

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30, 1910

Vol. XXXIX, No. 13

"PERIQUE."

Dark Cut Tobacco in tins and packages. This is one of the **COOLEST SMOKES**

On the market. Try a 10 cent package. You'll enjoy it. All up-to-date grocers and druggists sell it.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON Tobacco Co., Ltd.
Ch'town, Phone 345. Manufacturers.



For New Buildings Hardware

We carry the finest line of

Hardware

to be found in any store.

Architects, Builders and Contractors, will find our line of goods the newest in design, the most adaptable and improved, and of the highest standard of merit in quality and durability.

Also a full line of pumps and piping.

Stanley, Shaw & Peardon.

June 12, 1907.

Fall and Winter Weather.

Fall and Winter weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,

PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN

Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN.

Dominion Coal Company

RESERVE COAL.

As the season for importing Coal in this Province is again near, we beg to advise dealers and consumers of Coal that we are in a position to grant orders for cargoes of Reserve, Screened, Run of mine, Nut and Slack Coal, F. O. B., a loading piers Sydney, Glace Bay or Louisburg, C. B.

Prices quoted on application, and all orders will receive our careful attention by mail or wire.

Reserve Coal is well known all over this Island, and is most extensively used for domestic and steam purposes.

Schooners are always in demand during the season and chartered at highest current rates of freight. Good despatch guaranteed schooners at loading piers.

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Selling Agents for Prince Edward Island for Dominion Coal Company.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 21, 1909-41

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VERY FINE timekeeping watches with 21 jewels adjusted to heat, cold, and five positions. Also 7, 15 and 17 jewel watches, from the larger men's size to the tiny watch worn in wrist bracelets.

Watches cleaned and put in first class order.

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Ladies' rings set with diamonds, ruby, opal, amethyst, pearl and other gems. Signet rings for engraving, emblem rings, children's rings. Rings repaired, stones re-set.

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We fit spectacles and eyeglasses up, both in frames and in rimless, after testing each eye separately or on Drs. prescription.

E. W. TAYLOR,

South Side Queen Square, City.

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Are a nice thing to send to friends abroad. We have a nice selection of City and Provincial views to select from. The following are some of the titles.

One color 2 cents each.

St. Joseph's Convent, Ch'town	Bishop's Palace & Church (Ch'town)
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Notre Dame Convent, " "	View of Charlottetown from Soldiers Monument
Hillsborough Bridge	Victoria Park

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Victoria Row, Charlottetown	Pioneer Family, five generations
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Crossing the Capes	Trout Fishing
Str. Stanley in ice	A Rustic Scene
Str. Minto in ice	North Cape
Apple Blossoms	By Still Waters
Travellers Rest	The Border of the Woods
Beautiful Autumn	Harvesting Scene
Terrace of Rocks	A Shady Nook
Catching Smelts at S'Side	Sun Bathing, North Cape
Sunset at S'Side Harbor	Looking Seaward
Summer St, Summerside	
High School, " "	

We also have a large variety of Comic Cards at one cent each. Any number of cards will be sent by mail providing one cent extra is added for each 10 cards.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Eureka Grocery,

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

The City of the Soul.

(From "Rome," Feb. 26.)
ON THE JANICULUM.

We very nearly made a serious mistake last Sunday—but we escaped it by about half an hour. It was a lovely Roman spring afternoon; the sky was cloudless, the air deliciously mild, and the sun seemed to have suddenly called out of their little brown sheaths a million budding leaves on the willows by the old fountain. So we decided that we would take a cab and drive to the Janiculum, and when the vetturino wanted to turn down the dark Street of the Old Government, we said: "No, he must take us out on the Corso V. E., where the sun was shining brightly."

After that we left him to his own devices, so before we knew where we were the little gray pony was trotting nimbly through the Street of the Trunk-makers, and right into the Field of the Flowers—all places in the world this afternoon. For they were very queer flowers that had begun to blossom already in this historic Campo de' Fiori. Usually the whole place is alive with color; on the right of the piazza every day in the week rise banks of authentic blossoms, palms and flowering shrubs of various kinds, which you can purchase for half what the vendor asks you; and on the right there are fruits and vegetables in endless profusion and variety, hardly less attractive to the eye than their younger sisters of the petals.

There was no variety this afternoon; the flowers you saw, and there were hundreds of them, were clothed in black, they were the flowers of anarchy and socialism and anticlericalism, and they were gathered round the ugliest and biggest flower of them all, the swelling statue of the Apostate Giordano Bruno, rising on the very spot where he was burnt just three hundred and ten years ago.

An hour or two later every inch of space within this strange Field of Flowers would be thronged with those poisonous weeds.

In the meantime we were glad to be through it and crossing the Pons Janiculensis, which has been known for half a thousand years or so as the Ponte Sisto ever since Sixtus IV rebuilt it to afford easier access for pilgrims to the Vatican during the jubilee of 1475.

A very interesting old bridge if you like history and archeology and things like these, for it was probably one of the very first built in Rome, and was restored by Caracalla, and again in the fourth century by Valentinian, and at the close of the eighth it was almost swept away by a great flood in the Tiber which left it raptus, tremulus, until the Bridge-builder or Pontiff Sixtus restored it for the pilgrims.

Then we began the ascent, gentle enough until we reached the gates of the Parthian Wood, that sacred grove where the Roman Arocladians still gather on summer evenings to listen to each other's poetry.

But after that the little gray has all his work out for him, and we go up and up until we find ourselves in a beautiful road with green grass and graceful trees around us and in a few minutes more we are on the level space in front of the Church of St. Peter in the Golden Mount which may be said to bound the Janiculum on the East as the ancient Church of San' Onofrio does on the West.

We enter to say a prayer. There are no visitors this afternoon but ourselves, only an elderly, pale-faced friar in kneeling before the high altar on the very slab under which the Irish Barle are sleeping.

We search in vain for an inscription "in the first place in the third row of tombs" which mark the pavement of the Church. But the marble has been worn smooth by the feet and knees of worshippers during three hundred years, and nobody could ever guess that here the stonecutter carved the epitaph of a nation in the simple words:

D. O. M.
HIC QUIESCUNT OSSA
HUGONIS PRINCIPIS O'NEILL.
The last of the great Karls of Tyrone had left Ireland in 1607 under the harrow of the persecutors. What could be done to soothe his broken heart was done by Pope Paul V.

"These holidays—the Thursday before Trinity Sunday—was canonized St. Francis, which was done in St. Peter's with all pomp, splendor and triumph, the setting forth whereof cost the Romans 20,000 crowns, and I never saw a more stately sight, nor more religious ceremonies," wrote Peter Lombard, Archbishop of Armagh, in a letter (quoted by Cardinal Moran) intercepted by the British government and still preserved in the State Paper Office, London.

England through American Eyes.

