Technical and Bibiiographic Notes/Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.

## - Coloured covers/

- Couverture de couleur
- Covers damaged/

Couverture endommagée

- Covers restored and/or laminated/Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée
- Cover title missing/
- Le titre de couverture manque
- Coloured maps/
$\square$ Cartes géographiques en couleurColoured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleurBound with other material/
Relié avec d'autres documents

Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/
La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distortion le long de la marge intérieure

Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/
Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte. mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.

- Coloured pages/
_- Pages de couleur
- Pages damaged/
_- Pages endommagées
- Pages restored and/or laminated/
_- Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
$\checkmark$
Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
Pages detached/
- Pages détachées

Showthrough/
Transparence

- Quality of print varies/
- Qualité inégale de l'impression
$\square$ Includes supplementary material/
- Comprend du matériel supplémentaire
- Only edition available/

ــــSeule édition disponible

Pages wholly or partially obscured by errata slips, tissues, etc., have been refilmed to ensure the best possible image/ Les pages totalement ou partiellement obscurcies par un feuillet d'errata, une pelure, etc., ont été filmées à nouveau de fac̣on à obtenir la meilleure image possible.

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/
Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.



TIIE

## CLOCKMAKER;

OR

THE SAYINGS AND DOINGS
of

SAMCELSLICK,
of slickville.
——Garrit aniles
ex re fabellas-Horace.
Thie cheerfil sage, when solemn dirtates fail, Conceals the moral counsel in a tale.

HALIFAX, N. S.
1836.
i

## ADVERTISEMENT.

The following Sketches, as far as the twentyfirst No. originally appeared in "The Novasco tian" newspaper. The great popularity they acquired, induced the Editor of that paper to apply to the Author for the remaining part of the series, and permission to publish the whole entire. This request having been acceded to, the Editor has now the pleasure of laying them before the public in their present shape.

Halifax, December, 1836.

受
$\therefore 3 \cdot$
$\cdots$


ットリー・

## CONTENTS.

Page
Slick's Letter, ..... 1
No. 1. The Trotting Horse, ..... 5
2. The Clockmaker, ..... 10
3. The Silent Girls, ..... 15
4. Conversations at the River Philip, ..... 19
5. Justice Pettifog, ..... 23
6. Anecdotes, ..... 27
7. Go Ahead, ..... 31
8. The Preacher that wandered from his Text, ..... 36
9. Yankee Eating and Horse feeding, ..... 43
10. The Road to a Woman's Heart - The Broken Heart ..... 49
11. Cumberland Oysters produce melancholy forebodings ..... 55
12. The American Eagle, ..... 62
13. The Clockmaker's Opinion of Halifax, ..... 70
14. Sayings and Doings in Cumberland, ..... 78
15. The Dancing Master Abroad, ..... 83
16. Mr. Slick's Opinion of the British, ..... 91
17. A Yankee Handle for a Halifax Blade, ..... 98
Page
No. 18. The Grahamite and the Irish Pilot, ..... 106
19. The Clockmaker quilts a Blue Nose, ..... 114
20. Sister Sall's Courtship, ..... 120
21. Setting up for Governor, ..... 127
22. A Cure for Conceit, ..... 137
23. The Blowin Time, ..... 144
24. Father John O'Shaughnessy, ..... 152
25. Taming a Shrew, ..... 160
26. The Minister's Horn Mug, ..... 166
27. The White Nigger, ..... 175
28. Fire in the Dairy, ..... 181
29. A Body without a Head, ..... 198
30. A Tale of Bunker's Hill, ..... 194
31. Gulling a Blue Nose, ..... 200
32. Too many Irons in the Fire, ..... 207
33. Windsor and the Far West, ..... 216

## SLICEO LETTER.

[After these Sketches had gone through the press, and were ready for the binder, we sent Mr. Slick a copy; and shortly afterwards received from him the following letter, which characteristic commonicution we give entire-DDitor.]

To Mr. Howe,
Sir.-I reccived your letter, and mote itsichetents I aint over halí pleased, I tell you ; I think I bave bieen used scandalous, that's a fact. It warn't the pairt of a gentlemen for to go and pump me arter that fashien and then go right off and blart it out in print. It vas a nasty dirty mean action, and I don't thenk yout nor the Squire a bit for it. It will be morecpor a thousard dollars out of my pocket. There's an eend to the Clock trade now, and a pretty kettle of fish Ive made卷it, hav'nt 1 ? I shall never hear the last on it, and What am I to say when I go back to the States? I'H take my oath I never said one half the stuff he has set down there; and as for that long lochrum about Mre Everett, and the Hon. Alden Gobble, and Migister, there aint a word of truth in it from beginnin to eend.

## 2

 SLICK'S LETAER.If ever I come near hand to hime rin, ril larn himbut never mind, I sa: nothia. Now there's gae thing I don't cleveriy understand. If this here book is my "Sayins and Doins," how comes it yourn or the Squiie's either? If my thoughts and notions are my own, how can they be any other folks's: According to my idee you have no more right to take them, than you have to take my clocks without payin for 'em. A man that would be guilty of such an action is no gentleman, that's flat, and if you don't like it, you may lump it-for I don't valy him nor you, neither, nor are a blue nose that ever stept in shoe leather the matter of a pin's head. I don't know as ever I felt so ugly afore since I was raised; why didu't he put his name to it, as well as mine? When an article han't the maker's name and factory on it, it shows its a cheat, and he's ashamed to own it. If I'm to have the name I'll have the game, or I'll know the cause why, that's a fact? Now folks say you are a considerable of a candid man, and right up and down in your dealins, and do things above board, handsum-at least so I've hearn tell. That's what I like; I love to deal with such folks. Now spose you make me an offer? Youlit find me not very difficult to trade with, and I don's know but I might put off more than half of the books myself, tu. I'll tell you how I'd work it. I'd say, "Here's a book they've namesaked arter me, Sam Slick the Clockmaker, but it tante mine, and I can't

SLIC: S LETTER.
altogether jist say rigitity whose it is. Some say it's the General's, and some say its the Bisiop's, and some say its Howe himself: but I aint availed who it is. Its a wise child that knows its own father. It wipes up the blue noses considerable hard, and don't let off the Yankees so very easy neither, but it's generally allowed to be about thie prettiest book ever writ in this country ; and although it aint altogether jist gospel what's in it, there's some pretty home truths in it, that's a fact. Whoever wrote it must be a funny feller, too, that's sartin ; for there are some queer stories in it that no soul could help larfin at, that's a fact. Its about the wittiest book I ever seed. Its nearly all sold off, but jist a few copies I've kept for my old customers. The price is just 5 s . 6d. but I'll let you have it for 5 s . because you'll not get another chance to have one." Always ax a sixpence more than the price, and then bate it, and when blue nose hears that, he thinks he's got a bargain, and bites directly. I never see one on 'em yet that didn't fall right into the trap.

Yes, make me an offer, and you and I will trade, I think. But fair play's a jewel, and I must say I feel ryled and kinder sore. I han't been used handsum atween you two, and it don't seem to me that I had ought to be made a fool on in that book, arter that fashion, for folks to laugh at, and then be sheered out of the spec. If I am, somebody had better look eut for squalls, I tell you. I'm as easy as an old glove;but
a glove aint an old shoe to be trod on, and I think a certain person will find that out afore he is six months older, or else I'm mistakened, that's all. Hopin to hear from you soon, I remain yours to command,

SAMUEL SLICK.
Pugnose's Inn, River Plilip, Dec. 25, 1830.
P.S. I see in the last page it is writ, that the Scquire is to take another journey round the Shore, and back to Halifax with me next Spring. Well, I did agree with him, to drive him round the coast, but dont you miad-we'll understand each other, I guess, afore we start. I concait he'll rise considerable airly in the mornin, afore he catches me asleep agin. I'll be wide awake for him next hitch, that's a fact. I'd a ginn a thousand dollars if he had only used Cainpbell's name instiead of mine ; for he was a most an almighty viiliain, and cheated a proper raft of folks, and then shipped himself off to Botany Bay, for fear folks would trạsport him there ; you couldnt rub out Slick, and put in Campbell, could you? that's a good feller; if you would Id make it worth your while, you may depend.

## THECLOCKMAKER .

No. 1.

## The Trotting Horse.

I was always well mounted; I am fond of a horse, and always piqued myself on having the fastest trotter in the Province. I have made no great progress in the world, I feel doubly, therefore, the pleasure of net being surpassed on the read. I never feel so well of so cheerful as on horseback, for there is something exbilirating in quick motion ; and, old as I am, I feel a pleasure in making any person whom I meet on the way put his horse to the full gallop, to keep pace whil my trotter. Poor Ethiope! you recollect hims how. he was wont to lay back his ears on his arched necky and push awoy from all competition. He is:donst peor fellow! the epavin spoiled his speed, and the now roams at large upon 'my farm at Truro' Monnwls never failed me till this summer. I pride myself; (you may laugh at such childish weakness in a man of my age, ) but still, I pride myself in taking the conceit out of coxeombs I meet on the road, and on the ease with which I can leave a fool behind, whose nonsence digturbs my solitary musings. On my last journey to Fort Lawrence, as the beautiful view of Colohentor had
just opened upon me, and as I was contemplating its richness and exquisite scenery, a tall thin man, with hollow cheeks and bright twinkling black eyes, on a good bay horse, somewhat out of condition, overtook me ; and drawing up, said, I guess you started early this morning, Sir? I did, Sir, I replied. You did not come from Halifax, I presume, Sir, did you? in a dialect too rich to be mistaken as genuine Yankee. And which way may you be travelling? asked my inquisitive companion. To Fort Lawrence. Ah! said he, so am I, it is in my circuit. The word circuit sounded so professional, I looked again at him, to ascertain whether I had ever seen him before, or whether I had met with one of those nameless, but innumerable limbs of the law, who now flourish in every district of the Province. There was a keenness about his eye, and an acuteness of expression, much in favor of the law; but the dress, and general bearing of the man, made against the supposition. His was not the coat of a man who can afford to wear an old coat, nor was it one of 'Tempest \& More's,' that distinguish country lawyers from country boobies. His clothes were well made, and of good materials, but looked as if their owner had shrunk a little since they were made for him; they hung somewhat loose on him. A large brooch, and some superfluous seals and gold keys, which ornamented his outward man, looked 'New England' like. A visit to the States, had perhaps, I thought, turned this Colchester beau into a Yankee fop. Of what consequence was it to me who he was-in either case I had nothing to do with him, and I desired neither his acquaintance nor his company-still I could not but ask myself who can this man be? I am not aware, said I,
that there is a court sitting at this time at Cumberland ? Nor am I, said my friend. What then could he have to do with the circuit? It occurred to me he must be a Methodist preacher. I looked again, but his appearance again puzzled me. His attire might do-the colour might be suitable-the broad brim not out of place; but there was a want of that staidness of look, that seriousness of coyntenance, that expression, in short, so characteristic of the clergy. I could not account for my idle euriosity-a curiosity which, in him, I had the moment before viewed both with suspicion and disgust; but so it was-I felt a desire to know who he could be who was neither lawyer nor preacher, and yet talked of his circuit with the gravity of both. How ridiculous, I thought to myself, is this; I will leave him. Turning towards him, I said, I feared I should be late for breakfast, and must therefore bid him good morning. Mohawk felt the pressure of my knees, and away we went at a slapping pace. I congratulated myself on conquering my own curiosity, and on avoiding that of my travelling companion. This, I caid to myself, this is the value of a good horse; I patted his neek-I felt proud of him. Presently I heard the steps of the unknown's horse-the clatter increased. Ah, my friend, thought $I$, it won't do ; you should be well mounted if you desire my company; I pushed Mohawk faster, faster, faster-to his best. He outdid himself; he had never trotted so handsomely-so easily-so well.

I guess that is a pretty considerable smart horse, said the stranger, as he came beside me, and apparently reined in, to prevent his horse passing me; there is not, I reckon, so spry a one on my circuit.

Circuit, or no circuit, one thing was settled in my mind; he was a Yankee, and a very impertinent Yankee, too. I felt humbled, my pride was hurt, and Mohawk was beaten. To continue this trotting contest was humiliating; I yielded, therefore, before the victory was palpable, and pulled up. Yes, continued he, a horse of pretty considerable good action, and a pretty fair trotter, too, I guess. . Pride must have a fall-I confess mine was prostrate in the dust. These words cut me to the heart. What ! is it come to this, poor Mohawk, that you, the admiration of all bat the envious, the great Mohawk, the standard by which all other horses are measured-trots next to. Mohawk, only yields to Mohawk, looks like Mohawk-that you are, after all, only a counterfeit, and pronounced by a straggling Yankee to be merely 'a pretty fair trotter!' If he was trained, I guess that he might be made do a little more. Excuse me, but if you divide your weight between the knee and the stirrup, rather most on the knee, and rise forward on the saddle, so as to leave a little daylight between you and it, I hope I may never ride this circuit again, if you don't get a mile more an hour out of him. What! not enough, I mentally groaned, to have my horse beaten, but I must be told that I don't know how to ride him ; and that, too, by a Yankee-Aye, there's the rub-a Yankee what? Perhaps a half-bred puppy, half yankee, half blue nose. As there is no escape, Fll try to make out my riding master. Your circuit, said I, my looks expressing all the surprise they were capable of-your circuit, pray what may that be? Oh, said he, the eastern circuit-
4. I am on the eastern circuit, sir. I have heard, said I, feeling that I now had a lawyer to deal with, that there
is a great deal of business on this circuit-pray, are there many cases of importance? There is a pretty fair business to be done, at least there has been, but the cases are of no great value-we do not make much out of them, we get them up very easy, but they don't bring much profit. What a beast, thought $I$, is this; and what a curse to a country, to have such an unfeeling pettifogging rascal practising in it-a horse jockey, too-what a finished character! Ill try him on that branch of his business.

That is a superior animal you are mounted on, said I-I seldom meet one that can travel with mine. Yes, said he coally, a considerable fair traveller, and most particular good bottom. I hesitated, this man who talks with such unblushing effrontery of getting up cases, and making profit out of them, cannot be offended at the question-yes, I will put it to him. Do you feelan inclination to part with him? I never part with a horse sir, that suits me, said he-I am fond of a horse-I don't like to ride in the dust after every one I meet, and I allow no man to pass me but when I choose. Is it possible, I thought, that he can know me ; that he has heard of my foible, and is quizzing me, or have I this feeling in common with him. But, continued I, you might supply yourself again. Not on this circuit, I guess, said he, nor yet in Campbell's circuit. Campbell's circuit -pray, sir, what is that? That, said he, is the wes-tern-and Lampton rides the shore circuit ; and as for the people on the shore, they know so little of horses, that Lampton tells me, a man from Aylesford once sold a hornless ox there, whose tail he had cut and nicked for a horse of the Goliath breed. I should think, said I, that Mr. Lampton must have no lack of cases among в3

THE CLOCKMAKER.
such enlightened clients. Clients, sir, said my friend, Mr. Lampton is not a lawyer. I beg pardon, I thought you said he rode the circuit. We call it a circuit, said the stranger, who seemed by no means flattered by the mistake-we divide.the Province, as in the Almanack, into circuits, in each of which we separately carry on our business of manufacturing and selling clocks. There are few, I guess, said the Clockmaker, who go upon tick as much as we do, who have so little use for lawyers; if attornies could wind a man up again, after he has been fairly run down, I guess they'd be a pretty harmless sort of folks. This explanation restored my good humour, and as I could not quit my companion, and he did not feel disposed to leave me, I made up my mind to travel with him to Fort Lawrence, the fimit of his circuit.

No. II.

## The Clock Maker.

I had heard of Yankee clock pedlars, tin pedlars, and bible pedlars, especially of him who sold Polyglot Bibles (all in English) to the amoumt of sixteen thousand pounds. The house of every substantial farmer had three substantial ornaments, a wooden clock, a tin reflector, and a Polyglot Bible. How is it that an American can sell his wares, at whatever price he pleases, where a blue-nose would fail to make a sale at all? I will enquire of the Clockmaker the secret of his success. What a pity it is, Mr. Slick, (for such
was his name,) what a pity it is, said I, that you, who are so successful in teaching these people the value of clocks, could not also teach them the value of timie. I guess, said he, they have got that ring to grow on their horns yet, which every four year old has in our country. We reckon hours and minutes to be dollars and cents. They do nothing in these parts, but eat, drink, smoke, sleep, ride about, lounge at taverns, make speeches at temperance meetings, and talk about "House of Assembly." If a man don't hoe his corn, and he don't get a crop, he says it is all owing to the Bank; and if he runs into debt and is sued, why says the lawyers are a curse to the country. They are a most idle set of folks, I tell you. But how is it, said I, that you manage to sell such an immense number of clocks, (which certainly cannot be called necessary articles,) among a people with whom there seems to be so great a scarcity of money.

Mr. Slick paused, as if considering the propriety of answering the question, and looking me in the face, said, in a confidential tone, Why, I don't care if I do tell you, for the market is glatted, and I shall quit this circuit. It is done by a knowledge of soft sawder and human natur. But here is Deacon Flint's, said he, I have but one clock left, and I guess I will sell it to him. At the gate of a most comfortable looking farm house stood Deacon Fhint, a respectable old man, who had understood the value of time better than most of his neighboars, if one might judge from the appearance of every thing about him. After the usual salutation, an invitation to "alight" was accepted by Mr. Slick, who said, he wished to take leave of Mrs. Flint before he left Colchester. We had hardly entered the house,
before the Clockmaker pointed to the view from the window, and, addressing himself to me, said, if I was to tell them in Connecticut, there was such a farm as this away down east here in Nova Scotia, they would'nt believe me-why there aint such a location in all New England. The deacon has a hundred acres of dykeseventy, said the deacon, only seventy. Well, seventy; but then there is your fine deep bottom, why I could run a ramrod into it-Interval, we call it, said the Deacon, who, though evidently pleased at this eulogium, seemed to wish the experiment of the ramrod to be tried in the right place-well interval if you please, (though Professor Eleazer Cumstick, in his work on Ohio, calls them bottoms,) is just as good as dyke. Then there is that water privilege, worth 3 or $\$ 4,000$, twice as good as what Governor Cass paid $\$ 15,000$ for. I wonder, Deacon, you don't put up a carding mill on it: the same works would carry a turning lathe, a shingle machine, a circular saw, grind bark, and ——. Too old, said the Deacon, too old for all those speculations-old, repeated the clock-maker, not you; why you are worth half a dozen of the young men we see, now-a-days, you are young enough to have-here he said something in a lower tone of voice, which I did not distinetly hear; but whatever it was, the Deacon was pleased, he smiled and said he did not think of such things now. But your beasts, dear me, your beasts must be put in and have a feed; saying which, he went out to order them to be taken to the stable. As the old gentleman closed the door after him, Mr. Slick drew near to me, and said in an under tone, that is what I call "soft sawder." An Englishman would pass that man as a sheep passes a hog in a pas-
ture, without looking at him ; or, said he, looking rather archly, if he was mounted on a pretty smart horse, I guess he'd trot away, if he could. Now I find-here his lecture on "soft sawder" was cut short by the entrance of Mrs. Flint. Jist come to say good bye, Mrs. Flint.- What, have you sold all your clocks? yes, and very low, too, for money is scarce, and $I$ wished to close the concarn; no, I am wrong in saying all, for I have just one left. Neighbor Steel's wife asked to have the refusal of it, but I guess I won't sell it ; I had but two of them, this one and the feller of it, that I sold Governor Lincoln. General Green, the Secretary of State for Maine, said he'd give me 50 dollars for this here one-it has composition wheels and patent axles, it is a beautiful article-a real first chop-no mistake, genuine superfine, but I guess Pll take it back; and beside, Squire Hawk might think kinder harder, that I did not give him the offer. Dear me, said Mrs. Flint, I should like to see it, where is it? It is in a chest of mine over the way, at Tom Tape's store, I guess he can ship it on to Eastport. That's a good man, said Mrs. Flint, jist let's look at it. Mr. Slick, willing to oblige, yielded to these entreaties, and soon produced the clock-a gawdy, highly varnished, trumpery looking affair. He placed it on the chimney-piece, where its beauties were peinted out and duly appreciated by Mrs. Flint, whose admiration was about ending in a proposal, when Mr. Flint returned from giving his directions about the care of the horses. The Deacon praised the clock, he too thought it a handsome one; but the Deacon was a prudent man,- he had a watch, he was sorry, but he had no occasion for a clock. I guess you're in the wrong furrow this time, Deacon, it
ant for sale, said Mr. Slick; and if it was, I reckon neighbor Steel's wife would have it, for she gives me no peace about it. Mrs. Flint said, that Mr. Steele had enough to do, poor man, to pay his interest, without buying clocks for his wife. It's no concarn of mine, said Mr. Slick, as long as he pays me, what he has to do, but I guess I don't want to sell it, and beside it comes too high ; that clock can't be made at Rhode Island under 40 dollars. Why it ant possible, said the Clockmaker, in apparent surprise, looking at his watch, why as I'm alive it is 4 o'clock, and if I hav'nt been two hours here-how on airth shall I reach River Philip to-night? I'll tell you what, Mrs. Flint, I'll leave the clock in your care till I return on my way to the States -I'll set it a going and put it to the right time. As soon as this operation was performed, he delivered the key to the deacon with a sort of serio-comic injunction to wind up the clock every Saturday night, which Mrs. Flint said she would take care should be done, and promised to remind her husband of it, in case he should chance to forget it.

That, said the Clockmaker as soon as we were mounted, that I call 'kuman natur!' Now that clock is sold for 40 dollars-it cost me just 6 dollars and 50 cents. Mrs. Flint will never let Mrs. Steel have the refusal-nor will the deacon learn until I call for the clock, that having once indulged in the use of a superfluity, how difficult it is to give it up. We can do without any article of luxury we have never had, but when once obtained, it is not 'in human natur' to surrender it voluntarily. Of fifteen thousand sold by myself and partners in this Province, twelve thousand were left in this manner, and only ten clocks were ever returned-
when we called for them they invariably bought them. We trust to 'soft sawder' to get them into the house, and to 'human natur' that they never come out of it.

No. III.

The Silent Girls.
Do you see them are swallows, said the Clockmaker, how low they fly? Well I presume we shall have rain right away, and them noisy critters, them gulls how close they keep to the water, down there in the Shubenacadie; well that's a sure sign. If we study natur, we don't want no thermometer. But 1 guess we shall be in time to get under cover in a shinglemaker's shed about three miles ahead on us. We had just reached the deserted hovel when the rain fell in torrents.

I reckon, said the Clockmaker, as he sat himself down on a bundle ofshingles, I reckon they are bad off for inns in this country. When a feller is too lazy to work here, he paints his name over his door, and calls it a tavern, and as like as not he makes the whole neighbourhood as lazy as himself-it is about as easy to find a good inn in Halifax, as it is to find wool on a goat's back. An inn, to be a good concarn, must be built a purpose, you can no more make a good tavern out of a common dwelling house, I expect, than a good coat out of an old pair of trowsers. They are etarnal lazy, you may depend-now there might be a
grand spec made there, in building a good Inn and a good Church. What a sacrilegious and unnatural union, said I, with most unaffected surprise. Not at all, said Mr. Slick, we build both on speculation in the States, and make a good deal of profit out of 'em too, I tell you. We look out a good sightly place, in a town like Halifax, that is pretty considerably well peopled, with folks that are good marks; and if there is no real right down good preacher among them, we build a handsome Church, touched off like a New-York liner, a real taking looking thing-and then we look out for a preacher, a crack man, a regular ten horse power chap-well, we hire him, and we have to give pretty high wages too, say twelve hundred or sirteen hundred dollars a year. We take him at first on trial for a Sabbath or two, to try his paces, and if he takes with the folks, if he goes down well, we clinch the bargain, and let and sell the pews; and, I tell you it pays well and makes a real good investment. There were few better specs among us than Inns and Churches, until the Railroads came on the carpet-as soon as the notelty of the new preacher wears off, we hire another, and that keeps up the ateans. I trust it will be longs, very long, my friend, said $I$, ere the rage for speculation introduces " the money changers into the temple;" with us Mr. Blick looked at me with at most ineffible axpression of pity and aurprise. Depend on it, Six, maid he, with a most phitomaphical air, this Province is much behind the intelligence of the age. But ifit is behind us in that respect, it is a long chadk aboed on us in others.

I never seed or heard tell of a country that hadso many notural priviteges as this. Why there are twied
as many harbors and water powers nere as we have all the way from Eastport to New Orleens. They have all they can ax. and more than they desarve. They have iron, coal. slate, grindstone, lime, firestone, gypsum, freestone, and a list as iong as an auctioneer's catałogue. But they are either asleep. or stone iiind to them. Their shores are crowded with fish, and their lands eovered with wood. A government that lays as light on 'em as a down counterpin. and no taxes. Then look at their dykes. The Lord seems to have made 'em on purpose for such lazy folks. If you were to tell the citizens of our country, that these dykes had been cropped for a hundred years without manure, they'd say, they guessed you had seen Col. Crockett, the greatest hand at a flam in our nation. You have heerd tell of a man who could'nt see London for the houses, I tell you, if we had this country, you could'nt see the harbors for the shipping. There'd be a rush of folks to it, as there is in one of our inns, to the dinner table, when they sometimes get jammed together in the door-way, and a man has to take a running leap over their heads, afore he can get in. A little nigger boy in New York found a diamond worth 2,000 dollars; well, he sold it to a watchmaker for 50 centsthe little critter did'nt know no better. Your peaple are just like the nigger boy, they don't know the value of their diamond.

Do you know the reason monkeys are no good? because they chatter all day long-so do the niggersand so do the blue noses of Nova Scotia-its all tatk and no work ; now, with us its all work and no talkin our ship yards, our factories, our mills, and even in our vessels, there's no talk-a man can't work and talk
too. I guess if you were at the factories at Lowell we'd show you a wonder-five htendred galls at work together.all in silence. I don't think our great country has such a real natural curiosity as that-I expect the world don't contain the beat of that; for a woman's tongue goes so slick of itself, without water power or steam, and moves so easy on its hinges, that its no easy matter to put a spring stop on it, I tell you-it comes as natural as drinkin mint julip.

I don't pretend to say the galls don't nullify the rule, sometimes at intermission and arter hours, but when they do, if they don't let go, then its a pity. You have heerd a school come out, of little boys, Lord its no touch to it; or a flock of geese at it, they are no more a match for em than a pony is for a coach-horse. But when they are at work, all's as still as sleep and no snoring. I guess we have a right to brag $o$ ' that inven-tion-we trained the dear critters, so they don't think of striking the minutes and seconds no longer.

Now the folks of Halifax take it all out in talkingthey talk of steamboats, whalers and rail roads-but they all end where they begin-in talk. I don't think I'd be out in my latitude, if I was to say they beat the women kind at that. One feller says, I talk of going to England-another says, I talk of going to the Coun-try-while a third says, I talk of going to sleep. If we happen to speak of such things, we say: ' Pm right off down East ; or Pm away off South,' and away we'go, jist like a streak of lightning.

- When we want folks to talk, we pay'em for it, such as ministers, lawyers, and mémbers of congress: but then we expect the use of their tongues, and not their hands; and when we pay folks to work, we expect the
use of their hands, and not their tongues. I guess work don't come kind o' natural to the people of this Province, no more than it does to a full bred horse. I expect they think they have a little too much blood in 'em for work, for they are near about as proud as they are lazy.

Now the bees know how to sarve out such chaps, for they have their drones too. Wed they reckon its mefto making honey all summer, for these idle critters to eat all winter-so they give'em Lynch Law. They have a regular built mob of citizens, and string up the drones like the Vixburg gamblers. Their maxim is, and not a bad one neither Iguess, 'no work, no honey.'

No. IV.

## Conversations at the River Philip.

It was late before we arrived at Pugnose's Inn-the evening was cool, and a fire was cheering and comfortable. Mr. Slick declined any share in the bottle of wine, he said he was dyspeptic ; and a glass or two soon convinced me, that it was likely to produce in me something worse than dyspepsy. It was speedily removed and we drew up to the fire. Taking a small penknife from his pocket, he began to whittle a thin piece of dry wood, which lay on the hearth; and, after musing some time said, I guess you've never been in the States. I replied that I had not, but that before I
returned to England I proposed visiting that country. 'There, said he, you'll see the great Daniel Websterhe's a great man, I tell you; King William, number 4, I guess, would be no match for him as an orator-he'd talk him out of sight in half an hour. If he was in your house of Commons, I recken he'd make some of your great folks look pretty streaked-he's a true patriot and statesman, the first in our country, and a most particular cute Lawyer. There was a Quaker chap toe cate for him once tho'. This Quaker, a pretty knowia ${ }^{3}$ old shaver, had a cause down to Rhode Island ; so he went to Daniel to hire him to go down and plead his case for him; so says he, Lawyer Webster whate's your fee? Why, says Daniel, let me see, I have to go down south to Washington, to plead the great Insurance case of the Hartford Company-and Pve got to be at Cincinnati to attend the Convention, and I dont see how I can go to Rhode Island without great loss and great fatigue ; it would cost you may be more than you'd be willing to give. Well, the Quaker looked pretty white about the gills, I tell you, when he heard this, for he could not do without him no how, and he did not like this preliminary talk of his at all-at last he made bold to ask him the worst of it, what he would take ; why, says Daniel, I always liked the Quakers, they are a quiet peaceable people who nevergo to law if they can help it, and it would be better for our great country if there were more such people in it. I never seed or heerd tell of any harm in em except going the whole figure for Gineral Jackson, and that everlastin almighty villain, Van Buren ; yes, I love the Quakers, I hope they'll go the Webster ticket yet-and I'll go for you as low as I can any way afford, say 1000
dollars. The Quaker well nigh fainted when he heerd this, but be was pretty deep too ; so, says he, Lawyer, that's a great deal of money, but I have more causes there, if I give you the 1000 dollars will you plead the other cases I shall have to give you? Yes, says Daniel, I will to the best of my humble abilities; so down they went to Rhode Island, and Daniel tried the case and carried it for the Quaker. Well, the Quaker he goes round to all the folks that had suits in court, and says he what will you give me if $I$ get the great Da niel to plead for you? It cost me 1000 dollars for a fee, but now he and I are pretty thick, and as he is on the spot, I'd get him to plead cheap for you-so he got three hundred dollars from one, and two from another and so on, until he got eleven hundred dollars, jist one hundred dollars more than he gave. Daniel was in a great rage when he heerd this; what, said he, do you think I would agree to your letting me out like a horse to hire? Friend Daniel, said the Quaker, didst thou not undertake to plead all such cases as I should have to give thee? If thou wilt not stand to thy agreement, neither will I stand to mine. Daniel laughed out ready to split his sides at this. Well, says he, I guess I might as well stand still for you to put the bridle on this time, for you have fairly pinned me up in a corner of the feace any how-so he went good humouredly to work and pleaded them all.

This lazy fellow, Pugnose, continued the Clockmaker, that keeps this inn, is going to sell off and go to the Etates; he says he has to work too hard here; that the markets are dull, and the wiaters too long; and he guesses he can live easier there; I guess he'll fiad his mistake afore he has been there long. Why

- our country aint to be compared to this, on no account whatever ; our country never made us to be the great nation we are, but we made the country. How on airth could we, if we were all like old Pugnose, as lazy as ugly, make that cold thin soil of New-England produce what it does? Why, Sir, the land between Boston and Salem would starve a flock of geese; and yet look at Salem, it has more cash than would buy Nova Scotia from the King. We rise early, live frugally , and work late: what we get we take care of. To all this we add enterprise and intelligence-a feller who finds work too hard here, had better not go to the States. I met an Irishman, one Pat Lannigan, last week, who had just returned from the States; why, says I, Pat, what on airth brought you back? Bad luck to them, says Pat, if I warn't properly bit. What do you get a day in Nova Scotia? says Judge Beler to me. Four shillings, your Lordship, says 1 . There are no Lords here, says he, we are all free. Well, says he,- Tll give you as much in one day as you can earn there in two; I'll give you eight shillings. Long life to your Lordship, says I. So next day to it I went with a party of men a-digging a piece of canal, and if it wasn't a hot day my name is not Pat Lannigan. Presently I looked up and straightened my back; says I to a comrade of mine, Mick, says I, I'm very dry ; with that, says the overseer, we don't allow gentlemen to talk at their work in this country. Faith, I soon found out for my two days' pay in one, I had to do two days' work in one, and pay two weeks' board in one, and at the end of a month, I found myself no better off in pocket than in Nova Scotia; while the devil a bone in my body that didn't ache with pain:
and as for my nose, it took to bleeding, and bled day and night entirely. Cpon my soul, Mr. Slick, said he, the poor labourer does not last long in your country ; what with new rum, hard labor, and hot weather, you'll see the graves of the Irish each side of the canals, for all the world like two rows of potatoes in a field that have forgot to come up. It is a land, Sir, continued the Clockmaker, of hard work. We have two kind of slaves, the niggers and the white slaves. All European laborers and blacks, who come out to us, do our hard bodily work, while we direct it to a profitable end; neither rich nor poor, high nor low, with us, eat the bread of idleness. Our whole capital is in active operation, and our whole population is in active employment. An idle fellow, like Pugnose, who runs away to us, is clapt into harness afore he knows where he is, and is made to work; like a horse that refuses to draw, he is put into the Team-boat; he finds some before him and others behind him, he must either draw, or be dragged to death.


## No. V.

## Justice Pettifog.

Is the morning the Clockmaker informed me that a Justice's Court was to be held that day at Pugnose's Inn, and he guessed he could do a little business among the country folks that would be assembled there. Some of them, he said, owed him for clocks,
and it would save him a world of travelling, to have the Justice and Constable to drive them up together. If you want a fat wether, there's nothing like penning up the whole flock in a corner. I guess, said he, if General Campbell knew what sort of a man that are magistrate was, he'd disband him pretty quick : he's a regular suck egg-a disgrace to the country. I guess if he acted that way in Kentucky, he'd get a breakfast of cold lead some morning, out of the small eend of a rifle, he'd find pretty difficult to digest. They tell me he issues three hundred writs a year, the cost of which, including that tarmation Constable's fees, can't amount to nothing less than 3,000 dollars per annum. If the Hon. Daniel Webster had him afore a jury, I reckon he'd turn him inside out, and slip him back again, as quick as an old stocking. He'd paint him to the life, as plain to be known as the head of Gineral Jackson. He's jist a fit feller for Lynch law, to be tried, hanged, and damned, all at once-there's more nor him in the country-there's some of the breed in every county in the Province. Jist one or two to do the dirty work, as we keep niggers, for jobs that would give a white man the cholera. They ought to pay his passage, as we do with such critters, tell him his place is taken in the Mail Coach, and if he is found here after twenty four hours, they'd make a carpenter's plumb-bob of him, and hang him outside the church steeple, to try if it was perpendicular. He almost always gives judgment for plaintiff, and if the poor defendant has an offset, he makes him sue it, so that it grinds a grist both ways for him, like the upper and lower mill stone.

People soon began to assomble, some on feot, and others on horseback and in waggons-Pugnose's tavern
was all bustle and confusion-Plaintiffs, Defendants, and witnesses, all talking, quarreling, explaining, and drinking. Here comes the Squire, said one-I'm thinking his horse carries more roguery than law, said another ; they must have been in proper want of timber to make a justice of, said a third, when they took such a crooked stick as that; sap headed enough too for refuse, said a stout looking farmer ; may be so, said another, but as hard at the heart as a $\log$ of elm ; howsomever, said a third, I hope it wont be long afore he has the wainy edge scored off of him, any how. Many more such remarks were made, all drawn from familiar objects, but all expressive of bitterness and contempt.

He earried one or two large books with him in his gig, and a considerable roll of papers. As soon as the obequious Mr. Pugnose saw him at the door, he assisted him to alight, ushered him into the "best room," and desired the constable to attend "the Squire." The crowd immediately entered, and the Constable opered the Court in due form, and commanded silence. Taking out a long list of causes, Mr. Pettifog commenced reading the names-James Sharp versus John Slug-call John Slug : John Slug being duly called and not answering, was defaulted. In this manner he proceeded to default some 20 or 30 persons; at last he came to a cause, William Hare versus Dennis O'Brien-call Dennis O'Brien-here I am, said a voice from the other room-here I am, who has any thing to say to Dennis O'Brien? Make less noise, sir, said the Justice, or Ill commit you. Commit me, is it, said Dennis, take care then, Squire, you don't commit yourself. You are sued by William Hare for three pounds for a month's
board and lodging, what have you to say to it? Say to it, said Dennis, did you ever hear what Tim Doyle said when he was going to be hanged for stealing a pig? says he, if the pig had'nt squeeled in the bag I'd never have been found out, so I would'nt-so I'll take warning by Tim Doyle's fate ; I say nothing, let him prove it. Here Mr. Hare was called on for his proof, but taking it for granted that the board would be admitted, and the defence opened, he was not prepared with proof. I demand, said Dennis, I demand an unsuit. Here there was a consultation between the Justice and the Plaintiff, when the Justice said, I shall not nonsuit him, I shall continue the cause. What, hang it up till next Court-you had better hang me up then at oncehow can a poor man come here so often-this may be the entertainment Pugnose advertises for horses, but by Jacquers, it is no entertainment for me-I admit then, sooner than come again, I admit it. You admit you owe him three pounds then for a month's board ? I admit no such thing, I say I boarded with him a month, and was like Pat Moran's cow at the end of it, at the lifting, bad luck to him. A neighbour was here called who proved that the three pounds might be the usual price. And do you know I taught his children to write at the school, said Dennis-you might, answered the witness-and what is that worth? I don't know-you don't know, faith I believe you're right, said Dennis, for if the children are balf as big rogues as the father, they might leave writing alone, or they'd be like to be hanged for forgery. Here Dennis produced his account for teaching five children, two quarters, at 9 shillings a quarter each, £4 10s. I am sorry, Mr. O'Brien, said the Justice, very sorry, but your defence will not avail
you, your account is too large for one Justice, any sum over three pounds must be sued before two magistrates -but I only want to offset as much as will pay the board-it can't be done in this shape, said the magistrate ; I will consult Justice Dolittle, my neighbour, and if Mr. Hare won't settle with you, I will sue it for you. Well, said Dennis, all l have to say is, that there is not so big a rogue as Hare on the whole river, save and except one scoundrel who sball be nameless, making a significant and humble bow to the Justice. Here there was a general laugh throughout the Court-Dennis retired to the next room to indemnify himself by another glass of grog, and venting his ebuse against Hare and the Magistrate. Disgusted at the gross partiality of the Justice, I also quitted the Court, fully concurring in the opinion, though not in the language, that Dennis was giving utterance to in the bar room.

