LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

LAST EDITION

50th Year. No. | Tomorrow's Weather—Moderately Cold. | LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1913. TWENTY PAGES. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

C. P. R. FLYER DITCHED IN WRECK AT NEWBURY

Strange Accident at Switch Hurled Heavy Steel Coaches All Over the Line—Many Passengers Badly Shaken Up, But All Will Recover.

HENRY HUGGITT HURLED TO SNOW BANK OUT OF WINDOW

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Michael P. Barry, express messenger, Toronto, head badly cut and shaken up.

F. J. Huggitt, Bala, Ont., shoulder dislocated, wrist injured, head cut, and shaken up.

SLIGHTLY INJURED.

W. Drisdale, 210 Antrim street, Peterboro, elbow hurt.
R. Robertson, Galt, chest hurt.
J. Miller, 908 Majestic Building, Detroit, badly shaken up.
R. J. Riddell, Nashville, Tenn., wrist sprained.
F. F. Morrow, Toronto, shaken up.
Mrs. E. Crowley, Oberlin, Kan., left leg hurt.
Miss Nitchke, Highford, Que., side injured.
Charles Nitchke, Highford, Que., blow on head.
C. Morrison, C. P. R. porter, head cut.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Newbury, Feb. 8.—The Chicago-Montreal Express, No. 18, in charge of Engineer George Dowling, of London, was wrecked at the switch here at 3:55 this morning from some cause as yet unknown. The big mogul and the entire train of ten coaches is in the ditch. No one was killed, but Express Messenger Michael Berry, of Toronto, was badly cut about the head by being hurled against the side of the car Henry Huggitt of Bala, Ont., had his shoulder dislocated and was badly shaken up.

The train was in charge of Engineer Dowling and Conductor Dan Baker, and was going along at a high rate of speed. As soon as the engine struck the switch it left the rails and pounded over the ties for a hundred yards before coming to a stand in the ditch. Every car followed. The engine did not turn over, but stands with the big drive-wheels buried in the sand.

A special train from London, bearing doctors and supplies, was sent as soon as possible, and the needs of all passengers attended to. The auxiliary was sent up soon after, and the crew is busy clearing up the line. It is expected that the line will be reopened for traffic this afternoon.

Rushed to London.

The special train bearing the injured reached London about 9:30 o'clock. Messrs. Huggitt and Barry were taken at once to St. Joseph's Hospital, where their injuries were attended to.

At the time of the wreck there were only 25 passengers on the train, of whom nearly half received injuries, but outside the two mentioned, none were seriously hurt.

How any escaped death is the wonder of railwaymen who saw the wreck. Only two wheels of the train remained on the track, and they were the first two wheels of the locomotive.

Cars Were Scattered.

The engine was over 100 yards in advance of the rest of the train, and sunk deep into the roadbed.

The three baggage cars jumped to the north side of the track and were 60 feet away from the roadbed. The trucks were stripped from under them and lay upside-down in the fields adjoining.

The second-class coach was directly across the rails. The first-class coach following, was lying diagonally across the rails. The Toronto sleeper toppled over on the rails and was lying on its side. The Montreal sleeper jumped the tracks, too, but remained in practically an upright position.

The cars were all steel constructed, and to that fact railwaymen attribute the slightness of the injuries sustained by the passengers. Had the old

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SENATOR JAMES ROSS, former gold commissioner in the Yukon, who is critically ill in this city.

TURKS LOSE 15,000 UNCONFIRMED REPORT

Nothing Heard Regarding the Matter in the Bulgarian Capital.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Feb. 8.—A sensational report that the Turks had suffered a crushing defeat at the hands of the Bulgarian troops in the Peninsula of Gallipoli, and had lost 15,000 killed and 10,000 prisoners, which was published in the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger this morning, receives no confirmation or support from any other source.

It is pointed out here that it is incredible that such a battle could have been fought and such victory without the Bulgarian headquarters hastening officials to notify it to the world.

A telegram received here from the Bulgarian capital th's afternoon does not refer to any fighting. It merely mentions the departure of King Ferdinand of Bulgaria for the army headquarters in the field.

THIRTEEN KILLED IN BRITISH COLLIERY

Bucket Fell Five Hundred Feet Onto Men in Shaft.

[Canadian Press.]

Mansfield, England, Feb. 8. — Thirteen sinkers were killed and a number of others were injured today at the Bolsover colliery, by the snapping of a chain, to which was suspended a bucket containing 800 gallons of water.

The bucket crashed down the shaft, which was 500 feet deep, and at the bottom of which the men were working. The workers were crushed into an unrecognizable mass. Only a few who happened to be in shelter holes at the sides of the shaft escaped death.

This city is the centre of a large coal mining district.

PETER ELSON CAN THANK SIMPLE LIFE

East Middlesex Member's Constitution Responsible for Rapid Recovery.

Mr. Peter Elson, M. P. for East Middlesex, can thank a fine constitution and the habit of living the simple life for several years past, for his present sudden return to health.

Latest reports announce that Mr. Elson is rapidly recovering, and is now practically out of danger. After a week's illness and confinement to his bed, he is able to sit up, and is now convalescing.

Suffragettes Hid in Hothouses and Devasted New Gardens

When the Day Staff Arrived the Gardeners Found Valuable Plants Uprooted and Greenhouses Wrecked—Telegraph Wires Cut

[Canadian Press.]

London, Feb. 8.—Militant suffragettes destroyed many valuable plants and did other damage in the hothouses of the Kew Horticultural Gardens during the early hours of this morning, when they developed another part of their plan of campaign to force the British Government to give the parliamentary vote to women.

It is believed a number of women hid themselves in the gardens overnight, for this morning long before the day staff came on duty it was found that a large number of orchids had been uprooted and scattered in all directions. Thirty panes of glass in the orchid houses had been broken, and the total damage is estimated at from $4,000 to $5,000.

When the night watchman had made his rounds at 1 o'clock in the morning, everything was still in good order, and the women must have laid their plans well beforehand, in order to find hiding places where they could lie in security. No trace of them has since been found.

The window-smashing raids also continue in London. Two immense windows in an establishment on Oxford street, which has heretofore been immune, because of the proprietors' contributions to the women's suffrage funds, were broken during the night. The postal authorities today issued a notice that said delay on all telegraph dispatches from the south to North England, the cutting of telegraph wires in the provinces by the suffragettes yesterday being responsible.

ASQUITH RUNS IN GREAT LUCK

T. P. O'Connor's Racy Description of the Political Drama in the Old Land.

No General Election Is Likely To Be Held Until 1915.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser By T. P. O'Connor.]

London, Feb. 8.—Arthur Birrell, chief secretary for Ireland, can always sum up the political situation with a brilliant flash of wit. He said recently that the present Ministry had dug its own grave, time after time, and then when they were preparing to fall into it Bonar Law or some other Unionist fool, would come along and fill it up again.

In fact, the extraordinary luck of the present ministry is passing into a proverb. At a moment when the Unionists seemed to be stampeding the country over the unpopularly of Chancellor Lloyd George's insurance act, the magnificent Liberal victory at the Bolton by-election turned the whole tide of fortune, and the insurance act by this time is going so strong that it promises to be in the near future as much a valuable asset to the Liberals as it was a possible handicap.

Similarly, when the Ulster bluff was making some impression on the English Protestant mind, the by-election at Derry suddenly intervened and gave the Nationalists a majority of the Ulster representation and drove the big spike into the Orange drums.

Saved From Division.

Finally, when the woman's suffrage question threatened to divide the cabinet ministers as well as the whole Liberal party, Speaker Lowther's decision in the Commons swept away the woman suffrage amendments and lifted the ministers out of the impossible position.

The Liberals had a similar run of luck this week. The Welsh church disestablishment bill was throughout its whole career and immense stumbling block. The Welsh radicals demanded extreme terms, while the small group of English Liberal churchmen demanded generous treatment to the disestablished church, and several times during the debates the Liberal majorities fell down to small numbers.

The Home Rule Bill.

This was made more conspicuous by the splendid majorities for the home rule bill. These small majorities made the future of the Welsh measure uncertain, especially when it reached the House of Lords, where the disestablishment is hated even more fervently than is home rule.

Things reached a climax last Tuesday, when the Unionists again tried to get a division, and, though they failed in beating the Ministry and the bill, they brought down the Liberal majority to 28.

As seventy Irishmen went into the division for Wales, the Unionists renewed the refrain they have shouted all through this struggle, "Saved by the Irish." The Irish replied defiantly.

So things stood on Wednesday when the third reading came on the Welsh bill. The Liberals had many misgivings as to the size of the majority in this final and momentous siege. Few members expected more than ninety, as several of the Liberal churchmen were expected to abstain, and one or two were even ready to vote against the bill.

But this auspicious day began with a splendid omen for Hogg, the new home rule member from Derry, who entered the House for the first time, amid thunders of cheers, the Liberal and Irish members rising from their seats, and waving their handkerchiefs and shaking Hogg's hand. Among these were Premier Asquith and the other cabinet ministers.

Welsh Bill Carried.

When, later on, the Welsh bill was carried by the immense majority of 107, in spite of the Liberal abstentions and of one hostile Liberal vote, the Welshmen lost their heads, and after cheering themselves hoarse in the House of Commons, went out and sang the Welsh national songs. Such a majority places the Welsh bill out of all danger, and though the House of

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THE WEATHER.

TOMORROW—MODERATELY COLD.

Forecasts.

Toronto, Feb. 8—8 a.m.

Today—Fresh to strong westerly winds; mostly fair, with light local snowfalls or flurries.

Sunday—Westerly winds and moderately cold.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
LONDON	12	12	Snow
Victoria	38	32	Clear
Calgary	24	0	Clear
Winnipeg	22	— 8	Clear
Port Arthur	16	— 2	Clear
Parry Sound	18	12	Snow
Toronto	21	10	Cloudy
Ottawa	18	10	Fair
Montreal	18	16	Fair
Quebec	12	8	Clear
Father Point	6	—12	Clear

Minus (—) means below zero.

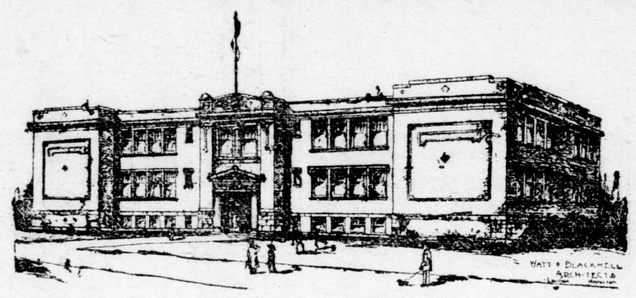
Weather Notes.

The pressure continues high over the Western States and Provinces, while from the Great Lakes eastward it has decreased, with the movement of a low area from the north.

The temperature has risen somewhat between Ontario and the Maritime Provinces.

Moderate snowfalls have occurred in many parts of Ontario.

Perspective Sketch of New Aberdeen School



Above is shown a drawing of the new Aberdeen School as it will appear when completed. The exterior will be of red tapestry brick, with white joints and white stone or terra cotta trimmings.

The building will contain thirteen class-rooms, domestic science, manual training and kindergarten rooms; will be of fireproof construction and modeled along the latest approved lines in modern school construction.

This building when completed will exemplify the last word in modern school construction in such items as heating and ventilating, design, etc.

The drawing is by courtesy of Messrs. Watt & Blackwell, architects, the winners of the competition. There were eleven other designs submitted.

MR. WALTON HAS BEEN EXONERATED

Coroner at Vineland Made Inquiry Into the Death of Former London Lady.

Details of the tragedy at Vineland, N. J., in which Mrs. Leslie Walton, formerly of this city, lost her life, have been received.

The first dispatches were to the effect that Mrs. Walton had accidentally killed herself with a revolver while she was packing a suitcase prior to the departure of her husband for St. Louis, where he had accepted a situation.

Immediately after the shooting there was an investigation and Mr. Walton was completely exonerated. Since then another investigation has been ordered and the case is to be reopened by Coroner Gray along other lines.

Mr. Walton in his statement said that he had found his wife unconscious from a bullet wound near the region of her heart, when, with his wife's mother, he returned from a farewell visit to several of his Vineland acquaintances. It was apparent to all that through her lack of knowledge concerning firearms Mrs. Walton had handled the revolver carelessly, and that it was accidentally discharged.

Mrs. Walton was a daughter of Mr. F. A. Butterworth, assistant general freight agent at Chicago of the Pere Marquette. She had resided for some time in London with her mother before her marriage to Mr. Walton, who at that time conducted the Grand Opera House Pharmacy.

Plum for Some Bank Clerks

To enable their clerks to meet the increased cost of living, the directors of the Molsons Bank have decided to grant an allowance of $125 to any of them who are receiving a salary of less than $700.

Several other banking institutions have recently adopted a similar arrangement.

Notification of the change has not yet reached the local branch of the Molsons Bank.

Some ten or twelve of the staff will benefit by the increase when it is formally sanctioned.

NINETEEN APPLYING TO BE CITY ENGINEER

Applications From Many Parts of Canada and Several From England.

Applications for the position of city engineer are being received by City Clerk Baker in large numbers, no less than 19 being in hand at the present time, with every mail adding to the array.

They are coming from nearly every big city in Canada, and some even from England.

The board of works will decide on a man in a short time, probably at the next meeting to be held on Thursday evening next.

SIR DONALD MANN IS NOT CONVERSANT

Passes Through London, But Is Not in Touch With Situation Here.

Sir Donald Mann, of the Canadian Northern, passed through the city on the Grand Trunk th's afternoon on his way to Montreal, after an extended trip through the Canadian West.

Seen by a representative of The Advertiser, Sir Donald refused to be interviewed.

He was asked as to how soon he expected his company to begin operations on its radial and steam lines in this part of Western Ontario, and whether the company would commence operations over the London and Port Stanley line immediately if the citizens decided to lease the line.

"I do not know anything about the situation in this part of the country," he continued, "so I cannot say anything about what we intend to do."

Sir Donald inquired about the weather in London and the effect it had on trade.

MOVED TO HAVE TRUSTEES JAILED

Mr. W. R. Meredith Springs a Sensation in Continuation School Case.

SAY THEY DISOBEYED

Three Members of School Board Alleged to Have Disregarded Court Order.

At the sitting of the weekly court this morning, Mr. W. R. Meredith made a motion to have three trustees of the West Nissouri continuation school board committed to jail for contempt of court in not proceeding promptly to establish the school as ordered by the court. Chief Justice Meredith, who presided, adjourned the case until March 8. Mr. George S. Gibbons appeared for the trustees.

A Long-Drawn Case.

The establishment of the West Nissouri Continuation School has been the cause of much litigation, and the last order of the court was to the effect that the trustees should proceed to rent a hall in Thorndale for the establishment of a school. The ratepayers in favor of establishing a school claim that the trustees made no attempt to obtain a hall, and completely disregarded the order of the court. The trustees named in court this morning were Messrs. McCutcheon, Bright and Sharman.

The Keiver Case.

In connection with the Keiver estate, an application was made for the construction of a will, and also an application that the executors pay to the widow an increased amount over that named in the will for her support and maintenance. The court held that a larger sum was necessary for the support of the widow, but withheld the order so that the parties might arrange a satisfactory agreement among themselves. Mr. T. G. Meredith for the applicant, and Mr. Houston, of Chatham, for the executors.

G.T.R. TO PLACE SIX TRACKS IN EAST END YARDS

Supt. Announces Important Extension of Trackage for London.

ENORMOUS STRIDES IN LOCAL FREIGHT

New Shunting Grounds To Be Laid Out With Passing of Winter.

Superintendent H. E. Whittenberger stated to The Advertiser this afternoon that the land which the Grand Trunk has been purchasing in East London recently is to be used for enlarging the railway yards.

"Six new tracks will be constructed," said Mr. Whittenberger. "Our business in London is continually increasing, and we find the present yards greatly congested. The new tracks will be built east of Egerton street, and work will start as early as possible in the spring."

Knows Nothing of Removal.

Asked regarding the rumor that the bridge and building factory on Adelaide street was to be removed, Mr. Whittenberger said he knew nothing of the matter.

"Our business in this district has increased over 30 per cent. in the past year," he said, "and the increase in London is much greater than this. I have not the exact figures available at the present time, but we are doing a splend'd business here."

To Resume Negotiations.

Asked if there was anything new in regard to the offer the company intends making the city, Mr. Whittenberger intimated that negotiations would be resumed shortly. He said he could not say anything at the present time regarding the matter.

INJURIES TO AGED LADY MAY BE FATAL

Mrs. McDonald Fell While Attempting to Get Out of Bed.

Mrs. McDonald, 85 years of age, residing with her son-in-law, Mr. J. R. Hamilton, 29 Orchard street, may not survive the injuries she received on Friday night through falling out of bed.

Mrs. McDonald has been an invalid for some, and she attempted to get out of bed without assistance, falling to the floor and fracturing a bone in the side of her hip.

Owing to her advanced age and poor health, Mrs. McDonald is not expected to recover.

GLEN HESTON WON PRINCE OF WALES

Favorite Comes Through a Winner in Three-Mile Event.

[Canadian Press.]

Sandown Park, Eng., Feb. 8. — The Prince of Wales' handicap steeplechase was won here this afternoon by the favorite, Glen Heston. J. R. Fell's Highbridge was second. The distance was three miles.

FOREIGNERS SHOW CLASS DISTINCTION PUZZLES PASTORS

Attempt to Launch Mission Reveals Fine Snobbishness Between London's Russians and Ruthenians.

Steps are being taken towards the establishment of a mission church in London's Russian colony. For some weeks past the question has been under discussion by several ministers, and they have considered that something must be done soon towards the erection of such a church.

At the meeting of London Presbytery in the First Presbyterian Church on Tuesday, the question was introduced by Rev. W. R. McIntosh, pastor of King Street Presbyterian Church, and brought forth much discussion. All the clergy present were heartily in favor of a church in the Russian colony and a resolution was unanimously carried indorsing the establishment of mission and promising it their support.

Duty of the Churches.

Bishop Williams, in an address in the Memorial Church some weeks ago, also spoke on the topic, and stated that it was the duty of the denominations in this city to take up the question of christianizing the foreigners in London.

Rev. Mr. McIntosh stated that class distinctions were very fine between the Ruthenians and the Russians, and that the latter would not tolerate a minister of the Ruthenian type. He was sure that a mission could be started and carried to a successful issue if the right man could be secured. He would have to be a respectable and educated native Russian, and one who would be an example for others to follow.

Presbytery To Take It Up.

The ministers of the Presbyterian Church have the matter in hand so far, but it will be taken over by the Presbytery in a few days. The Young People's social service clubs and home mission societies are lending the scheme aid.

SENATOR ROSS SPENDS UNFAVORABLE NIGHT

Little Hope Entertained For His Recovery at Present.

The condition of Senator James Ross, who is critically ill at Victoria Hospital, shows no improvement, and little hope of his recovery is entertained. He spent a restless night, and today he failed to rally as was anticipated.

LIFT COAL EMBARGO MONDAY FOR SURE

Supt. Whittenberger Says Congestion at Black Rock Will Be Relieved---No Danger of Coal Famine.

Superintendent H. E. Whittenberger of the Grand Trunk stated to The Advertiser this afternoon that the embargo on coal on the Grand Trunk will be lifted positively not later than Monday. Mr. Whittenberger just came in from Black Rock today, after an arduous period of work in assisting other officials in trying to straighten out the congestion.

"You can say that there is absolutely no danger of any coal famine," he said: "We are beginning to get things going nicely. Nearly 500 cars of coal were brought out today. All stuff that was billed up to the time the embargo was placed on will be delivered as quickly as arrangements have been completed, so that it will not be held."

Mr. Whittenberger is accompanied by Mr. Wilson, superintendent of transportation.

$100,000 IMPROVEMENTS TO CITY GAS CO.

Mr. Duffield Visits Other Cities Before Renewing Plant.

The City Gas Company contemplates making many changes and improvements in its plant this summer.

Mr. J. C. Duffield, the managing director, is at present visiting several American cities, obtaining estimates, etc., on the most modern plants available.

It is estimated that $100,000 at least will be expended on improvements, which will practically rebuild the plant.

TEACHER'S BODY WAS FOUND IN RIVER

Miss Bell Gardiner Was Accidentally Drowned at Cayuga.

[Canadian Press.]

Cayuga, Feb. 8.—Miss Bell Gardiner, a school teacher at Gypsum Mines, left her school at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon to cross the Grand River to the home of her father, Mr. Henry Gardiner. As she failed to arrive her father went to meet her, and soon a general search was made, the searchers patrolling the ice with lanterns. They found the imprint of a lady's shoe on the snow in a direct line with an air hole on the river, and no tracks could be found on the other side of the hole. The water at this point is 14 feet deep. The body was recovered at 11 o'clock this morning after grappling for several hours. Miss Gardiner was only 19.

"BUFFALO BILL" TO BE GUEST OF HIS COUSIN IN LONDON

Famous Old Scout and Founder of "Wild West" Shows Will Spend a Few Days With Mr. John F. Cody, of Stanley Street.

"Buffalo Bill," known in private life as Col. W. F. Cody, will spend a few days in London this coming week. He is expected to arrive here this evening from Chicago, and will probably remain in the city until Wednesday. While here he will be the guest of his cousin, Mr. John F. Cody, of Stanley street.

"Buffalo Bill" is on his way east from Denver, where he recently consummated one of the largest business deals in the show business in recent years. The Sells-Floto shows and his own Wild West Exhibition will amalgamate, and in 1914 will take the road as one show. This will mark the beginning of a big battle between the so-called trust shows and this last combination.

INDIA MAY GIVE TWO SHIPS

Native Princes Slated For Contribution of Some Sort, Cable States.

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, Feb. 8.—The Witness' London correspondent cables today: The question has been revived again with respect to India's attitude towards the imperial navy. It is now thought probable that a group of India's native princes may shortly offer the admiralty two warships the cost to be raised by a proportionate amount from the various states.

The keels of these ships may be laid down in the early part of next year.

Some time ago it was predicted that India would take her share in the naval defence of the empire, and it was stated that she would give virtually a whole fleet, an exaggeration apparently.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Knott & Sangster

Room 101 Dominion Savings Building, Formerly Masonic Temple. PHONE 650.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS, VALUATORS, ARBITRATORS, OPTIONS OBTAINED, MONEY TO LOAN, FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE, PROPERTIES RENTED AND RENTS COLLECTED.

WE ARE THE AGENTS FOR ALL OF THE NEW SURVEYS LAID OUT IN THIS CITY, AMONGST OTHERS, THE SEE HOUSE PROPERTY, SITUATED ON RIDOUT STREET SOUTH, YOU CAN BUY LOTS ON THIS BEAUTIFUL SURVEY, WITH SIDEWALKS AND SEWERS PAID FOR, FOR $12.00 TO $14.00 PER FOOT, ON VERY EASY TERMS. WE ALSO HAVE A NUMBER OF LOTS ON CARFRAE CRESCENT, THE McKENZIE ESTATE, BELLEVUE AVENUE, JUST SOUTH OF GRAND AVENUE; WOLSELEY AVENUE, NEAR MILITARY SCHOOL, AND A LARGE NUMBER OF VACANT LOTS IN OTHER LOCALITIES, WHICH CAN BE PURCHASED ON EASY TERMS. CALL AND SEE US BEFORE THE BEST IS SOLD.

RIDOUT STREET SOUTH—2½-story brick, stone foundation, slate roof, 5 bedrooms, music room, library, modern conveniences, newly decorated, large verandah, fruit trees, two cellars, lot 53x226 feet. Call for particulars.

WATERLOO STREET — Two-story brick, double house, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, bathroom complete, piped for furnace, gas and fixtures, lot 42x95.6 feet. Price, $5,000.

HORTON STREET—1¾-story brick-veneer, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, good cellar, verandah, lot 30x100 feet. Price, $2,000.

KENNETH AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 29x99 feet. Price, $2,300.

COLBORNE STREET—1½-story brick, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 37.11x150 feet. Price, $2,500. Would exchange for small farm.

TEN ACRES, close to city limits—1½-story frame house, barn, driveshed, hog-pen, chicken house, orchard and small fruits. Price, $2,600, or will sell 22 acres and buildings for $3,500.

FIVE ACRES, close to London Junction, with frame cottage, stone foundation, new barn, tile-drained, fruit trees. Price, $3,000.

THIRTY-EIGHT ACRES on Traction line, close to school and church; rural mail delivery, story and half frame house, frame barn, frame stable, silo, orchard. A fine bargain, $4,000.

WELLINGTON STREET — 2-story brick, stone foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, barn; lot 40x150 feet. Price, $3,700.

HILL STREET—1½-story brick, stone foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences; lot 80x184 feet. Price, $2,800.

WILSON AVENUE—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, gas; lot 40x82 feet. Price, $1,000.

COLBORNE STREET—2½-story red pressed brick, slate roof, cement block foundation, 4 bedrooms, all modern conveniences; lot 55x148 feet, garage. Call for particulars.

PALL MALL STREET—1½-story brick, stone foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences; lot 23 and right of way x 132 feet. Price, $3,300.

ELEANOR STREET—Frame cottage, 2 bedrooms; lot 30x125 feet. Price, $850.00. Easy terms.

SOUTH LONDON—Frame cottage, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences. Lot 52x223 feet. Price, $2,550.

DUCHESS AVENUE—1½-story brick veneer, cement foundation, modern conveniences, 2 bedrooms. Lot 34.10½x144 feet. Price, $1,650.

GROSVENOR STREET — 1½-story brick veneer, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences; lot 33x100 feet. Price, $2,900.

CENTRAL AVENUE—Frame cottage, 3 bedrooms; splendid lot 66x200 feet. Price, $3,500.

DUFFERIN AVENUE—2-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences; lot 30x198 feet. Price, $4,500.

GARFIELD AVENUE—Frame cottage, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, gas for cooking, water in house, barn; lot 120x142 feet. Price, $2,000.

CATHCART STREET—Brick cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, barn, lot 68x189 feet. Price, $1,900.

VACANT LOT, Wreay street, 120x120 feet. Price, $1,000.

DORINDA STREET — 1¾-story red pressed brick veneer, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, w.c., furnace, electric light and fixtures, lot 26x100 feet. Price, $2,250.

GARFIELD AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 28 feet frontage. Price, $2,400.

ELEANOR STREET—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 2 bedrooms, lot 40x167 feet. Price, $1,100.

SMITH STREET—Red brick cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, electric light and gas, lot 35x149 feet. Price, $1,800.

FACTORY SITE ON G. T. R., 168x280, including two cottages, rented for $8 per month each. Low price for quick sale.

BELLEVUE AVENUE—Two-story red pressed brick, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, den, all modern conveniences, mantel and grate, verandah, lot 34.6x120 feet. Call for particulars.

SACKVILLE STREET—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, water and sink in house, lot 33x160 feet. Price, $1,375.

PALL MALL STREET — 1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms and den, modern conveniences, hot water heated, verandah, lot 41x150 feet. Price, $3,100.

VACANT LOT—William street, 40x132 feet. Call for particulars.

WATERLOO STREET—1½-story brick, stone foundation, 5 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 44.6x170 feet. Price, $3,500.

RICHMOND STREET—2-story frame; lot 50x125 feet. Price, $2,000.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. IF YOU HAVE ANY REAL ESTATE YOU WISH SOLD, WE WILL SELL IT FOR YOU, AND WILL NOT CHARGE IF THE PROPERTY IS NOT SOLD BY OR THROUGH US. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US, AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF HAVING IT WELL ADVERTISED.

THE PROPERTIES ON THIS LIST ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PROPERTIES THAT WE HAVE FOR SALE. CALL AND SEE US.

A SURE INCOME

You can secure a sure and profitable income and a comfortable home by buying one of the farms we have for sale in Ontario.

The following are short descriptions of a few of the farms we have for sale:

No. 6811—50 acres, eight miles from London market; soil clay loam, 3 acres orchard, 1½-story frame house, frame barn with basement; quarter mile to railway station, a few rods to postoffice. Price, $3,500.

No. 6706—100 acres in Oxford County; soil clay loam, 3 acres orchard, 1½-story brick house, a number of outbuildings; five miles to market and railway station, half mile to cheese and butter factory. Will exchange for city, town or village property, or for smaller farm.

No. 6756—50 acres, five miles from London, on electric railway; frame house, frame barn. Will exchange for larger farm.

CITY OF LONDON PROPERTY FOR SALE

Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms and bathroom, furnace. Will exchange for farm.

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FOR SALE—SECTION LAND, SASKATCHEWAN, adjoining town; improved, adapted for mixed farming; $35 an acre; easy terms. Box 81, Advertiser. Mar.4

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS FARM, near Belton, 100 acres, 90 acres improved 5 acres fall wheat, fall plowing done; possession at once. R. Shepherd, St. Marys. 34n

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351 Feet

On the north side of Lovett street, between Rectory street and Chesley avenue at acreage prices. An opportunity to get in right. A. A. CAMPBELL, 428 Richmond street, London, Ont. ALEX. STEWART, field manager. 25n-tzx

QUARTER SECTION FARM LAND IN Southern Saskatchewan, one of the finest wheat and flax sections in the country, situated eight miles from thriving town with three elevators; 130 acres summer fallowed, balance unbroken; price, $6,400; cash $2,000, balance easy terms. Write A. E. Millar, Briercrest, Sask., for further particulars. 65tf-tx

HALF SECTION BEST FARM LAND IN Southern Saskatchewan, situated seven miles from thriving town with three elevators; 110 acres summer fallowed, and 250 acres broken, and one crop taken off; price, $45 per acre; it will require $2,000 cash to handle this property, and it will pay you to investigate further. For full particulars address A. E. Millar, Briercrest, Saskatchewan. 65tf-tx

FOR SALE—FOUR ACRES OF LAND, brick house, barn, stable, chicken pen, abundance of fruit. William Milne, Mount Brydges. 33n-ywt

FOR SALE—SMALL FARM, 16 ACRES; good house and barn, all kinds of small fruits; ten minutes' walk from Mount Brydges; suitable for market gardener or retired farmer. Apply Mrs. Annie Negle, Mount Brydges P. O. 37c-t

The season for selling real estate is opening up and sales are active. If you are thinking of buying a property this season our advice is to buy now.

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A number of very choice building lots on Lovett street, 39-foot frontage each, $300 and up. Richmond street N. $25 per foot. William street, very choice, $55 per foot. Bideport street 42-foot lot for $1,400. Maitland street, near Pall Mall street, $18 per foot.

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1¼-story frame on Madison street, "Pine Lawn," 5 rooms, hydro, good well, $650. Also a nice new 1½-story frame on same street with gas, hydro, etc., for $1,150. Will sell separately or together.

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7½ acres, a short distance east of London Junction. Frame dwelling and outbuildings, orchard, clay loam soil. Price, $3,000. Will exchange for dwelling in North or East London. A. A. CAMPBELL, No. 428 Richmond street, London. Alex. Stewart, field manager. 35c-wty

150 ACRES RICH CLAY LOAM—GOOD two-story brick house, first-class barns and other buildings, two acres of fall and winter fruit and small fruits, splendid water; price, $10,500; $5,000 cash, balance to suit purchaser. Knott & Sangster, Dominion Savings Society building. 35u-wt

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FOR SALE—STORY AND HALF FRAME house; centrally located; $100 cash; balance monthly installments. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, Talbot street. ywt

ONE HUNDRED ACRE FARM, LIGHT clay loam, three miles from Strathroy; school one mile; two frame barns, piggery 144x20, cement floors, carrier, steam and water piped, boiler house, with 15-H.P. boiler; good ten-room house, hot and cold water, bath, good well with windmill attached, good orchard, newly fenced. Lewis Miner, Strathroy, Ont. 37bu

FARM FOR SALE—100 ACRES IN Westminster, near Belmont. Apply Miss J. Nichol, 7 Maryboro Place, London, Ont. 13tf-t

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ST. GEORGE STREET—1½-story brick house, also brick cottage on the one lot; each has 7 rooms and some modern improvements. Price, $2,800. Will pay 9 per cent.

RICHMOND STREET SOUTH—Two new 2-story brick houses, all modern improvements, always rented. Price, $4,400 the two.

OXFORD STREET WEST OF RICHMOND STREET—Large brick cottage, 7 rooms, with all modern improvements, frame barn; lot 49x132 feet. Price reasonable.

MAITLAND STREET NORTH OF OXFORD STREET—Brick cottage, 5 rooms; lot 49x132 feet. Price, $1,100.

HYMAN STREET—A splendid 2-story brick residence, 10 rooms and attic, finished in style, laundry, hot water heating, and all other modern improvements, large verandah, handsome grounds. Price reasonable. Inquire at once.

VICTORIA STREET—New brick cottage, 7 rooms; lot 51x132 feet.

EVA STREET—New brick cottage, 7 rooms; lot 33x110 feet.

BECHER BLOCK—A new two-story brick house, 11 rooms, all modern appointments, lot 50x135 feet to a lane. Price, $7,000.

TECUMSEH AVENUE — 1½-story brick, 7 rooms, all modern improvements, lot 30x115 feet. Price, $1,950.

POTTERSBURG—7½ acres sandy loam, 1½-story frame house and barn, fruit trees; speculators get busy. Price, $3,000.

OXFORD STREET—1½-story frame house, 4 bedrooms, good lot. Price, $1,200.

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HURON STREET—A new frame cottage, on block foundation, 7 rooms, furnace, electric light and gas, lot 50x344 feet, fruit trees. Price, $2,350.

CORNER OF ELEANOR AND LAURA streets—New frame cottage, cement foundation, 6 rooms, lot 36x125 feet. Price, $1,200.

WILLIAM STREET — Central, 1½-story brick house, 8 rooms, modern improvements. Lot 37x132 feet. Price $2,800.

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7½ acres, adjoining the city; good buildings. $3,000.

10 acres—1½-story house, barn, small fruits; half mile from the city limits. $2,500.

10 acres, London Township—Market garden, good buildings. $3,500.

50 acres, Elgin County—2½ acres orchard. Will accept house in the city as part payment.

50 acres, Westminster Township—Good buildings. Price, $6,000.

50 acres, near Pottersburg—Good buildings. Will subdivide.

58 acres, London Township, five miles from London market; 5 acres of orchard. Will exchange for 100 acres. Price, $4,200.

50 acres, London Township—Good buildings; seven miles from London.

50 acres, Lobo Township—Frame house, basement barn and other outbuildings; ten miles from London. $3,500.

50 acres, London Township—Brick house, bank barn, driveshed; four miles from London. $5,000.

50 acres, London Township—Two acres of orchard, all drained by tile, basement barn 30x65; three miles from London market. $6,000.

50 acres, Westminster Township; brick house, bank barn, good orchard.

70 acres, on the car line—Two-story brick house, basement barn 50x50, rural mail delivery; four miles from London.

80 acres, on the Longwood road—Frame house 36x56, drive barn 46x56, young orchard; close to church, school and cheese factory. Will accept a house as part payment. $4,000.

100 acres, London Township—Soil a clay loam, brick house, frame outbuildings, 12 acres seeded, 6 acres of wheat, 30 acres plowed. Will accept house as part payment. $6,500.

100 acres, Nissouri Township—Brick house, bank barn, soil a clay loam. Will accept a house in the city as part payment.

100 acres, Lobo Township—First-class buildings, soil a clay loam; close to church, school and postoffice. Price, $3,700.

100 acres, Westminster Township—Brick house, bank barn, all drained by tile. $7,500.

Open Saturday night, 7 till 9.

FARM FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS 100-ACRE farm, clay loam soil, three miles from Strathroy; solid brick house, 11 rooms, kitchen and woodshed, two barns 40x70 and 20x40, basement stables, wire fenced, well and windmill, orchard, tile and surface drained. For particulars write or call I. M. McGrath, Strathroy, Ont. b

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MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

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DIABETES CAN NOW BE CURED WITH the new German discovery, "Sanol's Anti-Diabetes." Price, $2. Kidney trouble, gall stones, lumbago, gravel and kindred ailments cured with the new German remedy, "Sanol," $1.50, from Anderson & Nelles, 268 Dundas street, or Sanol Manufacturing Company, Winnipeg, Man. Booklet free.

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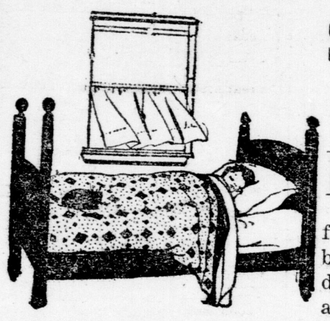
Rounding the Corners of Winter



SATIN DOWN COMFORTERS ABOUT HALF PRICE

IT IS difficult in importing these expensive, high-grade Down Comforters each season to judge the exact number that will be sold, but the nearer we gauge the quantity the less are the reductions at the end of the season. We might carry these over and realize full price next season, but that would not be consistent with our way of doing business, and besides, we have hit the mark pretty close this season, having only 12 Down Quilts now to dispose of. If you want one of this dozen, come early Monday morning. The prices are about half.

The New Spring Colors in Skinner's Famous Satins

SO SATISFACTORY has this Satin proven for ladies' fine coat linings that it has also been tested for underskirts, and is becoming most popular for that purpose on account of its superior lasting and wearing qualities.

SKINNER'S is the satin that has given our customers the best satisfaction of all lining satins we have sold. New spring shades are here: Grays, browns, fawns, greens, the new burnt orange, American Beauty, copper, gold, Paris tan, emerald, straw, biscuit, vieux rose, and new blue, also white. **SKINNER'S** sold in London only at this store. 27 inches wide. Yard **$1.25**

The name **SKINNER'S** woven in both selvages. Samples of the new colors by mail on request.

Dainty New Styles at Ladies' Neckwear Counter

LACE COLLAR and Cuff Sets, Robespierre Collars, Jabots, Fancy Bows, etc.

Lace Collar and Cuff Sets, round collar, a set ..... **50¢**

Imitation Bebe Irish Collar and Cuff Sets.. **75¢**

Guipure Collar and Cuff Sets, ecru only.. **$1.25**

Pretty Lace Sets, ecru and white **$1.50** to **$2.50**

Dainty Ruffling for sleeves, in all lace or lace edge, black, white and ecru, yard.. **25¢, 35¢**

Pique Bands for inside the suit coat, each.. **10¢**

Dainty White Maline Bows, with colored buds, at each ..... **25¢**

Neckwear—Centre Aisle.

Soaps---Special

FULL weight 2½-pound bar, guaranteed genuine French Castile, of which there are many spurious imitations on the market, made to undersell the genuine article, mostly under weight. We import this brand direct from France, and sell same at a very close price. 2½-pound bar..... **22¢**

1-3 full size.... **8¢**; small cakes..... **2 for 5¢**

At Toilet Counter.

5 Only $20.00 and $25.00 Comforters, $13.85

Fine Satin Comforters (down filled), beautiful designs in two-tone green, rose and green, rose and fawn, green and gold, green and champagne, size 66x72. The balance of these lines sold for $20 and $25. Five only left to clear at..... **$13.85**

7 Only $12.50 to $15.00 Comforters, $8.85

Handsome Satin Comforters in colors of blue and rose, green and gold, rose and green, also gray combination, and brown, size 66x72. The balance of lines which sold regularly at $12.50 to $15.00. Seven only. Monday to clear at..... **$8.85**

Super Quality Wool Blankets, $5.25, $6.00 and $6.75 Pair

These are special quality Pure Wool Blankets, very soft finish and thoroughly scoured and bleached. A Blanket of which we have yet to hear a complaint, which is convincing proof of satisfaction after 10 years' selling in large quantities each season. The quality of these is always kept up to the standard, and never graded to meet a competing price. The maker's aim is to lead all competition in quality, weight, size and finish, and the prices the lowest consistent with these special features. All cut in single blankets and ends whipped. 6, 7 and 8 pounds weight, sizes 60x80, 64x84 and 68x88. Prices, pair..... **$5.25, $6.00, $6.75**

Bedding—Fourth Floor.

"Horrockses" Striped Flannelettes Are Here

These are the Flannelettes many customers have been waiting for, as many who have used same will have no other, they are so entirely satisfactory and colors so lasting. Pretty stripes in pink, blue, fawn and gray, full yard wide. Yard..... **22¢**

HORROCKSES' White Flannelette, extra fine quality, 33 inches wide. Yard ..... **18¢**

Also 36-inch heavy twill, white and cream. Yard ..... **25¢**

Get your supply early, as present shipment is limited in quantity in some numbers.

Other English Flannelettes, plain and stripes, yard.. **10c, 12½c, 15c, 17c**

New French Challies

A beautiful assortment of above goods for ladies' and children's spring dresses, sacks, kimonos, etc. Many pretty bordered effects, small rosebud designs and hairline stripes, also stripes and figured designs. These are 30 inches wide. Price, yard ..... **45¢** and **50¢**

Cream Flannels

FOR INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERGARMENTS.

32-inch Cream French Flannel, plain weave, yard..... **35¢, 40¢, 50¢**

32-inch Cream French Flannel, fine twill, yard..... **45¢, 55¢** and **65¢**

32-inch Silk warp White Flannel, very soft. Special, yard..... **75¢**

White Viyella Flannel, 32-inch. Yard ..... **60¢**

Also a full assortment of Silk Embroidered Flannels, yd.. **75¢** to **$1.00**

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PRICES: 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

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Music by Reginald DeKoven. Book by Henry B. Smith. Staged by Daniel V. Arthur. The most wonderful cast of GRAND OPERA STARS ever assembled for light opera.

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It costs $2,500 for every performance on tour. There are 110 artists, many of them Grand Opera stars, in this superb company. It takes a train of ten cars to bring the performance to this city. There are four 60-foot cars full of scenery and costumes. This is the most wonderful cast ever assembled for the interpretation of light opera. Never before in light opera has there been such a magnificent production.

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Members are entitled to bring two friends b

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LOST—PAIR OF GLASSES, GOLD chain and hairpin. Wednesday afternoon, between Rhodut and Cavendish streets. Reward for return to 318 Oxford street. 36c

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN TO TAKE charge of retail store and warehouse; must be capable and thoroughly experienced; give references and wages expected. Apply Box 90, Advertiser. b

WANTED — BOY FOR DELIVERING parcels. Apply Sifton & Co. 37tf

A1 MACHINISTS AND TOOLMAKERS, lathe operators, milling machine, grinders, toolmakers, drop forge die sinkers; good wages and steady job for good men. Apply at Russell Motor Car Company, Limited, West Toronto. 37u

WANTED — DRIVER FOR BREAD wagon; one accustomed to bread delivery preferred. Fawkes & Sons, 660 Dundas street. 36c

WANTED — ENERGETIC, RELIABLE salesman, to handle on commission basis tape sealing machine; substitute for and cheaper than twine, half the labor; unlimited, convincing arguments; an excellent side line; exclusive territory. The Brown-Meier Company, 79 Adelaide east, Toronto. 34u-xt

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN AND BRAKEMEN for railroads near London; wages $80 to over $100 monthly; promotion, engineer, conductor; age 18 to 35; experience unnecessary; rushing business; thousands of men employed monthly; state age; send stamp. Railway Association, Dept. 58, 227 Monroe street, Brooklyn, N. Y. 31h-ty

QUICK SALES AND LARGE PROFITS selling our guaranteed self-filling fountain pens; dozen for $2; sample, 25c. Chambers Manufacturing Company, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, N. Y. b

LEARN AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS AT home this winter, ready for spring; thousands of jobs for competent men at $18 to $50 weekly; send for free scholarship plan. Rochester Auto School, 879, Rochester, N. Y. b

DON'T WORK FOR OTHERS—START mail order business at home; I made $8,500 first year; I will show you how; instructive booklet free. Voorhies, Desk 814, Omaha, Neb. b

LEARN REAL ESTATE BUSINESS BY mail; great possibilities even as side line; the small cost of our course is covered by absolute guarantee of satisfaction; we will help you get started; write for free particulars. National Co-operate Realty Company, W. 1252 Marden building, Washington, D. C. 31k-t

WHY SPEND YEARS IN LEARNING trades when in six months' time you can earn more money as telegraphers or station agents? Immediate employment, rapid promotion. Have railway wires and books in use. Particulars free. Day and mail courses. Write today. Dominion School Railroading, Toronto. 31k-t

SALESMEN WANTED—NO EXPERIENCE required; earn good wages while learning; write today for list of hundreds of positions now open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. Address Dept. 558, National Salesmen's Training Association, 156 Yonge street, Kent Building, Toronto, Ont. 31k-t

I WILL START YOU EARNING $4 daily at home in spare time, silvering mirrors; no capital; free instructive booklet, giving plans of operation. G. F. Redmond, Dept. 336, Boston, Mass. t

BE INDEPENDENT AND START A cut-rate grocery business of your own. Redpath's granulated sugar, 4 cents pound. No capital required. Earn $25 weekly with few hours' work. Outfit free. The Consumers' Association, Windsor, Ont. 36-1

BOY WANTED FOR ENTRY DESK IN wholesale warehouse. Apply Box 86, Advertiser office. 36c

WANTED—SMART BOY, BY MANUFACTURING jeweler; must be good at drawing. Apply Charles F. Jones, over Imperial Bank. 36c

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT NEEDS railway mail clerks. $80 month. London examinations soon. Specimen questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 616A, Rochester N. Y. Feb. 18

CYLINDER PRESS FEEDERS WANTED. Apply Advertiser Job Department. 5tf

HELP WANTED.

BIG MONEY WRITING SONGS—WE pay hundreds of dollars a year to successful writers; experience unnecessary; song poems wanted, with or without music; will pay one-half of profits if successful; send us your work today; acceptance guaranteed if available; largest concern in the country; free particulars. Dugdale Company, Dept. 732, Washington, D.C. 37k-t

FIRST-CLASS FITTER-UP ON COATS, also vest pocket operators. Address the Rex Tailoring Company, Toronto. 36n

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

GENTLEMAN OF REFINEMENT AND good taste may secure a pleasant furnished front room, with breakfast, in strictly private family; references. Apply Box 85, Advertiser. 35c

BORN, MARRIED, DIED.

BIRTHS.

CUTTELL—Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Cuttell announce the birth of a son, at St. Joseph's Hospital, on Feb. 3. b

MARRIAGES

GUYMER—STINCHCOMBE—In this city, on Feb. 4, 1913, by the Rev. Dr. Sage, Guiseppe J. Guymer to Cecilia E. Stinchcombe. 36c

DEATHS.

CARTER—At her late residence, 21 Wilkins street, Brantford, the beloved wife of the late John Carter, in her 76th year.

Funeral will be held from G. T. R. depot, on arrival of 11:12 a.m. train from the east, on Monday. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. b

GORMAN—In this city, on Friday, Feb. 7, 1913, Susan, beloved wife of William Gorman.

Funeral private, from her late residence, 893 Richmond street, on Sunday, Feb. 9, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Service at 2 p.m. 36u

SHORT—In this city, on Thursday, Feb. 6, 1913, William Short, aged 83 years.

Funeral private, from George E. Logan's undertaking parlors, 418 Richmond street, on Saturday morning, to St. Peter's Cathedral. 36u

SMITH—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. Lawrence, 295 Wharncliffe road, West London, on Feb. 8, 1913, Susan Robotham, widow of the late Abram Smith, in her 84th year.

Funeral private, on Monday, Feb. 10. Kindly omit flowers. b

SPICER—At her late residence, 932 Waterloo street, on Thursday, Feb. 6, 1913, Sarah Spicer, beloved wife of Henry Spicer, aged 73 years.

Funeral from above address on Monday, Feb. 10, at 2:30 p.m.; service at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. 35c

WALTON—In Vineland, N. J., U. S. A., Mrs. Mary Helen Elizabeth, beloved wife of Isaac L. Walton, and only daughter of Frederick A. and Frances H. Butterworth, aged 28 years and 7 months.

Services were held in the Episcopal Church on Friday morning at 10 o'clock. The remains were taken to Germantown, Pa., for cremation. b

In Memoriam.

EGGETT—In loving memory of Mrs. Elizabeth Eggett, who departed this life Feb. 9, 1912.

One year has gone, but still we miss her,
Never shall her memory fade.
Loving hearts shall always linger
Around the grave where mother is laid.

b —Her Husband and Family.

MEETINGS.

MILITIAMEN

Men's Garrison Room, Armories, officially opened Wednesday, 12th inst., 8 o'clock. Smoking concert. Every member of the First Hussars, Sixth Battery, Engineers, Seventh Regiment, Army Service Corps and Signallers requested to attend. Admission free. 37u-tx

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual meeting of the shareholders and members of the London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada will be held at the office of the company, No. 31 Scott street, Toronto, on Saturday, 22nd February, 1913, at the hour of 11 a.m., to receive a statement of the affairs of the company, exhibiting receipts and expenditure, assets and liabilities, and a report of the business transactions for the year ending 31st day of December, A. D. 1912, and for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the said shareholders and members at the said meeting. F. D. Williams, vice-president and managing director. Dated this 4th day of February, 1913. 37u-t

THE CANADIAN ORDER OF ODD-FELLOWS meet Monday, at 8 p.m. P

Auditorium, Sunday, 4 P.M.

Men's Mass Meeting

Canon Tucker. Subject, "Temptation."

Robert Habbeshaw, of England, Soloist. 35c

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Girls Wanted At Once

Big Wages. Apply Timekeeper,

McCORMICK MANUFACTURING CO. 36h

MILLINERY SALESLADY WANTED; experienced young lady of good address and ability. Apply, stating age, experience and salary wanted, R. J. Young & Co., London. b

YOUNG LADY FOR GENERAL OFFICE work; salary, $6 a week. Apply Box 88, Advertiser. 37c

GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; no washing; good wages. Apply 318 Wolfe street. 31tf-tyw

WANTED—GOOD HOUSEKEEPER FOR small family. Apply Box 75, Advertiser. 36c

EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM GIRL; also girl to wash dishes. Apply Dominion House, city. 35c

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT PANTRY girl; good wages. Apply Tecumseh House. 35c

COOK WANTED. APPLY BEFORE 10 a.m. or after 6 p.m., Mrs. Beattie, 73 Wortley road. 32tf

WANTED—WARD MAIDS. APPLY TO Stewardess, Victoria Hospital. 31tf

EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. C. J. Patterson, 782 Richmond street, city. Feb28

EXPERIENCED BINDERY GIRLS WANTED. APPLY ADVERTISER JOB DEPT.

GIRLS WANTED FOR GUM AND POPCORN departments. Apply O-Pee-Chee Gum Company. 14tf

EXPERIENCED BOXMAKERS WANTED, also girls to learn boxmaking. Apply Somerville Paper Box Company. 14tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG MAN OF NEAT APPEARANCE desires position as traveller; business education, experience in grocery line. Box 272, Hensall. 37c

WANTED—OFFICES TO CLEAN, BY A respectable woman. Box 83, Advertiser. 35c

WOODWORKER OR INSIDE CARPENTER, engaged at present on hearses and amublances; fifteen years' experience; married. Apply Box 322, Ingersoll. 34-1

STEADY MAN DESIRES WORK. BOX 53, Advertiser office. 27bc

CHIROPRACTIC.

Clara Kilbourne, D. C.

GRADUATE CHIROPRACTOR.

Hours, 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 p.m. Phone 3353.

321 QUEEN'S AVENUE.

Consultation and Examination Free. ywt

DR. R. C. BEST, CHIROPRACTOR, graduate of N. S. C. The cause of disease removed by spinal adjustments and physiological therapeutics. Office, 472 Park avenue. Hours, 10 to 11, 2 to 5, 6 to 7. Phone 4121.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

2,000 BUSHELS OF TURNIPS FOR sale, lot 21, con. 1, Caradoc. William Massie, Delaware P. O. b

PRIVATE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE; good as new. 773 Hellmuth avenue. Phone 1956. 37c

BEAUTIFULLY CARVED ANTIQUE rosewood library table; also large plate mirror. M. Galpin, 153 Bathurst. 36c

GENTLEMAN'S GOOD FUR-LINED coat for sale. Apply evenings, 651 Queen's avenue. Cheap. 36c

JOSEPH BROWN, AUCTIONEER AND real estate agent. Goods bought and sold on commission. 97 Carling street. 37c-twt

GOOD YOUNG NEW MILCH COW FOR sale. Apply S. Bourne, Rebecca. 36u

GOOD DRY MAPLE

and Beech Wood, 12 or 16 inches, blocks or split.

GREEN & CO.

496 YORK ST. TELEPHONE 1391.

FOR SALE—ONE RABBIT AND ONE coon dog, 200-egg incubator, one prize Brown Leghorn (S. C.) cock. D. Dark, Hume street, Ealing P. O. 36u

FOR SALE — SIDEBOARD, NEARLY new; also Happy Thought cook stove. Apply 8 Victor street. 35c

EGGS! EGGS!

Good eggs are scarce. Why not feed right and get lots of them? Morgan's Laying Food, $1.50 per 100 lbs, and Morgan's Scratch Feed, $1.70 per 100 lbs, will bring them. Ordinary grain and chop do not make eggs. They fatten your fowls. We deliver. Phone 1428.

MORGAN'S, 100 DUNDAS STREET.

HORSE, LEFT FOR KEEP WITH GEO. Rawlings, will be auctioned at London Market Saturday. 35c

FOR SALE—SUGAR BEETS AND TURNIPS, 10 cents per bushel, 13 cents delivered. Apply G. A. Smith, Fanshawe. 27bu

Now is the time to bring your car in and have a competent man go over it. All it may need, perhaps, is a good tightening up. It will cost you little, and save you much.

Reliance Machine Works

665 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 3168

PIANOS — CALLAGHAN'S: UNUSUAL snaps in new and slightly used pianos. No extras for rent, light, fuel, attendance, make low prices. Few people realize that the cost of a piano is regulated by the expense of selling it. A visit to our parlors will convince you of the fact we can save you $100 on a piano. Call or write, 613 Wellington street, first door north Victoria Park. Phone 708. 31tf

MITTS AT COST

25% OFF ALL LINED MITTS, AT

J. E. YOUNG'S HARDWARE

111 Dundas Steet, 2 Doors from Talbot. Five Gallons American Oil, 70 Cents.

FOR SALE—GOOD SHORT LUMBER, in large or small lots, cheap. Apply 191 Langarth street. 29m

$100, $3 A MONTH—BEAUTIFUL ROSEWOOD piano, 7 1-3 octaves, full iron plate, fully guaranteed for five years. Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street.

Floor Stains

Stains and finishes at the same time. For use on either new or old floors, hard or soft woods. By the use of our undercoating, can be transformed into beautiful light oak, cherry, etc. Flintcoat Floor Stain produces a durable, tough and elastic surface that cannot be obtained in any other way.

London Paint and Varnish Co.

Exclusive Paint Store.

PHONE 3312. 342 RICHMOND ST.

DELIVERY WAGONS BUILT TO ORDER. See our second-hand wagons. Abbott's Carriage Factory.

Southcott Coal Co

Hard and Soft Coal and Wood Dealers.

PHONE 1083. 276 CLARENCE ST.

Prompt delivery and courteous treatment. ywt

FURNITURE

and household supplies. Cash or credit. Prices most reasonable in city. Open evenings

BARNES & CO.

364 Hamilton Road. ywt Phone 2065.

FEATHER PILLOWS, MATTRESSES, cushions renovated. Hunt & Sons, Mattress Renovators, 493 Richmond street.

The Old Umbrella Mender

PERRY DAVID

251 DUNDAS STREET.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

WE HAVE SOME

GOOD BARGAINS IN SHOES

and they are real bargains.

PAXMAN, 210 King Street

J. JACKSON Co. REPAIRS, SEWING MACHINES AND GRAPHOPHONES. AND SHARPENS HAIR CLIPPERS, ETC. 263 Wellington Street. Phone 3365.

ONE TWO-SEATED SLEIGH

(Minto Trap), one set bobs, suitable for stage or bus, nearly new.

L. W. CRAWFORD

Carriage Repository, 343 Talbot Street. ywt

Your Bicycle Cleaned

Stored and insured for the winter. Let us send for yours now.

FRED T. KERR,

Open evenings. 635 Dundas Street. ywt

Leather Upholstering Co.

JOSEPH F. CRUMMEY,

NOW AT 237 KING STREET.

Our reputation for Best Upholstering and Repairing will be maintained. ywt

BARBERS' KING RAZORS, $1.50, THE very best, guaranteed. Gurd's, 185 Dundas street.

ONN'S FISH MARKET—FISH OF ALL kinds. 143 King, opposite market. Phone 1295.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Encyclopaedias

In selling Nelson's Loose-Leaf Encyclopaedia (500,000 subscribers now), I am constantly taking the bound sets in exchange. This means that I have on hand a dozen or more publications, including Encyclopaedia Britannica, Americana, Century, Chambers', Appleton's, University, People's, Universal, Modern, etc., etc.

Every home should possess an Encyclopaedia. I can supply you with any you prefer—from the very best and latest, to the cheapest and smallest, at prices that mean real bargains.

I have chosen London as headquarters for Western Ontario, with the Y. M. C. A. as my address. I guarantee you a square deal every time, and am in a position to serve your interests in real bargains.

I buy, sell and exchange all kinds of Encyclopaedias.

Drop me a line or phone. Out-of-town customers receive special attention.

Robt. F. Brown

Ontario Manager.

Address, Y. M. C. A., London, Ont.

"THE PRUNING OF GRAPEVINES FOR Winter," in pamphlet form, 25c. This work covers the subject completely, and is written from the practical experience of the author. Trees and shrubs for planting in season. Rose bushes, etc. Charles Baker, London Nursery, Ridout street 24tf

CONSULT US ABOUT UPHOLSTERING —We are experts. Estimates furnished. Charles M. Quick. Phone. 31tf

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

LADIES AND MEN'S SUITS AND coats, all kinds of furs, blankets, comforters, art squares, linoleums, beds, springs, mattresses. M. Hornstein, 299 South street. Phone 1771.

Do You Need a Truss?

We sell a Truss that is guaranteed. Come and see.

Anderson & Nelles, Druggists, 268 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

LADIES —WHEN DELAYED OR IRREGULAR use Triumph Pills; always dependable. "Relief" and particulars free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis. tf-t

THE CHAMBERLAIN METAL WEATHER Strip Company. C. McDonald, 89 Wharncliffe south. Phone 2356. 53tf-tyw

FOR SALE—OAK CASKS, BARRELS and packing cases; city delivery. Gorman, Eckert & Co. 74tf-xt

OXY-ACETLENE WELDING

We have a first-class plant for welding machine parts, automobile parts, cylinders, castings. Defective castings reclaimed.

Write or phone us for information regarding your work.

Dennis Wire & Iron Works Co. Ltd

FOOT OF DUNDAS STREET. xt

Blank Books

LOOSE LEAF FORMS FOR 1913.

THE CHAS. CHAPMAN CO.

91 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 370.

LUMBER

for your repairs or new work may be obtained at either of my yards, and your business is solicited.

GEORGE H. BELTON,

Cor. Fall Mall and Richmond. Rectory and York streets. tx

Lowest Prices on Re-Upholstering during January and February.

Expert workmanship. Estimates furnished free.

TRAFFORD'S FURNITURE CO.

129 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 864.

ELECTRIC

WIRING AND FIXTURES. Estimates furnished, workmanship guaranteed. THE PEOPLE'S ELECTRICAL CO., 639 Dundas street. Phone 3556. W. J. Chapman, J. Judkins, J. Winegarden. tzx

Store Your Bicycle

We have the best accommodation, and will call for your wheel. We store, clean and overhaul it.

G. L. WATKINS,

318½ Dundas Street. zxt Phone 2840.

BLANCHARD'S FISH MARKET—Moved, 103 King, corner Talbot. Fresh fish daily. Phone 1510.

SECOND-HAND BREAD WAGONS FOR sale, light and heavy; also top phaeton. Apply Gould & Mohan, Wellington street.

