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THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

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PREMIER ANNOUNCES FURTHER INCREASES IN GENERAL TAXATION

At the War Session of the House of Assembly Opened Yesterday Afternoon by Governor Davidson

REPORTS A BIG REVENUE DEFICIT

Quarter of a Million Dollars Must Be Raised To Pay Expenses of Volunteers—Sealing Inquiry Promised

THE opening of the "War Session" of the Newfoundland Legislature, took place yesterday afternoon. At 3 o'clock His Excellency the Governor, accompanied by Captain A. G. ...

After inspecting the guard of honor, His Excellency accompanied by his Aide and by Capt. MacDermott, R.N., Inspector-General Sullivan, Lt-Col Conroy and Lt-Col. Paterson, proceeded to the Council Chamber, where he took his seat on the Throne.

Speech from the Throne
Mr. President and Honourable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council;
Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Honourable House of Assembly:

You are called together to-day under circumstances of an unparalleled character. The European war, in which the Mother Country found herself compelled to engage, has occasioned such conditions that all the Oversea Dominions have felt it a pride and a privilege to tender her their moral and material support.

Since last we met the Colony has suffered from an appalling catastrophe, whereby some two hundred and fifty of our people lost their lives the past spring at the seal fishery.

Proud of Them
Because of that her soldier sons are nobly and loyally responding to the call, and how proud and deservedly proud, the "grey old mother" must feel to-day, when, after centuries of protection, her sons are rushing over the seas to her help from the great dominions of Australia, New Zealand, Canada, aye and Newfoundland, for while we are comparatively poor and small, we are loyal and true, and this House and the country will show within the next few weeks that we are able and gladly willing to do our part.

Appalling Tragedy
The second paragraph of His Excellency's Speech has reference to that appalling tragedy at the icefields the past spring, whereby two hundred and fifty of our hardy sealers, the best of our men, lost their lives.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Honourable House of Assembly:
Proposals will be laid before you in relation to expenditures arising out of the undertakings already given to the Mother Country in respect to the present war.

Mr. President and Honourable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:
Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Honourable House of Assembly:
Britons in the Mother Country and Oversea Dominions must thrill with pride at the evidence of Imperial solidarity which this crisis has evoked. The world has seen, no more magnificent spectacle than that which is presented just now of the far-flung

possessions of the Crown rallying to the support of the Mother Land in this emergency. It is a special pleasure to me, representing His Majesty the King in this, the oldest Colony, to know that in loyalty, patriotism and self-sacrifice Newfoundland is prepared to do its part, as shown by the ready response of our people to the call of the Mother Land.

In conclusion I would say that I trust Divine Providence may guide us all to wise measures in the interests of the country and the Empire, and I feel sure that in the time of trial and anxiety through which we have to pass, the people of this country will maintain that aspect of calmness and dignity which, in previous periods of tribulation, has characterized them. It is essentially a time when mutual forbearance on the one hand, and a generous spirit of co-operation on the other, will do very much to mitigate the difficulties which must incidentally follow from a prolonged continuance of hostilities, and to buoy us up with hope for better things when peace is again proclaimed.

Moved the Address
As indicated in the opening paragraph of the Speech we have been called together under circumstances of an unparalleled and unprecedented character, said Mr. R. J. Devereux in moving the Address in Reply. If we take our minds back to the days of Alexander, remember the conflicts of ancient Rome, the doings of Hannibal, the days of Marlborough, and nearer still of Napoleon, and our own Wellington, nothing will be found to compare with the situation with which the world is faced to-day.

Great Britain and her children, descendants of that first warrior Queen, who, though a captive in the Roman Senate, gave expression to the sentiment of Imperialism, are fighting for the liberty of the world.

Empire's Position
The Empire's position was nobly expressed a few days ago in the Mother of Parliaments by Mr. Asquith, and Sir Edward Grey—and the majesty of the Empire was shown by their words—when they said: "We cannot allow our solemn obligations to be flouted even if they were made with a smaller or weaker state."—words which will re-echo down through the corridors of time, as evidence of the high principle that guided the affairs of the Empire.

Are Unparalleled
His Excellency's opening remarks remind us that the circumstances under which we are called together to-day are of an unparalleled character. The strong arm of a high-handed despotism is loose in Europe, and a large part of that Continent is turned into an armed camp, and consequently we find the Motherland standing in the gap to uphold the sacred undertakings of her Treaties and the preservation of the Empire.

Outposts Are Loyal
It is true that the city of St. John's has contributed nearly the whole of these, and the outposts may be considered to be behind in this movement, but I must inform this honorable House that the majority of our young men of the North are on the Labrador, and of the western outposts they are afloat in our bankers, but Sir, let me assure you that if another 500 is needed later, it will be found that the young men of the outposts will not be backward in offering themselves for the King and Empire.

(Continued on page 6)

GREAT QUALITY OF EFFICIENCY

Displayed By the Men of the British Expeditionary Force Whenever They Have Been Engaged

London, Sept. 2.—A Paris correspondent sends the following: "To-day I pushed up as near the front as possible, but could only get a general impression of the events of recent days."

"It must be borne in mind that although on the left the allied armies have been forced to withdraw their lines so far they remain intact; at no point has the enemy succeeded in driving a wedge into the circle which is drawing closer and closer around the capital and gaining in strength as it retires."

"Amid all the welter of war the British troops have produced a great quality of efficiency. The spirit of Kitchener apparently pervades the whole British expeditionary forces."

GIVES LOSSES OF THE BRITISH

London, Sept. 2.—The official announcement of the casualties suffered by the cavalry brigade and three of the divisions, less one brigade, of the British force in France is as follows: Killed, 36 officers, 127 men; wounded, 57 officers, 629 men; missing, 95 officers, 4,133 men.

AIRSHIP FLIES OVER ANTWERP

London, Sept. 2.—A despatch from Antwerp says another Zeppelin airship flew over the city last night.

AUSTRIANS FIRED ON THE RED CROSS

Paris, Sept. 2.—A despatch from St. Petersburg says that the Novoe Vremya charges that during the bombardment of Belgrade, the Austrians destroyed a Maternity Hospital over which the Red Cross was flying, killing 100 children.

back, yet an endeavor can be made to prevent such occurrences again.

Secured the Motion
His Excellency reminds us of the awful tragedy that befell our country since last we met, when some 250 of our countrymen lost their lives in a battle with the elements in the prosecution of the seal fishery, said Mr. T. Lefevre, seconding the motion. We vividly recall to mind the heartfelt pity aroused for the sufferers and sympathy for the relatives left to mourn the loss of loved ones, but swept the entire country.

Government Leaves Paris
Transferred to Bordeaux To Be Prepared For All Possible Emergencies of the War

Paris, Sept. 3.—At midnight it was officially announced that the President and all Embassies of the Allied Nations had left at 10.50 p.m. for Bordeaux, where they will stay during hostilities.

United States Ambassador Herrick, who has taken charge of the Archives of the Embassies of all belligerent Powers, remains in Paris with first Secretary Bliss and the second Secretary, Capt. Parker.

Mr. Herrick will remain here to afford protection to Americans, as the Ambassadorial residence is in neutral territory, where Americans can find refuge in case of need. It also makes possible for American banking interests, to continue here in view of the relief of possible distress from the United States.

NEW POPE ELECTED

Rome, Sept. 3.—Cardinal Dellechiesa has been elected Pope.

RUSSIANS WIN IN 7 DAY FIGHT WITH AUSTRIANS

And Seize Heavily-Fortified Positions Around the City Of Lemberg

ENEMY RETREATED IN GREAT DISORDER

Russians Captured Thousands of Prisoners and Big Lot of Supplies

St. Petersburg, Sept. 3.—The following official communication was issued by the Russian War Office to-night: "After a battle lasting seven days, the Russian army seized heavily fortified positions around Lemberg, about ten or twelve miles from the town. The Russian troops then advanced toward the principal forts."

In Disorder
After a battle yesterday, which was fiercely contested, the Austrians were obliged to retreat in disorder, abandoning heavy and light guns, parts of artillery and field kitchens. Our advance guard and cavalry pursued the enemy who suffered enormous losses in killed, wounded and prisoners.

The Austrian army operating in the neighborhood of Lemberg was composed of the third, eleventh and twelfth corps and part of the seventh and fourteenth corps.

Abandoned Guns
During the pursuit by the Russian troops the Austrians who beat a retreat from Gula and Lipa were forced to abandon an additional 31 guns. Our troops are moving over roads encumbered with parks of artillery and convoys loaded with provisions of all kinds.

The total number of guns captured by the Russians around Lemberg amounts to 150.

The above despatch was sent direct from St. Petersburg by the St. Petersburg Telegraph Agency, a semi-official Russian news agency, and is the first despatch received in Halifax direct from the Russian capital since the declaration of the war.

German Eastern Legation Claims That the Mikado's Men Have Violated China's Neutrality

Peking, Sept. 3.—Japan has landed between 10,000 and 15,000 troops from 18 transports at Lung Kow, a newly opened port, about 100 miles north of Tsing Tau. This is declared to have been done in violation of China's neutrality.

The German legation has protested to the Foreign Office against an infringement of China's neutrality by Japan.

TURKO-GREEK WAR VERY SOON

European Circles Look For An Outbreak in a Couple Of Days

London, Sept. 2.—A St. Petersburg despatch conveys a semi-official statement to the effect that in well-informed circles there the opinion is expressed that war between Turkey and Greece is now only a question of two or three days.

