

The Charlotteville Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1907

Vol. XXXVI, No. 22

Tea Party Supplies.

We have bought out the Aerated Water Business formerly conducted by Ferris & Frederickson, and we are now in a position to supply the trade with a full line of

SODA DRINKS,

Such as Ginger Ale, Raspberry Soda, Lemon Soda, Iron Brew and a variety of other flavors. We will also be in a better position than ever to contract for the supplying of Picnics and Tea Parties. A full line of all requirements for above purposes on hand.

Merry-making attractions to hire. Personal supervision given free on large orders. Call or write us for prices.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

Preserves.—We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure. Sold wholesale and retail.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.
Eureka Grocery,
QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment,
Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel and Chandler

OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddy, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

McKenna's Grocery,

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddy of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name)

(And Address)

Students, Attention!

Rare Chance to Secure a College Education.

We have made arrangements that enable us to place within the reach of a limited number of deserving students, opportunities for securing, on easy terms, a classical or commercial education. A little work during the vacation season will secure this for the one worthily striving for such a boon, but who may not be in possession of sufficient money to realize his heart's desire. The facilities at our disposal enable us to offer a year's board and tuition at

St. Dunstan's College

to any three young men who will fulfill the necessary, easy conditions required. These may be beginners, or former students of the College who have not been able to complete their course. In addition to this we have at our disposal four scholarships at the

Union Commercial College

[of Charlottetown] A full course in this excellent Commercial College may be won by any four young men or women, in town or country, who will fulfill the easy conditions we require. Whenever anyone satisfies the requirements in either of the cases enumerated he or she will be given a certificate entitling the holder to the educational advantages offered. A rare opportunity is here placed within reach of those desirous of acquiring a good education, and no time should be lost in taking advantage thereof. Only a little work is required in order to secure the coveted boon, and all can easily be accomplished during this summer's vacation, so that the winners may enter either college at the opening of the next academic year.

For particulars apply in person or by letter to the editor of the HERALD, P. O. Box 1288, Charlottetown, P. E. I. June 20, 1906—tf

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames, Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc

Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF,
CHARLOTTETOWN.

Now It Is Spring

Your Spring Overcoat will be the part of your dress by which the world will estimate what kind of a man you are. No man ever knows real comfort and satisfaction until he has a Spring Overcoat

Made to Measure.

Many who have their suits made to order have an idea that they can get what they want in a Ready-made Overcoat. But they are quite as objectionable as ready-made suits and show at a glance the lack of style and fit. We incorporate the very latest style ideas in our tailoring, and by only the best materials, which is a guarantee in itself. Before you buy a new Spring Overcoat give us a chance to show our new overcoatings and talk things over with you.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.

THE NOBBY TAILORS.

Notes From Rome.

N. Y. Record Journal.

Rome, May 12.—The aged Cardinal Capocastro's opinion of biblical criticism, wisely and kindly expressed, is thus summarized and translated for us by Vox Urbis, in his admirable weekly "Rome," as follows: Cardinal Capocastro, Archbishop of Cepus, is one of the oldest members of the Sacred College. He has worn the purple for twenty-two years, and he recently kept his eighty-third birthday. Yet it is hardly a month since His Eminence published one of the most powerful and brilliant expositions yet issued of the true nature of the politico-religious situation in France, and this week again he has given Italian readers a singularly interesting essay on some of the burning religious questions of the day. This is what His Eminence has to say on the subject of biblical criticism: "Biblical criticism is nothing new in the history of the Church. Some time more and sometimes less, it has always existed, and to realize this one has only to study St. Jerome and his time. But in our days it has acquired a capital importance owing to the discovery of ancient manuscripts, to a deeper knowledge of Oriental languages, and above all to the new critical studies made by choice intellects with admirable patience and diligence. "Meanwhile these studies are by their nature difficult, intricate, often based on mere inductions, and better calculated to produce doubt than certainty. Often these inductions are very daring and of a kind apt to excite jealous and well-founded fears among the faithful. The certain conclusions derived from them so far are, if I mistake not, few and not well defined. It is well that the clergy in general, with the exception of those of them sufficiently equipped with talent, study and opportunity, should not venture to sail the waters of this treacherous channel. It seems to me that it is better not to make these difficult and intricate studies at all, rather than make them lightly and superficially. I would like to hope that the Commission elected by the Pope for these studies will soon give us a suitable manual; and then perhaps we shall be able to use it in our Seminaries and see a little sure light among the different schools which, even in the ranks of Catholics, are contesting the field. For the moment I think that this biblical criticism, which sometimes, perhaps in spite of itself, becomes hyper-criticism, belongs only to the few experts in the subject—to whom, if they would permit me, I would like to say a word in a spirit of fatherly affection, gentleness and modesty; in a matter so intricate, arduous and delicate, let us always bow our minds and our hearts before the supreme authority of the Canon and the Pope, let us remember that the present studies in biblical criticism have been made first by the rationalists, who have undertaken them with the prejudice that the supernatural does not and must not exist. Now we Catholics, even when we imitate them in their researches, in their deep knowledge of languages, and in sound criticism, must at all costs have the supernatural and love it ardently, because the supernatural is Christianity and for Christianity we should be ready to give our lives. Finally we should bear in mind that in our times there is a strong fever for the new in all things, and we Catholics while we love what is new love it as springing from, repeating, and perfecting what is old."

It would be hard to describe the situation more clearly. Poor Father Tyrrell with all his professed desire to live humbly and obediently within the shadow of the Church is tempted by "Rinnovamento," a new periodical, to come out in print again, and this time in a bold argument, that the Church derives its authority from the people. His Eminence, the Cardinal Prefect of the Sacred Congregation of the Index has written to the Cardinal Archbishop of Milan calling the Archbishop's attention to the "Rinnovamento" and to the need of immediate action in the matter. Vox Urbis has said in "Rome" just before this condemnation of "Rinnovamento" was made public: Padre Giorgio Tyrrell, the now famous English Jesuit whom the readers of the "Orrisio della Sera," of Milan, know through that letter of his to a scientist which drew upon him the anger of the Vatican, has now another painful grievance against the press. Everybody knows how he desires to be let alone, to be allowed to study in peace in the mysterious and rural retreat he has chosen for himself,

