

Still Shaking.

Earthquakes Recurring in Various Parts of Greece.

Over 250 Persons Killed and 150 Severely Injured.

Second Reading of the Miners' Eight-Hour Day Bill in the British Parliament—A Canada-Australian Parcel Post—Slaughter of Polish Strikers.

Failed for \$2,500,000.

LONDON, April 25.—It is stated that the liabilities of the Discount Corporation of Ireland, whose failure was announced in these dispatches yesterday, amount to \$2,500,000.

An Eight-Hour Day.

LONDON, April 25.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Roby, member for Lancashire, presented a bill providing for an eight-hour working day for miners. The bill passed its second reading 281 to 196.

Parcel Post to Australia.

LONDON, April 25.—It is expected that the direct parcel post service between Canada and the Australian colonies will be inaugurated on Dominion Day. The rate to New South Wales will be 30 cents a pound, and to the other colonies slightly higher.

A Steamer Rate War.

LONDON, April 25.—There is a war between the English and German steamship lines over the question of steamer rates for immigrants, and it is said the White Star, Allan, State and Anchor lines are likely to join the German lines against the Cunard Company, which declined to stand in with the others.

Spain and Morocco.

MADRID, April 25.—Gen. Martinez Campos had a long interview with the Queen Regent on the subject of the recent operations in Morocco, which ended in the conclusion of a convention with the Sultan, the terms of which are extremely advantageous to Spain.

Still Shaking.

ATHENS, April 25.—Light shocks of earthquake in parts of the kingdom but no additional damage is reported. In Chalcis, on the island of Euboea, where 200 houses were destroyed, many of the buildings left standing are so badly wrecked that they will have to be pulled down. The cathedral, which was recently finished, is so much shaken that it will be necessary to rebuild a large part of it.

The latest reports show that 252 persons were killed and 150 severely injured during the recent earthquakes.

Under Russia's Iron Heel.

WARSAW, April 25.—Three hundred Poles, mostly students, held a special service in a church here yesterday to celebrate the centenary of the rebellion of Kilinski. After the services they marched to the house of a descendant of Kilinski, in front of which they cheered and shouted. The police arrested 241 of the party, 32 of them being women.

A great strike of miners, iron workers and others prevails in the Petrikan district of Poland and serious riots have occurred. Two thousand troops occupy the town of Sosnowica, where the disturbances have been most violent, and additional troops are now on their way there. In the fights that have occurred sixteen strikers have been killed and a large number wounded. The soldiers have been obliged to fire into the mobs repeatedly. The prison at Sosnowica is filled with rioters.

The Czarewicz's Wedding.

BERLIN, April 24.—Emperor William promised the Czarewicz that he would be present at his marriage to Princess Alice of Hesse, which will be celebrated in the palace at Peterhof, near St. Petersburg. The announced date of marriage, Aug. 3, is premature, as the celebration of the ceremony depends entirely upon the condition of the Grand Duke George, the next younger brother of the Czarewicz, who is now ill. Grand Duke George insists upon taking part in the wedding festivities and the date of marriage may on that account be changed.

Cholera Again!

LISBON, April 26.—Montalvo, the Spanish Government medical adviser, has declared the disease raging at Lisbon to be Asiatic cholera, brought by merchantmen from Cape Verde Islands.

There were reported yesterday 225 fresh cases of cholera in Lisbon.

British.

fectly competent to arrange the matter with due regard to the interests of Samoa and without the aid of New Zealand. In any case New Zealand must not be permitted to meddle with the economic and commercial interests of Samoa. These interests are almost exclusively in German hands, and no amount of systematic agitation on the part of English colonies can alter that fact.

AN INFERNAL MACHINE.

Attempt to Blow Up a Labor Leader—Lucky Accident.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 25.—In his morning mail to-day John McBride, president of the United Mine Workers, received an infernal machine. The explosives were concealed between the sides of a folded pamphlet, while a match and piece of sandpaper were so arranged that the drawing of the wrapper would ignite the match. The string to which the match was attached broke when the package was opened, and there was no explosion. It bears no postmark. The package was turned over to the police.

FATEFUL FLAMES.

Two Men Lose Their Lives in a Chey-bogyan Conflagration—Other Fires.

CHEYBEGAN, Mich., April 25.—Fire at 1 o'clock this morning in the Union House resulted in the death of Dr. Howell, a horse doctor who came here from Tuscola county, and a woodsman named Clune, from Lake May. They were asleep in the St. Marys, Ont., April 25.—The frame dwelling on Salina street owned and occupied by Wm. Simmons was damaged by fire to-day. Loss, \$100.

