The Weekly Observer.

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SAINT JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, JULY 20, 1852.

VOL. XXV.—NO. 3.

The Weekly Observer.

Published on Tuesday, by Donald A. Cameron, at his Office, corner of Prince William and Church Streets, over the Store of Messrs. Flewwelling & Reading.—Terms: 15s. per annum, half in advance.

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THIS Company is prepared to receive applications for Insurance against FIRE upon Buildings and other Property, at the Office of the subscriber. J. WOODWARD.

St. John, Nov. 11, 1846. *Secretary.*

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY Of Boston.

No connection with Fire, Marine, or Health Insurance.

PERSONS Insured in this Company on the *Mutual* plan,—"the only plan" says Chamber's Edinburgh Journal, "which the *Public at large* are concerned to support, —will have returned to them *all the Profits*, instead a *portion only*, as in the *Stock* or mixed Companies. The *advantages* offered by this Company are, *Annual Dividends* of 50 per cent., paid during the life of the party, in the order of rotation from the excess of a capital of proof $200,000.

Parties may insure for 1 year or 7 years, for life, or until attain the ages of 40, 50 or 60, and *for any sum* from 0 up to $5000, and at *any age* from 14 to 67.

Parties insuring for 1 or 7 years enjoy many advantages a *mercantile* nature, at a *very small* expense.

Parties insuring for Life, can provide for those *dependent on them*, notwithstanding *contingencies of trade*, as to ch this Company's *Charter offers peculiar facilities*—e Section 9,—and those who insure until they arrive at age of 40, 50, or 60, make a *sure provision for old age* their families, in case of death—(the attention of the lic is *earnestly solicited to this*, and this Company's s therefore.)

Parties may insure for Life *without profits* at a reduction 30 per cent., from *life rates*.

Parties insuring for Life or until the ages of 40, 50 or 60, n the premiums amount to $40, can have a *credit* for st interest, *without any increase of premium*—such st for the *whole term* and not merely for the first 5 years.

payment of three premiums on surrender of Life Policy, the holder will receive its *equitable value in cash*.

This Office insures from the *nearest* birth-day, instead of st, as in other offices. The Charter makes it "*personally liable any sum of money to any Director or Officer this Company upon any security whatever.*" In no case person insured liable beyond the amount of premium.

The Board of Finance (who are among the most reliable ankers of the country,) viz: Franklin Haven, President Merchants' Bank, Boston; Thomas Thacher, Merchant, Boston; and Ruel Williams, President Kennebec Rail Road, *superintend all investments* of the Company; 12 Directors, Hon. David Henshaw, and others.

—Local Referees—

Boston.—Hon. Abbot Lawrence, Hon. David Henshaw, Hon. Robert G. Shaw, Hon. William Sturgis, and Hon. Charles Sumner.

Saint John.—Benjamin Smith, Levi H. Waterhouse, Thomas G. Hatheway, Nathan S. DeMill, and Samuel L. Tilley, Esquires.

☞ See Pamphlets and statements of Company's affairs the subscriber's office, who will receive applications and ve further information.

W. H. HATHEWAY, *Barrister at Law*, St. John, Agent for New-Brunswick.

9th December, 1851.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON Fire & Life Insurance Company,

(Established in 1836.)

Capital £2,000,000—in Shares of Twenty Pounds.

THE Stockholders of this Company are responsible to the full extent of their property for the abilities of the Company.

The undersigned hereby notifies the Public of New Brunswick, that the above named Company have empowered him, by a full and ample Power of Attorney, to open an Office in the City of Saint John, for the Insurance of PROPERTY against loss or damage by FIRE, in any part of the Province, and to sign and issue Policies in the name of the Company; and that in virtue of the power vested in him by the said Power of Attorney, he has appointed Mr. ADAM JACK to act as Agent for the said Company, in the receiving of proposals for Insurance, and the inspection of premises proposed for Insurance, and all other the usual duties of an Agent; and to collect and receive the amount of premium on any policy issued by the undersigned in the name of the said Company, or for the renewal of the same.

The Deed of settlement, and the supplemental Deed of settlement, lies with Mr. Jack, at the Office of the *New-Brunswick Marine Assurance Company*, also the pamphlets issued by the Office at Liverpool, affording ample details of the mode of transacting business by the Company.

The rates of premium will be as low as any other respectable Company, and the undersigned trusts a fair portion of public patronage will be accorded to the Company.

Losses not exceeding £500, will be settled without referring to the head Office at Liverpool.

EDWARD ALLISON.

Dated at St. John, N. B. 4th August, 1851.

Oakum, Paints, Oils & Putty.

Landing ex *Faside*, from London—

3 TONS London Best Parish Picked *OAKUM*;
3 casks boiled } Brandram's best Paint Oil;
5 casks raw }
2 casks No 1 } Brandram's best White Lead,
2 casks No 2 } in 56 and 28 lb. kegs;
1 cask Putty, in 14 lb. & 7lb. bladders;
20 half-chests best Congo *TEA*.

GEORGE THOMAS,
May 4. *South Market Wharf.*

SPRING SUPPLY
OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL Paper Hangings and Borders.

The subscriber has received per steamer *Admiral*, the first part of his Spring Supply of

NEW and beautiful PAPER HANGINGS, which he will sell cheaper than at any other Store in the City—qualities compared.

As BORDERINGS have come into fashion, I have just opened a very handsome variety, which will be sold cheap. S. K. FOSTER.

St. John, April 3, 1852.

London Goods.

Landing ex "Faside," from London:—

20 CHESTS fine Congo TEA,
2 chests fine Old Hyson,
5 casks Day & Martin's Blacking,
50 kegs Colman's MUSTARD,
15 boxes Blue STARCH,
1 chest E. I. INDIGO,
10 bags Black PEPPER,
Cases Cayenne Pepper, Isinglass, Sago, Salad Oil, Pickles and Sauces, &c. For sale by

April 27. JARDINE & CO.

REMOVAL.
Mr. G. BLATCH,
Barrister and Attorney at Law, Notary Public, &c.,

HAS removed to the Office adjoining that of J. M. Robinson, Esq., over Mr. J. Dougherty's store, Prince William-street.

May 11, 1852.

APRRIL 10, 1852

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Just received per Steamer *CANADA*, via Halifax, also per ship *Saint John*, from Glasgow—

43 Packages, containing

PLAIN and Fancy Straw BONNETS;
RIBBONS of every description;
SATINS, in plain and Brocade;
Light Bonnet SILKS;
Black and colored GRO DE NAPS;
Water'd Ducapes and GLACE SILKS;
A variety of MANTLES—(new styles;)
Rich Black Silk LACES;
GLOVES of all kinds;
Fancy Silk Trimmings;
Habit Shirts; Chemizettes; Collars;
SLEEVES, CUFFS, and VAILS;
Fancy Spotted MUSLINS;
SHAWLS; HANDKERCHIEFS;
ORLEANS; LUSTRES; CASHMERES;
Printed Cobourgs; Printed Muslins;
GINGHAMS, ORGANDIES, &c. &c.
LINENS, Diaper, Damask, Hollands;
All-Wool CARPETING, &c.

The whole of which are offered at the lowest market prices. W. G. LAWTON.

Carpets. Carpets.

GILCHRIST & INCHES,

Have received per *Saint John*, from the Clyde—

A LARGE assortment of Brussels, Three-ply, Superfine and Common Scotch CARPETING, with RUGS to match,—all of the latest patterns, which will be sold at the very lowest prices for Cash. April 13.

LONDON HOUSE,

MARKET SQUARE,
APRIL 17th, 1852.

NEW GOODS.

Received per Steamer "*Canada*," from Liverpool, "*St. John*," from Glasgow, and "*Admiral*," from Boston:—

LADIES' VISITES, in newest styles;
DRESS MATERIALS, in great variety;
SHAWLS—Long and Square;
GINGHAMS, Muslins, Prints, Furnitures;
COTTONS, LINENS, Shirtings, TICKS;
Satinetts, Kerseys, Carpetings, Hearth Rugs, &c.

T. W. DANIEL.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

Market square, April 17th, 1852.

NEW GOODS,

Per steamer "Canada."

ROBINSON & THOMPSON have just received a large and rich assortment of GOLD JEWELLERY, consisting of new styles of Brooches, set with Agua-Marine Carbonacle, Topaz, Amethyst and other settings; Ladies and Gent's. Finger Rings, set with gems and other fancy and rare stones; new patterns Vest Chains, in gold and silver; Gold Chains and Guards in variety; Gold, Silver, Scotch Pebble, and Hair Bracelets; Lockets; Watch Brooches; Watch Keys and Seals; Gold Snaps and Crosses; Gold Spectacles; Gold and Silver Pencil Cases and Tooth Picks; Gold Enamel and Coronian Studs, latest patterns.

☞ Silver Brooches and Shawl Pins, in great variety; Silver Butter Knives and Pickle Forks; Silver Thimbles; Ladies' Companions; Fish Carvers and Cake Knives; in cases; Silver Fruit Knives; Silver sugar Spoons and Caddy Shells; Silver Knive, Fork and Spoon, in cases; Silver Rattles with Coral; Silver Boquet Holders; Silver Card Cases; Silver Fittings for Work Boxes, &c.; Silver Taper Stands; best English Side Combs.

GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, &c.

The above Goods having been purchased in the first Markets by one of the firm, they can with confidence recommend them as being of the first quality. They are offered at such prices as will ensure a continuance of the liberal patronage hitherto enjoyed by this Establishment for the last ten years.—Having renewed the lease of their Store, and made extensive enlargements and improvements, purchasers will do well to inspect their Goods, which, when complete, will be found to consist of every variety and price, suitable to the wants and wishes of all classes.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Daily expected per Ships *Devon* and *Alcione*—55 packages, consisting of Cutlery; Plated Electro and Albata Wares; Fancy Goods, &c., &c., &c. Particulars in future advertisements.

Expected per steamer early next week—1 case English Silver Spoons, &c. April 17.—6i.

Books, Stationery, Threads, &c.

Per ship 'Royalist,' Kerr, Master, from Liverpool, Landing for the Subscriber—

6 CASES of well-assorted STATIONERY, containing Superfine and Fine Quality Foolscap; Post and Pott PAPER; Letter and Note Paper; Envelopes; Single and Double Crown Paper; a few Calf-bound Elastic Ledgers, 4 and 7 quires; Long Folio and Day Books, Calf bound, 4 and 10 quires; Gilt and Plain Metallic Books; Sacred Music Books; Songs of Scotland, &c, &c. The above well adapted for Counting-house use.

Also—3 Cases of 3 and 6 cord White Sewing THREADS, numbered from 10 to 90, 100 to 300 Yard Reels, of very best quality and description.

Will be sold low by the Subscriber.

JOHN V. THURGAR.
March 30. North Market Whar

New Molasses.

166 HHDS., 17 Tierces, } Early Crop Molasses.

Now landing from Matanzas ex brig Zero, will be sold low while landing.

FLEWWELLING & READING.
March 16.

Brandy and Venegar.

Per *Oberon*, from Charente—

22 HHDS. Henessey's Dark and Pale BRANDY;
25 cases very old Bottled ditto;
6 casks French White Wine *VINEGAR*.

June 1. FLEWWELLING & READING.

Sheffield House,

Market Square, April 17, 1852.

To Watchmakers, Jewellers, &c.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON have just opened an assortment of WATCH MATERIALS TOOLS, &c., which they offer to the Trade at very low prices, consisting of English and Geneva Gold, Steel, and Metal Watch Hands—Butterfly, moon, swell, spade, and other patterns; Steel Seconds; Gold and Metal Centres; best Lever Fusee Chains; French do. do.; English and Geneva Hair Springs; Verge do.; Chain Hooks; Lever Staffs; Lever and Verge Screws; Case Springs and Buttons; Jewel Holes, &c.; Ruby Pins; Brass Curbs; Brass Ratchets; Geneva Ratchet Work; Indexes; Silver and G. S. Bows and Pendants; Watch Dials, Watch Glasses, Joints; Catches and Ornaments for repairing Brooches; Brooch Pins in Gold, G. S., Steel and Brass; Ear-ring loops, Cramps, and Claws; Screw Ferrules; French Drills; Drill Stocks, self-acting do.; Pivot Brooches, Watch do.; endless screw Keys; Chamfering Tools; Callipers; Watch Pivers, cutting do.; Sliding Tongs; Hand Vices; Clams; Pinion Gauges; Dividers, Hammers; Main Spring Winders; Joint Pushers, Tweezers, Burnishers, English and French Screw Drivers; drill bow, and spring Gut, &c. &c. &c.

☞ An inspection is respectfully solicited.

April 17—6i.

STRYCHNINE.

FOR destroying Wolves and Foxes, just received and for Sale by

THOMAS M. REED,

W. H. ADAMS

Has just received per ships *Boadicea* and *Themis*

9 CASES *Sanderson Brothers & Co.'s* Cast Steel; 1 cask Borax,
2 casks Block Bushes; 5 casks Tea Kettles,
1 cask Saucepans; 3 crates Coal Scoops,
1 cask Socket SHOVELS,
1 cask Hair Seating and Curled Hair;
2 casks Sad Irons; 1 cask Weights
1 cask Wrought Brads and Tacks,
2 casks Bench and Moulding Planes,
11 bales Iron Wire; 1 bale Wire Riddles,
28 dozen riveted eye Shovels; 4 dozen SPADES
108 bags Board, Boat, Horse, and Ox NAILS;
8 rolls Sheet Lead; 2 casks SHOT;
1 cask LEAD PIPE;
10 dozen long handle Frying Pans,
1 case *Hoole, Staniforth & Co.'s* Circular SAWS,
1 case do. Pit Saws;
2 cases Percussion GUNS, &c.
15 casks containing Shelf Goods, viz:—LOCKS, Hinges, Latches, Bolts, Bed Castors, Chair Web, Rules, Fire Irons, Whip Thongs, Shoe Hammers and Bills, Brushes, Dish Covers, Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Steelyards, Brass Cocks, Fish Hooks, Iron Hooks and Hasps and Staples, Percussion Caps, Tea and Table Spoons, Kettle Ears, Coffin Mounting, Counter Scales, Plated Brass and Iron Candlesticks, Copper Coal Scoops, Powder Flasks, Shot Belts, Wove Wire, Brass Wire, and a variety of Small Wares; which, with Goods recently received, comprises a good assortment. Nov. 4.

Groceries! Groceries!

JAMES MACFARLANE,
MARKET SQUARE

Having completed his Fall Supply of Groceries, respectfully calls attention of purchasers to the Stock on hand; comprising in part:

In Store; Bond or Duty paid:—

200 CHESTS and half chests fine Congo, Souchong, Pekoe Souchong, Hyson, Twankay, and Oolong TEAS:
65 hhds. Porto Rico SUGARS;
80 ditto ditto MOLASSES;
50 bags Java and Laguira COFFEE;
50 boxes TOBACCO, (fine brands.)

Per "Montrose" and "John S. DeWolf"—
1 chest INDIGO;
6 hampers fine Cheshire and Truckle Cheese;
1 cask Golden SYRUP.

Per "Henry Holland"—
3 bales Wrapping and Letter PAPER;
15 cases Blue and Sago STARCH;
5 brls. Scotch OATMEAL, (Ayrshire);
30 boxes PIPES, assorted; Sperm Candles;
Composite Candles; Tapers, assorted; Mustard;
Pickles and Sauces; Day & Martin's Blacking;
Hall's Starch; Patent Groats and Barley; Fancy Soap; Pepper; Ginger; Currants; Plums; Candied Peel; Bath Brick; Wrapping Twine; Candle Wick; Split Peas; Barley; Sulphur; Vitriol, &c. &c., with a large and well assorted Stock of all articles in the Trade. *Wholesale and Retail.*

St. John, October 7, 1851.

Boots and Shoes.

THE undersigned has just received per the *Admiral*, a further supply of Fashionable *Boots* and *Shoes;* Ladies Gaiter Boots, French style; Do. Cushman Ties ditto; Children's fancy Excelsiors: Do. do. Boots; Gents. *Congress Boots;* do. Opera Ties; do. Patent Leather and Calf Skin *BOOTEES;* Youths and Boys Patent Leather, Morrocco, and Calf Skin Bootees.

DAVID PATERSON,
May 18. Foster's Corner, King street.

GOODS

From London, Liverpool, &c., now landing—

900 BOXES 7x9, 8x10, 9x12 and 10x12 Sheet Window GLASS,
200 Kegs Brandram's WHITE LEAD,
200 Kegs *Hubbuck's* White ZINC PAINT,
100 Bags assorted Cut NAILS,
2000 Pieces London PAPER HANGINGS,
5 Hhds. Crushed SUGAR,
20 Barrels Dried CURRANTS,
15 Bags Black PEPPER,
6 Bales CLOVES,
20 Chests TEA,
1 Chest INDIGO; 1 bbl. NUTMEGS,
1 Case of Bottle INK,
50 Boxes Common SOAP,
20 Boxes Castile, Windsor, and Toilet SOAPS.

For sale by JOHN KINNEAR.
April 27, 1852. *Prince Wm. Street*

Conflagration at Boston.

Last Saturday, Boston was the scene of one of the most destructive conflagrations with which that city has been visited for many years. The fire broke out in an unoccupied stable, in "Bank-Top road," an alley leading from the foot of Belmont street, near Broad street. Although it was discovered just as it issued from the building, the flames defied all Baffling efforts. The *Bee* of the 10th says:—

The Sailor's Home, one of the noblest institutions in our midst, is a smouldering ruins; the Mariner's Church, a noble pile, lays in ashes. Over one hundred and fifty families are turned shelterless into the street, many of whom have barely saved the clothes on their bodies.—About *six hundred* persons are thus thrown at once upon the charities of our city. The Boylston School house, one of the finest in the city, a most elegant building, is a heap of sad ruins. Several large blocks of houses are entirely destroyed.

