

(New Series



VOL. 15.]

APRIL, 1882.

[No. 4.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

P	AGE.			PAGI
Who Shall Roll Away the Stone	97	1	EDITORIALS SUNDAY-SCHOOL LESSONS MUSIC—Easter Anthem	. 101

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL BANNER

I S designed to afford aid to Sunday-school Teachers and Heads of Families in the religious L training of the young, and to excite throughout the country a deeper interest in Sunday-school work.

Published Monthly, 32 pages, at the low rate of

SIXTY-FIVE CENTS per Agaum, invariably in advance, free or Postage.

Single copies, 10 cents.

Over Six copies to one address, 60 cents each.

Address-

WILLIAM BRIGGS, Methodist Book and Publishing House, Toronto.

TORONTO:

WILLIAM BRIGGS, PUBLISHER.

HALIFAX: 8. F. HUESTIS. MONTREAL:

C. W. COATES.

WILLIAMS'

IMPROVED

HE BEST IN THE WORLD.



Volu

SINGER PATTERN

This World-Renowned Sewing Machine

Is manufactured in Montreal as well as in the State of New York, and is extensively sold in all parts of America, as well as in Europe. There are more machines of this pattern sold than of any other pattern or principle in the world, and the WILLIAMS' SINGER is now admitted by all the experts to be the best made and most durable "Singer" macaine in the market. On the question of durability read the following testimonial from a lady who has used one of our machines for twelve years:—

LESLIEVILLE, Toronto, January 27, 1881.

Mr. GEORGE DAWSON: MR. GEORGE DAWSON:

Dear Sir,—In reply to your inquiries regarding the Williams' Singer Machine which I purchased from the Company twelve years ago, I am happy to be able to state that it has proved to be a first-class article in every respect. It has been constantly in use during the past twelve years, and has done all kinds of sewing with perfect satisfaction. It works as well to-day as when first used, and is nothing the worse of the wear yet.

MRS. GEORGE LESLIE.

In consequence of the rapid increase of our business we have been obliged to remove our Foronto Office to larger and more commodious premises in the new building adjoinng the Mail Office.

Head Office, 347 Notre Dame St., Montreal;

D. GRAHAM, Manager.

Toronto Office, 58 King Sreet, West:

GEO. DAWSON Agent.



VOLUME XVI.

APRIL. 1882.

[No. 4.

Who Shall Roll Away the Stone?

BY G. W. MOON.

That which weeping ones were saying Eighteen hundred years ago, We, the same weak faith betraying, Say in our sad hours of woe, Looking at some trouble lying In the dark and dread unknown, We, too, often ask with sighing, "Who shall roll away the stone?"

Thus with care our spirits crushing,
When they might from care be free,
And, in joyous song out-gushing,
Rise in rapture, Lord, to Thee.
For, before the way was ended,
Oft we've had with joy to own,
Angels from heaven descended,
And have rolled away the stone.

Many a storm-cloud sweeping o'er us,
Never pours on us its rain;
Many a grief we see before us,
Never comes to cause us pain.
Ofttimes in the feared "to-morrow"
Sunshine comes, the cloud has flown!
Ask not then in foolish sorrow,
"Who shall roll away the stone?"

Burden not thy soul with sadness;
Make a wiser, better choice;
Drink the wine of life with gladness;
God doth bid thee, man, "Rejoice."
In to-day's bright sunlight breaking,
Leave to-morrow's cares alone;
Spoil not present joys by asking,
"Who shall roll away the stone?"

Lessons of Easter.

BY SPITTA, TRANSLATED BY R. MASSIE.
SAY, my soul, what preparation
Makest thou for this high day,
When the God of thy salvation
Opened through the tomb a way?
Dwellest thou with pure affection
On this proof of power and love?
Doth thy Saviour's resurrection
Raise thy thoughts to things above?

Hast thou, borne on Faith's strong pinion, Risen with thy risen Lord ?
And, released from sin's dominion,
Into purer regions soared ?
Or, art thou, in spite of warning,
Dead in trespasses and sin ?
Hath to thee the purple morning
No true Easter ushered in ?

O, then, let not death o'ertake thee, By the shades of night o'erspread; See! thy Lord is come to wake thee, He is risen from the dead. While the time as yet allows thee, Hear, the gracious Saviour cries; "Sleeper, from thy sloth arouse thee, To new life at once arise."

See, with looks of tender pity,
He extends His wounded hands,
Bidding thee, with fond entreaty,
Shake off sin's enthralling bands:
"Wait not for some future meetness,
Dread no punishment from Me;
Rouse thyself, and taste the sweetness
Of the new life offered thee."

Let no precious time be wasted,
To new life arise at length;
He who death for thee hath tasted,
For new life will give thee strength.
Try to rise, at once bestir thee,
Still press on and persevere;
Let no weariness deter thee,
He who woke thee still is near.

Waste not so much time in weighing
When and where thou shalt begin,
Too much thinking is delaying,
Rivets but the chain of sin;
He will help thee and provide thee
With a courage not thine own,
Bear thee in His arms and guide thee
Till thou learn'st to walk alone.

See! thy Lord Himself is risen,
That thou mightest also rise
To emerge from sin's dark prison
To new life and open skies.
Come to Him who can unbind thee,
And reverse thy awful doom;
Come to Him, and leave behind thee
Thy old life—an empty tomb!

Work with and for Assistants.

In every Sunday-School there are childloving young girls, who will be glad to take a class of little ones in the primary school. They are young Christian girls, with an enthusiastic, but not very definite, desire to "do something for Christ." They would shrink from the thought of taking a class in the big school, but they are quite willing to gratify the mother instinct, and at the same time feel themselves doing helpful work among the little ones.

Some will say that these same girls ought to be in Bible classes yet for a few years. Yes, unless they can learn more in a primary school. It is well to know the letter of the word, but it is better to know its spirit and practice, and here it may be learned. But the superintendent has a work with and for these young helpers. Many of them come into the class with the impression that they have little to do besides amusing the children and helping to keep order. It is ours to teach them how to teach. Not many of us are so favoured as to have access to a Normal class, and we have to make our own plans, and carry

out our own schemes. This may be a great advantage in many way.

A difficulty arises at the outset: How shall we get our helpers together? These are such busy days! And the young folks are almost, if not quite, as busy as their elders. Perhaps the best time, all things considered, is at the close of the school hour. Fifteen minutes every Sunday will be of great service in giving hints and getting at difficulties. The teachers are already present, and will willingly stay for that short time. Have brief notes of matters that need to be spoken of. . You have thought of this and that during the week, that might be improved. Note it down, or it may escape you when wanted. To secure uniformity of teaching it is well. among young assistants especially, to have a simple outline prepared for the next lesson. Spend five minutes in talking it over, asking your assistants to write down the the thoughts you wish should be made prominent in the teaching of the lesson. This is the time to give hints about the management of restless children, to discuss ways of promoting promptness, and many other things which teachers need to learn quite as much as do children.

Can you not see how work of this kind trains good teachers for advanced work?

Here are some hints on "How to get the scholar to prepare his Sundayschool lesson:" 1. Let the teacher always be prepared himself. 2. Let the scholars see that the teacher expects preparation, and is kindly, but firmly, determined to have it. 3. Ascertain at every lesson what scholars have studied the lesson, and just how much they know about it. 4. Notice and recognize every attempt at preparation by the scholar. 5. Assign to each scholar, a week in advance, a written question to which he is expected to prepare an answer; keep a record of the questions and names, and call for the answers in the class. It would be a good plan to send the questions on postal-cards through the mail. 6. Invoke the influence of home and the authority and love of the parents in the matter of prepara-7. Win the love of the scholar so fully that he will learn the lesson because it pleases his teacher.—The Study.

Sund can't Of coneed for s for t is litt of in D lesson

the the 1 be of to p the ! men knov be? M and 88 8 stree mor next out. sma done that even day, a m

P

Fish

wou

If a

be s

tery

like

Stat Sun on f tend mak pare it p fails slow

legs

will

The Lesson.

"O MY lesson!" groans a teacher on Sunday within an hour of school-time. "I can't make it interesting to my class!" Of course you can't. Deducting the time needed for toilet preparation (no small job for some teachers), deducting time needed for the walk or ride to school, and there is little leisure left for packing, with items of interest, your class-bag.

Do you want to know how to make the lesson interesting? Two words will solve the difficulty. Get full. We don't say the rule is infallible, but it will certainly be of great assistance. Begin this Sunday to prepare for next Sunday, by finding out the lesson-subject and stamping it on your memory. We wonder how many teachers know a week ahead what the lesson will be? Do you, reader, know the lesson?

Monday morning go out with your bag and collect items for the lesson sedulously as any old rag-picker would hunt the streets for odds-and-ends. You read the morning paper. "There's a nice thing on next Sunday's lesson," you say. Cut it out. You are on the street; you hear a smart thing said, or see a smart thing done. "My boys will be interested in that next Sunday," you say. Remember it. You are reading your book in the evening. "That idea is pat for next Sunday," you think, at a certain passage. Put a mark there.

Pick up everywhere. Grub in all places. Fish in all pools. Reap in all fields. You would be a full man or woman by Sunday. If a fountain is full it will give. You will be surcharged with information as a battery-jar with electricity. You will be likely to give out ideas as readily as that iar will give out shocks.—S. S. Times.

RALPH WELLS said at the Vermont State Convention last October: "The Sunday-school is like a horse. It stands on four legs. The pastor and the superintendent are the two front legs, which make it go forward. The teacher and the parent are the two hind legs, which give it power. If any one of the four legs fails to do its part, it is lame and goes slowly, if it goes at all. Let all the four legs work together; the Sunday-school will go forward with good success."

Authorized	Publications of Car	Methodist	Church

Christian Guardian, 8 pp. folio, weekly	2	90	1
Methodist Magazine, 96 pp. 8vo., monthly S. S. Banner, 32 pp. 8vo., monthly, under 6			
eopies	0	65	
Over 6 copies	0	60	100
S. S. Scholar's Quarterly	0	08	튑
Quarterly Review Service. By the year, 24 cents a dozen; \$2.00 per hundred; per quarter, 6 cents a dozen; 50 cents per 100. Pleasant Hours, 8 pp. 4to., Semi-monthly, single			sar, incluostage
copies	0	80	BA.
Less than 20 copies	0	25	4
Over 20 copies	0	22	P4
Over 500 copies	0	20	
Berean Leaves, 100 copies per month	5	50	
Sunbeam, Semi-monthly, less than 20 copies 25 copies and upwards	0	15	1
n	U	12	,
By the new Postal Law, the Postage must	be	pr	epaid

Address, WILLIAM BRIGGS,
Publisher, Toronto

The Sunday School Banner.

REV. W. H. WITHROW, M.A., EDITOR.

TORONTO, APRIL, 1882.

The Best Lesson-Help.

We heard, a short time since, the Rev. William Taylor, D.D., of New York, himself a distinguished autior and successful Sunday-school expositor, speak on this subject as follows: "This is a day of great multiplication of Sunday-school lesson-helps. Every religious paper has its column or two every week, and many special periodicals are published for this purpose. And all this is admirable. But there is help that surpasses all others, and that is a loving heart. Sound interpretation is good. Accurate information is good. But love in the heart is best of all."

There is a profound significance in this remark. It is but the sentiment of St. Paul, as given in the Revised Version:—
"If I speak with the tongues of men and of angels, but have not love, I am become as sounding brass, or a clanging cymbal.
And if I have the gift of prophecy, and know all mysteries and all knowledge;

and if I have all faith, so as to remove mountains, but have not love, I am nothing." Love to God gives truest insight into His Word. Love for our scholars gives entrance to their hearts. A passionate love for souls will give truest wisdom in winning them for Christ. Let us, therefore, while seeking every help from every quarter that we can obtain, seek first of all the preparation of the heart which cometh from God. This we shall find by earnest prayer, by communion with the great Teacher, by sitting at His feet and drinking deeply of His Spirit. This will solve many of the difficulties of the lesson -How to secure, and how to keep the attention of the scholars. Love is the potent magnetism that shall draw the scholars' hearts to the teacher, and enable the teacher to draw them to Christ.

Sunday-schools versus Mothers.

MUCH as we appreciate the value of Sunday-schools—and we will yield to none in our estimate of their importance—we heartily concur in the following remarks of the New York Methodist.—

"Religious instruction by schools ought not to become a means of abrogating the duties of parents. We have, in recent years, read often with growing amazement that Sunday-schools are depended upon by the Church to give her children religious instruction. It is a most astonishing theory, for it implies a communistic order of ideas—that children are not in the custody of particular persons called parents, but of a body of persons called a Church. If the Church has in this communistic fashion forgotten all about parents, and undertakes to do without their service of childhood, it is not very surprising that the Sunday school is "regarded as falling short of its duty." One good mother is worth several millions of Sunday-schools; and no possible Sunday-school can ever do the mother's work. If any are troubled on this subject, they will do well to labour for a restoration of parental obligations

rather than for a Sunday-school which shall do away with any moral and religious uses for parents."

The Lessons for 1883.

SE

into

him

beg

hea

whe

wise

sucl

d tl

and

And

with

ame

save

5

6

7

i A

beg

gav

not

scri

two

plac

till

nor

the

tole

.

1

mer

ano

heal

8

9

8

3

2

THE Sunday school Lesson Committee have announced their selection of lessons for 1883. Through the kindness of Dr. Potts, who is a member of that committee. we have received a copy of the Scheme for next year. It is too long to give in full, but we may state that the lessons for the first and second quarter are from the Book of Acts, and for the third and fourth are from the Books of Jeshua, Judges, and 1st Samuel-giving the history of Israel from the death of Moses to the death of Saul and Jonathan. It will be seen that for eighteen months the lessons are in the New Testament, the Gospel of St. Mark and the Acts. Never since these books were written have they received such profound study as they shall receive in the schools of Christendom during these eighteen months.

THE most effective International Society of our times is the Sabbath-school. The International Sabbath-Cchool Lessons are weaving nations into unity, and creating a spirit which, practically, makes one body of all evangelical denominations. How it would have added to the enthusiasm of Paul, when he went out of the Ostian Gate to die, if he could have seen ten thousand times ten thousand in all nations and tribes and kindred and tongues, sitting down every Sabbath-day to the same lesson-at the Cape of Good Hope, at the edge of the Yellow Sea, and in the Sandwich Islands, in Germany, France, and Italy, and on our own once desolate shores -all uniting to study the same Book!

PETITIONS to Parliament should be written in a bold, round, open hand, for which purpose Esterbrook's blunt and broad pointed pens are the best. Address the Esterbrook Steel Pen Co., 26 John Street, New York, for samples.

INTERNATIONAL BIBLE LESSONS.

SECOND QUARTER-STUDIES IN THE GOSPEL ACCORDING TO MARK.

APRIL, 1882.

Nors-The Scripture verses to be committed to memory are indicated by an index [##] at the side.

A. D. 28.

LESSON I.—THE MISSION OF THE TWELVE. Mark 6, 1-13,

April 2.

1 And a he went out from thence, and came into his own country; and his disciples follow him.

a Matt. 13. 54 : Luke 4, 16,

2 And when the sabbath-day was come, he began to teach in the synagogue; and many hearing him were astonished, saying, b From whence hath this man these things? and what wisdom is this which is given unto him, that even such mighty works are wrought by his hands? John 6. 42.

3 Is c not this the carpenter, the son of Mary, d the brother of James, and Joses, and of Juda, and Simon? and are not his sisters here with us? And they e were offended at him.

c Isa, 53, 2, 3; 1 Cor. 1, 23.—d Matt. 12, 46; Gal. 1, 19.—e Matt, 11. 6.
4 But Jesus said unto them, f A prophet is not without honor, but in his own country, and among his own kin, and in his own house.

 f Matt. 13. 57; John 4. 44.
 And q he could there do no mighty work, save that he laid his hands upon a few sick folk, and healed them.

g Gen. 19. 22. 6 And h he marvelled because of their unbelief. i And he went round about the villages, teaching.

t And he went round about the vinages, teaching.

h Isa. 59. 1, 2. 16.——i Matt. 9. 35.

7 And j he called unto him the twelve, and began to send them forth by two and two; and gave them power over unclean spirits;
j Matt. 10. 1; Luke 9. 1.

8 And commanded them that they should take nothing for their journey, save a staff only; no

scrip, no bread, no money in their purse:

9 But k be shod with sandals; and not put on

two coats.

k Acts 12. 8.

10 And l he said unto them, In what place soever ye enter into an house, there abide till ye depart from that place.

Matt. 10. 11.

11 And m whosoever shall not receive you, nor hear you, when ye depart thence, shake n off the dust under your feet for a testimony against them. o Verily I say unto you, It shall be more tolerable for Sodom and Gomorrha in the day of judgment, than for that city. m Matt, 10. 14. - n Acts 13. 51; 18. 6, - o Heb.

10. 31. 12 And they went out, and preached that

men should repent.

13 And they cast out many devils, p and anointed with oil many that were sick, and healed them.

p James 5. 14.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

Nearly a year has passed since Jesus, at the beginning of his ministry, stood among his townspeople of Nazareth. He still yearns to townspeople of Nazareth. bestow upon them the bread of eternal life, al-though on the former visit they scorned his words, and would have thrust him over the precipice brow. He thinks of his brothers, who once roamed among the Galilean hills by his side, and now, perhaps, handle the familiar tools in Joseph's carpenter-shop; and of his sisters, now matrons in their own peasant cottages. resolves to visit the home of his childhood, and to give his old companions one more opportunity to embrace his Gospel. Followed by the faithful twelve, he walks upward from the shores among the mountains, and by sunset stands within the In the synagogue, where, walls of Nazareth. sitting by Joseph's side, he heard of old the Law read and the Psalm chanted, he stands once more. He speaks the gracious words of the Gospel, while all listeners at first wonder, and then despise. In his own home, even One greater than the peophets fails to receive honour. He may not even heal the sick nor cleanse the lepers where none will come to be cured, so he sadly leaves the city for the surrounding villages, where the humbler folk listen gladly to his teachings. It is now time to enlarge the field of his ministry, so he sends forth the chosen twelve as his messengers, plain men bearing his word to the masses of their people, without the robes of priests, or the phylacteries of the scribes; bidding men in brotherly words to repent, and attesting their commission by works of healing.

EXPLANATORY AND PRACTICAL NOTES.

Verse 1. Went out from thence. From Capernaum, where his visits after this time were only occasional and transient. His own country. The neighbourhood of Nazareth, a journey of from seven to ten hours. At this At this place he had lived during nearly all the thirty years of his earlier life, and from it he had been driven at the beginning of his ministry. Luke 4. 16-31. Disciples follow. The twelve apostles, who now accompanied him everywhere. Their presence may have prevented the repetition of the violent acts which occurred at his former

visit.
2. Sabbath day was come. Implying that his stay at Nazareth was of several days'

duration. Teach in the synagogue. Jesus attended the worship of the synagogue, even when it was conducted by his enemies. Hearing .astonished. From which it may be inferred that his earlier years had not been marked by supernatural events or the display of remarkable knowledge, contrary to the legends in the "Gospel of the Infancy" and other apocryphal books. What wisdom. A question which every one may well ask who compares the words of Jesus with those of the wissest ancient teachers.

wisest ancient teachers.

3. The Carpenter. In the East trades descend in families through many generations, so that it is more than likely that Jesus, until the beginning of his public ministry, worked at Joseph's trade as a carpenter. 1. See here the evidence that Jesus' wisdom was divine, since he could not have learned it in the carpenter's shop. 2. See how fully Christ can sympathize with the burdens and troubles of the toiling multitudes. 3. See the nobility and honour in a life of labour. Son of Mary. Undoubtedly Joseph had died before the beginning of Christ's ministry. The brother. These persons named may have been either children of Joseph by a former marriage, or own cousins to our Lord (as the word is occasionally so understood), or, more likely, younger brothers and sisters of Jesus, children of Joseph and Mary. The word "first-born" in Luke 2. 7, would suggest that Mary had other children afterward. James. Probably the author of the Epistle, and Bishop of the Church at Jerusalem, though not an apostle. Judas. Probably the author of the brief Epistle. These brothers of Jesus did not then believe in him, but were found among the disciples after the ascension. John 7. 5; Acts 1.14. Sisters. Perhaps married to men in the neighbourhood. Offended. Displeased, or unbelieving.

4, 5, 6. Without honour, etc. A common proverb, which Jesus referred to himself, meaning that from the familiarity of his townspeople they failed to recognize his greatness. 4. How much greater our privilege than that enjoyed by the Nazarenes! Could there do Not that it was impossible, but that he could not consistently with the purposes of his ministry, or that no opportunity was offered him. 5. How often prejudices will prevent men from the enjoyment of their privilege! There are hearts even now that remain unblessed, because they will not let Christ bless them. Marvelled Because the unbelief of the Nazarenes stood in such contrast with the interest elsewhere, because it was so blind and wilful, and because it was so injurious to themselves. 6. Is the unbelief of our time any less strange and foolish! The villages. Shut out from the city by the bardheartedness of its people, he shed the light of his teachings on the little hamlets around it.

7. Called...the twelve. The Saviour sent out his apostles, partly because the exercise of preaching would give them good training for their work after his ascension; partly because the hunger of the people after the word made it necessary to provide preachers for the many places where he himself could not go, and partly

because the growing opposition of the Pharisees, and their misrepresentation of his ministry, made workers in his cause a necessity. Two and two. For mutual counsel, encouragement, and help. Power...over spirits. It was a part of Christ's mission to destroy Satan's kingdom in the hearts of men; and miracles of the kind would show the authority of his messenger.

8, 9. Take nothing. "These commands were suited to the circumstances. Their mission was to a narrow district of country, extending over a few weeks of time; in a mild and even climate, and under a simple state of society, so that elaborate preparations were not necessary. This way of living would train them in a life of constant trust in him who had sent them forth; would bring them into immediate contact with the people, and would give to the masses among the people, and would give to the masset with whom they laboured a closer sympathy with them."—Lesson Commentary. Save a staff. In Luke 9. 3, it is "neither staves," implying In Like v. o, it is neture staves, implying that they might carry a staff for travel, but not another for defence. No scrip. The scrip was a bag or basket for carrying food, which they would not need while depending on the hospitality of the people. No money. "No brass," literally. This would cast them fully upon the kindness of those among whom they preached. In their purse. Literally "the girdle," which is often used among Orientals, as a pocket or purse. Sandals. Mere soles, not shoes for a long journey. Not two coats.

In their ordinary working dress, without carrying an extra mantle. We are not to regard these commands as a permanent plan of church work; yet in spirit they should be observed, showing a labour for souls which is, (1) Self-sacrificing; (2) Trusting; (3) Adapted to the people; (4) De-

praising; (a) Auspieu to the people; (b) Depending for support upon the people.

10, 11. There abide. They were not to spend their time in visits of ceremony, so common in the East, but in direct work for the salvation of the people. 7. God's workers should have singleness of purpose. Shall not receive you. 8. Then we are not to be surrivised if some do not receive the Gospel or its workers. Shake off the dust. As a token that they would let nothing of such people remain with them. More tolerable. Because the cities of the plain received no such light, they will not be condemned to such penalties. Judgment. 9. An indirect warning that there will be a day of judgment for all mankind of every land and age.

12, 13. Men should repent. That was the practical aim of their preaching—to lead men to turn from sin. Anointed with oil. As the external sign of the miracle wrought, connecting themselves with it as the workers.

W Th

las

13

16 eas 10

GOLDEN TEXT.

He that receiveth you, receiveth me; and he that receiveth me, receiveth him that sent me. Matt, 10. 40.

OUTLINE.

- 1. The T. acher. v. 1-6.
- 2. The Twelve, v. 7-13.

LESSON HYMNS.

78 4 68. No. 686, New Hymn Book. Lord of the living harvest

de

d

id

a

n

0

f

That whitens o'er the plain, Where angels soon shall gather Their sheaves of golden grain ; Accept these hands to labour,

These hearts to trust and love. And deign with them to hasten Thy kingdom from above

As labourers in thy vineyard, Send us, O Christ, to be Content to bear the burden Of weary days for thee: We ask no other wages

When thou shalt call us home, But to have shared the travail Which makes thy kingdom come.

C. M No. 635, New Hymn Book.

How precious is the book divine, By inspiration given Bright as the lamp its doctrines shine,

To guide our souls to heaven. It sweetly cheers our drooping hearts,

In this dark vale of tears ; Life, light, and joy it still imparts, And quells our rising fears.

This lamp, through all the tedious night Of life, shall guide our way, Till we behold the clearer light Of an eternal day.

S M. No. 682, New Hymn Book.

How beauteous are their feet Who stand on Zion's hill; Who bring salvation in their tongues, And words of peace reveal ! How cheering is their voice, How sweet the tidings are

"Zion, behold the Saviour King; He reigns and triumphs here. The Lord makes bare his arm, Through all the earth abroad; Let all the nations now behold Their Saviour and their God.

HOME READINGS

The mission of the twelve. Mark 6. 1-13.

The mission of the twelve. Mark 10. 16-31. Tu. The charge to the twelve. Matt. 10. 16-8

W. The need of the Gospel. Rom 10. 1-18.

Th. Preaching the Gospel. Acts 16. 6-15. The privileges of the Gospel. Luke 10. 17-24.

Fate of God's enemies. Gen. 19. 15-29. The followers of the Lord. Psa. 84, 1-12

Time. -A. D. 28, soon after the events of the last lesson.

Place. - Ver. 1-6, Nazareth; ver. 7-13, Galilee. Parallel Passages. - With ver. 1-6, Matt. 13. 54-58, some commentators regard Luke 4. 16-30, as parallel, but most as a previous event, early in Christ's ministry; with ver. 7-13, Matt. 10. 1-42, Luke 9. 1-6.

QUESTIONS ON THE LESSON.

1. The Teacher, v. 1-6. To what place did Jesus go? Had he visited it before? Luke 4. 16.

How had he been treated at that time ? Luke 4. How had no been treated at that the Place's 28-30. What did the people of Nazareth now think of his words! Did their wonder lead them to believe in him? Why not? How did Jesus explain their unbelief? What did they lose by explain their unbelief? explain their unneiled? What did they lose by not believing in Jesus? How did Jesus feel at their unbelief? What did he do in the villages around Nazareth? What blessings did Christ bring with him? Matt. 9. 35.

2. The Twelve, v. 7-13. For what purpose were the twelve chosen! Mark 3. 14-15. What power was given them? What were they forbidden to take? What was the reason for these commands? How were they to find homes among the people? Matt. 10. 11. Why were they so staying in one house at each place? What did Jesus say concerning those who receive the apos-tles! [Golden Text.] What were they to do where the people would not hear them? What would be the penalty for refusing to hear the apostles? How did the disciples fulfil their mission ?

PRACTICAL TEACHINGS.

How are we taught in this lesson-1. That Christ brings blessings only to those who believe?

2. That Christ expects his followers to work That Christ's workers must be self-denying?

The Lesson Catechism.—1. How Jesus treated in his own city, Nazareth He was rejected. 2. How did Jesus feel jection by his own people? He marvelled at their unbelief. 3. Whom did he send out to preach? The twelve disciples. 4. What did he command them concerning their journey? To carry nothing. 5. What did the disciples preach? That men should repent.

DOCTRINAL SUGGESTION.—The ministry of the word.

ANALYTICAL & BIBLICAL OUTLINE. The Preparation of the Gospel Preacher.

1. SPIRITUAL ENDOWMENT. What wisdom is this ? v. 2.

"Demonstration of the Spirit, and power." 1 Cor. 2. 4.

II. INDEPENDENCE OF POPULARITY.

Is not this the carpenter? v. 3.
"Being reviled, we bless." 1 Cor. 4. 12.

III. TRUST IN GOD.

Take nothing for their journey. v. 8. "My God shall supply all your need." Phil. 4, 19.

IV. SIMPLICITY IN LIFE.

Not put on two coats. v. 9. "Be not conformed to this world." Rom. 12. 2.

V. SINGLENESS OF AIM.

There abide till ye depart. v. 10.
"This one thing I do." Phil. 3. 13.

VI. FIDELITY IN WORK. Shake off the dust . . . against them. v. 11. "Reprove, rebuke, exhort." 2 Tim. 4, 2.

ADDITIONAL PRACTICAL LESSONS, The Preaching of the Gospel.

1. The Saviour gives to his preachers the example of preaching the Gospel to those nearest to themselves. v. l.

2. The preaching of the Gospel should be not in human wisdom, but in demonstration of the Spirit. v. 3.

3. The preaching of the Gospel is not always successful with those who enjoy the highest privileges. v. 3. 4.

4. The preaching of the Gospel finds its greatest obstacles in the unbelief of those who hear it. v. 5.

5. The preaching of the Gospel require men of self-sacrificing and trustful character. v. 8.

6. The preaching of the Gospel aims directly towards reaching the people. v. 10.

7. The preaching of the Gospel entails great responsibility upon those to whom it is preached. v. 11.

CATEURISM QUESTION.

32. How was this kept in remembrance in following ages?

God—that the children of Israel in after ages might keep in remembrance the passing-over their fathers in Egypt, in the night when the angel destroyed all the first-born of the land—appointed the yearly sacrifice of a lamb in every family, which was called the Feast of the Passover.

ENGLISH TEACHER'S NOTES.

BY SARAH GERALDINA STOCK.

WHEN Sir Frederick Roberts started from England last year for the seat of war in South Africa great was the interest manifested in his expedition. The work that lay before him, the provision made by Government for its being carried out, the probable directions given him, and the chances (or, might I say, the all but certain hopes?) of his success and of a triumphant issue, were common topics of conversation and discussion. And in a greater or less degree similar interest is taken in the setting forth of any man upon an enterprise of public importance. Such a setting forth we are to look at to-day; with this difference: the enterprise is a matter of past history, its features being continually reproduced in the present, and yet further to be unfolded in the

We read a few Sundays ago of our Lord's choice of twelve to whom he proposed to entrust his work To-day we witness their first start.

