214 second cabin, and 789 steerage passengers.

## POWER COMMITTEE ON MONDAY NIGHT

### Meeting Will Be Held to Consider the Report of Engineer Kelsch.

The special power committee will meet on Monday night to consider Engineer Kelsch's report.

Copies of the original are being made, and will be submitted to the aldermen at the meeting.

No other information can be obtained as to the contents, as the members of the committee refuse to discuss the question at all.

"The report has come in all right," said Ald. Stewart. "It will be given to the committee first, and then we can discuss it. You had something about it the other day. I am not saying whether that is right or not, but it will be given out all right."

## NO OFFER WILL BE MADE FOR THE PLANT

### City Will Likely Meet the London Electric Co. Next Week.

No word has been received from President Matthews, of Toronto, president of the London Electric Company, as to a meeting with the committee of the city council to arrange a basis of arbitration for the company's plant.

It is expected that something will be heard from him very shortly, and the meeting will be held next week.

There will be no offer made by the city for the purchase of the plant.

If the committee and the company's representatives can agree on the basis of arbitration, experts will figure on the plant, and the finding of the arbitrators will be submitted to the council.

It will in turn be submitted to the people. Whether the plant is bought for $200,000 or $500,000, the people must vote on the issue of debentures. In other words, any proposition must be submitted to the people and voted upon.

No offer has yet been considered by the committee, nor the council, and it will not be considered until the board of arbitration is appointed, if it is ever appointed.

## ELDER EVANS DEPOSED BY REVELATION!

### Despatch From Iona Says That Joseph Smith Had a Vision.

A dispatch from Lamont, Iowa, says: Delegates to the fifty-sixth annual conference of the Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, in session here, are talking over a revelation through Joseph Smith, involving several important changes in the personnel of the church, which was given to the delegates. The revelation releases from the presidency Elder R. C. Evans, late of London, Ont., now in Toronto, and confirms the appointment of Albert A. Smith, of Lamoni. The presidency of the church is composed of Joseph Smith, his son, Fred W. Smith, and his nephew, Albert A. Smith.

## MUST LEAVE CARGO ON WRECKED STEAMER

### The Government To Have Something to Salvage After This —Policy Defended.

Ottawa, April 23. — Minister of Marine Brodeur introduced his measure to amend the navigable waters protection act. At present, when a vessel is wrecked, it is the habit of the

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For a wedding gift of any description we have an assortment that would be hard to equal. In Silverware of new and original ideas we can satisfy the most exacting mind. Call and be convinced.
**SUMNER**
THE RELIABLE JEWELER,
380 Richmond Street.

## WHITNEY'S BROWN FILLY TOOK SECOND MONEY

### In Walton Event at Sandown Park Yesterday—American Horses All Outside in Paris.

Sandown Park, April 23. — Mary B. won the Walton 2-year-old selling plate of 200 sovereigns. The distance was four furlongs. Whitney's brown filly, by Irish Lad, out of Zela, was second, and a colt out of Full Ripe third.

Carronset was the Tudor plate of 1,000 sovereigns for 2-year-olds, distance 1-mile and 60 rods. Fop finished second and Esperanto third.

Esperanto is owned by J. R. Keene, while H. P. Whitney's Sixty II. was outside the money.

The Prince of Wales handicap of 100 sovereigns for 3-year-olds, distance five furlongs, was won by Retrenchment.Jack Snipe was second and Slieve Roe third.

Paris, April 23. — There were many American horses entered in today's events, but none of them succeeded in winning or even getting inside the money. They were: Thomas Hitchcock's Hylas, George Saporta's Banyan, and J. E. Widener's East River. They ran respectively in the Prix Medoca, the Prix Aveyron and the Prix Gironde.

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Parnell's Bread is what we sell,
We know that it will suit you well,
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Try and see.
Parnell's Bread, that is the name,
It's all, yes, more, than what we claim,
So, we'd like each London dame,
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Call in as you're passing by,
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**Dermaline Snow**
It is an admirable skin food, nourishing and building up wasted tissues.
Dermaline contributes to beauty in so far as it improves the complexion and rounds out the form, and both the pretty woman seeking to retain her comeliness and her less-endowed sister may resort to it with equal certainty that it will do much toward repairing natural defects and help to neutralize the results of time and neglect. In 25c and 40c jars.
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216 Dundas St., London, Ont.

## PROF. MOULTON ON SHAKESPEAREAN PLAYS

### Readings From "King John" and "Richard III." Were Listened to by Large Audiences.

A large house greeted Prof. Moulton yesterday afternoon, as he opened his series of Shakespearean readings in St. Andrew's Hall. He was introduced by Rev. Dr. Ross in a few happy sentences. The subject of his first lecture was the historical play, "King John." Modern readers, he said, when they come to the study of Shakespeare's historical plays, find a surprise awaiting them. The mention of King John brings to our minds the thought of Runnymede and Magna Charta, but these great outstanding events are not mentioned by Shakespeare. Even Coleridge is reported to have said that he turned to Shakespeare's historical plays for his history. But this statement is misleading, for in Shakespeare's day, history, as we understand it, was unknown.

History is the confirmation of facts, and history is always changing. So that if Shakespears had dramatized history, his plays would long ago have been out of date. This does not at all belittle the historical dramas. The real purpose of them is the portrayal of human nature, and that is the same in all ages.

The keynote of this play is irony. Not the irony of fate—but the irony of history.

**"King John."**

This play, "King John," is the prologue to the ten historical plays. The dominant interest in the play is fastened on the two rivals, England and France, and throughout the pendulum swings between them—sometimes to the side of England, and sometimes to the side of France.

Shakespeare's portrayal of the character of Hubert was particularly strong and masterful. He designated him as a "man with a passionate, loving heart, and a lowering and forbidding coutnenance."

His love fastened upon the king, whom he served faithfully. But his love for Arthur was even stronger, and while his forbidding countenance gave color to the belief that he was plotting against the life of his young prisoner, his loving heart was set upon his rescue. It is not possible to give in detail the analysis of the play, which was most able and interesting, and held the undivided attention of the audience.

**"Richard III."**

The evening lecture on "Richard III." was unique, and well worked out, and was listened to with unflagging interest. Richard was painted as a villain par excellence, and his villainy was all the more heinous in that there appeared to be no underlying motive. The same man in previous plays, under the name of Gloster, practiced villainy, in order that he might be king. His villainy was a means to an end. In this play it has become in itself the end. His was ideal villainy, both as to quantity, quality, and the success which accompanied it.

The scene of the wooing of the Lady Anne in the very presence of her husband, murdered by Richard, was given in a most dramatic manner.

Mr. Moulton showed how retribution overtook the sinners all through the play—in the under-plots, as well as in the climax where it overwhelmed Richard himself. Richard, the imperturbable, he became anxious, nervous. His Nemesis had overtaken him, and his end was full of pitiful horror.

## KETCHEL SAYS HE WILL WIN IN BATTLE WITH JACK JOHNSON

### "The Man Who Comes Close Enough to Hit Can Be Hit," Says the Michigan Lion—"I Am Perfectly Willing to Trade Punches With the Best Man Living."

The New York American says: Stanley Ketchel doesn't fear Jack Johnson. The Michigan lion had a little heart-to-heart talk with me yesterday and I, for one, can't help but admire the spunk of the fellow.

"Do you think for a minute that I'd let Britt or anyone else sign me up if I thought I was to take a flogging from that black fellow? No, siree! I'll whip him, I tell you—make him back all over the ring. Why didn't he want to fight me forty-five rounds if he thought me such a snap? Didn't see him wanting me in a long fight, did you? He knows, you can bank on that.

"Do you know it is a fact that I've never been extended. I'm naturally an easy-going fellow in the ring—I have never been made to fight as I can. I love to hit and hit hard. I don't think that I ever enjoyed slamming a man as I did Papke the third time. I was out to prove that his victory over me was the rankest kind of a fluke."

**Anyone May Be Hit.**

"You know anybody that comes close enough to hit you can be hit. Johnson will have to come near me to hit me and I'll land on him. I'm perfectly willing to trade punches with the best man living. Isn't that fair? I know that I can hit harder than Johnson can and he'll have a lot of low-down respect for my two fists before the gong sounds at the end of the first round.

"He can't hit until he is flat-footed, I don't think that Johnson is as fast as they say he is. I saw him fight Flynn. I wanted Flynn to win, as he was making a hit in San Francisco and he and I would have drawn a good house. He was doing splendidly against Johnson along about the sixth or seventh round.

**Warned Fireman Flynn.**

"I knew that Johnson was laying for just one punch and I ran around to his corner and said: 'Jim, look out for his right hand—he's going to sneak one over on you.' Flynn laughed me away and went back at the black man. The smile was still on his face when—bang! and they were carting poor Flynn to his corner. If a fellow like Flynn, who is awfully slow, can make Johnson worry, can't I expect my friends at least to give me a chance?

"They say that he'll block 'em all. If he does his arms will be sorer than ever his shins were. I'll win. You just paste that up over your bed and sleep on it. I'll be the heavyweight champion before the sun settles behind the Golden Gate on October 12."

## TORONTO BOY WON ONE-LEGGED RACE

### Reynolds Defeats Crippled Dorando of the North—A Lively Contest.

### REYNOLDS' QUEER SPRINT

**Rolls Along Like a Three-Legged Man—A Very Lively Scene.**

Toronto Star: When Harry Reynolds, of the Toronto West End Y. M. C. A., minus the right leg, won his five-mile match race with Basilio Ferro, of North Bay, minus his left leg, at the Excelsior Rink last night in a final desperate sprint to the tape a lively scene ensued.

Reynolds' Toronto friends rushed upon the track, and in their enthusiasm tried to carry Reynolds off, when it was discovered that the runners were a lap shy on the total distance. Reynolds broke away from his friends and completed the extra lap, but Ferro, who was all in, remained in a chair. A moment later 200 gesticulating shouting Italians rushed upon the floor and commenced to cry that the race was unfair and that Ferro had been tricked out of the contest.

The truth of the matter is that Reynolds beat Ferro fairly and squarely in the final sprint, and Ferro was the first man to cease running.

**A Great Race.**

The race was unusually interesting.

It started out slowly, with Reynolds trailing the sturdy little Italian, and the crowd thought it would be a frost, but at the end of the mile Reynolds suddenly cut loose a sprint that pulled the crowd to its feet. Reynolds' sprint is a queer affair. Instead of planting both his crutches at the same time and swinging his leg forward, he opened them out and rolled along as if he had three legs—i.e., he used the right crutch, his leg and the left crutch in rotation like a three-legged man. The way he went away from Ferro was a shame.

**Ferro Pulls Up.**

The galt was tiring however, and Ferro running steadily caught him again at the two-mile mark. From there on there was a succession of spurts. Ferro hadn't anything like Reynolds' "bing-bang-bing" gait, but the way he could swing those crutches was a caution. When things grew warm the Italian made a hit by holding up his crutches and hopping rapidly. In the fifth mile it looked as if Reynolds was tiring and was beaten, but the last lap he went around Ferro as if some one had nailed the Italian's foot to the floor—and at that Ferro was progressing in giant leaps.

The time:

| Miles. | Leader. | Time. |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Reynolds | 7.55 |
| 2 | Reynolds | 15.35 |
| 3 | Ferro | 24.06 |
| 4 | Reynolds | 32.35 |
| 5 | Reynolds | 40.25 |

Reynolds won by 10 yards, going away.

The officials:

Judges—Dr. Harley Smith and Tim O'Rourke. Starter—Lou E. Marsh. Scorer—Claude Pearce. Don Lindon, Michael Basso. Referee—Tom Longboat.

T. Ryan, another Toronto one-legged man, challenged the winner.

## YOUNG CORBETT WALLOPED KEYES

### Showed All His Old-Time Speed and Carried the Fight.

New York, April 23.—Young Corbett got the decision over Bert Keyes of Philadelphia tonight in a 10-round bout before the Fairmount A. C. Corbett showed all his old time speed and carried the fight to his opponent.

## NO MORE AUTOS FOR WALKER WESTON

### Had Tilt With Company and Will Now Dangle With Horse and Buggy.

Dwight, Ill., April 23.—Edward Payson Weston, the veteran pedestrian, who was detained here last night by the heavy mud which made walking along country roads next to impossible, expected to reach Bloomington this afternoon. He had some trouble with his attendant yesterday and let him go. He also had a tilt with the automobile firm which has been sending a machine with him, and he will hereafter be accompanied by a horse and buggy.

**GOTCH AND BEELL.**

Denver, Col., April 22.—Frank Gotch, champion wrestler of the world, and Fred Beell, of Milwaukee, were matched last night to meet at the Denver Auditorium the second week in May for the world's wrestling championship and a $3,500 purse.

## POWERS DID NOT GO TO TORONTO

### Longboat Commences Training Again—Five Miles in 27.20

### TRIAL AGAINST LAWSON

**He Defeats Lawson Half a Lap in the Distance—Powers' Contract Worthless.**

Toronto, April 23.—P. T. Powers did not arrive in Toronto today from New York, and there is nothing doing in the Longboat-Powers controversy over the control of the Indian and his future racing.

The Onondaga Wonder jumped out yesterday, and, though he hasn't had a shoe on since April 3, and has been doing but little else than sleep and eat, he stepped five miles in 27.20 at 'Varsity track. Tim O'Rourke's hair almost stood on end, for Longboat hooked up with Harry Lawson and beat him half a lap, and Lawson has been training hard for several weeks. Lawson went on and did the ten miles in 59, Longboat's heel did not bother him much.

**It Is to Laugh.**

"It is to laugh when Pat Powers makes that loud noise about suing Longboat on his contract," said a Toronto lawyer today. "That contract Powers holds is worthless, and he knows it. If it was worth anything, Powers would be sitting tight, not making a noise like a big bass drum."

In view of Mr. Powers' stiff opposition now to anyone arranging a match race between Longboat and Shrubb, his wire of last week to Tom Flanagan imploring him to see that Longboat met Shrubb here at 15 miles April 17 is a puzzle.

First he wants some one to get Longboat to run Shrubb, and now, when Longboat is persuaded to put up a $500 forfeit, to run the Englishman, Powers kicks.

What does he want, anyway?

The Longboat-Shrubb race will not be run May 8 in Montreal. It will take place on Scarboro Beach Park May 22 or May 24, Scarboro Beach is named in the contract both signed.

Longboat still declares he will not run for Powers May 8 in New York. The Indian is negotiating for a 7-roomed house in Galley avenue, Parkdale.

## CHAMP. AND JEANNETTE MAY GO TWENTY ROUNDS

### Johnson's Agreement to Fight Langford Photographed and Spread Broadcast.

New York, April 24.—Already matched to fight Ian Hague, the new British heavyweight champion, Sam Langford will sail for England in a position to prove to sporting men on the other side that Johnson, Ketchel and Kaufman have all refused to meet him in the squared circle. Joe Woodman, manager of Langford, called at The Sun office yesterday and said that if Langford defeats Hague he will renew his challenge to Johnson as soon as the latter arrives on British soil. Johnson's signed agreement to box fifteen rounds with Langford in London on May 24 has been photographed by Manager Bettinson of the National Sporting Club, and copies have been sent broadcast throughout Great Britain. As a result Bettinson thinks that Johnson will meet with a frigid reception when he begins to pose in the English music halls as the "real champion of the world." Woodman also said yesterday that Langford if he whips Hague and is ignored by Johnson will offer to fight Joe Jeannette at the famous London club in June. It was hinted yesterday that when Johnson arrives in Paris he will take Jeannette on for a 20-round bout, as he regards the latter as a soft mark.

## J. JOHNSON IS SUED AGAIN

**Miss Clara Kerr, Who Claims Negro Is Her Husband, Files Suit in Assumpsit for $2,000.**

Pittsburg, April 24.—Suit in assumpsit for $2,000 was filed in Pittsburg yesterday by Clara S. Kerr, of New York, against Jack Johnson, the heavyweight champion. Sheriff A. C. Gumbert served preliminary papers on Johnson tonight. There is no statement filed, but the woman is supposed to be the one who recently claimed the big negro as her husband, "I don't know what this woman wants. Yes, I know her. I was never married to her," said Johnson.

**The St. Louis, of the American line, recently arrived off Sandy Hook, having finished the last 500 miles of her voyage without the use of her rudder. For the purpose of steering she utilized her twin screws, though she was compelled to slow down to about twelve knots an hour.**

**Keep "BOVRIL" in the House**
Why not take a cup of BOVRIL every morning throughout the spring? It invigorates the whole system, fortifies you against the changeable weather, and helps you to do the work of the day. BOVRIL is easily made—a cup, hot water and a spoonful of BOVRIL are all you need.
Do not accept any substitute for
**BOVRIL**

**Wall Paper**
We have recently opened up a shipment of the celebrated SHAN KYDD WALL PAPERS, the most beautiful and artistic wall decorations produced. We are showing them in elegant shades of deep yellow, light brown and warm green. We cordially invite your inspection of these beautiful Wall Papers.
**COLERICK BROS.**
Decorators and Homefurnishers, - 212 DUNDAS STREET

**Ladies' Spring Coats**
STYLISH, SNAPPY, PERFECTLY MADE.
There is an individuality in the style and finish of our garments that make them desirable and popular.
We place on sale today a variety of Spring Covert Coats varying in price from $9.00 to $15.00.
Only examination and comparison can reveal the way they are made, and their excellence of materials.
Quality counts, and especially so when combined with the "right prices."
**ROSS' 196 DUNDAS STREET**

## LONDON BOWLERS AT GALT TOURNEY

### Hundreds of Trundlers Took Part in Yesterday's Events

### SOME BIG SCORES ROLLED

**Locals Did Well in Open Singles, McMurphy Tallying 539—The Scores.**

(Special to the Advertiser.)

Galt, April 23.—The bowling tournament under the direction of Manager Sheppard continues to attract large crowds and tonight the auditorium was filled to capacity.

The following are today's scores.

Singles, Novice.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hefferman | 140 | 156 | 167— | 463 |
| Wells | 141 | 170 | 172— | 483 |
| Cottrell | 147 | 127 | 195— | 469 |
| R. O'Connor | 186 | 200 | 133— | 519 |
| W. O'Connor | 185 | 160 | 172— | 517 |
| Stockton | 177 | 187 | 178— | 542 |
| Avid | 181 | 177 | 158— | 516 |

Singles, Open.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hindmarsh | 191 | 188 | 152— | 531 |
| Little | 143 | 160 | 182— | 481 |
| Ayers | 149 | 137 | 142— | 428 |
| Graham | 153 | 163 | 153— | 469 |
| Finchamp | 161 | 181 | 175— | 517 |
| Dewar | 132 | 137 | 165— | 424 |
| McMurphy | 166 | 184 | 189— | 539 |

Doubles, Novice.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| W. O'Connor | 178 | 144 | 137— | 459 |
| Wells | 154 | 132 | 167— | 453 |
| Total | | | | 912 |
| Stockton | 166 | 178 | 138— | 482 |
| Hefferman | 155 | 148 | 200— | 503 |
| Total | | | | 985 |
| R. O'Connor | 148 | 160 | 146— | 483 |
| Boyce | 162 | 199 | 178— | 540 |
| Total | | | | 1,023 |

Doubles, Open.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Galt | | | | |
| J. McDougall | 128 | 189 | 179— | 496 |
| A. Bye | 194 | 171 | 154— | 519 |
| Total | | | | 1,015 |
| Galt | | | | |
| Codling | 145 | 183 | 162— | 490 |
| Barlow | 168 | 169 | 176— | 513 |
| Total | | | | 1,003 |
| Hindmarsh, Galt | 189 | 164 | 194— | 547 |
| Little, Galt | 110 | 166 | 185— | 461 |
| Total | | | | 1,008 |
| Mahler, Galt | 213 | 143 | 182— | 538 |
| Lapine, Galt | 136 | 133 | 176— | 445 |
| Total | | | | 983 |
| Ayers, London | 156 | 145 | 188— | 489 |
| Graham, London | 146 | 167 | 157— | 470 |
| Total | | | | 959 |
| Dewar, London | 222 | 209 | 121— | 552 |
| Finchamp, London | 184 | 139 | 141— | 464 |
| Total | | | | 1,016 |

Five-Men Team, Novice.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Carter's Specials, Galt— | | | | |
| S. Bye | 158 | 166 | 181— | 505 |
| Wilson | 151 | 136 | 153— | 440 |
| Kane | 147 | 160 | 121— | 438 |
| Hart | 174 | 170 | 149— | 493 |
| Carter | 145 | 121 | 169— | 435 |
| Total | | | | 2,311 |
| Bell Telephone, Galt— | | | | |
| Wettlaufer | 165 | 149 | 175— | 489 |
| Deacon | 142 | 93 | 122— | 357 |
| Harley | 130 | 145 | 166— | 441 |
| Loree | 114 | 90 | 88— | 292 |
| Hollich | 115 | 107 | 106— | 328 |
| Total | | | | 1,907 |
| Harrigans, Galt— | | | | |
| Gravelle | 199 | 117 | 184— | 500 |
| Murroe | 120 | 167 | 155— | 450 |
| Whitcomb | 162 | 104 | 115— | 351 |
| Hickey | 181 | 131 | 114— | 426 |
| Wolstenholme | 178 | 138 | 107— | 418 |
| Total | | | | 2,147 |

Five-Men Team, Open.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| British Navy, Berlin— | | | | |
| Wagner | 172 | 157 | 210— | 539 |
| Hazen | 189 | 161 | 152— | 452 |
| Totske | 167 | 122 | 137— | 426 |
| Bullock | 143 | 226 | 189— | 563 |
| Bowman | 132 | 164 | 148— | 444 |
| Total | | | | 2,424 |
| Royal Manhattans, Galt— | | | | |
| Mahler | 151 | 162 | 154— | 468 |
| Bye | 162 | 192 | 208— | 562 |
| Whitcomb | 132 | 104 | 115— | 351 |
| Lapine | 128 | 236 | 192— | 557 |
| Barlow | 154 | 205 | 179— | 538 |
| Total | | | | 2,676 |
| Ideals, London— | | | | |
| Dewar | 158 | 120 | 146— | 424 |
| McMurphy | 154 | 190 | 170— | 514 |
| Finchamp | 157 | 160 | 156— | 473 |
| Ayers | 160 | 165 | 144— | 469 |
| Graham | 192 | 160 | 204— | 556 |
| Total | | | | 2,436 |

## THE FINAL SHOOT HELD LAST NIGHT

### C Company of 7th Regiment Concluded Tournament at Armories,

### LEE MADE A POSSIBLE

**Pte. Young, of B Section, Also Showed Up in Fine Form—The Scores.**

The final indoor shooting tournament of the season closed in the Armories last night when "G" Company of the Seventh Regiment held a most successful shoot. The officers are more than pleased with the showing "G" Company has made, and it is estimated that on the whole there is an increase of fully 25 per cent in the average scores of the men since the beginning of the season.

**"G" Company Out to Win.**

"G" Company is out this year to win the trophy. They secured it last year by some very fine shooting, and if they can win it this year and next it becomes their property. With this end in view teh men of the company are holding regular practices, and as soon as the ranges open on May 1, will hold shoots on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

**A Gold Watch.**

Captain Murphy has offered a gold watch for the tyro making the highest aggregate score on the range during the season.

**Eight Straight Bulls.**

The feature of last night's tournament was the shooting of Private Lee of "A" section, and of Private Young in "B" section. Private Lee put on eight straight bullseyes, making a possible. This is the second time in succession that he has accomplished this feat, and he wins the rifle barrel offered as first prize by Capt. Murphy.

The scores made last night were as follows:

Class "A"—Pte. Lee, 25; Sergt. Galbraith, 24; Corp. Manning, 23; Pte. Orr, 29; Corp. King, 26; Pte. Barrett, 27; Sergt. Ross, 26.

Class "B"—Pte. Young, 33; Pte. Cody, 26; Pte. Rutledge, 25; Pte. Knapton, 24; Pte. March, 24; Pte. Smith, 22; Pte. Root, 22; Pte. Graham, 16; Pte. Bell, 16; Pte. Kingsmill, 15; Pte. Calhoun, 11; Pte. White, 10.

## KETCHEL-CAPONI FIGHT

**Pugilists Will Be Matched, Says "Cal" Harris, in Eight-Round Bout for $6,000 Purse.**

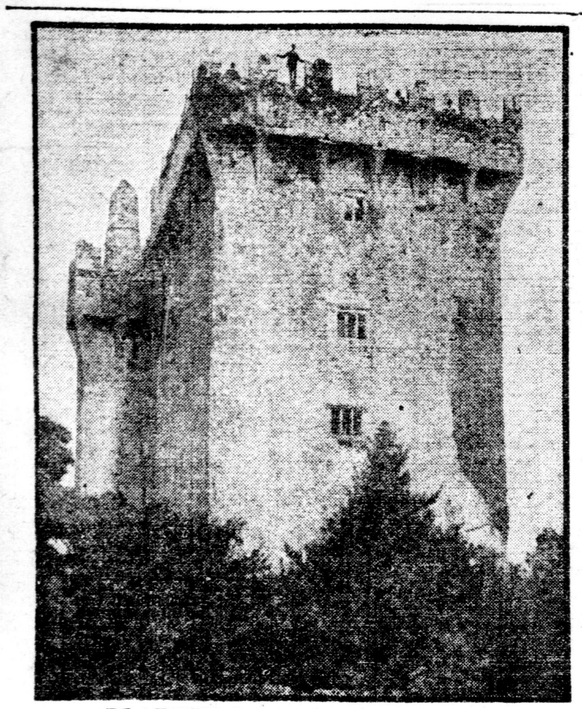
St. Joseph, Mo., April 24.—According to "Cal" Harris, a fight promoter, of Chicago, who was here tonight, Stanley Ketchel, aspirant for the world's heavyweight title, and Tony Caponi, a near champion, will be matched for eight rounds for a purse of $6,000. The bout, he says, will take place at Cattanooga, Tenn., within the next six weeks. W. Forstner, an automobile manufacturer, is backing the scheme, according to Harris.

## LILLEY'S FUNERAL.

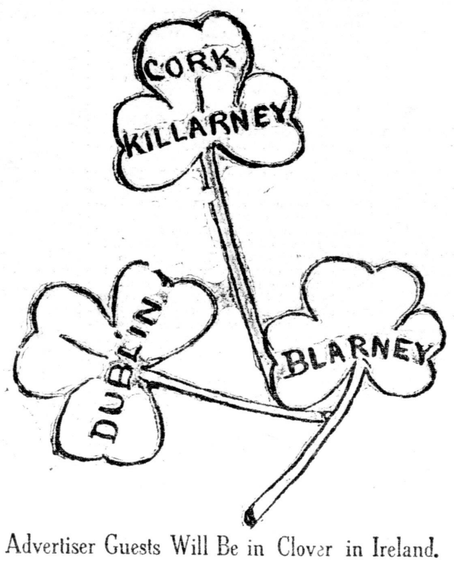
Hartford, Conn., April 23. — To the music of a dirge the body of Governor George L. Lilley was taken from the executive mansion this morning, and under escort of the governor's foot guards, the horse guards, and 57 members of the House and Senate, transferred to the state capitol, where it will lie in state until 10 o'clock this evening.

# Some Beauty Spots in the Emerald Isle

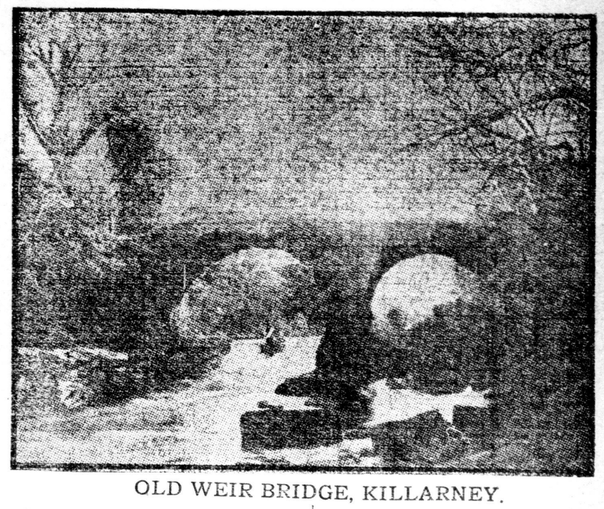
## Advertiser's Guests Will Kiss the Blarney Stone--"The Bells of Shandon"--Points of Interest in Cork and Dublin--The Delights of Killarney.



BLARNEY CASTLE, NEAR CORK.




Advertiser Guests Will Be in Clover in Ireland.



OLD WEIR BRIDGE, KILLARNEY.

