

The Mildmay Gazette

Vol. 20.

MILDMAY, ONT., THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1911

No. 33

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864. 158 Branches in Canada.

Paid-Up Capital—\$6,000,000.00 Reserve Funds—\$5,000,000.00
WE ISSUE DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS at lowest rates, payable at any City or Banking Town in the United Kingdom.
TWO OR MORE PERSONS may open a Joint Account—EITHER ONE to withdraw or deposit at any time—No delay in withdrawals.
Money Advanced to Farmers at Reasonable Rates.
Savings Department.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.
T. E. MERRETT, Sup't of Branches.

A. A. WERLICH,
MANAGER MILDMAY BRANCH

No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and fitting them with glasses, is modern, up-to-date and scientific.

THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK
It costs you nothing to let us examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from headaches, pain in back of eyes, or vision is blurred, or you get dizzy easily. Something is the matter with your eyes. We fit glasses that relieve the strain. Prices Moderate.

C. A. FOX
JEWELLER & OPTICIAN
Walkerton

FARMERS' Central Mutual Fire Insurance Company

The Second Strongest Purely Mutual in Ontario.
HEAD OFFICE:—WALKERTON, ONT.
J. J. Schumacher, Manager.

PROPERTY INSURED NEARLY \$9,000,000.

Insures all kinds of farm property and isolated dwellings at reduced cash rates, reduced agents' fees; under lower premium notes for a term of 3 or 4 years, than can be secured elsewhere. Buildings protected with lightning rods, and their contents accepted at lower rates than others not so protected.

WM. HACKER, AGENT
MILDMAY, ONT.

At Geo. Lambert's Flour & Feed Store.

Just Arrived—Two more shipments of feed consisting of Low Grade Flour, Shorts, Oat Chop, Barley, Corn and Bran. Also the best flour on the market.

Prices away down.

Try 'COOPERS' FLY KNOCKER'

The most effective remedy against flies on the market. Guaranteed to do its work or your money refunded. You to be the Judge.

Cash Paid for Butter, Eggs, and Produce.

G. Lambert.

Valuable Farm For Sale.

George Schwalm offers for sale his farm of 145 acres, west of and adjoining the village of Mildmay. On the premises are a new brick house and kitchen, fine bank barn, good orchard. The place is well fenced, has an abundance of water and is in an excellent state of cultivation. The place can be purchased either with or without stock, grain and implements. Purchaser will be given the most favorable terms, if required.

George Schwalm,
Mildmay

Mr. Jos. Yellow, of Osborne township had his two barns burned a few days ago along with the season's wheat and a large quantity of hay, a team of horses valued at \$500, a number of pigs and several head of young cattle. The fire was started by children playing with matches.

Grand Trunk Time Table

Trains leave Mildmay station as follows:
GOING SOUTH
Express.....7:31 a.m.
Express.....11:37 a.m.
Express.....2:22 p.m.
The 7:31 a.m. and 1:43 p.m. trains carry mail.

GOING NORTH
Express.....9:55 a.m.
Express.....1:45 p.m.
Express.....8:54 p.m.

Schools re-open on Tuesday, Sept. 5th.

Don't forget the bowling meeting on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Filsingee spent Sunday in Chesley.

Miss Emma Macke is visiting friends at Walkerville this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Zeigler of Elmira are visiting relatives here.

The Carrick Fall Show dates—Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 25 and 26.

Miss Orpha McNamara of Toronto spent the past week with her parents here.

Mrs. Peter Lobsinger, accompanied by her two children, visited her parents at Linwood last week.

Two weeks from next Monday will be Labor Day. None of the towns in this district are celebrating.

Hanover is holding a big celebration to-day. Horse races, baseball and lacrosse are the features.

P. S. No. 12, Carrick, is in need of a teacher for the fall term. Apply to Stephan Diebert, Deernerton.

Harvey Kelly of Owen Sound, formerly of the Mildmay Merchants Bank, has been transferred to Gull Lake Sask.

D. W. Clubine leaves to-morrow morning for Alpena, Michigan, to visit his brother, James, who is very critically ill.

Miss Melinda Pletsch has returned to Stratford to resume her position as saleslady after a couple of months' vacation.

Schmidt & Haines paid \$7.40 for hogs and \$6 per cwt. for lambs. The price of hogs is gradually increasing, but lambs are on the wane.

The frequent showers have retarded the harvesting operations in this township, although we have heard of a few who have finished up.

Hon. R. L. Borden, the Conservative Leader, will address a meeting at Harrison on Saturday afternoon. A number of Carrick Tories are going down to hear him.

Two Walkerton young men, upon whom the County town constabulary had designs, spent Sunday in this village. They left on the first freight south on Monday morning.

The South Bruce Rural Telephone Co. is issuing a new telephone directory this week. This company now has over 200 subscribers, and expect this fall to have another hundred names added.

FOUND—At Stratford station, a purse containing money and railway ticket to Mildmay. Owner can have same by proving ownership and paying for this ad. J. G. Pratt, 90 Well St., Stratford, Ont.

Next Sunday will be Children's Day in the Evangelical Church. Rev. Mr. Sippell of Alfeldt will conduct quarterly service in the morning, and in the evening a full program will be given. All are invited to this service.

Louis Waechter brought his son Anthony home from the Walkerton hospital on Monday evening. The lad is suffering with a growth between his shoulder blade and ribs, but is making satisfactory progress toward recovery.

Stock For Sale.
W. E. Lucas, of the 2nd concession of Carrick, offers for sale at reasonable prices, the following:—1 young sow, with litter of 7 pigs 5 weeks old; 1 litter of 12 pigs 5 weeks old; and 3 young brood sows, to pig about Oct. 15th—All pure bred imported Yorkshire. Also a pure bred Aberdeen Poland Angus bull-calf, aged 2 months.

Badly Scalded.
Wilfred, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Brown of Mildmay, met with a painful accident on Tuesday. The caretaker of the school was having the floors scrubbed and the lad who was playing about the school, fell into a pail of hot water, which scalded his back very badly. He was hurried to the doctor's office, where his injuries were dressed, and he is now doing as well as can be expected.

Stray Sheep.

Two ewes and four lambs strayed from the premises of Louis Scheffer, Lot 11, Con. 6, Carrick, on August 6th. Finder will please inform the owner of their whereabouts.

Lawn Bowling.

A meeting for the purpose of organizing a Bowling Club will be held at the Commercial Hotel, Mildmay, on Friday evening at 8.30. All interested are invited to attend.

Stray Sheep.

Two Southdown ewes and three lambs, with a small clip out of the left ear, strayed away from the premises of W. H. Loth, Con 2 Carrick. Finder will kindly notify the owner of their whereabouts.

Another Tarantula

While opening up a bunch of bananas on Tuesday afternoon, H. Keelan, grocer, discovered a huge tarantula, in the wrapping about the fruit. It was very active, and succeeded in making its escape. P. D. Liessner found a small tarantula in a small bunch of bananas a couple of weeks ago.

Tall Corn.

Thos. H. Jasper of the 12th concession has one of the finest fields of corn in Ontario. Last week he measured one of the tallest stalks and found it to be 11 1/2 feet long. He has seven acres of corn which will average from 9 to 10 feet high, and he is afraid his silo will not hold the crop this year.

Toronto Fair Rates.

The Grand Trunk will sell round trip tickets from Mildmay to Toronto as below. All tickets are good to return until Sept. 12.

Saturday, Aug 26	\$3 25
Monday, " 28	3 25
Tuesday, " 29	2 45
Wednesday, " 30	3 25
Thursday, " 31	2 45
Friday, Sept. 1	3 25
Saturday, " 2	3 25
Monday, " 4	3 25
Tuesday, " 5	2 45
Wednesday, " 6	2 45
Thursday, " 7	2 45
Friday, " 8	3 25
Saturday, " 9	3 25

R. E. Truax Nominated.

The Convention of the South Bruce Liberals held at Walkerton on Thursday last was attended by some three hundred delegates from all parts of the riding. Mr. I. Shoemaker of Paisley, warden of the county occupied the chair, and the following gentlemen were nominated to contest the Riding in the Liberal interests:—R. E. Truax M. P. P. Walkerton; Conrad Krug, Chesley; M. A. Halladay, Chesley; I. Shoemaker, Paisley; J. G. Anderson, Lucknow; P. H. McKenzie, Lucknow; G. H. Mooney, Ripley; S. A. Rife, Walkerton; J. B. Campbell, Pinkerton and Dr. Crowe, Chesley. These gentlemen all withdrew their names excepting Mr. Truax, whose nomination was then made unanimous. Eloquent addresses were delivered by Messrs. J. J. Hunter of Kincairdine and P. H. McKenzie of Lucknow.

Death of Alvin Miller.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Miller of this village was saddened this week by the death of their second son Alvin, which took place on Sunday evening. Alvin who was sixteen years of age, took ill with appendicitis, on Saturday, the 5th inst., and his condition became so serious that the doctors were unable to operate. The following Thursday, however, he appeared to take a turn for the better, but the improvement was only temporary, for his condition became worse again on Friday and after suffering intense agony, death came to his relief about 10.15 on Sunday evening. He was a quiet, well behaved boy, and his death has caused a gloom over the whole village. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon to the Evangelical cemetery, his Sunday School classmates acting as pallbearers.

A Brave Lad.

The following item, taken from the Welland Telegraph, refers to the bravery of Stanley Stephenson, grandson of Mr. and Mrs. David Forney of Mildmay:—John Parks, aged eleven years, went in swimming in the canal opposite the old Beatty plant on Sunday afternoon. He was using a pair of water wings, which slipped out from under him, leaving him in eight feet of water without any support. Another lad who swam to his rescue, was grabbed by the neck and almost pulled under. Stanley Stephenson, age fifteen years, son of Contractor Stephenson, of Garner Avenue who was just getting dressed, heard their cries for help. He plunged into the water and soon had both boys on shore, badly frightened, but not injured. Stephenson learned to swim last summer against the wishes of his parents. He can now appreciate the value of learning that manly art. He deserves great credit for his presence of mind and timely assistance.

A Busy Firm.

Herrgott Bros., foundrymen, are experiencing one of the busiest seasons in the history of the foundry. Several complete threshing outfits have been turned out this summer, and the firm is now installing a cider mill outfit at Tara.

Broke His Arm.

Mr. R. H. Richardson, proprietor of the Marble works here, had the misfortune to break his right arm just above the wrist on Wednesday of last week. His horse started suddenly while he was loading a stone at the station, and he fell from the waggon to the ground with the above result.—Hanover Post.

Harvest Excursionists.

Those from this section who took in the Farm Laborers Excursion to the West last Saturday were Solomon Miller, Geo. Kunkel, Eph. Schwalm, John Engel, Jos. Kaster, two sons and one daughter, Alfred Lints, Wm. Dickson jr., Jas. Darling jr., Miss Lints, and Misses Christina and Lena Kleist. All were ticketed through by J. A. Johnston, C. P. R. agent.

Lucknow Sentinel Sold.

Mr. A. D. MacKenzie, who has been publisher of the Lucknow Sentinel since January, 1910 has sold the paper to Mr. W. J. Wraith, who has been connected with the paper for some time. The Sentinel is one of our best exchanges and the people of Lucknow are to be congratulated on having such a good paper in the town.

Boost the Phone.

Those who are interested in the extension of the South Bruce Rural Telephone Co. can get a supply of subscribers' applications at this office. Every concession should do its own organizing instead of waiting for the directors of the company to canvass the district. The directors receive no remuneration whatever for soliciting for subscribers, so a little outside assistance is appreciated.

What to Read.

At this time of the year people are naturally discussing in their minds the question, "Where shall we buy our goods?" As our answer to this important problem we refer to the advertising columns in this issue. In our columns will be found proclamations from many business houses. If you want nice, fresh, clean goods at reasonable prices, always trade with a man who advertises.

A Large Graduating Class.

It is doubtful if there is another business college in Canada graduating as many pupils each year as the Central Business College of Stratford. Still the demand upon it for trained help is many times the supply. Business men state that C. B. C. graduates give the best satisfaction. Those who desire the best business college training and the high-grade positions should select the old reliable school. Write the college for its free catalogue.

Ontario Champions.

The Walkerton junior football club had very little trouble in disposing of the Malvern club, the last team that stood in the way of the Ontario Champions. The first game was played at Walkerton on Friday evening, resulting in favor of the home club by 2 to 0. The game was dull and uninteresting, and was not of a championship calibre at all. Chas. Pletsch scored the first goal for Walkerton. The return game was played at Malvern on Monday evening, Walkerton winning again by 1 to 0.

BORN.

WEBER—In Carrick, on Aug. 16th, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Weber, (con. 11) a son.

MISSERE—In Mildmay, on August 14th, to Mr. and Mrs. August F. Missere, a son.

Ambleside Promotion Results.

In order of Merit.
Pt I to Pt II—Edmund Meyer, Otilia Illerbrunn.

Pt II to Pt. Second—Matilda Meyer, (honors) A. Schnurr, Carrie Doerr, Louisa Steffler, Edna Meyer, Annie Doerr, C. Illig. Recommended—John Steffler.

Jr. II to sr. II—Cecilia Krupp, Mary Trautman, Arthur Cronin, Frank Meyer.

Sr. II to Jr. III—John Anthony, Lauretta Illerbrunn.

Jr. III to sr. III—Linus Meyer, Barbara Krupp. Recommended—Clement Steffler. Note:—Helen Schnurr did not write on all the papers.

Sr. III to Jr. IV—Louis Trautman (honors), J. Illig, John Trautman, M. Dossmann, Isabella Steffler, Chidulphia Steffler. Recommended, Rosie Doerr, Leo Meyer.

FORMOSA.

Messrs. Chas. Illig, Val. Weiler, Geo. Flachs, jr., M. Schiestel and Geo. Kuntz left on the harvest excursion to the West.

J. J. Donnelly, M. P., was in town Monday and Tuesday.

E. G. Kuntz sold a horse last week for \$235.

Miss Lillie Scheffer is spending her vacation in Tara and Arkwright.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Noll of Toronto, who spent the past two weeks with relatives here, returned on Saturday to their home.

Peter Dietrich of Berlin is on the sick list.

The cider mill is now in operation.

Marcus Frank is seriously ill with cancer this week.

Mrs. John Kramer and two children of Moose Jaw, Sask., are visiting friends and relatives here.

Mrs. Jos. Reinhart of Berlin is visiting friends in town.

The death of Mr. Adam Spitzig, of Grand Rapids, Mich., took place on August 6th. The deceased had been sick for only one week, suffering with heart disease. Mr. Spitzig was born and raised in Bruce County, and in 1877 was married in St. Clements to Miss Theresa Haid. He leaves a wife and eight children to mourn his loss. Deceased was a brother to Mr. Lorenz Spitzig of this village.

NEUSTADT

Mr. George Mitchell of Hanover was in town last Friday.

A number of Italians are at work on the railway bridge near this village.

Mrs. J. J. Weirnet was in Walkerton last week.

The local baseball club defeated the Hampden club on Saturday last, the score being 9 to 7.

