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THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 25, 1915

PROBS—FAIR

PRICE TWO CENTS

TIDE OF WAR STRONGLY IN FAVOR OF THE ALLIES

BRITISH Airmen Raid German Works

FRENCH Repulse Enemy In Night Attacks

RUSSIAN Troops in Greatest Battle of Campaign

HUNGARIANS NOW FEAR APPROACH OF THE "BEAR"

Fall of Przemyśl Has Awakened Them to Sense of Pressing Danger—Vienna Paper Tells of Privations of Garrison—Literally Starved into Submission—Ate Oats and Horse Flesh.

Venice, via London, March 24.—The fall of Przemyśl has exercised a depressing effect throughout Austria-Hungary, according to advices received here. Especially is this the case in Hungary, where the danger of a Russian invasion increases. The newspapers, however, are united in declaring the situation in Galicia and the Carpathians to be absolutely unaffected by the loss of the fortress.

In Vienna the news of the capitulation of Przemyśl was received somewhat apathetically, but it was noticeable that the people sought their homes from the cafes and restaurants earlier than usual. The newspapers print interviews with military and political personages, who, for the most part confine themselves to praising the heroism of the garrison. General Schöenaich, the former Minister of War, said:

"Everything now depends upon the tremendous battle raging in the Carpathians. If we succeed in defeating the enemy, then the fall of Przemyśl will remain only an episode of the war."

"A war correspondent of the Neue Freie Presse reports that the fighting in Dukla and Uszok Passes is proceeding with unabated fury, and is apparently likely to continue for some time.

LITERALLY STARVED INTO SUBMISSION.

Vienna, via Amsterdam, March 24.—The Neue Freie Presse describes the shocking privations to which the garrison at Przemyśl was reduced prior to the capitulation of the fortress. Five airmen, who made their escape, relate that during the last few weeks the hospitals were crowded with people exhausted by hunger. Almost every second man was in hospital.

Before the last sortie on Friday each man received two tins of preserves, which were ravenously devoured. In many cases the sorely tried digestive organs could not support the unaccustomed quantity of food, with the result that the men fell ill and some of them died.

All of the horses had already been killed and eaten, including the general's chargers. The last supplies of oats were ground into meal, which, with horse flesh, was distributed to the starving.

A NOVA SCOTIAN COMPLAINT AIRED IN DOMINION HOUSE

Affairs of Nova Scotia Battalion in First Contingent Made Subject of Lively Debate—General Hughes Denies Reports Accusing Him of Using Strong Language.

Ottawa, March 24.—When the House went into supply on militia estimates, Mr. Kite, of Richmond, N. S., while complimenting Major General Hughes upon having shown "marvellous energy and very great ability," took occasion to bring to the attention of the committee two letters relating to the removal of Lieut.-Col. Struan G. Robertson from the command of the 17th Nova Scotia Battalion, of the first contingent, and the practical disbanding of that corps.

Mr. Kite read a letter sent to the Premier, by C. A. Andrews, Lieutenant 75th Regiment, Major Struan Robertson, 75th Regiment, and Captain C. E. Bent and L. E. Cutler. This letter was dated Valcartier Camp, on September 13th last, and contained complaints that there was no preparation made to receive them at camp. It said the application was made to the Minister for permission to form a Nova Scotia Battalion, and that the Minister replied:

"Please get a move on and organize, as suggested." The camp commandant, the letter went on, refused to allow the Nova Scotians to be recruited to bring the regiment up to strength, and the Minister, in the presence of his staff, called the Nova Scotia officers "cowards and wire pullers."

Mr. Kite also read a letter written by Col. Robertson, to Mr. F. B. McCurdy from England. Col. Robertson said that because of the unrelenting hostility of the Minister of Militia the 17th Nova Scotia Battalion was practically non-existent. He had been informed that Major Hughes had said the battalion was a "political battalion" of Sir Robert Borden's, that he had nothing to do with us and we would never get to the front."

Col. Robertson said that his officers had been refused mess privileges when they reached England, the battalion had been two weeks cleaning up the ground at Pond Farm camp, after the fourth Battalion left. It had been moved to Bustard Camp, after the Princess Patricia's regiment, and had found it in a filthy condition. It had later been taken to Sling Plantation and lodged in 18 huts, just enough to accommodate only half the number of officers and men; it had been deprived of its medical officers at Edmas, and had never been inspected by the general officer commanding or any divisional officer. Col. Robertson said that the general officer commanding had advised him to resign, because the authorities were down on him, and that on January 28th he had been relieved of his command.

"The G. O. C.," said Col. Robertson, "is a very weak man. He does not seem to understand human nature. He makes no effort to get to know the officers or men."

The Premier's Reply.

Sir Robert Borden said that Mr. Kite had taken a very unusual course in giving publicity to letters attacking the Canadian forces at the front. However, the member for Richmond would have to accept the responsibility for that. It might be a legitimate act of party warfare on the part of Mr. Kite to use the letters for the purpose of attacking the minister of militia. He would, however, have to accept the responsibility for that also. However, Sir Robert did not think Mr. Kite should have taken advantage of the occasion to make an attack upon the officer selected with the approval of Lord Kitchener and the War Office to command the Canadians now facing the foe.

