

THE UNCURED!



'S OINTMENT.

TRE OF SCROFULA OR KING'S EVIL.

Dr. J. H. Alliday, 209, High Street, the 22d of January, 1850.

about three years of age, was afflicted with a skin disease which rendered it very bad for a considerable time...

(Signed) J. H. ALLIDAY. EUMATISM OF FOUR YEARS' DURATION.

pleasure that I write to thank you for the Pills and Ointment, which have cured me...

BY MORE THAN SIXTY YEARS' TANNING.

case of LIMA (the Capital of Peru) had for more than six years...

THE COMPANY has more than doubled its Capital in CASH within the last year.

ALL Persons indebted to the Rev. WILLIAM J. HOYLES, of Kent, or money due to him...

NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE AND EQUITABLE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES OF LONDON.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS of Fire Insurance for P. E. Island.

Notice.

Daguerrian Miniatures.

GEORGE P. TANTON, to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Charlottetown...

Notice.

Notice.

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Notice.

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Notice.

Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Tuesday, September 23, 1851.

Sheriffs' Sales.

BY virtue of a Writ of Statute Execution to me directed, issued out of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature...

BY virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias to me directed, issued out of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature...

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THE BURNING PRAIRIE, OR THE TEST OATH.

Late in the fall of 1850, the Grand Prairie in Illinois, was burned over one night, and an immense amount of damage done to the farmers living in and along its edge.

The morning after the conflagration, the inhabitants of the little village of Beffon, situated on the edge of the prairie, were not as usual in the streets.

He seemed taken a back when he was first informed of this, but promising the Squire he would be present at 1 o'clock that afternoon, he departed.

Gray's story was short. He swore that, having a wolf-trap set some distance out in the prairie, he had taken up his lodgings near by it the night of the fire, and about twelve o'clock he was aroused by the howls and snarls of a wolf, which had been caught in a trap.

Don't be angry, Mr. Clyde, for getting mad won't stop the fire. I guess old Fisher will catch it to-night, and his haughty daughter too.

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"Then let him go on, and I will follow suit," answered Gray, bravely.

Slowly David Clyde fell upon bended knees, and raising his face and arms towards heaven, uttered, amid the most deathlike silence, the following prayer:

"Eternal Being, thou who seest and knowest all things, and who only canst tell the guilt of us two, into thy hands I commit my innocence, and beseech thee Almighty God, if I am guilty of the crime of which I am accused, to strike me dead in the midst of this thine most blasphemous appeal."

For a moment after he had finished, Clyde remaining upon his knees, then rose to his feet, and with folded arms gazed around him. The constance of Gray had paled during the prayer of Clyde, but an angry eye was upon him.

How deplorable is the history of numbers, whom, from their pre-eminence powers, the world have antiently stamped with the title of great!

And yet how often have these men, who were able to control all else, whether men or things, been incapable of controlling their own passions, and become their slaves and victims.

And I may remark, that, when English readers read or read of the unpopularity of British rule in the east, it is well that they should know that by far the greatest share of this unpopularity arises from such interference as these with the barbarous prejudices of the natives.

From the New York Tribune, which keeps itself constantly well informed upon this matter, we make the following extract.

"That improvements have been or may be perfected in the machinery for dressing and manufacturing the fibre of Flax is a matter of which the public are not generally aware."

"The RIVAL STOCKBROKERS: ROTHSCHILD AND LUCAS." When the Hebrew financier lived on Stamford-hill there reigned opposite to him another very wealthy dealer in stock exchange, one Lucas by name.

righted housekeeper's remonstrances, he opened Rothschild's private office, in the same staggering attitude, and fell down flat on the floor.

But Lucas went to his broker, and instructed him to buy up all the stock he could get by ten o'clock the following morning.

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We can reap and thresh eight or nine acres per day, in good hot weather. We paid £70 for the machine. There is a comb in front about 4 1/2 feet wide, the teeth of which are only wide enough to take the straw below the ears; a drum works on the back end of the comb, and the wheat, as it flows into the machine, we keep the winnowing machine going at the end of the field, and by this means we have the wheat ready for the market at once. The straw, of course, is left in the field, but that is not so much regarded in this country; most people burn it, but when the weather is very hot and dry it can easily be lawfully off, &c.

### From papers by the English Mail on Thursday last.

**SCOTLAND.**  
**THE QUEEN AT BALMORAL.**—Immediately after the arrival of the Queen at Edinburgh, she went for the Lord Provost, Mr. Johnston, upon whom she conferred the honour of knighthood. At eight o'clock on Friday evening, Her Majesty left Holyrood, under a salute from the Castle, and attended by a large concourse of people from the St. Margaret's Station, she proceeded to Turberville, and thence by the Scotch Midland to Forfar. Along the route to Stonehaven, the royal party proceeded by the Aberdeen Railway, and arrived at 12 1/2. The new route, which is 14 1/2 miles from Edinburgh, was selected to save the Queen the inconvenience of travelling over the inferior roads from Cupar Angus to Balmoral. Her Majesty having partaken of luncheon at the station, proceeded to Balmoral in an open carriage, accompanied by Prince Albert, the Prince of Wales, and the Princess Royal. The other royal children followed in a close carriage alone. Lord J. Russell, Sir James Clerk, Colonel Gordon, and others had no better means of conveyance than an inconspicuous hack coach.

On Sunday the Queen and Prince Albert attended Divine Service at the parish church of Crathie. The service was performed by the Rev. Mr. Anderson. Her Majesty and her royal highness afterwards visited the Duchess of Kent, at Aberfeldy. On Monday, Her Majesty and Prince Albert, accompanied by Prince Alfred, drove to the Balloch Buie.

**THE PEDESTRIAN FEAT.**—The feat of walking 1000 miles in 1000 successive half hours, undertaken by Coates, the pedestrian was brought to a termination on Monday evening. The last half mile was accomplished in six minutes, which, considering the rain, and a considerable part of the way to show that his powers of endurance were not exhausted. We understand, that during the whole three weeks he has been walking, he did not succeed in obtaining six hours' sleep—a fact, which, taken in conjunction with the unfavorable state of the ground, renders the issue of the performance the more remarkable.—*Glasgow Chronicle.*

The weather has been unequal for some weeks, and the progress of the crops has been much interrupted; yet in surveying the large extent of yellowing corn, one must be struck with even the stage at which it has arrived. All around Perth, cutting is going on, and the wheat branches well. Towards the northern part of the country it is light, and not heavy in the head. Reaping is now becoming common in the neighbourhood of the Borders, but the wet boisterous weather we have had of late has much retarded the operations of the farmers in places where the ground is ready for cutting.

The wheat appears to be a fair crop. We are sorry to say, that the potato disease has manifested itself in several gardens in the town and neighbourhood of Leander. Wherever Peruvian guano has been used in planting, however, there is as yet no disease apparent. At Culross, some vines have been the prevailing characteristic of the weather for the week. The crops are late and there assuming an autumnal tint, and in the course of eight days, reaping will have commenced; but it will not be general for at least a fortnight. We regret to learn, that the turnips have suffered serious damage from the ravages of the worm. Some fields have been rendered nearly worthless by it.

**IRELAND.**  
The flax crop which has this season been cultivated in the county Waterford, to the extent of 800 acres, has turned out very satisfactory.

Government have offered a reward of £100 for the discovery of the murderers of Mr. Edward White, of Abbeyleich. A person named Patrick Maher has been arrested on suspicion.

The latest reports from the provinces are, on the whole, favourable. It is worth while to remark, that many of the country papers are almost respecting the condition of the crops, and especially for if the potato blight, or any other blight, appeared likely to be serious, the fact would be alluded to in some form. A Meath gentleman, who is a deputy-lieutenant, and extensive landed proprietor, states, that after an examination, he is not so far as he can ascertain, any ground for alarm about the potato crop. He says, that in places where every vestige of the blight had decayed, an abundant crop of perfectly sound potatoes was still to be found.

**ENGLAND.**  
Since our last the weather has undergone considerable change, and during the past week we have had a quantity of rain with cold nights and frosty mornings, which in some measure have retarded the progress of the harvest. Still we have not heard of any complaints, the greater part of the wheat crop, &c., having been carried, and in good condition, and showing fine weather continuing for a few days, the whole crop will have been abundant. So far as it has been tested, the wheat crop is not only abundant but of first-rate quality. We have it from millers, through whose hands quantities of the new crop have passed, that the weight varies from eighteen stone to eighteen stone and a half, and some samples even exceed these weights. But, taking the crop at eighteen stone on the average, there is ample reason to be satisfied, especially when the light weights of last year are fresh in our recollection. True, much of the wheat crop, is still about in the northern parts of the kingdom, which, in the present unsettled state of the weather, is rendered somewhat precarious. There is, however, no ground for despondency, as it is not yet late in the season; nor has the rain that has fallen done, as yet, any material injury. A week of fine weather would set every thing to rights, and the season, even if that has been endangered by the short interruption that has taken place.

The Queen's drawing-room in Holyrood Palace, is being fitted up in a superior style. Her Majesty is expected to hold a levee on her return from the north.

The Canada Company are building four iron screw steam-ships of upwards of 1,600 tons each. The builders are under contract, that the first shall be ready for sea in January, and the others in quick succession. We have not heard what names they are for.

The new vessel to be built for the Admiralty is now under construction; that beautiful craft has been purchased in England, for £7,000, and had already hauled down the Stars and Stripes, and hoisted the Union Jack, that has braved a thousand years the battle and the breeze.

**SALE OF THE AMERICA.**—This famous clipper yacht has been sold for £7,000 to Captain De Blaquiere, of the Indian army, who will at once proceed with her on a voyage of pleasure to the Mediterranean.

Consumption is more fatal than any other disease in London. It destroyed 1815 in the second three months of the present year.

The Times of yesterday says—"There seems to be but little doubt that the Duke of Norfolk has left the Church of Rome, the hereditary faith of the noble house of Howard, and become a member of the Church of England."

Among the official appointments we notice that of Dominick Daly, Esq., formerly Govt. Sec'y, and Member of Council in Canada, to the Lieut. Governorship of Tobago; also, of R. D. Wilmet, J. H. Gray, and G. Hayward, Esqs., to the Executive Council of New Brunswick. Among the promotions, we notice that Sir George Westphal, to be Rear Admiral on the reserved Half-pay list, and Provost W. Parry Wallis, to be Rear Admiral of the Fleet. Both these highly distinguished officers are Nova Scotians; the former was wounded at Trafalgar, and his blood mingled with Nelson's in the cockpit of the Victory; the latter was his prisoner in the gallant action with the Chesapeake, Am. frigate, while serving as Lieutenant in the Shannon.