WOODSTOCK, April 25.—The frame and brick residence on the farm of Mr. Jos. Brown, con. 3, East Zorra, about ten miles from town, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Mr. Brown's loss will be \$500 or \$700; insurance, \$400.

HUDSON, N. Y., April 25.—Last night the extensive barns of Col. Samuel J. Tilden at New Lebanon were burned. Among the property destroyed were the blooded horses Sim and Hindoomore, and four other high-priced horses, also 200 sheep and lambs.

CHELSEHAM, Ont., April 25.—Fire destroyed the brick hotel owned by Wm. Oakes, of this village, this morning. Loss, \$2,500.

SALE OF SHORTHORNS.

Fair Prices Obtained for Bow Park Cattle.

BRANTFORD, Ont., April 25.—The Bow Park sale of Shorthorn cattle came off to-day. Sixty head of different ages were sold. The cows brought fair prices. "Julia, 28th," was sold to A. G. Pettit, Drayton, for \$140; "Duchess of Brant, 6th," sold to John Idington, Stratford, for \$155. The young heifers ranged from \$75 to \$100. Among the bulls, for which there was a lively competition, Wm. Douglas bought "Isabella's Heir," a yearling, at \$130. Capt. Milloy, Brantford, secured "Kendler," another yearling, at \$165. "Lord Outwith" was bought by Robert Davis, Toronto, for \$252. The total of sale amounted to over \$5,000.

NINETY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

The Amount to Be Saved to the Country by the Fees Bill.

The Globe, referring to Hon. G. W. Ross' bill to reduce fees, says: "He explained the clauses of the bill, showing that by it division court clerks should retain all the fees accruing from their office up to \$1,000, proportions varying from 10 to 50 per cent of the excess being taken for the Provincial treasury. This, Mr. Ross explained, was a reduction from \$1,500, the former exemption. Local registrars of the high court, clerks and deputy clerks of the crown, county court clerks and surrogate registrars should retain all their fees up to \$1,500, a reduction from \$2,000, the Provincial treasury absorbing the excess in proportions varying from 10 to 50 per cent. The fees of registrars were by the bill similarly reduced, \$1,500 instead of \$2,500 being the margin, and a similar scale of appropriation for municipal purposes of the excess being provided as for the high court officials, sheriffs, county crown attorneys and clerks of the peace are to be allowed to retain all their fees up to \$2,000, a reduction from \$3,000. Mr. Ross then gave some figures as to the saving which would be effected by this change. There were 28 registrars who would be affected by the bill, and the additional amount which would be received by the municipalities would be from \$30,000 to \$35,000. From sheriffs and other officers similarly treated there would be a saving of nearly \$50,000, and from the division court clerks a saving of some \$6,000 or \$7,000, so that in all a very considerable saving would be effected."

Threw Away a Fortune.

VANCOUVER, B.C., April 25.—About a month ago the crew of the fishing steamer Capatinea found a lump of white-looking substance while cruising about 100 miles from the coast. The stuff was kept for some time as a curiosity, but finally they threw it overboard after cutting off a small piece. On their return to town the piece was examined by several experts who declared it was ambergris. As the lump weighed close on to 100 pounds its estimated value is \$250,000. A party has now come up with a diver to search for the missing treasure.

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, nervousness, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, cystitis and elsewhere, loss of fatness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility, that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada. Please mention this paper.

Bloodshed!

The Coxe Movement Attended by Serious Consequences.

A Train-Stealing Contingent Over-taken by U. S. Marshals.

Shots Exchanged and Several Persons Injured—The United States Military Authorities Take Action.

BILLINGS, Montana, April 25.—The first bloodshed resulting from the clashes between the law and the industrial army movement was witnessed here to-day. About 11 o'clock this morning the announcement was made that the train-stealing contingent of the Coxe army was rushing into the city on a Northern Pacific train from the west at a high rate of speed, closely followed by a train load of United States deputy marshals. This was verified a few minutes before noon when the train of box cars ran into town.

The Coxeites were overtaken by a special train of marshals just as they entered the limits of the city. After their arrival the marshals' train overtook the Hogan contingent just as they were pulling away from Columbus, and attempted to arrest the progress of the train, but the leaders would not yield to the demands of the marshals, and instructed their men to go ahead. The two trains came on until this city was reached, when a stop was ordered, the conflict between the two bodies resulting.

SHOTS EXCHANGED.