and with what burning indignation he has denied the statement that he has separated himself from the Church. Yet only to-day "Il Rinnovamento," the new reformist or "liberal" Milanese journal, with an article "From God or From Men" which is alleged to have been written by Padre Giorgio Tyrrell and which is from beginning to end a reckless and impudent attack on the Catholic Church, and especially on the authority of the Catholic hierarchy. It is true that the writer begins by saying that he does not at all feel sure of the validity of his own conclusions on the subject. He has chosen "Il Rinnovamento" because it grants "a certain liberty to make mistakes which is denied me elsewhere, and I need not fear that any intention of dogmatizing will be attributed to the provisory expression of my thought." Yet the whole article is rather more dogmatic in tone than most of the utterances of the Roman Pontiff. The real point of the writing is that the authority of the Pope and the Bishops and the Priests comes from the people, and that the Church is therefore an essentially democratic organization—in fact "authority" (and he is speaking of the authority of the Church) is something inherent in, inalienable from humanity itself taken as a whole; it is the moral compulsion ("coercive" one) of the divine Spirit of Truth and Justice immanent in the mass (collektivita) whose single parts and single members it dominates." The gentleman who writes this nonsense is evidently riding for a fall, and he surely cannot be the gentle hermit who has repeatedly professed his respect for the authority of the Church.

Be it said, the real Father Tyrrell could never have been guilty of that attack on the orthodoxy of American Catholics which is contained in the article. "As a matter of fact," he says, "as might have been foreseen the minds of American Catholics are becoming blind and impenetrable to that interpretation of authority which is common to the traditional theologians of their Church. . . . It is this decay of the old categories of absolutism which is at the root of the movement known as 'Americanism.' The real Father Tyrrell must know perfectly well that the Catholics of America from the Cardinal Primate of Baltimore down to the child in the Catholic schools are thoroughly loyal to the Holy See and to its full authority over the whole Church, and that it has never occurred to them that the authority of the Church is a democracy. So one is justified in expecting that the original and Catholic Father Tyrrell will at once publish an indignant disclaimer against the antics of the Padre Giorgio who has masqueraded under his name.

R. V. F. A. Boylan, O. S. B., whose zeal for souls reached out to the despoiled Filipinos of Cebu some time ago, and who started among those people Redemptorist missions that will grow like the mustard seed, was consecrated Bishop of Kilmore at Pentecost.

Father Patrick Murray is to succeed Father Boylan as Irish Provincial of the Redemptorists.

Mgr. Kennedy, Rector of the American College, is expected back in Rome during the course of the present month.

His Holiness granted a long private audience on Wednesday to Mgr. Lillis, Bishop of Leavenworth in the United States, who was accompanied by two priests of his own diocese and who also presented to the Pope Fathers Meehan, Mahony and Clarke of the diocese of Providence.

From The Catholic Encyclopedia.

Artists and Philosophers alike will be charmed with the very clear exposition of the theory of Aesthetics and its underlying principles:

Aesthetics may be defined as a systematic training to right thinking and right feeling in matters of art, and is made a part of philosophy by A. G. Baumgarten. Its domain, according to Wolff's system, is that of indistinct presentations and the canons of sensuous taste (to perceive and feel). It has, however, developed into a philosophy of the beautiful in nature and art, and, finally, into a science of the (fine) arts based on philosophical principles. Natural beauty, particular works of art, pure, that is, not sensual, beauty and philosophical questions are sometimes treated thoroughly, sometimes merely touched upon. Applied aesthetics is the separate description and valuation of particular

works of art; technical aesthetics, the training of the art-student in individual productions; art-history, the continuous record of the development of art, according to a definite plan. It is the duty of aesthetics always to seek the deepest grounds of the pleasure derived from art, not only in the laws of nature, but, above all, in those of the mind, and thus to come in touch with philosophy; but the fruitful source of sound judgment is to be found in a correct view of the world of art itself. The student of aesthetics, though he cannot wholly dispense with an insight into the technique of artistic production, or with a knowledge of the varied manifestations of beauty in nature and life, or even with an actual exercise of one kind of art or another, must rely chiefly on a quick perceptive faculty systematizing talent, and an intelligent appreciation. In this respect aesthetics will, on the one hand, offer more, on the other hand, less, than technical treatise on any one art, practical instruction in the exercises of the same, or illustrated art books for everyone.

The Philosophy of Aesthetics.—Aesthetics, as a general science, takes no account of the individual acts. It investigates the physiological and psychological principles of art, the conceptions of art, of beauty, and of the beautiful in art, and develops the universal laws of artistic activity. Clear and orderly thinking, the presupposition of all scientific discussion, is indispensable in aesthetics, the more so because, otherwise, aimless circumlocution and serious errors are unavoidable. All ideas, moreover concerning aesthetic beauty and the aim of art need to be carefully examined into. Finally, the subjective conditions of the artist, his relation to nature, and the division and classification of the material that lies to his hand must be taken into account.

The science of the Arts.—In a history of art only the imitative arts and, possibly, music are, as a rule, included; aesthetics, on the other hand, takes in the arts of oratory as well, though mere eloquence, because of its eminently practical character, is generally omitted. Originally, aesthetics was chiefly occupied with poetry, the laws of which are the most easily explained. With poetry the auxiliary arts of rhythm and acting inseparably connected. Vocal music is added to these, we have all those which are the direct, though transient, outcome of voice and gesture. Man, however, soon progresses to the use of musical instruments and gives his artistic productions a permanent existence by means of written notes or marks. The constructive arts, on the other hand, always make use of extraneous material, such as colour, wood, stone, or metal, with results that are not at the same time complete and visible. The graphic and textile arts are grouped with that of painting; with sculpture, ceramics, relief-work, and every kind of engraving; the lesser decorative arts with painting and architecture. The aesthetics of the individual arts does bear the abstract impress of aesthetics in general; for although it everywhere seeks out the departing principles of aesthetic satisfaction, it often invades the domain of art-history in search of illustration, in order to prove the laws of art by means of characteristic types.

Items of Interest.

The celebration in honor of the fiftieth anniversary of the first appearance in London of Charles Santley, England's greatest baritone, was taken part in by Madame Albani, Edward de Reszke, Ben Davies and many other distinguished artists. To Mr Santley may be given with full justice a title often carelessly bestowed upon those who are by no means deserving of it. He is really a devout Catholic.—Cashel.

English journals fear that the prejudice against a Court of Criminal Appeal in England, which is largely due to the frequent abuse of such appeals in the United States, will be strengthened by the farce of the Toynbee trial. They declare that a Court of Appeal is necessary to the administration of criminal law in England, and believe that the good sense of the bench and the bar would keep it from degenerating as it has done in the United States.—Cashel.

