vol. VIII 8th Year of Publication.

OTTAWA, ONT., CANADA, APRIL 1, 1895.

CRAND LODGE MEETING.

Twentieth Annual Session of the S. O. E. in Woodstock.

20,000 ENGLISHMEN REPRESENTED FROM ALL The Grand Lodge met in the Town PARTS OF THE DOMINION.

The Society's Growth and its National Importance in Canada and other Colonies.

Woodstock, Ont., March 12.-The twentieth annual meeting of the Supreme Grand Lodge of the Sons of England Benevolent Society convened in the Town hall at two o'clock, Supreme Grand President William Hancock (Hamilton) presiding. The other Grand officers preme Grand Vice-President, George Clatworthy, Toronto; Supreme Past Grand President Thomas Elliott, Brantford; Supreme Grand Secretary John W. Carter, Toronto; and Su preme Grand Treasurer Ben. Hinch-

cliffe, Toronto. Bro. Ald. Wm. Hancock, S. G. President, opened the Grand Lodge and at once appointed a credential committee as follows: Bros. T. E. Perry, Montreal: F. Ferguson, Toronto, and John Jackson, Hamilton.

The Grand Lodge adjourned for one hour to give the above committee an opportunity to prepare a report upon the credentials.

THE CIVIL WELCOME.

Knight, reeve, was introduced by Bro.
Thos. Elliott, P.S.G.P. Mr. Knight

12,546, exclusive of South Africa, which has five lodges and some 700 members.

diately after the routine work, the made a very interesting address in the absence of the Mayor, who was indisposed. In welcoming the Sons of Engin. He expressed the hope that the \$6,354.04. brethren to the convention would so enjoy themselves that the time would throughout the Dominion and the stituted. other distant possessions of the Eng-

Supreme Grand President Hancock replied, and said he felt save in saying have nothing to regret from the dele- and suggestions made by the delegates, gates who were here from all parts of which required explanation from the the Grand Lodge. Some six places were of Woodstock. As Mr. Knight redictant parts of the Dominion that the Catherines came next, with Winnipeg, effect on the members both in and out

Committee of the Grand Lodge; J. throughout the world. Patching, Globe, Toronto.

The Credential Committee presented their report, showing that 149 delegates had presented credentials, repre senting 110 lodges. A large additional contingent, however, arrived on the

o the Orange Grand Lodge of British North America, in session at St. Catherines, and to the Sons of

The General Purpose Committee reported to the Supreme Grand Lodge the officers' reports, which were adopted after considerable discussion and

The Grand Lodge adjourned at 6 p.m. The evening session, which commenced at 8 p.m., was fully occupied by the Supreme Secretary's report until 10.20, when an adjournment was

In our next and coming issues we will quote from the officers' reports.

The Secretary's report showed that the membership of the Order was The financial standing of the lodge is

considered very satisfactory. Cash received by subordinate Lodge Secreland to Woodstock, he assured the delegates that the citizens appreciated benefits, \$21,983.38; for surgeon's fees, Dr. J. S. 1 ion, and he hoped in that of the delecash to the credit of the Subordinate J. A Edwards, J. Aldridge, J. Nettlegates to the convention, which, by the Lodges, after meeting all liabilities, is ton, E. J. Reynolds, J. Hook, J. applause given, was heartily concurred \$50,042,90, an increase over last year of Jackson, Rev. Wm. Craig, C. A. Hod-

THE ORDER IN AUSTRALIA.

Bro. H. J. Boswell, P.S.G.V.P., who not be far distant when they would re- left for that colony in August last, turn their visit to Woodstock. As an has secured the first application for a Englishman he could endorse the ob- charter with a list of 50 members. jects for which they were gathered to The name of the lodge is Southern legislate and he hoped that the nation- Cross. Bro. Boswell says that inside Curton, Selwood, Cannon. al aim of the Order would reach of one year he will have 20 lodges in-

WEDNESDAY.

The Supreme Grand Lodge debated the revision of the new constitution all that the citizens of Woodstock would day. There were many amendments the Dominion, and that they would officers and members of the revision put in nomination. After the ballots carry away with them fond recol. committee. It is generally felt by had been taken the choice was for the members of the Order from the Peterboro. Ottawa, Lindsay and St. tired the delegates rose and sang God, remedial legislation of the Grand Man., a good fourth place. Lodge meeting in Woodstock will be The Grand Lodge then resumed busi- of great assistance in spreading the Order of S. O. E., should affiliate with ed grand results. They advocated ness, appointing the following as Press usefulness of the Order to Englishmen the Canadian Fraternal Association, equal rights in everything. Every

E. J. Reynolds, Anglo-Saxon; and R. made, which were worthy of the oc- ford, be the delegates from the Grand the brightest jewels in the British casion, and the legislation for which Lodge.

effect directly some 20,000 Engmanner. When the Grand Lodge ad- until the adjournment. journed at 6 p.m. many of the knotty and difficult problems had been straightened out, and the subordinate lodge constitution, as recommended by the revision committee, almost fully adopted.

THURSDAY.

ELECTION OF GRAND LODGE OFFICERS officers was proceeded with.

Geo. Clatworthy of Toronto, the present Vice President of the Order, Grand Lodge" brought S. G. P. Hanwas elected Supreme Grand President

Hook of London were put in nomina

convention with a majority of 19.

J. W. Carter, Toronto, was elected by acclamation as Supreme Grand Sec., this being Bro. Carter's fourteenth term as Grand Secretary.

Grand Treasurer, was elected by acclamation.

For Supreme Auditor: Geo. Clay society; now there were 217 lodges and and T. P. Williams were elected, both over 15,000 members, and it was still

For Supreme Trustees-Thos. R. Sippon, Dr. J. S. King, and J. C. Swait, all of Toronto.

The Grand Lodge adjourned at 11.30 to enable the scrutineers to count the ballots for the committee on general purpose

nounced the result of the ballot on the General Purposes Committee for 1896,

the visit of such an honorable and loyal body to the town, a town, in his opinion, second to none in the Dominion, second to none in the Dominion and the Domi Dr. J. S. King, E. T. Perry, Thos. getts, W. Hearn.

> The Beneficiary Committee will be composed of the following gentlemen for the ensuing year:

Bros. T. Skippon, Walters, Patching, Hancock, Pritchard, Burns, Hodgetts, Swait, Evans, Riddiford, Fisher, Moore,

T. N. Dyer was re-elected Deputy-President for South Africa.

Bro. James Lomas, one of the found ers of the Order, was by vote created a Past Supreme Grand President.

There was quite a rivalry shown in selecting the next place of meeting for

It was unanimously resolved that the order, with a grand object, and achievand that J. W. Carter, S.G.S., Toronto, man should enjoy his own religion. W. London, Belleville Intelligencer; There were some good speeches and Thos. Elliott, P.S.G.P., of Brant-This country was destined to be one of

the brethren were contending would The Grand Lodge then resumed business, discussing the new constitulishmen. The whole debate was car- tion in committee, with Bro. Thos. ried on in an ammated and interesting Elliott in the chair, and continued

THE BANQUET.

The banquet held in the Hown Hall was a grand success. The large T shaped table was surrounded by about 300 people and covered with choice delicacies from Mr. Pett's establishment. An onslaught was made on the good things about 8.30 and it was about an hour after this that E. Blundell, Hall at 9 a.m. After routine work the who presided as the head of the local election of Supreme Grand Lodge lodge, rapped his gavel on the table for order.

The toast to "The Queen" was drund with the usual musical honors. cock to his feet. After a few prelimin Bro. Thos. Elliott, P.S.G.P., of Brantford, was nominated but declined to Canada or the U.S. The first society stand for election.

For Supreme Grand vice-president,
J. W. London of Belleville and Jos.

He had joined the S.O.E. in its infancy. and he hoped he would die a member He had travelled between six and sever excellent opportunities of seeing the extent to which the Order had spread. He visited in all 130 lodges and from all he saw of the members, there was not a man in the Order to be ashamed of. He was indeed surprised at the growth B. Hincheliffe, Toronto, Supreme of the Order. Twenty years ago the grand Treasurer, was elected by acmet in Toronto and organized the society; now there were 217 lodges and spreading. It has gone across the fater to south Africa and also to Australia, where he hoped by this

time a lodge had been formed. S.G.V.P. Clatworthy also spoke to To the toast. He was sure the delegates had had a very pleasant time in Woodstock. He thanked the home lodge for its hospitality and the whole convention for paying him the honor of elect ing him to such a high position. It was the first time on record that the supreme officer had been elected withont opposition. He would not outline then his work for the year. He would only assure his hearers that he would do it with all thy might." The S. O. E. was the first society he ever joined and as it had ever been his first love it would continue so.

After Mr. Harris had sung "The Death of Nelson," for which he received an encore, S. G. S., Carter spoke to the toast. After thanking his hearers for their kind reception, he referred to the banquet as a very important occasion. The S. O. E. was a secret society but it had no secrets it wished to keep from the world. Their principles were wrapped up in "Love the brotherhood, fear God and honor the Queen." Their love to the brotherhood was demonstrated this year by the \$72,000 which they distributed to sick members. They took no second place in loyalty to Queen Victoria. The Society differed from some socialistic orders inasmuch as their aim was to build up and not pull down. Their training had a beneficial of the lodge-room. It was a grand

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ONE PRICE ONLY

THE LABOUR PROBLEM.

THE CHIEF FACTOR IN THE STUDY OF SOCIAL RE-FORM.

The following articles are from The British Israel Association of England. in the February issue. And to cite the arguments in full, which has so much interest for English speaking people, we publish both articles:

It must be evident to the most casual observer that the labour problem is it is becoming the question of the day. Labour Electoral Association, Indepenists, Fabian Societies, &c., are of frebusy centres of industry like Lancashire and Yorkshire. According to the Manchester Evening News, "the tide of emigration is now setting back from America to Europe," unmistakably. Statistics show that in the last six not this money be kept at home? months the arrivals of immigrants have departures for Europe. Mr. Carlisle, grants will be asked why they left these islands of ours will have to mainwhen we come to consider that there employment, we are forced to conclude that we are entering upon an acute state of affairs. No wonder, then, that men are trying to formulate schemes with the labour problem which has Conference, said :-

"Each year in the East End of Lon-don the distress was becoming keener, by reason of the fact that work became scarcer. If statistics were taken as to the condition of the poor at the present time, it would be found that there were 10,000 more persons receiving parish relief than there were twenty years ago. There were nearly 67,000 men, women and children in our London workhouses to-day, and over 41,000 more must be added to this number who were in receipt of outdoor relief. There was an permanently contribute to the prosincrease of 4,000 since Christmas last. perity or adversity of a nation, and re-His own opinion was, that the remedy was an Imperial one. Everyone ad- reasoning as suggests remedies for the mitted that it was a big question, but ills of the body politic that would be

engaged to till the land have flocked sound condition of each part. into the towns in order to find work It is a fact, a singular fact, that

vented. As Dr. Wild said two years ago, "The so-called Mayday celebrations in Europe are exhibitions that make crowned heads, capitalists and constitutionalists tremble in the balance."

Hottand.—

Gross annual earnings... Amount paid in rent.... Amount paid in rent.... Salaries of middle classes and profits of employers, &c.... Wages of working classes

Speaking of Manchester and district alone, the men who favoured Mayday demonstrations, say four years ago, these receive (as their share of £1,350,did not number more than fifty; now 000,000) the sum of £500,000,000. The they can be numbered by thousands, showing that the "gospel of discon- their share £850,000,000. tent" has been preached with good effect, whilst the propaganda, by means average per head, per year, are as folof tracts and leaflets has also been most lows :-

actively carried on. All this means that probably in a short time these people will dominate at the polls if they are not legislated for in a special manner. Speaking at Liverpool, on September 5, 1894, the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain said: "It is a deplorable fact that one out of two of you, if you live to sixty-five, will be obliged, owing to the failure of your faculties, to come Covenant People, the journal of the to the poor law for relief. I say that this is a state of things which deserves The first part of this article appeared attention." Now if the tide of emigra-in the January issue, it was answered tion is to cease, it is evident that this sad state of things will be increased.

Then, again, we are becoming more and more dependent upon foreign produce to feed our ever-increasing population. Fifty years ago Britain fed over six millions of her people on home being gradually forced to the front; grown wheat, and a little more than a indeed, now that Home Rule is shelved, million on foreign wheat. At the present time we feed about twelve millions Trade Congresses, meetings of the on home grown wheat, and twenty four millions on foreign grown wheat. dent Labour Party, Christian Social- This shows clearly what an immense service our navy is to us in securing a quent occurrence, and are attracting a safe passage over the seas for the enorvast amount of attention, especially in mous quantity of foreign produce which we require. It is estimated that there is at least £144,000,000 worth of British property always on the sea. We pay £30,000,000 a year to foreign countries for our daily produce alone. Why cau-

During the last fifty years this only equalled sixty-six per cent. of the country, under the inspiration of Adam Smith and the lead of Cobden and Peel the Secretary of the Treasury, has al- has almost altered its economical ready appointed a special committee to policy. The result of that change, and investigate the cause of the exodus. all the contributory causes to our pre-The inquiry will not be confined to the sent financial condition, are now open United States alone, but Europe will be to investigation. That investigation Manchester, Sept., 1894. visited, and many of the returned emi- may show the weakness as well as the strength of what goes by the name of America." All this simply means that Free Trade. It may disprove some of Cobden's fond anticipations. It may tain an ever-increasing population, and demonstrate that in its practical working Free Trade has benefited the manuare at present 700,000 persons out of facturing and commercial classes more than the agricultural and industrial. If so, it will be the function of economists to ascertain the causes of its partial action, and suggest to statesmen to enable the powers that be to grapple such modifications or additions as will secure a more even distribution of the such a grave outlook. Mr. E. H. Ker- fruits of labour. And while they are win, chairman of the Mile End Board employed in cautiously studying the of Guardians, speaking of the social completely new sets of facts presented problem section of the Grindenwald by fifty years of national business, it is open to non-experts to do the same.

