

The Semi-Weekly Celebrant

VOL. XL.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1902.

NO. 55.

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT SAYS SOME PLAIN THINGS TO MR. BELL OF PICTOU.

The Minister Corrects Statements Made by the Nova Scotia Member—Mr. Borden Interposes, But is Told He Was Not Spoken To.

Ottawa, March 25.—(Special)—Before the business of the day proceeded with in the house, Sir Richard Cartwright corrected a statement made by A. C. Bell, Monday. The minister of trade and commerce had last week published the statistical year book as a reliable volume and added that way back in 1890 it had calculated the population of the dominion at 5,200,000 souls. Mr. Bell had said that Sir Richard could not produce the evidence of this charge against the year book.

country is making. Mr. Fraser referred to the coal and steel industries in Nova Scotia. Speaking of the Nova Scotia works, he said that so sure were the people in 1896 that all industries would be closed that one man purchased the boards to make shutters for the mills. Instead of these being required for the last two years the workmen could not get off on Thanksgiving or Christmas days by reason of the rush of orders. The company had been able not only to pay 8 per cent but to pay up 32 per cent of arrears of dividends accumulated before 1896.

"NOT GUILTY" SAYS BLONDIN. LAWYER PATRICK IS FOUND GUILTY OF RICE MURDER

INDICTMENT HAD TO BE EXPLAINED TO HIM BY COUNSEL.

Stood Ten Minutes, His Hand Upraised, While It Was Being Read—Four Counts Charging Him With Murder of His Wife—Defence Promises Something.

Boston, March 25.—To a long indictment, charging him with the murder of his wife, Joseph Wilfred Blondin, at Cambridge this afternoon, pleaded not guilty and was committed to jail without bail. He utterly failed to comprehend the contents of the indictment and its purport had to be translated and explained to him by his counsel.

MARCONI TO NEW YORK. INTERVIEWED AT TRURO REPORTED INTERRUPTION OF MESSAGES.

Says the Term is Improperly Used—Famed Inventor Had a Narrow Escape from Injury on Cape Breton—Stone Hurlled Through Window of His Car.

Halifax, N. S., March 25.—(Special)—Signor Marconi left Sydney today for New York, where he will complete arrangements for his wireless station at Cape Cod. While passing through Truro the inventor was interviewed. Asked as to the truth of the report published in London that the battleship Revenge had succeeded in intercepting messages on the Irish coast transmitted from steamers to the Cornwall station, he did not deny that such had been done, but asserted that something of the sort might occur. He said it was natural for a ship fitted with wireless apparatus to receive signals or messages when within the zone of the transmitter, but the word "intercepted" was used quite improperly and probably creates a misconception.

CECIL RHODES PASSED AWAY IN A SIMPLE SEASIDE CABIN.

End of a Notable Career—His Last Words Were Good-Byes—Government Will Give Public Funeral—Sorrow Profound in Cape Town—Reception of the News in London.

Cape Town, March 26.—Cecil Rhodes died this morning. Mr. Rhodes was conscious until 5.55 p. m., when he muttered a few words and sank quickly. The immediate cause of his death was two successive attacks of heart failure.

ST. JOHN PEOPLE IN DIVORCE COURT.

Suit for Separation in Boston—Decree Withheld for a Time.

Boston, March 25.—A suit for separation is in progress between Susan Mowbray and her husband, Jas. R. Mowbray. They were married in 1872 in St. John. They lived in Cambridge until four years ago, when they came to Boston. The wife states that Mr. Mowbray has refused to pay rent and that she had seen him with another woman, with whom he kept company. Mrs. Mowbray keeps her husband in the house. The divorce suit is in the hands of the court.

FACTS IN CONTRAST TO OPPOSITION TALK.

Attorney General, in Local Legislature, Sweeps Away Charges of Mr. Hazen and His Follower—Dignified Language of the Sun Brought Before the House.

Fredericton, March 24.—The house met at 3 o'clock. Mr. Osman rose to a question of privilege and called attention to a paragraph in the Sun referring to the members of this house as "The Gang." He thought this was treating the house with great disrespect.

BALFOUR AND BULLER CORRESPONDENCE PUBLISHED.

London, March 25.—Acrimonious correspondence between A. J. Balfour and General Buller has been made public. Balfour contended that Buller was in command at the battle of Spion Kop, while Buller denied it. Balfour said: "There is no reason why all the Spion Kop despatches should not be published." To this Buller rejoined that he hoped the despatches would be published without manipulation.

SCHOONERS WRECKED.

Were Seiners—Arranging for Shipping the Cargoes—Others at Souris.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., March 25.—(Special)—Two sealers were wrecked yesterday. The schooner, north side of the island. One schooner lost mainmast and hatches, and had timbers stove in by ice and will be a total wreck. The other was damaged, and the crew were rescued. The captain is making arrangements to take the cargoes home. One vessel is from St. John's, the other from the Magdalen Islands. The schooner was from Souris, awaiting favorable weather before proceeding to Newfoundland. Both have cargoes of 2400 and 2,500 seals.

Penalty is Death.

New Trial, However, Will Be Asked—Jury's Finding Means That Patrick Conspired With Millionaire's Valet to Obtain Seven Million Dollar Estate.

New York, March 25.—Albert T. Patrick, lawyer, was this evening convicted of the murder on Sept. 23, 1900, of the aged millionaire, William Marsh Rice. The penalty under the statute is death in the electric chair. A case of three hours of deliberation, at the close of a trial prolonged for nine weeks and replete with sensational interest, sufficed to enable the jury to reach their verdict. The issue of the trial established the charge that Patrick conspired with Rice's valet, Charles F. Jones, to obtain possession of the aged Texan's estate, estimated at \$7,000,000, and that Jones killed his employer by the administration of chloroform at the direct instigation of Patrick.

THE FOURTH CONTINGENT.

Probable Arrangements for Mobilization and Composition of Force.

Ottawa, March 25.—(Special)—While definite announcements have not yet been made concerning the composition of the contingent for the coronation it is pretty well known that it will be largely on the lines of that sent to the jubilee, except that the members from the various corps will be larger. It is likely it will consist of a battery of artillery, a squadron of cavalry, a company of infantry and a company of rifles.

LIBERAL VICTORY ONCE MORE IN BEAUHARNOIS.

Beauharnois, Que., March 25.—(Special)—The dominion by-election in Beauharnois today between Geo. Loy, Liberal, and J. G. H. Bergeron, Conservative, resulted in a victory for Loy by 158 majority. The majority were:

For Loy—Valleyfield, 237; St. Cecile, 46; St. Stanislas, 54; St. Louis, 118; For Bergeron—St. Timothee, 21; St. Clement, 96; Beauharnois, 149; St. Eustache, 31; Montreal, March 25.—(Special)—The Conservatives are very much disappointed at Bergeron's failure to carry Beauharnois county, as they were confidently counting upon defeating Loy. The fact of a French-speaking constituency like Beauharnois electing an English Protestant to represent them in parliament is regarded as significant.

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(Continued from page 1.)

one presented the other day. If the balance on emergency account and royal receipt had not been carried over the apparent decrease would have been converted into a deficit of \$40,000. The result of the year's operation was \$200,000 added to the funded debt, \$40,000 to the net debt, \$14,000 overdraw on lunatic asylum account and \$88,000 on public works.

There had been enormous increase in the cost of executive government and in the controllable expenditures. The attorney general was last year \$2,253 larger services in connection with the Eastern Extension claim. This for 18 days services. Hon. Mr. Pugsley—it must be born in mind that my services extend over ten years and included my own and the premier's travelling expenses.

Mr. Hazen said he considered the amounts the attorney general was in receipt of excessive considering that he received \$2,100 per year as attorney general. Last year he received \$3,450, the largest ever paid an attorney general in one year. The average cost of each member of the executive for the seven years was \$3,471.55. The opposition was charged with being equally responsible for the increased expenditures because they had voted for the severance bill, the chief cause of the increase. After a criticism of the budget it is not the duty of the opposition to criticize every item in supply thus causing delay and increasing the negative expense. But it was not true as charged by the premier that he (Hazen) had never opposed any item of expenditure.

With reference to the St. John hospital while he regretted the evidence adduced, it was only fair to suspend judgment until the commissioners had reported. His idea was that the time had come for a change by placing in charge a medical man of standing and experience.

A surplus of \$49,000 is estimated for next year, but deduct \$40,000 which is being borrowed for mailbox expenditure and placed in the estimated receipts also a moss grown claim of \$3,000 and the surplus is reduced to \$1,000.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Able Arrangement of Facts as Against Charges Made by Mr. Hazen and Colleagues.

The attorney general said: "I am sure the house is to be congratulated on the able manner in which the case both of the government and the opposition has been presented. With regard to the government supporters who have spoken, there could not have been a more forcible presentation. As the opposition I regret that the honorable member for Carleton, whose eloquence has been so often heard in the assembly, did not do himself justice in his opening remarks which were calculated to raise race and religious hatred. His attacks on myself were not so unfair as were his observations on what he alleged was said at Piasirac."

Mr. Hazen's Religious Appeal.

"I am sorry that he should think, when every other means of success has been exhausted, that he should hope to succeed by making a religious appeal to the hearts of this country. In this last hopeless effort he will fail utterly. The people of this country are too broadminded to listen to such appeals. They will judge the argument on its merits, because they know that it is not influencing its policy by any questions of race or religion, but is ready to do justice to the opposition. I stated what took place on that occasion. It is true that I had been a candidate of the Conservative party for Kings, but I had handed back my trust."

Justice Was Not Being Done St. John.

"I found that justice was not being done to the port of St. John and when we were told from the lips of the minister representing this province in the dominion government, that we were not to be free. I was proud to know that my hands were free. A feeling of indignation had spread through the community of St. John and I was glad to accept the nomination to the third party. That party triumphed as I predicted it would. But although I was not elected, the government were defeated and another government was formed which did justice to St. John. My friend, the leader of the opposition, went down beneath the wave of indignation that was raised and Mr. Blair became minister in the course of a year the mail steamers which had been going to a foreign port for 30 years began to run to St. John. He did not do so as the leader of the opposition did when he represented St. John in the house of commons and raised no voice on behalf of his interests. Now St. John is becoming one of the great sea ports of America. The good cause has triumphed. I opposed the remedial bill not from religious prejudices, but because I regarded it as contrary to the provisions of the constitution and as an attempt to force upon the people of Manitoba a bill to which they were not assenting. I believe that if an attempt had been made to enforce it it would have caused a rebellion in the province. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, when he became premier, settled the question in a manner satisfactory to all and, instead of almost rebellion, we have peace, harmony and prosperity. I trust that my honorable friend will not again, in the discussion to the question of supply, attempt to drag in these bold religious issues which are long since dead and buried."

Answers to Charges.

"The member for Carleton is an orator, but would advise him not to cultivate that talent too much, because all the orators of his party have been left at home. After all, the workers are the men who succeed in life. My honorable friend made many references to myself and charged that I had received from the province the sum of \$10,000 in one year. Let us take up some of these items and examine them. He charges that I received \$100 in the case of Dunn against the King and also a large sum from the Eastern Extension claim. It has never been regarded as a part of the duty of the attorney general to attend the trial of civil cases in the interest of the crown. In the case of the Maritime Bank, where some \$30,000 was involved, Mr. Blair acted for the province. He was then attorney general and no man was ever ready

to work harder for the province than he but when it came to a civil case even he did not consider that it was a part of his duty to attend to it without being paid for his services. He went to England to argue the case and received for that a large fee. That was a good precedent. Another was supplied by the school bill case for which Hon. Mr. King, who was then attorney general, received \$3,000. Therefore, when I was asked to attend to the case of Dunn vs. the King, I thought I should be paid for the work. The case was a very important one. Dunn was the assignee of Tibbitts and a considerable part of the amount due was amounting altogether to \$88,000. Nominally the suit was against the government of Canada, but if it had gone against us it would have been charged to us and the amount of the verdict taken out of our subsidy. When it came up before the Supreme Court of Canada, the chief justice said the province of New Brunswick should be represented. I looked into the whole case very thoroughly and for preliminary expenses I drew \$200. After doing some more work upon it, I drew \$200 more. Fearing that I might not be able to attend to argue the case at Ottawa I employed Mr. White and he argued the case and obtained judgment for the province. I paid Mr. White's fee of \$300 and out of my own pocket so that only \$50 was left to myself. It does seem to me that, before making this charge, my honorable friend might have asked me about this matter."

Another Item Explained.

"Then I am charged with \$80, for expenses to Halifax. Why should that sum be charged against me? The premier and myself went to Halifax to consult with the government of Nova Scotia on the fisheries question, the Quebec resolutions, the agricultural college and other matters and this sum went to pay our hotel expenses. Other similar delegations have cost the province hundreds of dollars, while what we received barely paid our expenses."

Rush Into Charge Making.

"Then I am charged with obtaining \$2,016 for settling succession duties. A considerable part of this work was done by the Hon. A. S. White, the Hon. Mr. Emmerson, the Hon. Mr. McKeown and Mr. Carvell and they were all paid for what they did. Then there was a reference to Mr. Regan of \$78, a refund to Julia McGee of \$175. The member for Carleton ought to have asked for information before making this charge either by asking personally or by an address and yet, with out the slightest rhyme or reason he charges me with receiving this whole sum. That is no way to treat a public man and when he appeals to the public he should be careful to have the facts fairly and truthfully presented. With regard to the succession duties let me say that the labor performed is far greater than most persons imagine. The attorney general has to see that the proper duties are not deferred to their proper dues. I have to keep constantly on the alert. Let me mention a case. Four years before I became attorney general my estate had been undervalued and took the matter up and obtained \$700 for the province."

The Facts of the Eastern Extension Claim.