The Governor of North Carolina met the Governor of South Carolina at the Jamestown Exposition the other day, and instead of a repetition of the historical remark: "It's a long time between drinks," one of them remarked "I am a teetotaler" and the other "I was elected on the Prohibition ticket." The incident has been treated jocosely by the press, but it deserves something better. It marks the growth of a serious sentiment in favor of total abstinence.—Cashel.

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Burdock BLOOD BITTERS
CURES
Dyspepsia, Bolls, Pimples, Headaches, Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, and all troubles arising from the Stomach, Liver, Bowels or Blood.

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MILLANEOUS

The concert was over, and the performers, having had a grand reception by a large audience, were recounting some of their former experiences some of which were rather highly-colored.

"I was singing a pretty song once," said one. "It was called 'R. W. Brothers, Row, the Stream Runs Fast'; and, when I was half way through, the audience were bending backwards and forwards, and 'pulling' for all they were worth!"

"That's nothing, my dear fellow," said another vocalist. "Why, at my last concert I sang 'The Last Post,' and the whole house began to kick imaginary postage-stamps and rushed out to the first pillar-box so as to be sure not to miss the last collection!"

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LIMITED.
GENTS.—I have used my MINARD'S LINIMENT in my family and also in my stables for years and consider it the best medicine obtainable.

Yours truly,
ALFRÉD ROCHAY,
Proprietor Rexford Pond Hotel and Livery Stables.

Not What Was Meant.

The following are some amusing instances of the mischief wrought by dropped letters:—

"The conflict was dreadful, and the enemy was repulsed with considerable laughter."

"Robert Jones was yesterday brought before the sitting magistrate on a charge of having spoken reason at the Barleycorn public house."

"In consequence of the numerous accidents caused by skating on the Serpentine, steps are being taken to put a top to it."

"When Miss L. late of Convent Garden Theater, visited the Hecla she was politely drawn up the ship's side by means of a hair."

At the Guildhall dinner none of the poultry was eatable except the omelet.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 20 and 25 cents all dealers.

First College Graduate—I hear you have a job. What doing?
Second College Graduate—Oh, running errands, cleaning ink wells, and so forth.
"Like it?"
"First rate—that is, until my employer had the nerve to ask me out to his house to dinner. It's pretty tough to have to associate with your social inferiors out of business hours."

Beware Of Worms.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

Minard's Liniment cures Burns, etc.

LIVER COMPLAINT.

The liver is the largest gland in the body; its function is to take from the blood the poisons which form bile. When the liver is torpid and affluents cannot furnish bile to the bowels, causing them to become bound and swollen. This symptoms are a feeling of fullness or weight in the right side, and shooting pains in the same region, pale between the shoulders, yellowness of the skin and eyes, bowels irregular, coated tongue, bad taste in the morning, etc.

MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

are pleasant and easy to take, do not grip, sicken or sicken, never fall in their effects, and are by far the safest and quickest remedy for all diseases or disorders of the liver.

Price 25 cents, or 5 bottles for \$1.00, all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1907.
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
JAMES MOISAAC
Editor & Proprietor.

Please send in your subscriptions.

The libel suit of Hon. Jean Prevost, Minister of Colonization, Mines and Fisheries, in the Quebec Government against Oliver Asselin, editor of Le Nationaliste newspaper of Montreal, was concluded in the Criminal Court at Quebec on Saturday last. The trial was conducted before Judge Bosse and a jury. The trial ended in a disagreement of the jury. After the addresses of counsel, the learned judge presented an able review of the evidence in the case and charged strongly in favor of the defence. He declared it as his conviction that it would have been better if the accusation for libel had died a natural death. Our readers will remember that this is the case to which we referred last week, in which Baron L'Epine of Belgium gave evidence implicating the Quebec Government in a corrupt land deal with a Belgian Syndicate, in which \$150,000 were to go into the election fund. It is quite evident from the Judge's declarations that the friends of the Government and the Government press went beyond all reasonable limits in their attempts to thwart the ends of justice and to place the defence at a disadvantage. The attempt to brow-beat the Judge did not succeed, although a hopeless disagreement of the jury resulted. Judge Bosse, in the course of his charge, said he had been accused of partiality in favor of the defence by writers of anonymous letters, received in the course of the proceedings, and even threatened with impeachment. His Lordship declared, however, that he had done his duty and he now asked the jury to do theirs. At this stage his Lordship rendered his decision in the matter of Le Soliel newspaper which, he ruled, had made improper and illegal comments on the case at the beginning of the proceedings against the legitimate rights of the defence. He condemned the writer to a fine of \$50, and cost Is this the end of the case?

The School Book monopoly was an evil inherited by the people of Ontario from the Ross Government. This evil had been very much in evidence for many years, and the Ross Government made a pretense of removing it, by appointing a School Book Commission, which made an investigation into the cost and quality of the books furnished by the publishers, holding a monopoly of such publications in that Province. The evidence taken by this commission and reported to the Government, showed that the prices were exorbitant, and that the quality was very poor. Instead of using this report for public enlightenment and reform, the Government concealed or destroyed it. So the evil continued. The Whitney Government did not lose much time in having the matter fully investigated, and the consequence is that the public have the facts and the Province is free from the publisher's monopoly. The people of Ontario now get their school books for less than half what they formerly paid for them. The Toronto Mail has tabulated the saving on the school readers as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Price, Price. Rows for First Book Part 1, Part II, Second Book, Third Book, Fourth Book.

Thus it will be seen that the saving effected by Mr. Whitney amounts to from 50 per cent. to 62 1/2 per cent.—Sixty-Two and a Half Per cent. Commenting on these extraordinary figures the Mail says: "An estimate of the

total saving to the people places it at \$50,000 a year. But this is a very moderate guess. Some years ago an estimate was made for business purposes, or with a view to the admission of another party to the school book ring. The figures then supplied indicated that in twelve months the sales of readers averaged 224,000 each of the first Parts I and II and of the second, 180,000 of the Third, and 84,000 of the Fourth. According to this statement the saving to the people will be as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Rows for On First Book Part I, On First Book Part II, On Second Book, On Third Book, On Fourth Book, Total.

