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GARIEPY & LESSARD.

VOL. V.

# The Edmonton Bulletin.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, MONDAY, JUNE 3, 1907.

NUMBER 22.

**J. H. MORRIS & CO. DEPT. STORE—LADIES' WAISTS**



White Mull Waists, embroidered front, short sleeves, with Val lace \$3.50

An Allover Lace beautifully made. Special value \$5.

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We can supply you with an Article second to none in the market, in the line of Ham, Bacon, Lard, etc. Fresh Meat, Sausages, etc. at reasonable prices.

Patronize Home Industry and help keep the Money in the Country.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

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## ROOSEVELT TALKS TO FARMERS

### Co-operation The Means For Bettering Agricultural Conditions.

Lansing, Mich., May 31.—President Roosevelt, whose address this afternoon on the campus of the Michigan Agricultural college was the climax of the semi-annual celebration of the founding of that institution, arrived here at 10 o'clock this morning. He made a number of short addresses during the morning from his car platform on route. The number of strangers here is estimated at 50,000. Twelve companies of the Michigan National guard had been brought in to the city to escort and guard the president, together with a troop of cavalry, and two divisions of the Michigan naval reserves. The president's welcome was picturesque and vociferous. Troops kept back the crowds gathered about the station, and a salute of 21 guns was fired. This afternoon the president held a reception in the executive parlors of the Capital building, after which he stepped out on the balcony of the Capital, and faced 20,000 people, who had gathered there in anticipation of his address. Luncheon was served. At 2 o'clock the president made his formal address from a platform erected at the head of the campus. He said in part: "Farmers must learn the vital need of co-operation with each other. Next to this is co-operation with the government, and the government can best give its aid through the individual farmers rather than through the agricultural problem that is being presented to the farmer by the large body of agricultural knowledge which has been accumulated by the national and state governments, and by the agricultural colleges and schools. "It is needless to say that every successful effort to organize the farmer gives a great stimulus to the educational work which is being done to prepare young people for an agricultural life. It is greatly to be wished that the communities from whence these students are drawn, and to which they either return or should return, should be co-operatively organized; that the associations of farmers could be organized, primarily for business purposes but also with social ends in view. "This would mean that the returned student from the institutions of learning would find their environment prepared to profit by the utmost of the improvements in methods which they had learned."

## NO TRACE OF BALLOONISTS

### Believed to Have Perished in the Channel. Log Book Discovered.

London, June 1.—Despite the most strenuous efforts of the authorities and others of the two young officers, Lieut. Canfield and Lieutenant Leake who went in a balloon from Alderhot camp on May 28th, remains a mystery and the slender thread of hope grows less and less as the hours pass and no news of the missing men comes to hand. There is every reason to believe that another tragedy of the air and sea has taken place. The officers at Alderhot had practically given up hope. It is thought that the balloonists, confused by the heavy mist, mistook their bearing. This theory is borne out by the log which was recovered from the derelict balloon and in which it is recorded that the two officers were trying to desert about Tuesday evening, the same time the balloon was seen drifting out to sea by the Weymouth coast guards. It is feared that the aeronauts were either thrown out when the basket struck the water, or that they were drowned subsequently when the balloon, in a desolate and stormy sea, was finally dropped into the channel off Weymouth.

## BRANDON HAS A SENSATION.

### Colored Man Wanted for Attempted Robbery—More Developments Expected.

Brandon, Man., June 1.—A case of attempted highway robbery by a colored man came to light today, and it was learned the police have been busy on the case for the past week. It appears that on May 21st a colored man approached John Deitz, a stonecutter residing in the city, and said he wished to purchase two lots owned by Deitz. The two visited the lots, and the buyer agreed to take them at \$700. Deitz saw his wife before purchasing. Deitz consented to do this and got into the car with the man. When driving along the road, the darkey drew Deitz's attention to a house, saying it was his home. Deitz turned slightly to look when he received a severe blow upon the back of his head. Turning quickly around, he saw the man ward off a second blow aimed at him by the darkey, who had a club in his hand. Deitz, who was pulled from his sleeve, Deitz struck straight from the shoulder, and the colored man fell out of the buggy behind the house, which started to run. Deitz then jumped out of the rig, and made for the house in question, across the fields. When Deitz went driving he had nearly seventy dollars in his possession, and the man put down the money on robbery. All that puzzled the police was as to the manner in which the darkey had secured knowledge that Deitz had money on him at the time of the assault. For some time past, it is said, Deitz has not been on very good terms with his wife, who recently returned from a trip to the old country. Yesterday she announced her intention of leaving him, and asked for a settlement. Deitz gave her \$500 as her share in the property. It is said she left for Winnipeg, and is believed that she has gone to join the colored man against whom if caught, there may be laid a more serious charge than robbery.

## BUILDING PERMITS.

### Business at the building inspector's office opened briskly this morning, despite the fact that June was the biggest month of the year.

The following were issued this morning: E. D. Grierson, Rice, store, \$2,500. H. D. Johnson, Second, store, \$2,000. Chas. Patrick, Sutherland, dwelling, \$2,800. Alon Young, Jasper, three dwellings, \$10,200. Alon Young, Syndicate, dwelling, \$3,400. Ludwig Ellah, Edmonston street, shop, \$200.

## ROYAL GUESTS OF CANADA.

### Prince Fushimi of Japan and the Duke of Abruzzi Both Here in June.

Ottawa, June 1.—The Duke of Abruzzi will arrive in Quebec with a fleet of Italian warships he commands about June 29th, and will begin a tour of Canada. This means Canada will have two royal foreign guests at one time, for Prince Fushimi of Japan, who is receiving hospitality at Vancouver, when Duke of Abruzzi is being saluted at Quebec. While the Italian prince is not coming to Canada on an official mission such as that on which he went to the United States, where he represented Italy at the Jamestown exhibition, he is a personage of sufficient importance for any country to treat with a good deal of ceremony, particularly when he comes guarded by warships. Therefore, wherever he goes in Canada he will be received as a member of the royal family of Italy and as a representative of that country, with which Canada would be glad to have extended commercial relations. Unless he signifies his desire for a quiet life he will be received with as much ceremony as Prince Fushimi.

## ADMIRABLE KIND OF STRIKE

### Tied Up French Shipping But Without Impassioned Appeals or Violence.

Paris, May 31.—An admirable organized strike by all branches of the shipworkers in France has paralyzed the life in the ports of the Republic. Unlike an ordinary strike, this movement is not aimed with bitterness against the employers or revolutionary feelings. The manifestos are made with the object of drawing the attention of the country to the strikers' cause. The naval reservists set forth in a manifesto issued today in which they asked the support of all classes, that it is impossible for the widows of seamen to support themselves and raise children on the pensions granted by the government. The men are well behaved and as an instance of the sentiment of the strike there is the fact that harbor wharves have been provided by the strikers for all ships in port. The government is not at all to the importance of the movement and it has arranged to assure the continuation of the maritime postal services, and the transportation of perishable cargoes. The cabinet will hold a special meeting tomorrow, in an effort to find a way to bring the strike to an end.

## AT THE R. N. W. M. P. BARRACKS.

At the police barracks yesterday Nellie Howe, an inmate of a west end disorderly house, for breaking windows, etc., was fined \$30 and costs. The prisoners met at the court awaiting trial at the coming term of the Supreme Court, will be brought up at the barracks at Edmonston on Monday night. There are six in all. A young man arrested for stealing a ride on a C. N. R. train, was sentenced ten days imprisonment before Inspector Worsley this morning. A half-breed named "Bocha," sentenced to eight months for horse stealing at Red Deer, will be brought up to the penitentiary this afternoon. At the police court this morning P. E. McDonald, the Independence homesteader and his son, who are being tried in connection with a stolen bicycle, were remanded for a week.

## LUMBER PRICES ADVANCED.

In accordance with the information published some time ago in the Bulletin columns the price of lumber was today advanced by the dealers of the city. All grades of both native and imported lumber are included in the list and the advance varies from \$2 to \$3, according to grade. The manufacturers raised their prices some time ago, but the local dealers had a quantity in stock which they sold at the scale of prices previously in force.

## Motorman Arrested.

Elyra, O., May 31.—C. M. Forney, motorman of a Cleveland and South-west traction car, was arrested in Cleveland, to-day and brought here to answer to-day and being responsible for the death of seven persons killed in a traction accident here nearly last evening, and for the injury of eight more persons, several of whom will probably die. He pleaded guilty and was held in \$5,000 bond.

## Switchmen Elect President.

Detroit, Mich., May 29.—The biennial convention of the Switchmen's Union of North America, which has been in session here for the past ten days, today re-elected Frank T. Hawley, of Buffalo, president; S. E. Heberling, of Denver; James B. Conners, of Chicago, and D. Pardehager, of Pittsburgh, were elected respectively first, second and third vice-presidents. The election will be completed Friday, the convention having adjourned over tomorrow on account of Memorial Day.

## MANY SEEKERS FOR FREE LAND

### Yorkton Crowded in Prospect of the Opening of New District.

Yorkton, May 31.—With the coming of the train to-night the town was flooded with an additional contingent of homeseekers attracted by the opening of the Doukhobor lands, and it resembles the Cherokee rush in a modified form. The hotels and boarding houses are making a special effort to accommodate the crowds. Many are standing in front of the land office, and are determined to stand there all night so as to be the first for the line up in the morning. There are only 28 homesteads in township 27 range 31 west of the first, which will be opened for entry in the morning. No other townships will be opened during the day. Still there are at least sixty landseekers crowded into the porch and on the sidewalk in front of the land office, and right against the door an old gray haired lady stood waiting her chance for a free farm. She took up her position in the porch during the afternoon, but about 6.30 p.m., J. E. Peaker, Dominion land agent, advised her to get out of the porch, and they all good naturedly agreed to let her go to her room, and to give her her place in the morning. She is a widow from Kamusack, Mrs. Ferguson, aged sixty years. Several white-haired men are in the crowd, and many of them are of the type of crowd are husky young fellows. All nationalities are to be found. Three special members of royal noteworthiness had arrived to try to preserve order and regulate the line up of the land applicants.

## ATTEMPTED MURDER AT MACLEOD.

Macleod, Alta., June 1.—Sydney Warner is in custody on a charge of attempted murder of a Mr. Meacham, who resides on the Little Bow, by firing three or four shots at Meacham.

## BAD BRANDON MEN.

Brandon, May 31.—MacFarlane, a second-hand dealer in this city, and Henry McFarlane, a farmer living west of the city, were both charged with consorting before Magistrate James yesterday, the cases being tried in camera. The cases were entirely different ones, and the defendants, who are not related to each other, were found guilty and fined heavily.

## Burglar Captured and Identified.

Dauphin, Man., May 31.—Jos. Wynn, the burglar who is charged with shooting Joseph Storry at Grand View yesterday, protesting against this afternoon by Constable Diamond and taken to the hospital, where Storry now is. Storry identified him as the man who shot him.

## AN OPERATOR MAKES A KICK

### Manager of A. R. & I. Company Objects to Appointment of Conciliation Board.

Ottawa, Ont., May 31.—The labor department has received a telegram from A. M. Nanton, Winnipeg, manager of the Alberta Railway & Irrigation Company, protesting against the appointment of a conciliation board as requested by the men in connection with the labor trouble at the Lethbridge mine. He says that there are no grounds of dispute to justify the appointment of the board, and that the men are not experienced miners. He also protests against Sherman being on the board and asks for reconsideration. In reply, Mr. Lamont says that the statements of the men clearly show that there were grounds. The men claim that if they do not get a board, a strike will be called, and that when it is called they will consider wages, hours, etc., under the act. The minister says there was nothing left for him, but to appoint the board.

## James Brown Killed by Live Wire.

Kenora, Ont., May 31.—About 4 o'clock James Brown, second engineer in charge of the power-house, received a shock from a live wire while standing near the switchboard and was instantly killed. His assistant immediately turned off the switch when the fatal shock was given. He was about 55 years of age and a careful, steady man employed here since electricity was put in the town. He leaves a widow and a married daughter.

## THE SAME REPORT AGAIN.

Winipeg, May 30.—The report made to the general superintendent of the Canadian Pacific railway, with reference to the progress made in seeding in the territory tributary to the lines of the company, was received this morning, and indicates that all the wheat has been sown, that the work is a most welcome rain. The rain was in all respects an ideal one, continuing for many hours and at no time being so heavy as to threaten the slightest damage. The general feeling through the country with reference to the wheat crop continues very satisfactory. Good growth was reported from several parts of the province.

## Harriman's Clemency.

New York, May 29.—Frank W. Hill, formerly secretary of E. H. Harriman, who some time ago sold to a newspaper the now famous Sidney Webster letter to-day pleaded guilty to violation of that section of the penal code which prohibits the making public of private documents by confidential employees. On the recommendation of Assistant Attorney Krotel and at the request of Mr. Harriman, sentence was suspended.

## S. S. Blue Chur Heard From.

Sable Island, May 31.—The steamer Blue Chur, Hamburg, Southampton and Cherbourg for New York, is in company with the Marconi station, 200 miles southeast, at noon. She will dock at 2 p. m. on Sunday.