At the present time, it is political conomists who are receiving most notice from certain quarters. And the reason is not far to seek. It is the economist's function to investigate the nature of wealth and the laws of its production and distribution. In doing this he must endeavour to look all round every element or factor of the problem. As wealth is the universal object of human desire, he must seek to understand all those causes which veal the fallacy of such economical it was becoming bigger every year." worse than the disease. He is a scientist dealing with facts; he is a philososight, openly advocates the cheapening pher reasoning from those facts, but he of the land as a means of relieving is not a philanthropist in the sense of There are really only three items which but several lives were lost during the the overstocked labour market, and he being one who meets temporary dishas evidently put his finger on the tress by temporary relief. His object the working classes, i.e., rents, interest, alone had one sergeant and fifteen triumphantly in the Texel, in sight of plague spot, because resolutions passed is not to show how a number of men and profits. by the above-mentioned bodies are in out of work may be preserved from keeping with this, one of his latest starving, but how an individual and a It is a well-known fact that thou- position of permanent well-being-for to speculate in business, hence, taking action with a considerable body of sands of acres of land in England have the grand truth of political economy is it all round, the working classes have Dutch and French, horse, foot and recently gone out of cultivation simply that the nation is "a body of many maintained through the period of de- artillery, under the command of because agriculture did not pay, the members," and that the healthful conresult being that those who used to be dition of the whole depends on the

and bread; these have so crowded the British-Israelites, as a rule, examine labour market, that where one man is only one side or set of statistics-i.e. wanted there are scores of applicants what appears to show national prosperity. Now, what is national pros

Seven-eighths of the people of this country belong to the working classes,

remainder (i.e., one-eighth) receive as Speaking in round numbers, the

Middle and upper classes.... £184 Working classes Is a healthy existence secured for society by this arrangement? Hardly. Then again look at the cost of human life this arrangement entails.

"At present the average age at death among the nobliity, gentry and professional classes in England and Wales is 55 years; but among the artisan classes of Lambeth it only amounts to 29 years; and whilst the infantile death rate among the well-to-do classes is such that only eight children die in the first year of life out of 100 born, as many as 30 per cent. succumb at that age among the children of the poor in some districts of our large cities. The only real cause of this enormous difference in the position of the rich and the poor with respect to their chances of existence lies in the fact that at the bottom of society wages are so low that food and other requisites of health are obtained with too great difficulty." (Dr. C. R. Drysdale, "Report on Industrial Remuneration Conference,"p. 130.)

In London alone there are at least 40,000 children who are driven to school every morning without breakfast, and with but scanty prospect of dinner. If this happens in the richest city in the world, the proportion in the other large centres must be greater.

Here we have a serious state of affairs British-Israelites to enquire into these under the Duke of York, whose rank things and use their influence to bring about a much-needed change. In the of the blood were calculated to confer meantime will someone suggest a

F. S. GANDY.

THE LABOUR PROBLEM.

I notice in the January number an distributed as follows :-

Rents

£1,350,000,000 The above figures are ten years old and incorrect for the present time.

1891-92 the income was £1,500,000,000, and estimated to be distributed as fol-

100,000,000

suits Interest on investments abroad 100,000,000 100,000,000 Paid for raw material, wool cotton, wood, food, etc.
Profit on the whole turn-300,000,000

£1,500,000,000

It is not, as Mr. Gandy says, that the wealthy get £184 to the working made for the shore, carrying their classes' £16 out of the national income. could be reduced to aid the income of disembarkation—the 92nd Highlanders

Already, rents have gone down 20 privates drowned. per cent, interest never was lower, and begun to penetrate into the flat sandy received his death-wound in 1653. community can help themselves to a profits are not great to encourage men country, when they found themselves in and, since 1885, have had an advance of 7 to 12 per cent.

Beeston Hill, Leeds, Jan. 3rd, 1895.

NEW ZEALAND DAIRY INTERESTS.

wanted there are scores of applicants for the job.

The question may be asked: What has the labour problem to do with Israel? Much, every way! The prosperity of the country does and must interest every British-Israelite. It is the duty of British-Israelites to examine dispassionately the newer ideas which are, as it were, regenerating the country, for we are undoubtedly threatened with a social revolution. If the advice of Lord Salisbury be acted upon trouble may be avoided and much suffering and probably bloodshed prevented. As Dr. Wild said two years of the factory system that the industry has developed to such an astonishing extent. The New Zealand Customs extent. The New Zealand Customs returns show the exports of butter to have been only 8,869 cwt., in1893, but in 1893 there was 58,174 cwt., valued at £254,646. The export of cheese in the former year was 2,519 cwt., but in the latter 46,198 cwt., valued at £99,626. Great as has been this advance, the Chief Dairy Instructor of the colony hopes for immense future developments when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with. These contents when certain difficulties have been fairly grappled with the certain the company of the compan been fairly grappled with. These consist in proper storage at the ports of shipment and in the steamers, and the present want of skilled operators in the factories.

lay the brave General Daendels. Our loss was small, and did not exceed 100 killed and 400 wounded. Among the officers who suffered were Colonel

PACES OF BRITISH HISTORY.

Historical Battles-Noteworthy Events in the Story of the Creation of the British Empire.

The "Helder," 1799.

The time was at hand when Holland was to be invaded by an Anglo-Russian army. The British ministry resolved to form of government and to renew the Orange then in exile.

Court of St. Petersburg; and the luckless Emperor Paul, "in consequence of him." the friendship and the ties of intimate alliance," as well as "their common Ralph Abercrombie to prepare for atand sincere co-operation in the present war against the French," on receiving a subsidy from Britain, agreed to supply 17,583 men, six ships of the line, five frigates, and two transports.

Britain began to mass her troops upon the coast of Kent, and it was determined that there should be two separate expeditions; one under Sir and I take it to be the duty of all Ralph Abercrombie, and the other as field marshal and dignity as prince honour on an enterprise which was to be joined by such of the Dutch refugees as intended taking the field. The Prince of Orange at the same time issued an address to his "dear countrymen," announcing that the moment for their deliverance was at hand.

Southampton was the rendezvous article on the above question by Mr. The first division of the British army Gandy, who states that the income of embarked on the 13th of August, on the nation is £1,350,000,000, which is board of 140 transports, and sailed from Ramsgate, Margate, and the adjacent £220,000,000 ports, under the convoy of Vice-270,000,000 Admiral Mitchell, who was to join the Admiral Mitchell, who was to join the fleet under Lord Duncan, then cruising 360,000,000 in the North Sea.

The weather proved very tempestu-500,000,000 ous, and it was not until the 22nd that the armament reached the Texel Roads. Preparations for a landing were made, but it came on to blow so hard on shore that the fleet again put to sea, the gale continuing with unabated fury for two days. Thus it was not until the 26th that the fleet came finally to anchor; and the disembarkation began near the Helder Point, at the north-east extremity of the low flat peninsula, where a strong fortress defends the entrance and road of Mars Diep.

The boats and launches of the fleet conveyed the troops ashore, aided by bands of Deal boatsmen and Sea Fencibles The reserve composed of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers and 55th, commanded by Colonel Macdonald, of 100,000,000 the latter, were the first that sprung on land.

Such was the ardour of the troops, that many men leaped into the sea and muskets and pouches above their heads;

The troops had scarcely formed and pression their own former incomes, General Daendels, an officer of experience and intrepidity, a determined enemy to the House of Orange, who had assembled them near Callanstorg, and had only deterred from opposing the landing by the mole in which Admiral Mitchell had moored the bombvessels and gun-brigs to scour the whole beach All our officers wore orange cockades in their caps.

A warm but very irregular action ensued at five o'clock in the morning, and lasted till three in the afternoon The British troops took post on a ridge of sand-hills that stretched along the coast from north to south. Three Daendels made vigorous efforts to dislodge their right. There a front of one batallion alone could be shown; but the narrowness of the position was, on the whole, perhaps favourable to troops as yet destitute of cavalry and artillery, as the former had not yet left Britain, and the latter were still on board the

lay the brave General Daendels. Our

Smollett, of the Guards, and Colonel Hay, commanding the engineers, whose leg had been shattered by a ball, and who died while it was being amputated. Sir Ralph Abercrombie. with his old staff, was under fire during the hottest of the action.

"The seamen, under the orders of Admiral Mitchell, landed all the baggage and stores of the army;" says an officer in his letter to a London paper, "and dragged up the field-pieces, rolling forward the casks of ammunition for the use of the troops with amazing dispatch. Parties of them fit out an expedition to restore the cld likewise followed the different detachments, and were extremely useful in old alliance and diminish the power of carrying off to the boats the wounded France, while restoring the Prince of men. The moment a soldier dropped, some of these noble fellows were ready As 30,000 men were required for this to take him up; and he was conveyed service, an application was made to the on board the hospitalship immediately. where the best care was ready for

The defeat of Daendels enabled Sir tacking the Helder, then occupied by 3,000 men, and the brigades of Major-Generals Moore and Burrard were detailed for that purpose; but about eight o'clock on the preceding evening the ships which had been anchored in Mars Diep got under weigh, when the garrison spiked their guns, took to their boats, and evacuated the fortress, which was immediately occupied by the 2nd battalion of the Royal Scots and the Gordon Highlanders, who found in it a numerous train of field

and siege artillery. During these operations Admiral Mitchell was not inactive, as he found means to open a direct communication with the Dutch fleet, and obtained possession of nine men-of-war and three Indiamen anchored in the Nieuwe Diep carrying 356 guns. Having shipped pilots at the Helder, he got under weigh with his squadron, consisting of nine ships of the line and five frigates, for the purpose of reducing to obedience the Dutch fleet, which he was determined to follow to the walls of Amsterdam, unless they surrendered to the British flag, or yielded to their lawful prince.

Accordingly, at five in the morning orders were issued to clear away for action; the ports were opened, the guns shotted and run out, and, notwithstanding that two ships and a frigate ran on snore, he passed the Helder Point and Mars Diep, and continued along the Texel in the channel that leads to Vlieter, the Dutch being then anchored at the Red Buoy.

The admiral now sent Captain Rennie, of the Victor, with a summons to the Dutch admiral and in about an hour after, on the 30th of August, his fleet, which had mutinied in consequence of the manifesto of the Prince of Orange was surrendered by Rear-Admiral Storey, who observed at the same time "that he acknowledged no other than the Batavian people and their representatives for sovereign," but "that the traitors whom he commanded had refused to fight." Thus the whole fleet, without firing a shot, hoisted the colours of the Prince of Orange, which were also flying from the steeple of the Helder; while the Union Jack floated the place where the brave Van Tromp

ONLY THE GENERAL'S COW.

Some years ago the commanding officer of a military station, desiring the grass around the quarters to be protected while it was growing, gave strict orders to the sentries that no one expenses that the desired products of the sentries of the sentries that no one expenses that the sentries that the

crept to the sentries that no one except the cow should be allowed to step over it.

The next day the general's wife called upon some ladies, and wishing to make a short cut, walked across the grass from one path to another.

'No one to pass here, madam,' said

'No one to pass here, madam,' said the sentry.

The lady drew herself up.
'Do you know who I am?' she demanded of the sentry.

'No, madam,' replied the impassive soldier, 'I do not know who you are; but I know that you are not the general's cow, and nobody else is permitted to walk on this grass.'—Harper's 'Young People.'

The Duke of Argyll declares that as a child he positively hated books; to-day he is one of the most well-read men of the time.

FLOUR AND FEED OF ALL KINDS KEPT IN STOCK.

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A RECORD TEST OF THE MERRY-WEATHER FIRE ENGINE.

Mechanical and Scientific Skill of Two Competing Firms-Triumph of an English Fire Engine over those of

over American productions of a like kind was perhaps never better illustrated than by the test of the new Merryweather fire engine, imported from England by the city of Winnipeg, for the fire than by the city of Winnipeg and the fire than by the city of Winnipeg and the fire than by the city of Winnipeg and the fire than by the city of Winnipeg and the fire than by the city of Winnipeg and the fire than by the city of Winnipeg and the fire than by the city of Winnipeg and the fire than by the city of Winnipeg and the fire than by the city of Winnipeg and the fire than by the ci England by the city of Winnipeg,

one of the celebrated Ronald make, built in the United Sates, one which has, in common with other engines owned by the city, done good work in the past; recent developments however disclosed to property owners the fact that the fire service was not adequate to meet the even increasing demands of the form of the past; It was then determined to the celebrated and two inches nozzles, 11-8 inches, the form of the stream thrown by the Ronald.

Third test.—Four line of hose 150 feet in length each, two nozzles, one inch and two inches nozzles, 11-8 inches, both engines being equipped alike as to "It was on the 15th of March," last he

the mercy of chance and good luck so far as fire is concerned. In the meantime the local agent of an American company made use of the opportunity to work up a feeling of antagonism against the new engine amongst a certain section of the community who profess to hold the idea that nothing of any use could possibly be obtained from England. So strongly was the opposition urged, and the ill-feeling inculcated, by the American agent and his friends, that the Merryweather rehis friends, that the Merryweather representative, ever on the alert, had to follow, on behalf of his firm, the tactics of the experienced trainer when his horses are at the racing stables.

As the day drew near for the test, bets against the English engine, were offered by the American faction, and in some cases taken by the "chumps," a her productions in the line of machinpolite soubriquet which some of these gentry apply to Englishmen.

machine were expected, is evidenced the glittering accessions, nickel, and by the fact that a constant watch had brass, with which our neighbours are to be kept upon it from the time of its so fond of adorning their work-addarrival at the Central fire hall till the ing weight without increasing efficitest on Saturday. Before giving any ency. description of the event it will, in estimating the relative powers of the two engines, be necessary to bear in mind that the English engine not only exercises at least twenty-five per cent. more dynamic force, but possesses the inestimable advantage, considering the deplorable condition of our side streets, of weighing something like two thousand one hundred and fifty pounds less than its cumbersome American com-

send each subscriber fifty-two complete novels during twelve months; one each week.

Previous to, and during, Saturday's test, a suspicious on-looker was observed hovering round. When the first heat was over and decided in favour of the Merryweather, some few seconds delay took place caused by changing the hose. In a trice everything was again in full blast when a loud detonation, followed by a rush of steam, and the cessation of the working of the machinery, proclaimed something wrong.

A tube had burst, the reason for the accident being announced to be that some miscreant had pratically shut off the suction valve and opened the void pipe, thus choking the flow of water into the boiler, and letting it blow out also, during the moments the engineer's attention was engaged making expression and the correct of the suction was engaged making expression and the correct of the suction was engaged making expression to the suction was engaged making expression and the correct of Landry's Paralysis in eight months; one each week and complete novel, by mail, post paid, every week for fifty-two weeks, and in addition you get the magazine on October 26, 1894, months; one ight months."

