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# MONETARY IMES TRADE REVIEW. -INSURANCE CHRONICLE -

VOL. VI-NO. 17. TORONTO, ONT., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1872. SUBSCRIPTION \$3 a Year. The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto. The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto. JOHN MACDONALD and CO. 1872. 1872. Fall. GORDON MACKAY and CO. Have now on exhibition the Largest WE EMPLOY NO TRAVELLERS. and most ON MONDAY THE 16TH INSTANT. MAGNIFICENT STOCK YET OUR SALES FOR A. R. MCMASTER SEPTEMBER OF and BROTHER. HOME AND FOREIGN WERE OVER Will have opened out a complete assortment of their AUTUMN \$200,000 ! GOODSI AUTUMN IMPORTATIONS They ever offered to the Trade. JNO. MACDONALD & CO. When they will be glad to see their customers and fri nds at Special Terms made to Package Buyers. 21 and 23 WELLINGTON ST.) TORONTO. 28 and 30 FRONT STREET. Nos. 4 to 12 FRONT STREET WEST. 3 YORK STREET, MANCHESTER, ENGLAND. TERMS LIBERAL AS USUAL. TORONTO. Torento, Oct. 17, 1872. Toronto, September 1872. Toronto, Sept. 18, 1872. 32-lv 32-LY The Leading Wholesale Trade of Hamilton. SMITH and KEIGHLEY, SAMSON. 12 and 14 Wellington Street, Toronto, THOS. C. KERR and Co., KENNEDY. IMPORTERS OF Importers and Wholesale Dealers in STAPLE Teas and Sugars, and GEMMEL, AND FANCY Have now in stock large supplies of Fresh New Season STAPLE ROOM. DRY GOODS, nprising Y. Hysons, Gunpor Imperials, rders ays. Japans, Javas wchongs, Congous, and scented Orange Pekoe. special attention HAMILTON, TO HAND They direct special attention to their stock (just Are now opening their 12 CASES WHITE COTTONS. arriving) of FALL IMPORTATIONS, SUGARS. 6 " WOOD OIL CLOTH. Hhds. Cuba, d on the 20th inst. will be prepared to show complete Hhds. Porto Rice. 3 - 11 ROLLED LININGS. Cases Cuba. assortments. Full stock of Bbls. M'tl. refined, Bbls. N. S. Granulated. CANADIAN MANUFACTURES. SAMSON, KENNEDY & GEMMEL. Bbls. N. S. Fowdered, Corner of Scott and Colborne Sts. Bbls. N. S.D.Crushed. Hamilton, 14th August, 1872. TORONTO. N. SMITH. W. W. KEIGHLEY. Terente, 1872. October 17, 1894.

THE MONETARY TIMES AND TRADE REVIEW—INSURANCE CHRONICLE.



THE MONETARY TIMES AND TRADE REVIEW-INSURANCE CHRONICLE.

The Leading Wholesale Tade of Montreal.

J. G. Mackenzie & Company, Importers

AND

Wholesale Dealers in

BRITISH & FOREIGN DRY GOODS,

381 & 383 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

# FERRIER & CO.,

IRON & HARDWARE MERCHANTS, St. Francois Xavier Street,

MONTREAL.

Agests for : Windsor Powder Mills. La Tortu Rope-Walk. Burrill's Axe Factory.. Sherbrooke's Safety Fuse. 31Dec72

BARSS, TUPPER & CO., Wholesale dealers in

SEAL, COD AND LARD OIL, Dry Cod, Herring, Mackerel and Salmon, Molasses, Sugars, and West India produce. Stecks constantly on hand. 359 Commissioners Street, Montreal.

S. H. MAY & CO.,

Importers and dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &.c.,

> No. 274 ST. PAUL STREET, Opposite their old Store, Montreal.

John C. McLaren, Manufacturer of ENGLISH LEATHER BELTING, FIRE ENGINE HOSE, &c. Opposite VICTORIA SQ., 12 Bonaventure Street, MONTREAL.

CANADA MARBLE WORKS.

R. FORSYTH, PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE-130 Bleury Street. MILL-552 William Street MONTREAL.

Marble, Slate Mantles, Grates, etc.

W. and F. P. Currie and Co., 100 GREY NUN STREET,

Importers of Pig Iron, Bar Iron, Boiler Plates, Galvanised Iron, Canada Plates, Tin Plates, BOILER TUBES, GAS TUBES,

Sheet Copper, Antimony, Bheet Zinc, Ingot Zinc, Pig Lead, Dig Lead	Rivets, Iron Wire, Steel Wire, Glass Paints, Fire Clay, Flue Covers, FIRE BRICKS, CAUSTIC PAVING	Veined Marble, Roman Cement, Portland do Canada do Paving Tiles, Gard.n Vases, Chimney Tops Fountains, ORAIN PIPES, TULES
	AUSTIC PAVING	TILES, &c.

MANUFACTURERS O Sofa, Chair and Bed Springs. A large stock alway on hand.

94-

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Montreal.

W. R. ROSS & CO., GENERAL MERCHANTS, AND IMPORTERS OF TEAS AND GENERAL GROCERIES, Merchants Exchange, No. 11 St. Sacrament St. MONTREAL,

H. L. ROBINSON & CO. IMPORTERS OF TEAS, No. 134 McGill Street, Opposite Albion Hotel, MONTREAL.

JOHN MCARTHUR and SON, Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Window Glass (Star and Diamond Star Brands), Sheet and Plate Glass of every description, Linseed Oil, Paints, Colors, Varnishes; Japans, Artists' and Painters' Materials, Naval Stores, Chemical Dye Stuffs, etc., Cod, Seal, Whale, Lard, Sperm, Olive, Machinery and Wool Oils. 18 LEMOINE STREET.

N. S. WHITNEY,

Importer of Foreign Leather, Elastic Webs, Prunella Linings, etc.,

14 ST. HELEN STREET, MONTREAL

# B. HUTCHINS, TEA MERCHANT,

188 & 190 McGill Street,

MONTREAL.

ORDERS BY LETTER PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 31Dec72

# RECENT IMPORTATIONS.

SUGARS, casks, brls. TEAS, choice selected, new season. NUTMEGS, cases. ALMONDS, shelled and in shell. FIGS, 1, 2, 6 lb. boxes. SULTANA RAISINS, small boxes, &c. ALSO, ON HAND, Coffees, Syrups, Molasses, Fruits, Spices, Chemicals, Soaps, and a General Assortment of Groceries. J. A. MATHEWSON, Montreal, 28th Feb., 1872. McGliil Street

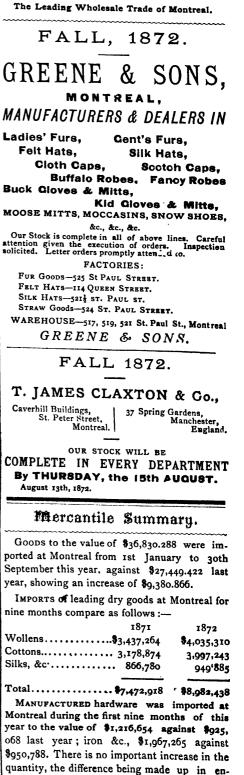
CHARLES D. EDWARDS, 49 St. Joseph St., Montreal, Manufacturer ot

Fire Proof Safes,

AND ALL KINDS OF

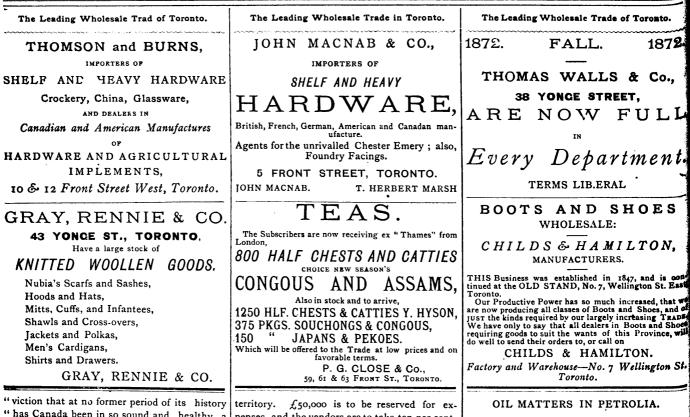
FIRE<sup>5</sup>AND BURGLAR PROOF SECURITIES.

E. H. MOORE, 54 Front St. East, Toronto, General Agent for Ontario.



THIS is the opinion expressed by the directors of Molson's Bank in the annual report of that instution issued last week respecting the condition of trade in the Dominion :----"Though "your directors are of opinion that importations "have been in excess of actual requirements, "they at the same time entertain a fair con-

hancement of prices.



"has Canada been in so sound and healthy a "condition, never better prepared to meet its "engagements."

A SALE of book debts by auction was held at St. John, N. B. the other day, being those of an insolvent firm. The total face value was \$6,963.68 and the amount realized \$75. This may be accepted as a practical definition of what is meant by bad debts.

INDIAN teas are coming more into favor in England. The flavor of the Indian leaf is said to be remarkably strong and purgent, and a small quantity added to china tea is said to greatly improve its flavor.

THE LATEST English mails report that owing to the protracted dullness in the domestic market, and the high rates for money, prices of some sorts of wool have to be quoted 1d to 2d per pound below the July rates; a degree of depression has extended to all classes of wools, though superior kinds are very little affected. A Manchester circular reports drooping prices in cotton goods;  $8\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 39 in. shirtings had fallen sixpence per piece; but heavy goods were not influenced to the same extent. Some mills had begun to work only four days in the week in consequence of the slackening demand.

A WRITER in the Quebec Chronicle exposes a scheme, the prospectus of which was issued in Glasgow. A company is to be formed under the name of the "Glasgow & Canada Timber Company," with a capital of  $\pounds 300,000$  stg., out of which  $\pounds 250,000$  is to be paid the promoters for certain rights to cut timber in a remote district in the Province of Quebec—on the rivers Kippewa, Lievre and Rouge, tributaries of the Ottawa—embracing 1,390 square miles of unknown territory. £50,000 is to be reserved for expenses, and the vendors are to take ten per cent. of the purchase money in paid up shares, this latter being the tub thrown to the whale. An annual profit of 40 per cent. is held out as an inducement to subscribers. The writer estimates the outside value of the rights offered for sale at £40,000. This appears to be another attempt to injure the fair fame of Canada, and deplete the pockets of too confiding capitalists for the benefit of unscrupulous schemers and speculators.

THE SEASON just drawing to a close has been a most profitable one for vessel-owners on the lakes ; very much better than any previous year since 1866. The demand for carrying iron ore from Lake Superior being large is one principal cause of the unusual demand; and for this trade freights have been equal to fully double those usually received for carriage of grain. As a consequence rates for grain are about double the average, being, say from Toronto to Oswego 6 cents this year against 3 cents in the last and several previous years. Some American vessel owners are reported to have made immmense profits, ranging in some cases from \$100,000 to a quarter of a million. While the condition of the freight market has greatly benefitted the shipping trade, the high rates bear hardly on the shippers and consumers of coal, lumber and grain; operations in all these articles have been retarded by the scarcity of vessels, and their cost enhanced by the increased charges of transportation.

-The building of the Dorchester Island Branch Railway in New Brunswick, has been let to Mr. David Hawkins, of Hawkins & Tait, who recently completed a large wharf contract at Point du Chene. (From our own Correspondent.)

PETROLIA, Oct. 22, 1872. The small supply of crude in now becoming \$ serious thing to exporters, which taken all together including the late wells, does not exceed 10,000 barrels per week. Messrs. Englehart & Co. are preparing to manufacture nearly that amount alone, they have at present some 30,-000 barrels secured, but when that is exhausted where the supply is to come from is a matter of grave consideration, and is to a certain extent giving a damper to that enterprise. The ex-porter cannot come into competition with the home trade, as it must be guided by the New York prices, whereas the home manufacturers by a combination can make their own price, which is considerably above New York rates, owing to our protective duty. The Oil Associa-tion is working well but I think that after this year the price of crude and the competition for it will remove the necessity of any combination. Many new strikes are reported but not fairly tested, one on lot 12, con. 12, Enniskillen, the rest near the late famous well on the Webster Territory, which territory, together with the Monroe Lot has produced large wells, but of very limited duration.

Business here generally very brisk and a great deal of development both preparing and going on.

The price of crude, \$1.50 to 1.60; refined has been placed by the Association, at 33c larg<sup>6</sup> and 35c small lots.

-The success of the Fairlie engine in Russie, in connection with the narrow guage system, seems to be complete, and Mr. Robert Fairlig has received a letter from Count Bobrinskoy, of behalf of the Emperor, forwarding a bronze medal, and attributing the success of the Livny railway in a great measure to his engines and careful inspection. The medal has been stamped in commemoration of the opening of the line, and will be distributed to all those who took a part in its construction,

The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto. The Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto. **DOBBIE & CARRIE** WILL SHOW ON Wednesday, the 21st Instant, THE Largest, Choicest, AND MOST Complete Stock They have ever had. The attention of their friends and the Trade generally s invite NO. 9 FRONT STREET WEST. Iyr. M. STAUNTON Begs respectfully to inform his customers that in consequence of The Late Fire. His office in connection with his WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT is at present over Retail Warerooms.

Corner of King and Yonge Streets.

and that he will rebuild the factory without delay.

# ABOLISHMENT OF THE USURY LAWS

It is believed that the cliques whose manipulations of the money market have done so much during the last few years to alienate the public sympathy from all agitation against the usury laws will not be able to do the same during the coming session of the State Legislature These cliques charge usurious rates for loans; and the law which they evade is rather a protection to them, than a defence against them. In this inefficiency to protect the public, we have one very good reason why the law should be repealed without delay.

It is, however, popularly interpreted the other way. And when plain country members at Albany, anxious to do their duty to their constituents and to the people, are asked to vote for a repeal of the usury laws, they answer, by exclaiming, "if in Wall-street they charge 1 or exclaiming, "In in wan-street they charge 8 of the per cent a day for money, notwithstanding all the restrictions we can put upon them, what tricks would they not play if the existing re-strictions were removed ?" Of course, it it easy to reliable the existing and and and a striction when a to rejoin that a restriction which repeals and frightens honest money-lenders, by that very means protects the dishonest ones. For it gives a monopoly to the cliques and to men of elastic consciences who are dishonest enough to evade the law. The average country members cannot be made to understand this question without difficulty, and so the usury laws have gone unrepealed year after year till it has seemed as if they were perennial and gifted with a mischievous immortality.