## No Color Line.

Boston, Mass., May 31.—Christian Endeavor officials to-day denied that the color line would be drawn at the international convention at Seattle this year.

## MINERS MAKE \$26.00 PER WEEK

### On An Average. Some Make As High As \$36 per Week.

Lethbridge, May 29.—The coal commission heard the evidence of five representatives of the miners and two operators today. The miners displayed a keen desire for an eight hour law and a compensation act similar to those in existence in British Columbia and Great Britain, their argument being based on the lines indicated in the Bulletin to-day.

## Miners Make \$26 Per Week.

Two operators, Charlton Dixon, manager of the Canada West Coal & Coke Co., Taber, and for several years inspector of mines in British Columbia, and W. A. Aubin, manager of the Reliance mine at Reliance, Alta., were on the stand most of the afternoon. Mr. Dixon employs 250 men, and his mine produces 250 tons of coal per day. He showed to the commission a list of the wages paid 22 of his men for the time from May 1st to 15th. Several men received as high as \$72 for that period, and the average wage was \$32 for the two weeks, or \$26 a week. Mr. Dixon, who has had a wide experience in mining in the States as well as in Canada, declared this was the highest average wage he had ever known of in a coal mine. In both the Taber and Lethbridge districts, he is in vogue, but this does not include the time from leaving the surface to the point of work. Mr. Dixon was opposed to any law that did not cover his competitors, and he mentioned that to-day he was working under shorter hours and paying his men wages on run of mine scale, while his greatest competitor, the Lethbridge mine, only paid for screened coal and worked ten hours a day. He said it was unfair to put in operation a compensation act, when it was impossible to secure experienced British or other miners. With the present scarcity of skilled labor, he had to employ whatever kind of men he could secure, and as a consequence 80 per cent. of his employees were unskilled foreigners.

## Mr. Dixon Represents the Type of Employer who thinks that an eight hour law is the thin edge of the wedge, and that when it is secured the men will start not foot for a seven hour day, and so on down the scale.

## Aubin Net a Union Enthusiast.

Mr. Aubin is not brimming over with regard for unions, and he instanced a case, where his men, after expressing to the organizers their most satisfaction with conditions, wages and hours of labor in the Reliance mine, were called out by officials of the district union, simply because he would not sign an agreement. It will be remembered Sir William Mulock mentioned in an interview the necessity of miners storing coal, in order to prevent a shortage, but both of the Taber operators claimed such a plan was impossible, as there was so much moisture in the coal, that once it was exposed for any time its value as a fuel was practically nil.

## To Incorporate Unions.

Mr. Dixon and Mr. Aubin held out strongly for a law compelling all unions to become incorporated, so that they would be on the same footing as the employers. They claim that the signature of a union to an agreement is practically worthless. It can be broken at any time, and there is no legal remedy. Mr. Dixon said the union appeared as a substance, but proved in the end to be a mere shadow. Mr. Dixon disputed the claim that the health of miners was impaired by their work underground, and claimed that the general health of miners was as good as any class of people. Dixon blamed a shortage of cars for the fact that his mine was idle for fourteen days in February, and twelve days in March. That was the only point brought out so far in the evidence in regard to car shortage.

## Commission Capable.

The commission is proving to be very capable one, and is delving into mining problems with a familiarity and thoroughness that is proving that Hon. Mr. Cushing's selections could not have been improved upon. Mr. Stockette, though now an operator, was at one time a mine worker, and he is thoroughly at home in plying questions about all branches of the business. Mr. Hayson is a well-informed miner, fair and impartial, and he seems to be anxious to gather all information that will tend to furnish a foundation for some good laws, satisfactory alike to operator and men.

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Also a complete line of tillage and seeding machines, corn

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SPORTING NEWS

CAPS BEAT CALGARY.

Cow Punchers Were Outplayed and Outbatted.

Before a crowd of wildly cheering fans last night "Deacon" White's aggregation of ball tossers annexed the second game of the series from Calgary by a score of 7 to 4, and incidentally moved up a peg in the league standing.

It was a shame to do it, Mr. Merritt, but we needed that game in our business.

And Mr. White, please Mr. White, will you do it again to-day? Waltz us around again Willie and we will be happy to get around to third but the happy straight from Calgary and the fan's cup of joy will overflow, and he will go home to live happily ever after.

It was a game to cheer the hearts of the fans, and they and the rooster's chorus cheered and sang most merrily.

The Knockers Club and the Ancient and Distinguished League of Hammer Throwers were present and took a silent part in the discussion. They made a little noise when Crist went up in the seventh chapter, but it died a natural death when he came down and figured in the only double play of the game.

Mr. Crist is a Lulu Glaser of a pitcher. He only handed out one pass and eight Calgary men swung into space trying to connect with his deceptive benders.

seventy-Calgary got five hits and one man was passed, four runs coming in. Crist redeemed himself by gathering in O'Neill's dinky little one, cutting off the runner for the safe in time for Ford to retire O'Neill at first. In all the other innings the cow punchers only got two safe hits, and it was a continual procession to the back bench for them.

"Grandpa" Adams was seven different kinds of a peacherino, and gave an exhibition of hitting with his bat. In four times up, Grandpa made three hits, scored two runs, and stole a base. He got the glad hand on every appearance and was given an ovation when he soaked a beauty over Shine's hat in the fifth. Wheeler also came in for a share of the applause, getting two nice hits in three times up, making the circuit each time. Burnstead, who was on the street for Calgary, was not hit awfully hard, but was a bit wild at critical times and gave four free tickets to first.

Russell, the left garden guardian, occupied a prominent position in the centre of the stage by labbing the hickory into the three clean hits in four times up. Mr. Russell is a hitter from sluggerville, and his manager, the one who is where it did the most good.

Calgary was easy in the first. Russell batted to second on the base, was out Wesler to Luss, O'Neill fanned.

The fireworks began for Edmonton at the start, and before the scintillations died down two men crossed the plate. Barrett was slow in handling Adams' single and Adams was safe. Wheeler sacrificed him along to second. Ford walked and was rewarded. Just before the thing happened, Adams made a break for third, and the Calgary infield got rattled. Ford got second sack, while Adams was safe on third. Grimes hit a dinky one and beat it to first. Wheeler failed to juggling the ball Adams and Ford came around at a 10 flap clip and both scored, while the roosters screamed with delight.

It was a corking line bit of team work, and the sensational feature of the game, Luss went out to first and Baker's hit went to Barrett.

In the second, O'Donnell put a beauty to right field, which both Adams and Wheeler failed to connect with, the batter getting second. However, he died on third through Wheeler's prompt return to the pitcher's long fly. Farrell struck manfully at four good ones and sat down. Wesler pitched to Barrett.

"Deacon" White was out Farrell to O'Donnell. Crist's grounder went through Farrell's mitt, and he was safe. Adams hit safe, but Crist went out trying to stretch it to third.

Farrell went out Wesler to Luss. Driscoll cut three circles. Burnstead got a pass. Russell hit one alone on the third base line that went foul, but Priest thought otherwise. Taylor's fly was gathered in by Grime's out on first. Wheeler trudged along to the next cushion. He got third on Ford's sacrifice, and came home on a sacrifice by Grimes, a pretty tricky little bit of work.

Luss smashed a long drive over left field. Russell got his mitts on it but it was too hot to hold and Luss pranced around the circuit to third. He was stranded as Burnstead gobbed Baker's stinger. It was one, two, three for both teams in the fourth.

Shine tried a stunt in the fifth by an attempt to purloin second. Ford's good throw nipped him in time. Adams again led off with a peach just over short stop. Wheeler again sacrificed him along. Ford put a beauty to deep centre, getting third and scoring Adams. Ford got home on Grime's out on first. Wheeler got four wide ones, and promptly stole second. There was no one to get Driscoll's throw, but Luss was issued by Chandler.

In the sixth Calgary got a man on first but he died as Crist struck the next man out. Edmonton worked them for another. Baker went out Farrell to O'Donnell. Driscoll was slow on Wesler's drop. Calgary had another balloon trip, and Wheeler went around to third on White's out. Crist's hot one went through Shine and Wesler came in. Grandpa came up smiling, but his drive went dead into Farrell's mitt, and it was all over.

Muffs and hard hitting got Calgary their four runs in the seventh. Batteries: Timman and Bemis; Donovan and Archie; umpire, O'Laughlin.

EDMONTON BALL TEAM.

Where They Come from and Who They Are.

That the Edmonton Baseball team is not at the head of the percentage parade is surely not the fault of the players. "Deacon" White has gathered around him a bunch of expert ball tossers, who have played in the fastest company but a bunch of mishaps tripped two or three of the best at the start, and it will be a week or so yet before they can get in the game right.

"Deacon" himself has been troubled with a felon on his finger, and his presence is greatly needed to steady the team on the field. Wheeler, the star hitter of the team, was hit the leg with a pitched ball at the start of the season. An abscess formed and he has been compelled to go around on crutches until yesterday, when he took to a cane. He expects to get in the game in another two weeks. White expects Alex. Harper to arrive today. Harper is one of the best pitchers in the West. He was signed by the "Deacon" last winter, but let out for Seattle for the season, and they have offered all kinds of money and want to trade other players for him. He is needed here, as Calgary is in need of a pitcher. Bennett has been in poor condition for some time. He strikes his gut there is no faster man on his feet. His long shot is pure lightning and he takes care of the personnel and record of the players.

"Deacon" W. F. White, the manager of the team, gets his title from his clerical and "take care of" Sabbath appearance. He is 27 years of age, six feet long and weighs 160 lbs. more or less. He is a member of a military academy, turning out two champion teams, coaching the champion high school team of Iowa, also a champion college team in Minnesota, was three years in the Northern League and is the coach in Spokane in the North-western League. Mr. White is a born manager and a ball player of ability.

M. (Norsky) Blexrud is descended from the Vikings of old, who sailed across the briny pond from the fastnesses of Norway. He is 24 years of age, stands six feet with his clothes on, and weighs 175 pounds. He is a member of the baseball team in the school team of Iowa, also a champion college team in Minnesota, was three years in the Northern League and is the coach in Spokane in the North-western League. Mr. White is a born manager and a ball player of ability.

C. A. Crist, he with the steel arm, has been playing independent baseball in fast company in California. He joined the Helena team in the Montana State League in 1905. He was the chief base hit in the Calgary team last year in the Calgary games. If his work last night is any indication of his ability, he should be in the line-up for the season. He is 24 years of age, six feet long and weighs 175 pounds. He is a member of the baseball team in the school team of Iowa, also a champion college team in Minnesota, was three years in the Northern League and is the coach in Spokane in the North-western League. Mr. White is a born manager and a ball player of ability.

Edward McGuiken is making good as a pitcher. He has spent the days of his youth in the West, and is a fast, independent team pitcher in California and Washington. He was with the Walla-Walla team in the Northern League in 1905. He is 24 years of age, stands six feet with his clothes on, and weighs 175 pounds. He is a member of the baseball team in the school team of Iowa, also a champion college team in Minnesota, was three years in the Northern League and is the coach in Spokane in the North-western League. Mr. White is a born manager and a ball player of ability.

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no introduction to Edmonton fans. There is no better ball player than "Deacon" White. He is playing ball when America discovered Columbus, and since then has played all over the country. His batting average this season must be 899, and he is faster than ever. When George is on deck the knockers chorus forget their tune and give up in disgust. Si. Bennett has been in poor shape this season, but ordinarily is very fast on his feet and a 300 hitter. In 1905 he played with Duluth in the Northern League and led the league in stolen bases. He was with the Three-L League in 1906. Si is 24 years old, measures 5 ft. 7 in., and tips the beam at 170.

C. F. Wheeler is a great ball player, outfielder and left-handed batter. Wheeler began his career in poor form and has never got his stride. He hails from Seattle, but has had big league experience and appears to be nervous. He is 24 years of age, is 5 ft. 11 in. long and 175 pounds in weight.

Buffalo, May 30—Tom Longboat, the Indian, of Toronto, Ont., easily defeated Nebrich, of Buffalo, in a three mile foot race at Kenilworth Park today. Nearly 10,000 people crowded the stands and overflowed the race track. The crowd swarmed back and forth while the minor events were being run off. When the men finally sent away Nebrich stepped into the lead and held it for the first mile. The pair simply jogged the first lap of the mile course. Longboat assumed the lead in the second lap and was never headed. It was not until the last quarter that the real test came when Longboat assumed the lead and began his sprint. Nebrich failed to meet it. Longboat was leading by fully thirty yards in the last sixteenth when Nebrich quit. The crowd closed in at the finish and some one tripped Longboat sending him sprawling over the line. This had no effect on the result of the race as Nebrich had slowed down to a walk. There was an angry demonstration against the miscreant who tripped Longboat and he was roughly handled before he got away. The time for the three miles, 16.04.25, was nearly a minute and a half slower than the American record for the distance.

The time for the quarters was: First mile, 3.25.45, 4.07.55, 5.33.15; second mile, 6.58, 8.23, 10.44, 11.04.45; third mile, 12.25.45; 13.43, 14.55.15, 16.04.25.