Though not received in his "own country," namely, Nazareth and its environs, the Lord Jesus was welcomed in other parts of Galilee,

and so large was the field of labour which here lay open to him, that the time was now come when the twelve should go forth in his name. Notice

sh

we

of

OW

se1

Lo

an

sar

cle

Lu

cor

the

Th

sur

CAT

bac

ma

wa

but

sur

to

nar

tha

abl

oth

and

apo

por

the

tho

ord

sho

be

load

clot

lug

day

tion

to c

late

less

be t

out

Mas

be r

is ev

ther

and

who

they

The

their

agai

We i

(c)

(6

(

1. The place to which they were going.
Our Lord did not send these first labourers into strauge and distant regions. Not one of them was left behind among the unfriendly Gadarenes, to preach in the name of Jeaus. They were to begin in well-known walks, in the villages of Galilee (Luke 9. 6.) among a people to which they were no strangers, and who had already learned to revere the name in which they went forth.

Here we see the wisdom and tenderness of the great Master. He gave them the easier work first. Hereafter they were to go forth "as sheep in the midst of wolves," (Matt. 10. 16.) but not until they were more fully trained and equipped for service. Hereafter they were to go "unto the uttermost parts of the earth," (Acts 1. 8,) but not until the Spirit had come to endow them with his felt presence. They were to learn the joy of working with him first, and then later they would not fear the hardship and peril his soldiers must be ready to undergo.

And in the same order does the Master send forth his servants now. First work for him in your own homes, speak for him to your own companions, where his name is not utterly strange, and where you are not without some friendly support and sympathy, or at least kind feeling. Those who are home missionaries will make the best foreign missionaries, and those who are "faithful in a very little" will be "faithful also in much."

2. The provisions made for their work.

The Master turnished them at the outset with two priceless gifts—companionship and power.

(a) Companionship. He sent them out "two and two." That was the requirement of Jewish law-two or three witnessess. But it was more. It was the deep craving of human nature as originally formed by the Creator. It is true that our Lord can and does make up to a servant of his who is left solitary all that such a one seems to go without. But his first provision for the apostles was the companionship of one of themselves
—another heart to feel with theirs, another mind to plan with theirs, another voice to echo and to supplement theirs, another strength to support theirs, another judgment to correct theirs. This is how the Master would have his servants go forth to labour. They are not to stand alone, in proud isolation, but in brotherly love and humility to depend mutually one upon the other.

(b) Authority. An earthly embassador cannot go forth without this. He must be accredited by his sovereign, and must be able to

show his credentials. His word will be of no weight unless it is understood to be the word of the monarch who sends him. It is not his own standing, but that of the power he represents, which gives him his influence. The Lord Jesus showed himself " mighty in word and in deed," and his messengers must do the same. So he gave them "authority over unclean spirits," and also "to cure diseases." Luke 9. 1. We can fancy Peter and John coming to some village. The news goes round that two of the followers of Jesus are come. They preach in his name to the crowd that surrounds them. But there are sick ones there, and sufferers vexed with evil spiritscan they help these ? Yes. As boldly as they bade men repent, so confidently do they command the spirits, and bid the sick arise and And the name, not of Peter and John, but of Jesus their Lord, is glorified. And as surely as any servant of Christnow goes forth to do the work given him, in the Master's name, and for the Master's glory, he will find that authority and power are with him.

3. The directions given them.

hich

now

his

rers

e of

dly

us.

in

ga

nd

me

of

er

th

0.

ed

y

le

it

There are three in this gospel—all, probably, given at this time, while Matthew adds others which may have been spoken later on, and which have reference to the work of the

apostles after our Lord's ascension.

(a) To make no provisions for their temporal wants on the journey. They were not going far, nor among strange people, and all their actual needs could be met without thought or trouble on their own part. Their ordinary clothing was sufficient-no travelling shoes needed-not even a staff, should there be none at hand. Comp. Matt. 10. 10. To load themselves with provisions or extra clothing would encumber them, just as heavy luggage would a tourist out on a short holiday-or, rather, a soldier on a short expedition. For the more distant and difficult work to come a proper exercise of forethought was later on enjoined. See Luke 22. 36. The lesson for Christ's servants at all times is to be unincumbered with worldly things-without carefulness-at leisure to pursue their Master's business.

(b) To remain in the house they should first be received. The advantage of such a course is evident. Men would know where to find them; they would not lose time in going to and fro; it was proper courtesy toward those who welcomed them; and the house where they had lodged might become a place whence the light should afterwards radiate to others. The Master would have his servants steady in their work as well as in their walk.

(c) To shake off the dust from their feet against that city which did not receive them. We read twice in Acts of this symbolic action, or a similar one, being performed. Acts 13. 51; 18.6. If sinners will not hear the glad tidings, nor heed the warning voice, the guilt is their own. Christ's servants are free of the responsibility. A terrible thought for those who will not hear!

4. Their success.

They did the work they were sent to do. Going forth in faith, they found that the The power of the Master rested upon them. sick were healed, the evil spirits cast out, the Gospel preached. That was the sowing time; the harvest had not yet come. And the sowing time is not yet over. The same Master calls for faithful ones to go forth on his work. He gives the same provision—the prayer and sympathy of his people, and his own presence and power. He gives the same directions to unincumberedness and steadiness. He absolves the faithful messenger from the burden of souls that will not listen. And those who try it will find there is no more delightful employment upon the earth than the service of the Lord.

BEREAN METHODS. Hints for the Tenchers' Meeting and the Class.

Draw a sketch-map of Galilee and its sea, showing the location of Capernaum and Nazareth...The privilege which Nazareth had enjoyed Christ's former visit to Nazareth and his treatment His love for his own people His treatment on this occasion, and what it showed . . . What the Nazarenes lost.... The commands to the twelve. (Compare Matt 10.)....The spirit of Christ: (1) Love; (2) Desire to bless; (3) Willingness to work; (4) Surprise at human unbelief; (5) Zeal for saving souls; (6) Skill in adapting means to his end....The spirit of the Gospel preacher. (See Analytical and Biblical Outline.)... The preaching of the Gospel. (See Additional Practical Lessons.)... What are the duties presented by this lesson !....The discouragements, the demands, the duties of the Gospel ministry. . . ILLUSTRATIONS. Great men rising from lowly condition, for example, Lincoln, Garfield, etc..... The dome of St. Peter's lofty as it is, cannot be seen from the ground in front of the cathedral, being cut off from view by the roof. So greatness needs distance to make it visible The burning lens sets on fire by concentrating the sun's raysat one point God's ministers and workers need to fix all their power upon the one purpose of reaching souls.

References. FOSTER'S CYCLOPEDIA OF ILLUSTRATIONS: Ver. 3, Prose, 128, 2043; Poetical, 2086. Ver. 4, Prose, 9600. Ver. 6, 3261, 5601. Ver. 7, 10543. Ver. 8, 10535. Ver. 11, 4695. Ver. 12, 4964. Ver. 13, 10551. ...FREEMAN'S HAND-BOOK: The synagogue,

636; Staff, 256; Scrip, 256; The purse, 653;

Sandals, 654; The tunic, 821; Heathen dust,

Primary and Intermediate.

BY M. V. M. LESSON THOUGHT. "His disciples followed him." To be taught: Who were disciples? What led them to follow? The result of fol-

1. In all our teaching about Christ, we should seek to make clear the great object of his work, namely, the founding of a new kingdom, which was to be a kingdom of love. Tell that Jesus knew when he began his work that the cross was only a little ahead of him, and that he wanted to leave men behind who could carry on his work. So Jesus called men to follow him who could learn of him, and they are called disciples, or learners. children name some of the first disciples?

What is a learner? Are there any disciples

2. Tell how Jesus came with his little band of learners back to the place where he had lived when a boy. He had gone away a year before because the people did not want to hear him. We, too, can drive Jesus away from our hearts by refusing to listen to him. But Jesus gave them another chance, and his disciples followed him, and went into the synagogue where he went to teach. result, and draw from children what led to the difference between the disciples and the people of Nazareth. The disciples loved Jesus; the Nazarenes did not. The disciples wanted to learn; the Nazarenes said, "We know enough already, and if we did not, how can this young man, whom we have always known, teach us?" The disciples believed in Jesus; the Nazarenes did not. The disciples had love, faith, and teachable hearts; the Nazarenes had none of these. Are we disciples or Nazarenes?

3. When the disciples had been long enough with Jesus to learn the great story of his love, he sent them out to tell it to others. He always does that. He will send any one out to tell about him who truly learns of him, and | are his cup-bearers.

that is a great honour. And now the disciples became apostles, which means sent out. how Jesus told them to go without money or food, and ask children if they would fear to go on a journey with father along to take care of them and pay all the bills. Who was a father to these apostles? Did they need any care besides his?

Lessons for little children: 1. A learner, or disciple, cannot begin too young. 2. Love and faith are sure to follow Jesus. 3. Jesus often sends little ones to tell the story of his love. Then little ones should make haste to learn it.

Blackboard.

BY J. B. PHIPPS, BSQ.



Two blackboard sketches are here given. The upper one illustrates the rejection of Jesus in his own country. Application: Are our hearts open to Jesus? The second sketch represents the twelve disciples fulfilling their mission by sowing Gospel seed-the seed of repentance. A third sketch is suggested. Draw a fountain and write: "Jesus is the lount of all authority." Underneath draw a cup running over with pardon. His ministers

A. D. 24.

LESSON II.-DEATH OF JOHN THE BAPTIST.

Mark 6. 14-29.

14 And a king Herod heard of him (for his name was spread abroad); and he said, That John the Baptist was risen from the dead, and therefore mighty works do show forth themselves

him.

"Matt. 14. 1.

"Matt. 15 Others b said, That it is Elias. And others said, That it is a prophet, or as one of the

b Matt. 16. 14.

b Matt. 16. 14.

c when Herod heard thereof, he

said, It is John, whom I beheaded: he has risen from the dead. Luke 3, 19

17 For Herod himself had sent forth and laid

April 9.

hold upon John, and bound him in prison for Hero'dias' sake, his brother Philip's wife; for he had married her.

18 For John had said unto Herod, It d is not lawful for thee to have thy brother's wife.

d. lev. 18. 16; 20. 21; 2 Tim. 4. 2; Heb. 13. 4.

19 Therefore Hero'dias had a quarrel against him, and would have killed him; but she could

20 For Herod e feared John, knowing that he was a just man and an holy, and observed him; and when he heard him, he did many things, and heard him gladly.

e Matt. 21, 26.

2] that his Gali 25

> and the will 28 shal of m

dias

24 mot 2! unte

thou John 26 for 1 with 27 tion and 28 gave

her

cam

tom

29

0 a gl to t dun last of t enjo year clan (Ma crow a ba cour the thei

soft Salo and moti of e her reali girl with arms

John start shad passe guest is gi

21 And f when a convenient day was come, that Herod, g on his birthday, made a supper to his lords, high captains, and chief estates of Galilee; /Matt. 14, 6,—

iples Tell

y or

r to

care

as a any

or,

ove sus

his

e to

/Matt. 14, 6,—g Gen. 40, 20, 22 And when the daughter of the said Hero-dias came in, h and danced and pleased Herod and them that set with him, the king said unto the damsel, Ask of me whatever thou wilt, and I will give it thee.

Alsa, 8.16.

23 And he sware unto her, Whatsoever i thou shalt ask of me, I will give it thee, unto the half

of my kingdom.
18sth. 5.3.6, 7.2; Eccls 5.2; Rom. 1. 28-31; Heb.
18-36-38; Jas. 2. 13; Rev. 6, 9-11.
24 And she went forth and said unto her

mother, What shall I ask! And she said, j The head of John the Baptist.

j Prov. 12. 10. 25 And she came in straightway with haste

unto the king, and asked, saying, I will that thou give me by and by in a charger the head of John the Baptist.

26 And the king was exceedingly sorry; yet for his oath's sake, and for their sakes which sat with him, he would not reject her.

27 And immediately the king sent an executioner, and commanded his head to be brought: and he went and beheaded him in the prison,

28 And brought his head in a charger, and gave it to the damsel: and the damsel gave it to her mother.

29 And when his disciples heard of it, they came and k took up his corpse, and laid it in a

k Acts 8. 2.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

On the eastern shore of the Dead Sea rises a gloomy building, at once a garrisoned outpost a groomy bunding, at once a garrisoned outpost to the kingdom and a prison for the victims of the king's dislike or dread. In a lonely dungeon of that castle sits a young man, the last and greatest of the prophets, the herald of the world's Redeemer. He that was wont to anyou'the freedom of the wildspass here for a enjoy the freedom of the wilderness has for a year breathed the fetid air of the prison, and clanked his chain, and wrestled with his doubts. (Matt. 11. 2, 3,) and wearily waited for his crown. Herod's birthday has come, and there is a banquet in the castle. Nobles, generals, and courtiers recline around the tables, feast upon the delicious viands, and drink the health of their monarch in full cups. There is a patter of soft footfalls on the marble floor as Princess Salome, in the dress of a dancing-girl, enters, and the nobles behold her graceful attitudes and motions with delight. King Herod, in the thrill of excitement, pledges the fair dancer to grant her any request, even at the cost of half his realm, and seals his promise with a vow. The girl goes forth; there is a whispered consultation without; she returns, and holding out her white arms she speaks in triumph, "Give me here John Baptist's head in a charger!" The king' starts from his throne with surprise, and a shadow comes across his face. But his word has passed, and he dare not face the scorn of his guests by refusing to fulfill it. A command is given, the heavy tread of a soldier is heard

upon the stairs, a door creaks upon rusty hinges, a scimetar flashes, and the noblest head in Herod's kingdom falls upon the dungeon-floor. There is seen a gory head upon a plate, upheld by fair hands, and borne to a mother in whom revenge has steeled the heart against pity. But all is not over. There sits on the throne a king whose face shows remorse eating within his soul. He cannot rest, and when men tell of wonders wrought by a new Prophet, he speaks in tones of terror, "It is John the Baptist whom I beheaded; he is risen from the dead!"

KXPLANATORY AND PRACTICAL NOTES.

Verse 14. King Herod. This was Herod Antipas, the son of the Herod who was reigning when Jesus was born, and like his father in crime, though lacking his father's abilities. He inherited Galilee and Perea, the fourth part of Herod's kingdom, with the title of tetrarch, but was styled king by courtesy. Heard. He now heard of Jesus for the first time, being a profligate prince, neglectful of his realm and devoted to his own pleasures. We learn from Luke 8. 3, and Acts 13. 1, that there were friends of Jesus even in the court of Herod, and through these the report of Christ's works may have reached the royal ear. John ... was risen. Herod was a Sadducee, disbelieving in a hereafter or a separate existence of the soul and body, yet his guilty conscience was stronger than his unbelief. 1. "One flash of conscience will destroy a whole creed when that creed is founded on falsehood." **Mighty works**, "These powers work in him." [Revised Version.] Herod imagined that a resurrection had clothed John with a new power.

15, 16. It is Elias. The prophet Elijah, who was expected to reappear on the earth to prepare the way for the Messiah's coming. A prophet, or as one of the prophets. "Even as one of the prophets." [Rev. Ver.] That is, a prophet who was more than a religious teacher, as the more recent prophets had been, but one like Elijah and Elisha, commissioned with power to predict events and work miracles. John, whom I beheaded. The king accuses himself of what his nobles dared not accuse him. 2. A crime pursues with its own terrors the one who has committed it.

17. Bound him in prison. The imprisonment of John began just before the opening of Jesus' Galilean ministry, which had now been in progress for a year. The prison (as we learn from Josephus) was at Machærus, near the eastern shore of the Dead Sea. Here was a castle, at once a royal residence, a fortress for the frontier, and a prison. In its ruins may still be seen two dungeons with holes in the wall where once staples were fixed. For Herodias' sake. Herodias was Herod's own niece, (the daughter of his half-brother Aristobulus,) and the wife of his brother Herod Philip, at whose house in Rome Herod Antipas was a guest while prosecuting his claim to the throne before the Senate. He repaid his brother's hospitality by enticing his wife to forsake her husband, and

for her sake cast off his own wife, the daughter of Aretas. This crime involved him in a disastrous war with Aretas, as well as in the murder of John the Baptist. 3. Sin never walks singly, but is quickly followed him the

of John the baptist. 3. Sin never waiks singly, but is quickly followed by other sins.

18, 19. John had said. The prophet who had rebuked the sins of the people did not spare those of the king. Unto Herod. The rebuke was given directly to Herod, and was not a denunciation of him while absent. It is not lawful. Because both Herod Antipas had a wife and Herodias a husband living, and because they were within a degree of relationship in which the law of Moses torbade marriage. Herodias had a quarrel. "Set herself," (Rev. Ver.,) or cherished a settled hatred. Would have killed him. The original is stronger, and indicates a settled determination to kill John. 4. See the settled antagonism between good and evil character.

20. Herod feared John. The king, with an army at his back, afraid of one skin-clad man, whom he held in his own jail! 5. A man of base nature cannot help looking up to the character nobler than his own. Just. holy Just in dealing with men, holy in his relation to God. Observed him. Rather, as in the Rev. Ver., "kept him safe," that is, from Herodias. When he heard him. Herod had many opportunities to meet John, for his headquarters were at Macherus during a war with Aretas, the ruler of Arabia. Did many things. The Rev. Ver. has "was much perplexed," between the calls of his conscience and the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his conscience and the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the influence of his military to the sum of the s

plexed, between the cans of his conscience and the influence of his guilty companion. 21, 22, 23. A convenient day. A day fitted for the purpose of Herodias to accom-plish John's death. Herod. made a day fitted for the purpose... made a plish John's death. Herod... made a feast. Perhaps at Macharus, within the walls feast. Perhaps at prisoner. If at Herod's have alarsed capital, Tiberias, several days must have elapsed between the events here narrated. The nobles of his little realm. High cap Lords. tains. The officers in his army. Chief estates. Prominent and influential men. Chief ostetos. Frommen and influential men.

Daughter of ... Herodias. The child of
her former husband, Philip, named Salome.

Came in and danced. The dances at such
banquets were performed by women only, and
were of a very indecent character. The fact that on this occasion a princess was willing to dishonour her rank made her actions all the more fascinating to the drunken nobles and the debauched king. Them that sat. The words indicate that they were reclining, according to custom, around the tables. He sware unto her. Probably the wily dancer exacted an oath as an additional sanction to the royal promise. Unto the half. 6. How much will a sinner barter away for a moment's pleasure. 7. There are many who give not only half but all they possess for the pleasures of sin.

24, 25. Said unto her mother. 8. How great the influence of a mother for good or evil. The head of John. The half of a kingdom was not worth so much to a wick woman as the gratification of her own hate and revenge. Straightway with haste. Lest the king's ardour might cool and his 'ow be with.'

drawn. By-and-by. An expression which once meant "immediately," but does not now represent the meaning of the original, which the Rev. Ver. rightly gives as "forthwith". In a charger. A large plate, or platter. Not satisfied to have her enemy slain, she must receive the bloody head into her own hands.

26, 27. Exceeding sorry. Regret, chagrin, anger, and alarm were all mingled in the king's feelings. For his oath's sake. A perverted conscience, showing more regard to his own word than to an innocent man's life. Their sakes. A king, yet afraid of the mecking jests of those who sat around his own table! 9. It is better to follow conscience than popular opinion. An executioner. "A soldier of his guard." [Rev. Ver.] Beheaded him. He whom Jesus had called a greater than the prophets, and the noblest man of earth, was thus slain in early manhood to gratify the whim of a dancing girl! Yet his life, like every true life, was not wrought in vain!

even

Sea.

9. 7

Tu. W. Th. F. S.

1

was

Why

John

Hov

plac

he n

was

requ

shov

King

he i

Her

head

his l

war

Hov

1.

3.

T

scho

Jesu

Her

prise

pris

do !

caus

wife I

3

2

P

28, 29. The damsel. Salome's part in this transaction reveals as to her character: (1) Early depravity of morals; (2) Insensibility: cold and unfeeling; (3) Weakness, if not wick-edness: thoroughly under her mother's influence. To her mother. She is said to have pierced with a needle the tongue which had spoken the truth against her. His disciples. The few followers who still clung to the prophet in his prison. Laid it in a tomb. Matthew (14. 12) relates that they bore the sad news of their master's death to Jesus.

GOLDEN TEXT.

The wicked plotteth against the just, and gnasheth upon him with his teeth. Pss. 57, 12.

OUTLINE.

1. A King's Fenr, v. 14-20. 2. A King's Folly, v. 21-25. 3. A King's Crime. v. 26-29.

No. 777, New Hyma Book.

Stand up! stand up for Jesus!

Stand in his strength alone;

The arm of flesh will fail you;

Ye dare not trust your own:

Put on the Gospel armour,

And, watching unto prayer,

Where duty calls, or danger,

Be never wanting there.

Stand up! stand up for Jesus!

The strife will not be long;

The strife will not be long;
This day the noise of battle,
The next the victor's song.
To him that overcometh
A crown of life shall be;
He with the King of glory
Shall reign eternally.

No. 454, New Hymn Book.

Soldiers of Christ, arise,
And put your armour on;
Strong in the strength which God supplies
Through his eternal Son:
Strong in the Lord of Hosts,

And in his mighty power,
Who in the strength of Jesus trusts,
Is more than conqueror.

Stand then in his great might, With all his strength endued; But take to arm you for the fight, The panoply of God.

which

now

h the

In

Not

must

gret,

ke.

gard life.

the

own

han

" A

led

ater

th,

the

ery

in

(1)

y :

ce.

ed

he

w

is

u

of

9. 7-10.

No. 463, New Hymn Book.
"I the good fight have fought, O when shall I declare?

The victory by my Saviour got, I long with Paul to share.

O may I triumph so, When all my warfare's past; And, dying, find my latest foe Under my feet at last!

This blessed word be mine Just as the port is gained, "Kept by the power of grace divine, I have the faith maintained."

Time. - A.D. 28, immediately following the event of the last lesson. Place .- Castle of Machærus, near the Dead

Parallel Passages .- Matt. 14 1-13; Luke

HOME READINGS.

Death of John the Baptist. Mark 6. 14-29. Martyrdom of Stephen. Acts 7. 44-60. The persecutions of Paul. 2 Cor. 11. 18-33. Th. The souls under the altar. Rev. 6. 1-11. The rewards of glory. The victories of faith. Rev. 7. 9-17. Heb. 11. 24-40 Comfort in persecution. Psa. 37. 1-18.

QUESTIONS ON THE LES-40N.

1. A King's Fear, v. 14-20. What king was this? Whom did Herod believe Jesus to be? Why did he feel troubled when he heard of Jesus? What had Herod done to John, and why? How did Herod feel toward John? Why did he respect John? Did he do as John urged him to do? How did his conduct illustrate Ezek. 33. 32 ?

2. A King's Folly, v. 21-25. What took place on Herod's birthday? What promise did he make? Why was it a foolish promise? How was his folly shown? What character did this request show in the young girl? How did it show the truth of the Golden Text ?

3. A King's Crime, v. 26-29. How did King Herod feel about his promise? Why ought he not have kept such a promise? What did Herod do, and why? What was done with the head of John the Baptist? What was done with his body? What did the disciples of John afterward do ? Matt. 14. 12.

PRACTICAL TEACHINGS.

How does this lesson show-

1. That the wicked are troubled by a guilty conscience

2. That the wicked fear the good ? 3. That the wicked hate the good?

The Lesson Catechism .- (For the entire Jesus to be? John the Baptist. 2. What had Herod done to John? He had put him in prison. 3. How long did he keep John in prison? About a year. 4. What did he then do! He put him to death. 5. Whose hatred caused Herod to kill John? The hatred of his wife, Herodias.

DOCTRINAL SUGGESTION .- Human depravity.

ANALYTICAL & BIBLICAL OUTLINE. Contrasts of Character.

I. THE PROPHET.

1. Courage. Said unto Herod. v. 18. "I have made thy face strong." Ezek,

2. Righteousness. A just man. v. 20. "As a very lovely song," Ezek. 33. 31,

3. Holiness. And a holy. v. 20.

"A burning and a shining light." John 5. 35.

II. THE KING.

1. Indecision. Much perplexed. v. 20. [Rev. Ver.]

"Double - minded man is unstable." James 1. 8.

2. Rashness. He sware unto her. v. 23. "Death and life...power of the tongue." Prov. 18. 21.

3. Want of principle. For their sakes, v. 26.

"Thy very princes are rebellious." Isa. 1, 23,

III. THE QUEEN.

1. Sensuality. Thy brother's wife. v. 18, "The works of the flesh . . . adultery. Gal. 5. 19.

2. Hatred. Would have killed him. v. 19. "Whosoever hateth....is a murderer." 1 John 3, 15.

3. Cruelty. The head of John. v. 24. "Out of the heart proceed....murders." Matt 15. 19.

ADDITIONAL PRACTICAL LESSONS. The Lessons of John the Baptist's Death. 1. It shows that duty is to be done, even though self-interest, liberty, and life itself

must be sacrificed. v. 18. 2. It shows that crime is no less, but greater, wickedness in a ruler than among

common people. v. 18, 19. 3. It shows that one crime is sure to lead to other and greater deeds of guilt. v. 19.

4. It shows that when men put themselves under the dominion of evil influences they cease to have control of their own conduct and its consequences. v. 17, 20, 22, 27.

5. It shows that both men and women are often controlled by their passions rather than by principles. v. 19, 22.

6. It shows that a rash word may lead to

terrible results. v. 22. 7. It shows that a guilty conscience will give a wicked man no rest. v. 17.

CATECHISM QUESTION.

33. When Pharaoh let Israel go out of Egypt, how did they get over the Red Sea?

Israel being permitted by Pharaoh to go out of Egypt, and having arrived on the banks of the Red Sea, Moses with his rod divided the waters of the sea asunder, and the people went through upon dry ground.

ENGLISH TEACHER'S NOTES. BY SARAH GERALDINA STOCK.

THERE is no such thing as either work or war without expenditure. In work there is the expenditure of material, and in a certain degree, of strength; in war there is yet more. A higher price must be paid for the victory which is sought; it will cost life. And yet the price of countless lives is not considered too heavy even for wars which can hardly be called necessary! Can we expect then that the warfare of the cross-the great struggle between the hosts of the Lord and the hosts of evil-should be carried on without that cost? But while thousands of earthly soldiers die hardly noticed, and soon forgotten. except by their own relatives, not one of the Lord's warriors is unmarked by him: "Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of his saints.

In the same chapter which relates the first setting forth of the soldiers and servants of the Lord Jesus we are reminded of the cost of that war which they carry on. We see in this passage the fall of the brave champion who had prepared "the way of the Lord" Many faithful servants had been rescued and preserved in old times, but when the Lord was actually dwelling in bodily presence upon earth, this noble martyr perished. The Son of God came down and walked with Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego in the "fiery furnace" and kept them unhurt, but he did not interpose to save John the Baptist. Why? Surely to teach us at the outset that those who fight under his banner must be ready to risk the loss of all things, even life itself, for his sake. Ask first

What caused the martyr's death?

It is with this that the passage is mainly concerned. We see these weapons employed

against him successively:

1. Evil doing. The soldier of Christ must not shrink from encountering this. Well knowing its strength and its sharpness, John the Baptist went bravely forth to encounter it. He had boldly rebuked vice in the publican and in the Pharisee, and he would not stay his voice when he met with it in royalty. Herod quailed before his denunciations, but not Herodias, and for her sake the bold preacher was shut up in a dungeon. But this was not enough. There was power in the Lord's servant, even in prison. The thought of that strongly guarded captive kept the king uneasy even in the midst of his sin. And Herodias could not forget that he whom the Lord looked upon as her adversary still lived, and was still held in esteem and in fear by Herod. So another weapon was put forth against him.

2. Pleasure. The birthday of the royal

despot must be kept with becoming splendour, so Herod and his nobles are seated at a luxurious feast. But there is nothing new in this kind of entertainment, and here is an opportunity for any one wishing to ingratiate himself with the king to offer something fresh in the way of amusement. Herodias has been watching for such an opportunity, and sends in her daughter to dance before the company. Dancing-girls are not uncommon, but a princess in the guise of a dancing-girl is a new thing. Herod, little thinking what this pleasure is to cost, makes his rash vow to give the performer whatever she asks. then the dreadful demand is made. The pleasure is over, but it has answered the purpose, it has worked what was intended-has proved itself a deadlier weapon than open malice and wickedness. Yet it is not allpowerful. The king is sorry. He would gladly withdraw his word. Why cannot he do so, since the keeping of it will necessitate a more grievious crime than he has yet committed? Here the last weapon comes in.

3. Pride. What reproaches he will have to bear if he draws back! What real, if suppressed, scorn will be his lot! It will spread abroad that the king promised a gift, but drew back when it was claimed. That he cannot endure. His standing in the world must be considered. The world's opinion must not be forfeited. "For the sake of his oath, and of them that sat at meat" the thing must be carried out. So the order is given, and the servant of God falls a victim to the evil-doing, pleasure, and pride of this

And Jesus who had all power was near at hand, and allowed it! Yes, for the warfare in which his servants are engaged is a spiritual warfare, and victory comes through many apparent defeats. In this case sin was allowed to appear in all its blackness, and to work out its will to the bitter end. And the history carries with it a solemn warn-

Beware of evil-doing. Boys and girls often think sin is but a small thing, of which they can repent and from which they can turn whenever they please-and meanwhile they hurt no one but themselves. But all evil is a blow struck in the cause of Satan, and a weapon pointed against the army of Christ. Sins which appear very trifling are potent for harm: "Behold how how great matter a little fire kindleth." James 3. 5.