MANY ACTIVITIES OF THE RUSSIANS

London, Sept. 2.—A despatch to The Daily News from Rome says: "Besides advancing in East Prussia, the Russians are also invading Germany in Northern Galicia; their object being Konigsbute in Prussian Silesia, whence presumably they will march on Berlin, via Breslau."

Squid were plentiful along the Southern Shore yesterday and several bankers secured their supplies of bait.

Schr. Dictator is loading dry fish at Grand Bank for Oporto.

GERMAN POWER AT ITS LIMIT

She Now Has Every Available Able-Bodied Male Under Arms—Great Reserves Of Allies

London, Sept. 3.—The editor of The Pall Mall Gazette writes: "We believe that Germany already has put under arms every able bodied man and inhabitant between fifteen and fifty-five years of age and must now be at the maximum of her power."

"The Allies, on the other hand, are growing stronger every day. France is not spent; Russia has not got into motion fully and the immense reserves of the English are not yet drawn upon."

"Unless the Germans can destroy the French field armies, the investment of Paris will do her little good with a French army still in solid front in the field, with the British contingent steadily growing and with Russia coming many millions strong."

"Above all with the British sea power supreme everywhere we can lift up our hearts, tho we have stern and severe trials, dark days and a long war ahead."

BRITISH BRUSH BACK GERMANS

In a Cavalry Engagement—Capture Ten Guns From Enemy—More French Successes

London, Sept. 3.—The Official Press Bureau issued the following this morning: "Continuous fighting has been in progress along almost the whole line of battle."

The British cavalry engaged, with distinction, the cavalry of the enemy, brushed them back and captured ten guns.

The French has continued on the offensive and has gained ground in the Lorraine District.

In the other regions of the war the Russian army is investing Konigsberg and a Russian victory, which is now complete, at Lemberg has already been announced.

MAKES OBJECTION TO JAP'S ACTION

German Eastern Legation Claims That the Mikado's Men Have Violated China's Neutrality

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MALINES CITY IS BOMBARDED

Although it is Absolutely Unfortified—Belgian Troops Reinforced to Check-Mate Any New Movement

London, Sept. 2.—A despatch from Antwerp contains the following official announcement: "The Germans are again bombarding Malines, aiming at the steeple of the Cathedral. Certain movements of German troops in the direction of Assche, six miles north-west of Brussels, gave rise to the belief that the Germans were contemplating a movement towards Termonde, 16 miles East of Ghent."

However, the Belgian troops have been reinforced on account of the necessity of preserving control of Waasland. The enemy advanced from Brussels to Assche yesterday but could not penetrate further north. Nineve and Alost, 16 and 15 miles respectively from Ghent in different directions have been occupied by Germans.

In the Provinces of Antwerp and Limbourg the situation is unchanged.

RUSSIAN ARMY PIERCES THE GERMAN DEFENCES

Have a Splendid Army and the Soldiers Are Fighting With a Vim Which Converts Practically Every Fight Into a Victory

London, Aug. 31.—A despatch to The Daily Mail from St. Petersburg says: "The German defence in East Prussia is based on four parallel and strongly fortified lines, running north and south. Each is supported by natural obstacles. The foremost three lines are distinct ropes of numerous lakes. The fourth and strongest defence line is the Vistula river, extending from the Russian frontier to the Baltic."

"Outside these defence lines, the Germans have on the northeast the very strong fortress of Konigsberg, with fortified advance positions at Libau and Tapiau. This is situated on the flank of the Russian line, and must be invested, causing the detachment of a considerable force."

Extensively Fortified
"The foremost three defence lines are extensively fortified. There are important and permanent fortifications at Allenstein and Boyen, and the whole is filled with lakes, leaving only comparatively narrow defiles for the advancing troops. The country is full of fortifications, partly provisional and partly fieldworks, most of which are armed with heavy guns. A frontal attack would be a very difficult task."

"The Vistula, from 500 to 1,000 yards wide, is guarded by six fortresses. The largest are at Thorn in the south and at Danzig in the north. Between them are Fordon, Kulin, Fraudentz and Marienburg."

Great Organizer
"A man entitled to rank among the first as an organizer of victory is compelled to remain far from the battlefield. He is General Soukhomlinoff, the Russian Kitchener, who is now reorganizing the Russian armies. The armies have been irreproachably equipped and the spirit of the men is the same as the spirit of the nation."

"The defeat of three German army corps in northeastern Prussia was converted into a rout by the timely arrival of another army coming from Warsaw in the rear of the enemy's position. The Warsaw army, which was very powerful, completely turned the German position at Mazur lakes, and while extending its operations over a wide front westward, headed toward Sallenstein. The German 20th army corps thus became a nut between stout crackers. The commanders of both Russian armies acted with energy and promptitude, worthy executives of the brain dominating the whole army."

Excellent Strategy
"In Galicia the best of Russian strategy will be on a level with the victorious plan adopted farther north. The Austrians in Lemberg possibly will be taken in a similar vice. This may be inferred from the fact that one army is advancing from the south-east, as is shown by the fact that nine Russian cavalry squadrons have routed the entire Austrian cavalry division at Plukhow."

"The Austrian force retreating from Vladimir Volynsky, Russia, 17 miles from the frontier, towards Sokel, in Galicia, Austria, probably has been cut off. Grand Duke Michael, the Emperor's brother, has returned from abroad and is going to the front."

"The Russian Embassy in London, while pleased over the victory at Gumbinnen, states that it feels bound to warn the English press not to exaggerate the consequences of the victory."

GERMAN CAVALRY GET A SET-BACK
Paris, Sept. 2.—A German cavalry corps marching towards the Forest of Campagne on the left wing of the allied forces were engaged by the English on Sept. 1st. The English captured ten guns.

This statement is given out officially.

Bonaventure arrived at Halifax Wednesday morning, and expects to sail end of week.

Schr. Dictator is loading dry fish at Grand Bank for Oporto.

LEAVE ALSACE TO THE FRENCH

The Russian Menace in Prussia Has Forced Germany To Withdraw An Army To Cope With Them

Basle, Switzerland, Sept. 2.—The Germans have abandoned their movement towards the French fortress of Bel-fort as a result of Russian offensive movement in Eastern Prussia.

The Great army of 150,000 German and Austrian troops which crossed the Rhine several days ago, accompanied by a large number of siege guns, has been withdrawn from Alsace, and has started North to replace the German troops withdrawn from the lines to North Lorraine and in the Department of Meurthe and Moselle.

The French are now complete masters of Alsace. There are about 60,000 German reservists left in the upper part of the Province and it is expected that a French offensive movement against them will be undertaken.

MEXICO HOLDS ELECTIONS SOON

Mexico City, Sept. 2.—The general elections have been called for November.

Until these are held the country will continue under military rule.

GERMANS KILL THEIR OWN MEN

Who Were Severely Wounded On Field Of Battle—British Do Much Execution

London, Sept. 2.—The Ostend correspondent of the Express quotes Leon Hard, a Senator of Hianault, as testifying that "the Germans killed their own severely wounded men on the battlefield, only tending to those who would recover."

There are many signs, according to the despatch that the Germans suffered heavily at Mons. Returning remnants of those who were in the fight spoke bitterly of the British courage. One force of 250 British, it is stated, must have accounted for thousands of Germans. All along their line of retreat they had prepared a defence made with bags of potato found in a neighboring factory. Through these were placed maxims and on top German helmets.

The first time the Germans came up to this seemingly friendly line, the maxims spoke, and soon no Germans were left.

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BIG TEN DAYS OPENING SALE.

See the Men's Shirts at 50c.
75s. Shirt for 50c., Neglige, daintily striped—they're all talking about them.
See the Boots for Men, \$3.00 and \$3.50 regular for \$2.50. Good stuff.
See the Ladies' 4 strap Oxfords with a four dollarish look for \$2.70.
Take a glance at the beautiful Baby Beds. Regular \$20.00. Now \$16.00.
Wall Papers with Borders to match from 20c. up.
Come right along to this great event.

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THE RIGHT HOUSE

Corner Water and Adelaide Streets.

New Stock Winchester, Eley's and Kynock's

Rifle & Shot Cartridges

Double & Single Barrel
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Also, the above can be supplied in damaged stock, which we are selling at very low prices.

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We have in stock just a very few exquisite Evening Gowns, one or two actual Paris Models, others exact copies of Paris Gowns. As these are decidedly advance style they will be the correct mode for the Fall Season, and we are selling them off at greatly reduced prices to make room for our large Autumn Stock. Two particularly lovely Gowns are briefly described below.

¶ Gown of Sheer White Lace mounted on fine Brussels net lining. It has the new three tier skirt; Waist and Sleeves of Lace, in soft, graceful draping; Vest caught with tiny crystals; and wide crushed girdle of Pale Blue Satin

¶ Elegant Gown of Black Chiffon over soft White Lace, lined throughout with White Silk; handsome and effective trimming of rich Helio Velvet.

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At Prices to suit all Purses.

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We offer at a reasonable figure:

- 500 Cases 24 1's Cooked Corned Beef
- 450 " 12 2's Cooked Corned Beef
- 650 " 24 1's Roast Beef
- 250 " 12 2's Roast Beef

You will save money by stocking from this shipment which was

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Local Councils and Union Stores requiring such goods should order at once.

**Fishermen's Union
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**BIG SHOW AT
THE NICKEL**

The manager of the Nickel Theatre has arranged another beautiful programme for this afternoon and evening.

There are two two-reel films again, which are certain to afford every satisfaction as they are entirely different to all seen here in the past.

The first is the "Gist of the Mill," a powerful dramatic sermon teeming with most exciting situations. The scenes are thrilling and it is a feature that will please the most critical.

