loss or delay of fumigas for Pacific Coast grown and Flower Seeds in sea-

IES, Spray Pumps, Whale enhouse Plants, Cut Flow-Fall Planting. ness on our own grounds pay and are prepared to

J. HENRY

EE AL CROWN OAP

being made by the Candian Consolidated Rubber en created with a capital This is a holding company the Maple Leaf Rubber

TOR IS BLAMED eck on Southern Railroad

rsday Morning. Va., Nov. 30.—The frightvesterday morning near on the Southern railway, ident Spencer and mem-rty lost their lives, is detant general superintenpeman to be due to the h rules being disobeyed D. Maddox, who was in elegraph station at Ran-es north of the scene of the first station north This official said that e telegraph showed that a second train into the first train had cleared gainst the rules of the

D. C., Nov. 30. Superinorts to locate operator the accident occurred,

ov. 30.-The body of genwho was killed in Southern railway, was day and was forwarded Ardsley. The funeral omorrow at St. Barna-

BANK CLEARINGS Nov 30.—The following bank clearings, as com-29, showing percentage

| | Inc. | Dec. |
|------------|------|------|
| 31,286965 | 15.8 | |
| 7,525,468 | 26.3 | |
| 14,348,664 | 28.9 | |
| 3,163,862 | 21.2 | |
| 1,761,476 | | 12.0 |
| 3,353,836 | 69.1 | |
| 1,775,235 | .7 | |
| 1,531,628 | .1 | |
| 1,231.755 | 27.1 | |
| 1,130,965 | 25.6 | |
| 1.028,729 | 42.9 | |
| 1,680,279 | | |
| 850,079 | | |
| | | |

STREET CAR STRIKE Nov. 30-Pending the outtion agreed to by both ing operated by nonunion will occupy about three

DYNAMITE BLAST nn., Nov. 30 -Near Moc twenty miles west of men and a foreman, not known, were inday by a blast of dynavation being made for

THE WEEKLY NEWS

NELSON, B. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1906

MEANS MUCH **IOR NELSON**

VOL. 5

Huge Copper Proposition Purchased by Local Holders

A Second Granby Mine Lies Unworked for Fifteen Years Within a Few Miles of Nelson

A local mining deal of considerable magnitude and one that means much to the people of this city, was finally convesterday, when Jons P. Swed berg, one of the most successful pros-pectors in the Kootenays, turned over to James Cronin, and N. J. Cavanaugh, P Mighton & Co., a group of claims at Beasley Siding just west of the city for a cash consideration said to approxmate an even \$100,000.

mate an even \$100,000.

The properties sold consist of Queen Victoria and the Emma, known becausers, who recently won the first six as the Queen Victoria group, two joining claims, some water rights acres of land.

For fifteen long years the has been located and it has been frequently bonded only to be cast aside, sometimes by well known experts. vedeberg, who made a success out o Swedeberg, who made a success out of his Granite, Eureka and many other deals by plain hard work, bonded the group recently and located a couple of adjoining claims. He made preparations to instal a tramway and intende working the property on his own account. Mr. Cavenaugh visited the property very recently and being struck at the enormous copepr showing at one ested Mr. Cronin, who after a care ful inspection finally closed the deal yesterday. Mr. Cavenaugh obtained ibstantial interest.

Once more is demonstrated the fac long overlooked, that the hills nea home are as rich, if not richer, than those far away. It was stated yester day on excellent authority that the ledge exposed on the bluff in the Queen Victoria is the biggest single outcrop copper in British Columbia today that nature has done so much to expose and call attention to. Those who pin their faith to the proverbial good luck that always seems to hover about James nin and his undertakings, will be apt to discount the past experting the property in question, and to quick ly came to the conclusion that the great t mineral discovery of 1906 in th Kootenays has just been re-made at the

close of the year.

Mr. Cronin said very quietly yester day: "Yes, I have bought the property
I think it safe to say there are 200,000 ons of copper ore in sight. The aver age assay is satisfactory. Half a mile of tramway will connect up the minwith the C. P. R. railroad. The ore can be quarried out cheaply and in larg quantities. I have no idea why the min has been passed over so long. I say nothing as to what opinion has been ex pressed by experts, I am satisfied and am going to do a little mining myself.

lowest assay ever got from the ge is said to run a little better than \$4, while plenty have been got as high as \$15 and thereabouts. It is said tha the ore can be placed upon the railroad cars at a cost not exceeding \$1.25 a ton and possibly lower, while freight and treatment charges will not exceed \$3.50 per ton. With copper at its present price new owners should certainly make

Cavanaugh said last night: "The mine lies half a mile north of Beasley siding in a direct line, and the trail up is about a mile and a half. The new wners will carry out the contract already made with Riblet & Co. for 260 of tramway, which is already on its way here from St. Louis. The present force of 10 or 12 men will be kept on at development work and when the tram-way is installed shipments will be started. I can say nothing as to arrangements for stocking the proposi-We want to make sure of our ground first."

The outcrop is 600 ft. long, lies on a porphyry dyke and dips to the east at ut an angle of 20 degrees. The trend the vein is nearly north and south. he face or the bluff expores a body of from 40 to 80 feet in thickness, and, onsidering the erosion that has taken ace and the enormous boulders of copfloat lying on the hillside, it may reasonably assumed that the vein is feet thick A drift has been driven to the face of the bluff, for 100 feet, it it was started a little too low down got partially into the footwall. lose who drove the drift may have ight they only had a big boulder that the ore would not go down property could never have been sizcarefully because it is plain to the of any plain practical miner where ore body will be found at depth. ore is chalcopyrite with a small ering of silicate of copand is almost self-fluxing. As the ff now stands, after one shot was there is a showing of 15 feet of opyrite. The outcrop is largely ized and the chalcopyrite does not

As the property, like the Granby their subscribers 40,000 shares of the enter their harbor."

mine, will be worked on a large scale, ness purposes, the mine will be wholly cannot be overestimated.

ROBBERS BOLD COUP

Irkutsk, Siberia, Dec. 7.-The government assay office here was entered by means of an underground tunnel last night and gold weighing 165 1-4 pounds was stolen. There is no trace of the

******************* SIX DAY WHEEL RACE

ANNUAL GRIND STARTS SUNDAY IN NEW YORK.

SIXTEEN TEAMS WILL GO TO THE POST TOGETHER.

New York, Dec. 7 .- Sixteen teams of bicyclists, gathered from every quarter of the globe, will start on Sunday night on the long journey of the annual in-ternational six days' bicycle race in Madison Square Garden. The release terday from Ellis island of the

day race ever held in Europe, complet-ed the list of entries which was held entil the last moment awaiting of Europe, Asia and Africa as well as the very best riders in America will go

FORFEITED BIG

GUGGENHEIMS CALMLY DROPPEL \$1,500,000.

LOST THAT AMOUNT RATHER THAN COMPLETE DEAL.

Toronto, Dec. 7 .- The Cobalt marke has not yet recovered from the flurry into which it was thrown on Monday when the Messrs. Guggenheim, of the American Smelting & Refining company and other enterprises which have made them very prominent in the metal trades of the world, forfeited to E. C. Converse, Ambrose P. Monell, Ellis P. Earle and Joseph de Lamar 60,000 shares of the stock of the Nipissing Mines company, for which the Messrs. Guggenheim paid \$1,500,000 a month ago. The loss was nocketed because the venture of the stock of the Nipissing Mines company, for which the Messrs. American Smelting & Refining company The loss was pocketed because the vendors refused to grant to the purchase an extension of 30 days on a second payment of Nipissing stock, the Messrs Guggenheim desiring this extension in order to scrutinize the titles to the

company's properties.

If the Guggenheims had so desired, only a part of the loss would have fallen on themselves, for in the transaction they were not acting for themselves more than as syndicate underwriters. A large part of the stock they took, 40,000 shares, was sold by them at the cost price to men who rely upon their judg ment in mining enterprises. In this way the stock came into the hands of more than 150 persons. The losses of all these the Messrs. Guggenheim have agreed to stand.

Nipissing, which has been widely exploited as the richest mining discovery of recent years, and which has done more than any other issue of the year to stimulate the unprecedented boom in mining stocks, attracted the attention of theGuggenheims six months ago. They ched to investigate the John Hays Hammond, of the Guggenheim Exploration company, the mining engineer who attained celebrity at the outbreay of the Boer war. Mr Hammond reporting favorably, the Messrs. Guggenheim took an option for the purchase of a third interest in the company or for 400,000 shares—at \$25 a share five times the par value of the stock, and representing a total of \$10,000,000. The Guggenheims exercised their option or October 31, and the following day entertered into a contract whereby they agreed to pay for the stock in four monthly instalments of \$2,500,000 each or forfeit a part of preceding payments. On the same day they maye the initial payment of \$2,500,000, sufficient to take up 100,000 shares, but, according to the contract, received outright but 40,000 shares, the remaining 60,000 shares being deposited with the sellers as secur

ty for the payment of the remaining in-Monday at noon was the last momen for the payment of the second instal-ment of \$2,500,000. The Guggenheims asked for an extension to examine titles reports having reached them that the mining claims of the company were to be attacked by the Ontario govern-ment. The request was refused. This is the statement of the transacions given out by Louis Marshall, of Guggenheim, Untermeyer and Marshall, attor-

neys for the Messrs. Guggenheim: "On October 30 the Mess. Guggenheim took and option for a number of gentlemen for the purchase of 400,000 shares of the capital stock of the Nipissing Mines company at \$25 per share. They offered a large portion of this block for underwriting to their friends at the contract price, receiving not a dollar for sions or otherwise. They also intended keeping a large portion of the stock for themselves. On November 1 they paid \$2,500,000 on account of the w to any great extent until this is purchase price. On making this payment the received for themselves and

stock, leaving in the hands of the vendors 60,000 shares of the stock as a forfeit in the event that they failed to nake subsequent payments.

"The second payment would have be payable today, if they had concluded to proceed further with the business. They have now decided not to exercise their option with regard to the purchase of the remainder of this block of stock and have so notified the vendors. Concurrently with this notice they have issued to their sev eral subscribers the following circular let-

Dear Sir-We have decided not to exercise our option for the purchase of the Nipissing Mines company stock. If you will return us promptly the certificates for he - shares of the Nipissing Mines com pany stock delivered to you by us, we will return you — dollars, the amount of our first payment. If you have sold the stock, please inform us what you have received therefor and we will send you a check for the difference between the sur so received and -- dollars, the amount of your first payment. Please return us you subscription agreement with your answer to this letter. Yours truly,
"DANIEL GUGGENHEIM,
"MURRY GUGGENHEIM."

New York, Dec. 1. effect of this notice is that the Messrs. Guggenheim have stepped into the Breach and have assumed whatever losse may arise out of this transaction, thus relieving their subscribers from all obligation, so that not one of their subscriber

FAN INDS IN FIRE

MACLEOD, ALTA, TEARLY WIPED OUT BY TAMES BLAZE STARTED BY KOW IN CHI

NESE LAUNDRY

(Special to The Daily News) Maclead, Alta., Dec. 7-As the result of a fire which started here this morning nine business places are cleaned out. The fire burned fiercely for a long time but was under control by noon. The loss cannot yet be estimated; the postoffice is among the buildings destroyed.

In all half a block has been burned. It started in a Chinese laundry at 6:30 this morning. Before the flames were checked Long's barber shop, Mackenzie's restaurant, the Chinese laundry, Richardson's dry goods store, Reach and company's grocery, Hicks' law office, the postoffice and a machine warehouse were burned to the ground. The fire is now under control. About half the loss is covered by

no further damage is expected unless the wind changes, in which case the Macleod Supply company and A. F. Grady are in serious danger. The loss is \$50,000, partly covered by insurance. The fire was the

VANCOUVER THE FIRST AGAIN BREAKS RECORD FOR BANK

RATE OF INCREASE GREATER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER CITY

Montreal, Dec. 7-The following are the weekly bank clearings, as compiled by Bradstreet's for the week ending Dec. 6, showing percentage of increase and decrease, as compared with the correspond

| ing week of the years | Inc. | D |
|-----------------------|------|-----|
| Montreal \$33,107,975 | 9.3 | |
| Foronto 30,376,000 | 37.4 | |
| Winnipeg 15,809,669 | 40.6 | |
| Ottawa 3,953,844 | 22.0 | |
| Vancouver 3,385,660 | 72.0 | ٠., |
| Halifax 1,826,485 | 7.4 | |
| Quebec 2,672,805 | 6.8 | |
| St. John 1,349,321 | 6.8 | |
| Hamilton 2,029,850 | 21.1 | |
| London 1,494,559 | 17.8 | |
| Victoria 1,928,729 | 32.0 | |
| Calgary 1,801,902 | | |
| Edmonton 1,160,184 | , | |
| | | |

C. P. R. IS HANDICAPPED

Past Mail Service Loses Time by Going via Halifax Montreal, Dec. 7-The C.P.R. steamship Empress of Ireland, which left St. John's Friday night of last week, reached Liverpool and landed her mails tonight. Her passengers left Montreal by the Canadian Pacific late on Thursday night, Nov. 29, and embarkel at St. John. The mails clos ing in Montreal at 10:30 a.m. on Friday, ieft at noon by the Intercolonial for Halifax, at which port there was a delay of seven hours awaiting their arrival. Passengers from Toronto and other Ontario oints had to leave home either on Wed esday night or Thursday morning to catch the steamer and those from Manitoba and other western points were similarly handi capped by a day. Had the mails been sent by the Canadian Pacific Thursday night, and the steamer sailed direct from St. John, instead of being sent to Halifax and held there awaiting the arrival of the delayed intercolonial train, all passen gers would have arrived a day earlier in could have left home a day later than they did and would have reached Liverpool at exactly the same time. As it was, the mails could have been closed at Montreal at 6 p.m. instead of 10:30 a.m. Friday and business men here would have had the advantage of an extra day for their correpondence without delaying the delivery n the slightest. And this consideration has ed many to remark: "Is it not too much to expect that the fast Canadian Pacific steamship service should continue to be handicapped to the extent of 24 hours merely to give the people of Halifax an

WILL HAND **GOLD BACK**

Roosevelt Refuses to be Indebted to Contributors

sums Paid for his Campaign Expenses by Life Insurance Companies to be Reiurnea

Washington, Dec. 7.-Before he retires from office president Roosevelt intends to have refunded to the policy holders of the "Big Three" insurance companies the money contributed to the republican national committee in 1904 by the New York Life Insurance companies.

The aggregate of their contributions made out of the "Yellow Dog" funds of the companies was \$148,000. The fact that he was elected with the help of money taken illegally from the poiicy holders of the three companies has nettled the president sorely for many months. He feels that it has placed a taint upon his administration, as well as upon his public career and he means to

have the stain wiped out.

