

THIS IS TO BE A "FLAG ELECTION," IS IT? WELL---

Great Britain has just signed a sweeping arbitration treaty with the United States. In the event of European war the treaty with Japan would safeguard the Far East, and the treaty with the United States, which makes that country virtually an ally, would enable Great Britain to use all its fleet in European waters. Query: If His Majesty King George has signed an arbitration treaty with the United States, involving the highest questions of national honor and security, what sense is there in saying that it is disloyal or dangerous for Canada to make a tariff agreement with the United States? British cabinet ministers have pronounced in favor of reciprocity between Canada and the United States. Are the Conservatives more loyal than the King and his ministers?

PREDICTS LIBERAL GAINS IN QUEBEC

Premier Gouin Most Optimistic

Sir Lomer Declares That Laurier Will Sweep the Country

Sees No Hope of Nationalist-Tory Success in Quebec, But Rather They Will Lose Ground—Says Sir Wilfrid Has Renewed His Youth in Campaign.

Special to the Telegraph.
Montreal, Sept. 7.—"Sir Wilfrid is a better man today than he ever has been," said Sir Lomer Gouin, the Quebec premier, who is in Montreal today. "He has the experience he has had in the past, and he has renewed his youth in the campaign."

Other Meetings.
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HAWKE SHOWS UP R. L. BORDEN

Moncton Editor Exposes His Unholy Alliance With Bourassa

CAPTURES AMHERST
Speaker Pictures Tory Leader Waving Old Flag in British Provinces, Whilst His Nationalist Ally is Waving the Tricolor in French Quebec.

Special to the Telegraph.
Amherst, N. B., Sept. 7.—John T. Hawke, editor of the Moncton Transcript, addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting in the parish hall this evening in the interests of R. L. Borden's candidature. The chair was occupied by Dr. Bourassa, who made some opening remarks, after which he passed upon Mr. Hawke to address the audience.

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MAZEPPA BORDEN



EN ROUTE TO THE POLITICAL WILDERNESS

LIBERAL CAMPAIGN GOING FINELY IN WESTMORLAND

Crowded and Enthusiastic Meetings Greet Hon. Mr. Emmerson and Other Speakers.

Special to the Telegraph.
Moncton, N. B., Sept. 7.—There was another Liberal rally in the Moncton Liberal Club rooms this evening, and although the meeting was advertised very little, there was a large attendance of electors and much interest was manifested.

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GREAT LIBERAL RALLY AT UPHAM

Dr. McAlister and Mr. Rand Make Telling Addresses in Fowler's Native Place.

Special to the Telegraph.
Sussex, Sept. 7.—The village of Upham, Geo. W. Fowler's native place, was the scene of a grand rally of the electors last night, when Dr. McAlister, the people's candidate, and Mr. Rand, of Moncton, addressed an enthusiastic meeting.

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FINE LIBERAL MEETINGS IN SUNBURY COUNTY

Col. McLean, Senator King and I. W. Carpenter Make Telling Speeches.

Special to the Telegraph.
Fredericton, N. B., Sept. 7.—Encouraging reports about the Liberal campaign in Sunbury county and the success of the meetings in the parishes of Burton and Lincoln have been received here.

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HAD NO FAITH IN HAZEN GOVERNMENT

PUT COUNTRY BEFORE PARTY

Prominent North Shore Conservatives Are For Reciprocity

NOTABLE CONVERTS
James Robinson, ex-M. P., and Ernest Hutchinson, ex-M. P. P., and Mr. Munroe, a Millman, See Great Benefits in Trade Agreement.

Special to the Telegraph.
Chatham, N. B., Sept. 7.—C. T. Munroe, who operates the shingle mill of the Turnbull Milling Company at Ferryville, is another Conservative strongly in favor of reciprocity.

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Van Horne's Opinion Made Public

Sir William's Reason for Delay in Grand Falls Power Project

Hon. Mr. Pugsley Tells Why the Big Project is Held Up, and Also Says His Respects to the Lying Statements of the Standard—Michaud Will Sweep Victoria-Madawaska.

Special to the Telegraph.
Grand Falls, N. B., Sept. 7.—Straight from the shoulder tonight, here in the locality most directly interested, came Hon. Mr. Pugsley's reply to the invitation of the St. John Standard to explain why Sir William Van Horne was not going ahead with the development of the Grand Falls water power.

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ONTARIO TORY CANDIDATE SEES PARTY'S DEFEAT

Oliver Wilcox, in North Essex, Admits Laurier Will Win, But Asks for Sympathy Vote.

Special to the Telegraph.
Windsor, Ont., Sept. 7.—A splendid political meeting was held at Belle River last night when voters from Belle River and the surrounding country crowded into the town hall to hear the issues of the day discussed by parliamentary candidates from the two parties.

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STR. SINCENNES BURNED; COOK DIED IN FLAMES

Special to the Telegraph.
Coles Island, Sept. 8.—A frightful tragedy ending in a fatality occurred at the wharf here this morning when the steamer Sincennes was burned to the water's edge and the cook, Samuel Branscombe, was burned to death.

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LABOR'S FRIEND

James Murdoch, vice-president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen of America, speaking of the Grand Trunk strike, says: "I want to say to you—and you cannot say it is biased by political opinion, for I have never voted for the present government—if it had not been for the magnanimous consideration and assistance given by the Minister of Labor and by the Dominion government, the organization of which I am a member would have been annihilated on the Grand Trunk Railway."

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FEAR FOR ONTARIO MISSIONARIES

London, Ont., Sept. 7.—Great anxiety is felt here for the safety of Miss Ethel McPherson and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Westaway, Methodist missionaries stationed at Chingta, West China, where anti-foreign riots have broken out. All three are from this city, having been sent out last year, and are widely known in church circles.

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TWO MEN KILLED FROM AMBUSH AND \$3,000 STOLEN

Pottsville, Pa., Sept. 7.—Dead in their carriage, the bodies of Joseph S. Zepner and Samuel Hopkins, of Lansford, were found on the top of the mountain between Lansford and Nesquehoning this afternoon.

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DR. DANIEL CAUGHT RIDING BOTH HORSES

A few days ago during Dr. Daniel's visit to St. Martins, one of his supporters undertook to explain to a Fairfield farmer the injury and misery the reciprocity agreement would bring on the working men of the city of St. John. His arguments were that the American buyers would flock over to New Brunswick and buy up everything in sight that the farmers had to dispose of, and the laboring class in the city of St. John would be left to face misery and destitution.

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Y CASASS

By the Annexation Bawl of With It--An Editor Who Bear Has Gone Through All the Intellectual Force, It Has in Charge of the Party.

strong revolt of some manufacturers against Graham's dictation.

Third, the Grahamites propose that the cities, especially in Ontario and Quebec, shall set themselves against what is certainly the desire of the rural districts and village merchants in general. It must be plain to all reasoning persons, that the suburbs, suburbanites, market gardeners, chicken farmers, fruit growers, ever gain more than a due share of all prosperity among farmers and village merchants. It is the producers of raw produce, cloth, iron, steel, etc., who are the backbone of the nation, and it is to their benefit that the cities should be made to depend on them.

Fourthly, there is no political or moral or humane consideration of more importance to Canadians in general than that they shall not merely maintain but improve existing friendly relations with their neighboring kin of the United States. Many of our citizens are interested in the freedom of both countries from costly and injurious military armaments. On this point, the advantage of Great Britain in her relations with Canada's wholly independent brother nation.

For years past everything has drawn sweetly together, and the local international English-speaking nation of hearts of which the noble new arbitration treaty is but one sign. Americans not merely believe, but know, that the United States are both working hard and effectively for their people, and their work is having great effect upon us. Mr. Logie is speaking tonight at Bay du Vin.

\$2,000 FIRE AT ST. JOHN, N. B.

Stable of Mayor Murchie Burned and House Damaged Some.

St. Stephen, N. B., Sept. 5 (Special).--The stable of Mayor P. C. Murchie, Millville, N. B., was destroyed by fire today. The horses, carriages and harness were saved, but a large amount of hay was burned. Mayor Murchie's beautiful residence caught fire and the fire spread to the stable. The fire was caused by a gas stove in the kitchen. The loss is about \$2,000, probably covered by insurance. Mr. Murchie was not at home at the time of the fire.

YORK HAS ELEVEN NEW COUNCILLORS

Tory Machine Meets With Rebuff in Stanley Contest, But Wins in St. Marys.

Fredrickton, N. B., Sept. 5 (Special).--The municipal elections in York county took place today and resulted in the return of eleven new councillors. A feature of the election was the attempt of the Tory machine to introduce party politics. In the parish of Stanley the persons engaged in such tactics received a rebuff. Coun. Sterling, upon whom a dead set was made, being elected at the head of the poll. In St. Marys' such tactics were more successful and Coun. G. Fred Pond, against whom every effort was directed, was defeated.

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HON. MR. MORRISON'S STUMP FOR RECIPROCITY

Hazen's Minister for Reciprocity Has Two Sons Working Against Morrison in Northumberland

Liberal Candidate Makes Very Effective Address at Chatham Meeting on Benefits of Trade Pact--A. B. Copp, M. P. P., Also Makes Stirring Speech.

Chatham, Sept. 5.--W. S. Logie's speech last night in the Opera House was one of the most carefully reasoned and logical addresses yet given upon reciprocity, and it made a deep impression on every thoughtful citizen.

Mr. Logie first showed how the market of 90,000,000 of people would not be affected in price by all the exports Canada can spare, after satisfying local demands and that the price ruling today would rule next year under the same conditions of supply and demand.

Taking up the fish industry he showed that now such a curfew of animals is taxed 2000 before it can enter the States. This must be paid by the shipper and is a large item on his expenses, but with reciprocity in force this amount would be saved because the shipper and fisherman, a farmer having more potatoes than he can sell in the local market, inquires as to market prices in several cities, he finds the best price, say in Bangor. He sends his potatoes there to be sold, but every car-load costs \$150 in duty alone and brings down his profit. After reciprocity each farmer can pocket that 75 cents a barrel instead of handing it over to Uncle Sam.

Reciprocity is gaining adherents every day as its benefits are being pointed out. It is stated that Hon. John Morrissey will take the field next week in favor of reciprocity, so thoroughly is he imbued with its good points. His sons, Charles and John, are both working hard and effectively for Mr. Logie and their work is having great effect upon us. Mr. Logie is speaking tonight at Bay du Vin.

AGED NORTH SHORE PHYSICIAN DEAD

Dr. Doherty of Richibucto, the Oldest Practising Medic in the Province, Passes Away.

Richibucto, N. B., Sept. 5 (Special).--Dr. Doherty, a physician, well known throughout the province, died at his home Saturday afternoon, about two weeks ago. Dr. Doherty was in St. John attending the Masonic Grand Lodge. He was born at South Branch, Aug. 1, 1831, and took a preliminary course at Mt. Allison. He graduated from the New York Medical School in 1851. For several years he has been the oldest practitioner in the province. Besides his wife, five children survive. They are Dr. W. W. of Campbellton; Dr. R. P. of Grand Village; Fred, of Mill (R. C.); Miss Catherine, at home, and Mrs. Hugh Jardine, of Moncton.

NEWCASTLE PICNIC NETS ABOUT \$1,400

Death of William Sullivan, Rosebank, and Mrs. Eliza Treadwell of Newcastle.

Newcastle, N. B., Sept. 5 (Special).--The death of Wm. Sullivan, one of the oldest residents of Rosebank, occurred at his home there Sunday morning, aged eighty-two, after a very short illness of pneumonia. The funeral took place yesterday morning in St. Mary's cemetery, Newcastle, Rev. P. W. Dixon officiating. Deceased is survived by a widow and the following children: William and Miss Melinda, at home; Rufus Sullivan; Mrs. Davis Howe and Mrs. George Ryan, Rosebank; Mrs. George Peters, Bathurst; and Mrs. Wm. Taylor, of North East.

LABOR AND RECIPROCITY

At the big Piddling meeting in Halifax on Saturday evening, H. J. Logan in the course of his speech read the following letter from J. G. O'Donoghue, the Solicitor of the Dominion Trades Congress, representing over 200,000 organized Canadian workmen:

Toronto, Aug. 30th, 1911.

H. J. Logan, Esq., K. C.

Dear Mr. Logan:

You ask me where the organized workers stand on the question of reciprocity. The answer is, we are already convinced that in their annual conventions. They are undoubtedly for it, because it means the removal of a cheap breakfast and dinner table to the whole people for the benefit of the few, and the workers are always against class privileges. As a member of the Dominion Trades Congress, I have had a lot to do with the question of the cost of living of the workers, and it is my firm belief that the adoption of reciprocity will mean a cheaper breakfast and dinner table to the workers. That means a couple of dollars a week to the workman's wife and as the law to "square" the butcher and the baker and the grocer she deserves every consideration. THE TRADES COUNCILS OF WINNIPEG, TORONTO, OTTAWA AND MONTREAL HAVE DECLARED FOR RECIPROCITY.

LIBERALS GAINING IN ALBERT COUNTY

Mr. Ryan Thinks McAlister Will Have Fine Majority There--St. John County Liberals Very Confident.

Wednesday, Sept. 5.

That Albert county will give Dr. McAlister a large majority is the opinion of S. S. Ryan, ex-M. P. P. of Coverdale, Albert county, who spent yesterday in the city. The Liberal meetings being held throughout the county, he says, are largely attended and the greatest enthusiasm prevails.

