## nstruction Products and Building Materials

### PPORTUNITY

The Mexican government's commitment to infrastructure development and an improved standard of living is creating sustained demand for construction activity. As a result, the expansion of the construction industry has consistently outpaced overall economic growth.

The government has recognized that Mexico's dilapidated public infrastructure has constrained economic development. Better roads and ports are



The Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade has prepared a market profile entitled, Market Profile: Opportunities in Mexico — The Construction Products Market. The market profile and this summary of the market for Construction Products and Building Materials have been researched by Townsend Trade Strategies Inc. and published by Prospectus Inc. under the Access North America Program, along with other sector profiles and summaries on business opportunities in Mexico. The profile's table of contents is listed below. It is available from:

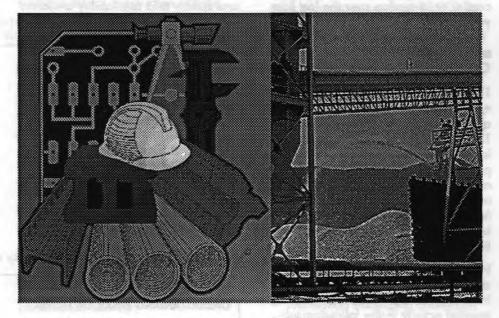
### InfoCentre

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#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOREWARD	5
1. THE CONSTRUCTION PRODUC	
MARKET IN MEXICO	6
2. THE ROLE OF IMPORTS	8
3. SUBSECTOR OPPORTUNITIES	10
4. CUSTOMERS	18
5. REGIONAL MARKETS	25
6. GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS	28
7. MARKET ENTRY STRATEGIES	32
8. KEY CONTACTS	37



needed to facilitate trade. Modern energy generation and water and sewage systems are needed to improve the standard of living. The government has intervened in all of these areas. Other government policies are stimulating private sector investment. The growth of the construction industry has created a strong demand for building materials. In 1993 alone, purchases of materials by the formal construction sector nearly doubled.

Mexico has traditionally produced its own building materials but domestic

### **HIGHLIGHTS**

The construction products sector in Mexico offers major opportunities for Canadian companies:

- construction activity is growing faster than the economy as a whole;
- many large scale infrastructure projects are underway;
- imports of construction materials and equipment have risen dramatically;
- materials and equipment for road construction, water infrastructure, energy generation, housing, commercial development and tourism infrastructure offer the greatest short-term potential;
- opportunities will develop in maritime and airport construction, railways, and communications infrastructure; and
- Mexican companies are looking for construction technologies that can decrease construction time and cost but are adaptable to Mexican culture and taste.





manufacturers have not been able to modernize and expand to keep pace with demand. As a result, imports are playing an increasing role in the market, accounting for more than 20 percent of consumption over the last four years.

### OVERVIEW OF THE SECTOR

The Mexican construction industry employs two million workers in approximately 18,000 companies. The industry is dominated by a few large companies. Fewer than two percent of construction companies account for 55 percent of industry activity. A few of the largest firms have sales in the order of US \$1 billion per year and operate internationally as well as domestically.

In the past few years, construction activity has focussed primarily on infrastructure improvements, with the greatest activity in the following subsectors:

- roads and highways;
- water infrastructure;
- the energy sector;
- housing; and
- tourism.

In addition, significant opportunities are emerging in marine ports, airports, railways, industrial plants, and commercial development.

There is a large informal residential construction sector, consisting of very small unregistered contractors and owner-builders. More than half of home construction activity is believed to be in the informal sector.

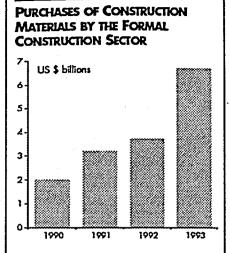
### THE ROLE OF IMPORTS

Imports have not traditionally been a major source of building materials in Mexico, but this is beginning to change. Imports of building materials have increased sharply over the past few years and import penetration has now reached 20 percent.

Several forces are at work. First, tariff reductions and currency stability have reduced the cost of imports.

Second, the domestic industry has been unable to meet the rapidly growing demand. Finally, domestic production tends to be limited to a relatively small number of products, and quality and availability are often inadequate. Imported products offer a wider choice of alternatives and more reliable supply. This is particularly true of decorative items.