FOR SALE—INK BARRELS, 50 CENTS each. Apply at Advertiser office. 77tf

WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT, MARCH 1—SIX or seven-roomed house; must have all conveniences; central location preferred. Box 89, Advertiser. 37c-tyw

WANTED TO BUY—MEDIUM MODERN house, north Dundas, between Richmond and Adelaide; must give particulars and lowest price. Box 87, Advertiser. 37c-txt

WANTED TO BORROW—$10,000, AT 5½ per cent quarterly; security, first mortgage on city property worth $25,000; buildings insured for $10,000. Apply R. K. Cowan, barrister, London. 33c-ywt

WANTED—SMALL FARM TO RENT for three to five years, 50 to 100 acres; must have good buildings. Apply Box 62, Advertiser. 29n-wty

WANTED—TWO OR THREE ROOMS for light housekeeping, unfurnished preferred, central location. Box 84, Advertiser. 35c

WANTED — DEAD HORSES AND cattle; phone 638; will go twelve miles; no animal removed without its hide on. The London Fertilizer Company.

LOGS WANTED — ELM, BASSWOOD and hard maple; highest prices paid. London and Petrolea Barrel Company. 11tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, FRONTING MONASTERY grounds, Pottersburg—Large lot, 250 feet frontage, depth 333 feet; for a quick sale, $10 per foot. Apply Cedar Shade, Ashland and Laura. 37c

63 FEET ON DUFFERIN AVENUE, near Colborne street; 66 feet on the north side of Central avenue, near Waterloo street. Apply to E. J. Ryan, 423 Dufferin avenue. Phone 3123. b

OTHER CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS ON PAGE TEN.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

ADELAIDE ST. BAPTIST CHURCH. Rev. James H. Boyd, Pastor.

Prayer meeting at 10:30 a.m., open to all.

The pastor will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Come and hear the Gospel. Inspiring music. Seats free. A welcome to all.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH —Rev. W. H. Harvey, B.A., pastor. Morning, Dr. Crawford; evening, Rev. J. E. J. Millyard. Men's League at 10 a.m. All are invited. Special music.

BIBLE CLASS, 2:45, SUNDAY AFTERNOON—"Class Welcome." First Methodist Sunday School. Visitors always welcome. W. J. Underwood, leader.

CATHEDRAL ST. PAUL'S—HOLY COMMUNION, 8:30 a.m. Morning service, 11; preacher, the rector. Evening service, 7; preacher, Rev. G. F. B. Doherty. The claims of the Byron Sanatorium will be presented at these services.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. H. A. Graham, pastor. Epworth League anniversary, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., Rev. F. L. Farewell, B.A. Special music, led by the choir and Sunday School Orchestra.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (Waterloo and Grey streets)—Services, morning and evening, conducted by the minister, Rev. Frank C. Harper, B.D.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, DUNDAS street—B. H. Hayden, M.A., pastor. Evening subject, "Success." Christian Endeavor anniversary. Program Monday evening in church. Address by Rev. George McKenzie. b

CITY MISSION

357 Richmond. Herbert E. Wilson, superintendent. Speaker tonight, Rev. Mr. Nichols, Lord's Day services, 3 and 7 p.m. Meetings every night. All welcome.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. D. N. McCamus, pastor. Missionary anniversary. Sermons by Rev. W. H. Harvey, B.A., and Rev. James Endicott, field secretary for missions.

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER, ADELAIDE and Grosvenor. Evensong and sermon, 7 p.m.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST—Rev. Canon Craig, rector. Services as usual.

CHRIST CHURCH, CORNER WELLINGTON and Hill streets—C. R. Gunne, rector. Services as usual.

DUNDAS CENTRE METHODIST Church—Rev. Dr. Manning, pastor. 10 a.m., Men's League; speaker, Rev. Dr. Endicott. 11 a.m., sermon by Rev. Dr. Endicott; 2:45, Bible School; 6:45 congregational song service; 7:15; sermon by the pastor. Good music at all services. Parnell Morris, organist and choirmaster.

EMPRESS AVE. METHODIST CHURCH. Rev. T. Wesley Cosens, Minister.

11 a.m.—Rev. J. E. J. Millyard.

7 p.m.—The pastor. Subject, "The Minister and His Message."

Morning Class, 10 o'clock.

Sunday School, 2:45 p.m.

Strangers welcomed.

Egerton Street Baptist Church

Rev. Warren L. Steeves, Minister.

Tomorrow will be Rev. Mr. Steeves' last Sabbath as pastor of the Church.

FAREWELL SERMON.

Mrs. (Dr.) H. A. Kingsmill will sing.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues—Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Subject, "Spirit." Sunday School at 12:15. Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading rooms, open every week day from 2 to 4:30. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Pastor, Rev. H. D'Arcy Whitmore. Services for the worship of God at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Bible School at 3 p.m.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH

PASTOR, REV. R. WHITING, B.A.

11 a.m.,

"CHRIST'S LAST COMMAND," OR "OUR MARCHING ORDERS."

Last in Series.

Anthem—"Send Out Thy Light".....Gounod

Solo—"Like As a Father".....Lansing

Miss Hunt.

"Jesus, I Am Resting,"

First Methodist Quartette and Choir, Reception Service.

7 p.m.,

"CHRIST AND THE MAGDALEN."

Last in Evening Series.

Anthem—"O Come Near to the Cross" ..... Gounod

Chant—Choir. Solo—Mr. Habbeshaw.

Anthem—"Father, Keep Us In Thy Care"

Soloists, Miss Hunt and Miss Layman.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Park and Dufferin Avenues.

SERVICES, 11 A.M., 7 P.M.

REV. F. J. MAXWELL

of Toronto.

Good music. All welcome.

Hyatt Avenue Methodist Church

REV. J. E. J. MILLYARD, PASTOR.

Tomorrow, Fifth Anniversary

11 a.m., Rev. T. W. Cosens; 7 p.m., Rev. W. H. Harvey. Monday evening, annual tea meeting and concert.

INTERNATIONAL BIBLE STUDENTS' Association, Oddfellows' Hall, Richmond street, 3 p.m. Subject, "The Signs of the Times."

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. W. R. McIntosh, B.D., minister. Morning, "The Bow in the Cloud"; ten minute service for children every Sunday morning. Evening, "Church-Going in London: Is It On the Decline? What the Recent Church Census Shows." Come and know your own city. Gospel song service at 7 o'clock.

KNOX CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Pastor, Rev. J. G. Stuart. Morning subject, "What God Requires of His People"; evening subject, "The New Covenant."

MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church—Rev. J. E. Hawkings, B.A., pastor. Services at 11 and 7. Seats free. You will be made welcome.

MEMORIAL CHURCH — HOLY COMMUNION, 8 a.m.; Matins, 11 a.m.; Evensong, 7 p.m. Rev. R. W. Norwood will preach at both services.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. T. H. Mitchell, pastor. Services as usual.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH—Pastor, W. M. Walker. Rev. F. W. Troy, D.D., of New York, will preach at 11 and 7. Everybody welcome.

SOUTHERN CONGREGATIONAL Church, Horton street, near Maitland—Rev. W. H. A. Claris, pastor. Services as usual.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—REV. JAMES Ross, D.D., minister. Morning, "The Secret Things of God"; evening, "Over-Cautious Christians." Banquet to all the men of the congregation by the Men's Union on Thursday evening, Feb. 13, at 6:30.

ST. JAMES', SOUTH LONDON—VEN. Archdeacon Davis, rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

ST. PAUL'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West London—Services: Morning at 11, evening at 7 o'clock. b

RHEUMATISM CAN BE CURED—English Rheumatism Capsules are guaranteed to relieve the worst rheumatic pains inside of a few hours, and to permanently cure if given a fair trial. They do not upset the stomach—50c per box at TAYLOR'S MARKET DRUG STORE, 399 Talbot street. tyw

Talbot Street Baptist Church

Rev. H. H. Bingham, B.A., Pastor.

11:00—"The Transformed Life."

2:45—Sunday School, Baraca Bible Class.

7:00—"The Backslider: Lost or Saved."

Baptism. Seats free. Welcome.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. G. N. Hazen, pastor, will preach tomorrow. Morning, "A Vision and a Call"; evening, "Evangelization and Patriotism." Mr. William Gibson will address the young men at 10 a.m.

YORK STREET MISSION HALL — Pastor, Evangelist Belcher. Morning, A. F. West; evening, Mr. Alex. Hamilton. Everybody welcome.

YOUNG MEN, DON'T FAIL TO HEAR Mr. William Gibson at the Wellington Street Church, Sunday morning, Feb. 9, at 10 o'clock. b

AGENTS WANTED.

LOCAL AND GENERAL AGENTS wanted at once for the fastest selling line in Canada; exceptional opportunities for big sales everywhere; write for territory before it is all covered. Address Dept "I," 426 Birks building, Montreal, Que. 35n

AGENTS—MEN AND WOMEN—WE will start you in a permanent paying business with the most successful agents' line ever put on the Canadian market, without investing a single cent of your money; our line is absolutely new; sells on sight in every home; not sold in stores; no opposition; successful men and women started by us are making $15 to $20 weekly; write today for catalogue and full information. National Products, Limited, A, Toronto, Ont. 31tf

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE OR RENT—R. GARNER'S cider and vinegar works, with first-class stock of vinegars on hand. Corner Oxford and William streets. 37c

FOR SALE — WELL-ESTABLISHED coal and cement business; no opposition; posession 1st of April. Apply H. Fillmore, Thamesford. 35c

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LONDON, SATURDAY, FEB. 8.

WHERE IS THE BOLT?

The Government press sings a pean over the speech of a Liberal M. P., Col. Maclean, of Sunbury and Queen's, N. B. He is hailed as a bolter on the naval issue. But how far has he bolted toward the Borden policy?

Col. Maclean favors the immediate construction of three Dreadnoughts in British shipyards, and their loan to the British Admiralty. In this he differs from Mr. Guthrie's proposal merely in the matter of three for two. This is immaterial. The important point is that Col. Maclean, like Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Guthrie, stands for an immediate adoption of a Canadian naval policy. Between Mr. Borden and Sir Wilfrid Laurier this is the vital issue. Col. Maclean is no bolter. By his imperialistic ardor he only shows up Mr. Borden the more, and shakes in his face, what to Mr. Borden is a red rag, a Canadian policy.

Major Sharpe, of North Waterloo, was a real bolter from the Conservative camp. He dared to advocate a navy organization for Canada, which Mr. Borden had scouted in his speech. Mr. Cockshutt has given the only logical interpretation of Mr. Borden's policy, that it is to be one of permanent contributions at the best. No, Mr. Borden will not listen to Major Sharpe or Col. Maclean, both of whom stand with the Liberal party in the main contention.

Col. Maclean doubtless over-emphasizes the German peril. Upon his heated talk the news of today falls like cold water. The bogey in its last tatters seems in act of being hauled down over in England. How long will it hang out in Canada?

On the vital point, however, the member for Sunbury and Queen's stands where Liberal opinion would have him stand. "Let a committee take up and consider the details of a permanent Canadian naval service and submit a report at the next session of Parliament." That is what he says to Mr. Borden. Mr. Cockshutt has answered already for the Premier.

GABEY AND STORER.

Our local contemporary says it is untrue that citizens were asked to vote on electrification solely upon Mr. Gabey's analysis of the situation. It quotes from one of Mr. Beck's letters:

"With this in mind, I have caused a report to be prepared, based upon the expert advice of S. B. Storer, an eminent consulting engineer, of Syracuse, New York, and of the engineers of the Hydro-Electric Commission. This report I have pleasure in submitting."

So Storer, not Gabey, is the fountain of information. Both men were brought to London by Mr. Beck to address the Board of Trade, but when Mr. Storer was asked searching questions, he unloaded responsibility upon Brother Gabey. It will be remembered that Mr. Storer, after admitting that the cost of carrying coal from Port Stanley to London would be 16 cents a ton, and that the city would receive only 16 cents a ton, claimed a surplus of $60,000 a year on this operation! It was at this point that Mr. Gabey rushed to his rescue, but also getting into deep water, Mr. Beck tried to fish both men out of the troubled pool of statistics, and fell in head-first himself.

We are quite willing to associate Mr. Storer with the report furnished by Mr. Beck if our contemporary insists, but we had inferred from Mr. Storer's performance at the Board of Trade that his part in it was comparatively small. Neither Mr. Storer nor Mr. Gabey has had a day's experience in the operation of a railway, and it was not treating citizens fairly to try to compel them to vote without some inquiry by a railway expert. The so-called report by Electrical Engineer Murray, of the New Haven Railroad, is absolutely worthless for the reason, if there were no other, than Mr. Murray never saw the London and Port Stanley, and had only such data as Mr. Beck chose to give him.

PRICE COLLIER ON THE GERMANS.

That keen observer and brilliant literary bagman, Price Collier, whose book, "England and the English," has had a wide vogue, is writing for Scribner's his impressions of Germany, or rather bringing them up to date, as he was educated in the Fatherland.

Mr. Collier is an ardent admirer of the German people. He praises their passion for education, their appreciation of the best in music and the drama, and their rational methods of enjoyment. He says they have a thousandfold more opportunities for aesthetic pleasure than Americans or Englishmen. Although an American, he is so undemocratic in his sympathies as to admire the Prussian system of caste. He is also an out-and-out militarist, professing to see in the drill-ground a nursery of moral virtues. It is surprising, therefore, to read this description of the men of Berlin:

"The awkward, slouching gait, as of men physically untrained; the enormous proportion of men over 40 who follow behind their stomachs and turn their toes out at an angle of more than 45 degrees, whose necks lie in folds over their collars, and whose whole appearance denotes an uncared-for person, and a negligence of domestic hygiene: these things are significant. No man who walks with his toes pointing southwest by south and southeast by south, when he is going south, will ever get into France on his own feet, carrying a knapsack and a rifle."

Further on Mr. Collier speaks of "the general underbred look, the sweetbread complexions as of men under-exercised, and not sufficiently aired and scrubbed." The advocates of compulsory military training contend that whatever may be said against the system, it has peculiar advantages on the physical side, and produces a sturdy race. But Mr. Collier, a sympathetic observer, talks of the under-exercised look, the slouching gait and the sweetbread complexions of the men of the most highly militarized nation in the world—men who have all undergone military training. Mr. Collier admits that the German officers are a fine, upstanding lot, but they are in training all the time. The inference is that the average German conscriptionist is physically no better at 40 because he has spent two or three years in barracks in his youth. The one argument for conscription which has appealed to non-militarists, therefore, falls to the ground. We have heard pulpit warriors, including one or two in this city, descant on the moral virtues of German militarism. How do they like this utterance from Inspector James L. Hughes, of Toronto: "I believe I can transform a boy's life into nobler purposes and develop in him a stronger character by training him as a cadet, better and more easily than any minister can by theological teaching?" If this is so, what need of the ministers, or of religion itself?

AN OLD STORY.

Chairman Allan, of the Hamilton board of education, in his inaugural address, made the following criticism of the Whitney Government's educational policy:

"Its whole desire seems to be that the public schools should lead into the high schools, and thus on to universities. But the fact is that 95 per cent. of the children never go farther than the public schools, where they get only a smattering of education. A committee was appointed to go into the matter, but there seems to have been no improvement."

This is almost amusing. Did not Sir James once dilate with all his violence on the chain that the Liberal Government had forged from kindergarten to college? Did he not denounce it? Why, he said the Government of those days was so lost in admiration of the symmetry of the chain that it forgot the real use of public schools. He would make the elementary school "substantive," complete in itself.

Sir James has forgotten what he was taught to say. He has no more idea of dealing with that "chain" than he has of constructing Dreadnoughts or doing many other things that he roars about. If he had ideas, he has gone to sleep upon them, like Metternich of old. Sir James is getting to be a very old man in the sense that his ideas belong to the distant past.

Chairman Allan referred also to the percentage requirements adopted on the suggestion of President Falconer, of the University of Toronto, and said that he could not say whether or not fixing the minimum total of marks on matriculation examinations at 60 per cent. was designed to prevent the youth of Ontario from ever getting to the university. Of course, it was; Toronto University is sadly overcrowded. Students almost have to sit on the window-sills. This is not healthy, for mind or body, either to teachers or students. Hence, adopt exclusion measures. The pass standard for the various years in Toronto University has not been raised to 60 per cent.; that is the honor mark. Sir James Whitney pursues an exclusion policy rather than help an extension of university facilities here in Western Ontario.

TIME BRINGS HIS JUSTIFICATION.

[Toronto Star.]

Since the Unionists have kicked out the food tax program, the United States are proposing to reduce food duties, and Germany is revolting against the policy which forces her people to eat horses and dogs. Cobden does not seem to have been an old fool after all.

CONSIDERATE.

[Washington Herald.]

"You used to want to hold my hand before we were married," she complained.

"I'd like to now," said he easily, "but it would keep you from your housework, my dear."

OH! LOVE BUILDS ON AZURE BLUE.

[Isabella Valancy Crawford.]

Oh! Love builds on the azure sea,
And love builds on the golden strand,
And Love builds on the rose-winged cloud
And sometimes Love builds on the land.

Oh! if Love built on the sparkling sea
And Love built on the golden strand,
And if Love built on rosy cloud,
To Love these are the solid ground.

Oh! Love will build his lily walls,
And Love his pearly roof will rear
On cloud, or land, or mist, or sea—
Love's solid land is everywhere!

A VETERAN STILL ON DECK.

[Mitchell Advocate.]

Wednesday's Globe said "that Mr. H. E. Smallpiece entered upon the sixtieth year of his age yesterday. He is probably one of the oldest active newspapermen in the Dominion, having been a lad in the Globe office as far back as 1864." The Advocate editor knocks this records into a cocked hat. He worked on the Globe during the years of 1856 and 1857, when the paper was printed in an old red brick building, which was reached by steps, south side of King street, Toronto. Mr. Tye was foreman in the composing room. Since March, 1860, he has been and still is editor of the Advocate, nearly 53 years, and is now in his 73rd year.

WHY IMMIGRANTS COME TO CANADA.

[Industrial Canada.]

Hundreds of thousands of immigrants are coming to Canada, for two principal reasons: First, to take up land, and, second, to work in factories. They follow the opportunity for employment. There is no limit of agricultural and industrial opportunities in Canada. For the next hundred years farm lands will be available at reasonable prices; while factories and factory products will follow the pioneer. How fortunate is Canada, the country which possesses the two great attractions for immigrants!

CUT OFF THESE TAXES.

[Simcoe Reformer.]

Neither for portection nor revenue are duties on foodstuffs defensible. They should be cut off—every one of them, from eggs to apples. Free foodstuffs will prove a winning battle-cry, and in the near future, too, for the party that will adopt it.

THEOLOGICAL PROBLEM.

[Argonaut.]

A doctor was attending a dangerous case where a Scotch butler was engaged. On calling in the forenoon he said to Donald: "I hope your master's temperature is much lower today than it was last night."

"I'm no sae very sure aboot that," replied the butler, "for he dee'd this morning."

HAD HEARD THEM.

[Cleveland Plain-Dealer.]

"They tell me that your small boy says some unusually clever things."

"Yes, yes. Did you hear his latest?"

"Sure."

"Why, you never met him.'"

"True; but I've met a lot of doting fathers who invariably tell the same old tales."

ABOVE AND BELOW.

[Boston Transcript.]

"Things are getting very intensive."

"Yes; I suppose the promoter of the future will propose to operate a copper mine and a banana plantation on the same plot."

RARE STOCK.

[Boston Transcript.]

"This dog of mine is some dog, let me tell you. He has a wonderful pedigree."

"I suppose you trace him away back to the dog Noah took into the ark."

"Say, this dog's ancestor didn't go into the ark; he had a bark of his own."

TONSORIAL SCHEMER.

[Pittsburg Post.]

"So you bought a gold brick and let the news get all over town?" said the irate friend. "Honestly, I thought you knew better."

"I'll tell you the truth," whispered the barber. "Business was bad and I only paid four dollars for that brick. Now people come from all over town to kid me and business looks good for a month or more. By that time I hope to have another little scheme."

DO YOU KEEP CHICKENS?

[Toronto Star.]

To make food cheaper and to help to take people back to the land are two useful achievements. An Englishman, F. C. Paynter, took hold of three and a half acres of land in Hounslow, in Middlesex, raised 100 to 120 chickens a week, and made a profit of $500 on a capital of $750 in nine weeks.

We have some hesitation in printing this statement, because the raising of chickens has a dangerous fascination for the city man, and there are many cases of disappointment. Those who are interested should get the Journal of the Board of Agriculture, where the experiment is fully described, and examine for themselves.

Mr. Paynter is also at work on a plan for reducing the cost of raising chickens. He hopes that he can cut the established cost in two, producing a bird for a shilling and sixpence, instead of three shillings.

The man who can make two chickens grow instead of one is a good deal more of a statesman than he who tries to strengthen the empire by taxing food.

THE ATTRACTION.

[Judge.]

Madge—Did you have a good seat at the opera?

Marjorie—Lovely! We were near enough to one of the boxes to hear every word the society people said.

OUR NEED.

[Cincinnati Inquirer.]

"There is some great force lacking in this country today," observed the sage.

"Yes," commented the wise guy, "what this country needs is a fool-killer who will stay on the job."

PAINFULLY BURNED

Match Thrown Away Set Fire to the Clothes of Girl's Bed.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Wingham, Feb. 8.—Pearl and May Moore, daughter of Mr. William Moore, were very painfully burned at their home here yesterday, when smothering a fire which broke out in their bedroom. Their father after lighting the lamp carelessly threw the match away, and it fell against the bedclothes and started them on fire. In a few minutes the clothes were blazing merrily, and before the girls could smother the flames their hands were very painfully burned.

BURIED AT WINGHAM

Funeral of Dr. John Wilson Was Very Largely Attended.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Wingham, Feb. 8.—The funeral of Dr. John Wilson, V.S., held from his late residence yesterday afternoon, was largely attended. An impressive service was conducted by Rev. Dr. Saer, of the Congregational Church, Toronto, assisted by Rev. G. V. Collins, of the local Baptist Church. The pallbearers were three brothers, Andrew, William and George, and three brothers-in-law, W. J. Currie, Andrew Currie and Robt. Currie. The wreaths included one from the I. O. O. F., pillow from the board of directors of Wingham General Hospital, spray from the Women's Institute, spray from Ladies' Auxiliary of the Hospital, and many from personal friends.

FUNERAL OF AUNTY WRIGHT.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ingersoll, Feb. 8. — The funeral of "Aunty" Wright, who was frozen to death recently, was held this afternoon to Ingersoll Rural Cemetery. The services were conducted by Rev. Alfred Bright, of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church.

"POETRY MADE WHILE YOU WAIT"

[By Special Arrangement With the Winnipeg Telegram.]

Mr. Harold Munro has opened up a poetry book shop in London, England. This is the last thing one would expect a gentleman with such a Scotch name to do, but we are not so surprised when we learn that Mr. Munro is himself a poet. Only a Scotch poet would have been able to gather the necessary capital to start the business; moreover, only a Scotch poet would have conceived the idea of combining the hotel business with the more fastidious trade of selling books of poetry. For the ingenious, the very ingenious, the very hard-headed yet poetical Mr. Munro uses the upper rooms of the book shop as the residential chambers of real, live, contemporary poets. The dead poets, from Homer down to Swinburne, he lays on his shelves in the shop below; the living poets he puts to sleep upstairs. But those sojourners in this house of the Muses, I mean the upstair bards, are not always sleeping. Their rooms are plentifully supplied with paper and ink, so that the plain, prosaic person who drops in from the noise and bustle of London town will feel that he is in the showroom of a factory. Where the book shelves are he sees the finished product, but he has the pleasing consciousness that poems are being manufactured in the realms above, while he waits. Before long the enterprising Munro will probably display this sign,

"POEMS MADE WHILE YOU WAIT."

* * *

And will it not be a pleasurable sensation to visit that Parnassian factory? For Mr. Munro hopes ere long that poetic birds of passage from Canada, New Zealand, China, etc., who linger for days or weeks in his hotel, will give readings from their works, or will recite to patrons of the book shop what they have just written in those upper chambers. I fancy, however, that the man of the street, who has strange ideas about poets, would be best pleased to see them in the throes of composition. Perhaps the inventive Munro will persuade W. B. Yeats, of Ireland, or William Wilfred Campbell, of Canada, or Ella Wheeler Wilcox, of the United States, to give exhibition performances, will obligingly show the spectator just how they act when they are in the divine frenzy. It would be an ennobling sight to see Poet Yeats striding up and down the room, mouthing melancholy Celtic phrases and shedding copious tears as he adjourned to his desk to indite each line as he squeezed it out of the sorrows of Ireland.

* * *

"Poems of Passion," by Ella Wheeler Wilcox, are selling like hot cakes in England just now, so if Mr. Munro could only induce Ella to give a performance, I feel sure that his book-shop-hotel, rotunda, corridors, everywhere, would be jammed by a curious crowd. It would certainly be great fun to see Ella Wheeler in the act of producing one of those hectic effusions. While she was emitting languorous glances from the deep depths of her sulphurous eyes, while she was throwing kisses to the spectators, and coyly whispering her sugared phrases, the atmosphere of the room would go up to boiling point and strong men would be overcome with emotion before she could get to the end of the second stanza.

* * *

It would then be good policy for that astute Scot, the afore-mentioned Munro, to bring on the Poet Campbell, the laureate of Ottawa. If he could be induced to manufacture there and then one more poem about Canada's winter lakes.

"Covered with snow and sleet out to the northward lying," the overheated temperature of the room would be reduced at once and a healthy reaction produced after the volcanic poetry of Ella Wheeler Wilcox. After Poet Campbell had done this cooling act, he might be induced to show the audience how he writes one of his dramas. It would certainly be a treat to the Britishers, for his dramas are said to be second only to those by one William Shakespeare. It would be fine to see this home-grown poet perform in London's home for the Muses. I commend this suggestion to Mr. Munro.

Ioanhoe.

INFANTILE PARALYSIS DUE TO STABLE FLY

Discoveries Made Which May Result in the Finding of a Cure.

[Canadian Press.]

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 7.—The study of infantile paralysis during the epidemic here last July has resulted in discoveries which, it is claimed, will ultimately result in the finding of a cure for the disease, according to Health Commissioner F. E. Fronczak. The disease is caused by a germ which is ultra-microscopic, a discovery resulting from experiments by Dr. Simon Flexner and Dr. Hidego Nogchi, of the Rockefeller Institute of Medical Research, made from the cultures obtained during the epidemic here. The virus resulting from the germ has been discovered, however, and from this a cure can be worked out.

"These experiments," said Dr. Fronczak, "will greatly assist the medical scientists in battling with the malady. Washings from the mouths and noses of children afflicted with the disease here were taken to the Rockefeller Institute. Monkeys were inoculated, and it was found that the filtrate always brought out the same characteristics of the disease. Filtrate of the spinal cord of these affected monkeys inoculated to other monkeys resulted in the same effect.

"It was discovered that the virus will go through the finest filters, and even porcelain. It is now a settled fact that the stable fly is responsible for the spreading of the germs. We are now planning to eliminate every possible danger, and the key to the elimination will be the wiping out of the stable fly."

A man named Lemon was squeezed to death in an elevator. This is a self-cranking joke.

* * *

The cable of a friendship snaps
Dissembled strand by strand
The reason almost always is,
"He didn't understand."

* * *

The last of the good, old colored slave folks who found Canada a refuge in their flight from bondage are passing away. Too bad Canada didn't adopt the faithful Southern mammy into her household.

* * *

Ode to Our Janitor.

"Turn off the steam! Turn off the steam!
A week ago we said
To faithful John, who always keeps
A sizzling, crackling "head."
(When it's warm.)

"Turn on the steam! Turn on the steam!"
Today we shouted loud
To faithful John, who finds it hard
To please the office crowd
(When it's cold.)

* * *

If you see a lady departing for the old country with a mouse-trap, she's going to join the suffragettes. The mouse-trap is her weapon of defence, and she also has her hatpin with her.

* * *

Is Cynthia Grey a suffragette? Really, we've never asked her. She doesn't look the part, however. Drop her a line and find out. We'd like to know, too.

* * *

A soldier of the movies lay dying in Algiers.
There was lack of woman's nursing there was lack of woman's tears;
But a comrade stepped beside him as the camera edged away,
And he said, "I like the way you did your dying, Bill, today."

* * *

The man who invests his capital in London's institutions seems to be more of a real citizen than someone who has sought far-off fields for his spare funds.

* * *

Strange that no one has suggested that the "Stay in Ontario" movement was inspired by the private interests.

* * *

One thing about moving pictures, there's a lot of conversation, but one doesn't hear it.

* * *

"Brains," once said Fingey Connor, the one-time political boss of Buffalo. "Brains! I can buy all the brains I want for $20 a week."

* * *

A lady called The Advertiser to ask the hockey score. She was told London won 8 to 3. "In favor of whom?" she asked with the most unconscious simplicity.

BUILD NEW BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT ROAD

Northern Ontario Line From Iroquois Falls to the Abitibi River.

Toronto, Feb. 8. — With the establishment of a large paper mill in Northern Ontario depending on a new line being added to the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway system, the T. and N. O. have decided to construct an additional branch connecting the Abitibi River with the main line.

"The matter has been finally decided and the construction of the new line is to commence early next spring," said Chairman Englehart to a reporter, yesterday afternoon. "It is the next work to which the commission are to devote their attention."

By leaving the main line at a point about half a mile north of Iroquois Falls station, and running on a line almost due east to Abitibi River, the commission will be able to connect that body of water with the T. and N. O. by a line about seven miles in length.

On the completion of the line a large manufacturing plant is to be established at the Abitibi end of the railway by the Abitibi Pulp and Paper Company.

Chairman Englehart, who returned yesterday after attending the opening of the new Elk Lake line, said he was highly pleased with the Elk Lake addition to the system, and expressed the belief that it would prove a big success. It had not only come up to but exceeded his expectations. The initial trip had been made in ten minutes less than the schedule time.

One of the chairman's most cherished possessions is a huge silver key presented to him by Elk City this week on the opening of the new line. The key is eighteen inches in length and weighs 54 ounces.

FUNERAL OF MRS. BROCK

Remains of Mrs. (Bishop) Williams' Sister Interred at Woodland.

The funeral of Mrs. Jessie H. Brock, who died of heart failure at her home in Saskatoon, Sask., on Monday last, was held today at 2:30 from the residence of her brother-in-law, Bishop Williams, corner of St. George and St. James streets. The remains arrived from the west on Friday evening in charge of the husband, Mr. A. W. Brock, and his eldest son, Herbert. Services were conducted in the Church of St. John the Evangelist at 3 o'clock by Rev. Canon Craig, and interment was made in Woodland Cemetery.

The pallbearers were: Col. Fisher, Rev. George Cox, W. Cox, H. S. Blackburn, A. Zimmerman and R. E. Mercer.

DRESDEN.

Dresden, Feb. 7.—Jack, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. B. Madden, is ill with pneumonia.

Miss Lou Neilson, of Chatham, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Roy Wells, River road.

Dr. C. B. Lake, of Ridgetown, spent a few days here this week.

Mrs. L. Hughson returned yesterday from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. E. L. Williams, of Kent Bridge.

Mr. W. H. Colles, inspector of schools, is here.

The Misses Grace and Jennie Shaw, of Blenheim, are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Shaw.

Miss Maud Lapointe, of Sarnia, is the guest of Miss Lottie McLure.

GRAFTERS PAID $50,000 FOR POLICE PROTECTION

Twenty-Four Officers Branded as Result of Investigation in New York.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Feb. 8.—An even two dozen—some dead, some retired, some still on the New York police force—were branded as grafters or go-betweens yesterday in the recital of Jas. Purcell, a gambler, who told the aldermanic investigating committee how he and associates had given up $50,000 protection money in seventeen years. His story was the most important told to the committee since it began its inquiry into police conditions following the murder of Herman Rosenthal, shot down because he "squealed."

There was no session of the aldermanic committee today, and it was not made known how much Purcell would be called to the stand on Monday. Interest centred largely at police headquarters, though it was not believed that Commissioner Waldo would suspend any of those mentioned by Purcell until he had confirmed the truth of the charges by an independent investigation. The aldermanic committee is working hand in hand with the district attorney's office, and as the police department and the district attorney are at dagger's points neither is accepting the word of or co-operating with the other in any way.

On Monday Capt. Thomas Walsh, who recently confessed to grafting, and implicated Inspector Dennis Sweeney, is to go before the grand jury and tell his story. Both he and Sweeney are now under suspension.

After the Walsh evidence is presented Purcell will tell his tale to the grand jury, and a big batch of indictments is expected within ten days.

FORBID CHINESE TO EMPLOY WHITE GIRLS

Trades and Labor Association Will Take Up the Question at Once.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, Feb. 8.—The Allied Trades and Labor Association of Ottawa has launched a campaign against the employment of white girls in Chinese restaurants, etc. The proposal was debated by the association last night. Not only will it fight for removal of this menace, as it is classified, in Ottawa, but will also seek the assistance of labor associations elsewhere in securing legislation forbidding any Chinese in the province employing white girls.

The sequel to the discussion was the passing of the following resolution:

"That we protest against the employment of white girls by Mongolian restaurant proprietors, or in any other capacity by them, and desire ways and means to make effective our protest, either by asking for provincial or local legislation against the practice.

"And we further resolve that we solicit other bodies to take up this matter to aid in accomplishing the desired object."

HURLED OVER FENCE

Woman Was Struck by Pere Marquette Express at Kingsville.

[Canadian Press.]

Kingsville, Feb. 8.—The 9 o'clock westbound Pere Marquette train last night struck a horse and buggy containing Mrs. S. Scratch and an English lad at the crossing near their home. Mrs. Scratch was thrown over a fence, sustaining broken ribs. The lad escaped with minor injuries. The horse was killed and the buggy demolished.

ENDED HIS LIFE

Oscar Woodward Borrowed Knife From Stranger in Railway Station.

[Canadian Press.]

Sutton, Que., Feb. 8.—Oscar Woodward, aged 40 years, entered the gentlemen's waiting-room at the station here today, and asked another man for the loan of a knife to cut some tobacco. The request was granted, and Woodward went out of the rom, but returned in a few minutes and sat down on a seat. He then deliberately took the knife and gashed his throat. He died in a few minutes.

MASONIC AT HOME

Inwood Lodge's New Quarters Were Greatly Admired By Visitors.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Inwood, Feb. 7. — The first "at home" of Inwood Lodge, M. D., A., F. and A. M., was held in their lodge-rooms, and was attended by about 75 of the Masons and their friends, their wives, their mothers, their sisters and their daughters.

The lodge room was much admired. The walls are finished in oak, with oak ceiling. The furniture is solid oak, in antique finish, and upholstered in royal blue, the carpet a rich Masonic design.

Rev. N. A. Campbell, master of the lodge, welcomed the guests in a short address, and introduced a program, musical and recitative, with addresses by the warden, Mr. James Brown, and the secretary, Mr. W. R. Dawson.

Luncheon was served midway in the program and the evening closed with the singing of the National Anthem.

WHALEN.

Whalen, Feb. 8.—Mrs. John Morley gave a party recently to local young people, and a treat of oysters was included. All had a splendid time.

The ice harvest has started and is very good, considering the open winter.

Mr. Andrew Gibson, of the Thames road, sold his stock on Tuesday. Several from here attended the sale, and the prices were very high.

Mr. Wm. Sleamin, of Elmvale, disposed of his household effects on Wednesday, and purposes leaving soon for the States.

Mr. Wm. Brock was in Forest on Wednesday looking for more horses.

During the cold snap this week farmers have had considerable trouble with their water pipes freezing up.

The Kirkton Rural Telephone Company held its annual meeting recently and a large number of the shareholders were present. Everything in connection with the business during the past year has been satisfactory.

Mr. B. Youngston had his leg broken while skating. He is now improving nicely. His men have been around threshing clover, and the yield was very fair.

SOME DEPUTIES WILD COUNTERS

City Clerk Shows Glaring Errors in Returns of Municipal Elections.

A MAN'S AWFUL RECORD

Scattered Votes at Will Among the School Candidates.

City Clerk Baker has completed his scrutiny of the ballots cast in the recent municipal elections, and found some interesting things in his investigation.

Of the 66 deputy returning officers engaged in the work, 49 were absolutely right in their accounting, 14 were nearly correct, and 3 were incorrect.

One was particularly inaccurate, many noticeable errors being made. For instance, in the vote for school trustees he varied as much as 17 votes. Trustee Gammage received 73 votes, while the deputy counted him 76; Mr. Greenlees 20, not 35; J. M. Gunn 69, not 61, R. Seale Holmes 4, not 10; M. F. Irwin 11, not 17; Jacobs 15, not 11; Merryfield 27, not 23; Dr. Shaw 45, not 56; W. T. Strong 56, not 73.

Do Not Affect Vote.

"He was out many votes," declared City Clerk Baker. "Had the vote been close this might have made a difference.

In some of the polling subdivisions the ballots for the abolition of the water commission were handed to all voters, not to ratepayers only, as was required by the bylaw. This gave it the nature of a plebiscite, not a regular bylaw, in these subdivisions. The subdivisions where the mistake was made are Nos. 17, 22, 23, 24, 45, 53, 61 and 65—eight of them.

The total vote polled was just 41 per cent of the votes on the list. Forty-persons entitled to vote for school trusees exercised he franchise, or 2 per cent only.

Women Tardy Voters.

The desire for votes among London women is not very strong, as only 378 did vote—10 per cent of all those on the list.

Among the men 6,742 went to the polls, or 50 per cent. Of the freeholders, 4,616 cast their ballots, or 52 per cent.

In 1909, 60 per cent of the men voted 35 per cent of the women, and 6 per cent of those entitled to vote for trustees only.

In 1910 there was a slight falling off 57 per cent of the male vote being cast, 18 per cent of the female vote, and 6 per cent of the votes to be cast for trustees.

In 1911 there was a more pronounced falling off all along the line.

The number of men voting was 5,482, or 48 per cent of those entitled to vote. The women turned out in small numbers, 11 per cent of them going to the polls. Only 1 per cent of those who vote for trustees only took enough interest to go out.

The year 1912 was a little better, 50 per cent of the male vote, 13 per cent of the female vote, and 2 per cent of the other being cast.

Present Year's Small Vote.

The year 1913 is less, in spite of the fact that a great deal of interest was shown in the vote.

PUPILS WRITING TO ENGLISH SCHOLARS

Port Elgin Principal Has Novel Idea For Empire Study.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Elgin, Feb. 8.—Principal Shaw, of the public school, is making the school days very interesting, especially for the boys and girls of department one. Last week there were sent out by the scholars in this department eighteen letters, descriptive of the town, what it grows, what it manufactures, and other interesting items, to various schools throughout the British Empire.

The idea of the principal is to have answers returned, so that the boys and girls here may become acquainted with their cousins throughout the British domain. This, along with an occasional debate, is giving the pupils an education which makes the work at books and board more interesting, and something to be enjoyed.

The senior form in this department have also a school paper called "The Jolly Times," and the editor of the Port Elgin Times has consented to allow the editor of the Jolly Times to have printed each week a half-column of the happenings concerning the boys and girls and their amusements.

PURSE FOR PASTOR

Rev. Mr. Lindsay Is Leaving Newbury For Colborne.

Newbury, Feb. 8.—The members of Knox Church, and friends of Newbury, gave a farewell supper to Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay, prior to their departure to Colborne. The supper was given in the Sunday school room of the church.

Mr. Duncan Stalker was chairman, and the program was opened, by an excellent address by him. A splendid program, including speeches from the different gentlemen present, was rendered. Rev. Mr. Lindsay gave an interesting address.

At the close of the program, Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay were asked to come forward, when an address was read to them by Miss Martha Gordon.

Signed on behalf of the members of Knox Church and friends of Newbury. After the address was read Mrs. W. Edwards presented Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay with a purse of money. Mr. Lindsay thanked his friends very cordially on behalf of himself and Mrs. Lindsay, for their gift, and kindness shown to them while in Newbury. After the program the ladies served a dainty lunch.

KOMOKA.

Komoka, Feb. 8.—Miss Hill, of Delaware, visited recently with her sister, Mrs. McKinley.

Miss Phemia Graham has returned from a visit to friends in London.

Mrs. William Mowat, of London, and Mrs. W. K. Charge, of Winnipeg, paid a short visit to "Sprucehurste" recently.

Quite a number of people here are ill with severe colds and la grippe.

Mr. Clarke Mowat, of the G. T. R. at Paris, was a recent visitor here.

INWOOD.

Inwood, Feb. 8.—Miss Aedlyn Armstrong spent a day in Alvinston recently.

Miss Mott visited at her home in Confleston recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Blaikie are visiting with relatives in Simcoe.

Mrs. J. M. Courtright is visiting in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Courtright have returned to their home in New Ontario after visiting with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Courtright.

MAGIC
BAKING POWDER
MADE IN CANADA
CONTAINS NO ALUM
CONFORMS TO THE HIGH STANDARD OF GILLETT'S GOODS.
IS THE WHITEST, LIGHTEST
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
NEW STYLE LABEL

ROBBERIES IN HURON WILL BE CLEARED UP SHORTLY

Men Arrested in Detroit Have Been Turned Over by High Constable Whitesides, and Will Stand Their Trial at Goderich.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Windsor, Feb. 8.—In turning over Thomas J. Murphy and Donald McDonald today to Chief Constable Whitesides, of Huron County, the police believe they have run to earth the gang which figured in the desperate pistol duel at Crediton recently, and many robberies in the north.

The men were arrested in Detroit as suspects in conection with a theft of furs. Express Agent B. S. Murray, of London, did some splendid work in connection with the case, and it was not long before the men were linked up with the robberies in the north.

Constable Whiteside says that the men are wanted for theft of the furs and also for many other burglaries. The furs were stolen from a store at Brussels. Edward Burling, of Goderich, who was arrested in connection with the robbery, has made a confession. Constable Whiteside states, in which he says Murphy was with him when he stole the goods and that McDonald aided in disposing of them.

The arrests are considered important by the Canadian constabulary, as the men have been implicated in a dozen robberies. After the robbery the thieves dragged the furs 20 miles on a small sled and then shipped them to Sarnia, whence they were brought to Detroit, where the police recovered them.

Cattle and Produce Markets

FOR OTHER MARKETS SEE PAGE ELEVEN.

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 400; market steady; beeves, $6 55; Texas steers, $4 90 to $5 70; western steers, $4 70; cows and heifers, $3 to $7 50; calves, $6 50 to $10. Hogs—Receipts, 1,300; strong; light, $7 85 to $8 15; mixed, $7 75 to $8 15; heavy, $7 60 to $8; roughs, $7 65 to $7 80; pigs, $6 60; bulk of sales at $7 95 to $8 70. Sheep—Receipts, 1,500; market strong; natives, $4 85 to $6 10; yearlings, $6 40 to $7 90; lambs, natives, $6 70 to $7.

OILS.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 7.—Turpentine—Spirits, 33s. Rosin—Common, 15s 6d. Petroleum—Refined, 9⅝d. linseed oil—28s. Cottonseed oil—Hull refined, spot, 28s 4½d.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—Calcutta linseed, April and June, 46s; linseed oil, 28s; sperm oil, £30; petroleum, American refined, 8 7-16d; spirits, 9 7-16d; turpentine spirits, 31s 7½d; rosin, American strained, 15s 6d; fine, 18s 9d.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 7.—Turpentine—Firm, 42½c; sales, none; receipts, 305; shipments, 336; stocks, 21,815. Rosin—Firm; sales, 1,666; receipts, 734; shipments, 415; stocks, 128,245.

HIDES.

TORONTO, Feb. 7.—Hides—The receipts here are chiefly of inferior quality, for which the demand is limited. Prices are unchanged, as follows: City inspected No. 1 steers and cows, 13½c per lb; No. 2 stock, 12½c; No. 3, 11½c; country stock, cured, 11c per lb, and green, 10c to 10½c, at outside points. Sheepskins—The market is firm at $1 to $1 50; at country points, 75c to $1 50. Calfskins—The market is quiet at 14c here; cured, 15c. Horsehides—$2 50; horsehair, 38c to 40c. Tallow—Solids quoted at 5½c to 6c; cakes, 6½c to 7c. Wools—Supplies are small. Dealers pay the following prices: Unwashed, 13½c to 14c for coarse, 15c to 16½c for fine; washed, combing, 22c to 23c; rejections, 18c to 19c per lb, at country points.

POTATOES.

TORONTO, Feb. 7. — Potatoes — The market is unchanged. Good Ontario stock are quoted at 70c per bag, on track, and Delawares at 80c per bag, on track.

BEANS.

TORONTO, Feb. 8. — Beans — Hand-picked quoted at $2 60 per bu; primes, $2 50, in a jobbing way.

HAY.

TORONTO, Feb. 7.—Baled hay—The market is unchanged, with the supply ample. No. 1 is quoted at $13, on track, Toronto. No. 2, $11 50 to $12. Mixed hay is quoted at $10 to $10 50. Baled straw—The market is quiet, with prices of good straw at $9 to $9 50, on track, Toronto.

SUGAR.

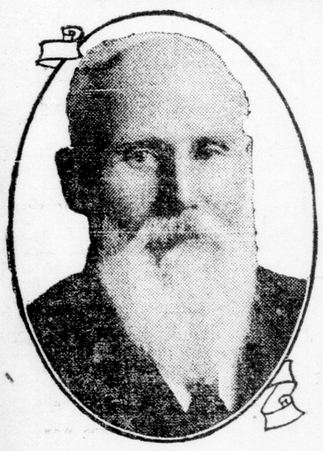
LONDON, Feb. 8.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 10s 9d; Muscovado, 9s 3; beet sugar, February, 9s 6d.

PRODUCE.

Toronto Grain Market.

TORONTO, Feb. 7.—The offerings of Ontario wheat continue light, and prices rule firm. The demand is fair for milling. Flour firmer, with 90 per cent patents quoted at $3 95 to $4, seaboard. Cables are rather higher for wheat. Manitoba wheat firmer early, with a moderate demand, but the market closed weaker. Flour—Trade here is quiet in Ontario wheat flour; 90 per cent patents are quoted at $3 95 to $4 at the seaboard. Manitobas unchanged. First patents, in jute bags, $4 80; strong bakers', in jute bags, $4 60. Manitoba wheat—The market is quiet, with prices firmer. No. 1 northern quoted at 96c, on track, bay ports; No. 2 at 93½c; and No. 3, 91c, bay ports. Feed wheat, 65c to 66c, bay ports. Ontario wheat—No. 2 white and red wheat quoted at 95c to 96c, outside, and sprouted, 75c to 88c. Oats—There is a little better demand, with prices firm. Ontario oats, 33½c to 34c, outside, and 37c to 38c, on track, Toronto. Western Canada oats quoted at 41½c for No. 2, and 40c, for No. 3, bay ports. Peas—There are buyers outside for No. 2 at $1 20 to $1 25, but offerings are nil. Barley—Trade is quiet, with prices unchanged. Forty-eight-lb barley of good quality is quoted at 62c to 63c, outside. Feed, 40c to 50c. Corn—The market is unchanged. No. 3 American corn quoted at 57c, all rail. Rye—The market is dull, with prices nominal. No. 2 quoted at 65c, outside. Buckwheat—The market is unchanged, with No. 2 quoted at 52c to 53c, outside. Bran—Manitoba bran is quoted at $19 50 to $20, in bags, Toronto freight. Shorts are quoted at $22 to $23.

Thousands of Old People Find Health and Strength



MR. SAMUEL SAGE

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is wonderfully effective to aid digestion, thus nourishing the body and enriching the blood, which makes it especially valuable for those advanced in years.

Read what it does for Mr. S. Sage and his friends.

"I have been a user of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for many years, and find that it is the best medicine and tonic I can take. I have been troubled with gas on my stomach which causes a pain in my heart and often bowel trouble, but if I take about two tablespoonfuls of your malt in the morning when I first get up, then my food tastes fine and does not distress me. While I was on the farm I took it before each meal and found that it gave me a better appetite and sleep became refreshing. I have often recommended it to my old comrades, and they all say it does them much good.

"Many aged ladies to whom I have talked claim they could not get along if it were not for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. Some have said, 'Give me liberty or give me death,' but I say, 'Give me life and Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.'"—Samuel Sage, Adjt., Tom Custer Post, No. 178, G. A. R., Sheridan, Mich.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

For more than half a century Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has been before the public, and its increasing success proves its merit and honesty. Scientists have tested it, chemists have analyzed it and always found it pure and full of medicinal virtue; doctors have prescribed it, and ministers of the Gospel, temperance advocates and people in all walks of life have used it, and all indorse it as a most effective tonic stimulant.

It is a wonderful remedy in the prevention and relief of all throat, lung and stomach troubles, and for all wasting and weakening conditions, if taken as directed.

BE SURE YOU GET DUFFY'S.

Sold by druggists, dealers and hotels in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY, price $1.25 a large bottle. Get the genuine, and be sure the seal over the cork is unbroken. If you can't procure it, let us know, and we will tell you how. Write for free doctor's advice and book of recipes for table and sick room. The Duffy Malt Whisky Co., Rochester, N. Y.

VEGETABLE GROWERS FORMING A POOL

Plan to Sell Their Produce Direct to the Retail Merchant.

REMOVE THE MIDDLEMEN

Gigantic Co-operative Scheme Launched at Annual Meeting of Board in Toronto.

Toronto, Feb. 8. — A gigantic co-operative scheme, by which the produce of the members of the Vegetable Growers' Association will be sold direct from the farms to the retail merchants, and by which the growers will purchase all their seeds and agricultural implements, was decided upon at the annual meeting of the board of directors of the association yesterday.

The plan outlined to the gathering will, when carried into effect, result in one huge pool, consisting of practically all the large vegetable growers of the Province, and the heads of this will make arrangements for the marketing of all produce grown, and for the purchasing of all goods required.

A Strong Association.

As the association is one of the largest in the Dominion, and has branches throughout Ontario, the amount of produce which will be placed on the market will be exceptionally large, and will include vegetables of all varieties.

By following the foregoing plan, the association are taking the initial step in eliminating the now famous "middleman," and in placing their wares in the retail shops of Toronto at a greatly reduced price. One of the directors expressed the opinion that by this means vegetables could be sold to the city consumer fully 50 per cent cheaper than is now being paid, and that the producer would also receive a great deal higher price for his goods.

Fighting Seed Merchants.

One of the advantages to be gained by co-operation, the association claims, is that seeds will be purchased at a greatly reduced price. Figures to prove this were submitted to the meeting showing the method adopted by the Canadian firms in an attempt to force the association to pay their prices in securing seeds for experimental work for the coming year.

Owing to the high price demanded by the Canadian seed merchants last year the association purchased all supplies from a firm of growers in Germany, and had them shipped direct to Toronto. This year it was decided to follow the same plan, and the firm was communicated with, and prices requested. In reply the firm wrote that certain merchants in Canada would act for them, and would fill their orders. When the two catalogues were compared it was discovered that the association would have to pay higher prices if the goods were purchased in Canada. Parsnip seeds were catalogued by the German firm at 10 cents per pound, and by Canadian merchants at 75 cents; cauliflower seed at 62 cents an ounce and in Canada at $2.35; carrot seed at 42 cents in Germany and $1.75 here. The greatest difference, however, was in celery seed. In Germany is sold for $1.70 per pound, while here $9.60 was asked.

Question of Seed.

As a result of this attempt to force the association to purchase supplies from a Canadian firm at such exorbitant prices, the following resolution was unanimously passed:

"We believe it to be in the best interests of the members of the Ontario Vegetable Growers' Association that we should be able to procure good, reliable seed of proved varieties direct from the growers, where possible, and last year we succeeded in securing a quantity of such seed greatly to our financial benefit. We have learned that certain seed dealers in Ontario have endeavored to restrain such trade; therefore, we, the members of the Ontario Vegetable Growers' Association, hereby protest against any such interference with what we believe to be our reasonable rights, and claim that such interference is a species of combine in restraint of trade."

Northern Land Good.

The report of the experiments made by the association in growing vegetables in Northern Ontario showed that the land in that district is excellent for potatoes and peas. A number of varieties of potatoes and peas were distributed among the farmers of that section by the association, and the crops returned were large and the produce fully equal to those grown in older sections of the province. This year the association will continue its experiments.

The meeting decided to continue the crop competitions during the coming year owing to the great success with which they met in the past. They will also divide the province in three sections as formerly. The report of the secretary showed the receipts for the year to be $1,850, with a balance on hand of $72.54.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, C. W. Baker, Tamblings; first vice-president, W. J. Kerr, Woodroffe; second vice-president, F. F. Reeves, Humber Bay; secretary, J. Lockie Wilson, Toronto; executive committee, C. W. Baker (Tamblings); T. Delworth (Weston); F. F. Reeves (Humber Bay); J. Lockie Wilson (Toronto); representative to Canadian National Exhibition, T. Delworth, and representatives to the Horticultural Show, W. J. Rush, F. F. Reeves, Thomas Delworth, and James Dandridge.

WED AT PORT STANLEY

Popular Young Dexter Couple Celebrated Their Nuptials.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Stanley, Feb. 7.—A quiet wedding took place at the Methodist parsonage on Wednesday, when Miss Hattie Duncombe and John Somerville, of Dexter, were united in matrimony by Rev. H. W. McTavish. The couple were unattended. After a short wedding trip to Stratford, Mr. and Mrs. Somerville will make their home in Dexter.

DEATH OF DR. COKE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Winnipeg, Feb. 8.—Dr. Chauncey E. Coke, a graduate of Trinity College, Toronto, 1878, died last night in a private hospital here, aged 42. He had been practicing at Beausejour, Man., for the past seven years. He was born in Watford, Ont., and came to Manitoba in 1885, teaching school for a number of years. He received diplomas at Edinburgh and Glasgow universities.

MAYOR JOHN L. EEDY DIES OF PNEUMONIA

Mayor of Harriston Was Born in London Township in 1854.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Harriston, Feb. 7.—Mayor John L. Eedy died at his home here today after a brief illness with penumonia. He was born in London Township in 1854, and came to Harriston in 1876, where he established a furniture and undertaking business, which he had conducted most successfully.

He had always taken an active interest in everything pertaining to the welfare of the town. For two years he was a member of the town council, and during 1897 and 1898 he was mayor. He was an active member in the Methodist Church, and for years had been a member of the trustee and quarterly boards, and was much interested in Sunday school work, being teacher of the Ladies' Adult Bible Class. He also held the positions of clerk of the division court, town auditor and justice of the peace. He was a strong Conservative. He was a member of the A., F. and A. M., I. O. O. F. and A. O. U. W.

Besides his wife, he is survived by two sons and one daughter—Chester, who will continue his father's business; Gerald and Marion. Interment will take place in the Harriston Cemetery on Monday afternoon at 2:30.

COMPLIMENTARY SUPPER TO MR. JOHN BURGESS

Prominent Bluevale Resident Was Highly Honored by Over 300 Friends.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Bluevale, Feb. 8. — A complimentary oyster supper was tendered recently to John Burgess, an old and highly-esteemed resident, who is retiring from a number of his public activities owing to failing eyesight. The supper was served in the basement of Knox Church and about 300 were seated at the tables.

An adjournment was made to the auditorium, where an interesting program was presented. R. N. Duff was called to the chair, and addresses were given by Dr. Stanley, high medical examiner of the C. O. F., Toronto; High Treasurer Elliott, of the same order, of Brantford; R. Shaw and A. McEwen. Mr. Burgess replied to the many reminiscent and complimentary remarks in a short, kindly speech.

He has been recording secretary of Bluevale Court for 33 years, and high auditor many times. For upwards of 20 years he was municipal clerk of Turnberry Township, secretary of the cheese factory, and a faithful officer of the Presbyterian Church. He is about 70 years of age.

The musical numbers were well rendered by Miss Eva Duff, Miss Bertha Haney, W. Haney, and Peter King. Miss Polly Duff proved her capabilities as an elocutionist by an excellent recitation. Bluevale orchestra played a number of selections in good style. The wish of the company and a host who were unable to attend the supper was that Mr. Burgess may be spared to his family and the community for a good many years to come, and that his eyesight may be restored. Paul Powell has succeeded the veteran township clerk in keeping the records of Turnberry municipality

A PROSPEROUS YEAR

Varna and Blake Congregations Increased Their Pastor's Stipend.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Varna, Feb. 8.—The congregations of Varna and Blake report, a very prosperous year for 1912. These two congregations consist of only 60 families and 143 members. They raised the full amount allotted to them by the presbytery for the million dollar budget. They have also advanced $250 on their minister's stipend.

District Personals

THORNDALE.

Thorndale, Feb. 8.—The Woman's Institute postponed its meeting, which was to have been held on Thursday, till next week.

Quarterly meeting will be held in the Methodist Church on Sunday at 10:30 a.m. The evening services will be taken by the ladies. Miss F. Harrison will take a topic.

A number of local people are getting in their supply of ice while the cold weather lasts.

Rev. Mr. Dunbar will take charge of St. George's Church on Sunday.

DENFIELD.

Denfield, Feb. 8.—Miss Vera Bowman spent a few days recently with her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bowman, at Crediton.

Mr. Chas. Hobbs, of Lucan, visited with Denfield friends recently.

Master Harold Rosser took part in the entertainment at Granton last evening, and rendered violin selections.

Mr. Jas. Walls has been appointed president of the Denfield Debating School for this session.

Mr. H. Bowman was in Ailsa Craig on business yesterday.

Mr. Sidney Hodgins, of Clandeboye, was here recently.

MANDAUMIN.

Mandaumin, Feb. 7.—Mr. and Mrs. Smith are recovering from a serious illness.

Mrs. Menzie and Ed Menzie, accompanied by Mrs. A. C. Park, have left for Woonsocket, R. I., to visit relatives.

Rev. Mr. Carter visited A. McDonald recently.

Miss Mabel Paul is visiting her brother in Flint, Mich.

The Ladies' Aid will hold a Valentine box social in the hall on Friday, Feb. 14. A good program is being prepared.

John Jolly has sold his house and lot to William Ellstone, and intends moving to the West in the spring.

EMBRO.

Embro, Feb. 7.—Mrs. J. Fairbairn and daughter May visited friends in London yesterday.

Miss Bella McDonald, of Toronto, is visiting her mother, Mrs. H. McDonald.

Mr. Bruce Youngs, of Hamilton, recently visited with Mr. G. M. Creighton.

The George Matheson trophy will be played for on the Embro rink next Wednesday, Feb. 12.

A fancy dress carnival will be held in the Embro rink on Friday evening, Feb. 14.

Mr. George Clark, of Harrison, visited his son, Mr. R. H. Clark, recently.

A rink from the curling club went over to Woodstock on Tuesday and played in the Oxford County bonspiel for the McIntosh trophy. The rink was made up of the following players: W. McClure, W. G. Saunders, W. H. Beaver, P. Day, skip. They played three games on Tuesday and won two, and on Wednesday played with Ingersoll and won, but were defeated by Drumbo in the afternoon.

Miss Roadhouse, of Medina, was a recent visitor with Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Osborn.

The 50th anniversary of Knox Church will be celebrated by special services Sunday and Monday, Feb. 16 and 17. On Sunday, Rev. J. H. Edminston, of Toronto, will preach, and special music will be rendered. On Monday evening an entertainment will be given, at which the male quartette will sing. Miss Thomson, of Listowel, soloist, will be present, and Miss J. McIntosh, of Woodstock, will render some readings.

The Young Bachelors are having an assembly in the town hall this evening.

Dr. and Mrs. Bowie, of Streetsville, were here yesterday.

VARNA.

Varna, Feb. 8.—Mr. Robinson, of Uxbridge, was here yesterday looking after the interests of the Sterling Bank.

Mrs. Johns, who has been seriously ill, is recovering.

Messrs. Thos. J. McAsh and John E. Sparrow have been elected to the eldership in the Presbyterian Church, and will be ordained on Feb. 16.

The mild weather of January has been replaced by a real cold snap. There is no sleighing, but the weather is decidedly nippy.

Beans have dropped to $1.60 to $1.65 a bushel; oats, 30 cents to 32 cents; wheat, 92 cents, and hay about $10 a ton for what is good.

LAMBETH.

Lambeth, Feb. 8.—Mr. E. Hodgetts' sale was well attended despite the very severe weather. Everything brought good prices.

Mr. Henry Campbell is slowly improving.

Mrs. Dale, of Glendale, visited her sister, Mrs. Pincomb, recently.

Mrs. Peter Earl entertained the Bright Idea Bible Class, numbering about 40, and all had a very pleasant time.