It leaked out today for the first tim that the president has already taken steps to have the money refunded and that this would have been done long ago but for the obstinacy of postmaster-general George B. Cortelyou and Cor-nelius N. Bliss, of New York.

Mr. Cortelyou was chairman of the republican national committee during the Roosevelt campaign of 1904 and still holds the position. Mr. Bliss was, and is, treasurer of the republican nacommittee.

It is known positively that president Roosevelt sent for both Mr. Cortelyou and Mr. Bliss several months ago and directed them to pay back with interest whatever sums the Mutual, Equitable and New York Life contributed to his

campaign fund.

He was met with a polite but firm refusal. He insisted that the money should be refunded, and asked how much in the way of bank balances remained to the credit of the republican national committee. He was told that the total committee. He was told that the total was slightly in excess of \$400,000, and he replied that it was a shame the

he replied that it was a sname the money belonging to the policy holders of the three companies had not been returned long before.

Mr. Cortelyou and Mr. Bliss, however, refused absolutely to back down from the position they assumed. The insistence of the president made no impression upon them whatever. sion upon them whatever.

They told the president frankly that while they would like to accede to his wish in the matter his request was ut terly impossible. They declared that if the money was refuded it would be in terpreted by the public as a confession of guilt, which would place them both in a position peculiarly embarrassing and humiliating.

They stated to the president that they had merely followed a precedent of long standing in soliciting funds from the life-insurance companies, and that how ever much he objected to the position ask them to do that which would surely orand them as culprits and violators

It was furthermore pointed out to the president that the legality of the con-tributions was being tested in the courts and that if the money were refunded according to his instructions it would have a most prejudical effect upon the of those life insurance men, who were in danger of prosecution for grand larceny simply because they contributed the companies' money to his campaign

All of these arguments pres consevelt waved aside. He declared that the proposition was a simple one; oney was taken from officers of the companies which they had no right to give away, as it belonged to other This being the case, the only honorable course open was to give back the money to its real owners.

Mr. Cortelyou and Mr. Bliss doggedly refused to budge from their position, declaring that the president did not look upon the matter broadly; that if refunds were made in the case of the three life insurance companies it would open up an endless chain of compli-cations which would involve every-

body concerned in a hopeless tangle.

The interviews—it is understood there were several of them—terminated vithout president Roosevelt being able to carry his point; but it is known that he is as determined as ever that the money shall be restored to the three companies. How he will work out the roblem and accomplish his purpose is a matter; which, it is understood, has so far resisted his best efforts. The mere parting with the money is not the trouble, but the fear of Mr. Cor-

telyou and Mr. Bliss that restitution will make their position almost unbearable.

The fact that the money has not been paid back is particularly galling to president Roosevelt at this time. on-in-law, representative Longworth, is secretary of the International Policy Holders Committee, and has taken an active part in the cam-

paign to defeat for re-election the existing managements of the two mutual companies—the New York Life and the

Mr. Longworth's work on behalf cf the policy holders has had the hearty sympathy of the president, and it is understood he is confident that the best interests of the policy holders will be served by the election of the men nom-inated by Mr. Longworth's committee But for the embarrassing fact that his campaign fund was swollen by methods which the Longworth committee and the policy holders generally condemn, the president, it is said, would have taken steps before this to let the public know squarely where he stood in the matter of the pending election and the safe-guarding of the policy holders' funds.

CURSED WIFE AND SON

DOWIE RESENTS DESERTION IN HIS EVIL DAYS.

HAS GONE RAVING MAD-THE END IS NEAR

Chicago, Dec. 7.-John Alexander Dowie has gone raving mad. His mind is now a wreck and it is believed that his end is near. Two hundred of his followers in Zion gathered in Shiloh House, the Dowie home, to hear him deliver a serman last Sunday, and were confronted by a mad man. Dowie's de lusion is that he is a famous soldier Weak physically and almost helpless, h incoherently harangued of a "battle" in which his commander, a famous "gen-eral," was slain. Then he himself won

the battle.
"I have brought the general's body here in my tent," said he, "and am now making a funeral oration over it. The foreign powers are sending representatives to treat with me."

Nurses carried him out of the room Dowie's wife and son have deserted him and are living in the Dowie summer home in Michigan. Dowie has cursed the pair. Mrs. Dowie is both wife and

irst cousin.

Dowie is said to have taken in \$15, 000,000 in the 13 years he has been in Chicago. There is nothing to show for it but \$6,000,000 debts.

WANT RESIDENT JUDGE

LOCAL BAR PASSES A STRONG RESOLUTION.

TELEGRAM SENT TO MINISTER OF JUSTICE.

At a meeting of the members of the local bar held yesterday, a resolution was unanimously passed that the minister of justice be urged to comply with the provision of the provincial Suprem Court Act, requiring that one of the supreme court judges reside in this city. In compliance with the resolution, R. W. Hannington, secretary of the Nelson Bar association, last night wired the

minister of justice as follows:
Nelson, Dec. 7, 1906.
Hon. A. B. Aylesworth, Minister of Justice, Ottawa:— Respecting the vacancy on our su preme court bench am directed by Nel-on Bernssociation to draw your at-ention section 23 of our Supreme

Court Act requiring one of the supreme court judges to reside at Nelson, which has not been complied with. Respectfully,
R. W. HANNINGTON, Secretary A wire was also sent by Mr. Hannington to W. A. Galliher, M. P., asking

him to urge compliance upon the min ister with the statutory requirements. The board of trade will, it is stood, at its next meeting, be asked to pass a similar resolution to the one adopted by the legal fraternity.

FIRE IN ELEVATOR.

Fort William, Dec. 7.—The working nouse of the Canadian Pacific elevator, the largest single grain elevator in the world, was destroyed by fire today. The cause of the blaze is unknown. Both the railway and city fire brigades ans-wered the alarm but as there was no hydrant within several blocks of the elevator, the firemen were powerless to cope with the flames, and the building, which was of wood, was reduced to a heap of smouldering debris within one hour after the alarm was turned in The storage house is entirly of steel, and that saved the main structure. The loss is about \$175,000. There was wheat in the working house and only about 25,000 bushels in the elevator. No grain can be handled by the plant until the destroyed portion is reconstruct ed. The capacity of the elevator is 3,000,000 bushels. Its handling plant was the most rapid in the world.

STUDENTS BURNED TO DEATH. Ithaca, N. Y., Dec. 7.—The Chi Psi fraternity house at Cornell university, the finest and most elaborate chapter house in the United States, burned to the ground this morning. The fire was not discovered until the entire first floor was in flames. Several students are buried beneath the walls. Attorney A. S. Robinson and John Rumsey, son of a wealthy business man, and Esty Landon, all volunteer firemen, were killed by the falling of a wall.

The students were O. L. Schmuck, of Hanover, Penn.; F. Rells, of South Orange, N. J.; P. W. Nichols, of Chicago, and J. M. McCutcheon, of Pittsburg. The cause of the fire is unknown The entire first floor raged with flames and under the strong northwest wind the students were trapped in the

dormitory on the third floor. Many of the boys jumped to safety, while those who hesitated were carried to the ground by the falling walls.

The money loss is nearly \$200,000. Cornell university is immeasurably horrified by the catastrophe and academic work is almost paralyzed for the moment. President Shurman issued a statement in which he credits C. L. Schmuck with wonderful heroism in reentering the flaming building in search of his roommate W. H. Nichols, who is believed to have perished.

All Railroads Badly in The ruins are so hot that it is im

FOUNDATION MADE OF AIR

NEW YORK'S TALLEST SKYSCRAPER RESTS ON A CUSHION

UNIQUE METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION

New York, Dec. 7-Day and night the work on the caisson foundations for the 41-storey Singer building on Broadway, be-tween Cortlandt and Liberty streets, is being pushed along. This building which will be 612 feet high, making it the tallest office building in the world, is to be ready for occupation in May, 1908. The foundations which are being built by the Foundation company, No. 35 Nasau street, are carried down to bed rock, 90 feet below

After the necessary excavation made, the working chamber, a deep box nade of small sections of wood or steel without a bottom, and with the lower edges hod with steel, is lowered into place. The sand hogs begin to undermine the cutting edges, the spoils being removed by huge buckets. As the chamber sinks below the water line a sectional shaft equipped with an air lock is inserted in the roof, and compressed air pumped into the chamber to keep it clear of water. One pound of pressure is employed for every 2 1-3 fee below the water line.

The building of the foundation pier is on top of it and increasing them as the chamber sinks. At the same time the conrete serves to counterbalance the air pressure within the chamber. When the chamber reaches bed rock the foundation pier is almost complete. The chamber and shaft are then removed and the space left filled with concrete.

CAFE CHANTANT.

Closing Performance Last Night Was

Very Successful

The second day of the Cafe Chantant
entertainment in the opera house closed
most successfully last evening when
an audience that filled the house to an audience that filled the nouse to overflowing witnessed the program presented on the stage. "Mary was a Housemaid," sung by Mr. Evans, assisted by Mrs. Lindsley, Miss Ellis and the Misses Annable, in costume, made a hit and secured an enthusiastic encore. Mrs. H. C. Briggs, charmingly

gowned in black, and in excellent voice, rendered Gounod's Ave Maria most acceptably and, in response to an encore, gave an Irish ballad, Shoogy-Shoo. Later the same lady sang The Message of the Violets, from the Prince of Pilsen, and was again encored. A distinguished Canadian plantst in the person of Fred E. Morris, of Montreal, who was passing through the city. kindly was passing through the city, kindly played three selections, and, under adverse conditions, fully demonstrated his pleasing mastership of the instrument. Miss Pauline Annable, as an old maid, made over, scored one of the best hits of the evening, with her song "The Men won't Bite."

The old maids once more covered the street with glory in the presentation of their convention and kept the audience in fits of laughter for over an open convention to the congestion and to find a remedy that will have the effect of preventing a recurrence. hour. In the list of performers publis ed yesterday the name of Mrs. Riblet was unintentionally omitted. Judge Forin made a few remarks at

the opening of the program conveying the hearty thanks of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid for all the kindly assistance given them by the people of Nelson.

PLANT OYSTERS AT ESQUIMALT Group of Tacoma Men Will Seed 100 Acre

Near Victoria Tacoma, Dec. 7 - Captain corge W Williams of Tacoma and associates, have acquired title to 100 acres of land in Esqui-malt harbor, Vancouver island, and will there plant one of the largest oyster beds on the Pacific coast. A company with \$100,000 capital has been incorporated of which captain Williams is managing director and colonel J. A. Markham of St John, N.B., president.

Captain Williams says: "The duty of oysters on the British side amounts to bout \$1.25 per hundredweight, except of the spat, which is admitted free. tion to saving the duty, we will also save freight charges which amount to \$1 per hundredweight on the Olympia, Gray's Harbor and Willapa oysters from this side The oyster men here have no protection giving us practically two markets. We propose to bring the spat from New Haven

NEGRO KILLED FOUR PEOPLE Greenville, Miss., Dec. 7.—Four persons were shot and killed and three others were wounded by a negro. The man first killed a negro woman in a boarding house. He then probably fa-tally wounded policeman Kolfer and barricaded himself in a house. In an attempt to arrest him, he killed two more negroes and one white man, and wounded captain Quinn and assistant clerk Abercrombie. The negro was cap-

Need of Rolling Stock

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy's Statement Rerealed Position of the C. P. R.

Montreal, Dec. 7.—The announcement made by sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the C. P. R., to the effect that he would expend \$10,000,000 on rolling stock, if he could secure it, has made public a condition the existence of which those on the inside of railway eligible have recognized for some time. which these on the inside of railway elifeles have recognized for some time.

With the present rush of business all roads, Canadian and American alike, are facing a car famine. Grain, fruit, the study and vest event time. live stock and vast quantities of mer chandise must be moved and it is impossible to furnish cars. The roads, i is asserted, are short of cars to haul the class of material out of which cars are made and as a result there is difficulty in getting new cars on the road, and every traffic department is facing a problem of inadequate means of handling the winter's business

Winnipeg, Dec. 7.-A good deal of interest is being taken by the farmers of the Canadian northwest in the reports of car shortage alone the lines of Dader tarpaulins at stations, the elevators being full and no cars in sight, while a being full and no cars in sight, while a large percentage will be left on the grower's hands till spring at a loss of 6 or 7 cents a bushel.

Here in Manitoba, on the other hand, Mr. Hill's lines are furnishing plenty of

cars, inded have a superabundance. The fact that he is serving his new Can The fact that he is serving his new Canadian customers better, at any rate for the time being than his old customers souther that he wants further legislation in Ottawa this session for his projects in Manitoba and British Columbia.

However this may be, the farmers of Manitoba are certainly benefiting by this discrimination on Mr. Hill's part against their southern neighbors and competitors, and only hope that the present conditions of things may con-

Minneapolis, Dec. 7—Although no direct information has been received from the interstate commerce commission, it is be-lieved by officials of the chamber of commerce that Minneapolis will be the first place visited by members of the commis-sion in an endeavor to gather information on the direct cause of the car shortage. Agitation and public demand have driven

Agretion and public demand have driven the commissioners to the realization that some action is at last necessary, and it is said that the inquiry will start from Min-neapoils, as this city has felt the effects of the shortage in a more aggravated degree than any other terminal in the northter of widely differing opinion among wheat men and shippersThe greater question at this time is to ascertain precisely what

ion in Mi olis is varied re ing the regulation of car service by the interstate commission. All agree that an investigation into the shortage is of paramount importance, as an exact understand-ing of the conditions will go far in sug-gesting a remedy. It will be a reilway problem without precedent in federal con-trol and will tend to show just how far the government authority can be exerted in behalf of maintaining better trade and

DR. LAPPONI DEAD.

Rome, Dec. 7.—Dr. Lapponi, physician to the pope, died at 7 o'clock this morning. He had been seriously ill for some time of cancer of the stomach and, pneumonia setting in, he could not in his weakened condition stand its

ravages.

When Dr. Lapponi was sinking the pope sent him the apostolic benediction, and when the news of his death reached the pope he was exceedingly grieved.

It is reported that before losing con sciousness Dr. Lapponi referring to the pope, said: "He has a strong constitu-tion and, having studied him carefully, I think he will live longer than Leo

The deceased physician was very popular in Rome both among the clericas well as with the anti-clericals.

Dr. Lapponi attained considera

prominence as the physician to late pope Leo XIII., as the medical attendant of the cardinals when in conclave, and as the doctor in attendance upon the present pope.