"The Line-Up" is also in two parts. It is a beautiful story of college life showing a popular athlete who wins in a love affair. Harry Morey, Earle Williams and Dorothy Kelly are in the leading roles.

"The Count's Will" is a Pathe Play with Crane Wilbur in the lead. "With the aid of Phrenology" is a great Biograph comic.

As the programme is such an exceptionally good one, there will no doubt be a large attendance.

Gift For Coaker

Dear Mr. Coaker,—I am sending by this steamer a tub of bakeapples from the ladies in Cape Cove. I got the tub and the women soon filled it up. The only complaint they had was it was not large enough. I could not get anything larger suitable.

I hope they will be satisfactory, and won't be spoilt when you get them.

My wish is that God will grant you all the joys that Heaven can send. We paid the freight. Wishing you every success.

HESTER J. STOKES.

Cape Cove, B.B.

N.B.—Mrs. Humphries is also sending a tub which the women in her vicinity gave.—H.J.S.

Mr. Herbert W. Stirling, L.L.C.M., resumes lessons in Organ, Piano, Singing, Harmony, etc., on Monday, September 7th.
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Bishop Feild College

Re-opens on Wednesday, Sept. 9th at 9.15.

Boarders to be in residence on Sept. 8th.

New Boys should be entered on Sept. 8th when the Headmaster will interview parents between 9.30 and 11.30 for this purpose, at the College.

For Prospectus and Terms apply to

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On and after to-day the Parlors will be open each weekday from 8 a.m. until 11 p.m.

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A 6h.p. Stationary Engine

Master workman make, suitable for running a Stave Mill or Machine Shop.

Engine is fitted with a Patent Clutch Pulley and regulated with a Governor, and is in first-class condition.

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For Sale! Motor Boat F.P.U.

Built for R. H. Silver, Esq., at their premises, Greenspond, in 1912. Used by President Coaker the last two summers during his cruises North.

Boat is fitted with a 27 h.p. Fraser Engine, which has given splendid satisfaction. The boat is 40 feet long and 9 feet wide, and would make an ideal mission boat.

She contains sleeping accommodation for four, and tanks for 250 gallons of fuel. Nineteenths of the fuel consumed by the engine is Kero oil.

The reason for selling is, the boat is not large enough for the purpose she is now used for.

The boat cost about \$1800, and is well fitted in every respect. She is provided with sails. She would make a fine boat for collecting bait or for fishery uses. Apply to

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BRITISH TROOPS JUST SPOILING FOR THE FIGHT

And Gave the Germans Who Attacked Them Hot Time At Mons

WELL-AIMED FIRE WAS TERRIFIC

And Simply Mowed Down The Kaiser's Troops Like Grass

London, Aug. 31.—Sergeant Loftus, writing to his brother in England of the experiences of the British in the battle of Mons says:

"It came unexpectedly at a time when we had given up hope of seeing any Germans. Just after reveille our cavalry pickets fell back, reporting the approach of the enemy in force. In a few minutes we all were at our posts without the slightest confusion, and as we lay down in the trenches our artillery opened fire on the beggars in fine style. It was a fine sight to see the shells speeding through the air on the way to pay our respects to Kaiser Bill and his men.

"Soon they returned the compliment, but were a long time finding the range. After about half an hour their infantry came into view. They were in solid squares, standing out sharply against the skyline, you couldn't help hitting them.

Kept Quiet

"We lay in our trenches without a sound and they crept nearer and nearer. Then our officers gave the word, a shot of flame came out of the trenches and a stream of bullets tore through the advancing mass. They seemed to stagger like a drunken man suddenly hit between the eyes, and then they made a run at us. Half way across the open another volley tore through the German ranks.

"By this time our artillery began dropping shells among them and then they broke into open formation rushing like mad toward the trenches. On our left the Germans fell back in confusion and lay down wherever cover was available. We gave them no rest and soon they were again in flight.

Furious Shell Fire

"Then came a more furious shelling of our trenches and another mad rush across the open on our front. This time they were strongly supported by cavalry, who suffered terribly, but came right up to our lines. We received them in the good old way, the front ranks with the bayonet and the rear ranks keeping up an incessant fire, and after a hard tussle they retreated hastily. Just as they thought themselves safe our mounted men swooped down on them, cutting right and left. This sort of thing went through the whole day without bringing the Germans any nearer to shifting us.

"After the last attack we lay down to sleep in our clothes, but before sunrise were told to abandon our position. Nobody knew why we had to, but we obeyed without a murmur. The enemy's cavalry, evidently misunderstanding our actions, came down on us again in force, but our men behaved very well and the Germans gave it up as a bad job."

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Every successful business man can give reasons for his prosperity. Most essential to any success is a careful and ceaseless attention to details. Every well conducted office or store in the world finds that simple and effective filing systems are an absolute necessity. No employer will waste his own time or allow waste with his staff by using old fashioned methods. The benefits derived from the time and money-saving system which "Globe-Wernicke" devices encourage are self evident. Not a paper can go astray when the "Safeguard" method of this Company is used. And no matter how complicated your filing problem, no matter how peculiar, no matter how small or how large, the "Globe-Wernicke" can provide you with the equipment that will place every record at your finger tips. Why not investigate? Mr. Percie Johnson represents the "Globe" in Newfoundland.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

MEN FOUGHT IN INFERNO OF BULLETS

And British Company of Two Thousand Was Practically Wiped Out

"FIVE SOLID DAYS IN THE TRENCHES"

Shrapnel Hailed and the Men Fell by the Score Under It

London, Aug. 29.—The Chronicle Boulogne correspondent sends the personal story of a wounded soldier who has arrived there and who declared he was one of thirty survivors of a British company of 2,000, who were practically wiped out by the German artillery. His story follows:

"We were five solid days in the trenches and moved backwards and forwards with the varying tide of battle. It was about two o'clock in the morning when the end came. Things had got quieter and our officers came along the line and told us to get some sleep. We were preparing to obey when a light or something else gave us away, and we found ourselves in an inferno of bullets. We could do nothing. Down upon us the shrapnel hailed and we fell by the score. Practically at the same time the enemy's maxims opened fire. We were almost without shelter when we were caught and we crawled along in front to find cover.

"Leave everything and retire, was the order, and we did what we could to obey. I do not know how long it lasted, but when dawn came I could not see more than thirty men left in the various sections of the field. Thirty at the most was left out of about 2,000. I wandered away from the others, and eventually found myself with a single companion. That was the first time the German artillery really got at us. As a rule, their gun fire was mighty poor."

In the above story the censor has deleted the name of the town near which this fighting occurred.

Relief For Sufferers

Do you suffer from any form of stomach complaint?

Then you are assured of relief and cure, if you take Herb Root, a positive cure of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation and all derangements of the stomach and bowels. Price \$1.00 per bottle.

Pain Remover will relieve all forms of Rheumatism. It has cured others, why not you?

These reliable remedies are put up and are for sale by

JOHN HOLMES,
Shearstown, Bay Roberts.

aug21,1m



SONS OF ENGLAND

Members of Lodge Dudley, No. 227, volunteering for active service are requested to communicate with the undersigned after enlisting.

C. W. UDLE,
Secretary.

LOOK FOR THE BEAR— HIS PHOTO IS HERE.



This is the trade mark of the Wales Goodyear Rubber Co. If you do not find this on rubbers, they are not BEAR BRAND.

Those celebrated rubbers will be on sale next fall and winter in the following towns in the DISTRICT OF BURIN: Marystown Grand Bank St. Lawrence

The people in these places will find BEAR BRAND the best rubbers they have ever worn. So will you. Watch for the name of your town. Cleveland Trading Co., St. John's

REPORT SAYS KOENIGSBURG HAS FALLEN

Report Not Confirmed But This German Fortress is At Least Invested

RUSSIANS GAIN MANY VICTORIES

And Are Making Surprisingly Rapid Progress Marching On Berlin

London, Aug. 31.—The Russians are advancing rapidly on Lemberg, Austria, their cavalry overcoming all Austrian opposition, says a despatch from the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company. The telegram says: "Russian troops are marching on Koenigsburg and have already repulsed the advance guard of the garrison. The Russians now occupy important positions on the river Alle. Between the rivers Vistula and Dnieper the Russians are in close touch with the Austrians whom they have already defeated decisively at Tmaschoff and Monasterzyska."

A despatch to The Times from St. Petersburg says that reports are circulating there of the fall of Koenigsburg, the strongly fortified seaport of German East Prussia.

A St. Petersburg despatch to the Times sent Saturday morning (Aug. 29) says the Austrians made a bold bid for the offensive yesterday by trying to seize the left flank of Russian position in Poland with the obvious intention of relieving the pressure on the German forces in Northeastern Prussia.

Two or three army corps advanced as far as Kielce where they encountered a strong Russian force. A pitched battle was fought and resulted in the overthrow of the invaders, who sustained heavy losses. It was there that the eleventh Hungarian reserve met their fate. The German Allenstein army is in full retreat towards Elbing and Marienburg.

The reported capture of Koenigsburg is not confirmed, says The Times correspondent, but I have the best of authority for stating that Koenigsburg is completely surrounded.

HAVE ABANDONED EAST PRUSSIA

Germans Concentrating All Their Strength on an Attempt to Crush the Allies in Northern France

The Hague, via London, Aug. 31.—The military correspondent of The Courant declares he is able to state on trustworthy authority that the German plan to abandon temporarily east and west Prussia to the Russians, along with Pomerania, and withdraw slowly to the river Oder where the main defences of Berlin are.