To confirm his story beyond all doubt, Mr. Dallimore made the follow-into another of getting a month for twelve months, and the complete novel, by mail, post paid, complete novel, by mail, post paid, every week for fifty-two weeks, and in addition you get the magazine once a month for twelve months, and the complete novel, by mail, post paid, every week for fifty-two weeks, and in addition you get the magazine once a month for twelve months; once and the complete novel, week for the authors in the coming and the complete novel, veeting the complete novel, by and the complete novel, veeting the complete novel, veeti

neer's attention was engaged making

arrangements for the change. A locomotive engineer, said to be a personal friend of a local agent of an American firm, was arrested on suspicion, but as no real harm had been done further than the delay of the official test for a few days it has been determined not to press the charge against

the alleged delinquent. At the second trial on the Wednesday following, 27th Feby., the Merry. weather and Ronald engines were placed side by side on the ice of the

Red River. The competition test which was then commenced resulted as follows:

THE ENGLISH ENGINE WINS.

First smoke showed in 20 sec. after lighting fires, fires being started at 3.05. At 3.10 the steam guage started moving; at 3.14 there was a steam pressure of 25 pounds; at 3.15, 50 pounds, and at 3.16, 100 pounds. Time from cold water to 100 pounds of steam pressure 10 minutes and 40 seconds.

As the Royard which

As the Rona d which was placed in competition was moved from heater and the water in boiler at about boil-

ing point the following figures will ing point the following figures will show in comparison from steam guage starts moving to a 100 pounds steam pressure: Time of guage moving to 20 pounds pressure, 5 minutes; time to 75 pounds, 7 minutes; time to 75 pounds, 8 minutes; time to 75 pounds, 8 minutes; time to 100 pounds, 9 minutes 15 seconds.

The above comparison shows a difference in favor of the Merryweather boiler of 3 minutes and 45 seconds, from time of first pressure shown on steam guage to 100 pounds per square inch.

COMPLETELY PARALYZED.

PHYSICIANS ARE ASTOUNDED

BY A PECULIAR CASE.

A Young Canadian Stricken With Paralysis while in New York—Returned to His Home at London, Ont., as He Believed,

American make at Winnipeg.

(Special to the Anglo-Saxon

The superiority of British machinery

American make at Winnipeg.

Second test.—Two lengths of hose, with Siamese coupling at branch, Merryweather using 15-8 nozzle, Ronald 11-2 nozzle. Distance of horizontal

England by the city of Winnipes,
Manitoba.

The engine selected to oppose was one of the celebrated Ronald make,

Comment should be needless further than as pointing out to Canadians that for articles of manufactures for which there is practically an unlimited demand throughout the world, such as fire engines, bicycles, guns and sewing astounded the physicians. Rev. Mr. Established 1869. machines, England for many reasons, can under sell all competitors, while trial to prove their superiority, the liams' Pink Pills for Pale People. 1 That attempts to tamper with the only thing likely to be slighted being

HOW IS THIS?

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TENDERS. INDIAN SUPPLIES.

Deputy Superintendent-General Indian Affairs,

COMPLETELY PARALYZED.

to Die-The Means of Renewed Health Pointed Out by a Clergyman who

sident of Madison, N.J., and a rare ex-

"Yes, its true that I had Landry's

to meet the ever increasing demands upon its efforts. It was then determined, against much opposition, to give an order for one of Merryweather's world famed fire engines.

Owing to delays in shipment, and some considerable side tracking on the road, time elapsed until the non arrival of the new engine was beginning to cause some anxiety amongst those interested in property of late, much at the mercy of chance and good luck so for as fire is concerned. In the mean-indicate the mercy of chance and good luck so for as fire is concerned. In the mean-indicate in the mean-indicate the mercy of chance and good luck so for as fire is concerned. In the mean-indicate the metal in the mean-indicate the metal in the metal those moments are beyond all descrip- Upholstery. tion, and death would really have been a welcome visitor.

"Now comes the part that has Gundy, a clergyman who visited me in my last hours, as he supposed, told me of the marvellous cures of paralysis ANY One ery, at least, require but the test of a that had been performed by Dr. Wilstarted to take the pills about April 28 Can Tell. . and a week after that felt an improvement in my condition, There was a warm, tingling sensation in the limbs that had been entirely dead and I soon began to move my feet and hands. The improvement continued until May 28, when I was taken out of bed for a drive and drove the horse myself. By

Something unique even in these days of manmoth premium offers, is the latest effort of Stafford's Magazine, a New York monthly of home and general reading.

The proposition is to send the Magazine on eyear for a dollar, the regular subscription price, and in addition to send each subscriber fifty-two complete novels during twelve months; one each week.

Olave Dallimore, being duly sworn on low enough to suit everyone.

from nervous prostration; all disease resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. There are no ill effects following the use of this wonderful medicine, and it can be given to children with perfect safety.

These pills are manufactured by the Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50. They may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company.

The British Budget for the coming year bears upon its front the very large item of \$93,500,000 for naval expenses.

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Graduate of Spencer's Optical Institute, New York, Is now prepared to correct all re-fractions of the eye.

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Lodge Directory

OF THE Daughters of England.

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Resc of England No. 23, meets in the SOE Hall Belleville, on second and fourth Friday of each month. Visitors always welcome. F. Waymark, Pres. Miss A. Corham, Sec.

Princess Mary No. 11—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Mondays in S. O. E. Hall, corner of Wellington and King Wm. Streets Hamilton. Visitors always welcome. W. White, Sec., Sarah Norah Hull, Pres. 231 Wellington st.

Mrs. F. E. Lane, Pres. Mrs. John Tulk, Seo., 141 Cartharine street. Queen Victoria No. 1, D. C. E. B. S., Hamilton, meets in Reliance Hall, corner James and Rebecca Sts., on the first and third Fridays of

Montreal.

Mrs. A. Tarling, Pres. | Mrs. H. Bradbury, Sec.

Ottawa.

Ivy No. 30—Meets 4th Wednesday of every month in Victoria Hall, Albert st., and Bank streets. Visitors welcome. E. J. Le Dain, Pres. Miss M. Lewis, Sec. 347 Wellington st. Lewis st.

ST. THOMAS, ONT.

Princess Louise, Ne. 3, B. O. E. B. S., St. Thomas, meets in their Hall Talbot Street, on 1st and 3rd Monday of every month Visitors welcome. E. W. Trump, Sec., J. Leach, Pres.

Winnipeg.

Princess Christian No. 24, D.O.E.B.S., meets in S.O. E. Hall, Stobart Block, 499 Portage Aye., on 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in each month. Visitors always welcome. Mrs. G. Davis, Pres. Emily Clark, Sec., Cor. Flora Ave and Charles st.

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OTTAWA, CANADA.

PUBLISHED. On the 1st and 15th of Every Month.

THE ANGLO-SAXON CO., P. O. BOX 296, OTTAWA, ONT., CANADA.

E. J. REYNOLDS, Manager.

Ottawa, - - - Canada. APRIL 1, 1895.

NOTICE TO READERS.

THE ANGLO-SAXON goes regularly to Sons of England lodges and branches of the St. George's Society in all parts of Manitoba, the British Northwest Territories of Canada, British Columbia, Ontario, Quebec, Nove Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island; to branch societies of the Sons of rge in all parts of the United States, to Clubs, Reading Rooms, Emigration Societies and similar institutions in Great Britain and Ireland, and to British citizens generally throughout Canada, the States, Great Britain and the Empire.

MILTIPLICATION OF VOTES.

Although most people are pretty well aware that "there is nothing new under the sun," that does not prevent them from giving new names to old subjects, or furnishing old polemical friends with new faces. What used to be called Louis XVI. proposed a plan of this equality of suffrage" is now brought to the front as the "one man-one vote" principle, and the Liberal Premier of New Brunswick has recently recommended a basis for the franchise law which has been advocated by some of the foremost philosophers and statesmen of the old world at various times during the last hundred and fifty years. Mr. Blair declared that the one manone vote principle was wrong, and that the franchise law instead of being vented the calamities of the Revolubased upon the theory of a vote for tion. each man ought really to provide for the multiplication of the votes as the have favoured this method of distribution of the possessions of the individual increased. We have heard this Sir Archibald Alison, who has explan referred to as "one vote-one capable of characterisation as the

was one of those attacks which the democracy there is continually making equality of suffrage is not the real on land and property owners, and poison which destroys society. Ab-which the latter do not seem to have stractly considered, there is much justhe pluck or power to resist. The object of the cry was to obtain such legislation as would prevent an individual, holding property in two or more constituencies, from voting in more than their labour, they are entitled to a cer-

We have known of numerous in stances in this country of persons entitled to vote in more than one constituency, and also exercising their right, but do not remember of its having been seriously proposed to interfere with their doing so. This has, however, are excluded. But if a vast body of matter for congratulation among Eng-Brunswick, and Mr. Blair is entitled to great credit for having promptly repudiated the "one man-one vote" cry, and for having "carried the war into Africa," and proclaimed his conviction that the true principle is that which prevails in the management of all joint stock undertakings.

There is an impression gradually assuming shape in this community that municipal government in the United States, and in many Canadian cities, is a failure, and people are beginning to find fault with a system which bestows as much power in municipal affairs upon the occupier of a shanty in Slabtown as upon the proprietor of a "Russell House" block. But power, distributed in this way, is just as dangerous in political as in municipal mat ters, and this has been acknowledged by many famous authors. Its inherent viciousness was maintained by far-seeing statesmen centuries ago, and it was effectively objected to even away back in the time of the Romans. On the division of the Roman people into centuries and tribes, which was the cardinal point of their constitution, Montes quieu makes the following important observation :-

"Servius Tullius was the author of the famous division of the people into this one by expressing the hope that Halicarnassus have so well described. He distributed a hundred and ninety-three centuries into six classes, and put the whole lower people into the last century, which singly formed the sixth class. It is easy to see that that ar-distributed a hundred and ninety-in multiplication of votes, and by wishing districts. By working as district lodges, we feel that more usefulness would follow the work of the Order. As matters are now the work has to be done from an isolated and individual point of the brethren may be seen. We extend the propose that the provincial or the from an isolated and individual point of the brethren with the from an isolated and individual point of the brethren with the from an isolated and individual point of the brethren with the from an isolated and individual point of the brethren with the from an isolated and individual point of the brethren with the from an isolated and individual point of the brethren with the from an isolated and individual point of the brethren with the brethren with the from an isolated and individual point of the brethren with the brethren with the from an isolated and individual point of the brethren with the brethren

rangement virtually excluded the low er classes from the suffrage not de jure but de facto. Subsequently it was agreed, that except in some particular cases they should, in voting, follow the division into tribes. There were thirtyfive of these tribes who gave each their vote: four were from the city, thirtyone from the country. The principal citizens, being all rural proprietors, were naturally classed in the country tribes: the lower people were all classed in the four urban ones. This circumstance was regarded, and with eason, as the salvation of the republic. faced. Appius Claudius had distributed the lower people among the whole tribes, but Fabius classed them again in the four urban ones, and thence acquired the name of 'Maximus.' The Censors citizens, and distributed the people in the tribes to which they legally belonged; so that the ambitious could not render themselves masters of their suffrages, nor the people abuse their

The Romans had good reason for styling that Fabius "Maximus," who lower classes, by their number, from an end. acquiring an overwhelming superiority in the government of the state. But for that circumstance the Roman constitution would have become, after the change of Appius Claudius, a mere prototype of the American democracy; a government constantly swayed by a be found necessary on the part of other numerical majority of the lowest class of citizens

When the time came afterwards, in modern history, that absolutism had of our provinces. They ought to reto give place to constitutional government, there were not wanting attempts to invest persons superior in property or position with extra political power. sort, giving each man a personal vote, and to the holders of property, in addition, more votes for their property. This plan was proposed to Turgot before the Revolution, but that minister, deeply imbued with the principles of democracy, rejected it; and Necker, following out his views, practically es tablished equality of suffrage, If this plan had been adopted and honestly carried out it might possibly have pre-

Among the political writers who pressed himself as follows:-"In truth "but it would seem also to be it deserves consideration by those who think on human affairs, and the probable form of government which may This political cry of "one man-one be expected to prevail in future among ote" was first raised in England, and men, whether universal suffrage is the real evil to be dreaded, and whether by the working classes, that, being members of the community and contributing to its support or opulence by tain voice in the direction of its affairs. If no one has a voice at all but the sovereign-as in a despotism,-or no one except a few magnates-as in an aristocracy,-the humbler classes cannot complain at least of inconsistency, whatever they may of injustice, if they ted, and still the great bulk of the working classes is excluded, it is not easy to see on what principle the exclusion of some can be rendered consistent with the admission of others. It deserves consideration whether the true principle would not be to give every able-bodied workingman, major and not receiving parochial relief, a vote, but a vote "of much less weight than his superiors in intelligence, property or station."

This was written in 1845, and it does seem strange that in all the measures for lowering the franchise which have since been passed in England, the influence of such suggestions does not ap pear to have been felt. Stranger still does this appear to be in view of the development of industry by means of joint-stock companies which has taken place in the same period. In these, influence is exerted and profit shared in proportion to each partner's inter-What is a state but a huge incor porated company, with unlimited liability, and why should not the same principle be applicable in its govern-

This is a theme on which volumes might be written, but there are limits to a newspaper article. We conclude centuries, which Livy and Dionysius the Premier of New Brunswick will

GREAT CRY AND LITTLE WOOL.

Much to our satisfaction a session and not an election has been decided on. The difficulties of the situation are first to be faced in parliament, and, when the people are appealed to, it will be with a clearer understanding of the issues involved. We congratulate the Government on its course and believe both in Canada and other colonies it will be found that the difficulties of the Empire. have been exaggerated. Besides, it is wonderful how rapidly real difficulties disappear when they are manfully

The importance which has been attached to the Manitoba school question has surprised us. At the present moment separate schools are legalised in Quebec and Ontario and no one comevery five years took a survey of the plains. In the maritime provinces the opposite system prevails and everyone is satisfied. This proves that sensible people can get on very well in either case, and that the matter is of a purely provincial character. If only our Roman Catholic friends in Quebec were a little less exacting and our Prctestant friends in Manitoba a little less discovered this way of preventing the belligerent the trouble would soon be at Canada. The Englishman has no na-

There is such a thing as giving a per son too much of his own way. The same thing may happen with communities. The United States is, for instance, getting to be the spoiled child among nations, and very likely it will tion by national factions, no matter countries to administer a little judicious other pretended rulers. reproof. Even this, however, we would wish to see avoided in the case of any derived from the Dominion, and, out of gratitude alone, they ought to avoid embarassing the Federal Government. to evoke a similar spirit among the in habitants of the province of Quebec.