Beware of the world's pleasure. It is Satan's opportunity. You may shrink from doing many a thing when you look at it plainly and yet beguiled into it through pleasure. Amusement is soon over, but the cost of it is not soon paid. Many have sacrificed to it their own self-approval and self-respect.

whe nor B mor vou you wou and to and show whi

mie

tren

B

Man

plea but disc In t van H 8001 smo teac mui thin prea

40-4 leav pair He phe him shir to c fess befo he

rece

he l

God

Hin T Her ters kin The phe (4) ter cal 'Aga hati

rash illu pass TRA Gre fury his as well as the comfort and peace of others.

Many have found that it has led them
where they never would have desired to go,
nor dreamed of going.

dour.

uxu-

w in

is an

tiate

resh

been

ends

any.

it a

is a

this

give

and

The

ur-

has

pen

all-

nld

he

ate

m-

to

p-

ad

ut

he

on is

ıg

n,

to

is

e

a

Beware of the world's pride. Nothing is more false, nothing more deceitful. It tells you you are acting like a man when in fact you are stooping to the level of a beast. It would have you believe that dust is treasure, and ashes fruit. It bids you hold fast to your word when your word is wicked and needs to be repented of. It bids you to show your valour by opposing that cause which must, in the end, crush all its enemies.

But if you are a true servant of God, tremble not before the world's evil-doing or pleasure or pride. It may hurt for a while, but shall not really harm you. And be not discouraged if it seem to triumph for a time. In the end Christ will be victor, and his ser-

vants shall share his triumph.

How was it with John the Baptist? sooner was he gone than Herod's conscience smote him. He fancied the wonderful teacher who worked such miracles to be the murdered martyr, risen again. He did not think he had won the day. And what of the preacher's work? It bore noble fruit. Where he had prepared the way, there the Christ of God came and took possession. John 10. 40-42. The disciples who had been loth to leave him while he lived, on his death re-paired at once to Jesus. What of his fame? He was revered among the people as "a prophet indeed." Chap. 11.32 And the Lord himself spoke of him as a "burning and shining light." John 5.35. But there is more to come. He who was not ashamed to confess Christ before men shall be owned of him before angels and before the universe, and he who was "faithful unto death" shall receive a "crown of life."

BEREAN METHODS.

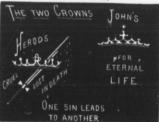
Hints for the Teachers' Meeting and the Class.

The persons of the lesson—Herod, John, Herodias, Salome—their lives and characters. The facts of the lesson: (1) The king's fear; (2) The king's feast; (3) The king's folly...Or, (1) A holy prophet; (2) A weak king; (3) A foolish girl; (4) A wicked mother...The traits of character in the lesson. (See Analytical and Biblical Outline)...Warnings of the lesson: (1) 'Against licentious passions; (2) Against hatred; (3) Against indecision; (4) Against hatred; (3) Against indecision; (4) Against hatred the evils of dancing: (1) As exciting passion; (2) As leading to crime...Illusstrations. Herod's guilty conscience. The Greek conception of Nemesis, or avenging fury, which pursued a man as the result of his crime...Herod's fear. Of John Knox,

it was said at his funeral, "There lies one who never feared the face of his fellow man." ... Herod's rash oath. Many sacrifice all their kingdom, here and hereafter, to their appetite. An English statesman said, "Every time a man swallows a glass of liquor he drinks the worth of a square yard of land."... Herodias' revenge. Agrippina, the mother of Nero, caused the head of her rival, Lollia Paulina, to be brought to her in a dish.

References. Foster's Illustrations. Ver. 16, Prose, 966. Ver. 17, 4693. Ver. 18, 2288. Ver. 21, Poetical, 3630. Vers. 17-29, Poetical, 3631 Ver. 22, 6056. Ver. 25, Poetical, 3953. Ver. 26, 7411. Ver. 27, 5051. Ver. 28, Poetical, 3502. . . . Freeman: Birthday feast, 75; Extravagant promises, 669.

Blackboard. BY J. B. PHIPPS, BSQ



This sketch draws a comparison between the crown of Herod, emblem of earthly authority, and the crown of John, emblem of eternal life. In death Herod lost his; in death John gained his. Speak of the fact that sin begets sin; the dance of folly was the dance of death. Another blackboad sketch on John as the forerunner of Christ can be made, bringing out the following points: Birth announced by heavenly messengers; no account of life from childhood to manhood; he preached repentance; he was sacrificed.

Primary and Intermediate.

Lesson Thought. Sin fears the truth. Compare, A King and a Prophet; A Prison and a Palace; God's Truth and Man's Sin.

1. This lesson may be worked out on the board, holding the attention and impressing the thought. First, King Herod. Tell that he was the son of Herod who caused all the little children in Bethlehem to be killed. He was a wicked man who did not care for God's law and had now taken his brother's wife to be his wife, thus openly breaking the law. But he had power, and thought himself a great man. Lead children to tell what they can about John the Baptist. Who sent him to preach! About whem did he preach! How

did he live? Did he seek early riches and honour? Did he care more for a king than a poor man? Tell how he told Herod his sin and was put into prison for telling the truth. Ask which of these men God would be most pleased with.

2. Contrast the lonely prison with the bright, gay palace close by. Was John troubled because his work was stopped? No, for he knew that he was only a little light, while Jesus was the great sun. The light of the sun drowns the light of the candle. John was willing to be in prison now that Jesus had Tell the story of the feast and the wicked way Herodias took to get John killed. Why did the queen hate him? Teach from | should harm or make him afraid.

this how sin hates and dreads the truth, and tries to get away from it. Did Herod kill the truth when he killed John? No, that must live as long as God lives and no man can kill it. Ask which was the better place-the prison where truth and goodness lay in chains, or the palace where sin and vice lived Show from this that God looks at inside riches and not at outside luxury.

3. John was in a gloomy prison and had his head cut off there because he had God's truth in him, which led him to rebuke man's sin. But the prison alone did not enclose him. Show that he was safe in the strong tower of Christ's love and truth, where nothing

A. D. 28.

LESSON III.—THE FIVE THOUSAND FED.

April 16.

bres

in t

brea

with

The

frag

mir

was

E

V

ed.

very

was

noti othe

do 2. I

all c

nam they

for a A

near

of G

duly

cor new

whe

of I

leis

ditio

unde

ture mini

and

gain

shi

They

Cape

Rai

lake

and '

to t

the

seen

boat,

The

Mo

ness

path

purp of h

She

scrib

could of li

more

late.

eveni " sec

is foll

of tw (John

35

34

3

30 And a the apostles gathered themselves to his disciples to set before them; and the two together unto Jesus, and told him all things, fishes divided he among them all.

agrae, a Luke 9, 10.

31 And b he said unto them, Come ye yourselves apart into a desert place, and rest a while: for there e were many coming and going, and they had no leisure so much as to eat.

b Matt. 14, 1.—c Chap. 3, 20.

32 And they departed into a desert place by

ship privately.

33 And the people saw them departing, and many knew him, and ran afoot thither out of all cities, and outwent them, and came together

34 And Jesus, when he came out, saw much people, and d was moved with compassion toward them, because they were as sheep not having a shepherd : and e he began to teach them many things.

d Psa. 86, 16; 111. 4; 145. 8; Matt. 9. 36; 14. 14;
Heb. 2, 17; 4. 15; 6, 2.—e Isa. 54. 13; 61. 1;
Luke 9, 11.

35 And f when the day was now far spent, his disciples came unto him, and said, This is a desert place, and now the time is far passed :

/ Matt. 14, 15; Luke 9, 12.

36 Send them away, that they may go into the country round about, and into the villages, and buy themselves bread : for they have noth-

37 He answered and said unto them, Give ye

them to eat. And they say unto him, g Shall we go and buy two hundred pennyworth of bread, and give them to eat?

g Num. 11, 13, 22; 2 Kings 4, 43. 38 He saith unto them, How many loaves have ye? go and see. And when they knew, they say, Five, h and two fishes.

A Matt, 14, 17; 15, 34; chap. 8, 5; Luke 9, 13;

John 6, 9,

39 And he commanded them to make all sit

down by companies upon the green grass. 40 And they sat down in ranks, by hundreds, and by fifties

41 And when he had taken the five loaves and the two ishes, he looked up to heaven, and blessed, and brake the loaves, and gave them fishes divided he among them all. f1 Sam. 9, 13; Matt. 26, 26; 1 Tim. 4, 4, 5.

42 And they did all eat, and were filled. 43 And they took up twelve baskets full

of the fragments, and of the fishes. ## 44 And they that did eat of the loaves were about five thousand men.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

While the disciples of the slain prophet of the wilderness tell to Jesus their sorrowful story, the twelve apostles return from their mission, bearing the glad news of eager multitudes listening to the Gospel, and demons cast out of their human habitations. They are followed by throngs of people, for it is the passover season and all Galilee is journeying toward the feast. So constant is the pressure of the crowd that there is no time for food or rest to the Saviour and his company. At his command they quietly enter the little hoat that lies upon the shore; the oars are unshipped and once again they are breathing the free air of the sea. But their departure has not been unnoticed. The crowd are so persistent to hear the Teacher, and behold his works, that they follow along the shore, keeping the little vessel in sight, and are ready to welcome the Saviour as he disembarks on the grassy slope near Bethsaida. Looking upon the hungry faces that press around, the heart of Jesus is touched, he foregoes his purpose of retirenent and takes up anew his task of teaching the multitude. Toward evening he turns to Philip, and tests his faith by asking how so great a crowd are to be supplied with food. The disciples urge him to send them away before the darkness shall fall, but calm in the consciousness of power he says, "Give ye them to eat." There stands in the crowd a boy whose little scrip holds five small cakes of barley-bread and two dried fishes. These Jesus takes into his hand, and then bids his disciples arrange the mingled mass of people in order for their feast. They recline upon the grass in their variegated garments like flower-beds-in green borders. Now the Saviour stands with upturned face one solemn moment, while silence sweeps over the sea of faces. He breaks the

bread and gives to the twelve. As each Apostle in turn breaks off a piece for the one nearest, the bread is multiplied, until five thousand men, with their wives and children, are supplied. Then at Jesus' command twelve baskets full of fragments are gathered, as the true token of a miracle and a lesson that God's people may not waste the bounty so richly bestowed."

h, and

cill the

t must an kill

e—the

lived

oks at

had

God's

man's

close

thing

16.

two

lled.

full

aves-

the

ory,

on,

en-

eir

by

st.

nat

ur

ly

he

re

rd

ld

e

EXPLANATORY AND PRACTICAL NOTES.

Verse 30, 31. The apostles gather-l. They returned from their tour of preaching very soon after news of John the Baptist's death was brought by his disciples. 1. "Christ takes others among his people." What they had done. The miracles wrought by their hand. 2. Let us come to our Master with the story of all our deeds, whether worthy or unworthy of his name. Come ... apart. For rest which they could not obtain in the crowd, and perhaps for an opportunity for more private instruction.

A desert place. Not necessarily a barren, but an uninhabited region, probably at a plain near Bethsaida where the Jordan enters the Sea of Galilee. 3. "Solitude and society should be duly blended by the godly."—Bengel. Many coming. The preaching of the apostles drew new throngs after Jesus, and it was at the time when the people were about starting for the feast of passover at Jerusalem. John 6. 4. No leisure. A graphic picture of the peculiar conditions of pressure, intensity, and nervous strain under which the Saviour spent his life.

32, 33. They departed. This departure concludes the period of Christ's Galilean ministry. From this time he avoided the crowds and sought rather to instruct the disciples already gained than to increase their number. By Ship. "In the boat." [Revised Version.] They sailed across the head of the lake from Capernaum to the plain east of the Jordan. Ran afoot. Passing around the head of the lake by land. Out of all cities. The cities and villages along the cost of the sea, from two to ten miles from Bethsaida. Out-went them. 4. See the eagerness of those who have

Seen Jesus to see and know more of him.

34. When he came out. Out of the boat, upon the shore. Saw much people. The very crowds which he was seeking to avoid. Moved with compassion. Their eagerness and their need touched his heart of sympathy, and he gave up for the present his purpose of retirement, and began anew the work of healing and instruction. Matt. 14. 14. Sheep not having a shepherd. Their scribes and priests were as blind guides, who could only lead astray, while he was the Light of life. Began to teach. He could no more than begin, since the hour of arrival was late.

35, 36. Far spent. This was "the first evening," which began at three o'clock. The "second evening" (ver. 47) was at sunset, which is followed by darkness, with scarcely an interval of twilight. Disciples came. Previously (John 6) Jesus had asked Philip how the multi-

tude were to be supplied with food. This is a desert place Not like a city, where food could be purchased. Time...far passed. "The day is now far spent." [Rev. Ver.] Send them away. Dismiss the congregation before the evening falls. "Here was strong charity but weak faith."—Bishop Hall.

37, 38. Give ye them to eat. 5.
Duty is measured by Christ's command, not by
our resources."—Schaff. Two tundred
pennyworth. About twenty-eight dollars in
value, but then buying as much as \$200 at the
present time. It was named as the lowest sum
which would buy enough to give all a little.
How meany loaves. Thin cakes made of
barley, somewhat like soda-biscuit. When
they knew. The information was given by
Andrew. John 6. 8, 9. They say, Five.
A quaint old preacher has said, "There be five
manner of loaves very necessary for us: our corporeal, our spiritual, our doctrinal, our sacramental, and our eternal bread." Two fishes.
These were probably salted and dried, to be eaten
as a relish.

39, 40 Commanded them. The twelve were sent out into the throng to arrange them in order. All sit down. Rather, "to recline," as they were wont to do at meals. On the green grass. It was in Nisan, "the month of flowers," when the grass in Palestine is most fresh and green. Sat down in ranks. The word in the original means "like flower beds," as if recalling the picturesque Oriental garments in gay colours on the green background. Mark's Gospel abounds in these pictorial graphic touches. By hundreds and by fiftless. Some groups consisted of the larger number and others of the smaller. 6. Christ's kingdom is a world of order.

41, 42. Looked up. Recognizing thereby the food as a gift from God. And blessed.

7. Let us follow our Saviour's example in giving thanks and seeking God's blessing upon his bounty. Brake the loaves. Which were thin and brittle, and more easily broken than cut. Gave to his disciples. Thus placing honour upon the twelve, and illustrating the principle that 8 Thus he feeds the world with the bread of life, by making saved men his ministera. Did all eat. Afterward, in the synagogue at Capernaum, Jesus showed that he is the bread of life upon which men may feed. (John 6. 27-59.)

1. A divine bread; 2. An abundant bread; 3. A satisfying bread.

43, 44. Twelve baskets. These were the common wicker baskets, in which all Jews carried a supply of food while travelling. Full of the fragments. As a lesson in economy, and as a convincing proof of the miracle. Thus more was left than had been originally possessed. 9. Those who give to Christ's cause have no lack. Flye thousand men. One loaf sufficed for each thousand. Matthew adds "besides women and children." [Teacher, show how much the young are interested in this miracle since a boy brought the loaves and many children were fed with them.]

GOLDEN TEXT.

I will abundantly bless her provision: I will satisfy her poor with bread. Psa. 132, 15. OUTLINE.

The Place, v. 30-32.
 The People, v. 33, 34.
 The Provision, v. 35-44.

LESSON HYMNS.

No. 127, New Hymn Book Jesus, thou Joy of loving hearts! Thou Fount of life! thou Light of men From the best bliss that earth imparts, We turn unfilled to thee again. We taste thee, O thou living Bread! And long to feast upon thee still ;

We drink of thee, the Fountain-head And thirst our souls from thee to fill. No. 705, New Hymn Book. Bread of the world, in mercy broken Wine of the soul, in mercy shed!

By whom the words of life were spoken, And in whose death our sins are dead ; Look on the heart by sorrow broken, Look on the tears by sinners shed,

And be thy feast to us the token That by thy grace our souls are fed. No. 776, New Hymn Book. 78 de 68.

I need thee, precious Jesus! For I am full of sin; My soul is dark and guilty,

My heart is dead within I need the cleansing fountain, Where I can always flee-The blood of Christ most precious,

The sinner's perfect plea. I need thee, blessed Jesus! For I am very poor A stranger and a pilgrim, I have no earthly store:

I need the love of Jesus To cheer me on my way, To guide my doubting footsteps, To be my strength and stay.

Time. - A.D. 28, immediately after the events of the last lesson.

Place.—The shore of the Sea of Galilee, near Bethsaida Parallel Passages. — Matt. 14. 13-21; Luke 9. 10-17 ; John 6. 1-14.

QUESTIONS ON THE LESSON.

1. The Place, v. 30-32. What report did the apostles bring? Where did Jesus lead them? Near what city was this place? Why did they especially need rest?

2. The People, v. 33, 34. What example may we find in these people? What motive led them to follow Jesus? John 6. 2. How did Jesus feel toward the people? Why did he feel for their needs? What did Jesus say of himself in John 10. 14, 15?

3. The Provision, v. 35-44. What did the 3. The Frovision, v. 30-44. What did the disciples recommend in the evening? What did Jesus say to them? How much food did the disciples think would be needed? How much food did they have with them? Who had brought these loaves and fishes? John 6. 8, 9. What did Jesus command the people to do? What did

Jesus do before beginning the meal ? 1 Tim. 4. 4, 5. How should we partake of food! How many people were supplied! Why were the fragments afterward gathered ?

HOME READINGS.

The five thousand fed. Mark 6. 30-44. John's account of the miracle. John 6. 1-14. W. Elijah's miracle of feeding. 1 Kings 17. 1-16. Th. Elisha's provision. 2 Kings 4, 38-44.
F. The manna in the wilderness. Exod. 16, 1-31. The bread from heaven. John 6. 25-40. The bread of life. John 6. 41-58.

PRACTICAL TEACHINGS.

How are we here taught-

1. That Christ feels for our needs ? That Christ helps our needs of both soul and body ?

3. That Christ supplies our needs abundantly ?

The Lesson Catechism .- (For the entire school.) 1. Where did Jesus lead his disciples after their return from preaching? To a desert place near Bethsaida. 2. What did the people do? They came to hear Jesus. 3. How did Jesus feel toward them? He was moved with compassion. 4. How did he show his mercy toward the people? By giving them food.

DOCTRINAL SUGGESTION.—The compassion of Christ.

ANALYTICAL & BIBLICAL OUTLINE. Aspects of the saviour.

I. HIS ACTIVITY.

No leisure....to eat. v. 31. "Who went about doing good." Acts 10. 38.

II. HIS ATTRACTIVENESS.

Ran afoot....came....unto him. v. 33. "I....will draw all men unto me." John 12. 32.

III. HIS SYMPATHY.

Moved with compassion. v. 34.
"He hath borne our griefs." Isa. 53. 4. IV. HIS GRACIOUSNESS.

Began to teach them many things. v. 34.
"Ye know the grace of our Lerd." 2 Cor. 8. 9.

V. HIS POWER. Give ye them to eat. v. 37.

"All power is given unto me." Matt. 28. 18.

VI. HIS REVERENCE.

Looked up...and blessed. v. 41.

"I and my Father are one." John 10.

ADDITIONAL PRACTICAL LESSONS. Christ the Bread of Life.

1. There is a hunger in men's hearts which

only Christ can satisfy. v. 33.
2. Christ as the bread of life willingly bestows himself upon men. v. 34

3. The bread of life is provided while men are in ignorance of the divine plans. v. 37.

4. The bread of life is given to men with calmness, and according to the divine order. v. 39. 40.

5. men 6. the a 7. to sa

34. them Th passe divid hand the E E

IT

plies

must of the short fruit and s seed is los with the b seed sprin and fiery

"brea

Ou

corde doub spirit mark our L was p of pe forme multi mon vision The s well for sp narra other

enlarg ceded given thoug is at o two se The

The from 1 much listen friend The bread of life must be broken before men can partake of it. v. 41.

 The bread of life is given to menthrough the appointed ministers of Christ. v. 41.
 The bread of life is abundant, sufficient

to satisfy all mankind.

Tim. 4.

! How

the frag-

6. 1-14. 7. 1-16.

6. 1-31.

h soul

ntly \$

entire

sciples

desert

people

w did

with

nercy

on of

NR.

Acts

10."

34

tt.

0.

h

-40.

44.

CATECHISM QUESTION.

34. What became of the Egyptians that followed them?

The Egyptians following the Israelites who had passed over the Red Sea when Moses with his rod divided the waters, Moses stretched forth his hand over the sea, and the waters returned upon the Egyptians, and they were all drowned.

ENGLISH TEACHER'S NOTES.

BY SARAH GERALDINA STOCK.

It is a law of nature that that which supplies man with nourishment and sustenance must give its own life for his.' The creatures of the animal world must have their existence shortened that they may lengthen his. The fruit must be severed from its parent stem and stripped of its protecting husk, and the seed by which it might be further propagated is lost. But most strikingly is this the case with that which is to man the "staff of life," the bread on which he mainly depends. The seed must die that the bounteous wheat may spring up. The ripe grain must be bruised and crushed, and the flour exposed to the fiery heat of the oven, that it may become "bread which strengtheneth man's heart."

Our subject to-day is the only miracle recorded by all the four evangelists, partly no doubt on account of its deep and widespread spiritual significance, and also because it marks an epoch in the public ministry of our Lord. It is the first time that a miracle was performed at once for a large concourse of people. The acts of healing were performed on individual cases. One act fed the multitude of over five thousand. The common need of all mankind, and the one provision for that need, are here pictured out. The subject is so full that the teacher may well be perplexed which points to select for special observance. But comparing the narrative of Mark with that of the three other evangelists, we shall find that he alone enlarges on the circumstances which pre-ceded and led to the miracle. If to these is given their full weight, a definite line of thought which we might otherwise pass over is at once marked out. Let us look at the two scenes which he pictures.

The scene on the western shore of the lake. The twelve apostles have just returned from their missionary journey, They have much to tell the Master, and he is ready to listen with loving sympathy. And just as a friend is happy to welcome back his friend

after an absence, and longs to enjoy his company in undisturbed quiet, so does the Son of man desire to commune at peace with those whom he chose "to be with him." Besides, he has just been told of the death of John the Baptist. Matt. 14. 13. And he who wept at the grave of Lazarus must deeply have felt the cruel murder of his faithful forerunner. But there is no leisure, no quiet for him. The multitudes are thronging round him more than ever. Even at meals, when a hard-worked man expects to taste a moment of repose, the Master and his disciples are not let alone; in fact, so great is the pressure that they can hardly find space for a meal at all.

So Jesus gives the word to depart. Rest cannot be had where they are, so they prepare to cross the lake to a "desert place," where for a season, they may be free from the intrusion of the crowd. They go down to the shore, probably in the early morning, and the boat is pushed off. But their departure has been noticed and the people are determined to follow. There is no need to take ship also, even had there been boats enough for all; they can go round the head of the lake, and very likely keep the boat in sight. So as the news spreads, band after band of people are flocking out of the town, and the shores of the lake are all alive with the crowd, which passing round by the north, at length reaches the eastern side. Now look at

The scene on the eastern shore of the lake. The brief voyage is soon over, and Jesus and his disciples reach the opposite shore. But as he steps "forth" from the boat, he sees before him not a quiet, restful, refreshing solitude, but a place lined with people gathered together from all the different towns on the shore. Can he not step back again into the boat and find some other place of retirement? Can he not demand the departure of the multitude and remain in peace with his disciples? He does neither. The thought of rest is given up at once. For a stronger feeling has been stirred within him. He is "moved with compassion" at the sight of these multitudes and he sacrifices to their needs the leisure and repose and refreshment which he had come to seek.

All through that day he dispenses the word of life. At length evening draws on, and the disciples are beginning to think rest will come for him at last, as well as the quiet they had hoped to enjoy with him. There is all the more need that the people should be dismissed, since they have no food with them and they are far from home. When they are gone the little company with Jesus can take their evening meal undisturbed.

But the Master has no such thought as that. He knows the need of the people. Therefore he will not send them away. last hours of the day are given up to them. The only food at hand-just enough, as the disciples would suppose, for themselves-is given up to them. And so the long rows of guests sit down to this "table in the wilderness." The host distributes to his disciples, and the disciples carry around the provision to the multitude, until all are satisfied.

Some human gifts, we know, cost nothing, or nothing that is to be accounted of. A rich man may scatter coins about him without making any sacrifice at all. A thing may be given away which we do not want and which we shall never miss. But in the life of our Lord it is very different. He gave always at his own cost. He did not sum up his teaching in a few sentences and utter them in a short period of time for his hearers to think out afterward. He gave them his eye, his voice, his time, his presence. He did not miraculously bring food into the hand of each and let them go home with it. He stood himself to preside at the wilderness table, sacrificing his rest to their needs. And when he afterwards spoke those words, "I am the bread of life," and told them of food for the soul, (John 6,) it might perhaps have occurred to the disciples to wonder at what cost that feeding was to be given.

There are numerous and interesting points in which the food which supplied the multitude on that memorable day typified the spiritual food given "for the life of the world." It was needed by all—they had no means of supplying themselves-there were no other sources whence food could be had -it was given spontaneously-freely-was sufficient and over-abundant. But the one point that seems specially brought forward in Mark's narrative, is that the food was not given without cost.

What did that day's teaching and that day's meal for the multitude cost the Lord Jesus? The day's rest and the day's refresh-What did the gift of eternal life cost him? It cost him his life. Only through his taking our nature, living among men, dying for men could we be united to him. and only thus can we be partakers of eternal life. At infinite cost he has provided the bread which can satisfy and which gives life for evermore. What should we have thought of any in that multitude, who, when Jesus stood to distribute the meal, had risen up and gone away, thankless and starving, to seek their own homes if they could reach them? How many of us are doing that very thing now? Let our prayer be: "Lord, evermore give us this bread !"

BEREAN METHODS. Hints for the Teachers' Meeting and the Class.

Th

tru

spa

W

the

nar

bac

as e

mo

and

tire

he

lov

abo

foll

wer

wea

Test

50

the

4!

ciple othe

awa

part

was

land

for t

the f

then pass

the s

cried

And

unto

afrai

in th

the l

52

53

eame the s 54

strai

abou

that

55

51 and

89

#G

10

46

Bi

Draw a map of the Sea of Galilee, showing the location of Capernaum, Bethsaida, and the place of the miracle.... Show on the map the voyage of Jesus across the lake, and the journey of the people around it.... The time, place, persons, events of the lesson ... Aspects of Jesus as here shown. (See Analytical and Biblical Outline.)... Christ as the bread of life. (See Additional Practical Lessons.)....The lessons of the loaves: (1) Christ's attractiveness; (2) Christ's compassion; (3)Christ's omnipotence; (4) The divine order; (5) The human agencies; (6) The divine abundance; (7) The divine economy.......ILLUSTRATION. Martin Luther's story (versified by Robert Browning) of a stranger who came to a convent door supplicating for alms "We are poor, for the people give us nothing," said the prior. Then said the stranger, "Once in this convent lived two brothers, Date and Dabitur. [Latin for "give" and "it shall be given When Date flourished, then Dabitur grew; when Date became poor, then Dabitur grew weak. If you would make Dabitur strong, then strengthen Date." Then the begger changed to an angel and vanished. So the loaves for the five thousand grew in

References. FOSTER'S ILLUSTRATIONS. Vers. 30-44, Poetical, 3440; Prose, 7052. Ver. 34, Poetical, 3710. Ver. 35-5719. Ver. 37-595. Ver. 42-44 -6927; Poetical, 3707. FREEMAN: Thanks at meals, 670. Baskets, 671.

Blackbeard. BY J. B. PHIPPS, RSQ.



BREAD OF HUNGER. BREAD OF LIFE ENOUGH FOR ALL.

CHRIST CARES FOR THOSE THAT FOLLOW HIM.

True Religion gives Bread for the Soul. He that fed 5,000 will not forsake me.

Primary and Intermediate.
BY M. V. M.

FLESSON THOUGHT. Jesus the Bread-giver.
To be taught; that Jesus knows our needs. That he loves to supply them. That all who truly follow him will have enough and to

1. Recall the sending out of the apostles. Who sent What were they sent to do? them? Who gave them power? In whose name did they work? Tell how they came back to tell Jesus what they had done, just as children love to go back to father and mother and show their work if it is good and true work. Jesus knew that they were tired and needed rest. He loved them or he would not have thought of it, and so he loves each one of his children and thinks about their needs. Describe the crowd that followed Jesus and his disciples when they went away seeking for rest. They, too, were weary and hungry, but they wanted to be near Jesus, so they followed. Jesus pitied them so much that, tired as he was, he taught them all day.

2. How do we know that Jesus loves to supply our needs? Tell what he said to his disciples when they wanted to send the people away, and what he did with the five loaves and two little fishes. Show a single grain of corn and ask what will come of this if it is put into the ground. Let the children see a full ear and they will understand how the one grain has multiplied. Tell them that the same power which silently brings this miracle to pass, was the power that multiplied the loaves and fishes to supply the needs of the people. So all the crops that the earth bears declare how God loves to feed us, as well as does this miracle.

3. God's storehouse of love and truth is always running over. His promises are like the bread which grew under his hands to all his children. Get children to repeat some of the promises and teach that no real child of God need ever want for anything, because he has a rich father who wants to supply his need. But do not fail to impress the truth that a real child obeys and follows!

A. D. 2N.

dithe

show-

saida,

on the

e, and

.. The

esson (See

Christ

Prac-

ives :

com-The

cies;

ivine

artin

ing)

door

, for

rior.

on-

tur. ven

itur

bi-

tur the

ed.

in

IS.

2.

O.

14

cs

LESSON IV .- CHRIST WALKING ON THE SEA. Mark 6, 45-56.

April 23.

