## An Interecpted hetler

Fro a the Revent fora Hmpan, this True the Fath, the Kevernt ramothy Going, A.s , A M., I'h. S .
My dear Timoth: Vou most sen agnoskize agann "for the libeng yon tabe' in arting the freely and fully of wat gotace doing or trutg
 and hardly leos a pleasste to anows them for yon will not misunder tand my tangasge. it it in ant always prectec and formai fou wilt evester with tue if I exercis: the privitege of age and
addiess you in admonition and tephoof. Since I have no longer a pul int of my own. I must in W and then, like Brother taul in his imp isonasent, unburden my mond by means of ati epintle.
I kept my sere ty first bithday last Shtiday. The weather was stormy and 1 spent the day indoors, in my easy chair, like the selt indulgen "Sabbath simners" whom I have so matry times. and to so little purpose, publicly rebuket. Bus so strong upon me are the havistsof welh nigh hatif a century that I could not be quite contented unth I had preached to myself a sermon. While the church bell was ringing 1 took for a text the eight verse of the One Hundred and Twenty-first Psalu: "The Lord shall keep thy going ots and thy commg $m$, from tais time forth and forever more." The sermon was editying and consoling to its single hearer, as 1 have always prayed that my discourses might prove, whether preache. l to many or few. But when the attentive cos. gregation was dismissed, the suspicion thit there
was still a truth proper to the day which had es. was still a truth proper to the day which had es.
capd the preacher prompted me to take down my Tennyson from the shelt and read "Ulysses". Yuu need not concern yourself about the " 1 s ses" now. Timcthy, but when you have got well into the fiftics, take my word for it that you will find it a tonic and heartening.
I bave come back, as you know, to seek a home
or my old age in the tetifed little comminuity or my old age in the tetired little community
which was the scene of my first pastorate. My daughisrs protested abamst a re reat winch they called an exite. But what better could 1 do, now that my children are married, and my wife dead? I must contrive somehow to hive my own life sull, assert my modest independen e, indulge if pos-
: ible without offense my harmless whimsies. My : ible without offense my harmless whimsies. My
heart turned, I iardly knew why, to Brankton. heart turned, I iardly knew why, to Brankton.
Its aspect is little changed, and after a half century it wears to me still a homely and familiar air. The view of the village from Buoth's Hill is as so rene and winning as when I saw it first from the lumbering stage coach which brought met, pre ach my trial sermon to a congregation tow easily pleased; the pust office has nut been moved, nor the drug store, and I shall know where to look for the pink blossoms of the trailing arbutus if the April sunshine tempts me to walk into the woods to-morrow. The question of bed and board was soon and satisfactorily settled. John1 Winkle and his wife are members of the church which I once served, and recall cheertully the days when they sat on the be:ches of the infant class room and listened, not without disdan, I suspect, to the young pastor's efforts to talk dawn to their shrewd, inguiring intelient In thair
well-ordered home, set back from the villake well-ordered home, set back from the villa,
street a little among the trees, Mrs Winkle has offered me a bedroom and a sitting roon. Ti.e roums could not be cleaner: they he open to the sunlight; the food is good, the doorvara will be shady in June, and 1 may drive the old hore when I will. L... t hetter could I do? Wha more could I ask: $1+$ min my own quiet nook
with books and le sure, and a little balane in e . with books and le sure, and a little balane e in th. bank ut tue end of ach month, and sucu hath
as oue who has passed seventy may well thank God tor. I have no longer a pulpit, but I shall get wonted even to that heavy loss, and please God. I ueed uot be idle. A misistry of some sort I am sure awaits me. "Old age hath get its sort I aun sure await
honor and its tuils.'
But enough of my own affairs, Timothy. Let me turn to youts, I am greatly interested in two or three matters touched upon in your letter,
particularly in what yon say of the reception the new "Sceicts for Religons Education" is meeting with anmeng the hrethren whoe boasting it is $t$ an the $y$ stand fist in the old ways, contending earaerly for the interational leswons, once for att diliveted to the saints. I would bike to say oonething a!one that. But it can wait. I must delieer myself first on another topte Be preputcdnow for plain peech

Tu lue frank. Timothy, yone letter gave me a bud halt-huar. for it strass only too plainly that $y$ "h have given in your allegiance to a doctrine of thnistetial efficiener and stceess which with all ma hart I reptotiate. Pour ide if your own wards do not teceive me, are thot my iteats, and the towards yon appear to seek ! have never cocete!. Not that I dissent in to from what you say. I am not prepared to deny that "facts are Gets." thmgh all facts ate not equally important. Tubesure, "this is the twentieth century, and not the seventeenth" To besure, abo, "methods of chureh work have changed." Dear me, yes! Hon true all this is! Where do not the "new methods" prevails Here, in our litte village church, they flourish and flaum theuselves. If turteen-yeat-old Jemy Martin is put to bed by het too solicitous mother at five o'clock on Sunday afternoon with a strip of red flamel around her throat, the chairman of the look-ont contaites calls on Tuesday eve ing to ask why 'enny was not present at the junior endeavor mecting and makes a note of Jenny's excuse for his report of "cases investigated." Another eommittee is at this moment going up and down the village street with a "pledge book" in which vour asked to put your name to a promise that yout will read tiv , chapters of the Biple each week day and five on Sundays. I wrote down my aame somewhat reluctantly, I confess, for, though 1 an willing enough to read my Bible regularly, I do not like pldges. But ne ther do I wish in my old age and in a community where I would fain be respected to be reckoned among the outcasts mand the seoffers.- H Hat no ehoiee, you see. Necessity was lard upon me. We were disposed to take sone things for granted in thy day. Culpali's - 0 , perhaps. I am not prepared to defend the casy-going, inefficient, slack old times, nor to regret new methods because they are new, It must needs be that new methods will come

> (To be conduded in our next issuc.)

## The Successful Ministe.

## By Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, D D.

The highest aim and ambition of every true min ister of Jests Clirist is to achieve spiritual
success. For this he prays and for this he labors: success. For this he prays and for this he labors: ard for the lack of this neither fame nor popular favor, nor large salary can b: any compensation. He is not blind to the face that in his success two factors must be reckoned with-the human and divine. The planting of the wisest Paul and the watering of t'e most eloquent Apollos w It avail nothing unless God gives the increase. Not
human might or power, but by the ageney of Holy Spirit, can suceess be secured. The minister may pray ever so ferven'ly for the blessing of the Divine Spirit, but he cannot dictate and Jemand that blessing. Yet there are certain Chings thac the ambassador of Jesus Christ must e and must do if his ministry is to bear spiritual iruts. For doing his duty he is responsible; for piritual results he rolls the responsibility over upon the Master hefserves. He works, but he des not worry.

The first ersential to success is that a minister should not only love his work, but love that Divine Master and Owner whose bloodredeemed servant he is. Paul clove to the root an I the core of the matter when he said. "The love of Christ constraineth us." Not only his love for us, but ours for him. The curse of a vast deal of preaching and teaching is that self is -in some shape-at the botom of it, and Christ is not there at all. "Whose I am and whom I serve... The more entirely a minister can fulfil
this vital and indispensable condition the stronger he will be, the happier he will be, yes, and the holier he will be also. Just as sure as the heartthermometer shows a lowering of the Christ-love, just so surely wilt the sermons and the pravers feet the chilling effect: and a cold pulpit sends its frost through the waole congregation. On the nthar hand, when a minister brings Jesus Christ with him into the pulpit, then there is a "tonvere of fire" there which will burn its way into the hearts and consciences of the auditors. Genius, scholarship, rhetoric, are but "tinkling cymbals," in comparison with this indwelling. oler mastering grace of personal love for a personal Savior. If sach men as Brainerd. McCl eyne Snmmerfield, Spurgeon or Moody were sitting by my side. they would say "Amen" toevery word I have just written. "More love to Thee, oh, Christ." is the prayer that shonld be oftenest on every minister's lips.

As the spirtually successful minister is a man whose highest inspiration is a supreme love for Christ, so it is his foremort aim to induce his hearers to give their hearts to Jesus. He knows no other way to save a life but to save the heart that animates and controls that life; and the only way to save that heart is to enthrone Jesus Christ there. Winning people to trust, to obey, to follow Christ-that is his "high calling." There is a cosotant temptation with ministers to ignore this, or to substitute something else for it One minister who lives much in the atmosphere of books is who lives much in the atmosphere of books is
tempted to preach chiefly to the intellect, and gives much valuable insruction. Another is deeply interested in sociology, and aims to reform social wrongs. to ptomote humanitarian enterprises and Christian cetizenship. The gospl of Jesus Christ gues infinitely deeper than mental instruction or social reforms, excellent philasthropies of varions kinds. It aims to change human hearts and put Jestis Christ there. His message was "Come unto me," "Follow me,,; and no sinister ought to ferl that his work is successful unless (by the Holy Spirit's aid) be can win people to the service of Christ. His vital purpose is to form character-to make bad people good and good people better; this means heart work; this means regeneration; this means salvation for this world and another. My brother, do you fail right there? Then there must be something wrong in your aims or your methods, or your spırit; for the Christian ministry that yields no fruit of Christian lives is ahout equivalent to a wedical practice that heals no sick folk, or a legal practice that gives no verdicts. To search honestly for the cause of failure is often the first step to success.

The minister who intensely loves his Master, aud with singleness of heart labors for the salvation of his fellow men works at an immense advantage. He is not obliged to manufacture his weapons, or invent his arguments, or constrect his own motive power. "Preach my Word" is His divine commision; "Lo! I am with you alway" is His promise of divine support. My observation has been that those ministers who have had the most spiritual success (for this is the point I am discussing) have been men who had an implicit faith in the superuatural inspiration and the divine authority of their Bible, and who have kept at the front the great central themes of rerelation. They have wasted no time or breath in defending God's Book, which they hold to be self-evidenceing; they have planted themselves on the adamant of God's unshakable truth aud preached with the light of eternity flashing in the faces of their auditors. They have never frittered away their sermons on secondary topics, or blinked human depravity, or concealed hell, or beclouded the Atonement, or dwarfed God's infinite love, or Christ's infinite claims, or the indispensable need of the Holy Spirit at every step. They have aimed to nake sin horrible, and Christ lovable, and a life of fruitful service the only life worth living. Such preaching the promise-keeping God has stamped with success and will do it while the world stands. Try it and see.

## Che Bom: mission Journal.

# A record of Mivionary, Suntay-ichool and Temperance 

 wh, an! a reposter of clurch and ministerial activities. Alf commatications, whertior to be athessal to

KEN. J. H. HIGAIIS
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## Rosectoft.

By Cuara Brotiamon Conant.

## CHAPTIR $\mathcal{F}$

MIss Diantha had other quatities beside het sterling Christian chatacter :and dants house w fely qualitios that won for her the admisation and respect of the literary people of Berwick. She was a tatuta! student, with a rich and well furnished mind and an intense desire fot knowlege. forer Aunt Grace, heredf an accomplishet woman,
with an exquisite gift for painting, had caref filly with an exquisite gift for painting, had carefnilly
tramed her niece, and in her own quiet, unelish way, had made teal sacrifices to send Diantha to an excellent private Academy in Berwick. The young git! graduated there at eight oth, and for enjoving the work, and delighted that she conld now assist the dear anm that had done so much for her. But a great sotrow was approaching Them, and when Diantha was twenty five Aunt Grace had a stroke of paralysis that deprived her of the use of her hamis. It was a great ameti-n life catiag for others, but she trained herself to lok nat t. tice bright sode even of this infirmity.
she anes: $d$ it as she had all het and , Sastres, with an tufailing trust in Good. Sle wa. :1, most uncomplaining of invalids, whle on the other hand, Diantha and Janet were all devotion to her. Diamba had resigned her position in the acadenty that she might give more time to her annt, but in order to tke ott their income, and procure comforts for the invalid she gave lectures on English literature and ant four time a week to clases of ladies who found hi the most delightul of teachers. Einghish literature she had tanght successtully for years, and her
knowledge of a was remarkable. Her pupils often declared that they believed she knew more about pictures and sculpture than half the people who visited the galleries in Europe, and then. besides, she illustrated her art lectures so admirably with engravings and casts that whe and her annt had been collecting for years. Her Lift of language also was so rich and lemifal and her enthustasm sincere and infectious. Vet. with all her are intelligence, Diantha Hathaway was always modest and happy in imparting knowl. edge, never making a pedantic parade of her attainments.
With a mind that slarank from the faintest suggestion of coarseness, with a nature on charitable that she seemed the very embodiment of the love that thinketh no evil, no wonder Dismh, won the hearts of all with whom she came in contact. Vet it was in her own home and with her few intimate friends that her chatacter exhaled its richest rigrance, and those who knew her best loved her most. For, sincere and tender-hearted as she was, she was naturally reticent and undemonstrative. She would never te one to "wear her leart upon her sleeve, for daws to peek at."
When she was thirty years old, her atnt gently "fell aske ," one winter afterno on. Diantha felt as if she had lost her own nother. She had been so brave and cheerful during the last five years that not even Aunt Grace, so unselfish and considerate had dreamed what a strain these years had been upon her niece, in body and mi-d. Aud now came this crowning sorrow, for if Diantha's body had been weary sometimes her love and courage had never failed, and she had always found it a delight to minister to the beloved aunt who had done so mtich for her. And how she missed her gracious piesence and her notherly sympathy and counsels. There was not a rebellions thought in her heart, and
she exuld rejoice in her aunt's happiness, but the reaction came after the straith, and Diantha fell an easy prey to an epidemic of puenmonia that was just then raging in the town. By means of kind nursing and the aid of a skifful doctor, she escaped with het life, but she was not able to go out till mild spring days set in, and she never became as strong as before, The following winter she was ordered South by her physician, and when she returned she found things considerably changed. Other lecturers on literature and art, ladies who had won quile a name for themselves in the great city an hour's journey away, had appeared in Berwick and become very popular there. Diantha was crowded out. but she accepted the situation gracefully. She was not strong enough now, and was too much attached to her home to apply for a situation in a school, but she was a grazeful, charming writer, and her articles from time to time found a place in varions jonruals, and in this way she managed to add something to her slender income.
Such was the little lady who. on this eventiul September afternoon, sat apart in a corner, waiting for her sisters to speak out their wishes. Mrs. Shelldrake, she was sure, hadalready made up her mind to adopt Mand, while Mrs. Honey. ell, a rich. childless widow, was certain to carry off the twins. How Miss Diantha's heart gearned over those three children. pretty as rosebuds! But Minerva and Gertrude never dreamed of consulting her wistes, and besides, why did her own heart. that gentle, unselfish heart, set up a plea for Eliza in spite of secret fears and tremblun? Eliza, unruly, scowling, unattractive - what a discordant element to introduce into his peaceful, well-ordered, pretty little home! Wonld it not really be wiser to agree to her si-ters' suggestion, send her to some good hoard. in: school, to remains there till she graduated? Why did the gentle little Christian lady's heart and conscience tise up in reproach against her at the thonght, and again put in their plea for the unfortunate child?

Mrs. Shelldrak: glanced again at Eliza, then at the three girls, who though flushed and excited during these moments of suspense, felt confortably assured on the whole that they would le well taken care of. If they had heet ngly and badtempered, like Eliza, the pretty little Pharisees argued to themselves, it would have ben a different matter; no wonder nobedy wanted her, the disagreeable girl, who had never been allowed to study er play with them.

Mrs. Shelldrake took off her glasses, aed turn. ing to ber sisters, said in her ahrupt, decided

wav:
I'll take Mand and bring her up as if she were my own child. With five sons at home, that's all I can undertake, but it will I e sice to have a daughter in the house, and if Maud is a we duntul child to me and her mincle She do you want to go with me?
"Oh, yes, Aunt Minerva, and thank you very much,: Mand answered promptly. Though a little afraid of her aumt Sheldrake, the shrewd child, too shrewd for her years, felt pretty sure she conld get on with her. And then Mr Shelldrake was go.d-natured and indulgem, and it would be nice to have five big brothers. What a pet they made of her when slie made them that three-months' visit soon after bet mothers death! They all wanted to adopt her then, and her tancle and aunt were very angry because Mr. Full rton would not consent to the arrangement.
"Very well that's setted then," said Aunt Minerva. pleased with Mand's prompt response. "And now, Gertrude, it's your turn to choose. I suppose you want your namesake in any event. but it would be a pity to separate the twins, and as you have no children-

Dear me, Minerva, suppose you let me speak for myself," said Mrs. Honeywell, in a tone of drawling protest. "You always want to settle things for everybody

It will be a good deal of care for me, she went on, " adopting two small children, and 1 not in the best of health either. But if I find the burden too great, perhaps Diantha will take G'adys off my hands-'

Oh, plase Aunt Gerty, take us both!' whimpered the twins in one breath. For though they often squabbled, they were fond of each other in their phlegmatic way, and did not like the idea of a separation.
"We'll be so good, Aunt Gerty, never make
you a bit of trouble," said Gladys. Then stenting up to their annt, and gently putting th. $r$ arms around her neck, the little girls stood there, making a pretty and tonching picture. Mrs. Honeywell's heart swelled agreeably at this demonstration uyon their part, and she said it voice of good-natured chiding:

Then, there, what a to-do, when I said I would keep you both if yon were not too much care! If you are gool, obedient little gitls and never make any trouble for me, your teachers or the servans, we shall get on nicely together." She looked complacently at the lovely pair, thinking how many pretty costumes could be devised for them. and what a sensation they wonld create, when dressed exactly alike they would make their debut in society.

I suppose, Diantha, you are relieved not to bave the care of a child," she said turning to her si-ter with a patronizing air. "You have lived in that old mandish way so lotng that it wothd quite "pet vour prim little establishment."
Biantha did not seem to notice the slight surer in Mrs Honeywell's velvet tones. She was looking intently at Eliza's tragic face, in which soan hurt feeling at being completely ignoted secmed mingled with hatred and defince.

I was just thinking." said Miss Hatbaway, in a gentle, somewhat faltering voice, that I would adopt Eliza, if she is willing to come whith me."
(To be Continued.)

## God is Not Poor.

$\theta H$this ignorance of Got, of the Christian life, of the blessedness of consecration to His joyets service! Alas, most Cbristians are enduving their religion, instead of enjoying it.

Geal is not poor. Vit the majority of His people act as thongh He were, as though He could not "op en the winde $s$ of heaven and pour out a blessing as there shall not be room enough to receive it." They seek pleasure elsowhere than from Him whose "blessing maketh rich and addeth no sorrow." whose "commandments are not grevious.'
True Christians find their fife their proper eleme it-the world has mithing to give them Just as a bird finds the air suits its wings and a fish finds the water suit its fins, so we Christians find that God, who made our hearts, from which come the issues of lives, has given them perfect joys to suit them. Yes, this He does if ne only yield ourselves to Him we will find His ways inexpressibly blessed. This is hife. Any other way is existence.

I plead for God to be given a chance to bless our lives and our churches. And this can only be done by laving Him tune the strings of our hearts so that He can strike upon them and make melody and harmony akin to that of heaven. And if our hearts are thus attuned by Him, the lives we live together in our churches will be as harmonious, perfect and effective as possible, and our singing. praying and speaking will be the expression of this. Then there'd be no more dul prayer-meetings, no more useless church services, but the peonle's hearts would burn within them as they spoke one to another and sinners would be converted.
For me, I'd done with the world at conversion. I tound that the friemship of the world was enmity against God. And / never forgot it. I want nething from the worl'; i deed it has nothing to give; but as a Christian I want, O, how I want to give it my life, as the Master gave His God help me. And I know all loyal souls say the same.
Now aboat our work as churches. Are we not making a mistake in asking the world, as we do so much, to pay for the sustenance of the Lord's work? It appears that we are endeavoring to make the "goats pay for the pasturage of the sheep." Dr. Josiah Strong said some years ago that the church members of the United States possessed not less than fifteen billions of dollars, and that this was increasing at the rate of $\$ 500,000,000$ annually. Yet with the enorm ons amonnt at the disposal of Christians today the churches are begging and enticing money from the people of the world through oyster snppers, Washington teas, Old Maids' entertain ments, etc., etc. Our dear Brother C. A. Cook who is God's mouthpiece to bring the churches
up to the proper standing ef gising, savs thir: "Supposing there are only oue miltion mon ont of the entire church membetship of the United Statev who use tobacco, and that these only spend twehedollarse eacha war-as d llar a month-ne have an anonut , qual to the entite sum contriberted to tota Home and Foreign Missions of $t e$ churches In this countr . On what gromats can such an expethdture lacexstsed, let alone defended?
Our w ws of using Ged's mone and of getting monev for church purposes then, are no : is they should In: I am there ore innting there frow lines with the single in tive in mus heart of showing the churches a mote excellint way of working for the Master.

What shall we do? Get right back to first principles, teach real life, life mor abmdantly-which is deadness to the world and life to ciont. I.ife that pleases mot itself, that does not ask. "How much shall I give?" but "How much dare I take for myself?" "The churches have too fong donce God's work in the world's way. Goi's people have ass ciated uith the prople of the world so much that they have adonted the world's way of doing the business of God-if it : a be called God's business. Vet the business of Giod is in direct "pposition $t$, the world. Dese it not therefore show the fact that if the churches are doing their work in a way pleasing to the world. they are not doing God's work at all? We'll surely have to put ' Q. E. D." hete-as we used to do when we'd proved our geometrical propositions at school.
Put this down as a spiritnal axion: Giving shows living. Put this alongside of it: Churches are not giving one-twentieth of what they should; now what is revealed? They need a revival of true life that wil manifest itself in the most certifying way, that of giving.

Here is the business of a church

1. To save souls.
2. To build these up in their faith:

3 To give as much money as it cans
Churches have no right to do anything else: They are not organiz d to go into the retautrant business or to entertain the world. Houses of God are not built for sopranos with piping voices to sing love songs or tenors to eulogize some inagined character, as "Queen of My Heart." Life is too short for trifling. Paut stepped heavenwards with a vigorons stride, saying sedeeming the time because the days are evil.

## CARLETON AND VICTORIA COUNTILS

 QUARTERLY.The Carleton and Victoria Co's Quarterly convened with the Baptist church at Ceuterville, at $2.45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. June 9,1903 . After a devotional service of one hour led by the Secretary, President Freemau took the chair and reports from the churches were listened to with interest and encouragement. Reports of special committees were then received and adopted The evening session was in the interests of Sunday Schools Thr e addresses were given. (1) "Christian Growth as realized through the study of God's Word," by Rev. B. S. Freeman, B. A. (2) "The teachers and the Sunday Schools" by Rev. Jos. Cahill. (3) "The Sunday School as an evange listic force," by W. H. Smith, B. A. The third session (Wednesday morning) was begun with devotional service, being led by Z. L. Fash "The duty of the Church of Christ to the tempted."-This paper which was practical and profitable was followed by a helpful d'scussion. The fourth session under the auspices of the W. M. A.S was conduct, d by Mrs. A. D. Hartley of East Florenceville. The Woman's p.rt in missionary work w"s made so apparent that in a business session of th S" irterly which followed it was arranged that a committee from the $W$. M. A. S. might confer with the Executive of Quarterly to provide for a joint missiunary meeting at future Quarterly sessions. The Executive were then appointed a committee to craw up a system of pulpit exchange each pastor to speak on some denominational theme when exchanging.
In this way we hope to deepen the interest of our people in our denominational work. At 7.30 p. $\mathbf{m}$. a large congregation gathered to listen to a sermon preached by Rev. Z. L. Fash, M. A., from Matt. 8, 17. This was a grand presentation of the old gospel. A spirit prevaded social ser-
vice brought to its close a most profitable quarterlv The collections taken for Home and Forrigu Missiors amounted to \$13.70.
. H. Smith, Secy.

## Church News from Abroad, <br> The First Ghurin. Boston

Last Sunday was the two hundred and thirty eightha niversary of the First Baptist Church in Boton. June 7, 1665, the seven men and two women, who formed the constituent members af this old hisoric th de, met for organization. Only hose who know the attitude of the early colonists of Massachusets Bay toward the question of religions freedotn can appreciate the struggles and sufferings of this little hand of Baptists during The first years of their existence as church. Fi ex imp-isonments, social ostracism-these were the penalties heaped upon them in their witness to the souls freedom in matters of faith. The battle they fought out was fought out for all. To no chutch in all the Commonwealth does the State owe so much in the long struggles for religious litherty as to this Free Baptist Church, the third of the churches of this city in the date of its founding.
At the morning service Dr. Row'ey told in patt the story of those memorable experiences througt which the church had passed during the latter half of the seventeenth century, and dwelt particularly upon the contrast ditween the attitude of Massachusetts toward the question of civil liberty and her attitude toward that larger question of the soul's freedom. The leader always in the contention for man's political rights, she was among the last to turn her face to the light that led to that noblest achievement of the Christain centuries--the rights of the human conscience in the realm of faith.

At the close of the sermon the plea was made for aft endowment of a quarter of a million dollars to place the chnreh upon a ioundation that should ensure its future beyond all question.

New Yotk City is two hundred and fifty years odd, and we have been celebrating the historic event in varions ways. The beginnings of the city go back some years beyond the date indicated. The island of Manhattan had been bought for twenty three dollars. In 1653 the population was about one thousand, including a few negro slaves. There was one church. It is here yet, the Collegiate (Dutch) Reformed Church, now located on Fifth avenue at Twentyninth street with the estimable Dr. D. J. Burrell as pastor. Its history is continuous. A Baptist minister, Rev William Wickenden, came here minister, Rev Wilham Wickenden, came here
from Rhode Island thirty or forty years later, but the English, not the Dutch, were then in control of affairs, and the Baptist was hindered in various ways and finally put in prison. Things have changed since that time. The first Baptist Church here was organized in 1724, but in a few years it disbanded. The First Church, as we now know it, was established in 1762, with the famous John Gano as paster. It was disturbed and dispersed. but not destroyed, by the Revolutionary War. Gano, the patriotic and eloquent chaplain, returned after his long term of service for his country and gathered his people to start them on a new career of prosperity. Dr. I. M. Haldeman is pastor of the chureh today.

At East Boston the pastor, Rev. A. J. Hughes, gave the hand of fellowship to seven persons at t e Communion service last Sunday morning. and at the ciose of the evening service baptized two members of the Bible School. Eighteen ha:e been taptiz'd during the last two months. The sermon on sunday evening was to the members of the Junior Soriety, who attended in a body, occupying front seats. The pastor prached on the motto given them for the year, preached on the motto given them for the year,
I have set the Lord always before me." The Junior Society is one of the mist prosperous and progressive in the state. Next Sunday evening the pastor will preach a special sermon to all those who have united with the church by baptism during his pastorate. The work in the church goes forward harmoniously and prosperously in all departments. The Sunday congregations continue gratifyingly large, and the prayer meetings have an unusual attendance, and are
seasons of much spiritual refreshment and strength.

## Religious News.

Jemseg,
We have much to praise Cod for here. Have been Queens Co., N. B. holding special services in this field of late. God has blessed us. Thirty have been baptized. Old members have been greatly helped. Unto God be all the glory.

## W. J. Gokdon, Pastor.

St. Stephen, Char. Co.

Rev. W. E. MeIntyre who will be attending the Baptist Association held at St. Stephen, Char. Co., July 3rd, will on the Sabbath July 5 th preach at the Dam in the morning at to. 30; at Bartlets Mills, 3 o'clock; at Oak Bay, 7.30. Collections to be taken at these three services for Home Missions. All come and give liberally.

God has seen fit to graciously revive and strengthen his cause in the Stcond Baptist
Dorchester, N. church at Upper Dorchester. As a partial result of a three weeks campaigu it was my privilege to baptize nine happy believers in Jesus Christ on May 31. Six brothers and three sisters, a father and two sons were among the number. Our third year of service here has witnessed great victories for Zion and the cause of the New Testament Truth.
B. H. Thomas,

The Second Falls church
St. Geokie, N. B. was destroyed by forest fires. We rejoice to report this week that the people of that section, though few in numbers, not more than twenty families, voted unanimously at their last Friday evening meeting to build a new house of worship at once. A committee has been appointed to prepare plans and nake estimates It is thought that a suitable house may be built for about $\$ 700$. Now the people at Second Falls are unanimous and enthusiastic but I fear are unable t) laise enough among themselves for this purpose, so that if any readers of this note feels moved to help financially I can assure them they will be helping those who are doing all they can to help themiselves. Remittances may be sent to Mr. Williamson, treasuier, Second Falls, N. B.
M. E. Fietcher.

East Florence. Since coming to this field I vili.e. have written notes from
Florenceville, Bristol and Simoncevile, Bristol, and East Florenceville. Here we have our largest church building on the field capable of sitting nearly 200 persons It was built when the church was organized about twenty years ago. There are 25 homes at East Florenceville and River Bank connected with the membership of this church. We have fortnightly morning services in a hall at River Bank. Besides these 25 homes others are usually represented giving us a congregation of about sixty. Each Weduesday we have a prayer meeting. In speaking of this church I would make special mention of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Hartley who form its "Backbone." Mr. Harsley has been superintendent of the Sunday School of this church (which has lost but 12 sessions in twenty years) since it was first orgadized. Our readers have before heard of Mrs. Hartley's museum. In her untiring efforts Mrs. Hartley is constantly adding to her unseum which is now no meas exhibition of mission band curio. By this means and other special efforts Mrs. Hartley is able to support a native teacher in a school on the field of H. Y. Corey, India. Another means of raising th's money is by lectures which Mrs. Hartley gives in churches asking her valuable assistance. Last Lord's Day she spoke in two houses of the Richmond field. The collection, amounting to $\$ 2 \mathrm{I}$, is evidence that an inspiration in missions was imparted. Being able to illustrate so much of her lectures by specimens from the museum added strength is given to them. Any church in the province will do well for its mission cause if it will make the necessary sacrifice to have Mrs Hartley visit them. Should any pastor or friend wish to donate to this museum at any time they will find Mrs. Hartley most appreciative.

Mylie H. Smith.

Since last reporting five have
Hoplwfla. ben received by lether, atal all the servien of the chatr: have beat mainamal it Hopewell Cape sevet families have had their hathe destroved be fire, stme losing ceverything, whth not a cept of in-irathes. F. I). Wiviman. Dur pator Rev. II. V. Sabintory, N. B. Wavies resmed some time ago, and will preath his faremell momon tombtrow. Wi. Winh to ex
 chate wheh mate fortanate conoth to secure las owvias, we winh to an that he takee great bitctat in all that is for the welfare of the

 the jear junt past.
L. M. Twhark, clatk.

We hate just coned a series Butseman and of metings in which quite a Toskiown. S. It lage nombry have beth inceted for hoptiom and expected to follow the mater on bext loptl's diy. Bro. C. P. Wibon
 hight appreciated hy ath. At Hoaktonn the Inoutiful parmaze in ahont complete ant mush etalit is dine to Bro. Swia for his miting efforts and t!eral contribution.

## On June 14. after the st rive

OAK Bas. dewed at the chath, we cuakmotat Co. gatsered at the water and baptired a youns man. homter Chates Sehant who cance out on the Iourd s wide so tobly as a whonteer fuily deedted anfo vetermaned to tive for Jcus. smane thit Come to Jenns this way are sure to stand: he nes his wed and eame ont frevly phave fork.
Whe are expeting othere to follow in baptism s.an. May the deat sationt atouse many others and cang theme to sce their get in $d$ and to conce ako to the cross our pravet meeting are
 and sabdath wehal doing well. Rex. W. 1E M Inture exprets ta preach for me at Rolling Dum ma Batiets uthe og the Shbth that the
 and will visit the differeat se tions of m: field.
H. 1). Winstex.

Refuning to candidate, yet Commanias Goot answering the all to thes: over six month ago secking dryer atmophre for my wife and to do the wil of my Master Sther then whe then writing and bear spoken. Well. withont horn-howing, here are a $f$ w facts Serea heads of famites, highly esteemed mem. hers of these chantches, have recently exthanged wobl s: threc inside of a single week and two out
 Atwe Kolvea by hapism and disminsed Anthe
Brazos to join at Johnnesharg Other members of the gronp jonted scond Cambridge in aselling the pasis's woot ple a year in advance. Then came surprise party, stocking and pantry shedes and canving to grow in one day a well finched flow rug and a gititt. Inside of parsonage has received two coats of paint, asd a shine awaits the out-ide. Improvement if the gtonnida Is alas, in progres. After sevectal sear's su-pense, prayer meeting and sabath sehon at mill cove meetings have been hed on the field

## Cambridge Jutre 15

## Notic 3 .

Delegates to the N. B. Scuthern Asociation, to convene at St. Stephen, July 4 to 6 , will be kind enough to forward their names at once to the undersigned.
it Stephen, June 6.1903.
The cletks of our churches of the $\mathbf{N}, \mathbf{B}$ Southern Association are requested to send, after this notice, their church letters to Rev. W. C. Goucher, St. Stephen, N. B.

## Personals.

We notice in the Shat dend of Chicagn a letter From Dr. C. A. Buckbee, stating that Kev. W. I) Ininsan of San Diego recontly preached to the Fitst charch. San Francisoo, and a recent memher informs ths that this church has since giten hum a call.

Rev. F. C. Wright, now a pastor in New Hampsiture, pused throngh the city of 12 th inst. on his way to Chipuan. His wife had preceded hima few weeks since, visiting her sinter Mrs L.evi Brigev of Chipman. Mrs. Briggs is in very -nfeebled heath and doctors hold ont but little cheouragentht. May the great comborter give shatainitg grace to our sister and to the relatives and frictals who are anxiously waiting by her sulc.
Mr. W. II. Dyas, who shpplied formetly in Wombeock, Brasids $s$. and olsewhere in this pronitice, has finished his theological contse at Nenton, Mass, and now enters upan his dutien as fastor of Beth Eden church, Walthan, Mass.

Rev. Lomis M. Ducal, some tinte since a resident of St. ohn, is now a missionary at Saki. on the west erast of Africa. The climate is said to the very mheatthy and the strviving party contemplates returning home. Mr. Duval has betn there eighteen months and expects to retnen at the end of his three years of service Gre of his companions died in thong since.

Rev. H D) Worden of Oak Bay, made on visit to fohmson on th inst., and met many old friembs. Brother Wrorken has recently lost a H wher, taken away by eancer. We tender our Chri-tian sympathies to the allicted fasaly.