The efforts of the Firemen, to an almost superhuman extent, had been bestowed upon the Mariner's Church. It was thought that the massive Boardman Block might check the every where else conquering flame. Expectation on this point, however, ended in disappointment. The flames, massive, mad, angry, rolled up their sea of fire, and ere long the beautiful Church edifice fell a victim to the insatiate element.—In ten minutes from the time the first flame lit upon its substance the roof fell with a thundering sound, followed soon after by a portion of the ponderous walls; nothing was saved.

From Boardman Block and the Church the flames loomed up rearwards with destructive fury, and soon encompassed in their fiery grasp that beautiful and sightly structure, the Boylston School House. The fire spread from room to room, and story to story, and in a short time the building was added to the vast number which already lay in ashes.—It was a fearful sound to hear the broad roof fall to the distant foundation, and see the walls partially follow to the gulf of fire below.

Fortunately, this proved the place where the great element, that swayed so destructively for five hours, was conquered.

The Boylston School House, was built a year or two since, at a cost, we are informed, of about $50,000. It belonged to the city, and was well insured. Most of the furniture, books, and philosophical apparatus were saved.

There were *thirty-three* buildings consumed. The loss is estimated at about $250,000. About one-half is covered by insurance. It is shared by extreme wealth and extreme poverty. The buildings were mainly owned by men of large wealth —the loss, for the most part, is among the very poor—who are bereft of everything save children and misfortune.

The Sailor's Home cost $30,000. There was insurance on it for $12,000.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Four Days Later from England.

The American steamship *Arctic* arrived at New-York on Sunday the 10th, with English dates to the 30th of June. She brought out 123 passengers.

The commercial news is dull. Cotton was drooping, and business was more sluggish in the manufacturing districts. The Flour market was firm, while Indian corn had advanced from 1s. to 2s. per quarter.

The Imperial Parliament was to be prorogued on the 1st July, and directly afterward dissolved. The writs for a new Parliament were to be sent out immediately after the dissolution, returnable in the month of August; but it will probably not be called together before the middle of October.

A deputation from the Canada, Nova Scotia and New-Brunswick Railway Company had an interview with the Colonial Secretary on Saturday, but the result had not transpired.

It appears certain that the British Government will enforce rigidly all the clauses of the Emancipation Act. The Government, through Mr. Walpole, have informed Dr. Newman that the recent proclamation referred to all practices contrary to the strictest letter of the law. The Irish Roman Catholics declare they will not obey the law, and the Priests who conform to its requirements have been insulted in the street.

Ireland.—The commissioners appointed to inquire into the relative merits of Galway and Foynes for packet stations, is proceeding diligently in the business.

The enthronization of Dr. Cullen, as Roman Catholic Archbishop of Dublin, took place on Tuesday the 29th, at the Church of the Conception, Dublin.

France.—Political affairs are quiet. It is stated that the property of the Duc d' Aumale, which he inherited from the Prince de Conde, is to be forthwith placed under sequestration.

A letter dated June 21 from Petit Noir, states that the periodical inundation had again caused immense damage in that country, at a time when the farmers were just about to reap their harvest. In the village of Petit Noir the houses are under water, the fields submerged, and the inhabitants had been obliged to flee.

Orders had been received at Toulon to place on the stocks next year at that place, two ships of the line, two steam frigates of 90 guns each, three steam corvettes and two tenders.

The Commander of the French fleet in the Levant contradicts the report that pirates were at present infesting those seas. It is announced that a mine of platina has been discovered in the neighbourhood of Valenciennes.

Trade was very dull at Paris. The French legislative body was closed for the first session on Momday at 2 o'clock by a message from the president, which was very warmly received, though it contained little but fine phrases. The president declares that the constitution has given proof that it is strong and free, and he enjoins the corps legislative to tell their communes how good the people of Paris are and how strong the army is. With what joy even revolutionists have welcomed the return of the eagles to the army—those eagles, the symbol of authority and glory particularly. They are called to remember how the army of Sifiere knelt down nevertheless before the image of God, presented from the heights of the altar, and thence to infer that France has a government which rests on the people, the source of all power—on the army, the source of all force, and on religion, the source of all justice.

The budget for the financial year shows an expenditure of 1493 million francs, and an income of 1459 millions francs, thus exhibiting a deficit of 34 million francs. The president assures the corps legislative that he will devote the recess to devising means to reduce the taxation.

Prince Montalembert has addressed a very lively remonstrance against the confiscation of the Orleans property, which is exciting much attention; but it is not doubted that the president will proceed to carry out the decrees to their fullest extent.

The Duchess of Orleans, after protesting against any cession of the rights of her son in favor of legitimacy, has retired to the canton of Argans.

There is a rumor from Lisbon that the British minister has addressed a very warm representation to the court of Spain, in consequence of a threat by a local commander that he would send his troops across the Portuguese frontier if the authorities did not deliver up some criminals who had fled from justice.

India.—Bombay dates to the 22d May had reached France. No important event had occurred since the previous dates from that place. It is generally understood that nothing more will be done in Burmah till after the rains. The whole force will remain in the country, and the war be resumed with vigor the moment the season permits. The India papers are already hinting at the probable annexation of the whole peninsula. Disturbances still continue along the northwestern frontier, and military preparations of an extensive nature are in progress.—Several forts had been attacked or captured in the Hazara country, and operations are in progress which, it is thought, will terminate the war in a week or two. The difficulties with the Nizam are still unsettled.

The electric telegraph has been put into successful operation in India.

Singular Ebbing of the Shannon.—The Shannon, at Killaloe, exhibited a phenomenon within a day or two recently, which no living inhabitant had ever seen before. The waters receded to such a distance from their usual mark, at low tide, that salmon, eels, and pike, were taken in abundance, even by children, to the astonishment of all who witnessed the spectacle. It is worthy of note, that the records of the parish in the cathedral vestry attest a like event sixty years since in Killaloe, and the harvest of that year in Ireland was the most plentiful remembered by the inhabitants of that period.—*Clare Journal.*

Poetry.

THE EMIGRANT

BY MRS. MAINWARING.

They told him tales of the far off West,
With its glorious summer skies—
Where birds, with strangest plumage drest,
Would greet his youthful eyes;
And the towering palm and cedar tree
Looked up to heaven triumphantly.

Soon, soon he sprang on a foreign shore,
And gazed o'er the strange wild scene;
For the restless sea, with its endless roar,
Rolled his early home between:
Then he felt, on that glittering, boundless strand,
As an exile from his fatherland.

Now forest flowers flashed on his sight,
Pencilled with rainbow hues,
And fire-flies shot a meteor light
'Mid the murky, vapoury dews;
No more, no more, shall he ever roam
O'er the daised meads of his childhood's home.

Sad thoughts o'ershadowed his troubled mind
As the wanderer mused alone;
The boy's yearning heart could never find
Love's fondly-treasured tone:
In the hush of night—in the morning's toil,
"He pined like a plant for his native soil."

Years passed away; he gathered gold,
But his cheek had lost its bloom;
The sum of his gains was sadly told—
He was hastening to the tomb:
Faint sounds from his parted lips there came—
'Twas prayer, with his mother's whispered name.

Jerusalem.—Within the walls, Jerusalem is among the most picturesque of cities. It is very small. You can walk quite around it in less than an hour. There are only some seventeen thousand inhabitants, of whom nearly half are Jews. The material of the city is a cheerful stone, and so massively are the lofty, blind house walls laid, that, in pacing the more solitary streets, you seem to be threading the mazes of a huge fortress. Often the houses extend over the street, which winds under them in dark archways; and where there are no overhanging buildings, there are often supporters of masonry thrown across from house to house. There are no windows upon the street, except a few picturesque, projecting lattices. Jerusalem is an utter ruin. The houses so fair in seeming, are often all crumbled away upon the interior. The arches are shattered, and vines and flowers wave and bloom down all the vistas. The streets are never straight for fifty rods; but climb and wind with broken steps, and the bold buildings thrust out buttressed corners, graced with luxuriant growths, and arched with niches for statue and fountain. It is a mass of "beautiful bits," as artists say. And you will see no fairer sight in the world than the groups of brilliantly-draped Orientals emerging into the sun from the vine-fringed darkness of the arched ways. * * * * The beautiful building stands within a spacious inclosure of green lawn and arcades. Olive, orange, and cyprus trees around the court, which in good sooth, is 'a little heaven below' for the Moslims, who lie dreaming in the soft shade, from morning to *night*. It is a foretaste of Paradise in kind, except the houris. For, although the mosques are forbidden to women, Mahommed said it would be better for them to have prayers read in their own apartments. In the picturesque gloom and brightness of the city, the mosque is a dream of heaven also, even to the unbelievers. There are many entrances and as you saunter under the dark archways of the streets, and look suddenly up a long dim arcade, upon the side, you perceive, closing the vista, the sunny green of the mosque grounds, and feel the warm air stealing outward from its silence, and see the men and women praying under the trees.—*Wanderer in Syria.*

Microscopical Anatomy.—Dr. Durkee is steadily advancing in his microscopic researches. We have carefully examined some of his most recently prepared specimens of the mucous membranes, that far surpass any former achievements in his curious collection. To inject, with colored size, vessels so extremely minute as the instrument reveals them to be in some of the delicate tissues of the animal body, presupposes devotion to the pursuit, an intimate knowledge of their anatomical structure, and an uncommon degree of skill. Some of Dr. D.'s preparations are more important and suggestive than others, yet he has shown no partiality in his explorations.—Nature slights nothing; on the contrary, however low in the order of mechanism, or elementary in function, each tube and filament is perfect, and the offices they fulfil are complete in every respect. Microscopical philosophy humbles the student in view of the great Designer.—A purpose is evidently to be accomplished, and apparatus the most appropriate, beautiful, unerring and minute, is put in motion. A circle of actions seems to have been contemplated, and all the contingencies fully apprehended, before the vital machinery in the concealed recesses of an animal body was set in motion. Thought was employed in it all, and Infinite Intelligence and Infinite Power. But we are in danger of being carried away in a paroxysm of enthusiasm, unconsciously developed by a contemplation of these beautiful evidences of design, and must therefore leave the subject, by renewedly urging upon our medical friends to visit this show of wonders. The mere reading of Hassel, illustrated, as his treatise is, by highly colored drawings, falls inconceivably below the things themselves, in point of interest and satisfaction. One is nature herself, and the other a portrait. Great results are anticipated for science among us, by steady perseverance in the use of the microscope. —*Boston Med. and Surg. Journal.*

Hon. Wm. Wirt.—In the early career of Mr. Wirt he was addicted to intemperance habits, and was, as every friend supposed, a very hopeless, irreclaimable man. He was abandoned by almost every friend, and was so reduced, that his presence was objectionable in the meanest establishments where rum was sold. On a certain occasion, he had become so grossly intoxicated, that he fell upon the floor of a rum hole insensible. The proprietor very coolly dragged him out of the place, and laid him at full length on the edge of the side walk. It was in the city of Richmond, Va. The day was excessively warm, and the rays of the sun fell directly upon the inebriate, who was totally unconscious of his situation. A young lady was passing the spot, and on noticing the exposed situation of Mr. Wirt, stopped, spread her handkerchief over his face, and passed on. When Mr. Wirt became partially sensible of his situation, a few hours afterwards, he discovered the handkerchief, and the initials upon it made him aware to whom it belonged. That kind act made him a reformed man, for he found that there was one living being that was interested in his fate. In after years, when Mr. Wirt had risen to an eminent position, and was a candidate for the Presidency of the United States, we met him and his gifted lady —(the identical young woman who managed the handkerchief business when Mr. Wirt was in the "grog" trade)—and she never regretted her choice, and Mr. Wirt never drank more.

Country Excursions.—There is truth and good sense in the following extract from the writings of a popular author:—

"A short trip into the country, even for a single day, is exceedingly beneficial, by diverting the mind from the ordinary objects of contemplation, and removing from it, for a time, that load of anxious cares, which, if suffered too long to remain, destroys its elasticity. At least once a year, a jaunt of a week or two should if possible be taken by every one: the communications by land and water to every part of the country are now so abundant and economical that they are few, indeed, who could not afford it. In the end, such expenditure would probably be the means of saving a larger sum by improving the health, and enabling men to engage in the various occupations of life with greater energy.'

Sleep.—There is no better description given of the approach of sleep than that in one of Leigh Hunt's papers, in the Indicator:—"It is a delicious movement, certainly, that of being well nestled in bed; and feeling that you shall drop gently to sleep. The good is to come, not past; the limbs have been just tired enough to render the remaining in one posture delightful; the labor of the day is done. A gentle failure of the perceptions comes creeping over; the spirit of consciousness disengages itself more, and with slow and hushing degrees, like a mother detaching her hand from that of her sleeping child, the mind seems to give a balmy lid closing over it, like the eye; the more closing—'tis closed. The mysterious spirits are gone to take its airy rounds."

Preparation for Death.—When you lie down at night, compose your spirits as if you were not to awake till the heavens be no more. And when you awake in the morning, consider that new day as your last, and live accordingly. Surely that night cometh, of which you will never see the morning, or that morning of which you will never see the night; but which of your mornings or nights will be such, you know not. Let the mantle of worldly enjoyments hang loose about you, that it may be easily dropped when death comes to carry you into another world. When the corn is forsaking the ground, it is ready for the sickle; when the fruit is ripe, it falls off the tree easily. So when a christian's heart is truly weaned from the world, he is prepared for death and it will be the more easy for him. A heart disengaged from the world is a heavenly one, and then we are ready for heaven, when our heart is there before us.—*Barton.*

Repose of Manner.—Gentleness in the gait is what simplicity is in the dress. Violent gesture or quick movement inspires involuntary disrespect. One looks for a moment at a cascade—but one sits for hours lost in thought, and gazing upon the still waters of a lake. A deliberate gate, gentle manners, and a gracious tone of voice—all of which may be acquired—give a mediocre man an immense advantage over those vastly superior to him. To be bodily tranquil, to speak little and to digest without effort, are absolutely necessary to grandeur of mind or of presence, or proper developement of genius.—*Balzac.*

Isinglass is a preparation formerly made only from the great sturgeon; but is now obtained from the entrails of most other fishes. The best article consists almost wholly of pure *gelatine*, or glue, which is nutritious. It is free from taste and smell, and is soluble in warm water. Being nothing more than the membranous parts of fishes, it can probably be made from the fish on the coasts in this country. The sounds or air-bladders of fresh water fish are generally preserved for this purpose. And it is best made in the warm season. It is sometimes used as a medicine; but boiled in milk it forms a nutritious jelly, and is the substance of blanc-mange. It is also used for refining coffee, vinous liquors, and cider.

Henry Clay's Death.—The New York Courier gives the following account of the closing scene of Mr. Clay's life:—

Mr. Clay was fully conscious of his approaching dissolution: an hour before his death, he desired to be shaved, and within fifteen minutes of his dissolution he called his son Thomas to his bedside, and said:—"My son I am going—sit by me,"—these were the last words he spoke. Paternal affection seemed to occupy his last thoughts upon earth. Ex-Governor Jones, of Tenn., Mr. Thomas Clay, and one of his attendants, were the only persons present during the last scenes.

His worldly affairs were wisely arranged long ago, so that towards the close of his life he had no care upon his heart, and devoted his whole time to the preparation for the future. He, having received every religious consolation, died in the full hope of a blessed immortality.

Ship Race Challenge.—The London Times of the 26th ult., contains the following advertisement of the Boston Navigation Club to the Ship builders of Great Britain, to a ship race to China and back:—

"The American Navigation Club challenges the ship builders of Great Britain to a ship race, with cargo on board, from a port in England to a port in China and back. One ship to be entered by each party, and to be named within a week of the start. The ships to be modelled, commanded and officered entirely by citizens of the United States and Great Britain respectively. To be entitled to rank A. 1. either at the American offices or at Lloyd's. The stakes to be £10,000 aside, satisfactorily secured by both parties, to be paid without regard to accidents, or to any exceptions; the whole amount forfeited by either party not appearing. Judges to be mutually chosen. Reasonable time to be given after notice of acceptance to build the ships, if required, and also for discharging and loading cargo in China. The challenged party may name the size of the ships, not under 800 nor over 1,200 American registered tons; the weight and measurement which shall be carried each way; the allowance for short weight or over size. Reference may be made to Messrs. Baring Brothers & Co., for further particulars.

Daniel C. Bacon, *President.*

The Great Britain for Australia.—Messrs. Gibbs, Bright & Co., the enterprising owners of the Great Britain steam-ship, intend sending her with passengers to Australia, on the 21st of August next. It appears that her voyage to and from New York was merely a trial trip, and that she has been all along intended for the Australian trade, for which she is most admirably fitted. Her American trip has proved successful beyond the most sanguine hopes of those connected with her. It will be seen that the Great Britain, for Australia, will carry three classes of passengers, who will have every attendance, with provisions, (except wines and spirits, which are to be paid for separately,) on the following terms:—Upper saloon, 70 guineas; fore saloon, 40 guineas; second cabin, 25 guineas. The Great Britain will be able to steam the entire distance by making a call on the way for coal.—*Liverpool paper.*

The New Bishop of Borneo.—It is stated that the Rev. F. T. M'Dougal, who will be the first Bishop of Borneo, was formerly a medical gentleman attached to King's College Hospital. Mr. M'Dougal entered into holy orders a few years since, and proceeded as missionary to Sarawak. He appears to owe his promotion to the strong recommendation of Sir James Brooke.

The Observer.

SAINT JOHN, JULY 20, 1852.

THE ELECTION.—The election for a member of Assembly for this County, to supply the vacancy caused by the appointment of John Johnston, Esq. to the office of Stipendiary Magistrate, took place yesterday. Two candidates only were in the field —John Jordan, Esq., and George C. Gilbert, Jr., Esq. Very little interest was manifested in the city in the contest, as will be seen by the number of votes polled; but in the County parishes there was much more feeling exhibited. The following was the state of the poll at the close, at the several polling districts:—

CITY.	JORDAN.	GILBERT.
King's Ward. No. 1,	26	12
" No. 2,	45	51
Queen's Ward,	58	37
Duke's Ward,	32	23
Sydney Ward,	16	21
Carleton,	39	37
COUNTY.		
Portland,	36	31
Lancaster,	19	87
St. Martins,	114	83
Simonds, No. 1,	110	4
Ditto, No. 2,	70	70
Ditto, No. 3,	15	6
	580	474

Some of these figures may be wrong.