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WILL TAKE R. S. & H. RAILWAY

Arrangements Are Completed Manager Sherwood Accepts Terms of Transfer and Orders Have Been Issued to Rush Work on the Line.

Wednesday, Sept. 6.

A. Sherwood, manager of the Salisbury & Harvey Railway, sent a telegram last evening to the Minister of Public Works, asking that the railway be transferred to the Government. He said that the company is now ready to sign the agreement for the taking over of the railway by the government.

The department of railways had instructed Mr. Pottinger that as soon as Mr. Sherwood had signed the agreement of the Intercolonial was to turn over to him, rails, fastenings, and other material necessary to make the required repairs on the Salisbury & Harvey.

When Mr. Sherwood and Dr. McAlister arrived at the Pottinger's office and examined the agreement, Mr. Sherwood objected to the wording of one clause and Mr. Pottinger objected to signing it until this clause had been amended.

Hon. Mr. Pausley, minister of public works, was notified by wire, and he suggested that the clause in question be changed in a certain way which would cover the objections raised by Mr. Sherwood. The amended agreement was then sent to the minister of justice at Ottawa, as his opinion was necessary as to its being in the proper form. Hon. C. J. Osmen went to Ottawa in order to facilitate matters in connection with the transfer. Labor Day being a holiday, a delay of twenty-four hours was unavoidable, but yesterday Dr. H. McAlister received the following telegram from Hon. Mr. Pausley:

OTAWA, Ont., Sept. 5, 1911.

Dr. D. H. McAlister, Sussex, N. B.

Minister of Justice approves of clause. Presume agreement as amended will be sent for the company's signature either today or tomorrow.

WILLIAM PUGSLEY.

Upon the receipt of this telegram from Dr. Pugsley to Dr. McAlister, Mr. Sherwood was consulted and the telegram was shown to him. In order to keep matters quiet, Labor Day being a holiday, he urged to wire the minister of public works, and he sent the following telegram:

OTAWA, Ont., Sept. 5, 1911.

Hon. William Pugsley, Minister of Public Works, Ottawa, Ont.

Re your wire to Dr. McAlister. The amended clause to be added as you propose will be satisfactory. I am having our attorney send the Minister of Railways tomorrow's mail, a draft agreement containing amendments. We will be prepared to sign on receipt of same.

A. SHERWOOD.

ANOTHER BLW TO TORY PARTY

J. C. Manzer, Former Conservative Candidate in Victoria-Madawaska and a Large Shipper of Produce, Takes the Stump for Pius Michaud and Reciprocity.

Andover, Sept. 5.--The Liberal campaign in Victoria-Madawaska goes with a swing and there seems to be little doubt that Mr. Cormier's friends will lose the amount of his deposit on election day. Last night at an enthusiastic meeting at Scotch Colony, J. C. Manzer, one of the leading Conservatives at Scotch Colony and speaker very effectively. Other speakers were J. P. Tweedale, M. P. P., and J. E. Porter, who told of the benefits of the trade pact.

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NEWS FROM GLOUCESTER

MORE CONVERTS TO RECIPROCITY

Several Lincoln, Sunbury, Conservatives Will Vote for Col. McLean

ATHERTON A WINNER

A. F. Bentley, M. P. P., Delivers Stirring Address at Fredericton--W. B. Fawcett Continues His Convincing Speeches in Favor of Trade Agreement.

Fredrickton, N. B., Sept. 6.--Isaac W. Carpenter, ex-M. P. P. for Queens, and Col. McLean addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting in favor of reciprocity at Lincoln this evening. The hall was crowded with farmers and other interested in the lumber industry, and the speakers were heard with attention.

Mr. Carpenter, who is a practical farmer, dealt with the advantages which would come to the farmer through reciprocity. Col. McLean, who was in his usual good form, was loudly applauded, and dealt with the issues of the campaign in a convincing manner. At the conclusion of the meeting many Conservatives signed Col. McLean's nomination paper. It looks as though his polling place would give a good majority for Col. McLean on election day.

A rousing meeting in the interests of Dr. A. B. Atherton and reciprocity, was held tonight in the local committee room. The attendance was large and the speakers were enthusiastically cheered. The speaker of the evening was A. F. Bentley, of St. Martins, M. P. P. for St. John county, whose point in favor of reciprocity were loudly applauded.

Mr. Bentley discussed the Pike law fully and the disastrous effect its repeal will have on the industry of sawing American logs in this province. Reciprocity, he showed, would avert such consequences and preserve for New Brunswick an industry which now supports hundreds of people.

Other speakers were W. J. Osborne, E. W. McLean and J. D. Phinney. Mr. Osborne mentioned particularly the fact that the lumber industry in Gloucester and York county at Ottawa had had nothing for it.

Mr. McLean devoted his attention to discussing the effect of reciprocity on the lumbering industry and dealt with the question of averting the disastrous result of the repeal of the Pike law.

PROMINENT YORK CONSERVATIVE OUT FOR RECIPROCITY

William J. Noble Says No Maine Logs Will Be Floated Down St. John River if Agreement is Defeated.

Fredrickton, N. B., Sept. 5.--W. J. Noble, a prominent York county lumberman, who is prominent for Cushing & Company in Northern Maine and who has been a life-long Conservative, has come out in favor of reciprocity. In an interview with your correspondent, he said that he had been lumbering in Maine for eighteen years, and had cut as high as twenty-two million feet of lumber in his life. He bought most of his hay in Quebec and paid duty on it. Last year he used 100 tons and it cost him \$400 in duty. He also took horses over from the Canada side and had to pay upon them, if he brings the horses home in the spring and returns with them in fall he has to pay duty again.

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NEWS FROM GLOUCESTER

Fishing Plants Will Move to Canada

Big Concerns Prepare for the Advent of Reciprocity

Many Vessels Will Change Their Flags and Make Nova Scotia Ports Their Headquarters--Thousands of Canadians in New England Going Home to Vote for Trade Pact.

Boston, Sept. 6.--The Transcript tonight says: "It was predicted that the reciprocity agreement would alter the American fish industry. Those changes have begun, and within the last three weeks have so advanced as to be worth recording. One Gloucester firm has bought a site at Louisburg (N. S.) and begun business. Another is known to be negotiating for land in Gloucester. It is likely that thousands of French Canadians now living in this country will cross the border to participate in the election, and their votes will be cast in favor of reciprocity with Canada."

The registry of a number of Gloucester schooners will be changed, and it is likely that others will hereafter sail from Nova Scotia ports.

"Gloucester firms foresee this situation, and publicly declared that the reciprocity agreement would force them to transfer their plants to Canada. They deplore it as Americans and as citizens of Gloucester, but prepared to meet the necessities of the change. In the prosperity of firms large enough and progressive enough to move west at once, reciprocity will probably make little inroads, but it is likely in time to injure the smaller firms and to diminish the bulk of Gloucester's business."

Agents of both political parties are in this country at the present time trying to induce many French Canadians as possible to go to Canada on election day. So far the agents of the Conservative party have made but little or no impression, and no recruits.

Joseph Marcotte, of Montreal, agent of the Liberal party, however, has met with unexpected success. He says that at least 800 men would go from Rhode Island to Quebec to vote on election day. He places the total number of French Canadians who will go from New England to Canada to vote at 4000. Mr. Marcotte does not concede any of those votes to the opposition party.

LIBERAL STANDARD-BEARER REFUSED PART OF TIME AT HULL MEETING

Supporters of Devlin Thrown Out of Hall by Nationalist-Tory Speakers--Sifton Held Forth in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Sept. 5.--With Clifford Sifton on one side of the Ottawa River and Henri Bourassa on the other addressing meetings tonight, these two opponents of Laurier got as near together as they are likely to be in the near future.

Mr. Sifton spoke in the Russell Theatre in Ottawa to an interested audience of 2,000 people. He had with him W. G. White, of Toronto, vice-president of the Nationalist-Tory party.

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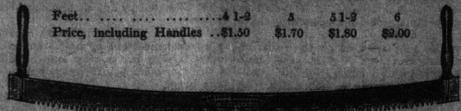
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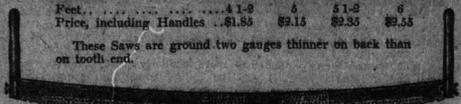
McAvity's Messenger

Narrow Champion Cross-Cut Saws



Feet... 4-1-2 5 5 1-2 6
 Price, including Handles... \$1.50 \$1.70 \$1.80 \$2.00

Toledo or Lance Cross-Cut Saws

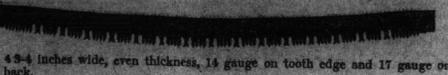


Feet... 4-1-2 5 5 1-2 6
 Price, including Handles... \$2.15 \$2.35 \$2.55

These Saws are ground two gauges thinner on back than on tooth end.

Beaver Cross-Cut Saws

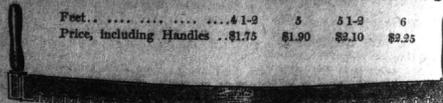
FOR FELLING AND BUCK-SAWING. FULLY WARRANTED.



4-3-4 inches wide, even thickness, 15 gauge on tooth edge and 17 gauge on the back.

Feet... 4 4 1-2 5 5 1-2 6
 Price, without Handles... \$2.08 \$2.44 \$2.90 \$3.35 \$4.03

Great American Cross-Cut Saws



Feet... 4 4 1-2 5 5 1-2 6
 Price, including Handles... \$1.75 \$1.90 \$2.10 \$2.35

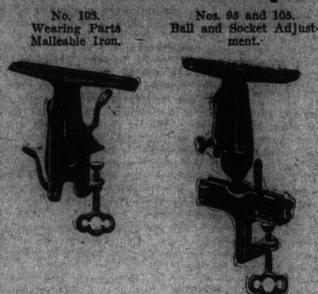
Tenon Tooth Cross-Cut Saws



Feet... 4 4 1-2 5 5 1-2 6
 Price, without Handles... \$3.05 \$3.35 \$3.80 \$4.70

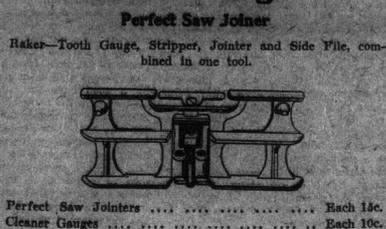
These Tenon Tooth Saws are ground two gauges thinner on back than on tooth.

Saw Vises or Clamps



No. 103, Wearing Parts Malleable Iron.
 Nos. 95 and 105, Ball and Socket Adjustment.

Cleaner Gauges



Perfect Saw Jointer
 Raker-Tooth Gauge, Stripper, Jointer and Side File, combined in one tool.

Perfect Saw Jointers... Each 15c.
 Cleaner Gauges... Each 10c.

Cross-Cut Saw Handles



No. 5, Reversible Handles, light. Per pair 80c.
 No. 9, Reversible Handles, heavy. Per pair 90c.
 No. 4, Loop Handles. Per pair... 45c.
 No. 192, Loop Handles. Per pair... 45c.
 The No. 192 Handle, when on saw, exerts a pressure from top of handle to bottom edge of blade, thus insuring a strong, firm grip on saw, without possibility of lost motion or wobbling.

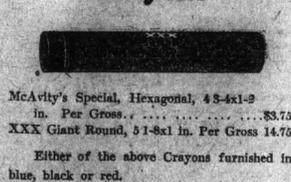
Bangor Red Chalk



In 50 lb. Boxes... Per Pound, 18c.
 Smaller Quantities... Per Pound, 30c.

This Chalk is well selected, soft and free from sand. The best for wet lumber.

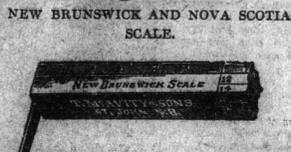
Lumber Marking Crayons



McAvity's Special, Hexagonal, 4-3-4 in. Per Gross... \$3.75
 XXX Giant Round, 5-1-8 in. Per Gross 14.75

Either of the above Crayons furnished in blue, black or red.

Log Rules



NEW BRUNSWICK AND NOVA SCOTIA SCALE.

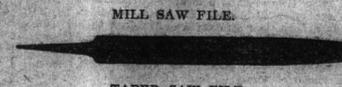
Price... Each, \$3.50

Saw Wedges



IMPROVED PATTERN.
 Per Dozen \$3.00

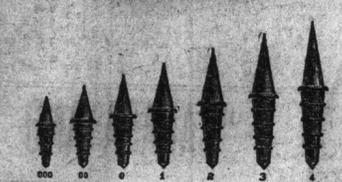
Files



MILL SAW FILE.
 TAPER SAW FILE.

Inches... 6 7 8 9 10
 Regular Taper, per doz. 95c. \$1.20 \$1.50 \$1.85 \$2.30

Lumber Drivers' Boot Calks---Beaded



Nos. 000 to No. 9... Per 1000, \$4.50
 Nos. 3 and 4... Per 1000, 4.75
 Calk Sets... Per Doz., 1.25
 Calk Sets and Punches Combined... Per Doz., 1.75

These Calks are made from the best Refined Tool Steel and Forged. The method of tempering leaves everyone of the same temper, rendering them stronger and more durable than other calks. If McAvity Calks cannot be procured in your vicinity send direct to us.