- Pettifog owed his elevation to his interest at an election. It is to be hoped that his subsequent merits will be as promptly rewarded, by his dismissal from a bench which he disgraces and defiles by his presence.

No. VI.

## Anecdotes.

As we mounted our horses to proceed to Amherst, groups of country people were to be seen standing about Pugnose's inn, talking over the events of the morning, while others were dispersing to their seve-
ral homes. A pretty prime superfine scoundrel, that Pettifog, said the Clockmaker; he and his constable are well mated, and they've travelled in the same gear so long together, that they make about as nice a yoke of rascals, as you'll meet in a day's ride. They pull together like one rope reeved through two blocks. That are constable was een almost strangled t'other day; and if he had'nt had a little grain more wit than his master, I guess he'd had his wind-pipe stopped as tight as a bladder. There is an outlaw of a feller herre, for all the world like one of our Kentucky Squatters, one Bill Smith-a critter that neither fears man nor devil. Sheriff and constable can make no hand of him-they can't catch him no how ; and if they do come up with him, he slips through their fingers like an eel: and then, he goes armed, and he can knock the eye out of a squirrel with a ball, at fifty yards hand running-a regular ugly customer. Well, Nabb, the constable, had a writ agin him, and he was cyphering a good while how he should catch him ; at last be hit on a plan that he thought was pretty clever, and he scheemed for a chance to try it. So one day he heard that Bill was up at Pugnose's Inn, a settling some business, and was likely to be there all night. Nabb waits till it was considerable late in the evening, and then he takes his horse and rides down to the inn, and hitches his beast behind the hay stack. Then he crawls up to the window and peeps in, and watches there till Bill should go to bed, thinking the best way to catch them are sort of animals is to catch them -agleep. Well, he kept Nabb a waiting outside so long, with his talking and singing, that he well nigh fell asleep first himself; at last Bill began to strip for bed.

First he takes out a long pocket pistol, examines the priming, and lays it down on the table, near the head of the bed.

When Nabb sees this, he begins to creep like all over, and feel kinder ugly, and rather sick of his job; but when he seed him jump into bed, and heerd him snore out a noise like a man driving pigs to market, he plucked up courage, and thought he might do it easy arter all if he was to open the door softly, and make one spring on him afore he could wake. So round he goes, lifts up the latch of his door as soft as soap, and makes a jump right atop of him, as be lay on the bed. I guess I got you this time, said Nabb; I guess so too, said Bill, but I wish you would'nt lay so plagy heavy on me-jist turn over, that's a good fellow, will you? With that Bill lays his arm on him to raise him up, for he said he was squeezed as flat as a pancake, and afore Nabb knew where he was, Bill rolled him right over and was atop of him. Then he seized him by the throat, and twisted his pipe till his eyes were as big as saucers, and his tongue grew six inches longer, while he kept making faces for all the world like the pirate that was hanged on Monument Hill at Boston. It was pretty near over with him, when Nabb thought of his spurs ; so he just curled up both heels, and drove the spurs right into him; he let him have it jist below his cruper ; as Bill was raked he had a fair chanee, and he ragged him like the leaf of a book cut open with your finger. At last, Bill could stand it no longer ; be let go his bold and roared like a bull, and clapping both hands ahind him, he out of the door like a shot. If it had'nt been for them are spurs, I guess Bill woufd have saved the hangman a job of Nabb that time.

The Clockinaker was an observing man, and equalty communicative. Nothing escaped bis notice; he knew every body's genealogy, history and means, and like a driver of an English Stage Ceach, was not unwithing to impart what he knew. Do you see that snug looking house there, said he, with a short sarce garden afore it, that belongs to Elder Thomson. The Elder is pretty close fisted, and holds special fast to all he gets. He is a just man and very pious, but I have observed when a man becomes near about too good, he is apt, sometimes, to slip a head into avarice, unless be looks sharp arter his girths. A friend of mine in Connecticut, an old sea Captain, who was once let in for it pretty deep, by a man with a broader brim than common, said to me, friend Sam, says he, "I don't like those folks who are too d-n good." There is, I expect, some truth in it, tho' he need'nt have swore at all, but he was an awful hand to swear. Howsomever that may be, there is a story about the Elder, that's not so coarse neither. It appears, an old Minister came there once, to hold a meetin at his house-well, after meetin was over, the Elder took the minister all over his larm, which is pretty tidy, I tell you ; and be shewed him a great Ox he had, and a swingeing big Pig, that weighed some six or seven hundred weight, that he was plaguy proud of, but he never offered the old minister any thing to eat or drink. The preacher was pretty tired of all this, and seeing no prospect of being asked to partake with the family, and tolerably sharp set, he asked one of the boys to fetch him his horse out of the barn. When he was taking leave of the Elder, (there were several folks by at the time, says be, Elder Thomson, you have a fine farm here, a very fine
farm, indeed; you have a large $O x$ too, a very large Ox; and I think, said he, Tve seen to-day, (turning and looking him full in the face, for he intended to hit him pretty hard,) I think I have seen to-dary the greatest Frog I ever saw in my life. The neighbours snickered a good deal, and the Elder felt pretty streaked. I guess he'd give his great Pig or his great Ox either, if that story had'nt got wind.

No. VII.
Go Ahead.
When we resumed our conversation, the Clockmaker said, "I guess we are the greatest nation on the face of the airth, and the most enlightened too." This was rather too arrogant to pass unnoticed, and I was about replying, that whatever doubts there might be on that subject, there could be none whatever that they were the most modest ; when he contiaued "we go ahead," the Novascotians go "astarn." Our ships go ahead of the ships of other folks, our steam boats beat the British in speed, and so do our stage coaches; and I reckon a real right down New York trotter might stump the univarse for going "ahead." But since we introduced the Rail Roads if we dont go "abead" its a pity. We never fairly knew what going the whole hog was till then; we actilly went ahead of ourselves, and that's mo easy matter I tel you. If they only had edication here, they might learn to do so too, but they dont know nothin. You undervalue them, said I, they
have their College and Academies, their grammar schools and primary institutions, and I believe there are few among them who cannot read and write.

I guess all that's nothin, said he. As for Latin and Greek, we dont valy it a cent ; we teach it, and so we do painting and music, because the English do, and we like to go ahead on em, even in them are things. As for reading, its well enough for them that has nothing to do, and writing is plaguy apt to bring a man to States-prison, particulaly if he writes his name so like another man as to have it mistaken for his'n. Cyphering is the thing-if a man knows how to cypher, he is sure to grow rich. We are a 'calculating' people, we all cypher.

A horse that wont go ahead, is apt to run back, and the more you whip him the faster he gees astarn. That's jist the way with the Nova Scotians; they have been ruaning back so fast lately, that they have tumbled over a Bank or two, and nearly broke their necks; and now they've got up and shook themselves, they swear their dirty clothes and bloody noses are all owing to the Banks. I guess if they wont look ahead for the future, they'll larn to look behind, and see if there's a bank near hand em.

A Bear always goes down a tree starn foremost. He is a cunning critter, he knows tante safe to carry a heavy load over his head, and his rump is so heavy, he dont like to trust it over hisn, for fear it might take a lurch, and carry him heels over head, to the ground ; so he lets his starn down first, and his head arter. I wish the blue-noses would find as good an excuse in their rumps for running backwards as he has. But the bear 'cyphers;' he knows how many pounds his hams
weigh, and he 'calculates' if he carried them up in the aid, they might be top heavy for him.

If we had this Province we'd go to work and 'cypher' right off. Halifax is nothing without a river or back country; add nothing to nothing, and I guess you have nothing still-add a Rail Road to the Bay of Fundy, and how much do you git? That requires cyphering-it will cost $\$ 300,000$, or $£ 75,000$ your mo-ney-add for notions omitted ${ }^{\boldsymbol{7}}$ the addition column, one third, and it makes even money- $£ 100,000$. Interest at 5 per cent $£ 5,000$ a year. Now turn over the slate and count up freight-I make it upwards of $£(25$,000 a year. If I had you at the desk, I'd shew you a bill of items.

Now comes "subtraction;" deduct cost of engines, wear and tear, and expenses, and what not, and reduce it for shortness down to $£ 5000$ a year, the amount of interest. What figures have you got now? you have an investment that pays interest, I guess, and if it dont pay more then I dont know chalk from cheese.
But suppose it dont, and that it only yields $2 \lambda$ per cent, (and it requires good cyphering, I tell you, to say how it would act with folks that like going astarn better than going ahead,) what would them are wise ones say then? Why the critters would say it wont pay; but I say the sum ant half stated. Can you count in your head? Not to any extent, said I. Well, that's an etarnal pity, said the Clockmaker, for I should like to show you Yankee Cyphering. What is the entire real estate of Halifax worth, at a valeation? I really cannot say. Ah, said he, I see you dont cypher, and Latin and Greek wont do ; them are people had no rail-roads. Well, find out, and then only add ten
per cent to it, for increased value, and if it don't give the cost of a rail-road, then my name is not Sam Slick. Well, the land between Halifax and Ardoise is worth ——nothing, add 5 per cent to that, and send the sum to the College, and ax the students how much it comes to. But when you get into Hants County, I guess you have land worth coming all the way from Boston to see. His Royal Highness the King, I guess, hasn't got the like in his dominions. Well, add 15 per cent to all them are lands that border on Windsor Basin, and 5 per cent to what butts on Basin of Mines, and then, what do you get? A pretty considerable sum I tell you-but its no use to give you the chalks, if you can't keep the tallies. Now we will lay down the schoolmaster's assistant, and take up another book every bit and grain as good as that, although these folks affect to sneer at it-I mean human natur. Ah ! said I, a knowledge of that was of great service to you, certainly, in the sale of your clock to the old Deacon; let us see how it will assist you now. What does a clock want that's run down? said he. Undoubtedly to be wound up, I replied; I guess you've hit it this time. The folks of Halifax have run down, and they'll never go to all etarnity, till they are wound up into motion ; the works are all good, and it is plaguy well cased and set-it only wants a key. Put this railroad into operation, and the activity it will inspire into business, the new life it will give the place, will surprise you. Its like lifting a child off its crawling, and putting him on his legs to run-see how the little critter goes ahead arter that. A kurnel, (I don't mean a Kurnel of militia, for we don't valy that breed o' cattle nothing-they do nothing but strut about and screech
all day, like peacocks,) but a kurnel of grain, when sowed, will stool into several shoots, and each shoot hear many kurnels, and will multipty itself thus-4 times 1 is 4 , and 4 times 25 is a hundred, (you see all natur cyphers, except the blue noses.) Jist so, this here rail-road will not perhape beget other rail-roads. but it will beget a spirit of enterprise, that will beget other useful improvements. It will eniárge the sphere and the means of trade, open new sources of traffic and supply-develop resources-and what is of more value perhaps than all-beget motion. It will teach the folks that go astarn or stand stock still, like the statehouse in Boston, (though they do say the foundation of that has moved a little this summer) not only to go "ahead," but to nulify time and space.
Here his horse (who, feeling the animation of his master, had been restive of late) set off at a most prodigious rate of trotting. It was some time before he was reined up. When I overtook him, the Clockmaker said, " this old Yankee horse, you see, understands our word 'go ahead' better nor these blue noses."

What is it, he continued, what is it that 'fetters' the heels of a young country, and hangs like 'a poke' around its neck? what retards the cultivation of its soil, and the improvement of its fisheries?-the high price of labor, I guess. Well, what's a rail-road? The substitution of mechanical for human and animal labor, on a seale as grand as our great country. Labor is dear in America, and cheap in Europe. A rail-road, therefore, is comparatively no manner of use to them, to what it is to us-it does voonders there, but it woorks miracles here. There it makes the old man younger, but here it makes a child a giant. To ues it is river, bridge, road and canal, all one.
\# saves what toe han't got to spare, men, horses, carts, vessels, barges, and vohat's all in all-time.

Since the creation of the Lnivarse, I guess it's the greatest invention, arter man. Now this is what I call "cyphering" arter human natur, while figures are cyphering arter "the assistant." These two sorts of cyphering make idecation-and you may depend on't Squire, there is nothing like folks cyphering, if they want to "go ahead."

No. VIII.
The Preacher that woandered from his Text.
I guess, said the Clockmaker, we know more of Nova Scotia than the blue noses themselves do. The Yankees see further anead than most folks; they can een a most see round t'other side of a thing; indeed some on them have hurt their eyes by it, and sometimes I think that's the reason such a sight of them wear spectacles. The first I ever heerd tell of Cumberland was from Mr. Everett of Congress; he know'd as much about it as if he had lived here all his days, and may be a little grain more. He is a splendid man that-we class him No. 1, letter A. One night I chanced to go into General Peep's tavern at Boston, and who should I see there but the great Mr. Everett, a studying over a map of the Province of Nova-Scotia. Why it aint possible! said I-if that aint Professor Everett, as I am alive! why how do you do, Professor? Pretty well, I give you thanks, said he ; how
be you? but I aint no longer Professor ; I gin that up, and also the trade of Preaching, and took to politics. You don't say so, said I; why what on airth is the cause o' that? Why, says he, look bere, Mr. Slick. What is the use of reading the Proverbs of Solomon to our free and enlightened citizens, that are every mite and mortal as wise as he was? That are man undertook to say there was nothing new under the sun. I guess he'd think he spoke a little too fast, if he was to see our steam boats, rail-roads, and India rubber shoes-three inventions worth more nor all he knew put in a heap together. Well, I don't know, said I, but somehow or another, I guess you'd have found preaching the best speculation in the long run; them are Unitarians pay better than Uncle Sam (we call, said the Clockmaker, the American public Unele Sam, as you call the British John Bull.)
That remark seemed to grig him a little; he felt oneasy like, and walked twice across the room, fifty fathoms deep in thought; at last he said, which way are you from, Mr. Slick, this hitch ? Why, says I, I've been away up south a speculating in nutmegs. I hope, says the Professor, they were a good article, the real right down genuine thing. No mistake, says $I,-$ no mistake, Professor : they were all prime, first chop, but why did you ax that are question? Why, says he, that eternal scoundrel, that Captain John Allspice of Nahant, he used to trade to Charleston, and he carried a cargo once there of fifty barrels of nutmegs: well, be put halfa bushel of good ones into each eend of the barrets and the rest he filled up with wooden ones, so like the feal thing, no soul could tell the difference until he bit one with his teeth, and that he never thought
of doing, until he was first bit himself. Well, its been a standing joke with them southerners agin us ever since. It was only tother day at Washington, that everlasting Virginy duellist General Cuffy, afore a number of senators, at the President's house, said to me, 'Well Everett,' says he-' you know I was always dead agin your Tariff bill, but I have changed my mind since your able speech on it ; I shah vote for it now.' 'Give me your hand,' says I, 'General Cuffy ; the Boston folks will be dreadful glad when they hear your splendid talents are on our side- $\mathbf{I}$ think it will go now-we'll carry it.' 'Yes,' says he, 'your factories down east beat all natur; they go ahead on the English a long chalk.' You may depend I was glad to hear the New Englanders spoken of that way-I felt proud I tell you-' and,' says he, 'there's one mamufacture that might stump all Europe to produce the like.' 'What's that ?' says I, looking as pleased all the time as a gall that's tickled. 'Why,' says be, 'the facture of wooden nutmegs; that's a cap sheef that bangs the bush-its a real Yankee patent invention.' With that all the gentlemen set up a laugh, you might have heard away down to Sandy Hook-and the General gig gobłled like a great turkey cock, the half nigger, half alligator like looking villain as he is. I tell you what, Mr. Slick, said the Professor, I wish with all my heart them are damned nutmegs were in the bottom of the sea. That was the first oath I ever heerd him let slip: but he was dreadful ryled, and it made me feel ugly too, for its awful to hear a minister swear ; and the only match 1 know for it, is to heare a regular sneezer of a sinner quote scripture. Says I; Mr. Everett, that's the fruit that politics bear; for moy part I
never seed a good graft on it yet, that bore any thing good to eat, or easy to digest.

Well, he stood awhile looking down on the earpet, with his hands behind him, quite taken up a cyphering in his head, and then he straightened himself up, and he put his hand upon his heart, just as be used to do in the pulpit, (be looked pretty I tell you) and slowly lifting his hand off his breast, he said, 'Mr. Slick, our tree of liberty was a beautiful tree-a splendid treeit was a sight to look at; it was well fenced and well protected, and it grew so stately and so handsome, that strangers came from all parts of the globe to see it. They all allowed it was the most splendid thing in the world. Well, the mobs bave broken in and tore down the fences, and snapped off the branches, and scattered all the leaves about, and it looks no better than a gallows tree.' 'I am afeared,' said he, 'I tremble to think on it, but I am afeared our ways will no longer be ways of pleasantness, nor our paths, paths of peace; I am, indeed, I vow, Mr. Slick.' He looked so streaked and so chop-fallen, that I felt kinder sorry for him; I actilly thought he'd a boo-hood right out. So, to turn the couversation, says 1 , Professor, what are great map is that I seed you a studyin' over when I came in? Says he, it's a map of Nova Scotia. That, says he, is a valuable province, a real clever province; we hant got the like on it, but its most plagily in our way. Well, says I, send for Sam Patch (that are man was a great diver, says the Clockmaker, and the last dive he took was off the falls of Niagara, and he was never heerd of agin till tother day, when Captain Enoch Wentworth, of the Susy Ann Whaler, saw him in the South Sea. Why, says Capt. Enoch to him, why

Sam, says he, how on airth did you get here? I thought you was drowned at the Canadian lines. Why, says he, I didnt get on airth here at all, I came right slap through it. In that are Niagara dive, I went so everlasting deep, I thought it was just as short to come up tother side, so out I came in those parts. If I don't take the shine off the Sea Serpent, when I get back to Boston, then my name's not Sam Patch.)

Well, says I, Professor, send for Sam Patch, the diver, and let him dive down and stick a torpedo in the bottom of the Province and blow it up; or if that won't do, send for some of our steam tow boats from our great Eastern cities, and tow it out to sea; you know there's nothing our folks can't do, when they once fairly take hold on a thing in airnest. Well, that made him laugh; he seemed to forget about the nutmegs, and says he, that's a bright scheme, but it won't do; we shall want the Province some day, and I guess we'll buy it of King William ; they say he is over head and ears in debt, and owes nine hundred millions of pounds starling-we'll buy it, as we did Florida. In the meantime we must have a canal from Bay Fundy to Bay Varte, right through Cumberland neck, by Shittyack, for our fishing vessels to go to Labradore. I guess you must ax leave first, said I; that's jist what I was cyphering at, says he, when you came in. I believe we won't ax them at all, but jist fall to and do it ; its a road of needcessity. I once heard Chief Justice Marshall of Baltimore say; 'If the people's highway is dangerous-a man may take down a fence-and pass through the fields as a way of needcessity;' and we shall do it on that principle, as the way round by Isle Sable is dangerous. I wonder the Novascotians
don't do it for their own convenience. Said I, it would'nt make a bad speculation that. The critters don't know no better, said he.
Well, says I, the St. John's folks, why don't they? for they are pretty cute chaps them. They remind me, says the Professor, of Jim Billings. You knew Jim Billings, did'n't you, Mr. Slick? Oh yes, said I, I knew him. It was he that made such a talk by shipping blankets to the West Indies; the same, says he. Well, I went to see him the other day at Mrs. Lecain's Boarding House, and says I, Billings, you have a nice location here. A plagy sight too nice, said he. Marm Lecain makes such an etarnal touss about her carpets, that I have to go along that everlasting long entry, and down both staircases, to the street door to spit; and it keeps all the gentlemen a running with their mouths full all day. I had a real bout with a New Yorker this morning, I run down to the street door, and afore I see'd any body a coming, I let go, and I vow if I did'nt let a chap have it all over his white waistcoat. Well, he makes a grab at me, and I shuts the door right to on his wrist, and hooks the door chain taught and leaves him there, and into Marm Lecain's bed room like a shot, and hides behind the curtain. Well, he roared like a bull, till black Lucretia, one of the house helps, let him go, and they looked into all the gentlemen's rooms and found no-body-so I got out of that are scrape. So, what with - Marm Lecain's carpets in the house, and other folks' waistcoats in the street, its too nice a location for me, I guess, so I shall up killoch and off to morrow to the Tree mont.
Now, says the Professor, the St. John's folks are
jist like Billings, fifty cents would have bought him a spit box, and saved him all them are journeys to the street door-and a canal at Bay Varte would save the St. John's folks a voyage all round Nova-Scotia. Why; they can't get at their own backside settlements, without a voyage most as long as one to Europe. If we had that are neck of land in Cumberland, we'd have a ship canal there, and a town at each eend of it as big as Portland. You may talk of Solomon, said the Professor, but if Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like a lily of the field, neither was he in all his wisdom, equal in knowledge to a real free American citizen. Well, said I, Professor, we are a most enlightened people, that's sartain, hut somehow I don't like to hear you run down King Solomon neither; perhaps be warat quite so wise as Uncle Sam, but then, said I, (drawing close to the Professor, and whispering in his ear, for fear any folks in the bar roem might hear me,) but then, said I, may be he was every bit and grain as honest. Says he, Mr. Slick, there are some folks who thiak a good deal and say but little, and they are wise fokks; and there are others agin, who blart right out whatever comes uppermost, and I guess they are pretty considerable superfine darned fools. And with that he turned right round, and sat down to his map and never said another word, lookin' as mad as a harter the whele blessed time.

No. IX.
Yankee eating and Horse feeding.
Did you ever heer tell of Abernethy, a British docfor? said the Clockmaker. Frequently, said I, he was an eminent man, and had a most extensive practice. Well, I reckon he was a vulgar eritter that, he replied, he treated the honble. Alden Gobble, secretary to our legation at London, dreadful bad once; and I guess if it had been me he had used that way, I'd a fixed his fint for hin, so that he'd think twiee afore he'd fire such another shot as that are again. I'd a made him make tracks, I guess, at quick as a dog does a hog from a potatoe field. He'd a found his way out of the hole in the fence a plagy sight quicker than he came in, I reckon. His manner, said I, was certainly rather unceremonious at times, but he was so honest, and so straightforward, that no person was, I believe, ever seriously offended at him. It was his way. Then his way was so plagy rough, continued the Clockmaker, that he'd been the better, if it had been hammered and mauled down smoother. I'd a levelled him as flat as a flounder. Pray what was his offerce? said I. Bad enough you may depend. The honble. Alden Gobble was dyspeptie, and he suffered great oneasiness arter eatin, so he goes to Abernethy for advice. What's the matter with you, said the Doctor? jist that way, without even passing the time o' day with him-What's the matter with you? said he. Why, says Alden, I presume I have the Dyspepsy. Ah! said he, I see; a Yankee swallowed more dollars and cents than he can
digest. I am an American citizen, says Alden, with great dignity; I am Secretary to our Legation at the Court of St. James. The devil you are, said Abernethy ; then you'll soon get rid of your dyspepsy. I don't see that are inference, said Alden; it dont follow from what you predicate at all-it ant a natural consequence, I guess, that a man should cease to be ill, because he is called by the voice of a free and enlightened people to fill an important office. (The truth is, you cquld no more trap Alden than you could an Indian. He could see other folks' trail, and made none himself; he was a real diplomatist, and I believe our diplomatists are allowed to be the best in the world.) But I tell you it does follow, said the Doctor; for in the company you'll bave to keep, you'll have to eat like a Christian. It was an everlasting pity Alden contradicted him, for he broke out like one ravin distracted mad. Ill be d_d, said he, if ever 1 saw a Yankee that did'nt bolt his food whole like a Boa Constrictor. How the devil can you expect to digest food, that you neither take the trouble to dissect, nor time to masticate? It's no wonder you lose your teeth, for you never use them; nor your digestion, for you overload it; nor your saliva, for you expend it on the carpets, instead of your food. Its disgusting, its beastly. You Yankees load your stomachs as a Devonshire man does his cart, as full as it can hold, and as fast as he can pitch it with a dung fork, and drive off; and then you complain that such a load of compost is too heavy for you. Dyspepsy, eh! infernal guzzling, you mean. I'll tell you what, Mr. Secretary of Legation, take half the time to eat, that you do to drawl out your words, chew your food half as much as you do

Fafitiry tobacco, and you'll be weii in a month. I iont moterstand such language, said Alden, for he was bury yled, and got his dander up, and when he shows ciear grit, he looks wicked ugly, I tell you, I dont undesiand such language, Sir: I came here to consult you professionally, and not to be-. Dont understand! said the Doctor, why its plain English: but here, read my book-and he shoved a book into his hands and left him in an instant, standing alone in the middle of the room. If the honble Alden Gobble had gone right away and demanded his passports, and returned home with the Legation, in one of our first class frigates, (I guess the English would as soon see pyson as one o' them are Serpents) to Washington, the President and the people would have sustained him in it, I guess, until an apology was offered for the insult to the nation. I guess if it had been me, said Mr. Slick, I'd a headed him afore he slipt out o' the door, and pinned him up agin the wall, and made him bolt his words agin, as quick as he throw'd 'em up, for I never see'd an Englishman that did'nt cut his words as short as he does his horse's tail, close up to the stump. It certainly was very coarse and vulgar language, and I think, said I, that your Secretary had just cause to be offended at such an ungentlemanlike attack, although he showed his good sense in treating it with the contempt it deserved. It was plagy lucky for the doctor, I tell you, that he cut stick as he did, and made himself scarce, for Alden was an ugly customer ; he'd a gin him a proper scalding-he'd a taken the bristles off his hide, as clean as the skin of a spring shote of a pig killed at Christmas. The Clockmaker was evidently excited by his own story, and to indem-
nify himself for these remarks on his countrymen, he indulged for some time in ridiculing the Nova Scotians.

Do you see that are flock of colts, said he, (as we passed one of those beautiful prairies that render the vallies of Nova Scotia so verdant and so fertile,) well, I guess they keep too much of that are stock. I heerd an Indian one day ax a tavern keeper for some rum; why, Joe Spawdeeck, said he, I reckon you bave got too much already. Too much of any thing, said Joe is not good, but too much rum is jist enough. I guess these blue noses think so bout their horses, they are fairly eat up by them, out of house and home, and they are no good neither. They beant good saddle horses, and they beant good draft beasts-they are jist neither one thing nor tother. They are like the drink of our Connecticut folks. At mowing time they use molasses and water, nasty stuff only fit to catch flies-it spiles good water and makes bad beer. No wonder the folks are poor. Look at them are great dykes; well, they all go to feed horses; and look at their grain fields on the upland; well, they are all sowed with oats to feed horses, and they buy their bread from us: so we feed the asses, and they feed the horses. If I had them critters on that are marsh, on a location of mine, I'd jist take my rifle and shoot every one on them ; the nasty yo necked, cat hammed, heavy headed, flat eared, crooked shanked, long legged, narrow chested, good for nothin brutes; they aint worth their keep one winter. I vow, I wish one of these blue noses, with his go-to-meetin clothes on, coat tails pinned up behind like a leather blind of a Shay, an old spur on one heel, and a pipe stuck through his hat band, mounted on one of theee limber
timbered critters, that moves its hind legs like a hen scratchin gravel, was sot down in Broadway, in New York, for a sight. Lord! I think I hear the West Point cadets a larfin at him. Who brought that are scare-crow out of standin corn and stuck him here? I guess that are citizen came from away down east out of the Notch of the White Mountains. Here comes the Cholera doctor, from Canada-not from Canada, I guess, neither, for he don't look as if he had ever been among the rapids. If they would'nt poke fun at him its a pity. If they'd keep less horses, and more sheep, they'd have food and clothing, too, instead of buying both. I vow I've larfed afore now till I have fairly wet myself a cryin, to see one of these folks catch a horse: may be he has to go two or three miles of an arrand. Well, down he goes on the dyke with a bridle in one hand, and an old tin pan in another, full of oats, to catch his beast. First he goes to one flock of horses, and then to another, to see if he can find his own critter. At last be gets sight on him, and goes softly up to him, shakin of his oats, and a coaxin him, and jist as he goes to put his hand upon him, away he starts all bead and tail, and the rest with him ; that starts another flock, and they set. a third off, and at last every troop on 'em goes, as if Old Nick was arter them, till they amount to two or three hundred in a drove. Well, he chases them clear across the Tantramer marsh, seven miles good, over ditches, creeks, mire holes, and flag ponds, and then they turn and take a fair chase for it back again seven miles more. By this time, I presume, they are all pretty considerably well tired, and Blue Nose, he goes and gets up all the men folk in the neighborbood, and catchos bia
beast, as they do a moose arter he is fairly run down ; so he runs fourteen miles, to ride two, because he is in a tarnation hurry. Its e'en a most equal to eatin soup with a fork, when you are short of time. It puts me in mind of catching birds by sprinkling salt on their tails; its only one horse a man can ride out of half a dozen, arter all. One has no shoes, tother has a colt, one arnt broke, another has a sore back, while a fifth is so etarnal cunnin, all Cumberland could'nt catch him, till winter drives him up to the bern for food.
Most of them are dyke marshes have what they call 'honey pots' in 'em; that is a deep hole all full of squash, where you can't find no bottom. Well, every now and then, when a feller goes to look for his horse, he sees his tail a stickin right out an eend, from one of these honey pots, and wavin like a head of broom corn; and sometimes you see two or three trapped there, e'en a most smothered, everlastin' tired, half swimmin' half wadin, like rats in a molasses cask. When they find 'em in that are pickle, they go and get ropes, and tie 'em tight round their necks, and half hang 'em to make 'em float, and then haul 'em out. A wfill looking critters they be, you may depend, when they do come out; for all the world like half drowned kittens-al stinkey-slimey-with their great long tails glued up like a swab of oakum dipped in tar. If they don't look foolish its a pity? Well, they have to 日urse these cristers all winter, with hot mashes, warm covering, and what not, and when spring comes, they mostly die, and if they don't they are never no grod arter. I wish with all my heart half the horses in the couutry were barrelled up 'in
these here 'honey pots,' and then there'd be near about one half too many left for profit. Jist look at one of these barn yards in the spring-half a dozen half starved colts, with their hair lookin a thousand ways for Sunday, and their coats hangin in tatters, and halfa dozen good for nothin old horses, a crowdin out the cows and sheep.

Can you woonder that people who keep such an unprofitable stock, come out of the small eend of the horn in the long run?

No. X

The Road to a Woman's Heart-The Broken Heart.
As we approached the Inn at Amherst, the Clockmaker grew uneasy. Its pretty well on in the evening, I guess, said he, and Marm Pugwash is as onsartain in her temper as a mornin in April; its all surshine or all clouds with her, and if she's in one of her tantrums, she'll stretch out her neck and hiss, like a goose with a flock of goslins. I wonder what on airth Pugwash was a thinkin on, when he signed articles of partnership with that are woman; she's not a bad lookin piece of furniture neither, and its a proper pity sich a clever woman should carry such a stiff upper lip-she reminds me of our old minister Joshua Hopewell'a apple trees. The old minister had an orchard of most particular good fruit, for he was a great hand at buddin, graftin, and what not, and the orchard (it was on the south side of the house) stretched right up to the road.

Well, there were come trees hung over the fence, I never seed such bearers, the apples hung in ropes, for all the world like strings of onious, and the fruit was beautiful. Noborly touched the minister's apples, and when other folks lost theirn from the boys, hisn always hung there like bait to a hook, but there never was so much as a nibble at em. So I said to him one day, Minister, said I, how on airth do you manage to keep your fruit that's so exposed, when no one else cant do it nohow. Why, says he, they are dreadful pretty fruit, ant they? I guess, said I, there ant the like on em in all Connecticut. Well, says he, I'll tell you the secret, but you need'nt let on to no one about it. That are row next the fence, I grafted it myself, I took great pains to get the right kind, I sent elean up to Roxberry, and away down to Squaw-neck Creek, (I was afeared he was agoin to give me day and date for every graft, being a terrible long-wiaded man in his stories,) so says I, Iknow that, minister, but how do you preserve them? Why I was a goin te tell you, said he, when you stopped me. That are outward row I grafted myself with the choicest kind I could find, and I sueceeded, They are beaukiful, but so etarnal sour, no human soul can eat them. Well, the boys think the old minister's graften has all succeeded about as well as that row, and they sarch no farther. They saicker at my graften, and I laugh in , my sleeve, 1 guess, at their penetration

New, Marm Pugwash is like the Minister's apples, very temptin fruit to look at, but desperate sour. If Pugwash had a watery mouth when he marriod, l gueam its pretty puckery by this time. However, if ohe goes to act ugly, I'll give ber a dowe of 'soft sawder,' that will take the frown out of her fromispiece, and make
her dial-plate as smooth as a lick of eopal varnish. Its a pity she's such a kickin devid, too, for she has good points-good eye-good foot-neat pastern-fine chest -a clean set of limbs, and carries a good ——. But here we are, now you'll see what 'soft sawder' will do.

When we entered the house, the traveller's room was all in darkness, and on opening the oppesite door into the sitting room, we found the female part of the family extinguishing the fire for the night. Mrs. Pugwash had a broom in her hand, and was in the act (the last act of female houeewifery) of oweeping the hearth. The strong flickering light of the fire, as it fell upon her tall fone figure aad beautiful face, revealed a ereature worthy of the Clockmaker's comments. Good evening, Mares, said Mr. Slick, hew do you do, and how's Mr. Pugwash? He, said she, why he's been abed this hour, you don't expect to dioturb him this time of night I hope. Oh no, said Mr. Blick, certainly not, and I am sorry to have disturbed yen, but we got detained longer than we expected; I am sory that —. So am I, said she, but if Mr. Pugwash will hoep at Inn when he has no occasion to, his fanily cant expect no rest. Here the Clockmaker, seeing the storm gathering, stooped down suddenly, and stariag inseatly, held out his hand and exclaimed, well if that aint a beautiful chibd-come here, my little man and shake hands along with mo-well I declare if that are little teller sint the freset child I evar seed-what, not abed yet? ah you rogue, where did you get thom are pretty. rosy choeles; stole them from mamma, ch? Well, I wish may old motber cond see that child, it is such a treat. In our comatry, said he, turaing to me, the children are all as pale as chalk, or as yoller as an
orange. Lord, that are little feller would be a show in our country-come to me my man. Here the soft sawder began to operate. Mrs. Pugwash said in a milder tone than we had yet heard, 'go my dear to the gentleman, go dear.' Mr. Slick kissed him, asked him if he would go to the States along with him, told him all the little girls there would fall in love with him, for they didn't see such a beautiful face once in a month of Sundays. Black eyes, let me see, ah mamma's eyes too, and black hair also ; as I am alive, why you are mamma's own boy, the very image of mamma. Do be seated, gentlemen, said Mrs. Pugwash-Sally make a fire in the next room. She ought to be proud of you, he continued. Well, if I live to return here, I must paint your face, and have it put on my clocks, and our folks will buy the clocks for the sake of the face. Did you ever see, said he, again addressing me, such a likeness between one human and another, as between this beautiful little boy and his mother. I am sure you have had no supper, said Mrs. Pugwash to me; you must be hungry and weary, too-I will get you a cup of tea. I am sorry to give you so much trouble, said I. Not the least trouble in the world, she replied, on the contrary a pleasure. We were then shown into the next room, where the fire was now blazing up, but Mr. Slick protested he could not proceed without the little boy, and lingered behind me to ascertain his age, and conoluded by asking the child if he had any aunts that leoked like mamma.

As the door closed, Mr. Slick said, it's a pity she don't go well in gear. The difficulty with those critters is to get them to start, arter that there is no trouble with them if you don't check'em too short. If you do,
they'll stop again, run back and kick like mad, and then Old Nick himself would'nt start 'em. Pugwash, I guess, don't understand the natur of the critter; she'll never go kind in harness for him. When I see a child, said the Clockmaker, I always feel safe with these women folk; for I have always found that the road to a woman's keart lies through her child.

You seem, said I, to understand the female heart so well, I make no doubt you are a general favorite among the fair sex. Any man, he replied, that understands horses, has a pretty considerable fair knowledge of women, for they are jist alike in temper, and require the very identical same treatment. Incourage the timid ones, be gentle and steady with the fractious, but lather the sulky ones like blazes. People talk an everlastin sight of nonsense about wine, women and horses. Pve bought and sold 'em all, F've traded in all of them, and I tell you, there aint one in a thousand that knows a grain about either on 'em. You hear folks say, oh, such a man is an ugly grained critter-he'll break his wife's heart ; jist as if a woman's heart was as brittle as a pipe stalk. The female heart, as far as my experience goes, is just like a new India Rubber Shoe; you may pull and pull at it, till it stretches out a yard long, and then let go, and it will fly right back to its old shape. Their hearts are made of stout leather, I tell you; there's a plagy sight of wear in 'em, 1 never knowed but one case of a broken heart, and that was in tother sex, one Washington Banks. He was a sneezer. He was tall enough to spit down on the heads of your grenadiers, and near about high enough to wade across Charlestown River, and as strong as a tow boat. I guess he was somewhat less than a foot
longer than the moral law and catechism too. He was a perfect pictur of a man; you could'nt falt him in no particular; he was so just a made critter; folks used to run to the winder when he passed, and say there goes Washington Banks, beant he lovely? I do believe there was'nt a gall in the Lowell factories, that warnt in love with him. Sometimes, at intermission, on Sabbath days, when they all came out together, (an amasin hansom sight too, near about a whole congregation of young galls) Banks used to say, 'I vow, young ladies, I wish I had five hundred arins to reciprecate one with each of you; but I reoken I have a heart big enough for you all; its a whapper, you maydepend, and every mite and morsel of it at your serwice.' Well, how you do act, Mr. Banks, half a thousand little clipper clapper tongues would say, all at the same time, and their dear little eyes sparklin, like so many stars twiaklin of a frosty night.