T. Connelly won the three mile steeplechase.

PETER PAN WINS THE BELMONT New York, May 31.—Peter Pan, the sturdy son of the Great Commandant, staked his brother, Superman, by three lengths for the rich Belmont stakes at Belmont Park today. Both horses ran in the colors of James R. Thayer, and the handsome plate held by hand before he got away. The time for the three miles, 16.04.25, was nearly a minute and a half slower than the American record for the distance.

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ST. PAUL'S BEAT EDMONTON.

One Goal to Nothing—Best Game of the Season—St. Paul's on the Top of the Heap.

The sixth game of the senior City Football league was played last evening on the exhibition grounds before a large and interested crowd of spectators.

St. Pauls proved themselves masters of the situation. They held their opponents in hand all the while. The game was stubbornly contested. The only goal of the game was scored for St. Pauls by R. Livezey from a goal kick, which he blocked cleverly and tricking the Edmonton backs by a splendid cross shot, landed the pigskin fairly between the posts.

It would be hard to pick the bright, scintillating stars for St. Pauls. Perhaps, however, mention ought to be made of H. Macdonald on the left outside, who on this occasion fairly excelled himself. Ruff, as usual, at centre half, was a host in himself. He is goal put up the real article. The team play was all that could be desired. St. Pauls' forward line worked beautifully together. H. Jennings on the extreme right can teach them how to do things.

The half-back line has no equal in the country. For Edmonton "Sam" Short was undoubtedly the bright particular star. His game at full back was a feature. The team on the whole has a good combination. The goal keeper made some fine stops and to his credit may be accredited the smallness of the score against them.

The game at times was rather slow and at no time was the Edmonton team at its best. However, on the play put up last night the score is a fair indication of the closeness of the abilities of the teams.

The teams were as follows:— St. Pauls—Rea, Moorehouse, Jennings, G. Griffiths, Ruff and Frenckard; H. Jennings, T. Dykes (capt.), Walton R. Livezey and Macdonald. Edmonton—Slade, Short, Dodds, Mans, Nelson, Stockdale, McDonald, McNeil, Muskat, Jepson and Woodard.

Referee—D. J. Smith. Linesmen—Speers and Small.

Senior League Standing. Pld. W. D. L. Pts. St. Pauls. . . . . 3 3 0 0 6 Edmonton. . . . . 1 1 1 0 3 Caledonians. . . . . 3 1 1 1 3 All Saints. . . . . 3 0 1 0 3

Second Meet of Driving Club. The Edmonton Driving Club held their second meeting at the Exhibition park yesterday afternoon. The weather was rather disagreeable, but a good crowd went down to see the sport and greatly enjoyed the contest.

It took a little time to get the horses classified, but after things got under way, the driving was good and it took little over an hour to pull the three events.

Class A, the driving event put on, was the best contest of the three. Bermuda Queen, owned by Taylor & Fanny Putman, which is owned by W. Stevenson, and Miss Elizabeth, owned by J. Graham, were entered.

Bermuda Queen (Taylor), 3 1 1 Fanny Putman (Stevenson), 1 2 2 Miss Elizabeth (Graham), 2 3 3 Time of heats, 1.15, 1.13, 1.12. In class "B" four were entered. Charles May's "Norma Lockport" went handily in two heats. "Dan Patch" got away to a poor start and could do better than third. "Paddy Nolan" went off his feet, but came up strong, getting second. "Mabel Wilks" led the bunch to the half post, and the heat ended with Norma Lockport an easy first, with the others well bunched.

In the next heat Norma led all the way. The rest acted badly, but came down the stretch with a good burst of speed. Norma won; Paddy Nolan second, and Dan Patch third.

Summary, Class "A." Paddy Putman (Stevenson), 3 1 1 Paddy Nolan (McKinley), 2 3 3 Dan Patch (Ogilvie), 3 2 2 Mabel Wilks (Auld), 4 4 4 Time of heats, 1.15 and 1.17. "Laggan" was too fast for the other horses in things "C" and won by straight heats. "Gray Bryson" broke repeatedly in the first heat and was a poor fourth. "Spot" surprised the scribes by getting second. "Nancy" got away to a poor start in both heats. All acted badly in the second, and Laggan's chances looked hopeless all the way around. Woods got him to earth, however, and he came down with best going of the meet.

Summary, Class "C." Laggan (Woods), 1 1 1 Spot (Tegler), 3 2 3 Nancy (Kelly), 3 2 3 Gray Bryson (Miller Steinhorn), 4 4 4

Officials. Starter—D. R. Stewart. Judges—J. H. Morris and J. B. Gault. Time keeper—J. A. Gounin.

CALEDONIANS WON 2-0. The Caledonian-All Saints' intermediate game last night was won by the Caledonians by 2 to 0. The game was a poor one, and neither team appeared in the best of condition. Any little team work that was apparent was done by the Caledonians. The first half was slow, the boys apparently thinking all that was necessary was to kick the ball all over the field. In the second half the Cale-

THREE

donians woke up from their sleep and booted in a couple and managed to keep the All Saints away. The teams were: Caledonians—Martin, goal; Torrance and Cowan, backs; Barrie, Reid and Boyce, half-backs; Gilmore, Esplin, Henderson, Armour and Keane, forwards. Referee: H. Clark. Linesmen: Gilmore and Hope.

Intermediate League Table. Pld. W. D. L. Pts. Caledonians. . . . . 2 . . . . . 0 Edmonton. . . . . 1 . . . . . 0 St. Pauls. . . . . 1 . . . . . 0 All Saints. . . . . 2 . . . . . 2

PRACTICE! PRACTICE! PRACTICE! Now that the league has been formed and the lacrosse men to be found to business at once. The Capitals look good for a championship. There's many a slip between the cup and the lip, and winning the championship and it never does any good to feel sure. Constant practice is the key to all right. All players should get out and practice on the regular practice nights—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

LACROSSE. A meeting of the lacrosse team will be held after the practice on Friday evening. The meeting is called for the purpose of getting the report of delegates to the Calgary convention and during the timeous interval to attend, as several important matters are to be discussed.

PLAYING MARBLES. While awaiting Opening of Trial of Former Judge Jargis. Sandy Hook Ky., May 29—Now that the first excitement of the approaching trial of former Judge Jargis has passed, the city has assumed its normal condition. Men, women and children dotted the public square today engaged in the game. Bowling, tennis and croquet have not reached this country, and it is an ordinary thing to see a girl of 16 playing marbles in the public square with a man of 60. James Hargis, much of his time in the court-house yard playing marbles with a number of boys. County officials and farmers also indulge in the game.

PRISONER BROUGHT UP. W. J. Belfrage, arrested at Calgary charged with stealing money belonging to farmers, from whom he received grain to sell, was brought up to the city by Constable Warren last night.

This morning he was arraigned before Inspector Worsley and remanded for eight days.

Oshawa Galvanized Steel SHINGLES

They do cost less "Oshawa" Good weather-wear. Guaranteed for 25 years without your ever painting. "Oshawa" double-galvanized shingles need no paint to outlast any roofing there is. Make roofs fire-proof, too. It costs less in the every way you want. Cheap in first cost as compared with other brands, yet more durable than slate. Sold under a written guarantee that really means something to the buyer.

You can't afford any other kind.



# TO DISCUSS GRAIN QUESTION

### Common Problem of Western Farmers to be Threshed Out in Conference.

The Manitoba Grain Growers' association has issued the following circular to the Reeves and councils of municipalities and sub-associations of grain growers throughout the province:

At the request of the executive of the Manitoba Grain Growers' association, and on the recommendation of the committee of agriculture the government of the province of Manitoba has called a conference of the Reeves of each municipality and others to discuss the situation surrounding the storage, hauling, sale and transportation of grain and make such recommendations as circumstances may warrant to the government of the province in matters over which the legislature have jurisdiction, and to the Dominion government in matters which can only be dealt with by the federal authorities. Among the subjects to be brought under consideration will be:

1. Amendments to the charter of the Winnipeg Grain and Produce Exchange.
2. Dealing in options.
3. Amendments to the criminal code in respect of combines in restraint of trade, boycotts, etc.
4. Government ownership and operation of elevators both terminal and line.
5. Reciprocal demurrage.
6. The employment of the central as a sale unit.

The Manitoba Grain Growers' association has pronounced on a number of these questions at their annual convention and the conference being called at the request of the executive of that body, their officers have deemed it expedient to appoint a conference committee to prepare this circular setting forth the views of the association and presenting arguments in support of the same.

Amendments to Charter of Grain Exchange.

The membership of the exchange is practically the only avenue through which the grain produced by the 50,000 farmers of Manitoba can now pass on its way from the producer to the consumer. Upon the character and practices of the exchange, created as it is, it is the financial advantage of the traders in grain, therefore depends in a large measure the prosperity of this great body of producers.

It is proper that the traders in grain should associate themselves under charter for mutual protection and benefit; but it is equally proper that such limitations should be set to their corporate powers as will effectually safeguard the interests of the producers and also the interests of a minority of grain traders both within and without the membership of the exchange.

A Tendency to Absolute Monopoly.

The present tendency in the evolution of the grain exchange appears to be in the direction of a combination in restraint of trade which if unchecked may lead to the creation of an absolute monopoly. Amendments to the charter which will introduce the following provisions and limitations for the subjoined reasons appear to be urgently needed to check this tendency:

- (a) There must be no limit set by its members to the members which may enjoy its privileges.
- (b) The number of memberships is now limited by by-law to 316 (300 active members and 16 associate members) all disposed of. Of this number many are held by non-traders. Among such are the warehouse commissioner, the chief grain inspector, the secretary of the survey and grain standards board, a general freight agent of the C. P. R. and fourteen bankers. One hundred and thirty-two do not reside in Winnipeg, while sixteen are residents of the United States. Seven memberships are held by the members or employees of a single elevator company.
- (c) Since all the brokers and all the large milling and export companies in western Canada and a number in eastern Canada as well, are connected with the exchange, and consequently restricted by-law, from dealing on as favorable terms with those outside its membership as those within, it is almost impossible for an outsider to establish himself in the grain trade. He must be financially strong enough to become an independent exporter. Even then unless he is individually as strong as those within the exchange are collectively he can be put out of business by competitive methods. The limiting of membership, therefore, may at any time create a barrier to entrance to the exchange, and, consequently, to competition either from the fact that no more "seats" are available by purchase or that by reason of their security they are held at prohibitive figures. The exchange has lately fixed the price of membership at \$4,000, the original price in the days of unlimited membership was \$100.
- (d) No reputable person, firm or corporation engaged in or proposing to engage in the grain trade shall be denied membership if they desire it and tender the price of same—such price as to maximum amount to be fixed by charter.
- (e) To leave with a body of organized grain traders incorporated under charter the privilege of denying membership to a reputable competitor is in effect to give them the power to limit competition by arbitrarily saying how many and who shall engage in the privilege to trade with members of their body is to endanger the freedom of trade. The price which has been advanced from \$100 to \$4,000, may be advanced to \$40,000, or even to a larger amount.
- (f) The question of reputability in the case of exclusion on such grounds must be subject to appeal from the

decision of the exchange to an impartial tribunal named in the charter.

The necessity for this is that otherwise, the body of traders could arbitrarily exclude a person on technical grounds by alleging him to be disreputable simply because he might not be considered to have the proper attitude, either personal or general, towards certain commodities, or the exchange, or to the methods adopted by the exchange. It must be remembered that the exchange is neither a club nor a fraternal society, but an association of traders ostensibly created in the interests of all the traders in certain commodities.

(d) A firm or corporation must be eligible to apply for and hold membership and enjoy privileges in its own name and exercise the rights of membership through an employee whom it may designate for that service.

At the present time a firm or corporation can only enjoy the privileges of the exchange through a membership held in the name of one of its members, in the case of a firm, or one of its principal officers, in the case of a corporation. The ownership of a membership in such manner does not in itself entitle the firm or corporation to the privilege of membership. It must apply for and secure registration under this membership. This registration may be refused without assigning any reason, or if granted, may be withdrawn on the giving of twenty-four hours' notice, also without any reason being assigned.

(e) A member, whether person, firm or corporation, must be permitted to delegate the work of trading to an employee.

A membership in the exchange is secured for trading purposes, and as it is customary for men to employ others as their representatives in business, it is but reasonable that a member should be allowed to delegate the actual work of trading to an employee instead of being forced to do it in person or through another member, as provided by by-law. Why should the traders in grain be more restricted than other traders? Are they of higher rank and importance, or are there trade secrets to be guarded from the prying eyes of employees?

Maximum Price "Fixed."

(f) There shall be no restrictions upon members as to prices paid, commissions charged nor as to agreements entered into with employees.

The rules relating to commission and the maximum price rule enforced as they are by fines and penalties when taken in conjunction with the agreement to be governed by them which every applicant for membership must sign, constitute, in effect a conspiracy in restraint of trade shared in, either willingly or under compulsion of business necessity, by every member of the exchange. The whole system of fines and penalties as employed by the exchange is indefensible. As for the alleged motive of their employment, "to maintain a higher standard of business morality and commercial integrity," it may be said that the morality and integrity which require to be maintained by innumerable pains and penalties is not of a very high order and is not a good faith and fair dealing cannot be secured among the members without the disciplinary use of fines, suspensions and expulsions, the type of men engaged in the grain trade must be such that too many legislative safeguards cannot be thrown around their associations for the protection of the producers.

