



Miramichi Advance

CHATHAM, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1878.

Trade Returns.

It is highly gratifying to the Government, as it will be satisfactory to the country, that the Departmental Reports were ready to lay before Parliament at its opening, something that has not heretofore been accomplished since Confederation.

The first Blue Book, speaking of this year, is from the Department of the Minister of Customs, the "Tables of the Trade and Navigation of the Dominion of Canada." It is very voluminous, containing 946 pages, and complete in the details of the important subjects with which it deals.

The value of Dominion Exports and Imports, together with the duty collected each year ending 30th June, since 1868, are shown to have been, in round numbers, as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Year, Exports, Imports, Duty. Rows for 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878.

The total, under head of duty, contains an apparent error in addition, caused by the omission of the ad valorem duty that column. The Trade of the Dominion with Great Britain, for the year 1877, was larger than with any other country.

Our Imports from the United States, however, are \$61,000,000, against \$59,000,000 from Great Britain and the United States, both imports and exports, for the former, \$81,139,706 and for the latter \$77,097,914.

The percentage of duty on the total value of imports, both double and free, for the past year was as follows: Ontario, 12.83; Quebec, 12.27; Nova Scotia, 13.84; New Brunswick, 15.77; Manitoba, 15.92; British Columbia, 18.18; Prince Edward Island, 10.26. The average for the Dominion was 12.63, against 10.70 last year.

The rate of customs duties per head of population in the different Provinces are as follows: P. E. Island, \$2.40; Ontario, \$2.37; Nova Scotia, \$2.30; New Brunswick, \$3.82; Quebec, \$3.87; Manitoba, \$6.41; British Columbia, \$6.07. The rate for the Dominion averaged \$3.30.

The Commissioner of Customs says that from an examination of the Returns from the principal Ports of Entry and information otherwise obtained, he has been led to believe that the prices of general merchandise were as follows: Ontario, \$2.37; Nova Scotia, \$2.30; New Brunswick, \$3.82; Quebec, \$3.87; Manitoba, \$6.41; British Columbia, \$6.07. The rate for the Dominion averaged \$3.30.

Table with 3 columns: Province, Exports, Imports. Rows for New Brunswick, Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, P. E. Island, Manitoba, British Columbia.

We do not know the bases on which values are estimated at Ottawa, but they are evidently less than they should be. For purposes of comparison, however, this is not an important matter.

The expenditure in connection with the principal New Brunswick Customs House is as follows: First Estimate, \$1,200,000; Second Estimate, \$1,200,000; Total, \$2,400,000.

to Hon. Mr. Burpee and his assistants in his Department for the promise with which it is placed before Parliament and the public.

Shocking Murder. A most revolting murder case is occupying the attention of the St. John authorities, a report of which is on our fourth page and is continued on the second page.

Matters in the East. Although the British fleet promptly passed through the Dardanelles in order of the British Government, and in face of the Porte's protest, Russia's evident intention of occupying Constantinople has not been carried out even after the British fleet, subsequently, declared its intention to do so.

The Hansard Report contains the following respecting the doings of the House of Commons: The House of Commons met on Thursday, Feb. 7th. Hon. FRANK MITCHELL, having presented the duplicate of the indentures of his late Majesty, the late Queen Victoria, to the House, and having taken the oath according to law, and subscribed the roll containing the name, took his seat in the House.

FRIDAY, Feb. 8th. The Hon. FRANK MITCHELL, Member for the Electoral District of the County of Northumberland, New Brunswick, was introduced to the House by Mr. Kirkpatrick and Mr. Wright (Ottawa).

Mr. KIRKPATRICK: Mr. Speaker, the Hon. Peter Mitchell has been duly returned to represent the Electoral District of the County of Northumberland in the House of Commons, and has taken the oath and subscribed the roll, and now desires to take his seat.

Mr. SPEAKER: The hon. gentleman having taken his seat yesterday in this House, I think may now fairly resume it. I presume that it is by order of the House that you made that statement. I presume the Speaker is under the impression that the House, and can only speak when directed by order of the House, and not otherwise.