We are grateful to find that a combined effort against these laws is to be made in comformity with the suggestion we ventured to make in the Chronicle a few weeks ago. These laws are so absurd, so unjust, and so unequal that to secure their repeal, nothing more is needful than to understand them. The wonder is, that in this metropolis, the center of the trade and commerce of the natiou, they could have been so long tol-

SESSIONS, TURNER & COOPER MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DRALERS IN Boots and Shoes,

FRONT STREET WEST.

Toronto, Ontario.

JNO. TURNER. JAS. COOPER. J. C. SMITH.

Leading Wholesale Trade of Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL. IMPORTERS OF DRY GOODS, OTTAWA, Are now receiving their AUTUMN STOCK. Assortment will be complete early in August.

Ottawa, July 22nd, 1872.

But the plain reason is that very few persons understand these laws. They are so intricate and perplexed that evens lawyers are often at a loss in their interpretation. They make the legal rate of intetest 7 per cent, and denounce legal rate of interest 7 per cent, and denounce the following penalties against the person tak-ing anything beyond this. First, he forfeits the money lent, both principal and interest; secondly he is liable to a fine of not more than \$1,000, and thirdly, he may be further punished with three months imprisonment. Such is the law as regards private persons. No citizen, who-ever he may be, can lend money at more than a nore than 7 per cent without incurring this three-fold punishment.

But although an individual cannot do this, a corporation may do it. Any corporation whatever is privileged to borrow money, at any rate of interest, without limitation or restriction. By statute passed in 1850, the Legislature enacted, that "no corporation shall hereafter interpose the defense of usury in any action. The term corporation, as used in this act, shall be construed to include all associations and joint be construed to include all associations and joint stock companies having any of the forms and privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships." This law is interpreted to give the power to any corporation whatsoever to go into Wall street and borrow at any rate without being amenable to any of the usury provisions of the law. They are virtually still a this rest of view above the root of the raised in this point of view above the rest of the mercantile community. They can borrow on terms forbidden to private citizens, however great the emergency.

Again, there are a multitude of corporations, created by special charter, to do a money-lending business, that have the power conferred upon them to lend money at any rate above 7 per cent without being responsible in the penalties which make such loans a crime in other men, punish-able with fine and imprisonment. Of the able with fine and imprisonment. Of the multitude of these two kinds of privileged corporations, which have grown up of late in this State, by far the greater part are borrowers in some office at Ingersoll.

the money market. There presence there is a disturbing element, and has doubtless had much to do with producing the spasmodic perturbations in the rate of interest which have grown worse and worse each year as these corporations have multiplied.

But even this is not all. There is another anomaly still in our usury laws. The usury provisions of the National Currency law have been adjudged by the courts to apply to the national banks to the exclusion of the usury laws of this State. Now the national bank law forbids usury, but the penalty is light. It gives the banks power to charge the legal rate fixed in the State in which they are situated-in this State 7 per cent-and it enacts that the offences of charging more shall work "a forfeiture of the entire interest which the note, bill, or other evidence of debt causes with it, or which has been agreed to be paid thereon." Now in this State the courts have uniformly held that the national banks are amenable only to the usury provisions of the national banking law, and several cases have arisen where the plea of usury has been made, and no one of them has yet been decided adversely to this principle. To these cases we have not space to refer in detail. It suffices for the present purpose to cite them generally among the other anomalies of our usury laws.

This, then, is the charge we bring to-day gainst the usury laws. They are unequal, against the usury laws. They are unequal, unjust, intricate, difficult to understand, and altogether intolerable. How prejudicial they are to business we may perhaps show hereafter. New York Chronicle.

# MONTREAL LEATHER MARKET.

(Reported by M. H. Seymour & Son.)

#### October 22nd, 1872.

There has been no perceptible change in the condition of the market for several weeks past, unless it be a gradual decline in most descriptions of stock, owing to the limited demand

prevailing. Spanish Sole has not varied in price, present quotations are  $2^{6}$  to 27c for BA and Rio Grande, other descriptions according to quality. Slaughter Sole.—No enquiry whatever at the

present moment, prices consequently are weak. Rough. — Some considerable lots of very bright com. run have been placed at 30c, this price could not be obtained unless for very choice.

Harness .--- Market very quiet, and ruling rates are lower, say 27 to 30c.

Wax Upper .- Nothing whatever doing, and it would be difficult to place any quantity except at low figures.

Buff and Pebble.-Nothing of consequence doing in the former, while a moderate call is had for the latter.

Patent and Enamelled.—No sales. Calfskins.—Very little if any enquiry.

Splits—Have receded in price somewhat, and some parties hold large stocks. Sales have been only moderate of late.

Sheepskins.—Colors have only limited en-quiry, while russets are scarce and command unusually high prices.

-From the first of November the rate of postage between Newfoundland and places in the Dominion will be only six cents for letters, twenty-cents per annum for weekly newspapers, postal cards one cent, transient newspapers two cents. Each of those rates is to be in full for the Dominion and Newfoundland postage.

-A branch of the Bank of Commerce was opened at Trenton on the 21st for business. Mr. W. Smith, late of Toronto, is the agent. The Niagara District Bank have erected a handTHE MONETARY TIMES AND TRADE REVIEW-INSURANCE CHRONICLE.

1872. SEPTEMBER. 1872. Additional Shipments

RECEIVED, AND

STOCK AGAIN LARGE AND COMPLETE IN

ALL DEPARTMENTS!

VALUE we believe EQUAL, and in SOME LINES SUPERIOR, to any in the Dominion.

BUYERS invited to take a look and JUDGE FOR THEMSELVES.

> BRYCE, MCMURRICH & Co. 34 Yonge Street, Toronto.

The Office of the MONETARY TIMES has been removed to the next office north of the one previously occupied. Our location is now No. 64 Church Street.

MONETARY Тне TIMES, AND IRADE REVIEW.

TORONTO, CAN. FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1872.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY.

A statement which has made its appearance in some of the journals in the Maritime Provinces to the effect that the capital stock necessary to the commencement of this enterprise will be offered for subscription in the various provinces, in certain specified amounts, is most likely correct so far as it goes. It is well known that by the Pacific Railway Act of last session, power was given to the two companies then incorporated to unite or amalgamate "at any time within one month after the "passage of this Act"; it is quite as well understood that these companies did not effect an amalgamation within the time to which they were limited. Still the lapse of time was not treated as a bar to union, for had such union been effected at any time subsequent to the date fixed, even since the elections, the Government were doubtless willing to treat with the united company, the same as if the terms of the statute as to time had been strictly complied with. Now, however, it is re- the undertaking. ported that the Government refuse to wait any longer on the imperturable selfishness in the official Gazette-as it will have to do

conduct of the leading spirits in one or both of these companies, and have closed the door against them. It is believed that both combinations are, temporarily at least, out of the field.

Whatever may be the cause of the deadlock in the negociations-presuming the foregoing statement to be correct—we think both the Government and the country are to be congratulated on such a solution of the problem involved. We have good hope that the Government will be spared the disgrace of announcing to the House and the country that a contract of this magnitude had been thrown to members who demanded it as the price of their flagrant betrayal of the people's trust; and that Canadians will not have to submit to so great a humiliation as such a flagitious transaction would have involved. It is now believed that the alternative powers conferred by the 15th section of the Act already quoted will be exercised by the Government, and a charter prepared, under the provisions of which a new Company may be organized. Stock books would then be opened at some place or places in the several provinces for the subscription of shares, as provided in the acts incorporating the two companies already in existence. The allotment of stock would doubtless be made on the basis already discussed and settled, and which is about as follows: 41 per cent. to Ontario;  $29\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. to Quebec; 101 per cent. to Nova Scotia; 8 per cent. to New Brunswick; 6 per cent. to British Columbia, and 5 per cent. to Manitoba. When the stock is subscribed, and we have little doubt that it will be taken up, there need be no difficulty in constituting a successful organization out of the various elements which the names on the stock-books will represent. This is, so far as appears at present, the most satisfactory shape that the question could take.

And if this new phase of the situation is due to the desire of the First Minister to meet the just expctations of the people in this matter-as may be presumed-he is deserving of all credit. Those who have the money and the enterprise will have at least some chance of competing for the contract by liberally taking the stock, should there prove to be any desiring it. It is very much more like a business transaction-very much more respectable than conceding the demands of a legislative "ring" which might or might not have the means or the intention of carrying through

We hope when the new charter appears

Government have insisted on the most undoubted responsibility on the part of the company undertaking the work. It would be preferable to lose a little time now than to commit the job to a company that would falter and delay, and perhaps after a while throw it back on the hands of the Government. If it is not utterly impracticable, we should be glad if as large an amount of capital as that proposed in the charter of the Inter-Oceanic Company, viz: \$50,000,-000 would be submitted for subscription on the basis of allottment stated, with ten per cent. paid up at the commencement instead of merely empowering the company to increase its capital to those proportions. If this large capital were obtained it would afford the best possible guarantee of the financial strength of the corporators, and would go far to guard against the danger of delays, disappointments and failures. Submitting the scheme in this way would not prevent as much stock being taken, at all events, as would be subscribed if only ten millions were offered, and would prove the absence of any desire on the part of the Government to work into the hands of any combination or railway ring. In any case we hope the Government will insist on the most ample security, so that there shall not remain any room for doubt-once the work is commenced-that it will be carried vigorously forward to a successful completion. It would reflect little credit on us as a people if we enter upon such a vast national undertaking and then find ourselves in the pitiable position of those who "begin to build and are not able to finish." If the thing is gone about in the right way, as we now hope it will be, there need be no fear of such an ignominious issue to this great public venture.

# THE PROFESSIONS AND LIGHTER OCCUPATIONS.

There appears to be a growing disposition among our young men to crowd the learned professions, to rush into business, and generally to seek the lighter occupations of life. The farm and the workshop are, in many cases, looked upon as meaning too hard work, and to dandle life away in an office, or measure tape behind a counter, is considered by many to be much easier and happier. Then others regard these socalled lighter occupations as so much more genteel and respectable, quite overlooking the dignity of human labor, and the practical independence of the man who is a direct producer of wealth.

As the result of such erroneous and which seems to have characterised the if granted—that it will be seen that the and medical professions becoming crowded, rather unmanly opinions, we find the legal hundreds anxious to "keep store" if they only can get goods on credit, and bookkeepers, clerks, *et hoc genus omne*, as plentiful as blackberries in the month of July. A single advertisement offering a good salary for one of the latter class, has been known to overwhelm the advertiser with applications. And this, too, whilst there is an abundant and more profitable field for labor on our lands, in our mechanical and manufacturing shops, in our forests, and in our now rapidly-developing mines.

There can be no doubt that this disposition on the part of many of the rising generation to avoid those pursuits which are considered hard work, is all wrong, and just as silly as it is wrong. The fact of the matter is, there is no royal road to success, and at the present time of day, with the keen competition which exists in every department of human industry, hard work is the invariable price which has to be paid for success in whatever calling is entered upon. The lawyer without a brief, may have easy work; but the few of them who are successful have had to toil late and early. The physician without patients, who ekes out a miserable existence, may have easy work; but what could be more laborious than the work of him who has a large practice? And as regards keeping store and "clerking," the work may be light but the hours are long, and we do not know a single occupation which appears to us so tiresome---so hopeless---so unattractive to a young man of energy and spirit, who has some ambition to make his way in the world.

Take the retail merchant as an illustration. Almost everyone seems to think himself qualified for that business, and that, too, without any previous experience or acquaintance with it. The result is that every town and village contains more merchants than can possibly do a living business-the trade is overdone-and every few months the assignce or sheriff steps in and adds another to the victims of failure. Look around your town or village and ask yourself how many of your present retail dealers were in business twenty years ago, or have retired with a reasonable competence? The per centage of the whole number will be found exceedingly small, and the lot of even the nineteen out of twenty who failed-was it pleasant? We can imagine nothing more calculated to use up a man mentally and physically, than the toil and worry of a hopeless struggle to keep a business off the rocks of bankruptcy. Following the plough or striking at the forge all day is undoubtedly laborious; but six o lock in most cases sets the workman

tive and vigorous as ever. But the trader who toils in his shop from morning to dark, who cannot escape the worrying details of a business, whose bills payable never fail to mature however business may fall off; his work may truly be said never to be done, and instead of being light and easy, as many young men suppose, it is wearying and trying to an unusual degree.

The rage for professional life and the supposed lighter classes of pursuits is annually reducing the chances of success. Where one succeeds, ten fail, and after many years uselessly spent, not a few have to settle down to occupations which they would have sneered at in early years as not sufficiently genteel or respectable. There is still, of course, and always will be, room for real talent in mercantile life, law or medicine; but real talent is a scarce commodity, and the great majority of the youths of Canada cannot be too strongly advised to engage in those numerous other forms of human industry, which, if not considered by snobs and shoddy quite so genteel, at least hold out the certain prospect of success to all who are enterprising and industrious.

It is a fact frequently remarked that a very large proportion of the young men who crowd to our cities are farmers' sons from the country. There is certainly no occupation, in Ontario at least, so uniformly successful as agriculture, and certainly none more independent and pleasant in itself. How, then, can we account for so many deserting their fathers' comfortable farms to enter upon the vicissitudes of city life? We cannot attribute this wholly, as some do, to a distaste for manual labor. We fear the true cause in most cases to be that our farmers' homes are not made sufficiently attractive to their children, and that they grow up to consider farming not as they should do the noblest of human pursuits, but as a life of dullness and drudgery to be escaped from at the earliest opportunity. This fact lies at the root of the evil, and it is high time that our farmers, most of whom can now afford it, should turn over a new leaf.

The rush for what may be called the nonproductive occupations, is no doubt caused to some extent by the increasing wealth of the lot of even the nineteen out of twenty who failed—was it pleasant? We can imagine nothing more calculated to use up a man mentally and physically, than the toil and worry of a hopeless struggle to keep a business off the rocks of bankruptcy. Following the plough or striking at the forge all day is undoubtedly laborious; but six o lock in most cases sets the workman free, and a night's slumber finds him as ac-

worthy, and at the same time foolish, tendency has fortunately not attained such headway in this country as in the United States, but that it is on the increase amongst us there is only too much reason to fear.