"With regard to the Eastern Extension claim I am surprised at the leader of the opposition taking exception to the amount of the claim. After hearing the explanations of the premier that it was for services extended over four years. It also included travelling expenses and the honorarium paid during that period, including many visits to Ottawa. The claim was a large one and it was not a simple matter. For the thirteen years from 1884 to 1896, Conservative governments all refused to recognize it. When the present government came into power we felt renewed hope, but even in 1896, when I was attorney general, we were not able to get the claim. It was not until 1898 that the Dominion government had paid to the province \$250,000 for the Eastern Extension when they ought to have paid \$400,000 and they did not pay this balance till 1884. Our contention was that as they had paid the principal they ought to pay the interest which would be \$110,000. It requires a good deal of work to raise a claim from \$110,000 to \$275,000. The Dominion government had entrusted their case to Mr. Newcombe, deputy minister of justice, who had been strongly opposed to the claim. We put forward the contention that as a result of their action they had lost between \$2,000 and \$3,000 a year, the interest was compounded, \$110,000 added and the claim allowed. I was retained in the case in 1898 before I was even a member of this house and I gave it my best attention. I would like to know any company or private individual having a claim of nearly \$300,000 which had been pressed unsuccessfully for 20 years that would not be willing to pay \$20,000 to receive the money. The government had charged no more than a private individual would have to pay for my services. When I was young I would have been willing to work for \$5 or \$10 a day, but I have spent more than 20 years studying my profession and my services now demand \$20,000 or \$75 per day. Not long ago I tried a case in this city against my honorable friend, the leader of the opposition. It lasted five or six days and I won it for my client and he paid me \$500. Certainly it was better for the man to pay \$500 to win an important case than half that sum to lose it. There is a great difference whether you win or lose. The sum received on the Eastern Extension claim by me, \$2,500 was paid for actual expenses so that the balance amounted to about \$2,700, or about \$700 a year. That certainly is not an excessive reward for success in a case of such magnitude. The leader of the opposition spoke of my receiving \$425 for services in the bridge investigation. These services were performed in the year 1900 and were of a unusual character. I charged just the same as the Stockton—\$80 a day, and the difference in our claim is because I went twice to Montreal and Ottawa for the purpose of breaking down the timony of the men of the Dominion Bridge Company. In regard to the charge of \$200 for travelling expenses that money certainly did not go into my pocket, but into the pockets of the hotel keepers, and it certainly was very much less than I actually expended."

The Financial Crisis Replied To.

"I was surprised to see the member for Carleton setting up the cry that Quebec had received more by road money than Carleton, and also that he should accuse

the government of making a toll bridge at Hartland. If he ever becomes provincial secretary he will find that it will be necessary for him to look over the whole province and see what the necessities of each county require, and that he cannot settle the matter offhand in the manner he has attempted. He blames us for increasing the bonded indebtedness, and he also blames us for not building a free bridge at Hartland. There are very important roads in the province. The Hartland bridge is only 14 miles from Woodstock, where we had expended \$150,000 on a bridge. The Hartland men came down and asked us to build the bridge. We were asked for sufficient bonds to build a toll bridge. We did so and they agreed to make it a toll bridge. The tolls charged on the bridge are very small and the people are well content to pay them. They are not one-third as high as some of my own constituents have to pay on a ferry to get to Carleton Place."

The Surplus Stands Out.

"Yet, after all the cry against extravagance we are able to show a surplus of nearly \$50,000 which I think is a very good showing. The leader of the opposition in his speech for the purpose of illustrating the avowed extravagance of the government and red figures showing the difference in the cost of the executive government in 1895 and 1901. He said the cost had increased without taking into account the department of municipalities. He has picked out 1895 for his comparison because it was the last of the seven years except the year 1898. If he had called attention to the years 1897 he would find that that year the cost was \$31,278, while last year it was \$300 less. Why did he not say that we deserve credit for the reduction from 1897 to this year. He picks out the lowest year for his comparison, which is unfair. I mention this because the sum varies from year to year."

Deceived Kingston People.

"In his Kingston speech, for the sake of securing the votes of the people, he deliberately deceived them. He took up the expenses of the government and legislature and dealt with them, as a lawyer might do who had a bad case. He said the expenses for legislature in 1896 were \$125,000 and in 1901, \$290,000. He stopped and led the people to believe that the government had been so reckless as to increase their expenditure by \$165,000 in our years. Yet at that moment he had in his possession the Royal Gazette which showed that for 1901 the expenditure was \$125,000 only. It did not have been the main part to have said the expenditure of Kingston the truth, that the expenses of the year 1900 were swelled by the length of the session. The cost of repairing the indebtedness of each member of the legislature increased by \$100, which added \$4,000 to the amount paid to members alone. In 1900 to \$1,000 in 1901 and this the leader of the opposition did not mention. His hearers if he did not intend to deceive them."

Mr. Hazen's Speech.

"Mr. Hazen said that he was surprised at the member for Carleton setting up the cry that Quebec had received more by road money than Carleton, and also that he should accuse the government of making a toll bridge at Hartland. If he ever becomes provincial secretary he will find that it will be necessary for him to look over the whole province and see what the necessities of each county require, and that he cannot settle the matter offhand in the manner he has attempted. He blames us for increasing the bonded indebtedness, and he also blames us for not building a free bridge at Hartland. There are very important roads in the province. The Hartland bridge is only 14 miles from Woodstock, where we had expended \$150,000 on a bridge. The Hartland men came down and asked us to build the bridge. We were asked for sufficient bonds to build a toll bridge. We did so and they agreed to make it a toll bridge. The tolls charged on the bridge are very small and the people are well content to pay them. They are not one-third as high as some of my own constituents have to pay on a ferry to get to Carleton Place."

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reception in Oct., 1901; also the financial statement of Newfoundland for 1901. Mr. Purdy introduced a bill relating to the St. John water supply system.

Presbyterian Century Fund.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie presented the report of the corporations committee, recommending the bill relating to the board of trustees of the century church and manse building fund.

Mr. Lawson introduced a bill amending the act incorporating Perth Centre for water and fire purposes. The house went into committee, Mr. Porter in chair in consideration of the bill No. 38 amending the liquor act of 1896, bill No. 41 for the adoption of Atlantic standard time, and bill No. 10 to abolish priority among execution creditors.

Atlantic Standard Time.

In reference to the bill relating to the adoption of Atlantic standard time, Hon. Mr. Tweedie said he had received a telegram from the minister of railways stating that the question of adopting Atlantic standard time in the province was under consideration. This time in one hour faster than Eastern standard, and there is a strong movement in the province for its adoption. The inconvenience caused by having no regular system having been experienced by the travelling public and others. The I. C. R. and the C. P. R. are being willing to adopt Atlantic standard, it was thought that it would be uniform in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, hence the introduction of this bill. The bill will not come into force until proclaimed by the governor-in-council. It was agreed to.

Bill of Importance to Business Interests.

The bill to abolish priority among execution creditors was explained by Hon. Mr. Pugsley. The object was: The present law is causing discredit to the business community, and outside business houses are backward about giving credit to our merchants because of the state of our present law under which a debtor may take a creditor to proceed against him. The bill would give a creditor a right to proceed against a debtor. The present bill is a complement of the bill of 1895, and under its provisions where a debtor allows a creditor to proceed against him, he gets judgment other creditors who have claims may hand them into the same sheriff and are entitled to be paid pro rata. A similar bill was introduced in 1895, but it was not passed. But this act goes further than the Ontario act, in as much as it provides that proof of claims, whether they be overdue or not, shall be taken into consideration. It is in force for just the same share as the claim of an execution creditor.

Mr. Hazen congratulated the attorney general on the introduction of this measure which would be received with favor by the business community of St. John and elsewhere, and which would have the effect of doing away with the suspicion that existed among outside merchants in regard to our business men, because under the present act a creditor on the ground might be able to receive payment for the full amount of his claim and those at a distance get nothing. Progress was reported.

Mr. Hazen gave notice of inquiry with regard to the Central railway.

The house went into committee on the bill to incorporate the Carleton County Operative Fire Insurance Association. Mr. Hazen explained the bill and stated that a large number of business men of Woodstock into a mutual insurance company. It had been recommended by the corporations committee. Hon. Mr. Hill did not intend to oppose the bill, but he considered such legislation dangerous. When a great fire occurred in that town, the insurance companies usually paid nothing to anyone.

After passing three sections of the bill the committee separated until 7:30 o'clock. The committee resumed at 7:30 o'clock. The bill was agreed to with amendments.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Tweedie time for the introduction of private bills was extended for seven days.

The house proceeded to the order of the day. The attorney general said: "When Hon. Mr. Hazen introduced his bill to amend the law relating to the bridge charges, I was surprised to see the member for Carleton setting up the cry that Quebec had received more by road money than Carleton, and also that he should accuse the government of making a toll bridge at Hartland. If he ever becomes provincial secretary he will find that it will be necessary for him to look over the whole province and see what the necessities of each county require, and that he cannot settle the matter offhand in the manner he has attempted. He blames us for increasing the bonded indebtedness, and he also blames us for not building a free bridge at Hartland. There are very important roads in the province. The Hartland bridge is only 14 miles from Woodstock, where we had expended \$150,000 on a bridge. The Hartland men came down and asked us to build the bridge. We were asked for sufficient bonds to build a toll bridge. We did so and they agreed to make it a toll bridge. The tolls charged on the bridge are very small and the people are well content to pay them. They are not one-third as high as some of my own constituents have to pay on a ferry to get to Carleton Place."

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"I am sorry that he should think, when every other means of success has been exhausted, that he should hope to succeed by making a religious appeal to the hearts of this country. In this last hopeless effort he will fail utterly. The people of this country are too broadminded to listen to such appeals. They will judge the argument on its merits, because they know that it is not influencing its policy by any questions of race or religion, but is ready to do justice to the opposition. I stated what took place on that occasion. It is true that I had been a candidate of the Conservative party for Kings, but I had handed back my trust."

Justice Was Not Being Done St. John.

"I found that justice was not being done to the port of St. John and when we were told from the lips of the minister representing this province in the dominion government, that we were not to be free. I was proud to know that my hands were free. A feeling of indignation had spread through the community of St. John and I was glad to accept the nomination to the third party. That party triumphed as I predicted it would. But although I was not elected, the government were defeated and another government was formed which did justice to St. John. My friend, the leader of the opposition, went down beneath the wave of indignation that was raised and Mr. Blair became minister in the course of a year the mail steamers which had been going to a foreign port for 30 years began to run to St. John. He did not do so as the leader of the opposition did when he represented St. John in the house of commons and raised no voice on behalf of his interests. Now St. John is becoming one of the great sea ports of America. The good cause has triumphed. I opposed the remedial bill not from religious prejudices, but because I regarded it as contrary to the provisions of the constitution and as an attempt to force upon the people of Manitoba a bill to which they were not assenting. I believe that if an attempt had been made to enforce it it would have caused a rebellion in the province. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, when he became premier, settled the question in a manner satisfactory to all and, instead of almost rebellion, we have peace, harmony and prosperity. I trust that my honorable friend will not again, in the discussion to the question of supply, attempt to drag in these bold religious issues which are long since dead and buried."

Answers to Charges.

"The member for Carleton is an orator, but would advise him not to cultivate that talent too much, because all the orators of his party have been left at home. After all, the workers are the men who succeed in life. My honorable friend made many references to myself and charged that I had received from the province the sum of \$10,000 in one year. Let us take up some of these items and examine them. He charges that I received \$100 in the case of Dunn against the King and also a large sum from the Eastern Extension claim. It has never been regarded as a part of the duty of the attorney general to attend the trial of civil cases in the interest of the crown. In the case of the Maritime Bank, where some \$30,000 was involved, Mr. Blair acted for the province. He was then attorney general and no man was ever ready

A PASTOR WHO WAS BEFRIENDED BY AN EMPEROR SAVED BY PE-RU-NA.



REV. H. STUEBENVOLL.

Rev. H. Stuebenvoll, of Elkhorst, Wis., is pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Church of that place. Rev. Stuebenvoll is the possessor of two bibles presented to him by Emperor William of Germany. Upon the fly leaf of one of the bibles the Emperor has written in his own handwriting a text.

This honored pastor in a recent letter to the Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, O., says concerning their famous catarrh remedy, Peruna: "The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O. Gentlemen: 'I had hemorrhages of the lungs for a long time, and all departed of me. I took Peruna and was cured. It gave me strength and courage, and made healthy, pure blood. It increased my weight, gave me a healthy color, and I feel well. It is the best medicine in the world. If everyone kept Peruna in the house it would save many from death every year.' Yours very truly, H. Stuebenvoll."

REV. H. STUEBENVOLL.

Thousands of people have catarrh who would be surprised to know it, because it has been called some other name than catarrh. The fact is, catarrh is catarrh wherever located; and another fact which is not mentioned by the member for Carleton is that Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Catarrh is an American disease. Fully one-half of the people are afflicted more or less with it in some form. Peruna is the discovery of Peruna, catarrh was considered well nigh incurable. Since the introduction of Peruna to the medical profession thousands of cases are cured annually. Mr. W. D. Smith, a well-known grocer of Port Huron, Mich., writes: "By following your instructions and taking Peruna and Manalin I am cured of catarrh. I had catarrh for twelve years and quite a bad cough so I could not sleep nights. I do not have any cough now, and if I feel anything in the throat I take a swallow of Peruna and I am all right."—W. D. Smith.

Peruna can be obtained for \$1.00 a bottle at all first-class drug stores in Canada. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U. S. A.

Today are in some lines that were there. I do not reflect on Mr. Blair, for he is doing as much as he could with the means at his disposal, just as we are doing now with the means at our disposal. Take the item for agriculture. The expenditure for that item in 1896 was \$21,830, while last year it was \$33,631, an increase of about \$11,000. Surely that speaks well for the government's attention to the agricultural interests of the province. This increase, includes the salaries of the officials who are now doing the work of the department of agriculture. No doubt when the statement many persons thought that it had been fully given of extravagance, but we were spending this money for the benefit of the farmers.

Can't Say Money Was Improperly Spent.

"Then he has sought to create an alarm in regard to the increase of the bonded debt, yet neither he nor the member for Carleton has been able to place their finger on one item of the total which will say should not have been expended. Of the bonded debt, \$150,000 was for the Woodstock bridge. Will the member for Carleton say that that money should not have been expended? Another large sum for steel bridges in various parts of the country. Are there any of these bridges which we should not have built? Will he say that these bridges are unnecessary? People will take no stock in these charges unless the opposition can point out where the money was improperly spent."

Bonded Debt Analyzed.