Well, when I last see'd him, he was all skin and bone, like a horse turned out to die. He was tetotally defleshed, a mere walkin skeleton. I am dreadful sorry, says I, to see you, Banks, lookin so peecked; why you look like a sick turkey hen, all legs; what on airth ails you? I am dyin, says he, of a broken hecort. What, says I, have the galls been jiltin you? No, no, says he, $I$ beant such a fool as that neither. Well, says $I_{\text {, }}$ have you made a bad speculation? No, says bej; shakin his head, I hape I have too much clear grit in me to take on so bad for that. What under the sum; is it, then? said I Why, says he, I made a bet the fore part of aummer with Leftenant Oby Knowles, that I could shoulder the best bower of the Constiation frigate. I wor my bet, but the Anecher woas se ctarnal heaty
it broke my heart. Sure enough he did die that very fall, and he was the only instance $I$ ever heerd tell of a.broken heart.

## No. XI.

Cumberland Oysters produce Melancholy Forebodings.
The 'saft saroder' of the Clockmaker had operated effectualiy on the bearty of Amherst, our lovely hostess of Pugwash's Inn : indeed, I am inelined to think, with Mr. Blick, that 'the noad to a woman's heart lies through her ehild,' from the effect produced apon her by the praises bestowed on her infant boy. I was musing on this feminine susceptibility to flattery, when the deor opened, and Mrs. Pugwash entered, dressed in ber-sweetest smiles and her best cap, an auxiliary by mo means required by her charms, which, like an Italian sky, when unchouded, are umrivalled in splendor. Approaching me, she said, with an irresistible smile, would you like Mr. -, (here there was a pause, a hiatus, evidently intended for me to fill ap with my name; but that no person knows, nor do I intend they shall; at Medley's Hotel, in Halifax, I was known as the stranger in No. 1 . The attention that incognito proeured for me, the importance it gave me in the eyes of the master of the house, its lodgers and servarts, is isdescribable. It is only great peopia. whe travel incog. State travelling is inconvemient and slow; the constant weight of form and etiquette oppresses at once the strength and the spirits. It is
pleasant to travel unobserved, to stand at ease, or exchange the full suit for the undress coat and fatigue jacket. Wherever too there is mystery there is importance; there is no knowing for whom I may be mistaken-but let me once give my humble cognomen and occupation, and I sink immediately to my own level, to a plebeian station and a vulgar name : not even my beautiful hostess, nor my inquisitive friend, the Clockmaker, who calls me 'Squire,' shall extract that secret!) Would you like, Mr. __, Indeed, 1 would, said I, Mrs. Pugwash; pray be seated, and tell me what it is. Would you like a dish of superior Shittyacks for supper? Indeed I would, said I, again laughing; but pray tell me what it is? Laws me! said she with a stare, where have you been all your days, that you never heerd of our Shittyack Oysters? I thought every body had heerd of them. I beg pardon, said I, but I understood at Halifax, that the only Oysters in this part of the world were found on the shores of Prince Edward Island. Oh ! dear no, said our hostess, they are found all along the coast from Shittyack, through Bay of Vartes, away up to Ramshag. The latter we seldom get, though the best; there is no regular conveyance, and when they do come; they are generally shelted and in kegs, and never in good order. I have not had a real good Ramshag in my house these two years, since Governor Maitland was here; he was amazin fond of them, and Lawyer Talkemdeaf sent his carriage there on purpose to procure them fresh for him. Now we can't get them, but we have the Shittyacks in perfection; say the word, and they shall be served up immediately. A good dish and an unexpected dish is most acceptable, and cer-
tainly my American friend and myself did ample jus. tice to the Oysters, which, if they have not so classicai a nazne, have quite as good a flavor as their far famed brethren of Milton. Mr. Slick eat so heartily, that when he resumed his conversation, he indulged in the most melancholy forebodings.

Did you see that are nigger, said he, that removed the Oyster shells? well, he's one of our Chesapickers, one of Generad Cuffy's slaves. I wish Admixal Cockburn had a taken them all off our hands at the same rate. We made a pretty good sale of them are black cattle, I guess, to the British; I wish we were well rid of 'em all. The Blacks and the Whites in the States show their teeth and snarl, they are jist ready to fall to. The Protestanss and Cathotics begin to lay back their ears, and turn tail for kickin. The Abolitionists and Planters are at it like two bulls in a pastur. Neb lavo ased Lynch lavo are working like yeast in a barrell, and frothing at the bung hole. Nuellification and Tariff are like a charcoal pit, all covered up, but burning inside, and sending out smoke at every crack, enough to stifie a horse. General Gowernment and State Government every now and then square off and sparr, and the first blow given will bring a gennine set-to. Surplus Revenue is another bone of manation; like a shin of beef thrown among a pack d, with set the whole on 'ena by the ears. You have heerd tell of cotton rags dipt in turpentine, hav'nt you, how they produce combustion? Well, I guess we have the elements of spontaneous combustion among us in adinudance; when it does break out, if you don't see an eruption of human gore, worse than Etna lave, then I'm mistaket. There'll be the very devil to pay, that's a fact. I ex-
pect the biacks will butcher the Southern whites, and the northerners will have to turn out and butcher them again : and all this shoot, hang, cut, stab, and burn business, will sweeten our folks' temper, as raw meat does that of a dog-it fairly makes me sick to think on it. The explosion may clear the air again, and all be tranquil once more, but its an even chance if it dont leave us the three steam boat options, to be blown sky high, to be scalded to death or drowned. If this sad picture you have drawn, be indeed true to nature, how does your country, said I, appear so attractive, as to draw to it so large a portion of our population? It tante its attraction, said the Clockmaker, its nothin but its power of suction; it is a great whirlpool-a great vortex-it drags all the straw, and chips and floatin sticks, drift wood and trash into it. The small crafts are sucked in, and whirl round and round like a squirrel in a cage-they'll never come out. Bigger ones pass through at certain times of tide, and can come in and out with good pilotage, as they do at Hell Gate up the Sound. You astonish me, said I, beyond measure; both your previous conversations with me, and the concurrent testimony of all my friends who have visited the States, give a different view of it. Your friends! said the Clockmaker, with such a tone of ineffable contempt, that Ifelt a strong inclination to knock him down for his insolence-your friends! Ensigns and leftenants, I guess, from the British marchin regiments in the Colonies, that run over five thousand miles of country in five weeks, on leave of absence, and then return, lookin as wise as the monkey that had seen the world. When they get back they are so ckock full of knowledge of the Yankees, that it runs
over of itseif, like a hogshead of molasses rolled about in hot weather-a white froth and scum bubbles out of the bung; wishy washy trash they call tours, sketches, travels, letters, and what not ; vapid stuff, jiet sweet enough to catch flies, cockroaches, and half fledged galls. It puts me in mind of my French. I larnt French at night school one winter, of our minister, Joshua Hopewell (he was the most larned man of the age, for he taught himself een amost every language in Europe); well, next spring, when I went to Boston, I met a Frenchman, and I began to jabber away French to him: 'Polly woes a french shay,' says I. I dont understand Yankee yet, says he. You dont understand! says I, why its French. I guess you didn't expect to hear such good French, did you, away down east here? but we speak it real well, and its generally allowed we speak English, too, better than the British. Oh, says he, fou one very droll Yankee, dat very good joke, Sare ; you talk Indian and call it French. But, says I, Mister Mount shear; it is French, I vow ; real merchantable, without wainy edge or shakes-all clear stuff; it will pass survey-in any market-its ready stuck and seasoned. Oh, very like, says he, bowin as polite as a black waiter at New Orleens, very like, only I never heerd it afore ; oh, very good French datclear stuff, no doubt, but I no understand-its all my fault, I dare say, Sare.

Thinks I to myself a nod is as good as a wink to a blind horse, I see how the cat jumps-Minister knows so many languages he hant been particular enough to keep 'em in separate parcels and mark 'em on the back, and they've got mixed, and sure enough I found my French was so overrun with other sorts, that it was
better to loose the whole crop than to go to weedin, for as fast as I pulled up any strange seedlin, it would grow right up agin as quick as wink, if there was the least bit of root in the world left in the ground, so I left it all rot on the field. There is no way so geod to larn French as to live among'en, and if you reant-to understand us, you must live annang us, too; yeur Halls, Hamittons, and De Rouses, and such critters, what can they know of us? Can a chap eatch a likeness flyiag along a rail road? can he even see the featurs? Old Admiral Anson once axed one of our folks afore our glorious: Revolution, (if the Britigh had a known us a little grain better at that time, they wouldnthave got whipped like a sack as they did then) where he came from. From the Chesapeeke, said be. Aye, aye, said the Admiral, from the West Indies. I guess, said the Southaner, you may have been clean round the world, Admiral, but you have beew plagy little in it, not to know better nor that. I shot a wild goose at River Philip last year, with the rice of Varginey fresh in his cropy he must have cracked on near about as fast as them other geese, the British travellers. Which know'd the most of the country they passed over, do yon suppose? I guess it was much of a much-ness-near about six of one and a half dozen of tother; two eyes aint much better than one, if they are both blind.

No, if you want to kaow all about us and the blue neses (a pretty considerable share of Yankee blood in them too, I tell you; the old stock comes frem New England, and the breed is telerable pure yet, near about one half apple sarce, and tother half nolasses, all except to the Easterd, where there if a cross of
the Scotch, jist ax me and I'll tell you cardidly. Im not one of them that can't see no good points in my neighbor's critter, and no bad ones in my own; l've seen too much of the world for that, I guess. Indeed, in a general way, I praise other folks' beasts, and keep dark about my own. Says I, when I meet Blue Nose mounted, that's a real smart horse of yourn, put him out, I guess be'll trot like mad. Well, he lets him have the spur, and the critter does his best, and then I pass him like a streak of lightning with mine. The feller looks all taken absck at that. Why, says he, that's a real clipper of yourn, I vow. Middlin, says I, (quite cool, as if I had heard that are same thing a thousand times,) he's good enough for me, jist a fair trotter, and nothin to brag of. That goes near about as far agin in a general way, as a crackin and a boastin does. Never tell folks you can go a head on'em, but do it; it spares a great deal of talk, and helps them to save their breath to cool their broth. No, if you want to know the inns and the outs of the Yankees-I've wintered them and summered them; I know all their points, shape, make and breed; I've tried 'em alongside of other folks, and I know where they fall sbort, where they mate 'em, and where they hare the advantage, about as well as some who think they know a plagy sight more. It tante them that stare the most, that see the best always, I guess. Our folks have their faults, and I know them, (I warnt born blind, I reckon,) but your friends, the tour writers, are a little grain too hard on us. Our old nigger wench had several dirty, ugly lookin children, and was proper cross to 'em. Mother used to say, 'Juno, its better never to wipe a child's nose at all, I guess, than to wring it off''

## No. XIL

The American Eagle.
Jist look out of the door, said the Clockmaker, and see what a beautiful night it is, how calm, how still, how clear it is, beant it lovely?-I like to look up at them are stars, when I ain away from home, they put me in mind of our national flag, and it is generally allowed to be the first flag in the univarse now. The British can whip all the world, and we can whip the British. Its near about the prettiest sight I know of, is one of our first class Frigates, manned with our free and enlightened citizens all ready for sea; it is like the great American Eagle, on its perch, balancing itself for a start on the broad expanse of blue sky, afeared of nothin of its kind, and president of all it surveys. It was a good emblem that we chose, warn't it? There was no evading so direct, and at the same time, so conceited an appead as this. Certainly, said I, the emblem was well chosen. I was particularly struck with it on observing the device on your naval buttons during the last war-an eagle with an anchor in its claws. That was a natural idea, taken from an ordinary occurrence : a bird purloining the anchor of a frigate-an article so useful and necessary for the food of its young. It was well chosen, and exhibited great taste and judgment in the artist. The emblem is more appropriate than you are aware of-boasting of what you cannot performgrasping at what you cannot attain-an emblem of arrogance and weakness-of ill-directed ambition and vulgar pretension. Its a common phrase, said he, (with
great composure) among seamen, to say 'damn your buttons,' and I guess its natural for you to say so of the buttons of our navals; I guess you have a right to that are oath. Its a sore subject, that, I reckon, and I believe I hadn't ought to have spoken of it to you at all. Brag is a good dog, but hold fast is a better one. He was evidently annoyed, and with his usual dexterity gave vent to his feelings, by a sally upon the blue noses, who he says are a cross of English and Yankee, and therefore first cousins to us both. Perhape, said he, that are Eagle might with more propriety have been taken off as perched on an anchor, insteed of holding it in his claws, and I think it would have been more nateral ; but I suppose it was some stiupid foreigh artist that made that are blunder, I never seed one yet that was equal to ourn. If that Eagle is represented as trying what he cant do, its an honorable ambition arter all, but these blue noses wont try what they can do. They put me in mind of a great big hulk of a horse in a cart, that wont put his shoulder to the collar at all for all the lambastin in the world, but turns hisi head round and looks at you, as much as to say, ' whiat: an everlastin hewry thing an empty cart iss isat it? An Orot should be thoir emblem, and the motto, 'He sleepo all the daye of his lifee' The whole country is like this night ; beautiful to look at, but sikent as the gravestill as death, asleep; becalmed. If the sea was al ways calm, said he, it would pyson the univarse; no soad could breaxhe the air, it would be so uricommon bed. Stagmant water: is always onploasant, bat salt watior when it gets tainted beats all natur; motien keeps it sweet and wholesorre; and that our minister used to say is one of the 'wonders of the great deep.' This
proviace is stagnant; it tante deep like still water neither, for its shaller enough, gracious knows, but it is motionless, noiseless, lifeless. If you have ever been to sea, in a calm, you'd know what a plagy tiresome thing it is for a man that's in a hurry. An everlastin flappin of the sails, and a creakin of the boombs, and an onsteady pitchin of the ship, and folks lyin about dozin away their time, and the sea a heavin a long heavy swell, like the breathin of the chist of some great monster asleep. A passenger wonders the sailors are so plagy easy about it, and he goes a lookin out east, and a spyin out west, to see if there's any chance of a breeze, and says to himself, 'Well, if this aint dull music its a pity.' Then how streaked he feels when he sees a steamboat a clippin it by him like mad, and the folks on board pokin fun at him, and askin him if he has any word to send to home. Well, he says, if any soul ever catches me on board a sail vessel again, when I can go by steam, F'll give him leave to tell me of it, that's a fact. That's partly the case here. They are becalmed, and they see us going a head on them, till we are een amost out of sight; yet they hant got a steamboat, and they hant got a rail road ; indeed, I doubt if one half on em ever see'd or heerd tell of one or tother of them. I never see'd any follsa like 'em except the Indians, and they wont even so much as look-they havn't the least morsel of curiosity in the world; from which one of our Unitarian preachers (they are dreadful hands at doubtin them. I dont doubt but some day or another, they will doubt whether every thing aint a doubt) in a very learned work, doubts whether they were ever descended from Eive at all. Old marm Eve's children, he says, are all
lost, it is said, in consequence of too much curiosity, while these copper colored folks are lost from havin too bittle. How can they be the same? Thinke I, that may be logic, old Dubersome, but it ant sense, don't extremes meet? Now these blue noses have no motion in 'em, no enterprise, no spirit, and if any critter shows ary symptoms of activity, they say he is a man of no judgment, he's speculative, he's a schemer, in short he's mad. They vegitate like a lettuce plant in sarse garden, they grow tall and. spindlin, run to seed right off, grow as bitter as gaul and die.

A gall once came to our minister to hire as a house belp ; says she, minister, I suppose you dont want a young lady to do chamber business and breed worms do you? For Pve half a mind to take a spell of livin out (she meant, said the clockmaker, house work and rearing silk worms.) My pretty maiden, says he, a pattin her on the cheek, ( for Pre often observed old men always talk kinder pleasant to young women,) my pretty maiden where was you brought up? why, says she I guess I warnt brought up at all, I growed up ; under what platform, says he, (for he was very particular that all his house helps should go to his meetin, under what Church platform? Church platform, says she, with a toss of her head, like a young colt that's got a check of the curb, I guess I warnt raised under a platform at all, but in as good a house as yourn, graand as you be-you said well said the old minister, quite: shocked when you said you growd up, dear, for your have grown up in great ignorance. Then I gaess your had better get a lady that knows more than me, says she, that's flat. I recken I am every bit and grain as goed as you be-If I dont understand a bum-byx (silk
worm) both feedin, breedin, and rearin, then I want to know who does, that's all ; church platform indeed, says she, I guess you were raised under a glass frame in March, transplanted on Independence day, warnt you? And off she sot, lookin as scorney as a London lady, and leavin the poor minister standin starin like a stuck pig. Well, well, says he, a liftin up both hands, and turnin up the whites of his eyes like a duck in thunder, if that dont bang the bush!! It fearly beats sheap shearin arter the blackberry bushes have got the wool. It does, I vow; them are the tares them Unitarians sow in our grain fields at night; I guess they'll ruinate the orops yet, and make the grounds so everlastin foul ; we'll have to pare the sod and burn it, to kill the roots. Our fathers sowed the right seed here in the wilderness, and watered it with their tears, and watched over it with fastin apd prayer, and now its fairly run out, that's a fact, I snore. Ita got choaked up with all sarts of trash in natur, I declare. Dear, dear, I vow I never seed the beat o' that in all my born days.

Now the blue noses are like that are gall; they have grown up, and grown up in ignorance of many things they hadnt ought not to know; and its as hard to reach grown up folks as it is to break a six year old horse ; and they do ryle one's temper so-they act so ugly that it tempts one sometimes to break their confounded necks-its near about as much trouble as its worth. What remedy is there for all this supineness, said I; how can these people be awakened out of their ignorant slothfulness, into active exertion? The remedy, said Mr. Blick, is at hand-it is already workin its own cure. They must recede before our free and
enlightened citizens like the Indians; our folks will buy them out, and they must give place to a more intelligent and ac-tive people. They must go to the lands of Labrador, or be located back of Canada; they ean hold on there a few years, until the wave of civilization reaches them, and then they must move again, as the savages do. It is decreed; I hear the bugle of destiny a soundin of their retreat, as plain as any thing. Congress will give them a concession of land, if they petition, away to Alleghany backside territory, and grant them relief for a few years; for we are out of debt, and dont know what to do with our surplus re venue. The only way to shame them, that I know, would be to sarve them as Uncle Enoch sarved a neigh bor of his in Varginy

There was a lady that had a plantation near hand to hisn, and there was only a small river atwixt the two houses, so that folks could hear each other talk across it. Well, she was a dreadful cross grained woman, a real catamount, as savage as a she bear that has cubs, an old farrow critter, as ugly as sin, and one that both hooked and kicked too-a most particular ommarciful she devil, that's a fact. She used to have some of her niggers tied up every day, and flogged uncommon severe, and their screams and sereeches were horridno soul could stand it ; mothin was heerd all day, but oh Lord Missus! oh Lord Missus! Enoch was fairly sick of the sound, for he was a tender hearted man, and says he to her one day, 'Now do marm find out some other place to give your cattle the cowskin, for it worries me to hear em take on so dreadful bad-I cant stand it, I vow; they are flesh and blood as well as we be, though the meat is a different color;' but it
was no good-she jist up and told him to mind him own business, and she guessed she'd mind hern. He was determined to shame her out of it ; so one mornin arter breakfast he goes into the cane field, and says he to Lavender, one of the black overseers, 'Muster up the whole gang of slaves, every soul, and bring 'em down to the whippin post, the whole stock of them, bulls, cows and calves. Well, away goes Lavender, and drives up all the niggers. Now you catch it, says he, you lazy villains; I tole you so many a time-I tole you Massa he lose all patience wid you, you good for nothin rascals. I grad, upon my soul, I werry grad; you mind now what old Lavender gay anoder time. (The black overseers are always the most cruel, said the Clockmaker; they have no sort of feeling for their own people.)

Well, when they were gathered there according to orders, they looked streaked enough you may depend, thinkin they were going to get it all round, and the wenches they fell to a cryin, wringin their hands, and boo-hooing like mad. Lavender was there with his cowskin, grinnin like a chessy cat, and crackin is about, ready for business. Pick me out, says Enoch, four that have the loudest voices; hard matter dat, says Lavender, hard matter dat, Massa, dey all talk loud, dey all lub talk more better nor work-de idle villians; better gib 'em all a little tickle, jist to teach em larf on tother side of de mouth; dat side bran new, they never use it yet. Do as I order you, Sir, said Uncle, or l'll have you triced up, you cruel old rascal you. When they were picked out and sot by themselves, they hanged their heads, and loaked like sheep goin to the shambles. Now, says Uncle Enoch, my

Pickininnies, do you sing out as loud as Niagara, at the very tip eend of your voice-

Dont kill a nigeer, pray,
Let him lib anoder day.
Oh Lord Missus-oh Lord Missus.
My back be very sore,
$\stackrel{1}{2}$
No stand it any more,
Oh Lord Missus-oh Lord Missus.
And all the rest of you join chorus, as loud as you can bawl, ' Oh Lord Missus.' The black rascals understood the joke real well. They larfed ready to split their sides; they fairly lay down on the ground, and rolled over and over with lafter. Well, when they came to the chorus 'Oh Lord Missus,' if they did'nt let go, its a pity. They made the river ring agin-they were heerd clean out to sea. All the folks ran out of the Lady's House, to see what on airth was the matter on Uncle Enoch's plantation-they thought there was actilly a rebellion there; but when they listene awhile, and heerd it over and over again, they toon the hint, and returned a larfin in their sleeves. Says. they, Master Enoch Slick, he upsides with Missus this hitch any how. Uncle never heerd any thing more of 'oh Lord Missus' arter that. Yes, they ought to be shamed out of it, those blue noses. When reason fails to convince, there is nothin left but ridicule. If they have no ambition, apply to their feelings, dap a blister on their pride, and it will do the business. Its like a . puttin ginger under a horse's tail; it makes him carry. up real handsum, I tell you. When I was a boy, I was. always late to school: well father's preachin I didn't mind much, but I never could bear to hear mother G3
say, 'Why Sam, are you actilly up for all day? Well, $I$ hope your airly risin wont hurt you, I declare. What on airth is agoin to happen now? Well, wonders will never cease. It raised my dander; at last says I, 'Now, mother, dont say that are any more for gracious sake. for it makes me feel ugly, and I'll get up as airly as any on you", and so I did, and I soon found what's worth knowin in this life, ' Inn $^{\text {airly start makes easy }}$ siages.'

No. XIII.
The Clock. sopinion of Halifax.
The next morning was warmer than several that had preceded it. It was one of those uncommonly fine days that distinguish an American autumn. I guess, said Mr. Slick, the heat to-day is like a glass of Mint Julip, with a lump of ice in it, it tastes cool and feels warm-its real good, I tell you; I love such a day as this dearly. Its generally allowed the finest weather in the world is in America-there ant the beat of it to be found anywhere. He then lighted a cigar, and throwing himself back on his chair, put both feet out of the window, and sat with his arms folded, a perfect picture of happiness. You appear, said I, to have travelled over the whole of this Province, and to have observed the country and the people with nurch attention, pray what is your opinion of the present state and future prospects of Halifax? If you will tell me, said he, when the folks there will wake up, then I can answer
you, but they are fast asleep; as to the Province, its a splendid province, and calculated to go abead, it will grow as fast as a Varginy gall, and they grow so amazin fast, if you put your arm round one of their necke to kiss them, by the time you're done, they've grown up into women. It's a pretty Province 1 tell you, good above and better below ; surface covered with pastures, meadows, woods, and a nation sight of water privileges, and under the ground full of mines-it puts me in mind of the soup at the Tree-mont House. One day I was a walkin in the Mall, and who should I meet but Major Bradford, a gentleman from Connecticut, that traded in calves and pumpkins for the Boston market. Says he, Slick, where do you get your grub to-day? At General Peep's tavern, says I; only fit for niggers, says he, why dont you come to the Tree-mont house, that's the most splendid thing its generally allowed in all the world. Why, says I, that's a notch above my mark, I guess it's too plagy dear for me, I cant afford it no how. Well, says be, its dear in one sense, but its dog cheap in another-its a grand place for speculation-there's so many rich southerners and strangers there that have more money than wit, that you might do a pretty good business there, without goin out of the street door. I made two hundred dollars this mornin in little less than half no time. There's a Carolina Lawyer there, as rich as a bank, and says he to me arter breakfast, Major, says he, I wish I knew where to get a real slapping trotter of a horse, one that could trot with a flash of lightning for a mile, and beat it by a whole neck or so. Says I, my Lord, fer you must know, he says he's the nearest male heir to a Scotch dormant peerage,) my Lord, says I, I have ope
a propor sneezer, a chap that can go ahead of a rail road steamer, a real natural traveller, one that can trot with the ball out of the small eend of a rifle, and never break into a gallop. Says he, Major, I wish you wouldnt give me that are nickrtame, I dont like it, (though he looked as tickled all the time as possible,) I never knew says he a lord that warnt a fool, that's a fact, and that's the reason I don't go ahead and claim the title. Well, says I, my Lord I dont know, but somehow I cant help a thinkin, if you have a good claim, you'd be more like a fool not to go ahead with it. Well, says he, Lord or no Lord, let's look at your horse. So away I went to Joe Brown's livery stable, at tother eend of the city, and pieked out the best trotter he had, and no great stick to brag on either; says I, Joe Brown what do you ax for that are horse? Two hundred dollars, says he ; well says I, I will take him out and try him, and if I like him I will keep him. So I shows our Carolina Lord the horse, and when he gets on him, says I, dont let him trot as fast as he can, resarve that for a heat ; if folks find out how everlastin fast be is, they'd be afeared to stump you for a start. When he returned, he said he liked the horse amazinly, and axed the price; four hundred dollars, says $I$, you cant get nothin special without a good price, pewter cases never hold good watches; I know it, says he, the horse is mine. Thinks I to myself, that's more than ever I could say of him then any how.

Well, I was goin to tell you about the soup-says the Major its near about dinner time, jist come and see how you like the location. There was a sight of folks there, gentlemen and ladies in the public room (I never eeed so many afore except at commencement day,) all
ready for a start, and when the gong sounded, off we sott like a flock of sheep. Well, if there warnt a jam you may depend-some one give me a pull, and I near abouts went heels up over head, so I reached out both hands, and caught hold of the first thing 1 could, and what should it be but a lady's dress-well, as I'm alive, rip went the frock, and tare goes the petticoat, and when I righted myself from my beam eends, away they all came home to me, and there she was, the pretty critter, with all her upper riggin standin as far as her waist, and nothin left below but a short linen under garment. If she didnt scream, its a pity, and the more she screamed the more folks larfed, for no soul could help larfin, till one of the waiters folded her up in a table cloth. What an awkward devil you be, Slick, says the Major, now that comes of not falling in first, they should have formed four deep, rear rank in open order, and marched in to our splendid national air, and filed off to their seats right and left shoulders forward. I feel kinder sorry, too, says he, for thatare young heifer, but she shewed a proper pretty leg tho Slick, didut sbeI guess you dont often get such a chance as that are. Well I gets near the Major at table, and afore me stood a china utensil with two handles, full of soup, about the size of a foot tub, with a large silver scoop in it, near about as big as a ladle of a maple sugar kettle. I was jist about bailing out some soup into my dish, when the Major said fish it up from the bottom, Slick,-well, sure enough, I gives it a drag from the bottom, and up come the fat pieces of turtle, and the thick rich soup, and a sight of little forced meat balls of the size of sheep's dung. Ne soul could tell how good it was-it was near about as handsum as father's old genuine par-
ticular cider, and that you could feel tingle clean away down to the tip eends of your toes. Now, says the Major, I'll give you, Slick, a new wrinkle on your horn. Folks aint thought nothin of unless they live at Treemont: its all the go. Do you dine at Peep's tavern every day, and then off hot foot to Treemont, and pick your teeth on the street steps there, and folks will think you dine there. I do it often, and it saves two dollars a day. Then he put his finger on his nose, and says he, "Mum is the voord." Now this Province is jist like that are soup, good enough at top, but dip down and you have the riches, the coal, the iron ore, the gypsum, and what not. As for Halifax, its well enough in itself, though no great shakes neither, a few sizeable houses, with a proper sight of small ones, Fike half a dozen old hens with their broods of young chickens; but the people, the strange critters, they are atl asleep. They walk in their sleep, and talk in their sleep, and what they say one day they forget the next, they say they were dreaming. You know where Governor Campbell lives, dont you, in a large stone house with a great wall round it, that looks like a state prison ; well, near hand there is a nasty dirty horrid lookin buryin ground there-its filled with large grave rats as big as kittens, and the springs of black water there, go through the chinks of the rocks and flow into all the wells, and fairly pyson the folks-its a dismal place, I tell you-I wonder the air from it dont turn all the silver in the Gineral's house of a brass color, (and folks say he has four cart loads of it) its so everlastin bad-its near about as nosey as a slave ship of niggers. Well you may go there and shake the folks to all etarnity and you wont wake em, I guess, and yet there ant
much difference atween their sleep and the folks at Halifax, only they lie still there and are quiet, and don't walk and talk in their sleep like them above ground.

Halifax reminds me of a Russian officer I once seed at Warsaw ; he had lost both arms in battle: but I guess I must tell you first why I went there, cause that will show you how we speculate. One Sabbath day, after bell ringin, when most of the women had gone to meetin (for they were great hands for pretty sarmons, and our Unitarian ministers all preach poetry, only they leave the ryme out, it sparkles like perry,) I goes down to East India wharf to see Captain Zeek Hancock, of Nantucket, to enquire how oil was, and if it it would bear doing any thing in ; when who should come along but Jabish Green. Slick, says he,how do you do ; isn't this as pretty a day as you'll see between this and Norfolk; it whips English weather by a long chalk; and then he looked down at my watch seale, and looked and looked as if he thought l'd stole 'em. At last he looks up, and says he, Slick, I suppose you wguld'nt go to Warsaw, would you, if it was made worph your while? Which Warsaw? says I, for 1 believe in my heart we have a hundred of them. Nome of ourn at all, says he ; Warsaw in Poland. Well, 1 don't know, says I; what do you call worth while? Six dollars a day, expenses paid, and a bonus of one thousand dollars, if speculation turns out well. I am off, says I, whenever you say go. Tuesday, says he, in the Hamburgh packet. Now, says he, I'm in a tarnation hurry; Pm goin a pleasurin to day in the Custom House Boat, along with Josiah Bradford's galls down to Nabant. But Pll tell you what I am at : the

Emperor of Russia has ordered the Poles to cut off their queus on the 1st of January ; you must buy them all up, and ship them off to London for the wig makers. Human hair is scarce and risin. Lord a massy ! says I, how queer they will look, wont they. Well, I vow, that's what the sea folks call sailing under bare Poles, come true, aint it? I guess it will turn out a good spec, says he; and a good one it did turn outhe cleared ten thousand dollars by it. When I was at Warsaw, as I was a sayin, there was a Russian officer there who had lost both his arms in battle; a good natured contented critter, as $I$ een amost ever see'd, and he was fed with spoons by his neighbors, but arter a while they grew tired of it, and I guess he near about starved to death at last. Now Halifax is like that are Spooney, as I used to call him ; it is fed by the outports, and they begin to have enough to do to feed themselveg-it must larn to live without 'em. They have no river, and no country about them; let them make a rail road to Minas Basin, and they will have arms of their own to feed themselves with. If they don't do it, and do it soon, I guess they'll get into a deeline that no human skill will cure. They are proper thin now; you can count their ribs een a most as far as you can see them. The only thing that will either make or save Halifax, is a rail road across the country to Bay of Fundy.

It will do to talk of, says one; you'll see it some day says another; yes, says a third, it will come, but we are too young yet. Our old minister had a darter, a real chever lookin gall as you'd see in a day's ride, and she had two or three offers of marriage from sponsible men-maost particular good specs-but minister
always said 'Phobe, you are too young-the day will come-but you are too young yet dear.' Well, Phœbe did'nt think so at all ; she said she guessed she knew better nor that; so the next offer she had, she said she had no notion to lose another chance-off she sot to Rhode Island and got married; says she, father's too old, he don't know. That's jist the case at Halifax. The old folks say the country is too young-the time will come, and so on; and in the mean time the young folks won't wait, and run off to the States, where the maxim is, 'youth is the time for improvement; a new country is never too young for exertion-push on-keep movin-go ahead.' Darn it all, said the Clockmaker, rising with great animation, clinching his fist, and extending his arm-darn it all, it fairly makes my dander rise, to see the nasty idle loungin good for nothin do little critters-they aint fit to tend a bear trap, I vow. They ought to be quilted round and round a room, like a lady's lap dog, the matter of two hours a day, to keep them from dyin of apoplexy. Hush, hush, said I, Mr. Slick, you forget. Well, said he, resuming his usual composure-well, it's enough to make one vexed though, I declare-is'nt it ?

Mr. Slick has often alluded to this subject, and always in a most decided manner; $I$ am inclined to think he is right. Mr. Howe's papers on the rail road I read till I came to his calculations, but I never could read figures, 'I can't cypher,' and there I paused; it was a barrier : I retreated a few paces, took a running leap, and cleared the whole of them. Mr. Slick says he has under and not over rated its advantages. . He appears to be such a shrewd, observing, intelligent man, and so perfectly at home on these subjects, that

I confess I have more faith in this humble but eccentric Clockmaker, than in any other man I have met with in this Province. I therefore pronounce 'there will be a rail road.'

No. XIV.
Sayings and doings in Cumberland.
I reckon, said the Clockmaker, as we strolled througlt Amherst, you have read Hook's story of the boy that one day asked one of his father's guests who his next door neighbor was, and when he heerd his name, asked him if he warnt a fool. No, my little feller, said he, he beant a fool, he is a most particular sensible man; but why did you ax that are question? Why, said the little boy, mother said tother day you were next door to a fool, and I wanted to know who lived next door to you. His mother felt pretty ugly, I guess, when she heerd him run right slap on that are breaker. Now these Cumberland folks have curious next door neighbors, too; they are placed by their location right atwixt fire and water; they have New Brunswick politics on one side, and Nova Scotia politics on tother side of them, and Bay Fundy and Bay Varte on tother two sides; they are actilly in hot water; they are up to their croopers in politics, and great hands for talking of House of Assembly, political Unions, and what not. Like all folks who wade so deep, they can't always tell the natur of the ford. Sometimes they strike their shins agin a snag of a rock; at other times
they go whap into a quicksand, and if they don't take special care they are apt to go souse over head and ears into deep water. I guess iffthey'd talk more of Rotations, and less of elections, more of them are Dykes, and less of Banks, and attend more to top-dressing, and less to re-dressing, it ed be better for 'em. Now you mention the subject, I think I have observed, said I, that there is a great change in your countrymen in that respect. Formerly, whenever you met an American, you had a dish of politics set before you, whether you had an appetite for it or not ; but lately I have remarked they seldom allude to it. Pray to what is this attributable? I guess, said he, they have enough of it to home, and are sick of the subject. They are eured the way our pastry cooks cure their prentices of stealing sweet notions out of their shops. When they get a new prentice they tell him he must never so much as look at all them are nice things; and if be dares to lay the weight of his finger upon one of them, they'h have him up for it before a justice; they tell him its every bit and grain as bad as stealing from a till. Well, that's sure to set him at it, just as a high fence does a breachy ox, first to look over it, and then to push it down with its rump; its human natur. Well, the boy


Well, John Adams could no more plough a straight furrow in politics than he could haul the plough himself. He might set out straight at beginnin for a little way, but he was sure to get crooked afore he got to the eend of the ridge-and sometimes he would have two or three crooks in it. I used to say to him, how on airth is it, Mr. Adams, (for he was no way proud like, though he was president of our great nation-and it is allowed to be the greatest nation in the world, too-for you might see him sometimes of an arternoon, a swimmin along with the boys in the Potomac; I do believe that's the way he larned to give the folks the dodge so spry ;) well, I used to say to him, how on airth is it, Mr. Adams, you can't make straight work on it? He was a grand hand at an excuse, (though minister used to say that folks that were good at an excuse, were seldom good for nothin else); sometimes, he said, the ground was so tarnation stony, it throwed the plough out; at other times he said the off ox was such an' ugly wilful tempered critter, there was no doin nothin with him; or that there was so much machinery about the plough, it made it plagy hard to steer; or may be it was the fault of them that went afore him, that they laid it down so bad; unłess he was hired for another term of four years, the work woald'nt look well; and if all them are excuses would'nt do, why he would take to scolding the nigger that drove the team-throw all the blame on him, and order him to have an everlastin lacin with the cowskin. You might as well catch a weazel asleép as catch him. He had somethin the matter with one eye-well, he knew I know'd that when I was a boy; so one day, a feller presented a petition to him, and he told him it was very affectin. Says he, it fairly draws tears from me,
and his weak eye took to lettin off its water like statiee; so as soon as the chap went, he winks to me with tother one, quite knowin, as much as to say, you see its all in my eye, Slick, but don't let on to any one about it, that I said so. That eye was a regular cheat, a complete New England wooden nutmeg. Folks said Mr. Adams was a very tender hearted man. Perhaps he was, but I guess that ere didn't pump its water out o' that place.

Members in general aint to be depended on, I tell you. Politics makes a man as crooked as a pack does a pedlar; not that they are so awful heavy, neither, but it teaches a man to stoop in the long run. Arter all, there's not that difference in 'em (at least there aint in Congress) one would think; for if one of them is clear of one vice, why, as like as not, he has another fault just as bad. An honest farmer, like one of these Cumberland folks, when he goes to choose atwixt two that offers for votes, is jist like the flying fish. That are little critter is not content to stay to home in the water, and mind its business, but he must try his hand at flyin, and he is no great dab at flyin, neither. Well, the moment he's out of water, and takes to flyin, the sea fowl are arter him, and let him have it; and if he has the good luck to escape them, and makes a dive
 into the sea, the dolphin, as like as not, has a dig at him, that knocks more wind out of him than he got while aping the birds, a plagy sight. I guess the blue noses know jist about as much about politics as this foolish fish knows about flyin. All critters in natur are better in their own element.

