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The Toronto World.

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18 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO

THIRD YEAR.
WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 13, 1882.
PRICE ONE CENT

THE NEW COMBINATION.

THE GRAND TRUNK AND NORTHERN PACIFIC AS ALLIES.

The Syndicate's Great Rival Getting Stronger and Stronger—If Not Into the Northwest by Duluth Then by the Southern Boundary.

The Grand Trunk is bound to get into Manitoba and it is useless to prevent it. The interests of Canada and the interests of that great railway corporation alike demand it. A powerful road with plenty of money is not to be baulked in its desire to extend its connections with its own money. All it asks is for the permission to do so, and sooner or later the syndicate and government will have to give way in their opposition. To force the thing it is reported that the Grand Trunk has taken aggressive measures. One of these it is alleged is an alliance with the Northern Pacific. The Grank Trunk is as good as in connection with the Northern Pacific now; when this latter line is extended and put in better shape the two roads will be practically one extending throughout eastern Canada, through Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, and then away along the southern side of the 45th parallel to the distant west and ultimately to the Pacific coast. This great trunk line is bound to tap the Canadian Northwest. If the government try to baulk it in crossing the boundary line west of Emerson then the attempt will be made by the Ontario Sault line and on through Michigan and via Duluth to the southeastern corner of Manitoba, and once into that province on to Portage La Prairie and through the Canadian fertile belt.

THE ST. P. M. & M.

It was reported a few days ago that large lumps of the stock of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba railway, now the property of the syndicate and its American allies, had been bought up by parties with a "sinister object." The only interpretation is that the Northern Pacific and the Grand Trunk have put their heads together and the former acting for the latter, and with the latter's money having been buying up the stock of the St P M & M, which was thrown on the market in the recent tumble in that stock. It just may be that Hill, Angus & Co let more of it go than they imagined and that it was "picked up" by the Northern Pacific. The forced sales were something enormous. Immense amounts of this stock were carried in Canada, and most of this has been sold.

Shrewd men like Hill and Angus would take care, one would think, to keep the balance of power in their hands, but at all events it seems certain that their rivals have secured no small portion of the stock of the road. Perhaps in another deal they may get more and then there will be a passing of the control.

A GREAT COMBINATION.

By itself the Grand Trunk is now the most powerful railway corporation in the world; with the Northern Pacific it would be of gigantean proportions. It is making such strides in gobbling that the fear is that it will swallow the syndicate. So far it has beaten the latter at every point. Its latest acquisition is the North Shore of Quebec. And still bigger deals are now on the carpet.

Yesterday's Police Court.

Thomas Kennedy, George McMullen and Lizzie Burns were charged on remand with stealing a number of fowls. John H Wilson and John Mullen each identified the fowls as having been stolen from him. The prisoners were further remanded until the 20th to enable them to secure counsel. Ann Spring and Bella Anderson for the same offence were discharged, but immediately re-arrested as vagrants and remanded until the same date. Geo. Baldwin, Wm. Loudon, Sam and Charles Brown, young lads, were charged with stealing eight tickets belonging to Alex. Manning of the Grand opera house. Loudon, Baldwin and Chas Brown were discharged, but Samuel Brown was remanded until Friday on the charge of stealing 600 cigars from Messrs J & F Wood. He was also charged with stealing a velocipede and having maliciously injured the property of Barbara Andrews by throwing stones at and splitting her door. Matthew Jackson was charged on remand with selling liquor during prohibited hours; the case was adjourned until the 13th inst. Thos McLean was charged on remand with having disturbed a meeting of the salvation army and was fined $5 and costs or thirty days. Hon. Frank Smith, as president of the street railway, was charged on remand with having caused to be sprinkled on the street railway track a quantity of salt spoiling the sleighing. The magistrate thought it would be better to summon each man thought to be guilty of putting the snow on the track, and the case was adjourned until Tuesday next. Several persons were charged on remand with having neglected to remove the snow from the sidewalks in the front of their premises of these Sir W. P. Howland was fined $1 and costs, two discharged. and the case of Henry Hughes adjourned until to-morrow.

In Military Circles.

The Queen's Own rifles will give their dramatic and gymnastic entertainment on the fifth of February in the Royal opera, which has been engaged for that date.

The military authorities have under consideration the question of some extensive improvements in the drill-shed, such as the enlargement of the armouries, building an addition to the north of the shed, and the establishment of a non com. officers' mess room. No definite action has yet been taken other than the petitioning the council to grant to them the lane on the north of the shed.

At the opening of the provincial legislature this afternoon, the Queen's Own rifles will furnish the band and guard of honor. The guard will consist of 100 men, 10 from each company, officered by Capt Brown and Lieuts McDonald and Mutton They will parade at the armory at 1 30 p m. "B" troop of the governor general's Body Guards, commanded by Major Dunn, will act as an escort. The salute will be fired by the right division of the Toronto Field Battery, Lieut Mead being in command. They are ordered to parade at the old fort at 12 o'clock.

THE BUDDIE McCRAE TRIAL.

Dr. Pynchon Pronounced Not Guilty by the Direction of the Judge.

BUFFALO, Dec. 12—Dr. Pynchon's trial was resumed this morning. Dr. John S. Halbert was cross-examined in regard to the probability of abortion being brought about by the use of electricity. The examination was tedious and Judge Sheldon finally asked Mr. Hatch what was to be gained by continuing the question. "I am getting a little knowledge on the subject of electricity" said Mr. Hatch. "I am afraid both of you (the counsel) are getting too much knowledge on the subject," said the judge with a smile. The only remaining witness of the defence not being in court the people called Dr. Fowler to testify in regard to evidence given at the inquest. Counsellor Clinton objected to all the testimony. Dr Henry Hopkins thought an abortion could be produced with a sufficiently powerful electric battery. This afternoon the court assembled at 3 30 o'clock and Dr Bernard Barlow was briefly examined on the subject of electricity. The testimony of Dr Nicholas Hopkins of Dunnville and Mary Layman was read. Counsel announced that all the evidence was in. Judge Sheldon then briefly reviewed the case and instructed the jury to render a verdict of not guilty, which they did without leaving their seats.

FATAL FALL OF A BRIDGE.

Seven Men Killed and Several Wounded.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Dec. 12—A telegram received here says the new iron bridge on the Mexican Pacific extension fell, while over a hundred workmen were engaged on it. Seven men were killed and many wounded.

OBITUARY.

Death of Ex-Judge Onderdonk, Duke of Sermoneta and Dr. J. W. Kermott.

ROME, Dec. 12—The duke of Sermoneta, president of the provisional government after the entry of the Italian troops into Rome in 1870, is dead.

DETROIT, Dec. 12—Dr. J. W. Kermott, the well-known physician and manufacturer of medicines, died of heart disease yesterday morning, after an illness of nearly two weeks.

GREAT NECK, L. I., Dec. 12—Ex-Judge Wm. Onderdonk died last night of paralysis, aged 62. He was one of the most prominent lawyers of the state. His death was the result of a shock received when the steamer Seawannahickon, on which he was a passenger, was burned.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Twenty persons are ill with small pox at Minneapolis.

A gratifying decrease is apparent in the number of cases of diphtheria and scarlet fever at Detroit.

Dynamite is being freely used in breaking up the frozen ground in grading the Essex Centre cut-off.

Body-snatchers are at work near Montreal. Six bodies were carried off at Hannes Lochs and St Anne de Belevues.

Detroit contemplates supplementing gas with the electric light if the superior advantages of the latter can be established.

It is reported that Ex-Senator Spencer has come to Canada from Watertown, N. Y., probably to stay till after the star route trials.

J D Locke, a prominent citizen of Erie, Pa., cut his throat yesterday morning. Financial embarrassment is said to have been the cause.

At the Higgins trial in Dublin yesterday Mr. Murphy, replying for the crown, said the perjury committed by two witnesses for the defence was appalling.

George Watson, convicted at Oswego of presenting a raised cheque at the First National bank, has been sentenced to seven years in the Auburn penitentiary.

The ice blockade at Detroit was of twenty-eight hours' duration. During that time the transfer ferry Transport was in mid-stream, laden with twenty-two cars of cattle, doing her utmost to effect the landing of the animals, which were in a deplorable condition owing to the difficulty of proper feeding on the cars and the fact that it was almost impossible to convey them food. The ferries are now running pretty nearly on time.

Disastrous Boiler Explosion.

DETROIT, Dec. 12—By the explosion of a steam-heating apparatus in the custom house on Sunday an official named Reed and two persons who happened to be present at the time, were badly scalded and bruised. One of them, Capt. George Shank, who is believed to have caused the accident by turning cold water into the overheated boiler, is delirious with pain, and it is feared he will lose his eyesight. Killey, the third person hurt, was most hurt about the face. The building caught fire but was soon extinguished.

Cursed with a Mother-in-Law.

BUFFALO, Dec. 12—This afternoon a young man named Wm Hardiker was found suffering from poison in the street. He was taken to the Bethel home and attended by doctors, who by the use of stomach pumps restored him to consciousness. He said that he was cursed with a mother-in-law who made his life miserable, and that death was preferable to the life she led him. This is the second time the young man has attempted to commit suicide within the present year.

The Fenian Brotherhood.

NEW YORK, Dec 12—The council of the fenian brotherhood yesterday adopted resolutions contradicting the statement of Devoy, on his trial for libelling Belmont, that the fenian brotherhood is a myth, and that he had been authorised to prosecute for the recovery of fenian moneys from Belmont & Co. He stated that New York, West Shore and Buffalo railroad contracted with Troy firms to furnish 20,000 tons of steel rails at about $40 per ton.

The Keely Motor Once More.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 12—The first direct movement for patenting mysteriously the Keely motor was made yesterday, when a *caveat* was filed with the patent office in Washington. It is said this will cover many points in the discovery, and be followed in a few months by the application for patent. The contents of the *caveat* will not be revealed.

George the Second.

NEW YORK, Dec 12—In a running race this evening Thos Delaney, of the Gramercy athletic club, beat George the English champion, by 58 seconds, and also the best American record in a ten mile race.

THE QUEEN'S COLLEGE DIFFICULTY.

Girl Students Object to Plain Speaking—They Do Not Want a Spade to be Called a Spade—The Stand Taken by the Male Students—Trouble Brewing.

KINGSTON, Dec. 12—Some time since the girl students attending the medical class of Queen's college, were shocked at the plain language employed by one of the demonstrators of anatomy and withdrew. The male students then entered their protest against any squeamish curtailment of instruction on account of the sentimentality engendered by the presence of females, and requested the faculty either to prohibit the admission of girls or provide separate instruction for them. To-day the faculty refused to comply with this request and the result is that at a meeting of the male students, a resolution was passed to the effect that unless their proposition be complied with, they will leave the college and put in their course at Trinity college, Toronto.

PERSONAL.

Mr Rowe of the Winnipeg Times, is in Ottawa.

Hon Mr Caron returned to Ottawa yesterday morning.

Von Flotow, the well-known composer of operas, has become blind from a cataract of the eye.

Mr A R C Selwyn, director of the geological survey of Canada, has been appointed corresponding secretary of the Palermo academy of Belle Lettres.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Hotel at Listowel Burned—An Old Land Mark at Bowmanville Gone.

LEXARKANA, Ark, Dec 12—Nine buildings, including a hotel, the express office and several stores were destroyed to-day. Loss $35,000.

BEDFORD, Ind., Dec. 12—The Shawnee college, ten miles south of this, was burned on Monday with the museum of Indian curiosities, valued at $10,000. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin.

LISTOWEL, Ont., Dec. 12—About 5:30 last evening the Collison hotel, owned and kept by P. Collison, was totally destroyed by fire, caused by some defect in the chimney. Loss about $2000. Insured for $900; contents saved.

THAMESVILLE, Ont, Dec 12—A fire was discovered at 9 o'clock to-night in Mr Geo Haugh's cabinet shop; cause unknown. The losses are as follows: Geo Haugh on furniture and building, $4000; James Bowden, building, $1000, James Nickle, two buildings, $800. No insurance.

BOWMANVILLE, Dec. 12—A frame building owned by R B Andrew, which was one of the old landmarks, was burned this morning. The occupants were Mrs. Anderson, milliner and fancy goods, insured in the Hartford for $1400; and J B Tait, jeweler, who has $1400 in the Northern. No insurance on the building.

Immigration Statistics for November.

OTTAWA, Dec. 12—The total number of immigrants arriving in Canada during the month of November was 8861, making in all 162,296 in the eleven months of 1882. Of the November arrivals 1877 were reported at Quebec; Halifax, 513; Suspension Bridge, 3086; Emerson (from United States). 1154; Montreal do, 36; St. John, N.B., 10; Customs' returns, 2607; agencies on the United States border, 75. Of the total arrivals this year 88 745 remained in Canada and 73,522 were destined for various points in the United States.

Brutal Wife Murder.

OTTAWA, Dec. 12—A rumor is current in the city of a brutal murder committed on the twelfth concession of Fitzroy. It appears that a farmer named Kerr had a quarrel with his wife and kicked her to death, and then cooly sat down in presence of the corpse and eat his dinner. A warrant has been issued for Kerr's arrest; but owing to the fact that there is no constable for the county Kerr is still at large.

Sir Leonard Tilley and Temperance.

OTTAWA, Dec. 12—Sir Leonard Tilley last evening addressed the first public meeting of the Church of England Temperance association. In discussing the evils of intemperance he contended that the liquor traffic had rendered desolate more homes than the ravages of disease, for the prevention of which the medical faculty are now making such strenuous efforts.

Experiment in Prison Feeding.

OTTAWA, Dec. 12—The government have decided by way of experiment to abolish the use of dining rooms in the penitentiaries. The inspectors, after careful observation, have come to the conclusion that breaches of discipline are hatched there. The meals will be served in the cells. The first experiment will be tried in the St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary.

Vice-Regal Movements.

OTTAWA, Dec. 12—The vice-regal party, it is now understood, will not return to Ottawa until about February 1. Until that date they will continue travelling through the southern and south-western portions of the United States. Colonel DeWinton is expected to arrive here on the 20th inst.

Destructive Fire in Jamaica.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 12—The business quarter of Kingston was burned yesterday. The loss will aggregate £6,000,000. Hundreds are homeless. The wharves, warehouses, stores, banks and supplies are gone. Food is needed.

Qu 'Appelle Squatters Rights.

OTTAWA, Dec. 12—Mr. Rufus Stephenson is on his way to this city to report upon the claims of the squatters upon the Qu'Appelle farm, who claim the right of possession in contradistinction to the rights of the speculators.

Dominion Revenue.

OTTAWA, Dec 12—This year the revenue from July 1 to Nov 30 amounted to $15,584,833, and the expenditure $11,009,522, leaving on hand $4,575,310.

Chief Justice Wood's Successor.

BELLEVILLE, Dec. 12—Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q C of this city, has been offered and has accepted the appointment of chief justice of Manitoba.

Funeral of Louis Blanc.

PARIS, Dec. 12—The funeral of Louis Blanc took place yesterday. The streets through which the cortege passed were lined with crowds, and in the procession were nearly all the republican deputies and senators and over one hundred deputations bearing draped flags and wreaths, and a large detachment of infantry. The remains were interred in the cemetery of Pere La Chaise.

GOUNOD'S REDEMPTION.

THE MUSICAL EVENT OF THE SEASON AT THE GARDENS.

A Large and Brilliant Audience—The Toronto Philharmonic Society Scores a Big Success in its First Concert.