Mr. and Mrs. August Necker have returned home from their trip to Europe.

Those who went to the West from here were Jos. Lang, Philip Binkle, John Weber, Fred Sauder and Otto Wepler.

Anthony Weiler left on Monday for North Dakota.

Mrs. Nettie Holland had the misfortune to break her wrist while helping with the harvesting operations.

Mrs. Anthony Weber has returned home from Calgary.

Miss Mabel and Ethel Patterson of Toronto are visiting relatives here.

Mr. V. J. Glieb visited his brother, David, who is on the sick list.

MOLTKE.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rehkopf took a trip to Howick over Sunday.

Daniel Weber visited his parents on Sunday.

J. Goessel is very busy threshing these days for the farmers.

Miss Susie Grierson of Durham is spending a few days with her uncle, John Ruhl.

Baby Caskanette was on the sick list during the past week.

Dr. and Mrs. Doering of Mildmay Sundayed at Con. Lantz's. E. Schwalm of your town also spent the day here.

Mr. and Mrs. Barney Rahn, Mr. and Mrs. Con. Rahn and Miss Tena Rahn Sundayed at Albert Leutke's.

John Baetz sr., one of our highly respected citizens, is on the sick list at present.

Freiburger Bros. of Riversdale visited at A. Caskanette's over Sunday.

Mr. John Wagner leaves for the West next Tuesday.

The Moltke Cider mill will be in operation every Wednesday during the season.

Clifford.

Henry Kohler has two head of oats, in which there are 140 and 142 kernels. Chas. Schultz is busy threshing these days.

Jacob Frey, jr., has purchased a house in Hanover.

Mr. Harry Goll of Berlin was in town for a few days last week.

The cider mill will be run this year by John Dahmer and John W. Dietz.

Reeve Graef was in Mt. Forest and Arthur on Friday.

The German proprietor of a Brooklyn delicatessen store has got far enough along to pun in English. A writer in the New York Sun reports the fact. Hanging in the window of the little shop is this advertisement: "The Best You can do is to buy our Wurst."

For tea
you can't beat
LIPTON'S TEA
OVER 2 MILLION PACKAGES SOLD WEEKLY

OUR TRADE WITH BRITAIN

Report on External Business Is Issued by Trade Correspondent

A despatch from Ottawa, says: John Bain, Imperial trade correspondent for this district, on Thursday issued a report on the external trade of the United Kingdom, as it affects Canada, for the six months ending June 30.

The total values of the merchandise imported into the United Kingdom from Canada and exported from the United Kingdom to Canada, during the first six months of each of the years, 1910 and 1911, were as follows:

Imports into the United Kingdom from Canada, 1910, £10,599,000; 1911, £8,481,000.

Exports from the United Kingdom to Canada, of United Kingdom produce, 1910, £9,511,000; 1911, £9,464,000; of foreign and colonial produce, 1910, £1,439,000; 1911, £1,478,000.

The exports to Canada were thus about the same in value as last year, but the imports from Canada were lower by two millions sterling, of which nearly one and one-half millions were due to diminished imports of wheat. Britain's wheat imports from Canada were £3,825,000 in the first six months last year, while in the same period this year they were only £2,422,000. Bacon and hams, however, show an increase from £695,000 to £1,027,000.

MONTREAL CARS COLLIDE. SET SICK WIFE'S BED ON FIRE

Wm. Stuart Killed and Several Other Persons Injured.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mr. William Stuart, a real estate agent, was killed and several people injured on Thursday evening, when a St. Catharine street car crashed into a crowded terminal car on the Bout de L'Isle line at the corner of St. Catharine street and La Salle avenue. The motor-man of the St. Catharine street car, Elzear Langlois, was badly cut about the head and arms, the front of his car being smashed in when it struck the rear of the terminal car. The rear platform of the terminal car, where Mr. Stuart had been standing, was badly damaged. Langlois stated that the accident was due to the failure of the air brakes on his car to work. There is a steep grade on St. Catharine street by La Salle avenue, and owing to the air brakes not working he was unable to check his car when he saw the terminal car attempting to cross ahead of him.

MURDERED FOR THREE CENTS. 3,000 French Sailors Witness Execution of Two Seamen.

A despatch from Toulon, France, says: Upon the order of their superiors, 3,000 men from the French fleet and garrison, witnessed the execution of two seamen named Guegan and Lemarchal. The men were convicted by court-martial of having murdered a comrade named Carrel in order to rob him of three cents. They were ordered to be shot in the presence of their fellows in the service.

FLOUR GOES UP. Rise in Wheat Leads to Action by Milling Companies.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: All prominent milling companies have raised the price of flour 10 cents per sack of 100 pounds, and 20 cents a barrel of 196 pounds. The new price went into effect on Wednesday at noon. The increase is due to the rise in the price of wheat, October option being particularly responsible.

CROP CONDITIONS DECLINE

The Report From Washington Is the Worst For Ten Years

A despatch from Washington says: A tremendous decline in the condition of crops, general throughout the country, and traceable to drought during the last month, as indicated by official figures and estimates made on Wednesday in the monthly crop report of the Department of Agriculture. The report is the worst, as to general crop conditions, that the department has issued for any single month since 1910. The area most seriously affected extends from New York and Pennsylvania west-

ward to the Rocky Mountains, embracing all of the great corn, wheat and hay-producing States in the country. In the Southern States, with the exception of Virginia and North Carolina, ample rains served to maintain generally favorable conditions throughout the past month. These conditions thus far continue to be favorable. Conditions on the Pacific coast and North-Western States are regarded as excellent, though during July that territory suffered from a brief but excessively hot period.

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH BRITISH M.P.'S TO BE PAID

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

A Resolution Was Moved by Mr. Lloyd-George and Carried

Canada, the Empire and the World in General Before Your Eyes.

CANADA.

Quebec will sell no more Crown water powers.

Another ten cent advance in sugar is announced.

Lord Strathcona sent a cheque for \$10,000 to the Brantford Y.M.C.A. Guelph may extend its limits, to take in the land occupied by Macdonald College.

Fred Lefebvre, aged thirteen, was drowned at Haileybury while a man stood by and laughed.

President Creelman and Prof. Zavitz of the O.A.C. found the Niagara fruit crops better than had been reported.

A big radial road to connect Toronto, London, and Montreal is being financed, it is said, in Canada, England and France.

J. N. Muir, ex-principal of Victoria High School, Vancouver, alleges that 37 Governor-General's medals have been unfairly distributed in British Columbia.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The veto bill passed the House of Lords by 131 votes to 114.

UNITED STATES.

John W. Gates, a noted United States financier, died in Paris.

GENERAL.

Disquieting symptoms in the illness of the Pope are reported from the Vatican.

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS FROM MERRY OLD ENGLAND

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Aug. 15.—Flour—Winter wheat, 90 per cent. patents, \$3.55 to \$3.60; Montreal, 80 per cent. patents, \$3.45 to \$3.50; second patents, \$4.60; strong bakers, \$4.60; on track, Toronto, \$4.60; Manitoba, No. 1 Northern, quoted at \$1.23 1/2; Bay ports, No. 2 at \$1.01 1/2; and No. 3 at \$1.00.

Ontario wheat—New No. 2 at 80c, outside, and old at 72c to 81c, outside.

Barley—The market is dull, with prices nominal.

Oats—Ontario grades, 40c, outside, for No. 2 and at 45c, on track, Toronto; No. 2 at 37c, outside. No. 2 W. C. oats at 41c, and No. 3 at 39 1/2c. Bay ports, No. 2 American yellow, 67c; Bay ports, and 72c, Toronto.

Feed—The market is dull, with prices purely nominal.

Rye—There is none offering, and prices are nominal.

Buckwheat—Nothing offering.

Brans—Manitoba, \$20 to \$21, in bags, Toronto; Ontario, \$23, in bags, Toronto.

Ontario bran, \$21, in bags, Toronto.

BUTTER AND EGGS.

Butter—Dairy prints, 19 to 21c; inferior, 15 to 17c. Creamery, 24 to 25c per lb for rolls, and 22 to 23c for tubs.

Eggs—Strictly new-laid quoted at 22c to 23c, and fresh at 18 to 19c per dozen, in cases.

Cheese—Large, 15c, and twins, 13 1/4c per lb.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Small lots, \$2.20 to \$2.25.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 11 to 12c per lb. Combs, \$2 to \$2.60.

Baled Hay—No. 1 at \$13 to \$14, on track, and No. 2 at \$11 to \$12.

Baled straw—\$6 to \$6.50, on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—New, in barrels, \$4.50, and per bushel, \$1.25 to \$1.50.

Poultry—Spring chickens, 20 to 21c per lb; fowl, 15 to 16c; turkeys, 15c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Aug. 15.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 42 1/2c to 43c; car lots, extra No. 1, feed, 42 to 42 1/2c; No. 1 W. C. 41 1/2c to 42c; No. 2 local white, 41c; No. 3 local white, 40c; No. 4 local white, 39c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.30; seconds, \$4.80; Wint. wheat patents, \$4.50 to \$4.75; strong bakers, \$4.60; straight rollers, \$4 to \$4.10; in bags, \$1.80 to \$2. Rolled oats, per barrel, \$1.80 to \$2. Bran—\$2.50 to \$2.75. Bran, Ontario, \$21 to \$22; Manitoba, \$20 to \$21; middlings, Ontario, \$24 to \$25; shorts, Manitoba, \$23; monies, \$25 to \$31.

Eggs—Selected, 21 1/2c; fresh, 17 1/2c; No. 1 stock, 18 1/2c. Cheese—Westerns, 12 1/2 to 13 1/2c; easterns, 12 1/2 to 13 1/2c. Butter—Chicoist, 23 1/2 to 23 3/4c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Aug. 15.—Close—Wheat September, \$1.04 1/2c; December, \$1.05 1/2c to \$1.05 3/4c; May, \$1.09 1/4c; No. 1 hard, \$1.08; No. 1 Northern, \$1.06 to \$1.07 1/2c; do., to arrive, \$1.03 1/2 to \$1.07; No. 2 \$1.01 to \$1.04. Corn—No. 3 white, \$1.12 1/2c; No. 2 white, \$1.12c; No. 3 yellow, \$1.12c; No. 4 yellow, \$1.12c; No. 3 red, \$1.12c; No. 2 white, \$1.12c; No. 3 yellow, \$1.12c; No. 4 yellow, \$1.12c; No. 3 corn, \$1.12c; No. 2 white, \$1.12c; No. 3 white, \$1.12c; No. 4 white, \$1.12c. Barley—Malting, \$1.09 to \$1.15. Rye—No. 2, on track, 77c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, Aug. 15.—Choice steers, 5 1/2c per lb; medium, 4 3/4c; common, 4 1/4c per lb. Hogs—7 1/4c per lb. Choice cows, 1 1/4c; medium, 1 1/2c to 1 3/4c per lb. Lambs—\$5.75 to \$7 each. Sheep, 3 1/2c per lb.

Toronto, Aug. 15.—Choice cattle, for export or butcher purposes, sold strong at \$5.50 to \$6.05, while there was a very keen demand for heavy weight butcher heifers and steers from \$5.50 to \$5.90; medium and common grades of cattle were little changed at \$4.50 to \$5.50. Cows were steady at \$4 to \$4.80, bulls remaining at about the same level. Short-keepers are quoted as high as \$5.50, with good feeders ranging from \$5 to \$5.50. Light stocker steers were firm at \$4.25 to \$4.75. Sheep are unchanged, with heavy ewes dull. Lambs were about 50c per cwt. higher. Hogs were unchanged.

NO TWO CENT RATE.

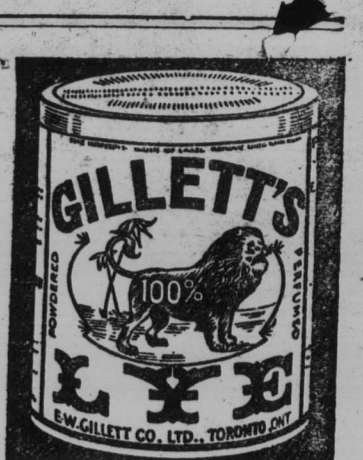
U. S. Government Declined Australia's Proposed Arrangement.

A despatch from Melbourne, Australia, says: The United States Government has declined the Australian proposal for a reciprocal two-cent postage arrangement. Josiah Thomas, Postmaster-General of the Commonwealth, took the matter up with the Post-Office authorities at Washington a month ago. The question has been the subject of an agitation since the discontinuance of the mail service between Australian ports and San Francisco.

STREAMS IN ROCKIES.

Secretary of Conservation Commission Will Investigate.

A despatch from Calgary says: With a view of ascertaining the source, power and possibilities of streams in the Rockies in eastern British Columbia and western Alberta, Mr. James White, Secretary of the Canadian Conservation Commission, Ottawa, will leave Calgary, where he is at present attending the Irrigation Convention, with two assistants.



THE STANDARD ARTICLE - SOLD EVERYWHERE

For making soap softening water, removing paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains, and for many other purposes.

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

SUCCESSFUL ORGANIZATION

OF BIG CANADA BREAD COMPANY

Mr. Cawthra Mulock of Toronto Announces Plans for Establishment by New Company of Modern Plants in all the Larger Cities of Canada.

Toronto, Aug. 7 (Special).—The establishment of another large industry for Canada will result, from the negotiations closed here today by Mr. Cawthra Mulock, for the organization of Canada Bread Company, Limited. The company will have modern bread manufacturing plants in Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg, and it is the intention to arrange in the near future for the erection of plants in all the other larger cities of the Dominion.

The company, when immediate plans of extensions and new plants are completed, will have a weekly output of 1,000,000 loaves, giving it an annual production of about 50,000,000 loaves.

According to announcement made here today by Mr. Cawthra Mulock, included in the new company are five of among the largest bread manufacturing companies in Canada, among them being the Bredin Bread Company of Toronto; Geo. Stewart, Limited, Montreal; Geo. Weston, Limited, Toronto, known as the "Model Bakery"; W. J. Boyd, Winnipeg, and H. C. Tomlin, Toronto, known as the Toronto Bakery Company. The businesses taken over have all grown from very small beginnings, and are to-day among the most successful in their respective fields in the country. The services of the men who have made the different businesses pre-eminently successful are being assumed to the new company. Mr. Mark Bredin, head of the Bredin Bread Company, Toronto, and regarded as perhaps the most successful bread manufacturer that Canada has yet had, will be general manager, while the Board of Directors will include Geo. Weston, President of Geo. Weston, Limited, H. C. Tomlin, of the Toronto Bakery Company, and W. J. Boyd, of Boyd's Bakery, Winnipeg. Canada Bread Company, Limited, is at the outset being placed in a very strong financial position by the sum of \$1,000,000 being placed in the treasury to provide for the erection of new plants and the extension of the present ones, and, at the same time, supply ample working capital.

When seen to-day, Mr. Mark Bredin, the General Manager, pointed out that the new big bread company, with its modern up-to-date plants, would be in a position to turn out a more uniform and better grade of bread, while the systematizing of the distribution will insure to the company the saving of enormous sums that are now being wasted, owing to the customers of the different bakeries being very largely spread over all sections of a city.