45 And a straightway he constrained his disciples to enter into the ship, and to go to the other side before unto Bethsa'ida, while he sent

away the people. a Matt. 14. 22; John 6. 17.

46 And when he had sent them away, he departed into a mountain to pray.

47 And b when even was come, the ship was in the midst of the sea, and he alone on the land

48 And he saw them toiling in rowing; for the wind was contrary unto them: and about the fourth watch of the night he cometh unto them, walking upon the sea, and c would have passed by them.

assed by them. c Luke 24, 28,
49 But when they saw him walking upon the sea, they supposed it had been a spirit, and

50 For they all saw him, and were troubled. And immediately he talked with them, and saith unto them, Be of good cheer: it is I; be not afraid.

51 And he went up unto them into the ship; and the wind ceased : and they were sore amazed in themselves beyond measure, and wondered.

52 For d they considered not the miracle of the loaves: for e their heart was hardened.

d Chap. 8, 17, —e Jer, 17, 9; chap. 3, 5; chap. 16, 14; Rom. 8, 7; Heb. 3, 13, 53 And f when they had passed over, they same into the land of Gennesaret, and drew to the shore. f Matt. 14. 34.

54 And when they came out of the ship, straightway they knew him,

55 And ran through that whole region round about, and began to carry about in beds those that were sick, where they heard he was.

56 And whithersoever he entered, into villages, or cities, or country, they laid the sick in the streets, and besought him that they g might touch if it were but the border of his garment: and as many as touched him were made whole.

g Matt. 9, 20; Acts 5, 15.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

The miracle of the loaves has been wrought, and the people, rising up from their repast, now realize for the moment that he who has fed them is their long-expected Messiah. To their view the kingdom which he has come to found must begin with the overthrow of the Roman power, and they are eager to have Jesus at once lift the standard of revolution. The twelve share in the universal enthusiasm for liberty and conquest, and would see their Master on a throne, with themselves standing in honour beside it. cannot comprehend why he refuses the offered diadem, and are amazed as he commands them to enter the boat and sail across the head of the lake to Bethsaida, just when his kingdom seems ready to be consummated. At last the unwilling crowd is dispersed, and the Saviour is left alone among the deepening shadows of the night. He has resolutely turned aside from the path of worldly glory, and set his face toward the cross, which from this hour rises more and more distinctly before him. To calm his agitated spirit, he seeks the loneliness of the mountain and communion with his father. The hours of night pass along with the Saviour in prayer, and his disciples below, tossing in a storm upon the sea, are seen by the Master, though darkness and tempest intervene. The winds and waves are at their height when the

twelve behold a Form walking over the billows past their boat with a step as free as if on a marble flow. They cry sloud in terror, but the Master's voice re-assures them, "Be of good eheer! It is I! Be not afraid!" Peter turns from the depth of fear to the height of self-confidence, and is ready to emulate his Saviour's power, but learns the needed lesson of faits when about to sink. The Master steps on board, and all is still, while the disciples press around and hail him as Son of God. The day breaks, and they are by the plain of Gennesaret. As they land the Saviour is recognized by the dishabitants, who welcome him to their shores, and bring their sick to be healed by the touch of bis garment.

EXPLANATORY AND PRACTICAL NOTES.

Verse 45. Constrained his disciples. They were unwilling to leave Jesus and go forth upon the sea, as night was coming on, and doubtless they shared in the popular desire at once "to make him a king." John 6.

15. To go to the other side. To the shore on the west of the Jordan. To Beth-saids. This was the nearest large city, situated a few miles to the west. Sent away the people. They were in a highly excited condition after the miracle of the loaves, and it may not have been easy to induce them to disperse.

46. Sent them away. "Taken leave." [Revised Version.] The original indicates a friendly leave-taking, not a dismissal. A mountain. Probably on the shore, southeast of the place of feeding the multitude. To pray. Perhaps in this desire of the multitude to make him a king, Jesus felt the temptation in the wilderness renewed, (Matt. 4. 1-11), and needed special communion with the Father for complete victory. 1. Those who pray to God are mighty among men. 2. When we have dismissed the multitude we can best meet with

47. 48. Even was come. The late evening, after dark. The ship. "The boat." [Rev. Ver.] In the midst of the sea. Between three and four miles from the shore, (John 6. 19.) having been driven from their course by one of the sudden storms which are so frequent on the Sea of Galliee. He alone. "So the great Intercessor still lives while his Church is tossing on the waves of time"—"Hedon. He saw them. In the darkness, when they deemed themselves alone, the Master's eye followed them. 3. So Christ sees, knows, and sympathizes with all the troubles of his followers. Toiling in rowing." [Rev. Version.] They had battled with wind and wave for at least nine hours, and were nearly colock in the morning. He could have come socaer, or could have quelled the storm by a word, but he waited to test their faith and to make his help the morn resignal. 4. God's work is always done at the

right time. Walking upon the sea. Showing thereby that he possessed power over all Nature. Would have passed by them. That is, he appeared as if passing by, in order to evoke their cry for his coming. 5. So God seems to leave us to ourselves that in our need we may call mon him.

need we may call upon him.

49, 50. They supposed...a spirit.
They may have supposed the form which they saw floating upon the waters to be a disembedied spirit foretokening their own death. Cried Out. 6. How easy it is to mistake the coming of our Deliverer! 7. Sumetimes salvation is nearest when it seems most distant. Be of good cheer. It is I. The "good cheer depends upon "It is I." 8. When disciples know that their Lord is near they can be happy in the handart term.

51. 52. He went up unto them. The account, given in Matt. 14. 28.30, of Peter's walking on the water, is omitted by Mark, perhaps because this gospel was prepared under Peter's supervision. The wind ceased. 9. Christ's presence brings peace to his people. Sore amazed. For no event had previously taken place which exhibited Jesus in such majesty and divine power. Matt. 14. 33 tells us that "they that were in the ship," perhaps others besides the disciples, declared "Thou art the Son of God!" Considered not... the loaves. "They understood not concerning the loaves." [Rev. Ver.] They did not from that miracle fully realize the Lord's power. Heart was hardened. They were slow to apprehend the divine purposes, even when they were pressed upon them.

53, 54. The land of Gennesaret. A plain on the western shore of the sea, not far from Capernaum, and anciently described as the garden of the whole land. Drew to the shore. Came to anchor, preparatory to landing. They knew him. The people of the neighbourhood. Though there is no mention of a previous visit by Jesus to this precise place, yet his face must have been familiar to many who had seen him at Capernaum.

as as seen nim at Capernaum.

55, 56. Ran through the ... region.

Informing all people of the coming of the great Healer. Began to carry... sick. They welcomed his coming, but it was as a miracle welcomed his coming, but it was as a miracle welcomed his coming, but it was as a miracle concerned are most people for their bodies than for their souls. Whithersoever he entered the souls with the miracles continued during the day while Jesus was in the district on his way to Capernaum. In the streets. Rather 'the market-places." [Rev. Ver.] The open square in each place where business is transacted, and where the people meet. Besought him. Thus showing their faith in his healing power. Border of his garment. The embroidered robe, with its blue fringe, to remind every Jew of the Law, and to which many attached a superstitions value. It. Christ rewards faith, even when it is mixed with superstition. Made whole. Thus many miracles are lightly passed over in the rapid recital of the evangelists.

Ti Vent Pl Pa 78.

GOLDEN TEXT.

When thou passest through the waters I will be with thee; and through the rivers, they shall not overflow thee. Isa, 43, 2.

OUTLINE.

1. On the Mountain, v. 45-48, 2. On the Sea. v. 48-52, 3. On the Shore, v. 53-56,

e sea

ver over

ing by,

ng. 5.

in our

pirit.

bodied

Cried

oming

ion is

e of

ciples

парру

The

eter's

fark,

nder

ple.

usly

such

s us

art

he

ing

om

er.

to

ey

A

ar

he

0

g.

t

9.

heer

LESSON HYMNS.

No. 117, New Hymn Book.

Jesus, lover of my soui,
Let me to thy bosom fly,
While the nearer waters roll,
While the tempest still is high:
Hide me, O my Saviour, hide,

Till the storm of life be past; Safe into the haven guide, O receive my soul at last!

Other refuge have I none, Hangs my helpless soul on thee; Leave, ah! leave me not alone, Still support and comfort me:

All my trust on thee is stayed;
All my help from thee I bring;
Cover my defenceless head
With the shadow of thy wing.

No. 126, New Hymn Book. 7s & 6s.

O Lamb of God still keep me Near to thy wounded side; 'Tis only there in safety And peace I can abide.

What fees and snares surround me! What lusts and fears within! The grace that sought and found me Alone can keep me clean.

"Tis only in thee hiding,
I know my life secure;
Only in thee abiding,
The conflict can endure;
Thine arm the victory gaineth
O'er every hurful foe;

Thy love my heart sustaineth In all its cares and woe.

No. 775, New Hymn Book. 6,5,8,3.

I am trusting thee, Lord Jesus,

Trusting only thee;

Trusting only thee;
Trusting thee for full salvation,
Great and free.

I am trusting thee to guide me; Thou alone canst lead; Every day and hour supplying All my need.

I am trusting thee, Lord Jesus;
Never let me fall!
I am trusting thee forever,
And for all.

Time.—A.D. 28, on the evening after the events of the last lesson.

Place.—The Sea of Galilee.

Parallel Passages. — Matt. 14. 22-36; John 6. 15-24.

M. Christ walking on the sea Mark 6. 45-56.
The Peter walking on the sea. Matt, 14. 22 36.
W. Israel walking through the sea. Exod. 14.
19-31.

Th, Israel walking through Jordon. Josh. 3. 5-17. [2 Kings 2. 1-15. F. Elijah and Elisha walking through Jordan. S. The Lowl's rower to deliver. Lee 42 1.13.

S. The Lord's power to deliver. Isa. 43. 1-13.
S. Confidence in God. Psa. 46. 1-11.

QUESTIONS ON THE LESSON.

1. On the Mountain, v. 45-48. What did Jesus compel his disciples to do? Where did Jesus go, and for what purpose? Of what kind of prayer did Jesus here give us an example? Why should we try to pray alone? What happened to the disciples while Jesus was praying? Did Jesus know of their trouble? Does Jesus know of our troubles?

2. On the Sea, v. 48-52. How did Jesus come to help his disciples ? At what time was this? Did the disciples know him when they saw him? How did they feel? What did Jesus say to them? Who answered Jesus, and what did he say and do? Matt. 14. 28-32. What was the effect of the miracle upon the disciples? How does this illustrate the Golden Text?

3. On the Shore, v. 53-56. Where did Jesus and his disciples land? How was Jesus received by the people? How did they show their faith in him? What benefits did they receive from Christ? How may we receive blessings from Christ? Do you receive blessings from Christ?

PRACTICAL TEACHINGS.

Where do we find in this lesson—
1. An example of secret prayer?
2. An instance of needless fears?

3. A cheering greeting?

The Lesson Catechism.—(For the entire school.) 1. Where did Jesus send his disciples after feeding the five thousand? Across the Sea of Galilee. 2. Where did Jesus himself go? To a mountain, to pray. 3. How did Jesus come to his disciples in the night? By walking on the sea. 4. What did he say to remove their fears? "It is I; be not afraid." 5. Where did Jesus and his disciples land? At the plain of Gennesaret. 6. What did the people of that region do when Jesus came? They brought their sick for healing.

DOCTRINAL SUGGESTION. - Prayer to God.

ANALYTICAL & BIBLICAL OUTLINE. The Power of Christ,

I. POWER OVER MEN.

Constrained disciples....sent away....

people. v. 45.
"God hath made Jesus....Lord and Christ." Acts 2. 36.

II. POWER WITH GOD.

Departed into a mountain to pray. v. 46.
"I knew that thou hearest me always."

John 11. 42.

III. POWER IN KNOWLEDGE.

He saw them toiling in rowing. v. 48. "I know thy works." Rev. 2. 13.

IV. POWER OVER NATURE.
Cometh...walking upon the sea. v. 48.
"By him all things consist." Col. 1. 17.

V. POWER TO SAVE.

It is I; be not afraid v. 50.

All things Christ strengtheneth." Phil. 4. 13.

VI. POWER OVER DISEASE.

As many as touched...made whole. v. 56. There went virtue out of him." Luke

ADDITIONAL PRACTICAL LESSONS.

The Saviour by the Sea.

1. The Saviour by the sea shows that God's plans are not often in accord with human wishes. v. 45.

2. The Saviour by the sea shows that we, far more than he, need the strength and grace that comes from prayer. v. 46.

3. The Saviour by the sea shows that he knows our distress even when it is the deepest. v. 48.

4. The Saviour on the sea shows a love for his disciples which deep waters cannot

5. The Saviour on the sea shows how often human blindness mistakes its best

6. The Saviour by the sea shows grace and mercy which is never weary of aiding

CATECHISM QUESTION.

35. Whither did the children of Israel go then? The children of Israel, having passed over the Red Sea, went through the wilderness, whereso ever God guided them, by a pillar of a cloud in the day-time, and a pillar of fire in the night.

ENGLISH TEACHER'S NOTES.

BY SARAH GERALDINA STOCK.

THE kindest and most devoted of parents cannot have their children about them un-ceasingly. However fond they may be of their company, there will be now and then a time when they bid them run away for a while, and work and play by themselves. And when they are gone, what are the prents doing? Are they still occupied with the children's concerns? Not always, for there may be other duties, and they may have other interests, not to be neglected. We cannot always be occupied with the absent ones any more than we can always have

I suppose no children were ever more reluctant to leave their parents' side, than the apostles were to part with their Master after the feeding of the five thousand. They had not long rejoined him after their first preaching tour. And in the hour of his seeming triumph, when the multitude were ready to carry him back with them amid acclamation

earthly kingdom, and would have been delighted to hear their beloved Master hailed by the people as the successor to David's throne. But this was not to be. And they were about to see a more wondrous sight and learn a more precious truth than any they had imagined in their own minds.

Jesus "constrained his disciples to enter into the boat" and to start on their homeward voyage without him. Whether they expected to take him in after a short time at some convenient landing-place, as seems to be implied in John 6, 17, or whether they supposed he would travel on foot round the head of the lake, we do not know. For a time they were parted from him. Let us see how this time was occupied.

I. They have started—have got clear of the land, and are speeding over the blue water, now beginning to darken with the evening shadows. The multitude have seen them depart, and satisfied that Jesus has not gone with them, (John 6. 23,) have sought some rest for the night. Where is Jesus? At last he is enjoying, not bodily rest, but solitude and refreshment of spirit in communion with his Father. Then are his disciples for the time being, so to speak, out of mind. In the one recorded prayer of our Lord, (with the exception of that when the agony of the coming cross was upon him) there is much mention of those whom the Father had given him. He himself, as they went forth from Jerusalem that last night, said to Peter: "I have prayed for thee." And we may certainly conclude that in his communings with his Father the disciples were not forgotten. While they were putting themselves, with every stroke of the oar, at an apparently greater distance from him, he was occupied with them, bearing their names on his heart

2. But the wind has arisen, and is "contrary to them." They toil at the oars but find it difficult to make headway. They are endeavouring to obey their Lord's command to cross over to the other side, but it is hard to make progress, though every sinew is strained. And it is now dark. What is Jesus doing? Though far away on the land he sees them. The distance cannot inter-pose between him and them. No calm repose or rapt meditation prevents his eye being upon them. He takes note of all. He sees that they are "distressed"—the body weary, the mind gloomy and dejected. For it does not seem to occur to them that he sees them.

3. There is no abatement of the boisterous wind, and the waves are growing every as their king, (John 6. 15,) it must have been doubly hard. They were still looking for an For Jesus is not in the boat. Where is her moment more threatening. The disciples

The the is a A is a are tho leng toge the

out

this

pre

A

He

an

sta

wo

app

roa

A

0

Jesi here com perp doir H Fatl thei into of (way

ger,

all t

W

Tesu free from thing asks read have H TI tired com right

cont neve no! -ne knov them W Wou will?

are d

He is coming to them-coming over the dark and raging sea-treading the angry billows drawing nigh unto the ship. And in their state of bodily strain and excitement, no wonder they trembled as they see a form approaching by that strange and terrible road. But-

"Tossed by rough winds, and faint with fear. Above the tempest, soft and clear

One well-known voice salutes their ear : 'Tis I! be not afraid.'"

The separation is over. The Lord has joined The tempest is passed. The voyage is at an end.

And they have learned that the Lord Jesus is always mindful of his people-that they are never out of his sight, never out of his thoughts, never out of his reach. When at length he withdrew his bodily presence altogether from them, and ascended not into the mountain, but into heaven, sending them out to work, they could go in the strength of this wonderful truth.

And this is the truth we must seek to impress. Though seated on his Father's throne, Jesus is not far off. His people are down here on earth seeking to do what he has commanded them, but often troubled, often perplexed, often in danger. What is he

doing?

en de-

hailed

avid's

they

sight

any

enter

ome-

they

ne at

is to

they

the

or a

see

of

lue

en-

em

ne

ne

est

de

th

he

ne

ne

le

h

n

He is interceding for them. At the Father's right hand he is occupied with their interests, with their welfare. Rom. 8. 34; Heb. 7. 25; I John 2. I. He has entered into heaven, and appeared in the presence of God for them. Heb. 9. 24. When the way is smooth, and they dream not of danger, he is still praying for them, for he knows all that is coming.

Would you be satisfied to have all that Jesus asks for his people? He does not ask freedom from trouble, but only deliverance from evil John 17. 15. He does not ask the things that so many people desire, but he asks the very best things, and if you are ready to receive them, you shall certainly

have them.

He is watching them.

They seem sometimes forsaken-they are tired and troubled-they are among worldly companions - it is hard work to keep in the right way with everything around them so contrary. Their companions think they can never keep on, they must give way. But no! they are not left. Christ watches them -never loses sight of them a momentknows what they can bear, and will not let them be tried beyond that. I Cor. 10. 13.

Would you like Jesus to watch you? Would he see that you were trying to do his will? Does it grieve him to see what you

are doing?

He will come to them.

Spiritually, Christ is always with his people. Just as he was in the boat on that former voyage, so he is present in their hearts by his Holy Spirit. But he has yet to come in his visible presence. And though there are troubles on the earth, "men's hearts failing them for fear," his servants may "look up and lift up their heads," for when the storm is at its height, he will come. And when he has come to them, their storms will be over forever, and they will have reached the "haven where they would be." Therefore they may "be of good cheer."

Would you like Jesus to come? Would his coming be peace and joy to you? Think who and what he is. When he reached the land of Gennesaret the sick and needy hastened to come to him. If you come now, there will be no fear for you in that day. He will say to you, "It is I! be not afraid."

BEREAN METHODS.

Hints for the Tenchers' Meeting and the Class

Draw the map of the Sea of Galilee, with location of places around it. Review the last lesson, and show the state of mind of the people...Word pictures: (1) The disciples and peoples sent away; (2) The Saviour on the mountain and the disciples on the sea; (3) The Saviour's appearance; (4) The landing at Gennesaret What Christ shows : (1) Lowliness, (unwilling to be a king, John 6. 15;) (2) Authority; (3) Prayerfulness; (4) Divine knowledge; (5) Divine power; (6) Mercy.....The realms wherein Jesus reigns. (See Analytical and Biblical Outline.) The encouragements of the lessons: (1) To obey Christ; (2) To trust Christ; (3) To come to Christ ILLUSTRATIONS. Humphrey Gilbert, one of the earliest voyagers to America, crossed the Atlantic with two ships, one of which was lost, with Gilbert and all on board. When last seen he was on the deck of his vessel, and was heard speaking to the other ship, "Do not be afraid: heaven is as near by water as by land !" ... "He saw them toiling." The high-priest within the veil could see those without, while he himself was invisible. Our Saviour in heaven sees us on earth, though we may not see him Two poems in Foster's

Cyclopedia, Nos. 3615, 3981.

References. Foster's Illustrations. Vers. 45-50. Poetical, 3610, 3615, 3981. Ver. 48, 8532, 9807. Ver. 50. Poetical, 4043. Ver. 52, 2839. Ver. 56, 9355....FREEMAN: Night watches, 743; Fringes, 652.

Primary and Intermediate.

BY M. V. M.

LESSON THOUGHT. "Thou art the Son of God." Print on the board, "Jesus on the mountain, Jesus on the sea"

It is sometimes well to read the Scripture narrative, having class repeat clause by clause, turning into simple language when needful. Read the first two verses of the lesson thus, and then get children to tell why Jesus was on the mountain, teaching from his example the need of prayer. Ask if children think the disciples were lonely and afraid without Jesus. If they had known that he could see them all the time, would they have felt more safe? Who sees you all the time, and do you feel happy to know that his eye is upon you? Show that the child who is doing right is glad to feel that his father sees him, but one who is doing wrong fears the eye of his father.

Read the verses and tell them what Jesus did when he saw his disciples in trouble, and then question as to what Jesus went on the sea for-what he said and what he did. Their fear was gone as soon as they knew him, but if they had known him better they would not have been afraid at all. It made Jesus sad then to see his disciples trust him so little, and it makes him sad now to hear his children say with their lips that they love and trust him, and then go away to show by their action that they trust in others rather than in Jesus. Something for little children to remember: A little heart is sometimes like a lake, troubled and stormy. Suddenly the wind of ill-temper rises and the waves of passion begin to beat. Oh, what danger the little boat is in! [Draw a little boat, and around it draw a large heart. Make a few crayon strokes to represent waves.] What can be done to save the little one from going down into the black waters of sin? Ah! Jesus has seen it all! Ask what it is like him to do Will he not come walking right out on the water, and get into mercy shown to the sick.

the little boat? And can there be any storm after that? What happened after the disciples took him into the boat? But suppose they had not taken him in—suppose they had said, "It must be a mistake, he could not come here," don't you see they would have been left in their trouble?

Jesus always sees us in all our troubles, and he will always come to help us out of them if we will look for him.

Blackboard. BY J. B. PHIPPS, ESQ.



DIRECTIONS. This exercise reads: "Jesus will never forsake me." ever near." 3. "I will never fear." Write the sentence, "He is ever near," with yellow crayon, and the first sentence, mentioned above, write with white crayon, except so much as has already been written in yellow. The last sentence write with red crayon. The arrangement of these sentences, so that each one is a part of the other, is done merely to fix it in the memory of those who see it, and its lesson applies to the care Jesus exercises over his disciples, and the

LESSON V.—THE TRADITION OF MEN. Mark 7. 1-23,

April 30.

1 Then a came together unto him the Pharisees, and certain of the scribes, which came from a Matt. 15. 1. 2 And when they saw some of his disciples eat bread with defiled (that is to say, with unwashen)

hands, they found fault.

3 (For the Pharisees, and all the Jews, except they wash their hands oft, eat not, holding the

4 And when they come from the market, except they wash, they eat not. And many other things there be which they have received to hold, as the washing of cups, and pots, brazen vessels,

5 Then b the Pharisees and scribes asked him, Why walk not thy disciples according to the tradition of the elders, but eat bread with un-

b Matt. 15. 2.

6 He answered and said unto them, Well hath

Esaias prophesied of you hypocrites, and is written, c This people honoureth me with their lips, but their heart is far from me.

c Isa 29, 13; Matt, 16, 8; Titus I. 14-16.

7 Howbeit in vain do they worship me, teaching for doctrines the commandments of men.

8 For, laying aside the commandment of God, ye hold the tradition of men, as the washing of pots and cups : and many other such like things

9 And he said unto them, Full well ye reject the commandment of God, and ye may keep

sor to For Moses said, d Honour thy father and thy mother; and, Whose curseth father or mother, let him die the death:

mother, let film die the death:

\$a\$ Exod. 20, 12; Deut. 5, 16; Matt. 15, 4.—s Exod.

\$2\$ 121, 17; Lev. 20, 9; Frov. 20, 20.

\$11 But ye say, If a man shall say to his father or mother, It is f Corban, (that is to say, a

lasci fooli 28 and place has

the l

king tude,

not a

his u

(John

still

Jewis

with

critic

food

mand

tradit leads

relation

greate

erem comm

law, n what t count,

gift

me

for

thr

and

him

one

tha

thir

tha

1

1

hear

fron

ing

und wha

man 19

into

pur

man

proc

mur

22

20

1

1

1

gift,) by whatsoever thou mightest be profited by me ; he shall be free.

f Matt. 15, 5; 23, 18; 1 Tim. 5.8, 12 And ye suffer him no more to do ought

for his father or his mother;

storm

e dis-

ppose

e they

could

would

BOUNES

ubles

out of

is

ite

NC

ed

so

w.

n.

at

le

0

e

e

13 Making the word of God of none effect through your tradition, which ye have delivered: and many such like things do ye.

14 And when he had called all the people unto him, he said unto them, Hearken unto me every

one of you, and understand :

15 There is g nothing from without a man, that entering into him can defile him: but the things which come out of him, those are they that defile the man.

g Acts 10, 14, 15; Rom. 14, 17; 1 Cor. 8, 8; 1 Tim. 4, 4; Titus 1, 15.

16 If h any man have ears to hear, let him hear. h Matt. 11. 15.

17 And i when he was entered into the house from the people, his disciples asked him concern ing the parable.

i Matt. 15, 15

18 And he saith unto them, Are ye so without understanding also? Do ye not perceive, that whatsoever thing from without entereth into the man, it cannot defile him;

19 Because it entereth not into his heart, but into the belly, and goeth out into the draught,

purging all meats?

20 And he said, That which cometh out of the man, that defileth the man. 21 For j from within, out of the heart of men, proceed evil thoughts, adulteries, fornications,

murders. j Gen. 6. 5; 8. 21; Matt. 15. 19; Acts 8. 22; Gal. 5. 19

22 Thefts, covetousness, wickedness, deceit, lasciviousness, an evil eye, blasphemy, pride, foolishness:

23 And these evil things come from within, and defile the man.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

A revulsion in the popular feeling has taken place, and a new period in the Saviour's ministry has begun. A while ago, after the miracle of the loaves, the people were ready to crown Jesus king at once, but with the fickleness of a multitude, they have turned from him as he proclaims not a temporal, but a spiritual realm. And since his utterances in the synagogue at Capernaum (John 6. 24, 71), few save the faithful twelve still cling to his cause. From the passover the Jewish leaders have returned to annoy the Saviour with their prying curiosity and their unfriendly criticism. They find his disciples partaking of food without the ceremonial washing, com-manded, not by the law of God, but by the tradition of the scribes. Their fault finding leads Jesus to enunciate the principle that the relation of the heart toward God is of vastly greater consequence than the fulfilment of mere eremonies. He shows them, too, that their commandments often run counter to the divine law, not only in its spirit, but in its actual letter, and that what entered into a man's mouth, or what touched his hands, was of very small ac-count, compared with the character and the life.

EXPLANATORY AND PRACTICAL NOTES

Verses 1, 2. Then. Soon after the third passover during Christ's ministry, which he did not attend, owing to the plots at Jerusalem against his life. Came together unto him. By a definite plan, and with the purpose of opposing the work of Jesus. From Jerusalem. The capital of the nation was from first to last bitter in its opposition to Christ. Eat bread. This shows how constantly Jesus and his disciples were watched by their enemies, even at their meals. Defiled ... unwashen hands. This does not mean hands that were dirty or soiled, but such as had not been washed according to a certain ceremonial form, as a religious service. Found fault Because they ignored the traditional customs, which in the eyes of the scribes were more important than the law itself.

3, 4. Wash their hands. The aim of the scribes was "to make a hedge about the law" so that no one might fail to keep it. The hands were to be washed in due form, for they might have touched a Gentile, or something ceremonially unclean. The washing was done by pouring on water, first with one hand, then with the other, at the same time reciting certain blessings and prayers. Off. "Diligently." [Revised Ver-sion.] The original means "with the fist." Traditions of the elders. The interpretation of the great scribes, which at that time were not reduced to writing, but were afterward embodied in the Talmud. From the marwere not reduced to writing, but were alterward embodled in the Talmud. From the mar-ket. Where they were likely to meet people whose touch would render them ceremonially unclean. Washing of cups. Literally, "baptism." They washed all drinking vessels, lest they might have become polluted, not in respect to cleanliness, but to legal relations. Pots and brazen vessels. The minute rules took cognizance of every kind of vessel, and of its uses. Tables. Rather "couches" on which they reclined at meals.

5, 6, 7. Why walk not. The word
"walk" here refers to conduct in general. Ac-

cording to the tradition. 1. Not man's cording to the tradition. It we make tradition, but God's law should be the standard of life. Well hath Essis. Isaiah. See Iss. 29. 13. Prophesied of you. Not that the specific reference of the prophecy was to them, but that his words might well be applied to them. 2. The sins of one age are apt to be reproduced in another. Hypocrites. The word strictly means "actors," but is used to mean "dissemblers, pretenders," people whose actions do not represent their real character. 3. God rejects all who are not sincere. Honour-eth...lips. By professing obedience and scrupulous attention to forms. Heart is far. The love of the heart is for their sinful practices. 4. God looks at the heart and not at the lips. Vain ... worship. Their attempts at worship are not accepted by God. Teaching for doctrines. "Teaching as their doctrines the precepts of men." [Rev. Ver.] 5. The only true doctrines are those given from heaven and found in God's word.

8, 9. Laying aside. Christ charges the Pharisees with forsaking God's law and putting in its place man's opinions. The scribes had a seying, "The law is like water, the traditions like wine, the commentaries on them like spiced wine." Many other. Volumes of illustra-tion might be given to show that the ancient Jews (and to a large extent the modern also) paid more attention to the rules of the rabbis than to the law of God. 6. There is a constant tendence to substitute the canons and decrees of churches for the plain commands of Scripture.