**FOREIGN.**  
**EARTHQUAKE IN SOUTHERN ITALY.**—A dreadful earthquake convulsed on the 14th ult., in the province of Basilicata, in the kingdom of Naples, and about 100 miles from the capital. A list of more than 50 villages is given, in which greater or less damage was done, in more than one place, the principal buildings having been destroyed, and in all, several lives having been lost amidst the ruins of fallen houses. The greatest sufferer, however, was the town of Melfi, a place containing 10,000 inhabitants; three quarters of the city are a mass of ruins—the archbishop's palace, the college, the municipality, the barracks, and the police-station, having been all levelled to the ground. The known deaths amount already to 700, besides 200 wounded, among whom the principal families count victims. A rich and populous district has been destroyed, and the loss of life has been immense. It does not appear that the ground opened, but all the injury was done by the houses falling from the repeated shocks of the earthquake, the rapidity of which, was such, that the persons in the houses and passing in the streets had not time to escape. The king on receiving this dreadful news, immediately ordered the sum of 4,000 ducats to be sent from his private purse, to which the Queen added 5,000 in addition to the sum of 5,000 ducats contributed by the Treasury. Temporary hospitals have been erected, and detachments of soldiers and nurses have been sent to the different places to assist in clearing away the ruins and discharging the unfortunate victims. Private subscriptions have been opened in the towns near to the place where the earthquake has occurred, and no doubt the active charity of the city of Naples will not be deficient.

**UNRIVALLED PIANOFORTE PLAYER.**—We find the following extraordinary statement in the National: "Count Orloff has presented to the Emperor of Russia an extraordinary musical phenomenon, in the person of a young Wallachian called Frederick Reitz. This man has been born with four hands, each having ten fingers. He was brought up by a clergyman, who taught him to play on the organ, but the young man, in the course of time, made a pianoforte for himself, of considerably greater power than that of ordinary instruments. He enjoys excellent health, and the strength of his hands, prevents nothing, except in his person. It is only from the elbow that the information commences. The arm there divides into two limbs, each ending in a hand with a double supply of fingers. These additional arms are regularly made, and the only remarkable point observed by medical men in the immense development of the deflected muscles at the summit of the shoulder. The clergyman who had brought up Reitz, at his death, left him his small property, and the young man immediately purchased diamond rings, with which he loaded his twenty fingers. It was with them so adorned that he performed before the Emperor of Russia, who expressed his surprise at the musical powers of the young man. Reitz, it is said, is shortly to visit Paris."

**PARIS, September 4.**—Further reports had been made to-day, and the total number of prisoners is reported to be 125. A general Socialist Revolution was the object of the conspirators. There is little or no excitement on the subject in Paris. It seems certain that the Prince de Joinville will stand for the Presidency, although such a candidature is considered highly injurious to the country, and will have fatal effects on the interests of the Orleans branch.

The Pope is about to erect the city of Hamburg into a diocese. An article appears in the *Journal des Debats* of Tuesday, which writes rather obscurely, is considered as an official announcement, that the Prince de Joinville will be a candidate in 1852 for the Presidency of the Republic.

Two violent shocks of earthquake were felt at Legnano on the 23rd ult., about two o'clock in the morning. The direction was from south to north, and the motion undulatory. This is the third shock felt in that town in the course of this year.

The London Mercantile Gazette for the 8th instant, contains an article on Government patronage in these words: "Another reason why we throw out these hints at present is to show, that while patronage, to a certain extent, must be allowed—and, indeed, is absolutely necessary for the well-working of the state machine—there are interests in the country which ought, for the sake of the nation, to be allowed to be independent of any influence, or at least from that patronage which has to depend upon mere ministerial office and power. We shall only mention two of these interests at present—the Colonies and the Navy; and it is only to the first of these to which we shall now direct attention. It is only necessary to read our Colonial history, to observe in the manner in which the Colonies have been sacrificed, and their interests injured, by the vacillation of the whole system upon which they have been conducted, and the frequent ignorance and inebriety—aye, and too often the obstinacy—of the individual who was appointed to preside over the Colonial department of the empire. It is for this we wish to see a remedy; but the difficulty is great, from the immense patronage which the Colonial Office has at its command. As we have said, neither whips nor tortures would be able to inspire the patronage of such a public department. We point, however, to it as one wherein, above all others, a more independent, a more consistent, and a more uniform rule would be required; and if it were possible to enlist public opinion upon any question irrespective of party feeling, we should wish to enlist it in this cause. The British Colonies ought to be respected; they are yearly falling more and more into poverty and decadence; they ought to be, as they once were, sources of productive wealth to the country; they are yearly becoming more and more an expensive burden to it; they ought to feel a warm and affectionate interest in the land to which they are attached, and to be proud to be British Colonies; they are every year becoming more and more alienated from us, and are taught to feel that the interests of England and her Colonies are no longer bound up together. It is impossible that this long continued and unproductive course—resulting and originating in the same cause—can be continued; a new system of Colonial rule; one that will emancipate the Colonies from the dictatorial sway of the Colonial Minister of the day, and the influence of a party which upon its existence, and has to depend for its continuance upon the patronage which is at the disposal of Ministers."

**CORRESPONDENCE OF THE N. Y. HERALD.**  
**TORONTO, August 28, 1851.**—The present Parliament will close its session and exist on Saturday next, and the Province will then be all in view of the coming elections.

The earlier part of the session presented little worthy of notice in the way of legislation; but that part of the closing period. A large number of private bills have already become law; still more remain to be sacrificed at the shrine of hurried legislation, in the course of to-day or to-morrow. The clergy reserves, the rectories, the representation, and other topics of moment to western Canada, have been staved off, or positively smothered, for a season; and hence a feeling of discontent has sprung in this section of the Province, which, if fostered, may be again appealed by the political desire of more than one of the present leaders of the so-called liberal party.

The bill sanctioning the loan of sixteen millions of dollars for a trunk railway, has passed the Assembly, and will unquestionably be adopted by the Legislative Council. You are aware that this line is proposed to run from Halifax to the N. Clair, and a loan of \$1,000,000 sterling is granted for the construction by the British Government. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick are to have the line built through their territories first, and are further to have money advanced to construct another road—literally an opposition road—to Portland, in Maine. It is utterly improbable that the loan will do more than bring the line from Halifax to the N. Clair, and the whole province westward of that city without any portion of the undertaking for which the whole Province is to pay.—No estimate has been prepared relative to the cost of any portion of the line; and no attempt has been made to calculate the probable traffic from Quebec eastward. All is guess work and manœuvring. It is plain that the continuation of the road westward is a large number of private bills have already become law; still more remain to be sacrificed at the shrine of hurried legislation, in the course of to-day or to-morrow. The clergy reserves, the rectories, the representation, and other topics of moment to western Canada, have been staved off, or positively smothered, for a season; and hence a feeling of discontent has sprung in this section of the Province, which, if fostered, may be again appealed by the political desire of more than one of the present leaders of the so-called liberal party.

**VEGETABLE WONDERS.**  
At our office in the California Exchange may be seen some of the most luxuriant, enormous specimens of the productions of Santa Clara Valley, which have ever been exhibited. They consist of barley, clover, grasses, wild oats, apples, pears, figs, sweet clover, &c. One cluster of clover, from a single root, weighed five and a half pounds, some of the stalks being over ten feet in height. The barley weighed over an ounce, each head. The specimens were gathered and are exhibited by Mr. C. A. Shelton, who has done much toward directing public attention to the agricultural and floral resources and wealth of California.—*San Francisco.*

**ASTONISHING FECUNDITY.**—The *Alexandria Gazette* says—"In Schuykill County, Pennsylvania, there died last year a man named John Dodge, aged forty, who was the father of twenty-one children by his wife, Kate Dress, aged thirty-nine. The first child was born in 1829, and the last in February, 1850. She had twins five times, and in February, 1848, had four children in one birth—making twenty-one children in twenty-one years, and six children born in a space of eighteen months! The four children at a birth were apparently healthy and well formed. One died in about four weeks, another eleven months, the third a little over a year and the fourth, a few days, is still living. There are now twelve of the whole number living—seven boys and five girls."

**NOVA SCOTIA.**  
THE NEW BARACKS.—The amount of the tenders for the erection of those Works having very far exceeded the amount voted by Parliament for the service, it has been decided, we hear for the present, to dispense with several of the contemplated buildings, and proceed with Barracks for Officers and Men of Battalions of Infantry. New tenders will therefore be required before the work can proceed.—*Recorder.*

**DEATH OF THE HON. H. HUNTINGTON.**—By the Mail which reached this city on Wednesday evening, intelligence was received of the decease of the late Mr. William Huntington, who, as it is well known, is for many months past, and his death is not cause of surprise, although it is a circumstance of deep regret to all who knew him. He was among the oldest members of the Assembly, having been returned, if we mistake not, continuously, with the present Attorney General, in 1829. Much of what is valuable in the present responsible system of Colonial Government, with its checks and accom-

modations, we have reason to know, is the production of Huntington's vigorous intellect. That honesty of purpose which characterized him in the last act of his public life, when he resigned his situation rather than seem to countenance a policy to which he had expressed himself averse, was a striking illustration of the high moral principle which governed his political conduct through life.—*Standard Recorder.*

Wednesday's Gazette contains despatches from the Colonial Secretary disallowing the Act for withdrawing the annual grant from King's College; and illustrating the Act "concerning School Laws, and the appointment of Trustees therefor."

## HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1851.

In reply to the charge of having acted illegally and unconstitutionally in dissolving the old Board of Firewardens and appointing a new one, the Executive through its organ *The Royal Gazette*, aided by the *Advertiser*—the former avowedly conducted by one member of the Administration, and the latter said to be under the control of another—pleads that "It became the duty of the Executive to put in force the Act of the Legislature for the removal of the Post Office to the Old Court House," that "This required that the Fire Engines should be removed from the latter place," that "The Firewardens were directed by the Executive to effect their removal," that "they either evaded the direction or declined to attend to it," that "their conduct was contemptuous," and that the Executive were compelled to "adopt the only alternative left them, and dismiss the refractory Board." Now we admit it to be true, that it was the duty of the Executive to see that the Act for the removal of the Post Office was to be like all other Acts of the Legislature, legally and constitutionally carried into effect; and we further admit, that it was required that the Fire Engines should be removed. And we are so far from denying, that the Firewardens were directed by the Executive to effect their removal, that we rejoice to see it acknowledged by one of its own body, that such was the case. And we further admit, that the Firewardens declined to move in the matter, but we deny that their conduct was "contumacious;" and we distinctly and unequivocally affirm, that it was the only method, by which they had it in their power respectfully to avoid intermeddling in a matter, with which they had no concern; and if we prove this, the conclusion, that the only alternative left to the Executive was to dismiss the refractory Board, falls to the ground.