There is a good sale of seats for the Fourstar Concert Company, which will appear here for the first time on Feb. 26.

CLANDEBOYE.

Clandeboye, Feb. 8.—Mr. W. R. Simpson, of Mooresville, has sold the post-office and general store to Mr. John McNaughton, of Galt. Mr. Simpson intends going West in a few weeks.

Mr. E. A. McKenzie spent a couple of days in London recently.

Mr. Thomas Smith is ill at his home here.

The Foresters' ball in Lucan was largely attended, and several from this vicinity enjoyed the dance.

Several relatives from this district attended the funeral of the late James O'Neil.

The funeral of George Lewis, who died very suddenly, was held from his late residence, 4th concession McGillivray, to Brinsley Cemetery. It was largely attended.

HARRISTON.

Harriston, Feb. 8.—Frank Bingham was fined $5 and costs recently for creating a disturbance in the picture theatre.

Alderman J. M. McKay is confined to his home suffering from a severe cold.

James Askett is disposing of his property here prior to his removing to the West.

Rev. W. M. McKay conducted preparatory services in Westminster Church, Mount Forest, Friday afternoon and evening.

Mr. James Evans is here on a visit from Clansworth, Sask.

Mr. James Wilson, of Saskatoon, is here on a business trip.

PAISLEY.

Paisley, Feb. 8.—Mrs. Archibald McDougall, of Winnipeg, and Dr. George Kennedy, of St. Paul, Minn., are here owing to the serious illness of their father, Mr. A. R. Kennedy, Victoria street.

A skating contest and hockey match between Walkerton and Paisley in the rink Friday evening.

Mrs. Robert Fleming is slowly recovering from a very severe attack of congestion of the lungs.

The ice harvest, after all predictions to the contrary, is an abundant one around here. Since Candlemas Day the temperature has been getting lower and lower, making excellent ice in the rink and on the river.

Mrs. A. B. McLeod, who has been saleswoman for a number of years with Ballachey, Laidlaw & Co., and a highly-esteemed resident of the town, has left for Teeswater to visit her sister, Mrs. (Dr.) Stewart, for a few weeks before going to Calgary, Alta., to join members of her family and and take up her residence in that city.

Mrs. Mary Armstrong, Queen street north, slipped on an icy walk near her home and fractured a bone in her leg. She was taken to the Walkerton Hospital.

Mr. J. A. Eleves received a message from Buffalo that his mother, Mrs. E. Eleves, was seriously ill with pneumonia. Mr. Eleves has left for Buffalo.

Mrs. Good, from near Brantford, is a guest at the home of her brother, Mr. S. Ballachey.

Mr. Wm. McKenzie, of Toronto, is visiting at the home of his motheer, Mrs. A. McKenzie.

Miss Margaret Laut, of Crossfield, Alta., is visting at the home of her uncle, David Walks, 2nd concession of Elderslie.

Dr. Black went to Freelton to take Dr. McQueen's practice for a couple of weeks. Dr. Hueston has charge of Dr. Black's practice in his absence.

Mrs. Frank Strachan is visiting friends in Belwood.

Mrs. Donald Darroch, the young wife of Mr. Donald Darroch, Jun., 7th concession Elderslie, died recently from an internal trouble. Deceased was in her 25th year, and was married last June. She was the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Barrs, of Chesley. The funeral took place to Chesley Cemetery, and was conducted by Rev. E. J. McEwen, of the Baptist Church.

LUCAN.

Lucan, Feb. 8.—Mr. Frank Stanley is back to work again after his recent illness.

Mr. William Read bought a Percheron horse at Listowel for $300 recently. Mr. Read shipped a carload of horses to Toronto yesterday.

Miss Margaret Conlin, of Wallaceburg, is visiting friends in the vicinity.

Mr. Willis Dorman, of London, attended the dance here recently.

Mr. John Butler, who was recently married in Drayton, has returned, accompanied by his bride.

CAUGHT IN SHAFT

Alonzo Hedden, of Crediton, Was Very Painfullp Injured.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Crediton, Feb. 8. — Mr. Alonzo Hedden met with a very painful accident, while trying to put on a belt in the roller mill of Mr. H. Sweitzer. Mr. Hedden felt something pulling his coat, and turned to loosen it, when a shaft which was turning slowly caught him and threw him to the floor. When help reached him it was found that he had broken his left arm between the elbow and the shoulder. Medical help was summoned and the broken member dressed. Mr. Hedden will likely be laid up for some time.

A Physical Wreck

Suffered Tortures from Nervousness.

Miss Marguerite Lees, 91 Robert St., Hamilton, Ont., writes: "I was a wreck, reduced in body, and despondent. I suffered tortures from nervousness, and was totally unfitted for work. A friend recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla. I commenced taking it and by the time the second bottle was consumed I knew that I was mending. Gradually I grew well. I have used Hood's since. I would not be without it on any account, and do most enthusiastically endorse every word in its favor."

Get Hood's Sarsaparilla today. Sold by all druggists everywhere.

FOUR BIG BARGAINS IN WHITEWEAR

Here are exact illustrations of these extraordinary values. It will pay you to come Monday.

Here Is a Princess Slip

Made of fine English cambric in a very stylish cut. Square yoke of embroidery, deep embroidery flounce and dust frill. All sizes. An excellent value. Special. **$2.00**

Exactly as pictured, $2.00.

Mail and Phone Orders Filled

We Pay Express on All Orders of $5 and Over.

Princess Slip. Special, $1.50.

This Princess Slip

Is a marvel of beauty. It is made of a fine, soft cambric, which is free from dressing. It has a pretty yoke of embroidery, and is trimmed with embroidery edging. Flounce of embroidery and tucks. Exactly as pictured. Special..... **$1.50**

Gowns, 88c

Made of long cloth in a very attractive new style with square yoke of embrodery, lace trimmed, short sleeves, trimmed with lace and embroidery, set-in sleeve, exactly as cut. Special **88c**

Corset Covers Special, 38c

Made of fine madapollam, embroidery trimmed with scalloped edge at neck. A perfect-fitting, good-wearing garment at an unusually low price. We've all sizes now in stock, but advise early choosing.

Final Clearance of Coats

Come, choose from a great lot of all new coats. This winter's favorite styles. Our new Coat Department has enjoyed a great success. Now we've decided to make a clean sweep. Every Coat must go.

WE WON'T CARRY STOCK OVER.

Choose from $15 and $18 Coats. Pay **$9.38**

Choose from $25 Coats. Pay. **$15.63**

Several Fur Coats and Fur Collar Coats at less than cost.

February Carpet Sale

Off With a Rush

We've set a new record for price reductions on high-grade carpets. Many big bargains.

$1.75 yard Axminsters **$1.25**

$1.25 yard Brussels **$1.00**

60c yard Tapestry **49c**

Kingsmill's

BETTER SCORES HERE.

Harriston, Feb. 7. — The veteran curler, Mr. Alex. Yule, says of the Moncton dispatch crediting Mr. C. R. Trites, of Moncton, N. B., with having made a record score for Canada at the points game, with 51 points. "Certainly it is a very good score, but John Carnie, of Paris, Wm. Ament, of Seaforth, and James W. Wilson, of Harriston, have each won the Ontario Curling Association medal with a score of 55 points."

Huron College Appointments.

Huron College appointments for Sunday, Feb. 9: Rev. W. Lowe, St. Marks', 4 p.m.; C. Langford, B. A., Middleton; K. Alexander, Princeton; F. C. Rydtt, London Township; W. Shaw, Inwood; A. S. H. Cree, Beachville; H. C. Light, Lucan; H. Metcalfe, Tillsonburg; C. Foreman, Aged People's Home; C. Simpson, Dover; E. Garrett, Asylum.

Forty years in use, twenty years the standard, prescribed and recommended by physicians. For Woman's Ailments, Dr. Martel's Female Pills, at your druggist's.

ALL THE NEWS THAT IS NEWS

A DAY IN THE SPORTING WORLD

SIDE LIGHTS ON MANY SPORTS

Jeff Should Have Played Turkish Music, Mayhaps

By "Bud" Fisher

LONDON PUT PARIS OUT OF THE RUNNING IN FAST GAME AT INGERSOLL LAST NIGHT

Local Intermediates Outclassed the Green and Black Septette at Every Stage of the Game and Won Out by the Score of 8 to 3.

BIG CROWD OF LONDON ROOTERS WENT DOWN ON SPECIAL TRAIN

Every Man on the London Team Played a Great Game, and the Splendid Combination and Team Work of the Locals Was Responsible for the Victory.

[BY JINX.]

Ingersoll, Feb. 7.—This town is getting to be a regular dying off place for O. H. A. hockey teams. Last night the London Juniors succumbed to Ingersoll, and tonight the Paris Intermediates went down and out for the final count before the fast London Tecumsehs by the score of 8 to 3. It was undoubtedly the best game seen in Ingersoll in years, and a crowd of 1,400 people witnessed it. About 700 raving fans came down on a big special from London, and Paris was represented by a fair sprinkling.

SCORE INDICATES PLAY.

The score indicates pretty clearly the comparative strength of the two teams. London had it over Paris like a tent at every stage of the game, and even the Ingersoll crowd, who were swaying between an impulse to cheer for London and a hope to see Paris win, had to admit that the London team was there about fifty-seven different varieties and shades better than the Parisians. The half-time score was 2 to 1 in London's favor, but Paris was outclassed in every department in the second half, and the number of goals London could have scored was only limited by the inclinations of the London team.

A Big Jam.

When the contest was over and the big crowd swarmed out of the rink, the town o'erflowed with jubilation. The London crowd celebrated to such an extent that even the hands on the town timepiece, which reposes in the postoffice dome, paused to listen, and nearly started back round the wrong way with the excitement. Singing songs, yelling their heads off and generally rousing the early-to-bed natives of this lonesome-looking burg, the London crowd made the night hideous. But no crowd ever had as much license to sing and yell and hoot and holler as the London fans. A victory over Paris is enough reason for any kind of a celebration on the part of Londoners.

And now the London Intermediates are champions of No. 7 group. And, according to "Beulah" Davidson, the Toronto referee, who handled the game, London has a real fine team and will take some beating before the next resting place of the silverware is decided upon.

A Fast Game.

The game was lightning fast all the way through. In the last period Paris started to lag a little, but this only caused the London players to increase their speed. Every man on the London team played a grand game, and those who had not witnessed the battle at Paris last week wondered how the unshrinkable town seven ever managed to pull out a victory in Paris. Last night Paris died hard, but there was never a moment of doubt that they were going to take the count. It was simply London all the way, and nothing else.

Borland a Peach.

Billy Borland was the shining light of the London team. Borland played the game of his life, and he outclassed every other player. His zig-zag rushes through the Paris team brought the crowd to its feet time and again, and he scored two of the goals. He played a grand defence game, and together with Granary and Wardrope, formed a cement wall that the Paris team could not scale.

Wardrope, in goal, was another star; in fact, every man on the London team was a star. Mere words cannot express the praise that is due them. But Wardrope played one excellent game. He made some remarkable stops just as he always does, and just as he will keep on doing.

Grannary's Fine Example.

Jimmy Grannary also played his usual star game. Cool and collected, never seeming to care how excited the other players were, he was on the job every moment. He was the cleanest man on the ice outside of the goalkeepers, and was never once ruled off. Jimmy is captain of the London team, and he set a splendid example.

On the forward line it would be hard to pick out any individual star. The way that that London line travelled up and down the big rink was splendid to watch, and the London fans never lost an opportunity to root. The rink was in a bedlam every moment. First McAvoy would start a rush and the whole London forward line would spread out and travel abreast down the ice. It was the very essence of team play, and the Paris team was hopelessly outclassed. Then Reid, or Walden, or Gillies, would start a speedy journey in the direction of the Paris nets, and the London team would open out like a great fan and start a combined attack on their opponents' goal. Then may be Borland or Grannary would get away to a start, and again would the forwards follow up, each man in his position, each ready to take the pass, and each poised for the shot on goal. Mr. Fraser, the Paris net guardian, must have had about 57 different varieties of heart failure during the game, and as the contest progressed a feeling of sympathy for him seemed to spread over the crowd. It was too bad that he had to do all the work for Paris. And let it be said right here that he played a grand game. Wardrope was magnificent, but Fraser did not have to take off his hat to anybody, and you have to hand it to him for being a good goalkeeper. He is good enough for the fastest kind of hockey, and a better tribute could not be paid a hockey player than that.

A Great Forward Line.

McAvoy's famous whirling rushes and lightning skating; Reid's back-checking and stick-handling; Walden's plugging, plodding, ever working in the direction of the Paris goal, and the great following up of Laurie Gillies, combined with his stickwork and clever checking, earned for every one of these players a niche in the London hockey hall of fame. A faster and better forward line never worked on a London team, and when one considers that London has turned out such stars as Prodger, Mallen, Boles, Carrothers, Orr and a few other prominent ones, an idea of the ability of the present forward line can be gleaned.

Gordon Gill, that famous Paris midget, who has been playing hockey on the Paris team ever since he fell out of the cradle, was missing from the line-up last evening, and in his place was Maxwell, a new man. The Paris team made a mistake in changing. The Gill combination was a feature of the Paris play, and Maxwell did not play nearly as good a game as young Gill could. He was the weakest member of the team, and London fans wondered just why he was on the line-up. He looks like a good hockey player, but he showed little knowledge of the Paris style of play, and demonstrated that he had played but little with his team mates. Gordon Gill was missed.

The Paris Stars.

The other two Gill boys played their usual good game, while the Peebles brothers also starred. Take these family combinations away from Paris and hockey would die a sudden death in the underwear town. Thompson, at cover, is a worker and a hard man to check. He is solid as a rock, and he broke away several times for dangerous attacks on the London goal. The Paris players took their defeat in a graceful manner. They realized that the better team won. They are a good bunch of losers, and always have, and doubtless always will prove the hardest nut that London has to crack. For the past six or seven years Paris has always proved a difficult proposition for London, and although this city has triumphed over the Parisians quite a few times, Paris always demonstrated that as a hockey team they were there. They will be back again next year with the same team, and be just as hard to beat as they have been this year.

How the Goals Were Scored.

The first goal for London was scored by McAvoy on a nice rush and shot from the wing in six minutes. Shortly after Walden was laid out following a collision with the boards as a result of a hard check by W. Gill. When the game resumed, Reid rammed in another for London on a pass from Gillies. Paris scored in 16 minutes, a shot from W. Gill glancing off Grannary and into the nets, Mr. Wardrope getting slightly peeved. There was no more scoring in the first half.

The Second Half.

In the second half, Gillies scored the third for London on a pass from Borland, who had zig-zagged past the whole Paris team. Borland scored the next one on another of his brilliant rushes. Half a minute later, Grannary rushed and passed to Reid, who brought the London count to five. The next one went to Reid, who scored on a pass from Gillies, after the whole London forward line had rushed. The London team was going great at this stage, and the game was just a combined attack on the Paris nets. Borland again started one of those famous rushes and got to the Paris goal. He passed to Reid, who shot, but Fraser stopped it. Borland rammed the puck in on the rebound.

The next two goals went to Paris. London eased up a trifle, and Maxwell was permitted to get within shooting distance of the goal. He shot nicely, and the puck beat Wardrope. About three minutes later, Billy Gill and the Paris forward line rushed, and Gill landed the disc in the London nets.

Borland Scores Last One.

The last goal of the game was scored by Borland, who rushed, passed to Gillies, who passed back, Borland beating Fraser with a nice shot. This pair worked the same stunt a minute later, but Referee Davidson called an offside, and the goal did not count.

"Beulah" Davidson, the Toronto man, who refereed the game, was a pretty capable official. He got a lot of the rough work, and numerous penalties were handed out, although none of them were for serious offences. The game was comparatively clean as games go, and nobody was injured.

London will now play off with St. Thomas in the second round of the O. H. A.

The teams:

Paris—Fraser, goal; W. Peebles, point; Thompson, cover; P. Gill, rover; W. Gill, centre; A. Peebles, left wing; Maxwell, right wing.

London — Wardrope, goal; Borland, point; Grannary, cover; McAvoy, rover; Reid, centre; Walden, right wing; Gillies, left wing.

Referee—"Beulah" Davidson.

Timekeepers—Barton, Paris; V. Smith, London.

Goal judges—Axton, Paris; Bailey, London.

Photo by George Henry.

WILLIAM "BABE" BORLAND, London's star point player, whose work at Ingersoll last night against Paris was the outstanding feature of the game.

Charleston Results

Charleston, Feb. 7.—The races today resulted as follows:

First race, purse $300, 4-year-olds and up, selling, 5½ furlongs—1 Coreopsis, 2 Eaton, 3 Abrasion. Time, 1:09.

Second race, purse $300, 3-year-olds and up, selling, 6 furlongs—1 Gardenia, 2 Clothes Brush, 3 Goldy. Time, 1:15 2-5.

Third race, purse $300, 3-year-olds and up, selling, 5½ furlongs—1 Gold Cap, 2 Tarts, 3 Lord Welles. Time, 1:07 3-5.

Fourth race, purse $800, 4-year-olds and up, selling, 5½ furlongs—1 Rose Queen, 2 Semiquaver, 3 The Square. Time, 1:08.

Fifth race, purse $300, 4-year-olds and up, selling, 7 furlongs—1 V. Powers, 2 Swart's Hill, 3 Banorella. Time, 1:29.

Sixth race, purse $300, 4-year-olds and up, selling, 7 furlongs—1 Billy Vandervcer, 2 Cynosure, 3 Gagnant. Time, 1:29.

CURLERS TO HONOR MEMORY OF DENTIST

Services To Be Held at Thistle Club Out of Respect for Dr. McDonald.

The curlers of the city will hold a memorial service in honor of the late Dr. Lauchlin McDonald, who died a few days ago at his home in this city. The service will be held in the Thistle Club rooms on Richmond street north at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and Rev. Thomas H. Mitchell, pastor of New St. James' Church, will preach the memorial sermon. Anthems by a male chorus and solos by Mr. W. A. McCutcheon will feature the service.

WESTERN MEDS WON AT TORONTO 30 TO 27

Defeated Varsity in Intercollegiate O. B. A. Game—Will Play in Guelph This Evening.

Toronto, Feb. 8. — Varsity II. went down to defeat before the Western University squad of London by the score of 27 to 30 here last evening. The blue and white boys never seemed to be able to strike their stride, while the visitors were going at top speed all the time. At half-time the winners led by 20 to 13. Barnes played first half and Zimmerman the last. The line-up:

Western University (30)—Forwards, Brereton (12), Baines (12); centre, Yates (6); guards, McKay and Freeman.

Varsity II. (27)—Forwards, Fawcett (11), Chandler (6); centre, Cook (2); guards, Levy (6), Barnes (2), Zimmerman (0).

The Western Meds will play the Guelph O. A. C. team in Guelph this evening, and are fully confident of repeating the dose handed out to Toronto last evening. The Meds are in great form and look like winners in the Intercollegiate group.

THORPE A JOKE PLAYER SAY FORMER TEAMMATES

Was Only Good at Running Bases, But Seldom Got on the Bags.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 7. — That Jim Thorpe, the Carlisle Indian, who has just signed with the New York Giants, is a joke ballplayer, is the belief of five Washington players who were in the Eastern Carolina League in 1909, and batted against the Indian. They all state that Thorpe was only a fair minor league pitcher, a poor hitter and worse fielder, and that his only asset was speed on the bases, which availed little, as he seldom got on the bags.

The Indian's averages in the Carolina Association, a very "bush" league, were poor.

Photo by Evans & Hastings.

GEORGE WARDROPE, net guardian of the London intermediates. Wardrope is one of the best goalkeepers playing intermediate O. H. A. hockey today, and he has starred in every game this season.

BIG PLANS FOR CHURCH ATHLETICS

The Community Study Classes Would Utilize Space in the Center of Race Course.

CONTROL OF ALL SPORTS

Central Board Could Advance Amatuers With Better Results.

Resolutions indorsing playgrounds in London, outdoor skating rinks and other forms of recreation for the young, were passed by the community study class, which met in the Collegiate Institute on Friday evening. It was decided that the young people should give their confidence to these branches of physical education and work for their extension.

Courts and Ponds.

Suggestions were made by various members of the class, that the city council should take steps and secure the centre of the race course at the Exhibition Grounds and establish tennis courts and swimming ponds for children, and work it on a similar basis to the open-air skating rinks.

Approval was also unanimously given the idea that a common board should control all church athletics. Under the management of a board, representative of different denominations, it was thought that the amateur men would be given a better opportunity to develop their athletic ability. Little chance now existed, it was claimed, with so many semi-professional bodies existing. Communication with the various athletic clubs will be taken up with the endeavor of carrying out this idea.

Address By Mr. Taylor.

Mr. Albert T. Taylor, physical director of the Y. M. C. A. and chief supervisor of the London playgrounds, gave an instructive paper on different forms of "Recreation and Amusements."

WINGHAM DEFEATED LISTOWEL EASILY

Northern Leaguers Engage in a Fast Game on Wingham Ice—Final Score Was 9 to 2.

Wingham, Feb. 7. — The Northern League game played here tonight between Wingham and Listowel resulted in a score of 9 to 2 in favor of Wingham. The line-up:

Wingham—Goal, E. Groves; point, F. McLean; cover, H. Schaefer; rover, I. Johnston; centre, Chas. McLean; left, T. Elliott; right, M. Telfer.

Listowel — Goal, Zinder; point, Spence; cover, Clark; rover, Hamilton; centre, Ament; left, Wilson; right, Hangler.

Referee—Loot, of Palmerston.

COWAN, OF PARIS, WON TROPHY AT HARRISTON

Defeated Dr. Ireland, of Harriston in Final Game.

Harriston, Feb. 7.—The final trophy game in the Harriston bonspiel finished at midnight between D. Cavan (Paris) and Dr. Ireland (Harriston). The game was a battle royal from start to finish, and was witnessed by a large and interested gallery of spectators, many ladies being present. Score by ends:

Cavan ....1002012101221000—13
Ireland ....0110300010000112—10

Rev. C. Scudamore in a most happy manner presented the prizes to the respective winners. The final in the consolation was played this morning between J. Mennie (Fergus) and D. Huether (Wiarton), resulting in Fergus winning a well-contested game. Score by ends:

Mennie ....1030100320610O—17
Heuther ....0102021001003O—12

Mr. James McMurchie, in his usual able manner, presented the prizes. A vote of thanks to Mr Yule, the secretary, and the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" brought to a close the most successful and best attended bonspiel ever held in Harriston.

BOSTON MECCA OF ATHLETES.

[Canadian Press.]

Boston, Mass., Feb. 8.—Boston was the mecca today of 500 amateur athletes from many sections of the east to compete tonight in the 24th annual indoor invitation track meet of the Boston A. A. Deciding, as it virtually does, many inter-collegiate and indoor championships, the meet attracted many college athletes, as well as prominent clubmen.

SHILOH CURES COUGHS & COLDS

If they're not good, we'll make them good, for nothing.
The Live Oak Hall

A GRAND CIRCUIT FOR CANADIAN HORSES

Special Writer Sees In the Dominion a Wonderful Field of Development For Harness Horses.

Mr. I. Jay Critchfield, special correspondent of the Horse World, in an interesting article, gives his impressions of Canada as a racing field, as follows:

At the end of my third trip in Canada, in the interest of the Horse World, my impressions formed last summer, when I visited a portion of the Province of Ontario, have been more than confirmed. Nowhere in my experience have I found such enthusiasm nor people so ready to pay the price for a horse that looks good enough to "bring home the bacon." The proof of the statement is found in the fact that racing, with good purses, is carried on almost all winter, and the attendance is always good, larger than it has ever been before, regardless of weather conditions. In the early spring, before there is any thought of racing in the States, meetings will be given in the Northwest, and quite a few of the Ontario contingent will go there and take part, returning in time for the opening of the Grand Circuit and the smaller circuits of the States.

The time-worn declaration that horses cannot be properly prepared for racing before the middle of the summer is being more and more disproved each year, not only by the class the horses have shown on the ice this winter, but by the brilliant performances last and other years by The Eel, Hal B., Jun., Knight Onwardo, Joe Patchen II., Grand Opera and a host of others that proved their worth by winning numerous good races against the southern-wintered and southern-trained horses, and I believe the facts will bear me out when I say that their form was even better retained than those of their warm-climate friends.

For the past several years our Canadian friends have been serving notice on us that they must be seriously considered when it comes time to settle with the secretaries, and last season's victories of the Canadian horses are fresh in the minds of all race-followers, and that they are planning another invasion with more flattering prospects than ever before is shown by the preparation that numbers of horses are getting during the present winter months.

I believe, in view of the marvellous growth of the light harness horse industry in Canada during the last few years, that it is within the range of possibility that we may see in the near future a mile track circuit in Canada. Already there are good tracks available at Windsor, Fort Erie, Toronto and Montreal, and one will be built at London as soon as the ground is fit to work. Ottawa could support a mile track, as could several other places that might be mentioned. So it will not be surprising if a few short years will find the American horses turning toward Canada to compete for the big purses that will surely be offered should such a circuit be formed. Montreal's application for a date in the chain of big meetings is but a sample of Canadian ambition, and I can think of no place in the States where a better attendance could be secuded than there, and it is a matter of regret that their request could not be complied with.

YESTERDAYS RESULTS.

O. H. A. Intermediate.

Cobourg 12, Port Hope 6.
Wiarton 3, Goderich 2.
London 8, Paris 8.
Dunnville 6, Welland 2.
New Hamburg 10, Berlin 7.
Niagara Falls 10, Niagara Falls Tecumsehs 5.
Markham 7, Brampton 3.

O. H. A. Junior.

Kingston Frontenacs 5, Kingston C. I. 3.
University of Toronto 6, Toronto C. C. 4.
Orillia 14, St. Andrew's College 2.
Belleville 8, Picton 2.

Northern League.

Wingham 9, Listowel 2.
Mount Forest 8, Palmerston 5.

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We will mail you an advance descriptive pamphlet about the 1913 Russell "30" automobile. Address
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WEST TORONTO, ONT.

DELICIOUS and FRESH
SAVANNAH CIGARS, by their rich aroma and smooth taste, please the most particular.
John J. Dyer & Co.
Makers, London. ywt

ONTARIO RINKS STILL WINNING AT WINNIPEG

Crawford, Cameron, Flavelle, McAuley and Rice, All Captured Their Games Yesterday.

Winnipeg, Feb. 7.—In this morning's draw of Purity Flour, the results of the eastern rinks were:

Rice, Toronto, 15; Creighton, Medicals, 7.

Gillies, Brampton, 11; Hallock, Civics, 13.

McAulay, Southampton, 13; Robertson, Carman, 9.

Cameron, St. Thomas, 10; Gill, Roblin, 12.

Flavelle, Lindsay, 10; Atkinson, Manitou, 9.

Crawford, Wingham, 17; Laidlaw, Strathcona, 10.

Tetley Tea, 12 o'clock draw:

Cameron, St. Thomas, 10; Ellerby, Thistles, 14.

McLaren:

McDonald, Fort William, 10; Fryer, Medicals, 9.

Dingwall:

Fox, Fort William, 15; S. H. Smith, Civics, 10.

Verner, Strathcona, 12; McAulay, Southampton, 15.

Flavelle, Lindsay, 8; Richardson, Neepawa, 7.

Thomas, St. Johns, 6; Jones, Duluth, 10.

GODERICH TEAM BEATEN ON THEIR OWN ICE

Wiarton Intermediates Surprised the Lakesiders by Winning 3 to 2.

Goderich, Feb. 7.—Wiarton defeated Goderich tonight 3 to 2 in one of the cleanest games seen in Goderich for many years. The Wiarton team comprise undoubtedly the fastest and most scientific players ever seen on local ice. For the locals McDonald and Frank McGaw deserve special mention. Probably the disablement of Belcher by a dislocated kneecap shortly after the commencement, weakened the home team. The players were:

Wiarton—Goal, Bain; point, Gilner; cover, Ashley; rover, Simmie; centre, Miers; left, Ashley; right, Frock.

Goderich—Goal, McIvor; point, McGaw; cover, Belcher; rover, McDonald; centre, Wiggins; left, McDonald; right, McIver.

Referee—H. Cooke, Toronto.

NEW HAMBURG BEAT BERLIN INTERMEDIATES

Won the First of Home and Home Games in Playoff.

New Hamburg, Feb. 7.—Tonight the New Hamburg intermediate team, winners of group 2, disposed of the Berlin Intermediate team, winners of group 5, in the second round of the O. H. A. series, by a score of 10 to 7. At half-time the score stood 4 to 3 in favor of New Hamburg. Berlin played the same team that defeated Elmira, and, although they played brilliantly, they were unable to overcome the fast play of the locals. The line-up:

Berlin—Goal, Hainsworth; point, Trushinski; cover, B. Seibert; rover, Boettger; centre, N. Seibert; right, Uffelman; left, Solomon.

New Hamburg—Goal, Beck; point, Kauffman; cover, Scherer; rover, Hall; centre, Bowman; right, Otto; left, Katzenmeier.

Referee—McCord, Toronto.

Seely's After-Shave
The Original and The Ultimate
25 and 50 Cents

SOME NOTES ON THE VICTORY

"London has a hockey team, hockey team, hockey team, etc." This was one of the songs at Ingersoll after the game last night.

Poor old Paris. But then, remember that Paris put London out of the running last year. Revenge is sweet.

One of the largest crowds a London hockey team ever carried away with them went down on the special train last evening. The fans were packed in the coaches like sardines.

Tommy Fysh, or rather Chief of Police Fysh, of the Ingersoll department, was a prominent spectator at the game. Tommy was rooting for London and at the same time keeping an eye on the rowdy element in the crowd.

Ingersoll has a splendid rink, and many London fans remarked that it was a shame that London could not boast of one as good. The Ingersoll rink cost $9,000 to build, and it looks like a $50,000 affair.

The crush at the rink entrance when the London crowd arrived was something awful. To get into the lower part of the arena, one has to go down a big flight of steps divided off with an iron railing. Another iron railing is placed horizontally near the ticket office so as to prevent crowding there. However, the crush was so great that both iron railings were carried away and a wooden partition at the bottom of the steps was also broken down.

The London crowd was an orderly one, and the fighting that marked the trip to Paris and the Junior trip to Ingersoll on Thursday night, was missing. The only mischief on the part of the London crowd was the stealing of a glass jar of gum from a showcase in the Olympia candy store.

Wardrope was annoyed when Paris scored their first goal. The puck glanced off Grannary and into the nets, and "Cal" gave his captain quite a talking to as a result. It was an amusing part of the game.

After the game, "Beulah" Davidson stated that London had a great team, and he looked to see them go into the finals. He stated that Borland was fast enough for the N. H. A.

While the London players were leaving the ice after the game, some sorehead who had, no doubt, bet on Paris, hit Billy Borland and then ran. Borland chased him, but the fellow escaped in the crowd.

McAvoy outskated the Paris players many a time and took the puck away from them while they were charging in on the London nets. Amby certainly made those Paris fellows look foolish.

Four Fast Games In Church Leagues

Four fast games were played in the church leagues last night at the Simcoe Rink. In the first game Dundas Centre won out from Hill street by the score of 7 to 6 in the Methodist League after a struggle that was close all the way through. Both teams were represented by several new players, many of the regulars taking in the O. H. A. game at Ingersoll.

St. James Won.

In the second game St. James defeated St. Georges in an Anglican League game by the score of 3 to 0. This game was a fast one and both teams played good hockey. The St. James were a little faster than their opponents and there was never much about as to the winner.

The Anglican League.

In the second Anglican League game, St. Pauls trimmed All Saints by the score of 4 to 2. The score at halftime was 2 to 1 in favor of the ultimate winners. The game was a good one, and well played.

The lineup of the St. Pauls team was as follows: Burridge, goal; Millman, point; Riggins, cover; Nelles, rover; R. McPhillips, centre; G. Thompson, right wing; F. Thompson, left wing.

Fred Widdowson refereed.

Presbyterian League.

The last game of the evening resulted in a win for New St. James over St. Andrews by the score of 3 to 0. The game was fast throughout, with the north enders showing better combination and faster play than their opponents. St. Andrews were minus some of their best men.

Postponed Games.

Three postponed games have been arranged for in the Anglican League next week.

On Monday night, St. James and St. Pauls will meet between 9 and 10 o'clock, and on Friday night, All Saints and Christ Church will play between 8 and 9 o'clock, and St. James and Memorial will meet between 10 and 11 o'clock.

DUBUC DENIES STORY ABOUT HOLD-OUT TIGERS

Says There Is No Agreement Among Cobb, Crawford and Others.

Montreal, Feb. 7.—That there is an agreement between Cobb, Stanage, Dubuc, and Crawford to hold out against President Navin, of the Detroit American League team, was denied tonight by Dubuc.

The ex-Royal pitcher admitted that he had not signed his contract for next season, and that there is a difference between himself and Navin. "The difference is purely a business one," stated Dubuc, "and if the others have formed a compact they have not asked me in.

"What is more," he continued, "I would not enter into such an agreement. Navin knows my terms as he and I have been carrying on a correspondence for some time. I will go as far as Mr. Navin to adjust matters and know nothing of what the others are doing other than what I have read in the newspapers."

PENN. CRICKET TEAM WILL TOUR CANADA

Instead of Taking Trip to England as Originally Planned.

[Canadian Press.]

Philadelphia, Feb. 8. — The University of Pennsylvania Cricket Club will tour Canada in June instead of taking a trip to England, as was originally planned. Matches will be played in Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto.

ECZEMA

Also called Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pruritus, Milk-Crust, Weeping Skin, etc.

ECZEMA CAN BE CURED TO STAY,

and when I say cured, I mean just what I say—C-U-R-E-D, and not merely patched up for awhile, to return worse than before. Remember, I make this broad statement after putting twelve years of my time on this one disease, and handling in the meantime nearly half of a million cases of this dreadful disease. Now, I do not care what all you have used, nor how many doctors have told you that you would not be cured—all I ask is just a chance to show you that I know what I am talking about. If you will write me TODAY, I will send you a FREE TRIAL of my mild, soothing, guaranteed treatment that will convince you more in a day than I or anyone else could in a month's time. If you are disgusted and discouraged, just give me a chance to prove my claims. By writing me today I believe you will enjoy more real comfort than you had ever thought this world holds for you. Just try it and you will see I am telling you the truth.

Dr. J. E. Cannaday, 1004 Court Block, Sedalia, Mo.

Reference: Third National Bank, Sedalia, Mo.

Could you do a better act than to send this notice to some poor sufferer of Eczema? law,t,Feb 22

Photo by Evans & Hastings.

WILLIAM McGEOCH, fast left wing man of the A. M. C. team in the City League. "Billy" was a member of last year's junior O. H. A. team and next year he should be a likely candidate for the local intermediates.

LONDON Y.M.C.A. TEAM LOST AT STRATFORD

Local O. B. A. Intermediates Were Put Out of the Running as a Result of Last Night's Contest.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Stratford, Feb. 7.—The London intermediate O. B. A. basketball team were defeated here this evening by the local intermediates by the score of 47 to 37. It was the first time in many months that a London senior team was beaten by the locals. The game was a good one, and at half-time the locals led by the score of 27 to 15. In the second half the London team played a better game and outscored the locals, but could not get enough points to win.

Jimmy Preston refereed in his usual good style.

The teams were:

London—Jones and Eckert, forwards; Shaw, centre; Steele and Adams, guards.

Stratford—Babb and McKelvey, forwards; Atkins, centre; Bloxam and Smith, guards.

SEVERAL BALL PLAYERS HAVE BEEN REINSTATED

James Scott, White Sox Pitcher, Is One of Them.

[Canadian Press.]

Chicago, Feb. 8. — The reinstatement of James Scott, the Chicago American League pitcher, is noted in an official bulletin, just issued by President Ban Johnson. Scott was suspended last fall after he had been out of condition for several weeks.

The following are included in the list of contracts, reinstatements and releases promulgated:

Releases—By Chicago to Buffalo, James Steffens; by Detroit to Providence, Wm. Jenson; by Cleveland to Montreal, Art Griggs; by New York to Rochester, Del Paddock and T. C. McMillan, and by Boston, to Buffalo, L. A. Pape.

OTTAWA WILL ABIDE BY N.H.A. DECISION

Will Play Six-Man Hockey Despite Its Unpopularity.

Ottawa, Feb. 7.—The Ottawa club today announced that it would abide by the N. H. A. decision to return to the six-man game as soon as the order from President Quinn following yesterday's mail vote is received. It is expected this afternoon. Six-man hockey is unpopular in Ottawa, and the local club claims it has resulted in a serious decline in gate receipts.

PARKHILL CLERKS BEAT HIGH SCHOOL

Close Game in Parkhill on Thursday Afternoon.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Parkhill, Feb. 7.—The high school boys played a game of hockey with the clerks here on Thursday afternoon, in which the former were defeated by a score of 3 to 4. The line-ups were as follows:

High School—Goal, McColl; point, Carriere; cover, Gibbs; rover, G. Graham; centre, Stookes; right wing, Garden; left wing, E. Graham.

Clerks—Goal, Potter; point, Morrison; cover, Knapton; rover, Connor; centre, Cameron; right wing, Steele; left wing, Robotham.

"What did Miss Peacher say when Cholly Chumply told her he would like to make himself solid?" "She replied that so far as his head was concerned he would have nothing to do."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

PANDORAS HAVE NOT LOST A GAME AS YET

Are Still Leading in McClary Carpetball League — The Standing of the Clubs.

The Pandoras finished up the first series in triumphant style early this week, never having been defeated. The Saskaltas, however, got them on the "trembling stool" good and proper in the opening game of the second series, and they were distinctly lucky to escape with a draw. Subsequently, however, they further improved their chances by defeating the Radiums, their nearest opponents, after a capital game, and now occupy a sound leading position. Yesterday the Bell Oaks came back to the best of their old form and smartly chastised the Famous with a record score of 36. Good play was seen in other games, and the young Sunbeams are performing very consistently.

The card games still maintain their interest and are being very keenly contested.

The Standing.

	P.	W.	L.	D.	P.
Pandora	13	11	0	2	24
Radium	13	8	4	1	17
Sunbeam	13	8	5	0	16
Ravens	12	7	4	1	15
Famous	13	7	6	0	14
Kootenay	13	6	5	1	13
Fairy Queen	13	6	7	0	12
Bell Oak	13	6	7	0	12
Regina	12	4	7	1	9
Sunshine	12	4	8	0	8
Saskalta	13	3	9	1	7
Maryboro	13	3	9	1	7

Euchre League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.
J. Sheldt	45	30
J. Smart	42	32
A. Lawrence	40	35
E. Crawford	38	37
E. Barnett	35	40
J. Wilkinson	31	44
J. Pinkbinder	30	45
E. Mason	7	11

DUNDAS CENTRE JUNIORS BEAT ADELAIDE STREET

But There Is Some Talk of the Game Being Protested, Because Dundas Centre Changed Players at Half-Time.

STANDING OF THE LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	For.	Agst.
Dundas Centre	1	0	4	1
Adelaide Street	1	1	5	4
King Street	0	1	0	4

Dundas Centre juniors won from Adelaide Street in the East End Sunday School League last evening by the score of 4 to 1. The game was a fast exhibition, and the teams played good hockey. The Dundas Centre boys were a trifle heavier than their opponents and they played together better. Ballantyne, of the Empire Brass team in the Manufacturers' League, was the star for the winners, while Slessor also played a good game. For Adelaide Street, Elgar and Matthews were the best.

The teams were:

Adelaide Street—McLean, goal; Bennett, point; Fulton, cover; Malone, centre; Lightfoot, rover; Mathews, left wing; Elgar, right wing.

Dundas Centre—Davis, goal; Harrison, point; Ballantyne, cover; Lewis, rover; Slessor, centre; Boyle, left, Simpson, right.

Adelaide Street are talking of protesting the game, as at half-time the Dundas Centre team took off a man and put another man on in his place. This is not allowable under the rules.

A meeting of the executive of this league will be held this evening at the home of Rev. S. R. Heakes, 481 William street, for the purpose of discussing the question of admitting a team from Memorial Church. It is likely that Memorial will be allowed to come in, and the league will then be composed of four teams.

CHATHAM MUST PLAY OFF WITH SARNIA ON MONDAY

Used a Ringer in First Game in the Tunnel Town, So Game Has Been Ordered Replayed By O. H. A.

Toronto, Feb. 8.—Early in the season Chatham played a man at Sarnia who was ineligible through the residence rule. They did not know of his ineligibility at the time, but learned of it later. The O. H. A. decided that if the game affected the district standing at the finish it should be played over. It does affect it, and Chatham must play it over at Sarnia Monday night.

Woodstock plays Guelph Victorias in the second junior round at Guelph on Monday and at Woodstock Wednesday.

The O. H. A. has named the dates for the senior semi-finals between St. Michael's and Midland. They play the first game at the Arena here next Tuesday night, and the return game at Midland on Friday night. Total goals on the two games will determine the winner, who will meet Toronto R. and A. A. in the finals.

TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY.

A dozen years ago the business of fathering trust funds and taking care of estates formed but a small part of the city's business activities. The work of looking after the estates of the dead was largely in the hands of private individuals, and the companies then engaged were just beginning to show that by systematic and highly responsible control securities and lands left in their trust could be carefully fostered and appreciated with increasing benefits to beneficiaries. The progress made in this field is shown by figures presented Friday, Jan. 31, at the 16th annual meeting of the Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, held in Toronto.

In 1905 this concern had guaranteed trust funds of $82,922, and estates and trusts under its administration of $644,442. Each year the amounts placed under its control have been added to and the estates have appreciated until today this company's trusts funds total $3,599,141, and estates and trusts total $5,196,383.

This remarkable progress has been year by year steady and substantial.

During the last eight years of the company's existence the assets have gone up from $2,870,906 to $11,146,096. A great deal of the assets is held in real estate, largely in mortgages, while debentures and other securities form a not inconsiderable share of the accounts. The progress of the company has been made without the assistance of any great increase in paid-up capital, as the annual report shows. Last year the net profits were $117,906.75, and a balance left at the end of the year to the credit of profit and loss account of $304,540.

At the annual general meeting of the shareholders held Jan. 31, an important addition was made to the directorate of the company. Mr. E. B. Stockdale, the general manager of the company, was appointed a director.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

THIS $5.00 ILLUSTRATED BIBLE

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HOCKEY A GREAT HYPODERMIC SAYS THE NOVICE WHO SEES THE GAME FOR THE FIRST TIME

A Breezy and Humorous Story of How Hockey Looks to the Greenhorn.

Looking at the game of hockey for the first time is like grasping the handles of an electric battery on a cold day. It is as full of thrills and shocks, and when you once become attached to it you just can't leave, said the novice in an exchange.

Yes, it was the first time (pity the unfortunate), but, believe us; there isn't going to be any last time, not if we have to walk.

Funny, but each season of the year has its charm in the way of a thriller of some kind. We are never without a hypodermic. Life is just one jolt after another. It's either a world series or a mortorcycle race, football or motor polo, a prize fight for a six-day race. Zip! Zip! All the time. No wonder the good die young.

But, as we were saying, we took our electric foot warmer in one hand and a friend who had the tickets in the other and drifted in on one of those breathtakers the other evening. We would have been sitting there yet if the janitor wasn't so unreasonable. He got no Christmas present from us.

Where Were the Police?

Just one glance at the game called hockey, and we wondered if the police knew it was going on.

Exciting! Holy horntoads!

Just a mess of swinging sticks and slipping, animated objects — a sparkling riot, that's all.

They are the grandest high and lofty tumblers that ever did a Brodie. They compel them to wear padding so they won't break the ice when they volplane.

Now we don't know anything about this game yet except to look up quick when we hear the ice crack. We know nothing of the in or out side workings of the pastime. All we got is a cold and the "movement" of the game so far. If we were the referee we would give the decision to the side which scored the greater number of falls. But at that we know enough about the game not to play it ourselves. That game is for our enemies and our creditors.

We did count seven men on a side, though (counted 'em before the game). Each carried an overgrown stick with a hook. We did think they looked sort of foolish chasing that little poker chip all over the place. Why couldn't they have provided a Christmas present—a watch, say, or a bar check—something worth while?

Should Christen It "Bullet."

"Puck" is what they call that little disk of contention. "Bullet," they mean. You should see them shoot it across the arena. We say "should see" advisedly, because in reality it is impossible to follow as it streaks about. If a player happens to linger in front of it, why, he dies a lingering death; but we won't talk about that at this time.

Down at either end of the glass pond there is an odd-looking animal called a goal tender. He plays about the same part in the game as does one of those wooden men targets in a shooting gallery. He looks as though he had been raised on dried apples and watermelon, all padded out, you know, so as to make him easier for the rest of the sharpshooters to hit. He stands beside his cage, where he is kept at night, we suppose, and does not seem to have much to do except furnish business for the drug stores. That reminds us that every up-to-date hockey club has its own portable doctor and hospital.

The doctor is allowed seven minutes in which to patch up a player and pick the ice out of his constitution before the play is resumed. But, as we understand it, this time will be reduced to one minute, as the delays were threatening to cause six-day hockey matches.

Take Tally of Limbs.

We thought the game was over when we saw two or three of the players slide off the field and sit down. But nope; we were informed as we were jerked back into our seats that they were merely being punished by the referee for fouling. It was a shame, too, as they were playing a slashing good game at the time. We will know when the game is over next time.

When the final whistle toots each player painfully slips off the field and sits down to count himself. If he averages the approximate number of arms and legs, fingers and ears, etc., he solemnly shakes hands with himself and then, with the aid of his razor-edged skates, he climbs up on the shoulders of his teammates and is carried off the field a hero, Rah! Rah!

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASE

CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

NUMBER 23 THE PRICE

SKIP TUNE WON THISTLE CLUB 'SPIEL

Captured the Glassware With the Highest Plus Score of the Evening.

The cut glass prizes for the weekly bonspiel held at the Thistle Curling Club Friday were won by the ring skipped by F. H. Tune. The other members of the rink were Jack Brown, Dr. Palmer Smith and W. T. Douglas.

Juarez Results.

El Paso, Jan. 7.—Ida Lavina was the only favorite to win today at Juarez. Second choices, however, had remarkable success, landing the other five. Summary:

First race, 3½ furlongs—1 Ida Lavina, 2 Little Bit, 3 Ooma. Time, :44.

Second race, 1 mile—1 L. M. Eckert, 2 Lehigh, 3 Faneuil Hall. Time, 1:47 2-5.

Third race, 6 furlongs—1 The Fad, 2 Annual Interest, 3 Jim L. Time, 1:18 1-5.

Fourth race, 5½ furlongs—1 Salesia, 2 Venetian, 3 Ernest H. Time, 1:10 4-5.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—1 Weyanoke, 2 Vested Rights, 3 Ardelon. Time, 1:20 1-5.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs—1 Gimli, 2 Servicence, 3 Chanticler. Time, 1:19 1-5.

TWO KILLED

Girls Stepped From Behind Freight in Front of Express.

[Canadian Press.]

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 8. — Two persons were killed and another fatally injured last night by a Philadelphia and Reading express train at Roelf stheet station. The dead are Anna Dubar, 25 years of age, and Bernard Sickenbaum, 24, both of Stoney Hill, Pa. Sarah Dubar, 27 years old, a sister of the dead girl, was brought to the hospital here and physicians do not expect her to recover.

In their hurry to cross the tracks the trio passed behind the train from which the girls had just alighted, and walked directly in front of the express.

KILLED ON TRACKS

Thomas Ryan's Foot Was Caught in Switch and Held Fast.

[Canadian Press.]

Orange, N. J., Feb. 8.—His foot caught in the frog of a switch, Thomas G. Ryan, a hatter, was cut down and killed by an express locomotive on the Lackawanna Railway, near his home, last night. Ryan had stepped from an east-bound track to let a train pass, only to be caught in the death-trap of the switch on the west-bound track. He saw he ray of a headlight piercing the darkness, but as he was on a short curve, the light did not shine on him and the engineer could not see him. Ryan yelled hoarsely and waved his arms frantically, but to no avail.

She (suddenly)—"Did I hear something fall?" He (timidly)—"I dropped a remark."—Baltimore American.

Makes Hard Water Soft

Lawrason's Snowflake Bath Powder —Antiseptic and Delightful

—Softens the hardest water—Makes the bath a luxury

—Soothes and beautifies the tenderest skin

—Costs nothing to use, because it takes the place of soap and toilet water.

Ask for Lawrason's Snowflake Bath Powder—the magical water softener.

Sold by Grocers and Druggists at 25c. If your dealer cannot supply you, send us 25c in stamps and we will return trial package—postage paid.

S. F. LAWRASON & COMPANY

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Always Popular, It Is During the Lenten Season That This Popular Resort Is Seen at Its Best.

Atlantic City

(NEW JERSEY)

Each year, with the advent of Lent, Atlantic City becomes the Mecca of thousands of people from all sections of the continent. Social leaders, seeking a respite from the strenuous season just past, as well as the more modestly inclined, all find in the refreshing salt sea air a delightfully soothing tonic, and each day brings new pleasures and diversions.

Make your Lenten and Easter reservations now.

THE LEADING HOUSES

will furnish full information, rates, etc., on application.

Marlborough-Blenheim
Both American and European Plans.
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In the fashionable Chelsea section. Open All Year.
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Atlantic City is reached from London via the G. T. Ry. to Buffalo, connecting with Penna. R. R. or Lehigh Valley to Philadelphia, connecting with the Penna. R. R. or Reading to Atlantic City, or from Buffalo via New York Central to New York City, connecting with the Penna. R. R. or Central R. R. of N. J. direct to Atlantic City. F5,8,15,19,22,26

MISS BEATRICE HARRADEN'S READING.

"I read chiefly biography nowadays," says Miss Beatrice Harraden in the Book Monthly. Her letters appear in a very interesting series on "What Women Novelists Read." "But I do not neglect Sudermann and Anatole France, and I see always the books of Arnold Bennett, 'Lucas Malet,' Edith Wharton, H. G. Wells, and many many others. Thomas Hardy I read over and over again. And, of course, Jane Austen. And of course, George Meredith's poems, and Shelley, and, of course, that amazing book, the Bible. But I don't read nearly so much as I used to do. For the moment active life interests me more than books, and I learn more now by taking part in it than by contemplating it. To quote Browning:

". . . Time escapes!
Live now or never!'"

Miss Rocksey—"What makes you think that papa has no idea of letting me marry you?" Young Seads—"So far he's given me three wrong tips on the stock market."—Life.

Shiloh 25¢

"The Family Friend for 40 years." A never failing relief for Croup and Whooping Cough.

Heated Carriages.

Closed, heated carriages for all occasions. Palace Livery, 'Phone 838, Ross & Boss, proprietors.

The Wiltshire, Virginia avenue and Beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved. Capacity 350. Private baths. Running water in rooms, elevator, etc. Music. Special, $12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all the year. Booklet. Apl.7 SAMUEL ELLIS.

GALEN HALL Hotel and Sanatorium. ATLANTIC CITY, NEW JERSEY.

An ideal place for a long or short stay. Stone, brick and steel building. Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water in private baths. Tonic and Curative Baths and Treatments, with trained attendants. Lessons in Basketry and Weaving. 30tf F. L. YOUNG, Gen'l Manager.

COME TO ATLANTIC CITY

and enjoy the delights of the winter at the seashore combined with the comforts and conveniences of the World's Seaside Metropolis.

HOTEL DENNIS

is always popular on account of its unequalled location and its unobstructed ocean view. zxwvt WALTER J. BUZBY.

KILLED BY A KICK

Man Meets With Fatal Accident While Leading a Colt.

[Canadian Press.]

Galt, Feb. 7.—A peculiar fatal accident caused much excitement in the village of Roseville, near here, yesterday. Lloyd Bretz, of Washington, Ont., went to Roseville to lead home a colt which had been purchased by his father. While the other men were settling up in the shed by the church, Lloyd started off with the colt, but a few minutes later was found dead at the side of the road, with a hole in his head. It is supposed that he was either kicked by the animal or fell, striking his head on a stone.

THREE YEARS OF MISERY

Mrs. Burnside Escaped an Operation by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mahoningtown, Pa.—"For three years I suffered untold misery every month,

and had to stay in bed the first two or three days. I also had a displacement and other ailments peculiar to women. I became so weak and run down I could scarcely walk across the floor.

"The doctor told me I would never be well unless I would undergo an operation, but I was advised by my mother to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and after I had taken four bottles I am strong and well. I have got others to take your medicine with the same good results and they cannot say enough for it."—Mrs. J. A. BURNSIDE, Mahoningtown, Pa.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials like the above prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Proven Quality

When choosing silverware it is both economy and satisfaction to purchase

1847 ROGERS BROS.

This brand, known as *"Silver Plate that Wears"* ranks first in quality and has been best for over 60 years. Made in the heaviest grade of plate.

Sold by Leading Dealers

Makes Clean Kitchens

You can make your kitchen fairly shine with cleanliness, with less labor and in less time than it takes to clean it with soap, soap powder or other cleansers if you use

Old Dutch Cleanser

Every speck of dirt is quickly and easily removed from floors, woodwork, taps, metal work, windows, painted walls, cooking and dairy utensils—even the kitchen stove is cleaned and brightened by this wonderful little boon to housewives. Absolutely free from all harmful chemicals.

Many other uses and Full Directions on Large Sifter-can 10¢

PILES CURED at HOME

by New Absorption Method.

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write to-day to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P. 12, Windsor, Ont.

THE GUARDIAN

BY FREDERICK ORIN BARTLETT

CHAPTER XXVIII.

Aftermath.

For the next three days 'Gene was a worthless wreck. Feverish, light-headed and nauseated, he lay in his bunk, a prey to fantasies of the past and present, receiving scant sympathy or attention from his fellows or from Nat. When Saturday came around he was stronger physically, but no whit more at peace with himself mentally. He was stung with the knowledge that since the second fight with Bartineau the men were talking openly of his cowardice. They no longer stood in awe of his bulk or the strength of his arms. That forenoon, when to escape another day in confinement he shouldered his axe and went to work, he avoided a half-dozen fights only by skillful evasion of veiled taunts that were meant to egg him on. Consequently, when after lunch Nat made ready to go back to St. Croix, 'Gene made no protest, weak as he was.

At Dutton's, Nat hired a team and drove the remainder of the distance. He had little to say to his brother, but the latter did not misunderstand this silence. He knew that Nat were merely postponing his plans until Monday. What would happen then he could merely guess, and he cringed away from even guessing. One thing was sure, that unless he could think of some plan between now and then life would go hard with him in camp.

He strode into the house that night surly and ugly, but because he looked pale and wan, Julie was unusually tender with him. As she met him at the door, she was so shocked by his pallor that she was instantly moved to pity.

"You don't look well, 'Gene," she exclaimed. "Have you been sick?"

"Sicker'n a dog," he answered.

"You shouldn't have come out such a night," she said solicitously. "I'm afraid the walk has been too much for you."

The anxious words were sweet to him after the frowns and neglect of the last few days. She took his heavy coat, as he removed it, and placed it near the kitchen fire to dry. He studied her with a new-born hope. The room was warm from the stove stuffed full of wood, and cheery with the lighted kerosene lamp, but, after all, she was the warmest and cheeriest thing in it. After the cold, dark drive by the side of the distant huddled figure of Nat, this contrast went to his head. His wife looked very beautiful this evening. He took his cue from her present mood, and with a great show of fatigue seated himself in the chair which she placed for him near the open oven door.

"You've been working hard this week?" she questioned.

"He never lets up," answered 'Gene. "He's worse than a slave-driver."

Nat was never distinguished by name in this house. It was always just "He," but Julie had come to distinguish that personal pronoun from all others. It brought the color to her cheeks and then drove it out again.

"He's so strong himself I don't suppose he realizes," she replied feebly.

"He knows what he's doin' all right," answered 'Gene, his lips curling back over his irregular teeth. "An' I tell ye right now I'm gettin' tired of it."

"Perhaps the work is too hard," agreed Julie. "I don't think you ought to take this long walk home every week."

'Gene did not answer. He did not tell her that this time he had ridden most of the way. He liked her sympathy. She seemed most human when she was commiserating him.

"Why don't you lay off for a while?" she suggested, though it required an effort. She was barely becoming accustomed to his presence here over Sunday. He slept most of the day. But how it would be for a whole week she didn't know. There were moments—they were flashes of tenderness which came whenever she found him at the door snow-covered and weary, but with his little present to her in his hand—when the weary doubts and fears of the last few months were swept away and she saw him as he used to be. These led her to hope for great things—these and his record of unbroken steadiness. In every way he had improved wonderfully.

"Maybe I will. Maybe I'll lay off for good," he answered. "I can get a better job than that."

She was putting down a plate of biscuits on the table. She glanced up at him and found an expression on his face that frightened her. He rose to his feet.

"See here, Julie," he exclaimed. "I'm tired of bein' cooped up here. I'd like to get back to the city, where there's things doin'."

She shuddered, but she answered mildly:

"Yes, 'Gene."

"What d'ye say?"

"I think we're better off here," she replied without hesitation.

"How be we better off?"

"We're at home, for one thing," she answered.

"Home?" he burst out. "This is a fine kind of home for me, isn't it? I'm here one day a week, and a lovin', peaceful time I have of it then, with your father lookin' like he'd like to stab me in the back, an' your mother lookin' like a mourner at a fun'ral, an' you——"

"I'm doing the best I can, 'Gene," she interrupted.

"Well, your best ain't much, then," he growled.

She sat down wearily. He was undoing all the work of the last few months. It was the 'Gene of that horrible first day who was now speaking. She tried to put that out of her mind and to recall how good he had been ever since then. She made every possible excuse for him; he was tired, overworked, worn out, and after a night's sleep would probably be himself again. Without answering she rose and went on with her work. But with his broad back to the stove, he continued to talk, returning to his initial plaint which had seemed to meet with some success. He realized the hopelessness of trying to get out of this tangle by flight; Nat would keep his word and follow him wherever he might go. But if he could persuade Julie to come along with him, that would be a master stroke. Not only would he then have the girl in his complete control, but Nat would be unable to say anything.

"I tell ye I can't stand it much longer, Julie. When a feller has a quiet place to come back to at the end of the day, he don't mind hard work, but when after it all there ain't nothin' but a bunk in camp, it's darned lonesome. When ye git married, ye kind of expect suthin' different."

"Supper's ready," she announced.

He seated himself at the table, and she took her place opposite him. Neither Mr. nor Mrs. Moulton ever joined them at meals. She poured his hot tea and passed it to him.

"An' I think we'd git along better, Julie, if we was alone," he ran on. "We'd kind of get used to each other."

She met his eyes for a second, as though she actually found hope in the suggestion.

"I wonder if you're right, 'Gene," she answered.

"I know I am, Julie." He pressed home his point eagerly. "We aren't different from other people, and most of them get used to one another. If we were away and had a house of our own, we'd get along all right. It's the outsiders that make trouble."

"Outsiders?" she questioned.

She didn't recognize any outsiders. If it hadn't been for her mother and father, she would have gone mad during these last months. Even Nat, who hovered ever in the background, was of help to her.

She felt safer for knowing that he was within reach.

"Everyone's an outsider who stands between man and wife," he ran on.

She recognized some justice and some truth in his plea.

"Where would you go," she asked timidly.

"I'd go to Boston—or New York," he added hastily. "I reckon New York's better. I can get a job there on some boat. I've had experience in seafarin' life."

"New York seems so far."

"The farther the better," he declared, unconsciously quoting Bella. "Maybe I could get on a steamer goin' to Rio. Ye used to want to go to Rio."

She smiled at the recollection. The name still had magic in it. She looked at him with fresh interest as he sat opposite her, leaning over the table. For a moment or two he looked like her old 'Gene. With the excitement of his plea his blue eyes had brightened as they used to do; and his face mellowed until once again he looked very much a boy. As a boy he seemed to her very strong and big.

"How we used to dream about Rio!" she laughed.

"We might go down there and live," he answered. "Sailors can get a job anywhere."

"I think I'd like Rio better than New York," she admitted.

To Be Continued.

C. P. R. SAFETY FIRST MOVEMENT

How to Prevent Accidents By Laying Down Rules to Follow.