The whole matter may be summed up in a few words. Hard work in some form cannot be avoided if success is to be achieved. Whether in professional or mercantile pursuits, in the workshop or on the farm, toil most be encountered, difficulties overcome. The question, therefore, just resolves itself into this : Is it wiser for young men to go on swelling the number of those engaged in over-crowded professions, mercantile and other occupations, in which a lucky few draw prizes and the many blanks; or should they prefer to become our future farmers, mechanics, manufacturers and artizans, which occupations, while not less healthy and agreeable, hold out the certain prospect of success to all who display ordinary prudence and industry? The answer to this question ought not to be difficult.

WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF A BANK'S RESERVED FUND OR REST?

We occasionally hear of dissatisfied bank stockholders grumbling that the whole of the profits are not divided amongst the proprietors as they accrue, and asking what possible need there can be for accumulating a Rest without sharing the innocent simplicity of such eager expectants; there are others in greater numbers who are ready to find fault when the Directors of a Bank are disposed to accumulate a Rest beyond a certain sum. They ask, why should the Rest amount to more than—say twenty per cent of the paid up capital?

When such inquiries are pending, and they are apt to arise about the time when dividends are being declared, it is sometimes necessary to go back to first principles and endeavour to obtain a satisfactory solution of the question. We purpose, then, briefly to state why a reserve fund or Rest is needful to a Bank, and what is the proper limitation to be put upon it.

The banker makes his profits mainly by discounting bills and making advances, but it is not often realized to what an extent the whole mercantile and business community of the country are involved in his operations. There are less than twenty banks in Ontario and Quebec—but the public of Canada amongst them are indebted to these twenty banks more than a hundred millions of dollars. Now, who are they that owe the banks this enormous sum,

and what security have the banks for it? When a man borrows money of a capitalist, nothing is more common than for him to give security in the shape of house or farm property worth far more than the loan. Out of this property, in case of need, the loan can be realized, no matter what becomes of the borrower. Have the banks such security as this for the hundred millions due to them? Nothing of the kind. They are expressly prohibited by law from taking it. What have they, then? Why, for a very large proportion of that enormous sum they have nothing but the security of the public for one another. A is security for B, and B for C, and C for D, and so on to the end of the chapter, one person being often security for a hundred others. But of security that is secure, and well guarded against the chapter of accidents, the banks of Canada, like bank elsewhere, have a very small modicum, indeed. For a certain proportion of these loans they hold little slips of paper, giving them a title to lots and cargoes of grain, flour, lumber and what not; a title, however, different to those those titles signed, sealed and delivered which form the security of money lenders of another sort, and occasionally apt to turn out delusive when put to the test. At the best, supposing the title perfect, it is a title to perishable property, liable to be burnt, sunk, depreciated in value, rotted or destroyed. Even when secured by insurance this security, like the rest, is apt to turn out insecure. The ancients had a proverb,-"Who is to watch the watchman?" In modern mercantile life, we may say: Who is to insure the insurers? For some other portions of this immense mass of indebtedness the banks have shares in one another's stock transferred to their officers; a security satisfactory enough under an easy money market, but which in a time of pressure would prove a broken reed. For if at such a time, any attempt were made to realize, there would be such a breakdown in values as would result in fearful losses.

By far the larger part, however, of the money due to the banks is represented by simple promises to pay, entirely uncovered by any claim on property, either real or personal, and resting solely on the mercantile solvency of all sorts of persons of every grade of credit, in every city, town and village of the Dominion. There is no one of the banks doing an extensive business but what has money due to it by persons of every possible occupation in every part of the Dominion, from Pictou in Nova Scotia, to Winnipeg in Manitoba. Not a

not a raft of timber be broken up, not a change of weather take place, not a failure occur, not a fire happen, but the value of the assets of the banks is affected thereby. Not only so, but so wide-spread are the ramifications of our banking discounts in Canada, that not a single thing can transpire affecting trade and commerce, either in Great Britain or over the vast area of the United States, or even in China and Japan, but exercises an influence over the value of the debts due to them. If there is a bad harvest in Britain, or a panic in Wall Street, or a rise in the rate of discount at the Bank of England or a failure in the tea crop, or an increased production of cotton in the South, the value of the hundred millions of dollars of debt is directly affected. A knot of conspirators working in the dark in Chicago may cause losses in one direction; strikes in the building trade in New York may derange calculations as to the lumber trade, Houses may fail in Albany, in Boston, in New York, in Liverpool, in Glasgow, in London, and the banks of Canada, in spite of the shrewdest calculations, be involved in heavy losses thereby. Even political changes are not without their influence, and a change of ministry in England or Canada, or the chances of a presidential election in the States, will set in motion a series of causes which will all affect the value of a Canadian banker's loans. In short, there are endless casualties involved in the business, and if the whole history and possibilities of the hundred millions of debts were to be unfolded to a bank stockholder he would think that hardly any amount of guarantee or reserved fund could be accumulated which would adequately protect him.

These are the simple elements of the case, and we present them briefly to our readers for their reflection. Next week we will pursue the subject; but in the meantime, ask that the facts of this article be carefully considered in their bearings on the question, Why does a bank need a Rest and how much should it be?

TRADE WITH THE WEST INDIES .- An interesting return has just been received from Ottawa relating to our trade with the West India Islands. Statistics are presented showing how important and valuable is their commerce. In 1869 the imports of foreign goods' into the British West Indies amounted to in round numbers, \$22,-500,000, and the exports to \$23,750,000. The figures for the Spanish West Indies are immensely greater; Cuba alone im-

back as 1864—the latest figures given in the returns-and exported to the value of \$166,446,718. Porto Rico annually ship abroad and receives in return goods to the value of fifteen millions. Cuba has a population of 1,200,000, and Porto Rico 630,-000. A report of a committee of the Privy Council declares the willingness of the Government to subsidize a company for a term of three or five years, to run # line of steamers from Dominion sea ports to these Islands. A serious difficulty is presented by the differential duties, often excessive, imposed by Spain in favor of vessels flying the national flag. If arrangements for a line can be made, it is thought probable that the Island of Barbadoes would contribute half the subsidy. Now that the Government have declared their intentions so explicitly, we hope that the capital may be provided or the facilities found in some way of opening up direct and speedy communication with the West Indies, in order that we may have the large share to which Canada is by position and other circumstances entitled, of the profitable exchanges with these rich and populous Islands.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE .--- We learn that a somewhat encouraging commencement has been made in building up a business for this Company during the short period that has elapsed since the estabment of the Canada agency. This is partly due to the tact and good sense displayed by the representatives here, and perhaps more largely to the strong claims the office is able to make upon the confidence and patronage of assurers. The high rate of interest realized on Western investments admits of liberal dealing with policy-holders; the plans of the Company are quite in harmony with the most advanced ideas of modern life insurance, which it is needless to say, are always tending in the direction of cutting off the advantages over the assured which the older forms of policies gave to a company. The increased attractions thus given to life insurance go far to account for the immense business that such offices as the one in question have been able to build up. Not many months ago the splendid new building erected by this Company in the city of St. Louis was taken possession of; and although the cost was something like half a million, the investment is a profitable one on the present basis of property valuation, and may increase in value to something handsome. We believe agents are breeze can blow, not a ship be wrecked, ported to the value of \$129,542,383 so far as good and reliable men can be secured. being appointed throughout Ontario as fast

332

-" The Dominion of Canada Oils Refinery Company," one of those precious schemes that have been floated in England, has, like another one of the same ilk, fallen into difficulty. A shareholder called a meeting by circular, and attacked the management vigorously. The matter was finally disposed of by the directors agreeing to call a meeting in three days, and submit accounts. Meantime an agent has been sent out to examine into the Company's affairs amounted to £168,107 115 6d.; of this sum in this country.

proposed issue of new stock, fully paid up, by Western Assurance Company, was not strictly accurate. The stock has been held in abeyance for the time being, on account of the close condition of the money market, but may be issued at any time.

## Insurance.

FIRE RECORD .- Hamilton, Oct. 21.- The dry goods store of J.H. Bartindale & Co., took fire in the night from what casuse not known. The stock is badly damaged by fire and water. Insured as follows :-- Royal, \$4,500; Queen, \$4,000; British America, \$4,000; London, 44,000; British America, 44,000; London, Liverpool and Globe, \$2,000; Hartford, \$2,000; and Scottish Imperial \$4,000. The building is owned by Mr. Robt. Walker, of Toronto, and is also insured.

Aylmer, Oct. 18.—A fire broke out in the tinshop owned by C. Monroe. The engine was on the spot immediately, but the fire could not be checked until it had totally consumed Robt. Thomson's store, the hotel and stables occupied by Meek & White, and J.M. Emberte; a dry goods store occupied by A.C. Brown, and owned by D. Stewart; a barn owned by R.C. Wright, Also a hardware store occupied by G.J. & E. Walker was considerably damaged, and their oil house and contents consumed. The buildings were all insured, and most of the goods saved, although in a damaged condition. All were partially insured except Meek & White. A few others had goods damaged by removal. Origin of fire unknown.

Frankford, Ont. Oct. 8.—The Woollen Factory owned by J.S. Huffman, was totally consumed together with contents Loss heavy. We have not learned as to the insurance.

Louisburg, Cape Breton, Oct. 7 .- The store of W. E. Gardner was destroyed, also the stock ; insured in the Royal for \$3,400. At Golden-ville the store of Mr. W. B. Winsly and the house of W. Barber were burned.

-The Universal Fire insurance company of England is about to open an agency in the United States. This company was but lately organized.

-Boston sends Babcock fire-extinguishers to a fire in an express wagon by themselves. Chicago and other cities at the west, every fire In engine, hook and ladder truck and hose reel carries one or more of these extinguishers, thus insuring their presence at the fire with the first firemen.

-It is announced that the Great Western Railway Company will pay a dividend at the rate of 64 per cent annum on the operations of the past half-year. Mr John Cleghorn, one of the Directors of the North Eastern Railway Company, has been elected to a seat at the board of the Great Western Railway of Canada, vacated by the resignation of Mr. M. K. Jesup, of New

# Railways.

#### GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

The half-yearly report states that the receipts on Capital Account during the half-year to July 31st, 1872, amounted to £13,778 18s. The total receipts on Capital Account amounted, on 31st July, 1872, to £6,573,357 98 8d. The charges on capital account during the half-year expenditure for roadway slidings, station-build-ings &c., and a proportion of the cost of steel rails laid in the track, amount to \$18,708 is 6d. -A reference in our issue of last week to the land purchases for station extensions, principally and purchases for station extensions, principally at Detroit, absorb £13,219 158 4d. car purchases stated in the Mechanical Superintendent's report, to the extent of £31,906 178 od. For the Glencoe Loop Line £98,889 78 11d. has been expended, and £746 198 10d. for small disbursements in respect of the Brantford Branch. The total expenditure to 31st July, 1872, amounted to £6.153,670 158 2d, leaving a balance of £419,686 148 6d, at the credit of capital account. capital account.

The receipts and expenditure on revenue account, for the half-year, have been as follows : Gross receipts £550,734 10 0; working expenses, including renewals and all charges £329,436 16 o; total £221,297 13 3; From which is deduct-ed—Interests on bonds, &c., £37,826 13 6; Discount and charges on conversion of American currency £34,702 15 7; Amount set aside for renewal of ferry steamers £2,000 0 0; Loss on working the Erie and Niagara Railway £554 6 2; Alteration of gauge account—proportion charged this half-year £9,100 0 0; total £84 183 15 3; leaving a balance of £137,113 18 0; Add profit on working Galt and Guelph Railway £1,725 1 6; and surplus from last half year £5,643 17 5; Amount avilable for dividend

 $f_{144,482}$  16 11. The dividend for the half year on the 5 per cent. preference stock amounts to £7,020 I Is 6d. and from the balance the Directors recommend a dividend on the ordinary shares at the rate of 6] per cent. per annum, payable in London on the 26th October, which will absorb  $\pounds$ 135,976 IIs IId., leaving  $\pounds$ 1,485 I3s 6d. to be carried forward to the next half-year.

The aggregate revenue receipts (exclusive of those of the Galt and Guelph, the Wellington, Grey and Bruce, and the Erie and Niagara Railways) exhibit a gross increase of £91,821 7s rease in through freight and live stock traffic  $\pounds_{13,896} 4 \text{ II}$ ; ditto through crease in through freight and live stock traffic  $\pounds_{13,896} 4 \text{ II}$ ; ditto through freight and live stock traffic  $\pounds_{19,721} \text{ II}$ ; lin-£36,233 5 1; Increase in mails and express freight £1,822 10 2; total £91,821 7 2.

The through live stock traffic has been carried at so diminished a rate as compared with the last half-year ending July 31st, 1871, as to cause a decrease in the net earnings of the Company from this source of the sum of \$54,000. The receipts for local or way traffic amount to 40 per cent. of the total earnings.

The discount and charges on the conversion of American currency for the half year amounted to £34,702 158 7d., as compared with £20, 730 15s 11d. in the corresponding half year.

The same half-yearly amount as heretofore  $(\pounds 9,100)$  has been charged to revenue toward defraying the cost of alteration of gauge. The only remaining portion of the line where the broad 5 ft. 6 in. gauge is retained, is the 76 miles between London and Hamilton.

An agreement will also be submitted to lease the London and Port Stanley Railway for a period of 21 years at an annual rental of \$20,000. This line is 27 miles in length, and running

of the Glencoe Loop Line at St. Thomas with the main line at London.

The Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, has been worked from Guelph to Clifford, 55 miles, during the half-year, and thus far the expectation formed of its value has been realized. During the past half-year it has been worked within 70 per cent. of its gross earnings, and has yielded additional earnings to the Great Western, from interchange of traffic, to the extent of \$46,432 86, and in the two years since the first short section of it was opened, of \$144, 785 38. Since the termination of the half-year further sections, to Walkerton and to Paisley, 29 miles beyond Clifford, have been partially worked, and in a few weeks it is expected the entire line will be completed to Southampton on Lake Huron.

The receipts and expenditure of the Detroit and Milwaukee Railroad have been as follows for the half-year ending June 30th, 1872 :---Gross earnings £ 134,215 2 2 ; Working expenses taxes, &c.,  $\pounds 99,462$  14 6; Balance to meet in-terest on bonds  $\pounds 34,752$  78. The through traffic on this road is increasing, but the local traffic has decreased.