GRAND LODGE MEETING.

The twentieth Grand Lodge gather ing of the Sons of England (200 representatives from all parts of our Dominion), which has just closed at woodstock, Ont., has done more good to solve the mysterious problem that has blocked the efforts of Englishmen in the past than any other gathering ever held. It has presented to the world the fact that Englishmen can unite for mutual benefit; that they can legislate for each other's good, and that they can hold fraternal and brotherly greatings with each other throughout Woodstock, Ont. has done more good greatings with each other throughout the British colonies.

The delegates were, to say the least, varied community. All the leading dialects from the shires of England were represented, and all were so enthusiastic for the furtherance of the aims of the Sons of England that all Englishmen in the colonies should feel its inspiring effect.

The establishing of the S. O. E. Order in far Australia is an acknowledged fact, when Bro. Boswell can secure a sufficient number of names to guarantee the opening of some 20 lodges, averaging from 50 to 500 in each. It is a hars of the S that their principles are so enthusiastically endorsed by our nationality in that colony, which goes to show that our Order has overcome the difficulty that has so often been thrown up against Englishmen-that they could not mould their ideas to bind each other together in a brotherly and fraternal spirit. The blending of the national with the fraternal and benevolent spirit is the point which has made the deep and lasting impression in the unity of Englishmen.

unity of Englishmen.

The meeting at Woodstock was characterized with the changes which experience alone had worked. It was found necessary for a change to be made in the system of governing the internal affairs of the Order. The Beneficiary—the most important factor in the Order—has been changed, which will be the means of increasing the usefulness of the work of that branch. The White Rose was allowed to remain as it was. Its power of usefulness is so limited that it will eventually, we have the distance of the work of the work of that branch. The above were carried unanimously the country of the first of the strain. His efforts deserve appreciation; his sacrifice should be recognized. An organ that will avoid all personalities, and strive to build up the Society, upon sound and honourable principles, is bound to prove successful and become a power for the Institution. A proposition is made by Bro. Reynolds which could easily be carried out and make the organ independent of any outside assistance, which at the present time, I understand, its receiving, which must to a very large extent deprive it of its independent character. I can without bias urgently recommend the Order to support the Anglo-Saxon." hope, be embodied by the Committee on Ritual into the Red Rose. The blending of the two would make a beautiful initiatory ceremony.

It will be observed in this issue of the ANGLO-SAXON that an effort has been made in the right direction-and one which we hope will be efficiently car-

of view, whereas the district idea would give a strong incentive to the furthering of the national character, which is such a prominent factor in our aims.

In future issues of the ANGLO-SAXON we shall take up legislative work, which, in our mind, is of much importance to our destiny as Englishmen,

OFFICIAL RECOGNITION.

The Executive of the Order, at the Grand Lodge meeting, endorsed the ANGLO-SAXON as the mouth-piece of the Society. We appreciate their kind references to our past services to the Order and to Englishmen, and we trust that the officers and members of the S. O. E. will never have an opportunity to regret the confidence reposed in us. We shall continue in the future as we have in the past, doing all we can to advance the interests of Englishmen. The time has now dawned when we, as a nationality, have to make a stand against aggressive national factors in tional prejudices to grieve over; he is, therefore, ever ready to maintain the unity of the empire against all comers, and will, irrespective of party, do his duty and his share in defending the mother country from internal disrupwhether they be home rulers or any

The Sons of England Society in member that much of their revenue is our efforts in the past have been successful in placing our nationality upon a basis of recognition among the different national elements comprising We are inclined to believe that the the population of Canada. Englishmen Manitoba Government will give fair in Canada are the most important poconsideration to the representations litical faction to-day of all nationalities; Dominion, and answer them in a one side or the other. They will defriendly and conciliatory manner, so as mand justice for all; they will see justice done all; but they will be aggresmerical strength, scattered as we are, tion in all parts of the Dominion and land Order throughout the world. See justifies us in demanding recognition advertisement. in Canada.

Bro. Wm. Hancock, S.G.P., speaks

as follows of the Official Organ:-

Bro. Geo. Clatworthy, S. G. V. P., as follows :-

follows:—

"I have long held the opinion that an Official Organ would be of great good to the Society. This opinion has been much strengthened by better acquaintance with the work and needs of our Order, which my year of office has afforded me. In this connection, I have pleasure in testifying to the services rendered the Institution by the Anglo-Saxon, especially in the Maritime Provinces, where nearly all the brethren take the paper, and who, I need hardly say, prize it much, it being the principal medium through which they can learn of the welfare of the Order."

The veteran Secretary, Bro. John W.

"The subject of an Official Organ has been so often before your honourable body that it is hardly necessary to say more than submit that it is of the utmost importance that we have some medium through which the aims and chiefts of our Society can be made some medium through which the aims and objects of our Society can be made known to the English population throughout the Dominion. Many attempts have been made by different parties to establish official organs for the Society, but have signally failed. The only one which has survived is the Anglo-Saxon. Nothing but the courage and pluck of our Brother, E. J. Reynolds, could have stood the strain. His efforts deserve appreciation; his

The above were carried unanimously by the General Purposes Committee, and adopted by Grand Lodge.

Notice to Lodges.

Lodges who have accounts due The ANGLO-SAXON would favor us by remiting same to us at as early a date adhere staunchly to his principle of the ried out—that of placing the lodges in as possible. A number of brethren

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The annual dinner of the S. O. E. lodges of the city of Ottawa was held on the 25th of March, and it was the best ever held by Englishmen of the Capital. The brethren were fortunate to have as their guest the Premier of the Dominion, Sir Mackenzie Bowell. A strong feeling of pride exists among Englishmen in the fact that he is not afraid to say "I am an Englishman." Although we have no special claim in placing him in the position, yet we are proud to see him the Premier of the Dominion.

The committee who attended so assiduously to the arrangements of the annual dinner of the Ottawa brethren deserve special mention. The chairman, Bro. Geo. Low, Sr., has, by his continued interest in the Order, filled all the minor offices and reached the highest position which is in the power of the Sons of England and Englishmen in Ottawa to give him. Bro. Low joined Bowood lodge as a charter member, and has continued working so zealously in the cause of Englishmen that he is now occupying the double position of President, having been elected to that office by Lodge Clarendon and the St. George's Society. Bro. W. R. Stroud's record is so well known that it would be out of place for us to dwell upon it now; suffice it to say that Bro. Stroud always does his share and does it well. Bro. N. B. Sheppard, the efficient secretary of Clarendon adopting the Anglo-Saxon to voice lodge, attended to the details of the their sentiments done so knowing that dinner, assisted by Bros. C. J. Folkes and L. Williams, until the whole affair was a credit to them and an honour to the Order and Englishmen of the capital.

The Sons of England Hall and Building Association of Manitoba, have now received their letters patent of incorwhich have been made to it by the they will not yield their influence to poration from the Provincial Government, and are only awaiting the arrival of their grand seal, from the office of the Supreme Grand Secretary of the sive to their own interests. Our nu- Order in Toronto, to enable them to issue share certificates, at Five Dollars makes our nationality a dominant fac- each, to members of the Sons of Eng-

S. O. E. NOTES.

At the regular meeting of Oxford Lodge, No. 17, Belleville, held last evening, there was a larger number present than have attended for a long time, many of the older memhers being present. The grand honors were given to Bro. London, who had just returned from Grand Lodge meeting at Woodstock, where he was elected Supreme Grand Vice-President. During the evening four candidates were initiated. The receipts of the evening were \$164.91

Bro. G. S. Ryerson, M.P.P., Toronto, has been appointed Assistant Surgeon-General of the Canadian militia.

The 43rd Battalion, of Ottawa, will visit Almonte on the 24th of May, under the auspices of the S.O. E. and A. O. U. W. lodges of that town.

Bro. Dr. Kidd, surgeon to Stanley lodge, Ottawa, has returned home from Kingston, where he was called by the serious illness of his father.

Several important communications have been laid over, they will appear next issue: also lodge news.

The Anglo-Saxon was not issued on the 15th of March.

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FESTIVE GATHERING OF BRITONS.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell Speaks of His Ex- stranger in a strange land, and that, at Songs by Several of the Company-A Loyal Gathering.

The first annual dinner of the united lodges of the Sons of England, which They were all going the same way was held on Monday night in the Oddfellows' Hall, Ottawa, brought together as pleasant a gathering of Englishmen and their friends as was ever seen in the Capital.

The hall was tastily decorated and the tables were laden with a most sumptuous repast. Bro. G. Low, President of Clarendon Lodge, was in the chair, on his left being Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Mr. Robillard, M.P., and on his right Sir James Grant, M.P., and Rev. Mr. Pollard, S.G. Chaplain.

tend were read by Bro. N. B. Sheppard Davis. from Bro. Neapold, Pembroke; Bro. J. W. Carter, Grand Secretary for Canada; E. B. Donaldson, Geo. Capt. Winter and Bro. Surgeon-Major O'Keefe, M.P.P., Bro. Dr. Church, Powell. Hon. E. H. Bronson and others.

THE TOAST.

After the usual loyal toasts had been disposed of, Bro. Ald. Cook proposed the toast of the Grand Lodge, Sons of England, which was responded to by P. G. P., Bro. W. R. Stroud. He said the growth of the Order had been slow at the start, but they now numbered 15,000, gathered together in 20 years. They were all Englishmen and were all over the country doing a noble work in helping brother Englishmen, They would all be proud that in this Canada of ours they had for once at the head of affairs an Englishman, and one who had worked his way up.

"Sister Societies" was responded to in eloquent terms by Bro. Rev. H. Pollard of St. George's Society, Mr. Jos. Manners, District Deputy of the Oddfellows, and Mr. Dan Story for the Unity Protestant Benefit Society.

"THE PARLIAMENT OF CANADA." Bro. Dr. R. W. Powell, in an able speech, proposed the above toast, and in doing so he dwelt upon the position which Canada held to-day in the commercial world. He attributed this in a great degree to the efforts of the opened our first regular White Rose, Premier, who had, by his active participation in colonial trade, brought that degree. Canada so prominently before the English-speaking world.

"THE PREMIER,"

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, on rising to respond, was enthusiastically cheered. He expressed the pleasure it afforded him to be present at a Sons of England gathering. Himself born in the good old mother land, he knew of no prouder boast than that he was an Englishman-(cheers)-meaning by that a Briton. (Renewed cheers.) The sentiment of loyalty to the mother land, which was one of the fundamental principles of the Sons of England, was, he was glad to know, the feeling of the overwhelming majority of the people of this country. On his recent visit to the antipodes he

FOUND THE AUSTRALIANS as intensely English as Englishmen themselves. (Cheers.) He had visited many legislatures while in session and heard many of their public men, and while recognizing the ability which those gentlemen possessed, yet he felt proud of being a Canadian and of the parliament of which he was a member. (Cheers.) Canada afforded a scope for every man; no matter how humble his origin in life, by industry and ability he could rise to the top of the ladder. (Cheers.) He hoped the day would never arrive in Canada when our people would desire to sever their allegiance to the mother land that purpose. Whether born in England or Scotland, Ireland or Canada, let them all be the land which gave them or their forefathers birth. Let them be prepared

perience that wherever one saw an the saying, "misery loves kindred the renowned abbey, over whose gates Englishman, one saw the jolly, genuine company," or that there is satisfaction was engraved: "If a man will not character. They had for their leader in knowing others worse off than our- work, neither let him eat," which, in now an Englishman and Sir Mackenzie selves, then his description of trade other words, was but a repetition of had the people of Canada at his back affairs in the great city should give it Gen. iii., 19: "In the sweat of thy face (cheers), and long might he remain to to us, and make us thankful we are in shalt thou eat bread." The Venerable the destinies of Canada. Sir Manitoba. handle James literature, and art they would secrecy from outside observation.

lay down their lives, if necessary, for

find the English, Irish, Scotch and French entwined together in peace and harmony. (Applause.)

A REMINISCENCE. Mr. H. Robillard, M. P., made a fine

speech. He referred to by-gone days when he had lived with Englishmen in Australia and Africa. He had been a periences in Australasia-Eloquent times when things looked dark, Eng-Address by the City Members- ilshmen had stood to him and extended a helping hand. He found them national, not clannish. He was then enjoying himself, a Roman Catholic, among a gathering of Protestants. and could go in harmony; if their road was shorter than his, so much the better for them. (Laughter.)

> OTHER SPEECHES. Bro. Rev. Hy. Pollard, in an eloquent our birth; Canada, the land of our adoption." Bro. Fred J. Alexander responded to the sentiment in an

equally eloquent manner. The toast of the "Mayor and Cornard Rogers and replied to by Mayor Letters of regret at inability to at- Borthwick, Bros. Ald. Cook and Ald. Caractacus, the former of whom is

Mr. Taylor McVeity and Dr. R. J. Wicksteed.

SAXON was chosen to fill that position, the cheers were loud.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell and ably 1esponded to by Bro. Low.

During the evening songs were sung by Messrs. Bartram, Cook, S. M. Rogers, Powell and Robillard.

The banquet closed with the singing of "God Save the Queen" about 1.30.

ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

Lodge Marlboro is still advancing At our regular meeting on the 28th of Feb. one candidate was initiated in the Red Rose degree, and one proposed. At the close of the meeting we when four members were advanced to

Our meeting on the 14th was one of the best we have ever held. After getting through the business on hand, Bros. Brownhill, Hillman and Stewart favored us with comic songs and Bros. Clark, Duffin, Ledford and Surgeon Addy with speeches. Judging from the sentiments, and the manner in which these speakers were received, Lodge Marlboro grasps the true spirit of the Order, and every member feels we are the nucleus around which the Englishmen of St. John must eventually gather, when the aims of our Order are better understood outside the lodge-room.

of a speaker; memories long forgotten awaken and we are carried back to the land of our child hood over the PEAKE.