ROOSEVELT IS FIRM.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Assistant secretary of state Bacon today made a statement on behalf of the president that no steps of any kind had been taken or would be instituted with a view to the negotiation of a new treaty with Japan for the exclusion of Japanese laborers. The president, Mr. Bacon said, asked that this information be made public

LAND NOTICES

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works permission to purchase the following described lands situate in West Kootemay district: Commencing at a post plantal at the northwest corner of section 33B, nownship 69, and marked "G.F.'s N.W. east 40 chains; thence north 80 hence west 40 chains to the place of com

Dated this 23rd day November, 1906.

GEORGE FERGUSON W. A. CALDER, Agent

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following bed lands situate in West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post plant-ed at the northeast corner of section 28, township, 69, and marked "J.E.McN.'s N.E. corner," thence west 80 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 40 chains to the place of commencement, and containing 320 acres

Dated this 23rd day November, 1906. JAMES E. McNAUGHTON. W. A. CALDER, Agent

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post planted 40 chains west of the south southeast corner of section 22, township 69, and marked "E.F.'s N.E. corner," west 80 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence 80 chains; thence north 40 chains to the place of commencement and con

taining 320 acres, more or less.

Dated this 23rd day November, 1906.

ELIZABETH FERGUSON. W. A. CALDER, Agent

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days afte date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following nay district: Commencing at a post plan ed at the northeast corner of section 21 township 69, and marked "P.W.G.'s N.E. thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; hence north 80 chains to the place of

Dated this 23rd day November, 1996.
PETER W. GORDON.
-24 W. A. CALDE Agent

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in West Koote nay district: Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of section 32. township 69, and marked "D.A.McC." thence north 80 chains chains; thence east 80 chains to the place of commencement, and containing 640 acres Dated this 23rd day November, 1906.

D. A. MCCULLOCH. W. A. CALDER, Agent

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in West Koote nay district: Commencing at a post plant ed at the northeast corner of section 32, township 69, and marked "W.A.C.'s S.E. corner," thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains mencement and containing 640 acres, more

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days af ter date I intend to apply to the Hon.
the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the folowing described lands situate in Kootenay district: Commencing at a post marked "Howard Pepin's N.E. corner, 1 1-3 miles west of Material Yard on the thence 80 chains west; thence 20 chains north more or less to C. and W. railway: thence 80 chains east following the C. and W. railway to point of commencement. Located this 19th day of November 1906

G- B. MATTHEW, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days at ter date I intend to apply to the Hon the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria, for permission to purchase 160 acres of land in Fire Valley a post planted at the northeast corner of section 21 and marked "D.W.J. N.E. orner," and running 40 chains south; thence 40 chains; west thence 40 chains north: thence 40 chains east to place of

D. W. JOHNSTON L. C. MORRISON, Agent.

Nov. 18th, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days at ter date I intend to apply to the Hon Works, Victoria, for permission to purchase 640 acres of land in Fire Valley a post marked "A.M. N.E. corner," and lanted at the northeast corner of section s, township 69, and running 80 chains south: thence 80 chains west; thence 80 hains north; thence 80 chains east, to place of commen ement. Nov. 18th. 1906.

A. MORRISON L. C. MORRISON, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after

Dated Sept 25, 1906. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in West Kootemay district: Commencing at a post plantdescribed lands, situate in West Kootenay

Lower Arrow lake, and marked "H.A.M. northeast corner post," thence 20 chains south; thence 40 chains west; thence 20 chains more or less north to the Columbia and Western railway boundary; thence 40 chains east along the Columbia and Western railway boundary to the place of comncement, and containing 80 acres, more

Dated at Westley, B.C., this 22nd day HENRY A. MATTHEW

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria, for permission to purhase 640 acres of land in Fire Valley, and described as follows: Commencing at a post marked "J.H.M. S.E. corner," and anted at the southeast corner of section 3, thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains west; thence 30 chains south; thence 80 chains east to place of commencement.

J. H. MORRISON L. C. MORRISON, Agent

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following ibed lands in West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post marked "B. Bissell's N.E. corner," planted about 3 1-2 miles on the west shore of Upper Arrow lake, half a mile south of Fosthall creek, hence 80 chains west; thence 40 chains outh: thence 80 chains east; thence 40 Containing 320 acres, more or less Dated this 18th day of Oct., 1906.

J. E. TAYLOR, Agent 10-27

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days atte-Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post marked "C. B. Walmsley's N.E. corner post," situated t the S.E. corner of Lot No. 3333, thence south 40 chains; thence west 6 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 6 chains Dated this 15th day of October, 1906. C. F. WALMSLEY.

JOS. BLACKBURN, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following ibed lands, situate in West Kootenay district: Starting 400 feet west of po marked "R. Corlett's southeast corner about ten chains from Kootenay river, 15 chains west to lot 532, prore of less: thence 15 chains north; the chains east, more or less; thence 15 chains to place of commencement

Dated this 13th day of Oct., 1906.

Sixty days after date I intend to ap the Hon, Chief Commiss Lands and Works for permission to pur chase the following described lands situate in West Kootenay district, and adjoining N. D. Stewart's pre-emption, starting 15 chains west from N. D. Stewart's northeast corner post, thence west 40 chains; chains; thence south 40 chains to point of

N. D. STEWART.

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following nay district: Commencing at a post plant ed on the east shore of Misquoto lake south; thence 60 chains more or less to shore of lake: thence 80 chains north along the shore of the lake to point of com

Dated this 30th day of October, 1906. J. E. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days from date I intend to apply to the Hon Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in West Koote nay district: Commencing at a post plant marked "Smith Toye's N.W. corner." thence 60 chains east; thence 80 chains south to north side of R. Andrew's applicastion to purchase; thence west 60 chains. nore or less to shore of lake; thence alor ake shore north 80 chains to point of mncement.

Dated this 30th day of October, 1906 J. E. TAYLOR, Agent.

Sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for permission to pur chase the following described lands in West Kootenay District: Com post marked "A. M. Pingle's S.E. post," hence 40 chains north to S.E. corner of lot 2512, near south shore of West Arm hence 40 chains south: thence 40 chain east to point of commencement, the who

ning 160 acres.

A. M. PINGLE, Locator. S. E. OLIVER, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that two months after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for perssion to purchase the following described ands, situate in West Kootenay district: Commencing at the southwest corner west 40 chains, more or less, to the Koote nay river; thence following the shore same river northeasterly to point of commencement, comprising 160 acres, more or

A. FYFE.

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following

district, starting from a post marke "Margaret McLeod's southwest corner. adjoining application to purchase of W. J. Toye on the Arrow lake, about eight miles south from Nakusp, thence 80 chains east; thence 40 chains north; thence 80 chains west; thence 40 chains south to point of

Dated this 10th day of October 1906. MARGARET McLEOD J. E. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following escribed lands: Commencing at a post planted 20 chains west of the southeast co er of Lot 229, group I, Kootenay district, and marked "T.G.'s N.W. corner post." chains; thence west 60 chains; thence north 80 chains to the place of commencement, and containing 480 acres more or less. Dated at Nelson, B.C., this 24th day

> THOMAS GOUGH, G. B. MATTHEW, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days afte date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following lescribed lands: Commencing at a post planted 80 chains south and 20 chains east of the southeast corner of lot 229, Group Kootenay district, and marked "G.D." thence 60 chains south; thence 60 chains west: thence 60 chains north to place of ement, and containing 360 acres

Dated at Nelson, B.C., this 24th day o

GODFREY DANGERFIELD. G. B. MATTHEW, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following escribed lands in West Kootenay district Commencing at a post marked "T.B.'s N.E. corner," said post being south of Cedar creek, Kootenay lake, thence west: thence 40 chains south; thence 4 chains east to lake shore; thence 40 chains north to place of commencement. Dated this 17th day of October, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situate in West Kootenay District: Commencing at a post market "John Logan's N.E. corner," and situated west of the Upper Arrow lake, near Fosthall creek, thence running west 80 chains; south 40 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 40 chains, and con taining 320 acres, more or less.

Dated Oct. 16, 1906.

JOHN LOGAN.
J. E. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days from date I intend to apply to the Hon hief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post plant ed at the northwest corner of Smith Toye's application to purchase on the east shore eringham's S.W. corner," thence east 6 chains: thence north 80 chains: thence west 60 chains more or less to shore of lake; thence south 80 chains along the lake shore to point of commencement ake shore to point of commencement.

Dated this 30th day of October, 1906.

W. FOTHEHRINGHAM.

J. E. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situate on the ower Arrow lake: Commencing at a post planted about 10 chains east of Sand creek marked "W.R.H.'s N.E. corner" thence thence 20 chains north; thence 20 chains east to point of commencement, contain 40 acres, more or less; said land adjoir Paul Auder's pre-emption on the nor

W. R. HOBBS Located Oct. 5, 1906.

Sixty days after date I intend to appl Lands and Works, for permission to pur chase the following described lands in a post marked "E.T.'s S.E. corner," or west shore of Kootenay lake, about four miles south of Wilson creek, thence 26 chains west; thence 60 chains north; thence 0 chains east, more or less to lake; thence of commencement, containing 166 acres Sept. 17, 1906.

ERROL TRELEAVEN, Locator S. E. OLIVER, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in Fire Valley, West Kootenay district, jo ing L. C. Morrison's ranch, starting at a post marked "L. C. Morrison's N.W. corner post." running 40 chains east; thenc chains south; thence 20 chains west thence 40 chains north; thence 20 chains west: tence 40 chains north, to place of Dated Sept. 24, 1906. L. C. MORRISON

ter date I intend to apply to the Hon Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the West Kotenay district: Commencing at a post marked "C. M. Gaylord's N.E. corner," at the northeast corner of Frank Corte's old pre-emptwo miles back from the southwest shore of Lower Arrow lake, thence west 80 chains, more or less, to the boundary line between said pre-emption and lot 5817;

thence south 80 chains, more or less, to the

boundary line of said lot and old pre-emp-

ion; thence east 80 chains, more or less, to the boundary line of said lot and old pre-emption; thence worth 80 chains, more r less to point of commencement, containing 640 acres, more or less.

C. M. GAYLORD. RALPH SLYE, Agent

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works or permission to purchase the following British Columbia: Commencing at the southeast corner of J. Marshall's preowing the north boundary of William ovet's and W R Robertson's nurchas 0 chains; thence south 40 chains, follow ng the east boundary of J. Marshall's aining 160 acres more or less.

LILY M. BURNET. T. G. BROOKS, Agent

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following escribed lands, situate in West Kootenay District: Commencing at a post marked 'Peter McPherson's southeast corner,' three miles west from the Upper Arrow Lake, near Fosthall creek, thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains west; chains south; thence 80 chains east to ncement, containing 640 PETER McPHERSON.

J. E. TAYLOR, Agent. Dated this 8th day of October, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase about 160 acres of and, situated in the West Kootenay disrict, and described as follows: Coming at a post marked "W. L. Coogan's S.E. corner post," situated at A. M Lang's S.W. corner post of lot 7741, near -Mile creek, Pend d'Oreille river, thence hence south 20 chains; thence east & chains to the place of beginning.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, ine for permission to purchase the following lescribed lands, situate in West Kootenas District: Commencing at a post marked "Florence Richardson's N.E. corner," and ituated about four miles west of the Upper rrow lake, near Fosthall creek, the chains; thence east 40 chains; thence north chains to point of commenceme ontaining 320 acres, more or less Dated Oct. 9, 1906 FLORENCE RICHARDSON.

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days from date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands situate in West Koote nay district: Commencing at a post plant ed on the south line of E. Taylor's applieation to purchase, about four miles from he west shore of the Arrow lakes, and narked "W. F. Taylor's N.E. corner, nence 80 chains south; thence 80 chains west; thence 80 chains north; thence 80 ains east to point of comm W. F. TAYLOR.

J. E. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days from date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works or permission to purchase the following nay district Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of John Lo outh of Fosthall creek and three and a half miles west of the west shore of Arrow lakes, marked "H. Taylor's N.W. corner," thence 80 chains east; thence 80 chains south; thence 80 chains west; thence 80 chains north to point of con HARRY TAYLOR.

J. E. TAYLOR, Agent. 11-3 after date I intend to apply to the Hon the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the fol-lowing described lands in West Kootenay istrict: Commencing at a post marked 'Charles T. Partington's N.W. corner.' ituated on the esat side of 7-Mile creek or small branch of same on the Pend Orielle river, and adjoining John James re-emption on the south, and W. A. Juncan's purchase applied for, on the east, thence 40 chains south; thence east 80 chains; thence north 40 chains; the west 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres , more or less,

Located this 29th day of October, 1 CHAS. T. PARTINGTON W. A. DUNCAN, Agent. NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in the Lower Arrow lak district, about three miles above the Needles postoffice on the west side of the ake: Commencing at the southwest corner of F. B. Lucas' pre-emption, post No 40 chains west to Post No. 2; thence 20 chains north to post No. 3: thence 4 chains east to post No. 4; thence 20 chains outh to place of commencement.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works or permission to purchase the following escribed lands, situate in West Kootenay District: Commencing at a post marked "Minnie McPherson's northeast corner," and situated three miles west of the Up per Arrow lake, near Fosthall creek, thence unning 80 chains south; thence 80 chains west; thence 80 chains north; thence 8 chains east to point of comme

Dated this 23rd day of October, 1906

MINNIE McPHERSON. J. E. TAYLOR, Agent.

Dated this 8th day of October, 1906. NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief permission to purchase the following de-

scribed land, situated in the West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post plant-ed at the S.E. corner of Lot 222, thence west 80 chains: thence south 20 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 20 chains to point of commencement.

Dated Oct. 22, 1906. M. McLeod. Locator.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands, situated in West Kootenay district: Starting at N. D. Stuart's southeast corner of his purchased land, thence 30 chains north; thence 40 chains east: thence 30 chains south; thence 4 chains west to point of commencement. 10-13 FRANK PENNOCK.

Located this 8th day of October, 1906.

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works Chief Commissioner of Lands and Work for permission to purchase the following jescribed lands, situate in West Kootena; district, starting from a post marked Robert McLeod's S.W. corner," thence 40 chains east: thence 80 chains north; hence 40 chains west; thence 80 chains south to point of commencement, covering chas. E. Ehl's abandoned pre-emption of he Arrow lake, about eight miles south of Nakusp. Dated this 9th day of October.

ROBERT McLEOD. J. E. TAYLOR, Agent.

from date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following sescribed lands situate in West Koote nay district: Commencing at a post plant ed at the southwest corner of John Logran's application to purchase, one mil outh of Fosthal lcreek, and three and a half miles west of the west shore of Arrow lake ,and marked "Elizabeth Taylor's N.E. corner, thence 80 chains west; thence chains south: thence 80 chains east;

Dated this 29th day of October, 1906.