In order to lessen the number of accidents and to reduce the loss of life and property, a movement has been begun along the whole of the system of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the formation of safety first committees. These organizations will have as members, conductors, roadmasters, trainmen engineers, shopmen, car repairers, and representatives from all departments. As employees have always been the greatest sufferers from accidents, the movement has naturally its origin from them. On the eastern division the movement is being strenuously supported by officials of the company, and week by week the excellent work is spreading all along the system, and committee meetings are being held at various points and advice given which will assist in the prevention of accidents, for prevention, after all, is better than cure.

This new policy of the spreading of safety first work among the employees of the C. P. R. has been clearly demonstrated by an absolute necessity, and especially when it is considered that, according to a recent bulletin issued by the United States Government, it was shown that for every fifteen minutes of every day in the year one death is recorded resulting through some kind of accident throughout the continent, and the injuries at the rate of one every sixteen seconds of every minute and hour of the day and year, and contrary to the general understanding only one-tenth of the deaths and one-sixteenth of the injuries were of railroad employees, and the other nine-tents and fifteen-sixteenths being in the other industries of the country. The railroad list of casualties as shown by the last report of the interstate commission for the year ending June 30, 1911, was 3,602 railwaymen killed and 36,802 were injured in operating accidents, and 430 killed and 79,237 injured in industrial accidents, such as in shops, roundhouses, offices, stations and repair yards. The idea of teaching the men to endeavor to observe certain rules, which it was thought would minimize the number of accidents, was first mooted in the United States, and it has been found to work so admirably that on 44 railways in America covering 14,139 miles of track, the spread of safety first work is manipulated by a regular staff, and is thoroughly organized, with successful results. The C. P. R., always up-to-date in whatever policy it pursues, has been quietly working away at the safety first movement for more than a year, and the work is now expanding at a tremendous rate. Literature has been circulated throughout the system and meetings have been held in the east, others are scheduled for western points and before long it is anticipated that the movement will have reached an important stage. Committees are being arranged in various centres, where the men are employed in every sphere of railway work, will be instructed to carry out certain rules and regulations, which are being compiled by themselves with a view to lessening the dangers of the railway world. Every EMPLOYEE IS A SAFETY FIRST MAN AND REPORTS UNSAFE CONDITIONS OR ACTIONS TO HIS COMMITTEE. This is an employees' movement, and the railway companies pay the time and expenses of the employees while engaged in this work.

A consideration for a moment of the appalling statistics given at the commencement of this article will show what a contrast there is between this apathy so far as railway employees themselves are concerned, and the universal interest and excitement that was created by the Spanish-American war. Yet there were only 298 men killed and 1,145 wounded during that campaign. What appears strange is that while railway disasters fatal to many lives strikes the country as exceptionally appalling, yet the killing or injuring of single employees does not specially attract public attention. The danger a brakeman had in days gone by was by far more perilous than it is today. The more modern devices of coupling which have been installed from time to time have greatly lessened that danger, but there are still many risks in connection with the work of the brakeman, which in many cases might be avoided. This is but one of the hundreds of branches which will fall under the jurisdiction of the safety first committees' work. The chief keynote is to educate railway employees not to take chances. The causes of railway accidents are so many that it is impossible to attempt to enumerate them, but that forms part of the work of the committees throughout the system, and the adoption of safety practices to meet the many emergencies. The railway has in use every practical and useful device and appliance for which inventive and mechanical genius is responsible, and the equipment is also carefully looked after. No expense is spared in bringing the track up to the highest standard of safety, and rails are subject to the most searching tests. Cars are equipped with automatic couplers and coupling levers, and the operation of trains is regulated by a system of rules which have been thought out in the most thorough and careful manner, and approved by the highest authority. In return all the company asks of the employee is that he shall do his work carefully, so that any possible accident may be avoided.

One of the principal objects of the committees is that every employee shall assist his fellow workman, and whenever he observes him doing even the smallest thing that he knows might endanger the life of another workman, or cause some injury, is to set him right, and to remember that "Safety First" is the best motto. It must be remembered that the "chance-taker helps to support the artificial-limb maker." The following are a few of the resolutions headed "Safety First," which railway men of the C. P. R. system have been asked to make this year:

I will not stand in front of a moving car, or engine, to board same.

I will always respect the blue flag, because the lives of my fellow employees depend upon it.

I will not stand between the cab and the apron when coaling an engine.

I will not push or draw bar with my foot, or hands, when cars are moving, or when they are close together.

I will turn down boards with nails sticking out of same.

I will not adjust a coupler, turn an angle cock, or uncouple hose bags, when cars are in motion.

I will not hold on to the side of a car when passing platforms, buildings, or obstructions close to the track.

I will not use two-inch nails in building a scafford where four-inch nails would be safer.

I will not shove freight cars into a freight shed, or on team tracks, without first making sure that all men and teams are clear.

I will do all I can to stop the loss of life and lessen the injuries to my fellow employees.

I will not kick cars into sidings where boarding cars, or cars being loaded, or unloaded, are standing.

I will remember that it is better to let a train wait than to cause an accident.

I WILL NOT TAKE CHANCES.

I believe that Safety First is simply a habit, and I will cultivate the habit.

The prevention of accidents is a duty I owe myself, my family, and my fellow employees.

I believe that some accidents are not inevitable, and I know the great majority of them can be prevented by care.

I will take out immediately sufficient accident and life insurance to protect myself and those dependent upon me.

ROUTINE BUSINESS IN THE LEGISLATURE

The Member for Centre Huron Wants Municipal Control of Highways.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Feb. 7.—Only a desultory sitting of the Legislature was held yesterday, a few routine matters being disposed of, and a number of statute revision bills advanced through the second stage. Sir James Whitney gave notice of a motion to have Government business placed upon the order paper on private members' day in order that legislation may be advanced when private bills are not ready to be taken up.

The Opposition members are keeping the ministers busy answering questions. Mr. Proudfoot (Centre Huron) wants to know if the Government is taking any action with the view to securing legislation at Ottawa to give municipalities control of their highways.

Mr. D. Munro (Glengarry) will inquire into the conduct of Ferdinand Walter, license inspector for Waterloo.

Inquiry From Kent.

Mr. Anderson (South Bruce) wishes to be informed about the activities of the horticultural experimental station at Jordan, and Mr. Ferguson (Kent) wants to find out if the Canadian Northern Railway have applied for any of the land grant in respect of the line from Port Arthur to Sellwood, near Sudbury.

Legislation that has been introduced by Hon. W. J. Hanna marks the passing of the "prison" as such in Ontario. What has been known as the Central Prison will hereafter be known as the "Reformatory for Ontario." The indeterminate sentence is to be adopted in all cases where persons sentenced to provincial institutions for a "period of not less than three months, and for an indeterminate period thereafter of not more than two years, less one day." The Ontario board of parole, before parolling any person shall take into consideration his history, conduct, etc., before determining whether he should be paraled.

For Women Also.

The same principle has been included in the bill relating to the Andrew Mercer Reformatory for Females. This act will also provide for a female being sent direct to the reformatory at the discretion of the magistrate, instead of to he common jail.

The word "asylum" is done away with, and hereafter the provincial institutions will be characterized as "hospitals for the insane."

REV. T. W. COSENS TO REMAIN ANOTHER YEAR

Empress Avenue Congregation Extends Unanimous Invitation.

At a meeting of the official board of the Empress Avenue Methodist Church Friday night, a unanimous invitation was extended to the pastor, Rev. T. Wesley Cosens, to remain for the coming conference year.

The resolution was moved by Mr. Wm. Gibson and seconded by Mr. R. G. Bowie. The resolution spoke in the highest terms of the work of Mr. and Mrs. Cosens since coming to this charge in July last. Several members of the board spoke, indorsing most heartily the resolution.

Mr. Cosens, in his reply, said he appreciated very much the invitation, and also the spirit of the board and the people, and most heartily accepted the invitation.

LITTLE VICTIMS OF ST. VITUS DANCE

It Is Most Common Among Children of the School Age.

If your child—whether boy or girl—is fidgety, emotional and awkward, you should watch it carefully as it may develop St. Vitus dance. Frequently children cannot keep still, they move with strange actions, their limbs jerk and their features twitch nervously. Speech is confused and the whole muscular system not under control. These are among the symptoms of St. Vitus dance, a trouble that afflicts growing girls and boys, most frequently during the school age. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are such a splendid nerve tonic that they have cured the worst cases of St. Vitus dance. They do this because the new, rich blood they make feeds and strengthens the starved nerves, thus throwing off the disease. Here is an example. Mrs. L. L. Gifford, Westover, Ont., says: "For over two years my little girl, Constance, was a sufferer from St. Vitus dance. She was frightened badly by a dog, which seemed to bring on the trouble, and notwithstanding all we did for her it seemed to be growing worse. She grew so bad that she could not feed herself and her speech was so badly affected that we could scarcely understand her. The twitching and jerking of her limbs was pitiable. At this juncture we began giving her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and to our great joy they have completely cured her, and she is now as healthy a child as you can find."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SHE FAINTED WITH THE AGONY

"Fruit-a-tives" Cured Her Kidneys

MISS MAGGIE JANNACK.

"Mountain, Ont., Dec. 14, 1910.

"I desire to let the world know the great debt I owe 'Fruit-a-tives,' which saved my life when I had given up hope of ever being well again.

"For six years I suffered from dreadful Kidney Disease. My legs and lower parts of my body were fearfully swollen. The pain in my side and legs would be so bad that I would faint with the agony.

"Five different doctors attended me, and all said it was Kidney Disease and gave me no hope of getting well.

"A kind neighbor visited me and mentioned the case of Mrs. Fenwick, who had been cured of a sickness like mine. I took 'Fruit-a-tives' and in a short time I began to feel better—the swelling went down—the pains were easier—and soon I was well.

"I have gained over thirty pounds since taking 'Fruit-a-tives'—and my friends look upon my recovery as a miracle.

"(MISS) MAGGIE JANNACK."

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

EX-BEAUTY DEAD

Passes Away Under Distressing Circumstances in San Francisco.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Feb. 7.—Lillian Lorraine Holds, who was said to be a famous beauty of the Pacific coast in 1892, died in obscurity here last Monday, it was learned today. Her body was found in a little furnished room on Forty-ninth street, in which a score of cats were found slinking about, and there was every evidence, physicians said, that her death was caused by inanition and lack of nourishment, or practically starvation.

"In a voting contest conducted by several California newspapers in 1892," said one of those who knew the woman here, "Miss Holds was proclaimed the prettiest woman of the Pacific coast."

A number of actors and actresses visited an undertaking establishment yesterday to see her body borne to a crematory after simple services.

NEW YORK AND HYDRO

Bill Introduced at Albany to Secure Preliminary Appropriation.

[Canadian Press.]

Albany, Feb. 7. — The state's credit would be loaned for the development of hydro-electric power and its transmission to municipalities by the enactment of a bill introduced today by Assemblyman Patrie. The bill would appropriate $282,000 to defray the expenses of the initial undertaking at Crescent and Vischeres dam. There would be $125,000 paid in 1913 and the balance next year.

Mr. Patrie says his bill will enable the people of the state to determine the success of hydro-electric power, and whether they desire to extend it.

WAIST LINE TO BE IN MIDDLE THIS YEAR

Garment Manufacturers Decide on Very Narrow Tight Skirts.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—The Chicago Garment Manufacturers' Association decided today that women must wear the waistline in the middle this year. For the last four years the line has travelled up and down between the shoulder and the knees.

But all is not progressive. They are still standing pat in, or on, the tight skirt, and the makers admit standing is about all that can be done in them. They are going to have the skirts so narrow and tight that along one side will be a narrow slit as far up as the knee to provide extension space for walking.

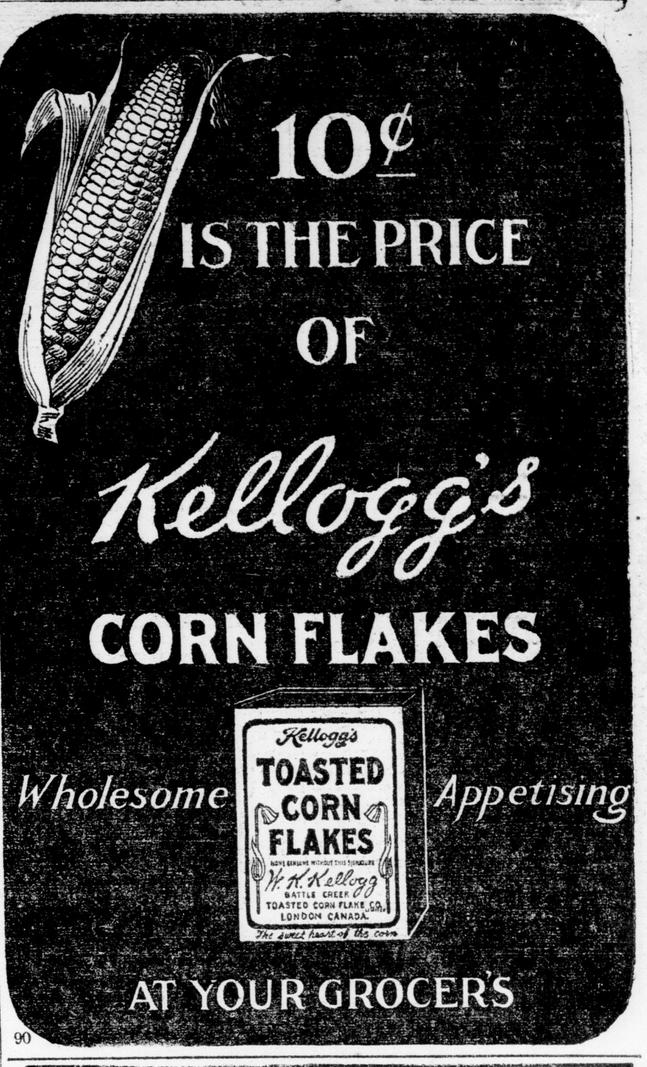
Another complication enters in the matter of hose. These will have to be of the finest quality and have to match the gown.

A MOTHER'S PRAISE OF BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. Pierre Lambert, Paquetteville, Que., says: "I read in the papers of what Baby's Own Tablets were doing for other children so decided to try them for my baby, who was suffering from constipation and stomach trouble. They worked like a charm and now I always keep them in the house and recommend them to all my friends." Baby's Own Tablets cure constipation and indigestion; they expel worms, break up colds and allay simple fever and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

HOW TO CONQUER RHEUMATISM AT YOUR OWN HOME

If you or any of your friends suffer from rheumatism, kidney disorders or excess of uric acid, causing lameness, backache, muscular pains; stiff, painful, swollen joints, pain in the limbs and feet; dimness of sight, itching skin or frequent neuralgic pains, I invite you to send for a generous **Free Trial Treatment** of my well known, reliable **Chronicure**, with references and full particulars by mail. (This is no C. O. D. scheme.) No matter how many may have failed in your case, let me prove to you, free of cost, that rheumatism can be conquered. **Chronicure succeeds where all else fails. Chronicure cleanses the blood and removes the cause.** Also for a weakened, run-down condition of the system, you will find **Chronicure** a most satisfactory **general tonic** that makes you feel that life is worth living. Please tell your friends of this liberal offer, and **send today** for large free package, to **MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box E. 12, Windsor, Ont.**



The Reliable Remedy for Childrens' Colds

You cannot be too careful what cough medicine you give the children, for some of the remedies offered are anything but reliable.

NA-DRU-CO

Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne

is reliable, for it contains absolutely nothing harmful to even the children.

But don't take our word for it—ask your druggist or physician. To these men, in whom you justly place implicit confidence, we will gladly send on request a complete list of the ingredients in this or any other Na-Dru-Co preparation.

Keep a 25c. or 50c. bottle of this reliable remedy always on hand, and it will nip in the bud all your trouble with coughs and colds.

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED. 312

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ALL SHADES.

500 FANCY BACK COMBS—Hair Ornaments, regular $2.00, at ..... 95¢

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THE UNIVERSAL CAR

You'll get yours—if you place an early order. Every day adds to the already unprecedented demand for Ford cars. In spite of the greatly enlarged production—late buyers are almost sure to be disappointed. Get yours today.

"Everybody is driving a Ford"—more than 200,000 in service. New prices—runabout $675—touring car $750—town car $1000—with all equipment, f.o.b. Walkerville, Ont. Get particulars from Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited, 291-3-5 Dundas Street, London, or direct from Walkerville factory.

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LONDON ADVERTISER, Feb. 8

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MAGNIFICENT ILLUSTRATED $5 Edition of the BIBLE (like illustration in announcements from day to day) is bound in full flexible limp leather, with overlapping covers and title stamped in gold, with numerous full-page plates in color from the world famous Tissot collection, together with six hundred superb pictures graphically illustrating and making plain the verse in the light of modern Biblical knowledge and research. The text conforms to the authorized edition, is self-pronouncing, with copious marginal references, maps and helps; printed on thin bible paper, flat opening at all pages; beautiful, read able type. **Six Consecutive Free Certificates and the $1.18 Amount EXPENSE Items.**

The $3 ILLUSTRATED BIBLE is exactly the same as the $5 book, except in the style of binding, which is in silk cloth; contains all of the illustrations and maps. **Six consecutive free certificates and the 81c Amount EXPENSE Items** out the Tissot and text pictures. It will be distributed in the same bindings as the Protestant books and at the same Amount Expense Items, with the necessary Free Certificates.

Also an Edition for Catholics

Through an exclusive arrangement, we have been most fortunate in securing the Catholic Bible, Douay Version, endorsed by Cardinal Gibbons and Archbishop (now Cardinal) Farley, as well as by the various Archbishops of the country. The illustrations consist of the full-page plates and maps approved by the Church, with-

Any Book by Mail or Express Prepaid, 23 Cents Extra.

ROBLIN AGAINST COMPULSORY SCHOOLS

[Canadian Press.]

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 7.—The Legislature last night voted down the bill of Donald Ross, Liberal, in favor of compulsory education in this province. Premier Roblin stated that the bill might tend to reopen the whole school question in this province. He had been through one school agitation, and he did not propose to go through another.

FROZEN TO DEATH

Woman Overcome by Illness at North Bay Succumbs to Cold.

[Canadian Press.]

North Bay, Feb. 7.—Mrs. Joseph C. Leblanc, of Morin street, left home early yesterday evening to visit a neighbor. No anxiety was felt by her family when she did not return, as it was thought she had decided to stay the night. This morning early pedestrians on High street found her frozen body lying at the side of the street. She had left to return home about 8 o'clock, and, it is presumed, she was overcome by weakness or a fainting spell, and before she could recover was benumbed by the cold. She leaves a husband and four children.

DEEPENING OF WELLAND

Depth at Present Will Be the Same as at Soo Locks.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, Feb. 7. — Several important announcements of ministerial policy were made to the members of the Dominion Marine Association last night at their annual dinner held at the Royal Ottawa Golf Club. The Minister of Railways and Canals intimated that the lock gates of the new Welland Canal would be 30 feet in depth in order to provide for the development of traffic on the Great Lakes. The depth of the canal for the present will be the same as the American locks at the Soo, i. e., 24½ feet, but the new canal will be so constructed that at any time, when the locks on both sides of the St. Mary's River are deepened to 30 feet, the new Welland Canal can be dredged to the same depth.

Hon. J. D. Hazen, minister of marine, in a most pointed manner ,expressed his warm sympathy with the movement to encourage steel shipbuilding in Canada, and also stated that Canada would co-operate with all organizations on the Great Lakes in resisting the efforts of the Chicago drainage authorities to reduce the level of the Great Lakes and of the St. Lawrence. James Playfair, of Midland, retiring president of the association, occupied the chair.

LITTLE CHILDREN IN DEPLORABLE CONDITION

Father a Confessed Burglar and Mother Too Ill to Look After Them.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Goderich, Feb. 7.—G. M. Elliott, Provincial Government officer in charge of the Children's Aid Society for the county of Huron, had the four little children, two boys and two girls, of Edward Burling, who pleaded guilty before Judge Holt a few days ago on the charge of burglarizing Strachans store at Brussels, up before Police Magistrate Kelly, the mother being ill, the children were in a deplorable condition. Magistrate Kelly allowed Mr. G. M. Elliott to take the children to his own home and he will endeavor to have them placed in comfortable homes in the vicinity where they will be properly educated.

FOUND DEAD ON ROAD

Lloyd Bretz Was Bringing Home a Colt, Near Roseville.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Galt, Feb. 7.—Lloyd Bretz, of Washington, Ont., was killed near Roseville today as he was leading home a colt, which had been purchased from John Bricker by his father. While the older men were settling up in the shed by the Church Lloyd started off with the colt, but a few minutes later was found dead at the side of the road with a hole in his head. It is supposed that he was either kicked by the animal or fell, striking his head on a stone.

DIED OF PNEUMONIA

Little Child of James Johnson Buried at Port Elgin.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Elgin, Feb. 8. — The death occurred on Thursday of the year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. James Johnson, who died after only a few days' illness. The little fellow was taken with a severe cold, which developed pneumonia, and death ensued quickly. The funeral was held on Friday afternoon to Port Elgin Cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson are from England, but have been residents here for the past two years

ANNIVERSARY TEA AND CONCERT HELD

A Splendid Entertainment in First Congregational Church.

Thursday at the First Congregational Church the anniversary tea and concert of the school was held.

The children of the shelter were invited as in former years. There were choruses by the primary children and selections by the little tots. The "Hoodoo Chorus" by the older girls was a pleasing novelty. The singing was really excellent.

The Mother Goose drills, with Mother Goose and her family, was the best work seen this winter, the children going through their several parts splendidly. The male quartette delighted all. Quite a novelty was introduced by Mr. Smith and Mr. Foncar in their shadowgraphs, taking a trip from London off to Gibraltar, around the world, returning by way of the Canadian west to the First Church—the end of the trip.

The climax of the program was the cantata, 'The Sleeping Princess." The parts were taken by the senior pupils in a way that would compare favorably with some professionals, while the costumes were magnificent.

The following was the cast: King, Art Robins; queen, Edith Johnston; page, R. Rush; princess, Irene Anundson; prince, Leslie Walker; fairies, M. Wrighton, B. Swartz, L. Dixon, E. Bowman, B. Saunders; ladies-in-waiting, M. Stevens, A. Bowman; gentlemen, W. Wrighton, H. Anundson; old woman, M. Walker.

Rev. Mr. Claris and the pastor, Rev. Mr. Whitmore, also spoke.

Mr. A. Anundson, superintendent of the school, with the teachers, looked after the wants of the children during the tea.

C. P. R. CHANGES

Promotions and Changes in the Canadian Pacific Districts.

With the object of not only improving the service at Montreal terminals and the service generally the Canadian Pacific Railway Company has announced several changes in the districts of the eastern division, which became effective Feb. 1. In connection with these changes new appointments are also announced by Mr. C. Hodge, general superintendent of eastern division, approved by Mr. C. Murphy, general superintendent of transportation. District No. 1, which comprises from the Adirondack Junction to Megantic, remains the same, and Mr. W. B. Way, who is at present assistant superintendent of District No. 3, has been appointed superintendent of this district, with offices at Farnham, in place of Mr. J. K. McNeillie, transferred. District No. 2 comprises the Montreal terminals (east of Western Junction and Broslay, and north of Highlands, all inclusive), and Mr. J. K. McNeille, formerly at Farnham, has been appointed superintendent, with office at Montreal. District No. 3 remains as at present, comprising Montreal to Ottawa, along the north shore, and to Quebec, including all the branches north of the St. Lawrence River. The District No. 4 comprises the Ottawa terminals and the M. and O., Waltham, Maniwaki, Prescott and Point Fortune subdivisions with headquarters at Ottawa, District No. 5 consists of the Smith's Falls subdivision west of Western Junction, and the Chalk River, Brockville and Eganville subdivisions. The superintendency of this new district has been given to Mr. J. R. Gilliland, who is at present superintendent of the Montreal terminals and Smith's Falls subdivision. Mr. Gilliland will have offices at Smith's' Falls. Mr. J. G. Morazain, who has been agent at Quebec, has been appointed assistant superintendent for District No. 3, in place of Mr Way, transferred. Mr. C. E. Benjamin, who has been general tourist agent of the C. P. R. in Montreal for the past three years, has been appointed general passenger agent of the C. P. R. Pacific Steamship service, with offices at Montreal. Mr. Benjamin joined the company as travelling passenger agent at St. Louis in 1898, and in 1906 was transferred to Chicago as general agent of the C. P. R. Atlantic Steamship lines, and remained there until his transfer to Montreal in 1910.

DIED UNEXPECTEDLY.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Komoka, Feb. 8.—The funeral of Mrs. Finch was held from her late residence to Delaware Cemetery, and was largely attended. Deceased was a resident of this village for several years. Mrs. Finch has been ill for some weeks, and her death was not unexpected. She is survived by her niece, Mrs. Brown, who resides in Michigan.

30,000 FIREMEN TO WALK OUT SHORTLY

Strike Vote Taken on Eastern Lines Was Almost Unanimous.

INVOLVES 54 RAILWAYS

Companies Affected Operate Over 52,000 Miles of Road in the East.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Feb. 8. — A walk-out of 30,000 firemen on the eastern lines is imminent, as a result of the men having voted almost unanimously to call a strike rather than accept the offer made by the companies.

A statement signed by Chairman Elisha Lee, for the committee, says:

"Advices received by the eastern railroads indicate that the 30,000 firemen almost to a man have voted 'yes' on the proposition to strike and tie up over 52,000 miles of railroads, rather than accept the offer of the companies to arbitrate through a commission of disinterested men of sufficient numbers adequately to consider the magnitude of the questions at issue.

"If the firemen announce that as a result of their strike vote their committee will call out the men, the railroads will, of course, take steps immediately to prepare for the operation of trains under strike conditions.

"The companies feel, however, that such a catastrophe should, in the public interest, be prevented at all hazards."

Final Voting Today.

The announcement of the committee of managers that the trend of the voting of their firemen was strongly in favor of striking was unofficially confirmed at the firemen's headquarters. It was stated, however, that the vote will not be completed until this evening, and that no statement will be made officially until Sunday at the earliest. It was declared that the first definite announcement of the result of the voting will come from W. S. Carter, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen. Mr. Carter was expected by his associates here to leave Peoria, Ill., at midnight and arrive in New York on Sunday morning.

The Railways Involved.

The railways involved are the following: Baltimore and Ohio, Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, Bessemer and Lake Erie, Boston and Albany, Boston and Maine, Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg, Central New England, Central Railroad of New Jersey, Chicago, Indiana and Southern, Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern, Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, Cincinnati, Lebanon and Northern, Cincinnati Northern, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, Dayton and Union, Delaware and Hudson, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Detroit, Toledo and Ironton, Detroit, Toledo and Milwaukee, Dunkirk, Allegheny Valley and Pittsburg, Erie, Grand Rapids and Indiana, Hocking Valley, Indiana Harbor Belt, Indianapolis Union, Kanawha and Michigan, Lake Erie, Alliance and Wheeling, Lake Erie and Western, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, Lehigh Valley, Long Island, Maine, Central, Michigan Central, Monongahela, New Jersey and New York, New York Central and Hudson River, New York, Chicago and St. Louis, New York, New Haven and Hartford, New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk, New York, Susquehanna and Western, Pennsylvania Lines (East), Pennsylvania Lines (West), Philadelphia and Reading, Rutland, Toledo and Ohio Central, Toledo, Peoria and Western, Toledo, St. Louis and Western, Vandalia, Wabash Pittsburg Terminal, Western Maryland, West Side Belt, Wheeling and Lake Erie, Wilkesbarre and Eastern, Zanesville and Western.

LOCAL OPTION STANDS IN AURORA RECOUNT

Town Goes Dry by a Fraction of a Vote, Says Judge.

[Canadian Press.]

Aurora, Feb. 7.—As matters now stand, the supporters of the local option bylaw here have a fraction of a vote to the good. Judge Morgan today ruled that taking the recount alone into consideration he settled the vote at 320 for and 213 against the bylaw, but left over his final decision on the legality of certain votes until the supreme court gives judgment in the West Lorne case.

All day counsel for the liquor interests and temperance workers argued points of law. Messrs. H. E. Irwin, K. C., and Thomas Urquhart, K. C., appeared for the supporters of the bylaw, and Messrs. James Haverson, K. C., Eric Armour, K. C., and J. B. Mackenzie for the liquor interests. Mr. Irwin at the outset successfully attacked the list of particulars of votes which the liquor interests sought to declare void on account of irregularities or acts of returning officers. Individual cases were then taken up. The votes of ten or twelve non-residents were attacked and protest dropped, and the rest will await the judgment of the supreme court in the West Lorne case. One of the alleged non-voters attacked was Thomas Urquhart, one of the counsel for the supporters of the bylaw. It was shown clearly that Mr. Urquhart had been a resident for several months, and the matter dropped.

The case of a voter who had property in two wards and voted twice was also reserved, pending the supreme court's decision as to his honor's jurisdiction.

Other points arose, and will be decided after the West Lorne case is decided.

POLICE PLAY DOCTOR.

Montreal, Feb. 7.—Screams of "Help! Murder! Police!" in a woman's voice, startled Sergeant Fisher, of the Chenneville street police station, as he stood at the corner of St. George and Dorchester streets, this morning. Making an investigation, Fisher found that Mrs. Annie Laughlin, a sleep walker, had, during a nocturnal walk, thrust her arm through a window and severed an artery.

Fisher was able to save the woman's life by making a tourniquet on her arm, something he only learned to be able to do at first-aid lessons given to the police last week.

Winners in January Fun-to-Wash Contest

FIRST PRIZE: $10.00.

Mrs. V. Freeman, 580 Concord avenue, Toronto.

SECOND PRIZE: $7.00.

Mrs. George H. Robbins, 582 King street, London.

THIRD PRIZE: $4.00.

Mrs. O. E. Whitaker, 340 Colborne street, Brantford.

FOURTH PRIZE: $3.00.

Mrs. W. I. McDuffee, 650 George street, Peterboro.

TEN PRIZES $2.00 EACH.

Miss C. C. Willis, 514½ St. Clarens avenue, Toronto.
H. M. Foster, Scotland, Ont.
E. Noble, 315 Roncesvalles, avenue, North Toronto.
Mrs. Henry Logan, Lock Box 115, Dunnville, Ont.
Mrs. Walter Misener, 18 Baillie street, Hamilton.
Miss Lisette Schafer, 86 Louisa street, Berlin.
Miss Lettie Martin, 85 West avenue, North Hamilton.
Elgin Snider, 131 Beach avenue, Toronto.
Mrs. (Rev.) H. B. Johnston, Washago, Ont.
M. F. Hewitson, 103 Peter street, Toronto.

FIFTY-SIX PRIZES, $1.00 EACH.

Joseph H. Barber, R. R. No. 1, Petrolea, Ont.
Mrs. J. R. Wilson, Arkona, Ont.
Miss Irene Main, Canada Business College, Hamilton.
Mrs. W. A. Dewar, 158 Gilmour avenue, West Toronto.
Mrs. Thos. Aver, Box 341, Paris, Ont.
Mrs. Alex. McPherson, Exeter, Ont.
Mrs. W. J. Grummett, 89 Waterloo street, Brantford.
Helen Ewart, 25 Britannia street, Stratford.
Mrs. Magahey, 190 Bradford street, Barrie, Ont.
Hazel Badgley, Box 134, Lucan, Ont.
Miss Estelle Stenhouse, 100 Queen street, North Hamilton.
Archie McLean, Box 202, Woodstock, Ont.
Mrs. W. F. Scott, 301 Dovercourt road, Toronto.
Miss Muriel Rex, Dundas, Ont.
Miss Nellie Leach, Kingsville, Ont.
Miss Rita Wingrove, Barrie, Ont.
Edith Lefler, 287 Wellington street, Brantford.
Mrs. John Campbell, 229 Nelson street, Sarnia.
Miss Mavis Turbayne, 57 Marmaduke street, Toronto.
Mrs. Westcott, 11 Globe avenue, Toronto.
Mrs. R C. Hull, 76 Finkle street, Woodstock.
Christy McCollum, Mount Brydges, Ont.
Mrs. Burley, 141 Front street, Sarnia, Ont.
Kathleen Alison, 139 Wellington street, Galt.
Mamye Smith, 206 Rectory street, London.
Mrs. Keedwell, Woodbridge, Ont.
Mrs. Rhoda Arnold, 42 Boultbee avenue, Toronto.
Miss Hattie Whitby, Smithtown, Peterboro, Ont.
Mrs. Albert Davis, 160 Ross street, St. Thomas.
Mrs. R. Will, Norwich, Ont.
Tena Martin, Box 122, St. Marys, Ont.
Miss M. McCreith, 11 McKenzie street, Galt, Ont.
Miss Ethel Hack, R. R. No. 2, St. Catharines, Ont.
Isabel Love, 23 Bruce street, London, Ont.
Ida Thompson, 12 Omemee street, St. Thomas.
Mrs. A. Willis, 23 Florence street, Toronto.
Mrs. H. Barker, Bennett street, Goderich, Ont.
Mrs. D. Cooper, 16 Edward street, Brantford, Ont.
Mrs. Fred Kennard, 92 East Gore street, Stratford.
Mrs. B. Fisher, 104 Metcalfe street, Guelph, Ont.
W. T. Dolamore, 56 King street east, Chatham, Ont.
Mrs. Samuel Reeves, 16 Colahie street, Toronto, Ont.
Mrs. Burley, Barton avenue, Mount Dennis, Ont.
Mrs. R. Hanna, Box 99, O. A. C., Guelph, Ont.
R. Dilke, 134 Inchbury street, Hamilton, Ont.
Mrs. John Pollard, Burgessville, Ont.
Charles Trotman, Ingersoll, Ont.
Mrs. James Myles, Box 144, Hespeler, Ont.
Mrs. L. C. Bullock, Doon, Ont.
Mrs. F. McIntosh, Orillia, Ont.
Mrs. Albert Adair, R. R. No. 2, Lambeth, Ont.
Mr. George Grey, 47 Lake street, St. Catherines, Ont.
Mrs. W. M. Hunter, 256 Conduit street, Toronto, Ont.
Mrs. Jack Spring, 16 Kitchener avenue, London, Ont.
Miss Ethel Lowe, 13 Albert South, Lindsay, Ont.

STANDISH MANUFACTURING CO., Ltd., 11 Colborne Street, TORONTO

EARTH SLIDING INTO THE PANAMA CANAL

A Big Cave-In at Culebra Cut Will Likely Delay the Opening.

Panama, Feb. 7.—Col. George W. Gcethals and the other canal engineers are helplessly watching a great slide of earth which is moving slowly into the cut at Culebra, the principal section of the canal.

The movement extends back for a quarter of a mile, and will carry 3,000,000 cubic yards into the cut, completely filling a large section.

The slide began some days ago, and has not yet gone into the cut, despite reports to the contrary, but apparently no power can stop it. Railroad tracks and machinery are being moved to places of safety. It is estimated that it will take until November to remove the material which is coming down with the slide. The movement of the great mass of earth is slow, but fully perceptible to the crowds that are daily watching It seems certain that the slide will delay the opening of the canal.

The Culebra Cut, where enormous landslids have occasionally taken place as the dredging proceeds, is about one-fourth of the length of the canal from Panama at the Pacific terminus. The cut is eight miles in length through the height of land, with a width of 300 feet at the bottom and a width at the top which will be determined eventually by nature herself. The height of the bottom of the canal varies from 82 to 87 feet above the ocean level. The part of the canal affected by these irresistible landslides is shown by the profile to be a hollow in the summit and the earth in it must be largely silt from the adjoining peaks. There is no remedy for the slides except interminable and costly dredging until the banks take their natural slope.

Belated Sportsman (arriving as hounds are moving off after breaking up their fox)—"I've seen your hunted fox; he's behind, just over the road." Huntsman—"The 'unted fox is inside my 'ounds, sir."—Punch.

WANTED FOR FRAUD.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Berlin, Ont., Feb. 7.—Charles Melintz, a well known deaf mute of this city, who left here some months ago, has been arrested in Chicago. Chief O'Neil has left to bring the prisoner back to face a charge of misappropriating $800.

Say Good-bye to Pimples

Stuart's Calcium Wafers Will Drive Them Away. Creams Will Never Do It; They Can't.

No need for anyone to have a complexion disfigured by pimples, blotches liver spots or blackheads. Just clear the blood of impurities and they'll go away.

All My Friends Marvel at the Way Stuart's Calcium Wafers Drove Those Ugly Pimples Away.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers cleanse and clear the blood, driving out all poisons and impurities. And you'll never have a good complexion until the blood is clean.

These little wafers may be used with perfect freedom. Science knows no more powerful blood cleanser. They are entirely free from harmful drugs or opiates. Your doctor prescribes these hundreds of times a year.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers go right into your blood. Their purifying, beneficial effect upon the blood is felt throughout the body, not in a year or a month, but in a few days. You feel better all over because your blood, the life-giving fluid, is doing its work properly.

No matter how bad your complexion is, Stuart's Calcium Wafers will work wonders with it. You can get these little wonder-workers at your druggist's for 50 cents a package.

SPECIAL SALE

Of SHERLOCK-MANNING 20th CENTURY PIANOS

At SPECIAL PRICES

"Canada's Biggest Piano Value"

We are placing on sale—at special prices—a limited number of handsome Sherlock-Manning 20th Century Pianos which were prepared with our Christmas stock.

These are ALL brand-new pianos prepared specially for the holiday trade—each one having received extra care in the way of special finishing, tuning, etc.

Louis XV.—Style 105.

Now's your chance to get a really fine piano at a very reasonable price. And it's a chance you won't get every day, either, so you'd better take advantage of it NOW.

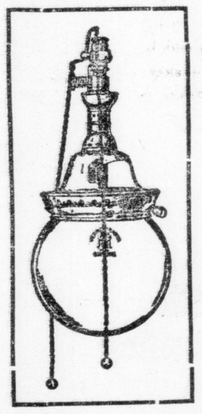
N.B.—You can deal direct with us and save considerable money because our factory is located here. 'Phone 1078 or write us, stating when you've an hour to spare and we'll send our automobile for you. We simply want an opportunity of proving to your satisfaction that the Sherlock-Manning 20th Century Piano is "Canada's Biggest Piano Value." Then we'll drive you home—all without placing you under any obligation to buy.

Sherlock-Manning Piano Co.

LONDON (No Street Address Necessary). CANADA.

Reflex Inverted Gas Light

KEEPS YOUNG EYES STRONG



KEEPS OLD EYES YOUNG

Less Glare—Less Nerve Shock—Less Eye Strain—Less Headache—Less Nervousness—Less Irritability. More Energy—More Smiles—and a Keener Joy.

These are some of the things that come to those who read, work or play under the light of the Reflex Inverted Gas Burner.

Your eyes and your children's eyes deserve plenty of the best quality of light you can buy.

Get a Reflex for Quality of light because it is free from violet rays that strain the eyes.

Get a Reflex for Quantity of light because it gives 100 candlepower for one-quarter of a cent an hour.

All the Reflex Burners we sell are insured against breakage for three months.

$2.25 in three payments of 75 cents with your gas bills.

FOR SALE IN OUR STORE.

CITY GAS CO.

The March to the Breakfast Table

Turns to a quickstep frosty mornings when the cook serves

Post Tavern Special

A Good Old Fashioned Porridge Hot

The best parts of wheat, corn and rice, go to make up this tasty hot cooked breakfast food and the flavor produced by skillfully blending these grains makes a dish distinctive and pleasing.

Nourishing and warming, for

Tomorrow's Breakfast

At Grocers everywhere—Packages 10 and 15c.

Made by Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Pure Food Factories, Windsor, Ont.

Tight Wad—"If you lost me, you'd have to beg for money." His wife—"Well, it would come natural."—Judge.

"You can't get into that set." "Why not?" "They're too exclusive." "Well, they've gotta have somebody to snub."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Mother (after relating pathetic story)—"Now, Reggie, wouldn't you like to give your bunny to that poor little boy you saw today who hasn't any father?" Reggie (clutching rabbit)—"Couldn't we give him father instead?"—Punch.

Application to Parliament

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made by the Corporation of the City of London to the Legislature at its next session for an act:

1. To confirm and validate the following bylaws, namely:

(a) Bylaw No. 4229, passed on the 13th day of December, A.D., 1912, to consolidate the sums authorized to be borrowed by local improvement bylaws numbered 4113, 4114, 4115, 4116, 4117, 4118, 4119, 4120, 4121, 4122, 4123, 4124, 4125, 4126, 4127, 4128, 4129, 4130, 4131, 4132, 4133, 4134, 4135, 4136, 4137, 4138, 4139, 4140, 4141, 4142, 4143, 4144, 4145, 4146, 4147, 4148, 4149, 4150, 4151, 4152, 4153, 4154, 4155, 4156, 4157, 4158, 4159, 4160, 4161, 4162, 4163, 4164, 4165, 4166, 4167, 4168, 4169, 4170, 4171, 4172, 4173, 4174, 4175, 4176, 4177, 4178, 4179, 4180, 4181, 4182, 4183, 4184, 4185, 4186, 4187, 4188, 4189, 4190, 4191, 4192, 4193, 4194, 4195, 4196, 4197, 4198, 4199, 4200, 4201, 4202, 4203, 4204, 4205, 4206, 4207, 4208 and 4209, for certain cement walks, curbs and gutters, tile sewers and macadam pavements, into one sum of $32,536.50, and to borrow the same by the issue of debentures therefor, and also to confirm and validate the said other bylaws hereinbefore referred to.

(b) Bylaw No. 4230, passed on the 13th day of December, A.D., 1912, to consolidate the sums authorized to be borrowed by local improvement bylaws numbered 4215, 4216, 4217, 4218, 4219, 4220, 4221, 4222, 4223, 4224, 4225, 4226, 4227 and 4228, for certain reconstructed pavements, into one sum of $1,816.94, and to borrow the same by the issue of debentures thereof, and also to confirm and validate the said other bylaws hereinbefore referred to.

(c) Bylaw No. 4231, passed on the 13th day of December, A.D., 1912, to consolidate the sums authorized to be borrowed by local improvement bylaws numbered 4210, 4211, 4212, 4213 and 4214, for gravel roads, grading and storm water drain, into one sum of $3,512.53, and to borrow the same by the issue of debentures therefor, and also to confirm and validate the said other bylaws hereinbefore referred to.

(d) Bylaw No. 4248, to provide for the issue of $250,000 debentures for the purpose of obtaining such real and personal property as may be deemed expedient by the Corporation for a City Hall, and for erecting upon such real property a City Hall, passed on the thirteenth day of January, A.D., 1913, after it had received the assent of the electors, and

(e) Bylaw No. 4240, to authorize the issue of $25,000 debentures for the purpose of a loan to The Dennis Wire and Iron Works Company, Limited, passed on the thirteenth day of January, A.D., 1913, after it had received the assent of the electors.

2. To authorize the Council of the Corporation to sell at such price and on such terms as the Council of the Corporation may deem expedient, that part of lot No. 1, on the north side of east Dundas street, in the said City of London, recently purchased by the said Corporation from W. M. Spencer, Esquire, for a site for a City Hall, and to convey the same to the purchaser or purchasers thereof at such time within five years from the passing of the act as the said Council may see fit.

3. To authorize the Council of the Corporation to acquire, and, if necessary or expedient, to expropriate and take possession of the lands in the said City of London, in the block bounded on the north by Dundas street, on the east by Waterloo street, on the south by King street, and on the west by Wellington street, save and except the portion thereof vested in His Majesty the King, and to use such portion thereof as the Council of the Corporation may deem necessary or expedient, for the erection and purposes of a new City Hall, and to convey the other portions thereof to His Majesty the King, for such purposes as the Department of Militia may desire.

4. To authorize the Council of the Corporation to pass bylaw No.....to authorize the issue of $20,000 debentures for the purpose of a loan to the C. N. W. Shoe Company, although the same did not receive the assent of the necessary majority of the electors.

5. To provide that the Council of the City of London shall consist of a Mayor, four Controllers and eight Aldermen, all to be elected by the City at large; and the four Controllers so elected together with the Mayor to form a Board of Control for the said City, and that the Controllers and the Aldermen shall hold office for two years, and that one-half of the number of Controllers and Aldermen shall be elected annually, and one-half of the Controllers and Aldermen first elected, shall retire from office after the time appointed for the next following annual election, and when the new Council is organized, and the other half shall continue in office one year longer, and then retire.

6. To validate bylaw No. 4233, passed on the thirteenth day of December, A.D., 1912, to authorize the issue of $7,000 debentures to provide for the Industrial School equipment.

7. To authorize the Council to pass a bylaw to issue debentures to the extent of $15,000, without submitting the bylaw to or receiving the assent of the electors, and to pay over the proceeds to The London Health Association as a contribution towards the payment for the erection of the Queen Alexandra Sanatorium, and for additions thereto.

The existing debenture debt of the City is as follows, and no portion thereof is in arrear:

General Debenture Debt	$2,353,510.83
Waterworks Debenture Debt	865,859.36
Electrical Department Debenture Debt	375,420.36
Schools and Public Library Debenture Debt	275,400.00
City's share of Local Improvement Debenture Debt	163,467.64
	$4,033,658.19

The issue of the said debentures to the extent of $15,000 above referred to is for the purposes above mentioned.

8. And for other purposes.

The said bylaws may be seen at the office of the City Clerk in the old City Hall Building, Richmond street, London.

Dated at London this 22nd day of January, A.D., 1913.

S. BAKER,
CITY CLERK.

J25F1,8,15,22M1

CITY OF LONDON

Petitions for Local Improvements

It is expedient that all persons desiring to petition for the construction of pavements, sidewalks, curbs and gutters, sewers, or for grading and gravelling, or other work as a local improvement, should immediately do so, in order that the necessary plans, estimates and bylaws may be prepared and passed before the opening of the season's work, and to enable the city engineer to make all necessary arrangements for carrying out the work in the best possible manner, instead of causing delay which has been usual in past years, by work not being petitioned for until the season is well advanced. All local improvements are carried out under the local improvement section of the Municipal Act.

Further particulars and forms for petitions may be obtained from the office of the City Engineer.

All the petitions when fully signed must be handed to the City Clerk.

H. A. BRAZIER,
City Engineer.

F8,10,12

CITY OF LONDON

Tenders for Pulleys, Shafting, Etc.

Sealed proposals, addressed to the "Chairman and Members, No. 2 Committee," will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 5 p.m. on Thursday, Feb. 13, 1913, for the supply of solid steel shafting, drop hangers and bearings, cast iron pulleys and belting.

Each bidder shall name a price for each piece of equipment separately, and must make his tender on the form furnished by the City Engineer.

Further particulars may be obtained from the office of the City Engineer.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and to accept any bid.

H. A. BRAZIER,
City Engineer.

B. W. BENNETT,
Chairman No. 2 Committee.

F8,10

Firemen's Uniforms

Sealed proposals addressed to the chairman and members of No. 3 Committee, and marked "Tenders for Uniforms, Caps, etc.," will be received at the office of the City Clark until 4 p.m. on Wednesday, the 12th day of February, 1913, for the following, viz.: Uniforms, winter and summer caps, winter and summer shirts. Uniforms to be made from dark blue serge, indigo dye, fast color, 22-ounce weight, quality No. 129, manufactured by Forbes, of Hespeler, and in accordance with specifications which may be seen at the chief's office, Central Fire Station, where any further information required may be obtained.

Contractors must pay the prevailing union scale of wages, as provided by City Bylaw No. 924.

Samples, properly labelled and numbered, must accompany each tender, at owner's risk.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids, and to accept any bid.

JOHN AIKEN,
Chief Fire Department.

GEORGE E. ROSE,
Chairman No. 3 Committee.

F5,8

Re Richard Rispin Estate.

Personal—Any person having any information in regard to Charles Rowe, grandson of Richard Rispin, late of London, Ont., market gardener, and nephew of Luke Rispin, of same place, will kindly communicate with the undermentioned persons. Any information as to the said Charles Rowe, his present address, or the address of any of his family, or as to his former address and occupation, will be welcome. Please notify R. K. Cowan, Esq., County Buildings, or Messrs. Macpherson & Perrin, corner of Dundas and Ridout streets, or Messrs. Meredith & Meredith, 23 Bank of Toronto Chambers, London, Ont. F1,8,12

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the estate of Angus P. McCallum, late of the Township of North Dorchester, in the County of Middlesex, yeoman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to 1 George V., Chapter 28, Section 55, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of Angus P. McCallum, who died on the 2nd day of January, 1913, at the Township of North Dorchester aforesaid, are required to send by post prepaid, or deliver to the undersigned solicitor for the executors of the said estate, on or before the 12th day of February, 1913, their names, addresses, descriptions and a detailed statement of their claims and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, duly verified. After the said 12th day of February, 1913, the assets of the said estate will be distributed among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or interests of which the executors shall then have notice, and the executors will not be liable to any person of whose claim they shall not then have received notice. T. W. SCANLETT, 98 Dundas street, London, solicitor for said estate. Dated at London, Ont., this 24th day of January, 1913 J 25.F 1.8

Auction Sale

Of the H. R. Lamb Fence Company Property

By J. W. Jones, 97 Carling street, London, on Friday, February 14, 1913, at 2:30 p.m. Part of lot 12, concession "C" in the City of London, on the south side of east Bathurst street, 168 feet, 3 inches, on Bathurst street, by depth of 270 feet, 9 inches, more or less, to and adjoining the lands of the Grand Trunk Railway; together with the engine, boiler, machinery and plant on the premises; cement building 90x116, frame storehouse 128x142, cement engine room. Terms: Ten per cent. cash, sufficient with the deposit to make one-third of the purchase price within ten days; balance to remain on mortgage with annual payments of $500.00. Interest at 6% half-yearly. For further particulars, and for list of machinery and plant, apply to

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS,
Vendors' Solicitors,
City.

At the same time and place will be sold castings, wire, etc., amounting as per stock sheet to $4,500. Terms: Ten per cent. cash, balance in 2 and 4 months, approved security. Interest at 7%.

F1,8,11

AUCTION SALE

Monday, Feb. 10
At 909 Richmond St.

The undersigned will sell contents of cottage, comprising: Carpets, walnut tables, chairs, hanging lamps, pictures, hallrack, bedroom suites, baseburner with oven, glass cupboard, wood cook stove, dishes, etc. Special to party that wants one antique dining-table, oval, extend 14 feet, solid walnut, very old, with hand-carved legs and border. Sale at 2 o'clock. Wellington car passes the door.

b NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

of farm stock. D. R. Dibb will sell for William Anderson, lot 2, con. 3, Westminster, Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1 p.m., 23 choice dairy cows in calf, bred on farm; 9 choice heifers, 2 years old; 10 valuable horses, 3 colts, 3 brood sows. b

CLEARING AUCTION SALE.

Farm stock and implements, lot 22, con. 5, Township of Westminster, one mile south of White Oak, on Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1913, at 1 o'clock. John Anderson, proprietor; J. W. Laidlaw, auctioneer. b

GIGANTIC AUCTION SALE.

Farm stock, implements, etc., lots 22 and 23, con. 8, Westminster, 1¼ miles east of Tempo, 2½ miles west of Glanworth, on Thursday, Feb. 13, 1913, at 12:30 o'clock. Come early. Rigs will meet the 12:30 and 1:30 cars at Tempo. Arthur L. Burrows, proprietor; J. W. Laidlaw, auctioneer. 37u-ty

AUCTIONEERS.

J. TURNBULL, AUCTIONEER, KOMOKA, agent for Knott & Sangster, real estate brokers, 101 Masonic Temple, London. Telephone Lobo Central. 67tf-t

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple, London.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE on real estate. Macpherson & Perrin, 57 Dundas street.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property; lowest rates, amounts and terms to suit; no commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. U. A. Buchner, corner Talbot and Carling.

SIGNS.

"THE SIGNRY," MARLEY & WEEKES—Electric signs and fine show cards our specialty. 272 Dundas street. Phone 1845.

DERMATOLOGY.

BUTLER'S, 235 DUNDAS — HAIR goods, hairdressing, face and scalp treatment. Superfluous hair removed.

MISS BEATTIE, GRADUATE GRAHAM Dermatological School, Chicago—Superfluous hair, moles, warts, permanently removed. Chiropody and manicuring. Room 214, Masonic Temple.

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT roofer—Paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 506 York street.

SURVEYORS.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER, Surveyor—Edge block. Phone 262.

Pig Swallowed a $200 Watch

[Canadian Press.]

Cananonsburg, Pa., Feb. 8.—While leaning over the side of a pigpen to get a good look at an especially fine porker, on the farm of W. A. Hallam, near this city, Judge Charles V. Keeler, a noted poultry fancier, of Winamac, Ind., dropped his $200 watch into the feed-trough, and the hog promptly swallowed it.

Judge Keeler then bought the hog for $100 and shipped it to Winamac, where he will butcher it and recover his watch.

Keeler was the judge who, while passing on the merits of a prize hen in a western show last fall had the misfortune to have a large-sized diamond picked from its setting in a ring.

WANT PROTECTION.

[Canadian Press.]

Nelson, B. C., Feb. 8.—The Mountain Lumber Manufacturers' Association, in annual meeting, decided to strongly urge upon the Dominion Government the need of protection in their industry, the only one of any magnitude in Canada, they say, that is not protected in some manner. W. A. Anstie, of Calgary, was elected president.

The Northern Life Assurance Co.

The Sixteenth Annual Report

The best year in the history of the Company

The annual meeting was held on Monday, February 3rd, when a detailed Statement of the business for the past year was read.

The President, Mr. T. H. Purdom, in moving its adoption, showed that the business of the Company had steadily advanced in every department.

After many complimentary remarks had been made by Directors, Shareholders and Policyholders, the report was adopted.

The retiring Directors were again re-elected.

The following is a summary of the business for the year.

Insurance written	$2,219,528 00
An increase of	**285,583 00**
Insurance in force	9,008,780 00
An increase of	**1,152,814 00**
Income	404,963 96
An increase of	**41,382 95**
Paid to Policyholders	66,721 89
An increase of	**26,860 99**
General business expenses	139,066 03
A decrease of 15% on the amount of insurance gained.	
Total amount of Assets.	1,816,713 78
An increase of	**190,829 17**
Total Government Reserve	1,273,655 29
An increase of	**185,366 82**
Surplus for Benefit of Policyholders	524,969 04
An increase of	**12,052 41**

JOHN MILNE - - MANAGING DIRECTOR

MEDICAL CARDS.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Special attention diseases women, children. Office and residence, 461 Waterloo street. Phone 258.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R.C.S. (England). 397 King. Phone 839.

DR. McLELLAN — EYE, EAR, NOSE, throat. Hours, 10 to 4, 6 to 7:30. Sunday by appointment only. 564 Richmond.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE — Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

DR. J. W. CRANE, 289 QUEEN'S AVENUE. Phone 4052.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 389 DUNDAS street—Specialty, diseases of women and surgery. Phone 510.

DR. HUGH A. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street—Special attention X-rays. Phone 127.

DR. F. P. DRAKE—SPECIALTY, DISEASES of stomach and digestive system. Office, 371 Wellington street.

DR. SCHRAM, AT BYRON, TUESDAYS, Fridays, 2-4 p.m., and appointment. City phone 2100. Feb.24

GEORGE C. HALE, M.D., C.M.—Office, 287 Queen's avenue. Phone 4150; night calls, 30.

DR. W. J. WEEKES, 436 WATERLOO street. Hours, 12 to 3 and 7 to 8. 51tf

DR. HOLMES, 344 RICHMOND STREET. Specialty, medical electricity and diseases of skin and lungs.

DR. GORDON L. JEPSON, 310 QUEEN'S avenue. Telephone 2913.

DR. J. D. COLLINS, 171 KENT STREET. Phone 3844.

DR. GEORGE McNEILL HAS REMOVED his office and residence to 245 Queen's avenue.

DR. PINGEL—OFFICE, 316 QUEEN'S avenue, London. X-ray specialist.

DR. W. M. SHOEBOTHAM, CORNER Richmond and John streets. Specialty, surgery and diseases of women.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 894 Dundas street.

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin. Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. N. H. BEAL, CORNER OF DUNDAS and Maitland streets. Specialty, diseases of women and surgery. Phone 889.

DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 207 QUEEN'S avenue. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, 443 PARK avenue, corner Queen's. Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. J. CAMERON WILSON—OFFICE and residence, 260 Queen's avenue. Phone 266.

DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS—SPECIALTY, diseases of the heart. 363 Queen's avenue.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP FIELD IS LIMITED

Professor O. D. Skelton Speaks of Modern Trend in National Thought.

RATING OF SOCIALISM

Its Great Advance in the United States—Canada's Democratic Opportunity.

That public ownership, although its advance in the favor of the people had been rapid during the past few years, would never of itself lead to the introduction of a purely socialistic commonwealth, was the opinion expressed by Professor O. D. Skelton, of Queen's University, Kingston, at the Canadian Club dinner last evening. The address was regarded as a thoughtful one, and listened to attentively by a large gathering of the members. In the absence of the president, Mr. Jared Vining, the chair was occupied by Mr. Arthur W. White.

Prof. Skelton would like to discuss the situation thoroughly, as it was a matter of great importance at the present time. The growth of Socialism in the old world and the new was a surprising thing. In Germany and in France, the Socialists were strongly entrenched.

Growth of United States Party.

In the United States the party had grown rapidly, and in the recent spectacular election the Socialist party was the only one showing an increase in the number of votes cast. Had it not been for the division in the Republican party, Prof. Skelton was of the opinion that the Socialists would have polled more than 2,000,000 votes, an astounding advance.

Socialism was no longer an academic question. Syndicalism, the new idea, was revolutionary trade unionism These questions were pressing in Europe, and would have to be faced sooner or later in Canada.

The opinion prevailed in some quarters that public ownership was tending rapidly towards Socialism. The progress in the municipal management of utilities was a striking feature of present-day democracy. He did not agree that this trend would continue until the socialistic state followed.

A Limited Field.

The efforts along the lines of public ownership were confined altogether to a limited field for which special privileges in the way of franchises, etc., were required. In these departments, competition was wasteful, and meant the duplication of a whole plant. Local circumstances would often show which was the better, but in the main government regulation, as an alternative to public ownership, showed excellent results.

Public ownership would not necessarily encroach on the field of ordinary business. It required no exclusive franchise to do business along these lines. The incentive of competition, the necessity of changing methods, the assiduous nursing of the markets, the keen competition, all these things were developed to the highest possible degree in private enterprise. These things were not so necessary in the operation of public utilities where the market was stable.

A Slight Increase.

The experiments in public ownership are widely advertised, and it would seem that the amount of business done was very great. Private ownership is going along quietly without advertising its progress, with the result that during the past twenty years public ownership has not shown an advance of 1 per cent. All the municipal-owned enterprises in the United States are valued at $990,000,000, while the capital in private enterprises had increased more than ten times that amount from 1900 to 1910. The increase in value of farm lands in the United States alone during the past ten years was over 21 billions of dollars. Old industries were expanding. New industries were springing up, enlarging the field of private enterprise. A limited degree of public ownership had been proven successful. He doubted that it would be successful in a large degree. The enthusiasm and capacity for handling public enterprises were developed in private businesses. If the whole field of endeavor were given over to public ownership, it would be impossible to keep politics out. This would increase the difficulties of operation, in fact, would destroy it.

Regulation Stimulates.

There was no ground for assuming that public ownership would spread to the field where private ownership reigns supreme. Public or state regulation does not hamper enterprises, but rather stimulates them. The regulation of freight rates in the United States has enabled independent organizations to spring up in opposition to the Standard Oil, the sugar trust, and other such monopolies.

Prof. Skelton criticized Lloyd George's old age pension bill, saying that it was a piece of socialism that did not solve the problem it was intended to solve. It did not go to the roots of the matter. The insurance bill was not of Socialistic trend, as it was operated on a contributory basis. Prof. Skelton praised the financial legislation of the British Government. The rich are vastly undertaxed and the railway kings and cement knights in this and every country could be taxed more without doing them injustice. Canada has a great opportunity.

The Last Great Experiment.