WINNIPEG S. O. E. NEWS.

The Board of Directors of the Sons of England Hall and Building Association of Manitoba held their first meeting since receiving their Letters Patent of Incorporation from the Legislature of Manitoba on the 1st of March. After a full discussion of the best medium for advertising the enterprise amongst members of the Sons of England Order everywhere, a resolution ly pride urged her to take poison to was passed that the advertising columns of the Anglo-Saxon be used for

The presentation of a P. P.'s jewel to Bro. R. S. Cox, the last retiring pre-British subjects. Let them glory in sident, was effected in a genial manner, accompanied by a neat address from age and virtue. the present W. President, Bro. J. Corto defend her at all times, and ready to bett.

the Queen and constitution. (Loud Lodge Westward Ho, Bro. Craston, gius, whose family name was Morgan. who has been in England some two It is said he was born at Bangor, where Sir James Grant could say from ex- years, was read. If there is truth in (about A. D. 400) he became prior of

made one of his most brilliant The S. O. E. Hall people are making the Abbey of Bangor were 2,000 monks, es, closing up by reminding the considerable improvements in the ante-each of whom had to earn a living by that go where they might, in room, in order to preserve absolute some sort of hard work.

MEN AND WOMEN

WHO HAVE HELPED TO MAKE

ENGLAND GREAT.

Cæsar, the greatest of Roman generals, took 30,000 veterans and 800 vessels to invade Altion and defeat Casivellaunus 55 years before our era, with no other result, Tacitus says, than to and deposed by a synod of Winchester This negative victory of Cæsar's ain." showed proud Rome that a spirit of independence and enterprise existed in time forth Britain became a factor in at the Council of Diospolis. The address, proposed "England, the land of the world's affairs, and had to be reckoned on when European interests were dealt with. Nearly an hundred years elapsed before another attempt was made by Rome to conquer the island, when Claudius sent 50,000 men, under poration" was proposed by Bro. May- Omlus Plautius, for that purpose, who succeeded in defeating Togodomnus and slain and the latter takes refuge with "The Army and Navy" was respond- the Silures in south-east Wales, and ed to by Bro. Capt. Maynard Rogers, prosecutes the war against the invaders for about eight years. He again suffers a defeat at the hands of the "The Ladies" found champions in Roman general, Ostorious, and takes refuge among the Brigantes, whose Queen, Cartismandua, gave him up a The "Press" was fittingly responded prisoner to the Romans, whom he asto by Bro. Ald. Fred. Cook of the Lon- tonished by his dignified and independon Times, England, and the ANGLO- dent bearing to such an extent that the SAXON representative. When the an- Emperor Claudius ordered his fetters nouncement was made that the time to be removed, and treated him and had arrived, in the opinion of the Su- his family with magnanimity. The preme Grand Executive of the Order, scene of the meeting between the capthat we Englishmen should have an tive Briton and the Roman Emperor, official organ, and that the ANGLO- so grandly and vividly related by Tacitus, should be read by every true Englishman, as it depicts in glorious style "The Chairman" was proposed by the manliness and true greatness of this early, but unfortunate Briton.

It seems the British royal family had embraced Christianity and fostered it, through St. Paul, who, in his second epistle to Timothy, iv., 21, mentions Linus (Lleyn), son of Claudia (Gladys), these latter-day Englishmen. daughter of Caractacus; also Pudens, husband of Claudia, all of whom had become converts and friends of St. Paul.

When voices whisper to us, not only from distant Asia, but from Gaul, that St. Paul preached in Britain, "we cannot help," asDr, Wiess says, "ascertaining, as much as possible, a historic fact so interesting to England's and America's English speaking millions of the present day, the great benefits we have derived from the captive Briton having known and influenced the great Apostle, for it is almost certain that Paul did preach the gospel in England.

Theoderet, Bishop of Cyrus, in Syria (A.D. 420-451), says, in his com. on II Timothy: "When Festus sent Paul to Rome, the Apostle, after his acquittal, travelled to Spain and other countries, and to islands beyond the sea." Elsewhere, the same author writes: preached to the Britons and other nations in the west." We also read in Demonstz, Evang., lib. 3, of Eusebius. Each meeting becomes more inter- Bishop of Cesarea (A. D. 324): "The peachable oriental voices go far to prove that St. Paul went to Britania, especially when we consider that Fortunatus, Bishop of Poiters (A. D. 560-609), says: "St. Paul crossed the ocean and landed on an island which Britan-

nus held." Insults offered to Bradicea and her daughter by the licentious Roman, Catus, so roused the British blood of the Queen that the lives of 70,000 Romans were lost, and, although the brave Queen and her army were beaten, her British virtue and true womanprevent her from falling into the hands of the sensual conquerors, and for centuries this true woman was held up, not only to the young of her own country, but to the young people of all the Roman world, as a model of cour-

England saw among her prelates the first western Protestant against Papal A letter from the late Secretary of dictation. That Protestant was Pela-Bede and other writers tell us that in

Pelagius was one of the most erudite

scholars of his time; he was not only well versed in ancient, but in Celtic lore. He admired Origen and was opposed to Augustine and Hippo. He preached against the teachings and corruption of Rome, and had an immense following in Europe, Africa and Asia. He advocated with irresistible vigour the principle that the British people should alone be the judges of their own church and their own re quirements. Although the life of this bold reformer had been without blem ish, he was henceforth styled heretic get a view, not a possession, of Brit-He resigned the Abbey of Bangor and visited Rome, whence he passed to Africa with Celestius, the most learned and most zealous of his adherents. Albion of a kind Roman arms had not Wherever he went he taught his doc before encountered; and from that trines. His opinions were denounced tized them and forced them to retract But, like Gallaleo, retraction did not make him change his mind. He was condemned again, A. D. 415, by the Council of Carthage. He was excommunicated by the Pope, and the Emperor Honorious decreed that all who believed in the teachings of Pelagius should be treated as heretics, and "that Pelagius and Celestius should be ban ished from Rome as heresiarchs and disturbers." This rescript is still in existence and is dated April 30th, A. D. 418. Pelagius, obliged to leave Rome, went to Jerusalem, where he found no asylum, and it is not known at what time or place he died, but it is generally supposed he was spirited away. We read that his persecutors were want to say: "speak not to Pelagius or he will convert you." Surely no greater eulogy could attach to any mortal. Of his nu merous works, written in elegant Latin, only fragments remain, as the Church of Rome did all it possibly could to destroy any possible evidence of the gallant Briton's existence. No man in early English history-Alfred excepted-did more to make Britain known and to establish free speech and liberty of conscience than did this learned and noble Briton, and his name latest novelties in Window Shades, from 30c and actions should not be forgotten by up

FRED. T. HODGSON. Collingwood, March 16th, 1895.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.

The complete novel in the April issue of Lippincott's is "Alain of Halfdene," by Anna Robeson Brown. It is a stirring tale of the sea, pirates, rescuers, and Mr. Desert (then by no means so well known as now) in the days when Washington was President. "At the Hop-Pole Inn," by Mrs.

Poultney Bigelow, tells how curiouly a near sighted Englishman and his young wife were reconciled after a first quarrel.

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CANADA A TERROR.

TO THE UNITED STATES, WHICH SHE DRIVES TO DESPERATION.

(New York 'Evening Post.')

The Scholar in Politics, Mr. Dana of the New York 'Sun,' did a great deal of 'the work of the world with much 'dust and sweat,' on the naval appropriation bill in the Senate. He gave a rapid survey of foreign politics, showing how Russia is gaining strength in the Orient and is sure to come into collision with England sooner or later, and how France will join Russia in that conflict on account of her jealousy of English influence in Egypt. There is another impelling force pushing France

into war. Modalion is growing so rapidly that the conservative element can find protection only by throwing itself again into the arms of the man on horseback. 'When that is done, says the Scholar, 'war is inevitable and instant.' How does that affect us? The Scholar has an answer ready 'We are a part of the European balance of power. As in 1778 and 1812, we shall find ourselves in practical alliance with Russia and France, and in practical hostility to England and the Dreibund. Some people may remember, although the Scholar has forgotten, that in 1812 Russia and France were in deadly conflict, and that Russia was so friendly to us that she offered herself as a mediator between us and England, and actually took the first steps that led to the treaty of Ghent. Notrifle of that sort stops the Scholar. Having got us into alliance with Russia and France and its hostilities with England, Germany, Austria and Italy, he goes on to explain why we are in a position so far removed from the tenets of Washington's farewell address. 'It is because, solong as Great Britain remain a power on this continent, in Canada, we can be nowhere else.' There is some mystery about this which the Scholar ought to explain. In 1854-55, England was actually engaged in war with Russia, and she was 'a power on this continent in and feeling reply, after which a Canada, yet we did not find any incon- pleasant time was spent with speech veniednce in tat fact. 'Her fortifica-tions threaten us,' says Mr. Lodge; The jewel, which was from the esta-'Halifax is a menace to us, Bermuda is a menace to us, and so is Kingston, so is the one opposite the isthmus.'
Which one, Fiji or St. Lucia? 'So is
Esquimalt on the other side; and the Canadian Pacific Railway, built by the bership. Government, cannot be justified by any

commercial principle.'
We think that the Scholar has made one mistake in his array of reasons why we should have a navy large enough to fight somebody. When he puts us in the attitude of siding with France against Germany in the next great European conflict, he does not reflect sufficiently on the fact that the German vote is much larger than the French vote. Indeed, there is practically no French vote in this country worth catering to. Even the English vote is larger than the French vote. So, too, it seems to us that the Scholar has overestimated the menace of Halifax and the other places he speaks of, and has misconceived the principles upon which the Canadian Pacific Railway exist. If Halifax is a menace to

tained a touching reference to the deaths of the treasurer, Mr. Mills, and Mrs. Slater, widow of a former president of the society.

On motion of Mr. Marler, seconded by Dr. Mark, the report was adopted. Mr. Gliddon, acting treasurer, pre sented his report, which was adopted on motion of Ald. F. Cook, seconded by Mr. Winter. The receipts of the year were \$440, disbursements \$404, balance in bank \$977.

On motion of Mr. Marler, seconded by Mr. Starmer, a resolution of condolence with the widow and family of the late treasurer, Mr, Mills, was unanimously adopted. Mr. Mills had been actively connected with the society for the past twenty-five years. The exection of officers resulted as follows:

President-Geo. Low, senr. 1st Vice-President-Ald. Fred. Cook 2nd Vice-President-C. Downing

Fripp. Secretary-C. F. Winter. Assistant Secretary-Harry Bott. Treasurer-Wm. Gliddon.

Chaplains-Rev. Messrs. Bogert, Pollard, Saunders, Mackay and Winfield. Committee—Col. White, W. L. Marler, H. Bott, H. T. Pritchard, C. F. Whittey, F. C. Lightfoot, and G. E. Preston.

Stewards-J. E. Andrews, T. Starmer, J. Musgrove and B. Chilton. Auditors-Messrs. Wm. Parris and W. Lake Marler.

Is was decided to celebrate the St. George's Day by means of a concert, and to invite Rev. Dr. Saunders, pastor of the Western Methodist Church, to preach the anniversary sormon on the Sunday preceding St. George's Day.

BELLEVILLE.

At the regular meeting of Lydford lodge, on March 4th, Bro. H. F. Ketcheson presented Bro. Charles Herring, Past President, on behalf of the lodge, with a Past Master's Jewel, accompanying which he made some flattering remarks. Several of the brethren also spoke in a congratulatory vein, and Bro. Herring made a neat blishment of Mr. Allan McFee, was a fine piece of workmanship and was much admired. The lodge is in a prosperous condition and accessions are constantly being made to its mem-

WELL SATISFIED.

Mr. Jas. McPherson, of Clanwilliam, says he has no fault to find with Manitoba. He came here in the year 1879 with about \$1,000 but poor years at first soon ran through that sum. However perseverance prevailed in the end and to-day he is in a good position. mains to its last resting place. as independent as man may be. A goodly number of horses, a large herd of cattle, numerous hogs, fair buildings, machinery all paid for, and a crop this year of over 3,000 bushels of grain. He thinks there are lots of men worse off

THE DELINEATOR FOR APRIL IS CALLED THE SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT NUM-

way exist. If Halifax is a menace to the same of the s

The London Board of Trade returns show that imports increased £5,850,000 and exports decreased £1,710,000 during the last month, as compared with February last year.

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DAUGHTERS AND MAIDS OF

ENGLAND B. S.

AIMS AND OBJECTS.

The Daughters of England Benevolent Society is formed and composed of honourable and true Protestant Englishwomen who are in good bodily health and between the ages of 16 and 50 years, in association for mutual aid; to educate our members in true principles of womanhood, whereby they learn to be charitable; to practice true benevolence, and to keep alive those dear memories of our native land; to care for each other in sickness and adversity, and when death strikes down one of our members to follow reher

EXTRACTS FROM CONSTITUTION. Rule 36.—Each Lodge shall, at its institution, consist of not less than twelve members, who must be daughters of Englishmen; but at no time shall have more than eight male financial members, who must be members of the Sons of England Benevolent Society, and every lodge can admit an unlimited number of male honorary members, who must be members of the S.O.E.B.S. Rule 79.—The Initiation Fees into this Order shall be paid in every case before the candidate is initiated, less 50 cents paid on application. All candi-

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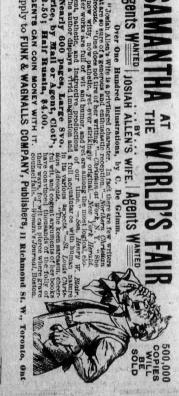
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WINNIPEG, MAN.

UNITED WHITE ROSE LODGE.

The United and only White Rose Degree Lodge of Winnipeg, consisting of the W. R. members of Westward Ho. No. 98, Neptune, No. 144 and Shakespere, No. 164, meet in the S.O.E. Hall, t, 290 Fortage Ave., the 2nd Friday in each month at 8 p.m. Visitors cordially wel-

J. DAVIS, PRESIDENT. JOS. HARRISON, SECRETARY Box 666.

Boys of England.

Brantford.

Lodge Juvenile No. 6, meets on 2nd Tuesday of every month in S. O. E. Hall, Heyd's Block. Visiting brethren welcome Henry Morton, Pres. Wm. Moss, Sec.