As near as can be learned Marshal McDermott ordered the leaders of the captured train to surrender, and when they refused to do so a few of the marshals, before receiving command to do so, fired upon the crowd of industrialists. The shots were quickly returned. A number of shots were exchanged before Marshal McDermott could regain control of his men. During the firing one of the deputies was seriously wounded, and one of the men on the rear platform car was shot in the groin.

TOO MANY FOR THE MARSHALS.

McDermott decided that his men were not equal to the odds against them, and ordered his men to cease firing, which they did. The captured train soon after pulled out, and McDermott notified the authorities that his forces were inadequate to capture the 500 men, who were determined to retain possession of the train.

UNCLE SAM WAKES UP.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 25.—Major-General Schofield, commanding the army, has ordered the arrest of all persons engaged in the unlawful seizure of the Northern Pacific train at Butte, Montana, and to the Northern Pacific Railroad. Bands ranging from 50 to 800 men are said to be congregated at as many as 25 stations of that railroad from the Pacific coast to Minneapolis, with the avowed intention of coming to Washington by peaceable means if possible, but by forcible means if they must.

SURRENDERED.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 26.—I p.m.—It is stated at the Northern Pacific headquarters in this city that the Montana Commune Coxeites have surrendered to the United States infantry at Forsyth, Mont.

OTHER BRANCHES OF THE ARMY.

At Denver, Col., the Coxe army home reserve gained another 1,000 men to-day. Northwestern Industrial Army, 1,000 strong, started on foot from Seattle this evening for Washington, D. C.

Reports have been received from police headquarters, Washington, D. C., from authorities of other places, showing the strength of the various contingents of the Commonwealth army now moving on Washington to be 6,500 men.

At Frederick, Md., the Coxe army is encamped in a tent. Admission is charged to the enclosure, and quite a sum has been collected. Quiet prevails.

The Trunk Line Association at New York decided not to give special transportation rates to the Coxe army, for which application was made by Coxe last Saturday.

The Oregon army of Commonwealth, 400 strong, are in camp at Troutdale. The leaders say they will stop the first Union Pacific train which comes along, and the railway officials are determined they shall not.

A Double Tragedy.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The village of Adams tells the scene of a horrible crime this morning, resulting in the death of Will C. Green and the probable fatal injury of the woman with whom he had lived for a number of years. About 6 o'clock Green sent his son, aged about 11 years, to a neighbors to borrow a harrow, and when the boy returned he found his father and mother lying on the floor in pools of blood, the man with his throat cut in two places from ear to ear, and the woman with a broken skull. The indications are that it was a case of murder and suicide, although the woman may recover. The woman was the daughter of a farmer in an adjoining town, and the families on both sides are respectable.

BASEBALL.

Geiss, a former Teutonsch player, is captain and playing second base for Atlanta. LaRque is also at second for Savannah.

Shiebeck has been in the box for Pittsburgh. He twirled a few innings on Thursday last.

THE WHEEL.

John S. Johnson, of Minneapolis, has accepted Zimmerman's challenge to race for \$1,000 on the latter's return from Europe.

At New Bedford 5,000 weavers will likely strike.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

A boycott on the Rock Island Railway for its treatment of the industrial army is talked of by Chicago labor unions.

The New York Herald says that the President has declared in unmistakable terms that he was opposed to the income tax.

Queen Regent Christina of Spain has written a letter to the Pope thanking him for his gracious reception of the Spanish pilgrims.

The cargo record for wheat at the head of the lakes was broken Wednesday, when the steamer S. S. Curry, drawing 14 feet, 3 inches, steamed out of Superior for Buffalo with 115,000 bushels of wheat.

The Government of Nicaragua is trying to keep on terms with both America and England in the Mosquito reservation matter, and at the same time is trying to sell that territory to the English. Nicaragua is in dire financial straits.

Gen. R. S. Granger, U. S. A. (retired), died in Washington on Wednesday somewhat suddenly in the 83rd year of his age.

London Anarchists sent a letter to Herbert Gladstone asking permission to erect platforms in Hyde Park similar to those put up by the labor leaders in 1893 for the May Day celebrations of the "international solidarity of labor." Mr. Gladstone refused.

New York's health inspector says that the Chicago Coxe's army will spread small-pox.

The ladies of Westphalia will present Prince Bismarck with an address and presents.

Lillian Russell has served notice on Canary & Lederer for alleged breach of contract.

Subscriptions to the amount of 400,000,000 marks have been received for the new German loan of 168,000,000 marks.

Sir Thomas Esmond will ask the British Government to let New Zealand annex the Samoan Islands, Germany objects.