10-13. For Moses said. God's law-giver. God's law-giver. Honour thy father. Christ here gives an example of a human law, Moses, as and a most unjust one, which was allowed to displace the divine command. Let him die the death. A Hebraic form of expression for the death. In all Oriental races flial reverence is strongly inculcated. If a man shall say....Corban. The word "corban" means a gift, referring to that which was offered in sacrifice, or consecrated to the service of the temple. A person could declare that he had vowed to the temple that which might be required for the support or assistance of his parents, and then his parents could have no more claim upon him. The time of fulfilling this vow was left to his own choice, and it might be delayed until the close of his life, so that both his parents and the temple would be cheated of their dues. Thus the "corban" became a mere shift to avoid natural obligations. Ye suffer him no more Rather, "ye permit him not to do any thing." This is Christ's commentary on the Jewish custom.

14, 15, 16. Called all the people. From the Pharisees Jesus turns to the people. and publicly declares the truth. and publicly declares the truth. Nothing from without...can defile. No kind of food, no external touch, no outward formalities or neglect of them. The law of Moses created ceremonial purity as a teacher of moral purity. But the time came when the ceremonial was deemed of more importance than the moral, and deemed of more importance than the moral, and then Christ, with authority above that of Moses, repealed the entire ceremonial system. Things which come out...defile. 7. Every de-praved act and word has its inspiration in a depraved heart. Ears...let him hear. deprayed heart. Ears...let him hear. The words which Jesus often used in declaring principles or precepts of great importance.

17, 18, 19. Concerning the parable.

The word here means any dark or enigmatical saying. Are ye so without understanding? the scribes, that they found it hard to comprehend these new principles enunciated then for the first time. Not into his heart. The food enters the physical organs only, not the spiritual nature. Christ does not here mean to say that intemperance in eating or drinking will not affect the character. Purging all meats. What the body needs is not impure, and what it does not need it rejects from the

20-23. Out of the heart. The inner man, the moral part of the nature. 8. How

dismal the catalogue of the evil things within a bad heart. 9. Let us take our evil hearts to God, and have them made new. Evil thoughts. Rather, "evil purposes." Adulteries, fornications. Impure thoughts leads to impure deeds. Lasciviousness. Impure thoughts leaus to impure decas. Lasciviousiless. Sensual excesses. Wickedness. Rather "hatreds." Evil eye. Envy is here meant. Evil things come from within. 10. The only way to remove evil is to renew the

w

wh " 1

Jes

pro

Go the

cha cor Ph

sin

thi

the

W

is t

giv

W

2

3

sch

fau

unv

was

elde

sees

com

cou

wit

To

God AU

I

E

-

GOLDEN TEXT. In vain do they worship me, to tching for decirines the commandments of men. v. 7.

OUTLINE.

A Complaint, v. 1-5.
 A Rebuke, v. 6, 13.
 A Parable, v. 14-23.

LESSON HYMNS.

No. 668-New Hymn Book. O thou, to whom, in ancient time, The lyre of Hebrew bards was strung, Whom kings adored in song sublime, And prophets praised with glowing tongue; Not now on Zion's height alone The favoured worshipper may dwell, Nor where, at sultry noon, thy Son Sat weary by the patriarch's well.

No. 672—New Hymn Book. L. M. O Lord of hosts, whose glory fills The bounds of the eternal hills, And yet vouchsafes, in Christian lands, To dwell in temples made with hands; Grant that all we who here to-day Rejoicing this foundation lay, May be in very deed thine own, Built on the precious Corner-stone.

No. 676-New Hymn Book. 4-68 & 2-88.

Great King of glory, come, And with thy favour crown This temple as thy home, This people as thine own;
Beneath this roof, O deign to show
How God can dwell with men below! Here may thine ears attend

Our interceding cries, And grateful praise ascend, Like incense, to the skies; Here may thy word melodious sound, And spread celestial joys around. Time.

-A.D. 28, at the close of Christ's ministry in Galilee. Place.—Capernaum in Galilee. Connecting Links —The conversation in the synagogue in Capernaum. John 6, 25-71.

Parallel Passage. —Matt. 15, 1-20.

HOME READINGS

- M. The tradition of men. Mark 7. 1-23.

 Tu. Warning against the Pharisees. Matt. 23.
- The vain service. Isa. 1. 10-20. The Lord and the heart. 1 Sam. 16. 1-18. Common things cleansed. Acts 10. 1-20. Th. Paul's warning against tradition. Col. 2.1-17. The flesh and the spirit. Gal. 5. 13-26.

QUESTIONS ON THE LESSON.

within a

earts to

Adul-

ness.

Rather

meant.

. 10

w the

g for

gue;

M.

Evil

1. A Complaint, v. 1.5. Who were the Pharisces? With what did they find fault? What was their custom with regard to washing? Was this done to make their hands clean? For what reason was it done? What is meant by "the tradition of the elders?"

2. A Rebuke, v. 6-13. By what name did Jesus call the Pharisees? What words of the prophet did he quote against them? What sin is here referred to? What kind of service does God demand? I Sam. 16. 7. What is said in the Golden Text? How did Christ prove his charge against the Pharisees: What is God's command concerning our parents? How did the Pharisees avoid obeying this command? Of what sin were they guilty? Deut. 12. 32.

3. A Parable, v. 14-23. What did Jesus say could not defile any man? What are the things which do defile men? What are some of the evil things that come out of men's hearts? What is said about the heart in Jer. 17. 9? What is the promise of Ezek. 36. 26, 27? Who can give us new hearts, and how may we obtain them?

PRACTICAL TEACHINGS.

Where does this lesson teach—

That God expects us to obey his law?
 That the source of evil is within our hearts?

3. That we need to have our hearts made new?
The Lesson Catechism.—(For the entire school.) 1. For what did the Pharisees find fault with Christ's disciples? For eating with unwashed hands. 2. Why did they regard this washing so important? A sa tradition of the elders. 3. What did Jesus say that the Pharisees neglected for their own traditions? The commands of God. 4. What did Jesus say alone could defile a man? That which came from within. 5. What does this fact require of us? To keep our hearts pure.

DOCTRINAL SUGGESTION—The authority of God's word.

ADDITIONAL PRACTICAL LESSONS. The Foes of the Truth.

1. FORMALITY.

They wash their hands oft. v. 3.

"Except your righteousness exceed."
Matt. 5. 20.

II. TRADITION.

The tradition of the elders, v. 5.

"Beware....tradition of men." Col. 2.8.

III Umpopper

III. HYPOCRISY.

Honoureth...lips...heart....far from

me. v. 6.

"Lips honour....removed their heart."
Isa. 29 13.

IV. PERVERSION.

Making the Word....of none effect. v. 13.
"Commandments of men....turn from

the truth." Titus 1, 14.

V. EVIL HEARTS.

Out of the heart proceed...v. 21.
"The heart is deceitful above all." Jer.

VI. EVIL DEEDS.

Thefts....wickedness, deceit. v. 32.
"Works of the flesh are manifest." Gal.
5. 19.

ADDITIONAL PRACTICAL LESSONS. Man-made Religion.

 The religion made by man is narrow, exclusive, and severe in its judgments. v. 1, 2.

2. The religion made by man is more scrupulous of external forms than of inward character. v. 3, 4.

3. The religion made by man lays great stress upon prescription, tradition, and the teachings of the past. v. 5.

4. The religion made by man forgets God, the object of all true worship. v. 6.

5. The religion made by man fails to obtain the divine acceptance. v. 7.

The religion made by man often opposes itself to the commands of God. v. 9.

7. The religion made by man gratifies the evil hearts of men. v. 10-12.

CATECHISM QUESTION.

36. How long was it before they came to the land of Canaan which God had promised?

The children of Israel wandered forty years in the wilderness because of their sins, before they came to the land of Canaan which God had promised.

ENGLISH TEACHER'S NOTES.

BY SARAH GERALDINA STOCK.

I was once about to make a journey from Konigswinter, on the Rhine, to Wiesbaden. I had with me a trustworthy guide-book, out of which I ascertained which train I ought to take in order to arrive at my destination comfortably. But a short time before starting, the waiter to whom I had spoken about removing the luggage came and told me I had not chosen the right line of rail. My train would indeed reach Wiesbaden, but not until eleven o'clock at night. To arrive earlier I must cross the river by the ferry, and take the rail on the other side. This appeared to me a roundabout way, but, neglecting my book, I followed the advice of the waiter, who was thereby, I believe, saved some trouble. But I soon discovered that I had made a mistake in so doing. The train I was in waited at various way-stations for a long time, and finally brought me to my journey's end at the very late hour I was anxious to avoid. Considerable discomfort was the consequence. Had I had followed my book all would have been well; but its safe directions had been rendered useless and void by the tale of the And yet it was my own fault, for I need not have given heed to him.

The discomfort was soon past, but the in-

cident was not forgotten. What if we go wrong in all-important matters, because we allow other advice to render useless and void the directions of the one sure guide which God has given no?

The Jews in our Lord's day had a guide-book which they acknowledged to be sure and trustworthy, because it was divine. They knew their Scripture, "The Law and the Prophets," to be the word of God. They believed that the way of life was to be found in them. John 5. 39. Did they then follow this divine guide? We shall find an answer in the passage before many control of the state o

1. That God requires purity of heart, and that man stands in need of cleansing, formed an important part of the teachings of the Law. But was it to be material or spiritual cleansing? Was it to be outward or inward purity? The Word gave no uncertain sound upon this matter. While certain outward ceremonies were commanded, as symbols of the truth, the whole of Scripture showed that these could never be accepted in place of that which they symbolized. "The Lord looketh on the heart" was the unvarying declaration

of the Law and the Prophets. Comp. Deut. 10, 12; Psa. 7. 9; Jer. 4. 14; 11. 20; 17. 10; 20, 12.

But what said the teaches and exponents of the Law in later times? They laid the utmost stress on outward observances. They insisted upon a multiplicity of acts of outward cleansing never commanded in the Law at all. Endless washings were enjoined as a religious duty. The arm must be immersed in water up to the elbow before partaking of food. The hands must be placed in the water closed, lest one hand should defile the other. The highest approval was awarded to a rabbi who, being shut up in prison, and having a scanty allowance of water brought him with his food, used it for washing instead of drinking, saying: It is better to die of thirst than to break the Law. If a man, therefore, performed all these acts with strict attention, what more could be expected of him? No matter what his words or his conduct, still less what his thoughts might be, he stood high in the religious world.

The Pharisee who came down from Jerusalem to spy out something whereof to accuse our Lord had not far to look. The disciples of Jesus might be seen taking their food without performing any of these idle ceremonies. Here is a grave charge to bring against the Master! He allows his followers to reject "the tradition of the eldera." That is the standard and guide of the Pharisees the "tradition of the eldera." But what is the true and safe standard and guide? The word of God. And so the Lord Jesus has a graver charge to bring against them. They honour God with the lips, but not with the heart. Their worship is vain for it is all outside. But there is something worse. They not only choose the wrong way, but lead others into it, "teaching for doctrine the commandment of men"—"making the word of none effect"—useless and "void," by their tradition.

Bu

he

ne

lo

ru

thi

Ex

tra

ter tra

Pra

vei

her

Ou

fre

v. 5

ext

dan

ma

im

the

wei

adr

ing

rob

mu

bef

cut

Sin

· T

a ha

and in or

L

2. And having done this as to the principle of worship, they have gone on to do the same in the practical matters of the Law. The law says, "Honour thy father and mother," and guards this command by pronouncing the extreme penalty on those who disobey it. But here is a son who has aged and needy parents. He is well able to support them; is he not bound to do so? According to the fifth commandment, yes. But the money he might have contributed to the supply of their necessities is no longer available for that purpose. Why? He has pronounced it corban, or devoted to God. The commandment can, therefore, no longer bind him. He is not responsible for the support of his parents. He is under no further obligation to them. The word of man has been allowed to veto the word of God.

Can those who follow such teaching really please God and be acceptable to him? We see at once that the thought is an absurdity. No doubt the multitude who stood by could easily see it in this flagrant instance. In the matter of inward purity instead of outward washings it was necessary to enforce the truth more pointedly. And so we find our Lord calling to the multitude and specially addressing them in the parable which follows.

Is the word of God ever "made void" in these days by the "traditions of men?" The thing is only too common.

What does the "tradition of men" say to young people starting in life? What are they to seek? Seek to get on, to make money, to secure a standing in the world? "Seek ye first the kingdom of God and his righteousness." What are they to do with their youth, and health, and freshness, and brightness? Enjoy life while they can—laugh, dance, and be merry. But God's word says, "Remember now thy Creator in the days of thy youth, while the evil days come not."

See again what the "tradition of men" says about honesty in business, brotherly love, submission to authority, etc. And contrast it with what the word of God says.

We all hope to be happy, and in the end to go to heaven. But what if we choose the wrong way? The "tradition of men" will never bring us there. The word of God is our one sure guide.

word of God. And so the Lord Jesus has a men" upon the matter of acceptance with graver charge to bring against them. They God. It still lays stress on outward obser-

vances, and would tell you these are enough. But "the Lord looketh on the heart." The heart cleansed by the blood of Christ, made new by the Spirit, and so responding to the love of God, must abide in that love, and be ruled by it.

ith the

ll out-

They

t lead

e the

word

their

ciple

same

The

her,"

g the

y it.

eedy

n; is

the

y he

heir

our-

an,

an,

not

nts.

m.

eto

lly Ve

y. ld

he

d

h

d

1-

3,

n

BEREAN METHODS. Hints for the Teachers' Meeting and the Class.

Show the place, time, and circumstances of this lesson. (See General Statement.).... Explain Pharisees, scribes, unwashen hands, tradition washing the series of the serie

tradition, washing of cups, etc., Corban, etc.Show the characteristics of a religious system which comes from human origin, in contrast with the Gospel. (See Additional Practical Lessons.)....Show how these evils of the scribes' teaching arose from the per-version of the truth....Six foes of the truth here shown. (See Analytical and Biblical Outline.)....The true worshipper: (1) His freedom, v. 2; (2) His restraint—God's law, v. 9; (3) His watchfulness—not only against external but internal dangers, v. 15; (4) His dangers, v. 21, 22....ILLUSTRATIONS. mality places lesser duties before the more important. An artist painted a picture of the Last Supper, in the foreground of which were some cups. When these were greatly admired, he erased them, saying, "Let nothing in my picture call attention from Christ!"

... Like the formalism of the Pharisees, a robber in Mexico, who would not shrink from murder, will pause by the wayside and bow before a shrine... When we would eradicate the weeds in the garden, it is not enough to cut off their tops, we must dig up their roots.

Sin has its root in the heart.

Blackboard. BY J. B. PHIPPS, RSQ.



· This sketch explains itself. You can draw a hand by placing your own on the board, and with a sharpened piece of crayon trace it in outline.

Primary and Intermediate.

BY M. V. M.

LESSON THOUGHT. God Looks on the Heart.

Approaches to the lesson: Print "Pharisees" on the board, and explain simply what a Pharisee was in Christ's time. Describe some of the little observances which they insisted upon, saying that a man could not please God unless he washed his hands a certain number of times each day, and yet these same men were willing that their hearts should be full of evil. To be taught: That God looks first on the heart. That the outward acts will be right if the heart is right.

1. Tell the children that the Pharisee thought that when God gave the law to Moses, there were many little laws which were not written down, and that they seemed to care much more about these than they did about the words which they knew God spoke. He had told them to love him with all the heart, but they seemed to forget this and were selfish, unloving, and dishonest in many things. But they thought if they were very particular to keep all the little points of the law, which only touched the outward acts, God would be What made them so mistaken? pleased. They were blind. See, I will light the taper. You can all see the light it gives. But here is a boy who shuts his eyes close and says, "I don't see any light." Whose fault is it? God has sent the light to the Pharisees, but they would not look at it. Are any of us doing that?

2. Show two nuts, or two oranges, one fair and smooth, the other speckled and wormeaten. Which will you expect to find right inside. The fair one of course. But sometimes there is a spoiled heart under a smooth outside, and it was so with many of these Pharisees. They seemed to men to be very good, but Jesus told them plainly that they were spoiled inside. He told them that it was not the outside that showed what a man was, but that if the heart was right the acts were sure to be. This made the Pharisees very angry, but it was the truth, and it is right to tell God's truth.

Is it just as true to-day? Yes, if love and truth live in a child's heart, then good, true acts will come out in the life. But if evil lives there that will come out. There is only one way to have the heart pure and right, and that is to let Jesus come and live there, and make it his home.

LESSONS FOR MAY, 1882.

May 7. Sufferers brought to Christ. Mark 7. 24-37.

May 14. The Leaven of the Pharisees. Mark 8. 1-21.

May 21. Seeing and Confessing the Christ. Mark 8, 22-33.

MAY 28. Following Christ. Mark 8. 34-38, and 9. 1.

EASTER ANTHEM.

"Eing with all the sons of glory."



- 2 O what glory, far exceeding All that eye has yet perceived ! Holiest hearts for ages pleading, Never that full joy conceived. God has promised, Christ prepares it, There on high our welcome waits; Every humble spirit shares it, Christ has passed the eternal gates.
- 8 Life eternal! heaven rejoices, Jesus lives, who once was dead; Join, O man, the deathless voices, Child of God, lift up thy head !
- Patriarchs from the distant ages, Saints all longing for their heaven, Prophets, psalmists, seers and sages, All await the glory given.
- 4 Life eternal ! O what wonders Crowd on faith; what joy unknown, When, amidst earth's closing thunders, Saints shall stand before the throne ! O to enter that bright portal, See that glowing firmament, Know, with Thee, O God immortal, "Jesus Christ, whom Thou hast sent !"

cla fer va me an

> we 801

n ful

Too

Bel bec am in e

the

Bel

bett Tor the

wea

in th expe

Nine.

INDIVIDUAL OPINION

A QUESTION OF UNIVERSAL INTEREST

HOW best to conserve the forces of nature and so utilize them as to perform the purposes and meet the requirements of life, is just now a question of most intense interest to the thinking classes of the community, and a great many potent energies are being harnessed into service, which a few years ago were considered as only the toys of philosophers. Foremost of these forces stand the various forms of electricity, which are now being applied to an almost infinite variety of purposes, and doing them all with a degree of perfection which has never been approached by any other means. Of doing tream at with a degree of perfection which has never been approached by any other means. Of more general interest than any other of its uses, is its value as a therapeutic agent, restoring and sustaining the vital functions of the human system. Fully nine-tenths of the pain and weakness we suffer may be traced almost directly to a deficiency of magnetic force, which, with some persons, is due to constitutional defects, and with others, to circumstances of life. In either case, any system of treatment which will conserve and supply this force must act beneficially upon both body and mind. That the

GNET

appliances no supply this force, and no produce the desired results is demonstrated by the testimony of thousands who have thoroughly tested them during the past twelve years, a few extracts from which testimony are subjoined:

which testimony are subjoined:

"After wearing your Knee Cap a few days the pain (severe and of long standing) had entirely left, and a about one week the lameness also had disappeared."—Robt. McKay, 83 Caroline St., Hamilton, Ont.

"I can reely the memory of the lameness are not appliances, as, after using them, I believe them to be truly equal to what they are represented."—Thos. Yan Iderstine, London, Ont.

"The first night I wour Beit I slept soundly, which I had not done for many weeks, and I have been steadily and rapidly improving from that time."—Mrs. Jeffries, Don Mount P.O., (formerly Queen Street West, Toronto).

"Your Beit and Lung Invigorator have done me more good than all the medicine I have ever taken. Too sauch cannot be said in their favor."—Thos. Osdores, Rosebank, P.O., Ont.

"For two years I suffered from the most obstinate constipation and from weakness in my side. Your Beit has removed all these symptoms, and I am again enjoying good health."—Mrs. A. J. Stevens Brantford.

Belt has removed all these symptoms, and I am again enjoying good health."—Mrs. A. J. Stevens Brantford.

"Your Belt and Lung Invigorator have almost accomplished a complete cure. My constitution had become so weak that the slightest exertion would tire me, but now I can walk and work with pleasure, and am constantly improving."—Hannah. Johnson, London, Ont.
"We have used several of your "Magnetic our appliances in my family during the past ten years, and in every case with excellent results. do in the standard of the st

Belt, and she says the beneficial effect upon ner nerves has been sometimed from the proceeding of the proceeding of the proceeding of the procedure of the pro

were almost ussless, from Rheumatism, now they are well. Am in my 78th year."—James Brown, James Strees, St. Catharines, Om.

"Have used your 'Magneticen' appliances thoroughly myself, and have carefully noted their effect upon a large number of others, and in almost every case there has been a decided cure."—Rev. S. J. Allin, "Before wearing your Belt and Spine Band my back was very weak and painful. It is already much better and steadily progressine."—Miss P. Hindley, Edgar, Ont.

"I would not take 86 for your Belt if I could not get another."—Geo. A. Lewis, 121 Lumley Street, Torollo. (This was a case of kidney disease.)

Torollo. (This was a case of kidney disease.)

"I feel glad that you have months since I procured your Belt for weakness of back and kidneys, and from the speedy and my street months since I procured your Belt for weakness of back and kidneys, and from "I feel glad that you has a mirroduced to the sufferers of this Province so excellent a remedy—covering as it does so wide a range of diseases to which our peculiar elimate renders us liable."—Rev. J. J. Rice, Hamilton, Ont.

Hamilton, Ont.

"I can most confidently recommend your Magneticon Lung Invigorator to all who suffer from weakness of the throat or lungs. It is invaluable to ministers."—Rev. B. F. Austin, M.A., Prescott, Ont. "Your British 'Magneticon' Belt has recovered me from a state of great nervous prostratiod, and Sk King Street West, Toronto.

"Your 'Magneticon' has been of immense service to me, in curing a very troublesome case of sciatica of over two and a half years' standing. I heartily recommend it."—Rev. F. Wrigley, "The Grange"

No. Out. I suffered from Dyspepsia, Nervous Deblity, and Chronic Headache (caused by too close confinement it is office), and could get no permanent relief until I used Mr. Mason's Magnetic Belt, from which I experienced complete relief."—Frank Yeigh. "Expositor Office," Brantford, Ont. Fer further information, address

THOMAS J. MASON,

74 Bellevue Avenue, Toronto

Consultation always free. If by letter, enclose stamp for reply.

REDUCED!

TORONTO SELECTED LIBRARIES

All these Books are selected from the WINNOWED LISTS, and put up in a Hundred Volumes in each Library, uniform in binding and enclosed in a neat wooden case. Owing to a very large purchase which we have made of these valuable Libraries, we are now enabled to offer them at

\$25.00 EACH, NET TO SABBATH SCHOOLS.

Instead of \$27.50, as tormerly.

These are decidedly the best Libraries that can be obtained in this country for the money. Sold only in sets at these prices.

TORONTO SELECTED LIBRARY NO. 1, \$25.00 net. Last Day of the Week.

Abel Grey Andy O'Hara. Annie Lee. Arbour, The. Arnold Leslie. Benjie and His Friends Backwoods' Boy. Bible Pictures for Children. Castillian Martyrs. Child's Anti-Slavery Book. Clara, the Motherless. Daisy Downs. Eleanor Grey. Ellen and Sarah. Facts About Boys. Facts About Girls. First Day of the Week. Forbes Family. Foster Brothers. Frank Ellston. Gerald Giant-killer. Girls at School. Hannah Lee. Henry's Fireside. Home Pictures for the Little Ones. Hour and a Half in a Country Sunday-school. Iron Cage. Itinerant, The. John Wheeler's Two Uncles. Juna Atherton. Katie Seymour.

Little Jessie's Work. " May. ** Shoemakers. Things. Tiger Lily. Local Preacher. London in Modern Times. Lost Money Found. Manners of the Ancient Israel ites. Margaret Browning Margaret Craven. Margaret Maxham. Mattie Gregg. Mighty Deep. Miles Lawson. Minnie Ray. Minnie Wingfield. Money Matters Explained to the Young. Myron My Youthful Days. Nellie Morris. Nellie Russell. Nelson's Journal. Nineveh. Our Katie. Parson Hubert's School. Pearls for the Little Ones. Picture Book of One Hundred Pictures. Pierre and His Family.

Potter's Common. Prompter. Vol. II. Roby Family. Roden Family. Rosa, the Work Girl. Rose Cottage. Self-knowledge. Self-willed Susa Shepherd of Salisbury Plains. Stories in Verse. " of Ancient Rome. Vol. I. " II. of France. ** of Italy. of Mexico. ** of Spain. Story Book, The. Sunday-school Facts. Sweet Corabella.
Sylvia Austin.
Theobald, the Iron-hearted. Thoughts of Heaven. Too Late. Traits and Legends of Shetland. Village Science. Voices from the Old Elm. Waif from the Riverside. Week Completed, The. What Catherine Did. What Norman Saw. Whirlpool, The. Young Envelope-makers. Young Pilgrim. Young Gold Seeker. Youth's Monitor. Vol. I.

Poor Nelly. WILLIAM BRIGGS,

Pleasant Talks.

78 & King Street East.

AND AT

Toronto, Canada.

Methodist Book Room, Montreal, P.Q., and Halifax, N.S.

in eac purch low p

only i

BEE E B B B B B CO

C

COC D DE E Er Et Fa Fo Fo Ge Gr

H H Ha Ha Ha He He Im Iri Isa Jer

Jes Joh Jos Lif

And

REDUCED!

TORONTO SELECTED LIBRARIES.

All these Books are selected from the WINNOWED LISTS, and put up in a Hundred Volumes in each Library, uniform in binding and enclosed in a neat wooden case. Owing to a very large purchase which we have made of these valuable Libraries, we are now enabled to offer them at the low price of

\$25.00 EACH NET TO SABBATH SCHOOLS.

Instead of \$27.50 an formerly.

These are decidedly the best Libraries that can be obtained in this country for the money. Sold only in sets at these prices.

TORONTO SELECTED LIBRARY NO. 2.

Abel Bisby. Adult Scholar. Alice and Her Friends. Amy's New Home. Ancient Egypt. Antidote to Backsliding. Archie Grey. Aunt Effie. Aunt Mabel. Babe and Paincess. Bessie Field. Bible-class in the Parsonage. Blessings in Disguise. Brandy Drops. Bright Nook. British Nation. Budget of Facts. Chair Pulpit, The. Children of Old Park. Children's Book of Sermons. Christian Labourer. Christmas Bracelet. Clara DeMonthly. Crooked Tree, The. Down in a Mine. Dying Saviour. Earnest Labourer. Emily's Day Dreams. Ernest Richmond. Eucharist, The. Facts for Boys and Girls. Footprints of Popery. Found at Eventide. Gerald Kopt, the Foundling. Grace Abbott. Happy Mike. Happy New Year, A. Harry Ashton's Wish. Harry, the Sailor Boy. Harry, the Whaler. Helen Maurice. Helpful Susan. Imogen, the Orphan Princess. Irish Schelar. Isabella's Trials. Jenny, the Crotchet-maker. Jesuits, The Johnny and His White Mice.

Joseph Martin.

Life in the Woods.

nes

rge

at

ld

Sir I. Newton. Julius Cæsar. McKendrie. Little Brown Jug. " Davie. " Fish Pedlar. Joe Ashton. " Mabel's Friends. Orange Sellers. Pansy. " Pauper. " Sea Bird. .. Wendalls. Lizzie Hagar. Mary Woodman. Mattie; or, Life for Others. Missing Boat. Model Boy, Payson. My Brother Ben. Naughty Girl Won. Nellie Newton. Old Jonas. Only a Penny. Our Next-door Neighbours. Paul and Harry Fane. Poppy's Spring Holidays. Power of Kindness. Sammy Seymour. Sarah's Home. School Boy Life, A. Scripture Text, Story of. Sermons to School Girls. Shooting at a Mark. Steps up the Ladder. Story of the Woods. Story of the Nile. Summer at Walnut Ridge. Sunday among Puritans. Sunday Hours. Telescope and Microscope. Temperance Boys. Thoughtless Rosa Trip to the Weldon Woods. Una's Papa. Uncle Jabez. Walter and the Prize. Widow Davis. Young Andrew's Revenge. Young Quaker.

Life of Enoch George.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King Street East, Toronto; And at Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P. Q., and Halifax, N. S.

TORONTO S. S. LIBRARY,

No. 5.

One Hundred Volumes for \$25.00 net,

PUT UP IN A NEAT WOODEN CASE,

Consisting of books by the following authors: -Emma Marshall, Mary Howitt, B. E. Wright C. A. Wilkinson, Glance Gaylord, J. J. Porchatt, Mrs. O'Reilly, T. Taylor, Anna H. Drury, L. N. Comyn, Frances Lee, Mrs. Eetham, W. H. G. Kingston, Miss Chesebro', W. S. Urmy, Aunt Emily; and by the authors of "Jessica's First Prayer," "Books of Blessing," "Meadowside Stories,"

Containing over 15,600 Pages and 300 Illustrations. Sold only in Sets.

Jessie Says So Jessie a Pilgrim Jessie's Golden Rule. Jessie's Place. Daisy's Home,
Daisy's Cousin,
Daisy's Visit to Henwood, May Days at the Cliffords'. Josey the Runaway. Irish Jem's Three Trials. Bob the Bootblack. Trial of Obedience The Little Black Hen. The Two School Girls. Martha's Hymn. Gertrude and her Cat. The Prince in Disguise. The Carpenter's House. The Rose in the Desert. Althea. Stories from Aunt Deborah's Drawer. Lonely Lily. Clarie's Little Charge Nellie Rodney's Sorrows. Frankie and his Friends. The Little Missionary. The Wood-Carvers. Alice Leigh's Mission. Real Robinson Crusoes. A Home Tour with Aunt Bessie. Little Gregg and the Tinker's Letter. Little Gregg and the Linker's Letter, Meadowside; or, Aunt Grace and Dora.
Sally Grafton and her Teacher.
The Book. A Story of the Mountains.
Faithful Lina. The Story of Three Swiss Orphans.
Katie and her Mother; or, The Widow's Trust.
Victor; or, Paris Troubles and Provence Roses.
Good Daughters; or, The Sea-shore and the Victor; or, Fars Troubles and Provence Roses, Good Daughters; or, The Sea-shore and the Anton, the Peasant Boy.

