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SOWING THE WIND
By Mrs. E. LYNN LINTON
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ELEVENTH YEAR. THURSDAY MORNING. JULY 24, 1890. ONE CENT.

THAT SEAL DISPUTE.

The Official Correspondence Made Public.

SALISBURY AND BLAINE DIFFER.

The Claim of the United States as Presented by the Secretary of State—The Fallacies in His Argument Pointed Out by the Marquis—Charges of Bad Faith and Violation of Assurances—The Temporary Convention Proposed by Sir Julian Pauncefote—Is the Seal in Danger of Extinction?—A Series of Protests on the Part of Both Governments.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The President today sent to the House of Representatives, in answer to the resolution introduced by Representative Hitt, the official correspondence between the Government of the United States and the Government of Great Britain touching the seal fisheries of Behring Sea. In his accompanying letter transmitted to the President Secretary Blaine, under date of Bar Harbor, July 19, regrets the delay in transmission which the President directed July 11, and says the correspondence is still in progress. The correspondence includes 30 separate papers, beginning with a letter from Mr. Edwards, first secretary of legation and charge d' affaires after Minister West's recall, dated Aug. 24, 1889, and closing with one from Secretary Blaine to Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Minister, dated July 19, 1890. The first letter from Mr. Edwards to Mr. Blaine reads as follows:

BAR HARBOR, Aug. 24, 1889.

SIR,—In accordance with instructions which I have received from Her Majesty's principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, I have the honor to state to you that repeated rumors have of late reached Her Majesty's Government that United States cruisers have stopped, searched and even seized British vessels in Behring Sea outside the three-mile limit from the nearest land. Although no official confirmation of these rumors has reached Her Majesty's Government, there appears to be no reason to doubt their authenticity. I am desired by the Marquis of Salisbury to enquire whether the United States Government are in possession of similar information and further to ask that stringent instructions may be sent by the United States Government, at the earliest moment, to their officers with the view to prevent the possibility of such occurrences taking place. In continuation of my instructions I have the honor to remind you that Her Majesty's Government received very clear assurances last year from Mr. Bayard, at that time Secretary of State, that pending the discussion of the general questions at issue, no further interference should take place with British vessels in Behring Sea.

In conclusion, the Marquis of Salisbury desires me to say that Sir Julian Pauncefoet, Her Majesty's Minister, will be prepared on his return to Washington in the autumn to discuss the whole question, and Her Majesty's Government wish to point out to the United States Government that a settlement cannot but be hindered by any measures of force which may be resorted to by the United States. H. G. EDWARDS.

Mr. Blaine's Reply.

To this letter Mr. Blaine replied on the same day and at the same place that the same rumors, probably based on truth, have reached the Government of the United States; but that up to date there had been no official communication received on the subject. He adds: "It has been and is the earnest desire of the President of the United States to have such an adjustment as shall remove all possible ground of misunderstanding with Her Majesty's Government concerning the existing troubles in the Behring Sea, and the President believes that the responsibility for delay in the adjustment cannot be properly charged to the Government of the United States. In the opinion of the President the points at issue between the two Governments are capable of prompt adjustment on a basis entirely honorable to both."

Sept. 19 last year Mr. Edwards asked when he might expect an answer to the request of his Government made Aug. 24 that instructions might be sent to Alaska to prevent the probability of the seizure of British ships in Behring Sea. He says Her Majesty's Government are earnestly awaiting the reply of the United States Government on this subject, as the recent reports of seizures having taken place are causing much excitement in England and Canada.

Mr. Blaine, still at Bar Harbor, Sept. 14, replied that he had supposed Her Majesty's Government was satisfied of the President's earnest desire to come to a friendly agreement touching Behring Sea and that the official instruction to Sir Julian Pauncefote (the new Minister at Washington), to proceed immediately after his arrival in October to a full discussion of the question removed all necessity for preliminary correspondence touching its merits.

Referring to Mr. Edwards' question he says: "A categorical response would have been and still is impracticable, unjust to this Government and misleading to the Government of Her Majesty. It was therefore the judgment of the President that the whole subject would more wisely be remanded to the formal discussion, so near at hand, which Her Majesty's Government has proposed and to which the Government of the United States has cordially assented. It is proper, however, to add that any instructions sent to Behring Sea at the time of your original request upon Aug. 24 would have failed to reach those waters before the departure of the vessels of the United States."

The Proposed Close Season.

Next Mr. Edwards left at the Department of State a despatch received by him from the Marquis of Salisbury, in which he recalls that in 1886 and 1887, when the seizures made in Behring Sea were under discussion, the United States Minister had made overtures with respect to the institution of a close time for the seal fisheries to prevent the extirpation of seals in that part of the world. He says that, without admitting the justice of the seizures, his Government was very ready to agree that the subject was one deserving of the gravest attention, and that the Russian Government was disposed to join in the proposed negotiations, but they were suspended for a time in consequence of objections raised by the Dominion of Canada and of doubts thrown on the physical data on which any restrictive legislation must have been based. The Marquis adds:

"Her Majesty's Government are fully sensible of the importance of this question and of the great value which will attach to an international agreement in respect to it. Her Majesty's representative will be furnished with the requisite instructions in case the Secretary of State should be willing to enter upon the discussion."

In another letter to Mr. Edwards, dated Oct. 2 last, the Marquis transmits copies of affidavits bearing on the seizures of the British sealers Black Diamond and Triumph by the United States revenue cutter Rush. He says further:

Illegal Seizures.

"It is apparent from these affidavits that the vessels were seized at a distance far in excess of the limit of maritime jurisdiction which any nation can claim by international law. The cases are similar in this respect to those of the ships Caroline, Onward and Thornton, which were seized by a vessel of the United States outside territorial waters in the summer of 1887. In a despatch to Sir L. West, dated Sept. 10, 1887, which was communicated to Mr. Bayard, I drew the attention of the Government of the United States to the illegality of these proceedings and expressed a hope that due compensation would be awarded to the subjects of Her Majesty who had suffered from them. I have not since that time received from the Government of the United States any intimation of their intentions in this respect or any explanation of the grounds upon which this interference with the British sealers had been authorized. Mr. Bayard did indeed communicate to us unofficially an assurance that no further seizures of this character should take place pending the discussion of the questions involved between the two Governments.

"Her Majesty's Government much regret to find that this understanding has not been carried forward into the present year and that instructions have been issued to cruisers of the United States to seize British vessels fishing for seals in Behring Sea outside the limit of territorial waters. The grounds upon which these violent measures have been taken have not been communicated to Her Majesty's Government and still remain unexplained. But in view of the unexpected renewal of these seizures of which Her Majesty's Government have previously complained, it is my duty to protest against them and to state that in the opinion of Her Majesty's Government they are wholly unjustified by international law."

It appears that Mr. Blaine enquired what authority there was for the above stated assurance of Mr. Bayard, as in a note on Oct. 14 last Mr. Edwards said it was an assurance communicated unofficially to His Lordship by the United States Minister in London, and also by Mr. Bayard to Minister West in April, 1888.

The correspondence between Secretary Blaine and the new British minister began Jan. 22 of this year with a very long letter from the Secretary to Sir Julian Pauncefote. The Secretary opened with an acknowledgment of the receipt of the papers bearing on the seizures made by the Rush. He says:

Secretary Blaine's Claim.

In the opinion of the President the Canadian vessels arrested and detained in Behring Sea were engaged in a pursuit that was in itself contra bonos mores, a pursuit which of necessity involves a serious and permanent injury to the rights of the Government and people of the United States. To establish his ground it is not necessary to argue the question of the extent and nature of the sovereignty of this Government over the waters of Behring Sea, it is not necessary to explain, certainly not to define, the powers and privileges ceded by His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Russia in the treaty by which the Alaskan territory was transferred to the United States.

"The weighty considerations growing out of the acquisition of that territory, with all the rights on land and sea inseparably connected therewith, may be safely left out of view, while the grounds are set forth upon which this Government rests its justification for the action complained of by Her Majesty's Government."

The Secretary then speaks of the value of the seal fisheries, which were controlled by Russia without interference or question until the cession of Alaska to the United States in 1867. This undisturbed possession continued to the United States until 1886, passing whaling vessels abstaining from seal capture. He says this uniform avoidance of all attempts to take fur seal in those waters had been a constant recognition of the rights held and exercised first by Russia and subsequently by this government. It had also been the recognition of a fact, now held beyond denial or doubt, that the taking of seals in the open sea rapidly leads to their extinction.

A Prescriptive Right Asserted.

The Secretary says this is proved not only by expert testimony but by the total destruction of all seal fisheries, except the one in Behring Sea, which the Government of the United States is now striving to preserve, not altogether for the use of the American people, but for the use of the world at large. He recites the successful efforts of the United States Government to improve and preserve the fisheries, resulting in the payment of more than $12,000,000 to English laborers for the preparation of the seal skins and the elevation to civilization of the natives of the Alaskan islands. He says:

"This, in brief, was the condition of the Alaska fur seal fisheries down to the year 1886. The precedents, customs and rights had been established and enjoyed either by Russia or the United States for nearly a century. The two nations were the only powers that owned a foot of land on the continents that bordered on the islands included within the Behring waters where the seals resort to breed.

"Into this peaceful and secluded field of labor, whose benefits were so equitably shared by the native Aleuts of the Pribyloff islands, by the United States and by England, certain Canadian vessels in 1886 asserted their right to enter, and by their ruthless course to destroy the fisheries, and with them to destroy also the resulting industries which are so valuable.

"The government of the United States at once proceeded to check this movement which, unchecked, was sure to do great and irreparable harm.

"It was cause of unfeigned surprise to the United States that Her Majesty's Government should immediately interfere to defend and encourage (surely to encourage by defending) the course of the Canadians in disturbing an industry which had been carefully developed for more than ninety years under the flags of Russia and the United States—developed in such manner as not to interfere with the public rights or the private industries of any people or any person.

A Batch of Queries.

"Whence did the ships of Canada derive the right to do in 1886 that which they had refrained from doing for more than 90 years? Upon what grounds did Her Majesty's Government defend in the year 1886 a course of conduct in Behring Sea which she had carefully avoided ever since the discovery of that sea? By what reasoning did Her Majesty's Government conclude that an act may be committed with impunity against the rights of the United States which had never been attempted against the same rights when held by the Russian Empire?

"So great has been the injury to the fisheries from the irregular and destructive slaughter of seals in the open waters of Behring Sea by Canadian vessels that, whereas the Government had allowed 100,000 to be taken annually for a series of years, it is now compelled to reduce the number to 60,000. If four years of this violation of natural law and neighbors' rights has reduced the annual slaughter of seal by 40 per cent, it is easy to see how short a period will be required to work the total destruction of the fisheries.

"The ground upon which Her Majesty's Government justifies or at least defends the course of the Canadian vessels rests upon the fact that they are committing these acts of destruction on the high seas, viz.: more than three marine leagues from the shore line. It is doubtful whether Her Majesty's Government would abide by this rule if the attempt were made to interfere with the pearl fisheries of Ceylon, which extend more than 30 miles from the shore line and have been enjoyed by England without molestation ever since their acquisition. So well recognized is the British ownership of those fisheries, regardless of the limit of the three mile line, that Her Majesty's Government feels authorized to sell the pearl fisheries right from year to year to the highest bidder.

An Alleged Parallel.

"Nor is it creditable that modes of fishing on the Grand Banks altogether practicable but highly destructive would be justified or even permitted by Great Britain on the plea that the vicious acts were committed more than three miles from shore. There are, according to scientific authority, great "colonies" of fish on the Newfoundland bank. These 'colonies' resemble the seals of great populations on land. They remain stationary, having limited range of water in which to live and die. In these great 'colonies' it is, according to expert judgment, comparatively easy to explode dynamite or giant powder in such manner as to kill vast quantities of fish and at the same time destroy countless numbers of eggs.

"Stringent laws have been necessary to prevent the taking of fish by the use of dynamite in many of the rivers and lakes of the United States. The same mode of fishing could readily be adopted with effect on the more shallow parts of the banks; but the destruction of fish in proportion to the catch, says a high authority, might be as great as ten thousand to one. Would Her Majesty's Government think that so wicked an act could not be prevented and its perpetrators punished, simply because it had been committed outside of the three mile line?

"Why are not the two cases parallel? The Canadian vessels are engaged in the taking of fur seal in a manner that destroys the power of reproduction and ensures the extermination of the species. In exterminating the species, an article useful to mankind is totally destroyed in order that temporary and immoral gain may be acquired by a few persons. By the employment of dynamite on the banks it is not probable that the total destruction of fish could be accomplished, but a serious diminution of a valuable food for man might assuredly result.

The Law of the Sea Not Lawlessness.

"Does Her Majesty's Government seriously maintain that the law of nations is powerless to prevent such violation of the common rights of man? Are the supporters of justice in all nations to be declared incompetent to prevent wrongs so odious and so destructive?

"In the judgment of this Government the law of the sea is not lawlessness. Nor can the law of the sea and the liberty which it confers and which it protects be perverted to justify acts which are immoral in themselves, which inevitably tend to results against the interests and against the welfare of mankind.

"One step beyond that which Her Majesty's Government has taken in this contention and piracy finds its justification. The President does not conceive it possible that Her Majesty's Government will not after this frank expression of views more readily comprehend the position of the Government of the United States touching this serious question. This Government has been ready to concede much in order to adjust all differences of view, and has in the judgment of the President already proposed a solution not only equitable but generous. Thus far Her Majesty's Government has declined to accept the proposal of the United States. The President now awaits with deep interest, not unmixed with solicitude, any proposition for reasonable adjustment which Her Majesty's Government may submit.

Constrained to Force.

"The forcible resistance to which this government is constrained in Behring Sea is, in the President's judgment, demanded not only by the necessity of defending the traditional long established rights of the United States, but also the rights of good government and good morals the world over. In this contention the government of the United States has no occasion and no desire to withdraw or modify the position which it has at any time maintained against the claims of the Imperial Government of Russia. The United States will not withhold from any nation the privileges which it demanded for itself when Alaska was part of the Russian empire. Nor is the Government of the United States disposed to exercise in those possessions any less power or authority than it was willing to concede to the Imperial Government of Russia when its sovereignty extended over them. The President is persuaded that all friendly nations will concede to the United States the same rights and privileges on the lands and in the waters of Alaska which the same friendly nations always conceded to the Empire of Russia."

Sir Julian Pauncefote Feb. 10 informed Mr. Blaine that Her Government was willing to adopt the suggestion that the tripartite negotiations suspended in London in 1888 be resumed in Washington.

Mr. Blaine sent the British Minister a pamphlet containing a large mass of evidence given by experienced officers of the United States to demonstrate that the killing of seals in the open sea tends rapidly to exterminate the species. Mr. Blaine also proferred further evidence.

Sir Julian Proposes a Treaty.

Sir Julian wrote Mr. Blaine that in view of the divergent views held, no solution would satisfy public opinion in Canada or Great Britain without a full enquiry by a mixed commission of experts. He was prepared to recommend to his Government provisional measures to remove apprehension of depletion of the fur seal species pending the commission's report. He cites authorities to show the number of seals is increasing and that the destruction caused by pelagic sealing is insignificant compared with that caused by the seal's natural enemies. He gives affidavits of seal hunters and other papers to show that the destructive nature of the modes of killing seal by spears and firearms has been exaggerated. The Canadian Government estimate the percentage of seals wounded or killed and not recovered at six per cent. The minister, to quiet all apprehensions on this score, proposes these provisional regulations:

1. That pelagic sealing should be prohibited in Behring Sea, the Sea of Okhotsk and the adjoining waters during May and June, and during October, November and December, the "migration periods" of the seal.

2. That all sealing vessels should be prohibited from approaching within 10 miles of the breeding islands.

These regulations should stop the slaughter of female seals with young during the navigation periods and the destruction of female seals by marauders landing on the breeding islands during dense fogs. This regulation if accepted by Her Majesty's Government would certainly manifest a friendly desire on their part to co-operate with your Government and that of Russia in the protection of their rookeries.

The minister encloses the draft of a preliminary convention providing for the appointment of a mixed commission to report on specified questions within two years. The draft contains the above temporary regulations.

Continued on second page.

A Good Run.

It requires an exceptional incentive to start a run at this time of the season, but a dollar or saved on a first-class summer hat is the incentive that should cause a very good run on what is left of Dineen's stock of summer hats. The object is to clear it out to make room for the new fall stock. There is over two months of seasonable wear in the straw hat you buy at Dineen's to-day. The hats are of elegant material and fashionable shapes. To-day Dineen will begin to sell them at a great reduction. Some have been reduced to half price, they sold last week; but the greatest reduction is on the hats and caps for travelers and tourists and for boating, tennis, cricket, camping and Island wear. This means style, quality and low prices at Dineen's, corner King and Yonge-streets.

Excursion to Chautauqua Lake, N. Y.—Only $4 Round Trip.

Just keep this in your mind that on Aug. 8 you can leave Toronto at 3.40 p.m. by the palace steamer Empress of India and will only cost you four dollars, round trip, Toronto to Chautauqua Lake. The Erie Railway will land you right at the lake. For full particulars apply to S. J. Sharp, corner Wellington and Scott-streets, or F. J. Slatter, corner King and Yonge-streets, and at Geddes' wharf.

The success of the Order Tailoring Department at The Model Clothing Store, corner Yonge and Shuter-streets, has been phenomenal, 'tis the prices do it.

The Elm Tree Beetle.