Thirty in Ball and five in Heel are the numbers usually required.

Red Diamond Emery Wheels



Especially suitable for saw grinding. Ask for price list.

"World" Babbitt Metal

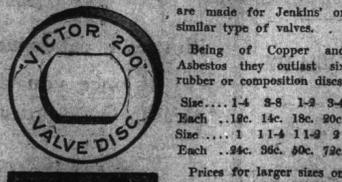


There are many anti-friction metals on the market sold under various names, but still there is a demand for a good honest Babbitt sold at a medium price.

We have studied the whole field carefully and selected a metal which we know to be good, and one which has been thoroughly proved.

We especially solicit a trial of the "World" Babbitt, but know beforehand you will be pleased with it. Price... 20 cents per pound net.

"Victor 200" Valve Discs



are made for Jenkins' or smaller type of valves.

Being of Copper and Asbestos they outlast six rubber or composition discs.

Size... 1-4 3-8 1-2 3-4
 Each... 12c. 14c. 18c. 20c.
 Size... 1 1 1/4 1 1/2 2
 Each... 24c. 36c. 60c. 72c.

Prices for larger sizes on application.

Chopping Axes



MAKE	Polished.		Hand Made	
	Single Bit	Double Bit	Single Bit	Double Bit
McAvity's Special (hand-made) per dozen			\$7.50	\$12.50
Blenkhorn's				
Campbell's				
Fowler's				
Daley's				
	Per Doz.		\$6.50	\$11.00
			7.00	12.00

Tam O' Shanter Axe Stones



Unrivalled for putting a keen, sharp, lasting edge on Axes and Tools.

Size 1 1/2 x 3 x 9-16... Per Dozen 45c.

Raw Hide Lace Leather



This Lace Leather owes its superiority to the fact that it is ABSOLUTELY Pure Raw Hide made soft by mechanical means without the use of chemicals.

In sides running from 10 to 23 square feet. Each side marked with our XXX Brand and none genuine without it. Price, per square foot... \$1.00.

CUT LACINGS

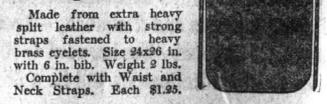
Made from best selected sides only.
 Per 100 feet... \$1.50 \$2.00 \$2.50 \$3.00 \$4.00
 Size... 1-4 5-16 3-8 1-2 5-8 3-4

Genuine Balata Belting



IS ALWAYS GOOD
 Price List on Request.
 Also on OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING, RED STITCHED COTTON DUCK BELTING, and RUBBER BELTING.

Leather Mill Aprons



Made from extra heavy split leather with strong straps fastened to heavy brass eyelets. Size 24x36 in. with 6 in. bib. Weight 3 lbs. Complete with Waist and Neck Straps. Each \$1.25.

CANADIAN BUFFALO No. HRH Lever Forge



"The Best Forge for the Money Ever Built."

Diameter of Hearth... 18 in.
 Diameter of Fan... 8 in.
 Weight of Forge... 65 lbs.
 This Forge is designed for the lighter class of outdoor work and for farmers' general use. Nothing to get out of order or to require adjusting. It is of rigid construction and the gearing action is practically noiseless. Price... \$7.00

CANADIAN BUFFALO No. JER Portable Forge



"The Forge With a Guarantee."

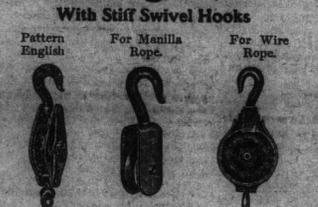
Height Over All... 44 inches
 Diameter of Bowl... 18 inches
 Diameter of Fan... 19 inches
 Weight of Forge... 120 pounds
 The most efficient, durable and easiest working Forge for outdoor, railway, bridge and construction work ever designed. Light, compact and strong, and gives a powerful steady blast. Operates noiselessly and requires a minimum of attention. Price... \$19.00

Perfect Saw Sets



No. 3, For Cross Cut Saws... Each \$1.65

Loading Blocks With Stiff Swivel Hooks



Length of Shell Size of Sheave Price
 Inches. Inches. Each
 English Pattern 12 7 x 1 1/2 \$1.60
 For Manila Rope 7-1/2 5 x 1 1/2 2.50
 For Wire Rope 8 5 x 1 1/4 4.00

IRON STRAPPED TACKLE BLOCKS HOLLOW STEEL TACKLE BLOCKS WIRE ROPE BLOCKS

Price lists on application.

Cordage

Manilla Rope. Signal Rope. Lath Ties. Shingle Ties. For prices state quantity and size.

Crucible Steel Wire Rope



SIZES OF WIRE ROPE CARRIED IN STOCK:
 Galvanized:
 6 Strands... 5-16 3-8 1-2 9-16
 19 Wires... 5-8 3-4 7-8 1 in.
 6 Strands, 24 wires: 1-4 5-16 3-8 1-2 9-16 5-8
 Black:
 6 Strands... 5-16 3-8 1-2 9-16
 19 Wires... 5-8 3-4 7-8 1 in.

WIRE ROPE CLIPS, HOOKS AND THIMBLES.
 Special prices on application.

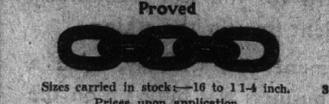
Special Short Link Crank Chain



Sizes carried in stock—3-16, 1-4, 5-16 and 3-8 in.
 These sizes are suitable for Trace Skidding and Loading Chains. Prices upon application.

This is an extra high grade chain at a slight advance in price over ordinary chain.

Close Link Coil Chain Proved



Sizes carried in stock—10 to 1 1/4 inch.
 Prices upon application.

This is the best quality of American Chain, and none on the market will give better satisfaction.
 WE ALSO CARRY A COMPLETE STOCK OF ELECTRIC WELDED CHAIN.

Orono Cant Dogs

Round Bill Hook. Solid Steel Sockets.



2 1/4 inch Orono Cant Dogs, complete with 4, 4 1/2, 5 or 5 1/2 feet handles... Each \$1.25

5 1/2 inch Orono Cant Dogs, complete with 4, 4 1/2, 5 or 5 1/2 feet handles... Each .60

2 1/4 inch Orono Sockets, with Hook and Pike, without handles... Each 1.00

2 1/2 inch Orono Sockets, with Hook and Pike, without handles... Each 1.10

2 1/4 inch Sockets only... Each .50

2 1/2 inch Sockets only... Each .60

Pikes only... per 100 3.00

Hooks only... per 100 3.00

Handles only, 4, 4 1/2, 5 or 5 1/2 feet long... Each .30

Old Style Sockets and Bands same price as Orono.

Mill Cant Dogs

Round Bill Hook. Solid Steel Sockets.

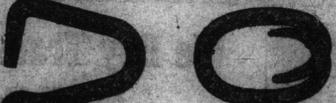


2 1/4 inch, with Hog Nose, complete with 3 1/2, 4 or 4 1/2 feet handles... Each \$1.25

2 1/2 inch, with Hog Nose, complete with 3 1/2, 4 or 4 1/2 feet handles... Each \$1.25

Chain Connecting Links

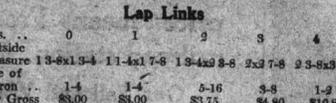
D. Link. Lap Link.



Size of Iron... 1-4 5-16 3-8 7-16 1-2
 Inside Measure... 1 1/8 1 1/4 1 3/8 1 1/2 1 5/8
 Per Gross... \$3.70 \$4.00 \$4.80 \$5.60 \$6.40

Lap Links
 Nos. 0 1 2 3 4
 Outside Measure 1 3/4 1 1/2 1 1/4 1 1/2 1 1/4
 Size of Iron... 1-4 1-4 5-16 3-8 1-2
 Per Gross \$3.00 \$3.00 \$3.75 \$4.80 \$10.90

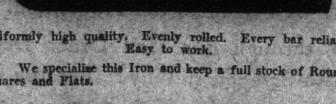
Norway Iron



Uniformly high quality. Evenly rolled. Every bar reliable. Easy to work.

We specialize this iron and keep a full stock of Rounds, Squares and Flats.

Sleigh Shoe Steel



ALL SIZES IN STOCK.

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 This Time!"

Some of those on
 the speakers were:
 Dr. R. F. Quigley, Co
 A. Horton, W. M. J
 Peake, G. Wetmore
 Berryman, Col. Buch
 E. P. Greany, Timoth
 A. Knodel, H. N. G
 McMillin, Joshua G
 Tom, Thomas Gorm
 Avenny, Dr. James C
 Ritchie, W. G. Scov
 John Bond, E. H. M
 Smith, J. S. Gregor
 Raymond Tobias, W
 Pender, C. S. Coggin
 George G. Kierstead,
 G. L. Barbour, Mich
 McBeath, T. Collins
 Knox, Dr. C. F. Gorb
 Mrs. William Pugsley
 W. G. Pugsley accom
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 The rink was pres
 the Minister of Public
 and Dr. Alward came
 and the applause wa

MR. BARNAB FOR R

Mr. Barnaby opene
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 Mr. Lowell, the cha
 and county would ha
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MR. LOWELL CHEERE

Mr. Barnaby then sp
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THREE THOUSAND EMPLOYED AT GREAT LIBERAL MEETING

Courtenay Bay Plans Shown Amid Enthusiastic Interest—Development Beyond Hopes of Even the Most Optimistic—Dr. Alward, in Fine Address Puts Principle Above Party

Some significant and outstanding features of the great Liberal meeting last night in Queen's Rink were these:

Three thousand present on a rainy night. Enthusiasm from the moment Chairman Barnaby began speaking until the Minister of Public Works closed one of the best speeches of his career with a noteworthy burst of eloquence at 11 p. m.

A magnificent reception for James Lowell, whose short fighting speech was cheered heartily, almost sentences by sentence. Make no mistake about Mr. Lowell's popularity in the city. The shouting that greeted him last evening meant that he is going to represent the city and county in Parliament next month.

The reappearance of Dr. Silas Alward, K. O., in public life, a conspicuous and influential citizen who has been a Conservative for eighteen years, who is a Loyalist, and who now puts principle above party and comes out wholeheartedly for Pugsley and Reciprocity.

In what must be regarded as one of the greatest orations of his life Dr. Alward moved the audience to a fine pitch of enthusiasm. His scathing denunciation of Conservative muck-loyalty, his vindication of his own position today, his exposure of Conservative injustice to St. John, his eloquent tribute to the worth of the Minister of Public Works, his biting criticism of Messrs. Borden and Sifton—all these made up a speech which cannot fail to have much influence upon the campaign, both here and abroad throughout the province.

A short, sharp, militant speech was that of Hon. Mr. Pugsley. He had the audience cheering from the moment he completed his opening sentence. He proved that an actual working alliance exists between Borden and Bourassa—proved it to the hilt. He ridiculed the Conservative leader's St. John speech, dealing trenchantly with Borden's remarks on dilatory, on the part of St. John, and on reciprocity generally.

Amid great applause the Minister dealt with the actual effects of reciprocity upon St. John and the province, going into the nature of our present trade and showing where and how the trade agreement will increase it.

When he came to speak of local developments there was thrown upon a screen on the platform a birds-eye view of Courtenay Bay as it will look when the whole scheme of improvements has been carried out. It was a most effective picture, and the audience greeted it by long and hearty cheering.

The meeting displayed the real fighting edge of the Liberal campaign here. Its meaning was clear to all present: "Both Seats This Time!"

Some of those on the platform besides the speakers were: Ald. R. T. Hayes, Dr. R. F. Quigley, Col. A. Blaine, George A. Horton, W. M. Jarvis, Frank J. McPeake, G. Wetmore Merritt, Dr. J. B. Barryman, Col. Buchanan, A. B. Allan, E. F. Greany, Timothy Donovan, George A. Knudell, H. N. Coates, Capt. John McMillin, Joshua Clawson, F. G. Knowlton, Thomas Gorman, Dr. A. F. McAvenny, Dr. James Christie, Hon. Mr. Ritchie, W. C. Sifton, Dr. A. D. Smith, John Bond, E. H. MacAlpine, Dr. J. M. Smith, J. S. Gregory, Michael George Raymond, Tobias, W. J. Mahoney, James Gendey, G. E. Sully, Dr. T. O'Brien, G. Kierstead, Ald. W. E. Scully, G. L. Barbour, Michael Carr, Allan R. McBeath, T. Collins, D. J. Britt, James Knox, Dr. G. F. Gahan, Dr. T. O'Brien, Mr. William Pugsley and Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Pugsley accompanied the Minister of Public Works to the meeting and occupied seats on the platform. The Minister of Public Works, Mr. Lowell, and Dr. Alward came in about 8 o'clock, and the applause was deafening.

MR. BARNABY STRONG FOR RECIPROCITY

Mr. Barnaby opened the meeting in a short address in which he spoke in favor of reciprocity. After every care and attention had been given to the consideration of the trade agreement, the Minister of Public Works, Mr. Lowell, said that he thought it would be an excellent thing for this country. If it does not, it is not a perpetual arrangement but can be terminated at any time that we wish. As for the city candidates, the people of St. John knew what Dr. Pugsley had done for them. (Applause.) His work as Minister of Public Works was resulting in great benefit as well as the world domination. The general feeling was that Dr. Pugsley would be given a handsome majority and one man had told him that the Liberals would not be satisfied with anything less than 1,200. (Great cheering.) In Mr. Lowell, the chairman said, the city and county would have a most worthy representative.