J. E. TAYLOR, Agent. NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after sion to purchase the following describe tract of land: Commencing at a post marked "C. Padley's Southwest corner post," placed at the southeast corner of C. Fitzsimmons' land, thence 20 chains north; thence 40 chains east; thence 2 the north bank of the Lardo river, to th

C. PADLEY, Locator. Poplar Creek, B.C., Sept. 20, 1906

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days from date I intend to apply to the Hon-the Chlef Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the ing at a post planted about 30 chains north of Paul Auder's pre-emption on Sand creek, marked "P.A.'s S.E. corner," thence 40 chains north; thence 30 chains west thence 40 chains south; thence 30 chains

PAUL AUDERS. W. R. HOBBS, Agent.

Located Oct. 5th. 1906. NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in West Koote may district, British Columbia: Commenc ing at a post planted about four mile the southeast corner of W. R. Robertson's urchase claim, thence east 80 chains; hence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres. ore or less.

JOHN ERNEST MATHIESON.

Dated this 28th day of November, 1906. NOTICE is hereby given that (0 days Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in West Koote-nay district, British Columbia: Commencat a post planted about four miles outheast of Burton City townsite and at ourchase claim, thence south 80 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 0 chains; thence east 80 chains to the place of commencement, containing 480

ADAM INNES. SAMUEL WALKER, Agent. Dated this 28th day of November, 1906 APPLICATION FOR TRANSFER OF

I, J. H. Smith, of Slocan Junction, B.C. intend to apply at the expiration of 3 lays from the first publication of this notice to the Board of License Commission ers for the Ymir License District for transfer of my hotel license to sell intoxi-cating liquors under the provisions of the Statute in that behalf, in the premises known and described as the "Kootenay said, to Napoleon Mallette and Peter John-Dated the 5th day of October, 1906

NOTICE is bereby given that a meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the Yr. License Ditrict will be held at the Provincial Constable's Office at Nelson, B.C., on Wednesday, the 7th Nov. ber. 1906, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon t consider the application of J. H. Smith for the transfer of the license of the Kootenay Falls Hotel at Slocan Junction aforesaid, to Napaleon Mallette and Peter

J. H. SMITH.

W. H. BULLOCK-WEBSTER, Chief Lieense Commissioner, Ymir License Chief Constable's Office, Nelson, B.C., th October, 1906.

LAND REGISTRY ACT. TAKE NOTICE that an application has

been made to register Agnes Docksteader owner in Fee Simple, under a "ax Sale Deed from Robert A. Ranwick, deputy assessor of the district of Nelson, to Agnes Docksteader, bearing date of 13th day of January, A.D., 1906, of all and singular those certain parcel or tract of land at:d emises situate, lying and being in Nelson City, in the province of British Columbia, more particularly described and son City, (Map 486) being a sub-division of

Lot 182 Group 1, Kootenay District. You and each of you are required to contest this claim of the tax purchasel within fourteen days from the date of the service of this notice upon you, and in default of a caveat of certificate of lis pendens being filed within such period, you will be forever estopped and debarred rom setting up any claim to or in respect said land, and I shall register Agnes Docksteader as owned thereof. Dated at the Land Registry office Nel-

nce of British Columbia, 6th day of March ,A.D., 1906. H. F. MACLEOD,

District Registrar

TIMBER NOTICES

OTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon Chie commissioner of Lands and Works to special license to cut and carry away ber from the following described land west Kootenay: Commencing at a post narked "Geo. A. Hunt N.E. corner." situ imber claim on Russell creek, thence sout 30 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence outh 100 chains; thence west 20 chains hence north 160 chains; thence east 6 chains to place of commencement. Dated this 17th day of November, 1906. 11-24 GEO, A. HUNT, Kitchener.

date I intend to app'y to the Hon Chief oner of Lands and Works for special license to cut and carry away imber from the following described land n West Kootenay: Commencing at a pos-planted 20 chains west of the ner heas orner of the Kaslo and Slocan railway ompany's Lot No. 812, at the east bour War Scrip purchase, thence east 20 chains thence south 40 chains; thence east 40 60 chains; thence north 40 chains; th noe west 120 chains: thence south 40 chains to place of beginning, containing 640 acres

Daed at Cranbrook, B.C., this 20th day THOMAS W. LEASK.

W. F. GURD. Solicitor. MOYER TO STAND TRIAL

HABEAS CORPUS DENIED WESTERN FEDERATION MEN

COURT HEARING MAY COMMENCE IN JANUARY. Boise, Idaho, Dec. 4.-The decision

of the supreme court of the United States in favor of the state in the case of Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, the officials of the Western Federation of Miners, in jail here charged with com-plicity in the murder of ex-governor Steunenberg, was received with great satisfaction by the state officials and the attorneys for the prosecution. Beyond expressing his gratification because of the upholding of the state's contention by the court of last resort, governor Gooding declined to talk of the case. Attorney J. F. Nugent, resident counsel for the accused men, said that he was not prepared at this time to make any statement on the case. Just what would be done by the defense he did not know, and could not until he had consulted with his associates, both of whom were out of the city. While Mr. Nugent said he expected that the defense would move for a re-hearing of the case, that being the usual proceedure in cases of such great importance he declared he could give no definite information on the subject. James H. Hawley, chief counsel for the prosecution, declared the decision was pressed his satisfaction at the action of the court. Mr. Hawley said the way was now clear to bring the accused to trial, and while he was not in a position to say just what move the defense would make he said he did not expect any further delay in the trial. The state, he said, was ready, and he stated that it was more than probable that the trial would be started early in January.

The effect of the decision of the fed-

eral supreme court is to continue to hold them for trial in Idaho. Of the m nvolved, Charles H. Moyer is president, W. D. Haywood is secretary-treasurer and George A. Pettibone a member the Western Federation of Miners. They are now in prison under a charge of murdering ex-governor Frank Steu berg, although it was not charged that they were present when the crime was committed. The cases came to this court on appeal from a decision of the Idaho federal court, refusing to grant writs of habeas corpus. The main point was the method by which the Idah authorities secured jurisdiction over the men. All of them are residents of Colorado and it was alleged on behalf of Moyer and his associates that they were to break the lges and arms of the strike kidnapped in pursuance of a conspiracy to which the governor of Colorado and the Idaho authorities were parties, and hence that jurisdiction was acquired by fraud.

Announcing his conclusion that the United States circuit court had jurisdiction in the habeas corpus proceedings, justice Harlan said:

"Looking first at what was alleged to have occurred in Colorado touching the arrest of the petitioner and his deportation from that state, we do not perceive anything done there, however hastily or inconsiderately done, which can be adjudged to be in violation of the constitution or laws of the United opens tomorrow before magistrate Daly. States."

He added that the governor of that state had not been under compulsion to demand proof beyond that contained in the extradition papers. His failure to require independent proof of the fact that the petitioner was, as alleged, fugitive from justice, cannot be regarded as an infringement of any right of never give up the fight for the extension the petitioner under the constitution of Manitoba's boundaries until he had apor laws of the United States.

"No obligation was imposed by the constitution or laws of the United States on the agent of the state of daho so to time the arrest of the petitioner and so conduct his deportation from Colorado as to afford him a convenient opportunity before some judi-cial tribunal sitting in Colorado, to test the question whether he was a fugitive from justice and as such liable under the act of congress, to be conveyed to Idaho for trial there."

HE WILL DESERT ZION

VOLIVA TO LEAD HIS PEOPLE FROM DOWIE'S CITY.

PROPERTY WILL BE ABANDONED TO NUMEROUS CREDITORS

Chicago, Dec. 3.-The Chronicle today says: Zion is to be abandoned. The "Restoration" city which was built by John Alexander Dowie, after years of strenuous effort, will shortly be left to its creditors by overseer Wilbur Glenn Voliva, who, like a new Moses, will lead his people forth from the discredited gates to found another Zion. Announcement of the approaching Hegira was made yesterday by overseer Voliva before an audience of more than 1000 persons in Zion church. At the same time he outlined his plans for a new city, to be conducted along soc ialist lines, with himself as supreme spiritual and temporal head. Coupled with the announcement of his plan worthy members of the church, who, he declared, were responsible for its fall

FIRE VISITS CRANBROOK

BRIGADE TURNED OUT IN MIDDLE OF THE NIGHT.

IN HALF AN HOUR ALL WATER PRESSURE WAS GONE

(Special to The Daily News)

Cranbrook. Dec. 5 .- This morning at 15 an alarm called the volunteer fire brigade to deal with what threatened to be a serious blaze in the building occupied by A. E. McDermott as a wholesale liquor store and bonded wareouse, lying immediately east of the fine new concrete concerns just finished for the Fink Mercantile Co. Quite a strong wind was blowing directly against the back of the building and owing to one of the hydrants being frozen two lines had to be laid from the stand at the corner of Armstrong ave The fire had things pretty well in its own hands at the back where it started and along the roof at one time; but alderman Fink, the chief of the gade, and his young men got at gade, and his young hen got at very source of the trouble just when the crowd thought that the building was gone. About 20 minutes of hard work smothered the fire which had extended from the back to the front along both the ground floor and the upstairs portion. By 1.45 the people were back in their beds again. The Cranbrook fire brigade deserves every praise, and this is not the first occasion when they

have earned very special congratula-It was most fortunate that they caught the fire in the beginning, since by the time they had finished, the pressure had fallen so low that one co hardly fill a glass of water from the nearby buildings. If two lines of hose can run the pressure so low in twenty or thirty minutes, it is argued, there is something radically wrong with the water supply system and the sooner people recognize it the better for all concerned. It is better to have the fact recognized now than raise a howl when half the city goes up in smoke.

who are responsible are taking chances. The upper part of the building was occupied by Richard Patmore and his garments, some of them, and lost nearly everything they had in the way of furniture. Mr. McDermott's stock suf fered considerably but mostly smoke and water. His office and books were saved as was the bonded warehouse and its entire contents. The fire originated in McDermott's bottling department, apparently stove the pipe of which was carried by series of two or three elbows through as many wooden partitions. The damage will run to \$5000. Alderman Joe Jackson owned the building, which was one of the first erected in the city

TURNED STATE'S EVIDENCE

Witness Describes Methods Used to Win

Chicago, Dec. 5-Exposure of the methods employed by teamsters to try to win the great strike in 1905 were given today in the trial of president Cornelius P. Shea of the Teamsters' union, and his fellow labor leaders, by Joseph Schultz, a slugger, who, with Albert Young, turned state's evidence. Schultz declared that Shea had told him breakers, and especially to attack the negroes. When this means of bringing about the desired effect did not work satsfactorily Schultz asserted that Shea or ered the hired picket to throw egg shells filled with acids at horses driven by the non-union men. The acid throwers, cording to Schultz, were responsible for many runaways and were regarded as a great aid in the fight against the emp

WINNIPEG'S SENSATOIN Winnipeg, Dec. 5-The charges against minent members of the grain exchang It promises to develop into one of greatest legal battles in Canada.

grain growers' association is aided by the Manitoba government.

Winnipeg, Dec. 5-At a meeting in Brandon premier Roblin declared that he would never give up the fight for the extension pealed at the foot of the throne

ROOSEVEL DELIVER

Message to Cong Hard at Div Scandals

Urges a National Law-E Ownership of Remain

Washington, Dec. 4.—
of the United States com
annual message to con
Among the subjects of ge dealt with were: Corpora contributions, government peal in criminal cases, lyn and labor, corporations, coal lands, marriage, divo shipping, currency reform tariff, attitude toward Ja the Rio conference, fur

navy and army.
The reading of the mess two hours and twenty-fiv the house today, and closely by a large numbe while the crowded galler onsideration. Here and t ing of the document wa with applause, and hea from democrats as well a followed its conclusion. President Roosevelt's the San Francisco school received with great diss the California delegation They are unanimous in tion that no treaty righ violated in excluding Jublic schools attended by suggestion in the messagalization be extended to also is extremely distasted ifornia delegation.

Referring to campaign president said: "I again law prohibiting all corp of any party.
"I recommend the pass
conferring upon the go
right to appeal in crimin questions of law and the right of appealing in labor cases. Lawlessne what it feeds upon so wh to lynch for rape they s the sphere of their operat for many other kinds of two thirds of the lynchin two-thirds of the lynchi

rape at all, while a corportion of individuals ly nocent of all crime. "In dealing with both I to remember than aught is the infinite harm done or mere discontent. The who seek to excite violer against all men of wealt to turn wise and proper better control of corpora doing away with the ab with wealth into a cam ical falsehood in which t

of mankind.

Corporations—The pr has taken long strides in of securing proper super-trol by the national go corporations engaged in iness and the enorm interstate business. Coal Lands-It is not nation should alienate coal lands. I have te drawn from settle which the geological sur ed as containing, or it containing coal. The ever, can be properly legislation, which in those lands from sale save in certain special The ownership would the the United States which however, attempt to work mit them to be worked by duals under a royalty sys ernment keeping up such permit it to see that no e

was charged consumers. Marriage and Divorce—I aware of how difficult it is constitutional amendment; less, in my judgment, the who marriage and divorce sh relegated to the authority of t tional congress. At present the difference in the laws of the d states on this subject result in s and abuses, and surely there is and abuses, and surely there is so vitally essential to the welfar nation, nothing around which the should so bend itself to throw safeguard as the home life of the age citizen. The change would from every standpoint. In parti would be good because it would on congress the power at once radically and efficiently with po and this should be done whethe marriage and divorce are dealt uestion of polygamy to be d by the several states. Power should be conferred national government.

International Morality-Und head of international morality ident refers to the attitude of against the Japanese on the coast in parts as follows: "T tility is sporadic and is limitery few places. Nevertheles most discreditable to us as and it may be fraught with the anese have won in a single g the right to stand abreast of most and most enlightened p the world; they have won on t

was imposed by the laws of the United agent of the state of ne the arrest of the peconduct his deportation as to afford him a conbefore some juditing in Colorado, to ad as such liable under gress, to be conveyed to there."

DESERT ZION

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ROOSEVELT'S DELIVERANCE

Message to Congress Hits Hard at Divorce Scandals

Urges a National Law-Espouses Public Ownership of Remaining Coal Deposits

Washington, Dec. 4.-The president of the United States communicated his annual message to congress today. among the subjects of general interest dealt with were: Corporation campaign ributions, government right of apeal in criminal cases, lynching, capital and labor, corporations, withdrawals of coal lands, marriage, divorce, American shipping, currency reforms, Philippine tariff, attitude toward Japanese, Cuba, the Rio conference, fur seals, and the

navy and army.

The reading of the message consumed two hours and twenty-five minutes in the house today, and was followed closely by a large number of members, while the crowded galleries gave close consideration. Here and there the reading of the document was punctuated applause, and hearty clapping. from democrats as well as republicans, followed its conclusion.