ALBANY, July 23.—State Entomologist Lintener has received specimens of the pest which is ruining the handsome shade trees in Hudson. He says it is the notoriously destructive elm tree beetle which is steadily working its way northward and has now reached Hudson. The only thing which will stop the ravages of the beetle is to spray the trees with London purple.

The cutters are thoroughly experienced. The tailors the best money can procure and you'll save money by ordering your clothing made at The Model Clothing Store, corner Yonge and Shuter-streets.

Sheffield House Importing Company (Registered),

5 Yonge-street, below King, will sell goods retail at wholesale prices. We only keep the best goods. C. E. Robinson, Manager.

THE VICTORY OF SALVADOR.

SOMETHING MORE ABOUT THE BATTLE OF JULY 17.

Over 200 Killed and Many Wounded—Another Victory on July 18—Suspected Revolutionists Thrown into Prison—No Assassinations at San Salvador—Cases of Rifles Seized by Guatemala.

LA LIBERTAD, Salvador, July 23.—The latest news from the frontier confirms the reports in respect to the victory of Salvador over Guatemala in the battle of July 17. The Guatemalans, 4000 strong, invaded Salvador under command of Camila Alvarez, Narceso Avilez, Pedro and Perez Barillos. The killed numbered over 200, with many wounded. Thirty refugees from Salvador, among them General Monterrosa, have given themselves up to the Salvadorans.

Gen. Villavicencio, a Salvadoran traitor, attacked the Salvadoran forces, July 18, and was defeated.

Many cases of rifles shipped from San Francisco for the Salvadoran government have been seized aboard the Pacific mail steamship by the Guatemalan government. It is believed Gen. Moran, who was aboard the steamship, and who is an aspirant for the presidency of Salvador, acted as an informer to Guatemala, and that the Government seized the arms on information that he furnished.

Costa Rica Defers Action.

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, July 23.—Congress has decided to defer until September, 1891, the final consideration of the pact of union of the Central American Republics, which was signed by San Salvador in October, 1889. This is without prejudice to what may be resolved upon by the plenipotentiaries who meet in Honduras to consider the questions of general interest to the five republics.

Rumors and Denials.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 23.—Cipher despatches from Guatemala state that Gen. Fabio Moran, while en route from San Francisco for San Salvador, where he intended to raise a revolt, has been arrested and thrown into prison. The report, however, is believed to be an invention of the Guatemalan Government. It is learned that three Guatemala regiments which threatened the revolt were disarmed and discharged from service.

Specials from Chiapas, on the Guatemalan frontier, say a revolution at Guatemala is imminent. There are different factions, headed by Generals Serns Calderon, M. Sandoval Reyno Barros, who has left the United States, and Gen. Barrundia, all of whom are powerful leaders.

A special from San Salvador denies that there have been any assassinations there. Geronimo Pou, the new special envoy from San Salvador, who has arrived, has been received with open arms by the public and the government.

FRAGRANT FLOWERS AND PLANTS.

The Attractive Exhibition That Is Now Going On at Horticultural Gardens—A Bower of Beauty.

Spake full well in language quaint and olden,
One who dwelleth by the castled Rhine,
When he called the flowers, so blue and golden,
Stars that in earth shall glimmer on shine.

The Toronto Electoral District Society's annual flower show opened at the Pavilion yesterday and will continue until 10 this evening. The exhibition is pronounced ahead of any previous year. The Pavilion has been converted into a veritable garden of flowers, more varied in species and brighter in bloom than those that blossomed in the famed valley of Cashmere. Tucked in every corner of the spacious building are flowering plants of varied sheen. There are so many dainty flowers, ferns and foliage plants harmonizing with any mood in which they may be approached that every person is bound to be satisfied.

The cut flowers are particularly fine. The roses attract the individual attention of those who care only for these, see ing no beauty, smelling no fragrance, in anything else. The exhibit is excellent, but small. There are also but few—shall we say, monkey-faced—pansies. Bright, insipid verbenas are well represented. A magnificent display of geraniums, with their quaint and fantastic resembling the head of a crane, gratify the eye and gladden the hearts of the lovers of floral beauty, vieing for supremacy with the uneven-leaved begonias and the flox drummondii.

The collection of exotic ferns and foliage plants is superb. Of the former, adiantums —formosum, farleyense and cuneatum—are the favorites, while of foliage plants the Fancy caladiums, crotons, anthuriams, acolpheas and auricaria are exhibited in profusion.

The greenhouse flowering plants, a new department added this year, attract considerable attention. They include swainsonas, bright-red oleanders, and alamondas, which but for the new departure would be still "blushing unseen" and "wasting their sweetness on the desert air" of some conservatory. A very fine specimen of t e musa (banana tree) and some excellent pandanas, marantas and aspediatras are also on view.

There is a large exhibit of sub-tropical bedding plants, a feature of the show, which cannot but very encouragement at the hands of the society.

Two beautiful centre-pieces for the table, composed of alamanda-shotii, lillian candidum, eucharis-amazonica and maiden hair fern are magnificent in design; the sprays for ladies' dresses of roses and sweet peas, the button hole, bridal, hand and table bouquets and funeral designs are most beautiful.

Distributed over the room are innumerable hanging baskets, from which can be observed peeping out of green sheaths lovely blossoms of beauty, tearful Undines, saucy Jack-in-the-pulpits and royal japonicas.

At the north end of the building are four display tables of surpassing beauty.

The exhibit of fruit is not large, although some mammoth gooseberries and raspberries are on view. A solitary bunch of grapes looks dismal in its loneliness.

The judges, F. G. Foster, Hamilton; C. Swift, Rochester; R. Cameron, Niagara Falls Park; William Scott, Buffalo, completed their work early in the day, and when the public thronged the pavilion in the evening the premium tickets had been affixed to the successful exhibits. The band of the Royal Grenadiers was in attendance, and at intervals rendered selections from Gilbert & Sullivan's new opera, "The Gondoliers," Rossini's overture, "William Tell," Gounod's "Faust," etc.

The officers of the society are:

President, George Vair; Vice-presidents, P. G. Close, B. Saunders; Secretary-Treasurer, J. P. Edwards.

Directors—William Christie, J. J. Withrow, Dr. Andrew Smith, Col. John Gray, Capt. W. F. McMaster, James Crocker, Robert Davies, D. C. Ridout, W. S. Lee.

Horticultural Committee—John Chambers, J. H. Dunlop, A. Gilchrist, Thos. Manton, A. H. Ewing, W. H. Houston.

The exhibit of wild flowers by children of 15 years of age and under brought out considerable competition. Somebody says that flowers are the "fugitive poetry of nature," and those who have wandered through the woods will admit that there is nothing so full of pretty fancies. One comes upon the flowers as upon scraps of poetry in the corner of some newspaper of every-day life; and in the one case, as in the other, exclaims in a sort of patronizing surprise, "Why, how pretty!" The school children have spent their holidays rambling through the woods gathering flowers, ferns and grasses, and the result is a beautiful exhibit, with each variety properly labeled with its English and scientific name.

In the evening the Pavilion was thronged with sightseers, who either strolled down the aisles feasting their eyes on the gorgeous sight presented, or, seated in the gallery, looked down upon the tropical view presented below. In point of attendance the show has thus far proven the most successful yet held.

Fine Balbriggan and Natural Wool Underwear in all weights and sizes. We have long and short sleeves and all sizes from 32 to 48 inches. Wheaton & Co., 17 King w., corner Jordan. 246

COL. MACLEOD MOORE HONORED.

The Supreme Grand Master of K. T. Among the Fraters.

The visit to Toronto of Col. Macleod Moore, Supreme Grand Master of the Knights Templar of Canada, was taken advantage of last night by the members of the Cyrene Preceptory. The Most Eminent Grand Master was welcomed at Masonic Hall, Queen-street west, by a goodly number of the fraters and conducted to the Templary Hall.

The preceptory was opened and closed in due form and an adjournment was made to the supper room, with Em. Preceptor Postlethwaite in the chair. The toasts proposed were limited to "The Queen" and "Our Grand Master." In response to the latter Col. Moore returned his heartfelt thanks for the great kindness shown him by those present, and evinced his pleasure at being able once more to visit Cyrene Preceptory. He wished both of the city preceptories every success and expressed the hope that their united efforts would assist in building up the Christian Order in Toronto on the principles which he had ever advocated and which Cyrene, his own preceptory, had striven to maintain. The evening throughout was a most enjoyable one, and on the venerable colonel's departure the brethren accompanied him to his carriage and made the welkin ring with parting cheers.

Dr. G. S. Ryerson entertained at dinner at the Toronto Club last night Lieut.-Col. Macleod Moore, G.C.T., Judge Morson and C. W. Postlethwaite and the members of Cyrene Preceptory. Col. Dawson, A.D.C., was also a guest.

TROUBLE IN THE COUNTY LODGE.

Why Was Supreme Deputy Sovereign Clarke Omitted from the 12th of July Orators at Exhibition Park?

There is a lively "spat" going on in the County Orange Lodge. The contending party on the one side is the Clarke faction and the other is led by County Master Bell and his faithful henchmen Western District Master Bailey and Deputy County Master ex-Ald. John McMillan. The trouble has been brewing ever since the glorious 12th, when the trio last mentioned "prevented" the Supreme Deputy Sovereign of the Orange Order from addressing the hungry thousands in Exhibition Park. It was threatened then by the friends of the Mayor that it would be made decidedly warm for the gentlemen named when county lodge would meet, and the proceedings last night showed that they were as good as their word.

The lodge met for the discussion of regular business, but the proceedings, by all accounts were decidedly interesting. County Master Bell occupied the chair, Deputy County Master McMillan the vice chair, and some 300 past and present masters the floor. There was a big rally of both factions, but if the information dropped by brethren after the meeting had adjourned is correct the friends of the Mayor had the best of the argument. One thing is certain, and that is that neither the County Master nor his deputy looked particularly well pleased as they sallied forth from Victoria Hall into the midnight air.

The routine business was gone through with despatch. It was evident from the start that there was blood in the moon, and it was not long before it was made manifest. Frank Somers with other friends rose to inquire why and wherefore Mayor Clarke had not been accorded the distinguished honor of addressing the brethren from the grand stand on the day of the picnic. The Master and his deputy explained that it was his duty to have been on hand without being invited, and from that out the fight waxed warm. Lawyer J. G. Holmes, looking wise behind his spectacles, defended the presiding officers. It is safe to say that never before since Victoria Hall was declared open had it witnessed such a lively gathering. Even after adjournment voices waxed high and the sacred precincts of the lodge room resounded with the high protests of the malcontents.

From an enquiry the point in dispute rose to the importance of a vote of censure on the committee of speakers in connection with the 12th of July celebration in omitting the name of E. F. Clarke from the list of orators. So evenly divided were the forces that no decision could be arrived at, and the lodge broke up after shelving the matter for two weeks. But the end, it is given out, is not yet. Should it so happen that the Mayor's friends were defeated in the county lodge, then they will appeal to the grand lodge, which will be asked to adjudicate on the points at issue.

Irish's Balsamic Inhaling Extract

Singers subject to throat affection should use Irish's Balsamic Inhaling Extract cold immediately before and after singing. For sale Rossin House Drug Store, Toronto.

HOISTING BAR WHISKY.

A Movement to Raise the Price to 10 Cents—A Better Check on the Barkeep.

A concerted effort is being made among the city hotel and saloon-keepers to raise the price of whisky over the bar from 5 cents to 10 cents per drink. The reason given is the recent advance made in the wholesale price by distillers. Of course there is plenty of 10 cent whisky sold now. That is the price of the "case" article at present, a "pony" costing 5 cents. But the other grade, that which is bought in large quantities in bulk by the hotel-men, and of a much inferior quality to the "case goods," is the article which they are threatening to double in price. Several meetings have been held and more are to follow.

The proprietors are also discussing other subjects, one of them being a better check on their barkeeps. This is not a new subject by any means among the saloonists. Even the cash-register which many of them have introduced has not given the results they expected. Several months ago a proposition was made to the saloon-keepers to have their bartenders "guaranteed," somewhat on the principle the Guarantee Company deals with men in positions of trust. Nothing, however, came of the scheme. The bartenders grew quite indignant over the proposition and it was speedily knocked on the head. These young men of the white coat and the faultless necktie claim that they are as honest as the average person who handles innumerable pieces of coin each day and who is not paid viceregal wages. One of them who mixes tempting mixed potions in a big down-town saloon said to The World last night: "Honesty, eh? We are all honest here. Anyone who can hold out a cent on our boss is a dandy."

In the event of the lower grades of whisky being advanced to 10 cents the patrons of the case goods may expect to pay 15 cents per glass, or "two for a quarter" at least.

The Whole Party Gathered in.

The patrol wagon scooped in a big load on the Esplanade yesterday afternoon. According to the story of William and Frank McGuire of Stonecutters'-lane, they interfered to save a stranger from being robbed by James Walker, 31 Lombard-street; William McCluskey, 142 Tate-street; William Burrows of Ottawa and John Murphy of Montreal. Leaving the stranger the quartet attacked the McGuires, and while the latter were defending themselves the police scooped down and captured assailants and assailed. They are all held on charges of disorderly conduct pending further investigation.

They Were Fighting.

There was a desperate fight in progress at No. 88 Elizabeth-street last night when Inspector Ward and a posse arrived on the scene to arrest the inmates on a charge of keeping a disorderly house. Mary Stockwell was registered as the keeper and Jane and Daniel Gustard, William Stockwell and Adelaide Newman as inmates.

To Fight the K. of L.

NEWBURGH, July 23.—The brick manufacturers on the Hudson River have resolved to resist the attempts of the Knights of Labor to unionize the brick yards. The law will be invoked in boycotts or other illegal modes of procedure.

THE MERCIER TOADSTOOL.

[From this week's Grip.]

LITTLE OLIVER—"Oh, what a lovely Liberal Mushroom!"

MRS. ONTARIO—"Leave that alone! It's not a Liberal mushroom, but an Ultramontane Toadstool, you stoopid!"

THE ARCHITECTS' ASSOCIATION.

The Lieutenant-Governor Appoints the First Board of Management.

A proclamation was issued yesterday appointing the first council of management of "The Ontario Association of Architects." This is done by the lieutenant-governor-in-council (Sir A. T. Galt, administrator) under the provisions of the act respecting the profession of architects, by which the association was created, passed at the last session of the Legislature. This is the first council of the new association. Their names and terms of office are:

W. T. Storm, Toronto, three years.
D. B. Dick, Toronto, three years.
F. J. Rastrick, Hamilton, three years.
King Arnoldi, Ottawa, two years.
W. A. Edwards, Hamilton, two years.
Edmund Burke, Toronto, two years.
William Blackwell, Peterboro, one year.
David Ewart, Ottawa, one year.
S. G. Curry, Toronto, one year.

The new council will meet for the purpose of organization at the office of Langley & Burke, No. 15 Toronto-street, at 10 a.m. on Aug. 5.

THE SONS OF AFRICA EXPELLED.

The British Party Take Decisive Measures in Connection with the Chestnut-street Trouble.

The disaffected members of the British Methodist Episcopal Church in Chestnut-street were expelled in due and ample form last night. That is to say, they were given leave to either withdraw in good order to the fold of the African persuasion or forever after hold their peace. An emergency meeting of the congregation had been called for 8 o'clock, but it was not until 8¼ that the business of the evening was really commenced. At that hour the little church was about half full. Rev. W. Hawkins, general superintendent of the conference, presided, with Rev. John Slater in the vice chair. The others on the platform were the new pastor, Rev. Peter Brooks, and Elders R. Mahoon and Arthur Jackson, the latter acting as secretary. Trustees J. H. Wright and J. B. Gains, adherents of the African party, handed in their resignation and any cash they had in their possession belonging to the church. A. C. Jackson and Wm. Crackett were appointed in their place, and Steward Henry Dorsey, also strongly suspected of schism, was relieved of his office and Brother John Bell substituted.

It was decided by unanimous vote that all those tinged with Africanism should be dropped from the roll of membership. Superintendent Hawkins delivered a stirring address. He said that the deed giving the church to the African Methodist body was a forgery and that it could be proven. The audacity of Bishop Tanner to send a man from Chatham to take charge of the church was something paralysing and should be severely rebuked. If the man could be found who had altered the deed there was a place for him in Kingston.

The action of the meeting last night, it is said, depletes the congregation of nearly two-thirds of its membership.

Irish's Balsamic Inhaling Extract.

Consumptives will find great relief and often permanent cure in the use of Irish's Balsamic Inhaling Extract. For sale Rossin House Drug Store, Toronto.

Got to Go.

Summer Felts, Straws and Shell Hats at prices away down to clear them out, all new goods and up to the latest styles. We can give you an elegant Shell Hat in Beaver, Fawn and Pearl colors for $2.50. Felts in all colors, best qualities, $2 to $2.50. We are already showing Fall Styles in Felt Hats. Grant & Co., 77 King-street East. 246

Irish's Balsamic Inhaling Extract

Will quiet any cough. For sale Rossin House Drug Store, Toronto.

The Residents Up in Arms.

The residents and property-owners in Macdonnell-square are proposing to apply for a mandamus to compel the city to put the roadway in a proper state of repair. Last fall a sewer was laid down and the street left in an impassable condition, particularly on the north side of the square. The trench has sunk after being filled in, with the result that accidents to carriages and other vehicles are of almost daily occurrence.

When Greek Meets Greek.

Harry Pennell, 337 Adelaide-street west, a non-union moulder employed in Gurney's, is held in St. Andrew's Market police station charged with a felonious assault on Zeph Blair, a union moulder. The fight took place in Front-street west, and Zeph was pretty roughly handled.

The Drouth in Amsterdam.