#### RAILWAY TRAFFIC RETURNS For the month of August, 1872.

351 262 5886 1871 1871 116 I45 2,468 Miles 1872. 124 I45 :,476 1871 7,586 15,166 61,625 40,119 12,453 30,567 33,994 \$1,240,514 Total 1872. 30,589 \*37,723 **\$1**,344,973 Total Freight. Branch. 13,370 16,244 \$753,726 68.4 58.5 × and ies. Including \$9,708 of ,049 1,497 \$38,644 Mails a Sundri 11: Passengers. 15,722 10,994 \$542,895 5 J. Great Western Graad Trunk. London and Port Stanley Velland Northern Northern Sconge, Peterboro' and Marmora Sconge, Peterboro' and Chambly. Canillon and Grenville Starstead, Schood and Chambly. Carillon and Grenville Starstead, Schood and Chambly. St. Lawrence and Iudsrry. New Brunswick and Chambly. St. Lawrence and Mustry. New Brunswick and Chambly. Annapolis RAILWAYS.

-The supreme court of the United States has decided that, where the agents of insurance companies having agents at a distance from their principal place of business, undertake to prepare the application of the insured, or to make representations to the insured as to the character or effect of his statements or his application, they will be regarded, in so doing, as the agents of the company, not of the person insured; and no limitations of the agent's aunorth and south, connects the western extremity he deals unless brought to their knowledge.

STATEMENT OF BANKS

Acting under Charter for the Month ending September 30th, 1872, according to Returns furnished by the Banks to the Auditor of Public Accounts.

				CAPITAL.						LIABILITIE	ITIES				
2	OF BANK.	Aut	Capital Authorized.	Capital Subscribed.	Capital Paid Up.	Notes in Circulation.	Government Deposits Payable on Demand.	ant Other s Deposits n Payable on Demand.	Government Deposits n payable after notice.	ts Other ts Deposits fter payable after notice.		Due to other Banks ot in Canada.	Due to other Banks or Agents not in Canada	Liabilities not included above.	Total Liabilities.
Bank of Montreal		\$8°,c	8	\$8,000,000 00	\$7,952,280 00	\$3,522,601 00		1 00	90 \$2,684.778	<sup>8</sup>			\$c0 600 00		
City Bank Bank of British North America				1,939,800 00 1,200,000 00	1,938,030 00 1,200,000 00	1,307,494 00	0 108,225 20 0 40.000 00	6 I,992,659	93	0 00 616,087 9	. + 0	22,405 46			4,245,872 56
Banque du Peuple			8 6	4,866,666 00	4,866,666 00	2,393,518 00		1,705,209	00	4,123,	00	10,598 00	725,511 00	15,420 34	1,587,043 73 0.083.765 00
Molson's Bank	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			322,700 20	315,999 69	344,990 00		1 390,944	39 16	455, 306.	<u> </u>	8,183 45		10,057 40	1,081,769 61
Bank of Toronto.		л й и и	88	1,500,000 00	I,444,850 00 I.500.000 00	I,060,599 00		1,602,679	20	: :		30,947 62	120,178 72		3,224,126 02
Eastern Townships Bank.		2.5	88	2,490,000 00	2,454,345 00	1,569,732 00		903,094	19 410,000	38		30,040 12 64.416 50	237,186 49	414 00	3,902,565 07
Bandue Nationale		2,0	38	1,250,000 00	715,105 00	661.301 00		284,826		: 4	_	7,036 87			I,156,841 42
Merchants' Bank		9,0	2,000,000 00	2,000,000 00	1,487,295 00	440,104 00	286,116	283,375	6	665,184	<u>.</u>	90,014 70 9,532 92	500 00	15,553 88	2,223,464 41 1 686 677 67
Royal Canadian Bank		3,0	38	2,000,000 00	0,301,743 33	4,270,534 00	104,972	5,180,820	*		5	47.791 32	1,426,024 86		13.459,312 34
Mechanics' Bank.	lada		8	1,985,000 00	1,857,216 00	1,464,969 00	54,532	I,062,038	46	1 31 400,521 1.027,552	<del>7</del> 5	29,030 00	1,880,31		3,123,948 45
Canadian Bank of Comme	rce	6,00	1,000,000 00 6,000,000 00 5	500,000 00 5.280.100 00	415,165 00		000'9	418,338	4		<u>;</u> ;	227 26	14 0776005		4,042,200 79
Dominion Bank	••••••••••••••	I,00	8	1,000,000 00	651,050 00	z,/41,30/ 00 173,256 00	20,127	4,140,194 758.400	440,000	8	72	19,169 97	461,747 24		8,916,037 16
Bank of Hamilton			I,000,000 00 I.	888,400 00	850,272 52	722,341 00	13,000	484,028	69 I E0.000	00 250,224	73		8,200 58		1,205,287 19 1.660.105 76
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#### Commercial.

#### MONTREAL MARKET.

# From our own Reporter.

MONTREAL, Oct. 22, 1872.

A moderate degree of briskness has to be noted in most branches of trade, although the wet weather and the "horse disease" has kept back shipping operations, and it is with great difficulty that merchandise in the city can be moved for shipment. Rather more horses have been at work yesterday and to-day, and it is believed that the worst of the trouble is now over. Groceries have been steady, with a fair business doing; Chemicals are dull and heavy; dry goods moderately active; breadstuffs quiet; provisions quiet but steady; ashes easier; tonnage scarce and rates are advancing. We have had some sharp frost during

the week, and rain has fallen every day till Sunday. Yesterday and to-day we are enjoy-ing "Indian Summer," which is giving an impetus to business.

Ashes.—Pots—We have had an unsteady market. and prices have varied from \$6.60 to 6.80 for firsts; seconds are dull of sale at \$6; and thirds are worth about \$5.30. Pearls -There have been very few barrels of this description changing hands, buyers not being willing to meet the views of sellers. The nom-inal price to-day is \$8.60 to 8.65. The stocks at present in store are 1,752 brls. pots, and 264 brls. pearls.

BOOTS AND SHOES .- We have little improvement to note in this trade; a few orders are coming in principally for sorting up stocks, but prices have met with no material change. We quote men's No. I stogas, \$2.50 to 2.75; ditto No. 2, \$2.15 to 2.30; men's kid clump, \$3; ditto DS, \$2.75; calf congress, \$2.50 to 3; buff congress, \$2.20 to 2.30; boys's boots, \$1.50 to 2.25; women's calf boots DS, \$1.30; buff ditto DS, \$1.25; splits do. DS, \$1.10; to 1.20; buff congress DS, \$1.35; balmorals DS, \$1.40

to 1.75. CATTLE.—There has been a good demand this week as is generally the case when the cold weather comes in and all choice cattle on the market are readily bought up. First quality \$6.50 to 7.00 ; second ditto \$5.25 to 5.50 ; third ditto \$4.75 to 5.00. Sheep in plentiful supply and are readily bought up at from \$5.00 to 5.00 lambs are scarce and in demand prices firm at \$2.50 to 4.00 ; Hogs .- Market quiet some sales

are reported at \$4.75 to 5.25 according to quality. Dry Goods.—Trade has generally been more active and a number of orders have been received from both travellers and buyers who are in thecity. Prices of all articles in this iine are reported firm. Stocks are well assorted and buyers have hrm. Stocks are well assorted and buyers nave a good choice to pick from. There are still large sales of damaged goods going on which interfere very much with the regular trade especially is this the case with fancy dry goods. For Canadian wollens their has been a better demand especially the finer kinds. Clothing is new active large orders continue to come for very active large orders continue to come for-ward and it is expected that the activity will continue for some weeks to come or till the close of navigation.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—This market has been very quiet and there is little change to note in prices, indeed the market at present is almost nominal. Cream Tartar Crystals show no change 27 to 28c being the current rates Epsom Salts have been moved to some small extent at \$1.75 to 2.12<sup>1</sup>; Saltpetre is unchanged \$10.50 to 11 being realized for any lots selling; Sal Soda steady as last quoted viz \$2.00 to 2.25 Soda ash quiet at 38 to 31c; Bi carb is steady

Powder has been moved to some extent during the week at  $3\frac{1}{2}$  to  $3\frac{2}{4}$  and 4c; Alum  $\$2.12\frac{1}{2}$  some small lots sold bringing  $\frac{1}{6}$  more. Refined borax 25 to 27C. Copperas \$1.25 to 1.374. FURS.—There is very little doing in this

branch of trade at present, but as the fall trade is expected to begin next week, some activity is then looked for. Meantime we cannot make any alteration on last week's prices:-Beaver, \$2 to 2.50; black bear, \$10 to 12; fisher, \$6 to 7; silver fox, \$25 to 50; cross fox, \$2 to 5; red fox, \$1.50 ; lynx, \$1.50. to 1.75 ; dark marten, \$5 to 10; pale marten \$2 to 2.50; dark mink, \$4. to 5; pale mink, \$1 to 1.50; fall muskrat, 10c. to 12+c; winter do., 15c ; spring do., 25c; racoon, 40c. to 50c; skunk, 25 to 50c; otter, \$10 to 12. FISH.—This article is now arriving freely

and a good deal of business has been transacted during the week. Dry cod has met a fair de-mand and a good deal has changed hands at \$4 to 4.25. Labrador herrings were sold at auction for \$5, and this price is also about the figure asked at private sale. Round Labrador herrings sell at \$2.25 to 3; Canso herrings, \$3 to 3.50. Salmon has been dealt in to some extent at \$14.871 to 16.50 in barrels, at which prices there is a fair demand. Sardines, 14 to 16c for

quarters, and 25<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> to 27<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> c for halves. FUEL.—Coal—There is a good demand for this article, but prices do not show any change with the exception of Smith's coal (Newcastle), which is now selling at \$13 per ton. Firewood -Is in good supply, fully equal to any demand which exists at present. Prices are fair but un-changed since last week.

FREIGHTS.-Tonnage is still scarce, but a number of vessels of the fall fleet are reported below, and will be in port this week. Meantime rates continue high. The latest engage-ments we have heard of for heavy grain by steamer to Liverpool and Glasgow were at 95 3d to 9s 6d, and to London, 9s. Rates for heavy grain by sailing vessels to Liverpool and Glasgow, 7s 6d to 9s. Flour to St. Johns, New-foundland and the Gulf Ports, 40 to 50c per barrel.

FLOUR.—Receipts during the past week, 34,536 barrels; total receipts from 1st January to date, 659,003 barrels, being a decrease of 49,175 barrels on the receipts for the corresponding period of 1871. Shipments for the past week, 17,113 barrels; total shipments from ist January to date, 520,415, being a decrease of 30,345 barrels on the shipments for the corresponding period of 1871. The stocks in store and in the hands of millers on the 15th The stocks in inst. was 57,096 barrels against 40,099 barrels on the 1st inst., and 41,165 barrels on 15th Oct., 1871, owing principally to large receipts and the increasing stocks combined with the decline in the English market has tended to keep down prices here. The amount of business done under the circumstances has been very limited, and at a reduction of about 20 to 30c under last Tuesday's prices. The market to-day was quiet, and the demand confined to local wants, quiet, and the definite commend to local wants, at the following quotations: — Extra, \$7to \$7.10; fancy, \$6.40 to \$6.50; ordinary supers from Canada wheat, \$6; Strong bakers' flour, \$6.10 to 6.25; Welland Canal flour, \$6; Canada super No. 2, \$5.75 to 5.90; fine, \$11 and \$11 and \$21 and \$21 and \$21 and \$32\$5 to 5.15; middlings, \$3.75 to 4; Pollard's, \$2.50 to 3; Upper Canada bags, \$2.75 to 2.85. Oatmeal is very firm and in good demand for Upper Canada brands at \$4.70 to 5; corn meal, \$3 to 3.15.

GRAIN .--- Wheat-Receipts for the past week, 458,126 bushels; total receipts from 1st January, 3,121,819 bush., being a decrease of 3,132,-273 bush., on the receipts for the corresponding period of 1871. Shipments, for the past week,

and in the hands of millers on the 15th inst. were 348,480 bush., against 160,623 bush. on the 1st inst., and 344,849 bush. on the 15th Oct. 1871. Very few transactions have taken place during the week, prices have been within our range of quotations, but they may be looked on as nearly nominal. U. C. white winter, \$1.35 to 1.40; Canada red winter, \$1.32] to 1.35; U. C. spring, \$1.35; Chicago and Milwaukee spring No. 2, \$1.321 to 1.35. Maize-Stocks in store, 653,524 bush.; shipments from 1st January to date, 6,646,828 bush., being an increase of 4,491,440 bush. on the shipments for the corresponding period of 1871. Market this week has been dull and nominal, latest sales were at 54 to 55c for cargoes. *Pcas* dull, at 80 to 85c. *Oats* firm, at 32 to 34c. *Barley*—More business doing, cargoes being placed at 50 to 55c for the next crop. GROCERIES.—Teas—There has been an im-

proved demand for Young Hysons and Twankays, also for uncolored Japans, and considerable sales have been made within the following range of quotations : Young Hysons, 35 to 85c; uncolored Japans, 30 to 60c; Twankay, 271 to 35c. Sugars-Market has ruled quiet, holders effect without making concessions, meantime prices are nominal. Low to good grades at 81 to 91c; a number of sales of Scotch refined have taken place from 93 to 10c; local refined in good demand—loaves 134c; dry crushed, 124 to 128c; ground (table), 128 to 124c; crushed A, 114 to 114c; yellow refined, 98 to 104c. Molasses—Prices of molasses have advanced with the extra demand which has existed, and an advance on last week's prices has been established. We quote-Centrifugal, 18 to 20c; clayed, 221 to 241c; Barbadoes, 39 to 40c; Trinidad, 30 to 33c. Rice continues in request, and sales according to sample are reported from \$4.07 to 4.321. Coffee-No transactions of any moment transpiring; for Ceylon native coffee, 18 to 20c is paid; and for Ceylon native coffee, 18 to 20c is paid; and for Ceylon plantation, 23 to 25c; Maracaibo, 19 to 21c; Java, 21 to 25c. Fruit—No new layer raisins in the market as yet, but a cargo has arrived in port to-day. Old layers have been very firm, and were held for \$1.75 to  $1.82\frac{1}{3}$ ; Valencias are nominal, at  $8\frac{1}{3}$  to 10c for new; currants,  $5\frac{5}{3}$  to  $6\frac{3}{3}c$  for new; almonds, 10 to  $13\frac{1}{3}c$ ; filberts,  $8\frac{1}{3}$  to 9, but they are very scarce, and very few are selling under our outside quo-tation: walnuts. 6 to  $8\frac{1}{3}c$ ; filberts,  $7\frac{1}{3}$  to  $8\frac{1}{3}c$ . tation ; walnuts, 6 to 8½c ; dates, 7½ to 8½c. Spices—There has been a good deal of animation in spices, and prices tend upward for cassia and black pepper, which are now quoted at 24 to 27c for the former, and 16 to 161c for the latter; in other kinds there is no change to note.