"I have made careful inquiries," he concluded, "as to the treatment of these men at Valcartier and at Salisbury Plain, and I think I have exhausted every source of information. There was no disposition on the part of the Minister of Militia, so far as I have observed, to discriminate in any way against the Nova Scotia regiment. With the Minister of Militia, I met

Continued on page 2.

BRITISH AVIATORS STRUCK A HEAVY BLOW AT THE GERMAN SUBMARINES, NEAR ANTWERP

Admiralty's Official Account of Expedition Against Enemy's Submarine Plant Shows Much Damage Was Inflicted by Our Airmen—One Aviator Interned in Holland.

London, March 24.—The British Admiralty this afternoon issued a statement saying that a British air raid had been successfully carried out today on German submarines at Hoboken, three miles outside of Antwerp.

The text of the Admiralty statement was as follows:

"The following has been received from Wing Commander Longmore: 'I have to report that a successful air attack was carried out this morning by five machines of the Dunkirk squadron on the German submarines being constructed at Hoboken, near Antwerp.'

"Two of the pilots had to return owing to thick weather, but Squadron Commander Ivor T. Courtney, and Flight Lt. H. Rosser reached their objective, and after plunging down to 1,000 feet dropped four bombs each on the submarines.

"It is believed that considerable damage has been done to both the works and the submarines.

"The works were observed to be on fire. In all, five submarines were observed on the slip.

"Flight Lt. B. Cossley-Meates was obliged by engine trouble to descend in Holland.

"Owing to the mist the two pilots experienced considerable difficulty in finding their way and they were subjected to a heavy gun fire while delivering their attacks."

Flight Commander Cossley-Meates, of the British aviation service, in consequence of engine trouble, while en route to make an attack on Antwerp, was obliged to land at Krullingen according to a despatch from The Hague to Reuters' Telegram Company. The airman was not injured. He will be interned.

FIERCE BATTLE IS RAGING IN THE PASSES OF CARPATHIANS

"One of Greatest of the Campaign" is Berlin's Estimate of Clash Between Germans and Russians.

Berlin, Mar. 24, via London.—Reports from the Carpathians indicate that some of the greatest and most sanguinary battles of the campaign is now raging. A special correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger telegraphs:

"The great bloody battle is now in full swing in the Carpathians. It has not yet reached a point where a definite judgment can be passed on the events at any point. The conflict is likely to be waged days yet with equal fierceness by both sides.

"The next few days probably will see the released Przemyśl investment army engaged in this struggle. Conditions to the north of the Vistula river and along the Bug and Narew lines appear to have changed little or not at all recently."

Brief Despatches Telling of Incidents of War Time

RUSSIA WANTS DARDANELLES.

Petrograd via London, March 24.—The congress of representatives of the nobility, now holding its annual session in Petrograd, today unanimously adopted the following resolution:

"The vital interests of Russia require full possession of Constantinople and both shores of the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles, and the adjacent islands."

BRITISH STEAMER'S CLOSE CALL.

London, March 24.—For half an hour yesterday, according to the master of the British cargo steamer Teal, which arrived in the Thames today, his craft was the target of a German aeroplane while off the coast of the Netherlands. The air craft not only dropped bombs and steel arrows, but also opened fire with a small machine gun. With the exception of a hole in her deck, made by an arrow, the Teal suffered no damage.

OBSERVING STRICT NEUTRALITY.

Washington, March 24.—All British cruisers, not only in American waters, but in the Caribbean, Pacific and South Atlantic, have been ordered to refrain from taking supplies from neutral countries in order to avoid breaches of neutrality.

AMERICANS IN DANGER.

Washington, March 24.—United States Consul W. F. Smith, stationed at Batum, Russia, and who now is at Tiflis, informed the State Department today that American missionaries and refugees were in danger at Urmiah, Persia, where the Turkish consul, Raghib Bey, at the head of 700 Askaris, was recently reported to have led an uprising against the American mission.

ANOTHER GERMAN "FABLE."

Berlin, March 24. (by wireless to Saville).—Included in the items of news given out today by the Overseas News Agency, is the following:

"The Giornale D'Italia, of Rome, has received a despatch from Athens saying that the British battleship Cornwallis has been disabled in the Dardanelles fighting."

SAYS CANADIANS ARE CARELESS.

London, Ont., March 24.—Careless and indiscretion in the trenches have been responsible for no few Canadian casualties to date, declares Lieut. Col. MacDonnell, of the headquarters staff of the first Canadian contingent, in a letter to Col. Shannon, commanding officer of the first divisional area.

THE RIGHTS OF OUR SOLDIERS.

Ottawa, March 24. (via Canadian Press).—"I have not examined the legislation but I think it very unwise to make any discrimination with regard to the soldiers of this country," said Major Gen. Sam Hughes this morning when told of the Ontario government's decision to prohibit the selling of liquor to soldiers in uniform. "The soldier is a citizen just like any other man," he concluded.

CANADA'S WAR VOTE PASSED IN COMMITTEE

Proposal for \$100,000,000 Appropriation Passed All Stages.