AMSTERDAM, July 23.—As a result of the drouth there are fears of a water famine here. The reservoir is now lower than ever before. The water commissioners to-day ordered that sprinkling of streets and lawns be discontinued. There is consternation among the citizens.

Canadian Notes.

Labor Day at Halifax yesterday was observed as a public holiday.

R. Beatty, jr., of the Grand Trunk Railway roundhouse offices at Stratford, has been appointed timekeeper of the roundhouse at Allandale.

The Roman Catholic Church at Brechin is undergoing extensive repairs.

Bathing suits in all sizes. See our new woven bathing suits for ladies and gentlemen. It will not hold the water like the flannel. Wheaton & Co., 17 King-street w., corner Jordan. 246

How to cure Dyspepsia—Chew Adams' Tutti-Frutti Gum, 5 cents.

Steamship Arrivals.

Date.	Name.	Reported at.	From.
July 23.	City of New York	Queenstown	New York
"	Wyoming	New York	Liverpool
"	Waesland	"	Antwerp

Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum purifies the breath and aids digestion.

MARRIAGES.

BARNHART-MASON — In Potsdam, N.Y., Tuesday afternoon, July 15, at the residence of F. M. Peck, brother-in-law of the bride, Mr. Harvey P. Barnhart of Potsdam to Mrs. Annie S. Mason of Toronto, Ont., Rev. R. M. Kirby officiating. No cards.

BAINES—TROUGHTON—At the Church of St. David, Exeter, Devonshire, England, on Tuesday, July 22nd, by the Rev. J. T. Toye, Allen Baines, M.D., C.M., of Toronto, to Ella, only daughter of the late G. Kempenfeldt Troughton of Topsham, Devonshire.

DEATHS.

CURRAN—John Joseph, only son of P. Curran, aged 25 years 3 months 15 days.

Funeral will leave his father's residence, 92 St. Patrick-street, on Thursday, the 24th inst., at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

MOFFATT—On Tuesday evening, 22nd inst., at 256 Victoria-street, Lewis David, dearly beloved son of Frederick C. and Jessie Moffatt.

MUCH JOY AT THE JUNCTION

HOW THE CIVIC HOLIDAY WAS DULY HONORED.

A Grand Procession, Games on the Field, Bustling Baseball Matches—A Boss Baby Show—Getting Back at Toronto's Carnival — The Illuminations and Amusements at Night.

The citizens of West Toronto Junction condensed their "four days' solid enjoyment" into one and the result was a success. Although the great majority of the residents have not been long in the town and are therefore comparatively strangers to each other, yet, notwithstanding this fact,

The business man of to-day has very little time to spend reading his morning paper and therefore wants to get all the news in short, readable form. **Toronto** is a big city and the daily occurrences interesting to the general public are numerous. As a concise, reliable paper none can compare with The **World**

Sent to any address for 25 Cents a Month.

The Middleton affair is worn pretty threadbare, but for a piece of darned bad patching The Globe's Ottawa dispatch of yesterday takes the cake. Sir John Macdonald, Caron and other ministers had telegraphed the General to secure them all the furs he could lay hands on. Such was the origin of the fur scandal! Now, we submit that such trash lowers the country, lowers the great party whose organ The Globe is, does no good, does real harm and deceives nobody who is sufficiently well educated to read it. Probably the same witless correspondent has wired his infamous fabrication to The New York Herald, and it is from such material, homespun and emanating from amongst ourselves, that strangers to us on both sides of the Atlantic are called upon to judge our capacity for self-government and the tone and standing of this community.

There will soon be one railroad in the United States with no grade crossings. As far as the work goes on of making the division of the New York, New Haven & Hartford line between New York and New Haven a four track road the crossings at grades are abolished. On the shore line division of the same road the work of laying a second track is likewise accompanied by the abolition of grade crossings, so that within a few months there will not be a single grade crossing left between New York and New London. On the Pennsylvania road between New York and Philadelphia something is also being done toward the abolition of these death traps. Vice-President Olcott of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Company says: "In these days there should be no crossings at grade, and no road is perfect with such grades."

The editor of The Drygoods Economist in New York has given in that newspaper an account of his recent experience in Europe in regard to the McKinley bill. He says, among other things, that Germany and the rest of the Governments of Europe will, if driven to it by the McKinley bill, "unite in the most rigid retaliation ever known in commercial war, and will reduce our exports to a degree we do not now dream of." The feeling in the manufacturing cities of the Continent, as well as Great Britain and Ireland, he describes as "intensely bitter."

Since the "regular package" decision they have several new varieties of snakes in Iowa. One was killed near Niola the other day. It was a three-foot rattler with two legs, about two inches long, placed six inches below the head and closely resembling a cat's paw. The snake was walking on the legs when first seen. It had five rattles.

TRADE OPENINGS.

[From The London Free Press.]

In looking around for trade openings, no market in the world presents to Canada such vast and hopeful possibilities as Great Britain. It is to be regretted that this fact is not more generally appreciated, and that so many of our people are turning their eyes towards the United States. Let any man compare these two markets, and if he is candid and unbiased he will see how much there is to be expected from one and how little from the other. On one hand we have Great Britain with her ports open to us for a variety of products and presenting a growing demand. Our goods are wanted and we are cheerfully paid fair prices. On the other hand the United States purchases with manifest reluctance, and never loses an opportunity of putting embargoes on our trade. We envy the credulity of those Liberals who can see anything hopeful in the McKinley Bill, or in the trend of American sentiment towards Canada. It may be that in years to come necessity will compel the American Government to make easier the channels of commerce between this country and that; but in the present temper of the United States people, and having full regard to the policy of higher protection on which the Republicans acceded to office, it must be confessed that the trade outlook in that direction is most discouraging. Common sense dictates the propriety of making the most of our immediate commercial opportunities, and in this relation general attention should be directed to the inviting aspect of the British market.

The Minister of Agriculture has been giving this matter some attention, and of late he has industriously aimed to awaken the interest of our farmers and shippers to the facts. He had the figures of British trade collated, and they make up a showing which should be regarded with deep interest by the Canadian people. Taking the year 1889, the following articles and quantities were imported into the United Kingdom:

ARTICLES.		TOTAL.	PERCENTAGE OF IMPORTS FROM	
			Canada	United States.
Horses	No.	13,832	0 86	1 71
Cattle	"	555,222	15 21	53 02
Sheep	"	677,958	8 24	2 76
Mutton	Lbs.	137,206,496	.....	0 13
Pork	"	43,310,400	1 86	49 66
Bacon and Hams	"	509,220,096	6 63	76 49
Beef, salted	"	29,936,416	3 69	95 81
Beef, fresh	"	155,304,224	0 01	92 08
Meats, canned	"	71,870,960	9 50	64 06
Meats, all other	"	9,980,544	1 40	16 56
Lard	"	133,577,248	3 08	96 44
Tallow and stearine	"	139,331,472	0 87	33 83
Butter	"	215,918,304	1 18	5 72
Cheese	"	213,695,888	35 40	43 27
Poultry	$	2,302,872	.....	0 25
Eggs	Doz.	94,825,000	.....	.....
Wheat	Bush.	109,296,835	2 00	29 05
Barley	"	40,602,123	.....	2 23
Oats	"	52,674,800	0 03	0 93
Peas	"	3,164,324	33 67	20 52
Flour	Bbls.	3,216,966	7 96	68 45
Potatoes	Bush.	2,480,262	.....	.....
Onions	"	3,854,453	.....	0 18
Apples	"	3,612,216	19 07	35 59
Flax Seed	"	18,155,960	.....	.....
Flax, dressed and undressed	Lbs.	177,791,864	.....	.....
Wool	"	696,011,487	0 10	0 19

It will be seen that in many articles a wide disparity exists between the percentage of imports from Canada and the United States. In cheese, cattle, peas and apples alone do we seem to have a respectable share of the enormous volume of goods which are annually sent from this side of the Atlantic to the United Kingdom; yet no one will say that we have reached the maximum of trade possibilities in these four items, or that of all the other articles we could not send more. There is no good reason, for example, why we should send less than five per cent. of the meats imported by Great Britain. We should also send a greater number of fine horses, for which there is always a demand in England; while in butter, barley, flax and a score of other articles we have excellent opportunities. In fact, the list will bear careful study, and the more it is examined the clearer it is that exertions in the direction of the British market would amply repay the people of Canada. There must be unanimity of effort, and a very clear understanding that quality is the prime requisite. It was the sending over of an inferior article which lost us in years gone by that market for butter, while the Danes stepped in with a product of superior quality and gained a foothold which will last them as long as they maintain the standard. The British people want the best and are quite willing to pay high prices for it. Our facilities for making shipments are good and will soon be better. Vessels now plying across the Atlantic are being equipped with cold storage, and a new and fast line is being projected which will add materially to our shipping advantages. In a word, the difficulties and drawbacks are few and lie for the most part with ourselves, whence, also, must come the remedy.

The American Public Health Association have published in book form the $500 prize essay by Mrs. Mary Hinman Abel on "Practical, Sanitary and Economic Cooking, adapted to persons of moderate and small means." As a manual of domestic economy, Mrs. Abel's treatise is a valuable one. It is endorsed by leading physicians as a book which ought to be in the hands of every family as a scientific guide in cookery.

THAT SEAL DISPUTE.

Continued from first page.

The draft adopts the fishery line suggested at the outset by Mr. Blaine. The Minister says the draft contemplates the conclusion of a further convention after the commissioners' report is examined. It also provides for the ultimate settlement by arbitration of differences which the report may fail to adjust. The draft provides that the other powers shall be invited to accede to it.

Blaine's Sophistries Exposed.

Lord Salisbury, May 22 last, in a letter to the British Minister, says the negotiations afford strong reason to hope for a satisfactory adjustment and undertakes to reply to Mr. Blaine's arguments. He says:

"It is obvious two questions are involved: first, whether the pursuit and killing of fur seals in certain parts of the open sea is, from the point of view of international morality, an offence contra bono mores, and, secondly, whether, if such be the case, this fact justifies the seizure on the high seas and subsequent confiscation in time of peace of the private vessels of a friendly nation. That such action is only admissable in the case of piracy or in pursuance of special international agreement is a principle universally admitted by jurists and distinctly laid down by President Tyler in his special message to Congress Feb. 27, 1843. Lord Salisbury argues that pursuit of seals in the open sea has never been considered as piracy, and even if the United States should declare it piracy the United States Government could not punish foreign citizens violating such a law outside the territorial jurisdiction of the United States."

He then says that Her Majesty's Government must question whether this pursuit can itself be regarded as contra bonos mores until it has been agreed by international arrangement to forbid it. Fur seals are animals ferae naturae and they have universally been regarded by jurists as res nullius until they are caught.

"It requires something more than a mere declaration that the Government or citizens of the United States or even other countries interested in the seal trade are losers by a certain course of proceeding to render that course immoral." He declares that his Government is ready to consider a remedy if the United States has been injured by the pursuit of fur seals by British vessels on the seas, but says it would be unable on that ground to depart from a principle on which free commerce on the high seas depends.

The Secretary's Mistakes.

Respecting Mr. Blaine's statement of the exclusive monopoly enjoyed by Russia the Marquis quotes from John Quincy Adams' letters to the United States minister in Russia, which nation in 1821 prohibited foreign vessels from approaching within 100 miles from the coast of Behring Straits to the 51st degree north lat., to the effect that the United States could admit no part of these claims. He cites the case of the United States brig Larot to show the right of fishing included the right of killing fur bearing animals. The brig was forced by an armed Russian naval vessel to leave the waters. He quotes Charles Sumner's declaration in his speech on the purchase of Alaska, that no sea is now mare clausum.

The Marquis also says Mr. Blaine must have been misinformed respecting the uninterrupted possession of the United States from 1867 to 1886, and submits extracts from reports of United States officers to show that during that time British vessels were engaged at intervals in the fur seal fisheries with the cognizance of the United States government. He finds it unnecessary to deal with the question of extinction of the seal through pelagic sealing, as it is proposed to examine the subject by a committee appointed by the two governments. He admits that if all such sealing was stopped the seal would multiply at even a more extraordinary rate than at present, but cannot admit this is sufficient ground to justify the United States in forcibly depriving other nations of any share in this industry in waters which by the recognized law of nations are now free to all the world.

Says the Marquis: "The negotiations now being carried on at Washington prove the readiness of Her Majesty's Government to consider whether any special international agreement is necessary for the protection of the fur seal industry. In its absence they are unable to admit that the case put forward on behalf of the United States affords any sufficient justification for the forcible action already taken by them against peaceable subjects of Her Majesty engaged in lawful operations on the high seas."

Exclusive Rights Denied.

The Marquis declares that, in accord with the views which previous to the present controversy were successfully maintained by the United States, his Government has opposed all claims to exclusive privileges in the non-territorial waters of Behring Sea. The rights it has demanded have been free navigation and fishing in waters which previous to their acquisition of Alaska the United States declared to be free and open to all foreign vessels.

The British Minister, writing to Mr. Blaine, May 23, says that as the Secretary has confirmed the newspaper statements that revenue cutters have been ordered to Behring Sea to seize foreign sealers, a formal protest against such interference with British vessels will be forwarded without delay.

Mr. Blaine on May 29 writes Sir Julian that he is instructed by the President to protest against the course of the British Government in authorizing and protecting vessels which are interfering with American rights in Behring Sea and are doing violence to the rights of the civilized world. The Secretary sketches the history of the negotiations under the previous administration and says that from Nov. 11, 1887 to April 23, 1888, Lord Salisbury had in every form of speech assented to the necessity of a close season for the protection of seals. These assurances were given to the American Minister, to the American charge, to the Russian Ambassador and on more than one occasion to two of them together. The United States had no reason, therefore, to doubt that the whole dispute touching the seal fisheries was practically settled.

Canada Must be Consulted.

Mr. Blaine says that five days after that assurance Lord Salisbury said that neither an act of Parliament to give effect to seal fishery regulation nor an order-in-council to have naval vessels co-operate in the matter could be adopted "until Canada is heard from." "Mr. Blaine says This Government cannot but feel that Lord Salisbury would have dealt more frankly if in the beginning he had informed Minister Phelps that no arrangement could be made unless Canada concurred in it and that all negotiation with the British Government was but a loss of time.

Mr. Blaine objects to Sir Julian's provisional arrangement on the ground that the open season selected by the latter would find the islands most crowded with seals, especially females, going forth for food for their young, and that deadly loss would follow. The sealing vessels would respect the 10-mile limit as wolves respect a flock of sheep. He says that the last proposition is in significant contrast with that made by Lord Salisbury in 1888, and remarks that the result with which the United States is expected to be content is that her rights within Behring Sea and on the islands are to be determined by one of Her Majesty's provinces. He says England would rightfully complain if an arrangement between her representative and the representative of the United States were broken off at the wish of California. Therefore the minister's proposition is rejected and negotiations are to be continued.

Salisbury's Warning.

On June 14 Sir Julian presented his Government's formal protest against the instructions issued to United States revenue cruisers to interfere with the vessels of British subjects engaged in the seal fisheries on the high seas. The protest, says the minister, is instructed: "To declare that Her Britannic Majesty's Government must hold the Government of the United States responsible for the consequences that may ensue from acts which are contrary to the established principles of international law."

The correspondence closes with a letter of Mr. Blaine which would fill 20 newspaper columns, but which is a mere re-statement of the United States' position.

THE RIDEAU CANAL.

Commissioner Wood Investigating Alleged Irregularities.

KINGSTON, July 23.—A. F. Wood, M.L.A. for North Hastings, is in the city. Mr. Wood has been appointed a commissioner to investigate alleged charges of irregularities in connection with the management of the late superintendent of the Grenville canal. Mr. Wood spent a week looking into the matter, and has summoned a number of leading men in connection with the affair. The object of his visit to the city is to make enquiries into complaints made by residents of Pittsburg that the water of the Rideau canal has been allowed to rise at Kingston Mills and overflow their lands causing much damage to their crops. The injury by the water was caused last year. The complainants are Messrs. Bermingham, Blake and Joyce.

In connection with this investigation many difficulties will arise. People who have occasion to use the canal claim that the water is not kept sufficiently deep, and they find fault with the men in charge of the locks. Between the farmers' and mariners' interests it will be difficult to settle the matter satisfactorily. Mr. Wood thinks that the only way to remedy the matter will be to deepen the canal, and he thinks that it is desirable to the people of Kingston that this should be done. The canal should be much deeper than it is. To improve it properly will need a large outlay of money.

A MIDNIGHT ROW.

A Bartender and a Drunken Man Have a Dispute.

Just before 12 o'clock last night a man was found lying on his back in front of the Wellington House at York and Wellington-streets by Policeman Steele. His head was bleeding considerably, but he soon revived sufficiently to say in maudlin tones that he was all right. Bob Hannah, the boat-tender of the hotel and son of the proprietor, was close by at the time and was at once arrested. He claimed that he was helping the man, who says he is Robert Davidson of Listowel, up stairs to bed when he turned on him suddenly, and in defending himself Hannah pushed the drank out doors. Others said that the two had been having a big row, and that Hannah fired the drunk down the steps and fell on him. Dr. Thorburn put two stitches in Davidson's head and the two were taken to Headquarters. Hannah's father wanted to bail him but it was too late. Both prisoners were slated as disorderlies.

From British Columbia.

Mr. Robert Macabe, formerly of Hamilton but now of the job department of The Victoria, B.C., Colonist, is in town on a short visit. Everything is now humming on the Pacific coast. Victoria has a population of 25,000; Canadian ideas are supplanting the staid old English ideas that formerly obtained; every body is prosperous. Vancouver, the other phenomenal town, has 13,000 inhabitants. Both papers in Victoria are making money.