If the Executive, before proceeding to extremities, had done what we now propose to do—to take some pains to enquire to what extent—if any—the Board of Firewardens were authorized to interfere with the custody of the Fire Engines—they would have ascertained that all control over them was vested by law in a different and distinct body of men, owing no submission or allegiance to the Firewardens, other than during the continuance of a fire. By the 29th section of the Act for better preventing accidents by fire within Charlottetown, "it is made imperative on the Board of Firewardens to meet regularly on or before the first Tuesday in April in every year, for the purpose of preparing an estimate of such sums as they may require necessary for procuring a further supply of Fire Engines, water-casks, carts, buckets, &c.," and to attend the Town meeting with the estimate; and it is directed, that the money voted by such meeting shall be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the Board of Firewardens. The Act does not even direct, that the Board of Firewardens shall procure the Engines, but by implication it may be presumed, that they are to do so. But what becomes of the Fire Engines when so procured? That is provided for by the consolidated Act, passed in 1844, relating to the Fire Engine Companies of Charlottetown. The fifth section enacts, "That every Company shall be obliged to keep the Fire Engine for the said Town placed in their care and custody, and the hose, buckets, and other materials belonging thereto, in good order, and fit for service on all occasions." Now, if it were necessary to remove the Fire Engines, to whom should the application have been made? Common sense would—we think—say, to the respective Captains of the several Engines, to whom the custody of them had been given by law. And to this the Executive was at last compelled to have recourse, and why? Because Captains Hutchinson and Watts refused to acknowledge the right of the Board of Firewardens—the newly constituted Board—to interfere in the slightest degree with the Engines committed to their care, and would take their orders for the removal of them only from the Lieutenant Governor himself, and then, such order having been given, and a proper place having been provided for them, the Captains of the Engines consented to remove them. Now why was not this plain obvious course adopted at first? Because the whole of the Administration, from George Coles to Edward Whelan, are totally and entirely ignorant of the manner in which the duties their high and responsible position has entailed upon them, should be performed. Because, determined to carry a favorite measure into effect, they were careless and indifferent as to the means by which their purpose was accomplished; legally or illegally, it mattered not. They trampled the law successfully under foot in the cases of Le Lachur and Whelan; exercised a dispensing power in these cases, and, intoxicated with success, conceived that they could ride rough-shod over the Town of Charlottetown, and make the inhabitants (as Mr. Coles publicly and emphatically said) "know that he was their master." But Mr. Coles and his Administration will find, that though the inhabitants of King's County may be in a state of abject submission to their Landlords, those of Charlottetown will acknowledge no other master than the Law of the Land; to its commands and dictates they will be at all times submissive and obedient, and where its sanction is wanting they will treat with scorn, contempt, and ridicule; any attempts to coerce them. It is a curious fact, that in the whole of the Firewardens' Act there is not the slightest allusion made to the Fire Engines, except in the 29th section, as before alluded to, and in the Fire Engine Company Act, though authority is given to the Firewardens over the Firemen—Firehook and Ladder Company—no mention is made of the Fire Engine Companies; both Acts are totally silent as respects the jurisdiction of the Firewardens over the Fire Engine Companies, except by implication—the Fire Engine Companies being constituted out of the inhabitants of the Town, and all inhabitants being obliged to obey the Firewardens, they are equally under the same obligation. This we think a *casus omissus* in the Act, which it would be well to provide against. The next time we find the word Firewardens put in juxtaposition with Fire Engines in the famous Act—the *put Act*—of Mr. Coles; "The Act to provide for removing the Post Office of Charlottetown into the Old Court House, &c." By the last clause of this Act it is enacted, "That it shall be lawful for the Firewardens of Charlottetown to build an additional room to the back wing on the Northern side of the Old Court House, for the purpose of containing the Fire Engines belonging to the said Town, (and which are now placed in that part

of the said building, which is heretofore set apart for the Post Office), and to place the Fire Engines in each room, and to continue in the occupation thereof for the purpose aforesaid."

It is evident, from the language of this Statute (whether its framers meant that it should so speak, may be matter of doubt), that the Fire Engines were not to be removed from the place in which it is stated in the Act they then were, until a new place for their reception had been prepared at the back wing on the North side of the building. Now we will fairly admit, that in legal parlance, the words "it shall be lawful for the Firewardens to build, &c.," may mean that the Firewardens shall build an additional room, &c.; and it is possible that they were ordered to erect such additional room in the terms of the Act. We do not think that they were, but whether they were so ordered or not, they also—we have it from good authority—respectfully submitted that they had no funds: Now this, as it was unquestionably true, and ought to have been and was known to the Executive, was a good and sufficient answer, and cannot be held to be in the least degree contemptuous. When the Israelites were ordered by Pharaoh to make bricks without straw, it was then considered and has been ever since a tyrannical and unjust command, and though the Executive has shown, that it can be very peremptory in its commands, we hardly think that it would seriously insist upon the Firewardens building the Engine House at their own expense, out of their own proper funds. It was then suggested—as we have been informed—that the sense of a Town Meeting should be taken upon the subject, but the Board of Firewardens, at least that part of it endowed with common sense, well knew that the attempt would be bootless. The Town had been applied to before and had voted money for this very purpose which had been expended in fitting up the old Council Chamber, and they would have then, as they will hereafter, if a proposition at once so silly and insulting is made to them, reply, "If the Government are bent upon turning the present Engine House into a Post Office, let it build a new Engine House; we will not tax ourselves a second time for the same purpose." And this, in fact, is what should have been done, at the time of passing the law; a fund should have been provided and placed at the disposal of the Firewardens, and then, if they refused to comply with the only order the Executive had in its power to issue under the Act in question, the Attorney General should have taken that course with them which, if rightly begun and properly pursued, could not have failed to compel them to do what was right and proper. Then, again, admitting that it was the duty of the Executive to see the Act carried into execution, what power does that Act give the Executive to remove the engines until a proper place had been built for their reception? They had been placed there with the consent of the Queen's Representative, in whose care and custody public property, if not legally committed to other hands, is vested—in other words the Fire Engine companies were in quiet and lawful possession, and peremptory and stringent indeed must be the expressions in an Act of Parliament to enable the Executive to do that which without such express command would be a glaring outrage on law, justice and order. All that the Executive could do was to direct the Firewardens to proceed with the erection of the building. On being informed that the Board was without funds, it should have supplied those funds, or it should have allowed the Act to have remained in abeyance until the next session, when they could have applied for and obtained the necessary sum of money without committing an Act of injustice to the Town. We have, we think, fully redeemed our pledge. We have shown—first, that the Executive had no right to order the Engines to be removed—2dly, that if they had such right, the order for removal should have been addressed to the Captains of the Fire Engine Companies and not to the Board of Firewardens—3dly, that the Firewardens were not in a condition to obey the only order that the Executive was empowered by law to make, and that, therefore, the neglect or the refusal to perform what was so required of them was not contemptuous, and that, therefore, the dissolving the old Board and appointing a new one was illegal, unconstitutional, unjust, tyrannical and oppressive. Q. E. D.

We shall take a review at our leisure of the doctrines respecting Prerogative, as advocated, not by Mr. Chitty but by the respective Editors of the *Royal Gazette* and *Advertiser*, and prove that their knowledge is as limited in this respect as it is in all others.

The Europa arrived with the English Mail at Halifax on the Evening of the 16th inst., by which we have dates from Liverpool to the 6th Sept. by the Ross on Thursday last.

Mr. Geo. Haszard, who arrived home to-day from New York via Shediac, reports that on Friday night, a very destructive fire occurred at Portland, adjoining the city of St. John, N. B., about 40 houses were destroyed, and it was said 1100 poor persons were rendered homeless.

The *Selk. Caroline* from hence, arrived on the 15th inst., at Boston.

From passengers lately arrived from United States, we learn, that the woods in the State of Maine have been very much devastated by fire, and several large Mills have been destroyed. The Bay of Fundy was so full of smoke, that it was very difficult of navigation. The fire is said to have extended along the coast 90 miles, to what extent in the interior it could not be positively ascertained.

The Treasurer of the Ladies Benevolent Society, gratefully acknowledges the receipt of the sum of Three Pounds from Messrs J. Henley, Onda and Parsons, being the surplus money after paying the hire of the Steamboat *Rose*, on a party of pleasure Sept. 12. Also, the sum of Two Pounds from Mr. James Pope, being his moiety of a fine imposed on a Pedlar for trading without a License, September 22.

**SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Sept. 18, 1851.**  
His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to direct the name of J. B. Cox, Esq., to be inserted in the Commission of the Peace for King's County, and the name of Joseph Ball, Esq., to be inserted in the Commission of the Peace for Queen's County.

**JAMES WARBURTON,**  
Colonial Secretary.

**COUNCIL OFFICE, Sept. 18, 1851.**  
His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to make the following provisional appointments, viz: The Hon. William Sweeney, to be Registrar of the Instance Court of Vice Admiralty of this Island.

Robert Hyndman, Esquire, to be Marshal of the said Court.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has also been pleased to appoint Mr. John Clark, of Byron, (Mills' son), to be a Commissioner for the recovery of Small Debts, in the place of Mr. Jacob Goldrup, resigned.

**COUNCIL OFFICE, Sept. 18, 1851.**  
His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to nominate John E. McDonald, Esq., Controller of the Customs and Navigation Laws, for the Forts or Harbours of Bay Fortune and Grand River in this Island, subject to the confirmation of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs; and has also been pleased to appoint, the said John E. McDonald, Esq., Collector of Excise and Light Duties for the said Ports.

His Excellency has been pleased to establish Post Offices at the undermentioned places in this Island, and to appoint the following persons Postmasters, in the terms of the Act, intitled "An Act to provide for the transfer of the management of the Inland Posts within Prince Edward Island," viz: Anderson's Road, Township No. 26—Mr. Patrick Murphy, Green's Shore, Bodega, Township No. 17—Mr. Patrick Power, Killara, Township No. 2.