"Then let us look at the item which makes up the bonded indebtedness of the province. A great part of this is due to the railway subsidy act of 1882, which was passed under the old government and before Mr. Blair came into power. The railways subsidized under this act were: Carleton Branch Railway, \$15,000; Harvey Branch, \$9,000; Carleton Railway, \$10,000; Canada Eastern, \$34,000; St. Louis, Richmond & Beetonville, \$21,000; Plgin Pettedville & Havelock, \$37,000; Moncton & Beatonville, \$35,000; Albert Southern, \$48,200; Central, \$147,000; Temiscouata, \$80,000; St. John Bridge Railway, \$5,500; St. Stephen & Milltown, \$12,000. Prior to that the old government had created a bonded indebtedness for: Carleton Branch Railway, \$15,000; Harvey Branch, \$9,000; Pettedville & Elgin, \$70,000; Andover Branch, \$31,000; Madawaska bridge, \$10,000; Grand Southern Railway, \$412,000; Kent Northern, \$133,200; St. John suspension bridge, \$63,000; Woodstock bridge, \$25,000. These make a total of \$2,035,380 for which the old government are responsible. In addition the old government left a floating debt of \$221,374, of which Mr. Blair paid \$71,374, out of his current revenue and funded the balance of \$250,000. The old government paid off \$44,000 of these bonds before Mr. Blair took office, leaving \$2,091,380 of outstanding debt, which was legislated by the old government. Mr. Blair came into office in 1883 and the amount of bonded indebtedness incurred by him down to the end of the fiscal year 1896 was: Horse importation, \$20,000; public bridges, \$275,000; Tobique Valley Railway, \$70,000; Black Brook Branch, \$20,000; Woodstock bridge, \$150,000; grain elevator, St. John, \$4,500. Total, \$549,500. He redeemed \$25,300 of these bonds, leaving a total amount of bonded indebtedness by Mr. Blair down to the end of the fiscal year 1896 of \$524,200; added to this the total amount of debt created by the old government \$2,091,380, and we have a total debt at the end of 1896 of \$2,615,500. There has been added within the last five years \$235,846, making the total bonded debt at the end of 1901 \$2,851,346. A bonded debt since 1896 has been mainly for steel bridges and 1 obligation my bes-

Where Reductions Were Made

"The reduction are in travelling expenses, stenographers, the salaries of the solicitor general, the accountant of the surveyor general department, and the assistant engineer of the public works department, making a saving of \$37,475. With regard to the expenses of the public works department, the total for last year was \$21,236, but this includes \$1,325 which properly belongs to 1900, being the balance of the cost of the steel bridge investigation. The net legislative expenses last year were less than \$200,000, while in 1895 they were \$200,741. Yet in the meantime five new members had been added to the legislature. Again the increased cost of executive government between 1895 and 1901 has been reduced

Comparisons With 1896.

"Let us take up the year 1896, the last year of Mr. Blair's government, and show how much larger the appropriations of

Suffered Fifteen Years.

C. F. Gerding, Millbury, N. B., writes: "I contracted a heavy cold about fifteen years ago and tried all kinds of patent medicines and drugs recommended for a cold or heavy cough, but found none to help me and my condition improved by Peruna. My age is seventy-eight years, and I am better now than I have been for years. I still keep using your great medicine, and am still improving in health. I recommend it to all sufferers with coughs and colds."—C. F. Gerding.

Peruna, The Greatest Remedy Known For Catarrh.

Mr. Chas. H. Stevens, 67 Seventeenth Street, Detroit, Mich., writes: "I have the greatest pleasure to testify to the merits of Peruna as a remedy for catarrh. I suffered for some time with chronic nasal catarrh, but after five months' treatment during which time I used several bottles of Peruna, I am pleased to say that I am entirely well, there being not the slightest trace of the catarrh left. Peruna is without doubt the greatest remedy known for catarrh."—Chas. H. Stevens.

Admitted Since Childhood With Catarrh.

Mr. Elbert S. Richards, Milton, Conn., writes: "I am near sixty-eight years of age, and have from childhood been afflicted with catarrh in the head, and, for the past four or five years, been afflicted with it in my eyes; they being watery, would not mate a good deal, and stick together in the night. My condition was so fully described in your almanac that I decided to try Peruna."

"I am thankful to say that I now consider myself entirely free from catarrh, and only use Peruna occasionally now as a tonic. Accept my sincere thanks for your personal interest in my case."

"My son, 2 years of age, has been using Peruna for a number of weeks for catarrh in the head and has obtained great relief."—Elbert S. Richards.

Catarrh Thirty Years.

Mr. Andrew Barrett, 910 N. Kidzie Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes: "It gives me great pleasure to testify to the merits of such a worthy remedy for catarrh as your Peruna. I had suffered for thirty years from this very annoying disease and had tried many so-called remedies but until I used Peruna none had the desired effect. I have been connected with the Chicago Police Department for the past twenty-eight years. I can cheerfully recommend Peruna to anyone suffering from catarrh."—Andrew Barrett.

"If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis."

Address: Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Peruna Can Be Obtained For \$1.00 a Bottle at All First-Class Drug Stores in Canada.

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erty and by law they are bound to re- store it. We have the assurance of the minister of railways that he will recom- mend to his colleagues the payment of this money. We are told that the esti- mates for contingencies at \$14,000 is too low, but it must be remembered that out of the contingencies of the last year \$2- 200 was paid to Mr. McLeod for the bal- ance of his bill for the reports of 1900. That item now disappears. Last year we not only paid this sum but \$1,500 to the present reporter, Mr. Hammy. The sum of \$1,500 will also be paid this year, and there is no reason to believe that any more will be asked for. I am happy to be able to say that the reports published under this new arrangement are giving every satisfaction.

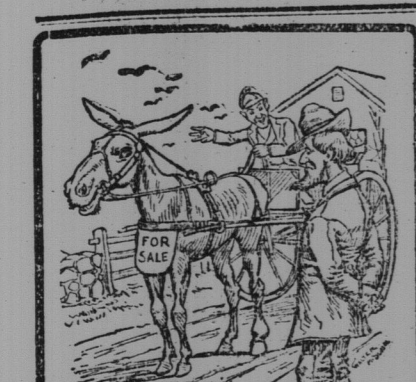
No Need for Gloomy Predictions. There is no ground for the gloomy pre- dictions of my honorable friends with re- gard to the future of the province. Its financial position is excellent. We begin this year with a balance of \$300,000. The opposition are fond of quoting the finances of Nova Scotia, and comparing them with our own. The members of the executive in Nova Scotia receive much larger sal- aries than we do. The premier is paid \$4,000; our premier receives \$2,100. The attorney general of Nova Scotia receives \$3,100; while I get \$2,100. I am not afraid to compare our own financial position with that of Nova Scotia. Looking at the ac- counts of 1901 I find that they started with a balance of \$177,000 against us. There was a balance of \$300,000 against us. They received for Eastern Extension claims \$671,836 and put it into current revenue, we received \$275,000. At the end of the year they had a favorable balance of \$82,000, we had a favorable balance of \$28,000. I venture to say that this is a good showing, although the province of Nova Scotia for several years past has been governed by very able men. That province received from its mines \$403,818 last year, twice as much as our territorial revenue. Considering our limited revenue and the heavy charges upon it this prov- ince has been admirably governed and we have every reason to look forward with hope to the future.

Revenue Promises Increase. Our revenue will soon be largely in- creased. When the coal fields of Queens and Sunbury are fully developed we may expect to receive in royalties from \$200,000 to \$300,000 for coal. The leader of the op- position charges me with promising the electors of Kings to construct a railway via St. John valley to Edmundston. What I said was that I thought this railway should be built. I felt it was not credit- able to the province that the oldest set- tled portion of it, one of the most fertile districts, should not be without railway facilities. I expressed the hope when we had received increased revenue from coal royalties, we would be able to construct the St. John valley railway, but I did not pledge this assistance until a favorable re- sult had been reached with regard to the railway now under construction in Queens. I yield to no one in my desire to see the various sections of this province provided with railway facilities.

The Fisheries Claim. With regard to the fisheries claim against the Dominion government under the Halifax award, I have no doubt that this claim will be recognized by the Dominion government. It has been decided by the highest court of the empire that New Brunswick owns the fisheries in its tidal rivers and it follows as a matter of course that we also own the fisheries for three miles out from the sea shore. New Brunswick's share of the Halifax award would be about \$1,000,000 and this sum will be doubled since it was paid when the award was made at \$500,000. It is claimed that this money must go to the fishermen, but the Dominion government has only been paying our fishermen \$100,000 the past year of \$150,000 a year. We intend to press this fishery claim and we will ask the Dominion government to settle it or refer it to the courts.

"In conclusion, I beg to thank this house for the courtesy and patience with which they have listened to me. I have endeavor- ed to put matters fairly before the house, and to continue the opposition in as un- friendly spirit, but I only wish to show the gross injustices and unfairness of the attacks that have been made upon the administration."

Present to Speaker of Nova Scotia House. Halifax, March 25—(Special)—In the house of assembly today, Speaker Thomas Robinson was presented with an address and \$400. He will be in a few days for a trip south for his health.



"I sell him cheap!" You can judge the value of an animal and his price in the market. It is not only the quality of the animal but the quality of the seed. For seeds are those of uncertain growth and produce very few calves. It is an extravagant waste to use them. Cheap seeds may give greater profit to the user as he loses.

GOOD QUALITY. In seeds is the foundation of worth. It is the result from selecting and sowing the best together with care and intelligence to its growing and means success to the user.

Steele-Briggs Seeds are known for their "Good Quality" and "Purity". They are sold and used in Canada than any other kind. Buy your seeds from dealers who sell and insist upon having them. If you cannot get them from a local merchant send your order direct. Steele-Briggs Seeds are "Just as Good". Send for catalogue if you have not received it.



The Spring months are a trying time to most people. At no other time of the year do health and strength seem so hard to gain and to hold. You do not feel that you are really sick, but you feel about as bad as you could if you were seriously ill. That feeling ought to be got rid of—and it can be. What you need is a tonic to enrich the blood and free it from the impurities which have lodged in your system during the winter, and which are responsible for your present condition.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills For Pale People

is the only reliable, never-failing tonic medicine. These pills make new, rich blood, strengthen the nerves, and bring health and renewed vitality to every organ in the body. They are an ideal Spring medicine, and the best thing in the world for all diseases having their origin in impoverished or impure blood.

Mr. Joseph Miller, M.P., Grand Ave., N. B., says: "Both my wife and daughter have greatly benefited by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In my daughter's case she was in very poor health, pale, thin and apparently listless, but she has regained strength and is now able to enjoy life. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the best of medicines when the blood is in a poor condition."

There are no pills "just the same as," or "just as good as" Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and for this reason you must get the genuine with the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper on every box. Sold by all dealers in medicines or sent post paid in a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by addressing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MARKET REPORTS.

THE ENGLISH TIMBER TRADE.

London, March 25.—The Timber Trades Journal today has the following: The fact of such a large quantity of spruce just now being pressed on the Lon- don market shows a desire on the part of some holders to clear off last year's stock, but does not necessarily imply a weak market. For instance, in Liverpool it is reported that spruce there are lower than they have been for some time; but, as a matter of fact, buyers have been waiting themselves of the opportunity to get forward their orders, and probably have done bet- ter than they had done on the other side of the regular way. The fact of this, however, that the small waister spruce at such places as St. John and Halifax, which are the only open winter ports in New Brun- swick, having been shipped in this way, there will be no spruce left on hand until the middle of May or later. In St. John, and about the same time on the Boston side, the spruce stock is very large, and has a favorable effect on stocks on this side when the time for the new shipments arrives. The weather has been very unfavorable all through Canada, and this country has a fortnight's cold, which has done much to bring a visit to this country and the other side of the traffic of the city being, as usual at this time, carried on by sleighs, which have to be substituted—quite a novel occurrence—owing to the heavy rains having cleared all the snow away. The present city quotations for spruce regulars to Commercial (Sawyer's Book) is 43 1/2.

MR. MONK SUES FOR \$10,000.

Brings Action Against LaPatrie for Report of Beauharnais Election Meeting.

Montreal, March 25—(Special)—An action for \$10,000 damages filed by F. D. Monk against La Patrie newspaper, was inscribed today. The suit arises out of a report of a meeting in connection with the Beauharnais by-election. Monk claims that speech and action attributed to him on that occasion was false.

FOR BIG EATERS

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are a pleasant and safe Liver Regulator—they stimulate diges- tion, and counteract the too common error of over-eating. Take one after dinner—No inconvenience—They act pleasantly—40 doses in a vial, 50 cents.

KIDNEY "SIGNALS"

Nature posts her signals all along the line. If the kid- neys are faulty she gives the sufferer the sign—and it's an unmistakable one always. The world owes loyalty to the science which points a finger's gravest danger—and tells her to avert them. South American Kidney Cure is certain preventative and an undying cure for all ailments of the kidney. It is the most certain to the most stubborn and deep-seated cases—a liquid specific that never fails. It follows in six hours.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Colicitts Family. About a year and a half ago many mem- bers of this well-known New Brunswick family met on the old homestead in Al- bert county, where the first family of the name settled in 1783. Another reunion of the same kind is being talked for of this year, to be held some time in Au- gust or September. It may be held this year on one of the old farms on Pollett River, which can be reached more easily by those from a distance.

I Will Cure You of Rheumatism

No pain until you know it. After 2,000 experiments, I have learned how to cure Rheumatism. Not to turn boy joins into flesh again; that is im- possible. But I can cure the disease al- ways, at any stage, and forever. I ask for no money. Simply write me a postal and I will send you an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month, and if it does what I claim pay your druggist \$5.00 for it. If it doesn't I will pay him myself.

W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Arrested.

Paris, March 25.—It is announced here from New York that while W. K. Vanderbilt Jr. and D. W. Bishop were passing on an automobile last night through the village of Le Lac they were arrested for fast traveling and not showing lights. They were kept in the station house until this morning when they were released.

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE.

BRISTOL.

Bristol, March 24.—Miss Dora Rogers has returned from Lowell, where she has been for a year. On the 17th inst., she spent the winter in the Maine lumber woods, is home again. A double funeral was held to the Baptist church Sunday afternoon: that of Amanda Curtis, aged 12 years, daughter of Henry Curtis, and the infant daughter of Daniel Jones, of West Glassville. The services were conducted by Rev. A. H. Hayward. Miss Minnie Colwell and Hugh Tweedie were married on Wednesday at the home of the bride's father, Matthew Colwell. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. K. Bearist, of Glassville, in the presence of all the near relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Tweedie will reside at Wicklow. Rev. D. E. Brooks is seriously ill. Amos Brooks died at the home of his son, Rev. D. E. Brooks, Sunday morning, at the advanced age of 83 years. He leaves a wife, five sons and six daughters. The funeral will be held tomorrow. Frank Foster, aged 12 years, of Mount Pleasant, left here on Monday for Lowell. Mr. Foster is intended to go to the Klondike in a few weeks. The body of Alexander McIntyre, of Glassville, whose death occurred in a hospital in New York city, of abscess, was brought home Saturday for burial. He was about 45 years of age and unmarried. Charles Lockhart has a crew driving his lumber off the Big Shiloh, and as the water is at a good height, is making fine progress.