Tariff Bill Passed Committee But Bills for Special Taxation Evoked Some Discussion.

Ottawa, Mar. 24.—The resolution providing for the appropriation of \$100,000,000 to meet the cost to Canada of the war during the year ending March 31st, 1916, was put through the committee stage in the Commons this morning, without objections from the opposition.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier expressed the hope that the government would give the house information regarding the measures taken for the security of Canada.

Sir Robert Borden said that he would gladly give members of the house the required information. He told of the steps which had been taken to protect public property. The resolution went through in less than ten minutes.

Hon. Charles Doherty's bill providing for the extension of licenses of insurance companies was passed and Hon. W. T. White's war tariff bill was then taken up in committee. It came in for criticism only from Hon. W. Pugsley, who urged that to further the "patriotism and production" campaign the government should place fertilizers on the free list.

To this the Finance Minister replied that the government had exempted all fertilizer from the operation of the special war tariff and had in all its tariff legislation had the interest of the farmers at heart. At the same time, he said, there were a number of manufacturers of fertilizers in Canada who would now be required to pay extra duties upon their coal and machinery and who would thus find themselves faced by an increase in the cost of production of their goods. It would be hardly fair to these persons to reduce the small duty placed upon manufactured fertilizers by the tariff of 1907.

The tariff bill was put through committee and passed.

Special Taxes.

The House then went into committee on the special taxation bill. During the afternoon sitting Hon. W. T. White explained a number of points in the new taxes to the committees, and announced some change. One change is in regard to the stamp tax, on promissory notes, bills of exchange and cheques, which originally had to be affixed by the person who issued the cheque and cancelled by him. Now the stamp will be affixed by the person issuing the cheque but cancelled by the bank on presentation.

Mr. E. M. MacDonald said that many people might forget at first to affix the stamp to cheques, etc., and he did not think it was fair to make such acts a crime punishable by penalties since the bill already provided that no banks could cash a cheque not stamped.

He pointed out that the special tax would not be required on letters going to France, in view of the fact that the postage was five cents or more. The committee then took up the sections providing for stamp taxes on wines, and the Finance Minister read the opinion of the Deputy Minister of Justice, to the effect that the tax on champagnes would not constitute an infringement of the terms of the French treaty.

An amendment was announced by the Finance Minister to make wine growers who used their product in the manufacture of medicinal wines subject to the tax.

Mr. German, supported by Mr. J. H. Sinclair, objected to taxing patent medicines at all. They were the poor

RUSSIANS AND GERMANS IN HAND TO HAND GRIPS

Official Communication Tells of Great Valor Shown by Czar's Troops—4,000 German Prisoners Taken in One Day—Slow But Sure Progress Along Whole Line.

Petrograd, March 24, via London, March 25, 1.37 a. m.—The following official communication from general headquarters was issued to-night:

"On the right bank of the Narew river, on the Skwa Orzye front, including the right bank of the river Orzye, the engagements for possession of isolated points of vantage are assuming a more general and extremely desperate character. The Germans, who brought up strong reinforcements here at the expense of their other fronts, are stubbornly defending their position by a deadly fire and are opening new and vigorous counter-attacks.

"Our troops, however, are making slow but sure progress, capturing trenches.

HAND TO HAND FIGHTING.

"Among the noteworthy actions have been hand to hand engagements fought near Vakh Karask and Jednoroziec, where our troops who attacked with self-sacrificing valor, gained the day, taking about 300 prisoners, eight machine guns and two mortars.

"On the left bank of the Vistula there have been no important changes. The Germans have been forced to evacuate Domanevitz farm on the Pilica, and we have consolidated the ground won. Counter-attacks in this region have been repulsed.

"In the Carpathians our troops are advancing. They seized today several fortified heights on the front between the roads leading to Bartfield and Uszek. Everywhere the counter-attacks of the enemy were unsuccessful. We took, during the course of the day, over 4,000 prisoners, one field gun and dozens of machine guns.

"On March 22 the Germans again attacked without success height No. 992 near Koziouka."

GOVERNMENT MOVING TO TAKE OVER BRANCH LINES

Hon. Frank Cochrane Gives Notice of Necessary Legislation—Another of Premier Borden's Pledges to be Kept.

Ottawa, Mar. 24.—Notice of important legislation affecting the expansion of the system of government railways has been given by Hon. Frank Cochrane. There are, in all, three resolutions, the first providing that the Minister of Railways, subject to the authority of the Governor-in-council, may construct, purchase, or otherwise acquire in whole, or in part, any railway, railway bridge, railway station, terminal, ferry, or other railway work in the province of Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island. It is provided that a copy of every such lease, or contract, must be laid before parliament and no railway of more than 200 miles in length is to be acquired, and no railway may connect directly with the government railway's system. No railway of more than twenty-five miles is to be constructed until after a sum of money for the purchase is appropriated by parliament. All lines so constructed or acquired are to become part of the government railway system.

Another resolution is destined for the ratification of an agreement dated March 18, last for the sale to the government of the New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island Railway, including the main line of thirty-six miles from Sackville to Cape Tormentine. The purchase price is \$270,000, and until it is paid the government is to pay interest at four per cent. from August 1st last.