**DEBRIBAY, C. C.**

## Royal Assent.

Committee  
Hon. Stephen Elliott  
His Honor Judge  
Hon. John N. P. H. H.  
Mr. Henry Lange  
Mr. George Des  
Mr. John Thorne  
Charles Stewart  
Captain Cumber  
Ordered, That the Pr  
yearling Bull or Heifer,  
and for the best Calf im  
imported in 1850, be str  
thereof:  
Best yearling Bull, from t  
Best yearling Heifer, fr  
Best Bull Calf from do.,  
in 1850.  
Best Heifer Calf, fr  
Ordered, That the H  
Mr. John Thorne, be re  
Charles Hazard, Esq.,  
Match, be requested to  
Esq., Mr. W. Hyde, an  
act as Judges of Sheep  
Ordered, That appli  
See, respecting th  
or other things being p  
adjacent thereto, for th  
franchises of any kind  
—the day of the settle  
express incurred in be

## ST. PETER'S BISHOP.

The First Annual M  
ly and respectfully att  
of St. Peter's Bay, on  
men were elected, viz:  
Richard Hayes  
Mr. John Leslie  
Committee—Messrs.  
B. C.  
The following gentle  
Committee—Mr. Thom  
Hayden,  
Mr. John  
John B. Cox, Esq.,  
Central Road.  
The names of the fo  
warded to His Excell  
order that His Excell  
Treasurer for the Bra  
Mandoc  
Peter M.  
Mr. John  
Mr. David Anderson  
Newburn, were requir  
be held on the 26th S  
Ordered, That the  
the Newspapers for

## Extract from a Letter.

On the 1st of Sept  
mackerel fishing vess  
were wrecked by a  
there are at present a  
mackerel on the coast  
Chlorine, and Cape B  
I regret to add, that  
the condition of the  
troyed some property,  
not to be spared to cr  
months of August as  
riots by the fishermen

## By the Rev. B. Sc.

Charlottetown, to Mi  
Newburn, were requir  
be held on the 26th S  
Ordered, That the  
the Newspapers for

## Last night at the V.

CURRAN, late of H  
deceased had been d  
was much respected  
morning, (Wednesday)  
Chapel, when his fri  
to attend.  
On Saturday morn  
of James D. Haszard  
at Pictou, N. S.,  
Esq., in the 73rd year  
born with the greatest  
mental faculties up to

## In the Steamer from

Port Louis, arrived  
England; Mrs. Neil  
is in the steamer.

## In the Steamer from

Port Louis, arrived  
England; Mrs. Neil  
is in the steamer.

## Sept. 16.—Steamer

10. Sch. S.  
11. Ch.  
12. P.  
13. T.  
14. M.  
15. R.  
16. E.

## Sept. 16.—Sch. A.

16.—Brig Carr  
17.—Sch. E.  
18.—Sch. E.

## WHAT I will do.

The Building  
Occupied R.  
o'clock, p.m. Pa  
Sept. 15, 1851.

## OWNERS of

to and to Lat  
to communicate w  
of same, for the in  
of the Board,  
(prop'd), will see

## 2 Howard Street

5th September

which is hereinbefore set apart for to place the Fire Engines in such as in the occupation thereof for the

in the language of this Statute meant that it should so speak, may that the Fire Engines were not to place in which it is stated, in the until a new place for their reception at the back wing on the North Now we will fairly admit, that in words "it shall be lawful for the &c., &c." may mean that the Fire- an additional room, &c.; and it is re- ordered to erect such additional the Act. We do not think that her they were so ordered or not, from good authority—respectfully had no funds: Now this, as it was and ought to have been and was was, was a good and sufficient an- held to be in the least degree con- the Israelites, were ordered by bricks without straw, it was then been ever since a tyrannical and though the Executive has shown, peremptory in its commands, we would seriously insist upon the Fire- Engine House at their own ex- proper funds. It was then as- been informed—that the sense of a ld be taken upon the subject, but- ardens, at least that part of it en- sense, well knew that the attempt The Town had been applied to be- money for this very purpose which in fitting up the old Council y would have then, as they will sitation at once so silly and insulting ply "If the Government are bent recent Engine House into a Post a new Engine House; we will not ond time for the same purpose," what should have been done, at the law; a fund should have been at the disposal of the Firewardens, used to comply with the only order in its power to issue under the Act. The names of the following gentlemen were directed to be forwarded to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council, in order that His Excellency may select one to act as Secretary and Treasurer for the Branch, viz:— Murdoch Murray, Esq., Peter McCallum, Esq., Mr. John McLean. Mr. David Anderson, Mr. David McEwen, and Mr. Valentine Needham, were requested to act as Judges at the Cattle Show to be held on the 26th September. Orders, That the proceedings of the Meeting be forwarded to the Newspapers for insertion. By Order of the Committee. MURDOCH MURRAY, Secretary.

Royal Agricultural Society.

Committee Meeting, Sept. 17, 1851.

RESPECT: His Honor Judge Peters, First Vice President. Hon. John M. Hill, Mr. Henry Longworth, Mr. George Beer, Esq., Mr. John Thomas, Charles Stewart, Esq., Captain Cumberland. Orders, That the Premiums advertised to be given for the best yearling Bull or Heifer, from the Ayrshire Bulls imported in 1849; and for the best Calf from the same Bulls, or from the Heifers imported in 1850, be struck out, and the following inserted instead thereof: Best yearling Bull, from the imported Ayrshire Bulls, £1 0 0 Best yearling Heifer, do do 1 0 0 Best Bull Calf from do, or from the Heifers imported, 1 0 0 Best Heifer Calf, do do 1 0 0

ST. PETER'S BRANCH OF THE ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. The First Annual Meeting of this Branch, which was numerous and respectfully attended, was held at Mr. Sutherland's, Head of St. Peter's Bay, on the 26th August, when the following gentlemen were elected Officers for the ensuing year: Richard Hayes, Esq., President. Mr. John Leslie, Vice-President. Committee—Messrs. John Sutherland, Valentine Needham; John B. Cox, Esq.; Messrs. Charles Sanderson, David McEwen, David Anderson, John Ryan. The following gentlemen were appointed honorary members of Committee—Mr. Thomas Noonan, Mr. Michael Scully, Mr. John Hayden, Mr. Donald Gillis, Mr. Donald McMillan, Mr. John McLevy. Mr. John B. Cox, Esq., was appointed to represent the Branch at the Central Board.

Extract from a Letter dated Souris, 17th September, 1851. On the 1st of September a fleet of 23 American and 79 British mackerel fishing vessels anchored in Souris Roads, and on the 12th were sailed by a fleet of 210 fishermen. They report, that there are at present about 400 sail, (British and American,) fishing mackerel on the coasts of this Island, the Magdalen, Mouth of Bay Chaleur, and Cape Breton, North shore. I regret to add, that some of the vessels of both nations made a considerable riot here, maltreated some of the Inhabitants, and destroyed some property. It is a pity one of Her Majesty's ships could not be spared to cruise specially on the above Coasts during the months of August and September, as it effectually prevents any riots by the fishermen.

Married. By the Rev. B. Scott, on the 26th ult. Mr. Neil Macdonald, of Charlottetown, to Miss Martha Peole, of Tryon. At Charlottetown, on the 26th ult., by the Rev. Robert Macnair, Mr. Hector MacKinnon, Malpeque Road, to Miss Elizabeth Jones, North River. At Charlottetown, on the 5th inst., by the Rev. Robert Macnair, Mr. Donald McPherson, Orwell to Miss Mason Macdonald. At Charlottetown on the 12th inst., by the Rev. Robert Macnair, Mr. Neil Campbell, Malpeque Road, to Miss Ann McQueen.

Wid. Last night at the Victoria Hotel, of Consumption, Mr. PATRICK CURRAN, late of Halifax, N. S., Trader, in his 26th year. The deceased had been doing business here for the last few months, and was much respected. His funeral will take place to-morrow morning, (Wednesday), at 10 o'clock, from the Roman Catholic Chapel, when his friends and acquaintance are respectfully invited to attend.

Port of Charlottetown. Arrived: Sept. 16.—Steamer Rose, Matheson, Pictou; mails. Schrs. Sarah John, M'Donald, Sydney; coal. Charlotte, LeBlanc, Sydney; coal. Peri, Nowlan, New York; goods. Trial, Girroir, Sydney; coal. Mayflower, Wetherby, Pictou; coal. Rob Roy, Torball, do, do. Eliza, Graham, Fishing Voyage.

Ship News. Arrivals in Europe from hence. Waterford, Aug. 30.—Lady Bannerman. Queenstown, Aug. 31.—Lochaber. Plymouth, Aug. 22.—Colina. Liverpool, Aug. 20.—Sailed, Vernon. The Helios, for New York, put back to Kingsrod, Aug. 20. Loading.—Liverpool, Sept. 6.—Colina. London, Sept. 5.—Prince Edward.

Notice is hereby given, THAT I will put up and sell to the lowest bidder on the spot, the Building of a New Wharf at Sandy Point, East side of Crapaud River, on the 6th day of October next, at the hour of four o'clock, p.m. Particulars will be made known at the day of sale. JOSEPH TROUSDALE, Commissioner.

Notice. OWNERS of Farm-standings or Proprietors of Land for Sale, and to Let or Lease, in Prince Edward Island, are solicited to communicate with the Subscriber, as to terms and particulars of same, for the information of intending settlers of small capital, and of the Scotch Agricultural class. An early notice, per Post (prepaid), will meet attention. WILLIAM LA MONT, General Com. Agent. 2 Howard Street, Glasgow. 5th September, 1851.

METEOROLOGICAL JOURNAL.

For the week ending September 29, 1851.

Table with columns: BAROMETER, THERMOMETER, WIND AT 9 A.M., WEATHER. Rows for Sept. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20.

Charlottetown Markets.

Table with columns: FROM, TO, FROM, TO. Lists prices for Beef, Pork, Mutton, Lamb, Butter, Flour, Eggs, Hay, Turkeys, Chickens, Apples.

To be Sold.

Leasehold interest of 50 acres of LAND, situate on the Bechoque Road, 6 1/2 miles from Town, subject only to 1s. per acre, per annum, for 999 years. It is a good stand for business. The greater portion is ready for stamping, and can be cleared at a small expense. For particulars, apply to LAW. W. GALL, Esq., Charlottetown, or JAMES McLEAG, on the premises.

Encourage Home Manufacture.

PARTIES having Cloth which they wish DYED or DRESSED in a superior style, may send it to the Agent for Garney's Mills, where it will be finished equal to any done elsewhere in Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, and at equally low rates. Information as to prices, may be obtained, and possession taken, at the Agents, Upper Side Queen Square, Charlottetown. E. L. LYDIARD, Agent.