But, of course, these figures were made several years ago, and they have been increased by the demand for books, owing to the augmentation of the school population. The total saving, while of interest, is not so important to the individual as the saving he makes personally during the period that his children are at school. This item is very considerable where the family is not small, and it is not to be despised even for a small family. When the other reforms are made in the text book system the figures will be even more notable. The province is entitled to congratulation upon the fact that the government has taken up this question, and has dealt with it in a fearless manner. It is a good thing to have a straight anti-machine administration, and we ought to have a government of this kind at Ottawa as well as at Toronto."

Ottawa Weekly Letter.

A Costly Commission.—Which Did Not Investigate Insurance.—But earned Its Pay by Political Service.—Mr. Shepley's Large Reward.—Previous Services, of Commissioner McTavish.—How He Did Not Discover Election Frauds.

ROSS RIFLE STATISTICS.

Beautiful Contract for the Contractor.—Beautifully Interpreted to His Advantage. GOVERNMENT PAYS YEARS IN ADVANCE.

In Defiance of the Agreement.—\$425,000 Paid Before the First Delivery.—Country Has Paid Nearly \$1,100,000 and Received 26,000 Rifles.—End of the Ontario School Book Scandal.

Ottawa, June 3, 1907. It is now recognized that whatever value the report of the Royal Insurance Commission may have as political literature, it is of no great service in the matter of insurance. The one thing that the organization as a whole seems to have taken seriously was the political inquiry. All the rest is a tautologous jumble, and the report itself now appears to be an object of ridicule to every person who has knowledge of insurance.

The Government has taken no action on the report, and has paid no attention to the draft bill submitted by the Commissioners. WHAT IT COST. But the inquiry was an excellent engagement for those employed in it. Parliament has voted already \$105,000 to pay the bills. Probably there will be other votes next year. There was a vote of \$20,000, then one of \$10,000, then one of \$75,000. The way some of this money went has been explained. Other explanations will perhaps be made next year.

HAPPY MR SHEPLEY.

Mr Shepley, Counsel for the Government, was paid \$100 a day and moving expenses during the time he was employed. He also received a counsel fee which was not fixed until after he had finished the job. His pay went under after he had finished examining the witnesses, and all the time

the Commissioners were supposed to be preparing the report. As Mr Shepley is believed to have written the report, thus acting as presenting counsel, judge and jury, he probably earned his money during the period after the hearing as well as before. Down to April 10th Mr Shepley had received \$8,000. It may be remarked here that his firm drew \$8,366 in the previous year in connection with other Government business. This included a round sum of \$7,500 for professional services in connection with the Grand Trunk Pacific contract. Also it may be said that this professional child of fortune is now acting as counsel for the Government in the Bell Telephone inquiry. There is a minister of justice, a solicitor-general, a deputy minister of justice, and two or three legal advisers to the Department of Railways, but they cannot get along without Mr Shepley, even though he comes high.

OTHER FEES.

Mr Tilley was Mr Shepley's assistant. He got \$50 a day and expenses, and had drawn \$4,000 when last heard from. Mr Dawson, principal Actuary, was allowed \$50 a day and expenses, and had two assistants at \$20 a day and expenses. Altogether these Actuaries received \$7,748.80.

HOW THE COMMISSIONERS FARED.

Then we have the Commissioners themselves. They were allowed \$30 per day in addition to their moving expenses. This pay seems to have gone on continuously. Payments on account down to April last were \$2,500 to Commissioner MacTavish, \$2,000 to Commissioner Langmuir, and \$2,000 to Commissioner Kent. Chairman MacTavish is a County Court Judge and has been a Commissioner before. Sir Wilfrid Laurier appointed Judge MacTavish to inquire into the Brookville and West Huron election steals and frauds of a like character. These matters had been under discussion in the Privileges Committee and discoveries were made. It became necessary to choke off the inquiry and so Sir Wilfrid used his majority in the House to refer the charges to a Commission. It need only be said that the inquiry was never held.

JUDGE MACTAVISH AS AN ELECTION FRAUDS INQUIRER.

Judge MacTavish was also appointed by the Ross Government as Commissioner to investigate the West Elgin election steal. He held an alleged inquiry and reported that while there were some irregularities, nothing had been done "by which the integrity of the poll was violated, or the will of the electorate subverted." He refused to believe men who swore that they themselves had switched ballots. He did not hear the evidence of scores of Conservatives ready to swear that their votes had not been counted. After his report making light of the whole affair, the Ross Government candidate was brought to bay in the courts. He then confessed that fraudulent and corrupt means had been used to secure the election, that strangers had been brought to hold polls under assumed names, that the votes were falsely counted, that ballots were manipulated, that agents of the Government candidate had concealed in their homes the strangers who acted as dupes and who corrupted the electors. But Commissioner MacTavish discovered none of these things. Such is Mr MacTavish's record as a Commissioner in election inquiries.

THE GENERAL RESULT.

The other two insurance Commissioners do not appear to have exercised much influence. It has come about that the Insurance Commission report is absolutely valueless for the purpose intended and so far as can now be seen for any other purpose. Even the political scheme has failed. The two immediate results are, the expenditure of a large sum of money and the origination of the "wines, women and graft" episode, resulting in the precipitous retirement of Mr Emmons from office and perhaps in delaying the return of Mr Hyman to his native land.

THE ROSS RIFLE DEAL.

During the last session the Public Accounts Committee began an inquiry into the Ross Rifle contract. The evidence taken was largely concerned with the character of the rifle, the defects in workmanship and material, and the adverse reports of commissions of inquiry, its condemnation by the Mounted Police, and the

other features and incidents bearing on the question whether the weapon was serviceable. The financial end of the transaction was hardly considered, but stands over for next session. The papers brought down are, however, decidedly interesting.

\$25 WAS A HIGH PRICE.

By the contract with Sir Charles Ross the Government agreed to pay \$25 each for 12,000 rifles. This contract was made on the 27th of March, 1902, the contractor agreeing to deliver the 12,000 rifles before January, 1904. A second contract was made in 1904 for 20,000. A third contract in 1906, and a fourth in the same year were made for additional numbers, all at \$25 each. The Dominion government had been buying the Lee-Enfield rifle, which is the weapon used in the British Army, for \$17.50. One of the principal small arms manufacturers in England has offered to supply the Canadian Government with the new pattern British Army rifle and bayonet complete for \$20, as Dr Worthington, M. P. stated in the House. The American magazine rifle with bayonet ready for service costs \$16. So it would appear that the Ross Company had a fine contract.

A FEW EXTRA CONCESSIONS.