President Roosevelt's discussion of the San Francisco school situation was eceived with great dissatisfaction by the California delegation in the house They are unanimous in their declarathat no treaty rights have been violated in excluding Japanese from public schools attended by whites. The suggestion in the message that naturalization be extended to the Japanese also is extremely distasteful to the Cal-

Referring to campaign expenses, the president said: "I again recommend a law prohibiting all corporations from contributing to the campaign expenses

of any party.
"I recommend the passage of a bill conferring upon the government the right to appeal in criminal cases on questions of law and the abolition the right of appealing injunctions or labor cases. Lawlessness grows by what it feeds upon so when mobs begin to lynch for rape they speedily extend the sphere of their operations and lynch for many other kinds of crime, so that two-thirds of the lynchings are not for rape at all, while a considerable proportion of individuals lynched are in-

nocent of all crime.
"In dealing with both labor and capi tal there is one matter more important to remember than aught else, and that is the infinite harm done by preacher or mere discontent. These are the mer who seek to excite violent class hatred against all men of wealth. They seel o turn wise and proper efforts for the etter control of corporations and for doing away with the abuses connected wealth into a campaign of hysterical falsehood in which the object is to inflame to madness the brutal passions

Corporations—The present congres has taken long strides in the direction of securing proper supervision and control by the national government over corporations engaged in interstate business and the enormous majority of cororations of any size are engaged in

nterstate business. Coal Lands—It is not wise that the nation should alienate it's remaining coal lands. I have temporarily withdrawn from settlement all the lands which the geological survey has indicated as containing, or in all probability aining coal. The question, howlation, which in my judgment, dd provide for the withdrawal of e lands from sale or from entry, in certain special circumstances. nership would then remain in United States which should ver, attempt to work them, but perhem to be worked by private indivals under a royalty system, the gov ent keeping up such control as to mit it to see that no excessive price

as charged consumers. and Divorce—I am well ware of how difficult it is to pass a constitutional amendment; neverthemy judgment, the whole quesn of marriage and divorce should be gated to the authority of the naal congress. At present the wide rence in the laws of the different s on this subject result in scandals buses, and surely there is nothing tally essential to the welfare of the nothing around which the nation i so bend itself to throw every tizen. The change would be good every standpoint. In particular it e good because it would confer gress the power at once to deal and efficiently with polygamy, should be cone whether or no and divorce are dealt with. It her safe nor proper to leave th n of polygamy to be dealt with several states. Power to deal

government. ational Morality—Under the nternational morality the presrs to the attitude of hostility the Japanese on the Pacific parts as follows: "This hos-sporadic and is limited to a places. Nevertheless it is reditable to us as a people may be fraught with the gravest es to the nation. The Japwon in a single generation

should be conferred on the

merits and by their own exertions the right to treatment on a full and frank equality. We have as much to learn us and no nation is fit to teach unles it is willing to learn. Throughout Japan Americans are well treated and any failure on the part of the Americans a home to treat the Japanese with a like courtesy and consideration is by just so much a confession of inferiority in our civilization. It is only a very small body of our citizens that act badly. Where the federal government has power it will deal immediatly with the situation. Where the several states have power I earnestly ask that they also deal wisely and promptly with such conditions. I recommend to the congress that an act be passed specifically providing for the naturalization of Japanese who come here intending to become American citizens."
Fur Seals—The destruction of the Pribil-

off islands fur seals by pelagic sealing still continues. The herd, which, according to the surveys made in 1874 by direction of congress, numbered 4,700,000 and which, ac cording to the survey of both American and Canadian commissioners in 1902 num-pered one million has now been reduced to bout 180,000. This result has been brought about by Canadian and some other vessels killing off male seals while in these waters luring their annual pilgrimage to and from the south, or in search of food. As a rule the female seal, when killed is pregnant and also has an unweaned pup on land, so that for each skin taken by pelagic sealing, as a rule three lives are destroyed. No damage, however, is done to the herd by the carefuly regulated killing on land. The customs of pelagic sealing is solely responsible for the present evil and is alike ndefensible from the economic standpoint and from the standpoint of humanity. Behring Sea tribunal which sat in Paris in 1893, by its regulations established a close season from the last of May to July 31, and excluded all killing in the waters within 60 miles around the Pribiloff is lands. The regulations have proved plain ly inadequate to accomplish the object of protection and preservation of the fur seals and for a long time this govern-ment has been trying in vain to secure from Great Britain such revisions and modifica tions of the regulations as were contemplated and were provided for by the aware

of the tribunal of Paris. U. S .Army and Navy-The United State avy is the surest guarantee of peace this ountry possesses. I do not ask that we continue to increase our navy, I merel ask that it be maintained at its preser strength and this can only be done if w replace obsolete and outworn ships by new ones, the equals of any affoat in any navy London, Dec. 4-President Roosevelt's nessage to the American congress oc pied the most prominent place in the lead-ing newspapers this morning and has attracted widespread attention from gov rnment officials, diplomats and the public The prevailing tone of the comments are favorable, particularly with reference the president's statement on the Japanese question. The Daily Telegraph says the president speaks out resolutely and fear ssly, knowing that the democracy likes man who is not afraid to be its master The Standard says that the most signifi cant feature of the message is that the president is constantly finding himself "up

gainst the American legislation.' The Daily News says the president seen be wrestling with forces he can com

rehend, but not control. The Daily Express finds in the message a striking demonstration of the fact that he main currents of national life in Eng land and America are sweeping along in parallel lines, namely, the strugle of na tionalism against anti-nationalism, and o the state against socialism.

A DEGENERATE

Son of Lord Mayor of Manchester i the Toils at Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Dec. 5.-The son of th lord mayor of Manchester, and blesse with every advantage which a young man could wish for, to start him out in the game of life, Frederick Hoy nov occupies a cell at the police station, pending an inquiry into a charge against him of stealing from the Wil

liams Piano company.

Hoy has been in this country for some time. His friends have done their best for him and have located him in no less than six positions, but he seems unable, or unwilling, to conduct him self in a proper manner and every po sition found for him has been lost. Yes terday £20 were received from father to be used to square up his in debtedness and it is likely that the money will be devoted towards sending him home to England.

IAPANESE BUDGET

New Provisions Mean a Tremendou

Increase of Army's Strength. London, Dec. 5.-The Yokohoma co espondent of the Daily Telegraph cable that the Japanese cabinet has decided to provide in the budget, for the reca of the two army divisions now in Man churia and Korea, and also to two new divisions in 1907, availing it self of the increase in revenue withou resorting to increased taxation or box rowing Furthermore the cabinet wil endorse the proposal to reduce the term of conscription from three to vears. This, the correspondent con tinues, although, it is a compromise with the demands of the war office, means a tremendous increase in the strength o

the army. SEVERE GALES

Wireless Telegraphy Tower in Scotlan Destroyed-Steamer Detained. London, Dec. 6.—A severe gale is raging on the coast. The steamer Balti has not been able to leave her dock a Liverpool. She was expected to sail a midnight but no news of her departur

has yet been received.

Among the many accidents reported is the destruction of the wireless telegraphy tower at Machrihanis Bay, Scot land, which was 450 feet high and weighed 2000 tons. This tower was erected for wireless communication with America. It collapsed and crashed to stand abreast of the fore- to the ground. Fortunately it fell clear most enlightened peoples of of the adjoining buildings and nobody they have won on their own was injured.

ACQUITTED

Judge Wilson Dismisses Charges Against the Fernie Lawyer

The Trial Lasted Nearly Fourteen Hours-Defending Counsel Expresses His Opinion of the Crown Witnesses

(Special to The Daily News) Fernie, Dec. 3.-L. P. Eckstein was acquitted on Saturday before his honor judge Wilson on the charge of aiding and assisting in the spiriting away of crown witnesses, pending a criminal

R. M. Macdonald, of Nelson, and Sher wood Herchmer, appeared for the prosecution, and W. A. Macdonald, K. C. defended Mr. Eckstein. The trial commenced at 10 a.m., and

with two adjournments lasted until

nearly midnight. W. A. Macdonald returned to the city last night and was interviewed by a reporter of The Daily News. Generally reticent as to cases he is engaged in the local K. C. declared that the evidence offered against his client was of a character that insured an acquit-tal. He laid some stress on the admitted character of the crown witnesses there being several convictions against Thomas Beggs, showing him to be a

professional gambler, and Mrs. Simp-son's avowed calling and that of the two girls being made quite clear. The crux of the case was the statenent said by Beggs to have been made to him by Mr. Eckstein in the latter's defence that J. P. Myers-Gray, Mr. Eckstein's partner, was present at the interview in question and that Mr. Eckstein informed Beggs of what he would ecome liable for if he interfered with the course of justice by getting the witnesses away. Mr. Eckstein denied on oath all wrong doing in connectio with the whole matter and after a session lasting nearly 14 hours, was ac-

quitted by the court.

Mr. Macdonald further expressed the opinion that after finding himself in solitary confinement for some hours, Beggs first thought of implicating the free himself and accordingly made the confession upon which the charge against Mr. Eckstein was subsequently

OF INTEREST TO MINERS

The recent finds of precious stone such as rubies in the Slocan, garne (crystals) at Slocan Junction, sapphires and zircon in the Fort Steele district, has led to a number of enquiries being sent us, as to gems, their value, how they are found, and the ways and means of winning them.

Below will be found the first of a series of articles upon "gems," which we propose giving during the next few weeks. The diamond, being the most important gem, has the first article No authentic facts are at hand regarding their having been found in British Columbia though there are several instances mentioned notably in East Kootenay, where they are supposed to have been found. As will be noticed from the articles published the rock formation in many parts of the Kootenays is such as these precious stones may be found in.

DIAMONDS

In composition the diamond is pure carbon. It has a lustre varying from adamantine to greasy, and sometimes it has a dull appearance. Its usual color is white or colorless, though occasionally its hue varies from this to a yelally its hue varies from this to a low, sometimes passing into various pale low, sometimes passing into various pale low, sometimes passing into various pale shades of red, orange, green, blue, brown and black. Usually it is transparent. Sometimes translucent paque. It becomes phosphorescent when exposed to light radiation or to an electric discharge in a vacum tube. There are three varieties of the diamond namely, the "ordinary" diamond; bort, and carbonado. The ordinary diamond sually occurs in crystals with round ed faces, and varying from those which are colorless through many shades of color; yellow beling the most common, while rose, green and blue shades are rare, especially the last. Diamonds are often full of flaws, and hence are of value only for cutting purposes; when they are free from flaws they are termed diamonds of "first water." These crystals often contain numerous microscopic cavities and some are rendered nearly black by their number. The hardness in this class is 10; and the

specific gravity is about 3.52.

Bort is usually found in rounded forms with rough exterior and radiated or confused crystalline structure, often massed together or enclosing srystals. The hardness is somewhat greater than the ordinary diamond, and its specific gravity less, being about 3.5. They have greasy lustre, and vary in color from grayish to a black. They are rarely transparent being nearly always trans1 lucent. Crystal diamonds or fragments of crystals, useless as gems, are also

called "bort" in the trade. Carbonado or black diamonds are usually found massive with a crystalline structure, sometimes granular or compant and without cleavage. hardness of this class is as great as, or

color from black to grayish black. They are always opaque. Occasionally large masses of carbonado are found, the largest known weighing about 731 carats. This is the class that is largely found in the province of Bahia in Brazil.

The diamond occurs chiefly in alluvial deposits of gravel, sand or clay associated with quartz, gold, platinum, zircon, rutile, hematite, ilmenite, and with garnets, tourmalines, topaz, chrysoberyl and other gems. The as-sociated minerals being those common in granitic rocks or granitic veins. It is also found in quartzose conglomerate, and in some quartzose mica schists SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMONDS

The discovery of diamonds in South Africa dates from 1867, when they were found in the gravel of the Vaal river near Potchefstroom, the capital of the Transvaal colony. Eventually they were found along this river down to its junc tion with the Orange river, and thence along the latter stream as far as Hope-town. The principal "river diggings," however are along the Vaal river, near its junction with the Hart river. These have yielded well, including some large stones, such as the "Stewart" which weighed 288 carats, and the "Star of South Africa" which weighed 83 carats. At the present time these "diggings' are practically unproductive, and have been nearly abandoned for the "dry which were discovered in diggings"

1871. These are by far the most important liamond fields of the present day, and are situated in Griguland West(a por tion of Cape Colony), south of the Vaal River colony. There are here a number of limited areas approximately spheri cal or oval in form, with an average diameter of some two of three hundred yards of which Kimberley, DeBeer's DuToit's Pen and Bullfontain are the most important. A circle of 3½ miles in diameter encloses the four principal diamond mines.

The structure is very similar in all the mines; viz.: a wall of nearly horizontal black carbonaceous shale, en-closing the diamantiferous area. The upper portion of the deposit consists of a friable mass of a pale yellow color called the "yellow ground." Below this out of reach of atmospheric influences, the rock is more firm and of a bluish green or greenish color; it is called the "blue ground" or simply the "blue." It is very hard and requires to be blasted with dynamite. It might properly be called a brecciated rock or cement, since the mass is composed o angular pieces of black shale, irregular pieces of mica, and several more less decomposed minerals, all imbedded in a mass of hardened tale, or rock of that nature. Large masses of shale are found imbedded in the "blue," also basaltic boulders from one foot to many feet in diameter. These are vithout doubt portions of the rock which sur-rounded the opening or crater before the deposit of the "blue" was made.

There is considerable difference of opinion about these deposits. Some authorities state that they are due to gneous agencies, basing their theory upon the large number of broken stones present in the mass; but they are unable to decide whether the diamond were brought up from underlying rocks or whether they were formed by the action of heat upon the carbonaceou shales. Oother authorities state that the formation of the diamond bearing deposits are due to aqueous agencies bas-ing their belief—first upon the appearance of the mass of "blue" and econd upon the existence of the monds themselves, the presence of which seems more natural in an aqueous than an igneous deposit. That the masses of diamantiferous material occupy the craters of former volcanoes, both sides

In whatever manner the diamonds may have ben formed they must have been srystallised before they were deposited in the mass in which they naw No diamonds have been found in the shale or in the hard rock surrounding the "blue" as might be expected if the diamonds had crystallised where they are found. Again a great many fragments of broken diamonds are ound and the corresponding pieces are not found near them, showing that they are not in their original position,

One fact deserves special mention namely, the variety of diamonds no only in different mines but in differen parts of the same mine. It requires n great skill to determine from which place a lot of stones have ben taken. The peculiarities consist in color, size crystallization black spots in the cry stals and the amount of broken or irregular pieces or "bort." In one part of the mine the stones will be perfec eight sided crystals, while in another part the crystallization will be very imperfect; in one part the stones will be white, while in another part the majority of the stones will be yellow. (To Be Continued.)