It is but just, seeing how many books Englishmen write about the United States, that occasionally an American should return the compliment. Nor, if criticism has to be, could we ask for a much fairer or more careful critic than Mr. Collier; and at least he has done us the courtesy to study us in divers aspects and with no little earnestness before he began to write. Certainly he writes "from an American point of view," and certainly also he slips once in a while. We may smile at his "graduates of Bton" and raise our eyebrows when he complains of the "boviness" of the English breakfast, when we consider how many worthy people there are in the United States who still at their morning meal eat steak, baked beans, and buckwheat cakes—yes, even in conjunction—and how short a time has passed since Mr. Jack London bewailed his inability to get a good honest steak at breakfast time at a certain class of London eating-house.

Mr. Collier does not like the Japanese, whom he calls "varnished savages" (but why not "laquered"?), and he asserts without qualification that "there is no Roman in the English ancestry," a point on which some excellent authorities would be disposed to differ from him, as surely there is no people in the world wherein the Roman type of physiognomy seems so strongly to persist. Of the House of Lords (which he considers "a surer interpreter of the sober wishes of the English people as a whole than the House of Commons") he takes a reasonable and quite un-American view; but when he speaks of it as "the most Democratic institution in England," it may be that he has overlooked another institution—the Throne, and similarly when he puts the English down as "the most disliked people in the world," it may be that again he overlooks. It was an American of some experience who, speaking of certain Continental peoples, said "they may not love, but they respect the English; but us they both hate and despise."

This much having been said, it remains that on the whole Mr. Collier judges us fairly and with shrewdness, of an running directly counter to accepted American ideas, as when he declares that the English "were not, and are not, a war-loving or quarrelsome race," a truth which many an Englishman, talking to American audiences, has endeavored to drive home without much success, though in truth the American is vastly the more bellicose people of the two. When he pronounces England to be "a man's country," he writes, perhaps, too exclusively from the "American point of view," for while it may be true that the ground plan of society in England is framed with less regard to the requirements and inclinations of the women than is the case in the United States, it is emphatically not so in comparison with most other countries. But in many other matters he shows acquaintance with more than one of the Continental peoples, and when he makes international comparisons they are rarely to England's disadvantage. Few Englishmen, perhaps, would declare themselves so confident of the virtues of the training which is given to boys at our great public schools. He is more convinced even than French writers of the school of M. Demolins; and it is from the discipline of the playing-field rather than from that of the schoolroom that he believes the chief benefits flow.

The French and German youths are stuffed to the brim with book-learning, while the English lad is in many respects a man. If the three of them go out to the Colonies, we all know what happens. The French boy keeps the books, the German boy attends to the foreign correspondence, and the English boy manages both. A great German manufacturer who has a number of Englishmen as heads of different departments said naively, "Somehow these Englishmen seem to get on better with the work-people."

And it is this governing capacity in the English with which Mr. Collier is chiefly impressed. What is it, he asks again and again, that has made this people the masters of one fifth of the known surface of the globe and of one in every five of all the known inhabitants thereof? He pays generous tribute to the high qualities of the public service rendered to England by a "class long trained in genuine patriotism, such as no other country can boast of," and recognizes ungrudgingly the breadth of view, the dignity and traditions of restraint which characterize the best English newspapers. The English, he finds, have always put doing before think.

Was All Run Down.

Weighted 125 Lbs. Now Weighs 185.

Mrs. M. McGinn, Debee Junction, N.B., writes:—"I wish to tell you what Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have done for me. Three years ago I was so run down I could not do my own work. I went to a doctor, and he told me I had heart trouble and that my nerves were all unstrung. I took his medicine, as he ordered me to do, but it did me no good. I then started to take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and had only taken one box before I started to feel better, so I continued their use until I had taken several boxes, and I am now strong and well, and able to do my own work. When I commenced taking your pills I weighed 125 pounds, and now weigh 185 and have given birth to a lovely young daughter, which was a happy thing in the family. When I commenced taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, I could not go upstairs without resting, before I got to the top. I can now go up without resting."

The price of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills is 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

have always put doing before thinking or talking, and he doubts the true divinity of the "general education fests" as bowed down to in the United States: "We in America perhaps over rate the value of education. . . . That a good deal can be done without it the history of England proves." So, repeatedly, in searching for the secret of England's greatness, he comes back to the bringing up of our youths, and above all to their training in open air games, dwelling, not without discernment, on the extent to which the old and the young in the English country take their pastimes together—at cricket and in the hunting field, on golf courses and tennis courts—a habit peculiar to the English, and to the operation of which he ascribes not only the early manliness of English boys but also the late-continuing youthfulness of Englishmen: "We in America are so much older, so much more weary than they are, and it is with some regret that one sees that nowadays England and the English are not as boyish as they were."—Exchange

Minard's Liniment Cures colds, etc.

"Spinks said you were a hopeless idiot!" "Confound Spinks," "But I took up for you." "Thanks, old fellow." "I thought you were very optimistic."

Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stroud, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price a box 50c."

"That prima donna sings like a nightingale," said the enthusiastic admirer.

"Yes," answered the impresario, "But when she gets angry she talks like a poll parrot."

A Sensible Merchant.

Mrs. Fred. Laine, St. George, Ont., writes:—"My little girl would cough so at night that neither she nor I could get any rest. I gave her Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and am thankful to say it cured her cough quickly."

There is nothing harsh about Lax-Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dispepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25 cts.

Mrs. Stubb—I have been trying to teach that Chinese laundryman how to conduct business like an enlightened American.

Mr. Stubb—You must have succeeded, Maria. When I went down for my laundry he gave me a lead nickel in my change.

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

Suffered Terrible Pains

From Her Kidneys For Nine Months.

For Backache, Lame or Weak Back—one of the commonest and most distressing symptoms of kidney inaction, there is no remedy equal to Doan's Kidney Pills for taking out the stitches, twinges and twinges, limbering up the stiff back, and giving perfect comfort.

A medicine that strengthens the kidneys so that they are enabled to extract the poisonous urea acid from the blood and prevent the chief cause of Rheumatism.

Mr. Donald A. McLean, Broad Cove Banks, N.S., writes:—"I was troubled with my kidneys for nine months, and suffered with such terrible pains across the small of my back all the time that I could hardly get around. After taking two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills I began to feel better, and by the time I had taken three I was completely cured."

Price 50 cents per box, or 3 for \$1.25, all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When ordering specify "Doan's."

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 30, 1910.

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR.
To the UNITED STATES \$1.50
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
AT 81 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
JAMES McISAAC,
Editor & Proprietor

SESSIONAL NOTES.