The most important musical event of the season took place last evening in the pavilion of the Horticultural gardens. The Philharmonic society had selected Gounod's new oratorio, "The Redemption," as the subject of its first concert of this year, and the event justified the choice of its conductor. The Redemption has been performed at the Birmingham festival, in London at Albert hall, and in New York, by the New York Philharmonic society under Theodore Thomas, and lastly by our local society, so that the distinctions of having the second performance in America and the fourth in the world may be claimed by Toronto. The work is laid out by the plan, followed by Wagner and his disciples, namely that the solo voice parts shall mainly be historical or narrative, while the musical illustration shall be entrusted to the orchestra and the chorus. Arias, properly so-called, are rare in this work; in fact there is only one in the whole oratorio, "From thy Love as a Father," which is assigned to the soprano and which is accompanied by the chorus. The Redemption can hardly be called an oratorio, as we understand the term from the works of the older masters. It is rather a Trilogy with a prologue—all of intense dramatic force—with a musical setting of exceeding richness.

The design of the author is best explained in his own words: "This work is a lyrical setting forth of the three great facts on which depends the existence of the christian church. These facts are: 1 The passion and the death of the Saviour. 2 His glorious life on earth, from His resurrection to His ascension. 3 The spread of christianity in the world through the mission of the apostles. These three parts of the present trilogy are preceded by a prologue on the creation, the fall of our first parents, and the promise of a Redeemer." It is this promise of a Redeemer which is set in a phrase of delicious melody which forms the *leit-motif* of the melody. This promise of redemption heralds the appearance of the Redeemer, and accompanies the monotonic recitatives of the Redeemer's part, and occurs repeatedly throughout the work in fragments and inversions. The story is told principally by the Narrator's tenor and bass, while to the chorus are entrusted the utterances of the creator, of the holy women and of the priests and populace; only two choruses, "Unfold" and the closing chorus, "The Word is Flesh Become," being narrative.

Gounod has had the advantage of preparing his own libretto, whereby the whole scheme, literary as well as musical, is entirely under his control. The English translation from the original French is perhaps more literal than elegant, and was prepared by the Rev J H Troutbeck, a well-known English divine of great musical attainments. The work is open to the accusation of being fragmentary and monotonous, and its beauties can only be thoroughly enjoyed after several hearings, and by perusal of the explanatory commentary, which shows the subjects of musical illustration. The monotonic recitative, ascending and descending chromatically, is trying to the voice of the soloist, as well as to the understanding and musical sense of the hearer, and seldom attracts at the first hearing. This is greatly due to its dramatic concentration and to the richness of coloring in the orchestral accompaniments which distract very largely the attention of the audience from the movement of the story. The choruses mainly, however, are marvels of close choral writing, with rich melodic and harmonic effects, while the orchestration is masterly in the extreme. The established canons of musical composition are often set aside, and the most startling chords and discords show themselves as figures in a phrase, which at its completion justifies the composer's boldness The purely orchestral movements are characterized by a strength, dignity and gorgeousness of phrase and color that is met with only in the works of Liszt and Wagner among the composers of the present day, and which will undoubtedly herald a new era in the treatment of religious subjects. The Philharmonic society scored a splendid success in its performance last night A chorus of over 400 voices, assisted by an orchestra of seventy pieces, was presented to the audience which filled the large pavilion, and which represented the taste and culture of the city. The choruses were sung with fire, boldness and energy, and at the same time, with more attention to light and shade, and to correctness of phrasing and expression than has ever been achieved by the society. The orchestra naturally might expect severe criticism after the recent visit of Dr. Damrosch's fine band ten days ago, but it suffered no loss by the comparison. Without taking into consideration the fact that most of its members are amateurs, and most of its professional assistants are from a distance and therefore unable to attend but one rehearsal, the orchestra needs no apology. Never in the history of the Philharmonic society has its orchestra played with so much crispness, clearness and breadth of tone, and never has it played so delightfully, easily and smoothly. Of course occasional faults occurred, but they were rare. The choice of soloists was a most judicious one. Mr. John Winch sang the tenor narrator's part with a delicacy of treatment and breadth of style rarely heard here, and with his powerful and withal sympathetic voice was splendidly successful. Mr J F Winch sang the part of the Redeemer with care, and used his magnificent bass organ with great judgment, though a little more feeling and tenderness might have been expected from an artist of his reputation. Mrs. Ames had little to do, but did it well. Her solo obligato to the "From His Love" chorus was a masterly rendition. Her voice is beautifully cultivated, and very smooth and flexible, with but one fault, and that so serious a one that it must be mentioned. She does not pronounce her words so that they may be heard. The tone is sweet, but the expression is lost on account of indistinct enunciation, Mrs. Petley sang the parts of the Angel and of the Virgin Mother, with great sweetness and care, but with hardly enough contrast in her phrasing and expression. The trios are beautiful bits of part-writing and were excedingly well rendered by Misses McManus and Berryman and Mrs. Petley. Mr. Schuch sang the base narrator's part, carefully and with due attention to the dramatic effects. Mr. Torrington wielded the baton with his customary success and watchfulness, but might, in justice to our local soloists, have afforded them the same latitude as to tempos, and the same assistance as to suppression of force in his orchestra that he did the imported talent. The success, musically speaking, of the concert is entirely due to his courage and thorough knowledge of orchestral and choral effects, and how to achieve them. The Redemption will be repeated to-night with the same artists, excepting that Mr. Warrington will sing the bass narrator's part.

ONTARIO TRADE BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION.

First Annual Meeting at Albert Hall—Banquet at the Walker House.

The first annual meeting of the Ontario Trade Benevolent association (nee the licensed victuallers) convened at Albert hall yesterday afternoon. The president, Mr. J. S. Hamilton of Brantford, occupied the chair. After discussion it was decided to make the session an open one. There were about fifty delegates from different parts of the province present. Matters pertaining to the trade were discussed, but there was nothing said in reference to the politics of the association. All the old officers and committees were re-elected, with the exception that James Lennox of Toronto was placed on the finance committee in place of Thomas Brown. A G Hodge, the secretary, reported that the total receipts of the year were $3650 and the expenditure $1873, cash in bank in treasurer's name, $1167, cash in secretary's hands $619. There are 37 branches in the province with an aggregate membership of 1147. Secretary Hodge's salary was placed at $800 per annum. The session will be continued to-day.

BANQUET TO THE DELEGATES.

The Toronto branch gave a banquet in honor of the delegates at the Walker house last night. The spacious dining-room of mine host Walker was occupied to its fullest capacity, there being a table across the the east end and three running down therefrom. The tables were elegantly laid, and the menu was faultless. Mr. Wm. Armstrong, the president of the Toronto association, occupied the chair, the vice chairs being filled by Mr J G Coleman and Mr Thos Wilson. Among the invited guests present were Rev Dr Wild, Mr Robert Bell, M P P, Major Bennett, Major Gray and Mr John Armstrong. The secretary, Mr George Mitchell read letters of regret from Sir John A Macdonald, Hon Edward Blake, Hon Oliver Mowat, Hon Alex Morris and Mayor McMurrich.

The post prandial proceedings commenced with the toast of the queen, which of course was heartily honored. Then came the governor general, accompanied by the well-known song, For He's a Jolly Good Fellow. The chairman next gave the toast of the president of the United States, coupled with the name of Rev Dr Wild. The toast was enthusiastically honored, and Rev Dr Wild thanked the audience for the honor conferred upon him. He was pleased to be present at the Trades' Benevolent association dinner, and looking at the members present he could truly say they were a fine-looking body of men and showed no signs of dissipation. He was a temperance man himself, but he could not altogether agree with some of his temperance brethren. The licensed victuallers, whose trade had been so long recognized by law, had a vested interest which should be recognized, and he had no sympathy with any legislation that proposed to deprive the trade of their vested rights without compensation. The rev doctor next referred to the pleasing unity that existed between England and the United States, a unity that was becoming people descended from one common stock. He admired the United States and left that country in the most friendly manner for Canada, preferring to move to a better land, a land above which waved the glorious union jack. The army, navy and volunteers brought Major Gray, Major Bennett, and Mr. Wm. Fahey to their feet, and they made suitable replies. The dominion parliament and local legislature was responded to by Mr. Robt. Bell, M.P.P. The toast of O.T.B.A. was then proposed and duly honored. Mr. Hamilton, the popular president, responded. He spoke of the sound basis upon which the association was established and said its principal object was to elevate the standard of the trade. The commercial and manufacturing interests were ably responded to by Mr. John Cosgrave and Mr. George T. Robinson, the latter gentleman's speech being the best of the evening. Mr. Nesbitt, Mr. Armstrong, president of the Trades' and Labor council, and others replied to the toast of our guests. Several other toasts were proposed. The proceedings were interspersed with songs Mr. Armstrong made a good chairman, and Mr. Coleman was in his happiest vein as occupant of the vice chair. The committee paid the best of attention to the guests, and the unanimous verdict of the company was that the banquet was a great success.

St. Andrews' Lodge Installation of Officers

At the regular meeting of St Andrews lodge last evening the following brethren were installed into office for the ensuing year: W Bro Jas L Hughes, W M; W Bro M E Snider, I P M; Bro John Kent, S W; Bro L J Clarke, J W; R W Bro W James Bain, Treas; Bro W Barclay McMurrich, Sec; Bro R W Doans, Ass Sec: Bro Rev James Boddy, Chap; F McDonald, S D; Bro W A Geddes, J D; Bro C S Kenyon, S S: Bro Thos Pells, J S; Bro T McMullen, D of C: Bro A R McDonald, J G; Bro J F Fennel, Org.

Bros W L Wilkinson and Robert Hull, trustees; W Bro Wm Anderson, representative at the board of benevolence; Bros J B Boustead and W J Hundry, auditors, J H Pritchard, tyler. The impressive installation services were performed by R W Bro W C Wilkinson, assisted by R W Bro J B Nixon, V W Bro T F Blackwood, W Bros E T Malone, Jas S Lovell, Geo Tait, H M Graham, V W Bro N L Steiner and Wm Anderson. The retiring W M Bro M E Snider was presented by W Bros Hughes, on behalf of the members of the lodge, with a handsome past-master jewel, to which W Bro Snider made a suitable reply.

A Toronto Artist Abroad.

The New York Sun, commenting on the black and white exhibition of the Salmagundi club, says, in reference to the inability of most engravers to give an adequate translation of the artist's drawing: "Even with us, work done with full reference to the engraver's requirements, such as the Gaspe Headland of Mr. Fraser is by no means sure of adequate treatment."

And again: "Landscape is generally held to be the art of the future, yet we are not producing many new landscape artists. The best of those who are new to us is Mr. John Fraser, whose Gaspe Headland has already been mentioned. He is a Canadian well known in his native haunts." Mr. Fraser, a well known citizen of Toronto, should feel flattered at this high praise in the metropolis of America.

A WORD WITH THE PROPHET OF BOND STREET.

Let me ask you a question, dear doctor,
  A straightforward question or two,
Let me put you a few simple queries
  'Bout some things that I cannot see through.
I haven't much learning or knowledge,
  While you, as you know, are D D.
And these things, though they puzzle me greatly,
  May to you be like A B and C.

* * *

When we deemed that you'd carefully show us
  The true and the excellent way,
Was it wise to confront us with Egypt,
  And the image whose feet were of clay?
Are there no forlorn souls in our city,
  Groping blindly for truth and for light,
That you speak of zodiacal wonders
  Or rehearse Arma-geddon's great fight?

When you tell of the mystical virtues
  Of three, or of five, or of seven,
Do you think there are no weary sinners
  Seeking vainly the road up to heaven?
When, tired of grief's heavy burden,
  They turn their worn faces to you,
Do you think it will lighten their sorrows
  To hear they are kin to the Jew?

You've discoursed on pre-Adamite mortals,
  On the only true measure for corn,
You can figure the weight of behemoth,
  Or the length of the unicorn's horn:
Is this food for our innermost nature,
  Will it lay the grim spectre of doubt?
Illumine the dark-shadowed pathway,
  Or our fears and uncertainties rout?

We have climbed to the pyramid's summit,
  We have conned all its mysteries o'er,
Yet the cares of our life are as bitter,
  And our future as dark as before.
We have measured the city celestial,
  With plummet and tape-line and square,
But you've somehow neglected to teach us
  The way to a residence there.

When the wretched, the weary, the sinning,
  Ask a haven of rest to be shown,
For a fish will you throw them a serpent,
  And for bread will you give them a stone?
Will you save many souls, my dear doctor,
  If you prove that three threes will make six?
Will you make many concerts from Satan
  By preaching a gospel of tricks?

Will the wand'rings of old Jeremiah
  In the emerald isle of the west
Show *us* a near by-way to heaven—
  A short cut to the land of the blest?
If we take all you tell us as gospel,
  Of rephilim, nephilim, Jew,
Will the pearly gates ope any quicker,
  Or let us the easier through?

In the book that tells of the Master
  We don't read of strange topics like these,
Yet he swayed the hearts of poor sinners,
  As tree tops are swayed in the breeze.
The story he told has not altered,
  That age was, I think, much like this;
Are his methods old-fashioned, then, doctor?
  Is your plan so much better than His?

When you've located at last Eden's garden,
  And exhausted the wonders of seven,
When you're done with the transit of Venus,
  When you've finished the census of heaven,
When you've settled the point whether Satan
  Or the snake our first mother enticed,
Will you, just for a change, my dear doctor,
  Preach the glorious gospel of Christ?

—G.

THE LEAN AND THE FAT FOX.

On a winter's night as the moon shone bright
Two foxes went out for prey;
As they walked along with frolic and song
They could scent neither rabbit, nor goose astray;
But at length they came to a farmer's barn
That stood on the road by the way.
The prowlers found a hole by the ground
And they both went in, the sinners.
On the roost there sat some chickens as fat
As foxes could wish for their dinners.
So the chickens were quickly killed,
And one of them lunched, feasted and munched
Till his stomach was fully filled.
The other more wise, looked on with both eyes,
And scarcely would eat at all,
For as he came through with a squeeze
And a crush he remarked that the hole was small.
Thus matters went on, the winter's night long,
Till at length the morning came.
With it came the farmer's man, with pitchfork in hand.
The foxes both flew, the thin one got through,
But the other stuck fast in the wall—
Let Dr. Wild make the moral.

—M.

An English M. P. in Trouble.

LONDON, Dec. 12—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Whalley, a member of parliament, who failed to appear in answer to a summons charging him with obtaining £56 from an hotel proprietor on false pretences.

Spanish War Office on Fire.

MADRID, Dec. 12—A portion of the war office was burned and twenty persons injured; one seriously. The library and part of the archives are destroyed. The king was present and assisted in subduing the flames.

An Affecting Scene.

DUBLIN, Dec 12—At the trial of Higgins to day his little girl, Katie, who was called as a witness for the defence, saw her father and throwing her arms around his neck kissed him affectionately. The prisoner was much affected.

The Madagascar Question.

LONDON, Dec 12—It is stated that the Irish ambassador has informed France that England will not consent to her forcing a protectorate on Madagascar. The statement is sensational.

The Cox Assassins.

DUBLIN, Dec 12—The grand jury have found true bills against the three men charged with the assassination of Detective Cox, and the man who tried to assassinate Judge Lawson.

The Curfew Act in Dublin.

DUBLIN, Dec. 12—The first arrest under the curfew clause of the repression act was made last evening. The prisoner is believed to have been a companion of the murderers of detective Cox.

Proceedings Against Davitt.

DUBLIN, Dec. 12—The proceedings against Davitt, Healey and Quinn have been adjourned for ten days to enable the defendants to meet the charges against them.

THE WEATHER BULLETIN.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE,
TORONTO, December 13, 1 a.m.