St. Louis Budweiser Lager Beer

Has taken gold medals all over Europe and America. At Paris it received the gold medal over Bass' and Guinness' for purity of beer. Price $1.75 per dozen pints and $2.85 quarts. Sold at the clubs, principal hotels and wine merchants. William Mara, agent, 282 Queen-street west. Telephone 713. 246

THE KULAPORE CUP

Won by the English Team With a Score of 704 Points.

LONDON, July 23.—The contest for the Kolapore Cup took place to-day at the Bisley range. The English team won the cup with a score of 704 points. The Canadian team made 676 points.

Abandoned on Fire at Sea.

LONDON, July 23.—The steamer Spaarendam, from New York, July 12, for Rotterdam, passed Isle of Wight to-day. She signalled that the National line steamer Egypt, Capt. Summer, from New York, July 10, for Liverpool, had been abandoned on fire at sea, and that her crew were on board the British tank steamer Manhattan, from New York for Hull, and would be landed at Dover. The Egypt did not carry any first-class passengers. The Egypt was an iron screw steamer of 2959 net tons and 4670 gross tons burden. She was built at Liverpool in 1871.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The general agent of the National steamship line says there were no passengers either saloon or steerage on the steamer Egypt. The crew numbered about 30 men and there were 22 cattle men on board. The Egypt was probably the best boat of the National line.

Philip Rajus' Bavarian Lager,

The finest lager made in the Dominion. Price $1.10 per dozen pints, or $1 if bottles are returned; $2.10 per dozen quarts, or $1.70 if bottles are returned. Sold at the clubs, principal hotels and wine merchants'. William Mara, agent, 282 Queen-street west. Telephone 713. 246

At "Headquarters."

Mr. Fred Mossop is now fully installed at "Headquarters," and has gone to a good deal of trouble and expense in making it comfortable for his friends and patrons. "Headquarters," as its name indicates, will always be a popular Toronto resort. 246

The charming resort of our fashionable citizens. The Arlington Hotel Toronto, has just opened its new east wing for inspection. The arrangements and furnishings of the rooms are exquisite. 246

The General's Story of the Furs.

Major-General Sir Fred Middleton is preparing a pamphlet on the alleged fur looting that will give all the facts and be a surprise for some one. It will be published in Canada.

Blaine's Recuprocity Scheme.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The Sun's Washington despatch says President Harrison has drafted a message to Congress urging the adoption of the Blaine reciprocity scheme, but on broader terms and with a scope far more extensive than has been advocated by the Secretary of State. Senators Aldrich and Morrill of the Senate Finance Committee became converted to the Blaine doctrine recently, and they have added their influence to that of the Secretary of State. A leading Republican, who has already drawn up more than one treaty of reciprocity, has been hastily summoned from his summer vacation and has been called in to devise some scheme of reciprocity which will stand a chance of getting through. The Senate at this late day, with the exception of Cullom (Illinois), a leading Republican, so far as heard from, is willing to endorse a scheme of reciprocity.

A GREAT DAY FOR TROTTERS.

WOODBINE DRIVING CLUB'S SUCCESSFUL INAUGURAL DAY.

A Good Crowd and Capital Sport—Dixon's Minnie Moore Wins the 2.30 Class in Straight Heats—J. M. G. Does Likewise in the Three Minute Class—The Entries For To-day.

Starter—F. B. Walker, Indianapolis.
Judges—F. B. Walker, J. R. Hogaboom, T. Hodgson.
Timers—Dr. Elliott, St. Catharines; W. Christie.
Clerk of the sales—G. H. Briggs. Distance judge—J. Curran. Patrol judge—Pat Davies.

The Woodbine Driving Club's summer meeting opened yesterday in ideal racing weather. The track was in superb condition, and for trotting can scarcely be surpassed on the continent. The crowd in attendance was a grand one, who thoroughly entered into the spirit of the sport. The ladies enjoyed the fun, and many a fair one pocketed the lucky shekel as the result of a judicious investment.

The manner in which the horses were sent off by Mr. Walker, the professional starter, was really a treat. It did not take the drivers long to discover that he meant what he said. Chapman Maid was persistent in unduly going ahead in the first heat of the 3 minute trot, which miscalculation cost her driver $5. Mr. Walker has a good voice and used it to effect in announcing every place, etc. "Look out for that pole horse!" saved many a false start. It was pretty difficult work to control a field of 10 horses. This was a sample of the mode of warning given:

"One minute, gentlemen, now I want you to help me and I know some are trying. You must keep behind the pole horse. If you don't I'll fine you; and you, J. M. G., must make the pace slower or I'll fine you, too." The next trial sent the field well away.

Six bookmakers did a fair business. They were: Forbes & Frankland, Maloney & Co., Wood & Co., Haskins & Co., O'Neill & Co., Davis & Co.

THE 2.30 CLASS—PURSE $500.

The first race was for 2.30 trotters and went to J. Dixon's Minnie Moore in straight heats. R. Stewart's Hurricane was entered but the trotting rules barring an owner having two horses in excluded him. This left a field of four. Minnie Moore got the start and won the first heat handily without a skip or break. The other three made a pretty race and were bunched at the back, but the turn showed Volunteer in front and daylight between Creamonia and F. O. P., with the Cannington horse last. The remaining heats were a repetition of this one. The bookies refused to accept any bets on the last heat. In the last heat Minnie Moore went the last quarter in 34¼ secs., a 2.18 gait. Summary:

Minnie Moore, b m, by Toronto Chief; James Dixon, Toronto.....(J. Dixon) 1 1 1
Volunteer, b g, by Toronto Chief, dam by Touchstone; A. Collins, Toronto.....(A. Collins) 2 2 2
Creamonia, b m, by Ansonia; Robert Stewart, Aylmer.....(R. Stewart) 3 3 3
F. O. P., b g; J. E. Smith, Cannington.....(C. Smith) 4 4 4

Time 2.31¼, 2.30, 2.27¼.

Heat Betting.

	1st.	2d.	3d.
Minnie Moore	3—10	1—10	—
F. O. P.	6—1	6—1	—
Creamonia	3—1	2—1	—
Volunteer	6—1	5—1	—

THE 3-MINUTE CLASS—PURSE $500.

This race showed rather a surprise. There were 10 entries and all started. No one expected that the event would be won in three straights, but J. M. G. did the trick. He comes from Port Huron, and many were the queries as to where he had started before. J. M. G. got four lengths the worst of the start. Col. Stoner was away first and held his lead to the half, with the other officer on his sulky wheels. It was at the ¾ that the Port Huron grey began to go. Up he went, and before the stretch was reached had the lead, which he held easily. The grey had the pole in the second, which he was not slow in taking advantage of. The race was his all the way, although Jim Crack made it look dangerous. Gen. Rial finished third, but was put back for running to fifth place. J. M. G. also had the third heat at his mercy. This was when Mr. Brown's Patti did some fine pacing and again the leader had a close follower. Again Gen. Rial was put back for breaking, having finished fourth. The summaries:

J. M. G., g g; J. B. Petit, Port Huron.....(J. B. Petit) 1 1 1
Patti, ch m, by Forest Mambrino, dam Kittie; A. E. Brown, Barrie.(A. E. Brown) 5 3 2
Jim Crack, ch s, by Mambrino King, dam Hyacinth; M. Patterson, Almonte.....(M. Patterson) 6 2 3
General Rial, br s, by General Booker; A. Sinclair, Chatham.....(G. Robinson) 2 5 6
Colonel Stoner; Martin Higgins, Prescott.....(J. Martin) 3 6 4
Edwin Clay, ch g, by Harry Clay; Charles Brown, Toronto.....(E. James) 4 4 5
Redmond, blk s, by Ansonia; Robt. Stewart, Aylmer.....(R. Stewart) 8 7 7
Chapman Maid, b m, by Ethan Allen; W. A. Chapman, Belleville.....(D. Lake) 9 8 8
Bridgebird, br m; J. E. Clarke, Toronto.....(D. Shaver) 10 ydr
General Scott, bg, by Winfield Scott, dam by Clear Grit; H. James, Toronto.(H. James) 7 dis

Time 2.33¾, 2.35¼, 2.27¼.

Heat Betting.

	1st.	2d.	3d.
Redmond	4—1	5—1	7—1
Edwin Clay	5—1	4—1	3—1
General Scott	5—1	5—1	dis.
Gen. Rial	8—1	8—5	3—1
Jim Crack	4—1	8—1	3—1
Col. Stoner	4—1	2—1	5—1
J. M. G.	8—5	2—1	out
Patti	2—1	2—1	2—1
Chapman Maid	8—1	8—1	15—1
Bridgebird	12—1	10—1	20—1

TO-DAY'S CARD.

Open race, purse $400:
Sorrel George, ch g, by Capt. Webb; John Kelly, Almonte.
John Duncan, g s, by Amber, dam by Royal George; C. H. Field, Brantford.
Sunrise, b s, by Bellwood, dam by Solo; Ed. Rooney, Prescott.
Cyclone, ch g, by Toronto Chief; A. Collins, Toronto.
Finnigan, J. B. Petit, Port Huron.
New Hope, Kidd Brothers, Listowel.
2.35 class, purse $500:
Minnie B., br m, by Ethan Allen; George P. Coolidge, Ottawa.
Baldwin, ch g; R. Thompson, Goderich.
Blackstone, blk g, by Blucher; A. Collins, Toronto.
John Doddridge, g g, by John A. Allen, dam a Tippo mare; E. Harper, Toronto.
Henry R., br g, by General Stanton; J. D. Robertson, Chatham.
Creamonia, b m, by Ansonia; Robert Stewart, Aylmer.
Walter Drake; J. B. Petit, Port Huron.

The Winners at the Beach.

BRIGHTON BEACH, July 23.—First race, 5 furlongs—Samarie won. Time 1.02¾.

Second race, 7 furlongs—Ballston won. Time 1.29¾.

Third race, 6 furlongs—Seed won. Time 1.17¾.

Fourth race, 1 mile— Tattler won. Time 1.44¼.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Seymour won. Time 1.50¼.

Sixth race, steeplechase—Tarquin won.

Prince Fonso Captures the Twin City Derby.

ST. PAUL, July 23.—First race, 1 mile—Cousin Jeems won, Twilight 2, Catalpa 3. Time 1.40¾.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Mountjoy 1, Anarchist 2, Yale "Pi" 3. Time 1.02¼.

Third race, 1 1-16 miles—Cashier 1, Warpeak 2, Blantyre 3. Time 1.50.

Fourth race, the Twin City Derby, 1¼ mile—Prince Fonso 1, Joe Blackburn 2, Verge d'Or 3. Time 2.09¾.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, heats—Al Farrow 1, Rival 2, Gracie D 3. Best time 1.14 3-4.

The Grand Circuit Trot.

PITTSBURG, July 23.—Free-for-all, pacing—Halpointer won, Gossip Jr. 2, Monkey Rolla 3. Best time 2.18¾.

The 2.27 class trot was unfinished.

2.17 class, pacing—Maggie R. won, Emma 2, Finely 3. Best time 2.16¼.

Trotting in Detroit.

DETROIT, July 23.—The weather here today was fair, the track fairly fast and the attendance 10,000. G. B. won yesterday's unfinished 2.26 class trot, Buck Morgan taking the third heat and second money, Harry Medium 3. Waveland 4. Best time 2.20¼.

2.20 class trot, best two in three, purse $2000—Almond won in straight heats, Black Diamond 2, Trolean 3. Best time 2.17¼.

2.24 class, merchants' and manufacturers' guaranteed stakes of $10,000, unfinished—Playboy won the first heat in 2.18¼, Walter E. second heat in 2.18¼, Suisun third heat in 2.18¼ and the fourth heat in 2.22.

Trotting at Lepine Park.

MONTREAL, July 23.—2.40 class—Sergeant 1, Black Prince 2, Dave Thompson 3. Best time 2.29¼.

2.30 class—Tom Hamilton 1, St. Patrick 2, Ben H. 3. Best time 2.34½.

Results at the Gut.

NEW YORK, July 23.—First race, ¾ mile—Parolina 1, Red Light 2, Biscuit 3. Time 1.16¾.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Wissahickon colt 1, Jay Gu El 2, Minnie J 3. Time 1.03¼.

Third race, ⅞ mile—Jennie McFarland 1, Blackthorn 2, Franco 3. Time 1.30¾.

Fourth race, selling, 1 mile—Ranococas 1, Germanic 2, Gen. Boulanger 3. Time 1.43¾.

Fifth race, 5 furlongs—Equality 1, Facial B. 2, Alarming 3. Time 1.02½.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs—Top Sawyer 1, Marty B 2, Wonderment 3. Time 1.31½.

Father Confessor Wins the Liverpool Cup.

LONDON, July 23.—At the Liverpool July meeting to-day the race for the Croxteeth Plate of 600 sovs. was won by the Duke of Beaufort's Coromandel, Schwab's Bonny Boy 2, Fawcett's Spring Cup 3. Betting on winner 20 to 1.

The race for the Sixty-third Liverpool Cup of 1200 sovs. was won by Abington's Father Confessor, Lord Randolph Churchill's L'Abbess de Jouarre 2, Milner's Shall-We-Remember 3.

The race for the Gerard Plate of 600 sovs. was won by Maple's Grace Emily. Lord Calthorpe's Blavatsky 2, Moore's Theodora 3.

West Side Park.

CHICAGO, July 23.—First race, ⅝ mile—Lizzie Gwynne 1, Ben March 2. Time 1.03¾.

Second race, 1⅛ miles—Bonnie King 1, Oro 2, Chilhowie 3. Time 1.56¾.

Third race, 1 mile—Benson 1, Lizzie B. 2, Wheeler T. 3. Time 1.42.

Fourth race, ⅝ mile—Dan H. 1, Tom Stevens 2, Miss Howard 3. Time 1.15¼.

Fifth race, 1⅛ miles—Evangeline 1, Ralph B. 2, Osceola 3. Time 2.53.

It Will be a Great Race.

NEW YORK, July 23.—C. J. Hamlin of Buffalo has declined to match Belle Hamlin against Sunol for $10,000 a side, $5000 forfeit, the winner to take entire stake and gate receipts.

He offers, however, to make a match for $5000 a side, $2500 forfeit, winner to take 60 and loser 40 per cent. of the gate receipts.

The Summer Meet at Saratoga.

The meeting which will begin at Saratoga to-day promises to be unusually brilliant. The number of Eastern stables on the ground already is formidable, and when to these are added the Western horses that have recently been creating sensations at Washington Park it will readily be seen why the season at the Springs, always popular to horsemen, should be eminently successful.

In addition to the horses who will go as bread winners there will be many of the great cracks, Kingston probably and Hanover among the number, who will journey thither to enjoy the wonderfully recuperative properties of the Springs. On the opening day the historic Travers Stake for three-year-olds at a mile and a half will be run. Burlington will endeavor in this to wipe out the defeat of the Lorillard, the only stain upon his record of the year. Palisade will be the candidate for the Melbourne, and at least two colts may be sent from Monmouth for the event.

The Flash Stakes, for two-year-olds, will be contested on the same day. Sallie McClelland has a seeming mortgage upon it, though Margherite, should she see the post, will make them all run every inch of the way to beat her.

Trainer Walker writes to a friend in the city that the Seagram string are all in good shape. He will start the Onondaga colt in the Flash Stakes. Fellowship will run in the ⅝ mile dash, as also will Mike Gorman's Ida Girl.

A Little Advice to Speculators.

Nearly all men who bet want information, and on a race-track any one that is supposed to know anything is generally worried to death by questions. "Nestor Redivivus" in The Week's Sport gives the following sensible advice to bettors. Constant reference to it and a close following-out of its instructions would be beneficial:

Don't attempt to bet on all the races on a card.

Don't ever listen to a tout. His knowledge is nil, and he is only "playing you for a sucker."

Don't bet on a long-shot straight without strengthening your hand by backing it for a place and 1, 2, 3.

Don't bet on a long-shot at all unless you have been advised to do so by some one on whom you can entirely rely.

Don't, as a rule, bet on any events except those in which first-class race-horses are engaged.

Don't imagine that heavy-weights, in any reasonable amounts, stop first-class horses from beating second-class animals.

Don't bet on a horse because a fashionable jockey has the mount, though in the case of two horses on an equality prefer the one which has the better rider.

Don't neglect to look the horses over in the paddock and in their preliminary work. Even if at first you do not learn much from this, knowledge will soon begin to come to you.

Don't ever ask questions of a person directly interested in a horse. The majority resent it, and are apt to "steer you off." If they want you to win they will not forget to tell you.

Don't forget in most races there are at any rate three or four horses that are expected to win by the parties interested.

Don't try to ferret out "robberies." In the majority of cases they do not exist, and if they do you are very unlikely to "get on" to them.

Don't forget that public form is the best guide for a betting man, but that there are sundry conditions which must be studied, such as the condition of the going, weights, riders, etc.

Last, but by no means least:

Don't bet at all. You will be much better off in the long run, even where you do know something about racing.

BETWEEN THE FLAGS.

The Capitals' Second and Young Canadians Each Score Three Games.

There was a good gathering of spectators at the baseball grounds last evening to see the practice match between the Capitals' second twelve and the Young Canadians. The game was fast and close from start to finish. The result was a draw, each scoring three goals.

Saturday's Game at Rosedale.