The third resolution confirms an agreement of August 1st, 1914, between the International Railway, of New Brunswick, and Thomas Malcolm, contractor, and the King, for the sale to the government of the whole of the company's undertaking, the line extending from Campbellton to St. Leonard, 112 miles, for \$2,700,000. It is provided that the money may be paid any time within five years, and that the line may be leased to the government in the meantime at \$90,000 per annum, payable half yearly.

AUSTRIAN TROOPS MASSING AGAINST ITALIAN INVASION

London, Mar. 25 (3.35 a.m.)—A Rome despatch to the Daily News says that half a million Austrian troops are massed in Southern Tyrol and Trentino, indicating a fear of invasion. Virtually all the villages between Sugana and Lake Garda have been evacuated by their inhabitants, and many houses along the frontier have been blown up. Batteries have been posted at every point of vantage, and heavy guns have been mounted at an altitude of about 7,000 feet.

SPRINGHILL BEATS SUSSEX.

Springhill Mines, N. S., March 24.—By defeating Sussex, the New Brunswick champions by the score of 6 to 2 in tonight's game the Springhill Lynx have won a clear title to the six-men hockey championship of the Maritime Provinces.

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H. V. MacKINNON, Managing Editor.
ALFRED E. MCGINLEY, Editor.
United States Representatives: Henry DeClerq, Chicago, Ill., Louis Klebahn, New York.
British Representative: Frederick A. Smyth, London.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.
TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

NO GROUND FOR COMPLAINT.
The United States has no ground for complaint over the tenor of the messages sent by Sir Edward Grey to Mr. Bryan respecting the treatment of neutral commerce by the belligerents. Depredations of German submarines forced Great Britain to adopt a certain policy in respect to the commerce of her enemy. In this she was supported by her Allies, and all the protests the United States can make will not cause them to abandon the system which is not barbarous and, as far as can be, protects the lives of neutrals and civilians.

Thousands of Dollars Saved.
Major General Hughes, when the necessity arose for Canadian contingents to participate in the Empire war, had under his charge the mobilization, training and equipment of those forces. When the first contingent arrived at Salisbury their equipment was so thorough that they gained for themselves the title of "the complete army." Despatches from the war zone indicate that contingent, in the fighting it has had to do, has met the fondest hopes of Canadians. It has borne itself well in the Empire's battle line and to Canada comes the credit.

NO BLOCKERS' BRIGADE AT OTTAWA.
The sessions of the Public Accounts Committee at Ottawa have been notable for one thing, they have shown beyond question that it is the desire of the Borden Government that all transactions in connection with war contracts either for the Canadian or British Governments should receive the fullest measure of publicity. The Government has nothing to hide. As Dr. Reid correctly put it, "if there is anything to be ferreted out we want it out" and the Government is acting on this principle.

THE WAR SITUATION.
Yesterday's despatches from the areas of conflict contain cheering information. A British aerial squadron has made a successful attack upon German submarine works near Antwerp and, it is believed, inflicted material damage on the plant as well as on partly finished submarines. Details of engagements in which British and French troops opposed the Germans indicate that the fighting was of the most ferocious character, one account of a French operation relating how the French soldiers continued to bayonet the Germans until their bayonets were unfit for further work and then clubbed their rifles and fought on.

Could not go ten steps for the pain in his kidneys.
When you get a pain in the back you may rest assured that it comes from derangement of the kidneys, for were there not something wrong with the kidneys the back should be strong and well. Doan's Kidney Pills regulate the kidneys, and there is no further cause for any kidney trouble to exist. What more needs to be said? While Doan's Kidney Pills are not a "balm for every ill that flesh is heir to," they are a positive, never-failing remedy for every disease that has its inception in the improper action in those delicate little filters of the blood, the kidneys.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.
REV. MR. HAUGHTON REPLIES TO "A FRIEND OF MICHAEL GRIFFIN."
To the Editor of The Standard, Sir,—I have read the letter published in The Standard this morning, and signed "A Friend of Michael Griffin."

Little Benny's Note Book.
Sum men came to our house last night to play cards with pop, and yesterday afternoon pop sed to me, Pawlsen, of course the boys will want a littel refreshment tonite.

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THE WAR SITUATION.
The Times reads into an expression of The Standard that "the people are in control and can have what they desire and are prepared to pay for," an endorsement of the commission system of government. This paper has refrained from expressing an opinion as to the success or failure of commission, merely pointing out that the people adopted it and are the ones to judge of its success or failure. We are glad to see that the Times recognizes that the people possess this right. Why then does it attempt to ridicule an effort of a very large section of the citizens of St. John to get an expression of opinion on the system itself? Does the Times fear that such an expression may not be favorable?

LEGISLATURE DEALT WITH MANY BILLS

Bill to authorize land grant to P. W. Thomson created some discussion—St. John bills introduced.

(OFFICIAL REPORT)
Fredericton, N. B., Mar. 24.—The House met at three o'clock.

Mr. Carter presented the report of the standing rules committee.

Mr. Dugal gave notice of inquiry as to the steamship service between St. John and Hampton.