It beats cock fightin, I tell you, to hear the blue noses, when they get together, talk politics. They н3
have got three or four evil spirits, like the Irish Banshees, that they say cause all the mischief in the Pro-vince-the Council, the Banks, the House of Assembly and the Lawyers. If a man places a higher valiation on himself than his neighbors do, and wants to be a magistrate before he is fit to carry the ink horn for one, and finds himself safely delivered of a mistake, he says it is all owing to the Council. The members are cunnin critters, too ; they know this feelin, and when they come home from Assembly, and people ax 'em " where are all them are fine things you promised us?" why, they kay, we'd a had 'em all for you, but for that etarnal Council, they nullified all we did. The country will come to no good till them chaps show their respect for it, by covering their bottoms with homespun. If a man is so tarnation lazy he wont work, and in course has no money, why he says its all owin to the banks, they wont discount, there's no money, they've ruined the Province. If there beant a road made up to every citizen's door, away back to the woods (who as like as not has siquatted there) why he says the House of Assembly have voted all the money to pay great men's salaries, and there's nothin left for poor settlers, and cross roads. Well, the lawyers come in for their share of cake and ale, too; if they don't catch it, its a pity.

There was one Jim Munroe of Onion County, Connecticut, a desperate idle fellow, a great hand at singin songs, a skatin, drivin about with the galls, and so on. Well, if any body's windows were broke, it was Jim Munroe-and if there were any youngsters in want of a father, they were sure to be poor Jim's. Jist so it is with the lawyers here; they stand Godfathers for
every misfortune that happens in the country. When there is a mad dog a goin about, every dog that barks is said to be bit by the mad one, so he gets credit for all the mischief that every dog does for three months to come. So every feller that goes yelpin home from a court house, smartin from the law, swears he is bit by a lawyer. Now there may be something wrong in all these things, (and it cant be otherwise in natur) in Council, Banks, House of Assembly, and Lawyers : but change them all, and its an even chance if you dont get worse ones in their room. It is in politics as in horses; when a man has a beast that's near about up to the notch, he'd better not swap him; if be does, he's een amost sure to get one not so good as his own. My rule is, Id rather keep a critter whose faults 1 do know, than change him for a beast whose faults I dont knoro.

## No. XV.

The Dancing Master Abroad.
I wish that are black heifer in the kitchen would give over singing that are everlastin dismal tune, said the Clockmaker, it makes my head ache. You've heerd a song afore now, said he, hav'nt you, till you was fairly sick of it? for $I$ have, I vow. The last time I was in Rhode Island, (all the galls sing there, and its generally allowed there's no such singers any where; they beat the Eye-talians a long chalk-they sing so bigh
some on 'em, they go clear out o' hearin sometimes, like a lark; well, you heerd nothin but 'Oh no, we never mention her;' well, I grew so plaguy tired of it, I used to say to myself, I'd sooner see it, than heer tell of it, I vow ; I wish to gracious you 'would never mention her,' for it makes me feel ugly to hear that same thing for ever and ever and amen that way. Well, they've got a cant phrase here, 'the schoolmaster is abroad,' and every feller tells you that fifty times a day. There was a chap said to me not long ago, at Truro, Mr. Slick, this Country is rapidly improving, 'the schoolmaster is abroad now,' and he looked as knowin as though he had found a mare's nest. So I should think, said I, and it would jist be about as well, I guess, if he'd stay to home and mind his business, for your folks are so consoomedly ignorant, I reckon he's abroad een amost all his time. I hope when he returns, he'll be the better of his travels, and that's more nor many of our young folks are who go 'abroad, for they import more airs and nonsense, than they dispose of one while, I tell you-some of the stock remains on hand all the rest of their lives. There's nothin I hate so much as cant, of all kinds; its a sure sign of a tricky disposition. If you see a feller cant in religion, clap your hand into your pocket, and lay right hold of your puss, or he'll steal it as sure as you're alive; and if a man cant in politics, he'll sell you if he gets a chance, you may depend. Law and physic are jist the same, and every mite and morsel as bad. If a lawyer takes to cantin, its like the fox preachin to the geese, he'll eat up his whole congregation; and if a doctor takes to it, he's a quack as sure as rates. The Lord have massy on you, for he wont. I'd sooner trust my
chance with a naked hook any time, than one that's half covered with bad bait. The fish will sometimes swaller the one, without thinkin, but they get frightened at tother, turn tail and off like a shot. Now, to change the tune, I'll give the blue noses a new phrase. They'll have an election most likely next year, and then 'the dancin master will be abroad.' A candidate is a most purticular polite man, a noddin here, and a bowin there, and a shakin hands all round. Nothin improves a man's manners like an election. 'The Dancin Master's abroad then ;' nothin gives the paces equal to that, it makes them as squirmy as an eel, they cross hands and back agin, set to their partners and right and left in great style, and slick it off at the eend, with a real complete bow, and a smile for all the world as sweet as a cat makes at a pan of new milk. Then they get as full of compliments as a dog is full of fleas-enquirin how the old lady is to home, and the little boy that made such a wonderful smart answer, they never can forget it till next time ; a praisin a man's farm to the nines, and a tellin of him, how scandalous the road that leads to his location has been neglected, and how much he wants to find a real complete hand that can build a bridge over his brook, and axin him if he ever built one. When he gets the hook baited with the right fly, and the simple critter begins to jump out of water arter it, all mouth and gills, he winds up the reel, and takes leave, a thinkin to himself, ' now you see what's to the eend of my line, I guess I'll know where to find you when I want you.'

There's no sort of fishin requires so much practice as this. When bait is scarce one worm must answer for several fish. A handful of oats in a pan, arter it
brings one horse up in a pastur for the bridle, serves for another, a shakin of it, is better than a givin of it, it saves the grain for another time. It's a poor business arter all is electioneering, and when 'the Dancin Master is abroad,' he's as apt to teach a men to cut capers and get larfed at as any thing else. It tante every one that's soople enough to dance real complete. Politicks take a great deal of time, and grinds away a man's honesty near about as fast as cleaning a knife with brick dust, 'it takes its steel out.' What does a critter get arter all for it in this country, why nothin but expense and disappointment. As King Solomon says, (and that are man was up to a thing or two, you may depend, tho' our professor did say he warn't so knowin as Uncle Sam,) it's all vanity and vexation of spirit.

I raised a four year old colt once, half blood, a perfect pictur of a horse, and a genuine clipper, could gallop like the wind; a real daisy, a perfect doll, had an eye like a weasel, and nostril like Commodore Rodgers's speakin trumpet. Well, I took it down to the races at New York, and father he went along with me ; for says he, Sam, you don't know every thing, I guess, you hant cut your wisdom teeth yet, and you are goin among them that's had 'em through their gums this while past. Well, when we gets to the races, father he gets colt and puts him in an old waggon, with a worn out Dutch harness, and breast band; he looked like Old Nick, that's a fact. Then he fastened a head martingale on, and buckled it to the girths atwixt his fore legs. Says I, father, what on airth are you at? I vow I feel ashamed to be seen with such a catamaran as that, and colt looks like old Saytan himself-ne soul
would know him. I guess I warn't born yesterday, says he, let ine be, I know what I am at. I guess I'll slip it into 'em afore I've done as slick as a whistle. I guess I can see ad far into a mill stone as the best on 'em. Well, father never entered the horse at all, but stood by and see'd the races, and the winnin horse was followed about by the matter of two or three thousand people, a praisin of him and admirin him. They seemed as if they never had see'd a horse afore. The owner of him was all up on eend a boastin of him, and a stumpin the course to produce a horse to run agin him for four hundred dollars. Father goes up to him, lookin as soft as dough, and as meechin as you please, and says be, friend, it tante every one that has four hundred dollars-its a plaguy sight of money, I tell you; would yourun for one hundred dollars, and give me a little start? if you would, I'd try my colt out of my old waggon agin you, I vow. Let's look as your horse, says he; so away they went, and a proper sight of people arter them to look at colt, and when they see'd him they sot up such a larf, Ifelt een a most ready to cry for spite. Says I to myself, what can possess the old man to act arter that fashion, I do belheve he has taken leave of his sensea. You need'nt larf, says Father, he's smarter than he looks; our Minister's old horse, Captain Jack, is reckened as quick a beast of his age as any in our location, and that are colt can beat him for a lick of a quarter of a mile quite easy-I see'd it myself. Well, they larfed agin louder than before, and says father, if you dispute my word, try me; what odds will you give? Two to one, says the owner- 800 to 400 dollars. Well, that's a great deal of money, aint it, says father, if I was to lose
it I'd look pretty foolish, would'nt I. How folks would pass their jokes at me when I went home again. You would'nt take that are wageon and harness for fifty dollars of it, would you? sayshe. Well, says the other, sooner than disappoint you, as you seem to have set your mind on losing your money, I don't care if I do.

As soon as it was settled, father drives off to the stables, and then returns mounted, with a red silk pocket handkerchef tied round his head, and colt a looking like himself, as proud as a nabob, chock full of spring like the wire eend of a bran new pair of trowser galluses-one said that's a plaguy nice lookin colt that old feller has arter all, that horse will show play for it yet, says a third ; and I heard one feller say, I guess that's a regular yankee trick, a complete take in. They had a fair start for it, and off they sot, father took the lead and kept it, and won the race, tho' it was a pretty tight scratch, for father was too old to ride colt, he was near about the matter of seventy years old. Well when the colt was walked round after the race, there was an amazin crowd arter bim, and several wanted to buy him ; but, says father, how am I to get home without him, and what shall I do with that are waggon and harness so far as I be from Slickville. So he kept them in talk, till he felt their pulses pretty well, and at last he closed with a Southerner for 700 dollars, and we returned, having made a considerable good spec of colt. Says father to me, Sam says he, you seed the crowd a follerin the winnin horse, when we came there, did'nt you ? yes Sir, said I, I did. Well, when col beat him, no one follered him at all, but come a crowded about hin. That's popularity, said he, soon
won, soon lost-cried up sky high one minute, and deserted the next or run down ; colt will share the same fate. He'll beat afore long, and then he's done for. The multitude are always fickle minderl. Our great Washington found that out, and the British officer that beat Bounaparte, the bread they gave him turned sour afore he got half through the loaf. His soap had hardly stiffened afore it ran right back to lye and grease agin. I was sarved the same way, I liked to have missed my pension, the Committee said I warn't at Bunker's hill at all, the villans. That was a Glo--, (thinks L, old boy, if you onee get into that are field, you'll race longer than colt, a plaguy sight; you'll run clear away to the fence to the far eend afore you stop, so I jist cut in and took a hand myself,) yes, says I, you did'em father, properly, that old waggen was a bright scheme, it led 'em on till you got'em on the right spot, did'nt it? 'Says father, there's a moral Sam, in every thing in natur. Never have nothin to do with elections, you see the valy of popularity in the case of that are horse-sarve the public 999 times, and the 1000 th, if they don't agree with you, they degart and abuse you-see how they sarved old John Adaras, see how they let Jefferson starve in his old age, see how good old Munroe like to have got right iato Jail, after his term of President vies up. They, may talk of independence, says father ${ }_{2}$ but Sam, I'll tell you what independence is, and he gave his hands a slap agin his trowses pocket, and made the gold eagles he won at the race all jingle agin ; that, says he, giving them another wipe with his fist, (and winkin as much as to say do you hear that my boy) that I call independence. He was in great spirits, the old man, he was so
proud of winnin the race, and puttin the leake into the New Yorkers-he looked all dander. Let them great hungry, ill favored, long legged bitterns, says he, (only he called them by another name that don't sound quite pretty) from the outhandish states to Congress, talk about independence; but Sam, said he, (hitting' the Shiners agin till he made them dance right up an eend in his pocket) I like to feel it.

No Sam, said he, line the pocket well first, make that independent, and then the spirit will be like a horse turned out to grass in the spring, for the first time, he's all head and tail, a snortin and kickin and racin and carryin on like mad-it soon gets independent too. While it's in the stall it may hold up, and paw, and whiner, and feel as spry as any thing, but the leather strap keeps it to the manger, and the lead weight to the eend of it makes it hold down its head at last. No, says he, here's independence, and he gave the Eagles such a drive with his fist, he bust his pocket and sent a whole raft of them a spinnin down his leg to the ground-says I, father, (and I swear I could hardly keep from larfin, he looked so peskily vexed) Father, says I, I guess there's a moral in that are tooExtremes nary woay are none $o^{\prime}$ the best. Well, well, says he, (kinder snappishly) I suppose you're half right, Sam, but weve said enough about it, let's drop the subject, and see ifI have picked em all up, for my eyes are none of the best now, I'm near hand to seventy.

## No. XVL

## Mr. Slick's Opinion of the British.

What success had you, said $\mathbf{I}$, in the sale of your Clocks among the Scotch in the eastern part of the Province? do yon find them as gullible as the blue noses? Well, said he, you have heerd tell that a Yankee never answers one question, without axing another, havent you? Did you ever see an English Stage Driver make a bow? because if you hante obsarved it, I have, and a queer one it is, I swan. He brings his right arm up, jist across his face, and passes on, with a knowin nod of his head, as muck as to say, how do you do? but keep clear $\boldsymbol{o}^{\prime}$ my wheels, or Pll fetch your horses a lick in the mouthas sure as youre born; jist as a bear puts up his paw to fend off the blow of a stick from his nose. Well, that's the way I pass them are bare breeched Scotchmen. Lord, if they were located down in these here Cumberland mashes, how the musquitoes would tickle them up, would'nt they? They'd set 'em seratching thereabouts, as an Irishman does his head, when he's in sarch of a lie. Them are fellers cut their eye teeth afore they ever sot foot in this country, I expect. When they get a bawbee, they know what to do with it, that's a fact ; they open their pouch and drop it in, and its got a spring like a fox trap-it holds fast to all it gets, like grim death to a dead nigger. They are proper skin flints, you may depend. Oatmeal is no great shakes at best ; it tante even as good for a horse as real yaller Varginy corn, bat I guess I warnt long in finding out that the grite
hardly pay for the riddlin. No, a Yankee has as little chance among them as a Jew has in New England; the sooner he clears out, the better. You can no more put a leake into them, than you can send a chisel into Teake wood-it turns the edge of the tool the first drive. If the blue noses knew the value of money as well as they do, they'd have more cash, and fewer Clocks and tin reflectors, I reckon. Now, its different with the Irish; they never carry a puss, for they never have a cent to put in it. They are always in love or in liquor, or else in a row; they are the merriest shavers I ever seed. Judge Beeler, I dare say you have heerd tell of him-he's a funny feller-he put a notice over his factory gate at Lowell, ' no cigars or Irishmen admitted within these walls; for, said he, the one will set a flame agoin among my cottons, and t'other among my galls. I wont have no such inflammable and dangerous things about me on no account. When the British wanted our folks to join in the treaty to chock the wheels of the slave trade, I recolket hearin old John Adams say, we had ought to humor them; for, says he, they supply us with labor on easier terms, by shippin out the lrish. Says be, they work better, and they work cheaper, and they dont live solong. The blacks, when they are past work hang on for ever, and a proper bill of expence they be; but hot weather and new rum rub out the poor rates for tother ones. The English are the boys for tradin with; they sheliput their cash like a sheaf of wheat in frosty weather-it flies all over the thrashin floor; but then they afe a cross grained, ungainly, kicken breed of cattle, as $工$ een a most ever see'd. Whoever gave them the name of John Bull, knew
what he was about, I tell you; for they are bull-nceked, bull-headed foiks, I vow; sulky, ugly tempered, vicious critters, a pawin and a roarm the whole time, and plaguy onsafe unless well watched. They are as headstrong as mules, and as conceited as peacocks.

The astomishment with which I heard this tirade against my countrymen, absorbed every feeling of resentment. I listened with amazement at the perfect composure with which he attered it. He treated it as ohe of those self evident truths, that need neither proof nor apology, but as a thing well known and admitted by all mankind. There's no richer sight that I know of, said he, than to see one on'em when he first lands in ore of our great cities. He swells out as lig as a balloon, his skin is ready to bust with winda regular walking bag of gas; and he prances over the pavement like a bear over hot iron-a great avkward hulk of a feller, (for they aint to be compared to the French in manners) a smirkin at you, as much as to say, 'look here, Jonathan, here's an Englishman; here's a boy that's got blood as pure as a Norman pirate, and lots of the blunt of both kinds, a pocket full of one, and a mouthfull of tother; beant he lovely? and then he looks as fierce as a tiger, as much as to say, 'say boo to a goose, if you dare.' No, I believe we may stump the Univarse; we improve on every thing, and we have improved on our own species. You'll sarch one while, I teH you, afore you'll find a man that, take him by and large, is equal to one of our free and enfighterred citizens. He's the chap that has both speed, wind and bottom; he's clear gritginger to the back bone, you may depend. Its generally allowed there aint the beat of them to be found
any where. Spry as a fox, supple as an eel, and cute as a weasel. Though I say it that should'nt say it, they fairly take the shine off creation-they are actilly equal to cash.

He looked like a man who felt that he had expressed himself so aptly and so well, that any thing additional would only weaken its effect; he therefore changed the conversation immediately, by pointing to a tree at some little distance from the house, and remarking that it was the rock maple or sugar tree. Its a pretty tree, said he, and a profitable one too to raise. It will bear tapping for many years, tho' it gets exhausted at last. This Province is like that are tree, it is tapped till it begins to die at the top, and if they dont drive in a spile and stop the everlastin flow of the sap, it will perish altogether. All the money that's made here, all the interest that's paid in it, and a pretty considerable portion of rent too, all goes abroad for investment, and the rest is sent to us to buy bread. Its drained like a bog, it has opened and covered trenches all through it, and then there's others to the foot of the upland to cut off the springs. Now you may make even a bog too dry; you may take the moisture out to that degree, that the very sile becomes dust and blows away. The English funds, and our banks, rail roads, and canals, are all absorbing your capital like a spunge, and will lick it up as fast as you can make it. That very Bridge we heerd of at Windsor, is owned in New Brunswick, and will pay tole to that province. The capitalists of Nova Scotia treat it like a hired house, they wont keep it in repair ; they neither paint it to presarve the boards, nor stop a leak to keep the frame from rottin; but let it go to wrack
sooner than drive a nail or put in a pane of glass. It will sarve our turn out they say. There's neither spirit, enterprise, nor patriotism here; but the whole country is as inactive as a bear in winter, that does nothin but seroutch up in his den, a thinkin to himself, "well if I ant an unfortunate divil, it's a pity; I have a most splendid warm coat as are a gentleman in these here woods, let him be who he will ; but I got no socks to my feet, and have to sit for everlastingly a suckin of my paws to keep 'em warm; if it warn't for that, I guess, I'd make some o' them chaps that have hoofs to their feet and horns to their heads, look about them pretty sharp, I know." It's dismal now, aint it ? If I had the framin of the Governor's message, if I would'nt shew 'em how to put timber together you may depend, I'd make them scratch their heads and stare, I know. I went down to Matanzas in the Fulton Steam Boat once-well, it was the first of the kind they ever see'd, and proper scared they were to see a vessel, without sails or oars, goin right straight a head, nine knots an hour, in the very wind's eye, and a great streak of smoke arter her as long as the tail of a Comet. I believe they thought it was old Nickealive, a treatin himself to a swim. You could see the niggers a clippin it away from the shore, for dear life, and the soldiers a movin about as if they thought that we were a goin to take the whole country. Presently a ligle half starved orange-coloured looking Spanish officer, all dressed off in his livery, as fine as a fiddle, came off withimwo men in a boat to boand us. Well, we yawed once or twice, and motioned to him to keep off for fear he should get hurt ; but he came right on afore the wheel, and 1 hope I may be shot if the padde
did'nt strike the bow of the boat with that force, it knocked up the starn like a plank tilt, when one of the boys playing on it is heavier than t'other ; and chucked him right atop of the wheel house-you never see'd a feller in such a dunderment in your life. He had picked up a little English from seein our folks there so much, and when he got up, the first thing he said was, 'Damn all sheenery, I say, where's my boat?' and he looked round as if he thought it had jumped on board too. Your boat, said the Captain, why I expect it's gone to the bottom, and your men have gone down to look arter it, for we never see'd or heerd tell of one or t'other of them arter the boat was struck. Yes, I'd make 'em stare like that are Spanish officer, as if they had see'd out of their eyes for the first time. Governor Campbell did'nt expect to see such a country as this;-when he came here, I reckon; I know he did'nt. When I was a little boy, about knee high or so, and lived down Connecticut river, mother used to say, Sam, if you don't give over acting so like old Scratch, I'l send you off to Nova-Scotia as sure as you are born; I will, I vow. Well, Lord, how that are used to frighten me ; it made my hair stand right up an eend, like a cat's back when she is wrathy; it made me drop it as quick as wink-like a tin night cap put on a dipt eandle agoin to bed, it put the fun right out. Neighbour Dearborn's darter married a gentleman to Yarnouth, that speculates in the smuggim line; well, when she went on bourd to sail down to Nova-Scotia, all her folks took on as if it was a funeral ; they said she was goin to be buried alive like the nums in Portengale that get a frolickin, break out of the pastur, and race off, and get catched and brought
back agin. Says the old Colonel, her father. Deliverance, my dear, I would sooner foller you to your grave, for that would le an eend to your troubles. than to see you go off to that dismal country, that's nothin but an iceberg aground; and he howled as loud as an Irishman that tries to wake his wife when she is dead. Awful accounts we have of the country. that's a fact ; but if the Province is not so bad as they make it out, the folks are a thousand times worse. You've seen a flock of partridges of a frosty mornin in the fall, a crowdin out of the shade to a sunny spot, and huddlin up there in the warmth-well, the bluenoses have nothin else to do half the time but sun themselves. Whose fault is that? Why it's the fault of the legislature; they don't encourage internal improvement, nor the investment of capital in the country: and the result is apathy, inaction and poverty. Thev spend three months in Halifax, and what do they do? Father gave me a dollar once, to go to the fair at Härtford, and when I came back, says he, Sam, what have you got to show for it? Now I ax what have they to show for their three months' setting? They mislead folks; they make 'em believe all the use of the Assembly is to bark at Councillors, Judges, Bankers, and such cattle, to keep 'em from eatin up the crops; and it actilly costs more to feed them when they are watchin, than all the others could eat if they did break a fence and get in. Indeed some folks say they are the most breachy of the two, and ought to go to pound themselves. If their fences are good them hungry cattle could'nt break through; and if they aint, they ought to stake 'em up, and with them well ; but it's no use to make fences unless the land is cul-
tivated. If I see a farm all gone to wrack, I say here's bad husbandry and bad mamagement; and if I see a Province like this, of great capacity, and great natural resources, poverty-stricken, I say there's bad legislation. No, said he, (with an air of more seriousaess than I had yet observed,) how muck it is to be regratted, that, laysing aside personal adtacks and petty jealousies, they voould not unite as one man, and with one mind and one hoart apply themselves sedulowsly to the internal improvement and developement of this beautiful Province. Its value is attenly unknown, either to the general or lacel Government, and the only persons who duly appreciate it, are the Yankees.

No. XVII.

## A Yankee Handle for a Halifax Blade.

I met a man this mornin, said the Clock Maker, from Halifax, a real conceited lookin critter as you een a most ever seed, all shines and didos. He looked as if he had picked up his airs, arter some officer of the regilars had worn 'em out and cast 'em off. They sot on him like second hand clothes, as if they had'nt been made for him and did'nt exactly fit. He looked fine, but awkward, like a captain of militia, when he gets his uniform on, to play sodger ; a thitikin himself mighty handsum, and that all the workd is a lookin at him. He marched up and down afore the street door like a peacock, as large as life and twice as natural ; he had a riding whip in his hand and every
now and then struck it agin his thigh, as much as to say, aint that a splendid leg for a boot, now? Wont 1 astonish the Amherst folks, that's all ? thinks I you are a pretty blede, aint you? Pd like to fit a yankee handle on to you, that's a fact. When I came up, he beld up his head near about as high as a Shot factory, and stood with his fists on his hipa, and eyed me from head to feot, as a shakin quaker does a town lady : as much as to say-what a queer critter you be, that's toggery I never seed afore, you'r some carnal minded maiden, that's sartain. Well, says he to me, with the air of a man that chucks a cent into a beggar's hat, " a fine day this, Sir ;" do you actilly think so, said I? and I gave it the real Connecticut drawl. Why, said he, quite short, if I did'nt think so, I would'nt say so. Well, says I, I don't know, but if I did think so, I guess I wouldrat say so; why not? says he-because, I expeet, sayg I, any fool could see that as well as me; and then I stared at him, as much as to say, now if you like that are swap, I am ready to trade with you agin as soon as you like. Well he turned right round on his heel and walked off, a whistlin Yankee Doodle to himself. He looked jist like a man that finds whistlin a plaguy sight easier than thiakin. Presently, I heard himax the groom who that are yankee lookin feller was That, said the groom, why, I guess its Mr, Slick. Sho !! gaid he, howe you talk. What, Slick the Glockmaker, why it ant possible ; I wish 1. had a known that are afore, I declare, for I have a great curiosity to see him, folks say he is an amazin clever feller that, and he turned and stared, as if it was old Hickory himself. Then he walked round and about like a pig, round the fence of a potatoe field, a watch-
in for a chance to eut in ; so, thinks L, I'll jist give him something to talk about, when he gets back to the city, l'H fix a yankee handle on to him in no time. How's times to Halifax, Sir, said I-better, says he, much better, business is done on a surer bottom than it was, and things look bright agin ; so does a candle, says $I$, jist afore it goes out ; it burns up ever so high and then sinks right down, and leaves nothin behind but grease, and an everlastin bad smell. I guess they don't know how to feed their lamp, and it can't burn long on nothin. No, Sir, the jig is up with Halifax, and it's all their own fault. If a man sits at his door, and sees stray cattle in his field, a eatin up of his crop, and his neighbours a cartin off his grain, and won't so much as go and drive 'em out, why I should say it sarves him right. I don't exactly understand, Sir, said he-thinks $I$, it would be strange if you did, for I never see one of your folks yet that could understand a hawk from a handsaw. Well, says $I$, I will tell you what I mean-draw a line from Cape Sable to Cape Cansoo, right thro' the Province, and it will split it into two, this way, and I eut an apple into two balves; now, says I, the worst half, like the rotten half of the apple, belongs to Halifax, and the other and soand half belongs to St. John. Your side of the proyince on the sea coast is all stone-I never seed such a proper sight of rocks in my. life, it's. enough to starve a rabbit. Well, tother side on the Bay of Funday, is a superfine country, there aint the beat of it to be found any where. Now, would'nt the foths living away up to the Bay, be pretty fools to go to Halifax, when they can go to St. John with half the trouble. St. John is the natural capital of the Bay of Fundy, it will be the
largest city in America next to New York. It has an immense back country as big as Great Britain, a first chop river, and amazin sharp folks, most as cute as the yankees-it's a splendid location for business. Well, they draw all the produce of the Bay shores, and where the produce goes the supplies returnit will take the whole trade of the Province ; I guess your rich folks will find they've burnt their fingers, they've put their foot in it, that's a fact. Heuses with out tenants-wharves without shipping, a town without people-what a grand investment!! If you have any loose dollars, let 'em out on mortgage in Halifax, that ${ }^{\text {W }}$ the security-keep clear of the country for your life-the people may run, but the town can't. No, take away the troops, and you're done-you'll sing the dead march folks did at Louisburg and Shelburne. Why you hant got a single thing worth havin, but a good harbor, and as for that the coast is full on 'em. You hav'nt a pine log, a spruce board or a refuse shingle; you neither raise wheat, oats, or hay, nor never can; you have no staples on airth, unless it be them iron ones for the padlocks, in Bridewell-you've sowed pride and reaped poverty, take care of your crop, for it's worth harvestin-you have no River and ne Country, what in the name of fortin have you to trade on? But, said he, (and he shewed the whites of his eyes like a wall eyed horse) but, said he, Mr. Slick, how is it then, Hadifax ever grew at all, has'nt it got what it always had ; it's no worse than it was. I guess, said I, that pole aint strong enough to bear you, neither; if you trust to that yeu'll be into the brook, as sure as you are born ; you once had the trade of the whole Prowince, but St. John has run off with that now-you've
lost all but your trade in blue berries and rabbits with the niggers at Hammond Plains. You've lost your customers, your rivals have a better stand for.business-they've got the corner store-four great streets meet there, and its near the market slip.

Well he stared ; says he, I believe you're right, but I never thought of that afore; (thinks 1, nobody ever suspect you of the trick of thinkin that ever I heer'd tell of) some of our great men, said he, laid it all to your folks selling so many Clocks and Polyglot Bibles, they say you have taken off a horrid sight of money ; did they, indeed, said I; well, I guess it tante pins and needles that's the expense of house-keepin, it is something more costly than that. Well, some folks say its the Banks, says he ; better still, says I, perhaps you've hearn tell too that greasing the axle, makes a gig harder to draw, for there's jist about as much sense in that. Well then, says he, others say its smugglin has made us so poor. That guess, said I, is most as good as tother one, whoever found out that secret ought to get a patent for it, for its worth knowin. Then the country has grown poorer, has'nt it, because it has bought cheaper this year, than it did the year before? Why, your folks arecute chaps, I vow ; they'd puzzle a Philadelphia Lawyer, they are so amazin knowin. Ah, said he, and he rubb'd his hands and smiled like a young doctor, when he gets his first patient ; ah, said he, if the timber duties are altered, down comes St . Jolan, body and breeches, it's built on a poor foundation -its all sbow-they are speculatin like mad-they'll ruin themselves. Says I, if you wait till they're dead, for your fortin, it will be one while, I tell you, afore you pocket the shiners, Its no joke waitin for a dead
man's shoes. Suppose an old feller of 80 was to say when that are young feller dies, l'm to inherit his property, what would you think? Why, I guess you'd think he was an old fool. No Sir, if the English don't want their timber we do want it all, we have used ourn up, we hant got a stick even to whittle. If the British dont offer we will, and St. John, like a dear little weeping widow, will dry up her tears, and take to frolickin agin and accept it right off. There is'nt at this moment such a location hardly in America, as St. John; for beside all its other advantages, it has this great one, its only rival, Halifax, has got a dose of opium that will send it snoring out of the world, like a feller who falls asleep on the ice of a winter's night. It has been asleep so long, I actilly think it never will wake. Its an easy death too, you may rouse them up if you like, but I vow I wont. I once brought a feller too that was drowned, and one night he got drunk and quilted me, I could'nt walk for a week; says I, your the last chap Ill ever save from drowning in all my born days, if that's all the thanks I get for it. No Sir, Halifax has lost the run of its custom. Who does Yarmouth trade with? St. John. Who does Annapotis County trade with ? St. John. Who do all the folks on the Basin of Mines, and Bay shore, trade with? St. John. Who does Cumberland trade with? St. John. Well Pictou, Lunenburg and Liverpool, supply themselves, and the rest that aint worth havin, trade with Halifax. They take down a few half starved pigs, old viteran geese, and long legged fowls, some ram mutton and tuf beef, and swap them for tea, sugar, and such little notions for their old women to home; while the rail roads and canals of St . John are goin to cut off your

Gulf Shore trade to Miramichi, and along there. Flies live in the summer and die in winter, you're jist as noisy in war as those little critters, but you sing small in peace.

No, your done for, you are up a tree, you may depend ; pride must fall. Your town is like a ball room arter a dance. The folks have eat, drank, and frolicked, and left an empty house ; the lamps and hangings are left, but the people are gone. Is there no remedy for this? said he, and he looked as wild as a Cherokee Indian. Thinks $I$, the handle is fitten on proper tight now. Well, says I, when a man has a cold, he had ought to look out pretty sharp, afore it gets seated on his lungs; if he don't, he gets into a gallopin consumption, and it's gone goose with him. There is a remedy, if applied in time : make a rail road to Minas Basin, and you have a way for your customers to get to you, and a conveyance for your goods to them. When I was in New York last, a cousin of mine, Hezekiah Slick, said to me, I do believe Sam, I shall be ruined ; Pve lost alt my custom, they are widening and improving the streets, and there's so many earts and people to work in it, folks can't come to my shop to trade, what on airth shall I da, and I'm payin a dreadful high rent too? Stop Ki , says I , when the street is all finished off and slicked up, they'll all come back agin, and a whole raft more on 'em te0, you'll sell twice as much as ever you did, you'll pus off a proper swad of goods next year, you may depend; and so he did, he made money, hand over hand. A rail-road will bring back your customers, if done right off; but wait till trade has made new channels, and fairly gets settled in them, and you'll never divart it agin to all
etamity. When a feller waits till a gall gets married, I guess it will be too late to pop the question then. St. John must go ahead, at any rate; you may, if you choose, but you must exert yourselves I tell you. If a man has only one leg, and wants to walk, he must get an artifirial one. If you have no river, make a rail road, and that will supply its place. But, says he, Mr. Slick, people say it never will pay in the world ; they say its as mad a scheme as the canal. Do they indeed, says I, send them to me then, and I'll fit the handle on to them in tu tu's. I say it will pay, and the best proof is, our folks will take tu thirds of the stock. Did you ever hear any one else but your folks, ax whether a dose of medicine would pay when it was given to save life? If that everlastin long Erie canal can secure to New York the supply of that far off country, most tother side of creation, surely a rail road of 45 miles can give you the trade of the Bay of Fundy. A rail road will go from Halifax to Windsor and make them one town, easier to send goods from one to tother, than from Governor Campbell's House to Adiniral Cockburn's. A bridge makes a town, a river makes a town, a canal makes a town, but a rail road is bridge, river, theroughfare, canal, all in one; what a wappin large place that would make, would'nt it? It weuld be the dandy, that's a fact. No, when you ge back, take a piece of chalk, and the first dark night, write on every door in Halifax, in large letters-a rail road-and if they dont know the meanin of it, says you its a yankee word; if you'll go to Sam Slick, the Clockmaker, (the chap that fixed a Yankee handle on to a Halifax blade, and I made him a serape of my leg, as much as to say, that's you,) every man that buys a Clock shall hear all about a Rail Road.

## No. XVIII. The Grahamite and the Irish Pilot.

I think, said I, this is a happy country, Mr. Slick. The people are fortunately all of one origin, there are no national jealousies to divide, and no very violent politics to agitate them. They appear to be cheerful and contented, and are a civil, good natured, hospitable race. Considering the unsettled state of almost every part of the world, I think I would as soon cast my lot in Nova-Scotia as in any part I know of. Its a clever country, you may depend, said be, a very clever country; full of mineral wealth, aboundin in superior water privileges and noble harbors, a large part of it prime land, and it is in the very heart of the fisheries. But the folks put-me in mind of a sect in our country they call the Grahamites-they eat no meat and no exciting food, and drink nothin stronger than water. They call it Philosophy (and that is such a pretty word it has made fools of more folks than them afore now, but I call it tarnation nonsense. 1 once travelled all through the State of Maine with one of them are chaps. He was as thin as a whippin post. His skin looked like a blown.bladder arter some of the air had leaked out, kinder wrinkled and rumpled like, and his eye as dim as a lamp that's livin on a short allowance of ile. He put me in mind of a pair of kitchen tongs, all legs, shaft and head, and no belly; a real gander gutted lookin critter, as holler as a bamboo walkin cane, and twice as yaller. He actilly looked as if he had been picked off a rack at sea, and dragged through a gimlet
hole. He was a lawyer. Thinks I, the Lord a massy on your clients, you hungry half starved tookin critter, you, you'll eat em up alive as sure as the Lord made Moses. You are just the chap to strain at a gnat and swallow a camel, tank, shank and flank, all at a gulp. Well, when we came to an inn, and a beef steak was sot afore us for dinner, he'd say : oh that is too good for me, its too exciting, all fat meat is diseased meat, give me some bread and cheese. Well, I'd say, I dont know what you call too good, but it tante good enough for me, for I call it as tuf as laushong, and that will bear chawing all day. When I liquidate for my dinner, I like to get about the best that's goin, and I ant a bit too well pleased if I dont. Exciting indeed ! ! thinks I. Lord, I should like to see you excited, if it was only for the fun of the thing. What a temptin lookin critter you'd be among the galls, would'nt you? Why, you look like a subject the doctor boys had dropped on the road arter they bad dug you up, and had cut stick and run for it. Well, when tea came, be said the same thing, it's too exciting, give me some water, do ; that's follorin the law of natur. Well, says I, if that's the case, you ought to eat beef; why, says he, how do you make out that are proposition? Why, says I, if drinkin water instead of tea is natur, so is eatin grass accordin to natur ; now all flesh is grass, we are told, so ' you had better eat that and call it vegetable ; like a man I once seed who fasted on fish on a Friday, and when he had nore, whipped a leg o' mutton into the oven, and took it out fish, says he it's " changed plaice," that's all, and "plaice" aint a bad fish. The Catholics fast enough, gracious knows, but then they fast on a great rousin big splendid salmon at two dollars and
forty cents a pound, and lots of old Madeira to make it float light on the stomach; there's some sense in mortifying the appetite arter that fashion, but plagy iittle in your way. No, says I, friend, you may talk about natur as you please, I've studied natur all my life, and I vow if your natur could speak out, it would tell you, it dont over half like to be starved arter that plan. If you know'd as much about the marks of the mouth as I do, you'd know that you have carniverous as well as graniverous teeth, and that natur meant by that, you should eat most any thing that are door-keeper, your nose, would give a ticket to, to pass into your mouth. Father rode a race at New York course, when he was near hand to seventy, and that's more nor you'll do, I guess, and he eats as hearty as a turkey cock, and he never confined himself to water neither, when he could get anything convened him better. Says he, Sam, grandfather Slick used to say there was an old proverb in Yorkshire "a full belly makes a strong back," and I guess if you try it, natur will tell yeu so too. If ever you go to Connnecticut, jist call into father's, and he'll give you a real right down genuine New England breakiast, and if that dont happify your heart, then my name's not Sam Slick. It will make you feel about among the stiffest, I tell you. It will blow your jacket out like a pig at sea. You'll have to shake a reef or two out of your waistbans and make good stowage, I guess, to carry it all under hatches. There's nothin like a good pastur to cover the ribs, and make the hide shine, depend on't.