Hamilton.

amilton No. 1—Meets the 4th Monday in each month in St. George's and Sons of Eng-land Hall, 12 MacNab St. n. H. Walker, Sec. 19 Woodbine Cresent.

Ottawa.

Lion Lodge No. 9, meets in Derby Lodge room on 2nd Tuesday of the month. F. Jarman, Pres., D. Walch, Sec. 103 Bank street 273 Besserer st. St. Thomas.

Waterloo Lodge No. 13—Meets in Chester lodge room corner of Talbot and Elgin streets on the 1st Friday of the month. Visitors always welcome. E. W. Trump, Sec. M. Upton, Pres. 154 Manitoba st.

M. Upton, Pres.

Winnipeg, Man.

Queen of the West No. 25, Meets on the 4th
Friday in each month in S O E Hall, 290 Portage Avenue. Visitors welcome.
S O Bray, Pres.
Jos. Harrison, Sec-Treas
P O Box 666.

ONTARIO.

Almonte.

Nelson No. 43, Almonte—Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays at their hall, Mill st. Visiting wel-come. Jas. H. Bennett, Sec. Les Vicholson. Pres. Box 217. Jos. Nicholson, Pres.

Arnprior.

Severa No. 189 Meets first and third Friday of each month in Oddfellows' Hall, John st. Visiting brethren extended a hearty welcome. Geo. Richman, Pres. H. G. Smith, Sec.

Aylmer.

Prince Albert No. 61 meets in Sons of Eng-Hall, over Sun Office, the 1st and 3rd Fri-days month. We are always glad to see visiting brethren.

J.L. Lambert, Pres.

A. J. ELMOTT, Sec.

Barrie. Southampten No. 28, Barrie—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month in the Foresters' Hall, Bothwell's Block. A. E. Lewis, Pres.

A. E. Lewis, Pres. Brantford.

Salisbury, No. 42—Meets alternate Thursdays.
First meeting in the year January 5th, 1893,
the A.O.F. Hall.
Wm. Irwin, Pres.
R. W. Nicklinson, Sec.,
Box 605, Brantford Welfe No. 105—Meet 2nd and 4th Fridays in each month in A. O. F. Hall, corner of George and Dalhousie streets Visiting brethren wel-

G. H. Golding, Sec. Box 415, Brantford F. Harrison, President

Belleville.

Oxford No. 17, Belleville—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month at their Hall, Front St. J. Fenn, Sec. GR Warham, Pres. Belleville. Blackstock.

Grimsby No. 106, meets 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month, in the Orange Hall, Church st, Visiting brethren will be made heartily wel-come. R. H. Prust, Sec. come.

Brockville.

suffolk No. 87, Brockville—Meets every 2nd and last Mondays of each month in Sons of England Hall, 208 King street. W. R. D. (1st) first Monday in each month. Visiting brethren made welcome.

Arthur C. Bacon, Sec. Wm. White, Pres.

Bowmanville.

Wellington No. 19, Bowmanville—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month, in the Sons of England Hall. Bounsall's Block. Vis-iting brethren always welcome. W S Bragg, Pres. F. R. Dunham, Sec. Burlington.

Burlington, No. 156, Burlington, Ont.—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in G. Allan's Hall. Visiting brethren will be extended a hearty welcome welcome. W. Fleetham, Pres. Chas. E. Tolhurst, Sec. Box 96.

Campbellford.

Devonshire, No. 92—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in the A O U W Hall, Dominion Block, Front street, Campbellford, Visiting brethren welcome, E. J. Waterman, Pres. | J. W Cummings, Sec.

Carleton Place.

Beaconsneld No 171, Meets each 2nd and 4th
Monday at 7.30 in their hall, over the Central
Canadian Office. Visiting brethren welcome.
Harry Kemp, Pres. Jas. G. Bate, Sec., Box 49.

Clinton.

Sheffleld No. 83, Clinton, Ont.—Meets 1st and 3rd Thusday of each month, in the S.O.E. Hall, Victoria Block. Visiting brethren N. Robson, Sec. H Joyner, Pres.

Chatham. Thames No. 101.—Meets every Monday night in the Sons of England Hall, King st. Visiting

W. A. Moore, Pres. Chas. F. Chanter, Sec. Collingwood.

Canterbury No. 34, Collingwood—Meets every 2nd and 4th Friday in Union Hall. E. Ward, Sec., Box 604, Collingwood. — Lockton, Pres.

Cornwall.

Victoria No. 12, Cornwall—Meets alternate Wednesdays in Colquohoun Block. Visiting members welcome. John Sugder, Sec., Alex. A. Woodward, Pres. | Box 424, Cornwall.

Fort William.

Guildford No. 111—Meets Second and Fourth Mondays in each month at the K. of C. Hall, Fort William. Visiting brethren welcome. C. Stewardson, Pres. | R. F. Waddington, Sec.,

Galt.

Reyal Oak No. 26, Galt-Meets in S. O. E. Hall, on alternate Wednesdays beginning with first Wednesday in January, 1894, cor. Main and South Water streets.

Jesse Welland, Pres. Chas. Squire, Sec.

Liverpool No. 140, meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays of each month in the A.O.Y.W. Hall, corner of North Street and Square.
R. Wavrington, Pres., W. S. Swaffleld, Sec.

Gravenhurst. Dover No. 72—Meets in S.O. E. Lodge Room,
Gravenhurst, meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays.
Visiting brethren welcome,
Frank Newton, Pres.
C. E. Gibbons, Sec.

Guelph.

Royal City No. 73, Guelph—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursdays every month, in the hall in Tovell's Block, Upper Windham street. Visiting brethren will be extended a hearty welcome.

W. C. T. Hill, Pres.

Harry Bolton, Sec.

Hamilton.

Britannia No. 8, Hamilton—Meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of every month in St. George's and S. O. E. Hall, MacNab street north. Visit tors welcome. James Fisher, Sec., Geo. Alderson, Pres. 101 Oak Avenue.

Geo. Alderson, Pres.

101 Oak Avenue.

Acorn No. 29, Hamilton—Meets 2nd and 4th
Tuesdays in St. George's Hall, corner James
and King William sts. Visitors welcome.
Wm. Hancock, Pre.
37 Locomotive st.
Hearts of Cak No. 94, Hamilton, meets on the
first and third Mondays of each month, in
Wenthworth Hall, corner of Wellington and
King William streets.
Sam Hull,
Pres.

101 Oak Avenue.

Hedley Mason, Sec.
13 James st.
Hearts of Cak No. 94, Hamilton, meets on the
Visitors welcome.
Hector H. Martin, Sec.
22 Wellington St.

Pres. 22 Wellington St.

Beyon No. 102, Hamilton, Mountain Top Barton, meetings are held every first and thind Wednesday of the month. All members of the order invited. Sackville Hill, Sec., Robt. Hooper, Pres. | Chedoke, P.O., Barton. Baborne, No. 122.—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month, in the St. Mathew's Hall, Barton street, east, Visiting brethren welcome. John W. Hannaford, Sec., W. C. Bentley, Pres. 135 John street n.

Mole, Marton street, M. W. Hannaiow, W. C. Bentley, Pres. 135 John street n. W. C. Bentley, Pres. 136 John street n. Gernwall No. 121—Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays of each month in St. George's and Sons of England Hall, 12 MacNab St. Visiting brethren welcome. H. Walker, Sec., C. Salmon, Pres. Woodbine Cresent Hamilton, No. 123—Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, in St. George's and O. E. Hall, Menab st., n., Hamilton, Visiting brethren welcome. H. P. Bonny, Sec., 635 King St. East.

Huntsville.

Croyden No. 85, Huntsville, Ont.—Meets the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Tem-perance Hall, Main street. Visitors welcome. A. Ventress, Pres. J. G. Rumsey, Sec.

Ingersoll.

Imperial, No 176—Meets the second and fourth Tuesday in each month at the Foresters Hall at eight oclock p.m. Visiting brethren wel S. King, Pres. J. W. Cudlipp, Sec. Box 207.

Kingston.

Leicester No. 33, Kingston Meets in their hall, cor. Princess and Montreal sts., on the 2nd and 4th Monday in every month, at 8 p.m. A hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren.

G Bonny, Pres Albert st.. Williamsville.

Lambton Mills. Bradford No. 91, Lambton Mills, Ont.—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays of each month in the I. O. O. F. Hall. Visiting brethren made we-clome. Jos. W. Jarvis, Pres. H. Phillips, Sec

Westminster No. 20—Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday in Association Hall, cor. Kent and Cambridge streets.
R. G. Harris, Pres. F Perry, Sec. Lindsay.

Longford Mills. Lodge St. Asaph, No. 139.—Meets list and 3rd Fridays in Public Hall, Longford Mills. Visit-ing brethren made welcome. H. E. Peacey, Pres. J J Jabbett, Sec.

London.

"Censington No. 66.—Meets ist and 3rd Thursdays, at Albert Hall. J. F. Chapman, Sec.,
76 Dundae st., London west Londesborough.

Lendesborough No. 143—Meets the 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month in the Forosters Hall. Visiting brethren will always find a hearty

Welcome. Geo. Snell, Pres. — Geo. E. Williams, Sec. Midland.

Cromwell No. 84, Midland, Ont., meets in Forresters Hall, 4th Tuesday in each month. Visitors welcome. Frank Cook, Pres. R. O. Stokes, Sec. Milton, No. 172, meets 1st and 3rd Thursday in every month, in Old Masonic Hall, Visiting brethren velcome. W. Wilson, Sec., Geo. Appleby, Pres. Milton, west.

Merriton. Union Jack No 201, meets in the R T of T Hall on the 2nd and 3rd Mondays of each month. Visiting brethren welcome. J. B. Jackson, Pres. John Pullan, Sec.

Newtonville. Newton No. 166—Meets 2nd and 4th Mon-days in Orange Hall, Newtonville. Visiting brethren welcome. | John W. Bradley, Sec., S. Knight, Pres., Clarke, P. O.

or thren welcomes.

S. Knight, Pres.,

Oshawa.

Essex No. 4—Meets in S.O.E. Hall alternate Tuesdays from January 2nd. Visiting breth-W. S. Bowden, Sec.,

Box 249, Oshawa.

Orillia.

Rose of Couchiching, No. 23, meets 1st and 3rd Monday in the month, in S. O. E. Hall. All visiting brethren will receive a hearty welcome. Wm. Swinton, Sec., J. L. Jenkins, Pres. welcome. J. L. Jenkins, Pres. Ormsby. Cumberland No 167, meets every 1st and 3rd Tuesday in the month in Victoria Hall, Orms-by. Visiting brethren welcome. Ernest Steel, Pres.

Bridgewater No. 204, Sarnia, Ont., meets lst and 3rd Fridays of each month in I. O. F. Mall. Visiting brethren welcome, Fred. C. Watson, Pres. | W. H. Fletcher, Sec. Proint Edward.

Point Edward.

Ottawa.

Derby No. 30, Ottawa—Meets on the 2nd an 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Workman Hall, Albert st. John Trowbridge, Sec Ed Aust, Pres. Ottawa East.

Bowood No. 44, Ottawa—Meets every 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month at Wellington st. J Berry. Sec., Frank Low, Pres. at Cole's, 160 Sparks st.

Stanley No. 55, Ottawa—Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month at Wellington st. J. Wn. Lees, Pres. Wellington st. Russell No. 56, Ottawa—Meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month at the Orange Hall, New Edinburgh. Chas. Sharpe, Sec., R. Tink, Pres. 21 John st. C. Tink, Pres.

Clarendon—White Rose—meets every 4th
Monday of each month in Victoria Hall,
Albert street. Members please accept this
as monthly notice, N. B. Sheppard, Sec.,
Geo. Low, sen., Pres.,

11 Somerset st.

Owen Sound.

Mistletoc, No. 86.—Meets in I. O. F. Hall, cor-Water and Division streets, 2nd and 4th Wed-nesdays, Visiting brethren welcome. Geo. Price, Pres. A. W. Manley, Sec.

Pembroke.

Black Prince No. 157. Pembroke, Ont.—Meets
1st and 3rd Thursday of each month in the
Forrester's Hall. Visiting brethren welcome
J. H. Barrand, Pres. Wm. G. Cressey, Sec, Port Arthur. Winchester No. 99—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday each month, Knight of Pythias Hall, Arthur street.
R. Rinnington, Sec. Frank Merrix, Sec.

Port Hope. Durham No. 15—Meets atternate Wednesdays, first meeting in the year, January 10th, 1894, in S.O.E. Hall. Visiting brethren welcome. W Jewell, Pres., J. H. Rosevear. Sec., Box 375.

Peterborough. Lausdowne No. 25, Peterborough—Meets in Sons of England Hall, Hunter st., on the 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month. Visiting brethren made welcome. WRD meets 2nd Monday in every month.

Geo. Carpenter, Pres. E. A. Peck, Sec.

Petrolia.

Duke of Cronwall No. 185—Meet in the Hall, in Kerr's Block, on 2nd and 4th Tuesday in the month. Visiting brethren welcome. Ernest Preston. John Read, Sec., President Box 205, Petrolia.

Stratford.

Queen Victoria No. 78.—Meets 2nd and 4th
Mondays in Shakspeare Hall.
J. H. Roberts, Pros.
F. W. Byatt, Sec. St. Catharines.

Victory No 173, Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in Beaver Hall, St Paul st, at 8 p,m sharp. Visit-ing hards ing brethren welcome. Wm Magness, Pres. A L Wright, Sec.

St. Thomas.

Trure No. 62, St. Thomas—Meets in the old Masonic Hall, Talbot st., east of the L. & Pt. S. track on First and Third Tuesdays in every month. Visiting brethren made welcome, F Revell, Pres. C. E. Heard, Sec., Box 688. F Reveil, Pres. C. E., Heard, See, Box 688.

Chester No. 18, meet in the Foresters Hall,
Ernatinger Block, second and fourth Friday.
R. R. D.; third Friday W. R. D. A hearty
welcome extended to all visiting brethren.
M Upton, Pres. W. T, Hollins, Sec.

Smith S Falls.

Guelph No. 124—Meets in C. O. F. Hall, Beckwith street, 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month. A hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren.