MR. LOWELL AGAIN CHEERED TO ECHO

Mr. Barnaby then introduced Mr. Lowell, who was unable to speak for some minutes, the thunderous applause had subsided. "Since I had the pleasure of standing in this rink and receiving the nomination as your candidate," Mr. Lowell began, "I have to report to you that I have gone to work with a determination to do my best in this campaign and I fully expect that both seats will be in line on Sept. 21. (Cheer.)

MR. SIFTON'S COMPLAINT

"What's the matter with Sifton?" asked Mr. Lowell, and he answered the question by saying that Mr. Sifton is interested in the manufacture of farm machinery and in the interests of the western farmer the government made a slight reduction on farm machinery, and this appeals to Mr. Sifton.

ST. JOHN MARKETS

With the exception of another jump in the price of sugar, which went up another ten cents per hundredweight this week, prices continue to remain about stationary in the local markets. The following wholesale quotations were given out yesterday:

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc.

COUNTRY MARKET

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc.

FRUITS, ETC.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Grenobles walnuts, Marbot walnuts, etc.

GROCERIES

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Choice seeded raisins, Peas, etc.

SUGAR

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Standard granulated, United Empire, etc.

PROVISIONS

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Pork, domestic mess, Pork, American clear, etc.

FLOUR, ETC.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Oatmeal, Bran, etc.

CANNED GOODS

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like The following are the wholesale quotes, Salmon, etc.

POTATOES HIGHER IN MAINE THAN NEW BRUNSWICK

Carleton Co. Farmers Getting \$1.50 a Barrel, While Across the Border They Are \$2--Reciprocity Needed Badly.

Contreville, N. B., Sept. 5.—Farmers are about done harvesting. Oats will be only a fair crop. Backward is reported very light on account of too much heat while it was filling. Wheat is a good crop. Potatoes are going into market in large quantities. The price is \$1.50 per barrel. The buyers are not weighing them this season so far. The price just across the boundary line is \$1.90 to \$2.

Everyone is talking reciprocity. The Liberals hold a meeting Wednesday, to be addressed by A. B. Lepp, M. P. E., and others.

The prospect is bright for Carvell's election. No arguments brought forward by supported speakers can influence the farmers along the border for they know the facts and that is sufficient.

The St. John Valley railroad is still in the hands of Hon. Mr. Fleming and has hard work to do now to explain his delay. We want reciprocity and we also badly need the railroad.

Miss Faye Burt left for St. John yesterday for short visit.

Byron Alexander is home on a short visit. He now resides in Everett (Wash.). He expects to take back with him his young son, who has lived with his grandparents for three years.

Apples are a big crop and the prices are a little lower than usual. Mr. and Mrs. Charley, left for Wolfville yesterday.

LOGAN A WINNER IN CUMBERLAND

Prominent Conservatives Are Stumping the County in Favor of Reciprocity.

Amherst, N. S., Sept. 8.—The Liberals in Cumberland are carrying on a well conducted educational campaign in favor of the reciprocity agreement. Captain Joseph Beach, of Summerside, one of the largest exporters of agricultural products in Prince Edward Island, is spending this week in Cumberland, addressing meetings in the rural sections.

The foremost brothers of Sackville, two prominent Conservatives, are also assisting Mr. Logan in his campaign work.

Mr. Logan is receiving a splendid welcome in every part of Cumberland. He might be addressed one of the largest political meetings ever held in Pugsuash, and was received with the greatest enthusiasm.

The tide is running strongly in favor of the government party in this county.

JUSTICE WAITS TILL ELECTION IS OVER

Big Civil and Criminal Docket in Kings County Circuit Court Stood Over Till October 10.

Hampton, Sept. 5.—The September sitting of the Kings county circuit court opened at the court house this morning, Justice Landry presiding.

Three criminal cases were entered on the docket: The King vs. James P. Connolly charged with rape on the person of Ada Parise, of Sussex; E. O. Weyman appearing for the crown and J. M. McIntyre for the defendant.

The King vs. Thomas Gallagher of Havelock, farmer, charged with stealing \$1,000 from Mrs. Mary C. Gallagher, administrator of the estate of the late John Gallagher; Mr. Weyman for the crown and J. H. McFadden for defendant.

The King vs. C. Edward McJannet, charged with attempted rape on the person of Nettie May Wilson, J. C. Weyman for the crown, J. M. McIntyre for defendant.

Henderson vs. Logan, claim for damages for injury to a horse. Fowler & Jones for plaintiff; D. Mullin, K. C., for defendant.

Godard vs. Godard, suit for title to land. Fowler & Jones for plaintiff; J. H. McFadden for defendant.

Farlee vs. Parlee, a case of alleged slander. Fowler & Jones for plaintiff; J. M. McIntyre for defendant.

On the application of the legal gentlemen interested in these cases and with the consent of his honor, all the cases were adjourned until Tuesday, Oct. 10 next, after the following preliminaries: Connolly did not appear in court, having been released from jail on a judge's order, and a bench warrant was ordered to be issued for his arrest unless he enters immediately into his own recognizance for \$5,000 and two sureties of \$2,500 each for his appearance when court resumes.

Gallagher has been committed to jail, came into court and entered into his personal recognizance for \$1,000 and J. H. McFadden and G. W. Fowler for \$500 each, to appear in court on Tuesday.

McJannet appeared and was released on giving bail, himself in \$1,000 and Felix Byrne and J. M. McIntyre for \$500 each. The court then adjourned until Oct. 10 at 11 o'clock a. m.

THREE THOUSAND EMPLOYED AT OUTSET; WAGES \$7,000 A DAY

Some Idea of What One Part of Courtenay Bay Work Means Gathered from Statement of Norton Griffiths Company's Engineer—It is Beyond Any Conception That Has Been Formed by Citizens—Millions of Dollars Paid Out Before Completion.

(The Evening Times.) Without political color or prejudice it can be truthfully said that the most ardent supporter of the Liberal programme in this constituency—let alone members of the opposing party—does not fully realize the full extent of the tremendous work to be done in this city and vicinity in connection with the construction of ocean terminals and ship building facilities.

One of St. John's prominent business men, who is taking no active part whatever in the present campaign, but who is a firm believer in the future of St. John, tells the Times that upon the occasion of one of the visits of the Norton Griffiths Company's chief engineer he lunched with him at the Union Club, and during the meal learned sufficient of the magnitude of their undertaking planned for Courtenay Bay to make his blood tingle with enthusiasm.

Since the Hon. Mr. Pugsley has made an announcement concerning the work the citizen in question feels he is venturing no conjectures in repeating what the English firm's representative told him in a purely personal way. It is felt that the people of St. John should be made fully cognizant of the great benefits sure to follow the commencement of work in the harbor.

According to the visiting engineer more than 3,000 workmen will be engaged in preparing Courtenay Bay for the docks, breakwater, and terminal equipment complete. A very large amount of money will be expended in machinery and in the construction buildings and other necessary structures will in themselves require the outlay of funds upon a lavish scale.

Standard, you will have to get up early in the morning and go a long way," said Dr. Pugsley, "and the matter will be given in private by the gentleman himself, who feels that no truly enterprising citizen of St. John should withhold his support of the Liberal programme in this constituency but should throw aside mere party alliance and vote for those who have the important development of this port already in hand.

The minister then reviewed the early stages of the formation of the two companies, their merger at his suggestion, and the election of Sir William Van Horne as president. Then Sir William went to England for the avowed purpose of interesting capitalists, but soon there came to the secretary of the company a letter resigning the presidency.

No Confidence in Hazen Government. "I have a copy of the letter and in it Sir William stated that he had lost faith in the government of New Brunswick, led by Mr. Hazen, and that he was leaving the province to go to the States to look after the development as long as the Hazen government is in power, but he had saved up as much as he could in the States to assist in the development.

Storage Dams Probable. On the Ottawa river we have built a system of storage dams conserving the water power and aiding navigation. I have been in conference with Mr. Michaud and we are agreed that the same method might be followed on the St. John, creating power for great industries here and saving thousands of dollars in dredging on the lower St. John.

Dr. Pugsley dealt shortly but sharply with personal charges made against him as a member of the provincial government. "I do not want to take the time for personal discussion," he said, "but I will say this: If you can give me the strongest words that you know of, I will apply them to the most false and the most unfounded report ever made. I refer to the report of the Central Railway Commissioner, and I will go further and say that Mr. Michaud knows that the report is false and that is why he did not seek the legislature to deal with it." (Cheers.)

Hon. Dr. Pugsley spoke for an hour on the reciprocity question, and was heartily applauded at the close of a magnificent address. The meeting closed with the singing of the National Anthem, with cheer for the King, Dr. Pugsley and Mr. Michaud.

ROUND HILL STRONG FOR McALISTER

Rousing Meeting Addressed by Candidate Last Night—Cheering Reports of Great Victory on Sept. 21.

Sussex, N. B., Sept. 6.—(Special.)—The committee rooms of the Liberal association was the scene of an overflow club meeting tonight. A. E. Pearson, the chief speaker, was enthusiastic over the prospects in Pugsuash-Albert for Dr. McAlister, and others also looked for an increased majority on Sept. 21.

Tonight Dr. McAlister met with a great success. He was enthusiastically received by the voters of Pugsuash-Albert, and backed their guarantee of support with the greatest enthusiasm and cheer for the people's candidate and reciprocity closed the meeting.

If an spoon with which a cereal is served is first dipped into the cream pitcher the cereal slips from it easily without sticking.

Cross-Cut Saws advertisement with prices for different sizes.

Cross-Cut Saws advertisement with prices for different sizes.

Chopping Axes advertisement with prices for different sizes.

Shanter Axe Stones advertisement with prices for different sizes.

Shanter Axe Stones advertisement with prices for different sizes.

Shanter Axe Stones advertisement with prices for different sizes.

Cut Lacings advertisement with prices for different sizes.

Genuine Balata Belting advertisement with prices for different sizes.

Oak Tanned Leather Belting advertisement with prices for different sizes.

Lever Forge advertisement with prices for different sizes.

VELOCITY

trade in manufactured as well as in natural products. We said that we were not prepared to entertain this proposal unless we were assured that our manufacturers were not in a position to compete with the greater organizations with the immense capital of the industries of the United States. But we said as a natural product, coal is collected we have a country that is prepared to hold its own against the world." (Cheers).

"In the past we have not been afraid to admit free duty those things which we have required and which the United States could furnish. We have admitted duty free \$7,000,000 worth of anthracite coal to aid our industries and add to the comfort of our people. We have admitted upwards of \$4,000,000 worth of fruit to cheapen the cost of food. We have admitted southern pine because our people needed cheap lumber. We have admitted harbor works on the Great Lakes and rough lumber to build homes for the farmers on the western prairie."

"Now, the question is, what should you take the duty off our lumber with a stroke of the pen, this was done. Last year we shipped lumber worth \$23,000,000 to the United States. We have paid duty and under the reciprocity agreement they have voluntarily sacrificed revenue on this lumber to the extent of \$1,200,000. In the meantime we have been paid by the lumbermen of Canada."

"In the past the fishermen of Canada have paid duties on the United States to the extent of \$600,000. They have agreed to take this tax off the hardy fishermen of our coast and I believe that the largest part of this sum will find its way to the pockets of the fishermen of this country."

"Put yourself in my place and, unless you say that we ought not to discuss the matter at all with the United States, what would you ask for that would be the greatest benefit to our citizens? Would you not have thought, first of all, of asking for a reduction of the duty on lumber? We have succeeded in securing this. Next you would have thought of the heavy duty on fish. We have had it removed. You would have thought of the tax on our farm products. We have had it removed. You would have thought of the tax on the United States. We have had it removed. You could not help thinking of the farmers of the western prairie who raised last year 37,000,000 bushels of wheat more than the grain harvest of any other country of the world. In ten years they have increased their wheat crop from an almost negligible quantity to the immense figures of 240,000,000 bushels a year. There is no reason to believe it may not reach the sum of a thousand millions of bushels. Your hearts would go out to the farmers of the United States who are in Canada and you would have asked what could be done to give them the larger market they will need. We have opened to them the great markets of the United States."

Save Lumber Mills for Us.
Dr. Pugsley then showed how the reciprocity agreement would save to New Brunswick the lumber mills which were in danger of being sold to the United States. He said that owing to the repeal of the Pike law, the mills would be impossible for the American operators to bring their logs down the St. John River to have them sawed. In the province of Maine and our mill men would have been left without employment. By the reduction of the duty on lumber the necessity for this has passed away.

In reply to the question of reciprocity will raise the cost of living in Canada. Dr. Pugsley said that the opposite would be the case. He showed that all fruits, which have been in the country, would be admitted free and that while we have reduced our duty on fresh beef from two cents to 1 cent, the United States has made a reduction from four cents to 1 1/4 cents. He said that it would reduce the cost of many necessary articles of food and that in the event of a drought, it might, in some few cases, have to compete with lower prices on American products yet this would be more than compensated by the advantages of the market which is opened up to him and which will enable him to produce on a larger scale. (Applause).