Germany, according to the correspondent, "appears to have undertaken this measure to give time to her army operation against France to try to deal with the British and French armies their death blow, and then to march on to Paris, the distance between Mons and Paris being four times less than the distance between St. Petersburg and Berlin."

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE FOR BEST RESULTS

For Sale!

ONE MOTOR BOAT

Very pretty model, in good condition, with 8 horse power Motor Engine, new this year. The Boat and Engine will be sold at a bargain if applied for immediately.

SMITH CO., Ltd.



To The People of Newfoundland:

FELLOW COUNTRYMEN:

The Mother Country has been compelled to go to war to preserve, among other things, the rights and liberties which we all enjoy as citizens of the Empire.

Newfoundland, in common with the other Oversea Dominions, has pledged itself to assist the Mother Country with material help in the present extremity.

This is to take the form of an increase of the Naval Reserve from Six Hundred to One Thousand men and the raising of a Regiment of Five Hundred men for land service abroad, and the Colony has further undertaken to assume the full cost of this contingent of Five Hundred men during the course of the war.

It is our duty and privilege, as loyal and patriotic citizens of the Empire, to voluntarily assist in supporting this movement, and to raise a fund for that purpose. This Patriotic Fund will be applied primarily in making provision for the dependent relatives of those who undertake to fight the battles of the country and the Empire by land and sea and afterwards to such other objects connected therewith as may be deemed desirable.

The need is great and in the confident expectation that this appeal will evoke a prompt and generous response, we respectfully but strongly urge all who can, to give as liberally as possible towards this most deserving object.

The undersigned, on behalf of the Patriotic Committee appointed to undertake the organization and despatch of this regiment, appeal for subscriptions toward this Fund. Contributions may be sent to the nearest magistrate, to the branches of any of the Banks doing business in the Colony, or to the Treasurer, J. S. MUNN, ESQ., and they will be gratefully acknowledged.

W. E. DAVIDSON, Governor.

E. P. MORRIS, Prime Minister.

J. M. KENT, Leader of the Opposition.

E. R. BOWRING, Chairman Finance Com.

ASPHALT FELT

We have just received a shipment of

1000 Rolls No. 3

Asphalt Felt

OUR PRICES WILL SUIT YOU.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

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Wall Paper!

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Our Motto: "SUUM CUIQUE."



(To Every Man His Own.)

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All correspondence for publication should be addressed to the Editor of The Mail and Advocate.

Letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only and the real name of the author should be attached. This will not be used unless consent is given in the communication.

The publication of any letter does not signify that the Editor thereby shows his agreement with the opinions there expressed.

All business communications should be addressed to the Union Publishing Co. Ltd.

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., SEPT. 3, 1914.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

More Taxes Put On.

THE duty on flour, kero oil, tea, sugar, pork, and beef, are being collected at the Customs today. The Trading Company entered a large shipment of flour this morning and had to pay duty at 25c. per barrel and a surtax.

In the House this evening the Government intends to table resolutions embracing taxes on these articles as follows: Flour 25c., Kero Oil 5c. gal., Tea 5c. lb., Sugar 1 1/2c. and 3c. (cube sugar), Pork and Beef, \$1.50 per bri.

In consequence the Customs is illegally collecting the proposed taxes. The indignation of the people will be great. The Government must cut down every possible cent of expenditure of public opinion against this action, such as may result in destroying the Government.

We fear the Government will become so unpopular that it will be forced to resign. The Premier will likely regret that he did not accept our proposals of last week for the formation of a new government.

The people must remember that conditions existing are not normal.

"Our Williams" Victory.

Montreal Herald and Telegraph:—"The Kaiser sent a telegram yesterday to his daughter-in-law, the Crown Princess of Germany. The telegram was made public by his Imperial wish. 'I rejoice with thee,' he wired, 'over the first victory of our Williams.' The 'first victory' over which the Imperial heart rejoiced was Namur. 'Our Williams' was in command of the German army at Namur! Of course, Williams was kept far back from the firing line, out of harm's way. It would never do for him to be exposed to danger. It would desolate his father, break the hearts of his mother and wife, and make orphans of his trusting little children if 'our Williams' were killed. The common people did not matter. They were ordered, rank after rank, regiment after regiment, up to the cannon's mouth to certain death—all to make a victory for 'our Williams.' 'Didn't everything turn out beautifully? Sixty-five thousand men of

the Army of the Allies were killed or wounded on the occasion of 'our Williams' victory. One hundred and twenty-five thousand common German soldiers were killed or wounded to accomplish this result. Total, 190,000 stretched writhing with ghastly wounds or stiff in death on the battlefield—our Williams' victory! What an auspicious start to Williams' Imperial career! 'I thank thee with all my heart, dear child,' telegraphed the Kaiser. It need not be supposed that Williams contributed a single idea to the plan of campaign, or even so much as lifted a finger in the fighting. But Williams was there, representing his Imperial father, the man of the mailed fist, the man of the rule of blood and iron, the man whose central thoughts have long been foul with the odor of desired shambles, whose dreams are of murder on the most colossal scale in the whole history of the world—Williams was there to give Imperial approval to the reign of blood and slaughter, of hell let loose upon earth. Training of this kind is a grand thing for a Prince marked out 'by Divine right' to carry on and extend the rule of 'blood and iron' in the world.

"God has most brilliantly supported him" further telegraphed the Kaiser. You see there the greatness of the man. No awe in his heart even at the thought of how the Most High may appraise this colossal orgy of anguish and woe, this appalling welter of blood and torture. Instead he patronises God in a most Imperial way. 'Most brilliant,' he remarks, 'was God's support of our Williams.' It is true that at the end of his telegram there is a touch of human tenderness. He feels what is perhaps a prophetic twinge of the anguish, the inconsolable and irreparable grief, that through him is desolating hundreds of thousands of hearts and homes to-day. 'God protect and succor my boys,' he wires. Others will join in prayer for that unhappy brood.

"Also in future," he adds, 'God be with thee and all wives.' And all wives! Already his colossal crime is coming home to him. Unhappy man! Hundreds of thousands of ghosts of murdered men and broken-hearted widows will haunt him to his grave. Do you remember that phantasy in De Quincey's 'Confessions of an Opium Eater' in which he speaks of the tyranny of the human face? 'Awful dreams of drifting endlessly on a vast, heaving sea of ghastly human faces! Dreams like that will haunt the Kaiser to his grave. As he prays that God will be with thee and all wives' he looks forward to victory after victory for 'our Williams' till at the end a monster gorged with blood and with the torn limbs of civilization, lies sprawled all over central Europe. He prays for all wives, and even now hundreds of thousands of wives and mothers who have seen him cursing his very name. Oh, the empty joy, the pitiful littleness of this gloating over 'the first victory of our Williams!'"

WORLD'S PRESS ON THE BIG WAR

TURKEY KAISER'S ALLY!

Burlington Free Press:—"It is no secret that Emperor William during the past five years has been devoting marked attention to Turkey as a possible ally against Russia or England or France or all three combined as at present. His shrewd war board saw the tremendous possibilities of a holy war incited especially against England, but also against France, which has numerous settlements in India outside of the British zone of influence. The Kaiser has made several visits to Constantinople to curry favor with the Ottoman Turks, and he has apparently succeeded completely in displacing the influence of the British, who under Gladstone were the staunch supporters of the 'Sick Man of Europe.' So thoroughly did Emperor William succeed in his mission that the Turkish Government was persuaded to accept the aid of Germany in the reorganization of her army, and under Field Marshal von der Goltz the brigade formation was abolished, so that in Turkey's army to-day there is no intermediate unit in command between the regiment and the division. German officers were prominent in the Turkish service during the late war with the Balkan States, and the influence of the German Kaiser with the Turks is unquestionably marked."

KEEP MOTOR CARS IN PARIS CITY

London, Sept. 2.—A despatch from Paris says the Governor of the city has issued an order that no private motor cars will be allowed to leave Paris after to-day.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE FOR BEST RESULTS

Another Big Two-Part Feature Programme at the NICKEL for Mid-Week

"GRIST OF THE MILL," in Two Parts.

A powerful dramatic sermon, teeming with exciting situations, feature that will surely please the most critical. Thrilling scenes with a touch of the pathetic that makes this a winner.

"THE LINE-UP," in Two Parts.

A Vitagraph story of college life. Dan rushes into the football team and conquers. After winning the foot race he is the hero of the day and proves himself worthy of Edith's love. Earle Williams, Harry Morey and Dorothy Kelley are featured.

"The Count's Will,"

A Pathe play, with Crane Wilbur.

"With the Aid of Phrenology."

A Biograph comedy

DeWITT C. CAIRNS, Baritone.

Prof. P. J. McCarthy at the Piano. Joseph F. Ross, Effects.

CLEAR, SHARP, FLICKERLESS MOTION PICTURES AT THE NICKEL.

MORE INCREASES IN TAXATION

(Continued from page 6.)

to two or three matters that are likely to come before the House, and for which the Legislature has been specially called together.

In the first place we propose to introduce an Act for the creation of a Brigade or a Volunteer Corps. We are not in a position to state to the House just what the exact cost of the corps will be, but \$250,000 will probably be the outside figure for all their expenses from the time of leaving here till they come back in seven or eight months. We are making provision on the assumption that they will be away for that period.

Commission of Inquiry

Now, we also propose, as has been pointed out, to introduce a bill in relation to the appointment of a Court of Inquiry or Commission to enquire into the awful catastrophe that came upon our people last spring. That has been dealt with so fully by the previous speakers, that it is entirely unnecessary for me to reopen that sad chapter in our history.