HIDES .- We have no change to notice in the state of this market, which is well supplied and fully sufficient to meet the good demand which exists.

HARDWARE .--- The decline noted last week has not been recovered, and it is not expected that lower prices than our quotations for pig iron will rule for some time to come at least A large trade has been done in malleable iron at quotations. Canada plates are not quite so active, and prices are easier. Cut nails are in larger demand than can easily be supplied, and full prices for all kinds are obtained. Our revised quotations for this week are-Pig Iron -Coltness, \$45.50 to 46.50 ; Gartsherrie, \$45.50 to 46.50; Summerlee, \$42 to 43; Glengarnock, \$40 to 41; Laugloan, \$42 to 43; Giengarnock, ton, \$40 to 41; Clyde, \$39 to 40; Hem-atite, \$49 to 49.50. Bars-Scotch or Staffordshire, \$70 to 75; best refined, \$80 to 85; Swedes, \$100 to 120. Hoop and Band, and firm at \$5.25 to 3.50; Caustic soda is firm and a shade higher than last week 5.5 to 5.50 having been paid for small parcels. Bleaching responding period of 1871. The stocks in store ton, \$8.50 to 8.75; Swansea, \$8.75 to g. Tin Plates—Charcoal IC, \$13.50 to 14; ditto IX, \$15.50 to 16; coke, IC, \$13 to 13.50. Sheet Lead, \$7 to 7.50; pig lead, \$6 to 7. Zinc— Spelter, \$6.50 to 7; sheet, \$7.50 to 8. Galvan-ized Iron, 12c to 14c. Cast Steel, 14c to 16c; prime do for to flor; eligith show for the flor spring do., 6c to 61c; sleigh shoe, 6c to 61c. Window Glass very firm for 4th quality, 64 x 74 to 10 x 14, \$2.90; 10 x 16 to 18 x 22, \$3.10;  $18 \times 24$  to 20 x 30, \$3.40; 22 x 30 to 24 x 36, \$3.70; it will be noticed that a large advance on glass has taken place since last week, the importations being much under those of last year.

LEATHER.—The trade generally has been dull although a better demand has to be noted for splits and Spanish and slaughter sole. Considerable sales of these have taken place within our range of quotations :--No. I Spanish sole, 26 to 27c; do. No. 2, 23 to 25c; Buffalo sole No. 1 23c ; do No. 2, 21c ; slaughter sole No. 1, 31c; light waxed upper, 371 to 42c; heavy do. 36 to 38c; grained upper 38 to 42c; large splits, 26 to 34c; small do. 26 to 30c; sheepskin linings, 30 to 36c; harness, 29 to 32c; buffed cow, 15 to 17c.

pebbled cow, 15 to 17c; patent cow, 19 to 20c. LIQUORS.—Brandy—Only a small business doing but prices are well maintained. sales in wood at \$2.00 to 2.50 and in cases from \$6.00 to g.oo according to the brand, a round lot of Hennessys in cases was placed at \$7.621 to 7.75. Gin maintains its late firmness De Kuypers in wood has been moved at \$1.36 to  $1.37\frac{1}{2}$ : green cases \$3.55 to  $3.67\frac{1}{2}$ , red cases \$6.60 to 6.65. Rum not much doing and our quotation of \$1.90 2.10 is nominal. High Wines-A large amount of business has been doing in Upper Canada brands at \$1.50 to 1.521 according to the size of parcel. Rye Whiskey has been moved to some

extent at 32<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> to 33c in bond. NAVAL STORES.—Spirit of turpentine—We have no change to notice this week the market is firm and the quotation of 75 to 771 is fully maintained. Rosin there has been an active market and prices are rather higher than our quotations of last week, strained \$5.00 to 5.121; No. 2 \$5.50; No. 1 \$5.75; Pale \$6.00 to 7.50; No change to note in pitch and tar.

OILS.-There has been a firm market for Cod oil at 52 to 55c our inside quotation being for a lot sold at auction. Seal is hardly so firm ordinary pale bring 65 to 66c; steam refined 65 to 671c; straw 571 to 60c this latter is very firm and held at quotations. Linsced in limited demand but no change has taken place in last week's quotation ; Olive oil is easier with sales at \$1.02 to 1.10; Lard oil 80 to 85c; Bleached whale and Palm oil show no alteration in prices. Petroleum.-The demand is increasing and prices have advanced since last week to 36 to 400.

PROVISIONS .- Butter-Receipts, 10,905 kegs; shipments, 13,921 kegs. The market is steady and all good parcels are readily bought up Inferior grades are difficult to move. W. quote: Fair dairy butter, 14½ to 15½c; choice ditto, 16 to 17c; choice Eastern Townships but-ter commands 20 to 21c. Cheese-Receipts, 9,811 boxes; shipments, 13,341 boxes. A satis-factory business has been done during the week, the prices realized being for fine factory II to IIIc, finest new cheese bringing from 12 to 121c. Pork—Receipts, 157 barrels; shipments, 641 barrels. The market keeps very firm, and considerable quantities have been moved at the following range of quotations : Mess, \$17.50 to 17.75. Thin mess, \$15.50; this article is very scarce here at present. Extra prime pork, \$10. Lard—Is more enquired for, and sales are reported at 111c. Tallow-73 to 81c per lb.

SALT.-Coarse salt till tends upward. The sales effected during the week have been from \$1.20 to 1.271 according to the size of lot, but to-day the same article can hardly be obtained \$1.10 to 1.20; factory filled, \$1.65; table salt,

\$1.25 to 1.30. WOOL.—We have nothing new to report as to the state of this market. Holders are by no means anxious to sell at present prices, unless compelled to realize. We quote : Fleece wool, 40 to 45c; pulled wool super, 35 to 40c; dio No. I, 30 to 35c; do black, 32 to 38c; do unassorted, 30 to 35.

#### TORONTO MARKET.

# TORONTO, Oct. 24.

There has been no special activity in the business of this city during the past week, trade in most branches having been rather quiet than otherwise. The money market is without noticeable change, but the demand has fallen off somewhat, and the wants of commercial men are satisfied with greater facility than previously. Rates, however, are nominally unchanged, and any extension of credit is met and changed, and any extension of order on loans. checked by advanced charges on loans. Collections throughout the country have not improved, and remittances have been even less satisfactory during the past week than at any time before. The prevailing horse epidemic, which seems to have become general all over the country, is said to interfere very much with the moving of grain to the railway stations, and consequently money is not being put into circulation with anything like the rapidity that is usual at this season of the year. The result of course is that country merchants make fewer eash sales, are able to collect a smaller per centage of their book debts, and are compelled to ask for an increased amount of accommodation from their creditors.

BOOTS AND SHOES .- Trade is still reported as very active, with stocks generally reduced below the usual level, and manufacturing facilities taxed to the utmost for the time being to meet the demand. Prices are firm in con-sequence but quotations are unchanged, stock being easier to buy now than during the earlier part of the summer, and goods not costing anymore at all events to turn out.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS .- There has been a steady trade during the week at prices which are for the most part without alteration. Opium however, has advanced 25c and is now quoted at \$8 to 8.25.

DRY GOODS.—Although the heavy trade of this season has pretty well come to a close, there has been a good deal done during the week in filling small orders for assorting stocks, which have come in if anything more freely than was anticipated.

FREIGHTS .- Rates on grain have not been maintained, and with more vessels offering than were needed at this point, have declined, latest engagements to Oswego having been 4c and to Ogdensburg at 5c, greenbacks. A decline in coal freights is also noted. From \$2.75 to 3 gold has been paid in the course of the week, but at the close there was a falling off in the amount of coal offering at Cleveland, and a charter was yesterday reported at \$2.25. Rates

on lumber are firm at \$3. greenbacks to Oswego. FLOUR AND MEAL.—Flour—A decline of 6d per barrel in Liverpool was advised during the per barrel in Liverpool was advised during the week, latest quotation being 30s 6d. Here the tendency has still been downward, but it is difficult to arrive at actual values, most of the business done having been on private terms. Extra has been inactive, with no recent sales of ordinary brands on which to base quotations. A very choice brand sold yesterday as high as \$6.75 which is more than would generally be paid. Fancy sold in the course of the week at \$6. but at the close was offered at that figure with no buyers over \$5.90. Superfine was in good supply but difficult of sale, sellers finding it necessary to make a considerable concession to

stated as nominally \$5.40 to 5.50. Oatmeal.— Has been in fair request, with an upward tendency, and sales of several 100 barrel lots a \$4.65 to 4.75 the latter figure being paid yesterday. Bran.—There has been some scarcity, and for immediate delivery an advance on late rates would have been paid, \$14. being offered and refused for a car load on the track to arrive; however there were sales at \$13.

GRAIN.-Wheat.-There has been but little improvement to note in receipts and stocks are accumulating very slowly. Operators, however, have not been willing to purchase at the relatively high prices demanded by holders, and notwithstanding the insufficiency of the supply prices have given way somewhat. No. I spring sold yesterday at \$1.20 f.o.b., and No. I treadwell has recently been placed at \$1.28, No. 2 white wheat lately sold at \$1.25 but there have been no sales reported of No.1 quotations of which are purely nominal. Barley.-There has been a steady demand from shippers with inadequate offerings; but there has been no urgent pressure to purchase, and the market has been the turn in favour of the buyer. Latest sales of car lots have been at 70 to 71c for No. I and 66 to 68c for No. 2. On the street the deliveries have not been large, and have sold steadily at from about 68 to 72c. Oats .- Not much coming in, and with an active enquiry for present use prices advanced for any offering on the spot. Several thousand bushels sold at 40c free in store, but for cars on the track as high as 41c would have been paid at one time. Recent sales to arrive have been at 39c. Peas .--Selling in a very small way, extra waggon at 68 to 72c for common to barrelling qualities. Rye .---None offering and quotations nominal.

GROCERIES .- The market has been very quiet during the week, with only a moderate demand from the retail trade for staple and general goods. This has been partly owing to the trade sale for account of Messrs. Cramp, Torrances & Co., at which a large amount of teas, sugars and other goods were disposed of, prices realized being on the average quite satisfactory to the sellers. The following shows the range of prices for leading articles sold :—Sugar—Cuba, centrifugals in hhds,  $9\frac{1}{2}$  to  $9\frac{1}{3}$ c; Scotch yellows, in hhds,  $9\frac{1}{2}$  to  $9\frac{1}{3}$ c; Redpath's do. in barrels,  $9\frac{1}{3}$ to 101c; dry crushed and ground at 121 to 128c; extra ground at 135c. Tea-1,350 packages of Young Hysons at 31 to 81c; 65 packages Twankeys at 25 to 27c : 48 packages of Hysons at 33 to 60c; 35 packages Imperials at 32 to 61c; 70 packages Gunpowders at 55 to 84c; 575 packages uncolored Japans at 30 to 51c; 300 packages Congous and Souchongs at 25 to 62c; 24 packages Oolongs and Assams at 15 to 35c. Coffee—About 300 packages including Maraca-ibo, at 18 to 194c; Costa Rica, 17 to 19c; Peaberry at 21 to 23c; Plantation Ceylon at 21 to 22c: Government Java at 21 to 23c; Mocha at 25 to 27c. Syrup and Molasses-New York sugar syrup, good, 48 to 50c; silverlip, 661 to 68c; amber 68 to 72c; molasses syrup, 25 to 28c; molasses 24 to 25c. Fruit-New crop Sultanas at 10<sup>3</sup> to 12c; new Valentias 88 to 8<sup>3</sup>/<sub>2</sub>c; old currants at \$4.75 to 5.80. Brandy.-Sige; old currants at \$4.75 to 5.00. Dramay. 2,000 cases Hennessey's at \$7.50 to 7.75, Mar-tell's at \$7.25 to 7.40, and Jules Robin's at \$6.15 to 6.35, Martell's in wood, \$1.90 to \$2.10, Robin's, \$1.88 to 1.90. Gin—De Kuypers in wood, \$1.30; Houtmann's \$1.28; Houtmann's 5.226 for for red and \$3.26 to 1000 cases, \$6.25 for red, and \$3.50 for green.

HARDWARE.-Heavy goods have continued to HARDWARE.—Heavy goods nave continued to decline, holders being rather anxious to quit themselves of at least some portion of their stocks before any further fall should take place in the home markets. The regular demand from the trade is light at present, but round lots have been sold at considerably under late quotations, and a general revision of the price list has now been made. It is not thought likely, at \$1.27 to 1.30. Fine is entirely nominal at effect sales of round amounts. Prices may be however, that there will be much reduction in

this market during the present season. For present values in detail reference is made to the prices current in another page.

HIDES AND SKINS-Are quiet and without further change. PETROLEUM .- Business active, and prices

firm and without further alteration.

PROVISIONS .-- Butter -- There has been no change in the condition of this trade. Good to choice selections have commanded 14 to 16c from shippers, but there is not much of this quality offering, and only a comparatively small amount has changed hands. For ordinary and amount has changed nands. For ordinary and medium grades not over 8 to 10c has been paid. Cheese—Firm at 12 to 13c, with sales here in only a retail way. Eggs—There are only a few offering, and for these from 18 to 20c has been paid for city consumption purposes. Lard— Selling in a small way at 104c for tierces, and 11 to 114c for tinnets. Pork, Bacon and Hams —None in the market and prices pomingl -None in the market and prices nominal.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COM-rortino.—" By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and mutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills."—Civil Service Gazette. Ma e simply with Boiling Water or Milk. Each packet is la-belled—" JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœpathic Chemists, Lon-don."

belies—"JARDS Deriver Co.co., ---"We will now give an ac-don." MANUFACTREE OF Coco., ---"We will now give an ac-count of the process adopted by Messrs. James Epps & Ge., manufacturers of dictic articles, at their works in the Survey Bord. London."-Cassell's Household Guide.

# CANADIAN MERCANTILE ANNUAL. FOR 1873,

ISSUED BY DUN, WIMAN & CO.,

Containing interesting and instructive information of a

Legal, Statistical and Moral Character,

OF DAILY USS TO

Merchants, Traders, Manufacturers, &c. &c.