The United States dominates the market for imported building materials, with an import market share of more than 70 percent. Competitive factors favouring U.S. manufacturers include the proximity to the market and familiarity of U.S. brand names. In certain products, Italy, Germany, Japan, Sweden and Spain successfully compete with U.S. imports.



Source: Compiled from a series of publications; Instituto Nacional de Estadística, Geografía e Informática (INEGI), National Institute for Statistics, Geography and Informatics.

\*Note: Unless otherwise specified, currency used is Canadian dollars.

### **UNDERSTANDING MEXICAN TASTES**

Understanding Mexican tastes is essential to success in the construction industry. Cultural factors, the natural environment, and growing demand for high-quality interior finishes all play critical roles.

In residential construction, there is a strong preference for brick and cement-based products and a general prejudice against wood. To a large extent, these preferences are based on concerns about earthquakes, fire, termites and other hazards of nature, but the predominance of owner-built homes is also a major factor. Such homes are typically built a little at a time, and concrete and bricks can be left exposed as the builder finishes the project. There are also concerns that wood does not have a Mexican look.

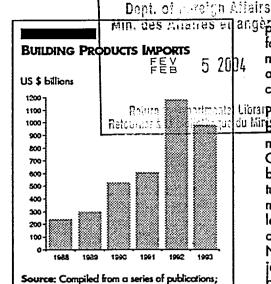
Wood is used for roofs, interior walls and finished surfaces, but the lack of skilled carpenters has limited these applications. The Consejo Nacional de la Madera en la Construcción, the National Advisory Board for Wood in Construction, now offers a training program in wood building techniques.

In commercial construction, the most common materials are concrete, steel, glass, paving tile and cement blocks, followed by wood. There is a trend towards the use of advanced technologies and special materials, especially in Mexico City, which is subject to earthquakes. The influx of foreign investors has created a demand for top-quality office space in the major urban centres. This is creating a market for high-quality interior finishing products.

The state-of-the-art in office space is an "intelligent building" which boasts energy-efficient materials, telecommunications channels, automated control systems for temperature and ventilation, controlled-access security systems, centralized maintenance and cleaning, clear signage and emergency systems. There are only eight "intelligent buildings" in Mexico, but this is considered a major growth area.







Canadian producers of building materials have not achieved substantial penetration of this market. In 1993, exports amounted to just under \$20 million\*, while imports from Mexico totalled almost \$75 million.

Instituto Nacional de Estadística, Geografía e

Geography and Informatics.

Informática (INEGI), National Institute for Statistics,

### **CUSTOMERS**

The largest customers for construction and building products in Mexico are construction companies and government entities, including state-owned corporations. There is also a large informal market catering directly to household consumers.

### **Construction Companies**

The large companies are the most important users of imported construction materials. They purchase the most sophisticated products and demand a wide variety of materials. Key companies include:

- Grupo Ingenieros Civiles Asociados (ICA);
- Grupo Bufete Industrial;
- GUTSA Construcciones;
- Grupo Mexicano de Desarrollo; and
- Triturados Basálticos y Derivados (TRIBASA).

### Governments

Federal, state and municipal governments undertake extensive public works

Angle projects, and they are major customers for construction materials and equipment. In 1992, publicly-funded works accounted for over 70 percent of the country's formal construction activity.

Ligras Privat zation policies, however, have du hill begun to diminish the role of government in materials purchases.

Government procurements are now being re-oriented towards complete turn-key projects. This means that in many cases, government planners no longer play a key role in the specification or procurement of materials. Nonetheless, many construction projects are still designed and managed by government planners, and government entities will continue to play an important role in the building materials industry.

In addition to government departments, two paraestatal corporations play a particularly important role in construction activity:

- Petróleos Mexicanos (PEMEX) is Mexico's state-owned oil company. PEMEX is a major builder of petrochemical plants, waste-treatment plants and pipelines.
- Comisión Federal de Electricidad (CFE) is the public corporation responsible for providing all of Mexico's electrical power. It is undertaking an aggressive modernization program to expand its generating capacity by 50,000 MW, building new power plants and transmission lines.

### The Informal Market

The consumer market for construction products, often referred to as the informal market, is difficult to quantify, but it is believed to be larger than the formal market. The informal market includes construction performed by very small, non-registered construction companies as well as individual home owners who do their own house building, repairs, maintenance and remodelling. The U.S. Department of Commerce has estimated that the formal market represents 40 percent of the activity and the informal market 60 percent.