Now this Province is like that are Grahamitelawyer's beef, its too good for the folks that's in it ; they either dont avail its value or wont use it, because work ant
arter their "law of natur." As you say they are quiet enough (there's worse folks than the blue noses, too, if you come to that,) and so they had ought to be quiet for they have nothin to fight about. As for politics, they have nothin to desarve the name, but they talk enough about it, and a plaguy sight of nonsense they do talk too. Now with us the country is divided into two parties, of the mammouth breed, the ins and the outs, the administration and the opposition. But where's the administration here? Where's the war office, the Foreign Office and the Home Office? where's the Secretary of the Navy? where the State Bank? where's the Ambassadors and Diplomatists (them are the boys to wiad off a snarl of ravellins as slick as if it were on a reel) and where's that Ship of State, fitted up all the way from the foreeastle clean up to the starn post, chock full of good snug berths, handsumly found and furnished, tier over tier, one above another, as thick as it can hold? That's a helm worth handlen, I tell you; I dont wonder that folks mutiny below and fight on the decks above for it-it makes a plaguy uproar the whole time, and keeps the passengers for everlastinly in a state of alarm for fear they'd do misehif by bustin the byler, a runnin aground, or gettin foul of some other craft. This Province is better as it is, quieter and happier far; they have berths enough and big enough, they should be careful not to increase 'em ; and if they were to do it over agin, perhaps they'd be as well with fewer. They have two parties here, the Tory party and the Opposition party, and both on em run to extremes. . Them radicals, says one, are for levelin all down to their own level, tho' not a peg lower ; that's their gage, jist down to their own notch and no fur-
ther ; and they'd agitate the whole country to obtain that object, for if a man can't grow to be as tall as his neighbor, if he cuts a few inches off him why then they are both of one heighth. They are a most dangerous, disaffected people-they are etarnally appealin to the worst passions of the mob. Well, says tother, them aristocrats, they'll ruinate the country, they spend the whole revenu on themselves. What with Bankers, Councillors, Judges, Bishops and Public Officers, and a whole tribe of Lawyers as hungry as hawks, and jist about as marciful, the country is devoured as if there was a flock of locusts a feedin on it. There's nothin left for roads and bridges. When a chap sets out to canvass, he's got to antagonise one side or tother. If he hangs on to the powers that be, then he's a Council man, he's for votin large salaries, for doin as the great people at Halifax tell him. He is a fool. If he is on tother side, a railin at Banks, Judges, Lawyers and such cattle, and baulin for what he knows he can't get, then he is a rogue. So that, if you were to listen to the weak and noisy critters on both sides, you'd believe the House of Assembly was one half rogues and tother half fools. All this arises from ignorance. If they knew more of each other, 1 guess they'd lay aside one halftheir fears and all their abuse. The upper classes don't know one half the virtue that's in the middlin and lower classes; and they don't know one half the integrity and good feelin that's in the others, and both are fooled and gulled by their own noisy and designin champions. Take any two men that are by the ears, they opinionate all they hear of each other, impute all sorts of onworthy motives, and misconstrue every act ; let them see more of each other, and they'll find out to their sur-
prise, that they have not only been lookin thro' a magnifyin glass, that warnt very true, but a coloured one also, that changed the complexion and distorted the featurs, and each one will think tother a very good kind of chap ; and like as not a plaugy pleasant one too.

If I was axed which side was farthest from the mark in this Province, I vow I should be puzzled to say. As I dont belong to the country, and dont care a snap of my finger for either of 'em, I suppose $I$ can judge better than any man in it, but I snore I dont think there's much difference. The popular side (I wont say patriotic, for we find in our steam boats a man who has a plaguy sight of property in his portmanter, is quite as anxious for its safety, as him that's only one pair of yarn stockings and a clean shirt, is for hisn) the popular side are not so well informed as tother, and they have the misfortin of havin their passions addressed more than their reason, therefore they are often out of the way, or rather led out of it and put astray by bad guides; well, tother side have the prejudices of birth and education to dim their vision, and are alarmed to undertake a thing from the dread of ambush or open foes, that their guides are etarnally descryin in the mist -and beside, power has a nateral tendency to corpulency. As for them guides, I'd make short work of 'em if it was me. In the last war with Britain, the Constitution frigate was close in once on the shores of Ireland, a lookin arter some marchant ships, and she took on board a pilot ; well, he was a deep, sly, twistical lookin chap, as you een amost ever seed. He had a sort of dark down look about him, and a lear out of the corner of one eye, like a horse that's goin to kick. The captain guessed he read in his face " well now, if I
was to run this here yankee right slap on a rock and bilge her, the King would make a man of me forever." So, says he to the first leftenant, reeve a rope thro' that are block at the tip eend of the fore yard, and clap a runnin nuse in it. The leftenant did it as quick as wink, and came back, and says he, I guess it's done. Now says the captain, look here, pilot, here's a rope you hant seed yet, I'll jist explain the use of it to you in case you want the loan of it. If this here frigate, manned with our free and enlightened citizens, gets aground, Fll give you a ride on the slack of that are rope, right up to that yard by the neck, by Gum. Well, it rub'd all the writin out of his face, as quick as spittin on a slate takes a sum out, you may depend. Now, they should rig up a crane over the street door of the State house at Halifax, and when any of the pilots at either eend of the buildin, run 'em on the breakers on purpose, string em up like an onsafe dog. A sign of that are kind, with " a house of publie entertainment," painted under it, would do the business in less than no time. If it would'nt keep the hawks out of the poultry yard, it's a pity-it would scare them out of a year's growth, that's a fact-if they used it once, I guess they would'nt have occasion for it agin in a hurry-it would be like the Aloe tree, and that bears fruit only once in a hundred years. If you want to know how to act any time, squire, never ge to books, leave them to galls and school boys; but go right off and cypher it out of natur, that's a sure guide, it will never deceived you, you may depend: For instance, "whaf's that to me," is a phrase so common that it shows it's a natural one, when people have no particular interest in a thing. Well, when a feller gets so warm on either side as ne-
ver to use that phrase at all, watch him, that's all : keep your eye on him, or he'll walk right into you afore you know where you be. If a man runs to me and says, "your fence is down," thank you, says 1, that's kind-if heromes agin and says, "I guess some stray cattle have broke into your short sarce garden," I thank him again ; says I, come now, this is neighborly; but when he keeps etarnally tellin me this thing of one sarvant, and that thing of another sarvant, hints that my friends ant true, that my neighbors are inclined to take advantage of me, and that suspicious folks are seen about my place, I say to myself, what on airth makes this critter take ach a wonderful interest in my affairs? I dont like to hear such tales-he's arter somethin as sure as the world, if he war'nt he'd say, "what's that to me." I never believe much what I hear said by a man's violent friend, or violent enemy, I want to hear what a disinterested man has to saynow, as a disinterested man, 1 say if the members of the House of Assembly, instead of raisin up ghosts and hobgoblins to frighten folks with, and to shew what swordsmen they be, a cuttin and a thrustin at phantoms that only exist in their own brains, would turn to, heart and hand, and develope the resources of this fine country, facilitate the means of transport-promote its internal improvement, and encourage its foreign trade, they would make it the richest and greatest, as it now is one of the happiest sections of all America-I hope I may be skinned if they wouldint-they scould Iswan.

## No. XIX.

## The Clockmaker quilts a Blue Nose.

The descendants of Eve have profited little by her example. The curiosity of the fair sex is still insatiable, and, as it is often ill directed, it frequently terminates in error. In the country this feminine propensity is troublesome to a traveller, and he who would avoid importunities, would do well to announce at once, on his arrival at a Cumberland Inn, his name and his business, the place ol his abode and the length of his visit. Our beautiful hostess, Mrs. Pugwash, as she took her seat at the breakfast table this morning, exhibited the example that suggested these reflections. She was struck with horror at our conversation, the latter part only of which she heard, and of course misapplied and misunderstood. She was run down by the President, said I, and has been laid up for some time. Gulard's people have stripped her, in consequence of her making water so fast. Stripped whom? said Mrs. Pugwash, as she suddenly dropped the teapot from her hand; stripped whom,-for heaven's sake tell me who it is? The Lady Ogle, said I. Lady Ogle, said she, how horrid! Two of her ribs were so broken as to require to be replaced with new ones. Two new ribs, said she, well I never heer'd the beat of that in all my born days; poor critter, how she must have suffered. On examining her below the waist they found-Examining her still lower, said she (all the pride of her sex revolting at the idea of such an indecent exhibition,) you don't pretend to say they stripped
her below the waist; what did the Admiral say? Did he stand by and see her handled in that way? The Admiral, madam, said I, did not trouble his head about it. They found her extremely unsound there, and much worm eaten. Worm eaten, she continued, how awful! it must have been them nasty jiggers, that got in there; they tell me they are dreadful thick in the West Indies; Joe Crow had them in his feet, and lost two of his toes. Worm eaten, dear, dear! ! but still that aint so bad as having them great be fellows strip one. I promise you if them Gulards had undertaken to strip me, I'd a taught them different guess manners; I'd a died first before I'd a submitted to it. I always heerd tell the English quality ladies were awful bold, but I never heerd the like $o$ ' that.

What on airth are you drivin at? said Mr. Slick. I never seed you so much out in your latityde afore, marm, I vow. We were talking of reparin a vessel, not strippin' a woman, what under the sun could have put that are crotchet into your head? She looked mortified and humbled at the result of her own absurd curiosity, and soon quitted the room. I thought I should bave snorted right out two or three times, said the Clockmaker ; I had to pucker up my mouth like the upper eend of a silk puss, to keep from yawhawin in her face, to hear the critter let her clapper run that fashion. She is not the first hand that has caught a lobster, by puttin in her oar afore her turn, I guess. She'll mind her stops next hitch, I reckon. This was our last breakfast at Amherst.

An early frost that smote the potatoe fields, and changed the beautiful green color of the Indian corn into shades of light yellow, and dark brown, reminded
me of the presence of autumn-of the season of short days and bad roads, I determined to proceed at once to Parrsboro, and thence by the Windsor and Kentville route to Annapolis, Yarmouth, and Shelburne, and to return by the shore road, hirough Liverpool and Lunenlurg to Halifax.' I therefore took leave, (though not without mueh reluctance) of the Clockmaker, whose intention had been to go to Fort Lawrence. Well, said he, I vow I am sorry to part company along with you; a considerable long journey like ourn, is like sitting up late with the galls, a body knows its getting on pretty well towards mornin, and yet feels loth to go to bed, for its just the time folks grow sociable.

I got a scheme in my head, said he, that I think will answer both on us; I got debts due to me in all them are places for Clocks sold by the concarn, now suppose you leave your horse on these mashes this fall, he'll get as fat as a fool, be wont be able to see out of his eyes in a month, and I'll put "Old Clay," (I call him Clay arter our senator, who is a prime bit of stuff) into a Yánkee waggon $I$ have here, and drive you all round the coast. This was too good an offer to be declined. A run at grass for my horse, an easy and comfortable waggon, and a guide so original and amusing as Mr. Slick, were either of them enough to induce my acquiescence.

As soon as we had taken our seats in the waggon, he observed, we shall progress real handsum now; that are horse goes etarnal fast, he near about set ny axle on fire twice. He's a spanker you may depend. I had him when he was a two year ofd, all legs and tail, like a devil's darnin needle, and had him broke on
purpose by father's old nigger, January Snow. He knows Euglish real well, and can do near about any thing but speak it. He helped me once to ginn a blie nose a proper handsum quiltin. He must have steod a poor chance indeed, said I, a horse kickin, and a man striking him at the same time. Oh! not arter that pattern at all, said he, Lord if "Old Clay" had a kicked him, he'd a smashed him like that are sarcer you broke at Pugnose's inn, into ten hundred thousand million flinders. Oh ! no, if I did'nt fix his flint for him in fair play it's a pity. I'll tell you how it was. I was up to Truro, at Ezra Whitter's Inn. There was an arbitration there atween Deacon Text and Deacon Faithful. Well, there was a nation sight of folks there, for they said it was a biter bit, and they came to witness the sport, and to see which critter would get the ear mark.

Well, I'd been doin a little business there among the folks, and had jist sot off for the river, mounted on "Old Clay," arter takin a glass of Ezra's most particutar handsum Jamaiky, and was trottin off pretty slick, when who should I run agin but Tim Bradley. He is a dreadful ugly cross grained critter, as you een amost ever seed, when he is about half shaved. Well, I stopped short, and says I, Mr. Bradley, I hope you beant hurt ; I'm proper sorry I run agin you, you cant feel uglier than I do about it, I do assure you. He called me a yankee pedlar, a cheatin vagabond, a wooden nutmeg, and threw a good deal of assorted hardware of that kind at me ; and the crowd of folks cried out, down with the Yankee, let him have it Tim, teach him better manners ; and they carried on pretty high, I tell you. Well, I got my dander up too, I felt all up on eend like; and, thinks I to myself, my lad if I get a clever

where you be and let me go, for I am proper tired; I blow like a horse that's got the heaves; and besides, says I, I guess you had better wash your face, for I am most a feared you hurt yourself. That ryled him properly; I meant that it should; so be ups and at me awful spiteful like a bull; then I lets him have it, right, left, right, jist three corkers, beginning with the right hand, shifting to the left, and then with the right hand agin. This way I did it, said the Clockmaker, (and he showed me the manner in which it was done) its a beautiful way of hitting, and always does the busi-ness-a blow for each eye and one for the mouth. It sounds like ten pounds ten on a blacksmith's anvil; I bunged up both eyes for him, and put in the dead lights in two tu's, and drew three of his teeth, quicker a plaguy sight than the Truro doctor could, to save his soul alive. Now, says I, my friend, when you recover your eye-sight I guess you'll see your mistakeI warnt born in the woods to be scared by an owl. The next time you feel in a most particular elegant good humour, come to me and Ill play you the second part of that identical same tune, that's a fact. With that, I whistled for old Clay, and back he comes, and I mounted and off, jist as the crowd came up. The folks looked staggered, and wondered a little grain how it was done so cleverly in short metre. If I did'nt quilt him in no time, you may depend; I went right slap into him, like a flash of lightning into a gooseberry bush. He found his suit ready made and fitted afore he thought he was half measured. Thinks I, friend Bradley, I hope you know yourself now, for 1 vow no livin soul would; your swallowed your soup without
singin out scaldins, and your near about a pint and a half nearer cryin than larfin.
Yes, as I was sayin, this " old Clay" is a real knowin one, he's as spry as a colt yet, clear grit, ginger to the back bone; I cant help a thinkin sometimes the breed must have come from old Kentuck, half horse, half alligator, with a cross of the airth-quake.
I hope I may be tetotally ruinated, if I'd take eight hundred dollars for him. Go ahead, you old clinker built villain, said he, and show the gentleman how wonderful handsum you can travel. Give him the real Connecticut quick step. That's it-that's the way to carry the President's message to Congress, from Wushington to New York, in no time-that's the go to carry a gall from Boston to Rhode Island, and trice her up to a Justice to be married, afore her father's out of bed of a summer's mornin. Aint he a beauty? a real doll? none of your Cumberland critters, that the more you quilt them, the more they wont go ; but a proper one, that will go free gratis for nothin, all out of his own head volunterrily. Yes, a horse like " Old Clay," is worth the whole seed, breed and generation, of them Amherst beasts put together. He's a horse, every inch of him, stock, lock, and barrel, is Old Clay.

## No. XX. <br> Sister Sall's Courtship.

There goes one of them are everlastin rottin polcs in that bridge; they are no better than a trap for a critter's leg, said the Clockmaker. They remind me
of a trap Jim Munroe put his foot in one night, that near about made one leg half a yard longer than tother. I believe I told you of him, what a desperate idle feller he was-he came from Onion County in Connecticut. Well, he was courtin Sister Sall-she was a real handsum lookin gall ; you scarce ever seed a more out and out complete crifter than she was-a fine figur head, and a beautiful model of a craft as any in the state : a•real clipper, and as full of fun and frolick as a kitten. Well he fairly turned Sall's bead ; the more we wanted her to give him up the more she would'nt, and we got plaguy oneasy about it, for his character was none of the best. He was a univarsal favorite with the galls, and tho' he did'nt lehave very pretty neither, forgetting to marry where he promised, and where he had'nt ought to have forgot too ; yet, so it was, he had such an uncommon winnin way with hinf, he could talk them over in no time-Sall was fairly bewitched. At last, Father said to him one evening when he came a courtin, Jim, says he, you'll never come to no good, if you act like old Scratch as you do ; you aint fit to come into no decent man's house at all, and your absence woald be ten times more agreeable than your company, I tell, you. I won't consent to Sall's goin to them are but kin parties and quiltin frolics along with you ne more, on no account, for you know how Polly Brown and Nancy White -. Now don't, says he, now don't, Uncle Sam ; say no more about that ; if you knowed all you would'nt say it was my fault ; and besides, I have turned right about, I am on tother tack now, and the long leg, too; I am as steady as a pump bolt now. I intend to settle myself and take a farm-yes
yes, and you could stock it too, by all accounts, pretty well, unless you are much misreported, says Father, but it won't do. I knew your father; he was our Sargeant, a proper clever and brave man he was too; he was one of the heroes of our glorioas revolution. I had a great respect for him, and I am sorry for his sake you will act as you do; but I tell you once for all you must give up all thoughts of Sall, now and for everlastin. When Sall heerd this, she began to nit away like mad in a desperate hurry-she looked foolish enough, that's a fact. First she tried to bite in her breath, and look as if there was nothin particular in the wind, then she blushed all over like scarlet fever, but she recovered that pretty soon, and then her colour went and came, and cance and went, till at last she grew as white as chalk, and down she fell slap off her seat on the floor, in a faintin fit. I see, says father, I see it now, you etarnal villain, and he made a pull at the old fashioned sword, that always hung over the fire place, (we used to call it old Bunker, for his stories always begun, "when I was at Bunker's hill,") and drawing it out, he made a clip at him as wicked as if he was stabbing at a rat with a hay fork; but Jim he outs of the door like a shot, and draws it too arter him, and father sends old Bunker right through the panel. Pll chop you up as fine as mince meat, you villain, said he, if ever I catch you inside my door agin ; mind what I tell you, "you'll swoing for it yet." Well, he made himself considerable scarce arter that, he never sot foot inside the door agin, and I thought he had ginn up all hopes of Sall, and she of him ; when one night, a most particular uncommon dark night, as I was a comin home from neighbor Dearborne's, I beerd
some one a talkin under Sall's window. Well, I stops and listerrs, and who should be near the ash saplin, but Jim Munroe, a tryin to persuade Sall to run off with him to Rhode Island to be married. It was all settled, he should come with a horse and shay to the gate, and then help her out of the window, jist at nine o'clock, about the tirne she commonly went to bed. Then he axes her to reach down her hand for him to kiss, (for he was proper clever at soft sawder) and she stretches it down and he kisses it ; and, says he, I believe I must have the whole of you out arter all, and gives her a jirk that kinder startled her; it came so sudden like it made her scream; so off he sot hot foot, and over the gate in no time.

Well, I cyphered over this all night, a calculatin how I should reciprocate that trick with him, and at last I hit on a scheme. I recollected father's words at partin, " mind what I tell you, you'll swoing for it yet "" and thinks I, friend Jim, I'll make that prophecy come true yet, I guess. So the next night, jist at dark, I gives January Snow, the old nigger, a nidge with my elbow, and as soon as he looks up, I winks and walks out and he arter me-says I, January cen you keep your tongue within your teeth, you old nigger you? Why massa, why you ax that are question? my Gor Ormity, you tink old Bnow he dont know dat are yet; my tongue he got plenty room now, debil a tooth left, he can stretch out ever so far ; like a little leg in a big bed, he lay quiet enough, Massa, neber fear. Well, then, says I, bend down that are ash saplin softly, you old Snowball, and make no noise. The saplin was no seoner bent than secured to the ground by a notched peg and a noose, and a slip knot was suspended from the tree,
jist over the track that led from the pathway to the house. Why, my Gor, massa, that's a -. Hold your mug, you old nigger, says I, or I'll send your tongue a sarchin arter your teeth; keep quiet, and follow me in presently. Well, jist as it struck nine o'clock, says I, Sally, hold this here hank of twine for a minute, till I wind a trifle on it off; that's a dear critter. She sot down her candle, and I put the twine on her hands, and then I begins to wind and wind away ever so slow, and drops the ball every now and then, so as to keep. her down stairs. Sam, says she, I do believe you won't wind that are twine off all night, do give it to January, I won't stay no longer, I'm een a most dead asleep. The old feller's arm is so plaguy onsteady, says l, it won't do ; but hark, what's that, I'm sure I heerd something in the ash saplin, did'nt you Sall ? I heerd the geese there, that's all, says she, they always come under the windows at night; but she looked scared enough, and says she, I vow I'm tired a holdin out of arms, this way, and I won't do it no longer ; and down she throw'd the hank on the floor. Well, says I, stop one minute, dear, till I send old January out to see if any body is there; perhaps some o' neighbour Dearborne's cattle have broke into the sarce garden. January went out, tho' Sall say'd it was no use, for she knew the noise of the geese, they always kept close to the house at night, for fear of the varmin. Presently in runs old Snow, with his hair standin up an eend, and the whites of his eyes lookin as big as the rims of a soup plate; oh! Gor Ormity, said he, oh massa, oh Miss Sally, oh ! ! What on airth is the matter with you, said Sally, how you do frighten me, I vow I believe you'r mad-oh
my Gor said he, oh ! ! massa Jim Munroe he hang himself, on the ash saplin under Miss Sally's window-oh my Gor!!! That shot was a settler, it struck poor Sall right atwixt wind and water ; she gave a lurch ahead, then healed over and sunk right down in another faintin fit ; and Jıno, old Snow's wife, carried her off and laid her down on the bed-poor thing, she felt ugly enough, I do suppose.

Well, father, I thought he'd a fainted too, he was so struck up all of a heap, he was completely bung fungered; dear, dear, said he, 1 did'nt think it would come to pass so soon, but I knew it would come ; I foretold it ; says I, the last time I seed him, Jim, says I, mind what I say, you'll swing for it yet. Give me the sword I wore when I was at Bunker's hill, may be there is life yet, I'll cut him down. The lantern was soon made ready, and out we went to the ash saplin. Cut me down, Sam, that's a good fellow, said Jim, all the blood in my body has swashed into my head, and's a runnin out o' my nose, I'm een a most smothered, be quick for heaven's sake. The Lord be praised, said father, the poor sinner is not quite dead yet. Why, as Im alive-well if that don't beat all natur, why he has hanged bimself by one leg, and's a swingin like a rabbit upside down, that's a fact. Why, if he aint share', Sam; be is properly wired I declare-I vow this is some o' your doins, Sam-well it was a clever scheme too, but a little grain too dangerous, I guessc: Don't stand staring and jawin there all night, said Jim, cut me down, I tell you-or cut my throat and be damned to you, for I am choakin with blood. Roll over that are hogshead, old Snow, said I, till I get a top on it and cut him down; so I soon released him but he

could'nt walk a bit. His ankle was swelled and sprained like vengeance, and he swore one leg was near about six inches longer than tother. Jim Munroe, says father, little did I think I should ever see you inside my door agin, but I bid you enter now, we owe you that kindness, any how. Well, to make a long story short, Jim was so chap fallen, and so down in the mouth, he begged for heaven's sake it might be kept a secret; he said he would run the state, if ever it got wind, he was sure he could'nt stand it. It will be one while, I guess, said father, afore you are able to run or stand either; but if you will give me your hand, Jim, and promise to give over your evil ways, I will not only keep it secret, but you shall be a welcome guest at old Sam Slick's once more, for the sake of your father-he was a brave man, one of the heroes of Bunker's hill, he was our Sergeant and -. He promises, says I, father, (for the old man had stuck his right foot out, the way he always stood when he told about the old war; and as Jim could'nt stir a peg, it was a grand chance, and he was a goin to give him the whole revolution from General Gage up to Independence, hè promises, says I , father. Well it was all settled, and thinge soon grew as calm as a pan of milk two days old ; and afore a year was over, Jim was as steady a goin man as Minister Joshua Hopewell, and was married to our Sall. Nothin was éver stid about the snare till arter the weddin. When the Minister had finished axin a blessin, father goes up to Jim, and says he, Jim Munroe, my boy, givin him a rousin slap on the ahoulder that sot him a coughin for the matter of five minutes, (for he was a mortal powerfat man, was father) Jim Murroe, my boy, says he, you've got the
snare round your neck, I guess now, instead of your leg; the Saplin has been a father to you, may you be the father of many Saplins.

We had a most special time of it, you may depend, all except the minister ; father got him into a corner, and gave him chapter and verse for the whole war. Every now and then as I come near them, I heard "Bunker's Hill, Brandywine, Clinton, Gates," and so on. It was broad day when we parted, and the last that went was poor minister. Father followed him clean down to the gate, and says he, "minister, we had'nt time this bitch, or Pd a told you all about the "Evalayation' of New York, but IU tell you that the next time we meet."

No. XXI

## Setting up for Governor.

I never see one of them quer little old fashioned tea pots, like that are in the cupboard of Marcuse Pers wash, said the Clackmaker, that I dow think of Law. yer Crowningshield and llis wife. Whean 1 wea down to Rhode ldsoud last, I epent an ovening widh them. Arter I hed been there a while, the theck Hlouse help brougte in a fittle home neade dipt ceandle, stack in in turnip slicidix two, to make it atand strivight, and yot it dowit on the table. Whry, sayst the Lawfer to his wife, Increase my dear, what on eerthis the momin $0^{\prime}$ that ? what doed little Viney mean by brimgin in own a light as this, that aint fit for even a log hut of ope of
our free and enlightened citizens away down east; where's the lamp? My dear, says she, I ordered ityou know they are agoin to set you up for Governor next year, and lallot we must economise or we will be ruined-the salary is only four hundred dollars a year, you know, and you'll have to give up your practice-we can't afford nothin now. Well, when tea was brought in, there was a little wee china tea pot, that held about the matter of half a pint or so, and cups and sarcers about the bigness of children's toys. When he seed that, he grew most peskily ryled, his under lip curled down like a peach leaf that's got a worm in it, and he stripped his teeth, and showed his grinders, like a bull dog; what foolery is this, said he? My dear, said she, its the foolery of being Governor; if you choose to sacrifice all your comfort to being the first rung in the ladder, dont blame me for it. I did'nt nominate youIhad not art nor part in it. It was cooked up at that are Convention, at Town Hall. Well, he sot for some time without sayin a word, lookin as black as a thunder cloud, just ready to make all natur crack agin. At last he gets up, and walks round behind his wife's ebair, and takin her face between his two hands, he turns it up and gives her a buss that went off like a pistoll-it fairly made my mouth water to see him ; thinks $I$, them lips aint a bad bank to deposit one's spare kisses in, neither. Increase, my dear, said he, I believe you are half right, Ill decline to-morrow, Fll have nothin to do with it-I wont be a Governer, on no accousit,

Well, she had to haw and gee like, both a little, afore she could get her head out of his hands; and then she said, Zachariah, says she, how you do act, aint you ashamed? Do for gracious sake hehave yourself: (and
she colored up all over like a crimson piany; if you hav'nt foozled all my hair too, that's a fact, says she ; and she put her curls to rights, and looked as pleased as fun, though poutin all the time, and walked right out of the room. Presently in come two well dressed House Helps, one with a splendid gilt lamp, a real London touch, and another with a tea tray, with a large solid silver coffee pot, and tea pot, and a cream jug, and sugar boul, of the sarne genuine metal, and a most an elegant sett of real gilt china. Then in came Marme Crowningshield herself, lookin asp proud as if she would not call the President her cousin ; and she gave the Lawyer a look, as much as to say, I guess when Mr. Slick is gone, Ill pay you off that are kiss with interest, you dear you-Ill answer a bill at sight for it, I will, you may depend. I believe, said he agin, you are right Increase, my dear, its an expensive kind of honor that bein Governor, and no great thanks neither ; great cry and little wool, all talk and no cider-ity erough I guess for a man to goverv his own family, aint it, dear? Sartin, my love, said she, sartin, a man is never so much in his own proper sphere as there; and beside; said she, his will is supreme to home, there is no danger of any one non-concurring him there : and she gave me a sly look, as much as to say, I let him think he is master in his own house, for when ladies woear the breeches, their petticoats ought to be long enough to hide them; but I allot, Mt. Slick, you can see with hedf an eye that the " grey mare is the better herse here."

What a pity it is, continued the Clockmaker, that the blue noses would not take a leaf out of Marme Crowninshield's book-talk noore of their own affairs and lese of politics. I'm sick of the everlastin sound of "House n3
of Assembly," and "Council," and " great folks." They never alleviate talking about them from July to etarnity. lhad a curious conversation about politics once, away up to the right here. Do you see that are house, said he, in the field, that's got a lurch to leeward, like a north river sloop, struck with a squall, off West Point, lopsided like? It looks like Seth Pine, a tailor down to Hartford, that had one leg shorter than tother, when he stood at ease at militia trainin, a restin on the littlest one. Well, I had a special frolic there the last time I passed this way. I lost the linch pin out of my forred axle, and I turned up there to get it sot to rights. Just as I drove through the gate, I saw the eldest gall a makin for the house for dear life-she had a short petticoat on that looked like a kilt, and her bare legs put me in mind of the long shanks of a bittern down in a rush swamp, a drivin away like mad full chizel arter a frog. I could not think what on airth was the matter. Thinks I, she wants to make herself look decent like afore 1 get in, she dont like to pull her stockings on afore me; so I pulls up the old horse and let her have a fair start. Well, when I came to the door, I heard a proper scuddin ; there was a regular flight into Egypt, jist such a noise as little children make when the mistress comes suddenly into school, all a huddlin and scroudgin into their seats, as quick as wink. Dear me, says the old woman, as she put her
3 head out of a broken window to avail who it was, is it you, Mr. Slick ? I sniggers, if you did not frighten us properly, we actilly thought it was the Sheriff; do come in. Poor thing, she looked half starved and half savage, hunger and temper had made proper strong lines in her face, like water furrows in a ploughed field ; she looked bony and thin, like a horse, that has
had more work than oats, and had a wicked expres. sion, as though it warnt over safe to come too near her heels-an everlastin kicker. You may come out, John, said she to her husband, its only Mr. Slick ; and out came John from under the bed backwards, on all fours, like an ox out of the shoein frame, or a lobster skullin wrong eend foremost-he looked as wild as a hawk. Well, I swan I thought I should have split, I could hardly keep from bustin right out with larfterhe was all covered with feathers, lint and dust, the savins of all the sweepins since the house was built, shoved under there for tidiness. He actilly sneezed for the matter of ten minutes-he seemed half choked with the flaff and stuff, that came out with him like a cloud. Lord, he looked like a goose half picked, as if all the quills were gone, but the pen feathers and down were left, jist ready-for singin and stuffin. He put me in mind of a sick Adjutant, a great tall hulkin bird, that comes from the East Indgies, a most as high as a man, and most as knowin as a blue nose. I'd a ginn a hundred dollars to have had that chap as a show at a fair -tar and feathers war'nt half as nateral. You've seen a gall both larf and cry at the same time, hante you? well, I hope I may be shot if I could'nt have done the same. To see that critter come like a turkey out of a bag at Christmas, to be fired at for ten cents a shet, was as good as a play; but to look round and see the poverty-the half naked children-the old pine stumpe for chairs-a small bin of poor watery yaller potatoes in the corner-day light through the sides and roof of the house, lookin like the tarred seams of a sbip, all black where the smoak got out-no utensils for cockin or eatin-and starvation wrote as plain as a hamdand
on their holler cheeks, shinney fingers, and sunk eyes, went right straight to the heart. I do declare I believe I should have cried, only they did'nt seem to mind it themselves. They had been used to it, like a man that's married to a thunderin ugly wife, he gets so accustomed to the look of her everlastin dismal mug, that he don't think her ugly at all. Well, there was another chap a settin by the fire, and he did look as if he saw it and felt it too, he did'nt seem over half pleased, you may depend. He was the District Schoolmaster, and he told me he was takin a spell at boardin there, for it was their turn to keep him. Thinks I to myself, poor devil, you've brought your pigs to a pretty market, that's a fact. I see how it is, the blue noses can't " cypher." The cat's out of the bag now-its no wonder they don't go ahead, for they dont know nothin一the "Schoolmaster is abroad,".with the devil to it, for he has no home at all. Why, Squire, you might jist as well expect a horse to go right off in gear, before he is halter broke, as a blue nose to get on in the world; when he bas got no schoolin. But to get back to nay story. Well, say's I, how's times with you, Mrs. Spry $q$ Dull, says she, very dull, there's no markets now, things don't fetch nothin. Thinks $I$, some folks had'nt ought to complain of markets, for they. don't raive aothin to sell, but I did'nt say so ; for poverty is kean enough, without sharpening its edge by pokin fun at it. Potatoes, says I, will fetch a good price this fall, for ite a shiort crop in a general way; bow's yourn? 'Grand, says sbe, as complete as ever you seed; bur spe were small and did'nt look well ; but we have : ing handsomest bottoms, its generally allowed, in all

- oriplace; you never seed the beat of them, they are
ctilly worth lookin at. 1 vow I had to take a chaw of tobacky to keep from snorting right out, it sounded so queer like. Thinks I to myself, old lady, its a pity you could'nt be changed eend for eend then, as some folks do their stockings; it would improve the look of your dial plate amazinly then, that's a fact.

Now there was human natur, Squire, said the Clockmaker, there was pride even in that hovel. It is found in rags as well as King's robes, where butter is spread with the thumb as well as the silver knife, natur is natur wherever you find it. Jist then, in came one or two neighbors to see the sport, for they took me for a Sheriff or Constable, or something of that breed, and when they saw it was me they sot down to hear the news ; they fell right too at politicks as keen as any thing, as if it had been a dish of real Connecticut Slap Jacks, or Hominy ; or what is better still, a glass of real genuine splendid mint julep, whe-eu-up, it fairly makes my mouth water to think of it. I wonder, says one, what they will do for us this winter in the House of Assembly? Nothin, says the other, they never do nothin but what the great people at Halifax tell'em. Squire Yeoman is the man, he'll pay up the great folks this bitch, he'll let 'era have their own, he's jist the boy that can do it. Says I, I wish I could say all men were as honest then, for I am afeard there are a great many wont pay me up this winter; 1 should like to trade with your friend, who is he? Why, says he, he is the member for Isle Sable County, and if he dont let the great folks have it, its a pity. Who do you call great folks, said I, for I vow I hav'nt see'd one since I came here. The only one that I know that comes near hand to ont is Nicholas Overknocker, that lives all along shere;
bout Margaret's Bay, and he is a great inan, it takes a yoke of oxen to drag him. When I first see'd him, says I, what on airth is the matter $o$ ' that man, has he the dropsy, for he is actilly the greatest man I ever see'd ; he must weigh the matter of five hundred weight ; he'd cut three inches on the rib-he must have a proper sight of lard, that chap? No, says I, dont call 'em great men, for there aint a great man in the country, that's a fact; there aint one that desarves the name; folks will only larf at you if you talk that way. There may be some rich men, and I believe there be, and its a pity there warn't more on 'em, and a still greater pity they have so little spirit or enterprise among 'em, but a country is none the worse of having rick men in it, you may depend. Great folks, well come, that's a good joke-that bangs the bush. No, my friend, says 1. the meat that's at the top of the barrel, is sometimes not so good as that that's a little grain lower down; the upper and lower eends are plaguy apt to have a little taint in 'em. but the middle is alsoays good.

Well, says the Blue Nose, perhaps they beant great men, exactly in that sense, but they are great men compared to us poor folks; and they eat up all the revenue, there's nothin left for roads and bridges, they want to ruin the country, that's a fact. Want to ruin your granny, says I, (for it raised my dander to hear the critter talk such nonsease.) I did bear of one chap, says I, that sot fire to his own house once, up to Squantum, but the cunnin rascal insured it first; now how can your great folks ruin the country without ruinin thenselves, unless they have insured the Province? Our folks will insure all creation for half nothia, bat I never heerd tell of a country being ingured agin rioh
men. Now if you ever go to Wall Street to get such a policy, leave the door open behind you, that's all ; or they'll grab right hold of you, shave your head and blister it, clap a straight jacket on you, and whip you right into a mad house, afore you can say Jack Robinson. No, your great men are nothin but rich men, and I can tell you for your comfort, there's nothin to hinder you from bein rich too, if you will take the same means as they did. They were once all as poor folks as you be, or their fathe re them; for I know their whole breed, seed and Generation, and they would'nt thank you to tell them that you knew their fathers and grand fathers, I tell you. If ever you want the loan of a hundred pounds from any of them, keep dark about that -see as far ahead as you please, but it tante always pleasant to have folks see too far back. Perhaps they be a little proud or so, but that's nateral ; all folks that grow up right off, like a mushroom in one night, are apt to think no small beer of themselven. A cabbage has plaguy large leaves to the bottom, and spreads them out as wide as an old woman's petticoats, to hide the ground it sprung from, and conceal its extraction, but what's that to you? If they get too large salaries, doek'em down at once, but dont keep talkin about it for everlastinly. If you have too many sarvents, pay some on'em off, or when they quit your sarvice dont hire others in their room, that's all ; but you miss your mark when you keep firin away the whole blessed time that way.
I went out a gumnin when I was a boy, and father went with me to teach me. Well, the first flock of plover I seed I let slip at them and missed them. Says father, says he, what a blockheed you be, Sam; that's
your own fault, they were too far off, you had'nt ought to have fired so soon. At Bunker's hill we let the British come right on till we seed the whites of their eyes, and then we let them have it slap bang. Well, I felt kinder grigged at missin my shot, and I did'nt over half like to be scolded too ; so, says I yes, father, but recollect you had a mud bank to hide behind, where you were proper safe, and you had a rest for your guns too ; but as soon as you seed a little more than the whites of their eyes, you run for dear life, full split, and so I dont see much to brag on in that arter all, so come now. I'll teach you to talk that way, you puppy you, said he, of that glorious day ; and he fetched me a wipe that I do believe if I had'nt a dodged, would have spoiled my gunnin for that hitch; so I gave him a wide birth arter that all day. Well, the next time I missed, says $I$, she hung fire so everlastinly, its no wonder-and the next miss, says 1 , the powder is no good, I vow. Well, I missed every shot, and I had an excuse for every one on 'em-the flint was bad, or she flashed in the pan, or the shot scaled, or something or another; and when all would'nt do, I swore the gun was no good at all. Now, says father, (and he edged up all the time, to pay me off for that hit at his Bunker hill story, which was the only shot I did'nt miss,) you han't got the right reason arter all. It was your own fault, Sam. Now that's jist the case with you; you may blame Banks and Council, and House of Assembly, and "the great men," till you are tired, but its all your own fault--you've no spirit and no enterprise, you want industry and economy; use them, and you'll soon be as rich as the people at Halifax you call great folks-they did'nt grow rich by talking, but by
working; instead of lookin after other folks' business, they looked about the keenest arter their own. You are like the machinery of one of our boats, good enough, and strong enough, but of no airthly use till you get the steam up; you want to be set in motion; and then you'll go ahead like any thing, you may depend. Give esp politics-its a barren field, and well woatched too; rohere one critter jumps a fence into a good field and gets fat, more ner twoenty are chased round and round, by a cohole paok of yelpin curs, till they are fairly beat out, and eend by boin half staroed, and are at the liftin at last. Look to your farms-wour woater powers-your fisheries, and factories. In short, says $I$, puttin on my kat and startik, look to yoursetoes, and don't look to others.