Maggie Fuller.

Cottage.

The China Cup. Miss Howard's School. The Boy Artist. Great Things Done by Little People. Matty's Hungry Missionary Box. Motherless Martha's Home. Hope On ; or, The House that Jack Built. Little Aggie's Fresh Snow-drops. Brook Silverton.

The Lost Lilies.

Grace Hally Little Harry's Troubles. Stories about the Little Ones. More Stories about the Little Ones. The Fisher Boy's Secret. Archie and his Sisters. Archie and Nep. Alone in London. Kitty Swindon's Text. Happy Half-Hours. John Oriel's Start in Life. Willie and Lucy at the Sea-side. Home Life at Greystone Lodge Christmas at Sunberry Dale. Harry Weston's Battles. Nellie, Connie, and Silas. About Common Wonders. Parables of Animals. Traps to Catch Foxes. Helen and her Sisters. On a Candlestick Charity's Birthday Text. Charity's Birthday Text. Little Bessie, and How she Kept the Wolf from Herbert's First Year at Bramford. [the Door. Motherless Meg. My Little Friends. Katie's Work. The Two Bens. Elsie and Gatty. Charlotte and her Enemy. The Three Half-Dollars. Paul's Mountain Home. Harry and Phil.
The Little Medicine-Carrier. The Fishermen of Gamp's Island. The Story of May. The Fisherman's Children. Woodbury Farm. The Log-House by the Lake. Charles Russell. Willie's Lesson.
Willie Trying to be Manly. Willie Trying to be Thorough. Willie Wishing to be Useful. Willie Seeking to be a Centrician.
Ernest; or, No Humbug.
Rachel; or, The City Without Walls.
Christie; or, Where the Tree Fell. Faith, the Cripple. Jessie Ross.

WILLIAM BRIGGS

78 and SO King St. E., Toronto; or, Methodist Book Rocms, Mentreni, P.Q., & Halifes. A re-

Catal Retir ect., illust volun

7

49 cer

Again S Amy Ancie Build t Brewe Brown Cherr

Chron Cassy Captai L Cliffor Conqu of Count Dead !

Doing Desert Falseh Faire P Frozen For (A

Grahar Gold a Heroes nd a, Jacque

Judea

WI

ECONOMICAL S. S. LIBRARY 'A'

50 Large Volumes, 16mo., Bound in extra cloth, in uniform style, and put up in a neat wooden ca (imitation walnut), 13,356 pages and nearly 400 illustrations.

PRICE \$24.50 NET.

The superior character of the books will be seen at once by reference to the accompanying Catalogue. "The Schonberg-Cotta Family" and other works of its author; Occupations of a Retired Life," and others of Edward Garrett's works; several of Hesba Stretton's works, etc.,

Retired Life, and others of paward Galletts words, will be found on it.

The set is strongly and handsomely bound in extra cloth, with black and gold stamping, illustrated with nearly 400 Engravings, and put up in a neat and strong wooden case. The volumes are numbered and ready for use, and 50 Catalogues are supplied with each set.

The 50 volumes are all of 16mo, size, and contain 13,356 pages. Their average price is but

49 cents per volume, making the set by far the cheapest library offered in any form.

No discount to Sunday Schools from the above price.

right

L. N. mily;

ries,

com

-CATALOGUE.-

Against the Ot			140
Against the Stream, by the author of the		Judah's Lion, by Charlotte Elizabeth	48
Schonberg-Cotta Family	50	Kitty Bourne, with sixty full-page illus-	
Any Carr, by Caroline Cheeseboro'	11	trations	47
Ancient Egypt, with over forty illustrations	1	Lost Gip, by Hesba Stretton	39
Builders of the Sea, with over forty illus-		Lucy Lee, by Jane Gay Fuller	12
Brewer's Family, by May Elli-	6	Max Kromer, by Hesba Stretton	10
Brownings The by Jone Con Full	28	Miracles of Faith. A Sketch of the Life	
Brownings, The, by Jane Gay Fuller	7	of Beaté Paulus	8
Cherry and Violet, by the author of Mary	0.11	Morning Clouds, by Mrs. Stanley Leathes	31
Powell	35	Mists of the Valley, by Agnes Giberne	29
Cassy, by Hesba Stretton	26	Marcella of Rome, by Frances Eastwood	46
Captain Christie's Grand-Daughter, by Mrs.	19	Nothing to Nobody, by Brenda	14
Lamb (Ruth Buck)	04	Old House on Briar Hill, by Isabella Grant	
Clifford Household, by J. F. Moore	27	Meredith	45
Conquering and to Conquer, by the author	36	Oriental and Sacred Scenes, by Fisher	
of the Schonberg-Cotta Family	18	Orphan's Triumpha by H. K. D.	44
Count Raymond, by Charlotte Elizabeth	25	orphan's Triumphs, by H. K. Potwin	34
Dead Sin, The, by Edward Garrett	49	Occupations of a Retired Life, by Edward	
Doing and Dreaming, by Edward Garrett	37	Garrett	43
Deserter, The, by Charlotte Elizabeth	20	Ocean, The, with forty illustrations	4
Falsehood and Truth, by Charlotte Elizabeth	9	Philip Brantley's Life Work, and How He	
Faire Gospeller, The, by the author of Mary		Found It	40
Powell	17	Paul and Margaret, by H. K. Potwin	13
Frozen North, with forty illustrations	2	Pastor of the Desert, by Eugene Pelletan	23
For Conscience' Sake, by the author of	-	Robert, the Cabin Boy, by H. K. Potwin	21
Alice Lee's Discipline	24	Spanish Barber, by the author of Mary	
Grahams, The, by Jane Gay Fuller	3	Powell	33
Gold and Dross, by Edward Garrett	22	Sunlight Through the Mist. Lessons from	42
Heroes of Puritan Times, by Joel Stoughton	38	the Lives of Great and Good Men	
nd a, with over forty illustrations	5	Uncle John's Flower Catherens by T	
Jacques Bonneval, by the author of Mary		Uncle John's Flower Gatherers, by Jane Gay Fuller	
Powell	16	Winter in Spitzbergen. From the German	41
Judea Capta, by Charlotte Elizabeth	32	of C. Hildebrandt	90

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 & 80 King Street East, Toronto;

AND AT

Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., and Halifax, N.S.

"Economical"S. S. Library

SIXTY VOLUMES, 16mo.,

Well printed on tinted paper, bound in extra cloth in uniform style, put up in a neat wooden case (imitation walnut

16,462 PAGES, FULLY ILLUSTRATED, PRICE \$29 NET.

Sold only in Sets. (The price of the same books separately is \$69.05.) Average price per vol., 484 cents.

This Library contains works by Jacob Abbott, George Macdonald, H. H. Jessup, D.D. The Author of the Schonberg-Cotta Family. Edward Carrott, Hesba Strotton, James Comberg Gray, John Hall, D.D., Norman Macleod, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, Lyman Abbott, Washington Gladden, Lucy Ellen Guernsey, Jennie Harrison, and others.

Every Volume is suited to the purpose.

Instruction and Entertainment are combined. Fiction, being represented. History and Science, as well as Religious No Denominational or Sectional works are included.

The Binding is substantial and attractive; the Case neat, strong, and convenient. Fifty Catalogues are supplied with each set.

CATALOGUE

Alice and Her Friends; or, the Crosses of Childhood. Agnes Warrington's Mistake, by Lucy Ellen Guernsey. Bible Lore, by Rev. J. Comper Gray. Brought Home, by Hesba Stretton.

Crooked Places; a story of Struggles and Triumphs, by Edward Garrett.

Crust and the Cake by Edward Garrett.

Cumberstone Contest, by the author of Battles Worth Cousin Bessie; a story of Youthful Earnestness, by Mrs.

Character Sketches, by Norman Macleod.

Crew of the Dolphin, by Hesba Stretton.

Children of the East, by H. H. Jessup, D.D., Missionary

Claire's Little Charge, by the author of Lonely Lilly. Christian Way, The; Whither it Leads, and How to Go On, by Rev. Washington Gladden.

Draytons and the Davenants; a story of the Civil Wars in England, by the author of the Schonberg-Cotta Family Deaf Shoemaker, and other Stories, by Philip Barrett.

Double Story (A), by George Macdonald.

David Lloyd's Last Will, by Hesba Stretton. Early Dawn; or, Sketches of Christian Life in England in the Olden Times, by the author of the Schonberg-Cotta Family.

Familiar Talks to Boys, by Rev. John Hall, D.D.

Faire Gospeller, The; Mistress Anne Askew, by the author of Mary Powell.

Finland Family; or Fancies Taken for Facts, by Susan Peyton Cornwall.

Henry Willard, or the Value of Right Principles, by C. M.

Household of Sir Thomas Moore, by the author of Mary

Happy Land, or Willie, The Orphan, by the author of

Half-Hours in the Tiny World-Wonders of Insect Life. With 100 Illustrations. Fred Lawrence, or the World College, by Margaret E.

Frank Forrest, or the Life of an Orphan Boy, by David

Glenaryon, or Holidays at the Cottage. Gypsy Breynton, by Elizabeth Stuart Phelps. Gypsy's Cousin Joy, by Elizabeth Stuart Phelps. Gypsy's Sowing and Reaping, by Elizabeth Stuars Н 80

G

H

Fa

Th

El

No De

Le

W

Pe

Jo

Wi

D

CI

G

A

K

St

A

M

A

Bo

A

Fa

8

Ev

tio

ada

" p

Gypsy's Year at the Golden Crescent, by Elizabeth Stuart

Geoffrey, the Lollard, by Frances Eastwood. Hubert, by Jacob Abbott.

Juno and Georgie, by Jacob Abbott. Juno on a Journey, by Jacob Abbott.

Kemptons, The, by H. K. Botwin.

King's Servants, The, by Hesba Stretton. Lillingstones of Lillingstone, by Emma Jane Worboise.

Little Boots, by Jennie Harrison, Lucy's Life Story, by the Author of Lonely Lilly. Lonely Lilly, by the author of Twice Found, etc.

Little Nan ; or, a Living Remembrance, by the author of Lonely Lilly,

Layman's Story, A; or the Experience of John Laicus and his Wife in a Country Parish, by Lyman Abbott. Minnie Carleton, by Mary Belle Bartlett.

Mary Osborne, by Jacob Abbott. Margaret, by C. C. Fraser Tytler, author of Jasmine

Nelly's Dark Days, by Hesba Stretton.

On Both Sides of the Sea; a story of the Commonwealth and the Restoration, by the author of the Schonberg-Cotta Family.

Old Back Room, The, by Jennie Harrison.

Polly and Winne. A story of the Good Samaritan, by the author of Lonely Lilly, etc. Russell Family, The, by Anna Hastings.

Syrian Home Life, by Rev. H. H. Jessup, D.D.

Starling, The, by Norman Macleod. Tom Burton, or the Better Way.

Toil and Trust, or the Life Story of Patty, by Mrs. E. L.

Twice Found, by the author of Lonely Lilly. Victory of the Vanquished. A story of the First Century, by the author of Schonberg-Cotta Family.

Wonderful Life. A life of Christ, by Hesba Stretton. Wandering May, by the author of Lonely Lilly, &c.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King Street East, Toronto. And at Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., and Halifax, N.S.

economical S. S. Library 'c.'

40 vols., pages 16mo., net to Sunday Schools, \$18.50 This will be put up in same style as Libraries A and B, in neat case, with Catalogues.

August and Elvie, by Jacob Abbott. Hunter and Tom, by Jacob Abbott.

Schooner Mary Ann, by Jacob Abbott. Granville Valley, by Jacob Abbott. Bede's Charity, by Hesba Stretton.

Note Book of the Bertram Family, by Author of Schonberg Cotta Family.

Half Hours in the Far North, with many illustrations. Diary of Kitty Trevylan, by the author of the Schonberg Cotta Family.

Father and Mother's Comfort, by Mrs. Boyd. The Rowland Children, by Mrs. Boyd.

Elwood Freman, by Mrs. Boyd. Norah, by Mrs. Boyd.

Deepdale End, by author of Cottage on Shore. Letters from Egypt, by Miss Whately.

Women of the Arabs, by Dr. Jessup. Peter and Polly, by Marion Douglas. Joseph Pilmore.

Standish, Captain of the Pilgrims, by John S. C. Abbott, D.D.

Winifred Bertram, by the author of the Schonberg Cotta Family.

My Brother Harold, by Miss Brightwell. Child Life in New England, by Sarah M. Hall, The Maid of Stralsund, by J. F. de Liefde. Three Paths in Life, by Ellen Barlee. Half Hours in the Tiny World, with many illustrations. By Still Waters, by Edward Garrett. The Last Sheaf, by Mabel.

The Old Stone House, by Joseph Alden. Lapsed but not Lost, by the author of the Schonberg Cotta Family.

Maiden and Married Life of Mary Powell, by Miss Man

Through a Needle's Eye, by Hesba Stretton. Casella, by the author of the Elsie Books. Tom Gillies and the Knots he Tied and Untied. The Young Deserter, a story of the 30 years' War. One of the Least, by P. Russell Sharman.

Climbing the Ladder, by A. K. Holt. Essie's Journey and What She Found in It. Premiums Paid to Experience, by Edward Garrett. His Excellency.

Hard to Win, by Mrs. Geo. Cupples. Little Brown Girl, by Esme Stuart.

THE PRIMARY

ECONOMICA

FORTY VOLUMES.

A companion to our ECONOMICAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARY. Nearly Five Hundred Illustrations. Neatly bound, and put up in a substantial case. Fifty Catalogues furnished with each set. old only in sets. Price, \$7 50 net. Price of the same books separately, \$12 80.

Dorothy's Adventure. Clara's Trial.

Guy's Self-Will. Amy Elliot.

Kate Thornton's Motto. Story of a Pair of Shoes.

A Summer in the Country. Madelaine's Voyage. Rose and Charlie. A Week in a Tent.

Bobby Shafto. A Long Day.

Father's and Mother's Com-

fort.

Dick and Grace. The Fisher Boy. Jack Greene. Songs for Rainy Days. Songs for Spring Time. Songs for Leisure Hours. Elmer's Morning Glory.

The North Sea. The White Rose. Little Buds.

Sam Franklin.

Michel Lorio's Cross. Elwood Preeman.

The Rowland Children.

The Christmas Angel. The Christmas Box. Uncle Jerry's Blossom. Wayside Flower. Autumn Leaves. Kitty's Victory. The Sugar Camp. Kitty's Illness. Kitty's Journey. Kitty at the Sea Side. Songs for Winter Nights. Songs for Summer Days.

Norah.

Several volumes are entirely new, and all are of recent publication. Every volume is handsomely printed on tinted paper, and the illustrations are choice and very abundant. The reading matter is excellent and

adapted to the purpose.

This set will meet a demand for fresh books for Infant Classes with plenty of pictures."

WILLIAM BRIGGS,

78 & 80 King Street East.

Toronto, Canada.

Methodist Book Room, Montreal, P.Q., and Halifax, N.S.

Stuart Stuart

ion walnut

ap, D.D. es Com. Abbott,

eligious

ET.

ents.

hor of bott.

mine dilas

the

erg-

L ry,

Sunday School Libraries!

"MODEL No. I."

Fifty volumes, 16mo, well printed on good, clear, nong paper, bound in best cloth, with no strawboard in the covers, and put in a nice chestnut case. 12,329 pages, fully illustrated, averaging nearly 280 pages per volume and costing only 40 cents each. Fifty catalogues furmated with each library. Price \$22 net. Secret of Strength,

Leaves from
Lillie,
Look Upward,
Lottie Lane,
Lucy Raymond.
Lucy Woodville, Lyntonville, Margaret of Navarre, Martyrs of Lebanon, Mission and Martyrs, Millicent's Home, Mother West's Neighbors. Netherclift, Netty and her Sister, Paul Venner, Pilgrim's Path Secrets Revealed.

Shepherd King, Sisters, The Sisters and not Sisters, Sisters and not Sisters, Six Boys, Six Boys, Snow Family, Stories of the Flowers, Taylor, Jane, Wicked Gate, Wifford Parsonage, Among the Caffres, Among the Caffres, Bertie's Birthday, Blue Book Stories, Buxton, Thomas F Christ in a German Home

Crescent and the Cross, Daughters of the Cross, Dora's Mistake, Edna Harrington, Edith Somers, Ethel's Pearls Finding his Footprint; Finding his Footprint; Following after Jesus, Gaboon Stories, Grace's Visit, History of Christianity Hopes of Hope Castle, Hopes of Hope Castle, Jom Morison, Jessie's Work, Jonas Clare, Lady Alice Lisle

"MODEL No. 2."

Christmas Sheaf.

Fifty volumes, 18mo. Well printed on good, strong paper, bound in best cloth with no strawboard in the covers, and put up in a nice case. 9,182 pages, fully illustrated, averaging nearly 850 pages per volume, and costing only Scents each. Fifty catalognes furnished with each library. Price, 216.50 net. This Library, differing entirely from "Moper. No. 1," and thus perfectly adapted for use with it, will be contain books by some of the very best American authors. Religious instruction and the most entertaining reading, will be found combined with History, Science, and Story. Sold only in sets.

Temperance Tales, Vol. 1.

Lonnie.
Maple Hill.
Marbleside.
Marbleside.
Mattie's Missionary Box.
Missing Boat.
Mother's Pearl.
Mother's Pearl.
Our Charlie.
Plants. Pleasant Grove. Pleasant Grove.
Pleasant Tales.
Progress, or Sequel to Jerry.
Rambles after Land Shells. Reef Village. Rose the Comforter. Buth and Little Jane. Senses, The.

There's Time Enough 6.
Transplanted Shanrock
Transplanted Shanrock
Transplanted Shanrock
Twilight Stories.
Uncle Downes' Home.
Waiter Lightfoot's Pictures.
Apples of Grid.
Apples of Grid.
Apples of Grid.
Apples of Home.
Bread of Life and Shane.
Bread of Life he.
Clevelands, The.
Clevelands, The.
Cosy House Tales.

Dairyman's Daughter, The Darryman's Dau Down in a Mine, Elton Wheatley, Fern's Hollow. Firelight Stories. Fisher Boy, The. Frank's Victory. Gay Cotters. Gay Cottage Grace's Visit. Herbert Herbert Holiday Tales. Honey Makers, The. How to be a Hero. Jerry and his Friends. Lame Willie. Lilian.

"MODEL NO. 3."

This Library has 50 volumes, 16mo books (many of them recently issued), printed on best paper, well bound in best English cloth, and put up in nice chestuut case, and is sold at the net price of fifty-five cents per volume by the set. This Library averages almost 300 pages colume, and has over 300 engravings. It contains books suited for the larger class of the Shunday-School, and by the very best of authors. Nothing equal to it has ever been offered at any such price.

Fifty Catalogues farnished with each Library.

Ada and Gerty, Happiness Among the Alps, Hours with Mamma, Anchored How Tiptoe Grew, Human Sorrows, Band of Six Bessie Love Kate Woodman, Life's Battle Lost and Won, Bettie and her Cousin Harry, Bible Sketches, Vol. I., Bible Sketches, Vol. II., Bible Sketches, Vol. II., Daughters of the Prairie, The Lindenwood, Margie Hargrave, and the Percy Children, Ella Ross, Emily Ashton, Enlisted for Life, Madge Graves, May Stanhope and her Friends, Metaphors and Companions of St. Floy Lindsley, Frolic and her Friends, Metaphors and Companions of i Paul, Missionary Life in Persia, Nuts for Boys to Crack, Old Schoolfellows, Our Summer at Hillside Farm, Prophet of the Highest, From Four to Fourteen, Glimpses of West Africa, Gretchen, Hard Problem, The

Rebe's Common Sense, Ruthie's Venture, Sacred Streams, Scenes from the Life of St. Paul, Scenes in Hawaiian Islands and Cali-

Son of Man, The Story of James Moran, The Summer in the Forest, Sybil Grey, Thorny Path, Tiptoe, Tyndale, William, Under Shelter, White Foreigners, The Winthorpes, The Working and Winning.

Address, WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 & 80 King Street East, Toronte; and at Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., and Halifax N.B.

The The Und Littl Gent Keep The Sumi Lost Pet I Lost Thre The (Lydia

Pains

Clove The 1

On th A Ve Black Graft Vacat Nine Hone Jack Ernes Cousi Unde Jesus Little

Babes

Plus a Day A Work Maste Oppos

Mirian White Little Village

WI

SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

EXCELSIOR NO. 1.

Fifty volumes, strongly bound, of excellent books. \$15 net.

The Secret Drawer.
The Story Lizzie Told.
Under Gray Walls.
Little Musicians.
Gentle Gracie.
Keep to Your Right.
The Lost Pearl.
Summer Holidays.
Lost Willie.
Pet Dayton.
Lost and Found.
Three Days.
The Gleanere.
Lydia's Duty.
Painstaking.
Clover Glen.
The Right Way.

The Two Heaps Climbing the Glacier. Our Little Girls. Poor Little Joe. Bound Out. The Orange Seed. Hatty and Marcus. Kate Darley Faith and Patience. Nellie Greyson. Eaton Parsonage. General Frankie. Perfect Light. Meggie of the Pines. Elly's Visit. Zoe, an Allegory. The Old Stone Chimney. Don't Wait.
Little Ben.
Barton Todd.
Coming to the Light.
Joe and Jim.
Maggie and Her Friends.
Kenny's Mills.
May Chester.
Horace and May.
Upward and Onward.
Only a Dandelion.
Margaret at Home.
Precious Stones.
Hope Cambell.
Sydney Stuart.
Kenneth and Hugh.

EXCELSIOR NO. 2.

Forty volumes, strongly bound. All good books. \$14 net.

On the Ferry Boat,
A Very Simple Story.
Black Judy.
Grafted Trees.
Vacation Sketches,
Nine Saturdays.
Honest and Earnest.
Jack and Rosy.
Ernest, a true story.
Cousin Bertha's Stories.
Under the Pear Tree.
Jesus on Earth.
Little Threads.
Babes in the Basket.

Agatha Lee.
Emily Douglas.
Fiddling Freddie.
The Fountain of Living Waters.
Peterohen and Gretchen.
Golden Fruit.
Goodly Cedars.
Hugh's Fire on the Mountain.
The Little Preacher.
The Lord Will Provide.
Margie's Matches.
Mary Burns.
Mary Burns.
The Weck of the Ville du

Our Summer at Sunnybrook.
Joseph, the Model Man.
Annie Mason.
Belle Loval.
Canterbury Bells.
Heart and Hand.
Lily Gordon.
Watson's Woods.
Nidworth.
One Hour a Week.
The Orphan Nieces.
Rest and Unrest.
Emma Parker.

EXCELSIOR NO. 3.

Fifteen large volumes, strongly bound and beautifully illustrated. \$9 net.

Plus and Minus.
Day After To-Morrow.
Working and Winning.
Master Mechanic.
Opposite the Hill.

Gold and Gilt. Lost Piece of Silver. Walter Robinson. Mabel's Message. Glen Elder. Mercy Glidden.
Pearl Necklace.
Sunshine and Shadow.
Mary Bruce.
Gerty Harding.

EXCELSIOR NO. 4.

Fifteen large volumes, beautifully illustrated and strongly bound. \$9 net.

Miriam Brandon.
White Rock Cove.
Little Nellie.
Village School Mistress.
Climbing the Mountain.

Old Red House.
Nanny Davenport.
John Dane.
Home in Rough Suburb.
Arthur Lee.

Pilgrim Street. Little Christie. Paul Preston. Candle Lighted. Upward Path.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 & 80 King Street East, Toronto.

AND AT

Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., and Halifax, N.S.

NEW!

THE ACME SUNDAY-SCHOOL LIBRARY.

No. 1. 50 Large Volumes. 16mo. Price \$25 net.

CONTAINING 14,646 PAGES, AND 127 FULL-PAGE CUTS.

Bound in uniform style, in extra cloth, and finished in black and gold; put up in a neat imitation walnut box. The retail prices of these books are from \$1.25 to \$1.50 each.

THIS IS A VERY CHOICE SELECTION

And are by the following popular authors:

Hiss Hesba Stretton. Miss Anna Shipton Miss Chellis. Mrs. Madeline Leslie. Miss Agnes Giberne. Mrs. Sarah G. Cornell. Mrs. C. E. K. Davis. Mrs. M. A. Dennison. Mr. Edmund Clark.

Mrs. Newton. Mrs. Kelley. Mrs. Grommer. Miss Annette L. Noble. Mrs. Boardman. Mrs. Walker. Mrs. Wright. Mrs. Prosser. Miss May Graham.

Franz Hoffman. Miss Content Whipple. J. McNair Wright. J. F. Moore. George E. Sargeant. Abby Eldridge. F. H. North. Brenda.

CATALOGUE.

Aunt Rebecca's Charge. Aunt Lois. Bernice, the Farmer's Daughter. Bertie's Birthday Present. Captain Russell's Watchword. Carl's Home. Every Day Duties. Eleanor Willoughby's Self. Faithful in the Least. Finding Shelter. Froggy's Little Brother. Father Muller. Gathered Sheaves. Heart's Delight. Isaac Phelps, the Widow's Son. Jessica's First Prayer. immy's Shoes. Little Meg's Children. Ned's Search. Not Forsaken. Old Sunapee. The Family Doctor. The Golden Work. The Golden Fruit. The Golden Life.

The Golden Heart. The Squire's Daughter. Tom Carter. The Whole Armour. Wayside Service. Wee Donald. Miriam Brandon. Mary's Patient's Bank. Newell Boys. Robert Joy's Victory. Simon Martin. Upward Path. Bessie Brown. Door Without a Knocker. Vivian and Her Friends. Emily's Bracelet. Ellen Vincent. The Poor Clerk. Hattie Powers. Mecca. Mrs. Fielding's Household. Mark Steadman. Old Barracks. Quality Fogg's Old Ledger.

Two Books. The books in this library are large in size and fully adapted, in interesting and instructive reading, for the senior classes of our Sabbath Schools,

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King St. East, Toronto; Or, Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., & Halifax, N.S.

NEW!

ACME LIBRARY.

No. 2.

Fifty Large Volumes, 16mo., Illustrated. Put up in a neat wooden case.

PRICE

\$25.00 NET. Ne'son, the Country Boy.

Almost Too Late. Apron Strings. A Queer Lesson. Asked of God. Bashie's Service. Beech Hill. Bessie Hartwell. Chauncey Judd. Children of the Great King. Father Merrill. Finette. Grace Courtney. Jack Masters. Joanna Johnnie, the Railroad Boy. Knowing and Doing. Laura Linwood. Lea's Playground. Leslie's Scholarship. Lettie Sterling. Little Housekeeper. Little People. Lucy, the Light-Bearer. Margaret's Old Home.

neat

Newlyn House Nita's Music Lesson. Nix's Offerings. Ollie and the Boys. Precious Gems. Queer People. Smith's Saloon. Tell Jesus, The Birthday The Farmer Boy. The Good Fight of Faith. The Good Girl and True Woman. The Iron Boot. The Poor Boy and Merchant Prince. The Red Apple, The Well-Spent Hour. Three Judges. Tover Tangle. Two Families. Unselfish Freddie. Violet and Daisy. White Chrysanthemum. Words and Deeds.

LITTLE PEOPLE'S PICTURE

Illustrated with upwards of 1,000 engravings 50 volumes. Bound in muslin. Put up in a neat case.

NET PRICE TO SUNDAY SCHOOLS, ONLY \$10,

which is only 20 cents per volume, a great reduction in price, being less than one half the catalogue price for single volumes. Sold only in This library has been arranged with special reference to the younger children in schools and families.

Missionary Kite, The.
 Bessie Gordon's Lesson.

Mrs. Marsh's Help.

- 3. Five Blue Eggs. The burden of a guilty
- conscience, and the way to throw it off. 4. The Four Pistareens; or, Honesty is the
- Best Policy.

 5. The Babes in the Wood. A new edition.
- 6. The Lost Knife; or, The First Theft. A lively narrative showing the danger of yielding to temptation.
- 7. Father's Stories. Simple narratives for young readers.
- 8. Little Marian's Pilgrimage. A story in rhyme illustrative of the Pilgrim's Pro-

- 9. The One-Dollar Bill, and What was Done with It.
- 10. Stories for Little Ears.
- History of Orrin Pierce.
- 12. Willie the Conqueror. A little boy who fought a battle without sword or musket.

 13. Jane and Willie's Visit to the Farm.

 [Rall and Hoop; or, The Wonders of the
- Planet Saturn.
 - The Rude Boys Reformed.
- Sea-Boy's Grave. English Poy-Pilgrim.

 15. The Pictorial Letter Book. Large print and beautiful engravings.
- 16. Round Picture Stories. Picture on every page, with a story.

LITTLE PEOPLE'S PICTURE LIBRARY (Continued).

- 18. The Woman and Traveller. With other stories. Illustrated.
- 19. The Supper on the Grass.
- 20. The Poor Blind Beggar. With other stories. 21. The King and the Robber.
- Illustrated. 22. The Sea of Galilee and the Mount of Olives, 23. Shepherd of Salisbury Plain, The. By Hannah More. A true account of David
- Saunders, a remarkably pious man.