### OPPORTUNITIES IN ROADS AND HIGHWAYS

In 1989, the federal government initiated a program to construct 15,000 km of new four-lane highway by the year 2000. Over 3,000 km have been built and approximately 2,000 km are currently under construction. The program involves considerable private-sector investment through a toll road concession scheme. Typically, the projects are undertaken and financed by very large Mexican companies.

The most important opportunities are for the sale of:

- heavy equipment;
- paving equipment and materials;
- bridge-building technologies and materials;
- geo-textile materials and technologies for preparing road beds;
- asphalt protection products;
- foundation stabilizing chemicals;
- traffic lights; and
- guard rails.

### **Key Customers**

Only a small number of firms have taken part in the highway concession program. These are the largest Mexican construction companies with considerable resources and experience. Canadian suppliers to the road building industry should make direct contact with these companies' purchasing departments to offer construction products. They include:

- Triturados Basálticos y Derivados (TRIBASA);
- Grupo Ingenieros Civiles Asociados (ICA);
- Grupo Mexicano de Desarrollo; and
- Grupo Protexa.

### OPPORTUNITIES IN WATER INFRASTRUCTURE

There are substantial opportunities in the construction of water works as Mexico moves to upgrade, rehabilitate and expand its infrastructure. The National Drinking Water and Sewage Program was launched in 1990. It





included plans to increase the population provided with drinking water and sewage services by three million people per year. It also contemplates treating all residual water of domestic origin in urban centres before the end of the decade.

Significant opportunities exist for the export of:

- heavy equipment;
- motors, pipes and pumps for potable water and sewage systems;
- water treatment technology, engineering services and equipment;
- laboratory equipment for water testing.

### **Key Customers**

The government agency responsible for administration of water projects is the Comisión Nacional del Agua (CNA), National Water Commission. The CNA is responsible for major purchases of materials and equipment. All motors, piping, pumps, machines and equipment are purchased centrally through its office in Mexico City. Purchases of administrative supplies and services are handled by its regional offices in the 32 states.

## OPPORTUNITIES IN THE ENERGY SECTOR

The two key players in Mexico's energy sector are Petróleos Mexicanos (PEMEX), the state-owned oil company, and the Comisión Federal de Electricidad (CFE), the Federal Electricity Commission. Their combined construction budgets exceed US \$2 billion per year. Their needs for materials and equipment include the following:

### **PEMEX**

- materials used in the construction of petrochemical plants;
- tubing for pipelines;
- valves, pumps, and instrumentation;
- pollution control equipment; and
- drilling equipment.

#### CFE

- turbines;
- control systems;
- materials for the construction of generation plants;
- equipment and materials related to transmission and distribution;
- cable-pullers;
- substation construction materials and equipment; and
- pollution control equipment.

### **OPPORTUNITIES IN HOUSING**

Housing construction in Mexico averages 650,000 units per year. Roughly half of these units are constructed by the informal housing market, usually by the owner, often without title to the land. The remainder is built by the formal construction market either through government-assisted programs for low-income housing or private development for middle and upper-class dwellings.

Mexico has a serious shortage of housing and this has led to a tremendous demand for housing construction materials and services. The best prospects for sales in this sector include:

- prefabricated structures;
- decorative and finishing products;
- hardware:
- aluminum and wood doors and windows:
- kitchen and bathroom fixtures;
- domestic plumbing products;
- locks and security systems;
- coating materials for weather proofing;
- roofing materials; and
- carpets, flooring and curtains.

### **Key Customers**

Under Mexico's new housing initiative, government agencies provide financing for residential construction but they are no longer responsible for building homes. Even though they are not direct purchasers of building materials, they play a key role in promoting new technologies and setting prices. These entities are therefore important contact points for

learning about future housing development plans and introducing new building concepts. The major entities are the following:

- Fondo de Operación y Financiamiento Bancario a la Vivienda (FOVI), the Housing Fund for Commercial Banks;
- Instituto del Fondo Nacional de la Vivienda para los Trabajadores (INFONAVIT), the Housing Pension Fund for Private Sector Employees;
- Fondo de la Vivienda del Sistema de Seguridad Social de los Trabajadores del Estado (FOVIS-STE), the Housing Pension Fund for Public Sector Employees; and
- Fondo Nacional de Habitaciones Populares (FONHAPO), the Federal government's low-income housing agency.