## No. XXII.

## A Cure for Conceit.

Its a most curious unaccountable thing, but its a fact, said the Clockmaker, the Blue Noses are so conceited, they think they know every thing; and yet there aint a livin soul in Nova Scotia knows his own business real complete, farmer or fisherman, lawyer or doctor, or any other folk. A farmer said to me one day, up to Pugnose'g inn at River Philip, Mr. Slick, says he, I allot this aint "a bread country;" I intend to sell off the house I improve, and go to the States. If it aint a bread country, said I, I never see'd one that. was. There is more bread used here, made of best
superfine flour, aud No. 1. Genesssee, than in any other place of the samre population in the univarse. You might as well say it aint a Clock Country, when, to my sartin knowledge, there are more clocks than bibles in it. I guess you expect to raise your bread ready made, dont you? Well there's only one class of our free and enlightened citizens that ean do thet, and that's them that are born with silver spoons in their mouths. It's a pity you was'nt availed of this truth; afore you up killoch and off-take my advice and bide where you be. Well the fishermen are jist as bad. The next time you go into the fish market at Halifax, stump some of the old hands; says you "how many fins has a cod at a word," and I'll liquidate the bet if you lose it. When I've been along-shore afore now, a vendin of my clocks, and they began to raise my dander, by belittleing the yankees, I always brought them up by a round turn by that requirement, "how many fins has a cod at a word." Well they never could anower it; and then, says I, when you larn your own business, I guess it will be time enough to teach other folks theirn. How different it is with our men folk, if they cant get thro' a question, how beautifully they can go round it, can't they? Nothin never stops them I had two brothers, Josiah and Eldad, one was a lawyer, and the other a doctor. They were a talkin about their examinations one night, at a huskin frolidy to Governor Ball's big stone barn at Slickville. Says Joisy, when 1 was examined, the Judge axed me all about real estate ; and, says he, Josiah, says he, what's a fee ? Why, says I, Judge, it depends on the natur of the case. In a common one, says I, I call six dollars a pretty fair one ; but lawyer Webster has got afore now, I've heerd
ell, 1000 dollars, and that $I$ do call a fee. Well, the Judge he larfed ready to split his sides; (thinks I, old chap, you'll bust like a steam byler, if you hant got a safety salve somewhere or another,) and, says he, I vow that's superfine; I'll indorse your certificate for you, young man ; there's no fear of you, you'll pas: the inspection brased any how.

Well, says Eldad, I hope I may be skinned if the same thing did'nt een amost happen to me at my examination. They axed me a nation sight of questions, some on 'em I could answer, and some on 'em ne soul could, right off the reel at a word, without a little cy:pherin; at last they axed me, "How would you calculate to put a patient into asweat, when common modes would'nt work no how ?" Why, says I, I'd do as Dr. Comfort Payne sarved father ; and how was that, said they. Why, says I, he put him into such a sweat as I never seed him in afore, in all my born days, since 1 was raised, by sending him in his bill, and if that did'nt sweat him it's a pity ; it was an active dose you may depend. I guess that are chap has cut his eye teeth, said the President, let him pass as approbated.

They both knowed well enough, they only made as if they did'nt, to poke a little fun at them, for the Slick family were counted in a general way to be pretty considerable cute.

Thy reckon themsedves bere, a chalk above us yankees, but $I$ guess they have a wrinkle or two to grow afore they progress ahead on us yet. If they hant got a full cargo of conceit here, then I never seed a load, that's all. They have the hold chock full, deck piled up to the pump handles, and scuppers under water. They larnt that of the British, who are actilly so full of
it, they remind me of Comodore Trip. When he was about half shaved he thought every body drunk but himself. I nover liked the last war, I thought it unnateral, and that we hadnt ought to have taken hold of it at all, and so most of our New England foths thought ; and I wasn't sorry to hear Gineral Deartorne was beat, seeing we had no call to go into Canada. But when the Guerriere was captivated by our old Ironsides, the Constitution, I did feel lifted up amost as high as a stalk of Varginy corn among Consecticut middlins; I grew two inches taller I vow, the night I heerd that news. Brag, says $I$, is a good dog, but hold fast is better. The British navals had been a braggin and a hectorin so long, that when they landed in our cities, they swaggered een amost as much as Unele Peleg (big Peleg as he was called) and when he walked up the centre of one of our narrow Boston streets, he used to swing his arms on each side of him, so that folks had to clear out of both foot paths; he'ecut, afore now, the fingers of both hands agin the shop windows on each side of the street. Many the poor feller's eruper bone he's smashed, with his great thick boots, a throwia out his feet afore him een amost out of sight, when he was in full rig a swiggtia away at the top of his gait. Well they cut as meny stimes as Uncle Peleg. One Frigate they guessed would captivate, sink, or burn our whele navy. Says a naval ext day, the the skipper of a fishing boat that he toek, saye he, is it true Commodore Deeatur's sword is made of an old ivon hoop? Welt, says the skipper, Im not quite certified as to that; seein as I never sot eyes on it; but I fress if he gets a chance he'tit thew you the temper of it some of these days, any how.

1 mind once a British man-o'-war took one of our Boston vessels, and ordered all hands on board, and sent a party to skuttle her; well, they skottled the fowls and the old particular genuine rum, but they obliviated their arrand and left her. Well, next day another frigate ( for they were as thick as toads arter a rain) comes near her, and fires a shot for her to bring to. No answer was made, there bein no livin soul on board, and another shet fired, still no answer. Why what on airth is the mearin of this, said the Captain, why dont they hatrl down that damn goose and gridiron (thats what he called our eagle and stars on the flag.) Why, says the first leftenant, I guess they are all dead men, that shot frightened them to death. They are afeared to show their noses says another, lest they should be shaved off by our shots. They ane all down below a "calcodudin" their loss I guess, says a third. l'll take my davy says the Captain, its some yankee trick, a torpedo in her bottom or some such trap-we'll tet ber be, and sure enough, next day, back she came to shore of herseff. III give you a quarter of an hoor, says the Captain of the Guerriere to his men, to take that are Yankee frigate the Constitution. I guess he found his mistake where he didn't expect it, without any great sarch for it either. Yes; ( to eventuate my story) it did me good, I felt dreadful nice, I promise you. It was as lovely as bitters of a cold mornin. Our folles beat 'em arter that so often, they got xfittie grain too much conceit also. They got their heels too high for their boots, and began to walk like uncle Poleg too, so that when the Chesapeake got whipped I warat sorry. We could spare that one, and it made our navals look round, like a fetter who gets a boist to see who's a larif at him. It made'ern brush ง3
the dust off, and walk on rather sheepish. It cut their combs that's a fact. The war did us a plaguy sight of good in more ways than one, and it did the British some good too. It taught'em not to carry their chins too high, for fear they should'nt see the guttersa mistake that's spoiled many a bran new coat and trowsers afore now.

Woh, these blue noses have caught this disease, as folks do the Scoteh fiddle, by shakin hands along with the British. Conceit has become bere, as Doctor Rust says, ( you have heerd tell of him; he's the first man of the age, and its generally allowed our dectors take the shine off of all the world) acelimated, it is citizenised among 'em, and the only cure is a real good quiltin. I met a first chop Colchester Gag this summer agoin to the races to Halifax, and he knowed as much about racin, I do suppose, as a Chictaw Ingias does of a rail road. Well, he was a praisin of bis horse, and rusein on like Statiee. He was begot, he said, by Roneesvalles, which wes better than any horse that over was seen, because he was once in a duke's stable in England. It was only a man that had blood like a lord, anid be; that knew what blood it a horse was. Capt. Currycemb; an officer at Hatifac, had seen his horse and peaised him, and that was enough-that stamped-him-that fixed his value. It was like the President's name to a benk note, it makes it pass current. Well, says I, 1 hant got a drop of blood in me mothin stronger tham molasses and watar; I vow, bat I guess I know a hormenhen I see hin for all that; ang I dont think any grobtaliakes of your beast, any how ; what start will yen give me; sayte I, and I wilt run "Old Chay" agin yous for anile lick right as eend. Ten rods, said he, for twenty dollars

Well, we run, and I made "Old Clay" bite in his breath and only beat him by half a neck. A tight scrateh says $I$, that, and it would have sarved me right if 1 had been beat. I had no business to run an old roadster so everlastin fast, it aint fair on him, is it? Says he, I will double the bet and start even, and run you agin if you dare. Well, says $I$, since $I$ won the last it wouldn' be pretty not to give you a chance; I do suppose I oughtn't to refuee, but I dont love to abuse my beast by knockin him abont this way.

As soon as the money was staked; I said, had'nt we better, says. I, draw stakes, that are blood horse of yourn has such uncommon particutex bostom, he'll perhaps leave me clears out of sight. No fear of that, said he, larfin, but hellbeat you eany, any bow. No flinchin, says he, Fil not let you go back of the bargain. Its rum or ferfeit. Well, says I, friend, there is faar of it; your horse will leave me out of sigbt, to a surtainty, thats a fact, for he cant keep up to me no time. Pll drop him, hull down, in tu twos. If old Clay did'nt make a fool of him, its a pity. Bid'nt he gallop pretty, that's all? He walked away from him, jist as the Chancellor Livingston steam boat passes a sloop at anchor in the north river. Says I, I told you your horse would beat me clean out of sight, but you would'nt believe me; now, says I, I will tell you something else. That are horse will help you to lose more money to Hatifax than you are a thinkin on; for there aint a beast gone downethepe thet wont beat him. He cast run a bit, and yoursay tell the British Gaptain I say sa. Take him houve and sell him, bay a grood yoke off oxem; they are fact mongh for a farmer, and give up blood wornen to them thatepes afford to keep stable kralpe to tend'ens'end leave
bettin alone to them, as has more money nor wit, and can afford to lose their cash, woithout thankin agin of their loss. When I soant your advice, said he, I will ask it, most peskily sulky. You might have got it before you ared for it, said I, but not afore you zoanted it, you may depend on it. But stop, said I, let's see that all's right afore we part; so I counts over the fifteen pounds I won of him, note by note, as slow as any thing, on purpose to ryle hiza, then I mounts "old Clay" agin, and says I, friend, you have considerably the advantage of me this hitch, any fow. Possible! says he, how's that? Why, says I, Iguess you'll return rather lighter than you came-end that's more nor I can say, any how, and then I gave him a wink and a jupe of the bead, as mach as to say; " do you take ?" and rode on and left him starin and seratchin his head lite o fotter who's lost his rod. If that eitizen aint a born feol, or too far gone in the disease, depend on't, he found " $a$ eure for conceù."

No. XXIII.
The Blowin time.
The long rambling dissertatior on conceit to which I had just listened, from the Clockmaker, forcibly reminded me of the celebrated aphorism " griothi seauton," know thyself, whick, both from its great antiquity and wisdom, has been by many attributed to an ofacte.

With all his shrewdress to discover, and his huntior to riditile the feibles of others, Br. glicik tonetind
to the many defects of his own character; and, while prescribing "a cure for conceit" exhibited in all be said, and all he, did, the most overweening conesit himself. He never epoke of his own countrymen, without calling them "the nost free and enlightened citzons on the face of the airth," or as "takin the shine off of all creation." His country he boasted to be the "best atween the poles,"" the greatest glory under heaven." The Yankees he considered (to use his expression) as "actity the class-leaders in knowledge among all the Americans," and boasted that they have not only "gone ahead of all others," but had lately arrived at that most enviable me plas ultra point "of goin ahead of themselvee." In short, he entertained no doubt that slickville was the finest plece in the greatest nation in the work, and the Slick family the wivest fanaily in it. I was about calliag his attention to this national trait, when I saw him draw his reins under his foot, (a mode of driving peculiar to himself, when he wish'd to ecenomise the time that would otherwise be lost by en unnecessary delay,) and taking off his hat, (which, like a pedlar's pack, contained a general assortment,) seleet from a number of loose cigars one that appeared likely to "go," as he called it. Having lighted it by a lueifer, and ascertained that it was "true in draf," he resamed his reins and remarked, "This mut be an everlastin fine country beyond all doubr, for the folks have nothin to do bat to ride about and talk politics. In winter, when the ground ie eovered with snow, what grand times they have a slayin over theee here meshes with the galls, or playin ball on the rice, or gein to quiltin frolics of nice long winter eveninge and then a drivin heme like mad, by moonlight

Natur meant that season on purpose for courtin. A little tidy scrumptious lookin slay, a real clipper of a horse, a string of bells as long as a string of inions round his neck, and a sprig on his back, lookin for all the world like a bunch of apples broke off at gatherin time, and a sweetheart alongzide, all muffled up but her eyes and lips-the one lookin right into you, and the other talkin right at you-is een a most enough to drive one ravin tarin distracted mad with pleasure, aint it? And then the dear critters say the bells make such a din there's no hearin one's self speak ; so they put their pretty little mugs close up to your face, and talk, talk, talk, till one can't help lookin right at them instead of the horse, and then whap you both go capsized into a snow drif together, skips, cushions and all. And then to see the little critter shake herself when she gets up, like a duck landin from a pond, a chatterin away all the time like a Canary bird, and you a haw-hawin with pleasure, is fun alive, you may depend. In this way Blue Nope gets led on to offor himself as a lovier, afore be knows where he bees. But when he gets married, he recovers his eyesight in little less than half no time. He soon finds he's treed; bis flint is fixed then, you may depend. She larns him how vinegar is made: Put plenty of suger into the water aforehand, my dear, says she, if you rocust to $m$ zke it real sharp. The larf is on the other side of his mouth then. If his slay gets upsot, its no longer a funny matter, I tell you; be catches it right and left. Her eyes don't look right up to hign any more, nor her little tongue ring, ring, ring, like a bell any longer, but a great big hood covers her head, and a whappin great muff covers her face, and she looks like a bay of
soiled clothes agoin to the brook to be washed. When they get out, she don't wait any more for him to walk lock and lock with her, but they march like a horse and a cotw to water, ome in each gutter. If there aint a transmogrification its a pity. Thejdifference atween a wife and a sweetheart is near about as great as there is between new and hard cider-man never tires of puttin one to his lip's, but makes plaguy wry faces at tother. It makés me so kinder wamblecropt when I think on it, that Pm afeared to venture on matrimony at all I have seen some blue noses most properiy bit, you may depend. You've seen a boy a slidin on a most 'beautiful smooth bit of ice, ha'ht you, larfin, and t.copin, and hallooin like one possessed, when presently sowse he goes in over head and ears? How he out sens and flops aboat, anj blows like a porpoise properly frightened, don't he? and when he gets out there he stands, all shiverin and shakin, and the water a squish-squashin in his shoes, and his trowsers all stickin slinasey like to his legs. WeH, be sneaks off home, lookin like a foot, and thinkin every body be meets is a larfin at him-many folks here are like that are boy, afore they have been six months married. They'd be proper glad to get out of the scrape too, and sneak off if they could, that's a fact. The marriage yoke is plaguy apt to, gall thie neck, as the ash bow does the ox in rairy weather, unless it be most particularly well fitted. You've seen a yoke of cattle that warn't-properly mated, they spend more strength in pullin agin each other, than in puilin the load. Well that's apt to be the case with them as choose their wives in sleigtin parties, quiltim frolicks, and so on; ininteand of the dairies, looms, and choese house. Now
the Blue Noses are all a stirrin in winter. The young folks drive out the galls, and talk love and all sorts of things as aweet ae dough-nuts. The old folks find it mear about as well to leave the old women to home, for fear they should'nt keep tune together; se they drive out alone to chat about House of Aseambly with their neighbors, while the boys and hired helps do the chores. When the Spriag comes, and the fields are dry enough to be sowed, they all have to be plowed, cause foul rains roash the lands toe mach for fall ploughis. Well the plows have to be mended and sharpened, canse what's the use of doin that afore its rocontod Well the wheat gets in too late, and then comes rust, but whose fault is that? Why the climete to be sure, for Nove Scotia aint a bread cometry.

When a man has to rua ever so far as fast as he can clip, he has to stop and take breath; you must do that or choke. So-it is with a horse ; run him a mile, and his flanks will heave like a Blacksmith's bollows; you must slack up the rein and give him a little wind, or he'll fall right down with you. It stands to reason, don't it? Atwixt spring and fall work is "Blowin time" Then Courts come on, and Grand Jury business, and Militia trainin, and Race trainin, and what net ; and a fine spell of ridin about and doia nothin, a real "Blowin. time." Then comes harvest, and that is proper hard work, mowin and pitchin hay, and reapin and-bindin grain, and potatoe diggin. That's as hard as sole leather, afore-its hammered on the lap stone-it's most next.to any thing. It takes a feller as-tuff as OIdHickory (Gemeral Jachsen) to stand that.

Ohio is most the orly country I know of where folke are saved that trouble ; and there the freghets corge jiet
in the nick of time for'em, and sweep all the crops right up in a heap for' 'em, and they have nothin to do but take it home and house it, and sometimes a man gets more than his own crop, and finds a proper swad of it all ready piled up, only a little wet or so ; but all countries aint like Ohio. Well, arter harvest comes fall, and then there's a grand " blowin time" till spring. Now, how the Lord the Blue Noses can complain of their country, when its only one third work and twothirds "blowin time," no soul can tell. Father used to say, when I lived on the farm along with him-Sam, says he, I vow I wish there was jist four hundred days in the year, for its a plaguy sight too short for me. 1 can find as much work as all hands on us can do for 365 days, and jist 35 days more, if we had 'em. We han't got a minit to spare; you must shell the eorn and winner the grain at night, and clean all up slick, or I guess we'll fall astarn as sure as the Lord made Moses. If he didn't keep us all 'at it, a drivin away full chisel, the whole blessed time, its a pity. There was no "blowin time" there, you may depend. We plowed all the fall for dear life; in winter we thrashed, made and mended tools, went to market and ${ }^{-}$ mill, and got out our firewood and rails. As soon as frost was gone, came sowin and plantin, weedin and hoein-then harvest and spreadin compost-then gatherin manure, fencin and ditchin-and then turn tu and fall plowin agin. It all went round like a wheel without stoppin, and so fast, I guess you couldn't see the spokes, just one long everlastin stroke from July to etarnity, without time to look back on the tracks. Instead of racin over the country like a young doctor, to show how busy a man is that has nothin to do, as

Blue Nose does, and then take a "blowin time," we kept a rale travellin gate, an eight-mile-an-hour pace, the whole year round. They buy more nor they sell, and eat more than they raise, in this country. What a pretty way that is, is'nt it? If the critters knew how to cypher, they would soon find out that a sum stated that way always cends in a naught. I never knew it to fail, and I defy any soul to cypher it so, as to make it come out any other way, either by Schoolmaster's Assistant or Algebra. When I was a boy, the Slickville bank broke, and an awful disorderment it made, that's a fact ; nothin else was talked of. Well, I studied it over a long time, but I could'nt make it out : so says I, Father, how came that are bank to break? Warn't it well built? I thought that are Quincy granite was so amazin strong all natur would'nt break it. Why you foolish critter, aays he, it tante the buildin that's broke, its the consarn that's smashed. Well, says I, I know folks are plaguilly consarned about it, but what do you call "folks smashin their consarns?" Father he larfed out like any thing ; I thought he never would stopand sister Sall got right up and walked out of the room, as mad as a hatter. Says she, Sam, I do believe you are a born fool, I vow. When father had done larfin, says he, Ill tell you, Sam, how it was. They cyphered it so that they brought out nothin for a remainder. Possible! says I; I thought there was no eend to their puss. I thought it was like Uncle Peleg's musquash hole, and that no soul could ever find the bottom of. My! ! says L. Yes, says he, that are benk spent and lost more money than it made, and when folks do that, they must smash at last, if their puss be as long as the national one of Uacle Sam. This Pro-
vince is like that are Bank of ourn, it's goin the same road, and they'll find the little eend of the horn afore they think they are half way down to it.

If folks would only give over talkin about that everlastin House of Assembly and Gowneit, and see to their farms, it would be better for 'em, 1 guess; for arter all, what is it? Why it's enly a sort of first chop Grand Jury, and nethin else. It's no more fike Congress or Parliament, than Marm Pugwash's keepin room is like our State hall. It's jist nethin-Congress makes war and peace, has a say in all treaties, confarms all great nominations of the President, regilates the army and navy, governs twenty-four independont States, and snaps its fingers in the face of all the nations of Europe, as much as to say, who be you? I dillot I am as big as you be. If you are six foot bigh, I am six foot six in my stockin feet, by gum, and can lambaste any two of you in no time. The British can whip all the world, and we can whip the Britishs. But this fittle House of Assembly that folks make surch a touss about, what is it? Why jist a decent Grand Jury. They make their presentments of little money votes, to mend these everlastin rottin little wooden bridges, to throw a poultice of mud once a year on the roads, and then take a "blowin time" of three months and go home. The littler folks be, the bigger they talk. You never seed a small man that did'nt wear high heel boots, and a high crowned hat, and that war'nt ready to fight most any one, to show he was a man every ineh of hist. I net a nemiber the other day, who swaggered near about as large as Uncle Peleg. He looked as if he thought you coutd'nt find his a.ditto" any where. He used some most particutar educa-
tional words, genuine jaw-breakers. He put me in mind of a squirrel I once shot in our wood location. The little critter got a trickory nut in his mouth; well, he found it too hard to crack, and too big to swaller, and for the life and soul of him, he could'nt spit it out agin. If he did'nt look like a proper fool, you may depend. We had a pond back, of our barn about the bigness of a good sizeable wash-tub, and it was chock full of frogs. Well, one of these little critters fancied himself a bull-frog, and be puffed out his cheeks, and took a rael "blowin time" of it; he roared away like thunder; at last he puffed and puffed out till he bust like a byler. If I see the Speaker this winter, (and I shall see him to a sartainty if they don't send for him to London, to teach their new Speaker) and he's up to snuff, that are man ; he knows how to cypner-I'll jist say to him, Speaker, says I, if any of your folks in the House go to swell out like dropsy, give'em a bint in time. Says you, if you have are a little safety valve about you, let off a little steam now and then, or you'll go for it; recollect the Clockmaker's story of the "Blowin time."

No. XXIV.

## Father John O'Shaughnessy.

To morrow will be Sabbath day, said the Clockmaker ; I guess we'll bide where we be till Monday. Ilike a Sabbath in the country-all natur seems at rest. There's a cheerfulness in the day here, you don't find
in towns. You have natur befere you here, and nothin but art there. The deathy stillness of a town, and the barred windows, and shut shops, and empty streets, and great long lines of big brick buildins, look melancholy. It seems as if life had ceased tickin, but there had'at been time for decay to take hold on there; as if day had broke, but man slept. I can't describe exactly what I mean, but I always feel kinder gloomy and whamblecropt there. Now in the country ite jist what it ought to be-a day of rest for man and beast from labor. When a man rises on the Sabbath, and looks out on the sunny fields and wavin crops, his heart feels proper grateful, and he says, come, this is a splendid day, aint it? let's get ready and put on our bettermost classe, and ge to meetin. His first thought is prayerfully to render thanks; and then when he goes to wership he meets all his neighbors, and he knowsthem all, and they are glad to see each other, and if any two on 'em hant exactly gee'd together durin the wek, why they meet on kind of neutral ground, and the minister or neigbbours make peace atween them. But it taste so in towns. You don't know no one you meet there. Its the worship of neighbors, but its the worship of strangers, too, for neighbors don't know nor care about each other. Yes, I love a Sabbath in the country. While uttering this soliloquy, he took up a pamphlet from the table, and turning to the title page, said, have you ever seen this here book on the "Elder Controversy."* This auther's friends say its a clincher ; they say he has sealed up Elder's mouth as tight as a bottle. No, said I, I have not ; I have heard

[^0]of it, bft never read it. In my opinion the subject has been exhausted already, and admits of nothing new bein said upon it. These religious controversies are a serious injury to the cause of true religion ; they are deeply deplored by the good and moderate men of all parties. It has already embraced several denominations in the dispute in this Province, and I hear the agitation has extended to New Brunswick, where it will doubtless be renewed with equal zeal. I am told all the pamphlets are exceptionable in point of temper, and this one in particular, which not only ascribes the most unworthy motives to its antagonist, but contains some very unjustifiable and gratuitous attacks, upon other sects unconnected with the dispute. The author has injured his own cause, for an intemperate advocate is more dangerous than an open foe. There is no doubt on it, said the Clockmaker, it is as clear as mud, and you are not the only one that thinks so, I tell you. About the hottest time of the dispute, I was to Halifax, and who shculd I meet but Father John O'Shaughnessy, a Catholic Priest. I had met him afore in Cape Breton, and had sold him a clock. Well, he was a leggin it off hot foot. Possible! says I, Father John, is that you? Why, what on airth is the matter of youwhat makes you in such an everlastin hurry, driven * away like one ravin distracted mad? A sick visit, says he; poor Pat Lanigan, him that you mind to Bradore Lake, well he's near about at the pint of death. I guess not, said I, for I jist heerd tell he was dead. Well, that brought him up all standin, and he bouts ship in a jiffy, and walks a little way with me, and we got a talkin about this very subject. Says he, what are you, Mr. Slick? Well, I looks up to him and winks, a Clockmaker, says I; well he smiled, and says he, I
see ; as much as to say I had'nt ought to have axed that are question at all, 1 guess, for every man's religion is his own, and nobody else's business. Then, says he, you know all about this country, who do folks say has the best of the dispute. Says I, Father John, its like the battles up to Canada lines last war, each side claims victory; I guess there aint much to brag on nary way, damage done on both sides, and nothin gained, as far as I can learn. He stopt short, and looked me in the face, and says he, Mr. Slick you are a man that has seed a good deal of the world, and a considerable of an understandin man, and I guess I can talk to you. Now, says he, for gracious sake do jist look here, and see how you heretics (protestants I mean, says he, for I guess that are word slipt out without leave,) are by the ears, a driven away at each other, the whole blessed time tooth and nail, hip and thigh, hammer and tongs, disputin, revilin, wranglin, and beloutin each other, with all sorts of ugly names that they can lay their tongues to. Is that the way you love your neighbor as yourself? We say this is a practical comment on schism, and by the powers of Moll Kelly, said he, but they all ought to be well lambasted together, the whole batch on 'em entirely. Says I, Father John, give me your hand ; there are some things, I guess, you and I don't agree on, and most likely never will, seein that you are a Popish priest ; but in that idee I do opinionate with you, and I wish with all my heart all the world thought with us. 1 guess he didn't half like that are word Popish priest ; it seemed to grig him like; his face looked kinder ryled, like well water arter a heary rain ; and said he, Mr. Slick, says he, your country is a free country, aint it ? The freest, says I, on

the face of the airth—you can't " ditto" it nowhere. We are as free as the air, and when our dander's up, stronger than any hurricane you ever seed-tear up all creation most ; there aint the beat of it to be found any where. Do you call this a free country? said he. Pretty considerable middlin, says 1 , seein that they are under a king. Well, says he, if you were seen in Connecticut a shakin hands along with a Popish priest, as you are pleased to call me, (and he made me a bow, as much as to say mind your trumps the next deal) as you now are in the streets of Halifax along with nee, with all your crackin and boastin of your freedom, I guess you wouldn't sell a clock agin in that State for one while, Ifell you, and he-bid me good mornin and turned away. Fatber John! says 1. I can't stop, says he; I must see that poor critter's family; they must be in great trouble, and a sick visit is afore controvarsy in my creed. Well, says I, one word with you afore you go ; if that are name Popish priest was an ongenteel one, I ax your pardon; I didn't mean no offence, I do assure you, and I'll say this for your satisfaction, tu, you're the first man in this Provirce that ever gave me a real right down complete checkmate since I first sot foot in it, I'll be skinned if you aint. Yes, said Mr. Slick, Father John was right ; these antagonizing chaps ought to be well quilted, the whole raft of 'em. It fairly makes me sick to see the folks, each on'em a backin up of their own man. At it agin, says one; fair play, says another ; stick it into him, says a third; and that's your sort, says a foutth. Them are the folks who do mischief. They show such clear grit it fairly frightons me. It makes my hair stand right up an eend to see ministers do that are. It appears to me that

1 could worite a book in favor of myself and my notions, without writin agin any one, and if I couldn't I would'nt vorite at all, I snore. Our old minister, Mr. Hopewell, (a real good man, and a larned man too that,) they sent to him once to write agin the Unitarians, for they are a goin ahead like statiee in New England, but he refused. Baid he, Sam, says he, when I first went to Cambridge, there was a boxer and wrastler came there, and he beat every one wherever he went. Well, old Mr. Possit was the Church of England parson at Charlestown, at the time, and a terrible powerful man he was-a rael sneezer, and as active as a weasel. Well, the boxer met him one day, a little way out of town; a takin of his evenin walk, and said he, Parson, says he, they say you are a most a plaguy strong man and uncommon stiff too. Now, says he, I never seed a man yet that was a match for me; would you have any objection jist to let me be availed of your strength here in a friendly way, by ourselves, where no soul would be the wiser ; if you will I'll keep dark about it, I swan. Go your way, said the Parson, and tempt me not ; you are a carnal minded wicked man, and I take no pleasure in such vain idle sports. Very well, said the boxer; now here I stand, says he, in the path, right slap afore you; if you pass round me, then $I$ take it as a sign that zou are afeard on me, and if you keep the path, why hen you must first put me out-that's a fact. The Parson jist made a spring forrard, and kitched him upa guick as wink, and throwed him right over the fer whap on the broad of his back, and then walked on as if nothin had happenedas demure as you please, and lookin as meek as if butter would'nt melt in his mouth. Stop, said
the boxer, as soon as he picked himself up, stop Parson, said he, that's a good man, and jist chuck over my horse too, will you, for I swan I believe you could do one near about as easy as tother. My! said he, if that don't bang the bush ; you are another guess chap from what I took you to be, any how. Now, said Mr. Hopewell, says he, I won't write, but if are a Unitarian crosses my path, Pll jist over the feuce with him in no time, as the parson did the boxer; for voritin only aggravates your opponents, and never convinces them. I never seed a convart made by that woay yet, but Ill tell you wohat I have seed, a man set his own flock a doubtin by his owon writin. You may happify your enemies, cantankerate your appowents, and injure your oven cause by it, but I defy you to surve it. These writers, said he, put me in mind of that are boxer's pupils. He would sometimes set two on 'em to spar; well, they'd put on their gloves and begin, larfin and jokin all in good humor. Presently one on'em would put in a pretty hard blow; well, tother would return it in airnest. Oh, says the other, if that's your play, off gloves and at it ; and sure enough, away would fly their gloves, and at it they'd go tooth and nail.
No, Sam, the misfortin is, we areall apt to think Scriptur intended for our neighbors, and not for ourselves. The poor all think it noade for the rich. Look at that are Dives, they say, what an all fired scrape he got into by his evarice, with Lazarus; and aint it writ as plain as any thing, that them folks will find it as easy to go to heaven, as for a camel to go threugh the eye of a neodte. Well, then, the rich think it all made for the poor-that they sharnt steal nor bear fatse witness, but shall be obedient to them that's in authority. Asd as
for them are Unitarians, and he always got his dander up when he spoke of them, why there's no doin nothin with them, says he. When they get fairly stumped, and you produce a text that they can't get over, nor get round, why they say it tante in our varsion at allthat's an interpolation, its an invention of them are everlastin monks; there's nothin left for you to do with them, but to sarve them as Parson Possit detailed the r oxer-lay right hold of 'em, and chuck'em over the fence, even if they were as big as all out doors. That's what our folks ought to have done with 'em at first, pitched 'em clean out of the state, and let 'em go down to Nova-Scotia, or some such outlandish place, for they aint fit to live in no christian country at all.

Fightin is no way to make convarts; the true roon is to win'em. You may stop a man's mouth, Sam, says he, by a crammin a book down his throat, but you won't convince him. Its a fine thing to write a book all covered over with Latin, and Greek, and Hebrew, like a bridle that's real jam, all spangled with brass nails, but who knows whether its right or wrong? why not one in ten thousand. If I had my religion to choose, and warn't able to judge for myself, l'll tell you what I'd do : I'd jist ask myself who leads the best lives? Now, says he, Sam, I won't say who do, because it would look like vanity to say it was the folks who hold to our platform, but Ill tell you who don't. If ainat them that makes the greatest professionsalvoays; and mind what I tell you, Sam, when you go a tradin with your clocks away down east to Nova-Scotia, and them wild provinces, keep a bright look out on them as cant too much, for a long face is plaguy apt to cover a long con-science-that's a fact.


## No. XXV

## Taming a Shrev.

The road from Amherst to Parrsboro' is tedious and uninteresting. In places it is made so straight, that you can see several miles of it before you, which produces an appearance of interminable length, while the stunted growth of the spruce and birch trees bespeaks a cold thin soil, and invests the scene with a melancholy and sterile aspect. Here and there occurs a little valley with its meandering stream, and verdant and fertile intervale, which, though possessing nothing peculiar to distinguish it from many others of the same kind, strikes the traveller as superior to them all, from the contrast to the surrounding country. One of these secluded spots attracted my attention, from the number and neatness of the buildings, which its proprietor, a tanner and currier, had erected for the purposes of his trade. Mr. Slick said he knew him, and he guessed it was a pity he couldn't keep his wife in as good order as he did his factory. They don't hitch their horses together well at all. He is properly hen-pecked, said he; he is afeerd to call his soul his own, and he leads the life of a dog; you never seed the beat of it, $I$ vow. Did you ever see a rooster hatch a brood of chickens? No, said I, not that I can recollect. Well then I have, said he, and if he don't look like a fool all the time he is a settin on the eggs, its a pity; no soul could help larfin to see him. Our old nigger, January Snow, had a spite agin one of father's roosters, seein" that he was a coward, and would'nt fight. He used to call him Dearborne, arter
our General that behaved so ugly to Canada; and, says he one day, I guess you are no better than a hen, you everlastin old chicken-hearted villain, and I'll make you a larfin stock to all the poultry. I'll put a trick on you you'll bear in mind all your born days. So he catches old Dearborne, and pulls all the feathers off his breast, and strips him as naked as when he was born, from his throat clean down to his tail, and then takes a bundle of nettles and gives him a proper switchin that stung hins, and made him smart like mad; then he warms some eggs and putsthem in a nest, and sets the old cock right a top of 'em. Well, the warmth of the eggs felt good to the poor crifter's naked belly, and kinder kept the itchin of the nettles down, and he was glad to bide where he was, and whenever he was tired and got off, his skin felt so cold, he'd run right back and squat down agin, and when his feathers began to grow, and he got obstropolous, he got another ticklin with the nettles, that made him return double quick to his location. In a little time he larnt the trade real complete.