Lakes: Southeast to southwest winds, cloudy, mild weather, with local falls of snow or rain, followed to-night by northwest winds, clearing cold weather.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Date.	*Steamship.*	*Reported at.*	*From*
Dec 12	Bohemia	New York	Hamburg
Dec 12	Erin	New York	Liverpool

A FIGHT OVER A RAILWAY

WHO WILL CONTROL THE TORONTO, GREY AND BRUCE ROAD,

The Case of Hendrie vs Grand Trunk Railway at last Secures a Hearing—Opening of the Case Yesterday.

The celebrated case of Hendrie vs. the Grand Trunk to decide who shall control the Toronto, Grey and Bruce railway, which has been pending for about a year and a half without being heard, came up at the chancery divisional court yesterday morning before Judge Proudfoot. Mr. Dalton McCarthy, Q. C., Mr. C. Robinson, Q C. and Mr. E. Martin appeared for Mr. Hendrie, and Hon. E. Blake and Mr. Cassels for the Grand Trunk The pleadings set forth that the company was in difficulties in 1874, failure following endeavours to resuscitate the company's affairs, and allege that Mr Beatty, in April, 1881, was making a secret agreement with the Grand Trunk railway company with the object of leasing the Toronto, Grey and Bruce railway to that company at a rental, and upon terms far below the value of the line. The plaintiff Hendrie protested against this agreement, and desired at a meeting of the board of directors of the Toronto company to have the consideration of the question postponed, but a majority of the directors refused, resisted the delay and insisted on the terms of the agreement being carried out. The proposal of the Grand Trunk was that they should have the line on the following terms: A rental of 27½ per cent of the gross earnings up to $500,000; 25 per cent of all the gross earnings from $400,000 to $500 000, and 12½ per cent for all over $500,000, and to guarantee that the minimum rental should not be less than $100,000. Certain works were also to be performed by the Grand Trunk. The plaintiff alleges that these terms were most unfavorable. The Northern railway company then made an offer of 35 per cent on the gross earnings up to $350,000, 25 per cent for the next $50,000, 20 per cent for the next $100,000 and 12½ per cent for all over $500,000 The proposal was rejected, however, and an agreement was entered into on the 13th of May. At a meeting of bondholders held on the 28th June 1881, to ratify the agreement, it is contended that the plaintiff was not permitted to vote on account of the bonds he held. He also charges that the agreement was hastily and improvidently entered into at the instigation of the defendant and without independent legal advice or due consideration, and it was unfair and unjust to the plaintiffs in its terms and that it should not be enforced against the plaintiffs, and that the said agreement is of such a nature that specific performance shall not be decreed. At the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the plaintiff's company, held in Sept. 1881, the term of office of the directors expired, and Messrs. Beatty, Worts, Lee, Gooderham, McKay, then ceased to be directors of the said company and other persons opposed to the said agreement were elected in their place. The plaintiff prays that it may be declared that the agreement of May 13, 1881, with the G. T. R, was not duly confirmed at the meeting called for that purpose, and that the proceedings were and are null and void so far as they relate to the agreement of May 13. That it may be declared that the votes on 1561 bonds were improperly rejected and ought to have been received. That the defendant may be restrained by the order of the court from taking over the Toronto, Grey & Bruce railway, and entering into possession or otherwise acting on or carrying into effect the said agreement of May 13, 1881. Mr. W H Beatty was examined, and detailed the various negotiations which had taken place in reference to placing the Toronto, Grey & Bruce railway on a paying basis. All failed however till a scheme was propounded for getting the Grand Trunk railway to lease the road, in consideration of which the municipalities through which the road runs had agreed to give a bonus towards altering the gauge, etc. The offer of the Northern & Northwestern was rejected because they considered that the company could not carry out the agreement. There was also a legal difficulty in the form of a clause in the Toronto companies' act preventing such an arrangement. There was a proviso that the assets of the lieutenant-governor in council should be first obtained. Another difficulty was the fact in the event of an agreement with the Northern company the Grand Trunk company could "squeeze" them. The latter company, however, had never done so. The guarantee of the Grand Trunk would have the effect of enabling them to pay 5 per cent on the preference bonds of $1,000,000, and nearly 2¾ per cent on the issue of $2,000,000. He did not think anything about the agreement being ratified by the bondholders, though he went to England in order to get the assent of the bondholders to the scheme.

DARING ROBBERY.

$50 Snatched from a Lady on Victoria Street.

Another daring highway robbery was perpetrated in the city on Monday evening. Miss Burnett, a well-known milliner on King street west, Stovell's block, left her place of business for her home on Victoria street about 7 p m, carrying a satchel containing $50 with several valuable letters and papers. When on Victoria street a little north of Queen, a skulking individual who had quietly approached from behind, suddenly seized the satchel, wrenched it from her grasp, and before she was fully aware of what had happened was off at full speed towards Queen street. He slipped and fell once but quickly picked himself up and turning the corner of Queen and Victoria, fled eastward. Miss Burdett immediately gave the alarm, "Stop thief!" but to no effect as the street was almost deserted at the time. One gentleman gave chase, but only with the satisfaction of seeing the thief disappear in a lane between Victoria and Bond streets where he was lost sight of. He was, as far as could be seen, a young man of medium size and fair complexion. It is supposed that there were accomplices and that Miss Burdett was watched and followed from her shop. The police were at once notified of the matter but as yet no arrests have been made.

The First Carnival.

The first carnival of the season was held in the Spadina avenue rink last night. The attendance was very good, there being about 700 skaters on the ice, though very few of these were in costume. Anderson's band furnished the music, the ice was in good condition and appeared to enjoy themselves. A number of new gas jets have been added, being a great improvement on the former lighting.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 13, 1882.

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

The last session of the present Ontario parliament opens to-day at 3 o'clock. These are not very momentous times with respect to the initiating of public projects, for our civilization has now reached such a stage that we rather from year to year develop what we have already begun than originate anything new. Thus in the olden time when the provinces had but begun to travel in civilized ways, each session developed a number of new measures not heard of before. Now we hardly ever hear of a new act, but rather the annually-recurring phrase of "An act to amend an act." It has, we believe, been the aim of Mr. Mowat and his party to create wherever a need for legislation has been found to exist, and the record of their administration shows a creditable share of such original legislation. Perhaps an original member may be regarded as the first verdict of the public. Carlyle says the people are ever revising their opinions, and that the ultimate result of this process is crystallization and the essence of what is aimed at. There is in the record of Mr. Mowat's parliament not a little revisory legislation, but that it has yet reached "crystallized perfection," perhaps even our worthy premier himself is too modest to contend.

The landlady who has only a given number of fowls and a limited quantity of vegetables from which to select from meal to meal, after sustaining her table for a number of years, finds the continual drain upon her for variety must eventually overtax her capacity and compel her to repeat her bill of fare. To-day it devolves upon Mr. Mowat to furnish a bill to a lot of hungry critics, with stomachs so hard to please and out of tone, that were he to serve up nightingales' tongues or real turtle it is doubtful if he would succeed in giving satisfaction. It may be taken for granted, however, that he will present a program exhibiting a very fair array of subjects for the consideration of hon. gentlemen during the session.

It is not unlikely that the address will open by his excellency extending a welcome to the young members who have won their first laurels at the bye-elections.

He will likely refer to the continued prosperity of the province, attributing the plenitude of good things to the abundant harvest, and the great activity of the lumber trade.

It will no doubt also appear that the receipts from crown timber and lands for the year have reached the handsome figure of $1,000,000.

Our agricultural industry is moving ahead by strides, and there will doubtless be a paragraph referring to the fact, and to the success which has attended the working of the bureau of agricultural statistics established last session.

Nor will mention of the attitude of the dominion government towards the award made by the arbitrators settling the boundary question, be omitted, but deep regret will doubtless be expressed at the said government's attitude, and the legislature urged to take the matter up again. Allied to this question is that of the disallowance of the Ontario streams bill, and the house will unquestionably be asked to resume the consideration of that question.

A number of measures will be promised, and these will likely comprise bills consolidating the jury laws, the acts relating to municipal institutes, and the public and high schools, also general measures for the incorporation of companies for the construction of street railways, gas works, and to make provision for public parks. Bills relating to the election law, to insurance, the inspection of steam boilers—also acts respecting private asylums for the insane, for simplifying the practice of conveyancing, and in relation to the law of property, may also be expected.

With much reason the promise will, doubtless, be congratulated upon the success which has attended the establishment of the provincial board of health. There will also probably be a paragraph referring to immigration, the license laws, the public accounts and the estimates. Upon the whole the bill will be no meagre one, and the house will find itself not idle by any means during the session.

It has always been a marked courtesy of the crown to bring young talent to the front. It graciously gives the defence of a crown culprit who has no defender of his own choice to some young barrister who has not yet won the bays; and so likewise when the address to the speech from the throne in the legislature is to be moved, a young member is generally called upon to do it. In this case the practice will not be departed from and Mr. Balfour, editor of the Amherstburg Gazette, member for Essex, will move the address; and Mr. O'Connor of Walkerton, member for Bruce, will second it. Meanwhile we suppose Mr. Meredith is loading his cannon, and giving edge to his steel.

"MONTREAL MARGINS."

The "commercial capital," as Montrealers love to have it called, is and has been for many years back a great place for speculation. The brokers of St. François Xavier street point with pride to the fact that it is the Wall street of Canada; and they spare no pains to make it deserve this reputation. Compared with Montreal, Toronto is but of yesterday as a centre of speculation, the charter of the Toronto stock exchange dating back only to 1878. Of course there were dealings in stocks here long before this, and pretty large transactions too, sometimes; but not through the medium of an incorporated stock exchange. Since Toronto did make a regular beginning in this line, however, she has gone ahead in the business very rapidly, and now counts among her residents many able professors and many apt pupils in the art and mystery of making money by betting on stocks. Toronto may be pictured as being rather ashamed of her backward position in the business as compared with Montreal, but there is a good deal of pluck in our Queen city of the west, and she may before very long show that as a rival and competitor in stock exchange "deals" she is not to be sneezed at.

If what Montreal is now be that which we are to be by-and-by, it may interest us just to glance at what they are doing down there. The Montreal Gazette had an article the other day on the Pennsylvania oil craze, by which some twenty million dollars or more are estimated to have been transferred from the pockets of many foolish individuals to those of a few wealthy and wide-awake operators. Those who have opportunities of knowing say that no matter who lost, the big winners in the oil speculation were Keene and Hill of New York, and the head men of the Standard Oil company, which controls the whole American market for petroleum. After going over the story of the Pennsylvania oil craze, our contemporary thus concludes: "But some people might innocently ask, what has Montreal to do with crude petroleum in Pennsylvania? To that question we would simply answer that, wherever speculation is rampant, whether in wheat, corn, pork, lard or coal oil, *Montreal margins are sure to find their way.*" Rather a remarkable statement this, but still a true one, as there is every reason to believe. The Gazette's narrative of what happened recently in Pennsylvania ought to be interesting reading in Toronto just now, and we therefore reproduce it entire for the benefit of The World's constituents.

Speculation by Canadians in American markets and exchanges may be said to have begun in earnest about twenty years ago, when the issue of a war currency over the border sent gold up to a premium. Hearing of the big profits made there by speculating in gold, Canadian financiers thought they must dip in too, which they did pretty heavily. Mr. King, then at the head of the Bank of Montreal, showed them all the way and took the lead in this business; and it may be no exaggeration to say that he made millions by it, for the bank, for himself and for his associates all together. A million dollars, it was soon demonstrated, would make more money in three months, if placed in New York or Chicago, than it might make in Canada in a year. Other banks followed suit, but Mr. King made his bank the actual "leading bank" in this business, and it came to be felt as a first-class financial power in the States as well as here. Since greenbacks came up to par gold speculation has vanished; but it seems as if Canadian operators, having once got an appetizing taste of what New York and Chicago provide for the venturesome, are bound to follow the thing up. Gold it cannot be any more; but crude petroleum will do just as well. There are Montrealers now, we believe, who are heavily interested in some large Chicago pork and lard "deals," of either present or very recent date. Business in Canada, financial and commercial together, is not big enough and has not ups and downs enough for some of our operators, and they must needs seek a larger field in which to risk their money and show their skill. "Montreal margins"—perhaps we may say "Canadian margins"—are now to be counted in as forming an important element in many American speculations in stocks and produce. We may wish it were not so, but the fact that it is so is becoming a very prominent one these days.

COTTON FACTORIES.

It is very probable that we have now in Canada all the cotton factories we want; at all events it does not appear to be the best field to employ idle capital. There is a fear of the business being overdone. Prices of cottons are now high, but they may tumble any day, and then many will be anxious to sell their stocks in these companies. But it must be a source of satisfaction to all Canadians that this industry has made such rapid strides within a few years.

OF NEITHER PARTY.

"You are a conservative, I believe, Mr Brown," said old Mr Heavyhead very complacently to a young man with whom he had lately become acquainted.

"No, not exactly, I have not—"

"Oh, then, pardon me," said Mr Heavyhead interrupting him. "I thought all the time your father's people were conservatives. How is it? Were your mother's people reformers?"

"No; I cannot say that they were," said Mr Brown. "I am not a reformer either. Would you believe it, I am an independent?"

"Oh, I see, I see," said the old gent somewhat relieved. "You have not adopted any principles at all yet. Well, well, time enough yet; you are quite young, quite young. As soon as you begin to take any interest in politics I have no doubt at all you will be found under the banner of the great conservative party."

There you have it. The average intellectual condition of a confirmed grit or tory is one of dormant or undeveloped faculties. He is grit or tory, just as it happens, by accident of birth or association. He has never worked out for himself any political education. He has taken things just as they came to him. He has never reasoned as to how they came or whence. One of the conditions of his political faith is to believe anything his party leaders tell him and to listen to nothing from the other side. He has accepted that condition with child-like faith, without doubt and without question. He believes, in the depths of his consciousness, that as far as his own party is concerned "Whatever is is right"; whatever lies just outside of that is wrong; beyond that again all is incomprehensible, and as far as he knows might as well be non-existent. He has never cultivated his faculties of reason or imagination, having had all his opinions supplied by his leaders, hence his mind is in a very feeble condition indeed. Its structure is of the simplest order; what Mr. Spencer would call homogeneous, having never worked its way from the simple to the complex. With this structure of mind it is simply impossible to go through the complicated processes required for obtaining a comprehensive view of any complex subject. Independence of thought is altogether beyond the range of Mr. Heavyhead's vision and beyond the power of his conception. He has often heard the word "principles" used in connection with politics, so he thinks it is all right and he says, "Oh, I see, you have not adopted any principles yet." Principles, indeed! Bah! this old fellow does not know the difference between a principle and a parallelogram.

WHO CAN WEAR A COCKADE.

SIR: A correspondent drew attention to the fact that a number of professing christians were in the habit of using their carriages to drive to church on Sunday, and amongst others he referred to a prominent methodist whose coachman wore a cockade. Now, Mr. Editor, as yours is the representative paper of this city, and as you have editors for all branches, perhaps you will be good enough to inform me to what classes the privilege of wearing a "cockade" belongs. Is it the successful man who has piled up money and reputation? Is it the ignoramus whose father made money? or is it the man who marries money? or is it outside the money question altogether? Has, for instance, a managing director of a railroad any more rights than the man who sells milk by the quart? I am glad that your paper is giving attention to these matters, and as we are all getting more or less rich and consequently desirous of putting on more style, we wish to be posted, and if this "cockade" business is not limited to any particular class, then there is no reason why I should not be pompous and try and look wise and important and have a "cockade" as well as the sleek and well-fed methodist before referred to.