F. Lane, Pres.

W. Bradshaw, Sec.

Lodge Directory,

TORONTO. Albien No. 1, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month, Itoom A. Shaftes-bury Hall. Visitors made welcome. W. G. Partridge, Pres. | Chas. E. Smith, Sec. 378 Parliament st.

Middlesex No. 2, Toronto-Meets second and fourth Wednesdays in each month at McBear Hall, cor. College street and Brunswick Ave W. E. Pearce, Pres. W. H. Syms, Sec., 140 Grange Ave

Kent No. 3, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Mon-day at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. West. A. E. Taylor, Pres. Chas. Sims, Sec. 57 Leonard Ave.

York No 6, Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month, in Avenue Chambers, N. W. corner College st. and Spadina Ave.

James Kitchener, Pres. Jas. Baylis, Sec.

107 Concord Ave.

Brighton Nc. 7, Toronto-Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. Jno. Pitman, Pres. W. Pugh, Sec., 74 Sussex Ave

JF Johnstone, Pres.

Warwick No. 13—Meets the 2nd and 4th Frid day in each month in Jackson's Hall, corner of Yonge and Bloor st. E.

Rich. Stanton, Pres..

48 Scollard st.

Manchester No. 14. Toronto-Meets Ist and 3rd Mondays at Winchester Hall, cor. Parliament and Winchester streets. Visiting brotheren welcome. W. K. Lane, Sec. T. Jones, Pres. 607 Parliament street. London No. 31, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in Dingman's Hall, corner Queen St. E and Broadview, Ave., Visiting brethren

welcome.
L G Cross, Pres.
Cor. Lee Ave and Queen st. Cambridge No. 54, Little York.—Meet Ist and 4th Fridays at York Fire Hall. Albert J. Ruse, Pres., W. H. Clay, Sec. East Toronto.

Birmingham, No. 69—Meets each 2nd and 4th
Tuesday of every month in Y. M. C. A. Hall
corner of Queen st., w, and Dovercourt Road.
Geo. Goulding, Pres.
316 Dovercourt Rd.

St. Albans No. 76, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th
Fridays at St. George's Hall, Elm st.
R. S. Grundy, Sec.,
74 Saulter st. Mercantile No 81, Toronto-Meets 2nd and 4th Saturd. ys at St. George's Hall, Elm street, C. E. Stone, Pres. | H. E. Johnson, Sec., 123 Beaconsfield Ave.

Hull No. 104—Meets in the St. Ledgers' Hall, cor, of Denison Avenue and Queen street, on 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in the month. White Rose, 5th Monday in the quarter. Visiting brethern always welcome.

A. C. Chapman, Sec..
W. Kemp, Pres. 145 Brock Ave.

Cheltenham 178, meets second and fourth Tuesdays, in Room "A" Shaftesbury Hall. Visitors made welcome. C. J. H. Wintanley Pres. 73 West-lodge ave C. J. H. Winstaniey Pres. 73 West-lodge ave Shrewsbury No. 158, Meets 2nd and 4th Thurs-days in Y. M. C. A. Hall, cor. Yonge and Mc-Gill streets. A hearty welcome for visitors. W. J. Green, Pre . 30 Victoria st.

Avondale, No. 170, Toronto—Meets second and fourth Mondays, Room C Shaftesbury Hall, Queen St. West.

J. D. Bland, Pres.

Jas. Swalwell, Sec. Jas. Swalwell, Sec. 4 Windsor Place.

Toronto-Continued.

Commercial, No. 200, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Saturdays in each Month in Room A Shaftesbury Hall, Queen St, West. Geo, H. Thorpe, Pres. R. A. Fletcher, Sec. 27 Avenue St.

Bristol, No. 90, Toronto—Meets first and third Tuesdays, at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen St

West. C. Fry, Pres. W. E. Swain, Sec. 19 Blevin Place Richmond No 65—Meets 2nd and 4th Tues days in Room "C," Shaftesbur- Hall, Queen street west.
J. Wingfield, sen., Sec., F. Tofts, Pres.

F. Tofts, Pres.

580 Givens st.

Preston No 67—R R D meets in Room "A,"
Shaftesbury Hall, 2nd and 4th Wednesdays in every month. W R D after R R D meetsings on 4th Wednesday in February, May, August and November.

C. Weatherilt, Pres.
J. J. Pritchard, Sec. 93 Beaconsfield, Ave

St. George No. 27—Meets Ist and 3rd Mondays in each month, in Room 43 Forum Building. S, E. corner of Yonge and Gerrard st E.

G. A. Sherrin, Pres.

283 Yonge street.

Boston No. 129 Meets ist and 3rd Mondays in each month, in Society Hall, corner of McCaul st. and Queen st. w. V. T. West, Sec. Dr. W. L. Allen, Pres. 103 Victoria street. Tel 2841. Windsor No. 35—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Society Hall, corner of Mc-Cau st. and Queen st w. Sam. Rich, Sec Jas, Reeves, Pres.

Ass, Reeves, Pres.

Norfelk No 57, meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in
each month in Dominion Hall, cor of Dundas st, Queen st, w; visiting brethren wel-

come.
WH Davis, Pres,
Barrot No 32 meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in
St George's Hall, southeast cor of Berkeley
st, Queen st, east; visitors made welcome.
Geo G Bennett, Pres.
T Yeomans, Sec.
252 Berkeley street

Somerset No 10, meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays in Week's Hall, cor of Dunn Ave, Queen st, west; visiting brethren always welcome. C Gailer, Pres. T P Worth, Sec. 40 Maud street

Hereford No 194, meets first and third Tuesdays in each month, in Steward's Block, swornes of Spadios Ave. and College street; visiting brethren welcome.

W. C. Hall, Pres. 599 King street w

Chesterfield No 97, meets 2nd and 4th Thursday in each month in Room A Shaftesbury Hall

Jos. Oldfield, Pres.

F. Howarth, Sec., 23 Toronto street.

Weston. Leeds No. 48, Weston—Meets on 2nd and 4th Fridays of each month, at Oddfellows Hall Visitors welcome. J. Fitton, Sec. John Hollingworth, Pres. Weston, Ont

Whitby, Ont. Sussex No. 5, meets in SO E Hall, alternate Fridays from January 6th, 1894. Visiting brethren welcome. E. R. Blow, Pres. S. S. Watkinson, Sec Windsor.

Prince of Wales No. 52.—Meets in A. O. F. Hall, first and third Tuesday. Visiting bre-thren are welcome, Wm. J. Turner, Pres. S. S. Watkinson, Sec.

Winona, Ont. Rosebery No. 213, meets in S. O. E. Hall, Fruit-land, near Stony Creek, 2nd and 4th Mon-days. Visiting brethren always welcome. Thos. Andrews, Pres. F. J. Marshall, Sec., P. O. Winona, Ont.

Woodstock.

Bedford No. 21, Woodstock—Meets in Imperial Hall, 1st and 3rd Thursdays of each month W.R.D. 4th Wednesday in each month. Fra-ternal visitors welcomed. E. Blundell, Pres. J. Parslow, Sec.

QUEBEC.

Capelton. Albert, No. 114—Meets regularly, 1st Tuesday and 3rd Saturday in each month, in the Albert Hall, Capelton, Que. Visiting brethren welcome. Chas. R. Oliver, Sec., John Tregideon, Pres. Box 12, Eustis, Que.

Montreal. Yorkshire No. 39, Montreal, meets first and third Fridays at the West End Hall, Chatham street at 8 p.m. B. T. Sellars, Sec., John Thorney, Pres. Turcot, Montreal.

Excelsior No. 36, Montreal (R.R.D.)—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of the month at 6 Place d'Armes Square, Visitors welcome.

J. Best, Pres. 39 Metcalfe Ave., St. Henri.

Victoria Jubilee No. 41, Montreal—Meets every alternate Friday at the St. Charles Club House, cor. Wellington and Richmond sts. Hy. Furze, Pres., J. A. Edwards, Sec. 546 St. Paul St.

Primrose No. 49—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays.
W. R. Degree 2nd Monday of each month,
Y. M. C. A. rooms, Dominion Square, Montreal. Visiting brethren welcome,
H. Wadge, Pres.
12 Hanover street.

Denbigh No. 96.—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in each month at 43 Bonsacours street. Visitors made welcome. Surrey No. 11—Meets second and fourth Mondrys, corner of Bioor and Bathurst sts. Visiting brethren welcome.

T. Cannon, Sec., J. F. Johnstone, Pres.

T. Cannon, Sec., J. F. Johnstone, Pres.

T. Cannon, Sec., J. Grosyenor No. 120.—Meets on the 1st and 3rd of the second and fourth Mondry, Pres.

Grosyenor No. 120.—Meets on the 1st and 3rd of the second and fourth Mondry, Pres.

Grosyenor No. 120.—Meets on the 1st and 3rd of the second and fourth Mondry, Pres.

T. Cannon, Sec., J. T. Gaffney, Pres.

T. Cannon, Sec., J. T.

Grosvenor No. 120.—Meets on the 1st and 3rd
Friday of each month, at 466 St. Urbain
st., corner Prince Arthur st. Visiting brethren welcome.
D. Booth, Pres.
S. Sobey, Sec.,
781 St. Urbain 3rd
781 St. Urbain 478. D. Booth, Pres.

Britannic, No. 113—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, in Orange Hall, 246 St. James street. Visiting brethren welcome.

A. Webb, Pres.

781 St. Urbain st.

181 St. Urbain st.

181 St. Urbain st.

181 St. Webain st.

182 Plessis street.

New Rockland. Fidelity No. 179—New Rockland, Que., meet on the 2nd 4th Thursday of each month We are always glad to see visiting brethrem W. H. Killingbeck, Pres. Jacob Davies, Sec Sherbrooke.

Gloucester No. 103, Sherbrooke, Que., meets on the 1st and 3rd Fridays of each month in the room of Court Sherbrooke C. O. F., Odell's Block. C. H. Pearce. Pres. Capt. T. Rawson, Sec. Quebec.

Prince George, No 162—Meets in the Masonic Hall, cor. Garden and St. Louis street, on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month. Visiting brethren welcome. | T. F. Teakle, Sec., W. T. Martin, Pres., 4 De Salaberry St., Qua. Lennoxville.

Clarence No. 136 Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday each month, in S.O.E. Hall, adjoining Grand Trunk Ry. Station. Visitors we leomed. Wm. Clark, Pres. Harry Allan, Sec. Monarch No. 182—Meets in 323 Notro Dame St. Hochelaga, the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of every month at 8 o'clock. J. E. Rawstron, Sec. G. Ineson, Pres., 250 St. Catherine st.

Tennyson No. 165—Meets 1st and 2nd Tuesday in Sons of England Hall, Marston's Block, Main street Hull. Visiting brethren welcome Geo. Harbour, Pres. Chas. Skipworth, Sec. 41 Brewery St.

Lachine.

Royal Rose No. 147, Lachine.—Meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of each month, at 330 St. Joseph st. Visiting members are welcome. A. Parr, Pres. F. Goucher, Sec. Box 9, Lachine.

Richmond.

Enfield No. 159, meets second and fourth Saturdays of every month. Visiting brethren welcome. John Hawker, Pres. P. O. Address, Box 32 Richmond Station, P. Q.

MANITOBA.

BRANDON.

Brandon 174, Brandon, Man., Meets in Odd-fellows' Hall, Nation Block, 1st and 3rd, Tues-day. Visiting brethren welcome. Benj. Hogg, Pres. H. Le M. Vinning, Sec.

CARMAN. Manitoba, No. 186—Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Carmon, on first and third Thursdays of the month. Visiting brethren welcome. Fred. Starkey, Pres, | Thos. Elstob, Sec., p. tem

Rathwell, Man.

Helly No. 198—Meets in Wilson's Hall, First Wednesday in each month. W. Tarbath, Pres. T. Woolway, Sec Selkirk. Runnymeade No. 155, Selkirk, Man., meets in Forresters Hall, Colcleugh Block 1st and 3rd Tuesday.

3rd Tuesday. Rev. C. R. Littler, Pres. | Chas. E. Page, Sec.

Winnipeg. Westward Ho: No. 98—The Pioneer Lodge of Manitoba and the Northwest, meets, in S O E Hall, 230 Portage Avenue, 1st and 3rd Tues-days at 8 p.m. Visiting brethren will be ac-corded a hearty welcome. Jos. Corbett, President. P.O. Box 666.

Neptune No. 144, Winnipeg, Man.—Meets In S O E Hall, 290 Portage Avenue, ist and 3rd Monday of each month, welcome, W. Mardon, Pres.

P. O. Box 666.

Visiting brethren
Visiting brethren
A. H. Price, Sec.
598 4th Ave. N.

Shakespeare No. 164—Meets Sons of England Hall Stobart Block, 290 Portage Avenue, the 2nd and 4th Mondays of the month at eight o'clock. Visiting brethren welcome. E W Pollard, Pres. Cor. r'ora Avenue and Charles st.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Chilliwack. Chilliwack, No. 191, Chilliwack, B. C., meets
2nd Saturday in every month at 8 o'clock
in the Henderson Hall.
always welcome.
S. Mellard, Pres.
S. Souter, Sec.

Victoria.

Alexandra, No. 116.—Meets 1st and 3rd Wed nesdays of every month, in the Foresters Hall Visiting brethren welcome. J. G. Taylor, Pres. J. Critchley, Sec., Box 174. Pride of the Island No. 131.—Meets in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion sts., 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in the month. Visiting brethren always welcome.

Arthur Lee, Pres.

11 Trounce ave. (Box 782)

Vancouver.

Wilberforce No. 77.—Meets in Pythian Hall, Dunn Block, Cordova street, 1st and 3rd Mon-day in each month for Red Rose. Visiting brethren cordially invited. W. R. Lawson, Pres. T. H. Robson, Sec. New Westminster.

Rose of Columbia No. 115—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in Union Hall, New Westminster B. C., Conversacione every 4th Thursday. White Rose 2nd Wednesday. Visiting breth-

Jos. Bayliss, Pres. H. Disney, Sec.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Fredericton. Islington No. 151, Fredericton, N.B., meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays in Church of England Hall, Carleton street. Visiting bretheren always welcome. C. W. Beckwith, Pres. A. D. Thomas. Sec.

Rose of Stanley No. 180, Stanley, N.B.—Meets
Saturday evening at Temperance Hall,
Stanley at 7.30, fortaightly, dating 3rd September. Visiting brethren welcome,
John A. Humble, Pres. Wm. T. Howe, Sec.