CORRESPONDENCE L. H., Nelson, B. C.-When a sampl culars should be given as to where is obtained from and in case it is ledge matter the wall rocks should given. Further, any questions that are o be answered should be in writing. You have not conformed with any of these particulars, neither have you stated any particular questions, fore it is hard to state anything about your rock. Mainly it is an orthoclase rock, being chiefly composed of pink or flesh colored feldspar with some quartz present. The black specks are probably mica, showing that the sample belongs to the granitic family. The greenish colored portion owes its color to ferrous iron. Further than this it is impossible to state anything without other

D. R., Grand Forks, B. C.-The authority you quote must have more parti-culars or information to go upon than you give. We see no reason for any statement that there is platinum in the rock you send. It may be present in small quantities, but to prove this if greater than the crystals and they are less brittle, but he specific graviy is less, being abou 3.2. The lustre varies from resinous to adamantine, and the

CRANBROOK **BONSPIEL**

Rossland Gracefully Accepts Decision of Curlers

Contest Was Warm Butfiler bly through out, and Vote Was Made Unanimous

Rossland, Dec. 5.—The Kootenay urling association met in this city this afternoon at 3 o'clock. A. B. Macken Granby zie was in the chair, and H. P. Mc Craney was on hand as secretary The credentials committee reported the following as entitled to seats: Greenwood-J. E. Hooson and J. S. C. Fraser GREENWOOD, B.C. Kaslo-G. O. Buchanan. Revelstoke—Represented by P. E. Wilson, who held proxies. Sandon-G. O. Buchanan. Rossland-J. S. C. Fraser and Dr. A. V. Kenning. Nelson-Fred Starkey and J. H. Fox.

Cranbrook-P. E. Wilson, The report of the credentials' commitee was adopted,
The Cranbrook Carling club was admitted to membership in the associa-

The question of where the next honspiel should be held excited a warm but friendly debate. P. E. Wilson spoke strongly in favor of Cranbrook, and told how much it would encourage curling in the Crow's Nest Pass to have the bonspiel take place there.
J. S. C. Fraser and Dr. A. W. Ken-

ning made a strong plea in favor of making Rossland the permanent place for holding the bonspiel G. O. Buchanan said that while he thought Rossland was in all respects an

excellent place to hold the carnival, he had pledged himself to Cranbrook.

Fred Starkey thought it would be well to give a young club like that in Cran-brook a chance. J. H. Fox endorsed what Mr. Starkey

had said, at the same time expressing friendship for Rossland. Mr. Wilson moved that the bonspiel be held in Cranbrook, and, as an amendment to this, Mr. Fraser moved that it be held in Rossland.

The amendment in favor of Rossland was lost and then on motion of Dr. Kenning, seconded by Mr. Fraser, the selection of Cranbrook as the place for holding the bonspiel was unanimously assented to, Mr. Wilson thanked th association for the favor shown his home town, and Mr. Fraser congratulated Mr. Wilson on the excellent fight he had made, and moved that after this year Rossland be made the permanent abode of the bonspiel.

This was objected to, and finally P. E. Wilson gave notice that he would move at the next annual meeting of the association to have the constitution changed so as to make Rossland the place for holding future bonspiels. The election of officers resulted

follows: Patron A B Mackenzie: president P. E. Wilson; first vice-president, G. O. Buchanan; second vice-president, J. S. C. Fraser; third vice-president, A. T. Walley; chaplain, John Cholditch; executive committee, J. F. Pinkham and R. E. Beattle, Cranbrook; Louis Pratt, Sandon; W. Nochal, Phoenix; W. G. McMynn, Greenwood; A. E. Kin-

cade, Revelstoke.

A number of amendments were made to the constitution, one of which was the changing of the name of the association to the British Columbia Curling Association. The meeing adjourned sine die a 6 p.m.

WEEK'S ORE SHIPMENTS

DOMINION COPPER COMPANY'S SMEL TER MAKES NEW RECORD

SATISFACTORY STRIKE REPORTED ON WHITE BEAR

The amicable settlement of the labor dif aculties at the B. C. Copper company's smelter and mines, Greenwood, was one of the most satisfactory features of the past

week in mining.

Over in Rossland Oliver Durant, formerly one of the chief owners of the Centre Star mine, and who resolutely refused to in-clude the adjoining Idaho claim in the deal ne made with the Gooderhams for the safe of the Centre Star, has now sold the Idaho o the Consolidated Mining and Smelting company, who will operate the property from the Centre Star workings. At the close of the week a satisfactory

strike was reported on the White Bear property, but it will take some time to as-certain its real value. The Dominion Copper company's smelter made a new record last week treating 5328

It is announced that one furnace will be blown in at the Trail smelter tomorrow, the other four to follow when it is certain that sufficient coke is forthcoming. The output of the various mines and the past week and year to date in detail, are

| 1 | BOUNDARY SHIPMENTS | |
|---|--------------------|--------|
| | Week | Yea |
| 1 | Granby 13,219 | 751,68 |
| 1 | Brooklyn 3,232 | 134,86 |
| - | Sunset 864 | 38,06 |
| 1 | Emma 142 | 12,68 |
| 1 | Rawhide 864 | 22,55 |
| | Mountain Rose 78 | 3,06 |
| | Idaho 288 | 2,92 |
| | B. C 99 | 1,20 |
| | Other mines | 106,93 |
| | | |

SLOCAN-KOOTENAY SHIPMENTS St. Eugene 51 Sullivan 600

 Ymfr, milled
 530

 Hunter V
 96

 Eureka
 22

 Arlington, Erie
 42

 Arlington, Slocan
 25

 La Plata, milled
 425

 Ottawa
 20

 Queen
 20

 Standard
 27

 Eva, milled
 290

 Whitewater
 50

 Granite
 20
 Granite 99,362

1,680 350

Total 2,265 120,622
The total shipments from the mines in the above district for the past week were 23,101 tons and for the year to date, 1,462,204

GRANBY RECEIPTS GRAND FORKS, B.C. 751,687 13,219 Emma 142 Other mines 2,667 8,566 ...13,361 762,920 B. C. COPPER CO.'S RECEIPTS B. C. 99
Other mines 96,416 DOMINION COPPER CO.'S RECEIPTS BOUNDARY FALLS, B.C. Brooklyn 3,232 Sunset 38,064 22,554 2.997 Idaho Other mines

Total 5.328 202,883 TRAIL SMELTER RECEIPTS TRAIL, B.C. 21,488 Eureka 22 Ottawa 20 878 237,614 Total 443 HALL MINES SMELTER RECEIPTS

NELSON, B.C. Arlington, Erie Arlington, Slocan Queen Whitewater Granite 20 California 27

Other mines MARYSVILLE SMELTER RECEIPTS MARYSVILLE, B.C.

Sullivan Sullivan 600 24,920 The total amount of receipts reported rom local and foreign mines for the past week were 20,138 tons, and for the year to date, 1,395,876 tons.

32,059

STRIKE ON WHITE REAR

Diamond Drill Locates large Ore Body-Work at Trail Smelter starts tom Rossland, Dec. 1-In the White Bear on the 850 foot level an ore body of large di-menisons and of good grade has been loated by means of the diamond dril. While the management is reticent as to the de-tails of the find, it still admits that it is of onsiderable importance, but does not de sire to say much concerning it till it has been opened up and its dimensions accurately known. It is not known whether the drill penetrated the ledge parallel with it or across it. If across, it is one of the argest ore shoots yet found in the camp It will take a good deal of work to deter-mine the true situation, however, and it will be at least a couple of months before the details can be announced. A couple of machine drills were put to work on the 400 foot level of the Centre Star today for the purpose of drifting into the Idaho, property which has just been acquired by the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. Coke is coming to the Trail smelter at the rate of eight or nine carloads daily and there are about 800 tons on hand. The intention is to blow in one of the copper furnaces on Monday and the other four furnaces as soon as it is certain that there is an ample supply of coke to keep them in operation. The smelter has been closed down for about six weeks on account of the strike at Fernie, which terminated a

JAPAN'S ARMY SCHEME

CAN PLACE 750,000 SOLDIERS IN THE FIELD

WILL BE TOO FORMIDABLE FOR ANY TO ATTACK

London, Dec. 6-The Tokio correspon dent of the Times telegraphs that the new army schedule signifies an increase of nearly 50 per cent. Six new divisions will be furnished for home establishments, making the strength of the army 19 divisions including the guards. The special forces will be organized, namely, the heavy rtillery, the quick firing field artillery and the cavalry. All will be horsed on the hest animals. The work of rearmament and restoration, the correspondent of the Times adds, which the minister of war de-

sired completed within a brief period, will extend over several years.

It is unlerstood that this program occasioned great discussion in the cabinet. The minister of war declared the safety of the country depended upon the execution of his plans, the sole object of which was to secure peace by making Japan too fornidable for anyone to attack. The other ministers were not disposed to accept the view, but finally they yielded.

In conclusion, the correspondent says that when this program is completed, Japan will be able to place an army of 750,000

NEW ATLANTIC LINER

nen in the field.

London, Dec. 6.—The Daily Mail says that the White Star Steamship com-pany has ordered another 650 foot ship from Harland & Wolff for the ..18,786 1,073,971 American passenger trade.

117,290 GOLD MEDAL 128,833 FOR FRUITS

B. C. Exhibit Carries Off First Prize at London

Provincial Government Will Help Salvation Army Bring in Large Numbers of Immigrants

(Special to The Daily News) (Special to The Daily News)

Victoria, Dec. 5.—A cable from London, England, was received by the provincial government today announcing that British Columbia had been award-daths rould medal for its previously ed the gold medal for its provincial exhibit and that individual provincial exhibitors had captured seven silver and three bronze medals. The cable, which was addressed to Hon. Capt. Tatlow,

minister of agriculture, read: "London, Dec. 5 .- Medals awarded at Royal Horticulture show today: Province, gold medal; individual exhibitors, seven gilt and silver medals and three bronze medals. Names later. (Sgd.) R.

M. Palmer." Two more shows are to be held at which the B. C. fruit will be exhibited. Commissioner Coombs of the Salva-tion army today interviewed the provincial government with regard to the army's proposal to bring laborers from Great Britain to this province, As a result, at a public meeting tonight Hon. Capt. Tatlow announced that the provincial government had entered into an agreement with commissioner Coomba for bringing to British Columbia, for a term of years, immigrants from the British Isles. Commissioner Coombs will at once appoint an agent to go over all the province and seek out places for immigrants, mostly farmers' help at first. They are to commence coming in the spring, and it is expect ed that 2000 will be landed in British

Columbia during 1907. The office of paymaster Howard C. M. Beals, of H. M. S. Shearwater, was entered on Monday night and a cash box looted of £330, approximately \$1700. There is as yet no clue to the robbers.

The real estate boom shows no sign of abatement. It is estimated that transfers today aggregating a quarter of million were made. Many contracts have been let for big business blo Winnipeg speculators are here

GERMAN METHODS.

Natives Have Surrendered to the In-

fluence of the Missionaries. Berlin, Dec. 5.-Before the budget ommittee of the Reichstag today govwest Africa, announced that fourteen to sixteen thousand Herreros had sur-rendered to the present influence of the missionaries. "The government's policy," he added, "is to give the natives reservations similar to those of the American Indians. They will require watching by soldiers, however, as the native's love of freedom, theft and robbery is too strong to expect them to adopt a life of quiet and freedom. The adopt a life of quiet and freedom. The Herrero district is fully pacified, but about 300 Witos are still on the war-path in the south."

ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE

Kingston People Thrown Into a State of Panic for 80 Seconds. Kingston, Island of St. Vincent, B W. I., Dec. 4.—A prolonged earthquake shock was felt here last night. It lasted

fully eighty seconds. The vibrations were slow. The people of Kingston were thrown into a state of panic. No other shock felt here has ever lasted so long. The islands of Barbadoes and St. Lucia also felt the shock. It was most severe on the island of St. Lucia, There has been a continuation of earthquake shocks at irregular intervals and of varying severity since last February.

CHINA'S NEW NAVY.

Money Not Forthcoming and Scheme Indefinitely Postponed. Shanghai, Dec. 5 .- According to the native newspapers, the proposed re-organization of the Chinese navy would ost \$10,000,000 in addition to an annual expenditure of \$8,000,000. The provincial viceroys, the papers add, are pro testing that they were unable to raise the money and the carrying out of the scheme, has therefore been postpone

TERRIBLY BURNED.

Fifteen Coal Miners Caught in an Explosion-One Killed. Seelevville, Ind., Dec. 5.-One man was killed and fifteen other miners were injured by a dust explosion in the cosebud mine today. The explosion followed a shot and caught 180 miners in the mine. All escaped except the 16 men, who were terribly burned.

BANK CASHIER MISSING Kansas City, Dec. 5-William C. Anderson, collection teller of the firs bank of this city, is missing and president E. F. Swinney admitted today that Anderson was short \$9000 in his accounts. The bank officials have sworn out a warrant for his arrest.

TENANT FARMERS.

London, Dec. 5.-The house of lords tonight, by a unanimous vote, passed the second reading of the land tenure bill, the object of which is to amelior ate the condition of the tenant farmers in England and Scotland,

Dear Mother

Your little ones are a constant care in Fall and Winter weather. They will catch cold. Do you know about Shilola's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, and what it has done for so many? It is said to be the only reliable remedy for all diseases of the air passages in children. It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take. It is guaranteed to cure or your money is returned. The price is 25c. per bottle, and all dealers in medicine sell 34

SHILOH This remedy should be in every household

FREE ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS

DIVIDENDS ON GRANBY

Fourth for Present Year Has Just Been Declared

Total Amount Paid Out in Dividends for 1906 is \$1,620,000-Rate 12 per Cent

(Special to The Daily News)

Phoenix, B. C., Dec. 6.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Granby Consolidated, held yesterday in the New York office of the company, a dividend of three per cent. on the par value of outstanding shares was declared out of the net earnings of the company, payable on December 31, 1906. This will make four dividends of a like amount paid by the company in 1906. As there are 1.350,000 shares outstanding of the old par value of \$10 each, the dividend

Three others having been paid prevlously in 1906, this will make, when paid, \$1,620,000 paid by the Granby Con-solidated in 1906, or a total dividend record of \$1,743,630. The first dividend this year was paid in January, the second in May, and the third in Sepember. The present rate of dividend is 12 per cent. per annum on the par value, or about 9 per cent. on the mar-ket value of the Granby shares.

SEALERS WILL SAIL

Part of Victoria Fleet to Spend Christmas at Sea

Victoria, Dec. 6-At least three schooners the Victoria sealing fleet will spend Christmas at sea, the Ella G., Voss, mas-ter, having already gone ount and preparations are being rapidly completed for the sailing of the Victoria and Ida Etta. Both the latter craft will have full crews of white hunters, and three, perhaps four, other sealers will leave within a fortnight to hunt off this coast, Copper islands and Bering sea, being outfitted for a cruise ering nine or ten months. The first of the company's fleet to leave will be the Victoria, captain Whidden; he was captain of the Diana last season. The Ida Etta Captain Folger will take out; Folger took out the City of San Diego last season, being the first of the sealing company's

IDLE CLASSES DOOMED.