The rule with regard to cockades is that they can only be worn by her majesty's officers of state, members of the diplomatic corps, and officers of the army on actual duty. In England a breach of this etiquette would be regarded as such a social enormity that the delinquent would be tabooed. Here in Canada a bad example has been set, by a few people who should have known better, in introducing a custom at once invidious and foreign to the simplicity and equality of colonial life.

HUDSON'S BAY SCHEMES.

Although two or three charters have already been granted for the building of railways between Winnipeg and St. James' bay it still remains an unsettled point as to how long navigation is open in the bay. Whether it is two months or five months, or how long vessels can enter in safety no one seems to know for certain, and until that point is settled not much capital can be thrown into the enterprises. As will be seen in another column a new cable and overland route via Hudson's bay is proposed. One of the railway companies has already located a small part of its line and announces that the track will be laid as soon as the survey is finished. From these facts it may be inferred that those who are taking the initiative in these railway and telegraph undertakings are cognizant of the length of the navigation season. And unless it were a season of at least three or four months we hardly think these enterprises would go on, unless indeed they are merely got up to take in the unwary.

JERSEY CITY is about to set a good example to other municipalities, and bestir herself in the matter of taxation of church property. It seems that church property to the value of $3,000,000 pays not one dollar of taxes, although much of the property is used for private schools, halls for fairs, and other purposes from which a direct profit is derived. There is no equitable reason why that or any other church property should be exempt from taxation.

THE DANGER OF HIGH TAXATION IN TORONTO.

(To the Editor of The World.)

SIR: Whilst all of our citizens are anxious for the improvement and progress of Toronto, there is a constant danger of running into too much debt, and of increased taxation. This year, comparatively speaking, our taxation has been reasonable, all told for common taxes only, about 15 mills in the dollar. Yet whilst this has been the rate of our taxation nominally, it has really been more—for this reason—that our properties have been assessed too high on account of a supposed increase in their value by the putting down of block pavements and sewers.

All the property along Yonge street was raised in the assessment of 1882 at least from 5 to 10 per cent over the estimate of 1881, although it was worth no more in 1881 than in 1882, unless the increased value was caused by putting down the block pavement, which is owned by and was paid for by the owners of the real estate improved. The owners were told "if you put this pavement down you will not be taxed any more than you were, but less on account of certain allowances to be made for the usual past repairs." Yet whilst this has been told the people, assessments have been raised. This is a curious way of lessening taxation! If the assessment commissioner were to say your property shall pay only at a certain rate, (say 15 mills on the dollar) yet in a few months after assess that property at a rate much higher than it was valued at in the prior year, where would be the saving to the taxpayers. Now is it not the case all over the city (I ask the question only) that wherever sewers and pavements are put down that the properties are immediately put up in value—so the owners are paying two ways.

Then is it not worth enquiry, whether if we are to take in such suburbs as Yorkville, Parkdale, Brockton, Riverside, and others perhaps into the city in 1883, we will not be obliged at the same time to greatly increase the taxation of the citizens, for increased police constables, for increased lights, sidewalks, drains, fire alarms, telephones, and increased payment to the fire brigade by its enlargement in numbers and efficiency; also, it may be, as the water works do not as yet pay their own cost, there will be increased taxes for them. Then if the park system is to be carried out as agitated, is it at all certain that this movement will not cause a large increase in our taxation? It is a great injury to a city to have high taxation. We should, as our city is greatly increasing in its assessment value, lower our taxes in place of increasing them. The extent of the city limits is now very large; and is it well to nearly double this size in our present embryo state? Many think we should rather consolidate what we have than rush into a city the size of Chicago. Speculators may be at the bottom of many of these movements for their own benefit. Our civic elections are coming on and our mayor is to be elected. would it not be well to enquire of candidates and the coming mayor what they will do in 1883? Which of the candidates—Withrow or Boswell—is likely to be the more economical in 1883?

CHARLES DURAND.

Toronto, Dec. 8, 1882.

THE PENNSYLVANIA OIL CRAZE.

From the Montreal Gazette.

What the market has of late lacked in speculative vim has been made up by the recent craze in oil, every large city in the United States and Canada being more or less interested. The result has been that the crowd as usual has been milked to the extent of millions of dollars, which have rolled into the clutches of the manipulators in the shortest space of time ever remembered in the history of trade gambling. A few months ago the price of crude oil in Pennsylvania was down among the fifties, from which it steadily ran up to 70c, and from this point in its upward career it began to attract the speculative attention of this continent. Orders to buy crude petroleum on margin came pouring in from all quarters to the oil centres of Bradford, Pittsburg and Oil City, and as the value of the article continued to appreciate so rapidly, every "break" only served to increase the eagerness of outside operators to get in. Orders would then be doubled and trebled until spurt after spurt sent the price to a dollar and beyond, when the excitement became perfectly maddening. The thousands of dollars that Tom, Dick and Harry in every centre of any consequence in the United States had made in no time, through the outlay of a few hundred, excited the greedy cravings for easy gain tenfold, and the fever for finding fortunes spread with such celerity that the unprecedented rush of orders "boomed" the price to $1.37½ about November 9. This was the culminating point of the deal, when the agitation of the "boom" quickly changed to the mad excitement of a panic, and "break" succeeded "break" in such rapid succession that in little more than a fortnight from the highest pitch the price had tumbled 50c per gallon, selling down to 87½c on November 25. In that brief period thousands who had staked the hard earnings of long service, and their all, found themselves ruined in one of the worst speculative traps to catch the crowd ever witnessed on this continent. The nature of this deal was the more exceptional from the fact that it roped in a class of victims who were seldom heard of in this kind of business before, namely, the operative class, thereby entailing losses to themselves and families they could ill afford to sustain on the verge of a hard winter. The wild scenes enacted at the various oil centres which are said to have baffled description, need not, therefore, be wondered at, and from the manner in which the oil mania has again raged during the past few days, we would not be surprised to witness a repetition of the sad wreckage which recently strewed this maelstrom of chance. At Pittsburg, Pa., on Friday the market was considerably agitated, being marked by frequent fluctuations. Opening strong at an advance of several cents upon the price of the day previous, it moved up to $1.15½, fell back to $1.13½, then up to $1.17¼, and closed 4⅞c lower at $1.12⅜, the total sales being 2,496,000 barrels. On Saturday the market was weaker, opening at $1.14 and closing at $1.10¾ per barrel. From November 9th to the 25th the price of crude oil fell 50c per barrel, and since the latter date it recovered 30c. Now the total shrinkage and appreciation of prices from November 9th to date is estimated at fully $20,000,000, but despite this almost fabulous displacement of values, the actual stocks during that time have varied but little, except in the imagination of operators, thereby demonstrating the purely speculative character of the whole scheme. But some might innocently ask what has Montreal to do with crude petroleum in Pennsylvania? To that question we would simply answer that, wherever speculation is rampant, whether in wheat, corn, pork, lard, or coal oil, Montreal margins are sure to find their way.

Should the Brethren Be Refreshed.

From the Hamilton Times.

The Toronto Freemason is opposed to having intoxicating liquors served up at lodge festivals. It says there has been too much of this kind of thing, bringing the order into disrepute. In Hamilton, we are informed, there is no cause for complaint. The entertainment supplied on festival nights is usually of a teetotal character, and those who desire to have refreshments of a different kind are left free to get them where retailed. This is as it should be.

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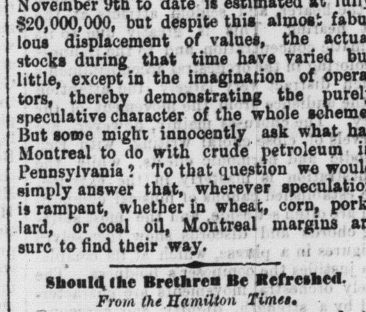

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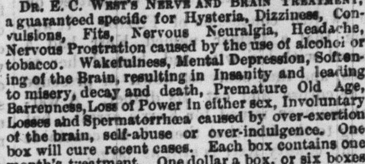

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco. Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., 81 and 83 King-st. East (Office up-stairs). Toronto, Ont.

Sold by all druggists in Canada.

$500 REWARD!

WE will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes containing 30 pills 25 cents. For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The Pill Makers," 81 and 83 King street east, Toronto, up stairs. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS, DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY, INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, JAUNDICE, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

$1000 FORFEIT!

Having the utmost confidence in its superiority over all others, and after thousands of tests of the most complicated and severest cases we could find, we feel justified in offering to forfeit One Thousand Dollars for any case of Coughs, colds sore throat, influenza, hoarseness, bronchitis, consumption in its early stages, whooping cough and all diseases of the throat and lungs, except Asthma, for which we only claim relief, that we can't cure with West's Cough Syrup, when taken according to directions. Sample bottle 25 and 50 cents; large bottles one dollar. Genuine wrappers only in blue. Sold by all druggists or sent by express on receipt of price. JOHN C. WEST & CO., sole proprietors. 81 and 83 King street east Toronto, up stairs.

Private Medical Dispensary

(Established 1860), 27 GOULD STREET TORONTO, ONT. Dr. Andrews' Purificantia, Dr. Andrews' Female Pills, and all of Dr. A.'s celebrated remedies for private diseases, can be obtained at the Dispensary. Circulars Free. All letters answered promptly, without charge, when stamped enclosed. Communication confidential. Address R. J. Andrews, M.D., Toronto, Ont.

WHOLESALE STATIONERS.

HANDSOME PRESENTATION VOLUMES,
NOW READY AT ALL BOOKSELLERS.

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Being the fourth volume of the BOYS' OWN PAPER. The volume contains 848 pages of Tales, Sports, Pastimes, Travels, Adventures, Amusement and Instruction. Profusely illustrated with Colored and Wood Engravings.

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Being the third volume of the GIRLS' OWN PAPER, containing 848 pages of interesting and useful Reading—Tales, Household Hints, Plain and Fancy Needlework, etc, etc, with a profusion of illustrations.

LEISURE HOUR VOLUME,

Being the Volume for 1882, containing a variety of miscellaneous articles on subjects of popular interest, and profusely illustrated with engravings by eminent artists. It consists of 768 imperial 8vo pages, and forms a handsome and appropriate volume for presentation, or for the Parish or School Library.

SUNDAY AT HOME VOLUME,

Being the volume for 1882, containing a great variety of miscellaneous Sunday Reading, Tales, Biographies, Sabbath Thoughts, Incidents of Christian Experience, Narratives of Travel, Scripture Illustration, Poetry, Pages for the Young, and a Religious Record of the Year, with numerous Engravings and Ten Illustrations in Colors.

W. WARWICK & SON,
PUBLISHERS, TORONTO.

STOVES.

ROYALS! ROYALS! ROYALS!

135

BUY McCLARY'S FAMOUS STOVES, BEST IN THE MARKET.

I Guarantee every Stove to give satisfaction. 3000 Royals are now in use in Toronto and not one complaint.

IF YOU WANT SOLID COMFORT BUY A ROYAL.

I have now the largest Stock of Stoves in the city and can fill orders promptly.

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58, 60 AND 62 JARVIS STREET, TORONTO.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

SIMPSON

Is offering for the Holiday Trade a SPLENDID STOCK of

LADIES' AND GENTS' FINE AMERICAN SLIPPERS

at Prices to suit all classes.

Ladies' Fine Kid, Hand-Made Slippers, $1.25 up
Gents' Fine Rep and Velvet Slippers, $1.25 up.
Men's Long Gray Felt Boots, $2.50 only.
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All goods marked in plain figures and at the lowest living profit. SIMPSON'S Motto is:—"Small Profits and Quick Returns, and a Nimble Sixpence is Better than a Slow Shilling."

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COAL AND WOOD.

RAIL COAL!

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Fresh Mined. All Grades. Special Rates for car orders. Lowest rates present delivery.

JAMES C. McGEE & CO.,
10 KING STREET EAST.

SWORN STATEMENTS
MADE TO THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RESPECTING LIFE INSURANCE, IN 1881.

NAMES.	NEW POLICIES OF 1881.	TOTAL INSURANCE IN FORCE.	PREMIUM RECEIPTS IN 1881.	POLICIES BECOME CLAIMS.	DEPOSIT AT OTTAWA.
CANADIAN.	$	$	$	$	$
[illegible]	3,914,780	24,904,171	668,111	239,102	54,000
[illegible] Toronto,	1,917,214	8,003,279	214,738	40,517	75,333
[illegible]	1,671,768	4,990,157	148,564	58,301	50,460
[illegible] Montreal	1,593,833	4,192,011	160,523	22,000	50,536
[illegible] Hamilton	420,000	1,571,598	37,307	11,423	90,815
[illegible] American	1,410,381	1,127,212	34,353	2,437	50,000
[illegible], Montreal,	153,700	1,032,254	21,168	14,801	[illegible]
[illegible] Life	76,800	220,909	6,262	200	32,915
BRITISH.					
[illegible] Edinburgh,	1,072,000	6,870,014	194,721	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] Lancashire,	732,700	2,655,904	78,700	19,249	149,866
[illegible] of Liverpool,	18,327	969,524	27,479	5,568	Fire and Life
British & Mercantile	27,100	957,029	25,560	26,095	" "
[illegible] London,	130,913	805,324	21,379	487	100,313
Commercial Union,	25,307	687,455	20,775	6,065	Fire and Life
[illegible] of London,	481,000	448,500	14,148	none	48,667
[illegible] Liverpool,	24,500	408,189	9,881	1,000	Fire and Life
AMERICAN.					
Etna Life, Hartford	1,821,362	11,370,008	403 597	102,775	325,000
[illegible], of N. Y.	1,079,000	6,449,617	220,365	[illegible]	165,000
[illegible], Hartford	519,000	3,230,619	94,905	29,251	125,000
[illegible] Mutual, Portland	472,050	2,888,028	94,804	66,611	150,000

THIS TABLE relates only to business done in Canada by the British and American Companies, but embraces the entire business of Canadian Companies. The ÆTNA LIFE's income in Canada is larger than that of any Company, except the Canada Life. Its total income however, is not merely $403,597, but was $3,8[illegible]1,315 in 1881, and its Insurance in Force $79,772,125.

THE HANDSOME SUM OF $100,000 has recently been added to the Ætna's deposit with the Canadian Government for the security of policyholders, bringing its total deposit up to $325,000.

The very excellent standing of the ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is shown by the fact that [illegible] one of the leading Companies of the continent; and that its Canadian agency has an income nearly as large as those of all the other active American Companies in Canada combined, and larger than those of all the British Companies combined, or than the entire incomes of all the Canadian Companies except two.

Head Office for Canada, 10 1/2 Adelaide-st. East, Toronto.

WILLIAM H. ORR, Manager.

BELLES OF ANCIENT DAYS.

What was Worn by Women During the Last Century and Before.

From the Boston World.

Undoubtedly there is much idle talk about the wonderful extravagance of ladies of the present day, their pursuit of constantly changing styles and luxuries demanded by those who can, or think they can, afford the expense. One would be led to suppose, in the absence of knowledge to the contrary, that these were things of modern growth. But just look at the "style" they used to put on in early ages and their enormous extravagance.

We are told that the ladies of Lebos slept on roses whose perfume had been artificially heightened. And in those times court maidens powdered their hair with gold.

Marc Antony's daughter did not change her dress half a dozen times a day, as do the Saratoga graces, but she made the lampreys in her fish pond wear ear-rings.

The dress of Lollia Paulina, the rival of Aggripina. were valued at $2,664,480. This did not include her jewels. She wore at one supper $1,562,500 worth of jewels, and it was a plain citizens' supper. The luxury of Popæa, beloved by Nero, was equal to that of Lollia.

The women of the Roman empire indulged in all sorts of luxuries and excesses, and these were revived under Napoleon 1. in France. Mme. Tallien bathed herself in a wash of strawberries and raspberries and had herself rubbed down with sponges dipped in milk and perfumes.