Tremont Temple church. Biston. has again called br. G. C. Lormer. but the Dr. thinks it best to decline. He is about taking a tour to Englath, atter which he expects to return to his wotk in New Vork.

The Northwest Baptist regrets in learn that Prof Whiden has been compelled to relinquish his work at Branton colleg: on account of his inalla child for whom be desires to ohtain expert medical and surgied atendance. We anderatanl that Prof Whillen is to supply the Brawis Strect pulpit, St. John, duriag the months of fuly and August.

## marriei.

 At It. Nother, Prriey McKnight ath Magisie Adaif,



 K.v. Atram P'ry. Emean e evos to L.1y M Whatum, ath ef stinbury. W. st. Cos.

 I Thurston. of Hembens st

 Vequi, of l'ont lontiold, Maine.




Heghoos smoliet - - On June 3at, at at simosdtreet. st. John, by Reve David hang, Charles $F$. Hughan to Sarah smoflett, both of St. John.
Jonvsorcosmax -AL Midand, June 3nd, Ambie Costaat to Ilugh delinem, beth of opringficid.

Wheaton-teakles -at sorton, Mune 4th, Mrs. Emas Teakle to Wu. Wheatur, of Midland.
Gilant Hhel-At the Free Baptist Parsmage,
 $t$ tieo. W. Foster, Mr. Aly

Dunfelid stepiens. At the residence of the
 T. Philfips Bliss Dunti - to to Miss Bessie Stephen
Mc.E.ens Jarvis - It the Prasonage, Finn. Jome Mas Ethel Ja'vis, buth of credericton.


Mowns I'misma_At Darsonage Fimderitom,
 Cilaintone


Cintarisx-Mrsto. At the home of the briders parent, imma N It, by Bat or W. II. Smith. Wm.

Ginave iovinos -At Wountank. N. R. Jume 17th, ly they \% I. tast, N. A, N. sum siant, Trmple

Abme Abma-At Biasfirht, Mr. IP, M. Ato to Miss
 магрие.
smith simawoob-At Woodatock. N. B, June 17th. Bin Ruc. Z. L. Fall M A., Fred A. Smith, of Woodtowk, and Dina shernount, A vountate, Carleton Co., v. 16 .

MacFabian-Mc Pithions-at the tesider ce of the
 Juhn, to Eha Wam sichermon of Fanvile, St. Johin

Bencea thexpey - At the home of Osear Davis,
 A. If Mactonald and W. M. Fi. We, Dr. Harry Ement



## Died.

Wubbes:-At the huthe of Mr. and Mrs, Cien, $\mathbf{A}$.
 Hig a groat sufferer from cancer for $n$ ary four years L. aving father and mother, three bothers and two
s.e.r-, which are Gapt. E. (., on the ocean. R.v. II. In. at thak Bay, pastor of the Bapast chur, h, John W. in Souh Atrica in Bhitish service, Mrs. Johin F, Juhn, stom of Noith Camtrider, Mass. and wos Jolit
 Gilerifiod in sonl, profected in spirit, and sinhose in the ctortal iff of everlastimg bliss, rotied in 'hrist'sosin "taratiful nghteousuess-" where hh - ath never s-ts and the haves onver fatie, in the beausiful ciny of Gobla." H. was never heard to repane of steve seer his awtul sufferings but conmitted himself with all his pani into the hands of a loving Hoavenly Father, knowing that Jisus weuld do only what is risht and is lesst. Ih. wav a consistent member of the Bap,tist chu elt at Leominter, Mass. On the 30th of May a
 II is e-tinated that some six or eight hubired people
 moch loved and rempected and wry widely known. The sevien was conducted by K.v. Mr. Ling of Notil
 Kimgatom, Methodist. There was a large number of the Uddeli ws tron the city present of which order he was a hember and at thecise of the service at the zrave the Gddf-iloss formed a chele and buried him under their beautitul rinual ceremony, and leaving rettion when he siall ais. with a glorgous body like his blissedi larst's.

Steeves-Mr. and Mrs Judeon Steeves lost their

 the he paread away the child Wa- mearly a year ohd
 low. The un, is Nwie was beld in the church and war conductert by the pencor.
Tingeley - At Ajert ${ }^{1}$ as 31, of tomach trouble.

 nephts abrut his funetal, which was couducted by the pastor and larzely atems.- Our chureh has lonst a raihful whace ath the viliage anenterpriving citizen. He Laves one hirutier Frank lingley at toneton: and one si-ter, Mr-M. M. Tingley ot Amherst, and a widow with tour chitdren.
SHAMPIER - On the morning of May 20th, Mrs, Abigail shampier entered into rest from her home tilturd striet Cateronaged 6o years. Baptist church, ever ready to every good word and work the will be expectally missed in the suntay school where she had charge of the Ifome Iboput ment and in the Aid society of which shen was vice proident. A husband, daghter and br ther survive who with many friends mour" their loss.

PimnNEY-At Centervillage on June 16th, Hattie M. I'linney, it the $25 t h$ yrar of her age, she died trusting in Jusus,