The Rosedale grounds Saturday will be the scene of a grand exhibition of our national game when the St. Regis Indians, the finest lot of redskin players handling a lacrosse, will cross sticks with the Torontos. The home team will put on their strongest twelve and may be expected to play for all that is in them. The boys are in active training, and will go on the field prepared to play one of the strongest games this season. A very large crowd should be in attendance. Tickets have been put on sale at H. P. Davies', a few doors north of King in Yonge, where those who desire may purchase them, saving a crushing at the gate.

The Match with the Ottawas.

The contest between Ottawa and Toronto Aug. 2 will be keen and exciting, as upon it depends largely the position which our twelve will occupy in the final match of the championship series. Should the Torontos win they will then be in a fair way to victory, as the greater number of the remaining matches are to be played on the Rosedale grounds. Arrangements have been made to enable those friends of the team who would like to accompany them to cheer and encourage them to do so, and any desirous to take advantage of this opportunity can receive full information as to rates, etc., by communicating with Mr. James S. Garvin, 18 Wellington-street east. An excursion rate will be secured on receipt of a sufficient number of names. The Toronto team are practising hard.

To-night's Races at Rosedale.

The Lacrosse Club series of handicaps will be continued to-night, when the 100 yards, 440 and 880 yards races will be run. The scratch men are as follows:

100 yards—A. H. Cassels, W. C. Bonnell, Joseph Irving and Jud Sewell.

440 yards—Jud Sewell and Ross

880 yards—F. W. Jackson, F. Crang, W. Goldsmith, Ross and Forrester.

A pole vaulting match between Messrs. Pauw, Goldingham, Edwards and Arnott will take place before the handicap races.

TRAP SHOOTING.

The Final Shoot at West Toronto for Valuable Club Prizes.

The West Toronto Gun, Dog Sports and Angling Club's final shoot for the club prizes was finished yesterday afternoon. There were three classes; two prizes to each class. The winners were:

First class: 1, T. Boswell; 2, G. Spiller.
Second class: 1, R. A. McCready; 2, G. Evans.
Third class: 1, F. Habart; 2, H. Habart.

The highest score was made by Mr. Boswell, being 39 out of 45.

Messrs. Evans and Burgess tied for second place in second class. Mr. Evans finally shot "Collie" out.

Shooting for the Prize Gun.

At the Greenwood-avenue grounds yesterday the prize gun was shot for and several sweepstakes indulged in. In the shoot for the gun Messrs. Emond and Davidson tied at twenty, which they will have to shoot off unless their score is beaten on Saturday.

Gun shoot, 25 singles:

Davidson	20	Wilton	15
Emond	20	Bayles	15
Draisy	16		

First sweep:

Davidson	10	Draisy	9
McDowall	9	Emond	7

Second sweep:

Davidson	10	McDowall	8
Emond	10	Wilton	6

Third sweep:

Davidson	10	McDowall	8
Emond	9		

Fourth sweep:

Davidson	9	McDowall	7
Emond	8	Wilton	6

Fifth sweep:

Davidson	6	McDowall	3
McDowall	4		

Yesterday's Baseball Results.

NATIONAL—Philadelphia 17, Pittsburg 6; Chicago 13, New York 12; Cleveland 0, Boston 2.

AMERICAN—Athletics 4, Louisville 6; Rochester 8, Toledo 3; Syracuse 8, Columbus 13; Brooklyn 8, St. Louis 4.

PLAYERS—Buffalo 6, New York 7; Cleveland 14, Brooklyn 6; Chicago 5, Boston 22.

Ryan Was Knocked Senseless.

DENVER, July 23.—Three hundred sports left to-day in a special train to witness a fight between Billy Woods, the champion of Colorado, and Jack Ryan of Omaha for $500. Woods won in the fifth round, knocking Ryan senseless with a right-hander under the ear.

Spots of Sport.

The Riverdale Baseball Club want challenges from juniors, 14 and under. A. Woodhall, 431 Ontario-street.

The Athletics defeated the Victorias on the diamond opposite the lacrosse grounds by 27 to 25. Batteries—Hewett, Reid and Hewett; Thompson, Wright and Mather.

Toronto sporting men lost heavily on Hanlan and Wise in the double scull race at Duluth yesterday, which was won by Gaudaur and McKay.—N.Y. Evening News.

Sunol, the California-bred trotting wonder, may be sent to break the record at the Blue Ribbon meeting. Many horsemen believe that she is capable of beating Maud S.' time. Mr. Bonner has a thousand dollar check waiting for Charles Marvin, her driver, the day

THE TECHNICAL SCHOOL SCHEME.

The Expenditure Declared Illegal by the Assistant City Solicitor—Legislation Will Have to be Obtained.

Assistant City Solicitor Mowat, who holds the fort in the law department in the absence of his chief, sprang a surprise in the ranks of the Executive Committee yesterday. The report of the special committee on technical schools passed through and was about to be sent on to council, when the assistant solicitor entered the room with a letter he had just written and which he desired read. It was as follows, being addressed to the secretary of the committee:

DEAR SIR,—I have your letter of July 16 enclosing a copy of an order that I should prepare a bylaw to authorize the formation of the board of the Toronto technical schools and containing a postscript that at a meeting of the council the matter of technical schools was laid over for further consideration but that the bylaw might be prepared, omitting the names of the board.

As I understood that the council would not meet for some time after its last meeting, I deferred consideration of the matter and the drawing of the bylaw until I learned of the meeting of the council to be held to-day, or I would have written sooner to say that I know of no authority for the establishment or management of such schools by the corporation or any power given to provide for the cost of the same. The only authority for the establishment of such schools appears to be given to free library boards to which the council has power to grant aid.

In view of this it would seem to be unwise for the council to pass a bylaw when they lack the necessary authority to do so.

C. R. W. BIGGAR.
(Per H. M. Mowat.)

Mr. Mowat explained that he had seen the Minister of Education on the subject that morning to see if there was any way of bridging the difficulty. This was found impossible, but Mr. Ross expressed himself as favorable to legislation being procured at the next session of the Legislature covering the difficulty.

After considerable discussion, in which great regret was expressed that the movement should be blocked at its inception, it was resolved to adopt the report but to advise the council to defer carrying the bylaw until the Legislature gives the necessary powers.

Chairman Boustead explained that on account of it being the first session after the elections it was probable that the house would be called together either in November or certainly not later than December, so that the delay would not be so great as at first supposed.

In the matter of the Schools Committee the following clause was struck out pending further consideration:

Your committee recommend that three schools be started on Nov. 1 next, the exact location to be decided by the board, but these localities being suggested—one in or near Association Hall, one near Queen and Spadina-avenue, one near Sherbourne and King. These would probably be convenient for the main bulk of the artisan population for the present, and the field of operation might be enlarged as occasion requires.

Ald. Maughan, Hallam and Swait stated that instead of three schools Professor Galbraith was only in favor of the establishment of one. Ald. Gillespie, on the other hand, said that he had had many conversations in connection with this matter with the Professor, who expressed himself as favoring three schools. The old ward grab business came up, the aldermen from the different sections fighting that the schools be located in their midst. There was some discussion as to whether there should be one or two schools, which resulted in consideration of the report being deferred.

GRIFFIN'S PLIGHT.

An Agricultural Implement Agent in Jail at Brockville.

BROCKVILLE, July 23.—Lincoln Griffin, an agent for the Massey Manufacturing Company of Toronto, and who resides with his uncle at Caintown, in this county, has been arrested and lodged in jail here on the charge of committing an assault Sunday last, on the person of Sarah Ann Spears, 17 years of age, and who had been taken from Fairknowe Orphans Home about a year ago, by the relative with whom he has resided. The girl returned to the home on Monday, told the circumstances of the assault and was subsequently examined by Dr. Vaux. The physician told Mr. Burgess, of the Home, that the girl had undoubtedly been abused, and Mr. Burgess then swore out a warrant for Griffin's arrest and placed it in Deputy Sheriff Robertson's hands.

The prisoner was found early this morning at Lansdowne, where he had gone to put up an agricultural implement and at once submitted to arrest. He seemed to recognize the terrible position in which he has been placed but stoutly denies the charge. He admits having been criminally intimate with the girl but not without her consent.

ODDFELLOWS AT KINGSTON.

The Celebration a Great Success—Competitive Drill of the Patriarchs.

KINGSTON, July 23.—The Oddfellows' demonstration yesterday and to-day has been a great success. There was a great crowd in the city to-day, cantons of patriarchs-militant being here from Rochester, Oswego, Watertown, Belleville, Montreal, Ottawa, St. Thomas and Kingston, and delegations from many cities and towns in New York and Ontario. This afternoon four hours were spent in competitive drill, but results will not be announced until after to-morrow's exhibition.

The Vacant Chief Engineership.

OTTAWA, July 23.—The contractors, M.P.s and others are greatly interested in the successor to the late John Page, chief engineer of the Dominion. Prominent names mentioned are those of Walter Shanly, Colling wood Schreiber, Thomas Keefer, but it is not known that any of these would care to accept it. One man, said to be the dark horse, is W. G. Thompson, C.E., now in charge of the new Sault canal, and a trusted assistant of the late chief. Mr. Thompson was employed on the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, then appointed by Mr. Page to take charge of the southern division of the new Welland canal, where he had practical charge of the two most difficult jobs in all that work, namely: the aqueduct over the railway and the entrance locks at Port Colborne. Mr. Page had so much confidence in him that he next gave him charge of the new Sault canal, a very difficult piece of engineering. His integrity is generally recognized, and his engineering ability is best evidenced by his work for over 30 years. If Mr. Page had been asked to name his successor he would have said Mr. Thompson.

Romance at Murray Bay.

QUEBEC, July 23.—Last Saturday as a young lady was going down a ladder suspended on the side of the wharf at Murray Bay into a boat which stood at the foot of the ladder her foot slipped and she fell into the water. The son of Judge Bosse, who witnessed the accident, dived from the wharf after her. He swam to the surface a minute after with the young lady in his arms. Boats hastened to the rescue and both the young lady and her rescuer were brought ashore insensible.

Living at Five Score and Five.

BROCKVILLE, July 23.—An instance of longevity comes from Fitzroy Harbor. Mrs. Ball has just reached her 105th year. Although the neighbors are very kind and would give her any assistance she does her own work and carries her firewood on her back a distance of half a mile and is as straight as most women of 50 years. She has been twice married, but has survived both her husbands and all her children.

Gold Mining Lands Looking Up.

The old Feigle Gold Mine, near Malone in North Hastings, owned by Messrs. S. G. Beatty and C. G. L. Kelso of Toronto and F. P. Pearce of Belleville, has been sold for a large amount to a strong syndicate composed of W. G. Reid, contractor, and a number of English capitalists. As the purchasers are about to commence operations on a large scale a boom in mining interests in that locality may be looked for.

Commissioner Brown in Ottawa.

OTTAWA, July 23.—Adam Brown, M.P., arrived here to-day. He is gathering statistical information respecting Jamaica's imports. He will visit the island shortly in order to ascertain as to the exhibits that it is desirable that Canada should send to the approaching exhibition there.

...ock, Caledonia, Minn., writes: "I ... the most excruciating pain from ...ory rheumatism. One application of ...as' Eclectric Oil afforded almost instant ...er, and two bottles effected a permanent cure."

A TRAGEDY RECALLED.

Death of Mrs. Mack, Who Was Shot at Belleville Four Years Ago.

BELLEVILLE, July 23.—Mrs. William Mack, whose figure was well-known to all who pass the little frame grocery at the south end of the overhead bridge in the Madoc-road, died of consumption Sunday at the age of 55 years, and was buried to-day.

Her death recalls a page in the history of the crimes of this city. It was a bright day in July, 1886, that the police were telephoned that murder and suicide had been committed in Ridley-street, and soon the humble abode of the Macks was surrounded by an anxious throng. William Pentlandt, a British pensioner and a tenant of the Macks, had quarrelled with them over a garden plot, and hot words had ended in a police court case in which Pentlandt could not see that justice had been done him. The Macks knew of his wrath, but had no thought of danger. The enraged man secured a revolver, and entering the small grocery fired twice at the old man at short range, but went wide of his mark each time. Mrs. Mack ran across the street screaming, but when in the centre of the road Pentlandt, who thought he had finished the old man, fired upon her, the ball striking her below the shoulder and passing through her body. Believing he had finished the lives of both the old people he fastened himself in the chamber of his part of the house and with his revolver stood at the chamber window to keep the crowd at bay. Chief McKinnon convinced him that it was useless to think of escape when, rather than surrender himself to the police, the man settled himself back upon a bed, placed the weapon to his head and sent a bullet into his brain.

Mrs. Mack lingered long, rallied and partially recovered, but fell into a decline, the result of the wound, and on Sunday her release came.

IN RETAIL QUANTITIES.

The Farmer Could Not Sell the Lady a Basket of Berries and There Was a Racket.

A circumstance occurred at St. Lawrence Market yesterday which exposes the harshness and injustice of some of the market bylaws, and which created some stir among those doing business at the market.

Market Constable Wright, who was recently appointed to the position, and who supersedes Constable Hunt, interfered and prevented a farmer from selling a lady one basket of berries, stating that it was against the bylaw for the farmer to sell to the citizens in retail quantities. Mr. Smith, of the firm of Crealock & Smith, who witnessed the affair, advised the farmer to continue selling by retail, and both Mr. Smith and Ald. Hallam offered to be responsible for any law costs that might arise in his doing so.

The World called at Inspector Awde's office and found that no blame attaches to Constable Wright, as that official was only carrying out his instructions. Bylaw 2465, clause 28, page 212, reads:

Farm produce brought into the city to be sold in any of the markets shall not be sold except by the barrel, bag or in quantities not less than one bushel, unless the seller has a license as a huckster and pedlar. A barrel shall contain 2⅝ bushels, or 180 lbs., and a bag shall contain 1½ bushels, or 90 lbs.

As the law stands no citizen can buy strawberries at the market in less quantities than 54 boxes, apples not less than 2¾ bushels and other fruits and vegetables in like large quantities. A decided kick is being made against the clause quoted as being arbitrary and harsh. It is argued that there are scattered throughout the city many small groceries and other stores kept by people—many of them widows—who cannot afford to buy from the farmers in wholesale quantities and who are consequently compelled to buy from the hucksters and pedlars, paying them their profits and, as it is alleged, having to put up with the manipulation of small fruits which the hucksters indulge in. It is also contended that the clause in the bylaw was not passed by the council in the shape in which it appears in the bylaw but has been made more arbitrary and harsh. Another matter which gives dissatisfaction to those who buy and sell at the markets is that the volume of market bylaws which is sold at $5 a copy to those applying for them, is untrustworthy and unreliable. Since it was printed the several clauses and sections have been so altered, amended and tinkered that the book as a guide has no value whatever, and those following its directions are very likely to finish up in the Police Court for infraction of the city bylaws. Taken altogether the grumbling around St. Lawrence market is hearty and widespread.

THE ENGLISH SYNDICATE

And the Canadian Cotton Mills—Why the Transfer Was Not Carried Out.

MONTREAL, July 23.—Mr. A. F. Gault, who has just arrived home from England, in speaking of the primary object of his visit to England, the arrangement of a transfer of the Canadian cotton mills to an English syndicate, said they had not been wholly successful. "We did not have all of the Canadian mills with us and we found some difficulty in arranging the scheme; however, things are in such a shape now that the arrangements can be taken up later and carried out. In England, before they invest in enterprises of this kind, they want to be sure that they have a good long record behind them, and unfortunately the records of our mills are not all satisfactory, as no very high profits have been made, and with some none at all. Where profits fall below eight or ten per cent. they do not care to invest." Then he said the time was not opportune. It was the holiday season when people were away, and there was some difficulty in seeing the persons concerned. For the present, therefore, the scheme is in abeyance, but it will likely be taken up in the autumn and, Mr. Gault thought, carried to a successful issue. The joint capital of the proposed syndicate of mills would be at least twelve millions of dollars.

WESTERN MILLERS.

Resolutions Passed by the Meeting of the Association at London.

LONDON, Ont., July 23.—A meeting of the Millers' Western Local Association was held here to-day, and this resolution was passed unanimously:

That this meeting of flour millers for the counties of Middlesex, Elgin, Essex, Kent and Lambton, having discussed the action of the Government in withdrawing the order-in-council making the 1-16 bushel measure a legal standard for testing the quality of grain, but at the same time permitting grain buyers to use the same to inform their own minds of its value, and having been informed by the secretary of the Dominion Millers' Association that the grain inspector in Toronto still intends to continue the small tester in ascertaining the standard of car loads and cargoes of grain in deciding whether such cargoes are number one, two or three grade; Therefore, resolved, that this meeting of millers will continue to buy by tester, using their small tester to inform their own minds of the value of wheat, both farmers' loads and car lots; and in any dispute between buyer and seller about weight of any contract lots, then a peck or half bushel measure be used so as to legally decide the same.

Ambitious City Notes.

HAMILTON, July 23.—Detectives Doyle and Campbell ran in three young Torontonians this morning on general principles because they are known to be thieves by the police. They gave the names of James Gunning, John Lindsay and Dan Kavanagh. The detectives saw them off on the Toronto train this afternoon.

The medical staff of the Hamilton Insane Asylum has been changed in personnel by the removal of Dr. William K. Ross, assistant physician, to the London Asylum. Dr. Ross, who is a son of the ex-Provincial Treasurer, left for his new field of labor yesterday, and in his place Dr. Forster of the Kingston Asylum has been appointed. Dr. Forster arrived in the city yesterday and is now duly installed in office.

The announcement that work would be commenced on the T., H. and B. tunnel to-day was premature.