HAMPTON.

Hampton, March 25.—An attempt at a crime of a revolting nature is reported. It is alleged that Robert W. Bennett, who lives with his wife and family at the station, attempted to assault his daughter, Bennett, returned from a season's work in the lumber woods. Bennett has left town, but a constable is in pursuit.

FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, March 25—(Special)—Robert Nobles, a well known lumberman, and one of the contractors for the corporation drive, was taken suddenly ill from hemorrhage of lungs in St. John's drug store, this afternoon. A physician was summoned and had him removed home in a coach. Mr. Nobles has been in delicate health for some weeks and his condition is now quite serious. Fred B. Edgecombe, president of the board of trade, entertained the members of the Fredericton Tourist Association and several friends to a dinner at his residence this evening. Those present were: C. Fred Chastant, Hon. A. T. Thum, W. T. Whitehead, M. P. P., Jas. W. McCready, W. A. Mott, M. P. P., R. P. Allen, James S. Neill, John R. McCool, A. W. Edgecombe, Gilmour Brown and P. F. Dow. C. Fred Chastant was presented with a beautiful gold watch in recognition of his services as president of the Tourist Association. The presentation was made by Surveyor General Dunn in a happy speech. Fredericton, March 25—(Special)—The provincial board of health met at the Queen Hotel this evening. Those present

NEWFOUNDLAND'S PROSPERITY

Budget Presented and Shows Surplus Which Swells Cash Reserve.

St. John's, Nfld., March 25.—The minister of finance, E. Jackman, laid the colonial budget before the legislature this afternoon. It shows that the revenue for the last fiscal year exceeded \$2,000,000 and gave a surplus of \$500,000, which enabled the minister of finance to increase the colony's cash reserve to \$322,000. Mr. Jackman estimates a surplus for the present year as well as for the fiscal year be- ginning next July. The financial outlook is most satisfactory.

CHINESE EXCLUSION FROM UNITED STATES.

Sweeping Bill Reported to the House—Complete Shutout of Mongolian Laborers.

Washington, March 25.—The committee on foreign affairs ordered the Chinese ex- clusion bill favorably reported. The ex- clusion bill favorably reported. The ex- clusion of Chinese laborers is made com- plete both as to the mainland territory of the United States and all insular pos- sessions, including the Philippines and Hawaii. San Juan, Porto Rico, was struck out from the list of ports where Chinese may enter, as it was feared there would be a Chinese influx at that point. The committee considered the original bill too severe in making it a felony for an official to neglect to detain a Chinese person seek- ing admission, and the penalty was re- duced to misdemeanor. The original bill also subjected a vessel to forfeiture in case it brought over forbidden Chinese, but the committee changed this to a fine of \$2,000 against the master or owner, and forfeiture in case the fine is not paid. The prohibition against Chinese sailors on American ships was struck out. The term Chinese was made to include all those who are Chinese by birth or descent.

Garfield Election Law Rescinded.

Columbus, O., March 25.—The Garfield law, which aimed to prevent corrupt practices at elections, was wiped off the statutes today. The chief argument against it was that it was ineffective and placed a premium on perjury.

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HERE BELONGING TO WILLIAM ADAMS, WHO EXPECTS TO BE ABSENT DURING THE SUMMER.

Rev. Mr. Simpson, of Florenceville, was in the village last week. At a business meeting held at W. A. Hannington's on Tuesday last week, the Episcopians decided to build their church a short distance from the village on the road leading to Foreston. This will be the first Episcopal church in this section and considerable interest is being taken in the movement. The work of construction will begin early in May.

SUSSEX.

Sussex, N. B., March 26.—C. C. McCully of the Bank of Nova Scotia at present, C. D. Freeman, manager, left today for Montreal to consult a specialist in regard to his health. Mr. Bishop, of Dorchester, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. James Lamb. The annual session of the Provincial Dairy School closed today.

DEER ISLAND.

Deer Island, March 25.—One of A. H. Haney's residences at Chocolate Cove, oc- cupied by Alden Palmer, was burned on Thursday. The contents were saved. Some of the young people from Choco- late Cove attended a clam stew served by the ladies of the F. B. church of Fair Haven, Saturday evening. Border Louis J. O. P., had two ad- ditions to their number Saturday evening, Howard Stover and Herbert Fountain.

AMHERST.

Amherst, March 25.—Rev. C. R. Quin, who has been assistant at St. Mark's parish, Westmorland, for the past year or more, has been unanimously elected rector of the parish to succeed the late Rev. D. M. Bliss. Owing to the illness of Bishop Kingston Mr. Quin was obliged to visit Fredericton for the induction cer- mony, which had to take place before the Easter meeting. St. Mark's is one of the oldest parishes in the diocese. They have a comparatively new and very comfortable church, a good congregation. The new rector is a graduate of King's College, Windsor, and the brightest prospects for a successful pastorate in his new charge. His many friends in Amherst will wish him every success.

AMHERST IS TO HAVE A MUSIC FESTIVAL ON MAY 27.

Local musicians are working with enthusiasm to make it a success. On the first evening a chorus of nearly 300 children will assist, with the young people's orchestra, some of the best local talent will also take part. On the second afternoon an organ recital will be given and in the evening the second day will be a grand concert, with chorus of nearly 100 voices. The chorus will sing selections from the Oratorios and part songs, etc., and Amherst will have the pleasure of hearing some singers from Halifax and possibly St. John, and Leo Altman, violinist of Halifax. The director is H. Cum- berland Wilson, organist and choirmaster of Christ church, who has given Amherst one of the best choirs in the maritime provinces.

NEW BRITISH RIFLE.

War Office Has Approved of the New Arm

London, March 26.—The war office has approved the new rifle and they will probably soon be issued to the whole British army. The new arm is 19 ounces lighter, and its barrel is five inches shorter, or it has the same range as the rifle now in use. It has the Mauser breech mechanism but an improved bolt action. It is provided with a wind gauge and a foresight. It will hold ten rounds of am- munition in the magazine.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY. Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills. Must Bear Signature of Dr. J. C. Carter. See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BRUISES, FOR RHEUMATISM, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SLOW SKIN, FOR THE SCUM. CURE SICK HEADACHE.

NO SUPPLIES HENCE TO SOUTH AFRICA DURING APRIL.

Ottawa, March 26—(Special)—The war office has called the agriculture depart- ment not to ship any hay or supplies dur- ing the month of April. It is understood that this order has been issued owing to congestion of traffic from Cape Town north. There are at present large quan- tities of supplies lying at the Cape, which will take some time to work out. This order is not at all disappointing to the department as they have been given to understand that the order for hay will be forthcoming in due time. As a matter of fact, the department is still in con- sultation with the supply ship Huro- nian has also caused a large lot of supplies to collect. This ship was to have been loaded at St. John and dispatched im- mediately for Cape Town. It is understood that the supply ships will again sail on May 10.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S PROSPERITY

Budget Presented and Shows Surplus Which Swells Cash Reserve.

St. John's, Nfld., March 25.—The minister of finance, E. Jackman, laid the colonial budget before the legislature this afternoon. It shows that the revenue for the last fiscal year exceeded \$2,000,000 and gave a surplus of \$500,000, which enabled the minister of finance to increase the colony's cash reserve to \$322,000. Mr. Jackman estimates a surplus for the present year as well as for the fiscal year be- ginning next July. The financial outlook is most satisfactory.

CHINESE EXCLUSION FROM UNITED STATES.

Sweeping Bill Reported to the House—Complete Shutout of Mongolian Laborers.

Washington, March 25.—The committee on foreign affairs ordered the Chinese ex- clusion bill favorably reported. The ex- clusion bill favorably reported. The ex- clusion of Chinese laborers is made com- plete both as to the mainland territory of the United States and all insular pos- sessions, including the Philippines and Hawaii. San Juan, Porto Rico, was struck out from the list of ports where Chinese may enter, as it was feared there would be a Chinese influx at that point. The committee considered the original bill too severe in making it a felony for an official to neglect to detain a Chinese person seek- ing admission, and the penalty was re- duced to misdemeanor. The original bill also subjected a vessel to forfeiture in case it brought over forbidden Chinese, but the committee changed this to a fine of \$2,000 against the master or owner, and forfeiture in case the fine is not paid. The prohibition against Chinese sailors on American ships was struck out. The term Chinese was made to include all those who are Chinese by birth or descent.

Garfield Election Law Rescinded.

Columbus, O., March 25.—The Garfield law, which aimed to prevent corrupt practices at elections, was wiped off the statutes today. The chief argument against it was that it was ineffective and placed a premium on perjury.

W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Arrested.

Paris, March 25.—It is announced here from New York that while W. K. Vanderbilt Jr. and D. W. Bishop were passing on an automobile last night through the village of Le Lac they were arrested for fast traveling and not showing lights. They were kept in the station house until this morning when they were released.

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Mine Yellie's Husband Reported Arrested.

London, March 25.—It is reported from Salonika, says Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, "that the Turkish authorities have arrested Pastor Yellie on suspicion of complicity in the abduction of Miss Stone."

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., MARCH 29, 1902.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH is published every Wednesday and Saturday at \$1.00 a year, in advance, by The Telegraph Publishing Company, of St. John, a company incorporated by act of the Legislature of New Brunswick.

ADVERTISING RATES. Ordinary commercial advertisements taking the full of the paper, each insertion \$1.00 per inch.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. Owing to the considerable number of complaints as to the misarrangement of letters addressed to the office, we have decided to have all letters sent to the office of the publisher, Mr. J. H. Milligan, at the post office.

FACTS FOR SUBSCRIBERS. Without exception, names of new subscribers will not be entered until the money is received.

RULES FOR CORRESPONDENCE. Write plainly and take special pains with names. Write on one side of your paper only.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS. The following agents are authorized to canvass and collect for The Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz: W. A. FERRELL, W. A. FERRELL, W. A. FERRELL.

AN UNPARALLELED RECORD. The closing of the last session of the ninth legislature of Ontario proclaimed a long campaign, and if the elections are not held until the 10th of June, as is now rumored, the opposition to the Ross administration will have all the opportunity they wish to plan and work, but it must be admitted in view of the strong record which the administration has made, that the chances of their return to power are very cheerful.

BEAUHARNOIS BOY LOST AGAIN. The result of Wednesday's election in Beauharnois must be particularly disconcerting to the Tory party. Mr. J. G. H. Bergeron, the Tory candidate, had pleaded with the electorate that he had been deprived of his just reward as a party leader after twenty-three years of hard political work, simply because the constituency had been so unkind last election as to fail to return him.

TRANSATLANTIC NEWSPAPER RATE. No little criticism has been made of the Canadian and English post office authorities because of the fact of high rates being maintained in newspaper postage between the two countries.

Nothing Tastes Good. And eating is simply perfunctory—done because it must be. This is the common complaint of the dyspeptic.

Nothing Tastes Good. If eating sparingly would cure dyspepsia, few would suffer from it long. The only way to cure dyspepsia, which is difficult digestion, is to give vigor and tone to the stomach and the whole digestive system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cured Mrs. Frances Blodgett, Pembroke, Ont. Her husband, Mr. Blodgett, was afflicted with dyspepsia, and she writes: "I am fully cured. Mr. Webb, it worked like a charm, restored my appetite and gave me my whole system."

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Don't wait till you are worse, but buy a bottle today.

uniformly render it undesirable to introduce in the special case of Canada any modification of the rate in force throughout the empire." He says further:

"You are not probably aware that the question of the reduction of postage on newspapers passing between Canada and the United Kingdom was fully examined in connection with the conference called in London some years ago to consider measures for the reduction of letter postage throughout the empire. It was then decided by the government that no proposal of any kind for a lower newspaper rate between Canada and this country could be entertained, and there has been no change of circumstances which would lead me to expect any reconsideration of this question."

Considering that the existing postal rates on newspapers between this country and England were established long before the present government took office and that it is held by the imperial government that the rates cannot be modified without their consent, further agitation of the matter from a Canadian point of view seems hopeless, but it is pleasing to find that the British public are awake to the subject, as evidenced by the British postmaster general's explanation.

CHAMBERLAIN FOR PREMIER. The result of the present session of the imperial parliament so far as it has progressed seems to point to the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain as the next prime minister. His name has of late frequently been mentioned and it seems to be well understood that Lord Salisbury is soon to retire; indeed it is said that his retirement would have taken place ere this had it not been for the prolongation of the war in South Africa which rendered it necessary, in justice to himself, to remain at the head of the government until the end of the struggle was in sight.

THE NEW CUBA. The development of Cuba as a republic will be watched with interest. While agreeing to give the island the full benefit of the freedom won from Spain for her and establishing the recently elected Republican government on May 20, the United States evidently does not despair of much closer relations eventually. Such sentiments as to encourage a feeling favorable to voluntary annexation with the United States have been broadly sown.

Teachers from Cuba have been brought to and educated free of charge in American colleges. American capital has been freely invested in the island and the elements of the American spirit of progress have been so firmly established as to inspire, as greatly as possible, affection for the land of the stars and stripes. The newspapers, moreover, have been assiduously circulating such cartoons as that representing Porto Rico enjoying the full measure of prosperity arising from free trade and protection by the republic, while Cuba is left alone to work out her own salvation, a big tariff against her.

Certainly the condition of Cuba since the American occupation has been marvellously improved. The establishment of sanitary methods and compulsory cleanliness has done very much to eliminate the dread terrors of yellow fever and other disease and has shown the Cubans what may be done to attain excellence in that line. Whether Cuba will continue to progress independently in the start that has been given her, therefore, or will relapse into the aliphoid and neglectful methods that characterized the island under Spanish rule, or will voluntarily apply for American annexation is the problem. The world in general, and Canada closely, will note with a critical eye the future career of the island.