It furnished the last great experiment in democracy. It has the resources, the blood, and if these are given an opportunity, the best and greatest democracy the world has yet seen will result. But it was the duty of Canadians to safeguard the opportunities, so that the country should not fall into evil system of older countries. A humanitarian spirit to labor was necessary.

RAISE $200,000

Levy Made to Assist Striking Coal Miners in Virginia.

[Canadian Press.]

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 8. — To aid the strikers in the West Virginia district the official board of the United Mine Workers of America issued orders today that each member of the organization be assessed 50 cents per month, which will bring a total of approximately $200,000 monthly. The money will be used, it is said, to send organizers into the district and to provide food and shelter for the strikers. Vice-President Frank J. Hayes and Directors Haggerty and Paulsen will take charge of the work in West Virginia.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

CONSERVATIVES ANGRY RESULT OF DISMISSAL

Said That Ninety-Five Per Cent of Ailsa Craigers Favor Morgan.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ailsa Craig, Feb. 8.—A prominent Conservative stated today that if a vote of the residents of Ailsa Craig were taken 95 per cent of the people would declare for the retaining of the office of Postmaster John Morgan.

Mr. Morgan, who received notice of his dismissal yesterday, is reeve of the village, and one of the best-known and best-liked men in the district.

He was dismissed after a hearing was held, the evidence given at which was of the vaguest description. The position falls into the hands of James C. Stewart, cattle dealer.

"How do the people feel about the dismissal?" one Conservative was asked.

"They don't feel very good over it," was the reply. "It's going to cause a split in the party."

Mr. Morgan has little to say further than that he was dismissed unjustly. The matter will be brought up in the House by Mr. Duncan Ross, M. P.

KING AND QUEEN OPEN LONDON COURT SEASON

Scene at Buckingham Palace Was One of Unusual Brilliancy.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Feb. 8.—The King and Queen had their first court of the season at Buckingham Palace last night. The scene was one of unusual brilliancy, for the reception was attended by a large number of foreign ambassadors and their wives, with other members of the diplomatic corps, whose bright uniforms, with the multi-hued sashes of the foreign orders, added a vivid splash of color to the already brilliant scene.

The King wore the uniform of colonel-in-chief of the Coldstream Guards. The Queen wore a gown of silver brocade, with diamond embroidery, and train of Honiton applique lace lined with silver chiffon.

Their majesties entered the room shortly after 9:30, and entered upon the positions upon raised dias, before which a large and distinguished throng passed in unbroken procession until midnight. Beautiful flowers adorned the reception-room. On the grand staircase yeomen of the guard were stationed, and in the reception room his majesty's corps of gentlemen-at-arms were on duty.

Supper was served in several large salons, but the King and Queen, with a few specially honored friends, supped in the private apartments.

PASTOR TO REMAIN ANOTHER YEAR

Rev. W. H. Harvey Honored By Askin Street Congregation.

At the meeting of the quarterly board of Askin Street Methodist Church on Friday evening, the pastor, Rev. W. H. Harvey, was asked to continue his ministry in the church for another year at the expiration of his second term next June. Mr. Harvey, in accepting, thanked the members of the congregation for their good wishes and co-operation, which had be constant throughout the year.

Rev. W. H. Harvey, Messrs. Heaman, Thomas Copp and George Rowntree were appointed delegates to the annual Dominion Alliance Convention in Toronto. Mr. William Curtis was appointed representative of the quarterly board to the June conference.

MR. JUSTICE TEETZEL VERY CRITICALLY ILL

Will Probably Never Be Able To Go On the Bench Again.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, Feb. 8.—The condition of Mr. Justice Teetzel is reported to be the cause of grave anxiety to his friends. It was thought that after his long rest following his operation in London last summer, he might be able to take up his judicial duties in the coming year. His recovery, however, was slow, and he was not in a condition to stand the voyage to this country till late in December. A tempestuous voyage gave him a setback, and he was in a weak condition when he reached his Toronto home. So far, three of his assignments have had to be taken by his brother judges, and by reports of his condition he probably will never go on the bench again.

The gravest fears are entertained that he may never completely recover from his illness. Justice Teetzel is 59 years of age. He was mayor of Hamilton from 1899 to 1901, and was appointed to the bench in 1903.

LIVED IN COUNTY WHEN WOLVES ROAMED

Mrs. Susan Smith, One of Middlesex's Pioneers, Is Dead.

Middlesex loses another of its pioneers in the death of Susan Smith, which took place this morning at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. Lawrence, West London.

Mrs. Smith was born in the parish of Timilin, County of Kildare, Ireland, in 1829, coming with her parents to London in 1883, when London was in its infancy. She attended service in Old St. Paul's the morning before it was burned to the ground. She was married by the late Bishop Cronyn to the late Abram Smith in 1849, settling on a farm in McGillivary in pioneer days, when wolves were more plentiful than houses. Her husband predeceased her some 36 years ago. She is survived by three sons and two daughters, Thomas, of Mission City, B. C.; Richard, of Bayfield; John, of London; Mrs. E. Lawrence, of West London, and Mrs. Neil D. Munro, of Westminster Township; Mrs. Smith was a member of Talbot Street Baptist Church. The funeral will be held on Monday, and will be of a private nature. Services will be conducted by the Rev. H. H. Bingham. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

AVIATOR ANDRE RUEL MARRIED AT SARNIA

Famous as an Airman and a Driver of High Speed Racing Autos.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Sarnia, Feb. 8.—Lieut. Andre Ruel, famous aviator and former lieutenant of French cavalry, was married at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the parsonage of Rev. Walter Rigsby, on the Sarnia Indian reservation, to Miss Belford Ankor Holt, daughter of Severn Christian Ankor Holt, the well-known manufacturer of cream separators.

The bride and groom, attended by the bridesmaid and best man, secured mounts at a local stable and rode horseback to the home of the Methodist minister.

The parents of the happy couple followed later in vehicles, and in the little parsonage of the spiritual adviser of the dusky Chippawas, one of the prettiest romances ever staged along the broad St. Clair, was culminated by the sacraments of the church.

Ruel has led a thrilling life as driver of high-power racing autos, and intrepid airman. It was he who came to this country with the all-fated Moissant, and it was he who fell 500 feet from an aeroplane and lived to tell of it, so the marriage yesterday was but another unusual feature in the life of this adventurous Parisian.

Seven or eight months ago Mr. Ruel was cantering by the reservation when his horse fell, breaking its leg. Mr. Rigsby offered what assistance he could and from this accidental acquaintance was formed a rapidly-growing friendship, so it was but natural that the lieutenant should prefer that his new-found friend perform the marriage ceremony. The groom is 27 years old, and the bride 21.

NEGRO WHITE SLAVER JUMPED HIS BAIL

His Companions Will Be Deported After Serving Sentence.

[Canadian Press.]

Montreal, Feb. 8.—Two months in jail to be followed by deportation, is the sentence imposed by Mr. Recorder Weir, on Madeline Leonard, Pauline Milo and Lillian Tobias, the three women associated with John T. Harrison, the negro, in conducting a white slave business. The trio pleaded not guilty when arraigned Tuesday on charges of vagrancy. When they appeared for trial yesterday their counsel announced that they had decided to change their pleas to guilty. He hoped the court would allow the girls to return to their homes in New York.

John T. Harrison, the negro, who, it is alleged, brought the girls here from New York for immoral purposes, failed to appear, and his bail bond of $300 was ordered forfeited.

RECOMMEND MERCY

John Thiel Found Guilty of Manslaughter at Regina.

[Canadian Press.]

Regina, Sask., Feb. 8.—Guilty of manslaughter, with a strong recommendation to mercy, was the verdict returned by the jury in the case of John C. Thiel, charged with wilful murder, of Wm Parkin, near Grand Coulee, last September. Following the abortive trial of last week, which resulted in the disagreement of the jury, the accused was again placed on trial. No fresh evidence of importance was adduced by either the prosecution or the defence. Although the chief justice, in summing up, appeared to hold that the evidence pointed to either deliberate murder or shooting in self-defence, the jury, after deliberating two and a half hours, found the above verdict. Sentence was deferred.

Another Woman Joins the Army

Of Western Women Who Have Found Relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

After Three Years of Suffering Madame Dufault of St. Boniface Is Telling Her Neighbors of Her Wonderful Cure.

St. Boniface, Man., Feb. 7.—(Special)—Cured of a complication of diseases, each a direct result of disordered kidneys, Madame Oct. Dufault, of 84 Victoria street, this city, has joined the grand army of the women of the west who are telling their neighbors that Dodd's Kidney Pills are suffering women's best friend.

"I suffered for three years," Madame Dufault states: "and I may say I had pains all over my body.

"I had sciatica, neuralgia and diabetes. My back ached, and I had pains in my head. I was nervous and tired all the time; there were dark circles around my eyes, and they were puffed and swollen. Heart fluttering added to my fears.

"But when I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills I soon began to get better. I took thirteen boxes in all, but now I am a well woman again. I think Dodd's Kidney Pills are a grand remedy."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure women's ailments, because nine-tenths of these ailments come from sick kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure sick kidneys.

GET A TEN CENT BOX OF CASCARETS

Keep Your Liver and Bowels Active and You Feel Bully for Months.

Put aside—just once—the Salts, Cathartic Pills, Castor Oils or purgative waters which merely force a passageway through the bowels, but do not thoroughly cleanse, freshen and purify these drainage or alimentary organs, and have no effect whatever upon the liver and stomach.

Keep your inside organs pure and fresh with Cascarets, which thoroughly cleanse the stomach, remove the undigested, sour and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the intestines and bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken and cost only 10 cents a box from your druggist. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never have Headache, Biliousness, coated tongue, Indigestion, Sour Stomach or Constipated bowels. Cascarets belong in every household. Children just love to take them.

DEMON CARGO CAUSED EXPLOSION ON STEAMER

Mineral Water Got Into Sodium Shipment and Caused a Big Fire.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Feb. 8.—The story of the "demon cargo" of the steamship Hardy was written under the records of the King's Bench yesterday through the testimony of her captain. During a voyage from Treport with a large cargo of mineral waters, consigned to a London firm, water reached a quantity of metallic sodium, which was also a part of the cargo, setting it afire.

The captain, not being aware of the nature of the sodium, played the hose with the result of setting the sodium afire, and there were a series of explosions. Nonplussed, the captain ordered all of the cases of the sodium heaved into the sea. When this was done, the force of the explosion of the sodium in contact with the water caused several cases to jump back aboard the ship, and the vessel itself caught fire. There was another explosion in the cargo, which caused the vessel to break amidships and sink. The mate was drowned, but the captain and crew were saved.

The story came out in an action for damages against the steamship company for loss of the mineral water. The court awarded the plaintiffs $5,000 damages with costs, and remarked to the captain that he seemed to have had the "devil among the tailors when the water got in."

"Brown's a lucky dog." "What's he been doing now?" "You know that $1,000 he inherited a year ago?" "Yes." "Well, he still has it."—Detroit Free Press.

The Right Truss

We have it for any kind of hernia.

Our stock of trusses is complete and ample. Long experience enables us to select the right truss and fit it accurately. Come to us for Trusses and Supporters of all kinds and insure satisfaction.

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

London Ready-to-Wear

The best value in Western Ontario in Women's and Misses' Suits, Coats, Evening Gowns, Afternoon Dresses, Furs, Lingerie Waists and Skirts, can be obtained at our Semi-Annual Clearing Sale.

London Ready-to-Wear
256 DUNDAS STREET.

A Clearance of Woolen and Cotton Blankets and Comforters at 25% Off.

H. WOLF & SONS
265 Dundas Street
3 Doors West of Wellington St.
zxt

FURNACE COAL

We have in stock, best quality for furnace use. Can deliver any quantity.

John M. Daly
KOALMAN,
Phone 348. ywt 19 York St.

Our February Sale of Wall Paper and Framed Pictures

Is in full swing, and we have some rare bargains. These are not culls, but good, clean, bright goods, and it will pay you to investigate.

A. E. JOLLY & CO.
190 DUNDAS STREET.
xt

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

HENS LAY IN SPITE OF ZERO WEATHER

Eggs as Low as 25 Cents in Crates on the Local Market.

The attendance on the local market was not as large today as has been the case on the last three or four Saturdays, but in spite of the smaller attendance the sales were brisk.

The features of the market were the large supply of eggs and the scarcity of butter. Eggs were unusually plentiful, and the prices were easier than those which prevailed on Thursday. In the dairy hall nearly all the sales were made at 30 cents per dozen, while on the market proper the prevailing prices 25 to 27 cents per dozen. Crate-lots were sold at 24 and 25 cents per dozen. The interruption of the mild weather has not stopped the hens laying apparently, and the large supply of eggs in the cold storage warehouse is responsible for the low prices of eggs. Butter was very scarce this morning, but there were not many changes in the prices. The wholesale price of roll butter was 28 and 29 cents per pound, while crock butter sold at 27 and 28 cents.

The poultry section of the market was light, and there were no cnanges in the prices. The largest offerings were live chickens.

Vegetables were not very plentiful today, particularly the varieties that are cultivated in the greenhouses. Celery was sold from 40 to 60 cents per dozen bunches, but the demand was greater than the supply, and the prices towards the end of the day showed an upward tendency. Rhubarb was in great demand at $1 per dozen. Turnips, potatoes, carrots and cabbages were fairly plentiful, but there were no change in the prices.

Apples, which have been very plentiful during the last four or five weeks, were somewhat easier in price, being quoted from $1 to $1.25 per barrel. A few lots of very choice fruit were sold, at $1.50 per barrel.

Little hay, oats or wheat was sold, and the prices were the same as prevailed on Friday. Straw was considerably easier, the extreme prices being $8 and $8.50 per ton.

No price was announced for the shipment of live hogs on Monday, but in all probability the price will be as high as that of last Monday, $8.25 per cwt.

The prices:

Grain, Per Cwt.			
Wheat, per cwt	$1 58	to	$1 58
Oats, per cwt	1 04	to	1 08
Barley, per cwt	1 20	to	1 20
Buckwheat, per cwt	1 25	to	1 25
Grain, Per Bushel.			
Wheat, per bu	95	to	95
Oats, per bu	35	to	36¾
Vegetables.			
Lettuce, per doz	40	to	40
Potatoes, per bag	1 00	to	1 10
Celery, per doz	40	to	60
Parsnips, per bu	40	to	45
Turnips, per bu	30	to	30
Beets, per bu	40	to	40
Onions, per bu	75	to	80
Cabbage, per doz	30	to	40
Carrots, per bu	30	to	30
Parsley, per doz	40	to	40
Green onions, per doz	40	to	40
Rhubarb, per doz	1 00	to	1 00
Fruits.			
Apples, per bbl	1 00	to	1 25
Apples, per bag	50	to	75
Apples, per bu	40	to	50
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, per ton	11 00	to	13 00
Straw, per ton	8 00	to	8 50
Dairy Produce.			
Butter, dairy, wholesale	28	to	29
Butter, fancy, retail, lb	30	to	32
Butter, store lots, lb	23	to	25
Butter, creamery, lb	31	to	33
Butter, crocks, lb	27	to	28
Eggs, dairy hall price	30	to	30
Eggs, fresh-laid, doz	25	to	27
Eggs, crate, wholesale	24	to	25
Honey, strained, 10 lbs	1 20	to	1 20
Honey, sections, doz	2 20	to	2 40
Poultry, Dressed.			
Chickens, per pair	1 25	to	1 50
Chickens, lb, wholesale	15	to	16
Chickens, per lb	17	to	17
Old fowl, per lb	11	to	12
Ducks, per lb	15	to	16
Ducks, per pair	1 35	to	1 60
Turkeys, per lb	22	to	23
Poultry, Alive.			
Chickens, per lb	12	to	13
Ducks, per lb	11	to	12
Turkeys, per lb	18	to	19
Old fowl, per lb	8	to	9
Butchers' Meats.			
Lamb, per lb	13	to	14
Dressed hogs, choice	11 50	to	12 00
Veal, per cwt	11 00	to	12 00
Beef, cows, cwt	7 00	to	8 50
Beef, young, cwt	9 50	to	10 50
Mutton, per cwt	8 00	to	10 00
Heavy hogs, cwt	7 50	to	8 50
Stags, per cwt	2 00	to	2 00
Live Stock.			
Milch cows, each	50 00	to	70 00
Fat sows, cwt	5 50	to	6 00
Smal pigs, pair	6 00	to	9 00
Select hogs, per cwt	8 25	to	8 25
Hides, Wool, etc.			
Cow hides, No. 1		11½ to	11½
Cow hides, No. 2		10½ to	10½
Cow hides, No. 3		9½ to	9½
Wool, unwashed, lb	12	to	13
Wool, washed, lb	19	to	20
Calfskins, per lb	13	to	15

PRODUCE.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 8.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 Manitoba, 7s 6d; No. 3 Manitoba, 7s 3½d; futures irregular; March, 7s 7d; May, 7s 3d. Corn—Spot easy; American mixed, new, 4s 11d; futures very firm; February, La Platta, 5s 4¼d; February, American, 4s 10⅞d. Flour—Winter patents, 29s 6d. Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 67s 6d. Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, 63s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, 66s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, 64s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, 66s; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, 65s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, 59s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, 58s. Lard—Prime western, in tierces, 53s 9d; American refined, 55s 6d. Cheese—Canadian, finest white, 63s 6d; colored, 65s. Rosin—Common, 15s 6d. Petroleum—Refined, 9⅜d. Linseed Oil—28s.

For Other Markets See Page 5

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	$ 94	94⅝	93⅝	94¾
July	91⅝	92⅜	91¼	92¼
Corn—				
May	54	54⅝	53¼	54¼
Sept.	55½	56	55¼	55⅝
Oats—				
May	35¼	35¾	34⅞	35⅛
July	35⅛	35½	34⅝	35⅜
Pork—				
May	19 75	19 75	19 65	19 70
Lard—				
May	10 55	10 57	10 52	10 55
Ribs—				
May	10 55	10 55	10 50	10 55

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

WINNIPEG, Feb. 8—Close.—Wheat—May, 88½c; July, 89⅜c.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 8—Close.—Wheat—May, 88⅞c.

COTTON.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 8—Close.—Cotton—May, 12.39c; October, 11.65c.

LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO, N.Y., Feb. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 100; steady. Veals—Receipts, 50; active, 30c to 50c lower, at $4 to $12. Hogs—Receipts, 4,000; active, 10c to 20c higher; heavy, $8 40 to $8 50; mixed, Yorkers and pigs, $8 50 to $8 80; roughs, $7 35 to $7 50; stags, $5 50 to $6 75; dairies, $8 40 to $8 60. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 2,000; active; yearlings and ewes 25c higher, others steady; lambs, $5 to $8 75; weters, $5 75 to $6 50; ewes, $3 50 to $6.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

TORONTO, Feb. 8.—Morning prices today:

	Ask.	Bid.
Brazilian T., L. and P.	99⅜	99⅛
B. C. Packers, com.	154	152½
B. C. Packers, pfd.	154	..
Bell Telephone Co.	..	153½
Burt, F. N., com.	101	..
Burt, F. N., pfd.	105	..
Canada Bread, com.	32	31
Canada Cement, com.	..	28
Canada Cement, pfd.	93¼	..
Can. Interlake, com.	69½	68
Can. Interlake, pfd.	90½	89¾
Canada General Electric	114½	..
Canada Machinery, com.	62	61
Canada Locomotive, com.	..	69
Canada Locomotive, pfd.	95	..
Canadian Pacific Railway	240½	239¾
Canadian Salt	..	120
City Dairy, com.	52½	..
City Dairy, pfd.	100	..
Canumers' Gas	..	187¼
Crow's Nest	80	..
Detroit United	80¾	80¼
Dominion Canners, com.	79⅜	79
Dominion Canners, pfd.	..	102
Dominion L. and S., pfd.	102½	..
Dominion Steel Corp.	..	56¼
Dominion Telegraph	..	100
Duluth-Superior	..	71
Electric Dev., pfd.	..	85
Illinois, pfd.	..	91½
Lake of Woods, com.	..	141
Lake of Woods, pfd.	119⅜	..
Lake Superior Corp.	..	30½
Mackay, com.	84½	84⅛
Mackay, pfd.	..	66½
Maple Leaf, com.	62¼	62
Maple Leaf, pfd.	99	98
Mexican L. and P.	83	82
Mexico Tramway	110	108
Monterey, pfd.	73½	..
N. S. Steel	88	..
Ogilvie	..	124
Pacific Burt, com.	..	40
Pacific Burt, pfd.	..	90
Penmans	57½	56
Porto Rico Railway	72	..
R. and O. Navigation	119	..
Rogers, com.	..	173
Rogers, pfd.	115	..
Russell, M. C., com.	92	..
Russell, M. C., pfd.	99	..
Sawyer-Massey, com.	50	..
Sawyer-Massey, pfd.	103	98¾
St. L. and C. Navigation	111	110
Shredded Wheat, com.	..	81
Shredded Wheat, pfd.	..	93¾
Spanish River, com.	72½	71
Spanish River, pfd.	..	96⅞
Steel of Canada, com.	26	25½
Steel of Canada, pfd.	..	89
Tooke Bros., com.	59	55
Toronto Paper	88	..
Toronto Railway	142	141
Tucketts, com.	..	58½
Twin City, com.	..	106
Winnipeg Railway	214½	212
Conlagas	8.75	8.40
Crown Reserve	..	3.55
La Rose	..	3.50
Nipissing Mines	9.05	8.95
Trethewey	.40½	.39
Bank of Commerce	222½	221
Dominion Bank	231½	231¼
Bank of Hamilton	211	210
Imperial Bank	220⅞	220
Merchants' Bank	..	198
Metropolitan Bank	200	..
Molsons Bank	..	203
Bank of Nova Scotia	265	..
Ottawa Bank	..	210
Royal Bank	227¼	..
Standard Bank	225	..
Bank of Toronto	..	211
Union Bank	..	152
Canada Landed	169¾	..
Canada Permanent	198	..
Central Canada	..	187½
Colonial Investment	..	80
Dominion Savings	..	.77
Great West Permanent	130½	..
Hamilton Provident	..	132½
Huron and Erie	..	200
Huron and Erie, 20 p. c. pd.	..	195
Landed Banking	..	139
London and Canadian	..	120
National Trust	..	212½
Ontario Loan	..	164
Ontario Loan, 20 p. c. paid	..	151½
Real Estate	..	106
Toronto General Trust	..	193¼
Toronto Mortgage	..	134
Toronto Savings	..	200
Union Trust	180	178
Canada Bread bonds	..	90¼
Canada Loco. bonds	98¾	..
Dominion Canners bonds	104	..
Electric Dev. bonds	..	92
Keewatin bonds	100½	..
Laurentide bonds	..	108
Mexican L. and P. bonds	90	..
Penmans bonds	90¼	..
Porto Rico Ry. bonds	..	94½
Rio Janeiro, 1st mort.	..	98
Sao Paulo bonds	100	..
Spanish River bonds	95½	..
Steel Co. of Canada bonds	100	..

Morning Sales: Canners, 200 at 78¾ to 79¼; Interlake, preferred, 108 at 90; Maple Leaf, preferred, 23 at 98; C. P. R., rights, 581 at 16 to 18¾; Mackay, 25 at 84¼ to 84½; N. S. Steel, 35 at 85; Brazilian, 731 at 98⅜ to 99¼; Toronto Railway, 25 at 140⅞; Bell Telephone, 10 at 154¼; St. Lawrence, 25 at 110 to 110¾; Toronto General Trusts, 20 at 200; Mexican L. and P., 650 at 83¾; Royal Bank, 9 at 227 to 227½; Coniagas, 75 at 8.40; La Rose, 800 at 3.02; Locomotive, 85 at 89½ to 70; do, bonds, $500 at 99½ and interest; Spanish River, bonds, $5,000 at 96 to 96½ and interest; Steel of Canada, 80 at 25½ to 26.

COBALT STOCKS.

[Edward Cronyn & Co., members of the Toronto Stock Exchange, report the following quotations on the mining market this morning.]

TORONTO, Feb. 8.—Beaver, 40½ to 41½; Chembers-Ferland, 28 to 29; Conlagas, 8.40 to 8.75; Cobalt City, 40½ to 41½; Cobalt Lake, 48 to 49; La Rose, 3.05 to 3.15; McKinley-Darragh, 2.00 to 2.05; Nipissing, 8.95 to 9.05; Peterson Lake, 26 to 27; Temiskaming, 38½ to 39; Dome Extension, 12 to 12½; Dome, 18½ to 19½; Hollinger, 15.00 to 15.25; Jupiter, 40½ to 41½; Preston E. Dome, 14 to 14½; Swastika, 14 to 14½; Vipond, 23½ to 25.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	72⅜	73⅛	72¼	72⅞
Amer. Beet Sugar	39¾	..	..	..
American Foundry	54	54¼	54	54¼
American Refining	73⅛	73½	73⅛	73½
Amer. Cotton Oil	51	..	..	..
Atchison, com.	103⅝	103⅝	103½	103½
Anaconda Copper	37	37⅝	37	37½
Canadian Pacific	239½	240¾	239¾	240¾
Consolidated Gas	134¼	..	..	..
Col. Fuel & Iron	39	39⅛	39	39⅛
Central Leather	29¾	..	..	..
Gt. Northern, pfd.	129	129¼	128	129¼
Inter-Metropolitan	63¾	63¾	63½	63½
Kansas & Texas	27	27¼	27	27¼
Lehigh Valley	161¾	162	161¾	161¾
Missouri Pacific	41⅛	..	..	..
New York Central	108	..	..	..
Northern Pacific	119½	..	..	..
Norfolk & Western	109½	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	120	120⅛	120	120⅛
Reading Railway	165¼	165½	165⅛	165⅜
Rock Island	24	..	..	..
Rock Island, pfd.	43	..	..	..
Southern Pacific	104⅛	104⅛	103⅞	104⅛
St. Paul	111⅜	111½	111⅜	111½
Union Pacific	160¾	161¼	160¾	161
U. S. Rubber	68	..	..	..
U. S. Steel	65	65⅛	64⅝	64⅞
U. S. Steel, pfd.	108¾	..	..	..
Wabash, pfd.	12½	..	..	..

Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $8,257,350 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is a decrease of $7,8767,850 from last week. Actual condition: Loans increased $2,633,000; specie decreased $8,566,000; legal tenders decreased $1,186,000; net deposits decreased $2,435,000; circulation increased $22,000; excess lawful reserve, $8,257,350; decrease, $7,867,850. Sumamry of state banks and trust companies in Greater New York not included in clearing house statement: Loans increased $3,565,300; specie decreased $69,700; legal teders decreased $156,000; total deposits increased $3,310,000.

[Special to H. C. Becher.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The news relative to the Balkan situation consisted principally today of a report to the effect that the British admiralty had decided to send the Mediterranean fleet into Turkish waters, and that the Turkish council had taken the request to permit the warships to pass through the Dardanelles under consideration. Advices from Germany state that Berlin is preparing for decisive developments, and on the whole it appears that the large European powers are preparing to assume such an attitude as will terminate hostilities and force a resumption of peace negotiations. The stock market was quiet, but appeared to possess considerable underlying strength. Pressure is relatively light, and we are disposed to the belief that advancing tendency will become quite pronounced next week.

Wall Street, Close.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The market closed active. Speculation was lifeless and the stock market dragged tediously today. Few opportunities were placed for profitable trading, and room traders found little to do.

Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Feb. 8.—Prices were firm on the bourse today. Three per cent rentes, 88 francs 97½ centimes for the account; exchange on London, 25 francs 24 centimes for checks; private rate of discount, 4 per cent.

Berlin Bourse.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—Prices were quiet and scarcely changed on the bourse today. Exchange on London, 20 marks 48½ pfennigs for checks; money, 4½ to 5 per cent; private rate of discount, 5 per cent.

MOTHER EXPIRESSOON AFTER SON'S DEATH

Mrs. Courtnay Succumbs as Result of Prolonged Illness.

The death occurred this morning of Mrs. M. Courtenay at her home, 144 Duchess avenue, after a prolonged illness. Her son expired a little over a week ago. At the time of her son's funeral Mrs. Courtenay was in much pain and was in a semi-conscious state. Since then she had failed rapidly in health, and it ended in her demise this morning. She leaves a family of four daughters and two sons to survive.

The funeral arrangements have not as yet been completed, but are in charge of Mr. W. E. Harrison.

Personal Mention

Mrs. C. H. Walton and daughter, Miss Pearl, of Fairmont, South London, have returned home after visiting friends in Hamilton.

APPOINTMENTS MADE

Lawrence Fortescue Named as Comptroller of the Mounted Police.

Ottawa, Feb. 8. — The Canada Gazette officially announces the following appointments:

Laurence Fortescue, I. S. O., Ottawa, to be comptroller of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, replacing Frederick White, C. M. G., retired.

John F. Gow, Kingston, inspector of bonded manufactories for the Dominion.

Albert E. Lambe, Dawson, registrar for the Yukon Land registration district.

George P. Mackenzie, Dawson, gold commissioner and crown, timber and land agent for the Yukon.

F. A. McBride, Canning, N. S., harbor master at Canning.

SUNDAY SHOWS

Strong Opposition to Proposed Picture Shows in Winnipeg.

[Canadian Press.]

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 8. — It is announced today by the Manitoba Motion Picture Exhibitors' Association that the movement towards securing legislation making Sunday shows possible has been permanently dropped. While the patrons of local motion picture houses voted five to one for Sunday shows, yet, to quiet the official statement, immediately afterward a strong agitation made itself felt against the proposal. Adverse comment came fast and furious from the press, ministerial association, the municipal officials and certain Provincial Government authorities. The opposition became so strong that the project was abandoned immediately.

HEARING POSTPONED.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Feb. 8. — Resumption of the hearings of the dissolution against the Union Pacific corporation, set for Monday, was postponed today till the latter part of the month, because of the finding of certain documents which will be used in the suit.

WILL RUSH GUNBOATS.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 8.—Preparations for rushing five United States men-o'-wars to both coasts of Central America, to meet any emregency which may arise from the brewing unrest there, went forward rapidly today.

DECLARES HE IS INNOCENT.

[Canadian Press.]

Hinsdale, N. H., Feb. 8.—The arrest of John Wrenn in Halifax, N. S., late last night on a charge of murdering James S. Hamilton, a railroad construction foreman, near Hinsdale, last Wednesday, was reported here early today. Wrenn, according to a telegram from Halifax, declared he was innocent of the charge.

EGGS! EGGS! EGGS!

Lowest Prices on Record For Lenten Season

We offer, subject to change:

New-laid Eggs 30c
Fresh Eggs, guaranteed to boil.....25c
Cooking Eggs, every one guaranteed 22c
Cracked Eggs 19c
Dairy Butter 25c, 30c

Creamery Butter, Cheese, Poultry, etc., at best prices. Phone for same.

Silverwood's Market

141 King Street, Opposite Dairy Hall.

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90 BAY STREET, TORONTO.

YOUNG SWISS WANDERER FAMISHED AND LONELY

What a Y. M. C. A. Bath and a Meal Did For Youth Found in Cellar.

Hungry, friendless, and with only a few words of English at his command, a young man, hailing from Switzerland, wandered into the Y. M. C. A., and found his way into the coal cellar in search of heat and a place to rest his weary body.

In one part of the huge cellars under the Y. M. C. A. building is a large boiler, where the surplus hot water is kept. In front of this boiler the young Swiss found three chairs, and upon them he lay down to sleep.

The janitor found the young man the next afternoon in a famished condition.

He was assisted to the office, where Secretary Wilson, after considerable difficulty, found that he had had nothing to east for more than two days.

After getting the unfortunate man something to eat and seeing to it that he was warmly clothed, the secretary set out to find him a place to board and a position.

A letter, written in German, given to the young man by the association in Switzerland, was found amongst his other possessions. It contained a membership in the Y. M. C. A., and also spoke in glowing terms of his character.

Mr. Wilson was successful in securing a boarding-house and position for the wanderer, who is doing well and giving satisfaction to his employers.

"The young man was in a weakened condition when found by the janitor," said Mr. Wilson to The Advertiser, "but as soon as given some food and a bath, one could distinguish marks of refinement about him. He had been working every day at a biscuit factory since we got the position for him, and seems to be well satisfied."

USE SCHOOL AS A SOCIAL CENTRE FOR THE FIRST TIME

The first successful attempt in the city of London to utilize the public schools as social centres for the community was realized in the enjoyable function which was held last evening at the Victoria school. A skating party was held on the rinks adjoining the school building, and upwards of two hundred and fifty people availed themselves of the opportunity offered by the splendid sheet of ice. Inside a sale of home-made cooking proceeded and business was good.

A good program was enjoyed in the schoolrooms, during which Mr. Ferguson and Mr. McQueen delivered addresses on the subject, "The School and a Social Centre." Others taking part were Misses Pearl Campbell, Edna Weston, Master F. Krietzer, and Mesdames Turner, Palmer and Miller.

A sale of home-made cooking was held and the Victoria Mothers' Club under whose auspices the entertainment was provided, realized over $70 as a result of their efforts.

The next meeting will be held on Feb. 18, at which Dr. Shaw will speak on "The Use and Abuse of Drugs in the Home."

LOCAL NEWS

—The men's meeting in the Auditorium tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock will be addressed by Canon Tucker, and his theme is "Temptation." Mr. Robt. Habbeshaw will sing.

—Mr. G. T. Bell, general passenger traffic manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, passed through this city today on board train No. 6 from the West, en route to Montreal.

Death of Mrs. Carter.

Mrs. John Carter died at her home, 21 Wilkins street, Brantford, at the age of 76 years. The funeral will take place on Monday next on the arrival of the 11:12 a.m. train from the east.

Choir Is Entertained.

The choir of Dundas Centre Methodist Church were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Adams, Queen's avenue, on Friday evening. A delightful variety of entertainment was provided, and all the choristers enjoyed the evening.

Canadian Vice-President.

At the annual meeting of the American Houdan Club in Rochester, N. Y., Mr. W. V. Charlton, of this city, was elected vice-president for Canada. Houdans were the largest class in the Flower City poultry show, comprising 153, all owned by members of the club.

Anniversary Services.

Hyatt Avenue Methodist Church will hold its fifth anniversary tomorrow, when special sermons will be preached for the occasion. In the morning Rev. T. W. Cosens, of Empress Avenue Methodist Church, will occupy the pulpit, and in the evening Rev. W. H. Harvey, of Askin Street Methodist Church. Both sermons will be of a special nature.

Minor Offenders In Court.

The session at the police court this morning was of short duration, as but six prisoners faced the magistrate. Of this number five were inebriates, and they were dealt with in various ways. Two were discharged, two others sent to the jail for periods of 15 and 21 days respectively, and the fifth had his name re-entered on the prohibitory list. Another family disagreement was settled by the magistrate, who bound over the husband to keep the peace in the sum of $100.

Poor Sleighing in County.

This morning's market was not a large one, the fact being attributed to the lack of sufficient snow to make good sleighing. The roads are drifted in places with several inches of snow, while in other spots they are quite bare. The result is that the going is heavy for either wheels or sleigh. The farmers are pleased at the continuance of the cold snap, which they regard as seasonable. A good heavy fall of snow would be greatly welcomed.

Funeral of Mr. Short.

The funeral of Mr. William Short, formerly of Wanstead, and father of Mr. Thomas Short, stationmaster at Ottawa, who died of heart failure in this city on Thursday morning, was held from the undertaking parlors of Mr. George E. Logan, 418 Richmond street, at 9 o'clock this morning. The services were held in St. Peter's Cathedral, where requiem high mass was celebrated by Monsignore Aylward. Interment in St. Peter's Cemetery followed.

Special Series of Sermons.

The Rev. R. Whiting, B. A., will complete two series of sermons in the First Methodist Church tomorrow. In the morning he will preach the final one of five, on "Some Last Things in Jesus' Life" subject, "Christ's Last Command, or Our Marching Orders," and at night the seventh and closing one on "Christ's Personal Interviews," on "Christ aad the Magdalen." Special attention is being given to music to meet these services by Mr. Jordan, and a large chorus choir and quartette are furnishing the numbers.

No Sleigh Ride, But Fine Supper.

Momentary disappointment was plainly written on the faces of scholars of the First Methodist Church Sunday school on Friday when they discovered that a promised selight ride had been indefinitely postponed until the snow returns in large quantities. Instead, the children were given a splendid supper, and the substitute seemed to suit the majority. The junior department, under the direction of Mrs. E. H. Gregston, was entertained from 3 to 5 o'clock. Following the juniors the intermediate department was treated to a supper, and this was followed by a short entertainment. Superintendent W. M. Manning had charge of the arrangements.

Real Estate Owners Meet.

At the meeting of the Real Estate Owners' Association held Friday night a resolution against separating the water and electrical departments was passed unanimously. The real estaters did not compliment the council in doing so, the resolution reading as follows: "Resolved, that the association place itself on record as disapproving of the move to abolish the water commission. In view of the bungles of the council, the extravagance of the board of education and other boards, we fail to see any improvement or saving for the ratepayers." The association also unanimously indorsed the suggestion of Trustee A. M. Hunt that all candidates for positions on the board of education be compelled to qualify.

IN NEED OF MONEY

Balkan States Are Trying To Place Short-Term Loans.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Feb. 8. — Montenegro, like all the rest of the belligerents in the Balkan war, is badly in need of funds. The Government at Cettinje is now trying to place a short-term issue for a small amount in Lombard street, but the financiers there have barred their doors and resolutely refuse to give any assistance which might prolong the fighting.

COST $70,000

Trial To Oust Alleged Frauds Resulted in No Verdict.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Feb. 8. — The Government's case against A. L. Wisner and John J. Meyers, indicted for misuse of the mails, to promote oil and mining properties, resulted today in no verdict. The jury was discharged after vainly trying for 46 hours to agree.

The trial lasted nine weeks and cost the Government more than $70,000. Wisner and Meyers were accused of defrauding investors all over the country of more than $2,700,000. Their main defence was that the partner who went to Europe, but later returned to become a Government agent, got most of the money.

ASQUITH RUNS IN LUCK

Continued From Page One.

Lords will doubtless reject it the first time and try to amend it to death on the second occasion, its future, like that of the home rule bill, now is secure.

Even this great record does not exhaust the Liberal victories of this week.

The violent campaign which has gone on for months against Chancellor Lloyd George, Sir Rufus Isaacs, attorney-general, and Herbert Samuel, the postmaster-general, is over.

The Postoffice Contract.

The postoffice contract with the Marconi Wireless Company, had made many people believe that these formidable political figures would be smirched with pecuniary corruption, but at last, Lawson, the journalist, who started this infamous campaign, came before the committee on investigation, and after several days of fierce cross-examination, was compelled to withdraw all of his charges, and he left the witness stand a pitiful and broken figure.

Other Unionist journalists will follow next week and they probably will be compelled to make similar disavowals of their charges.

All these things point to the ministry being more powerful today than at any time since it came into office, and the next general election now probably will be postponed till 1915, with a strong probability of the Liberals again being returned to office.

The divisions among the Unionists have not yet healed, and the impossible tariff policy hangs around their necks. It is too weak a policy to win a victory, and yet too strong to be thrown over.

Even the woman's campaign, which has broken out in fresh violence after the dropping of the woman's suffrage proposals, is less effective and less prejudicial, for both of the Pankhursts have lost some of their most powerful financial backers, though, of course, the question will go on fermenting.

IS CRITICALLY ILL.

[Canadian Press.]

Los Angeles, Feb. 8.—Earl Rogers, counsel for Clarence Darrow, withdrew from the case last night. He probably will go to a sanatorium. His condition at the noon recess yesterday amounted to collapse, and Darrow insisted that he withdraw.

KILLED THREE MEN.

[Canadian Press.]

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 8.—Allan Von Behren, 23 years of age, assistant superintendent of the woodworking plant owned by his father, B. F. Von Behren, shot and killed three negroes early today. He had trouble with them earlier, and said they conspired to kill him. Von Behren was arrested.

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Capital paid up $4,900,000. Reserve Fund $5,900,000. Total Assets $73,000,000.

You Can Start With $1.

Some of the largest accounts in our Savings Department were started in a modest way.
An account can be opened with one dollar or more.

LONDON BRANCH: Richmond and Dundas Sts. }
EAST END BRANCH: Dundas and Rectory Sts. } E. C. BOWKER, Manager.

New Map of Cobalt

About Feb. 15 we shall begin the distribution of a new (non-promotion) map of the producing area on the Cobalt district, handsomely printed in three colors, mounted on tin, and presenting, in addition to properties and their acreage, all available data regarding ore production, earnings, capitalization, dividend payments, price range on stocks, etc., of the various companies of the Cobalt district. Requests for free copies of this map, to be mailed when ready, should be filed with us immediately.

Charles A. Stoneham & Co.

23 Melinda Street, Toronto, Ont. Phone Main 2580.

Direct private leased wires connecting all offices.

37tf-t

C. P. R. FLYER DITCHED

Continued From Page One.

wooden type cars been in use they would have telescoped beyond all question, and few would have escaped.

Hurried to the Wreck.

Dr. H. A. Stevenson and Dr. W. A. Thompson went to the scene of the wreck with the auxiliary, and gave what relief they could to the injured. They returned with the hospital train and took charge of Barry and Huggitt at St. Joseph's.

In spite of the hardships suffered by them, all were in a rather cheerful frame of mind, all congratulating themselves on the fact that it was not worse.

Michael Barry, the express messenger, received the worst shaking-up of any. He was working away in the express car, when it started on a wild chase across the fields. Barry was hurled from side to side, and when the car stopped he scrambled out as best he could. The door was opened, and he crawled out the back of the car. His head was badly cut. Under his left eye a fearful gash was cut. His body was bruised and he was otherwise shaken up.

Messenger's Story.

"It did not take long to happen," declared Mr. Barry when seen in the baggage car, while waiting for the ambulance to take him to the hospital. "I was busy working in the car; when it jumped I was thrown all over the place, boxes and parcels tumbling about me at a terrible rate. When the car stopped I got out as quickly as I knew how. I have a few cuts, but I expect to get over it all right."

Barry is a former Londoner and was employed with the Canadian Express in this city for some years. A few months ago he was given his present run and he moved to Toronto, where his headquarters are at the present time.

Mr. Huggitt's Story.

Mr. Huggitt was asleep in the first-class coach, when it was hurled from the track.

"I was sleeping, and the first thing I knew I was lying in a snowbank, 20 feet from the track, with no person about me," he stated to The Advertiser. "I cannot remember how I came out of the coach, but I fancy I was catapulted through the window. That is all I knew of it. My head was cut, and my shoulder and wrist sprained. We are lucky to be alive. I do not see how any of us escaped at all."

Miss E. M. Hammond, Central avenue, and Mrs. R. Birks, Elizabeth streets, were the only Londoners on the train. They were in the sleeper, and were not injured in the slightest.

PORT ELGIN MEETING

Ladies of Presbyterian Missionary Society Had Pleasant Gathering.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Elgin, Feb. 8.—The Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church entertained the ladies of the missionary societies of the Baptist and Methodist churches, yesterday afternoon. A bright program was given, after which dainty refreshments were served. The vote of thanks was tendered by Mrs. (Rev.) Owens, of the Baptist, and Mrs. Hugh McLaren, of the Methodist Church, for the splendid hospitality of the Presbyterian ladies.

FATALLY CRUSHED.

[Canadian Press.]

Windsor, Feb. 8. — Caught between the steel side of a coal car and a door leading to the G. T. R. freight shed, Leo Gignac, 18 years of age, an employee of the road for two weeks, was instantly killed this morning, his head being crushed beyond recognition.

32,000 STRAPHOLDERS.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, Feb. 8. — The Telegram today estimates that about 32,000 people, or one-fifth the number who travel during the so-called rush hours, are strapholders. The city of Chicago, with a population of over five times greater than Toronto's, has only one hundred strapholders.

CLUBHOUSE BURNED.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, Feb. 8. — The clubhouse and canoe shed of the Parkdale Canoe Club at Sunnyside, at the western limits of the city, was burned early this morning. The

ECONOMIZE

A dollar saved is a dollar made.

IDEAL IRONS

Consume 300 watts per hour. Most all others consume 500 watts per hour. Note the savings. Ideal Irons are made in London.

ywt

Distance

no barrier to those wanting the best. Five students from Manitoulin Island, seven from Bruce County, six from Western Canada, 2 from Nova Scotia, 4 from United States, last year. We enroll more public school teachers than any other management. If you are unable to attend college, we will take the college to you by means of our Home Study Course. The only school in this city affiliated with the Commercial Educators' Association of Canada. Winter term from Dec. 30.

Spotton Business College

GEORGE SPOTTON, Prin.,
Cor. Dundas and Park, London, Ont.
25tf-t

JAN HAMBOURG

Renowned Violinst and Teacher

For terms, etc., apply to the

London Conservatory of Music

F. L. Willgoose, Mus. Bac., Principal.

The Brown Optical Co.

OPTOMETRISTS AND OPTICIANS,
237 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 1877.

R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
County Bldgs., next Court House, London.

Roland D. Jarvis

DENTIST,
Corner Dundas and Clarence Streets.

OLD SILVERWARE

Repaired and Replated,
Factory Prices.

S. K. MILROY & CO.

Maker-to-Wearer Jewelry Shop,
260 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

Farm For Sale

In Township of Westminster, six miles from London, 100 acres; about 10 acres worked. Good bank barn, silo, outbuildings. House nearly new, with nice lawn in front. Price, $7,000.

Five houses on Egerton street, ranging from $900 to $1,700.

Also desirable locations in East End.

H. C. Tull

224 HYMAN STREET. PHONE 1858.
Feb.28

OUR NEW WALL PAPERS

Are now arriving, and comprise the most beautiful assortment of wall decorations ever shown in London. Call and look them over and let us assist you with our ideas and suggestions for decorating your home.

Colerick Bros.

212 Dundas Street.

5% SPECIAL DEBENTURES

Round sums can now be invested and interest paid yearly, if desired.

LondonLoan and Savings Co.

ywt

NEW MAP OF COBALT.

Messrs. Charles A. Stoneham & Co., 23 Melinda street, Toronto, are publishing a new map of Cobalt, mounted on tin and printed in three colors, showing the producing area of the Cobalt District, and giving all available data regarding ore products, earnings, etc., of the various companies of the Cobalt District. If you would like to get a copy of this all you have to do is to send your request to Chas. A. Stoneham & Co., 23 Melinda street, Toronto, and they will forward you one by return of mail.

JOHN T. SEALBY DEAD.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Feb. 8. — A London cable says the death is announced of John Inman Sealby at Keswick, aged 84. He was associated with his cousin, Thomas Henry Ismay, founding the White Star Line of Steamships, and retired on the company's amalgamation with the American Line.

Taxicabs and Carriages for every occasion. Hueston's Liveries.

Hamilton's London Porter and Amber Ale

Always in first-class condition. Brewed from finest foreign and Canadian hops and malt.

Kent Brewery

LONDON, ONTARIO.

Extra Special!!

Grandfather Clocks, in mission style.

$12.50

2 ONLY LEFT.

Come in. They are wonderful value.

Diamond Hall Stores

W. G. YOUNG,
214 and 674 Dundas Street.

JOHNSTON BROS' XXX BREAD

JUMB-O LOAF

For making dainty and toothsome sandwiches, our Jumb-O Loaf is unequalled.

Johnston Bros. Phone 944.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—The Woman Teachers' Guild have secured the brilliant lecturer, Prof. John Cowper Powys, to deliver a course of six of his famous lectures—Byron, Shelley, Keats, Goethe, Browning and Matthew Arnold. The first will be on Monday, Feb. 17, in St. Andrew's Hall, and the others on successive Mondays.

Second Concert.

The second evening concert of the Women's Music Club will be given on Wednesday evening, Feb. 12, at 8:15 o'clock at the Normal School. Each club member is entitled to bring two friends. Refreshments will be served at the close of the concert, and a delightful program has been arranged by Mrs. Arthur White.

Undergoes Operation.

Mr. Harold Tanton, day operator in London, for the Canadian Press Association, was admitted to St. Joseph's Hospital on Friday afternoon and will undergo an operation to his leg. During Mr. Tanton's absence the "day shift" will be taken by Mr. Fred Wood, of Toronto.

Mission Circle Meets.

The Ladies' Mission Circle of the Adelaide Street Baptist Church held its monthly meeting which was well attended. Mrs. Sid Read gave the opening exercises, after which the business was conducted. Miss Kunz delighted everyone with a solo, "Building for Eternity." Mrs. Berry then gave a telling address on the life and work of a home mission pastor, and as Mrs. Berry herself had worked for three years with this pastor she seemed to be able to bring the work and its needs right home to each one. The president closed with prayer.

LEGAL QUERIES

TENANT.—Can a landlord force a tenant to vacate a house in midwinter if said tenant pays his rent and does not destroy said property? If not, what months can a tenant hold the house? Ans.—The landlord can determine a monthly tenancy by giving a full month's notice to the tenant to quit at the end of the then next month of the tenancy. This notice may be given at any time of the year.

BROUGHDALE LANDS BRING GOOD FIGURE

Mr. John Sloman Disposes of Four Acres For $3,000.

Mr. Patrick Walsh, real estate agent, has recently completed a transaction with Mr. John Sloman, of Broughdale, whereby four acres of land formerly owned by Mr. Sloman, and adjoining Sunshine Park, were purchased as an addition to the site for the Fallon Boys' School.

Mr. Walsh would not give the exact purchase price, but admitted that it was in the neighborhood of $3,000. The site purchased some time ago in the north end consisted of 22 acres, but the acreage was not large enough for all the buildings contemplated, and the additional land was purchased. It is stated that the Ursuline Sisters will be given 11½ acres of the land, while the remaining 14½ will be used for school purposes.

To Have Smooth, White, Soft Skin All Winter

[From the Woman Beautiful.]

Does your skin chap or roughen easily in this weather, or become unduly red or blotchy? Let me tell you a quick, easy way to overcome the trouble and keep your complexion beautifully white, smooth and soft the winter long. Just get an ounce of ordinary mercolized wax at the nearest drug store and use a little before retiring, as you would cold cream. Upon arising, remove the coating with sudsy water. The wax, through some peculiar attribute, flecks off the rough, discolored or blemished skin. The worn-out, cuticle comes off just like dandruff on a diseased scalp, only in almost invisible particles. Mercolized wax simply hastens Nature's work. Used as required, it keeps the face constantly free from devitalized scarf-skin, and only the healthy, young-looking skin is in evidence. It's the best treatment known for weather-beaten, aged, muddy, freckled, pimpled and all unbeautiful complexions.

Some skins wrinkle easily in winter. There's an excellent remedy in a harmless wash lotion made by dissolving 1 oz. powdered saxolite in half pint witch hazel. This will quickly eradicate every line.

MIRROSCOPES

for enlarging postcards in colors on a white screen.

J. H. BACK & CO.

210 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

Send your school children to order Coal and Wood at John Mann & Sons, 401 Clarence street.

We have a good foot rule to give to each boy or girl ordering Coal or Wood.

Come before they are all gone.

IN FULL SWING TODAY

And Every Day This Month.

C. H. WARD & CO.'S

Seventh Annual Sale of Jewelry and Diamonds.

See tomorrow's announcement

ywt

"In Bread There Is Strength"

BREAD is the one food which perfectly combines in itself all the elements which give strength to the body.

It is and always has been the chief food of the earth's hardiest people.

None of the "Breakfast Foods," "Health Foods" or other Fad Foods CAN EQUAL BREAD IN NOURISHMENT, nor can meat or other heavy foods.

GOOD BREAD IS ALSO THE MOST DIGESTIBLE FOOD, and, withal, THE CHEAPEST.

These are good reasons why you should

"EAT MORE BREAD."

BUY PARNELL'S BREAD

SOLD AT ALL GROCERS.

The Whistle of the Wind

In February suggests that you take home a 25-cent bottle of the ideal toilet lotion, Dermaline, the best article for winter use. Nothing quite so good for chapped, rough, red hands—one or two applications will show marvellous results. Cairncross & Lawrence, Chemists, 216 Dundas street.

Ask for a free sample of Creme Elcaya, and Elcaya Powder.

EDUCATIONAL OFFER

Fourteen Young Ladies To Go to College and Ten to Visit Europe.

The Canadian Courier, of Toronto, Canada's great national weekly, has arranged the most magnificent educational offer that has ever been made on the continent. By this offer fourteen young ladies, to be selected from various parts of Canada, will each get a year in a leading ladies' college, and ten young ladies will have a trip to Europe.

The twenty-four fortunate young ladies who share in one of these opportunities will do so without cost to themselves, the entire expenses of the college course, or the trip, being paid by the Courier. It is a magnificent offer, and hundreds of young ladies will be anxious to avail themselves of the opportunity, if they possibly can. Great care will be exercised in the selection of the young ladies who go to college or enjoy the European trip, and only girls of excellent character will be accepted.

The advertisement in the classified columns of The Advertiser gives information regarding where to write for particulars of the offer.

Well-Trained Pupils Secure Positions.

Attended the Westervelt School. Miss McLean, stenographer, National Drug Company; Mr. Bedggood, stenographer, R. Butler & Son; Miss Jenkins, stenographer, Coates, Burns & Wanless; Mr. Riley, bookkeeper, Bell Telephone Company; Miss Rennie, stenographer, Canadian Medical Association; Miss McCallum, stenographer, J. H. A. Beattie, Esq.; Miss Jameson, bookkeeper, Forest City Laundry Company.

Special inducements in shoes are being offered while the improvements to the store-front are in progress. We are obliged to ask our customers to use the Richmond street door, as the main entrance is closed while the improvements are being made. The J. P. Cook Company, 398A, Richmond street.

ROWAT'S COFFEE Pleases people who are particular. 40c per lb.

T. A. ROWAT & CO

250 Dundas St., Also South London.
PHONES: 3051, 3052, 969.

tyw

SLUSH ICE IMPEDES WORK OF HARVESTING

Twenty Men at Work on Coves and Many Tons Are Stored.

Cold weather is what the icemen of this vicinity have been anxiously awaiting for some time, and now that the real zero brand has set in they are losing no time in harvesting the crop of ice, which has formed to a depth of nearly a foot on the coves and north branch of the Thames.

About 20 men have been at work for several days on the coves, and harvesting has progressed so rapidly that it is said to be impossible to estimate the amount already stored, although it is known to be hundreds of tons.

Some difficulty has been experienced owing to slush forming on the surface, necessitating the planing off of a couple of inches before the ice is ready to cut.

This difficulty has made itself particularly felt in the north branch, where in many places the slush has formed so thickly that the ice is practically worthless for commercial purposes. There is said to be enough, though, to insure London housewives against a famine.

Cutting on the north branch has not been commenced, but gangs are being enlisted for the work.

SECOND NURSE FOR SCHOOLS OF LONDON

The Finance Committee Decides Upon the Appointment at $700 Per Annum.

At the meeting of the finance committee of the board of education held Friday afternoon, the request of the principals of the public school for an increase to the maximum salary was laid over until the next meeting, when a schedule will be presented on the basis of the different number of rooms in each school.

Dr. Shaw was of the opinion that a careful consideration should be given the question, as at the present time the salaries were based on the length of service and not according to merit or fitness.

The three domestic science teachers in the city schools were given an increase of $50 per year, which places them on the same salary as the regular female teachers.

A recommendation was made to the board that Truant Officer Weir be given an advance of $100, which will make his salary $900 per year. The request of the male teachers of the Collegiate Institute for an increase in salary was also laid over until the next meeting.

The committee also decided to engage an assistant school nurse to assist the present nurse, Miss Gilchrist, in the work among the school children. The salary was set at $700 per year, and the appointment will be made in a few weeks.

The request of the teachers of the Chelsea Green school for an addition to their salaries was filed, as the teachers in that school are on an even basis with the female teachers in the city schools.

PARKHILL DEBATE WAS KEENLY CONTESTED

Decided That England's Policy of Having Scattered Colonies Is All Right.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Parkhill, Feb. 8. — The third meeting of the Parkhill High School Literary Society, held in the Methodist Sunday school room, was in charge of Miss Adelaide Gibbs, president of the society, and was a great success.

Mr. Addison Baird, supplying as secretary, read the minutes of the last meeting, which were confirmed, and the High School Times, given by Miss Ella Dawson, the editress, was one of the special features of the evening.

A debate, "Resolved, that it is of greater advantage for a nation to have scattered colonies, as Great Britain, rather than a compact nation, as Russia," was taken by Mr. Telfer Grieve as leader, and Mr. George Laughton, for the affirmative, and Mr. Basil Phelan as leader, and Miss Ada McPherson and Mr. Edward Graham as negative. The debate was very interesting, all making their points in a most effective manner.

After a few minutes' retirement the judges, Miss M. Hotson, Mrs. (Dr.) Wilson, and Mr. W. H. Bartram, gave a decision in favor of the affirmative Jean Stewart and Grace Schram.

A French dialogue given by four of the first form pupils, Misses Louise Griffith, Isabelle Rose, Mary Gilchrist and Merva Armstrong, representing an afternoon tea was something of special amusement to those present.

Piano duets were rendered by Misses Jean Stewart and Grace Schram. Misses Grace Harvey and Kathleen Love, and a vocal duet by Misses Ellen Eagleson and Louise Griffeth, were heartily applauded.

Miss Fergie Dawson gave an excellent reading on "The First School Board," a splendid example of a Scotch character.

At the close Rev. Mr. Uren, the critic for the evening, gave the critic's address.

BURIED AT DORCHESTER.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Harrietsville, Feb. 7—The funeral of Mrs. Edward Garton, who died on Thursday, following a two weeks illness from pneumonia, was held today from her late residence, and was largely attended. Services were in the Anglican Church at 1 o'clock, and interment was made in the Dorchester Cemetery.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is **Laxative Bromo Quinine**

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on box. 25c

The Store With One Price the Year Round

We have removed our stock to our new premises at

234 Dundas Street

Opposite Majestic Theatre

SPECIAL NOTICE

Our prices do not fluctuate. Our aim is to give the best quality for the least possible amount.

Cheap Goods Are Not Cheap at Any Price

WRAY'S

234 Dundas Street. Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing Jewelers

Entertaining The Shut-Ins

While Being Amused They Gain Wealth of Knowledge That Is of Value Forever After.

Did you ever hear of the Sunshine Society?

Such an organization exists, and its object is to incite its members to the performance of kind and helpful deeds. They also bring the sunshine of happiness to the hearts and homes of "shut-ins," or those who through some unfortunate circumstances are shut up in the house.

Did you ever notice how the face of a child lights up when you smile at it as you pass on the street? Your smile is a ray of sunshine for the little one.

There are many kind and helpful deeds that bring sunshine and happiness to others and usually cost less effort than the gloomy look.

A member of the Sunshine Society recently got several copies of the illustrated Bible, which The Advertiser offers to its readers. She said she wanted to present them to some little "shut-ins," who would be amused by the beautiful pictures distributed throughout the volume.

While thus being amused one, also acquires a wealth of Bible lore that will ever be of rare value. For indeed the Bible is an educational work. Abraham Lincoln said that hardly a quotation was used that did not have its origin in this great Book of Books.

If you want to brighten the path of some poor unfortunate present him with this magnificent copy of the Bible. It will be a ray of sunshine not soon to be forgotten.

You may find out all about the plan in the educational certificate printed on another page of this issue. Either Catholic or Protestant editions are supplied, each in two different styles of binding. Clip that certificate today and diffuse a little sunshine.

STRATHROY AFTER FACTORY.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Strathroy, Feb. 8.—A meeting will be held in the near future to consider locating here of a huge iron foundry. The town fathers prophesy that 1913 is to be a record year in the growth of our town.

THE POETRY SHOP.

A novel idea to increase public interest in poetry has been hit on by Mr. Harold Monro, editor of a monthly review, Poetry and Drama. He has opened a "Poetry Shop" in Devonshire street, Theobalds road, London, where everybody's poetry, popular and unpopular, will be on sale.

Besides the shop and his editorial office, this old-fashioned roomy house is to provide lodgings for poets who wish for inexpensive town quarters. So some of the work sold in the shop may be "done on the premises."

Shiloh 25¢

The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. "Shiloh costs so little and does so much!"