On Friday afternoon 18th. consideration of the annuities bill was resumed in committee. Mr. Prowse said he considered such legislation altogether out of place in this Province. He considered that it opened the door to fraud and, therefore, should not be placed on our statute book. Mr. McNeill thought it was the duty of the people's representatives to legislate to make people honest, and to protect the honest man against fraud. But this bill, he considered, was intended to protect and encourage fraud. Mr. Wyatt was not opposed to the principle of annuities; but he did not consider there was any necessity for this act. He pointed out that while under the Dominion act, creditors had a protection, there was no reason why this Legislature should protect the annuitant against creditors. Why should we pass legislation encouraging or protecting fraud? There was no need for the passage of this act. A man, under this statute, could be in receipt of an annual income of six hundred dollars, and none of his creditors could collect a dollar from him. Mr. McKinnon considered the bill would encourage fraud. He moved an amendment to the effect that the amount of any annuitant, exempt from levy or attachment, shall not exceed \$200. Mr. Dobie was surprised to hear the Leader of the Government misconstrue the amendment. Mr. Arsenault thought we had no right to interfere with the enactments of the Dominion Government. We have no right to legislate in favor of fraud. Any one desirous of protecting his family should join one of the numerous fraternal insurance associations. This was the best and easiest way to insure himself and protect his family. The discussion was continued by Mr. McKinnon, the Premier and others. The amendment was then put and on a strict party vote by a vote 15 to 13.

Mr. Mathieson, referring to the Premier's statement that there were only 13 on the opposition side, said the Leader of the Government was responsible for this, as he deliberately kept another opposition member out of the House, by keeping the Cardigan seat vacant. He pointed out the difference between life insurance and investment in an annuity. The most beneficial form of life insurance is that which is paid after death, while the investment in an annuity is in favor of the man who takes it out. It would be a great wrong for this Legislature to pass this bill. The Premier was fond of saying similar acts were passed by other Legislatures. Had any other Legislature passed such acts as those disqualifying city councillors; taking the appointment of sheriffs out of the hands of the Judges or the controverted elections act of 1901 or other vicious acts passed by this Government? Mr. McLean, said this act would not be needed, if every man in the country were honest. This act created a temptation to be dishonest—Mr. James Kennedy considered the establishment of such a precedent would be a very bad thing for the country, and argued against the bill generally. Mr. Delaney considered it would

be decidedly wrong to allow the bill to pass. It would be very improper to legislate to the injury of the merchants, any more than against the farmers; but this act would prevent a merchant from collecting amounts properly due him. Mr. McLean, Mr. A. J. McDonald, Mr. Arsenault, Mr. Prowse, Mr. Mathieson, and Mr. Wyatt continued the debate. Mr. Cummiskey and the Premier attempted to prevent Mr. Wyatt from speaking, on the ground that the chairman had asked for the years and nays. But the chairman, Mr. Irving, ruled that Mr. Wyatt was quite in order. Mr. Wyatt then continued his argument against the bill. The bill was carried in committee on a purely party vote; 15 to 13. The bill was then reported.

Friday evening the Premier delivered his budget speech. This and the reply thereto were referred to in our editorial columns, last week.

Saturday forenoon, the House met at 11.30. On motion of the Leader of the Government, consideration was resumed in committee, of the cold storage guarantee bill. Hon. Mr. Hughes resumed the debate.

Mr. John A. McDonald, considered after hearing all the arguments, that it was proper he should put himself on record. He was firmly convinced the Government certainly should not grant this favor to Davies & Fraser. According to the discourses of Mr. Sinclair every abattoir in Denmark, where hogs are slaughtered, had its own cold storage. This company contemplate going into various branches of industry, and they want this guarantee principally for their own advantage. He showed that the proposed guarantee to the Dominion Packing Company had been made a test case at a by-election in the Cardigan district. He would suggest to the Leader of the Government to open Cardigan now for the by-election pending there. He felt satisfied the Government would get an answer they would not relish.

Mr. James Kennedy expressed his surprise at the peculiar expressions he had heard from different speakers on this matter. He pointed out how losses on butter had been sustained in the autumn of 1908. These losses were caused, not for want of cold storage, but because heavy stocks were in the hands of dealers when the price went down, and the dealers were obliged to sell at whatever they could get. The poultry trade, he pointed out, was limited and had to be attended to within a short space of time. The Leader of the Government interjected a statement to the effect that perhaps Mr. Kennedy had shipped pork in bad order. Mr. Kennedy emphatically denied the insinuation. Anything wrong with any shipment by him, he said, happened after it had been placed on board the steamer or in later stages of transit. He then quoted the freight rates, between points in this Province and the mainland, and showed that the Leader of the Government was not acquainted with the subject when he undertook to enlighten the House about these freight rates.

Mr. McKinnon said he had expressed himself on this matter early in the debate. Since then he had heard a great many extraordinary opinions expressed. It was remarkable to see so many members telling what wondrous things this cold storage

was going to do for the farmers. This was all nonsense. When the farmer has his products ready for sale, he wants to move them and sell them. He was a farmer himself and knew where of he spoke. He would like to know from the Hon. L. McDonald who had sent cheese to the cold cold storage plant for purposes of experiment, what the results of the experiment were. The only answer he elicited was that the cold storage gave out. Mr. McKinnon retorted that it was the cheese that gave out. No one on the Opposition side was opposed to cold storage. The trouble in this case was that the cold storage was confined to one place and was not a system of continued cold storage. If this was such a grand thing for the farmers, why did the Government not place it before them during the by-elections? The only opinions the Government wish to have are the opinions of a few merchants and dealers in Charlottetown.

Mr. Dobie referred to all the nonsense spoken on this matter. Especially all the Government members had said about the farmers. The farmers know what they are doing and do not require all the coaching voluntarily tendered them in this connection. He reiterated the statement that there was no opposition to cold storage; but he wanted a continuous system of cold storage. He considered it very improper to single out any particular company for special favors. The opposition were told they were standing up for two penny half-penny traders. Was that a proper and dignified manner in which to conduct debate? The people have not asked for this, and the members of the Government are in fear and trembling about what they are doing in this case. Why did not the Government give the people a chance to vote on this matter in the by-elections? There was not sufficient information before the House or before the country in this connection. This was treading on dangerous ground. Did Davis & Fraser come to the rescue of this Island, as had been said by the Government?

(All the foregoing notes had been prepared for last week's issue; but owing to want of space, we were obliged to hold them over.)

After routine on Tuesday afternoon 22nd, several bills were cleared from the order paper. On the motion by the Leader of the Government, for the third reading, of the bill relative to Government annuities, Mr. Mathieson moved, in amendment, that the bill be read six months hence. The amendment was lost on a strict party vote 15 to 13. The third reading of the bill was then carried on the same division reversed.

