

1885

City, Goderich, and Cleveland. ARRANGEMENTS. and Commodious Steamer. "Law Valley" ROACH, Master. The Season of Navigation, as follows: Job every Thursday, at 1 o'clock, Bay City and Saginaw, calling Port Hope and Toronto, making West Shore Boats at Sand City, Cheboygan, Mackinac Island, and at Bay City with Erie, Oseola and Alpena, leaving on Sunday. Job every Sunday, at 12 o'clock, Huron, Detroit and Cleveland, leaving on Thursday. Job is continued during the season.

ROCKETS ROUND TRIP (continuous) will be issued for 12.00, meals and berths included. freight and passage, and all in, apply to WM. LEE, Agent at Goderich. Valley may be had by special for Short Excursions on the 15th afternoon.

TS KINDS FOR HIRE. TORONTO.

VERS! S. IR'S, -st., Toronto.

OFF! A very prosperous season so Millinery COMPLETE getting a first-class article at a rtains, Gloves, Laces, falty. choose from.

GIRVIN.

ECTS ty of work for their Machines

NE

ENZIE, Sole Agent for Goderich.

rug Store, Goderich.

The Huron Signal

DEVOTED TO COUNTY NEWS AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

GODERICH, ONT., FRIDAY, JULY 10, 1885.

MCGILLICUDDY BROS. PUBLISHERS. \$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

THE HURON SIGNAL

Published every Friday Morning, by Mc Gillicuddy Bros., at their Office, North St. GODERICH, ONTARIO.

FRIDAY, JULY 10th, 1885.

SOFT BEER AND HARD WHISKY.

We are glad that Mayor Horton gave the very sensible decision he did on the Blue Ribbon Beer case. The attempt of the brewers to masquerade in a temperance cap would be laughable if there were not heart aches as well as headaches behind the stuff likely to be palmed off as "temperance" beer. We are glad that the Inspector made a test case early, but that is no reason why we should not at the same time ask him to look up and prosecute the hotel-keeper who, it is said, disposed of intoxicating liquor of the rank kind on Dominion Day, and is allowed to go unmolested. We would like to see the license inspector turn his attention to rooting out the dens where whisky is sold. It doesn't need an expert to prove that whisky is intoxicating. The whisky seller must go.

THEIR STORIES DON'T TALLY.

A great hubbub is being raised by opponents of the Scott Act, because it has not managed to abolish drunkenness. In the different counties, in which it has become law. The abolition of drunkenness was never contemplated by the supporters of the act, but the lessening of the temptations to drink was aimed at, and the law has fulfilled that part of the contract. Before the act of May there were nine licensed hotels and three wholesale liquor stores in town, now there are only two liquor stores and no licensed hotels. But, say the opponents of the act, the hotels are doing quite a business on the sly; they are doing a backdoor trade. The opponents of the act must be mistaken, or they are trying deliberately about their friends the tavern-keepers, for when the latter and their barkeepers are put upon oath they unreservedly swear that they do not sell intoxicating drinks, and have not done so since the 1st of May. Now, who are we to believe—the opponents of the act who are not in the trade or those who are? We will take the oath in preference to the mere assertion, for we know that if one of these fellows who know so much about the violation of the Act were placed in the witness box, he would declare himself to be as innocent of illegal practices as a sucking turkey. These are the kind of chaps that don't know the difference between whisky and milk, and brandy and petroleum.

We are led to believe, by the signs of the times, that another Dominion election is among the probabilities. Should our anticipations turn out to be well-founded no time should be lost by the Reform electors of Huron in preparing for the fray. The Dominion Government is saddled with the extravagance of the C.P.R. and the guilt of the Northwest rebellion — of which it was the direct cause, through the mismanagement of the department of the Interior. — but it hopes by corruption, venality and false promises to be again carried on in the tide of popular favor. In Huron, notwithstanding the infamous gerrymander of 1887, the Reform cause can, with proper work, exercise its rightful supremacy. Reformers be up and doing; let your watch phrase be "Ready, aye ready."

THIS is the way the Toronto World looks at it:—"A circus man who commits a fraud is frequently held up to scorn; but what is to be said of the government of Canada putting on exhibition in the Geological museum a plaster-of-Paris imitation of an Australian nugget of gold and labelling it "Australian gold, value \$15,000"? It was not only a base deception, but proved an irresistible temptation to a thief to break in and steal, for on Friday the show case was broken open and the sham nugget removed."

Bradlaugh Once More Ejected. LONDON, July 6.—Parliament re-assembled today. In the commons Mr. Bradlaugh, escorted by Messrs. La-bouchere and Burt, advanced with the purpose of taking the oath. Sir Michael Hicks-Besch interposed an objection. He then moved that Mr. Bradlaugh be refused permission to swear, and that the sergeant-at-arms be directed to exclude him from the precincts of the house unless he engaged not to disturb the proceedings. Carried by 263 to 219. Mr. Gladstone, who voted with the minority, said he held the strongest views on the question of principle, believing that the house had acted unconstitutionally and illegally. (Liberal cheers.) It was the duty of the house to legislate in the direction of removing an existing grievance. The parliament existing had grievously wronged the electorate of Northampton. It was the first duty of the house to redress that wrong. (Cheers.)

WORK AND WIN.

We commend the following faithful words to the special consideration of our readers. The quotations is from Hamilton Times:— The Macdonald Franchise Bill should not have become law. It is not an embodiment of the honest public opinion of the country. It is the work of a scheming old man, supported by a lot of purchased sycophants—men in receipt of Government favors to which they are not entitled, and men who have been promised offices of emolument. The Liberal minority in Parliament made a gallant fight against the vicious measure. They performed an arduous and a disagreeable duty, but their labors were not crowned with success.

The appeal must be taken to the people, and the attack had to be made under great disadvantages. A breach must be made in the ranks of that solid Tory phalanx we have described. Tory politicians, reinforced by Tory revising parliamentarians, have to be conquered. The dependence of the Liberal party is on the education of the people. The masses must be made to think, a public opinion must be created. The Liberal leaders must address the people frequently, presenting to them an attractive, a comprehensible and a radical platform, showing the workers of the land that the legislation proposed is for their good, and that the assets aimed at are a worth striving for. The common school, the pulpit and the unpurchased press; or ought to be, agencies on the side of the Liberals in the coming contest. Whatever makes a man think—gives him the mental capacity to understand that the essence of Toryism is slavery—is a help to the Liberal cause. Whatever increases the spirit of independence—makes a man feel that he will neither sponge his living from the labors of others nor permit parasites to prey upon him—is an agency working for the triumph of Liberalism. The Tories have to be whipped, on ground of their own choosing, entrenched behind their Franchise Bill, but the task is not a hopeless one when undertaken by resolute men, devoted to the interest of their country.

Col. Williams, of the Midland battalion, won fame when he led the glorious charge upon Batoche, and escaped unscathed amid a storm of bullets, but he did not live long to enjoy it, for after a brief illness he died of brain fever while on the steamer on his return home. He was a brave man, and his gallant conduct in the field will long be remembered with pride by the volunteers of Canada.

Mr. Meredith, says the London Advertiser, "went up to Algoma to persuade the people that they should vote against the Government without whose efforts the people of that section would have no voice in the management of Ontario's affairs. In effect, Mr. Meredith was making this extraordinary speech: 'I don't believe you have any right to vote in Ontario, but since Mowat has got you that privilege, please vote for me and not for Mowat.'"

In the House of Commons, last week, on the item of \$3,000 to provide for the establishment and maintenance of life saving stations, Hon. Mr. McLelan said he intended establishing six additional stations in Ontario, each to be provided with one or more life-saving boats and appliances of improved pattern. These stations would be distributed over Toronto, Cobourg, Collingwood, Point Pelee, Goderich, and Port Stanley. A captain would be appointed at each, with a voluntary crew of six, who would go out for practice once a fortnight and be paid by the Government for time so employed.

M. TRICOUPIS, the late Premier of Greece, said to a friend, on coming into power, "When I begin to lay on the taxes I shall 'be turned out.' And he was. The people of Canada would not admit similar punishment to Sir John Macdonald, though he does try to escape by means of Gerrymander and Franchise Bills.

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NEWS ABOUT HOME.

A child's among ye, takin notes An' faith he'll print it."

TOWN TOPICS.

George Stewart, the photographer, is prepared to give a reception to his patrons in pictures of all kinds. Balls, clubs and increase sticks for names and notes at Mrs. Cooke's. Get your stationery at Mrs. Cooke's. Buy your books at Mrs. Cooke's.

If you want a stylish suit, well cut and well made, but cheap and satisfactory, go to F. & A. Prichard's. They aim to give satisfaction to all their patrons.

The thermometer may rise and fall, but shows the photographer is turning out good work at a regular gait. Call upon him for a good picture. See his samples.

Saunders & Son have just received another lot of granite iron and enameled preserving kettles. Also a full stock of various fruit jars, which they are selling at lowest prices. The cheapest house under the sun.

New worsted coatings in all shades new tweeds and serges, new Scotch and English tweeds, new patterns in trousers, new and modern fur furnishings. Call on Mr. Macdonald, at A. P. McLean's.

Kirkbride has gone to Stratford. Mr. Manger has returned from a visit to Detroit.

The American visitors are beginning to pour in. An excursion from Mitchell is expected here today.

The thermometer marked 86° in the shade on Monday.

Miss Ellen Ralph returned from Amherst on Saturday.

D. McGilivray, R.A., of Brantford, is spending vacation in town.

Mrs. Aleck Saunders and babe have gone to visit friends at Galt.

Mrs. George Campbell, of Alpena, arrived in town on Sunday last.

Miss Tilley, of Galt, in the guest of her sister Mrs. Euseby Elmes.

Mrs. Grace Hocking, of Brantford, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Perrin.

Miss Kate Jessop returned from Fawcett, to spend her vacation at home.

Miss Carrie Hale is visiting friends at Port Huron, and is very much improved in health.

Miss Henderson, teacher, was one of the passengers on the Steamer Ontario last week.

Miss Frank Noble has returned to visit her parents Mr. and Mrs. P. Noble, South street.

Mrs. Alex. Kirkbride has returned from a pleasant visit to friends at Jarvis and Stratford.

The extended report of the Blue Ribbon Beer case has crowded out other interesting matter.

Mrs. R. Simmons is spending a few days at Manchester, the guest of her brother, Mr. Brown.

D. Bruce, of the post office department, Ottawa, is spending his vacation at the old homestead, in town.

Among the visitors from Seaford at the R. C. concert were Wesley Fear, dentist, and Dr. H. G. Mackid.

R. W. Johnston, of Allis Craig, preached in St. George's church on Sunday last, morning and evening.

Miss S. A. McLaughlin, of Brantford, has arrived at the Point Farm, to take charge of the telegraph office for the season.

Masters George and Willie Berry, of Ingersoll, and Willie Clow, of Lucknow, are the guests of Johnnie Berry, West street.

Master Ed. Vanatter, who has been attending school here for some months past, has returned to the home of his parents in Stratford.

Mr. and Mrs. Josiah McIlroy who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Harrison for some months, have returned to their home at Orangeville.

Mrs. E. L. Johnston, wife of the well-known Lucknow photographer, formerly of Goderich, died on Friday at her home in Lucknow. She had many friends in Goderich, and her family have much sympathy in her loss.

A Wingham vagrant, who had been committed to Goderich goal from the junction town, was upon his release from goal given a pass by the mayor for one of the flourishing cities of Ontario, whence he says he originally hailed from.

The July number of Our Little Ones, published by the Russell Publishing Co., Boston, is at hand. This number, like its predecessors, is sparkling with things calculated to interest the little ones. It follows: we expect a grand competition, and we think W. F. Clark, the importer of Colin, deserves great credit for the sound judgment displayed in the selection, as the Clyde stud book clearly shows his purity of blood and high pedigree entered in the name of his present owner.

The Methodists of Clinton did not get rain after all on Tuesday, but had a most delightful day of it. The turn out of the county clerk was admirably managed. A number of prizes were awarded to the boys and girls who took part in the various games, and young and old appeared to enjoy themselves.

The excursionists were accompanied by the Doherty Organ Company's band, which discoursed sweet music during the day. The band has a natty uniform, and play well for amateurs.

Wm. McLean, the well known cattle dealer, has one of the best gardens in the county. The bed of geraniums is one of the best arranged we have seen, and several other beds are going to be gorgeous when they come into bloom. Hipplum trees are loaded, thanks to Gabe Elliott's skillful care, and the vegetable garden is very far advanced. We left the grounds with a monster head of lettuce, the biggest we ever handled. It is of the Cross variety, and is a veritable mastodon among the lettuce family.

High School.—At the closing meeting of the high school literary society the treasurer's report showed a balance on hand of \$80, which was voted by the society to be expended as follows: \$50 to be expended by Mr. Halls for physical apparatus; \$30 by Miss Oliver for gymnastic apparatus for girls; \$10 by the head master for books.

The society prizes were awarded as follows: Reading, Miss Radcliffe; recitation, Miss Burt; special prize by head master, Mr. McKibbin. The speaking and essay prizes were not awarded, owing to the lack of sufficient competition.

DEATH OF MR. DOTY.—Darius Doty, for many years a customs house official, and a well known figure in Goderich, died on Wednesday about noon, in his 73rd year. He entered the public service about 33 years ago, and acted as customs house officer at Fort Erie, Ingersoll, and London, and in 1866 exchanged places with Mr. DeW. Jamieson, and came to Goderich. He was very active in mind and body up to the time of his illness, and looked as if he would survive his superannuation many years indeed of his own. His esteemed and venerable partner in life has much sympathy in her affliction.

Now is the time.—Cheap trips to Great Britain, lower than ever before by the Allan Royal Mail Line. Six first class steamers, one of which leaves Quebec every Saturday. Speed, safety and comfort. The magnificent steamer "Parisian" sails July the 23rd, secure your berth. Goderich to Liverpool or Derry only \$20.35. Return tickets at greatly reduced rates. Sea bathing tickets to Portland and Dublin the St. Lawrence very cheap, good until Nov. 1st. Return tickets to points in the West and North-Western states, at great reduction, good for 40 days. For tickets and all information apply to H. Armstrong, agent Allan Line, city ticket agent G. T. R., near the post office, Goderich.