But there were other concessions. The contractor was allowed to bring in all the materials and machinery free of duty for his factory at Quebec. He was allowed to purchase in the United States or elsewhere such finished or unfinished parts as could not be made in his factory and to improve them free of duty. All the raw material was also admitted free. Thus the contractor has not been obliged to establish a factory for the manufacture of the complete rifle. He makes such parts as he finds convenient, imports other parts, some partially finished and some entirely finished, completes the manufacture at Quebec, puts rifle together and hands it over to the Government.

PAID IN ADVANCE.

Moreover the contractor does not have to wait for his pay until he supplies the goods. The Government undertakes to pay him as he goes along in advance of delivery, all the cost of his material and work up to seventy five per cent, of the price of the rifle, or \$18.75 for each weapon. As this is considerably more than the price of either the English or the American service rifle, it probably the full cost of manufacture. Thus the contractor can go on with his business without any capital, the Government acting as his banker and charging him no interest. It is provided in the contract that advance payment cannot be made on rifles more than a year before delivery. But it will be seen that this provision has been cheerfully disregarded in the interests of the contractor, and that delivery has taken place two and three years after payment.

HOW PAYMENT WAS MADE.

As stated above the contract for the first 12,000 was made in March 1902 and all the rifles were to be delivered in that year and the next. The Government began to pay in March 1903 and made the following payments:

Table with 2 columns: Date, Amount. Rows for March 26th, 1903, August 5th, 1903, February 24th, 1904, March 5th, 1904, March 12th, 1904, July 26th, 1904, July 26th, 1904.

Total \$224,802 51. By the time these advances were made it was nearly seven months after the date when the whole 12,000 rifles of Mark I, order should be delivered, but not a single rifle had been supplied, nor was there one for more than a year after this last payment. These amounts were only \$30 less than the full seventy-five per cent, of the price of the whole 12,000 rifles, yet it was not until August 26, 1905 that the first rifle came to hand, and it was a year later before 9,000 had been delivered. The other 3,000 have never been supplied, although three quarters of the price of a 950 of them was paid in the summer of 1904.

MARK I.

Some Mark I rifles were served out, but were sent back to the Department and returned to the factory for alterations or repairs. The contractors was paid \$15,000 extra for replacing the sights of these rifles after the original sights had been accepted.

\$425,000 PAID IN ADVANCE.

In 1904, a year or so before the first rifles of the 12,000 order had been delivered, said while the contractors were drawing pay on the first lot, a second contract was made for 20,000 of Mark II. Advances were paid on this order, and the contractors had received over \$400,000 in advance on the second order, before they delivered the first rifle of the 1904 contract. Altogether \$425,000 had been paid the contractor before he delivered the first rifle. The payments on the second order in advance of delivery of any rifles under that contract was \$275,000, or seventy five per cent, of the whole price. The first payment on this

order was made on February 24th 1905, and the last on December 7th of that year. This was very nearly a year and a half ago, and 3,000 rifles of this contract remain to be supplied notwithstanding the provision that no payments are to be made more than a year before delivery.

THIRD AND FOURTH ORDERS.

On the third order six payments have been made amounting to \$274,441 04. The first of these was made February 16, 1906, more than fifteen months ago. Not a rifle has been delivered under this contract though the contractor has received his three quarters of the price of \$14,530.

A QUEBEC STATE OF AFFAIRS.

Altogether the contractor had delivered when the House prorogued 26,000 rifles, a large number of which are stored away as unserviceable in the present condition. These are all paid for. Seventy-five per cent has been paid on 3,000 of the first order not delivered, though the last payment was made three years ago, and on 3,000 of the second order not delivered, though the last payment was made nearly a year and a half ago. A sufficient payment has been made on the third order to cover seventy-five per cent of the cost of 14,530 not delivered, and of the fourth order full seventy five percent payment has been made on 600. The total payments to the Company, including extras, amount to \$1,087,000 and the advances at the time the House prorogued were \$400,000.

HOW THE COUNTRY SPOOLED.

Not one of the rifles so far furnished has been wholly made in Canada or by Canadian workmen. So far as it is known no single order has been filled on contract time. The contract was altogether in favor of the contractor and has been varied to his advantage. The country has not acquired a factory which in the event of a war would be able to supply a complete rifle, but is dependent on the United States for the more delicate portions of the rifle.

END OF THE SCHOOL BOOK SWINDLE.

The difference between an administration of spoilsmen and raffle promoters, and one conducted on business principles, is illustrated by the new school book contract made by the Whitney Government of Ontario after receiving tenders. The old school book ring has disappeared, and the series of readers will be sold at less than half the present cost. Not one book will cost fifty per cent of the price now charged, while some are reduced 60 per cent and more. Even these low prices there are large discounts to purchasers of even the smallest quantities direct from the publishers.

\$60,000 A YEAR SAVED.

It is estimated that on readers alone the saving to parents in Ontario is \$60,000 a year. This represents only a portion of the excessive profits hitherto made by the ring, much of which doubtless went to the political machine managers. The machine of Ontario must now be financed wholly by Ottawa plunder. Unfortunately some of the other provinces are not yet delivered from the school book swindle.

The Great North Country.

Nimrod was a mighty hunter, but had been hunted in the "Temagami" region he would have been a mightier one, Nimrod hunted for glory but Temagamians hunt for game. Those Indians who made the first canoe of birch bark long ago, were our greatest benefactors. The children of these Indians know the canoe and they know how to use it and if you go to Temagami this summer they will paddle your canoe in their own superb way. They will be the best guides you ever had. Students who camp in summer along the Temagami lakes are able to do two years work in one. Finest of fishing and hunting. Easy of access by the Grand Trunk Railway System. For information and beautiful descriptive publication sent free apply to J. Quinlan, Bonaventure Station, Montreal, Que.

Winning advice of the lat say.

Wheat is no longer king here. While all eyes have been turned upon it, the potato market has been erratic and excited. For more than a week past deliveries have been small, owing, no doubt to the rash of "pot" work, which is usually over by this date. While no-ropes have been roping the demand has been increasing, and prices have gone up like sky-rockets. Local deliveries have brought 85 cents to 95 cents on the trucks, for even quite small quantities. Several cars have been brought in from Minnesota and these cost \$1.05 on the trucks, and are sold in a jiffy way at \$1.15 to \$1.25. Dealers state that they think the top of the market has probably been reached.