Of the 419,550 tons of meat received in the London Central Markets last year, the largest quantity, 122,248 tons came from South America, while the United Kingdom supplied 91,497 tons.

The English Prayer Book is printed in no fewer than 120 foreign languages.

Lancashire is the most populous British county, Middlesex second, Yorkshire third.

In 1865, 185 distilleries were at work in the United Kingdom. In 1909-10 the number was 156.

During the day on which the traffic census was taken 12,505 cyclists entered the city of London.

Ten thousand pounds has been left to Liverpool charities by the late Mr. Thomas Davies of Bootle.

The crew of the motor launch Mauretania at Aberystwyth captured a huge sea fish weighing three cwt.

The total number of old age pensioners in the United Kingdom at the end of March was:—Men, 533,000; women, 547,411.

Lord Robert Cecil is convinced that the English woman is not only the most beautiful but the best of all women in the world.

From the training ship Exmouth 3,300 boys of the poorest class have passed into the navy and 3,800 into the mercantile marine.

In Great Britain the consumption of tea per head has reached 6.38 pounds, almost equalling that of Australia, which has so long held the first place.

During the last ten years the Royal Commission on Tuberculosis has cost the taxpayers \$379,160. From the sale of its reports \$1,075 has been realized.

Greater London has more than doubled its population in the past fifty years, the figures in 1861 being 3,320,720, while now they are 7,252,963.

One huge oak tree on the Yester estate of Lord Tweeddale has supplied all the new panelling of the drawing-room used by the Queen at Holyrood Palace, Edinburgh.

Mining subsidence at Oldhill, Staffordshire, has caused damage estimated at \$30,000. Fifty houses have been so badly damaged that they have been closed or condemned.

Colchester Town Council has declined to prohibit Sunday funerals, but has recorded its hope that the public will not, out of regard for the cemetery officials, choose Sunday for interments.

On going to clear a pillar-box late at night a Nantwich (Cheshire) postman was surprised to find 25 live frogs and two dead ones among the letters. He removed them successfully, but the letters were badly smeared. Three boys named Robert Tomkinson, Frank Sandlands, and Arthur Townsend were each fined 10s. for placing the animals in the box.

RAN AMUCK WITH RAZOR.

Discharged Prisoner Sent to Jail for Thirty Days.

A despatch from Porcupine says: Tuesday night William Leroy ran amuck with a razor down the crowded street of Golden City. Wednesday he received from the Magistrate thirty days. Leroy two weeks ago was discharged from the prison gang on the Pearl Lake road. He tore up the ticket with which all convicts are furnished to get out of the country, and has been a nuisance ever since. Tuesday night he secured whiskey and brandy and a razor, happily without accident.

TRIED TWO DOCTORS WITH NO BENEFIT

Then Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Wrought a Lasting Cure

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have made so many remarkable cures in serious cases that people are liable to overlook their value as a tonic for the blood and nerves in debility and general run-down conditions. That such conditions are the cause of much misery and unhappiness is fully known to those who suffer from them and the need of curing them is as vital as is relief from diseases with higher sounding names. We commend the following statement to any one suffering from weak, thin blood, or shattered nerves. Mrs. Mae Macabee, Gleichen, Alta., says: "A few years ago I became run down, not seriously ill, but just tired and weak all the time. I consulted our family doctor, who gave me tonic after tonic with no effect. I gradually got weaker and weaker until I could not do my work. Then I went to another doctor, who pronounced my case one of decline, and recommended a warmer climate with complete rest. This I could not afford, and I began to worry and fret, until I became a complete nervous wreck. One day while visiting a neighbor an old gentleman who was taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for partial paralysis recommended them to me. I sent out and got three boxes, but without much faith that they would help me, but before they were gone I noticed an improvement and I continued taking the Pills, constantly growing stronger, until I had taken seven or eight boxes, when I was completely cured. I could do my work as easily as ever I had done in my life, and the doctor told me that he could scarcely believe the change in me, as he had not had the least hope that I would be strong again. Now I always keep the Pills on hand and if I feel fatigued or weary take them for three or four days so as not to get run down."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"What a hideous ruffian the prisoner is," whispered the old lady at the police-court. "I feel quite afraid when I look at him." "Hush!" said her husband. "That's not the prisoner. That's the judge!"

A Pill That Lightens Life.—To the man who is a victim of indigestion the transaction of business becomes an added misery. He cannot concentrate his mind upon his tasks and loss and vexation attend him. To such a man Parmelee's Vegetable Pills offer relief. A course of treatment, according to directions, will convince him of their great excellence. They are confidently recommended because they will do all that is claimed for them.

A good bait for a rat trap is a paste, made of cornmeal and eggs.

Every packet of Wilson's Fly Pads will kill more flies than can possibly be caught on three hundred sheets of sticky paper.

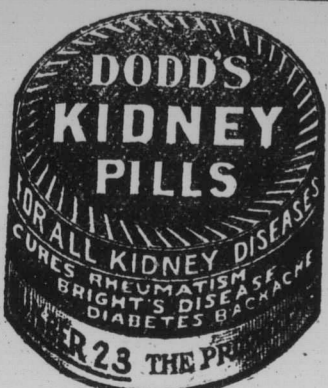
"My hair comes out in handfuls. If it keeps on I'll soon be bald." "Nonsense; if it keeps on you can never be bald."

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

Mrs. Winkler's Soothing Syrup has been used for over SIXTY YEARS BY MILLIONS OF MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, AND IS THE BEST REMEDY FOR DIARRHOEA. It is also a safe and reliable remedy for ALL INFANTILE AFFECTIONS. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winkler's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

QUITE TRUE.

"Worry wears out more people than work does," said the ready-made philosopher. "Of course it does," replied Mr. Growcher; "for the simple reason that so many of us would rather put in our time worrying about work than doing it."



HORSEFLESH IS CHEAP.

Is Eaten by Poor People of Most European Countries.

The sending of British commissions and delegations to Germany to investigate material conditions has been all the fashion. Political parties and leagues and societies advocating this or that have had inquisitors ransacking the fatherland from frontier to frontier, and their findings have been embodied in tons of reports, some instructive, but most of them unconvincing and stupid.

Hundreds of "Free Trade Leaguers" and "tariff trippers" have sought the secret of German prosperity, and their junketings have produced deductions wonderfully expressed, as might have been expected, the predilections of the visitors have found ample support as a consequence of the investigation. Free traders discovered that Germany was not prospering because of protection, and vice versa. Employers of labor invariably learned that the toiling masses were poor than at home. In fact, every investigator seemed to discover what he wished to find. Nearly every delegate published his "report" with the result that England has had a plague of leaflets. Hundreds described what they believed they saw, but one tripper tersely told what he did not see, and this was the best report of the avalanche. Here is what he said of Germany: "No unemployed standing at street corners. No drunkenness or brawling. No pauperism. No slums of poverty, as in England. No discourses. No begging or hawking. No deformed persons. No land out of cultivation. No ragged children. No late trains."

The alarming discovery was made that thousands of poor subsist on horseflesh, and, to prove the horror, scores of investigators brought home the public advertisements of horseflesh merchants. These produced an outburst of righteous indignation. About a hundredth part of the meat eaten in Germany is horseflesh. It is sold openly as such, and it is held to be wholesome and palatable, and is rigidly inspected by health officials. Probably every Continental country has people who eat horseflesh on account of its cheapness (in Germany it sells at 8 or 10 cents a pound). Other British investigators pounced upon the black bread as unfit for human beings, comparing it detrimentally with the armor-coated loaves of rural England.—Review of Reviews.

A Powerful Medicine.—The healing properties in six essential oils are concentrated in every bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, forming one of the most beneficial liniments ever offered to the use of man. Thousands can testify as to its power in allaying pain, and many thousands more can certify that they owe their health to it. Its wonderful power is not expressed by its cheapness.

Public baths for dogs have been opened at Munich, in Germany.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

During the month of April, gold weighing 18,081 ounces, and valued at \$373,295 was found in New Zealand.

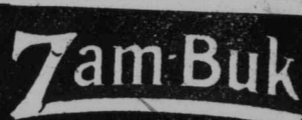
TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY for Red, Weak, Watery, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Droggists Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Droggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, \$1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

THE CRY "HURRAH!"

"Hip! Hip! Hurrah!"—the distinctly British cry—is surprisingly modern. The "Hip!" and the "Hurrah!" do not seem to have come together before the nineteenth century. In the eighteenth century "Hip!" amounted to just "Hi!" or "Hullo!" while "Hurrah!" was then usually "Huzzah!" It is very like the Cossack shout "Ora!" but it is supposed to have been a German cry of the chase, adapted by German soldiers to war, and borrowed from them by the British, perhaps first of all at the time of the Thirty Years' War. "Hurra!" is said to have been the battle-cry of the Prussians in the War of Liberation (1812-13). Still, the curious fact that seventeenth and eighteenth century writers call "Huzzah!" a sailors' shout lends support to the conjecture that it may really have been the hoisting cry. "His-sa!"

HAD NO CHANCE.

A husband was being arraigned in court in a suit brought by his wife for cruelty. "I understand, sir," said counsel, addressing the husband, "that one of the indignities you have showered upon your wife is that you have not spoken to her for three years. Is that so?" "It is," quickly answered the husband. "Well, sir," thundered the counsel, "why didn't you speak to her, may I ask?" "Simply," replied the husband, "because I didn't want to interrupt her." Case dismissed.



Is the best remedy known for sunburn, heat rashes, eczema, sore feet, stings and blisters. A skin food! All Druglets and Stores—50c.

Globetrotter—"You say this is a healthy climate, but look at your graveyard. It's full of graves." Cowboy—"That ain't got nothin' to do with the climate. None o' them fellers died a natural death."

A Safe Pill for Suffering Women.—The secluded life of women which permits of little healthful exercise, is a fruitful cause of derangements of the stomach and liver and is accountable for the pains and lassitude that so many of them experience. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will correct irregularities of the digestive organs and restore health and vigor. The most delicate woman can use them with safety, because their action, while effective, is mild and soothing.

Mrs. Dunnit—"How did you make your husband cut off his beard?" Mrs. Stoppit—"I gave him a diamond scarf-pin for a birthday present."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

"Mamma, mayn't I go to the fancy dress ball as a milkmaid?" "You are too small." "Well, can't I be a condensed milkmaid?"

Peevish, pale, restless, and sickly children owe their condition to worms. Mother Gray's Worm Exterminator will relieve them and restore health.

The way out of trouble is rougher than the way in.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

HIS BIT OF LUCK.

After suffering a roaring toothache for fourteen days, Tommy consented to visit the dentist's. "But he'll kill me!" asserted the nervous youngster on the verge of tears. "I know he'll kill me!" But it was a case of choosing between two evils. He went with his nurse, and when he returned, greeted his mother beamingly. "Not dead?" bantered mamma. "No," answered Tommy; "cos just before the dentist killed me the tooth came out!"

A BIT TOO BAD.

"You look very tired," remarked James to his friend Pilsen. "I'm nearly dead," replied the tired one. "Last night I didn't get a wink of sleep because Johnson's cat was howling so." "Couldn't you do anything?" "Wait. I got up, opened my window, and heaved a boot at the cat, just as Johnson came out to bring the cat in." "Wasn't that all right?" "No. The boot hit Johnson, and he threw it back over the wall and broke my cucumber frames. But that wasn't the worst." "What happened then?" "Why, he went back indoors and left the cat howling away outside!"

"That's Good"

Is often said of

Post Toasties

when eaten with cream or rich milk and a sprinkle of sugar.

That's the one for housekeepers who want to please the whole family.

Post Toasties are ready to serve direct from the package—

Convenient

Economical

Delicious

"The Memory Lingers"

SOLD BY GROCERS.

Canadian Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Windsor, Ont.

COULDN'T BELIEVE HIM.

Bill was a Far West cowboy, and noted for his craftiness. It was impossible to trust him. He got finally into the toils of the law, and at his trial he pleaded guilty.

He did well, for the case against him was strong and irrefutable. Nevertheless, the jury in its verdict declared him innocent.

The Judge was thunderstruck. "Innocent!" he said. "Innocent! But the man himself pleads guilty!"

"We know that," said the foreman of the jury, "but he is such a liar that we can't believe him!"

Very many persons die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints, who might have been saved if proper remedies had been used. If attacked do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly, and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

"Don't mope around the house, Tommy. Why don't you go and play with Willie?" "Cos I played with Willie yesterday, and I don't suppose he's well enough yet."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Gentlemen—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the everyday ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.

I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle. CAPT. F. W. DESJARDIN, Schr. "Storke," St. Andre, Kamouraska.

Mrs. Hay—"Is your daughter happily married?" Mrs. Bee—"Thank goodness, yes! Her husband is scared to death of her."

Corns and warts disappear when treated with Holloway's Corn Cure without leaving a scar.

Minard's Liniment Cures Coughs in Cows.

Johnny—"The camel can go eight days without water." Freddy—"So could I if ma would let me."

Vigorous Health —the power to enjoy to the full life's work and pleasure—comes only with a good digestion.

NA-DRU-CO DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

tone up weak stomachs—supply the digestive juices which are lacking—ensure your food being properly converted into brain and sinew, red blood and active brain. 50c. a box at your druggist's or from National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal.

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE

Temperance Street, Toronto
Affiliated with the University of Toronto, and under the control of the Department of Agriculture of Ontario, infirmary for Sick Animals at the College.
COLLEGE RE-OPENS OCTOBER 2nd, 1911.
N.B.—Calendar on application.
E. A. A. GRANCE, V.S., M.S., Principal.

FARMS FOR RENT AND SALE.

ASK DAWSON, HE KNOWS. IF you want to sell a farm, consult me. IF you want to buy a farm, consult me.

I HAVE some of the best Fruit, Stock, and Dairy Farms in Ontario, and prices right.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

LANDS are second to none. Hence the astonishing prosperity of our farmers. Why be one of those who know he can do better, yet lacks the spirit to try? There is no risk. Men who come here realize how much of life they have wasted elsewhere. Better write COMMISSIONER, BOARD OF TRADE, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Western Canada.

AGENTS WANTED.

A Agency propositions—A study of other that none can equal ours. You will all ways regret it if you don't apply for particulars to Travelers' Dept. 229 Albert St., Ottawa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAY and FARM SCALES, Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

UMBER, interior trim, doors, flooring, small or large orders. P. W. T. Ross, Toronto.

CUT YOUR GLASS AT HOME.—Our new "Red Devil" Glass Cutter cuts wired glass, plate glass, smoked and window glass. By mail 25c. W. E. Potter & Co., 46 Benoit St., Montreal.

POULTRY WANTED—Highest prices paid for poultry, eggs, rabbits; prompt returns; get price list; it will pay you. McDuff & Co., 776 St. Dominique Street, Montreal.

SAWMILL MACHINERY, Portable or Heavy, Lathes, Mills, Shingle Mills, Engines and Boilers, Mill Supplies. The E. Long Manufacturing Co., Ltd., West Street, Orillia, Ontario.