With the commencement of the New Year we shall issue the first number of the "Canadian Mercantile An-nual," containing information and statistics relative to the trade of the various Provinces in the Dominion, legal matters of interest to Merchants, Bankers, &c.; import-ant legal decisions affecting trade, local trade usages; facts about failures, and various matters of interest and service to the mercantile community; instructive and valuable as a book of reference. The "Canadian Mercantile Annual" will be distributed orArts to every solvent trader and merchant of importance in the Dominion, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island, including British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, and the fact that it will reach every good buyer, and good buyers only, will make it the most valuable channel for advertisers hitherto presented to the trade of the Dominion.

channel for average of the publication can be ob-the Dominion. Full particulars relative to the publication can be ob-tained at our offices.

DUN, WIMAN & CO., DUN, WIMAN & CO., Telegraph Buildings, Toronto; 33 King-street East, Hamilton; Corner St. Peter & St. James-st., Montreal 7 Market Square, St. John, N. B.; 160 Hollis-street, Halifax, N. S.

#### INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, AND AMEND-MENTS THERETO.

In the matter of Charles Thomas Hurrell and Walter Hurrell, as well individually as co-pattners in the firm of C. & W. Hurrell, Insolvents. I, the undersigned, William Ferguson Mucro, of the City of Toronto, have been appointed Assignce in the matter. Creditors are requested to file their claims be-fore me within one month; and are hereby notified to meet at my offices, Nos. 7 and 3 Merchants' Exchange, wellington Street, on Tuesday, the 19th day of Novem-ber, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of examining the Insolvents, and for the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally. Dated at the City of Toronto, this 17th day of Oc-tober, A.D. 1872.

W. F. MUNRO, Assignee;

PROSPECTUS OF THE LAWRENCE BANK. ST. INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT. CAPITAL. \$1,000,00**0** TEN THOUSAND SHARES OF \$100 EACH. ·O· HEAD OFFICE TORONTO. PROVISIONAL DIRECTORS. J. C. FITCH, Esq., Toronto. FRANK SHANLY, Esq.. Toronto. JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq. Toronto. CAPT. THOS. DICK, Toronto. W. F. ALLEN, Esq., Clarke. JOHN COWAN, Esq., Oshawa. NOTICE is hereby given that the first call of Ten per cent. on the Capital Stock of the above Institution is now due, and payable at the office of J. C. Fitch, Esq., Church Street. K. F. LOCKHART, Cashier. Toronto, 17th Oct., 1872. Government House, Ottawa. INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869. Wednesday, 2nd October, 1872. In the matter of James Bruce Sorley and John Charles Howe, as well individually as members of the firm of Ser-ley & Howe, Insolvents. PRESENT : HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL. Ity & Howe, Insolvents. The creditors of above firm are notified to meet at my office No. 7, Wellington Chambers. Jordan Street, To-ronto, on Monday, twenty-eighth day of October, inst, at two oclock in the afternoon, to fix the remuneration of the late and present Assignee, to determine respecting certain alleged preferential transfers by insolvents before their assignment, and for the final ordering of the affairs of their netters. On the recommendation of the Hon, the Minister of Customs, and under the Provisions of the 8th Section of the Act 31st Victoria, Cap, 6, initiuled: "An Act respect-ing the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Bay St. Paul, in the Province of Quebec, be and the same is hereby consti-tuted and erected into an Out Port of Customs and placed under the survey of the Port of Ouebec. of their partnership estate generally. under the survey of the Port of Quebec. Dated at Toronto this 18th day of Oct. 1872. JOS. O. COTE, F. FENTON, Assignee. Assist. Clerk, Privy Council, INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869, AND AMEND. Government House, Ottawa. MENTS THERETO. Monday, 7th day of October, 1872, PRESENT HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GRNERAL IN COUNCIL. In the matter of William Henry Weston, an Insolvent. A Dividend Sheet has been prepared, open to objection until the twenty-eighth day of October, "Instant, after which dividends will be paid. IN COUNCIL. On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 8th section of Act 31 Vic., Cap. 6, initiuled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that South Bar, Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an out port of Customs, and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of Sydney. Dated at Toronto, this twelfth day of October, A.D. 1872. W. T. MASON, Assignee. Government House, Ottawa. W. A. HIMSWORTH, Clerk, Privy Council. Monday, 30th day of September, 1872. PRESENT :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions of the 8th Section of the Act 31st Victoria, Chapter 5, initialed: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Town of Sher-brooke, in the Province of Quebec, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Cus-toms and placed under the survey of the Port of Customer toms and placed under the survey of the Port of Coaticook

W. A. HIMSWORTH.

Clerk, Privy Council.

CONSUMERS' GAS COMPANY.

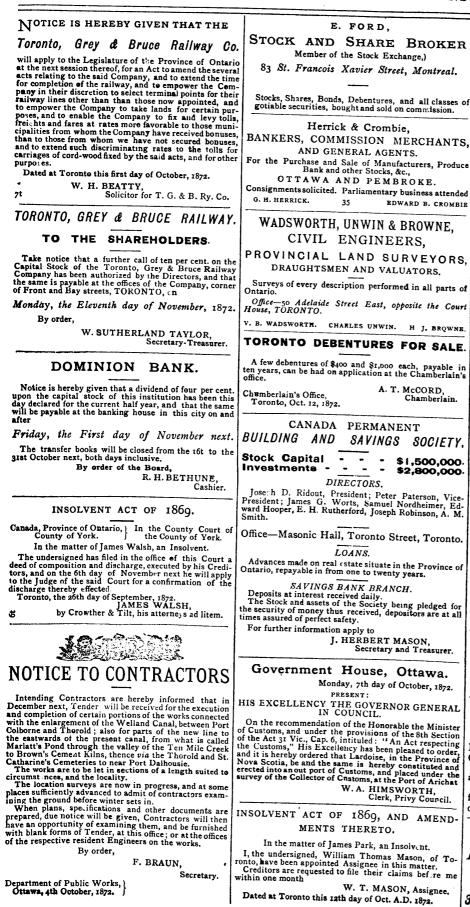
#### THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

of the stockholders of the Consumers' Gas Company, of Toronto, to receive the report of the Directors, and for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Company's office, in Toronto Street, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH OF OCTOBER, 1872.

next, at 12 o'clock, noon. H. THOMPSON, Manager. Consumers' Gas Company, Toronto, Oct. 1st, 1878.

338



Mathushek Pianos Are the best. So say A. Farini, H. Mollenhauer, Chas. Fradel, J. J. Watson, Ole Bull, A. D. W. Bessemen, B. Mollenhauer, Otto, Muller, and scores of other artists. We are sole agents for the Dominion, also agents for the "STECK," "ARION," LABELLE, HARDMAN, And American and English COTTAGE PIANOS. PRINCE ORCANS. EDWARD B. CROMBIE CHEAPEST PIANOS IN THE CITY. ALL WARRANTED FIVE YEARS. Call and see them. Catalogues sent to any address. Dealers supplied at Manufactur: rs' wholesale prices. WARE-ROOMS, COLBORNE STREET. TORONTO. NORRIS & SOPER. WM. NORRIS. L. N. SOPER. Brown Brothers, ACCOUNT-BOOK MANUFACTURERS. Stationers, Book-Binders, etc., 66 and 68 King Street East, Toronto, Ontario. Chamberlain A CCOUNT-BOOKS FOR BANKS, INSUR NCE Companies, Merchants, etc., made to order f the A Companies, Merchants, etc., made to order f the best materials and for style, durability and cheapness unsurpassed. A large stock of Account-Books and General Stationery onstantly on hand. 3-ly \$1,500,000 GOOD FARM LANDS \$2,800,000 Can be purchased by actual settlers on advantageous terms from The Canadian Land and Emigration Company Apply to C. J. BLOMFIELD, Manager, Peterborough, W. BELL and Co. ORGAN AND Melodeon Manufacturers GUELPH, ONT. RECEIVED AT KINGSTON. A SILVER MEDAL AND ALL THE FIRST PRIZES. At Western Fair, London. Diploma and First Prizes for Best Melodeon and Cabinet Organ of any kind. At Great Central Fair, Hamilton. Diploma and all the First Prizes. At Central Exhibition, Guelph. A Diploma for General Excellence, and three First Prizes out of four for Music. D. MORRISON. Biscuit Manufacturer, And Wholesale Confectioner, 36 and 38 Rideau St., OTTAWA, Ont.

۱

# The Canada Guarantee Company.

(Incerporated by Act of Canadian Parliament.)

Capital . . . . . . \$100,000.

DIRECTORS.

SIR ALEX. T. GALT, K.C.M.G., M.P., President. John Rankin, Esq., Vice-President. R. J. Reekie, Esq.; Edwd. Mackay, Esq.; James G. Ross, Esq., Quebec; Jehn Moison, Esq.; James Rose, Esq.; D. Lorn Mac-Dougall, Esq.; Donald McInnes, Esq., Hamilton.

Legal Advisers-Messrs. Carter & Hatton.

Nanager and Secretary-Edward Rawlings.

This Company, formed for the purpose of issuing Bonds of Security for Employees in positions of Trust, at Equitable Rates, is now prepared to receive appli-eations. It transacts no other description of business.

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HAVE BEEN DOING BUSINESS ON THE Mutual System for THIRTY-THREE YEARS. It undertakes the insurance of all descriptions of property, excepting certain which are extra hazardous, against loss or damage by fire or lightning. The cost of insuring with it ranges from

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Loss than in an ordinary proprietary company. It offers the option of insuring either on the PREMIUM NOTE, or CASH PREMIUM system; and although by adopting the latter a very considerable saving can be effected. The premium note system is undoubtedly the cheaper of the two. Its special tariff of rates for the insurance of

# ISOLATED DWELLINGS,

And their contents recommends itself on the score of and their contents recommends reservoir the score of economy. It offers security which is ample; and by never allowing i.s. limit of insurance on a single risk to exceed an amount which is proportionate to its assets, its enabled to meet its engagements as they may mature and settle them with promptitude and liberality.

THOS, M. SIMONS,

Secretary.

A. T. McCORD, Jr., Agent, No. 7 Toronto Street, Toronto.

February 1st, 1872.

# Canada Farmers'

Mutual Insurance Company.

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INSURE ONLY FARM PROPERTY COUNTRY Churches, School Houses, and isolated Private Houses. Has been seventeen years in operation. THOMAS STOCK

President RICHARD P. STREET, Secretary and Treasurer. 26

## Montreal

#### Assurance Company INCORPORATED 1840.

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# Ætna

Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn. THE ÆTNA IS NOT SURPASSED IN ECON. omical management in fin ncial ability, in com-plete success, ', absolute securicy, by any compa in the world. Its valuable features-

LOW CASH RATES,

ANNUAL DIVIDENDS, JUST NON-FORFEITURE SYSTEM, Commend themselves to those desiring Insurance in any form. JOHN GARVIN, General Agent, No. 2 Toronto St., Toronto.

# SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

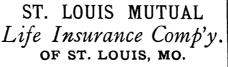
CAPITAL . . . . . . . £1,000,000.

Head office for the Dominion, 9 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

H. J. JOHNSTON, Gen'l Agent.

ISAAC C. GILMOUR, Agent, Toronto.

McKENZIE & MACKAY TAYLOR & MINTY Agents, Hamilton



## ASSETS OVER \$6,000,000.

This Company having deposited with the Receiver-General \$50,000, for the benefit of its CANADIAN POLICY HOLDERS, and having complied with the law in all other respects, its General Manager for Ontario, Mr. R. S. BAIRD, has opened an office in this city at NO. II TORONTO STREET.

That eminent and well-known actuary, Hon. Elizur That eminent and weil-known actuary, Hon. Elizur Wright, of Boston, in a letter to this Company says: "The higher rates of interest in the West give your Company a decided advantage, and the day is not far distant when, if you seek those fields, the St. Louis Matual Life will draw more moncy from the East than Eastern Companies mow draw from the West. The in-demnty will be as certain, and, on t e average, sure to cost less than in companies which cannot invest so profitably."

\$1,000 compounded for thirty years at ten per cent. in-terest amounts to \$17,449.40, while the same amount, compounded for the same length of time at six per cent., fact that the company which receives the highest rate of interest on its investments, other things being equal, will pay the large t dividends to its policy nolders.

Particular attention is invited to the

# SAVINGS DEPOSIT PLAN,

recently introduced by this Company. On this plan a recently introduced by this Company. On this plan a person can insure on the ordinary life rates, and at the end of fifteen years, or of any subsequent period of five years, withdraw his entire interest in the Company, which, at the end of twenty years, would, on most con-servative estimates, be considerably more than DOUBLE THE AMOUNT OF PREMIUMS PAID.

#### THOSE DESIRING LIFE INSURANCE

Would do well to examine this as well as the other pop-ular plans presented by this Company, before insuring elsewhere.

WM. OLDRIGHT, M.D.,

Medical Examiner,

JAMES FORSTER. CITY MANAGER.

# The Ontario

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

THIS COMPANY IS ESTABLISHED FOR THE Insurance of Dwelling-houses and non-hazardous property in Cities, Towns, Villages, and Country. Applications for Insurance made through any of the

Agents. S. McBRIDE, President.

JAMES JOHNSON, Secretary-Treasurer.

#### Pinancial.

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Stocks and Shares of all kinds bought and sold on Commission.

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Toronto Savings Bank,

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DEPOSITS RECEIVED, FROM TWENTY Cents upwards; invested in Government and other first class securities. Interest allowed at 5 and 6 per cent

BANKS OF DEPOSIT:

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THE MONETARY TIMES AND TRADE REVIEW—INSURANCE CHRONICLE.

AGRICULTURAL Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y. CANADA OFFICES-KINGSTON, ONT., AND 235 ST. JAMES STREET, M. NTREAL.

Cash Assets - - - - \$635,000. Deposit at Ottawa - - 100,000. 100,000.

JOHN C. COOKER, Pres., ISAAC MUNSON, Sec., E. H. GOFF, General Agent.

This Company commenced business in Canada in June, 1870, and up to the present time has issued upwards of 10,000 Policies—a result in *first* year's business unparal-eled in the history of Canadian Insurance.

**ADVANTAGES OFFERED** 

ist. Absolute security to Policy-holders in the shape of a large paid-up Cash Capital, with over half a million dollars surplus, and having a deposit of one hundred thousand dollars with the Government for the security of

thousand dollars with the Government for the security of Canada Policy-holders especially. and. This Company confines its business to farm pro-perty and detached residences, thus securing our patrons from the liability of paying losses on Stores, Hotels, Shops, and all other hazardous property. grd. A large and profitable business, with ample assets, enables the Company to adjust all honest losses, and pay without any delay. 4th. This Company insures against loss and damage by lightning, even where no fire occurs. No other Company in Canada gives this security to its Policy-holders. A. W. SMITH.