Mr. Pelletier gave notice of inquiry regarding the amount due from school book vendors.

Hon. Mr. Wilson presented the petition of the city of St. John in favor of the bill to amend the city of St. John assessment act of 1909. He also introduced a bill to exempt a stand-pipe in the parish of Lancaster from taxation.

Mr. Lockhart introduced a bill relating to the appointment of commissioners of the St. John Municipal House.

Hon. Mr. Morrissey presented the petition of James Robinson and others in favor of a bill relating to the South West Boom Company.

Hon. Mr. Baxter introduced a bill to amend the rates and taxes act, also a bill relating to the imposition of certain taxes on certain incorporated companies and associations.

Hon. Dr. Landry presented the annual report of the Hôtel Dieu at Tracadie.

Mr. Carter introduced a bill to amend chapter 6, 2 George V., section 13 so far as it relates to Victoria county.

The House in Committee
The House went into committee with Mr. Munro in the chair and agreed to the bill to enable the rector, church wardens and vestry of the parish of Kingston to wind up the school fund.

The House again went into committee with Dr. Morehouse in the chair and took up consideration of the bill to enable the town of Sackville to borrow money and to issue debentures therefor.

Mr. Stewart of Northumberland said that as members did not appear to be provided with copies of the bill the chairman would please read it so that the House might know what it was about.

Hon. Mr. Baxter said he noticed that provision was made for maintenance of a reservoir which it was proposed to erect. He thought probably this was not what was intended, if so, it should be struck out.

Mr. Black said the object of the bill was to borrow money to erect a reservoir and not to maintain one, as the Sackville water system had been self-supporting for several years. The reference to maintenance was then struck out and the bill agreed to, with an amended title.

The house again went into committee with Mr. Munro in the chair and agreed to a bill to cancel certain grants of crown land.

On the bill to authorize a grant of certain crown land to Percy W. Thomson being taken up, Mr. Tilley inquired why, when the grant was being made for purposes of an incorporated company it should be taken in the name of a private individual.

Hon. Mr. Clarke said when the arrangement had been made, some time ago, the company was not properly organized, and Mr. Thomson was acting as a trustee for it. All arrangements were made with him and an order in council was passed authorizing the grant.

Mr. Tilley maintained that the grant should be made to the company direct.

Hon. Mr. Clarke replied that the bill was founded on an order in council which provided for a grant to Mr. Thomson.

Mr. Black inquired whether the grant provided the right to cut lumber, free of stumpage, as he noticed that \$2 per acre was being paid for the land.

Mr. Shipp asked if there was any reservation of right of way across the land for persons who might have interests on both sides of it.

Mr. Black wanted to know why a lease wouldn't be just as efficacious as an out and out grant. There might be a lot of lumber on the land which would be worth considerably more than the amount paid for it.

The Province Protected
Hon. Mr. Clarke said the province was absolutely protected in every way and was getting full return for grant. The company was worthy of consideration as it was a useful enterprise. However, he would be willing to add a clause to provide for a right of way to all who were entitled to it.

Mr. Tilley maintained that the grant should be made direct to the company and not to any individual member of it. Whatever obligations the purchaser was entering into should be entered into by the company direct for whose benefit the grant was being made.

Hon. Mr. Baxter said he understood that all the company's property was vested in Mr. Thomson as trustee for it and not in the company itself.

Mr. Young said there should be some provision made for fencing off the land granted in order to keep cattle and people from injury by coming in contact with power lines.

Hon. Mr. Clarke said that the whole

BRIGHT SIDE OF THE WAR

Young Toronto soldiers not disheartened by the campaign.

Dull care does not seem to be haunting H. J. Murney, jun., of 424 Lansdowne avenue, Toronto, a member of the Regimental Scouts of the Fifth Royal Highlanders, now with the 12th Battalion of the first Canadian contingent in France.

His father, Henry J. Murney, has just received the following letter from him, dated "Heaven Knows Where," Feb. 21:

"As you will already know, we made a very pleasant departure from our humble domiciles on the noted plains of rainy England on the evening of February 10th and after being tucked snugly away in trains by our affectionate officers, we passed the few hours of our train trip taking turns in stretching our legs. Our trip across the water was a rather pleasant one. It is quite beyond me to say what class we travelled, but the boat was a freighter, and we descended down the hold below the horses. Our beds were quite soft (the flooring being of pine), and those who were acrobatic enough to curl up in a space of two feet square enjoyed a very comfortable night's sleep. Officers troubled with rheumatics and muscular troubles, passed the nights quite happily playing with the grey backs.

Careful Diet.
"The sea got all swelled up with our matter had been very carefully considered by the government who felt it desirable that every interest should be thoroughly protected. He did not himself attach much importance to the question as to who the grant should issue to, and whether it was issued to the company or Mr. Thomson the province would receive the same protection. He thought there would be very little danger to cattle. However he was willing to have the bill amended to meet the views of honorable members, and moved that progress be reported and leave asked to sit again.