### The Bells of Shandon.

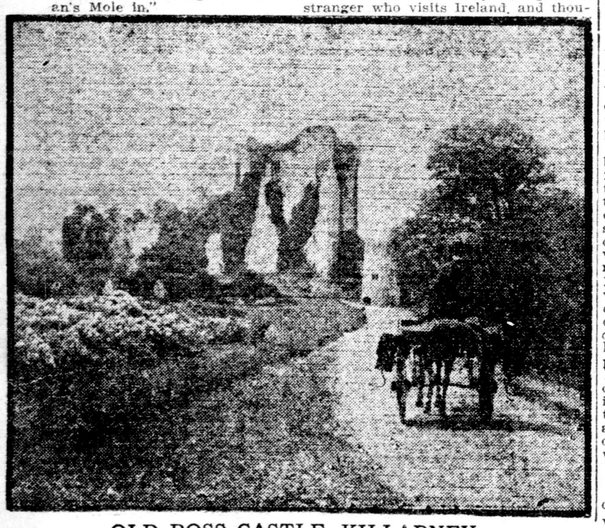
With deep affection and recollection,
I often think of those Shandon Bells,
Whose sounds so wild would in the days of childhood
Fling round my cradle their magic spells.
On this I ponder, where're I wander,
And thus grow fonder, sweet Cork of thee,
With thy bells of Shandon, that sound so grand on
The pleasant waters of the River Lee.

I have heard bells chiming, full many a clime in,
Tolling sublime in cathedral shrine;
While at a glib rate brass tongues would vibrate,
But all their music spoke naught like thine;
For memory dwelling in each proud swelling
Of thy belfry knelling its bold notes free,
Made the bells of Shandon sound far more grand on
The pleasant waters of the River Lee.

I have heard bells tolling "Old Adrian's Mole in,"
Their thunder rolling from the Vatican,
And the cymbals glorious, swinging uproarious
In the gorgeous turrets of Notre Dame,
But thy sounds were sweeter than the Dome of Peter
Flings o'er the Tiber, pealing solemnly.
O the Bells of Shandon sound far more grand on,
The pleasant waters of the River Lee.

There's a bell in Moscow, while in tower and Kiosko,
In St. Sophia the Turkman gets,
And loud in air calls men to prayer
From the tapering summits of tall minarets.
Such empty phantom I freely grant 'em,
But there's an anthem more dear to me;
'Tis the bells of Shandon, that sound so grand on
The pleasant waters of the River Lee.

The famous lines of Father Prout are in the minds of every imaginative stranger who visits Ireland, and thousands of travelers make a pilgramage to the old church which still stands near "the pleasant waters of the River Lee," not far from the City of Cork. It is one of the spots the Advertiser guests will see.



OLD ROSS CASTLE, KILLARNEY.

### CORK.

Cork dates back to very ancient times, for mention is made of it 617 A D., one Bishop Fionbarre being buried here. Unfortunately the Danes were down to so late a date as 1012 A. D., in the habit of making surprise visits periodically and laying hands upon and destroying everything within their reach. It must have been a very important place, otherwise these gentlemen would not have shewn it such close attention. The records of the Northmen's visits read as follows: In 822 A. D., the city was plundered; in 832 A. D., it was burned; in 839 A. D., it was plundered and burned again. One can understand why Cork was built so far up the River Lee as it was evidently very necessary to be as far from the sea as possible. Unfortunately this has prevented the growth of the modern city to a very great extent. It, however, glories in its magnificent approach, for Queenstown harbor and the highway to Cork is a delightful stretch of water, and is one of the finest and safest harbors in the world. It could float with ease the entire British navy and can be entered at any tide by vessels of the deepest draught.

### In Dublin's Fair City.

Dublin prides itself especially on its bridges and quays. There are ten of the former which originally, built on the same model as old London Bridge, carried houses upon them. These have been repaired from time to time, and brought to their present state.

Victoria Bridge in days gone by went by the name of the Bloody Bridge, owing to a sanguinary conflict which took place, and in which the apprentices were painfully involved. Off the quays run numerous narrow lanes—streets of the poorest description. In one of these, by name Smoke Alley, was situated the theatre in which Garrick, Peg Woflington, Miss Farren and Mrs. Siddons performed. This lane was so narrow that only one carriage could pass through at a time, consequently the noise and confusion can only be inadequately imagined as lighting in those days was of the primitive nature. Playgoers on foot, link boys, and vice-regal carriages, combined to form pandemonium. It is needless to say that the dwellers in the alley had little chance of repose and retaliated the invasion by carrying on a wordy warfare from the upper windows lining the street.

### Ancient Dublin Churches.

Dublin rejoices in some very ancient churches, amongst others, St. Andoen, which is partly restored, and dates back to 1171; St. Warburgh, dating back in parts to the Danes, and in the vaults of which, it is believed, St. Patrick celebrated his first mass; St. Patrick's Cathedral and Christ Church, which are nearly contiguous.

The former, like many other buildings and monuments, has experienced trying times. It has, at different periods, been the victim of fires, occasionally flooded out, unchurched and used as a stable in Cromwell's time. Bound up with the cathedral for all time are the memories or mystery of its famous dean and his ideal—Swift and Stella. Peace be to their ashes.

In mentioning the trials and troubles of the cathedral it may be interesting to relate the vicissitudes which have attended the statue of King William of Orange. Placed with its back to Trinity College, it greatly offended former students, who freely plastered the sme. In 1710 he lost both his sword and truncheon. At one time, on July 12th and November 4th, the statute was profusely decorated, and passers-by had to lift their hats to it under penalty of a fine of £5, or imprisonment. In 1798 King William again lost his sword. In 1822 the base was the scene of serious riots. In 1805 some person painted the statue black with a composition of such nature that it almost defied cleansing. To bring matters to a climax in 1836 it was blown up, and fragments of it were scattered. It was pieced together and replaced again on its pedestal in 1837, and has since then enjoyed calmer times.

### The Four Courts.

In perhaps no city in the world does the legal profession dominate society to the same extent as it does in Dublin. Indeed, it is said that the leading members, i.e., the chancellor and judges, do duty for the absentee nobility. The roll-call of the bar includes the names of some of the ablest lawyers Great Britain has ever possessed, and not only able but eloquent. Such men were Curran, Burke, Plunket, Burrowes, O'Connell, Shiel, Fitzgibbon and Yelverton. The headquarters of the law are the famous Four Courts. It is admirably situated in the very centre of the quays, between Richmond and Whitworth Bridges, and it can be seen from all points. The chief entrance is through a fine Corinthian portico upon the centre of which stands a statue of Moses, and on either side figures of Justice and Mercy. Under the portico leads to the great hall where, rumor says, that all the gossip in Dublin originates, for here like a throng of schoolboys can be found barristers, young and old.

The superior courts are held in this building which stands on the site of an old Dominican monastery, and which is of an imposing appearance. Erected between the years 1786 and 1800, it cost $1,000,000 to build.

### Other Famous Places.

Trinity College, Dublin, has given many famous men to the world. It treasures within its museum the skull of Dean Swfit.

No. 65 High street brings to one's mind the memory of the unfortunate Wolfe Tone, the Irish patriot. He committed suicide whilst lying in prison under sentence of death at the time when his judge and sympatizers were doing all in their power to procure a remittal of the capital sentence.

The castle, home of the viceroy, presents a rather gloomy but dignified appearance. In its state rooms many a timid debutante has made her appearance, and has received, as allowed by prerogative, the chastely salute of the sovereign's representative. The castle also includes within its precincts the famous St. Patrick's hall, the scene from time to time of splendid initiations and receptions. The present King and Prince of Wales are Knights of the Order.

But the castle has not been always dignified, for the chronicles tell us that some of the former viceroys were extremely jovial. In ancient days, a famous game was played at some of these vice-regal receptions. It rejoiced in the euphonious name of Cutachateutchoo, and was played under the more or less exacting conditions. The ladies first prepared themselves for the fray and that this was a necessary proceding will be realized.

The game consisted in belles, beaux and dowagers hopping about in a sitting position in a more or less sedate manner. Scrimmages were frequent, the capsizal perchance of a portly dowager must have brought into play much exercise of one's resibility. As the fun waxed furious, dresses were torn, hair disordered, paint began to rub off, the affair became a romp.

Merrion Square and St. Stephen's Green with stately residences always attract attention. Phoenix Park, where many a curious citizen has pierced the anatomy of his fellow man by means of sword or pistol. To cite all the memories attached to Dublin would fill a catalogue but a few of the famous actors on its stage were Grattan, Flood, Curran, O'Connell, cum multis aliis. It is not generally known that Handel first conducted the performance of The Messiah in a theatre in Fish-hamble street. To a citizen the joy of Dublin is everlasting.

### Blarney.

A little way out of Cork is the famous Blarney Castle, whose attributes are known where ever an Irishman resides. Who has not heard of the Blarney Stone?

The castle itself is in rather a ruinous condition, one tower alone standing, but this tower holds the famous stone in its keeping. The tower itself is but a shell with a stairway by which one can reach the summit. Correctly speaking there are two stones, one, which is for exhibition purposes only, and the other on which visitors perform their osculatory duties. On reaching the top of the stairway one can look right down the interior of the shell and at a depth of about 12 feet is the first-spoken of stone, with an inscription:

Cormac Macarthy,
Fortis Me Fieri Fecit A. D. 1446
The late Dean Hole of Rochester gave the translation as follows:

"Cormas Macarthy, bould as bricks,
Made me in Fourteen Forty-six."

As Sir Boyle Roche remarked, no person could possibly kiss it unless he were a bird or an acrobat. To do so one would have to be suspended by one's feet. There is, however, another stone on the summit itself, and this is the one that doubtless will receive the salutes of The Advertiser's visitors. This performance having been gone through what a vista opens up of their return. Their persuasive speech will allow of no denial. What a gratification of wishes await them. It is extremely lucky for The Advertiser that Blarney Castle is one of the last features of the trip. If the visit had taken place before July 1st our present candidates would probably have been all elected. Friends and relatives will have to be on their guard. Blarney Castle at one time received a visit from Oliver Cromwell, but that matter-of-fact gentleman was by no means on an osculatory trip as is witnessed by a large cannon shot hole in the tower. To few, indeed, is the chance given of visiting this famous spot.

### Killarney.

Killarney is famed and known all over the civilized world. There may be individual pieces of scenery that surpass any like piece in the district, but nowhere can be found such a diversity of scenic effects in such a small area. Not only is this the case but everything is in such exquisite proportion, as had the mountain been higher then the lakes would have been too small, and vice versa. It is situated in a basin in the midst of the mountains of Kerry, and consists of three connected lakes, the lowest of which outflows by the River Laune to Castlemain Harbor. The scenery is very beautiful and in some aspects unique. The lower lake is richly studded with wooded islets which rising sharply out of the water and being covered with arbutus present an entrancing sight. On the largest of these islets, by name Ross Isle, is Ross Castle, the ancient home of the O'Donoghues. Another is the far-famed Innisfallen, of which Moore, the poet, wrote:

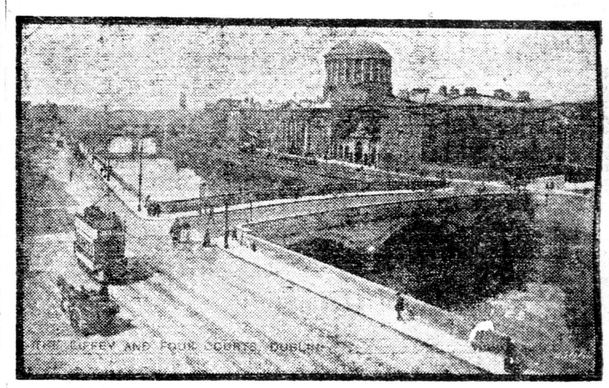
"Sweet Innisfallen fare the well,
And long may light along thee smile,
As soft as on that evening fell
When first I saw thy fairy Isle.

Weeping or smiling, lovely isle!
And still the loveiler for the tears—
For though but rare thy sunny smile
'Tis heaven's own glance when it appears."

On the island is a very picturesque old ruin of an abbey founded in the sixth century by St. Vivian, a leper.

The upper lake is also studded with similar islands, and is connected with the middle and lower lakes by means of the Long Range, which is a winding valley about two and a half miles in length, at the bottom of which lies the stream. About midway through this valley is the famous rock, or cliff, called the Eagle's Nest, which creates a marvellous echo, and which has a peculiar characteristic, for it resembles thunder rattling behind the rock. Between the lower and middle lakes is the fine ruin of the Abbey of Muckross built by the Franciscans in 1440. This romantic old ruin, ivy-clad, presents the very essence of quiet amidst the most beautiful surroundings. The mountains for the greater part, where not densely wooded, are one blaze of purple and gold from their garments of furze and heather which is here seen in the utmost luxuriance. In fact owing to the moistness of the climate wild flowers appear at the very greatest advantage.

Macaulay, who was by no means a lover of Ireland or the Irish, thus describes Killarney: "When the sun shines out in his glory, the landscape has a freshness and warmth seldom found in our latitude." But Killarney is not only beautiful—it has its impressive scenery as well. Lofty mountains dipping sheer down into the water, presenting a bare and rugged appearance, ravines and rocky glens where mountain streams tumble along the roughest bed imaginable.




THE LIFFEY AND THE FOUR COURTS, DUBLIN.

# The Public Library

Though Canadians are as patriotic citizens as are to be found in any country, it seems to be the case that they know, as a rule, very little of their country's history, and this despite the fact that with very few exceptions, Canada has had as dramatic a history as any country in the world. It was and is a new country, its possibilities and its future all unknown, and it is still in the transition stage, and it is well for those who are now or are expecting in the future to take part in the making of its history to know something at least of the story of its discovery and growth, other than that which is to be derived from the pages of the high school histories.

In the London Public Library will be found some of the best books that have yet been written on the subject. In the reference department, there is the collection of the "Jesuit Relations," seventy volumes odd in all. In such works as these the library has an asset that can hardly be overestimated. In these books is to be found the best possible portrayal of the early life of the country, when Quebec was the hub, and when adventurous and godly men were reaching out fearlessly into the great unknown to claim a new world for God and the King of France. The "Relations" are the intimate history of the great Jesuit Order, the most interesting of all the religious orders, in this the scene of their most heroic effort. The documents were written at different times, and in widely different places. In the long winter twilights at Quebec, when these men had little to think of but the petty jealousies that marred their everyday lives, and wrote long, voluminous letters, that have no interest now, save in their very human touch. They are in many forms, letters and diaries and notes of discovery, written sometimes at Quebec or Montreal, sometimes in the heart of the wilderness. They are not well-written as a rule, the writers were not literary men, but they were watching a nation in the making and telling of it as best they knew how. It would be impossible, as well as foolish, to think of attempting to read through them all, but as intimate personal revelations of a long dead age, as a means of making other histories live they are invaluable. Referred to in conection with some good history of Canada, such as John Fisk's "New France and New England," or Bourinot's "Canada," or Parkman's immortal records of this country, they would give a grasp of its early history that would more than repay for the time spent in their study.

There is another history of these early years in Canada that is worthy of mention, that is the "History of New France," written by Marc Lescarbot, a Frenchman, who lived about 1570, and who wrote, partly from his own observations, made during a year's stay in the country, and partly from contemporary documents and accounts. It is a very interesting and naive description, and one not without a decided historical value, for Lescarbot was a careful observer, and a thorough student.

Of a somewhat later time there are some very valuable books, dealing more with the constitutional side of Canadian history. Among the best of these are two books by W. B. Munro, of Harvard University, dealing with the interesting and vexed question of seignorial tenure of Canada. The first is a book of that name published in the Harvard historical studies series, and the other "Seignorial Tenure in Canada." These books are of a more scholastic and less popular interest than the ones before mentioned.

A more readable volume that deals with a phase of this subject is Professor George M. Wrong's study of "A Canadian Manor and Its Seigneurs." The book is a study of the seigneury of Murray Bay, the material for which he collected during several summers spent in that locality. It is an intensely interesting book, and is written in Professor Wrong's well-known and admirable style.

But not only has the eastern portion of Canada had a great history. For Western Canada through its history is less well known, it is none the less interesting. A whole world of romance centres around the inception and growth of the Hudson Bay Company alone. In the days that are not so far past even now, the factors of the company had absolute power of life and death in a tract of land that equalled more than half the Dominion. And, moreover, they used their power absolutely. Many and strange are the tales that are told about them, but none so strange as the reality, for the whole history of the company is marked with the deeds, of a great and splendid, if perhaps unscrupulous, heroism. Agnes Laut, in her "Pathfinders of the West" has given a very concise and accurate and at the same time dramatic recital of the trading companies, that were the first to open up the great west. For those who wish a fuller account there are several books, none, however, are all that could be wished for. Among these books of greater historical importance are George Bryce's "The Hudson Bay Company," and a better, if even less readable, book, "The Great Company," by Beckles Willson.

Farther west still there is a country that has also had a great history, but as yet unfortunately no historian has arisen to tell of it.

The discoveries in the far west and north, and the dangers and hardships that were faced to make these discoveries possible will some day furnish the material for the most dramatic page of Canada's story. The story of the work of Fraser and Vancouver, MacKenzie and Selkirk, and the less well-known Simpson, whose untiring energy made the colonization of the western provinces a possibility, has never yet been told as it should be told. Several of these men have left diaries of their travels and discoveries which it is hoped will some day find their way into print. The only book that can be referred to is a volume of "The Makers of Canada Series," by George Bryce of the University of Manitoba on "Mackenzie, Selkirk, Simpson." It is a very good though short account, and gives a clear idea of what these men have accomplished for the Dominion.

These books mentioned, and many others of almost equal interest and importance, are to be found in the London Public Library, so that anyone who so desires may learn of the splendid heroic history of their native land.

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# ENGLISH STUDENTS GO ON STRIKE

## The Trade Union College at Oxford Closed Temporarily.

Ruskin College, Oxford, chiefly maintained by trade unions, had been little heard of till its students went on strike about a week ago. The aim of the college is "to give to all its members, to whatever political party they may attach themselves, the knowledge which should form the basis of sound political intelligence which will enable them to weigh evidence, detect fallacies and present an argument with cogency and force."

Up to a couple of years ago all went well. Young men, mechanics, telegraph operators and so forth, won their Ruskin scholarships, came up for their course of study and then went back to their ordinary callings, many of them no doubt better armed for taking part in the political movement of the Labor party, which had recognized the scarcity of men of adequate education in its ranks. The education at Ruskin College seems to have been conducted on academic lines and fairly to have observed the principle laid down in the original prospectus, that the teaching should be neither too academic nor too partisan.

Two years ago the influence of the socialism of today made itself felt in the peaceful atmosphere of the workingman's college. There appeared at that time among the students one who brought with him a new and aggressive creed. He belonged to an association called the Industrial Workers of the World. He obtained disciples, and from that time strife began in the college.

The Martyrs' Memorial, a monument erected to the bishops burned in Oxford, had been on Sunday nights for many years the meetng place of amateur preachers, who included a certain number of undergraduates. The Industrial Workers of the World filched the Martyrs' Memorial on Sunday nights to preach the Hyde Park gospel of socialism.

The ostensible and immediate cause of the strike was the dismissal by the council of the president of the college on the ground that he was unable to maintain discipline. The council is also supposed to have objected to and resolved to abolish the study of sociology, in which the president was the lecturer. The president is undoubtedly very popular with the men, but there seems little doubt that the real object of the strike leaders was to change the constitution of the college and make of it an educational centre for the redhot socialism of the type indicated by the cardinal dogma of the Industrial Workers of the World quoted aboye.

For a week the students refused to attend any lectures save those delivered by themselves. The executive council met in the House of Commons, sent word to the students that the dismissel of the president must stand and gave them till Monday to think things over. On Monday the students declared they would not leave the college unless expelled by the police, and called upon the trade unions to find the money for a new college, founded on the principles in consonance with their own ideas.

The council then declared that the college should be closed for two weeks, the idea, of course, being to give the students time to cool off a little. Most of them were swarmed around the secretary to get money to enable them to go home. The council granted them this and 15 shillings a week for maintenance, as the trade unions by which the men had been sent to Oxford had paid the money for their board and tuition.

The leaders declare that this is not the end and that their scheme for a new college is by no means dead. Others believe that Ruskin College in a fortnight will again receive her chartered alumni into her forgiving arms and resume the even tenor of her way.




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# The Happenings of a Week in the Old Land

## ENGLAND

The death has occurred at the Wilts county asylum, at Devizes, of a man named Thomas King, at the age of 81 years. He had been an incarcerated lunatic for 63 years, and had cost the ratepayers of the Swindon and Highworth Union $7,000 in maintenance.

Dr. Robertson, of Birmingham, lecturing at Coventry, on consumption, remarked that all wild animals were liable to this disease if put into artificial surroundings of zoological gardens, but practically they were entirely free from it in their wild condition.

The Bishop of Bath and Wells has paid a visit to one of the smallest parishes in his diocese, Langridge, which consists of four farms and six or seven cattages. The income of the living is $165, and the doctor dispenses with the church collections, which when he first came, amounted to 9d or 1s a week.

The flower crop of the Scilly Islands this year has been a record one, and by the time the season is ended over 1,000 tons of daffodils, hyacinths and other blooms will have been transshipped. These will yield a profit of $200,000.

Serjeant's Inn, London, which dates back to the fifteenth century, is announced for sale. Its neighbor, Clifford's Inn, has been on the market for some time.

Armand Rousseau, of Beckenham, and Mabel Ranger, his sister-in-law, at Bromley police court on Monday, were fined the maximum penalty of $20 each and costs for exposing five children suffering from scarlet fever in the public streets.

Dr. M. Aurel Stein, the explorer, announced in a lecture to the Royal Asiatic Society, that he had discovered in Central Asia 8,000 ancient manuscripts in twelve different languages, many painted fabrics, and other valuable relics of the past.

Worshipers at the Ruardean parish church, Gloucestershire, were perturbed when, instead of the usual voluntary, only mysterious screams came from the organ. After some trouble a cat was extricated from the instrument.

Messrs. Elder & Fyffe, Covent Garden, who have adopted the daylight saving scheme, announce that from April 1 to Sept. 30 all work at their premises will cease at 5 p.m.

The ancient Norman fief, the Seigneurie de la Trinite, a historical property in Jersey, has passed into the possession of Mr. Athelstan Riley, under the authority of a royal warrant and letters patent from the crown.

In the case of certain small English towns and villages it has hitherto been necessary for the letters R. S. O. (railway sub-office) to form part of the postal address. The postmaster-general has decided that in future these letters need not be used.

The remains of Mrs. Osborne, wife of a laborer of Eye, had to be lowered into the grave by means of a tripod and pulleys. She weighed thirty stone.

The number of county electors in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland at the beginning of 1909 was 4,569,059, and borough electors 2,999,134. With the university voters the total is 7,615,438, as compared with 7,526,628 in 1908.

The sum of £7,979,100 will be required during the coming fiscal year for wages in the postal services for the British Isles. The salaries and wages for London alone amount to £1,622,280, representing 19,242 employees.

Police Constable Winstanley, who was warmly commended at a Preston inquest for an attempt to rescue a drowning man, possesses five certificates of the Royal Humane Society, and a bronze medal.

Only eight guineas was bid at Stevens' rooms in London for the sword of Admiral Kempenfeldt, who went down with the Royal George off Spithead in 1782, through the sea entering her ports.

Two old age pensioners, James Ratigan, 72, widower, and Ann Pritchard, 73, widow, of Lugwardine, were married at the Roman Catholic Church, Hereford, recently.

When a young woman named Toms returned home from a revival service at Barnstaple she yawned so violently that she dislocated her jaw.

Mr. Charles Bennett, village blacksmith, of Pinchbeck West, near Spalding, has, during fifty-three years of Sunday school work, walked over 19,600 miles to and from Sunday school, in connection with which he has been a prominent worker.

An amazing decrease of alien immigrants into the United Kingdom is disclosed in the returns for February, issued by the board of trade. While the number of immigrants in February, 1908, was 16,369, it was only 3,895 in February last.

As a sequel to a letter received by the West Bromwich Guardians from a soldier now serving in China, asking them to find him a wife, the chairman at their meeting on Monday said he had received a dozen letters from ladies, one of whom addressed her proposal to him.

Mr. Robert Oborne, the King's fisherman at Virginia water, retired a few days ago. During his fifty years' service he has instructed most of the members of the royal family in the art of angling. He states that the best royal angler is Queen Alexandra, who has taught little Princess Mary of Wales.

The first place of refreshment to be allowed within the precincts of Hyde Park, the Ring Tea House, under the license of the office of works, has been opened to the public. The premises overlook the Serpentine, accommodate over 1,000 people, and include a verandah on which 250 people may be served.

Explaining at a Southport inquest how copper was found in deceased's liver, Dr. Weaver, the medical officer, said many foods nowadays contained copper, such as coffee, potatoes, wheat and potted peas.

"Of those who were dismissed from the postal service last year 36 per cent owed their dismissal entirely to drink," said the postmaster-general at a meeting of the Postoffice Total Abstinence Association, "The same failing was the cause of 66 per cent of the reductions of postmen."

Lady Constance Lytton, one of the twenty-six women suffragists lately released from Holloway jail, announced that she had experienced great difficulty in obtaining paper and ink at Holloway. She declared that she had been driven to using her own blood for ink to record her thoughts.

Mrs. Lushington, the youngest sister of the late Lord Tennyson, has died at the age of 91. She was the youngest daughter of Rev. George C. Tennyson, the rector of Somersby, and married her brother's great friend, Edmund Lushington. The marriage inspired the early lines of "In Memoriam."

Owing to the undermining action of the River Eden, which is only five yards away, the tower of the parish church at Musgrave, near Kirkby, Stephen, is 18 inches out of the perpendicular, and daylight is visible between the roof and the gable end.

At Southwark fire station, London, the other day within a quarter of an hour all the telephones, electric fire signals, and street alarms were transferred from the temporary ground-floor watch-room to the new watch-room on the first floor.

The novelty of Wednesday's snow of the Perpetual Flowering Carnation Society in London was a rich crimson carnation named Black Chief, which is said to bloom profusely every month of the year—indoors or out. Some of the flowers measured four inches across.

"He endeared himself to guardians, visitors, inmates, and staff, and his beautiful Christian demeanor, constant cheerfulness, and good temper made him beloved by all." This was the Huddersfield Guardians' epitaph on Thomas Newton, 94, who died lately, after spending 20 years in the workhouse.

Mr. Andrew Selkirk, an engineer and a descendant of Alexander Selkirk, the original of Defoe's "Robinson Crusoe," has just died at Cowdenbeath, Fife. He had led a roving and adventurous life, taking part in the early rushes to the Australian gold diggings. He owned much house property, and much of it built by himself.

In connection with the Manchester Dog Show an express train ran up from London with a number of dogs, for which were supplied dog biscuits, bones, bread and milk, chopped meat and water.

At Christie's, London, a pair of Worcester hexagonal vases 16½ inches high realized 900 guineas. A Sevres teapot and cover by Prevost, 1787, went for £210.

For putting a dog into a pot of scalding tar, without any apparent reason, C. H. Evans, of Walsall, was sentenced to three months, with hard labor.

Ships of war are now classed as parishes for the purpose of marriage. At Springfield, Essex, the banns are being published between a lady and William Friend, a petty officer, described as of the parish of "H.M.S. Lord Nelson, Bantry Bay, Ireland."

Mr. Winston Churchill, M.P., who has been house-hunting with his young wife for months, has at last decided on a house at 33, Eccleston Square, S. W., which was formerly occupied by the late Mr. Arthur Beckett.

Atherstone, Warwickshire, has come into the possession of a chair used by Henry VII. on the eve of the battle of Bosworth Field. It will be placed in the parish church, where Henry took the sacrament before he defeated Richard III.

In England scarlet liveries are the King's exclusive privilege.

Britain, states a return, supports 8,000 missionaries, and America 6,500.

The will of the late Mr. Selwood Cook Riddle, of Wolverhampton, has been proved at £663,044.

"Out of every 1,000 children in England 800 have defective teeth," says Dr. W. T. Elliott of Birmingham.

A tableau will shortly be shown at Madame Tussaud's in London, representing the earthquake at Messina.

There are now about a million and a half tons of British vessels laid up waiting for profitable employment.

Three thousand children are emigrated to Canada each year by philanthropic societies in the United Kingdom.

A medical man stated at a Yarmouth inquest that the hands were always closed when a person was dead or asleep.

One by one the old windmills are fast disappearing from Lincolnshire, where scores must have vanished in the last few years.

The March statement of the Board of Trade shows decreases of $406,500 in imports and $5,030,000 in exports (manufactured goods).

It is reckoned that there are enough motor vehicles in London (including motor cycles) for the transport of a force of 96,000 strong.

During the past year members of the Watton (Norfolk) Rat and Sparrow Club have destroyed 15,778 rats, 17,995 sparrows, and 7,654 eggs.

Lord Gwyder has well earned his title to be considered the "Father of the Peerage," for he enters his hundredth year upon April 26th.

The result of the census of the Manchester unemployed shows that there are 16,087 unemployed males and 2,643 unemployed females.

The latest Admiralty wireless telegraphy station stands outwardly complete on the Lincolnshire coast at the mouth of the Humber.

If the demands of the Women's Social and Political Union of England are conceded, about a million and a half women will be given the vote.

It is said that thousands of gulls' eggs are sent to London annually and are sold as plovers' eggs.

General Raikes, the "father of the British Army" was buried recently, and his widow died the week following.

Morris dancing is being revived throughout West Norfolk, and is tending greatly to brighten life in the village.

"Naturalist and trainer of ants, fleas, bees, etc.," was the description a man gave of himself at the North London Police Court.

Magpies have been discovered building a nest on the top of a plane tree in St. James' Park, within thirty yards of Piccadilly, London.

The Countess of Meath has offered $25,000 to establish a home for sane epileptics if a suitable body will undertake its maintenance.

The owner of a Bolton donkey, who beat the animal until one side was quite black, and the flesh a jelly, was sent to jail for two months.

A dozen women have offered to marry a soldier who wrote to the West Bromwich Guardians from China asking them to find a wife for him.

Sir Edward Lee, manager for many years of the Literary and Scientific Department of the Crystal Palace, has died at Porthcawl, aged 76.

General Sir O'Moore Creagh has been appointed commander-in-chief in India, to succeed General Lord Kitchener, when the latter retires in August.

Sent to an industrial school for theft, an 11-year-old boy told the Manchester magistrates that his father sent him out to steal whatever he could.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Massie presented a petition from nearly 244,000 women in opposition to granting the parliamentary suffrage to women.

Prince and Princess Alexander of Teck were present at the athletic sports of the United Services' College at Windsor, the Prince officiating as referee.

Burglars at Morant's mansion, Ardleigh, Essex, during the week end were disturbed by a talking parrot, and hurriedly decamped leaving a cash box on the table.

The death occurred at Wigtown, Leicester, of Mr. Thomas Ingram, one of the oldest solicitors in England. He was within a few days of entering on his hundredth year.

In celebration of Viscount Tredegar's seventy-eighth birthday, Newport (Monmouthshire) County Borough Council decided to offer the freedom of the borough to him.

The twenty large diamonds in the British crown are worth $7,500 apiece, and the two centre diamonds $10,000 each. The total value of the stones in the crown is at least $500,000.

A blackbird has started nest building for the fourth year in succession in a gasalier in the Parish Church Hall at North Berwick. The bird doesn't bother itself though a meeting is being held in the hall.

In consequence of the competition and reduction made by the Standard Oil Company of America, the Scotch oil companies have decided to reduce their selling price of paraffin wax one halfpenny per pound.

The Prince of Wales has presented a handsome scarfpin to Mr. Henry Holmes, superintendent of the line of the London and South-western Railway, as a mark of appreciation of his services on many occasions.

Employers and employed in the cotton trade, at a meeting held in Manchester, agreed to the appointment of an independent chairman to preside at meetings for discussing the automatic regulation of wages.

Sir John Bamford Slack, late M. P. for Mid-Herts, son of Mr. Thomas Slack, of Ripley, Derby, according to his will has left £14,444.

A British man-of-war, as representing the sovereignty of the seas, claims the right of being saluted first both in home and foreign waters.

According to a White-paper there were 848,038 paupers in England and Wales at the end of February, or 24.0 per 1,000 of the population.

Among old customs prevailing in England is that of eating fig puddings on Palm Sunday, or "Fig" Sunday, as it is called in some districts.

For self-denial week the Salvation Army aimed at getting £80,000. When the collections were closed on the 13th ult. the total had been exceeded.

The death is announced at Stamford of Georgina Sophia, widow of the third Marquis of Exeter. The deceased was the daughter of the second Earl of Longford.

In Great Britain the people eat on an average 81 lbs. of sugar a head in a year. Australia consumes 129 lbs. the United States 89 lbs., Germany 26 lbs., France 32 lbs.

Dr. Charles Coats, the oldest medical practitioner in Bath, died on the 23rd ult. at the age of 83. His widow was formerly the wife of the late Lord Hobart, Governor of Madras.

At a meeting at Westminster Abbey recently to consider the question of the proposed memorial to John Bunyan, it was intimated the £560 of the £1,400 required had been subscribed.

Mr. James Purdy, head of the well-known firm of gunmakers bearing his name, whose death has occurred in his 81st year, was not only gunmaker to His Majesty and the Prince of Wales, but to most of the European monarchs.

A chair used by the earl of Richmond on the eve of the battle of Bosworth Field has been bequeathed to Atherstone, Warwickshire, and will be placed in the parish church, where Henry VII. took the Sacrament before he defeated Richard III.

A sister of the late Lord Tennyson, Poet Laureate, has passed away in Mrs. Lushington. Miss Tennyson was married to Prof. E. Law Lushington, a very learned scholar, who was Professor of Greek in the University of Glasgow. Mrs. Lushington shared the intellectual powers of her brothers.

Two execution took place on the 20th ult. At Exeter prison a lad named Edmund Walter Elliott was executed for the murder, at Plymouth, of Clara Hannaford, his sweetheart. Elliott was 19 years of age, and the girl 15. At Liverpool a Chinese seaman was hanged for the murder of a fellow-countryman.

## IRELAND

A splendid salmon, turning the scales at 52 pounds, was caught in the River Boyne, recently.

Granite has long been used as a building material in Ireland.

The Earl of Carrick, who served against the Fenians in Canada in 1870, is dead.

Mr. Lundon, Nationalist M. P. for East Limerick, died in London on the 24th ult.

Two hundred and ten tons of honey worth $60,000 are the yearly produce of Ireland.

No. 18 College Square East, Belfast, the birthplace of the late Lord Kelvin, is being converted into a shop.

It has been proposed to convert the infirmary attached to the old jail in Enniskillen into a technical school, and plans are being made for the necessary alterations.

The Belfast harbor board will spend £39,000 in deepening Victoria channel for providing facilities for large vessels being built.

Lieut. Shackleton, who is now so prominently before the public in connection with the south pole expedition, is an Irishman, a native of County Kildare.

Only 23,952 emigrants left Ireland last year, the number being 15,787 below the total for 1907, and the lowest on record. Since 1851, 4,126,310 emigrants have left Ireland.

At the Belfast shipyard of Messrs. Workman, Clark & Co., all preparations had been made on Tuesday for the launch of the Orient liner Otranto, but the vessel refused to leave the slips owing to the freezing of the tallow in the recent frost.

The Countess of Aberdeen, in opening a tuberculosis exhibition at Bray, recently, said that if the people on the other side of the water could have seen Bray during February in the bright, fresh sunshine, day by day, they would go to the Irish Riviera in the spring.

Lord Charles Beresford, who has just retired from the navy, has rented Rathmullen House, which is situated on the west side of Lough Swilly, in County Donegal, for the summer.

While travelling in Italy, Lady O'Connor, of Lake View, Killarney, has been robbed of her jewel case, the value of the montents being estimated at $60,000. Up to the present time, there is no trace of the thieves.

A beautifully illuminated address has been presented to Rev. Fathers John Clement and Angelus, of the Capuchin Order, by the Carrick-on-Suir Total Abstinence Club, as a token of the good work on behalf of temperance done by these priests in Carrick on the occasion of the temperance retreats conducted by them there in the past three years.

The sale of the Royal Irish Industries Association, held in Devonshire House, opened by the Duchess of Devonshire on St. Patrick's day. The gate receipts amounted to about £250 and the taking at the stalls amounted to over £1,000.

At the Cork assizes the charge against Wm. Kirke, for wounding Constable Sullivan at Ballycotton in December last, was resumed. On the previous day the judge dismissed the jury without having completed the evidence on a juror remarking that "he would not convict the man." The new jury disagreed, and they were discharged.

The death of Rev. W. J. Jackson, of Duncairn Presbyterian Church, has cast a deep gloom over the Presbyterian community, and makes a blank which it will not be easy to fill in the ranks of the Presbyterian ministry in the north of Ireland.

The idea that the revival of the corpse at the Irish wake was due to the fact that the old age pensions are now payable may be dismissed. Further inquiries show that the interesting story has the disadvantage of being without any foundation in fact.

The tenants' interest in a holding of land containing seventeen statute acres and held as a second term judicial tenancy at the yearly rental of £4 10s, was put up for public auction at the courthouse, Swinford, County Mayo, and after keen competition went for £245, which represents 58 years' purchase.

A cow, the property of Mr. Clements, Bankvale, County Tyrone, has given birth to three calves. All three calves were the same size and color. The cow and two of the calves are doing well, but the third died shortly after birth.

A shirt cutter named David Caulfield, of Coleraine, was knocked down by a man named Thomas Shirley, and in falling struck his head violently against the curb. He was picked up unconscious, and is in a critical condition. Shirley was arrested.

Mr. Frank Champion, trading as the "Irish Linen Specialists," at 10 Cheapside, London, was fined $100 and $100 costs for selling handkerchiefs as Irish linen, which were really cotton, and for using an imitation of the Irish trade mark.

Lately two of the commissioners appointed by the Government to inquire into the bona fides of applicants for old-age pensions in Ireland, visited Ballina, and closely questioned all who are in receipt of pensions in the district. As a result only one pension book was taken up by the officers.

The members of the Irish Salmon and Trout Fisheries Association held their annual meeting in Dublin lately, Lord Massy presiding. The annual report showed that much useful work had been done during the year. Several speakers protested against the practice of reducing or remitting fines imposed on persons convicted of poaching in Irish waters.

The death has just occurred of Mrs. William Crawford, of Mullans, County Donegal, at the advanced age of 102. She remembered well the stormy events of the beginning of the last century, and used to recall the memorable pitched battle arranged to take place between the Protestants and Roman Catholics of Donegal and the surrounding parishes in 1829, but which were stopped by the clergy of all denominations and the local gentry.

The rumor that the appointment of a Knight of St. Patrick in place of Lord Howth might cause some surprise, and hinting that the rule up to the present of only conferring it on peers might be broken, has proved false, the King having been pleased to appoint the Earl of Granard as successor to the Earl of Howth, deceased.

The Balfast harbor board has unanimously agreed to carry out the dredging of the Victoria channel to a depth of 30 feet below the level of high water of ordinary spring tides, at an estimated cost of $150,000.

Sir Samuel Black has tendered his resignation as town clerk of Belfast. For some time past there has been heated discussion as to the retiring allowance of Sir Samuel, and it was finally settled at $10,000 a year. Sir Samuel is the oldest town clerk in Ireland. Mr. Robert Meyer, present chief clerk has been appointed to fill the vacancy at a salary of $5,000 a year.

At the annual meeting of the Manchester Wholesale Provision Merchants' Association the president spoke of the great revival of Irish agricultural industries. He said that Ireland was second as importers of butter to the English markets, both as regards quality and value, first in the value of eggs, and second in quality; first in the quality of bacon, and third in quantity. He drew attention to the great improvement in the packing of eggs and butter to what it used to be. He strongly advised his fellow provision merchants to keep an eye on Irish produce, contending that it was a better investment than Danish.

The death has occurred of Sir Rowland Blennerhassett, Bart., at his London House, from heart disease. Sir Rowland was an Irishman, a member of the Privy Council for Ireland, a commissioner of national education in Ireland, and senator of the Royal University of Ireland, and for many years sat in the House of Commons as Liberal member for Galway and Kerry.

Figures published recently show that 64 per cent of the horses acquired for the British army last year came from Ireland. It is thought that, considering the acknowledged excellence of the Irish-bred horse, the Government should see that Ireland's claims with regard to giving grants for encouraging horse-breeding for military purposes, should not be ignored. The best brood mares in the south and west of Ireland are being bought up by foreign agents.

Great regret is felt in Tipperary hunting circles at the announcement that the popular master of the Tipperary Hounds, Mr. Richard Burke, intends retiring at the end of the present season. Mr. Burke has been master for 23 years, and he only retires now as private business necessitates his absence from Ireland for a time. Mr. Bouche, well known in Galway sporting circles, has been appointed as Mr. Burke's successor.

On the morning of March 25 the dead body of a painter named Lawrence Ryan was found in the River Suir at Thurles. The water at the place where the body was found is only three feet deep, and it is thought that he must have jumped from the bridge. For some time the deceased had been depressed and eccentric in his habits.

Mr. Philp McCasker, hotel proprietor in Derrygonnelly, County Fermanagh, and until recently vice-chairman of the Enniskillen Board of Guardians, has been arrested on a charge of having wilfully set fire to his premises with intent to defraud. The prisoner was remanded and allowed out on bail of $1,000.

At one time it was almost a crime to wear shamrock in Belfast, and St. Patrick's Day was not looked on as a holiday. But things are changing gradually, and the wearing of the green was quite general on the holiday this year.

At the Carlow petty sessions a young girl named Mary Kehoe was charged with having destroyed clover, with intent to steal, the property of John Power, of Kernanstown, near Carlow. It appears that the accused picked a stone and a half of clover to send off as shamrock before St. Patrick's Day. The prosecutor said that there wasn't a sprig of shamrock in all she had gathered, but that it would mean a loss of $50 to him—at the end of the season. Defendant was allowed out under the first offenders' act.

## SCOTLAND

The Rosyth naval base staff is gradually on the increase.

Mr. R. D. Mackenzie of Caldarvan, Dumbartonshire, died recently in his 97th year.

A stamp-vending machine has now been installed in the Glasgow general postoffice, George Square.

The final social gathering for the year of the Scottish Clans Association was held recently in Edinburgh.

In naval shipbuilding circles there is evidently hope of a steadier activity than has been common for some years.

Four horses died suddenly on the small farm of Auchinbaird, near Sauchie, it was thought from poisoning.

Three Kinross miners were each fined $10 or 30 days' imprisonment for having matches in their possession in a colliery.

The University of Glasgow will confer the honorary degree of LL.D. on six men, June 8, and five will receive the degree of D.D.

Dr. James Hutchison Stirling, the distinguished philosophical writer, died at his residence, Laverockbank, Edinburgh, at the age of 89.

James Matthew Barrie, M.A., LL.D., (St. Andrew's), the author and dramatist, has received the degree of LL. D. from Edinburgh University.

A very successful exhibition of work done by the members of the Arts and Crafts Club, Burntisland, was opened by Sheriff Shennan.

John Macpherson, bill poster, Aberfeldy, the oldest inhabitant of the town, has died, aged 92 years.

Last year Aberdeen received £6,594 from the Government for the unemployed, and £2,750 this year so far.

Lieut.-General Sir Bruce Hamilton will succeed General Leach as commander of the forces in Scotland.

At Monzlevaird, on the 26th ult., Mr. Finlayson, farmer, Braincourt, commenced sowing of grain, being the first in the district.

Donald McDonald, broker, Dundee, has spent 28 years out of the last 50 in penal servitude, and has just got another three.

Considerable damage was done along the east coast of Fife on the 25th ult. by a huge tidal wave.

Kirkcaldy soup kitchen was closed on the 26th ult. Since its commencement, four months ago, 14,000 meals have been supplied.

On the 30th ult. the foundation stone was laid of a hospital which is being erected at Denbeath, Wemyss, by Lady Eva Wemyss as a memorial of her late husband.

There died on the 28th ult, the Rev. Robert Milne, first and senior minister of the Abbey parish, and formerly of Macleod parish, Glasgow.

Mr. Peter Palmer, one of Perth's oldest citizens has died in his 92nd year. Deceased carried on a large business as an iron merchant, retiring 30 years ago.

Kirkcaldy had no occasion to go down to the sea on the 25th ult. The sea went up to Kirkcaldy, right into the main street, with waves which broke upon the window panes of some of the houses.

Dundee Old Steeple Bell is to be rung at 5 a.m. and 10 p.m. as hitherto, but by electricity.

The band of Dundee Highlanders is to be dispersed at the end of the season owing to want of funds.

In February last 8,000 tons of potatoes were shipped from Montrose, and 2,000 tons last month.

Lady Ancaster though only once married has changed her name four times, owing to her husband's successive steps in rank. Her friends have known her in turn as Lady Evelyn Gordon, Lady Evelyn Heathcote, Lady Aveland, Lady Willoughby de Eresby and Lady Ancaster.

Last year the Glasgow distress committee received £9,647 from the Government, and this year till date £24,200. A further sum of £5,000 is expected.

Alexandria soup kitchen, Dunbartonshire, is closed. While open it supplied 14,816 dinners.

The death rate in Paisley during last month was 23.8 per 1,000.

Over £3,000 has now been subscribed for the extension of Stirling Royal Infirmary.

There are 22 trade unions in Lanarkshire, with 45,266 members and £183,446 of accumulated funds.

Last year Ayr Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Children investigated 210 cases involving 655 children.

There is a good deal of distress in Bo'ness owing to depression in the shipping and iron trades.

Stirling Presbytery has agreed to purchase the West U. P. manse for the minister of Marykirk Church for £750.

The death rate in Ayrshire last year was one of the lowest ever recorded. It was 13.6 per 1,000, and the lowest on record was 13.3.

The skipper of an Aberdeen trawler was fined £75 for fishing within the three-mile limit, and £5 for showing wrong lights.

The proposal to hold a Scottish Historical Exhibition in Glasgow in 1910 has been approved by the Scottish Patriotic Association, who have decided to give the movement their practical support.

The death is announced of a Crimean veteran, Neil Thomson, who passed away at Crowhill road, Bishopbriggs, in his 85th year. He contributed to periodicals under the pseudonym of "the Hyde Park Foundry Man."

Mr. Geo. Robb, for many years carting superintendent of the Caledonian Railway, is dead. He was a native of Kilmarnock and was over 80 years of age.

The Caledonian Railway Company have declared a dividend of three per cent, and the Glasgow and South-western Railway Company one of 3½ per cent.

Of the 75 schools under the Glasgow board only one-fifth have accommodation for under 1,000 scholars, and 12 have places for over 1,500 pupils. The accommodation of John street and Kent road schools is just below 2,000.

The late Rev. Dr. Gray, of Liberton, left to each of the following kirk-sessions for Sabbath school purposes £100: St. Paul's, Perth; Lady Yester's, Edinburgh; Liberton, Prestonfield, St. Madoes, and Glencarse and Greenside. To his executors and trustees he left £2,000 for Sabbath school purposes.

A large congregation was attracted to Hathearn Parish Church recently by the novelty of a treble wedding, the three daughters of Mr. John Toflington, churchwarden being the brides.

Prof. Hugh Galt, St. Mungo's College, has been appointed pathologist to Stephen Ralli Memorial Laboratory at the Sussex County Hospital, at Brighton.




The number of passengers carried during the year on Canadian railroads was 34,044,992, an increase of 5.90 per cent.; the number of passengers carried one mile was 2,081,960,864, against 2,049,549,813; the number of passengers carried one mile per mile of road was 90,650, an actual decrease of 636 in the density of passenger traffic for the year; the number of passengers carried per mile of railway was 1,482, an increase of 51; the average receipts per passenger was $1.921, an increase of .009 cent; the average passenger journey was 61 miles, and the average number of passengers per train 54. The passenger train mileage was 31,950,349, against 30,220,461 in 1906-07; the mixed train mileage was 6,210,807 against 5,971,414 for 1906-07.

### Freight Traffic.

The number of tons of freight hauled was 63,071,167, a decrease of 1.24 per cent.; the average receipts were .723 cent, against .812 in 1906-07; the number of tons hauled one mile was 12,961,512,519, against 11,687,711,830; the density of freight traffic as shown by the number of tons hauled one mile per mile of line was 564,374, against 520,564; average distance hauled 206 miles, against 183; average number of tons per train 278, against 260; revenue freight train mileage 40,476,370, against 38,923,890; mileage of loaded freight cars 748,924,820, of which 400,494,410 miles were north or east, and 348,430,410 miles were south or west; mileage of empty freight cars, 284,944,529; total freight car mileage, 1,033,869,349.

### The Commodities Carried.

The commodities carried were classified as follows:

| | 1907-8 | 1906-07 |
|---|---|---|
| Products of forests | 12,912,226 | 10,229,635 |
| Products of mines | 22,636,227 | 18,460,172 |
| Products of agriculture | 9,396,967 | 9,521,661 |
| Manufacturers | 6,655,719 | 7,974,641 |
| Products of animals | 2,472,359 | 2,469,266 |
| Merchandise | 2,008,227 | 2,309,084 |
| Miscellaneous | 6,938,135 | 5,533,426 |

The total of the figures for 1907-08 shows a shortage of 51,267 tons when compared with the table showing the total freight carried. Of the total tonnage relating to commodities 38,821,418 tons were reported as originating on the line, and 24,198,482 as having been received from connecting roads.

### Railway Rolling Stock Statistics.

Returns for the year ended June 30, 1908, show that there were added to the rolling stock of the various Canadian lines 368 locomotives, 8,302 freight cars, and 384 passenger cars. On that date there were in service 1,122 passenger, 2,392 freight and 358 switching locomotives at June 30, 1907. This motive power was equivalent to 169 locomotives for every 100 miles of line, against 156 for the preceding year. In the passenger service there was one locomotive for every 30,343 passengers carried, as against one for 33,337 in 1907. In the freight service there was one locomotive to every 26,368 tons of freight hauled, as compared with one to every 28,951 tons in 1906-07. The number of passenger miles per passenger locomotive was 1,855,580, and the number of ton miles per freight locomotive was 5,418,692, showing an increase of 270,509 in passenger miles, and 120,545 in ton miles, per locomotive as compared with 1906-07.

### Passenger Cars.

The number of passenger cars of all kinds in service June 30, 1908, was 4,026, an increase of 384 over June 30, 1907, the distribution among the various classes being: 1st class, 1,493; 2nd class, 487; combination, 422; emigrant, 303; dining, 114; parlor, 63; sleeping, 236; baggage, express and postal, 873; others, 35.

### Available Freight Cars.

The cars available for freight service showed an increase of 8,302, the number available being 115,709, distributed as follows: box, 72,863; flat, 21,759; stock, 5,047; coal, 11,616; tank, 197; refrigerator, 2,423; others, 1,804. In addition there were 7,180 pay, gravel, derrick, caboose, and other cars in the various companies' service. Excluding the companies' cars the supply of freight cars represented an average of 5,039 cars per 1,000 miles of line, against 4,783 in 1907. The capacity of the cars was 3,277,394 tons, an average of 28.28 tons per car; the figures for 1907 were incomplete, but they showed a car capacity of 2,908,903 tons, or 27.56 tons per car. In regard to available car supply it must be borne in mind, says the report, that the normal number of cars undergoing repairs is about 5.02 per cent. (at one period during 1907-08 the percentage reached 9.5), so that it may be assumed that at least 5,808 cars are in the shops at all times.—Railway and Marine World.

In reference to the particulars which we gave in our last issue respecting the extensions of the system of telephone dispatching on the C. P. R., we are officially advised that appropriations have been made for the stringing of a telephone wire between Fort William and White River, Ont., and that the work of erection will be commenced as soon as weather permits. The dispatchers will be located at White River. Appropriations have also been made for a telephone circuit between Winnipeg and Brandon, Man., and Medicine Hat and Calgary, Alta., which will be put in operation during the summer.—Railway and Marine World.

### Late Mr. Snider.

P. W. Snider, Superintendent C. P. R. Telegraph Department, St. John, N. B., died there recently of Bright's disease. He was born in Halton County Ont., July 14, 1854, and learned telegraphy in the Dominion Telegraph Co.'s office at St. Catharines, Ont., in 1870. He was subsequently employed by the same company at Brantford, London, Toronto and Ottawa until 1877, when its lines were extended to the Maritime Provinces. He opened its office at St. John, N. B., in Oct., 1877, and was section manager for the Maritime Provinces until the consolidation of that company with the Western Union Telegraph Co. in 1881. From Aug., 1881, to 1889, he was cashier of the Western Union's St. John office and was then appointed manager of the C. P. R. Telegraphs, St. John office. In 1890 he was appointed circuit manager for the Maritime Province district, and in charge of the maintenance of lines, and in Nov., 1903, was appointed Superintendent.—Railway and Marine World.

### W. P. Henszey Dead.

A Philadelphia dispatch says: W. P. Henszey, of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, one of the most prominent designers of locomotives in the world died there, recently, from pneumonia, aged 77. During the 50 years of his connection with the works it is estimated that he designed more than 32,000 locomotives.

F. H. McGuigan, formerly Fourth Vice-President G. T. R., who has been a fruitful source of copy to the daily press since he resigned the Vice-Presidency of the G. N. R. (U. S.), has recently been named as a possible manager for the Dominion Steel Co. Mr. McGuigan recently entered into business on his own account and at present is engaged in the construction of the Ontario Government's power transmission line, which will probably occupy his attention for some time to come.

### Mr. T. McHattie.

T. McHattie, a brother of Geo. McHattie of Adelaide St., who has recently been appointed Superintendent of Motive Power and Car Department, Central Vermont Ry., St. Albans, Vt., was born at Dufftown, Banffshire, Scotland, Aug. 8, 1854, and entered railway service Oct. 2, 1870, since when he has been consecutively to 1878 in locomotive shops, Great Western Ry. (now part of the G. T. R.) at Hamilton, Ont.; June, 1878, to Aug., 1886, locomotive engineer, same road; Aug., 1886, to April, 1889, locomotive foreman, G. T. R., at Palmerston, Ont.; April, 1889, to April, 1898, general foreman in charge of locomotives, same road, at London, Ont.; April, 1898, to Jan., 1909, Master Mechanic, Eastern Division, same road, at Montreal.—Railway and Marine World.

### The Conmee Bill.

A bill introduced into the House of Commons by J Conmee, M. P., has for its object the insuring to every railway employe of the privilege of exercising his franchise wherever he may be. The voter will be required to present at the poll, where he may be on the date of the election, a certificate from his home constituency certifying his right to vote. He will then vote for the candidate of his choice, and his sealed vote will be forwarded to his home constituency, and counted along with the other votes cast.

### Decision Deferred.

The cases brought by the Government against the coal carrying railroads, involving the constitutionality of the commodities clause of the Hepburn Railroad rate law were not decided to-day by the Supreme Court of the United States. The decision has been deferred for some weeks.

### Conditions in West.

Mr. F. T. Griffin, land commissioner of the Canadian Pacific, arrived in Montreal from Winnipeg yesterday, on a brief business visit. Discussing Western affairs Mr. Griffin said that conditions in the West this spring were a little backward, although comparing very favorably with the weather conditions in the East. Given a few warm fine days, said Mr. Griffin, and seeding would become general throughout the West.

### Increased Wheat Crop.

"The weather may be a little backward," said Mr. Griffin, "but one thing is certain, that there will be a very great increase in land under wheat in the West this year, owing to the present high prices, so that under ordinary good conditions a very heavy crop may be looked for this fall."

### Immigration.

With regard to immigration conditions Mr. Griffin said that the outlook was very promising, particularly with regard to the influx of settlers from the United States. In the latter regard he said that a very heavy movement had already set in towards all the western provinces, although naturally a large percentage of the settlers were going to the farther western districts where homesteads and per-emptions were still available.

### American Settlers.

Alberta was still attracting a large share of attention from American settlers, owing largely to the phenomenal success of the winter wheat industry and the development of the irrigated areas, especially that operated by the C. P. R., near Calgary, under the inviting terms made by the company to settle these lands.

The C. P. R. land sales in general, said Mr. Griffin, showed a very satisfactory increase as compared with the same period last year, both in regard to prices and quality.—Montreal Gazette.

# MILITARY LONDON

The rifle ranges at the Cove will formally open for the season on May 1, and the work of installing the new circular targets which are to replace the square ones that have been in use hitherto is going steadily on. Three or four of the targets have been placed in position and one afternoon recently Major Hayes went down and practiced for awhile, and succeeded in making a score of 90. His opinion is that the shooting on the new targets is much more difficult than on the old. In addition to the whole target being circular instead of square there is a wide difference in the bullseye, that of the old style being a twelve-inch circular disc and that on the new a white disc surrounded by a black band. The new target is one which has been approved of by the National Rifle Association of England, and is in use on the Bisley range.

* * *

The indoor shooting at the Armories will be wound up for the season on Friday evening, April 30, when G Company of the Seventh will hold a shoot. A fine lot of prizes have been contributed and the men are taking a keen interest in the event. As a special prize Captain Murphy has offered a valuable rifle barrel to the man making the highest score. G Company won the trophy last year, and is out to win it again this year. Their shooting teams are working hard, and when the season opens on the ranges, will practice steadily. In order that the handsome trophy may become their property it will be necessary for G Company to win it for three years, and this they intend to do, if possible.

* * *

In former years there have been many complaints from both officers and men, when upon arrival in camp they have found that the horses they have been persuaded to hire are not as represented, and in some instances, and such cases are not a few, are of no use whatever. The Government's allowance of $1 a day is hardly sufficient to induce any owner to part with a really good horse, and until the rate is raised there is but poor prospect of improvement. Many complaints have been made at headquarters, and it is likely that the allowance will be advanced to $1.50. Another idea that is received with favor is that in order to encourage drivers to take their best horses to camp for training, a veterinary surgeon be detailed for the purpose of examining each horse and affixing a value, so that in the event of loss or permanent injury the vet.'s valuation should be paid upon the finding of a board of inquiry. The highest limit to be paid for draught horses to be $150, and for officers' chargers $175.

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Lieut. Tait, formerly of the Seventh Regiment, who is now residing in Hamilton, has joined the Ninety-first Highlanders, and turned out with them at their last parade.

* * *

The various branches of the service in this district are gradually getting together their signalling sections, and the work done in signalling at regimental headquarters and in the camps last summer shows that increased interest is being taken in this important branch of military instruction.

* * *

The Daily Mail rifle shooting contest, conducted by the proprietors of the London Daily Mail may be shot for under the following conditions:

"The match is to be fired on Empire Day, but in cases where, from unavoidable causes, teams are unable to shoot on May 24, they may do so on Saturday, May 22.

"The match is open to military and civilian rifle associations alike, the eight highest scores of the day to count as a team.

"There will be no entrance fee, and any number of men may shoot, provided they are bona fide members of the rifle association in question.

"The ranges are 200, 500 and 600 yards, with seven shots at each range."

On the contest being completed, each association making a score of 750 or over should cable the Daily Mail, London, England. The certified score sheet must follow by mail to the Organizing Secretary, Daily Mail Contest.

The first prize is the 200 guineas cup to the club which makes the highest score in the whole empire. The cup will be in the custody of the club so long as they can successfully defend it at the annual contests.

A 50 guineas cup goes to the club which makes the best score in the United Kingdom, and will be won outright.

A 50 guineas cup will be won outright by the club making the best score, outside the United Kingdom.

Additionally silver medals will be presented to the four teams making the highest score in the United Kingdom, and likewise to the four teams, outside the United Kingdom, making the best score.

Further still, a massive silver spoon, very much like that which the National Rifle Association awards, will be presented to the members of the most successful team in every section of the empire, from which twelve or more entries have been received.

* * *

Some four hundred motor cars, participated in the test run of automobiles with troops from London to Hastings last week, a feat found to be quite within the realm of possibility and thoroughly practicable. The full battalion of 1,000 men was a composite one.

* * *

That the motor car is destined to play a very important part in warfare is an accepted fact, and in the training arrangements for this and subsequent years' manoeuvres, motor conveyance is certain to figure more largely than it has done before. This must be in view of the fact that continental armies generally are going ahead in the matter of motor traction. The great stumbling block in the way of use of motor cars is the expense, not of the buying of the cars, as that is the first cost, and can be estimated, but in the unknown and unascertainable cost of repairs and maintenance.

* * *

Twenty targets, providing for ranges up to 600 yards, have been installed at Niagara, on the new portion of the camp, and when the troops go into training on the 15th of June they will have a decent chance of learning to shoot at a fair distance. To date the best that the most important campground in Canada could afford were a row of targets at a maximum range of 200 yards. Both old and new ranges will be available this year.

* * *

Much interest has been aroused among the officers of the Canadian militia, especially those of the Permanent Force, over the invitation which has been extended to Canada, in common with the other British over-sea dominions, to send four officers to London this summer to compete for the King's Cup. Entries are restricted to members of the Permanent Forces of the Empire, and the contest is to consist of tests of horsemanship The expenses of the colonial officers while in London will be defrayed.

* * *

It is expected that Australia, New Zealand and South Africa will all be represented, and Parliament will be asked for a grant to send four of the best riders from the Royal Canadian Dragoons and the Royal Horse Artillery.

tion of being hunted up in a ballroom by Lord Salisbury, who hardly knew his cabinet colleagues by sight. He scolded Mr. Blake to his face, and kept a governor-general waiting while he did it. He expressed his obligation to Sir Wilfrid Laurier for doing so handsomely many things he wanted done. In 1900 he sat next to the Prince of Wales at a dinner, and on being asked if the prospect of speaking made him nervous, replied: "Not generally, sir, but I must confess I never had to tackle an outfit like this before." Once, indeed, he proved his frail humanity, and fell. He had been pleading that the German and Belgian treaties must be denounced (this was just when the first preference had been given) and warning the slow-moving Britishers that they couldn't "jam German goods down our throats" even with warships. When the head of a great newspaper said, "You had better not be too sure; we might send the fleet and be very ugly with you," his reply was, "Well, go on and send it. You lost the southern half of North America by trying to cram tea down their throats, and you may lose the northern half by trying to cram German goods down our throats." For once the colonel was a rebel; but he will forgive himself, and if he does we all may.

# LABOR LEADER ON TARIFF REFORM

## Phillip Snowden Says Import Taxes Would Fall on the Workers.

Mr. Philip Snowden, M. P., addressed a well-attended meeting at the Wesleyan School, Irlam, Eng., recently. The Labor party, he said, looked at all public questions from the point of view of whether they were going to better or make worse the industrial conditions of the people. They were told the Chancellor of the Exchequer required between fifteen and twenty million pounds sterling new revenue. The question was, as upon all public questions, who is going to have to pay? All new taxation must be laid upon the broad shoulders of those who were best able to bear it, and reforms of that description would receive the unstinted support of the I. L. P. In view of the fact that incomes from which income tax had been received had increased by something like forty-five million pounds whilst the earnings of the working classes had decreased, no right thinking man could have any hesitation in deciding where the burden of the needed extra taxation must be laid.

The Independent Labor party had been charged with indifference with regard to the great questions of education and tariff "reform." Such charges, however, were groundless. Was tariff "reform," if carried out, going to touch the question of wealth distribution at all, increase the wages of the workers, or reduce the cost of living? Did tariff "reform" mean, as "Punch" put it, "motor-cars and Monte Carlo for every working man?" If one were to believe the claims put forward by the advocates of tariff "reform," it meant everything a man might happen to want. (Laughter.) Mr. Chamberlain himself admitted that to place a tax upon imported articles must necessarily mean an increase in the cost of those articles to the consumer: therefore it was obvious that tariff "reform" must make things dearer. Would it affect wages to a corresponding extent? He thought not, and an ounce of practical experience was worth a ton of tariff "reform" philosophy. The increased cost of living would not be followed by an increase in wages, and therefore tariff "reform" would be an aggravation of the poverty of the wage-earner, and must be resisted. The social and industrial condition of the people was not going to be improved by juggling with tariffs.

A new phrase of the tariff "reform" movement was diabolical in its partisan character. The naval scare was being engineered for no other purpose than to induce the electors of this country to return a tariff "reform" Government to office to use their power, under the pretext of strengthening the navy, to impose tariffs upon imported goods. The tactics employed at Croydon were disgraceful. A certain member of Parliament, the henchman of the Tory party, had made certain extraordinary statements, from which only one conclusion could be drawn, and Mr. Wyndham had stated that if tariff "reform" could only be carried out no less a sum than forty million pounds could be set aside annually for improving and strengthening the navy. There was an obvious significance to such statements. The Tory party were proposing to tax the food and clothing of the people, and, in fact, everything they required in order to support a condition of things which would keep the workers in a state of chronic poverty. The naval scare could not be too strongly condemned, and the policy of tariff "reform," which it was intended to assist, too strenuously and persistently opposed.

# THE IMPORTANT COLONEL DENISON

## Montreal Herald Discourses on His Career—How the Police Magistrate of Toronto Organized a Row—His Task of Saving the Empire.

Colonel George Taylor Denison, says the Montreal Herald, has been sufficiently active in support of a policy clearly defined and over so long a period, that nobody, in Canada at least, is likely to be under any misapprehension about his political views, the development, or rather the assertion, of which he recounts in a book which has just been published. There is no denying that his personality is interesting, and for nearly fifty years he has rarely failed to be in the eye of the people for any very long time. He has had one eye, a protective eye on the British crown, and the other, glinting defiance, on the American border. There is no room for philosophic doubt in any of his opinions. He is sure of the future of Canada, and does not admit that anyone has the right to hold other views; he talks politics always in terms of swords and lamp posts; his particular opponents are traitors; when he breaks with a man he dispenses with the social amenities. This description, be it said, is his own, and from the way he tells about it he is very proud of it all. There may be those who do not share all the colonel's views, but there will be none who would deny him his evident enjoyment of his own ways of thinking and acting.

What makes the relation of his activities all the more interesting is that the writer has been for many years a magistrate in Toronto; he has always worn this responsibility lightly, and the Toronto people have rather encouraged him to do so. Once, when some newspapers and others remonstrated over his frequent political appearances, he replied that they could take away his position if they liked, that he could live without it, but that he meant to do just as he had been doing. He tells with great glee how, after the Home Rule resolutions had been carried in Parliament, he seized the chance to organize a counter-demonstration that was presented when Mr. William O'Brien came out to attack Lord Lansdowne. The incident is history, but it is news that a police magistrate was the organizer. Equally interesting is his story of how the famous Farrer pamphlet came into the hands of Sir John Macdonald in 1891. The colonel explains that he and Sir John had been talking things over together, that he had urged Sir John to hold an election quickly, that a printer in a Toronto office stole proofs of the pamphlet and brought them to him, and that he kept on acting as Sir John's intermediary, urging the printer to get all he could when he wasn't watched, and so getting for the wily old chieftain just the stuff he wanted. He doesn't say he organized the subsequent riotous attack on the Globe office, but even that would not be surprising if this versatile magistrate were to mention it. The story he tells of the watch he was able to keep, through a spy, upon the movements of an American committee who were working for Commercial Union, and perhaps for something more, and of how he kept Lord Salisbury posted about it all, is only less interesting because that movement never amounted to much, on either side of the boundary. His way of telling it, however, lets the reader know how watchful was his border eye, and explains, too, the deep interest he took and the active part he played in the development of the Imperial Federation movement and all that came after. Whether the intimate relations he formed with certain public men were quite consistent with his magisterial position, may possibly be doubted by those who remember the criticism of apparent leniency that followed a rather celebrated case, but it is clear enough that the author has always looked upon his day's work as merely a side line to his life's real interest.

Everything allowed for, the gallant colonel has had a fine time in his career. He had the proud distinc-


# INDEED THEY ARE WONDERFUL

### WHAT THOMAS McDONALD SAYS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

**He Had Lame Back, Kidney Disease, and Heart Flutterings, and One Box Cured Him.**

Shubenacadie, Hants County, N. S., April 23.—(Special.)—"I suffered from Lame Back, Kidney Disease and Heart Flutterings, caused by cold and a strain, for three years. I was looking over some papers and saw Dodd's Kidney Pills advertised and I bought one box, which completely cured me. Dodd's Kidney Pills are wonderful."

That is the simple, straightforward statement of Mr. Thomas McDonald, a well-known resident of this place. It shows how quickly Dodd's Kidney Pills cure Kidney Disease when taken in its earliest stages. Lame Back is one of the first symptoms of sick Kidneys. Heart Fluttering is another symptom. It is caused by blood, from which the sick Kidneys have failed to strain the impurities, increasing the work of the heart. Dodd's Kidney Pills make the sick Kidneys well, the lame back disappears, the blood is purified, the heart is relieved, and the flutterings stop.

If the case is of long standing, it may take longer to cure it, but Dodd's Kidney Pills never fail to do it.


# The Thought Exchange

## A COLUMN FOR WOMEN.

We hear it so often said that Canada has no art or literature, that we wonder what is art or literature. Do these complainers really know? This poem, called "Midnight," from the pen of Vilma Sheard, might, we think, take rank among the best of any nation since "Art is too wide to admit the limitation of boundary lines":

Turn thou the key upon our thoughts, dear Lord,
And let us sleep;
Give us our portion of forgetfulness,
Silent and deep.

Lay thou thy hand quiet hard upon our eyes
To close their sight;
Shut out the shining of the moon and stars
And candle light.

Keep back the phantoms and the visions sad,
The shades of grey,
The fancies that so haunt the little hours
Before the day.

Quiet the time-worn questions that are all
Unanswered yet;
Take from the spent and troubled souls of us
Their vain regret;

And lead us far into Thy silent land,
That we may go
Like children out across the field o' dreams,
Where poppies blow.

So all Thy saintsa—nd all Thy sinners too—
Wilt Thou not keep,
Since not alone unto Thy well-beloved
Thou givest sleep?

### A Crying Need.

Many women are interested in the proposed plan of establishing a publicly-owned farm for inebriates.

These are the wives, mothers and sisters of intemperate men, who are now living in poverty in our city, although possessed of intelligence and refinement beyond the average. One does not need to inquire regarding past history; the stamp of better days is evident. So also is the hope deferred which maketh the heart sick.

These women, whose husbands are Indian listers, cry "How long, Lord, how long!" Hope rose high when the publicly-owned farm for inebriates was first broached, but now that nothing definite has been decided, despair, like a mantle, has settled once more upon the hearts and homes of these unfortunates.

One woman said: "I know if my John could be sent into the country for a while, and had someone to watch him, he would do good work and keep away from the drink." We believe this is true. Contact with nature, creates a healthy appetite, and with proper food, regular hours, and the absence of temptation, in a few months the craving, which is unnatural, might cease.

Someone has said that it is better to build a fence at the top of a precipice than an hospital at the bottom, and we see no reason why "Cures" of every description should be springing up on all sides, but until we cease manufacturing drunkards we must provide places for them where they can be separated from their families who are now in constant terror of their lives.

We have laws to protect game, fisheries, forests, etc., but the young child may be made an imbecile for life by the brutality dealt out to the mother by a drunken father.

* * *

### "Music Hath Charms."

Walter Damrosch, leader of the New York Symphony Orchestra, is responsible for the new theory that high grade music in the family will ward off danger of a dismal divorce decree. Mr. Damrosch has read, as has everyone else, the census reports showing that one out of every twelve marriages in America ends in the divorce court. As a remedy, the orchestra leader proposes not a uniform marriage law, the elimination of the affinity problem or an allowance to limit a wife's possible extravagance, but simply music.

"The little god would stay longer if he were nourished on good music as well as on the price of bacon and eggs." He adds that it furnishes a peaceful topic of conversation, leads the harried thoughts of husband and wife toward high ideals, and keeps the fire of family affection burning brightly and warmly on the domestic hearth.

This may be true, and yet a woman who suffered a terrible bereavement some three years past, told me that when she heard the Dresden Orchestra on Friday afternoon, her old trouble came before her in a way she could not have believed possible, while another said, "I avoid violin music on every occasion; it has power to stir memories long since gone and best forgotten."

* * *

### An Incident.

They were standing at the railway station, he and she, each about the age of eighteen, and both returning from an Easter vacation. The lad said to the lass, "What is the good of a holiday anyway; the best part is planning for it, and the joy of getting back home again. What comes in between doesn't count." Then the girl, with heightened color, said, "Oh, I had a lovely time—mother was along."

Just glimpses along life's highway, yet they told of a boy's love for home—which they say is rare—and a girl's delight in having mother with her on the little jaunt, which the grumpy ones say is still more rare.

* * *

### Girls and Engagements.

We have been reading a book from the public library, a book girls would like—and older women as well—a nice, sensible, honest, homely book. If more girls would consider the outstanding characteristics of the men with whom they associate, as did Herrick of "His First Leave," there would be fewer unhappy marriages. It is this way with most girls—they go on in a vague, indefinite manner, associating with this and that man in a general spirit of good comradeship, until some day they are surprised to find that one of the agreeable or disagreeable fellows has proposed. Straightway that man is idealized, even though not accepted. The very fact that she has been singled out from all others, as the one most admired, raises him to an unique position in her eyes.

The hitherto very commonplace and ordinary man is at once surrounded by a halo, for "does he not love me?" argues the maid. The next time, the persevering lover tests his fate, he is more encouraged, perhaps, accepted.

The girl believes she is in love when it is but the reflex action of love. Left to herself and to that mating instinct which is given woman as a protection, she would have chosen far differently.

Mother and father are consulted, told of the proposal, and father says, "He is a steady young fellow," and mother adds, "We are getting old and she would have an excellent home, far better than we had to start with." Deep down in her heart the girl knows there is something lacking. This is not the course she had mapped out for herself. Her intention was to become a trained nurse, and marry no one till she was really in love. Next year she will be twenty-one, and her papers are made out and her acceptance at a distant hospital assured.

Now what shall she do? Marry as all the other girls are doing? Think of the wedding and bridesmaids and lovely dresses! Well, she marries and what is the denouement? Two years later, a broken home and a ruined life. She may now return to her parents' shelter. This is no imaginary sketch, but from life.

* * *

*Correspondence*

### Correspondence.

H. P. W.—We can speak confidently of the following exercises for reducing flesh: Eliminate all starchy foods from your diet, avoid sweets, tab daily. After the bath, when the circulation had been well stimulated, throw a warm dressing gown around yourself, and in a well-aired room take these exercises: Draw in the muscles of the abdomen, inhale a deep breath and raise your arms above your head till the thumbs meet, bending body backward as far as possible. Recover pose, and as you exhale bring the arms down in a sweeping curve forward until the finger tips touch the floor. Repeat six times. With arms hanging loosely from the shoulders bend the body sideways as far as possible, first to left and then to right, repeat ten times.

With arms in the same position, feet planted firmly on the floor, twist the body as far as you can, turn it from right to left and vice versa. This is especially good for reducing the hips. Repeat ten times the feat on your back, either on floor or couch. Without bending knees lift the legs till the feet are straight up, raising arms at the same time. Do this with the breath exhaled and inhale deeply as you lower them. Repeat six times. We know that five minutes twice each day will, by these rules, enable any woman to acquire the directoire figure.

Progress—I am glad someone is taking an interest in such things, and can recommend nothing better than Carpenter's "How the World Is Clothed," as well as "How the World Is Fed." Also, the Gleaner Smith music course, which makes every song a study and every study a song. And I must not forget, "The Human Body and Health," which I like best of all. Its aim is to promote health and prevent disease.

P. C. R.—Lord Adelbert Cecil came to Canada about 1872, and although a hesitating speaker, did much good work of an evangelistic nature in small towns and cities, preaching in the streets. His mother was much incensed at this course he choose to pursue, and his tragic death by drowning near Alophustown on the Bay of Quinte, ended a somewhat eccentric career. He had many followers, especially among the Anglicans, some even leaving their churches to worship in a plain upper room after the manner of the disciples of old.

He is still remembered with affection by many as having preached a very clear, easily understood plan of salvation. Army life and training had been his previous to conversion. If any of our readers can add anything to the above facts we will be pleased to pass on such information.

A Reader is desirous of knowing something regarding the "United Empire Loyalists," and asks if a chapter of the Daughters of the Empire might not be formed, composed of the descendants of these brave people. Will some daughter kindly reply?

Undecided.—I beg that you will consider well before you take so important a step. Twenty is too young for matrimony, in my opinion. See the reference to one who, like yourself, wished to take up nursing and was prevented by her parents. This occurred in a far distant city, and the facts have just come to my notice, so that I feel strongly on this subject. You need not follow any profession you say, as you can live at home in comfort. That may be true, but the experience is worth a good deal in after life, so I am told by a dear girl who trained in New York, and is now at the age of twenty-six about to be married.

Waiting.—I have already occupied too much space, but cannot close without passing on to you a few lines from Browning, which a friend sent me last week:

"Grow old along with me,
The best is yet to be;
The last of life for which the first was made,
Our times are in His hand,
Who saith a whole I planned
Youth shows but half; Trust God in all nor be afraid."




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Riches are not essential to gain honor. Poverty should be regarded as a blessing as it urges a person to labor for himself and take the rough before the smooth.

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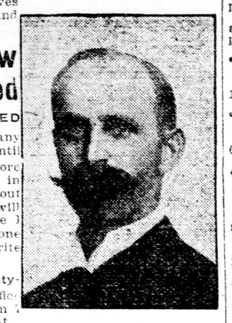



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|---|---|---|
| May 7 | Empress of Ireland | |
| May 15 | Lake Champlain | |
| May 31 | Empress of Britain | May 7 |
| May 29 | Lake Manitoba | May 13 |
| June 12 | Lake Erie | May 28 |
| June 4 | Empress of Ireland | May 21 |

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AMERICAN LINE.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton.
Philadelphia—Queenstown—Liverpool.
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
New York—London Direct.
DOMINION LINE.
Royal Mail Steamers.
Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool (Summer)
Portland—Liverpool Direct (Winter).
LEYLAND LINE.
Boston-Liverpool Direct, sailing Wed'days
RED STAR LINE.
New York—Dover—Antwerp.
WHITE STAR LINE.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton.
Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.
New York and Boston—Mediterranean.
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Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| CANADA | May 8, | June 12, | July 17 |
| LAURENTIC | May 15, | June 19, | July 24 |
| DOMINION | May 22, | June 26, | July 31 |
| MEGANTIC | | July 3, | Aug. 7 |
| OTTAWA | May 29, | July 10, | Aug. 14 |
| VANCOUVER | | | June 5 |

The popular steamer "CANADA" is also again scheduled to carry three classes of passengers; while the fast steamer "OTTAWA," and the comfortable steamer "DOMINION," as one-class cabin steamers (called second-class), are very attractive, at moderate rates. See plans and rates at local agents, or company's office.
H. G. Thorley, Passenger Agent for Ontario, 41 King Street east, Toronto. Freight Office, 23 Wellington Street east. wty

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During the months of March and April the Wabash will sell one-way second class colonist tickets at very low rates from all stations to
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Tickets are good going via all direct routes, with stop-over privileges. If you are contemplating a trip west, take advantage of these cheap rates.
For full particulars inquire of your nearest Wabash agent, or address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, 63 Yonge street, Toronto, and St. Thomas, Ont.

**TRAVELERS' GUIDE**

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.
Corrected to January 10, 1909.
Arrive from the east—*3:48 a.m., 10:55 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:28 a.m., *6:30 p.m., *8:00 p.m., 10:40 p.m.
Arrive from the west—*12:00 a.m., *3:33 a.m., *11:28 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.
Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., *2:40 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., *11:38 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:33 p.m.
Depart for the west—*3:50 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:43 a.m., 1:40 p.m., *8:18 p.m.
LONDON AND WINDSOR.
Arrive—10:25 a.m., 4:00 p.m. *6:50 p.m., 11:00 p.m.
Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 2:20 p.m., *8:10 p.m.
STRATFORD BRANCH.
Arrive—*3:25 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:33 p.m., 6:46 p.m., 11:25 p.m.
Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 2:42 p.m., 4:55 p.m.
LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.
Arrive—10:10 a.m., 6:10 p.m.
Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:50 p.m.
Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked daily, except Sunday.
PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.
Depart—5:40 a.m., *7:10 a.m., 9:43 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *3:40 p.m.
Arrive—8:45 a.m., *12:20 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., *9:20 p.m.
* To and from Walkerville, without change. Trains not "starred" to Port Stanley.
MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:50 p.m.
Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 10:25 p.m.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Arrive from the east—*11:30 a.m., 8:00 p.m., *10:52 p.m. From the west—*4:30 a.m., ‡8:25 a.m., *5:20 p.m.
Depart for the east—*4:40 a.m., 8:43 a.m., *5:28 p.m. For the west—*11:28 a.m., ‡8:10 p.m., *11:00 p.m.
Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday. ‡From Chatham only. †To Chatham only.

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# Child Life Better Guarded

## Far-Reaching Law Now in Force in England.

## It Is Described as the Children's Charter—One Chief Provision Protects Them From Parents Who Drink—Aims to Stop Cigarette-Smoking by the Young.

The children act of 1908, which has been described as the children's charter, went into force in Great Britain on March 30. So wide are the provisions of this act that twenty-one others dealing with children are entirely repealed by it, while seventeen are more or less overridden.

Among the classes of people who will at once be affected by the act are parents, foster parents, tobacconists, publicans, policemen, automatic machine makers, park keepers, magistrates, dealers in old metal, pawnbrokers, entertainment managers of every description, barge owners, chemists, farmers and vagrants. There is no doubt that many abuses of child life which have too long been tolerated will come to an end, but not until the act has been in operation for some time will it be possible to know what loopholes have been left.

Already there is an outcry that one of the most widely discussed and eagerly desired provisions of the act has been practically made null by faulty drafting. This is the clause dealing with publicans. In short, it forbids the presence of any child, boy or girl under 14 at any time in the drinking bar of any licensed premises.

The increase of drinking and drunkenness among women and the great and increasing number of women brought before London magistrates charged with being drunk and disorderly have been the subjects of frequent remark; but this evil is by no means confined to London. It is just as great from one end of the kingdom to the other.

Go where you will in Great Britain and you will find the drinking bars of the ordinary public houses frequented by women. They stand at the bar drinking beer or spirits as the men do. In many cases they bring their children, boys or girls with them. The baby in arms is taken perhaps more frequently than any other child, for it cannot be left alone in the house or at play in the street. The custom of giving the child, not excepting the baby in arms, occasional sips of whatever liquor the parent is drinking is almost universal. To combat this evil the act provides that no child under 14 shall be allowed in the bar.

The fault now found with the clause is in the definition it gives of the word bar, namely, "any open drinking bar or any part of the premises exclusively or mainly used for the sale and consumption of intoxicating liquor." "Sale and consumption" instead of "sale or consumption" obviously opens the way to a legal judgment that the exclusion of children does not apply to a place where intoxicating liquor is consumed but not sold.

The publicans have seized on the point. With remarkable unanimity license holders in London and the provinces have been applying to the licensing justices for permission to make structural alterations on their premises. These alterations will take the form of waiting-rooms for children.

As the law does not prevent a child from passing through a bar, the Licensed Victuallers' Central Protection Society has been careful to point out to license holders that "wherever there is a room capable of being used as a waiting-room for children in charge of persons taking refreshment at the bar there can be no objection to such a room being allotted for the purpose."

The provisions dealing with the sale of tobacco to children have also attracted a perhaps disproportionate degree of public attention. It will now be the duty of every policeman and park keeper to seize and confiscate the cigarettes, cigarette papers or tobacco of any one apparently under 16 whom he may find in the act of smoking. He may search a boy thus caught in the act, but not a girl.

Tobacconists are forbidden to sell tobacco in any form to any person apparently under the age of 16, whether it is for his own use or not. The penalty for such a sale may be $10 for the first offence, $25 for the second and $50 for the third.

Automatic machines for the sale of cigarettes formed an obvious difficulty. To suppress them entirely was considered too harsh and arbitrary, so it is provided that "if on complaint to a court of summary jurisdiction it is proved that any automatic machine for the sale of cigarettes" is being "extensively used by children or young persons," the court may order those responsible either to take precautions to abate the evil or to remove the machine altogether.

Other important clauses provide that every child under 7 placed out to nurse for more than 48 hours must be registered by the foster parent with the local authorities, whose duty it will be to appoint infant protection visitors. These visitors will supervise the homes in which the children have been placed and give any necessary advice or directions as to nursing and maintenance.

These visitors will be armed with considerable power and may cause the children to be removed to a place of safety if the homes are insanitary, overcrowded or dangerous or if the foster parents are unfitted for their responsibilities "by reason of negligence, ignorance, inebriety, immorality, criminal conduct or other similar cause."

Foster parents are forbidden to insure the life of a nurse child, and insurance companies are forbidden to accept any such insurance.

The act greatly strengths the present laws dealing with all forms of cruelty to children and increases the punishments for offences under this heading with fines of $500 or terms of two years' imprisonment in grave cases.

The last clause, headed "Miscellaneous and General," covers a wide range. The principal provisions are as follows:

The public may be excluded from court while children or young persons give certain evidence in certain cases.

No children, except babies in arms, or witnesses, may remain in court during the trial of other persons.

A dealer in old metal or a marine store dealer becomes liable to a penalty of £5 if he or she purchases any old metal from a person apparently under the age of 16.

It becomes an offence for a pawnbroker to take an article in pawn from a person apparently under the age of 14.

A vagrant may be fined for permitting a child of school age to wander about with him, and the child may be removed to a place of safety.

It becomes an offence punishable with a fine of £3 to give intoxicating liquor to a child under the age of 5 years except on a doctor's order, or in case of sickness, apprehended sickness or "other urgent cause."

As an example of the great detail with which the act covers the ground may be quoted the provision that a child under 7 must not be left in a room without an adequate fire guard.


# A Grateful Woman

### Tells of the Remarkable Cure Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Wrought in Her Case—Had Undergone Four Operations Without Help.

When women approach that critical period in their lives known as the turn of life, they do so with a feeling of apprehension and uncertainty for in the manner in which they pass that crisis determines the health of their after-life. During this most important time in the life of a woman, her whole aim should be to build up and strengthen her system to meet the unusual demands upon it. Devotion to family should not lead to neglect of self. The hard work and worries of household cares should be avoided as far as possible. But whether she is able to do this or not, no woman should fail to take the tonic treatment offered by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which will build up her blood and fortify her whole system, enabling her to pass this critical period with safety. We give the following strong proof of what Dr. Williams Pink Pills are constantly doing for suffering women.

Mrs. Margaret Wood, Southfield, N. B., says: "Some years ago I became a victim to the troubles that afflict so many of my sex, in the very worst form. The doctor in charge neither through medicine nor local treatment gave me any help, and he decided that I must undergo an operation if I was to have any relief. During the next two years I underwent four successive operations. During this time I had the attention of some of the best physicians. From each operation I received some benefit, but only of short duration, and then I drifted back into the same wretched condition as before. During all this time I was taking medicine to build up my system, but with no avail. I was reduced to a mere skeleton; my nerves were utterly broken down. My blood was of a light yellowish color, and I was so far gone that I took spells in which my lips, fingers and tongue would seem paralyzed. I cannot begin to express what I suffered and went through in those two years. I was completely discouraged, and thought I could not live long. Then on the urgent advice of friends I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and after some weeks perceived a change for the better. I continued to take the Pills for several months, gradually growing stronger and suffering less, and in the end found myself once more a well woman and enjoying the blessing of such good health as I had not known for years. I now always keep these pills in the house, and after a hard day's work take them for a few hours, and they always seem to put new life and energy in my body. I sincerely hope my experience may be of benefit to some other suffering women."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicines or will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2 50 by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.


# PREMIER ASQUITH AND THE BAR

## He Recalls His First Brief and Promise of a Guinea.

The British Prime Minister, Mr. Asquith, presided at the annual meeting of the Barristers' Benevolent Association, held in the Middle Temple Hall. Among those present were Mr. Birrell (chief secretary for Ireland), Lord James, of Hereford, Lord Macnaghten, Lord Gorell, the attorney-general, Mr. Justice Grantham, Mr. Justice Joyce, Sir Robert Finlay, Sir Edward Clarke, K.C., and Mr. Rawlinson, K.C., M. P.

Mr. Asquith, who was received with prolonged applause, said that he was old enough to remember, not indeed the origin and actual beginning, but the very early days of the Barristers' Benevolent Association. It was regarded by those of them who had then recently been called to the bar as affording a most desirable safeguard against the hazards of a peculiarly precarious profession. He himself remembered occupying chambers in Fig Tree Court, where the advent of a county court brief, marked one guinea, and bearing the name of a client whose time of payment and even his ability to pay were, to say the least, problematical (laughter), was a most welcome and not very frequent phenomenon. The general public had never yet realized the debt that England owed to practitioners of the law. Notwithstanding the spread of education, the public was still apt to look at the legal profession as a parasitic, and not altogether necessary, excrescence growing on the healthy organism of society. But he and those present knew better. (Laughter and applause.) They knew further that there was no vocation in which the risks were greater, or the hazards more incalculable. As a rule a barrister started on his career with little or no capital beyond his own energy and endowments. Even the barrister's life under favorable conditions presented a succession of momentous problems, upon the right solution of which not only his prosperity, but his very existence might depend. Should he give up quarter sessions, for instance, and take to civil work? Should he venture on a still deeper plunge and take "silk?" Should he give further hostages to fortune by entering the political arena, and seeking a seat in Westminster—in which case he would be hazarding everything on the cast of a die? After all, these questions were such as presented themselves to those who attained at least some measure of success, but, as the ancient skeptic said when he was shown in the temple of Neptune the votive offerings of the rescued men, "where are the tablets of those who have perished in the wave?" (Applause.) He declared that the amount subscribed, less than $8,000 a year, was an inadequate sum for the bar of England to subscribe for the relief of those who had fallen out from the journey, or had been worsted in the battle, or still more frequently, those whom they had left behind, necessitous and unprovided for. (Applause.) He appealed to those present and to the large body of the profession outside the hall to make their annual subscriptions larger, and to discharge their duty and privilege in a way more adequate to the needs of the case. (Applause.)

### A Reminiscence.

Lord James, of Hereford, in proposing a vote of thanks to Mr. Asquith, spoke of his first acquaintance with him. In April, 1883, he said, when he was attorney-general, he received a message from Mr. Gladstone, who was about to introduce a great measure termed the affirmation bill, and required to have a statement placed before him with regard to the statutes relating to Parliamentary oaths. Not being able to give the time necessary for the preparation of a statement, he sought assistance, and a young man, recently a scholar at Balliol, was sent to him and drew up the notes from which Mr. Gladstone made his speech. That young man also drew up Mr. Gladstone's notes with regard to the representation of the people act of 1884. He need hardly tell them that young Balliol scholar was their chairman that afternoon. (Applause.)

In response, Mr. Asquith said that he remembered well the incident to which Lord James had referred, and he remembered also with equal fidelity the months and years which followed, in which he had the privilege of being daily and almost hourly associated with Lord James.


# BROTHER TOLD BROTHER

### ONE SUFFERED FOR FIFTEEN YEARS, THE OTHER FOR THIRTEEN.

The convincing powers of a testimonial were never more clearly shown than in the case of Mr. Hugh Brown. A brother, Lemuel Brown, of Avondale, N. B., read in the paper about Hon. John Costigan being cured by "Fruit-a-tives." Knowing the senator would only indorse a medicine which had cured him, Mr. Lemuel Brown tried "Fruit-a-tives." They cured him of chronic indigestion and constipation. so he urged his brother to try them.



Hartland, N. B., Oct. 28, 1907.
"Three doctors told me that I had liver disease and serious stomach trouble. My stomach was very weak, I took their medicines for thirteen years and grew worse. My brother (who was cured of terrible indigestion by 'Fruit-a-tives' after suffering for 15 years), recommended me to try these wonderful tablets. I bought half a dozen boxes and have just finished the sixth. I eat all kinds of hearty foods without distress and am greatly improved in every way. 'Fruit-a-tives' also cured the chronic constipation which was so distressing in my case."
(Signed) HUGH BROWN.

50c a box, 6 for $2 50; a trial box, 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.


### THE TAX OF THE INSECTS.

During the past year the insects of the country cost the farmers more money than the nation expended on its army and navy, in paying all the claims on its mountainous pension roll, and in all expenditures on the Panama Canal. C. L. Bartlett, assistant entomologist in charge of experimental field work, has worked out the above statement, and as the value of the crop of the past season approximated eight billion dollars, he estimates ravages of the myriad insects at about eight hundred million dollars. That sum does not include the loss to cereals and forage crops in storage, nor to natural forests and forest products; the losses from those two sources, at $100,000,000 each, bringing the annual rural insect tax to an even billion dollars.

In his statement Mr. Bartlett says: "This estimate is based on the farm price of the crop actually harvested, and does not take into account the possible reduction value which would follow the marketing of the larger crop. Prices of products must, therefore, be considered when estimating the losses by insects."—Van Norden's Magazine.

### STORY OF A "V. C."

A pathetic history is attached to a Victoria Cross which was recently sold in London. The cross was awarded to George Ravenhill, a Birmingham man, for gallant conduct in trying to save the guns at Colenso. Ravenhill, who was a private in the Second Battalion Royal Scots Fusiliers, took his discharge after thirteen years with the colors. He followed various occupations until eight months ago, when, with a wife and four children dependent upon him, he lost his employment. He raised £20 on his Victoria Cross, and went into a business which did not pay. He then obtained work as a commissionaire. Finding that the story of parting with the Victoria Cross had come to his employers' ears, he resigned his position. One of his employers offered to redeem the cross for him, but Ravenhill's independent spirit would not allow him to accept the offer. He at last decided to sell the precious metal at Sotheby's. The sum realized was £43. From this sum must be deducted £20, interest, and Sotheby's charges. Ravenhill, however, has been able to take his family out of the workhouse, and, having found employment, hopes to start again in a home of his own.—Exchange.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF.




# Will You Try McCormick's F-A-N-C-Y Soda Biscuits?

McCormick-Quality in these delicious biscuits. All ingredients have passed a rigid purity-and-quality examination made by expert bakers and our own chemist.

Fifty-one years of experience in them, too. That's why they are baked so perfectly—a revelation of crispness, flakiness and superfine flavor.

McCormick's exclusive design, very neat, thin and flaky—the right size and style for a discriminating hostess.

Remember to distinctly say McCormick's F-A-N-C-Y Jersey Cream Sodas when you desire design shown in picture. Sold only in 10c and 5c Blue Label Packages.

See that "Little Lord Fauntleroy" trademark appears on package.




TRADE MARK

McCORMICK'S FANCY JERSEY CREAM SODA BISCUITS


# THE CONQUEST OF THE AIR; PRESENT STATE OF AERONAUTICS

## Airship Not Yet Useful for Offensive Purposes—A Record of Disaster—Dirigible Balloon the Worst Type for Military Service—The Two Classes Compared.

Only a day or two ago, says the Manchester Guardian, the present of King Edward at Pau and the display which he witnessed of some remarkable manoeuvres by Mr. Wilbur Wright drew fresh attention to a subject which had already been much before the public. Many people are, no doubt, asking themselves and others the question, How far have we reached towards the conquest of the air? One thing is certain—a close competition is already beginning between the powers for the first place in the advance, and that place is regarded as a military advantage worth securing. One must be ready, however, to clear one's mind regarding the implications contained in such a phrase as "the mastery of the air" for military purposes. In the present state of aeronautics, and for a long time to come, a contest between vessels in the air is quite unthinkable, and an airship's or an aeoplane's value as an offensive force is, despite the intelligent anticipations of romancers and military critics, almost negligible. Not only a considerable improvement in mechanism and construction, but, beyond this, a vast organization of shelters and landing-places and temporary refuges is required before war in or from the air becomes possible. What is the aeronaut's position? The question can be answered if we think of the sailor's without harbors for stress of weather, or if he were obliged to bring his ship ashore not at a prepared wharf but at any spot along the coast. The voyager in the air has to manipulate his vessel in an element incomparably more treacherous, subject to currents of which he has no charts and which are liable to continual shifting, and with the earth as a kind of disastrous lee shore permanently within a few score of feet of him. Disasters have occurred with melancholy frequency; M. Santos Dumont has passed through a whole chapter of them; Mr. Orville Wright narrowly escaped death; the Nulli Secundus was blown to pieces on the ground; La Patrie was destroyed after a wild career over France and England to the Atlantic; and the Zeppelin was burnt. The first navy was only built long after men had begun to go down to the sea in ships.

Of the two main types of aerial vessel which are controllable the dirigible balloon has probably the greater value for military purposes. Mr. Haldane told the House of Commons that the war office were going in for dirigibles, and were looking about for the best pattern. The German Government are now spending large sums of money on them, and France, though she has lately been turning her attention to aeroplane experiments, has, so far, been in the forefront of invention in this direction. Dirigibles are of three classes—either they are rigid, as the Zeppelin, or semi-rigid, like the Gross balloon (also owned by the German Government, and the newest in France, constructed by M. Lebaudy; or non-rigid, like our own Nulli Secundus, though this last type is now discredited. The future probably lies with the semi-rigid balloon. The Zeppelin, though its trials have been very successful (it reached the considerable altitude of 5,643 feet), has been tested in conditions of a kind so favorable as to be misleading in estimating the results. It has been pointed out that the area of Lake Constance is probably more uniformly placid and less subject to gales than any other that could have been chosen. So far, too, the vessel has failed to alight on land, though at least one attempt has been made, and it has always been found necessary to return to the lake to make the descent. Its size and the impossibility of deflating it render it extraordinarily difficult to house. It is said to require a head wind in order to rise to any considerable altitude. On the whole, one is inclined to regard the project of the Zeppelin Company for establishing airship services from town to town as describable only by the term premature. The value of the dirigible balloon for any military purpose save that of reconnaissance, and in naval warfare for anything save an extremely precarious method of fire-control, is not easily determinable. Finally, its leviathan-like bulk is immensely vulnerable; and ordnance suitable for its destruction has already been satisfactorily designed.

When we turn to the "heavier than air" machines and their possible utility in warfare, we are met with a problem which leaves much open to opinion. The advance made in this department of aeronautics has unquestionably been very great in the past year; it has, as a matter of fact, been much more striking than the advance in "dirigibles." Yet it will scarcely be denied by anyone who has followed at all carefully the progress of aeroplane trials in the last few months that a great deal of what has been written and spoken on the subject is colored by the enthusiasm of inventors and their friends, and is hardly justified by the practical results displayed. An aeroplane industry has already sprung up in this country; and, as the exhibition of Olympia to some extent witnesses, a variety of types, some of them from designs still secret, are being constructed. The great majority of the newer machines are being built on the bi-plane principle, and to the enthusiast who believes that the conquest of the air is virtually complete, we may point out that the Wright and Voisin aeroplanes are the only two built on this principle which have, so far, made successful flights. Of the recent Canadian activity in "aerodromes" (the uncertainty in nomenclature surely still points to the infancy of the craft), not enough information has yet reached this country to make comment possible or at any rate profitable. The telegrams suggest considerable success; on the other hand, the structure seems to be of a highly complicated type. But the Wright brothers, Mr. Farman and M. Delagrange are the only aeronauts who have so far made repeated and confident flights over an appreciable extent of space. Mr. Wilbur Wright (though his prominence is at present overshadowing somewhat unduly the achievements of Mr. Farman, whose aeroplane has much in its favor), has undoubtedly been the most successful. To what extent may he have been said to have solved the problem of flight? In the first place, competent observers state that the propellers and the engine of his machine are superior to others so far built, but it must be observed that the necessity of starting from a rail, and consequently the impossibility of alighting temporarily save at prearranged spots, is a heavy handicap for practical purposes. Mr. Wright's success is due to the fact, more than to anything else, of the full knowledge he has acquired of the capabilities of his machine. He appears to manoeuvre it with complete control; he has, in fact, learned a new kind of balancing. The caricatures which liken him to a bird tell no less than the truth, but they serve to indicate the great limitation which stands in the way of a further development of "heavier than air" machines. Until some means is found of automatically balancing the machine in the air, flying remains an art which can be learned like roller-skating, only with infinitely more difficulty; it remains an art, that is, for a few highly-trained men. Hence its limited use for military purposes. No type of aeroplane which has so far been in action can carry more than one passenger. No one except Mr. Wright has risen to any considerable altitude. Whether with lighter frames and wider planes greater lifting power may be attained, whether by some such means as the gyroscope automatic balancing may not be possible, are questions for the future consideration of specialists; they are among the considerations which will affect the military value of mechanical flight.

### MATRIMONIAL CATECHISM.

What is marriage?

Marriage is an institution for the blind.

Why do some people never marry?

Because they do not believe in divorce.

When a man seriously thinks of marriage, what happens?

He remains single.

Should a man marry a girl for her money?

No. But he should not let her be an old maid just because she is rich.

When a girl refers to a "sad courtship" what does she mean?

She means that the man got away.

Is an engagement as good as a marriage?

It's better.

When asking papa, how should a young man act?

He should face papa manfully and never give him a chance at his back.

When the minister says "Do you take this woman for better or for worse?" what does he mean,

The bridegroom's people construe it one way and the bride's family interpret it another. It is very sad.

When a man says he can manage his wife, what does he mean?.

He means he can make her do anything she wants to.

When a child is smart and good to whose family is it due?

To its mother's.

When a child is bad and stupid to whose family is it due?

We refuse to answer.

Is it possible for a married woman to be a fool without knowing it?

Not if his wife is alive.—United Presbyterian.

### A QUEER LESSON.

"On the slow and cheap ships," said a purser, "the souvenir thief does no harm, but on a famous liner like the Ruritania, where records are broken, and tip-top prices abound, the amount of stuff that disappears is shocking.

"Only things with the boat's name on go—champagne glasses, ink-wells, curling tongs, buttonhooks, and so forth. And what are we to do about it? We had an American peeress on board last voyage. The day we reached New York a stewardess came to me and said: 'Oh, Mr. Meet, I just seen Lady Blank's cabin trunk, and she's taken two of our finest silver ink-wells.'

"Here was a quandary, eh? The captain was called in, and he settled the matter in the unsatisfactory way such things are usually settled.

"'We must teach Lady Blank a lesson,' he said. 'At the same time scandal must be avoided.' He thought a moment, then said to the stewardess: 'Take one of the ink-wells and leave the other. That'll show her.'"—Philadelphia Bulletin.

A foggy day in London means that the residents are compelled to run up a gas bill of from $50,000 to $75,000.







# Look out for Your Blood

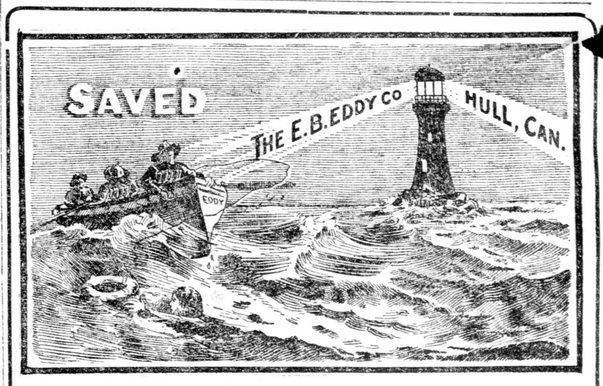
You can't expect the blood to be pure and rich when you are bilious and your stomach is upset.

Of course, it is "spring fever." But why feel badly at all? Why not keep the blood pure, the liver active, the bowels regular, the whole system well and strong, by taking a morning glass of Abbey's Salt?

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

25c and 60c a bottle. 4





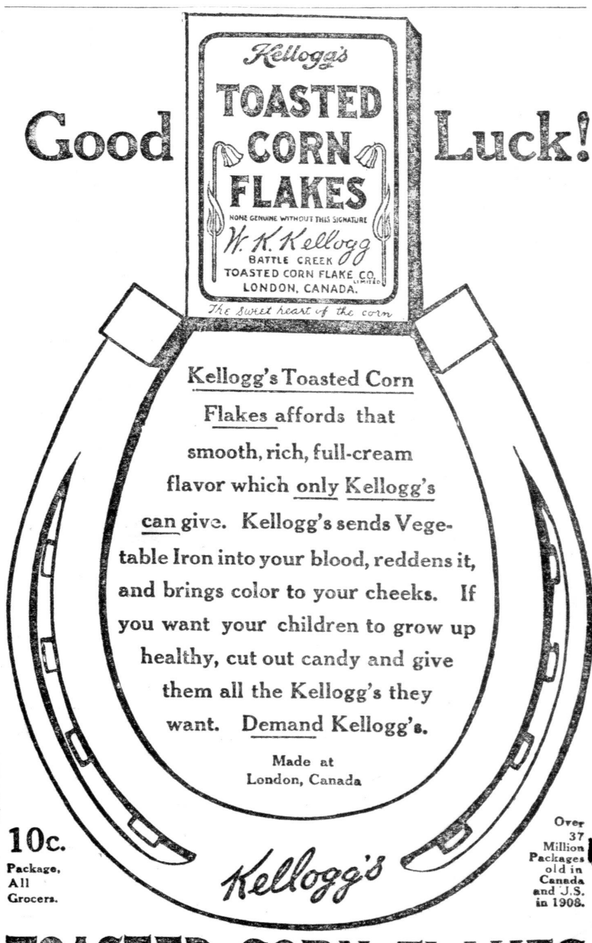

LIVES AND PROPERTY ARE SAVED BY USING

Eddy's Silent SAFETY Parlor Matches

ty



# Good Luck!




10c. Package, All Grocers.

Over 37 Million Packages sold in Canada and U.S. in 1908.

# TOASTED CORN FLAKES



# PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.



## A Woman's Sympathy

Are you discouraged? Is your doctor's bill a heavy financial load? Is your pain a heavy physical burden? I know what these mean to delicate women—I have been discouraged, too; but learned how to cure myself. I want to relieve your burdens. Why not end the pain and stop the doctor's bill? I can do this for you and will if you will assist me.

All you need do is to write for a free box of the remedy which has been placed in my hands to be given away. Perhaps this one box will cure you—it has done so for others. If so, I shall be happy and you will be cured for 2c (the cost of a postage stamp). Your letters held confidentially. Write to-day for my free treatment. MRS. F. E CURRAH, Windsor, Ont.

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# BRITISH POSTOFFICE'S GREAT WORK IN HANDLING 600,000 PENSIONERS

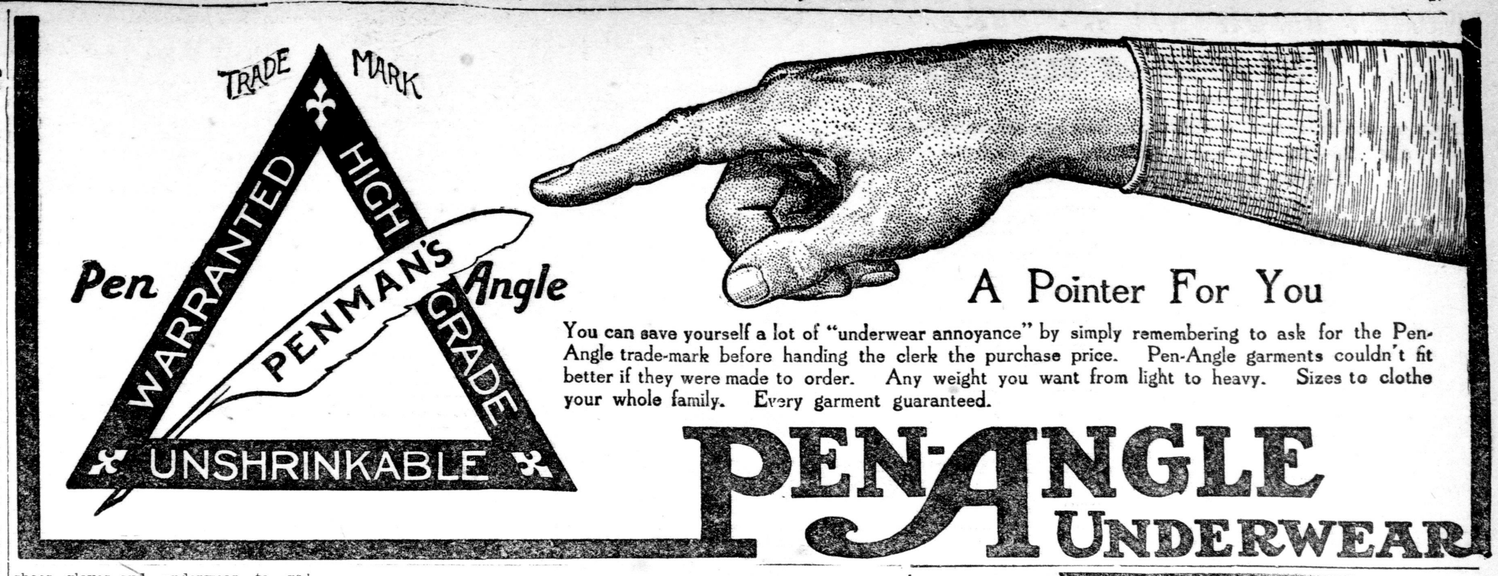
## All the Additional Work of Old Age Pensions Is Achieved Without Disturbance or Delay — Pays Out $750,000 Weekly.

Mr. Sydney Buxton, the British postmaster-general, visited Stoke-upon-Trent recently to open the new general postoffice for the district. In the crowd awaiting Mr. Buxton were several militant suffragists, including Mrs. Margaret Mureh, of London, and Mrs. Redfern Wilde. It was stated that the postmaster-general had been informed that the women were determined to see him "by hook or by crook." They collected near the doorway of the postoffice, but were moved by the pressure of the public and the police, though they made their presence known by lusty shouts.

Mr. Buxton was afterwards entertained at a luncheon at the North Stafford Hotel. Near the close Miss Gladys Keevil, who effected an entrance to the recent dinner at Birmingham, which was attended by Mr. Churchill, appeared at the door of the dining-hall and shouted: "Mr. Sydney Buxton, when will the Liberal Government give votes to women?" Mr. Buxton joined as heartily as the rest of the company in the laughter which the incident created.

Responding to the toast to his health, Mr. Buxton humorously observed that apparently "suffragetism" was becoming a profession. The other day, he said, a savings bank account was signed by a Miss —, who gave her occupation as "votes for women." (Laughter.) He went on to discuss the relation of the postoffice to the public, and claimed that as a public department it deserved well of the country. Instancing the increasing confidence shown in the postoffice, he pointed out that from time to time additional duties and responsibilities were thrown upon it. The latest and most interesting addition of work was the share which it had been expected to take in assisting to carry out the old age pensions act. (Applause.) Assistance was given to claimants in filling up their forms, and when the pension was paid the pensioner had to be identified and the genuineness of the pension order verified, and often assistance had to be given to illiterate pensioners. Each week the pensions paid numbered considerably more than 600,000, incolving a weekly payment of £150,000, the average value of the pension being 4s 9½d. (Applause.) Thus over thirty million additional yearly transactions had been placed on the postoffice. All this additional work had been done without any disturbance or delay whatever in the ordinary business of the postoffice; they took it in their stride. One of the chief difficulties in connection with the matter was the provision of sufficient silver, especially of half-crowns, to meet the weekly demand. It was feared that at first there might be some deficiency of silver in Ireland and in some of the outlying places, but in the end it was found possible to provide sufficient to meet the emergency. (Applause.) For a short time there was some anxiety in reference to Skye, but finally the accountant-general's office was relieved by receiving a telegram that "Skye was satisfied." (Laughter.)

It was satisfactory to know that the whole of this great work was carried out without any difficulty or friction. Only one complaint of a serious nature had been received, and that was due to a misunderstanding, which was soon cleared up. (Hear, hear.) It appeared certain that as far as the postoffice was concerned there had been very few or no attempts at fraud in connection with pensions. About 36 per cent of the orders had been receipted by means of marks, about 22 per cent being paid to agents. The bulk of the pensions were paid on Friday, the rest being spread over the week. The result had been that on Friday there had been in certain cases some overcrowding of offices. The efficient and sympathetic way in which the work had been carried out was very creditable to all the various branches and sections concerned, postal and clerical. The postmasters, sub-postmasters, counter officers and other members of the staff must feel gratified that they also had done their share in bringing some brightness and happiness into the lives of over 600,000 aged people. (Applause.)



# CATCHING A LIVE HIPPOPOTAMUS

## Harpooned While Asleep — Young Hippos Caught by Stratagem.

There is a vast difference between the hunter who kills for pleasure and the hunter whose business it is to capture his quarry alive. Carl Hagenbeck, the famous animal dealer, has reduced his method of capturing wild beasts to a science. The method of securing live hippopotami is particularly interesting.

The so-called Hawatl, or water hunters, of the Sudan, all of whom are excellent and daring swimmers, harpoon their victims at the noon hour, when they are sunk in deep slumber. Then, according to the Wide World Magazine, they pull them to the bank by means of a cord attached to the harpoon and make them fast.

The hunters use for this a special kind of harpoon, made in such a way that it does not make a deep wound. Fully three-quarters of the hippopotami exhibited in Europe have been captured in this way.

Hippopotamus hunts are also conducted on land. There advantage is taken of the fact that the female hippopotamus makes her young walk in front of her. The reason for this is that the beast, being well protected in the rear by her abnormally thick skin, prefers to have her offspring in front, where she can guard them better against danger.

In spite of her affection for her children, the hippo has no particular desire to meet danger when it comes. So the hunters dig large pits in the forest, cover them over until they are fully concealed, and then lie in wait near by.

Presently a female hippopotamus comes along with her child trotting before her. Suddenly, without warning, the young hippo disappears before its mother's eyes. This is too much for the old animal. She dashes away, leaving the little fellow at the mercy of its enemies.


# Old Folks' Coughs

BECAUSE RESISTING POWER IS WEAK PNEUMONIA OFTEN FOLLOWS.

Tells of a Sure Cure and a Never-Failing Comfort for Colds, Coughs, Catarrh.

One of the worst terrors of old age is that distressing chronic cough. Colds settle on the chest, are wrongly treated with drug-laden and chest-weakening cough syrups, and from year to year the condition has grown worse. Formerly the cough went away when fine weather came, but now bad weather makes it worse and fits of racking, tearing, coughing make life a burden.

Because you are old is no reason for suffering with everlasting coughing—those terrible chest troubles and difficult breathing can be thoroughly cured with Catarrhozone. You simply breathe the healing vapor of Catarrhozone and instantly its rich balsamic fumes are carried by your breath into the tiniest recesses of the nose, throat, chest, bronchial tubes and lungs.

Just think of it—a direct breathable medicine, full of soothing antiseptic pine essences that reaches every sore congested membrane in two seconds. No drugs to take—nothing to harm the aged or the infant, because Catarrhozone is the purest, safest cough, catarrh and cold remedy ever devised.

Mrs. M. E. Walford, wife of a well-known grocer in East Sheffield, writes: "For three years I suffered with a hard racking cough and bronchial irritation which annoyed me so much at night I couldn't sleep. I tried many remedies, catarrh tablets, sprays, syrups, etc., but they only helped for a short time. Catarrhozone brought me wonderful comfort from the first. I inhaled its balsamic fumes every hour or two and am now free from any trace of cold, bronchitis and catarrh. I can go out in all kinds of weather and don't take cold."

There is no remedy so certain and safe as Catarrhozone, but being a good remedy it is imitated. Beware of the substitutor. Large Catarrhozone lasts two months, price $1; smaller sizes 25c and 50c. All reliable dealers or the Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.


# TO EUROPE ON $300 FOR TWO

## A Ten Weeks' Wheeling Trip Administered to a Sick Husband.

"Two years ago my husband and I took a ten weeks' wheeling trip through England at a cost of a little less than $300," declared a young woman who a few years ago gave up her place as teacher in a public school in a western city to marry a New York man clerking in a bank on a salary not far above $1,200 a year. "My husband had been sick and the doctors ordered rest and out of door life. They also told me that above all I must keep him amused.

"Such directions are not easy to follow when one's bank account is as limited as ours. I made up my mind that since we had to go somewhere it would be across the Atlantic. Before telling my husband of my plans I made inquiries at all sorts of places.

"I found out that about the cheapest desirable crossing would be by sailing direct for Glasgow. A good second-cabin passage by that route cost us $60 apiece for the round trip. From the Christian Association and other sources I obtained addresses of good boarding places at reasonable prices.

"When all this was accomplished I placed the matter before my husband with the statement that I was anxious to get off as soon as possible. We were both bicycle enthusiasts, so I was sure he wouldn't complain at that feature.

"As I had determined not to spend a dime more than was necessary, we bought nothing extra for the trip. We went in our old clothes, just as though we were starting out for a run to Albany or any other trip which would consume several days. Besides the change of clothes packed in my husband's cloth covered waterproof knapsack we had one small steamer trunk. This I knew could be shipped from place to place in such a manner as to meet us when necessary.

"To begin with our trip over consumed eleven days. We found our cabin perfectly comfortable, the food excellent and plenty of room on deck. As we were travelling second-cabin on an inexpensive line large tips were not expected of us, so I gave only $1 in that way.

"Landing in Glasgow, we had to apply for lodgings at three of the addresses with which I had supplied myself before getting suitable accommodations. The people were all pleasant and did all they could toward directing us, so we looked upon this experience as to our advantage, as it gave us an opportunity to see the city at once.

"Of the many trips which are laid down to be taken from Glasgow my husband selected that crisscrossing the island to London. This led us to Stirling, to Edinburgh, then to Carlisle, then to Kenwick and through the lake country, to York, Chester, Liverpool and through Warwickshire to London. We were on the road something like four weeks, and our expenses when wheeling were seldom more than a dollar apiece a day.

"Twice I fancied that a rest would be best for him, so I decided that a train ride would be good for my health. This brought the cost up somewhat. In London cheap lodgings were plentiful and good edible food at a low price to be had at every corner.

"Yes, the dollar a day expense allows for admittance to the various ruins and buildings of interest together with a modest tip for the person who showed us through. At Kenilworth we had the good fortune to meet a party of Americans who had come in their automobile with ample provisions for the day. They were westerners, and they knew my home town and cordially urged us to share their lunch with them. It was a jolly meal and a pleasant break in our sightseeing. Two days later we met them again in Stratford, and they insisted on our shipping our wheels by train and taking a day's run with them back to Warwick, which for some particular reason they were especially anxious to see.

"In London we paid for lodgings near Russell Square $2 25 a week. Here, as there were more places of interest to see, the fees added somewhat to our expense account, though never enough to make me fear the outcome.

"It was because of friends in London and my husband's determination that I should see them that I took a dressy frock. It was a dark foulard silk trimmed with white lace, with hat, shoes, gloves and underwear to go with it. This suit, together with my wheel suit and two fresh muslin shirtwaists, made me presentable at a week end visit to the home of one of these friends. Had it not been for these friends I am sure we could have taken our trip and returned home very comfortably without the foulard dress and my husband's dinner suit.

"Besides this dinner suit he carried his ordinary business suit, a bicycle suit, which consisted of a pair of half worn short trousers, a flannel shirt and a sweater which I had knitted. There were two extra flannel shirts and three union suits of knitted cotton. My wheeling outfit comprised a short skirt, far from new, a pair of heavy high boots, a short blue sateen petticoat, three union suits of cotton gauze, two China silk shirtwaists and two pairs of corsets.

"We both bought new winter suits in London and a few pairs of gloves, but as they did not amount to $100 apiece we had no duty to pay and no trouble with the customs officials on our return. My husband came back a well man and boy no means broke so far as our bank account was concerned."

## PLAYGROUNDS IN GERMANY.

A traveller in Germany writes that at a children's picnic, where twelve hundred boys and girls were assembled, only two wore glasses. This he attributed to the open-air play life. Germany used to have the reputation of a country where bad eyesight prevailed, but better conditions are coming.

In Germany the daily playtime of children is compulsory, just the same as attendance at school. The children are divided into classes of twenty or thirty, and over each are placed two or three instructors; these instructors are experts, and devote their spare time from their regular pursuits to the instruction of the children, receiving, perhaps, 50 cents an hour. Under their experienced supervision there is no overdoing of any particular feature of the various items. Frequently the exercises in the play centres are varied by walking tours in the country, sometimes extending over several days. The children are led by one of their older members, called a pioneer, and he carries a map of the roads and plans the entire tour. They carry their own rations with them, and prepare them by the wayside whenever possible.—Toronto Star.

# THE KING'S BELL WAS RECOVERED

## A Corean Gift 700 Years Under the Sea Now Rings Again.

A great Korean bell which for 700 years had been lying twenty fathoms below the waves off the shore of Chikuzen Province, Japan, has just been raised through the efforts of a Japanese antiquarian and now, crusted as it is with the sea waste of centuries, it stands on exhibition at Kanegasaki.

According to tradition, which is only partially borne out by ancient documents, the king of Korea decided seven centuries ago that he would send a fitting token of his respect to Kiyomori, the powerful leader of the Heike clan, on the west coast of the southern island of Kiushiu. He ordered the royal bell founders, many and expert in those days, cast a bell.

The dimensions were to be these: In height, one jo, six shaku; in diameter, eight shaku, nine sun; and a circumference of two jo, eight shaku, seven sun. Tradition says it was a great bell, and in the absence of translated portions tradition must rule in the abstract in this particular.

The bell was successfully cast and was loaded on a mammoth junk at the Korean town of Masampeo. The junk and a fleet of convoys sailed for the coast of Shikuzen in Japan, when all of the royal agure had agreed upon an auspicious day. The augurs were not up in their business, for about half a mile off the Japanese haven a heavy sea tipped the junk, and the gift of the Korean king plunged into the sea.

No attempt was made either by the emissaries of the king or the retainers of the Prince of Heike to fish for the bell. Within a hundred years the descendants of the prince were crossing over the sunken bell in war forays against the kings of Korea and the junks of the Koreans ravaging the coasts of Kiushiu.

But among the folks of the Japanese island there sprang legends and rainy night tales about the sunken bell of the Korean king. When the sea raged the fishermen declared they could hear the booming of the great bronze cup on the sea's bed, and in time of earthquakes the sea folk along the shores listened to hear the mad tolling of the bell, which they were sure would sound the signal for a tidal wave.

Last year it was that Yamamoto Kikutaro, a man of wealth of the province, and devoted to the collection of ancient art objects, began to search for the ancient bell. Through the fishermen he succeeded in locating it after long effort, and last month divers raised it to the surface.

The bell has been cleaned of its corroding mass of barnacles and found to be still whole. It will soon be taken to Kyoto, there to be hung in the Hongwanji Temple.

MINARD'S LINIMENT RELIEVES NEURALGIA.

# BRITANNIA RULES THE WAVES ADMIRALTY'S REASSURING SPEECHES

## Dr. Macnamara and Mr. George Lambert Show That Germany Is Not In the Same Class as Great Britain—No Ground for Alarm—The Two Navies Compared.

Dr. T. J. Macnamara, M.P., secretary to the British Admiralty, addressed a meeting of his constituents under the auspices of the North Camberwell Liberal and Radical Association, in the Old Kent Road Baths. Mr. G. Hern, chairman of the association, presided.

Dr. Macnamara said he observed that Mr. Balfour, speaking on Tuesday at the Agricultural Hall, said that on the Government's own showing it was absolutely clear that the Government had neglected the interests of the empire in its most important and most vulnerable point. That was a formidable indictment, and to it he gave a most emphatic denial. (Cheers). The Government had been extremely frank as to the possible dangers which might confront this country. That the Government had conceived to be their duty. They had submitted a programme which they thought amply met the needs of the case. (Cheers.) What was the result? Their very frankness had been utilized, in the first place, as a ground for advancing a charge of grave negligence against the Government, and in the second place as a lever for committing the nation to immediate expenditures on naval armaments in his judgment quite uncalled for and altogether undesirable. (Cheers.) Mr. Balfour said we ought not to allow our destinies to depend on the nice balance of a Dreadnought more on one side or a Dreadnought more on the other. Well, he denied that it was so. (Cheers.) Let them look at the facts. And if he referred particularly to Germany it was not because he or anybody else in this country was inspired by anything but the best of good wishes toward that great country. ("Hear, hear," and cheers.) "We end 1909," continued Dr. Macnamara, "with seven tried and tested Dreadnoughts. Germany will end 1909 with two untried Dreadnoughts. That, I think, will not be challenged. We end 1910 with ten Dreadnoughts to Germany's five. It is said she may have nine. I don't think the four ships of her 1908-9 programme can be ready by that time. It is possible they may be. But even then there is no question of a nice balance of one on either side. We end 1911 with sixteen Dreadnoughts to Germany's nine. It is said she may have thirteen. That is the situation, in my opinion, at its worst. (Cheers.) But here again, where is the nice balance of one on either side? (Hear, hear.) If we lay down the four contingent ships of the years' programme on April 1, 1910, we reach March 31, 1912, with twenty Dreadnoughts. Germany will, I believe, then have thirteen. It is possible she may have seventeen at that date if she sufficiently accelerates the four ships of her 1910-11 programme. I have myself considerable doubt as to whether she will have them before the autumn of 1912, if then. In any case, where is your nice balance of a Dreadnought more on one side or a Dreadnought more an the other?

### Pre-Dreadnought Ships.

And, if it existed, what has become of your magnificent fleet of pre-Dreadnought battleships and armored cruisers—(cheers)—75 in number to Germany's 28: 75 ships with over a million tons displacement, and 1,126 guns of from 6 to 12 inches, as against 28 ships with a total displacement of 329,000 tons and 495 guns of from 5.9 to 11 inches?" And even then, continued Dr. Macnamara, what about the personnel of the British navy? (Loud cheers.) It was twice as strong numerically as any active service personnel in the world. And as to its quality, that was a matter of natural pride and pleasure. (Renewed cheers.) They could have as many Dreadnoughts as they liked. What with capital cost and annual charges for maintenance and depreciation, they would cost something like two millions a time. "My humble advice to my fellow-countrymen is to make ample security for national safety and then apply their spare cash to more productive ends," continued the speaker, 'than the building of unnecessary warships—(cheers)—and I certainly should begin to despair of John Bull if, before the present month closes, he is not back again in the old beaten track of commonplace political controversy." (Hear, hear.)

### Mr. Lambert's Assurance.

Mr. George Lambert, civil lord of the admiralty, addressing his constituents at Crediton the same evening, said that, having had three strenuous years at the admiralty, and having collected all the information available, he could say there was no need for apprehension as to our naval strength. He said that as one belonging to one school—the supreme navy school. The navy must be superior on the seas, and if the Government had committed any fault it was that it had fairly and fearlessly taken the country into its confidence. They had placed their position in its relatively most favorable aspect, and they had credited their friends the Germans with feats of shipbuilding they could never have achieved. They had not erred on the side of national safety. They could not afford to take risks, and they did not mean to take any. There had been so much surmise going on as to German shipbuilding that he would give them a few figures. The largest completed battleship built in Germany was 13,000 tons, and it took three years and four months to build. "But," said the critics, "they have increased their power of shipbuilding." They had five Dreadnoughts, and they would take from two years and ten months to three years and two months finally to complete from the date of the order. They are concentrating all their resources of shipbuilding upon those five ships. The German Government said they would have thirteen Dreadnoughts by 1912, but the minimum of the present Government was sixteen by 1911. "We may have," continued Mr. Lambert, "and that is the Government's wise provision, if circumstances demand them, eighteen by 1912. We are told that the Government has been neglectful, but I say we have provided for every possible—and even more than possible—contingency. I regret it, but the naval estimates have increased by £3,000,000, and we shall have spent £35,000,000 by 1910 on the navy. The navy won't be very small at that rate, and I hope that the patriots who are now shrilly screaming will be equally active when the budget comes round. It is the common fashion to think only of Dreadnoughts. Nothing else counts. There are some people who take powerful battleships like the Lord Nelson, only commissioned two months ago, and put it out of date.

### Dreadnought Not the Most Powerful Ship.

"I ask you not to believe all you see about the invincible superiority of the Dreadnought. It is an improvement on the previous type, just the Lord Nelson is an improvement on the King Edwards. The naval architect is the despair of the politician. The Dreadnought is not the most powerful ship. The best now is the Bellerophon, the latest in the navy. The Government has neglected or overlooked nothing in the navy programme. Our shipbuilding must be calm and deliberate, and not jerky and spasmodic. If we are hasty we shall run the risk of being behindhand in the latest fighting types. Our men—and splendid fellows they are—deserve the best than can be got." Continuing, Mr. Lambert gave the figures of comparison between the British and German Dredoughts, and asked if they were going to leave all the other ships out. They would have 40 pre-Dreadnought battleships, against 20 of the Germans, with 152 12-inch guns against 40 11-inch, which meant three to two in numbers and three to one in the 12-inch armament, which was the only gun that was being mentioned. Was he to be told that all that splendid fleet would be utterly useless in time of war? Not so. But, if so, somebody who built those ships had blundered, and it was not the Liberals. He had recently inspected the King Edward battleship, and was told by the captain that she would be able to meet any war vessel, Dreadnought or otherwise. The truth was that in the British navy they had a great superiority in numbers and types of ships, and an enormous asset in "the man behind the gun."

## IN THE STRAND.

The Strand is the most wonderful street in the world, and the most cosmopolitan. It has its own population of business people, but in addition it has the swarm of visitors to London from the provinces and abroad, all of whom seem to think it a duty to walk along it. No doubt it is because Charing Cross is at its western end that foreigners are so frequent in it, but the provincials come chiefly from the northern stations, and yet never think that they have done London until they have walked along the historic road that connects the ancient cities of London and Westminster. And there is always something fresh to be seen. Yesterday, for example, there was a crowd watching the gilded angel being hoisted into position on the top of the tall Colonial building, which is rising solitary in the middle of County Council Wilderness, and close by was another crowd watching what looked like a mediaeval martyrdom, but which turned out to be an experiment in fire extinguishing. A remarkable thing about the people in the Strand is that although they wander into Trafalgar Square and then disperse down Whitehall or up the Haymarket, they never seem to go east into Fleet street. Like the swell in the old song, they never go east of Temple Bar, though, as Temple Bar no longer exists, it must be so stavistic memory which restrains them.—London Globe.

## LOVEMAKING IN MEXICO.

In Spanish-speaking countries young women are allowed but little of the liberty that they enjoy in lands where English is the native tongue. They rarely meet young men at social entertainments, and are never permitted to converse with them except in the presence of older people. They do, of course, contrive to carry on flirtations, but chiefly with the eyes. In every town in a Spanish-speaking country there is a plaza, where a band plays on one or two evenings of the week. The young men and women congregate there, the former walking round and round in one direction, and the latter in the opposite direction. Thus they are constantly meeting and making eyes at each other, but they do not pair off or sit down on the benches together. When a young man wants to pay his attentions to a girl he must get notes smuggled to her or "play the bear"—that is, stand under the window of her room and try to attract her attention, either by serenading her with some musical instrument, or, if he has no gift that way, by simply a way, and young people fall in love and marry, just as in lands where etiquette is less strict and opportunities for tete-a-tete conversations more frequent.—World Magazine.




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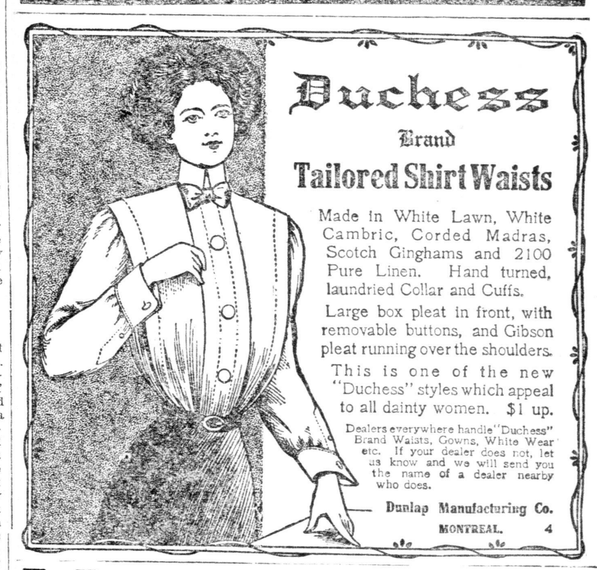
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# WOMEN OF TWENTY NATIONS TO MEET IN OLD LONDON

## Congress of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance Opens April 26—Some Sessions Will Be Spectacular—English Women's Fight for Votes.

Exactly ten years ago, in 1899, the first international meeting of women was held in Europe—the congress of the International Council at London. That convention made London sit up and take notice, but it has learned many a lesson since then of the strength of women when united in organization. Its strenuous experience of the last few years has quite prepared it for the congress, of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance, opening April 26, with an inrush of women from twenty nations, all concentrating their energies upon one point, the gaining of the suffrage.

At the meeting of this International Suffrage Alliance at Copenhagen in 1906 it was voted to hold the important quinquennial in New York this summer, but when the members came together in Amsterdam last year the English representatives said: "It is an unwritten law that the alliance must have each meeting in the country that has the most immediate prospect of enfranchising its women. Now, do you think that of 1909 should go to Great Britain or the United States?" The delegates from the United States answered, "Take the congress." So, as usual, the leaders from this country make the expensive trip to Europe to help other women get what is forbidden to themselves.

The vice-president of the alliance, Mrs. Millicent Garrett Fawcett, widow of England's distinguished Postmaster-General Henry Fawcett, has been for twenty-five years the president of the National Suffrage Association of Great Britain. She is one of the ablest women in a country which probably has the largest proportion of able women from the standpoint of public life.

For forty years English women have exercised the municipal suffrage, filled various borough and county offices and served on many public boards. For generations they have been trained in political life, have canvassed among the voters, made speeches and been an important factor in the campaigns.

Each party has had for many years its great auxiliary of thousands of women—the Women's Liberal Federation and for the Conservatives the Primrose League. Members of the House of Lords and of the Commons address their meetings and they work along the same lines as the men's political organizations.

When the Labor party came into concrete existence a few years ago its woman's branch was immediately formed, but its leaders, Mrs. and Miss Pankhurst, soon organized the Woman's Social and Political Union, known to the world as the suffragettes. They refused to assist a labor candidate for parliament unless he pledged himself to vote for woman suffrage and at last separated entirely from the party when it demanded that they merge their claims in the bill for adult suffrage—all men and all women—a most unpopular measure. Keir Hardie and a number of the labor leaders sustained them in their position, which was to ask simply for the franchise on the terms granted to men.

English women have never been taught that politics is too "unclean" for them to take part in, nor have those of any nation on the globe except the United States. When therefore the question of woman suffrage suddenly crossed the line into practical politics it found an army of trained women ready to use for their own benefit the experiences gained in working for that of men.

In no other country is there organization among women which can remotely approach that of Great Britain; it is indeed scarcely surpassed by any of the political parties. The women are born speakers and debaters, and at the present moment hundreds are on the suffrage platform every day in all parts of the kingdom. To other places where a congress of the International Suffrage Alliance was to be held Mrs. Catt has gone many weeks in advance to assist in the extensive preparation necessary, but when she arrived in London in February she found everything so thoroughly planned that she could go to look after the fences in Germany, Austria and Hungary.

The business sessions will be held in St. James' Hall, but the evening meetings will take place in Albert Hall, seating 10,000 people. Members of parliament from all parties will speak at the first great assemblage, the night of April 27, and the United States will be represented by the Rev. Anna Howard Shaw, president of its National Suffrage Association.

Another speaker will be Mrs. Philip Snowden, who recently charmed many audiences in the United States and whose husband is one of the members of parliament having in charge the woman suffrage bill. Mrs. Snowden is effectually counteracting the statement made by Mrs. Humphrey Ward on her return home last year that the woman suffrage movement was dead in America. She tells her audiences that she could not possibly respond to all the invitations to give suffrage lectures, and Miss Ethel Arnold, Mrs. Ward's sister, who is just home, indorses this with her own experience, and Mrs. Ward is left in the rather embarassing position of not being able to give any proof of a statement which she made on the platform and in magazine articles for the purpose of injuring the cause in England.

There is always enough of the spectacular in the English meetings to keep up public interest. This first will be opened with a grand pageant of women's trades and professions, each of which has its own suffrage society — actresses, artists, writers, nurses, physicians, clerks, factory workers, etc. These under appropriate banners will march round and round the immense hall ald then down the aisles to their reserved seats.

On the platform will be eighty banners carried in the procession last June. The Actresses' League will have a dinner, reception and dramatic entertainment. There are also to be excursions on the Thames, to Oxford, Cambridge and many other historic spots and walking tours in London, conducted by young men and young women suffragists.

Visitors to the International Council meeting in 1899 remember with what striking ability Mrs. Creighton, wife of the lord bishop of London, sustained the American delegates in a very heated controversy and the delightful garden party given at her residence, Fulham Palace, built by Henry VII. The lord bishop died soon afterward, and Queen Victoria invited Mrs. Creighton to make her home at Hampton Court for the rest of her life. She was at that time opposed to woman suffrage but is now strongly in favor and will give a tea to the visitors at Hampton Court.

When the congress met in Copenhagen in 1906 the women of Denmark had not a shred of suffrage and not much organization for it. The press, the women and the men were completely captivated by it. Within a year many thousand women were enrolled and actively at work, and the parliament gave them the franchise for public boards and the right to serve on them, and a number were at once elected. In 1908 it conferred upon women the municipal suffrage on the same terms as exercised by men.

The effects of the congress reached still further. Toward its close the prime minister of Norway sent a message to the delegates present from that country that the parliament had no idea there was so large a demand for women suffrage and that it would be made a Government measure. This was done in 1907, and women received full suffrage with a slight property qualification.

As the Netherlands was about to revise its constitution the Dutch delegates urged that the alliance hold a congress there in 1908. This was done, but meanwhile there was a change of government and the revision was postponed. As a result, however, of the very successful meeting last summer the national membership increased from 3,500 to 5,400; a vigorous suffrage association was formed to help the women, and their enfranchisement seems to be near at hand. It is interesting to speculate on the effect in conservative Sweden should Stockholm suddenly be invaded by this large body of women from all tre civilized nations.

Those who came early to London have suffered dreadfully from the cold weather. One of the ladies who paid an extra price at the hotel for a room on the sunny side did not get a glimpse of the sun for four weeks. When New York was warm as early May it was snowing in London, and she wrote back to friends: "Give me my steam heated apartment, real coffee in the morning, hot toast and salted butter and the English women are welcome to the ballot!" but she didn't mean it.

It does seem funny, though to call on ladies at their home in the daytime and find them encased in heavy coats, woollen mittens on their hands and fur muffs on their feet, and then at dinner to see the same ladies in the same atmosphere in low-necked and short-sleeved gowns. But all this is nearly over now and England in late April and May is so charming one can almost forget what happened a little earlier.

The same cynical lady remarked that the reason there is so much warmth in the suffrage movement here is that they have to do something rapid to avoid freezing to death. Things in that line are warm, there is no question of that, but laws and conditions for women here are enough to keep them at the boiling point.

This congress is under the auspices of the original National Suffrage Association, organized in 1871. The militant branch, the so-called suffragettes, do not belong to this association, but there is no hostility between the two societies.

The suffragettes are never caught napping, they never get left, and so when they learned about this congress they instantly engaged the big Albert Hall for one night during its sessions. They knew the delegates could not properly take part in their meeting so they invited them as guests, to occupy the boxes and choicest seats on the evening of April 29. Mrs. Catt and the international officers accepted in a very tactful letter, saying:

"When the suffrage is won in England, as it will be soon, the militant policy of your organization will divide opinion throughout the world. One class will claim that the suffrage might have been won by the usual 'constitutional' campaign; another, that it never would have come had not unusual methods been employed. This difference of view will enter the ranks of every national association, and parties will come forward to champion and to oppose 'militant methods.' It requires no prophet to predict the inevitable coming of this situation. Meanwhile every fair-minded suffragist will esteem it a great and valued privilege to hear the case presented and defended by your own able women."

The Women's Freedom League (also militant), under the leadership of Mrs. Despard and Mrs. Billington Grieg, will give a large public function for the congress. And their antithesis, the women of the Conservative and Unionist parties, who have recently formed a suffrage society, with Lady Knightly president, will also entertain the congress.

Among the delegates from the United States are Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, Mrs. William M. Ivins, of New York, Mrs. Coonley Ward, of Chicago, the Rev. Mary A. Safford, minister of the Unitarian Church, of Des Moines, and Mrs. M. La Reine Baker, of Seattle, who was most influential in having a woman suffrage amendment submitted last month by the legislature of Washington.


# Throat Swelled

VOICE DISAPPEARED.
TERRIBLE COUGH,
AGONIZING HEADACHE.

The Trying Experience of a Woodstock Man Who Nearly Died With Grippe.

People that allow "grippy" colds to run on unheeded often find themselves in the perilous predicament that nearly cost Marx M. Melanson his life.

"It was a long drive through the rain that started my cold. I didn't pay much attention to it, thinking it would pass away. I soon experienced a stabbing tightness in my chest and throat. This grew quite intense and my throat swelled below the ears and it hurt to turn my head. A terrible dry, racking cough kept me sleepless and miserably sick, and my head felt like bursting. A neighbor brought me Nerviline and rubbed it in copiously over my throat and chest, and advised me to use it as a gargle and take it in hot water every four hours. I did this and got relief—the soreness left my chest and I put on a Nerviline Porous Plaster. Although nearly in despair when I started Nerviline, it was no time before I was well and on my feet again. Such remarkable power for breaking a cold I never thought of being found in one remedy. Nerviline saved my life, and I consider it should be in every home."

Not only will Nerviline break up colds and prevent pneumonia, but it will also cure rheumatism, earache, toothache, lumbago and sciatica. Wherever there is pain or inflammation, Nerviline will cure it quickly.

Beware of substitutes—get Nerviline only, large 25c bottles at all dealers.


### THE GREGARIOUS INSTINCT.

Do we reflect that the gregarious instinct is the mother of so much necessity (dire, it is true, but necessity none the less), as rightly to be considered one of the grandmothers of invention? Probably not. In our mad pursuit of pleasure, pelf and position, nothing is more readily forgotten than grandmothers.

The gregarious instinct, too, has so operated for the enhancement of real estate as to enrich enough persons of the right sort to set the pace and determine what everybody has got to spend in order to be anybody.

Smoking factories and smoking women, epochal murders, rapid transit, affinities, rush hours, good form, The Street—these and many other things only less significant does our civilization owe to the gregarious instinct.—Puck.

### WHEN THE ALMANAC ORIGINATED.

The origin of the word "almanac" is derived from the Arabic words aland manah—to count—and thus aptly applies to the measurement of time. Almanacs in ancient days were employed by the Alexandrian Greeks, but it is uncertain when they were actually introduced into Europe.