Now, there has been a desire, and I think a very proper one, that the circumstances surrounding this disaster should be very fully and very carefully enquired into by an impartial board. We can do no good by this enquiry for the poor fellows that are gone, and we can give little comfort to their immediate families and friends, but an impartial enquiry may lead to recommendations by the Commissioners of some legislation which may have the effect of minimizing, if not altogether removing, the possibility of any similar occurrence in the future.

Make it Compulsory

We also intend to bring in a bill making it compulsory for all steamers going to the seal fishery to carry wireless apparatus.

There are two or three bills that will be introduced in relation to what I may term purely commercial matters, arising out of the war. In England, at the outbreak of the war, the British Government immediately, without any legislative authority, proclaimed a moratorium, a moratorium. This provides for a delay in the payment of debts under certain contracts.

In Canada, the other day, they took power, if occasion should arise, to proclaim a moratorium. But that will be a last resort, because a moratorium cannot be proclaimed for individuals, it must be done for the whole country, and a very serious condition of affairs would arise before we could resort to that. However, conditions may arise which would make it necessary, and we are going to take power, so as to be able to deal with the matter.

Regulate Food Prices

Another bill is that referred to by the Leader of the Opposition in relation to the price of food.

In England they have passed a bill to prevent excessive charges being put on foodstuffs, and we are introducing that bill here, so that hereafter if it is found that excessive prices are charged the Government will be able to interfere and prevent it as much as possible.

I may say, with my learned friend the Leader of the Opposition, that I have heard it stated that excessive prices are being charged.

There is no reason whatever why flour should be dearer in St. John's to-day than it is in Canada, plus the cost of freight to bring it here. In other words, nothing would justify raising prices merely because we are in a state of war. We cannot, of course, get away from the natural commercial increase that takes place.

War Measure

One other act will be introduced which will probably be entitled War Measures, giving the Government certain powers in relation to any extra-

ordinary circumstances that may arise. The details of that bill will be of a character, I trust, which will commend themselves to the House.

The other Bills, that is, the Loan Bill to provide the cost of the Volunteer movement, and also the legislation in relation to the tariff, will probably be prepared within a day or two. It is an unfortunate thing that we should have to ask the House to increase the tariff in relation to some articles, but it is necessary that we should find revenue to carry on the Government in abnormal times such as the present. The public bills have to be paid; our interest has to be met; and we are now face to face with a position that will mean that within the next twelve months, or up to the end of the next fiscal year on June 30th, we shall probably have a very large deficit, and we shall have to put on a tariff that will enable us to collect sufficient money to pay our way during the year.

The motion was then put and carried and the following committee was appointed: Mr. Devereaux, Mr. LeFevre, Mr. Moore, Mr. Dwyer, Mr. M. Kennedy.

Notice of various bills was given by the Premier and Minister of Finance, after which the House adjourned until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Arrested and Fined

At 1.30 this morning Sgt. Furlong and Const. Flaherty arrested a 23-year-old laborer who was attempting to break into the premises of Messrs. Marshall Bros. He had procured a ladder and was attempting to force a rear window when the police caught him.

He was before the magistrate to-day, and was ordered to find two sureties in \$50 each or go to jail for 30 days.



The Best Carbon Paint

Everjet is a lustrous black carbon paint that combines the qualities of cheapness and durability.

It is a bituminous product and is elastic, adhesive, will not rub, peel or scale; will not become brittle and crack; is impervious to moisture; can be used in any climate, resists all action of acids, alkalis, gases, steam vapors, etc.

Everjet is suitable for use on all exposed iron and woodwork.

Booklet on request.

Colin Campbell,
85 Water Street.

BRITISH FIGHT ANOTHER BATTLE

London, Sept. 2.—The Chronicle correspondent sends a report of a third British battle in the Upper Otise Valley where the Germans are using the whole of their weight to force a wedge.

The battle raged throughout Sunday and Monday, when the Germans, it is stated, sacrificed their lives recklessly. The British were compelled to give way slightly, but are maintaining the defence heroically.

Struck a Rock

Passengers from Placentia report that on Monday at 10 a.m. when entering Rose Blanche the Gloucester struck on Black Rock; she did not sustain injury.

The Danish barq. Eileen has arrived at St. Anthony with coal to A. H. Ridley.

EXPECT GERMANS' INVEST ANTWERP

Extensive Northward Movements of Their Troops Have Been Noticed

London, Sept. 2.—The Ostend correspondent of Reuter reports that an extensive movement of German troops towards the North has been seen from Brussels.

It is believed the Germans are going to Antwerp where investment and bombardment is expected.

BRITISH MAKE APPOINTMENTS

To Aerial Forces and to Their Reserves—Promotion for Aviator White

London, Sept. 3.—Claude Graham White, the noted aviator has been appointed temporary Flight Commander of the British Navy.

Richard T. Gates, who recently resigned from the Royal Aero Club, has been appointed temporary Flight Lieutenant.

The Earl of Granard has been appointed commander of the Fifth Battalion of the Royal Irish Regiment.

Baron Sempill commands the Black Watch Regiment of the new army.

The wife of the Earl of Granard was former Miss Beatrice Mills, daughter of Ogden Mills, of New York.

S.S. Cacouna arrived in port yesterday afternoon from Montreal, via Gulf ports. She brought a full general cargo including 143 sheep for the Agricultural Board.

SHIPPING

Portia left St. Mary's at 10.40 a.m.

Prospero left Little Bay at 1.50 a.m.

Bellaventure arrived at Halifax at 6 p.m. Wednesday.

S.S. Volga sailed to-day for Sandy Hook for orders.

The U.S. schooner Fleanerly is loading green fish at Blanc Sablon.

Schr. Moran is loading oil at Grank Bank for Boston.

S.S. Beatrice arrived at Bay Roberts yesterday with a cargo of coal.

Schr. Wilfred Marcus is loading fish at Marysfort for Europe.

Bruce arrived at Basques at 6.20 a.m.

Lintrose left Basques at 11.40 p.m. yesterday.

Morwenna leaves Montreal to-morrow.

Barq. Gaspe is loading fish at Barbados for Brazil.

Crosbie's Waterwitch, Capt. C. P. Moore, arrived at Bahia Saturday, after a passage of 24 days.

S.S. Mongolian is due at 3 p.m. from Philadelphia. She brings very little cargo and sails again at 6 for Glasgow.

DO IT NOW!

Its no use waiting till somebody else gets ahead of you. Now is the time to advertise in The Mail and Advocate.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Lowest Prices. Largest Stock.

We wish to call your special attention to our Boys' Department which is well stocked with the best and leading patterns in Boys' Suits.

Clyde Suits.

This very smart School or Sunday Suit is very much sought for. Two Garment Suit with Belt on Long Coat and Fancy Collar.

For Boys age 2 to 8 years, according to Size & Quality
\$1.40 to \$4.40

Boys' Suffolk Suits.

This make of Suit is quite the latest out, but is already a great favorite and with the Sham Vest looks exceedingly smart.

For Boys age 4 to 13 years, according to Size & Quality
\$1.90 to \$3.50

Norfolk Suits.

Two Garment Suits always sure to please the most exacting tastes made in the very latest Scotch and English Tweeds, \$1.60 to \$5.00, according to Size and Quality. For age 2 to 13 years, Navy Serge,

\$2.60 to \$4.80



Conway Suit.

A beautifully Cut Three Garment Suit to fit Boys age 3 to 6 years, exceptional value; usual price \$4.00 to \$4.50. Special Price

\$3.00 to \$3.30.

Rugby Suits.

Suitable for all weathers and occasions, can be had in Long or Short Pants. Tweed Short Pants, \$2.90 to \$7.40. Navy Serge, \$3.50 to \$6.10, for age 10 to 17 years.

Long Pants Suit for age 13 to 17 years, according to Size and Quality
\$2.90 to 7.90.



Kensington Suits.

About a dozen Suits we are offering at giving away prices for Boys age 3 to 6 years; usual price \$1.50 to \$3.60. Special Price

90c. to \$2.40.

Sailor Suits.

Navy Blue Serge, very strong and durable, and always looks smart and dressy for age 2 to 8 years, according to Size and Quality

90c. to \$4.40.

GEO. KNOWLING.

GERMANS TRY BREAK THRU THE ALLIES

Make Effort to Gain the Main Roads Leading to Paris
HAVE 3 ARMIES MAKING ATTACK
But They Have So Far Failed To Accomplish Their Purpose

London, Sept. 1.—It is evident that the Germans have now been obliged to abandon their attempt to outflank the left wing of the Allies, owing to large reinforcements of French troops which have reached that flank.

They are now making a desperate effort to beat through the centre of the allied line to occupy the line of Noyon, La Fere and Laon. That is to say they are seeking to gain the shortest road to Paris.

The reason for this manoeuvre is because it is obvious that at La Fere they strike the main line by Noyon through Compiègne and Soissons to the French capital.

Many Advantages.

They would also command two main roads of greater importance than the railway which would surely be destroyed. One by Noyon, Compiègne and Soissons, and the other by Laon and Soissons. It seems that they are in face endeavoring to drive a wedge of troops in the rough circle formed by Noyon, Compiègne, Soissons and Laon. The grand scheme of German strategy therefore becomes apparent.

There are apparently three armies, all marching on Paris. The most westerly is that which is operating in the region of La Fere. The centre is that which has been in action at Lunney and Signy l'Abbaye, which is endeavoring to seize the main road via Reims to march on Reims, and the third is the Crown Prince's, which is also endeavoring to converge on Reims by the route of Montmedy, Steng and Vouziers.