TON SCALE GUARANTEED. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

CLEANING LADIES' WALKING OR OUTING SUITS

Can be done perfectly by our French process. Try it. British American Dyeing Co., Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa and Quebec.

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" Piano Action

BREAD MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY ESTABLISHED ON SOUND BASIS

Canada Bread Company, Limited, With Its Plants in Larger Cities of Canada Will Have Output of 1,000,000 Loaves Per Week, or Annual Production of 50,000,000 Loaves. Company is in Strong Financial Position.

Toronto, Aug. 7 (Special).—It was a happy suggestion for the consumer of bread which was made to Mark Bredin, of Toronto, some time ago, which suggestion, taking root, has, with the co-operation and financial assistance of Mr. Cawthra Mulock, resulted in the formation of the Canada Bread Company, Limited.

It was only to be expected that sooner or later scientific and sanitary methods would be adopted in the manufacture of the most essential article in the diet of the nation, namely, bread. When one considers the enormous improvements which have been made during the past decade in nearly every branch of industry, he is simply astounded that such an important industry as that of the manufacture of bread should so long have been neglected. In the iron industry, the textile industry, and in scores of other industries there has been introduced during the past few years specialization and standardization. Economies have been effected either through the merging of various interests in such a manner as to distribute operating costs over an enormously larger output than previously, or by various methods which the pressure of competition or the strenuous methods of modern life have brought about. It would almost seem as though the only business to be neglected was the most important and basic industry of all, namely, that of the manufacture of bread.

LARGE CAPITAL REQUIRED. That success would attend the efforts of anyone having the capital and the courage to adopt modern methods in the conduct of the bread industry was a foregone conclusion, but for some reason or other, although the idea had frequently been discussed and several efforts were made towards the end referred to, all of these came to naught until Cawthra Mulock, co-operating with Mark Bredin and

other enterprising bread manufacturers, devised a plan to bring together several of the largest and most up-to-date plants in the city of Toronto. In order to get the full advantages for the purchasing department, it was advisable to bring in also as many of the businesses in other cities as were acceptable, the result being that a large Montreal bakery and a large Winnipeg bakery were included.

COMPANY IN STRONG POSITION.

The Canada Bread Company starts with an enormous advantage over any other business of a similar character in the Dominion of Canada. At the outset is its enormous requirements, and the advantages which will result in the purchasing department. In a business which expects to shortly consume such enormous quantities as 520,000 bags of flour, 364,000 pounds each of compressed yeast and malt extract, and 572,000 pounds each of shortening and sugar, to say nothing of coal for fuel, it can be readily appreciated what advantages will accrue in the matter of discounts and cost of material. It should not be forgotten, also, that the business starts with an ample capital to accomplish its financing in the most advantageous manner. After paying for the various plants which are being taken into the consolidation, \$1,000,000 will remain in the treasury of the company for the carrying on of the business and for further extensions, from time to time, to plants, as the same may be decided upon.

Great as these advantages may be, they are not one whit greater than those which will accrue from the adoption of scientific methods of manufacture and from the proper systematizing of deliveries. As may readily be imagined, the cost of fuel is one of the principal items in the cost of bread. Few, how-

ever, who have not paid some considerable attention to the question, will be aware of the enormous saving which can be effected through the use of the modern oven—one in which one batch of bread may follow the other without refiring the furnace. It is stated on the best of authority that the employment of these "continuous ovens" reduces the cost of fuel from 15c. per barrel of flour to 5c. per barrel.

The probabilities are, however, that the greatest saving of all may be effected in the matter of delivery. It would appear that the wagons of the average small bakery deliver an average of 1800 or, say, 2000 loaves of bread per week. It is a certainty that the Canada Bread Company will deliver at least an average of over 4000 loaves per week.

These particulars go to show what necessity there was from the standpoint of the consumer for such an organization as the Canada Bread Company, and, at the same time, what profits there will be from the standpoint of the shareholder. With such economies as referred to above, it is not difficult to see that an enormous future is in store for the Canada Bread Company. Because of the adoption of the latest type of machinery and most modern systems, it will not only be able to supply a better quality of bread, but the cost of production and delivery will be enormously reduced. It is the expectation of the directors that, from time to time, plants will be established in other centres and that the plants already taken over in the cities of Toronto, Montreal and Winnipeg will be added to at the earliest possible moment.

The company with its existing plants and those which will be immediately erected in Montreal and Winnipeg will shortly have a weekly output of 1,000,000 loaves, giving it an annual production of over 50,000,000 loaves.

HELWIG BROS.

MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALE.

From Aug. 18 to Aug. 26, 1911

The time has come again of passing from one season into the other, and to make room for our Fall Season's Stock, we are offering you our broken lots and remnants at prices that will save you money, and will keep our stock fresh and up-to-date. In the list below are real money-saving Bargains. Come and get your share of them.

Suit Lengths For \$3.69.
5 Suit Lengths of Fancy Tweeds, dark patterns, 3/4 yds, double width in each length, and are worth \$2.00 to \$2.50 per yard.
Suit Length For \$3.69.

\$1.00 Overalls & Smocks for 83c.
Men's Indigo with white stripe Overalls and Smocks, with trimmed pockets, made to sell at \$1.00.
To clear Out at 83c each.

\$8.50 to \$11.50 Men's Suits for \$7.50.
15 men's suits of fine dark tweed, well tailored, and good trimmings, in broken lots. Sizes 35 to 44
To clear Out at \$7.50.

\$3.00 To \$4.00 Boy's Suits for \$2.15.
Boy's 2 piece suits made of good wearing tweeds in medium shades. Sizes, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31.
To Clear at \$2.15.

50c Unbleached Table Linen for 35c.
50 yds of Table Linen, 60 in. wide, beautiful pattern.
To clear at 35c a yd.

35c to 50c Dress goods 29c.
200 yds of Dressgoods in plain colors, plaids and tweeds
To Clear at 29c a yd.

Laces and Embroideries.
400 yds of Laces and Embroideries, Reg. Prices, 8c., 10c., and 12c per yd
To Clear at 5c per yd.

Shoes.
Big Reductions on odd lines of Shoes at special clearing price

Children's Sailors.
Child's Straw Hats and Sailors
To clear at Half Price.

Ladies' White Blouses.

4 Dozen Ladies White Waists, Embroidered Fronts, fine tuck trimmed with insertion. Sizes 32 to 40.
Reg. \$1.00 & \$1.25.....for 69c
Reg. \$1.50 & \$1.75.....for 99c
Reg. \$2.00 to \$3.00.....for \$1.29

18c Ribbed Hose, 2 pr for 25c.
5 Dozen Ladies Fine Ribbed Black Cotton Hose, all sizes, 8 1/2 to 10.
Reg Price 18c. Sale Price 2 pair for 25c.

Millinery at Half-price.
The balance of all Trimmed Hats and Shapes, this season's newest styles.

Fancy Parasols.

Reg. \$3.00 for \$2.39
Reg. \$2.50 for \$1.78
Reg. \$1.50 for \$1.19
Reg. \$1.00 for73
All this season's goods.

10c To 25c Turnover Collars 5c.
2 Dozen Ladies Turn over Collars, Reg. 10c to 25c.
To clear at 5c.

Crockery.

2 Only 97 piece dinner set, green and gilt, and Blue and gilt, nicely decorated.
Regular \$10.00 for \$8.50.

2 Only 97 piece dinner set, small pink rose pattern and gilt, and green floral pattern and gilt.
Regular \$12.50 for \$10.50.

25c. Glass Berry Dish, 15c.

18 Glass Berry Dishes, look like real cut glass.
To Clear at 15c.

25c Hook-on Ties, 15c.

5 dozen Men's Hook-on Ties in light and dark colors. Large Shape.
To Clear at 15c.

10c & 12c Muslins for 6c

150 yds Dress Muslins, White grounds with small patterns in pink, sky and green.
To Clear at 6c a yd.

15c & 20c Muslins 11c.

200 yds Dress Muslins, White grounds with small black patterns, and large designs in Grey. Just the thing for Ladies' dresses.
To clear at 11c per yd.

10c Curtain Scrim for 5c.

70 yds White Curtain Scrim, to Clear at 5c a yd.

15c Wrapperette for 8c.

4 pieces of Dark Blue Wrapperette with small pattern.
To clear at 8c a yd.

Flannelette Special.

1200 yds of flannelette in striped pink, blue and dark greys, 34 in. wide, good heavy quality.
Very Special at 10c per yd.

Factory Cotton

900 yds of heavy factory cotton, 36 in. wide. A good cotton at 12c.
Very Special at 10c a yd.

Remnants at Half Price.

Dress Goods Remnants 1 yard to 3 yards, going at half price.

Prints at 8c per yd.

300 yds of dark and medium shades of print, mostly short end. Regular price 10c and 12c per yd.
To clear at 8c a yd.

Men's and Boy's Sailors.

TO CLEAR AT HALF PRICE.

Terms Cash or Produce.

Helwig Bros., General Merchants.

Items of Interest

A Puslinch farmer had a hen setting on eggs, and as often happens her ladyship grew weary before the chicks appeared and left the nest, but the intense heat both day and night during the recent hot spell caused the incubating process to continue, and in four days the chickens were quite ready for battling with the world.

A Brandon despatch of Tuesday last said: "Unless there is something freakish about the growth of the new unnamed variety of wheat just cut at the Experimental Farm, farmers will undoubtedly be much interested in this grain. This variety of wheat was sown at the Experimental Farm in April and was cut on July 31, so that there are only 94 or 95 days between seeding and cutting. Last year Marquis wheat, a very early variety, occupied one hundred and seven teen days between seeding and cutting, and Red Fife was one hundred and twenty three days. If the new variety, which is not yet named lives up to the record it has this year, farmers may find it a much more suitable variety for the country than the other spring wheats.

Accidently Shot.

On coming to town last Wednesday, Cecil McNally, who resides just east of the limits, came along the river bank with a new revolver he had secured. While handling it, we learn, in some way it went off unawares, the shot going clean through his leg midway between knee and thigh. It escaped bone and artery however, so, although it bled profusely, the wound was not serious. His cries brought some boys to him, also Mr. Jno. McGowan, who was not far off at his mill, and he temporarily bandaged the wound before the doctor's arrival.—Durham Review.

May Result In Suit.

Mr. Henry Roedding of Ayton purchased a ticket for Alfeldt for the early train last Friday morning which ticket was taken up by the conductor. He was afterwards advised by a train official that the train would not stop at Alfeldt, but would be slowed down when opposite the station. He was told to jump which he did and was rolled up like a ball, injuring his nose, both eyes, head and right knee. He is now laid up at his home in Ayton. Dr. Mearns, of Hanover G. T. R. physician, was notified to examine the man which he did yesterday. This may result in a suit for damages.—Hanover Post.

Discovery Affecting Clay Roads.

A roadmaking discovery, which, if the claims made for it can be substantiated, is of national importance, has been made by an Ontario man, who for some time has been residing in the west. The discovery has been submitted to the Dominion Department of Agriculture. Like many other important inventions it is a by-product of another. The inventor was interested in the pottery trade, and produced and patented a compound intended to temper clay for the manufacture of brick, tile and other products. Its effect is to overcome the alkali, which to a greater or less extent is present in all clays. As alkali is responsible for cracking in drying and checking and melting in firing, a saving of waste is made, and firing is proceeded with more rapidly when the danger of melting is eliminated. When he got this length the potter began to experiment on the treatment of clay roads. After experimenting he asserts that a relatively inexpensive treatment of a clay road would transform such a road into a smooth, noiseless and dustless one that would not absorb moisture and would therefore give forth no mud. The effect of the compound is to close the pores, and one treatment would last for years.

Sure Signs

OF KIDNEY TROUBLE.

If your back is constantly aching and if you experience dull shooting pains, your kidneys are out of order. If your urine is thick and cloudy or your passages frequent scanty and painful, your kidneys and bladder are out of order. Neglect quickly brings on rheumatism, diabetes, lumbago sciatica and etc.
Mrs. John Wagner of 110 Hollis St., Halifax, N. S. says: "Dull shooting pains would catch me across the small part of my back and extend into my shoulders and neck, often causing me to suffer with severe headaches and spells of dizziness. Spots would dazzle before my eyes and everything would turn black. I would fall to the floor and be unable to get up again without assistance. A friend told me of Booth's Kidney Pills and I began their use. The first box gave me relief and I am now well and strong."



All druggists sell Booth's Kidney Pills 50c. a box with a guarantee to relieve or your money back. They are the world's greatest specific for Kidney and bladder trouble.

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Take along a BROWNIE.

The Camera that is so simple a child can use it, but which makes pictures so good that the grown-ups are proud to preserve them as a record of the summer's pleasures.

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Chas. Wendt's MILD MAY.

Fall Term Aug. 25.

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Jno. Coates, - Druggist.

Held on Arson Charge.

Joseph Peaby, an Elora man is under arrest at Guelph charged with firing a barn which he owned and containing the property of his employer, A. Borhann. The fire took place at 2 a. m. July 11th, and ten horses, buggy and harness, robes and blankets were destroyed. Evidence pointed to incendiarism, and Province Inspector Henry Reburn, who came up, feels that he solved the mystery. Searching for evidence, the detective found in the possession of Peaby articles which had passed through the fire. His arrest on the charge of theft followed, and further investigation led to the laying of the charge of arson. Peaby had \$400 insurance on the barn owned by him and rented to Borhann, for whom the prisoner worked.

A Political Prayer.

During a campaign which he conducted in the Maritime Provinces, the late Hon. A. G. Blair saw how strongly the party idea in politics takes hold. Mr. Blair stopped overnight at the house of a Baptist minister. "We'll have a word of prayer before retiring," said the minister, who thereupon offered a prayer that was both long and prosy. When Mr. Blair had almost gone to sleep on his knees, the minister started praying concerning the elections. He called down anathemas on the Conservatives for their corrupt practices. Then he made a native appeal to heaven for condemnation of the Opposition and asked pardon for the Liberals if they should find it necessary to "fight the devil with fire."

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DR. L. DOERING DENTIST, MILDWAY.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario. Has opened up Dental Parlors in Carleton Place, Ontario. Entrance on Main Street. All the latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits Ayrton every first and third Saturday of each month.

Dog Strayed.

Strayed from the premises of the undersigned on Friday, July 28th, a beagle hound bitch, black, white and tan, low set and in good condition; will weigh about 30 pounds, and her name is Flossie. Any person giving information about her to Joseph Doyle, Chepstow,

Two young bulls fit for service, and females all ages, some young cows with calves at foot, and in calf again to Bright Lord—6421.

A nice bunch of ewe lambs, and would also price 6 or 8 ewes, bred to a 1st prize ram. If interested call and see them and get prices.

JAS. G. THOMSON.

WALKERTON.