Mr. Stewart as Critic of English.
Mr. Stewart (Northumberland) said before bill was reported he would like to call attention to word "Evidenced" in the third line from the end. He was unable to find in any standard lexicon of the English language any such word available for use in the sense used in the bill, and he thought it would be well for the government to look into the matter and find a word more appropriate.

Hon. Mr. Clarke said he was not walking dictionary, and the word "evidenced" as used in the bill, if not authorized by a lexicon, was, at any rate, a very common usage of it, but he would take steps to look into the matter. Progress was reported.

For Prohibition.
Mr. Stewart (Northumberland) said he had been desired by the Derby-Millerton branch of the W. C. T. U., to bring to the notice of the government the earnest request of that association for the immediate suspension of manufacture of all spirituous and malt liquors during the war, not only to conserve our food supply but also that poverty and crime induced thereby may be reduced to a minimum.

Hon. Mr. Baxter moved that the bill to confirm the assessment of the City of St. John for 1915 be referred back to the municipalities committee for further consideration.

Mr. Pelletier moved that an address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant Governor asking that orders in council and other papers relating to the province's gift of potatoes to the Imperial government and to Belgian relief be brought down.

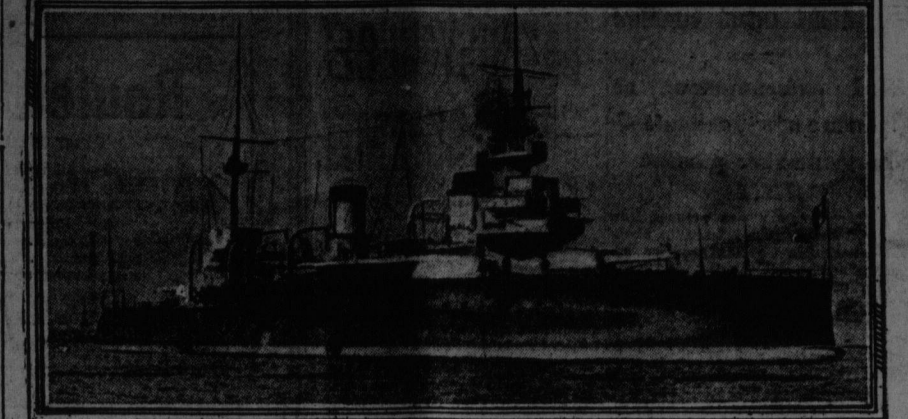
Hon. Mr. Clarke said the papers would be brought down without the formality of an address.

Mr. Dugal moved that an address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant Governor asking that copies of the correspondence between the government and its members and A. B. Gould relative to the construction of the St. John Valley Railway north of Centreville be brought down.

Hon. Mr. Clarke said the papers would be brought down without the formality of an address.

The House adjourned at 5.30 p. m.

FRENCH BATTLE SHIP SUNK IN DARDANELLES ATTACK



THE "BOUVET"
Here is shown the French battle ship Bouvet, which was sunk in the Dardanelles in the same engagement in which the British battle cruiser and the British battle ship Ocean were lost and several others put out of action. The Bouvet was a French battle ship of 12,250 tons and had a complement of 630 men. She was 297 feet long, had a maximum draught of 25-1-3 feet and a speed of seven-and-a-half knots. She was built at Lorient, where her keel was laid down in January, 1906, and she was completed in 1908 at a cost of \$6,000,000. She had three groups of Belleville boilers and 14,000-horse power. Her armament consisted of two 12-inch guns, two 10.8-inch, eight 5.5-inch, eight 4-inch, ten 3-pounders and twenty 1-pounders.

company and kept us two days late in reaching our port. A number of the fellows were sick, but Rod and I pulled through fine, I presume, owing to our diet. We dined solely on ship biscuit and bully beef; this makes a very delicate dish—if you like it—and your bayonet is sharp enough to pulverize the biscuit.

"We entered a very picturesque French harbor early in the morning of the 15th and lay at anchor all day, listening to the gulls singing Tipperary and watching the sun (which was quite a novelty to us). We docked that evening, but did not undock until the next night, when we booked box car class for a 48 hours tour of France. We had 42 in our car (don't let your mind wander to the large cars we have in Canada, think for a moment of the 2x's used here).

SOME ADVANTAGES.
"Of course there are advantages in being packed close, especially on a rough road. Our officers were very lenient with us; they let us peep through the slats of the cars, and let us off at several stations. There was only one trouble, and that was owing to our striking the first station about midnight and finding a shortage of girls, there being only two on the scene. The fellows had to line up for kisses. (I am saving mine for our reception in Berlin.) We received a great welcome here. All along the line both night and day, the people met and cheered us. They could be seen waving handkerchiefs from windows as we passed the towns and villages.

Will Deliver the Goods.
"The people seem to expect some good work from the Canadians and I think they'll get it. The fellows seem more satisfied now, and are still anxious to get further. Our present billets are about eight miles from the trenches, and have already been occupied by French, Belgian, Turco and German troops.

"I might mention we are billeted in barns, and have great sport fishing for our bully beef and hard tack when we lose it in the straw. We leave here tomorrow for quarters nearer the trenches and hope to see some fighting before the end of the week.