A. W. SMITH. Agent for Toronto and vicinity.

Office-Wellington Street,

The Waterloo County Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

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# THE MUTUAL

Life Association & Canada

HAMILTON OFFICE-No. 20 James Street South. TORONTO OFFICE-No. 4 British America Assurance Company's Buildings.

PRESIDENT. James Turner, Esq., of James Turner & Co. VICE-PRESIDENT, A. Wood, Esq., of Wood & Leggatt. ACTUARY AND MANAGER, William Powis, SECRETARY, Robertson Macaulay.

ATTENTION is invited to its system, which is purely Mutual.

Mutual. Lew PREMIUNS, which nevertheless are high enough to sustain any future depreciation in rate of interest. PREMIUNS ABSOLUTELY NO -FORFEITABLE, and which may be withdrawn at any time with interest, deduct-ing therefrom an equitable share for claims and ex-

PROFILE ON THE CONTRACT OF CON system.

POLICIES are not allowed to lapse so long as the Premiums in arrear do not exceed cash value. W J. SMYTH, Manager Toronto Branch.

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# FIRE & LIFE INSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Accepts all ordinary Fire Risks on the most favorable terms LIFE RISKS will be taken on terms that will com

pare favorably with other Companies.

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CANADA BRANCH OFFICE—Exchange Buildings, Montreal Resident Secretary and General Agent-

A. MACKENZIE FORBES. Great St. James Street, Montreal. WM, ROWLAND, Agent, Torento.



Policies in force, over Eighty Millions of Dollars. Accumulated Fund, over Twenty Millions of Dollars. Income, over Three Millions and a half. Claims paid in Canada, over \$500,000.

Funds invested in England, United States, and Canada, with the most perfect safety.

Deposited at Ottawa, for benefit of Canadian policy holders, \$150,000.

For information as to Life Assurance, apply to any of the Agencies throughout the Dominion, or to

W. M. RAMSAY, Manager, Canada.

## WESTERN

Assurance Company,

INCORPORATED 1851.

CAPITAL.....\$400,000. FIRE AND MARINE. 

Hon. JOHN McMURRICH, President, CHARLES MAGRATH, Vice-President.

CHARLES MAGRATH, Vice-President. DIRECTORS. IAMES MICHIE, Esq. | NOAH BARNHART, Esq. JOHN FISKEN, Esq. | ROBERT BEATTY, Esq. JAMES G. HARPER, Esq. B. HALDAN, Managing Di ect.r. FREDK. G. C. LOVELACE, Secretary. WM. BLIGHT, Fire Inspector. CAPT. J. T. DOUGLAS, Marine Inspector. JAMES PRINGLE, General Agent.

INSURANCES effected at the lowest current rates on buildings, Merchandize, and other property, against loss

or damage by fire. On Hull, Cargo, and Freight against the perils of Inland

Navigation. On Cargo Risks with the Maritime Provinces by sail

On Cargoes by steamers to and from British Ports.

THE ONLY BRITISH INSURANCE COMPANY HAVING A HEAD OFFICE IN ONTARIO IS THELANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.



£2,000,000 Stg.

Capital

Head Office for Ontario: North-west corner of King and Church Sts., Toronto. GENERAL AGENTS,

S. C. DUNCAN-CLARK & CO., MANAGER.

Wm. CAMPBELL.

All losses in Ontario settled at the head office in Toronto without reference elsewhere.

McDonald & Badgerow,

Barriste, s, Attorneys, and Solicitors,

WHITTEMORE BUILDINGS.

Toronto Street, Toronto. D. MITCHELL MCDONALD. GEO. W. BADGBROW



Wm. C. Alexander, President. Henry B. Hyde, Vice-President.

R. W. GALE,

Manager for the Dominion of Canada.

198 St: James Street, Montreal.

- 1. Net Cash Assets, 1st Feb., 1872 \$18,000,000
- 2. Annual Cash Income..... 8,000,000
- 3. Total paid policy-holders, 1871 3,459,340.37
- 4. Surplus, 1871..... 1,700,000

NEW BUSINESS, SUM ASSURED, 1871,

# \$41,804,027.00.

This Society has led the van in the Insurance world for many years; it has introduced more improvements and given greater impetus to the business than any Life Compan, in he United States, and is deserving in this respect of the praise and gratitude of the community.

There are many reasons for selecting the EQUIT-ABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

FIRST-No Company has such large annual transac-tions, thereby infusing into its business a constant acces-sion of fresh and selected lives, which is one of the great-

sion of fresh and s. letterd lives, which is one of the great-est elements of strength. SECOND-Liberclity in dealing with all claims: ob-serving, at the same time, a due regard to the interests of its present large body of Policy-holders by a firm resis-tance to any attempt at imposition. THIRD-Perfect organization in every department, which renders offici information easily attainable and secures a complete administration of its affairs. FOURTH-Being on: of the most progressive insti-tutions of its kind in the world, it s ever plepared to seize at once upon all the improvements in the business that Science can suggest. The EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SO-CIETY issues every recognized form of Policy, and especially the TONTINE SAVINGS FUND INSURANCE, which the Compan. introduced. This new plan has be-come very popular, as equalizing among all who are in-sured under it the advantages which arise from the pro-fits of the business, without in any respect infringing up-on the normal results for which Life Insurance was first instituted. The EQUITABLE feels that it has the attempt instituted

Instituted. The EQUITABLE feels that it has the strongest claims upon ublic confidence. Under the management that distinguishes it and the principles by which it is guided, perfect security is give in for the future, than which no greater inducement can be held out to all wishing to induce their lives insure their lives.

Further is formation regarding the different kinds of Policies issued by the Society can readily be obtained at

The Company's Offices,

120 Broadway, New York.

Or from any of its representatives throughout the United States and Canada.

# HEAD OFFICE FOR ONTARIO.

#### 58 CHURCH STREET, TORONTO.

CAPT. R. N. MACCUAIG. General Agent, Ontario East. and Inspector J. GORDON MORTIMER, Inspector of Agencies, Ontario West EDWARD A. SCADDING, Special Agent.

GEO. B. HOLLAND.

**Ceneral Agent for Ontario**,

340

British Advertisements. JOHN HEATH, (Late Thos. Lowe & Co.) Buckingham Buildings, George Street, Parade, and 33 Newhall Hill, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND. STEEL PEN MANUFACTURER, AND STATIONERS' IRONMONGER. Sole Manufacturer of Thos. Lowe's celebrated Steel Pens Agent for Hart's Patent Paper Fasteners. Almost every article in demand under the head of Stationers' Sundries kept in stock, and any special make of Goods obtained to order. Particular attention is requested to J. HEATH'S first-class Extra Strong Pens, now so largely used. A liberal Discount to Wholesale Stationers. Illustrated Catalogues supplied to the Trade only, on receipt of Business Card. (13. S. 2 JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS. Sold by all Dealers throughout the World. Seymer's Straw Bottle Envelopes,

Shipped in eight gross canvas pack-ages, at 6s. 6d. pergross, or forwarded for packing empty Bottles or Wines and Ales for shipment. They save freight, breakage, &c., and re-sell on arriving. Established 15 years. Sole Manufacturer, THOS, WHITEHEAD, 37 Eastcheap, London, E.W

DRY LUMBER OF ALL KINDS.

To Builders and Dealers, by the Car Load, at Wholesale Prices.

THE Subscribers have on hand an unlimited supply o Dry boards of all kinds, 14" and 14" Flooring, 14' and Pickings, Clear Strips, Sheeting and cut-offs, all thorough-dry, and loaded on cars to suit purchasers, at the lowest dry, and loadeu wholesale prices.

bolesale prices. McDOUGALL & BRO. Office, south-west corner of King and Yonge Streets, Office, south-west corner of King and ronge Streets, over Dow's Dry Goods Store. All Orders promptly supplied. Bills cut to order on the

# CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, 10th May, 1872. Authorized discount on American Invoices until further notice: 13 per cent.

#### R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

TORONTO & NIPISSING RAILWAY-Notice is hereby given to the Shareholders of the Teronto & Nipissing Railway that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held in the offices of the Company in the City of Teroptic on FRIDAY THE Meeting of the Shareholders will be held in the offices of the Company in the City of Toronto, on FRIDAY, THE 15th NOVEMBER, 182, at 12 o'clock noon, for the pur-pose of giving to the Directors of the Company the sanction of the Shareholders to the issue by the said Directors of the Bonds of the Company, under and in pur-suance of and for the purposes declared in the 22nd Sec-tion of the Act of the Legislature of the Province of On-tario, incorporating the said Company. tario, incorporating the said Company.

By order, JAMES GRAHAM, Secretary. Dated at Toronto, 3rd day October, 1872.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the Legislature of On-tario, at its next session, for an Act to amend the Act of incorporation of the TORUNTO & NIPISSING RAILWAY COMPANY, and to extend the time for the completion of said Railway completion of said Railway

JOHN LEYS, Solicitor.

Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Na
Boots and Shoes :	\$ c. \$ c.	Groce
Boots and Shoes: "TapSleKipBtsNo. <sub>1</sub> Ex "Dbl." "No.1, Ex "Tap&D.S.KipBts,No.1 "ThckBts, No.1, Ex "No.1." "No.1." "No.1." "No.2." "No.2." "No.3."	3 62 4 00 0 00 3 25	Dry Extra
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" Goat & Seal Con	2 65 3 00 1 40 2 25	Gun
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<ul> <li>Bals &amp; Congs.</li> <li>Split &amp; Kip Bunkums</li> <li>Split &amp; Kip Cobourgs</li> <li>Youths' D.S. Thick Boots</li> <li>D.S. Kip</li> <li>" Bals &amp; Congs.</li> <li>" Split &amp; Kip Bunkmas</li> </ul>	0 00 1 35	
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Indigo, Madras Madder	0 95 1 05	Ba
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Soda Ash	• 11 50 11 75 • 0 03 0 04	1
Soda Bicarb	0 06 0 06	E Bo
Castor Oil Caustic Soda Cream Tartar Epsom Salts r stract Logwood Indigo, Madras Madder Opium. Oralic Acid Potass Iodide Soda Ash Soda Bicarb Tartaric Acid	0 50 0 50	Ha Ha
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Coffees :		Lea
Java, ₽ 10	. 0 22@0 24	Ba
	. 0 10 0 21	
Fish	i	Iron
Herrings, Lab. split	. 5 25 5 75	S No
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" Golden Rice:—Arracan	0 49 0 50	' IV
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spues:	1	HIC
Cassia, whole, P 10 Cloves	0 26 0 30	Gr
In a chieges.	0.07 7.0	n Cu
Ginger, ground	0 18 0 3	
Jamaica, root Pepper, black		
Centrifugel "	0 091 0 0	9
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Soft Vallow		In
Soft Yellow, Crushed X	0 093 0 1	
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Greand	•• 0 12 0 1 •• 0 12 0 1	2