Ovid says that in his day girls were taught to smile gracefully.

The beauties of ancient times were just as vain as modern belles, and spent the greater part of the day at their toilet. The use of cosmetics was universal among them. Aspasia and Cleopatra (models of female beauty it is said) both used an abundance of paint, and each wrote a treatise on cosmetics. Cleopatra used bears' grease to keep her hair from falling out. Roman ladies were so careful of their complexions that to protect them they wore masks. The Athenian women of antiquity were very studious of their attitudes and actions, and thought a hurried and sudden step a sign of rusticity.

We have certain styles of beauty nowadays; so had the Greeks. They went wild over the "ideal chin"—neither sharp nor blunt, but gently undulating in its outline and losing itself gradualy and almost insensibly in the fullness of the neck. The union of the two eyebrows was esteemed by the Romans as a beauty. It is said they admired the air of dignity it gives to the face.

An Albanian bell of to-day presents a rather striking appearance. She is, as a rule, coifed with seed pearls and coins, and enveloped in a black serge pelisse. She uses paint on her face profusely, and her taste runs to cherry lips and cheeks and jet black eyebrows strongly drawn. An Albanian bride discards paint for a while, and if wealthy, wears a suit something like this; Rose-colored under robes, with an over-robe of dark-green velvet, the idea being taken from a rosebud half opened in its leaves. Thus arrayed, the girl of handsome features is said to look really bewitching.

The Tarters despise prominent nasal appendages, and the woman who has the smallest nose is esteemed the most charming, but to outside barbarians she is a perfect fright.

The women of Spitl, in India, wear tunics and trousers of woollen stuff, with large boots, partly of leather, partly of blanket, which came up to the kneee, and which they are very fond of taking off at any time. In order to get greater warmth, they often put a quantity of flour into these boots besides the legs. Their taste in regard to ornaments runs much to all sorts of rings, including nose-rings.

A typical woman in the interior of Africa is thus described: "Her naked negro skin was leathery, coarse and wrinkled; her figure was tottering and knock-kneed; her thin hair hung in greasy locks; on her wrists and ankles she had almost an arsenal of links of iron, brass and copper strong enough to bind a prisoner in his cell. About her neck were hanging chains of iron, strips of leather, strings of wooden balls and heaven knows what more lumber."

A Fight With Three Bears.

From the Eganville (Co. Renfrew) Enterprise.

One of our Wilberforce young men, who is at present still-hunting on Round lake, went out the other day to hunt deer. He had not gone far when he spied at a short distance away a large buck. Sam immediately drew a bead on the deer and dropped him, and then went to work to take the entrails out, and while thus employed the cracking of limbs in front of him attracted his attention, and looking up he saw three large bears coming towards him. Sam sprang to his feet, seized his rifle and commenced to shout and pelt the bear with sticks and stones to frighten them away; but it was all of no avail, for they kept advancing. Sam, nervous and excited, retired back a short distance and dropped behind a log and opened fire on the bears. They seemed to have "charmed lives," for none of his bullets took any effect. After eating what they required of the deer they quietly raised their heads, sniffed the air, and with a satisfied grunt retired the way they came. When Sam emerged from behind the log and came up to the spot where he had left the buck, all he could find was the head and antlers, four feet, and the skin torn into pieces.

Investigating the Banks.

From the Monetary Times.

A rumor came the other day from Montreal, where it was said to have considerable effect on the stock market, to the effect that some new legislation is contemplated on the subject of loans on Bank stocks. It is no secret that the minister of finance has a strong opinion on the subject; and we are quite prepared to believe that whatever may be necessary to make the present law effective will be done.

Thurlow Weed's Relig'on.

Whether previously a christian or not, Mr. Weed openly avowed himself as such on the occasion of the Moody and Sankey campaign in the hippodrome. He was a constant attendant at their meetings, and has since been a familiar figure at Mr. Sawyer's gospel temperance gatherings in Cooper union, and at Jerry McAuley's mission. Of late his time was largely spent in administering charity. He had an ample fortune, and his benefactions were generous and discriminating.

No, Sir-ee.

"No, sir-ee," remarked the old resident, "my wife didn't bring me a cent. But it was all my fault. I wouldn't have it. The morning of the day we were married I says to her, says I: 'Maria, how much money have you got?' Says she, 'John, I've got just 25 cents.' 'Then,' says I, 'come with me!' And I took her down to the canal and had her throw that quarter into the brink. I wasn't going to hrve no woman twitting me about spreadin' around on her money." Li Quor Tea is always good alike.

MONEY AND TRADE.

Canadian stocks were a little stronger.

The Duke of Manchester went up to 49 from 40, which surprised every one. The leaders evidently determined to put a pegn, that is not to let it go any lower, and as a consequence the market rapidly turned the other way.

Hudson Bay is 31, a decline of ¾. It may sympathise with N W L.

The New York market was very strong, though the railway war is not yet settled.

E. STRACHAN COX. T. F. WORTS.

COX & WORTS

STOCK BROKERS,

No. 56 Yonge Street, Toronto,

Buy and sell on Commission for cash or on margin all securities dealt in on the

Toronto, Montreal, and New York STOCK EXCHANGES,

Also execute orders on the

Chicago Board of Trade

in Grain and Provisions.

Hudson's Bay Stock bought for cash or on margin Daily cable quotations received.

56 YONGE STREET.

Toronto Stock Market.

NOON BOARD—Montreal 198½ and 198. Ontario 115 and 114¾, sales 10 at 114½, 10 at 114¾, 30 at 115. Toronto 171 and 170½, sales 50 at 170½ Merchants 120½ and 119. Commerce 134 and 133½, sales 20-20-16-30-80-20 at 133¾. Imperial 141 and 140½, sales 10 at 141. Federal 156 and 155½, sales 50 at 155¾. Dominion 196½ and 195¾. Standard 118½ and 117. Hamilton sellers 118. British America sellers 130. Western Assurance 165 and 163. Confederation Life Association sellers 300. Consumers' Gas company 149 and 148. Dominion Telegraph Company sellers 93. Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land Company sellers 90. N W L Co sellers 42. Canada Permanent 237½ and 237, sales 25 at 237. Freehold sellers 174. Western Canada buyers 194. Union sellers 134. Canada Landed Credit 124½ and 123½. B & Loan Association sellers 108¾. Farmers L & Savings sellers 126. London and Canada L & A 134 and 132. National Investment buyers 108½. People's Loan 110½ and 108½ R E L and Debenture Co 98 and 95. London and Ontario buyers 117. The Land Security Co 138 and 136. Manitoba Loan buyers 122½. Huron & Erie sellers 161. Dominion Savings and Loan sellers 122½. Ontario Loan and Debenture sellers 126, sales 50 at 125. Sales $300 Government stock, class A, 102.

AFTERNOON BOARD—Montreal 200 and 199, sales 10-10 at 199. Ontario 113¾ and 113½, sales 20 at 115, 80-50-20 at 114½, 20 at 114¾, 110 at 113¾ Toronto 171½ and 170½, sales 1 at 170½. Merchants 120 bid. Commerce 134 and 133¾, sales 20 at 134 20 at 134½, 20 at 133¾. Imperial 141 and 141½, sales 10-10 at 141. Federal 156 and 155¾, sales 10 at 156. Dominion 195¾ and 195½, sales 20 at 196½, 20 at 195¾, 20-10 at 196, 20 at 195¾. Standard 117½ and 117¼, sales 20-8 at 117½. N W L Co 43 and 42, sales 20 at 46, 20-20-20-20 at 48, 200 at 43. Canada Permanent 25 at 237.

G. A. SCHRAM,

4 KING ST. EAST TORONTO.

Stocks — Ontario, Northwest, and General Real Estate bought and sold for cash, or on margin.

HOPE & MILLER,

STOCK BROKERS.

MEMBERS OF TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE

Land, Estate and Financial Agents. Room 6 Union Loan Buildings 28 and 30 Toronto Street Toronto.

Montreal Stock Exchange.

MORNING BOARD—Montreal 198¾ and 198½, sales 110 at 198½, 35 at 198¾, 21 at 198¾, 35 at 198¾. Ontario 115 and 112. Du Peuple 86½ and 85¾. Molson 129 and 125. Toronto 172¾ and 170½. Merchants 120¾ and 120, sales 25 at 120¾, 10 at 120. Union 94 at 92¼. Commerce 133¾ and 134½, sales 75 at 133¾, 12 at 134, 50 at 133½, 150 at 133¾. Federal 157½ and 155. Montreal Telegraph xd 125 and 124½, sales 100 at 124¾. Richelieu 71¾ and 71½, sales 75 at 71½, 50 at 71¾, 25 at 71½, 75 at 71½. Passengers 129½ and 129, sales 100 at 129, 25 at 129½. Gas 183½ and 183, sales 400 at 183, 25 at 183½, 50 at 183¾, 12 at 183½. St P, M and M 142½ and 141½. N W L Co 42½s and 40½s, sales 200 at 45s 25 at 44s, 25 at 42s, 150 at 42s.

CLOSING BOARD—Montreal 199½ and 199, sales 50 at 198½, 52 at 199, 25 at 199. Ontario 114 and 113, sales 25 at 114, 120 at 112, 25-25 at 113. Molsons 128 and 125. Toronto 172 and 171 Merchants 121 and 120 Commerce 134 and 133, sales 50 at 133¾ Federal 157½ and 155. Montreal Telegraph Co 125 and 124. St Paul 142¾ and 141½. N W L Co 50 and 49, sales 225 at 44, 475 at 45, 25 at 45½, 25 at 46, 50 at 47½, 500 at 48, 400 at 48½.

New York Stock Market.

CLOSING—Canada Southern 68¾, Erie 37, J C 71½, L S 116¾, M & O 53½, do preferred 112; N Y C 132½, U P 44½, Northwest 138½, do preferred 156½; St Paul 106¾, St P M & M 143, W U 82½. Railroads higher; stock closed generally strong.

SECURITY AGAINST ERRORS.

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100 to $10,000, 1 day to 1 year on each page.

Free by Mail, $5.00 each.

WILLING & WILLIAMSON.-Toronto

Grain and Provisions.

CALL BOARD—Toronto, Dec 12—A bid of 98½c was made for No 2 fall, seller May, and $1 02½ for No 1 spring, seller May, and 90c was bid for No 3 spring. A number of cars of No 3 extra barley offered at 62c; and 10 cars offered at 60c to arrive. A bid of 60c was made for 3 extra, seller February.

THE STREET MARKET—Toronto, Dec. 12—The market was improved to-day. About 1500 bushels of wheat sold at 90c to 99c for fall, 80c to 81c for goose, 90c to 96c for spring. There were 10,000 bushels barley sold at 47c to 71c, average 53c to 66c; about 200 bushels peas sold at 68c to 75c; some 400 bushels oats sold at 40c to 41c, and 200 bushels rye sold at 59c to 60c. There were about 70 loads of hay sold at $11 to $15, and 12 loads of straw sold at $10. Hogs sold at $7 50 to $8. Other produce is unchanged.

MONTREAL, Dec. 12—Flour—Receipts 400 brls, sales 300. Market quiet, prices unchanged. Quotations unchanged, sales 100; extra 480, sales 100; medium bakers 515, sales 100. medium bakers 500. Grains, provisions, ashes unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 12—Flour 10s to 12s, spring wheat 8s 4d to 8s 10d, red winter 8s 9d to 8s 11d, white 8s 10d to 9s, club 9s 2d to 9s 5d, corn 7s 2d, oats 5s 6d, barley 5s 6d, peas 7s 8d, pork 94s 0d, lard 59s 0d, bacon 54s 0d to 58s 0d, tallow 41s 6d, cheese 64s 0d.

BEERBOHM SAYS: London, Dec. 12—Floating cargoes—Wheat a turn dearer; corn none offering. Cargoes on passage, wheat a turn dearer; corn steady; good cargoes, red winter wheat off coast was 44s 6d, now 44s 6d and 45s; do California was 45s, now 45s 6d. London—Fair average red winter wheat, shipment present and following month, was 43 now 43s 3d.

MILWAUKEE, Dec 12—Wheat 94½c cash and Dec, 94½c for Jan, 96½c for Feb. No 3 76½c.

DETROIT, Dec. 12—Wheat, No 1 white $1 00½ bid cash and Dec.; $1 00½ Jan, $1 01½ bid, $1 1½ asked Feb, $1 05½ bid $1 06 asked May, No. 2 83½c bid, 84c asked.

OSWEGO, Dec. 12—Wheat firm white and red state $1 07; corn, steady, sales 10,000 bush, new No. 2 western. 70c; oats steady, sales 1000 bush, light mixed state 4½c; Barley nominally unchanged, No I Canada 89c, No 1 bright Canada 94c, No 2 Canada 78c and 80c; rye quiet, Canada held 5 in bond.

TOLEDO, Dec. 12- Wheat, No 2 red 98½c cash, and Dec, 99½c Jan. $1 01½ Feb, 9½c year, 90½c May. Corn, 53½c Jan, 57½c year, 55c May. Oats 40c bid cash, 40½c Dec.

C. J. PALIN

53 & 55 King St. East, Toronto.

Real Estate Broker and Valuator, Northwest and Ontario lands bought and sold for cash or on margin.

Latest New York and Chicago Markets.

NEW YORK, Dec 12—Cotton weak, middling uplands 11 7-16c. Flour—Receipts 23,000 brls, dull and unchanged; sales, 12,000 brls. Rye flour unchanged. Cornmeal lower at $3 75 to $3 80. Wheat—Receipts 71,000 bush, steady; sales 1,128,000 bush, including 248,000 bush spot; exports 72,000 bush; spring nominal, No 2 red $1 09½ to $1 11, white $1 07, No 2 red Dec $1 09½ to $1 09¾. Rye weak at 80c. Barley firm and unchanged. Corn—Receipts 119,000 bush, unsettled, sales 2,297,000 bush including 120,000 bushels of spot. Exports 51,000 bush, No. 2 73½c to 74½c, yellow 70c, No 2 for year 72½c to 75c. Oats—Receipts 10,000 bush, firmer, sales 578 000 bush mixed 40c to 49c, white 45c to 52c, No 2 Dec 45½c. Hay firm at 60c Hops dull. Coffee firm. Sugar unchanged and quiet. Molasses unchanged. Rice steady. Petroleum dull, nominal. Tallow firmer at 7½c to 7¾c. Potatoes quiet and unchanged. Eggs firm at 30c to 31c. Pork steady at $19 to $19 25. Beef unchanged. Cut meats steady, pickled bellies 9½c to 9¾c, smoked 11½c clear 10½c to 10¾c, pickled hams 11½c to 11¾c, shoulders 8½c, middles nominal. Lard lower at $11 20 to $11 25. Butter firm at 20c to 39c. Cheese firm at 8c to 13½c.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—Flour steady. Wheat dull, regular 94½c for Dec, 94¾c to 94½c for Jan, 94¾c to 94½c for Feb, $1 08 for May. Corn active 53½c to 53¾c for cash and Jan, 52½c for Feb, 54¾c for May. Oats irregular at 37½c to 37¾c for cash, 37½c for Dec, 36¾c to 36½c for Jan. 34¾c for Feb, 34¾c for May. Rye firm at 58c. Barley unchanged. Pork active at $17 25 to $17 30 for cash, $17 35 to $17 37½ for Jan, $17 50 to $17 52½ for Feb. Lard active at $10 60 for cash, $10 57½ to $10 60 for Jan, $10 62½ to $10 65 for Feb. Bulk meats easier, shoulders $6 75, short ribs $9 15, clear $9 70. Whisky firmer at $1 17. Receipts—Flour 15,000 brls, wheat 68,000 bush, corn 213,000 bush, oats 85,000 bush, rye 13,000 bush, barley 45,000 bush. Shipments—Flour 26,000 brls, wheat 32,000 bush, corn 135,000 bush, oats 83,000 bush, rye 12,000 bush, barley 27,000 bush.