Six silver medals have been entrusted to the Chief Supt. of Education by Messrs Henry Blythe & Sons, Gold and Silver Smiths Montreal, to be applied in such a manner as to stimulate educational work in Prince Edward Island. To carry out the intention of the generous donors, and that the gift may exert the widest possible influence, the Supt. has decided to assign two of them to be awarded at the coming Matriculation examination, one to the candidate who secures first place on the list of successful students, the other to the French-Canadian who takes the lead among his or her fellow Acadians provided the candidate makes, at least, 80 per cent of the attainable number of marks.

Hats and Caps.—It is considered by all who know that I have the most up to date hat and cap department in the city. My prices are dead right, that's the reason I'm getting the business.

H. H. BROWN The Hat and Cap Man.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1906 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.—R. F. Maddigan.

Overalls and working shirts.—At this season of the year every man wants a fitting out in this line. There is no place in town where you can get better value for your money than at

H. H. BROWN'S The young Men's Man.

You Can Save \$20 By buying your new organ from Miller Bros. Why? Because they have no big commissions to pay. Write them for particulars. The P. E. I. Music House.

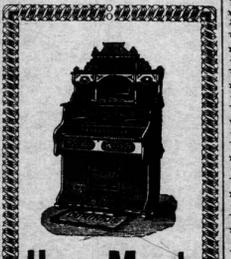
You're Losing Money

If you do not buy your Piano, Organ or Sewing Machine from Miller Bros. Having no big commission to pay they save you that amount. Write for particulars.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Notice to Fishermen!

Spring Fishing for Oysters is prohibited this year. Quahaug Fishing commences on the 1st of May. No fishing for Quahaugs allowed on Oyster Beds. By order of Department. J. A. MATHESON, Inspector of Fisheries. Ch'town, April 27th 1907. May 1, 1907—21



How Much Will You Save

By buying your Piano, Organ or Sewing Machine from Miller Bros? Figure it out. Think What it costs in commission for men who sell those instruments and machines. It's a big item. If you can buy and save the commission it means a lot. You can do it.

Save from 50 to 100 Dollars on a Piano

Save from 20 to 30 Dollars on an Organ

Save from 10 to 18 Dollars on a Sewing Machine

If you want anything in our line drop us a note. We'll show you how to save. MILLER BROS. The P. E. I. Music House, Sunnyside.

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless. A. J. FRASER, D. D. S. Aug. 15, 1906—3m

PROWSE BROS., Ltd

Charlottetown's Big Departmental Store.



A Corset Stock THAT AFFORDS Splendid Choice.

THE New Corsets are in! We've a stock new that's excellent in every respect—a comprehensive showing of styles and qualities. No corsets of imaginary virtues at fancy prices! Instead, you'll find corsets of value—form-fitting—following the latest Parisian designs—wear resisting and durable yet soft and pliable.

"D. and A.," "B. and I.," and "P. C." Corsets, in a variety of styles that afford a perfect fit for every figure.



The P. C. Tape Girdle is a popular style with many—very easy fitting—short waist straight front style. Made of excellent quality tape. See cut. Special. 35c.

SPECIAL.—In "Dora" Corsets we offer a value that is unbeatable. Correct in style, faultless in workmanship, perfect fitting. Made of fine white batiste, medium length habit hip, bias cut, lace trimmed and steel filled throughout. More supporters attached. All sizes. Best value ever offered in an up-to-date Corset. Mail orders add 6c. for postage. 49c.

From 49c. to \$1.75 is a big jump, yet it will serve to show the variety of choosing possible at this store. There are many models at different prices between.

"P. C. No. 810 is a very high class Corset, of heavy English coutil of extra quality. Straight front style, deep "Princess" hip, fitted fine silk suspenders front and sides—gored hips. Sizes 21 to 31. \$1.75.

Popular "D. and A." Models.

Many of our customers prefer "D. and A." Corsets to all others. We stock a number of the best "D. and A." styles affording an excellent style in the make. Three very popular styles are:



"D. and A." style 363—a stylish new model fashioned after one of the latest French designs—made of excellent quality English coutil. New deep long hip—good adjustable suspenders front and side. White and drab, sizes 20 to 30. \$1.10.

"D. and A." Crest Corset No. 401, possesses all the grace, style and comfort—qualities for which "D. and A." Corsets are famous, and Positively Will Not Break at the Hip causing discomfort and ill-fitting gowns. Sizes 30 to 36, \$50. Sizes 22 to 30. \$1.35.

SPECIAL.—"D. and A." style 384, an excellent model in a new design, of fine white coutil, bias cut, lace trimmed, hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 19 to 30. Extra special value at 75c.

PROWSE BROS., Ltd

Charlottetown's Big Departmental Store.

Meet Me at the Always Busy Store.

Stanley Bros. Dress Goods

This is one of the most comprehensive stocks ever displayed here.

Every good and fashionable fabric is shown.

Every weight from the thin Eoliennes to the heaviest Tweeds, and every quality, the best that money can buy at the price.

Light, Medium and Dark Overchecks, 25c. per yard.

Plain Venetians in all the shades, 55c. and 75c. per yard.

Fine, All Wool Homespuns, 45 in. Wide Checks, Plaids and Stripes, 58c. and 75c. per yard.

Fine Wool Panama Cloth, 44 in., 85c. and \$1.10 per yard.

Lustres in Grey, Blue and Black. All qualities, 28c. to \$1.35 per yard.

If you cannot come yourself send for samples.

Stanley Bros.

The Messenger, \$2.00 a Year Issued Monthly—128 Pages.

A high-class, illustrated periodical, embracing everything in history, literature and art that can be of interest to Catholics—timely and popular expositions of Catholic doctrine; Christian ethics; modern questions of sociology and political economy; religious movements and actual events; struggles and progress of the Church; education, science, music and drama. Ask for a sample copy.

Manager THE MESSENGER, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York.

WITH your co-operation WE want a bright, active agent to represent The Messenger in every city and town.

WE will send free a copy of The Messenger to each person whose name and address you may send us.

ADDRESS

The Messenger, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Bargain Sale

To Continue a Short Time Longer.

Silver Plated Ware, Tea Sets, Butter Dishes, Pickle Dishes, Cake Baskets, Cruets, Napkin Rings, Spoons, Forks, Pic Knives, Trays, Salvers, Fern Pots, etc.

Waltham, Elgin and other Watches 1-3 off
Clocks 1-3 off
Opera and Field Glasses 1-3 off
Telescopes and Compasses 1-3 off
Brooches, Rings, Studs, Links, Pins of all kinds, Lockets, Chains 1-3 off

Do not make a mistake and miss this sale as the prices are such as the goods cannot usually be sold for, and it will pay to buy now even tho' you may not require to use the article for a time.