The official declaration of the returns will be made by the Sheriff to-morrow.

MONTREAL SUFFERERS.—At New-York on the 14th inst., a meeting of merchants and others was held in the Insurance buildings, Wall-street, in order to express the sympathy of the city for the sufferers in Montreal, and to devise the most effectual means of collecting and transmitting pecuniary relief to them. George Griswold, Esq., was called to the chair.—Committees were appointed for each Ward, to collect subscriptions, and active measures were in progress to afford substantial relief to the sufferers in their trying circumstances. $10,000 had been forwarded to Montreal up to Saturday last, and another $5000 was nearly ready.

The Mayor of Boston has issued a request for a public meeting to be held at the Merchants' Exchange in that city, on Thursday next, for the same laudable purpose.

Mr. Sumner had brought the subject before Congress, and recommended certain relief to the sufferers, which was approved by General Scott, with his recommendation of $100,000 in money; but the War Department objected to any aid to the sufferers, without the consent of Congress.

A public meeting was held at Quebec on the 12th instant, to consider the subject of the Montreal fire, when, after addresses by the Episcopal and Catholic Bishops, Hon. Francis Hincks, and others, subscriptions were made in the room, in the brief space of a quarter of an hour, to the amount of £1,075—including £100 by the Governor General; Archbishop of Quebec, £100; Bishop Montmain, £50; R. E. Caron, £100; Judge Panet, £100, &c.

The Quebec Gazette of the 12th says—"An extraordinary meeting of the Executive Council was held on Saturday, and a sum of £2,500 placed at the disposal of the committee for the relief of the sufferers, on the responsibility of the government."

The British Government has generously granted £50 sterling to each of the widows of the gallant men at Truro, Massachusetts, who perished in attempting to save the crew of the British barque *Josephus*, at that place, last spring.

The Circus and Menagerie of Messrs. Sands & Quick, celebrated and admired in both Europe and America, arrived in the city early yesterday morning, and during the forenoon perambulated the principal streets, preceded by their fine Band in a splendid Car, drawn by six white horses. The procession is an excellent appearance. The company gave exhibitions in the afternoon and evening, in their mammoth pavillion at the Lower Cove, near the Marine Hospital, which were numerously attended. The performances were of a very superior order, and gave much satisfaction to the spectators. The zoological collection is both extensive and beautiful, and cannot fail of delighting all who visit them. Never have the extraordinary feats of horsemanship or the show of wild animals, been exceeded by any former exhibitions in this city. The exhibition will only remain open till Thursday evening next. See advertisement in another column.

The Hon. Daniel Webster is now on a visit to his farm in New-Hampshire. He arrived in Boston last week from Washington, and had a most splendid reception from an immense multitude of his fellow citizens, assembled on Boston Common. He was addressed by Mr. Stevenson, on behalf of the citizens, to which Mr. Webster replied in one of his most brilliant speeches.

GLOBE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—At the annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, held on the 5th inst., the following gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year, viz:—John Duncan, Thomas Vaughan, William Leavitt, Geo. L. Lovett, James Smith, Edward Hippisley, and Henry Chubb, Esquires. At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, John Duncan, Esquire, was re-elected President.

MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—The meeting of Stockholders for the annual election of Directors, took place on the 12th inst. The former Board were all re-elected, as follows:—F. A. Wiggins, Esq., President; John Ward, Wm. Parks, John V. Thorgar, Daniel J. McLaughlin, John Wishart, Edward Sears, Wm. H. Scovil, and Geo. Carvill, Esquires, Directors.

FROM ENGLAND.

The steamship *Asia*, arrived at New-York on Thursday last. She brings 65 passengers and London and Liverpool dates of the 3d July.

The Cotton market is dull, but there is no change in quotations. Sales of the week 52,000 bales.

Trade in the manufacturing districts is by no means active, but demands for Yarns equal productions, and prices firm—fine quality fabrics maintain rates, but heavy goods tend downward.

Parliament was prorogued on Thursday, by the Queen in person.

A Terrible Riot took place at Stockport on Tuesday night, between the Roman Catholics and the Protestants. Sixty persons were carried wounded to the Hospital, and one man was killed. Several houses were torn down and the Catholic Chapel sacked; the organ, altar and furniture burned in a bonfire, and nothing left standing but the bare walls. The military was called out and succeeded in quelling the riot.

The riot grew out of the ill-feeling engendered by the Queen's recent proclamation against Roman Catholic processions.

The electioneering will now commence in earnest. The most reliable estimate of the complexion of the new parliament sets it down thus—Ministerialists 376, Opposition 398, with a floating balance of 114 liberal Conservatives, one half of which may be counted against the Ministry.

The telegraphic cable between Dublin and Holyhead does not work, and a surveying party are engaged in searching for the injury.

A diamond weighing 400 carats has been given to the East India Company by the Nizam of Hyderabad, in part payment of a debt. It is nearly twice as large as the Kohi-noor.

A collision occurred on the river Thames between steamer Duchess of Kent, with 200 passengers, and an Antwerp steamship. The former sunk in eight minutes; it is thought some few of the passengers are lost.

Dates from Australia are to April 22d, and are very favourable. Five arrivals at Liverpool from that country in one week brought 60,000 ounces in gold.

Otto Goldschmidt, Esq., and Madame Goldschmidt have left London for the Continent.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

My Lords and Gentlemen—I am induced by considerations of public policy to release you at an earlier period than usual from your legislative duties. The zeal and diligence, however, with which you have applied yourselves to your Parliamentary labors, have enabled me, in this comparatively short session, to give my assent to many measures of high importance, and I trust of great paramount advantage.

I receive from all foreign powers assurances that they are animated by the most friendly disposition towards this country; and I entertain a confident hope that the amicable relations happily subsisting between the principal European States may be so firmly established, as under Divine Providence to secure to the world a long continuance of the blessings of peace; to this great end my attention will be unremittingly directed.

I rejoice that the final settlement of the affairs of Holstein Schelswig, by the general concurrence of the powers chiefly interested, has removed one cause of recent difference and of future anxiety.

The amicable termination to the dissensions which have taken place between the Sublime Porte and the Pacha of Egypt, affords a guarantee for the tranquility of the East and encouragement to the extension of commercial enterprise.

The refusal on the part of the King of Ava of redress justly demanded for insults and injuries offered to my subjects at Rangoon, has necessarily led to an interruption of friendly relations with that sovereign, and the promptitude and vigor with which the Governor-General of India has taken the measures rendered unavoidable, have merited my entire approbation, and I am confident that you will participate in the satisfaction with which I have observed the conduct of all the naval and military forces, European and Indian, by whose valor and discipline the important capture of Rangoon and Martaban which have been accomplished, and in the hope which I entertain that these signal successes may lead to an early and honorable peace.

Treaties have been concluded by my naval commanders with the King of Dahomy and all the African chiefs whose rule extends along the Bight of Benin, for the total abolition of the slave trade, which at present is wholly suppressed upon that post.

I have had great satisfaction in giving my assent to the measure which you have adopted for the better organization of the militia—a constitutional force which, being limited to purposes of internal defence, can afford no just ground for jealousy to neighbouring powers, but which in the event of any sudden and unforeseen disturbance of my foreign relations, would contribute essentially to the protection and security of my dominions.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons—I thank you for the liberal provisions which you have made for the exigencies of the public service. The expenditure which you have authorized shall be applied with a due regard to efficiency and economy.

The recent discoveries of extensive gold fields have produced in the Australian colonies a temporary disturbance of society requiring prompt attention. I have taken such steps as appear to be more urgently necessary for the mitigation of this most serious evil. I shall continue anxiously to watch the important results which must follow from these discoveries.

I have willingly concurred with you in an act which by rendering available to the service of these colonies the portion arising within them of the hereditary revenue placed at the disposal of Parliament on my accession to the throne may enable them to meet their necessarily increased expenditure.

My Lords and Gentlemen—I have gladly assented to the important bills which you have passed for effecting reforms long and anxiously desired in the practice and proceedings of the Superior Courts of law and Equity, and generally for improving the administration of justice. Every measure which simplifies the forms and diminishes the delay and expenses of legal proceedings, without introducing uncertainty of decision, impairing the authority of the courts, or lowering the high standard of the judicial bench, is a valuable boon conferred upon the community at large.

I hope that the measures which you have adopted for promoting the extramural interment of the dead, and for improving the supply of water, may be found effectual for the remedy of evils, the existence of which has long been a reproach to this great metropolis, and may conduce to the health and comfort of its inhabitants.

The extension of popular rights and legislative powers to my subjects resident in the colonies, is always to me an object of deep interest, and I trust that their present native institutions, which in concert with you I have secured for New Zealand, may promote the welfare and contentment of the population of that distant but most interesting colony, and confirm their loyalty and attachment to my crown.

It is my intention, without delay, to dissolve this present Parliament, and it is my prayer that in the exercise of the high functions which, according to our free constitution, will devolve upon the several constituencies, they may be directed by an all-wise Providence to the selection of representatives whose wisdom and patriotism may aid me in my increased endeavors to sustain the honor and dignity of my crown; to uphold the Protestant institutions of the country, and the civil and religious liberty which is their natural result; to extend and improve the national education; to develop and encourage industry and science, and to elevate the moral and social condition, and thereby promote the welfare and happiness of my people.

FRANCE.—Thirteen individuals were arrested on the 1st inst., at a house in the Batignolles, charged with making an infernal machine for the destruction of the President. The machine was composed of 14 barrels capable of containing each about 20 bullets. Some of the men were actually at work on the machine at the time of the arrest. The police subsequently arrested 10 others.

Twenty-five persons living in Paris have been arrested, charged with having entered into a conspiracy with others, resident in London, to effect an insurrection in France.

L. Davenne, a journalist, condemned to transportation to Cayenne, has received a full and entire pardon.

We have heard it stated that the consecration of Dr. Connolly, Catholic Bishop of this Diocese, will take place at Halifax on the 15th of August, the Feast of the Assumption. The ceremonies on the occasion will be conducted with great splendour. The Archbishop of New York will preach the sermon.

The new bell of St. Malichi's, from the foundry of Murphy, Dublin, was rung for the first time on Wednesday evening. It is a full, rich, sweet tone, and fully sustains the character of the eminent founder.—*Freeman.*

IMMIGRATION.—The "Economy," from Cork, with emigrants, arrived at the island on Sunday. The passengers landed on yesterday all in good health. Many intend to proceed to the States.—*Ib.*

On Wednesday, a man named John Hamilton, who has been employed for some time past in the saw mill owned by Dunham & Allen, in Carleton, was engaged in tightening a band; owing to the great velocity with which a six feet diameter drum was revolving, a portion of it—one quarter—flew off at a tangent, and struck the poor fellow on the head, frightfully mutilating and killing him instantly. We understand that the deceased was an industrious, worthy man, and that he leaves a wife and one child, to mourn their untimely loss.—*Chronicle.*

Three years ago a man purchased a Farm in the lower part of Woodstock for £700,—shortly after he sold off one lot for £200, and last week he disposed of the remainder for £1050—clearing by the transaction, besides his living for the three years, £550.—*Woodstock Sentinel.*

Disgusting Atrocity.—The New Orleans papers give the details of fiendish outrages perpetrated upon the bodies of the unfortunates who were lost on Lake Pontchartrain, by the explosion of the steamer St. James—a band of rovers upon the Lake, having not only robbed them, but mutilated the remains in the accomplishment of their purpose. The pockets of the males were all rifled, and the hands, arms, and ears of the females were dreadfully mutilated, for the purpose of obtaining rings, bracelets and ear drops! The details are too disgusting to make a note of.—*Boston Jour.*

KOSSUTH GONE OFF VERY SUDDENLY.—The great Magyar has taken his departure from our shores, suddenly and unceremoniously. We know he was preparing to return to Europe—a sadder and a wiser, but hardly a richer man than when he left it—and his own journals announced that his departure was to take place on Saturday next, by the steamship Washington. It seems, however, that this was all a *ruse*, designed to mislead the public on both sides of the Atlantic, as he presented himself on board the Africa yesterday, at the last moment, and in the most private manner, in company with Madame Kossuth, and his aide-de-camp, Colonel Bethlen, and without the previous knowledge, as we learn, of Mr. Cunard, or any of his clerks, and departed in her for Liverpool.—*N. York Herald, July 15.*

Kossuth sailed for England under the cognomen of Alexander Smith.—The Africa took out 110 passengers and $600,671 in specie.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Within a few days a number of deaths have occurred at the Quarantine Hospital from a disease malignant in its character and closely allied to cholera. The physicians, however, hesitate to pronounce it that disease.

Another subscription of $5000 is nearly made up for the Montreal sufferers. This will make $15,000 in all raised for that purpose. The French and French Canadians of this city are to hold a meeting to-day to take measures for the further relief of the sufferers. The French Operatic and Dramatic Company will also give a performance for the same object.

The Jewish population of New York city are about to fit up a hospital, "for the purpose of affording surgical and medical aid, comfort and protection in sickness, to worthy and needy Israelites."

BISHOP DOANE.—The investigation of the New Jersey Diocesan Convention of the charges against Bishop Doane, closed at Newark last Wednesday. The Bishop being unqualifiedly acquitted from all the charges.

THE WILL OF MR. CLAY.—Mr. Clay's will, which was written by his own hand, and bears date July 10, 1851, was recorded on Monday. Mrs. Clay is appointed Executrix, and Thomas A. Marshall and James O. Harrison Executors of the will, with the provision that no security shall be required of either.

The will provides that all children born of his slaves, after 1st of January, 1850, are to be liberated and sent to Liberia. The males at the age of 28, and the females at the age of 25. The earnings of the last three years prior to their emancipation are to be reserved for their benefit. Before removal to Liberia, they are to be taught to read, write, and cipher. Those who were in being previously to 1850, are bequeathed to his family. —The homestead, Ashland, is given to Mrs. Clay during her lifetime, and at her death the proceeds divided among her children.—*Boston Journal.*

THE CROPS.—The *Washington (Iowa) Journal* says:

"Farmers are done harvesting wheat, and truly may it be said that a more abundant harvest was never known in this country."

The *Poughkeepsie American* of Thursday says:

"Winter grain comes in fair. Wheat and rye will prove a good yield in Dutchess. The hay and oat crop will be short. Corn promises well. Of potatoes nothing can as yet be said. Pastures have been dried up, and milk and butter command high prices in this vicinity."

RASPBERRIES.—This excellent fruit is now in its glory, and we never saw it finer. We are credibly informed that one gentleman is likely to realize $3500 this year from the produce of about five acres. Some of the cultivated varieties, particularly the Antwerp, are splendid.—*N. Y. Jour. Commerce.*

FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamer *Illinois* arrived at New-York on Thursday last, with San Francisco dates to the 18th June, and $2,150,000 in gold dust.

The mining intelligence is still encouraging—new discoveries are made and large receipts are obtained in many instances.

The list of shipments of gold dust by the California, from San Francisco to Panama, amounts to $1,906,308, which is the largest shipment of gold ever made by one vessel from that port.

The noted Californian Indian Chief, Baptiste, while intoxicated at a feast, drew his sword and plunged it into the body or his wife, killing her instantly. The next day her body was burned upon a funeral pile, with all her effects, even to some gold dust she had collected the day before.

The number of passengers landed at San Francisco during the month of May, was 10,641. The departures for the same time did not exceed 1500.

Several Indians on the Sacramento range, in a state of intoxication, lately killed a Chinese. One of them was arrested by Americans, handed over to the Chinese, and by them hung. The Chinamen expressed a desire to hang the white man who sold the Indians rum.

OREGON.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer Fremont reached San Francisco in 60 hours from Astoria, Oregon, bringing 12 passengers and dates to June 5.

There was still much excitement in Oregon with respect to the gold mines said to have been discovered in Queen Charlotte's Island. The Island is claimed by the Hudson Bay Company. Capt. Folger represents the gold as lying among the hills reaching to the shore. He states that there is no question of the great richness of the placers, and that the natives frequently wade into the water and obtain gold, which they see shining on the bottom.

A COLONY.—The Hightstown (N. J.) *Gazette* says that Stacy Horner, an old resident, lately embarked for California, with his wife, twenty-two children and grandchildren, and ten young friends. They will settle on a farm of 1200 acres, about 24 miles from San Francisco, in the San Jose valley.

FOR CALIFORNIA.—The new and superior steamer *Cortes*, "steamed off" on Saturday, 10th inst., for her destination in the Pacific, where she will join the *Winfield Scott* in the new line between Panama and San Francisco, under the name of "The New York and San Francisco Steamship Line."

We notice among the passengers who have gone out in the *Cortes*, the name of Vice Admiral Zerman, a very accomplished French officer, who commanded the *Belle Poule*, when that frigate brought the remains of Napoleon from St. Helena to France. He also commanded the same frigate when with the Prince de Joinville she visited this city.

Capt. Zerman enjoyed the confidence of the then King of France, Louis Philippe, and it is owing, perhaps, to this circumstance, that the present head of the French nation has exiled him, as he has several thousand other eminent persons, from France, who were not found ready to throw up their caps in favor of a man who, to reach power, disregarded every guarantee he had sworn to observe.

How very oddly matters work in France. Here is a gallant and accomplished officer, who took a leading part in conveying the ashes of "the Emperor" back to Paris—and out from these ashes crawls a scorpion, [which claims to be a Phœnix,] and drives from the land many of its most virtuous and patriotic citizens. This identical man, Zerman, when a midshipman, for gallant services, was decorated with the cross of honor by the Emperor's own hand, in 1814, and he never saw the face of that extraordinary person again, till on the day at St. Helena the tomb was opened and the dead body exposed to light to prove its identity before removing it on board ship. Strange vicissitudes! But a Frenchman seems happy anywhere, and when we saw the gallant Zerman taking leave of his friends on a visit to the Pacific, and looking as cheerful as when here in command of the *Belle Poule*, we could not but recall the lines of the poet:

"More real joy exiled Marcellus feels,
Than Cæsar, with a Senate at his heels."