(g) The power to suspend or cancel privileges shall not lie wholly with the exchange, but provision must be made for an appeal to an impartial tribunal named in the charter.

Since the exchange connections—that is to say business relations with the exporters and millers who are members—are necessary to the ordinary grain trader, the provision is required that there should be no power of even a majority of rival traders to financially destroy any of their competitors.

(h) The arbitrary interference with the business methods of a member by the inquisitorial inquiry into such matters should be prohibited.

These are the characteristic methods employed by trusts and combines. Under the by-laws of the exchange a member may be interrogated by the council of the exchange with respect to his business and business relations with others, and for fear he may seek refuge in lies, can be compelled to make a statutory declaration as to the truth of his statements. A fitting complement to this provision would be a clause in the by-law providing for the use of the thumb-screw and rack where the victim was suspected of seeking safety in perjury.

(i) The government should have free access at all times to the minute books and accounts of the exchange and no by-laws shall be passed or amended without first being submitted to the minister of agriculture and receiving his assent thereto.

Since a person might secure membership under by-laws which did not prejudicially affect his business, but afterwards others might be enacted which would so effect it, there appears good reason that new by-laws be rigidly supervised before coming into force.

(j) Provision must be made whereby the public shall have access to a gallery overlooking the trading room during the progress of the trading sessions that the character of the trading may be observed. This provision requires no comment.

Abolish Options.

Dealing in options, or in other words gambling in futures, must be abolished by Dominion statute. Nineteen of the co-called trades in wheat do not represent the transfer of real grain from one person to another. Eliminate the dealing in options from the grain exchange and what was left where real grain would be bought and sold at prices based on supply and demand.

Wheat would still be bought and would be no option as to its delivery and acceptance except on pain of the same penalties as govern in the case of the violations of ordinary contracts.

No person should be permitted to offer grain for sale of which he is not the owner. To sell a million bushels of wheat of which one is not the owner is a pure gamble that the price will fall; to purchase the same amount

without any desire of expectation that delivery will be made is a pure gamble that the price will rise. No good can come from gambling in wheat; evil is associated therewith. Professional gamblers are a burden to the community which permits their presence, as by the nature of things they cannot live on any other.

Legitimate Functions.

In general reference to 1 and 2 it may be said that a grain exchange has many legitimate functions to perform. By co-operation quotations can be secured at reasonable cost for the common use of the members. Trading terms can be defined by mutual agreement that no confusion will arise as to contracts. Provision can be made for the arbitration of all commercial disputes between members. Satisfactory quarters can be provided for carrying on trading operations and recording sales and purchases. Officers and servants can be employed to carry out the work of the association. Places of meeting for committees and general meetings of members can be provided. Recommendations can be made by the united wisdom of assembled traders to legislative bodies from time to time as seems necessary. All these useful functions could be performed, however, without any fixing of prices, arbitrary commission rules, exclusion of dealers or the arbitrary interference with the business methods of members by elaborate systems of fines or penalties. Lack of business morality would bear its own inevitable penalty as it bears it in the outside business world, and the man who was either not financially sound or had the reputation of not fulfilling his business obligations would soon cease to be in a position to trade with the reputable members.

The grain exchange should be a place where men meet together to make sales and purchases of real grain, not a place where gambling in futures is the principal occupation of its members.

Amendments of Criminal Code.

In the agricultural rules, by-laws and practices of the members of the grain exchange and grain dealers' association, which have lately been before the courts and the help of public opinion, do not render them liable to public conviction, either as individuals or as members of the association, it is high time that the laws were amended. It is quite probable that the proposed amendments to the criminal code will be presented for the consideration of the conference.

Government Ownership of Elevators.

The large elevator interests supported by many strong financial institutions and working in harmony with large milling interests, are becoming dangerously strong. Possessing practically all the storage facilities of the country at initial cost, they are enlarging a large portion of the terminal elevator space as well, supplying the only avenue for the marketing of the crop at a price much below its legitimate value. In addition to this they are able, if unscrupulous in the methods employed in their elevators, to increase their profits by the marketing of light weights, low gradings, taxing heavy dockage, and changing the identity of wheat, to make a supply just sufficient to make the active milling demand from month to month.

In the long run the miller would not pay more for his wheat, but the speculator would have fewer opportunities to fleece the farmers at one time of the year and the millers at another.

With such a storage system, freed from the abuses of the present one, if the railways would give reduction in freight rates from interior points to the lake ports from April to August, to in some extent offset the carrying charges, the periodic discrimination of traffic could be obviated.

As to cost, in any case storage has to be provided and paid for directly or indirectly by the owner of grain, whether it be in the shape of bins on the farm, farm elevators, company elevators, railway terminals or a government system. The government can finance the system at the lowest rate and operate at cost.

The Canadian farmer must meet the competition of the Indian, 1700, Bantu, peasant and Argentine peasant in the world's markets. He can only do this by lowering his scale of living to theirs or creating a more economical system and intelligent system of reducing, classifying, storing, transporting and marketing his product.

The terminal elevators should be owned and operated by the Dominion Government; that all manipulation of grain in the interest of individual dealers may be abolished and also that the loading of stored grain belonging to the common stock by the railways or elevator officials for the filling of contracts by large dealers who are short of spot grain may be prevented. Some must be found also, whereby the average quality of the different grades as shipped out from the terminals will be as high as the average quality of the same grades as they come from the farm when cleaned to grade requirements.

Reciprocal Demurrage.

It is proposed to add to the grain act a clause which shall provide a car within one week of the time ordered, failing which, they shall deduct from the freight charges one dollar per day for each day after the expiration of the week allowed until the order is filled; they shall further deduct one dollar per day per car in each day after the expiry of 48 hours from finishing of loading, during which the car remains standing on the siding at or near the station where it was loaded; and also they shall in addition deduct one dollar per day per car for every day long as it remains standing at the destination than it would take if moved at the rate of 40 miles per day.

The Employment of a Sale Unit.

There is no doubt that the employment of the central would greatly shorten and simplify all calculations in connection with grain-hauling, but custom dies hard and legislation is needed to break down this barrier of custom.

The provincial government will meet the cost of single fare for all

value, whether cars were available for transportation or not, which would be an immense advantage, not only to the farmer, but to every business man in the country, except perhaps the grain dealer, who could no longer take advantage of a blockade to "cut" the producer.

The fact that the elevators were used solely for the purpose of special binning grain and were entirely free from the control or manipulation of buyers would eliminate to give light weights, take heavy dockages, misgrade or change the identity of the stored wheat. It would put an end to the improper allotment of cars which now makes a mockery of the grain act, and the street selling would soon become a thing of the past.

By appointing the operator as shipper's agent for declaring intention and ability to load, as required by the grain act, the applicant for cars need never lose his turn, nor need cars be allotted to those no longer requiring them. A check upon unequal distribution of cars between shipping points could be provided by daily reports from the operators received at the department of agriculture.

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The provincial government will meet the cost of single fare for all

accredited delegates attending the conference. Each delegate should buy a single-fare ticket to Winnipeg and get a standard certificate from the railway agent for same, which will entitle him to a free return ticket.

It is hoped that the various municipal councils will call a special meeting if necessary and appoint delegates to accompany the Reeves and that they will arrange for the payment of their additional expenses, in order that the farmers' interests may be strongly represented at the conference.

## C.P.R. RUSHING THE "SHORT LINE"

### Expect to Close in the Gap From Saskatoon to Battle River This Season.

Saskatoon, Sask., May 31.—F. J. George, engineer in charge of the C. P. R. construction going on from Saskatoon westward to the Battle River, is in town after having covered the grade line from there to the city. It is about 235 miles from here to the Battle river bridge, now nearing completion. From there to Wetaskiwin, the road is finished, and daily trains are running over the line, a distance of a hundred miles. Completing the road between here and there this year, is a big task, but every effort will be made to do so. Contractor McArthur has every team in sight bought or hired.

In six weeks time he expects to see the grade completed from Saskatoon to Round Valley, a distance of 120 miles, which will leave 100 miles still in the hands of the contractors. Expectations are that next week steel will be laid west of Asquith. The situation is, 255 miles of road to be opened between Saskatoon and Battle river 135 miles practically finished, and as big a force as the contractors can get hold of will be forth their greatest efforts to close the remaining 100 mile gap in time to have the steel all laid before the season closes. This means that the chances are bright to have C. P. R. trains running east and west of here before the end of the year.

Karl Blind Dead.

London, May 31.—Karl Blind, the German patriot, died here today suddenly, of heart failure. He was born in 1826.

A superintendent will be stationed here and three sets of despatchers, one for the territory between here and Swift Current, the other from here to Calgary, and the third from here to Lethbridge.

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Cannot be pulled out of shape, even by the most strenuous exercise—because of its special "Spring Needle" stitch, which ensures its invariably springing back to its original shape-ness.

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**D. O. ROBLIN,** OF TORONTO, Sole Canadian Agent

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**PARK LAND CO.  
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# CIVIC IMPROVEMENT SOCIETY

The Civic Improvement Society are Issuing a Pamphlet Setting Forth the Aims of The Society, From Which the Following Information is Taken.

### OFFICERS FOR 1907.

President, E. B. Edwards.  
Vice-Pres., Walter Ramsay.  
Secy.-Treasurer, Geo. W. Massie.

Executive Committee:  
Geo. Harcourt, Fred Bennett,  
A. Mitchell, A. E. Potter,  
Jno. K. Powell.

### OBJECTS OF THE SOCIETY.

I. The improvement by property-owners of their properties in the matter of:

- (a) Cleanliness and tidiness of yards.
- (b) Removal or improvement of "tenements."
- (c) General establishment of simple flower gardens.
- (d) Nest, well kept lawns.
- (e) Planting of trees, shrubbery, etc.

II. The encouragement and advancement of the general Civic Plan of Parks, Boulevards, Drives, etc.

The Civic Improvement Society of Edmonton was organized on Friday, May 17th, 1907, and has already undertaken a work of such importance, and so intimately connected with the well being of the city as to merit the sympathy and support of all classes of citizens.

Not only does the Society endeavor to promote the cleanliness and beautification of home surroundings, but desires to co-operate with the Civic authorities in carrying out the general Civic plan of parks, breathing spaces, boulevards and drives.

It is the desire of the Society to benefit all classes, both directly and indirectly.

To citizens already interested in making attractive their home surroundings, the Society offers advice and assistance as to proper methods of transplanting, etc.

To those who have no desire to beautify their places, the Society offers special inducements to encourage and foster an interest in the objects which the Society has in view.

Owing to the fact that many citizens have been imposed upon by agents of irresponsible firms in the East, handling nursery stock, which is not at all suited to the requirements of the country, the Society has secured the co-operation of several reliable nursery firms, in Alberta and Manitoba, with the result that the Society can now secure nursery stock at a greatly reduced price, with the satisfaction of knowing it to be absolutely and fully guaranteed.

The Society has been fortunate in securing the assistance of Mr. A. Mitchell, formerly of the Forestry Department, of Ottawa, and now Provincial Forester, than whom no man is better qualified to give the best advice as to the transplanting and care of trees, shrubs, etc. Mr. Mitchell has made a close and minute study of plant life in the Province, as well as the climatic conditions and is eminently fitted to advise the citizen to the end that the best results may be obtained.

The Society, then, offers to the public this pamphlet by Mr. Mitchell, trusting that it will prove of assistance to those citizens who are about to beautify their properties, and encourage a great many others to follow their example.

### TREE PLANTING IN THE CITY.

Improvements are being made on every hand throughout the city, and among other things many people, most indeed, are turning their attention to planting a few trees, either leaf shedding or evergreen, with a view to ornament, or to afford shade in years to come. Many of these trees are native poplars or spruces, procured from the surrounding woods, and many of them are nursery grown and obtained from outside sources. With a view of disseminating accurate knowledge about the best methods of planting and pruning trees, particularly spruce, the Society offers the following suggestions:

### Advantage of Nursery Grown Stock.

The planting of nursery grown stock has many advantages, the chief of which probably are the possibility of getting a better variety of trees and shrubs, and, if the nurseryman knows his business, the important one of having a well balanced, well furnished tree with a root formation in full proportion to its top, and which will suffer little or no damage when it is moved.

Trees in a nursery should be grown with an object in view, the stem and branches should be intended either for shade, screen, or simply ornamental effect, and they should be trained accordingly and the roots of all should be prepared for transplanting and fitted to bear being carried greater or less distances, and must as far as they fall in line, be as far as the nurseryman failed in his business, and so far has the public's money been mis-spent and their confidence misplaced.

### Objections to Wild Trees.

This chief objection to native grown trees is that the root system has not been prepared with a view to being transplanted, but they have the advantage of being perfectly hardy and if transplanted with a reasonable degree of care, planters should have no difficulty in getting them to grow in their new location, and yet, how often do we find the reverse. All over the city one can see trees, especially spruces, brown and dead, and it is with the hope that much of this may be avoided, that the following directions for planting are offered.

### Transplanting Deciduous Trees.

Peppers and other deciduous trees are best transplanted in spring, before the leaves are out. When

week, and that only in the event of very dry weather.