Little Known

Of the dispositions of the Allies to resist their three attacks we know but little, but with the immense forces that should be at General Joffre's disposal, there should be no difficulty in holding them all.

A victory has been won at Guise but, nevertheless, the Germans are progressing in the region of La Fere. This would seem to point to an undue weakening in the centre line to

Torpedo Boat Destroyers Serve Effective Purpose

As the name implies, torpedo boat destroyers were originally built to combat the smaller torpedo boat, which had become such a serious menace to the battleships and large cruisers that searchlights and rapid fire guns could not be depended upon for protection. Gradually, however, the duties of the destroyer were extended until they included all that was formerly done by the torpedo boat and much besides.

The mere fact that a modern destroyer is three or four times as large as one of the earlier boats renders it so much more seaworthy and capable of carrying so much more fuel, that the radius of action of torpedo boat craft has been enormously increased, and they have become more dangerous to an enemy's fleet.

The duties of a modern flotilla may be tabulated in this way.

First—Scouting. This comprises locating and reporting the position of the enemy but keeping in touch with him as long as may be necessary.

Second—Protection of one's own fleet from night attacks of the enemy's destroyers. This includes not only locating and reporting the position of

the enemy and keeping in touch with him as long as may be necessary.

Third—Protection of one's own fleet from night attacks of the enemy's destroyers. This includes not only locating and reporting the position of the hostile torpedo craft, but, if necessary, attacking them with your guns and sinking them or driving them away before they can force home an attack upon the battleships.

Fourth—Attacking the battleships of the enemy with your torpedoes. This is of course the paramount duty of every vessel in the flotilla.

Fifth—In addition to the above, "regular" duties, destroyers are frequently used in what might be called "gun-boat work"—patrolling the enemy's coast, running up his rivers where the big ships cannot go, overtaking and capturing his merchant vessels and firing on troops and field batteries ashore. In the recent Turco-Italian war, although the Turkish navy remained anchored most of the time, the Italian destroyers were constantly engaged, blockading, landing troops and even attacking fortified towns.

RUSSIA PROMISES TO RAISE 20,000,000 MEN IF NEEDED TO WIN

British Correspondent Declares Russian Army in the Field is Adequately Equipped, Abundantly Supplied and Equal to German Soldiery in Every Respect—Germans Flee Pell-Mell Before the Muscovites.

London, Aug. 31.—A despatch to the Post from St. Petersburg comments on the excellence of the Russian army and the inexhaustible supply of men to draw upon. It says further: "Russia will have no difficulty in finding 20,000,000 men to complete the work begun by its trained fighting forces. Moreover, this is the first time in the memory of men that the Rus-

sian army has taken the field with adequate equipment and a sufficiency of supplies, under officers trained in the hard lesson so thoroughly learned in the Japanese campaign.

"The history of that campaign shows what Russian soldiers accomplish when badly fed and equipped, but under the conditions of to-day and fighting in a cause they understand, there is little wonder that the Russian soldier has proved himself a match for the German.

"The German opposition to the Russian advance is broken and demoralized. Königsberg, where three German army corps have taken refuge is so situated it can easily be contained by an adequate force while the rest of the Russian army passes on into the interior of Germany and it is doubtful whether Germany has sufficient organized forces to oppose the Russians."

protect the extreme left wing, which is no longer menaced.

Apparently the German offensive in Lorraine which assumed threatening proportions last week has been completely checked and the French are once more advancing. They have seized the right bank of the Moselle. Probably the German offensive in this quarter was merely a blind to stop the French troops from being moved north.



Cut Them Out

(Editor Mail and Advocate)

Dear Sir,—I would like to make a few remarks on the "Preservation of the Common Wealth of Our Country."

I will speak first about the Game and Inland Fisheries Board. I suppose they draw their salaries from the Board and are placed in office to protect our interests and see that the laws of our country are properly carried out.

Now, I think, instead of watching at their post and earning the money paid them out of the revenue of the country, their time is used up in other things. We often hear of them as not "being around," or not looking after their work. They even say to the people here: "I don't want to see your nets in the water above the caution board, or I don't want to see you set your trap; if I saw you do so I would be compelled to inform on you to save myself,"—as much as to say that, if it was not for losing his job, he wouldn't mind us breaking the law and getting whatever salmon or game we may want.

Why Pay Them?

Now, I wonder what we are paying such men for? If it is to expect something in return for it instead of encouragement to the lawbreakers of

this settlement. Its better for the Game Board to send a man here with his gun and traps and let him get his living with these, than for a man to come here and cloak the close season trappers.

Its no unusual thing to hear of two or three, up to a dozen men, going in the woods twice a week for nearly the whole summer, and if you ask where they are going you get the answer, "in the country." Its the thing of the day for men to spend three weeks in the heart of the country and return without giving an explanation—men that had never thought of spending a summer's day in such places until now.

What They Do

What are they doing there? May I ask. Are they using up their summer days trouting or sporting, or surveying the country? I think not. My opinion is that they are looking for gold mines with silver hair and black covering. If you tell them its wrong they say, "everybody's doing it."

Now, since this is the common state of affairs of this place, and nearly every one is talking about it, what are our trusted warden doing, I wonder. He may say its none of his business who catches foxes or who takes salmon out of the rivers with nets. But if I was placed in charge of a place and suspected burglarizing, I think my duty would be to investigate, or I'm afraid I would soon "be no longer steward."

I think its time to have the public servants get alive to their duty and see that any man who will wilfully violate the laws of this country, punished for it to the fullest extent.

—TRAPPER.
Gander Bay, Aug. 25.

PREPARE FOR THE WORST.

Are you prepared for a fire? Most folk are not! One of my liberal policies will make the calamity easier to bear. It will cost you nothing to ask for a low rate and very little to be perfectly secure with Percie Johnson's insurance agency.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE FOR BEST RESULTS

Cabbage, Apples, Potatoes

Due ex S.S. Stephano, To-morrow (Thursday)

50 Barrels New Apples
100 Barrels New Potatoes
30 Barrels New Cabbage

George Neal

Est. 1860 Phone 659
Attention!

Have you your Photo Enlarged in the Oval Fashion? If so, you can get OVAL CONVEX GLASSES and FRAMES, all colours, at very low prices at

Pope's
Furniture & Mattress Showrooms
Waldegrave and George Sts.

THE BEST IS CHEAPER IN THE END



Order a Case To-day!
"EVERY DAY" BRAND EVAPORATED MILK.
Job's Stores Limited.
DISTRIBUTORS

Proclamation!

By His Excellency Sir WALTER EDWARD DAVIDSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Newfoundland and its Dependencies.

YOUR KING AND COUNTRY NEED YOU! Will You Answer Your Country's Call?

At this very moment the Empire is engaged in the greatest War in the history of the World. In this crisis your country calls on her young men to rally round Her Flag and enlist in the ranks of Her Army.

If every Patriotic young man answers Her Call, Great Britain and the Empire will emerge stronger and more united than ever.

Newfoundland responds to the Homeland's Call and promises to enlist, equip and despatch to England the First Newfoundland Regiment of 500 strong. We want to send our best, and we believe that Britain's Oldest Colony will gain greater honour and glory for Her Name.

If you are between 19 and 35 years old, will you answer your Country's Call? If you will, then go to the nearest Magistrate and enrol your name for service in the fighting line. If you live in St. John's go to the C.L.B. Armoury and enter your name at the Central Recruiting Office, or any evening between 8 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Tickets to St. John's will be provided by the Magistrate free of cost.

The terms of enlistment are: To serve abroad for the duration of the war, but not exceeding one year. It is intended the men shall leave within one month of their enrollment, and that in the meantime they shall receive a course of instruction and training in St. John's.

A complete outfit will be provided.

Each private will receive pay at the rate of \$1.00 per day and free rations, from the date of enrollment to the date of return, a portion of which will be paid to dependents left behind, or it will be allowed to accumulate for their personal benefit until termination of service.

Volunteers from outports will be given free passage to St. John's.

Any applicant for service, forwarded by the proper authorities and not accepted after arrival at Headquarters, will be provided with a free passage and maintenance back to his home.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and Seal at the Government House, St. John's, this 21st day of August, A.D. 1914.

By His Excellency's Command,
JOHN R. BENNETT,
Colonial Secretary.

aug22

Marshall's Hosiery Specials!

Women's Black Cashmere Hose.

- 24 pairs. Regular Price 25c. Special Price 18c. per pair.
- 24 pairs. Regular Price 30c. Special Price 23c. per pair.
- 60 pairs. Regular Price 35c. Special Price 27c. per pair.
- 30 pairs. Regular Price 40c. Special Price 30c. per pair.
- 25 pairs. Regular Price 45c. Special Price 35c. per pair.
- 23 pairs. Regular Price 55c. Special Price 40c. per pair.

Men's Coloured 1/2 HOSE Vertical Stripe.

- 12 pairs. Regular Price 35c. Special Price 25c. per pair.
- 6 pairs. Regular Price 45c. Special Price 35c. per pair.
- 15 pairs. Regular Price 50c. Special Price 40c. per pair.
- 25 pairs. Regular Price 60c. Special Price 45c. per pair.

MARSHALL BROS.

HERRING NETS!

Just received:
A large stock.
Star Nets, all sizes,
Standard Nets, all sizes.
Wholesale and Retail.

BURRELL'S English Mixed Paints

Highest quality obtainable
at a very low price.
FELT.
1, 2 and 3 Ply.
SHEATHING PAPER

STEER BROS.

Mail and Advocate \$2.00 a Year.