See Great Prosperity.
"I see a great era of prosperity for Canada as the result of reciprocity," said Dr. Pugsley. "After months of persistent efforts and in the face of the most strenuous opposition of the trusts of the United States President Taft is now able to offer this trade agreement to us for our acceptance. It is what we have been begging and praying for during the past forty years. Reject it now and the offer may never come again, certainly not in this generation. Try it and if it is not found good we can again raise our duties and abandon the agreement. The correspondence on which it is based expressly declared that neither Canada nor the United States was longer than that country wished." (Applause).

"We feel that this is a question that we can safely leave to the people of Canada and that in deciding upon it the debtors will rise above party lines."

Our Great Leader.
"But this is not our only reason for asking your support. We come to you on the record of the Liberal government, led by one of the greatest statesmen, if not the greatest statesman, in the British Empire who, by the admission even of our opponents, has brought Canada from the position of a mere colony to the proud position it now occupies as the greatest of the overseas dominions of the British Empire." (Cheers).

The close of Dr. Pugsley's speech was marked by a prolonged outburst of cheering and after cheers for the King and for Sir Wilfrid Laurier the meeting adjourned.

CANADA SEIZES AMERICAN TRAWLER AT LOUISBURG

Ottawa, Sept. 6.—The marine department has seized at Louisburg (N. S.) the United States steam trawler *Arcturion* for a violation of the treaty of 1818. The Gloucester vessel was proceeding to home waters and shipped at Louisburg a consignment of fish. The cargo will be confiscated.

LARGER MARKETS WILL BE THE SALVATION OF OUR PARTS OF MANITOWA PROVINCES

Two Pictou Farmers, One an Old-Time Conservative, the Other an Independent Liberal, Show Reciprocity Will Bring Prosperity to the Agricultural Workers, and Tend to Check the Disheartening Depopulation of the Farming Districts—The Farmers' Own Fight for Better Conditions.

The following special despatch to the Halifax Chronicle is of great interest. Read it.

Pictou, Sept. 2.—Not in the history of recent politics at least has an issue been presented to the farmers of Canada in which they have taken so keen and so direct an interest as this one of reciprocity. It appears to be felt by them that this is their own fight. The policy of an increased market, which is really a policy really to be taken down catches the Pictou county farmer who has seen his apples rotting on the ground and his vegetables rotting in the cellar for want of a market. He is not a man who is at all over the money to pay for them. They are not scared about their loyalty, but they are scared of seeing the process of depopulation going on even to final abandonment of the present state of affairs is agreed to continue. The possible production of the farms of Nova Scotia, and particularly in Pictou county, is unknown. We have had never been anything but good up to a certain point; and that point is reached, and very quickly as soon as production is stimulated by a very moderate demand.

Two Men Who See Light.
Two well known farmers of this section of the county are Alexander McKay, of Pictou, and William Stewart, of Scotsburn. Both are men who have given a good deal of study to their callings and the problems which beset them. Both are not as near to being independent in political matters as men of independence can be found. They express themselves in this question of reciprocity in a manner which verges on impatience with those who would question its benefit to the farmer.

Mr. McKay has a fine farm close to Pictou town which he conducts with great intelligence and success. He comes of a long line of Pictou county Tories, but on this question places common sense above party.

"I see," says Mr. McKay, "where Hon. Clifford Sifton says that only fifteen per cent of the farm produce of Canada is exported and the balance is consumed here. I would like to know who made his figures for him. The official statistics issued for general consumption and not for export purposes only, state plainly that the home market consumes only thirty-seven per cent at the best; and I cannot see where this part is going to take form up."

A Limited Market.
"Our home market is so limited in comparison with the number of producers that it is not good enough to tempt us farmers to cater for it to any extent. The retail market in Stellarton, Westville and other places in the counties is undoubtedly good; but the trouble is that it is easily and quickly supplied by farmers in the immediate vicinity.

"Take my case, for example. We had a good crop of hay last year, yet it was practically unsaleable. Bumper crops do not avail us much here, as they do in the west, because we know that the price will be low as a consequence. Why? Because the market which is opened up to him and which will enable him to produce on a larger scale. (Applause).

Population Decreasing.
"What is true of our farmers is also true of Prince Edward Island. Notwithstanding the fact that the island is one of the most fertile spots on earth, and should be one of the wealthiest, it is not so and population there is steadily decreasing for the reason that the farmers there have no market for their produce but Nova Scotia and they tend to make our market even more restricted than it naturally is.

"I will give you my experience with cabbage. Having raised them in small quantities and found the crop paying one, I planted more until finally I had a crop of 20,000 heads. The same year they had a good crop in Lunenburg and I found the market flooded with them. My experience has been invariably the same whenever I have gone into raising produce in any quantity.

"I have heard the argument used that if prices are made better for the farmers they will be proportionately higher to the local consumer. I do not believe that to be the case at all. Let me give you an instance of enlarged markets as an illustration. There are farmers in this vicinity who used to produce a certain small amount of butter which they disposed of by putting them in Pictou and elsewhere. The creamery was established and production enormously stimulated. The actual result was that the price received was not so much as formerly, but production was about three times as great because

UNLESS RECIPROcity IS ADOPTED MILLS AT ST. JOHN WILL BE CLOSED
W. J. Noble, a prominent York county lumberman, and hitherto a strong Conservative, has declared for reciprocity. Speaking of the effect of the repeal of the Pike law, he predicted that in three years, unless reciprocity carries, there will not be a stick of American lumber come down the St. John River. He added that last season there was twenty-three million feet of logs cut in Maine for mills in St. John and Fredericton.

LARGE MAJORITY FOR MR. LOWELL FOR THE PERSONAL POPULARITY OF MR. LOWELL IS CONCEDED

Liberal Candidate Would Win Easily on Merits of Issue Alone

FEELING STRONG FOR BETTER MARKETS
Added to Telling Arguments in Favor of Reciprocity and a Greater St. John, is the Personal Popularity of Mr. Lowell—Big Liberal Vote Looked for in North End.

Grand Falls, N. B., Sept. 2.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of the supporters of the Liberal government and reciprocity was held here on Friday evening, Aug. 25. James Burgess, M. P. for Victoria county, opened the meeting and a Liberal club was formed, of which David J. Collins was elected chairman and J. G. Kirkpatrick secretary.

The following gentlemen were duly elected on committees: Room committee, L. R. Smith, Robert McCluskey and Octave LeClair, working committee, Dr. Ed. Foster, William Fine, Peter D. Burgess, Joseph LeClair, George West, James Carroll and Everett McCluskey. This committee is to be known as the Grand Falls central committee, and they are to assist the other committees at the different polling places in organizing, etc.

Arrangements were made for holding a public meeting in the hall of Drummond on Aug. 29 and 31. On Aug. 30 a large meeting was held at the school house on the Tolboke road. Joseph Cole, the well known fish merchant and lumberman, was chairman. It was a success in every way. The speakers of the evening were J. P. Tweeddale, M. P., Dr. Ed. Foster, William Fine, Peter D. Burgess, and William Pirie. This is a large farming community and judging from the hearty applause given the different speakers it is to be expected that the Liberal party will win a large majority in the county voters and are also interested in the lumber industry, and leaving Mr. Lowell's personal popularity out of the question altogether, it is certain that a Liberal candidate for the city generally is also in favor of the trade pact, and a great many converts have been made by the clear and convincing arguments of the Minister of Public Works at the meetings which he has addressed in the past, and to the fallacies of Mr. Sifton and Mr. Borden. Men with good memories cannot reconcile the empty promises of Mr. Borden and the Conservative candidates with the treatment accorded this port while the Conservative government was in power, as pointed out last night by Dr. Silas Alward.

Leaving the Farms.
"It is very apparent that something must be done to fill up our vacant farms in Pictou county. If my memory serves me, there was only one farmer's son put on the list in this section in 1911, out of a total population of about 1,200 people. They are leaving the farms, which are now largely tenanted by old people. I have been told in the vicinity of Sny Bay, on the East River, there are eighty-two vacant farms, and that in Pictou one can walk from a certain spot ten miles toward the county line, and not get off the vacant farms. There are schools in this vicinity which twenty years ago had sixty pupils, and today have only three. That alone should be enough to make any man willing to support anything offering a fair probability of making an improvement in the situation; and that is something which I think it cannot be denied reciprocity is likely to do."

The Farmer's Choice.
William Stewart, of Scotsburn, is an independent Liberal. He is one who gladly follows his party when he believes them to be right, and is not afraid to express himself emphatically when he thinks they are straying from the straight and narrow path. In this fight for reciprocity he is with them heart and soul. If it is a good question, he says, in which there may be room for differences of opinion, but not so far as the farmer is concerned. He is in sympathy with Mr. McKay in saying that the Pictou county farmer who will peddle his produce from door to door has a good market within certain bounds, but there is a probability of no market for the man who wishes to dispose of his produce in a regular manner.

Apples and Potatoes.
"At the present time I have barrels of apples rotting on the ground. I raise a lot of potatoes. Now potatoes is as profitable a crop, gives a fair price, as a farmer can raise. But I make more money when I have a large one. The best price I can get for them is 35 cents per bushel and they cannot be raised in a profitable way at that price. If we had reciprocity I believe it would give us a market in the United States; or at the very least it would make our market here for potatoes. The latter will have more money and will be higher, neither do I like to see our produce going to waste for lack of a larger market which I believe this reciprocity project would furnish for. Outside of potatoes which are always low, the local market is good, but very limited. We want a larger market for butter and eggs as well. Prices are good, but demand is limited. Since the establishment of the creamery here, we have been getting a paying price for our butter-fat, but formerly butter was a drug on the market. This statement was received with great enthusiasm.

Frivolous Objections.
"I think the independent man will vote for reciprocity. I do not hear any arguments against it, but many frivolous objections put forward by the opposition.

"So far as annexation is concerned, I was a little surprised that Sir Wilfrid Laurier took the trouble to mention it. No sensible man pays any attention to that cry at all. It is too belittling.

"I wish to take an unselfish view of the question, and I firmly believe that RECIPROcity IS GOING TO BE AS GOOD FOR THE MERCHANT AND OTHER CLASSES AS IT IS FOR THE FARMER. The latter will have more money and will spend it in the country. Agriculture is our chief industry in Canada, and if it prospers all prosper. I sometimes think the people who are fighting against this pact do not realize how very limited our market is. Why, if I went in to Pictou and offered them apples there for nothing they would give me the barrels in which to put them, they would assault me. We cannot get rid of them at any price.

"Here is the whole question in a nutshell so far as I see: the good farmer is the man who produces, but his market is much too limited."

MAINE POTATO BUYERS LOOKING TO CANADA
Moncton, N. B., Sept. 6.—While Conservative campaigners are going about the country denouncing the idea of the farmers securing larger markets through the acceptance of the reciprocity agreement, it is interesting to farmers to know the fact that already American buyers are looking this way with a view to purchasing produce of New Brunswick farmers.

The general department of the Intercolonial railway has received the following communication from the Maine Potato Company, Waterville (Me.), under date Sept. 6:

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This is regarded as one of the type of offers to follow as the result of reciprocity.

ST. JOHN WOULD LOSE THE MILLS CHEERING LIBERAL FIGHT

People Seem to Be Almost Unanimous for Reciprocity and Michaud Will Have an Enormous Majority.

A FALSE CANVASS
Hon. Mr. Pugsley, Back from Ottawa, Says Chances Were Never So Bright—Sir Wilfrid Laurier Will Have Larger Majority Than in the Last House.

Dr. Daniel's Surprise When He Called on a Pulp Mill Manager—A Ridiculous Canvass—Maine Would Get Valuable St. John Industries if the Trade Agreement Were Not Adopted.

Wednesday, Sept. 6.

It having come to the notice of the Telegraph that Dr. J. W. Daniel, the Conservative candidate for the city and county, is using the false canvass in the vicinity of Musquash that the pulp mill at that place will be closed down if reciprocity comes into force and that the canvass that Stetson, Cutler & Co.'s big mill at Indian-town will also be closed by reciprocity, was quietly circulated among the workmen of the North End, an interview was sought last evening with F. C. Beatty, who is interested in the management of Musquash, and in a position to know how matters stood in regard to the political outlook, and he had been told by them and had learned from other sources that the indications were that Sir Wilfrid Laurier's government would be returned to power with a larger majority than in the last house.

"I talked with a large number of men," said the minister, "who are in a position to know the trend of the political campaign in Ontario and Quebec, and I am satisfied that the government will go back in these two provinces with a large majority. While we may lose two or three seats at the utmost in Quebec, through the efforts of the Nationalist wing of the opposition, these will be more than offset in Ontario.

"Assurances have also been received from the western constituencies, and it is almost certain that the provinces will be sold for reciprocity, while British Columbia is swinging into line as well. There is no doubt about it—the government will be returned with a larger majority than before."

FRED M. SPROUL LEARNS MUCH AT A LIBERAL MEETING
A. E. Pearson and I. C. Rand Made the Kings County Spouter Look Very Cheap at Titusville Reciprocity Rally, at Which He Was Allowed to Speak.

Sussex, Sept. 6.—On Monday evening A. E. Pearson and I. C. Rand held a meeting in the interests of Dr. McAlister in Titusville. Before the meeting opened F. M. Sproul, M. P., appeared on behalf of the opposition and asked the privilege to speak. He thought the sympathy of the majority would be with him, and before the meeting closed he certainly needed their sympathy.