DEMANDING TOLL AT BAYFIELD BRIDGE.—Mr. Johnston, who drives Phillips' pop wagon, complains that on the 20th ult. he was refused passage over Bayfield bridge unless he would pay the toll of 50 cents. Mr. Johnston and the workmen a dozen bottles of pop by way of toll. As the pop belonged to his employers, Mr. Johnston very properly refused to steal it from them. On the Friday following, Mr. Johnston was also stopped for an hour because he wouldn't pay Mr. Elliott and his gang in pop for the privilege of passing over. The popularity of Phillips pop is at high water mark at Bayfield Bridge. Mr. Johnston also says that a fellow named Beacom working at the bridge used some of the most profane and filthy language towards him he ever listened to.

The Salvation Army banquet and jubilee, held here on Wednesday was successful. The tables at the Temperance Hall were well served and largely patronized, and the meeting in Victoria Hall is said to have been an interesting one. Major Coombs' address made a very good impression. The general conduct of the soldiers was far ahead of that of the Lord's Army members last summer at their jubilee. The procession was witnessed by a large crowd. During the evening the colors of the 90 Canadian corps (Goderich) were presented to Capt. Calhoun and Cadet Miller by Major Coombs, amid great enthusiasm. Among the officers present were: Major Coombs, commandant for Canada; Staff Capt. Glover; Capt. O'Leary; Sarnia; Capt. Griffiths, England; Capt. Banks, Stratford; Capt. Calhoun, Clinton; Capt. Connors, Mitchell, and several lieutenants and cadets.

THE "SILVERLAIN" WARE.—We understand that the composer, Miss Skimming, of Goderich, has disposed of the first instalment ordered from the publishers, and has sent a second order for copies. The waltz has been much admired in musical circles, and is being considered very pretty, and the arrangement good. The piece is one that will likely sell on its merits.

The following is from the Buffalo Union and Times:—"Manhattan College has conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws on Rev. John Coffey, of London, Ontario. Father Coffey is editor of the Catholic Record, one of the very best of our Catholic papers on this continent, and Manhattan honors herself in thus honoring so gifted and distinguished a priest. We heartily congratulate our confrere."

Wm. Campbell, our enterprising town clerk, handles considerable salt during the season, and last month sent off over 6,000 barrels of the saline product. The shipments, however, were from more than one well, while the 6,911 barrels sent off by J. J. Kidd were from their own well. However, the salt trade is still vigorous, even if prices are low, and Mr. Campbell is helping the manufacturers to find a market.

"It is amusing," says an exchange "when soliciting to hear a man say it doesn't pay to advertise. Why does this man put out a sign? That is advertising. Why does he obstruct the pavement in front of his store with samples of goods he sells? This is advertising too. Why does he daub the head of a mackerel barrel or dry goods boxes with the words: 'All our goods cheap,' and stick it up in a keg of beans or a bale of calico in his store?" Rev. A. McGilivray, Gaelic minister, has returned from sacrament services in Huron and Ashfield townships. Preaching was done in the bush day after day, and the services were most delightful. Some of the services were rather longer than is usual with English speaking Presbyterian bodies, one preacher having warmed to his work and kept his congregation together from 11 a.m. until 5 p.m. There were large audiences at the various services.

TELEPHONE EXTENSIONS.

The Bell Telephone Co. announces the completion of a Trunk Line, east from Kingston as far as Prescott, connecting also Gananoque, Brockville and Mississauga in Ontario, as well as Ogdensburg, Canton, Hawelton, Richville, Potsdam and other points in the State of New York. The Company has a large force of men at present engaged in building lines, and will be able to complete new extensions in many different directions shortly.

In reference to the prizes offered elsewhere for colts from the Clydesdale horse "Colin," we have authority for saying that the colts from Colin are both numerous and of nonpareil quality, consequently we expect a grand competition, and we think W. F. Clark, the importer of Colin, deserves great credit for the sound judgment displayed in the selection, as the Clyde stud book clearly shows his purity of blood and high pedigree entered in the name of his present owner.

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OUR TOWN FATHERS.

What Transpired at the Council Meeting Last Friday Night.

The council met on Friday evening last. Present—Murray, Colborne, McEwan, Lee, Bingham, Humber, Dunlop, Butler, Johnston.

The treasurer's statement for the month of June was received and filed. The report of Charles Bates, fire warden, was received showing that the fire engine was now in splendid running order, after some repairs to the pumping apparatus.

The report of the caretaker of the cemetery was received and filed. The street inspector's report, dealing chiefly with the cow nuisance, was filed. The report goes on to say: "Lately the pound-keeper has been looking after them better, and some of the parties who went in for stock raising have sold out since the by-law has been strictly enforced."

A communication was received from the county clerk showing that Goderich's share of the county rate had been placed at \$17,000.00.

The following accounts were received and referred to the finance committee: D. K. Strachan, watering cart and repairs, \$54; J. Imrie, envelopes, 50c.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—C. & T. Swartz, \$3; Henry Stover, 10.70; M. Hutchison, \$1.13; Rowell & Hutchison, \$5.25; Williams & Murray, \$145.65; Alex. Kirkbride, \$7; Star, \$3.20; E. Belcher, \$4.72; Reese Price, \$22.66.

In consideration of the grant given the council to the necessity of having something done to improve the acoustic properties of the council chamber.

Moved by Colborne, seconded by Johnston, that a sufficient quantity of saw dust to cover the floor of the council room be procured. Carried.

Mr. Butler asked what was done by the county council in the matter of the Poor House.

The reeve stated that the matter had been before the county council, and a committee had been appointed to investigate and report at the December meeting.

Moved by Butler, seconded by Dunlop, that a committee be appointed for the purpose of obtaining probable cost and a suitable site for a poor house for the municipality, the committee to consist of Messrs. Humber, McEwan, Butler and the Mayor.—Carried.

The council then adjourned.

Our Fisheries.

The surrender of our fisheries free of compensation for six months to the invasion of American fishermen is in many ways exasperating. Canada allowed American fishermen the right to sell fish, free of duty, in American markets, together with a large sum of money. American fishermen, who if strictly kept off Canadian waters would find their occupation gone and should, therefore, have been thankful for having the right purchased for them, loudly proclaimed their dissatisfaction with the arrangement. Why, it may be asked? Simply because they did not want the Canadian fishermen to be allowed to sell fish in American markets, but wanted the market all to themselves. When it was pointed out to them that if they insisted upon having the United States market to themselves, at the expense of terminating the fishery clause of treaty, they would also lose the right to take fish in Canadian waters, they truculently declared that they could not be kept out of the fisheries by all the British vessels that ever floated, and that if the treaty was only terminated, they would take care of themselves. The Fishery clause was terminated, whereupon our Minister of Fisheries declared that the Canadian fisheries would be strictly guarded against invasion. Now that the time has come, the American fishermen have proved right, and our Minister of Fisheries has proved wrong. The American markets are closed against Canadian fish, caught by Canadian fishermen, while American fishermen are to be allowed to catch fish in Canadian waters, for sale, of course, in the United States. The American fishermen are given all they want; they have now the use of the Canadian fisheries and the American market to themselves. The Newfoundland fishermen, whose representatives brought about this precious arrangement will not lose much by it; indeed they probably gain by it. The duty against fish imported from the United States, which will be imposed by Canada, will secure the Western Canada market, hitherto supplied from Boston, to the Northern Canadian and Newfoundland dealers, somewhat, of course, to the expense of the Ontario consumer. But the fishermen of the Maritime Province will simply be stamped out.—(Witness.)

BOYS FOR CANADA.—Dr. Barnardo, of London, England, is sending out about the last week in July, a party of one hundred boys for farm and other employment. These desirous of engaging boys should apply early to Mr. Edward Duff, superintendent, Hazel Brae, Peterborough, Ont.

The present British Cabinet is said to have adopted the plan for the settlement of Egypt drafted by Lord Northbrook.

Fannie's Summer Boarders.

Fannie French looked through the window with a highly injured and altogether cross expression on her pretty, fair face.

It was really too bad! She had planned a delightful drive that afternoon with Jasper, and now the rain had to spoil it all.

Jasper, however, seemed to bear the disappointment—if disappointment it was—with angelic patience and fortitude; for he devoted himself all the afternoon to "The Woman in White," much to the annoyance of Fannie, who was of a lively disposition, and preferred chatter and gossip to all the novels that were ever written.

But even "The Woman in White" became rather tedious at last, and Jasper stretched his handsome, graceful limbs, and yawned as he said,—

"Why that blue look on your face my dear?"

"Because I feel blue," snapped Fannie. "This house is just like a tomb, and I sometimes feel creepy all over. I don't see any use in our being rich, when we can't enjoy our wealth."

"Now you needn't laugh," retorted Fannie, with an injured air, "for its the solemn truth. Why, last week at Mrs. McDonald's reception I actually felt ashamed of myself carrying on a handkerchief flirtation with that bewitching Colonel Rivers."

"That's because I was looking at you," said the astute Jasper, "you know, sister mine, that I detect nothing more than flirting—especially with such men as Rivers."

Fannie stared up at once. "Now you needn't begin to abuse everybody behind their backs, Jasper. I don't admire Col. Rivers any more than you do; but there is no little society in this sleepy village, and I must flirt! If I can't find desirable men, why, then, I must take undesirable ones that's all."

"But, Fannie—"

"Now, old mentor, don't begin to lecture and scold again, that's a dear," and Fannie playfully put her hand over his mouth.

Of course Jasper did not lecture or scold then, for when the lovely Fannie assumed that penitent look, and spoke in such a wholesome manner, no one could ever resist her.

Jasper laughed good naturedly, and playfully pinched the dimpled, rosy cheek as he said—

"You are an awfully shy chicken, Fannie. Silence resigned for several minutes after that. Jasper sprawled gracefully on the sofa, and had fallen into a day dream, to judge from the rapt expression on his features, and Fannie was watching a pair of very wet and bedraggled sparrows, as they perched in a forlorn manner on the fence."

At last Fannie said, suddenly—

keeps them all I can't imagine. But they'll come quite handy when my boarders arrive. Now, Jasper, be a good boy and confess that my idea is a good one.

Jasper looked thoughtful for a few moments, and then said:—

"It isn't half a bad plan, sister mine, if—"

"If you can find any boarders." Fannie clasped her hands with a tragic gesture.

"Just hear that absurd boy! Why Jasper, boarders are to be had hundreds!"

"But will mother approve?" asked Jasper rather doubtfully.

"Of course she will!" said his sister with the air of a person who had confidence in her power, and meant to use it.

"I suppose you'll threaten to elope with Professor Wilde if she won't approve," Jasper said wickedly.

But Fannie designed him no reply, and he returned to "The Woman in White."

A few days later on, a very modest little advertisement appeared in one of the daily papers: One or two lady boarders wanted for the summer; locality pleasant and healthy; terms moderate; address Miss F. F., et cetera.

Fannie firmly expected at least fifty answers to this advertisement, and was wofully disappointed when Jasper came in one day with one solitary letter in his hand.

She eagerly scanned its contents. Elaine Hetherton wished to obtain board for the summer; she had a brother of twelve, the letter said, who was a cripple her physician had told her that she must take him into the country for the summer.

Miss Hetherton herself wrote regularly for the press, and would be busy with her writing part of the time, and would make as little trouble for Miss F. F. as possible.

"I'm going to tell her to come," said Fannie decidedly, for she had fallen in love with Miss Hetherton, after a fashion, through her letter.

"When?" whistled Jasper. "A la belle saison, is she? No doubt she's superannuated and crochety, affects cork screw curls and green glasses, dresses like a girl in her teens, and draws to perfection."

"But what if I should decide to go to the mountains before Monday?" asked Jasper, who knew that Fannie's will was law, but liked to tease her when he got the chance.

"Allow me to help you both into the carriage." That two miles' ride was altogether enjoyable. Cynical Jasper was charmed and mentally kicked himself for ever having thought her a strong-minded old maid.

And simplehearted little Elaine thought he was the handsomest, noblest man she had ever seen.

Fannie of course was delighted with her boarders; and that summer the Hall was gay as it had been for many, many years. Even Mrs. French forgot her nerves sometimes, and smiled to herself when she heard Elaine and Jasper singing duets together.

About a month after the arrival of Elaine and Rob Hetherton, Fannie said one day to Jasper—

"Aren't you going to the mountains soon, Jasper? You threatened to go when a certain supernumerated bus came, you know."

"Hang the mountains!" said Jasper, irreverently.

"I'm sure you ought to go," said the artful Fannie persuasively. "The Lesters and the Taylors are gone, and it's getting duller than ever; and the dear little innkeeper escaped from the room and executed a delightful prouette in the hall."

Elaine was not idle by any means, for three hours each day were devoted to literary labors. Her "study" was generally out under the spreading evergreens, and Jasper and Fannie were always on hand to help—or hinder. Elaine had a tender, poetic fancy, which sometimes found expression in sweet and beautiful verses.

Jasper read well, and Tennyson and Owen Meredith were often pleasant companions when Elaine's "study hours" were over. And Fannie watched with happy eyes the play from real life which was being enacted. This French family was far above mercenary ideas that so many rich people entertain; Fannie already loved Elaine as her sister, and knew that she would make Jasper a true and sweet wife.

Such a delightful manner as it was! Robson seemed so easy and healthy, and looked quite another boy. Innumerable were the drives and picnics proposed. It was really a wonder that Elaine had any time for writing at all.

They—meaning Elaine and Jasper—were out in the garden one beautiful twilight. Jasper, became tender all of a sudden, and said abruptly—

"Elaine!" Elaine was just picking a rose; she started suddenly, and a great thorn scratched her finger cruelly; the blood began to ooze out, and she tried to hold her hand from Jasper. But he saw the blood drops, firmly took the reluctant hand, and kissed the wound.

Elaine blushed and blushed, and tried to snatch her hand away. But Jasper's masterful black eyes were looking into the deep blue ones, and then—but of course you know what happened, so I won't try your patience with unnecessary details.

Suffice it is to say that Jasper married one of Fannie's boarders three months later, and as it couldn't have been Rob, why then it must have been—the other one! So Fannie's summer boarders became winter boarders also, much to the satisfaction of everyone concerned.