A Hard March.
"We were issued fur coats before leaving the boats and have quite a pack to carry now. Our rations ran out early on our train trip and they issued us each a three pound loaf of bread when we got off the train, but did not give us time to eat, and I think our march from the train to our billets was the most trying we have had yet.

"I received an armful of letters and papers yesterday, and was delighted to hear all the good news.

"The nearer the fighting we get the less war news we receive. We hear the United States and Holland have entered the big game, but have no other news.

"The guns are playing a lively tune just now; good luck to them."

MARQUARD'S POOR SHOWING.
Marquard's showing against the Waco team in Waco Monday did not appeal to the Giants' manager. On the contrary, it resulted in his sending a notice to "Rube" this morning that he prepare to accompany the second team back to New York. This party is to leave today and will be in charge of the assistant secretary, "Eddie" Brannick. It will travel through parts of Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Tennessee and Virginia.

THE AMATEUR GOLF.

An amateur golfer is one who has not accepted, directly or indirectly, any fee, gratuity, money or its equivalent as a consideration for the performance of any act or service arising in connection with the game of golf and who is not or has not been a professional in any other branch of athletics. Provided, however, that the above shall not apply to writing, editing or publishing articles, magazines or books on golf, or to laying out, constructing, supervising or giving advice concerning the layout, construction or upkeep of a golf course or any part thereof.

ST. MARTINS NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Seamons and son Louis, who have spent the winter here have returned to their home in Maine. Miss Nan Nugent is visiting friends in Boston, Mass.

Mr. Henderson, of Waterford, is the guest of Rev. J. J. and Mrs. Leroy. Mrs. S. E. Vaughan is spending several days in St. John.

Dr. H. L. Moran, of St. John, is in the village.

CUTLERY

Quickly and Easily
Polished with
Old Dutch Cleanser

Large Sifter Can with Full Directions, 10c

Order Your Daily Paper Now!

THE GREAT ADVANCE AGAINST GERMANY will, it is believed, commence in a very few weeks. No one can afford to be without the latest news of these world-stirring events. Kitchener's new army is now in France. The Canadians are there. Our New Brunswick boys are drawing nearer and nearer to the firing line.

You want to know about them, about the battles in which they may be engaged, and the successes which may attend their efforts.

This news can reach you only by means of a daily paper. There is none better than The Standard, nor any which can be so promptly obtained at so low a price. The Daily Standard is sold by mail outside the city of St. John at Three Dollars per year. We are, for the purpose of reaching those who may not be personally acquainted with this paper, making

AN EXCEPTIONAL OFFER

For a short time, we will give to bona fide new subscribers

The Daily Standard

AT

Two Dollars for One Year

This is for new subscribers only. The following coupon must be used

THE STANDARD, St. John, N. B.

Enclosed find Two Dollars, for which send me The Daily Standard for one year as per your special offer. I am not taking The Standard at present.

Name _____

Address _____

Date _____ 1915 _____

Cut out the coupon, fill in the name and address, enclose two dollars and mail at once to

The Standard Limited - St. John

DO NOT DELAY. This offer will shortly be withdrawn. You need a daily paper—you cannot find one better than The Standard.

ORDER IT NOW!

Constipation, Indigestion and Horrible Backaches

Searched for a Cure for Years—Advised to Try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and Was Cured.

Where there is poison there is pain. This is a provision of Nature to warn against conditions that are likely to prove serious.

Constipation of the bowels is undoubtedly the greatest source of disease and suffering. By using one of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills at bed-time as often as is necessary to keep the bowels regular you can cure constipation and the consequent indigestion, and remove the cause of backache, rheumatism and other painful diseases.

"Daily movement of the bowels" is the greatest law of health. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will help you to form this habit, add to your years, and bring comfort in old age.

Professor A. T. Smith, 1 Mt. Charles street, Montreal, and formerly of Boston, Mass., writes:—"I suffered for many years from bad digestion, constipation and horrible backaches. I have been treated by many doctors, without any results. One day a friend in Boston advised the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. After using two boxes I noticed great improvement, and after the fourth box I was completely cured. My digestion is good. I never feel any pain in the back. My head is clear, and I feel like a young man. I think Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are one of the best medicines on earth."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers. Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Fresh westerly to southerly winds, fair and mild today, showers in some localities tonight.

Around the City

Farm Settlement Board. A meeting of the Farm Settlement Board will be held at Fredericton on Friday.

Assessment Matters.

The Board of Trade is in communication with the assessors in a large number of cities in Ontario, and hopes to have an assessor from an Ontario city here and address a public meeting.

Soldiers To Bermuda

About one hundred soldiers of the R. C. R. arrived in the city yesterday morning and embarked on the C. P. R. steamer St. George and will go to Bermuda on the ship.

Concerts at Wolfville.

Grand festival concerts under the auspices of the Acadia Seminary Conservatory of Music will be given on March 29 and 30. The Acadia orchestra will give a popular programme on the evening of March 27.

Circuit Court Adjourns

The Circuit Court met yesterday morning and adjourned until this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. The jury cases—the Italian Mosaic Marble Company vs. the British American Construction Company, Limited, and Terrell vs. Doody—were made remanents, and will likely be tried at the next Circuit.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Mary E. Warnock. The death of Mrs. Mary E. Warnock, widow of the late John Warnock of Golden Grove, took place early this morning at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. A. Boyle, 190 Union street.