Geo. E. Logan

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

418 RICHMOND ST., LONDON.
Residence on Premises.
'Phone 1968. Personal Attention. wty

Ferguson & Sons

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

180 KING STREET.
PHONES 543, 373, 2056.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

W. J. BALL

Funeral Director and Embalmer. Private parlors in connection for funeral service. Residence on the premises.
491 RICHMOND ST. PHONE 3971.

ROSS'

LONDON LIMITED. EDMONTON

BUILDING Fur Sale

.....NOW ON.....

10 to 35% Off

Our Manufacturing Prices

CLEARING $25,000 FUR STOCK

Hudson Seal Coats, regular $200, now..$145 to $165
Natural Canadian Rat Coats, regular $95, now.....$75
Alaska Sable Muffs, regular $20, now.....$16.50
Mink Muffs, regular $30, now.....$22.50

SEE WHAT REDUCTIONS MEAN ON MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

Clearing Ready-to-Wear Garments

SUITS

Regular $13.50 to $15.00, now.....$9.75
Regular $18.50 to $23.00, now.....$13.50
Regular $25.00 to $27.50, now $15.00

New Spring Styles Just to Hand

IN SUITS AND DRESSES.

From the best makers. Guaranteed correct in design, color and material.

Clearing Silk Waists

Regular $5.00 to $7.50, now $2.89
LADIES' MUFFLERS—All shades, regular 50c to 75c, now .....39¢

196 DUNDAS STREET

PHONE 1319.

GRIFFITH & WILLSIE

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

104 Dundas Street, London.
Residence on Premises. Phone 459.
Private ambulance service.
Delaware Branch, W. Acres, Mgr.

Smith, Son & Clarke Undertakers

115 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 586.
629 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 678.
Residence on Premises.
Private Ambulance Service.

STAY IN MIDDLESEX

MIDDLESEX JOINS THE STAY-IN-ONTARIO MOVEMENT

CITY AND COUNTY UNITE TO ADVANCE MUTUAL INTERESTS

COUNTY POSSESSES A FINE UNDEVELOPED FRUIT BELT

SECOND SECTION

London Advertiser

50th Year, LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1913. PRICE TWO CENTS

SECOND SECTION

HARK TO THE STORY OF BIG FRUIT BELT IN BANNER COUNTY

How John Sharman Blazed the Way to Prove That a Small Middlesex Fruit Farm Could Be Successful—Ten Acres of This Fine Land Will Support a Man, a Wife, a Family and a Hired Man.

[By W. J. Bartlett, Advertiser Commissioner.]

Byron, Feb. 7.—Extraordinary interest is being manifested in this district over The Advertiser's "Stay in Ontario" campaign, and the movement will undoubtedly produce highly beneficial results.

The great wave of enthusiasm has even tingled the blood of the most matter-of-fact conservative agriculturists, and they are discussing with eagerness the greater possibilities that await their energies. It may, indeed, be truly stated that such an awakening is without precedent in this part of Ontario, and there is every indication of it being permanent.

Stand By Ontario.

Prominent agricultural authorities here believe the campaign will be the means of counteracting the spellbound charms the Northwest has had in the past to young farmers, and they will realize that Ontario cannot be eclipsed for opportunities.

At the present time this district is being boomed for fruit culture, and experts have declared it cannot be surpassed in this direction. There is a great fruit belt some nine miles in length, averaging three miles in breadth, with an elevation of 109 feet above the River Thames, that offers golden opportunities to the wide-awake fruit grower. The soil is of a limestone loam, naturally drained and easy to work.

One Man's Good Work.

The story of how one man succeeded in building up a great fruit farm should be of especial interest to the reader, and serve as an example of what can be accomplished by others.

Nine years ago Mr. John Sharman became enthused in fruit culture, and studied this district as to its possibilities in this direction. He found there were a few farms producing small patches of fruit of the highest quality and prolifically, so he decided himself to apply his energies to grow fruit on an extensive scale. He purchased a 20-acre farm, and at once embarked upon the task. He had but little capital, and many friends advised him strongly against the scheme. But his optimistic spirit could not be crushed.

Started on Raspberries.

He had the enthusiasm that prevails in the West, and he was determined to succeed. When he took possession of the farm there was a small patch of raspberries, which he at once increased. He chose the Marlborough and Cuthbert as the best varieties, and purchased only the strongest two-year old plants to set out.

This operation completed, cultivation commenced in real earnest, and from early spring to fall he kept the ground in the best possible tilth. From the first the canes did well, and he felt the soil and climatic conditions were all in his favor. The result was he obtained $300 per acre on an average for the fruit.

Puts in Tree Fruits.

Mr. Sharman had now progressed so far that he decided to venture further and planted out strawberries, black caps, thimble berries and tree fruits, peaches, plums and pears, and obtained similar gratifying results.

Spraying played an important part in his operation. He is thoroughly convinced that it is absolutely essential to spray to obtain the best results. He has lately purchased a $340 outfit, and feels sure that his money is well invested. Hand power machines, he is of the opinion, will rapidly go out of use owing to the pressure being inadequate to thoroughly cover the trees.

Organizes the Indians.

With the farm planted into fruit, Mr. Sharman found it difficult to find white pickers. He therefore went to the Oneida Reserve and secured a bunch of Indians. His experience has been that they are thoroughly satisfactory. He selects an Indian as chief and places him in full responsibility. He also hires one of the dusky tribe the year round, and has a nice house on the farm for his use.

"A Living Green of Trees."

In every stage of gardening Mr. Sharman proved highly successful. He never let up in his labors until he saw the broad acres a living green of fruit trees and plants, and then that source of joy that comes to the victor swept over him. He could survey the scene with ecstasy. In a few words, he had succeeded. Today his farm stands as a fitting monument to his ceaseless activities, and furnishes a brilliant and forceable example to others.

What Ten Acres Will Do.

All the land in this great fruit belt, said Mr. Sharman, is suitable for fruit culture. Ten acres should support a gardener, wife and family, and a hired man, and he looks for a great boom in this district during the coming year.

MR. I. B. WHALE, B. S. A., agricultural representative for Middlesex County, who is enthusiastic over new movement.

Leaders in the Greater Middlesex Campaign

THESE FOUR MEN STARTED THE BALL ROLLING IN THIS COUNTY.

S. D. DAWSON, secretary of Middlesex Publicity League and president of the Middlesex Fruit Growers' Association.

N. E. BILYEA, a former London grocer, who has made a big success of fruit-growing, and is vice-president of the association.

JOHN SHARMAN, manager of Middlesex Fruit Growers and an active worker for a Greater Middlesex.

C. WESLEY BAKER, first vice-president Ontario Vegetable Growers, and a Greater Middlesex enthusiast.

"Stay-In-Ontario" Campaign Aroused Middlesex to Join Movement to Advance Western District

The County of Middlesex and the city of London have decided to give material aid to the movement recently organized by a few active residents of the county. An organization to be called "The Greater Middlesex Association" has been officially launched, and with grants totalling $1,500, have been made toward advertising the resources and attractions of the county to the outside world.

The movement was an outgrowth of the activities of the leading spirits in the Middlesex Fruit Growers' Association, Messrs. Sharman, Bilyea, Baker, Dawson and Bartlett, and Reeve Currie, of Glencoe, and Mr. Laughton, of Parkhill, all of whom approached the county council with the object of bringing the movement to a head.

Many of these gentlemen have stated that the organization is directly a result of the "Stay in Ontario" campaign. Since the new movement was launched many publicity organizations have been established in Western Ontario, and there is a determined, serious effort in all parts of the district to advance the claims of the different counties, and to attract settlers to the district in great numbers.

Middlesex County will seek to bring farmers and fruit-growers and gardeners from the old land to Canada, and a booklet that should be a credit to the county is now being prepared. It is possible that a large movement for funds will be inaugurated, and that a lecturer will be sent to the old country.

The Advertiser has secured Mr. W. H. Bartlett, of Woodbank, to write a number of articles concerning Middlesex County. Mr. Bartlett is secretary of the Fruit Growers, and a member of the executive of the Greater Middlesex movement. He has been engaged in fruit growing and farming in Middlesex County for twelve years, and his writing has an authoriative flavor.

The Advertiser will be glad to have contributions from its Middlesex readers dealing with the advantages of the county. Middlesex should take a proud place among the "Stay in Ontario" counties. It is the banner county of the province, and the order has come to full speed ahead. Politics should have no part in the movement, and will not have if the principals can keep them out.

It is a golden opportunity for Middlesex to make great strides forward. Every resident should do his share toward checking the tide that runs to the west. The county has lost too many of her best blood.

Stay In Ontario!

Stay In Middlesex!

NEXT CENSUS WILL TELL ANOTHER STORY

Mr. C. W. Baker Says Publicity Will Attract Many People to the County.

[By W. J. Bartlett.]

Middlesex is very fortunate in having such a progressive type of man as C. W. Baker. For years he has actively identified himself with every important movement. As president of the Ontario Vegetable Growers' Association, his services have been highly appreciated. He was one of the first movers behind the Greater Middlesex League, and is on the executive.

"The Greater Middlesex Association has come none too soon," he declared. "For years the county has been decreasing in population. Various reasons have been assigned for this, but the greatest of all is in my estimation, that the resources of the county have suffered through lack of publicity work.

"At the Greater Middlesex Association meeting, many farmers seemed surprised to learn that the county had such a high rating in all branches of husbandry. I believe the campaign will produce the best results, and Middlesex will have a finer record to show at the next census. "We certainly have a grand county."

Campaign Will Help.

"The 'Stay-In-Ontario' campaign launched by The Advertiser, should greatly help in educating farmers on the excellent opportunities that await their energies at home. The Greater Middlesex Publicity League has already awakened considerable interest, and I am daily receiving communications from all over the county asking for pamphlets to send to the old land.

Intensive Farming the Thing.

"The great thing I would urge at the present time is more intensive farming. The average farmer has too large a holding, and could obtain better results from working a smaller acreage. The scarcity of farm help has, of course, been a great drawback to the county's development, but with its opportunities and resources advertised all over Great Britain, this difficulty will be greatly overcome.

Fruit Growers Live Ones.

"The Middlesex Fruit Growers' Association will also boom the county and attract growers in other parts of Canada. We have the soil and climatic conditions to raise the finest quality and quantity of all kinds of fruits on an extensive scale.

Some Middlesex Yields.

"On my own farm I have realized $400 per acre for raspberries, $300 for plums, and $200 per acre for grapes. This spring I intend planting 1,300 fruit trees, and I have every confidence they will do well. I expect land values to go up rapidly. Other counties are obtaining as high as $500 per acre for similar land, and the same thing should happen here."

The original Wild West show, says a writer in the Dramatic Mirror, was produced away back in the seventies in the form of a play by Ned Buntline, called "The Scout of the Plains." Almost the sole surviving scout, Buffalo Bill, appeared in this early play, but its star was "Wild Bill," a prince of melodrama, says his enthusiastic eulogist, compared with whom Homer's heroes were merely ruffians.

SECT. DAWSON IS RIGHT MAN IN RIGHT PLACE

Practical Man, Who Has Made Success of Fruit Farming, Holds Important Post.

EXPECTS TO SEE LAND WORTH $500 AN ACRE

Intensive Farming and Proper Publicity the Requirements —Praise for Advertiser's Campaign.

WHAT MR. DAWSON HAS DONE.
Realized $400 an acre on raspberries.
Realized $300 an acre on plums.
Realized $200 an acre on grapes.

[By W. J. Bartlett, Advertiser Commissioner.]

One of the most enthusiastic growers who is pushing the claim of Middlesex is S. D. Dawson, secretary of the Greater Middlesex League, and president of the Middlesex Fruit Growers' Association.

"I expect great things from the publicity campaign," he stated. "Middlesex has too long remained in the background. The more I inquire into the resources of the county the more I am convinced of its greater possibilities. Having travelled all over Ontario, I can honestly say Middlesex is the banner county. But we need something to keep the young men on the farms. For years the county has been losing some of its best agriculturists.

Middlesex Banner Bee County; Honey Shipped by the Ton

Yet Only Twentieth of Nectar in Flowers Is Gathered —Mr. Anguish Invites Men to Enter the Business.

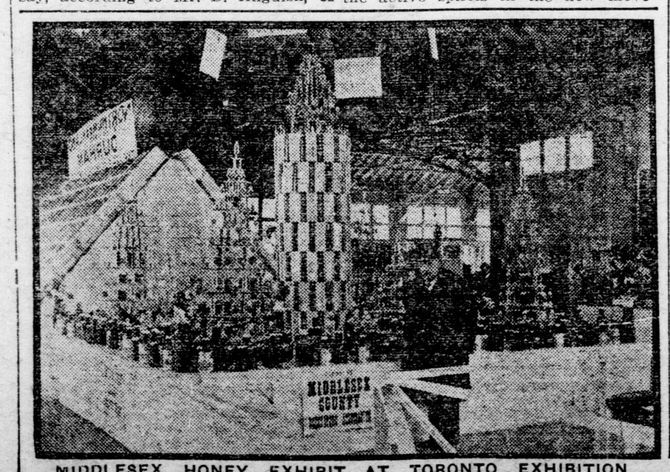
Though only a slight proportion of the nectar is sipped from the flowers of Middlesex by the bees, the county stands above all others as a producer of the delicacy that makes all preserves jealous.

Middlesex is admitted to be the banner county for beekeeping, but the men in the industry far from being selfish, are urging that thousands more could enter the interesting pursuit with great profit. The men who are in the business today are the foremost in the Province.

For instance at the horticultural exhibition held at Toronto Fair in 1912 all the comb honey put up by the Ontario Beekeepers' Association was produced in Middlesex, and it is safe to say, according to Mr. D. Anguish, of Lambeth, one of the largest beekeepers in the county, that twenty times the number of persons now engaged could enter the business and make money. The more bees in the county the better for fruit, too. As it is most of the nectar goes to waste for want of bees to gather it.

"We have a growing demand for more honey," said Mr. Anguish. "There is the flourishing city of London, in the centre of the county, with over 50,000 population, which can use almost all the honey produced in the county. Then there is a great demand from the other cities and from western points. Honey is being shipped by the ton from Middlesex to the eastern cities, and to the west by the carload. The city dealers are still wanting more to supply the demand, as honey is one of the most wholesome foods produced."

In the accompanying illustration the exhibit of the Middlesex Beekeepers' Association at Toronto is pictured. Mr. Anguish, who was in charge of the exhibit, is standing beside it.



MIDDLESEX HONEY EXHIBIT AT TORONTO EXHIBITION.

SEES DAWN OF NEW ERA FOR MIDDLESEX COUNTY

Mr. A. E. Bilyea, Active in New Movement, Says Great Interest Is Being Manifested Among All Classes.

[By J. W. Bartlett.]

A. E. Bilyea, of Westminster, one of the active spirits in the new movement, is greatly enthused with the movement to advertise the many claims of Middlesex as the banner county of Ontario. As vice-president of the Middlesex Fruit Growers' Association, he has been instrumental in organizing many branches.

"The dawn of a new era of greater prosperity is at hand for Middlesex," he stated. "From the furthermost parts of the county great interest is being manifested. Agricultural societies seem to have suddenly taken on a new lease of life. Whilst the county will be boomed for fruit culture, other branches of husbandry will also be kept well in the limelight. Taken all round, Middlesex offers opportunities that cannot be surpassed anywhere in Canada.

"The 'Stay in Ontario' campaign, advocated by The Advertiser, has certainly helped in the great revival," he concluded.

The Irish talent for repartee has an amusing illustration in Lord Rossmore's recent book "Things I Can Tell." While acting as magistrate at an Irish village, Lord Rossmore said to an old offender brought before him, "You here again?" "Yes, your honor." "What's brought you here?" "Two policemen, your honor." "Come, come, I know that—drunk again, I suppose?" "Yes, your honor, both of them."

"Greater Middlesex"

(Written for The London Advertiser.)

Where is the hand can sweep the harp
In sweetly flowing numbers,
And wake the fame of Middlesex
From out its age-long slumbers?

There is no land in all the world
More lavish of its bounty,
With purer air, and brighter skies,
Than smiles upon our county.

The bards of old have praised their homes,
Lands of their nurturing mothers;
They deemed them best in all the world
Because they knew no others.

I match the streams of Middlesex,
For native charm and glory,
With any waters blessed to live
In poet's song or story.

I match with "Ayr" and "Bonnie Doon,"
Despite my meter's wabble,
And boldly seizing Burns' lyre
Praise Sydenham and Sauble.

In all good faith and confidence
We claim your praise, not pity,
In pointing out where our sweet Thames
Flows down by London city.

And still I match with Jean Armour,
Or Burns' Highland Mary,
Or any of that ardent host
He deemed by turns his fairy.

I match them in their form and grace
With ours of modest beauty,
And more than all in charm of soul,
Uniting love with duty.

So here's a health to Middlesex,
The land of love and bounty!
We'll drink a health to Middlesex,
Our own beloved county!

EDWARD M. ZAVITZ,
Coldstream, Middlesex County, Ontario.

Here and There in Middlesex

[By W. J. Bartlett, Advertiser Commissioner.]

The publicity campaign has commenced in real earnest.

"A Greater Middlesex!" should be the slogan.

R. Downham, Strathroy, has gone in for fox raising. There is no end to the possibilities of this county.

Delaware intends to be well represented in the pamphlet to be sent to the old land.

F. W. Renwick, Middlesex department of agriculture, will help the county fruit men at their meetings.

The London branch of the Ontario Vegetable Growers' Association, will bring out a pamphlet of their own.

Commercial fertilizers will play an important part on the farm during the next few years.

"Everybody's doing it!" Doing what? Advertising Middlesex.

Lambeth is making a stir these days. Keep it going.

Reeve Currie, Glencoe, has progressive ideas that will push things along.

With its new milk powder factory and general improvement, Belmont is forging to the front. All it needs is direct railway connection with London.

A central organization with the Western Fair as a meeting place for all publicity organizations in Western Ontario is the right idea. Send your views in this matter to The Advertiser, brother boosters.

MUSIC and DRAMA

COMING ATTRACTIONS AT THE GRAND.

("Madame Sherry," Tuesday, Feb. 11.
"Robin Hood," Thursday, Feb. 13.
"McFadden's Flats," Friday and Saturday, Feb. 14 and 15.

"Madame Sherry."

An idea of the musical importance of "Madame Sherry" may be obtained from the fact that it requires four prima donnas to do justice to its musical score. The principal vocal part is that of Yvonne Sherry, a little convent girl, who suddenly finds herself in the midst of life's gaieties and loses her heart to the first likely young man she meets. Then there is the part of Katherine, the housekeeper, to whose role belongs the comic numbers of the piece. Next in importance is the role of Lulu, the aesthetic dancer, who first introduces the audience to those haunting strains, "Ev'ry Little Movement Has a Meaning All Its Own" and then there is the part of Pepita, the fiery Spanish girl, who carries her mother's dagger in her garter. "Madame Sherry" will be presented at the Grand next Tuesday evening. Sale opens today.

"Madame Sherry," one of the greatest of musical successes, will come to the Grand on Tuesday, Feb. 11.

"Robin Hood," With Grand Opera Cast.

The De Koven Opera Company, appearing in an elaborate production of the nation's light opera classic "Robin Hood," with a cast which includes many well-known grand opera stars, comes to the Grand next Thursday evening. For nearly six months this memorable revival of one of the most tuneful and popular of American light operas has been presented before immense audiences in New York, and now the big organization in its entirety is making a tour of the principal cities. The De Koven Opera Company was brought into existence to revive, on a scale commensurate with their importance, light operas of the style of "Robin Hood," which, though produced 22 years ago, still holds its foremost position in popularity with the music-loving public. The production is unusually elaborate, and the scenic settings are notable, especially the romantic presentation of the historic Sherwood Forest. The orchestra will number forty instruments under the direction of Frank Tours. It is safe to say that the present revival of "Robin Hood" is on a scale greater than has been attempted in the realms of light opera.

The seat sale opens Monday at 9 a.m. No phone orders taken. From present indications this will be the largest advance sale in the history of the theatre, and Manager Minhinnick wishes to advise all his patrons to secure their seats early Monday morning, as he is quite sure they will sell out Monday, the first day of the sale.

"McFadden's Flats."

Like the proverbial babbling brook, that rousing and easily best of all musical farce comedies, "McFadden's Flats," seems to go on forever. Although in years past the farce was considered great, it is safe to say that this season it is far superior to heretofore. This spectacular fantasy, or vaudeville gaiety, excels in magnificence and splendor any previous production. It harbors more capable comedians, has a concourse of singing and dancing girls, who know how to wear stunning costumes in bewitching style, contains humor that is fresh and up-to-date, and song hits and euphonious ensemble numbers that should appeal to the most critical ear. The fun is hilarious and continuous and the scenic adornment is of an elaborate and pretentious nature. "McFadden's Flats" will be the attraction at the Grand next Friday and Saturday. Sale opens next Wednesday.

In 1850 the average farm in the United States consisted of 202.6 acres. In 1910 the average farm numbered only 138.1 acres. This would seem to show that "bonanza farms," vast cattle ranches, etc., are succumbing to the tendency toward massive cultivation on a smaller scale, and that the movement toward consolidation, so marked in business, has been reversed as far as agriculture is concerned.

BESSIE ABOTT and WALTER HYDE, with the DeKoven Robin Hood Company at the Grand next Thursday evening.

DR. FRIEDMAN'S CURE FOR TUBERCULOSIS AS RELATED BY HIMSELF

Paper Describing Cures Effected and Absence of Danger As Heard By the Physicians of Berlin.

[By Friedrich Franz Friedman.]

(Read before the Berlin Medical Society, Nov. 6, 1912. Published by The Advertiser by courtesy of Dr. A. R. Pingel.)

About a quarter of a century has passed since the discovery of old Tuberculin, and still its portrayal in history varies. The remedies recommended by Koch himself, as well as the numerous other preparations which are derived from a culture of the tubercle bacillus are based on the right principle, and have a similar action. For the true recognition of the fact that the antigens are contained in the exciting agent itself, has been for some time, the basis of all therapeutic researches in tuberculosis. It has been tried to produce the active substances of the bacillus in the pure state by the most varied methods, by chemical, thermic, mechanico-physical, and biological treatment of the cultures. In all the various methods used in the preparations of curative agents up to the present time, virulent strongly toxic acting bacilli of either human tuberculosis or cattle tuberculosis have been the starting point. These, in spite of all endeavors to remove their poisonous properties through special procedures, had the power, naturally, of causing considerable damage, or at least danger to the organism.

A Harmless Curative.

Furthermore, through these energetic measures the exceedingly delicate antigens, i. e., the things which are able to form the specific anti-bodies, were damaged. Hence, the task was to find as a curative agent a substance absolutely harmless even in large doses, which should contain if possible all the specific properties of the exciting agent, excepting its toxicity and virulence. This, then, had to be an avirulent atoxic bacillus. But this avirulence, this freedom from all pathogenic power, could not be attained through any severe treatment of the cultures through various additions, etc., it had to be a bacillus of natural avirulence, and moreover, it had to be avirulent and atoxic in tuberculous as well as in non-tuberculous individuals. And finally the exceedingly delicate antigens could not be effected by the slightest treatment; hence it had to be a living bacillus. For even the apparently mildest methods of killing the bacillus affect the finest molecular constitution of its organism. All these factors being considered, a substance adapted to the cure of tuberculosis must fulfill the following conditions: it must consist of genuine living bacilli, of natural complete avirulence, and not subjected to any deleterious influences, additions, etc.

The Different Strains.

Now, I may say, ther are tubercle bacilli and tubercle bacilli. One strain is different from another. I have tried many and various avirulent cultures as curative agents, also those isolated from humans and made avirulent through certain measures. I have abandoned these entirely, however, as the curative effects were but slightly encouraging. This suddenly changed when I employed a strain isolated several years ago, but only recently made avirulent and completely changed in its action. At first this strain was not adapted to therapeutic use in humans; only after I had succeeded in removing the last and slightest traces of virulence, through proper transplantations and passages, did I employ the preparations in humans. At first, I repeatedly injected myself, then tuberculous adults, later tuberculous children, and finally, as the curative effects were constantly confirmed, I injected children for purposes of immunization.

Gentlemen, up to the present time I have treated with this preparation 1,812 individuals. I would go far beyond the time at my disposal, if I should go exhaustively into all the details of the preparation of the material. Only let this be emphasized, that the result is only insured by the careful consideration of all these factors, which were gradually disclosed after years of painstaking work.

I beg to express, at this time, my thanks to the numerous surgeons who encouraged me through their confidence in my work, and who supported me by sending patients.

No Danger From Large Doses.

In every method of use—subcutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous, per os, conjunctival, locally applied to exposed tuberculous areas—the preparation has shown itself to be absolutely harmless, even in large doses. The treatment exists in its intramuscular administration, once, twice, or three times, at long-time intervals. Success or non-success depends upon the complete absorption of the preparation. An infiltration must be formed at the site of injection, in size between that of a nut and a small apple, which in the course of the succeeding weeks or months gradually disappears. So long as this tissue exists, and is being gradually absorbed, the healing takes place.

Only when the injected remedy is completely taken up and remains in the body do the striking curative effects appear. These regularly appear soon and continue. Under the influence often of but a single injection, we see bone and joint fistulae of several years' standing becoming clean and closing, scrofulodermata becoming covered with young healthy skin, large, hard, gland tumors becoming considerably smaller, tuberculosis abscesses flattening off and cicatrizing, chronic scrofulous eczemata clearing up—and last but not least—pulmonary consumptives losing all the symptoms and physical signs of their disease. When, however, the absorption of the remedy is incomplete when the depot at the site of the injection undergoes partial liquefaction in the course of several weeks, or even after several months, because of reasons difficult to determine, when it commences to secrete, or when the body relieves itself by forming an abscess, so, usually, but not invariably, the cure comes to a standstill. In such cases one would attain nothing through another injection. Instead one would only produce a new secreting infiltration or abscess, without helping the patient.

In this way I at first had failures in many cases—or rather—only partial, not complete, cures.

Effect Is Varying.

How does it happen, now, that many patients, in spite of great physical activity, perfectly assimilate the remedy without formation of a drop of secretion and are rapidly cured, while others, in spite of protection from physical strains, and, of course, in spite of absolute asepsis in the injection, constantly get inflammatory secreting infiltrations? Must one content himself here with the usual remark that all individuals do not react in the same manner, that one has greater tendency to abscess formation than the other? Or rather, in this case, where a specific pathological process is being acted upon by specific living agent, do not reasons of a specific nature exist?

Gentlemen! The sovereign method of employing the remedy in question is and remains the subcutaneous or intramuscular. It alone corresponds to the eminently chronic character of the development of tuberculosis, and its equally gradual healing. Its combination with the intravenous treatment has only the purpose of making the body receptive to the subcutaneous treatment.

Further—one can affect the specific hypersensitiveness by the subcutaneous method alone, by the administration of certain specific bacterial products which I have made.

Let us now consider the results in external tuberculosis, in bone and joint tuberculosis.

Not a Temporary Relief.

In this connection it is to be emphasized that in those cases in which the preparation has been absorbed and cure has followed relapses do not take place. This cure has nothing to do with what is often called the cure of fistulae which consists in a temporary cessation of secretion, possibly also superficial closing, with, however, persistence of a bluish-red tender swelling. Instead, firm non-sensitive scars are formed which gradually become pale. Aside from one hopeless case with complete destruction of the pelvis, peritonitis and advanced amyloid degeneration, and two other 75-year-old women with dry crumbling caries, the whole series of twelve cases of bone fistulae treated by me have been cured.

In one especially severe cast of fungous, knee-joint tuberculosis in which amputation of the leg was advised, all six deep smeary fistulae were completely cured after two injections. All the pain in the knee has disappeared, and the boy has retained his leg. The result, according to the opinion of Professor Erich Mueller, who referred the patient to me, could not have been attained by any other method of treatment.

This very cachectic 8-year-old girl was suffering from tuberculosis of both lungs, glandular tuberculosis of the right knee joint. She lay absolutely immovable for four months, and had to be constantly carried and driven around here in Berlin and in Norderney. The mother had to carry her into the polyclinic. You see here the result of a single combination injection. It commenced six days later. The circumference of the knee has become 3 cm. less during the period of our observation. The knee joint, which formerly could only be flexed to 130 degrees, can now be flexed to an acute angle without pain. At the same time the glands have become decidedly smaller and the pulmonary symptoms have improved. This child had been operated upon for tuberculosis of the elbow joint; some months after the operation there was a bluish-red swelling of the joint, with three fistulae. You see here the result of a single injection—a cure within six weeks. Has stayed cured fifteen months. Here is a case of chronic suppurating bone fistulae of eighteen years' duration which followed amputation of tuberculous fingers. Cured after the second injection. Still cured after sixteen months. Here is a boy whose leg was amputated in the thigh. Several months after the operation one fistulae after another broke out in the stump. When he was referred to me for treatment he had five or six deep fistulae up to 9 cm. long, some leading to the femur. Disarticulation at the hip-joint was advised, but this was not permitted by the parents. All fistulae were cured permanently in a few months. The patient kept his hip-joint and has been using an artificial leg for over a year. Here is a severe spina ventosa of the large toe. It was cured inside of six months by two injections without any operation or curetting. Here is a severe skin and bone tuberculosis of the hand cured after three injections.

Injection Relieves Pain.

Tuberculous glands quickly recede if the curative agent is well absorbed. This I have observed in more than 30 cases. I could demonstrate to you many of such cases; here is but one of painful glandular swelling the size of a hen's egg, covered with smeary scabs. It became painless after one injection and healed perfectly.

Cases of pulmonary consumption, in which the degenerative and destructive processes have not proceeded too far, show almost without exception a recession of the manifestations. Of course those cases which are already irretrievally at the point of death, in which cavities are present in the lungs, possibly complicated with advanced tuberculosis of the larynx or intestine or rectal fistulae—such cases cannot be saved by this remedy. Six such very advanced cases among a total of 250 cases of pulmonary consumption could not be saved and died, in spite of distinct beginning improvement.

On the other hand, cases not too far advanced are without exception affected favorably, quickly, and continuously. As the intramuscular injection of the remedy never causes reactions in the foci, one neves sees pulmonary hemorrhage as a result of or following the injection. Where it has already been present it usually disappears. The first symptom which regularly disappears after the injection is the distressing night sweats. Except in cases of severe mixed infection the fever also declines. Also a large number of manifold purely subjective symptoms disappear soon after the injection. Progressive emaciation usually stops a short time after the beginning of treatment. The patients gain ordinarily two to four to six kilos, in the course of, say, six months' observation, two or three injections having been given during this time. I do not place great importance on the increase in weight in pulmonary consumptives. It is well known that a consumptive can gain a great deal more in weight by means of rest, improvement in the hygienic conditions and good care without any special therapy.

Unnecessary To Cease Work.

Now, gentlemen, the consumptives concerning whom I am presenting this report, did not enjoy rest or improvement in the hygienic conditions or good care, for they belonged, except for a very few who were better situated, to the classes doing heavy forms of labor. In no case was a laborer obliged to stop work because of the injection. Many, who had been incapacitated for months, were able to start working a few weeks after the first treatment.

A regular increase in appetite was also a striking result of the first injection. Many of the consumptives claimed that they acquired ravenous appetites. Coughing and expectoration became less and disappeared without the administration of any drugs. In order to determine the utmost that the remedy could do, in order to see if any effects could be obtained in advanced cases, I treated several cases of consumption with cavity-formation, complicated by tuberculosis of the larynx or intestine. That much can be done even in such cases is shown by the two patients whom you see here. The one went through an extended tuberculin cure in a sanatorium and subsequently developed laryngeal tuberculosis, and marked aggravation of his lung processes; he had been unable to work for five months. In the course of three injections of the remedy, continued improvement in the lung findings and continued flattening and cicatrization of his laryngeal ulcers resulted. Herr Geheimrat Heymann, who repeatedly examined the ulcerations, has several times verified the permanent recovery during the past year. The patient has been able during the past eleven months to do his twelve hours of heavy labor daily without interruption or complaint.

Here is a case from the polyclinic of Dr. Karfunkel. He is an advanced consumptive, who formerly suffered from hemoptysis and night sweats. During the six weeks preceding the first injection, he had from twenty to thirty bowel movements daily, upon which opium had no effect. All of these symptoms disappeared after three injections without any other therapy.

Another case is that of a young girl with tuberculosis of both kidneys and extensive ulcerations in the bladder. Four months after the extirpation of one kidney, no healing had set in, and the pains in the remaining kidney increased. These disappeared in the course of four injections, and the bladder ulcerations, as the cystoscopic examinaton shows, are healed.

One small patient (whose ankle joint tuberculosis had been treated with iodoform and glycerine without result, but which improved after my injection) had had for one year a scrofuloderma gradually increasing in size. After the first absorbed injection this cicatrized, and now is perfectly cured for over fifteen months. In hard torpid lupus which offers great resistance to the penetration of the remedy, I make the injection near to the area (and, of course, on the distal side, in order that the lympth path through which the curative agent must pass in order to reach the lupus nodule is direct and that the agent may be intercepted as little as possible while underway. For example, this young lady has been treated in this way; she had an area of lupus in the axilla of fourteen years' standing, which is completely atrophied and is clearing up more from week to week. Smaller lupus areas can be destroyed by direct injection into the area itself. Dry scabs are formed which adhere firmly for several weeks, and then fall off, leaving a covering of healthy young skin. Even lupus of the mucous membranes recede plainly after absorption off the remedy.

"I am coming to the second part of my lecture. Prophylaxis is, in general, an easier and more satisfactory task than therapy. Immunizing and curative processes go together hand in hand in bacterial therapy. After the preparation had showed itself harmless in the widest sense in animals and man, and after the continued permanent cures in humans were unquestioned, I employed the remedy for the purpose of protective immunization in children. Up to the present time I have inoculated three hundred and thirty-five children ranging in age from one hour to three years, including three hundred and five breast-fed children. The inoculation consists of a singular intramuscular injection. In almost all cases the von Pirquet test was made before the immunization, sometimes it was made more than once. It was positive in about 2 per cent of new born infants. The original tuberculin test was also sometimes applied. In all these cases the heredity conditions in regard to tuberculosis were thoroughly investigated; in 90 per cent of the mothers the von Pirquet test was positive. After Herr Cherfartz Prof. Erich Mueller was convinced of the complete harmlessness of the preparation and the perfect growth of the fifty-three children which he had kindly turned over to me, Herr Dr. Pulvermarcher placed at my disposal the rich material of the large lying-in hospital which he directs. After he had also been convinced of the favorable course of the inoculations and of the infants' continued good development, a large number of children from the polyclinic of Herr Dr. Karfunkel were injected.

Although the first series was inoculated over a year ago, not a single case shows the slightest trace of scrofulosis or tuberculosis up to the present time. Possibly this inoculation may have to be repeated in order to attain complete immunity lasting for life. Much and many other workers are convinced that the immunity of an individual is constantly being raised through the tubercle bacilli with which he constantly comes into contact. Those are problems of the future. For the present it must suffice that a path has been blazed for the protective immunization against tuberculosis. Besides its rational basis (as shown by the therapeutic results), and its absolute harmlessness (as shown by the perfect growth of all the children inoculated), it has, as a model to further encourage it, the most brilliant method of immunization that has ever succeeded: Jenner's vaccination against smallpox.

MATTIE BOORUM, with that laughable comedy, "McFadden's Flats" at the Grand next Friday and Saturday.

BOVRIL

Is concentrated beef.
It gives strength and energy.
Take a cup at eleven in the morning, or a dainty BOVRIL sandwich at afternoon tea. A cup of BOVRIL before retiring insures refreshing sleep.

An Object of Pity

That part of our nature which we call the emotional is much more highly developed in woman than in men. They are more sensitive, more tender, more sympathetic, more pronounced in their likes and dislikes, more susceptible to the extremes of pleasure and pain; and these refined mental qualities, no less than beauty of form and feature, make up the atmosphere of attractiveness and charm which always surrounds true womanliness.

The continued existence of these winning, engaging womanly characteristics depends to a very large extent on the regularity of the womanly functions and the condition of the womanly organs; and when these functions and organs become disordered or diseased the same mental qualities which are the glory of a well woman become the source of suffering and torture almost indescribable. Her cheery hopefulness is changed to a feeling of despondency, amount of despair, and she is haunted with forebodings of worse evils to come. Instead of being entertaining and companionable, she becomes moody and irritable, being unable to keep her mind from dwelling on her troubles. She becomes morbidly sensitive, imagining that she is being slighted or foresaken by her relatives and friends and she has a most humiliating sense of her miserable condition and of her loss of her womanly attributes. If she is religiously inclined she is very liable to be oppressed with doubts and fears in regard to her spiritual condition, or to think that she is eternally lost. In addition to this, she has also to endure the most distressing aches and pains.

What makes the case still more pitiable, especially with married women, is the fact that few men understand or appreciate the extent of their suffering, or the seriousness of the troubles causing it. Many doctors even speak of these disorders as subjects for ridicule, and the poor sufferer often gets a reputation for being a crank or a scold when she more nearly approaches being a martyr.

As these disorders are due to a disordered condition of the womanly organs, it is evident that to effect a cure these organs must be restored to normal condition; or, in other words, the circulation, which has become congested and stagnant in these parts, must be improved so that the waste matter will be expelled, and the nourishment so badly needed be brought to these suffering organs. It is the waste matter, or broken down tissue, which is held in the stagnant blood vessels in these parts, that causes most of the suffering by oppressing the nerves located in these parts.

The remedy known as ORANGE LILY will positively relieve this congestion and restore normal circulation in the disordered organs. It is an applied or local treatment, and acts wholly on these parts. It is absorbed into the blood vessels in these organs, and as it has powerful antiseptic properties, it immediately acts on the waste matter held there, and causes it to be discharged. As this dead matter is discharged the nerves are relieved, the pains and mental troubles become less, and the nerves and blood vessels become stronger. ORANGE LILY thus proves its merit by actual, visible results. It acts as certainly and as positively on all female troubles as anti-toxin does on diphtheria.

Winnipeg, April 28th, 1909.

Dear Mrs. Currah,—I am very grateful to ORANGE LILY for the change it has made in my life. When I commenced its use eight months ago I felt I would be surely insane before the year was ended. The pain I suffered often made me wish for death, and besides I would have such fits of depression and nervous twitching that I would have to scream. I had doctored with three different doctors for over two years, and had also used both the Pierce and Pinkham medicines, but none of them seemed to reach my case. I felt some improvement after the first month's use of ORANGE LILY and have kept gaining ever since. I do not feel that I am entirely cured yet, but I am so much better than I was that I am sure I will soon be entirely well. I sleep well, and feel cheerful and happy, except that I am occasionally somewhat depressed, but these spells are getting fewer and milder. I have also noticeably improved in appearance. Enclosed find $3 for which please send me two boxes of ORANGE LILY and one of Cerate Massage. I might add that the matter which used to be freely discharged, and which looked like a chicken's gizzard, is becoming very scant, and I imagine that the circulation is pretty well restored. Am I not right in this? Your sincere friend, MRS. L. E. A.

Free to all Sufferers

In order to enable every woman suffering from any form of female disorders to test the merits of ORANGE LILY, I will send to everyone who will send me her address, or the address of any suffering friend enough of the remedy for ten days' treatment, absolutely free. As this is worth 25c. it is only because I know that it must give relief that I make this free trial offer. Further, if any woman wishes expert medical advice, and will write me a full description of her case, I will submit same to the staff of the Cooniey Medical Institute, Detroit, Mich., and they will write her direct, without expense to her. INCLOSE THREE 2-CENT STAMPS and address MRS. FRANCES E. CURRAH, WINDSOR, ONT.

FOR SALE BY LEADING DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

CLEAN YOUR LIVER AND 30 FEET OF BOWELS WITH "SYRUP OF FIGS"

More Effective Than Calomel, Castor Oil or Salts; Gently Cleanses the Stomach, Liver and Bowels Without Nausea or Griping—Children Love It.

You know when your liver is bad, when your bowels are sluggish. You feel a certain dullness and depression, perhaps the approach of a headache, your stomach gets sour and full of gas, tongue coated, breath foul, or you have indigestion. You say, "I am bilious or constipated, and I must take something tonight."

Most people shrink from a physic—they think of castor oil, calomel, salts or carthartic pills.

It's different with Syrup of Figs. Its effect is as that of fruit; of eating coarse food; of exercise. Take a teaspoonful of delicious Syrup of Figs tonight, and you won't realize you have taken anything until morning, when all the clogged-up, waste matter, sour bile and constipation poisons move on and out of your system, without gripe, nausea or weakness. Nothing else cleanses and regulates your sour, disordered stomach, torpid liver and thirty feet of waste-clogged bowels like gentle, effective Syrup of Figs. Don't think you are drugging yourself. Being composed entirely of luscious figs, senna and aromatics, it cannot cause injury.

If your child is cross, sick, and feverish, or its little stomach sour, tongue coated, give Syrup of Figs at once. It's really all that is needed to make children well and happy again. They dearly love its pleasant taste.

Ask your druggist for the full name, "Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna," and look on the label for the name—California Fig Syrup Company. That and that only, is the genuine. Refuse any other fig syrup substitute with contempt.

Brightening the Lives of London's Working Girls Is Part Aim of Y. M. C. A.

WHAT EVERY WOMAN WANTS TO KNOW

Daughters of the Empire Plan For a Charity Ball. Home and Fashion Topics.

COMFORT SOAP
"IT'S ALL RIGHT"
It Lasts. The Clothes Last. Its Friends Last.
POSITIVELY THE LARGEST SALE IN CANADA

MARY'S SUNDAY AFTERNOONS "OFF"

Where shall she—a stranger—spend them? Young Women's Christian Association is helping to answer the question.

Probably the average city girl, surrounded by happy home influences and a coterie of personal friends, never realizes what it means to be alone in a city, without a friend, or even an acquaintance, and having no place in which to pass her spare hours.

Yet it is only too true that many girls in London are placed in just such a situation. Reared often in a careful country home, the call of the city comes to them, and scarcely being fitted for a clerical position, employment as a domestic is obtained. Then what? Food they have in abundance, clothing, a warm bed, plenty of wholesome work to occupy most of their time—all these are theirs. But young life demands something more than this—demands companionship and intercourse with other young life; demands innocent gaiety and amusement. Of what use is it for Mary's mistress to say, "You may take this afternoon off and go to see your friends," if Mary has no friends within 20 or 30 or more miles? She will probably put on her best clothes and start bravely on a walk down the avenue; look in at the shop windows, and after a somewhat dismal half-hour return to her room to write "home" of the sights she has just seen and how well she is getting along. Not for worlds would she let the dear people in the small country town or on the farm know how unbearably lonely her life is at times.

Over-drawn! Not a bit of it, as any one at all familiar with social conditions in London will tell you. It is an undisputable fact that the working girl away from home, especially if she be of a retiring, timid disposition, has a very lonely time of it.

And this is just the problem which the local Y. W. C. A. are endeavoring in various ways to solve. To make things brighter for the girl who earns her living, to give her in some degree a glimpse of and a share in the home life which she otherwise lacks, but which her soul craves. Perhaps one of the most successful methods adopted by the association is the Sunday afternoon Bible class and tea for girls, held every Sunday at 4:15. This hour is well calculated to enable any girl to attend, and the class is adding to its numbers continually. At the close of the Bible lesson a cordial invitation to stay to tea is extended to all present, and—can you realize it?—the social chat and pleasant intercourse with young women of her own age is quite frequently the only bright spot in the life of many a girl in London. Tea over, an hour is spent in talk, and singing around the piano after which the girls leave in twos and threes to attend evening service at their favorite churches. And on the memory of this pleasant hour not a few of those who come live until the next Sabbath.

If the improvements now being contemplated by the Y. W. C. A. board are successfully carried out, better accommodation still will be afforded for providing amusement and wise occupation for the working girls of London during their spare hours. The movement is one worthy of the hearty support and co-operation of every citizen. At present the association is handicapped for lack of space, but surely in providing diversion along right lines for "Mary's Sunday afternoons," the Y. W. C. A. is doing not the least of its good works in this city.

The Nomad

THE NEW CHINTZ TUB FROCK.

This is a Beers tub frock of chintz with a yellow cream background covered with an all-over design in brown. The skirt is quite narrow and plain and just above the knees are three very wide tucks. A simple blouse cut on the Russian lines, but rather shorter than those most often seen, is fastened down the front with buckles covered with brown undressed kid; these same buckles are on the front of the skirt and on the sleeves. This brown undressed kid also forms the belt and wide, flat, short, sash at the side. Under the Russian blouse is worn a soft lingerie waist.

Particularly notice the sleeves, which are large and long and are not fitted at all to the arm, they will be very stylish this season on all tub frocks. With this dress is worn a soft brown straw turban, simply trimmed with yellow flowers and brown leaves.

Because this is to be a season of small hats the parasol will be much in vogue this summer. The new ones seen in Paris have large club handles and are very ornate both in colorings and ornamental designs. The one carried with this costume is a cream yellow silk embroidered with bright yellow flowers and a band of brown velvet about the edge. With this costume is worn white pumps and tan undressed gloves.

I. O. D. E. PLAN CHARITY BALL

Affair Will Probably Be Graced by the Presence of Duke and Duchess of Connaught.

Great enthusiasm is being exhibited by members of the United Chapters I. O. D. E. in London over the proposed charity ball to be given on Thursday of Easter week in the new Masonic Temple.

It is hoped to have the function formally opened under the direct patronage of their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught before they leave for England. The proceeds of the ball will be devoted to the work of the Victorian Order of Nurses in London, and the Children's Aid Shelter.

A meeting of all members of the order will be held in the Y. W. C. A. rooms at 3 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 19, to further complete arrangements for the event. Owing to the lively interest already being evinced, there is no doubt but that the affair will be a most successful one, many guests from out-of-town having intimated their intention to be present.

Problems of the Fair Sex Solved by Cynthia Grey

[Correspondents are requested to make their inquiries as brief as possible, and to write on one side of the paper only. It is impossible to give replies within a stated time, as all letters have to be answered in turn as they are received. No letters can be answered privately.]

Help For Julia.

Dear Miss Grey—Having seen so many helpful answers in your column in The Advertiser, I thought I would trouble you for a little advice.

1. I have an invitation to a wedding, and would like to know a nice way to make up a blue silk dress, so it will look right for street wear after. I am 23 years of age and short.

2. A remedy for a red nose? Mine is very red, and it's annoying.

3. Is talcum powder bad for the face?

4. What do you think of my writing?

Thanking you in advance, JULIA.

A.—1. I recently saw a pretty design, which I think would be quite suitable for your dress, both for the wedding and for street wear, afterwards. The waist was cut low and somewhat pointed at the neck with a flat Robespierre collar and revers of cream lace over silk. A wide, box-pleat concealed the closing of the waist, and was also carried down the front of the high-waisted skirt. Tiny pearl buttons being set on in groups of three both on the waist and skirt right down to the bottom. The sleeves were of the "set in" type, long, and trimmed near the wrist with some of the buttons. A pretty finish was given by a frill of cream lace being fulled on each side of the box pleat on the waist, and also at the bottom of the sleeves. The skirt was cut in four gores with a shallow pleat at each seam for width.

2. This may be caused from indigestion, or poor circulation of the blood. See to it that your corsets, shoes or collar band, are not too tight, as this is often the cause of a red nose. Then you might bathe the nose several times a day with a little of this lotion: Eau de cologne, 15 grams; powdered borax, 11 grams; water, 5 grams. Moisten cotton and place on the nose for several minutes at a time. An application of plain witch-hazel, heated slightly, has also been found an excellent remedy.

3. Talcum powder irritates some skins, but, as a rule, it does not. Care should be exercised, however, in cleansing the skin at nights with good soap and water to entirely remove the powder that has been used during the day.

4. It is very neat and easily read.

Cure for Warts.

Dear Miss Grey: Would you kindly answer the following questions:

1. What is the best cure for warts you know of?

2. Do you know of anything that would make weak ankles strong?

Thanking you in advance, yours respectfully, TOM THUMB.

A.—To saturate the wart at least twice daily with olive or castor oil will soften it in time so that it can be removed without injury.

2. Ten minutes' exercise of the ankle muscles every day, night and morning, will help to strengthen them. Sit on a high stool and move the foot up and down and from side to side for this length of time twice a day, and I think your ankle will be much stronger at the end of two months.

Number of Cards to Leave.

Dear Miss Grey: In making a party call, should I leave just my card or mine and my husband's? We were both invited to a 6 o'clock dinner. How many should I leave of each?

L. B. P.

A.—Leave one of your cards and two of your husband's.

Who Named "Lent"?

Dear Miss Grey: Please tell me in your valuable space who named the penitential season we call "Lent," also why is "Ash Wednesday" so called. J. N. M.

A.—The name "Lent" comes from the Anglo-Saxon "lengten-tide," or spring, and is so named in remembrance of the fasting of our Lord for forty days. "Ash Wednesday" was named by Pope Gregory and penitents were marked with the sign of the cross in ashes. This custom is still observed in the Church of Rome. In Latin the priest says: "Remember, man, that you are of ashes, and to ashes and dust you will return."

"LITTLE DARLING"
"LITTLE DAISY"
HOSIERY FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN

A Matter of Pride

With some mothers, it is simply a matter of pride when they select "Little Darling" or "Little Daisy" hosiery for their children. They buy the daintiest, prettiest stockings available. Other mothers, again, choose these brands because of the soft, comfortable material—Australian Lamb's Wool.

You should be influenced by both the above considerations, and by the knowledge that "Little Darling" and "Little Daisy" stockings are hygienically knitted and sanitarily dyed.

Cost no more than inferior brands.

THE CHIPMAN HOLTON KNITTING CO.
Hamilton, Ont. Limited
Mills at Hamilton and Welland 67

INSIST ON THE SUNSHINE HOSIERY TRADE MARK. REGISTERED

A SPLENDID HAIR TONIC

Those who use it declare that NYAL'S HIRSUTONE is an exceptionally satisfactory preparation.

For preventing and removing dandruff, and for keeping the hair in a beautiful condition there is nothing superior in the market.

Fifty Cents and One Dollar.

NYAL'S SHAMPOO POWDER—Twenty-five Cents.

PERCIVAL, 344 Richmond Street Phone 1261.
LISTER, Wortley Road, cor. Craig Phone 1920.
OMOND, 468 Dundas St. Phone 1429.
THE PROGRESSIVE DRUGGISTS.

KATHERINE LESLIE'S HOME CHAT

NATURE AND ARTIFICE.

The use of cosmetics is as old as the world of women, and I suppose they will be used till the end of time. But it is an evidence of the growing good taste and sense of women that they show a preference for rational methods of acquiring brightness of eyes, glowing cheeks, crimson lips and youthful appearance, rather than for the artificial means that have so long prevailed. Not that one takes a puritanical point of view about such things. To apply to the rouge pot to brighten one's cheeks or lips, to call in the aid of the Kohl pencil to smudge one's eyes withal, are not sinful but merely foolish, vain, and not very cleanly methods of improving upon nature. They are methods abhorrent to the fastidious woman whose first article of creed is a clean skin and unclogged pores. That a woman with sense in her should be so misjudged as to think that two unchanging patches of rouge upon her cheeks, or that Kohl smudges about her eyes will either enhance her appearance or make her look younger is incomprehensible. Yet there are such women, and even young girls! Now there is absolutely no reason whatever why women should either rouge their cheeks or Kohl their eyes. No one is deceived by such applications of color to the face, no one admires the result. Many kindly people are sorry to see otherwise sensible women give way to such a vain pursuit of beauty, while others condemn utterly and speak most harshly of those who are addicted to artificial methods of acquiring a complexion. It is always a pity to lay one's self open to a charge of folly One cannot always be wise, and few of us go far in life without having to make to ourselves the confession of Saul, "Behold, I have played the fool, I have erred exceedingly." But in matters where there is a decision to be made between the artificial and the natural, surely one may be wise! There is only one road to freshness of complexion, brightness of eyes, and a youthful appearance, the road of good health. And good health is within reasonable reach of every girl or woman who will seek it and pursue it.

MAN'S ONE TALENT.

There is at least one woman in these days of transition in the status of her sex who has no wish to undermine the last bulwark of man's superiority. The New York Sun describes her as a New England farmer's wife.

One day as she hurried from churn to sink, from sink shed and back to the kitchen stove, she was asked if she wanted to vote.

"No, I certainly don't!" she replied. "I say, if there's one little thing that the men folks can do alone, for goodness' sake let 'em do it!"—Youth's Companion.

Woman is too soft to hate permanently; even if a hundred men have been a grief to her, she will still love the hundred and first.—Johann Gottfried Kinkel.

IN SHOPLAND.

Straw hats.
Interesting buttons.
New cards and tassels.
White pumps with red heels.
Parasols with very long handles.
Smart new bags in the envelope shape.
All manner of tempting more or less expensive baskets.
The most exquisite of hand-woven handkerchiefs altogether expensive.
Imported evening wraps of most persuasive beauty, greatly reduced.

Love, that is but an episode in the life of man, is the entire story of the life of woman.—Mme. De Stael.

* * *

Women, priests and poultry have never enough.—Proverb.

PERSONALS

Subscribers are invited to write their items of personal news on this slip and hand it in to The Advertiser office.

Oriental Effects in Women's Wear

The Orient is now the source of inspiration for the builders of women's clothes. You may be Oriental in any way you like, and affect in your raiment the East Indian, the Chinese, the Japanese, the Turkish, the Bulgarian, the Roumanian, the Egyptian—anything at all that is eastern; but woe be to you if you show any hint in your costume of the early Victorian, the Louis XV., the colonial, or any other effect that is western and artificial. Natural eastern effects—in plainer words, uncorseted figure lines and swathing draperies—are the ideal now, and any suggestion of a nipped-in waist, a trim and tidy corseted and tight-fitted figure ,with flaring, swinging skirts, is hopelessly bourgeoise and old-fashioned. The new evening gowns, developed for wear on the Riviera, and in America's southland, are all Oriental in conception. The eastern effect begins with the loose, draped figure lines, and is expressed further in the magnificent fabrics subdued yet deep in color tones, the metallic trimmings, the transparent stuffs used over the upper part of the figure with draperies of richly flowing silks and brocades around the feet, the dragging foot-draperies that seem to impede walking; the winding scarf draperies that float about the figure; the burnoose and sling draperies directly borrowed form the Orient; the barbaric head-dresses of metal and beads; the jewelry, and especially the pearls, the vogue of which is pronounced just now.

The Mahomet Gown.

The Oriental note in evening costume seems to centre in the magnificent creation recently brought out under the name of the Mahomet gown. There is not a seam evident in this gown which is built of green and gold fabrics as startlingly metallic in suggestion as brass and tinkling cymbals. Over a trailing, draped skirt of cloth of gold, which, by a cunning manipulation of the material at the hem, is narrower at this point than at the knee, falls a tunic of green chiffon, heavily weighted with a fringe of yellow crystal beads. The enormous, baggy sleeves, which form a cape drapery at the back and fall to the hip at either side, give the gown its strong eastern suggestion. The sleeves are of yellow chiffon, embroidered with green crystal disks set in metal rims in what is known in the east as the mirror effect. This mirror embroidery is much used in the far east in tapestries and furnishings

Latest Styles
Are being shown in millinery by Madame Allenby at 619 Richmond street. Open evenings. t

MOTHER and BABY and Doctor Helen MacMurchy

BILLY STEVENS—His Story

VIII.—Why Billy Lived.

Copyright.

Certainly Billy should have died. He was give up by all the patients, all the visitors, all the nurses and all the doctors—and yet he lived. Why?

In the first place he lived because there was a hospital where Mrs. Katchpane could leave him when she came with him and departed, leaving him half dead. That is what a hospital is for. The glory of a hospital is that it never refuses a patient. No matter how young or how old or how middle-aged—the patient must be admitted. No matter how poor or how rich—make room for the patient. No matter how dangerous the patient may be to the nurses and doctors—(It is not so very many years since a very sick man came into Ward Five and no one knew what was the matter with him, for he died within the day, till the head nurse and the house doctor came dawn with smallpox within a fortnight)—that patient must be cared for and cured if possible. If you don't like it, you can go and study law or teach school or apprentice yourself to a milliner instead of studying medicine or training as a nurse.

And the other glory of a hospital is that often and often it sends patients home as good as new. They are often carried in, but when they go out, they walk out on their feet, almost or quite as good as new. Not always, for sometimes their time has come to go to that narrow house reserved for all living and they are carried out.

Billy lived because there was such a place as a general hospital. Billy lived on account of his vitality. In other words, babies mean to live, if they can. That is, Nature does it, and we help a little.

That when soot or ink falls on a carpet, sprinkle it thickly with dry salt, and let it stand a while before attempting to remove it.

That tea water strained through muslin will be a capital cleanser for varnished or stained woodwork?

The Nova Scotia "Lumber King" says:

"I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT the BEST liniment in use.

"I got my foot badly jammed lately. I bathed it well with MINARD'S LINIMENT and it was as well as ever next day. Yours very truly,

"T. G. McMULLEN."

NEEDLEWORK NOTES

This season there has been a revival of filet and cluny lace in needlework circles. Square, oblong, and long, rectangular motifs are sold at the lace shops, costing from 15 cents apiece upward.

They are effectively combined with linen, mercerized popiin, linen canvas, crash or pongee, to fashion the loveliest soft cushions, table runners, and scarfs imaginable.

The woman who crochets can make filet medallions with her magic needle; but those who are not familiar with the art can pick up many pretty designs in cluny, filet or Arabian lace. The motifs need not match, for many of the most attractive articles show a variety of tiny squares.

Filet crochet is, perhaps, the oldest crocheted lace, and it has great possibilities as a means of artistic development. The needlewoman who enjoys hand sewing can make exquisite lace motifs with squares of eyelet embroidery to form a border around the curtain.

To make a table runner for the library or living room, purchase a strip of linen crash in the natural color, the desired length. Select two motifs of filet lact from six to eight inches square, and set in the centre of each end, cutting away the linen from beneath. Finish the ends with a linen fringe or with bands of filet insertion. A row of small motifs may be successfully substituted for the insertion. Another scarf can be made, using a double row of small motifs, joined to form bands and separated with a strip of linen.

Regular Rest Is Good Physiology

[By a Physician.]

One day's rest in seven is good physiology!

Ten minutes' rest in the midst of a hard morning's work is good sense.

Eight hours' work a day and eight hours' sleep a night increases the average output of the worker.

Recuperation is one of the most important methods by which health is conserved and life prolonged.

The real meaning of rest is too often misunderstood. Idleness is not necessarily rest. REST must be taken where the air is pure and plentiful. REST must be mental as well as physical.

There is little recuperative benefit in resting the muscles and worrying the brain. And there is small wisdom in relaxing the mind and muscles and overtaxing the stomach.

Each day's work has its wear and tear on the human frame. The sane man or woman realizes this fundamental truth of nature and offsets the regular tire with regular rest.

If this method be faithfully followed the sum total of tire will very slightly overbalance the sum total of rest.

The result should be efficiency of mind and body, and a proper rejuvenation of energies for each day's labor.

The Birthday Calendar

FEBRUARY 8.

IF THIS IS YOUR BIRTHDAY

Do not travel or embark in new schemes, unless you are sure of the motives of those who purpose them. An even course will bring the best results.

Those born today will have tranquil lives, with much satisfaction derived from the higher studies and a fair amount of worldly success.

FEBRUARY 9.

IF THIS IS YOUR BIRTHDAY

You may expect plenty of hard work, but with success to crown the effort. Some fortunate journey is indicated for you.

Those born today will be serious minded. They will plan a course of action and persevere, usually accomplishing what they start to do. Their friends will be among influential people, who will value them highly.

BUTTONS STILL POPULAR.

Buttons of all kinds are seen at all the exhibits of the latest Paris gowns, frocks and street costumes.

One charming blue chiffon blouse is tucked from shoulder to waist, while the sleeves are of the plain chiffon.

A lovely white Shetland wool sweater is lined with lavender china silk, with the collar and cuffs in wool to match the lining.

No Deterioration

The tone of the Martin-Orme Piano is faultless to begin with. Every piece of wood used in its construction is "mellow." There will be no warping or shrinking. The sounding board is convex and is kept that way by a special "violoform" method of construction peculiar to the Martin-Orme.