Rough Handling of Children. The causes of joint diseases in childhood are frequently obscure, but this much is certain, that the rough handling which children receive at the hands of ignorant parents or careless nurses has much to do with the matter.

Stand on any street corner and notice how children are handled. Here comes a lady with a three-year old girl; she is walking twice as fast as she should, and the child is over-exerting itself to keep pace; every time the child falls the mother gives it a sudden and unexpected lurch which is enough to throw its shoulder out, to say nothing of bruising the delicate structures of the joints; a gutter is reached; instead of giving the little toddler time to get over in its own way, or properly lifting it, the mother raises it from the ground by one hand, its entire weight depending from one upper extremity, and with a swing which twists the child's body as is landed, after a course of five or six feet around as the joints will permit, it feet through the air, on the other side.

HER FIRST RIDE.

How a Girl Acts in Learning to Mount and Ride on a Horse.

The beautiful summer weather is here. The country lanes, bright with the young green of trees and bushes, and fragrant with wild flowers, are perhaps at their loveliest. The young lady who means to learn to ride on horseback naturally thinks that now her opportunity has come.

Her riding habit is ready for her. It has been made a gem, and already she has tried it on five times. She has admired its snugly fitting basque before the glass; she has practiced gathering the flowing folds of the skirt gracefully over her arm; she has adjusted and readjusted the dainty little cap, and has even been guilty of sitting side-saddle on a chair and snapping her whip, just to see how it will feel.

When, therefore, it is announced that the horse is at the door, and the hour has arrived for her first lesson, she is able to descend the front steps triumphantly, with her skirt held in the proper manner, her costume complete, even to the yellow ribbon by which her whip is slung from her wrist, and a gay smile upon her face.

It is true that she experiences a certain sensation of inward sinking, and that the horse, as she looks at him, seems a taller animal than she had believed a horse could be; but she does not mention these drawbacks to the family.

Nor, when her escort assists her to mount, does she give expression to the awful certainty she feels that, instead of landing in the saddle, she is going to fall off on the other side. A little gasp, which she turns into a laugh, is the only indication of her terror.

They are off! Her mother calls after her to be very careful; her little brother sits on the hitching post and cheers; her younger sisters stand in a row on the curbstones, and shout a shrill chorus of good-byes. Her horse is only walking; but as she feels his great body heave beneath her, and realizes her lofty position and helplessly cramped attitude, it seems as if she could not bear it; she must get off.

"Whoa!" and she jerks the reins. The horse stops.

"What's the matter?" asks her escort. Can she confess that she is too frightened to go on? Impossible! How she would be laughed at!

"Oh, nothing," she says, tremulously, resigning herself to her fate, "I thought there was something wrong with the harness, but I guess there isn't. Get up!"

The horse obeys. He trots. She holds her breath and clings to the pommel of the saddle for a moment of anguish and then his pace subsides again to a walk. The next time it is increased to a canter, and this she finds more endurable. Gradually, indeed, as they get out into the country, her fear abates so far that she is able to give coherent answers to her companion's remarks upon the scenery, and when, an hour later, they reach home again, the relief of getting down is so great that she is even prompted to thank him effusively for the pleasure she has enjoyed.

To the family, when they ask her how she likes riding, she says it is perfectly lovely—that is, it will be as soon as she gets a little used to it.

The Cholera. Possibly the Cholera may not reach our locality this season. Nevertheless, we should take every precaution against it. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, Colic, Cramp, Diarrhoea and Dysentery.

The Gardener's Monthly says: "In transplanting evergreens of all kinds from the woods, the best way to save their leaves is to cut them half back with the hedge shears, and when any come from the nurseries with bad roots which have accidentally become dry, a severe cutting back will often save them. The leading shoot must be cut away or the side branches will not come out well. Evergreen hedges require attention as they grow. Where the height desired has been attained, the top and strong growths should be cut back while they are still water. The side shoots need not be touched till midsummer. All wise people now employ the conical shape for hedges. In cutting back the top growth at this season, the conical form can still be preserved."

By the use of Hanington's Quinine Wine and Iron, and Tonic Dinner Pills, the blood is purified, and a healthy skin is the result. Beware of imitations. See that you get "Hanington's," the original and genuine. For sale by all druggists and general dealers in Canada.

For rough conditions of the skin, Shampooing the head, Pimples, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, use Prof. Low's Sulphur Soap.

Trousseau of a Princess.

Have you any curiosity about the sort of trousseau a Princess has? I have seen the sketches and material of some of Princess Beatrice's trousseau frocks, which are being made by Redfern. One is a very pretty brown and blue shot tweed, with silk to match. The skirt is of the latter, and is arranged in wide perpendicular pleats. The bodice and tunic are of the tweed, the front of the bodice being trimmed with folds of the silk, arranged fish-fashion. A pretty little jacket to go with this gown is made of the tweed, lined with peacock colored satin, and trimmed with the shot-silk down the fronts, which are straight, though the back fits tightly to the figure.

Another nice frock is of great blanket cloth, the long wide pleats on the skirt being separated by folds of ottoman silk in the same color. There is also a vest of the ottoman, the bodice and scarf drapery being of the cloth. A jacket is made to accompany this frock, the material being the blanket cloth. It fastens from the left shoulder, and is trimmed round all the outlines with fine sable.

A gown of navy blue cloth is cut out in scallops, which fell over a trimming of interlaced cardinal red braid. A similar gown, narrower trimming, edges the tunic, which is quite short. The fronts of the bodice are scalloped over a vest of interlaced red braid, and the sleeves are finished at the cuffs to match.

The jacket corresponding with this is of navy cloth, edged with one row of cardinal braid. A revers, turned back at the left side of the chest, is lined with silk; and a similar revers, turned back at the right side of the bodice, shows a similar lining. This is a very effective little arrangement, and one quite new to my experience.

A cream colored cloth is made over a skirt of pale blue veiling, being quite plain except for a narrow pleating round the edge. The bodice of this fastens diagonally from the left shoulder, by means of carved mother-of-pearl buttons. The vest and cuffs are pale blue.

Another cream colored dress of Cairo cloth, with pleated skirt and scarf like tunic of cream colored satin. The bodice of this gown is pleated and worn with a belt.

I wonder if it is intended for her going away dress.—"Girl's Gossip" in Truth.

Almost every person has some form of scrofulous poison latent in his veins. When this develops in scrofulous sores, ulcers, or eruptions, or takes the form of rheumatism, or organic diseases, the suffering that ensues is terrible beyond description. Hence the gratitude of those who discover, as thousands yearly do, that Ayer's Sarsaparilla will thoroughly eradicate this evil from the system.

A Fact Worth Knowing. We learn from a western paper that at the recent session of the London Convention, Messrs. Geo. M. Mabel and Macfie appealed against the assessment of the Carling Brewing Co., which was fixed at \$125,000 for real estate, and \$40,000, personal. It was stated that the value of the Company's property had been so depreciated by the passing of the Scott Act, that the real estate was worth more than 25 per cent. on the dollar of its original value, and that the personal property was worthless.

With the electors, the liquor men argue that under the Scott Act there is more liquor drunk than under license; in the courts, they plead that the liquor manufacturing business is ruined.—(Canada Citizen).

Keep Your House Guarded. Keep your house guarded against sudden attacks of Colic, Cramps, Diarrhoea, Dysentery and Cholera Infantum. They are liable to come when least expected. The safest, best and most reliable remedy is Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

A Woman's Suicide. GANANOUQUE, Ont., June 28.—The village was startled this morning by an alarm on the fire bell, and it was soon made known that Mrs. Dr. Farleigh and her baby were missing from the house. Yesterday the doctor was away at Napawan, and arrived home about daylight this morning. On entering the house he could not find his wife nor child. Becoming alarmed, he roused the neighbors, and a general search was made. About 6 o'clock Mrs. Farleigh's body was found in a stooping position partly lying in the water at Saunaw point. She was quite dead, and had evidently walked from the house to where she was found. The baby has not yet been found, but search is still being made; and it is certain that the body is somewhere near the water. The doctor's grief is heartrending. The child has been sick ever since it was born last October, and needing anxious care. The long and anxious watching seems to have affected Mrs. Farleigh's mind.

When Report Moves incessantly the most buoyant today may be loaded down by adversity tomorrow. One peculiarity of that famous alleviator of human suffering—Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, is the fact that in spite of hundreds of imitations and substitutes it has retained its place in the very front rank as a remedy form. This must ever be the case as every person who has used it testifies that it is prompt, painless and certain—three grand essentials which, when combined, as is the case with Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor, insure a sure pop corn cure. Sold everywhere.

The discovery of the instantaneous process of taking photographs has been quickly followed in the medical world by a perfect and instantaneous remedy for all acute and chronic pains, as Neuralgia, Toothache, Rheumatism, etc. This valuable remedy is called Fluid Lightning, and is sold at 25 cents a bottle by Geo. Rhyas, Druggist.

Salt Rheum Cured. Are you troubled with Salt Rheum, Rough Skin, Pimples or Canker Sores; if so, go at once to Geo. Rhyas' Drug Store and get a package of McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Ointment. Price 25 cents. It was never known to fail.

A Want of Activity.

Much of the ill condition of chronic invalids is due to want of activity in a sluggish liver. Budeck Blood Bitters arouses a healthy action of the liver to secrete pure bile, and thus make pure blood which gives perfect health.

Hard boiled egg yolk food at any time, but never so well as when, five or four and twenty blackbirds, they are in a pie. Boil 4 dozen eggs hard, and, when cold, shell and slice them and put them in layers in a buttered pie dish, alternating with butter, bread-crumbs, pepper and salt, and covering them with this mixture. Add a cupful of cream and bake to a brown.

A Human Barometer. The man with rheumatism can feel the approach of bad weather in his aching joints. Hayard's Yellow Oil cures rheumatism, aches, pains and injuries.

Rev. J. G. Falls, Dutton certifies: "For some years my wife has been troubled with Dyspepsia, and has tried one thing after another recommended with but little or no effect till advised to give McGregor's Spiced Cure a trial. Since taking the first bottle I have noticed an improvement, and can with confidence recommend it to be one of, if not the best medicine extant for Dyspepsia. This invaluable medicine for Liver Complaint, Indigestion, Kidney Complaint, is purely vegetable. Sold at Geo. Rhyas' Drug Store. Trial bottles given free.

Im. A crotchety old doctor in New York has won the hatred of every fashionable belle in the country. He says that the use of those costly graceful sandalizing bottles, which enables a lady to exhibit a plump arm and tapering fingers to perfection, is hurtful. The strong salt, cause headaches, sore throats, and worse of all, red noses.—(N. B. Mail).

Barn's Fluid Lightning. Is the only instantaneous relief for Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, etc. Rubbing a few drops briskly is all that is needed. No taking nauseous medicines for weeks, but one minute's application removes all pain and will prove the great value of Krain's Fluid Lightning. 25 cents per bottle at George Rhyas' drug store.

The Hectic Flush, a pale hollow cheek and procrustean appetite, indicate worms. Freeman's Worm Powder will quickly and effectually remove them.

WARREN LELAND,

whom everybody knows as the successful manager of the Largest Hotel Enterprises of America, says that while a passenger from New York on board a ship going around Cape Horn, in the early days of emigration to California, he learned that one of the officers of the vessel had cured himself, during the voyage, of an obstinate disease by the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Since then Mr. LELAND has recommended AYER'S SARSAPARILLA in many similar cases, and he has never yet heard of its failure to effect a radical cure.

Some years ago one of Mr. LELAND'S farm laborers bruised his leg. Owing to the bad state of his blood, an ugly scrofulous swelling or lump appeared on the injured limb. Horrible itching of the skin, with burning and darting pains through the lump, made life almost intolerable. The leg became enormously enlarged, and running ulcers formed, discharging great quantities of extremely offensive matter. No treatment was of any avail until the man, by Mr. LELAND'S direction, was supplied with AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which allayed the pain and irritation, healed the sores, removed the swelling, and completely restored the limb to use.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

for Rheumatism, with entire success; and, after careful observation, declares that, in his belief, there is no medicine in the world equal to it for the cure of Liver Disorders, Gout, the effects of high living, Salt Rheum, Sores, Eruptions, and all the various forms of blood diseases.

We have Mr. LELAND'S permission to invite all who may desire further evidence in regard to the extraordinary curative powers of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to see him personally either at his mammoth Ocean Hotel, Long Branch, or at the popular Leland Hotel, Broadway, 7th and 8th Streets, New York.

IMMER... nd Style... LOP... LOR... Montreal... Works... etors... IN MACHINERY WANTED... duction System... tural Furnaces... to Order... R. W. RUNCIMAN... TORE... IS! AINS! SH... ED DOWN... EY... eople's Store, Goderich... ES... ARGAINS... WARE... &C., &C... s, Majolica Ware... t COST... LL... Hamilton street, Goderich... CASH... NG... ice for Cash... SMITH... New Stock... RRY... DERTAKER... ch... erior Furniture, such as... atresses, Wash-stand... on hand also Heaters for hir... HOES... eddup... nness in the above Stor... purchased a large and... figures, we are determin... BE OUR MOTTO... ng elsewhere... ug Store... workmen employed... & WEDDUP... LL PAPER... to see Butler's room paper... test Designs... ods, Cal and see them. The... sold... ns & Fashions... ILER'S

BLUE RIBBON BEER.

An Important Case Tried at Goderich.

Mayor Horton decides that the Sparkling Beverage with the Temperance Name Must Not be Sold in a Retail Store.

This now famous case came up on Friday morning last before Mayor Horton.

The prosecutor, E. W. Ball, conducted his own case, and C. R. W. Biggar, of Mowat, McLennan & Biggar, appeared for the defence.

Mr. Davies, the manufacturer of the beverage, was present, and watched the case closely during the trial.

The information set forth that John McBride did on the 13th day of June, 1885, at his premises known as the "Albion Hotel," town of Goderich, County of Huron, sell intoxicating liquor in violation of the second part of the Canada Temperance Act of 1878 and amendments.

FOR THE PROSECUTION.

John McBride, sworn, said—I am tenant of the Albion hotel; Frederick Dale, bartender, is in my employ; I don't remember having any conversation with you at any time about Mr. Davies's Blue Ribbon Beer having 2 per cent of alcohol in it; I remember something about saying that Mr. Davies intended having an analysis of the Blue Ribbon Beer; I was surprised it had not been published by that date.