E. W. TAYLOR,

South Side Queen Square.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

The closing exercises of St. Dunstan's College take place today, commencing at 2 p. m.

The longshoremen's strike at Halifax, is over and business at the wharves goes on as usual. It is said the men have won and are receiving the wages they demanded.

Hon. Edward Blake of Toronto, national member for Longford in the Imperial Parliament, was stricken with paralysis in London a few days ago. Latest accounts stated that he was progressing satisfactorily.

Three Italians, John Batta, Luigi Mastri and G. Bacci, arrested months ago, have arrived here from New York to complete work on the pillars in the interior of St. Dunstan's Cathedral.

In a fire at Newark, N. J., on Monday, the town hall and Chamberlain building were destroyed, and several persons lost their lives, including the janitor of the town hall and his wife and child.

As the Steamer Halifax was on her passage from Halifax to Boston last week, she passed a lumber vessel about eight miles east of Cape Sable. A mast was striking ten feet out of the water, rigging and boom were floating near.

Mr. J. J. Cowie, with a corps of assistants, is engaged at Souris in demonstrating the famous Scottish method of curing herring. It is claimed that our herring cured in this way will be worth nine or ten dollars a barrel.

The British cruiser squadron arrived at Halifax on Thursday morning last from Bermuda and the Jamaica and the squadron will remain about ten days and then proceed up the St. Lawrence to Quebec.

There is a hay famine at Sydney and North Sydney. Saturday there was not a bundle to be had at either place. Some stevedores were obliged to go to the country to get enough to do for a few days. It is said that a hay famine also exists in Gaspé County, P. Q.

A report from Hamilton, Ontario, says that Mrs. Carr, wife of a baker, was awakened the other night by a sharp pain in her hand. She was terrified to find a large rat obeying it. Later she discovered the hands of her baby terribly lacerated. The child is in a critical state.

Hon. William Pageley has resigned the Premiership of New Brunswick, in order to run for the House of Commons and now C. W. Robinson has become Premier in his place. It is expected the new Premier will appeal to the electors in a few weeks.

On the last of May every colliery of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company was closed down, and 2,800 men were idle in consequence of the ice conditions prevailing in North Sydney harbor and on the coast. 100,000 tons of coal were banked for shipment, but steamers could not enter.

London advices of May 30th say: Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain, who have been adjourning in Southern France, will return to England in the course of a few days. Mr. Chamberlain is much improved in health, but it is probable that a considerable time must elapse before he will be able to re-enter public life.

Cap. Wellington Killam, a well-known retired sea captain of Halifax, Yarmouth County, N. S., was seized with an attack of apoplexy while driving on Main Street, Yarmouth, last Wednesday. He fell from the carriage, cutting his head badly on the curb. He was picked up and carried into the office of Dr. Perrin, where he died in a few minutes.

On Monday night of last week the ice, which was supposed to have left for good, swept in along the Cape Breton coast and carried away about fifteen thousand dollars worth of mackerel nets, moorings and lobster traps belonging to the fishermen of L'Ardoise, Rockdale and Grand Cove. This is a very severe loss to these poor fishermen.

The wife of a farmer of Mont de Maran, France, was buried in a state of osteoporosis, supposed to be dead. The grave had not been filled and the day after the burial a passer-by heard stifling cries. Assistance arrived and a doctor was summoned. The woman was still alive, but died soon afterwards. She had torn her shroud to pieces in her efforts to free herself.

By the colliding head on of two freight trains on the Grand Trunk Railway, two and half miles west of Beatty Station on the Depot Harbor Line, at one o'clock last Friday morning, the fireman Alex. Robison of Clarence Creek was killed, three freight cars were wrecked and two engines badly smashed, while Engineer N. Cliff, Conductor A. E. Gorman, Engineer Champness and Conductor F. Graham sustained minor bruises.

The White Star Line giant steamship Oscanie, had a narrow escape from destruction by fire on Monday, while lying at her pier in the Hudson river, New York. For five hours the flames raged unchecked in one of her big holds and only by the combined efforts of the firemen and her crew of half a thousand men the fire was extinguished. The damage amounted to several thousand dollars but the flames were confined to the hold in which they started.

On Sunday afternoon last, His Lordship the Bishop administered the Sacrament of Confirmation in St. Dunstan's Cathedral. One hundred and twenty-five boys and sixty-seven girls—were confirmed. His Lordship was assisted in the ceremonies by Very Rev. Dr. Morrison, Rev. Dr. McLellan and Rev. J. B. McIntyre. The sermon on the occasion was preached by Rev. Dr. McLellan. All those who were confirmed approached Holy Communion for the first time Sunday morning, and about one hundred and ten renewed their First Communion of last year.

After victimizing a number of Halifax people by settling accounts with forged cheques on the Canadian Bank of Commerce and the Bank of Montreal, Robert Wilson and Harry Jenkins were arrested in Truro on Friday by Detective Hamarshan, and are now locked up at the Police Station. Jenkins who is 30 years of age says he belongs to Prince Edward Island and that he has been working in Amherst for some time. When they were being handcuffed by the detective, Jenkins said it was the first time the hoodlums had been placed on his hands. Wilson replied that he had that pleasure on several previous occasions.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

The Irish Bill was formally dropped in the British House of Commons on Monday.

The steamer Halifax arrived here at noon yesterday with freight and passengers.

The libel suit of Emerson, against the Fredericka Gleason has been sent to the Supreme Court for trial. The court meets on the 15th, inst.

A raft of spruce timber, hundred and ten feet long and containing twenty-eight hundred pieces of piling, started for New York from Port Grenville, N. S. on Monday evening in tow of the tug Unawarrior.

The annual meeting of St. Dunstan's College Alumni Association will be held in the College this afternoon after the commencement exercises. In the evening the Alumni will hold a smoker in the Knights of Columbus Hall in the city.

The lobster fishermen on the North side of the island are getting great hauls of the crustaceans. On the days that they have been able to overhaul their traps most of the factories have had more fish than they could very well handle. This is very satisfactory in view of the long wait at the beginning of the season.

A splendid business has been done this season in the herring industry at Georgetown. Thus far over a thousand barrels have been cured and smoked and made ready for market; and the work goes on. From the progress made this season in herring fishing and curing, it is quite evident that the branch of our fishing industry is capable of large development and can be prosecuted with much profit.