Mr. SPEAKER: I merely made a statement of fact as to the competence of the hon. gentleman to take his seat.

Mr. SPEAKER: I think it is something remarkable that the head of this House should have made the remark which you have just made. I felt very much surprised when objection was made to members taking their seats without being presented to the Speaker, and I felt very much surprised when objection was made to members taking their seats without being presented to the Speaker.

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from that of the ancient city of Dardaniat in the Province of Thracia. That "Public Document."

We contain, this week, to publish such portions of the Ministerial reply to Senator Macpherson's Pamphlet, figures from which were so glibly quoted by Mr. Mitchell in his recent Newcastle speech, he, however leaving his audience to understand that he had himself drawn said figures from original official sources.

A second, and if possible still graver, misstatement of Mr. Macpherson is the declaration that the total receipts of the Public Accounts and Dominion Statistics for 1878. There are not very recent accounts, and yet he has only the estimate of 1877 to go by. He says that Mr. Tilley either got or took authority to publish, in all, a total of some \$22,588,000.

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to over 4,000,000. The gross estimated receipts are \$23,400,000 from which are to be deducted some \$250,000 interest on investments not existing in 1870, giving an average per head of \$4.75. It results, therefore, that on an average per head between 1877-78 and 1869-70 is upon gross receipts \$4.30 per head; upon receipts proper, 34 cents per head. And as between 1877-78 and 1870-71, upon gross receipts 204 cents per head; upon receipts proper, 13 cents per head. Mr. Macpherson is in error as between 1869-70 and 1877-78 to the extent of \$1.37 per head, or \$137,000,000 per annum; and as to the actual tax receipts to the extent of \$1.66 per head, or \$166,000,000 per annum out of \$100,000,000. (Hear, hear, and loud cheers.)

Mr. Macpherson is in error, on a comparison of the gross receipts, to the extent of \$2.24 per head, or \$224,000,000 per annum; and as to the actual tax receipts to the extent of \$1.66 per head, or \$166,000,000 per annum; and as to the actual tax receipts to the extent of \$1.66 per head, or \$166,000,000 per annum.

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would serve as a covering for their past misdeeds. (Loud laughter.)

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Disastrous Fire. The following account of one of the heaviest fires that has taken place on the Miramichi was issued in the form of an Extra from this office on Thursday afternoon last, the matter having, however, received a little revision in reference to minor points.

About half-past two o'clock on Thursday morning His Lordship Bishop Rogers detected a slight smoke in his sleeping apartment adjoining the Pro-Cathedral on the second story of the well known pile of buildings of which that structure formed the centre. He at once looked down into the Church and not seeing the Sanctuary lamp burning as usual, thought it had accidentally gone out.

Mr. Rogers was at that time in the Sanctuary, and he was about to retire to his room when he was made sensible of the fact that there was a fire in the Sanctuary. He immediately called to the men in the Vestry Room, and those in the Sanctuary, as well as the several vessels left there, were destroyed, it being impossible to enter the Cathedral from the volume of smoke which accounted for the Sanctuary lamp appearing to have gone out and proved the startling fact that the building had been seriously on fire for perhaps half an hour.

Mr. Rogers, after the last Mass, most feelingly addressed the congregation, exhorting them to bow in humble resignation to the heavy visitation which God had sent them, and which might have been still more severe, but for the Divine protection and the heroic exertions of the Fire Department and other kind neighbors to avert the flames from extending to the Hotel Dieu.

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Stationary, but all of that and much of the other property had to be abandoned.

While a large number of persons worked hard in the lower part of the building and in the Bishop's Residence and offices as well as in the Clergyman's rooms, moving furniture, etc., out, a few directed their efforts towards saving His Lordship's valuable Library. Not one half of the valuable collection of books were saved, however, for the smoke found its way through the walls and became unbearable, driving the salvors from their work.

It was now apparent that the larger portion of the Bishop's Residence was no longer tenable, while the other end of the building was already in ruins, so doors were closed and much that could not be saved was left to perish.