W. H. Ball, License Inspector, deposed—On Saturday the 13th of June last, accompanied by Dr. McKicking, I proceeded to the Albion Hotel, and called for two glasses of the new drink, having been served I put my glass in a bottle, and called for another, which I drank myself; I paid the bartender 15 cts. for the three glasses; accompanied by Dr. McKicking I proceeded to Rhynas's drug store, having asked the doctor on the road if he could analyse that; he answered that he could not but that the druggist might, on asking Mr. Rhynas, he said he could not; I then had the bottle sealed in the presence of the doctor and sent it by express to London to the public analyst Mr. Saunders, from whom I received the analysis here handed in. Document received and filed. I afterwards proceeded to London and brought back the bottle and the box in which it had been enclosed; my reason for sending the liquor to London to be analysed was that it was a liquid somewhat similar to strong lager beer, highly impregnated with hops, as I thought to destroy the taste of the alcohol. [The bottle and the box were then put in, and also a copy of the seal.]

By Mr. Biggar—I brought the bottle with me to the hotel from my own house; it had contained before that time tomato catsup, and I washed it out with warm water myself and dried it; the bottle was about half full when I sent it away; I got the bottle back from Mr. Saunders himself on Saturday, the 27th of June; I brought the bottle to Rhynas's unopened, and got a cork there; I don't know whether it was a new cork or an old one. I took the bottle home, and kept it in my private room under lock and key, until two days afterwards, when I expressed it to London; I got it about noon on Saturday and sent Monday following, the 15th June; the box was not sealed, but simply tied, but the bottle was sealed; I told nobody what was in the box; it was too late on Saturday to send the bottle away to the analyst, hence the sending it away on Monday.

Dr. McKicking, sworn—I accompanied Mr. Ball to the Albion hotel, but don't remember the date, was present when he called for three glasses of "Blue Ribbon Beer," and paid for it; I drank one glass, and saw Ball bottle another; went to Rhynas's drug store and saw the bottle sealed; I thought the fluid resembled beer; don't know whether there was alcohol in it; did not think it was anything ginger beer, it more resembled lager beer.

To Mr. Biggar—Didn't know the derivation of lager, this beer was a light beer—very light; ordinary beer, I understand contains from 4 to 6 per cent of alcohol; Blue Ribbon Beer contains 2 per centages in alcohol, in different grades of beer.

Mr. Biggar then read the following table of the amount of alcohol in ordinary ales, etc.:

Table with 2 columns: Beer Name, Percent. Includes Burton ale from Edinburgh (8 to 9), London small beer (1 to 2), Porter (London) (4 to 5), Strong ale (average) (4 to 7), Whiskey (53 to 54).

Do not know whether the quantity of alcohol in a quart bottle of this liquid (2603) would affect a man; I cannot say what amount of alcohol would intoxicate a man; I think it impossible to give any definite answer to that question; what I told didn't intoxicate me nor was Mr. Ball intoxicated by what he drank; I could not say it was an intoxicating liquor.

To Mr. Ball—Different quantities of liquor will intoxicate different men; one man can drink a gallon of strong beer and be fairly sober, and another might drink a quart and show symptoms of drunkenness; a great deal depends upon the constitution of the person; sometimes a very small quantity will intoxicate; I cannot say whether there was or was not alcohol in the beer I partook of that day.

Wm. Saunders, sworn—I reside in London; I received a letter and box from E. W. Ball on Tuesday morning, the 16th June; the bottle contained a liquid with the seal unbroken; I analysed the contents of the bottle; I sent the Inspector the following certificate of analysis:

LONDON, OXT., June 22, 1885. H. W. Ball, Esq., Dear Sir, I have completed the analysis of the liquid you sent me in a sealed bottle on the 15th June, the seal of which was unbroken when received by me, and beg to submit the following results. I find it to contain—

Alcohol by weight—3.51 p.c. or by volume 4.39 p.c. It yields solid extract 8.30 p.c., of which 2.75 p.c. is sugar; add

ess here went into an elaborate description of the effect of alcohol upon the stomach and other organs. The effect of pouring a glass of Blue Ribbon Beer into a tomato catsup bottle and carrying it about unopened would be first, it would lose a portion of the carbonic acid; it would become more liable to fermentation, and this would increase the amount of alcohol; if put in a warm cupboard it would hasten the fermentation and increase the alcohol; a journey by rail would have a similar effect; I do not think liquid put into a bottle in the manner described by the prosecutor on the 13th of June would in my opinion be precisely the same as that on the 20th of June; there would be more alcohol, more ash, and more acid; in distilling when testing for alcohol these would not wholly separate.

To Mr. Ball—I sent a half-filled bottle would ferment if shipped by rail; but I could not say whether a full bottle shipped by rail from Toronto would ferment at that point in our investigation; I could not form any opinion as to the amount of the increase of alcohol in the journey of the bottle produced from Goderich to London, and its subsequent examination by Mr. Saunders; equal to 3.006 by volume; I have not made any other analysis of Canadian beer or ale.

To Mr. Biggar—An ordinary quart beer bottle contains about 24 ounces; if filled with the liquid I examined yesterday it would contain about 7 drachms or 1 of an ounce of alcohol; whisky contains usually about equal parts of alcohol and water; sometimes there is more water when it is retailed (laughter); a bottle of this beer would hold about equal to a wine-glass full, or about the sixth of a tumbler full, or less than two table-spoonsful of alcohol; I don't think that amount of it would affect me; when strong liquor is taken the effect is more pronounced than when it is diluted, for the reason that the stomach may not be able to hold enough diluted; it has the same effect diluted or concentrated if the same quantity is in the stomach at the same time; I think it would be more rapid if administered nearly pure than if diluted, but I do not know from any experience; I didn't know the effect of alcohol in connection with other effervescent drinks with strong liquors; alcohol is the only principle in the beer that is intoxicating; the other substances which would be termed nutritive; [The witness here described the manufacture of beer.]

Where a bottle is imperfectly corked, there would be a danger of second fermentation, and that would increase the quantity of alcohol at the expense of the saccharine matter; for the result of the fermentation is the formation of alcohol; if of carbonic acid; a bottle full and well corked would not readily sour, although the alcoholic fermentation would be likely to go on; fermentation is accelerated by heat, and would take place more rapidly in warm weather than cold; I don't think this would account for the entire difference between the samples which I analysed on June 22nd and July 2nd; it might account for a decimal, but not for one per cent; I estimated the alcohol on the 19th or 20th of June, in Mr. Ball's sample; I think I first opened it on the day I examined it for alcohol; I think the effect of an appreciable quantity of sour tomato catsup would be to sour the beer and hasten the formation of alcohol; if kept in a warm place the sourness of the beer would be hastened, and the amount of alcohol increased; it would be the same if the bottle had been carried uncorked; the specimens of "Blue Ribbon Beer" I examined yesterday had rather less alcohol than lager; perhaps one-fourth or one-fifth less; it is a very light beer. [Mr. Biggar here asked a question, and held up the bottle as follows:—"Porter as drunk in the metropolis," Mr. Blyth says, "is a weak malt liquor;" Mr. Blyth also says, "that the amount taken by temperate people in the 24 hours, varies generally from one to two ounces; more than this in the great majority of people causes slight alcoholic symptoms; if the excess of this quantity is small the symptoms will be in no way evident to others. The couple of pints of beer, four or five glasses of wine or two ounces of brandy that men or women engaged in the ordinary business of life take daily have not been proved to exercise the slightest injury—in most people, indeed, digestion is aided and more work done by these moderate doses."]

Mr. Saunders—I object to that going in as my evidence; I hold a different opinion. So far as Mr. Blyth is concerned I think he is the best authority we have on food and its adulterations; he is one of the best authorities. As compared with Scotch ale this beer would contain about one fourth as much alcohol.

To Mr. Ball—I do not agree with Blyth that ale or porter containing 5 or 6 per cent of alcohol is a "weak malt liquor"; the sample I examined contained less than one half as strong as Edinburgh ale; it is 3.5 as against 8.5; and as compared with London porter it is about half the strength; is strong liquor if mixed with an equal bulk of water, I should expect it would intoxicate as quickly as if taken undiluted; I am a public analyst for this district, appointed by the Dominion Government.

FOR THE DEFENCE. Thomas Heys was called and sworn—I am an analytical chemist; I am a professor of chemistry in the Toronto school of medicine; I have analysed the Blue Ribbon Beer; I did so in the latter part of last week and the early part of this week; I received the bottles from Mr. Davies—two specimens; the bottles were corked, wired and covered with a capsule of tinfoil; I found in this beer 1.73 per cent by weight of alcohol, equal to 2.18 per cent by volume; the amount of extracted matter is 2.39 of malt and hops, sugar, maltose, albuminoids; hop bitter and mucous ash; the ash was 0.11 per cent; this contains about one-fifth as much alcohol as Scotch ale; and rather more than one-fourth as much as London porter, which Blyth describes as a "weak malt liquor." In a quart bottle of the liquid examined the alcohol would amount to something less than two table-spoonsful; I do not think Blyth's estimate is out of the way so far as a healthy person taking two ounces of alcohol in 24 hours, without producing any alcoholic symptoms; that is taken in small portions at a time. [The wit-

ness here went into an elaborate description of the effect of alcohol upon the stomach and other organs. The effect of pouring a glass of Blue Ribbon Beer into a tomato catsup bottle and carrying it about unopened would be first, it would lose a portion of the carbonic acid; it would become more liable to fermentation, and this would increase the amount of alcohol; if put in a warm cupboard it would hasten the fermentation and increase the alcohol; a journey by rail would have a similar effect; I do not think liquid put into a bottle in the manner described by the prosecutor on the 13th of June would in my opinion be precisely the same as that on the 20th of June; there would be more alcohol, more ash, and more acid; in distilling when testing for alcohol these would not wholly separate.

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To Mr. Biggar—An ordinary quart beer bottle contains about 24 ounces; if filled with the liquid I examined yesterday it would contain about 7 drachms or 1 of an ounce of alcohol; whisky contains usually about equal parts of alcohol and water; sometimes there is more water when it is retailed (laughter); a bottle of this beer would hold about equal to a wine-glass full, or about the sixth of a tumbler full, or less than two table-spoonsful of alcohol; I don't think that amount of it would affect me; when strong liquor is taken the effect is more pronounced than when it is diluted, for the reason that the stomach may not be able to hold enough diluted; it has the same effect diluted or concentrated if the same quantity is in the stomach at the same time; I think it would be more rapid if administered nearly pure than if diluted, but I do not know from any experience; I didn't know the effect of alcohol in connection with other effervescent drinks with strong liquors; alcohol is the only principle in the beer that is intoxicating; the other substances which would be termed nutritive; [The witness here described the manufacture of beer.]

Where a bottle is imperfectly corked, there would be a danger of second fermentation, and that would increase the quantity of alcohol at the expense of the saccharine matter; for the result of the fermentation is the formation of alcohol; if of carbonic acid; a bottle full and well corked would not readily sour, although the alcoholic fermentation would be likely to go on; fermentation is accelerated by heat, and would take place more rapidly in warm weather than cold; I don't think this would account for the entire difference between the samples which I analysed on June 22nd and July 2nd; it might account for a decimal, but not for one per cent; I estimated the alcohol on the 19th or 20th of June, in Mr. Ball's sample; I think I first opened it on the day I examined it for alcohol; I think the effect of an appreciable quantity of sour tomato catsup would be to sour the beer and hasten the formation of alcohol; if kept in a warm place the sourness of the beer would be hastened, and the amount of alcohol increased; it would be the same if the bottle had been carried uncorked; the specimens of "Blue Ribbon Beer" I examined yesterday had rather less alcohol than lager; perhaps one-fourth or one-fifth less; it is a very light beer. [Mr. Biggar here asked a question, and held up the bottle as follows:—"Porter as drunk in the metropolis," Mr. Blyth says, "is a weak malt liquor;" Mr. Blyth also says, "that the amount taken by temperate people in the 24 hours, varies generally from one to two ounces; more than this in the great majority of people causes slight alcoholic symptoms; if the excess of this quantity is small the symptoms will be in no way evident to others. The couple of pints of beer, four or five glasses of wine or two ounces of brandy that men or women engaged in the ordinary business of life take daily have not been proved to exercise the slightest injury—in most people, indeed, digestion is aided and more work done by these moderate doses."]

Mr. Saunders—I object to that going in as my evidence; I hold a different opinion. So far as Mr. Blyth is concerned I think he is the best authority we have on food and its adulterations; he is one of the best authorities. As compared with Scotch ale this beer would contain about one fourth as much alcohol.

To Mr. Ball—I do not agree with Blyth that ale or porter containing 5 or 6 per cent of alcohol is a "weak malt liquor"; the sample I examined contained less than one half as strong as Edinburgh ale; it is 3.5 as against 8.5; and as compared with London porter it is about half the strength; is strong liquor if mixed with an equal bulk of water, I should expect it would intoxicate as quickly as if taken undiluted; I am a public analyst for this district, appointed by the Dominion Government.

FOR THE DEFENCE. Thomas Heys was called and sworn—I am an analytical chemist; I am a professor of chemistry in the Toronto school of medicine; I have analysed the Blue Ribbon Beer; I did so in the latter part of last week and the early part of this week; I received the bottles from Mr. Davies—two specimens; the bottles were corked, wired and covered with a capsule of tinfoil; I found in this beer 1.73 per cent by weight of alcohol, equal to 2.18 per cent by volume; the amount of extracted matter is 2.39 of malt and hops, sugar, maltose, albuminoids; hop bitter and mucous ash; the ash was 0.11 per cent; this contains about one-fifth as much alcohol as Scotch ale; and rather more than one-fourth as much as London porter, which Blyth describes as a "weak malt liquor." In a quart bottle of the liquid examined the alcohol would amount to something less than two table-spoonsful; I do not think Blyth's estimate is out of the way so far as a healthy person taking two ounces of alcohol in 24 hours, without producing any alcoholic symptoms; that is taken in small portions at a time. [The wit-

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ST. PETER'S CHURCH BAZAAR.

St. George Cameron gets the ice pitcher—A Mass of the Price Winners—The Concert.