Small spruces up to 2 feet high may be lifted with a good deal less trouble, all that is necessary being to dig around them in a circle of about 16 inches diameter, sloping the spade well under the root and lifting the whole lot at once. With the edge of the ball pared to prevent its breaking off it is ready for moving to its new location.

No manure should be placed in the holes with the trees, but spruce planters will find it greatly to their advantage to spread 2 or 3 inches of well rotted manure over the ground about the roots after they are planted. This is no doubt somewhat unsightly on a lawn and in that case the best thing then to do is to keep the uppermost two inches of soil thoroughly stirred and loose all the summer and as winter approaches the mulch of manure can be applied.

A very common pruning practice is to cut the top off such a tree, but this does anything but improve its appearance. The root system is not needed if the intention is to restore the balance between root and top.

A certain amount of pruning is no doubt necessary, but it should consist merely of the removal of the largest of the branches all around the stem, the operator exercising good judgment to leave the remaining branches so as to balance the tree as far as possible. The root system will be found to consist of one or two main roots and a number of small fibrous ones, and it will always be found better to cut the large roots with a sharp axe or saw, as either with a saw or axe the cut which is in consequence very liable to shake off when the tree is lifted, a result which must be carefully guarded against, as it means failure almost every time, although hard-wood will recover from such treatment much better than spruce or pine.

### Transplanting Spruces or Pines.

Spruces and pines should not be planted till later, probably the first two weeks in June. A good general rule for planting spruce is to watch for the time when the central bud is starting to grow and the scales covering it are beginning to get loose. Spruces are usually planted for the sake of their foliage and should therefore be selected from a situation where they have had room to develop this foliage and are crowded, that is, it will always be found better to select a spruce growing singly in the open if possible and where it is over-shadowed or crowded by other species. Immediate effect is usually what is aimed at in transplanting spruce, and therefore trees are usually selected as large as can be moved with a reasonable chance of success. The limit of safety in Northern Alberta will probably be about a 5 foot high and there should be no trouble at all about getting trees of that height to grow if the work is done properly.

### Removing the Trees.

The first thing to do after selecting the tree is to string round the stem below the lowest branch and wind it two or three times round the stem, enclosing the branches and working towards the base until the cord can be tied. This keeps the foliage out of the way and allows freedom of movement. If the tree will allow, mark the north side of the tree by tying a piece of rag to a branch on that side so that when planting it may be possible to have the tree as it did before. In a tree of 4 or 5 feet the root should be from 18 inches to two feet in diameter. It is of course always advisable to take as much root as possible but when beyond that diameter it is found that the root is much more difficult unless extraordinary precautions are taken. As much earth as possible should be taken with the root.

### A Trench wide enough for comfortable spading should therefore be dug all round the tree that is to be lifted at the distance selected, the earth moved from around and under the root and the whole dressed smoothly with the spade. Before moving the tree, sacks should be placed underneath and around the ball of roots and earth and securely tied. The loose ends of the cord should be passed through underneath the cord on the stem, brought back again round the stem of the tree, then carried to another part of the ball and passed through as before. This should be done in two or three places. The earth is firmly encased in a regular basket of sacks and twine. Trees prepared like this have been carried by the mile over a rough road and every one grew.

### Do Not Prune Spruces.

A spruce it must be remembered should never be pruned when transplanted. Its foliage is the beauty of it and besides it requires all the foliage it has to enable it to recover after being moved, because in the green leaves is stored up the nourishment necessary for it to enable it to start its growth in the spring, it will therefore be easily seen how detrimental the removal of the foliage will be to the tree.

The holes for the reception of the trees should be at least twice as wide as the roots which are intended to fill them and they should be deep enough to allow the whole plant to be at least two inches deeper than it was before. This is most important. The bottom of the hole should be filled with a few inches of the surface soil and the best soil should as far as possible be placed near the roots when planting and the whole should be firmly packed, if necessary using a short stick about 18 inches long to pack firmly. The top two inches of soil should be left quite loose. Nothing has been said about watering, and indeed this is a item which is almost neglected in Edmonton, but in very dry weather it might be well to pour a bucket of water on the root before placing the last two inches of loose soil on the surface. Many people consider the watering of plants of all sorts about the most important thing there is in connection with planting but this is a mistake and probably the most water an average tree will require during the summer will be a thorough soaking once a

# With the Farmers

## A STUDY OF BREEDS OF SWINE.

An instructive pamphlet devoted to breeds of swine has been issued from Ottawa by the Live Stock Branch. It deals with the history, characteristics and points of excellence of six principal breeds reared in Canada. Commencing with a review of the origin of domestic swine the bulletin teaches that the many varieties that are found in various parts of the world are all descended from one original stock of wild swine. Variations that were effected by domestication upon the progenitors of our present breeds are followed out briefly. It is pointed out that continuous food soon affected great and lasting changes in "conformation, disposition and aptitudes of the animals. With these changes there came about a breeding to type and colour in various localities as suited the requirements and desires of the hog raisers, resulting in the course of time in establishing the present pure breeds.

The Pamphlet, the Berkshire, the Chester White, the Poland-China and the Duro-Jersey. The first and second are described as bacon breeds, the third and fourth as hams, and the two remaining breeds as belonging to the lard producing class.

The improvement of the Yorkshire is traced down from 1760, the year of Robert Bakewell. It was not until 1820 that this breed of swine received its present classification at English shows. Among the chief characteristics of the Yorkshire of the present day are its docility, vigor, muscularity, size and its excellent crossing qualities. They are said to be early maturing, reaching their weight of 200 lbs. in conditions, weighing from 200 to 300 lbs. from six to seven months old.

The Tamworth which is also described as belonging to the lard producing class is traced from about 1815, when it is said to have been introduced into England from Ireland by Sir John Peel. The author of the Bulletin claims that this breed is purer than any of the others, inasmuch as its improvement has been effected almost entirely by selection of animals within the breed itself. It is stated to have received little attention outside of the counties of Northamptonshire, Staffordshire and North Leicestershire until about 1870, when the bacon curers of the latter county launched a campaign against the then fashionable roset, fat and heavy Berkshire pig, which they found quite unsuitable for bacon production. The Tamworth then came into prominence as an improver of some of the other breeds.

With the description of each breed is published a scale of points by which, with the illustrations of typical animals, a valuable service is afforded in teaching the correct ideal to be looked for in selecting breed animals. The author of the Bulletin is Mr. J. B. Spencer, B. S. A., who has in his own hands a most systematic study of swine that should be highly appreciated not only by students of animal husbandry but by swine raisers in all parts of Canada. Copies of the bulletin are obtainable by applying to the Live Stock Commissioner at Ottawa.

The Berkshire is stated to have assumed a fairly uniform and desirable type about the year 1825. It was at that time a fine appearing animal, very hardy, of good size and length, without coarseness. Unfortunately, owing to a fashion which prevailed some years afterwards, the Berkshire was developed into a thick short animal with heavy jaw, thick neck and fat back. Later this style of hog became unpopular and the attention was again given to developing greater length, symmetry and finish. As now found, the Berkshire exhibits desirable qualifications as a packer's animal.

The history of the Chester-White is extremely interesting. It is said to trace back to a pair of white hogs imported into Chester County, Pa., from England in 1818. This importation made a marked change in the swine of the district with the result that the Chester-White rapidly grew in favor. In its early years it was a fairly lengthy type of hog, but for many years past it has been classed as a "one-bush" hog, of the thick-backed sort. A few breeders in Canada, the bulletin states, have sought by selection and management to develop the form and quality of the animal looked upon with favor by the packers and to some extent they have been successful.

The Poland-China and Duro-Jersey have during the past ten years grown less and less popular in Canada. The author of the bulletin, in 1906, only eight members of the Dominion Swine Breeders' Association bred Poland-Chinas and three bred Duro-Jerseys.

# RAN OVER BY A WAGON

## Man Succumbs at Athabasca Landing as Result of Injuries.

Athabasca Landing, June 1.—The man, John Hawthorne, who fell off his wagon on the way out from Edmonton, died here this morning from the injuries received from being run over by the wagon.

Hawthorne has been homesteading about 40 miles west of the Landing and recently went east for his family and possessions. He returned with them Thursday, May 23, and proceeded to his homestead. On the night of the 24th he was thrown from his rig and his leg was badly broken. Despite all care he gradually sank and passed away.

# THE CROP RECORD FOR TEN YEARS

## When Crops Were Sown And When They Ripened. No More Anxiety This Year

All anxiety about seeding time in the west has passed. The unseasonable weather of the early spring caused uneasiness among many of the new-comers. But the improvement in conditions during the last couple of weeks has brought things to normal again.

The following table, taken from the official figures of the Brandon experimental farm for the last ten years, gives the dates of seeding and reaping and indicates that early seeding does not necessarily mean an early harvest.

### WEEDS AND WILD FLOWERS.

#### They Pilfer the Life Blood of the Soil. Can Be Kept Under Control.

They may be of some passing interest to the farmer, but neither the one nor the other finds a place in the present-day economies of farming. They are synonymous terms for an evil which is about to become a "car shortage" of a new dimension. Whatever overtakes the grain crop, every farmer can count on his weeds and wild flowers. Mr. Sir John Peel, who has written the bulletin, beats the nine lives of a cat. They will live comfortably when all around them droops and dies in the absence of manure.

The weeds are the greatest predators under the penitentiary walls. They pilfer the life blood of the soil, reaching with good effect to the mind, they are a constant menace to the farmer's pocket. They have earned their name as a "car thief." Believe it or not, the root like farmers, the best paying method of clearing the weeds is to get them clean on the field. It is not possible to get rid of the separator? It is, and no seriously disposed man who is engaged in farming will dispute it.

# NATURAL GAS IN THIRTY DAYS

## Mr. Williams of the American Canadian Oil Co. Says He Has Supply Available.

From Saturday's Bulletin. "In thirty days I can demonstrate to the citizens of Edmonton that we have a supply of natural gas sufficient for the entire city of Edmonton."

This was the statement made to the Bulletin yesterday afternoon by H. L. Williams, manager of the American-Canadian Oil company, who are now conducting boring operations on their property near Morinville.

Mr. Williams strongly protests against the citizens granting a franchise for a natural gas company for supplying the city when it is not yet ascertained whether such a commodity is procurable here. Should a franchise be granted them, his company who now have a supply available would be shut out of the competition while it is not known yet whether the other company will succeed in their operations.

Mr. Williams states that at Morinville some time ago gas was struck at a depth of 550 feet which gave him a rock pressure of 400 lbs. and that when lighted sent a flame up twenty feet in the air.

While not particularly interested in the artificial franchise Mr. Williams is of the opinion that the \$300,000 investment which the artificial company propose to make would be an excellent thing for Edmonton.

### SPORTING NOTES.

The reserve teams of the St. Paul's and Edmonton clubs meet tonight on the exhibition ground in the fourth match of the Intermediate football schedule.

The All Saints and Caledonian Seniors will clash Monday evening. Two school cricket clubs met in the All Saints' Schoolroom yesterday and got their organizations ready for the season's games. Practices will be held on Mondays and Fridays. Subscriptions will be \$1, and the clubs are going into the game with a vim. The following officials were elected: McKay Avenue Club—Secretary, E. Bragg; committee, L. Barrow, W. Pace and H. Ross; captain, Robert Lee. Westward Ho Club—Secretary, E. Jellett; committee, F. Kenwood, C. Cooper and D. McDonald; captain, D. Kinnaird.

# NEW YORK STOCK

New York, May 29.—The accounts was the important today in the stock market in London. Here the Deeds holiday tomorrow was the London conclusion of a and the lack of verification rumors prompted the cover contracts. The imminent here all inclination among here to enter on any new up of speculative account in more buying than selling was continued. The fact that the position is largely on the short side. The price movement of wheat, more favorable weather in regions and forecast of the and high temperature, and disinclination of shorts to be covered over the holiday, receded in London today, tions bordering in the gold was not otherwise unparaleled. A rise in copper in a helpful factor for the market. Increasing attention to the showing of net earnings roads for April as success received indicated corrective excess of investment with over their increase in gross The Lehigh Valley reports was the important example its good showing was a str factor on the coalers gets appears that of fifteen ready reporting for a price of 25.1 per cent. in gross less an expansion for the rigs after the increase in expense is allowed for 9.79. This showing may be further ed from the effect of freight rates, which have an effect in many cases on the The sustained strength of market in spite of its act ness drove the shorts into like a scramble at the last the closing. Bonds were Total sales part value \$1,77, ited States old 4's declined ter per cent. on call.

# NEW YORK WHEAT

New York, May 29.—Wheat 577,000 bushels; exports 24,000 bushels. May 10th market, although easier at owing to western rain and day of recovery. The price of firm for the rest of the day covering the market was 11 1/2c. The market was acting near the close under long account, it fell one cent, higher to 11 1/2c. The closed 104; July 104 to 104 closed 105; September 104 to 104 closed 105; December 106 to 106 closed 105 7/8.

### Call Money.

New York, May 29.—Call money 2 1/2 per cent., low ruling rate 3 1/4; last loan 1 1/2; bid 1 1/2; offered at 1 1/2; silver slightly firmer, 97 1/2 to 4 per cent.; six months, per cent.