 24. "May I Not?" By the author of "What Can I Do?"
- 25. Lame Jack's Carol.
- 26. Scripture Subjects put into simple verses for the young
- 27. Lessons on the Lord's Prayer. Large print, with engravings
- 28. Alphabet Picture Stories.
- 29. Reuben Kent at School; or, Influence as it Should Be.
- 30. Master Key, The; or, The Power of Sympathy.
- 31. Nick at the Tavern; or, Nobody's Boy. 32. Celia; or, The Force of Example. 33. Faithful Ruth. A Story of Bethlehem. 34. My Mother's Stories. First Series. F
- Fourteen stories for small children.
- 35. My Mother's Stories. Second Series. Containing nine stories.
 36. Rufus Hill, the Missionary Child in Siam.

- 17. The Angel and the Babe. With other stories | 37. Great Truths, in simple words for little children.
 - 38. The First Book of 100 Pictures. Home scenes, country scenes, etc.
 - 39. The Second Book of 100 Pictures. The Vincent Family Scripture scenes, country scenes, domestic scenes
 - 40. The Third Book of 100 Pictures. With explanations of each picture
 - 41. The Fourth Book of 100 Pictures. With stories describing each picture.
 - 42. The Fifth Book of 100 Pictures. Varieties for each page.
 - 43. The Bird's Nest, and other stories.44. Ruth Elmer. A tale for school-girls.
 - 45. The Fifteen Stories which Sister Alice told her little Brother Johnny. Beautifully illustrated.
 - 46. Aunt Margaret's Twelve Stories. To illustrate and impress important truths.

pr

811

Ca

lik

Bo Ba

Ch

Ch

Ch

Ch

Ch

Da

Di

Do

Dr

El

Etl

Gre

Gr

Ha

Hi

Ho

Iris

Lit

- 47. Lame John, or. the Charitable Poor Man. 48. The Rhyming Alphabet; or, Sarah Bell and Fanny Blake.
- 49. The Heroine of a Week. Illustrations of duty from incidents of ancient profane history.
- 50. The History of Little Peter, the Ship-boy. Peter is a hero who is not to be deterred from his duty by ridicule or abuse, and he accomplishes wonders. Boys and girls, stick to your colours!

1882. Helps for the International S. S. Lessons, 1882.

Talks about Jesus to Boys and Peloubet's Select Notes on the Illustrations for Teachers by over 30 of the most eminent preachers to children, such as Farrar, Stanley, Newton, Taylor, Crafts, Vincent, etc. Contains one or more sermons or addresses on each S. S. lesson. Contains abun-

addresses on each S. S. lesson. Contains abundant material for Bible readings, children's prayer-meetings, etc. Cloth, \$1.50.

The Gospel of Mark, from the Teacher's Edition of Revised New Testament. With maps, commentary, and list of lessons for 1882, with golden texts. Manilla, 15c. Cloth, 50c.

- Commentary on Mark. New, vigorous, and practical. For the use of Teachers, Pastors, and Parents. By Rev. D. C. Hughes. Paper bound, 60c. Cloth, \$1 00.
- Sermons on the International S.S. Lessons. By the MONDAY CLUB. Cloth, \$1.50.
- International Revision Commentary on the New Testament. The Gospel of Mark. By Prof. M. B. Riddle, D. D. 240 pages. Ed. by Dr. Schaff. Cloth, \$1 00
- Pictorial Commentary on the Gospel of Mark, with the Authorized and Revised Versions in parallel columns. Edited by Rev. E. W. RICE. Cloth, \$1 net.

Lessons. With maps and illustrations. Cloth, \$1.25

Notes on the International S. S. Lessons. Part I. By Rev. R. R. Meredith. January to March. Cloth, 35c. net. Dr. Vincent's Lesson Commentary or, Notes. Cloth, \$1.25.

New Map of Bible History. Map covers both Old and New Testament study, and gives great satisfaction to the very large number of Sunday-school friends who have purchased it. Mounted on cotton, with rollers, &c. Size, 5 ft. 5 in. by 4 ft. 7 in. Price, \$4. Handbook of Bible Manners and

Customs. By James M. Freeman. Containing descriptions of the ancient manners and customs mentioned in the Bible, and explaining over three thousand Scripture texts. Illustrated by 168 engravings, and accompanied by an analytical index, a textual index, and a topical index. 12mo., 515 pp. Price, \$2.25.

Handbook of Bible Geography. By Rev. GEORGE H. WHITNEY, A.M. New and revised edition, containing the name, pronunciation, and meaning of every place, nation, and tribe mentioned in both the canonical and apocryphal Scriptures. Illustrated by 100 engravings, and 40 maps and plans. 12mo. Price, \$2,25.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King Street East, Toronto; And at Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., and Halifax, N.S.

DOMINION S. S. LIBRARY.

NO- 1

For the School and the Home.

Fifty Choice Illustrated Volumes, large 16mo, bound in Muslin, and not in any other Select Library.

ONLY \$25.60 TO SUNDAY-SCHOOLS.

This Library contains many of the standard and original copyright books, and nearly 16,000 printed pages, illustrated profusely with large full-page, fine engravings on wood and steel.

All the volumes in this Library are valuable and instructive. They have been carefully read, examined, and approved by a Committee for Sunday-schools and family reading, and are mainly suited to the larger scholars.

The books are printed on good clear paper, and strongly bound in muslin, with gilt stamps. 50 Catalogues with each Library. Sold only in sets.

Books of the size of these in this Library are usually sold at from \$1.00 to \$1.50 each. Nothing like this Library has been offered for such a small sum.

Afterwards; or, Janet's True Friend.

Book of One Hundred and Ninety Stories and Pieces.

Barley Loaves. By the author of "Ruth Aller-

ton," &c. Children's Victories; or, Ossie and Maria.

Chinese By in California, Story of.
Chinese By in California, Story of.
Chioe Lankton; or, Light Beyond the Clouds.
Christie; or, The Way Home. Vol. II.
Christie; or, The Way Home. Vol. II.

Daniel Tracy's Store in Covington.

Diamond, Story of. Egyptian Manners and Customs. Dora Chapman and Lucy Rushton; or, Trials

and Triumphs. Dr. Renwick's Medicines. A Temperance Story. By Mrs. A. K. Dunning, author of "Ralph

Waring's Money," &c.

Eleanor Gray's Girlhood.

8

Elmira's Ambitions; or, Miss Ross and her Career. By Clara F. Guernsey.

Ethel's Trials in Becoming a Missionary

Great Possessions. A Gallery of Natural Portraits. Great Question. Personal Religion. Happy World; or, Good, Better, Best. Historical Tales for Young Protestants.

Home of the Mutineers; or, The History of John Adams and the other Mutineers of the Ship Bounty

Hugh Fisher; or, Home Principles Carried Out. Irish Amy; or, The Child on the Street and on

the Farm. Little Mother. By the author of "Little Rosy's Travels."

Margaret, the Young Wife.

Mineral Riches of the Earth.

Minister's Wife, The; or, Life in a Country Parish.

My Early Days; or, Scenes of Real Life Revived. Notable Women of Olden Time.

Odd Moments of the Willoughby Boys.

Opposite Neighbours; or, Two Lives and their

Ralph Waring's Money. By Mrs. A. K. Dunning, author of "The Minister's Wife," &c.

Ragged Homes and How to Mend Them. Ready Work for Willing Hands; or, Story of Comfort Allison.

Rhoda's Education; or, Too Much of a Good
Thing. By Lucy Ellen Guernsey, author
of "Irish Amy," &c.
Robert Dawson; or, The Brave Spirit.

Select Stories to Please and to Profit.

Shenac's Work at Home.

Stephen Grattan's Faith.

Straight Path; or, Hope Conroy. Sunday-school Exhibition, and its Consequences. Tattler, The; or, Patty Steele.

The American Sunday-school and Its Adjuncts.
The Fatal Inheritance. By Mrs. A. K. Dunning,
author of "The Minister's Wife," &c.

Theresa's Journal. A story from the French.

The Strong Tower.
The Word of Life Held forth to counsel Parents,
guide Children, help the Christian, &c.
Troublesome Secret, and What it Cost.

Twin Roses, and How They Were Trained. Wild and Tame. A peep at four-footed animals.
Winside Farm; or, The Spensers.
Wreck of the Australian Steamship "Lenden."

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King Street East, Toronto; Or, Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., & Halifax, N.S.

NEWI

DOMINION S. S. LIBRARY NO. 2.

100 Volumes, 18mo., Fully Illustrated, and Strongly Bound in Cloth

PRICE \$25.00 NET TO SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

These Book are printed on good clear paper, and strongly bound in muslin with gilt stamps.

Poor House. Farmer Goodwin. Girls' Missionary Meeting. Susy Lee. Fanny Graham. Cottagers of the Plain. Kempsey and Fann. Secret Revealed. Red Shoes. White Frock. Tom Lanes' Cent. Brown House. New Bonnet. Two Trees. Mary Grant. Lucy and her Dhave. This day Month. Memoir of an Officer. Country School House. Young Jew. Falling in Harness. Discontented Boy. Roberts' Family. Happy Choice. Harriet and her Scholars. Isle of Wight. The Fruit. Kamanys. Haunted House Prize Garden. Genddar's Appeals. Catherine Gray. Source of Israel. William the Romanist. Kittie Brown and Bible Verses. Mary Ellis. Gift to Sunday Scholars. Parting Gift. Little Silk-Winder. Sketches of Character. Am I a Child of God ? Mary Ray. Kittie Brown and her School. Wild Flowers. Abbey. MAAHOUT! Mahomed Allibay. Missionary Worthies. Look Up. Clara Douglass. Bruised Reed.

Light and Cloud. Catharine Brown. Anecdotes. Kittie Brown and her Cousins Henry Wood. Self Reliance. Amethyst. Shelomith's Son. Patriarchs. Annie Sherwood. Delaware Indians. Ring Leader. Guide to the Saviour. Sunday Hours. Maggie and Bessie. Sketches and Anecdotes. 300 Years Ago. Peep at my Neighbors. Learning to Act. Emblems from Eden. The Barclays. Ben Ross Dick Bolter. Lessons from Biography. Jacob and Joseph. The Prize. Child's Companion, 1851. Emma Alston. Edward and Miriam. Young Clerk. Pierre and his Family. Last Lesson. Eagle Hill.
Nellie Grey.
Cousin Deborah. Nora's Life. Mabel. Two Ways and Ends. Two Paths. Land and Mystery. Letters to a Young Lady. Maria's Vocations. Boys' Words.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King St. East, Toronto; Or, Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., & Halifax, N.S.

Francis Leslie.

Latimer Family.

Evlyn Grey.

Young Wife.

Morning of the Reformation.

J

Cont

Abou

Aime

Alick

Ashel

Aunt

Battle

Bendi Brigh Christ Claud Couly Cripp Curat Floss Had Y Highl Isoult Life S Odd C Our F Peep 1 Post o Reef, Rhoda Rockb Schoo Story Tales Tales ! Tales: Tales Tales Two V Wand Wars Was I Weave

WI

Well i

Wood

Wyclif

NEW.

THE OLIVE LIBRARY

Forty Large I6mo. Volumes.

Containing an aggregate of 15,350 pages. Beautifully bound in Cloth, and put up in a neat wooden case.

PRICE. - - - \$25.00.

About one-half the retail price of the volumes separately. No discount to Sunday-schools, Volumes not sold separately.

Aimee. A Tale of the Days of James II. By Agnes Giberne.

Alick Baillie, Roughing it with.

Ashcliffe Hall. A Tale of the last Century. By Emily Sarah Holt.

Aunt Mildred's Legacy.

Battles Worth Fighting.
Bending Willow, The. A Tale of Missionary Life in the North-West. By Jane Gay Fuller.
Brightside. By E. Bedell Benjamin.

Christie's Old Organ, Saved at Sea, and Little Faith. By Mrs. Walton.

Christie's Old Organ, Saved at Sea, and Little Faith. By Mrs. Walton. Claude the Colporteur. By the author of "Mary Powell." Coulyng Castle; or, A Knight of the Old Days. By Agnes Giberne. Cripple of Antioch, The. By the author of the "Schonberg-Cotta Family." Curate's Home, The. By Agnes Giberne. By Agnes Giberne. Floss Silverthorne; or, The Master's Little Handmaid. By Agnes Giberne. Had You Been In His Place. By Lizzie Bates. Highland Parish, The. By Norman Macleod, D.D. Isoult Barry, of Wynscote. By Emily S. Holt. Life Studies; or, How to Live. By Rev. John Baillie. Martyrs of Spain, The. By the author of the "Schonberg-Cotta Family." Odd One, The. By A. M. Mitchell Payne. Our Father in Heaven. By Rev. J. H. Wilson. Peep Behind the Scenes, A. By Mrs. Walton.

Peep Behind the Scenes, A. By Mrs. Walton.
Post of Honour. By the author of "Broad Shadows."
Reef, The, and other Parables. By Rev. E. H. Bickersteth.

Rhoda's Corner. By A. M. Mitchell Payne.
Rockbourne. A Tale. By Marion Eliza Weir.
School and Home; or, Leaves from a Boy's Journal.

Story of Martin Luther, The.

Tales and Sketches of Christian Life. By the author of the "Schonberg-Cotta Family."

Tales from Alsace.
Tales from English History.

Tales of Sweden and the Norsemen.
Tales of Sweden and the Norsemen.
Tales of Travellers. By Maria Hack.
Two Vocations. By the author of the "Schonberg-Cotta Family."
Wanderings Over Bible Lands. By the same.
Wars of the Huguenots, By Dr. Hanna.
Was I Right? By Mrs. Walton.
Weaver Boy. A Life of Dr. Livingstone.
Well in the Desert, The. By Emily S. Holt.
Woodcutter and Exiles. By Dr. Macduff.
Wycliffites. The. By Mrs. Mackay.

Wycliffites, The. By Mrs. Mackay.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King Street East, Toronto;

Or, Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P. Q., and Halifax, N. S.

"More help in the right understanding of the sacred text than is given by many a voluminous Commentary."—Dr. LEONARD BACON, D.D., Yale College.

THE TEACHERS' EDITION OF THE REVISED NEW TESTAMENT.

With an Index and Condensed Concordance, Harmony of the Gospels, Maps, Parallel Passages in full, Tables, and many other Indispensable Helps.

THIS EDITION WILL CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT FEATURES

I. AN EXACT AND CERTIFIED REPRODUCTION OF THE ENTIRE Oxford and Cambridge Edition, including the Preface and all the Marginal Readings and Explanations.

2. THE APPENDIX NOTES OF THE AMERICAN REVISERS, PRINTED in the Margin of each page by the side of the passages referred to.

3. THE REFERENCES TO PARALLEL PASSAGES FOUND IN THE "Bagster Bibles," with Numerous Others, as far as appropriate, put in the margins and printed in full.

4. A BLACK-FACED PUNCTUATION MARK OR LETTER at the close of Each Verse. This will greatly facilitate Ready Reference and Responsive Reading.

5. RUNNING HEADLINES, OR HEADINGS, as in the Bagster and other Bibles, put at the tops of pages.

6. A BLANK PAGE, FOR MANUSCRIPT NOTES, at the end of each book of the New Testament.

The second half of the book will consist of the following carefully-prepared

Helps to the Study of the Revised New Testament, (Those not previously found in Teachers' Bible are marked "New.")

A Full and Minute Index of its own Contents. i Full and Minute Index of its own Contents.

I Bible Index and Concordance (from the Oxford Teachers' Bible), carefully revised and readjusted in harmony with the Revised New Testament, with extensive additions of notes, topical Bible readings, and especially of references to passages and classes of passages changed by the version, made from a complete manuscript Concordance to the Exited New Testament, prepared at great expense for this Durnose.

Harmony of the Gospels from the Oxford Teachers' Bible.

Chronological Table of the Acts and Episties. Summaries of the Books of the New Testament. (Partly New.)

Brief Descriptions of Jewish Sects, Parties, Feasts, etc., referred to in the New Testament.

Genealogical Table of "The Family of the Herods."

Lists of "Our Lord's Miracles" and "Parables" and "Discourses." [Improved.] Names, Titles, and Offices of Christ.

List of Prayers in the New Testament. (New.) Brief description of "Paul's Missionary Journeys" and his "Voyage to Rome."

Tables of "Weights and Measures"-Jew-ish and Roman.

Tables of "Money" and "Time"—Jewish

Table of Bible Types and Symbols. (New.) Plan for "Reading the New Testament in the Order of its Events." (New.)

Key-words of the New Testament books. (New.) Table showing time required to read each of the books of the New Testament. (New.)

Hints on How to Study the Bible. (New) What "Christ said of the Old Testament" (Classified table of passages). (New.)

References in the New Testament to the Old by quotation or otherwisethe passages being printed. (Greatly Enlarged.)

Aspects of truth peculiar to both Testaments introduced in the Old, and more fully described in the New. (New.)

Several valuable Maps, including Mark's Celebrated Bird's-Eye View of Palestine, showing mountains, valleys, &c. (New.)

Breakfast Mottoes, or Memory Verses for every day in the year, including the most impor-tant of the changed passages in the Revised New Tostament (New.)

Special Memory Passages from the New Testament, those which have been thought most precious by the church. (New.)

Mr. Moody's Texts for Enquirers. (New.)

PRICES, POSTAGE FREE.

As the work has grown much beyond the original plan, it has been found necessary to slightly advance the price.

MINION,	8vo,	Cloth, B	Boards, Re	d Edges\$1	
**	**	Sheep.	44 44	***************************************	50
**	**	French	Morocco	Gilt Edges 2	00
**	**	Persian	11		
**	44	Turkey		4	50
"	**	Levant	**	Divinity Circuit, Rid-lined, Silk-sewed	50
					w

*Many of its features are improvements upon any other edition I have seen."
—HENRY WARD BEECHER.

"It v

Mag

i I

7 7

11

ti 8 8

1) Ğ

C

81

b

kith

ti

th

yo

m

an op

an An a °C

ret

ed

and

Par

a (

mo and

the

you

the

mig

spo 16 The

that

2 wis wro slew wer the year care 17 men

which mial 1 Or, f

14 An

15 Egy

1

18

10 A

11 gr

9 A

Magi's Gifts-Hight into Ligart-Slaughter of Innocents.

4S. MATTHEW 2:5.

Jesus at Nazareth - Preaching of John the Baptist.

him, In Bethlehem of Judæa:

him, In Bethlehem of Judan:
him, In Bethlehem of Judan:
for thus it is written 1 cby the
prophet,
And the no wise least among
the princes of Judan:
For out of thee shall come
forth a governer of
my people Israel.
Then Herod privily called
the "wise men, and learned of
the was most of the carefully
concerning the young child,
and when ye have found him,
bring me word, that I also
may come and wordship him.
And they, having heard the
king, went their way; and/o,
the star, which they saw in
the cast, went 'before them,
ill it came and stood over,
where the young 'child was,
And when they saw the star,
they rejoiced with exceeding
I great "joy. And they came
into the house and saw the
young child with Mary his
mucher; and they fill down
and "worshipped him; and
"be worshipped him; and
aften help was and as with
young child with Mary his
a dream, saying, Arise and
take the young child and his
mother, and fee into Ezypp,
and be thou there wo country
another way.

Now when they were do
for the house and any the
young child and his
mother, and fee into Ezypp,
and be thou there until I tell
thee; for Herod will seek the
young child and his mother
and hearn, saying, Arise and
take the young child and his
mother, and fee into Ezypp,
and be arose and took the
young child and his mother
do into the for herod will seek the
young child and his mother
and hearn, saying, Arise and
take the young child and his
goven the way most of the wise
hy mitth the fallilled which was
spoken by the Lord through
the dan of herod; that it
might be fulfilled which was
spoken by the Lord through
the dan of herod; that it
might be fulfilled which was
spoken by the Lord through
the hearn as a dall the
was mocked of the
"wise men, was exceeding
the prophet, saying," Out of
Egypt fall I cail my son.
The men was fulfilled that
which was spoken by Jereminh the was mocked of the
"wise men, as a fulfilled that
which an as poken by Jereminh the prophet, saying," Out of
the prophet, saying, son the say the say the say the say the say the say the say

E Omit S, and so else-

A voice was heard in Ra- 18 mah.

Weeping and great mourning,

Rachel weeping for her children ; And she would not be comforted, because they are

But when Herod was dead, 19 behold, an angel of the Lord appeareth in a dream to Joseph in Egypt, saying. Arise 20 and take the young child and

his mother, and go into the land of Israel: for they are 'dead that sought the young child's life. And hearose and 21 took the young child and his mother, and came into the land of Israel. But when 22 he he heard that Archelaus was reigning over Judea in the room of his father Herod, he was afraid to go thither; and being warned of God in a dream, he withdrew into the parts of Galilee, and came 23 and dwelt in a city called 'Nazareth: that it might be fulfilled which was spoken 14by the prophets, that he should be called a Nazarene.*

should be called a Nazarene.*
And in those days cometh 3
*John the Bapilst, preaching
in the wilderness of Judea,
saying, Repent ye; for the 2
*Ringdom of heaven is at
hand. For this is he that was \$
\$poken of '4by Isaiah the
prophet, saying,

"The voice of one crying in
the wilderness.

*Make ye ready the way of the Lord,

Make his paths straight. Now John himself had his a fraiment of camel's hair, and a leathern girdle about his loins; and his food was clo-custs and wild honey. Then 5 went out unto him Jerusalem, and all Judæa, and all the re-gion round about Jordan: and they were baptized of him 6 in the river Jordan, confessing their sins. But when he saw many of the Pharisees and Sadducees coming Bto his baptism, he said unto them, Yo offspring of 'vipers, who warn-ed you to flee from the wrath to come? Bring forth there- & fore fruit worthy of 4repentance: and think not to say 9 within yourselves, 'We have Abraham to our father: for I say unto you, that God is able of these stones to raise up children unto Abraham. And even now is the axe laid 10 unto the root of the trees: "every tree therefore that

¹ Or, through. 3 Gr. magi, 3 Or, the time of the star that appeared. 4 Or, your repentance.

[&]quot;It will be a valuable, comprehensive, and easily intelligible aid."—WILLIAM M. VLOK, D.D., New York.

The margin is rich in wealthy things, and the whole work is worthy of its com prehensive design. I nominate it to a grand success.—J. O. PECK. D.D., Brooklyn, N.Y.

OMMENDATORY ETTERS

FROM EMINENT PERSONS TO WHOM OUR PLAN FOR THE "TEACHERS" EDITION OF THE REVISED NEW TESTAMENT" HAS BEEN SUBMITTED.

"I believe it will be a valuable comprehensive and easily intelligible aid to Sunday-school teachers in the preparation of their lessons in the New Testament. With all its attractive features of references in full, maps, tables, etc., your edition will be one of the most valuable, available to merely English readers."—WM. M. TAYLOR, New York City.

"Your edition of the Revised New Testament is admirably suited to teachers." – James McCosh, D.D., LL.D., Princeton, N. J.

"I do not see how it can fail of being only short of indispensable to every minister, teacher and Bible student. Its publication will guarantee its wide success."

—Geo. F. Pentecost, D.D., Brooklyn, N.Y.

"I do not see how it can fail to commend itself to every one who uses the Bible as the basis of religious teaching. Many of its features are imprevements over any other edition I have seen."—Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The book will be a treasure, not for teachers only, but for all learners. . . . They may find in the proposed volume (if they will diffigently use it) more help in the right understanding of the same ext than is given in many a voluminous commentary."—LEONARD BACON, D.D., LL.D., New Haven, Cf.

"The general plan is certainly admirable. You have packed the work with good things. It will meet a felt want among teachers and other students of the wondrous book. The margin is rich in wealthy things, and the whole work is worthy of its comprehensive design. I nominate it to a grand success,"—J. O. Pzck, D.D., Brocklyn, N. Y.

"The original features of this edition, combined with so many valuable helps, together with its laudable cheapness, ought to bring it within the desire, as well as the pecuniary means, of every Sunday-school teacher in the land."—Rev. R. P. Hibbard, Brook-

"It will be a very valuable aid to Sunday-school teachers, and of much interest to all interested in the study of the Bible."—Rev. A. E. DUNNING, Secretary Cong. Pub. Soc., Boston, Mass.

"It will be a very valuable addition to the books for Bible study."—Rev. GEO. A. HALL, State Secretary of Y. M. C. A. of New York.

"It seems to me to combine more excellence than I ever saw before in a similar book. It leaves very little to be desired. Your Teacher's Bible will very quickly become everybody's Bible."—Rev. A. H. Bradford, Montclair, N. 9.

"I particularly like the introduction into the margins of the special renderings of the American Committee and the printing of the text of the Feferences."

—Rev. Lewis Francis, Braoklyn, N. Y.

"I am greatly pleased with your Teachers' Testament. The design and execution are admirable. It is full. compact, clear and convenient. It must meet the redy sale it deserves."—Rev. J. S. RAMSAY, New York City.

"Nothing could be more timely; nothing could be more help'ul or stimulating to the study of God's Word. It is a Biblical cyclopædia bond up with the text."—Rev. D. C. HUGHES, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The plan merits the highest praise, needs no en-consum for its success, as it will commend itself to Ribbe students on sight. It might well have been called the Teachers 'Library' edition, for it is a Biblical library in itself."—J. B. Phirrs, Rattimere, Md.

80

46

of

ing

Cin

not She in

wil eto

Elit

and

the unfo

Dars for t

inte

spor

care place sion

Wor

Jm

scho

"Most invaluable." -- Rev. ALBERT G. LAWSON, Brook-

"It combines more distinct features of excellence than any other of which I know. It will deserve to be the 'Standard' working Testament."—Ggo. M. STONE, D.D., Hartford, Cl.

"No Biblical scholar can afford to be without it."Rev. Addison P. Foster, Jersey City, N. J.

Men. ADDISON F. EUSTER, JETSEY LITY, N. J.

"The work will be the most complete and serviceable one of the kind that h. s yet appeared, and will
prove a great convenience to teachers and intelligent
readers generally. Indeed, we know of no work of
equal comprehensiveness. It furnishes quite all the
help any one can desire for the study of the New Testament." "Christian at Work," New York City.

"Your Teachers' edition of the Retament will confer an invaluable boot of the New Testament Scriptures."—Ray AVID WIN-

"Just the thing for the times. All its features are admirable."-Rev. D. HEAGLE, Jerzeyville, Ill.

"A treasure, indeed! It will be a rare volume—Concordance, Commentary, Cyclopædia, comprehende do noe book, and blank leaves for such markings as individualize the familiar page, making it one's very own."—Mrs. MARIA O. MILLER (Faith Latimer), Louisville, Ky.

Lonieville, Ky.

"The general plan is comprehensive, thorough and of great practical helpfulness. I like the margins full and overflowing with suggestions and facts, and the new aspendix helps are superb. I hope all our Sunday-school teams will avail themselves of the invaluable assistance of your edition, which, so far, is the ket."—Re. JANES A. WORDEN, Secretary S. S. Work, Philadelphia, Pa.

"Capital!"—Rev. J. G. MERRILL, Dempenort, In.

"Capital!"—Rev. J. G. MERRILL, Dempenort, In.

"I am satisfied that your projected 'Teacher,' Edition of the Revised New Testament' will subserve the purpose it contemplates better than anything of its class which has come under my notice."—Rev. W. H. LUCKENBACH, Germantown, N. Y.

"An edition like that which you propose, with the accompanying helps, will be of great service, not only to Sunday-schoel teachers, but to all Bible students."—
Prof. G. L. WESTGATE, Middletonon, Ct.

"The plan is admirable, and the execution good—all that could be desired."—K.v. James G. Roberts, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The plan of the work cannot fail in commending itself to every teacher and Bible student. The full-face purctuation [at verse endings] will be a great convenience in class-work to those not accustomed to the use of a paragraph Bible, while the printing a length of the marginal references will prove little short of a necessity. It ought to have a wide circulation."—Rev. T. A. NEL-BOLKER, M. V. It ought to hav a wich son, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"What you propose to do is just what needs to be done. Until an edition such as you propose to issue comes to hand, the usefulness of the Revised New Testament will, to me, be greatly re-tricted."—J. STANFORD HOLME, D.D., New York City.

Read description of our "TEACHERS' EDITION of the Revised New Testament," with its numerous Helps to Bible study, before purchasing any other edition for permanent use.

Only short of indispensable to every Minister, Teacher and Bible Student... GEO. H. PENTECOST, D.D., Brooklyn.

caing white nas been done for the Authorized Version inherit every goaling whiten has been done for the Authorized Version from 1611 down."—S. S.

HELPS ON THE INTERNATIONAL S. S. LESSONS FOR 1882.

THE GOSPEL OF MARK.

FROM THE

"Teachers' Edition of the Revised New Testament."

This book will soon be ready in a special edition for Sunday-schools, and will be especially valuable, as the International Lessons for 1882 consist of a consecutive study of this Gospel during the whole year. Our edition will include all the features of the "Teachers' Elition": such as full-face punctuation to mark verse-endings, subject-headings at the tops of pages, and blank pages at the end for manuscript notes. It will have the marginal references trinled at length as

A Commentary on the Text in Bible Languages.

It will contain in the margins the "Readings and Renderings preferred by the American Cannillee" which are printed in the appendix of the English edition; also, the marginal notes and alternate rendings of the Oxford edition, printed as footnotes on each page.

Mark's Celebrated Bird's-Eye Map of Palestine,

Showing the hills, valleys, etc., and one or two other excellent maps, will be bound in this edition.

The List of Lessons for 1882, with the Golden Texts,

will be given; together with a Harmony of the Gospels, List of Miracles, Parables, etc., from the "Teachers' Edition of the Revised New Testament." Price, in manilla, 8vo, 15 cents; cloth, boards, 50 cents,

COMMENTARY ON MARK.

New, Vigorous, Practical.

A Critical, Exegetical and Homilet cal Treatment of the S. S. Lessons for 1882 for the use of Teachers, Pastors and Parents.

By Rev. D. C. HUGHES.

Bittor of the International Sunday-School Lesson Department of the "Preacher and Homilette Monthly."