[*N. Y. Express.*

BORDEN'S PATENT MEAT BISCUIT.—Scarcely a vessel now leaves the port for a long voyage without this article. Travellers across the plains, also, have this season (the first they have been enabled to procure at a convenient depot, St Louis,) taken a liberal supply of it. It is a highly nutritious and valuable article—not subject to change—one pound of it containing the nutriment of five pounds of fresh Beef, and, it is said, will last in a market longer than that quantity of Beef cured by salting or pickling.—The price, 40 cents per pound, heretofore, has appeared high; but it is confidently believed that its substitution, even at that rate, will be a matter of economy, as so much less of the food will be required; besides, it has the advantage of always being fresh, and is a preventive of diseases incident to the long continued use of salt provisions. The article is made in Texas, where Beef is plenty and cheap, and by an improved process in the manufacture, the proprietors are enabled now to put the price at 35 cents per pound, making it as cheap as Mess Beef, to say nothing of its antiscorbutic and other good qualities. Having for some time past been acquainted with its value for culinary purposes, we cheerfully recommend it to ship-owners and others, especially at this time prices of Beef and Pork and other Stores are unusually high.—*N. Y. Ship. List*

THE GREAT FIRE AT MONTREAL.—The Montreal *Pilot* of 10th inst., gives the following particulars of the fire in that city, which began on Thursday morning the 8th:—

Up to between seven and eight o'clock this morning the conflagration continued to rage in the suburbs, extending itself on both sides of St. Mary-street, and never abating its fury till it had destroyed everything north and south as far as the jail. From Bolhouie square, the whole area between the south side of Lagauchetiere street and the water's edge, as far down as the jail, is a mass of ruins. Here and there a house has escaped, as if by a miracle, but these are rare exceptions. The jail itself, we hear, has been on fire several times. The flames did not extend to the north side of Lagauchetiere street, but the Methodist Church in that street had a very narrow escape. The whole of Papineau square, on the west side, (including the market) is destroyed, as also a portion next St. Mary's street, on the east side. Sims & Coleman's large lumbering yard and steam saw mills were destroyed early in the day, but the fire was then checked. Molson's brewery, but not the distillery, is burnt to the ground. The distillery, which is to the east, nearer the jail, was only saved by the most strenuous exertions on the part of the firemen.

St. Thomas's Church and the block of houses in the rear known as Molson's Terrace, are swept away, as well as the houses in the numerous small streets running from the south, down to the river. The residence known as Judge Reid's is one of the two or three which has escaped, and the stone building belonging to Sir James Stewart, formerly occupied by the Engineer Department, is another. At the time we are writing the flames are extending, though pretty well exhausted, in the neighborhood of the cross below the jail. On a moderate computation, a *fourth* part of the city, and this the most populous, is desolated. The General Hospital, near which the fire commenced, has escaped by a miracle. The fire consumed the buildings all round it, but left it unscathed. The amount of insurance must be enormous, and added to previous losses, will be a severe blow for some of the offices.

Attempts were made several times during the evening to stop the progress of the flames in the suburbs by blowing up houses, but the mass of flames was too vast and intense to be checked. In St. Paul street, however, a house was blown up in the rear of Madame de Montenach's residence, Notre Dame street, which probably prevented the flames from extending to the barracks.

The appearance of the city during the whole night was awful in the extreme. The whole population was abroad—for no one felt sure that he was to escape. In the fields, and about the Viger Square, thousands of poor people were lying on their properties—whilst in the distance, the fearful cause of all this desolation continued to loom up higher and higher till the eastern horizon was one blood-red fiery mass. Such a calamity never fell on the city before—rarely on any city, but certainly not on Montreal.

The authorities had placed the emigrant sheds at the disposal of the city government to afford shelter for the sufferers. These can accommodate 14 or 1500 persons. The city has also obtained a large number of tents, the property of the garrison, which are now being put up in the vacant lots; and which, together with the sheds referred to above, will afford ample accommodation. The Common Council has voted £1000 for the temporary relief of the sufferers.

The Montreal Courier estimates the loss at not less than £500,000, and the insurance £200,000, more than one half of which falls on the Mutual Office.—It says:—

"Upwards of 1400 houses have been destroyed besides two churches, the Bishop's Church, (Roman Catholic,) in St. Denis street, and St. Thomas' Church, (Episcopalian,) in St. Mary street; the largest hotel in British North America; several large manufacturing establishments; the buildings used as the temporary St. Patrick's Hospital; the Roman Catholic Bishop's Palace, a new and beautiful building, with a magnificent front on St. Catherine street; the old Palace, and a large school house adjoining.—We should say, in default of more accurate details, for which we have not time to search the Corporation Records, that about *one-fifth* part of the city is laid in ashes, and from 6000 to 8000 persons made houseless."

NEW ORLEANS, July 6.—Eight suits have been commenced by Spanish residents against the city, to recover the value of property destroyed during the Cuban riots last August. The aggregate amount claimed is over $12,000.

The Monireal *Gazette* says that the Provincial Government has ordered the expenditure of £10,000, upon the Governor's house at Toronto.

MARRIED.

On Monday the 12th inst., by the Rev. I. W. D. Gray, Capt. William J. Philbrook, of ship Enas, of Bangor, State of Maine, to Catharine, second daughter of Mr. Francis Quigly, of this city.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. Richard Knight, Mr. James W. Montgomery, to Miss Isabella Coxetter, all of this City.

On Wednesday, by the Rev. Wm. Harrison, Mr. John Hamlin, to Miss Anne M. Woodrow, both of Portland.

At Sheffield, on the 15th instant, by the Rev. William Smithson, Mr. Robert Amos, of Botsford, County of Westmorland, to Miss Matilda McCombs.

At Lincoln, on the 18th June, by the Hon. G. Hayward, Mr. Daniel McLean, to Mary, third daughter of Mr. Samuel True, of Woodstock, in the County of Carleton. By the same, at Blissville, on the 13th inst., Mr. James Patterson, of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, to Jane, eldest daughter of Mr. Christopher Patterson, of the former place. At Lincoln, on the 14th, by the same, Mr. John Sealey, to Christiana, eldest daughter of Mr. Orlo Hoyt, all of Blissville.

At Fredericton, on the 11th instant, by the Rev. Charles Churchill, Mr. James Hammond, to Miss Frances Cunningham, both of that City.

On the 13th instant, by the same, Mr. James Giddings, to Miss Catherine Douglass, both of that city.

At St. Luke's Church, Woodstock, on the 5th inst., by the Rev. S. D. Lee Street, Rector, Mr. Chas. H. English, eldest son of Richard English, Esq. M. P. P., to Elizabeth B., only daughter of A. K. S. Wetmore, Esq.

On the 15th instant, by the Rev. James Newcomb, Mr. Thomas James Shay, to Miss Lydia Ann Brown, both of the parish of Moncton.

DIED.

On Thursday, the 15th inst., after a lingering illness, Mr. James Magee, formerly of Enniskillen, Ireland, aged 72 years.

On Tuesday the 13th inst., Bridget Agnes, wife of Mr. John Doody, and second daughter of Mr. John McNamara, aged 29 years.

On Friday last, Henry Nicholl, infant son of Doctor W. Craig, aged twenty days.

On Sabbath morning, John Wesley Allan, after a long and tedious illness of consumption, in the 27th year of his age.

On Saturday, the 17th inst., Jane Atchison, in the 65th year of her age, much regretted.

In the Parish of Westfield, (K. C.,) on the 5th inst., Charlotte Elizabeth, eldest child of Mr. Peters V. Laskey, in the 5th year of her age.

At Oakland, Fredericton, on the 11th inst., Mr. James Davidson, formerly of Girvan, Ayrshire, Scotland, aged 85 years.

At Fredericton, on the 11th instant, Mr. John Clegg, formerly of the 10th Battalion Royal Artillery, aged 34 years.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN.

ARRIVED.

Tuesday—Brigt. Kendall, Crowell, Bath, 4—G. Eaton, ballast.

Schr. Franklin, Mussels, Boston, 3—E. D. Jewitt & Co., do.

Wednesday—Ship Mary Ann, Irvin, New-York, 5—J. Robertson, do.

Holyoke, Perkins, New-York, 5—W. & G. Carvill, do.

Brigt. Harp, Cann, Boston, 3—Chas. McLauchlan, do.

Thursday—Brigt. B. M. Prescott, Heard, New Haven, 7—T. McHenry.

Steamer Eastern City, Blanchard, Boston,—L. H. Waterhouse, passengers and merchandise.

Friday—Ship Emma Fields, Thompson, New York, 6—John Robertson, ballast.

Hope, Weston, Boston, 3—John Robertson, ballast.

Barque Londonderry, Burr, New-York, 8—Wm. Thomson, ballast.

Brig Levetzow Lelkendorf, Granther, New York, 8—Chas. Brown, ballast.

Schr. Ori, McMullin, Bath, 4—T. McHenry, tree-nails.

Steamer Maid of Erin, Belyea, Portland—Thomas Parks, passengers and merchandise.

Saturday—Ship Perthshire, Creighton, Mobile, 29—John Robertson, ballast.

Brig Jane Avery, Harper, New York, 8—S. Wiggins & Son, ballast.

Schr. Splendid, Morrell, Yarmouth—C. McLauchlan, molasses.

Barque Cecilia, Cann, Yarmouth, 1—C. McLauchlan, ballast.

Steamer Creole, Winchester, Boston—R. P. McGivern, passengers.

Monday—Ship Clara Wheeler, Nelson, Boston, 2—N. S. Demill, ballast.

Brig Urda, Holstendahl, Boston, 3—S. Wiggins & Son, do.

Brigt. Economy, Dempsey, Cork, 44—J. Robertson, passengers.

Schr. Gazelle, Frost, Yarmouth, 2—C. McLauchlan, gen. cargo.

Steamer Admiral, Wood, Portland—George Thomas, passengers and merchandize.

Tuesday—Brig Maria, Rehberg, New-York, 9—J. D. Purdy, flour, &c.

Brigt. Hiram, Fitzgerald, Boston, 4—master, general cargo.

CLEARED.

July 13—Brig Lucy Spear, Hanson, Pictou, ballast; schr. Hope, Sheridan, Gloucester, salt.

14th—Brig Forth, Cahill, Wexford, timber and deals; schr. Charles, Simpson, Halifax, salt, &c.

15th—Brig Argent, Ollason, Gloucester—S. Wiggins & Son; brig Velocity, White, Gloucester—Kirk & Worrall; schr. Volant, Pettes, Eastport—S. Wiggins & Son.

17th—Ship Midas, Beyea, Liverpool, timber and deals—R. Rankin & Co.; Brigt. Victor, Kenney, Trinidad-de-Cuba, lumber—J. V. Troop; schr. Franklin, Mussels, New Haven, boards, &c. —E. D. Jewett & Co.

19th—Bark Snowdon, Walker, Liverpool, timber and deals—N. S. Demill,

Capt. Harper, of the brig Jane Avery, reports that his brig was on shore near Machias, and is now making eight inches of water per hour. Also, that the ship Argo, Mills, of Liverpool, for St. Stephens, from New York, and the barque Achilles, of Whitby, from Shields, for this port, with coals and goods, are both totally lost, near Machias.

The American ship Hungarian, Paterson, which sailed from this port on the 10th inst. for Liverpool, with a cargo of deals, got ashore at Grand Manan on the night of the 13th: she was got off next day full of water, and towed into Eastport on Thursday.

The Barque Zanoni, Wilson, which sailed hence, 13th inst., for Liverpool, is on shore at West Quoddy, bilged and full of water.

The barque Zanoni, on shore at West Quoddy, has been got off and taken into Eastport.

The brig Eskor, of and from Dundee, got ashore on the night of the 13th inst., near Split Rock, Musquash, and is breaking up.

Ship John Hancock, Burgess, from New York, arrived at Lepreaux on the 11th inst.

Arrived at New York, July 16th, Oregon, Firth, Liverpool; Wacousta, Skeene, Glasgow.—At Providence, 7th, brig Eliza Goddard, St. John; 10th, brig Competitor, Ardrossan.—At Philadelphia, 10th, schr. Lynnfield, Bogart, Harvey; 12th, barque Fanny, Quinn, Londonderry.—At Mobile, 2d, ship Kitty Cordes, Hannah, Liverpool.

Loading at Cienfuegos, 1st inst., brig Iola, Stockton, for Montreal.

The ship Kate, from St. John, N. B., for Liverpool, which was taken to New-York last April, after being abandoned by Capt. Mellin and most of the crew, while getting under weigh for Liverpool, on the 9th inst., at the foot of Stanton Street, East River, at high water, grounded on a shoal or reef, but was finally towed off on Sunday afternoon, by steamers Achilles and Hector, supposed without damage. The men who remained on board when she was abandoned by Capt. M. in April, were handsomely rewarded by the insurance offices who had risks on the vessel.

Sailed from Limerick June 24th, brig Elizabeth, for this port.—From Drogheda, 26th, brig Adeline, Cann, do.—From Dundalk, 26th, brig Sarah, DeWolf, do.—From Deal, 26th, barque Perseverance, Stephenson, Quebec.—From Liverpool, 28th, ship John Miller, Vaughan, do;

Loading at Liverpool, the Pilgrim, Admiral, and Boadicea, for St. John; at London, Faside, do.

Spoken, June 27th, lat. 44, long. 55, ship North Atlantic, from St. John, for Liverpool; June 22d, lat. 46 N., long. 26 W., the Thomas, of St. John, steering East.

Sheffield House—Market square.

Gold and Silver Watches.

PER STEAMER—JUST OPENED—

A Large and beautiful assortment of GOLD and SILVER Patent Lever WATCHES, different sizes, with latest improvements, full jewelled, &c. &c. A few smaller sized GOLD WATCHES, suitable for Ladies.—The above Watches are warranted of the best description, and will be exchanged, if not approved, within twelve months; they are offered Wholesale and Retail, at prices unequalled in this market.

Received per ship "Olive,"—29 packages of Goods, which are now added to our Stock, making a large and excellent assortment for Wholesale and Retail purchasers.

*** Watches and Jewellery, &c., carefully repaired. ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
July 17. Proprietors.

REAL TURTLE SOUP!

THE subscriber wishes to inform the Public that this Rare and highly prized SOUP will be served up at the *HIBERNIAN HOTEL*, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, after 11 o'clock, and during the ensuing week.

☞ Private Families supplied at their own residences, with small quantities, or STEAKS if required.

This Turtle contained 961 eggs, eleven perfect, all of which are now open for inspection.

JAMES NETHERY,
Hibernian Hotel, Church-street.

N. B.—OYSTERS and MOCK TURTLE SOUP always on hand.
St. John, July 17.

GAOL SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Office of the Clerk of the Peace until the 24 of August next, at 3 P. M., for the undermentioned Supplies for the service of the Gaol:—

COAL:

Thirty Chaldrons good House Coal—to be delivered into the Gaol cellar on or before 1st Oct. next.

FUEL WOOD:

Twenty-five Cords Fuel, of Mixed Hard Wood, to be delivered and piled in the Gaol yard, on or before 1st of October next.

BEEF:

Good merchantalbe Ox or Heife Fresh Beef, in suitable pieces, as may be required.

BREAD:

In loaves of 2 lbs. each, well baked, of Wheat or Rye Flour, as may be required; the wheat either Canada Superfine, American Scratched, or City Mills Flour.

The Beef and Bread to be supplied for One Year from the 5th August next, and to be delivered at the Gaol, in such quantities and at such times as may be required by the Gaol Committee.

All the supplies to be subject to their approval, and payments made from time to time, as the articles are furnished.

Parties tendering to state the quality of the Coal and Wood they mean to furnish.

WM. LEAVITT,
WM. PARKS,
JAMES GALLAGHER,
JOSEPH FAIRWEATHER,
St. John, 20th July, 1852. *Committee.*

REED'S POINT STEAMBOAT LANDING.

TENDERS will be received at the Corporation Committee Room, up to Friday the 23d instant, at noon, for the erection of a

STEAMBOAT LANDING at Reed's Point,

on a more limited scale than formerly advertised; and according to a Plan and Specification to be seen on application at the Committee Room.

The work to be completed by the 1st November, 1853.

Ten per cent. of the amount of Contract will be paid in advance, and ten per cent. on the 1st days of October, November, March, April, May, and June; and the balance on the work being finished. Due security will be required.

THOMAS McAVITY,
JOHN M. WALKER,
G. VANHORNE,
JOSEPH STEPHENSON,
G. V. NOWLIN,
J. C. LITTLEHALE,
J. W. CUDLIP, } Committee.

Common Council Committee Room,
17th July, 1852.

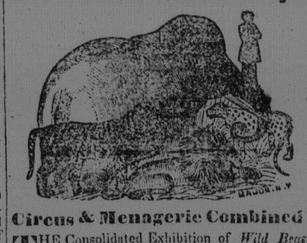
THE CHURCHMAN'S PENNY MAGAZINE, AND GUIDE TO CHRISTIAN TRUTH—published by Wertheim and McIntosh, London. The above, from October, 1851, to June 1852, can be had at 1½d. per number, on application to

July 17. JOHN KINNEAR.

MESS PORK & LARD OIL—Per steamer Creole, from Boston—10 brls Mess Pork; 4 brls Extra Lard Oil.

July 20 JAMES MACFARLANE.

For FOUR DAYS Only!



Circus & Menagerie Combined!

THE Consolidated Exhibition of *Wild Beasts* and *Equestrian Exercises*, being the entire Establishments of R. Sands & Co., and G. C. Quick & Co., will perform at the East end of St. James's street, near the Marine Hospital, Lower Cove, on MONDAY, July 19th, 20th, 21st, and 22d inst. Doors open at 2 and 7 o'clock, performances commence at 2½ and 7½ o'clock, P. M. Price admission—Reserved Seats 2s. 6d., Box and Pit 1s. 3d. *No half price.* The Caravan and Circus will enter town in grand procession, preceded by a magnificent Cortege and Music Chariot, with the N. Y. Bugle Band, under the direction of John Parsons. The Managerie will be displayed on one side of the interior of the immense travelling Pavillion, the audience being seated on the other, with the Arena for the Ring Performances in the centre. The whole will be illuminated by patent Chandeliers.