The bazaar, under the auspices of St. Peter's R. C. Church, which commenced on Dominion Day, was continued until Saturday evening. Considering the dull times, the receipts were good, the receipts amounting to \$601. On Dominion Day some 300 persons were dined, and the various useful and fancy articles offered by the ladies found ready buyers.

The ladies of the congregation deserve much credit for their efforts to make victory satisfactory. They worked hard to make the bazaar a success, and in their efforts were well supported by Mr. Thos. Troy, and several other gentlemen.

The silver ice pitcher for the most popular liquor, led to a close contest, and the sum of \$142 was realized on it. M. G. Cameron led his opponent, F. W. Johnston, at the close of the poll.

The gold watch offered to the young lady who sold the most tickets on the ice pitcher was won by Miss Mary A. Mullen, who is one of the most popular in the room.

Mr. Nathan, of Courtwright, 3rd—692—Dressing case, won by Sol. Wright, of London.

8th—3203—Silver sugar bowl, won by R. J. Murphy, of Dublin.

9th—3271—Silver butter cooler, won by Rev. D. Coakley, Sandwich.

10th—577—A valuable book, won by John McNulty, Port Lambton.

11th—1171—Silver biscuitine, won by Julia McLaughlin, Lucan, Ont.

12th—577—A valuable book, won by John McNulty, Port Lambton.

13th—577—A valuable book, won by John McNulty, Port Lambton.

14th—577—A valuable book, won by John McNulty, Port Lambton.

15th—577—A valuable book, won by John McNulty, Port Lambton.

For Goodness Sake Don't Say I Told You.

At the concert in aid of St. Peter's R. C. church on Monday, St. Hollis in the nature of a gossiping old woman, got off the following:

I'm just going to whisper some words in your ear. But for goodness sake don't say I told you. And whatever I say, or what you say I tell you. For goodness sake don't say I told you. I think you'll acknowledge before you depart that I've unreservedly done my best for you. But for goodness sake don't say I told you.

There's twaddle and rubbish being printed now. But for goodness sake don't say I told you. The stout Act is causing considerable worry. But for goodness sake don't say I told you. That doctors will differ, I'm sure you'll agree. At least as regards a man going on the spree. But the one that gives whisky's the doctor for me.

But for goodness sake don't say I told you. Mr. Mac of THE SIGNAL, and Farrow, M.P. But for goodness sake don't say I told you. On McKenna's abode do not seem to agree. But for goodness sake don't say I told you. M. G. Cameron some justice does show. On the treatment of settlers in the Northwest you know.

Which member is right I really don't know. But for goodness sake don't say I told you. Some councillors and friends went one Sunday, I would seem.

But for goodness sake don't say I told you. The Army and towns, papers say don't agree. But for goodness sake don't say I told you. For the folks plug the boys when they get on the spree.

But for goodness sake don't say I told you. A picnic on Sunday some per hour a crime. So the boys thought they'd put a climax to their time.

So they gobbled the councillors' ale, beer and wine. But for goodness sake don't say I told you.

Metropolitan Report for the Month of June, 1885.

It rained on 11 days; amount of fall, 23.9 cubic inches, equal to 2 1/2 inches on the level.

Greatest velocity of wind during 24 hours on the 13th. Wind, S.W.; cloudy. 257 miles, or 23 miles per hour a crime.

Least velocity of wind during 24 hours on the 3rd. Wind, north; clear. 18 miles.

Thunder on the 21st, 29th and 27th. Thunder and lightning on the 7th, 12th and 26th.

No. of cloudy nights, 17. No. of clear nights, 13. Prevailing winds, S.W. to N.E., light in character.

Death of Col. Wm.

Winnipeg, July 6.—A patch conveyed the sad death of Col. Williams, Battalion of Ontario, to Ottawa. He was bound for the remains, which overland via Swift Current has cast a gloom over Decatur was the hero of the battle of the Marston charge that of

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WOOL

We will exchange all kinds of Goods usually found in a first-class Dry Goods store for WOOL this season, and pay the Highest Price that the Market will afford. Our stock is very large, and you can get everything you want in our line of business from us, and at prices that cannot be beaten. Bring on your WOOL and we will convince you that it will be to your advantage to deal with us. We have a splendid stock of Tweeds and Shirtings, and other goods suitable for those who grow WOOL.

We also deal in Butter and Eggs.

COLBORNE BROS.

April 29th, 1885.

GODERICH.

The London TeaHouse



have opened a branch store in Acheson's Block, adjoining Morrow's shoe store, GODERICH where they will keep on hand a large stock of

CHOICE TEAS AND COFFEES.

As we make a specialty of TEAS AND COFFEES, we can do better with our patrons than any other store in town.

A handsome picture card given away with every pound of Tea or Coffee.

TRY A TEST ORDER.

MARSHALL BROS.

West side Court House Square, Goderich.

April 30th, 1885. 1885-2m

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

YATES & ACHESON

AGENTS FOR GLIDDEN PATENT

TWO-POINT Barb Wire **TWO-POINT Barb Wire**

CHEAP, STAINLESS, INDISPENSIBLE.

Manufactured by the Washburn Mowen Mfg Co.

Call and See us, and Inspect Goods and Prices.

We have on hand a full and complete stock of

Shelf and Builders' Hardware,

Paints, Oils, Glass, Nails, ROPE AND CORDAGE, VESSEL SUPPLIES, Table and Pocket Cutlery. See our Silver Plate Goods, and Artists' Materials.

YATES & ACHESON,

Goderich, April 9th, 1885. 1885-2m Next door to R. McLean's Meat Market.

NOW COMPLETE!

NOW COMPLETE!

A CHOICE STOCK OF

DRY-GOODS

and Groceries.

SPECIAL LINES IN Dress Goods, Shirtings, and Tweeds.

A Choice Lot of Seed Potatoes Cheap.

Highest Price Paid for Butter & Eggs.

GEORGE ACHESON.

THE RED, WHITE AND BLUE.

Goderich, April 30th, 1885.

WE SEND SAMPLES ON APPLICATION; GOODS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS, AND IF NOT SATISFACTORY, MAY BE RETURNED AT OUR EXPENSE, AND MONEY REFUNDED.

AT PRESENT WE ARE OFFERING

25c. Checked Dress Goods for 12½c.

LACE-TRIMMED SATIN PARASOLS AT HALF PRICE.

Several Lots of 2 & 3 Button Kid Gloves, in Light Col's & Evening Shades, worth \$1, for 35c.

H. W. BRETHOUR & CO.,

BRANTFORD.

New Muslins, Lawns, Prints and Sateens.

THE NEW INDIA LINEN, a Beautiful Fabric in White.

All Over Laces, Flouncings and Embroideries, Oriental Laces, Swiss and Hamburg Embroideries.

Ladies, Misses and Children's Hoses.

GAUZE AND MERINO UNDERWEAR--ALL SIZES.

H. W. BRETHOUR & Co., Brantford.

1885-3m

Brantford, May 28th, 1885.

Amusements.

GODERICH MECHANICS' INSTITUTE LIBRARY AND READING ROOM, cor. of East street and Square (op. stairs).

Open from 1 to 6 p.m., and from 7 to 10 p.m.

ABOUT 2000 VOLS IN LIBRARY.

Leading Daily, Weekly and Illustrated Papers, Magazines, &c., on file.

MEMBERSHIP TICKET, ONLY 50c. granting free use of Library and Reading Room.

Application for membership received by Librarian in room.

GEORGE RICE, President. ALEX. MORTON, Secretary.

Goderich, March 12th, 1885. 1885-1y

C. H. GIRVIN,

AGENT FOR

Genuine New York Singer Sewing Machines.

Manufacturer of the Celebrated

KITCHEN CABINET,

And all kinds of Furniture.

Organs and Sewing Machines Repaired.

Machine Oils and Needles always on hand at reasonable prices.

A CALL SOLICITED.

C. H. GIRVIN,

Hamilton street, a few doors below the Colborne Hotel.

1885-1t



SAGINAW VALLEY

The Elegant and Commodious Steamer.

Wm. Soack, Master.

Will run during the season of navigation, as follows:

Leaves Goderich every Thursday, at 1 o'clock p.m., for Bay City and Saginaw, calling at Sand Beach, Port Hope and Tawas, making connections with West Shore Boats at Sand Beach for Home City, Cheboygan, Mackinac Island and St. Ignace, and at Bay City with steamers for Harville, Oscoda and Alpena, returning to Goderich on Sunday.

Leaves Goderich every Sunday, at 12 o'clock noon, for Port Huron, Detroit and Cleveland, Lake any Thursday afternoon.

This route will be continued during the season of navigation.

TICKETS for the whole ROUND TRIP (continuous) will be issued for \$12.00, occupying 8 days, meals and berths included.

For rates of freight and passage, and all other information, apply to

WM. LEE, Agent at Goderich.

The Saginaw Valley may be had by Special Arrangement for Short Excursions on the Lake any Thursday afternoon.

June 25th, 1885. 2002-

SPECIALTIES

AT THE

MEDICAL HALL!

Just received, a large consignment of the West India and Montserrat brands of

Pure Lime Fruit Juice

Makes a most healthful and refreshing beverage for the summer season.

A Lot of Apollinaris and other Mineral Waters.

FRESH SUPPLIES OF

Hallebore, Paris Green, London Purple, Insect Powders, etc., etc., etc.

F. JORDAN, Medical Hall, Goderich.

BIG SALE FOR ONE MONTH

AT

J. C. DETLOR & CO'S

DURING THE ALTERATION IN PREMISES THEY WILL HOLD A MAMMOTH SALE. SEVERAL LINES OF

Goods to be Cleared Regardless of Cost.

Big Drive in Lace Curtains.

Wonderful Bargains in Tweeds. Dress Goods at Panic Prices.

THIS IS A GENUINE SALE.

DON'T FORGET TO VISIT THE CARPET ROOM.

J. C. DETLOR & CO.

Goderich, May 8th, 1885.



GRAND PLEASURE EXCURSIONS

FROM

GODERICH

EVERY SUNDAY EVENING

at 6 o'clock, on the Commodious Steamer

OCONTO.

C. W. McCREGG, Master.

FARE To Detroit and return, touching at Sand Beach, Port Hope, Port Austin, Tawas, Forestville, Lexington, Sarnia, and all River St. Clair ports, for the Round Trip, \$5.00. Or One Way on board, including meals and berths, \$10.00.

CONNECTIONS. Made at Sand Beach with the Port Huron & Northwestern Railway for Saginaw and intermediate stations. Also with the Cleveland Navigation Co's boats for Oscoda, Harville, Alpena, Rogers City, Mackinac, Cheboygan and St. Ignace, and all Lake Superior ports. And at Detroit with all railroads and Cleveland Steam Navigation Co's boats for Cleveland.

Good Dancing Music on Board.

T. N. DANCEY, Agent at Goderich

July 2nd, 1885. 2002-1y

Spring & Summer MILLINERY.

MISS GRAHAM takes pleasure in announcing that she has purchased in person her Spring and Summer Stock of Millinery, etc., and has taken advantage of the LOW PRICES prevailing at the wholesale markets to make Large Purchases. Her patrons can rely upon

Good Stock and Lowest Possible Prices.

A call is respectfully solicited.

MISS GRAHAM, West side of Square, Goderich.

April 16th, 1885. 1891

Ontario Steel Barb Fence Company

(LIMITED.)

SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE IMPROVED

"LOCKBARB" FENCE WIRE

Re aso ns why the "Lockbarb" is the Best Wire Fencing Manufactured.

We use only the best English Bessemer Steel Wire, and we claim that in its construction it is superior to all other barbed fence wires. The wires forming the four points pass between the wires of the cable, interlock each other and pass around the cable, which makes the strongest barb in the world. It has the advantage of always presenting the barb laterally, which no two-pointed barbed fence does.

At a recent test of the strength of the "Lockbarb," made at the Northern Railway Shops, in Toronto, the following was the result: Ontario Steel Barb Fence Co.'s, 1616 lbs. as against 1000 lbs. and 915 lbs., the Toronto Wire thus beating the Montreal Wire, and was awarded the contract.

Send for Almsnec with full particulars.

R. W. MCKENZIE

Sole Agent, Goderich.

May 7th, 1885.

Death of Col. Williams, M. P.

Winnipeg, July 5.—A Battleford dispatch conveys the sad intelligence of the death of Col. Williams, of the Midland Battalion, of brain fever. A metallic coffin is being forwarded from Winnipeg for the remains, which are being taken overland via Swift Current. The news has cast a gloom over the entire force. Deceased was the hero of the celebrated bayonet charge that decided the battle of Batocho.

Ottawa, July 5.—(Special)—There is universal regret here over the death of Lieut. Col. Williams, M. P. while in his regiment in the North-west. No man in the House was more generally respected than the deceased gentleman. It will be remembered that it was he who made an offer to the Home authorities to organize a picked regiment from the Canadian volunteer militia to go to the Sudan. Later, when the North-West trouble broke out, he went to the front in command of six companies taken from the battalion of which he was Lieutenant-Colonel, the 46th, East Durham, and with them he led one wing of the charge at Batocho. He was a farmer, and was educated at Upper Canada College, and at the Edinburgh University. He was chairman of the Port Hope Harbour Commissioners; President of the Midland Loan and Savings Co., and a Director of the Midland Railway. He commanded the Wambledon team of riflemen in 1860. He was first returned for East Durham in the Ontario Legislature in 1867, and re-elected by acclamation in 1871. He was first elected to the Commons in 1878 and again in 1882. He was 48 years of age.

Notes From the Northwest.

The mosquitoes and sandflies proved a terror to both men and horses amongst those troops stationed near Frog Lake. The Midlanders have partially discarded hard tack and canned meats and taken to flour and fish as a substitute more acceptable to all, writes a correspondent at Fort Pitt. A large quantity of flour was captured from the Indians by them, and fish of various kinds are abundant in Frog Creek. The men use pitchforks and a bayonet on a stick to spear them.

At Bear Creek and Frog Lake the troops have daylight until near 11 p. m. and the sun rises about 2 a. m.

Rev. M. Quinney, chaplain of the Midland regiment, and late missionary at Frog Lake, who was held as a prisoner for two months by Big Bear, will return to England to live. His hair turned completely gray during his confinement.