A Mare for Sale.

APPLY to R. BRUCE STEWART, Charlottetown. September 16, 1851.

LOST.

ON the Brackley Point Road, or on the Streets of Charlottetown a SADDLE, English make—has a Brass Plate on the back, and has been some time in use. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Mr. David Stewart's, Kent Street, September 15, 1851.

Shop to be Let.

TO BE LET, in a central and business quarter of the Town, a large, well furnished, and convenient SHOP, with commodious and excellent Cellars.—Terms moderate; and possession will be given immediately.—Enquire at the office of this paper. Sept. 16, 1851.

Notice is hereby given.

THAT the Subscriber will sell on the spot to the lowest bidder, the Building of the Wharf on the West side of Westmorland Harbour, on Thursday the 10th of September next, at 10 o'clock, a.m. Particulars will be made known on the day of sale. JOHN LORD, JOSEPH TROUSDALE, Commissioners. Tryon, August 25, 1851.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

To Teachers and Country Dealers. MR. HAZARD having printed large Editions of the Standard SCHOOL BOOKS, is now ready to dispose of them wholesale on liberal terms. He will also be well supplied with all the requisite School Stationery, which being imported direct from the Manufacturers in Britain and the United States, he will be able to sell at the cheapest rate. Sept. 22.

WEATHERY'S COW BELLS.

WARRANTED superior to any imported, may be had at the Subscriber's. Upper Side, Queen Square. E. L. LYDIARD.

Building Lots.

TO be sold together, or in Building Lots to suit Purchasers, the following Town Lots Nos. 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20, in the 2nd Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown, fronting on Queen Square, Great George Street, Sidney Street, and Prince Street. For terms, and Plans of the Property, apply to SAMUEL NELSON, Esq., Charlottetown.

Money to Lend.

MONEY to lend on Mortgage or other good Security on Land in Charlottetown or Royalty in Sums of £50 and upwards.—Apply at the Office of the Subscriber. JOSEPH HENSLEY. Office, Durbina's Buildings, Charlottetown, 7th January, 1851.

Room Paper.

700 PIECES ROOM PAPER, in 23 different Patterns, just received at GEO. T. HAZARD'S, Book Store, and for Sale at various prices, from 2d upwards. Queen Square, July 1, 1851.

Murray's Spelling, Improved.

MURRAY'S SPELLING is a great improvement on the one formerly in use, and is besides, much cheaper. LENNIE'S GRAMMAR is also a much better and stronger Edition than the one imported. Dealers should compare and see the improvement in the Island Markets.

JAMES N. HARRIS.

Offers for Sale.

SHINGLE MAKING MACHINES, with circular Saws complete, 1 Threshing Machine, 1 Winnowing Machine. At reduced prices. Charlottetown Sept. 1, 1851.

FLOUR! FLOUR!! A fresh consignment of FLOUR for sale, warranted real good. Sept. 1, 1851. JAMES N. HARRIS.

SYDNEY COAL. HOURLY expected and for Sale. Customers are desired to leave their orders forthwith. Sept. 1, 1851. JAMES N. HARRIS.

Salt! Salt!! A small consignment of Liverpool SALT on hand, retailing by Sept. 1, 1851. JAMES N. HARRIS.

Lumber! Shingles! Laths! James N. Harris HAS at his establishment for Sale, Pine, Spruce and Hemlock BOARDS, Pine and Cedar SHINGLES, LATHS, &c., cheap for Cash. Sept. 1, 1851.

Wanted, Oats and Barley!! PAYMENT in Barter in GOODS at reasonable prices, or in Cash at option, for any quantity. Sept. 1, 1851. JAMES N. HARRIS.

MACKEREL. PURCHASED in any quantity subject to inspection.—Good prices—Cash payment. Sept. 1, 1851. JAMES N. HARRIS.

Vessels Wanted!! FOR New York, Newfoundland, Bathurst, Sydney, Pughwash, Gut, Canoe. Sept. 1, 1851. JAMES N. HARRIS.

Pictou Soap and Candles! A constant supply of the above prime articles on hand, either wholesale or retail. Sept. 1, 1851. JAMES N. HARRIS.

HOLLANDS GIN. A prime article offered in Casks or in small quantities not less than two gallons, at low prices. Sept. 1, 1851. JAMES N. HARRIS.

Stoves! Grates! Ranges!! PIONEER, Hot Blast and other Cooking STOVES, Franklin and Tight Air Stoves, Kitchen Ranges, (Bodleys) and Grates. Sept. 1, 1851. JAMES N. HARRIS.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. THE SUBSCRIBER expects shortly an addition to his present supply. Sept. 1, 1851. JAMES N. HARRIS.

Reaping Machine. LOST on the 16th inst., on the Brackley Point Road, between Mr. Henry Longworth's and Brecker's Farm, the Knives of a Reaping Machine. They are of no use to any one, but the Owner, who will reward any person for his trouble, by leaving them with Mr. James W. Cairns, or with himself at Brackley Point. Aug. 30, 1851. EWEN McMILLAN.

NOTICE. THE SUBSCRIBER hereby notifies his friends and the public generally, that he is about closing his business in Charlottetown, and that an early settlement of all outstanding accounts is particularly requested. From Country customers, produce will be taken, if delivered in shipping time. Sept. 5. Sw. J. D. P. COLES.

NOTICE. THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify all persons who are indebted to him in King's County, that he will open an establishment at the head of St. Peter's Bay, in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Roderick Maclean, on or about the 20th inst., and hereby demands an immediate settlement of all outstanding accounts at the said premises. Produce taken in payment. Sept. 5. Sw. J. D. P. COLES.

NOTICE. ALL Persons who are indebted to Mr. WILLIAM HILL for the services of the Horse Champion, at St. Peter's Bay Fortin, Kollo Bay and East Point, are hereby notified, that the debts due for the same have been regularly assigned to the Subscriber, and the parties indebted are requested to settle their Accounts on or before the 10th October next. Grain taken in payment at St. Peter's Bay and Bay Fortune. Sept. 8. Sw. J. D. P. COLES.

FOR SALE, BEST ENGLISH OAKUM, FIGURE HEADS, IRON, assorted sizes. CROWN GLASS, 10x12 and 8x10 PLYMOUTH SOAP, an excellent article for family use, &c. &c. Great George Street, August 26, 1851. Wm. HAZARD.

Steam Boat for Sale. THE Subscriber offers for sale the Ferry Steamer "Isle," Twelve Horse power, the Boiler, a superior article, imported from England for the purpose; the Boat is 70 feet long by 14 feet broad, Copper-fastened and Coppered, has run two seasons. Apply to THOS. B. TREMAIN. (Id.) Sept. 1, 1851.

STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS, &c. FOR SALE at the Subscriber's Store. SIDNEY STREET JOHN S. BREMNER. Sept. 1, 1851. (Sw)

APOTHECARIES' HALL. Direct from London. FRESH DRUGS and MEDICINES, Patent Medicines, Assorted Perfumes, Pickles, Sauces, Confectionary, Brushes, Soaps, Pomades, requisites for the Toilet, articles for Domestic use, Cassin's De Barry's Arabian Revivants, just received and for SALE low by T. DEBRISAY. No. 1 WHITE LEAD, PAINTS and OILS. June 12, 1851. 200,000 PINE & CEDAR SHINGLES, from Miramichi, for Sale. JAMES FURDIE. July 1, 1851.

Auctions.

Valuable Stock for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER will sell on FAIR DAY (Wednesday), the 24th inst., the following valuable STOCK, by AUCTION, at 12 o'clock, at the Market Square. One Galloway COW, in Calf by the Galloway Bull, imported this year from Scotland. One COW, aged 6 years, half Galloway, half Ayrshire. The above are from the Stock of Hon. Judge Peters.

—ALSO— A three-quarter-bred Durham COW, bred by Mr. John Thorne, and now the property of G. W. DEXLERS, Esq. 1 BAY HORSE, 3 years old, do. do. —ALSO— 1 Excellent COW, nearly all Ayrshire, three years old now in Calf by a pure Ayrshire Bull. This Cow was bred by Hon. Judge Peters, and is now the property of J. WALKER, Esq.

1 BULL, 2 years old, by a thorough-bred Durham Bull, and out of a pure Ayrshire Cow. This opportunity should not be lost, by Farmers wishing to improve their stock. JAMES N. HARRIS, Auctioneer. Sept. 6, 1851.

SALE OF VALUABLE STOCK. CROP, FARMING IMPLEMENTS and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. To be sold without reserve, on Tuesday the 7th October, at 10 o'clock, a.m., on the premises of the late Mr. Thomas Hacker, Stanley River, Lot 21, New London, the following Articles: 2 Horses, 20 Tons of Hay, 1 Pair of Oxen, 7 years old, 4 Stacks of Wheat, 1 Pair do. 5 years old, 4 do. Oats, 6 Cows, 1 do. Barley, 4 Heifers, 1 Cart or Fleanon, 1 set of Gig Harness, 30 Head of Sheep, A quantity of Wool, 1 Bull, 4 Pig.

—ALSO— The Farming Implements and Household Furniture, too numerous to mention. Terms of Sale.—A Liberal Credit on approved Notes. Further particulars made known the day of Sale. GEORGE ANDERSON, Auctioneer. New London, September 22, 1851.

By H. W. LOBBAN. Excellent Business Stand in Dorchester-Street.

ON FRIDAY, the 26th September next, at 12 o'clock, noon, will peremptorily be sold on the premises, if not previously disposed of by private Sale, that commodious Two story DWELLING HOUSE, 26 feet by 24, and PREMISES, now in the occupation of Mr. ELKANAH MARQUAND, nearly opposite the late residence of the Hon. Wm. W. LORD, fronting 42 feet on Dorchester-street, with a depth of 90 feet, part of Town Lot No. 41, in the First Hundred in Charlottetown. There is an excellent Front Foot Cellar, 8 feet deep under the whole extent of the Building, walled all round with good masonry, has two good Shops in front and is well adapted for business of any kind. There is also a well of good Water in the rear. An unexceptionable title will be given by 20, and other documents, and the Property can be viewed at any time on application to Mrs. MARQUAND, or to the Auctioneer. Sept. 26, 1851. R. GEZ. & Id.

Postponed until 29th October. Sale of Valuable Real Estate.