### Consols.

London, May 29.—10 per cent. for money 84 7/16 do for 123; Anaconda 11 5/8; bar silver 111 1/2; per cent.; discount 3 1/2 per cent.; 3 months bills 3 per cent.

### Specie and Bonds

New York, May 29.—10 per cent. mercantile paper 5 1/2 per cent. exchange steady at 48.80 for demand and at 48.55 for sixty day bills. Rates 48 1/2 to 47 1/2. Government 104 1/2; bar silver 97 1/2; can dollars 52. Government heavy; railroad bonds irreg.

### LOCAL MEAT MARKET

The prices paid by the Edmonton for beef, pork and heavy extra good. The price and the end is not yet set. Prime beefs dressed, at 88 per the retailer \$7.50, and weight about 150 lbs. during the months. A year ago beef 6 1/2c per pound dressed, 10 1/2c live weight. To-day, butchers and wholesalers are getting 4 1/2c per pound live weight and are occasionally getting extra good. The price consumers have not been rationally with the exception special cuts. The retailers are selling the poorer cuts and under, and must get 3 1/2c from the retailers. It is the opinion of the dealer that beef will never again be as it has been in the past, and port their statement with a of reasons. The immediate occasion by the hard wintering a scarcity of good beef. There are lots of cattle, to support the local demand but the grass has as yet fairly started, and those few markets are few. But be is the fact that the larger are being gradually crowded those who divide their attention farming and ranching increase of population in the well as all through the created a demand beyond that at present available. The increase and the call from the ern centres for supplies will the good cattle the Alberta and ranchers can produce a ture.

### Hogs are now bringing 7

pound live weight, and the will shortly be coming to city, due largely to the hard and shortage of wheat for Many of the Alberta farmers yet to learn the value of a good producer and largely for the market. They get better results from manure and other manure

**Summer Vacation Rates**

From St. Paul and Minneapolis  
On Sale June 3 to Sept. 15  
Good Returning Until September 30  
Liberal Stopovers

**Burlington Route**

Albany, N. Y. - \$31.50	Portland, Me. - \$33.00
Boston, Mass. - \$33.00	Providence, R.I. \$34.40
Hamilton, Ont. - \$26.00	Syracuse, N. Y. \$31.50
Montreal, Que. - \$31.50	Toronto, Ont. - \$26.00
Ottawa, Ont. - \$30.05	Utica, N. Y. - \$31.50

Many Additional Points.

Let the Burlington arrange your vacation trip. Write today for full information, time and descriptive folders.

**F. M. Rugg, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul**

**SUNSHINE FURNACE**

NOT SHAKING. JUST A GENTLE ROCKING OF THE LEVER.

Shaking is a hard, back-breaking exercise, peculiar to common furnaces, while you can stand erect at the Sunshine—and moving the lever, to and fro, about half the length of your arm, a few times, is more play. A child can easily do it.

Grates of the Sunshine are in two sections—right and left. By gently rocking the lever, a few times, the ashes are released from the right. Repeat the operation on the left and the ashes from that side drop into the ash-pan, too. You couldn't wish for anything easier than the Sunshine Method.

When this lever is not in use it can be disconnected from the grates and the opening capped. But when connected it fills up the opening so snugly that no dust from the falling ashes can escape.

Every detail is thought of on the "Sunshine"—that's what makes it the best.

If your local dealer does not handle the "Sunshine," write direct to us for FREE BOOKLET.

**McClary's**

LONDON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER, ST. JOHN, N.B.

**THE RECORD ADMIRAL FURNACE**

fills the demand for a furnace possessing the largest amount of grate surface in proportion to the diameter of the top of the fire pot. It possesses all the advantages of a return flue construction.

The "Admiral" has the largest ash pit of any furnace on the market, thus permitting the free removal of ashes.

Wood or coal may be burned in the "Admiral" furnace.

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**THE RECORD FOUNDRY & MACHINE CO.**  
Foundries at MONCTON, N.B. & MONTREAL, P.Q.

"LONGING AS ONLY A CHILD CAN LONG"  
IS MILDLY EXPRESSING THAT DESIRE OF OLD & YOUNG FOR

**Boyd's CHOCOLATES**

YOU'LL LIKE THEM, OF COURSE

**W.J. BOYD CANDY CO. WINNIPEG**

NEW YORK STOCK COMMENT.

New York, May 29.—The closing of accounts was the important influence today in the stock market here and in London. Here the Decoration day holiday tomorrow was the motive. In London the conclusion of a settlement and the lack of verification of failure rumors prompted the covering of short contracts. The imminent holiday took away all inclination among traders here to enter on any new commitments. The fact that the closing up of speculative accounts resulted in more buying than selling of stocks was confirmatory of the impression that the position is largely extended on the short side. The uncertain price movement of wheat, reports of more favorable weather in the crop regions and forecast of needed rains and high temperature, added to the disinclination of shorts to remain uncovered over the holiday. Discounts recorded in London today, but conditions bordering in the gold movement were not otherwise materially changed. A rise in copper in London was a helpful factor for the metals stocks here. Increasing attention is given to the showing of net earnings of railroads for April as successive reports received indicated correction in recent excess of increased operating expenses over their increase in gross earnings. The Lehigh Valley report for April was the important example today and its good showing was a strengthening factor on the coalers generally. It appears that of fifteen railroads already reporting for April, the group of 25.01 per cent. in gross earnings leaves an expansion for the net earnings after the increase in operating expense is allowed for 2.79 per cent. This showing may be further improved from the effect of advances in freight rates, which were to go into effect in many cases on May first. The sustained strength of the day's market in spite of its extreme dullness drove the short interest something like a scramble at the last and gave the fill up to prices which raised fast to the highest of the day, but which were not fully maintained at the closing. Bonds were irregular. Total sales per value \$1,772,000. United States old 4s declined one quarter per cent. on call.

NEW YORK WHEAT. New York, May 29.—Wheat receipts 87,000 bushels; exports 24,139 bushels; sales 2,700,000 bushel spot. The market, although easier at the start, owing to western rain and easy cables, when recovered and was generally firm for the rest of the day. Besides a covering the market was affected by bull crop news from Illinois and Hungary and better support. Reacting near the close under sales for long account, it left off partly half cent. higher. May 103 1/4 to 103 3/4 closed 104; July 104 1/4 to 104 3/4 closed 105; September 104 1/4 to 105 3/4 closed 105; December 105 1/4 to 105 5/8 closed 105 7/8.

Call Money. New York, May 29.—Money on call easy, highest 2 per cent., lowest 1 1/2; ruling rate 1 3/4; last 1 3/4; 3-month bid 1 1/2; offered at 2. Time loans slightly firmer, sixty days 3 3/4 to 4 per cent., ninety days 3 3/4 to 4 per cent., six months, 4 3/4 to 5 per cent.

Consols. London, May 29.—4 p.m. consols for money 24 7/8 do for account 24 1/2; Anacoonda 11 5/8 bar silver quiet, 31 1/2-1/4 per ounce. Money 3 1/2 to 3 3/4 per cent.; discount rate, short bills and 3 months bills 3 9/16 to 5 9/16 per cent.

Specie and Bonds. New York, May 29.—Close prime mercantile paper 1 1/2 to 1 3/4; ruling exchange steady at 46.75 to 46.80 for demand and at 46.50 to 46.55 for sixty day bills. Posted rates 484 1/4 to 487 1/2. Commercial bills 483 1/4; bar silver 67 3/8; Mexican dollars 52. Government bonds heavy; railroad bonds irregular.

LOCAL MEAT MARKET.

The prices paid by the dealers in Edmonton for beef, pork and mutton have greatly increased the past year, and the end is not yet in sight. Prime beefs dressed, are now costing the retailer \$7 to \$8 per hundred weight all around, an advance of about \$1.50 during the past two months. A year ago beefs cost 4 to 6 1/2 per pound dressed, and 3c to 3 1/2c live weight. To-day, the farmers and wholesalers are getting prime 1 1/2c per pound live weight for prime and are occasionally for something extra good. The prices to consumers have not been raised proportionately with the exception of some special cuts. The retailers claim they are selling the poorer cuts at cost and under, and must get their profits from the sirloins, roasts and steaks, which are largely in demand. It is the opinion of the dealers that beef will never again be as cheap as it has been in the past, and they support their statement with a number of reasons. The immediate cause is occasioned by the hard winter causing a scarcity of good beef cattle. There are lots of cattle, enough to support the local demand at least, but the grass has as yet only got fairly started, and those fit for the markets are few. But beyond this is the fact that the larger ranchers are being gradually crowded out by those who divide their attention between farming and ranching. The increase of population in the city, as well as all through the west, has created a demand beyond the supply at present available. The added increase and the call from the big eastern centres for supplies will take all the good cattle the Alberta farmers and ranchers can produce in the future.

Hogs are now bringing 7 1/4c per pound live weight, and the price is still soaring. There is a great scarcity, due largely to the hard winter and shortage of whelps for feeding. Many of the Alberta farmers have yet to learn the value of vegetables as a good producer and feeder for hogs for the market. They feed largely on grain, where they would get better results from mangels, potatoes and other tubers or roots.

Many of them went out of hog raising last year on account of the prices being small, but one well versed in the business is authority for the statement that there is good money in marketing hogs at 50c per pound live weight, if they are properly fed and looked after.

Coyotes have caused great havoc among the lambs and sheep this past season. Mutton is costing the retailer 12 1/2c to 14c per pound dressed.

How Canadian Trade Grows. Ottawa, Ont., May 31.—The customs receipts of the Dominion for the month shows the extraordinary increase of \$1,208,968 over May, 1906. The figures are \$5,333,253 for the present month compared with \$4,124,285 for May 1906.

For two months of the present fiscal year, that is for April and May, increases \$1,736,367.

Coppers. Boston, Mass., May 31.—Copper showed good gains during the morning, but after noon, on slow dealings, a good part of the advantage was lost. Outside of Amalgamated Copper, Copper Range and North Butte, little activity was shown. The close was soft generally.

Call Money. New York, May 31.—Money on call steady. Highest 2 3/4 per cent., lowest 2. Ruling rate 2 1/2. Time loans 2 1/2. Close bid 1 1/2, offered at 2. Time loans steady, 60 days, 3 1/2 to 3 3/4, and 90 days, 3 3/4 to 4 per cent.

Bills and Specie. New York, May 31.—Close prime mercantile paper, 5 1/2 per cent. sterling exchange easy at 4.8670 to 5.8675 for demand and at 4.8500 for 60-day bills. Posted rates, 4.84 1/2 to 4.87 1/2. Commercial bills, 4.83 1/2 to 4.86 1/2. Bar silver, 67 1/8; Mexican dollars, 52. Government bonds steady, railroad bonds steady.

Bradstreet's Weekly Summary. New York, May 31.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: Except in parts of Western Canada, where better weather has brightened retail trade, Canadian business as a whole has been slow, both with retailers and jobbers. Re-order trade is still checked, but deliveries on orders of goods bought some time ago are heavy and shipments are large. The dry-goods trade is relatively the quietest. Immigration is of unprecedented volume.

NO CONCERNED ACTION. Guatemala City, May 29.—The correspondent of the Associated Press has interviewed the foreign diplomats in regard to the arrest in connection with the attempt on the life of President Cabrera. The Spanish minister, Senor Garciajova, said that two Spaniards are on trial on the charge of conspiracy against the president. The minister declined to make any further statement. The Italian minister, Signor Carlo Magara stated that he was watching the cases of the Italian citizens alleged to be implicated, and he felt confident they would make a good defence. The Italian colony was now assured that every opportunity would be given to their fellow citizens to prove their innocence when the appeal is taken from the finding of the military court.

Count Von Schwerin, the German minister, said that only one German had been imprisoned and he had not been tried. The minister had sent a physician to examine the man, who has been declared irresponsible for his actions. A certificate to this effect has been filed with the authorities.

The Mexican charge d'affaires stated that only one Mexican was in prison, Jose Maria Mandazo, a servant of Dr. Valdez Blanco, who committed suicide. Mandazo has been sentenced to death by the military court and has appealed. The Guatemala government has appointed a lawyer to defend him, and the charge d'affaires has also given him a Mexican lawyer. In view of irregularities in the proceedings against Mandazo the Mexican charge d'affaires has requested the foreign office here to furnish him with a copy of the testimony taken.

Mr. Brown, the American charge d'affaires, says he has not taken any action in connection with the imprisoned men. He added that all the men sentenced by the military court have appealed to the higher tribunal. Mr. Brown would not take part in any concerted diplomatic action.

While the majority of the diplomats refused to say anything about the matter it was authoritatively stated that no joint action in connection with the case of the prisoners would be taken.

The Vegreville town fire bell arrived on Monday. It will probably be swung temporarily in some convenient place pending the erection of the permanent fire hall. After this its clarion voice should awaken the citizens when a fire is on hand.

WARMER WEATHER PROMISED. Washington, D.C., May 31. The weather bureau to-night announced that all records were broken by the low mean temperature throughout the country during the past two months, and made this forecast: Temperatures will continue comparatively low Saturday and Sunday over the eastern portion of the country, and will change but little in the extreme west.