Mr. Pearson dealt as thoroughly as the time would admit with reciprocity. He called the attention of Mr. Sproul to the fact that last year the United States had exported 117,000,000 bushels of wheat to Great Britain as being only 100,000,000 bushels beyond the mark. Mr. Pearson was warmly applauded, and when he closed with showing the falsity of the annexation cry he was cheered to the echo.

Mr. Sproul eloquently expatiated on the question of prices and proved to the farmers would get more under the scheme than at the present moment. By this argument he implied that there would be no trade created from the north to the south. In the next argument he drew the tragic picture of the dismantled Canadian railway system by the diversion of traffic from east and west to north and south; and when even his hearers were not mollified by this wonderful feat of reasoning, Mr. Sproul was allowed more graciously and eloquently to relieve the pain of his followers by explaining that he referred to goods intended for export. When it was shown to him that such could be done under the present conditions, Mr. Sproul was obliged to acknowledge his ignorance of the fact of the bonding privilege.

BUYING LEGISLATORS IN JOBLOTS.
One day, writes Sloane Gordon in Success Magazine, a farmer member of the Ohio house displayed, inadvertently, a large roll of bills in the Hall House lobby. A fellow member gazed in awe at the show of wealth.

"I just sold a drove of hogs," explained the farmer member rather hastily and confusedly.

The observing one was thoughtful. He did not reply for the half-minute usually essential to the full-measure of a best of his mental processes. And then—

"Yaas," he drawled, "and I'll bet I'm one o' them haws."

Crisp celery should be served with cold meat. It is a nerve tonic.

HALIFAX PASTOR RESIGNS CHARGE
Rev. A. F. Newcombe to Become Secretary of Bible Society, With Headquarters in St. John.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 6.—The resignation was announced tonight at the North Baptist church of Rev. A. F. Newcombe, who for three years has been pastor of the church. Mr. Newcombe resigns on the advice and hearty recommendation of the church members, who think the best change would be beneficial to his health.

Mr. Newcombe will become secretary of the Bible society with headquarters at St. John.

SHORT SESSION OF ALBERT CIRCUIT COURT
Hopewell Hill, Sept. 5.—(Special)—The September session of the Albert Circuit Court opened this morning and adjourned at 3 in the afternoon. There being no cases to be tried, Judge Barry presided. J. C. Prescott was chosen foreman of the grand jury, which had two cases to deal with, that of the King vs. J. G. Giblin, charged with the possession of a dangerous weapon, and the King vs. Allen Kinneair, who was charged with laying false information in connection with the former case. Both cases were thrown over by the grand jury.

It being Judge Barry's first appearance on the bench in Albert, he was presented with an address by the grand jury.

LIBERAL FIGHT

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Trying to Deceive Both
The Standard says in very large type that under reciprocity American potatoes, beef, eggs and poultry will be sold in the cities and towns throughout the province. This is to catch the farmers, but to catch the city vote everybody is told that the cost of living will advance.

MAINE POTATO BUYERS LOOKING TO CANADA
Moncton, N. B., Sept. 6.—While Conservative campaigners are going about the country denouncing the idea of the farmers securing larger markets through the acceptance of the reciprocity agreement, it is interesting to farmers to know the fact that already American buyers are looking this way with a view to purchasing produce of New Brunswick farmers.

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THE 1911-12 BON-TON FALL & WINTER CATALOGUE is a Model for Style and a Revelation in Value—and it is your interest madam, to have a copy.

We manufacture all our output in a large, modern, hygienic factory in the most economical manner—buying our dress goods etc. direct from the mills in the world's best markets and avoiding all unnecessary expenses of high rents and so forth, and sell direct to you madam, and this is the secret of our excellent values.

Controlling every point of our product we know we can please you, so we renew our guarantee cheerfully and unquestionably return the money for any article which does not please.

Though our prices are so low, we will continue this season to pay delivery on all orders large or small.

BON-TON STYLES ARE RIGHT.
Our designers, with their foresight in hitting off the change of style and our skirts are models of the latest fashion.

Every page of our catalogue is of interest. We illustrate two attractive models and send for the book. In it you will find hundreds of real bargains in underwear and overwear—bargains which will make you friends of ours by their good style, good material, excellent value.

5102.—Tailored Suit of good quality, English cloth in black or navy blue. The individual style of this model, which is not dear, assures us that it will be in great demand. The gown gives the effect and the workmanship is characteristic of "Bon-Ton". The Coat is 36 inches long with a large collar, pretty black velvet trimming, buttons and little silk soutache loops; pockets on the sides, and buttons on the sleeve. The lining is of good diagonal mercerized. The Skirt is if you wish, a very smart model. It is plain, with a trimmed panel in the back. The panel is black and cut several inches from the ground, and trimmed with buttons and soutache loops. This skirt will be appreciated by ladies seeking the very latest. A really valuable suit at..... \$10.25

5103.—Misses' Coat, in good quality grey cheviot, with a wide collar, in navy blue, or bronze, in diagonal feature. 42 inches in the back, and with the velvet trimmings. The lining is of good diagonal mercerized. The Skirt is a very smart model. It is plain, with a trimmed panel in the back. The panel is black and cut several inches from the ground, and trimmed with buttons and soutache loops. This skirt will be appreciated by ladies seeking the very latest. A really valuable suit at..... \$8.75

Direct from the Factory.

Saving intermediate profits.

THE BON-TON CO., 434 St. Joseph Street QUEBEC.

Put The Question To Them Straight

From this time forward make every Conservative speaker tell whether he personally believes reciprocity will lead to annexation. Make him give a straight yes or no. Make these men who wave the flag when there is no enemy in sight—make them tell us exactly how cheap they hold their own loyalty and the loyalty of the Canadian people.

Their prophet, Clifford Sifton, took particular pains to say that he did not believe reciprocity would lead to annexation. Make the platform patriots face the issue.

THE USE OF DISINFECTANTS

Dr. George G. Melvin, medical health officer, gives the following advice regarding contagious diseases:

In cases of contagious disease and where there seems to be danger of contagion, resort is often had to disinfectants. This is of course, a very proper step to take, but every one should be aware that in practice, disinfectants no matter of what kind, cannot be absolutely relied upon as a protection against poisonous germs. They should not be made a substitute for cleanliness or that constant care so necessary to preserve the person and premises from substances favoring the production of the disease breeding poison. One has not done his whole duty when he applies a quantity of carbolic acid or chloride of lime to a foul garbage heap in the back yard.

Certainly it is better to do less than to do nothing; yet, it is surely evident that the best and logical thing to do is to get rid of the garbage altogether.

But disinfectants are some time used in a careless and wasteful way and in these instances, their employment is really worse than doing nothing, for it creates a false confidence that may lead to very serious results.

Examples of this mistaken trust in antiseptics are the sprinkling of a few drops of some pungent smelling substance at irregular intervals, the setting upon the stove of a weak solution of carbolic acid so that its odor may permeate the apartment and the use of many of the patent and much advertised combinations on the market, the real usefulness of which is apt to be in inverse proportion to their cost.

It should be borne in mind that any antiseptic, in order to be efficient must be brought into absolute contact with the germ and in sufficient strength.

As bad odors are rarely of themselves harmful, being merely danger signals, to put us on our guard, also sharp and acrid smells from the presence of antiseptics are generally useless as a means of destroying bacteria. "Be warned therefore, that the presence of a bad smell does not be lured into a false security by merely creating an opposing odor to counteract it. There are very many things that act more or less efficiently as disinfectants, but for household use three only are worth considering. These are heat, carbolic acid and chlorine. There are two or three others equally efficient, but so violent a nature as to forbid their use except under strict professional supervision.

Of the three mentioned, heat in the form of boiling water is by far the best, the most certain and the readiest obtainable. It is of course restricted somewhat in its application, for there are a good many things in household use we cannot boil without destroying.

Yet, upon reduction, the multitude of things we can boil with little or no damage to them is surprising. If an article be immersed in boiling water for one hour it is almost always safe to regard it as free from contagion. It must be remembered, however, that merely plunging a substance in boiling water or dashing boiling water upon it is not as a rule as safe a plan to destroy poisonous life.

Such a process leaves many varieties of germs and the parts of germs we call spores, almost as active as ever. Prolonged boiling is essential to safety.

Next month something may be said upon carbolic acid and chloride of lime as disinfectants.

Meet Again, then the pronouncing of the benediction by Pastor Pincombe brought the most successful Sunday school convention ever held in St. John to a close.

The Rev. and Mrs. W. A. Ross and Betty were the guests of honor, and Mrs. G. D. Dykeman during the recent convention, and left for Doaktown on Saturday last.

Miss Grace Pincombe leaves for Acadia University on Monday next.

Miss Olive Gunter, leaves for Normal School on Monday next.

The opening devotional service was led by the Rev. C. G. Pincombe, who gave a stirring address on Sacrifice and Service.

In the absence of the county president, H. King, and the secretary, Miss Baird, the Rev. C. G. Pincombe was voted to the chair, and C. D. Dykeman, secretary pro tem.

Deacon Joshua Colwell heartily welcomed the ministers and delegates, which was cordially responded to by Licentiate S. W. Stackhouse. The Rev. Edwin Smith, of Chipman, then gave a very scholarly and instructive address on the Home, as the Place of Development of the Moral and Christian Character in Connection with S. S. Work, by Co-operating in Its Spiritual Work for the Saving of Our Young People.

The Misses Olive Gunter and Maud Curry sang a duet, after which the Rev. W. A. Ross, M. A., general secretary, gave a very interesting talk on a choral choir life.

The second session opened with a half-hour devotional service, led by Rev. C. G. Pincombe, after which the general secretary outlined the various phases of Sunday school work in connection with the organized requirements of the duties to be performed by the various offices. Lic. S. W. Stackhouse delivered an excellent address on Soul Winning.

The checking of the lists of Sunday schools and the reports of some of them afforded much food for thoughtful reflection. Several schools were found to be in existence of which there was no record. Many sent no reports whatever, either to their own denomination or anywhere else. Several were closed unnecessarily during the winter, and the average attendance was not quite satisfactory.

The Rev. C. G. Pincombe, in his report as sole superintendent, said that he had sent a circular letter to thirty-five schools, enclosing specimen badges, and pamphlets two and three, dealing with the organization, and was looking forward to good results.

Secretary Ross then conducted a very instructive round table talk on How to Do Sunday School Work Effectively, which awakened a keen interest in all present.

The third session opened with the usual devotional half hour, led by C. D. Dykeman.

FARMERS UNITE IN A PLAN OF MARKETING

Co-operative Union Seeks to Eliminate Middlemen

Members of the Pennsylvania State Grange Call Upon Mayor Gaynor to Receive His Approval—System of Distribution Planned With Centre in New York Against High Prices.

New York, Sept. 2.—By a comprehensive plan of eliminating middlemen and by systematic distribution of their products, progressive farmers of New York and Pennsylvania have inaugurated a co-operative campaign by which they expect to receive more for their produce and at the same time effect a reduction in the price to the retail purchaser.

The organization is named the United States Grangers, Dealers and Consumers' Union, with headquarters in this city and Grange (Pa.). Paul Hagenlocker, of Scranton, is the president, and G. T. Fowell, of this city, is the organizer. J. W. Kjelard, of Gaines (Pa.), is said to be the prime mover in the enterprise.

Yesterday morning about sixty of the farmers interested in the problem called upon Mayor Gaynor to receive his views. They were introduced by Patrick Egan, formerly United States minister to Ohio, and now vice-president of the United States Grange. In presenting the delegates, Mr. Egan said that they represented 60,000 members of the Pennsylvania State Grange, and that the New York State Grange had already entered into the arrangement with them with 100,000 members.

"One of the chief causes of the advance in prices of commodities all over the world is the excessive output of gold. Really the thing ought to be put the other way. The gold cause is that money is cheaper than it used to be. That is why a dollar of gold, or paper, which is equivalent to gold, is cheaper than it used to be, and will buy more than it used to buy, because the gold mines are putting out such great quantities of gold as to make it never known in the world before. Gold, which is only a commodity like all other commodities, is growing less valuable all the time, and therefore a given amount of gold will buy less and less quantity of commodities.

"There are other causes also which account for the high prices, and some of them are the result of the commodities going through too many hands before they reach the consumer, and then the freight rates, although it must be said in justice to the railroads that the freight rates here, except for local hauls, are not excessive. They are far greater in Europe than they are here.

"Your object to get your things down here to the consumer as near as possible, more accessible and more stable markets. It will give him the benefit of substantial reductions in the duty which he has had to pay on the machinery and implements of his calling.

The duty on wagons will be cut from 25 per cent to 22 1/2 per cent. On plows from 20 per cent to 15 per cent. On tooth and disc harrows from 20 per cent to 15 per cent.

On drills and planters, from 20 per cent to 15 per cent. On mowers, from 17 1/2 per cent to 15 per cent. On cultivators, from 20 per cent to 15 per cent.

On threshing machines, from 20 per cent to 15 per cent. On windstackers, baggers, etc., from 20 per cent to 15 per cent. On hay loaders, from 25 per cent to 20 per cent. On potato diggers, from 25 per cent to 20 per cent.

On fodder or feed cutters, from 25 per cent to 20 per cent. On grain crushers, from 25 per cent to 20 per cent. On grinding mills, from 25 per cent to 20 per cent. On hay tedders, from 25 per cent to 20 per cent. On bell and gongs, from 30 per cent to 21 1/2 per cent.