TO BE SOLD, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-FOURTH day of SEPTEMBER, next, at the OLD COURT HOUSE, Charlottetown, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, the following REAL ESTATE of the late Mr. ANDREW MACDONALD, of Three Rivers, deceased, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of the Debts of the said Andrew Macdonald in this Island, viz:—

PANMURE ISLAND, Excepting One hundred acres thereof, situate in Cardigan Bay, King's County, in this Island, being an Estate in Fee Simple, and consisting of One Farm containing Two hundred (200) acres of Land, more or less, being the Northern section of the said Island, and having an extensive shore front on Saint Mary's Bay and the Harbour of Three Rivers 50 or 60 acres of this Farm are under cultivation, and on which there is situate a SUBSTANTIAL TWO STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, comprising Eight Rooms besides the Attics, with a front-proof Cellar; also a BARN 60 feet by 30, and other outbuildings, &c. Also, FIVE FARMS, each containing Fifty acres, more or less, fronting on Saint Mary's Bay. Also, Five other FARMS, containing a like quantity each, fronting on Three Rivers Harbour, on the North or inner Shore of the said Island.—The whole of the said Fifty acre Farms situate on a road in the interior of the Estate; they consist of superior soil, and are covered with excellent Hardwood; the situation of each being exceedingly well adapted for the purpose of Agriculture or the Fisheries.

The above Estate is to be sold agreeably to an Order of the Lieutenant Governor and Council, made under and by virtue of an Act of the General Assembly of this Island, intitled "An Act relating to Wills, Legacies and Executors, and for the settlement and distribution of the Estates of Intestates," as well as in pursuance of a decree of the Court of Chancery of this Island, made in a cause wherein William Macdonald & azor are Plaintiffs, and Hugh Macdonald and Colin Macdonald are Defendants.

A deposit of Twenty-five per cent on the purchase money will be required to be paid down at the time of Sale, and the remainder on the execution of the Deeds and delivery of possession to the purchasers, which will be on or before the Twenty-fourth day of October, ensuing.

For further particulars, as well as inspection of a Plan of the said Estate, apply at the Office of EDWARD PALMER, Esq., Charlottetown, or at Georgetown, to the undersigned. Dated this 19th day of August, 1851. HUGH MACDONALD, Sole Acting Executor of the said Andrew Macdonald.

The sale of the Panmure Island Estate, as above mentioned, advertised to be sold on Wednesday the 29th day of October next, is postponed until Wednesday the 20th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

HUGH MACDONALD, Sole Executor of the late Andrew Macdonald. 19th Sept. 1851.

Sale by Auction of Valuable HOUSE and BUILDING LOTS, in Pownal-street, Charlottetown.

ON FRIDAY, the 2d day of October next, 1851, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold on the Premises, by Public Auction, that valuable and commodious New Two Story DWELLING-HOUSE and STORE, in Pownal-street, the Property of Mr. PATRICK GAFFNEY, lately occupied by him as a Dwelling House and place of business, situate on part of Town Lot No. 37, in the 1st Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown. The Land attached to the House, and to be sold with it, has a front of 41 1/2 feet on the West side of Pownal-street, with a depth back of 84 feet, (fronting 84 feet on Pownal-street.) The House is well arranged and capacious, and at a small expense, could be adapted so as to be suitable for the residence of a Private Gentleman. If required for a Store, its present internal arrangement and first rate business situation, well fit it for the purpose. There is also a Stable on the Premises, and a Pump near to it in Pownal-street. Also, at the same time, 2 valuable BUILDING LOTS, part of the above Town Lot, and situate to the South of the above House, each having a front of 30 feet on Pownal-street, and running back thence for the distance of 34 feet, the depth of the Lot. The particulars of Title and terms and conditions of Sale, apply at the Office of JOSEPH HENSLEY, Esq., in Charlottetown, or to the Subscriber on the Premises. F. GAFFNEY. Sept. 26, 1851.

Sale of Crown Lands in Town and Township 15. THE Surveyor General will offer for sale at the House of Joseph Gallant, Township 15, at twelve o'clock on Monday the 6th October next, the following Lots on said Township, viz:—

Table with columns: No., Acres. Rows: 90, 136; 124, 139; 124, 140; 229, 144.

WILLIAM SWABBY, Keeper of File.

Poetry.

THE FAITHLESS VOW.

BY G. H. BARNES.

I knew thee when a merry child,
And memory's faithful still,
Too true, for oft through manhood's breast,
Sad thoughts will send a chill.

I knew thee when in beauty grown,
Beneath the moon's pure beam,
Then saidst that heart was mine alone,
Ah, can it be a dream!

I know thee now, thy once fair cheek
Is traced with furrows deep;
Thine eyes have lost their languid glance,
Aye, thou hast leav'd to weep.

THE SLEEPING CHILD.

BY LEIGH MUNT.

A brook went dancing on its way,
From bank to valley leaping,
And by its stony margin lay
A lovely infant sleeping.

It is a lovely sight to view
Within this world of sorrow,
One spot which still retains the hue
That earth from heaven may borrow.

What happy dreams, fair child are given,
To cast their shadow o'er thee?
What could unite that soul to heaven;
Where visions glide before thee?

Mayhap, afar on unseen wings,
Thy spirit soaring,
Now hears the burst from golden strings,
Where angels are adoring.

Varieties.

THE CHOICE OF A CALLING.—Dr. John M. Mason, in some
of his essays, tells a story of a young man who had been origi-
nally a maker of brooms, and had studied divinity, as it is termed,
for two or three sessions. Having presented a specimen of his im-
provement before the Presbytery, he was found to have acquired
himself no little proficiency, that they judged it necessary to
renew him to his first vocation, as more commensurate with his
abilities. This decision was announced by a reverend old Minister
in the following manner:

"Young man, it is the duty of all men to glorify God. But he
calls them to glorify him in different ways, according to the gifts he
bestows upon them. Some he calls to glorify him by preaching the
Gospel of his Son; and others by making brooms (brooms.) Now it
is the unanimous judgment of this Presbytery, that he has not call-
ed you to the ministry, since he has not called you to it; and
therefore that it is your duty to go to your father. Glorify God by
decent industry in making brooms."

The associate has a moral. Each man to his calling. There is
for every man his own peculiar sphere of action and influence, and
the sooner he finds it out, the better for him. It saves the loss of
time and many mistakes. There may be error in both directions in
aiming too high or sinking too low. A man who would make but a
poor artist might make an excellent broom-maker. One who would
make but a poor figure at the Bar, might make himself usefully
familiar with the exercise of a crowsbar. Many a young sentimentalist,
who has starved in a garret, might have been of some service to
the world, if he had but exercised his talents at an anvil.

An Irishman called on a lady and gentleman, in whose employ
he was, for the purpose of getting some tea. When he had finished,
he said to the gentleman, "I had a dream last night, your honor, said he to the gentleman.
'What was it, Pat?'
'Why I dreamed that your honor made me a present of a plug of
tobacco, and her ladyship there—heaven bless her!—gave me some tea
for the good wife.'

"Ah Pat, dreams go by contraries, you know."
"Faith, and they may be that," said Pat, without the least hesita-
tion; "so her ladyship is to give the tobacco, and yer honor the tea?"

Mr. Pitt went into evening into the Duchess of Gordon's box, at
the opera house. Not having seen him for some time, she address-
ed him with her usual blunt familiarity. "Well, Mr. Pitt, do you
talk as much nonsense as when I last saw you?" "I don't know
that," said Mr. Pitt, "I have certainly not heard so much nonsense
since I had the pleasure of seeing your grace."

"Do you eat things here?" inquired a Yankee the other day, as
he ascended into a friendly and addressed the proprietor. "We
do." "You eat all kinds of things in iron, eh?" was the next
query. "Certainly—don't you see that is our business?" "Ah!
well, eat a shadon, will you?" He was cast out and referred to a
brazon foundry.

FIDELITY OF THE DOG.—The Almighty, who gave the dog to be
the companion of our pleasures and our toils, had invested him
with a nature noble and incapable of deceit. He forgets neither
friend nor foe; remembers, with accuracy, both benefit and injury.
He has a share of man's intelligence, but no share in a man's fal-
lacy. You may betray a soldier to a man with his sword, or a
witness to take life by false accusation, but you cannot make a
hound betray his benefactor. He is a friend of man, save when the
man justly incurs his enmity.—Sir Walter Scott.

THE SHIPPING ROPE.—The shipping rope, a toy which is dis-
covered by the young girl when entering a premature womanhood,
but which ought to be looked upon as a necessary article in every hon-
orable or private room occupied by a woman of civilized life and civil-
ized habits, is one of the best if not the very best kind of gymnastic
exercise that I know. It exercises almost every muscle of the
body, and there are few women who do not neglect to take sufficient
exercise.—Dr. Robertson.

BROTHERLY LOVE.—"Jack, Jack!" cried a sailor, on board a
ship at sea, lately to one of his companions. "Hallo!" replied Jack.
"what is it?" "Your brother's overlaid!" "Overlaid?" "Yes." "How the lubber! he has got my own back and my own
pocket!"

ADVICE.—Gentlemen walking the streets with canes or umbrel-
las should always carry them on their shoulders, for then they may
get an opportunity of putting out the eyes of persons behind them.

A degree of disregard for public opinion is absolutely necessary
for one's individual dignity, virtue, and happiness.

August 18, 1851.

CHARLES DEMPSEY.

HAS just received, and now offers for Sale,—A large supply of
LIQUORS, consisting of—
PORT and SHERRY WINES,
BRANDY, GIN, Jamaica SPIRITS, and RUM,
all of which he recommends of the very best quality.
August 18, 1851. G. L.

THE Subscriber begs to call the attention of Gentlemen (pur-
chasing Summer Clothing) to a well assorted stock of—
BROAD CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
DOESKINS,
LAMAS,
VESTITIAN,
CASHMERE,
SATIN VESTINGS,
CASHMERE do.
FANCY do.
&c. &c.
And solicits a comparison with any other assortment in the Island.
Great George Street, August 26, 1851. Wm. HEARD.

THOMAS MANN, TAILOR, late of Kent Street, has removed
to Pownall Street, opposite "Prince Edward House," where
having the facilities which larger Premises will afford him—con-
tinued effort to merit patronage, and maintaining the same punctual-
ity, he has always ready to receive till increasing support
from the Gentlemen of Charlotte-town, and neighbourhood.
May 19, 1851.

REMOVAL.

H. FOUND, Tailor, Habit & Robe-maker.
THE Subscriber having removed his Establishment to the pre-
mises lately occupied by Mr. William Swardon, situate on
the North side of Queen's Square, a favorable opportunity pre-
sents itself, of thanking the public for their extensive patronage and
support, for nearly 12 years; and he is more desirous than ever for
its continuance, as nothing shall be wanted on his part, to give
entire satisfaction.