The committee stage of the Cold Storage bill was again taken up, and Mr. Dobie resumed the debate. He considered care and deliberation should be exercised in this matter. The whole country, he said, was watching the course of the Legislature. He did not think there was any need for a rush. It would be better, he thought, to delay the matter, so that the people might have ample opportunity of thoroughly looking into it. There was no reason why this Province should be liable for \$25,000. The Dominion Government are granting a bonus; that ought to be sufficient. There is no assurance that the Government may not have to pay this money. What is the good of the promises made on this and kindred questions? The Premier has hitherto,

more than once told the public we were to receive large grants of money from the Dominion Government; but now he is obliged to confess that no hopes of this kind can be held out. This cold storage in the limited plan here laid down is of little value. It is out of place, that the Premier should say that Davies & Fraser have come to the rescue of this Province. Is it, he asked, for the benefit of the Province in general or for their own benefit Davies & Fraser are seeking this guarantee? He thought it was time to stop and consider. We should be careful not to get too much into the American fashion of doing things. He read from a report of an investigation of the condition of meat and oysters in cold storage in Montreal. This report showed what large quantities of food were rendered unfit for human use by reason of remaining too long in cold storage. There was too much pushing of legislation of this kind by some members of the Government.

Mr. Mathieson said that, as the discussion had been pretty well protracted perhaps it would not be necessary to continue the debate further. The bill, he considered, was wrong in principle, and in every other respect. Except the reserving of the right to move such amendments as might be thought proper, he did not purpose continuing the debate further. The Government were bound to push the bill through in spite of the best arguments presented against it, not only by the Opposition; but by the Government's own friends. Therefore, let the Government take the responsibility. Regarding the appointment of the Commissioner of Agriculture as a director of the Cold Storage Company, Mr. Mathieson pointed out that, in his opinion, this could not be done according to the act. Even were he admitted to the meetings of the board of directors, he would be powerless.

On the motion to adopt the report of the committee, Mr. Mathieson moved the following amendment: That the report of the committee be not adopted but that it be resolved that no system of cold storage will meet the requirements of this Province unless it provides for cold storage warehouses at Georgetown and Summerside as well as in Charlottetown and such other central shipping points as may be necessary in the public interest for a continuous system of cold storage of perishable goods from the place of origin to the destination; and further that it is unjust and contrary to the public interest that any particular corporation should be given by the Government special advantages not open to all competitors. The amendment was lost on a strict party vote 15 to 13 and the report was adopted on the same division reversed.

Debate on the resolution re transportation was resumed by Hon. Mr. Hughes, who had previously adjourned the debate. In concluding his speech, Mr. Hughes moved an amendment to the resolution previously moved by Mr. James Kennedy. The amendment was little more than several verbal changes, and was not as detailed and specific as the original motion. It came from the Government side, however, and afforded the supporters of the administration an avenue of escape from voting squarely against Mr. Kennedy's resolution. That evidently was all that the Government and their followers wanted.

Mr. Mathieson thought it quite proper that both sides of the House should agree on this question of transportation. Had the members on the Government side accepted the resolution moved by Mr. Kennedy, they would have shown a better disposition towards unity, than by moving an alternative resolution, substantially of the same nature. A joint resolution on this matter had been unanimously passed in this Legislature in 1906; but owing to the inertia of the Government, who have steadily refused to move, nothing absolutely has been accomplished.

Mr. Mathieson resumed the debate at the evening sitting of the House. He said he was less able than he was before recess, to agree with the amendment made by Hon. Mr. Hughes. As a matter of fact he could not understand

why it had been substituted for the resolution moved by Mr. Kennedy. In the main, he had no objection to the amendment; but Mr. Kennedy's resolution refers to a resolution of the House unanimously passed in 1906. This resolution had been forwarded to the Governor General, and the only track we could find of it was a bill for \$400. In this way the Government manage to kill, by inaction, every effort made in behalf of our Provincial rights. This is what has been done by the Government in the matter of our claims against the Dominion Government, and with regard to the school book question. In all these cases the Government adopt the same course; they move an amendment, and there the matter ends. He was very much pleased to hear Mr. Hughes come out boldly in advocacy of our claims against Canada. This was in such direct contrast to the course pursued by other members of the Government, and especially by the Patriot, which had scandalously misrepresented our case during the last year. The Premier, in his election platform in 1908, set forth that our claims against Canada were to be vigorously pressed. But the Patriot proclaimed broadcast that the Federal Government were treating us fairly and justly. He quoted from the Patriot's articles, so damaging to our rights and claims. The Patriot charged against this Province the whole expense of the winter steamers. This is most unjust, for at most the services of the steamers benefit us only during the winter months. Of that expense we should be charged with only one half. But these steamers are engaged during the summer, as Mr. Hughes says in junketing trips for ministers and other favorites of the Government, and the Patriot charges all these expenses to this Province. So on regarding all the public departments. The Patriot charges against the Province all receipts; but makes no mention at all of what we pay in into the Dominion treasury. That is the unfair way the chief Government organ puts forth our case against Canada. About \$134,000 were spent on the railway wharf at Charlottetown, but several times it threatened to go out to sea. It was bolted together and piles were driven around, and still there is no assurance that it may not go out to sea. When all is done, the Government steamers cannot load thereat, because no slips were put in the wharf. The amendment recited that the Provincial Government have frequently brought the grievances complained of to the attention of the Federal authorities. The Opposition could not vote for this proposition, because there was no evidence that our Government has done any such thing. If this amendment is only intended for the purpose of another junketing trip to Ottawa, we would only be losing our time in discussing these propositions. Why had not the railway claim been pressed; why was not our claim pressed for compensation for the excess of expenditure on railways on the mainland, over what was anticipated at confederation? Mr. Mathieson did not believe the Leader of the Government had ever seen the statement of claims against the Federal Government prepared by his officials. Had he studied it he would have discovered that it was short one year on one side, and two years short on the other side. He would like to hear what the Government would do if this resolution were put through before going any further. Would they do as they have been doing all along?

Mr. McLean was glad to hear the speech of the member for Charlottetown. So far as the Steam Navigation Company is concerned, it should be remembered that their steamers have the main highway of freight and passenger traffic from this Province; consequently their rates should be lower than the rates of steamers on routes along outer ports, where freight and passenger patronage is small in comparison. We had no commodity rates in this Province. It was outrageous to separate the P. E. Island Railway from the Intercolonial. We are charged with everything; but get no credit for anything. We will never get relief, he said, in these matters until we put our claims in proper form and then press these claims home. The management on the P. E. I. Railway he said was very bad. Now even when we have three freights a week, the trains on express days, as on Saturday last, pick up all the way freight. Our claims must be properly presented and reiterated again and again

before we can have any hope of success. The amendment was then put and carried on a straight party vote 15 to 13.

After the usual routine on Thursday March 24th. Mr. Mathieson asked the Leader of the Government if he had any statement to give the House relative to a meeting of Provincial Premier's proposed to be held at Ottawa on March 29th. Premier Haszard said he had knowledge of the proposed meeting; but for obvious reasons, it would be impossible for him to attend; nor did he feel justified in asking anyone to represent him. Mr. Mathieson thought this matter of such importance that something should have been done in regard thereto, especially as the letter from the State Department read by the Premier was dated the 7th of February. Mr. McKinnon considered this matter was of sufficient importance to have been attended to by the Government of this Province, and he thought the Premier should have taken more interest in it.