### **OPPORTUNITIES IN TOURISM**

Mexico's tourist industry is expanding and there has been considerable construction activity involving hotels, marinas, shopping centres, condominiums, and golf courses. There is also a demand for infrastructure to support these facilities, including airports, water treatment plants, roads and electrical distribution systems. Hotel construction is particularly active. Approximately 10,000 new hotel rooms are constructed annually, and a large proportion are four and five-star quality.

Opportunities for construction materials and equipment include:

- high-quality finishing materials for luxury hotels and conference centres;
- bathroom fixtures and plumbing materials:
- lighting fixtures;
- systems for heating, security and control; and
- chemically-treated lumber for landscaping, piers, and docks.





Subsector	Products Demanded
Commercial Development	<ul> <li>steel beams</li> <li>reinfarcing bars</li> <li>farms for concrete</li> <li>hydraulic concrete mixers</li> <li>scaffolding</li> <li>electrical transfarmers</li> <li>plywood</li> <li>cable</li> <li>air conditioners and ducting</li> <li>specialty windows and doors</li> <li>lighting fixtures</li> <li>passenger elevators and electric stairways</li> <li>"intelligent building" wiring</li> <li>high quality interior finishings</li> </ul>
Parts	<ul> <li>carga handling equipment</li> <li>materials far warehausing</li> <li>construction materials for improving infrastructure around ports (roads, sewage, energy transmission)</li> </ul>
Railroads	<ul> <li>rails and sleepers</li> </ul>
Industrial Plants	<ul><li>pallutian control systems</li><li>industrial safety equipment and materials</li></ul>

### **Key Customers**

The Fondo Nacional de Fomento al Turismo (FONATUR), National Tourism Development Fund, is an important government contact for learning about future tourism development plans. Canadian firms can begin by examining FONATUR's plans for new resorts. Contacts within the agency may provide introductions to private-sector developers who are engaged in the major projects. Other groups influencing the choice of construction materials are:

- Grupo Situr, a major Mexican company responsible for an estimated 30 percent of new tourism developments;
- major hotel chains;
- local tourism developers; and
- the Mexican architectural community.

### MARKET ENTRY STRATEGIES

Mexican construction companies and distributors of construction materials suggest that Canadian suppliers seeking to enter the market consider the following points:

- the greatest opportunities exist for high value-added, unique products for which transportation costs represent a low portion of landed cost. The major competition is from southern U.S. suppliers, and Canadian products will have to overcome a cost disadvantage;
- decorative and finishing items offer significant export opportunity. Wall, roof and floor coverings, hardware, doors and windows geared toward the middle and upper-class housing market, have the best potential;
- unique technologies, that decrease construction time and lower costs, are welcomed. These are in particularly high demand in the road

and housing construction sectors. Companies will have to consider the training element of introducing new products. Mexican skills are based on traditional masonry construction techniques. Canadian exporters must transfer the necessary building skills along with new construction technologies;

- Mexican construction companies perceive Canada to be a producer of superior quality wood and steel products, two markets which are currently underserviced by domestic suppliers; and
- new environmental legislation has an impact on all areas of construction. Pollution control systems and environmentally-safe building technologies are in high demand.

## WHERE TO GET HELP KEY CONTACTS IN CANADA

The Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade (DFAIT) is the Canadian federal government department most directly responsible for trade development. The InfoCentre is the first contact point for advice on how to start exporting; it provides information on export-related programs and services; helps find fast answers to export problems; acts as the entry point to DFAIT's trade information network; and can provide companies with copies of specialized export publications.

### InfoCentre

Tel.: 1-800-267-8376 or (613) 944-4000

Fax: (613) 996-9709 Faxlink: (613) 944-4500

The Commercial Division of the Embassy of Canada in Mexico City promotes trade with Mexico. There are several trade commissioners at the Embassy, and there is a satellite office in Monterrey. Trade Commissioners can provide a range of services including introducing Canadian companies to potential customers in Mexico, advising on







marketing channels, assisting thase wishing to participate in trade fairs, helping identify suitable Mexican firms to act as agents, and compiling credit and business information on patential foreign customers.

Note: to telephone Mexico City, dial: 011-52-5 before the number shown below. For contacts in other cities in Mexico, consult the international code listing at the front of your local telephone directory for the appropriate regional codes or contact the international operator.