The Zoological Collection embraces a beautiful assortment, recently purchased from the estate of the late Earl of Derby and Mr. Wombwell of England, among which are the following: One Performing Elephant, 3 Syrian Camels, 6 African Lions, White Polar Bear, California Grizzly Bear, Pair of Leopards, Rhinoceros, Royal Bengal Tiger, Black Poonah Bear, Alpacca, Brazillian Tiger, Kangaroos, English Deer, striped and spotted Hyenas, Pelicans, Black and white Swans, Gold and Silver Pheasants, S. A. Ostrich, Cassauway, Civit Cat, Black Bear, Monkies, Birds, &c. &c. Mr. Brooks will exhibit in the Performing Den his supreme control over a group of Lions, Tigers and Leopards.

The Equestrian Features.—Mr. J. J. Nathans and his son Philo will appear in the most finished Two Horse Performance ever witnessed;—Mr. Nathans and Mr. Hankins will likewise perform the Roman Gladiators on Horseback;—Mr. J. H. Lovett as Clown; Masters F. & W. Pastor; Miss Emma Nathans and W. Kennedy in a variety of acts.

The Performances embraced in the above combined Exhibitions are in every respect per

Sales by Auction.

Teas, Rice, Window Glass, &c.

BY AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 21st instant, at 11 o'clock, at the subscriber's Warehouse:

12 HALF-CHESTS excellent quality CONGOU TEA;
10 casks London Brown Stout, } each 3 dozen;
10 do. East India Pale ALE, }
20 cases Hollands GIN;
4 cases NECTAR—each 1 dozen;
3 tierces RICE; 1 ton LOGWOOD;
4 casks superior quality BLACKING;
1 quarter cask LIME JUICE;
boxes Cream Tartar, Button Blue, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

100 boxes WINDOW GLASS, assorted sizes, from 8x10 to 15x11.—*Terms at Sale.*

JOHN V. THURGAR,
July 17. North Market Wharf.

Corporation Building Lots in King's Ward.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction on Friday the 23d inst. at Twelve o'clock, noon, the following valuable Building Lots on the Eastern ends of Union-street and Elliot Row, in King's Ward, viz:—

Lots Nos. 279 and 1, 2, 3, 4, on Elliot Row.
" " 272, 273, on Union Street.
" " 5, 6, and 7, on Great Georges-street.

Conditions of Lease—1 years from 1st August next. Improvements to be paid for or lease renewed. Other particulars made known at time of sale, or on application to JOHN M. WALKER, } *Committee of*
JAMES S. BALLENTINE } *Common Council.*
St. John, July 13, 1852. [City papers.]

FLOATING DOCK
For Sale by Auction.

ON WEDNESDAY the 28th day of July instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, at Peel's Wharf, Lower Cove, will be Sold by the Subscriber, without reserve, "THE ST. JOHN FLOATING DOCK," as she now lies at said Wharf, together with the Chains, Ropes, and Fastenings attached and belonging to said Dock.

The Dock was in all respects most substantially built—is capable of taking in a ship of 1000 tons with perfect safety, and can be viewed at any time previous to the day of sale.

For further particulars apply at the Counting Room of JOHN V. THURGAR.
July 20th, 1852.

SALE,

By Public Auction, on Wednesday the 4th August next, at 12 o'clock, on the Premises—the following valuable Freehold Property, belonging to the Estate of the late THOMAS PADDOCK, viz:—

ALL that LAND fronting on Prince William Street, Duke-street, and Water-street, being one hundred feet on Prince William-street and Water-street—*in Lots.* ALSO:

All that Wharf to the Westward of the above, well known as "Paddock's Wharf," comprising the Rents and Reversions of the Lots leased thereon, and half the Slip to the Northward thereof, having a front of one hundred and fifty feet on Water-street, and extending with that breadth to the low water mark, with an extension below the same.

For terms and further particulars, apply to the undersigned. J. M. ROBINSON,
July 10, 1852. *Attorney at Law.*

SALT!

500 SACKS Butter SALT;
1000 sacks Common SALT;
4000 bushels loose Salt,—per ship *Speed*, from Liverpool, and for sale Cheap while afloat, by W. GIRVAN,
July 13. *Peters' Wharf.*

TO LET.

A FLAT of that pleasantly situated House in Princess street, at present in the occupation of Mr. Robert Golding. For particulars apply to R. GOLDING or
13th July, 1852. SAML. BUSTIN.

50 Kegs Nails, &c. just received,

consisting of the following:—

FOURPENNY Rose and Clasp wrought Nails,
6d'y and 8d'y do. do. do.
10d'y and 12d'y do. do. do.
4d'y and 6d'y OX NAILS,
8d'y and 9d'y HORSE NAILS.
1½ and 2 inch BOAT NAILS.

—ALSO—

10 barrels Sea Elephant OIL,
10 barrels Spirits of Turpentine,
18 boxes large size GLASS—up to 32x40,
400 assorted size LOOKING GLASSES,
25 gross Mason's BLACKING,
12 gross Castor Oil BOTTLES,
1 barrel superior American Castor OIL, and one case containing
Hair and Cloth BRUSHES, Shaving Boxes, Shaving Glasses, Dressing Cases, &c.

JOHN KINNEAR,
July 13 *Prince Wm.-street.*

Herrings.

300 BRLS. Magdalen Island Herrings, now landing and for sale low by
June 29.—1i. R. RANKIN & CO.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of the late E. D. VERY, of the Parish of Portland, will please render the same within Three Months from this date; and all persons indebted to the said Estate, will make immediate payment to

ELIZA W. VERY, *Administratrix,*
A. McL. SEELY, *Administrator.*
June 24, 1852.—[Courier, Observer.]

Greatest Reduction yet!

The Steamer CREOLE,

Captain WINCHESTER,

WILL leave the South Market Wharf on MONDAY next, 21st inst., at two o'clock, for EASTPORT, PORTLAND, and BOSTON.

Cabin Fare to Boston,		$3,00
" "	Portland,	$2,50
Deck "	Boston,	$2,75
" "	Portland,	$1,75

Tickets to be had on board, or at the Office of R. P. McGIVERN, *Agent,*
St. John, June 19. North Market Wharf.

ROUND YELLOW CORN.—Landing ex brig "*Helen,*" from New York—100 bags Round Yellow Corn. For sale by
June 6. JARDINE & CO.

AUSTRALIAN REGULAR MONTHLY LINE
for Port Philip and Sydney.
To sail August 1st.

THE splendid A 1 Clipper Ship EPAMINONDAS, (1200 tons burthen,) WHITE, Commander, will have immediate despatch from New York, where she is now taking her freight on board. This superior ship has unequalled accommodations for cabin, second cabin and steerage passengers, being light and thoroughly ventilated. The state rooms are large, and peculiarly adapted for the comfort of families.

An experienced Surgeon accompanies the ship.

For freight, which will be taken on most favourable terms, or passage, apply to
GEO. THOMAS, *St. John.*

The first class Ship CAPITOL will succeed the Epaminondas, and sail September 1st.
July 13.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the General Post Office, Saint John, 15th July, 1852.

Persons calling for any of the undermentioned Letters, will please ask for "*Advertised Letters.*"

A.
Adamson, John
Alder, Robert
Attley, Jacob
Allen, Robert
Anderson, J A
Allen, Benj
Anderson, John
Arnold, Mrs (2)
Arnold, Patrick
B.
Barbxrie, O D
Baker, M R
Barry, James
Barnerd, Wm.
Bailey, Chas
Barteaux, Edward
Bell, Adelaide
Bettinson, C
Beckman, J
Boyle, Thomas
Bowen, Samuel
Brookfield, John
Bush, Abraham
Buchanan, M
Burke, Nancy
Bunnell, John
Banker, Samuel
Burns, J W
C.
Carr, W A
Casey, John
Castaguire, Pasquale
Chaloner, E. D.
Crane, G.
Crawford, C.
Cleflin, A. P.
Colgahoon, J.
Courtney, Samuel
Cook, Anne
Collins, May, & Co.
Curtis, J. R.
Cylacster, Elizabeth
Cullen, Robert
D.
Danison, James
Davis Geo. W.
Darcus, James
Dennis, Timothy
Doyle, Martin
Donely, John
Donelly, Julia
Dume, Thomas
Dunn, Wm.
Dryezdaile, J.
E.
Eager, Wm.
Ells, W. C.
Epdyke, J.
English, A.
Elliott, Mrs. Wm.
F.
Farrelly, Patrick
Fraser, James
Fleymen, Sarah
Flewelling, M. G.
Fitzgerald, G. P.
Faster, Seth
Fox, Elizabeth
Foley, Thomas
Flynn, John
Foulton, Hugh
G.
Gaugher, Catherine
Gage, Wm. M.
Graves, Richard
Graves, O. B.
Gage, Wm.
Gallagher, H.
Gass, Joseph
Gilmor, Wm.
Gillin, A.
Gromes, Henry
Griffith, Anthony
Gillispye, Edward
Gourman, Thomas
Godsoe, Edward
Glinn, Maurice
H.
Hamet, Edward
Hanson, Captain
Harrison, Mary Ann
Harrison, Miss Mary
Harrison, J.
Hayes, John
Hamilton, Henry
Harrison, T. A.
Hea, John (3)
Hennigar, Revd.
Hepburn, J.
Hill, C. J. McIntosh
Hicks, Wm.
Horgan, C.
Holland, Catherine
Hodges, Mrs. B.
Hurley, Bridget
Hyde, Margaret
J.
Jolisn, Captain
Joyce, Michael
Johnston, Wm.
Jones, H. D.
Johnston, Jane
Jordan, M. A.
Johnston, Henry
Joyce, Betty
K.
Kennedy, Mary
Kane, Mrs. Simon
Kane, Michael
Kennedy, Margaret
Kee, John
Kelearen, Pat.
Keenan, Thomas
Kearney, Pat.
Kinney, Joseph
Kielty, Jane
Lowe, R
L.
Larkings, Peter
Lawe, B.
Lynch, John
Lynch, James
M.
Malrony, Michael
Manaton, Sampson
Moss, Edward
Miller, J. T.
Mitchell, John
Milles, James H (2)
Miller, W J
Morton Margaret
Moore, Wm
Moore, Mrs Mary
Moury, John
Morrison, Miss B
Moir, Miss R A
Morrison, John
Morson, R
Murphy, O
Muney Jeremiah
Mullaley, John
Muir & Mosedall
Mc
McGarahell Robert
McCarthy, Michael
McAuley, George
McAvoy, James
McSharry, Pat
McKay, John (2)
McFarland, Ann
McNamara, Anthony
McCarthy, Captn C
McNear J A
McGreary, Bridget
McLean, J R
McLean, Robert
McLeod, Mary
McLean, Captn C
McNichol, E
McLean, W M
McNichol, C
McGourty, John
McGawan, George
McCutcl ins, Elizabeth
McCumber, Sarah
N
Nolan, Maria
O
Owens, Margaret
O'Brine, James
O'Riley, Philip
P
Patton, R F
Panol, Mrs. S D (2)
Pratt, Nancy
Paul, John
Parr, Joseph
Parker, John
Perry, Malcom
Percy Samuel
Philips Catherine
Prince, G G
Purkess, Ann
Q
Quinn, Ann
Quirk, M
R
Rand, Edward S (2)
Ray, H C L
Reardon, Catherine
Rennie, Archibald
Ross, Wm
Richie C.
Ritchie, A
Roach, Catherine
Roper, M
Roberts, Sarah
Roony, Wm
Rouse, Geo F
Robertson, James
Ross, Wm
Ruddick, A.
S
Saunge, G
Shannon, Hugh
Saunders, Robt
Spence, Miss A
Smith, Andrew (2)
Smith, M & J
Smith Jerred
Sinclair, John
Souther, John
Stuart, Martha
Summerlin, Alexander
T
Tengelsum, Capt
Trefey, Wm
Titus, Mary Ann
Tingley, A
Thompson, Mrs. Mary (2)
Thomas, Boil
U
Utley, Jacob
W
Watt, J B
Watts, Samuel
Walters, John
Wilson, R G
White, Catherine
Whiley, Thomas
White, E H
Wood, Wm
Wood, Edward
Y
Young, Daniel

NEW-BRUNSWICK
Marine Assurance Company,
6TH JULY, 1852.

THE Stockholders of the *New-Brunswick Marine Assurance Company,* are hereby notified that a DIVIDEND of TWELVE SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE per Share was this day declared, payable on the 2d of August next.

F. A. WIGGINS, *President.*

The Old Stand Again!

THE Subscriber, in returning thanks to his numerous friends and customers for their liberal patronage heretofore, begs leave to inform them that he has again resumed business at the old stand, which, having enlarged and otherwise improved, he is prepared to furnish them as usual with BISCUIT and SHIP BREAD of the various kinds of a superior quality, to which he would respectfully call their attention.

N. B.—Orders punctually attended to.
THOMAS RANKINE, JR.
July 6, 1852.

Scythes, Sickles, Scythe Stones, &c

W. TISDALE & SON have just received, and offer for sale very low—200 dozen Griffin's North Wayne Co., and Hall & Co.'s SCYTHES; 100 ditto SICKLES and SCYTHE HOOKS; 97 dozen Hay Rakes; 24 doz. Hay Forks; 20 boxes Scythe Stones; 5 ditto Scythe Rifles; 40 dozen Scythe Sneaths daily expected.
July 6.

Window Glass and Shaft Iron.

Just received, and for sale by the Subscriber—

100 BOXES WINDOW GLASS, assorted sizes, from 10x8 to 15x11.—A few boxes extra Scrap Shaft Iron.

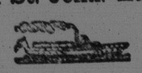
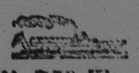
JOHN V. THURGAR,
July 6. *North Market Wharf*

Gourock canvass.

Just Received—per Sarah Louisa:

6 BALES Gourock CANVASS, assorted, Nos. 1 to 6—will be sold low by
GILCHRIST & INCHES,
St. John, June 22. *Golden Fleece.*

NEW ARRANGEMENT
Between St. John, Eastport, Calais, Portland and Boston.

Steamer "ADMIRAL," 750 Tons,
CAPTAIN ALBERT WOOD,
Steamer "EASTERN CITY," 650 Tons,
CAPTAIN SAMUEL BLANCHARD,

WILL, on and after Monday the 19th July, leave SAINT JOHN, at 8 A. M., and BOSTON at 11, A. M., every *MONDAY, WEDNESDAY,* and *FRIDAY,* touching at Portland both ways on the Monday and Wednesday trips.

Passengers for St. Andrews, Robinston and Calais, will take the Steamer *NEQUASSET,* Captain CARY, soon after the arrival of the above Steamers at Eastport.

Passengers on Monday and Wednesday can take the cars at Portland for Boston.

Cabin Fare to Boston,		$1 00,	Deck Fare to Boston,		3 00,
" "	Portland,	3 50,	" "	Portland,	2 00,
" "	Eastport,	1 25,	" "	Eastport,	1 00,
" "	Calais,	2 00,			
" "	St. Andrews,	1 75,			

TABLE OF SAILING FROM THE PORTS OF SAINT JOHN AND BOSTON.

Steamer.	*Date of leaving Saint John.*	*Steamer.*	*Date of leaving Boston.*
Admiral,	Monday, July 19, 8 a m	Eastern City,	Monday, July 19, 11 a m.
Eastern City,	Wednesday, July 21, 8 a m	Admiral,	Wednesday, July 21, 11 a m
Admiral,	Friday, July 23, 8 a m	Eastern City,	Friday, July 23, 11 a m
Eastern City,	Monday, July 26, 8 a m	Admiral,	Monday, July 26, 11 a m
Admiral,	Wednesday, July 28, 8 a m	Eastern City,	Wednesday, July 28, 11 a m
Eastern City,	Friday, July 30, 8 a m	Admiral,	Friday, July 30, 11 a m
Admiral,	Monday, August 2, 8 a m	Eastern City,	Monday, August 2, 11 a m
Eastern City,	Wednesday, August 4, 8 a m	Admiral,	Wednesday, August 4, 11 a m
Admiral,	Friday, August 6, 8 a m	Eastern City,	Friday, August 6, 11 a m
Eastern City,	Monday, August 9, 8 a m	Admiral,	Monday, August 9, 11 a m
Admiral,	Wednesday, August 11, 8 a m	Eastern City,	Wednesday, August 11, 11 a m
Eastern City,	Friday, August 13, 8 a m	Admiral,	Friday, August 13, 11 a m
Admiral,	Monday, August 16, 8 a m	Eastern City,	Monday, August 16, 11 a m
Eastern City,	Wednesday, August 18, 8 a m	Admiral,	Wednesday, August 18, 11 a m
Admiral,	Friday, August 20, 8 a m	Eastern City,	Friday, August 20, 11 a m
Eastern City,	Monday, August 23, 8 a m	Admiral,	Monday, August 23, 11 a m
Admiral,	Wednesday, August 25, 8 a m	Eastern City,	Wednesday, August 25, 11 a m
Eastern City,	Friday, August 27, 8 a m	Admiral,	Friday, August 27, 11 a m
Admiral,	Monday, August 30, 8 a m	Eastern City,	Monday, August 30, 11 a m

For further information apply to GEORGE THOMAS, *Agent Steamer Admiral.*
July 13. L. H. WATERHOUSE, *Agent Steamer Eastern City.*

More Boots and Shoes.

Received by Ship Favorite *from Liverpool:*

LADIES' Prunella and Cashmere BOOTS, manufactured expressly for us, Vamped with Kid (very neatly), spring shanks and soles, thin, soft and pliable.—Also, Prunella, Enamelled, Patent Leather, Kid and Morrocco SLIPS. A large assortment of Girl's Prunella Boots, all sizes, and best quality.—To all we say, if you want good *Boots* and *Shoes,* that will *not rip,* come to our establishment.

Good Rubbers always on hand.

FAULKE & HENNIGAR,
Corner Rocky Hill & Germain St.
July 6, 1852.—4i. [Chron. 4i.]