Jack Suter, who drives one of Sandy George's teams, met with a peculiar and painful accident at the new dam on Saturday evening last. He had stepped down between the horses and the wagon to adjust something, when one of the horses moved forward and drew the cross-bar scissor-like against his leg severing a blood-vessel and badly cutting the limb above the knee. He was hurried to a doctor's, where all the powers of medical materia were exerted to mend the injury and again restore him to the active use of his limb. Some time, however, will elapse before he is able to locomote around without a cane.

An accident that almost put Mr. Harry Threudyle's new threshing separator out of commission, occurred near Mr. Procknow's farm in Brant on Wednesday of last week. The separator, it seems, was being towed by a traction engine and when going down hill the separator ran off the road and turned turtle into the ditch. A portion of it was badly wrecked.

Miss Clara Steinhagen of Carrick, who has been suffering for the past year or more with a decaying of the knee bone, and who for several weeks has been confined in the Walkerton hospital, was taken by Mr. J. A. Hartman in an auto on Wednesday to consult a specialist in Collingwood.

A nature fake is reported from the Walker House in the guise of a fowl which has duck's feet and a hen's head. The bird is a healthy one and is equally at home with hens or ducks. Its owner regards it, however, with a doubtful eye and doesn't know whether to expect hen's or duck's eggs when the time shall come for it to perform.

Quaint.

A letter from a soldier to his sweet heart closes:

May heaven cherish and keep you from yours truly Patrick McSwiggen. Jankins, writing to thank his aunt for a large goose sent him for his Christmas dinner:

You could not have sent me a more acceptable present, or one that could have reminded me of you more pleasantly.

A young lady's letter from Venice: Last night I lay in a gondola on the Grand Canal drinking it all in, and life never seemed so full before.

A bride's letter of thanks: Your beautiful clock was received and is now in the drawing-room on the mantelpiece where we hope to see you often.

Note to a shoemaker: Mr. Grean Wunt you let mi Boyay hev a Par ov Esy tad shuz.

The Turn of Luck.

Upon my farm I sadly looked, for drouth had left it sere. "Alas!" I cried, "my goose is cooked—there'll be no crop this year." The grass was burned so gray and red, the corn leaves wilted were; and everything seemed stark and dead; saw weed and cocklebur. And so I wrung my hands and wept, and made a grievous roar; and in the night time while I slept, the rain began to pour. It seemed a new and lovely world, on which I gazed at morn; the grass, refreshed, was all uncurled, and husky was the corn. And things that I considered dead were convalescent then; the stately cabbage reared its head, the carrot blushed again. So after this, when things look black, and luck seems gone for keeps, I don't intend to cry "alack!" and spring a line of weeps. The darkest hour, the sages say, is just before the dawn; and fortune's headed off our way when every hope seems gone.—Walt Mason.

Charms of Foreign Women.

Women in different countries have what appear to us queer ideas of comeliness.

Arabian ladies, to add to their charms, stain their fingers and toes red, their eyebrows black and their lips blue.

In Persia the women paint a black streak around their eyes and ornament their faces with various colored patches. Hindoo Women, when they wish to be particularly lovely, cover their faces with a mixture of saffron and grease. In Fiji the native women cover their hair with red and white stripes as an ornament.

In some parts of India the teeth must be dyed red to be beautiful.

The Chinese women stain their teeth black.

New Zealand natives ladies also adopt their ebony hue, while Japanese maidens complete their toilet by covering their teeth with gold leaf.

Persian women have a strong aversion to red hair, and when it is this color they dye it.

In Turkey, on the contrary, red hair is reckoned a great beauty, and the women tint their locks their pet color.

The Nautch girls of eastern countries dye their finger nails with henna, while the Turkish women stain theirs a purple color.

The Late Alex McIntosh.

We have this week to record the removal by death of another of the early settlers of this section, in the person of Mr. Alex. McIntosh, who died on Wednesday evening, 2nd August.

Mr. McIntosh though quiet and retiring in disposition, and for some years laid aside from taking an active part in the business of life, was still a much respected member of the community.

Mr. McIntosh truly belonged to that sturdy class of pioneer, who have done so much to make old Ontario what she is to-day, and the same can be said of his aged partner.

They came to Carrick when it was almost an unbroken wilderness, underwent many of the privations incidental to those days, done their full share of the toil involved in clearing the land. With industry, and with that unyielding courage and determination so characteristic of their race, they overcame every difficulty, with the result that Mr. McIntosh was privileged to spend his declining years surrounded by members of his family, and the comforts of a fine home.

Mr. McIntosh was a good neighbor, and much respected in the community. The funeral on Saturday afternoon to Clifford cemetery was largely attended. Rev. B. B. Stevenson, Presbyterian minister of Tavistock, conducted the services. The pall-bearers were three sons, Gordon, George and Robert; two nephews, Messrs Andrew and Robert McIntosh (London) and Mr. Alex. Drummond, a close friend of the deceased.

Theft at the Dam

On Friday night some one visited the shacks at the new dam and by way of an open window stole several cases of salmon, and a large quantity of eggs and meat. The foreman's pants were also visited, and about 75 cents in change was removed from the pockets. The pants in question were found sticking partly out of the window the following morning, thus showing that the thief had plied his operations from the outside, he having evidently reached through the window and rifled the pocket of the garment without setting foot in the building. The owner of the visited trousers had just before retiring for the night removed \$75.00 in cash from the pockets of the pants and deposited the coin in a suitcase, which latter was overlooked by the thief in his marauding operations. The affair was reported to the police, who are keeping a suspicious eye on certain suspects.—Bruce Times.

Three months for Assault.

Frank Ames, a farm laborer from near Ripley, was sentenced by Judge Barrett on Tuesday morning last to three months in the Walkerton jail for assaulting Mrs. Duncan Campbell of Kincardine. According to the evidence of the assaulted lady, the prisoner came to her home in Kincardine on Friday evening last, between 9 and 10 o'clock and wanted to stop over night. She told him that she would have to consult her husband on the matter and as he was absent she invited him in to await hubby's return. As the hour began to grow late and the head of the house hadn't yet shown up, she advised the stranger to go to an hotel. He got up as if to leave when she claims he suddenly turned on her and grabbed her by the arm and otherwise acted in a very unbecoming manner. She screamed for help, whereupon she alleges he threatened to shoot her if she didn't stop screaming. Finally breaking away from him, she notified some men, who were passing, of the happening, and they chased the prisoner, who it seems, was finally caught, and hailed before Magistrate Baker, who sent him to Walkerton for trial. On appearing before the Judge on Tuesday he pleaded guilty to assault, and was sent to the cells for three months.

PERSONAL:—

It is earnestly requested that every reader of this newspaper see the Bliss agent at once and get a box of the reliable Bliss Native Herbs, the best Spring medicine, the good herb blood purifier for the entire family.

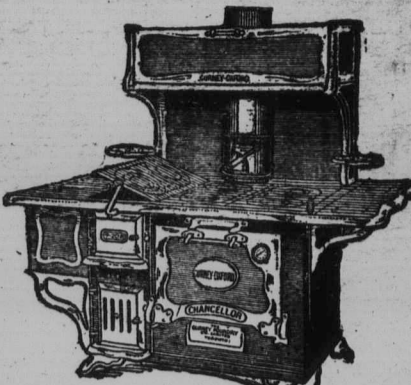
Personal experience has proved that it will regulate the liver, give new life to the system and strengthen the kidneys. It will make rich, red blood.

200 tablets \$1.00 and--the dollar back promptly if not benefited quickly and surely.

Apply at once to M. Stumpf, Agent, Mildway.



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Gurney-Oxford Stoves and Ranges

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The Oxford Economizer

a marvellous device for the control of the heat. It gives a saving of 20% in fuel, besides economy of time and labor. A patent authorized only on this line.

The Divided Oven Flue Strip is a great economy of food. All danger of failure in baking is minimized with this clever arrangement for even distribution of heat. There is no better test of practical stove-work than this perfect oven control.

Another advantage lies in the Reversible Grate equipped with strong interlocking teeth that save waste, maximum heat with less fuel.

The Broiler Top—the strong oven door, are excellent features—and these all combine with attractive designs in wide variety of size and price.

You are earnestly invited to come and inspect the Gurney-Oxford line—for the good of your purse, your health, and "all the comforts of home."

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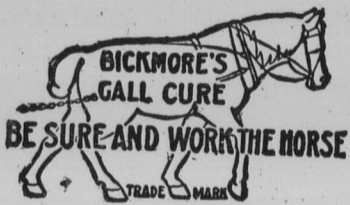
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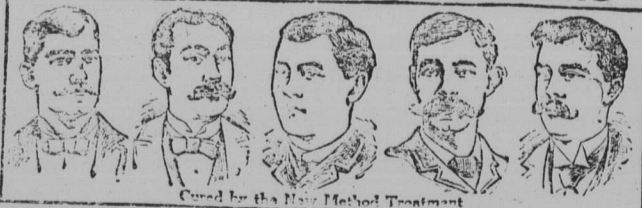
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Thousands of young and middle-aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through Early Indiscretions, Excesses and Blood Diseases. If you have any of the following symptoms consult us before it is too late. Are you nervous and weak, dejected and heavy, shaky before the eyes, with dark circles under them, weak back, lumbago, tremulous palpitation of the heart, listless, dreamy and loquacious, indigestion, urine, profuse and watery, eyes sunken, hollow and red, memory exhausted, poor memory, loss of vitality, lack of energy, listlessness, and morbidness, and all these symptoms are the result of the same cause, the same disease, the same treatment. We will cure you or no pay.

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REMEMBER: No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of Charge. Location: "The Canadian Correspondence Department" on Secret Diseases of Men. QUESTION LIST FOR HOME TREATMENT SENT ON REQUEST

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NOTICE: All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor office which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows: DR. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont. Write for our private address.



A Combined Treatment That Really Cures Catarrh.

Canadian weather, with its extreme cold and sudden changes, gives almost every one Catarrh, and makes it hard to cure. Some recommend internal remedies—some external applications. Father Morriscy used both—tablets to be taken three or four times a day to invigorate the system, purify the blood, and help it throw off the disease, and a soothing, healing, antiseptic salve to be applied inside the nostrils. This combined treatment known as

"Father Morriscy's No. 26"

attacking the disease from within and without, soon cures. Mr. A. C. Thibodeau, General Merchant in Rogersville, N.B., writes on Jan. 2nd last:

"A few words as to the merits of your Catarrh Cure. For the last 10 years I have been troubled with Catarrh of the head and stomach and during that time have tried all kinds of other Remedies with no result, until I tried your Catarrh Cure which I am glad to say has cured me. I highly recommend it to those who are suffering with this disease."

Don't trifle with Catarrh—cure it with Father Morriscy's No. 26. 50c for the combined treatment at your dealer's.

Father Morriscy Medicine Co. Ltd. Montreal, Que.

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

BEVERAGES

Apricot Lemonade.—One time having about half a cup of apricot pulp left after making apricot ice cream, I mixed it with a pitcher of lemonade, and the result was delightful. It gave the beverage that beautiful orange color. Since then we make it that way on purpose. Oranges, pineapple, etc., may be used also with the apricot and lemon, and the flavors blend agreeably.—Mrs. G. M.

Banana and Lemon Juice.—Slice four ripe bananas in a glass dish and squeeze the juice of a large lemon over them. Then add a gill of ice water and one-half cupful of sugar. Let stand one-half hour in cold place. Delicious in hot weather.

Gingeraleade.—A most nourishing hot weather drink can be made by mixing one quart of grape juice with one quart of ginger ale and four tablespoonful of sugar. Serve with plenty of cracked ice and whipped cream on each glass, using straws.

Tea Lemonade.—Make some weak lemonade and weak tea; combine them and sweeten to taste. This can be made and kept on ice for several days by making strong tea and a strong lemonade and diluting to taste as they are used.

Mint Tea.—Steep tea, same as for iced tea, and while hot drop in four or five stalks of mint and let remain about fifteen minutes; strain and dilute. To one pitcher of tea add juice of two lemons. Serve with cracked ice. Sugar to taste.

MEATS

Jellied Loaf.—Two pounds of veal shank, two pounds of boiling beef. Cook until tender. Save liquor in which meat is cooked. One-half dozen hard boiled eggs. Put through meat chopper. Put meat through chopper also, then season both meat and eggs with salt, pepper and mustard if desired. Place layer of meat in square granite pan, then the prepared eggs, then the remainder of the meat, then pour over all the liquor from the meat. If the weather is very warm a little gelatin will help to make the loaf firmer. Very nice for an informal luncheon or Sunday supper, as this dish may be prepared the day previous to serving.

Meat Sauce.—Simmer Damsen plums till tender, so stones will slip out. To each pound of pulp add a half cup of sugar. Put half ounce each of cinnamon, cloves, and mace in bag and drop this in. Cook all thick as jam.

BREAD

Good Bread.—At noon boil two potatoes; pour the water from the potatoes on two rounded table-spoons of sugar and one of salt; add the potatoes, mash fine, let stand until evening. Dissolve one fresh compressed yeast cake in a little water, and add to the liquid; stir well. There should be at least one and one-half quarts of the liquid. In the morning stir and take out a pint in a Mason fruit jar; set the lid on, but do not screw down, and set beside ice. Mix the remaining quart with about two and three-quarters quarts of good bread flour and one tablespoon of lard; let raise twice and then make into loaves, handling and working as little as possible. When baking again start as at first, with two potatoes, sugar, and salt; at night add yeast saved in the jar; in the morning stir and take out a pint as at first; it will not be necessary to buy yeast again all summer, and the bread is delicious.

Bread Hint.—Bread will keep fresh until used if it is greased and covered with damp cloths when first taken from the oven and covered again with the bread cloths. It should remain in the pans until cool.

CORN

Corn in Casserole.—Cut the corn from the cob and cook in a very little milk five minutes. Make a thin white sauce, seasoned well, in which stir the cooked corn. Put in small individual casseroles, or in one large one. Cover top with fine stale bread crumbs, over which is dotted lumps of butter. Brown in oven and serve.

Corn Oysters.—Grate raw corn from cobs. To one cupful of pulp add one egg well beaten, and one-quarter cupful of flour. Season lightly with salt and pepper. Drop by spoonfuls on a hot, well greased griddle until browned on one side; turn and brown on the other side. Try these when your corn is not as sweet as you wish it to be to eat from the cob.

BUTTERMILK

Buttermilk makes a fine drink for persons suffering with malaria and kidney trouble.

To bleach linen which has become yellow soak in buttermilk twenty-four hours, rinse, and wash in the usual way.

By putting silverware in buttermilk over night it will remove stains and tarnish, making it bright.

There is nothing equal to it for cleaning mason jar lids. Cover the lids with buttermilk and let stand two or three days.

Buttermilk Pie.—One cup of buttermilk, one cup of sugar, one cup of raisins, yolks of two eggs (save whites), one small teaspoonful of all kinds of spices, one teaspoonful vanilla. Bake with bottom crust. Beat whites, add two tablespoonfuls of sugar, spread on top, and brown.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Gilt frames or chaneliers covered with fly specks are fearful things, but if three or four onions are boiled in a pint of water and the solution applied with a soft brush it will prove an excellent protection against flies settling.