The Aim of the Book.—This is threefold. (1) To furnish expositions that are terse and simple, accurate in scholarship, free from pedantry and plain in style. (2) To afford the S.-S. worker abundance of biographical, historical and geographical material for the the S.-S. worker abundance of biographical, historical and geographical as miracles, unfolding of each lesson, together with careful treatment of such topics as miracles, unfolding of each lesson, together with careful treatment of such topics as miracles, unfolding of each lesson, together with careful treatment of such topics as miracles, and other difficult Bible questions. (3) To furnish

unfolding of each lesson, together with careful treatment of such topics as miracles, parables, demoniacal possessions, and other difficult Bible questions. (3) To furnish for the family altar interesting reading on the S.-S. Lessons, and for the Pastor, Superintendent and Teacher one organized and practical form of the lessons.

The Method of the Book—(1) It is divided into forty-eight sections, corresponding with the forty-eight lessons of the International Series. (2) Each section is carefully analyzed, its words and phases critically explained, and its persons and places accurately described. (3) Errors are pointed out, and rendering of recent revisions indicated—thus adapting the work to the wants of all readers and students of the Word of God.

IT WILL

IT WILL IT WILL

IN YOUR TEACHING. IN YOUR PREACHING. IN YOUR STUDY.

The author's long practice in the Homiletical Method has enabled him to bring one old truths with surprising vigor. It is the work for the Family, the Sundavschools and the Pulpit.

YOU CANNOT DO WITHOUT IT, SEND FOR A COPY.

ST ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED BY

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 & 80 King St. East, Toronto, Ont. C. W. COATES, - 3 Bleury Street, Montreal, Que.

8. F. HUESTIS. - Halifax, Nova Scotia.

SUNDAY SCHOOL REQUISITES.

Cas

The

Lar

Car

Sal Sor Sor

Go

Go

NET PRICES.		
Anniversary Dialogues. Packages Nos. 1 and 2, each	2	0 58
Anniversary Speaker First and S. 4, and 5, each	-	0 48
Anniversary Gense. First and Second series, each First Reading Book for Sunday Schools. Paper, per dozen Second Reading Book. Per dozen.	(0 60
First Reading Rook for Canaland 1	1	0 60
Second Reading Book Per dozen. Kirton's Standard Temperance Reciter. Boards. Kirton's Standard Sunday School Reciter. Boards	9	0 65
Airton's Standard Tempovanes Design	1	95
Kirton's Standard Sunday School Reciter. Boards	1	30
Kirton's Standard Band of Hope Reciter. Boards. Librarian's Account Book Boards.	ò	35
Librarian's Account Book Secretary's Minute Book	0	50
S. S. Record a new Garage 1 D :		50
S. S. Record—a new Secretary's Book S. S. Reciter. Cloth	1	25
S. S. Speaker Cloth	0	35
Sunday School Anniversary Book		35
Sunday School Celebration Book Sunday School Class Book. Per dozen		60
Sunday School Class Book. Per dozen. Sunday School Class Book. Navy decime St.		60 75
Sunday School Class Book. New design. So arranged that the names need	V	10
	1	50
Sunday School Register S. S. Anniversary Exercise. Each		50
S. S. Anniversary Exercise. Each	0	05
~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	60
Methodist Catechism. No. 1, per dozen		
Methodist Catechism. No. 1, per dozen	0	25
Methodist Catechism. No. 2, per dozen Methodist Catechism. No. 3, per dozen	0	
		75
2, 2, and 5, bound in 1 vol	0	25
REWARD CARDS, TICKETS, AND BOOKS.		
Sunday School Reward Tickets. Per gross. Sunday School Reward Cards. Per gross.	0 1	21
Sunday School Reward Books In package, from 15c each		
6 books. Varying in size, according to number in package. Illustrated. Per package.		
trated. Per package		
	0 3	
THE TEN COMMANDMENTS.) 1	.5
In large print, which can be read at a little of the state of the stat		
In large print, which can be read at a distance of thirty feet. Mounted on cloth and varnished with ring and roller, all ready for hanging up,		
34 by 21 inches	_	
Per mail, pre-paid Unmounted	0	
	0	
THE LORD'S PRAVED	0	10
In large print, similar to the Ton Comment		
Per mail, pre-paid	0	
Unmounted	0	
MADQ	0	10
New Map of Bible History containing Township		
Route of the Israelites from Egypt to Canaan. Ancient Jerusalem		
Macedonia, &c. Bible Lands and parts of the Ancient World. Canaan,		

the Holy Lan by four feet s	even inc	hes in	size	, mo	unted or	n cotto	n. wi	th r	ings	. ro	ller.		
&c. Price Atlas of Scripture C								••••				\$4	00
Atlas of Scripture C	deograph	y, cor	ntain	ning	16 map	s, with	que	stic	ns	on e	each		
map. Price . Case's Bible Atlas, 1	naadad i	n atna	luine	· +ho	9 9	Connon		••••	•••••	•••••	••••		30 00
Dase's Divie Atlas, 1	needed 1	n stud	tym	g the	D. D	Lesson	8	• • • • •	•••••	••••	•••••	1	00
INFA	ANT CI	ASS	PIC	TU.	RE OB	JECT	LES	SO	NS.				
The Leaf Cluster.	Quarterl	v. I	eave	es. es	ch 33 b	v 46 in	nches	in	size.	Т	llus-		
trated in col	ours. I	Bold.	beau	tiful	type.	Print	ed o	n s	pood	na	per.		
trated in col- Price, per yes	ar, \$4.40	; per	qua	rter,	\$1.10.	Will	serve	8	class	of	anv		
size for a yea	r. May	be r	rofit	tably	used i	n miss	ion s	cho	ols.	and	for		
general review													
have a copy.													
Large Bible Pictures	s. Beau	tifully	y col	oure	d. Per	dozen	••••					3	00
	SABBA	TH	BUE	100	T. MITS	TO D	2017	a					
	SADDE		Per		L MUS	IC D	AOO	ιο.			Each	Per	des
S. S. Wave, board	covers \$				White	Robes.	boar	d co	over	8 S			60
S. S. Organ	"	0 50	**	00	The Hy			"			50		60
S. S. Harmonium	"	0 35	-	00	Brighte	st and	Rest	66			35		80
S. S. Harp	"	0 40		00	The Ne			"			50	_	40
Good as Gold	66	0 35		00	Winner	Wed H	vmns				30		60
Gem of Gems	"	0 35		60	Crown	of Life	ymm	"			35		60
Heart and Voice	"	0 35		60	New J	v Bell	la	"			35		60
Toy and Gladness	**	0 35		60	Songs a	nd Sol	OB	Par	ner		30		00
Welcome Tidings	"	0 35		60	Shinini						20		80
Wreath of Praise	66	0 35		60	Songs a) 45		80
Songs of Salvation	"	0 35		60	Songso								00
Jasper and Gold	**	0 35		60	Songso	Love	& Ma	roy.	Clo	th	1 45	4	80
The Crown	"	0 35		60	Gospel						9 40	*	00
Gospel Hymns, No. 4	hoarda			60		8					0 30	2	50
Gospel Hymns Com	hined (1	2 %	3 in	onf	rol /	Panon	00770	. 60	ota		0 30	3	01
boards 70 cents, c	loth 80	cents.	clot	h ex	tra.	Laper	cove	. 00	Cus	.,	1 00	10	0
bourds to comis, c	ioui oo	ocaros,	0100	. 02	,				••••		. 00	10	0
	TEM	IPER	AN	CE	MUSIC	BOO	KS.						
Temperance Jewels,										\$0	35	\$3	60
Canadian Musical F	ountain,				•••		• • • •		•••	0	35	3	60
	COM	PANI	ON	. OI	R WOR	DS O	NLY						
Sabbath-school Way										0	15	1	2
Sabbath-school Orga			••	***				•••			15		7
Sabbath-school Harr			"						•••	0			2
Songs and Solos. E								•••			05		6
Songs and Solos. E	nlarged	Clo	th.				•••				10		9
Sangs of Love and	Mercy	Par	er.					•••		-	05		6
Songs of Love and Songs of Love and	Mercy	Clo	th.							-	10		9
Gospel Hymns and Gospel Hymns and	Sacred S	onog	, P	aper							05		4
cooper reliming and	WHOLE OUR K	- rigo	-	-bor	***		***						_
Gospel Hymns and	Sacred S	onge	(1	loth						0	07		6

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 & 80 King Street East, "TORON"

A Boon to Sunday-schools.

EILERS' INTERNATIONAL SABBATH-SCHOOL RECORD

The simplest, most complete, concise, and accurate Sabbath-school Record published.

The use of this Record will be the means of stimulating attendance and collections, at the same time promote discipline and good order.

It contains new features never before put in any Sabbath-school Record, which will save much valuable time and labour.

The tables for noting the collections, attendance of officers, teachers, and scholars are arranged according to quarters, to correspond to the International S. S. Lessons.

The system is so simple that when the book lies open it shows at a glance, for the entire quarter, the following-

ENTRIES FOR EVERY SABBATH.

The number of officers and teachers present. The number of scholars present, The number of visitors present.

The amount collected in each class. The total amount collected in the school.

ENTRIES FOR THE QUARTER.

The number of times present and absent of | officers and teachers.

The average attendance of officers and teachers. The average attendance of scholars. The amount collected by each class.

Number converted, joined church, etc. In making up his quarterly report the Secre-

tary need not refer to different parts of his book tary nects who teres to different parts of his book to add up, subtract, multiply, and spend much time in making up a report. By using Eilers' International Sunday-school Record his quarterly report is made up for him at the end of the quarterly and the hear or him as the end of the quarterly and the hear or him as the end of the quarterly and the hear or him as the end of the quarterly and the hear or him as the end of the quarterly and the hear or him as the end of the quarterly and the hear or him as the end of the quarterly and ter, and he has only to read it off.

Ohr

mist.

of]

pria proj

celle

Arc

then

and

Roll o Certifi

Oards

78 €

Minutes for every Sunday, which need only to be filled out.

Attendance of officers, teachers, scholars, and

Regular and special collections. Account of periodicals taken. Expense of school. Cash account.

Register of officers and teachers.

Register of scholars, in alphabetical order. Names of scholars converted and joined the Church.

Quarterly and annual reports. Minutes of special meetings. Constitution and by-laws.

Printed on good, tough paper, elegantly and durably bound in cloth.

Size of page, 71 by 9 inches.

REV. J. H. VINCENT, D.D.—"I am very much pleased with it. The plan of the book seems very complete, and I have no doubt in the hands of a live Secretary will be a success.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.—"We do not hesitate to say it is the best Sunday-school Record we have ever seen. It can be easily kept. The condition of the school is seen at a glance, whether for one Sunday or the entire quarter. We are confident it will find favour wherever used. The mechanical execution of the book is good."

SUNDAY-SCHOOL JOURNAL —"Simple, complete, and accurate A blank book excellently planned, and well fitted for the use of Sunday-school Secretaries who desire to be systematic." "The most complete book for the purpose we have ever seen. So useful and cheap every Sunday-

PRICE—SUITABLE FOR A SCHOOL OF TWENTY CLASSES, \$1 00. Sent pre-paid on receipt of price.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King Street East, Toronto. Or, Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., & Halifax, N.S.

TO SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS.

THE WORLD'S HOPE.

A New Series of

ELEGANT SUNDAY SCHOOL REQUISITES,

COMPRISING :

Roll of Honour, 20 x 22 inches, and containing spaces for seventy-five names.

Certificate of Enrolment, 14 x 18

A Card of Welcome, an elegant Steel Engraving.

In this series the fact that the Bible, the Church, the Sunday School, and the Ohristian Press are The World's Hope, is expressed in a most unique design, consisting of twelve beautiful vignettes, grouped artistically around a striking likeness of Robert Raikes, and illustrating the first century of Sunday Schools. For appro priateness, elegance, and cheapness, the entire series has never been equalled. Their proper use cannot fail to add largely to every interest of the Sunday School.

The Sunday Congress, held at Youngstown, Ohio, December 11 to 14, 1880, unanimously adopted the following report, signed by Rev. C. N. Sims, D.D., Chancellor of Syracuse University; Lewis Miller, Esq., of Akron, Ohio; and Rev. F. A. Archibald, of Cleveland, Ohio.

We have carefully examined these publications, and heartily recommend them as possessing the following merits:

1. They are appropriately designed.
2. They are beautifully executed.
3. They are admirably adapted to the purpose for which they are intended.
4. They are inexpensive.

The following endorsement speaks for itself: "I commend this new, artistic. and practical device for winning, retaining, and improving our Sunday School pupils. "Youngstown, December 14, 1880. "J. H. VINCENT.

LIST OF PRICES.

Oards of Welcome Do.	100 copies 10 '' 10 '' 25 ''	. 25 00	Roll of Honour 1 copy 0 Certificate of Enrolment 75 copies 9 Cards of Welcome 100 copies	25 75 00
Do		3 00	Sample Set, prepaid by mail	00 50

WILLIAM BRIGGS.

78 and 80 King Street East. Toronto, Canada; OR. METHODIST BOOK ROOMS, MONTREAL, P.Q., & HALIFAX N.S.

LIFE OF RICHARD COBDEN,

By J. MORLEY.

Octavo, Cloth. 640 Pages, with Portrait. Price, \$3 50.

THE subject of this memoir is the great English Liberal, statesman, and orator, the champion of Free Trade, and one of the most prominent agitators for the repeal of the Corn Laws. He and John Bright have been life-long friends, and his history, like Bright's, is very much the history of the English politics of this century. "To John Bright these memories of his close comrade in the cause of wise, just, and sedate government," the book is inscribed by Mr. Morley, who will be remembered as the author of several successful biographical works, and editor of the "English Men of Letters' series." The material for this biography was supplied by Mr. Cobden's many friends and correspondence.

"The main facts and their relations are brought out well, and, of course, there is included an immense amount of contemporary history, and of information about English and Continental politics and statesmen. No just conception of English history during the past half-century can be gained without the study of such a work as this. We have not read in many months a more candid, instructive, and also entertaining biography."—Boston Congregationalist.

Mailed, Post-free, on receipt of Price

LIFE AND SPEECHES OF JOHN BRIGHT.

By G. BARNETT SMITH.

1 Volume, Crown. 2 Steel Portraits. 708 Pages. Price \$2.75.

THE LONDON POST says: "The author has prepared his task with praiseworthy assiduity scholarly taste, and commendable impartiality."

LONDON CHRONICLE—"Mr. Smith has evidently bestowed unsparing labour upon the requisite researches, and in addition has enjoyed exceptional facilities for acquiring special information that could only come from the right hon. gentlemen himself, or his family. A lively narrative style has been maintained throughout."

EDINBURGH SCOTSMAN—"Mr. Smith has furnished a magnificent testimony to Mr. Bright's genius and statesmanship. It would not be easy to devise a better plan for presenting within resonable limits a clear and detailed view of the part Mr. Bright has actually taken in public

JUST READY two new volumes of the Series

HEROES OF CHRISTIAN HISTORY.

THOMAS CHALMERS, D.D. By Donald Fraser.

ROBERT HALL, D.D. By E. Paxton Hood.

By Charles Stamford, D.D.

is co and t

In

The

ever i

identi which

is ind

Or

VOLUMES PREVIOUSLY ASSUED.

WM. WILBERFORCE.

By John Stoughton, D.D.

PHILIP DODDRIDGE,

HENRY MARTYN.

By Charles D. Bell, D.D.

In 12mo volumes. Price 75 cents each. Sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price. AGENTS WANTED TO SELL EACH OF THE ABOVE BOOKS.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King Street, East, Toronto. Or, at Methodist Book Rooms, MONTREAL, P.Q., and HALIFAX, N.S.

Hymns for S. S. Lessons, 1882.

HYMN SERVICE No. 3,

By LOWRY and DOANE.

A useful collection of Songs for Sunday-schools, while the Hymns are adapted for the

INTERNATIONAL S. S. LESSONS OF 1882.

They will be found very desirable for all Sunday-school Services.

PRICE \$1.20 PER DOZEN. 15 CENTS EACH BY MAIL

BLACKBOARDS FOR SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

LAPILINUM, or Prepared Blackboard Cloth, 46 inches wide, and any length desired.

PRIOR \$2 00 NET PER VARD.

Recommended and used by "Crafts" and all the leading Blackboardists. SAMPLE FREE.

Arrows in the Heart of the King's Enemies;

Or, Atheistic errors of the day Refuted, and the Doctrine of a Personal God Vindicated BY THE REV. ALEX. McLEOD. D.D.,

At one time Editor of the Wesleyan, Halifax, N. S., now a minister of the M. E. Church, Baltimore, Md., U.S. ## 12mo., cloth; 128 pages; 45 cents.

"This class of books has rapidly multiplied in the past few years, and will continue till the victory is completed over all forms of Infidelity and Atheism. Dr. McLeod understands his antagonists and their devices, and knows how to meet their fallacies with the plain truths of the Word. This little volume will do good wherever circulated."—Richmond Advocate, Va.

IN MAGNITUDE, ACCURACY, AND CONVENIENCE, NO WORK EQUALS THE

Cyclopædia of Quotations.

WITH FULL CONCORDANCE AND OTHER INDEXES,

By J. K. HOYT and ANNA L. WARD.

Octavo, 900 pages, cloth, \$5.00; sheep, \$6,50.

In scope, variety, accuracy, and convenience, it is beyond comparison the best work of the kind ever issued. It contains every desirable quotation to be found in other books of the kind, and besides, thousands of quotations not heretofore collected.

The accuracy of all the quotations has been carefully verified; the authorship of each has been identified and the place where to be found indicated. The arrangement embraces many new features which will make at once accessible every one of 17,000 QUOTATIONS. As a book of reference it is indispensable to all readers.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King St. East, Toronto; Or Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., & Halifax, N.S.

A Summer in Prairie Land. OR, NOTES OF A TOUR

THROUGH THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORY.

By the REV. ALEX. SUTHERLAND, D.D.

This is the book for all who are going, or thinking of going, to our great North-West. Its information is accurate, its descriptions are graphic, it is a live book.

Illustrated. 12mo. Paper, 40 cents; Cloth, 70 cents.

to the Revised Version

TESTAMENT.

Explaining the reasons for the changes made in the Authorized Version.

By ALEXANDER ROBERTS, D.D.

Professor of Humanity, St. Andrew's, and Member of the English Revision Committee.

With Explanations of the Appendix to the Revised Version of the New Testament,

Which contains the changes suggested by the American Committee, but which were not assented to by the English Committee. By a Member of the American Committee of Revision, who is well acquainted with all the facts, having been connected with the work from the beginning. BOTH COMBINED IN ONE BOOK.

This book of ours is fuller than the English work, which lacks the portion supplied by the members of the American Revision Committee.

This Authorized and Copyright Edition we are publishing through an exclusive

arrangement with the English and American publishers.

Dr. Chambers, of New York, says of this book :- "Many persons have expressed a desire, that simultaneously with the issue of the Revised New Testament there should appear an authentic explanation of the reasons for such changes as will be found in its pages. The work of Dr. Roberts is exactly fitted to meet this desire. Under the heads of Alterations due to a Revised Text, and those due to a New Translation, the learned author furnishes a clear and perspicuous statement, which will give to the English reader all the light on the subject which the case admits.

Prices-Paper Cover, 30 cents; Cloth Cover, 65 cents,

CAUTION.

We hereby caution any person or persons importing United States Editions that they will be liable to the penalty of the law for infringment of Copyright.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King Street East, Toronto; Or Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., & Halifax, N.S. give aetic

even the p subje

of hi forms PRIC

Add

SIZ

and en what nected

has a any gi is no travel well a

out th

Or,

"This History is a Mine of Information

DR. RYERSON'S CREAT WORK-

Loyalists of

"It should become a household book in Canada; and I can well imagine the polyce to those who are able through the work, as you have been in its composition, coll Right actions and live again in sympathy with the thoughts of heroic ancestors."—Lord Lo fisch actions and live again in sympathy with the thoughts of heroic ancestors."—Lord Lo fisch action actions and live again in sympathy with the thoughts of heroic ancestors."—Lord Lo fisch action action "The book is one which should be read throughout the length and breadth of Canada, and even across the sea it should, and, doubtless, will find a place."—Spectator.

"Dr. Ryerson's volumes are full of facts. No labor has been spared, and they will repay the perusal of persons seeking trustworthy details on the subject."—London Times (England.)

"He has performed his task with great thoroughness, inspired by a deep interest in his subject."—Toronto Mail.

"It is admirably written, thoroughly systematized, and clear and concise."—Hamilton Evening Times.

"This is, without exception, the most important and elaborate historical work which has yet issued from the Canadian press."—Evangelical Churchman.

issued from the Canadian press."—Evangelical Churchman.

'They will prove a mine of wealth to teachers and others "—Canada School Journal.

'It is a treasure-house of knowledge, and should have a place in the library of every student of history."—St. John, N.B., Evening Telegraph.

'It fitly crowns a career of unusual intellectual activity with a standard history of the formation period of Anglo-American civilization."—Christian Guardian.

PRICES:—Containing a beautiful steel engraved portrait of the author, in extra English cloth, lettered and embossed in gold and black, bevelled edges. Two volumes, \$5 00. In half moreoco, extra marbled edges lettered in gold. Two volumes \$7 00. morocco, extra, marbled edges, lettered in gold. Two volumes, \$7.00.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY IN THE DOMINION.

Address WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King Street East, Toronto

THE TRAVELS OF JESUS

Map of Palestine,

BY REV. A. P. STOUT.

SIZE .- Thirty-four inches long, twenty-two and a-half inches wide. MOUNTED ON HEAVY MUSLIN WITH ROLLERS, READY FOR HANGING.

Different lines, each numbered, represent the Travels of Jesus, beginning with His birth and ending with His ascension.

With this Map the superintendent or teacher can easily show the routes our Saviour took, what cities He passed through, the distance travelled, and many other points of great interest connected with His wonderful history.

This Map also shows the time and the place where different miracles were performed. It also has a CHRONOLOGICAL CHART, by which one can tell to which point Jesus went, from any given point, and from which point he came. This alone is worth the price of the Map. There is no other map which gives such a CHRONOLOGICAL AND CONNECTED HISTORY of the travels, sufferings, and physical toils of the "Man of Sorrows," as this: hence no other Map is so well adapted to aid the study of the Bible.

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL LESSONS.—No Sabbath-school or teacher can afford to be without this Map, which gives so clear and correct a view of the doings and journeyings of the Lord.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King St. East, Toronto; Or, Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., & Halifax, N.S.

*WHEDON'S COMMENTARY.

OR, NOTES

Already Issued.

TF

OLD TESTAMENT.

Price \$2.25 per volume.

JOSHUA to II. SAMUEL. By the -KINGS to ESTHER. -PSALMS.

-JOB, PROVERBS, ECCLESIASTES, and SOLOMON'S SONG. NEW

This is the information is:

TESTAMENT. Price \$1.50 per volume.

-MATTHEW and MARK. -LUKE and JOHN.

III.—ACTS and ROMANS.

IV .- I. CORINTHIANS to II TIMOTHY.

V .- TITUS to REVELATION.

All the above are strongly bound in cloth.

"For ready, handy, tersely-expressed and happily-chosen exposition, no moderately priced Commentary we have met with can be compared with the Biblical Museum.

THE BIBLICAL MUSEUM.

By James Comper Gray.

OLD TESTAMENT DIVISION.

Price, per vol.: cloth, \$1.25; Roxburgh binding, \$1.50. Volume I. Genesis and Exodus.

Volume II. Leviticus, Numbers, and Deut, Volume III. Joshua to Samuel.

Volume IV. Kings and Chronicles. Volume V. Ezra to Job.

Vol. VI. Psalms.

Vol. VII. Proverbs to Songs of Solomon. Vol. VIII. Isaiah.

Vol. IX. Jeremiah to Ezekiel. Vol. X. Minor Prophets and Index.

NEW TESTAMENT DIVISION. Price, per vol.: cloth, \$1.25; Rozburgh binding, \$1.85.

Volume I. Matthew and Mark.

Volume II. Luke and John.

Volume III. Acts and Romans.

Volume IV. Corinthians to Philemon. Volume V. Hebrews to Revelation.

SOLD SEPARATELY OR IN SETS.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King St. East, Toronto-Or, Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., & Halifax, N.S.



Pictures. Lord's Prayer. 10
Commandments and Bestitudes
combined. Rieganty illustrated; is colors,
combined. Solid illustrated; is colors,
solid illustrated; is colors,
work. Sample 25 cs. (sells for 50 cs.) the
work. Sample 25 cs. (sells for 50 cs.), colors
and terms. Agent 50, 37 Fees Fees, dewYork

EUROPE FIFTH SEASON.
The most enjoyable and economical excursions ever planmed.
All Travel and Hotels Bratelass. COMPANY SELECT. Send for circular. E. TOURGEE,
MUSIC HALL, BOSTON, MASS.

CAXTONPRINTING Co., Northford, Con.

Ali Chromos, elegant designs, Bouquet, Goodluck, &a., name on, in case, 10c. E. H. Pardee, Fair Haven, Ct.

REWARD CARDS for the Sunday school chil-cards, or 30 Scripture Text Cards, for 13c. We have a large variety of these. CLINTON BROS. & CO., 2018tonville, Conn.

POLYPTICON casts upon the wall, enlarged to 6 graph, &c., in all their colors. Entertaining to card-collectors, and their colors. Entertaining to card-collectors, and line for Sunday-school exhibitions. Prepaid, 9.2.6, with 50 pictures. Send 3c. stamp for descriptive circular. MONUMENTAL NOVELTY CO., Baltimore, Md.



NE Under

Piano and u Rarest Music tal, in ENGL the larg

\$15 pe amount single to Grad diploma fessors Institut



NEW SCHOOL FOR VIOLIN

Under the most Eminent Professors and Artists. NEW SCHOOL Tuning & Repairing

Pianos and Organs. Experienced teachers And unequaled opportunities for practice.
Rarest opportunities for securing a Thorough
Musical Education. Vocal and Instrumental, in all its branches at the

ENGLAND Conservatory of Music

the largest Music School in the World. Tuition, \$15 per quarter, with collateral advantages amounting to 125 hours musical instruction in a single term.

Graduates from this institution receive a diploma, and are in constant demand for Professors and Teachers in Musical and Literary Institutions. New Calendar sent free.

E. TOURJEE, MUSIC HALL, Boston, Mass.

MPLE Cards, (No 2 like) bandomics Voltage of the Cores Cards, Meas-rose bads, 70 ALL new let Chremo Cards, Meas-rose bads, 70 ALL new rested designate threat flower of 50 All Segment Chremoted designate when the core of the Cores Cards of the Cards of

AND GRAZING LANDS ARE FOUND ON

THE Northern Pacific R.R.

IN MINNESOTA DAKOTA AND MON'

BIG CROP AGAIN IN 1881

LOW PRICES; LONG TIME: REBATE FOR IMPROVE-MENT; REDUCED FARE AND FREIGHT TO SETTLERS. FOR FULL INFORMATION, ADDRESS

R. M. NEWPORT, GEN. LAND AGT. ST. PAUL, MINN.



DIAMOND

Dyes ever made. On package will color me ever sold. 24 populario or fancy article.

PICTORIAL FAMILY BIBLE

MEASURA TO THE AST

Is acknowledged by ministers, Bible students, the best judges, the ablest critics, and the most successful canvassers, to be superior in the following important features to any Bible published:—

Beautiful white paper—stronger and more durably bound in handsome and attractive styles more profuselysillustrated with magnificently executed engravings and embellishments—thorough excellence in manufacture at lowest prices—more recent and instructive features and Bible aids more maps, more illustrations, tables, aids, aid helps than any other Bible.

AGENTS should bear in mind that the above-named points insure quick sales, and give entire satisfaction to their subscribers.

Contains 2,000 Illustrations, also Old and Revised Versions of the New Testament. AGENTS WANTED. Send for circulars.

"Another book of Travels, and a meritorious one."-N. Y. CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

TOWARD THE SUNRISE.

BEING SKETCHES OF TRAVEL IN EUROPE AND THE EAST

With a Memorial Sketch of the Rev. William Morley Punshon, LL.D

472 pages, with numerous illustrations. Price, \$1.25.
Elegantly bound in extra English cloth, with black and gold stamping on side and back.

By the REV. HUGH JOHNSTON, M.A., B.D.

At the request of many friends, Mr. Johnston has been induced to greatly enlarge the admirable Letters of Travel with which the readers of the Guardian were greatly delighted during the early part of this year. And he has added a more full and adequate memorial of Dr. Punshon than any which has elsewhere appeared.

**** AGENTS WANTED.

"Books of travel by Canadians are now becoming plentiful, but none that have come under our notice are more pleasing and modest in style and graphic in delineation of sights in the Old World than this. Altogether it is a charming book, and just the kind to place in the hands of the young, as the sketches it contains are entirely free from those blemishes which too often mar the stories of modern travellers. The Memorial of Rev. Dr. Punshon is just what we would expect from a warm admirer and personal friend of that great preacher. It is admirably written, and shows a fine appreciation of Dr. Punshon's life, work, and character."—Ottawo Free Press.

LEGENDS and TALES of the HARZ MOUNTAINS

BY MRS. A. W. LAUDER,

Author of "Evergreen Leaves."

"The accomplished authoress has entered with a keen sympathy into the spirit of these stories, which she recounts with much poetic grace and skill. We feel a patriotic pride that a Canadian and Toronto lady (the author is the wife of A. W. Lauder, Esq., M.P., of this city) has added another valuable contribution to Canadian literature. It will afford charming reading for the holidays."—Methodist Magazine.

12mo. Handsomely bound in cloth, \$1.50.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, 78 and 80 King St. East, Toronto;

Or, Methodist Book Rooms, Montreal, P.Q., & Halifax, N.S.