It is said Lord Tweedmouth has saved \$20,000 by promptness in proving the will of his father, thus escaping the new tax on estates.

The Anti-Parnellites have decided to support the proposals in the budget recently presented to the House by Sir William Harcourt.

The New York Senate has passed the bill increasing the salary of the New York county sheriff from \$12,000 to \$20,000, and abolishing all fees.

A law has been prepared compelling the owners of all Russian vessels to place them at the disposal of the Government in time of war if demanded.

In Berlin twenty mass meetings are announced for May Day by the various trades organizations. The most of them are called for 10 o'clock in the morning.

The United States is to have the practical co-operation of Great Britain in the destruction of derelicts, which menace navigation in the North Atlantic Ocean.

Emperor William has decreed that army officers shall ride only in uniform, and shall not mount race horses except by permission of the regimental commanders.

The general executive board of the International Association of Machinists is meeting in Richmond, West Va., the United States, Canada and Mexico being represented.

The report of the Union Pacific Railroad for 1893 shows a deficit on the whole system of \$2,595,841, compared with a surplus in the previous year of \$2,069,757. The heavy decrease was due to the silver crisis, the failure of the Kansas wheat crop and the general prostration of business.

Commander Heyermann and Lieut. Lyman will lose their rank and pay on suspension for one year for the loss of the United States frigate Kearsarge on Ronador Reef. Commander Heyermann was found guilty of running the vessel on the reef and inefficiency in the performance of duty.

CANADIAN.

The first ocean steamship arrived this season at Montreal is the Phoenix, fruit laden.

A British man-of-war will be sent to Bering Sea to warn Canadian cruisers to keep outside the prohibited zone.

Daniel Marley, a prominent farmer living two miles from West Port, Ont., was killed and instantly killed by a horse Thursday.

George Crain, a fisherman, who hailed from Collingwood, Ont., was drowned by the capsizing of a small boat near Goulais Bay, Lake Michigan, Wednesday. Crain was well known through Canada. His remains will be sent to Collingwood.

At Waterloo, Que., Wednesday night, burglars blew open the outside door of the C. V. Railway Company's safe, completely wrecking the office. The only booty secured was about \$6. There was about \$600 in the safe, but the robbers had not time to open the second door.

THEY WORE THE GRAY.

Thousands of Confederate Veterans Meet at Birmingham, Ala.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 25.—There is an estimated attendance of the great Confederate Veterans' Union now being held here of 15,000 persons, and at least 5,000 are expected to arrive by morning. The streets have been crowded all day by the surging mass of veterans, their families and friends, who strayed in and out of the great wigwam and from one headquarters to another greeting old comrades and proudly recounting their deeds of valor in the glorious past, which brightens in retrospect as the trusty gray uniforms and battle-torn flags lose their luster. The opening session of the reunion began at the Winnie Davis wigwam, built for this occasion, at 9 o'clock this morning. Ten thousand voices joined in the cheers that greeted the soul-stirring strains of "Dixie," which followed the opening salutes of cannon.

A new rifle, surpassing all the others in every particular, is soon to be brought out by a French inventor. It is a magazine gun, extremely light and can fire 100 cartridges without overheating the barrel. Its recoil is so slight that the soldier is never troubled with it, and its 100 cartridges, which are less than half the weight of the same number of cartridges of any other rifle, can be fired without taking the weapon from the shoulder. The effects of its little bullets are said to be terrible.

Try Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco, 5, 10 & 20c Plugs.

Housekeepers,



Attention!

INTERESTING TO YOU.

Carpets,
Curtains,
Oilcloths,
Linoleums,
Mats,
Mattings,
Hearth Rugs,
Curtain Poles,
Window Shades,
Table Covers,
Crumb Cloths,

—BOUGHT AT—

59c ON THE \$

KINGSMILL'S

176 and 178 Dundas Street.

SPITTAL, BURN & GENTLEMAN, successors to

T. BEATTIE & CO.'S

OLD STORE.

AMUSEMENTS, ETC.

Not less than 15 words. 12c. Per word.