In cleaning wall paper with bread crumbs, use only two days' old bread in small pieces. Clean with downward light stroke. Never go over same surface and never work horizontally. Cut away soiled part of bread continually.

If one's serge suit becomes a little shiny, try sponging it with warm vinegar, diluted with water, if the vinegar is very strong. This is not a permanent relief, but certainly will improve the appearance of the garment for a time.

Black goods, especially when they become aged, take on a grayish hue. This defect can be remedied by cleansing the piece thoroughly with alcohol. The fluid does not injure black crepe and is especially good when used on black hats.

Never add ham, bacon or smoked meats to the stock pot that is intended for soups. Cook these left over by themselves and use the broth for tomato soups, sauces or omelets, and such dishes as combine well with the smoked meat flavors.

A cold lamb loaf is delicious when glazed with aspic jelly and decorated with triangles of green mint jelly and a few spare sprays of fresh mint. The mint, of course, is not intended to be eaten, but only to tempt the appetite by its delicious fragrance.

If water be of little use when cleaning lamp chimneys which have become very much blackened with smoke, the experiment should be tried of mixing a little spirits of wine with the water. This will remove the grease which is contained in the lampblack.

When a cake of soap is worn nearly thin enough to break, stick it to the new cake by putting both in quite warm water, then press firmly together. When cold it will be one solid cake. This does away with small pieces of soap, and there is no waste.

Do not throw away the scraps of cheese left in the pantry, even though dried and seemingly useless. Grate them and sprinkle over a dish of creamed potatoes, to be set in a hot oven till a delicate brown, or serve with the dish or macaroni and tomato sauce.

MANY "DONT'S" FOR PUPILS.

School Children are Given Rules to Fight White Plague.

"I must not put money in my mouth. I must not bite off bits of my schoolmate's apple. I must not drink from any schoolmate's cup. I must not use my schoolmate's pencil. I must not put anything near my mouth which has been in or about another person's mouth." These are among the rules pasted in the backs of schoolbooks for pupils in the public schools at McAlester, Oklahoma. They are part of a system recently inaugurated by Dr. J. W. Echols, physician at the State penitentiary there, whereby the spread of tuberculosis is to be prevented among children. The children are organized into "School Health Clubs," and each member is supplied with a list of don'ts which are to be pasted in schoolbooks.

Man is alone, solitary upon this planet, and amid all the forms of life that surround him, not one, except the dog, has made alliance with him. Some creatures fear us, most ignore us, not one loves us—except the dog.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
AUGUST 20.

Lesson VIII.—Jeremiah Cast into Prison, Jer. 37. Golden Text, Matt. 5. 11.

Verse 4. Came in and went out—He was still in the enjoyment of his freedom, which almost immediately after was to be taken from him. In fact, at this time, as the opening verses of the chapter (which are a kind of summary of the condition of affairs in Judah) show, Jeremiah was at least deeply trusted and respected by the king. On two occasions Zedekiah had already sent a deputation to the prophet (Jer. 21. 1; 37. 3), a fact which proves that the personal convictions of the sovereign were clear, however tied his hands were.

5. The Chaldeans . . . brake up from Jerusalem—They lifted the siege against the city upon the approach of the forces of Egypt, under the command of Apries, the ruling Pharaoh. It was only a temporary let-up of the attack on the city, the Chaldeans withdrawing simply because they feared they were in danger (see verse 11). It is not clear whether a battle took place, although that seems likely. Josephus declares the Egyptians were driven out of all Syria.

7. The king of Judah, that sent you unto me—Zedekiah's words had been: "Pray now unto Jehovah our God for us." The forbearance of Jehovah had been long extended, but the turn of events in the last three reigns only proved that the hearts of the people were hardened beyond divine help. It was the unhappy lot of Jeremiah to bear the reproach of being regarded as a traitor, preaching surrender because he knew that continued resistance meant but a feeble attempt to escape the certain decree of Jehovah. He leaves no prop to support the waning hopes of king and people: Pharaoh's army, "their last cherished refuge, was to return to Egypt; the dreaded Chaldeans were in a short time to come again; they were to lay the desperate city under siege once more, with all the horrors of pestilence and famine; and then, having taken the city, they were to burn it with fire (8). That was the prophet's emphatic answer to the request of the distracted king.

10. There remained but wounded men—Soldiers thrust through with sword and spear. So inevitable were the decrees of Jehovah that, even with the Chaldean army reduced to a fragment of mutilated men, the Jew would be powerless before them.

12. To receive his portion there—In the land of Benjamin was his native village, Anathoth. Jeremiah's purpose in going there was to secure his portion of property in that vicinity. He knew the outcome of the siege, and was anxious, in the midst of the people who were crowding out of the city, to provide himself with what belonged to him. Later (see chapter 32) he had sufficient money to purchase, at a round figure, a piece of land, the act being intended to encourage his fellow countrymen to believe in a future restoration.

13. In the gate of Benjamin—It was on the north side of the city, and led through the territory of Benjamin to that of Ephraim. The captain was on the watch at this point for any who might attempt to pass out that way. There had been many desertions to the ranks of the Chaldeans (Jer. 38. 19), the predictions of the prophet being in no small degree responsible. It was natural that so conspicuous a figure as Jeremiah should be suspected and held, especially in view of his relations with the king and his pre-Chaldean utterances.

15. The princes were wroth with Jeremiah—These leading men had by this time usurped most of the executive power. They were fiercely opposed to submission to Babylon, and hated Jeremiah for his advocacy of Babylonian rule. Perhaps also they recalled his reference to them as "bag figs." They are not to be confused with the princes of Jehoiakim's reign, who were friendly to the prophet, but who doubtless were now in exile.

Put him in prison—An evidence of the total usurpation of authority by the princess. The king was reduced to abject passivity when men could proceed in this high-handed way contrary to his will (compare the pitiful note in Jer. 38. 5).

16. The cells—"A vaulted recess off a passage or room." Excavations in Jerusalem have revealed many subterranean cisterns and rooms of various kinds, supported by pillars.

17. The king asked him secretly in his house—Compare Jer. 38. 25.

During the many days (16) that Jeremiah was incarcerated the Chaldeans resumed their operations at the walls of the city. The king was stricken with terror. But he feared to consult the unpopular Jeremiah openly on account of the princes. It marks Zedekiah as a coward, though it shows that his convictions were on the side of Jehovah's will.

19. Where now are your prophets?—The pronouns used indicate that this is addressed to the entire people through their king. It is equivalent to a taunt, or a challenge to them to produce the fulfillment of their vaunted prophecies. The king of Babylon was already before their gates.

20. Let my supplication . . . be presented before thee—That is, "Let it both come before thee and be accepted."

21. The court of the guard—The court of the sentries who guarded the palace. The loaf of bread that was doled out to Jeremiah here was a very meager affair, being not much larger than one of our ordinary biscuits. These were regarded as necessary to provide a meal for one person. The name of the street in Jerusalem (this being the sole instance in the Bible of a street of the city being named) indicates that the baking was confined to one quarter. Small as this kindness was, it revealed a tender heart in the king. The only instances of his exercising authority which are recorded are the two occasions on which he sought to mitigate the severity of Jeremiah's suffering (Jer. 37. 21; 38. 10). The prophet (unlike Ezekiel) never employs a harsh attitude toward Zedekiah.

In contrast to the fate which befell Jehoiakim, this last king of Judah was promised the boon of a peaceful death and an honorable burial (Jer. 34. 4-5).

VANDALISM RIFE IN FRANCE.

Railways' Refusal to Take Back Men the Cause.

A great wave of vandalism apparently has been growing since the railway strike. Incited by revolutionary lar newspaper, hundreds of Anarchist-minded citizens seem to be awaiting only a chance to cut wires, stall trains and cause the Government and the railroads the greatest possible annoyance. For more than a month newspapers have had daily reports of serious acts of vandalism. Occasionally a train wreck is traceable to this cause, and in numerous instances disasters have been barely averted. These manifestations of dangerous hatred are thought to be largely owing to the refusal of the railroads to re-employ the men discharged following the strike. The general labor situation is undoubtedly also responsible. As typical of the conditions prevailing, the following deprecations reported since July 24 may be cited. Many of the minor affairs are not made public.

Rouen—Block lights stolen and the telescoping of two passenger trains on a stone viaduct narrowly averted; switchman arrested.

Havre—Cross-channels cable to England cut.

Lille—One hundred and twenty-five telegraph wires severed in one night.

Bordeaux—Telegraph poles laid across railroad tracks.

Carmaux—Block system wires cut (third act of vandalism within ten days).

Angouleme—Freight cars uncoupled, leading to an accident.

Bonifacio (Corsica)—Dome of the automatic lighthouse unmounted.

Montpelier—Heavy stones placed on the tracks.

Toulouse—Army sergeant arrested on a charge of cutting block wires.

Caen—Wires severed.

Rennes—Stones placed on the track.

St. Etienne—Chain attached to the third rail system, dissipating the current and interrupting service.

Acts of this nature are openly encouraged by the Radical press. The authorities profess to have discovered a secret Anarchist organization, a Mafia of wreckers, with political objects. The Cabinet has discussed measures for its suppression. On several occasions Socialist newspapers have been found where the outrages were committed. The papers were always folded in one peculiar manner, and were marked with a cabalistic sign.

HELPS MEN ACQUIRE HOMES.

In Sydney, South Australia, a sum of \$500,000 is to be provided annually by Parliament for the use of men who desire loans to enable them to build a dwelling house or to enlarge one already in their possession, or to discharge mortgages on their homes. The law requires that those who benefit by this fund shall earn four-fifths of their income by "actual personal exertion," and that they shall not have an income over \$1,500 a year.

In the affairs of this world men are saved not by faith, but by the want of it.

MAKING SAFE INVESTMENTS

WHAT CONSTITUTES THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BONDS AND STOCKS.

Various Securities in Which We Invest—Bonds and Shares Product of Modern Times—Explaining Difference Between Bonds and Debentures—How Bond Interest is Paid.

This column is written with the sole aim of supplying reliable information for the use and protection—in financial matters—of the readers of this paper. Its impartial and reliable character may be depended upon. The writer of these articles and the publisher of this paper have no other interests to serve in connection with this matter.

Excepting purchases of real estate and loans secured by real estate mortgages, most investments are represented by what are generally known as "securities." This term includes bonds, stocks, debentures, shares and all manner of documents to show in what you have invested your money. Sometimes even, as in the case of Canadian bank stocks, you have nothing to show, your name and number of shares entered in the "stock ledger" being the only evidence of your interest.

Two centuries ago, if a Sir William Mackenzie had conceived the idea of building a great railroad like the Canadian Northern, he would have found it impossible to have raised the money. There were at that time few, if any, fortunes of eighty million dollars (which the road has cost). No one had thought of the idea of dividing up into small amounts the indebtedness of a company desiring to borrow money on a mortgage. In short, it could not have been built unless the King and Parliament had undertaken it.

Then, too, if a miller wished to build a flour mill requiring a large amount of capital, he would have had either to have put up the money himself or taken in some partners. He could not have taken in many, for it would have been too cumbersome under the old laws. Moreover, the idea of our joint stock companies had not been thought of.

Now-a-days, however, it is quite different. Lawyers have learned that mortgages can be subdivided into equal parts each part as secure as the whole, and involving no very great expense. In this manner a railroad can mortgage its property, just as an ordinary individual can. But the railroad, instead of one mortgage, can issue for its huge indebtedness a large number of small mortgages, running from \$100 up to \$5,000 (or, in fact, any amount) in face value. These small mortgages are called bonds. Most bonds contain on their face a copy of the mortgage of which they form a part, and are personally signed by the necessary officer of the railroad. Most bonds, too, have attached what are called "coupons," which are small certificates of interest, which are cut off and cashed—at any bank—on the date when the interest is due. Bonds, of course, may be issued by all kinds of companies. Governments and municipalities, too, issue them.

The word "debentures" is in many cases used in reference to bonds. Strictly speaking, however, a debenture is a promissory note not secured by a mortgage. They, like the bonds, are divided into small amounts, and are issued for money borrowed, just as a man gives his note to a bank when borrowing.

Thus we see that bonds are merely mortgages, and mortgages, as everyone knows, are "promises to pay," secured by land or some other valuable, marketable object. Debentures, too, are promises to pay, but often without any security whatever, other than that involved in the financial standing of the issuing company. Shares of stock, however, are quite different. They involve no promise on the part of the issuing company to repay the amount they represent. When you purchase shares in a company you become a partner. In the old days, when a man started a business, he had to put up all the capital himself, or gather together a few partners to help him out. Now, however, a company requiring a million dollars to operate will issue ten thousand shares, each representing one-tenth of the company's ownership.

These proprietors (which the shareholders actually are) cannot demand the repayment of the money they have put into the company any more than an ordinary partner can demand his money back from his other partners in a business. He can only get his money out by selling his share in the business to someone else. Just

so with the shareholder, except that in the case of many of our large joint stock companies there is a regular market for these shares, which are bought and sold daily at a price determined largely by the amount of shares to be sold, and the number of buyers and their eagerness to buy.

The chief point to be remembered is that shares of stock are not at all like bonds, for, as we pointed out above, bonds are "promises to pay," and must be repaid at a fixed date, while shares involve no such promise.

There is one other feature, too, in which bonds and stocks differ. Most bonds carry a fixed interest payable at regular dates. Stocks do not carry any interest. Their return consists in a division of profits after all obligations of interest, costs of operation, etc., are provided. They may carry no "dividend," as the payment is called, or they may carry a large one; but it merely represents a division of surplus profits. Bond interest, on the contrary, is a fixed charge, and must be paid, or the mortgage on the company may be foreclosed.

"INVESTOR."

TWENTY-TWO BATTLESHIPS.

Britain Will Have a Stronger Fleet in the Mediterranean.

In view of the considerable increase in the strength of the Italian and Austrian fleets, the British naval forces in the Mediterranean are to be largely augmented in the Spring of next year, when the completion of new Dreadnoughts will enable this to be done without weakening the forces in home waters.

Eight battleships of the Dreadnought type are now in full commission, and these constitute the First Division of the Home Fleet. There are as yet no Dreadnoughts in the Second Division, which consists for the time being of the two 16,500-ton Lord Nelsons and six 16,350-ton ships of the King Edward class.

Two of the King Edward—the Africa and the Commonwealth—are already in reserve and the King Edward VII. and New Zealand will follow them in the next few weeks, when the Hercules and Colossus are commissioned to take their places in the Second Division.

At present there are only six battleships in the Mediterranean. They are all of small types, four being of the 14,000-ton Duncan class, armed with four 12-inch and two 6-inch guns, while the other two are the 11,500-ton Triumph and Swiftsure, originally built for Chile and armed with four 10-inch and fourteen 7.5 inch. The total present displacement is thus 79,900 tons, and the number of guns exactly 100, and these will be increased to 130,800 tons and 144 guns respectively.

When this change has been carried out, there will be in reserve in home waters two 15,000-ton ships of the Formidable class, five 14,000-ton ships of the Duncan type, six 12,950-ton Albions, and nine 14,900-ton Majestics—a total of twenty-two battleships.