On the motion for the third reading of the Cold Storage guarantee bill Mr. Prowse moved, seconded by Mr. Kennedy: That the order for the third reading of said bill be discharged, and the said bill be recommitted for the purpose of being amended so as to provide: That in case the Company shall at any time during the continuance of the said guarantee fail or neglect to supply to the people of this Province proper cold storage accommodation at reasonable rates in conformity with the terms of said agreement then the Governor in council shall have power to declare the said mortgage due and payable and may proceed to realize upon the security of the said mortgage in the same manner as if default had been made in payment of the interest secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. That in case of default of the company to perform its part of the said agreement penalties should be provided and actions thereof given to the parties aggrieved. The Leader of the Government intimated to Mr. Speaker that the amendment was out of order. Hereupon a discussion took place between the Leader of the Government and the Leader of the Opposition. Mr. Mathieson quoted from the Journals of the House and from authorities on Parliamentary procedure to show that the amendment was properly in order, and that such a procedure had never before been questioned. Mr. Speaker ruled in favor of the Opposition contention. The division on the amendment was then taken when it was declared lost on a strict party vote 15 to 11.

Mortgage Sale.

There will be sold at public Auction in front of the Court House in Summerside, on Monday, the 2nd day of May next, A. D. 1910, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, under the power of sale in a mortgage dated the 6th day of February, A. D. 1896, made between Robert W. McDonald and Robert H. McDonald and Dorcas Ann McDonald, of the one part, and Dorothea Lefurgey and J. Eghaim Lefurgey, of the other part. All that tract of land at St. Eleanor's, bounded as follows: Commencing at a stake driven in the north boundary line of land formerly in the possession of Benjamin Darby, senior; thence south thirty degrees west four chains and sixty-three links; thence east thirty degrees north one hundred and eighty chains; thence north thirty degrees west four chains and sixty-three links; thence along the line of land formerly occupied by George Tustin, junior, to the place of commencement, containing fifty acres of land more or less, with the appurtenances.

Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatism Pills. Price a box 50c.

MODERN BUILDING PLANT!

MONTAGUE BRIDGE

From Concrete

Concrete Building Stone,

Builders' Supply Store

CHARLES LUND,

Watch Department.

Ring Department.

Spectacle Department.

Mortgage Sale.

Muscular Rheumatism.

WE HAVE IN STOCK

TEMPERANCE DRINKS!

JAMES KELLY & CO.

WE HAVE IN STOCK

TEMPERANCE DRINKS!

JAMES KELLY & CO.

June 23, 1909—3m

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Mrs. Larter, Proprietress.

Will now be conducted on KENT STREET Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodation at reasonable prices.

June 12, 1907.

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Pressed Hay WANTED!

We will buy some good bright Timothy Hay.

C. Lyons & Co.

Feb. 10th, 1909-21

\$50

Scholarships

Free

To the Student making the Highest Marks during next term.

will YOU win it?

An up-to-date modern business training with no waste time. Write to-day for new prospectus, terms, etc.

Union Commercial College, WM. MORAN, Prin.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B.

Sun Fire offices of London.

Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACCACHERN, AGENT.

Telephone No. 362.

Mar. 22nd, 1906

JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Tickets

Dodgers

Posters

Check Books

Receipt Books

Note Heads

Note Books of Hand

Letter Heads

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

A gas explosion in the Kali Mine at Cambria Okechoma killed four men and seriously injured two others.

Without debate the Senate of New York passed a resolution increasing the Governor's salary from \$10,000 to \$20,000 a year.

The date for the opening of the military training camp at Sussex and Charlottetown, this year, has been fixed for June 28th.

Thomas Gorman, one of the gang of safe-breakers who operated about Ottawa last fall, has been sentenced to five years in prison.

When the British freighter, "Indrane" came into Boston Wednesday from the far East, one section of the vessel was in control of a monster python which for four days had defied all efforts to capture it, and had given the officers and crew the time of their lives.

A big building at Windsor Ont., owned by Molson's Bank, and occupied by D. M. Ferry as a seed warehouse, was burned. The loss is \$200,000. John Langford, aged 18, went to work at the ruins when the wall fell and he was buried under tons of bricks, and killed.

Dr. Axton, a personal friend of Dr. Frederick Cook, at Bellingham, Washington has received a letter from Mrs. Cook, dated Valparaiso, in which she says that the explorer is broken in health, without funds, and unable to continue the fight to establish his claim that he discovered the Pole.

San Francisco people have begun the collection of a fund of \$5,000,000 for the Panama Pacific World's Fair, to be held here in 1915, to celebrate the opening of the great Panama Canal.

All California will unite in opposing the claims of New Orleans for federal aid for an expedition to celebrate the canal opening.

Three men employed in blasting for a new power dam of the Revelstoke Hydro-Electric plant, Man, lost their lives. The men were working on a platform under an overhanging ledge of rock, when a heavy eight feet by twelve, fell from above, crushing them. Six other men, working below escaped injury.

Oxford defeated Cambridge in the annual night rowing race over Championship course from Putney to More Lake on the Thames near London on Wednesday last by three lengths. Time 29 minutes 14 seconds. Last year Oxford won by three and a half lengths in nineteen minutes and fifty seconds.

A sad accident occurred a few miles northwest of Teeswater Ont., on the 23rd by which three ladies lost their lives. Mrs. James Sample, her two daughters and Mrs. Elliott, visiting Mrs. Sample from England, were boating on the river, running through Sample's farm, when the boat overturned and the three were drowned.

The two year old son of Alex. Jubenville, was burned to death at Windsor, Ont. before the eyes of his three young brothers. The child was in a baby carriage playing with a riler with a piece of paper attached, a few feet from the stove. The string became ignited, and the clothing of the child caught when the mother returned she found the charred remains of her child in the carriage.

We are pleased to learn that Dr. F. E. Kelly successfully passed through a surgical operation in Boston, and is progressing favorably towards recovery. The Dr.'s trouble was a species in the vicinity of the ear, of a same nature as that which Dr. Conroy suffered a few years ago. His affliction was a source of much regret to his many friends. The Dr. accompanied by Mrs. Kelly, left here on the 18th, and it is pleasing to know that everything has gone well. Mrs. Kelly is with him all the time.

New York advices of the 23rd said: The United States and Canada have arrived at a definite agreement on the tariff question, according to an apparently authentic report. This information was obtained from man close to President Taft. It is said that the agreement will be promulgated within a few days. Following this comes this information from Ottawa on the 26th: Official information from Washington is to the effect that a satisfactory outcome of the tariff difficulty is certain.

Mr. F. Harding has notified Sir Wilfrid Laurier that a happy outcome of the negotiations may be looked for.