FARLEY & MARA

26 TORONTO STREET. TORONTO.

Stock Brokers,

MEMBERS OF THE TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE

and Chicago Board of Trade.

Buy and sell Canadian and New York Stocks. Also Grain and Provisions on the Chicago Board of Trade, for cash or on margin.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

–Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits (or Falling sickness), Insanity, Diseased Brain and Enfeebled Mind cured by Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment.

A few of those extra fine cardigans left in all the desirable shades—also some very heavy (fine make) cardigan jackets with the button cuffs. See these goods and you will buy no other. Cheap! Cheap!! Cheap!!! at Whites', 65 King street west.

The fountain of beauty is the heart, and every generous thought illustrates the will of your character.—Emerson.

Joseph Beaudin, M D, Hull, P Q, writes: Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil commands a large and increasing sale which it richly merits. I have always found it exceedingly helpful; I use it in all cases of rheumatism, as well as fractures and dislocations. I made use of it myself to calm the pains of a broken leg with dislocation of the foot, and in two days I was entirely relieved of the pain.

Herbert Spencer thinks the Americans work too hard. Herbert is not the originator of this idea. It was first expressed, says Eugene Field, by a reporter who ran eighteen blocks to a fire, then climbed five flights of stairs and was told by the city editor that he could dish it up in three lines in time to write half a column puff for a crockery store.

Those in search of the latest novelties in photography should pay a visit to the establishment of J H Lemaitre & Co, 324 Yonge street, two doors north of Edward. Their extra rapid process is a perfect success and so quick in its action as to produce in the dullest weather negatives of the highest delicacy and quality. Cabinets $3 per dozen, tablets $5 per dozen.

Mirth is natural; it is pure; it is strictly honest. There can be no true ripple of laughter at another's expense. The practical joker is vulgar and mean-souled. His jest is hollow, and only echoes the pain of sorrow of his victim. Vast, indeed, is the difference between low, coarse ribaldry and the sparkling genuine cadences of human glee.—Erratic Enrique.

Gilbert Laird, St Margaret's Hope, Orkney, Scotland, writes: I am requested by several friends to order another parcel of Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil. The lost lot I got from you having been tested in several cases of rheumatism, has given relief when doctors' medicines have failed to have any effect. The excellent qualities of this medicine should be made known, that the millions of sufferers throughout the world may benefit by its providential discovery

A Nantucket young man attended a tea party at the house of his sweetheart's pious uncle and was requested to ask a blessing. His unfamiliarity with the subject and his usual lack of self possession produced this: "I don't care for any thank you." He lost the girl

No one buys "a pig in a poke"—in other words, purchases on mere guess work—who buys for his or her relief Northrop & Lymans Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. The fact is too well known to leave room for any peradventure that it is a sovereign curative for indigestion, costiveness, impurities of the blood, kidney and female troubles, and other infirmities.

A nice young man thought he had found something pure and fresh in the shape of a laughing witch of a girl, and was on the point of proposing marriage, when she scattered his fond hopes to the winds by remarking one evening: "You hug and kiss me more than any gentleman I am acquainted with except Bill Wallace, and he is a baggage smasher and only comes here once a month."

Amos Hudgin, Toronto, writes: "I have been a sufferer from Dyspepsia for the past six years. All the remedies I tried proved useless, until Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure was brought under my notice. I have used two bottles with the best results, and can with confidence recommend it to those afflicted in like manner.

Anyone would rather sign a dead-beat's petition than be annoyed by him. On general principles a man who gets up a petition ought not to be appointed to anything. He is a small nuisance.—Denver Tribune.

Persons of weakly constitution derive from Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda a degree of vigor obtainable from no other source, and it has proved itself a most efficient protection to those troubled with a hereditary tendency to consumption. Mr Bird, druggist, of Westport, says: I knew a man whose case was considered hopeless, and by the use of three bottles of this Emulsion his weight was increased twenty pounds.

Baking soda is said to be a prompt and permanent relief for burns. Instead of a silver plate and handles on the casket a few pounds of baking soda with the remains would seem a more sensible way to bury some individuals.

REST AND COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING

"Brown's Household Panacea," has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a pain or ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so go and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents bottle.

Making Room for the Mayor.

From the Freemason.

St. Andrew's lodge, Toronto, has a very peculiar method of encouraging young masons to take an interest in the craft. An old and well qualified officer—one who has discharged the duties of assistant secretary faithfully for the past two years—was thrust aside in order to give Bro. W. B. McMurrich, mayor of Toronto, the secretaryship. The members of St. Andrew's lodge have no cause to rejoice over the defeat of Bro. T. Mitchell, and the wire-pullers who successfully violated every principle of masonic justice may rest assured that they will hear further about this outrage.

Fooled.

A youth went out to serenade
The lady whom he loved the best,
And passed beneath the mansion's shade
Where erst his charmer used to rest.

He warbled till the morning light
Came dancing o'er the hill-tops' rim,
But no fair maiden blessed his sight,
And all seemed dark and drear to him.

With heart aglow and eyes ablaze,
He drew much nearer than before,
When, to his horror and amaze,
He saw "To Let!" upon the door.

—Cleveland Voice.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

Arranged specially for the Toronto World.

RAILWAYS.

GRAND TRUNK.

Union Station foot of York or Simcoe Streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
East.		
Montreal Day Express	7.12 a.m.	11.07 a.m
" Night Express	6.52 p.m.	10.52 p.m
Mixed	11.12 a.m.	6.52 p.m
Cobourg Local	5.07 p.m.	9.37 a.m
West.		
Chicago Day Express	12.15 p.m.	6.20 p.m.
" Night Express	11.45 p.m.	6.15 a.m
Stratford & Goderich Express	8.00 a.m.	11.10 p.m
Guelph Local	6.10 p.m.	8.50 a.m.
Stratford, London & Goderich Express	3.45 p.m.	11.00 a.m

GREAT WESTERN.

Union Station foot of York or Simcoe streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
N w York Mail	3.35 p.m.	6.85 p.m
N. Y. (Central) & Erie Express	10.00 a.m.	4.25 p.m
London Local & Detroit Express	7.15 a.m.	1.10 p.m
Susp. Bridge & Detroit Express	6.00 p.m.	10.15 a.m
Detroit & Chicago Express	1.00 p.m.	10.30 p.m
New York & Chicago Express	11.50 p.m.	9.10 a.m
Hamilton Sunday Train	1.00 p.m.	4. 5p.m

SUBURBAN TRAINS.

For Mimico, calling at Union station, Queen's wharf Parkdale, High Park, and the Humber, going and returning (every day except Sunday).

Leave Union station 6.45 and 10.35 a. m., 2.05, 4.15, and 5.40 p. m.

Returning, leave Mimico 8.15 11.15 a. m., 2.40 4.50, and 6.40 p. m.

NORTHERN AND NORTHWESTERN

stations—City Hall, Union and Brock streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Express	5.00 p. m.	10.10 a.m
Accommodation	11.45 p. m.	2.20 p.m
Mail	7.45 a. m.	8.26 p.m

Trains leave Union Station eight minutes and Brock Street Fifteen minutes later.

CREDIT VALLEY.

Station—Union depot.

LEAVE	ST. LOUIS EXPRESS. To the North, West, Southwest, South and Northwest	7.55 a. m
	Orangeville Express	7.55 p.m
	PACIFIC EXPRESS. To West, South, Northwest, West and Southwest	12.50 p.m
	EXPRESS. To the West and North	4.50 p.m
	Through cars, Toronto to Detroit, on 7.55 a. m. and 12.50	
ARRIVE	From Orangeville, Elora and Fergus	10.25 a.m
	From St. Louis, Toledo, Chicago and Detroit	10.25 a.m
	From St. Louis, Toledo, Chicago and Detroit	1.10 p.m
	From Orangeville. Elora and Fergus	6.35 p. m

TORONTO, GREY, AND BRUCE.

Union Station. foot of York or Simcoe streets.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Owen Sound, Harriston, and Teeswater, Mail	7.30 a m	10.45 a.m
Owen Sound, Harriston and Teeswater Express	4.25 p.m.	9. 10 p.m

MIDLAND.

Station, Union Depot.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Through Mail	7.00a. m.	9.15 p.m
Local	4.55p.m.	10.30 a. m
Mixed	6.00 a.m	8. 0 p.m

STAGES

EGLINGTON STAGE.

Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 11.10 a.m 3.30 p.m., 5 p.m. and 6.20 p.m.

Arrives 8.45, 9.55 a.m., 2.30 and 6 p.m

THORNHILL STAGE.

Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, 3.30 p.m.

Arrives 10.30 a.m.

Mail stage leaves Clyde hotel, King street east 3.20 p.m.

COOKSVILLE STAGE.

Leaves Bay Horse hotel, Yonge street, p.m.

Arrives 11 a.m.

HIGHLAND CREEK STAGE.

Leaves Clyde hotel, King street east, 3.15 p.m.

Arrives 11 a.m.

KINGSTON ROAD TRAMWAY,

for Leslieville Woodbine driving park, Victoria park, and Ben Lamond.

Station, Don bridge, foot o King street.

Leaves Don Station 6.35, 9.05, 10.35 a.m, 12.05, 2.05, 3.35, 5.05, 6.35, 8.35 p.m.

Leaves Ben Lamond 6.00, 8.30, 10.00, 11.30 a.m. 1.30, 3.00, 4.30, 6.00, 8.00 p.m

SUNDAY SERVICE.

Leave Ben Lamond 10.00 a.m.; 1.30 and 5.00 p.m.

Returning leave bridge 10.35 a.m., 2.05 and 9 p.m.

An extra car leaves Ben Lamond (on Saturday's only) at 9.30 p.m., and returning leaves bridge at 10.05 p.m

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

FAHEY, SAYERS & CO.,

Stock, Grain and Insurance Brokers,

have removed from No. 9 Toronto street to No. 64 King street East.

Agents for the "Phenix" Insurance Company of Brooklyn, "City of London" Fire Insurance Company of England,

"Metropolitan Grain and Stock Exchange of Chicago."

INCORPORATED.

PAID UP CAPITAL - - - - $100.000

STEAMSHIPS.

MONARCH S. S. LINE,

WEEKLY TO AND FROM LONDON.

DOMINION S. S. LINE,

WEEKLY TO AND FROM LIVERPOOL.

For lowest rates of passage apply to

SAM. OSBORNE & CO.,

40 Yonge street. 135

FINANCIAL.

Imperial Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 15.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of eight per cent per annum upon the Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and at the Branches on and after Tuesday, the 2nd day of January next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th December, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

36 D R. WILKIE, Cashier.

FANCY GOODS.

GREAT EXHIBITION AND SALE OF TROPICAL LEAF PLANTS & FLOWERS,

FOR TABLE DECORATIONS.

W. A. MURRAY & CO.

will to-day and during this week offer 1,000 Beautiful Tropical Plants and Flowers with or without Pots at one-half the regular prices. On exhibition to-day in our large Millinery Rooms. Also remember the Great Bargains in Every Department during our December Sale. COME AND SEE US.

W. A. MURRAY & CO.,

17, 19, 21, 23, 25 & 27 KING ST. EAST, TORONTO.

CONFECTIONERY.

HARRY WEBB

482 Yonge st., Toronto,

CATERER,

—AND—

Ornamental Confectioner!

Special attention given to supplying Weddings, Evening Parties, &c. A full supply of all requisites, including Cosaques, Silver Dishes, Centres, Cutlery, Table Linen, Table Napkins, &c, constantly on hand.

Wedding Cakes and Table Decorations

OUR SPECIALTIES. 36

CHRISTMAS CARDS.

LYON & ALEXANDER,

110 BAY STREET.

IMPORTERS.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS! 135

Christmas Novelties,

Velvet Frames, Easels, Etc.

PRINTING.

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING

At Reasonable Prices. 36

J. G. WOODLAND & CO

STEAM PRINTERS,

11 and 13 KING STREET WEST.

BOOKS AND STUFFED BIRDS

W. P. MELVILLE,

DEALER IN

NEW AND SECOND HAND BOOKS, STUFFED BIRDS.

Birds Eggs and all kinds of Natural History Specimens and Supplies.

319 Yonge St. Toronto.

P S Birds and Animals Stuffed to order

BILL POSTING

WM. TOZER

BILL POSTER AND DISTRIBUTOR,

100 WOOD ST.

Orders left at Hill & Weir's will be promptly attended to.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

$3 PER DOZEN

—FOR FINELY FINISHED—

CABINET PORTRAITS!

No other house in the city is making the same quality of work for less than double the money.

THOS. E. PERKINS,
Photographer, 293 Yonge street.

TONSORIAL.

OLD DOLLY VARDEN.

CAPTAIN JACK

Has opened a fine Shaving Parlor for the west end

456 QUEEN STREET.

Near Denison Avenue. 135

COAL AND WOOD.

SCRANTON COAL.

The only importer and dealer in Scranton coal in Toronto offers for the present the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company's unrivalled Scranton coal

Consumers will please remember that we are the only dealers in the city who have this celebrated coal for sale, and those appreciating the best anthracite coal mined will please call on

P. BURNS.

OFFICES:

Corner Front and Bathurst sts. | 51 King street east,
Yongs street wharf, | 532 Queen street west.

Telephonic communication with all offices.

PRESS.

CHEAP ADVERTISING

—IN—

THE WORLD!

The only One Cent Morning Paper in Canada.

25C. PER MONTH, $3 PER YEAR.

THE TORONTO WORLD

is Read widely, not only in Toronto but in every town and village of any importance in Ontario, as well as in many places in Quebec and Manitoba, and its circulation is advancing daily.

The large and rapidly-increasing circulation of THE WORLD on the one hand, and its reasonable rates on the other, must commend it to all classes of advertisers as a most desirable medium of communicating with the public.

THE WORLD is published every morning at five o'clock. Extra editions are also published whenever there is news of sufficient moment to demand them.

All advertisements are measured as Solid Nonpareil, twelve lines to an inch.

ORDINARY RATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Commercial advertisements, of whatever nature, FIVE CENTS a line for each insertion.

All advertisements other than commercial TEN CENTS per line.

Reports of meetings and financial statements of banks, and railway, insurance and monetary companies, &c., &c. TWELVE CENTS a line.

Paragraphs among news items, double the ordinary rates.

Special notices, twenty-five per cent. advance on the ordinary rates.

Birth, marriage and death notices, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS each.

Condensed advertisements on the first page, ONE CENT a word, each insertion.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS

are charged at the following rates:

Help wanted, Properties for Sale, Houses or Stores to Rent, Houses or Stores Wanted, Board and Lodging, Rooms to Let, Rooms Wanted, Articles for Sale, Articles Wanted, Articles Lost or Found, Professional or Business Cards, Business Changes, Money to Lend, Personal, and Miscellaneous, TEN CENTS for TEN words, and one cent for each additional word, for each insertion

Extra words at corresponding rates.

Do you want a situation?
Advertise in the World TEN CENTS.
Do you want mechanics?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS
Do you want a clerk?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS
Do you want a servant?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENT
Do you want help of any kind?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS
Do you want boarders or lodgers?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS
Do you want a boarding-house
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS.
Have you furnished rooms to let?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS
Have you a house or store to let?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS.
Do you want to rent a house or store?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS
Have you any property for sale
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS
Do you want to lend or borrow money?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS
Do you want to sell or buy a business?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENT
Have you lost or found anything?
Advertise in the World fo TEN CENTS
Do you want to sell *anything*?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS
Do you want to buy *anything*?
Advertise in the World for TEN CENTS

Let Everybody Advertise in The World.