EXHIBITION - WOMAN'S ART CLUB
Studio, 4361 Richmond street, April 27 to May 5. Open from 2 to 10 p.m. Admission 15 cents.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE - TUESDAY
May 8 - The Amateur Operatic Association in "La Grande Duchesse." Complete cast, charming music, elegant costumes, grand chorus. Plan open 9 a.m., Saturday, May 5. 64a wt

O. O. F. - 75TH ANNIVERSARY OF
the order. Grand entertainment in their hall tonight.

MRS. MOUNTFORD'S UNIQUE ORIENTAL
entertainment, "Life in Jerusalem," as seen by one who was born and brought up there. Thursday, May 3.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY - LAST
term of the season commences week of Monday, Feb. 19. Beginners' classes - gentlemen, Mondays at 8; ladies, Tuesdays at 8; advanced class for ladies and gentlemen, Wednesdays at 8 p.m. The following new dances will be taught during this term: U. of M. Aurora and La Petit Pavane. Private tuition any hour not occupied with classes. DAYTON & MCCORMICK, members of N. A. M. of D. Academy, 175 Richmond street. Residence, 241 Oxford street.

MEETINGS.

LONDON HUNT - THE HOUNDS WILL
meet on Saturday, 28th, at the Kennels, Glenmore, at 4 p.m. GEO. C. GIBBONS, Master; GEO. F. BURNS, Secretary. 64a

MASONIC - SPECIAL MEETING ST.
John's Lodge, 2024, this Thursday, April 26, at 7:30 p.m. in the third degree. C. A. KINGSTON, master; JOHN DUDONS, secretary.

SPECIAL MEETING OF FOREST CITY
Lodge No. 440, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, will be held in Cullis Hall, Wellington street, Friday, at 8 p.m. for the purpose of forming a ladies' auxiliary in connection with the order. All members, wives and sisters of this lodge, also C. P. R. London Lodge No. 415, cordially invited. W. M. W. LACK, secretary.

A MEETING OF THE REFORM ASSO-
ciation of East Middlesex will be held at the Young Liberal Club rooms in the city of London, on Saturday next, the 28th day of April, inst., at the hour of 2 p.m. for the purpose of selecting a candidate to contest the riding in the Reform Union Association Provincial elections. A full attendance earnestly requested. By order, W. B. SCATCHERD, president East Middlesex Reform Association, FRANCIS LOVE, secretary. 63a wt

DOMESTICS WANTED.

One time, 15c.; three times, 50c., for fifteen words.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED - SMALL
family. Permanent home. Very light work. Apply 483 Colborne street.

WANTED - LAUNDRESS AND GOOD
plain cook. Will be furnished with room in People's Home, Richmond street north. 62c

WANTED AT ONCE - GOOD GENERAL
servant. Mrs. H. ASHLAND, 466 King street. 62c

WANTED - AN EXPERIENCED HOUSE-
MAID. Apply 301 Piccadilly street. 62c

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED - REF-
ERENCES required. Apply Mrs. GEO. M. REID, 369 Dundas street. 63ft

WANTED - GOOD GENERAL SERVANT
- Good wages. Apply at once, 429 King street. 60ft

OBSESSIVE INTELLIGENCE OFFICE
still leads in finding girls the best situated in private families or hotels. Advanced girl who wants a first-class situation in private family or hotel at any kind of work can get it by applying at 56 Dundas street. Good wages.

MALE HELP WANTED.

One time, 15c.; three times, 50c., for fifteen words.

BOY WANTED TO HELP IN BLACK-
SMITH SHOP. Apply to ALEX. SMITH, 316 Wellington street. 61a

WE WISH TO EMPLOY A FEW GOOD
men to make \$30 to \$100 a week selling our Home Electric Motor. Runs sewing machines, printing presses, vacuum cleaners, pumps, etc. Everybody buys them. Steady employment. Easy situation and good wages. W. F. HARRISON & Co., Clerk No. 14, 411 South, Ohio.

SALESMEN WANTED TO SELL OUR
goods by samples to the wholesale and retail trade; sell on sight to every business man or firm; liberal salary; very good for advertising and expenses. Permanent position. Address KING MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 535 Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED - \$25 A WEEK - G.
MARSHALL & Co., 238 Dundas street, London.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

One time, 15c.; three times, 50c., for fifteen words.

WANTED - THREE WOMEN COAT
MAKERS; also part and vest makers at once. Box 573, Brantford, Ont. 63i

SITUATIONS WANTED
One time, 15c.; three times, 50c., for fifteen words.

SITUATION WANTED AS COMPANION
to elderly woman by young lady. Cheerful, agreeable. No objections to traveling. References. Address "E. M." this office. 63a

LOST AND FOUND.

Not less than 15 words. 12c. Per word.

STOLEN - FROM 129 KENT STREET, ON
Friday night, the 6th inst., a pair of tumbler pigeons. Will pay \$3 reward for the recovery of the bird and return of birds, ATWELL FLEMING.

DENTAL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

TEETH WITHOUT PAIN, GOLD
crowns and fillings at low prices. H. H. NIELSEN, D.D.S., over FINE'S grocery.