It is proposed to erect an iron railing in place of the present stone coping at Dean Bridge, Edinburgh.

Sincerity transforms all things. The greatest failure, if it is avoided in a loyal kiss becomes a verity more beautiful than innocence.

The Duke of Sutherland has offered Melness Farm to the Congested Districts Board for breaking up into small holdings.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA AND BRONCHITIS

Brought Mrs. Baker to Death's Door. Father Morrissy's No. 10 Saved Her.

Of the many hundreds of cures wrought by Father Morrissy's No. 10 (Lung Tonic) few are more remarkable than the saving of the life of Mrs. John S. Baker, of 164 Rockland Road (North End), St. John, N.B. She wrote on Oct. 13, 1900:

"I wish to express my gratitude that I am living to-day, saved from the grave by Father Morrissy's No. 10 (Lung Tonic). This time last year I had pleuro-pneumonia and bronchitis, and had been given up to die, and had my lungs tapped in the City Hospital, and never expected to walk again; I was continually getting worse every day. I came home from the hospital, and everyone was watching for me to die. I tried everything but there seemed to be no cure for me.

"I began taking Father Morrissy's No. 10, and the second day I could eat without pain. I used 22 bottles of No. 10, as I was run down right into consumption, and for six months was just a shadow until I began to use it, and now I am in good health, and surprised most of my neighbors by gaining so quickly. I feel it my duty to publish it everywhere I can, as with all I can say I cannot recommend it too highly—it was a life saver to me, and I am very thankful to recommend it, as it is worth all it is said."

Father Morrissy's No. 10 is very different from the many preparations that simply relieve a cough. No. 10 relieves the cause of the cough, restores the membranes of throat and lungs to a healthy condition, and tones up the whole system, giving strength to resist future attacks.

Trial bottle 25c.—regular size 50c. At your dealer's or from Father Morrissy Medicine Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que. 92

DIAMONDS FOR THE BRIDE

Or, a Proposal by Proxy

CHAPTER VI.—(Cont'd)

"I shall be here to see you with my own eyes, Dulcie, and that is everything. I am grateful to father for consenting, though it was quite at the last."

"No, it isn't everything. To have you for my bridesmaid was what I wanted—most of all. And a week would have made all the difference. You could have wired to Aldegonde with the measures, and she would have had it ready."

"Dulcie, I could not have been your bridesmaid, even if father had been willing."

"Madge, dear! Why not?"

"Because—Dulcie, will you be very much surprised? Because I am married."

Dulcie cried out in her astonishment. "Married, Madge! You?"

"Hush! hush! I will tell you about it. It is a sad story, as sad as that other story you would not have to-night. But we must not cry over it; I have wept all my tears away. And perhaps some day I shall know what—and why."

"Married!" Dulcie repeated, this time in a whisper. "Does—does papa know?"

"No—he had cast me off; there was no reason why he should be told. But I mean to tell him now, after to-morrow, and before I go. There was something about it that would have pleased him; it was not a brilliant marriage, like you are making, little one. And I was old enough to choose for myself."

"A sad story! Oh! Madge, you speak as if—as if—What happened? Is he—?"

She looked at Margaret's dress. It was dark and plain, but not the dress of a widow.

"Is he dead—is that what you would ask? Dulcie, I don't know. I have lost him."

"Lost—and you do not know whether he is dead or not?"

"I will tell you all that needs to be told. He was an Englishman, a gentleman, but poor, with his way to make. I did not mind that. I could help him a little, so I thought; I had my own income, and should not be a burden. He had been working hard in Paris, perfecting a scientific discovery; and he came to Barbizon for change and rest, for the free wild life and the rambles in the forest. There is a sort of inn there, frequented by artists. That was where he lived, and my cottage was not far away. I was painting out the doors most of the day."

"And you made friends just by chance?"

"Yes; and then what followed was very quick. Too quick, I suppose; but why should we have waited to drift apart again? We were both lonely; he as lonely as I. We were married, and I was happy; as happy as you are, Dulcie—perhaps happier. We had our wedding journey—it was not a long one—and then we came back to Barbizon, to my cottage. I was to wait there while he went to Paris and made certain arrangements. We were to hire a studio and work together—at portraits in a new scheme of color, which was his discovery. It was to be our joint venture, you understand; mine as well as his. Money had to be paid down in advance, for advertisement, for appliances, for the hire of a shop window for display. My little fortune was absolutely at my own disposal, and I sold out one of the investments, two hundred and fifty pounds, and he took it with him to deposit. I never saw him again; I never heard. And that is six months ago."

"How dreadful! My poor Madge—"

"Don't pity me, or perhaps I shall find my tears again; and you know we must not cry to-night. It is possible the money was a danger; his life may have been taken for the sake of it, paltry sum as it was. If he had lived, he would have come back to me, for he loved me, Dulcie, he loved me. I am sure of this—as sure as that I loved him; loved and trusted him with all my heart."

"And could you find out nothing?"

"Perhaps I was wrong, but I was too proud to ask. How could I tell the world that my husband had deserted me and robbed me? Think of that, Dulcie; my husband! But, oh! it cannot have been that; he did not, he could not. He is dead."

That surely was the solution of the riddle. Dulcie, kneeling and looking up into the beautiful face, could think of no other. This Margaret was the sort of woman men might die for; she could never have been cast aside.

She took the passive left hand and turned it over. There was the

marriage ring on its proper finger, but it was concealed—hidden by an old-fashioned gem-ring, over-large, which Margaret wore above it, and which had belonged to her mother. "We ought not to call you Miss Swayne," she began.

"Never mind; I will be Miss Swayne for these two days, though the name is strange to me. I was Miss Fielding at Barbizon. What does it matter? I intend to tell my father before I go, but I will take my own time for it."

Dulcie was still musing over the ring. Presently she asked: "What did you call him?"

Margaret sighed in saying the name; it could never be like a common word upon her lips.

"George—"

"How odd that your lover should be George as well as mine," the bride began impulsively. But at this point a servant came to the door, and the further name was unsaid.

"Miss Dulcie, Mr. Gower is in the library, asking to see you. He says can you spare him a few minutes?"

Dulcie sprang up on the instant, and then looked back at the figure in the deep chair.

"Madge, won't you change your mind and come down with me? I would like you to see him to-night."

But Margaret shook her head. "No. Go alone, as he wishes. That is what he does wish, I am sure. To-morrow will be time enough for me."

Dulcie did not urge her further, but she turned back from the door for another kiss.

"Oh, you poor dear!" she said, out of the wealth of her happiness pitying this other who had lost her all. "I wish it was your George who was waiting downstairs instead of mine."

CHAPTER VII.

Some women are gifted above others with the power of self-concealment, of wearing a serene mask over the natural face of the soul, which, under this disguise, may be wrung and drawn with torture. Again and again through that long day the stab of recollection, of apprehension, had gone home, but the mistress of the Court could not yield to her anguish, and shut the door of privacy against the world. In all the preparations which were on foot hers was the guiding mind; and not long after noon Colonel Swayne came back from Leavenworth, needing a dozen small services which his wife's hand and no other was used to render. As he grew older he depended more and more upon Annabel, that sort of leaning which may be quite dissociated from affection, yet is sweet to a woman's heart. He was used to her, she suited him better than any other; he would suffer less if the tie between them were divided; and, as she yielded to the exactions, it was a further pang to her to know how near might be the danger of dividing. Did the man Vincy know her as she surely had known him? Time had greatly changed her from that schoolgirl of sixteen on whom he had brought calamity; but if he had tracked down Harold to Fortune's Court, he might as surely have tracked her too.

The first gong sounded, and when she went to her room her maid was fastening some lace into the dinner-gown which lay upon the bed. The woman had a note to give her. A boy brought it, she said, but he did not wait, as there would be no answer.

The envelope was soiled with the impact of rustic fingers, but the handwriting of the address, unscathed for half a lifetime, revived unwelcome memories. Mrs. Swayne tore it open—standing at her dressing-table—read, and crushed the enclosure in her hand. Her worst fears had come true, and though she spoke of guarding the secret, what was going to be the price?

She was conscious of eyes upon her, and that the letter must be concealed. She was not often a wearer of ornaments, but, for the sake of safe depositary, she unlocked her jewel-case, and took from it the first object her fingers touched, so that she might slip that paper within and turn the key. It was a pendant jewel of emeralds, which had been a love-gift from her husband. She shivered when she saw what she had drawn forth, but, when her toilet was complete, she let the woman clasp it at her neck.

Between nine and ten at the garden shelter. She could slip out there after dinner, no one being the wiser; her husband occupied with his guests, his brother Swin-

ton and the old Archdeacon, staying with them against the morrow. A false errand; it seemed doubly false, sitting opposite the man who trusted her; but what had she been but false from the beginning of her marriage, however loyal in deed? A whitened sepulchre, a pretence, because she had presumed to sit in high places of honor, knowing herself unworthy. The position of this man's wife—she had coveted it when offered, long ago, at High Mount, and the achievement of it had given her her heart's desire—rehabilitation, the final blotting out (so it had seemed) of that error of her girlhood, buried so far back under the piled years that it might have happened to another woman in another world.

Through these years Vincy had completely died out of her life, so completely that she hoped, grew even to believe, that he was dead indeed. He kept the secret without tinge, when to all concerned it was nothing but a shame. In this unwelcome resurrection he had stumbled on discovery that the keeping might be turned to his advantage. He had made demand of Harold; he would make it also of her. Colonel Swayne's position would suggest wealth, the command of money for his wife—untrue, for the manage at Fortune's Court was ruled by strict economy. It had been her pride to have it so, and every shilling that passed through her hands was money for account. And then it flashed into her mind—an evil inspiration—that actually at this time there was money in the house, enough to stop Vincy's mouth—convertible securities, not yet sent to the bank, but locked away in the safe in her husband's dressing-room, of which she knew the key. There had been discussion between May and Colonel Swayne only the day before, May urging immediate lodgment, for the bonds were as good as circular notes, and could not be traced. If she put it in Vincy's power to take these, she might be able to buy silence, salvation.

It would be theft, and theft is an ugly matter—even between man and wife, and after the declaration in the marriage service. But it was in his interest as well as hers—to spare him grief and a far greater loss, to avert the shadow that might fall upon their boy. She would be justified, she told herself. And yet—

We hear much in these days of lights hitherto unknown to man, which make plain the framework of the body, the bone within the flesh. But what if there were rays spiritual as well as rays material, which, behind the outward mask, could show the thought of the heart? It would have been a revelation startling indeed in this fair, dignified woman at the head of her husband's table, wearing his trust as a crown of honor, gracious to his guests of to-night, who were both of them nearly allied by blood.

The Archdeacon was a first cousin and a Swayne, a bachelor churchman, who would take a chief part in tying the knot matrimonial on the morrow. The other guest, Lord Swinton, was the Colonel's brother, who, like himself, had served in the Army—a childless man with a paralysed

wife. Lady Swinton had lain for years on her couch, and might linger there for as many more, so the succession seemed safe to Otho Swayne, and after him to his boy. And of the boy Ernest, this Swinton uncle was well-nigh as fond and proud as if he had been indeed his father.

(To be continued.)

WHERE PROTECTION HELPS THE FARMER.

Keeps Out Meats and Butter From the Antipodes.

An instance of how a Protective Tariff protects the farmer of Canada is seen now and then, when the Customs Officers hold up for duty some shipment from far-off Australia or China.

On March 18th last, 750 carcasses of frozen lamb from Australia were landed at St. John, N. B. 250 carcasses were sent to the William Davies Co., Limited, Toronto. The greater part of the remainder were shipped to Montreal. This lamb was purchased at nine cents per pound delivered in bond at Toronto.

Under existing conditions the duty was three cents per pound. This made the lamb cost twelve cents per pound laid down in Toronto.

Fresh dressed lambs were selling in Toronto at that time at 12½¢ to 13¢ per pound.

Hence, after paying this duty there was not much difference between the prices of the Australian and Canadian lamb.

The duty protected the Canadian farmer against the Australian product.

Under Reciprocity the duty on this frozen lamb will be only 1½¢ per pound, so that similar shipments could be laid down in Toronto at 10½¢ per pound, two or three cents per pound cheaper than the price for the home raised products.

Referring to the lambs which were sent to Montreal. When they reached Montreal, Canadian lamb was selling at 10½¢. The Australian lambs were sold at 9½¢, delivered ex cars Montreal duty paid, the owners apparently being contented to undersell the Canadian market by one cent per pound.

Now, if you wish to see the effect upon the live stock market of the receipt of this Australian lamb in Montreal, turn up the Montreal papers of March 20th, in one of which, for example, the headline was, "Sheep Sold Lower in Local Markets."

If, with the three cent duty on every pound, frozen lamb can be profitably imported from Australia, it seems almost conclusive that reducing the duty will also reduce the price of Canadian lamb accordingly.

And not only does Australia export frozen meat, but it exports butter as well. It exports annually between fifty and seventy-five million pounds of butter.

Australian butter can be laid down now in bond at Montreal at 23¢ per pound. A duty of four cents per pound keeps it out of competition with the Canadian butter now selling at 26¢ per pound.

Under Reciprocity, which would do away with the duty of four cents per pound, the Eastern Townships butter would have to compete during the winter months with Australian butter which cost only 23¢ per pound in Montreal.

A SQUARE MEAL IN FRANCE.

2-1/2 Pounds of Meat and 12 Quarts of Strong Drink Per Capita.

Frenchmen are pretty able trenchermen, but the following account of a meal made by eight Norman peasants, surpasses expectations. According to the Medical Journal, a grazer with seven of his friends undertook an expedition to gather fagots.

Among them they should have managed some 60 fagots, but thirty-seven represented the sum of their work, the small total being accounted for, possibly by the luncheon which the octet devoured. They managed to consume twenty pounds of meat, eighty quarts of pure perry, sixteen bottles of assorted wines, nine bottles of champagne and eight quarts of cider brandy of an alcoholic strength of 65 per cent. A roast goose, placed thoughtfully among the rations, was not required.

This luncheon represents an average of two and a half pounds of meat and twelve quarts of milk, none of it weak, per capita during the twelve hours occupied by the expedition.

CAUSE FOR MIRTH.

"Jane," said a lady rather sharply to her cook, "I must insist that you keep better hours and that you have less company in the kitchen at night. Last night you kept me from sleeping because of the uproarious laughter of one of your woman friends."

"Yes, ma'am, I know," was the apologetic reply; "but she couldn't help it. I—as a telling of her how you tried to make cake one day."

NA-DRU-CO HEADACHE WAFERS

Relieves the worst headache in 20 minutes or less. Absolutely harmless. 25 cents a box at all druggists.

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED

Wedderly—"Why don't you join our 'Don't Worry Club,' old man?" Singleton—"What's the use? I'm not married."

"Here's an article in this magazine entitled 'How to Meet Trouble,'" said Mrs. Wedderly. "Shall I read to you?" "No thank you," replied the husband. "How to dodge trouble is the brand of information I'm looking for."