PRESS

ADVERTISERS!

Will find it to their advantage to advertise in the

New Glasgow Plaindealer,

A Liberal Conservative, weekly newspaper, the spiciest and best weekly paper in the Maritime Provinces. RATES LOW. Address, for rates, etc., W. D. TANTON, Manager Plaindealer. New Glasgow. Nova Scotia.

THE TORONTO WORLD

Is the brightest and most fearless daily paper published in Canada. It deals with men and measures without favor or timidity, and presents all the current news in brief and readable form. The daily edition will soon have the largest circulation of any journal in Canada. Every farmer and mechanic and and all men of the so-called lower and middle classes should read it.

Sample copies will be sent on application.

TERMS.

Daily, per year	- - -	$3.00
" six months	- -	1.50
" four months	- -	1.00
" one month	- -	25

THE WORLD TORONTO.

WINNIPEG ADVERTISEMENTS

GEORGE B. ELLIOTT & CO.,

Valuators and Investors.

WEST LYNNE MANITOBA

Correct and Confidental Valuations made of all property in Southern Manitoba towns and villages, and of farm property in Southern Manitoba.

Confidental Reports furnished owners and intending investors

Taxes paid for non-residents. Eight years in Red River country. Correspondence solicited Charges moderate tf

BAZAAR

YOKOHAMA BAZAAR.

98 Yonge Street, Toronto. 135

To arrive, a fine assortment of Chinese and Japanese Goods specially selected for the holidays.

Inspection invited. ELL, 98 Yonge street

BUY A WORLD EVERY DAY.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 13, 1882.

LOCAL NEWS PARAGRAPHED.

Public school board meets to-night.

Now is the time to sacque your wife.

Hon. Adam Crooks is in New York.

Don't forget to vote on the waterworks by-law to-morrow.

Finch's $9.50 overcoats beat everything in town. Call and see them.

Messrs. Hickson, Spicer and Bell of the Grand Trunk railway are in the city.

Twenty-two Boston tramps were sentenced yesterday to the workhouse for six months each.

The Toronto Co-operative association will hold their third annual concert and social in Occident hall this evening.

Matinees at both the theatres this afternoon. Robert McWade as Rip Van Winkle at the Grand to-morrow night.

Mr and Mrs Lawrence Cosgrave have returned from their honeymoon tour and have met with a warm welcome from their many friends.

A Sarnia constable came for Annie Grant who was arrested by the Toronto police, and took her away yesterday. She is charged with a larceny in that place.

The small sewer on Catharine street was commenced yesterday by Messrs. Ardagh & Leonard. The sewer is a 12-inch pipe, and will be only 100 yards in length.

No 25 Adelaide street, the home of frail feminine humanity for a number of years was vacated yesterday. The head of the establishment is in jail, and the frequenters of the place have deserted it.

One of the passenger cars which came in from the west yesterday had about a foot of ice on the top, and immense icicles hung along both sides some of them being three or four inches in diameter.

The first general meeting of the shareholders of the Standard publishing company was held at their office, on Yonge street last night, when the company was formally organized and a board of fifteen directors was elected, with the Hon. Wm. McMaster as president.

A lad named Thos. Thompson was engaged by Mr. Morgan to assist him in delivering a quantity of paper for Abraham Goldstein of 94 Adelaide street. When the work was completed Thompson carried off a roll of the paper and for this he was arrested by P. C. Mitchell.

The sewer on Queen street, between Trefann and Sumach, will be commenced by Mr. Godson to-day. This sewer will be an 18-inch pipe, and will be about 400 yards long. There is only one other sewer in the city that can be commenced this year, and that is a brick one about 100 yards in length on Queen street from Sherbourne westerly to connect with the Moss park creek.

Bella Stephens was until yesterday a servant at the Little York hotel when she decided to leave. Shortly after she had gone Maggie Meyers, who lives in the same house, missed her valise. The police were informed and on Miss Stephens trunk being searched the lost article was found therein. Detective Brown arrested Stephens and lodged her in No. 1 police station last night.

"If you know of any one who is suffering from rheumatism, bruise or sprain, tell such to use St. Jacobs Oil," says Mr. Rosenthal, of the well known printing house of Rosenthal & Roesch, 538 California street, San Francisco, Cal. "We all know of St. Jacobs Oil, and are perfectly amazed at the suddenness of the relief it affords."

Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh

and consumption in its first stages are treated at the International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto, where the Spirometer is used, an instrument invented by Dr. M. Souvielle of Paris, and ex aide surgeon of the French army, which conveys the medicines in the form of cold inhalations to the parts diseased. Suitable constitutional treatment is used when required. Consultations and a trial of the Spirometer free. Poor people bearing certificates furnished with the instrument free. When not convenient to visit the office write, enclosing stamp, for pamphlet giving full particulars to International Throat and Lung Institute, 173 Church street, Toronto, or 13 Phillips square, Montreal.

The Christmas Card Nuisance.

The Christmas card nuisance, as it is termed by the postal clerks, has opened earlier than usual, and the postoffice threatens to be blocked by the tons of cards that have to be handled.

Don't Die in the House.

"Rough on Rats," clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, flies, ants, moles, chipmunks, gophers. 15c.

About Free Canals.

The adjourned meeting of the Toronto corn exchange was held yesterday. The business of the meeting was to consider the memorial of the Montreal board of trade, praying the dominion government to abolish the tolls on vessels passing through Canadian canals. After the memorial had been read, the following motion was moved: "We agree with the memorial of the board of trade, with the exception that the canals shall not be free to American vessels, except when destined for Canadian ports." The motion was carried., as was also one appointing Messrs Spratt, Tilley, Hagarty and Mathews to act with the board of management to draw up a memorial to convey to the governor-general the views embodied in the above resolution.

Catarrh of the Bladder.

Stinging irritation, inflamation, all kidney and urinary complaints, cured by "Buchupaiba." $1.

Moving the Weather Office.

It is understood that the federal government has finally decided to move the weather office and observatory from Toronto to Ottawa. Some of the officers do not relish the prospect ahead. If the change takes place the university will have a chance to buy back its former property and make certain improvements that at present cannot be carried out.

That Husband of Mine

Is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

THE BISHOP ON GIVING.

(To The Editor of The World.)

SIR: I notice in your account of the bishop of Algoma's sermon in Holy Trinity on Sunday evening, that this reverend divine, while attacking some christians for an irreverent interpretation of scripture, himself advances very unscriptural doctrine as to giving money. He does not like precarious incomes for his clergy, though his divine master told His servants to go forth without scrip or purse, receiving hospitality only from those who were worthy. The apostle Paul expressly enjoins christians "to lay by on the first day of the week according as the Lord had prospered them," that is to say to give from what they had received—not to mortgage the future by engaging to give a fixed annual amount for a number of years as the bishop enjoins. There is no scripture for mortgaging the future, though there is for laying up treasure in heaven by dispensing of earthly possessions. If only scriptural doctrine were followed in regard to giving, there would be no engagements for the future, as to amount of giving, only as to method. Nor would there be any debts on churches, or stipends to clergymen, for christians would expend only from what they had received not from what they expected in the future.

If bishops thus lead their flocks astray, as to scriptural doctrine, what can be expected but that if the blind lead the blind both should fall into the ditch of debt.

SCRIPTURE.

Young and middle-aged men suffering from nervous debility, premature old age, loss of memory and kindred symptoms, should send three stamps for Part VII of pamphlets issued by World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N Y.

CANADIAN NEWS.

A Montreal paper says that a gentleman of that city became insane on recovering a verdict in a civil suit for $50,000.

Lieut.-Col. Pierre T. Delvechio, a native of Quebec, died very suddenly early yesterday morning at the age of 80.

A Serious Charge of Slander.

BUFFALO, Dec. 12—In February, 1879, Dr Lynde attended a young man named Gowanda, whose arm was injured by the buffers of a railway car. He decided that the arm could not be saved and amputated it. A rival physician, Dr Johnston, obtained possession of the amputated arm and claiming that it was needlessly amputated, delivered lectures to that effect, in which he mercilessly attacked Dr Lynde's reputation. For this the latter has brought a suit claiming $10,000 for malicious slander.

A Large Property Claimed.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 12—About twelve years ago, Jacob Baker of Philadelphia, died without heirs, leaving an estate consisting of fifteen acres in the heart of Philadelphia, and large sums deposited in different banks. This estate has been constantly increasing in value and is now estimated at $300,000,000, for the possession of which, some forty cousins of the deceased purpose contending.

The Governor-General's Escort.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 12—It was reported here that the United States authorities had granted a military escort to the Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise to protect them in their journey through Arizona. Neither the Marquis of Lorne or his secretary are aware of such an arrangement and the story may safely be pronounced sensational.

Extensive Bank Robbery.

KINGSLEY, Kansas, Dec 12—On Saturday evening, while the cashier of the bank was at supper, the safe in the vault was opened and $12,000 stolen. The robbery was traced to Crawford, the county treasurer, and he acknowledged his guilt and has promised to restore the money which he had secreted.

At Louis Blanc's Grave.

PARIS, Dec. 12—Henri Marten, Barodet, Madier de Montjean, Lockray and other well known men spoke at the grave of Louis Blanc. The crowd exhibited considerable feeling and often shouted "vive le republique." There was no disorder.

The Spanish Constitution Debate.

MADRID, Dec. 12—The debate on the resolution declaring against the modification of the constitution having shown disastrous differences among Serrano's followers and seeing he could not count on more than sixteen votes he withdrew.

A Very Heavy Sentence.

RUTLAND, Vt., Dec. 12—The police court justices have sent Mrs. Bridget Kennedy to the house of correction for nearly fifty years for illegally selling liquor. She was convicted on 295 complaints.

New York Penal Code.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12—The ministers of various denominations to-day resolved to hold a mass meeting, when action will be taken, looking to the enforcement of the penal code.

A Fatal Courtship.

LANCASTER, Ky., Dec. 12—A man named Casey last evening went to marry Alice East. The brothers of the girl, who opposed the marriage, beat Casey to death.

*** "It is a great art to do the right thing at the right time." The person subject to derangement of the kidneys or liver has a protective duty to perform in purchasing a package of Kidney-Wort. It invigorates these organs and by its cathartic and diuretic effect, cleanses the whole system of all bad humors.

UNDERTAKERS.

J. YOUNG,
THE LEADING UNDERTAKER,
347 YONGE ST.
Imports the finest metal and cloth covered goods. Telephone night or day.

HELP WANTED.

A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT—22 TO 25 years of age. Apply at once to MRS LESLIE, Leslieville, Toronto. 34

HELP WANTED—SECOND HAND TALLOW PRESS. State price. Box 18, Dundalk.

ONE THOUSAND MEN WANTED—ROCKMEN, axemen, graders and teamsters for the Toronto & Ottawa, Ontario & Quebec and Canada Pacific railways. Apply to JOHN SCULLY, Land, Immigration and Contractors' Agent, 156 Front street west. N. B.—Storage and forwarding.

THOS. UTTLEY, EMPLOYMENT AGENT, 57 Queen street east, Toronto. Employers supplied with porters, bookkeepers, laborers, mechanics, etc, free of charge.

100 FEMALE SERVANTS WANTED OF every kind—two housekeepers wanting situations; orders promptly attended to MRS. WM. POTTER, 111 James street north, Hamilton, Ont.

SITUATION WANTED.

PLAIN SEWING BY HAND OR WOULD TAKE family washing; by a very respectable person W. M. K., 231 Chestnut street.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN DESIRES A WELL-furnished bedroom and parlor with breakfast and tea; centrally located. Box 81 World office.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

GENTLEMEN AND LADY CANVASSERS TO sell our teas and coffees and percolators. S. THOMPSON & CO, 116 Bay street. 3456

STEADY MAN WANTED WITH $125 CASH to take charge of a light-paying business. Rent free. Call at 211 King street east.

TO RENT.

HOUSE 17 AND 19 HOWARD STREET, AT the head of Bleeker street, 11 rooms, bath, etc, will be rented to a respectable family at very low rent for winter months. E C. KNOTT, 48 Adelaide street east, Toronto. tf

LAUNDRY.

BOND STREET LAUNDRY, NO. 84—GENTS work a specialty; work sent for and delivered.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

A. WILLIS, 36 KING STREET EAST OFFERS for sale 3600 acres of Manitoba lands not subject to conditions from $4 25 to $8 00 an acre.

A. WILLIS WILL SELL LOTS ON CHURCH street for $50 a foot; Berkeley street $35; Ontario street $38; Queen street west $42; also 50 feet on King street, near Dufferin for $16 a foot; choice lot in Parkdale for $14 a foot.

DUKE STREET—BRICK HOUSE FOR SALE or will exchange for house north of Wilton avenue. A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

HOUSES NOS. 27 AND 29 NASSAU STREET—lot 50x144 feet; will be sold on easy terms, only $400 cash, balance on time. A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

MARKHAM FARM—200 ACRES—SOIL CLAY loam; well watered; brick house; commodious outbuildings; terms easy; possession in March next. A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

ROSE AVENUE—$2300 WILL BUY NINE ROOMED brick-fronted house; brick cellar on stone or brick foundation; modern conveniences A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

ROSEDALE—DETACHED TWELVE-ROOMED house in good repair; lot 76x200 feet; will sell at a bargain. A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

REGINA! REGINA—LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP. E E KNOTT, Speculators Mart, 48 Adelaide Street East, Toronto.

$1100 WILL BUY FIVE-ROOMED COTTAGE—lot 26 x 94 feet; three minutes' walk from the Gardens. A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

$2500 WILL BUY 326 BERKELEY street—semi-detached, nine-roomed house; modern conveniences; side entrance; rented at $22 a month. A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

$2600 WILL BUY DETACHED TWELVE-ROOMED brick-fronted house; modern conveniences, on Adelaide street west. A. WILLIS, 36 King street east.

$3500—ONLY $800 CASH—WILL BUY semi-detached brick house, ten rooms, back stairs, good cellar, bath, hot and cold water, marble wash basin, w c; good location for physician. A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

$5200 WILL BUY 190 AND 192 SHERBOURNE street—will include cottage in rear; all rented for $532 per annum. A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

$6000 WILL BUY ONE PAIR OF BRICK houses on Adelaide street west; will sell separately; 10 minutes' walk from postoffice. A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

$9000 WILL BUY 110 ACRES IN MARKHAM—soil clay loam; brick house; commodious outbuildings; school house within half a mile. A. WILLIS, 36 King street east.

$11000 WILL BUY ONE OF THE choicest farms in Ontario; 300 acres: 200 under cultivation; soil clay loam; well watered; fenced with cedar; orchard; commodious outbuildings; ordinary dwelling, good repair; 1½ miles distant from railroad station; terms easy. A WILLIS, 36 King street east.

EDUCATION.

SCHOOL OF VITAL SCIENCE IN AFFILIATION with the U C T F, Victor B Hall V P, principal. New classes are formed weekly, for particulars apply 427½ Queen street west.

A GRADUATE OF TORONTO UNIVERSITY desires pupils in English, Mathematics and Classics. 106 Adelaide west.

TEACHER WANTED—SECOND-CLASS CERTIFICATE, salary $420. Address C. HAYWARD, Trustee, Amigari P.O., Welland Co. 2

HOTELS

KING'S HOTEL, TORONTO, THE BEST ONE dollar a day house in the city, corner York and Front streets. Porter to meet all trains. The most convenient house to all railroad stations. J H RIGG, Proprietor.