Commercial Division The Embassy of Canada in Mexica Schiller No. 529 Col. Polanca Apartada Postal 105-05 11560 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 724-7900 Fax: 724-7982

Canadian Business Centre Centro Canadiense de Negocios Av. Ejército Nacional No. 926 Col. Polanco 11540 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 580-1176 Fax: 580-4494

Canadian Consulate Edificio Kalos, Piso C-1 Local 108A Zaragoza y Canstitución 64000 Monterrey, Nuevo León México

Tel.: 344-3200 Fax: 344-3048

**International Trade Centres** have been established across the country as a convenient point af contact to support the exparting efforts of Canadian firms. Co-located with the regional affices af Industry Canada (IC), the centres operate under the guidance of DFAIT and all have resident Trade Commissioners. They help campanies determine whether or not they are ready to export; assist firms with marketing research and market planning; provide access ta government programs designed to promote exports; and arrange for assistance fram the Trade Development Division in

Ottawa and trade afficers abraad. Cantact the International Trade Centre nearest you.

The World Information Network for Exports (WIN Exports) is a computer-based information system designed by DFAIT to help Canada's trade development officers abroad match foreign needs to the capabilities, experience and interests af mare than 30,000 Canadian exporters. To register an WIN Exports, call: (613) 996-5701.

The Market Intelligence Service provides Canadian business with detailed market information an a product-specific basis. The service assists Canadian companies in the exploitation of domestic, export, technology transfer, and new manufacturing investment apportunities. The intelligence is used by Canadian business in decisions regarding manufacturing, product development, marketing, and market expansion. The information includes values, volume and unit price af imports, characteristics af specific imports (e.g. material, grade, price, range, etc.), names of importers, major cauntries of export, identification af foreign exporters ta Canada, Canadian praduction, Canadian exports, and U.S. imports. Two-thirds of the clientele for this service are small businesses. Call: (613) 954-4970.

Canadian International **Development Agency** 

An important possible saurce of financing for Canadian ventures in Mexico is the special fund available through the Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA) under the Industrial Cooperation Pragram or CIDA/INC. CIDA's Industrial Cooperation Program pravides financial contributions to stimulate Canadian private-sector involvement in developing countries by supporting long-term business relationships such as joint ventures and licencing arrangements. INC supports the development of linkages with the private sector in Mexico encouraging Canadian enterprises ta share their skills and experiences with partners in Mexico, and other countries. A

series af INC mechanisms help enterprises to establish mutually beneficial callabarative arrangements for the transfer af technology and the creation of employment.

Industrial Caaperation Divisian Canadian International Development Agency 200, Pramenade du Portage Hull, PQ K1A 0G4 Tel.: (819) 997-7905/7906 Fax: (819) 953-5024

**Export Development** Corporation (EDC)

EDC is a unique financial institution that helps Canadian business campete internationally. EDC facilitates expart trade and fareign investment by providing risk management services, including insurance and financing, to Canadian companies and their global customers.

EDC's programs fall inta faur major categories:

- export credit insurance, cavering short and medium-sized credits;
- performance-related guarantees and insurance, praviding coverage for exporters and financial institutions against calls an various performance bonds and abligations narmally issued either by banks ar surety campanies;
- foreign investment insurance, providing political risk pratection for new Canadian investments abraad: and
- export financing, praviding medium and long-term expart financing to foreign buyers of Canadian goods and services.

Ottawa (Head Office) 151 O'Cannor Street Ottawa, ON K1A 1K3 Tel.: (613) 598-2500

Fax: (613) 237-2690

The Embassy of Mexico, Mexican Trade Cammissioners in Canada, and Mexican cansulates can pravide assistance and guidance to Canadian companies in need of infarmatian about doing business in Mexico.







Embassy of Mexico 45 O'Connor Street, Suite 1500 Ottawa ON K1P 1A4 Tel.: 16131 233-8988

Fax: (613)235-9123

International Financial
Institutions including the World
Bank and the Inter-American
Development Bank provide funds to
Mexico for a wide variety of specific
projects. These banks can provide
details of upcoming projects and identify the Mexican executing agencies.