The Rev. Messrs. Richard, Joyce and others managed to save most of the Vestments in the Vestry Room, but those in the Sanctuary, as well as the several vessels left there, were destroyed, it being impossible to enter the Cathedral from the volume of smoke which accounted for the Sanctuary lamp appearing to have gone out and proved the startling fact that the building had been seriously on fire for perhaps half an hour.

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ham during its progress to find, not only the hospital roof, but to cover them during their stay here from over their heads, but the Sanctuary in which they were to chant the solemn services for the dead Pontiff laid in ashes.

It is hard to place a money value on the property destroyed. The buildings were worth, perhaps, \$25,000, but with these gone over one half of the Library, vestments, sacred vessels, furniture, and a thousand things that would naturally accumulate in such institutions in nearly a score of years. The stock of Books lost by the Christian Brothers was valued at about \$1,200. Of the immense amount not written positively just now. Beyond that ten years' Bishop Rogers and his people have lent their energies and devoted their means to the perfecting of the system of religious, benevolent and educational institutions, which are heavily stricken by the disaster of this morning. Those upon whom the blow has fallen have deep sympathy for this community, as they will, most assuredly, have of others who are to learn of their misfortune. The Institutions which His Lordship's self-derelict had grouped around the Cathedral will be seen again in the completeness to which they had almost attained at the time of the conflagration, while a better Cathedral will rise from the ashes of that of yesterday. They were a credit to the Diocese, and the Christian community, and their loss will, no doubt, under Providence, restore them again.

On Sunday last the R.C. Congregation of Chatham were made to realize the magnitude of their loss. His Lordship, after the last Mass, most feelingly addressed the congregation, exhorting them to bow in humble resignation to the heavy visitation which God had sent them, and which might have been still more severe, but for the Divine protection and the heroic exertions of the Fire Department and other kind neighbors to avert the flames from extending to the Hotel Dieu.

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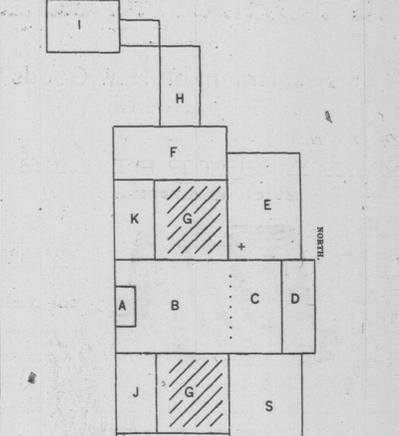
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The diagram shows the layout of the building, with various rooms labeled A through S. The diagram is a rectangular layout with several internal divisions. Rooms are labeled with letters: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S. Some rooms are shaded with diagonal lines. The diagram is oriented vertically on the page.

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A Terrible Murder committed near the city.

On the afternoon of the 13th inst, a terrible murder was committed in a small house in the city, near the city, and some 300 yards from the residence of Mr. Thomas Davidson, hatter merchant.

The victim was a young woman of about 20 years of age named Mary Quinn, who was living with her father, John Quinn, who is in the employ of Mr. Davidson.

On Wednesday morning about eleven o'clock, the victim was sitting at the table in the kitchen, and was engaged in sewing.

On Wednesday morning about eleven o'clock, a young man named James Sullivan, who was living with his father, John Sullivan, who is in the employ of Mr. Davidson, entered the house.

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The morning of the 13th, about 11 o'clock, on the road leading from the city to Red Head, opposite the brick yard nearest to the residence of Mr. Thomas Davidson, hatter merchant.

On Wednesday morning about eleven o'clock, the victim was sitting at the table in the kitchen, and was engaged in sewing.

On Wednesday morning about eleven o'clock, a young man named James Sullivan, who was living with his father, John Sullivan, who is in the employ of Mr. Davidson, entered the house.

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Law Notices, etc. NOTICE. Public Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature.

SHERIFF'S SALE. TO be sold at Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 23rd day of March, 1878.

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