Over the central portion it will be warmer by Sunday. "The entire section east of the Mississippi added Zone-caster Frankenkof to-night, "may expect cool weather and rain to-morrow and Sunday. From present indications, the weather will turn warmer by Monday, and after that we will have real summer temperatures.

F. M. MONJO, New York, N.Y.

Country Merchants, Traders, Ranchers, having Raw Furs will do well to drop me a line for price lists, which will be sent free on request. Send or bring me your collection. I guarantee you prompt returns.

Correspondence Solicited. 35 years experience in Fur Trade. P. O. Box 201 1st. St. Edmonton Phone 447

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KEEPS ON HAND ALL KINDS OF Local Improvement Forms. School District Forms. Hyloplate Blackboards. Desks. Etc

LUMBER!

D. R. FRASER & CO., LTD.

Manufacturer of all kinds of Spruce Material. We have stocked up for the coming season in all kinds of the best quality B. C. Material

All orders attended to promptly. Telephones--Mill 5a, Town 5b. Branch Yard Vegreville

Cann, Ingle & Co. Stoney Plain

Manufacturer of SHEDS AND DOORS and Dealers in LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH, LIME, ETC.

All kinds of Building Material

Planing and Crushing done at all times. Orders filled at shortest notice

CANN, INGLE & CO.

There is Nothing Better

Steel Stubble and Sod Plow

Fitted with the Celebrated "Garden City Clipper" Bottom. MADE BY DAVID BRADLEY MFG. CO., BRADLEY, ILL., U.S.A.

About the best thing you can get hold of for all classes of work. At home in the stubble or fallow, turns a good flat furrow in the sod. Just a nice medium between the more abrupt old ground plow and the long, slow turning breaker. Hardened moldboard, share and landside. If we knew anything better suited to general work in this locality, we'd be selling it. But we don't think there is anything better. You'll agree when you see this one. Come in and let us show you.

SOLE SELLING AGENTS Manuel & Corriveau, Edmonton, Alta

Are You Building?

Remember that in this country WARMTH should be the first consideration.

E. B. Eddy's Impervious Sheathing Paper

insures this. Tees & Perse, Limited, Agents. Winnipeg, Edmonton, Calgary. Always everywhere in Canada USE EDDY'S MATCHES.

WINNIPEG FAIR

July 13th to 20th, 1907

Biggest Wheat Prizes in Canada Horses and Cattle special features Famous Hebburn Colliery Band, England Magnificent Fire Works Greatest Race Programme in the West Stake entries close May 23rd—Harness Purses July 2nd. All others July 1st.

G. H. GREIG, Pres. A. W. BELL, Sec'y

W. B. STENNETT

Buyer and Exporter of RAW FURS

Representing

Butter Direct From Milk

The Ideal Butter Separator will take Butter direct from Sweet Milk in Seven Minutes. It will also take it from Sour Milk and Sweet and Sour Cream. It costs but \$24.00 for 7 gal. size; \$35.00 for 15 gal. size; and \$40.00 for 24 gal. size. If you are interested write for particulars. This Butter Separator does away with the Cream Separator and Churns of all kinds. It separates the butter direct from the Sweet Milk in less time than a Cream Separator separates the Cream from the Milk. Our Ideal Butter Separator combines both the working qualities of the Cream Separator and the Barrel Churn at a less cost than either one or the other.

EVERY SEPARATOR GUARANTEED TO DO AS REPRESENTED. AGENTS WANTED.

The Iroquois Manufacturing Co., Limited, Iroquois, Ont.



Some day somebody may make a whisky as good as

BLACK & WHITE

The Right Scotch

Distilled in the old, slow, good Scottish way, in Scotland, and matured in sherry casks, by James Buchanan & Co., Limited.

D. O. ROBLIN of Toronto, Sole Canadian Agent



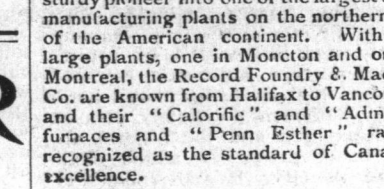
THE LATE MR. C. B. RECORD,

RECORDER OF THE RECORD FOUNDRY.

Reproduced above, is a portrait of the late Mr. C. B. Record, the founder and original head of the Record Foundry & Machine Co., of Moncton, N.B., and Montreal, P.Q.

Previous to Mr. Record going into the manufacture of stoves, those used in Canada were almost wholly of American manufacture. The character of the work turned out by the Record Foundry & Machine Co., at once gave their stoves a standing, and as a result a very large business soon grew up, largely owing to Mr. Record's untiring industry and perseverance against many obstacles.

Although Mr. Record retired from active business as far back as 1879, the solid basis on which he had established the industry, has resulted in its growth from a sturdy pioneer into one of the largest stove manufacturing plants on the northern half of the American continent. With two large plants, one in Moncton and one in Montreal, the Record Foundry & Machine Co. are known from Halifax to Vancouver, and their "Caloric" and "Admiral" furnaces and "Penn Esther" ranges recognized as the standard of Canadian excellence.



Boyd's

"HOW TEMPTING THE WORD"

GREAT FAVORITES AMONG LADIES WHO APPRECIATE PURE DELICIOUS CONFECTIONS. ALWAYS AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF THE BEST. CONFECTIONERY MADE BY THE BEST MASTERS. NOTHING BUT PURE CANDY MADE BY W.J. BOYD CANDY CO. WINNIPEG.

W.J. BOYD CANDY CO.

WINNIPEG.



"They all want St. George's Baking Powder." "I never in my life saw an article make friends like St. George's." "It seems as if every order I get calls for this Baking Powder." "And no wonder!"

St. George's Baking Powder

is made of Cream of Tartar that is 99.90% pure—it keeps its full strength till the can is empty. It never disappoints—but always makes the baking light and white.

"Look at the result—everyone delighted, and ordering this genuine Cream of Tartar Baking Powder again and again."

May we mail you a copy of our new Cook Book? All the latest recipes of famous chefs—practical suggestions, weights, measures, etc. Sent FREE, if you write to THE NATIONAL BAKING & CONFECTION CO. OF CANADA, Limited, Montreal.

Take my Poultry-for-Profit Outfit Without Spending a Cent of Cash

Tell me to ship you a PEERLESS Incubator and a Brooder, and you take three years to pay for them in

You never saw an incubator so certain to hatch strong chicks, nor a Brooder so sure to raise them

You can start raising poultry for profit without spending a cent for the important part of your outfit.

Simply tell me to ship you a PEERLESS Incubator and a Brooder—you need them both to start right.

Promise to pay for them in three years' time—that's all I ask you to do.

I will tell you exactly what to do to make a success of poultry raising. I will work with you as your expert advisor, if you will want advice.

I will see you through—show you just how to make most money quickest.

I will even find you a good high-paying buyer for all the poultry you want to raise.

And I will put a Ten-Year GUARANTEE behind the incubator and the brooder—an absolute, plain-English guarantee that puts ALL the risk on me, where it belongs.

I can afford to, because I know for sure you can make money if you go at it right, and then I will sell you more incubators and more brooders—

Suppose you send for the free book anyway—and send now. That commits you to nothing and costs you nothing.

To save time and freight, Western orders will be shipped from our Winnipeg warehouse; but all letters ought to be sent to Pembroke.

The Lee-Hodgins Co., Limited 900 Pembroke Street, Pembroke, Ont.

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Simple and Lasting results are obtained from the use of Alabastine. "Homes, Healthful and Beautiful," our splendid new book, explains how Alabastine hardens and improves with age, will not rub off, add is pure and free from decomposing matter.

Send ten cents for a copy of "Homes, Healthful and Beautiful," with many choice, new ideas for the decoration of your home.

Alabastine is sold by hardware and paint dealers everywhere—a 5 pound package for 50 cents.

Ask your dealer for tint card. NEVER SOLD IN BULK. LTD

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MACHINE CO.

ONTARIO, P.Q.

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COURSE

WINNIPEG

# AROUND THE CITY

### THE WEATHER.

Maximum 56, minimum 37, barometer 29.84.

### LOCALS.

From Saturday's Bulletin.

Mrs. Charles Neate has been taken to the General Hospital for an operation.

Mr. McGuire, a commercial traveller from Calgary, was taken to the General Hospital yesterday.

Miss Elizabeth Duneid, of Sion, was brought into the city yesterday and was taken to the General Hospital.

The ambulance was called yesterday afternoon to remove Mrs. Sexsmith from her home to the General Hospital.

Charles W. Leonard, who has been teaching school for the last eight years at Saddle Lake, has come to live in Edmonton.

The Morning edition of the Wheat Belt Review will not be published until next week on account of delay in making the cuts for this publication.

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Hospital Aid will be held in the schoolroom of All Saints' church, on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The third game of the Edmonton-Calgary baseball series will commence at the regular hour, 6.30, McQueen and Ford on the firing line for Edmonton, Shine and Driscoll for Calgary.

W. B. Creighton, editor of the Christian Guardian, Toronto, spent yesterday in the city, the guest of Principal Riddell, and left last night for Lamont. Mr. Creighton attended the Alberta conference at Calgary last week, and is making a tour of the province, the object of his visit being to issue the Guardian to Edmonton district.

Colonel Edwards is not taking an active part in the much-discussed gas propositions, but he has some interesting data on the consumption of gas in his native town, Peterboro, Ont., which shows to what extent this valuable commodity may be used. Peterboro is a town of 15,000 population, practically the same as Edmonton. Electricity is used for power and street lighting. In 600 homes there are a million and a half feet of gas used every month for domestic purposes alone. The gas plant is working to its full capacity, and the company are expending \$30,000 in additions and improvements. The people are using gas because they find it the most economical and practical fuel, and the consumption is increasing rapidly. Artificial gas is used.

Last night at the Edmonton Opera House the Pringle company presented a dramatized version of the beautiful story of "Little Lord Fauntleroy." Only a fair-sized, but very appreciative audience greeted the company. Little Hazel Winn, of Edmonton, appeared in the title role, and played with a naturalness and grace that surprised the audience. Miss Charlotte Hammond in the role of "Dearest," Lord Fauntleroy's mother, was particularly good, especially in the very emotional parts which she played with much success. The character of the ill-tempered, ill-mannered, gouty old Earl of Dorincourt, the other characters were all well played. Every member of the company is worthy of special mention in the manner in which they played. The play altogether is a refined and delicate piece of work, and will be repeated this afternoon and evening.

G. H. Stead, a Winnipeg broker, is in the city today.

Wm. Dear, of Innisfree, was at the Queen's yesterday.

B. S. Huntington, of the Dallas, Ore., is at the Windsor.

Dr. N. D. Steele, of Innisfree, came in on last night's C. N. R.

Wm. Webber, of Vermilion, came in on the C. N. R. yesterday.

D. Hogg, of Calgary, registered at the Pendennis last night.

J. E. Vandenberg, the Dayland lumber merchant, is at the St. James.

R. M. Angus, a prominent Wetaskiwin business man, is in the city today.

J. M. Kenyon and W. Kenyon came in on the C. N. R. from Innisfree last night.

E. S. Northway, of Arrowhead, B.C., is spending a few days in the city.

T. C. Breen, of Fowler & Breen's Wetaskiwin merchants, is at the Alberta.

P. A. Miquelon, Wetaskiwin, postmaster, is on a brief business trip to the city.

Mrs. J. S. Johnston and Mrs. Fred Archer, of Leduc, are guests at the Castle.

R. J. Williams and Miss Williams of Calgary, are guests at the St. James.

J. W. Stewart, a well known Winnipeg visualizer, is on a business trip to the city.

Jan. Holstead, divisional freight agent of the C. P. R., came up from Calgary yesterday.

J. H. D. Betson, manager of the Imperial Bank at Wetaskiwin, is in the city on a business trip.

R. E. Lord, John Nobles and A. Anderson, a party of home-seekers from Dunsath, N.D., arrived in the city yesterday.

A. Menier and H. Burr, of Minot, N.D., arrived in the city yesterday. They will spend some time in the city looking over the ground, with a view to locate.

### SCOTLAND FOREVER!

The Caledonian Club Engage the Strachan-Spence Company.

All lovers of Scottish music will be elated by the news that Miss Nannie Strachan with her sister, Miss Margaret Strachan and Garvin Spence are coming to Edmonton on June 5th. There are no greater favorites on this continent than this Scottish trio and they are particularly liked in our own Sunny Province of Alberta. Since appearing here one year ago they have been in Vancouver, Victoria, Tacoma, Seattle, Portland, Boise, Walla-Walla, Salt Lake City, Denver, Omaha, Chicago, Milwaukee, Duluth and various other towns.

### BUFFALOES OFF FOR LAMONT.

Trains Left C. N. R. Depot Early this Morning With the New-Comers.

The two train loads of buffalo left the C. N. R. station this morning for Lamont, where they will be transferred to Elk Island park. A lane has been fenced for two miles from the station to the park, as the monarchs of the plain will be easily driven to their grazing ground.

Some two hundred and one buffalo are in the shipment. One dead buffalo cow was seen in one car with her calf looking forlornly at its dead mother. A large crowd of men, women and children crowded about the cars to see the rather novel shipment. The buffalo looked tired and did not seem to enjoy modern methods of travel. Some of them had kicked vigorously against their confinement that the sides of the cars were badly broken in one or two places to such an extent that escape was almost possible. One train pulled out at 7.30 and the other about 8 a.m. for Lamont.