Wanted at once, a piano player.

Apply to Wansamaker's.

TROUBLESOME BOY LANDED IN POLICE CELLS

Van Buskirk of Moncton Carried Things With High Hand in Industrial Home.

Last night about 9.30 o'clock Superintendent McDonald of the Boys' Industrial Home in East St. John arrived at the central police station having in custody a sixteen year old prisoner named Van Buskirk, of Moncton.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES DID LITTLE DAMAGE

Blaze in J. M. Robinson's office destroyed furniture and books—A grass fire.

Shortly after noon yesterday fire was discovered in the office of Messrs. J. M. Robinson & Sons, Market Square. The fire originated in a waste paper basket in Mr. Robinson's private office, but the cause is not definitely known.

LAW TO EXPEDITE ELECTION PROTESTS

Changes recommended in Parliament permit voter to file protest.

Ottawa, March 24.—The special committee on elections today decided to recommend changes in the existing law to expedite the hearing of protest.

ENGLISHMAN ADMITS MURDER OF SMALL BOY

Owen Sound, Ont., March 24.—Henry Thackeray King, the Englishman arrested here for the murder of 12 year old Eddie Nicholson, today confessed to the crime.

MISSANABIE MASCOTS MADE MORE FRIENDS

Good entertainment at Seamen's Instituté — Large number present.

A large number was present last night at the Seamen's Instituté when the Missanabie Mascots provided an entertainment that pleased all.

Mr. McDonald stated that Van Buskirk was acting so badly in the home that hardly anything could be done with him. He will be taken before the magistrate to be dealt with. The youth is one of 34 boys who are confined in the home and he has defied the officials there and wants to fight them.

BUILDERS TO BE BUSY HERE THIS SUMMER

Many dwellings will be put up as well as other structures.

St. John will have an average amount of building during the present year. This was the information given by the architect. Many dwellings will be erected, particularly in the county, near the city outskirts.

HOP LEE WILL BE TRIED IN OPIUM CASE MONDAY

Special interpreter may be brought from Montreal for the occasion.

The case in which Hop Lee, the Mill street Chinese merchant, is charged with being the proprietor of a resort where opium is smoked, was to have been commenced in the Police Court yesterday afternoon but on the request of the defence was postponed until next Monday morning.

PINDER RESIGNED CHAIRMANSHIP OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Lt.-Col. Black, of Westmorland, new Chairman of important committee.

Fredericton, March 24.—Lieut.-Col. Black, of Westmorland, is the new chairman of the Public Accounts committee of the Legislature.

WEDDINGS.

OUTRAM-TWYNE.—At Holy Trinity Church, Malvern, England, by Rev. Maynard Smith, Vicar, on Jan. 19, David Valentine Outram to Millicent Mary, youngest daughter of the late Rev. Robert C. Twyne, Rector of Hawkwell, Essex, and Mrs. R. C. Twyne, Wistaria, Malvern.

DIED.

MACKLIN.—At her residence, 5 Celebration street, on 24th inst., after a short illness, Alice Maud Macklin, daughter of Catherine and the late Alonzo B. Gardner, leaving her mother, one brother and two sisters to mourn.

IN MEMORIAM.

KIMBALL.—In loving memory of my dear wife, Catherine Kimball, who departed this life March 25th, 1912.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.

Get Into the Open with A Roulette Standard Bicycle

The Better Wheel at the Lower Price. For all round good value in a Moderate Priced Wheel, you can't improve on the Roulette Standard Bicycle which is designed and built to give longest service with least repairs.

Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B.

Apron Values Worth Noticing

Choose from our assortments and procure the greatest amount of satisfaction for the smallest outlay. WORKING APRONS without bibs of best English. Cambrics, numerous new designs in dark colorings. Special 40c. each.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

"Reach" Baseball Goods

The Recognized Standard of the Baseball World Today. If you want the very best practical baseball goods made—insist that they have the mark Reach.



STORES OPEN AT 9 A.M. AND CLOSE EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK AT 6 O'CLOCK.

Great Sale of Prints at Only 11c a Yard Continued Today

WASH GOODS DEPT.—FRONT STORE.

EXHIBITION OF ORIENTAL RUGS

We consider ourselves fortunate just at this time in having been able to secure one of the largest and most interesting collections of ORIENTAL RUGS ever brought to our city.

In the existing circumstances we are able to offer these rugs at prices less than has been usual and owing to the fact that for a long time to come it may not only be extremely difficult but actually impossible to secure additional supplies of these goods from the Orient.

- The collection consists of fine Kirmans, Shirvans, Bokaras, Karadjas, Mosouls, Yoravans, Anatolians, Kurdistans, Mirzapores, Kazacs, Akbars, etc.

Door Mats, Hall Runners, Rugs of All Sizes. Prices Ranging from - \$8.00 to \$290.00

NOW ON SALE IN CARPET DEPT., GERMAIN STREET

See King Street Window Display

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited