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## ecclesiastical notes.

 Churchman. If so, is God remembered therein? The silver and the gold are His. Have you given Him His tithes? He it is who giveth power to get wealth. Have you rendered in acknowledgment of His goodness, a thankoffering to His Church and cause? All you have is His. Have you given unto Him that which is His duo-that which Ho has given you to use for Him? The Church's missions demand remembrance; the work of the diocese should not be forgotten; there aro Church charitios to be started and sustainod; thero are parochial activitics to be supplied with means; the older and still feeble congregations of our communion require help. There is much to bo done. The "unrighteous mainmon" may bo made a friend by a wise and Chsistian uso of it. Think of these things in arranging for tho disposition of your estate. Give God His dues. Remember Him and His holy Church in your last will and testament; and if you are Christ's and have given yourself to Him, "keep not back part of the prico.'

The C. M. S.-From the report read by the Secretary at the annual meeting, it appeared that during the last fifty years the Society has sent out more than 900 missionaries, that 355 native clergymen had been ordained, and that its missonaries had baptised more than 80,000 native adult converts. Reforring to finance, the report stated that this year the income of the Society had been $£ 6,555$ higher even than that, namely, £207,793. In addition, $£ 8.260$ had been given to the extension fund, $£ 3,000$ being an anonymous donation for work among Mahommedans. The grand total receipts on all accounts, including pecial fands, interest, etc., was $£ 231,639$. There had been an undoubted advance in missionary interest at home, from which the Society looked for a larger supply of well-qualifiod missionaries.

Thi Churce Army (Eng.) is ander the patronage of the Archbishops of Canterbary
and York and most, if not all, of the Bishops. The annual report states that during tho year 1886, 30,000 out-door meotings had been held and 40,000 in-door meotings. Those have boen attended by five million persons, and 3,500 adult converts had been confirmed. Thore are sit thousand regular communicant members, all humble spoakers in the cause of Christ, many of whom were formerly drunkards, wifo beators, gamblors, etc. Subscriptions and dona tions received centrally during the year amounted to $£ 4,000$, while locally there had been received for miesion purposos, mostly in working people's pence, over eight thousand pounds sterling.

Church Parochlal Mission Society.-The annual report states that during the yoar nearly 200 missions have been held either by the clengymen employed by the Society or by those who kindly associate with its work. In several places a sories of addresses had been given by missioners day by day throughout Holy Week. The large and devout congregit tions at there had been most encouraging. The Chureh in Wales had of late excitod deep inter est. It was folt by the Archbishop of Canter bury that sniritual revival within the Charch is of more avail than hoated political discus sion, and a mission was projected in the four Welsh Dioceses.

Missions to Seamen--Thero are over a quar ter of a million of British merchant feamen, besides many thonsand forcign wailors, in Brit ish ports, for whose spiritual sustenance when afloat the parochial system makes no provision Another quarter of a million of tishermen, boat men, lightship keopors, \&.c., are inadequately cared for, and two-thirde of the ships of war are without chaplaine. For these the Missions to Seamen has seventy-two honorary chaplains, two cloricul snperintendents, twenty four chap lains, forty-three Seripture readers, and five lay holpers working alloat in fifty seaports at lomo and abroad, who are furnished with thirty-five mission vessols and boats in open roadsteads, rivers and harbours, with forty-two churches institutes and mission-rooms, in docks and seaports. The gross income in 1886 was $£ 24.867$ 14 s ., being an increase of net income of $£ 2,742$ over that of the previous year. Many more devout officers and seamon of the morchant navy came forward in 1886 than in any previous year to take an active part in promoting Godly living amongst their comrades when at soa, by conducting Divino worship on board, holding Bible classes of seamen, and praying with sick shipmates. In that year 9,578 seamon, fisher men, and bargemen, wero induced to take the pledge ot 'ntal abstinence, making 61,259 total abstaining pledges taken by sailors in the last oight years. Thanks to those ladies who had made "crash" bags to hang up in tho fore castles, as well as to 2,244 donors of books and magazines, $9,4 \div 3$ outward bound ships and fishing vessels carriod with thom to seu librarios or bags of useful reading for their crows. Thero was a steady increase of seamen receiving the Lord's Supper. The offertories of the seamen and their ramilies at the Missions to Seamen churches were well maintained, and 5,498 seamen, speaking twent-threo lauguages, bought

Bibles and prayor-books last year, making 40, 270 sailors who had done so in the last seven years.

Tiames Church Miseion.-The May meoting was the forty-bocond arnual meoting of this mission. Like the Mission to Soamen it cares for a practically normal population for whom no regular provision is mado. Last yoar's work includod 35,268 visits to individunls, 13,594 visits to ships and stoamers, 15,193 visits to fishing vessols, barges, \&c., 1,729 visits to forcign shipping, 142,242 attendancos at 5,446 sorvices, 4,240 English Biblos aud Testamentesold, 429 foreign Bibles and Tostaments sold, 15,221 Tostaments given to omigrants, $80 . t$ to troops, 566 to sailors, 12,293 English portions givon away, 36,614 foreign portions given away, 557 Prayer-books distribated, 390,000 English tracts distributed, 47,321 feroign tracts distributed, 256,979 magazinos distribnted, 11,115 "Emigrant Packets" of the R.T.S. placed on omigrant yessels, 495 gospel compass cards sold, 151 sailors' rolls suspondod on board various rossels, 1,226 sailors' library bags, in which were 16,000 books, 1,446 temporance plodros signed, 488 persons rocoived surgical nid, 244 hospital lettors wero given, 167 mon went to tio Sations' Trome through tho distributiou of its cards among the tho crows of homoward bound ships, 721 mufflers were givon away, 1,362 almanacles were placod on board various vossels, and 529 cuffs wore gratuitously distributed. Tho Secreiary, Rev. II. Mlonmer, M, A was deservodly mush cheorod by a crowded audionce on making his aunual statoment as ho modestly omittod to montion his own unsparing efforts during the year to intorost, by lectures, \&c., all clatses of Church-poople in the work of the mission. After an eloquent addrobs by the Bidlop, of London, who presided, the Rov. R. II. Prennay, Rev. C. Ifurlston, and othors spoke to a rosolution supporting the Mission, which was carriod unanimously.

Cifurat of England Zgenana Misbionary Society.-The Society in the seven yeary of its existence, has increasod the number of its missionaries from thirly to ninety. The numbor of missions stations, according to tho statemont given at the annual May meoting, had grown from thirteon to forty-one, the number of associations from 287 to 700 ; whilo the $£ 11,000$, with which they commenced, had grown to an incomo of $£ 23,000$, and was stoudily incrousing. During the year the missionary staff had been increased by twelve ladies. Their band of missionaries, assistants, native Bible-womon and toachors now numbered 492, not included some thirteon accepted candidater. New work had been uudertaken in throe difforent directions, Bangalore, Mysore, and the Hazar'a district, at the east of Peshawur. The recoipts for tho past yoar showed an increaso of $£ 1,190$. and the expenditure left a balanco of $£ 3,378$.

Britisi and Foreign Bible Society.-The insues for the year had been as follows:-From the depot at home, $2,075,887$; from the depots abroad, 1.856,791, making a total of $3,932.678$ copies in Bibles, Testaments, and portions. The total issues from the commencemont now amounted to $112,253,547$ copies of Scriptare
whole or in part. The summarized financial statement for the year onding March 31, 1887, stood thus :-Free income, £116,761 3s 6d; roceipts for Scriptures sold at home and abroad, £104,888 16 s 5 d ; Roxburgh fund for colportage in India, $£ 1046 \mathrm{~s}$; making the total receipts £221,754 5s 11d. The expendituro had been $£ 231,776$ 3s 11d, which was less than that of the previous yoar by $£ 9,05312 \mathrm{~s} 4 \mathrm{~d}$, but $£ 10,000$ in excess of the recoipts.

At the Bible Sociely meoting the Bishop of Manchester was sovere upon the "Bibliolater" -"a man who thinks the Bible is a cyclopredia of all knowledge; that it is a sort of vade mecum of the chronologists, and archicologists. and historians, and physicists; that it is bound to bo accurate down to its last figare and its last letter, and is bound to supply an explanation of the works of God, which shall bo suitable, I don't say to the latest knowlodge-that would be a very littlo thing, because the latest knowledge is not tho ultimate knowledge-but which absolutely and finally explains the objective nature of all facts." This is the person, according to the Bishop, who supplies the professional infidel with his misorable stock-intrado.

On Sunday, May 8th inst., in a vory large number of churches in London, the prayers of the Church were asked for "Jamen Bell-Cox, a prisoner for conscience' sake, and the congregation of St. Margarot's, Prince's road." Canon Scott Folland, at St. Paul's Cathodral, said that we should all cling with unfalioring grasp to all tho eloments of unity in the Church, even though, as at present, it cost a priost's imprisonment.

Mancnester.-Tho Bishop of Manchester is promoting a schome for the omployment of workingmen evangolists in his diocese. The men, (who will bo undor the immediate control of the Bishop), and licensed by him, will conduct missions in any parish to which thoy may bo invited by the incumbent. To a diocese with so large at woiking clão population as that of Manchester the advantage of such a scheme is obvious. Incumbents of populous parishes may obtain the sorvices of well trained workingmon missioners without application to any socioty or to an organitation which is more or lose independent of the parochial elergy ; each misbioner will livo under culo, and will go forth to his work at the invitation of tho clergyman of the pariah ; the central authority to be vested in the Bishop.
Methodists Aidi : Alriention!-Earl Nolson, in his Home Ro-union notes in Church Bells, quotes the following recount of an Easter sorvice in a Wesleyan Church :-
"Wolearn from the published lotter of a correspondent of the Methodist Recorder that Easter has been colebrated by the Wosleyans of Bedford with great pomp and ceremony. 'Last Sunday morning,' lo writes, 'wo reached St. Mary's Wesloyan Chapel, Bedford, a little before the time of sorvice. Ontside the weathor was dull and cold, but within the handsomo sanctuary wo found warmeth and comfort, our eyes and thoughts being also refreshed by the simplo but beautiful decorations which slitiful hands bad arranged in honor of tho dav. Punctually at half-past ten the first notes of the organ announced the commencement of the service, and the choir of men and boys, followed by the ministers, ontered by the chancel door and took their accustomod places. Charles Wesley's grand Easter hymn, to the old familiar tune with its pealing Alleluias, was sung as the Introit. Thon followed the Easter morning liturgical sorvico, chorally rendered; "Christ our Passovor," and the proper Psalms 'or the day boing heartily sang. Tho Te Deum ffrom an MS. sorvice) and tho Benedictus (Dykes in Fr) wore well readered, Then was
sung the Apostles' Creed, "recited as a chant of triumph," with effective organ accompaniment. The anthem appointed for the morning service was "Christ is risen from the dead." In the ante-Communion service a really attractive feature was the grand rendering of the Nicene Croed (Woodward in E flat), than which a more devotional, simple and impressive interprotation of it we have never heard. After hymn 713, to the tune "Abridge" had boen sung, and a shor't prayer offered, the Rev. $G$. S. Tyler preached a sermon on "Christ is risen" (1 Cor. xv.), in which he directed attention to the fast of the Resurrection, more especially in its relation to Christian faith and hope. The last hymn of the service was 712, to the tune "Rockingham," during the singing of which the offerings of the congregation were collected. Tho ovening service at St. Mar'y's Wesloyan Chapol is also liturgical and cinoral. Last Sunday evening, Winchester's Magnificat and Nunc Dimitis wero sung. The anthem was Mondelsshon's, "But the Lord is mindful," arranged as a quartetto; and the hymns wore 715 (to Troyte's Chant, No. 2) and 716, which had been sung as the morning Introit."

Cibrait Woman's Mission Aid, Toronto.The Sec. Troas., of the Church Woman's Mission Aid (which Socioty is now in connection with the Woman's Auxiliary), desires to invito correspondence from the clorgy of Toronto diocese, and also tho Missionary diocese of Algoma, and the N.W., concerning the neods of their Churchus and parishos. Ad. dress Mis. O'Roilly, Gen. Sec. C. W. M. A., 37 Blecker St., Toronto.

## [For the Church Guardian.]

"But we have this treasure in earthern vessels." -2 Cor. iv. 7.
Weary, dispirited, the preacher flung
His tired limbs upon his couch, smoothed
The dark hair from his forohead restlessly,
With nervous hands. TIe eren now had proanhod A sermon that had come to him in ono
Bright and inspired moment, and his thought
IIad been of how he now might touch the hearts
Of his loved flock. "The thought was not mino own
Dear Lord," he said, mounting the pulpit stair, "Twas only Thine, and Thou will let it lead My people onvard upward unto Theo."
Filled with his faith, and strengthoned by tho lovo
He felt within him for the sinning souls
For whom Christ died, he poured forth tirelessiy
His glorious thought. And thon a great hush fell
On all the assombled people; they had caught Somowhat of tho holy fire, and love that burned Within the proacher's heart. And, joyfully, Fceling that kindly influonce, he wont
Gilad to his home, to rest, aud muso, and pray.

- But, o'or the bright warm flush that dyed his check
As ho had poured forth all his hoart, had quite Faded and died away, a gloomy thought, Brod of the great Arech-enemy, tinust itsolf Between him and his thankfulness to God.
"If not the thought, at loast the words wore mine - That clothed tho thought. How faulty thon and vain!
"And, though, mothonght, I spake no sentence aave
"For His great glory! yet I know not if
"Thore may not still have lurked within my heart
"Some feoling bred of wordly foar of mon.
"May it not be that even while my voice
"Raised itsolf high to sound the praise of Crod "Fooling itsolf secure in rightoous aim,
"My vain weak nature, speaking through my Foice
" Poured the praise not now of God but men!
"The sympathetic thrill that seemed to run
"Between me and my people, was it not
"Perchance a momontary feeling, growth
"Of choice of words, some sudden eloquence?
"My soul is not jet purged of all the dross
"Of worldly aims, and how then can I dare
"To hopo by word of mine to fitly shew
"The glory of the Etornal's majesty?
"Those who have quite subdued themselves, perchance,
"May know to lead Thy peoplo, but for me, "Proven so weak e'en in my holiest hours, "How can I hope to gather souls for Thee ?" Thus tortured with sad feurs, tormenting doubts As to the fruitage of the best seed sown By hands unworthy,-slow tho preacher paced This stady floor, his slendor fingers tight Clasping each other, as it wove in pain.
Filled with his mournful thought. he, absontly, Drew near his stady window; it looked out Upon a granito wall, and a small path
Lay just between, which oftentimes was used As a shor't passage by pedestrians.
The walk was old, and through the crevicos In places he could see the water drip
Left from the last night's rain; which, carofully,


## Had caught itself in hollow places formed

 in the wall's ledge. So clear and coolitlooked In the bot morning, that the preacher thought Straightway, and with a sigh ; "So should tho Word"Of God be to the thirsty soul, which looks "To it for comfort." As he spako, there passed Two beggar children, on their way may be To some poor wrotched home. They quickly saw
The frosh cool water, and the elder placed
Hor little thirsty lips against the stono
Where flowed a tiny streamlot copiously.
The other child was younger,--a mere babe
In years, and so she could not reach to where
Hor sister slaked her thirst, at, the one spot
Where there was plenty, and the little drops
That flowed low down, were but a mockery
' 'To make her' wish for more, and so she criod
Not hopolessly: " O sister, get mo somo
"Of the nice water', for my mouth is dry:"
She did not doubt the love that oft doniod i iself to rive a little more to her,
Nor yet the sister's power to grant her prayer. The older child looked up, around and down,
"Oh for a cup to reach the little one
"Her wishod-for draught." The tears wero trickling down
The child's pale cheok, when, with a cry of joy,
She dartod towards a little dusty spot,
Tiumphantly unearthed a shapoless bit
Of broken crockery, and dusted it
With the poor remnant of a tattered gown.
She held the treasure, soiled and broken still,
Yet boautiful to her, beneath the place
Where oozed the precious streamlet, and when be,
The preacher, saw the ciear, fresh water brought In triumph to the littlo childish mouth
He turned away, and bowed himself beforo
His Maker. "The pure water of God's Word
"May flow through vessols broken and defacod.
"'Tis God who chooses, and if He designs
"To give His fulness through an instrument
"Poor and unworthy, should it therefore say,
" 'Nay, Lord! the task is far' too great for me?'
"And not full humbly yield itself to do
"His mighty purpose? Oh, my Lord forcivo
"The pride that questioned Thy great iower. to act
"Through mo, Thy poor unworthy instrument,
"Broken by oarthly losses, soilod with sin!
"I thank Thee for the lesson Thou hast taught
"Sont at the moment whon my doubting soul
"Most needed Thy divine oncouragement."
S. M. Almon,

Fairfield, Windsor, N.S,

## BISHOPS COLLEGE SCHOOL, LENNOX-

 VILLE.The Rector in his report to the Corporation, April, 1887, says:-
Of the 68 boys present in the School when my last roport was made at tho beginning of the Trinity Term of 1886, two loft during the term, leaving 66 at tho end of the torm. In torm, lember; 1886 , the school resumed with 66 boys; the numbor of boys leaving (23) wore replaced by 23 new boys. The average age of the new boys was somowhat lower than in the previous year. The number of boys has continucd the same throughout the Lient Tom. We have now 65, of wom 10 aro non-residont. Tho general health of the boys has been very good. The institntion has been fortunate in obtaining the services of a man who has acted as attendant in many cases of sickncess and delicacy. Though up to the present date, Iam thankful to say, his services have not boen required in the infirmary, yet in a general way ho has been most usoful in attending to the many petty ailments that are contingont in boy lifc. The engaging of this attendant was, in fact, carrying out a suggestion mado by a medical inan who attonded cases here last year
I notice a marked improvement in tho School as regards conduct, and also as regards work.
In the Universities' Examination for A. A., in June, 1886, the three candidates who went up, passed. In the entrance examination for tho Royal Military College at Kingston, two candidates went up authorised by the Rector. One of these was first in the examination, the other sixti. There were 36 candidates. The general work of the School has been tested from time to time by inspections and examin ations, and generally it has been found to be satisfactory. Four boys have entered the Collego by matriculation sinco my last roport. Othors aro preparing to do so.
As regrards the Teaching Staff, wo havo lost the valuablo servicos of Mr. Clinton, who has beon promoted to the headmastership of a sehool in British Columbia. Mr. II. J. Petry, M. A.: one of our old boys and a craduato in honours of Bishops Colloge, has succeeded to the important joost of Sonior Resident Master. IIis services have been rendered with much onthusiaem and success. I have been able to entrust to him, with oxcellent results, much of the detail of administration of discipline. I have been fortunate in obtaining the services of Mr. Philip Ritchio, B.A., (of McGill College, Montreai), as Junior Resideat Mistor aind Teacher of German. The usual schooi curricalum has been increased by Drawing and Singing; Chemistry and Physics havo been studied to a gieater extent than before, under the successful tuition of Mr. Hudspeth, M.A. Book-keeping and Shorthand have also received close attention. One of the rooms in the School has been used as a laboratory.
Wo still feel the need of a large hall, also of a large recreation room for cold weathor. The Biehop Williams wing hus not been as yet commenced; a sum of $\$ 3,000$ has been paid and another $\$ 1,000$ promised. The work is a work of great desirableness; it may fairly be said it is a work of necessity. The domostic equipment of the school is admirable; the class rooms are good, but a central hall and a large recreation room, with a laboratory and a workshop, are regarded as necersities in schools of the rank of our own.
I commend the needs of the School to the Cosporation, und to all the friends of liberal education that is also essentially religious education.

## DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

Prescotr. - The Ontario Diocesan amnual mecting of the Woman's Auxiliary will be held (D.V.) in St. George's hall, Kingston, June 8ih and 9th. All interested are most cordially inrited o be present,

## NEWS FROM THE HOME FIELD.

DIOCESE OF HURON.
Deanery of Perti.-The half-jenly meeting of the Ruri-Decanal Chapter of Perth, was neld in Trinity Church, Mitchell, on We.Inoeday afternoon, 25 th inst. Wo regcet to say that the attendance was not largo. Rual Deun Pattorson was unavoidably absent awing to sickness in his family, and on motion the chair was taken by Rov. Mr. Wright, of St. Mary's. Several important matters wore discussed. Tho Rov. Mr. Korr as a stranger in the piecoso, said inat he spoku with consulorable : tidenco, but it appearod to him that sometianis wath wanted to mako the Rural Doanery an effective arm for the missionary and othor wals of the Chureh: in ono department for ex.mple ho folt that an immediate improvemont was necossary, namoly: in bringing the $p$ oplo into closer contact with diocesan missionary work; the annual missionary moetings vero as a rule very badly attended and mathy of thoso who wore asked to contribato did not knew really what it was for and some radical hange was necessary; whon other churches found that a cortain plan did'nt work thoy changed it, wherous Then they of the English Church found that a plan did'nt work they stuck to it; be had no faith in this methodof carrying on the important work of the Church. Finally it was determined to forward the following recommondations to the Executivo Committeo: First-that all missionary mectings bo held in the month of October; Secondly-that a deputation be appointed and exchanged with a deputation from some other Rural Noanery, and Thirdly-that all the collections made by envelopes.
A discussion also took place as to the prosent method of appointing the Exceutive, and the unanimous feeling of the Dounory was against tho prosent method as unfair. For example, London with a church population of a litlo over six thousand has cight ropresontatives, wiile IFuron County with double the population, has only one-eighth of the representation. The figures epoalk for themsolves :-
C. rep.

| Brant, Ch. pop. | 6,300 | sends : |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| London (City) | (6,502 |  |
| Waterloo | 2.446 | \% |
| Norfolk | 3,500 | 2 |
| Grey | 12,600 | ' |
| Bruco | 9,000 | 1 |
| Muron | 13,000 | 1 |
| Lambton | 9,000 |  |

Jt was rosolved that action bo taken ats noon as possible. to have tho Exccutivo Committeo elected by the Rural Deanerics.

Missionary Work.-A committeo of Rev. Messre. Kerr, Wright, and Turnbull, wero appointed to draft an addross on the subject of contributing to Church work throagh the offertory.
$A$ resolution was placed on tho table surs gesting, with the approval of tho Bishop, that in the future Rural Deans should be elected by thoir respective chapters, such a change not to affect the present incumbents, but to bo put into execution in the case of deathe or resif. nations. The resolution was, however, hold over till next meeting.

It was unanimonsly resolved that tho next meeting of the Rural Deanery should be held in Iistow ell.
The usual service in connection with the Rural Deanery was held in Trinity Church at 8 o'clock p.m., the Rev. Mr. Wright, of St. Mary's, being the appointed preacher. Ire delirered an carnest and practical formon on tho dutios of practical Cbristianity, from tho text St. Mathew xiii, 3-18.

## DIOCESE OF FREDERICTON.

St. Jonn.-The eleventh annual convorsazione of the the Church of England Invituta :
was hold on the orening of the 2 gith ult., in the Instituto rooma, and like all nther provious celchrations of the kiud was a pronouncod success. An efficient recoption committeo composed of the President, Rov. C:mon Brigstocke, the Vice-Presidents, C. F. Kimnoar and T. W. Daniel, Mirs, Brigstocko, Mrs. Daniol, Mres. Kinnear and Mrs. Thomis Walker, looked aftor the comforts of the guests. Afler Marrison's orchestra had piayed soveral solections, a cornot solo was renderod by E. J. Marrison. Rov. Canon Brigsticko thon dolivered an intoresting addiess. 'The socond reading of the papors having boen disposed of, it was followod by other selections from the orchostra and at piccolo solo by J. (i. If:mmond.-St. Joln Globe.

## DIOCBSE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Halifax.-S.S. Association.-Tho monthly mecting of the Chureh of England SundaySchool Teachors' Ansociation, postponed from the 2nd, was held in St. Genrgo's rehool-room on the evening of the 10 th ult., at 8 o'clock. The president, Rov. F. Partridgo, occupiod tho chair. A large number of teachers attendod. Special hymris neatly printed on cards, appropriato to the death of the patron of tho $\Lambda$ shociation, the lato Bishop, were aung during the evening. The presidont alluded to the loss the Chureh had surtained in touching and fittingr terms. $\Lambda$ motion of condolence to the bereaved widow and family was passod. Daring tho oveniner. Mras. Wallace es nductod a molol lesson, subjoct: "The Ark," and Mr. Win. H. Wiswell gave an outlino of his mothod of imparting instruction on the Eighth Commandment. The noxt meeting was announced as tho ":mmual tostival," at St. Iuko's, on June (ith ; preacher, Rov. Dr. Holo.
The following rosolation was passod:-Tho Presidont, Vice-Prosidents, officer's and mombers of tho Branch of tho Church of England Sunday-school Teachern' Association of If:alifiax and Dartmonth dosire to expross their sense of the very groat loss which tho Asrociation has sustainci by the decease of ineir Fairon tino late Bishop of this dioceso.
Ifaving taken the deopost intorest in tho orgrasing and inception of this branch of the Anseriation, having willingly aceepted tho position of Patron; over ready, so fir tan engagements permitted, to homor with his prenenco and countenanco its anniversary sorvices, social gatherings and annual mectings; equally ready with councel, advico and ansistance al any time and in any manner which circumstances rendered necessaty ; wo feel most acuicly that his removal from our midst cutails a lous which wo cannot describo in words, and which now :tppears to us well nigh irreparable.
In common with all the other organinations in eomnection with tho Chureh in this diocese, this Association will miss his guidint hatnd, invaluable counsel and advice. Whilat striving in faith to reuliso and ennfors that our ILe:vonly Father dooth all things wisely and woll, wo cunnot but decply deplore his romoval from our head.
Wo would alno desiro to express our deepost sympathy for and with his bereaved and rorrowful widow and family, and to arsure them that our prayers are continually akeending to God that in His tender comparesion and love Ho will grant unto them that peaco which passech all understanding and which can and will in Jis own good timo assmage their gricf and heal their braised and bleeding hearts, and that Ile will, after tho wavers of this troublous lifo aro over-pawsed, again reunite thom to thoir dearly loved one in that better land, where there shall be no more parting forever.

On behalf of the Association (by the unanimous request of tho officors and members).

Rev. F. Partridoe, Prenident.
J. Gomprey Smitit, Sece etary.

Personal.-The Malta Times and United Service Gazette thus speaks of one well known to the Church in this Diocese:
General regret is expressed at the approaching departure of the Rev. Dr. Bullock, Senior Chaplain on this station, whose period of service in Malta has expired. It is hardly necessary for us to dweli at any length upon the sterling qualities of this excellent gentieman, who by his marked courtesy, humility and untiring devotion to his sacred ministry has won the love and esteem of the entire community irrespertive of creed or opinion. In the departure of Dr. Bullock, a loss is sustained which it $\dot{\text { will }}$ be hard to repair. Ever on the alort where the moral or social well-being of his dependents were at stake, he ministered bid calling with a tenderness and devotion which have healed many a heart and relioved many a want, unknown and unheard of, save by those who have shared his goodness. Nor can we leave unnoticed the good work performed by Dr. Bullock in promoting and extending the temperance movement in Malta, where throagh his influnnce and advocacy the cause now numbers more adherents than has ever beon previously recorded. Wo have only to wish Dr. Bullock many years of health and bappiness to enjoy the loving esteem and kindly recollections which are fostered in the hearts of his Malta friends.

Church of England Institute.-The report just issued is particularly interesting in the description of increased activity. Specially is this the case as regards the nowly formed auxiliary. The report states:
"The wisdou of the formation of a Women's Auxiliary has been fully demonstrated during the last year ; and in addition to their having augmented our current funds by subscriptions and otherwiso to the amount of $\$ 83.80$, they have, by two sales of work undertaken by them during the year, contributed $\$ 500$ in cash towards the amount held for the building fund, besides holding a reserve for future operations. While mentioning gratefully the assistance thus obtained, we regret that wo aro unable to offer thom any comfortable accommodation until the now building is available; and we look forward with pleasant anticipation to the time, whon, with their co-operation many social and benolont entorprizes may bo successfully undertaken and accomplished.'
This auxiliary numbers 123 mombers. The next subject of greatest interest is the proposed now institute building. The Committee say that a suitablo building to furnish the accomodation required for the Institute and general Church work, is estimated to cost $\$ 16,000$, including the very cligible site secured in Barrington street, adjoining the City Club on the north. The Committee havedecided to proceed with the works as soom as $\$ 10,000$ have been subscribed. So far, nearly $\$ 8,000$ have beon promised by about one hundred persons; a considerable portiou of this amount is now in hand, and the balance is being paid by instalments, in accordance with a scheme adopted by the Committce.
With the oncouragement alroady received the Churchmen aud Churehwomen of Halifax aro confidently appealed to for the $\$ 2,000$, requisito to enable tho committeo to proceed with the undertaking which should not be delayed later than Septomber next.

Perhaps nothing is so creditable as the list of noble subscriptions to this object, which certainly show the onthusiastic interest aroused in tho hearts of some friends. We append a few names on the list:-The late Lord Bishop, $\$ 750$; W. C. Silvor, $\$ 500$; E.P. Archbold, $\$ 500$; T. Brown, $\$ 500$; Robert Taylor, $\$ 300 ;$ A. J. Cowie, M.D., $\$ 200$; W. N. Silver, $\$ 200$; Lieut.Col. C. J. Stewart, $\$ 200$; H. Hesslein and Sons, $\$ 200$; A. P. Silver, $\$ 150$; F. W. Bullock, $\$ 120$; Edward Morrison, $\$ 100$; George E. Francklyn, $100 ;$ H. St. George Twining, $\$ 100 ;$ J. Godfrey Smitb, $\$ 100$; C. Sidney Harrington, $\$ 100 ;$ J.
Y. Payzant, $\$ 100$; Robert Pickford, $\$ 100$; C. H. Tupper, $\$ 100$; F. C. Sumichrast, $\$ 100$; Rev. F. R. Murray, $\$ 100$; J. W. Turner, $\$ 100$; H. St. Clair Silver. $\$ 80$; C. H. Harvey, $\$ 75$; Alfred E. Silvor, $\$ 50$, and there follows a long list of sabscriptions of $\$ 50$ each and under. To the great honor of the President and his sons it will be seon that they have subscribed about one-sixteenth of the proposed cost. Truly a noble example. There is evidently a bright future for this live Institute, and every Churchman in Halifax should feel it an honor to be enrolled as a member.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Crapatd.-A special service in momory of the late Bishop of Nova Scotia, was held in St. John's Church, here, Sunday, 8th ult. A very large congregatiou was present. The hymns sung were very appropriate and the whole service was deeply impressive. The Rector, in his sermon, spoke of the late Bishop's life and work, his powerful intellect and rare scholarship, the difficulties that met him at the outset of his episcopate, the obstacle that again and again werc overcome by bis indomitable zeal and deep sense of duty. The firmness and determined spirit of the deceased prelate, his unimpeachable integrity, the energy and vigor which he displayed in furthering the best interests of the Church, his loyalty to her teachings and to Catholic truth has placed his diocese in the first rank in the Province of Canada. The sermon concluded with a comparison between the Charch in other provinces and the feeble state of the Charch on the Island, and an appeal to all, while being warned of the uncertainty of life, to show more zeal and love for the Church, to put forth more earnest Christian offort, to do overy allotted work that God's name may bo glorified and souls saved.

## DIOCESE OF FREDERICTON.

Carleton.-The Rev. D. B. Parnther, rector of St. Jude's Church, has sent in his resignation to the Metropolitan and to the charch wandene and voitury of St. Jude's. The resignation has beon accepted. The vestry of the Church aro making arrangements for supplying the pulpit until Mr. Parnthor's succossor is appointed.

## DIOCESE OF MONTREAL.

Bedfond.-The Bishop of the Diocese visited this parish on the 13th of May, and confirmed nineteen persons, ten males and nine females. Six of the candidates had been publicly baptized by the Rector on the previous Sunday. The class was composed almost ontiroly of marricd peoplo and adults, and in respect of intelligence and social standing, was decidedly above the avorage. The Rev. I. Constantine, preached an able and appropriate sermon on "The Washing of Regeneration, and Receiving of the Holy Ghost." The Confirmations which have boen recently hold throughout this district bave given cheering evidence of spiritual life and progress.

Deanery of Bedford.-The annual meeting of this Rural Deanery, will be held at Dunham (D.V.) on Tuesday, the 7th inst. The Holy Communion will be celebrated in All Saint's Chnrch at $9 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. The Chapter will meet for basiness at 10 a.m.

Pehsonal.-The Rev. J. Merrick has removed from Adamsville to Winnipeg, Man.; his addrees being care of J. A. Anderson, Esq.

## DIOCESE OF ONTARIO.

Kingston.-The regular meeting of the Mission Board took place at the Diocesan Com-
sented the usual financial statement. The past year has been the best since the formation of the diocese, there having been an adrance not only in the Mission Fund but in all the funds. A balance of $\$ 1,666.85$, appoars on the right side of the account, the first in the history of the diccese.
Now missions were formed at Calabogie Lake and Odessa, with grants of $\$ 200$ aud $\$ 300$ respectively. The sum of $\$ 1,275.177$. was contributed through the Women's Auxiliovg for domestic and forvign missions during laei year. Of the farishes contributing, St. Gerge's, Ottawa, stands first with $\$ 642.34$, next comes St. George's, Kingston, with $\$ 563.97$, thizn St. Jemes', Kingston, with $\$ 316.85$.
Permission is to be asked from the Sywid to hold Missionars meetings in the fall instiad of during the winter months.

The Jubilee Collection in aid of the Wi: 0 w's and Orphan's fund for the diocese of Algoma, is progressing favourably; it is expectec that the city will contribute a large amount.
There was a Church Parade on Sund $\%$, the 22nd, :o St. George's Cathedral, the trocen, attending were the Governor-General's root Guards of Ottawa, and the 14th P. W. O. Rifles. The germon was preached by on. Archdeac n Lawder, the chaplain of the oot Guards. The regiment celebrated the Queen's Birthday here.

## DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

Tononto.-The Girls' Friendly Societ: The annual meeting of the Girla' Friendly ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Bo}$ ciety will be held on Friday, Jane 3rd, at e, ght p.m., at St. George's School House ; the Lord Bishop of the Diocese in the charr.
The Rev. Floyd W. Tomkins, of Culpe y Chapei, New York, and other clergymen will deliver addresses. There will be a celebration of the Holy Communion at St. George's Church at 11 a.m. on the same day. All associaths, members and friends of the G. F. Socisty, are most earnestly requested to be presert. On the following Sunday ovening. June $\mathrm{ach}^{2}$, at the same Church, the sermon will be prewhod by the Rev. F. W. Tomking.

Sisterhood of St. John.-The Lord Bishop of the Diocese, in a sormon latoly preached an St. Luke's, Toronto, gave the following interesting account of the introduction of the Sisterhood to his diocese and of its work since, earncitly appealing for aid in their work :-
The Sisterhood of St. John the Divine, is the outcome of a consultation upon charch life and work among some earnest Christian people, who bad been aroused by a mission hold in Holy Trinity Chureh, before Lent, in 1881. The idea was broached that an institution might be undertaken-to be established by Church people generally and put in the charge of Sisters. On recommendation an application was made to the Order of St. John Baptist in New York, but the Sister Superior being in England, nothing further was done till the autumn, when, at a meeting held in a private house, it was agreed that an effort should be mode at once, and a circular isened asking for a small sum of money to begis a Church Home for aged and infirm people to be in charge of Sisters.
Colleciing books were iesued and though amidst many dificalties, the project mot with encouragement and warm sympathy, enough at least to keep op intorest, until the 1 : esent Mother Superior came on a visit to Torcuto, on her way to St. Mary's Sisterhood in Ne, York, where she was about to enter her novitiate, with a view to becoming a Sister of th...i Order. After prolonged and earnest entructies sho consented to undertake the arduous work of founding a Canadian Sisterhood, which should, as it grew, undertake works of piety and charity wherever required and whenever possible in any part of Canada. Meanwhile atfairs
took a more business shape, a strong Committee of ladies and gentlemen being formed, and it was agreed that an endowment of \$25,000 should be raised to ensure a small permanent income for the Sisters.

At length the Sisters took possession of the Mission Hoase in December, 1884. It consists of two small rented houses, 71 nobinson street, and was formally opened with a service of prayer, by the Bishop, on St. John's Day, 1884. The work done there has consisted of active mission work, providing, dinners, invalid cookery, and night nursing, distribution of clothing and food, and much hoase to house visiting. Since the Hospital was begun much less work of this kind has been possible. The Mission House has been usefnl to many visitors, and has afforded shelter to some persons needing special care. A Dispensary was established in the Mission House at the beginning, when twice a week a medical man has been in attendance, to give advice and prescriptions, which have been made up by a chemist at half price, and often paid for by the Sisters. A Hospital for the treatment of the diseases of womon, was opened on the corner of Euclid Avenue, next door to the Mission House, by tho Bishop, in Sept., 1885. The number of patients nursed up to 14 th April, 1887, was 112 in all, 56 of whom were free, while 18 paid $\$ 3$ a week, and some less. Forty-seven of the cases have been surgical. The advantage of having the Sisters in attendance bra been intensely appreciated by the patients, and their care and skill have won for them the hearty esteem of the medical men. There have been four deaths. The hospital is in part, but or in part, solf-supporting; enough however, been given in voluntary contributions to cover the balance of expense, and only about enough. The hospital fund is separate from funds for maintenance and endowment. One of the associates has been responsible for the rent, which is always promptly provided. The hospital has become very crowded, both office and linen room having to be given up to patients. It would be a good work for some good Christian who had the power to make the Sisters a present of a new building for their house and hospital. St. George's Church Home, situated in that parish, was opened on 9th March last, by the Bishop, and placed under the care of the Sisters, a home for aged people, and already almost full. It is hoped that other branches of work may be undertaken, as the number of Sisters becomes greater, including a House of Mercy-a School, and, some day, Foreign Mission Work.
The Embroidery Room represents a department of work which has been very useful, affording occupation to many of the associatos of the Society, and turning out a great deal of raluable work for the adornment of a good many different churches, much of which has been sent to other parts of Canada, from Winnipeg to Fredericton. Very little of the work has been done by the Sisters, except the designing, preparing and finishing. The money received for surplices, stoles, and altarhangings, covers a large part of the hospital coal bill.
Such is a rapid summary of the various works hitherto undertaken by the Sisterhood. Of the value of the resalts accomplished, there is ample testimony borne, whether by the grateful patients of the Sisters' loving care, the medical witnesses of their capable skill and de votion, or the voice of Christian workers of all denominations. To these results the faith and zeal of a few earnest friends, especialiy some who are members of this congregation hare contributed, bat more than all, under the good blessing of God, the power, ability and devotion of the Mother Superior beloved of all who labor with her.

I appeal to you earnestly for your aid to enable these devoted Christian ladies to carry on and extend their beneficent designs. The means Which you entrust to then, as your almoners
for the relief of distress, will be both wisoly and faithfully administered. It is for the main tenance fand that your offerings aro invited, a fund required to meet current expenses whilst the endowment is incomplete. Of the needed endowment fund of $\$ 25,000$, only some $\$ 8,500$ has yet been contributed. If you desire to make your gift to this rather than to the maintenance fund you are requested to mark it accordingly.

## II $Y M N$.

Lord Jesus there is none below,
In heaven is none, like Thee; I cannot trust but Theo to show,
Up to Thyself, the way to me;
I dare not to Thy altar move,
Till drawn by Thine unsullied love.
Far have I gone astray, o'er hills Of weariness, by shame and sin, Bear Thou me back from all the ills, That else I still must journey in ;

Bid me Thy bounty now to prove,
In mystery of redeoming love.
Thou dost invite the weary soul
To reat beneath Thy poaceful shade; I fly to Thee, of hope my goal,
In Thy bright smile, no more afraid, Lowly I at Thy altar knoel,
Thy mystery of love to foel.
Reveal Theo in the oroken bread. And shadowed through tho chalice flow; Infuse Thy life, my living Head;
Thy nature to my nature show;
Me with Thy holy presonce fill,
That I may know and do Thy will.
My Saviour, Thee I would recoive;
Dwell Thou in me and I in Thoe;
Thy gracious word I dare boliovo,
And feast my soul on love so free,
And, through its mystery sublime,
Upward into Tby presenco climb.
Theó in the uruken oroad to know, In cup of blessing to discarn,
Is more to me than all below,
While longing for Thy full return,
When faith shall loso itself in sight,
And mystery fade in boundless light.
J. C. G.

## CONTEMPORARY CHURCH OPINION.

The Churchman, N.T., says of Whitsan-day:
The holy feast suggests also to us as its great central the ught the vital nocessity for a further in breathing of the Holy Spirit into the souls of men, a larger outpouring of the fire of love into thoir hearts, so as speedily to bring about the consummation of Christ's prayer, "That they all may be one." But while mon continue to be possessed of every spirit but that which proceeds from the Father and the Son, the way is blocked and the work of the Holy Ghost let and hindered by the obstacles which the baptizod themselves, the temples of the Holy Ghost, throw in the way of His operations. For how can man be at one in any sense of the word till they are first at peace with themselves till the Holy Ghost shall at first bave convicted them of sin, and led thom out of ita weary and unrestful ways into the paths of pleasantness and rest? Till mon are truls sanctified, there is no bope that they shall be at unity with themselves, as whero is unsanctification, there is confusion and evil work. The peace of Jerusalom, therefore, can only be secured when men begin first of all to hate sin, then to love righteousness, and then to hold out the right hand of fellowship to all who aro like-minded with themselves. Not till then the Holy Spirit will have free course, and will not have to contend against the worst foe of all to unity, men's love of the world, the flesh and the devil-a love
that raises up in front of tho pillar of fire a horror of gross darkness, so palpable as not to be penetrable even by the rays of the Sun of Righteousness Himself. Thus men's eyes are holden by the agency of the devil, and through a lack of the love of God refuse to extend to others that love which alone can cause the scales to fall off from the soul's organs of sight, and to see and anderstand clearly the teachinge of Him who alone is the Way, the Truth and the Life. But those teachings are the teachings of the Church Catholic, within whose fold alone can men be really and truly at one. The Holy Ghost stands waiting at this Pentecostal season to cleanse men's eyes from their sin-darkness, and to kindlo in their hearts such a fire of divine love as shall cause them to feel straitenod till the work of rounion is brought about. To this end be the prayers of the Cburch directed this Whitsun-tido.

Tho Family Churchman, London, Eng., one of the most moderate of journals, says of the Boll-Cox porsecution

Mr. Boll.Cox has followed Mr. Polham Dale, Mr. Enraght, and Mr. Greon to prison, rather than acknowledge the jurisdiction of Liord Ponzancos Court in mattors of ritual, and no consideration of respect for the law ought to deter us from rocognizing with sympathy his conscientious confessorship for tho truth as ho holds it. Legally, no doubt, the attachment is perfectly justifiablo, and Mr. Dell-Cox's caso has this further demorit, that it strikos, not against the Public Worship Regulation Act of 1874 , but against the Church Disciplino Act of 1840 -which, whon alt is said, has dono excollont service to the Church. But invoking ihis law to adjudicate in the matter of the conduct of Dipine Sorvice, is highly provocative of scand al, since the inference is that the Prayer Book law is administered by and subordinato to tho Act of Parliament. We do not revive the old controvergy about the Ornaments Rubric. Let it suffice that, the law courts having given so many conflicting and perplexing docisions, there is room for both interpratations of the rubric, and whether the one or the other be accopted, the ritual will be modified by circumstannes of taste, propricty, and of parochial feeling. The roal solution of the ritual qnestion lios, not in enforcing the civil law, but in promoting the interest of tho laity in thoir parish churches.

## Church Beils, London, Eng., says:

The imprisonmont of Mr. Bell Cox has oxcited a widesprearl feoling of indignation, which has boon intonsified by tho announcomont that tho Bishop of Livorpod has beon an unwilling agent in the case, and that ho only sanctioned the prosecution becuuso ho beld himsolf to bo bound not to interveno botweon the prosocutor. and the courts. As a discretionary power is unquestionably vested in the Bishop it is difflcult to see why his Lordship should not have exercised it for the protection of one of his clergy, whose blameless life and earnest work have, he tells us, won his unfeigned respect.

## The same papor adds :

it rnong other signs of the lovelling-up process noticeable among Nonconformists at the prosent time is the adoption of the Prayer Book title of Holy Communion for the service or coremony conductod within the chapels, which nominally answers to the colobration of the Holy Sacrament within the Church. This, it may be supposed, is only another concession to the feeling of Dissenting congregations in favour of the assimilation of their sorvices to the 'ases' of the Church of England, which is evidenced by the application of the term 'Church' to their buildinga, and the adoption of the name 'Guild ' for their Socioties. I'he promoters of Home Reunion may with justice hope that likeness in name may ere long be followed by likeness in faith and practice.

The Living Church (Chicago) says:-
Whitsun-Day commemorates both a doctrine and a fact, and, as is the case with all the leading trathe of the Creed, fact and doctrine are linked each to each by a connection which should not be overlooked. The porsonality of tive Holy Spirit is shown by the express words $0^{\prime}$ the Scriptare, and also by the distinct and sensible manifestation of the Day of Pentecost. But the truth of Whissun-Day is not confined to the proof of the Holy Spirit's personality. Its more immediate teaching is the conatant presgnce to the Church Catholic. as well as to the individnal beliover, of the Inspirer, Sustainer and Comforter.
It is this fact of the mission, in time. of the Holy Spirit which is yoarly set forth by this fostival. It is a truth dot universally recngnisod, but largoly ignored hy modern religious thought. For it is connecied with an another truth of the Creed, the One Holy Catholic and Apostolic Church, a truth either practically denied or hopelessly eveporated in the theories of a merely individual roligion. In those thoories th, work of Pentecost is held to be consummated in the furnishing of $t w e l v e$ A postles, soon to pass away from oarth, with peculiar power and gifts. According to those theories, in less than a contury the work of Pontecost was onded. If the Apostles left no successors, how imperfoct was that work! If apon the laying on of hands no spiritual gifts survired the twolve; if no tenchings after them riso above the level of individual speculations or slowly fading traditions, where is the promise : "Lo, I am with you alway, even to the ond of the world ?" The personal commissioned witness of the Apostles died with them-it could not do othorwise; but their offico survived, remains still, and will remain till the Lord core - again to judge the quick and the dead.

This is not a speculativo fancy. It is a truth of the utmost practical importance. The powor of the Holy Ghost was first neceded to attest the reality of the life of Jesus with all its acis and words. It was needed to send forth the A postles and Erangelists with power to intioduce into the world the provailing traths of the Gospel. It is nceded novo to guard and keep these truths. This difforence is not a thing of small account. It is the difforenco betweon religion as a speculation, as a thing of experieness and inforences, and religion as a rovelation. It is the difforence betweon man asking and answering his own quastions about God the invisiblo and unknown, and man taught from on high. Inspiration means not on ly the giving but tho receiving of revelation; the power "to have a right judgmont in all things;" the responding sense of truth as well as the truth itself.
It is here tho Church takes hor stand in these agnostic dajs. Mer. work is not to aggue, bat to affirm. The basis of offectual affirmation is the life of holiness in the Church the ad herence to the faith onco dolivered. The Holy Ghost, the Comforter, the Upholder. He it is who is the present Guardian of the Churels now. She does not ask for now answers to curious questionings, but the powor to possesss more noarls, and to be possessed by, the truths once given. Sho needs to koep her Whitsun tides with evorgrowing faithfulnes, that she may "daily bo renowed," that she may grow in grace and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.

## Tho Standard of the Cross, Cleveland, Ohie,

 says:Knowledge of the Holy Ghost as a Person, God piosent with men, was the great gift that came ut the first Christian Pentecost, and that has remained in the world. It is a cleansing, broadoning knowledge. It puts the daily thought and work of gond mon upon the plane of God's will and providence. We pray that by the guidance of the Holy Spirit we mar hare a right judgment in all things; and the a
we found churches, elect bishops, enact laws, nay, we even earn our daily bread, and govern our neighborly conversation, as if upon warrant of a " what saith the Lord." The relations in which we find ourselves are the order of God's kingdom. Whatever strength we bave to use in righteons life is the mighty power of the Holy Ghost.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

The name of Correapondent mustionall cases be enclosed wilh letter, but wilj not be pablished nnless desired. The opinions expressed by Correspondents.]

## To the Editor of The Cubrer Guardian:

Sir,-Permit me to suggest to the Diocesan Secretary-Treasurer of the Domestic \& Foreign Missionary Society of the Church in Canada, that it would give satisfaction if the collections in response to the Epiphany and Asconaion tide appeals wore published in the Churce Guabitan. The Guardian, in this Diocese, has a large circulation and those who give like to see their offerings acknowledged.

Yours,
Nova Scotia, May 23rd, 1887.

## SEA FORTH PARISH.

Srb,--In your issue of the 18th May, under the heading of Diocosan news, reference is mado to Seaforth parish, and you are made to say: "this parish has for some months past been in rather a disorganized condition." This statement is unjust and untrue. I am sure that seven-cighths of the Church people of Soaforth would resent such a statement.
It is true difficulties have arisen thero, mainly through the offorts of the clergyman to maintain Church discipline; but to say that tho Church was in a disorganized condition is untrue. So fur: from this being the case, the fianncial returns at Easter showed a prosperous con-dition-the Diocesan coilections boing fully up to former years, and some in adrance; notably that of tho Mission Fund: whilst I bave the testimony of Mr. Hoimsted, the Lay Delegate, that in his opinion, the Charch at Seaforth nevor had morospiritual life than at prosent. The number of Communicants on Easter Day were as large as on any former occasion.

Yours truly,
The Rectory, Haysville, ? J. Ednonds.

## May 23rd, 1887.

[The item referred to como to ns as part of Home Fiold news, for the correctness of which wo are obliged to trust to our correspondentshaving no ready means of verifying. We deprecate any such references as that complained of; they aro often unjust and reflect unjustly upon as good and faithful labourers as those who appear to succeed bettor. We are solry if any injustico bas been dono in this particular caso.-Ed.]

## THE UNCONSUMED CONSECRATED WINE

Sir,-I did not cither pretend or desire to arguo the point with cleric ; but to call attention to his oxtreme unfairness. Had bo desired a useful end, a different courso would in all prob:ability bave been allopted. Is it kind or oven just to prosent, if such they are, disagreeable facts in a way so public, which primarily should be discussed olsowhero, and that with pureiy disciplinary motive? Can any real benefit accruc to the Church, or oven the partios ancerned by means so indefinite?
If the object of the article was the reformation of the dignitary ascused and not simply scandal-a matter gravely doubtful-could it not have been more wisely done by taking exception to his courso in a more private way, and afterwards, finding him incorrigible, taking the necessary disciplinary steps? Say what
wo may in its faror, a nameless accusation of a nameless accused can but sow seetis of suspicion, which are as likely to evil affect the innocent as the guilty, and instoad of uprooting an evil may lead to the belief that the intention is grounded in malice, and that its author is wofully lacking in manly courago. It is always better (although it may not be so agreeable to some) to sow seeds of confidence among brothren rather than those of suspicion and distrust. I do not for a moment question but that an assumed signature may very ofton be used to advantage, and in the accomplishmont of ends most noble, but never as an ambush from which to fire a cowardly shot into a crowd.

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Join C. Garrett.
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Lacolle, 18th May, $188 \%$.
[We do think good necrues to the Church by exposing, even in the "indeflnite" manner referred to so gross a breach of law and order. Our correspondent assumes that private remonstranco was not made. Supposing it made, and ineffectual, why should "Cleric" be driven to formal complaint before an Ecelesiastical Court, and to a deposit under Canon of Diocese of Montreal of an indefinite amount, where public reforence to the matter might convince the guilty ones that persisting in the irregularity would not pass unnoticed? We are quite sure the writer was not lacking of courage, nor was he actuated by ill-feeling or malice.-ED].

Dear Sir, -It was stated in one of the Methodist Conferences Iately by the Book Steward of the Toronto Book-room, that the profits last year were no less than $\$ 20,000$; of which $\$ 6,000$ had been given to their Superannuation Fund. This surely points a moral and suggests an incentive to the Church of England in Canada, which has so far been blind to a foremost aroncy for Evangelization and for Church extensionand, as is proved, oven for profit. Will the Ohnych of England lenger suicidally ignote ine power of the pross and united action in the dissemination of Church literaturo. A company of dovoted business men is imperatively callod for, and would effoct more than any other agency for good. Who will act in response to so urgent a noed?

X, X.

## NEW BOOKS.

The Private Prayer-Book.-A Manual of 1nstruction and Prayer for the People of the Church ; compiled and edited by a parish Priost, (Wm. Egerton \& Co. N.Y.) This littlo Manual is a new arrangement and adaptation of doctrinal teaching and prayers from a numbor of devotional books already in use, e.g., Hoygato's Manual ; Carters Private Prayers; tho Plain Guide; the Priest's Private-Prayer Book, \&c. The object has been to combine in one book convenient for popular use, both a Manual for Holy Commanion and a guido to Repentance and a true Christian life. Although there is much in it that is decidedly beautiful and helpful, we do not feel able to recommond this book for general use. Its teaching is in some points decidedls "advanced."

The Church and Its Apostolic Ministry.-By Right Rev. John Franklin Spalding, D.D., MissionaryBishop of Colorado.-TheYoung Churchman Co., Milwaukce; cloth, handsomely bonnd, $\$ 1.00$.

Tho learned and woll known author of this book says in the introductory Lecture that " there is an obrions need at tho present time of correct teaching apon the subject of the Church.

Belief in The Church is fundamental-with the loss of the Church fou may lose the faith which it ensbrines,"and certainly in theso admirable lectures Bishop

Spalding has well done his part in giving "correct teaching." The book contains seven lectures under the following heads: I. The Nature of the Culiiek, its Marks or Notes. II. The Authority of The Church. III, The Ministry of the Church; Its different grades. IV. Episcopacy proved from its General Prevalence. V. Episcopacy in the first century, and in the Apostles Timos; The Scriptural Proof. VI. The Apostolic Snccession Unbroken. VII. Practical Advantages of the Apostolic Ministry. As an illustration of the tone and style of Dr. Spalding's Lectures we give but this one extract from his second lecture, (though we wish we had space for others) : "Bat the Church is not a voluntary society formed by men like miaded in opimon and agreeing in faith, It stands on no earthly basis. It is for no temporal or onthly purposes: It is Christ's Institution; It is His Incarnate Life oxtended; His Divine Humanity on Earth; It is His Body: Otherwise stated, it is the Association of men born into His Kingdom, chosen by Him, bound to Him and to each other in a covenant which He procured and of which Ho is the Mediator, having heavenly relationships, for onds which look forward into Eternity. It must, therefore, have an authority above that which it would have as a mere social nrganization; an authority which like itsolf is divine.

No such impotent organ:zation as could be made by man is the Church of the Living God." There is no uncertain sound in this book; no shrinking from the true and necessary consequences of a divinoly coustituted Church and Ministry, and we only regret that wo are unable to give at length the concluding chapter on the practical adrantage of Episcopacy. We would, bowever, say that no Churchman should be without this concise, clear and most readable argument in support of the Church and its Apostolic Ministry.

Protestant Episcopal Doctrine and Church Uuity.-By the Rev. C. M. Butler, D.D. Thos. Whittakor, 213 Bible House, N.Y. Cloth; 60 cents.
This is a book of very different tone from the preceding, and, wo are bound to say, in our vicw, far less antisfactory-if atisfactory at all -asserting, as the author doos, that Episcopacy -though claimed by him to be apostolic and perpetual in its obligations-is not essential to the existence of the Church, the ministry and the Sacraments. The argument against the nocessity of Episcopal ordination in order to bo considered a lawfui minister of the Church, is old and shallow; and throughout wo find littlo that commends itsolf to us.

Organic Union of Canadian Churches.-By the Very Rev. James Carmichael, M.A., D.C.L., Dean of Montreal. Dawson Bros., Montreal. Cloth, p. 88, 50 cents.
In this littlo book the Dean attempts to bring into prominence the various points in which the Church and the Presbyterian and Methodist bodies agree in the great fundamental doctrines of tho Christian faith; and in consequence of which agreemont the initiation of any movement for organic union would find in the writer's opinion, "its inost favorable field in a representative body," taken from the threo communions. The work will be found useful as a summary statement of the points of agrecment in the doctrinal teaching of the threo bodies. The Dean evidently did not aim at showing how fally the Church alone offers a common ground for union thrcugh its apostolic ministry, and historical continuity. And, therefore, though the points of difference botween the throe systems are given as Chnich government, ordination of ministers and God's eternal decrecs, the claims of the Church aro not supported or really advancod.

Outlines of Logic.-By Hermann Lotzo. Translated and edited by Gcorge T, Ladd,

Professor of Philosophy in Yale Collego. Ginn \& Co., Boston. Mailing price, $\$ 1$; for introduction, 80 conts.
The "Outlines of Logric" discusses both pure and applied logic. Under the first head como the formuition of Concept, the theory of Judgment, a system of the forms of Judsment. the doctrine of argument or the drawing of conclusions, the figures of Aristle, otc. The applied logic presents the application of tho forms of Conception, the adducing of Proof and the Process of thought in Discovery. The Logic is followed by a brief threatise on the Encyclopredia of Philosophy, in which aro set forth tho definition and mothod of Theoretical Philosoplay, of Practical Philosophy, and of tho Philosophy of Religion. This volumo will be about one-fifth larger than the others, and will make an admirable briof text-book in Logic.
Pritain's Queen.-A story and memorial. By Pearl Fisher, with fifuy illustrations. Willard Tract Dopository, Toronto. Paper, 15 conts.
This is one of the "Shaw's Home Scries," and is an admirable resume of the chiof ovents of the 50 yeara' reign of our belovod Queen.

Primary Fridays No. 3.-Original and solected recitations for the little ones. Tho Interstate Pablishing Company, Chicage and Boston. Paper 25 cents.
Mach skill is displayed in the selection of these beautiful littie poems which appoar to be good throughout. Mothors and primary toachors will find them admirably suited for recitation by the litile tots. They are all for the very youngest children.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

According to the statoment of the Bishop of Toronto one intention in founding the Canadian Sisterhood of St. John in that city was that it might, when possible, undertake works of pioiy in any partof Cunada. There would appear to bo room for its extension, and worls in other diocoses to be done. Teaching Sisters are much required. We are conviced that the only way in which hopoful compctition with the Roman Catholic convents, in the Province of Quobec in particular, can bo secured is by the omployment of either Sisters or Deaconessescall them what you may-in Church schools. Durham Ladies' Colloge, for oxample, would not have been obliged, wo think, to close its doors (ard be temporarily in doubtful legal occupatio: relativoly to its foundation, as a Boys' Schonl) had this means of utilising tho services of Curistian women been employed. It rofiocts littlo credit upon the Church in this Ecclesiastical Provinco that Diocesan Institutions for the education of girla are so unsuccossful. And we are convinced that the loss to the Church in consequence is serious, not alono by children of Charch paronts being sent to conventual establishments and losing their faith, but through tondoncies and ideas reccived in secular and donominational schools. A primary duty of tho Church would seem to be the instruction of those who are to bo the mothors of the next generation, but it is a duly sadly noglected. Why should not an earnest effort be made to carry on these institutions by Deaconesses or Sisters?

We have not heard lately as to the progress being made towards carrying out the proposed Cathedral at Halifax? Can any of the Committeo or any subscriber give us reliable information as to the position of matters now?

The Dioceso of Nova Scotia will soon be called upon to oxorciso for the first time its privilege of elocting its Bishop. We would oxpross the hope that tho experionce to bo acquirod from oloctions in the othor dioceses may not bo lost and that thoir mistalces may not bo copied. From what we know of the dioceso we do not expect that there wiil oir can he euch oxtromo party foeling as unfortunatoly in some instancos prevailed olsewhore; nor tbat the choice of a fitting succossor to the late able and boloved Bishop will bo to any large extent influenced by such considorations. But whilst the interests of tho diocese itself will doubtiess, command the first place in dotormining the choice it ought not to bo forgoten that undor the Provincial systom provailing in Canada tho Church as a whole is most dooply intorosted in the result; and alike in nominating as in olocting, the object shouid bo to snbsorvo both intorests, and securo not alono a wise and capablo Chiof Pastor for the diocese, but also ono who may add strength and dignity to the House of Bishope, replacing in this respoct tho wise counscllor and true prolato, whoso romoval wo deploro.

Tre Bishops of the sevoral dioceses are now, wo understand, holding thoir annual visitations, and numerous Confirmations aro boing held. We would be thankful if the Ciorgy would forward us conciso accounts of those Fipiscopul Acts, as soon aftor thoir occurrence as possible. We foel sure that out readors, not alone in Canada, but in England, the United States, Nowfound land and clsowhero will noto with pleasuro the ovidoncos of advancoment which wo fool sure a reeord of thege acto would offir. Wr have boon aadly disappointed at having received from our own Dioceso of $M$ treal reports of only two or three of the many Confirmations which have taken piace. Wo do not hesitate to say that tho withholaing of thour rojorts is an injury to us: we also think it is an injury to tho Church, and to the parishes and missions thomsolves. Will not our many frionds give us a helping band in this respect?
[We are obliged to hold ovor a reply from Caritas to Rov. Mr. Garrett's lotto:, and almo items of Toronto and other diocenan Home Field nows, rocoivod too late for this number.

Tho doctrino that a young man must 60 his wild oats has beon the moans of ruining many a promising youth. True some fow repont in middlo lifo for tho wickedness and enten beliof of their carly yoars, but the great mes jority of those who commenco to sow wild oats by living intomperato and immoral lives, coase not until the harvester death comos to put an end to their worls of ovil. In the mortal as in the physical world thore is an intimato relation betweon causo and offeot Evil living novor can result in anything other than sorrow and pain. "Bo not deccived; God is not mocked: for whatsoovor a man sowoth that shall he also roap, for he that soweth to his flosh shall of tho flesh reap corruption; but he that soweth to the Spirit shall of tho Spirit reap life ovorlayting."-Ex.

It is said that the Church Army of the Cburch of England, has brought 3,000 recraits to the Church, and has 1,000 more ready for confirmation. They were montly gathered out of saloons and the strects.

## The Cluxdt Guaxdian

which we are now entering. For we must not think of worship only in the light of prayer or even as adoration alone. Worship may be considered in a much wider sense, for it is a spirit of mind, which leads indeed to both prayer and adoration, but stays not at these, sanctifying the whole life with a spirit of revorence and self-sacrifice, so that those imbued with this holy temper of mind show forth the praises of their God, not only with their lips, but in their lives, by giving themselves up to His service, and by walking before Him in holiness and righteousness all their days. We shall then, in this sense, have to keep before us all through Trinity-tide, the thought of worship, of doing God's service, of bearing fruit to His glory.

For to what may we liken this season? Is it not to the soal taught in the Church's ways, as the summer and autumn of her year? The field of our hearts has been, as it were, ploughed and harrowed, and prepared for the precions seed in Advent and Lont; and further; the good seed has been sown, and has sprung up in many souls, an earnest, we may hope, of the harvest to come. Bat now the Sun of the Church's year is shining in full splendor, the grain, or plant, or flower must grow into perfection, the harvost must ripen; and this time of "perfecting holiness in the fear of God" we may consider the scason of Trinity to be.

This is the time for bringing all our previous teaching to "good effect,"-this is the time for increase, for fruit-bearing. As regards, howover, this week's special teaching, how is it with us? Are we losing ourselves in the thought of God; not only delighting to read and hear of the glories of Hoaven, but forgetting all things in the one reverent, consistent parpoee of our lives,- the worship of God, both in the sanctuary and in the constant offering of our daily lives to him? Do we really worship the Father as Holy, the Son as Holy, the Blessed Spirit as Holy, the Threo in One, as "God Blessed for over," our Father, our dear Lord and Saviour, our source of Holiness, our Comforter? If so, To ano in somo deytee, at least, entering intu communion with tho worship of Heaven, and into the spirit of the Collect.
"Tho Glory of the Eternal Trinity," there spoken of reminds us of the beautiful hymn Which we sing at the end of the Office for Holy Communion, when the Church, after giving glory to God, turns, as it were, yet more in tensely to Himself, saying, "We praise Thee, we bless Thee, we worship Thee, we glorify Thee, we give thanks to Thee for Thy great glory." Here is a very abandonment of praise ! Yet, woll indeed for us is it, that we should at times remernber and dwell upon, tho exceeding Greatness and Glory of our God., For, "Who is so great a Grod as our God?" "Who is a rock save our God?" "For I know that the Lord is Great, and that our Lord is above all gods."

What a shelter is the thought of the Power of God to be faithful, eren "as the shadow of a great rock" in the "weary land" of this world! How wonderful is the thought that "It is the glorious God that maketh the thunder." and that "ruleth the sea," who is our God, our Father I So let us take refuge in the strongth of His Majosty, His Power and Love, and there safe sholtored, adore Him unceasingly in our hearts and lives, worshipping Him with "holy worship.'

In the Gospel for the week we have the Three Persons of the Blessed Trinity brought before us in a special manner. Nicodemus comes to Jesus by night; be owns that he is a teacher comis from God. Then our Blessed Lord reveals Himself in this character, and de clares that we must "be born of the water and of the spirit." Thus we have God the Fathor sending the Son, and God the Son pointing us to the quickening power of God the Spirit. Well may we pray, as in the Collect, that we may be kept "steadfast in this Faith," and look
to our God the Father, Son and Holy Ghost, as our Buckler, our Shield and Defence against ""all adversities;" for "Who is God but the Lord, or who hath any strength except our God ?"
Glory be to the Father, etc.-From "Plain Church Teaching." (Edinburgh: St. Giles' Printing Co.)
JESUS OF NAZARETH: IS THE HISTORY TRUE?

The more I study "Nature," the more I feel her mystery and wonder. Her simplest processes are inscrutable. The mutual attraction and repulsion of particles of matter; light, heat, and electricity; the phenomena of chemical affinity alike on earth and in distant stars; life, growth, reproduction-what wonders are implied in them all? When we have observed what we call the laws of their action and described some of them under scientific formala, have we come nearer the mystery of their being? "Who knoweth the way of the spirit," says the wise man of old, " or how the bones do grow in the womb of her that is with child?" Can we answer as to that "how" at all more distinctly to-day? There are a few scarcely distinguishable particles of "protoplasm;" one, by the mystic force of natura naturans, develops into a limpet clinging to the rock, another into a soaring eagle, another into a war-horse, "whose neck is clothed with thunder," "the glory of whose nostrils is terrible." Can any science explain the inscrutable process? Our stady of evolution may show us interesting steps in Nature's working, bat does it bring us any nearer to the secrets of her heart? And when we think of our own relves, our consciousness, will, reason, moral sense, hopes, longings, aspirations, whether we consider these results to be only produced by the movements in the molecules of brain-matier, or believe there is a "sometbing" within us, above and beyond matter, that uses the matter of brain and nerve and mascle as its instrament, equally we feel that we are "fearlessly and wonderfully made," and that every blush upon the cheek, every tear dimming the eye, every heart-throb of hope or fear or grief, has its source in depths that our understanding cannot fathom. We cannot help foeling from time to time as we ponder all this

## "A sense sublime

Of something far more deeply interfused,
Whose dwelling is the light of setting suns,
And the round ocean, and the living air,
And the blue sky, and in the mind of man, A motion and a spirit that impels
And thinking things all objects of all thought, And rolls through all things;'
and conscious of this marvel and mystery in ourselves and all around us, the word "supernatural" ceases to be a bugbear to us. The story of Jesus Cbrist is wonderfal and beautiful; whother we are to call it "supernatural" is only a question of words. It is certainly differont from anything that bas come within the range of human experience before or since. It is unique; if it were not so, it would have lost its glorious significance, and would not be worth contending about. Bat it would be strange philosuphy to suppose that what is unique within the narrow limits of our experience is therefore impossible. And, taken in connection with mental and moral phenomena, the miracles and resarrection of Jeans may well be reducible under some wide and holy law. They are unique, but neither isolated nor monstrous. They are in harmony with the highest ideas of mind and soul and spirit; they are in barmony with the ethical welfare of the human race. This is evident from experience; for where they have been most
firmly believed there have been the aoblest action and the happiest and most peaceful living.
Is the story true, then? We come back Apon his question, which is the really ossential one to consider. We must fix our attiontion upon the evidence. We must weigh it and sift it. It should be strong and clear to lead us to such unusual, such momentous conclusions. We must not say that no evidence will persuade us; if we do, we are woakly yiclding to a habit of the mind, a mechanical impulse, instead of using scientific investigation. One of the disciples of Jesus described in the old Gospel history made a statement of the kind. When Christ's other companions declared that they had scen Him risen, Thomas said that he would not and could not believe unless he actually could put his fingers into the print of the nails that had fastened Him to the Cross. That incredulity was not philosophical, bat the result of habit, prejudice, and perhaps a morbid and desponding disposition. If ever I am inclined to similar doubting, if the thought comes pressing upon me unbidden, "The supernatural is impossible," I believe it would be unrcasonable weakness to yield to the impulse, as I do not know what the supernatural is, and hase no means of judgring as to its impossibilits.

But there aro classes of phonomena which do come under the range of my experience, and with regard to which I am cilpable of judging as to their possibility or impossibility. And when I think of the ovidence $b$ fore $m y$ reason and conscience for the stor. $\overline{7}$ of the crucified and risen Jesus, I foel it is imporsible that such evidence could mislead. That the character of Jesus sbould have been i nvented by dishonest forgers or fanatical drea mere is, I am quite sure, impossible. That F'aul and His other Apostles should have preach ed their noble, large minded, and holy doctrines, while they were propagating what they believed to be untrue is, impossible. That they should all have imagined Jesus to be alive while He was still mouldering in His gravo under their feet is impossible. That they shnuld bave basd their lifelong Jewjish prejudicos overcome, all their narrow-minded ideas swept away, all their earthly desires and longings crushed, by their deference to One whose lite was a wild dream or a daring imposture, is impossible. That Ifis companions, who loved Him. and lived with Him, and spent years in Jiis soc:icty, sbonld have been mistaken on the plain issue as to whether He did or did not do the things which the writer of our letters and $\bar{H}$ is other disciples said He did, is impossible. Trat he could hare taught as He did, that they could have tanght as ihey did, if He and they were he victims of an absurd delusion, is impossible. That there could be any kind of glamour, or enthusiasm, or sentimental imagining that would make a number of men think that a series of erents happened within their experience which nerer had happoned, and as they tanght them tearl at the same time the plainest, most senwihle, as well as most beantifal morality, and he co sure they had seen thinge they nerer saw that they shonid let themectres be killed rather than ce:tse to doclare they had witnessed them - such delusion and such conduct my judgment wheritatingly declares to be impossible.
When I think of all this, of all the evidence history g ves, all the oridence my heart res. pands to in overy fibre, as to the unique and ghrious life of Jesus of Nazareth. I lenve my attitude of inquiry. I hare been inquiring and searching, but not in rain. I bave found what I wanted. I have foend a real religion. hare found a narrative of outward facts which the rerdict of my understanding declares to bo true. I have found a revelation from the great unseen God thrilling to my heart and conscience, satisfying my longincot, strengthening me for the battle against evili, assuring me of the reality of righteousness, pointing me to
a Father above who loves me, to a Saviour who forgives me, to a Divine Spilit who comes and dwells in my heart and gives mo a power for goodness sufficient for my needs. So I can live my life bravely. I have an object worth living for. The doing of duty to-day is the beginning of an eternal career of interesting sorvice. My earthly friends and companions are bound to me by a tie that death is not to loose. We bave a "Father's house" beyond the grave The calamitios of life cannot crush, nor the troubles and toils of lifo overshadow, our joy and hope. There is a Providence that "makos all things work together for good." "Verily there is a reward for the rigbteous; doubtloss there is a God that judgeth the earth." Thourh doubts may sometimes cloud our faith, though "the changes and chances of life" may sometimes make the tears "rise in the heart and gather to the eyer," though efforts for the right are often only imperfectly successful, yot we can still have ringing in our ears the cheery note of our old letter-writer, "Bo stoadfast, unmorable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, forasmuch as ye know that your labour is not in vain in the Lord. And beyond this voice we can hear the echo of another grander and sweeter still: "Let not your heart be troubled. Ye beliere in God; beliere also in me."-Fragmentary Records of Jesus of Nazareth, by Rev. Canon F. R. Wyanke, A. M.

THE MINISTER'S PAROCHIAL TEMP. TATIONS.

When several parishes in a largo city are "looking for a new rector," the question axises: "What does this mean?" It signifies that while the Methodist syatem of itinerancy has not been canonically adopted by our Church, to a growing oxtont many of our clergy are itinerants I Many parishes desire another roctor, and many rectors desire a now sphere of labor. Tho formen desirô "a man of more attractive gifts," and the latter yearn for a field in which thoir clorical abilities may be more highly appreciated. "Fecble parishes" yearn for a rector whose talents may raise them into "strong and influential parishes," financially, if not spiritually; and large and wealthy parishos desire "a man possesked of brilliant gifts oratorically, financially and nocially"; and if an unusually holy and self. sacrificing man, this will be no objection.
The terms and phrases used by some wardens and restrymen who are "looking for a rector," indicate that the primary object for which parishes were originally orgavized is now subordinate. Financial and oratorical ability and polite manners are desirable; but Christ did not commission His ministers to "run a parish" financially, nor to bo a parochial social oroament, nor to be a pulpit perotechnist, but to "Preach the Gospel," including the faets, precepts, promises and threatrnings, according to then several degrees of abiiity.
But in view of what many parishes now crave, not willing to be unsettled, some rector= are perplexed and sorely tempted not to imitate St. Panl, who said: "I speak boldly as I ought to speak." Others realize that while they have no desire to displease hearers, "the offence of the cross has not ceased," and if their primary object be to please men they "cannot be the servants of God." Rect ors naturally desi:e to be "successful," but a hurcb edifice may be gnthic, capacious, and all the pews rented, the music artisis and attractive, the sermons ornate and cloquent, and crowded congregations may sppland their excellence and brevity: and
or " modern thought" for Apostolic doctrine and duty, and disobey the command, "Preach the word, reprove, rebuke, exhort," apparent success may conceal spiritual adrorsity.
The wheels of the modorn parish ayatem may revolve smoothly on the track of the ecclesiastical yoar, and tho parish treasury ovorflow ; but as God does not estimate a rectol's success in accordance with modern parochial arithmetic, in His sight be only who upbuilds His spiritual tomple with living stones is the successful minister; and independent of the n mber of his talents he will hear the approving words, "Woll done, good and faithful servant; thou hast boen faithful over' a few things; I will make theo ruler over many thinge. Enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."
Somo rectors of wealthy and influential parishes fearlessly and faithfully fulfil thoir mission as able ministers of Christ; and many hearts respect and love tho minister who foarlessly proclaims their dutios and short-comings. A wealthy banker said, "I liko my minister to hit me $\Omega$ whack, and knock me headlong occarionally;" and another admirar of ministerial moral courage said, "I liko that proacher best who drives a man intri tho corner of his new and makes him think the dovil is after him.'
In ouno of the lecturos delivered to the stad onts of the Goneral Theological Seminayy, by Bishop Huntington, he says: "It has pleased Providence to omploy some eminent gifts in the service in all ages of the Church, but by far the greater portion of the actual and aolid work of the Gospol and Kingdom of Christ has been done by men of moderate parts." The lectures are entitled "Tho Personal Christian Lifo in tho hinistry," and publishod by request of stadents who wero privileged to hear thom. Thoy einbrace the duties and responsibilities of Christ's ministers, spocifying the essential olements of ministerial failhfulness and efficiency. If read by rectors and missionaries thoy would recall the solemn rows of ordination, and incito to ministor for Cbrist with God-ploasing motives and Gud-founting dotorminaton. And if road by wardons and vestrymen, some may bo moved to place no rocular or othor barrier in the way of thoir rectot's uafulnebs. In ono of the lectures the Bishop rofers to the period in chureh history when "Statan had not wholly debauched tho manliness of Christian parishes into the cowardice of dismissing a pastor for dennducing open iniquity."-Church Press.

## GOD AS "ALL IN ALLL."

1. God "all in all"-1 Cor. xv., 25 : loes not mean that God the Son shall be lost in the Father, that God the Father whall beome absolutely and wolely dominant, for Christ is one with the Father and the Ifoly Spirit. Wo can no moro divide the Trinity than we can lifo: they aro one, and indivisible. Christ apoko of Ilimself as being equal with the Father, "I and my Fatheraroone." He taught that "all mon should honow the Son evon an they honnur the Father.' Yea, this very expreasion-" all in all"-which is here used of God the Father is also used of Christ. Ho is spoken of as " the fulness of him that filleth all thinge," and as "all, and in all." God the Father is not "all in all" to the exclusion of the Son, but with the Son, and with the Holy Ghost.
2. It is the Triune God, Father. Son and Holy Spirit, that is here spoken of as "all in all." The mediatorial kingdom having come to an end, the relative position of Christ being no longer requived, there is soen onlo the Divino absolutenens in the never divided Trinity. The kingrom remains, but the manner of administration in changed.-D. W. T. in the Theological \& Homiletic Magazine for May.

## FAMILY DEPARTMENT

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.
"A Light to lighten the Gentiles."-St. Luke $i i, 32$.
Etarnal I lght! Eternal Light
Enow pure that soulmust be,
That shrinks not, but with calm delight,
Can live and look on Thee!
Oh! how shall I, whose natlye sphere
Before the whose mind is dim,
Before the luefrable appeari
And on my unclotiled spirit bear
That uncrented beam?
There in a way for man to rise
To that nubilimo abode:
Anofrering and $\Omega$ sacrifce
A Holy Splrit's enercier,
An advocato with God.
These-these prepare us for the sight
of holliness above;
The fons of traoranco and night
Maydwell in the etermal
Through the Eternal Love.

## TWO FRIENDS.

## Chapter VII.

Reggic was quite prepared to like his new home, and to think everytbing about it delightful; and indeed not much effort was required to do so. It wasan old fashioned house standing in an old fushioned garden, with tangled shrubberies and large trees that were very pleasant to the eyes, while to his practical mind some of them were extremely suggestive of swings. One of Mr. Lacy's reasons for choosing it was, that there was a good day school near at hand to which Roggio could go, and Reggie was nothing loth. Probably he looked forward quite as much to the games as to the lessons; more, it may be whispered. But oren an far as lessons were concerned, it was much pleasanter to think of learning thom with othor boys, than all alone with a governess. Ho had not far to walk, and weather did not seem to him of tho slightest consequence. Indeed it gavo him an agrecable sense of freedom to trudge oft through mud and wet, inntead of boing compolled to stay in-doors whenever there was a shower, and muttered "Rain, rain, go to Spain."

Thus the winter monthe paened pleasanty, and as they passed away he grew accustomed to his father and mother, and forgot that they had over been strungers, and strangers about whose kindness conld be a doubl. The diark look very weldom came upon his face, and if it d d come, one word was more powerfal to chase it away than long Iectures and punishments had been in the days of old.

Frost ast in soon after Christmas, and lasted ou toc maty weoke, to the great delight of shiders and skaters. Reggio began humbly among the former, but soon was promoted, to his no small satiefa tion. His cfforts were inaugurated by a gooll mans falls, but it was a proud day for him when he could invite hi 4 mother to come and se himskatotriumphantly round the pond. H? was most anxious to push her on it in a chair. with runners, but she trusted herself with a little more assurance because Mr. Lacy was allowod to help in the undertaking. The only drawback to the affilir was that Baby took no particular notice. She had been brought to see, at the day was bright and fine, but though fhe was awake she would only occupy herself in endeavors to get the fur of her pelisso into her mouth. It was disappointing, but still the whole affilir was otherwine a most brilliant ngecoss.
One hallholiday afternoon, Regrio was waiting until his father should be ready to go with him to the pond, and beguiling the time by ranning about in the gardon, playing with his bati, when Mr. Lacy called to him irom the window:
"Reggio, don't throw that ball near the greenhouse. It has been a narrow miss once or twico, and if any glass wero broken now, the plants would be killed. You had better
not play with it in that part of the garden at all."
"Allright, father," answered Reggio, as_he ran at once to the other side of the garden.
"I had better keep away from the house too," he said to himself, "in case I should break any windows there. Mother or Baby might catch cold.'
He acted carefnlly ap to this sage resolution for some time, and then it happened that for several days running he did not go into the garden at all. Perhaps this made him forget, for the nuxt time he went out be directed his steps to the corner where the greenhouse stood, and had once thrown his ball over the bough of a tree, when he suddenly remembered and ran to pick it up. Ae he turned to go away he saw his father coming down from the house, and went to meet him more slowly than usual.
Mr. Lacy had seen him throw the ball, but said nothing.
Reggie stood silent and shamefaced for a moment, and then lifting bis eyes, said carnesily, "Father, I am sorry. I forgot that you told me not to go there. I have only thrown the ball once, and then I remembered."
"You must not forget another time, Reggie, or I shall have to forbid your playing with your ball in the garden, and there aro plonty of "afc places."
"I won't forgot again, father. I remembored directly I had thrown it, before I saw you coming."
"Very well, my boy," returned Mr. Lacy. "I am ready to go out with you now. I have the key of the other gate."
"That's jolly !" exclaimed Reggie. "May I go and open it ?"
The key was given and be ran on in front and had just placed it in the lock when he heard his father's voice calling "Reginald."
There was somothing in the tone which surprised him. He hurried back to see what could bo the matter, and looking into his father's face, saw that he was very grave indeed.
"Reginald," said Mr. Lacy again, "don't answer immediately, think what you are going to say first, and tell me the trinth."
"Xes, father," said Reggie looking very puzzled, and trying hard to think if there was any piece of miseliniof done lately that could ibe spoken of seriously.
Mr. Lary took him by the shoulders, and turned him towards the greenhouse. A pane of glass was broken in the door, and the fragments lay scattered inside.
"Did you do that, Reginald?"
"No, tither." salid the boy eagerly, "indeed I did not." Ho colored as he spoke, but looked up at the same time.
"I do not mean on purpose. I am suro you would not do that. but by aceident?"
"Indeed, father, I had not come here since you told me not until to-day. And I only threw my ballonco, and here it is. If it had broken the glass it would be inside.:
"And you have not been throwing stones cither?"
"No, father," answered Reggio again. He tried very hard to spents bravely, but his voico was choked by tears. "I am sure I cannot have done it," he added.
"It must have been since this morning," said Mi. Incy, "for I was down here then."

Reggio said nothing more, but he looked up through his tears. Innocence and guilt do not always looks so different as we imagine, and the color that suffused his cheoks might mean shame as much as distress.
The remembrance of the character that had once been given of the child came back to trouble Mr. Lacy, and ho could not foel as sure of his truth as he would have wished to do. But he looked at him keenly, and the result of his scrutiny was that he put bis band on his shoulder again.
"I believe you, Reggie," be said, "it must have happened in some olher way."

Reggie litterally jumped for joy.
"Oh, I wish we could find ont, father ; do you think the gardenor would know?"
"He has not been bere since this morning. I gave him leave to go out when I was down here. He migbt have left the door opon, and so the glase could have been broken if it was blown to by the wind. But it is not the least likely, as he is so very careful. I will go back to the house and see abont having it mended at once, so hope no harm may bo done. You can wait here for me, Reggie; if you like you may go in and gather a flower for mother."
"Thank you, father," said Roggie eagerly. It was so delightful to think that he was not suspected, that he ceased to wonder how tho accident had happened.
Mr. Lacy went back to the house, and Roggie walked along considering what flower he should choose. He found it rather difficult to reconcile all his desires, especially as some of the flowers must he know, not be gathered. It must be pretty of course, and it must be something like ia certain gruel, famous in story which was to be "thin, but not thin," swect but not too sweet; for beavy scents made mother's bead ache. Backwards and forwards ho went, and then as his eyes were cast upon the lower shelves he gave a sudden exclamaation. There, under one of them, lay a ball, the ball that had surely done the mischief.
"I must have dropped mino now," said Reggie to himself. He folt in his pockot, and there it was were he had put it.
"Then that can't be mine," he said, but nevertholess he picked it up with almostas much dread as if it had been a livo coal, and looked at it curiously. Upon it were printed three capital letters, R S. L., for Reginald Stewart Lacy, with which he delighted to stampall his possessions,

Regrie stood and stared at it as if it wore something magical. Ho could almost havo bolieved that some bad fairy had played a trick to get him into troublo. Again he folt in his pocket zior his other ball, he took it out and put it by the mysterions one. There certainly wero two, both much the same, except that the one which had lain on the gresnhouse floor was the dirtior. He could not account for it in any way.
"Reggric, Roggie," was hoãid outside.
It was his father's voico; he crammed both balls into his pocket, and went out to mect him.
"Well, were is mother's flower?"
Roggie hesitated before answering.
"T didn't know which to choose, father. I hadn't made up my mind."
His voice was so changed that it struck Mr. Lacy at onee. Had the boy beon deceiving bim after all?
"Well, we had better go at once, or we shall bo too late."
Reggie dreaded that he might bo asked if he had seen anything that could bave broken the glass, but Mr. Lacy said nothing more on the subject.
It was a very dismal day's skating. Reggie nover for $\rho$ moment forgot that fatal ball. In the evening, too, be was so still and silent that his mother was afraid he had taken cold, and more than once asked him if he felt ill. His general feeling as to bedtime, "what is the use of going when one is not the least bit tired?" was changed for one of reliof. He was glad to be able to hide his head in the bed clothes, and oventually cry himself to sleep.
It was not until after he had gone, that Mr. Lacy told his wife of that afternoon's discorery. His manner was so grave that she at once folt alarmed.
"Oh, Arthur! You did not frighten him, did you? You did give bim time?"
"Yee. Lily, and though I was a little doubtfui at first, I felt quite convinced afterwards that he was speaking the truth. He seemed so pleased and happy at not being saspected. I
left him for a few minutes, and when I returned his manner had quite changed. You saw for yourself what he was like this evening."
"Yes, I was afraid he was ill."
"There is something weighing upon him cortainly. And no wonder if he has been so deliberately deceitful.'
(To be continued.)

## FAMILY PRAYERS.

"Almighty and Most Merciful Father, who hast promised to hear the petitions of those wao ask in Thy Son's name: vouchsafe to us an interest in the prayers of thy Holy Cburch ibroughout the wolld which have been this day offered to the Throne of Grace: and grant that those thinge which we lave faithfully asked according to Thy will, may effectually be obtained to the relief of our nercsaities and the setting forth of Thy glory, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.
on Comminion sundays.
We thank Thee, C, Lord God Almighty, for having admitied us to partake of Thy holy, precious and heavenly mysteries which Thou hast given us for the sanctification of our souls and bodies; and we besecch Thee to grant that this, our Communion of the Holy Body and Blood of Thy Christ, may inspire us with faith that need not be ashamed, and with love withont dissimulation; may avert all evil from us, and enable as to perform Thy commands; may fill us with wirdom, and preserve our our socls unto everlasting life, through the same Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

## a prayer of intercession for

Remomper, Gracious God, for good, all those that are over us in the Lord, who watch for our souls as they that must give an account that thoy may do it with joy. Bless all our relations, benefactors and friends; them that are good pro serve in goodness, and convert the wicked. And, hear us, Good Lord, when we commend unto Thy tender compaseion all that are in error, and sincerely scek the truth; all such as are destitute of necessary means of instruction; all that are engaged in sinful courses, that thoy may have grace and strength to break their bonds; all those that labor under trial and afflictions; all sick and dying persons that thoy may omit nothing that is necessary to make their peace with Thee before they die; ans also we pray for such as never yriof for whemselver, that they may see before it is ton late, the danger of living without God in the rorld; these and all other necessaries for them, for us, and Thy whol Chureh, we humbly beg in the name and mediation of Josus Christ, our most blessed Lord and Savicar. Amen.

## PARSONAGES.

A good parsonag, will greatly assist a church in obtaining a pastor. It will be an important part of his salary, whos ryyment will be sure. It offers to him and his family a home; and, if it is neat
comfortable and inviting, it is no mean offer, and must have its weight in deciding the question of accepting the pastorate. Who would not rather settle among a people that have provided a tastefal dowelling for their pastor, than in a neighborhood where all the inconveniences and uncertainty of renting a home must be encountored? A parsonage will aid a church in retaining a pastor. The parsonage becomes the home of the minister and his family. They feel a delight in it, little less than if they held it in fee simple. They aim to make it comfortablo. It is soon adorned with vines and shrubs and shade-trees. The mombers of tho Charch, having an interest in it, take pleasure in improving and beautifying it and adding to its conveniences. Its occupants have in it a bome feeling which they could never experience in a rented house. Soon it becomes associated with events joyous and sad, hopeful and trying, the faithfulness of friends and the goodness of God, which cause the hearts of all to cleave to it as the dearest part of earth. A pastor will not leavo such a bome through mere ficisloness, or to avoid some slight inconvenience. He will ponder well his steps before be abandons an abode surrounded by so many comforts.

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Chins-thrifty, industrious, highly educated, infinitely interesting, absorbed in its material life-is now thrown open to the Cross. India is beginning to move and tremble nedorit the sound of the holy feet walking to and fro among the golden candeasticks. Africs shall soon accept the faith which now it destroys. Japan is on the threshold, it may be, of accepting, what indeed an erainent English philosopher has not scrupled insolontly to call a "ghost worship," but what honest thinking may presently discover to be but another instance of the survival of the fittest, in the best form of truth the world will ever see.-The Bishop of Rochester.

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## Temperance Column.

CHURCH TEMPERANCE WORK.-(Continued.)

The Social and Egonomic Aspecte.
Papera on this subject were read on Thursday morning, and contained a compendium of information and temperance statistics which must be oxceedingly useful.
Mr. N. W. Hoyles, Vice-President, said: Intemporance is the groat cnomy of society, the main cause of locial disorder. Its effect upon the home, the education and physical system of children, the army, and the want of thrift among the poor, were graphically described ald abundantly proved. Total abstainers are admitted by insurance companies to have an advantage of 26 per cent. over moderato drinkers in length of life.

Rev. W. C. Bradshaw, of Peterbore, read one of the most exhaustive and able papers on the subject we have ever heard. He gave full and complete statistics of the consumption of liquor in Britain, Unitod States, and Canada, and graphically portrayed the enormous waste of resources as a consequence. Its effect upon mon and nations, the disgrace and hindrance it laid upon Christian mission work, its results upon the physical, social, educational, and economica! phases of individual and national life were calmly, fairly and earnostly illustrated.

Rev. John Davidaon, Uxbridgo, rend a good papor dealing with the effects of alcohol on the mind and body, also on society, tho home and family. He atrongly denounced the ovils wrought among hoathen nations by liquor introducod by citizens of Christian England and America.

Rov. J. F. Sweeney, spoke as a Prochial Prosident of the C.E.T.S. and would work entirely firom the Socioty atandpoint. Intemperanco - wae everywhere a terriblo curso. A largo number of valuable statistics were given. An interosting discussion on the paper ensucd, taken part in by the Bishops of Toronto and Algoma, Mr. Loyles, Mr. Graham, and others.

Prologed Provident Brancif.
Mi: J. A. Jonos, Soc. of the Brantford Branch, introduced the subjoct of a proposed Provident Society in comnction with the C.E.T.S. to afford sick benofits and jnsurance to such members as desired it. The executive was asked to consider tho matter which was favorably spoken of by sevoral of tho workers presont.

## Woman's Work,

At the afternoon sersion Miss Tilley read an intcrosting pajor on the nocessity of woman's work for temperance. Women were tho groatest sufforcrs from drink, and their oxample was potent for good or ovil. 'The Church Tomperance Society afforded every opportunity for woman's work and the Bands of Hopo, Sundayschools and public platform, should all be used for the great object.

Mrs. Cuzron, gave an account of the oarnest and fruitful labors of many prominent women in the cause, especially connected with the Church Society. The Women's Rescue Union was doing much good and should be at work in every Parish ; women almost everywhere were the main stay of temperance work.

## Bands of Hope.

Rev. H. P. Hobson, read an oxcellent paper on this subject. The work in Toronto way very encouraging, over 1400 children boing enrolled in nine parishes. Ho only regrelted that the other Churches were doing nothing. Children he thought should not be pledged until they understood what they wore doing. They should be tanght facts and principles, not oxaggorations, and made to see that prevention was better than cure. He gave some good suggestions for conduct of Bands.

Mr. A. C. Winton dwolt on the imporance of tenching children tomperanco truthf, to provido proper means of educution and direction in the work; wo noeded a Bard of Hope Union. Whorever introdnced, tho union had done incalculablo service. Where no bands were at work the Sundayschool should devoto attention to temperance teaching.
Mr. F. H. Fatt gave some good rules for management of Band. of Hope. Ho thought they should endeavour to counteract the tobacco ovil which was destroying young boys by wholesale, as well as intomperanco.
Aftor a short discussion led by Mr . Graham, the Conference adjourned.


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