THE ANTICS OF ALAVANTICS. An interesting little revolution, worthy to be classed with the Central American insurrections in its comic opera features, has been speckled in Serbia. The announcement was made in our despatches briefly, but particulars have just been received. A gentleman named Alavantics had been for some time gazing covetously across the Danube from Austria at the territory of King Alexander and, having had some experience in political agitation in a small way, he resolved to persuade the people of Serbia that Prince Peter Karageorgievich, the pretender, would be a better ruler for them than the king. On March 4 he marched forth, that is to say he crossed the river in a rowboat, alone and in plain clothes, but with the uniform of a Serbian general in a bundle at his side. Landing in Shtabtez he donned the uniform and proceeded to acquire an army. Going to the frontier guard house he commanded the Serbian guard to follow him, which they did. He took them to the Custom House, enrolled the officials, ordered them to fall in and they followed. His next company of recruits he resolved should be the city firemen, and when they objected he lined them up against a stone wall and ordered out a firing squad from his ranks. The firemen thereupon agreed to join the army and the little battalion next proceeded to the prefecture where the gendarmes were stationed. It was here that Gen. Alavantics struck a snag. Either his star of fortune had waned, or his general's headgear had become too small for him, or he had not sufficiently practiced pistol shooting. The gendarmes were about to join the procession when their captain came up with a revolver in his hand to ask Alavantics what he meant by such conduct. The conquering general's answer was a shot that missed and the captain's argument was a shot that didn't miss. As Alavantics expired, his army dispersed. He had neglected to find a sufficiently trustworthy and courageous lieutenant to succeed him. The army, their leader being dead, were like the Tory party in Canada in that they had no other man to cheer for, and the revolution was over.

NOTE AND COMMENT. The Sun editor says we can't play in his back yard any more. Well, who cares? The Toronto newspapers are discussing how to beautify their city. Moral purity should not be excluded from the prescription. The exchange editor says that he likes our boiler plate contemporaries—it is so easy to see what is original and therefore liable to be news. It is remarked that Senator Depeux's recent speeches in congress have not contained any jokes. Can the brilliant

and that it is time for him to take a back seat and think things over. Mr. Bergeron had been boasted by his friends as one of the brightest and best men of the Tory ranks. If any man had been able to win Beauharnois back to the Tory fold he certainly should have been the man. But the result of yesterday's election shows decidedly that the constituency supports the Laurier administration, that the sturdy French-Canadian element which characterizes that county is quite sufficiently independent to elect a supporter of that government although he be a Freuchetian, and that Mr. Bergeron is no longer "the boy" for Beauharnois. That gentleman may now go away back and arrange explanations with Mr. R. L. Richardson, of Lisgar, and a few other sorrowing aspirants for parliamentary representation in the opposition, as to how it all happened. Mr. Loy is to be congratulated. The county of Beauharnois is likewise to be congratulated upon so pronouncedly swinging into line with the party of progress.

swator's recent marriage has possibly anything to do with this? "Three strikes and out" ought to apply to "the Beauharnois Boy." This is his third defeat within a couple of years.

It is rumored that Sir Oliver Mowat will have a second term as Lieutenant Governor of Ontario—a just tribute to his popularity and splendid record.

"A ten million dollar transaction does not seem such a large one to me," says Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan. But his Uncle Samuel hasn't very many more like him in the family.

Mr. Toombs, of Lisgar, ought to open an establishment for the mutual condolences of disappointed Tory politicians. His name would prove particularly attractive and probably Mr. Bergeron, ex-M. P. for Beauharnois, would patronize him.

Milliners in Maine are reported sad this Easter because the legislature has passed a law that anyone who uses the plumage, skin or body of any bird, except crows, sparrows, hawks, owls and barnyard fowl, in a bonnet, will feel the claws of the law.

The great American eagle was all ready to scream with delight had Oxford won the "varsity" race, because two Americans were in Oxford's crew. But the unscreamed scream was swallowed and perhaps next year there will be an un-American crew.

The passage by congress of the bill for the protection of the president is certainly the most direct blow at anarchy that has ever been enacted in the United States, its provisions including punishment even for the expression of threats. It is a sad commentary on the system of a boasted free country that such a law should be necessary.

When Mr. D. C. Fraser, M. P., makes a few remarks in parliament he entertains as well as instructs his hearers. His references yesterday to the New Glasgow artisans who had materials ready to board their factories in 1896, but didn't, must have struck a tender spot in the Borden line.

The suit which Mr. F. D. Monk, M. P., threatens against La Patrie for alleged libellous utterances in regard to his having discarded a suit of clothes at a political meeting, will be less suitable to his purpose since Beauharnois has declared that his politics do not suit it.

Cecil Rhodes made a gallant fight for his life, but defeat by Death was not lacking in as great grandeur as victory over the Boers. Let us hope that his inner life was such that when the last summons came he could "wrap the drapery of his couch about him and lie down to pleasant dreams."

Owing to the fact that legislation may originate in either the Senate or the House of Representatives, it does not follow that because the American ship subsidy bill has passed the Senate it will necessarily become law. It is said that some of the representatives will show that certain senators are financially interested in having the bill operative, owing to their shipping investments.

New Yorkers were talking the other day about unsafe buildings in Philadelphia which collapsed when the inmates were asleep, through rains having undermined the foundations, but New York awakes to a worse danger when several buildings on Park avenue collapsed in broad daylight. The rapid transit tunnel, 60 feet below the street level and supported by solid rock, fell in and houses with it.

The Sydney Post states that in the southern districts of Cape Breton county there are at least 200 vacant farms, more than half of which were deserted within the last two years. This implies that the farmers have moved into Sydney since the

boom struck in order to earn ready money in wages, but if they do not resume their farming soon there would seem to be excellent openings for others as the market of Sydney is now a big one.

The possibilities of wireless telegraphy on the ocean are becoming boundless. Every week now the Cunard steamships to and from New York aim to signal each other in midocean. Last week they were too far apart for their power to reach, but the American liner Philadelphia happened to be between them, heard each signaling and was able to receive and repeat to both the Cunarders messages from each other, neither of the three ships being within sight of each other at the time.

The Toronto Globe of Saturday last contains a lengthy letter from Mr. Geo. H. Sudding, of Victoria, B. C., but well known in the music business through the maritime provinces, arguing that Canada's best interests and destiny are on the lines of imperial federation and trade preference, and recommending that the boards of trade express their views upon the matter before the Canadian representatives to the coronation conference leave for England.

No doubt the Ontario editors favor maritime union, for if one name were adopted for the three provinces it would help them to get their geography straight. Even then, however, it would be a toss-up whether half our places would not be attributed to Newfoundland. The Toronto Star the other day put the heading "Heavy Damage in Nova Scotia" to a long despatch from that city, with but a reference to Nova Scotia in it. But that was no worse than the Mail and Empire speaking of Halifax as in New Brunswick.

THE PACIFIC CABLE COMPLETED. PACIFIC CABLE LANDED AT DOUBTLESS BAY, NEW ZEALAND. One of the First Messages Sent to Hon. Mr. Mulock—First Part of Important Link in Chain to Bind the Whole British Empire.

Ottawa, March 26.—(Special)—The following cables passed between the postmaster general of Canada and the postmaster general of New Zealand today. Brisbane, March 26.—Mulock, postmaster general, Ottawa, Canada: The first section of the Pacific cable connecting New Zealand with Norfolk Island and Australia, was finally completed today, at Doubtless Bay. I have specially attended to be present at the landing of the cable, and I send one of the first messages. I hope the cable will be completed by the end of the year, thus forming another important link in the chain which binds together the whole of the British empire. The cable will probably be open to the public by the first of May.

J. G. WARD, Postmaster General, New Zealand. Mr. Mulock replies: Ward, Postmaster General, Wellington, New Zealand: Rejoice with you in successful completion of New Zealand section Pacific cable. Trust like success may attend remainder of work. Pacific cable when completed must have far reaching effect upon commercial and political life of the British empire.

MULOCK.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS



Babies never cry unless there is some very good reason for it. The cry of a baby is Nature's warning signal that there is something wrong. Every mother ought to set to work immediately to find what that something wrong may be.

If the fretfulness and irritation are not caused by exterior sources, it is conclusive evidence that the crying baby is ill. The only safe and judicious thing to do is to administer Baby's Own Tablets without the slightest delay.

For Indigestion, sleeplessness, irritation accompanying the cutting of teeth, diarrhoea, constipation, colic, simple fevers and as a relief from the results of croup, these marvelous little tablets have given relief in thousands of cases and saved many precious lives.

Remember that they contain absolutely no opiates or other harmful drugs. They are purely vegetable—Nature's own remedy, compounded with scientific care and never failing in their pleasant results. Dissolved in water they can be given to the smallest child.

Baby's Own Tablets are for sale at drug stores and if you do not find them without difficulty send direct to us for them and we will forward them on receipt of the price, 25 cents per box.

THE DR. WILLIAMS MEDICINE CO., BROCKVILLE, ONT.

THEY HAD AN EXPERIENCE.

St. John Men in Disaster on Harvey and Salisbury Railway—A Series of Mishaps.

L. P. D. Tilley and Col. A. J. Armstrong returned Wednesday from a trip to Albert county, in the course of which they had an experience which, from the relation to say the least was not desirable.

They left Hopewell Hill for Salisbury on the Harvey and Salisbury train Wednesday morning. The first quarter mile of the journey was traversed without incident. Then the train got in trouble and partially left the rails. It was, however, replaced and another half mile was accomplished when the train came to a sudden stop. Some of the passengers got out to investigate and found that they had been saved from serious accident. The engine, tender and freight car had crossed a high culvert in safety but the next car,

a baggage car, had broken the sleepers falling between it and the next car broke so that the rest of the train was left on the track. The derailed car being wedged in in such a manner as to prevent the others from following. The culvert was estimated to be between 40 and 50 feet deep. The accident made further progress temporarily impossible, so Messrs. Tilley and Armstrong walked three miles up the track, where they secured teams and drove to Hopewell Cape, a distance of six miles. Here they were notified that the train would be held for them at a certain station but they decided not to take the opportunity and after a trip in an open boat ferry took teams and drove three miles to Dorchester, where they took the I. C. R. for St. John. When they reached Salisbury they found that the other train had reached there and passengers who came in on her stated that still another accident had been encountered before the trip was finished.

The object of the visit to Hopewell Hill was to be present at the 25th anniversary of Golden Rule division, Sons of Temperance, of which order Mr. Tilley is grand worthy patriarch and Col. Armstrong grand scribe. The meeting was a very successful one, a feature being the presence of Robert Newcombe, an original charter member of the division who has sons and grandsons on the membership roll. After the business of the lodge had been completed a public meeting was held in the Baptist church, at which there was a large attendance. Mariner M. Tingley presided and there were several interesting speeches.

Steamer Prince Edward Disabled. Miami, Fla., March 25.—The steamship Prince Edward, Lockhart commandant, plying between this port and Nassau, and which sailed from here, returned here this morning, having been disabled in the Gulf Stream, by a defective boiler. The repairs will require a week. After the steamer Prince Edward will sail for Boston.

Planning to Raise the Maine. Washington, March 26.—General Wood has brought to the attention of the war department the propriety of making arrangements for raising the wreck of the Maine in Havana harbor, Secretary Root will submit the question to congress.

The synodical funds of the Presbyterian church of England for last year has just been closed, the sustentation fund being the most important, showing a total of over £46,000, a decided increase on the previous year's total.

Marvelous Growth of Hair.

A Famous Doctor-Chemist Has Discovered a Compound That Grows Hair on a Bald Head in a Single Night. Startling Announcement Causes Doctors to Marvel and Stand Dumbfounded at the Wonderful Cures. The Discoverer Sends Free Trial Packages Duty Free to All Who Write.

After half a century spent in the laboratory, crowned with high honors for his many world-famous discoveries the celebrated physician-chemist at the head of the great Alchemical Dispensary, has just made the startling announcement that he has produced a compound that grows hair on any bald head. The doctor makes the claim that after experiments, taking years to complete, he has at last reached the goal of his ambition. To the doctor all heads are alike. There are none which cannot be cured by this remarkable remedy. The record of the cures already made is truly marvellous and were it not for the high standing of the great physician and the convincing testimony of thousands of citizens all over the country it would seem too miraculous to be true.

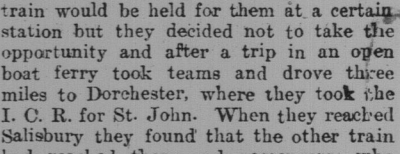
There can be no doubt of the doctor's earnestness in making his claims nor can his claims be disputed. He does not ask any man, woman or child to take his or anyone else's word for it, but he stands ready and willing to send free trial packages duty free to any one who writes to him for it, enclosing a 2 cent stamp to prepay postage. In a single night it has started hair to growing on heads bald for years. It has stopped falling hair in one hour. It never falls no matter what the condition, age or sex. Old men and young men, women and children all have profited by the free use of this great new discovery. If you are bald, if your hair is falling out or if your hair, eyebrows or eyelashes are thin or short write the Alchemical Dispensary, 612 Butterfield Building, Cincinnati, Ohio, enclosing a 2 cent stamp to prepay postage for a free package and in a short time you will be entirely restored.

MISS HISLOP, of New Zealand, and Her Marvelous Growth of Hair.

Run down, pale, weak, over-worked women, nervous and tired out with household care, constipated, liver torpid, with bloated, sallow, muddy complexion, blood thin and impure, need building up and a thorough renovation of their systems. Herbine Bitters, the great blood purifier, is your best friend on the liver and kidneys, keeping them active and strong, while at the same time it clears the complexion, increases the flesh, brightens the eyes, and gives strength and vigor to the whole system. At all druggists or of Dr. J. C. Watson & Co., Montreal. Large size, 50c; double size, \$1.00.

DO IT NOW.

TAKE Doctor's MEDICINE BITTERS.



FOR WOMEN.

Run down, pale, weak, over-worked women, nervous and tired out with household care, constipated, liver torpid, with bloated, sallow, muddy complexion, blood thin and impure, need building up and a thorough renovation of their systems. Herbine Bitters, the great blood purifier, is your best friend on the liver and kidneys, keeping them active and strong, while at the same time it clears the complexion, increases the flesh, brightens the eyes, and gives strength and vigor to the whole system. At all druggists or of Dr. J. C. Watson & Co., Montreal. Large size, 50c; double size, \$1.00.

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LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

The Jewish week of the Passover will commence April 21.

The treasury board will meet at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Rev. W. W. Craig, who has accepted the call to a Montreal pastorate, will leave for the scene of his new duties about May 12.