### New Ranching Company.

Ottawa, May 31.—The Grant Ranching company, with a proposed capital of \$100,000 dollars, and headquarters at Walsh, Alberta, has been incorporated. The incorporators are J. A. Grant, W. J. Brotherton, Chas. Stewart, Lees, Charles Blair and Alexander Mackenzie.

### VEGREVILLE.

Mrs. Hyslop, organizer of the W. C. T. U., is in town and is to lecture in the Presbyterian church on tomorrow. The case was adjourned 'til tomorrow.

An assault case against Nellie Howe, a resident of a west-end house of ill repute, preferred by Eva Davidson, another of the residents, will come up for hearing this afternoon. The case started weeks ago, when a charge and a counter-charge of assault were preferred against the ladies. Before the day of trial arrived Nellie Howe removed to Calgary, with the result that the case was postponed. She was subsequently arrested at the southern city and brought back here to answer the charge laid at the place where she formerly lived.

### COMPLAINT AGAINST POLICEMAN.

The city commissioners held an inquiry yesterday afternoon in the city council chamber on a complaint preferred by Henry Mayer against Constable Miller. The complaint was that the constable had struck Mayer several days ago. Mr. Mayer, the officer alleged, had swept dirt on a passing pedestrian. Both gentlemen are highly pleased with the result of the hearing. Mr. Mayer then laid a complaint of assault against Const. Miller and it was the hearing of this that was the subject of the council meeting.

### PLEASSED WITH CITY.

F. B. Allen and A. Wisner, Toronto, arrived in the city yesterday in connection with the Lorimer automatic system, which is now being installed. Mr. Allen is the president of the old company from whom the city bought the system and Mr. Wisner is a director of the new company recently organized with large capital to manufacture automatic systems similar to the one being placed here.

### BOYS' BRIGADE COMPETITION.

A public meeting to discuss the question will be held in Joe Nehr's new hall on Jasper extension at eight o'clock Saturday evening.

### NO PUBLIC MEETING.

No public meeting will be called to discuss the gas franchises, as no petition from the ratepayers asking such has been received by the Mayor.

### ONE OF THE FINEST PICTURES.

One of the finest pictures yet thrown on the canvas at the Bijou is the ski races. It is an excellent representation of this most exciting of winter sports.

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The service in McDougall Methodist Church on Sunday morning next will be of a special nature. Short addresses will be delivered by Principal Riddell, of Aberdeen College, and the superintendent of the Sabbath School. There will be special music by the members of the Sabbath School, led by the choir of the church. A cordial invitation is extended to every person interested in the service.

Moved by Councilor Maloney, seconded by Councilor McLeod, that the following accounts be paid: D. R. Fraser & Co. \$19.95 for printer supplies to School. There will be special music by the members of the Sabbath School, led by the choir of the church. A cordial invitation is extended to every person interested in the service.

Moved by Councilor Maloney, seconded by Councilor McLeod, that the secretary place in the hands of the sheriff for collection all arrears due district.

Moved by Councilor Maloney, seconded by Councilor McLeod, that the secretary place in the hands of the sheriff for collection all arrears due district.

## STRATHCONA NEWS

From Saturday's Bulletin.

### DUGGAN STREET WINS.

At the first of the Intermediate Baseball League matches last night Duggan street defeated Grandin street club by a score of 15 to 10. At first it looked as if Grandin would have a walk-over, but as the game proceeded Duggan street excelled in batting and fielding, with the result that they piled up a big score.

### NEW C.P.R. SCHEDULE.

The new C.P.R. time table issued by the company takes effect on June 2nd. There will be small changes from the present time. The arrival and departure of trains at Strathcona are as follows: No. 9 will leave Calgary at 7.45, arriving at Strathcona at 8 o'clock daily. No. 11 will leave Calgary at 10.15 and arrive at Strathcona at 11 o'clock daily except Sunday. No. 10 will leave Strathcona at 8 o'clock and arrive at Calgary at 17.15 daily except Sunday. No. 12 will leave Strathcona at 16 o'clock daily and arrive at Calgary at 23.30.

### LOCALS.

Ed. Lyon has returned from an extensive trip to the coast cities. Ground was broken yesterday on the excavation for the new Oudagan temple.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society will be held Monday afternoon in the city council chamber.

Steel Murdoch, who was released several days ago from Fort Saskatchewan was fined again yesterday for being drunk on his own premises. He was given \$5 and costs.

Alex Reid has about finished a two-story house on the corner of McDonald's avenue and West street. J. J. Shulls is the contractor and the cost is about \$3,300.

David Forbes, a barber, was fined \$5 for breaking his right collar bone on Thursday morning. He was taken to the hospital, where the fracture was set by Dr. Crang.

Rev. David Fleming, who has returned from a two-months' trip to the coast cities, has been for a much needed rest, will occupy the pulpit of Knox Presbyterian Church next Sunday.

D. J. McPhail, a graduate this year of McMaster University, is spending a few days in Strathcona on his way west. Mr. McPhail was a member of the McMaster Mission Band that visited the west two years ago.

## LONG LOOKED FOR REPORT RECEIVED

The city commissioners held an inquiry yesterday afternoon in the city council chamber on a complaint preferred by Henry Mayer against Constable Miller. The complaint was that the constable had struck Mayer several days ago. Mr. Mayer, the officer alleged, had swept dirt on a passing pedestrian. Both gentlemen are highly pleased with the result of the hearing. Mr. Mayer then laid a complaint of assault against Const. Miller and it was the hearing of this that was the subject of the council meeting.

## STRATHCONA CITY COUNCIL GET THE AUDITOR'S REPORT AT LAST NIGHT'S MEETING

From Friday's Bulletin.

Wm. Deitz has been given the contract for moving a Niblock street to be built by Mr. Swaboda. They will cost \$2,500 each.

Permission has been received from Divisional Superintendent Niblock, of the C. P. R., to erect the C. P. R. office on the proposed site of the north of O. Bush's real estate office.

R. R. Jamieson was in the city yesterday and went to Hardisty with Contractor McErdmott to look over the site of the new station. The money to be expended in Strathcona this summer will be in the neighborhood of \$200,000.

The Corner Real Estate Hub will move into new quarters in the premises recently vacated by George Thompson's drug store. They are to put the southeast quarter of 10-52-24 in a part renewal of a garden subdivision to be sold in 5 acre lots.

It is reported that a number of the principal builds on Whyte avenue are encroaching on the street line. It is stated that the McIntyre block on the corner of Whyte and Main is a foot over the line and the Baglin block encroached 16 inches on the McIntyre property. The building has retained undisputed possession for such a long period, however, that it is undoubtedly entitled to remain where it is at present.

Mayor Mills stated last night at the council meeting when speaking of the necessity of a meat inspector that an Edmonton policeman had told him a butcher selling beef that had died from the cold had been driven from Edmonton and was going over to Strathcona to dispose of his wares in that city.

It has been made necessary by the changed conditions in passenger and freight traffic on the western division to reorganize the divisions, and to cope satisfactorily with this, General Superintendent Jamieson is contemplating the establishment of a superintendent's district with headquarters at Medicine Hat.

From Calgary to Lagran, and to Strathcona and on the branch lines in the north, Superintendent Niblock will be superintendent, and Asst. Supt. E. L. Chudleigh will be stationed at Strathcona.

Captain Coombs of the Salvation Army, speaking in Calgary, several days ago said:

"We now have a lot at Strathcona, and it is not unlikely that we will put in a tent that we can begin work there about the same time. We like to purchase one or two lots where we

can, and erect a building for ourselves, but this is not always practicable. We have a very favorable location at Strathcona, and it is well in the centre of the town. Commissioner Burdett purchased it a short time before I came here.

Captain Coombs has charge of the province of Alberta, and there are stations at Edmonton, Calgary, Medicine Hat and Wetaskiwin, and he will also have charge of the three new ones to be opened. He visits each every two months and inspects the books and looks them over, and is responsible to headquarters.

Mr. Ochsner's letter claiming payment for a waterworks extension was also considered. It was decided after considerable debate that the bill be not paid.

On this motion Aldermen Hulbert, Rankin and Crawford voted in favor of the bill being paid, Aldermen Elbort and McFarland against and Alderman McKenzie did not vote. The Mayor then voted against the payment, first as a member of the council, making a tie, and then gave his casting vote in the same way. He explained that Mr. Ochsner had had the connection made on his own account, and there was no agreement that the council should pay for the work.

W. F. Cameron appeared before the council and protested against the Strathcona dogs, suggesting that registered dogs \$1 and mongrels \$5. The by-law was referred back to the committee for an amendment making a special license fee of \$16 for kennels.

A number of by-laws including those endorsed at the recent election, were given their third reading before the adjournment.

## 90 HEAD CATTLE FOR SALE

HIGH GRADE SHORTHORN

Apply to A. F. MOOD

2 Miles north of Gilpin P.O.

in charge of Robt. Brander, formerly of the Great West Electric Company and now attached to the city electrical department.

The system is manufactured by the Gameswell Fire Alarm Telegraph Co. of New York and is claimed to be the best now in existence. There will be forty fire-alarm boxes each opened by a key. A large gun will be placed in the fire hall and also an indicator to show from what locality the alarm is sent in to the central station.

Wm. Short, Hon. C. W. Cross, O. M. Bigger, SHORT, CROSS & BIGGAR

Advocates, Notaries, Etc. Offices at present in Cameron Bldg., over new offices of Merchants Bank of Canada after May 1st, next. Company and private funds to loan. Edmonton, Alta.

# The Base Ball Season

Opens here on Thursday and you should encourage our boys by wearing the club colors.

We have EDMONTON BASEBALL PINS, Enamelled in the Correct Colors, at 25c. each.

SILK AND SATIN RIBBON IN ALL WIDTHS.

LADIES' MUSLIN BLOUSES 50c. to \$5.00.

LADIES' GINGHAM AND MUSLIN SHIRT-WAIST SUITS at \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50.

Boys' Gingham Blouses, all sizes, 3 for \$1.00.

A Full Assortment of Gent's and Children's Straw Hats.

30 PAIR MEN'S SHOES, Bluecut, Goodyear welt, made on the latest last, in Box Calf and Dongola Leather. Regular \$3.75.

To Clear Only \$2.65.

## Duncan Bros. & Butters

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NO DELAY. Mortgages and School Debentures Purchased.

W. S. ROBERTSON, Sheriff's Office, Edmonton.

Alberta Mower for Alberta Farmers, sold exclusively by MASSEY-HARRIS AGENTS.

## P. Heimick Co.

Agents Hudson's Bay Land Co.

RICHIELEU HOTEL. Third Street, north of Jasper. (Near Canadian Northern Station.) Board \$7.50 and \$2 per day. N. POMERLEAU, Proprietor.

GRANDVIEW HOTEL. First-Class Accommodation; Finest Liquors and Cigars. H. SIGLER, Proprietor.

## LEGAL.

GRIESBACH, O'CONNOR & ALLISON, Advocates, Notaries, Etc. Solicitors for the Traders Bank of Canada.

Offices—Garriepy Block, Jasper Avenue, Edmonton.

TAYLOR, BOYLE & GARIEPEY, Barristers and Advocates, Notaries, Etc. Offices, Garriepy Block, Edmonton.

Solicitor for Dominion Fire Insurance Company.

Money to Loan. Office—McLeod Block, 135 Jasper Ave. East, (Over Perkins' Store), Telephone 190.

BECK, EMERY, NEWELL & BOLTON, Advocates, Notaries, Etc. N. D. Beck, K.C., Public Administrator. E. C. Emery, C. F. Newell, S. E. Bolton.

Solicitors for the City of Edmonton, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Canada, Bank of Montreal, Hudson's Bay Co., Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation, Canada Life Assurance Co., B. C. Permanent Loan and Savings Co., the Reliance Loan and Savings Co., the Dominion Permanent Loan Co., the Colonial Investment and Loan Co., Credit Foncier Franco-Canadian.

Canada: McDougall street, near new Imperial Bank building.

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Forty-five Cents. Isn't much, but it will be the best pound of Java Coffee to be had.

GARIEPEY & CO.

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Ladies' Ribbed Women's F. neck, no sleeves, trimmed with lace, \$1.00. Women's Sp. sleeveless, lace or Special Value.

Drop in and let us show you our Little Be.

National T. Co. \$1,000,000. Improved Town Property on current rates of interest. No Delay. Mortgages and School Debentures Purchased. W. S. ROBERTSON, Sheriff's Office, Edmonton.

Seed Clear. Land Pack. all Kinds. The B. Corner H.

YOU. You will want it to look like.

The most sui. HANGING BASKETS. Ramsay. Phone 523.

Be sure and don't be. DOOR AND. We have a good stock. Native and B. PHONE 37 W.

FRUIT. Of The Season. Arriving Daily. Strawberries. Bananas. Also Fresh Rubs. Ripe Tomatoes.

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TRADE. We can supply. Article second to none. Bacon, Lard, etc. Most Sausages. Reasonable prices. Patronize Home and help keep the Country. Satisfaction guaranteed. money refunded.

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