London, Dec. 6.-At a great labor meeting in Hyde Park today at which the countess of Warwick spoke, the Rev. F. B. Meyers, a Baptist clergyman, in reviewing the signs of the times pre licted the extinction of the idle clas in the near future. There was no need, he said, to argue that human society was passing through one of the greates revolutions in history. It was a re markable fact that the movement was not identified with the leadership of any one man as it was a movement of becoming more difficult as men were ecoming imbued with the idea of social unity. Collectiveness was looking over the shoulder of individualism; competition was being set aside by co-operation: the spirit of social service was sserting itself on all sides, and while the people of the smart set were wasting their lives in self indulgence the trade classes were coming to the front. he countess of Warwick during her idress, predicted a bright and happy future for the British laborer.

GERMANY SATISFIED.

Berlin, Dec. 7.-The reichstag today scussed the Algeciras convention.

Foreign minister T. S. Chirsky explained Germany's position throughout Moroccan convention, which had in iew the asserting of the fundamental principles of the sovereignty, indepenence and integrity of the sultan's dominions, the political equality of all the owers there, and measures for securng the peaceful development of the ountry and the protection of the rights of all foreigners. In the meanwhile, he secretary added, preparatory steps added been taken for the enforcement of the rights and been taken for the enforcement of the rights are rush upon the American force with their bolos. Five Americans were killthe Algeciras convention. In reply to ed and ten were wounded. The enemy question he said the Franco-Spanish lost 30 killed. The number of Pulanote contained a declaration that the janes wounded and captured is not easures of the two powers were only known,

designed to have a quieting effect upon the Moroccan population. The same the Moroccan population. The same note had been handed to all the powers. Germany, the secretary continued, had occasion to oppose the joint action of France and Spain. Finally the bill ratifying the Algeciras convention pass ed its first and second reading.

TRAIL LEAD RECEIPTS

DETAILED RETURNS FOR OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER

LAST MONTH'S RECEIPTS ARE AWAY BELOW AVERAGE

The detailed figures of the lead re cepits at the Trail smelter for the months of October and November are appended. The net weight of the ore and the lead contents are given in pounds. The small receipts for last month while away below the average, were kept down from a perfectly well

| known cause. | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| OCTOBER | |
| Weight | Lead |
| California 62,117 | 30,996 |
| Corinth 56,141 | 33,909 |
| Duncan 36,373 | 2,764 |
| Lardeau 857 | 204 |
| Little Robert 193 | 41 |
| Lone Bachelor 41,123 | 22,206 |
| Nettie M 57,434 | 20,274 |
| Providence 472,765 | 4,409 |
| St. Eugene4,240,191 | 2,547,890 |
| Spokane 143,225 | 91,549 |
| Strathmore 45,727 | 2,835 |
| Ymir 38,775 | 3,102 |
| Total5,194,921 | 2,760,179 |
| NOVEMBER | |
| Lone Bachelor 43,088 | 22,880 |
| St. Eugene 770,276 | 436,312 |
| Spokane 122,566 | 78,556 |
| Total 935,930 | 537,748 |

COMMISSIONER

TELLS OF HIS PLANS FOR BRINGING OUT IMMIGRANTS

SETTLER'S RAILROAD RATES DIS CRIMINATE AGAINST B. C.

Prior to visiting Victoria on his mission which, according to despatches published yesterday, proved successful, commissioner Coombs of the Salvation Army talked of his purposes to the Vancouver Province

"I would like to do something for to help British Columbia get the labor she so badly needs. I mean to gather as much information as I can on the subject and see what the Army can do for this province You will hear from me on this later. With n the past two years we have helped 20,000 persons to come to Canada from Britain, or about one in every 12 who have ome out and next year we hope to see one in every eight.

"Why don't you give British Columbia ome of these?" trouble is the immigration rates stop at Calgary and if a man can get as ood wages in the prairie provinces as in British Columbia, he will naturally settle on the other side of the mountains and even your glorious climate and your big trees won't get him here. The extra trav-elling expense, for a man with a family s an item, a big item. It is like this, added the commissioner, "there he has a bird in the hand, here there are two in

the bush. So he stays there. "What I think British Columbia should do, if I may venture my opinion, is to ret reduced railway rates, and in addition would advocate the subsidizing of a line of steamers, for a short time, direct to Liverpool. Then you would get as good a class of the industrious poor as the prairie provinces are now getting, and hey would have the advantage of the one trip by vessel, without the long overland journey with the probability of losing your future agriculturists and horticulturists on

SENATE WANTS TO KNOW

Washington, Dec. 6-The senate today called upon the president and the secre tary of war to furnish all information compatible with the public interest, re garding the discharge of the negro troop of the 25th infantry. Two resolutions wer adopted to accomplish this request, one addressed to the president and the other to the secretary of war. The action fol wed a debate of two hours in which th merits of the case, in the discharge of the soldiers received attention Senator Mor discussion of his resolution to secure the control of the Panama railroad by the taken on the measure.

IN CHAMBERS

Before Mr. justice Martin in chambers vesterday morning an application was made by S. S. Taylor, K. C. in re estate of Theresa Atkinson. Thomas R. Atkinson, plaintiff, and Gladys Fahey, an infant, defendant, for the payment out to the plaintiff, who is the administrator of his deceased wife's estate, of the moneys now lying to the credit of the deceased in the Bank of Montreal. Bank of B. N. A. and the Royal Bank.

A. M. Johnson appeared for the defendant. It appearing that the moneys in question are the real property of the plaintiff, his lordship directed payment out to the applicant.

FIGHTING IN THE PHILIPPINES Manila, Dec. 7.-Reports of fighting in the island of Leyte, December 5 show that captain Samuel V. Ham with a detachment of company the Eighth infantry and a force of constabulary under lieutenant Ralph P. Yates, Jr., were attacked by sixty bolomen near La Paz, on the Taragona

AT FERNIE

Italian Laborer Fatally Mangled by Car Wheels

George Chilton's Foot Badly Crushed Richard Higham Scalded in Hot Water Ta k

(Special to The Daily News)

Fernie, B. C., Dec. 6.-Ido Fiarese, a Italian laborer working at Coal Creek mines, met with a fatal accident at that place yesterday at 7.10 a. m. He was knocked down by a moving railway car and fell under the wheels and was crushed in a terrible manner. The injured man was conveyed to the Fernie hospital where he succumbed at 3 p.m. Deceased was 34 years of age, unmarried, and leaves an aged mother in Italy. An inquest is being held today

by coroner Bleasdell.
Richard Higham, employed at Coal Creek mines met with a painful accident yesterday and one which necessi-tated his removal to the Fernie general hospital. While drawing some water near the boiler house he acci-dently stepped into a hot water tank calding one foot severely.

George Chilton, a young Englishman

working in No. 9 mine Coal Creek, had his right foot severly injured last night, a loaded mine car passing over it. He was removed to his home in west Fernie where he received medical attention. It is not expected he will suffer permanent disability.

The large and handsome C. P. R denot is practically completed and agent Reading and family are already moving into their commodious quarters in the new building. The operators and other members of the local staff also expect to be installed in the new offices in the course of a few days. The sta-tion is certainly a credit to the C. P. R. and to the growing importance of

the coal town. Coal Creek is a busy cetnre just now and coal is coming out at an ever in-creasing rate. Not only are the old mines working up to their usual output but the company is doing considerable work in opening up two new mines, a tunnel being driven on a new seam, and the coal reached having every appearance of an excellent domestic iety, the seam being ten feet thick. Development work is also being rushed on the south side of the valley in a seam of good steam and coking coal. There is also a probability that cannel coal will soon be put on the market as some good seams of that variety of coal have been discovered on the hills above Coal Creek. At Fernie the ruddy glow of 340 coke ovens gives promise a prosperous season, and the Boundary country a full supply of coke.

MINISTERS IGNORANT

KNOW NOTHING ABOUT SUBJECT

OF ELECTIONS. HAVEN'T EVEN TIME TO THINK OF POLITICS.

It is remarkable how little the mem bers of the McBride government seem to know about the date of the approach-ing elections. Three of the ministers have been talking within the last few days, and a fair sample of the light they have thrown on the subject was shown in the interview given The Daily News yesterday by one of the trio, Hon. R. F. Green. Mr. Green says he knows nothing about the matter; he is so busy with departmental business he has no time to think of politics or elections! Hon. Capt. Tatlow, in Vancouver, said that the elections would come off on or before October, the date when parliament will expire by efflux of time. Pre mier McBride, on the island, says the election MAY be expected within a few nonths; and October itself is only nine

nonths away!
Premier McBride made his statement at Saanich, early in the week, when he, accompanied by Capt. Tatlow, addresse a public meeting in the Royal Oal school house. The premier set the ball rolling by announcing that, in the ordinary course of events an election might be expected in a few months, and he asked the liberal-conservative associa tions to lose no time in preparing for the struggle so that when the day came they might go to the polls thor-

oughly organized.

Discussing the subject of better terms McBride said it was a question which he thought was of the utmost importance to British Columbia. The stage was being approached when it might be said that the jury was out and the verdict was being awaited. It has been his privilege to present the claim of this province before all the premiers of the ninion, and also to explain it in detail to a delegation from the government led by sir Wilfrid Laurier. He had found that they were all ex-tremely ignerant of the conditions prevailing in western Canada. With the data at his disposal he had been able to cover the ground pretty thoroughly, and as a result had wrung from those attending the convention as well as the members of the dominion administra-tion the admission that British Columbia was entitled to better terms. The point, then, was, what special treatment could be justly claimed by this province? It was in the consideration of this question that he had found it im-

been attempted to piece on record judgment allowing British Columbia \$100,000 claims, he had considered it high time to withdraw. In one breath his colleag-ues had acknowledged that the peculiar physical and other conditions prevail ing in this province warranted the grant ing of better terms, and in the nex they had offered the paltry sum of \$100,000 for ten years in full payment. It had not been his intention, Mr. Mc

Bride continued, to make this a party issue. Ever since his return from the east, however, his liberal "friends" had been harping on the matter. The liberal press had been full of criticism. For that reason he had taken it up only to explain his situation as clearly ossible to the electorate.

The seriousness of the condition of affairs was dwelt upon at some length The premier explained that he had told those with whom he had conferred at Ottawa what a short distance \$100,000 would go in the carrying out of any important public work in such a country as British Columbia. He then went on to mention the possibilities of the gov ernment being put to heavy expense the near future. The completion of the Grand Trunk Pacific through the northern section of the province would bring many settlers to the districts opened up. The result would be that they would have to be provided with roadways, with police protection, and with the different forms of civic government for which the provincial government was always held responsible. For these undertakings funds would be necessary. To obtain these the government could not tax the new settler; it would hardly be expedient to float another loan in London and again, it would not be fair to exact any more from the taxpayers. Where hen, was the money to come from? That was the question which made the attlement of the better terms issue one of special importance to British Colum-

Continuing, premier McBride men tioned the progress that had been made in the development of the fruit indus try. It had assumed proportions which the most sanguine in former years would not have cared to predict. He had been informed that the fruit growers of Nova Scotia were becoming much concerned because of the competition anticipated from this province. had all this been brought about? He claimed, and he did not think an could dispute the statement, that it wa the result of the far-seeing and practi cal policy inaugurated by the Hon. Mr Tatlow. The premier referred to the success of British Columbia fruit in England, and his remarks were received

with applause.
In his concluding remarks reference was made to the unprecedented prosperity of the country at the presentime, to the growth which was eviden in connection with the exploitation of the timber and mining resources, and the advance in the development of other industries. He was sure that the elec-tors of Saanich would turn out for the support of a government which had been to some extent at least, instrumental in bringing about such "good times," when the occasion came for them

BRIDGE THE NARROWS VICTORIA EXCITED OVER THE

DREAM OF AN OPTIMIST. ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE MAIN LAND IS DEMANDED.

Victoria is very much agitated at the present moment over the subject of all rail communication with the mainland. The announcement of the C. P. R.'s plans for developing its E. & N. lands and the real estate boom in the capital itself have set the islanders on edge and their imaginations are working overtime picturing the coming greatness of Victoria. "Bridge the Seymour Narrows" is the cry, raised by the Colonist, echoed by the Times and stamped with the mark of serious approval by T. W. the costs of the action and after paying Paterson, M.P.P. Thus saith the Colonis, in quoting the legislator:
"When three railways become anxious

to participate in the development of the wealth of Vancouver Island, the Seymour Narrows will be bridged." This statement was made in a tone of positive conviction by T. W. Paterson M.P.P., ex-president of the board of trade, who is considered one of the most practical railway men in British Columbia, in the course of a conversation yesterday upon the possibilities of railway construction on Vancouver

The recent announcement of the C. P. R. to the effect that a line would be constructed from some point on the E. & N. railway to the West coast, showed that the first step in the desired direc tion was about to be taken. The result would be the development of some of the known and considerable of the unknown riches of the island in timber mineral and agriculture. It would stim-ulate commerce and industry and increase the population of the country mathe very near future. Then would be disclosed to the eyes of the world some notion of the possibilities of the island. Trade would expand to such an extent that other railways would realize that it was important in their own interests that their holders should participate in the growing trade. When that time came the necessity for a bridge spanning the Seymour Narrows would be felt and it would be found that at least three transcontinental lines would bring pressure to bear upon the government of the day with the object of obtaining financial assistance towards the accomplishment

here already, and doubtless, it would be its enterprise which would demonstrate of applying to the court of chancery for the true worth of the Island. Another was the Grand Trunk Pacific. The matter of importance which are se for setterminus of that road, it would be asserted, was at Prince Rupert, some distance from this section. That was true; visits to British Columbia in the hope this question that he had found it impossible to remain a party to the pro-

would rest content with the development of trade through the districts which their line traversed. Having firmly established themselves they would look for means of expansion. He ooked for the construction of a branch line from some point on the Grand Trunk Pacific to the coast off the island and for the establishment of a dir-ect steamboat connection with the latter within the near future, at least shortly after the new railway had started operations. There already had been rumors

The third, in his opinion, would be the Mackenzie & Mann road—the Canada Northern. It had already applied for a charter for construction to the coast. Where was a satisfactory tercoast. Where was a satisfactory ter-minus for this line to be found? If a selection were made of some point be tween Vancouver and Prince Rupert there wouldn't be the field for develop ment that such a company would nat-urally be anxious to have at its dis-posal. It was a well-known fact that the coast line of British Columbia ran in a southeasterly direction and it was also a matter of general knowledge that it was honey-combed with inlets, some fifty miles in extent, and others off even greater length. For these reasons it would be impossible to develop a coast trade by constructing lines north and south on the seaboard with the chosen terminus as the radiating centre. Because of these facts, he did not think that Mackenzie & Mann would be content to make any point on the mainland of British Columbia as their ermanent Pacific coast headquarters. Thus there would be three transcor inental lines competing for the grow

ing trade of this section. Under such circumstances the construction of a bridge across the Narrows would be ome imperative. The hugeness of the undertaking, which was sometimes set up as an argument by those who pro-fessed to believe it impracticable, would not deter corporations with such resources from taking action. The water would be spanned even if it meant an expenditure of \$25,000,000. Then the expenditure of \$25,000,000. Then the cation with the eastern provinces; and cation with the eastern provinces; and all our directors have special knowledge of the business in hand. it would be possible to develop the wealth now lying dormant without the serious handicap under which the most enterprising companies now labored.