New York advices of the 2nd inst say—Snow fell in New York today, though the flakes were not of the sort that made sleighing and snow balls, nor did they fall as snow, all the way to the pavements but coming from a colder strata they swirled about the tops of the skyscrapers, and before melting added a winter touch to the most remarkable June 2 that New Yorkers have known.

DIED

At St. Catherine's Lot 48, on the 22nd ult. James McInnis, aged 78 years. May his soul rest in peace.

At Souris River on Friday, May 24th, fortified by the last rites of the Catholic Church, Johanna Cahill, relict of the late John O'Donnell, aged 68 years, leaving a sorrowing daughter and son to mourn her loss. May she rest in peace.

In Charlottetown on May 30th, Alexander D. McLeod, Cashier of H. M. Customs, aged 84 years. Deceased was a native of Orwell, and had been in the public service since 1877. He leaves to mourn a widow, widely known as a poet and author, and two sons.

The Prices.

Butter (fresh).....	0.26 to 0.27
Butter (salt).....	0.22 to 0.24
Calf skins.....	0.10 to 0.09
Ducks per pair.....	0.80 to 1.00
Eggs, per doz.....	0.16 to 0.17
Fowls (per pair).....	0.90 to 1.25
Chickens per pair.....	0.60 to 0.80
Flour (per cwt.).....	2.30 to 2.40
Hay, per 100 lbs.....	0.70 to 0.75
Mutton, per lb (carcase).....	0.08 to 0.07
Oatsmeal (per cwt.).....	2.50 to 3.00
Potatoes.....	0.65 to 0.66
Pork.....	0.08 to 0.82
Sheep pelts.....	0.90 to 1.00
Turnips.....	0.00 to 0.00
Turkeys (per lb).....	1.50 to 3.00
Hides.....	1.10 to 1.20
Blind.....	0.50 to 0.65
Pressed hay.....	14.00 to 18.00
Straw.....	0.25 to 0.30

A. A. McLean, R. C. McDonald, McLean & McKinnon, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law.

READY-MADE CLOTHING

Gents' Furnishing HATS and CAPS

Don't forget to give me a call first day you are in town.

When you buy your SPRING SUIT

I will save you a dollar.

When you want a HAT or CAP or anything in the Furnishing line I can show you by far the largest assortment of up-to-date goods in the city.

If you have any wool for exchange bring it along with you.

H. H. BROWN, The Young Men's Man, Queen Street, just around Hughes' Corner.

Men and Boy's suits.—It will pay you to give me a call for your spring suit for yourself or your boy, as I have an elegant range to choose from and my prices are lower than the lowest.

H. H. BROWN The Young Men's Man.

Trunks and Valises.—When you want to go travelling I can fit you out with a trunk, suit case, grip, telescope or anything else you need. Don't forget my prices are the lowest.

H. H. BROWN The Young Men's Man.

Snappy Styles

—OF—

Solid Footwear.

Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only. Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes. These Boots arrived a few days ago a little late of course, but they are yours at the above price. See them anyway.

A. E. McEACHEN, THE SHOE MAN, QUEEN STREET

Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys, Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P.E.I. MONEY TO LOAN. Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B. Sun Fire offices of London. Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACBACHMAN, AGENT, Mar. 22nd, 1906

Sensational Bargains In Whitewear.

20 p.c. off all Whitewear in Stock

Commencing to-day, and continuing until further notice, we will give extraordinary reductions on all lines of made-up whitewear. No need to give any detailed descriptions of lines. Their superiority is well known, and the enormous quantities we sell is proof positive that our moderate prices are appreciated.

See our windows for samples, then come in and secure what you need as these extraordinary discounts will not last long. We will also give

20 p.c. off all high priced Wall Paper

In order to clear out the balance of our best lines which have become very much reduced through our extraordinary selling, we will give 20 p.c off all lines over 25 cts a roll, as we are unable to repeat on these and wish to make room for an entirely new stock for the following year.

We have already repeated on the cheaper grades and marked them so close, as to be decided snaps at their present prices. They are going out with a rush, and our advice is to secure what you need without delay.

Compare what it costs to paper a room this year with what it formerly cost, and deal with the firm, who has procured for you such extraordinary reductions. You can now purchase a whole roll of bordering, for what it formerly cost you for a single yard.

Samples sent to country trade state about what price required, and give an idea of the color also whether narrow or wide border. We are confident we can suit you.

M. TRAINOR & CO.

The New Wall Paper Emporium.

You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than

EPPS'S

A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in 1-lb. and 1/2-lb. Tins.

LIME!

We are now burning and can supply

Lime from this date.

Orders left at office

will receive prompt

attention.

C. Lyons & Co

April 24, 1907—31

CANADA

Province of Prince Edward Island.

In the SURROGATE COURT, 7th Edward VII, A. D. 1907, in re Estate of Robert F. Coffin, late of Morrell, in King's County, in the said Province, Clerk deceased, intestate.

By the Hon. Richard Reddin, Surrogate Judge of Probate, etc., etc. To the Sheriff of the County of King's County, in the said Province, or any Constable or literate person within said County.

GREETINGS:

Whereas upon reading the petition (on file) of Rev. Alexander McAlally, of St. Ann's, Lot 22, in Queen's County, in said Province, Administrator de bonis non Administrator of the estate and effects of the above named deceased praying that a Citation may be issued for the purpose herein-after set forth, you are therefore hereby required to cite all persons interested in the said estate to be and appear before me as a Surrogate Court to be held at the Court House in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in the said Province, on Friday the twenty-first day of June, next coming, at twelve o'clock noon of the same day, to show cause if any they can why the accounts of the said estate should not be passed and estate closed as prayed for in said petition, and on motion of James A. McDonald, Esq., Proctor for the said Petitioner. And I do hereby order that a true copy of this Citation be forthwith inserted in any of the newspapers published in Charlottetown in the said Province for at least four consecutive weeks from the date hereof, and that a true copy hereof be forthwith posted in the following public places respectively, to-wit: In the hall of the Court House in Georgetown, in King's County, Morrell, and in front of the School House situated at Morrell, and at Morrell Railway Station in the said County of King's County, so that all persons so interested as aforesaid may have due notice thereof.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the said Court this fifth day (L.S.) of May, A. D. 1907, and in the seventh year of His Majesty's reign.

James A. McDonald, Proctor. (Sgd.) Richard Reddin, Surrogate Judge of Probate, May 22—41

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