The offices of Holy Week and Easter were well carried out in St. Dunstan's Cathedral. Te Deum was sung on the evenings of Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. On Holy Thursday morning Solemn High Mass was celebrated by Rev. T. Campbell, Rector of St. Dunstan's College assisted by Rev. Theodore Gallant, as deacon; Rev. Maurice McDonald, sub-deacon and Rev. Pius McDonald, Master of ceremonies. At the Feast of the Presentation on Good Friday, Rev. Theodore Gallant was celebrant. Rev. J. B. McIntyre deacon, Father Maurice McDonald, sub-deacon and Father Pius again Master of ceremonies. On Good Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock the devotion of the way of the Cross was held in the basement.

Rev. Dr. McLellan officiating, Father Maurice was celebrant on Holy Saturday, Rev. J. B. McIntyre was deacon and sang the Eucharist and blessed the pascal candle; Father Pius was sub-deacon and Father McLellan Master of ceremonies. On Easter Sunday, Father Pius was celebrant of the Mass, Father Maurice deacon and Father Croken sub-deacon, while the ceremonies were in charge of Rev. Dr. Bernard McDonald. The preacher was Rev. Dr. McMillan. Vespers, followed by Solemn Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament took place in the evening, Father Maurice officiating, assisted by Father Pius and Father Croken. The holy oils for this diocese this year, were consecrated at Halifax by his Grace Archbishop McCarthy.

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

Father McLean, died at Mount St. Vincent, Halifax on Monday last, at the 90th. year of his age and the 85th. of his priesthood. R. I. P.

The steamer Minto makes another trip to the Magdalen Islands this week, leaving at Georgetown Friday after landing Georgetown mails and passengers from Pictou.

Altar candles caused an \$8,000 fire at St. Annes Church Montreal on Easter Sunday. The fire was discovered by a penitent going to his Easter duty. While the blaze was soon extinguished, the main altar, sacristy, and organ were badly damaged.

On Easter Sunday, after Mass at St. Andrew's, Rev. A. P. McLellan, P. P. was presented by his parishioners, with an address and a purse containing \$65. To this practical expression of esteem on the part of his people the Rev. gentleman replied in fitting terms.

The St. Petersburg newspapers announce that the Government is about to introduce in the programme providing for the expenditure of \$375,000,000, during the next decade. The first instalment of the programme will call for \$37,500,000.

The report has reached Manila that a gun on the United States cruiser "Charleston, exploded during target practice, and eight men were killed or wounded. The Charleston is returning to Manila from Alangapo. No details have been received.

Under the spring sun the ice in Montreal harbor is rapidly melting, and with a few days warm weather, it is expected that it will break up. The Government icebreaker, Lady Gray, is clearing the channel through Lake St. Peter, and below there is a clear channel to the sea. Under these conditions the indications point to an early opening of navigation.

Rev. Dr. A. A. Sinnott, Secretary to the Apostolic Delegate at Ottawa paid a brief visit to the island last week. He visited his parents at St. Peter's Harbor and his sister, Mrs. McDonald, undergoing treatment in the Charlottetown Hospital and left on return Friday morning. It is pleasing to report, in this connection that Mrs. McDonald is much improved.

W. J. White, Inspector of the Canadian Government Offices in the United States, is very enthusiastic over the number and class of the immigrants coming to Canada this year. He states in the eleven months of the present fiscal year, 80,488 immigrants have entered Canada from the neighboring Republic, showing a satisfactory increase over the previous fiscal year when the number amounted to 50,650.

A motor boat at Hillsboro, N. B. rendered unmanageable, was dragged into a swift current Sunday and swept over the dam there, hurling the occupants, two young women, Mrs. Darres, aged 20, and Miss Craig, aged 27, to death below, while Mr. Parker, who was in charge of the boat, escaped by being thrown into shallow water, from which he was able to reach the shore—although badly injured.

The Easter market on Saturday brought out an usual splendid show. The stall of Saunders, Newson & Co. was most attractive. Five splendid beavers, dressing \$490, of the finest material, constituted a sight such as is seldom witnessed. This firm had an exhibition and sale also, together seven carcasses that would be hard to beat in any place. The choice quality of the meat on sale and the taste and order in which their large Easter stock was placed on exhibition were the subject of most favorable comment.

The death list in the ballroom holocaust at Matesalka, Hungary, now largely exceeds three hundred, and may reach four hundred, while a very large number of other persons were seriously injured. It appears that the crush in the ballroom was so great that in order to prevent any more from entering, a door was nailed up. Shortly afterwards fire, in some way, started. A lady's dress was noticed in a blaze and presently there was a panic. There was a rush for the closed door and those in advance began tearing down the nailed boards; but the pressure from the crowd in the rear were so great that those in front were trampled to death. Thus between the fire and the stamped feet fatalities reached the extreme numbers above given.

A tremendous audience assembled in the Hall at Peake's Station on Easter Monday evening to participate in and enjoy an entertainment given by the local musical and histrionic talent. The Peake's Station Dramatic Club presented the very amusing and entertaining play entitled "Uncle Joseph," in an excellent manner. The acting, for amateur, was deserving of high praise. Proceeding the play and between the acts, excellent vocal choruses and solos were rendered. After the play, the sale of pies and baskets took place, and was carried out in a lively manner; the bidding being rapid and the prices high. The proceeds went up with a dance. The proceeds were in aid of the Hall Company, and the handsome sum of one hundred dollars was netted. It will thus be seen that the entertainment was eminently successful.

The Market Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Butter (fresh), Butter (rub), Milk, Eggs, Fowls, Chickens, Flour, Hides, Hay, Muston, Potatoes, Pork, Sheep pelts, Turkeys, Geese, Blk osts, Pressed hay, Straw.

LOCAL and OTHER ITEMS.

Lobster packers on the Island coast are looking forward to an early start and prosperous business this season. In the eastern part of the Province a large number of factories operate along the north side from St. Peter's harbor to East Point. Among the factories, farthest west on the Cable Head shore is that of O'Hanley & Rattray, of which we spoke in a previous issue. They are bound to break the record this year. Then there is the factory of Robert J. Lewis and A. E. MacAnay. These packers are making greater preparations than in any previous season and are anticipating a much more extensive pack than in any previous year. Their pick and enterprises are commendable in the highest degree. They will be ready to stretch their lines on the first day of the season provided the coast is clear. A little further east, just opposite the terminus of the Forage Road is the factory of Sutherland Brothers. These are famous packers and have made a success of their business. They put up a large quantity of excellent fish every year. The lobsters will find it very difficult to escape when these keen trappers get after them in good earnest. Mass power to them. A short distance further east at McAskill River O'Hanley Brothers have their establishment where they have done a splendid business for a number of years. They pay due attention to their work and use the iron file it is hot. May they prosper. Not very far east of these is the factory of McIsaac & Cummings, who have for some years made a success of their business. By integrity, care and attention to their work they established a solid business reputation. Not very far away is the factory of Mr. John P. Sutherland, who by steady perseverance has built up a solid business. He stays with his business and the business has no alternative but to stay with him. Further east, towards Neufage is the factory of O'Hanley & Bryan. This is a large establishment, formerly operated by Mr. Daniel O'Hanley. A large pack is put up here every summer. All along the coast eastward factories are established at intervals, and all expect to reap a good harvest this season. With all these operators diligently in pursuit of the lobster, the poor crustacean's chance of escape certainly are not bright.