Lottery money still keeps dropping into the pockets of Hamilton people. The last on the list is Joseph Wilson, clerk in Zimmerman's drug store. He drew $3750 in the last Kansas City lottery.

A Steamer Ashore at Anticosti.

QUEBEC, July 23.—The steamship Idaho is ashore on Shannon Reef, Anticosti Island, in a critical position and asking assistance.

ANOTHER CRACK AT THE PILGRIMS.

Ald. Vokes and the Street Car Deputation—Who Are Going and When Do They Go—An Afternoon Setting.

The City Council held a special meeting yesterday afternoon. Mayor Clarke was in the chair. Ald. Lennox sent in a letter regretting his enforced absence. Of the aldermen there were in their seats Hallam, George Verral, Graham, Peter Macdonald, J. K. Leslie, Gillespie, Hewitt, Brandon, Boustead, Shaw, Irwin, Lucas, Bailey, Hill, Moses, Vokes, McDougall, E. A. Macdonald, Ritchie, Carlyle (St. And.), Maughan, Carlyle (St. Thos.), Bell, Swait, Small, McMullen, Gibbs, G. S. Macdonald. Ald. E. A. Macdonald sought in vain to have the proposed sewer in Battaye-avenue added to the list of those which it is permitted the City Engineer to construct without further reference to council.

Ald. Boustead moved that the former resolution sending the Mayor, Ald. Vokes, the City Engineer and Solicitor Denton to the States on street car matters be rescinded and that only Ald. Vokes, as chairman of the special committee, and the City Engineer be the deputation. Ald. Carlyle (St. And.) hinted that it was because Ald. Boustead saw that the people were opposed to the deputation as formed that he was putting forward the resolution.

Ald. Vokes: "I am in the hands of the council, but I must say that I think this resolution should be referred to my committee. I must say I do not feel like taking the responsibility of such a weighty report."

Ald. Brandon brought up the old three-cent-stamp cry, thinking that correspondence could do more good than deputations.

Ald. Hallam believed with Ald. Boustead that the reduction of the number was a good move. Ald. E. A. Macdonald moved in amendment that Ald. Vokes' name be struck out and that of Solicitor Denton's substituted. Ald. Gillespie wanted to get in a resolution squelching the whole deputation, but this the mayor promptly declared out of order.

Mayor Clarke put himself on record as being opposed straight through to being connected with the deputation. He had been put on against his will, and if the council was desirous of removing his name he was perfectly willing, and should it decide otherwise he was just as willing to obey its behests. He wanted it distinctly understood that he was not a party to Ald. Boustead's motion through a desire to shirk responsibility. He did not propose to sacrifice his principles for any hostile criticism.

Ald. McDougall was a strong believer in the deputation as first constituted. It was a petty cry, this cry about a few hundred dollars in consideration of the immense interests involved.

Ald. Hewitt moved that the name of Solicitor Denton be added to that of Ald. Vokes and Engineer Jennings. The Boustead resolution was finally sent back to the Street Railway Committee with instructions to use their own judgment in the matter.

Ald. Leslie, seconded by Ald. G. S. Macdonald, moved that the City Solicitor be instructed to write the local manager of the Grand Trunk Railway Company requesting him to have the small stations and platforms at the Queen-street east crossing for the use of the suburban service removed to the opposite sides of the tracks so as to do away with the necessity for the suburban trains standing on the line of street while taking on or letting off passengers. The motion was adopted.

Ald. Lucas was chairman of the committee of the whole on the reports of the standing committees. The first clause passed was the following:

Adverting to the instructions given to the City Treasurer to withhold further payments to the Police Magistrate on account of salary, as per report No. 13 of your committee, it is now recommended that the treasurer be authorized to pay the Police Magistrate from the time of His Worship's return to duty, salary for the time Mr. Denison was absent to remain in abeyance pending the decision of the Attorney-General on the enquiry about to be made, and that payments on account of assistance for the Police Magistrate be continued as per report No. 44 of the Executive Committee adopted in council Jan. 13, 1890.

When the Board of Works clause, giving the contract for asphalting Bloor-street east to the Construction and Paving Company, was brought up, Ald. Gillespie withdrew his opposition to the new organization, stating that on further enquiry he found that its personnel was satisfactory, and that he was glad to see competition. He had understood with other property-owners that it was the same company which had put down the pavement on Toronto-street. This was incorrect, however, and he wished so to state.

The specification for electric light and gas contracts was amended so as to make it permissible to accept contracts at two, three or five years, as it might be deemed fit.

The council adjourned at 4.35.

The University Quarterly.

The second number of The University Quarterly Review is on the eve of publication. It has an unusually attractive table of contents, and makes a distinct advance upon the initial number. Amongst other articles are the following:

1. The Behring Sea Question—Z. A. Lash, Q.C., Lecturer in Maritime Law to the University of Toronto.
2. The Equal Rights Movement—Rev. Principal Caven, D.D., President of Provincial Council E. R. Association.
3. Messenger Pigeons—Major-General Cameron, C.M.G., Commandant Royal Military College, Kingston.
4. A Movement Towards Creed Division—Rev. W. T. Herridge, M.A., B.D.
5. The Pre-Historic Naturalist—A. F. Chamberlain, M.A., Fellow in Ethnology, Clark University, Worcester, Mass.
6. How an Election is Won—S. T. Wood.
7. Some Recent Books on Tennyson—Archibald MacMechan, M.A. Ph.D., Professor of English Literature, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.
8. Notes and Comments.

Music on the Water.

Between 500 and 600 persons were on board the Cibola when she steamed out from Malloy's dock at 7½ last night. The occasion was the third annual moonlight promenade concert of the band of the Queen's Own Rifles. The steamer made a two hours' trip on the lake, the full band of the regiment, under Mr. J. Bayley, rendering selections at intervals. When the Cibola returned to the wharf at 10½ comparatively few of the excursionists alighted and a second trip extending over two hours was enjoyed. There was just sufficient breeze to make the trips enjoyable, and the excursion was universally pronounced the best of the trio held under this crack band's auspices.

Rev. J. B. Huff, Florence, writes: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the good effects which I have experienced from the use of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery for Dyspepsia. For several years nearly all kinds of foods fermented on my stomach, so that after eating I felt very distressing sensations, but from the time I commenced the use of the Vegetable Discovery I obtained relief."

They Are Not Friends.

There is war to the knife between Ald. Gillespie and Ald. Vokes. The latter has taken umbrage at certain remarks made by the former in connecion with the projected trip to the United States after street car information. At the recent meeting of the Executive hostilities became quite pronounced. Ald. Vokes attacked the member from St. George's Ward, and after the meeting had adjourned it looked for a moment as if the war would result in more than words.

Fagged Out.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength is gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there is nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

City Hall Small Talk.

Assistant City Clerk Littlejohn is confined to his house through illness.

The property owners in Crawford-street are anxiously waiting for the promised report on the extension of that thoroughfare which ex-City Solicitor McWilliams was requested to supply.

Ald. Vokes has returned the $1200 check to the custody of the City Treasurer, the injunction re Dundas-street bridges preventing the City Engineer going on the street car deputation for some days.

Building permits were issued yesterday to James Stinson, pair 2-story brick stores, 377-9 Parliament, $7000; George Peckham, alterations and additions, 22 Mutual, $1200; A. Harvard, pair semi-detached 2-story brick dwellings, corner Harvard and Fuller, $6500; F. E. Stephenson, two pair 2-story brick dwellings in Homewood-avenue, $10,000.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

MR. KENNEDY'S CASE.

A Correspondent Throws Some Light on His Conduct.

Editor World: In looking over the newspapers I notice statements, said to be made by Rev. Mr. Kennedy at conference and to a Hamilton reporter, which statements are untrue. The lady who was united in marriage to Rev. George Taylor Kennedy never was his housekeeper, in fact never filled that position at any time. Mr. Kennedy was not in need of a housekeeper, he wanted a wife of intelligence and education. Mr. Kennedy procured the services of an elderly maiden lady to be his housekeeper, whom he called Maggie, some time previous to his marriage. The inmates of the rev. gentleman's house at the time of his marriage were his housekeeper, a sister of his housekeeper, a hired man, his wife and three children. It appears to be an easy matter for Mr. Kennedy to make statements to suit his own purpose regardless of truth or honor. Mr. Kennedy is well aware that Mrs. Oliver never was his housekeeper, neither did the lady whom he married sign any agreement with the exception of those signed at the parsonage in presence of her witnesses. Mrs. Oliver purchased a farm, of which Mr. Kennedy was agent, some time previous to their marriage, engaged her servant, who had lived with her for some years previous, to go with her. Mr. Kennedy requested Mrs. Oliver to leave her servant for an after consideration, as his housekeeper might not care to leave; that perhaps she would prefer to remain permanently with them. Miss Maggie Ferguson remained till the month of March, Mrs. Oliver's servant taking her place. Help was engaged and paid by Mrs. Oliver, who managed and conducted her household on her own resources. It was Mr. Kennedy's calling as a Christian minister that induced Mrs. Oliver to consent to marry him. The rev. gentleman assured her that he had been a widower for nearly six years, and made oath that he was a widower when a marriage license was procured. When Mrs. Oliver heard the rumors concerning Mr. Kennedy's first marriage, that lady wrote to several ministers in connection with the Methodist church, consulted several legal gentlemen as to her position, served Mr. Kennedy with a notice to leave, and rented her place. TRUTH.

Toronto, July 23.

RAISED BY RULE.

Some Babies Can and Some Can't be Brought Up That Way.

"We always put him to bed in the dark," said a lady whom I was visiting last week.

And that poor child, who was born with such a delicate nervous nature that he was afraid of the dark, had to lie there and cry himself to sleep.

Rules and systems for raising babies are all right, but I beg every mother and father to consider well the question whether their child is not different from other babies. Because one child goes to bed quietly in the dark, sleeps until seven in the morning, and takes long naps in the day-time, is no sign that other babies can be made to do the same.

The only thing upon which all babies seem to agree is their liking for Lactated Food and the fact that it perfectly nourishes every little one living upon it. Mrs. John Briggs, Canton, Maine, is one of the many mothers who are very enthusiastic in their praise of Lactated Food. Her baby weighed but eight pounds when it was three months old, and no one expected that the child could live. Lactated Food was then given to it, "and," writes Mrs. Briggs, "the baby is now nearly two years old and healthy, happy and good-natured, thanks to the food. She has had no trouble whatever in cutting teeth, and likes Lactated Food better than anything we ever gave her."

Physicians prescribe Lactated Food freely, and thousands in all parts of the country have written to the same effect as the following from R. W. Stubbs, M.D., of Lynn: "I have used Lactated Food for the last two years in my practice, and I have been very much pleased with the results. I prescribe it in preference to all other foods, and I have given them all a fair trial."

Many an agonized parent, willing to do anything, even to the sacrificing of life itself for the sake of the child, is forced to sit quietly by and see it droop, fade and pass away, when, if Lactated Food was used the little one would receive proper nourishment and soon become stout and healthy. Not only is it the purest and best food, but it is the most economical, a small-sized can costing but 25 cents.

A C.P.R. DEAL.

The Road Now Connects Ocean With Ocean by Its Own Track.

BOSTON, July 23.—This week the Canadian Pacific Railroad completes the arrangements made some time ago for the purchase of the entire New Brunswick railway, and thereby connects ocean to ocean by its own iron. The New Brunswick system comprises nearly 500 miles of railway, and will never have a competing line in the province unless Russell Sage's plans for the development of the Grand Southern Railway are fully matured.

Losses Caused by Flames.

PICTON, July 23.—The Union Vale Cheese Factory, two miles north of Picton, was burned up this afternoon. There were 75 cheese in the factory, which were burned. Loss about $2000, insured for $700.

RIVIERE DU LOUP, July 23.—At 2½ o'clock this morning fire was discovered in Talbot & Girard's store. At 3 o'clock the whole building was a mass of flames and at 5 o'clock it was in ashes. Although the pumps worked well and water was plentiful, nothing could be saved from the store, but the firemen succeeded in saving the outbuildings and contents with little damage. Loss about $30,000 on stock; insured for $20,000. Loss on building, $10,000; insured for $5000. Mr. Gauvin had some furniture and furs in the building, which were also destroyed. He has an insurance of $500 on them.

A Mural Standard.

OTTAWA, July 23.—The Department of Inland Revenue have authorized Mr. Miall, the commissioner, to have a mural standard erected for the benefit of surveyors and of the general public. This wall standard will be placed in a prominent position, and will contain lengths from one foot (divided into inches) up to one hundred feet. There will be end pieces provided to stretch surveyors' tapes and chains to the normal length. The work for the department will be executed under the supervision of Mr. W. J. Loudon, lecturer and demonstrator in physics, Toronto University.

About the Rifle Butts.

The Executive Committee held a short session yesterday before the council met. Ald. Boustead presided. The City Engineer presented a report stating that City Surveyor Sankey had been at work examining the sites for a shooting range to supersede the present one in Garrison Common. The matter was left in the hands of the chairman to negotiate for a purchase should the range be declared suitable by the City Engineer and City Surveyor.

Yellow Oil has done good work for 30 years in curing muscular rheumatism, lumbago, croup, quinsy, colds, sprains, bruises, burns and all pains and aches. It is equally good for man or beast.

East Elgin Conservative Convention.

AYLMER, July 23.—The Liberal-Conservative Convention to select a candidate to contest the east riding of Elgin at the next Dominion elections met here to-day, 93 delegates present, with President E. A. Miller in the chair. A large number of names was presented to the meeting, but all withdrew in favor of Mr. A. B. Ingram, ex-M.L.A., who was declared the unanimous choice of the convention.

Biliousness and Acid Stomach.

Having used your Burdock Blood Bitters successfully for some time past for my complaint, biliousness and acid stomach, I have never found its equal. THOS. W. SUTTON, St. Thomas, Ont.

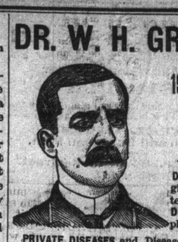
Inspector of Prisons.

Dr. Robinson, ex-M.L.A. for Cardwell, has put in a claim to the vacant prison inspectorship. He stands a good show.

"But what will settle the inspectorship," said a big Reformer yesterday, "is the exigency of the Government in its reconstruction. If by giving the post to a member who would retire in favor of Col. Gibson that would certainly be done."

Pleasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

DR. W. H. GRAHAM



198 KING-ST. W
Toronto, Ont.

TREATS CHRONIC DISEASES and gives special attention to SKIN DISEASES, as Pimples, Ulcers, etc.

PRIVATE DISEASES and Diseases of a Private Nature, as Impotency, Sterility, Varicocele, Nervous Debility, Etc. (the result of youthful folly and excess), Gleet and Stricture of long standing.

DISEASES OF WOMEN—Painful, Profuse or Suppressed Menstruation, Ulceration, Leucorrhœa, and all Displacements of the Womb.

OFFICE HOURS: 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Sundays 1 p.m. to 3 p.m. 245

A GOOD SNAP

Must be sold by Thursday next. THREE BRICK-FRONTED HOUSES on Dufferin-street; don't miss this chance. Principals only. Apply Box 75, World.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

WANTED—CITY PROPERTY IN EXchange for unencumbered first-class Manitoba farms. Box 75, World.

FOR SALE—LARGE BRICK AND ROUGHCast House, situate in Avenue-road, north of St. Clair-avenue; to be removed at once. For particulars apply to Messrs. Baldwin & Morris, Barristers, etc., Manning Arcade, King-street west. 456

$100 DOWN, FOR CHOICE CORNER lots on Bloor-street, balance easy. Also vacant lots in all parts of Brockton Addition. J. L. Dow.

$25 DOWN AND $23 YEARLY BUYS TWO storey cottage in Dovercourt or Brockton addition, near all cars and factories. J. L. DOW, Office, Room 21, Manning Arcade.

FOR RENT.

ARCADE — YONGE AND VICTORIA-streets offices on ground floor; plate glass front and all conveniences, suitable to owners, Ontario Industrial Loan and Investment Company (limited), 32 Arcade.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

KINDLING FOR SALE—6 CRATES FOR $1, 18 for $3. Firbrook Bros., 301 King-street east. Telephone 897.

FURNACE, GURNEY'S "PERFECT," FOR sale—With 12 registers, in first-class order. Apply to Baldwin & Morris, Barristers, etc., Manning Arcade, King-street west. 456

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN AS NURSE. Apply 615 Jarvis-street.

BOARD.

FIRST-CLASS BOARDING — LARGE DEtached house, good room, well furnished, bath and all conveniences; late dinner, cooking first-class. References to first city families. 239, late 211, Richmond-street west.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Advertisements under this head 1 cent a word.

WE ARE IN A POSITION TO ADVANCE money on real estate security, either on first or good second mortgages; persons desiring loans should call on us at once; no delay. Fortier & Small, 15 Victoria-street.

A WELL ESTABLISHED FIRST-CLASS planing mill, sash and door factory and lumber yard in the thriving town West Toronto Junction. Here is a good chance for an enterprising party or parties with some means. The proprietor wishes to retire from business entirely. Enquire at Hoover & Jackson's, 30 Dundas-street, in same town. 36

BUSINESS CARDS.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, WARTS, birth marks and all facial blemishes permanently removed by electrolysis. Dr. Foster, electrician, 138 Church-street.

E. J. LENNOX, ARCHITECT, OFFICES corner King and Yonge-streets, Toronto. Plans and specifications, all classes of work.

FRANKLIN'S ELECTRIC REVEALER—greatest known cure for Catarrh, Neuralgia, Headache. Sold by druggists. Office, 36 King east.