"Have you any men serving sentences for bigamy?" asked the prison visitor. "Lots of them," replied the warden; "but we confine them all in the insane ward."

Anyway the workman who turns out a poor job is a decided improvement on the one who does nothing but stand around and make remarks.

"THE SUGAR OF QUALITY"

IS ANOTHER NAME FOR *Redpath* EXTRA GRANULATED SUGAR

This explains why it is so generally used during the Fruit Season.

See that you get it from your Grocer for it means "Preserving Satisfaction."

The Canada Sugar Refining Co., Limited, Montreal
Established in 1854 by John Redpath.

RECIPROCITY YES OR NO?

The Weekly Sun, the farmers' business paper, is giving unbiased and reliable information regarding this great question, such as is not given in any other Journal.

YOU SHOULD READ THE SUN

10 WEEKS FOR 10 CENTS

SEND IN YOUR ORDER AT ONCE
THE WEEKLY SUN, TORONTO

Royal Brand Farm Fencing

DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO FARMER
FREIGHT PREPAID TO YOUR NEAREST R. R. STATION



ROYAL FENCE is made of the best all No. 9 hard steel wire, heavily galvanized and perfectly woven. The farmers of Ontario have purchased over 200 carloads of Royal Fence this season. Your money back and we pay freight both ways if not satisfied.

The following styles we carry in stock and can make prompt shipment of any amount. All fence put up in 20, 30 and 40 rod rolls only.

6-40-0 Has 6 line wires, 40 in. high, 9 stays to the rod. All No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 7, 7, 8, 9, 9. Price per rod, freight prepaid 21½¢

7-40-0 Has 7 line wires, 40 in. high, 9 stays to the rod; all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 5, 6, 6, 7, 7½, 8½. Price per rod, freight prepaid 24¢

8-40 Has 8 line wires, 40 in. high, 12 stays to the rod, all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 7, 8. Price per rod, freight prepaid 29¢

7-48-0 Has 7 line wires, 48 in. high, 9 stays to the rod, all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 5, 6, 7, 7, 8, 8. Price per rod, freight prepaid 25¢

8-48 Has 8 line wires, 48 in. high, 12 stays to the rod, all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 7, 8. Price per rod, freight prepaid 30¢

9-48 Same as 9-48-0, with 12 stays to the rod. Price per rod, freight prepaid 32½¢

10-50 10 line wires, 50 in. high, 12 stays to the rod, all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 3, 3½, 3½, 3½, 3½, 6, 8, 8. Price per rod, freight prepaid 35¢

We sell the best all iron double stretcher made, freight prepaid 75¢

The above prices include freight prepaid to any railroad station west of Toronto in Old Ontario. To points beyond Toronto and south of North Bay add 1c per rod and we pay freight. To points in New Ontario, Quebec, and Maritime Provinces, add 6c per rod and we pay freight. Remit cash with your order by money order or draft to the

The Sarnia Fence Co. Sarnia, Ont.

Spices of Superior

Quality

The first requisite with us is quality, purity, freshness. We cater for those who insist on a high standard of living.

The best fed are the healthiest and happiest—notably so when the element of extra expense is entirely eliminated. This important feature has always been a cardinal principle with us. Our customers live better for less money than those who buy elsewhere.

We sell nothing but the purest and best spices and vinegars, and you know that the best are always the cheapest and we believe it is a waste of money to use anything else.

Of course we have to pay more for the pure goods but that is your profit, as we charge you no more than you would pay elsewhere.

Let us have your orders now.

THE STAR GROCERY, J. N. Scheffter

Terms: Cash or Produce.



The Best Washing Machine we know of is the

One Minute Washer

For Clean Washing, ease of operation, and durability, you will find this machine to excel all others.

The Ball Bearing Fly Wheel under the tub relieves the monotony of jerk and speed variations so common and tiresome in other makes. One trial is sufficient to prove our claims. Price \$10.00.

Other styles on hand at \$7.50 to \$9.00.

A Big Stock of Wringers at \$3.50 to \$5.00.



GET S. W. P.

on your house and you'll get satisfaction.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT is a pure lead, zinc, and linseed oil paint. It covers more surface than any other painting material on the market. Wears longest, looks best and is most economical.

Big line of shades. Ask for color cards.

SOLD BY

Liesemer & Co.

THE CORNER HARDWARE.



50,000 FARM LABORERS WANTED

FOR HARVESTING IN WESTERN CANADA

\$10 Going Trip **\$18** Additional for Return on Following Conditions:

GOING DATES

AUGUST 3rd—From all stations on all lines on and South of the Grand Trunk Main Line, Toronto to Sarnia, including all stations on C.P.R. Toronto to Detroit and Branch Lines including Guelph sub-division from Guelph South and Brampton South.
AUGUST 12th—From all stations North of Grand Trunk Main Line, Toronto to Sarnia, including C.P.R. points, Bolton Jct. and west; also Grand Trunk points, Toronto to Calendar inclusive.
AUGUST 16th—From all stations in Ontario, Toronto and East, Orillia and Scotia Jct. and East on G.T.R. also Azilda and Eastern Ontario.
AUGUST 23rd—From all stations Toronto and East to North Bay inclusive and West.
AUGUST 25th—From all stations Toronto and East in Ontario and Quebec, also East of Orillia, Scotia Jct. and North Bay.

ONE-WAY SECOND-CLASS TICKETS WILL BE SOLD TO WINNIPEG ONLY

Representative farmers, appointed by Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta Governments will meet and engage laborers on arrival at Winnipeg. Free transportation will be furnished at Winnipeg to points on Canadian Pacific where laborers are needed, east of Moose Jaw and Saskatoon, including branches, and at one cent a mile each way west thereof in Saskatchewan and Alberta. A certificate is furnished with each ticket, and this certificate, when executed by farmer showing that laborer has worked thirty-days or more, will be honored from that point for a second class ticket back to starting points in Ontario, at \$18.00, prior to Nov. 30th, 1911. Tickets are good only on special Farm Laborers trains, which will be run from Toronto and Ontario points to Winnipeg without charge, making trip in about 36 hours, and will be issued to women as well as to men, but will not be issued at half fare to children. For full particulars see nearest C.P.R. Agent, or write—
R. L. THOMPSON, D.P.A., C.P.R., Toronto

J. A. Johnston, Agent, Mildmay

LAKELET.

The farmers are all hustling to keep up with their work. The grains have all ripened so quickly that they are almost unable to attend to it. Oats, they say, are not a very good crop, though we heard a Turnberry farmer say that the oats along the 16th and 17th concessions were the best he saw this year.

Every preparation is being made for the garden party to be held at Mr. Wright's on the 21st. It is going to be a good one.

The political campaign is now on in earnest. Mr. Archie Hyslop is the Liberal standard bearer, and the Conservatives have chosen his neighbor, Mr. Jas. Bowman, as their candidate. Both candidates are representative farmers, so the contest should be an interesting one.

Frank Dixon built a 35 feet high silo a couple of weeks ago. It is a fine looking one. Frank has also added much to the appearance of his farm by putting up rods of wire fence, new gates etc.

John H. Wolfe's new house is nearing completion. The painters are at work now, decorating the residence, the carpenter work being practically completed.

Rev. J. S. McMillan will preach his farewell at Belmore and McIntosh on Sept. 3rd. He will probably move to Toronto after that date. We notice that the Clifford Presbyterians are going to have a hard time to make a call unanimous.

Start Harvest in Another Week.

Winnipeg, Aug. 15.—The Canadian Northern Crop states that harvesting will be general throughout Western Canada within another week. The weekly crop report issued to-day is most optimistic, predicting in some areas a yield in wheat of from 30 to 40 bushels per acre. Generally speaking, the report forecasts general cutting earlier than other reliable resources. It claims that the yield, while not uniformly abnormal, is better than last year in all districts. Special press reports in the Western fields claim to-day that it will be between two or three weeks before cutting is general in Saskatchewan and Alberta. It is estimated to-day that 15,000 harvesters have arrived and been placed since the first of the month.

Items of Interest

A raise in the price of honey is reported owing to the drouth during June and July. In this district there is reported to be a fair crop, and as a result the raise will only be a slight one. Where good stuff sold for 10c last year it will likely be 11 and 12 this season.

The local paper should be found in every home. No children should grow up ignorant who can be taught to appreciate the home paper. It is said to be the stepping stone of intelligence in those matters not to be found in books. Give your children a foreign paper which contains not a word about any person place or thing which they ever saw or perhaps heard of and how could you expect them to be interested? But let them have the home paper and read of the people whom they know and of places of which they are familiar, and an interest is awakened which increases with every arrival of the paper. Thus a habit of reading is formed and those children will read the paper all their lives and become intelligent men and women, a credit to their ancestors, strong in knowledge of the world as it is to-day.

A Sad Picture.

That some farmers fail to make good, causes little surprise when their methods and ways of doing things are looked into. Take a drive through any part of the country and you can pick out the fellow who is playing a losing game without getting out of the rig. A hay loader, a plow, a cultivator, or some other piece of machinery that cost good money to buy, left in the field a prey to all sorts and conditions of weather, tells the tale. Get out of the rig and walk over the farm of the man who leaves his implements in the field when not in use, and you will find that he neglects his farm as well as his machinery. The other day the writer was on a farm of this kind. There was not an implement of any kind under cover. Plows, harrows, sulky rake, grain drill, mowing machine and every implement the farmer had were out in the open and showed that they had never seen the inside of a building since they were bought. Bolts were rusted and loose, and the wood-work was decayed, and the whole outfit was in the most dilapidated condition one could imagine. And the way the farm was run was in keeping. The garden was full of weeds, the orchard unpruned and uncared for, and the fields producing only half a crop. It was a sad picture to look upon, and one could not but reflect that the owner had missed his calling and neglected his opportunity.—Canadian Farm.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

The railways reported 85 carloads of live stock at the City Yards, consisting of 1196 cattle, 829 hogs, 986 sheep and lambs and 133 calves.

There were a few good cattle on sale, which were readily bought up, but the bulk of the offerings were common to medium.

Prices were quite equal to those paid on Monday, when quality is considered.

Butchers.—Geo. Rowntree bought for the Harris Abattoir Company 392 cattle on Monday and Tuesday, as follows: Butchers' steers and heifers, \$5 50 to \$6, and some heavy cattle at \$3 to \$5 25; canners, \$1 50 to \$2 per cwt.

Stockers and Feeders.—See Charles Zeagman & Son's sales for prices paid for stockers and feeders.

Milkers and Springers.—Prices for milkers and springers ranged at from \$40 to \$70 each.

Veal Calves.—Veal calves sold at from \$4 50 to \$7 50 per cwt.

Sheep and lambs.—Sheep sold at from \$3 25 to \$4 25; lambs, \$7 to \$7 50 per cwt.

Hogs.—Selects, fed and watered, \$7 75 to \$7 85, and \$7 45 to \$7 60 f.o.b. cars at country points.

A Youthful Swindler.

A young lad named Bobby Glover, 14 years of age, who formerly resided at Warton, was arrested at Lake Charles, in Keppel township, last week on a charge of wrongfully obtaining money from neighbors of the farmer for whom he was working. The youngster was apparently a pretty smart film-flammer, he having told his victims that his employer was making a payment on a binder and lacked two dollars of having the required amount. In two cases the farmers believed the boy and handed over the money.

Glover, it is understood, prior to his returning to this vicinity, had lived near Berlin and before leaving, it is alleged, he misappropriated a quantity of jewelry belonging to a farmer in whose care he had been placed by the Children's Aid Society. The prisoner was transferred to Berlin on Saturday.

The Dominion Elections.

Everyone in this district is interested in watching the progress of the present Political Campaign, not only as it concerns our own Electorate, but for all Canada as well. No better sources of information—for all the World News and Local Happenings—can be found than The Mail and Empire and our own paper. We offer them both (the two together) to include the Daily Edition of The Mail and Empire from now to September 22nd, for 35 cents.

Surely this nominal rates for the two most desirable papers should awaken an interest which will take the form of many new subscribers.

Send or bring all orders to the office of this paper.

Shipments of Zinc.

A carload of zinc blende was shipped from here to Cleveland, Ohio this week to be smelted so that the Albemarle Zinc Company may know the quality of their mineral. Some especially fine samples of prodigious size have been taken out of the shaft Dr. Wolverton is now sinking, and it is his desire to go down fifty or sixty feet in order to ascertain the depth to which the zinc extends. In conversation with the Canadian Dr. Wolverton expressed the opinion that a smelter should be built at Parry Sound, where there is considerable copper, and which point would be easily accessible by water from here. In company with his foreman, Mr. Bourne, Dr. Wolverton is on a prospecting tour of the upper peninsula this week, and will be away until the report from the smelter is received. Secretary Carruthers of London was in town during the week in connection with the shipping of the zinc.—Warton Canadian.

The parson enquired of his little boy, "My son, what shall I preach about on Sunday?" "About twenty minutes" was the fitting reply.

Prizes of \$500 each for the best animals in the Holstein and Shorthorn classes at the Canadian National Exhibition this year should give an added interest to the Cattle Show.

Many American teachers have declared their willingness to forego the pleasures of matrimony for five years for the privilege of teaching in Ontario. The circulated story of a demand for unmarried teachers was what the fabricators thought a joke.

"Up in Dunkirk," said Assemblyman Sullivan, "there is a lawyer who has the knack of saying nasty things at a moment's notice. One day a rather fresh young man was attempting to have fun with him, when the lawyer said,"

"Say, young man, the good Lord ordinarily makes a human head to hold brains, but in your case it is evident that he made it to hang your ears on."

The Leading Store

August

Reduction Sale

The time has come again when stocks must be lowered—when all Summer Goods must go, regardless of what we can get for them. There's thousands of dollars worth of up-to-date Merchandise that must be cleared out—a larger stock than ordinary—and in making prices for this Mighty Clearance Sale we have not been afraid to cut all the profit off and then some more in many cases.

Come to this sale with full confidence that you will get by far the greatest values possible to secure anywhere and you'll not be disappointed. The assortments are ample—the goods are worthy—the prices are extraordinary. It's the one big

Bargain Event Of The Season.

You will find that this is something more than an ordinary sale. It is an opportunity—a chance—an occasion whereby those who are wise enough to take advantage of it are going to profit immensely—a genuine Money-Saving event offering big assortments of high class goods at decided price reductions. A sale where prices have actually been made with utter disregard of costs of former selling prices—A Mighty Price-slashing, Profit-sacrificing sale with but one purpose—to reduce stock and do it quick.

Come see the goods and buy only when you are satisfied that you save money by so doing.

J. HUNSTEIN.

The store that saves you Dollars.

Style-Craft Clothes.



Specially designed for young men, and men who stay young. A guarantee of the best to be had in quality and value, with styles always in good taste, and nothing about them that a man will tire of. We have the agency for the STYLE CRAFT CLOTHES for this section, and are prepared to discount the best you have ever known in clothing ready-to-wear. We are style specialists, and the more a man knows about good clothes and correct dress, the more pleased he will be with the superb garments we have to offer.

A. FEDY
GENERAL MERCHANT