PATRIOTIC ENTHUSIASM LEADS LARGE NUMBERS OF MEN TO VOLUNTEER

Grand Total Last Night Brought Up To 743 When 45 Additional Volunteers Came Forward

TWENTY-FIVE OF THEM ARE FROM THE CITY

Methodist Clergyman From Loon Bay Offers Himself—More Outport Volunteers

Volunteers continue to come forward in satisfactory numbers. Last night forty-five signed the roll, bringing the grand total up to 743. The express yesterday brought a score of young fellows from the north ward and west coast. They were headed by the Rev. Wm. J. Stenlake, the young Methodist minister at Loon Bay, Twillingate, who could not ignore the call. Last night Mr. Stenlake signed on with the crowd. While a lover and advocate of peace he believes in the righteousness of Britain's cause and is prepared to shoulder his burden in the defence of the Empire.

More from St. John's

Of last night's contingent twenty-six hail from St. John's and a fine representative lot they are. It is pleasing to note that several officers of the City Brigades are anxious to throw in their lot with the privates.

The latest instance is that of Norman Alderice, the popular Captain in the C.L.B. He is a young Irishman who has lived the greater part of his life in St. John's. He is well-known in Brigade circles and his military training is such as would inspire confidence in any private. He feels it his duty to obey the call, and commission or no, he is prepared to do his utmost for the success of Britain. The medical examiners are busy night and day and of the four hundred examined about four hundred have already been pronounced fit.

Plenty of Men

The authorities now have not the slightest doubt that they will find five hundred men who will be perfect physically as any now engaged in the conflict.

This much is certain, the Newfoundlanders will be able to stand the greatest hardships with the next. Nearly all who have volunteered have roughed it at some time or other. One is Hearn, the hardy little hero who weathered the storm which overtook the Newfoundland's crew last spring.

Nearly all are good shooters, and those who have engaged in rifle practice are doing splendidly. Last night a squad of about two hundred paraded the city and attracted the attention of all. They marched well and when clad in khaki uniforms will be the whole business.

Tanks are progressing favorably at camp. Two hundred are now under canvas at Pleasantville. Major Brant is the commanding officer, and his assistants are Major Kelly, Capt. Kelly, in charge of the kitchen, and Capt. Kelly, in charge of the adjut. W. Lendell and Capt. Howlett.

Large Number There

The number of citizens at the Armory last night was large. All seem to be enthused and anxious to do their part.

We have repeatedly shown that Newfoundlanders abroad are volunteering their services. They would, we feel certain, prefer to serve with the Newfoundland Contingent, but as they are separated by distance they will do their best for the Empire where ever they are.

Today we chronicle the patriotic conduct of a St. John's young lady, whose feelings were such that she could not keep back and so has volunteered as a Red Cross Nurse.

We refer to Miss Agnes Hayward, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hayward.

Miss Hayward, who is a charming young lady of 18 years, has been attending college in the Old Country and was spending her vacation with friends in the North of Scotland.

Young Lady Offers

Volunteers were called for and she gladly offered for the work. Many of the brightest and most accomplished girls of Britain have offered to go to the hospitals and even to the fighting line to tend the sick and suffering.

We note by exchanges that all the Canadian Contingents have a mascot. The idea is popular with soldiers and sailors in all parts of the British domains. The Newfoundlanders should not be behind in this either. A good

STEPHANO BRINGS MANY PASSENGERS

List Includes Over Forty Round Trippers—Had a Fine Run

S.S. Stephano arrived at 8.30 a.m. from New York, via Halifax. She left the latter port at 4 p.m. Tuesday and had a fine run to this port.

The Stephano brought a full general cargo and the following passengers, including 41 round trippers:

From New York—J. and Mrs. Starr, G. A. Cowie, Dr. H. V. Wildman, Dr. C. F. Adams, Miss F. Adams, Mrs. M. Borden Carter, H. C. Thorn, H. Behrman, Miss E. H. Booth, Miss C. Wood, C. E. McCarthy, N. R. O'Hara, J. and Mrs. Hopkins, Dr. and Mrs. Hull, C. H. Peacock, N. P. and Mrs. Snow, J. McKee Borden, R. A. Willett, F. H. and Mrs. Fiske, Miss M. St. John, F. D. and Mrs. Letaco, Miss K. Woolley, Miss K. Bredin, Miss R. J. Kortright, Miss A. M. Kortright, C. Cozens, M. Pratt, L. Saper, G. McPherson, A. and Mrs. Schneider, W. Frenkle, F. Grady, Miss M. Grady, Mrs. G. S. Smith, Master G. Smith, T. Spracklin, F. Quigler. From Halifax—Miss G. Lynch, Miss H. Marston, S. W. Smith, J. A. Potts, G. Parmiter, L. M. Trash and 5 steerage.

B.I.S. ARE BEATEN BY SHAMROCKS

In Big Game—Wanderers Score a Win From the Cubs

The Shamrocks defeated the B.I.S. yesterday afternoon by 14 to 8. The line-up and score was:

B.I.S.—Sinnott, Joy, Ring, Campbell, Power, McGrath, Finn, French Doyle.
Shamrocks—Callahan, Kesner, B. Callahan, R. Callahan, Lannon O'Neil, Jackman, Waterfield, Ellis.
B.I.S. 1 0 0 4 1 2 0—1
Shamrocks. 3 3 2 2 2 2 x—1
As their victory was already assured the Shamrocks did not play the last innings.

The second contest between the Cubs and Wanderers resulted in a victory by the latter by 18 to 12. The teams were:

Wanderers—Britt, Brown, Hartnett O'Flaherty, McCrindle, McLeod Shankle, Hocken, Pritchard.
Cubs—Tobin, Simms, Collins, Clouston, Meehan, Tobin, Winter, St. John Tessier.

The score was:
Wanderers 8 1 4 3 0 2 x—1
Cubs 3 0 0 0 0 6 3—1
The Shamrocks will play the Red Lions next week and the winners will then face the Wanderers. Messrs Chesman and Anderson were umpires yesterday and Mr. P. E. Outerbridge, scorer.

Newfoundland dog, of which so much has been written, will be most appropriate. Perhaps someone will take the hint and the present the contingent with one.

The following volunteered last evening:

- St. John's**
Clifford F. Forristall, Wm. George Ammonson, Jno. Jas. James.
Ed. L. Dunphy, Ml. McKay, Wm. Snow.
Wm. Manstain, Ed. G. Hardy, Sydney W. Pelley.
Henry Reid, Geo. J. Baird, Jas. R. Ford.
Fred. H. Rollings, Jno. F. Edens, Jos. P. Earles.
Patk. J. R. Druken, Hy. Evans, Wm. Gladney.
Alf. Wells, Sidney W. Pearce, Owen W. Steele.
Fred. C. Brien, Bernard C. Hart, Jos. M. Donovan.
Thos. P. Walsh, Percy Bierkley.
Kelligrews
Art. Nugent.
Whitbourne
Martin Wall.
Catalina
Fred. A. Clouter, T. Avery Perry.
Jno. A. Jeans, Iq. Norman.
Notre Dame Bay
Loon Bay: Willis Manuel, Wm. White, E. A. Slade, W. D. Stenlake.
Holyrood
Luke Holden.
Bell Island
Ed. M. Noonan.
Bonavista
Reg. Rowsell, Jas. Miffen, Isaac Fifield.
Hy. G. Strathie, Wm. Yetman (Brookfield).
Bonne Bay
Jas. Bearnes.

NURSES WIN IN THE TESTS

Names of Those Who Gained Honors and Passes in the Hospital Examinations

Dr. L. E. Keegan, General Superintendent of the St. John's Hospital has announced the following results of the recent examination in surgery held at the Institution. The Superintendent himself was the examiner and expressed himself a very well pleased with the standing obtained by the candidates. The test was both practical and theoretical and the nurses who were examined showed a great deal of acquaintance with the subject.

In considering the following list of successful candidates, it should be remembered that the Honors Mark is 70 per cent, and the Pass Mark 45 per cent.

Honour List	Marks
Nurse Condon	90 p.c.
Nurse Cron	88 p.c.
Nurse Tremills	88 p.c.
Nurse Guy	88 p.c.
Nurse Bowman	77 p.c.
Nurse Archibald	77 p.c.
Nurse Snelgrove	72 p.c.
Nurse Oakley	70 p.c.

Pass List
Nurses Fleming, Gibbons, Hartery, Larner, Moore, C. Morris, B. Morris—in alphabetical order.

Patriotic Fund

(Editor Mail and Advocate)
Dear Sir,—Please acknowledge through the columns of your paper the following amounts, being contributions towards the Patriotic Fund: Amt. already acknowledged, \$15,319.00
Messrs. Reid Ndt. Co. 10,000.00
Messrs. Job. Bros. & Co. Ltd. 2,000.00
E. Kennedy, Esq. (Avondale) 1,000.00
Messrs. James Baird, Ltd. (1st instalment) 1,000.00
H. M. Winter, Esq. 250.00
Hon. James Baird (1st instalment) 500.00
The Star of the Sea Association (1st instalment) 100.00
F. Rioux, Esq. 50.00
Messrs. Baine Johnston & Co. (1st instalment) 1,000.00
Wm. Ebsary, Esq. (Mundy Pond Road) 10.00
H. Crawford, Esq. 50.00
\$31,520.00

J. S. MUNN, Hon. Treas.

TABASCO HERE FROM LIVERPOOL

The Furness steamer Tabasco, Capt. Yeomans, has arrived from Liverpool after a run of 8 days. She brought 300 tons general cargo, but no passengers.

We are pleased to see Capt. Yeomans again. During his absence he was running between Leith and Baltimore.