Callaghan's
613 Wellington Street
N. B. First Door North of Victoria Park.

TRAMP AND OLD-MAN STUDIES ARE THE PARTS TALENTED WILLIAM WEST LIKES BEST TO TAKE

WILLIAM WEST AS A TRAMP, AS AN OLD MUSICIAN AND AS NATURE MADE HIM.

After all, there's no one quite so interesting and versatile as a character man in a stock company.

He has the advantage of having learned to look at life from the angles of all the different characters he has impersonated.

So I thought when William West stepped out of a "Father Time" picture in the Edison plant at Bronx to shake hands with me.

"I'm 'Father Time,' today," he announced laughingly, as he pushed a part of his great hoary beard under his arm and gathered his dust-gray, flowing skirts up preparatory to sitting.

He surely looked the part. If anyone had asked me to guess his age, as he looked at that minute, it would have been a toss up between Methusala's and Noah's.

It's a queer sensation; making a person's acquaintance through a lot of grease paint and false hair and costume trappings.

You feel so far off from their real selves it seems as if it were necessary to shout to make them hear.

William West plays almost as many parts as there are days in the year. Sometimes he is a dear old, dreamy musician whose outlook on life is through the windows of an artist's soul.

Sometimes he is a tramp, dirty, poverty-stricken, and grotesque; viewing all things from the standpoint of the hungry under dog.

Occasionally he is just an old man, benign, tottering, and content to live the life of one who has done his work and earned a rest.

I seemed to read something of all these different characters, which so frequently form a part of this one man's daily life, as I listened to him talk and watched his eyes.

He was the old doctor in "The Fresh Air Romance"; played the name part in "The Grandfather," the old minister in "The Mountaineers," and took a leading part in "The Old Porter."

He says makeup helps him to hide his own personality as well as his looks.

As he makes the face of the old man he is to play and dons the clothes of that particular, he gradually grows into the atmosphere of the part.

When the last touches have been put on his mobile face, the highlights in the character as he proposes to portray it are fixed in his mind.

"Then you don't mind looking like someone else a good share of your time?" I asked, as the stage director called, "Father Time," and West prepared to take the weight of the world's years on his shoulders again.

"Not a bit. In fact, would you believe it, I'm so used to hiding my face and myself in someone else that I almost feel a tinge of timidness when I'm just 'me' before the camera."

Dr. Alfred Russel Wallace's Pessimistic Views; Says Social Environment Is As Bad As Ever

Great Scientist and Co-Discoverer of Evolution With Darwin Says No Progress in Intellect and Morals Since the Days of the Egyptians—Bones of Starvation Still Rattle and Clank.

On the eve of his 90th birthday (writes a special correspondent of the London Daily News and Leader), that Grand Old Man of Science, Dr. Alfred Russel Wallace, received me with a hearty handshake and a bright gleam of spritual and intellectual youth flashing behind his blue spectacles.

Contemporary of Darwin, and co-discoverer with him of the theory of natural selection, Dr. Wallace is still vigorous and hale, bubbling over with bright thoughts and happy phrases, and a fine figure of a man withal. There's a touch of Father Time about him in the long, thin hands, the rich flow of snow-white hair and beard, and the attitudes of repose and motion, and I felt sure that if I peered long enough into the dim corners of the library of the Old Orchard at Broadstone, where he received me, I should spy the inevitable scythe.

The venerable doctor was enshrined in books; a vast library enfolded him; but for all that a breath of the sea stole in through the open window, carried across the pines from the placid waters of Poole Harbor, and the winter song of a robin in the orchard below, half fretful and half joyous, made a pleasant orchestral background for our talk.

The Tumultuous World.

Reclining in a huge armchair, with his feet to the blaze of a comfortable fire, and his long thin fingers weaving fantastic patterns in the air, Dr. Wallace admitted, with a humorous yawn, that he was somewhat of a hermit these days, and sought news of the clamorous world beyond the confines of the robin's melodious acreage. What was happening? How was the Younger Generation taking things? Had we time to think in these clattering times——?

The Younger Generation, thus appealed to, did his best to sub-edit in a brief paragraph the state of affairs generally as they are visualized in the bewildering hive of Fleet street—the helter-skelter rush of everything and everybody; the taxicab strike that led us all to fume at the crawl of the galloping hansoms we had perforce to take; the performance of wild fantasies in our political booths, with Progress still hammering on through the turmoil.

"Ah, turmoil!" broke in the old gentleman, with another flash through the blue spectacles. "Turmoil and unrest! The more of all that the better for all of us! That's a very good sign, and so far as I can see things have never been more hopeful than they are just now on the threshold of 1913. And we want still more turmoil—more agitation—more determination.

Policy of Higher Wages.

"I am just beginning to write a little book on that very subject—what we want, what we can do, and how we must do it. Of course. I'm a Socialist, out-and-out, and I'm going to try and knock into the intelligence of the average 'advanced' politician that a great many things he thinks impossible can very easily be done. There are so many points towards a charge for the really better that even the Labor Party and the Socialists do not seem to trouble about or to know anything about.

"One of the most vital things, one of the most fundamental, is to satisfy our Government that there is nothing so beneficial to the country—to every country—as to raise, and to keep on raising, continually the wages of the workers higher and higher and higher. The higher wages are raised in this country the more prosperous will the country become. You talk of turmoil—that's the sort of turmoil we want, especially in a nation like ours!

"During the last century wealth has been accumulating tremendously at one end of our amazing humanity, and poverty at the other. That must be changed—and levelled up.

An Effort Forty Years Old.

"About forty years ago a great conference was held in London, in which many eminent men of the day took part. Sir Charles Dilke was chairman, and those who contributed to the discussion included Frederic Harrison, Arthur Balfour and the whole host of the prominent labor leaders of the day. It was called the Industrial Remuneration Conference, and Swinton and I, the enthusiasts of the Land Nationalization Society, took eager parts. Many most excellent papers were read, and there was not a dissentient voice in the whole galaxy.

"The text of the great sermon we preached was Levelling Up—from the lowest to the highest; and, of course, you can't level up without levelling down. And what has been the result? They—and I—have been chattering about it like magpies ever since, and nothing definite has been done. There lay the promised land before us, in all its richness—and there it still lies!"

Dr. Wallace's voice rang out clear and strong. He strode across the room like a fierce old giant, raging at the futility of modern effort.

False Principles of Taxation.

"False principles!" he cried. "We are fettered, fettered continually by false principles. Here is another false principle promulgated by the Government. 'You must distribute taxes over the whole community!' say they, 'so that everybody must feel his responsibility.' You should begin higher up in the scale, and continue higher with your taxation. Begin, say, at £1,000, or even £500, and do not stop at the million!"

In eloquent phrase Dr. Wallace pictured his own view of Utopia. There should be no inherent right of inheritance of property. The vast accumulation of wealth as it existed in the present day was not only wrong; it was criminal. The leaving of huge fortunes to heirs was the greatest injury that could possibly be done to them. Nothing could be worse for the morale of a young man than to know that when he was one-and-twenty he was coming into an inheritance of £50,000 a year. Ten to one, it ruined him morally, physically and intellectually, and it not only ruined him, but those about him as well. Scores of instances proved that. The evil was tremendous.

"And the panacea?" I asked.

No Rights for the Unborn.

"If you pass an act that the unborn should have no rights the problem would be solved. The state would then be the inheritor; the state would make ample provision for the heir, and the vast flow of accumulated wealth that would then be unloosed would serve to endow the nation with a sufficiency for all, from universal education onward.

"The most vital thing of all is to get rid of the horrible, grinding poverty which is stalking the country like a grisly spectre. Is it not astounding that the richer a country is at one end the poorer it is at the other? We have had a year with an enormous trade boom: we are the richest country in the world; and yet the bones of starvation are clanking and rattling among us. We do nothing, and all we say, with a shrug of the shoulders, is, 'Let 'em starve!'"

Stagnation.

There was so much of the seer in the attitude of Dr. Wallace as he leaned forward from the depths of his chair that I could not resist asking him to project the astonishing nimbleness of his mind into the future.

"Recently," said he, "I have been meditating upon the condition of the human progress, and I have taken a general survey of all history, from those wonderful new discoveries in Egypt, going back seven thousand years, to the present day. I have come to the general conclusion that there has been no advance, either in intellect or in morals, from the days of the earliest Egyptians and Syrians down to the keel-laying of the latest Dreadnought.

"Through all those thousands years morals and intellect have been stationary. There has been, of course, an immense accumulation of knowledge, but for all that we are no cleverer than the ancients. If Newton and Darwin had ben born in the times of the Egyptians they could not have done more than the Egyptians did; the builders of the Pyramids were every whit as good mathematicians as Newton. And the average of mankind will remain the same until natural selection steps in to raise it.

"Everything is Bad."

"Now, I have lived nearly a hundred years. During that time what can be said of our social environment? What progress has been made? In every detail of that 'progress,' throughout all the great mercantile and manufacturing operations, there has been nothing but the most abominable vice going on—every kind of cruelty to the poor and to the children vieing with the other; adulteration everywhere in every commodity, and lies everywhere.

"Everything is as bad as it can possibly be. There is not a single industry that has not to be inspected rigorously in order to see that the producer does not cheat his customer or poison his employees, or work them to death in unwholesome factories. There exist in our midst horrors that were never known before, and dreadful diseases that were never known before. Still, nothing is ever done. And therefore I declare that from top to bottom our whole social environment is rotton, full of vice, and everything that is bad; and until selection comes in and a thorough weeding out takes place, the rottenness and the vice and the badness will continue."

The German Scare.

Tireless and incandescent, the old gentleman flamed on. He strode across to Germany, and chuckled at the scare so many of us are in on both sides of the North Sea. It was all a delusion, so far as any special danger to England was concerned. "If we don't interfere too much, they certainly won't try to conquer us." It was quite natural that a country like Germany should look with some disfavor upon us. We are certainly no better than the Germans, and in some respects inferior; their system of education was better than ours, and their Government more energetic.

Then this mad race for "so-called Dreadnoughts." Why should we have two to everybody else's one? Nelson was quite content so long as he had no more than fifty per cent more ships up against him than the number he possessed. And if there is any of that grand old spirit of seamanship left among us to carry us through perilous times, then we ought to be more than content."

"In spite of my tirade against everything," said Dr. Wallace at last, with one of his deep little chuckles, "I don't think we need worry about the future. The outlook is hopeful ;and nothing has pleased me so much as the great strikes which began last year with the railway strike. For the first time they showed the upper classes how utterly dependent they were for everything upon the workers."

Mr. Lloyd George a Wizard.

Finally there came a sudden and spontaneous eulogy of Mr. Lloyd George. "A wonderful man—a wizard! I look upon him as the hope of the country; and I wonder that such a man as the premier, who is very conservative in his nature, has allowed him to go so far. I hope to see Lloyd George prime minister of England, or—what would be even better—to see him playing the role of chancellor of the exchequer for the next three years."

The dusk of evening crept up, and the robin in the old orchard had long since ceased to sing as I bade Dr. Wallace good-by, wishing him a lively ninetieth birthday.

"And now," said this amazing Nestor, "I'll go on with a little book I'm writing on the subject of 'Social Evolution and Moral Progress.' I assure you (another chuckle) its appearance will make the bishops and the archdeacons and the parsons and the curates sit up straight—very straight!"

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FEBRUARY CONTEST

FUN - TO - WASH Washing Powder

$200.00 IN CASH AND PRIZES

First Prize $10. in Cash. Second Prize $5. in Cash.
Third Prize $3. in Cash. Next Five Prizes each $2. in Cash.
Next Twenty Five Prizes each $1. in Cash and
ONE THOUSAND PRIZES IN NEW AND USEFUL KITCHEN UTENSILS

To be given as follows:—
100 PRIZES to the 1st 100 correct answers received by us on Wed., Feb. 5th.
100 PRIZES to the 1st 100 correct answers received by us on Wed., Feb. 12th.
100 PRIZES to the 1st 100 correct answers received by us on Wed., Feb. 19th.

Send in as many replies as you like, but all answers must reach us by three o'clock on Saturday, March 1st. All the replies will be thoroughly shaken together and the first thirty three correct replies will receive the cash prizes in the order drawn and the next Seven Hundred will each receive a useful Kitchen Utensil.

1033 Prizes. Answer Today.

You know how good Fun-To-Wash is? The prizes are awarded on the same strictly honorably methods employed in the manufacture of Fun-To-Wash.

The Only Conditions.

With each reply must be enclosed one "Mammy Head" cut from a 5c. or 10c. package of Fun-To-Wash Washing Powder, and not more than one answer to be enclosed in each envelope. Each contestant receiving a utensil prize during the month must send in another answer to enable them to compete in the February cash prizes drawn on March 1st. Be careful to address Contest Department.

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L	O	I	A	F	R	D		
R	O	G	I	A	G	E		

GIVEN FREE AWAY

Will be given according to conditions of Contest to somebody who succeeds in arranging the letters of the above three lines so that they will spell

THE NAMES OF THREE STATES IN THE UNITED STATES

ALSO A PRIZE OF $10 FOR NEATEST SOLUTION

TRY IT AT ONCE. IT MAY BE YOU.

Write the names of the States on a postcard or a letter, giving your Name and Address plainly.

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A NEW COAL "IFS"

IF selected wisely,
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There are no "IFS" about
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Our customers know it, and will tell you that our
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Break a dollar bill and the change flies away—how? You do not know. Start a savings account and the dollar will work faithfully in your interests. It grows quickly here—attracts the money you would be apt to spend freely, if not carelessly.

We pay depositors 3½ per cent. compound interest.

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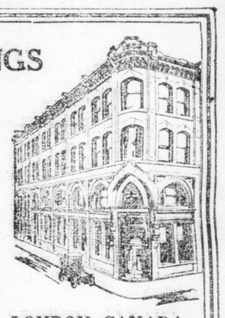


Revolution in Naval Gunfire

Fire "Director" for All Dreadnoughts—20 Per Cent of Hits at 10,000 Yards.

After several months of trial in all conditions of wind and weather, the "director-firing" apparatus invented by Vice-Admiral Sir Percy Scott has been definitely adopted by the British admiralty.

Steps are to be taken to supply the necessary apparatus to all ships of the Dreadnought type, but it has not yet been decided whether it shall be fitted in pre-Dreadnought ships. Full value is only extracted from the invention when it is applied to ships armed with guns of a single calibre.

For some months past the battleship Thunderer, equipped with Sir Percy Scott's apparatus, has, under the direction of the inventor, been carrying out comparative trials with the Orion, a sister ship equipped with the "fire control" apparatus. On every occasion, under weather conditions favorable and otherwise, the "director-firing" system proved itself far and away superior—so far, indeed, that, taking the sum total of the results, the efficiency of the Thunderer as a hitting machine was reckoned by experts as being five times as great as that of her sister ship.

What Gunnery Experts Saw.

Among the gunnery experts who attended the last series of trials were Vice-Admiral Sir John Jellicoe, an ex-controller of the navy, and now second sea lord, Rear-Admiral Sir George Warrender, commander of the Second Battle Squadron, Rear-Admiral Rosslyn Wemyss, and Rear-Admiral R. H. Peirse, former inspector of target practice. The present inspector, Rear-Admiral Montague Browning, also attended in the battleship Irresistible, accompanied by a specially-selected staff of gunnery officers.

The effect of the new invention on the efficiency of the fleet can hardly be over-estimated. The Thunderer and the Orion are both of the same design, and both cost approximately the same amount; yet the Thunderer, fitted with the new gear, is equal to five Orions equipped on the "fire control" system. Firing at an ordinary battle practice target, the Thunderer made 80 per cent. of hits at 10,000 yards. Such shooting had never been dreamed of before, and only very occasionally has such a record been made in the gunlayers' tests, which are carried out at only 2,000 yards and under.

How a "Director" Works.

The admiralty has taken strong measures to prevent the details of Sir Percy Scott's invention from becoming public. In its general features it resembles the "director" invented about 1850 by Captain Moorsom, R. N., of which the following description appears in Captain Garbett's "Naval Gunnery":

It was an instrument "by means of which the bearing, heel, and distance were all determined, and the guns laid accordingly; it was generally fixed on the upper deck, over the centre main deck gun, or other convenient position, and the signal or order to fire was given by the officer attending it as soon as he found the object coming on with its sights.

In Admiral Scott's "director" full advantage has naturally been taken of tremendous scientific advances of the last half-century. The officer in charge of the apparatus is housed in a special structure on the foremast, and from this he is able to control electrically every gun in the ship. With the aid of the almost infallible "director" he is able to ascertain the exact range of the enemy and the precise elevation and bearing necessary for the guns, while the roll of the ship is automatically allowed for.

A Tremendous Broadside.

With the exception of loading the gun for each round and cleaning it out after firing, every operation is controlled by the fire-director. When the psychological moment arrives, and the guns are coming "dead on" the target, an electrical circuit is completed, and the whole of the guns are discharged simultaneously.

In the case of a ship like the Thunderer this means that ten shells, each weighing 1,250 pounds, hurtle towards the target together, each with an energy equal to 69,000 foot-tons. Each one of these shells is easily capable of penetrating twelve inches of the hardest steel at 10,000 yards.

It is, of course, in recognition of his inestimable service to the navy in this matter that Sir Percy Scott was given a baronetcy in the New Year honors. The cost of each set of apparatus is believed to be about £8,000; but as, with it, one £2,000,000 ship is worth five without it, it may be regarded as a singularly cheap investment.

In the ordinary course of things Sir Percy Scott will be advanced to the rank of admiral on March 30 next.

When Appetite Fails And Digestion Is Bad

There Is Danger Ahead for the Man That Neglects Nature's Warning.

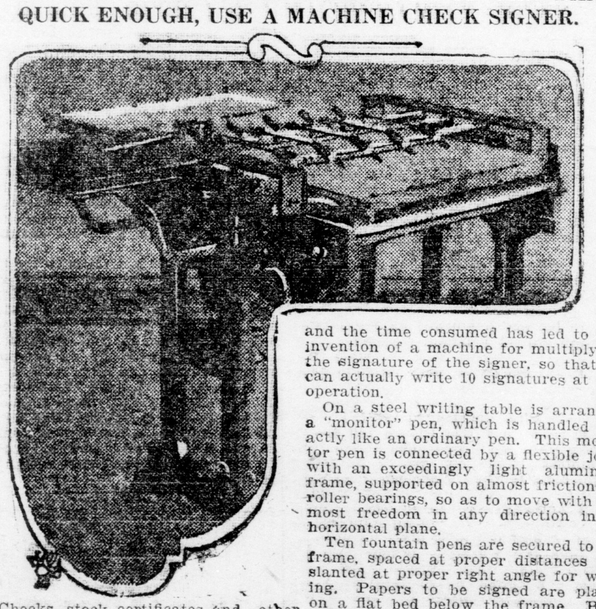
Dyspepsia Tendencies Are Serious and Should Be Treated Accordingly.

There is a strong moral in the statement of James Schrum, of Pleasant street, Dartmouth, N. S. Like thousands of people, he was failing in health because his stomach and digestive organs were out of repair. His vitality was slipping away; he was losing ground every day.

"I could not have held on much longer. I was wasting away simply because no remedy I used gave tone and strength to my stomach. The vital forces of my system seemed dead. I was advised to try Dr. Hamilton's Pills. What hidden weakness they searched out I don't know, but in a miraculous way they have made a new man of me. My stomach troubles are cured, rich blood now runs through my veins—clear skin and unmistakable evidences of health and vigor I feel every day. Dr. Hamilton's Pills have certainly mastered the secret of curing the sickly enervated man and I strongly urge everyone in failing or lost health to use this grand remedy."

Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut are purely vegetable—25c per box, five for $1, all druggists and storekeepers, or postpaid from the Catarrhozone Company, Buffalo, N. Y., and Kingston, Ont.

IF YOU CAN'T GET YOUR MONEY OUT OF THE BANK QUICK ENOUGH, USE A MACHINE CHECK SIGNER.



Checks, stock certificates and other similar documents, that must bear personal signatures sometimes must be signed wholesale to take care of widespread distribution of payments. The burden of signing a name often and the time consumed has led to the invention of a machine for multiplying the signature of the signer, so that he can actually write 10 signatures at one operation.

On a steel writing table is arranged a "monitor" pen, which is handled exactly like an ordinary pen. This monitor pen is connected by a flexible joint with an exceedingly light aluminum frame, supported on almost frictionless roller bearings, so as to move with utmost freedom in any direction in a horizontal plane.

Ten fountain pens are secured to the frame, spaced at proper distances and slanted at proper right angle for writing. Papers to be signed are placed on a flat bed below the frame. By a simple pantograph mechanism, the frame follows every slightest movement of the monitor pen, so that a signature written by the latter is simultaneously written by each of the 10 pens, giving 10 identical signatures.

Hurrah, No More Lame Backs!

This Case Proves That the Best and Strongest Liniment Ever Made Is Nerviline.

When it comes to determining the real merit of a medicine, no weight of evidence is more convincing than the straightforward statement of some reliable and well-known person who has been cured. For this reason we print the verbatim statement of Juan E. Powell, written from his home in Carleton. "I am a strong, powerful man, six feet tall, and weigh nearly two hundred. I have been accustomed all my life to lift great weights, but one day I overdid it, and wrenched my back badly. Every tendon and muscle was sore. To stoop or bend was agony. I had a whole bottle of Nerviline rubbed on in one day, and by night I was well again. I know of no liniment possessing one-half the penetration and pain-subduing properties of Nerviline. I urge its use strongly as an invaluable liniment and household cure for all minor ailments, such as strains, sprains, swellings, neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, rheumatism, and muscular pain."

No better medicine for curing pain was ever put in a bottle than Nerviline—rub it on and rub it in—that rubs out all aches, pains and soreness. Large family size, 50c; trial size, 25c; all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Company, Buffalo, N. Y., and Kingston, Ont.

KITTY GETS THE GOAT'S "GOAT."

"What a pretty hyacinth in the window. I'll just taste it. I rather like flowers. M'yes!"

"Wow! Wow! There was a cat on the other end of the tail that looked like a hyacinth!

"Leggo! Hyacinths don't agree with me anyhow."

JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN ON THE STAGE.

Mr. Louis N. Parker's pageant play, "Joseph and His Brethren," succeeded Pierre Loti's "Daughter of Heaven" at the Century Theatre, New York, and received an overwhelming welcome. It is hailed by all the critics today as the finest spectacle of its kind ever seen in America.

The Biblical story, which covers Genesis xxxv. to xlix., is adhered to always with reverence, and generally without resort to melodramatic imagination, except where Zalcikaor, Potiphar's wife, is concerned.

Discussion is bound to arise as to the propriety of dramatizing an Old Testament story, particularly as Mr. Parker could not resist the opportunity to take textual liberty with such magnificent dramatic maerial as Potiphar's wife.

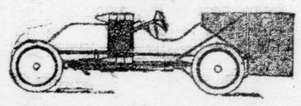
Taken altogether, I have never seen a pageant which made such an instant appeal to an audience. I do not know why Mr. Parker selected New York to produce it, unless because of this city's enormous Israelitish sympathies; but I should not be surprised to see the play running simultaneously in London and New York before the year is over.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARGET IN COWS.

"So you were deeply touched by the poem young Mr. Guffson wrote to you?" sid Maude. "Yes," answered Mamie. "But it was not a good poem." "I don't care. It was just as much trouble for him to write it as if he had been Shakespeare."—Judge.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c. t

RUDDER PREVENTS AUTO SKIDDING.



Hundreds of deaths have been caused and many horrible accidents from the skidding of automobiles on wet streets or when going at high speed around curves. A thoughtful French autoist has had great success with a device, which is nothing more or less than a huge rudder attached to the rear of the machine which presents a large surface to the air and can be swung so as to meet the wind and hold the rear end of the machine in line. The rudder used on the machine shown in the sketch was made of metal and adjusted firmly to the chassis.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No1. No2. No3.
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success, CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, DISCHARGES, KIDNEY, BLADDER, URINARY DISEASES, BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER NO. DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS FOUGERA Co, 90, BEEKMAN ST. NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO. WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD. HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORMOF EASY TO TAKE SAFE AND LASTING CURE.
THERAPION
SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD 'THERAPION' IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

Only American Pirate, 'Born Again', Asks Freedom

IN CAPTAIN KIDD'S DAY

JOSEPH KIRWIN.

THE MODERN PIRATE

"Private" uses novel argument that he is a NEW MAN, not merely in mind and morals, but in every tissue and cell of his body; has been model prisoner.

Staff Special.

Leavenworth, Kas., Jan. 25.—The only pirate in prison in America today wants congress to pass a law letting him out. Joseph Kirwin, convicted under an old law of piracy of the high seas, his crime being the stealing of $200 worth of jewelry from a woman in her stateroom on a Lake Erie steamer eight years ago, advances a startling reason for a parole.

He says he has been BORN AGAIN! That he is not the same man who committed the crime, although he bears the same name and to the world is the same one. And his "new birth" is not a religious conversion, but a physical and mental reconstruction.

"Every tissue of my physical being has been changed since I came to prison," says Kirwin, the pirate. "You know, science says that our lives are divided into cycles of seven years, and that in each seven years our entire physical being is made over, so that there is not one tissue, not one nerve cell that was there seven years ago.

"I am literally born again, mentally and morally as well as physically. My mind has changed, my ideas of right and wrong have changed with my body. By a system of reading and thinking I have taken on a new moral nature.

You are now punishing the body and mind I have today for what the body and mind I had eight years ago did."

Kirwin was a product of the gutter. Born in Toledo, O., he was sentenced to the reform school at 14 for choking a girl. Two years later he was sent to a reformatory at Pontiac, Ill., for a like crime. Released when he came of age, he went to Cleveland, O., and was arrested for strangling a woman of the underworld. He was acquitted because of lack of evidence. He then married and got a job as oiler on the steamer "Western States," plying between great lakes ports.

The sight of a bejeweled woman passenger tempted him to robbery. That night, in September, 1904, he stealthily entered her stateroom and choking her until he thought she was dead, stole her jewels and money.

He was arrested, and under an old law defining robbery on the "high seas" as piracy, he was convicted and sentenced for life. That sentence is the only possible punishment for piracy under that law, and cannot be commuted by pardon or parole, except by special act of congress.

When Kirwin was placed in prison, at Detroit, eight years ago, he was ignorant, steeped in vice, the picture of a degenerate criminal of the underworld.

Today he is cultured, educated, refined and a model prisoner.

The officers of the prison say he is one of the most intelligent and best prisoners here. R. V. LaDow, superintendent of federal prisons will ask congress to parole him.

Soon after he began serving his sentence at Detroit Kirwin took up a correspondence course in engineering and proved one of the star pupils. After completing the engineering course, the "pirate" took up university extension work, specializing in literature, natural science and psychology.

Joseph Kirwin, who became "Joe the Strangler" in the streets and gutters of Toledo, has made a MAN of himself in a prison cell. Now he wants a CHANCE. He says:

"I HAVE LARGE AMBITIONS TO DO GOOD, TO BE USEFUL, TO REDEEM THE PAST."

Rising Hope of the British Navy Is David Beattie

Rear Admiral in 38th Year—Beats Lord Nelson's Record—The Adviser of Winston Churchill.

By the rapidity of his advancement, Rear-Admiral David Beatty has beaten the wonderful record of Lord Nelson, the greatest naval fighter the world has ever known.

By reaching his present rank in his thirty-eighth year he became the youngest naval officer in that position in the British service, if not in the world's navies; and next February when he hoists his flag as commander of the first cruiser squadron, he will be the youngest fleet commander afloat—a veritable "infant prodigy" of the sea.

There is no denying the fact that Admiral Beatty not only has brains, and undoubted ability, but he has what is perhaps more important in this country, the gift of making great friends, and a large part of his success is undoubtedly due to this very gift of making friends in high quarters.

In fact, his professional career has been one long series of these firm friendships. First it was Lord Kitchener who admired the personal bravery and capability of the young fellow in Egypt, and gave him the official push that landed him in the position of commander; then it was King Edward, who first offered him a title and then, when he declined the honor, made him a rear-admiral; later it was Winston Churchill, who fell a victim to the personality of the square-jawed naval officer, and who, when he went to the admiralty, lost no time in making him his naval secretary; and finally King George, who has made him his especial protege.

A Rising Hope.

Beatty is looked upon as the rising hope of the British navy and a future first lord in succession to the illustrious chosen ones, like "Tug" Wilson and Lord Fisher, who have helped to keep the British Armada in the forefront of the world's fleets, in efficiency as well as in numbers. So determined are those in charge of the navy to pass the young rear-admiral through the intervening steps that, in one case, a special order-in-council was necessary to override the regulation of the service which stood in his way. It was when King Edward wanted to make him a rear-admiral. So rapid had been Beatty's advancement that he had not been able to comply with the regulation which sets forth that, before he can be promoted to the position of rear-admiral, a captain must serve at least six years in a time of peace.

Beatty was born in 1871. Thirteen years later he entered the navy as a midshipman. His first real opportunity to distinguish himself came in the Soudan in 1898, and he lost no time in proving his bravery. In especially trying circumstances he was quite unexpectedly called on to command the gunboat flotilla, and so well did he handle his little fleet that he attracted the attention of the greatest soldier of the present day, the grim, stern Lord Kitchener. As a consequence of the latter's high praise, Beatty was raised to the position of commander, awarded the Distinguished Service Order, mentioned in official dispatches, given a medal, and decorated with the Order of Medjidie, fourth class.

The Boxer Rebellion.

Then followed a couple of years of inaction. When the Boxer rising broke out in China young Beatty was in the thick of it. Again he was mentioned in official dispatches, awarded the medal with clasps, and promoted to the rank of captain for conspicuous service. Incidentally, he was wounded, and laid up for some time.

Upon his return to England he was taken up by King Edward. This was largely due to his wife, for whom the late monarch had a very sincere regard. At Invercauld, Mrs. Beatty became one of royalty's favorite hostesses, and King Edward, who knew so well how to reward those who looked after his social comfort, made Beatty his naval A. D. C.

Churchill and Beatty.

Before King Edward died, Beatty had attracted the attention of Winston Churchill, who had confessed to friends that what he likes about Beatty is his strong personality and the serious way in which he takes his profession. There are admirals in the British navy who have never even smelled the smoke of the actual warfare. Beatty is not one of those, and Mr. Churchill, himself a man of action, likes Beatty's record of actual achievement. When, about a year ago, Mr. Churchil began his reforms which have added greatly to the fighting strength of the British navy, it was to Beatty, largely, that he went for advice. And in order that he might have the constant counsel of the youthful rear-admiral, Churchill made him his naval secretary. Now, that the work of reformation is almost completed, and the hour of actual test seems close at hand, he launches his protege on the high seas in command of a naval squadron.

Mr. Fielding's Rebuke To Mr. Austen Chamberlain

Former Finance Minister Sends a Stroug Letter to English Press—Resents the Slur On Canadian Liberals—Must Canadian Farmers Be Penalized For the Sake of the Uuionist Party?

The following letter from Mr. Fielding, who is at present in England, has appeared in the leading British newspapers:

Sir,—Into questions between the two great political parties, or between the two sections of the Unionist party respecting food duties, I have no desire to enter. I am not one of the Canadians who feel that they have a mission to come over here to instruct the people of the United Kingdom how to manage their own affairs. But when leading men in this country, to whom the public may properly look for reliable information, are found misrepresenting the views and actions of a great part of the Canadian people on questions touching the relations between the mother country and Canada, then surely any Canadian citizen may claim a right to be heard in correction of the errors.

A few days ago I had to ask the privilege in the Times of entering what seemed to me a necessary protest against the grave misconceptions existing in certain quarters as to the attitude of the Canadian people on imperial questions. I regret that I am now obliged to renew the protest against some remarkable statements to be found in the speech of Mr. Austen Chamberlain at Acock's Green which is published in yesterday's newspapers—statements which are the more remarkable because they emanate from a gentleman of such a very high position in public affairs, and one whose utterances are usually marked by care and moderation.

After alleging that much benefit in the way of increased trade between Great Britain and Canada has come from the Canadian preference—a claim which I from my connection with the preferential tariff movement would be the last to question—Mr. Chamberlain says:

"To the Liberals the idea of treating your kinsmen better than strangers, of doing more for your friends than you do for rivals, is anathema. To us it is the kernel and the essence of the whole question. To Liberals a reciprocal arrangement with our kinsmen across the seas is but a sordid bond. To us it is a pledge of brotherhood, and a tie of unity. By Liberals the conclusion between the late Government of Canada and the United States of America of a similar reciprocal arrangement, from which the mother country was excluded, was hailed as doubly blessed. By us it is felt to be a calamity from which the patriotism and the imperialism of the people of Canada have happily delivered us. Yet the Liberal who will not consent to consider for a moment a proposal for preference, even in tobacco and wine and tea, with our own kinsmen hailed with rejoicing the conclusion of an agreement between the Governments of Canada and the United States, which was intended by the American negotiators to divert the food supplies which Canada sends here to the markets of the United States, and would have had the effect, in President Taft's own words, of making Canada—the oldest, the greatest, the most prosperous of our dominions—an 'adjunct' of its southern neighbor."

I have purposely extended my quotation a little beyond what is necessary for my immediate purpose, because I wish Mr. Chamberlain to have the benefit, such as it is, of whatever help he can obtain from President Taft's words. Mr. Taft evidently anticipated the conflict between Mr. Roosevelt and himself which a little later became so acute. No doubt Mr. Taft was well aware that in some sections of the United States the contemplated arrangement would be regarded as too favorable to Canada, and would consequently be unpopular, and he wished by committing Mr. Roosevelt to the project to prevent any later attack on him in these portions of the republic. To this end the President in a letter to Mr. Roosevelt, which came out in the course of their quarrel some months later, employed what he supposed would be an effective argument, but which in reality had no foundation in fact or in reason. Mr. Taft's words, written under such circumstances and with such a manifestly party purpose, are hardly entitled to the consideration which Mr. Chamberlain seems to accord to them. Mr. Chamberlain, I presume, will admit that the reciprocity agreement is to be judged not by what Mr. Taft said of it, not by what I say of it, not by what its friends or its enemies say of it, but by the terms of the agreement itself. If Mr. Chamberlain can find anything in the agreement that he thinks can be successfully attacked from the imperial point of view, I shall be much pleased to have him indicate it. He makes no attempt to do so, but indulges in general statements which clearly show that he has been misinformed.

Mr. Chamberlain says the agreement was "intended by the American negotiators to divert the food supplies which Canada sent here to the markets of the United States." Let me repeat that the agreement is to be judgd by its terms, and not by its alleged intentions. But let us assume that the effect of the agreement may have been as stated. Only one thing could divert the Canadian food supplies from Great Britain to the United States, and that is the payment by the United States buyers of higher prices for the supplies than could be obtained in England. Would Mr. Chamberlain wish to deny to the farmers of the Canadian West the right to get the best price for their wheat that is possible in the world's markets? Let Mr. Chamberlain apply his argument to things closer at home, and see how it will appear. If he could by some action of his own, or by some co-operation with others, shut out the wares of Birmingham from desirable foreign markets, would he consider it a good thing to do? Would the manufacturer and the workman of Birmingham love him the more because of his successful effort? Mr. Chamberlain virtually says to the Canadian farmer: "We know that the United States is the best market for your products, but we, the ultra-imperialists of England, in conjunction with others, have determined to exclude you from that market and oblige you to sell your products in markets that are less remunerative." Does Mr. Chamberlain suppose that such a declartion will make for the cultivation of good relations between the mother country and the overseas dominions? Does he imagine that the "imperial ideal" can be promoted by a statement that the Canadian farmer shall not be permitted to enjoy the best fruits of his labors?

After speaking of "reciprocal arrangements with our kinsmen across the seas," Mr. Chamberlain describes the reciprocal agreement with the United States as "a similar arrangement from which the mother country was excluded." It is to be regretted that Mr. Chamberlain has allowed himself to be led into such a misrepresentation of the Canadian-American agreement. It is not true that the mother country was excluded from the benefits of the agreement. There was not a word in the agreement to justify or excuse such a statement. There was not a word in the agreement which touched the right of Canada to make whatever arrangements might be deemed desirable with the mother country and in the explantions and resolutions which I had the honor to lay before the Canadian Parliament with the agreement, it was distinctly declared that whatever concessions Canada granted to the United States should be granted also, not only to the mother country, but to every part of the British Empire.

I need hardly say that I of course acquit Mr. Chamberlain of any intention to mislead the British public. His high character gives abundant assurance that his desire would be to deal with the question fairly, according to his knowledge. The misfortune is that for the promotion of party interests here and in Canada the reciprocity agreement has been systematically misrepresented to such an extent that even a leading statesman like Mr. Chamberlain has been deceived and misled. Yet candor obliges me to say that such statements as those I have quoted, far from promoting the good cause of imperial unity, are most mischievous, inasmuch as they are unfounded, in fact, offensive to practically one-half of the Canadian people, and calculated to destroy that respect for and confidence in British statesmen, without which it is certain the imperial ideal will never be realized.

Yours, etc., W. S. FIELDING.

Brown's Hotel, Dover street, London, W., Jan. 15.

CRITICISMS OF KIPLING.

"Mr. Kipling does something more in his verse, it may be urged, than drone on the harmonium of imperialism, and transmute the language of the Ratcliff road into polite literature. That is quite true," says the Nation.

"He owes his fame partly also to the brilliance with which he talked adventure and talked 'shop' to a generation that was exceptionally greedy for both. He more than any other writer of his time set to banjo-music the restlessness of the young man who would not stay at home. Mr. Kipling, in his verse, simply acted as a gorgeous poster-artist of empire. And even those of us who resisted his call to adventure were hypnotized by his easy and lavish manner of talking 'shop.' Mr. Kipling has put the worst of his genius into his poetry. His verses have brazen 'go' and lively color and something of the music of travel; but they are too illiberal, too snappish too knowing to afford deep or permanent pleasure to the human spirit."

When the Cold Tightens in the Chest

Whatever chances you may take with cold in the head and sore throat, you cannot but feel alarmed when the cold grips the chest, enters the bronchial tubes and threatens the lungs.

At this critical time you want a medicine you can depend upon to cure the cold and protect the lungs. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine has proven its value by many years of unqualified success. When you use it you do not feel that you are experimenting, but rather that you are doing all that can be done to cure the disease and prevent serious results.

This medicine is particularly well known as an effective treatment for chest colds and bronchitis. It not merely clears the choked-up air passages, but also allays the inflammation, and has a far-reaching effect on the whole respiratory system.

By its soothing influence on the nerves, which are always excited in the case of bronchitis and asthma, it lessens the coughing and allows the irritated mucous lining to heal up. In this way the greatest relief is obtained promptly, and cure just as surely comes with continued use.

In the great majority of homes Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine is kept constantly at hand for the treatment of coughs, colds, bronchitis, whooping-cough, asthma and sore throat. With this great medicine at hand you can control any ordinary cold, and bring prompt relief, even in severe cases of bronchitis and asthma.

Imitators go so far as to use the name Linseed and Turpentine. The medicines are alike in name only. You can be sure of getting the genuine by seeing the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., on the bottle you buy. 25 cents a bottle, family size 60 cents, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Dr. Chases Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine

Throat Was So Sore Could Hardly Speak.

Mr. Gordon Murphy, Elliott's Mills, P.E.I., writes:—"Too much praise cannot be given your valuable remedy, Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I suffered terribly from a severe cold during the early part of last winter and found it almost impossible to get anything to relieve me. Hoarseness seemed to be continually troubling me, and my throat was so sore I could hardly speak for quite a long time. At last I was advised to try your remedy, and in a short time I got relief, and have never been troubled with a sore throat or hoarseness since. I hope others will be fortunate enough to give your remedy a trial and be convinced that it is all I say it to be."

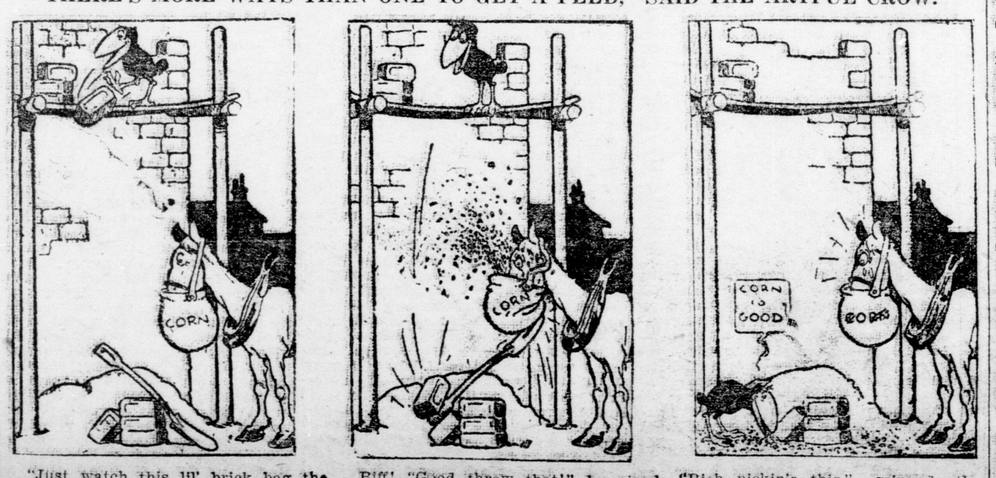
Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is without an equal for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Bronchitis and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Price, 25 and 50 cents a bottle, put up in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees the trade mark.

Be sure and get "Dr. Wood's."

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

"THERE'S MORE WAYS THAN ONE TO GET A FEED," SAID THE ARTFUL CROW.



"Just watch this lil' brick bag the corn for yours truly," said the crow. Biff! "Good throw that!" he piped as the brick hit the sovel handle. "Rich pickin's this," grinned the artful crow.

Was Troubled With His Heart.

HAD TO GIVE UP WORK.

When the heart begins to beat irregularly, palpitates and throbs, skips beats, and sometimes seems to almost stop, it causes great anxiety and alarm.

Many people are kept in a state of morbid fear of death, become weak, worn and miserable, and are unable to attend to either social or business duties, through this unnatural action of the heart.

To all such sufferers Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills will give prompt and permanent relief.

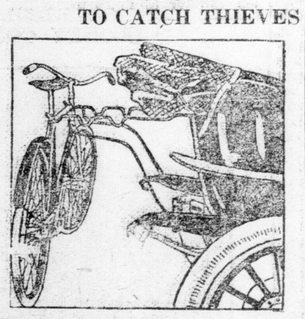
Mr. Alfred Male, Eloida, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled with my heart for two or three years. I thought sometimes that I would die. I went to the doctor, and he said he could not do anything for me. I had to give up work. My wife persuaded me to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. The first box relieved me, so I kept on until I had taken seven boxes, and they cured me. I would not be without them on any account, as they are worth their weight in gold. I advise my friends and neighbours who are troubled with heart or nerve trouble to try them."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50 cents a box, 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto Ont.

We always are kicking about our work
And wishing for rest from toil,
Merchant and banker, carpenter, clerk,
The workers of sea or soil;
We long to idle and laze around
As "people of leisure" do;
We weary, we say, of the same old round,
And hanker for something new.

And yet, if you took our work away
And told us to rest at ease,
We'd pine for the glad old working day
When we were busy as bees,
We'd twiddle our thumbs and yawn and squirm
And life would be just a bore,
And we'd long for the end of our idle term,
And the grind of a job once more.

AUTO AND BICYCLE TO CATCH THIEVES



The Parisian police department is the admiration of the world when it really busies itself to obtain information. While it takes some time to set the machinery of justice in motion, once the department gets after a thief it keeps up until somebody is arrested.

A new system of using the bicycle in conjunction with the automobile has recently been developed. A squad of policemen are started out on a chase for a thief in an auto. When they reach a point where the trail divides a man is set on the new trail on a bicycle. Provision is made for carrying bicycles on the rear of the automobile, the hangers adopted having accommodations for as many as three machines.

MARK TWAIN AND A TIRED WORLD.

"He cheered and comforted a tired world." These words are to form part of the inscription on Mark Twain's monument at his birthplace in Missouri. Their propriety is questioned by the Springfield Republican, which doubts whether this is, after all, a tired world.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTEMPER.

STUDY POLITICAL HISTORY.

"I should advise young journalists to study political history," says Sir W. R. Nicoll in the British Weekly. "Let them read the great and dreary biographies of dead politicians who were something in their day. Let them master the history of parliaments. Whatever knowledge they acquire in this kind they will find an opportunity of using—often a very sudden opportunity. The political journalists of this country were put to a stringent test the other week when the Government was accidentally defeated. What was a leader-writer to do who had to pen his article within a few hours of the catastrophe? The master journalist would know immediately where to find precedents for such a defeat."

Asthma Catarrh

WHOOPING COUGHS SPASMODIC CROUP
BRONCHITIS COUGHS COLDS

Vapo-Cresolene

ESTABLISHED 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment for bronchial troubles, without dosing the stomach with drugs. Used with success for thirty years.

The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inspired with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the Cough, assuring restful nights. Cresolene is invaluable to mothers with young children and a BOON to sufferers from Asthma. Send us postal for descriptive booklet.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Try CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC THROAT TABLETS for the irritated throat. They are simple, effective and antiseptic. Of your druggist or from us, 10c. in stamps.

Vapo Cresolene Co.
62 Cortlandt St., N.Y.
Leeming Miles Building Montreal, Can. 4

A Girl Calls Strikes "To Regenerate Race"

Leader of New York Garment Workers Sees Peril to Civilization in Sweatshop Labor, and Fights Now to Save the Next Generation.

BY HARRY BURTON.
Staff Special.

New York, Jan. 29.—There are now nearly 200,000 girls who make garments for women on strike in New York. Every day thousands more are leaving their tables and their needles and coming, singing, out onto the streets.

As they stand there, chattering in great groups, walk up and ask any one of these girls why she has "left her place," and in newly-acquired English, she will say:

"MEESE CASEY—SHE TELL US STRIKE. WE STRIKE!"

This is the really remarkable thing of this whole spectacular strike in New York. So remarkable that everyone is suddenly wanting to know just who Josephine Casey is—where her power lies and how she uses it.

Employers, one after another, have sought her out to fight with her on her attitude to the labor question, and many of them have gone away half converted—nearly decided that she is about right in aiding their own employes who are striking against them!

With Josephine Casey, you see, a strike is not just a strike. It is more—a vast deal more. It is a fight for the progress of the word—for the attainment of one more round on the cloud-tipped ladder of evolution, of life. And that, no doubt, is the secret of her power—she is fighting for the human race and not merely for a little incidental increase for the workers of a certain craft.

"A strike, rightly viewed," says Josephine Casey, "is the erection of a wall across the path of the past. It is the wall of our rights of which we say to the holders of money of the world:

"'You cannot push us behind this mark. We have come thus far in the journey of civilization and we are NOT going BACK. We are going ahead! We mean to fight to the very end. We will stand by this wall and defend it with our lives' blood, because if we do, we know it means that our CHILDREN will have a better chance with life than we have had. That is why we will not let you drive us back into the ages when we were serfs and animals—not for our sake, but for THEIRS!'"

At the age of 16 Josephine, who lived in Chicago, left school and got a position as ticket agent on the elevated railroad. When a strike was called a year later among the motormen and conductors, she organized the women ticket sellers and became the first woman delegate who ever attended a street car men's union! And she won a large wage increase of 25 cents for her fellow workers.

After this Josephine Casey went into the garment workers' industry. She learned the trade from the ground floor up. And then she became an organizer.

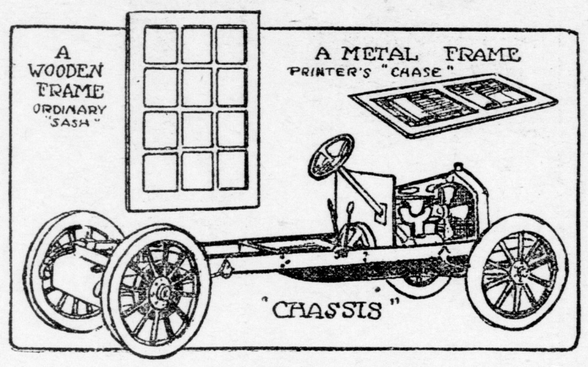
"I saw at once that in this work thousands of my sisters were being crushed into the slough of disease and immorality," said Miss Casey. "I knew that my life's work was as an out-and-out organizer—in trying to get these girls wages which would insure them decent homes and in having the places where they work also brought up to a decent level. And so it is that I have been on the job ever since."

She has been through many strikes. In Kalamazoo, Mich., she was put in a damp jail for 37 days, and was made ill, but she never complained. "Labor and not I is in jail," she said. In Cleveland she kept the toilers together for months in a great garment workers' strike.

"We can't expect to have a healthy, brilliant race of children from mothers who are worn out with work and disease before they are married," the girl declares. "And without the main portion of our race healthy and brilliant, our ENTIRE NATION IS DOOMED TO FALL AS ROME FELL!

"Consequently, I have made up my mind that I will not let a few, cruel men keep the flower of our your womanhood in sweatshops. I will fight with my dying breath to make these men recognize the birthright of every human being—a decent place to work in and wages enough for adequate support."

A WINDOW "SASH" USED TO BE A "CHASSIS" BEFORE THE AUTOIST COPPED THE WORD.



An ordinary window sash was grandmother of the word used to describe the heavy, rigid steel framework of an automobile called a chassis. Chassis is a French word and literally means frame. It was the common term employed to designate window sash before it sprung into use for automobiles—indeed the English word "sash" is a corruption of the French term.

The only other form in which the same word is used is chase, as applied to the frame of metal into which the printer fastens his type before putting it on the press. And chase is used to denominate this frame for every sort of printing job, large or small, visiting cards or newspapers.

Great Speeches By Balfour and Asquith in Third Reading Debate on Home Rule

Mr. Balfour on Religious Differences in Ireland—Complains of Treatment of Ulster—Mr. Asquith's Reply—Prophets of Evil Confounded Before and Will Be Confounded Again.

The third reading of the government of Ireland bill was the occasion of two great speeches by Mr. Asquith and Mr. Balfour.

Mr. Balfour, in formally moving that the bill "be read the third time this day three months," observed that what they had to do that day was not to survey the result of their labors, but to make some estimate of the result of the labors of the right honorable gentleman (Mr. Asquith), who had just come in, and of his colleagues, whose dictates in this matter the House had obediently accepted.

"I do not deny for one moment," Mr. Balfour went on, "that speaking broadly the Government have been supported by large and substantial majorities through the course of this bill, but discussion has been carried on under circumstances which make the value of that support, in my eyes, and I should think in the eyes of everybody who has an idea of what parliamentary discussion ought to be, utterly worthless. (Opposition cheers.) How have the Government obtained that support? They remind me, the whole course of our proceedings reminds me, of those old comedies of intrigue in which the chief schemer goes to each one of the subordinate characters in turn, gives to each a different version of his object, induces them by separate methods to carry out his policy, and finally at the end leaves them all duped."

"Who Said Food Taxes?"

At this point there were Opposition cheers and Ministerial counter-cheers, followed by loud laughter as Mr. Balfour turned to Mr. Bonar Law for an explanation. When the cheers died down a Nationalist member cried, "Who said food taxes?"

"I thought," Mr. Balfour proceeded, "I was not usually slow to grasp a meaning, even when the House expresses itself in the least articulate fashion, but honestly I do not know on this occasion how I have erred (renewed Ministerial laughter)—or how I have gained the warm approval of so many honorable gentlemen on both sides of the House by this observation. I will develop the observation (cheers) whether that approval is increased or diminished by the operation.

"I said that the Government had appealed to each party of interests and opinions, and that they had duped them all. Take them in turn. They have said to the Irish, 'We will give you nationality.' They have said to the British, 'We will give you peace and tranquility from the Irish problem.' They have said to the taxpayer, 'We will give you economy.' They have said to the home ruler all round, 'This is a step towards the disintegration of the United Kingdom.' (Opposition cheers.) They have said to the imperialist, 'This is a step towards the process of uniting the Empire.' They have said to the dwellers in the south and west of Ireland, 'You have an inalienable right to be governed by yourselves according to your own ideas.' They have said to the dwellers in the northeast of Ireland, 'You will never be so happy as when you are governed by other people according to their ideas.' I say to these people, they are duped, every one of them." (Opposition cheers.)

The Federation Ideal.

"I have said a good deal at different times upon the folly, as I think, and the extraordinary absurdity of the scheme under which the Irish think they are receiving and the British think they are giving—I mean this scheme of federation. Nothing I have heard in these debates has diminished my sense of the extraordinary absurdity and folly of representing this as a rational or reasonable step towards carrying out that ideal. Every one of the federal communities in the world has been produced by the coalescence of independent units. You have been pursuing precisely the opposite policy. You have been federalizing to disintegrate and not to integrate. But not content with reversing the normal and the right system of devolution you have done it in a manner extraordinarily foolish, even granting that your object was reasonable or wise. The Government go hunting about the world, and they find some precedent somewhere for each one of the errors and blunders which they have introduced into their measure. The statesmen who had to bring unity out of diversity found themselves face to face with the separate interests of separate organized communities and, of course, it was impossible for them to make the federal system what they would have desired. In compromising they destroyed the symmetry of the fabric. It is to this compromise, which at the time might have been the height of wisdom, but which now is a blunder, that gentlemen opposite rushed to find an example for their experiments. Take the postoffice for example. Everywhere it has been thought one of the great advantages of federation that the postal system of the country should be one. But it was to the only exception that the Government rushed for their pattern. At the time of the unification of the German Empire, Bavaria and Wurtemberg were strong enough to ask as part of the terms that the postal arrangements should be left to them. That precedent had not been copied until these architects of constitutions came upon the scene—(laughter)—and hunted around, until they found something which by breaking up the unity of our postal arrangements should provide the Irish with an adequate fund of local patronage. (Opposition cheers.)

Treatment of Ulster.

"I was almost shocked," Mr. Balfour observed, "at the utter want of comprehension of the Ulster case in this House, and to a certain extent outside. On Jan. 1 the Prime Minister was careful to explain that he did not underrate the importance of the Ulster opposition. But while the Prime Minister thoroughly understood the character of the feelings of Ulster, could not trace in his speech the smallest comprehension of the grounds, the reasons, why Ulster has this solid determination, which nothing I believe will deflect, not to acquiesce in the system which the Government are now proposing. He admitted the fact, but he could not understand it. I think it is not only intelligible, but I think there is not a supporter of the Government who, if he had been born, or bred, or had lived in Ulster, or if his business had been there, if his family were there, would not share the view now held by Ulstermen. (Opposition cheers.)

Religious Differences in Ireland.

"I am going to say, I feel pained to say, something about religious differences, but in a manner which, I believe, could not by any possibility hurt the feelings of any man whatever the creed or absence of creed he entertains. It is notorious to everybody who knows anything about Ireland that in that country the divisions of party politics, the divisions of opinion, in other words, of secular administration, are closely allied, mixed up I was almost going to say, with questions of creed and of religion. The two propositions I am going to advance are these: First, that it is not peculiar to Ireland; and second, that wherever it exists in every case it produces the most unhappy results, and results which are always injurious to the minority. (Opposition cheers.) . . .

"That is the condition in which Ireland is now. It really is folly to tell me that there is nothing to be feared for the minority if you hand over the minority to the majority to manage their own affairs. It is contrary to the whole lessons of history. (Opposition cheers.) No religion has suffered more from it than that of the Roman Catholics where they are in a minority. The Ulstermen have only to go back to history to see that they have done this sort of thing. Nothing is more scandalous or shameful in all British history than some of the penal laws, and the use made in times gone by of the powers of education to pervert and divert people from the faith of their fathers. (Ministerial cheers.)

"I do not think that Protestants are worse than Roman Catholics. Of course, I do not suppose—nobody supposes—that in these days if the Roman Catholics were a small minority in the southwest of Ireland, and you gave home rule to Ireland, the penal laws would be re-established. Nobody supposes that as the balance of power is going to be the other way, even without your safeguards, the Roman Catholic majority would set to work to persecute in the old style or deliberately to persecute at all. Nobody supposes that. (Ministerial cheers.) Do I really understand these cheers to mean that that settles the question? Am I really to believe that honorable gentlemen think that that really is enough to reconcile the minority of the northeast of Ireland to live under the control of a majority in a country where, as I say, historically for generation after generation questions of religion and politics have been mixed up?"

"The Prime Minister has throughout these debates told us," Mr. Balfour observed, "that we have only to mention safeguards and he will give us safeguards. (Laughter.) I believe the right honorable gentleman has been perfectly honest and honorable in that connection. I believe he desired to give safeguards. But the very fact that everybody feels that safeguards are required is in itself enough to show that Ulster is justified in its opposition. You put a small minority in a hostile country, and you say: 'We will build you palisades and give you strong places, and if you show us a fit situation we will put up another bastion, or we will dig another ditch, and you will be able to resist, and we shall be in the background, and if you are hard pressed we will relieve you.' People do not want to live in fortresses. The very fact that every man knows on both sides of the House that these strong places are required is ample ground for seeing why Ulster hates this bill, not as a relic of ancient prejudices, not as a mere survival of ancient and unhappy history, not as an invention based upon an imaginary past, but because it feels the existence and the absolute necessity of an overwhelming danger. (Opposition cheers.)

"Can anybody say that Ulster is wrong? Honorable gentlemen opposite talk glibly of the rule of majorities and of constitutions, and of all that. It is very easy for them to do so. If by a stroke of the pen you put Yorkshire in the place of Ulster, Yorkshire would feel in a fortnight as Ulster feels today. These solid ranks of Yorkshire, and others whom I see opposite, in such a case as that—do you think they would not do what Ulster is doing? Would they not better the example of Ulster? They would spend their days drilling and their nights in importing arms. If you think the case I have endeavored to make for Ulster so weak, you try to put the case of the rebelling American colonies in the middle of the last century, and see how the two cases compare."

How English and Scots Would Act.

"The peril of the existing state of things, if I in any sense read the situation aright," Mr. Balfour concluded, "is great indeed for this reason: I do not believe that the Ulstermen are thinking in the least differently from what every Englishman and Scotsman would think in their place; and if Englishmen and Scotsmen do not think so now, it is because, as I believe, they are inadequately informed. They have not, if I may say so without any offence, really exercised their powers of sympathetic imagination as to how they would act themselves in that case. If they had done that, never would this bill have been allowed to pass; never, at all events, would the amendment moved on the first day of this year have been rejected by an overwhelming majority. But this position of oblivion or this attitude of blindness cannot be perpetrated. Something will arouse the feeling in this country, something will make the people of this country understand what it is that the Ulstermen really complain of. Do not put off the day of enlightenment too long. Come it must, but let it come in time; if it comes in time then the Government have still got a locus poenetentiae; there is still time before this bill becomes operative in which what I firmly believe to be the real sentiment of the British people may find expression in the legislation of the Government and all the dangers that I fear will be conquered.

"But if it does not come by argument and perception and the natural insight of the public of this country, if they only begin to see what dangers and difficulties they are in when those whom they ought to have protected are endeavoring to protect themselves, then it seems to me from every point of view a calamity will have been inflicted upon this country the magnitude of which it is impossible, I believe, to measure. (Loud Opposition cheers.) It will be in itself the greatest of evils, and the collateral consequences will spread far and wide, touching all interests and affecting the whole essence of public morality in this country—all that will receive a shock and a blow from which we may not recover for generations. Do not let that happen. If it does happen, if these calamities do come about, I will not venture among all those who are guilty or may be guilty to apportion the blame, but I say with confidence if blood be spilled in this controversy—and God forbid that it should be so!—the real assassins are those who have never had the courage to face the situation. (Loud Opposition cheers.)

Mr. Asquith.

Mr. Asquith said that the right honorable gentleman was, as they all knew, one of the most experienced and most adroit dialecticians in that House, and the right honorable gentleman, as he knew well, if others did not, was a past master in a very interesting and admirable art, that of manufacturing false dilemmas. (Laughter.) His speech that night had been another illustration that his facility and resourcefulness in the practice of that art was not stated by custom or blunted by use. (Laughter.)