J. MUNRO,

BEGS leave most respectfully to inform his friends and the public, that he has removed to a convenient Shop in rear of his former Stand, now occupied by Mr. W. N. Venning, entrance opposite Mr. John Barry's, Silversmith, King street, where he will continue to work in GOLD AND SILVER, viz:—Ladies' Hair BRACELETS; Hair and Gold RINGS made to order; Silver SPOONS FORKS, Butter Knives, &c. &c.

Engraving, and Jewelry neatly repaired.

J. M. most gratefully tenders his sincere thanks to those kind friends for their late patronage, and solicits a continuance of the same.

June 1, 1852.—6i.

GOLDEN FLEECE,
Prince William Street,

GILCHRIST & INCHES,

BEG to inform their friends and the public generally that they have

REMOVED

their Business to the extensive Premises in Prince William Street, known as the

GOLDEN FLEECE,

lately occupied by Messrs. DOHERTY & McTAVISH, where they have received per *Pacide, Sir Harry Smith, Alciope, Devon, Cambria, St. John, Oromocto,* and *Harriott,* from London, Liverpool, and Glasgow; also, per steamer *Admiral,* from the United States,

A large and well assorted Stock of
British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Goods,

suitable for the season, which they are prepared to dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

Wholesale and Retail.

St. John, May 29, 1852.

GLOVES.

MORRISON & CO. have just received per STEAMER "CANADA,"

A case of very elegant French Kid GLOVES, direct from France, and warranted "*THE GENUINE ARTICLE.*"

June 8.

Spring Importations.

Wholesale and Retail Warehouse,
Prince Wm. Street.

J. & J. HEGAN,

Have received per "Oromocto," "Alciope," "Sir Harry Smith," and "Cambria,"

A VERY Extensive and well selected Stock of the Newest and most FASHIONABLE

Fancy & Staple DRY GOODS,

which are now offered for sale at the lowest possible prices.

Decided Advantages will be given to WHOLESALE Purchasers for satisfactory payments.

CASH ONLY in the Retail Department.

St. John, 4th May, 1852.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Just Received per Steamer "Canada":

A CHOICE assortment of FANCY GOODS, in Ladies' Mantles; Fancy Bonnet and Cap Ribbons, Gloves, a variety of DRESS Materials, Ladies' and children's BONNETS.

Per Steamer "Admiral," from Boston, and ship "Saint John," from the Clyde:—

A large Stock of BRITISH and AMERICAN GOODS, selected expressly for this market, which are offered very low—Wholesale and Retail.

J. & H. FOTHERBY,
April 10. *North Side Market Square.*

TOBACCO & CIGARS.

Just received from New York,

67 BOXES TOBACCO, various brands; 25,000 very choice Havana CIGARS.
June 1. FLEWWELLING & READING.

RAISINS.

Just landed, per *Olive Branch,* from Boston:

100 BOXES RAISINS, in fine order.—For sale by
June 22. FLEWWELLING & READING.

A CURED.

DR. WM. B. AGNEW, late Graduate of the Pennsylvania Medical College, Philadelphia, offers his services as Surgeon and Medical Practitioner to those who may require them. Office at his Mother's residence, Charlotte street, 2 doors North of St. Stephen's Hall. Hours from 7 to 10 A. M., and 4 to 6 P. M. June 22.—3i.

CORNER OF KING & GERMAIN STREETS.

NEW GOODS.

JAMES BURRELL

HAS received per *St. John* from Glasgow, *Leside* from London, *Alciope* and *Devon* from Liverpool, and also from the United States—a choice assortment of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, suitable for the season, viz.:

LONG & SQUARE SHAWLS;
DRESS MATERIALS—In fancy Delaines; Cashmeres; Circassian Cloth; Orleans; Coburgs; Printed Muslins; black and coloured Silks.

An excellent assortment of STRAW BONNETS; French and English Bonnet and Cap Ribbons; Artificial Flowers; Parasols;
5-4 *PRINTED COTTONS,* choice patterns;
Grey and White Cottons; Red and White Flannels; Cotton Warps, Wadding and Batting;
Bed Ticks; Regatta Shirtings;
LINENS, LAWNS, Hollands, Towellings, Diapers, Table Cloths, Linen GINGHAMS;
CLOTHS, TROWSERINGS & VESTINGS;
Counterpanes, Toilette Covers;
Worsted and Cotton FRINGES;
Furniture Dimity; MUSLINS; Harness Filled Book Muslin; HOSIERY and GLOVES in great variety; Thread and Cotton Laces, Edgings and Insertions; Infant's Robes, Frock Bodies and Caps; Sewed Muslin Habit Shirts, Chemizetts and Collars;
Black and Coloured Veils;
Fancy Neck Ties;
Patent Elastic Bands;
Hose Nets and Platts;
Col'd and White Stays,
Gents. Linen SHIRTS, DRAWERS, and COLLARS, in new patterns;
Silk Neck and Pocket Handkerchiefs;
UMBRELLAS, Bonnet and Parasol *STOCKS; BRUSHES,* Combs, Suspenders, &c. &c. &c.

The Subscriber would respectfully invite the attention of purchasers to his extensive STOCK OF GOODS, which having been carefully selected will be sold Wholesale and Retail at the lowest prices for Cash.

JAMES BURRELL,
May 18. *Corner of King & Germain streets.*

SPRING GOODS.

Just Received per Steamer *Canada,* and Ship *Saint John:*

A VARIED and extensive assortment of GOODS, suitable for the season. The remainder of their Spring Stock daily expected. The above arrivals will be found worthy the attention of intending purchasers.

April 13. MORRISON & CO.

EXHIBITION CLOTHS!

GOLDEN FLEECE, Prince Wm-st.
May 29th, 1852.

GILCHRIST & INCHES have just received and opened A CASE OF PATENT FINISHED BLACK CLOTH—*an entirely new article,* of superior quality, which will be sold low by the piece, or retail. June 1.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Per *Sarah Louisa,* and *Commodore:*

A further supply of ELECTRO PLATED Goods, consisting of

CANDLESTICKS, Cake Baskets, Tea Sets, Salvers, Castors, Snuffers and Trays, Butter Coolers, Toast Racks, Glass Candlesticks, Children's Cups, (Sugar Bowls new Styles.)

Also—New *JEWELLERY,* in Gold Settings; Brooches, Rings, Chains, Pencil Cases, Guards, Habit Brooches, Gold Pens, Presentation Pens, &c. &c.; with a great variety of FANCY GOODS—all direct from the first Makers, and made expressly for our Retail Business; they are offered at such prices for Cash, as will meet the wishes of all parties.

An early inspection is solicited.

Watches and Jewellery carefully Repaired.

Further supplies expected daily.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
June 22.—6i. Proprietors.

Wines, Champagne, Whiskey, &c.

Now landing for the subscriber, on the North Market Wharf—

20 QUARTER Casks PORT WINE;
3 hogsheads } SHERRY;
5 qr. casks }
10 baskets first quality CHAMPAGNE, Lilley brand; 2 puns. fine flavoured Scotch M. *WHISKEY.* —*Also*—
5 puns. prime Old Jamaica RUM;
10 puns. high proof SPIRITS.

Will be sold low for approved payments by
July 6. JOHN V. THURGAR.

LONDON HOUSE,
MARKET SQUARE, May, 1852.

THE Spring Stock of this Establishment comprising the usual extensive assortment, has just been received by the late arrivals from Great Britain and the United States—

IN DRESS MATERIALS; LADIES' VISITES SHAWLS; PARASOLS; RIBBONS; GLOVES, &c. &c. &c.
are many new styles and makes.

And in the WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT will be found a very general assortment, carefully selected for that extensive branch of the business of this Establishment.

May 11. T. W. DANIEL.

VICTORIA HOUSE,
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
Saint John, June 5th, 1852.

JAMES DOHERTY & CO,
British and Foreign Importers,

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF
EXTENSIVE IMPORTATIONS
OF
Spring and Summer Goods!!
PER STEAMSHIPS
Niagara, Canada, America, Europa, Cambria,
AND PER SHIPS
"Sir Harry Smith," "Alciope," "Cambria," and "Devon," from London, Liverpool and Glasgow;

Comprising a Magnificent Assortment of the LEADING NOVELTIES for the Season, in

BROCADED and Plain SILKS and SATINS;
Fancy DRESS GOODS, in every novelty;
BRITISH and FOREIGN SHAWLS;
FRENCH MANTLES and VISITES;
Leghorn, Chacan, and Straw BONNETS,
RIBBONS;
LACES,
PARASOLS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
STAYS,
LADIES' VESTS
HALF SHIRTS;
CHEMIZETTES & COLLARS;

BROAD CLOTHS;
TROWSERINGS;
VESTINGS, &c.;
FLANNELS;
BLANKETS, &c.;
FAMILY MOURNING, &c. &c.

FRESH ARRIVALS of *choicest and latest Styles of Goods by every British Steamer once a fortnight from our Buyer, resident in England.*

ONLY ONE PRICE MADE, FROM WHICH THERE CAN BE NO DEVIATION.

JAMES DOHERTY & CO.

Flour, Oil, Meal, &c.

Just landing per Brooklyn from New York—

100 BARRELS Superfine CANADA FLOUR.

Per Exile, from Halifax—10 casks Dog Fish OIL.

Per Cuba, from Boston:

BEANS, Dried *APPLES, PEPPER SAUCE* FARINA, BROOMS, Cassia, Camphor, Yeast Powder, Saleratus, Sago, &c. &c.

JAMES MACFARLANE,
June 15, 1852. *Market Square.*

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
Market Square, St. John, N. B,

Per *Commodore,* and *Sarah Louisa,*—Just received—a beautiful assortment of GAS FITTINGS, consisting of

2, and 3 light CHANDELIERS, complete; Pendants, Brackets, Hall Lamps, Gasaliers, in Bronze and Bronzed and relieved, direct from one of the first Manufacturers in England—GLASS GLOBES to suit; Gig LAMPS, &c. &c.

The above are made expressly for Private Dwellings, and will be found superior to any in the market, the styles being quite new—they are offered at the lowest cash prices.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
June 22.—6i. Proprietors.

LUBIN's PERFUMERY.

THE subscriber has just received an extensive assortment of the above celebrated Perfumery, consisting of Rose, Geranium, Jocky Club, Sweet Briar, Heliotrope, Verbena. Also—A fresh supply of *EAU ANGE, COLOGNE,* and *LAVENDER WATER.*

THOMAS M. REED,
June 1. Head of North Wharf.

Tea, Seal Oil, &c.

Landing ex schr. "*Windsor,*" from Halifax—

50 CHESTS, 10 boxes fine family Congo, 10 barrels Pale Seal OIL.

Ex *Lion Eliza,* from Philadelphia—

100 barrels Kiln Dried CORN MEAL.
10,000 Choice MANILLA CHEROOTS.—For sale by [June 26.] JARDINE & CO.

Superfine Flour & Clover Seed.

Landing ex "Rainbow," from New York:

50 BRLS. Canada Superfine FLOUR.
Ex "Admiral," from Boston:—
10 bags CLOVER and GRASS SEED.

JAMES MACFARLANE,
May 11 *Market Square.*

Spring Importation of BOOTS and SHOES.

DAVID PATERSON has much pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public, that he has just received per the ship *Alciope,* from Liverpool, and steamer *Admiral,* from Boston, a large supply of Ladies, Misses, Boys, Children's, and Infants BOOTS and SHOES, in almost every style, too numerous to name in an advertisement, the greater part having been manufactured to his order.

As the purchasers of imported *Boots* and *Shoes* incur considerable expense in having the rips sewed in the above class of work, those purchasing at his establishment will find it to their advantage, as all work that he warrants not to rip, he will repair without any charge.

ON HAND—A well assorted stock of Gent's BOOTS and SHOES, various styles, of his own manufacture—which is so well known in this Province for the last twenty-five years, as to require no comment at this time.

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BOOT,
Foster's Corner, King-street.

N. B.—Country Dealers supplied Wholesale at a small advance on cost and charges.
May 11.

Guano, Sickles, &c.

Landing, ex "*Sarah Louisa,*" from Liverpool—

80 BAGS best Peruvian GUANO;
35 dozen SICKLES;
15 dozen Grass HOOKS; 10 doz. Steel Pointed SHOVELS; 10 doz. CATTLE TIES; 6 doz. GARDEN RAKES.

Ex schr. *Martha Greenow,* from Boston—

15 boxes Cummington *SCYTHE STONES;*
5 Spring Teeth Horse Rakes;
5 Revolving Horse Rakes,—with a large assortment of SNEATHS, Cradle Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Shovels, &c. &c.—For sale by
June 22. JARDINE & CO.

BRITISH HOUSE,
No. 16, King Street,
St. John, June 5th, 1852.

JAMES DOHERTY & CO.,
British & Foreign Importers,

BEG TO ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF
EXTENSIVE IMPORTATIONS
OF
Spring and Summer Goods!!
PER STEAMSHIPS
Niagara, Canada, America, Europa, Cambria,
AND PER SHIPS
"Sir Harry Smith," "Alciope," "Cambria," and "Devon," from London, Liverpool and Glasgow

Comprising a Magnificent Assortment of the LEADING NOVELTIES for the season, in

BROCADED and Plain SILKS and SATINS;
A Fancy DRESS GOODS, in every novelty;
BRITISH AND FOREIGN SHAWLS;
FRENCH MANTLES and VISITES;
Leghorn, Chacan, and Straw BONNETS;
RIBBONS;
LACES,
PARASOLS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
STAYS,
LADIES' VEST;
HALF SHIRTS;
CHEMIZETTES & COLLARS,
BROAD CLOTHS;
TWEEDS;
VESTINGS, &c.,
FLANNELS;
BLANKETS, &c.
FAMILY MOURNING &c &c

FRESH ARRIVALS of *choicest and latest Styles of Goods by every British Steamer once a fortnight from our Buyer, resident in England.*

ONLY ONE PRICE MADE, FROM WHICH THERE CAN BE NO DEVIATION.

JAMES DOHERTY & CO.

SHEATHED ROPE,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Per "*Commodore*" and "*Sarah Louisa*"—

WILL be opened in a few days—10 casks and cases of BLOCK TIN and JAPANNED GOODS, consisting of Tea Trays Waiters, and Bread Baskets; Table Stands, Dish Covers, Teapots Coffee Pots, Filterers; Beetle's Cutlery Knives, Razors, Egg Coolers, Sugar Boxes, Spice Boxes, Pastry Cutters, Jelly Moulds, Bread Dishes, Nutmeg graters, Soup Tureens, Soup Ladles, Slop Pails, Cane Vases, Candlesticks, Paste Pans, Lamp Heads, Fish Trowels and Slices, Foot Warmers, Kettle Dippers, Wash Basins, Mosaic Kettles, Boiler Trays, Tartan, Tart Pans, &c. &c. with a large variety of other articles, too numerous to particularize—the lots of an advertisement—AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
June 22—6i Proprietors.

Cheap! Cheap! Cheap!

Received from Paris—

1 CASE ROOM PAPER—latest designs—which will be sold exceedingly low, wholesale or retail, if applied for immediately.

June 12. W. H. ADAMS.

HARDWARE, &c.

Received per "Belmont," "Canada," "Brooklyn," and "Dream," from Liverpool; "Sir Harry Smith," from London, and "Oromocto," from Glasgow:

125 SMITHS BELLOWS, 12 ANVILS, 24 Vices, 1 cask, Smiths' Hammers and Sledges; 2 casks Files;
1 cask of Chains; 1 do. Halter Chains and Back Bands.
Casks Close Link CHAIN ¾, 5-16 and ⅜ inch.
2 tons Horse and Ox Nails, 60 bags Wrought Nails, from 5dy to 40 dy.
50 bags *Patent Pressed Nails,* from ⅜ inch to 6 inch.
10 bags Clout Nails; 10 bags Block Rivetts, 1 cask Tinman's and Coopers' Rivetts;
⅛ ton Clinch Rings, from ⅜ to 14 inch;
2 tons Spikes, from 4 to 9 inch;
8 do. Pots, Bakepans, Spare Covers, Fry Pan and Griddles;
1 ton Shoe Bills, ⅜ and ½ inch; 2 do. Brass Sparrowbills; 3 do. Zinc do.;
14 ton Sad Irons, 1 ton Cart Boxes assorted;
12 pigs Block Tin, 1 cask Strip TIN;
1 cask Zinc; 1 ton SHOT; 5 sheets *LEAD;*
1 ton Lead Pipe; 100 Plough Moulds;
1 ton Plough Plating; 1 ton Blister *STEEL;*
⅛ ton spring STEEL; 1 ton square, Octagon, Round and Flat Cast STEEL;
6 casks Tea Kettles, Sauce pans, Digesters, and Enamel'd Preserve Kettles;
95 Barrels Wire, Brass, Copper and Iron all sizes.
75 dozen Griffin SCYTHES, 60 do. do. Reaping Hooks and Sickles.
60 doz. Handled SPADES and SHOVELS.
150 dozen Steel'd Miners or round point Shovels, Garden Spades, Hoes, and Trowels.
1 ton Block Tin boxes; 16 dozen long handled Fry Pans;
12 doz. short handled Fry Pans.
500 Patent Block Tackings.
100 Hoole, Sturtevant & Co's Gang Saws 5½ feet.
50 Rowlands' Vickers, and Hoole & Co's MILL SAWS, 6 6½ and 7 feet.
Circular Saws, from 12 to 30 inches.
4 cases Cut, Hand, Cross, and 6th Saws in variety.
3 cases Thompson's Scotch Screw AUGERS, from ¾ inch to 2 inch, long and short screw.
3 cases GUNS and PISTOLS, Shot Belts, Pouches.
3 cases Coopers' Mill X Cut Hand Tenons and other Saws and Rasps.
1 do. Iron Scales and Corded HAIR;
1 do. Hair Cloth and Garting;
1 do. 2 Cart Harnesses 2 do. Brass Hames.
2 cases Best H H F Gunpowder in Hogsheads.
1 case Best White Metal Dress Joint OILS; 4 Patent Locks, assorting every size of LOCKS.
1 case Hosiery and Cotton Hose; HARDWARE and CUTLERY, 10 kegs Powder; Gilmour's Shot; Brass Bedsteads;
No. 1 WHITE LEAD; Red, Yellow and Green PAINTS;
100 Gallon Pipes; 1 chest of TRUSSES; with the Stock on hand, comprising every thing in the hardware and cutlery line, which will be sold wholesale for approved payments by W. TISDALE & SON.
June 1, 1852.