The Tabasco sails for Halifax tomorrow.

Brigus Volunteers

The Recruiting Officer has received word that two volunteers are coming from Brigus to-day, four are coming by the Prospero and three are on the way from Botwood.

Six-Mile Race

Messrs. Kavanagh, Hill and Wall will run a 6 mile race at St. Bon's campus on the afternoon of the next holiday; the proceeds will be given to the patriotic fund.

Slight Blaze

At 5.55 last evening an alarm of fire called the Central and Eastern companies to the junction Long's Hill and LeMarchant Road.

There was no need of the firemen's services as the blaze was confined to the chimney of a house occupied by C. Chaytor.

For the Front

Patrick English, who has volunteered for foreign service, leaves by the Mongolian for England. "Pat" will join the Legion of Frontiersmen and go to the front at once.

Fogata arrived at Tilting at 9 and left at 9.40 a.m.
Earl of Devon sails northward at 10 a.m. Saturday.

WEATHER REPORT

Toronto (noon)—Fresh S. E., shifting to S.W. winds; occasional showers to-night and on Friday.

MORE INCREASES IN TAXATION

(Continued from page 1.)
Mr. Kent's Address.

Mr. Speaker, before proceeding to deal with the subject which brought us here this afternoon, I should like to extend my congratulations, in no ordinary way, to the proposer and seconder of the Address, said Mr. J. M. Kent. They have struck the true note which actuates the whole Empire, and which, I am sure, is entertained by every member of this House this afternoon—the note of patriotism and the determination to stand shoulder to shoulder to meet the foreign foe which has made an uncalculated attack upon the Empire of which we form a part.

This extraordinary session, Mr. Speaker, has been rendered necessary by the general European war in which the British Empire has been forced to participate, not willingly but until every effort within human power had been made to preserve the peace amongst nations, but at the last moment, in order to vindicate its national honour, to maintain its treaty obligations, and to preserve that trust between nation and nation without which the very foundations of civilization would crumble and disappear, and the nations of the world again rush to that savagery and chaos from which centuries of civilization have been drawing them.

No Party Differences

This, Sir, is not a time when we should think of Party differences.

And, Sir, speaking on behalf of those who sit on this side of the House, I want to say to the Government that so long as hostilities continue, so long as the Empire is engaged with a foreign foe, you will find no criticism, no opposition, from this side of the House.

On the contrary, Sir, you find us ready, in every direction and by every means in our power, to assist in passing all measures that may be deemed necessary in the interests of the country and the Empire.

The present situation, as I have said Mr. Speaker, is unprecedented. But I think, Sir, that the characteristics which stand out most is the unity which it has evoked throughout the whole Empire; and I am sure that there has been no sorer disappointment to the Emperor of Germany and the military faction by which he is advised, that to find the different sections of the Empire come together as one man, sinking all their differences and standing shoulder to shoulder, determined that no foe should strike at the great principle for which the British Empire has always stood, and stands to-day.

Not Practical

They thought they saw the Empire divided, but now they have found that these questions were purely academic, and that at the first sound of danger, they vanished, and to-day one of the greatest surprises to those who stand opposed to the British Empire is the manner in which all sections stand together in the determination to fight this fight to a finish.

After all, Mr. Speaker, the issues that are involved in this war don't affect the nations immediately concerned alone. They are broad issues. They are issues, which, as I have said, go to the very foundation upon which civilization is built.

They include the right of the smaller nations to live in independence, just as much as the largest Empire. Every nation has the right to independence, and every nation has the right to expect that other nations will maintain their pledged honor and their treaty obligations.

Did Not Succeed

At first it appeared that the exertions of the British Foreign Minister, Sir Edward Grey, were going to be successful in limiting the area of hostilities, but he was thwarted in this by the lust of conquest which Belgium, a small nation, had its integrity guaranteed by the three great powers of Europe, one of which was Germany, but instead of maintaining that integrity she was the first to violate it; and, Sir, she made proposals to the Mother Country which any country should have been ashamed to make.

She asked England to stand by and see the integrity of Belgium violated in spite of her pledged word. Sir Edward Grey and the British people rejected this unworthy proposal, but it was only at the last moment, when every hope of peace had been removed, that the Empire found itself embroiled in this fight.

Do All Possible

Now that we are in it, it behoves every part of the Empire to do all in its power, so that we may come out so thoroughly victorious that when he war is over there will be no possibility of those principles of independence and freedom and democracy, or which the fight is waged, ever being questioned again.

It is in our power to help the Mother Land in her fight. The Government



SAMPLE COATS.

In our Show Rooms in the Upper Building we are showing some exquisite models of the New Styles for Fall

The designs are entirely different to anything we have hitherto shown, and are striking examples of the style tendencies of the season.

Owing to the war, later shipments of such goods are problematical, and it would be wise for our patrons to secure what they want in these garments NOW.

SEE WINDOW!

Full Line of NEW COATINGS and SUITINGS in our Dry Goods Store



has undertaken to send forward 500 volunteers, and any person who has watched during the last week of 'so he manner in which our young men have come forward to enlist themselves, must indeed feel proud of the city and country in which he lives.

Softs Have Gone

We have here in this Legislature today men whose sons are volunteering to go to the front. I have on my right a gentleman—Mr. Clift, the hon. member for Twillingate—who has two sons volunteering; I see across from me the Prime Minister, whose son is going forward; and the Colonial Secretary has a son going forward. I don't know if there are any others in the House, but this is an example of the spirit which actuates all our young men of all classes.

There are other problems arising out of the war in which patriotism can be shown just as by volunteering for the front. We will all have to face trials and troubles here. We will probably have hard times—I hope not, but if the war is prolonged we will have to prepare for it. Therefore, those upon whom the conduct of the business of this community falls will have to take their share in helping along the people of the country in the trials that are before them.

Ought to be Satisfied

Men doing business in this country ought to be satisfied with a fair profit upon food stuffs. It is unfair to the people of the country, unfair to the Empire—it is treason, Sir, on the part of the man who takes advantage of the present critical position to export from the people unfair profits. If there are any who have heretofore unthinkingly made profits of this kind, I hope they will have the patriotism and the courage to come forward now and give these unlawful profits to the assistance of the cause in which we are all concerned.

Another matter, Mr. Speaker, with which the House will have to deal is that of providing means whereby an enquiry may be held into the terrible disaster which befell our sealers last winter. This provision is rendered necessary in order to avoid

any question as to the powers that exist under the present Act.

Urgent Need

The need for an enquiry is urgent, and the disaster itself is the most eloquent demand that can be made for one. It entailed the loss of two hundred and fifty men in the prime of life, while engaged in carrying on their ordinary pacific avocation—an avocation attended by dangers of a most serious character, but still one in which year after year our young men will engage.

If through want of proper safeguards a disaster such as this is possible, than every means ought to be taken to ascertain what the causes of the disaster were, and to prevent a similar occurrence in the future. The generosity which the disaster evoked at home and abroad has alleviated much of the physical suffering that resulted from it, but the mental anguish of the families and friends of those who died under such appalling conditions will remain so long as this generation lasts and as a record in history of the dangers that surround our hardy sealers in the prosecution of their voyage.

Examples of Unity

My learned friend the Leader of the Opposition has referred to the united character of the British Empire to-day, said the Premier. The ranks have closed up in every land. We have an illustration of it here to-day where we have the Opposition voting with the Government in a united effort to show an unbroken front. And the moral effect of an act of this kind, not alone here but in every part of the Empire—in Canada, in Australia, in New Zealand, and elsewhere—will be considerable. It will show to the world, it will let the nations know and feel that there is no division in our ranks in the presence of the enemy.

It is well known that the German Emperor and those who are behind him should know that, as has been stated before, "They who would reckon with England must reckon with England's sons." The British Empire consists of an aggregation of states—

far-flung dominions all over the world—states in every sea and in every land and on every continent and on every hemisphere—but although separated, brotherhood and kinship have annihilated space.

Our Great Heritage

We are at last beginning to realize that we are part of a great empire. We have gone on for a hundred years and taken everything as a matter of fact. We have enjoyed all the advantages and blessings and privileges of being part of the British Empire, and up to the present we have not been called upon for a dollar to help build a battleship or drill a soldier.

We have been glad to claim the protection of the British flag, to take advantage of British consuls and agents all over the world to assist in extending our trade. Now a blow has been struck at the whole Empire, and we realize to-day at least that of an empire of 500,000,000 souls—nearly one-third of the whole human race—its entire defence has to be borne by 45,000,000 of people in the British Isles.

Beginning to Awaken

We are at last beginning to awaken to a sense of our responsibilities. We begin to realize that if we are a part of a great Empire, an Empire that stands for civilization, for civil liberty, for religious liberty, for everything that is dear and sacred to a Briton, there are corresponding responsibilities which have to be faced or else our Empire cannot live.

Let us try to figure what would happen to every part of the Empire if by any accident—which I don't think possible—we should lose in this war, Civilization, our rights and liberties, all the freedom which we prize so much in this country and all over the Empire, would disappear.

As my learned friend, the Leader of the Opposition, has told you, we would have to begin all over again. For that reason, Mr. Speaker, we are availing now of the very earliest opportunity to contribute our small share to the defence of the Empire.

Responding Nobly

I am delighted beyond measure that our people are responding all over the country so splendidly in this matter. My only regret is that they are not better equipped—that they have not had years of training to meet the men who have been trained for years.

Now, I think I ought refer briefly (Continued on page 4.)

The Presbyterian College Will Re-Open

On MONDAY, September 7th, at 10 o'clock a.m.