In A. D. 1150, Solomon Jarchus published a nalmanac, but the first printed one was brought out in Vienna in 1457 by the great astronomer Purbach. The most celebrated almanac maker was the dabbler in magic, Nostradamus, and since his time almanacs with predictions have been in vogue, and their weather lore and pictorial prophecies have invariably appealed to a large number of people, who are apt to put unswerving belief in the cryptic remarks of Zadski and Old Moore. —Montreal Standard

### SAVED BY A PARROT.

Queen Elena relates an interesting episode of the rescue work which occurred while she was at Messina. In their feverish search for those buried under the debris the sailors and soldiers were directed by voices and groans coming from ruins. At a certain point, under the remains of two houses piled together, a thin, squeaking voice was heard, calling "Maria! Maria!"

Silors from the Vittorio Emanuele, on board which the Queen was, stood expectantly listening. The shriek rose again, more acute than ever, "Maria! Maria!" There was no doubt this time. With infinite difficulty the sailors made a hole and descended into a room, where they were confronted by a parrot, which continued its cry of "Maria! Maria! Maria!" Searching further, they found a shattered door, behind which was another room, almost intact, where a beautiful girl lay unconscious, but uninjured.

The sailors took both parrot and girl on board their ship, where the Queen received them.—Lloyd's Weekly.

### A NOVEL INVENTION.

One of the recent novelties patented is a combined clock and savings bank, designed by a Chicago man. Why a savings bank and a clock should be combined will not at once be apparent. The idea would seem ridiculous, as these two articles have no apparent relationship. The purpose of the inventor has merely been to increase the usefulness of the savings bank and assure that it will be constantly employed. He accomplishes this by requiring the deposit of a coin in the bank before the clock can be wound. Unless the coin is deposited the clock becomes useless. The amount of the coin deposited is controlled by the size of the slot in the savings bank. The number of deposits can also be increased by requiring a daily winding of the clock. In this way a certain sum must be added to the bank each day previous to each widing of the clock.


# When The Pain Catches You in the Back

it makes you stop work in short order. Why don't you take GIN PILLS and stop the pain?

A lame, weak or aching back—sharp, shooting pains through the small of the back and hips—mean that there is something wrong with the Kidneys. The urine proves that there is trouble, too. Constant desires especially at night—high color—and sometimes hot, scalding pain—show that the Kidneys need help, and quickly.



Elmsdale, N.S.
"I was badly crippled up with pains across the small of my back. I could not walk straight or lie comfortable in any position that I would place myself. I was recommended to try Gin Pills which I did, and I received immediate relief after taking four doses, and by the time the box of Pills is finished, I anticipate a complete cure. I can with pleasure recommend them to any person troubled as I was."
GEO. McKENZIE.

Men, who work hard—who often strain the back by heavy lifting—suffer tortures with the Kidneys. If your back has been troubling you—if work seems too hard—if you are losing your appetite and don't rest well at night—if you are run down—begin right now to take

**Gin Pills.**

They will cure you of every trace of Kidney and Bladder trouble—and also build up the whole system.

They will do you so much good that you will gladly purchase the regular size boxes and continue taking them until completely cured. In order to show our faith in Gin Pills we make you this offer—if, after taking one box and it does not help you or six boxes and they do not cure, just take the empty boxes to the druggist and he will refund your money—or let us know and we will.

Gin Pills are sold by all druggists and medicine dealers at 50c. a box—6 for $2.50 or sent direct on receipt of price.

Dept. E National Drug & Chemical Co., Limited, Toronto.
Formerly Made By The Bole Drug Co., Winnipeg. 112


# THE MEN BEHIND THE GUNS WON BRITAIN'S SEA FIGHTS

## It's the Human Element That Wins the Battles, Says Lord Charles Beresford — Britain Has Overwhelming Superiority in Number of Seamen—Great Fights Which She Won Against Heavy Odds.

On November 20, 1907, Admiral Lord Charles Beresford was the guest of the Salters Company at their annual banquet. In proposing the toast of "The Defensive Forces of the Empire," the speaker referred to the strength of our navy, its ships, guns, etc., but, in responding to the toast, Lord Charles said:

"You may have what size of ships you like, as many as you like, guns, armor, boilers, and engines; but remember that it is the human element that wins battles, and only the human element!"

That is the element which, during the recent naval scare, has been lost sight of, and ships and guns have been referred to as though they, and they alone, reckoned in modern naval warfare. Let us inquire into the human side of the navy, and see if we are in such dire straits as some suppose.z

### The Men in the Navies.

The standing of the navies of Great Britain, Germany, France, and the United States in officers and men is 128,000, 53,981, 57,419 and 60,703 respectively, so that in mere numbers we are well up to the two-power standard, with a precentage over. If, leaving the numbers, we inquire into the quality of the personnels, our superiority is overwhelming, for no other nation makes its navy a life-long profession in the way Great Britain does. Entry into the German navy is made under three divisions—boys, volunteers and conscripts, the latter forming the largest division by far. Boys are entered on similar lines to those of the British navy; their term of service is for nine years, but they can re-engage, and it is from these that the bulk of the petty and warrant officers spring. Volunteers can join for from three to six years, at the end of which time they can re-engage for another year, and renew their engagements at the end of every succeeding year so long as they wish. Naval conscripts, a portion only of whom belong to the seafaring population, are sent afloat at their twentieth year, when they do three years' service, and afterwards four years in the reserve. These form the bulk of the personnel of the German navy. The whole of that navy, with the exception of a few small vessels, is concentrated in home waters—i.e., the Baltic, with an occasional cruise in the North Sea; therefore their sea experience is somewhat limited, nor are the men kept continually afloat year after year.

### Long-Service Training.

In the British navy all boys (seamen branch) and youth (stoker branch), enter with an obligation to serve for twelve years, the boys from the age of eighteen; and after passing through their respective training services, where they are thoroughly coached in professional duties, they are passed on to the sea-going fleet, and from that time till they leave the navy, either on pension or at the expiration of their first period are, except for very brief intervals, continually afloat. The intervals on shore are spent either at the Royal Navy Barracks—which are merely clearing-houses for men coming from and returning to sea service—or at the gunnery and torpedo schools, where the highly-skilled gunnery and torpedo specialists go through courses of technical instruction in guns and torpedoes at the end of each commission afloat, so that they may be kept thoroughly up to date in their specialties. In addition to the foregoing long-service men, there is a system of short service, under which a very limited number of young men are allowed to enter the navy, the terms of service being a maximum of five years' service in the fleet, of which three at least must be in a ship-of-war at sea, followed by service in the royal fleet reserve to complete twelve years from date of entry.

### Naval Reserves.

Backing up the active service personnel we have three reserves—the royal fleet reserve—2,950 men; royal naval reserve, 23,509 men; and royal naval vounteer reserve, 4,200 men. The royal fleet reserve was established January 1, 1901, and its object was to absorb the waste from active service personnel—i.e., men who, for various reasons, leave at the expiration of their first twelve years or purchase their discharge, and it comprises today 7,750 pensioners who have done not less than 22 years afloat, and 15,200 men, who have served afloat from twelve to not less than five years, so that it is a more efficient fighting force than the conscript division which forms the bulk of the German navy personnel. Our real fighting strength, then, is 128,000, plus 22,950 officers and men—equal, not to a two-power standard, but to the combined navies of Europe; men, moreover, who are not conscripts, but who have volunteered for sea life from love of the sea. With the other reserves I need not deal. The royal naval reserve is composed of merchant seamen, fishermen and others of our seafaring population, while the royal naval volunteer reserve are young men who devote their spare time to learning naval gunnery, etc. How seriously they enter into their work may be seen from a circular recently issued by the commander of the London division, the Hon. Rupert Guinness, M.P., in which he said:

"The commanding officer wishes it to be understood by every would-be recruit for the R.N.V.R. that the minimum number of drills, viz., 40 in the first year and 24 in succeeding years, as laid down by the admiralty regulations, is quite inadequate in order to maintain the high standard of efficiency of the London division."

### World-Wide Experience.

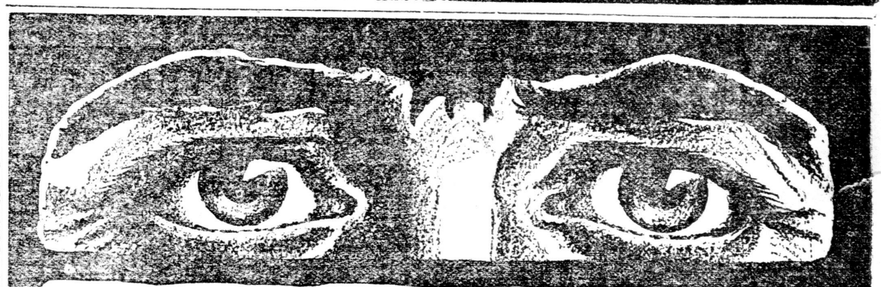
The peculiar and world-wide duties that fall to the lot of the navy takes its men to every clime, and give them experience of every sea condition, cultivating in them a "sea habit" that no other navy can boast; while our long-service system gives the officers a knowledge of the men and the men a knowledge of the officers that in a conscript service is impossible, for the midshipman and ship's boy of twenty years ago find themselves shipmates again today—one as captain, the other as chief petty officer. Each has intimate knowledge of the other's professional abilities, and each rejoices in the confidence that that knowledge gives—surely an asset of inestimable value, though lost sight of by those who think only in guns and ships. Happily, the modern bluejacket has not been called upon to display his qualities in a great sea fight, yet he may be found fighting all over the world, and the longer the odds and more desperate the chances, the greater is his delight. From these examples we are able to judge whether his fighting powers are still as good as when the navy won for us the command of the seas.

### Against Overwhelming Numbers.

On the morning of May 20, 1858, it was decided to attack the Taku Forts that protected the mouth of the River Pei-ho, China. Both banks were heavily fortified, the forts mounting in all one hundred and forty heavy guns. In front of all was a boom composed of five seven-inch cables, and the river sides were heavily staked to prevent the possibility of landing. The "Cormorant," a small six-gun steamer, led the attack, broke through the boom, followed by the "Nimrod," a similar vessel, and in two hours the forts had capitulated and the road to Tientsin was open. On June 26 a treaty was signed which provided for the residence of a British minister at Pekin, and secured to all British subjects the right to travel unhindered throughout the Chinese Empire. Later we saw them at El Teb, winning back a gun that had been momentarily lost from overwhelming numbers; then, taking gunboats up the Nile, over almost insuperable obstacles, while the part the navy played throughout the Boer War is too recent to need repeating.

### The Glorious First of June.

Let us build ships and keep our navy all-powerful by all means, but for the sake of our national dignity let us avoid hysteria and panic and remember the past. When, on the morning of May 28, 1793, Lord Howe sighted the French fleet, he knew that their ships were heavier and better gunned than his own, and that their men numbered 20,000 to our 15,000, but he gave chase, and the battle that followed is now referred to as "the glorious first of June." On February 14, 1797, Sir John Jervis fell in with the Spanish fleet. The odds were enormous—27 ships to our 15, and over 1,000 guns more than we had. Yet the Battle of St. Vincent is one of the laurels of the British navy! Finally, on October 21, 1805, the British fleet and the allied fleets of France and Spain met in Trafalgar Bay—27 ships on one side, 33 on the other. Did Nelson pause to count the number of guns arrayed against him? He turned his bows to the foe, while from masthead and yardarm of the "Victory" flew a multitude of flags, which, being interpreted, reminded the fleet that "England expects that every man will do his duty."—Lionel Yexley in T. P.'s Weekly.

# THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER

WATCHES YOUR BUSINESS—NEVER WINKS AT MISTAKES

The National Cash Register Co., Toronto THOS. LALOR, Sr. Local Agent for London.


### THE NEW WOMAN IN CHINA.

The women of Canton and other large Chinese cities have stepped out into affairs for good and have refused to be the unseen and unheard members of the household that Chinese teaching has directed for ages that they should be.

Schools are gradually extending among the girls, private enterprise carrying western knowledge where public instruction as yet fails to reach. Newspapers for women are springing up in several of the larger towns, and the women are to be seen moving about in the streets with much greater freedom than hitherto.

But a step has been taken in Canton that for China is far more significant. Some Chinese who had been to Burmah and had observed that the women there are successful traders and industrial managers, on returning to Canton decided to try how Chinese women could handle an enterprise of their own.

The outcome is that a restaurant has been opened in a suburb of Canton without a single man on the premises. It is a large place, run and controlled in every particular by women, and already it is attracting an extensive circle of ladies to keep its comforts and the chat that accompanies the meeting of friends around the teapot.—Pall Mall Gazette.

An imperial decree issued by the Chinese Government points out the evils of opium, and states that the British Government has agreed to decrease its exportation for a trial period of three years in order to see whether the cultivation of the poppy and the number of opium smokers is lessened.

### Guilty of Assassination.

A man, razor in hand, was caught by his wife assassinating not an enemy, but a corn—what he needed was Putnam's Corn Extractor: it's safe, painless and sure. Try "Putnam's"—nothing sells so good.


# Mother Gave Her Child Away.

Had Given up all Hope of Living. Heart Trouble was Cured by Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Mrs. Andrew Savoy, Grattan's, N.B., writes:—"In the year 1905 I was taken sick and did not think I could live any length of time. My trouble was with my heart and people told me that nothing could be done for a case like mine. I consulted the very best doctors but they could do me no good. For seven weeks I could hardly cross the floor. I had no pain, but was so weak nobody in the world can believe how I felt. I had given up all hopes of living and had given my little girl to my sister-in-law.

"One day a friend came to see me, and calling me by name, said, 'Lizzie, if I were you I would try a dose of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills as they are good for heart trouble.' My husband got me a box, but for two days I was not feeling any better, but on the fourth day my husband said, 'I believe those pills are doing you good.' I was able to say, 'Yes, I feel a good deal better this morning.' He said, 'Well, I will get you another box right away.' I took two boxes and three doses out of the third one, and I was perfectly well and have not been sick since then.

"I will never be without them in my home for God knows if it had not been for Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, I would not have been alive now."

Price 50 cents per box, 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



# R R R

Radway's Ready Relief

BACKACHE, LUMBAGO, PAINS in the KIDNEYS and PELVIC ORGANS



Radway's Ready Relief cures the worst pains in from one to twenty minutes. For Headache (whether sick or nervous), Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Pains and Weaknesses in the Back, Spine or Kidneys, Pains around the Liver, Pleurisy, Swelling of the Joints and Pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

**Instantly Relieved Pleurisy.**

DR. RADWAY & CO., New York.

Two weeks ago I was laid up in bed with Pleurisy. I could hardly take a breath, the pain was so bad. I tried all sorts of things that were recommended to me and got no better. A porous plaster might just as well be put upon the floor, for all the good it did me. Some one told my wife to try Radway's Ready Relief. She got a bottle, rubbed me well that same night. It gave me at once comfort, and I could breathe without pain. The next morning I was well and went down to my work and have been well ever since. It is the greatest remedy that ever happened. Any one who doubts this story can call on me and get it direct from me.

FRANCIS McCARTHY, County Court House, City Hall, N.Y.

Sold by druggists. RADWAY & CO., Montreal, Can.






All flour is made from wheat. But there are different kinds of wheat and several ways of milling.

# Royal Household Flour

is made of the best hard wheat in its finest and purest form. It always produces uniformly light, wholesome bread or pastry because its quality never varies. If your grocer does not carry Royal Household Flour, he will get it for you.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited, Montreal. 11

# SIDELIGHTS ON NOTABLE PEOPLE

## BY THE MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Hubert Magniac, who has just succumbed to influenza in London, was a son-in-law of the aged Duke of Grafton, a son of the late Charles Magniac, M. P., who used to own Chesterfield House in London, and received his distinguished service order for a most remarkable feat during the Boer war, which, according to many of his fellow officers, should have been recognized by the Victoria Cross. When the war broke out he volunteered for service with the Yeomanry, and during the battle of Modderfontein defended a position on the flank with a handful of men for nearly 24 hours. During the course of the fight every one of his men was either killed or badly wounded.

Summoned to surrender, he stoutly refused, and when the Boers made up their mind to finally rush the position, he managed with one of his only two remaining cartridges to shoot and kill the Boer leader at a distance of twenty yards. This led the Boers, who were ignorant of the state to which the defenders were reduced, to retire, and when about half an hour afterwards relief arrived there was not one unwounded man left among the defenders, Magniac himself suffering from no ess than seventeen gunshot wounds.

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Five years ago he married Lady Eleanor Fitzroy, as her third husband, after she had been compelled to divorce Lord Suffield's brother, Walter Harbord. I notice that the current issue of "Whitaker's Peerage" mentions Walter Harbord as having obtained a divorce from her, which would lead to the belief that he had been the petitioner. This is a most undeserved reflection on Lady Eleanor, since it implies that she was the offending party, whereas the decree was granted in her favor on the grounds of misconduct and gross cruelty, to which might have been added the crassest ingratitude.

Lady Eleanor, a woman of rare beauty and charm, and a lineal descendant of King Charles II. and of his fair friend, lovely Barbara Villiers, Duchess of Cleveland, married at the age of 19, Herbert Fitzroy Eaton, a relative of Gen. Lord Cheylesmore, and within a few months after his death was led by a sort of Quixotic sentiment of mingled love and pity to bestow her hand, along with a large fortune of some $100,000 a year which she had inherited along with landed property from her first husband, upon the Hon. Walter Harbord, a major of the Seventh Hussars, who had been driven from the army and placed under the ban of English and continental society in consequence of having been caught in the act of unfair play at the Cercle de la Mediterranee at Nice.

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The scandal was of the most public character, and furnished columns of material to the continental newspapers. It is hardly necessary to point out that a man who had retained any sense of chivalry, or even decency, would decline to take advantage of the sentiments which prompted Lady Eleanor to link her name with one so dishonored as his own, especially so soon after the demise of her first husband, and had he loved her as she deserved he would not have wished her to share the ostracism to which he was subjected both at home and abroad, cut as he was not only by his old friends and associates but even by his relatives.

Instead of being moved by the sacrifice thus made for his sake, the ex-major, on the contrary, began a few weeks after his marriage to vent upon the unfortunate Lady Eleanor all the bitterness and irritation created in his mind by the boycott to which he was subjected by English society. Life in the United Kingdom being intolerable, the couple lived abroad for a number of years, and it was not long before he commenced to seek revenge for his exile by actually beating his wife. Lady Eleanor bore his treatment in silence, partly on account of her two children (a third had died in infancy), and likewise because she realized that any appeal to the courts for separation would have the effect of reviving the terrible scandal which had caused her husband to leave the army and to quit England.

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Eventually, when the children reached their teens, the Hon. Walter and Lady Eleanor Harbord returned to England and began by taking a pretty country house on the Thames, in the vicinity of London, which ere long became the rendezvous of that particular element of society which is more eager for amusement and entertainment than particular about the character or antecedents of its host. Then, too, society felt that it was harsh to visit the dishonor of the father upon the two children, a boy and a girl, and so, little by little, the Harbords drifted back into the London world. The ex-major even managed to get elected to some fourth-rate clubs—clubs that preferred to have the name of a peer's brother on their list, even if it was tarnished, rather than to have no man of good family on the roster.

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Lord Bathurst, whose wife, as the only surviving child of the late Lord Glenesk, inherited on his recent death the sole ownership of the great London daily newspaper, the Morning Post, is anxious to recover certain portraits which formerly belonged to the Bathurst family, but which have in some way or other been alienated. They have been missing since 1811, when they were last heard of as adorning the walls of the ancient Bathurst manor house of Franks, near Farningham, in Kent, which had come into the possession of a man named Tasker, through his marriage with a Miss Bathurst, the heiress of the manor of Franks, and of its contents.

The portraits include one of Launcelot Bathurst, alderman of London in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, and owner of the manor of Franks; also a picture of his wife, Judith Randolph. Both these paintings bear the Bathurst armorial bearings and motto, "Tiens ta foi," as well as the date of 1588. Then there are two Vandykes of the last Stuart, Duke of Richmond and of his Duchess. Besides these, there are full-length portraits of King Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden, of Queen Christina of Sweden, of Queen Elizabeth of England, of Baron Wrangel, and of Count Oxenstierna, as well as six portraits of Cromwellian generals, including Sir Robert Cooke, of Highnam, in Gloucestershire, Lork Berkeley, of Stratton, and Baron George Fleetwood, governor of Colmar, and of Olen, in Sweden.

Lord and Lady Bathurst are extremely anxious to recover these pictures, are prepared to pay an adequate price for them, and will be grateful for any clew that can be furnished to them as to their present whereabouts. As some of them are possibly in America, I would call the attention of the readers to the fact.

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Lord and Lady Bathurst, by the way, are giving up the house in Piccadilly, which they inherited from Lord Glenesk, and which, during the lifetime of that peer's brilliant wife, was one of the most hospitable mansions in London, and a favorite rendezvous of the great world. It is just east of the Bachelors' Club, and formerly belonged to the poet Byron. It was there that he wrote his "Parisina," and his "Siege of Corinth," and it was there, too, that he spent his brief married life, its salons and furnishing the scene of his final quarrel and parting with Lady Byron. Adjoining it is the house of the South African millionaire, H. J. King.

Formerly Mr. King's house and that of the late Lord Glenesk were one, and at the close of the eighteenth century were occupied as one mansion by the last Duke of Queensberry, who, known as "Old Q.," and as "the little Piccadilly duke," was the intimate friend of Horace Walpole and George Selwyn and was framed for his shameless profligacy, his Piccadilly mansion, indeed, being run more on the lines of a Turkish harem of olden times than of an English peer of the realm.

If Lord and Lady Bathurst are selling Lord Glenesk's historic home, it is because Piccadilly, with its motor 'buses and its processions of Socialists or unemployed, and of suffragettes, has become so noisy as to be disagreeable as a residence, and, having a comfortable and quiet home in Bruton street, they propose to remain there.

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Certain unpleasantness in connection with members of the Russian diplomatic service which have recently occurred in Paris, and at Madrid, have caused Emperor Nicholas and his Minister of Foreign Affairs to take up the matter, and a quiet intimation has been issued to the members of the Muscovite diplomatic service to the effect that domestic irregularities, and anything in the nature of a scandal, will be followed by retirement.

One of the first to be shelved under this ruling is W. de Mouravieff-Apostol-Korobyine, for many years secretary of the Russian legation at Berlin, and more recently occupying the semi-diplomatic post of consul-general at Budapest, of which he has just been summarily relieved. Married some eighteen years ago to a daughter of the wealthy and influential Tchichatcheff family, he became infatuated last year with the beautiful daughter of a South Russian multi-millionaire named Terechtenko. His wife, seeing that she had lost his love, and that it was hopeless to endeavor to recover a place therein, yielded to his entreaties for a divorce, which was secured in due course, and Mouravieff thereupon married young Mlle. Terechtenko, shortly before Christmas. Within the last month Mouravieff has been informed that his divorce and second marriage are of a nature to disqualify him from further diplomatic employment, and that his resignation was in order. This is not the only Russian diplomat who has lately been placed on the retired list, among the number being Count Nostitz, who was attached to the Russian embassy at Paris, Count Cassini's diplomatic career has also been brought to a conclusion, and a new ambassador to Madrid has been appointed in his stead.

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Gen. Sir O'Moore Creagh's appointment to succeed Lord Kitchener as commander-in-chief of Great Britain's military forces in India is meeting with considerable disapproval in military, administrative, and political circles, and is hardly likely to be relished by Lord Kitchener himself. In fact, it is an appointment that is ascribed, not to the war department, but to the influence and pressure of Lord Morley, whose principal military adviser Sir O'Moore has been, as military secretary at the India office at Whitehall, ever since Lord Morley assumed charge of that department.

True, Sir O'Moore, like Lord Kitchener, is an Irishman, hailing from County Clare, and is a gallant veteran, winning his Victoria Cross under Lord Roberts during the last Afghan war. But he is about 62 years of age, and, aside from a brief headship of one of the first-class military districts in India, has never held any important command in India or elsewhere; neither does he possess the administrative experience necessary to complete the wonderful and far-reaching work of organization which Lord Kitchener has inaugurated and brought well under way.

There is no reason, indeed, to fear that Gen. Creagh, who has most of the qualities of Indian veterans, possesses likewise some of their most notable defects, that is to say, a disapproval of every reform and innovation of a military character. And while some of the elderly and retired growlers at the various service clubs in London are satisfied with his appointment, hoping that it means a return to old-fashioned ways, it is significant that most officers on the active list, especially those of the up-to-date Kitchener school, deplore the nomination, which they ascribe to Lord Morley and to his refusal to listen to any advice or to consider any argument excepting his own.

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Recording in these letters last week the death of old Mrs. Edmund Lushington, I happened to mention that she figured in some of the works of her brother, the famous poet, Alfred Tennyson. A reader now writes asking me to point out these references of the earl to his sister. In reply I may state that the epilogue of Tennyson's "In Memoriam," is an Epithalamium on her marriage in 1842; while her home, Park House, is described in the prologue to "The Princess."

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Sir William MacGregor, who has just been promoted from the governorship of Newfoundland to the governorship of Queensland, in succession to Lord Chelmsford, is the only colonial satrap entitled to wear the Albert medal, which is granted to civilians for those acts of extraordinary gallantry and heroism which in the army or navy would have won the Victoria cross. He received it while he was high commissioner and administrator of Great Britain's possessions in the Pacific, with headquarters at Suva, the capital of Fiji.

The Syria, with a shipload of Indian coolies on board, had struck on a rock at some distance from Suva. The only way by which the vessel, which was stuck on a reef at the foot of a precipice and being pounded to pieces by the surf, could be reached was by means of ropes and by a broken mast which had fallen against the side of the cliff. Again and again Sir William made the perilous journey to and from the wreck, with a man or a woman on his back, and sometimes with a child held by its clothes between his teeth in addition thereto.

The greatest tax on his strength, however, was in connection with the rescue from the wreck of a white woman who had got at the spirits, was mad with drink, and had fallen overboard. The captain of the ship and a police officer who had gone after her were being swept out to sea. Sir William caused himself to be let down by a rope, caught a knot of the woman's hair in his teeth, and with his hands seized the two men, dragging them all three to safety. The following day he wrote his report of the disaster and of the rescue. Several of those who had taken part in the latter received the Royal Human Society medal. But as there was no mention in Sir William's report of his own services or, in fact, of his having been upon the scene at all, it was not until much later that the matter was brought to the attention of the late Queen Victoria, who, as stated above, conferred upon him the Albert medal.

### MAKING OF A STYLE.

Why should Lincoln's mastery of the English language be deemed inexplicable? Mastery of any language may be a gift. Literary skill comes; it is given; it cannot be hired. It is no unusual thing to find it in authors who have had no scholastic preparation, who have surprised not only themselves, but the world with a great book.

The gift of literary expression is strengthened, broadened, chastened by reading, and Lincoln was a great reader all his life. In one sense his environment was, paradoxical as it may seem to say so, eminently favorable to the cultivation of his gift. Libraries were unknown to the west of his boyhood. Books were not common. Those accessible were standard works, such a would be purchased by lawyers, clergymen and teachers who had but little money to spend for amusement. From these sources Lincoln obtained his early reading. He read and reread the Bible, Shakespeare, Robinson Crusoe, Pilgrim's Progress, Aesop, and, we are told, Weems' Washington. Throwing out the last-named, what list better calculated to turn a frontier boy's thoughts toward style could be devised? The Bible, Shakespeare, Defoe, Bunyan—they are a liberal education for a stylist.—Boston Transcript.

### TALKING AS AN ART.

There is a French proverb: "Say but little and say it well"—a very good rule to remember. There can be no art of conversation where there is a disposition to multiply words, and that disposition is so great that the art is quite lost. "Talk is cheap," as the saying goes, and there is no true art that is cheap. There is a tendency these days to stuff talk with such superfluous phrases as "did you ever?" "don't you know," "just think," and so on, that a great portion of what one says has no meaning to it.

This habit argues a very poor opinion of the listener, for it assumes that wheat and chaff are the same to him; that he cares just as much for sound as for sense; that what appeals to him is unceasing clatter. This is too bad. It is not treating the listener with proper respect. It would be more courteous to him to assume that he likes truth and wisdom and to give him of these what one has. If he has neither, then let silence do its work.

It would make a very interesting occasion where persons of more or less intelligence would come together to practice the art of conversation, wherein no clutter or refuse of words figured in the talk, but where every sentence would be clear and pure, and carry a fact or idea in harmony with the elegance and purity of the language. It would be a lovely experience and would certainly furnish the test of high society.—Columbus Journal.

# COSTLY BRITISH COURT UNIFORMS

## Elaborate Garments Worn on State Occasions.

Much of the splendor of any of his majesty's courts would be lacking if it were not for the dazzling uniforms of the high officers of state and the great officers of the royal household who assemble at these impressive functions.