OAKVILLE DAIRY, 473 YONGE-STREET. Guaranteed pure farmers' milk supplied; retail only. Fred Sole, proprietor.

WHITEWASHING AND KALSOMINING Orders promptly attended to. C. H. Page No. 35 Teraulay-street.

LEGAL CARDS.

A. D. PERRY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc.—Society and private funds for investment. Lowest rates. Star Life Office, 32 Wellington-street east, Toronto.

BIGELOW, MORSON & SMYTH, BARRISTERS, notaries public, etc., N. Gordon Bigelow, Q.C., F. M. Morson, Robert G. Smyth. Nos. 7 and 8 Masonic Hall, Toronto-street, Toronto, Ont.

CASSELS, CASSELS & BROCK, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., rooms 9 and 10, Manning Arcade, Toronto. Hamilton Cassels, R. S. Cassels, Henry Brock.

CANNIFF & CANNIFF, BARRISTERS, SOLicitors, etc., 36 Toronto-street, Toronto. J. Foster Canniff, Henry T. Canniff.

DELAMERE, REESOR, ENGLISH & ROSS, Barristers, Solicitors, 17 Toronto-street, Toronto.

HANSFORD & LENNOX, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 17 Adelaide-street East, Toronto. J. E. Hansford, G. L. Lennox.

KERR, MACDONALD, DAVIDSON & PATERSON, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c. Offices, Masonic Buildings, Toronto-street. J. K. Kerr, Q.C., W. Macdonald, W. Davidson, John A. Paterson, R. A. Grant. ed

LAWRENCE & MILLIGAN, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc. Building and Loan Chambers, 15 Toronto-street, Toronto.

MACLAREN, MACDONALD, MERRITT & Shepley, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc.
J. J. Maclaren, Q.C. J. H. Macdonald, Q.C.
W. M. Merritt. G. F. Shepley, Q.C.
W. E. Middleton. R. C. Donald.
A. F. Lobb. E. M. Lake.
Union Loan Buildings, 28 Toronto-street.

MACDONALD, MACINTOSH & MCCRIMMON, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., 29 King-street west. Money to loan.

MACDONALD & CARTWRIGHT, Barristers, Solicitors, &c., 18 King-street East, Toronto, Walter Macdonald, A. D. Cartwright.

MEREDITH, CLARKE, HOWES & HILTON, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., 24 Church-street, Toronto. W. R. Meredith, Q.C., J. B. Clarke, R. H. Bowes, F. A. Hilton. 6

O'SULLIVAN & ANGLIN, BARRISTERS, SOLicitors, etc. Offices—Medical Building, corner of Bay and Richmond-streets. ed12mo

READ, READ & KNIGHT, BARRISTERS, SOLicitors, etc., 75 King-street east, Toronto. D. B. Read, Q.C., Walter Read, H. V. Knight. Money to loan.

SHAW & ELLIOTT, BARRISTERS, SOLICITors, Notaries Public, etc., 11 Union Block, 26 Toronto-street. Telephone 2414.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Coal, Public buildings," will be received until Monday, 11th August next, for Coal supply, for all or any of the Dominion Public Buildings.

Specification, form of tender and all necessary information can be obtained at this Department on and after Wednesday, 16th instant.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an *accepted* bank check made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, *equal to five per cent.* of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to supply the coal contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the check will be returned.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender. By order.

A. GOBEIL, Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, July 14, 1890.

BRING - YOUR - RAGS

Iron, Bottles, Brass, etc., to Harris,

27 and 29 WILLIAM-STREET

Telephone 1729. 136

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE 30,000 ISLANDS

"The Penetanguishene"

Is now open for summer guests.

Business men should take the Friday or Saturday evening train at 5.10, returning to Toronto by special Monday morning train, arriving in the city at 9.40 a.m.

Spend your Sunday on the Georgian Bay.

Camping parties of young gentlemen can obtain permits to camp in the Hotel Park on the Lake Shore.

Tickets and particulars from Barlow Cumberland, 72 Yonge-street, Toronto.

FREDERICK CREED, Steward.
Penetanguishene, July, 1890. 246

ISLAND

Mrs. Durnan's Restaurant and Ice Cream Parlor on Centre Island (Island Park) is now opened for the season. Hot water and all appliances for pic-nic parties free.

Mrs. Durnan hopes to see her old patrons this season, also at the old stand, Hanlan's Point.

MASSASSAGA PARK HOTEL

This famous summer resort hotel will be opened to the public JULY 1. The hotel is pleasantly situated on the Bay of Quinte, within four miles of the City of Belleville and in the vicinity of the best bass fishing in Canada. Guests will find ample accommodation at moderate prices. Rates for the season, $1 per day, $5 per week; children under 12 years of age half price. Address, SIBBITT & CO., Belleville, Ont.

HOTEL HANLAN

This magnificent hotel has been thoroughly renovated, and is now open for guests at any time, under the entire management of

MR. JOHN HANLAN

Pic-nic and other parties can get the most excellent accommodation at the most reasonable rates. Boat Houses, Ice Cream Parlors, Pool Rooms, Sitting Rooms, etc., in connection.

PENINSULAR PARK HOTEL
LAKE SIMCOE.

This Popular Summer Resort Is Now Open for Guests. Terms Moderate. Apply to

A. W. BROWN
QUEEN'S HOTEL, BARRIE. 624

LORNE PARK HOTEL
NOW OPEN
UNDER STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS MANAGEMENT

For terms, etc., apply at Hotel or by letter to Lorne Park Company, Toronto.

Swift and Elegant Steamer Greyhound Now running to Park three times a day, at 10 a.m., 2.10 p.m. and 5.15 p.m.

GOOD TRAIN SERVICE 246
WM. HAWTHORN, FORMERLY OF LONDON, ONT., Hotel Manager for Company.

ISLAND PARK
10 Boats' Engagement for the Season.
CLAXTON'S MILITARY BAND
Every evening and Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons. Boats leave Brock and Church-street wharves every 15 minutes and the Park every 5 minutes. HUGHES & CO., Island Park Pavilion. Last boat leaves the Park 11 p.m. 246

HOTEL CHAUTAUQUA
Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont.

This popular summer hotel, delightfully located up

Our Private DINING ROOMS

Are being used by the LADIES to THEIR ENTIRE SATISFACTION. They take the ELEVATOR at the Front Door at WEBB'S. Try it.

STOCKS, GRAIN, PRODUCE.

Local Stocks Firm—Continued Activity in "the Dook"—English Grain Markets Firm—Business Troubles.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, July 23.

Local stocks were strong and active to-day. All of the bank lines were strong and advancing with the exception of Dominion, which showed a decline. Montreal was especially strong, scoring two points above yesterday's figures. The "Dook," however, continued to absorb most attention. Transactions in him were numerous at figures above even yesterday's, one reported trade being quoted at 82. There is a sharp demand for Northwest Land both here and in London. A week ago it was quoted there at 72 and yesterday buyers were offering 73½. The favorable crop prospects in Manitoba and the Northwest have brought about the advance. Total transactions on the Exchange to-day were 1002 shares. Quotations are:

Mortgage Investments
SECURED FOR CLIENTS.
MONEY TO LEND
EXPENSES LOW.
ALEXANDER & FERGUSSON
Investors' Agents,
Bank of Commerce Buildings,
King-street west.

Montreal, 226½ and 225¾; Ontario, 117½ and 116; Toronto, 220 and 215; Merchants', 148 and 144½; Commerce, 129¾ and 128½; Imperial, buyers 153¾; Dominion, buyers 260; Standard, buyers 145; Hamilton, buyers 154; British America, 108 and 107; Western Assurance, 146¼ and 145½; Consumers' Gas, buyers 176; Dominion Telegraph, buyers 88; Northwest Land Co., 80½ and 80¼; Freehold, buyers 145½; Union, buyers 131; B. & Loan Association, buyers 104¾; Farmers' L. & Savings, 122 and 121; Lon. & Can. L. & A., 131 and 130¼; National Investment, buyers 100; People's Loan, 117 and 116.

JOHN STARK & CO
26 TORONTO-STREET
Stock Brokers and Investment Agents, etc.
Members Toronto Stock Exchange.

Transactions: 5 and 5 of Montreal at 226; 1 of Ontario at 116¾; 10 and 1 of Imperial at 156; 20 of Dominion Telegraph at 88½ reported; 50 of Northwest Land at 79¾ reported; 20 at 80½, 20, 40, 500 and 100 at 80¼ and 50 at 82 reported; 12 of Canada Permanent at 199½, 92 new Canada Permanent at 194; 55 of London & Canadian at 130½ reported and 100 at 130½.

PRESERVING KETTLES
All Kinds and Sizes.
RICE LEWIS & SON
(Limited)
32 King-st. E., Toronto

LONDON BONDS AND STOCKS.

LONDON, July 23, 12.30 p.m.—Consols, 96 5-16 money and 96 7-16 account; U. S. 4's, 128 ¾; St. Paul, 79¾; C.P.R., 89¾; N.Y.C., 110¾.

Montreal Stocks.

MONTREAL, July 23, 3 p. m.—Montreal, 226½ and 226; Ontario, 120 and 116; People's, offered 100; Molsons, 170 and 160, sales 10 at 162; Toronto, 220, and 216; Merchants', 145½ and 145; Commerce, 129 and 128½, sales 54 at 128¾ and 80 at 129; Mont. Tel., 90½ and 89½; Richelieu, 62 and 60½; City Passenger, 194½ and 193½; Gas Co., 208 and 207½; C. P. R., 83½ and 83¼, sales 100 at 83¾ and 5 at 83⅞.

HOUSE FOR SALE
Spadina-avenue, west side, $6000, solid brick, ten rooms, first-class condition, gas, furnace, bath, etc.; concrete floor in cellar and brick division wall
A. E. AMES, 38 King-st. East

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Local rates reported by John Stark & Co.:

BETWEEN BANKS.	Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.
New York Funds	1-16 dis	par	⅛ to ¼
Sixty days' Sterling	8¾	9 1-16	9¼ to 9⅜
Demand do	9 15-16	10 15-16	10¼

RATES FOR STERLING IN NEW YORK.	Nominal.	Actual.
Sixty days' Sterling	4.85 to 4.85½	4.84½ to 4.84¾
Demand do	4.89 to 4.89½	4.88¾ to 4.88¾

Bank of England rate 4 per cent.

WORLD'S BEST

RICE LEWIS & SON
TORONTO ONT. 246

THE STREET MARKET.

There was very little grain on the market today and prices ruled firm. A load of fall wheat sold at $1 and one of spring at 92c. Oats steady, three loads selling at 45½c to 46c per bushel. Peas and barley nominal. Hay is firm, with receipts good; new sold at $8 to $10.50 a ton, and old at $12 to $15. Straw easy, five or six loads selling at $6 to $7. A few hogs sold at $6.50.

W. STANDISH LOWE
Member Toronto Stock Exchange
Stock, Bonds and Debentures Bought and Sold
Estate and Financial Agent. 246
Telephone 343.
42 KING-STREET EAST

ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

There was a moderate trade at this market this morning, and prices rule steady.

Eggs are steady, with sales at 15c to 16c.

Butter in liberal supply, with the best quoted at 17c to 18c.

Poultry in fair supply. Chickens and fowls cheaper at 40c to 50c, and ducks at 60c to 65c. No turkeys offered.

Garden vegetables in fair supply, and prices steady. Green peas, 15c to 20c per peck; butter beans, 30c per peck; cabbage, 5c to 10c per head.

Potatoes steady, new selling $2.25 per bag, and at 40c per peck.

THE SIMPLEX DUPLICATOR
150 Copies from any writing with ordinary Pen or Typewriter. No washing, no wetting Send for circular.
GRAND & TOY
246 Leader-lane, Toronto.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, July 23.—Wheat firm; demand falling off. Corn firm, demand poor. Quotations—Spring wheat, 7s 2½d; red winter, 7s 1½d; No. 1 Cal., 7s 3½d to 7s 4d; corn, 3s 9d; peas, 5s 7d; pork, 58s 3d; lard, 30s; bacon, 29s 6d to 30s 6d; cheese, 41s.

BEERBOHM'S REPORT.

LONDON, July 23.—Floating cargoes—Wheat firm; corn firm. Cargoes on passage—Wheat firm; corn firmer. Mark Lane—Wheat, English firm, and foreign steady. Liverpool—Spot wheat firmer; corn firmer; No. 1 Cal. wheat, 7s 4½d, dearer; Walla, 7s 1d, unchanged.

MONEY
CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN
Capital $5,000,000. Toronto office:
28 WELLINGTON-ST. EAST
246
Special rates quoted for large loans on Central City Property. Apply to
W. E. LONG, Manager.

THE FRUIT MARKET.

There was a good deal of activity in fruits to-day. Receipts were large and the demand good. Raspberries under better demand, are up to 12c a box. Quotations are: Raspberries, 10c to 12c a box; blackberries, 8c to 10c a box; black currants, $1.30 to $1.50 a basket; red currants, 80c to $1 a basket; cherry currants, $1.10 to $1.25 a basket; cherries, $1 to $1.25 a basket; musk melons, $4 a barrel; water melons, $50 to $35 a hundred; California peaches, $3 a box; California plums, $3.50 to $4 a case; California pears, $4 to $5 a box.

EGGS ARE AGAIN FIRMER; 14c IS BEING readily paid and likelihood of an advance to 15c. Butter is in good demand for choice at 19c to 15c; new potatoes also in good demand. Cherries 80c a basket, blueberries $1 a pail, gooseberries 60c to 80c a basket. Consignments of above solicited. We have for sale: Strictly fresh eggs, fine butter in crocks, baskets, pails or tubs; a fine line of 1 lb squares, this is a good seller; fine old Stilton cheese; also choice new cheese: Fearman's hams and bacon; pure clover honey in 5 and 10 lb tins, for which we solicit your order. J. F. Young & Co., Produce and Commission, 74 Front-street east, Toronto.

BUSINESS EMBARRASSMENT.

These business embarrassments are reported to-day: H. McKechnie, brewer, Cobourg, assigned to C. McKechnie; V. & C. Vance, general dealers, Essex, assigned to J. Dring; W. J. Jones & Sons, contractors, Kingston, assigned to Wm. H. Millar, Kingston; T. O. Rush, grocer, Peterboro, assigned to H. Rush; R. F. Davey, jeweler, Port Hope, assigned to R. E. Gunther; J. J. King, saddler, Tara, assigned to W. F. Fawcett.

A statement presented at a meeting of creditors held at the Walker House shows the S. & J. Armstrong estate to have liabilities to the amount of $15,000 and assets amounting to $18,800. An offer of 40 cents on the dollar was accepted.

Christopher Wagner, planing mill operator, Parkdale, assigned to Campbell & May to-day. Nichol Dyment, Barrie, is the principal creditor.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 23.—Cotton—Spot steady; 16c down, active; uplands 12 5-16, Gulf 12½; futures quiet, steady, 6 to 8 points down; July $12.26, Aug. $11.96, Sept. $10.94, Oct. $10.62, Nov. and Dec. $10.47, Jan $10.52, Feb. $10.57, March $10.60. Flour—Strong, active. Wheat—Receipts 44,100 bush, exports 83,900 bush; sales 1,808,000 bush futures, 84,000 bush spot; spot quiet, from ⅛c to 1¼ up; No 2 red, 96c to 97⅛c; elevator No. 1 Northern, $1 to $1.00¼; No. 1 hard $1.01¼ to $1.01¾; options, moderately active ¼c to ⅜c up, closing firm; No. 2 July 97⅛c, Aug. 96c, Sept. 94⅞c, Oct. 95⅝c, Nov. 96c, Dec. 96⅝c, Jan. 97⅝c, May $1.00¼. Corn—Receipts 887,000 bush, exports 180,166 bush; sales 2,464,000 bush futures, 388,000 bush spot; spot active, firm, 1c to 1⅛c up; ungraded mixed, 44c to 48c; options active 1c to 1⅛c up, closing strong on crop reports and free buying. July 45⅛c, Aug. 45½c, Sept. 46⅛c, Oct. 46⅝c. Oats—Receipts, 17,000 bush; sales, 430,000 bush futures, 134,000 bush spot; spot 1⅛c to 2c up, strong, fair demand; options active, ½c up; July 40c, Aug. 37½c, Sept. 35⅝c, Oct. 35½c; spot No. 2, 39½c to 40c; mixed Western, 38c to 41c; white do., 40c to 47c. Sugar—Quiet, some grades 1-16c up; standard "A" 6⅛c, cut loaf and crushed 6⅝c, powdered 6 9-16, granulated 6 3-16.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 23.—The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—July 87½c, Aug. 88½c, Sept. 89¼c. Corn—July 38⅝c, Aug. 38½c, Sept. 39c to 39½c. Oats—July 32c, Aug. 30⅝c, Sept. 29⅝c. Pork—July $11.20, Aug. $10.25, Sept. $10.05. Lard—Aug. $5.77½, Sept. $5.92½, Oct. $6.05. Short ribs—Aug. $5.00, Sept. $5.10, Oct. $5.17½. Cash quotations were: No. 2 spring wheat 87½c to 88c, No. 2 red 88½c, No. 2 corn 38⅝c, No. 2 oats 32c, pork $11.30, lard $5.75, short ribs sides $4.95 to $5; dry salted shoulders $5.50 to $5.62½, short clear sides $5.30 to $5.35. Whisky $1.10. Receipts—Flour, 13,000 bbls; wheat, 32,000 bush; corn, 457,000 bush; oats, 146,000 bush; rye, 7000 bush; barley, 2000 bush. Shipments—Flour, 11,000 bbls; wheat, 81,000 bush; corn, 244,000 bush; oats, 184,000 bush; rye, 2000 bush; barley, 1000 bush.