Punctuality in business is a desideratum, which can only be sup-
plied by a mutual desire to respect, on the part of the employer
and the employed. This punctuality being punctuality is the
very best maxim that can be observed; and the Subscriber is as
anxious as any Man in the Trade, that it should be adopted.
H. F. feels assured, with his present facilities, that he will be
able to meet the wishes of all, who are desirous to employ him;
and having engaged the best workmen to make up garments of his
cutting, he will be found superior to those produced in any other
establishment in the town.
N. B. Those parties whose unsettled accounts are of long
standing, unless paid without further delay, will be sued without
distinction. H. F.

No Shaving in this Establishment.
Charlotte-town, August 15, 1851. G. L.

MR. JOHN MCKINNON,
TAILOR and HAT-MAKER, respectfully acquaints his
friends and the public generally, that he has removed his
business to the House of Mr. John M'Gill, Upper Queen Street,
next door to Doctor Pett's, and that he will continue to execute all
orders in his line with neatness and dispatch.
J. M'K. takes this opportunity of returning thanks to the GEN-
TLEMEN who have so liberally supported him for the last 18 years, and
now informs them, that he is desirous to employ him;
upon approved principles, he feels assured they will be found
superior to those produced by any Man in the Trade.
Charlotte-town, Aug. 25, 1851.

N. B. Hair Dressing attended to, and old Wigs repaired, or
new ones furnished in the latest style. J. M'K.
No limits to this Shaving.

W. S. FLETCHER, WATCH MAKER.

RESPECTFULLY begs to announce that he has commenced
his business in the public street, and solicits the patronage of his
friends and the public generally, that he has removed his
business to the House of Mr. John M'Gill, Upper Queen Street,
next door to Doctor Pett's, and that he will continue to execute all
orders in his line with neatness and dispatch.
J. M'K. takes this opportunity of returning thanks to the GEN-
TLEMEN who have so liberally supported him for the last 18 years, and
now informs them, that he is desirous to employ him;
upon approved principles, he feels assured they will be found
superior to those produced by any Man in the Trade.
Charlotte-town, Aug. 25, 1851.

J. R. BOURKE
DEALS to acquaint his friends and the public generally, that he
has taken the management of his Carding, Fulling, Dressing, and
Dyeing Cloth Mills, at Vernon River, lately held by T. V.
ROGERS, and having engaged the services of a person who fully
understands the above business, hopes to give general satisfaction.
Mill View, August 25, 1851. (G. L.)

Dyeing and Cloth Dressing.
JOHN McHERON FRASER, of Finton, long favourably
known in the vicinity of Georgetown and White Sands, as a
Dyer and Cloth Dresser, has appointed Mr. John Boyer his Agent
for this Town and vicinity. Cloth entrusted to his care will be fin-
ished in a workmanlike manner, and with despatch, and returned to
his Agents free of carriage.
AGENTS.
Finlay M'Neil, Esq., Georgetown.
Mr. David Johnston, White Sands.
John Boyer, Charlotte-town.
Alex. M'Phail, Pictou.
Charlotte-town, Sept. 2, 1851.

SOAP! SOAP!
A Constant Supply of New Brunswick Soap, will be kept
by the Subscriber, which will be sold to wholesale dealers at
a lower price than any other imported Soap of equal quality. Daily
expected, a lot of No. 1, a superior article, for Family use. Terms
Cash.
Upper Side Queen Square, June 9, 1851. E. L. LYDIARD. A & I.

Hardware.
A Few articles in the above line, have just been received at
GEO. T. HAZARD'S, viz.,
Morris and Rim Locks with Pearl, Glass, Mineral and Rose-
wood handles,
Spoke Shaves, (new kind),
Carpenter's Cramps,
Larger Bits and Braces,
Carpenter's Fourfold Rules,
Platform and Tea Scales,
Boiling Cloth,
Lathing, Claws, and Shingling Hatches.
August 19, 1851.

Bliss Compound Cod Liver Oil Candy.
A new and effectual remedy for Coughs, Common Colds, Cold in
the Head, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma, Tickling in the
Throat, Catarrh, Diseases of the Lungs and Bronchial Affections.
This favorite remedy is composed of Pure Cod Liver Oil, com-
bined with other valuable ingredients, which completely disguise
the repulsive taste of the Oil, without detracting from its medicinal
virtues, presenting it in a form by which it can be administered to
the most delicate invalid, without inconvenience. The medicinal influ-
ence of this Candy permeates the exact track of the inflammatory
action, causing cough. First, soothing the organs of the voice, its
sedative influence, passes along the mucous lining of the windpipe
into the bronch, and allaying pulmonary irritation, giving ease and
comfort to the chest, restoring the voice to its accustomed clearness
and power; Second, Phlegm, Acridities in the Phlegm, and Ob-
structions in the Glenda, are gently and safely discharged by easy
expectoration. It never disagrees with the stomach, a common
cold yields to its benign influence in a few hours, and when resorted
to, before the complaint is far advanced, all danger of Consumption
is entirely prevented.
Sold Wholesale and Retail, at the Drug Store of M. W.
SKINNER, Queen Street.
Charlotte-town, June 12.

FARM FOR SALE.
WITHIN Eleven Miles from Town, on the Princeton Road,
with 45 chains and 50 links fronting on the said Road, 50
acres are Freehold, and 100 acres Leasehold at \$1. per acre, 50
acres are cleared and in good cultivation. The Buildings are a good
Barn, 30 x 40, and House, 20 x 22, with other requisite Out-Build-
ings. There is also a good flow Mill, with a powerful Stream of
Water, which could be turned to good account. Half of the Pay-
ment Money may remain on Security. For further particulars
apply to
ALEXANDER JOHNSTON.
July 26, 1851.

To be Sold.

AND immediate possession given. The Leasehold interest of 57
acres of Land, on Lot 52, about five and a half miles from
Charlotte-town, subject to the yearly rent of 10. per acre, and less
for 999 years, there are between 30 and 40 acres under cultivation.
A good Barn, Stable, Cart-House and Dwelling House, a front
paddock and Dairy. Also, a never failing Well of good Water
near the door.

Also, Freehold properties, consisting of three acres of Land being
of Common Lot, No. 27, opposite Spring Park, on the Malpasque
Road, and near Mr. Daniel Hodgson's farm, and 3 of town Lot No.
65, with the Buildings and Breast Work, fronting on Dorchester
Street and Kings Street. And 1 of town Lot, No. 39 in King's
Street.

Also, 1 of Town Lot No. 9, in King Street, with the buildings
thereon, consisting of a Dwelling House 25 x 30 and 20 feet post, a
front-paddock with a good Stone Wall under the whole building, a
Shop, Parlor, Kitchen and Office on the first floor, Five Rooms
on the second story, and Four on the Garret, all well finished and
in complete order, a Stable, Store, Coach-House and Wood-House.
The whole of the above property will be sold or let for a term of
years. Terms liberal. For further particulars apply to L. W.
Gall, Esq., or to the Subscriber on the premises.
EDWARD KICKHAM.

Also the unexpired term of four years of a House in Dorchester
Street, opposite the premises, and a yearly rent of Ten Pounds, now in the possession of Edward Neil.
As the Subscriber intends removing into the country he requests
all persons indebted to him either by Note of Hand or Bank Ac-
count, to settle the same on or before the 25th inst. otherwise
they will be sued indiscriminately.
E. K.
Charlotte-town, Sept. 24, 1851.

TO BE SOLD.

TWO HUNDRED and EIGHTY ACRES on Township No. 65,
adjoining Lot 30, and about four miles below Bonshaw. The
land has been partly cleared and some portion of it might very
easily be brought into cultivation, being of excellent quality; and
extending from the Elliot River towards the South Shore, about a
mile along the Township Line. Also to be Sold or Let, several
improved Farms fronting on the Elliot River, about eight miles
from Charlotte-town.
For further particulars apply to the Subscriber.
CHARLES WRIGHT.
Charlotte-town, August 5, 1851.

To be Sold,
WHAT pleasantly situated Farm consisting of 60 acres, in Char-
lotte-town, Royalty on the Union Road, 17 chains off from
the St. Peter's Road, and opposite the Race Course. There is a
large House consisting of 2 Parlours, 2 Kitchens and Bed Room,
and Dairy on the first floor, a Drawing Room and Bed Room on
the second floor, and good front-paddock. There is a large
Garden and Orchard stocked with choice Fruit Trees. The
whole land is under cultivation, except about 5 acres which is re-
served for Wood. The Premises are well fenced, a good propor-
tion being planted with Hawthorn. There is a good Barn, Horse
and Cow Stable, and other Out-Buildings; a Well of never-failing
Water at the door; a stream of Water sufficient for propelling
Machinery, runs through the Land. It is desirable as a residence
for a genteel family, the rooms being spacious and in an agreeable
situation.
The Land will be sold altogether, or divided to suit purchasers.
For further particulars apply to T. H. Haviland, Esq., in Charlot-
te-town, or the Subscriber on the premises.
JOHN W. JAMES.
Bridgfoot House, May 12, 1851. (wily if)

To be Let,
FOR a Term of Years as may be agreed on, that pleasant
Cottage situated on the Princeton Road, one Mile from
Charlotte-town, now in the occupation of Dr. White, known by the
name of NEWPORT COTTAGE. The House is 36 x 25 Feet,
has Five Rooms on the first Floor, and a Back and Front Porch;
on the Upper Story there are two Bed Rooms, Hall and Front
Parlor. The Garden is in front of the House, and is well stocked
with Fruit Trees; there are a Coach House, Stable and Out Offices,
and as much Land as may be required. For further information,
please apply to the Proprietor,
WM. H. GARDINER.
Pownall Street, Charlotte-town,
5th March, 1851.

For Sale.

THE LEASEHOLD INTEREST of 100 acres of Land,
4 Miles from Charlotte-town, fronting on the Union Road,
is for Sale. The land is about 45 acres cleared, and in good
cultivation, together with the Crop consisting of 12 or 15 Cows, 8 do.
Wheat, 14 do. Barley, 4 do. Potatoes & Turnips, & the re-
minder Meadow.
For Terms of Sale, &c. Apply to the Subscriber on the pre-
mises, or to
BENJAMIN ROPER.
July 9, 1851. (G. L.)