"The right honorable gentleman has presented us again tonight," the Premier proceeded, "with one or two of these dilemmas, to which I should like to ask the attention of the House for a few moments, because they go to the very root of this controversy. The first of them is this: 'Ireland is either a nation or she is not a nation. If she is a nation this bill does not go far enough. If she is not a nation this bill goes a great deal too far.' I do not believe it is possible for anybody on paper or in speech to define what nationality is and means; but, judged by any criterion that has ever been suggested by any authority on the subject, I conceive that Ireland will satisfy it. (Cheers.)

What Parnell Said.

"Mr. Parnell once said, in a phrase which is often quoted to show that the Irish members cannot accept this bill in satisfaction of their national demand, that it was impossible to set bounds to the march of a nation. So it is. But it does not follow—and this is where this dilemma becomes so unreal when you bring it down to the level of experience and of concrete fact—that a nation may not retain all that makes it such and have a complete autonomy in regard to its own local affairs, and yet be a member by incorporation and have a voice as such member in the affairs of a large political whole. (Cheers.) If you are going to rule out, as not having attained to the stature of nations, or as having fallen short of the standard of nations, countries which do not comply with those conditions you will have to begin by ruling out Scotland and Wales, and you will have to end by ruling out Canada, Australia, and all the great self-governing dominions of the crown. (Cheers.)

The Federal Principle.

"Then there is another dilemma which perhaps was not so clearly expressed, but was certainly implied in something that the right honorable gentleman said. It is this: 'If you have such an incorporation — an incorporation, that is to say, of a nationality in a larger political whole—it must be either federal or not federal. I perfectly agree in regard to this bill that it is neither completely the one nor completely the other. We do not adopt in this bill, as Mr. Gladstone did in the bill of 1886, the colonial analogy. We retain the Irish members in the House of Commons. We allow the Imperial House of Commons for general purposes to tax Ireland as well as Great Britain. We retain for the Imperial Parliament large powers which can be effectively exercised, both of over-riding legislation and of executive veto.

"I am not in the least depressed or troubled by those who say: 'Well, this is a thing which is neither fish nor flesh nor fowl,' because there is nothing like it in the constitutions of the world. My answer is: There is no state of conditions similar or identical to those of Ireland and Great Britain, and it would be pedantry and not statesmanship if we were to adopt, by the Procrustean method, plans and measures which have been found useful elsewhere and applied them to conditions which are totally alien to those which either prevail. (Cheers.) . . .

"In this bill we retain the Irish representation. Let me point out this. The exclusion of the Irish members was the real rock on which the bill of 1886 foundered. I heard a very eloquent speech the other night from the right honorable gentleman, the member for East Worcestershire (Mr. A. Chamberlain)—(cheers)—when we were discussing the question of the proposed exclusion of Ulster. The right honorable gentleman said we were turning out the men of Ulster from their allegiance to the Imperial Government, and he quoted a passage from a speech made by Mr. John Bright in 1886.

"Has the right honorable gentleman refreshed his memory lately by reading the speech delivered upon the second reading of that bill by his own illustrious relative, the member for West Birmingham (Mr. Joseph Chamberlain)? What was the real ground of the opposition of the member for West Birmingham to the bill of 1886. Let anybody read that speech again. I do not think I am wrong in saying he would have voted for the second reading of the bill of 1886 if it had contained what this bill contains—the retention of the Irish representation at Westminster. (Cheers.)

"When people talked as they did—I think not without assumption of reason in the way of criticism—of putting not only Ulster but Ireland outside the aegis of the Imperial Parliament, what they had in view, as the right honorable gentleman, the member for West Birmingham had, was the exclusion of the Irish representation from this House and the conversion of Ireland to all intents and purposes into a colony—in fact, that we here in this country should hereafter carry on our discussions, transact our affairs, discharge our duties to the Empire, without Ireland having any part or voice or lot in the matter. That is what killed the bill of 1886; that is what led to the foundation of the Liberal Unionist party. (Loud Ministerial cheers.) That is no longer any part of our proposal."

The Ulster Problem.

The prime minister went on to deal with the question of Ulster raised by Mr. Balfour, and referred in very sympathetic terms to the absence of Sir Edward Carson (owing to Lady Carson's serious illness). Sir Edward, he observed, had been the protagonist in regard to Ulster, and whatever differences of opinion may have been between them, they had all regarded him from first to last as a consistent, courageous and resourceful representative of the opinions which he conscientiously held, and which he had courageously put forward. (Cheers.)

"As we have often said," Mr. Asquith continued, "Ulster is a geographical expression. The representation of Ulster at this moment is equally balanced. (Ministerial cheers.) What it may be in a week or fortnight it would take a very good prophet to say; but, at any rate, it cannot be altered by more than one. So Ulster, as Ulster, may be left out of the case, and when the right honorable gentleman was speaking of Ulster, I presume he was really referring to those particular counties which constitute the north—the claim that is put forward? This is the last time we shall have a real opportunity of understanding it. What is the claim put forward on behalf of those counties? We ought to know, because the right honorable gentleman was not wrong in saying that I have always used—and I think most of my colleagues also—really sympathetic language in regard to this matter, and if we could meet the case of those counties so far as it is founded on justice, or even upon apprehension without doing injustice to Ireland as a whole, we should be most glad and delighted to do so.

Mr. Asquith's Matured Views.

"I would venture to quote, though I am quoting myself, one sentence which is expressive of my own matured views, and, I believe, of those of the whole of my colleagues with regard to this matter which I used when I spoke in Dublin last summer. What I said was this, and I hope we shall get the answer in the course of this debate:

To say that a minority, which is admittedly a minority before any actual wrong has been or can be done or upon suspicion or apprehension in defiance of the terms of an act of Parliament, and of the supreme authority of the Imperial Parliament, may peradventure at some future day, be injured or oppressed, to say that that minority is entitled on such ground to thwart and defeat the constitutional demand of the vast majority of their fellow-countrymen and to frustrate a great international settlement, is a proposition which, in my opinion does not, and never will, commend itself either to the conscience or judgment of the British people.

—(Ministerial cheers.)

"That is our answer; that is the statement of our case in regard to Ulster. We have asked again and again what additional securities and safeguards you can suggest or we can provide. . . . I want to know what is your claim. Is the sentence I have read? Is it or is it not sound policy? The right honorable gentleman has talked about Yorkshire. Well, I am a Yorkshireman—(Ministerial cheers)—and have as strong pride in my native county as any Ulster man can have in Ulster. I am not going to assert, and no Yorkshireman I know of would assert, a kind of liberum veto for a minority—that a minority of the population of a county, although collected together in one particular area, and although the inheritors of strong racial and religious traditions should thwart and defeat the wishes and the aspirations of the great majority of their fellow-countrymen. Minorities ought to be protected; they ought to be protected not only against injustice, but against even the suspicion of apprehension of injustice. I will go any length in that direction, but I said when we were talking about Ulster the other day, and I repeat here tonight, that the claim that is put forward, if it can be formulated in any intelligible shape on behalf of those four counties, is a claim which is absolutely fatal to Democratic Government. (Ministerial cheers.)

Science of Political Dupery.

"The right hon. gentleman suggested then, as he has suggested before, and others like him, that under the system created by this bill there will be perpetual friction and misunderstanding. He said we were all dupes. The Irish were dupes so far as they believed in us, and the English and Scots were dupes so far as they believed in the Irish, and Parliament were dupes so far as they believed in his Majesty's Government. (An hon. member: "Who is it who are not dupes?") The only people who are not dupes are those who sit on that bench opposite. (Ministerial cheers and laughter and an hon. member: "A happy family.") They have had some experience of their own in regard to what I may call the science of political dupery. (Ministerial laughter.)

Prophets of Evil Confounded.

"We do not hear so much today, and we heard nothing in the speech of the right hon. gentleman, about the dangers of separation. In 1886 and 1893 those of us who took part in those controversies will remember that home rule was always represented as the first step towards separation. We hear very little upon that now. (Ministerial cheers.) The same thing used to be thought and used to be said when our self-governing colonies were step by step emancipated from the paternal control of the Government of Downing street, and set up one after another as masters of their own households. Lord John Russell talked about separation, and Mr. Disraeli at one time in his life thought the same thing.

"When I heard the right hon. gentleman just now in his spirited peroration which evoked so much enthusiasm on the benches behind him predict in fulginous language what was at least likely to happen on the grant of self-government to Ireland, when he compared us and spoke of us as, I think his phrase was, the assassins or prospective, contingent, possible assassins at any rate, of British liberties and of the British constitution, I could not help recalling how, not more than six years ago, from that very same place, I heard the same right hon. gentleman predict with equal confidence and in equally lurid language, the consequences which would follow from what he described as the most reckless experiment that political folly had ever conceived in the grant of responsible self-government to the Transvaal." (Loud Ministerial cheers.)

"In building up a great Empire," Mr. Asquith said in conclusion, "it is always necessary to take risks, and what the old Roman poet said then is equally true of us:

Tante molis erat Romanam condere gentem.

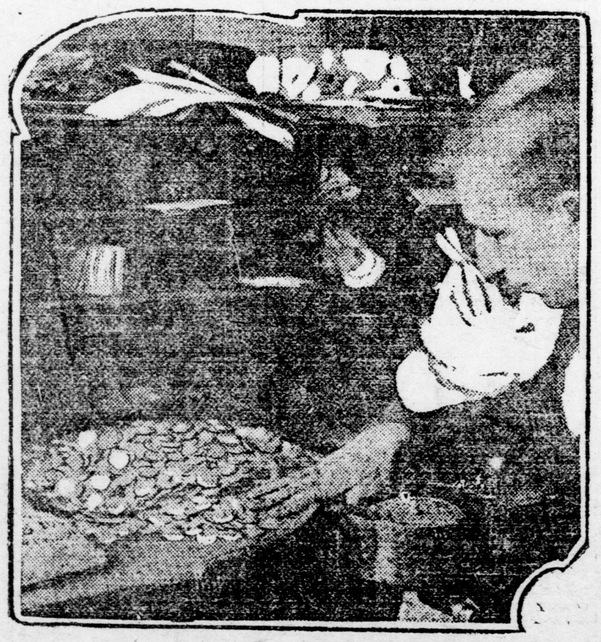
"You must run risks. The risks which we have run have been justified and invariably justified by subsequent experience, because in devolving from ourselves the control of local affairs to local communities and in building up their separate rights upon a basis of self-government with the fullest freedom for self-development we have invariably found that we have had our reward, and more than our reward, in increased loyalty and affection to the Empire as a whole. We hope and confidently believe that it will happen again in this the most crucial and most serious case in the whole of our Imperial history.

"In commending this bill upon its third reading to the House I do so not in the attitude or in the language of apology. We look forward with confidence to its result—(Ministerial cheers)—because we believe it to be calculated to bring to an end a secular quarrel. It is no use now to analyze the shortcomings of the past or to attempt exactly to apportion as though you were weighing it in the balance the burden of blame on both sides. Not only upon one side, but upon both sides bitter words have been spoken, and bad things have been done. It is true in another sense from that in which our great poet used the words:

High heaven rejects the lore
Of nicely calculated less or more.

"What seems almost from the first an unkindly fate has brooded over these two islands to frustrate their common life and to sever their natural unity. Time after time, when they were coming together, the web which seemed about to be woven of reciprocal interests and affections, has been unravelled and torn asunder as though under the spell of some malignant curse. Sir, let it be our part to exercise once and for all these baneful influences and to join two peoples, meant to be one, whom the chances of history, the seeming caprice of fortune, the follies and passions of men have kept apart, in a fruitful and enduring union." (Loud ministerial cheers.)

MONEY COUNTED BY MACHINE.



In the counting of money in the United States treasury, which is a tremendous job, the coins are counted by machine. This picture shows one of these machines that do their work with almost human intelligence, and more than human accuracy.

The machine is counting dimes. They are swept into it by hand, and they fall into a bag underneath when the operator turns the handle. An indicator on the machine registers the number passing through, and when 1,000 dimes, or $100 worth, have been counted, the bag is sealed and packed away.

Stops Tobacco Habit in One Day

Sanitarium Publishes Free Book Showing How Tobacco Habit Can Be Banished in From One to Five Days at Home.

The Elders Sanitarium, a branch office of which is located at 824 S. Yonge street, Toronto, Canada, has published a free book showing the deadly effect of the tobacco habit, and how it can be banished in from one to five days at home.

Men who have used tobacco for more than fifty years have tried this method and say it is entirely successful, and in addition to banishing the desire for tobacco has improved their health wonderfully. This method banishes the desire for tobacco, no matter whether it is smoking, chewing, cigarettes or snuff dipping.

As this book is being distributed free, anyone wanting a copy should send their name and address at once.

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...Catarrh	...Weak Lungs	...Pimples	...Ovarian Trouble
...Constipation	...Chronic Cough	...Eczema	...Painful Periods
...Piles	...Malaria	...Neuralgia	...Hot Flashes
...Diarrhoea	...Asthma	...Headache	...Bearing Down Pains
...Torpid Liver	...Hay Fever	...Dizziness	...Leucorrhoea
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The Inner Guard of Wall Street Rules By Craft

Mantle of Old Money Kings Has Fallen on Three Men, Little Known, Who Wield Vast Power in Secret, Holding the Purse Strings of America.

[By Frederic Drew Bond.]
Famous Financial Analyst and Author of "Stock Prices," a University Text Book.

The Pujo committee's investigation of the "money trust" has brought out the fact that the old swashbucklers of Wall street have passed away and the pocketbooks of the American people are now controlled by a new set of rulers, using far more subtle methods. But who the new rulers are the public does not know.

FRANCIS L. HINE.

EDMUND C. CONVERSE.

GEORGE F. BAKER.

The unsung leaders of Wall street, who "doeth their work in secret," constitute an inner guard that rules less by brute force than by diplomacy.

This guard is in command of the money and credit of the country right now. It consists of George F. Baker, Edmund C. Converse and Francis L. Hine—three quiet men of vast power.

So completely do these unheralded men direct every move on the chess-board of national finance that not a single great stock market movement goes on without their consent! Not a single great manipulator of Wall street starts a campaign without consulting them first! Not a single reorganization of importance occurs without their direct or tacit consent! Not a single great promotion is made without their agreement!

And so, in substance, it means that one or more of these three men either personally or through allies take an active interest in practically EVERY big movement — receivership, underwriting or what-not that occurs in the street.

Now, what gives these three men their wonderful position and their consummate power?

Francis L. Hine is chairman of the Clearing House of New York City.

This is the very "sanhedrim" of American finance — consequently, he is a man who holds the fate of practically any small bank or trust company in his palm. He gains added power because he is also president of the First National Bank, now the most powerful bank in all America—the bank of which George F. Baker has been, until very lately, the head.

Hine is of old New England parentage, and is a man personally of wide and various interests. Though director in some of the greatest corporations in America, he is also closely connected with the Union Theological Seminary.

The second man, Edmund C. Converse, is president of the Bankers' Trust Company. This probably means little or nothing to those outside of the financial circles of the land. Indeed, even in Wall street it meant little until very recenty.

But right now the Bankers' Trust Company is the very centre of the large, "legitimate," speculative activity of Wall street. Its directors are from the largest financial groups of the street. All the interests above mentioned are directly represented on its board. It is the institution where the threads of action leading to all parts of the street are gathered up and controlled.

And the third of the "inner guard" is George F. Baker, 73, but hale and hearty. Baker is better known than the other two because he is Morgan's closest personal friend in the street. This is the Baker who admitted the other day before the Pujo committee that in the panic of 1907 it was Morgan, Stillman and himself who controlled the situation.

The great influence that this bank wields is shown by Baker's own statement that he has, by virtue of his position, become a director in at least 49 other banks comprising the very cream of the financial, transportation and industrial organizations of the country!

Leadership in Wall street change very quickly, and within a few years Baker, Converse and Hine and corporations, may be "down and outers," so far as the financial game is concerned, but their successors, whoever they may be, it is pretty safe to predict, will be the new type of money-genius—who sits at his desk and pulls the strings that operate from the Atlantic to the Pacific, although he himself is no speculator or avowed dealer-in-securities at all!

Completion of Wonderful Assuan Dam; Daring Engineering Work on River Nile.

It Floods Millions of Acres of Lands in Egypt and Prevents Drought—The Greatest Irrigation Project in the World.

[London Correspondence of the New York Sun.]

The completion of the Nile dam at Assuan on December 23 was one of the most important and daring works of modern engineering. The design of the work and the choice of site are due to Sir William Willcocks.

To paraphrase Sir William Willcocks' own words, the dam and the services it renders Egypt are but the outcome of an age-long series of efforts for the irrigation of the country begun in the remote past when Menes constructed the great dike at Memphis.

The system then inaugurated and known as basin irrigation is the system of flooding the cultivable lands during the annual rise of the Nile, thereby securing a thorough refreshment of the soil and a plentiful supply of subsoil water which may be raised by mechanical means after the river has fallen. This system has been maintained ever since and given the Egyptian climate and the quality and conditions of the Nile flood basin irrigation has stood without a rival as a practical scheme of hydraulic engineering for many thousands of years.

In those ancient times the absence of masonry regulators made it more difficult to control floods than to provide additional water. Nowadays, the provision of additional water is more difficult than protection from floods. Both, however, are equally important. The need for additional water was felt 90 years ago when modern conditions and requirements began to affect Egypt.

Efforts were made by the distinguished French engineers in the employment of Mehemet Ali Pasha to design works that should make a more extended use of the fertilizing Nile flood. These tentative ideas and efforts were a move in the right direction, but fortunately Mehemet Ali was deterred by his European advisers from executing them on his own lines; for he desired to pull down the great pyramid to furnish stone for his Nile dam.

Later came the barrage at Galliub, north of Cairo, but the construction of this, the pioneer work of its kind, was attended by all the difficulties that arise from a bad foundation, dilatory officialdom and oriental ideas of finance. Large sums of money and vast labor was expended; yet the barrage failed and its failure so discouraged the Egyptian Government that the whole question was dropped.

From time to time suggestions were put forward for damming the river or creating great reservoirs, but the former failure stood in the way of new efforts. By the early '80s Sir Colin Scott-Moncrieff had taken in hand the Egyptian irrigation question, after a distinguished career in India, and as his assistant, in 1883, came William Willcocks, who also had had considerable experience of irrigation works in India.

One of his first works was the repairing of the barrage, and the success that in 1887 attended this gave new life to the question of reservoirs; Sir Colin Scott-Moncrieff deputed Col. Western and Mr. Willcocks to examine and report on the various schemes that had been brought before the Government, and then been shelved. Among these schemes were some that proposed dams across the Nile at different places, but on examination it was found that the river bed was quite unsuitable at the points recommended. There was also another reason why such of these schemes as might include dams further south than Assuan were unsuitable.

Some of the more important summer crops of Egypt are incapable of standing a 10-days drouth, and these crops might perish while their supplies of water were flowing down the river bed from too remote a reservoir. It was important therefore that a dam, and the store of water held up by it, should be as close as possible to the more extensive and fertile stretches of cultivable land in the northern country. Assuan seemed to be the ideal spot where the requisite conditions could be obtained, and in 1889 Mr. Willcocks became director-general of reservoir studies. Col. Western having left Egypt in that year, and the Willcocks report on the site for a Nile dam appeared in 1893 and 1894. An international commission, composed of Sir B. Baker, M. Boule and Signor Torricelli, approved of the proposals.

But here again financial difficulties arose, then came the Sudan rebellion, and for four years the completed project lay in official pigeonholes. Among the few far-seeing men who saw clearly the immense increase in agricultural prosperity that would be brought by a reservoir and the consequently increased returns from taxation was Sir Ernest Cassel.

In 1898 he came forward with the funds. Sir B. Baker, as his consulting engineer, and Sir John Aird & Co., as contractors, undertook to complete the Assuan dam and the Asslut weir by December, 1903. The Egyptian Government, advised by Sir William Garstin, accepted the offer; the official foundation stone was laid by the duke of Connaught on February 12, 1899, and the work was completed by December, 1902, a year in advance of the time agreed upon at a cost of nearly £2,500,000 sterling.

As originally designed the dam would have meant the submergence for several months in each year of the temples of Philae, which stand on an island just above it, and to avoid this antiquarian disaster the plans were modified in 1898, so that, as temporarily completed in 1902, it had a height of 37 meters. But in 1904 the necessity of raising it was realized and it is the completion of the works necessary for this purpose, begun in the winter of 1907-1908, that has now been celebrated. The dam in its previous condition formed a reservoir which provided a storage capacity of about 980,000,000 cubic meters, but the completed dam will store more than twice as much. The cost of alteration is about £1,500,000.

IT'S REALLY AN AIRSHIP THAT GLIDES ON WATER.

BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD.

This "hydrocycle" is the very latest thing in water craft. In a way it is a combination, bicycle and boat. It is driven by a propeller on the rear of its frame, like an aeroplane: it is operated and guided by handlebars and pedals like a bicycle, and it glides through the water on two long, slended buoys shaped like boats.

On the seats are the Moretti brothers, who invented the water-skimming aerocycle in their workshop at Milan, Italy. It can be made with a single seat and used by one person.

PROF. SCHAFER'S LETTER BAG

His Famous Address on the Origin of Life Brings Many Reproving Letters.

Prof. Schafer, the president of the British Association, whose address at Dundee on "The Nature and Origin of Life," caused such a sensation, convulsed with merriment the members of the Authors' Club, who entertained him the other night, when he disclosed some of the amusing letters which his address has evoked from every quarter of the globe.

Had he attempted to answer every letter, he said, he would have had to engage a fleet of typewriters, and would still be busy. From America he had sent to him a copy of the tablet which God handed to Noah. This extremely interesting inscription ran:

"Have ditches dug from ocean to ocean into every burning and boiling place and into every abundant burning coal mine, and let all bodies float away. Drown all birds, hens, snakes, camels and llamas, never eat meat, and drown all people and allow all bedies to float away. Never teach or preach, never have any houses or cities. Flood inside all volcanoes, and use submarine boats and deep-sea diving bells." (Laughter.)

"I think these directions must have been very useful to Noah," was Dr. Schafer's comment.

The Millennium Coming.

Another gentleman much nearer home told him that the millennium was coming, and added that "wealth and learning will be cast off, so there will not be much chance for some of you. Toilers and tillers will be upraised, and writers and talkers will be rejected."

Then he had been asked by many to explain the Book of Genesis. He did not attempt to explain it. Then there was a gentleman who wrote to him that the two most gifted men in the world had never spoken to one another and suggested a visit. (Laughter.)

Another man wrote that he made an experiment 60 years ago by pulling a hair out of a horse's tail along with the root and laying it in some mud. He covered it with a little water, and after examining it from time to time found it was beginning to move and wriggle. "He says that in his opinion it was converted into an eel. Was I of that opinion?" said Prof. Schafer.

Ignorance of the World.

Adopting a more serious vein, Prof. Schafer said that no one was more astonished than he was to find that his address had set Fleet street on fire. It strikingly illustrated the ignorance of the world in general regarding what the rest of the world was doing. There were very few modern biologists who would seriously differ from the general trend of his Dundee address.

MAYONNAISE MIXER.

How many hostesses are there who are forced to apologize for the "curdled" or unmixed appearance of their mayonnaise dressing because the oil and the other constituents of the dressing have not been properly mixed?

Yet it is a simple matter to have the proper mixture attained if a little mechanical appliance that anyone can secure is used. All that is necessary is a bracket to which an egg beater can be screwed with a shelf far enough under it to hold the bowl in which the dressing is to be mixed and permit the egg-beater to reach the bottom of the bowl.

There is a ring on the opposite side of the bracket to which the egg-beater is affixed large enough to hold an ordinary funnel. The oil is placed in the funnel and a cork is placed in the small end to regulate the flow to a drop at a time. The other constituents of the dressing are placed in the bowl and the handle of the egg beater is turned. The oil will drop into the dressing in just the proportion desired and the proper mixture is attained. A hammer, a few nails, a piece or two of wood, screws and rugs are all that is needed.

PIERRE LOTI AND ROUMANIA'S QUEEN.

"During my wanderings I once chanced to spend a few days with a fairy in an enchanted castle."

This is the opening sentence of Pierre Loti's account of his acquaintanceship with the Queen of Roumania in his new book "Carmen Sylva, and Sketches From the Orient."

"Somewhat perfervid, somewhat absurd, a little breathless as before a supernatural vision stands our French author and visitant of royalty. He gets all the fun there is to be had in such a visiting, in the sense of experiencing all the proper feelings of awe, wonder and admiration," says the New York Times.

"'How,' he cries, 'shall we describe the features of this queen? This is a delicate, a difficult task, for the ordinary expressions one would use are immediately rejected as irreverent, so instinct with respect is the feeling she arouses within the soul. The light of eternal youth is in her smile, on her velvet-pink cheeks, shining and dancing in the laughter of her beauteous lips . . . and what words could express the unrivalled charm of her glance, of those clear gray eyes. . . . At the beginning of these notes I spoke of a fairy; that was my way of referring to a being of superior essence.'"

"Before she was married she was constantly on the lookout for a husband." "Well?" "And since she got one she is still constantly on the lookout for him." —Houston Post.

Una Golondrina No Hace Verano

"One swallow does not make a Summer", but one swallow of Corby's "Special Selected" Canadian Whisky will make it your favorite for life. It is pure and clean, and is a whisky with a noble lineage. Matured for years in charred-oak barrels, until thoroughly ripe and mellow. $1.00 a bottle from your own or any first-class dealer.

61

MEN—YOU NEED NERVE

EARLY INDISCRETIONS AND EXCESSES HAVE UNDERMINED YOUR SYSTEM

The nerves control all actions of the body so that anything that debilitates them will weaken all organs of the system. **Early Indiscretions and Excesses** have ruined thousands of promising young men. **Unnatural Drains** sap their vigor and vitality and they never develop to a proper condition of manhood. They remain weaklings, mentally, physically and sexually. **How you feel?** Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, specks before the eyes with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritable, palpitation of the heart, bashful, debilitating dreams, sediment in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory, lifeless, distrustful, lack energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable moods, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, etc.

This is the condition our New Method Treatment is GUARANTEED TO CURE

We have treated Diseases of Men for almost a lifetime and do not have to experiment. Consult us **FREE OF CHARGE** and we will tell you whether you are curable or not.

We guarantee curable cases of NERVOUS DEBILITY, VARICOSE VEINS, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, GLEET, BLADDER URINARY AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS

Free Booklet on Diseases of Men. If unable to call write for QUESTION LIST FOR HOME TREATMENT

Wonderful Nervous System

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat **no patients** in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows: DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

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The Canada Metal Co., Limited

FACTORIES: Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg.

Ready for Cold Days?

Keep your body warm and your digestion perfect by eating

SHREDDED WHEAT

WITH HOT MILK

every morning for breakfast. Shredded Wheat on a cold day gives natural warmth in a natural way. Shredded Wheat makes good red blood and healthy muscular tissue—the best protection against cold and exposure. Better for children than mushy porridges because they have to CHEW it and they get more real nutriment from it.

Heat the Biscuit in oven to restore crispness; then pour hot milk over it, adding a little cream. Salt or sweeten to suit the taste. Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits with hot milk will supply all the strength needed for a half day's work or play. It is also delicious for any meal in combination with fresh or preserved fruits.

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A Canadian Food for Canadians

The Canadian Shredded Wheat Co. Limited

Niagara Falls, Ont.

Toronto Office: 49 Wellington Street East.

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D. CAMPBELL & SONS

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Bank of Toronto Chambers

WHAT IS IT?

BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD.

What's the answer?

Do you know its name? Where it lives? What IS it, anyhow?

IT came to America just the other day. That was its first in this land.

Look like a rabbit to you? Take another squint at its tusks growing from its upper jaws and hanging below the under lip.

Look like a large rat to you? Glimpse the hoofs on the feet and draw another guess.

Look like a goat? Ever see a head like this on a goat? Of course not!

Well, then, what does it look like?

Really, when one gets real well acquainted with IT, it doesn't look like anything we know. And yet it looks a little like lots of animals we see.

The Daily Advertiser animal sharp has tackled the job, and when he buckles down to anything you can just bank on his finding this little what's-its-name standing in the animal world and family history. He's trying to tree it in the encyclopedia, and if he doesn't land it, there he is going to wade through a pile of animal books at the library. He says he will get a correct line-up on the creature in time for Monday's paper.

So watch for Monday's Advertiser and see how near you are to it on your guess, or how far from the real name you got.

Everybody's entitled to as many guesses as he or she can make.

If you think you've got the right answer, tell The Advertiser quick!

The Right Soap For Baby's Skin Is Cuticura Soap

IN the care of baby's skin and hair, Cuticura Soap is the mother's favourite. Not only is it unrivaled in purity and refreshing fragrance, but its gentle emollient properties render it of great value in promoting skin and hair health generally. For the treatment of eczemas, rashes and other itching, burning infantile eruptions, warm baths with Cuticura Soap, followed by gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment are usually effective when other methods fail. Cuticura Soap wears to a wafer, often outlasting several cakes of ordinary soap and making its use most economical.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp, sent post-free. Address Potter Drug & Chem. Corp'n Dept. 16D, Boston. U. S. A.

This Wife and Mother Wishes to tell you FREE How She Stopped Her Husband's Drinking

By all Means Write to Her and Learn how She did it.

For over 20 years James Anderson of 395 Elm Avenue, Hillburn, N.Y., U.S.A., was a very hard drinker. His case seemed a hopeless one, but ten years ago his wife in their own little home, gave him a simple remedy which much to her delight stopped his drinking entirely.

To make sure that the remedy was responsible for this happy result she also tried it on her brother and several of her neighbors. It was successful in every case. None of them has touched a drop of intoxicating liquor since.

She now wishes everyone who has drunkenness in their homes to try this simple remedy for she feels sure that it will do as much for others as it has for her. It can be given secretly if desired, and without cost she will gladly and willingly tell you what it is. All you have to do is write her a letter asking her how she cured her husband of drinking and she will reply by return mail in a sealed envelope. As she has nothing to sell do not send her money. Simply send a letter with all confidence to Mrs. Margaret Anderson at the address given above, taking care to write your name and full address plainly. *(We earnestly advise every one of our readers who wishes to cure a dear one of drunkenness to write to this lady today. Her offer is a sincere one.)*

J25,F8,22

"We have a grand spinal staircase in our new house." "Have you? I suppose it is somewhere in the back?"—Baltimore American.

Agnes—"What foolish things a young man will do when he's in love." Ethel—"Oh, Agnes! I'll bet Jack's proposed."—Boston Transcript.

THE NEW PUBLIC HEALTH

The Advertiser Bureau of Public Health Information.
QUESTIONS. ANSWERS. COMMENTS.
Conducted by Institute of Public Health, London, Ont.

Questions should be addressed "The New Public Health," care The Advertiser, London, Ont." Private questions accompanied by a stamped, self-addressed envelope, will receive private answers. Medical treatment for individual cases cannot be prescribed.

TUBERCULOSIS OF THE BRAIN.

Question (a) Give me some information regarding tuberculosis of the brain. Is it a common disease?
COMMON SENSE.

Answer. (a) Tuberculosis of the brain occurs in two forms, first as tuberculosis of the brain substance itself; secondly, as tuberculosis of the brain coverings (tuberculous meningitis). The former type is less frequent than the latter. The two forms together occur in about six or seven per cent of all cases of tuberculosis, and are more common in young people. It is usual in these cases to find tuberculous disease in other parts of the body. Tuberculous meningitis is accompanied by a swelling of the brain due to an increase of fluid, a part of the inflammatory process; this is commonly known as "water on the brain" (acute hydrocephalus), and is seen chiefly in young children.

HAVE WE TWO MINDS?

Question (b) Do you think that any person can have more than one mind?
COMMON SENSE.

Answer. (b) I am myself of two minds how to reply to this question, jocularly or seriously, which you will see constitutes an affirmative answer. Some people are so vacillating that they may be said to have sixty minds an hour. Insane hospitals are evidence that two minds exist in the human race, healthy and unhealthy; and if a man has a mind and goes out of it, he surely stands a fair chance of losing it; how much better for him instead of running such a risk, simply to change it!

Some good ideas to hold on such a subject are that the mind is a machine controlled by a master personality, and that the only way by which the personality can express itself is through this machine. When we control that machine we say we have a conscious mind; when the machine goes on without our control we call it a subconscious mind. There have been several authentic cases of so-called dual personality. One of these was in a man who disappeared suddenly from good surroundings in a large city and found himself like a vagabond at a small village many miles away. He was unaware how he reached there, and on close cross-questioning could not remember anything about it. But later he was hypnotized, and when asked to recount his experiences, gave a straight story, agreeing with that of the railway official who had put him off as a tramp at the village where he found himself. He could not give this story after the hypnotic state passed off.

Was this a case of two personalities with the same mind, or of two minds, say the conscious and subconscious, the former subject to, the latter free from, a single controlling personality? I don't know, and we might argue all evening and each still have different ideas on this subject. We all admit, however, that this mind machine may be overworked and so break down. I think it would be wise to discontinue working on this question, for the new public health preaches the "prevention" of damage, and if I injure my mind-machine, there is no tinker on earth who can really repair it.

E. FIDLAR.

HOT BATHS OR COLD?

Question: Do you advocate cold baths or warm ones in winter?
A SPINSTER.

Answer: Bathing, like dieting, sleeping, etc., is so much a matter of the individual that the best thing the New Public Health can teach about it is that on such matters no general rules can be laid down. Each person must find out for himself or herself by careful, cautious experimenting, what suits best. By gradual training, some people can enjoy and benefit by breaking the ice in winter on a river and bathing in the water. So long as the reaction from it is good, a healthy, wholesome feeling of well-being with a generous "glow," it is all right. All cold baths should be followed by vigorous rubbing. The fad of cold bathing miscellaneously applied to everyone often results in misery at the time and loss of strength later. Exactly the same may be said of warm baths. Don't follow any fad because "they say it's good," but try for yourself, with caution, how it suits YOU. Then, if it suits you, rejoice, but don't insist that everyone must do the same or perish.

In all cases where persons are delicate or have any disease, the question of bathing must be referred to a physician, who can determine exactly what is needed. H. W. HILL.

WANTS TO WEIGH MORE.

Question: What diet would you prescribe for me in order that I might gain weight? I exercise in the open air daily, and have a good appetite, but do not seem to add to my avoirdupois. I will sign myself just what I weigh. NINETY-EIGHT.

Answer: See answer to Question 8. No one should necessarily wish to change from ninety-eight pounds merely because that weight is less than someone else's. Ninety-eight pounds is proper for certain individuals. Even if you are sure you weigh too little for your height, sex, and age, remember that some perfectly healthy people seem "set" at a certain weight, and cannot alter it much either way, no matter what they do. Others are very sensitive to dieting, losing and gaining almost in proportion to what they eat. Active, robust men, weighing two hundred pounds and upward, sometimes take less food per day than little thin men. Each person is a furnace; some furnaces are wasteful of fuel, others will give out heat on almost nothing. Of course, if you have any disease, that may account for light weight in itself, and loss of weight without satisfactory reason should always be investigated by a physician. If you are healthy in every way and want to be fatter, eat all you can that suits you, and then a little more! Be careful: First, not to get indigestion; second, not to exercise so much that you neutralize the effect of eating, nor so little that you become torpid; third, not to expect too much. You may be thin "constitutionally," or perhaps you worry or don't sleep enough. Practically speaking the only harmless way to "force flesh" on the body is to digest more than you need. Fats, starches, sugar help to add flesh, but always beware of indigestion. Better be thin and healthy than fat and sickly.

H. W. HILL.

CATS AND DOGS CARRY DISEASE.

Question: Is it possible for cats and dogs to carry diphtheria or any other germs to children from garbage?
ANXIOUS MOTHER.

Answer: It is possible for cats and dogs to carry diphtheria or other germs to children from garbage, but only if these germs are present in the garbage; which very seldom happens, in numbers or condition, to be of serious importance. The theoretic possibilities cannot be denied; the practical probabilities are so slight as to be negligible. The dangers in this line from cats and dogs are much greater in other directions; for instance, their feet as they trot down a well-spat-on sidewalk, collect fresh discharges from the mouths of those who did the spitting and carry them into houses. The children play with the animals, and there is a good chance of transferring any disease germs picked up on the animal's paws to the children's hands. Moreover both cats and dogs lick or gnaw their paws and then "kiss" or lick the children's faces and hands; and the children, of course, are constantly engaged in putting their own hands into their own mouths. Occasionally pet animals, admitted to the rooms of children sick with diphtheria, etc., have carried the germs to other children when they run out again. It is said cats sometimes have diphtheria themselves. All told, however, it is probable that cats and dogs are responsible for a small proportion only of the total cases of infectious diseases. The real great danger is infected persons. H. W. HILL.

Do Your Hands Chap?

ZAM-BUK WILL HEAL IN ONE NIGHT.

For badly chapped hands, cold cracks, frost bite, etc., Zam-Buk is the best known balm. Wash the hands or part affected in water as hot as can be borne. Dry with a soft towel, and then smear the Zam-Buk well over the part. If it is the hands, wear a pair of old gloves over night. By morning the pain will be gone. Then use Zam-Buk a few more times and the cracks will be healed. Mrs. A. F. Phillips, of Ayers Cliff, Que., says: "I suffered terribly from chapped hands. At times my hands were so sore that I could almost have cried with the pain. I tried Zam-Buk, and in a very short time my hands were cured."

Mrs. W. N. Ballient, of Port Hawkesbury, N. S., writes: "Some time ago my hands were very badly chapped. Ordinary ointments did not heal them, and I was advised to try Zam-Buk. To my great delight it healed my hands completely."

Zam-Buk will also be found a sure cure for piles, ulcers, blood poison, varicose sores, cuts, burns, bruises, and skin injuries generally. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, on receipt of price.

Coughed All Night

Till This Recipe Was Tried. Cure Followed in 5 Hours.

A prominent medical man who suffered with a severe cough and cold on the lungs, often being kept awake all night, and weakened by loss of sleep, finally discovered a simple formula which will cure any cough in five hours by the clock. It is a laxative tonic cough syrup which can be made at home by anyone, and the formula is here given for the benefit of those who pass sleepless nights in painful paroxysms. Those who have tried it say it is magical and beats any high-priced, slow-acting cough medicine ever sold.

Mix in a bottle one-half ounce fluid wild cherry bark, one ounce compound essence cardiol and three ounces syrup white pine compound. Take twenty drops every half hour for four hours. Then take one-half to one teaspoonful three or four times a day. Give children less according to age. This will tone up and rid the system of deep-seated coughs every time. b

LONDON MISSIONARY SENDS CHINESE TOYS FOR USE IN THE CITY MISSION BANDS

Miss Ethel McPherson Accompanies Quaint Playthings of Oriental Children With Interesting Description of Each Object.

Miss Ethel A. McPherson, daughter of Mr. Hugh McPherson, of 165 Wharncliffe road, who has been in China for several years as a Methodist missionary, has sent to London an interesting package of Chinese toys which will be used in various mission bands in the city to interest the children in the boys and girls of the Orient and in the wonderful wood-carving art of the Chinese. Miss McPherson has recently returned to Chengtu from Shanghai.

In an accompanying letter Miss McPherson writes an interesting description of the toys and their representations, as follows:

Kuling, China, Aug. 24, 1912.

Dear Mrs. Berry: Just before leaving Shanghai I purchased some few models in wood and sent them to you for the Mission Band. Now, parcel post is always much more tardy than letter, and so I thought wise to delay my letter, else the time elapsing between letter and parcel, might seem hardly to be borne.

In sending these models I selected what I thought might be used with profit for the kiddies. They are typical of life in the west as well as Eastern China and ought to bring before the children a vivid realization of mission stories. And now, about the material for use with them. I am sure you already have a great fund of information about such things and will be able to weave interesting stories for the children. But perhaps you would be glad of a summary of a few facts about each of these things, not from one who is an authority, but from one real live person to another. Don't you know, sometimes the same facts with a personal note behind them bring more real information to one's mind than the same things written in a more cleverly and scholarly manner. With this apology for my presumption in repeating what may be old to you, I will proceed:

Water Buffalo.

A great many of China's people are of necessity tillers of the soil, or farmers. With over four hundred millions of mouths to feed China has a busy time growing enough rice and vegetables. If she had our steam and mechanical appliances for reducing labor there would not be so much work. But she is poor; too poor to buy cultivators, harrows, rakes, binders and threshing machines, even if they were here for sale. This means the old-fashioned implements must be used, and so she plows up the ground with a very old and simple plow, cultivates it by hand and reaps it with a sickle. Our house in Shanghai was in the centre of a rural district and I saw the harvesters and gleaners in the fields during harvest, cutting down the grain by hand, binding it by hand, gathering it without aid of horse or wagon, and afterwards saw the women beating off the heads and winnowing, just the way we read the people did hundreds of years ago. At eventide, when the harvesters were leaving the field, it was such a pretty sight to see the Chinese women, like Ruth of old, gleaning the few stray wisps that had fallen by the wayside. But I must begin away back at the beginning again, for I started to talk about plowing. At home, in Canada, we have plenty of fine, large horses to harness to our farm implements, but horses are very rare and very, very expensive in China, and no farmer would be able to buy one. Instead, the Chinese farmer uses a great, awkward, clumsy-looking animal called the water buffalo. The little wooden model shows him at work, turning up the sod. They move very slowly, but that matters not, as the working folk in this empire take life very leisurely and easy, so far as hurry goes. The Chinese are very superstitious about killing this animal for food. I am sure he would be very tough eating anyway. However, they do not KILL him to eat, but when he DIES they then use him for meat. Even when an animal dies of disease they know no better than to use him for food and this is one of very many reasons of sickness and death among them.

Small Boat.

In no country in the world are there so many miles of waterways as in the broad land. The mighty Yangtse springs from among the mountains of Thibet, and flows four thousand miles to the ocean. And the great Yellow River in the north winds through eight provinces. In addition there are hundreds of smaller rivers and many miles of canals. These waters provide a livelihood for a large portion of the population. I will not tell about all the different ways, as it would make a long story. This time I will just mention those who live on the waters in small boats like the model, called a "san pan." The words mean "three boards," and will give you an idea of how tiny it is. Our first sight of these Chinese boats was at Woosung, when coming into Shanghai. They were filled with Chinese beggars, miserable, dirty, unkempt and in some instances with unsightly sores upon their bodies. The man-of-the-house stood at the back, as does the chap on the model, and his wife and children held up long poles, on the end of which were suspended a net or pouch into which we were invited to throw gifts of money. But all san pans are not used by beggars. At all the ports of call upon the rivers scores of these little craft make their livelihood by taking aboard passengers to and from the shore and from one boat to another. Many a ride I had at Ichang, from the shore to our houseboat, for the river was too shallow to permit the houseboat drawing quite to shore. The covering that you notice in the centre is usually made of bamboo matting and is not a very good protection, but it satisfies the Chinese. The Chinese have another boat called an "uban," or "five boards," patterned after this small one, and this we often use for cargo. When we had to flee from Chengtu last fall we could not put our baggage in the holds of the houseboats at Chengtu, because the river was then so shallow the bottom would have been grating on the stones all the time, so we hired three of these little boats and piled on our luggage. The first night out from the city one of the large boats stuck in a shallow place. The boatmen tugged and tugged and finally off she slid with great rapidity and down stream. One of our little ubans was just a little ahead and the larger boat crashed into her. The frail covering of matting was badly torn and some of the side boards were smashed, but fortunately no baggage was damaged. The covering on an uban is, of course, a little longer than on a san pan, and indeed, was all the shelter a good many folk had, coming down from Chengtu last fall, for houseboats were not to be had, and the large majority of foreigners ate and slept and lived for several days on little boats. You may know they were very uncomfortable, for one could not stand upright under the covering. When going through the rapids the breakers splashed up over the front of the small boats and not being very heavy they were tossed from side to side. These boats are used by the Chinese much more extensively than houseboats, and so hundreds and thousands of Chinese find employment plying their wee craft up and down Chinese waters.

Sedan Chair.

But sometimes folk want to travel where there is no water. We have in the west no street cars, no automobiles, no trains, and not even an old-fashioned 'buss, so how do you suppose we and the Chinese there travel? Why, by sedan chair! This little model shows how compact and cozy our chairs are. First, take a look at the men who carry. This man who is travelling in this chair is not very heavy, and two men can carry him nicely. The long poles that slip along the side of the chair are made of bamboo. So is the cross piece by which they carry and which rests upon their shoulders. This is heavy, hard work, and men who make their living this way often have great sores upon their shoulders, and all of them have marks of the chair poles. Some passengers are too heavy for two men to carry and so three men take up the burden and sometimes four men are necessary. An official always travels with several men. Some of them run along in front and others just run alongside of the chair to make an appearance. And how about the chap inside the chair: When he wishes to get out he calls to the chairmen to put the chair upon the ground and then he lifts aside the curtain which screens his feet while travelling and steps out. Chinese women travel with a curtain in front of their faces as well as below, but this cannot be very pleasant, as it keeps out so much air. However, there are curtains made of finely-woven bamboo reeds which prevent anyone from seeing who is in the chair, but permit air to go in and also allow one inside to see what is going on without, although not very distinctly. The first time I rode in a chair I was fearful the men might drop me. That was my first sensation, but I learned the Chinese are usually surefooted and rarely stumble. Once when it was rainy and slippy one of my men slipped down a wet and muddy embankment, dragging the chair after him. It tipped over on one side and I came very nearly rolling out into a rice field. Thirty miles is a good day's journey. Not quite as fast as the C. P. R., is it? I suppose you think one would get very tired sitting all day in a tiny chair. Well, we might, but the chairmen stop every few li for a rest and a drink of tea. Sometimes they stop a long time and we have to call them again and again to hurry up for fear we will not get to the end of our journey by night. You know that Chinese cities are walled, and unless one gets to the city early the gates will be locked and you have to stay out all night. This was my experience last year. We reached Chengtu just about half an hour after the gates were closed and we could not get in. The night was dark and the roads very rough and muddy, for the weather had been wet and the poor chairmen were quite tired, but we could not stay on the road all night and they had to go away around the outside of the city wall to the south, where our university property was and where we have three houses. It was half past 2 o'clock in the morning when we reached one of these houses and everybody was tired and sleepy.

Wheelbarrow.

But it is rather expensive riding in sedan chairs and the most of the Chinese have to seek a less expensive means of transportation, if they cannot walk. The wheelbarrow fills this need.

On the little model there are two passengers. This barrowman has a very light load. I have seen many a time as many as ten persons on one barrow. Usually the barrowmen fasten a stout strap of strong linen from one handle to another, leaving sufficient length to go over their heads, thus bringing a good share of the weight upon their shoulders. But this, too, is heavy, hard work, and my heart has often ached as I watched a poor fellow trudging along with a great load and gasping and panting under the effort. But look again at the model. This is probably a man and his wife and they are going quite a distance, because of the baggage on the back. In our country gentlemen usually sit beside their wives, but Chinese custom demands the men to sit apart from the women, if at all possible. You know our churches are built with a high board partition down the centre, and the men sit on one side and the women on the other. The partition extends to the altar rail. The minister stands at his pulpit desk, which is in the centre of the front, and thus can be seen by folk on both sides of the board wall. The man is carrying a large umbrella, made of oiled paper, of course, but nevertheless quite a protection from sun and rain. The frame is made of bamboo. My! what would this people do without the bamboo tree? They use it for many, many purposes, over a hundred, I have heard said. This is one of the many. The Chinese lady carries her fan, as all Chinese do, in warm weather. And China is so very warm that fans are a greater comfort than you have ever felt them in London. All the children will think it fine to ride a wheelbarrow, but if the ride was long they would both tire and ache, for roads are rough and the vehicle is without any apology for springs.

Coolie With Load.

Did you ever stop to think how goods were transported from place to place in the parts of this country where there are no freight trains, baggage cars, or even drays? Well, look at this chap with the bamboo pole over his shoulder, and behold the answer. Yes, all of our goods are carried by men such as this coolie. Hundreds of thousands of Chinese day after day, and year after year, until they wear out and can carry no more, make their livelihood in this manner. In Sz Chuan the men carry 110 pounds, 55 at each end of the pole. They will swing along the road 30 or 40 miles a day, with this amount, and think nothing of it. Now, sometimes we have stoves, tables, chairs and awkward pieces of furniture that cannot be balanced on one pole. Then such things are tied together, with a pole through the centre, and a man at each end manages it. Or if it be an organ or a large cook stove, two poles are used, one at each side, and more men are added according to the weight. A great portion of business is done in China by merchants who peddle their wares or edibles from door to door in the one-pole fashion. It is a very pretty sight to see the men who deal in vegetables, with a flat woven tray at each end of the pole, suspended by ropes, of course, heaped up with fresh green goods. Flowers are peddled in this way and all sorts of fruit. Pails of water are carried in the same way, both hot and cold, and sold on the street. And so we might go on, but I think you will have before you now a few pictures of real life in China. For all that the work is hard, the coolies are usually good-natured and even merry. But of real, true and abiding happiness there is a great lack.

Even small children in Canada have learned that to be happy means to BE and to DO good. Our mothers and fathers and our grandmothers and grandfathers and their grandmothers and grandfathers away back, have known how to BE and to DO good. Fathers and mothers told their children, and then when the children grew up, they in turn told their children, until it has come to us, and we know that to love Jesus every day and all day, with a love so great, we have no room for any love of Satan and his evil, is the secret of being happy. The girl who loves her mother wants to do something for that mother, and the boy shows his love for father by doing only what father wishes him to do, and that is just the way we learn to DO good, by loving Jesus and wanting to show our love in action. But the Chinese fathers and mothers away back did not hear about Jesus. Only a few years ago did a few of them learn about loving Him, and so they have not nearly all heard about Him yet, and millions of children are denied the joy of knowing that Jesus loves them. They have gods made of wood, painted bright colors, and some of them with very hideous faces. But not one of these gods is ever looked upon with love. They do not worship them because they love them, but because of the fear if they don't some misfortune will come upon them. And when trouble and sorrow comes they go off to the temple and offer sacrifices to the little wooden or mud gods, who cannot hear or answer. If by any means they receive help they believe the god has heard and answered them. If not they say they must have grieved the god, and he is angry with them. Do you think you would be happy living like this? No, I fear not any more so than are the Chinese. Thus we want them to know about Jesus and His love for them, and when they know and realize His love of course they will love and serve Him as we do, and will be as happy as we have been all our lives.

The pennies you give help buy Bibles for the Chinese, and help send missionaries here to tell its meaning, and I want to tell you of something else that is mightier than money or missionary, and it is prayer. Many of the little children who have been in our mission schools pray for you who have sent the gospel to them, and they would be helped and blessed if every member of the Mission Band remembered to pray God to bless their little Chinese brothers and sisters. Some of them live in heathen homes, and we might pray God to help these little children be true messengers of His, so that their parents may be happy in Jesus' love.

Lovingly yours,
ETHEL A. McPHERSON.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold all over the world.

CANADIAN PACIFIC EMPRESSES AND OTHER STEAMSHIPS

Empress of Britain	Feb. 21
Empress of Ireland	Mar. 7
Empress of Britain	Mar. 21
Lake Manitoba	Mar. 27
Empress of Ireland	April 4
Empress of Britain	April 18
Lake Manitoba	April 26
Empress of Ireland	May 2
Empress of Britain	May 16

Tickets and all information from any steamship agent, or W. Fulton, C. P. A., C. P. R., London.

Traction Company

Cars hourly between London and St. Thomas from 7 a.m. to 10 p.m.; last car at 11:15 p.m.

Cars every hour and a half between St. Thomas and Port Stanley until 10 p.m., then 11:15 p.m. St. Thomas. Time card No. 2 at all stations.

A GOOD RIDDANCE

Winnipeg Man Finds that GIN PILLS Keep Away LUMBAGO

ANY man or woman who has ever suffered, winter after winter, with Lumbago, will be able to imagine how glad Mr. Jukes is to find that he need not suffer with it any more. This is how he manages:

Winnipeg, January 6th, 1912.

"I have been a sufferer from Lumbago for some years past and during Christmas week had a very acute attack which confined me to the house. About the latter part of April, I met your Mr. Hill and mentioned my complaint to him. He advised me to take GIN PILLS.

I have been taking them at intervals during the early part of the present winter, and up to date have had no return of my old trouble—in fact, I feel better than I have for years and think that my old enemy has vanished for good and all."

H. A. JUKES

GIN PILLS have been doing just this kind of service for many years, and for many thousands who were once sufferers. They contain the healing, medicinal properties of Gin, or rather of the Juniper Berries from which Gin derives its value for Kidney troubles. But in GIN PILLS these valuable properties are combined with other curative agents, and it is this **combination** which gives them their wonderful power over Lumbago, Rheumatism, Backache, Painful, Scanty or too Frequent Urination, Soreness of Hands or Feet, Swollen Joints, and all the train of ills which come from sick or inactive Kidneys.

GIN PILLS are wonderful in their actions on the Kidneys and Bladder. They neutralize the Uric Acid, purify the blood, strengthen the weak Kidneys and give quick relief from the agonizing pain.

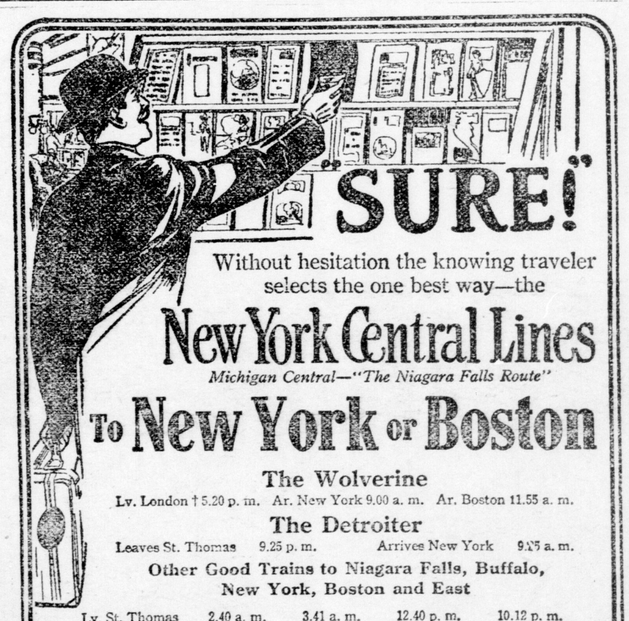
You don't have to buy GIN PILLS to try them. Simply send your name and address and the National Drug and Chemical Co. will mail you a trial package absolutely free. Then you can get further supplies from your dealer at 50c. a box or 6 for $2.50. Write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

Eddy's Antiseptic Bags

Antiseptic in as much as the paper and the bag are made in the same building, while EDDY'S mechanically perfect machines eliminate the need of handling the paper from the time it is put in the beater until the bag is complete.

Therefore insist upon having your eatables wrapped in Eddy Bags

ywt



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Lv. London † 5.20 p. m. Ar. New York 9.00 a. m. Ar. Boston 11.55 a. m.

The Detroiter

Leaves St. Thomas 9.25 p. m. Arrives New York 9.25 a. m.

Other Good Trains to Niagara Falls, Buffalo, New York, Boston and East

Lv. St. Thomas	2.40 a. m.	3.41 a. m.	12.40 p. m.	10.12 p. m.
Ar. Buffalo	6.30 a. m.	7.00 a. m.	5.05 p. m.	1.00 a. m.
Ar. New York	8.45 p. m.	6.00 p. m.	7.03 a. m.	3.30 p. m.
Ar. Boston	10.45 p. m.	8.15 p. m.	7.05 a. m.	2.55 p. m.

Electric-lighted sleeping cars, coaches and dining car for all meals.

To Detroit, Chicago and West

Lv. London	.....	.....	† 5.20 p. m.	
Lv. St. Thomas	6.20 a. m.	11.40 a. m.	6.20 p. m.	11.23 p. m.
Ar. Detroit	8.10 a. m.	1.30 p. m.	8.45 p. m.	1.05 a. m.
Ar. Chicago	3.30 p. m.	9.10 p. m.	7.20 a. m.	8.25 a. m.

† daily except Sunday.

For Tickets, sleeping car accommodations and further information consult

Michigan Central Ticket Agent

F1,8,13,19,25

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the East—*3:52 a.m., 10:56 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11.28 a.m., *6:30 p.m., *8:00 p.m., 10:45 p.m.
Arrive from the West—*12:14 a.m., 8:43 a.m., 8:50 a.m., *11:55 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.
Depart for the East—*12:19 a.m., *3:48 a.m., 7:20 a.m., 9:00 a.m., *12:05 p.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *8:53 p.m.
Depart for the West—*3:57 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 8:20 p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:23 a.m., *4:00 p.m., 6:50 p.m., 11:05 p.m.
Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:43 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 8:05 p.m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—11:15 a.m., 1:39 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.
Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:25 a.m., 12:30 p.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.
Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:40 p.m.
Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive from the East—*11:42 a.m., 6:50 p.m., *8:15 p.m., *11:12 p.m.
Arrive from the West—*4:30 a.m., 11:20 a.m., *12:15 p.m., *5:45 p.m., 5:15 p.m.
Depart for the East—*4:38 a.m., 7:00 a.m., *12:25 p.m., *5:55 p.m.
Depart for the West—8:00 a.m., *11:50 a.m., 7:00 p.m., *8:23 p.m., *11:20 p.m.
Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—7:04 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 4:55 p.m., 9:40 p.m.
Depart—7:20 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:20 p.m., 10:11 p.m.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Arrives—8:45 a.m., *12:50, 1:50, 5:10, *10:10 p.m.
Depart—5:40, *7:10, 9:45 a.m., 2:30, *4:20, ††7:00 p.m.
*To and from Walkerville. All trains to and from Port Stanley, except trains marked with star. ††To St. Thomas only. All trains week days only.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SPECIAL CRUISE AROUND THE WORLD

Empresses of "Russia" and "Asia" (New C. P. R. Pacific Steamships)

The Empress of Russia will leave Liverpool April 1, calling at Gibraltar, Villefranche and Port Said, proceeding via Suez, Colombo, Singapore, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama, arriving Vancouver June 7, 1913. Vessel remains 16 days at Hong Kong.

Empress of Asia will sail from Liverpool June 18; particulars of trip will be announced later.

Most direct connection for April 1 sailing is via "Empress of Britain," from St John, N. B., March 21.

RATE FOR ENTIRE CRUISE, $639.10, exclusive of maintenance between arrival time in England and departure of "Empress of Russia," and stop over at Hong Kong.

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Agents, W. Fulton, City Agent, London. M. G. Murphy, D. P. A., C. P. Ry., Toronto.

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MEXICO
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THE SUNNY SOUTH

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Round trip tourist tickets, giving choice of all the best routes, together with full information, may be obtained from any Grank Trunk Agent, or address R. E. RUSE, C. P. and T. A., "Clock Corner," London. Steamship tickets on sale via all lines.

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S. S. "BERMUDIAN," twin screw, 10,518 tons displacement, sails from New York 10 a.m. every Wednesday. Submarine signals, wireless, orchestra. Record trip, 39 hours 20 minutes; fastest, newest and only steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda without transfer. S. S. "OROTAVA," 10,063 tons displacement sails from New York 10 a.m. every Tuesday, beginning Feb. 11. Tickets interchangeable with R. M. S. P. Co.

WEST INDIES.

New S. S. "GUIANA" and other steamers fortnightly from New York for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, and Demerara.

For full information apply to E. de la Hooke, W. Fulton or R. E. Ruse, ticket agents, London. Quebec Steamship Company, Quebec. wtfy

ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL

TO LIVERPOOL.

	From St. John.	From Halifax.
Corsican	14 Feb.	15 Feb.
Grampian	22 Feb.	Direct.
Tunisian	28 Feb.	1 Mar.
Hesperian	8 Mar.	Direct.

TO GLASGOW.

	From Portland.	From Boston.
Scandinavian		6 Feb.
Sicilian	13 Feb.	
Ionian		20 Feb.
Numidian	27 Feb.	

For tickets and full particulars of rates, etc., apply to local agents or THE ALLAN LINE, 77 Yonge Street, Toronto.

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Everybody Likes It. Try It Yourself.

"Wealth doesn't bring happiness." "You really believe that?" "I know it. It never brought me any." "I didn't know you were wealthy." "I'm not."