Mrs. Bellmore, of Musquash, died in the general hospital Wednesday morning. She had been operated on for internal trouble.

Rev. Robert Fulton drove from St. Martins to the city Monday and reports the roads in a wretched state, muddy, broken up, and at places almost impassable.

Easter Roses for All—J. N. Harvey, the Union street florist, is again to the front. This time he will give a beautiful Easter Rose with all the parures of one dollar at his Saturday sale. Read his ad. on 5th page.

William Edwards, of Erin street, celebrated his 87th birthday Tuesday evening. Rev. T. J. Deane and many other members of Exmouth street church presented him with a well-filled purse.

Wm. Blacklock, of Little Shegogue, Westmorland county, was found dead in his barn recently. Heart failure was the ascribed cause. He was 91 years of age and a native of Scotland.

The annual drill season of the 62nd Fusiliers will commence in April, although there is as yet no official notification. Col. H. H. McLean having retired, Major E. T. Sturdee will enter on command at that time.

John Anderson, who shipped from this port in the schooner Ethel B. Sumner, was drowned on the passage to Santa Cruz. He belonged to Sweden. Before joining the Sumner he sailed in the Genera out of St. John.

Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Snowball will give a ball in the legislative buildings, Fredericton, on the evening of Thursday, April 10. A number of St. John people have received invitations.

A letter received from one of the St. John boys in No. 10 and 12nd Hospital Corps of the second Canadian Mounted Rifles states that 25 horses died on the voyage from Halifax to the Cape.

Frederick Allen, of Sackville, is reported among the missing, having left that town on Saturday. Before leaving, it is alleged, he passed a cheque for \$15, to which was signed the name of Harvey Copp. The cheque was a forgery.

Hon. H. R. Emmerson has expressed to Mayor Daniel his willingness to support the movement to be made against the bill granting the Bell Telephone Company power to erect poles, etc., without securing the full approval of towns and municipalities.

W. E. Skillen, who is in the city, has prepared topographical plans of St. Martins for the use of the fire insurance companies and underwriters. The plans show the exact location of every building and lot in St. Martins and are drawn on a scale of one inch to 100.

James DeLong has purchased from the Baptist church at St. Martins a property situated above the drawbridge and has established blocks for the repairing of vessels. The new blocks are capable of accommodating a vessel of 150 feet length and will probably result in quite a large business being worked up.

A new shunting engine was received in the I. C. R. yards this week. It is of the latest design and is an exceptionally powerful piece of mechanism. The weight is 85 tons. Its number is 441. It was built specially for the I. C. R. at the Kingston Locomotive Works, Ont.

Although the season when tourists visit St. John is some months distant, inquiries have already been received by some of the city hotels and the tourist association from prospective visitors. One of the leading hotel men said last evening that all indications point to an exceptionally large tourist business this summer.

At a meeting of the creditors of W. McLeod Day, Monday afternoon, the inspectors reported that they had sold the stock to C. F. Francis and that some of the book debts had been collected. The assignee was instructed to enforce the payment of the book debts as far as possible and those remaining will be sold at public auction. The creditors adjourned to meet April 8.

The civic assessment for streets this year will be \$20,000 as compared with \$15,500 last year. An increase of about ten per cent. Of this amount \$3,275 will be devoted to repair work and ordinary expenditures of the department. Fixed charges which the city must assess every year on street account amount to \$8,144, and for new work there is left more than \$7,581. The members of the board of works, which board has the street work in charge feel that the fixed charges

would consume so much of the assessment for street purposes (if the assessment were made the same as last year) that it is necessary to increase the amount for streets if the work is to be carried on this year so as to provide for new side walks and improvements. Consequently the amount is fixed for \$20,000. Under this plan the department has \$7,581 available for new work, whereas if the estimates were kept last year's figure they would have about \$3,600.

The new telephone plant has arrived in the city and is being installed in the new building on Chipman's hill under the direction of an electrician from Chicago.

The Fairville firemen were called out Tuesday morning for a blaze in George Tippet's house, Main street. The fire was extinguished without much trouble.

Representatives to the Supreme Court of Foresters at Los Angeles will leave April 10 on their journey across the continent. It has been definitely decided that the party will be made up of E. R. Chapman, H. C. R.; A. A. W. Macrae, P. H. C. R.; F. W. Emmerson, H. Sec.; Dr. B. M. Mullin, of Fredericton, P. H. Phys.; Judge Wedderburn, P. S. C. R.; Dr. Geo. A. Hetherington, P. S. V. C. R.; G. G. Scott, M. P. P., and H. W. Woods, of Wolford.

The ferry steamer Addino Paddock, built for use between Gondola Point and Clifton by Captain W. A. Pitt, was sold under a mortgage claim, at Chubb's corner, Tuesday morning by Auctioneer Gerow. The bidding began at \$2,000, ran up to \$2,325, at which figure she was knocked down to Captain J. E. Porter. Seen last evening, Captain Porter stated he had bought in the mortgage on behalf of Captain Pitt, whom he would assist in the management of the ferry. The Addino Paddock is lying at Upper Clifton. She is not ready yet for navigation, but Captain Porter anticipates having this boat on the route inside of three weeks.

Mr. Rannard, the celebratembalmist of New York, is coming to St. John to give a series of practical lessons in the art of embalming. These will be given at the Maritime Cemetery offices, on Celebration street, and in addition to the city undertakers there will be large gathering of funeral directors from different parts of the maritime provinces for the three days' instruction, Friday, Saturday and Monday next. About 75 undertakers will be in attendance.

There are at present in the city awaiting the sailing of the Donaldson liner Parthenia of South Africa ten members of the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles who are unable to go from Halifax with the regiment on account of illness. Those in the party are Corporal Bradley, of Meville Hat, N. W. T.; Lance Corporal Wade, of London, Ont.; Trooper Storey, of Ottawa; Troopers Hinkson and McBrine, of the Northwest; Troopers Hinkson and Melver, of Meville, N. W. T.; Trooper Horrocks, of Winnipeg; Trooper Carter of Medicine Hat, and Trooper Perry, of Regina. They are all good specimens of soldiers.

LAWYER PATRICK IS FOUND GUILTY OF RICE MURDER.

(Continued from page 1.)

prisoner was escorted into the court room. He walked rapidly and took his stand facing the jury with head erect and hands loosely clasped behind his back.

At the word "Guilty," pronounced by Foreman Mackin in a tone low but distinct enough to be heard throughout the court, not the slightest change passed across Patrick's imperturbable visage and he remained standing in an almost haughty attitude while the customary roll of the jury was being taken. His aged father, Captain Patrick, sitting almost at his side, and straining to catch the word of the foreman, started for an instant as his import reached him and then recovered himself and sat calmly awaiting the verdict.

The verdict was known almost immediately in the corridor where the women relatives and friends of the prisoner were waiting and a scene of distressing excitement ensued. Screaming hysterically the prisoner's eldest sister ran about the corridor, begging piteously to be allowed to see her brother. Mrs. Francis fainted and, on recovering, broke from the attendants and rushed into the court room, from which Patrick had just been removed, where she again fell in a swoon.

Both women were removed to an ante-room and were sent home in a carriage. Captain Patrick bore the shock of the verdict bravely and after taking leave of his son as he was led back to the Tomb, would only say:

"It is hard; we've all to try again."

None of the jurors could be induced to reveal how the verdict had been reached, an agreement having been made to tell nothing. A motion will be made for a new trial when the prisoner is arraigned for sentence.

LOGS FORCED OUT AT DOUGLAS BOOM BUT JAM NEAR HIGHWAY BRIDGE.

Conditions of Freshet Throughout the Province—There's a Great Jam on the Miramichi—Work on the Shore Line—Busy in Preparations at Indiantown.

The river at Fredericton has fallen two feet since Sunday night, but the big ice jam near Springhill still holds and the river there, at Edmundston, though open four feet. The Madawaska river has fallen four feet. Teams crossed yesterday on the ice over the Little South-west Miramichi bridge, but to Palmer's wharf, above and below. There was no running ice at Indiantown yesterday.

The water at Indiantown is about stationary. Steamers Hampstead and Springfield went up river yesterday, carrying much freight and considerable passengers. The latter boat went on her regular course to Hatfield's Point. There is continued activity on the steamers which have as yet not begun navigation.

The new bulkheads and guards on the David Weston have just been completed and ice interior painting is also about finished. General repairs are also being hustled along on the May Queen and Victoria. In the latter boat a heater is being installed. The Telegraph has been asked to state that a sheer boom had been hung from John O. Vanwart's towers, Palmer's wharf, and steam boats and other craft are cautioned to avoid it; and that the open channel is on the eastern wharf side of the river, near the highway bridge. Signals will be erected on the boom day and night.

The freshet did considerable damage at Salmon River to the property of the lumbering company operating there, the Telegraph is informed. Twelve hundred logs went adrift, the large dam at the west end of the Salmon River mill was broken and the roadway badly galled out and all the wharves down to what is known as the Boston wharf were more or less damaged. The mill was strained. All the lumber drives on the river are reported hung up and it is in this phase of the situation which will particularly affect the lumbering interest in the city. The snow in the woods and the drives now hung up will probably stay there until next season.

Logs Forced Out at Douglas Boom—Fredericton, March 25—(Special)—About 10,000 logs, which were jammed in Douglas boom all winter were forced out yesterday by the ice jam. A number floated down by the back channel and were caught just above the highway bridge. The ice jam up river still holds firm and may not start for several days. The river here has fallen about two feet since Sunday night. The thermometer tonight is below freezing point and fine weather prevails. Ties Hero, Admiral and Fanchon

will start swinging booms just as soon as the ice jam breaks up. Fredericton, N. B., March 25—(Special)—The ice jam appears to be breaking up piece meal and the prospect of saving the logs is daily brighter. At 1 o'clock this afternoon a stretch of ice above the city more than a mile in length ran out, bringing about two million feet of logs along with it. The logs were scattered over a space of many acres above the bridge and might on the piers of the wooden bridge and will probably remain there for several days unless forced out by the ice from above. The lumber which came out of Douglas boom yesterday has all gone down river, but only a small portion of today's run of logs got over the bridge. The ice cake now lodged above the bridge extends from shore to shore and a quarter mile up river. It is estimated that there are more than 12,000 logs scattered along its surface, a great many of which are frozen in. An experienced lumberman told our correspondent tonight that he thought it would be a wise move on the part of log owners to attack this mass with dynamite and break it up before there is a further run of ice.

The first Sunday case of smallpox was discovered. He was a half-breed who had served in the C. M. R., and the presence of the dread malady created no small alarm. He was isolated from his companions, but up to time of writing three on board had contracted the smallpox. At Cape Town the blankets were thrown overboard and the vessel disinfectant. There were a dozen cases of measles, a pneumonia patient, also one suffering from appendicitis. There had been no deaths.

At St. George. St. George, March 24—We are still feeling the effects of the big freshet. Yesterday the approach to the steel bridge at the head of the falls was carried partly away, making the bridge impassable; otherwise the structure is all right.

Superintendent F. J. McBecke, of the St. John Railway, is engaged with a large crew trying to remove the road bridge under the railway bridge recently swept there by the high water, having much difficulty. He expects to have the track fixed to Bonny River in a few days however.

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FROM HIS SOLDIER SON.

ALD. McMULKIN HAS A LETTER FROM TABLE BAY.

Smallpox, Measles, Pneumonia and Appendicitis Among Troops on the Victorian—First Named Attacked Three Men, But No Case Was Fatal.

A letter from warland came Tuesday to Alderman McMullin. The writer is his son, Frederick, who enlisted from here last winter in the field hospital corps, second C. M. R. It was written on the troop steamer, in Table Bay, February 21st, the day of her arrival. Owing to smallpox on board, the troops did not disembark at Cape Town, and the writer states that the Victorian was about to start for Durban, before being ordered, after proper disinfection precautions, the disembarkment at that place.

Orderly McMullin, as that is his probable regimental designation, resists disinfecting by Halifax on January 28th, a week of violent weather was encountered. About a third of the command was seasick, and he himself suffered from seasickness, and he himself suffered from seasickness, and he himself suffered from seasickness.

At night all hands would turn into bunk and hammock, swathed in great coats, and as they drew south the conditions rapidly changed. On February 10th the equator was passed, but days previous to this the great coat, caps and gloves had been hung aside and instead the roaming breath of the Victorian's deck sought to sleep on, so marked was the great change in the temperature.

The first Sunday case of smallpox was discovered. He was a half-breed who had served in the C. M. R., and the presence of the dread malady created no small alarm. He was isolated from his companions, but up to time of writing three on board had contracted the smallpox. At Cape Town the blankets were thrown overboard and the vessel disinfectant. There were a dozen cases of measles, a pneumonia patient, also one suffering from appendicitis. There had been no deaths.

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Easter Clothing.

Now that the fine weather is here the suit you have worn all winter will look rather shabby on Easter Sunday. Can't we sell you a new Suit or Overcoat in bright up-to-date goods and at a moderate price.

Men's Suits neat and nobby \$3.00, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00, \$11.00, \$12.00, \$13.50 and \$14.00.

Men's Spring Overcoats, \$4.75, \$6.00, \$7.00, and \$9.00.

Young Men's Suits, sizes 32 to 35, from \$4.00 to \$9.50.

Boys' 3 Piece Suits, ages 12 to 16; \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00 to \$6.25.

Boys' 2 Piece Suits, ages 4 to 14, at 75c., \$1.25, \$1.65, \$2.00 to \$4.50.

One Hundred Sailor Suits just received special, 75c.

A beautiful Easter Rose given with each purchase of One Dollar and over on Saturday.

J. N. HARVEY, Opera House Block, 199 Union Street, St. John, N. B.

PAINTED WITH RAMSAY'S PAINTS. Ramsay's Paints. The best ground, the purest colors, the strongest oil. Made to beautify the house, to preserve it, to give it a stand among its neighbors. There is never anything shabbier about a house painted with Ramsay's Paints.

DIED OF SMALLPOX. Fireman of Steamer Lake Michigan Succumbed on Partridge Island This Morning.

The first death to occur on Partridge Island for a number of years was that of William McLaue, who died Tuesday morning about 1 o'clock, of smallpox. Deceased was the last one of four from the steamer Lake Michigan crew to contract the disease. McLaue was a member of the South African Light Horse and was invalided home on account of fever, leaving Cape Town December 17 last and was not thoroughly well when he came out to this port as fireman on the Michigan, to go to South Africa.

The body was interred by Dr. March in the burial ground on the Island. The other three patients who have smallpox are now convalescent.

Business and Property Changes. Thos. Brodhanan, who for 25 years has been employed as clerk in the store of D. J. Purdy, has purchased from Edward Hickey his house on Main street. Mr. Brodhanan intends to carry on a grocery business. Mr. Hickey will take up residence at Hayward.

Mrs. Mary E. Sweeney has sold to Mrs. Mackellar, wife of Capt. Mackellar, her house in Beacomfield, Lancaster, for \$700. James Hunter has purchased for \$2,400 from John Crowley his house on Princess street.

Mrs. W. M. Fraser has become the owner of the Henry Dolan house on Padlock street for \$3,000. Hovess & Carleton, restaurateurs of Sussex, have dissolved partnership. E. Ross & McPherson, furniture dealers, of Sussex, have disposed of their business to the Sussex Electric Light Company.

R. Barbour & Son, painters, have dissolved partnership. Robert Barbour will continue. McLean & Co., dealers in toys and fancy goods, have dissolved partnership. Fred C. McLean continues.

Suicide at Truro. Truro, March 25—John C. Hamilton, of this town, committed suicide yesterday by shooting. He was despondent and talked frequently of his approaching death.

Defeat and Dumb Institution. To the Editor of the Telegraph: Sir: Your editorial of the other morning in regard to the expense of maintaining the Deaf and Dumb Institution at Fredericton attracted my attention because I happen to know the families of several of the pupils at the school. If there are no parents or guardians who resent this imposition, however, I presume it must be accepted as a sad fact.

St. John, March 25. HONESTLY. C. P. R. Buys Montreal Abattoir. Montreal, March 25—(Special)—The Canadian Pacific Railway purchased Eastern Abattoir for a quarter million, payable in 40 years. The cattle market is the most important in the city.

St. John Man to Start Business. Middleton, N. S., March 25—(Special)—It is reported that Frank S. Merritt, of St. John, will open up a new grocery business here this spring.

Farmer Has Oats Sown Already. Port Elgin, Ont., March 25—(Special)—George Dyer, a farmer of Bruce county, began sowing a field of oats today. All his farm is now ready for seeding, the earliest spring on record in Bruce peninsula.

At a recent meeting of the Anthropological Society of Washington, evidence was adduced that the tattoo marks on Eskimo women are made for the purpose of indicating relationship.

Wood's Peppermint Cure. The Great English Remedy. Sold and recommended by all the druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered. Cures all forms of Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, and all other ailments of the Throat and Lungs. Price, 25c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

GOLD SOUP. Good as Gold Hard as Gold but not Dear as Gold.

BIG SHIPMENTS. Large and Valuable Cargoes Taken from This Port in the Past Week.

ATLANTIC TIME ONLY. C. P. R. Train Schedule Being Thus Arranged.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR. Deaf and Dumb Institution.

ADD UP THE GAINS. In consumption, as in other diseases, the results secured from continued treatment with Scott's Emulsion come from the accumulation of many small gains.

CURES WEAK MEN FREE

Send Name and Address Today—You Can Have It Free and Be Strong and Vigorous for Life.

INSURES LOVE AND A HAPPY HO



How any man may quickly cure himself after years of suffering from sexual weakness, loss of vitality, night losses, varicocele, etc., and enlarge small organs to full size and vigor. Simply send your name and address to Dr. Kegan's Medical Co., 1600 Mull Bldg., Detroit, Mich., and they will gladly send the free receipt with full directions to any man who may wish to cure himself at home. This certainly is a most generous offer, and the following extracts taken from their daily mail, show what men think of their generosity.

SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH'S PICTURE PUZZLE



"GO HOME, SIR, SOMEBODY IS CALLING YOU." WHO IS CALLING? SOLUTION OF LAST WEDNESDAY'S PUZZLE.

The Talk of New York. New York, March 24 (Special)—The topic in trade circles here today is the incorporation of the Semi-Weekly Telegraph Co., which is supported by more than \$1,000,000 American capital.

United States Congress. Washington, March 25.—Throughout today a session of the senate has been held on the bill under discussion. General debate on the military appropriation bill was concluded in the house today and consideration of the bill under the five minute rule began.

Man's Mission on Earth. KNOW THYSELF! As set forth in THE GOLD MEDAL PRIZE TREATISE, the best Medical Work of this or any age, for men only, entitled "The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation."

POSITIVE CURE. Know Yourself. A Vapo-Cresolene. The best Medical Work of this or any age, for men only, entitled "The Science of Life, or Self-Preservation."

THE LORD'S THRESHING.

Spare None in Separating Chaff from the Grain.

WHAT SHALL YOUR HARVEST BE?

As Ye Sow So Shall Ye Also Reap—Troubles Are of Our Own Making and Are Good for the Soul That Can Rightly Discern Them—A Powerful Sermon from a Little-Known Text.

Entered According to Act of Parliament of Canada in the year 1901 by William Bell, Proprietor, at the Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Washington, March 22.—From a process familiar to the farmer Dr. Talmage draws lessons of consolation and encouragement for people in sorrow and adversity. The text is Isaiah xxviii, 27, 28: "For the fitches are not threshed with a threshing instrument, neither is a cart wheel turned about upon the cummin, but the fitches are beaten out with a staff and the cummin with a rod. Bread corn is bruised because he will not ever be threshing it with a threshing instrument, and the wheel will not be turned about upon it, because he is afraid to break it, and he will not be threshing it with a threshing instrument, because he is afraid to break it, and he will not be threshing it with a threshing instrument, because he is afraid to break it."

There are three kinds of seed mentioned—fitches, cummin and corn. Of the last we all know. But it may be well to state that the fitches and the cummin were small seeds, like the caraway or the dillseed. When these grains or herbs were to be threshed, they were thrown on the floor, and the workmen would come around with staff and rod, and beat them until the seed would be separated, but when the corn was to be threshed that was thrown on a great hayrack, and the oxen or horses to a cart with iron dented wheels; that cart would be drawn around the threshing floor, and as the grain or herbs were being threshed, different kinds of threshing for different products. "The fitches are not threshed with a threshing instrument, neither is a cart wheel turned about upon the cummin, but the fitches are beaten out with a staff and the cummin with a rod."

The great thought that the text presses upon our souls is that the threshing process. The fact that you may be devoting your life to honorable and noble purposes and carrying on a noble career, and yet you may be a failure. The Christian evangelist, was in his day derisively called "Doctor Cantwell." Thomas Babington Macaulay, the great English historian, was once called "the father of Methodism." If such men could not escape the maligning of the world, neither can you expect to get rid of the evil of the world. The tribulation of the tribulation. All who will live godly in Jesus Christ must suffer persecution. Besides that, there are the sicknesses and the handicaps and the irritations and the disappointments which are ever putting a cup of aloes to your lip. These wrinkles on the cheek of the aged are the white hairs of the aged are the footprints showing where swiftness alighted.

Want This Lamp? Ask your druggist to show it to you. This is the day you use Vapo-Cresolene. You put some Cresolene in the vaporizer, light the lamp beneath, and breathe in the vapor. It is the most healing, most soothing and most penetrating vapor that is known. Not a single disease germ can live in it. For whooping-cough and croup it is a positive and quick cure, while for all throat and bronchial troubles it is the best remedy you can use.

Big Storm on Eastern Nova Scotia Coast. Halifax, March 25.—(Special)—A despatch from North Sydney this evening says a heavy northeast gale accompanied by the worst sea seen off the coast of eastern Nova Scotia for some months has prevailed since Sunday. The wind decreased this evening to a moderate gale but the sea continues very heavy.

CURES ECZEMA! Dr. Agnew's Ointment can count its cured patients by the thousands.

But in no skin disease has it so many almost marvellous cures as in cases of Eczema—this tenacious skin disorder which has baffled many a physician in seeking after a cure. One application puts out the fire, takes away the itching, stinging sensation, and after a few applications the eruptions begin to dry up, diminish, and eventually disappear entirely. The beauty of the treatment is, it leaves no scar or trace of the trouble—leaves a skin as soft as baby's. Cures in four to six nights. 35 cts. Sold by M. Y. Faddock.

wore better, and God wanted to make them best. By the carefulness of the threshing you may always conclude the value of the grain. Next, my text teaches us that God proportions our trials to what we can bear—the staff for the fitches, the rod for the cummin, the iron wheel for the corn. Sometimes people in great trouble say, "Oh, I can't bear it!" But you did bear it. God would not have sent it upon you if he had not known that you could bear it. You trembled and you swooned, but you got through. God will not take from your eyes one tear too many nor from your lungs one sigh too deep nor from your temples one throb too sharp. The perplexities of your earthly business have not in them one tangle too intricate. You sometimes feel as if our world were full of bloodpoison—living, hissing, crawling, and creeping instruments that God just suits to your case. There is not a dollar of bad debts or a cent of unprofitable investment about goods that you expected to go up, but that have gone down, or a swindle of your business partner or a treacherous partner in a partnership in the same kind of merchandise that you are, but God intended to overrule for your immortal help.

Then the gates of heaven will be opened, and the entranced soul, with the acuteness and power of the celestial vision, will look thousands of miles down upon the battered procession—this river of shimmering splendor, and will cry out, "Who are they?" And the angel of God, standing close by, will say, "Do you not know who they are?" "No," says the entranced soul, "I cannot guess who they are." The angel will say, "I will tell you, they are they. These are they who came out of great tribulation, or threshing, and had their robes washed and made white in the blood of the lamb." History has no more gratulatory scene than the breaking in of the English army upon the India. A few weeks before a massacre had occurred at Cawnpur, and 260 women and children had been put in a room. Then five professional butchers went in and slew them. Then the bodies of the slain were taken out and thrown into a well. As the English army came up to Cawnpur they went into the room, and oh, what a horrible scene! Sword strokes on the wall near the floor, showing the marks of the things had crunched when they died, and they saw also that the floor was ankle deep in blood. The soldiers walked on the heels of the dead, and their shoes were submerged in the blood there were flowing locks of hair and fragments of dresses.

Out in Lucknow they had heard of the massacre, and the women were waiting for the same awful death, waiting amid anguish untold, waiting in pain and starvation, and waiting heroically, when one day, Havlock and Outram and Norman and Sir David Baird and Peel, the heroes of the English army—heroes for their valor in on that horrible scene, and while the guns were sounding, and while cheers were issuing from the starving, dying people on the hillside and from the travel worn and powder blackened soldiers on the other right there, in front of the King's palace, there came a scene of a boisterous joy as would utterly confound the pen of the poet, and the pencil of the painter. And no words can describe the scene. The women who had suffered so heroically for Christ's sake, marched out from their incarceration, one wounded English soldier got up in his fatigue and wounds and leaped against the wall and threw up his cap and shouted, "Three cheers, my boys, for the brave women!" Yes, that was an exciting scene. But a gladder and more triumphant scene will it be when you come up into heaven from the conflicts and in-carceration of this world, streaming with the wounds of battle and with hunger, and while the hosts of God are cheering their good Hosanna you will strike hands of congratulation and eternal deliverance. In the presence of the throne. On that night there will be honours on every hill of heaven, and there will be illumination in every palace, and there will be a candle in every window. Ah, no! I forgot, I forgot. They will have no need of the candle for sun for the Lord God giveth them light, and they shall rest forever and ever. Hail, hail, sons and daughters of the Lord God Almighty!

A Poor Approach. "Scarcely a flaw was to be found in the blockhouse links," says a daily paper, "when Lord Kitchener made his great drive." The phrase is curiously suggestive of a game of golf. But though his drive was a fine one he, unfortunately, failed in his approach—London Globe.

Bone Grinders. Portable Forges, Drilling Machines Manufactured, Mill and Steamboat Repairs. JOSEPH THOMPSON'S MACHINE WORKS, 45-47 Smythe Street, St. John, N. B.

DARE YOU NEGLECT IT? THE FATHER OF CONSUMPTION, CATARRH

"I mourn the death of my eldest son, because I failed to take care of what we called 'only catarrh,' writes a sorrowing mother. ONLY CATARRH: But more to be dreaded is catarrh than the infectious diseases from which we flee. Yet we are prone to neglect it till CONSUMPTION has fastened its deadly grip upon us and health is beyond recall. Perhaps, Reader, you are subject to what you call a 'cold in the head.' This cold comes on with every change in the weather. It begins with symptoms like the following: Snuffles, dull headache, burning in the nose, mucous in the throat, continued hawking and spitting, tendency to breathe through the mouth, and kindred symptoms.

THAT'S THE WAY CATARRH BEGINS! Alas for its victims it does not here if neglected. The hideous demon consumption waits to clutch those who do not watch themselves and ward off its approach by taking the right treatment in time. You say medicines have not helped you. That's not surprising. Worthless so-called 'remedies' are every day foisted upon the public. Of all who have tried BUT ONE HAS BEEN SUCCESSFUL in stamping out catarrh and decreasing the death rate from consumption.

WHO? Dr. Spruntle, B. A. Once a surgeon in the British Naval Service. Now the World's Greatest Catarrh Specialist.

- Calarrh of the Head and Throat. The most prevalent form of calarrh results from neglected colds. 1. Do you spit up slime? 2. Are your eyes watery? 3. Does your nose feel full? 4. Does your nose discharge? 5. Do you sneeze a good deal? 6. Do cramps form in the nose? 7. Do you have pain across the eyes? 8. Does your breath smell offensive? 9. Do you feel all stuffed up inside? 10. Are you losing your sense of smell? 11. Do you have a discharge from the nostrils? 12. Are there hoarse noises in your ears? 13. Do you have pains across the front of your forehead? 14. Do you feel drooping in back part of throat? 15. Do you get short of breath when walking? 16. Do you get short of breath when walking? 17. Do you get short of breath when walking? 18. Do you get short of breath when walking? 19. Do you get short of breath when walking? 20. Do you get short of breath when walking?

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT SAYS SOME PLAIN THINGS TO MR. BELL OF PICTOU. (Continued from page 1) improve the relations between all creeds and nationalities in this country. Gus Porter moved the adjournment of the debate and the house adjourned until Tuesday next. The bill regarding the Ottawa and Georgian Bay canal was read a second time in the senate today. The senate then adjourned until Wednesday next.

CANADA AND AUSTRALIA.