Eligible Business Sites to be Let,
FOR a TERM OF YEARS, IN LOTS OR OTHERWISE, AS MAY
BE AGREED ON.
THOSE well known superior Business Stands in Charlotte-town,
fronting on Queen's and Sydney Streets, at present, and for
some years past, occupied by M'CRANTON'S ESTABLISH-
MENTS by CHARLES DEMPSEY, Esquire, and Mr. JAMES
M'CRANTON. Apply to
MRS. ELEANOR ROBINSON, or
JAMES PEAKE.
Charlotte-town, July 19, 1851.

DR. EVANS'S PAIN KILLER.
NO Medicine has been discovered that is so happily adapted to use
internally as drops to be taken, and yet perform such wonders
when applied externally as this.
USE IT IN THIS MANNER.
For Common headache, simple bathing will answer. For sudden
colds and hard coughs, (to cure immediately) put one teaspoonful in
four of molasses, and take three spoonfuls of the mixture as often as
you cough. Bathe the neck, breast and sides with it to cure soreness
of a cough.
Asthma, Phthisis and sore breasts—For speedy relief, 30 drops in
molasses, and bathe freely with it clear, and keep on flannel wet in it.
For bowel complaint, cholera, morbus, cholera and diarrhoea,—a
teaspoonful in a gill of milk and molasses, well mixed; if the pain is
severe, bathe the bowels with it, and in cholera repeat the dose every
hour.
For Dyspepsia and sick stomach, 30 to 30 drops in sweetened
water, morning, noon and night, till all symptoms yield, and you are
restored to perfect health.
For all rheumatic complaints, lame neck, swollen face, sore throat
and toothache, 50 drops in sherry, three times a day; bathe the parts
well, rub with a warm cloth, and take a teaspoonful of mustard seed
nightly, in milk or molasses, at bed time.
For Burns, scalds, and all sores, pricks, stings or old sores, bathe
with it, and dress the parts as directed.
For sudden colds or croup, 30 drops in Molasses, every hour,
and bathe freely with it.
For Canker, sore mouth and stomack, chicken pox, or measles, 30
drops, twice a day in sweet milk.
ASK FOR EVANS'S PAIN KILLER, AND
TAKE NO OTHER.
A POICE FROM NOVA SCOTIA.
DOCTOR EVANS'S PAIN KILLER, being fully tested in localities
where it has been in general use, I deem it my duty to the public to
announce a few of the many Certificates now in my possession, that all
may know and be possessed of this VALUABLE MEDICINE.
G. V. POOR, Druggist, 19, Tremont Row Boston, Sole Proprietor.
August 6, 1851. J. RILEY, Shoemaker.

This will certify I was afflicted with severe rheumatic Pain in my
legs, proceeding from a severe cold, so much so, I could not walk
without the aid of crutches, and by the use of one bottle of Evans's
Pain Killer, I, to the surprise of my neighbours, was completely cured,
Lunenburg, N. S.
This is to certify that I have used Evans's Pain Killer in my family
and found it to be an excellent medicine, superior to any of the kind
I ever used.
FRYTON TOLKINSON, Hants County.
Without, 3rd January, 1850.—This is to certify, I have for some
time past sold several of the different kinds of Pain Killer, and have
found none give so good satisfaction as Evans's, as manufactured by
G. V. POOR, 19, Tremont Row, Boston.
JAMES A. GIBBONS, Merchant.
Bridgton, March 21, 1850.—This is to certify I have for some time
past sold several of the different kinds of Pain Killer, and have found
Evans's, as manufactured by G. V. POOR, Boston, to give more general
satisfaction than any in use.
AVERY B. FIVES, Druggist.

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Frosted Feet, Spasms, prevent a blister from Burns, Broken Breasts,
Milk, Dropsy, Hysteria, Scalds, or Sun Burn, Bites or Stings.
Sold at Charlotte-town by T. DESSIBAN, Apothecary's Hall,
and M. W. SKINNER, Medical Warehouse—Agents for E. E.
Island.

TO BE SOLD.

AND immediate possession given. The Leasehold interest of 57
acres of Land, on Lot 52, about five and a half miles from
Charlotte-town, subject to the yearly rent of 10. per acre, and less
for 999 years, there are between 30 and 40 acres under cultivation.
A good Barn, Stable, Cart-House and Dwelling House, a front
paddock and Dairy. Also, a never failing Well of good Water
near the door.

Also, Freehold properties, consisting of three acres of Land being
of Common Lot, No. 27, opposite Spring Park, on the Malpasque
Road, and near Mr. Daniel Hodgson's farm, and 3 of town Lot No.
65, with the Buildings and Breast Work, fronting on Dorchester
Street and Kings Street. And 1 of town Lot, No. 39 in King's
Street.

Also, 1 of Town Lot No. 9, in King Street, with the buildings
thereon, consisting of a Dwelling House 25 x 30 and 20 feet post, a
front-paddock with a good Stone Wall under the whole building, a
Shop, Parlor, Kitchen and Office on the first floor, Five Rooms
on the second story, and Four on the Garret, all well finished and
in complete order, a Stable, Store, Coach-House and Wood-House.
The whole of the above property will be sold or let for a term of
years. Terms liberal. For further particulars apply to L. W.
Gall, Esq., or to the Subscriber on the premises.
EDWARD KICKHAM.

Also the unexpired term of four years of a House in Dorchester
Street, opposite the premises, and a yearly rent of Ten Pounds, now in the possession of Edward Neil.
As the Subscriber intends removing into the country he requests
all persons indebted to him either by Note of Hand or Bank Ac-
count, to settle the same on or before the 25th inst. otherwise
they will be sued indiscriminately.
E. K.
Charlotte-town, Sept. 24, 1851.

TO BE SOLD.

TWO HUNDRED and EIGHTY ACRES on Township No. 65,
adjoining Lot 30, and about four miles below Bonshaw. The
land has been partly cleared and some portion of it might very
easily be brought into cultivation, being of excellent quality; and
extending from the Elliot River towards the South Shore, about a
mile along the Township Line. Also to be Sold or Let, several
improved Farms fronting on the Elliot River, about eight miles
from Charlotte-town.
For further particulars apply to the Subscriber.
CHARLES WRIGHT.
Charlotte-town, August 5, 1851.

HEALTH WHERE 'TIS SOUGHT!

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Charlotte-town, August 5, 1851.

To be Sold,
WHAT pleasantly situated Farm consisting of 60 acres, in Char-
lotte-town, Royalty on the Union Road, 17 chains off from
the St. Peter's Road, and opposite the Race Course. There is a
large House consisting of 2 Parlours, 2 Kitchens and Bed Room,
and Dairy on the first floor, a Drawing Room and Bed Room on
the second floor, and good front-paddock. There is a large
Garden and Orchard stocked with choice Fruit Trees. The
whole land is under cultivation, except about 5 acres which is re-
served for Wood. The Premises are well fenced, a good propor-
tion being planted with Hawthorn. There is a good Barn, Horse
and Cow Stable, and other Out-Buildings; a Well of never-failing
Water at the door; a stream of Water sufficient for propelling
Machinery, runs through the Land. It is desirable as a residence
for a genteel family, the rooms being spacious and in an agreeable
situation.
The Land will be sold altogether, or divided to suit purchasers.
For further particulars apply to T. H. Haviland, Esq., in Charlot-
te-town, or the Subscriber on the premises.
JOHN W. JAMES.
Bridgfoot House, May 12, 1851. (wily if)

To be Let,
FOR a Term of Years as may be agreed on, that pleasant
Cottage situated on the Princeton Road, one Mile from
Charlotte-town, now in the occupation of Dr. White, known by the
name of NEWPORT COTTAGE. The House is 36 x 25 Feet,
has Five Rooms on the first Floor, and a Back and Front Porch;
on the Upper Story there are two Bed Rooms, Hall and Front
Parlor. The Garden is in front of the House, and is well stocked
with Fruit Trees; there are a Coach House, Stable and Out Offices,
and as much Land as may be required. For further information,
please apply to the Proprietor,
WM. H. GARDINER.
Pownall Street, Charlotte-town,
5th March, 1851.

For Sale.

THE LEASEHOLD INTEREST of 100 acres of Land,
4 Miles from Charlotte-town, fronting on the Union Road,
is for Sale. The land is about 45 acres cleared, and in good
cultivation, together with the Crop consisting of 12 or 15 Cows, 8 do.
Wheat, 14 do. Barley, 4 do. Potatoes & Turnips, & the re-
minder Meadow.
For Terms of Sale, &c. Apply to the Subscriber on the pre-
mises, or to
BENJAMIN ROPER.
July 9, 1851. (G. L.)

Eligible Business Sites to be Let,
FOR a TERM OF YEARS, IN LOTS OR OTHERWISE, AS MAY
BE AGREED ON.
THOSE well known superior Business Stands in Charlotte-town,
fronting on Queen's and Sydney Streets, at present, and for
some years past, occupied by M'CRANTON'S ESTABLISH-
MENTS by CHARLES DEMPSEY, Esquire, and Mr. JAMES
M'CRANTON. Apply to
MRS. ELEANOR ROBINSON, or
JAMES PEAKE.
Charlotte-town, July 19, 1851.

DR. EVANS'S PAIN KILLER.
NO Medicine has been discovered that is so happily adapted to use
internally as drops to be taken, and yet perform such wonders
when applied externally as this.
USE IT IN THIS MANNER.
For Common headache, simple bathing will answer. For sudden
colds and hard coughs, (to cure immediately) put one teaspoonful in
four of molasses, and take three spoonfuls of the mixture as often as
you cough. Bathe the neck, breast and sides with it to cure soreness
of a cough.
Asthma, Phthisis and sore breasts—For speedy relief, 30 drops in
molasses, and bathe freely with it clear, and keep on flannel wet in it.
For bowel complaint, cholera, morbus, cholera and diarrhoea,—a
teaspoonful in a gill of milk and molasses, well mixed; if the pain is
severe, bathe the bowels with it, and in cholera repeat the dose every
hour.
For Dyspepsia and sick stomach, 30 to 30 drops in sweetened
water, morning, noon and night, till all symptoms yield, and you are
restored to perfect health.
For all rheumatic complaints, lame neck, swollen face, sore throat
and toothache, 50 drops in sherry, three times a day; bathe the parts
well, rub with a warm cloth, and take a teaspoonful of mustard seed
nightly, in milk or molasses, at bed time.
For Burns, scalds, and all sores, pricks, stings or old sores, bathe
with it, and dress the parts as directed.
For sudden colds or croup, 30 drops in Molasses, every hour,
and bathe freely with it.
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