Near Frog Lake crossing is the large white cross which was erected to the victims of the massacre at Frog Lake. The cross is readily seen many miles away, being over thirty feet in height. It was erected by the 6th battalion. The Midlanders also erected a splendid cross, suitably engraved, and put it up in the cemetery at Frog Lake, to the memory of Gilchrist and Willcraft, victims of the Indian massacre.

A Six-year-old Murderer.

Wilson, N. C., July 4.—Willie Sams, a six-year-old son of a farmer living near here, yesterday murdered his infant brother, of whom he had been given charge. Some time ago he was taken to a child's funeral and manifested a great interest in it, which he did not seem to understand. He has frequently prattled about it and asked many questions as to how the child was got into the coffin and when it would come out. To-day he took his little brother to the cemetery, which was near his father's home, and after scooping out a grave in the sand by a small brook, he placed the little child in a box, which he had previously carried there, nailed down the top and buried it, going through the form of delivering a prayer and singing a hymn. After he had filled the tiny grave, he stamped on it and slowly went back home and told his mother of his deed, of which he seemed very proud. He said it "was just like Mrs. Arthur's little baby's funeral." The terrified mother hastened to the spot, the grave was reopened and the infant found dead, with its right arm broken and skull crushed.

Practice Decision on Partnership.

Master Dalton gave judgment Saturday in the case of Taylor v. Cook, allowing plaintiff to sign judgment under rule 332 against all the members of a partnership upon admissions by one partner. Mr. Dalton said: I cannot doubt that, from authority, the statement of one partner on his examination in a suit against the firm as to transactions which occurred during the partnership would bind all the partners, if they did not seek by an examination of some of themselves to contradict or qualify the statements of the partner whose evidence they objected to.

An Indian on being asked what he was doing now, answered: "Well, I hunt some fish some, and preach some." "Where do you preach?" "Up on the creek bottom." "How much do they give you?" "Bout \$20 a year." "That's mighty poor pay, isn't it?" "Well, but it's mighty poor preach."—[Philadelphia Record.]

There are now several American engineers and conductors in Mexican gaols on account of unavoidable accidents. It is believed these frequent arrests will result in international complications.

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The Poet's Corner.

The Poet's Corner. The Poet's Corner. I am lying at rest in the sanctum tonight...

NAOMI'S LEGACY.

Naomi's Legacy. Hush, children! There's your father coming! Mr. Jobson fell, metaphorically speaking...

But here the old grandmother spoke out in a mild tone. 'Not by being economical, my expense of other people's...'

'Hush! We all have our failings! But we are none of us too bad to learn better.' And so the nightmarish of a debt was paid...

CHAPTER II. Malden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1888. Gentlemen— I suffered with attacks of sick headache. Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner...

Keep Your Feet Dry! BOOTS & SHOES E. DOWNING, Crabb's Block.

Prices that Will Suit Everyone. Ladies' Boots, in Button or Laced, from \$1.00 to \$5.00. Misses and Children's Strong School Boots, from 75c. up.

EASE AND SECURITY GEORGE RHYNAS, Druggist, SOLE AGENT, GODERICH.

CHICAGO HOUSE. MISS WILKINSON. The Very Latest Winter and Spring Fashions.

The People's Livery JOHN KNOX, Proprietor. The Finest Rigs AT REASONABLE PRICES.

WAR! WAR SPRING GOODS SAUNDERS GREAT SLAUGHTER

BRUCE'S SEEDS DE FOWLER'S STRAWBERRY CHOLERA CHOLERA INFANTUM

Fun and J To be worthy of an one must be entirely, this also. I mean old saying, I can't be a black in it because a woman!...

Fun and Fancy.

To be worthy of an office nowadays, one must be entirely unworthy of anything else.

It is an old saying, but a very pretty one, that a blush is like a pretty girl, it becomes a woman.

It is a sailor, looking serious in a chapel in Boston, was asked by the minister if he felt any change.

'You have only yourself to please,' said a married friend to an old bachelor.

If the gentleman who keeps a shoe shop with a red head will return the umbrella of a young lady with an ivory handle, he will hear of something to her advantage.

'You can't,' says Tom to his wife, 'find any rhyme for health.'

'Do you like to see?' said a Miss Languish to her country cousin.

Talleyrand, when asked by a lady famous for her beauty and stupidity how she should rid herself of some of her troublesome admirers, replied: 'You have only to open your mouth, madam.'

'No one would take you to be what you are,' said an old-fashioned gentleman to a dandy who had more hair than brains.

Words of Wisdom.

Everyone loves power, even if they do not know what to do with it.

Without publicity there can be no public spirit, and without public spirit every nation must decay.

The essence of education is the education of the body. Beauty and health are the chief sources of happiness.

We measure the inconstancy of women when so are the victims; we find it charming when we are the objects.

The highest mark of esteem a woman can give a man is to ask his friendship; and the most signal proof of her indignation is to offer him hers.

Sydenham says, 'words are things.' They are more; they are spiritual forces—angels of blessing or cursing. Unuttered, we control them; uttered, they control us.

All things have their laws; the Deity has His laws, the material world has its laws, superior intelligence has its laws, in her bests have their laws and man has his laws.

Atheism may be consistent with fine taste under certain conditions; may for a time regulate a polished society; but ethics with atheism are impossible; and without ethics no human order can be strong or permanent.

My dinner table was laid for invited guests, and everything was ready for them to be summoned into the dining-room. I gave a parting glance at my well arranged table, and felt proud and pleased.

'I saw myself a little nervous girl, about eight years old, in the happy home of my childhood. It was a stormy afternoon in winter. It was when coal oil lamps were first introduced, and father had bought a very handsome one.

In order to do without cholera and such like epidemics a perfect purity of blood, and the proper action of the stomach are required.

The wisdom of the human jaw produces a power equal to four hundred and thirty-four pounds. This is only what science tells us, but we know that the jaw of some of our lawyers is equal to a good many thousand pounds a year to them.

Mr. John Morrison of St. Anna, N.S., was so seriously afflicted with a disease of the kidneys that droopy was developing and his life was despaired of.

In order to do without cholera and such like epidemics a perfect purity of blood, and the proper action of the stomach are required.

'How little it takes sometimes to kill a man, and then, again, what wonderful tenacity to life some men have,' said the red-headed man who was reading the paper.

'That's so,' said the other.

'Just then,' said the red-headed man, 'here's a brakeman on the Nickel Plate road. The paper says: "He fell in front of the engine which passed diagonally across his body, and lived but a few moments."

'Now,' said she with a bright smile, 'how do you like my bathing suit?'

'Well,' said he, as she held it up before him, 'I think it might be improved by a little trimming.'

'I think,' said he, as he cast his eyes over its scant proportions, 'it would be a good thing to trim it with an over-skirt.'

All sufferers from that terrible torment, Neuralgia, can be made happy in one moment by a simple application of Fluid Lightning.

helped today? Oh! how impossible for parents to estimate the effect of these seemingly little events!

'If it had taken as long as this to pass through my mind as it has for me to tell it, my dinner would surely have been cold, and my guests tired of waiting.

'I quickly wiped off the soiled cloth, spread a thickly folded clean one over the place, and called my company to dinner.

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AYER'S Cherry Pectoral.

No other complaints are so insidious in their attack as those affecting the throat and lungs.

'I had a terrible cough, and it affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and it affected my lungs.

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C. A. NAIRN'S SEEDS

HAS EVERYTHING YOU WANT IN GROCERIES, NEW AND FRESH FOR 1885

He is showing a splendid assortment of China and Glassware.

Come in and look, if you don't buy. No Trouble to Show Goods.

C. A. NAIRN, Court House Square, Goderich Dec. 14th, 1881.

DAKOTA LANDS MINNESOTA

GO TO KNIGHT'S FOR A SHAVE, HAIRCUT, SHAMPOO, OR DYE.

1885. GODERICH WOOLEN MILLS.

To the Wood Grocers of the Surrounding Country: We wish to say that we are prepared to take Wool in exchange for goods, or work it for you into any of the following articles:

Blankets—White, Grey or Horse. Shirtings—Grey or Check. Cloths—Tweed or Full Cloths, Light or Heavy.

Flannels—White, Grey, Colored, Union, Plain or Twill. Sheetings—Broad or Narrow. Stocking Yarn—White, Grey, Clouded or in Colors. Carpet Warps made to order.

ROLL CARDING. Our facilities for this work cannot be surpassed. We will endeavor, in most cases to do the work in the best manner.

169 YONGE STREET, TORONTO. Send for Catalogue.

E. McCANN, East End Woollen Mills, Goderich, May 18th, 1883.

HARKNESS HAIR BALM Restores grey hair to its natural color, removes Dandruff, stops the hair from falling out, increases its growth, and will not soil the skin.

ROBBER GERMAN INVIGORATOR which positively and permanently cures all nervous debility, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of any kind.

STACK COVERS! ALL SIZES. Send for Price Lists, &c.

MACNAIR'S, 169 Yonge-st., Toronto.

Build up your BLOOD BITTERS Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Deranged Stomach, or irregular action of the Bowels.

GEO. OLD, GROCER, Garden and Field Seeds.

A well-selected stock of Groceries always on hand.

GEO. H. OLD, the Square, Goderich. March 19th, 1883. Telephone Communication.

Note Papers Albums Books Cards Dolls Toys Etc.

GET YOUR Newspapers and Periodicals AT MRS. COOKE'S, MRS. H. COOKE, Goderich, Dec. 14th 1881.

\$200,000.00 in presents given away. Send us 5c for postage, and by mail you will get a package of goods of large value, that will start you in money work that will at once bring you in money.

FERRY'S SEED ANNUAL FOR 1885. Will be mailed FREE to all applicants.

New Grocery Store The subscriber begs to announce that he has opened a new Grocery Store IN GODERICH, and is prepared to do business with the people of the town and surrounding section.

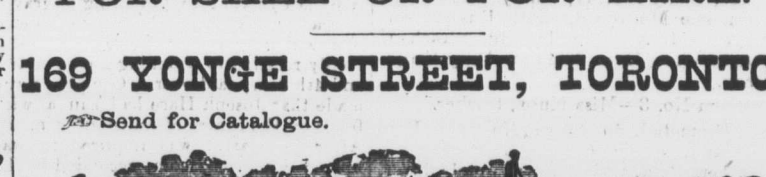
Goods are all New and Fresh, and have been purchased for Cash, and at the prices are low in the city markets.

He intends to Make His Price Touch Rock Bottom. Farmers produce taken in exchange for Goods and highest prices will be given.

C. L. MCINTOSH, Goderich, Dec. 31, 1884.



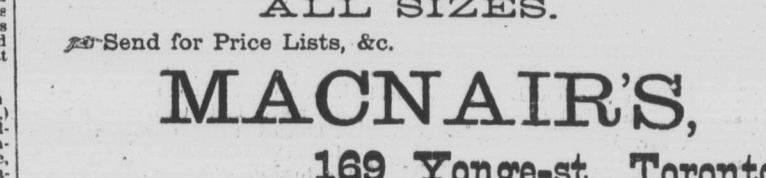
TENTS OF ALL KINDS FOR SALE OR FOR HIRE.



STACK COVERS! ALL SIZES. Send for Price Lists, &c.



MACNAIR'S, 169 Yonge-st., Toronto.



Build up your BLOOD BITTERS Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Deranged Stomach, or irregular action of the Bowels.

WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. HAZELTINE Book Co. Portland, Maine.

Vertical advertisement on the left side of the page, including 'Dry!', 'DES', 'G', 'ryone', 'N G', 'RITY', 'Druggist, RICH', 'USE.', 'TSON', 'ing Fashions', 'louse.', 'Printing at Work and wanted to us a trial.', 'WLER'S', 'RACT-WILD', 'WBERRY', 'COLERA', 'RA INFANTUM', 'RRHEA', 'ER COMPLAINTS', 'ALL DEALERS.'

Goderich Public School.
The following lists comprise the names of all pupils promoted in the Goderich Public Schools at the semi-annual examination, completed July 1st, 1885:

ST. ANDREW'S WARD SCHOOL.
Room No. 2.—Miss Wilson, teacher.
Part I to Part II, promoted—Alex. McLean, Frank Clissold, Bella Baker, W. Tait.
Part II to Second Class, promoted—Addie Striven, Graham Williams, Peter McDonald, Fred Reid, Willie Costie, Stena Craigie, Fred Bonamy, Norman McAlay, Jennie McAulay.
Room No. 1, Miss Moore, teacher.
Senior second class, promoted to Third Book—Richard Saunders, Geo. Parsons, John Healey, Joe Heale, Mary Campbell, Vera Wiggins.
ST. DAVID'S WARD SCHOOL.
Room No. 2.—Miss Burritt, teacher.
Part I to Part II, promoted—Catherine McLintosh, Harry Martin, Bella Wilson, Willie Scoules, Maitland Humber, Lottie McLean, Elma Mariton, Martha Johnson, Arthur Bates, George Dick, Annie Scobie, Grant Waddell, Samuel Wyatt, Maggie Ross, Jessie Jardine, Geo. Jardine, Mabel Byers, Emma Abbott, Annette Miller, Emma Abbott.
Part II to Second Book, promoted—Alice Brown, Emma Johnson, Sammie Curran, Jessie Bruce, Harry Clucas, Dick Miller, Eddie Munroe, Florence Bates, Lizzie Rines, Percy Naffel, Jessie Miller, John Dunn, Chas Sheppard, Geo Reid.
Room No. 1.—Miss Cassady, teacher.
Senior Second to Third Book, promoted—E. McCaughan, A. Bates, Nettie Shanklin, M. Tichborne, H. Naffel, F. Evans, R. McLean, G. Card.
ST. PATRICK'S WARD SCHOOL.
Room No. 2.—Miss Campbell, teacher.
Promoted, Part I to Part II.—George Moss, Walter Buchanan, Fred Embury, Bert Breckenridge, Thos Bridget, Blanche Watson, Jenny Vrihan, Gena Grant, Elsie McKay, Martie Fisher, Nellie Wiggins.
Part II to Second Book, promoted—T. Kneeshaw, Mabel Rutson, C. Swanson, Gertrude Old, Harry Johnston, Willie McCreath, Willie Bray, Bella Weston, Frank Beattie, Windsor Campbell, Aggie Knox, Ellen Cathart, B. Mitchell, Bertie Farrow, Hattie Spence.
Room No. 2.—Miss Robertson, teacher.
Promoted, Senior Second to Third Book—Eva Acheson, Lizzie Bailey, Lot Bates, Horace Bailey, John Crawford, Willie Crawford, Leo Embury, Willie Fraser, Bella Hyslop, Walter Jamieson, Mary Morrison, Kitty McLeod, Hugh McEwen, Nelson Noble, Charles Pasmore, Nellie Strang.
CENTRAL SCHOOL.
Room No. 6.—Miss Margach, teacher.
Promoted to No. 5—Jas Craigie, Fred Downing, Jonathan Fritzeley, Chas Hunter, Alex McEwen, Willie Price, John Reid, Warren Robertson, Chas Scobie, John Yule, Nellie Weston, Eliza Wyatt, Gallie Campbell, M. Tait.
Room No. 5.—Miss Sharman, teacher.
Promoted to No. 4—Egerton Armstrong, Lewis Adams, Robert Breckenridge, Geo Buchanan, Cooke, Morley Campbell, Willie Campbell, Elwood Campaigne, Garnet Fraser, Francis Grant, Peter Keadie, Frank McLean, Clement Pennington, Arthur Robertson, Harry Rines, Willie Stoddard, Eva Ansebrook, Addie Campbell, George Clissold, Grace Johnston, Rachel McEwen, Jennie Manson, Flo Robinson, Eva Smith, Clara Sharman, Jennie Wilson, Jas Roberts.
Room No. 4.—Miss Harris, teacher.
Promoted to No. 3—Willie Atkins, Hy Bridget, Robt Bridget, Hugh Babin, Thos Bates, Benson Cox, Geo Crossman, Robt Keadie, Willie McLean, Henry Naffel, Arthur Naffel, Allie Porter, Gordon Robertson, Ben Smith, Russel Vidson, Geo Wilkie, Martha Andrews, Donella Bain, Lizzie Buchanan, Sara Buchanan, Annie Carle, Bella Ellis, Edith Elwood, Rachel Healey, Jennie Lee, Emily Murray, Emily McDougall, Christie McDonald, Katie Russell, Annie Reid, Alice Sanders, Ida Strachan, Sara Viles, Meta Waddell, Mary Ferguson.
Room No. 3.—Miss Knox, teacher.
Promoted, to Room No. 2.—Rose Strang, Willie Clucas, John Elwood, Albert Reid, Chas Garrow, John Glover, Chas Leo, Harry Vidson, Peter McEwen, Willie Robinson, Armour Miller, James Breckenridge, Geo Campaigne, George Andrews, Theodosia Hale, Elsie Carle, Nettie Elliott, Grace Cameron, Bella McKnight, Hattie Reid, Clara Smith, Kate Baker, Maggie Walton, Nellie Stratton, Jessie Craigie.
Room No. 2.—Miss Blair, teacher.
Promoted, to No. 1.—Carrie Smith, Emily Curran, Mary Mitchell, John Andrews, Frank Crabb, Horace Pufford, Ned Garrow, Malcolm McIvor, Willie McDougall, Alfred Secord, John Tait, Thos Stratton, Florence Ball, Grace Bell, Minnie Campbell, Minnie Cathart, Lavina Elliott, Ella Fisher, Birdie Graham, Edith Horton, Mary Keaz, Amelia Kirkpatrick, Aggie Miller, Dora May, Josie Old, Lizzie Scobie, Nina Strachan, Minnie Hillier.
Ashfield.
Some of the farmers have commenced cutting hay, which is a fair crop this year.
A very successful picnic, under the auspices of the Sunday School of the Presbyterian church at Laness, was held at Kintail on July 1st.
Rev. Mr. Moss, the new Methodist minister of the Ashfield circuit, will preach a sermon to Orangemen in J. Gardner's grove, 12th con, on Sunday next.
Carlton.
The picnic in McPhee's grove on the 1st was a grand success.
Fred Blair, teacher, left on Monday last for his home in Parry Sound.
Alex. Watson has resigned in S. S. No. 3, and intends going to the Normal.
LARGE BARN.—Two large barns were raised last week belonging to Messrs. McBride and Ferguson, and will be a credit to the township.
William Towley has sold his 50 acres to Messrs. A. and W. Young for the

sum of \$3,600. Mr. Towley has purchased the farm on the 6th con, formerly occupied by Mr. Carr.
Dundas.
Henry Wilson, of Liverpool, England, paid a visit to our burg last week.
Robt. Dulmage on the 30th ult. enlisted in the ranks of the Benedicts, and is now one of the happiest men alive.
Visitors are beginning to pass through for the Point Farm which is now ready for the accommodation of guests.
It looked by the conduct of some of the boys on their return home from the circus on Dominion Day as if the Blue Ribbon bear had considerably over 2 per cent on that day. Where did they get the "hoosey" ?
MILL NOTES.—Each working day the steam whitts till the starting, noon and quieting hours, much to the satisfaction of the public.—The revolution of the machinery in the heading department is under the careful care of W. Young, jr.—P. K. Doan has resigned as tail sewer, his successor is J. Shackleton, a former employee.—Riley, the popular teamster, is now to keep a steady eye upon his new sorrel, which replaces one of the greys recently sold. Jake can outdraw any mill team in the county.—The other day the lever of the mill carriage sprung back and struck J. A. McArthur, who was putting a log in position, a heavy blow under the chin, making a painful cut. The engineer procured some sticking plaster from the sick committee, and assisted by G. M. Neibergall, dressed the wound skilfully.
Leoburn.
John Patton, of Garbraid, was the guest of E. Shaw last week.
The first hay for 1885 was cut on Pearlfield farm by J. G. Clutton.
Mrs. Jefferson, of Goderich, was the guest of Mrs. John Horton last week.
James Linklater, of Hope Farm, visited friends in the adjoining township of Tuckerburgh last week.
SICKNESS.—Mrs. Alfred Morris, near the Nile, is very ill at present, also, Miss S. Dougherty, Sheppardton.
George Bean, once a resident of this section, now of Porter's Hill, paid our hamlet a visit last week, and took a lift at logging, as steady as in bygone times.
As the returns for early farm produce will be coming in this month, raisers should not neglect to send in the first fruits to your reporter, so that all may know who leads this season.
CROPS.—The haying will be rather later than usual on account of the cold dry weather in June and will not be as heavy as at first anticipated. The spring crops look fairly, but the fall wheat is an uneven crop.
The School examination of S. S. No. 5 came off on the 3rd inst. All the trustees were present, and were pleased with the efficiency of the scholars in their answers to questions put by their teacher, R. E. Brown, assisted by Peter Stewart, of Goderich.
On Sunday last Rev. Dr. Ure, of Goderich, administered the rite of communion at the Presbyterian church here. He was accompanied by Elder McMath, of Goderich, who assisted the elders in the impressive service for the first time.
FESTIVAL.—The festival held at Sheppardton on 26th June was quite a success. The Methodist choir from Goderich rendered some beautiful selections for the occasion. Suitable addresses were given by Rev. Messrs. McGillivray, Cameron, LeGear. The object in getting up the festival was to obtain funds for aid in S. S.
Goderich Township.
Holmesville, July 4, 1885.
Council met today pursuant to adjournment. The members all present. Minutes of last meeting read and passed. A by-law relating to procuring of gravel to road purposes where owners object, was read and passed. Letter of D. McNeilly relating to widening a part of 3rd and 4th con., laid over. Complaint was made that Joseph Hare had run a wire fence on the centre of con. B. After the matter was inquired in was moved by J. Beacom, seconded by E. Acheson, that the clerk notify Joseph Hare to remove his fence off road allowance between lots 6 and 7, con. B, within ten days from receipt of notice if not that he will be proceeded against according to law—Carried. Several other parties were reported as having their fences out on the different roads obstructing travel in winter, and as the council is determined that every road in the township shall be full statutory width of sixty-six and one half feet, parties in fault will study their interest by removing the fences at once and saving costs. The following is the resolution: Moved by J. Beacom, seconded by J. H. Elliott, that the clerk notify T. C. Pickard, P. M., to cause J. Spurling and J. Proctor to move their fences off the road allowance on cut line immediately; also to notify J. Whitley, jr., P. M., to cause R. McCullough to move his fence off road allowance on 8th con., in accordance with Wetherald's survey. Also J. E. Whitley, P. M., to notify R. McCullough to move his fence off road allowance in their possession. The council is determined that every road authorized to borrow \$500 from the Molson Bank, Clinton, for five months for township purposes—Carried. The council adjourned to meet again the third Monday in August.
Jas. Patton, clerk.
It is reported that the financial condition of Mexico has caused the President to send a second ambassador to the United States to negotiate a sale of territory.
At a meeting of the Dublin Municipal Council yesterday the Lord Mayor ruled out of order a motion to present an address of welcome to the new Lord Lieutenant.
Despatches from Simla, India, state that it is estimated that the expenses of the Indian preparations for war against Russia amount already to 400 lacs of rupees, or \$20,000,000.


BIG BEAR.
The bestowal of the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath on Sir Peter Lumsden is considered in St. Petersburg as the English answer to the gift by the Czar of a jewelled sword to Gen. Konaroff.
The last number of the Illustrated News is fully equal to any of the preceding numbers. This paper is now a credit to Canada as well as to its publishers, the Grip Printing and Publishing Company. Something of great interest to all Canadians may be found in it every week.
The Kincardine Reporter says:—"Last week there arrived in town and put up at one of the leading hotels two women and a child, who put on great airs and professed to have come up to enjoy the grand view for a few months. Owing to the absence of the proprietor and his wife their character was not inquired into and so they were allowed to remain there a little longer than they otherwise would. After being suddenly turned out on a cold world they secured a house on the south end of Huron Terrace and visitors soon began to arrive. Had the house been raided the first night it is said that a number of men not at all young or unmarried, who are supposed to be respectable, would have been sought out. Two constables from Owen Sound arrived in search of the stolen doves, who were wanted for housebreaking. One of the latter was driven to Tiverton in a rig by a young man of the town, but the constable followed and secured his prize. The two women were taken out of town next morning, not having been three days here. A quick riddance and a good one."
MARRIED.
In the township of Stanley, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Dr. Ure, Mr. Frank Craasweiler, to Allison Moffat, second daughter of Peter Douglas, Esq.
Goderich Markets.
(Reported by Telephone from Harbor Mills.)
Goderich, July 9, 1885.
Wheat, (fall) 9 bush 0 80 @ 0 85
Wheat, (spring) 9 bush 0 80 @ 0 85
Wheat, (winter) 9 bush 0 80 @ 0 85
Flour, (fall) 9 cwt. 2 10 @ 2 30
Flour, (spring) 9 cwt. 2 10 @ 2 30
Flour, (winter) 9 cwt. 2 10 @ 2 30
Oats 9 bush 0 30 @ 0 35
Peas, 9 bush 0 60 @ 0 65
Barley, 9 bush 0 30 @ 0 35
Hay, 9 ton 12 00 @ 13 00
Hay, 5 ton 6 00 @ 6 50
Eggs, (unpacked) 9 doz 0 10 @ 0 12
Eggs, (packed) 9 doz 0 10 @ 0 12
Butter, 9 cwt. 20 00 @ 22 00
Butter, 5 cwt. 10 00 @ 11 00
Wood 5 cord 5 50 @ 6 00
Hides 5 lb 50 @ 55

Threatening a Magistrate.
KINCARDINE, July 6.—This morning Detective John Reid of Toronto, arrested Joseph Parr, hotelkeeper of this town, on a charge of sending threatening letters to Joseph Barker, magistrate, in which it was said that Mr. Barker would lose his life if he did not cease to act as a magistrate on Scott Act and liquor cases and that the cattle would be destroyed. Parr is also held on suspicion of being implicated in the burning of Mr. Barker's stables and division court office in this town a few weeks ago. The arrest has created a sensation here.
The Franchise Bill carried.
OTTAWA, July 4.—The Franchise bill received its third reading last night amidst enthusiastic cheering. The bill was amended in one important particular. An amendment was proposed by Mr. Jenkins that all persons who had hitherto voted in Prince Edward Island and British Columbia should have the right to vote in the future. This was done, it is understood, to save conservatives from those provinces, as the advantage of the present system of manhood suffrage would be thereby unpopular, but the acceptance of the amendment completely destroyed the uniformity of the measure. The liberals moved a similar amendment for the remaining five provinces, but they were all voted down. Mr. Jenkins' amendment was proposed by several of the conservatives, together with some reformers, the division list standing 114 for and 17 against. A great many other amendments were proposed and put down, the whole evening being spent in taking down and recording divisions. The bill will, in all probability, be passed without amendment by the senate, and will become law in its present shape.
One Taken and the Other Left.
STOFFVILLE, Ont., July 4.—This afternoon Henry Rangle and George Cline were hoing corn at D. B. Hoker's farm on the 6th concession of Markham, when Mr. Hoker, immediately following a flash of lightning, saw the two men fall suddenly. On going to them he found that Rangle presented a terrible sight. His hair was completely burned off his head. His clothes and boots were torn to shreds and burning. The hoe which he had been using was broken and thrown some distance. Death must have been instantaneous. Cline lay about six feet from Rangle, completely stunned. In about five minutes he was able to walk to the house. Dr. Saugster was summoned and pronounced Cline in a critical condition. Rangle was in the prime of life and leaves a wife and three children.
The Scott Act was defeated in Hastings on Thursday by a majority of 178. Cholera has again appeared at Marselles and Toulain; an exodus from Marselles has commenced.
Indian advice state that there are persistent rumours of a rising in Afghanistan and Turkistan, and the alleged treachery of Isa Khan is confirmed by the latest reports. The news has caused no surprise in London. The St. Petersburg News says that the whole of Northern Afghanistan always leaned toward Russian in preference to English domination, and that it now requires only the presence of a few Russian officers and Cossacks in that district to aid in helping on the common cause against England.
WATERLOO DOCTORS.—A petition has been made for the admission of Dr. Walden, of Waterloo, into an insane asylum. He has for over a week been under constant surveillance and restraint. "There is something intensely horrible," says the Waterloo Chronicle, "in the thought of one who was possessed of very superior mental qualities and more than ordinary education, one who had won by honorable effort a place of distinction, trust and honour amongst his fellows, becoming a victim of hopeless dementia, a condition to which death becomes a sweet relief. And it is a sad reflection that within a few months of each other, two of the brightest ornaments of the noble medical profession in this county should in a similar way be brought to end their days in a lunatic asylum." The other gentleman referred to is Dr. Vardon, of Galt, who has been afflicted for some months past.