Ladies' BOOTS and SHOES.

Just landed, by the Devon and Alciope from Liverpool:—

AN excellent assortment of Ladies' Cashmere and Prunella BOOTS; Misses' Prunella Boots; which will be sold very cheap,—together with Ladies' and Girl's Village and Gaiter SHOES; Kid, Patent Leather and Enamelled PUMPS and SLIPPERS; Women's Strong Pumps and Welt Shoes, to lace. Also, good strong Goloshed Prunella Boots.—The above were all manufactured in England, expressly for us, of the best workmanship and materials, so that the annoyance of ripping is completely overcome. As a proof of their fashion, each article bears our names stamped on the sole.

FAULKE & HENNIGAR,
Corner Germain-street and Rocky Hill.
May 18.—6i.

S. K. FOSTER'S
Ladies' Fashionable Shoe Store,
GERMAIN STREET, Foster's Corner.

NEW BOOTS and SHOES.

Received per Ships "Fusilier," "Saint John," "Sir Harry Smith," "Alciope," &c. from Great Britain:

A VERY large and well assorted Stock of New BOOTS and SHOES, comprising all the *Newest Styles for Ladies, Girls and Children,* and of the very best quality.

—ALSO—

A general variety of Cheap *BOOTS* and *SHOES,* for Wholesale and Retail.

—JUST OPENED—

A fine lot of Women's Italian BOOTS, by worth Seven and Six Pence; Gents' and Youths' BOOTS and SHOES for Summer, at very low prices.

—ALSO—

A very large and handsome variety of Window PAPERS, which are acknowledged by every person who has seen them to be the finest in the City. [May 11.] S. K. FOSTER.

Havana Cigars.—10,000.

Prime Havana Cigars, just rec'd and for sale by

PLEASURES OF SONG.

BY DR. BETHUNE.

I love to sing when I am glad,
Song is the echo of my gladness:
I long to sing when I am sad,
Till song makes sweet my very sadness:
'Tis pleasant time when voices chime
To some sweet rhyme in concert only,
And song to me is company,
Good company when I am lonely.

Whene'er I greet the morning light,
My song goes forth in thankful numbers;
And mid the shadows of the night
I sing me to my welcome slumbers:
My heart is stirred by each glad bird,
Whose notes are heard in Summer's bowers:
And song gives birth to friendly mirth,
Around the hearth in wintry hours.

As first learned song in Paradise
From the bright angels, o'er him singing;
And in our home above the skies,
Glad anthems are forever ringing,
God lends his ear, well pleased to hear
Songs that cheer His children's sorrow;
We shall break, and we shall wake
Love will make unfading morrow.

Let me sing, while yet I may
His God loved—the sweet-toned Psalmist,
Said in harp and holy lay
Charm that keeps the spirit calmest:
Sadly here I need the cheer,
While sinful fear, with promise blendeth,
O how I long to join the throng,
Who sing the song that never endeth!

Phenomena of Sleep.

Sleep is much modified by habit. Thus, an old artillery-man often enjoys tranquil repose, while the cannon are thundering around him: an engineer has been known to fall asleep within a boiler, while his fellows were beating on the outside with their ponderous hammers; and the repose of a miller is nowise incommoded by the noise of his mill. Sound ceases to be a stimulus to such men, and what would have proved an inexpressible annoyance to others, is by them altogether unheeded. It is common for carriers to sleep on horse-back, and coachmen on their coaches. During the battle of the Nile, some boys were so exhausted that they fell asleep on the deck amid the deafening thunder of that dreadful engagement. Nay, silence itself may become a stimulus, while sound ceases to be so. Thus, a miller being very ill, his mill was stopped that he might not be disturbed by its noise; but this so far from inducing sleep, prevented it altogether; and it did not take place till the mill was set a-going again. For the same reason, the manager of some vast iron-works, who slept close to them amid the incessant din of hammers, forges, and blast furnaces, would awake if there was any cessation of the noise during the night. To carry the illustration still farther, it has been noticed, that a person who falls asleep near a church the bell of which is ringing, may hear the sound during the whole of his slumber, and be nevertheless aroused by its sudden cessation. Here the sleep must have been imperfect, otherwise he would have been insensible to the sound: the noise of the bell was no stimulus; it was its cessation which, by breaking the monotony, became so, and caused the sleeper to awake.

The effects of habit may be illustrated in various ways. "If a person, for instance, is accustomed to go to rest exactly at nine o'clock in the evening, and to rise again at six in the morning, though the time of going to sleep be occasionally protracted till twelve, he will yet awake at his usual hour of six; or, if his sleep be continued by darkness, quietude, or other causes, till the day be farther advanced, the desire of sleep will return in the evening at nine."

Persons who are much in the habit of having their repose broken, seldom sleep either long or profoundly, however much they may be left undisturbed. This is shown in the cases of soldiers and seamen, nurses, mothers, and keepers.

Seamen and soldiers on duty can, from habit, sleep when they will, and wake when they wish. The Emperor Napoleon was a striking instance of this fact. Captain Barclay, when performing his extraordinary feat of walking a mile an hour for a thousand successive hours, obtained at last such a mastery over himself, that he fell asleep the instant he lay down. Some persons cannot sleep from home, or on a different bed from their usual one: others cannot sleep on a hard, others on a soft one.

A low pillow prevents sleep in some, while it is one in others. The faculty of remaining asleep for a great length of time, is possessed by some individuals. Such was the case with Dain, the celebrated player, who could slumber for twenty-four hours successively—with Kneseth Orvin, who spent three-fourths of his life in sleep—with Elizabeth Perkins, who slept for a week or a fortnight at a time—and with Mary Lyall, who did the same for six successive weeks—and with many others, no less remarkable. In Bowyer's life of Parr, a curious anecdote is related of Dr. Parr, viz., that he could take as much food and immediately afterwards as much sleep as were sufficient for two days.

A phenomenon of an opposite character is also sometimes observed, for there are individuals who can subsist upon a surprisingly small portion of sleep. The celebrated General Elliot was an instance of this kind; he never slept more than four hours out of the twenty-four. In all other respects he was singularly abstinent; his food consisting wholly of bread, water, vegetables. In a letter communicated to Sir John Sinclair, by John Gordon, Esq., of Swincy, Caithness, mention is made of a person, named James Mackay, of Farray, who died in Strathnaver in the year 1797, aged ninety-one: he only slept, on an average, four hours in the twenty-four, and was a remarkably robust and healthy man. Frederick the Great, of Prussia, and the illustrious surgeon, John Hunter, only slept five hours in the same period; and the sleep of the active-minded is always much less than that of the listless and indolent. The celebrated French General Pichegru, informed Sir Gilbert Blane, that during a whole year's campaign, he had not above one hour's sleep in the twenty-four. I know a lady who never sleeps above half an hour at a time, and the whole period of whose sleep does not exceed three or four in the twenty-four; and yet she is in the enjoyment of excellent health. Gooch gives an instance of a man who slept only for fifteen minutes out of the twenty-four hours, and even this was only a kind of dozing, and not a perfect sleep: notwithstanding which, he enjoyed good health, and reached his seventy-third year. I strongly suspect there must be some mistake in this case, for it is not conceivable that human nature could subsist upon such a limited portion of repose. Instances have been related of persons who never slept; but these must be regarded as purely fabulous.

Steel Pen Making at Birmingham.

Mr. Gillott, of Birmingham, who has done so much to improve it, considers the manufacture to be yet in its infancy. The first operations are performed by steam power. The sheets of steel, after they are received from Sheffield, are reduced to the requisite tenuity by successive transits through the rolling mill—operations which are tended by men and boys. When reduced in this manner to the thinness of a steel pen, and the length of about two feet, and the breadth of two inches and a half or three inches, the sheets of steel are ready for the next processes, which are entirely performed by women and girls. Describing the rooms according to the order of the processes, and not according to the arrangement of the building, the first to be entered is that where the 'blanks' are punched out. Ranged in double rows along a large and roomy workship, with windows at both sides, and scrupulously white and clean in floor, roof, and walls, are seated from fifty to a hundred girls and women, from the age of fourteen to that of forty and upwards. The only sounds to be heard are the working of the hand-press, and the clinking of the small pieces of metal as they fall from the block into the receptable prepared for them. This process is performed with great rapidity, one girl, of average industry and dexterity, being able to punch or cut out about a hundred gross per day. Each division of the workshop is superimended by a tool maker, whose business it is to keep the punches and presses in good working order, superintend the work generally, and keep order among the people.

The next operation is to place the blank in a concave die, on which a slight touch from a concave punch produces the requisite shape—that of the semi-tube. The slits and apertures, which increase the elasticity of the pen, and the maker's or vender's name or mark, are produced by a similar tool. The last operation is that of slitting, which is also performed by girls and women. Previously to this, however, the pen undergoes a variety of processes in a different part of the factory, and under the hands of a different class of work-people.—When complete all but the slit, the pen is soft and pliable, and may be bent or twisted in the hand like a piece of thin lead. Being collected in 'grosses' or 'great grosses'—the former containing 144, and the great gross twelve times that number—the pens are thrown into little iron square boxes by men who perform all the work in this department, and they are placed in a furnace, where they remain till the box and pens are of a white heat. They are then taken out, and thrown hissing hot into pails or tanks of oil—a process which cures them of their softness by making them brittle.—When taken out of the oil, they may be broken by the fingers with as much ease as if they were so many wafers. As a great deal of oil adheres to them, they are put into a sieve to drain. There they remain until no more oil will run from them; but, notwithstanding all the draining which they have received, the oil is not effectually removed. To cleanse them thoroughly, they were formerly thrown into pits or heaps of sawdust, and stirred about; but as, by this process, the sawdust became clotted into oil cakes, and was rendered unserviceable, the ingenuity of Mr. Gillott was taxed to discover some means by which a saving both of oil and sawdust could be effected. He was not long before the thought struck him, that, if the pens were made to revolve rapidly in a perforated cylinder, the last drop of oil might be forced out of them—in fact that the oil might be twirled from the pens, like moisture from a mop.

The experiment was tried and succeeded admirably. The pens, after being allowed to drain in the seive until no more oil would run off them, were placed, apparently dry, but greasy looking, in the cylinder, and twirled round with great rapidity until the oil ran off in a copious stream. The mingled oil and sawdust formerly constituted a nuisance, and it was necessary to change the sawdust and burn it, three or four times a day. It now lasts for a week. By this means—a remarkable instance of the economy of manufactures—Mr. Gillott has diminished his oil account about £200 to £300 per annum. This operation once completed, the pens are once more placed in revolving cylinders, where their friction against each other produces the necessary polish. Each pen is thus made to clean and polish its neighbor. The next process is to roast or anneal these brittle articles, and give them the flexibility of the quill, and produce upon them, at the same time, the color which may be desired, whether bronze or blue. The flexibility and color are both produced by heat, and it becomes a delicate matter so to arrange and regulate it as to attain the exact result required. From this department they are once more consigned to the female part of the establishment—where by the operation of the cutting tool, each pen receives the required slit. One girl, with a quick and practised finger, can slit by this means as many as 200 gross, or 28,000 in a day. They are now ready for counting and packing, in boxes or grosses, for the wholesale market. This last stage of the business is wholly performed by young girls. [Cor. of the Morning Chronicle.

Andrew Fuller in the Pulpit.

Very few men of his day produced so much impression in the pulpit as Andrew Fuller, and yet it would be almost difficult to say exactly how this impression was produced. It would be entirely unnecessary to tell the reader that there was nothing about him noisy, bombastical or dogmatical. No trick of art, no artificial rhetoric, no oh's and ah's, nor any thing theatrical. You saw him ascending the pulpit, tall, robust, stout, awkward alike in his person and his manners. His prayers were short and Scriptural, but excepting on some very few remarkable exciting occasions, he did not manifest any very extraordinary gift of prayer. He rose to preach with gloves on, and his hands placed in the pockets of his pantaloons. His look was heavy but commanding, and you wanted much to hear what such a man had to say. He read his text, generally a plain and important passage of the Divine Word, and commenced with great simplicity and apparently with little or no emotion; at length one of his hands was drawn from its hiding place, and in a few minutes the other also was released; a little while and a glove was drawn off, and the other shortly followed it to the pulpit floor. His feelings soon became earnest as he presented the exact views or feelings of the sacred writer.—The transparent simplicity of the preacher was wonderful; how is it, the hearer would ask, that I never saw the passage in that light before? Then came chiefly from the Scriptural history, illustration after illustration, intermingled with touches of imagination, and strokes of pathos which entirely command attention, and do far more than call forth admiration. If the hearer could spare a moment to look at the preacher, he would see him twisting off a coat button and unconsciously preparing a task for Mrs. Fuller on Monday morning. So much was this a habit, though always unconscious of it at the time, that among his intimate friends he would describe a season of great enjoyment in preaching, by calling it a "button time."

His sermons were from fifty minutes to an hour in length, and no one ever complained of him as being tedious. The impression produced on the mind of the hearer by any single sermon would seldom be effaced. His arguments appeared irresistible; so that a pious lady, who heard him for the first time in his own church, asked whether it was possible that there could be any unconverted persons among his regular hearers.

The Value of Five Minutes.

In another place he finds a man idling. You can soon see, that of all spectacles this is the one least to his mind. 'If you waste five minutes it is not much, but probably if you waste five minutes yourself, you lead some one else to waste five minutes, and that makes ten. If a third follow your example that makes a quarter of an hour.—Now, there are about one hundred and eighty of us here, and if every one wasted five minutes in a day, what would it come to? Let me see. Why, it would be fifteen hours, and fifteen hours a day would be ninety hours per week, about eight days working time in a week, and in a year would be four hundred days. Do you think we could ever stand such waste as that? The poor loiterer was utterly confounded. He had no idea of eating up fifteen hours, much less four hundred days, of his good employer's time; and he never saw before how fast five minutes could be multiplied.—[The Successful Merchant.

How to Dry a Cow.

"A Subscriber" asks, 'How may I run a heifer dry that calved last month, as I propose putting her on grass on the 12th of May for fattening? Also, would you recommend bleeding bullocks that have been stall-fed all winter prior to their being put on grass?'

We recommend bleeding the bullocks previous to putting them out. Various recipes have been given to dry a cow which had recently calved, and various modes adopted, according to the will and caprice of the individual, but we have found the following recipe answer: Let the animal be milked dry and about two, and in good condition, three or four quarts of blood extracted; then procure a fresh rennet bag, pour on it two quarts rain or river water; boil them down to one quart, and strain. When sufficiently cool give it as a drench to the cow, and she will be dry in forty eight hours. She should, of course be kept on sheaf oats, with hay or other dry food, for two or three days previously and subsequently.

Another plan is, to milk and bleed her as before, and then give the following;—Roche alum, in powder 4 oz; dragon's blood, in powder half an ounce; Turmeric, in powder, 1 oz., to be given in a quart of cold scimmed milk, a drench to each cow, allowing a period of at least two hours to elapse before turning her to feed. It is essential not to allow her to be milked or interfered with afterwards.—*Irish Farmer's Gaz.*

Keeping Apples.

Mr. Pell, of Ulster county, the celebrated exporter of Apples to Europe, recommends that apples after having been carefully hand picked in baskets, should be laid on a floor, by hand, without pouring from the baskets, until they are 12 or 18 inches deep, and be left to dry and season three weeks; when again carefully packed in clean barrels, they may be kept without rotting any reasonable length of time and safely sent to any part of Europe or the East Indies. The plan of drying and seasoning in the air, before barrelling, prevailed generally some years ago, although now-a-days it is mostly discontinued, and thought useless. We are disposed to think well of this process when it becomes important to keep apples safely till next spring to send to foreigh counties, for we have always observed that on opening a barrel a few days after being put up, in ever so dry weather, that the moisture often stands in drops over whole surfaces and although loose barrels will allow it mostly to evaporate, yet when they come in contact, the two surfaces retain it and causes rot.

The carrying of apples in a common wagon, either before or after barrelling is injurious—they should be moved on springs or on sleds. The least abrasion of the skin, or crushing of cells of the pulp containing the juice, allows fermentation and decomposition, and the consequent decay of the whole mass.

Apples will not freeze until at a temperature of from 5 to 10 below the freezing point of water, and it is beneficial to keep them as cool as possible, even down to 30 degrees. Apples inclosed in a water tight cask may be left in a cold loft all winter without further care, and will be sound in the spring and perfectly fresh.—*Gen. Far.*

STONE WARE.—Few of our farmers are aware of all the advantages of using stone ware in the management of the dairy. It being made of peculiar kinds of clay, which by the action of a powerful heat is converted into stone, should be sufficient to recommend it to every one who has the care of milk. It is well known that the common brown earthen ware, so much in use, is glazed with lead, which will corrode when acted on by an acid, and as cream is very liable to become sour in warm weather, the oxygen that it imbibes from the atmosphere, which makes it sour, must in some degree act upon the lead of the glazed pot, and form the oxide of lead, and render it not only disagreeable to the taste, but very unwholesome.

The stone pot being entirely free from all substances of this kind, and in a high degree a non-conductor, keeps the cream cool, and in a pure and sweet state much longer than the glazed pot or a wooden vessel. And for the purpose of packing down butter, the stone pot will preserve every part of it sweet and pure, while the glazed pot or wooden firkin will impart to that portion of the mass which comes in contact with them, a disagreeable flavor. For the same reasons, the stone churn, for those who have but few cows, is far superior to the old fashioned wooden article. No one can properly appreciate the difference between stone and earthen ware for these purposes, until he has tried them.—[Maine Farmer.

HARDWARE.

Corner Dock Street and Market Square.

W. H. ADAMS

HAS received by late arrivals from England and the United States extensive additions to his former Stock of HARDWARE, comprising all Goods usually kept by the trade. May 25.