L. McDONALD - DENTIST
Office - 1855 Dundas street, London. Telephone 702.

W. R. WILKINSON, D.D.S., PHILA-
DELPHIA, L.D.S., Toronto, Specialty - Preservation of natural teeth by methods used in modern dentistry. 415 Dundas street, corner Clarence, up stairs. Telephone 857.

DR. GEO. C. DAVIS - DENTIST
Graduate R. C. D. S., Toronto, 1873; Graduate Philadelphia Dental College, 1883. Specialties: Preservation of natural teeth, crown, porcelain and bridge work. 170 Dundas street, London, Ont. Telephone 975.

S. WOOLVERTON - SURGEON DENTIST
216 Dundas street; entrance, second door west Clarence, next Edy Bros. Telephone 822.

DR. FRED L. WOOD - FIRST-CLASS
Dental Surgeon, Royal College Dental Surgeons and Toronto University, over Bromer's confectionery, after May 1, now at 219 Dufferin avenue. Successful dentistry, moderate charges, satisfaction assured.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.
Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

J. H. WILSON & SON - OFFICE, 991 KING
street, LONDON; residence, 545 Richmond street. Telephone.

J. H. TENNENT - VETERINARY SUR-
GEON - Office, King street, opposite Blacker House, residence, corner King and Wellington. Telephone.

ARTISTS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

MISS BELING - 243 DUNDAS STREET
- Teaches painting Mondays and Thursdays. Pro on painting in oil and water colors. Best work and lowest prices. Visitors welcome any day.

TO LET - HOUSES.

These ads pay. 12c. Per word.

TO LET - 419 KING STREET - HOUSE
containing all modern conveniences. possession May 1. Apply G. A. MCGILLIVRAY 55ft 6cd

TO RENT - STORE AND DWELLING
also stable, corner Dundas and Erie streets. Apply JAMES LEON. 60ft

TO LET - CHEAP - COTTAGE AND BARN
and six acres of land. Inquire T. TAMBLYN, 200 Ridout street, South London. 15ft tyw

HOUSE TO LET - 238 KING STREET.
62ft

TO LET - STORES 33 RICHMOND STREET.
also hall above; size 80 by 30 feet. Apply C. G. CHUCKSHANK, 275 Piccadilly street. 60ft

COTTAGE TO LET - NO. 11 OXFORD
HARVEY, 84 Talbot. 60ft

TO LET - CHEAP - 40 ACRES IN WEST
Niagara; frame house and barn; nearly cleared; immediate possession. London Loan Company, London. 60a wt

TO LET - OFFICE - DOUBLE ROOM
with vaulting on first floor, Albion Building. Apply to T. H. CARLING. 66ft

FOR SALE OR TO RENT - FRAME
house, corner Sydenham and Wellington streets, lately occupied by Dr. Wood. Terms reasonable. Apply to S. Woolverton, 216 Dundas street, city. 44 wt

"TO LET," ROOMS TO LET, "HOUSE
to Let" and "For Sale" cards always on hand at ADVERTISER'S Office.

AGENTS WANTED.

One time, 15c.; three times, 50c., for fifteen words.

WANTED - TWO GOOD SALESMEN TO
sell orders for a new patent. Apply 435 Horton street. 64c

33 A DAY SURE - SEND ME YOUR
address and I will show you how to make \$3 a day; absolutely sure I furnish the work and you live. Send me your address and I will explain the business fully. Remember I guarantee a clear profit of \$3 for every day's work, absolutely sure. Write to-day. Address A. W. KNOWLES, Windsor, Ont. ywt

WANTED.

One time, 15c.; three times, 50c., for fifteen words.

WANTED - ALL KINDS OF FURNI-
TURE and stoves bought in household lots or small quantities. Apply at 231 Dundas street. 60a wt

BOARD AND LODGING.

One time, 15c.; three times, 50c., for fifteen words.

LADY, WHOSE HUSBAND IS MUCH
better off, would let furnished room with use of kitchen to lady or married couple northern part of city. Box 4, ADVERTISER. 60c tyw

LEGAL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

J. H. A. BEATTIE - BARRISTER, ETC.
874 Dundas street. Private funds to loan on real estate at 4 per cent.

A. THOMAS & A. U. BUCHNER, B.A.
R. REIDERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. 83 Dundas street, London. Money to loan. ywt

GIBBONS, McNAB & MULKERN - B.A.
R. REIDERS, etc., London. Office, corner Richmond and Carleton streets. GEORGE C. GIBBONS, C.C.; GEO. McNAB, P. MULKERN, FRED F. HARRISON.