### Business and Professional Associations

Canadian Construction
Association (CCA)

85 Albert Street
Ottawa, ON K1P 6A4
Tel.: (613) 236-9455
Fax: (613) 239-9526

Association of Consulting Engineers of Canada (ACEC)

130 Albert Street, Suite 616 Ottawa, ON K1P 5G4 Tel.: (613) 236-0569 Fax: (613) 236-6193

Royal Architectural Institute of Canada (RAIC)

55 Murray Street, Suite 330 Ottawa, ON K1N 5M3 Tel.: (613) 232-7165 Fax: (613) 232-7559

Canadian Standards Association (CSA)

178 Rexdale Blvd. Rexdale, ON M9W 1R3 Tel.: (416) 747-4000 Fax: (416) 747-4149

Standards Council of Canada

45 O'Connor Street Suite 1200

Ottawa, ON K1P 6N7 Tel.: (613) 238-3222 Fax: (613) 995-4564

### KEY CONTACTS IN MEXICO

Mexican Government
Departments and Agencies

Secretariat of Communications and Transportation

Secretaría de Comunicaciones y Transportes (SCT) Av. Universidad y Xola, Cuerpo C Piso 1 Col. Narvarte 03028 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 538-5148/0450 Fax: 519-9748

National Water Commission Office of Construction Management

Comisión Nacional del Agua (CNA) Gerencia de Construcciones Cda. J. Sánchez Azcona No. 1723 Col. del Valle 03100 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 524-6985, 534-4650

Fax: 524-1129

National Oil Company Petróleos Mexicanos (PEMEX) Av. Marina Nacional No. 329 Col. Huasteca

11311 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 250-2611 Fax: 652-4385

Federal Electricity Commission
Comisión Federal de Electricidad

(CFE) Río Ródano No. 14 Col. Cuauhtémoc 06598 México, D.F.

México Tel.: 553-7133 Fax: 553-6424

Secretariat of Social
Development
Subsecretariat of Housing

Secretaría de Desarrollo Social (SEDESOL) Subsecretaría de la Vivienda Av. Constituyentes No. 947 Col. Belén de las Flores 01110 México, D.F.

México Tel.: 271-1441 Fax: 271-1659 Housing Fund for Commercial Banks

Fondo de Operación y
Financiamiento Bancario a la
Vivienda (FOVI)
Av. Ejército Nacional No. 180
Col. Ánzures
11590 México, D.F.
México

Tel.: 255-3644 Fax: 203-7304

Housing Pension Fund for Private Sector Employees Instituto del Fondo Nacional para la Vivienda de los Trabajadores (INFONAVIT) Barranca del Muerto No. 280 Col. San José Insurgentes 01029 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 660-2779 Fax: 660-3418

Housing Pension Fund for Public Sector Employees

Fondo de la Vivienda del Sistema de Seguridad Social de los Trabajadores (FOVISSSTE) Miguel Noreña No. 28 Col. San José Insurgentes 03900 México, D.F.

México Tel.: 680-6142 Fax: 680-1574

Federal Low Income Housing Fund

Fondo Nacional de Habitaciones Populares (FONHAPO) Homero No. 203, Piso 10 Col. Polanco 11560 México, D.F.

México Tel.: 254-8765 Fax: 254-7559

National Tourism Development Fund

Fondo Nacional de Fomento al Turismo (FONATUR) Insurgentes Sur No. 800 Col. del Valle 03100 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 687-7437, 688-4222

Fax: 687-8001







School Construction Program

Comité Administrativo del Programa Federal de Construcción de Escuelas *ICAPFCEI* 

Calle Vito Alessio Robles No. 380

Col. Florida 01030 México, D.F.

México

Tel.: 659-5896, 557-1757 Fax: 554-6685/6422

### Federal Roads and Bridges Commission

Caminos y Puentes Federales de Ingresos y Servicios Conexos (CAPFISC)

Av. Plan de Ayala No. 629 Col. Lomas del Mirador 62350 Cuernavaca, Morelos México

Tel.: 11-5400 Fax: 16-0519

### Secretariat of Commerce and Industrial Development **Bureau of Standards**

Secretaria de Comercio y Fomento Industrial (SECOFI) Dirección General de Normas Av. Puente de Tecamachalco No. 6 Col Lomas de Tecamachalco 53950 Tecamachalco Estado de México México

Tel.: 729-9300 Fax: 729-9477

### **Mexican National Railways**

Ferrocarriles Nacionales de México (FERRONAL) Jesús García No. 140 Piso 13, Ala A Col. Buenavista 06358 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 541-4004, 547-9317 Fax: 547-0959

**Mexican Airport Authority** Aeropuertos y Servicios Auxiliares

(ASÁ) Avenida 602 No. 161 Col. San Juan de Aragón 15620 México, D.F.