Now, this John Porter, (and there he is on the bridge I vow, I never seed the beat o' that, speak of old Saytin and he's sure to appear;) well, be's jist like old Dearborne, only fit to hatch eggs. When we came to the Bridge, Mr. Slick stopped his horse, to shake hands with Porter, whom he recognized as an old acquaintance and customer. He enquired after a bark mill be had smuggled from the States for him, and enlarged on the value of such a machine, and the cleverness of his countrymen who invented such useful and profitable articles; and was recommending a new process of tanning, when a female voice from the house was
heard, vociferating, " John Porter, come here this mnute." Coming, my dear, said the husband. "Come here, I say, directly, why do you stand talking to that yankee villain there." The poor husband hung his head, looked silly, and bidding us good bye, returned slowly to the house. As we drove on, Mr. Slick said, that was me-I did that. Did what? said l. That was me that sent him back, I called him and not his wife. I had that are bestowment ever since I was hnee high or so ; I'm a real complete hand at Ventriloquism; I can take off any man's voice I ever heerd to the very nines. If there was a law agin forgin that as there is for handwritin, I guess I should have been hanged long ago. I've had high goes with it many a time, but its plaguy dangersome, and I dont practise it now but seldom. I had a real bout with that are citizen's wife once, and completely broke her in for him ; she went as gentle as a circus horse for a space, but he let her have her head agin, and she's as bad as ever now. I'll tell you how it was. I was down to the Island a sellin clocks, and who should I meet but John Porter; well, Itraded with him for one, part cash, part truck and produce, and also put off on him that are bark mill you heerd me axin about, and it was pretty considerable on in the evenin afore we finished our trade. I came home along with him, and had the clock in the waggon to fix it up for him, and to shew him how to regilate it. Well, as we neared his house, he began to fret and take on dreadful oneasy ; says be, I hope Jane wont be abed, cause if she is she'll act ugly, I do suppose. I had heerd tell of her afore ; how she used to carry a stiff upper lip, and make him and the broomstick well acquainted together ; and, says I, why do you put up with her tan-
trums, Td make a fair division of the house with her, if it was me, I'd take the inside and allocate her the outside of it pretty quick that's a fact. Well, when we came to the house, there was no light in it, and the poor critter looked so streaked and down in the mouth, I felt proper sorry for him. When he rapped at the door, she called out, who's there? Its me, dear, says Porter. You, is it, said she, then you may stay where you be, them as gave you your supper, may give you your bed, instead of sendin you sneakin home at night like a thief. Said I, in a whisper, says I, leave ber to me, Jobn Por-ter-jist take the borses up to the barn, and see after them, and I'll manage her for you, I'll make her as sweet as sugary candy, never fear. The barn you see is a good piece off to the eastward of the house ; and, as soon as he was cleverly out of hearin, says I; a imitatin of his voice to the life, do let me in, Jane, says I, that's a dear critter, I've brought you home some things you'll like, I know. Well, she was an awful jealous critter; says' she, take 'em to her you spent the evenin with, I don't want you nor your presents neither. Arter a good deal of coaxin I stood on tother tack, and began to threaten to break the door down ; says I, you old unhansum lookin sinner, you vinerger cruet you, open the door this minit or I'll smash it right in. That grigged her properly, it made her very wrathy, (for nothin sets up a woman's spunk like callin her ugly, she gets her back right up like a cat when a strange dog comes near her; she's all eyes, claws and bristles.)

I heerd her bounce right out of bed, and she came to the door as she was, ondressed, and onbolted it; and, as I entered it, she fetched me a box right across my cheel with the flat of her hand, that made it tingle
agin. l'll teach you to all names agin, says she, yex varmint. It was jist what I wanted ; I pushed the door tu with my foot, and seizing her by the arm with one hand, I quilted her with the horsewhip real handsum, with the other. At first she roared like mad; I'll give you the ten commandments, says she, (meaning her ten claws,) Ill pay you for this, you cowardly villain, to strike a woman. How dare you lift your hand, John Porter, to your lawful wife, and so on; all the time runnin round and round, like a colt that's a breakin, with the mouthin bit, rarein, kickin, and plungin like statiee. Then she began to give in. Says she, I beg pardon, on my knees I beg pardon-don't murder me, for Heaven's sake-don't, dear John, don't murder , your poor wife, that's a dear. Fll do as you bid me, I promise to behave well, upon my bonor I do-oh! dear John, do forgive me, do dear. When I had her properly brought too, for havin nothin on but a thin under garment, every'crack of the whip told like a notch on a baker's tally, says I, take that as a taste of what you'll catch, when you act that way like old Scratch. Now go and dress yourself, and get supper for me and a stranger I have brought home along with me, and be quick, for I vow I'll be master in my own house. She moaned like a dog hit with a stone, half whine, half yelp; dear, dear, says she, if I aint all covered over with welts as big as my finger, I do believe I'm flayed alive ; and she boohood right out like any thing. I guess; said I, you've got 'em where folks wont see 'em, any how, and I calculate you won't be over forrard to show 'em where they be. But come, says I, be a stirrin, or I'll quilt you agin as sure as you're alive-I'H

Ian your hide for you, you may depend, you old ungainly tempered heifer you.

When I went to the barn, says I, John Porter, your wife made right at me, like one ravin distracted mad, when I opened the door, thinkin it was you; and I was obliged to give her a crack or two of the cowskin to get clear of her. It has effectuated a cure completely; now foller it up, and don't let on for your life, it warn't you that did it, and you'll be master once more in your own house. She's all docity jist now, keep her so. As we returned we saw a light in the keepin room, the fire was blazin up cheerfulsome, and Marm Porter moved about as brisk as a parched pea, though as silent as dumb, and our supper was ready in no time. As soon as she took her seat and sot down, she sprung right up on eend, as if she had sot on a pan of hot coals, and colored all over; and then tears started in her eyes. Thinks I to myself, I calculate I wrote that are lesson in large letters any how, I can read that writin without spellin, and no mistake; I guess you've got pretty well warmed thereabouts this hitch. Then she tried it agin, first she sot on one leg then on tother, quite oneasy, and then right atwist both, a fidgettin about dreadfully ; like a man that's rode all day on a bad saddle, and lost a little leather on the way. If you had seed how she stared at Porter, it would heve made you snicker. She could'nt credit her eyes. He warith drunk, and he warn't crazy, but there he sot as pentef and as meechin as you please. She seemed all strack: up of a heap at his rebellion. The next day wheni il was about startin, I advised him to act like a man, and keep the weather gage now he had it, and all would be $w$ but the poor critter only held on a day or P3
two, she soon get the upper hand of him, and made him confess all, and by all accounts he leads a worse life now than ever. I put that are trick on him jist now to try him, and I see it's gone goose with him; the jig is up with him, she'll soon call him with a whistle like a dog. I often think of the hornpipe she danced there in the dark along with me, to the music of my whip-she touched it off in great style, that's a fact. I shall mind that go one while, I promise you. It was actilly equal to a play at old Bowry. You may depend, Squire, the only way to tame a shrew, is by the cowskin. Grandfather Slick was raised all along the coast of Kent in Old England, and he used to say there was an old saying there, which, I expect, is not far off the mark :

A woman, a dog, and a walnut tree, The more you lick'em, the better they be.

## No. XXVI.

## The Minister's Horn Mug.

This Country, said Mr. Slick, abounds in superiot mill privileges, and one would nateraHy calculate that gach a sight of water power, would have led to a knowledre of machinery. I guess if a Blue Nose was to go to one of our free and enlightened citizens, and tell him Nove Scotia was intersected with rivers and brooks in all directions, and nearly one quarter of it covered with water, he'd say, well Ill start right off and see it, I vow, for I guess I'll larn somethin. I allot I' it an-
other wrinkle away down east there. With such,glendid chances for experimentin, what irst-chop mills they must have, to a sartainty. I'll see such new combinations, and such new applications of the force of water to motion, that I'll make my fortin, for we can improve on any thing amost. Well, he'd find his mistake out I guess, as I did once, when I took passage in the night at New York for Providence, and found myself the next mornin clean out to sea, steerin away for Cape Hatteras, in the Charleston steamer. He'd find he'd gone to the wrong place, I reckon; there aint a mill of any kind in the Province fit to be seen. If we had 'em, we'd sarve'em as we do the gamblin houses down south, pull 'em right down, there would'nt be one on 'em left in eight and forty hours.
Some domestic factories they ought to have here ; its an essential part of the social system. Now we've run to the other extreme, its got to be too big an interest with us, and aint suited to the political institutions of our great country. Natur designed us for an agricultural people, and our government was predicated on the supposition that we would be so. Hopewell was of the same opinion. He was a great hand at fardenin, orchadin, farming, and what not. One evenin I was up to his house, and says he, Sam, what do you say to a bottle of my old genuine cider? I guem I got some that will take the shine off of your father's, by a long chalk, much as the old gentleman braga of his'n-I never bring it out afore him. He thinks he has the best in all Connecticut. Its an innocent ambition that; and Sam, it would be but a poor thing for me to gratify my pride, at the expensejof humblin hisen. So bever lets on that I have any better, but keep
dark about this superfine particular article of mine, for $\mathbf{P d}$ es lives he'd think so as not. He was a real primitive good man was minister. I got some, said he, that was bottled that very year, that glorious action was fought atween the Constitution and the Guerriere. Perhaps the whole world could'nt shew such a brilliant whippin as that was. It was a splendid deed, that's a fact. The British can whip the whole airth, and we can whip the British. It was a bright promise for our young eagle; a noble bird that, too; great strenth, great courage, and surpassing sagacity.

Well, he went down to the cellar, and brought up a bottle, with a stick tied to its neck, and day and date to it, like the (ye-bills on the trees in Squire Hendrick's garden. I like to see them are cobwebs, says he, as he brushed 'em off, they are like grey hairs in an old man's head, they indicate venerable old age. As he uncerked it, says he, I guess Sam, this will warm your gizzard, my boy; I guess our great nation may be stumped to produce more eleganter liquor than this here. Its the dandy, that's a fact. That, said he, a spackin hi lips, and lookin at its sparklin top, and layin back his head, and tippin off a horn mug brim full of it-that, said he, and his eyes twinkled agin, for it was plaguy strong, that is the produce of my own orchard. Well, I said, minister, says I, I never see you a swiggin it out of that are horn mug. that 1 dont think of one of your texts. What's that, Sam, says he? for you always had a most a special memory when you was a boy; why says I, "that the horn of the righteous man shall be exalted," I guess that's what they mean by "exalten the horn," aint it ? Lord if ever you was to New Orleens, and seed a black thyeder
cloud rise right up and cover the whole sky in acminoit, you'd a thought of it if you had seed his face. It lowed as dark as Egypt. For shame, says he, Sam, that's ondecent; and let me tell you that a man that jokes on such subjects, shews both a lack of wit and sense too. I like mirth, you know I do, for its only the Pharisees and hypocrites that wear long faces, but then mirth must be innocent to please me; and when I see a men make merry with serious things, I set him down as a lost sheep. That comes of your speculatin to Lowell; and, I vow, them factorin towns will corrupt our youth of both sexes, and become botbeds of iniquity. Evil communications endamnify good manners, as sure as rates; one scabby sheep will infeet a whole flockvice is as catchin as that nasty disease the Scotch have, it's got by shakin hands, and both eend in the same way-in brimstone. I approbate domestic factories, but nothin further for us. It don't suit us or our institutions. A republic is only calculated for an enlightened and vartuous people, and folks chiefly is the farmin line. That is an innocent and a happy vocation. Agriculture was ordained by Him as made us, for our chief occupation.

Thinks I, here's a pretty how do you do; Pm in for it now, that's a fact ; le'll jist fall to and read a regular sarmon, and he knows so many by heart he'll never stop. It would take a Philadelphtia lawyer to answer him. So, says I, minister, I ax your pardon, I feel very ugly at havin given you offence, but I did'nt mean it, 1 do assure you. It jist popt ous unexpectedly, like a cork out of one of them are cider bottles, Illl do my possibles that the like don't happen agin, you may depend; so 'spose we drink a glass to
ourpeonciliation. That I will, said he, and we will han another bottle too, but 1 must put a little water into $m y$ glass, (and he dwelt on that word, and looked at me, quite feelin, as much as to say, dontt for goodness sake inake use of that are word horn agin, for it's a' joke I don't like,) for my head hante quite the strength my cider has. Taste this, Sam, said he, (openin of another bottle,) it's of the same age as the last, but made of different apples, and I am fairly stumped sometimes to say which is best.

These are the pleasures, says he, of a country life. A man's own labor provides him with food, and an appatite to enjoy it. Let him look which way he will, and he sees the goodness and bounty of his Creator, his wisdom, his power, and his majesty. There never was any thing so true, as that are old sayin, "man made the town, but God made the country," and both bespeak their different architects in terms too plain to be misunderstood. The one is filled with virtue and the other with vice. One is the abode of plenty, and the other of want ; one is a ware-duck of nice pure wa-ter-and tother one a cess-pool. Our towns are gettin so commercial and factoring, that they will soon generate mobs, Sam, (how true that are has turned out, haint it? He could see near about as far into a mill-stone, as them that picks the hole into it,) and mobs will introduce disobedience and defiance to laws, and that must eend in anarchy and bloodshed. No, said the old man, raising his voice, and giving the table a wipe with his fist that made the glasses all jingle agin, give me the country ; that country to which he that made it said, "Bring forth grass, the herb yieldin seed, and the tree yieldin fruit," and who sawo
that it ioas good. Let me jine with the feathered tribe in the mornin, (I hope you get up airly now, Sam; when you was a boy there was no gitten you out of bed at no rate, and at sunset, in the hymns which they utter in full tide of song to their Creator. Let me pour out the thankfulness of my heart to the Giver of all good things, for the numerous blessings I enjoy, and intreat him to bless my increase, that I may have wherewithal to relieve the wants of others, as he prevents and relieves mine. No! give me the country. Its ___ Minister was jist like a horse that has the spavin : he sot off considerable stiff at first, but when be once got under way, he got on like a house a fire. He went like the wind, full split.

He was jist beginnin to warm on the subject, and I knew if he did, what wonderful bottom he had; how he would hang on for ever amost ; so, says I, 1 think so too, minister, I like the country, I always sleep better there than in towns; it tante so plaguy hot, nor so noim sy neither, and then its a pleasant thing to seet out on the stoop and smoke in the cool, aint it? I think, says I , too, Minister, that that are uncommon handsum cider of yourn desarves a pipe, what do you think? Well, says he, I think myself a pipe would'nt be amiss, and I got some rael good Varginy, as you een amost ever seed, a present from Rowland Randolph, an old college chum; and none the worse to my palate, Sam, for bringin bye gone recollections with it. Phcebe, my. dear, said he to bis darter, bring the pipes and tobacco. As soon as the old gentleman fairly got a pipe in his mouth, I give Phœbe a wink, as much as to say, warnt that well done. That's what I call a most particular handsum fix. He cantalk now, (and that $I$ do like to
hear him do,) but he can't make a speech, or preach a sarmon, and that $I$ don't like to hear him do, except on Sabbath day, or up to Town Hall, on oration times.

Minister was an uncommon pleasant man, (for there was nothin amost, he did'nt know,) except when he got his dander up, and then he did spin out his yarns for everlastinly.

But I'm of his opinion. If the folks here want their country to go ahead, they must honor the plough, and General Campbell ought to hammer that are into their noddles, full chisell, as hard as he chn drive. I could larn him somethin, I guess, about hammerin he aint up to. It tante every one that knows how to beat a thing into a man's head. How could I have sold so many thousand clocks, if I had'nt had that nack. Why, I would'nt have sold half a dozen, you may depend.

Agriculture is not only neglected but degraded here. What a number of young folks there seem to be in these parts, a ridin about, titivated out real jam, in their go-to-meetin clothes, a doin nothin. It's melancholy to think on it. That's the effect of the last war. The idleness and extravagance of those times took root, and bore fruit abundantly, and now the young people are above their busines. They are too high in the instep, that's a fact. Old Drivvle, down here to Maccan, said to me one day, for gracious sake, says he Mr. Slick, do tell me what I shall do with Johnny. His mother sets great store by him, and thinks he's the makins of a considerable smart man-he's growin up fast now, and I am pretty well to do in the world, and reasonable forehanded, but I dont know .what the dogs to put him to. The Lawyers are like spiders, they've eat up all the flies, and I guess they'll have to
eat each other scon, for there's more on'em than causes now every court. The Doctors' trade is a poor one, too, they don't get barely cash enough to pay for their medicines ; I never seed a country practitioner yet that made any thing worth speakin of. Then, as for preachin, why church and dissenters are pretty much tarred with the same stick, they live in the same pastur with their flocks ; and, between 'em, its fed down pretty close I tell you. What would you advise me to do with him? Well, says I, Ill tell you if you wop't be miffy with me. Miffy with you indeed, said he, Iguess Ill be very much obliged to you ; it tante every day one gets a chance to consult with a person of your ex-perience-l count it quite a privilege to bave the opinion of such an understandin man as you be. Well, says I, take a stick and give him a rael good quiltin, jist tantune him like blazes, and set him to work.What does the critter want? you have a good farm for him, let him go and airn his bread; and when be can raise that, let him get a wife to make butter for it; and when he has more of both than be wants, let him sell em and lay up his money, and he will soon have his bread buttered on both sides-put him to, eh ! why put him to the Plovgr, the most nateral, the most happy,
and rye ; send his beef, mutton and poultry to market, and eat his pork and potatoes; make his own cloth, weave his own linen, and keep out of shops, and he'll soon grow rich-there are more fortins got by savin than by makin, I guess, a plaguy sight-he cant eat his cake and have it too, that's a fact. .No, make a farmer of him, and you will have the satisfaction of seeing him an honest, an independent, and a respectable member of society-more honest than traders, more independent than professional men, and more respectable than either.

Ahem! says Marm Drivvle, and she began to clear her throat for action ; she slumped down her nittin, and clawed off her spectacles, and looked right straight at me, so as to take good aim. I seed a regular norwester a bruin, I knew it would bust somewhere sartan, and make all smoke agin, so I cleared out and left old Drivvle to stand the squall. I conceit he must have had a tempestical time of it, for she had got her - Ebenezer up, and looked like a proper sneezer. Make her Johnny a farmer, eh! I guess that was too much for the like o' her to stomach.
Pride, Squire, continued the Clockmaker, (with such an if of concern, that, I verily believe, the man feels an interest in the welfare of a Province, in which he has spent so long a time,) Pride, Squire, and a false pride, too, is the ruin of this country, I hope I may be skinned if it tante.

## No. XXVII.

## The White Nigger.

One of the most amiable, and at the same time mon amusing traits, in the Clockmaker's character, was the attachment and kinduess with which he regarded his horse. He considered "Old Clay" as far above a Provincial Horse, as he did one of his "free and enlightened citizens" superior to a Blue Nose. He treated him as a travelling companion, and when conversation flagged between us, would often soliloquize to him, a habit contracted from pursuing his journeys alone. Well now, he would say, "Old Clay," I guess you took your time a goin up that are hill, 'spose we progrese now. Go along you old sculpin, and turn out your toes. I reckon you are as deff as a shad, do you hear there, "go ahead Old Clay." There now, he'd say, Squire aint that dreadful pretty? There's action. That looks about right-legs all under him-gathers all up snus -no bobbin of his head-no rollin of his shouldextw. no wabblin of his hind parts, but steady as a pump trith, and the motion all underneath. When he fairly lays himself to $j$, he trots like all vengeance. Then look at his ears, jist like rabbits, none o' your flop ears like them Amherst beasts, half horses, half pigs, but strait up and piveted, and not too near at the tips ; for that are, I concait, always shews a horse aint true to draw. There are only two things, Squire, 200 th lookin at in a horse, action and soundness, for I never saw a critter that had good action that was a bad beast. Old Clay puts me in mind of one of our free and enlightened

Excuse me, said I, Mr. Slick, but really you appropríate that word "free" to your countrymen, as if you thought no other people in the world were entitled to it but yourselves. Neither be they, said he. We first sot the example. Look at our declaration of indepenClonce. It was writ by Jeffirson, and he was the first main of the age, perhapes the world never seed bis diata. It's a beautiful piece of penmanship that, he gave the British the butt eend of his miad there. I calculate you coulf'nt falt it in no partieuler, it's gemorally allowed to be his cap shief. In the first page of it, second section, and first varse, are these werds, "We hold this truth to be self-evident, that all men are created equal." I guess King George turned his quid when he read that. It was somethin to chaw on, he had'nt been used to the flavor of, I reekon. Jeffersen forgot to insert-one little word, said $I$, he should have said, "all white men;" for, as it now stands, it is a practical untruth, in a country which tolerates domestic slavery in its worst and most forbidding form. It is a declaration of stuame, and not of independence. It is as perfect a misnomer as ever I knew. Well, said he, I must admit there is a screw loose somewhere thereabents, and I wish it would convene to Congress, to do somethin or another about our niggers, but I am not quite certifed how that is to be sot to rights-I concait that you don't understand us. Bat, said he, (evading the subject with his usual dexterity,) we deal only in niggers,-and those thick skulled, crooked shanked, flat footed, long heeled, wooly headed gentlemen, don't seem fit for much else but slavery, I do suppose. They aint fit to contrive for themselves. They are jist like grasshoppers; they dance and sing
ald summer, and when winter comes they have nothin provided for it, and lay down and die. They require some one to see arter them. Now, we deal in black niggers only, but the blue noses sell their own spe-cies-tbey trade in white slaves. Thank God, said I, slavery does not exist in any part of his Majesty's dominions now, we have at last wiped off that national stain. Not quite, I guese, said he, with an air of triumph, it tante done with in Nova Scotia, for I have seed these human cattle sales with my own eyes-I was availed of the truth of it up here to old Furlong's, last November. Ill tell you the story, said he; and as this story of the Clockmaker's contained some extraordinary statements, which I had never heard of before, I noted it in my journal, for the purpose of ascertaining their truth; and, if founded on fact, of laying them before the proper authorities.

Last fall, said he, 1 was on my way to Partridge Island, to ship off some truck and produce I had taken in, in the way of trade; and as I neared old Furlong's house, I seed an amazin crowd of folks about the door; I said to myself, says I, whose dead, and what's to pay now-what on airth is the meanin of all this? Is it a vandew, or a weddin, or a rolin frolick, or a religious stir, or what is it? Thinks I, I'll see, so I bitches Old Clay to the fence, and walks in. It was some time afore I was able to swiggle my way thro' the crowd, and get into the house. And when I did, who should I see but deacon Westfall, a smooth faced, slick haired, meechin lookin chap as you'd see in a lundred, a standin on a stool, with an auctioneer's hammer in his hand; and afore him was one Jerry Ouks and his wife, and two little orphan children, the prettient little
toads I ever beheld in all my born days. Gentlemen, said he, I will begin the sale by putting up Jerry Oaks, of Apple River, he's a considerable of a smart man yet, and can do many little chores besides feedin the children and pigs, I guess he's near about worth his keep. Will you warrant him sound, wind and limb? says a tall ragged lookin countryman, for he looks to me as if he was foundered in both feet, and had a string halt into the bargain. When you are as old as I be, says Jerry, mayhap you may be foundered too, young man. I have seen the day when you would'nt dare to pass that joke on me, big as you be. Will any gentleman bid for him, says the deacon, he's cheap at 7 s . 6 d . Why deacon, said Jerry, why surely your honor is'nt a goin for to sell me separate from my poor old wife, are you? Fifty years have we lived together as man and wife, and a good wife has she been to me, through all my troubles and trials, and God knows I have had enough of 'em. No one knows my ways and my ailments but her, and who can tend me so kind, or who will bear with the complaints of a poor old man but his wife. Do, deacon, and Heaven bless you for it, and yours, do sell us together. We have but a few days to live now, death will divide us soon enough. Leave her to clóse my old eges, when the struggle comes, and when it comes to you, deacon, as come it must to us all, may this good deed rise up for you, as a memorial before God. I wish it had pleased him to have taken us afore it came to this, but his will be done ; and he hung his head, as if he felt he had drained the cup of degradation to its dregs. Can't afford it, Jerrycan't afford it, old man, said the deacon, (with such a smile as a November sun gives, a passin atween clouds.)

## THE WHITE NIGGER.

Last year they took oats for rates, now nothin bee wheat will go down, and that's as good as cash, you't1 hang on as most of you do yet these many yecour There's old Joe Crowe, I believe in my conscience he will live for ever. The biddin then went on, and he was sold for six shillings a week. Well, the pous critter gave one long loud deep groas, and then folded his arms over his breast, so tight that he seemed tryin to keep in his heart from bustin. 1 pitied the misfortinate wretch from my soul, I don't know as I ever felt so streaked afore. Not so his wife, she was all tongue. Ste begged and prayed, and cryed, and scolded, and talked at the very tip eend of her voice, till she became, poor critter, exhausted, and went off in a faintin fit, and they ketched ber up and carsied her out to the air, and she was sold in that condition. Well I could'nt make head or tail of all this, I could hardly believe my eyes and ears; so, says I, to John Porter, (him that has that catamount of a wife, that I had such a touss with,) John Porter, says I, who ever seed or heerd tell of the like of this, what under the sun does it all mean? What has that are critterdone that le should be sold arter that fashion? Done, said he, why nothin, and that's the reason they sell him. This is town meetin day, and we always sell the poor for the year, to the lowest bidder. Them that will keep them for the lowest sum, gets them. Why, says I, that feller that beught him is a pauper himself, to my sartan krowledge. If you were to take him up by the heets and shake him for a week, you coudd'ne shate sixpence out of him. How can he keep him ? it appears to me-the poor buy the poor bere, and that they all starve together. Says 1, there was a very good
man once lived to Liverpool, so good, he said he had'nt sinned for seven years; well he put a mill dam across the river, and stopt all the fish from goin up, and the court fined him fifty pounds for it, and this good man was so wrathy, he thought he should feel better to swear a little, but conscience told him it was wicked. So he compounded with conscience, and cheated the devil, by callin it a " dam fine business." Now, friend Porter, if this is your poor law, it is a damn poor law, I tell you, and no good can come of such bard-hearted doins. It's no wonder your country don't prosper, for who ever beerd of a blessin on such carryins on as this? Says I, did you ever hear tell of a sartan rich man, that had a beggar called Lazarus laid at his gate, and how the dogs had more compassion than he had, and came and licked his sores? cause if you have, look at that forehanded and sponsible man there, deacon Westfall, and you see the rich man. And then look at that are pauper, dragged away in that ox-cart from his wife for ever, like a feller to States' Prison, and you see Lazarus. Recollect what follered, John Porter, and have neither art nor part in it, as you are a Christian man. It fairly made me sick all day. John Porter follered me out of the house, and as I was a turnin old Clay, said he, Mr. Slick, says he, I never seed it in that are light afore, for its our custom, and custom you know will reconcile one to most any thing. I inust say, it does appear, as you lay it out, an unfeelin way of proyidin for the poor; but, as touchin the matter of dividen man and wife, why, (and he peered all round to see that no one was within hearin,) why I dont know, but if it was my allotment to be sold,

Id as lives they'd sell me separate from Jane as noty for it appears to me its about the best part of it.

Now, what I bave told you Squire, said the Cloches maker, is the truth ; and if members, instead of the everlastin politicks, would only look into these mattere a little, I guess it would be far better for the Country. Sa , as for our declaration of independence, I guess you need'nt twitt me with our slave-sales, for we deal only in blacks; but blue nose approbates no distinctionin colours, and when reduced to poverty, is reduced to slavery, and is sold_a White Nigger.

No. XXVLII.
Fire in the Dairy.
As we approached within fifteen of twenty miles of Parrsboro, a sudden turn of the road brought us directly in front of a large wooden house, consisting of fwo stories and an immense roof, the heighth of which edifice was much increased by a stone foundation, rising weral feet above ground. Now, did you ever see; said Mr. Slick, such a catamaran as that ; there's a proper goney for you, for to go and raise such- a buildin as that are, and he as much use for it, I do suppose, as my odd waggon here has for a fifth wheel. Blue Nose always talses keer to have a big house, cause it shows a big man, and one that's considerable forehanded, and pretty well to do ia the world. These Nova Scotians turn up their blue noses, as a bottle nose porpoise turns up his snout, and puff and snort exactly like him at
small house. If neighbor Carrit has a two story bouse, all filled with winders, like Sandy Hook light House, neighbor Parsnip must add jist two feet more on to the post of hisn, and about as much more to the rafter, to go ahead of him ; so all these long sarce gentlemen strive who can get the furdest in the sky, away from their farms. In New England our maxim is a small house, and a most an everlastin almighty big barn ; but these critters revarse it, they have little hovels for their cattle, about the bigness of a good sizeable bear trap, and a house for the humans as grand as Noah's Arik. Well, jist look at it and see what a figur it does cut. An old hat stuffed into one pane of glass, and an old flannel petticoat, as yaller as jaundice, in another, finish off the front; an old pair of breeches, and the pad of a bran new cart saddle worn out, titivate the eend, while the backside is all closed up on account of the wind. When it rains, if there aint a pretty how-do-you-do, it's a pity-beds toated out of this room, and tubs set in tother to catch soft water to wash; while the clapboards, loose at the eends, go clap, clap, clap, like galls a hacklin flax, and the winders and doors keep a dancin to the music. The only dry place in the bere is in the chimbley corner, where the folks al ddie up, as an old hen and ber chickens do under a cart of a wet day. I wish I had the matter of half a dozen pound of nails, (you'll hear the old gentleman in the grand house say, ) I'll be darned, if I don't, for if I had, I'd fix them are clapboards, I guess they'll go for it tome o' these days. 1 wish you had, his wife would say; for they do make a most particular unhansum clatter, that's a fact; and so they let it be till the next tempestical time comes, and then they wish agin. Now
this grand house has only two rooms down stairs, that are altogether slicked up and finished off complete, the other is jist petitioned off rough like, one half great dark entries, and tother half places that look a plaguy sight more like packin boxes than rooms. Well, all up stairs is a great onfarnished place, filled with every sort of good for nothin trumpery in natur-barrels without eends- -corn cobs half husked-cast off clothes and bits of old harness, sheep skins, hides, and wool, apples, one half rotten, and tother half squashed-a thousand or two of shingles that have bust their withs, and broke loose all over the floor, hay rakes, forks and sickles, without handles or teeth ; rusty scythes, and odds and eends without number. When any thing is wanted, then there is a general overhaul of the whole cargo, and away they get shifted forrard, one by one, all handled over and chucked into a heap together. till the lost one is found; and the next time, away they get pitched to the starn agin, higglety pigglety, heels over head, like sheep taken a split for it over a wall; only they increase in number each move, cause some on 'em are sure to get broke into more pieces than they was afore. Whenever I see one of these grand houses, and z hat fopkin out o' the winder, with nary head in it, thinks 5 be darned if that's a place for a wooden clock, nothin short of a London touch would go down with them folks, so I calculate I wont alight.

Whenever you come to such a grand place as this, Squire, depend on't the farm is all of a piece, great crops of thistles, and an everlastin yield of weeds, and cattle the best fed of any in the country, for they are always in the grain fields or mowin lands, and the pig* a rootin in the potatoe patches. A. spic and span new


Viren she axed me my name, and where I came from, where I was agoin, and what my business was. I guess, said she, you must be reasonable wet, sit to the fire and dry yourself, or mayhap your health may be endamnified p'raps.

So I sot down, and we soon got pretty considerably well acquainted, and quite sociable like, and her tongue when it fairly waked up, began to run like a mill race whei. the gate's up. I hadu't been talkin long, 'fore I well nigh lost sight of her altogether agin, for little Beck, began to flourish about her broom, right and left, in great style, a clearin up, and she did raise such an auful thick cloud o' dust, I didn't know if I should ever see or breathe either agin. Well when all was sot to rights and the fire made up, the old lady began to apologize for havin no candles; she said she'd had a grand tea party the night afore, and used them all up, and a whole sight of vittals too, the old man hadn't been well since, and had gone to bed airly. But,says she, I do wish with all my heart you had a come last night, for we had a most a special supper-punkin pies and dough-nuts, and apple sarce, and a roast goose stuffed with indian puddin, and a pig's harslet stewed in molasses and onions, and I dont know what all, and the fore part of to-day folks called to finish. I actilly haver, ${ }_{2}$, nothin left to set afore you; for it was none o' your skimmink parties, but superfine uppercrust real jam, and we made clean "work of it. But I'll make some tea, any how, for you, and perhap, arter that, said she, alterin of her tone, perhaps you'll expound the Scriptures, for its one while since I've heerd them laid open powerfully. I hant been fairly lifted up since that good man Judas Oglethorp travelled this road, and then she gave
a groan and hung down her head, and looked comerways, to see how the land lay thereabouts. The tea kettle was accordingly put on, and some lard fried into oil, and poured into a tumbler ; which, with the aid of an inch of cotton wick, served as a make shift for a candle. Well, arter tea we sot and chatted awhile about fashions, and markets, and sarmons, and scandal, and all sorts $o^{\circ}$ things ; and, in the midst of it, in runs the nigger wench, screemin out at the tip eend of her voice, oh Missus ! Missus ! there's fire in the Dairy, fire in the Dairy ! Ill give it to you for that, said the old lady, I'll give it you for that, you good for nothin hussy, that's all your carelessness, go and put it out this minit, how on airth did it get there? my night's milk gone, I dare say ; run this minit and put it out and save the milk. I am dreadful afeard of fire, I always was from a boy, and seein the poor foolish critter seize a broom in her fright, I ups with the Tea kettle and follows her; and away we clipt thro' the entry, she callin out mind the cellar door on the right, take kear of the close horse on the left, and so on, but as I could'nt see nothin, I kept right straight ahead. At last my foot kotched in somethin or another, that pitched me somewhat less than a rod or so, right agin the poor black critter, and away we went, heels over head. I heerd a splash and a groan, and I smett somethin plaguy sour, but I couldnt see nothin; at last I got hold of her and lifted her up, for she didn't scream, but made a strange kind of chopakin noise, and by this time upcame Marm Blake with a light. If poor Beck didnt let go then in airnest, and sing out, for dear life, its a pity, for she had gone head first into the swill tub, and the tea kettle had scalded her feet. She kept a
dancin right up and down, like one ravin distracted mad, and boohood like any thing, clawin away at her head the whole time, to clear away the stuff that stuck to her wool.

I held in as long as I could, till I thought I should have busted, for no soul could help a larfin, and at last I haw hawed right out. You good for nothin stupid slut you, said the old lady, to poor Beck, it sarves you right, you had no business to leave it there-I'll pay you. But, said I, interferin for the unfortunate critter, Good gracious Marm! you forget the fire. No I don't, said she, I see him, and seesin the broom that had fallen from the nigger's hand, she exclaimed, 1 see him, the nasty varmint, and began to belabor most onmarcifully a poor half starved cur that the noise had attracted to the entry. I'll teach you, said she, to drink milk; Fll larn you to steal into the dairy; and the besot critter joined chorus with Beck, and they both yelled together, till they fairly made the house ring agin. Presently old Squire Blake popt his head out of a door, and rubbin his eyes, half asleep and half awake, said, What the devil's to pay now, wife? Why nothin, says she, only "fire's in the dairy," and Beck's in the swill tub, that's all. Well, don't make such a touss, then, said he, if that's all, and he shot tu the door and went to bed agin. When we returned to the keepin room, the old lady told me that they always had had a dog called "Fire," ever since her grandfather, Major Donald Fraser's time, and what was very odd, says she, every one on 'em would drink mill if be had a chance. By this time the shower was over, and the moon shinin so bright and clear that I thought I'd better be up and stirrin, and arter slippin a few
cents into the poor nigger wench's hand, I took leave of the grand folks in the big house. Now, Squire, among these middlin sized farmers you may lay this down as a rule-The bigger the house, the bigger the fools be that's in it.

But, howsomever, I never call to mind that are go in the big house, up to the right, that I don't snicker when I think of "Fire in the dairy."

## No. XXIX.

## A Body without a Head.

I allot you had ought to visit our great country Squire, said the Clockmaker, afore you quit for good and all. I calculate you don't understand us. The most splendid location atween the Poles is the United States, and the first man alive is Gineral Jackson, the hero of the age, him that skeered the British out of their seven senses. Then there's the great Danel Webster, its generally allowed, he's the greatest orator on the face of the airth, by a long chatk, and Mr. Van Buren, and Mr. Clay, and Amos Kindle, and Judge White, and a whole raft of statesmen, up to every thing, and all manner of politics ; there aint the beat of'em to be found any where. If you was to hear 'em, I concait you'd hear genuine pure English for once, any how; for its generally allowed we speak English better than the British. They all know me to be an American citizen here, by my talk, for we speak it complete in New England.

Yes, if you want to see a free people-them that makes their own laws, accordin to their own notionsgo to the States. Indeed, if you can falt them at all, they are a little grain too free. Our folks have their head a trifle too much, sometimes, particularly in Elections, both in freedom of speech and freedom of Press. One hadnt ought to blart right cut always all that comes uppermost. A horse that's too free frets himself and his rider too, and both on em lose flesh in the long run. I'd een a most as lives use the whip sometimes, as to be for everlastenly a pullin at the rein. One's arm gets plaguy tired, that's a fact. I often think of a lesson I larnt Jehiel Quirk once, for letten his tongue outrun his good manners. I was down to Rhode Island one summer to larn gilden and bronzin, so as to give the fimishin touch to my clocks. Well, the folks elected me a hog reave, jist to poke fun at me, and Mr. Jehiel, a bean pole of a lawyer, was at the bottom of it. So one day, up to Town Hall, where there was an oration to be delivered on our Independence, jist afore the orator commenced, in runs Jehiel in a most allfired hurry ; and, says he, I wonder, says he, if there's are a hogreave here, because if there be I require a turn of his office, And then, said he, a lookin up to me and callin out at the tip eend of his voice, Mr. Hogreave Slick, says he, here's a job out here for you. Folks snickered a good deal, and I félt my spunk a risen like half flood, that's a fact ; but I bit in my breath, and spoke quitc cool. Possible, says $1 \%$ well duty, I do suppose, must be done, though it to the most agreeable in the world. I've beenethin says I, that I would be liable to a fine of fifty cents for sufferin a hog to run at large, and as you are the bism3
gest one, I presume, in all Rhode Island, I'll jist begin by ringin your nose, to prevent you for the futur from pokin your snout where you hadnt ought to, and I seized him by the nose and nearly wrung it off. Well, you never heord sich a shoutin and clappin of hands, and cheerin, in your life-they haw-hawed like thunder. Says I Jehiel Quirk that was a superb joke of yourn, how you made the folks larf didnt you? You are een amost the wittiest critter I ever seed. I guess you'll mind your parts o' speech, and study the accidence agin afore you let your clapper run arter that fashion, won't you?

I thought, said I, that among you republicans, there were no gradations of rank or office, and that all were equal, the Hogreave and the Governor, the Judge and the Crier, the master and his servant ; and although, from the natur of things, more power might be entrusted to one than the other, yet that the rank of all was precisely the same. Well, said he, it is so in theory, but not always in practice; and when we do practise it, it seems to go a little agin the grain, as if it warnt quite right neither. When I was last to Baltimore there was a Court there, and Chief Justice Marshall was detailed there for duty. Well, with us in New England, the Sheriff attends the Judge to Court, and, sawe I to the Sheriff, why dont you escort that are venerable old Judge to the State House, he's a credit to our nation that man, he's actilly the first pot hook on the crane, the whole weight is on him, if it warnt for him the fat would be in the fire in no time ; I wonder you dont show him that respect-it wouldnt hurt you one morsel, I guess. Says he, quite miffy like, don't he know the way to Court as well as I do ? ifI
thought he didnt, I'd send one of my niggers to show him the road. I wonder who was his lackey last year, that he wants me to be hisn this time. It don't convene to one of our free and enlightened citizens, to tag arter any man, that's a fact ; its too English and too foreign for our glorious institutions. He's bound by law to be there at 10 o'clock, and so be I, and we both know the way there I reckon.