]	Wholesale	Name of Article.	Wholesale	Name of Article.	Wholesale
-	Rates.		Rates.		Rates
ots.	\$ c. \$ c. 3 62 4 00 0 00 3 25	Groceries—continued. Dry Crushed	C. S. C. 0 12 0 12	Leather-continued. Spanish Sole, ast quality	\$. c. \$ c
Ex	0 00 3 25 2 40 3 10	Extra Ground Teas :	0 00 0 13	middle, wgts. 10 Do. No. 2,	0 27 0 27
IO I	2 40 2 85	Iapan common to good.	0 35 0 45	Slaughter, heavy	0 23 0 25 0 27 0 30
EX.	2 50 2 75 0 00 2 40	" fine to choicest Colored, common to fine Congou & Souchong	0 50 0 65	Do. light Harness, best	0 26 0 29
. 2.	0 00 2 20 0 00 2 00	Congou & Souchong	0 30 0 80	Slaughter, heavy. Do. light Harness, best. "No. 2. Upper heavy "light Kip skins, Patna English Hemlock Calf (30 to 33	0 27 0 32 0 25 0 30
u	2 30 2 40	Oolong, good to fine Y. Hyson, com. to good	0 45 0 60	Upper heavy	0 35 0 37
's	1 70 2 23	i Medium to choice	1060 075	Kip skins, Patna	0 38 0 41
	2 30 3 00 2 65 3 00 1 40 2 25	Extra choice Gunpwd r.com. to med.	0 80 0 87	Hemlock Calf (30 to 35	0 65 0 90
rgs	1 40 2 25 1 20 1 50	" med. to fine.	0 60 0 75	lbs.), per doz	0 60 0 65
ims	I 40 2 25 I 20 I 50 I 40 I 90 I 70 2 00 0 00 2 10 I 70 I 80 I 25 I 50 0 95 I 10 I 50 I 60	" med. to fine. " fine to finest Hyson	0 38 0 50	Hemlock Calf (30 to 32 lbs.), per doz Do. light French Calf Splits, large, ¥ lb "small Enamelled Cow, per ft. Patent Buff Russetta Cod Oils. Cod Oils.	0 50 0 60
·	0 00 2 10	Tobacco-Manufactured.	0 42 0 80	Splits, large, & Ib	0 30 0 3
ums	170 180 125 150	Dark 58 & 108 " " Western Leaf	0 24 0 27 1	Enamelled Cow, per ft.	0 20 0 24
rgs	0 95 1 10	[good to fine Bright sorts and to fine	e o 38 o 50	Pebble Grain	0 20 0 21
	0 00 I 70 0 00 I 35	Bright sorts, gd. to fine "choice	· 0 42 0 50 · 0 55 0 80	Russetts	0 15 0 18
kins;	100 120	Hardware.		Oils.	0 35 0 45
args Bals.	000 090 150 175	Tim (net cash briese) .		Lard, extra	0 61 0 65
do.	1 15 1 80	Block, P Ib Grain	039 041	" No. 1	0 90 0 9
ong Bals	1 15 1 50	Grain		Lubricating, patent	0 05 0 90
ong	2 20 2 25	Pig. Sheet.	0 25 0 27	Linseed raw	0 40 0 0
	I 15 I 80 I 15 I 50 2 25 2 50 2 20 2 25 I 15 I 40 0 95 I 00 0 85 I 25 I 55 2 00 0 95 I 40 0 95 I 40	Cut Nails :	0 28 0 30	Oila. Cod Oil "No. 1 "No. 2. Lubricating, patent. "Mott's economi Linseed raw. "boiled Machinery	0 86 0 9
com fine	0 85 1 25	3 inch to 6 inch 21 inch to 22 inch Shingle Lathe Galvanized Iron :	6 00	<ul> <li>boiled</li> <li>Machinery</li> <li>Olive, common, # gall</li> <li>' salad</li> <li>' salad, in bottler</li> </ul>	0 30 0 40
Bals.	0 95 1 40	Shingle	6 75 0 00	" salad ' salad, in bottle	1 80 2 3
loug	8 80 1 2	Galvanized Inon .	7 25 0 00	qt., per case	3 65 3 7
ls	0 75 I I 0 55 0 7 0 70 I 0 4 75 6 2	Best, No. 2 Best No. 2 " 26 Horse Nails	0 11 0 11	Spirits Turpentine	3 05 37
ong	0 35 0 7	Best No. 24	• 0 11 0 11	Whale, refined	075 07
lich	4 75 6 2	" 28 Horse Nails :	0 12 0 12	White Lead, genuine i	n.
nsu	2 25 5 00	Guest's or Griffin's as	-	Oil, 7 25 lbs Do. No. 1	0 00 22
• • • •	0 16 0 2	sorted sizes E. T. or W. assd. size	0 00 0 00	4	
••••	0 02 0 0	Patent Hammered do.	0 0 19 0 20	" 3 Common	0 00 1 6
	01501	(at o months):			1- 30, 0 0
••••	0 02 <sup>4</sup> 0 0 0 27 0 3 0 15 0 1 0 06 0 0 0 30 0 3 0 02 <sup>4</sup> 0 0 0 0 0 1	<ul> <li>Pig-Gartsherrie, No.</li> <li>Binton No. 1</li> <li>Other brands, No. 1</li> <li>Bar-Scotch, 2 100</li> <li>Hoops-Coopers</li> <li>Band</li> <li>Boiler Plates</li> <li>Canada Plates :</li> </ul>	1 00 00 00 00 00	Red Lead.	0 07 0
•••	0 02 0 0	Other brands, No. 1	0 00 0 00	Venetian Red, English Yellow Ochre, French Whiting	h 0 07 0 0 0 02 0 0 0 02 0 0
••••	0 95 10	BarScotch. 2 100 1	. 0 00 00 00	Whiting	1095 I s
	0 95 I 0 0 15 0 I 8 00 8 2	Refined	0 00 0 00	(Refined, # gallon.) Delivered at London, Or	
	0 35 0 4	Hoops-Coopers	·· 7 25 7 50	No. I, 5 cars	
••••	0 031 0 0	Boiler Plates	4 50 4 75	" Single brls	. 0 00 0
• • • • •	0 03 2 0 0	Canada Plates :	0 00 3 30		
		Arrow 5 Glamorgan	·· 875 000	No. I, I car " less than car	
		Swansea Lead (at 4 months):	•• 9 00 0 00		0 00 0
	. 0 22@0 2	Bar 🕈 100 lbs	0 06 0 07	Benzine	·· 0 00 0
	. 019 02	I Onecci	0 06 0 07	Grain	
			0 071 0 07	Wheat, Spring, 60 lb.	·· I IS I
	· 5 25 5 7 · 5 00 5 2		·· 3 50 0 00 ·· 3 90 0 00	Barley, 18 th.	·· 1 25 1
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ut.	3 75 4	Blasting Canada	1 00 0 00	Clover shains 6 M	
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• • • •	. 1 75 2 0	Blasting, English FF "loos		Flow (50 ID	0 00 1
	· 0 11 0 1	Pressed Spikes(4 month	e. 500 550 s): 550 600	Superior extra	0 00 0
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ot .	. 0 18 0 3	o Cansains, green	·· 0 10 C 12	Hams, salt	0 00 0
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Soap and Cano Golden Bar. Silver Bar.	lice. $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{S}}$ c. $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{S}}$ c.         0       0       0 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{S}}$ 0 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{O}}$ 0       0       0 $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{S}}$ 0       0         0       0       0       0       0       0         0       0       3       0       0       0         0       0       3       0       0       0	Brandy : J. Robin & Co.'s ' Otard Dupuy & Brandy, cases	Co. " 2 10 2 2		ND BOI	ND REP	ORT.	
No. 1	0 05 0 055 0 031 0 031	Brandy, com. per	c 4 35 4 5		80 Co	pital		SING PRICES
Wines, Liquors Ale: English, per doz		Whisky: GOODERHAM & W Wholesale Price Terms CashUn	es:	NAME.		cribed las 6 Mon		
Spirits: Pure Jam. Rum, DeKuyper's H. ( Booth's Old Tor Gin: Green, cases Booth's Old Tor	Porter       2       35       2       40         16 o.p.       1       80       2       25         3in       1       55       1       65         n        1       90       2       00          4       00       4       25       5       5       0       0	brls., nett.; 5 to 10	b brls.,         b brls.,         In Duty         Bond. Paid         0 35 0 80          0 35 0 80          0 30 0 80          0 30 0 80          0 30 0 80	British North America Canadian Bank of Commerce City Bank, Montreal Du Peuple Eastern Townships.	[strlg. £50 4,86 \$50 4,80 80 1,20 50 1,60	\$         ??         ??           6,666         3         b         1           0,000         4         3         0,000         3           0,000         3         3         0,000         3           0,000         3         0,000         4         1	p.c. 114 1 1281 12	
Sherry, common " medium " old pale or p Brandy:	1 70 1 80 golden 2 60 4 00	Pure Spirits, 65 0.1 50 0.1 25 0.1 Dom. Whiskey, 32 36	0 0 56 I 66	Jacques Carter Mechanics' Bank Merchants' Bank of Canada Metropolitan Molson's Bank Montreal Maritime	50         1,500           50         1,000           100         6,000            1,000           50         1,500           200         6,000	0,000 4 0,000 4 0,000 4 0,000 4 0,000 4 0,000 6 & 1	1184 11	103 105 109 110 232 235
Hennessy's, per Martell's	gallon 2 25 2 40 2 25 2 40	Fleece, lb Pulled	•••••• 0 45 0 00 •••••• 0 38 0 39	Nationale	50 I,000 50 I,000			
	NSURANCE -(Quotations on the L			Toronto Union Bank	40 2000	0,000 4 0,000 4	105 105 215 217	1041 1051
No. Shares. Dividend	NAME OF C	OMPANY.	par val. Amount Paid. £	Canada Landed Credit Company Canada Permanent Building Society Canadian Navigation Co Canada Rolling Stock Co Freehold Building Society Huron Comper Bay Co.	50 1,500 100 100 100 500			95 IOO IO9 III
20,000 50,000 20,000 20,000 5,000 91 20,000 51,000 15 10,000 15 10,000 15 10,000 15 10,000 15 10,000 14 40,000 28 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Briton Medical and Commerc'l Union Fi City of Glasgow Edinburgh Life Guardian, £10 origi: Imperial Fire and Life Association of i London Assurance ( London Assurance ( London and Lancas Liverpool & London Northern Fire and I North British and M	General Life f1 re, Life&Marine 5 	0         2         26           0         5         124           0         5         24         48           0         15         324           0         15         324           0         15         324           0         10         50           0         2         44           0         2         44           0         10         24           0         12         54           0         1         24           0         1         24           0         64         26	Huron & Erie Savings & Loan Society Montreal Telegraph Co. Montreal City Gas Co. Montreal City Passenger Railway Co. Quebec Gas Company. Guebec Street R. R. Richelieu Navigation Co. Dominion Telegraph Company. Provincial Building Society. Imperial Building Society. Building and Loan Association Toronto Consumers' Gas Co. Union Permanent Building Society Western Canada Building Society	50         520           40         1,320           50	,000 4 ,000 5 4 4 4	215 217 	216 217 216 217 195 200 115 118 
f6 p. s.           200,000         I0           I00,000         I1 <sup>4</sup> / <sub>3</sub> b f,3           20,000         I0           10 000         25	Phœnix Queen Fire and Life Royal Insurance Scottish Provincial Standard Life	Fire and Life 50	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	SECURITIES. Canadian Government Debentures, 6 # Do. do. 5 ₽	• ct. stg		Toronto.	Montreal,
4,000 12 10 000 None. \$3 p. sh. 10 2,000 10	Star Life CANADI British America Fir Canada Life Citizens Fire and Li Confederation Life Sun Mutual Life Isolated Risk Fire Montreal Assurance. Provincial Fire and Quebec Fire Queen City Fire	AN. e and Marine \$5 fe	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Do. do. 5 Do. do. 7 Dominion 6 & ct. stock. Dominion Bonds Montreal Harbour bonds 64 p.c Do. Corporation 6 & ct. 1891 Do. 7 & ct. Stock Quebec Water Works 6 & ct. Toronto Corporation 6 & ct., 20 years. Kingston City, 6 & ct., 1872 County Debentures. Township Debentures.			97 97 1 ICO IOI	977 99 108 1094 101 103 96 974 103 110
10,000 7 <u>1</u> -6 mo	Western Assurance.		0 10 100 101	EXCHANGE.		Toront	to. 1	fontreal.
	AMERIC ast Di- idend. 15 Agricultural. Atina Life, of <i>Æ</i> tna Fire, of 10 Hartford, of F	COMPANY. Hartford Joo Hartford Joo	1. Offered. Asked 250 300 1532 1572 157 159	Bank on London, 60 days       Image: 9 gl mail of the state of th				
1863 5,000 1870 10,000	Trav'lers'Life 10 Andes of Cinc	& Accident 101	157 159 122 125	Comparative	PRODUC Prices in To		<b>.</b>	
Atlantic and St. Lav	WAYS,	£100 All	oronto London, ct. 24. Oct. 10 94 96	1872.	1872. Vednesday,	1871	1870.	1869.
Do. First I Do. Second Do. Third 1 Do. Fourth Great Westerr Do. 54 c. Do. 54 c. Midland, 64 c. 1st Northern of Canada, Do. Toronto, Grev and I Do.	6 ♥ c. stg. m. bds M. Bds. 1 ch. 6 ♥ c reference, 5 ♥ c Pref. Stock, 4 ♥ c Pref. Stock, 4 ♥ c Bonds, due 1873-76 Bonds, due 1873-76 Pref., issue at 80 Pref., issue at 80 Pref., issue at 80 Bonds Bonds Bonds Bonds Bonds Bonds	100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         4            100         6         p.c.           100         60         p.c.           100         90         p.c.	94 96 98 100 20 203 75 76 662 67 42 45 27 27 42 42 101 103 98 100 30 33 39 100 30 33 98 100 30 33 98 100 30 30 30 33 98 200 93 95 52 49 55 49 59	Wheat, Fall 60 lbs.       I :8 @ I :35       I         "Spring"       I :20       I :26       I         Barley	15     I     20     1       66     0     71     0       39     0     40     0       68     0     72     0       90     6     25     5       90     6     25     5       50     6     75     6       75     4     80     4       90     17     50     15       10     0     15     15	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 33 & @ & 1 & 37 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 22 \\ 5 & 0 & 6 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 58 & 0 & 61 \\ 0 & 37 & 0 & 38 \\ 0 & 71 & 0 & 73 \\ 5 & 60 & 5 & 70 \\ 5 & 80 & 5 & 70 \\ 5 & 80 & 5 & 70 \\ 5 & 80 & 5 & 70 \\ 5 & 80 & 5 & 70 \\ 5 & 80 & 5 & 70 \\ 5 & 80 & 5 & 70 \\ 5 & 80 & 5 & 70 \\ 5 & 80 & 5 & 70 \\ 5 & 50 & 16 & 60 \\ 5 & 50 & 16 & 60 \\ 5 & 50 & 16 & 60 \\ 5 & 14 & 0 & 16 \\ 1 & 14 \\ 1 & 16 \\ $	Oct. 24. \$ c. 1 15 \$ 120 1 00 1 10 0 65 0 70 0 38 0 39 0 65 0 70 5 15 5 25 5 40 5 50 5 50 5 75 4 50 4 60 7 00 28 60 6 17 0 19 7 50 8 60	Oct. 24. Cct. 24. Cc. 2 C Cc. 2 C C

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# LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Life Assurance Company.

Chief Office-Leadenhall St., Cornhill, London. Canada Branch, Head Office, 235 St. James' St. Montreal.

Deposited at Ottawa, for the Exclusive BENEFIT OF CANADIAN FOLICY-HOLDERS, THE SUM OF

\$100,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTION.—Wm. Workman, Esq., Presi-dent, City Bank; Alex. M. Delisle, Esq.; Collector of Customs. Charles L. Leblanc, Esq. The next valua-tion is appointed by the deed to tak: place at the end of 1872, and all policies on the books of the Com-pany, at that date, entitled to participate, will share in the division of profits. Copies of the Report with state-ment of the investment can be had on application to any office or agency of the Company.

WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Manager for Canada; A. W. SMITH. Agent for Toronto.

#### BEAVER AND TORONTO

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

Office, Bank of Toronto Buildings, Wellington Street.

Number of Policies issued to Oct., 1871 - - - 44,000

Premium Note Capital, over - - - \* \$200,000

C. E. CHADWICK, Ingersoll, President.

D. THURSTON, Toronto, Vice-President. S. THOMPSON, Managing Director.

CLASS OF PROPERTY INSURED.

#### Mercantile Branch.

Mercantile Branch. A.1 property of a class not specially hazardous will be insured by this Company, including Stores and their contents, Dwelling Houses (not included in the Farmers' Branch) and their contents, and Ci y. Town, and Village Property general y. Also Country Stores, Taverns Flour Mills, & c. & c. & the rates of Insurance will be on the lowest scale of Mutual Insurance Companies. Parties insured in either Branch are exempt by law from all liability for losses sus sined in the other branch. Cost of Insurance in this branch averages about two-thirds of the usual proprietary rates, as no profits are required. W. T. O'REILLY.

W. T. O'REILLY, H. HANCOCK, Joint Secretaries.

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Mutual Assurance Association of Canada.

HEAD OFFICE ...... London, Ont.

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the Premium note or cash systems, and that on either system the Premium stated in the Policy constitutes the whole liability of the member.

and. The large amount of cash on hand enables it to meet all its engagements promptly. 4th. Being *purely mutual*, all profits accumulate for the benefit of the members, and area of paid away to go into the peckets of stockholders, as s the case in pro-Distary companies. Prietary companies.

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Insurance.

343

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ESTABLISHED IN 1847,

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