Tel.: 571-4545/4911

Fax: 762-5951

México

### **Mexican Port Authority**

Puertos Mexicanos Municipio Libre 377, Piso 6, Ala A Col. Santa Cruz Atoyac 03310 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 604-7875, 688-2266

Fax: 688-9081

### National Institute for Statistics, Geography and Informatics

Instituto Nacional de Estadística, Geografía e Informática (INEGI)

Edificio Sede

Av. Héroe de Nacosari 2301 Sur Fraccionamiento Jardines del Parque 20270 Aguascalientes

Aguascalientes México

Tel.: 918-6947 Fax: 918-6945

### **Business and Professional Associations**

### National Chamber of the Construction Industry

Cámara Nacional de la Industria de la Construcción Periférico Sur No. 4839 Col. Parques del Pedregal 14010 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 665-0424/1500 Fax: 606-6720

### **Promotion Centre for** Construction and Housing

Centro Impulsor de la Construcción y la Habitación A.C. (CIHAC) Av. Minerva No. 16 Col. Crédito Constructor 03940 México, D.F.

México

Tel.: 661-0844, 662-5085 Fax: 661-0600

### National Association of Distributors of Construction Materials

Asociación de Comerciantes de Materiales para la Construcción de la República Mexicana A.C. José María Velasco No. 21 Col. San José Insurgentes 03900 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 593-4995 Fax: 593-6047

### Mexican Association of Firms Specializing in Installation for Construction

Asociación Mexicana de Empresas del Ramo de Instalaciones para Construcción A.C. San Antonio No. 319 Col. San Pedro de los Pinos 03800 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 611-5414 Fax: 611-5456

### National Chamber of **Commerce of Mexico City**

Cámara Nacional de Comercio de la Ciudad de México (CANACO) Paseo de la Reforma No. 42 Col. Centro

06030 México, D.F.

México

Tel.: 592-2677/2665 Fax: 705-7412, 592-3571

### National Chamber of Industrial Transformation

Cámara Nacional de la Industria de la Transformación (CANACINTRA) Av. San Antonio No. 256 Col. Nápoles

03849 México, D.F.

México

Tel.: 563-3400 Fax: 598-9467

### Canadian Chamber of Commerce in Mexico

Cámara de Comercio de Canadá en México Paseo de la Reforma No. 369, Mezzanine Col. Juárez 06500 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 525-0961/0541

Fax: 525-0438

### National Chamber of Cement

Cámara Nacional del Cemento **ICANACEMI** Leibnitz No. 77 Col. Anzures 11590 México, D.F.

México

Tel.: 533-0132/0133/0134

Fax: 203-4102







National Chamber of the Iron and Steel Industry

Cámara Nacional de la Industria del Hierro y del Acero (CANACERO) Amores No. 338 Col. del Valle 03199 México, D.F.

México

Tel.: 543-4443 to 4447

Fax: 687-0517

Mexican Cement and Concrete Institute

Instituto Mexicano del Cemento y del Concreto (IMCYC) Insurgentes Sur No. 1846 Col. Florida 01030 México, D.F.

Tel.: 660-2778/3198

Fax: 534-2118

México

National Advisory Board for Wood in Construction

Consejo Nacional de la Madera en la Construcción A.C. Quintana Roo No. 141-603 Col. Hipódromo Condesa 06170 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 564-5007 Fax: 277-6715

Mexican Association of Fibro-Cement Manufacturers

Asociación Mexicana de Fabricantes de Fibro-Cemento A.C. Paseo de la Reforma No. 30, Piso 1 Col. Juárez

06040 México, D.F.

México

Tel.: 533-4441, 207-2254

Fax: 286-7723

Mexican Association of Plastic Pipe Manufacturers

Asociación Mexicana de Industrias de Tuberías Plásticas A.C. (ITP) Alabama No. 35 Col. Nápoles 03810 México. D.F.

México Tel.: 669-0510 Fax: 687-3702 Association of Consulting Engineers

Cámara Nacional de Empresas Consultoras Miguel Laurent No. 70, Piso 3 Col. del Valle 03100 México, D.F.

México.