CASCADE POWER FIGHT

STATEMENT MADE AT COMPANY'S STATUTORY MEETING

STRUGGLE WITH WEST KOOTENAY CO. GROWS KEENER

English exchanges to hand bring re ports of the statutory meeting of the share-holders of the Cascade (1906) Power Co.,

Ltd., which was held on November 17th it the London Chamber of Commerce, Oxford Court, E.C., Mr. F. Faithful Begg. chairman of the committee, presiding. The secretary, Mr. Harry Robbins, having read

the notice convening the meeting, the chairman said: Gentlemen-This is the statutory meet ng of the company which, according to he Act of 1900, falls to be held within three months from the date at which the company is entitled to commence business. The nection with this meeting is that a report should be forwarded to each member of he company containing certain particuars. This has been done, and you will see from this report that altogether 52,262 shares of stock have been issued. Of these the debenture stockholders of the old Kettle River company have received 49,755 shares as fully paid up, 2500 have been issued to the liquidator of the old company with which he will settle with that company's creditors and the remaining seven shares have been issued to the signatories of the memorandum of association, and have been paid for in cash. Since the report has been printed we have received out of the funds which were in court to the credit of the Kettle River debenture holders' action a sum of £3000, which is, of course, working capital of this company and we anticipate that after settling all the formation expenses of this company, there will be some further amount to come to us. Although no formal business falls to be done, the directors have asked me to give you certain particulars and informa tion regarding the company which they consider will be of interest to you and when I have done this I shall be prepared to the best of my ability, to answer any

questions which you may desire to ask The first point is to explain to you why it was considered desirable to form a ne company, or rather to remi ircumstances which made this desirable The matter was dealt with in a circula which was issued to you on June 29 last by Mr. Bartholomew, who was then acting receiver under the court of chancery and representing the debenture holders in the old company. These debenture holders were in possession of a mcr.gage upon the property and assets of the Kettle River Power Co., Ltd., which company owned the whole of the bonds of the Cas cade Water, Power and Light Co., Ltd., company incorporated by act of the legislature of British Columbia and carrying on the business there, which bonds and stock have now been transferred to our company. The inconvenience of carry ing on the business by means of a re-ceiver under the court were many and important. There was, first, the fact that that the very existence of a receivership rendered the company weak in the eyes of the public and in the eyes of those who were endeavoring, as you are aware, to create a rival business within the territory assigned to the Cascade company by an act of parliament and who were applying to the legislature of British Co umbia for power to carry this out. The assistance wants in accompany and the company in the the management of the company in the the management of the company in the them the management of the company in the them the them

for the sale of our interests to the Wes to the effect that that company intended constructing the branch mentioned.

Kootenay Power and Light company, the company with whose competition we were reatened, or for an amalgamation working agreement with that company. These efforts have failed, and the only offer we had received being of such a char acter that it was considered better to con-tinue the fight rather than accept it. Al-though the West Kootenay Power and Light Co. had been unsuccessful in obtaining legislative authority to enter out territory, we knew that it was certain that that company would renew its ap-plication next year. On the other hand it was clear that whereas, under the mos favorable circumstances, it would take many years before the debenture stock holders of the old company could receive any return of principal from the profits of the Cascade company the ordinary shares were of no value and could not unde any conceivable circumstance rething either in the shape of dividend of return of capital. In these circumstanit was decided that the debenture holder company to acquire the assets, and allo securities in the company to themselves thus wiping out all other interests ex cept their own. This, stated shortly, what was done. The capital of this com-pany has been fixed at £75,000 in shares and £75,000 in debenture stock, and of this £50,000 in each case has been issued to the holders of the £100,000 debenture stock in the old company. I am speaking in round figures. The exact particulars are to be found in the statement which has been circulated. The interest upon the debenture stock has been fixed at 4 per cent The annual charge, including sinking fund equals £3200 beyond which amount the business will only have to provide for the expenses of the management in British Columbia and in London, and these we shall do our best to keep at the lowes figure consistent with efficiency. The re-mainder of the debenture stock and of the shares are reserved to provide furthe capital for the extension of the plant a Cascade. Perhaps I should explain tha the board consists of Mr. Wethered, whos

intimate knowledge of the property and of British Columbia are known to you, of Mr. Bartholomew, who acted as receiver what the present position of the business is. The West Kootenay Power and Light company, having failed to obtain legisla-tive powers, is for the present debarred from doing business in our area. The com-

pany has, however, spent large sums in building pole lines throughout our district and of ereoting fresh plant in their central station, and has also made provisions contracts which, of course, they cannot at present proceed with. We must there fore anticipate a keen fight in the legislature next year. Meanwhile, however out ful that we shall be able to enter into con tracts with our customers for the extension of the period of supply, thus putting our selves in a position to compete successfully with our rivals. The directors, however situation is ful of difficulty. Our policy si and has been to come to som Failing that we must fight for our exist-ence. Contracts already entered into will robably enable us to pay our operating expenses for some years. The Cascade Water, Power and Light company was at the end of August-the largest accounts to hand are to that date-well supplied with funds for all current purposes, including the erection of pole lines and substation for the purposes of a fresh contract recent-ly obtained. If then we are obliged to fight and the West Kootenay company succeeds in taking up their provisional contracts with our customers, we shall have available margin of power which can, if necessary, be offered at a very low rate, and, in any event, our existence in the field will be a very material factor in influencing rates in the district. We have every confidence in Mr. Anderson our manager at Cascade and our plan has already proved itself more efficient under his charge. That practically sums up the situation and unless the share-holders present desire to ask questions, that concludes 'the business of the meet

No questions were asked, and the proceedings then terminated.

HALL MINES RECEIPTS

LEAD FIGURES FOR NOVEMBER AT LOCAL SMELTER

TWENTY-FOUR SHIPPERS DURING THE MONTH

ended will be found the lead ore re eipts at the plant of the Hall Mining and smelting company for the month of No-rember. The figures given are in pounds and represent the weight of ore and in the second column the lead contents Mine Ore Lead

7,727 4,729

5,447 72,044 15,125

4,965

7,717

30,877

| ı | Arlington, Erie | 128,250 | |
|---|-----------------|---------|--|
| l | 3. C., Athalmar | 66,299 | |
| ŀ | Black Diamond | 10,894 | |
| ŀ | California | 126,323 | |
| ŀ | anadian Group | 56,647 | |
| | . ork | 40,349 | |
| | Omerald Isle | 7,851 | |
| ŀ | Cootenay Ore Co | 12,698 | |
| | a Plata | 153,107 | |
| | lttle Donald | 43,486 | |
| | orna Doone | 98,499 | |
| | .fammoth | 14,765 | |
| | Mountain Boomer | 40,235 | |
| | Ruth | 82,144 | |
| | Silver Cup | 180,924 | |
| | overeign | 42,283 | |
| | 3kylark | 45,052 | |
| | Standard | 54,177 | |
| | /ancouver | 40,708 | |
| | Vhitewater | 197,542 | |
| | Vhitewater Deep | 30,829 | |
| | mir | 120,958 | |
| | Silver Cup Dump | 15 849 | |

Arlington, Slocan

CALIFORNIA EARTHQUAKE

Total 1,658,181 544,451

San Luis, Cal., Dec. 7 .- At 10.40 o'clock

Cut Glass \$5.00 Bowl

ONLY as manufacturers is it possible for us to offer our special eight-inch Cut Glass Bowl at \$5.00, packed at our risk and carriage paid to your door.

It is of clearest crystal glass, deeply and brilliantly cut in "hob-nail" star design.

Our illustrated catalogue will tell you of other remarkable price-savings in highest quality cut glass.

We send upon request free of charge



M. J. HENRY'S NURSERIES AND SEED HOUSES

Large stock of HOME-GROWN Fruit the fall trade.

No expense, loss or delay of fumiga-tion or inspection.

Headquarters for Pacific Coast grown Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds in sea-BEE SUPPLIES, Spray Pumps, Whale

BEE SUPPLIES, Spray Pumps, Whale Oil Soap, Greenhouse Plants, Cut Flow-ers, Bulbs for Fall Planting. We do business on our own grounds —no rent to pay and are prepared to meet all competition.

M J. HENRY 3010 Westminster Road, Vancouver, B.. C.

LAND NOTICES

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria, for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post marked "H. F. Anderson's N.W corner" and planted on the east shore of South bay of Howser lake, about 25 chains south of the southeast corner of K. and S. block 823; thence 40 chains east; thence 40 chains south; thence 40 chains, more or less, west to shore of bay; thence along shore of bay to point of commencement, the whole containing 160 acres, more or

J. R. EDMONDSON, Agent.

Kaslo, Nov. 29, 1906. NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days: after date I intend to apply to the Bon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works: for permission to purchase the following described lands in West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post planted about two miles south of the main Fosthall creek, and at the southeast corner of W. P. Taylor's application to purchase and marked, "Emma Wright's Northeast corner," then e running 80 chains south; thence 80 chains west; thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains east to point of commencem and containing 640 acres, more or less. EMMA WRIGHT.

J. E. TAYLOR, Agent. December -, 1906.

after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands in West Kootenay district: Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of E. C. Taylor's appli-cation to purchase, situate about one milesouth of Fosthall creek and marked. "Dorothy Toye's Northeast corner," thence running west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencementalining 640 acres more or less.

DOROTHY TOYE J. E. TAYLOR, Agent

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon-Chief commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria, for permission to purchase the following described lands; Commencing at a post marked "T. W. Savany's N.E. post," and planted at the south boundary of K. and S. block \$23, on the west shore of South bay of Howser lake, thence 40 chains west; thence 80 chains south; thence 0 chains, more or less east to shore of bay; thence along shore of bay to point

T. W. SAVANY.
J. R. EDMONDSON, Agent. Kaslo, Nov. 29, 1906.

of commencement, the whole containing

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria, for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a post marked "John D. Atchison's N.E. corner," planted near K. and S. block 823, at foot of North bay of Howser lake, thence south 40 chains; thence wes 20 chains: thence north 40 chains: thence 20 chains more or less along shore of bay to point of commencement, the who containing 80 acres, more or less.

FRANK FLETCHER, Agent

San Luis, Cal., Dec. 7.—At 10.40 o cross last night this city experienced an earthquake which lasted more than 30 felt at Santa Maria, Guadaloupe, Cayaseconds. The shock was from north to county Half a hour later a second articles were shaken from shelves. No

VOL. 5

TRAINS LOS IN THE SN

Drifts Twenty Feet Block All Wester Railroads

Worst Storm in Years is Repor Over the Middle West-Tra Are Days Overdue

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Winnipeg, Dec. 14.-The dian Northern trains are v ling with snow drifts. One is stuck 12 miles south of 1 awa and the passengers are driven into town. More snow fallen up to date than rel last winter. Wednesday's n bound train is still stuck drift near Halsboro and T day's southbound train put in night ten miles north of N awa. Fortunately the fuel su is not low enough to cause als There are many stormbound sengers here awaiting the ing of the line.

------St. Paul. Minn., Dec. 14.-The snowstorm in years is reported ern railways. Trains in western Dakota are snowbound and in cases are lost track of. It is e ported that some of the Great N trains cannot be located. The many cases is piled 20 feet high traffic is at a standstill.

The only coast trains that he rived over the Northern Pacific o Northern and St. Paul lines in t 24 hours have been from 24 to 48 late, and many trains are two day

"ARIZONA"

The Great Military Drama of the ern Desert at The Sherma The return enagagement of the son-Bruce company was opene might with Arizona. That the human interest drama of army the southe western desert seen to the taste of the theatre going and a very fair house greeted appearance of this city's namesa

avorite actor.

Harold Nelson played the Harold Nelson played the r Lieut. Denton with a degree of that did not fail to elicit a rea preciation, and in braving the villian, Capt. Hodgman, as in his conduct in the face of the crue circumstantial evidence, fully su the enviable reputation he has here in the past. Geo. A. Day saying the part of Capt. Ho acquitted himself most creditab looked every whit the intriguin looked every whit the intriguin creant called for by the book, wh fine soldierly part of Col. Bonha

elderly husband of a young and wife, was given a most intelligen by Jackson Rigby. In the feminine parts Miss Reeson as Estrella Bonham, the t wife of Col. Bonham, had an high tional part to which she proved fully equal. Dorothy Thomas wa clous and charming as a younger while Lucy Thayer, Marie Goodm May Francis as Miss Canby, Lena and Miss McCullough, were ensupport, nor among the male should mention fail to be made of Yule as Henry Canby, the rancher, Victor Travers as Dr. 1 and Gilmore Brown as Sergt. Ke From the applause which maridevelopment of the plot it may ticipated that the Nelson-Bruce of will play to good audiences this noon and evening when they pressolder of Fortune," and "The Pof Zenda."

Soldier of Fortune," and "The

MOYIE MINERS' UNION. Annual Ball in McGregor Hall

Very Successful Affair. (Special to The Daily News)
Moyie, Dec. 15.—The seventh
all of Moyie Miners' union, No. ball of Moyie Miners' union, No. F.M., was held on Thursday n McGregor hall, and was very suc The hall floor was in fine condit dancing, canvas having been st over the linoleum. About one i were present, and excellent mu furnished by the local orchestr midnight all went to the Hotel K where they enjoyed a most excellent with the state of the where they enjoyed a most al and appetizing spread. Dancin then resumed, and kept up till The Moyie union is one of the mo perous in British Columbia, about 300 members about 300 members.

QUEEN VICTORIA GROU Ore Shipments Will Commence

Before March 1st. James Cronin who has spe last couple of days going over th acquired Queen Victoria group a ley, leaves this morning for N. J. Cavanaugh, part owner of perty, is in charge with Amil formeriv of the Le Roi No. 2 s foreman.