Loans and Insurance.
WE ARE LENDING MONEY AT
6 1/2 per cent. Private funds.
Also agents for "Credit" and "Lumber & Lumber"
Goderich, March 28, 1885.
\$500,000 TO LOAN. APPLY TO
CAMERON HOLT & CAMERON, Gode
rich.
MONEY TO LEND.—A LARGE
amount of Private Funds for investment
at lowest rates as first-class Mortgages. Apply
to GARROW & PROUDFOOT.
\$20,000 PRIVATE FUNDS TO LEND
on Farm and Town Property at lowest in
terest. Mortgages purchased, no Commission
charged. Contrary to usual custom, we
N. B.—Borrowers can obtain money in our
office in satisfactory manner.—DAVISON & JOHN
STON Barristers, G.C., Goderich. 1751
RADOLIFFE, FIRE, MARINE,
Life and Accident Insurance Agent
Representing first-class Companies. Also agent
for the CANADA LIFE STOCK INSURANCE CO.
Money to lend on Mortgage, either in Town or
Farm Property, in any way to suit the borrow
er. Office—(up-stairs) Kay's block Goderich
Goderich, Oct. 4, 1883.
\$200,000 PRIVATE FUNDS
To lend on farm and town property, at low
est interest. Mortgages purchased. No com
mission charged agents for the Trust and Loan
Company of Canada, the Canada Land
Credit Company, the London Loan Company
of Canada. Interest, 4, 5 and 7 per cent.
N. B.—Borrowers can obtain money in one
day, if title satisfactory.—DAVISON & JOHN
STON Barristers, G.C., Goderich.
1970
\$50,000 TO LOAN AT 6 PER
CENT.
THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CO. Y
are prepared to loan money at 6 per cent, pay
able half yearly, on 1st-class farm security.
TERMS TO SUIT BORROWERS,
on first-class farm security.
Apply to
CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON,
Barristers, Goderich.
Messrs. CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON have
also a large amount of private funds to loan
on first-class farm security.
Goderich, Oct. 4, 1883. 1911-12
INSURANCE CARD.
W. F. FOOT,
Fire, Life and Marine Insurance Agent,
Goderich.
805 1/2 St., opposite Colborne Hotel.
The "London Assurance," incorporated 1730
The "National," established 1825.
The "Hand-in-Hand," the only Company
licensed to insure plate glass, in the
Province of Ontario.
The above are all first-class and old estab
lished Companies.
Risks taken at lowest rates.
Goderich, Dec. 24th, 1884. 1975.
INSURANCE CARD.
BRITISH ASS. COY. TORONTO—Established
1833
PHOENIX INS. COY. OF LONDON England—
Established 1782.
HARTFORD INS. COY. OF HARTFORD Conn
—Established 1816.
Risks taken in the above first-class office at
the lowest rates by HORACE HORTON, Com
pany. The undersigned is also Appraiser of the
CANADA FIRE, LOAN AND SAVINGS CO.
TORONTO.
Money to Loan on first-class security, from
7 to 8 per cent.—Charges moderate.
HORACE HORTON,
Goderich Sept. 10, 1885.
HURON AND BRUCE LOAN AND
INVESTMENT COMPANY.
This Company was organized on the 18th of
April, and is now in active operation, and
is prepared to receive applications for loans
on good farm security.
This Company being a local institution, can
offer the same facilities for getting
their loans executed with dispatch, than
can be had from outside or foreign Com
panies, with whom loans and weeks are often re
quired to close up a loan.
When Title and Security are satisfactory,
borrowers may obtain their money from this
Company on day of application.
Due attention has been paid to confining
Solicitors charges to the lowest rates.
Mortgages purchased if security and titles
are approved of.
A Savings Bank Branch will be shortly
opened by the Company. Depositors will be
paid the Highest Current Rates on their de
posits.
The Company's offices are on the corner of
Market Square and North St., in the Building
adjointing the Dry Goods Store of J. C. Dector
& Co.
DIRECTORS:
JOSEPH WILLIAMS, President.
W. J. R. HOLMES, Vice-President.
MR. E. J. CARTWRIGHT, Secretary.
SHERIFF GIBSON,
Wm. Galt, Esq., Goderich.
J. M. ROBERTS, Durganston.
JOHN ARCHERSON, Goderich.
F. J. JORDAN,
J. H. COLBORNE,
SOLICITORS:
CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON,
HORACE HORTON, MANAGER.
Goderich, 7th May, 1885. 1961-2

Travelling Guide.
GRAND TRUNK
EXPRESS.
Mixed. Mixed. Mixed.
Stratford Lv. 7:40 a.m. 12:30 p.m. 3:45 p.m.
Goderich Ar. 8:40 a.m. 3:30 p.m. 7:30 p.m.
Mixed. Mixed. Express.
Stratford Lv. 1:00 p.m. 4:00 p.m. 8:00 p.m.
Goderich Ar. 10:30 a.m. 3:45 p.m. 9:45 p.m.

Medical.
THE CASE, M.D., C.M., M.C.P.S.
Office—Physician, Surgeon, Accoucher, &c.
Office, formerly occupied by Dr.
Richard Dugganston. Night office—1981.
J. B. WHITLEY, M.D., C.M., P.H.Y.
Office—Dr. Surgeon, Accoucher, &c.
C.P.S. Ontario. Office—The Square, 4 doors
East of Wilson's Drug Store, up stairs. 1993
DR. MCLEAN, PHYSICIAN, SUR
GEON, Coroner, &c. Office and residence
Bruce Street, second door west of Victoria
Square. 1751.
DRS. SHANNON & HAMILTON
Physicians, Surgeons, Accouchers, &c.
Office, Dr. Surgeon, Accoucher, &c.
Goderich, G.C. SHANNON, J. C. HAMIL
TON
Legal.
SEAGER & LEWIS, BARRISTERS,
Goderich, Ont.
E. N. LEWIS, 1907.
R. C. HAYES, SOLICITOR & C.
Office corner of the square and West
street, Goderich, over Butler's bookstore.
Ready to lend at lowest rates of interest.
GARROW & PROUDFOOT, BAR
RISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, &c.
Goderich, J. T. Garrow, W. Proudfoot, 173
CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON,
Barristers, Solicitors in Chancery, &c.
Goderich and Wingham. M. C. Cameron, G.
H. Holt, W. T. Cameron, Goderich, 1751.
Macara, Wingham.
IMPORTANT SALE
OF
Valuable Farm!
In the Township of Ashfield.
Under and by virtue of the power of sale
contained in a certain indenture of mortgage,
which will be produced, the following valuable
property will be offered for sale by public
auction, at Martin's Hotel, in the village of
Dugganston.
On Thursday, July 9, 1885.
At one o'clock, p.m., by Charles Hamilton,
auctioneer. Viz: The East Half of Lot Five,
in the Ninth Concession of the Eastern Divi
sion of the said Township of Ashfield. This
desirable farm is most advantageously situ
ated as to Schools, Churches and Markets.
There is a first-class orchard on the premises.
A deposit of \$10 for every \$100 of purchase
money to be paid by the Purchaser to the
Vendors or their Solicitor or Agent at the
time of sale, and the balance to be called
for on the day of the sale.
Particulars apply to Charles Hamilton, Auc
tioneer, Blyth; to Messrs. Manning & Scott,
Barristers, Clinton, Ont.; or to S. G. Wood,
12 Union Block, Toronto Street, Toronto.
S. G. WOOD, Vendor's Solicitor.
CHAS. HAMILTON, Auctioneer.
dated 11th June, 1885. 2003-24
THE CLYDESDALE HORSE
"COLIN"
TO THE FRONT
To the Patrons of Colin.
Boys, look after your colts.
\$20.00.
In 3 prizes (\$10.00, \$6.00, and \$1.00), will be
awarded to the three best spring foals (male
or female), the offspring of the pure Clydes
dale horse "COLIN," alias Rantin, John at Car
low, Colborne, this coming autumn. Com
petent Judges will act. The above is a private
donation by the late Mr. MILTON, Auctioneer,
dated 11th June, 1885. 2003-24

Auctioneering.
H. W. BALL, AUCTIONEER FOR
the County of Huron, Galt, Goderich,
&c. Having had considerable experience in
the auctioneering trade, he is in a position to
discharge with thorough satisfaction all com
missions entrusted to him. Orders left at
Martin's Hotel, or sent by mail to my address,
Goderich P. O., carefully attended to. JOHN
KNOX County Auctioneer. 187-12
NEW
Drapery, Haberdashery,
AND GENERAL
Dry Goods
WAREHOUSE.
The subscriber wishes to inform
the Public that he has opened out
a Large and Well-Assorted Stock
of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods in
the premises next to G. N. Davis,
where he will use every legitimate
effort to give entire satisfaction to
all who may favor him with their
patronage
Goods marked in plain figures,
and no second price. No cutting in
prices on leading lines, believing in
the acknowledged honest prin
ciple of a reasonable per centage
on all goods alike.
I refrain from advertising prices,
as it is no fair test of cheapness,
and often misleading.
As to whether the goods and
prices are right, I leave it to a dis
criminating public, and will abide
by their verdict.
The Public's obedient servant.
ALEX. MUNRO.
Goderich, May 8th, 1885. 1995-3m

The undersigned can still supply a full line of
Seegmiller Chilled Plows
in Nos. 10, 20, 28 and 40,
At Reduced Prices.
A FULL LINE OF REPAIRS ON HAND.
Special Inducements to Agents.
Have also for sale the Canadian "Mason"
and American Scaffolds.
C. A. HUMBER,
Goderich, Ont.
May 28th, 1885. 1997-2m
SELLING OFF!
The undersigned takes pleasure in stating that she has had a very prosperous season so
far as it has gone, and will now offer
The Balance of Her Millinery
At such prices as will ensure a speedy sale.
THE STOCK IS VERY COMPLETE
in every department, and intending purchasers may rely on getting a first-class article at a
very reasonable price.
Millinery, Flowers and Feathers, Lace Curtains, Gloves, Laces,
and Fancy Notions a Specialty.
All those coming first will have a fine lot to choose from.
Yours respectfully,
Goderich, June 11th, 1885.
MRS. C. H. GIRVIN.
CROP PROSPECTS
For the Summer are very fine; indeed Farmers will have plenty of work for their Machines
and it will pay them to use
MCCOLL'S
LARDINE
MACHINE
It will not gum nor corrode, and wears equal to lard or coal, and can be bought for less money.
Manufactured only by McCOLL BROS. & CO., Toronto.
R. W. MCKENZIE,
June 11th, 1885. 1996-3m
Sole Agent for Goderich.
Wilson's Prescription Drug Store,
Court House Square, Goderich.

THE HURON SIGNAL
GILLESPIE BROS., at their Old
GODERICH, ONTARIO
And is dispatched to all parts of
the country by the earliest mails
and being in addition to the above
family and friends paper—it is
most desirable advertisement medium.
TERMS.—\$1.50 in advance, post
paid by publishers; \$1.75, if paid before
\$1.50 if not so paid. This rule will
enforced.
Rates of Advertising.—Big
line for first insertion; three cents
each subsequent insertion. Yearly
subscriptions, in advance, \$10.00
and upwards. We have also a
tabling department in connection,
and being in addition to the above
family and friends paper—it is
most desirable advertisement medium.
TERMS.—\$1.50 in advance, post
paid by publishers; \$1.75, if paid before
\$1.50 if not so paid. This rule will
enforced.
FRIDAY, JULY 10th,
AN EDUCATIONAL COM
The woful plucking that oc
curs annually at the various school
terminations shows that not only are
defects in the teaching, but a
educational system generally,
too much crum now-a-days,
ern public school system is
controlled by theory, and is
ciently practical. We kn
writing for entrance to the Hi
—yes, and some students
written for teachers' certificate
for practical purposes are very
ed. A hodge-podge of dates,
their historical knowledge, (c
chiefly refer to battles fou
died of years ago.) They a
ignorant of contemporary histo
what they may have learned
newspaper read at home, y
sentences in the school
parade, while on the street-
or violate almost every rule
gloriously taught. They can
decent English an original ide
their bad spelling, we can lift
at that, owing to the clums
natural mode of orthography
employed. But, taken all
there is a lack of practical,
usefulness about their educa
when after a year or two of
school we may again examine
will have nothing to show for
or ten years' schooling but the
read a newspaper; perhaps th
able to add up the family gro
The trouble lies in the fac
educational system is altoget
hands of men who have been i
is too much "theory" about
training appears to have too
view the college walls, and no
new house, the office of the
Few go to college, many e
trade or trades; and it is fo
and for the former that sch
school system should be fra
not enter our protest ag
unhealthy growth of the te
theoretical in our school sy
ask for something more fitted
the every day use of the
A couple of years ago, M
Bongouah, in a little period
The Athenaeum, advocated th
of an Educational Com
analogous to the Agricultur
to learn the precise fac
educational system and its re
put it this way—
The Commission should n
need of professional education
that class should be repre
school inspector, a clergyman,
man, a mechanic, and quick-
intelligent woman—these at
the Commission—with th
man as chairman. Let them
school inspectors, head mas
dinate teachers, high and com
scholars of all grades, and fi
there are too many studies
and ascertain which could be
ted. Let them call kinderga
ers and scholars and learn the
and compare their progress
taught by the ordinary me
commercial colleges be via
view of finding out who atten
how it is that young men
school have no "finish off" i
situations in the simple Eng
which the school presume
writing, book-keeping, and
and young clerks and me
saleswomen and sewing gir
recently left school be e
order that it may be harme
of what they know was ta
school, and whether they co
whether or not they consid
passed through the sc
lum, they have nothing on
Let street Arabs, and boot
newboys and girls be call
person made between the
school scholars in the mat
education, with the vie
how it is the schools teach
the streets so much, and al