Tel.: 559-9888 Fax: 559-4914

School of Architects

Colegio de Arquitectos Av. Constituyentes No. 800 Col. Lomas Altas 11950 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 570-0007 Fax: 259-5423

Major Construction Companies in Mexico City

Grupo Bufete Industrial S.A. de C.V. Moras No. 850 Col. del Valle

03100 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 659-3555, 726-9066 Fax: 658-5941/3477

Gutsa Construcciones S.A. de C.V. Av. Revolución No. 1387 Col. Campestre San Angel 01040 México, D.F.

México

Tel.: 662-7346 Fax: 662-2471

Grupo Mexicano de Desarrollo Culiacán No. 108 Col. Condesa 06170 México, D.F.

México

Tel.: 272-1867 Fax: 272-1627

Ingenieros Civiles Asociados S.A. de C.V. (ICA) Minería No. 145 Col. Escandón 11800 México, D.F.

México

Tel.: 272-9991

Triturados Basálticos y Derivados S.A. de C.V. (TRIBASA) Bosques de Ciruelos No. 130 Col. Bosques de las Lomas 11700 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 596-5023/5121 Fax: 596-5337

Construcciones y Canalizaciones S.A. de C.V. (CYC) Sor Juana Inés de la Cruz No. 280 Col. Benito Juárez 54020 Tlalnepantla, Estado de México México

Tel.: 390-4522 Fax: 565-2896

Grupo Contelmex Liverpool No. 72-A Col. Juárez 06600 México, D.F.

México Tel.: 627-5600 Fax: 511-8138

Compañía Contratista Nacional S.A. de C.V. Arenal No. 550 Col. Tepepan Xochimilco 16020 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 676-5555 Fax: 676-1932

CCC Fabricaciones y Construcciones S.A. de C.V. Miguel de Cervantes Saavedra No. 157, Piso 7

Col. Granada 11520 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 254-0511 Fax: 254-8381

**Major Developers** 

Fondo Opción Av. Revolución No. 1601 Col. San Angel 01000 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 227-7227 Fax: 550-3014







Aurum Promociones Periférico Sur No. 3395 A-201 Col. Rincón del Pedregal 14120 México, D.F. México

Tel.: 326-7033 Fax: 326-7034

### Major Construction Companies in Monterrey

Constructora Maiz Mier S.A. de C.V. Matamoros Oriente No. 506 64000 Monterrey, Nuevo León México

Tel.: 343-0321 Fax: 344-0662

Constructora Garza Ponce S.A. de C.V. Zaragoza Sur No. 1000 Mezzanine 64000 Monterrey, Nuevo León Méxica

Tel.: 340-7752 Fax: 345-6654

Desarrollo y Construcciones Urbanas S.A. de C.V. Paricutín 390 Col. Roma 64700 Monterrey, Nuevo León México

Tel.: 358-4200 Fax: 359-6655

Grupo Protexa S.A. de C.V. Apartado Postal 2933 Carretera Monterrey – Saltillo Km. 339

66350 Santa Catarina, Nuevo León

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Tel.: 336-3030 Fax: 336-2964

Houston Purchasing Office — IMXPORT

Tel.: (713) 820-3300

Bufete Industrial de Monterrey S.A. de C.V.

Madero No. 1820 Poniente, Piso 2 Monterrey, Nuevo León

México Tel.: 273-1603 Fax: 372-4907

Promesa Constructora Av. San Pedro No. 112 Sur con Río Volga Col. del Valle 66220 Garza García, Nuevo León

Tel.: 335-4216 Fax: 335-0766

Fax: 345-6027

### National Chamber of the Construction Industry for the State of Nuevo León

Cámara Nacional de la Industria de la Construcción Delegacián Nuevo León Av. Dr. I. Moranes Prieto Oriente No. 1101 Col. Nuevo Repueblo 64700 Monterrey, Nuevo León México Tel.: 345-6147

### Nuevo León Association of Distributors of Construction Materials

Asociación de Distribuidores de Materiales para Construcción de Nuevo León A.C. Benito Juárez 233 Col. Chulavista 67180 Guadalupe, Nuevo León México

Tel.: 360-0012/3888 Fax: 360-0012

### National Chamber of Commerce for the State of Nuevo León

Cámara Nacional de Comercio Delegación Nuevo León Ocampo Poniente No. 250, Piso 1 Edificio de las Instituciones 64000 Monterrey, Nuevo León México

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### Contacts in Guadalajara

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Urden Construcciónes S.A. de C.V. Morelos No. 530 Col. Fraccionamiento Los Altos 04550 Tlaquepaque, Jalisco México

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