ROSSIN HOUSE IS THE LARGEST, COOLEST, in summer, unequalled in cleanliness best ventilated, best furnished and the best managed hotel in Canada. Graduated prices. HENRY J NOLAN, Chief Clerk. MARK H. IRISH, Proprietor.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, YORK STREET, TORONTO, immediately opposite Union Station. Terms, $1.50 per day. A. G. HODGE, Proprietor.

DENTAL

A. W. SPAULDING, DENTIST, 51 KING. ST., east, opposite Toronto street. Office hours 8.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Evening office at residence, Jameson Avenue, Parkdale. 246

C. P. LENNOX, SURGEON DENTIST, 204 Yonge street. Best plates $8. Vitalized air used in extracting; teeth filled with gold warranted for ten years.

DENTAL SURGERY—111 CHURCH STREET—open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Anesthetics administered.
J. STOWE, L.D.S. F. J. STOWE, L.D.S.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.—Special attention to all branches of dentistry. G. W. HALE, dentist, 141 Yonge street, Toronto.

TORONTO DENTAL INFIRMARY, NO. 5 WILTON AVENUE. The public are respectfully informed that the Toronto Dental Infirmary has been permanently established to meet a want so long felt in the City of Toronto viz., First-class work in all the branches of a Dental Establishment at a very moderate price. As the Infirmary will be conducted on a cash system, especially for the benefit those whose means are limited we would invite all such to call and consult our list of prices. The Infirmary will be under the management of Mr. J. A. SMITH, L.D.S. while we will have professional control and oversee all major operations Nitrous Oxide Gas will be made a specialty at the Infirmary for the painless extraction of teeth, it being a safe and pleasant anesthetic. Every Tuesday between the hours of 9 a.m. and 12 a.m. extracting will be done free of charge for the benefit of the poor. Our motto is: Get the best, use the best, and do the best for the least amount of money HIPKINS & ESCHELMAN, Dental Surgery, No 3 and 5 Wilton Avenue, Toronto. Office hours 9 a.m to 5 p. m 135

CATARRH.

A NEW TREATMENT WHEREBY A PERMANENT cure is effected in from one to three treatments. Particulars and treatise free on receipt of stamp. A. H. DIXON, 307 King street West, Toronto. 1y

FINANCIAL.

$100000 TO LOAN AT 6 PER CENT on city or farm property; half margin; charges moderate. For particulars apply to C. W. LINDSEY, Real Estate Agent, 22 King street east.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$1000 DOWN, BALANCE ON TIME WILL secure profitable wholesale business, including entire control of two specialties. S. THOMPSON & CO., 116 Bay street. 345

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. A. CAMPBELL, VETERINARY SURGEON. Diseases of all the domesticated animals skilfully treated. Horses bought and sold on commission. 32 and 34 Richmond street west, Toronto.

GENERAL AND FINANCIAL AGENCY—SUMS of from $200 to $50,000 to invest in Patent Rights, Business Chances, Manufactures, Hotels, Saloons, and any kind of merchantable or exchangeable property. J. I. EVANS & Co., Leader Lane, Toronto.

GO TO PIPER'S FOR OFFICE FURNITURE OF every description; orders promptly attended to. 59 Adelaide street west.

HODGE & WILLIAMS, 4 ADELAIDE STREET East, dealers in Pitch, Felt, Carpet and Sheating Papers. Roofing done to order. Agents for Warrens' Asphalt Roofing, most durable material known.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND REPAIRED by experienced and first-class workmen. T. CLAXTON, music dealer, 197 Yonge street, Toronto.

TAYLOR & MOORE,
(LATE THE TAYLOR PRINTING CO.)
HAVE REMOVED
TO
No. 1 LEADER LANE,
GROUND FLOOR.

ARTICLES WANTED

SECOND-HAND SAFE WANTED—COMBINATION lock and Taylor make. Address Safe, box 71, World office.

SECOND-HAND SET OF DOUBLE HARNESS; heavy English make preferred; must be in good condition. Apply, stating price to P. O. Box 516. 34

SPECIFIC ARTICLES

AT 125 QUEEN-ST. WEST IS THE CHEAPEST place in the city to buy clothing. All wool scotch tweed pants made to order from $1 50 to $3. W. SIMON.

CHANEY & CO., 230 KING STREET EAST, renovates all kinds of feathers and mattresses; cash paid for feathers, new mattresses, feather beds and pillows for sale.

AT 43 QUEEN-STREET WEST, THE BIGGEST price paid for cast-off clothing, carpets, &c.; parties Waited on at the residence by dropping a card, Cleaning and repairing neatly done. H. YANOVER.

THE RUSH TO "MISS PHENIX, FRENCH Parisian Dress and Mantle Maker" continues unabated. All garments cut by a mathematical scale, which cannot err, consequently a fit like a Jersey is the result of every case. The very latest Paris, London and New York fashions continually on hand. Establishment at 415 Queen street, west.

MEDICAL.

DR. BAXTER, GRADUATE OF EDINBURGH and St. Andrews. Office, corner Queen and Sumach streets. An experience of 20 years in the treatment of fevers.

DR. PLAYTER—LUNGS, HEART, DIGESTIVE organs specialties—removed to 371 King street west. Hours, 11 to 3 and 7 to 8. 61

CONSTIPATION

Is entirely overcome by using NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS. No injury can result, and they are pleasant to wear. Try one and be cured. Guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

BILIOUSNESS

And all disorders of the stomach and liver are corrected by using NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS. Try one and be convinced. Guaranteed genuine. Circulars and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

FEMALE TROUBLES.

Ladies are benefitted more by NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS than by all the science of medicine. They are comfortable and durable. Guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

LUMBAGO.

Those who are suffering from this disease will find a friend in NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS when all other remedies fail. Ask your drugist for it, guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

WEAKNESS

And Lassitude yield to the influence of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELT when all other remedies fail. Try one and you will suffer no longer. Every Belt guaranteed. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Do not throw money away on worthless remedies, when NORMAN'S ELECTRIC BELTS will cure you, Use one and you will find immediate benefit. Every one is guaranteed genuine. Circular and consultation free. A. Norman, 4 Queen street east, Toronto.

BABY

Can be kept quiet and comfortable by wearing around its little neck one of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC TEETHING NECKLACES. They are better than all the soothing syrup in christendom. They give no shocks and are comfortable. Price 50 cents. Sold by all druggists. Ask for them and take no other.

CRYING BABIES.

Babies cry because they suffer. Their little gums are inflamed, and their bodies are more or less feverish. If you will tie around their necks one of NORMAN'S ELECTRIC TEETHING NECKLACES you will see a wonderful change for the better; their suffering will cease and their general health improve. Ask for Norman's, take no other, and you will be pleased. Price 50c. 135

LEGAL.

A—A—ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRITT & COATSWORTH, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors and Notaries Public. Union Loan Buildings, 28 and 30 Toronto street.
J. E. ROSE, J. H. MACDONALD,
W. M. MERRITT E. COATSWORTH, JR.

G. W. GROTE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, CONVEYANCER, Notary Public, &c 12 Adelaide street east, Toronto

J. REEVE—BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR 18, King street east.

MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, etc., Proctors in the Maritime Court, Toronto, Canada. OLIVER MOWAT, Q. C., JAMES MACLENNAN, Q. C., JOHN DOWNEY, THOMAS LANGTON, Offices Queen City Insurance Buildings, 24 Church street.

O'SULLIVAN & KERR, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., etc., etc. Offices—72 Yonge street, next the Dominion Bank. D. A. O'SULLIVAN. W. E. PERDUE.

READ, READ & KNIGHT, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 75 King street east, Toronto.
D B READ, Q C, WALTER READ, H V KNIGHT.

R. S. APPELBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, and notary public, Rooms 22 and 23 Union Loan and Savings building, 28 and 30 Toronto-st., Toronto. 6m

ROBINSON & KENT, BARRISTERS, ETC—office: Victoria Chambers, 9 Victoria street, Toronto. 136
JOHN G. ROBINSON. H. A. E. KENT.

THOSE IN DEBT OR DIFFICULTIES (CITY OR country) should apply personally, if possible, or by letter to C. J. PALIN, financial agent, 53 and 55 King street east, Toronto, and have their matters quietly arranged without publicity or stoppage of business; charges moderate; private consultation free of charge; letters answered; bring writs and summonses with you. 246

W. MALLOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, CONVEYANCER, etc., No. 15 Toronto street, Toronto.

AUCTION SALE.

John M. McFarlane & Co.,
No. 67 Yonge Street.
AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Household Furniture, Small Stock of Stationery, Cigars, &c.,
—AT—
NO. 241 PARLIAMENT ST.,
—ON—
Thursday, December 14.

The subscribers have been instructed to sell by public auction at the above address to-morrow, Thursday, Dec 14, the contents of the whole store and dwelling, consisting of stationery, cigars, show case, glass show candy urns, linoleum, tapestry carpets, also the furniture, consisting of drawing-room suite, centre and other tables, bedsteads, bureaus, enclosed wash stands and chamber ware, mattresses, blankets, sheets, quilts and counterpanes, feather pillows, glassware, cutlery and crockery. 'Queen' range, kitchen utensils, &c, &c. Sale at 11 o'clock. Terms cash.

JOHN McFARLANE & CO, Auctioneers.

DIAMONDS.

DIAMONDS.

Largest stock in the city. Special reduced prices for Xmas trade.
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J. E. ELLIS & CO.,
KING & YONGE STS.

XMAS CARDS.

CHRISTMAS CARDS.

Fine assortment Prize Designs. Railway News Depot, 108½ Queen street west.

W. TOLTON.

RETAIL CLOTHING

FINCH'S!

145 and 147 YONGE STREET.

FINCH'S Men's Overcoats $4.00 up.
FINCH'S Men's Suits $5.50 up.
FINCH'S Boys' Overcoats $2.75 up.
FINCH'S Boys' Suits $1.75 up.
All these Goods are A 1 and Good Value. Fit Guaranteed.

FINCH 145 and 147 YONGE ST.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Waterworks By-law.

$75,000.

Property Owners and others interested are reminded that the By-law for $75,000 for water mains will be voted upon on

THURSDAY, December 14th.

This amount is urgently required to meet the cost of renewing certain mains laid down many years ago during the Furniss management, which, owing to increased consumption, are now too small and insecure for the service demanded from them; and also for mains much needed in the newly opened districts of the city, which are at present without any supply for domestic purposes and fire protection.

It must not be forgotten that ever since the works have been in the hands of the city, the property in the unsupplied sections has been taxed for its share of the expense of maintaining the Waterworks and Fire Departments, without receiving any benefit therefrom, and now that this outlying property is being rapidly built up and settled, it is but justice that it should be supplied with water in common with the rest of the city.

Should the By-law fail to meet with the support of the Property Owners, a difficulty will arise, of which there seems but one solution, viz., the placing the amount in the estimates of next year, thus making an addition of at least a mill and a half to the rate of taxation.

It is confidently presumed that the fairer course will be sustained of spreading the payment of the amount over forty years by the issue of debentures.

On these views, therefore, your support of the By-law is requested.

JAS. B. BOUSTEAD,
CHAIRMAN,
Water Works Committee.
Toronto, Dec. 9, 1882. 34

AUCTION SALE.

By Chas. M. Henderson & Co.

TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT.

VENN'S GREAT
Unreserved Auction Sale
OF
Valuable Gold and Silver Hunting Case Watches, Fine Gold Chains, Fine Electro-Plate, Ormolu Clocks, Diamonds, Bronze Goods, Jewelry, Etc.

EVERY EVENING at 7.30,
AT THE
Diamond Hall, 148 Yonge St.

To parties in want of Christmas goods this sale offers an excellent opportunity. ☞ Every Watch guaranteed for 5 years.

C. M. HENDERSON & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALES.

By PETER RYAN,
AUCTIONEER.

Peremptory Auction Sale
OF THE

Porcelain Company's Stock
TO-DAY.

I beg to notify the citizens of Toronto that I am instructed to sell by Auction, WITHOUT RESERVE, the whole of the stock belonging to above Company, as contained in their Store,

NO. 29 KING STREET WEST,

The stock is one of the finest in the city, consisting of:

Dinner and Dessert Sets, Breakfast and Tea Sets, Tete-a-Tete Sets, Toilet Sets, Fancy Cups and Saucers, Flower Pots, Placques, Vases, Wines, Goblets, Jugs, Tumblers, Decanters, Bowls, Cruet Stands, Cake and Card Baskets, Butters, Knives, Spoons and Forks, Chandeliers, Library and Table Lamps, Brackets, Globes, Table Ornaments and Bric-a-Brac, and a lot of other useful and fancy articles suitable for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

GOODS SOLD IN LOTS TO SUIT BUYERS.

The Sale will take place at the Company's store, 29 King St. West. Sales Afternoons and Evenings, commencing Wednesday Afternoon, 13th instant, at 2 o'clock.

Every attention will be shown to ladies and gentlemen attending this important auction sale. **TERMS CASH.**

PETER RYAN - - Auctioneer.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
J FRENCH, Proprietor. - J C CONNER, Manager.

EVERY EVENING
Wednesday (Matinees) Saturday

JOS. J. DOWLING
In LOCK'S Great Drama in four acts, entitled:
"NOBODY'S" CLAIM.
The Leading Sensational Drama of the Day.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
O. B SHEPPARD, - - - Manager.

GRAND MATINEE THIS AFTERNOON.

Positively last appearance to-night of
SAM. HAGUE'S
British Operatic Minstrels.
Box plan now open.

Remainder of week **ROBT. McWADE** in
RIP VAN WINKLE.

THE ZOO

Open 8 a m to 10 p m.
Always attractive with its many sights,
The whale, the elephant, the lions,
The monkeys and its hundred sights.
ANIMALS FED AT 3 P M.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

The Toronto Gravel Road and Concrete Company.
(LIMITED).
Are now prepared to contract to supply any quantity of
Gravel for Block Paving,
Or for other purposes. 234
JOHN B. LE ROY, Supt.
Tramway Office, Iron Bridge, Dec. 12, 1882.

TELEGRAPHY.

ACADEMY OF TELEGRAPHY
30 King Street East, Toronto.

Ladies and gentlemen desiring a thorough knowledge of the art of Telegraphy should write, enclosing stamp for circular to
JAMES THORNE
Manager

AUCTION SALES.

RUSSELLS',
9 King St. West,
TORONTO.

N.B.—To meet the convenience of Buyers from the country and those of the city who cannot attend the AUCTION SALE being held each evening at RUSSELLS', 9 King street west, Toronto, a DISCOUNT will be allowed on ordinary day sales of 25 per cent.

RUSSELLS',
9 KING ST. WEST, TORONTO.

$25,000 AUCTION SALE!

To-Night. To-Night.

CRUMPTON'S
Grand Auction Sale of
Diamonds, Fine Gold and Silver American and Swiss Watches, Handsome Gold Jewelry, Beautiful New Silverware in Cruets, Cake Baskets, Pickle Stands, Card Receivers, etc.; Clocks, Italian Marbleware etc,

And will continue all the Holiday Season. This is the Finest Stock of Goods that will be offered to the citizens of Toronto by PUBLIC AUCTION or private sale, as it was bought entirely for the regular trade, and will enable all to purchase an elegant and reliable XMAS PRESENT

AT THEIR OWN PRICES.
SALES ALL DAY AT AUCTION PRICES
Auction Every Evening at 7.30.
W. & D. GRAND, Auctioneers,

5000 Elegant Xmas Cards at One-Half Wholesale Prices