AMUSEMENTS.

TORONTO ART GALLERY
(173 King-Street West.)
Now open with a fine collection of paintings. Reading Room and Smoking Room.
Single Admission 25c. Annual Ticket $3.

HANLAN'S POINT
For Speed, Safety and Comfort take the
STR. CHICOUTIMI
From York-street. ☞ Every twentieth ticket is a free ticket. You may get it. Round trip 10c.
☞ Special rates for Excursion Parties to Centre Island or elsewhere.

HANLAN'S POINT
GRAND OPEN AIR CONCERT
EVERY EVENING
—ALSO ON—
SATURDAY AFTERNOONS
—BY THE—
QUEEN'S OWN BAND

Steamers of the TORONTO FERRY COMPANY leave Yonge, York and Brock-streets at short intervals.

The Electric Lighting of the new Double Ender Palace Steamer "MAYFLOWER" has been completed and the boat is now running regularly afternoon and evening from Yonge-street wharf.

MAYFLOWER
Brilliant Electric Illumination every evening; running regularly afternoon and evening
YONGE-STREET WHARF TO HANLAN'S POINT

Queen's Own Band Concert
Every Evening; Every Saturday Afternoon.
Toronto Ferry Co. (Limited.)

C. P. R.
EMPLOYES' PICNIC
To GUELPH July 26.
Adult tickets, non-employes, 75 cents; Children, non-employes, 40 cents.
This latter was omitted from large posters.
EDGAR PATTISON,
345 Secretary.

THE SHORTEST ROAD TO BANKruptcy is in carrying dead stock. The most successful business cannot stand long under its pressing weight, hence the old truism, "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling," which holds good in real estate as forcibly as in any other business. The recent "boom" has left a deadly blight and the market must now be honestly met with solid value.
R. J. GRIFFITH & CO.,
16 King-street east.

10th ANNUAL
ST. LEGER SWEEP
3000 Tickets, $5 Each.
$9000 divided equally between starters.
$6000 divided equally between non-starters.
No special prizes for 1st, 2nd or 3rd.
227 horses entered, "supposing 12 start" each starter will draw $750, and each non-starter about $28.
Drawing—MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 8th.
Race—WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th.
To enable us to appear in Empire Tuesday, September 9th, the full result list will be wired immediately after draw.
R. H. BRAND,
Billiard Room, Windsor Hotel, Montreal.

CARSLAKE'S
GRAND ST. LEGER SWEEP!

$50,000.00

1st horse (four prizes)	$3,000 each	$12,000
2nd " "	$2,000 "	8,000
3rd " "	$1,000 "	4,000
Others starters (divided equally)		8,000
Non-starters		$18,000

10,000 TICKETS - $5 EACH
227 horses entered (4 prizes each) 908 prizes.
Drawing Sept. 8, at the Victoria Armory.
Result mailed to country subscribers.
Ten per cent. deducted from prizes.
Address GEO. CARSLAKE, Prop.,
Mansion House, 523 St. James-street, Montreal

PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

LONG BRANCH
Large Excursion Steamer
MERRITT
Leaves Geddes' Wharf daily at 7 a.m., 10.30 a.m., 2.30 and 6 p.m. First boat arrives in city at 9 a.m.
HOTEL OPEN
American and European Plan.
Head office, 84 Church-street.
Telephone 1772.

TAKE
The Niagara Navigation Co.'s Steamers
CHICORA AND CIBOLA
—FOR—
Niagara Falls, Buffalo, New York, Boston and all points east.
Special contract rates for Sunday Schools, Churches or Societies.
A. F. WEBSTER
Agent, 58 Yonge-street.

LORNE PARK
STEAMER GREYHOUND
Will ply between Toronto and Lorne Park (season 1890) daily, leaving Milloy's Wharf, Yonge-street, at 10 a.m., 2.10 and 5.15 p.m., calling at Queen's Wharf both ways. Return fare, adults 25c., children 15c.
A few more dates open for Excursions. For particulars apply at office, Milloy's Wharf.

LAKE ISLAND PARK
WILSON, N.Y.
STEAMER EURYDICE
Will run daily to Lake Island Park, leaving Geddes' Wharf, Yonge-st., as follows: On Thursday, July 24, at 8 a.m.; on Friday at 8.45 a.m.; on Saturday at 8 a.m. and on Monday at 7 a.m.
For Family Book Tickets and Excursion Rates apply to
P. G. CLOSE, 89 King-street west.

ST. CATHARINES & TORONTO

FAST STEAMER
LAKESIDE
plying daily between Toronto and St. Catharines, leaves Milloy's wharf, foot of Yonge-street, at 3.30 p.m., arriving at Port Dalhousie at 6 p.m., in time for outgoing trains. Returning leaves St. Catharines, Norris' wharf, 7.30 a.m., Port Dalhousie 8.30 a.m., calling at piers, arriving in Toronto 11.30 a.m. For tickets (family tickets a specialty).
Cheap Excursion Every Saturday
Leaving Milloy's Wharf at 2 o'clock.
Tickets, Good for Monday, 50c

St. Catharines, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, New York, Boston
And all points east, daily at 7.30 a.m. and 3.40 p.m. from Geddes' Wharf by Steamer
EMPRESS OF INDIA
Close connections. Quick time. Low rates to Excursion Parties.
Every Saturday night at 11 o'clock Rochester and return for $2.25; and every Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons at 3.40 Port Dalhousie and return for 50c. Tickets at all G.T.R. and Empress of India ticket offices.

NIAGARA RIVER LINE
In Connection with Vanderbilt System of Railways
CIBOLA AND CHICORA
Commencing Monday, June 9, steamers will leave Yonge-street wharf daily (except Sunday) 4 times daily,
7 a.m., 11 a.m., 2 p.m., 4.45 p.m.
For Niagara and Lewiston, connecting with trains on New York Central and Michigan Central Railways, for Falls, Buffalo, New York, etc. Tickets at all principal offices.

Niagara Navigation Co
MAGNIFICENT SIDEWHEEL STEAMERS
CHICORA & CIBOLA
Leave Yonge-street Wharf, Toronto, at 7 a.m., 11 a.m., 2 p.m. & 4.45 p.m. for Niagara and Lewiston, making close connection with New York Central and Michigan Central Railways for Suspension Bridge, Buffalo, Rochester, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Boston, Erie, Cleveland, etc.
Family Book Tickets at Very Low Rates
Particulars from C. W. IRWIN, Agent, 40 Yonge-street, Toronto.

VICTORIA PARK
STEAMER STEINHOFF
ALEX. POLLOCK - - - - CAPTAIN
Will ply between Toronto and Victoria Park daily from 14th June, leaving Geddes' Wharf, Yonge-street, at 10.30 a.m., 3.15, 4.30 and 6.15 p.m.
Leaving Park at 11.30 a.m., 3.30, 5.30 and 7 p.m.
Fare to Park and return: Adults 25c., children 15c.
Contracts for excursion parties, Sunday School picnics, etc., can now be had at low rates.
Apply at office, 65 Yonge-street. 246

AWAY
TO THE
SEA BATHING Resorts
Gulf Ports—Halifax, St. John, Portland, Old Orchard, Boston, etc.
BARLOW CUMBERLAND
General S.S. and R.R. Agent, 246
72 YONGE-ST., TORONTO

GRAND TRUNK RY.
Tourist Tickets
To the Muskoka Lakes, Georgian Bay, Lake Superior, Bar Harbor, Old Orchard Beach, Portland, St. John, Halifax and all points
On sale at City Ticket Offices, cor. King and Yonge and 20 York-st
P. J. SLATTER,
246 City Passenger Agent.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
OF CANADA
The direct route between the west and all points on the Lower St. Lawrence and Baie des Chaleurs, Province of Quebec, also for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward, Cape Breton and the Magdalene Islands, Newfoundland and St. Pierre.
Express trains leave Montreal and Halifax daily (Sunday excepted) and run through without change between these points in 27 hours and 50 minutes.
The through express train cars of the Intercolonial Railway are brilliantly lighted by electricity and heated by steam from the locomotive, thus greatly increasing the comfort and safety of travelers.
New and elegant Buffet Sleeping and day cars are run on all through express trains.
The popular summer sea bathing and fishing resorts of Canada are along the Intercolonial, or are reached by that route.
Canadian-European Mail and Passenger Route.
Passengers for Great Britain or the Continent leaving Montreal on Thursday morning will join outward mail steamer at Rimouski the same evening.
The attention of shippers is directed to the superior facilities offered by this route for the transport of flour and general merchandise intended for the Eastern Provinces and Newfoundland; also for shipments of grain and produce intended for the European market.
Tickets may be obtained and all information about the route, also freight and passenger rates, on application to
N. WEATHERSTON,
Western Freight and Passenger Agent,
95 Rossin House Block, York-st., Toronto.
D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.
Railway Office, Moncton, N.B., June 20, 1890.

PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

NORTH SHORE NAVIGATION CO., LT'D
EXCURSION SEASON
ROUND TRIP
THREE DAYS, Meals and Berth Included **$6.00**
THE NEW PALACE STEAMER
CITY OF MIDLAND
Built this year expressly for this route. Lighted with Electric Light.
Is intended to leave Collingwood every Monday and Thursday at 8.30 a.m., and Midland at 2 p.m., on arrival of G.T.R. morning train from Toronto, Hamilton, Peterboro, Port Hope, Whitby, Barrie, and all points on Northern and North-western and Midland Divisions of G.T.R., for Parry Sound, Byng Inlet and French River.
Returning will arrive at Midland at 2 p.m., connecting with trains for Hamilton, Toronto, Peterboro, Port Hope, Barrie, and all points East and South on Northern and North-western and Midland Divisions of G.T.R., and at Collingwood with trains north.
For freight and passenger rates apply to all G.T.R. Agents and on board steamer.
Excursion tickets from Toronto and Hamilton per round trip $10, on sale at Barlow Cumberland's, and E. C. Morgan, Hamilton
C. E. STEPHENS, Sec.-Treas., Collingwood.
W. J. SHEPPARD, General Manager. 246

ALLAN LINE
LIVERPOOL AND LONDONDERRY.

Steamers.	From Montreal.	From Quebec
POLYNESIAN	July 23	July 24
PARISIAN	" 30	" 31
CIRCASSIAN	Aug. 13	Aug. 14

ANCHOR LINE.
New York to Glasgow, Londonderry and Liverpool, from New York.

ETHIOPIA	July 26
FURNESSIA	Aug. 2
DEVONIA	Aug. 9
CITY OF ROME	July 26

Hamburg American Packet Co.

	From New York.
AUGUSTA VICTORIA	July 24
NORMANNIA	" 31

For berths and all other information regarding the above and other lines apply
MELVILLE & RICHARDSON
Toronto General Steamship Agency.
28 Adelaide-street east.
Telephone 2010.

DOMINION LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS
LIVERPOOL SERVICE

	From Montreal	From Quebec
SARNIA	Thurs., July 17.	
OREGON	" 24.	
DOMINION	" " 31.	
VANCOUVER	Wed., Aug. 6.	Thurs., Aug. 7.
TORONTO	Thurs., " 14.	

Rates of passage per Vancouver—Cabin, $60 to $80; return, $110 to $150, according to accommodation.
By all other steamers, $40 and $50, according to steamer, and accommodation in three and two berth rooms. Return, $80 and $90. Intermediate, $30; return, $60. Steerage, $20; return, $40.
Apply to G. W. TORRANCE, 18 Front-street west, or C. S. GZOWSKI, Jr., 24 King-street east.

WHITE STAR LINE
ECONOMY WITH COMFORT
The new, Magnificent Steamers
MAJESTIC AND TEUTONIC
have staterooms of an unusually high character for second cabin passengers. There is a large handsome dining saloon on the upper deck, bathrooms, lavatories, smoking-room, and a spacious promenade deck. Four meals of a liberal variety are served daily. Rates, plans, bills of fare, etc., from agents of the line or
T. W. JONES
General Canadian Agent, 37 Yonge-st., Toronto.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Through Sleeper from
TORONTO
—TO—
PORTLAND
OLD ORCHARD
On the Maine Coast, and to all
White Mountain Points
Commencing July 4
And every Tuesday and Friday during Summer Season.
A special U.S. Custom Officer at Union Station for examination of Baggage.
For rates and full information apply to any C.P.R. Ticket Agent. City ticket offices—118 King-street west, 24 York-street.

EXCURSION TICKETS
—TO—
MACKINAC, SAULT STE. MARIE, PORT ARTHUR, PORTLAND, OLD ORCHARD
And principal Summer Resorts.
A. F. WEBSTER
58 Yonge-street.

MERCHANTS' LINE
The Trip of the Season.
Toronto to Detroit and Back.
5 Days on the Water for $12.
Toronto to Chicago and Back.
12 Days on the Water for $25.
Toronto to Montreal and Back.
A Beautiful Trip for $14.
W. A. GEDDES, 60 Yonge-street.
G. E JACQUES & CO., 110 Common-street, Montreal
2456

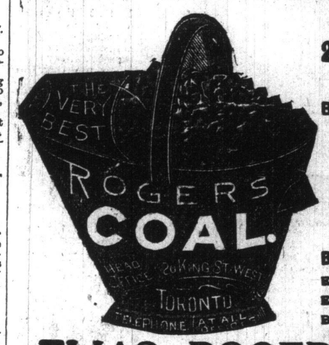
CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP LINE
One of the Fast Clyde-built Steamships
ALBERTA
—AND—
ATHABASCA
Is intended to leave Owen Sound every Wednesday and Saturday, on arrival of the steamship express leaving Toronto at 11.05 a.m., for Port Arthur direct (calling at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., only), making close connection with the through trains of the Canadian Pacific Railway for Winnipeg, British Columbia and all points in the Northwest and Pacific Coast.
AND ONE OF THE
Palace Side-Wheel Steamers
Carmona and Cambria
Is intended to leave Owen Sound every Tuesday and Friday at 10.30 p.m., on arrival of the Canadian Pacific Railway train (leaving Toronto at 4.45 p.m.) for Sault Ste. Marie, calling as usual at intermediate parts.
Popular Mackinaw Excursions
Commence Tuesday, July 1st, and will continue every Tuesday and Friday until September 16th.
Round trip fare from Toronto $16.
" " " " Owen Sound $12.
W. C. VAN HORNE, President, Montreal.
HENRY BEATTY, Manager Lake Traffic, Toronto.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT
We have passed into stock complete lines of
CASHMERE HOSIERY
In Ladies' and Misses' Plain and Ribbed.
Samson, Kennedy & Co.
44, 46 & 48 Scott-st.; 15, 17 & 19 Colborne-st., Toronto.
25 Old 'Change, London, Eng. 26

Ontario Coal Company
IMPORTERS OF THE CELEBRATED

LEHIGH VALLEY COAL
Positively the Very Best in the Market.
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST
We also furnish only the best grades of soft coal for grate use. In steam producing coal we handle exclusively the unexcelled brands known as Reynoldsville, Soldier Run and Sunday Creek. Best quality of Beech and Maple and Pine Wood always on hand.
General offices and docks Esplanade East, foot of Church-st. Telephone No. 18. Up-town office No. 10 King-st. East, Telephone No. 1059. Branch office corner Bloor and Borden-streets, Telephone No. 3623. Branch office No. 725 Yonge-street. Yard and office 1069 Queen-street west, near subway.

BEST QUALITY COAL AND WOOD
HEAD OFFICE:
20 KING-ST WEST



BRANCH OFFICES:
409 Yonge-st
793 Yonge-st
288 Queen-st east
578 Queen-st west
1245 Queen-st west
419 Spadina-ave
Branch Offices and Yards:
Esplanade E., near Berkeley-street
Esplanade E., foot of Church-street
Bathurst-st., opposite Fronf-street
ELIAS ROGERS & CO

A POSITIVE CURE. A PAINLESS CURE.
THIS THE PATENT AGE OF NEW INVENTION.
FACTS FOR MEN OF ALL AGES
DISEASES OF MAN!
M. V. Lubon's Specific No. 8
The great Health Renewer, Marvel of Healing and Scourge of Medicines.
CURES THE TERRIBLE CONSEQUENCES OF INDISCRETION, EXPOSURE AND OVERWORK
YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED & OLD MEN
Who are Broken Down from the Effects of Abuse, will find in No. 8 a Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness, etc. Send your Address and 10c. in Stamps for Treatise in Book Form, on Diseases of Man. Address, M. V. LUBON, 50 FRONT ST. E., TORONTO, ONT.
A man without wisdom lives in a fool's paradise.
A PERMANENT CURE. Cures Guaranteed. Heal the Sick. A PLEASANT CURE

PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

INMAN LINE
U. S. & ROYAL MAIL

S.S. City of Richmond	Wednesday, July 23	
S.S. City of Berlin	"	" 30
S.S. City of Chester	"	Aug. 6
S.S. City of Chicago	"	" 13

Staterooms and berths can now be engaged for the east-bound and west-bound trips.
Early application is decidedly advisable in order to secure accommodation.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS, New York. BARLOW CUMBERLAND, Agent, 72 Yonge-st., Toronto.

ALLAN LINE
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS
LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY
GREAT REDUCTION IN CABIN RATES

	Montreal. at daybreak	Quebec. 9 a.m.
POLYNESIAN	July 23	July 24
PARISIAN	" 30	" 31
CIRCASSIAN	Aug. 13	Aug. 14
SARDINIAN	" 20	" 21
POLYNESIAN	" 27	" 28
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