Bay State Mills Manufactures.

The Subscriber has just received per Steamer *Admiral*, from Boston—

A FEW sample Packages of Fancy CASSIMERES—a new and superior style of Goods; also of Scarlet and Red Twilled FLANNELS—The Manufacture of the *Bay State Mills, Massachusetts.*

☞ The early attention of parties in the Dry Goods Business is requested to the above Goods, to be viewed at the Warehouse of

JOHN V. THURGAR,
17th April, 1852. *North Market Wharf*

Tea, Clover Seed, &c.

Landing, ex "*Loyal*," from Halifax—

15 CHESTS Fine Congon TEA.
Ex Admiral, from Boston—
15 barrels Northern CLOVER SEED;
23,000 CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS.—For sale by JARDINE & CO.
April 20.

Flour, Tobacco, and Tea.

On Consignment ex "N. Noyes," from Boston:

200 BARRELS Superfine Canada FLOUR—*Fancy Brands;*
10 chests and 10 half-chests best Congo TEA, Shanghai importation;
30 boxes TOBACCO, of the following Brands—Palo Alto, Randolph, Lamartine, John Cary, E. A. Price, and Thompson's.—For sale at low rates. GEORGE THOMAS,
April 27. *South Wharf.*

JANUARY, 1852.

English and American Paper Hangings, &c.

FOR SALE BY—JOHN KINNEAR,
Prince William Street.

6000 PIECES, principally low prices and new patterns;
250 assorted cane and wood seat Rocking and other CHAIRS.
A large variety of American Wooden WARE, CORN BROOMS, &c. Jan. 27.

Flewwelling & Reading

Are now receiving per ship *Faside*, from London,

30 HHDS. GENEVA; 10 quarter casks Port and Sherry WINE—*superior;*
1 puncheon JAMAICA RUM—*very old*
20 bags Black PEPPER; 1 box MACE,
2 cases CASSIA; 1 cask CREAM TARTAR;
2 tierces Epsom SALTS; 1 cask Saltpetre;
1 cask BLUE VITRIOL;
45 kegs F & FF GUNPOWDER—Hall & Son's.

DAILY EXPECTED—

20 hhds. Hennessy's best BRANDY—which, together with a large and well selected stock of LIQUORS and GROCERIES, in Store, are offered at lowest market prices. Oct. 6.

Oats! Oats! Oats!

Just received from Sackville:

250 BUSHELS BLACK OATS,
And from Glasgow—
36 bushels POTATO and HOPETON OATS.
For sale low by JARDINE & CO.
May 18, 1852.

Scythes, Shot, &c.

Landing ex ship *Devon*, from Liverpool—

100 DOZEN Griffin's SCYTHES;
10 boxes English Scythe Hones;
60 bags *SHOT:* 1 hhd. *BATH BRICKS;*
2 hhds. GOLDEN SYRUP;
10 boxes "Halls's" Patent STARCH;
Ex schooner "Franklin," from Boston—
10 casks RICE; 25 bags Gov't. Java COFFEE;
Bitter and Shelled ALMONDS; SNUFF; *TOBACCO; LEMONS,* &c.
Ex *Victoria*, from New York—
15 barrels *CLOVER SEED;*
20 barrels New-York City MESS PORK.—For sale by [May 18.] JARDINE & CO.

Groceries, Liquors, &c.

Landing per 'Sir Harry Smith,' from London:

30 HHDS. GENEVA;
40 kegs MUSTARD, Coleman's;
20 cwt. *STARCH*, Coleman's;
2 cases CASSIA; 2 casks mixed PICKLES;
5 boxes Sperm *CANDLES;*
20 cwt. WHITE LEAD, Brandram's;
2 casks PUTTY; 15 brls WHITING;
5 casks Washing SODA; 2 casks ALUM;
1 cask VITRIOL;
65 kegs F and FF Gunpower, Hall & Sons.
May 4. FLEWWELLING & READING.

No 17, King Street.

Cheap Hat, Cap, & Fur Store.

THE Subscribers will open their *New Store*, No. 17, *King Street*, on Saturday, May 1, with an extensive variety of new and fashionable GOODS, imported by late arrivals and manufactured expressly for this Establishment.

It being fitted up in the Modern Style and adapted to their trade, and as all articles will be marked at prices decidedly to the advantage of the purchaser; which combined will offer an additional inducement to our Customers and the public to continue their patronage. A Call is requested.
April 30, 1852.—4i. LOCKHART & CO.

Fancy Tweeds and Doeskins.

NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION—

A SPLENDID assortment of *TWEEDS* and *DOESKINS*, in the newest styles and patterns. Purchasers in want of such articles, have now an opportunity of selecting from an entirely new stock, which can be MADE UP TO ORDER on the Premises, if required.
June 1. GILCHRIST & INCHES.

Fresh SEEDS!

Just received by the 'Faside,' from London:—

A FRESH and well selected Stock of GARDEN, FIELD, and FLOWER SEEDS; for sale by
THOMAS M. REED,
May 4. *Corner North Wharf & Dock-street.*

TO FARMERS.

THE subscribers are now receiving One Hundred Barrels of Ground BONES, and a large variety of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
May 18. JARDINE & CO.

Sugar--in Bond.

65 HHDS. very Bright Porto Rico;
10 hhds. good Cuba. For sale by
May 26. JAMES MACFARLANE.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.

Just landed from ship "Sir Harry Smith:"—

15 CASES assorted PICKLES;
6 do. Preserved FRUITS;
6 do. SAUCES, and SALAD OIL;
20 do. MUSTARD, *a superior article:*
10 cases containing JAMS, JELLIES, ORANGE MARMALADE, Italian MACCARONI, and VERMICELLI; for sale low by
THOMAS M. REED,
May 11. *Corner North Wharf & Dock-street.*

Seeds, Nuts, &c.

Landing ex 'Cuba,' from Boston—

CARROT Seed, early jefferson and sweet corn; Pumpkin and Squash Seed; Ploughs; Cultivators; Seed Sowers, Forks, Spades, Shovels, &c. 4 sacks Grenoble Walnuts; 10 boxes Oranges; 1 frail Dates; 20 drums Figs; 2 casks Honey.
April 27. JARDINE & CO

Prices Reduced!

Wholesale and Retail WAREHOUSE,
Prince William-street.

J. & J. HEGAN

RESPECTFULLY invite purchasers to an inspection of their extensive and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign DRY GOODS, which (in order to make room for alterations and improvements in the premises) will be offered at such prices as must effect an entire clearance of the above stock.

N. B.—No Credit given in the Retail Department. January 6.

GOODS.

Per *Diadem* from Newcastle, now landing and for Sale—

10 CASKS LINSEED OIL,
20 casks WHITING,
6 casks Blue VITRIOL,
10 casks Carbonate of SODA,
3 casks BRIMSTONE; 2 casks SULPHUR,
2 casks Epsom SALTS,
1 cask Green COPPERAS,
6 casks COAL DUST; 1 ton ALUM,
10 bags Fine GLUE.
JOHN KINNEAR,
December 16. *Prince Wm. Street.*

PURE Havana CIGARS.—8000 'Wandering Jews;' 3000 'Bloomers'—Just received and for sale by THOMAS M. REED,
Dec. 23. Head of North Wharf.

New Fruit, Coffee, &c.

NOW LANDING from Boston—170 whole, half and qr. boxes Muscatel RAISINS; 40 boxes Layer do.; 10 kegs Cooking do.; 30 bags Java COFFEE; 10 barrels crushed Loaf Sugar; 15 brls. of Saleratus; 20 gross *Mason's* BLACKING.
Nov. 18. FLEWWELLING & READING.

Provisions! Provisions!

From Cumberland:

100 FIRKINS Prime BUTTER;
10 cwt. do. CHEESE;
From Boston:
2 tierces choice HAMS.
From Nova Scotia:
75 bbls. good Eating and Cooking APPLES.
Dec. 6. JAMES MACFARLANE.

PALE SEAL OIL, TEA, &c.—*From Halifax, ex Schr. Charles*, 11 Barrels Pale Seal OIL;
6 bags PIMENTO;
20 cwt. Robb's OATMEAL. For sale by
Dec. 30. JARDINE & CO.

TIMOTHY SEED.

150 BUSHELS, the growth of the County of York, in Two Bushel Bags.—For Sale by JOHN KINNEAR,
Feb. 10. *Prince Wm. Street*

SELLING OFF

AT

Reduced Prices for Cash Only!!

AT THE

HOWARD HOUSE,
North Side of King Street.

A WELL selected stock of WINTER CLOTHING, made up in the most Fashionable Style and at unprecedented low prices. Parties who are in want of COATS, PANTS, VESTS, &c., will find, by calling at the Howard House, that they can procure the above articles cheaper and of better quality than at any other Establishment in this City.

The Subscriber having a large stock of Cloths, Vestings, &c. on hand, and he being about to leave for England to select Goods for the Spring trade, is determined to sell his present stock on hand at COST PRICE, and would direct the attention of buyers to call and see for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

Beaver Cloth Coats in any colour made to order at 15 per cent. lower than at any other establishment in the Province.

Pants and Vestings on the same terms.
Nov. 4. JAMES MYLES.

JOHN KINNEAR,

(*In Messrs. WIGGINS' new Buildings,*
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
Has on hand, for Sale in quantities, and by retail—

ROSE and Clasp Head wrought NAILS, of all the usual sizes;
Horse, Boat, and Pressed NAILS:
Cut NAILS of every size:
English and German Window GLASS of every size from 6x8 to 34x36.
PAPER HANGINGS from 6d. to 5s. each piece,
English and American Floor CLOTHS,
Flint *Glass-ware*, assorted kinds,
Scotch Wool CARPETING,
American Warranted CHAIRS, assorted kinds;
Raw and Boiled Linseed OIL;
Sea Elephant and Florence OILS;
CASTOR, LARD, and PINE OIL;
SPICES, both whole and ground, of all kinds,
FEATHERS, (cleaned,) assorted qualities,
Mott's Broma, CHOCOLATE, Cocoa and Ginger
American and Bengal RICE;
Wooden Wares of various kinds,
Paints, Whiting and *Yellow Ochre*, and a number of other articles. August 26, 1851.

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

THE subscriber has received per *Themis*, the remainder of his Fall Stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, *Perfumery, Brushes, Pickels, Sauces* &c., all of which are warranted of the best quality and for sale on reasonable terms.

T. M. REED,
Head of North Wharf.

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, BRUSHES, BURNING FLUID, of superior quality always on hand.
October 28.

CIGARS! CIGARS!

10,000 LA DESEADA CIGARS just received and for sale by THOMAS M. REED,
Dec. 16. Head of North Wharf

Richard Cobden.

Received by the above vessel, from New York—

60 CHESTS Superior Souchong TEAS,—"*Esther Mary's*" Cargo.
Dec. 16. FLEWWELLING & READING.

LONDON HOUSE.

MARKET SQUARE,

December 20th, 1851.

Just received per Steamer 'Asia,' via Halifax:

RICH Plaid BONNET RIBBONS;
SATINS; GROS DE NAPS; PERSIANS;
FANCY TRIMMINGS, &c. &c.
T. W. DANIEL.

Cod Liver Oil Candy.

WOOD'S Refined COD LIVER OIL CANDY for the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and all Pulmonary complaints; for sale in packages at 9d. each, by
THOMAS M. REED,
Jan. 6. Head of North Wharf.

ON HAND, 200 Bushels of Harvey Settlement TIMOTHY SEED, a superior article.—For sale by
March 30. JARDINE & CO.

Anvils and Cast Steel.

ON HAND—25 best Blacksmiths' ANVILS;
1 Ton Sanderson's best CAST STEEL.
March 2. W. H. ADAMS.

Astonishing Efficacy

OF

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And OINTMENT.

EXTRAORDINARY CURES BY

Holloway's Ointment.

CURE OF A DESPERATE CASE OF ERYSIPELAS.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Joseph Gildon, Jun., a Farmer, East Kent, near Spilsby, Lincolnshire 8th April, 1846.

TO PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—I have the gratification to announce to you a most wonderful cure wrought upon myself, by the use of your Ointment and Pills. I had a severe attack of Erysipelas in my right foot, which extended along my ancle, and was attended with swelling and inflammation to an alarming degree, insomuch that I was unable to move without the use of *crutches*. I consulted a very eminent Physician, besides other Medical men, but to no purpose. At last I tried your Ointment and Pills, when, strange to say, in less than two weeks the swelling and inflammation subsided to such a degree that I was enabled to pursue my daily avocation, to the utter surprise and amazement of those who were acquainted with my case, seeing that I was cured so quickly. I and my family are well known here, as my father holds his farm under the Rev. J. Spence, Rector of our Parish.

JOSEPH GILDON.

Amputation of Two Legs Prevented.

Extract of a Letter dated Roscommon, February 29th, 1847, from the highly respectable Proprietor of the Roscommon Journal.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR—Mr. Ryan, the well known proprietor of the Hotel next door to me, had two very Bad Legs one with eight ulcers on it, the other with three they were in such a fearful state that the effluvia from them was very great. Some time since he made a journey to Dublin for the purpose of consulting some of the most eminent professional men, but returned home to his family with the choice of two alternatives—to have both Legs amputated, or die!—On his way home he met a gentleman in the Coach who recommended the use of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which he had recourse to, and was perfectly cured by their means.

(Signed) CHARLES TULLY,
Editor and Proprietor of the Roscommon Journal.

Bad Digestion, with extreme Weakness and Debility—an extraordinary Cure.

Mr. T. GARDINER, of No. 9, Brown street, Grosvenor square, had been in a very bad state of health for a long time, suffering much from a distended Stomach, very impaired digestion, with constant pains in his Chest, was extremely nervous, and so greatly debilitated as to be scarcely able to walk one hundred yards; during the long period of his declining he had the advice of four of the most eminent Physicians besides five Surgeons of the greatest celebrity in London, from whose aid he derived no benefit whatever. At last he had recourse to Holloway's Pills, which he declares effected a perfect cure in a very short time, and that he is now as strong and vigorous as ever he was in his life. This being so extraordinary a case, may lead many persons almost to doubt this statement, it may therefore be necessary to say that Mr. Gardiner is a broker, and well known.

Cure of a Desperate Scorbutic Eruption of long standing.

Extract of a Letter, dated Wolverhampton the 10th of February, 1847, confirmed by Mr. Simpson, Stationer.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—Having been wonderfully restored from a state of great suffering, illness and debility, by the use of your Pills and Ointment, I think it right for the sake of others to make my case known to you. For the last two years I was afflicted with a violent Scorbutic Eruption, which completely covered my chest, and other parts of my body, causing such violent pain, that I can in truth say, that for months I was not able to get sleep for more than a very short time together. I applied here to all the principal Medical men, as also to those in Birmingham, without getting the least relief; at last I was recommended by Mr. Thomas Simpson, Stationer Market-place, to try your Pills and Ointment, which I did, and I am happy to say, that I may consider myself as thoroughly cured, I can now sleep all the night through, and the pain in my back and limbs have entirely left me.

(Signed) RICHARD HAVELL.

☞ In all Diseases of the Skin, Bad Legs, Old Wounds and Ulcers, Bad Breasts, Sore Nipples, Stony and Ulcerated Cancers, Tumours, Swellings Gout, Rheumatism, and Lumbago, likewise in cases of Piles; Holloway's Pills, in all the above cases, ought to be used with the Ointment and not alone. The Ointment is proved to be a certain remedy for the bites Moschettoes, Sand-flies, Chiegofoot, Yaws, Coco-bay, and all Skin Diseases common to Europe, the East and West Indies, and other tropical climates.

Burns, Scalds Chilblains, Clapped Hands and Lips, also Burns and Soft Corns, will be immediately cured by the use of the Ointment.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar, London; and by PETERS & TILLEY *Provincial Agents*, No. 2, King Street, St. John, N. B; James F. Gale, Fredericton; W. T. Baird, Woodstock; Alexander Lockhart, Quaco; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. A. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; Joel Lewis, Hillsborough; John Curry, Canning; and James G. White, Bellcisle.—In Pots and Boxes, at 1s. 9d., 4s. 6d. and 7s. each. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients are affixed to each pot.

S. K. FOSTER'S,

Ladies' Fashionable Shoe Store,
Germain Street—Foster's Corner.

Just received from London, per Steamer via Boston—

LADIES' White and Black Satin SLIPPERS; Black and Brown Kid Slippers; Jenny Lind, Victoria, Hungarian, and various other SLIPPERS and WALKING SHOES; Cashmere and Prunella BOOTS, &c.

Misses' BOOTS, SHOES, and SLIPPERS of all sorts; Childrens' BOOTS and SHOES, in great variety.

DOMESTIC WORK.

Gentlemen's Congress BOOTS, in a great variety of styles, which, for neatness and durability, will equal if not surpass any made in the United States; Gentlemen's Morocco BOOTTEES, assorted qualities, Morocco Walking SHOES, Patent Calf do.; Women's BUSKINS and Lace BOOTS, for service; Boys', Youths', and Children's BOOTS BOOTTEES, and SHOES, in great variety.
April 6. S. K. FOSTER.

RUBBUCK'S

PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.

THIS PAINT is entirely free from any injurious properties whatever; it is healthful in manufacture—healthful in use—healthful to occupants of rooms newly painted with it. It is unparalleled in whiteness, clearness, and brilliancy of color—and permanent. Two hundred weight of this Paint, with *nine gallons of Oil*, will cover as much surface as three hundred weight of White Paint made from Lead, and *twelve gallons of Oil.* Further particulars will be given at another time.

☞ A quantity of this Paint, in kegs of all sizes, is expected from London about the end of this month.
April 6. JOHN KINNEAR,
Prince Wm. Street.

Pipes. Pipes. Pipes.

In course of landing, ex the Barque *Oromocto*, from Glasgow:

200 BOXES Tobacco PIPES, 5 to 10 gross each, of first quality and description, put up expressly to suit the *St. John market*—for sale low while landing, by
May 4, 1852. JOHN V. THURGAR,
North Market Wharf.