With the reciprocity agreement ratified all Canadian farm products, except wheat, will be entitled to entry to the United States without payment of duty. The free list will include:

Cattle of all kinds. Horses of all classes. Sheep and swine. Poultry, whether live or dead, and eggs. All varieties of grain. Beans. Garden, field and grass seeds. Flax seed. Hay and straw.

Potatoes, turnips, onions, cabbage and all other vegetables in their natural state. Apples, peaches, grapes, berries of all classes, all other edible fruits in their natural state, and honey. Butter, cheese, milk and cream. This is the farmer's chance. Vote for Laurier and Fielding and Larger Markets!

On tooth and disc harrows from 20 per cent to 15 per cent. On binders from 17 1/2 per cent to 15 per cent. On drills and planters, from 20 per cent to 15 per cent. On mowers, from 17 1/2 per cent to 15 per cent. On cultivators, from 20 per cent to 15 per cent.

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THE POLITICAL OPERA

(W. M. Mackracher in Montreal Witness) (Chorus: He favors Reciprocity. But wants to see it smitten.)

Col. Sam Hughes (wearing an Orange Bly): I am a man of war, you see, I am of blood and iron, sartin, and not a worry martian, like your Joseph Martin. Upon the Twelfth I roared and raved, and sang the song "Boyne Water"; What's anti-British Protestant I would resist with slaughter.

Chorus—What's anti-British Protestant He would resist with slaughter. Armand Lavergne: For naught but fame I care a straw— To me 'tis sweet as candy, And like Hooligan's Boor-saw I'm something of a dandy. I'd stand on England's burning deck— I said it in Toronto; But to repeat it in Quebec I really don't want to.

Chorus: To say he's loyal in Quebec Martin: He really don't want to. Clifford Sifton: I was a mighty man west of Lake Superior, I was the Minister of the Interior; I made a fortune then by land speculation; Everything is lovely now with me and the nation, I am a Liberal, favoring the Navy, Sorry the "Nicks" nearly went to Davy, I, very British, intolerant of treason, Hate Reciprocity—I have my reasons.

Chorus: He fears French infants will be sent To fight in Britain's wars. Joe Martin: I used to think free trade was best; But now I'm not so keen; I can but see French infants pressed To man the war marine. We'd rather have no armament To guard our ocean doors. Than battleships that might be sent To fight in Britain's wars.

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BRING BACK THE BOYS AND THE GIRLS

In The Telegraph a few days ago there was quoted an interview with a Charlotte county fisherman, who said he was going to vote for reciprocity, and who gave reasons for this position which must appeal with unusual force to the United States in search of employment. This Charlotte county fisherman, a man of sixty years, said in part:

"Do you know what Reciprocity means to me? It means the return of my sons—one is in Boston. He writes me that he is tired of the city and says: 'Father, if Reciprocity wins, I'll go home.' The other boys will come too—I know it. There will be plenty for us all. We will build weirs; we will till the soil and we will raise sheep, and the surplus we will be able to sell. The Canadian market, some say, is big enough. It may be if you can get it. The railroad is twelve miles from here. That is a big haul, and it's a three hours' run away, and I may load my boat with anything the land offers, or I can get from the sea, and I am sure of a market. We about here catch a few lobsters. We sell most of them to American boats for half the price a trip to Eastport would bring.

"Reciprocity will bring the boys home, the girls will follow and this part of the County of Charlotte will come into its own and be what nature intended it should—a home for a contented community of men and women, who are wearing their hearts out, striving for existence in the sweltering cities in the States.

"Well," said Mr. Fleming, putting his hand on the doctor's shoulder, "you know that there is no vote-getter like the old flag."

Dr. Curtis then replied: "The Conservative party leaders were always in favor of reciprocity," and Mr. Fleming replied: "No, they were never really in favor of it. They only pretended they were because they wanted to get the farmer's vote."

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"This reciprocity is an awful thing. The more I look into it the more terrible it seems to be."

Dr. Curtis replied: "Oh, Kidd, you don't think any such thing. Tell that to somebody who will believe you. You know that I won't believe you, and I know that you know it."

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QUEENS COUNTY S. S. CONVENTION

Jenness, Sept. 4.—The Queens County S. S. Convention opened here in the Baptist church on the evening of the 3rd. After an opening address on the part of the Rev. C. G. Pincombe, who gave a stirring address on Sacrifice and Service, and continued its sessions on the 4th, 5th and 6th.

The opening devotional service was led by the Rev. C. G. Pincombe, who gave a stirring address on Sacrifice and Service. In the absence of the county president, H. King, and the secretary, Miss Baird, the Rev. C. G. Pincombe was voted to the chair, and C. D. Dykeman, secretary pro tem.

Deacon Joshua Colwell heartily welcomed the ministers and delegates, which was cordially responded to by Licentiate S. W. Stackhouse. The Rev. Edwin Smith, of Chipman, then gave a very scholarly and instructive address on the Home, as the Place of Development of the Moral and Christian Character in Connection with S. S. Work, by Co-operating in Its Spiritual Work for the Saving of Our Young People.

The Misses Olive Gunter and Maud Curry sang a duet, after which the Rev. W. A. Ross, M. A., general secretary, gave a very interesting talk on a choral choir life.

The second session opened with a half-hour devotional service, led by Rev. C. G. Pincombe, after which the general secretary outlined the various phases of Sunday school work in connection with the organized requirements of the duties to be performed by the various offices. Lic. S. W. Stackhouse delivered an excellent address on Soul Winning.

The checking of the lists of Sunday schools and the reports of some of them afforded much food for thoughtful reflection. Several schools were found to be in existence of which there was no record. Many sent no reports whatever, either to their own denomination or anywhere else. Several were closed unnecessarily during the winter, and the average attendance was not quite satisfactory.

The Rev. C. G. Pincombe, in his report as sole superintendent, said that he had sent a circular letter to thirty-five schools, enclosing specimen badges, and pamphlets two and three, dealing with the organization, and was looking forward to good results.

Secretary Ross then conducted a very instructive round table talk on How to Do Sunday School Work Effectively, which awakened a keen interest in all present.

The third session opened with the usual devotional half hour, led by C. D. Dykeman.

The report of the nominating committee was read and adopted, and the officers declared by the chairman for the ensuing year are as follows: Executive, president, Joshua Colwell; vice-president, J. B. Hawkes; secretary-treasurer, Mrs. Charles Larkins; department superintendent, element, Mrs. Leslie Wright; adult, Rev. C. G. Pincombe; home, Mrs. Wm. Burke; education, Rev. R. J. Plint; temperance, W. A. Ross; missionary, Rev. E. Smith; 1. P. R. A., Rev. E. G. Green; additional members of executive, I. Baird, J. W. Fosbury, Dr. McDonald.

The following five persons were elected as delegates to the forthcoming provincial convention in St. John: J. B. Hawkes, C. D. Dykeman, I. Fraser, H. King and Mrs. L. E. Wright.

Mrs. W. A. Ross gave a model lesson to a class of little boys and girls on the missionary spirit in John I: 33.

The Rev. C. G. Pincombe gave a fine address on a Man's Religion.

The Misses Grace Pin

Blasting Powder

Single and double tap fuse detonators.
Electric fuses, batteries.
Cast steel for drills.

W. H. THORNE CO., Limited
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

PRactical FARMER OFFERS UNANSWERABLE ARGUMENTS FAVOR OF RECIPROCIty

W. Carpenter Tells North End Ward Workers That New Trade Agreement Will Re-people Abandoned Farms of Province—Convincing Facts on Farm Produce Question—Dr. Alward Speaks Briefly.

Tuesday, Sept. 6.
A practical farmer told an enthusiastic city audience of the benefits of reciprocity to New Brunswick at the North End Liberal rooms last evening when I. W. Carpenter, of Wickham, Queens county, gave an able address on the subject, putting forward many new and convincing facts with regard to the effect of the trade agreement.

Abandoned farms in every country neighborhood in the province, he declared, resulted in the farmers remaining having their taxes greatly increased, and his own school taxes had been doubled within ten years without any increase in the value of his property. Without the accession of the Liberal party to power, he said, the province would be a wasteland, and the farmers would be driven to the States.

"The farmer is not looking for better prices for most of his produce," said Mr. Carpenter. "He is satisfied with a fair profit but he does want to be sure of realizing cash on his surplus. With many of us now the more we produce the worse we are off."

Mr. Carpenter came to the city yesterday en route to Sunbury county, where he will assist Col. H. H. McLean, the Liberal candidate, in several meetings during this week. He will speak tomorrow at the Settlement, and tomorrow at Lincoln. It was not intended as stated yesterday that Mr. Carpenter should remain over for the Liberal rally tomorrow evening at Queen's rink. As last week was the only time he was at liberty to speak in the city, he was taken for a tour of the ward meetings.

At the North End, however, in the commodious rooms of the Lorne, Lansdowne and Stanley wards in Temple of Honor hall, a good sized crowd had gathered. Mr. Carpenter, secretary of Lorne ward, was in the chair, and Dr. Silas Alward, K. C., who accompanied Mr. Carpenter on his tour of the wards, was the first speaker.

He first told of the great success of the Liberal meetings at Gagetown and Hampstead on Saturday and the bright prospects for a large majority for Colonel McLean in the constituency. Some of those in the audience might be surprised to learn that his present position, but he appeared simply as a voter who stood by the principles he had supported for forty years, and who realized that it was imperative to continue to vote against Dr. Pugsley, the man who had done so much for St. John. When he looked back on the struggles of St. John to become a national port, assisted by Hon. George E. Foster, he could not help comparing the latter's record with the extensive dredging, the building of the \$600,000 wharf, the contracts in courtesy Bay, the plans for the expenditure of \$1,000,000 in rebuilding and the further development on the west side.

Dr. Alward then took up the question of reciprocity and pointed out what a mistake St. John was making in not recognizing it if they voted against the trade agreement.

Mr. Carpenter modestly disclaimed any pretensions as a public speaker, being his first appearance before a city audience, but he came to tell of the farmer's part in the trade discussion as a farmer who had made every dollar he could in the province. He brought hearty greetings from the farmers of Queens to the city in which they were all interested, for they knew that when the city was prospering, the trade country behind it would be prosperous as well.

"I have to disagree on many points with the Conservative party," said Mr. Carpenter, "but I am in favor of reciprocity. YOU CAN NEVER BRING IN NEW SETTLERS OR RECLAIM THE ABANDONED FARMS OF THIS PROVINCE WITHOUT IMPROVING THE MARKETS."

Mr. Carpenter also spoke generally on the agreement, quoting from the Conservative leaders in favor of the policy. A vote of thanks to the speakers was heartily carried and both made a graceful response.

The board of health figures and the statistics of Dr. G. E. Melvin, medical inspector, showed ninety-eight deaths in the city during August. Of the number forty-seven were deaths of children under five years of age. The following cases of notifiable disease were reported: Diphtheria, 6; scarlet fever, 4; typhoid fever, 11; tubercular disease, 8.

Mr. Bath of the engineering firm of Norton & Griffiths, who it is said are the latest tenders for the Courtenay Bay terminals, has returned to Montreal. He was well satisfied with the outlook of St. John as the site for big harbor works. His return in a short time is looked for.

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OBITUARY

Capt. James E. Howard
Gaspereaux Station, N. B., Sept. 4.—The death of Captain James Edwin Howard, after a lingering illness, took place on Saturday, the 2nd instant, and the remains were taken to rest in the family burying ground here.

Services were conducted by the Rev. J. K. King, assisted by the Rev. S. B. Fitzpatrick. For fifteen years Capt. Howard was employed by the Assumption, and left the schooner Arthur M. Gibson one year ago owing to ill health. Deceased is survived by a wife, formerly Miss Ida Pyle of Hopewell Cape, and one son, Edwin Darrell, to mourn.

Mrs. Martha DeLong
Wednesday, Sept. 6.
The death of Mrs. Martha DeLong, widow of David DeLong, occurred yesterday morning at her home in Elliott Row. She was enjoying good health until late Monday night, when on returning home about 10 o'clock she became ill and passed away soon after midnight.

She is survived by two sons, Captain William DeLong and George DeLong, and Simon, of New London (Conn.). Her daughter, Miss Maud, lives at home. Two sisters, Mrs. E. DeLong and Mrs. J. Wright, of St. Martins, also survive. The funeral will take place tomorrow, interment being made at St. Martins.

James T. Corbett
Wednesday, Sept. 6.
Death came suddenly to James T. Corbett, of Adelaide street, about 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning. He was about fifty-four years of age and was employed with his brother, R. A. Corbett, contractor. Last night he retired about 10 o'clock apparently in the best of health, but soon after midnight he became ill and died within a few minutes, death resulting from heart trouble.

Mr. Corbett was born in Queens county but had lived in the North End for about twenty years. He is survived by his wife, a sister, Mrs. R. A. Corbett, and two sisters, Mrs. William Bell, of Adelaide street, and Miss May Corbett, also of this city. The funeral will be taken by train to Wolford, thence to Coots Hill, Peterborough. Funeral services this evening by Rev. H. D. Marr.