GREENLEES, H.A., BARRISTER,
Solicitor, Canadian Loan Company Building, 181 Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan.

J. H. LUSCOMBE - BARRISTER, SOLI-
CITOR, etc., 160 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

W. J. HARVEY, BARRISTER, SOLI-
CITOR, Notary Public, etc., 72 Dundas street. Money to loan.

STUART & STUART, BARRISTERS,
Solicitors, notaries, etc. Offices, southwest corner Dundas and Richmond, London; Main street, Glenora. ALEX. STUART, DUNCAN STUART.

D. H. TENNENT, BARRISTER SOLI-
CITOR, notary public, 78 Dundas street, London. Private funds to loan at lowest rates.

J. D. DONNELL - SOLICITOR, ETC.
Removed to 110 Dundas street.

PARKE & FURDUM - BARRISTERS,
Richmond street, E. J. PARKE, Q.C., B. FURDUM, T. E. PARKE ALEXANDER FURDUM.

ALBERT O. JEFFERY, LL.B., D.C.L.
and J. Edgar Jeffery, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Offices, Ontario Loan Buildings, Market Lane, London.

McEVOY & WILSON - BARRISTERS
and solicitors, 402 Ridout street, opposite John R. PEZ, Telephone 975. Money to loan.

W. A. WILSON, B.A., LL.B., J. M. McEVOY,
B.A., LL.B.

MAGEE, MCKILLIP & MURPHY
- Barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc. Offices corner Richmond and Dundas, London. JAMES MAGEE, Q.C., JAMES B. MCKILLIP, THOMAS J. MURPHY.

W. M. CLARKE - BARRISTER, SOLI-
CITOR, notary, etc., 180 Dundas street (east of Richmond), London.

WEEKS & SCANDRETT - BARRIS-
TERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, 58 Dundas street, London. Money to loan at lowest rates. G. N. WEEKS, T. W. SCANDRETT.

P. McPHILLIPS - BARRISTER - MONEY
to loan. 415 Dundas street, London.

W. H. BARTRAM - BARRISTER
- Solicitor, notary public, conveyancer. Money to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Office 216 Dundas street, London.

LOVE & DIGNAN - BARRISTERS, ETC.
418 Talbot street, London. FRANCIS LOVE, R. H. DIGNAN.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

M. R. J. W. FETHERSTON, ORGANIST
Queen's Avenue Church. Teacher of piano, organ, theory. Singing and voice culture a specialty. 325 Queen's Avenue.

MR. WILLIAM MOXON, STUDENT IN
Germany and Cambridge University. England, receives pupils for harmony and instrumental music, at 389 Princess avenue.

MONEY TO LOAN.

G. W. FRANCIS, VALUATOR
- Private funds on first and second mortgages at low rates; notes cashed. 724 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON REAL
estate at 4 per cent. H. A. BEATTIE, barrister, etc., 87 Dundas street.

HOTEL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

ONTARIO HOUSE - KING STREET
- Opposite Market House; remodeled and refurbished; good stabling. JERRY McCLONALD.

OFFICE RESTAURANT - RICHMOND
street. Fresh lager. Best brands of all kinds of liquors and cigars. Meals at all hours. The best brand of oysters, D. SARR, proprietor.

"VICTORIA" - THE POPULAR \$1 A
day house - Clarence street, corner Dundas street. J. TOMLINSON, proprietor.

THE ALBION RESTAURANT - NO. 157
Dundas street, London. Dining-room on the European plan. Finest oysters in the market. Choice imported wines, liquors and cigars. Telephone No. 763. D. DEWAR, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MON-
TEAL - Centrally situated and first-class in every respect. D. HOGAN, proprietor.

MASSAGE TREATMENT.

"SWEDISH MASSAGE" - MRS. RAY
Gadsby, 328 York street, graduate of Walker's Park Sanatorium, Berks county, Pa. Swedish massage and water treatment. Given from oval of facial blemishes a treatment.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Best returns. 12c. Per word.

CHOICE LOT - NEAR VICTORIA PARK
for sale; no money required. Apply to W. M. J. CLARKE, barrister, 180 Dundas street. 55a wt

FOR SALE - 27 GREY STREET, NEAR
Clarence. Frame cottage, brick 60a; lot 31 feet frontage. Apply on premises. 61c

FOR SALE OR TO RENT - TWO-STORY
house now occupied by O. B. Graves; 10 rooms, 824 Richmond street north; city and soft water, gas. Apply 186 Kent street. 60a

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Not less than 15 words. 12c. Per word.