Marion Bridge, C. B., May 30, '02. I have handled MINARD'S LINIMENT during the past year. It is always the first Liniment asked for here, and unquestionably the best seller of all the different kinds of Liniment I handle.

NEIL FERGUSON.

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction at the Law Courts Building in Charlottetown, on Thursday, the twenty-eighth day of April, A. D. 1910, at twelve o'clock noon: All that tract, piece or parcel of land, hereditaments and premises, situate lying and being on Lot thirty-one aforesaid, bounded as follows, that is to say: By a line commencing at a stake fixed in the north-west side of the South Wilshire Road at a distance of thirty-eight chains nineteen links northwesterly from the south-west angle of eighty acres of land selected by John Domes as part of five hundred acres specified in the said indenture of Mortgage of the year 1764 north thirty-seven degrees five minutes east; forty-six chains ninety-three links, or to the rear line of farms fronting on the North Wilshire Road; thence along the said rear line north fifty-three degrees west nine chains five links; thence south thirty-seven degrees five minutes west to the road aforesaid; and thence along the same south-easterly nine chains five links to the place of commencement, containing forty-two acres two roods, a little more or less.

The above sale is made under and by virtue of and pursuant to a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage dated the fourth day of April, A. D. 1883, and made between William Clark, senior, of Wilshire, Lot Thirty-one, in Queen's County, and Elizabeth Clark, his wife, of the one part, and Theophilus Moore, of Charlottetown, in Queen's County, and Mary H. Moore, his wife, of the other part, and by the said Theophilus Moore and Mary H. Moore assigned to the undersigned by Indenture of Assignment bearing date the twenty-third day of March, A. D. 1910.

Should the said land not be sold on the day of sale the same shall be disposed of by private sale.

For particulars apply to Messrs. McLean and McKinnon, Solicitors, Charlottetown. Dated this 24th day of March, A. D. 1910.

Assignees of Mortgage. March 30, 1910.—41

Opposition Leader Banquet.

Mr. J. A. Mathieson, K. C. Leader of the Conservative Opposition in the Provincial Legislature, was tendered a complimentary banquet at the Cavendish Hotel, in this city, on Monday evening last, by his following in the House and other Conservative friends. The utmost enthusiasm prevailed and the speeches were permeated by a spirit of optimism that was contagious. The toasts included: "The King"; "Our Guest"; "Friends of the Conservative Party"; "The House of the House"; "Mr. A. J. McDonald, Georgetown"; "The Conservative Press"; "Our Host and Hostess"; etc. Mr. Mathieson was received with deafening applause, when he rose to respond to the toast of "our guest." His speech was able and admirable from every point of view. After expressing his high appreciation of the honor done him he spoke of the great pleasure it gave him to see the young men now pushing to the front and taking a more and more active interest in the welfare of the Province and the success of the Liberal Conservative Party. He reviewed the situation, pointing out that it was King's County that deserved the credit of keeping the fire of Conservatism burning brightly in the dark days of the past, and expressing the confident hope that the whole Province will at the first opportunity unite to drive out the present Government. In conclusion he said that he would try to deserve the public confidence more and more as time goes by. The Leader was followed by Messrs. John McLean, M. P. P. and A. A. McLean K. C., who supported him in able speeches. In reply to the toast "Friends of the Conservative Party" good speeches were delivered by all, or almost all, the Conservative members of the House and by several other solid Conservatives in attendance. The affair was excellent throughout and came to a close by the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" and "God Save the King."

MARRIED.

McDONALD-SQUIRES.—At Charlottetown, March 22nd, by Rev. Geo. E. Ross, William Martin McDonald, of Milburn, Lot 40, and Aretta Mabel Squires of St. Peter's Bay.

GRAHAM—LLEWELLYN.—At the Mansie, Murray Harbor North, on Thursday, March 10th by Rev. Andrew Gray, Wallie Ellsworth Graham, to Catherine Ann Llewellyn, both of Gaspereux, King's Co.

DIED.

DODD.—At Neokomis, Sask, on Feb. 21st, of epinal meningitis, Elmer Dodd, eldest and beloved son of Wilbert and Mrs. Large, formerly of Charlottetown, aged 7 years.

DEACON.—At North Wilshire, March 18th, Mrs. John Deacon, aged 87 years.

GILLIS.—At Summerside, on Saturday March 19th, Mrs. Alban Gillis, (nee Mulligan) leaving a husband, father and mother, two brothers, and four sisters to mourn. R. I. P.

ROBERTSON.—At Marshfield, on March 22nd Alexander Robertson, in the 68th year of his age.

GILLIS.—At Mount Stewart on the 24th inst. after nine weeks illness, Allan Gillis aged 66 years leaving a widow and four daughters to mourn. Deceased was a brother of Rev. R. J. Gillis, St. Peter's and Messrs. P. F. Gillis, and Angus Gillis of this city, also of William and Joseph at Pisiquid and Mrs. J. C. McDonald St. Peter's and Mrs. McInnis St. Andrew's. May his soul rest in peace.

Sprained Arm.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Haggard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

We would like to remind subscribers several years in arrears, that we are endeavoring to make a living by conducting a legitimate business, and not publishing a paper merely for amusement. They ignore all reasonable requests for payment of the small amounts of the annual subscriptions. There is a limit, and if they find themselves obliged to pay something more than the face of their subscription bills they have themselves to blame.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts.

Marion Bridge, C. B., May 30, '02. I have handled MINARD'S LINIMENT during the past year. It is always the first Liniment asked for here, and unquestionably the best seller of all the different kinds of Liniment I handle.

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For particulars apply to Messrs. McLean and McKinnon, Solicitors, Charlottetown. Dated this 24th day of March, A. D. 1910.

Assignees of Mortgage. March 30, 1910.—41

MARITIME EXPRESS

—VIA—

Intercolonial Railway

—IS—

THE TRAIN BETWEEN

Halifax

—AND—

Montreal.

Meal Table d'hotel Breakfast 75c. Luncheon 75c. Dinner \$1.00

Direct connection at Bonaventure Union Depot with Grand Trunk trains for the West.

D. C. McLEOD, K. C. & W. R. BENTLEY

McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors.

MONEY TO LOAN

Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

Montague

Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.

A. J. FRASER, D. D.

Aug. 15 1906-3m

Have Moved to their New Store in Canadian Bank of Commerce Building 153 Queen Street. MAGLELLAN BROTHERS



Price \$2.50

Amherst Boots

Are the Farmer's friends.

Made from Solid Leather throughout, counters, insoles and heels. They stand up and stand the strain of hard wear through all kinds of mud, slush and wet.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Men's Amherst Boots, Women's, Boys', Girls', Child's.

Alley & Co.

Lime.