St. John, N. B. Marlborough No. 207—Meets 2nd and 48h Thursdays of each month at Gordon Divis ion Hall, King st., St. John, N.B. Visiting brethren will be cordially welcome. J. B. Stubbs, Pres. Chas. Ledford, Sec. 72 Fxmouth street.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Halifax. Halifax No. 150, Halifax, N.S.—Meets 2nd and 4th Friday each month at Sons of England Hall, Maling's Building, Barrington street. Hall, Maling's Britain,
Visiting brethren welcome.
Thos. Ibsen Pres.
Robert Daw, Sec.,
18 Falkland st.

Mentlworth No. 149, New Glasgow, N.S.
Meets every alternate Baturday from Jan.
12th, in Oddfellows Hall. White Rose Degree
meeting third Monday in the month. Visiting bretbren most cordially welcomed.
W Ainsworth, Pres. E W Thurston, Rec-Sc.
J Winfield, Fin. -Sec. Westville. Forest of Dean No. 192 meets every alternate Saturday night at 7.30 o'clock in Robt. A. Mc-Donald's Hall. Westville, N.S. Visiting bre-thren always welcome. Thos. Floyd, Pres. Jas. Wm. Maddin, Sec.

N. W. TERRITORIES

Calgary

United Roses No. 117, Calgary, Alb., N.W.T., Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays in each monta, in S. O. E. Hall, McLean Block, Stephen Ave. G. C. King, D. D. Empress of the West No. 177—Meets in the Oddfellows' Hall, on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in the month at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren welcome.
S. A. Clark, Pres.

John H. Paul, Sec.

Qu'Appelle Station, Assa.

Royal Standard, No. 112.—Meets or alternate Thursdays a p.m. H. B. Hall, Sec.

P. E ISLAND.

Eten, No.148, Meets in their Lodge Rooms over Miller Bros., Music Store, Queen st., 1st and 3rd Thursday of every month, W. R.D. 2nd and 4th Thursday) of every month. Visiting brethren welcome.

A. W. E. Douse, Pres. Evered J. Lucas, Sec.

Charlottetown.

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Continued from first page

crown. All that was wanted was proper government. To get this Eng- 1.30 with the gathering singing "God lishmen must join hands with the Scotch and the Irish and others just as loyal and grow up into one grand nation. Although the society was a benevolent one it had a great work to accomplish.

"Sister societies" brought a reply from Dr. King, president of the Canadian Fraternal Association. He said he had a large contract on hand to many different ideas prevailed that it answer the toast on behalf of all other societies. There was a feature, however, common to all these orders and culty was overcome, by the adoption that could be expressed in one word— of the following motion: friendship. Without that there could be no unity and all these societies depended on unity, for their existence. Amongst other aims of the societies it was for uplifting humanity, to teach those outside the society that men were not created for self alone but for

their fellowmen.

Rev. Mr. Taylor followed with a mouth-organ solo, after which Bro. Perry of Montreal, representing the A. O. F., spoke to the toast. He said he did not come prepared to make a speech, but simply thanked them for drinking the toast so heartily. The most harmonious feeling exist between the A. O. F. and the S. O. E. This was as it should be, and he wished it would continue so.

"The Mayor and Corporation of Woodstock" brought excellent responses from Reeve Knight and Dr. Mackay. Mr. Knight regretted the this constitution will do cannot be Marie Kimberley and Bro. Webster. absence of the Mayor, who was indisposed. He was glad, however, that the chairman had told them he was not the Mayor. He didn't want the delegates to think that the Mayor was a better looking man than he really with. The work before the Grand was. (Voice—"You're a Knight-Lodge was concluded about mid-Mayor!") Woodstock, he said, was very pretty in the summer and could be seen to better advantage then. It would be very English if there were not so many Scotchmen in it. There was a society peculiar to Oxford, it was the S. P. G., society—Scotch Presby-terian Grits. The destiny of Canada, proceeded the speaker, was union with the mother country. The S.O.E. had a tendency to strengthen that bond.

After Bro. Ivans had entertained the audience with the personation of an old man, Dr. Mackay spoke briefly to the toast. Referring to the words of the last speaker, he said the town was not only beautiful in itself but also noted far and wide for the beauty of its ladies. He hoped the reception of the people to the delegates was not as cold as the weather. He was sorry they had not a better hall for the convention to meet in, but like most great bodies the council had some improvements under their serious consideration. He wished the S. O. E. every success and that they might long contime their good work.

"The Maple Leaf" was heartily sting, after which the Army and Navy was toasted, coupled with the names of P.S.G.V.P. Edwards, of Montreal, an old soldier who fought for his country in India. He made a most stirring and interesting speech. Mr. Harris followed with "Private Tommy Atkins."

"The Lgislature" was coupled with the names of Jas. Sutherland, M.P., and D. W. Karn. The popular Liberal hip was loudly applauded upon rising. He said the present company was composed of just such a warm-hearted lot of men as one would expect to find at a gathering of Englishmen. He would not speak to the toast, as at a S.O.E., banquet it was always drunk most heartily. If he was not an Englishman held on April 6th, in Dominion Hall, he was a British subject and was proud to sa; he was also a Canadian. Dur- freshments and concert after lodge ing the last year he had travelled over | business. twelve thousand miles, so he had ample opportunity of seeing what a grand country we had. There was lots here lodge, Centre Toronto; H. W. Church, to reward enterprise. He would not give a cent for a man who was not proud of the land of his birth. He honed the time would never come for lodge, East Toronto. hoped the time would never come for differences between this land and the mother country. Be loyal and patriotic. Everything good in Canada emanated from England, which was the mother of free thought, free speech, and last, but not least, free trade.

After a song by Mr. Blundell, Mr. Karn responded. The toast, he said,

Anglo-Saxon, Ottawa. The dispersion of the banquet took place about Seve the Queen.

FRIDAY.

The Grand Lodge resumed its labors on Friday morning, working with more zeal and a definite object in view, viz., the adoption of the Revised Constitution. The day was taken up in arranging the assessment tables. looked at one time that no definite conclusion would be reached. That diffi-

"That the rates at present in force be not changed, but that the total probable assessments, for the coming year, calculated upon a basis of six "teen assessments, be levied upon the " members in twelve equal assessments, one of which shall be due and payable without further notice on the "first day of each month; and ten per "centum of the gross amount shall be placed in a reserve fund."

The Juvenile constitution was adopted en bloc with the proviso that it be made to conform with that of the sub- Miss S. Herson; song, "The Heroes ordinate lodge and the Supreme Lodge constitutions.

The Sur reme Lodge constitution was adopted without many amendments song, "For All Eternity," Mrs. A. A. being proposed. In reference to this Jones; song, "Daddy," Miss Macpherconstitution, as we pointed out in our issue preceding Grand Lodge meeting, Race, with violin obligato by Miss the effective work which it is intended brought into active existence for some five or ten years yet.

The evening session was devoted to detail work of the Grand Lodge, and many important matters were dealt night, when the ceremony of installing the newly elected officers was proceeded T. R. Skippon and Mrs. Skippon, Bro. with, Bro. Thos. Elliott acting as installing officer. After the interesting Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Corton, Mr. and ceremony, congratulatory addresses were the order.

The S. G. P., Geo. Clatworthy, made an effective and pointed address, one calculated to inspire the members with Mannell, J. Oldfield, A. Oldfield, Miss renewed zeal and interest in the Sons of England.

The S.G.V.P., J. W. London, spoke briefly, and assured the brethren that ardson, Mr. J. Watson and neice, Mr. his term of office would be fufilled to and Mrs. R. A. Fletcher, Miss Spence, the best of his ability, and the Order Mr. Hannah, Miss Cronyn, Mr. Rutwould be looked after by him to the full limit of his power.

S.G.S., J. W. Carter, rehearsed many interesting features of the Sons of England Society, as being beneficial to Englishmen.

Many other interesting addresses were made, when the Grand Lodge adjourned by singing "God Save the Queen," to meet in Peterboro, Ont., on the 12th day of March, 1896.

TORONTO S. O. E. NEWS.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Lodge St. Alban's, No. 76, will in future meet on the first and third Wednesday in each month, in room D. Shaftesbury Hall.

The annual dinner of Richmond lodge will take place on Tuesday, April 9th, music, which means that it was first-Hotel. Jarvis St. Tickets, 40 cts. each, can be had from any of the members of the

lodge. The meeting night of Norfolk lodge has been changed to the first and third Saturdays. The first meeting will be cor. Dundas St. and Queen St. W. Re-

The District Deputies elect for Toron to are: Dr. C. A. Hodgetts, Brighton

The Toronto section of the Naval Brigade held a most successful smoking concert on Wednesday evening mg concert on Wednesday evening, March 27th. Bro. Jas. Poffley presiding. The room was crowded with members and friends. The songs and recitations were given in a style to meet the ap-probation of all present, which was evinced in the applause given to the various contributors.

was somewhat prospective in his case. However, he thought we enjoyed a thing more in anticipation that in the reality. He hoped his hearers would work, strive and be wise in what they did to build Canada into a great nation.

The toast of "Our Visitors" was coupled with the names of the Rev. Mr. Platt of Merriton, Ont., and Jos. Harrison of Winnipeg. Both responded in the most felicitous manner. The toast of "The Ladies," was responded to by E. Blundell, sr. That of "The Press," by E. J. Reynolds of The The annual concert of Brighton lodge

"AT HOME,"

Commercial Lodge No. 200 at the Rooms or the Ontario Society of Artists, Toronto. By

One of the most notable events in the SONS history of Toronto lodges took place on Thursday evening, March 28th, when Commercial lodge held their first anniversary. The venture was a bold one, but through the untiring energy of the committee their efforts were crowned with success. A most brilliant company assembled in the fine exhibition room, and the walls were adorned with the exhibits of our Ontario artists.

The evening opened with a musical promenade, after which a concert by the following artists: - Song, "The Death of Nelson," Bro. J. F. Race; song, "The Lost Cord," Bro. Cashmore; song, "Say Au Revoir but not Good-Bye," Miss S. Herson; song, "The Silent March," Bro. Webster; song, "Come Back Jeannot, Miss Marie Kimberley; song, "Fiddle and I," Miss Macpherson, with violin obligato by Miss Race; duet, "The Syren and Friar," Mrs. A. A. Jones and Race; song, "The Whits Squall," Bro. Race; song, "The Whits Squall," Bro. Cashmore; song, "He Was a Prince," Miss S. Herson; song, "The Heroes Return," Bro. Webster; violincello solo—(a) Andante from A Minor, concerto, Goltermann, (b) Gayotte, Lee; song, "For All Eternity," Mrs. A. A. Jones; song, "Daddy," Miss Macpherson; song. "Beauty's Eyes," Bro. J. F. J. son; song. "Beauty's Eyes," Bro. J. F. Race; duet, "The Rose of Love," Miss Bro. R. G. Stapells played the accompaniments to the vocal numbers.

For non-dancers a comfortable card room was provided, with chess and draughts, also a smoke room.

Amongst the numerous guests we noticed S. G. P. Bro. Geo. Clatworthy and Mrs. Clatworthy, P. S. G. P. Bro. J. Enoch Thompson (Spanish consul), Mrs. G. H. Thorpe, Mr. H. Perks and Miss Perks, Miss Wright, R. Patching, Mr. and Mrs. Cashmore, Mr. and Mrs. Willis, Mr. and Mrs. J. Mannell, Miss Oldfield, Mr. and Mis. J. D. Coulter, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Rogers, Mr. George Wild, Mr. S. Richardson, Miss Richland, Miss Waycott, Mr. and Mrs. Walsh, Mr. G. Sweet, Miss Sweet, Mr. G. B. Stevenson, Mr. D. J. Kelly and lady, J. Mathers and lady, Mr. James Kennedy, Mr. and Miss Race, Misses Race, Mr. and Mrs. H. Perks, Mr. A. Sweet, Mr. and Mrs. Sweetman, Mr. and Mrs. B. Humphreys, Mr. J. Holford and others.

Supper was served from 10 to 1 in one of the numerous rooms in the academy. The following composed the committee: Bros. J. F. Race, C. H. Corton, Geo. H. Thorpe, Jas. Perks, Harry Perks, R. A. Fletcher, Geo. Sweet, Arthur Sweet, J. F. Rogers, W. J. Hatch, J. Holford and J. Yorke Brown, Sec.-Treas.

The unanimous verdict of the guests was that Lodge Commercial had en celled in providing an ideal social.

Bro. Corlett's orchestra provided the class.

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OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

sel and effort in maintaining the great the integrity of the British Empire; to foster and keep alive the loving memory of Old England, our native and Mother land; to elevate the lives of its members in the practice of mutual aid and true charity—caring for each other in sickness and adversity and following a deceased brother with fraternal care and sympathies, when fraternal care and sympathies, when death comes, to earth's resting place.

on.

Party politics are not allowed to be discussed in the lodge room.

The Society is secret in its proceedings to enable members to protect each other and prevent imposition—for which purpose an initiation Ritual is provided, imposing obligations of fidelity to the principles of the Society on all who join it.

The Society is making rapid growth and has lodges extending over Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific shores, having a membership upwards of 12,000 at present, the ratio of increase being far greater as the Society's influence and usefulness is better known. Lodges have been started South Africa

AIMS OBJECTS, AND BENEFITS and will soon probably be started in England, etc.

The Beneficiary (Insurance) Department is providing insurance to the members for \$1,000 or \$2,000 as desired, members for \$1,000 or \$2,000 as desired, at the minimum cost, unsurpassed by any other fraternal Society in Canada, and is conducted on the assessment system. The assessments are graded. A total disability allowance is also covered by the certificates in class "A." There are no disability claims in class "B." No Englishmen need join other organizations when the inducements of this Department are considered.

organizations when the inducements of this Department are considered. Englishmen forming and composing new lodges derive exceptional advantages in the initiation fees, and 12 good men can start a lodge.

The mission of the Society is to bring into organized union all true and worthy Englishmen; to maintain their national institutions and liberties and the integrity of the British Empire:

JOHN W. CARTER, Grand Secretary

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1 45 Thursday, 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th. Via New York.

5 00 *Thursday, 4th, 11th, 18th, 28th. Via Halifax.

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