Thomas E. Shillington
Thursday, Sept. 7.
Many will regret to learn of the death of Thomas E. Shillington, a prominent St. John County man, who passed away at his father's residence, Silver Lake, yesterday morning after a brief illness. Mr. Shillington was a native of New Brunswick. Good prices were paid and the New Brunswick farmers became much encouraged, believing that at last an opportunity had come to make ready money, perhaps to pay off the mortgage standing on the farm, or perhaps to enable him to add a little to his land. All over the province the potato yield was increased and the provincial government professed to be aiding the industry. Then the next year the Montreal market was found to be filled up with the usual supply from home sources. New Brunswick farmers had to look elsewhere and a desperate effort was made to force an entrance into the Cuban market, many of those concerned meeting with heavy losses. I had 400 barrels of potatoes in my cellar that year and I left them there for I could not sell them at a profit at the prices offered. Instead I fed them to my pigs and realized in pork.

"The next year," continued Mr. Carpenter, "when I suggested a home crop of potatoes my boys objected. They said there was no money in them but I advised that the crops were likely to reverse and my words came true. The discouraged farmer and grower of potatoes raised again after one grand spurt and I was able to sell that year's crop at \$1.75 to \$2.50 a barrel. This was one time where potatoes were a little cheaper on the other side of the line and it is right here that the consumers will greatly benefit. In case of a pinch of this kind or any abnormal shortage resulting in increase of prices some American potatoes are likely to come in, forcing the prices down to a normal level. The farmer will not object to this. I am sure, for he is not looking for extraordinary prices, but simply a chance to market his surplus."

Another Telling Point
Mr. Carpenter made another telling point in speaking of the difficulty of the provincial government to secure any number of settlers to locate in the province.

"When the man with money to invest in a farm with hope of return comes to the province, Mr. Wilton may take him through the most attractive sections of the province, but the man, if he knows his business, and that is the kind of a man we want, will always come back to the question of markets. When here, Mr. Wilton tells the man, as he will have to, that the smaller towns and cities are supplied from the country within a small radius and that St. John has hardly 50,000 people to support, and that there is no other market for general produce without meeting a high duty, the prospective settler is likely to look abroad for new fields. When it can be pointed out to him that he is close to the market of the large cities of the United States with free entrance for his produce, whether he is an Englishman, a Scotchman or a Scandinavian, it makes matters not, he is likely to make up his mind to remain in New Brunswick. YOU CAN NEVER BRING IN NEW SETTLERS OR RECLAIM THE ABANDONED FARMS OF THIS PROVINCE WITHOUT IMPROVING THE MARKETS."

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WEDDINGS

Wednesday, Sept. 6.
An event of much interest to many St. John people took place yesterday at 4 p. m. in the Assumption, the bride looking lovely as leaning on her father's arm, she entered the church to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March. Her dress was cream duchesse satin, trimmed with panels of Venice lace, the traditional bridal veil and orange blossoms completing a charming costume. She carried a shower bouquet of white and lilacs of the valley. The bridegroom, Mr. H. Nugent, St. Martins, wore a very pretty dress of blue chifon over pink melleine ball-trimmings, a black picture hat with blue velvet plumes. Her bouquet was pink sweet peas and autumn leaves. The mother of the bride was most becomingly dressed in black satin with green metal embroidery and white and black with white plumes. The groom was in a suit of H. Nugent, St. Martins, and holds a position in the railway mail service. He was supported by his brother, Charles Nugent, of St. Martins, and New York, and John A. Barry very acceptably filled the position of ushers. Many friends of the bride and groom were present in the church, and after the ceremony repaired to the home of the bride's parents, where a repast was served. The many friends heartily congratulated the young couple, who left last evening for the Calvin Austin Hotel, Boston, and New York.

The bride's going away gown was a pretty tailored costume in green, with hat to match. The presents, which included cut glass, silver, and china, were numerous but beautiful. The bride and groom wish their friends in wishing them many years of wedded happiness. On the return, Mr. and Mrs. Nugent will reside at 192 Waterloo street.

Joseph B. Mercer
Thursday, Sept. 7.
The death of Joseph B. Mercer, at the Provincial Hospital, occurred suddenly yesterday morning. He leaves to mourn his wife and one daughter. He was the son of the late Joseph Mercer, of this city, and a lifelong resident of this city. Mrs. Watters, Mrs. W. Fawcett and Joshua Barbeau of this city are cousins.

John T. Casey
Thursday, Sept. 7.
The death of John T. Casey occurred at the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Casey, 193 St. James street, West End, last evening. He was in the twenty-second year of his age, and had been in poor health for the past few months. In 1910 he was graduated from St. Joseph's University, receiving the degree of B. A. In the fall of 1910 he entered Laval University, Quebec, as a theological student, and it was while prosecuting his studies there for the priesthood that his health gave way. Possessed of a genial disposition he was liked by many friends, and the news of his death will be received with deep regret. At St. Joseph's University he was a very popular student. In addition to being an earnest worker he took an active part in athletic contests. He was a member of the university football team. He is survived by his parents and two sisters, Mrs. T. Leahy, of the West Side, and Blanche, at home.

Farley McLennan
Sydney, N. S., Sept. 6.—The marriage of Miss Isabel McLennan, eldest daughter of Mr. John Farley, proprietor of the Sydney Daily Post, to a son of the same name, was solemnized in Peterborough this morning by Rev. Mr. Godfrey, rector of Christ church.

The bride wore a dress of white and silver brocade with tulle and lace designed and made by Walleau of London. Her going away dress comprised a suit of white serge, with a black and white hat. The bride was given away by her father, John McLennan. The maid of honor, Miss Katherine McLennan, sister of the bride, wore a dress of white embroidered crepe. The bridesmaids wore dresses of green and white. The groom was supported by Malcolm Donald, of Boston.

Woodstock, Sept. 6 (Special)—Miss Alice L. Shea, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Shea, of Woodstock, will be married at 8 o'clock this evening to Frank L. Pickel, son of John Pickel, Rev. H. C. Archer will officiate at the ceremony, which will take place at the residence of the bride's parents. The bride will be attended

Woodstock, N. B., Sept. 6 (Special)—A wedding of interest to many took place at the parish church here this afternoon, when Miss Marion Grace Dibble, daughter of G. P. R. Dibble, became the wife of Wm. Jack Dibble, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Allan Dibble. The ceremony, which was witnessed by the immediate relatives and intimate friends of the bride and groom, was performed at 2 o'clock by Rev. H. Goring Aldler. The church was tastefully decorated with flowers for the occasion. The bride, who was attended, was handsomely gowned in English lace, and carried a bouquet of pink sweet peas and autumn leaves. She was given away by her father, LeBaron Dibble and Irvine Dibble, brothers of the bride, acted as groomsmen.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the Dibble home at Lower Woodstock. The house was charmingly decorated with flowers and autumn leaves. Good wishes were showered on the bride and groom, after which a wedding luncheon was served. Subsequently Mr. and Mrs. Dibble left by auto for Skiff Lake, where they will spend their honeymoon. Returning to their home at Lower Woodstock. Both bride and groom are held in high regard by many friends, a fact well shown by the large number of very beautiful gifts received by the bride.

Cawley-Ramsay
Thursday, Sept. 7.
Holy Trinity church was the scene of a very pretty wedding yesterday morning when Miss Edith Teresa Ramsay, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Ramsay, of Rockland Road, was united in marriage to Robert L. Cawley, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Macintosh & Co., stockbrokers of this city. The ceremony was performed at 6:15 o'clock. Only relatives were guests, but friends of the bride and groom were present in the church, officiated.

The bride was given away by her father and the witnesses to the marriage were Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Kirkpatrick of Pleasant Rock, Mrs. Kirkpatrick being the bride's sister. The bride was very becomingly attired in a pale blue serge suit with large white flowers, adorned with plumes, and carried a large bouquet of sweet peas. Mrs. Kirkpatrick wore a pretty dress of robin egg blue with a large picture hat to match.

After the wedding the party drove to the home of the bride's parents in Rockland Road where a tempting wedding breakfast was served. The dining table was beautifully decorated with sweet peas. The bride and groom were then driven to the home of the bride's parents in Rockland Road where they will take a trip to the Annapolis Valley and other parts of Nova Scotia, and on their return will reside at 277 Rockland Road.

Both the young people are well known socially in the city and have a host of friends. Mrs. Cawley has a very happy home in her married life. Many presents were received including several checks for substantial amounts as well as remembrances in cut glass.

Macdonald-Tobin
Thursday, Sept. 7.
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The death of Joseph B. Mercer, at the Provincial Hospital, occurred suddenly yesterday morning. He leaves to mourn his wife and one daughter. He was the son of the late Joseph Mercer, of this city, and a lifelong resident of this city. Mrs. Watters, Mrs. W. Fawcett and Joshua Barbeau of this city are cousins.

John T. Casey
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The death of John T. Casey occurred at the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Casey, 193 St. James street, West End, last evening. He was in the twenty-second year of his age, and had been in poor health for the past few months. In 1910 he was graduated from St. Joseph's University, receiving the degree of B. A. In the fall of 1910 he entered Laval University, Quebec, as a theological student, and it was while prosecuting his studies there for the priesthood that his health gave way. Possessed of a genial disposition he was liked by many friends, and the news of his death will be received with deep regret. At St. Joseph's University he was a very popular student. In addition to being an earnest worker he took an active part in athletic contests. He was a member of the university football team. He is survived by his parents and two sisters, Mrs. T. Leahy, of the West Side, and Blanche, at home.

Farley McLennan
Sydney, N. S., Sept. 6.—The marriage of Miss Isabel McLennan, eldest daughter of Mr. John Farley, proprietor of the Sydney Daily Post, to a son of the same name, was solemnized in Peterborough this morning by Rev. Mr. Godfrey, rector of Christ church.

The bride wore a dress of white and silver brocade with tulle and lace designed and made by Walleau of London. Her going away dress comprised a suit of white serge, with a black and white hat. The bride was given away by her father, John McLennan. The maid of honor, Miss Katherine McLennan, sister of the bride, wore a dress of white embroidered crepe. The bridesmaids wore dresses of green and white. The groom was supported by Malcolm Donald, of Boston.

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After the ceremony a reception was held at the Dibble home at Lower Woodstock. The house was charmingly decorated with flowers and autumn leaves. Good wishes were showered on the bride and groom, after which a wedding luncheon was served. Subsequently Mr. and Mrs. Dibble left by auto for Skiff Lake, where they will spend their honeymoon. Returning to their home at Lower Woodstock. Both bride and groom are held in high regard by many friends, a fact well shown by the large number of very beautiful gifts received by the bride.

Cawley-Ramsay
Thursday, Sept. 7.
Holy Trinity church was the scene of a very pretty wedding yesterday morning when Miss Edith Teresa Ramsay, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Ramsay, of Rockland Road, was united in marriage to Robert L. Cawley, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Macintosh & Co., stockbrokers of this city. The ceremony was performed at 6:15 o'clock. Only relatives were guests, but friends of the bride and groom were present in the church, officiated.

The bride was given away by her father and the witnesses to the marriage were Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Kirkpatrick of Pleasant Rock, Mrs. Kirkpatrick being the bride's sister. The bride was very becomingly attired in a pale blue serge suit with large white flowers, adorned with plumes, and carried a large bouquet of sweet peas. Mrs. Kirkpatrick wore a pretty dress of robin egg blue with a large picture hat to match.

After the wedding the party drove to the home of the bride's parents in Rockland Road where a tempting wedding breakfast was served. The dining table was beautifully decorated with sweet peas. The bride and groom were then driven to the home of the bride's parents in Rockland Road where they will take a trip to the Annapolis Valley and other parts of Nova Scotia, and on their return will reside at 277 Rockland Road.

Both the young people are well known socially in the city and have a host of friends. Mrs. Cawley has a very happy home in her married life. Many presents were received including several checks for substantial amounts as well as remembrances in cut glass.

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CANADIAN DRUG CO. LIMITED
Wholesale Druggists, St. John, N. B.
Original Bears Register No. 1295

SHOCKING CONDITION OF AFFAIRS REPORTED AT SLAUGHTER HOUSES

Dr. Melvin, Medical Health Officer, Declares That Methods of Feeding Animals are Horrible and Menacing to the Public Health—Letter Read to Common Council Yesterday—Inadequate Water Supply Found.

A shocking and almost unbelievable condition of affairs at the slaughter houses which supply St. John with a large proportion of its fresh meat was revealed in a communication which was read before the common council yesterday afternoon. The fact that the statements are put forth in an official report by a medical man specially trained in such matters leaves little room for doubt regarding the facts. That such a condition of affairs could continue for years is almost inconceivable, but the facts as presented in the report were learned at first hand by a man who would have no motive for misrepresenting them.

Ald. Kierstead, at yesterday's meeting of the common council, read a letter from Dr. G. E. Melvin describing the results of his investigations, and moved that a committee be appointed to further investigate the matter and take steps to protect the citizens against the output of these slaughter houses, particularly the pork raised on the premises.

In seconding the motion, Ald. Wigmore spoke very strongly of the need for prompt action and the motion was carried unanimously. A committee was appointed consisting of Aldermen Kierstead, Christie and Green, with Mayor Frink.

The letter which caused the sensation is as follows:
St. John, N. B., July 29, 1911.
Alderman J. W. Keirstead, St. John (N. B.).
Dear Mr. Keirstead:—At your request I send you some information from personal observation, relative to the slaughter houses mentioned and the sanitary conditions pertaining to them.

I have the following in my record book, a copy of which, with comments, was embodied in my quarterly report to the local board of health last September, and of which a copy was also transmitted the same month to the Provincial Board of Health.</