

ST. JOHN STAR.

Read Classified Ads on Page 3.

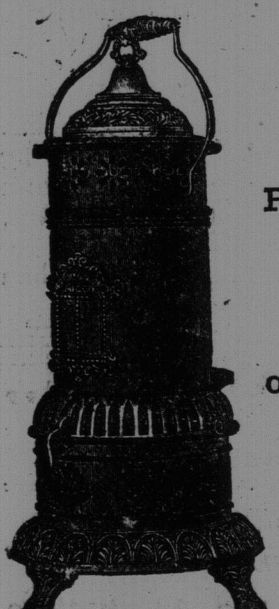
WEATHER
FINE AND COOL.

VOL. 7, NO. 80.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1906.

TWELVE PAGES.

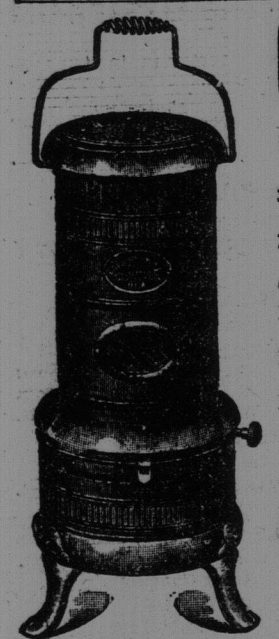
ONE CENT



Oil Heaters

Easily Carried from Place to Place
Will Heat a Room Quickly
No Smell. No Smoke
Just the thing for this Season of the Year
With Japanned Trimmings. Price \$4.15
With Nickel Trimmings. Price \$4.65

W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd.,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.



Cool Fall Weather

Not cold enough to start the hall stove or furnace, yet some heat required.
THE ALUMINUM OIL HEATER is what you need.
Perfectly safe, absolutely without smoke or odor and heat at a moment's notice.
No. 1—Which will heat a room 10x12 feet at a cost of 10 per hour. Price, \$4.00.
No. 2—Which will heat a room 12x14 feet at a cost of 11.20 per hour. Price, \$5.50.
No. 3—Which will heat a room 14x16 feet at a cost of 20 per hour. Price, \$7.50.

Emerson & Fisher,
LIMITED,
25 Germain Street.

Thinking Over Overcoats.

Come in here and do your thinking. We can meet your figure and cover your figure so as to give you style, comfort and satisfaction. Prices, \$6, \$7.50, \$8, \$10 to \$15.

American Clothing House,
11-15 Charlotte St.

Picture Framing.

THOMAS J. FLOOD,

60 KING ST., Opposite Macaulay Bros

Is making specially fine art Picture Framing, employing only the very best workmen to be found east of Toronto.

Just Received New Stock.

Copia, Bromide and Water Color reproductions of Royal Academy Pictures.

Steel Engravings, Etchings. This season's Christie and Gibson Pictures.

A very fine line of Hand-painted Engravings. Send in your Pictures to be Framed.

INDIVIDUALITY IN HATS.

Every type of face has its particular shape of hat—are you sure you have yours? The combination of the right face and the right hat will make a world of difference in your looks.

THE BUCKLEY DERBY

Is made from the finest English fur felt. It is made with an eye to securing that individuality which makes a hat becoming.

Price, \$2.50.

F. S. THOMAS, Dufferin Block,
541 Main St., N. E.

Stores open till 11 Tonight.

St. John, N. B., Oct. 13th, 1906.

Call at HARVEY'S Tonight FOR WARMER CLOTHING.

New lines arrived this week fresh from the best factories in the land. They came just in the nick of time as you need them now as much as in mid-winter. Buy now, don't wait until you get a cold that'll stick to you all winter. Buy here and you'll get perfect satisfaction.

Men's Overcoats at \$5, \$6, \$7.50, \$8.75, \$10, \$12, \$13.50, \$15, \$18, \$20 to \$24.
Men's Fall and Winter Suits, \$3.95 to \$20.

J. N. HARVEY, Clothing and Furnishings,
199 to 207 Union St.

TWO PASSENGER STEAMERS COLLIDED IN DENSE FOG

One Man Was Killed and One Is Missing—Crowds of Passengers Were Thrown Into a Panic.

KINGSTON, Oct. 13.—The passenger steamer Adirondack, of the People's Line of Albany, and Saratoga, of the Citizens' line, of Troy, collided near Glisco, twelve miles north of the city at 11:15 o'clock this morning. Clarence Sherman, of Melrose, N. Y., an officer on the Saratoga, was killed and George Horton of New York city, is missing. The collision occurred in a dense fog which prevented the pilots of the boats from seeing each other. Both, it is thought, missed their bearings. The Saratoga sustained the greater damage.

The Adirondack was on her way to Albany and the Saratoga was enroute to New York. The Adirondack tore off the port side of the Saratoga, which listed to port and her boiler went overboard and sank. Sherman was killed instantly by flying timbers. Horton is supposed to have been knocked overboard and drowned. Many passengers on the Saratoga were knocked down by the force of the collision but the crew of both boats assisted in rescuing them and later they were transferred to the City of Troy and landed at Tivoli by train. The passengers on both boats became panic-stricken and only by the coolness of the officers and crews of both boats was heavy loss of life prevented. The Adirondack after the fog had cleared was able to proceed to Albany. The Saratoga listed to port and was hauled to Glisco dock where she is anchored. Captain Brown, of the Saratoga at once came to Kingston and arranged for wreckers to raise her sunken boiler. The officers of the Saratoga say the collision was unavoidable. Their boat had just passed an island south of Glisco when the engine fog bank rolled out of Zuger's Creek, obscuring the view of the river. The approaching Adirondack had been seen but was completely hidden when the fog bank intervened between the two boats. Without warning the Adirondack's light suddenly turned up in the fog and the crash followed. The stern of the port side of the Saratoga was crushed in. The boat, being away immediately after the collision, the Saratoga listed and about a dozen occupants of the staterooms were thrown into the almost ice-filled waters of the Hudson river. During the confusion following the accident it was impossible to keep track of their number or who they were.

Second pilot Ludwick of the Saratoga was steering his vessel. Capt. Brown had been in charge but left the pilot house to go below soon after passing Kingston. The Saratoga has been towed to the east shore of the Hudson opposite Glisco. Captain Brown is extremely nervous and cannot give a connected account of the accident or what followed. The steamer Ontario of the Catskill night line came along soon after the accident and assisted in rescuing several passengers who had been thrown into the river. The Saratoga is an old boat having been built in 1877. The vessel was 300 feet long, had accommodation for 150 passengers and was valued at \$550,000. She is one of the fastest boats on the Hudson. She is 29 feet beam and has five decks. One of which is 350 staterooms. The boat is modern in all her appointments.

Extraordinary precautions of all kinds have been taken for the grand duke's safety, and there are very nearly as many detectives at the hotel as waiters.

LOST MONEY BY NOT SETTling THE CASE

In the civil court last Thursday morning Edward Murphy sued Edward Filmore for the sum of \$14.64 for work done and the case was adjourned until this morning at 9:30 o'clock. Filmore, the defendant, who was represented by G. H. V. Belyea, put in a set off for almost the amount sued for. The defendant claimed that Murphy had received potatoes, turnips and board at the Filmore country home, which would amount to nearly \$14.64. The case took up considerable time and finally the magistrate gave judgment in favor of the plaintiff to the amount of \$8.84. After all this had been done the defendant said that he had offered to settle for \$10. So Judge Ritchie said they should make up and be happy. Murphy could again visit Filmore's country house and Filmore could get Murphy to do his replating.

The James Fleming Co. have commenced work at Hilyard's slip on a new steel barge for the Dominion government. The barge is to be 112 feet long, with a 22 foot beam. The firm have contracted to build the barge. Contractor Fred Heans has laid the blocks for the erection of the barge, and it is said a further set of blocks are to be erected parallel to the present ones and work on two barges may soon be in progress.

The Grand Manan steamer Aurora hauled off the blocks this morning and slip.

The schooner Lizzie H. Patrick, bound from Bridgewater for St. John, with coal, put into Rockland, Me., a few days ago with her main boom broken.

WILL SEARCH ON MONDAY FOR GREATER CHILDREN

Constable Thomas Organizing a Party for the Final Effort—St. John Vagrant Sentenced in Moncton.

MONCTON, N. B., Oct. 13.—In an effort to organize another search for the missing Cremer children, Constable Charles Thomas leaves on Monday for Bayfield. As was recently stated, this search is to be a final one and every effort will be made to secure as large a party as possible along the line to look for the missing tots. Several men from Moncton will accompany Constable Thomas who has had a good deal of experience on this search, and is well acquainted with the locality, and it is expected that rewards which now amount to six hundred dollars will induce many people to join. This expedition will be undertaken by F. W. Sumner, of this city, who has already spent a large sum in an endeavor to solve the mystery. A young man named Frank Watson giving his home as St. John, was sentenced to three months jail by Magistrate Kay for vagrancy. He was selling shoe laces and soliciting alms, being arrested at the I. C. R. Depot yesterday afternoon.

PRICE ON CAZAR'S LIFE AND THAT OF S'N

Anarchists Urged in Inflammatory Pamphlets to Slay Both and Earn Money.

ZURICH, Oct. 13.—Thousands of pamphlets have been secretly printed in Zurich and Geneva, offering \$25,000 for the life of the czar, and half that sum for that of his son. The pamphlets have been smuggled across the frontier into Russia. The notice, which does not state state how or by whom the money will be paid, ends as follows: "Rest assured that the sum mentioned above will be paid to you, or, if you die in doing the glorious and heroic work, to your relatives within three days of the accomplished act. Free us from Czarism and slavery and Russia will be free." The Echo de Paris Biarritz correspondent states that it is rumored that the czar and caesarina are to visit the city and caesarina are to visit the city and caesarina are to visit the city.

There can scarcely be any truth in the rumor for the czar is extremely unlikely thus to offer himself as an easy prey to the terrorists. The report is probably due to the fact that the Grand Duke Alexander, with a large suite, arrived at Biarritz yesterday for a stay of a few months.

Another Grand Duke—Alexis—is living incognito at the Hotel Chatham, in Paris. The name he has assumed is kept a profound secret, and nobody is admitted to see him who does not know him.

Extraordinary precautions of all kinds have been taken for the grand duke's safety, and there are very nearly as many detectives at the hotel as waiters.

MONT PEELE IS QUIET.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—At the office of the French Cable Company in this city today, it was stated that there had been no fresh eruption of the volcano of Mont Pelee on the island of Martinique. Reports of such an eruption came from Guadeloupe and St. Thomas in the West Indies. Supt. J. J. Enquest, of the French Cable Company's office, said: "I have this moment received the following from Martinique: 'Stories of fresh eruption of Mont Pelee false. Volcano is calm.'"

CANADIAN BISHOP RECEIVED BY THE POPE

ROME, Oct. 12.—The pope, who is in perfect health, received many people in private audience today, including Archbishop Mazzella, of Rossano, Italy, and the Right Rev. E. Grouard, apostolic vicar of Athabasca, Canada, entertaining the latter lengthy about the condition of the church in Canada.

WALL STREET.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Early dealings in stocks were small and opening prices moved but slightly from last night's close. Small loss predominated. Reading declined 3/4, Northern Pacific 1/2, and the Mexican Central and Consolidated Gas 1/2.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED.—Immediately a girl for general housework. Modern house, three in family. Will give \$15.00 per month for right person. Address M. care Star office. 13-10-f.

COLLINS DECLARES HE IS INNOCENT

Wrote an Account of the Murder to England. He is a Model Prisoner and Does Not Give Any Trouble—Spends Most of His Time in Reading.

HOPEWELL CAPE, Oct. 12.—The Collins examination, which had been adjourned until today, has been further postponed for a week to await the return of Premier Tweedie, who is conducting the case for the crown and also in order to secure additional witnesses to identify the second value and contents found later on, and which it is supposed Collins threw away. Rev. Fr. McAuley, who will probably be asked to identify the articles, has been in Boston, on a visit. No evidence was taken today, the prisoner simply being remanded until Friday, October 19th, when it is expected the examination will be proceeded with. Collins continues to be a model prisoner, giving the jail officials no trouble in any way. The prisoner in turn speaks in the highest terms of the treatment accorded him by the sheriff and other officers. He is still a great reader, and is anxious for reading matter, being especially desirous of procuring the newspapers that he might send home an account of the tragedy and subsequent developments. Since his incarceration Collins has written to a friend of his family in Manchester, Eng., acquainting him of the circumstances of his imprisonment. He has been charged, and the friend in reply expressed great surprise at the prisoner being in the position of a suspected murderer.

MONCTON, Oct. 12.—James E. Sherman, of this city, who has been acting attorney for Thos. F. Collins, who was arrested on suspicion of being the murderer of Mary Ann Macaulay, at New Ireland, Albert County, is in receipt of letters from England which state that Collins has written to a friend of his family in Manchester, Eng., acquainting him of the circumstances of his imprisonment. He has been charged, and the friend in reply expressed great surprise at the prisoner being in the position of a suspected murderer.

MUST NOT TAKE BOARDERS WITHOUT OFFICIAL CONSENT

More Precautions Taken in Russia—Officers of the Black Sea Fleet on Trial.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 12.—The Minister of the Imperial Court has issued an order forbidding officials and employees of the court to rent rooms to or otherwise shelter any persons without the special permission of the Minister. The order is due to the arrests of Klapnikoff and other terrorists at Peterhof September 23, and the discovery that many of the participants in the conspiracy were living unsuspected in the immediate vicinity of the palace. The police are searching for a second group of autonomous persons supposed to belong to terrorists which appeared in St. Petersburg recently.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 12.—The commission which is investigating the conduct of the Russian officers who took part in the battle of the Sea of Japan has taken up the case of Rear Admiral Enquist, commander of the light cruiser squadron who escaped to Manila. Enquist will be heard on Tuesday in justification of the withdrawal of his ships during the battle.

REMODELLING THE CENTENARY SUNDAY SCHOOL

At a meeting of the building committee of Centenary Church held last evening, arrangements were made for securing slates and glass for the roof and windows. An entire new roof will be needed and this will be put on by day's work under the supervision of James Myles. The committee have engaged F. Neil Brodie to prepare plans for the reconstruction of the interior. The ceiling will be the same as before, the main hall will be almost the same, only that the partition shutting off one of the class rooms will not extend to the ceiling, and the whole floor will be easily thrown into one. The infant class rooms will be arranged on the lower floor of the building. The construction of the roof is now under way. Work was commenced this morning on the new building of the Royal Bank at the corner of King and Canterbury streets. About twenty city laborers started work at preparing the lot for the placing of the foundation.

FRANCE IS EXCITED OVER THE VON HOHENLOE MEMOIRS.

Interest in the Recital of How Emperor William Got Into a Diplomatic Muddle and is Trying to Get Out of it.

PARIS, Oct. 13.—The revelations resulting from the publication in Germany of the late Chancellor Von Hohenloeh's "Recollections" continue to make a great stir in France on account of the delightful throw upon Germany's policy toward the republic and today in connection with the centenary tomorrow, the celebration of the battle of Berlin which opened the gates of Berlin to the victorious French army, the newspapers here are filled with articles on the subject. The general verdict is that Emperor William's action in dismissing Prince Bismarck for counselling infidelity to Germany's ally Austria was highly honorable to the Emperor but nevertheless entailed grave consequences. The Republic Française points out that Bismarck's object was to repair the bad effects of his policy at the Berlin Congress by insisting on a renewal of the secret "re-insurance" arrangement with Russia previously existing despite the Austrian alliance. Emperor William, the paper adds, threw Russia into the arms of France thus becoming responsible for the diplomatic situation of which he now complains and which he vainly attempted to modify by his bold stroke of policy at Tanager. The prevailing opinion here is that there is some important secret behind the publication of Prince Hohenloeh's "Recollections," but there is a disposition to attribute it less to court intrigue than to a manoeuvre to advance the anti-Moharrech movement by discrediting personal role in Germany.

FINE FOR ASSAULTING SERGEANT BAXTER

Two Young Men Got Stiff Sentences—Boys Answer to Charge of Stealing Vegetables.

There were four prisoners on the police court bench this morning. James Leithan and Carl Shaffer, who were not quite over the effects of a drunk, pleaded guilty and were remanded. Two young men, James Boudreau, of Digby, and Percy Saunders, of Apohaqui, pleaded not guilty to assaulting and using profane language to Sergeant Baxter on British street yesterday afternoon. The sergeant gave evidence and said that while watching Boudreau in his back yard the two young men went in the yard and became abusive, and after being expelled returned, and while he was arresting Boudreau Saunders assaulted him with a piece of wood. Saunders first gave his name as Ralph Cotter, but this morning told the magistrate that his name was Charles Cotter. Shortly after 8 o'clock he had been started by Ralph Cotter, of Rothesay, called at the court and was quite indignant at Saunders using his name. He pointed out the prisoner to the court as Percy Saunders. Boudreau was fined \$20 or 2 months with hard labor, and Saunders was fined \$30 or 2 months with hard labor on one charge, and for assaulting a sergeant on another charge. The magistrate remanded the young man who gave his age as 18 years, and said that for his actions he was liable to be sent up for trial and given a term in Dorchester.

A number of boys reported in yesterday's Star as having broken into Thomas Congrove's Sheffield street garden were in court this morning with the exception of Thomas Mills. Two boys, Nixon and Carline, informed the court that Mills told them that Mr. Congrove told them that they could have the vegetables as they were decaying.

The case was adjourned until Monday after school hours.

The sub-committee appointed by the Board of Works will make a final effort to come to an agreement with the Gordon Nail Works and Sleeth and Gublain and Co., regarding the purchase of a strip of land for use in rebuilding Union street. The sub-committee must make their report at a meeting of the board on Monday. The members will probably call on the Carleton people this afternoon.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 12.—The Fulton County Grand Jury today returned indictments against twenty white men charging them with rioting in Atlanta on Sept. 22. The names of those indicted have not yet been made public. Previously two white men had been indicted on the same charge and indictments found against sixty negroes charging them with conspiracy in the murder of county policeman Heard, Sept. 24.

NEWFOUNDLAND WILL RESIST BRITAIN'S LATEST ACTION

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Oct. 12.—The colonial cabinet at its meeting last night to discuss the fishery situation decided, it is understood, to resist to the fullest possible legal extent the enforcement of the modus vivendi arrived at by the British and American governments. The Telegram, the premier's organ, published an exhaustive article today in which it is stated that the modus vivendi is objectionable because it attempts to grant to the Americans rights additional to those conferred by the treaty of 1818; because it attempts to surrender the colony right to legislate for the preservation of the herring fishery; because it attempts to nullify the colony's existing laws which have in view the same object; because it attempts to arrogate part of the foreign fishing vessels act of 1885, and because it attempts to violate the bait act. The article predicts that the Downing street authorities will be unable to enforce the modus vivendi which has against it the law of the land, the wishes of the government and the sentiment of the colony. The article contains citations from the works of Hall, Anson and Dicey, to show that it has a basis in constitutional law for the position taken. The merchants of St. John's in the resolutions adopted by them last night with but one dissentient, protest against the modus vivendi as a gross violation of the rights of a self-governing colony. The resolutions declare further that the use of purse seines will be ruinous to the fishery interests and that it will be attended with serious financial loss to the colony and industrial embarrassment to the inhabitants of the west coast. The merchants express alarm and astonishment in the resolutions regarding the terms of the modus vivendi.

POOR DOCUMENT M.C. 2034

ST. JOHN STAR, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1906

THREE

Jack Frost

In prowling around town. See our large stock of WINTER apparel that will keep you warm. Our prices cannot be found anywhere else.

OVERCOATS

Saturday's Special Prices, \$5.75 to \$18.00

Specials in Underwear.

Men's Wool Fleece Underwear, 75c quality at 49c

Men's Wool Plain Underwear, 75c quality at 49c

Men's Wool Unshrinkable do. at 75c per garment

We sell the Progress Brand Clothing. Best and Cheapest in the Market.

UNION CLOTHING CO.

26-28 Charlotte Street. St. John, N. B.

Old Y. M. C. A. Building.

ALEX. CORBET, Mgr.

GO TO ALASKA.

Ex-Gov. Brady's Advice to U.S.

Emigrants.

Tries to Keep Them From Settling in

Canada and Advises Settling to

Their Own Territory.

The desirability of turning the present tide of American emigration from northwestern Canada where it must become alienated, into Alaska, where it will still remain American, was the striking feature of a talk at the United States club dinner at the Hotel Vendome last evening, the speaker having been Hon. John B. Brady, until recently governor of that country.

Ex-governor Brady, who occupied official position in Alaska for nearly 20 years, described that country as a wonderfully rich grain-growing section, and he was not able to understand how the government can allow Americans to become Canadians by the thousands a year, without making the slightest effort to preserve their American citizenship, as could be done by inducing them to go to Alaska.

The speaker professed to be an expansionist in one sense, but he wondered at the interest shown by such men as Senator Lodge and others high in political influence in the Philippines, when Alaska is not only a richer and a much more habitable country, but also even now takes far more of our exports.

New England men first opened up the riches of the great northwest more than 100 years ago, and Mr. Brady expressed the wish that the wealthy and influential men of this section would today show something of the same broad-gauge mentality, that they did in olden times. He declared that when they shall become so a great relief to the present congestion among the agricultural population of the west will have been found.

The speaker described the climate of much of Alaska as very agreeable for the greater part of the year, instancing Sitka as a place where there was only one day's skating all last winter, so mild was the weather.

Though it is colder farther north, in the gold mining region, yet the greater part of the mining is done in the winter time, the weather being regarded as healthful and agreeable unless the temperature is more than 60 below zero.

The natives are honest and industrious as a rule, and make fairly good miners as the white men.

Quite an interesting exhibition of Alaskan curiosities was shown, including garments, utensils and fancy work of one kind or another.

Rev. Thomas L. Eliot, of the First Unitarian parish of Portland, Ore., also spoke, giving some account of personal observations in Alaska which had a hue of considerable routine.

He said that he had been in Alaska for some time, and that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

He said that he had seen many things that were new to him.

CRIME IN IRELAND

Statistics Show That the

People are Law-Abiding

Record is a Better One Than is Found in

Either England or Scotland—

A Comparison.

(From the Fortnightly Review.)

The prison boards in Scotland and in Ireland work under identical acts of Parliament—those of 1871. The principles by which they are regulated should therefore be precisely similar. There are fewer criminals in Ireland than in Scotland. According to the statistics of 1905 it is allowed that there will be 120 less prisoners a day in the prisons of Ireland than in those of Scotland. Yet the Irish board is to absorb £144,597 as against £106,588 allotted to the Scotch. Why? Because, although there are less prisoners in Ireland, there are more officials. In Scotland there are only 447 paid employees, in Ireland no less than 522.

The policing of Ireland cost the enormous sum of nearly a million and a half. The metropolitan police of Dublin costs nearly six times as much per head as that of London. And yet there is very little crime in Ireland.

The statistics of Irish crime are really remarkable. They prove that the police can discover scarcely any criminals, and the prisons are almost empty. The following list shows that there is less crime in Ireland than in England and Scotland.

ENGLAND.

Convicted One Criminal.

Year. Population. Criminals. Inal in 1900 . . . 32,249,187 8,197 3,563

1901 . . . 32,250,263 8,141 3,568

1902 . . . 32,267,528 9,352 3,528

1903 . . . 32,278,338 9,879 3,578

1904 . . . 32,282,434 10,333 3,609

IRELAND.

1900 . . . 4,408,236 1,087 4,108

1901 . . . 4,445,530 1,221 3,640

1902 . . . 4,432,274 1,086 4,081

1903 . . . 4,415,655 1,110 3,108

1904 . . . 4,402,138 1,258 3,396

SCOTLAND.

1900 . . . 4,458,358 1,335 2,417

1901 . . . 4,483,880 1,872 2,395

1902 . . . 4,531,299 2,062 2,328

1903 . . . 4,572,223 2,114 2,180

1904 . . . 4,597,556 2,307 2,098

It will be apparent from this list that only in one year (1901) had there been more crime in Ireland than in England, and in that case only by an infinitesimal percentage. Roughly speaking, the convicted criminals in Ireland are in proportion only about twelve to every thirteen in England and of three to every four in Scotland. The British Parliamentary estimates for 1905 were drawn up on the basis of there being 120 more prisoners per day in Scotland than in those of Ireland. Yet England and Scotland are often referred to, and I imagine with justice, as the most law-abiding nations in Europe. It seems, therefore, that there is scarcely any possible justification for the newspapers which continually represent Ireland as in a lawless condition. Not only is it not so, but the law is there better observed than in England. Even if the figures given were followed that Ireland would be in a more perilous state than the majority of European nations. Why, then, does she pay nearly a million and a half for her police? And, apart from the police, why does she remain burdened with extraordinary difficulties arising out of the great agitation before the Home Rule bill? Because an irresponsible bureaucracy can only work on a system of fixed rules. However active minded the officials, they cannot escape the ties of routine. It is therefore the slowest moving kind of government in the world, almost utterly unresponsive to national needs, demands or enthusiasm. It has been failed to adapt itself either to national growth or to the melancholy phases of national decay. It is, in fact, a gigantic "war office" with about forty different branches, but worse in one respect than the prototype has ever been, for in the vast majority of cases the head officials have no seat in Parliament and cannot be called to account.

A manager of a large establishment here said to me: "President Roosevelt's insistence upon government supervision is amusing. Surely the American people must have had enough of official supervision by this time. The remedy is so easy, so obvious. The Chicago packers say that they are object to supervision, then, by the public; compel them to keep open a promenade commanding a view of every room in the establishment and one or more spots accessible to any one, veterinary surgeon or reporter, where every carcass may be viewed. That is the only supervision worthy of the name. It is cheap and effective."

"But," I objected, "the business secrets one may have acquired?"

"There should be no secrets as to the character of any food," he replied; "the public has a right to know what it eats."

CLASSIFIED ADS.

SITUATIONS VACANT-FEMALE

WANTED-General servant, small family. Apply MRS. MILLER, 110 Wright street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Competent cook or capable girl for general housework. 116 King street, east. 8-10-6

WANTED-Girl wanted for general housework. No. 286 Gorman street. 10-10-6

WANTED-Dining room girl; also kitchen girl at Clarke's Hotel, 35 King Square. 12-10-6

WANTED-Girls wanted. Apply D. F. BROWN CO. 8-10-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework in a small family. Apply MRS. C. H. FAIRWEATHER, 248 King street. 8-10-6

WANTED-Young lady desires evening work in either bookkeeping, typewriting or penmanship. Address Work, care Star Office. 8-10-6

WANTED-Two girls to learn the pressed suit business. Apply 118 Charlotte street. 8-10-6

WANTED-A woman cook. Apply to ORIENTAL RESTAURANT, 19 Charlotte street. 8-10-6

WANTED-Girl wanted, general housework. Apply 6 Gorman street. 8-10-6

WANTED-Dressmaker wanted at once. Apply at 273 Gorman street. M. REED. 8-10-6

WANTED-Kitchen girl. Apply at 273 Gorman street. 8-10-6

WANTED-General girl. Apply at 101 CARVELL HALL, 71 Waterloo street. 8-10-6

WANTED-A working housekeeper for a man in St. Stephen. Would take one with child. Also general girl. Apply to MRS. HANSON, Woman's Exchange, 183 Charlotte st. 12-10-6

WANTED-A cook, reference required. Apply to MRS. SIMMONS, 15 GARDEN street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Kitchen girl wanted, apply at Dufferin Hotel. 25-9-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. R. T. LEAVITT, 12 Queen street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Girls to work on machines or by hand. Good wages paid. Steady work guaranteed. Apply J. SHANE and CO., 71 Gorman street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A waitress at New Victoria Hotel, Prince William street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A girl for general housework. Apply 43 Sewell St. 15-8-6

WANTED-Experienced housemaid. Apply to MRS. A. C. SMITH, 96 Wentworth, in the evening. 24-7-6

FOR SALE

SALE of few household effects. Among them are Ebony Overmantels and a bust of the late Prince Albert. Same can be seen any day from ten to five at 244 King street, east. 8-10-6

FOR SALE-Two safes. Apply at 3 BARKERS, 100 Princess street. 10-10-6

FOR SALE-If any dealer in second hand clothing wishes to purchase ladies' clothing in good condition, they can obtain address by calling at the Star Office. 8-10-6

FOR SALE-At Dwyer's Umbrella Shop Self-Opening Umbrellas, \$1.00 up; Ordinary, 50c. up. We use no other in our shop. Perforated Seats, shaped square. Light, Dark. Umbrella repairing and repainting. 17 Waterloo St. 12-10-6

PRIVATE SALE of household furniture and old-fashioned china; among them are Ebony Overmantels and a bust of the late Prince Albert. Same can be seen any day from ten to five at 244 King street, east. 8-10-6

FOR SALE-About twenty new and second-hand delivery Wagons, 2 coaches, and 5 horses, carriages, different styles, ready for use, glass front coach, new trimmings, well painted; a first class coach very cheap; also three outboard carriages; best place in the city for painting and greatest facilities for carriage repairing. A. G. EDGE COMBE, 115 and 119 City Road. 8-10-6

GASOLINE ENGINES.—Stationary, Portable and Marine—any Horse Power, 2 and 4 Cycle, Stationary Engines for Dough Mixers, Concrete Mixers, Grain Grinding, Thrashing and other uses. See our pleasure and Fishing Boats at the St. John Exhibition. KING'S DINING ROOMS, 10-13 Canterbury street. 8-10-6

WANTED-General girl. Apply at 101 CARVELL HALL, 71 Waterloo street. 8-10-6

WANTED-A working housekeeper for a man in St. Stephen. Would take one with child. Also general girl. Apply to MRS. HANSON, Woman's Exchange, 183 Charlotte st. 12-10-6

WANTED-A cook, reference required. Apply to MRS. SIMMONS, 15 GARDEN street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Kitchen girl wanted, apply at Dufferin Hotel. 25-9-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. R. T. LEAVITT, 12 Queen street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Girls to work on machines or by hand. Good wages paid. Steady work guaranteed. Apply J. SHANE and CO., 71 Gorman street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A waitress at New Victoria Hotel, Prince William street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A girl for general housework. Apply 43 Sewell St. 15-8-6

WANTED-Experienced housemaid. Apply to MRS. A. C. SMITH, 96 Wentworth, in the evening. 24-7-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. R. T. LEAVITT, 12 Queen street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Girls to work on machines or by hand. Good wages paid. Steady work guaranteed. Apply J. SHANE and CO., 71 Gorman street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A waitress at New Victoria Hotel, Prince William street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A girl for general housework. Apply 43 Sewell St. 15-8-6

WANTED-Experienced housemaid. Apply to MRS. A. C. SMITH, 96 Wentworth, in the evening. 24-7-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. R. T. LEAVITT, 12 Queen street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Girls to work on machines or by hand. Good wages paid. Steady work guaranteed. Apply J. SHANE and CO., 71 Gorman street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A waitress at New Victoria Hotel, Prince William street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A girl for general housework. Apply 43 Sewell St. 15-8-6

WANTED-Experienced housemaid. Apply to MRS. A. C. SMITH, 96 Wentworth, in the evening. 24-7-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. R. T. LEAVITT, 12 Queen street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Girls to work on machines or by hand. Good wages paid. Steady work guaranteed. Apply J. SHANE and CO., 71 Gorman street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A waitress at New Victoria Hotel, Prince William street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A girl for general housework. Apply 43 Sewell St. 15-8-6

WANTED-Experienced housemaid. Apply to MRS. A. C. SMITH, 96 Wentworth, in the evening. 24-7-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. R. T. LEAVITT, 12 Queen street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Girls to work on machines or by hand. Good wages paid. Steady work guaranteed. Apply J. SHANE and CO., 71 Gorman street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A waitress at New Victoria Hotel, Prince William street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A girl for general housework. Apply 43 Sewell St. 15-8-6

WANTED-Experienced housemaid. Apply to MRS. A. C. SMITH, 96 Wentworth, in the evening. 24-7-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. R. T. LEAVITT, 12 Queen street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Girls to work on machines or by hand. Good wages paid. Steady work guaranteed. Apply J. SHANE and CO., 71 Gorman street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A waitress at New Victoria Hotel, Prince William street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A girl for general housework. Apply 43 Sewell St. 15-8-6

WANTED-Experienced housemaid. Apply to MRS. A. C. SMITH, 96 Wentworth, in the evening. 24-7-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. R. T. LEAVITT, 12 Queen street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Girls to work on machines or by hand. Good wages paid. Steady work guaranteed. Apply J. SHANE and CO., 71 Gorman street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A waitress at New Victoria Hotel, Prince William street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A girl for general housework. Apply 43 Sewell St. 15-8-6

WANTED-Experienced housemaid. Apply to MRS. A. C. SMITH, 96 Wentworth, in the evening. 24-7-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. R. T. LEAVITT, 12 Queen street. 12-10-6

WANTED-Girls to work on machines or by hand. Good wages paid. Steady work guaranteed. Apply J. SHANE and CO., 71 Gorman street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A waitress at New Victoria Hotel, Prince William street. 21-9-6

WANTED-A girl for general housework. Apply 43 Sewell St. 15-8-6

WANTED-Experienced housemaid. Apply to MRS. A. C. SMITH, 96 Wentworth, in the evening. 24-7-6

WANTED-A capable girl for general housework. Apply to MRS. R. T. LEAVITT, 12 Queen street. 12-1

FOR DOCUMENT NO. 2934

ST. JOHN STAR, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13 1906.

CURE YOUR CHILDREN

Whooping Cough

Before the cold weather sets in.

McDiarmid's Whooping Cough Cure will do it.

ROYAL PHARMACY,
47 King Street.

Stylish Clothing.

The two necessary points for good clothes is quality of goods and style. I give you both.

W. H. TURNER.

Merchant Tailor, 440 Main Street.



Permit us to offer you assistance. We know how hard it is for the average buyer to find something that suits the taste and the purse at the same time, therefore we never tire of showing the different lines in Rings, Watches, Brooches, Brooches, Hat Pins, Lockets or Chains, which we carry in stock.

Special. We call attention to our Watch and Jewelry repairing, also Engraving done on the premises.

A. & J. HAY, -- 79 King St.

OTTEPHIN & BUSTIN, MARCEL PERREY FRENCH

Bustin & French,
Solicitors, Etc.

CHURCH ST. ST. JOHN, N.B.

Steamer Maggie Miller

leaves Millville for Somerville, Kennebec Island and Baywater daily, except Saturday and Sunday at 8 a. m., 8 and 5 p. m., returning from Baywater at 7 and 10 a. m. and 3.45 p. m. Saturday at 7.15 a. m. and 9 a. m. and 3 and 5 p. m., returning at 6.30, 8 and 10 a. m. and 3.45 and 5 p. m. Sunday at 9 and 10.30 a. m. and 5 p. m., returning at 9.45 a. m. and 5 p. m.

JOHN MCGILVER, Agent.

HOLLAND TO THE FRONT.

The little country of Holland is the latest to introduce advanced legislation for the benefit of her people. A bill will be passed in the near future providing for compulsory insurance of workmen against sickness and death. Under this bill any employee may insure himself either with the state or with a company under state supervision. In the latter case the state assumes liability in the event of failure of the company. The policies provide that in time of illness of more than one day's duration the insured shall receive free medical attendance and medicines for six months. It totally incapacitated, he shall receive seventy per cent. of his wages, and half of this amount if partially disabled. Women who engage in work are given the same conditions, an extra provision being made for their support during periods of child bearing.

This insurance is to be paid for by the employers and employees, the latter contributing one-third of the amount. The bill does not apply to soldiers or sailors, or to those earning over five hundred dollars per annum.

These old fashioned European countries are a little more up to date than Canada in some ways.

BRUTALITY.

A nine year old child spent all Thursday night alone in a potter cell, crying his eyes out, frightened half to death, and altogether miserable. Such an occurrence is nothing more nor less than a disgrace to St. John. The little lad was charged with entering a store, the Hebrew who owned it insisted that he should be locked up because it looked like burglary. As a matter of fact the boy had crawled through a window to find his knife which a companion had thrown into the shop. He had no more intention of stealing than had the policeman who arrested him, but if he had been in the shop for no other purpose than to rob the till, he should never have been locked up for the night.

The many individual who insisted that he should be taken in charge is one Gordon, and he is perhaps proud of his conduct in this affair. He may never have been a boy himself, and perhaps those thoughtless acts of no-fault committed by youngsters never got him into any trouble.

H. R. McLELLAN.

The very best advertisement is the method in which business is conducted and it should never be forgotten that courtesy is a great element of success.

J. Henry Townsend, Knickerbocker Trust Co. N. Y.

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, (LTD.) at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at \$5.00 a year.

TELEPHONES:—
BUSINESS OFFICE, 23.
EDITORIAL and NEWS DEPT., 117.

ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., OCT. 13, 1906.

MR. SCAMMELL'S JUSTIFICATION.

J. Kimball Scammell, assistant engineer for the department of public works, is an energetic, enterprising, and independent young man, who for some time past has taken an active interest in the works of this port. In an effort to induce the council to improve the berths at Sand Point, Mr. Scammell, having taken soundings, placed his statement before the public. His report was not credited. The board of works laughed at the idea of there not being a proper depth of water for the big steamers, but did not think it necessary to take steps in the direction of finding out the truth for themselves. Later an independent engineer, Mr. Murdoch, took soundings and fully verified the report made by Mr. Scammell. Then the aldermen were half awakened and sent a couple of men, under the direction of the harbor master, to measure the depths. These soundings as submitted to the council showed that a certain small amount of dredging was required, and the declaration was made by officials in the employ of the city, that the corporation dredge could easily do the necessary work. But for weeks no action was taken to have it done. Time passed, and as the winter port season is almost at hand and the dredging scarcely begun several of the aldermen have shown faint signs of life. They have for weeks listened to the assertions of their own employees that the city dredge can do all that is required, and that but very little cleaning up remains to be performed in order that the proper depth may be provided. But now comes an announcement which they are pleased to regard as a surprise. Soundings recently taken show that while a little mud has been removed conditions as the west side berths are almost as bad as when Mr. Scammell made his first report, that comparatively nothing has been done, that the city dredge cannot attempt to do the work, that the officials have either wilfully or through absolute ignorance misled the council, and that Mr. Scammell's first report was correct in every detail.

It has taken the council nine months to find this out, and the winter port season will begin in five weeks.

WHAT SHE WOULD MISS.

The late Henry N. Pillsbury, the chess player, was fond of children and delighted in incidents that illustrated the originality of the child mind. At the Mercantile library, the haunt of Philadelphia's chess players, Mr. Pillsbury said one day: "I cultivate children because they teach me new ways of looking at things. They show me new points of view."

"I showed a little girl an aquarium of Japanese goldfish the other day."

"How would you like to be a little fish?" said I.

"Not much," said the little girl.

"Why not?" I asked.

"Because," she said, "if you were a little fish your mamma would have any fun."

SOUND ARGUMENT.

A Parson, visiting London for the first time, dined one night with the bishop, who tried to convert him.

Now, the Parsones are sun worshippers, and did not object to the bishop when he took up his line of argument that the London winter season is one long, cold, wet fog, in which the sun never shows himself. Said the bishop:

"Here you are, my friend, a man of culture, widely travelled, generous, brave, wise and yet you worship the sun. How can you do it? I can't understand how any sensible person should worship a created object, such as the sun."

"Ah, you should see it once," cried the Parson, warmly. "You have no idea what a splendid thing it is."

FAIRY TALES OF SCIENCE.

A Columbia scientist was praising the city of New York and its astronomical and literary work of Percival Lowell, says the New York Globe.

"One day just before an eclipse of the sun," said the scientist, Mr. Lowell told his darky, George, that if he would watch the children the following morning about 11 o'clock he would see them all go to roost."

"How long," laughed George, "ill, hi, good joke."

"When on the following morning the sun darkened, and the children went to their roosts, George was amazed and horrified. He found Mr. Lowell with a few chickens, and said to him:

"How long, sah, did you know 'bout these chickens?"

"Oh, a long time."

"Yes, more than a year ago."

"Well, dat beats all," said the astounded darky, saying Mr. Lowell with awe. "Dem chickens wasn't hatched a year ago."

WHERE IT WENT.

Father: It is incredible what a lot of money you need.

Son: I don't need any, father, it's the other people who are always wanting some from me."

SPRIGHTLY MUSIC.

Miss Gushley (to professor who has just played Chopin's "Funeral March")—"That's awfully jolly! Now play one of Lohengrin's things."

NEARLY RIGHT.

"Know anything about golf?"

"Why?"

"What's a bunker, do you know?"

"I suppose it's one of those cranks that simply live and sleep on the links."

MAKE IT EVEN.

Ding-Shadbutt, I've borrowed a good many little sums from you, at one time and another. Do you know just how much I owe you?

Shadbutt (with alacrity)—Yes; it's exactly \$5.

Ding—Then let me have \$5, will you? That will make it an even hundred, and it will be easier for me to remember.

COLOR BLIND.

Customer—I won't take this photograph; it makes me look as if I hadn't any nose."

Photographer—That is because the photographic plate is not sensitive to red.

NATURAL QUERY.

Editor—Have you ever shown this article to an editor before?

Artist—Er—no.

Editor—Then how did you get that black eye?

WELL DESCRIBED.

Hicks—Does she take in boarders?

Wicks—Sh-h-h! Don't speak so loud. But between you and me, "take in" is just the phrase.

WHY NOT?

Father (to his two-year-old son beside him in the dogcart, cutting the whip sharply through the air)—See, Jack, how I made the horse go faster without striking him at all.

Jack (in eager tone of happy discovery)—Father, why don't you punish us children in that way?

"I tried that," responded his fellow clerk, "and it didn't work. I had an easy time for a month, and then the boss failed."

"L'ENVOI"

When Earth's last ball game is finished and the crowd has passed from the stand,

When the youngest Fan has hushed and gone to the Promised Land,

We shall rest, and Gosh! but we'll need it, knock off for a season or two

Till the greatest of all the Series shall set us to root anew.

Then all of the fans shall be happy, they shall sit in a shady stand,

They shall smoke their clear Havanas and list to the Heavenly Band,

They shall cheer for an ace at a diamond and watch them sweat the ball,

They shall cheer for an ace at a sitting and never grow tired at all.

And no one shall be a Knocker, and none of the Fans shall blame;

For no one shall make an error, and no one shall call out "Shame!"

"You thief! you robber! you lobster!" But each in his cushioned seat

Shall call it a just decision and know that his team will beat.

Gerald Smith in the Bohemian for October.

WHAT SHE WOULD MISS.

The late Henry N. Pillsbury, the chess player, was fond of children and delighted in incidents that illustrated the originality of the child mind. At the Mercantile library, the haunt of Philadelphia's chess players, Mr. Pillsbury said one day:

"I cultivate children because they teach me new ways of looking at things. They show me new points of view."

"I showed a little girl an aquarium of Japanese goldfish the other day."

"How would you like to be a little fish?" said I.

"Not much," said the little girl.

"Why not?" I asked.

"Because," she said, "if you were a little fish your mamma would have any fun."

SOUND ARGUMENT.

A Parson, visiting London for the first time, dined one night with the bishop, who tried to convert him.

Now, the Parsones are sun worshippers, and did not object to the bishop when he took up his line of argument that the London winter season is one long, cold, wet fog, in which the sun never shows himself. Said the bishop:

"Here you are, my friend, a man of culture, widely travelled, generous, brave, wise and yet you worship the sun. How can you do it? I can't understand how any sensible person should worship a created object, such as the sun."

"Ah, you should see it once," cried the Parson, warmly. "You have no idea what a splendid thing it is."

FAIRY TALES OF SCIENCE.

A Columbia scientist was praising the city of New York and its astronomical and literary work of Percival Lowell, says the New York Globe.

"One day just before an eclipse of the sun," said the scientist, Mr. Lowell told his darky, George, that if he would watch the children the following morning about 11 o'clock he would see them all go to roost."

"How long," laughed George, "ill, hi, good joke."

"When on the following morning the sun darkened, and the children went to their roosts, George was amazed and horrified. He found Mr. Lowell with a few chickens, and said to him:

"How long, sah, did you know 'bout these chickens?"

"Oh, a long time."

"Yes, more than a year ago."

"Well, dat beats all," said the astounded darky, saying Mr. Lowell with awe. "Dem chickens wasn't hatched a year ago."

WHERE IT WENT.

Father: It is incredible what a lot of money you need.

Son: I don't need any, father, it's the other people who are always wanting some from me."

SPRIGHTLY MUSIC.

Miss Gushley (to professor who has just played Chopin's "Funeral March")—"That's awfully jolly! Now play one of Lohengrin's things."

NEARLY RIGHT.

"Know anything about golf?"

"Why?"

"What's a bunker, do you know?"

"I suppose it's one of those cranks that simply live and sleep on the links."

MAKE IT EVEN.

Ding-Shadbutt, I've borrowed a good many little sums from you, at one time and another. Do you know just how much I owe you?

Shadbutt (with alacrity)—Yes; it's exactly \$5.

Ding—Then let me have \$5, will you? That will make it an even hundred, and it will be easier for me to remember.

COLOR BLIND.

Customer—I won't take this photograph; it makes me look as if I hadn't any nose."

Photographer—That is because the photographic plate is not sensitive to red.

NATURAL QUERY.

Editor—Have you ever shown this article to an editor before?

Artist—Er—no.

Editor—Then how did you get that black eye?

WELL DESCRIBED.

Hicks—Does she take in boarders?

Wicks—Sh-h-h! Don't speak so loud. But between you and me, "take in" is just the phrase.

WHY NOT?

Father (to his two-year-old son beside him in the dogcart, cutting the whip sharply through the air)—See, Jack, how I made the horse go faster without striking him at all.

Jack (in eager tone of happy discovery)—Father, why don't you punish us children in that way?

"I tried that," responded his fellow clerk, "and it didn't work. I had an easy time for a month, and then the boss failed."

SATURDAY SERMONETTE.

A MAPLE LEAF.

The maple was planted the day he brought home his bride. She held it as he carefully put the earth about it and all that hot thirsty summer she watered and watched it as though it were a child, and she was afraid the child might die. But the tree lived and grew and the next summer a robin brought his bride to it and for many a summer they made it their home and there they brought up their children and sent them out into the world to find other trees for their homes.

When then baby was old enough to go out to play the playground was beneath the maple her father and mother had planted. She would play there content for hours talking with the leaves for their letters, and beg for a crumb of news from home. As one soldier opened his letter a crimson maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and she saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the camp fire, the Canadian mail came in and as the names of the men were called out for whose letters were waiting, the man who had a crimson maple leaf tucked in his belt, and as he read the letter, the maple leaf fluttered out from its folds and he saw two seeds to one whose heart would thrill at the sight of the emblem of his "Own Canadian Home." If she pressed it to her lips before she sent it on its long journey that was her secret and "that is another story."

Months after as the soldiers were gathered around the

ST. JOHN STAR.
SATURDAY'S SPECIAL SUPPLEMENT.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1906.

CHINA PREVENTS THE
COMPLETION OF RAILROADS

Remarkable Record of a
Woman in Mountain Clim-
ing—She Reached an
Elevation of 23,150
Feet.

PEKING, Oct. 12.—Now that the new British minister to China, Sir J. N. Jordan, has arrived at Peking and commenced his duties, an effort will be made to induce the British government to take seriously in hand the question of the proposed railway concessions in China.

The situation is particularly serious with regard to the concession held by the British and Chinese Corporation to construct the railway line from Shanghai to Nanking. A portion of this has been finished, but the Chinese government is throwing difficulties in the way of constructing the remainder by delaying permission to the corporation to raise the balance of the loan necessary to complete the work.

Meantime, the chance of the section Soochow to Ningpo, via Hangchow, being over carried out by British capital is being imperilled. The concession belongs to the British and Chinese Corporation, but the Wai-wai-pu (the Chinese foreign office) is permitting the formation of a local bureau of Chinese residents, ostensibly to construct or try to construct the line, but in reality to obstruct the British and Chinese Corporation.

The British foreign office is apparently not disposed as yet to act energetically. After much trouble it has persuaded the Chinese government to proceed with the negotiations for the final agreement for constructing the Canton-Kowloon Railway, but in regard to the other difficulties, it is apparently not inclined to move.

In commercial circles, however, it is felt that vigorous action is necessary and urgent if the advantages are not to be lost. In all probability the matter will be taken up in the house on its resuming.

By attaining an altitude of 23,150 feet in the Nun Kun Range of the Himalayas Mrs. Bullock Workman now holds the world's record for high mountaineering.

The great feat was accomplished after long preparations and untold hardships. Dr. and Mrs. Workman had been carrying out valuable exploring work for some time among the lower peaks, and in preparation for the great climb they brought their main caravan, consisting of seventy coolies, fifteen goats, and twenty-five sheep to a base camp at 14,000 feet in the Shappat Nala.

THIS YOUNG MAN
HAD A BAD ATTACK
Hindu Student's Remarkable Letter Asking
for Permission to Marry a
Merchant's Daughter.

BOMBAY, Oct. 12.—The following love letter is a copy of one recently received by a Hindu father from a student who asked for the hand of his daughter in marriage:

"Dear Sir—It is with a flattering penmanship that I write to have communication with you about the prospective condition of your small offspring. For some remote time to past a secret passion has been firing my bosom internally with loving for your daughter.

"I have navigated every channel in the magnitude of my extensive jurisdiction to cruelly smother the growing love-knot that is being constructed in my within side, but the humid lump of affection, trimmed by Cupid's productive hand, still nourishes my love-sickened heart. Needless to say it is for me to numerically extemporise the great conflagration that has been generated in my head and heart.

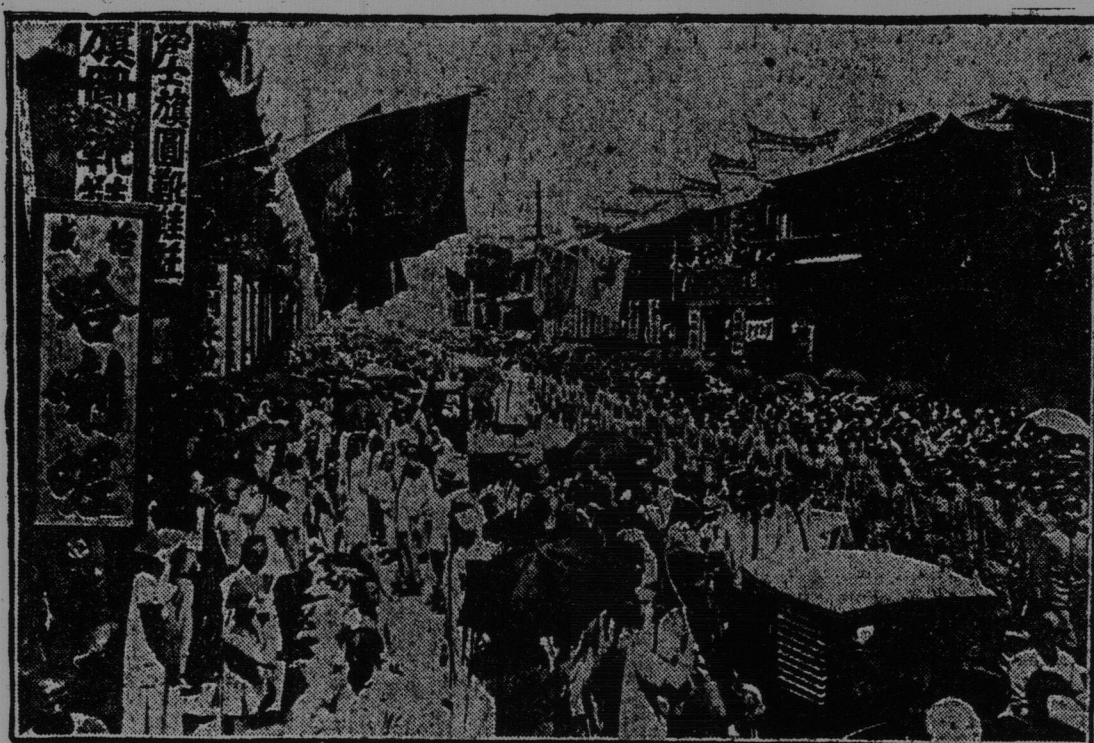
"During the reign of rightness my intellectual cranium has been entangled in thoughtful attitude after my beloved consort; nocturnal slumberlessness has been the infirmity which has bedeviled my now degenerate constitution. My educational capabilities have abandoned me, and here I now cling to those lovely long tresses of your much coveted daughter, like a Marine ship wrecked on the rock of love.

"As to my scholastic calibre, I was recently ejected from Calcutta University. I am now masticating, and will make a move as soon as I perceive of live a little laxative.

"I am of a lofty and original line, and of independent income, and hoping that having debated this proposition to your pregnant mind, you will concordantly corroborate in espousing your female progeny to my tender bosom, and thereby acquire me to your family circle—Your dutiful non-in-law."

GENEVA, Oct. 12.—Great excitement has been caused throughout Switzerland by the discovery of several alleged cases of leprosy in the Valais Canton. The newspapers blame the cantonal authorities, and state that the disease is known to have existed for twelve years in the Canton of Valais, and has been spread by intermarriage.

PROGRESS OF CHINA IN THE DEVELOPMENT
OF AN ARMY---A MODERN REGIMENT



PEKING, Oct. 12.—The Chinese are, and already have thousands of well-drilled men under arms equipped with the most modern rifles. The photo shows a Chinese regiment in khaki passing through the streets of Peking.

CENTRAL AFRICA WILL BE
MADE A WHITE MAN'S COUNTRY
IN A VERY FEW YEARS

CAIRO, Oct. 12.—"All Central Africa is going to be made perfectly habitable for the white man, its agricultural, industrial, and commercial resources will become available. The Niles and their tributaries will team with the commerce of a numerous and happy people."

Mr. Henry S. Wellcome, who made this statement, is the well-known American chemist and bacteriologist. Six years ago Mr. Wellcome went into the Sudan.

"Disease was rampant," he said, "People, livestock, and growing crops were perishing almost without a finger lifted to stay the calamity. I was granted permission to found what have been named the 'Wellcome Research Laboratories,' which were accommodated in five rooms of the east wing of the Gordon Memorial College at Khartum. The fitting of these laboratories with every modern appliance and apparatus cost nearly four years ago, and Dr. Andrew Balfour, man of great experience in combatting tropical diseases, was made director. Later Dr. William Bean, of America, an authority on economic chemistry, was put in charge of the chemical department. The staff, hard at work since its formation, has stamped out malaria in the Sudan by exterminating the millions of malaria-bearing mosquitoes that swarmed about Khartum on the upper reaches of the Nile frequented by soldiers, sailors, boatmen, traders, and travellers.

"Small-pox has also been exterminated. The medical staff of the British army had made this possible by establishing a rule and practice of vaccination that knew not the contentious objector. The stubborn foe that now faces the specialists is the sleeping sickness. It is spread by the tsetse fly, which breeds in vast numbers in Central Africa, and which has come northward along Stanley's route from the Congo and Uganda, where it swept away some 30,000 people and wrought havoc among the cattle, goats and donkeys. The study of this disease, like that of cancer, is in its infancy, but an immense fund of valuable facts is accumulating, and I foresee the time when the scourge will be banished. The staff has been presented with one of Gordon's old steamers by the Sudanese Government, and he will at once convert it into the first complete floating laboratory ever established. The boat will ply on the shallow branches of the Nile south of Khartum, carrying a staff of scientists, who will make frequent landings to study the disorders of the tribes and their animals, and to collect or photograph specimens of biting flies, mosquitoes, ticks, and beetles. Where possible the insects will be preserved; but, owing to the fact that they change in both form and color after they are caught, photo-micrographs will be made in order that they may be studied not only in the stationary laboratories at Khartum, but in the forest, most laboratories of Germany, America, and England.

INDIA PAPER URGES NATIVES
TO RISE AGAINST THE BRITISH

DUNDONALD ON
CANADA'S DEFENCE
Wonders How Many Men Canada Could
Turn Out in Case of War.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—Commenting on A. R. Curran's article in Canada on "Canada and Imperial Defence," Lord Dundonald, in a letter to Canada, says if anything in this world is worth doing at all it is at any rate worth doing well.

If the empire, therefore, is worth defending it is necessary to inform those specialists who are entrusted with the preparation of the schemes for its defence, exactly how many troops will be available in the outbreak of war.

These troops if they are to be of real value must be ready not only in willingness to serve the empire, as every Canadian is ready, not only in spirit of courage and endurance, qualities which from having had Canadian troops under my command in war time I know them to possess to the fullest possible extent, but ready in arms and equipment and in an adequate supply of ammunition, and material of war with the personnel under command of highly trained leaders. How many men Canada could at once, on a declaration of war, put into the field under this latter condition is known to those who are responsible for her military defences and her place amongst nations, and should be known and considered by every patriotic Canadian.

But in Opposition to This
Comes the Warning That
Any Insurrection Will be
Put Down With the Stern-
est Measures.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 12.—The Calcutta Englishman publishes a remarkable circular emanating from a native secret society. Its tenor may be gathered from the following extracts: "Golden Bengal—Fifty thousand people are required to die, you all be ready. What is the good of crying any more? The only thing is to give our blood from the heart. Whoever you are assembled together, you promise that you will break the nests of the Feringhi Babu-birds, tearing them into pieces and throwing them into the waters of the Ganges. Until we do this we shall not see our interests looked after."

"Come, brothers, wherever you are—Brahmin, Kayastha, Sudra, Chundal, Mussulman, Christian, who is thinking it glory to style itself 'Son of Bengal.' Come, brothers, assemble together; let us forget all mean self-interest."

"Why are we blind not to see before us how fortunate we are? Feringhis are making our mother naked. Why does our blood flow from our eyes? Who is insulting our golden mother? Bengalis are not cowards or ungrateful. Brothers, Hindus and Mussulmans, girl your loins for the honor of your mother. Since all must one day die, why fear? Make strong your hearts. You will see that a crore of people will come and stand by you; you will see that by the extinction of a crore of people the guns, bullets and bayonets of the Feringhi people will disappear."

"Take these with you, assemble and give loud cries, beat the sahis of the lady, drive them away. We will govern our own country. Do not care for the police, do not fear guns or bayonets. Delay not, delay not, delay will ruin all. Rise all! Now is the very moment!"

This reply of the Allahabad Joneer to this outburst is as follows: "Let no man, native or European, labor under any delusion. The British hold India and mean to continue their supremacy. If the Bengalis acted upon the advice that is given to them and did begin to cast 'Feringhi people' into the Ganges, we would descend upon them with fire and sword, and we would shoot and hang as remorselessly as in 1857—perhaps even more so."

VESSEL CARRIED GOLD,
HEAVY SALVAGE CLAIMED

HAMBURG, Oct. 12.—The discovery that the steamer Rusland, which was towed into Lubeck with her machinery disabled, had on board gold to the value of \$1,000,000, shipped from London for St. Petersburg, will mean a difference of \$30,000 in the amount of salvage money which the German steamer Elbe will receive.

The Elbe met the Rusland near the Swedish coast, and the captain declared that he had only coke as cargo. In this case the salvage award would have been \$2,500.

PHOTO TAKEN OF A ROYAL GROUP DURING
QUEEN NATHALIE'S VISIT TO BRITAIN



LONDON, Oct. 12.—An interesting recent visit to this country. The Queen is the third person from the left.

Finally Dr. and Mrs. Workman, accompanied by seven Italian guides and porters and fifteen coolies, left the base camp for the upper snows. The sight was one never to be forgotten, for the slopes were covered with a beautiful flower never before seen in the Himalayas.

A height of 17,200 feet was reached that day, and on the following morning the ascent was continued to 19,388 feet, where camp was made on a sloping snow field. From here the coolies, with the exception of two volunteers, returned to the lower camp.

The daring party moved upward again over a steep ice wall to a high plateau circled by the giant Nun Kun peaks. Here they were overtaken by mist and snow "furies," and were compelled to camp in six small tents at a height of 20,720 feet.

Next day another 500 feet was climbed, and the highest camp yet made by mountaineers, and called America, was pitched at 21,000 feet at the base of the highest peak. To this point the Italian porters carried loads of provisions, leaving their chiefs returned to bring up remaining loads.

The weather became so bad that they could not re-ascent that day, and Dr. and Mrs. Bullock Workman passed the night alone in the for and severe cold of 4 degrees Fahr.

A guide and two porters got back to Camp America early on the morning

of July 29. Dr. and Mrs. Workman then prepared to renew the ascent, but found that their greasy boots were frozen stiff. It was some time before they could be thawed out.

The climb was then resumed by cutting steps for four hours over sharp ice slopes and crevasses.

At 22,800 feet a halt for food was made, and Dr. Workman and one porter remained while Mrs. Bullock Workman, a guide, and one porter continued the difficult ascent of the peak 23,150 feet high.

The view, although marred by cloud, was very grand, extending over miles of lower ranges to Wanga Parbat and the Karakoram.

Altogether the climbers spent six nights camping on the snow at immense altitudes. They suffered constantly from insomnia after reaching a height of 19,000 feet.

An edict has just been issued ordering the abolition of the use of opium, both foreign and native, within ten years.

This is the result of the recommendations of the returned commissioners, after consultation with Yuan Shi Kai and Tang Shao Yi.

The edict strongly condemns the opium vice, and orders the council of state to devise regulations for the enforcement of the prohibition of smoking and of the cultivation of the poppy, which will be conquered."

KIER HARDIE SAYS BRITISH LABORITES WILL SUPPORT
THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE IN THEIR STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM

GLASGOW, Oct. 12.—J. Kier Hardie, during a recent visit to Glasgow, was interviewed upon Russia. Among other things he said that the Czar wanted a dumb Duma in the hope that it would be more amenable to his will than the last one. Referring to the continuous assassinations and bomb-throwing, Mr. Hardie argued that these outbreaks were bound to continue until the time came when a parliament freely elected by and responsible to the people was established. He said that the Czar wanted a dumb Duma in the hope that it would be more amenable to his will than the last one. Referring to the continuous assassinations and bomb-throwing, Mr. Hardie argued that these outbreaks were bound to continue until the time came when a parliament freely elected by and responsible to the people was established. He said that the Czar wanted a dumb Duma in the hope that it would be more amenable to his will than the last one. Referring to the continuous assassinations and bomb-throwing, Mr. Hardie argued that these outbreaks were bound to continue until the time came when a parliament freely elected by and responsible to the people was established.

ing for political freedom. He hoped ere long that they would welcome the people of Russia into the great brotherhood of nations which were seeking to make the earth a better and a happier place to live in. Only when that time came would the Russian Czarism have been overthrown, never more to raise its death's head in the midst of the people would there be a guarantee of peace. They knew that Europe was groaning under the burden of armaments, and one of the chief justifications for the growth of armaments and navies was the menace which the Russian military autocracy constituted to the rest of Europe. The Russian people, however, were essentially a peace-loving people, and when they had their own parliament, governing the Russian empire, they would seek for a peaceful alliance with other countries, not to promote aggrandisement and war, but to make war impossible for all time coming.

As now completed, Marischal College at Aberdeen is one of the finest and most striking granite buildings in the world. The largest granite edifice

is the Palace of the Escorial in Spain, but for architectural grace and beauty of artistic conception the buildings just opened by the King and Queen are probably unsurpassed in any country. The Mitchell Tower, which dominates the whole of the college, is a striking feature, rising to a height of 250 feet from the level of the upper quadrangle and 360 feet from the lower. It resembles the Angel Tower at Canterbury or the Victoria Tower at Westminster, but differs from both of these in having a central spire. The door at the foot of the Mitchell Tower leads by means of a stone staircase to the picture gallery, and thence to the Mitchell Hall, which is the graduation or ceremonial chamber. The Mitchell Hall is a spacious apartment 116 feet long by 42 feet wide. The interior walls are of rose-colored granite dull polished and pointed in gold. The ceiling, floor and gallery paneling are all constructed of oak, and the windows are filled with heraldic glass commemorating the history of the University.

SCENE AT LOURDES, WHERE PILGRIMS TO
THE SHRINE ARE CURED OF ALL THEIR ILLS



PARIS, Oct. 12.—This photo shows one of the sights of Lourdes, with the screen made from crutches thrown away by the cured.

EMIGRANT'S BROKEN
HEART WAS HEALED

PARIS, Oct. 12.—A curious little romance was wrapped up in a wedding ceremony which took place at Havre the other day. Some weeks ago a Savoyard emigrant in New York received a letter from his fiancée at home stating that she intended to kill herself because her parents wanted her to marry another man.

The Savoyard whose name is Centenari, took the first available ship home, declaring his intention of shooting himself on his sweetheart's grave should she have carried out her threat.

On the voyage, however, he met a fellow-countrywoman, who was returning home with a comfortable little fortune. They fell in love with each other, and on arriving at Havre were promptly married.

Centenari's happiness was unimpaired with remorse, for awaiting him at Havre he found a letter stating that his fiancée, instead of carrying out her threat to kill herself, had married the "other man," and was satisfied that she had made the right choice.

BAKERS ON STRIKE; BREAD
SUPPLY RAN SHORT

PARIS, Oct. 12.—The little town of Meaux has been without its usual bread supply, owing to a strike of all the journeyman bakers in the district.

The strikers picketed the railway station and forbade any of the incoming passengers bringing bread into the town. In more than one case amusing discoveries have been made by the strikers' pickets.

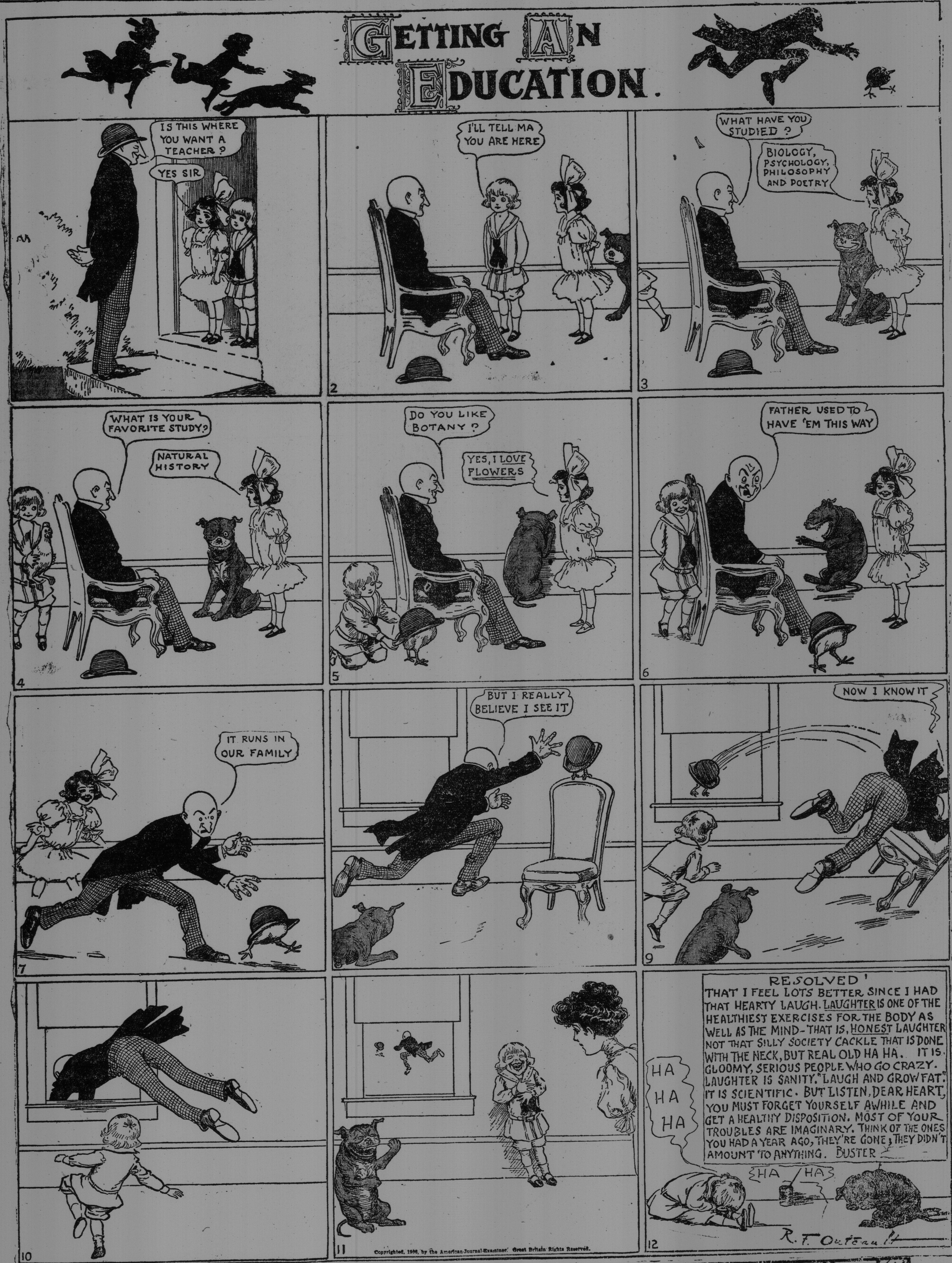
In one instance an old woman alighted from a train carrying what appeared to be twins. The pickets' suspicions were aroused, however, and they discovered that the old woman was in reality a man, who had succeeded in hiding thirty-eight small loaves about his body, while the twins were two of the well-known long rolls termed "pain fendu."

The military authorities are supplying soldiers' bread to the townspeople, but the supply falls far short of the demand, and many families are living on pancakes.

POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2034

THE ST. JOHN STAR



POOR DOCUMENT

M C 2 0 3 4

THE STAR, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1906

Quality, Comfort, Economy

Excellent Value in Style, Beauty, Wear and Satisfaction.

We are selling Agents—direct from maker to consumer—for THE ENTERPRISE FOUNDRY CO., Sackville, N. B., makers of highest quality Stoves and Ranges.

Each Stove is sold with an absolute guarantee that it is perfect in Fit, Finish and Operation, or we will refund the amount paid. A safe, satisfactory, money-saving way to buy a Stove, don't you think?

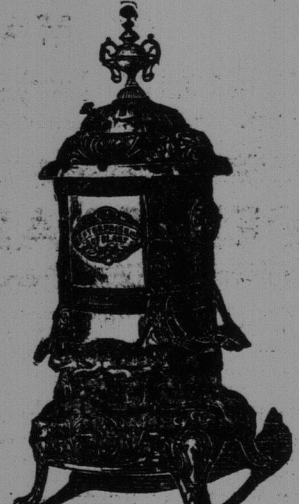


The "Sparkle" Oak.

This popular steel body stove is a member of the "Oak" family. Why this kind of a stove is called an Oak Stove is hard to say, but nearly all Oak Stoves are good heaters, and the "Sparkle Oak" is one of the best of its class.

It is made in four sizes; therefore, if you require a stove for either a small or a large room or a large hall we have the right size to suit.

Will burn either hard or soft coal or wood. Prices range from \$9 to \$16.50.



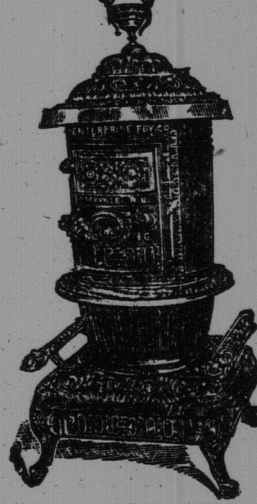
The "Enterprise Hot Blast."

The Stove with Draft in Top. THE GREATEST HEATER EVER MADE.

A good feature about this stove is that the air-tight drafts and dampers so control the fire that one scuttle of coal will hold fire 48 hours, and if a quick, powerful heat is required, it drafts on both top and bottom are opened; everything will be all aglow in five minutes.

Just the stove for this country, where we have first a cold day then a warm one.

Two sizes: \$14.50 and \$16.00.



The "Prize."

Another member of the "Oak" family, and for the last five or six years one of our most popular heaters.

The extra heavy steel body is carefully fitted with asbestos cement and bolts; and the drafts can be adjusted with a screw-like motion so as to make them practically air-tight. Thus excellent control over the fire can be had.

Will burn equally well either hard or soft coal or wood.

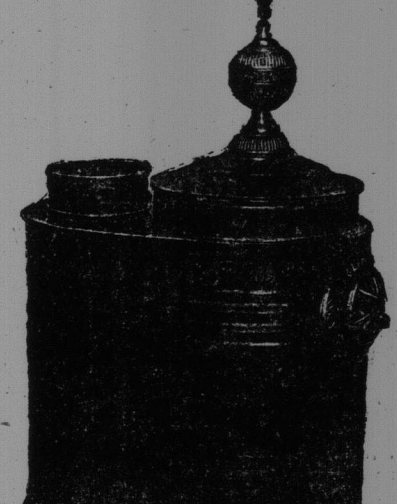
Five sizes: \$9.50 to \$17.00.



The New "Silver Moon"

There are several so-called "just as good" self-feeders on the market, but the "New Silver Moon" is better fitted—its joints won't leak gas as others will, and also the New Silver Moon has a double fire pot, by means of which better control of the fire, and more heat can be had, with less fuel used than in any other similar stove.

Four sizes: \$20 to \$28.



The "Clipper."

This unique sheet-iron stove is adapted for burning wood only, but for wood burning it is the quickest heater ever manufactured. Even a handful of shavings or a bunch of paper will produce a warm, comfortable glow. It is a stronger and much more durable stove than one would think to look at. In fact with ordinary care it will wear many years.

Three sizes: \$23.25, \$4.50 and \$5.75.



The "Magic."

Built on the same heavy working, quick heating plan, as the old-fashioned "Tidy" but with a number of improvements. The fire can be checked by means of the sliding feed door, the "Magic" has an anti-draught door for digging out the ashes and cinders and an ash pan of generous size. Then if nickel trimmings be added it makes the "Magic" an attractive stove, suitable for rooms, offices and small halls.

Three sizes: \$6.25 to \$11.00.



The "Sterling."

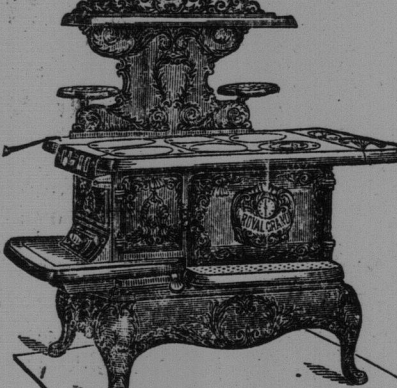
These ranges are sold all over the country. One agent in Ottawa makes this range his leading one, and has had great success with it. Two years ago when the Central Ontario Fair was held in Ottawa they were an exhibit of Sterlings, and were awarded the only diploma given to stoves. That speaks well for lower priced production, and the quality of ranges made by the Enterprise Foundry Co. The Sterling is made in two sizes, with and without top shelves, etc., but all have the detachable nickel rails as shown. Prices from \$25 to \$40.



The "Prince Royal."

Other foundry men have tried to imitate the Prince Royal in appearance, and have in some respects succeeded so well that there are stove dealers who will tell you that they can supply a range just the same as the Prince Royal.

Therefore, in order to get the Enterprise Foundry quality, look for their imprint on both back and front of the range, and if it is there you can be assured that nothing but the best materials and most skilled labor have entered into its construction. Various styles for either wood or coal, ranging in price from \$27 to \$43.



The "Royal Grand."

THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING, ETC.

We have recently completed a partial list of the names of customers who are using this range. We can justly say there is hardly a street in the city in which we have not one or more of these ranges in use giving perfect satisfaction. A good record surely, so come in and get one of these lists. So confident are we that the Royal Grand will work and bake perfectly, that we will stand or fall by what any one of these customers may say regarding it. The Royal Grand burns coal or wood equally well. Sold with or without top shelves, closets, tanks, etc. \$31 to \$47.50.



The "Enterprise Monarch" Steel Range.

The most durable and quickest baking steel range on the market. The pride of each house keeper who possesses one.

Used and endorsed by teachers in domestic science schools throughout the Maritime Provinces. Was used in this city last winter for six weeks the demonstration of Royal Household Flour, and pupils and teachers alike were enthusiastic about its baking qualities. A superior range for coal burning. An ideal range for burning wood. Sold with or without tank, top closet, etc. \$35 to \$52.

Each and every article in our store is marked in plain figures—"One price only", and that the lowest to everybody.

EMERSON & FISHER, Ltd., 25 GERMAIN STREET, The House of Quality.

ROMANTIC SEARCH FOR ST. ETHELDREDA'S BONES

Shrine of the Virgin Queen Disappeared From Ely Cathedral.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—A romantic search for the body of a sainted Queen and the marvellously rich shrine in which it was enclosed is about to be instituted in the hoary cathedral of Ely. Nearly five hundred years ago, when Henry VIII. suppressed the monasteries and issued an edict for the removal of all relics, images, and shrines, Ely Cathedral possessed a venerated relic of great value in the jewel-bedeked shrine of St. Etheldreda, the Virgin Queen. The shrine mysteriously disappeared, and notwithstanding all their exertions the King's men were unable to recover it. From that day to this no one has seen the relic.

Tradition had it that the shrine had been placed in some cunningly-devised hiding-place within the cathedral, and from time to time search has been made for it. Walls have been tapped, the floor has been dug up, and numerous likely places have been thoroughly explored. But disappointment has always attended these efforts.

Now a further attempt is to be made, and the dean, Dr. Stubbs, hopes that it will be successful. At the southwest corner, in the two angles of the facade, are two octagonal towers, with a circular staircase in each. But while in the west tower the staircase goes from top to bottom, in the east the staircase extends only from the top to the first floor. Below this is apparently solid masonry, and it is conjectured that the shrine may be hidden here. The shrine was covered with rich gems, and the silver reliquary blazed with pearls, onyx, beryl, amethyst, and other stones. The corpse of the sainted queen was placed in a sarcophagus of white marble.

UNCLE VOLUNTEERED TO ABDUCT THE BRIDE

GENEVA, Oct. 12.—An amusing abduction occurred recently at Huingue, on the Swiss-German frontier, near Bale, where a wealthy retired merchant, named Felix, was arrested on a charge of carrying off a girl, but was liberated as soon as the facts of the case became known to the police. It appears that the old man's nephew, a shy young man of twenty-three years, fell in love with a girl while on a visit to Neuchâtel, and his sentiments were reciprocated by the girl. The girl's parents, however, refused to allow their daughter to marry, on the ground that she was too young. When the lovesick young man told his trouble to his uncle, the old man, upbraided him for his lack of enterprise, and promised to bring the girl to Huingue within forty-eight hours. Hiring a powerful motor-car, and taking a couple of men with him, Felix left for Neuchâtel, abducted the girl from near her home, and returned within the allotted time. The marriage took place next day.

The girl's parents have forgiven the daughter, who was not in the plot, and everything has ended well.

ST. JOHN RIVER RISEN TWO FEET

Season for Rafting Operations Has Been Most Successful—Teachers' Institute Closed

FREDERICTON, N. B., Oct. 12.—The York-Sunbury Teachers' Institute closed its session this afternoon. Principal Bridges delivered an excellent address, taking for his subject the Cultivation of Memory. The other speakers included Dr. Inch and Inspector Brown. The usual votes of thanks were passed before adjournment.

Bules Hollister of New York returned today from Little River, bringing with him a fine head.

G. Sydney Smith of St. John is among the arrivals at the Queen this evening.

The Cathedral bell was tolled this afternoon in respect to Archbishop Bond, the tolling being during the time of the funeral.

The river has risen nearly two feet in consequence of the recent heavy rains.

Hon. P. G. Ryan is reported this evening as being very low.

It is expected that rafting operations at the Mitchell boom will be completed the last of this month. The season has been a most successful one.

JUDGE STEVENS IN CRITICAL CONDITION

Schooner Maple Leaf Makes Record Run Across Bay of Fundy—Lost Valuable Boat

ST. STEPHEN, Oct. 12.—Hon. Judge Stevens, who has been ill all summer, is in a critical condition.

The schooner Maple Leaf of Parrsboro, N. S., arrived at Red Beach yesterday with plaster. In the gale of Tuesday she made a record run across the bay, covering the distance of one hundred and eight miles from Spencer's Island to Head Harbor in ten hours. When about twenty miles south of St. John one of her boats, sixteen feet long, was washed away and lost.

NEW PRINCIPAL OF DUMB SCHOOL HERE

J. W. Hansell, the new principal of the School for the Deaf, arrived in the city yesterday morning, having come over in the C. P. R. liner Empress of Britain, and is now installed in his new charge.

Mr. Hansell has had eighteen years' experience in his vocation. He began his work as junior assistant in Edinburgh Institute for the Deaf and remained there until accepting his present position. For some time past he had acted in the capacity of head master.

It might be interesting to note that the new principal is one of a family of three who have devoted their time to this work. One is now the head master in the School for the Deaf at Dundee, Scotland. Another taught for a number of years in the Deaf and Dumb Institute at Swansea, and is now missionary to the deaf and dumb at Norwich. Mr. Hansell's father is the minister of the Deaf and Dumb at Edinburgh.

THE LONDON BRIBERY CASE

Cross-Examination of Chairman of Hyman Committee

Swore Crown Counsel Tried to Force Him to Tell Story of Bribery in Way to Please Prosecution

TORONTO, Oct. 12.—Francis Jones, chairman of the Hyman committee in division eight, ward two, in the London by-election was called by E. A. Duvernay, prosecuting for the attorney general, this morning.

Jones is said to be a cap manufacturer in London. He entered the witness box after half a dozen London electors had told the story of the bribery. One of these electors, Charles White, swore that when Collins and Mulloy offered him ten dollars and wanted to know who should have charge of it until after the election White mentioned Jones, and Jones was accordingly called in from his room. Jones admitted holding the envelope, but swore that he had no knowledge of its contents. He was simply told to

give it to White, and he did not give it to him on the spot, because White was then going out of the door. Jones would not swear that more was not told him. He was asked if he knew what Collins and Mulloy were doing with the electors in the other room, and his reply was that he surmised. He told the court that it was a recognized fact that in every election there were people looking for what they could get, and they usually got it. He had objected to Collins "having anything to do" with one, Gatecliffe, Conservative, who "might squeal". The only money he received was \$48 for the expenses of the committee rooms and staff. Jones declared in a positive manner that Duvernay the crown counsel, had threatened in the witness room to have him indicted for perjury if he did not tell all he knew in a way to please the crown prosecutor.

Duvernay declared this to be untrue. "Did I not tell you," he said, "that you would be indicted if you did not tell the truth; that I had witnesses to corroborate some questions on which you would be examined?"

Witness maintained that Duvernay had wanted him to tell the truth in a way to please the crown counsel. The inquiry was adjourned till Monday.

A pleasant surprise party was tendered Mrs. Eliza Burrow, provincial commander of the ladies Maccabees, at the home of Mrs. W. H. Reid, Castle street, on Monday evening. Those present included the members of the society, their husbands and a number of friends. A very enjoyable evening was spent, music and other entertainment being provided. Refreshments were served.

ST. JOHN STAR, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1906.

FIVE

Slippers, With Scarlet Fur Trimming and Irvine Soles.

Women's, 75c; Girls, 60c; Children's, 50c.

Each season our sales on these necessary foot warmers reach up into the thousands of pairs. There are so many uses they can be put to. The bath and bedroom are incomplete without them.

They Are a Necessity. Not a Luxury.

Children put their feet into them on rising in the morning, and are happy until it is time to put on their boots. Mothers keep them at the side of the bed ready to use at a moment's notice.

Waterbury & Rising,
King Street, Union Street

"Silent" Parlor Matches.

Nothing More.

SCHOFIELD BROS.,

SELLING AGENTS. ST. JOHN, N. B.

CASHMERE HOSE, Good Weight, 25c pair; Strong Ribbed Wool Hose, all sizes, for Boys; Pretty Soft Wool Gloves, for Winter; Cashmere Gloves, Reindeer finish, 45c. pair; Furline Gloves, 15c. pair.

A. B. WETMORE'S, 59 Garden Street,

To Be Comfortable these cool nights you should get under one of our **Warm Comfortables.** Sateen covered, warranted pure batting filling, nicely quilted. **Prices, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$3.25 each.**

E. O. PARSONS,
West End.

ARE YOU GOING TO BUY WALL PAPER?

If so, we have dozens of remnants to which we invite your inspection. We are selling them at **just half price.**

Window Shades in cloth complete from 25c up.

A. McARTHUR, - 548 Main Street.

HEARST AND MORAN BOTH ACCEPT NOMINATION

ELMHURST, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Wm. Randolph Hearst today formally accepted the Democratic nomination for Governor of New York State in a letter addressed to W. J. Conover, of the Democratic state committee, and made public here late this afternoon. The letter in part follows:

"I accept the nomination of the Democratic party bearing in mind the record of that great party in the past and knowing that the membership of the party is determined still to be ruled by the principles of Jefferson and Jackson, and guided by Democracy's ideas. The greatest good of the greatest number."

"I cannot be denied that certain individuals and classes have at times secured control of the machinery of the Democratic party and attempted to use it for their personal and class profit. The duty of true democrats is to deprive of all authority within the party those that represent only special interests and that seek to promote such interests at the expense of the general welfare."

"The democratic convention at Buffalo did this thing in a most conspicuous and effective manner. Democrats, so-called but seekers after special privilege in reality, were driven over into the Republican party where those of their class flourish."

"Today we see again the effort to deprive the people of self government, and to vest the powers of government in the hands of corporation attorneys representing special interests."

"This un-American condition reached its climax in the State of New York as illustrated in the New York City election last year. Upon that occasion the disbeliever of the trusts in the ability or the right of the people to govern themselves extended even to taking away from the people the right to vote and to have their votes counted."

"The activity of trusts in politics and their power in government has been unfortunately great, and very plain to all recent years. The trusts absolutely inimical to the public welfare have been able to dominate in both parties by giving special rewards to unscrupulous bosses and thus nominating on both sides candidates subsequently controlled by the trusts."

"I promise faithfully, if elected, to do all that I can as a citizen of the United States in office to realize and apply the great principles of the historic Democratic party."

"And I pledge myself to work with others to rid the Democratic party, and so far as possible all branches of government, of that plutocratic trust element that seeks to rule both parties and to destroy the Democratic party utterly."

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—District Attorney John B. Moran late tonight formally announced his acceptance of the nomination for Governor tendered him by the Democratic State Convention. For several days there has been considerable doubt as to whether Mr. Moran would remain in the field.

Tonight he sent out a letter of acceptance to John P. Peeney, chairman of the Democratic state convention and to the delegates to that body. The letter is as follows:

"I accept the nomination tendered me by the Democratic state convention and now express my appreciation of the high honor the Democracy of the state has conferred on me in placing its standard in my care."

"Your platform of principles coincides with that published by me in July. Every plank it was known to the Democrats who in caucus elected delegates instructed in my favor and for the platform."

"I am attached in no way to either Mr. Bryan or Mr. Hearst."

"I regret my inability to pay all reasonable, necessary expenses for an economical and properly conducted campaign, but so far as I may be able, I shall contribute."

"This should, of course, be a speaking campaign."

"Owing to my poor physical condition an occasional speech is all that I can promise, my physician tells me, without permanent injury to my already broken health."

"A long pull and a strong pull together will place our entire list of candidates in office."

"With renewed assurances of my appreciation of the honor you have conferred on me, I am,

Yours respectfully,
JOHN B. MORAN."

COMMERCIAL.

THE TIMBER TRADES.

Farnworth & Jardine's Liverpool wood circular of October 1st, has the following:

The arrivals from British North America during the past month have been 25,000 tons register, against 25,000 tons register during the corresponding month last year, and the aggregate tonnage to this date from all places during the years 1904, 1905, and 1906 has been 281,577, 390,825 and 423,596 tons respectively.

The business of the past month has been of an uneventful character. Importations on a liberal scale have been met by a good demand, and stocks, with few exceptions, are within moderate compass; values all round are well maintained.

Canadian woods—pine timber—Waney pine has again been imported on a large scale almost entirely to Manchester, and on contract. First class wood—The import is entirely on merchant's account and goes direct into consumption; values are maintained.

Second class wood has been imported moderately; values are well maintained. Square pine has not been imported; there is a moderate demand, and values are firm. Red pine has not been imported; there is very little enquiry for this wood. Oak—There has been no import during the past month; the consumption has been satisfactory, and the stock is considerably reduced; values remain unchanged. Elm has not been imported; the consumption has been disappointing, and stocks are sufficient; values remain unaltered.

Red pine deals—No change to report, and the demand has not been improved.

New Brunswick and Nova Scotia spruce and pine deals—The import to the Mersey during the past month aggregated to 31,000 standards (more than half this quantity going to Manchester direct). There has been a steady demand during the month, and the consumption has been satisfactory, but the stock remains on the heavy side; values are unchanged. Pine deals—For these there is only a moderate demand at present.

The sales during the past month have been as follows, viz.:—Quebec pine, elm, ash, red pine. No sales to report.

Birch timber—Logs—Sales on private terms. Planks at about 27 c. i. f. Spruce deals—St. John, N. B., and Halifax, consignments by liners, at from 28 to 28 1/2 c. i. f., according to specification.

The latest estimates of the wealth of the three countries are as follows:—Bank of France—Capital, \$35,000,000; circulation, \$71,000,000; deposits, \$12,700,000; total specie, \$78,800,000; loans, \$221,500,000.

Bank of Germany—Capital, \$25,000,000; circulation, \$38,700,000; deposits, \$14,800,000; total specie, \$237,700,000; loans, \$225,000,000.

Bank of England—Capital, \$70,000,000; circulation, \$150,700,000; deposits, \$223,500,000; total specie, \$185,800,000; loans, \$187,000,000.

ONLY FIVE MORE.

The Imperial Bank is opening a branch at Brandon, Man.

The Union Bank is opening a branch at Cowley, Alta.

The Bank of Toronto is opening a branch at Quill Lake, Sask.

The Merchants Bank of Canada is opening branches at Lauder and Newdale, Man.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 12.—Dr. R. H. Pierce, a prominent dentist of this city, was drowned in Rice Lake late yesterday. Dr. Pierce two years ago was chosen Grand Sentinel Sagamore of the Improved Order of Red Men of the United States.

Great interest is already aroused over the announcement that roller sports will be held at the St. John's Rollaway on Thanksgiving night. Not for over twenty years have there been roller sports here, and the younger generation have never seen them. A large number of entries have already been received. The entry list closes on Tuesday night at 10 o'clock. Arrangements for practice and the use of skates can be made with the rink manager. The prizes for the various events will be on exhibition in a King street store on Monday.

Ebony Upright Piano and Old Mahogany Household Furniture

AT RESIDENCE—By Auction. I am instructed by Mrs. Henry McCollough to sell by auction, at her residence, No. 4 Dorchester Street, on Friday, Oct. 13, at 10 o'clock a. m.—Ebony Upright Piano, Old Mahogany Sideboard, do, do, Dining Table, do, do, Chairs, do, do, Bedstead, Sofa, do, Lounges, Bedding, Springs, Mattresses, Carpets, Rugs, Pictures, Curtains, Easy Chairs, Wardrobes, Ranges, and the small household furnishings.

T. T. LANTALUM, Auctioneer, Office, Chubb's Corner, Phone, 750, 13-10-5.

There Are Many Reasons

Why our milk cannot be excelled in quality. It comes from the best dairy section of Kings Co., and is handled from the cow to the consumer with every precaution against infection.

Tel 255. — 158 Pond St.

Sussex Milk & Cream Co.,
Phone 622. 158 Pond St.

Our New High-Class Dress Skirts---Beautifully Made French Venetians.

We feel sure in saying that St. John has never before seen such values in fine all wool French Venetian Skirts.

This is an entirely new line of goods shown here this season, for the first time.

At \$5.75—Fine all wool French venetian skirt with very neat tailored yoke and plain front; tucks on each seam flaring at bottom—black and navy.

At \$6.85—Fine all wool venetian skirt made with box pleats down front and clusters of tailored pleats down each side—black and navy.

At \$4.50—Special all wool French venetian skirt, green, navy, wine shade or black, 9 gores with 1/2 inch tucks on each seam—trimmed straps and covered buttons.

At \$7.50—Beautifully made French venetian skirt with plain fitted yoke and clusters of five tucks down each side of panels—flaring pleats on each seam.

Misses' Skirts---Special.

Pretty light and dark grey tweeds, **\$2.65, \$3.98**
French venetian—navy or wine shade, **3.75**
Navy or black vicuna skirts—neatly made, ... **1.98**

Great Sale Mill Samples of Women's and Children's Fall Underwear.

Come tonight if you wish to participate in this mill sample sale of winter underwear.

You can save from 20 to 30 per cent on your winter's outfit.

There are two and three of each kind or style in this lot of manufacturers' samples. You will have the chance of getting matched suits.

Children's fall underwear also, at a saving of 20 or 30 per cent.

Ladies' Vests and Drawers, **18c to 95c**
Children's Vests and Drawers, **12c to 50c**
Ladies' Combinations, **60c to \$1.00**
Men's Knitted Night Shirts, **75c to \$1.20**

Rear Store.

New French Wool Plaid Dress Goods ---Just in.

New dark green and blue tartans, such as the "42nd," "Forbes," "Gordon," &c., came to hand yesterday and are just the very styles people are looking for—the cloth is fine and soft with broad-cloth finish.

Price 75c, 80c Yard.

2,000 Yards American Waistings, New Designs and Perfectly Fast Colors.

These are not flannelettes, but regular American waistings—Creponettes, Serges, &c.
Many in pretty designs on cream ground.

Special 15c Yard.

Silk Draperies for Mantels, Piano Draperies, &c.

Handsome Chrysanthemum patterns and Arabian designs in drapery silks—the prettiest selection shown for some time—nearly a yard wide.

75c Yard.

F. W. DANIEL & CO.,
London House, Charlotte St.

TWEED HATS!



As each Fall comes around these hats become more popular, and it is little wonder they are so handy, comfortable, durable and inexpensive.

This Fall we are showing them in two dressy patterns, one dark, the other a medium color, in a good medium shape, suitable to most any man.

They are English made, and stand knocking about.

\$1.50 Each.

D. MAGEE'S SONS,
Manufacturing Furriers, - - - 63 King Street.

PERSONALS

Miss Ida May Irene Freeze, Doaktown, and Miss Lottie E. Lawson, Sackville, were among the nurses to receive diplomas last evening at the Toronto General Hospital for Nurses.

John D. Purdy, who went to England with his daughter, returned home yesterday, landing at Rimouski on Thursday afternoon from the C. P. R. liner Empress of Britain.

Alex. Fowler and Stanley Emerson returned yesterday from an extended trip through the West.

Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Skinner returned yesterday from a trip to United States cities.

Mrs. A. M. Pound, of Vancouver, arrived on Thursday from Toronto and is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Gorham.

Mr. and Mrs. George McAvity will leave on Monday to spend a short time in Montreal.

Mrs. Roy Skinner will receive her friends on Tuesday and Wednesday, October 16 and 17.

Mrs. Vassie is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Marler Bancroft, of Quebec.

Mrs. W. S. Ferris, of the North End, is spending a few weeks in Queens Co. Captain James Chapman, of Newcastle, Queens county, is in the city.

Miss Mary McGuire, who came here to attend the funeral of the Miss Quinn last week returned to Boston by last evening's train.

Miss Miriam Morris, daughter of the Rev. W. H. S. Morris, of Shelburne, N. S., arrived in Rothesay with her mother Thursday. She is to be a pupil at Netherwood, the Rothesay School for Girls.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry I. Bridges are at the Clifton House for the winter, after spending the summer at Westfield.

Miss Nettie V. Hatfield is visiting friends in Truro.

Miss Gertrude Mullin, of Paradise Row, went to Boston yesterday.

Ralph Fowler, a popular goldsmith of the R. K. Y. C., left last evening for New York, where he will spend the winter.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 12.—With a terrific crash 100 pounds of dynamite were exploded on the Wabash bridge being erected by the American Bridge Co. near Clairton. The explosion was supposed to be engineered by strikers. No lives were lost because the wreckers bound the two watchmen and carried them to a safe distance before the work was begun. The bridge was not materially damaged.

Don't be Deceived.
Insist upon having the very best cloths procurable for the least money when having a suit or costume tailored. If you apply this test you

PIANOS!

**SPLENDID BARGAINS
THIS WEEK.**

**FIVE USED PIANOS
FROM \$50.00 UP.**

Come at once and get first choice. Easy terms for payment given.

Also a number of Upright Pianos to Rent. Terms Reasonable. If you buy within one year all rent paid will be allowed from price.

W. H. BELL,
79 Germain St. - St. John.

W. E. Nankerville presented The Village Parson at the Opera House last night to a large audience who showed their appreciation by curtain calls. Frank Woods as Rev. Tom Godley, the village parson, was excellent, while James O'Neil as Felix Gordon, polished in ragtime, performed his part well. May Murrie, as the parson's wife, is a clever, emotional actress and made a hit. The other members of the cast were good in their respective parts and the performance will be repeated tonight.

SKIRTS! SKIRTS!

A splendid lot of Skirts, wonderfully low priced. A great variety for choice. Little prices to pay and a good array of styles. All sizes in stock.

WOMEN'S SKIRTS \$1.95, \$2.40, \$2.98, \$3.38, \$3.95, \$4.25, \$4.50.
MISSES' SKIRTS \$1.65, \$1.95, \$2.00, \$2.15.

NEW SHIRT WAISTS

JUST OPENED.

The elaborate as well as the plainest styles in fall and winter waists are now being shown in good varieties so that none should be disappointed in making a selection. You won't pay other stores' prices when you see these.

FLANNELETTE WAISTS 50c, 75c, 90c, 95c, \$1.00, \$1.10.
CREAM LUSTRE WAISTS 95c and \$1.10.
FANCY COLORED WAISTS (wool m. material) \$1.40, \$1.75, \$1.85.
WHITE SILK WAISTS \$1.90 and \$2.50.
BLACK LUSTRE WAISTS \$1.10, \$1.45, \$1.85.
BLACK SATTEEN WAISTS \$1.10, \$1.45.

Dress Goods! Dress Goods!

If it is dress material of any kind you require, then come here. We can show you an assortment comprising the most popular materials in staple or fancy goods.

PLAIN COLORED GOODS 25, 28, 35, 50, 60, 80, 90c. yard.
TWEED SUITINGS in great variety 22 to 95c. yard.
PLAIN GREY TWEEDS (38 inches wide) 95c and \$1.10 yard.
PLAIN COLORED LUSTRE 20, 25, 40, 45, 55, 60c. yard.
FANCY WOOL WAISTINGS 30, 35, 40, 42, 45, 50c. yard.
BLACK VENETIANS 55, 60, 65, 80c. yard.
BLACK SERGES 25 to 75c. yard.
BLACK SICILIANS AND LUSTRES 30 to 80c. yard.
PLAIDS 18, 28, 30, 50, 55c. yard.
FANCY FLANNELETES 10, 12, 14, 15, 18, 20, 22c. yard.

S. W. McMackin
(Successor to Sharp & McMackin.)

335 Main St., - North End.

The Canadian Drug Co.

Is Ready for Business

Our new premises are completed and an entirely new stock of goods is ready for our patrons.

Orders will be filled immediately upon receipt and every endeavor will be made to give complete satisfaction to all.

We are headquarters for all that is best in

Drugs, Patent Medicines

Toilet Articles

Druggist's Sundries, Etc.

Give the CANADIAN DRUG CO. your business and be assured of high-quality of goods and prompt service.

Address all correspondence to

THOMAS GIBBARD, Manager

The Canadian Drug Co., Ltd.

70-72 Prince William St. P. O. Box 187 St. John, N. B.

9,500 YARDS MORE DREDGING NEEDED AT NO. 2 AND 3 BERTHS

Results of Soundings Caused Consternation to the Board of Trade Council When Presented to Them — Hon. Mr. Emmerson Wires That He Has Made Arrangements for the Necessary Dredging to be Done at Long Wharf.

At a meeting of the council of the Board of Trade last night the tabulated results of the soundings taken by Director Cushing and Victor Master, representing the city, and Messrs. Brown and McKinnon, representing the C. P. R., were presented through the courtesy of the C. P. R. officials.

The results of the soundings caused no little consternation at the meeting. It was calculated that there still remains along No. 2 and No. 3 berths, on which the soundings were taken, about 9,500 yards yet to be dredged out to give 30 feet of water for 80 feet from the wharf. This calculation was based upon soundings taken at 20, 40, 60 and 80 feet from the side of the wharf.

Of this 9,500 yards about half was found to be on No. 2 and half on No. 3. Near the wharf a full 30 feet was found on nearly all the soundings, and in some places it was considerably deeper. As the distance increased from the wharf there was a fairly regular decrease in the depth of water, till at some places there was only twenty feet found. It was estimated that one-half of the 9,500 yards lies between the 60 and 80 feet distances from the side of the wharf.

Director Cushing stated at the council meeting on Saturday last that to complete the dredging to 30 feet at No. 2 and No. 3 Sand Point berths for a distance of seventy feet from the wharf there only remained somewhat over 1,000 yards to be dredged. The result of the latest soundings would, however, seem to show considerably over that amount within the seventy feet.

The reason that the last soundings were taken to a distance of eighty feet was that Mr. Mayer's contract goes to within that distance of the present site and thus of the eighty feet were dredged, the whole of the new Sand Point slip which will be between Sand Point and the new Clark wharf will be dredged to a depth of thirty feet.

DIAMOND DYES

FOR SUCCESSFUL HOME DYEING

THE ONLY PERFECT DYES FOR COLORING WOOL SILK COTTON AND MIXED GOODS

ASK FOR THE CELEBRATED DIAMOND DYES REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES

Director Cushing's Statement

After last night's meeting of the Board of Trade Director Cushing was seen by a Sun reporter and informed of the results as presented to the board. The director repeated his assurance that there only remains somewhat over one thousand yards to be done at berths 2 and 3.

Asked to how such a statement was consistent with the soundings as tabulated by the C. P. R. engineers, Director Cushing said that all the water which is required at Sand Point is a depth of thirty feet for a distance of fifty feet only from the side of the wharf and that within that distance there only remains one thousand yards to be completed.

The soundings at No. 1 and No. 4 were not taken on Thursday by the engineers and no doubt remains as to how much work must be done there. According to the statement made by Director Cushing at the board meeting last week the amount of dredging to be done at No. 1 was almost nil while at No. 4 about three thousand yards to give the thirty feet depth for the distance of seventy feet.

The reason which has been given by the C. P. R. for wishing the dredging continued out to the 80 feet distance is that they wish to dock their Empress steamers alongside of a pontoon and the statement was also made that two steamers could be docked alongside.

The director, however, said that was as much chance of the moon turning to green cheese as the C. P. R. adopting such a plan to freight their steamers.

Director Cushing said that the berths were in far better condition already than they were last year. The director said that he had no intention with the city dredge, which can take out only about 300 yards a day, to attempt to clean the berths out to a distance of 80 feet.

The director said that J. S. Gibbon & Co.'s dredge, the Orange Peel, would probably be put on Monday or Tuesday, but added there no great expectation could be built upon her.

Dredging at Long Wharf

Common Clerk Wardrop yesterday received the following communication from Hon. H. R. Emmerson, minister of railways, in reply to the letter written by him at the request of council calling attention to the fact that Long wharf needed dredging:

"Dear Sir—Your letter of the 5th instant with reference to dredging at the Intercolonial railway berth, etc., in the harbor of St. John has been duly received. This matter has my personal attention when I was in St. John and all provision was made for the necessary dredging.

Yours faithfully,
H. R. EMMERSON."

This reply was heard with a great deal of pleasure at City Hall, and there

ANOTHER BIG BANK MERGER

Bank of Montreal Will Absorb Ontario Bank

Has Offered to Take Over Liabilities and Assets of That Concern—General Manager Blamed

TORONTO, Oct. 12.—The Ontario Bank is to be absorbed by the Bank of Montreal. Negotiations have been in progress for some days. The Bank of Montreal will take over the Ontario Bank and all its branches, guaranteeing its accounts. Head officials of the Bank of Montreal will be in Toronto tomorrow to complete details of the transfer.

Ontario Bank stock sold yesterday in 10 and 15 share lots at 123 and 123½. Ontario Bank stock offered this morning at 124½, no bids. The above figures represent an eight point drop in the price of Ontario Bank stock. The record on the tape gave a rude jolt to brokers who were watching the tickers this morning.

The trouble arises over stock speculation in New York by Charles McGill, general manager, who has been under police surveillance for several days. The Bank of Montreal pay \$150,000 for the good will and assume all liabilities.

If assets show a surplus it will be divided among the shareholders of the Ontario bank. McGill's expectation was a million and a half, with a rest fund of seven hundred thousand dollars. It is said the rest fund is about wiped out.

The officers of the bank are: President, G. R. R. Cockburn; vice president, Donald MacKay; general manager, C. McGill; inspector, R. B. Coldwell; directors, R. D. Perry, Hon. R. Harcourt, R. Grass, Thos. Walmaley, John Flett.

On May 31st, 1906, the bank had a net circulation of \$1,188,465.58; deposits bearing interest, \$1,899,665.58; deposits bearing interest, \$10,383,701.53. With Dominion government it had \$70,000 on deposit to secure its note circulation.

The lowest price that the Ontario stock went this year was 123, in January. In May last year, stock also went down to the same figure.

The extent of Manager McGill's market operations or those carried on with Ontario Bank money are not known and it is doubtful if even the bank's directors have yet been able to determine them, but in conservative banking circles the expectation was freely expressed that very little of the bank reserve of \$700,000 would be found intact. While the directors of the Ontario Bank appear to have been entirely ignorant of the extensive speculation with the bank's funds, the conduct of the general manager has been a basis of considerable gossip in brokerage and financial circles. But that the bank's funds were involved to the extent now suspected did not seem possible. So far as can be learned, the speculation was mostly the in N. Y. stock market. That under the recent market conditions any speculator should have lost the sum now talked of seems so improbable to the on-looker that belief is current that these speculations have extended over a term of years.

That the directors themselves, who are honorable men, have been completely deceived about the bank's position is shown by their action in increasing the dividend rate last spring from 7 to 7½ per cent. Local brokerage firms seem to have been equally led astray, for just before that event they issued a circular, reviewing the bank's progress and stating that "it seems likely directors will see place shares on 1 per cent. dividend basis," and adding: "In view of foregoing we feel shares should steadily advance from present basis to not less than 150."

was considerable satisfaction that this wharf would be prepared for the season. It was stated yesterday that an effort would be made or had been made to bring the dredge W. S. Fielding, now at Pictou here for the work. This new dredge, which digs at sixty feet, would make short work of the job and could complete it within a week and might perhaps even be obtained for Sand Point.

Upon inquiry at Ottawa, last night The Sun was informed that the contract for this dredging has not yet been awarded, but that offers are under the consideration of Hon. Mr. Emmerson and that it is understood that he would make arrangements for the work to be begun at once, as he is of the opinion there should be dredging without delay on the eastern side.

About Union Street

Ald. McDermott said last night that nothing further had been done by the sub-committee in negotiations with the Carleton lessees for this strip of land 20 feet wide and 200 feet long. The leases expire on November first and there is feeling among some that it would be less expensive in the end if the whole property was then taken over, as it is property which the dry dock would require or which, if it is not, may soon be needed by the C. P. R. as yard space or for a second elevator.

PILES

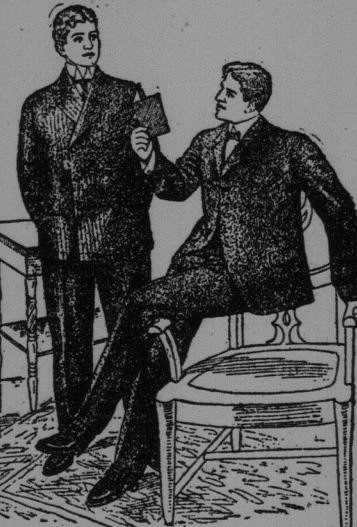
Are brought on by Constipation and Constipation is caused by a weak stomach.

HERNER'S DYSPESIA CURE

restores the stomach to its normal condition and cures Constipation and Piles. Price 35c. and \$1.00 per bottle at all druggists.

Clothing for Men

Who - Regard - Styleand - Economy.....



The man with \$8, \$10 or \$15 as his limit for a new Suit or Overcoat will find that he can get more for his limit here than can be obtained in other stores for \$2 to \$5 more than our price. This is a pretty strong claim to make but we put our whole energy back of it and back of the effort that made it true. Come and see for yourself. The more you know about woollens and tailorings the quicker you will agree that we have rather understated than overstated the truth. Our display of Fall and Winter Clothing is complete and includes all the best popular materials. Every Garment WARRANTED to hold shape and color and to give absolute satisfaction OR YOUR MONEY BACK

MEN'S Suits, single or double breasted models, comprising all the new colorings in grey, fancy mixed stripes and overplaids in exclusive designs, shown only in highest class clothing. Our prices:

\$6.50, 7.50, 9.00 and 10.00.

Men's Black Suits, cut single or double-breasted—long coats with shaped backs, low buttoning lapels, deep side or centre vents. Fabrics are Worsteads and soft finish Cheviots. Our prices:

\$10.00, 12.00 and 15.00.

Men's Hand-Tailored Fashionable Suits, exclusive designs, lined with excellent quality of venetian or serge. Our price:

\$10.00, 12.00 to 18.00.

Men's Top Coats, in coverts, tans, gray mixtures and overplaids; also the new French gray shade in popular lengths. Our price:

\$8.00 and 10.00.

Men's fine finished Black Overcoats, medium weights, fine serge or venetian linings, also silk and satin lined. Our price:

\$8.00, 10.00, 12.00 and 15.00.

New Fall Rain Coats, every garment correct in style. Sizes to fit men of all builds. Our price:

\$7.50 to 12.00.

Men's Winter Weight Overcoats, 50 inches long, made of fancy tweeds, this season's latest cut. Our price:

\$5.00, 6.50 to 10.00.

Men's Overcoats, 52-inches long, made of the imported Tweeds and Vicunas; in fancy gray checks, bronze checks and overplaids. Our price:

\$10.00 and 12.00.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY.

High-class hand-tailored Overcoats, made by us in our own tailory by skilled tailors, the goods are the finest of this season's importation, made in different lengths and styles. Our price:

\$10.00, 12.00, 13.50 to 16.00.

Hundreds of men limited to \$10 for a Suit, Overcoat or Top-coat have proven by wear the worth of our garments. Our line is the best to be seen in the city.

Men's Imported Winter Vests, heavy flannel lined, in fancy and plain colors. Our prices:

\$1.50 to 3.50.

American Clothing House,

Outfitters to Men, Youths and Boys,
11 to 12 CHARLOTTE ST. - - ST. JOHN, N. B.

REV. MR. MARR ACCEPTS QUEEN SQUARE CALL

Officially Notified Quarterly Board Last Night—Rev. Mr. Campbell Will Remain Until June

Rev. Hedy D. Marr, now pastor of Carleton Methodist church, has accepted the call to Queen square church. Rev. Mr. Marr wrote to Ald. Bullock last evening, stating that he had accepted the call.

Mr. Marr has been stationed in the Carleton Methodist church for the past three years. Previous to that time he was at Woodstock. He graduated from Mt. Allison University in 1885, assuming charge of a mission at Kingsclear, where he remained for some time. He was then transferred to the Courtenay Bay district, where he remained several years, after which he received the call from Woodstock.

Rev. G. M. Campbell retains the pastorate of Queen square church until the meeting of conference in June. He will, however, assume the direction of the Bible Society work for the district covered by his new appointment on the first of March while still carrying along his church duties.

DR. R. C. WELDON WILL OPPOSE FIELDING

Nominated at Shelburne Convention Yesterday—Few Delegates Were Present at the Meeting

HALIFAX, Oct. 12.—Dr. R. C. Weldon, dean of Dalhousie Law School, and former M. P. for Albert, N. B., was nominated at the convention at Shelburne today to oppose Hon. W. S. Fielding in the by-election on Oct. 31st. Less than one dozen delegates from each of the two counties were present. There was strong opposition on the part of leading conservatives to contest, but the nomination of Dr. Weldon was practically forced upon them. All arrangements for the same are being made in Halifax. It is reported that Dr. Weldon has received assurances from opposition leaders of a safe seat in Ontario at the next election. His friends in Halifax deeply regret that he has allowed himself to be made the tool of those who are promoting the factious opposition to the minister of finance.

FREDERICTON SUFFERED AS WELL AS ST. JOHN.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Oct. 12.—Owing to the trouble with the gas mains yesterday there was no gas obtainable last night for illuminating work. The result was that the post office service was crippled, as gas is used for illuminating in the government building. Postmaster Edwards today recommended to the authorities at Ottawa the necessity of installing electric lighting at the federal building in the immediate future.

O'CONNOR SPEAKS ON HOME RULE

MONTREAL, Oct. 12.—T. P. O'Connor, Irish member of the British parliament, this evening addressed a large meeting in St. Patrick's Hall in the interest of home rule. Hon. R. W. Scott, Secretary of State, presided. A generous subscription to the home rule cause was made by the meeting. The subscription list was headed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier with a donation of fifty dollars.

RAIL CANADA EXCURSION VIA THE ATLANTIC

Portland & EXCURSION VIA THE ATLANTIC

GOING RET. 30 Days Date of Issue

Sept. 18th to Oct. 18th.

From St. John, N. B. To Portland and Return, - \$ 8.50 Boston and Return, - \$10.50

Equally low rates from other points

Tickets issued from St. John, Fredericton, Moncton, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, and intermediate stations, and from all Stations on the Intercolonial, P. E. Island and Dominion Atlantic Railways.

For full particulars apply to W. H. C. MACKAY, or write to W. B. HOWARD, Asst. D.P.A., C.P.R., St. John, N. B.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, Oct. 14th, 24th, 1896, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted), as follows:

TRAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN.

No. 6—Mixed train to Moncton ... 6.30

No. 2—Express for Halifax, Campbellton, Pt. du Chene and the Sydney ... 7.00

No. 25—Express for Point du Chene, Halifax and Pictou ... 12.25

No. 8—Express for Sussex ... 17.10

No. 14—Express for Quebec and Montreal, also Pt. du Chene ... 19.00

No. 10—Express for Moncton, the Sydney and Halifax ... 23.25

TRAINS ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN.

No. 9—From Halifax, Pictou and the Sydney ... 6.30

No. 7—Express from Sussex ... 7.00

No. 123—Express from Montreal, Quebec and Pt. du Chene ... 13.45

No. 5—Mixed from Moncton ... 16.20

No. 25—Express from Halifax, Pictou, Pt. du Chene and Campbellton ... 21.40

No. 1—Express from Moncton ... 21.20

No. 11—Mixed from Moncton (daily) 4.00

All trains run by Atlantic Standard Time. 24.00 o'clock is midnight. Through sleeper will run between St. John and Montreal in connection with Canada's famous train, the Maritime Express, Nos. 134 and 133, via Intercolonial Railway.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, 3 KING street, St. John, N. B. Telephone 271. GEORGE CARVILL, C. T. A.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Return Tickets will be sold at FIRST CLASS ONE WAY FARE, (made to end in 0 or 5)

Good going Oct. 17th, and 18th, Good for Return until Oct. 22nd.

On all stations on the System and to Detroit, Port Huron, Sault Ste. Marie, and Port Arthur, Ont., and points in Canada east thereof on the G. T. R. and C. P. R., also to points on the Dominion Atlantic, Intercolonial Railway & Coal Co., Sydney & Louisburg Railway, Halifax & Southwestern Railway, Cape Breton Railway, Transatlantic Railway and Prince Edward Island Railway. 10-10-5

EASTERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY INTERNATIONAL DIVISION.

Autumn Excursions

Effective until Oct. 19, 1906.

Tickets good to return 30 days from date of issue.

St. John to Portland and return \$5.00.

St. John to Boston and return \$6.00.

Steamers leave St. John at 8 a. m., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Lunenburg, Portland and Boston.

RETURNING

From Boston at 9 a. m., Fri. Portland, Eastport and Lunenburg, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

All cargo except live stock, via the steamers of this company, is insured against fire and marine risk.

W. G. LEE, Agent, St. John, N. B.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

MIRAMICHI RIVER GAS BUOYS.

The Gas Buoys on the Horse Shoe Bar, Miramichi River, will be removed on or about the 7th November next, and Spar Buoys will be moored in their places.

F. J. HARDING, Agent Dept. Marine & Fisheries. 11-10-3

"My wife," said a well known business man, "reads the advertisements as conscientiously and as carefully as she does the news. She considers it safer to buy of advertisers, for she feels that the seller who advertises is more likely to treat her honestly, and give her her full money's worth than the dealer who does not advertise. My wife is a reasoning woman," continued the gentleman, "and she reasons that the man who advertises has confidence in his goods and therefore has the best goods for the money."

PATERSON'S COUGH DROPS

Not more made, though they are sold in a few small shops, and a man about 100 years old, who says he has been coughing since he was a boy, time consumed in the advertisement.

THEY WILL CURE

ST. JOHN STAR, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1906.

SEVEN

Royal Household Flour

Best for Bread & Pastry

THE OLIVE FLOUR MILLS CO. LTD. MONTREAL.

FOWLER, DEFIANT, FACES INSURANCE COMMISSION

Star Chamber. He Called It. Inspired by Political Motives—Refused to Give Information, But Was Over-ruled.

Angry Passage Between Witness and Shepley—Fowler Practically Admits All that Was Charged, but Defends Deals as Legitimate Business—Got Tip from D. D. Mann and Favors from Shaughnessy—Admits He Made \$55,000 on Kamloops Deal, but Denies Agency and Refuses to Tell Who Shared in Profits

TORONTO, Oct. 12.—Geo. W. Fowler entered the insurance commission court this morning with the shadow of jail walls or a fine hanging over him for contempt. This did not seem to affect him. He escaped punitive action, and he told Mr. Shepley on the stand it was his opinion there was a good deal of politics in the whole thing. He ended this with a laugh. In regard to his disobeying the summons he said:

"I was served with a subpoena in this matter. I was asked to be here on a certain Tuesday. I was on my way with my wife and daughter. I had come from New Brunswick. I did not understand the scope of the commission was to be as wide as it has. I was here for three or four days in the city of Toronto, in all public places. I had no desire to evade the service of the subpoena or to evade giving evidence. I had very important business in the West. I came here and found the commission engaged on the Home Life Company. It seemed to me that would take considerable time to be disposed of. I knew parliament was coming in November, and if I stayed here for three or four weeks I would not be able to get out west at all. I was here a day or two longer than I might have been. I sacrificed my private business to a large extent in order to get here as quickly as possible, knowing you were pretty well through with the investigation. The fact that I came here at 10.30 this morning and found the commission still engaged in this way would not have been my fault. I did not suffer much by my absence. It may be that Mr. Shepley in his conduct of the prosecution, or in his refusal to put me on earlier, this would be the only reason why he could have wanted me earlier. I do not think I am here today to give evidence, and with regard to rather peculiar proceedings. Mr. Shepley knew I was on the way. I telegraphed him from Revelstoke and Winnipeg, and kept him informed as to my movements. A gentleman in the train at North Bay came and asked me if I was Fowler. I told him I was that now rather celebrated name. He had a telegram bidding me get here with no delay. The train was kept hours late. I was served here by Mr. Ross with a subpoena to appear and show cause why I should not be put in jail for showing contempt. "Can assure your honors I did not attempt to show contempt for this court."

Mr. Shepley replied by saying if it were not for the fact that he was now a witness to matters which have arisen since his testimony. "You have read," said Mr. Shepley, "the evidence of Mr. Foster." "The statement," answered the doctor, "is entirely erroneous. Mr. McGillivray told me I would be made a shareholder, but I did not know how many shares were in my name until the enquiry opened. Dr. Montague paid \$2,000 to my private secretary during my absence and I think \$1,200 was paid by Foster. I understood the \$2,500 were profits on my share of the Montague syndicate. My intention was to hold these sums until the final settlement."

ORONHYATEKHA CONTRADICTS FOSTER

At the opening of the session, Dr. Oronhyatekha was recalled in reference to matters which have arisen since his testimony. "You have read," said Mr. Shepley, "the evidence of Mr. Foster." "The statement," answered the doctor, "is entirely erroneous. Mr. McGillivray told me I would be made a shareholder, but I did not know how many shares were in my name until the enquiry opened. Dr. Montague paid \$2,000 to my private secretary during my absence and I think \$1,200 was paid by Foster. I understood the \$2,500 were profits on my share of the Montague syndicate. My intention was to hold these sums until the final settlement."

Your Doctor

Can cure your Cough or Cold, no question about that, but why go to all the trouble and inconvenience of looking him up, when of having his prescription filled, when you can get any drug store in Canada and obtain a bottle of SHILOH'S CURE for a quarter.

Why pay two to five dollars when a twenty-five cent bottle of SHILOH will cure you as quickly?

Why not do as hundreds of thousands of Canadians have done for the past thirty-four years: let SHILOH be your doctor whenever a Cough or Cold appears.

SHILOH will cure you, and all druggists back up this statement with a positive guarantee.

The next time you have a Cough or Cold cure it with

SHILOH

"Your intention was to use these funds with others to reduce the apparent expenses of the Foresters' home?"

"Yes."

"And they went for that?"

"There's not the slightest doubt."

"Then that \$1,200 from Foster?"

"I was told that was from the profit of the Union Trust."

The doctor asked permission to make a statement.

HEAD FORESTER NOT WEALTHY

"It has been stated," he said, "that I am a wealthy man, and that of course I have made it out of the Order. In one way I am. I spent \$100,000 in improvements in Foresters' Island. Last year I decided to over to the management, retaining only the use of the castle during my life and the use of the house each for my daughters and son. After we die the property will belong absolutely to the L. O. F. My income is just my salary. I haven't \$2,000 worth of property outside of a few lots and a farm which I cannot sell. That is all, except the confidence and esteem of the membership, which I would sooner have than cash."

George W. Fowler then stepped into the box. He said he lived in Sussex, N. B., and had been in M. P. since 1900. He was a barrister.

"Then give me the origin of your acquiring lands in the Northwest for the C. P. R.?" began Mr. Shepley.

"Some time in Oct. 1903 Rufus Pope and myself got an option on lands near what is known as the Elbow of the Saskatchewan, along what was the proposed route of the N. W. R. We got the option at \$3.50 per acre."

"Where is that option?"

HAD NO WRITTEN OPTION

"I do not know. It was not in writing at first, but whether there was a memorandum or not I can't say. Have no objection of it being reduced in writing."

"How were you to select your lands?"

"Where is that?"

"I really don't know. It may be down here in the Northwest."

Mr. Fowler told of Pope, Lefursey, Bennett and himself being in the west together and subsequently they went to go up there and see the survey. However the map was produced, and the route indicated, though not in their possession. They subsequently received a map, though they did not know who marked the route upon it. He knew of suggestion at this meeting of any professed help at hands of MacKenzie and Mann.

"Full me of the arrangement with MacKenzie and Mann," said Shepley. Fowler, however, gave no direct answer, hinting that he knew of no arrangements.

THEN THEY SAW SHAUGHNESSY

"Then we went to Montreal and saw the President of the C. P. R., Sir Thomas Shaughnessy," said Fowler. They told Shaughnessy that they wanted to purchase C. P. R. lands and he referred them to Land Commissioner Griffin.

"He said he would take a hand in the arrangement of the price," said Fowler. Shepley called this a "threat" but Fowler thought it better defined as an "intimation."

They understood that this was said with the intimation that they were to get land at less than \$3.50 because of taking such a large block of land. After that they saw Sir Thomas Shaughnessy again about the price. He talked together with another officer named Dennis. The latter interview was brief. Pope and witness indicated the lands wanted. Sir Thos. Shaughnessy pointed out that the application had been made when the lands were \$3.50 an acre, and that was the price.

DIDNT GIVE SHAUGHNESSY MANN'S TIP

Fowler wanted the terms changed from six payments to ten payments but Sir Thomas would not change the terms. Witness knew of no formal agreement. There were \$50,000 acres out of which they had a right to select 20,000. Afterwards Griffin, said the witness, became possessed of the knowledge of the route of the Canadian Northern and took away a portion of the option, but there still were 20,000 acres left. Fowler stated that during their interview with the C. P. R. president they felt under no obligation to tell of the Canadian Northern route. It was before the beginning of the year 1903 that Pope and witness went west to select lands. They did not go up to the lands themselves, but selection was made from other information about 20,000 acres were selected and Fowler thought a marked map had been sent C. P. R. officials.

N. B. MEN IN THE DEAL

Fowler said when they were called upon to make the first payment of \$20,000, others had been taken into the syndicate, such as George Parker, St. John, N. B., Samuel A. McLeod, of Sussex, N. B., H. H. Parlee and A. P. Pugsley, of the same place. After these had been taken in there were ten altogether. Each of these ten put up \$200 as preliminary expenses. They were brought into the original syndicate during the time negotiations were being made. "We expected to dispose of this land before we had fully paid for it," remarked Fowler.

When the first payment of \$20,000 was made by the ten, Mr. Peuchen was away and Bennett and Lefursey each put up \$2,000. They financed Peuchen's portion. MacKenzie and Mann endorsed notes from Pope and witness. They "financed" for Peuchen because he was away, but MacKenzie and Mann financed for the other seven members, the railroad men to get on their feet. "I don't know," said Fowler, "whether MacKenzie and Mann never paid the notes they simply endorsed them. The partners paid the notes themselves. Fowler then told of being summoned to Toronto to meet possible purchasers of the property. He said prior to that they had paid about \$60,000 on the lands.

ABOUT THAT 7,000 ACRES

After luncheon Mr. Fowler told of negotiations for the sale of the land to a syndicate composed of Messrs. Wilson and Flater. He did not remember any dealings with Mr. McGillivray. When the property was sold, he said, at a profit of \$1 an acre, he did not tell the purchasers that he and his partners had retained a portion. Mr. Shepley pressed for an answer as to whether this keeping the purchasers ignorant of the other land was intentional or not, but Fowler said, so far as he was concerned he had no intention in the matter. He refused to differentiate between the seven thousand acres of land sold and those retained. He did not recall but one set of agreement between his syndicate and the C. P. R. and Shepley produced a document to which was attached a schedule of the comparative value of the original 20,000 acres purchased from the C. P. R.

Then followed a heated argument between Fowler and Shepley regarding the purpose of the Pope-Fowler syndicate in keeping hidden the seven thousand acres of land originally bought from the C. P. R. Fowler thought the transaction had been fair, and he advanced the argument that when a piece of property was sold the vendor did not require to tell about every thing he owned. He said the Foresters made a good deal of money out of it all anyway. Fowler said if he had represented the schedule presented as the original one it would have been improper, but such had not been done. Mr. Shepley produced the option given by Fowler to the syndicate, together with the schedule of lands which was revised in Fowler's handwriting.

THE KAMLOOPS LUMBER DEAL

There was, Fowler said, no truth in the statement that he was an agent of the Union Trust Company in the purchase of the Kamloops Lumber Co. He had taken over the Shields-Ryan property before the bargain was made with the Union Trust Company. He admitted that Ryan had given him two options, one at \$250,000 and another at \$200,000 for the same property. The final price for the property, which

was eventually sold to the Union Trust Company, was agreed upon between Ryan and himself at \$170,000. There was a second option on this property at \$225,000 which was shown to the Union Trust Co.

When asked regarding the propriety of this procedure, Fowler said he had put the property before the purchaser at a certain price, the purchaser had examined it and was satisfied to take it at that price. That this price was justified was shown by the fact that the property has since been sold at a large profit.

"Would you believe it to be proper if you were approaching a man with an offer of partnership in property you owned, to lead him to believe that you had paid more for the property than it actually cost you?"

"I say I believe it perfectly right to approach a man if I owned this property, and put it in at any figure which was reasonable, and which would allow a margin, and that it would not be necessary to state what I gave for the property."

"Did you tell them you had an option at a greater figure?"

"Of course they saw it."

"Did you tell them you were getting it at a less figure than named in the option?"

"Of course I did not."

"Did you intend them to believe you were paying the higher figure?"

"I did not care what they thought. If they had asked me I would have told them. I expected them to pay the higher figure, certainly."

Fowler protested that he was answering Shepley's questions more fully than he was required to. He admitted that he did not show the contract with Ryan at the lower figure to the Union Trust Company. He refused to say whether Ryan had paid over to him the \$250,000 difference between the two options, on the ground that it was a private matter between them.

Commissioner ruled that the question must be answered. Fowler still declined to give the information. Ultimately Fowler broke down and disclosed private affairs, and emphatically denied that he was the agent of the Union Trust Company in the transaction. Mr. Fowler persisted that his statements could not alter the matter up and give the information asked for.

WONT TELL WHO SHARED THE \$55,000

When Mr. Shepley asked for details regarding the disposition of the \$55,000 Fowler made another vigorous protest against being compelled to disclose private affairs, and emphatically denied that he was the agent of the Union Trust Company in the transaction. Mr. Fowler persisted that his statements could not alter the matter up and give the information asked for.

AN OUTRAGE, SAYS FOWLER

Fowler persisted in his refusal, and complained with some indignation that he understood in his absence books of the bank had been examined, and it had been published all through the papers that he had bought a trifling present for his family. This tended to him.

"We appear to have gone back to the days of the star chamber and inquisition," he said.

"If you had come here when you were subpoenaed and given us the information to which we are entitled we would not have gone to the bank," was Shepley's comment.

"You know perfectly well I would be here. The whole thing was a grand stand play so far as you were concerned," he said.

Continuing, Fowler, speaking with evident heat, said: "I want Mr. Shepley to understand that the end of this is not here in this commission. There is a tribunal before which this matter will be discussed, and the whole truth with reference to this business will be shown."

SHEPLEY A PARTIZAN, HE SAYS

"It will be found that with reference to the severe investigation of L. O. F. it has been carried on because for sooth there were some Conservative members of parliament connected with this thing. That is why you (shepley) are pursuing this line a sleuth hound. I quite understand the course taken by the crown officer under the circumstances. I am not finding fault with your honors respecting the matter which has been the public talking and commenting on the difference between the conduct of officers in carrying on the investigation in connection with this company and their course with regard to the Kamloops Lumber Co. case. The principal financial backer of the Liberal party in this country."

Chairman MacTavish interposed with the suggestion that it would be better to get back to the question before the commission and Fowler resumed his argument why Shepley should not press the question. He expressed doubt whether the commission could punish him for refusing to answer under the circumstances.

The commission ruled finally that Fowler must give the information and as Shepley said he realized it was impossible for Fowler to give it off-hand, his promise was accepted to attend at Ottawa on twenty-four hours' notice and give full information in reference to the matter in connection with the Kamloops, Shuswap and Okanagan Lumber Companies.

The commission adjourned to meet in Montreal on Monday.

McBRIDE HOLDS UP CONFERENCE

Stands Out Strong Against Other Representatives

Makes Demand for British Columbia as Unreasonable That Other Premiers Cannot Endorse It

OTTAWA, Oct. 12.—Premier McBride of British Columbia seems to be holding up the provincial conference. He today stood out against every other premier and provincial minister throughout the morning sitting and again in the afternoon until the gathering broke up in disgust. The opinion is that Premier McBride is thinking more about the success of the general election which is pending in his province than he is about the success of the conference. He is standing out for all his claims, and refuses to yield an inch. All the other premiers but he have agreed that the provinces should be satisfied with an arrangement of the subsidy to eight cents a head of the present population instead of the present population at the time of confederation. Premier McBride wants this, but says he is entitled in addition for the extra cost of running British Columbia affairs to an extra compensation. He wants a dollar a head extra to begin with, and a sliding scale until the population is two and a half millions, when the extra cost will be reduced to twenty-five cents, at which figure it would remain. This would mean British Columbia, if it is a provincial premier, the federal government granted its demands, would at once have a subsidy of \$1,500 a head against \$500 for all other provinces, and for all time to come British Columbia would have at least 15 cents a head more than the allowance to the other provinces.

Falling the acceptance of this he wants a resolution adopted declaring a federal and provincial commission should be appointed to determine what extra British Columbia should have. Representatives from the other provinces unanimously say Mr. McBride's propositions are so unreasonable they cannot endorse them and they are convinced the federal government cannot accept them. They are willing to ask for British Columbia fifty per cent more in proportion than they ask for themselves for civil government. They say the extra allowance must be a fixed amount and not an indefinite declaration of liability.

The eight premiers east of the Pacific say they would be afraid to go home and see their people if the total of an eighty-cent a head subsidy and voted to give British Columbia a dollar and eighty cents.

Lower, that is what Mr. McBride is insisting upon. It is expected the result will be the conference will, on a straight demand for equalization allowance on the present population, twenty cents more for criminal administration and an increase in the allowance for legislation. This will be presented to the Dominion government without a reference to extra compensation for British Columbia. That province will get what the federal government is willing to give. This, it is thought, is what he really wants.

TORONTO MAN TRIES SOMETHING NEW AND IS DELIGHTED, FEELS LIKE A BOY

Mr. M. N. Dato, Manager of the Datto-Bush Co., 29 Colborne St., Toronto, is proving his health after he found himself in a state of illness and pain. He says:

"I have been a great sufferer from dyspepsia for many years. I have been treated by local and foreign physicians, but without any permanent relief, if not a temporary one. I have taken nearly all the advertised remedies, but without any permanent relief, if not a temporary one. I have taken nearly all the advertised remedies, but without any permanent relief, if not a temporary one."

Every drugstore sells Dr. Leonard's Anti-Pill, or a sample will be sent free to the Wilson-Fly Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE ARCHBISHOP BOND

MONTREAL, Oct. 12.—The funeral of the late Archbishop Bond took place today from Christ Church Cathedral, which was packed to the doors, while outside was a great throng unable to enter. The bishops in attendance were Cardinal of Montreal and Bishops of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto. In the congregations were representatives of all classes in Montreal. The service was very simple, but the request of the late prelate, who had signified his desire that even the slightest evidence of display should be avoided. The only decorations in the church were those on the pew formerly occupied by him. There were no pallbearers, and only two hymns were sung.

The GLOBE

HAS COMMENCED

A LARGE SALE OF

MEN'S OVERCOATS,

Men's and Boys' Heavy Suits,

From \$2 per Suit up to \$12.

Overcoats, from \$2 to \$10.00

Both Men and Boys.

.....AT.....

The GLOBE

9 Foot of King Street.

IMMUNE FROM PROSECUTION

This is the Belief of Officials Regarding J.B. Lehmann

He Was Arrested in Halifax, Yesterday, for Complicity in the Frolic Smuggling Case

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—According to opinions given today by officials in the State Department at Washington, James B. Lehmann, who was arrested today in Halifax, N. S., for complicity in the Frolic smuggling case, and held pending action by immigration officials in Boston, is immune from prosecution. The authorities quote certain treaties to show that if Lehmann wishes to fight extradition, he cannot be brought to this country to face a charge of conspiracy to smuggle "Chinese" into the United States. No extradition papers were asked for by the Boston authorities, and will probably spend some time in Boston, having been called back suddenly from the west by the smuggling episode. The State Department is still anxious to send the Chinese back to Newfoundland, but Secretary McCall has made no definite decision as to this side of the case.

With Lehmann in custody at Halifax, having confessed as to the operations of the Boston smugglers, federal officers say that they are very close to solving the puzzle of the smuggling of the Frolic episode as well as seeing at hand the elimination of the gang which has long made Boston its headquarters for Chinese smuggling.

Federal officers saw nothing today appeared as soon as the first of the Chinese were landed. It was reported that his wife in Boston had a special nurse in constant attendance on him. Hon. H. A. McKeown, K. C., is acting for Mrs. McCrackin.

"We also think he is being in a critical condition at this period of the disease, should have had a special nurse in constant attendance on him."

SUSSEX MAN DEAD

SUSSEX, N. B., Oct. 12.—Tonight at 11 o'clock John G. Smith, the well known liveryman, passed peacefully to rest. He was well known and respected by the travelling public and his death will be heard with regret by all who knew him. Deceased was aged 61 years and besides his respected wife, he had one son and four daughters to mourn their sad loss. The funeral which will be conducted by Rev. W. Camp of St. John, will take place on Tuesday next at 2.30 o'clock.

LEFT JEWELRY LYING AROUND; LOST IT.

(Special to the Sun.)

TORONTO, Oct. 12.—After an absence from home for two days, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Beardsmore returned to the city this morning from Acton, and discovered \$2,000 worth of jewelry had been stolen from their residence. Cottage and St. George streets. Room in which the robbery occurred overlooked a large porch. It was thought the thieves gained entrance by way of this porch, but on investigation the windows were found undisturbed. Nothing but jewelry was taken, although there were several valuable articles that could have been carried off quite easily.

DESTROYED BY DYNAMITE

TWEEDE, Oct. 12.—The curing room of the Acetate cheese factory was destroyed by dynamite at 12 o'clock last night and a large quantity of cheese was ruined. An investigation will be held.

BRASS CASTINGS

—AND—

All Kinds of Copper & Brass Work

HAMEL FOUND GUILTY OF EMBEZZLEMENT

MONTREAL, Oct. 12.—Philippe D. Hamel, former secretary-treasurer of the System Division, No. 7, of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers was this afternoon found guilty in the court of King's bench of embezzling \$5,000 of the funds of the order. The trial lasted ten days and the jury was four hours in reaching a verdict.

G. HEVENOR,

CORNER MYTHE AND NELSON STS. Phone 972

EIGHT

ST. JOHN STAR, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1906

Fall and Winter Underwear.

Our stock is complete and we offer the best value in Ladies and Children's Underwear to be found in the city.

Ladies Undervests in grey at 25c. A good heavy VEST, fleeced on the inside.

At 35c in Grey. A good soft warm Vest, fleeced lined.

At 50c. Very desirable Vests at this price. Half wool and cotton, which supplies warmth and yet will not shrink.

At 75c, 95c and \$1.00. Wool Undervests that will give satisfaction, and will not shrink up in the washing, all well finished, and only the purest wools have been used.

White Undervests at 42c, 50c, 65c, 80c and \$1.00. These are all the winter weights, and being the "Hygienic" brand, their durability and good service are assured.

Drawers to match any of these Undervests at prices ranging from 25c. a pair up to \$1.00.

Children's Undervests in the fleeced garments from 22c. up to 30c. In the soft fine wool makes at 35c, 40c and 50c a garment. All sizes. Drawers to match all undervests.

Ladies' Sleeved Knit Corset Covers at 35c and 50c

F. A. DYKEMAN & Co.,

59 Charlotte St.

NEW FIGS

Just received one case of New Figs, which I will sell at 15c per lb.

Telephone **WALTER GILBERT,** The Busy Corner, 812 Charlotte St.

Choice Sugar Cured Corned Beef, 7c

CARPENTER'S 131 and 133 MILL STREET.

Special - Weights - in - Underwear.

Ladies' Vests, a Leader for 25c. each. Long Sleeves. Ladies' Vests, O. S. size, Special, 20c. each. Long Sleeves.

— COME HERE FOR BARGAINS. —

E. W. PATTERSON, 29 City Road.

Heavy Leather Gloves and Mitts.

Lined and Unlined, from 25c to \$1.25 pair.

WETMORE'S, The Young Men's Man 124 MILL STREET

SAMPLE SALE!

600 Pairs of Sample Shoes At Cost Price.

C. B. PIDGEON, Cor. Main and Bridge Sts., North End.

Cape Cod Cranberries 12c. quart; Sweet Potatoes, 6 lbs. for 25c; Red Brand Salmon, choice stock, 2 for 25c; 6 lbs. Rice or Barley for 50c, at

The Tidy Store, JAS. W. BROGAN, 10 Brussels Street.

Note Paper

in Pound Packages.

English Linen Note, 25c a lb. 75 Envelopes to match for 25c White or Grey.

E. G. NELSON & CO., Cor. King and Charlotte Sts.

If You Shave yourself you need a sharp razor. Better let us hone it for you. Work guaranteed.

LOGAN & GIBBS, 23 1-2 Waterhouse Street, and 189 Charlotte St.

Strength— Fall is the time to get yourself in shape. Our Beef, Wine and Iron is the tonic. 50c a bottle.

GEORGE E. PRICE, Druggist, 127 Queen Street. Phone, 677. 303 Union Street. Phone 1499.

CRAB APPLES and GREEN TOMATOES

MEGARITY & KELLEY Hay Market Square. TELEPHONE 520.

Specials for Money-Savers

WALL PAPER, about 60 patterns at 3c, 4c, and 5c. roll.

WINDOW SHADES, Linen Window Shades, reduced to 25 and 25c. each.

TABLE OIL CLOTH, 2c. yard. Only one pattern white with vein.

Get our prices on Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear and Smallwares.

ARNOLD'S DEPARTMENT STORE, Phone 1765 83-85 Charlotte St.

Well Cooked Food served on neat and attractive dishes; who could ask for more?

A Big Sale of Ladies' Plain Cashmere Hose Tonight

25c Pair

Sizes, 8 1-2 to 10.

1 Coupon with every Sale.

Coupons given with every 25c purchase of Dry Goods and Furnishings.

PATTERSON'S DAYLIGHT STORE, Cor. Duane and Charlotte Streets.

Store Open Evenings

THE WEATHER

Forecast—Light to moderate variable winds, fine and cool today and on Sunday.

Synopsis—The fine weather promises to continue. Frosts were fairly general during the night. Winds, S. Banks and American ports, light to moderate, variable.

LOCAL NEWS.

Registrar Jones reports that five births were recorded during the week, four being males. There were eight marriages.

The Beaver is working at No. 2 site today, and another boulder has been removed. It is expected that the "Orange Peel" will start work next week.

The men's Bible class of St. John's (Stone) church will meet as usual in the school house on Monday evening, 15th inst.

H. M. Blight, the well known singer of Toronto, will sing in St. John's (Stone) church tomorrow at the evening service.

Tomorrow afternoon St. David's church Sunday school will hold its tenth annual rally day service. A special order of service has been prepared. The service will open at 2.30 o'clock sharp.

Inspector Dalton will leave tonight for Boston, where he will join Capt. Wright. The work of inspecting dredges will be commenced on Monday.

Glyn Ellis, aged twenty, died at Toronto yesterday from injuries received while practicing with the university foot ball team last Wednesday. He was an art student.

In a number of the Episcopal churches tomorrow services will be in the nature of harvest thanksgiving and the usual harvest decorations will be in evidence. In St. Mary's church the St. Mary's Band will assist at the evening service.

Two very successful public meetings in the interest of the L. O. Association were held last week at Clones and Orville, Queens Co. County Master J. A. Fowler, Rev. Mr. Colston and P. G. M. David Hipwell, were the speakers.

The testing of No. 3 high service main was resumed at 10.30 this morning. No accidents had happened up to one o'clock and it is very probable that the extra pressure will be successfully carried to the city.

The pulp mill, Union Point, Fairville, which has been shut down for the past few weeks will resume operations on Monday. The mill is being repaired by the management of the Eastern Trust Co.

The only section of the province from which reports of frost last night have been received is Chatham. The temperature there was 23 above zero. In St. John the lowest registered was 34; Yarmouth, 32; Charlottetown, 30; Quebec, 28; Montreal, 25, and Toronto, 22.

J. Miller H. McK. Mosher, J. H. Heam, W. H. Fulton, and J. B. Kenney, of Halifax, have obtained federal incorporation as a banking company. The title is "The Canadian Farmers' and Farm Produce Co." with head office in Halifax.

At the Provincial S. S. Convention to be held in St. Andrew's church, this city, Oct. 24-26, Messrs. Tulier and Meredith, of New York, are to have charge of the music. The pastors and superintendents of the city churches and schools have been requested to invite the members of their choir, congregation and Sunday schools to meet Mr. Meredith on Friday evening, 19th inst., in St. Andrew's at 7.30 o'clock to practice the music to be used at the convention.

Wm. Andrews met with a painful accident at Campbell Bros'. Edge Tool Works yesterday afternoon. Mr. Andrews was assisting in removing a large grindstone and in some manner the stone fell over against a wall crushing the little finger of Mr. Andrews' right hand. The finger was completely severed at the first joint. The injured man received medical treatment at the hospital. It will probably be two weeks before Mr. Andrews will be able to resume work.

The death took place at eight o'clock this morning, of Joseph Harley, at his residence, 96 Paradise Row. Deceased, who was unmarried, was for a number of years a prominent liquor dealer on Main street. He had been in poor health for some time, but had only been confined to his home for a few weeks. He is survived by two brothers, of this city, L. DO RA HT WDF, James and Michael, of this city, and four sisters, Mrs. John McDouglrick, and Mrs. John Kelly, and Misses Mary and Lizzie Harley who reside with him at home. The funeral will be held on Tuesday morning.

JEWISH TOBACCONIST

BUYS UNITARIAN CHURCH

Louis Green Purchased the Property on Chipman Hill for \$3,250.

At Chubb's Corner, at noon today, Auctioneer Lantlams sold at public auction the freehold property on Chipman street, whereon is situated the Unitarian church. The church and lot were purchased by Louis Green for \$3,250.

The portion of timber and land situated near Black River and owned by Mrs. Robert McLeod was also sold for \$2,525 to James Ross.

ANOTHER POSITION.

Miss Louise DeBow, of this city, has been selected by the Employment Bureau of the Currie Business University, Ltd., for the position of Stenographer and Bookkeeper for D. J. Purdy, grocer, North End.

MR. MURDOCH FEARS WORST IS TO COME

He Has No Faith in the Marsh Bridge Distribution Chamber

One is Fifty Years Old and Very Liable to Burst When the Pressure is Applied—The Other Chamber is All Right

For two weeks the citizens who reside in the high parts of the city have had great trouble with the water supply, accounted for by the numerous breaks in No. 3 high service main. Probably the worst is yet to come, as the extra pressure has not yet been brought into the city through the two chambers which are situated near Marshbridge. Into these chambers the water is brought through Nos. 1, 2 and 3 mains, and is there sent through the city by numerous smaller pipes, which branch out from the western end of the chambers. The extra pressure which is to be put on, it is feared, will cause too great a strain on one of the chambers, and the result will be that the larger portion of the city will be cut off entirely. Superintendent Murdoch was seen by a Star representative this morning and expressed himself as being confident that No. 2 chamber, which joins with No. 3 high service main, would stand the test. This chamber was installed in 1874. The superintendent does not hold the same opinion regarding No. 1 chamber. It was installed in 1854, and is in a bad condition. "I do not think that No. 1 chamber will stand the test," said Mr. Murdoch. If No. 1 chamber is put out of commission, the lower parts of the city would not be deprived of the supply, however, as connections are made from the pipes leading from No. 1 chamber, to those leading from No. 2. The stop-cocks in the connecting pipes would be opened, and the supply be as good as ever.

Mr. Murdoch said that he expected No. 1 chamber to go out of commission as soon as the extra pressure is brought through it. The authorities will be ready to at once open the valves and residents of the low portions of the city need have little fear of a water famine. Such will not be the case all over the city and the residents of the higher levels will again be subjected to a scarcity if a break occurs in No. 1. A lot of time will be spent in making repairs if this chamber gives way. No. 3 high service is being tested today and the water will probably be brought in through No. 1 chamber.

Superintendent Murdoch said that he was having the best pipes tested first, and when the required pressure has been successfully taken through them, the old pipes will be tested, and then more trouble will follow.

PAID PART OF THEIR FINES AND WERE RELEASED

Hachey and Lavigne, the North End Bowdy House Inmates Were Let off With Reduced Sentences.

The two men, Hachey and Lavigne, who were concerned in the bowdy house case on Wednesday were let go on Thursday on payment of part of their fines. Mrs. McKenna, the alleged keeper of the house, is now in the Good Shepherd's Home. The two had been arrested for being inmates of a bowdy house on Long wharf and the magistrate imposed a fine of \$50 or six months on the woman and \$40 or three months on the men.

On looking into the case more fully the magistrate found that it was not as bad as reported and was, in fact, nothing but a sham. The position of the families of the two men also influenced the magistrate. The two men were the sons of a family and to send them to jail or make them pay a heavy fine would only make their wives and children suffer. For this reason it was decided to let them go on their paying a part of their fine. The amount agreed on was paid over and the men were released on Thursday.

REV. THOMAS MARSHALL

WILL GO TO CHARLOTTETOWN

Has Accepted the Unanimous Invitation Tendered by Grace Church.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., Oct. 13.—A unanimous invitation has been extended to Rev. Thomas Marshall, of St. John, to become pastor of Grace Methodist church here, beginning with next conference year. The invitation has been accepted subject to approval of the conference stationing committee.

AWARDED DIPLOMAS.

Miss Armada Colver, of Williamsport, Pa., Miss Beale Compton, of Fairville, Miss Winifred Cunningham and Miss Leah Reade, of this city, passed the final examination in the Shortland Department of the Currie Business University, Ltd., and were awarded diplomas.

Winter Overcoats Ready-to-Wear.

Every few days for weeks past new lots of Winter Overcoats have been coming in. We have now a great many overcoats and a great variety of patterns.

It is easy for you to select here. Each size is kept by itself in one or more wardrobes, so that you can examine 20 or 40 different qualities and patterns in a few minutes. The prices run from \$10 to \$25. At \$10 we are showing the greatest variety and best values we ever offered. \$10, \$15 and \$18 Overcoats are great leaders.

Sales so far indicate that colored effects will be most in demand. The styles are loose-black, semi-shaped, form-fitting or French-back, and paddock—the first two most popular.

A. GILMOUR,

68 King Street.

Fine Tailoring and Clothing.

Garments—Agency for 20th Century Brand



Teeth Extracted Without Pain, 15c.

We make the best \$5.00 set of teeth in this city.

Gold filling from \$1.00; Silver and other filling from 50c; plates repaired from 50c.

Boston Dental Parlor, 527 Main St. Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor.

Office Hours—8 a. m. until 9 p. m. Telephone—Office, 683; Residence, 725.

Damaged and Sample Blankets

Some Slightly Impaired in Manufacture; others Absolutely Perfect.



SHAKER, 3 PRICES, 75c., 85c., \$1.00 Pr

AT 8 O'CLOCK MONDAY MORNING we will place 625 pairs of bargain blankets on sale in the Housefurnishings Department. The Shaker qualities are marked low because of slight imperfections in weave, or trivial damage to the edges. A needleful of thread will make them good again. All are double-bed sizes, some larger than others. Prices quoted above.

Also, White Wool and Union Blankets, 90c to \$2.25 Each. Good Sizes and Weights.

A Lot of Manufacturers' Samples that arrived too late. We will also have a few Grey Wool Blankets at bargain prices. (Monday, at 8 a. m.—Housefurnishings Department)

\$10 Overcoats for Men.

GOOD BLACK MELTON CLOTH, which is the leading fashion this year. Made in knee and full lengths. Velvet collar, vent at back and superior linings. A very well and serviceable coat for any man. The very limit of excellent value; one of our special offers.

Clothing Department

Flannelette Underwear.

LARGE INROADS ARE MADE in this stock every Saturday, but we are fully prepared for tonight's rush. Nightdresses, 75c to \$1.95; Skirts, 50c to \$1.00; Drawers, 40c to 90c; Corset Covers, 25c to 85c; Pyjamas, \$2.25 Suit. In Plain White, in Blue, Pink, etc., with white stripes.

Ladies' Room

Sale of Suede Gloves, \$1.00.

WON'T STAY LONG WITH US at this very low price. Simply a lot we bought very close to offer at a slight advance. In Greys and Tans, and for ladies; sizes ranging from 6 to 7 inclusive. Self-colored Points and Two Dome Fasteners. Thoroughly reliable in every way.

In Front Store.

Dashing New Hats, \$3.50 Up

PETER PANS, VESTA TILLEYs and the new Glangarry shapes are leaders. Trimmed with Quills, Plumes, Blondine Feathers, Velvet and Silk Rosettes, also Egyptian Gilt Buckles and Ornaments. Feather Hats as well in a variety of color combinations.

Millinery Department

MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON Limited.