Trade Propositions Submitted by the Dominion—Correspondence Brought Down in the House at Ottawa. A return was brought down today containing a batch of correspondence between Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. Mr. Mulock regarding the Pacific cable, trade relations between Canada and Australia and also letters between the premier of Australia and New Zealand concerning the proposed colonial conference in London. On May 28 Mr. Mulock submitted containing the following suggestions: (1) Absolute free trade between the two countries, excepting in respect to liquor, tobacco and perhaps a few other named articles. (2) Free trade in respect to an enumerated list. (3) Reciprocal free trade on a preferential basis except as to articles mentioned in proposition number one. (4) Reciprocal trade on a preferential basis in respect to an enumerated list. (5) Free trade in respect of an enumerated list and also reciprocal trade on a preferential basis in respect of an enumerated list. Mr. Mulock was a witness at an inter-departmental committee in England and gave evidence of the intention of the Canadian government to lay a special cable between Canada and England for the use of the Canadian people. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, writing the Australian premier re the approaching conference.

Had Only Seventy Seals. St. John's, Nfld., March 25.—The sealing steamer Southern Cross put into the harbor of Green's Pond this evening with only 70 seals on board. The Southern Cross did not sight ice, the sealing party on any other sailing steamer during her entire voyage. She put into Green's Pond to give evidence of the success of the second lot of seals on the sealing fleet this season. The most needy man is always my nearest neighbor.

The Paying Hen

IS PRODUCED BY USING A GENUINE Mann's Green Bone Cutter! The Quickest, Easiest and Best Cutter made. Will cut any bone and all adherent meats and gristle. No. 5 C with Crank..... \$ 7 50 No. 5 B with Balance Wheel..... 10 00 No. 7 with Balance Wheel and Stand..... 15 00 Imitation Mann's at Lower Prices. PRAIRIE STATE INCUBATORS. W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited, ST. J. H. N. B.

Sporting Goods Catalogue

Send our 200 page—illustrated catalogue free on receipt of 2c. stamp to help pay postage. No matter what your sport is you should have a copy. With it you can choose your equipment for field or indoor sports, for summer or winter, just as well as by calling at any store—and cheaper!—as we make special prices for our catalogue goods and our trade is so large we can sell you almost as cheap as some dealers pay for their goods. Here are a few leading lines: BICYCLES, Automobiles and Sundries, BASEBALL, Lacrosse, Football, GOLF, Tennis, FISHING TACKLE, Guns, RIFLES, Revolvers, Ammunition, Traps, Targets, Skates, Hockey Sticks, SNOWSHOES, Toboggans, Punching Bags, BOXING GLOVES, Camping Equipment. T. W. BOYD & SON, MONTREAL, P. Q.

JOHN GRAHAM STARTS PIERPONT OUT TO LOOK FOR SAUSAGE ORDERS.

He Says Repartee Makes Reading Lively But Business Dull—Defines a Real Salesman, and Numerous Other Things in the Way of Business Lite.

Chicago, March 1, 1902. Dear Pierpont—When I saw you start off yesterday it was just a little uneasy; for you looked so blamed important and cheery that I am inclined to think you will tell the first customer who says he doesn't like our sausage that he knows what he can do about it. Repartee makes reading lively, but business dull. And what the house needs is more orders.

Sausage is the one subject of all others that a fellow in the packing business ought to treat solemnly. Half the people in the world take a joke seriously from the start, and the other half if you repeat it often enough. Only that week the head of our sausage department started to put out a tinging brand of frankfurts, but I made him take it off the market quicker than lightning, because I knew that the first fool who saw that tinging would ask if that was the license. And, though people would grin a little at first, they'd begin to look serious after a while, and whenever they'd imagine they heard the bark, and ask for "that real country sausage" at twice as much a pound.

He laughs best who doesn't laugh at all when he's dealing with the public. It has been my experience that, even when a man has a sense of humor, it only really carries him to the point where he will join in a laugh at the expense of the other fellow. There's nothing in the world sicker-looking than the grin of the fellow who's trying to join in heartily when the laugh's on him, and to pretend that he likes it.

Speaking of sausage with a registered pedigree calls to mind a little experience that I had last year. A fellow came into the office here with a shriveled-up pig, one of those curly, hairy little fellows that a woman will kiss, and then grumble because a fellow's mistake tickles. Said he wanted to sell him. I was not really disposed to bid, but when I began to talk about him, he said he had a good home for the little chap. Said that I had a rather pleasant face and he knew that he could trust me to follow up on the pig, as a girl—would let me have him for five hundred.

SEEN IN ST. JOHN'S SECOND-HAND SHOPS.

The People Who Sell, and What and How—Women Drive the Hardest Bargains—Men Usually Take What's Offered and Go—Some Incidents.

The second-hand shop! It doesn't conjure up a very inviting picture, and the many the place is simply a name where furniture, bric-a-brac and clothing which have seen their day and is pushed aside for something more up-to-date—may be disposed of with a financial gain for the owner.

There are a number of second-hand places in the city and for many they consist of the only clothing houses. On Saturday night the second-hand store does a rushing trade, and when in full blast presents an interesting picture, amusing and pathetic scenes are strangely intermingled as the tide of barter and sale flows steadily along. The great majority go there to buy, not to sell, though indeed a few drop in with something or another to dispose of and gladly take the price which the proprietor bestows according to its value to him.

The dealer recalled the fact that he had bought it one night nearly a year ago from a woman who sold him also a ladies silver watch and a large revolver. The revolver was disposed of, but the watch still reposes in the window though it is one of the higher makes. On the back of the case is the initial "J" and on the inside is engraved: "Barbara, from John—Sept. 2, 1888."

Some people with old stuff to dispose of send a written request for the second-hand man to call at their residence when they clicker away with as much energy as if their daily bread depended upon the sale.

SAFETY BOARD ESTIMATES.

Light, Police and Fire Protection to Cost the City \$87,000.

According to the estimates as submitted this week to the board of public safety, citizens will be assessed this year almost \$87,000 for maintenance of the fire, police and street lighting services. As handed in by Director Wisely the estimates were \$85,500, but the board decided to recommend the increase of the light department vote by \$57 to provide for six additional lights. The fire department's portion will also be increased about \$800 to provide for an advance in salary of the fire department drivers.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Street Lighting, Fire Department, Police Department, and various sub-items like lamps, fuel, and salaries.

The increases, already recommended and proposed, will bring the estimates well up to \$87,000. An increase is shown in all departments. Director Wisely explained that there were no extraordinary extravagances in the police department's adoption of the sliding scale of salaries is responsible for the increase; in the street lighting department some new lights are to be established while the increase in the fire department is accounted for by the cost of hay, oats and feed for the horses, which is higher than last year.

Salaries: John Kerr, chief engineer, \$1,200.00; J. P. Leonard, deputy, \$1,000.00; 16 drivers at \$80, \$1,280.00; 20 district engineers, \$100, \$2,000.00; 20 policemen \$100, \$2,000.00; 20 substitutes \$25, \$500.00; Total \$10,980.00.

Expenses: 1177 tons straw, 5 tons bran, \$1,250.00; 20 tons straw, 5 tons bran, \$1,250.00; 16 drivers at \$80, \$1,280.00; 20 district engineers, \$100, \$2,000.00; 20 policemen \$100, \$2,000.00; 20 substitutes \$25, \$500.00; Total \$10,980.00.

Police Department Expenses: Winter coats, repairs, etc., \$1,500.00; Medical attendance, \$1,000.00; Fuel and light, \$1,000.00; Book and stationery, \$1,000.00; Repairs, painting and plumbing, \$1,000.00; Contingencies, \$1,000.00; Ambulance, \$1,000.00; Unforeseen expenses, \$1,000.00; Total \$10,000.00.

P. E. Island Buying Stock. Toronto, March 25.—(Special)—F. W. Hodson, dominion live stock commissioner, is in the city for the purpose of inspecting on behalf of Prince Edward Island and government, shipment of stock from this district to Prince Edward Island. He says it will be one of the best shipments in point of quality that has ever left this section of Ontario.

School, Office and Church Furniture Manufacturer.

STERLING B. LORDLY, (Late manager of the Ledyard Furniture and Stationery Company, Ltd.) Factory and Office, 82 Britain Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

WANTED.

Agents, Send for Circulars of our new line of illustrated and self-promoting Teachers' Bibles. They are low in price and sell readily. Best terms guaranteed. Full particulars on application to the publisher, 236-41 W. Garden Street, St. John, N. B.

WANTED—A second or third class female teacher to take charge of school District No. 6, Odell, Victoria county. Apply, stating salary, to Mrs. J. Walter Holly, 116 Cochrane Street, St. John, N. B.

WANTED—A second or third class female teacher to take charge of school in Derris, N. B. Apply to the undersigned, 100-41 W. Garden Street, St. John, N. B.

WANTED—A second-class Female Teacher for the remainder of the present term—school to commence 1st April. Apply stating salary to R. M. Gillespie, Secretary to School Trustees, School District No. 5, Birch Ridge, Victoria County. District No. 5-29-41-w. rated post.

Reliable Men in every locality throughout Canada to introduce our goods, lacking up show cards on trees, places, also distributing small advertising matter. Commission of salary \$50.00 per month and expenses, not to exceed \$2.00 per day. Steady employment to good, honest reliable men. No experience needed. Write for full particulars, THE EMPIRE MEDICINE CO., London, Ont.

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TO LOAN on city, town, village or country property in amount of \$500 up to \$10,000 at low rate of interest. H. H. Peck, solicitor, 20 Princess Street, St. John.

To Lumbermen and others! The Cushing Sulphite Fibre Co., Ltd., of St. John, N. B., are open to contract with Lumbermen and others for a supply of Spruce Pulp Wood for deliver next spring in large or small quantities. Apply to MR. JAMES BEVERIDGE, St. John, N. B., or to the Company at Fairville, N. B.

FEED FLOUR, \$1.50 and \$1.60 SCREENINGS, \$1.45 OATMEAL, per bag, \$2.00 Seed Oats, Flour, Meal, Bran, etc. Orders delivered at boats and railroads. JAMES COLLINS, 208 and 210 Union Street, St. John, N. B.

Henry W. Robertson, L. B. BARRISTER-AT-LAW, 102 Prince William Street, ST. JOHN, N. B. NOTICE. The Undertaking Business conducted by John W. Ship, at Hamppstead, will be continued by the undersigned until further notice.

DUNOAN C. SLEPP, Hampstead, N. B., Mar. 4, 1902. 2-8-10-w HISTORIES: Of All Nations. PICTURES: By the Best Authors. SCENES: Illustrations from the Best Works. Any work on our monthly subscription plan. A handsome and useful addition to the home library and the best reading matter at the same cost as your daily paper. Send a card for our list of the Best Authors and their Works, free on request. Library Assurance Co., Box 245, St. John, N. B.



What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harness substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF CHARLES H. KITCHENER APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

SOUTH AFRICA. 10,000 Coming from United States to Canada. Winnipeg, March 25.—(Special)—Henry Grant, immigration agent at Winnipeg, anticipates at least 10,000 people will come to Canada this season from Dakota, Nebraska, Iowa and Minnesota, 300 having come already.

DEAFNESS IS CURABLE. Sufferers from impaired hearing will be glad to know that their affliction is probably not due to any organic defect in the ear, but results from a thickening of the lining of the middle ear caused by catarrhal inflammation. Hundreds of perfect recoveries as a result of the inhalation of Oatrhazone are reported and on the highest authority we recommend this treatment to our readers. Oatrhazone quickly restores lost hearing, and its efficiency is placed beyond dispute by the case of Mr. Fossil, of St. Thomas, who recovered perfect hearing by using Oatrhazone, after years of deafness. Price \$1. At Druggists, or by mail, from Fossil & Co., Kingston, Ont.

London, Ont., Newspapers' Cutting Prices. London, Ont., March 25.—(Special)—The Evening News reduced its price to one cent this afternoon and the Free Press met the cut by selling two for a cent to news boys.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY NEAR ST. STEPHEN.

St. Stephen, March 25.—(Special)—While driving from St. Stephen to his home at Ballie, Herbert Mann was held up and robbed six miles from town at 7:30 o'clock this evening. Two men assaulted him and got away with \$25. One man had a beard and was other was smooth shaven and answers to the description of a man who was put off a C. P. R. train at Moore's Mills.

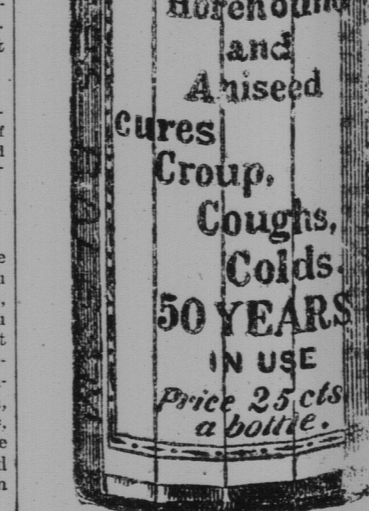
LUMBAGO BACKS STRAIGHTENED.

Don't lie around the house losing time and money because your back is stiff from lumbago. Do as thousands before you have done. Buy a large bottle of that unusually good liniment, Dolan's Nervine, and rub it frequently over the sore part. It gets at the pain, drives it out, limbers you up in no time. Nervine is quick to relieve; never fails; never harms. Try it today. 25 cents, the best. At Druggists.

Intercolonial Railway.

On and after MONDAY, October 31, 1901, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted), as follows: TRAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN. Express for Halifax and Campbellton, 7:00. Suburban train from Hampton, 7:40. Express for Point de Chene, 8:00. Express for St. Stephen, 8:30. Express for Moncton and Montreal, 9:00. Express for Halifax and Sydney, 9:30. Express from Sussex, 8:30. Express from Montreal and Quebec, 12:30. Express from Halifax and Quebec, 13:00. Express from Halifax and Moncton, 13:30. Express from Moncton (Saturday only), 12:50. Train run by Eastern Standard Time, 24.00 o'clock is midnight.

City Ticket Office: 7 King Street, St. John, N. B.



Public Notice. IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons owing arrears of rates and taxes in the several parishes in this municipality are required to make immediate payment to the undersigned at his office, No. 42 Princess Street, in the City of Saint John, otherwise legal proceedings will be commenced to enforce such payment. Dated the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1902. GEO. R. VINCENT, Secretary.