I told the story to our minister, Mr. Hopewell (and he has some odd notions about him that man, though he don't always let out what he thinks) ; says he, Sam, that was in bad taste, (a great phrase of the old gentleman's that) in bad taste, Sam. That are Sheriff was a goney ; don't cut your cloth arter his pattern, or your garment won't become you, Itell you. We are too enlightened, to worship our fellow citizens as the ancients did, but we ought to pay great respect to vartue and exalted talents in this life ; and, arter their death, there should be statues of eminent men placed in our national temples, for the veneration of arter ages, and public ceremonies performed annually to their honor. Arter all, Sam, said he, (and he made a considerable of a long pause, as if be was dubersome whether he ought to speak out or not) arter all, Sam, said he, atween ourselves, (but you must not let on I said so, for the fullness of time han't yet come) halfa yaxd of blue ribbon is a plaguy cheap way of rewarden merit, as the English do ; and, although we larf at em, (for folks always will larf at what they hant got, and never can get,) yet titles aint bad things as objects of ambition, are they? Then, tappen me on the shoulder, and lookin up and smilin, as he always did when he was
pleased with an idee, Sir Samuel Slick would not sound bad, I guess, would it Sam ?

When I look at the English House of Lords, said he, .and see so much larning, piety, talent, honor, vartue, and retinement, collected together, I ax myself this bere question, can a system which produces and sustains such a body of men, as the world never saw before and never will see agin, be defective? Well, I answer myself, perhaps it is, for all human institutions are so, but I guess its een about the best arter all. It woulda't do here now, Sam, nor perhaps for a century to come, but it will come sooner or later with some variations. Now the Newtown pippin, when transplanted to England, don't produce such fruit es it does in Long Island, and English fruits don't presarve their flavor here, neither; allowance must be made for difference of soil and climate-(Oh Lord! thinks I, if he turns in to his orchard, I'm done for; l'll bave to give him the dodge some how or another, through some hole in the fence, that's a fact-but he passed on that time.) So it is, said he, with constitutions; ourn will gradually approximate to theirn, and theirn to ourn. As they lose their strength of executive, they will varge to republicanism, and as we invigorate the form of government, (as we must do, or go to the old boy) we ahall tend towards a monarchy. If this comes on gradually, like the changes in the human body, by the slow approach of old age, so much the better; but I fear we shall have fevers, and convulsion-fits, and cholics, and an everlastin gripin of the intestines first; you and I wont live to see it Sam, but our posteriors will, you may depend.

1 don't go the whole figur with minister, said the

Clockmaker, but I do opinionate with him in part. In our business relations we bely our politieal principles -we say every man is equal in the Union, and should have an equal 'rote and voice in the Government ; but in our Banks, Rail Road Companies, Factory Corporations, and so on, every man's vote is regilated by bis share and proportion of stock; and if it warnt $s \in$, no man would take hold on these things at all.

Natur ordained it so-a father of a family is head, and rules supreme in his household ; his eldest son and darter are like first leftenants under him, and then there is an overseer over the niggers ; it would not do for all to be equal there. So it is in the univarse, it is ruled by one Superior Power; if all the Angels had a voice in the Government 1 guess _Here I fell fast asleep ; 1 had been nodding for some time, not in approbation of what he said, but in heaviness of slumber, for I had never before heard him so prosy since I first overtook him on the Colchester road. I hate politics as a subject of conversation, it is too wide a field for chit chat, and too often ends in angry discussion. How long he continued this train of speculation I do not know, but, judging by the different aspect of the country, I must have slept an hour.

I was at length aroused by the report of his riffe, which he had discharged from the waggon. The last I recollected of his conversation was, I think, about American angels having no voice in the Government, an assertion that struck my drowsy faeulties as not strictly true; as I had often heard that the American ladies talked frequently and warmly on the subject of pelitics, and knew that one of them had very recently the credit of breaking up General Jackson's cabinet. -

When I awoke, the first I heard was "well, I declare, if that aint an amazin fine shot, too, considerin how the critter was a runnin the whole blessed time; if I han't cut her bead off with a ball, jist below the throat, that's a fact. There's no mistake in a good Kentucky rifle $e_{2}$ tell you. Whose bead? said $I$, in great alarm, whose head, Mr. Slick? for heaven's sake what have you done? (for I had been dreaming of those angelic politicians the American ladies.) Why that are henpartridge's head, to be sure, said he ; don't you see how special wonderful wise it looks, a flutterin about arter its head. True, said I , rubbing my eyes, and opening them in time to see the last muscular spasms of the decapitated body; true, Mr. Slick, it is a happy illustration of our previous conversation-a body without a head.

> No. XXX.

## A Tale of Bunker's Hill.

Mr. Slick, like all his countrymen whom I have seen, felt that his own existence was involved in that of the Constitution of the United States, and that it was his duty to uphold it upon all occasions. He affected to consider its government and its institutions as perfect, and if any doubt was suggested as to the stability or character of either, would make the common reply of all Americans, " 1 guess you don't understand us," or else enter into a labored defence. When left, however, to the free expression of his own thoughts, be
would often give utterance to those apprehensions which most men feel in the event of an experiment not yet fairly tried, and which has in many parts evidently disappointed the sanguine hopes of its friends. But, even on these occasions, when his vigilance seemed to slumber, he would generally cover them, by giving them as the remarks of others, or concealing them in a tale. It was this habit that gave his discourse rather the appearance of "thinking aloud," than a connected conversation.

We are a great nation, Squire, he said, that's sartain ; but I'm afeard we didnt altogether start right. Its in politics as in racin, every thing depends upon a fair start. If you are off too quick, you have to pull up and turn back agin, and your beast gets out of wind and is baffled, and if you lose in the'start you hant got a fair chance arterwards, and are plaguy apt to be jockied in the course. When we set up housekeepin, as it were for ourselves, we hated our step mother, Old England, so dreadful bad, we wouldnt foller any of her ways of managin at all, but made new receipts for ourselves. Well, we missed it in many things most consumedly, some how or another. Did you ever see, said he, a cdngregation split right in two by a quarrel, and one part go off and set up for themselves. I am sorry to say, said I, that I have seen some melancholy instances of the kind. Well, they shoot abead, or drop astern, as the case may be, but they soon get on another tack, and leave the old ship clean out of sight. When folks once take to emigratin in religion in this way, they never know where to bide. First they try one location, and then they try another; wome settle here and some improve there, but they
dont hitch their horses together long. Some times they complain they have too little water, at other times that they have too much ; they are never satisfied, and, wherever these separatistsgo, they onsettle others as bad as themselves. I never look on a desarter as any great shakes. My poor father used to say, "Sam, mind what I tell you, if a man don't agree in all particulars with his church, and can't go the whole hog with 'em, he aint justified on that account, no how, to separate from them, for Sam, " Schism is a sin in the eye of God." The whole Christian world, he would say, is divided into two great families, the Catholic and Protestant. Well, the Catholic is a united family, a happy family, and a strong family, all governed by one head; and Sam, as sure as eggs is eggs, that are family will grub out tother one, stalk, branch and root, it won't so much as leave the seed of it in the ground, to grow by chance as a nateral curiosity. Now the Protestant family is like a bundle of refuse shingles, when withed up together, (which it never was and never will be to all etarnity) no great of a bundle arter all, you night take it up under one arm, and walk off with it without winkin. But, when all lyin loose as it always is, jist look at it, and see what a sight it is, all blowin about by every wind of doctrine, some away up een a most out of sight, others rollin over and over in the dirt, some split to pieces, and others so warped by the weather and cracked by the sun-no two of 'em will lie so as to make a close jint. They are all divided into sects, railin, quarrellin, separatin, and agreein in nothin, but hatin each other. It is awful to think on. 'Tother family will some day or other gather them all up, put them into a bundle and biad them up tight,
and condemn'em as fit for nothin under the sun, but the fire. Now he who splits one of these here sects? by schism, or he who preaches schism, commits a' grievous sin ; and Sam, if you valy your own peace of mind, have nothin to do with such folks.
lts pretty much the same in Politics. I aint quter clear in my conscience, Sam, about our glorious revo lution. If that are blood was shed justly in the rebellion, then it was the Lord's doin, but if unlawfully, how am I to answer for my share in it. I was at Bunker's Hill (the most splendid battle its generally allowed that ever was fought); what effect my shots had, I can't tell, and I am glad I can't, all except one, Sam, and that shot- Here the Old Gentleman became dreadful agitated, he shook like an ague fit, and he walked up and down the room, and wrungi his hands, and groaned bitterly. I have wrastled with the Lord, Sam, and have prayed to him to enlighten me on that pint, and to wash out the stain of that are blood from my hands. I never told you that are story, nor your mother neither, for she could not stand it, poor critter, she's kinder narvous.

Well, Doctor Warren, (the first soldier of his age, though he never fought afore, commanded us all to resarve our fire till the British came within pint blank shot, and we could cleverly see the whites of their eyes, and we did so-and we mowed them down like grass, and we repeated our fire with awful effect. I was among the last that remamed behind the breastwork, for most on 'em, arter the second shot, cut and run full split. The British were close to us; and an officer, with his sword drawn, was leading on his men and encouragin them to the charge. I could see his


## A TALE OF BENKER'S HILL.

critter, says, Sam, says she, what on airth ails you to make you act so like old Scratch in your sleep-I do. believe there's somethin or another on your conscience. And I say, Polly dear, I guess we're a goin to hemo rain, for that plaguy cute rheumatis has seized my fof $\mathrm{m}^{6}$ and it does antagonize me so I have no peace. $H^{4}$, $\%$ ways does so when it's like for a change. Dear heart she says, (the poor simple critter,) then I guess I but better rub it, had'nt I, Sam? and she crawls out of beat and gets her red flannel petticoat, and rubs away at my foot ever so long. Oh, Sam, if she could rub it out of my heart as easy as she thinks she rubs it out of my foot, I should be in peace, that's a fact.

What's done, Sam, can't be helped, there is no use in cryin over spilt milk, but still one can't help a thinkin on it. But I dont love schisms and I dont love rebellion:

Our revolution has made us grow faster and grow richer; but Sam, when we were younger and poorer, we were more pious and more happy. We have nothin fixed either in religion or politics. What connection there ought to be atween Church and State, I am not availed, but some there ought to be as sure as the Lord made Moses. Religion when left to itself, as with us, grows too rank and luxuriant. Suckers and sprouts, and intersecting shoots, and superfluous wood make a nice shady tree to look at, but where's the fruit, Sam? that's the question-where's the fruit? No; the pride of human wisdom, and the presumption it breeds will ruinate us. Jefferson was an infidel, and avowed it, and gloried in it, and called it the enlightenment of the age. Cambridge College is Unitarian, cause it looks wise to doubt, and every drumstick

of a boy ridicules the belief of his forefathers. If our poyntry is to be darkened by infidelity, our Governgrent defied by every State, and every State ruled by enser--then, Sam, the blood we shed in our revolution Whe the atoned for in the bood and suffering of our Sign citizens. The murders of that civil war will be Stined by a political suicide of the State.
W. Fan somewhat of father's opinion, said the Clockwher, though I dont go the whole figur with him, but he meedn't have paper such an everlastin touss about fixin that are Britioh officer's flist for him, for he'd a died of himself by this time, I do suppose, if he had a missed his shot at him. Praps we might have done a little better, and praps we mightn't, by sticken a little closer to the old constitution. But one thing I will say, I think arter all, your Colony Government is about: as happy and as a good a one as Iknow on. A man's life and property are well protected here at little cost, and he can-go where he likes and do what he likes, provided he dont trespass on his neighbor.
I guess that's enough for any on us, now aint it?

No. XXXI.
Gulliag a Blue Nase.
I allot, said Mr. Slick, that the Blue Noses are the most gullible folks on the faee of the airth-rigular soft horns, that's a fact. Politicks and sueh stuff set 'em a gapin, like children in a chimbly corner listenen to tales of ghosts, Salem witches, ${ }_{2}$ and Mora Scotia
snow storms ；and while they stand starin and yat all eyes and mouth，they get their pockets every cent that＇s in＇em．One candidate ch
＂Feller citizens，this country is goin to the doges over hand；look at your rivers，you have no brideled your wild lands，you have no roads；at your you hante got a cent in it ；at your markets，thingsidont fetch nothin；at your fish，the Yankees ketch＇em all． There＇s nothin behind you but sufferin，around yote but poverty，afore you，but slavery and death．What＇s the cause of this unheerd of awful state of things， $2 y$ ， what＇s the cause？Why Judges，and Banks，and Law－ yers，and great folks，have swallered all the money． They＇ve got you down，and they＇ll keep you down to all etarnity，you and your posteriors arter you．Rise up like men，arouse yourseives like freemen，and elect me to the Legislatur，and I＇ll lead on the small but patriotic band，I＇ll put the big wigs thro＇their facins， I＇ll make＇em shake in their shoes，l＇ll knock off your chains and make you free．＂Well，the goneys fall tu and elect him，and he desarts right away，with balls， riffe，powder horn and all．He promised too much．

Then comes a rael good man，and an everlastin fine preacher，a most a special spiritual man，renounces the world，the flesh，and the devil，preaches and prays day and night，so kind to the poor，and so humble，he has no more pride than a babe，and so short－handed he＇s no butter to his bread－all self denial，mortifyin the flesh．Well，as soon as he can work it，he marries the richest gall in all his flock，and then his bread is but－ tered on both sides．He promised too much．

Then comes a Doctor，and a prime article he is too， I＇ve got，says he，a screw augur emetic and hot crop，

## THE CLOCEMAKEK~

and if I cant cure all sorts o' things in natur my name aitt quack. Well he turns stomach and Roeket, both ingide out, and leaves poor blue noso-a dyad manTe promised too much.
4 then comes a Lawyer, an honest lawyer too, a rael whater under the sun, as straight as a shingle in all his taalins. He's so honest he cant bear to hear tell of other lawyers, he writes agin 'em, raves agin'em, votes digh 'em, they are all rogues but him. He's jist the man to take a case in hand, cause he will see justice done. Well, he wins his case, and fobs all for costs, cause he's sworn to see justice done to-himself. He promised too much.

Then comes a Yankee Clockmaker, (and here Mr. Slick looked up and smiled,) with his "Soft Sawder," and "Human Natur," and he sells clocks warranted to run from July to Etarnity, stoppages included, and I must say they do run as long as-as long as wooden clocks commonly do, that's a fact. But I'll shew you presently how I put the leak into 'em, for here's a feller a little bit ahead on us, whose flint I've made up my mind to fix this while past. Here we were nearly thrown out of the waggon, by the breaking down of one of those small wooden bridges, which prove so annoying and so dangerous to travellers. Did you hear that are snap? said he, well as sure as fate, l'll break my clocks over them etarnal log bridges, if Old Clay clips over them arter that fashion. Them are poles are plagay treacherous, they are jist like old Marm Patience Doesgood's teeth, that keeps the great United Independent Democratic Hotel, at Squaw Neck Creek, in Massachusetts, one half gone, and tother half rotten eends. I thought you had disposed of your last Clock,
said I, at Colchester, to Deacon Flint. So I did, he replied, the last one I had to sell to him, but I got afow left for other folks yet. Now there is a man on this road, onc Zeb Allen, a real genuine skinflint, arpeper close fisted customer as you'll amost see any wherp; and one that's not altogether the straight thing. in his dealin neither. He dont want no one to live but himself, and he's mighty handsum to me, sayin my Clocks are ail a cheat, and that we ruinate the coumtry, a drainin every drop of money out of it, a callin me a Yankee broom and what not. But it tante all jist Gospel that he says. Now l'il put a Clock on him afore he knows it, I'll go right into him as slick as a whistle, and play him to the eend of my line like a trout. I'll have a hook in his gills, while he's a thinkin he's only smellin at the bait. There he is now, Pll be darned if he aint, standin afore his shop door, lookin as strong as high proof Jamaiky ; I guess I'll whip it out o' the bung while he's a lookin arter the spicket, and praps he'll be none $o$ ' the wiser till be finds it out, neither.

Well Squire, how do you do, said he, how's all to home? Reasonable well, I give you thanks, wont you alight? Cant to-day, said Mr. Slick, I'm in a considerable of a hurry to katch the Packet, have you any commands for Sow West? I'm goin to the Island, and across the Bay to Windsor. Any word that way? No says Mr. Allen, none that I can think on, unless it be to enquire how butter's goin ; they tell me cheese is down, and produce of all kind particular dull this fall. Well, I'm glad I can tell you that question, said Slick, for 1 dont calculate to return to these parts, butter is risin a cent or two ; I put mine off mind at 10 pence.

to get him one, and a special job I had of it, near abrout more sarch arter it than it was worth, but I did get him one, and a particular handsum one it is, copala and gilt superior. I guess its worth ary half dozes in these parts, let tothers be where they may. If I could a got supplied with the like o' them, I could a made. \& grand spec out of them, for they took at once, and went off quick. Have you got it with you, said Mor Allen, I should like to see it. Yes, I bave it here, alf done up in tow, as snug as a bird's egg, to keep it froma jarrin, for it hurts 'em consumedly to jolt 'em over them are etarnal wooden bridges. But its no use to take it out, it aint for sale, its bespoke, and I would'nt take the same trouble to get another for twenty dollars. The only one that I know of that there's any chance of gettin, is one that Increase Crane has up to Wilmot, they say be'a a สêlin off.

After a good deal of persuasion, Mr. Slick ungacked the clock, but protested against his ashing for it, for it was not for sale. It was then exhibited, every part explained and praised, as new in invention and perfect in workmanship. Now Mr. Allen had a very exalted opinion of Squire Shepody's taste, judgment, and saving knowledge; and, as it was the last and only chance of getting a clock, of such superier quality, he offered to take it at the price the Squire was to have it, at seven pounds ten shillings. But Mr. Slick vowed he could'nt part with it at no rate, be didnt know where he could get the like agin, (for he warnt quite sure about Increase Crane's) and the Squire would be confounded disappointed, he could'nt think of it. In proportion to the difficulties, rose the ardor of Mr. A1len, his offers advanced to $£ 8$, to $£ 810$, to $£ 9$. I vow,
said Mr. Slick, I wish I had'nt let on that I had it at all. I dont like to refuse you, but where am I to get the like. After much discussion of a similar nature, he eonsonted to part with the clock, though with great apperent reluctance, and pocketed the money with a protest that, cost what it would, he should have to procure anotber, for he could'nt think of putting the Squire's pipe out arter that fashion, for he was a very clever man, and as fair as a boot jack. Now, said Mr. Slick, as we proceeded on our way, that are feller is properly sarved, he got the most inferior article I had, and Ijist doubled the price on him. Its a pity he should be a tellia of lies of the yankees all the time, this will help him now to a little grain of truth. Then mimicking his voice and manner, he repeated Allen's words with a strong nasal twang, "Most time for you to give sen the elock trade, I guess, for by all accounts they aint worth havin, and most infarnel dear too, folks begin to get their eyes open." Better for you, if you'd a had yourn open, 1 reckon, a joke is a joke, but $I$ concait you'll fipd that no joke. The next time you tell stories about Yankee pedlars, put the wooden clock in with the wooden punkin seeds, and Hickory hams, will you? The blue noses, Squire, are all like Zeb Allen, they think they know every thing, but they get gulled from years' eend to years' eend. They expect too much from others, and do too little for themselves. They actilly expect the sun to shine, and the rain to fall, through their little House of Assembly. What have you done for us? they keep axin their members. Who did you spunk up to last Session? jist as if all legislation consisted in attackin some half dozen puss proud folks at Halifax, who are jist as big
noodles as they be themselves. You hear nothin but politicks, politicks, politicks, one everlastin sound of gire, give, give. If I was Governor I'd give 'em the butt eend of my mind on the subject, I'd crack their. pates till I let some light in 'em, if it was me, I know. I'd say to the members, don't come down here to Helifax with your long lockrums about politicks, mekin a great touss about nothin; but open the country, forster agricultur, encourage trade, incorporate companies, make bridges, facilitate conveyance, and above all things make a Railroad from Windsor to Halifax; and mind what I tell you now, write it down for fear you should forget it, for it's a fact; and if you don't believe me, I'll lick you till you do, for there aint a word of a lie in it, by Gum : "One such work as the Windsor Bridge is worth all your laws, votes, speeches and resolutions, for the last ten years, if tied up and put into a nical $^{2}$ bag together. If it tante I hope I may be shot."

## No. XXXI.

Too many lrons in the Fire.
We had a pleasant sail of three hours from Parrsborough to Windsor. The arrivals and departures by water, are regulated at this place by the tide, and it was sunset before we reached Mrs, Wilcox's comfortable inn. Here, as at other places, Mr. Slick seemed to be perfectly at home ; and he pointed to a wooden clock, as aproof öf his successful and extended trade, and of the universal influence of "soft sawder," and"a
knowledge of "human natur." Taking out a pen Kilife, be cut off a splinter from a stick of firewood, afd batancing himself on one leg of his chair, by the aix of his right foot, commenced his favorite amusemett of whitling, which he genepally pursued in silence: Prdeed it appeared to have become with him ain indispensible accompaniment of reflection. He satit in this abstracted manner, until he had manufactured into delicate shavings the whole of his raw materief, when he very deliberately resumed a position of more ease and security, by resting his chair on two legs instead of one, and putting both his feet on the mantel piece. Then, lighting his cigar, he said in his usual quiet manner, there's a plaguy sight of truth in them are old proverbs. They are distilled facts steamed down to an essence. They are like portable soup, an amazin deal of matter in a small compàss. They are what 1 valy most, experience. Father used to say I'd as lives have an old homespun self taught doctor as are a Professor in the College at Philadelphia or New York to attend me; for what they do know, they know by experience, and not by books; and experience is every thing, its hearin and seein and tryin, and arter that a feller must be a born fool if he dont know. That's the beauty of old proverbs; they are as true as a plum line, and as short and sweet as sugar candy. Now when you come to see all about this Country you'h find the truth of that are one-" a man that has too many irons in the fire, is plaguy apt to get somse on 'em barnt.

Do you recollect that are tree I show'd you to Parrsboro', it was all covered with black knobs, like a wairt rubbed with caustic. Well, the plum trees had the same
disease a few years ago, and they all died, the cherry trees I concait will go for it too. The Pinm here are all covered with the same "black kmoben" they do look like old scratch. If you see a pliet gone to wrack and ruin, its mortgaged you thay depend. The "black knob" is on it. My plan, youtanow, is to ax leave to put a clock in a house, and let it be till I return. I never say a word about sellin it, for I hapoy when I come back, they wont let it go arter they once used to it. Well, when I first came, I knowed po one, and I was forced to enquire whether a man was good for it, afore I left it with him; so I made a pint of axin all about every man's place that lived on the road. Who lives up there in the big house, says I ? its a nice location that, pretty considerable improvements them. Why Sir, that's A. B.'s ; he was well to do in the world once, carried a stiff upper lip and keerd for no one ; he was one of our grand aristocrats, wore a long tailed coat, and a ruffled shirt, but he must take to ship buitdin, and has gone to the dogs. Ob, said I, too many irons in the fire. Well, the next farm, where the pigs are in the potatoe field, whose is that? $\mathrm{Oh}, \mathrm{Sir}$, that's C. D's. he was a considerable fore handed farmer, as any in our place, but he sot up for an As-sembly-man, and opened a Store, and things went agin him some how, he had no luck arterwards I hear his place is mortgaged, and they've got him cited in chancery. "The block knob" is on him, said I. The black what, Sir, says blue nose? nothin says 1. But the next, who improves that house? Why that's E. F.'s the was the greatest farmer in these parts, arrother of the aristocracy, had a most a noble stock o' cattle, and the matter of some hoodreds out in jint notes; well he took
the contract for beef with the troops; and he fell astann so, I guess its a gone goose with him. He's heavy mortgaged. "Too many irons" agin, said I. Who lives to the left there? that man has a most a special fine intervale, and a grand orchard too, he must be a good mark that. Well he was once, Sir, a few years ago; but he built a fullin mill, and a cardin mill, ánd put up a lumber establighment, and speculated in the West Indy line, but the dan was carried away by the freshets, the lumber

- fell, and faith be fell too; he's shot up, he hant been see'd these two years, his farm is a common, and fairly run out. Oh, said I, I understand now, my man, these folks had too many irons in the fire you see, and some on 'em have got burnt. I never heerd tell of it, says blue nose ; they might, but not to my knowledge; and he acratched his head, and looked as if be would ask the meanin of it, but didn't like too. Arter that I axed no more questions; I knew a mortgaged farm as far as I could see it. There was a strong family likeness in 'em all-the same ugly featurs, the same cast $o$ ' countenance. The " black knob" was discernible-there was no mistake-barn doors broken off-fences burnt upglass out of windows-more white crops than greenand both lookin poor and weedy-no wood pile, no sarse garden, no compost, no stock-moss in the mowin lands, thistles in the ploughed lands, and neglect every where-skinnin had commenced-takin all out and puttin nothin in-gittin ready for a move, so as to leave nothin behind. Flittin time had come. Fore gatherin, for foreclosin. Preparin to curse and quit.-That beautiful river we came up to day, what superfine farms it has on both sides of it, hante it ? its a sight to behold. Our folks have no notion of such a
 va Scotia is. If I was to draw up an accourther the the Slickville Gazette, I guess few would aceoty a bona fide draft, without some sponsible then dorse it, that warnt given to flammin. They ${ }^{2}$ dininime was a land speculation to the bottom of it, or er privilege to put into the market, or a plaistor an get off, or some such scheme. They woutd, But I hope I may never see daylight agin, if thentax. a country in all our great nation, as the viemaity Windsor.
Now its jist as like as not, some goney of a blue nose, that see'd us from his fields, sailify up full spiti, with a fair wind on the packet, went right off home and said to his wife, " now do for gracious sake, mother, jist look here, and see how slick them folks go' along ; and that Captain has nothin to do all day, but sit straddle legs across his tiller, and order abont his sailors, or talk like a gentleman to his passengers; he's got most as easy a time of it as Ami Cuttle has, since he took up the fur trade, a snarin rabbits, I guess Fll buy a vessel, and leave the lads to do the plowin and little chores, they've growd up now to be considerable lumps of boys. Well, away he'll go, hot foot, (for I know the critters better nor they know themselves) and he'll go and buy some old wrack of a vessel, to carry plaister, and mortgage his farm to pay for her. The vessel will jam him up tight for repairs and new riggin, and the Sheriff will soon pay him a visit (and he's a most particular troublesome visitor that ; if he once only gets a slight how-d'ye-do acquaintance, he becomes so amazin intimate arterwards, a comin in without knockin, and a runnin in and out at all hours,
and makin so plaguy free and easy, its about as much ate hagain if you can get clear of him arterwards.) Benipt by the tide, and benipt by the Sheriff, the vesel makes short work with him. Well, the upshot is, the farmgets neglected, while Captain Cuddy is to sea a drogit of plaister. The thistles run over his grain fields his cattle run over his hay land, the interest rupaperer its time, the mortgage runs ovex all, and 4nthe jist runs over to the lines to Eastport, himn) A. And when he finds himself there, a standin in the street, near Major Pine's tavern, with his bands in his trowser pockets, a chasin of a stray shillin from ame.eend of'em to anotber, afore he can catch it to syrap for a dinner, wont he look like a ravin distracted fool, that's all? He'll feel about as streaked as I did once, a ridin down the St. John river. It was the fore part of March-I'd been up to Fredericton a speculatin in a small matter of lumber; and was returnin to the city, a gallopin along on one of old Buntin's horses, on the ice, and all at one I missed my horse, he went right slap in and slid under the ice out of sight as quick as wink, and there I was a standin alt alone. Well, says I, what the dogs has become of my horse and port mantle? they have given me a proper dodge, that's a fact. That is a narrer squeak, it fairly bangs all. Well, 1 guess he'll-feel near about as ugly, when he finds himself brought up all standin that way ; and it will come so sudden on him, he'll say, why it aint possible I've lost farm and ressel both, in tu tu's that way, but I dont see neither on'em. Eastport is near about all made up of folks who have had to eut and run for it.

I was down there last fall, and who sbould I see but Thomas Rigby, of Windsor. He knew me the minit you, Mr. Rigly ? why, as I am alive! if that wint ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ old firend-why how do you do? Hearty, 1 thacit you, said be, how be you? Reasonable well, I give you thanks, says I; but what on airth brought yout here?. Why, says he, Mr. Slick, I couldn't well avoid it; tiures are uncommon dull over the bay; there's no thin stirrin there this yea, and never will l'm thinkit. No mortal soul can live in Nova Scotia. I do believe that our country was made of a Saturday night, arter all the rest of the Universe was finished. One half of it has got all the ballast of Noah's ark thrown out there ; and the other balf is eat up by Bankers, Lawyers, and other great folks. All our money goes to pay salaries, and a poor man has no chance at all. Well, says $I$, are you done up stock and fluke-a total wrack? No, says he, I have two handred pounds left yet to the good, but my farm, stock and utensite, them young blood horses, and the bran new vessel I was a buildin, are all gone to pot, swept as clean as a thrashin floor, that's a fact; Shark \& Co. took all. Well, says I, do you know the reason of all that misfortin? Oh, says he, any fool can tell that; bad times to be sure-every thing has turned agin the r3
equmbry, the lanks have it all their own way, and much igood may it do 'em. Well, says I, what's the maces the banks don't eat us up too, for I guess they Giese hangry as yourn be, and no way particular thont their food neither; considerable sharp set-cut Filequagars, you may depend. I'll tell you, says I, how wapert that are slide, that sent you heels over bead"Ferngad too maxy irons in the fore." You hadn't ought to have taken hold of ship buildin at all, you knowed mothin about it; you should have stuck to your farm, and your farm would have stuck to you. Now go beoks afore you spend your money, go up to Douglas, and you'll buy as good a farm for two hundred pounds. whet you lost, and see to that, and to that onfy, and you'll grow rich. As for Banks, they can't how a country no great, I guess, except by breakin, and I concait there's no fear of yourn breakin ; and as for lawyers, and them kindo' heavy coaches, give 'em half the. road, and if they run agin you, take the law of 'em. Undivided, unremittin attention paid to one thing, in nine-ty-mine cases out of a hurdred, will ensure success; but you. herovethe ald sayin about "too many irons."

Xew, says I, Mr. Rigby, what o'clock is it? Why,' says he, the moon is up a piece, I guess its seven o'clock or thereabouts. I suppose its time to be a movín. Stop, says I, jist come with me, I got a rael nateral curiosity to show you-such a thing as you: neyer laid your ejes on in Nova-Scotia, I know. So " we walked along towards the beach; now, says I, look at that are man, ald Lunar, and his son, a sawin plank by moonlight, for that are vessel on the stocks there; come agin to mourow mornin, afore you cand clevarly discarn objects the matter of a yard or so afore you,
and you'll find 'em at it agin. I guess theremen won't ruinate those folks. They know thein and stick to it. Well, away went Rigby, commerituris sulky, (for he had no notion that it was his he laid all the blame on the folks to Halifax, be waś a little grain posed, for back b bought to Sowack, where I hear he has a bettest than he had afore.
I mind once we had an Irish gall as a dairy $h$ well, we bad a wicked devil of a cow, and she kie. over the milk pail, and in ran Dora, and swore the abgle did it ; jist so, poor Righy, he wouldat allowe it was nateral causes, but laid it all to politica Taikis of Dera, puts me in mind of the galk, for she warnt a bad lookin heifer that ; my ! what an eye she had, and I conearted she had a particnlar small foot and amkto too, when I helped her up once into the hay mow, to sarch for eggs ; but I cant exactly say, for when whe brought em in, mother shook her head and seid it wes dangerous ; she said she might fall through and bürt herself, and always sent old Snow arterwards: She was a considerable of a long headed woman, was mother, she could see as far ahead as most folks. She warn't born yesterday, 1 guess. But that are proverb is true as respects the galls too. Whenever you see one on 'em with a whole lot of sweet hearts, its an even chance if she gets married to any on ens. Ons cools off, and another cools off, and before she briags any one on em to the right weldin heat, the coal is gone: and the fire is out. Then she may blow and blow till she's tired; she may blow up a dust, but the device of a flame can she blow up agia, to save her coul alive. I never see a elever lookin gall in dasger of that, I dont:
about as much regard for the country as a pedian live who trudges along with a pack on bis back. cause he intends to ride at last ; trusts, cause heinneran to sue at last ; smiles, cause he intends to cheat cer mand saves all, cause be intends to move all at last. In tors, and these last grumble anll growl like with a sore head, the whole blessed time, at ovem thing ; and can hardly keep a civil tongue in their beed while they're fobbin your money hand over hand: These critters feel no interest in any thing but cent per cent; they deaden public spirit; they han't got none themselves, and they larf at it in others; and when you add their numbers to the timid ones, the stingy ones, the ignorant ones, and the poor ones that are to be found in every place, why the few smart spirited ones that's left, are too few to do any thing, and so nothin is done. It appears to me if I was a blue nose I'd -; but thank fortin I aint, so I says nothin-but there is somethin that aint altogether jist right in this country, that's a fact.
Bat what a country this Bay country is, isn't it? Look at that medder, beant it lovely? The Prayer Eyes of Illauoy are the top of the ladder with us, but thase dykes take the shine off them by a long ohalk, that's sartin. The land in our far west, it is generally allowed, ean't be no better; what you plant is sure to grow and yield well, and food is so cheap yout ean live there for half nothin. But it don't agree with us New Eagland folks ; we don't enjoy geod bealth there; and what in the world is the use of food, if you have apoh en etarnal dyspepsy you can't disgest it. $A$ man caa hardly live there till next grass afore he is in the


## WINDSOR AND THE FAR WEST.

the grain, I tell you. Poor critters, when thef away back there, they grow as thin as a sawed lat little peepers are as dull as a boiled codand skin looks like yaller fever, and they seem like a crocodile. And that's not the worst of for when a woman begins to grow saller its with her ; she's up a tree then you may depend, truse no mistake. You can no more bring back her than you can the color to a leaf the frost has town? in the fall. It's gone goose with her, that's, a (4). And that's not all, for the temper is plaguy apt to change with the cheek too. When the freshness of youth is on the move, the sweetness of temper is amazin apt to start along with it. A bilious cheek and a sour temper are like the Siamese twins, there's a nateral cord of union atween them. The one is a sign board, with the name of the firm written on it in big letters. He that dont know this, cant read, I guess. It's no use to ery over spilt milk, we all know, but its easier said than done that. Women kind, and especially single fohk, will take on dreadful at the fadin of their reses, and their frettin gnly seems to make the thorns look sharper. Our minister used to say to sister Sall, (and when she was young she was a rael witch, a most an everlastin sweet girl,) Sally, he used to say, now's the time to larn/ when you are young; store your mind well, dear, and the fragrance will remain long arter the rose has shed its leaves. The otter of roses is stronger than the rose, and a plaguy sight möre valwable. Sall wrote it down, she said it warnt a bad idee that ; but father larfed, he said he guessed minister's courtin days warnt over, when he made such pretty speeches as that are to the galls. Now, who would go to expose his wife


#### Abstract

\section*{THE CLOCKMAKER.} whin darters, or himself, to the dangers of such a cliThor the sake of 30 bushels of wheat to the acre, of 15. There seems a kinder somethin in us Thees in our throat when we think on it, and wont  We dont like it. Give me the shore, and let That like the Far West go there, I say.  cmeny part of the Globe, and right along side of the nish water; but the folks want three thinga-Industry, naterprise, Eiconomy ; these blue noses dont know how to valy this location-ouly look at it, and see what a place for bisaess it is-the centre of the Province-the materal eapital of the Basin of Minas, and part of the Bay offundy--the great theroughfare to St. John, Canade, and the United States-the exports of lime, gypsum, freestone and grindstone-the dykes-but it's no use talkin; 1 wish we had it, that's all. Our folks are like a rock maple tree-stick 'em in any where; but sead up and top down, and they will take root and grow ; but put 'em in a rael good soil like this, and give 'em a fair chance, and they will go shead and thrive right off, most amazin fast, that's a fact. Yes, if we had it we would make another guess place of it from what it is. In one year we coould have a rail road to Halifax, mhioh, unlike the stone that killed two birds, would be the makin of both places. I often tell the folks this, but aH they can say is, oh we are too poor and too young. Says $I$, you put rge in mind of a.great long legged, long tailed calt, father bad. He never changed his name of colt as long as he lived, and he was as old as the hills; ald though he had the best of feed, was es thin as a whippin post. He was colt all his days-always young-always poor; and young and poor you'll be, I guess to the eend of the chapter.


On our return to the Inn the weather, which hew been threatening for some time past, became tempestuous. It rained for three successive dajnit the roads were almost impassible. To continae wry journey was wholly out of the question. I determfind, therefore, to take a seat in the coach for Halifax, and defer until next year the remaining part of my tour. Mr. Slick agreed to meet me here in June, and to provide for me the same conveyance $I$ had used from Amherst. I look forward with much pleasure to our meeting again. His manner and idiom were to me perfectly new and very amusing; while his good sound sense, searching observation, and queer humor, rendered his conversation at once valuable and interesting. There are many subjects on which I should like to draw bim out; and I promise myself a fund of amusement in his remarks on the state of society and manners at Halifax, and the machinery of the local government, on both of which he appears to entertain many original and some very just opinions.

As he took leave of me in the coach, he whispered, "Inside of your great big cloak you will find wrapped up a box, containin a thousand rael genuine first chop Havanahs-no mistake-the clear thing. When you smoke 'em think sometimes of your old companion, Sam Slick the Clockmaker."


[^0]:    * A Controversy on the subject of Infant Baptism.