We are now supplying best quality of Lime at kilns on St. Peter's Road, suitable for building and farming purposes, in barrels or bulk by car load.

C. Lyons & Co.

April 28-41

Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys.

Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada

Grand Trunk Railway System

Low Fares to Pacific Coast

Points, etc., In Effect March 1st to April 15th, 1910.

—TO—

Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver, Portland, Nelson,

Hobson, Spokane, Tacoma, San Francisco, Los Angeles, etc.

Proportionately low rates are also offered to

Colorado, Texas, Mexico, Montana.

And many other Western Points.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

Leave Montreal Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 10.30 p. m., for the accommodation of passengers holding first or second class tickets to Chicago and West thereof, as far as the Pacific Coast. Nominal charges made for berths which may be reserved in advance.

For fares, time tables, maps and reliable information, write to J. QUINLAN, D. P. A., Montreal, Que. March 2nd, 1910-71

Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale, at a moderate price, his Farm of 75 acres, located on Peake's Road, Lot 52. This is known as the "Wallace" Farm, and fronts on Peake's Road. Fifteen acres of excellent land are cleared, and about twenty acres very easily cleared. The remainder is covered with hard and softwood. There is on the farm a house 20 feet by 16 in good condition. For terms and full particulars apply to

PATRICK J. WALSH,

Byrn's Road, Lot 39.

Jan. 26, 1910-11

Calendar for March, 1910.

MOON'S PHASES. Last Quarter 4d. 3h. 40m. p. m. New Moon 11d. 8h. 0m. a. m. First Quarter 17d. 11h. 25m. a. m. Full Moon 25d. 4h. 9m. a. m.

Table with columns: Day of Week, Sun, Mon, Tues, Wed, Thurs, Fri, Sat, High Water, Low Water. Rows for each day of the month.

Curiosities of Secular Education in France.

(From the Chicago Inter Ocean.)

That there shall be no sectarian teaching in the public schools seems to normal Americans a necessary consequence of that separation of Church and State without which religious freedom cannot exist.

We are reminded by Mrs. Balamy Storers' article in the current North American Review that "secular" education is, like other things, a matter of definitions, and that the French definition is now one defining something that Americans would regard as "antireligious" and even "atheistic" instead of merely "secular" or "nonsectarian."

The present French practice is illustrated by comparative extracts from a very popular French school book as it was before 1905 and as it is now.

The book is called "The Tour of France by Two Children." It was written by a schoolmaster named Bruno many years ago and is now in its three hundred and fifty-first edition.

Then his eyes turned to the open window through which he could see the deep blue sky. He looked up with a smile to see the sun shining brightly through the clouds.

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Get the Most Out of Your Food

You don't eat and can't get your stomach is weak. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it. It gets tired easily, and what it fails to digest is wasted.

Among the signs of a weak stomach are uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, and disagreeable belching.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Strengthens and tones the stomach and the whole digestive system.

This touching scene is suppressed and replaced with barren words, lest the French "neutral" child get the idea that prayer might sometimes be consoling.

His 85th Birthday.

His Lordship Bishop John Cameron, of Antigonish diocese, N. S., celebrated his eighty-fifth birthday on Wednesday, February 15th, and though a little late, yet the True Witness wishes to pay the venerable prelate its heart-meant tribute of love and sincere affection.

Trying to Get On Without God.

Father Bernard Vaughan, in a sermon recently in Manchester gave a striking picture of England drifting away from religion in her educational institutions and social systems.

Sprained Arm.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes: "My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Bagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

Beware Of Worms.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 50c.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

Is Specially Calculated to Cure All Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Snappy Styles Solid Footwear

Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only. Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes.

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart

Newson's Block, Charlottetown Barristers, Solicitors, etc. P. O. Building, Georgetown.

Fraser & McQuaid

Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc. Souris, P. E. Island.

A. E. McEACHEN

THE SHOE MAN. Nov. 10, 1909-2m.

HEADACHE AND Burdock Blood Bitters.

The presence of headache nearly always tells us that there is another disease which, although we may not be aware of it, is still exerting its baneful influence.

Burdock Blood Bitters has, for years been curing all kinds of headaches, and you will only give it a trial we are sure it will do for you what it has done for thousands of others.

Mr. John Connors, Burlington, N.S., writes: "I have been troubled with headache and constipation for a long time. After trying different doctors' medicine a friend asked me to try Burdock Blood Bitters. I find I am completely cured after having taken three bottles. I can safely recommend it to all."

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

"What was that terrible noise going on in Popkin's apartment last night?" asked Wickley of the janitor.

"They were celebrating their wedding," smiled the janitor. "Mrs. Popkin was hitting Popkin on the head with a rolling pin."

"Knocking wood for luck, eh?" grinned Wickley as he passed on, while the janitor chuckled.

Marion Bridge, C. B., May 30, '02. I have handled MINARD'S LINIMENT during the past year. It is always the first Liniment asked for here, and unquestionably the best seller of all the different kinds of Liniment I handle.

NEIL FERGUSON.

"Say, grandma, make a noise like a frog," coaxed little Tommy.

"What for, my son?"

"Why, papa says that when you croak we'll get \$5,000."

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria.

"I dreamed last night that I proposed to you and you accepted me."

"Dreams go by contraries, you know."

"I know, and I am not going to propose and you are not going to accept me."

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria.

Visit of Bishops "Ad Limina."

New Papal Regulations Governing the Visits of Diocesan Heads to Rome.

Regarding the presentation of statements on the condition of their dioceses to the Holy See by Bishops, and their visits "ad limina Apostolorum," an important document emanated from the Consistorial Congregation by which several alterations are made in existing arrangements.

The Department of Commerce and Labor tells us that the advance in the price of meat is severely felt in this country is found all over the world.

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Scott's Emulsion

in a very short time. It not only builds her up, but enriches the mother's milk and properly nourishes the child.

Nearly all mothers who nurse their children should take this splendid food- tonic, not only to keep up their own strength but to properly nourish their children.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Send Me Name of Paper and this ad. for one beautiful Scott's Emulsion and Child's Emulsion. Each book contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE. 126 Wellington Street, West, Toronto, Ont.

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All the authorized School and College Books In Stock and Sold at PUBLISHERS PRICES.

An immense range of School Supplies, in Scribblers, Exercise Books, Note Books, Pens, Inks, Pencils, Erasers, Crayons, Rulers, Fountain Pens (all prices), Note Papers, Foolscap, Shorthand Books, Practice Books, Slates, Envelopes, Ink Stands, etc., etc.

Cash Discount to all. WHOLESALE & RETAIL. CARTER & CO., Ltd., Queen St., Market Square, Charlottetown.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Mrs. Larter, Proprietress. Will now be conducted on KENT STREET Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodation at reasonable prices.

June 12, 1907.

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon

McLean & McKinnon Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law.

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Pressed Hay WANTED!

We will buy some good bright Timothy Hay.

C. Lyons & Co. Feb. 10th, 1909-2i

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