There are always five or six different grades of gentlemen in attendance present when his majesty holds a court, and each has its distinctive dress, the difference usually being indicated by the trimming, either gold or silver, or the number of buttons worn. The complete outfit of a first-class court official runs up to $1,000, the jacket alone costing $400 to $500. It is made of the finest royal blue cloth lavishly embroidered with gold lace of a highly elaborate design. The waistcoat and knee breeches are made from white kerseymere silk richly embroidered, set off with buttons and buckles of gilt, and white silk stockings, sword, cocked hat and white kid gloves, make a complete costume as rich as it is dignified.

An ambassador or foreign diplomatist wears a special distinction—black velvet collar with a gold embroidered floral design. The uniform costs the wearer about $575.

Lord lieutenants are dressed in a coat of royal red cloth cut swallow-tail and adorned with silver buttons and the collar embroidered with silver lace. Silver laced trousers are worn with a cocked hat without plumes. The uniform is very handsome and costs the wearer 100 guineas simply for the privilege to wear it, let alone the making of it.

To the Duke of Norfolk, as the earl marshal, however, falls the enviable distinction of wearing the most costly apparel of all great officers of state. The dress is absolutely unique, and for sheer magnificence has no parallel in any country. Nearly three miles of the finest gold thread is used in the embroidery on the coat, collar, front and on the lappets of the sleeves. Each suit costs $1,250.

All cabinet ministers and other high state officials are expected to have at least one state uniform. A complete court outfit will cost from $650 to $850.

There are, of course, many others, such as the captain of the yeomen of the guard, the captain of the gentlemen at arms, the master of the horse and the squires and pages of honor, who have to possess a distinctive dress for special occasions, costing from $100 to $250. Court dandies will only wear these uniforms once, while noblemen sometimes make the same uniform last a lifetime. It has been computed that on these great state occasions the value of the uniforms worn exceed $150,000.

# SOME FUNNY MIXED METAPHORS

## The Stream of History Which Showed Silent Footprints.

An amateur historian is responsible for this: "All along the ever-flowing stream of history you can discern the silent footprints of the crowned heads of Europe."

The village reporter on the death of the village poet: "The dauntless pen shall write no more, for its eyes are closed forever."

From the speech of a rising young politician: "The fierce light of public opinion shall dog his footsteps until it strangles them. Then shall they swallow the bitter pill and drink its very dregs."

Advance and warning from a successful man of business to a gathering of young people: "Every rung in the ladder of success is paved with slippery stones, on which only the clear head and the steady hand can retain their footing."

The fearless suffragette was addressing a meeting of mere men. She had graphically related to them the fascinating story of the strenuous struggle the ladies had made for the most priceless of possessions, a vote—how every obstacle had been conquered and victory was at last in sight. "We have now," she shrieked, "almost crossed the trackless desert and the harbor lights are stretching out their arms to greet us."

The temperance advocate was giving a striking but a true picture of the vast amount of evil wrought by the demon of drink, and the fact that he occasionally got somewhat mixed in his metaphors did not derogate from the truth that underlay his remarks: "What is the greater devastating agent of our time?" he asked. "It is the bottle, which smiles genially before your face while at the same time it is stabbing you in the back."

# AN ANALYSIS OF THE FAIR SEX

## London Doctor Thinks He Knows All About Womankind.

Woman has been minutely analyzed by Dr. T. Claye Shaw, a well-known London physician. He gave the result of his study the other day in a lecture on "The Psychology of Women." Below the most salient points of his lecture are given.

It is really her physical inferiority that has made woman subject to man. Not being of such powerful muscularity, she must resort to artifice to protect herself. She is a prize. But as there are many prizes she has to use artifice to obtain the victory of marriage. She has to fight her own way. Hence she is deceitful both in dress and self-presentation. At times she hides her charms; at other times she exposes them.

### To Overcome Jealousy.

"The great factor in the personal characteristics of woman is the presence of emotion and feeling, and it may be added obstinacy and sympathy. It is obstinacy that comes to her aid when she is beaten. A wise man knows that her obstinacy is merely evidence of his successful attack, and should not blame the woman for it. It is best to gracefully concede the point and let her march out with all the honors of war.

"Another emotion in women is jealousy. Woman having approached man, does not mind how the latter deals with her so long as he confines his attention to herself. Jealousy carries with it the rankling sense of inferiority—that something is lacking in her attractiveness or her duty. It is jealousy that prompts to violence and murder, more, perhaps than anything else except drink. It is particularly an instinct. The only way to overcome it is by education.

### Desires for Amusement.

"Women are more sympathetic than men because physiologically they have to endure more. There is no true sympathy without experience.

"A great deal is said about women's desire for amusement. Perhaps much of it is owing to want of occupation. I do not find that where women have plenty to do they acquire an inordinate amount of recreation. They must expend their vitality, their energy in some way, and of course they naturally take it in the usual way. So do men when they have no work to do.

"So we come to the greatest of all emotions—love. This is of two kinds, intellectual and sexual. It is at times difficult for men to understand women's actions in this connection. They may show the greatest nonchalance when they really have the most intense feeling. So they may imperil their chances of success. They prefer to take the risk, though the strain may be so great as to pass the breaking-point. This seems to be partly due to the instinct of self-preservation. The woman is waiting to see how real the feeling of the man may be. It is partly due also to the knowledge that the attack is generally in proportion to the resistance, and partly to self-conceit or pride. There may also be the idea of unreality that often attends emotional display. The woman knows that to her marriage is a much more serious undertaking than it is to the man.

"Therefore the first is not to be wholly condemned. She does not always mean to give pain. She is merely enjoying herself at another's risk, in order to see whether the conditions suit her, and if she does cause pain, it is not her fault.

### A Revelation.

"It is often said that women are cruel to each other. If this is so, it is owing to their anticipatory protective instincts. Self-interest, due to inherent weakness, must engender obstinacy, craft, cruelty, recklessness of means of securing ends, personal adornment to attract quick perception,


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As such evidence read these two unsolicited testimonial letters. We guarantee they are genuine and honest statements of facts.

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Evidence like the above is abundant showing that the derangements of the female organism which breed all kinds of miserable feelings and which ordinary practice does not cure, are the very disorders that give way to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

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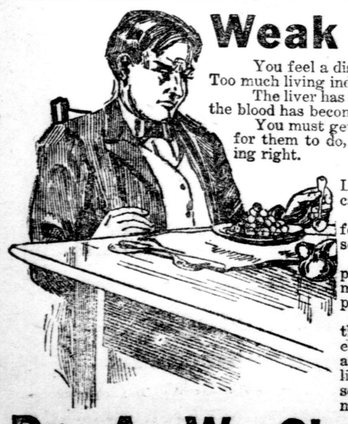
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# Weak Stomach in the Spring



You feel a disgust for food. There has been too much artificial food during the winter. Too much living indoors and breathing impure air. Too little outdoor exercise.

The liver has become torpid and sluggish, the kidneys inactive and the bowels constipated, the blood has become poisoned and impure.

You must get these filtering and excretory organs wakened up. Spring finds much work for them to do, for they alone can purify the blood and get the digestive system working right.

The most rational treatment for you is Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. There is no means known by which the liver, kidneys and bowels can be so quickly restored to vigor and activity.

You can verify this statement by asking your friends and neighbors, for few medicines are so well and favorably known as this tried and proven prescription of the famous Receipt Book author.

If your system is poisoned by impure winter blood, if your appetite is poor and your digestion slow, if you have headache, backache or constipation make a test of this great medicine and you will understand why it is so popular.

**Mr. Wm. Rogers, carpenter, Deseronto, Ont., writes: "I wish to say that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are the best medicine I ever used as they entirely cured me of dyspepsia. I suffered something awful with dyspepsia and had to be very careful of what I ate and to diet myself so much that life was scarcely worth living. The use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills seemed to remove the cause of my trouble for they have completely cured me. I can recommend them most highly as a cure for dyspepsia."**

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action on impulse, if necessary artfulness, and the capacity of waiting until success is assured.

"What is the psychological future of woman? They are outnumbering men, they are taking up the occupations of men, they cannot all be married, and as so much of the chief side of nature cannot be developed, their intellect must suffer. They will become abortive in character and mind. They will develop certain aptitudes which they happen to have, and may become notable in special ways of intellect and work. They will, by their weight of numbers, bring about such social conditions that a revolution will ensue. The married woman, instead of being looked upon as the favored one, will be thought an impediment to their plans by their single sisters.

"To men there is something of a mystery about the female mind. They look for something different from themselves to revere and treat with regard. It comes to them as a shock to find that women want to be like men. Is it worth while to disillusionize them? Let women hesitate before they throw away the charm and interest of mystery for the commonplace of similarity."


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# ALGERNON CHARLES SWINBURNE: HIS WORK

## A Sketch of His Career—Stir Created By His Early Poems—A Graduate of Oxford—Some of His Famous Verse.

Algernon Charles Swinburne was the last leaf on the tree that bore the group of great Victorian poets.

The judgment of the English-speaking world picked him for the post of Poet Laureate when Tennyson died. But his early works had not yet completely triumphed over British prejudice, and Alfred Austin was chosen in his stead amid a general chorus of derision. Swinburne was really a poet—a great poet.

Of late years he had done little creative work and had lived quietly in an eddy of the stream of activity which he once breasted with the most powerful swimmers. He was born on April 5, 1837, in London so that at the time of his death he had just entered his seventy-third year.

Swinburne was the son of Admiral Charles Henry Swinburne and the daughter of the third Earl of Ashburnham. He was not a Londoner, though he happened to be born in London at a time when his family were making a brief visit to the metropolis. His father owned a beautiful place on the Isle of Wight, where the poet spent much of his boyhood.

Neither at Eton nor at Oxford did young Swinburne especially distinguish himself as a scholar, though he became known as an ardent student of things that interested him peculiarly. He went in 1856 to Balliol College, Oxford, where he speedily became intimate in a literary set that included such young men as John Nichol, T. H. Green, R. V. Dicey and James Bryce, the present British ambassador to the United States. He did not take a degree at Oxford, leaving that institution in 1860.

It was shortly after this that he published at his own expense his first volume of poetry, "The Queen Mother," and "Rosamund," two dramas in the Shakespearian style, thus early showing the influence of the Elizabethan dramatists which was destined so long to keep its hold upon him. He had before this made the acquaintance of such growing figures as Rossetti, Burne-Jones and William Morris. His appearance at this time seems to have made a vivid impression upon a number of beholders, who took the trouble to record it. Standing scarcely 5 feet 2 inches, he was slight of frame and lean of flesh. But there was a strong individuality about him. His complexion was startlingly pale, his throat slender, his features refined and his manner both shy and proud.

Yet Swinburne had a sound constitution and led a vigorous life. He was a powerful swimmer and dearly loved a long walk, especially if it rained in torrents. To the last day of his life he scorned to carry an umbrella or to wear an overcoat, and it was only in the latest years of his age that he reconciled himself to wearing gloves, and then only in the bitterest winter weather.

His conversational powers were uncommon from his early youth and at Oxford he was noted for the keenness of his wit, though he never seems to have had much sense of humor. In his later years he is said to have been very fond of reading his own poetry.

After he left Oxford he made a tour of the continent, forming there the acquaintance of Walter Savage Landor, from whom he no doubt acquired certain of those republican sentiments which were supposed to have inspired "A Song in Time of Order." At a much later period in the poet's life a certain leaning toward republicanism appeared to find expression in a poem in which many persons thought they perceived an invitation to the Nihilists to make away with the Czar of Russia. In the House of Commons this poem caused inquiry to be made as to whether the poet were to be prosecuted for inciting murder, to which the speaker replied that the House had "no control over the poet Swinburne."

The two plays which were the poet's first pretentious publication, made at a time just before he went to live at Chelsea with Rossetti and George Meredith, did not attract much attention, but his "Atalanta in Calydon," published four years later, made such a stir that he was hailed as a new poetical star of the first magnitude. It had certain faults of style which to the end were characteristic of the poet; but the critics, for all these faults, were quick to recognize the quality of the new writer.

Mary Queen of Scots, for years an inspiring figure to Swinburne, furnished the inspiration for "Chastelard," which followed "Atalanta." In "Chastelard" appeared the first symptoms of his poetical eroticism, and it was the signal for a critical onslaught as violently condemnatory as the comment on "Atalanta" had been eulogistic. The poet vigorously defended himself, but for years the critical uproar was considerable and the confluent personal gossip amazing. Meantime Swinburne published "Faustine" and "Dolores," and all England read them first and then committed them to memory and quoted them in season and out. So great was the shock when "Laus Veneris, and Other Poems and Ballads" appeared that the British publisher suppressed the first edition. There have been many editions since.

It was about now that the poet went to London to live and passed much time with William Morris, Theodore Watts-Dunton, Whistler, Burne-Jones and Rossetti, coming thus strongly under the influencee of the pre-Raphaelite movement. The long struggle for liberty then going on in Italy also excited his intense sympathy, and "A Song of Italy" and "Songs Before Sunrise" were the results.

The second of the Mary Stuart plays, "Bothwell," he published in 1874 and the previously offended critics gave it a large measure of the approval they had withheld from many of his lyrics. In "Erectheus" there was exhibited much of the Greek spirit that had marked the earlier "Atalanta." About this time he turned his attention to prose and published a critical study of Shakespeare, together with an essay on William Blake. "Songs of Springtides" came next, followed by "Mary Stuart," the third of the trilogy dealing with the unfortunate queen of Scots. There followed the long narrative poem called "Tristram of Lyonese," "The Century of Roundels," "A Midsummer Holiday," a collection of ballads, a tragic poem of the Venice of the Middle Ages called "Marino Faliero," and another tragedy "Locrine." A number of prose works came late in the poet's life, among them being a novel called 'Love's Cross Currents," 1905, which did not excite much comment. His last years Swinburne passed at Putney, where he lived with the friend of his youth, the critic, Theodore Watts-Dunton.

Many traditions exist of the poet's eccentricities. He was exceedingly nervous and quick tempered; moreover his singular lack of a sense of humor occasionally betrayed him into absurd performances, and he excited much merriment by his extraordinary behavior on the occasion of a public dinner to which he brought a footstool, upon which he insisted on sitting literally at the feet of Robert Browning.

On another occasion, perhaps the most extraordinary of all, the poet went to a dinner at the London Arts Club. It appears that when he desired to depart he couldn't find his hat and became so angry that he made an attack on the cloak room, flinging the hats of everybody else upon the floor and dancing on them. There subsequently appeared in a comic paper a parody of Swinburne's Greek manner, relating this episode. It took the form of a drama, the members of the club forming the dramatis personae and the policemen (called in to stop the row) appearing as the chorus. At the climax the members of the club chanted:

As forests with tempests that wrestle,
From the hat racks our hats are torn down,

Chorus of policemen:

The Englishman's house is his castle,
The Englishman's hat is his crown.

Poems on nature bulk large in the work of Swinburne. Of these perhaps the chorus from "Atalanta," generally known as "The Hounds of Spring," is the one best known:

When the hounds of spring are on winter's traces
The mother of months in meadow or plain
Fills the shadows and windy places
With lisp of leaves and ripple of rain;
And the brown bright nightingale amorous
Is half assuaged for Itylus,
For the Thracian ships and the foreign faces,
The tongueless vigil and all the pain.

Come with bows bent and with empty-ing of quivers,
Maiden most perfect, lady of light,
With a noise of winds and many rivers,
With a clamor of waters, and with might;
Bind on thy sandals, O thou most fleet,
Over the splendor and speed of thy feet;
For the faint east quickens, the wan west shivers
Round the feet of the day and the feet of the night.

Where shall we find her, how shall we sing to her,
Fold our hands round her knees and cling?
Oh, that man's heart were as fire and could spring to her,
Fire or the strength of the streams that spring!
For the stars and the winds are unto her
As raiment, as songs of the harp player;
For the risen stars and the fallen cling to her,
And the southwest wind and the west wind sing.

For winter's rains and ruins are over,
And all the season of snows and sins;
The days dividing lover and lover,
The light that loses, the night that wins;
And time remembered in grief forgotten,
And frosts are slain and flowers begotten,
And in green underwood and cover
Blossom by blossom the spring begins.

The full streams feed on flower of rushes,
Ripe grasses trammel a travelling foot,
The faint fresh flame of the young year flushes
From leaf to flower and flower to fruit;
And fruit and leaf are as gold and fire,
And the oat is heard above the lyre,
And the hoofed heel of a satyr crushes
The chestnut husk at the chestnut root.

And Pan by noon and Bacchus by night,
Fleeter of foot than the fleet foot kid,
Follows with dancing and fills with delight
The Maenad and the Bassarid;
And soft as the lips that laugh and hide,
The laughing leaves of the trees divide,
And screen from seeing and leave in sight
The god pursuing, the maiden hid.

The ivy falls with the Bacchanal's hair
Over her eyebrows, shading her eyes;
The wild vine slipping down leaves bare
Her bright breast shortening into sighs;
The wild vine slips with the weight of its leaves,
But the buried ivy catches and cleaves
To the limbs that glitter, the feet that scare
The wolf that follows, the fawn that flies.

Of later poems none has been more popular than "A Forsaken Garden," from which these lines are taken:

Here there was laughing of old, there was weeping
Haply of lovers none ever will know,
Whose eyes went seaward a hundred sleeping
Years ago.

Heart handfast in heart as they stood, "Look thither,"
Did he whisper? "Look forth from the flowers to the sea;
For the foam flowers endure when the rose blossoms wither
And men that love lightly may die—but we?"
And the same wind sang and the same waves whitened,
And or ever the garden's last petals were shed,
In the lips that had whispered, the eyes that had lightened,
Love was dead.

Or, they loved their life through, and then went whither?
And were one to the end—but what end, who knows?
Love deep as the sea as a rose must wither,
As the rose-red seaweed that mocks the rose.
Shall the dead take thought for the dead, to love them?
What love was ever as deep as a grave?
They are loveless now as the grass above them,
Or the wave.

All are at one now, roses and lovers,
Not known of the cliffs and the fields and the sea,
Not a breath of the time that has been hovers
In the air now soft with a summer to be.
Not a breath shall there sweeten the seasons hereafter
Of the flowers or the lovers that laugh now, or weep,
When, as they that are free now of weeping or laughter,
We shall sleep.

# Redmond Gives a Warning

## Says Irish Vote Will Be Cast Against Liberal Party If It Does Not Declare for Home Rule in the Next Election.

Mr. John Redmond, M. P., and Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M. P., addressed a very large meeting in the Hippodrome, Liverpool, the other day.

A resolution was carried urging that the national cause depended upon the united co-operation of the party, the people, and the leaders; demanding unconditional unity in the van of the national struggle; and "hailing with the utmost joy the fact that the reign of dissension is brought to an end by Mr. O'Brien's acceptance of the will of the nation against his policy."

Mr. Redmond, who had an enthusiastic reception on rising to reply, said he was gratified, as he always was, to be in Liverpool.

"I am happy to be able to say to you today that I believe that dissension in Ireland is at an end, and that in the immediate future the Irish party, absolutely united in itself, will be able to speak for an absolutely united Ireland in the House of Commons and in the country."—(Loud cheers.)

### Mr. Birrell's Bill.

Mr. Redmond went on to say that the immediate need for the moment was the land bill of Mr. Birrell. The bill would, if amended in certain leading features, make the land act of Mr. Wyndham work, which was what was chiefly wanted in the congested districts of Ireland. The bill would afford the only possible means of stopping emigration, by enabling the people to earn a decent living in their own land. He had a strong belief that the bill would pass into law. But they had to deal with the Irish landlords and the House of Lords, who had always in the past proved themselves not only hostile but stupid to the last degree from the point of view of their own interest.—(Hear, hear.) If this bill did not pass, many in Ireland would console themselves with the reflection that the state of things would become intolerable, and perhaps in that way the consummation of their political aspiration might be hastened. But let him say for himself that he would deprecate and deeply deplore the creation of such a state of disorder in Ireland, though it might hasten by a few months or years the fruition of their political rights. He trusted that Irish landlordism and the House of Lords would be wise enough to make terms with the Irish people in passing this bill.—(Cheers.)

### The Government and Home Rule.

"I am anxious," he remarked, "that this bill should pass, but with that exception, in my judgment, the sooner a general election comes the better. The action of the present Government on the question of home rule for Ireland has been a deep disappointment to the Irish people.—(Hear, hear.) The extraordinary situation exists that in the House of Commons there is a majority declared in the division lobby of nearly 300 men in favor of home rule, and yet the Government will not introduce a home rule bill, saying they are precluded from doing so by the pledges of some of their members.—(Oh, oh.) If, instead of wasting their time on four futile education bills and a licensing bill, which divided even their own party, they had boldly put home rule in the front of their programme, my own belief is that their position would be stronger today than it is now; but what we have to take care of is that, so far as it rests at any rate in our power, what occurred at the last general election shall not occur again. I see certain signs that what I may call the Liberal League members of the Liberal party are gathering their forces and endeavoring to get control of the councils of that party. Let me say this emphatically and clearly that unless the Liberal leaders put home rule in their programme at the next general election it will be our duty to advise every son of Ireland in Great Britain to cast his vote against the Liberal candidate.—(Cheers.) With the land question, the university question, and the agricultural laborers' question practically settled, the decks are clear for home rule.—(Cheers.) I have got to say—and I venture to say it now in the name not only of my colleagues of the Irish party, but in the name of the Irishmen of Great Britain and Ireland—that the future will witness bitter uncompromising opposition at the polls and afterwards on the floor of the House of Commons to any party in the next parliament, be it Liberal or Radical, Socialist or Tory, which does not make home rule a leading item in its practical legislative programme.—(Loud cheers.)

Mr. T. P. O'Connor said Mr. Redmond did not dwell on the topic which was uppermost in their hearts and minds—the announcements that they might now regard dissension in the Irish ranks as being brought to an end by Mr. O'Brien's submission to the will of the Irish people.—(Hear, hear.) No doubt many of them read the statement with natural and proper sorrow for a man who had had a glorious record in the past.—(Hear, hear.) Another split such as they had some years ago would be the most appalling of blunders. — (Cheers.) Therefore, when they heard that that dissension had been brought to an end by the action of a powerful man they felt as though a nightmare had been removed, as if Ireland had escaped a great peril. With those words he bade farewell to a transient though a sorrowful episode in the life and the career of a great Irishman, who had been responsible for division for the last two or three years.

# SUCCESS AFTER FAILURE: JOHN BUNYAN

By Rev. Thomas B. Gregory.

In the judgment of his contemporaries, the life of John Bunyan was an utter failure. Nor were those contemporaries at all to blame for drawing such conclusion. They could not look ahead, and, arguing from the facts at hand, the only verdict at which they could arrive was that Bunyan had lived wholly in vain.

The son of a wretched tinker, Bunyan grew up to his father's lowly trade and found his occupation and livelihood in wandering about the neighborhood mending pots and kettles. "I was," he tells us, "of a low and inconsiderable generation, my father's house being of that rank that is meanest and most despised of all families in the land." There was no "blue blood" in John Bunyan's veins. From the "smart set" of his day he was as far removed as he was from the inhabitants of Mars.

His education was next to zero, and the little that he learned in his youth was forgotten before he had reached the age of manhood. While still very young he married a wife socially on the same level with himself, and the kind of home they had may be learned from the fact that "they had not so much as a spoon or a dish between them."

The young tinker, after a few years at pot and kettle mending, flirting with the lassies, bell-ringing and other forms of mischief, suddenly became of a very serious frame of mind. His various amusements were dropped, and his sleep was troubled with visions of fiends and devils. He heard voices, one of which said to him, "You must leave your sports, and go to heaven, or keep them and go to hell." He was oppressed with the thought that he had committed the "unpardonable sin." He spoke to an old fanatic about it one day, and received the reply, "I am afraid that you have," which did not give him very much consolation.

If there was ever a poor, miserable wretch, it was Bunyan about this time.

But fortunately the agony finally came to an end; the poor fellow got in touch with "saving grace," and the tinker became a preacher.

As a preacher, Bunyan, as might well have been expected, proved to be one of Shakespeare's "plain, blunt men," a man who hit out straight from the shoulder, and hit hard, regardless of consequences. He preached the truth, as he understood it, in cold, straightforward words.

The inevitable happened. The free lance was soon shivered against the wall of conventionality. The plain, blunt man, who was criminal enough to declare the truth as he conceived it, was given to understand that he would not be tolerated.

This information came to him in a very practical and matter-of-fact way. In 1660 in the 32nd year of his age, he was cast into Bedford jail, where, with a few trifling intermissions, he was to remain for twelve years.

Released in 1672, Bunyan resumed his life-work, dying in 1688, at the age of 60, with a reputation that was trifling, in comparison with the fame that has since come to him.

And now we con easily understand how it was that Englishmen of the closing quarter of the seventeenth century came to the conclusion that Bunyan's life was a failure.

Did it not appear to be such? It is true many people had heard of the eccentric gospel ranter, and the books and pamphlets he had written had reached a considerable circulation among the poor and lowly of his native land, but the "inspired tinker" passed away in anything but a blaze of glory.

The future, however, was to tell another story. In his dungeon in Bedford jail, the tinker wrote "The Pilgrim's Progress," which, after "stealing silently into the world," began, finally, to make all the world wonder.

Translated into practically every known language—the only book in the world which can vie with the Bible in this regard—this immortal allegory has made Bunyan the most popular author known among men.

# THE NEW STYLES IN HOSIERY

## Colored Hose Worn With White Shoes by Both Men and Women.

Colored hosiery is enjoying a great vogue at the southern resorts, this point being emphasized by the very general use of the white costume and the white shoe, which brings into strong contrast the colored hosiery.

An interesting point, says the Dry Goods Economist, is that this vogue extends into men's fashions, as well as those for young girls and women. In both instances there is an evident desire to carry out a color scheme.

Thus a woman wearing a white costume will perhaps have a hat, parasol and hosiery in pink, blue or lavender. A man wearing white flannels will have colored necktie and hose, and possibly a faint line of color in his shirt.

The leading shades for men are reseda green, rose color, wistaria and dull blue, the tones being darker and more neutral than those worn by women, which are usually of the more delicate pastels.

In women's hosiery much self-colored embroidery is used in small floral or conventional designs. There are also many stockings with embroidered silk clocks. All hosiery is of a very sheer quality, this applying to men's hose as well as women's.

Because of the use of colored hosiery with white shoes it must not be taken that white stockings are no longer popular. Quite the reverse is true. They will unquestionably be worn in a very general way throughout the summer.

The marked revival for bronzed kid and bronze leather will bring into request hosiery in matching shades. Smoke gray suede will also emphasize the need of stockings in these dark gray tones. Hosiery in two color plated styles in ribbed effects is quite popular, particularly in men's lines, though some women are also using them.

In children's hosiery, practically everything worn at Palm Beach was white and in sock style. No young children wore stockings. It was only after they had reached eight or ten years of age that the legs were covered. Children old enough to attend evening dancing parties wore silk stockings in white, pink and pale blue, matching the ribbon accesories.

### CIRCUS DARING DUE TO HEREDITY.

Alfred T. Ringling tells me that nine-tenths of the leading performers before the public can be included in thirty families. As sharply defined as any old English lineage, they can be traced backward in some instances more than two centuries — each generation accepting without question the heritage of spangles and tights. The circus daring and the circus muscles and the circus restlessness have descended from father to children and thence to children again. The thrill of the sawdust ring has got into the blood. From the parent trunk branches have crossed and criss-crossed until, as in the case of the Clarksonians and the Demotts and the Siegrists Florenzes, great circus lines have been built up and guarded with the zealous care of a royal genealogy.—The Bohemian.

### CONCERNING SHYNESS.

Shyness is usually the result of inexperience. Contact with the world will always lessen and often cure it. A bashful person is agonizingly conscious of herself, and fancies that other people are thinking about her. She forgets that each person is necessarily much occupied with his "ego." A friend of mine who lived in the country received a visit one day from a rural neighbor. She was distressed to find, on looking down, that there was a hole in the hem of her dress. The visitor also seemed to have his eyes fixed on this unlucky rent. Presently she could bear it no longer, and said: "Mr. X., I see that you are looking at the hole in my gown. I must apologize for it, but the truth is I did not know it was there till just now." To which her visitor replied: "Oh, no, indeed, Mrs. Z., I did not notice your dress was torn till you spoke of it. I was looking at a hole which has suddenly appeared in my shoe." "Qui s'excuse s'accuse." One should rarely apologize.—Harper's Bazar.


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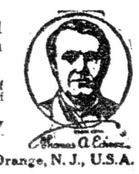
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