BARGAIN - FIFTY-ROOM HOTEL, FUR-
NISHED - In thriving place of 1,500 population, on Lake Huron; popular summer resort; good location; the year around. Has attached ten-room bath house; mineral water second to none in the State for rheumatism and kindred diseases. E. F. PERCIVAL, Port Huron, Mich. 60a wt

FOR SALE - GROCERY AND PROVISION
business, within city limits; good business stand. Terms cash. Address "C," this office. 60a

BARGAIN TO THE RIGHT MAN
- Merchant mill in Michigan; capacity, 300 barrels; modern machinery; brick building; good wheat country. Good money for sale. E. F. PERCIVAL, Real Estate Exchange, Port Huron, Mich. 60a

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Not less than 15 words. 12c. Per word.

FOR SALE - CHEAP - KENSINGTON
horse, harness, one new peddling wagon, Gladstone, cutter, two magnificent buffalo robes; horse grand driver. W. M. H. SMITH, 26 Alton street (north). 61c

HANDS - FINE ASSORTMENT OF AD-
VERTISING JOB DEPARTMENT, London. 8ft

BUSINESS CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

FLORIST NOTICE - FOR CUT FLOWERS
and floral designs, go to A. R. MURDOCK, Mount Pleasant avenue; 40,000 greenhouse and bedding plants, 50,000 asparagus roots. Telephone 445.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD, FRESH-CATCHED
fish, fresh Finnan haddock or smoked trout, call at Taylor's fish store, 609 Richmond street, or telephone 1,633. Store open till 10 p.m. 60a cd

E. J. BLAKE, FASHIONABLE TAILOR
- Gentle material made up in the latest style. 477 York, corner Maidland street. 61a

DOC HUNTER, THE LIVERYMAN
- Buys and sells driving and saddle horses; good ones always on hand. 72c

THE LARGEST STOCK OF FINISHED
granite and marble monuments of imperial blue, emerald pearl, dark-red Swedia, Sweden, Galway and black granites, Peterhead, Hill of Fair and Aberdeen. Statuary in Italian marble, terra cotta and zinc. I employ no agents; call and see stock; inquire price. JOHN R. PEZ, Richmond street, opposite Catholic Cathedral.

PRINTING TYPE, INKS, PRESSES
- Supplies of all kinds; new outfits our specialty. TOWN & FOUNDRY, 44 Bay street, Toronto, and 236 Portage avenue, Winnipeg.

CEO. ROUGHLEY - FELT AND GRAVEL
roofer; repairing a specialty; estimates on application. 160 Fourth street, London. Telephone 383.

A. T. CORP - PAINTING, GLAZING,
paper-hanging and glass decorating. 183 Oxford street. Telephone 768.

REMOVAL - MISS BAKER, DRESS-
MAKER, has removed to 454 Oxford street, where she will be pleased to meet her many customers.

BIKES JAPANNED - SPECIAL DE-
SIGN - In plain or ornamented finish; painting on metal or wood; Green's improved sheet metal refrigerators. D. M. GREEN, 202 King street.

STOCKWELLS STEAM DYE WORKS
- 222 Dundas street. Specialties, ostrich feathers and garment dyeing and cleaning. Parcels called for and delivered. Telephone 601.

MEDICAL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

DR. WELD HAS REMOVED TO 428
Park avenue, near Dundas street. Tel. phone 210. ywt

DR. WOODRUFF, EYE, EAR, NOSE
and throat. Hours 12 to 4. No. 183 Queen's Avenue.

DR. GRAHAM - OFFICE AND RESI-
DENCE, 68 Richmond street. Specialties, attention to the lungs and diseases of women and children.

DR. MEER, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LON-
DON. Specialties, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. till 12 p.m.

DR. GEORGE H. WILSON, YORK
street, near Talbot. Specialty, nose, throat and lungs.

CL. T. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.
- Office and residence, 27 Queen's Avenue, London. Office hours, 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. and 7 to 9 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

DR. ENGLISH - OFFICE AND RESI-
DENCE, 688 Dundas street. Telephone.

DRS. JOHN D. WILSON, AND JAS. D.
Wilson - Office and residence, 290 Queen's Avenue, second floor from Wellington street.

DR. BRENNER, 33 BLOOR STREET
east, Toronto. Specialty - Deformities, joint and spinal diseases.

DR. PINDEL - OFFICE, QUEEN'S
Avenue and Wellington streets. Specialty, lung disease.

DR. ECOLES - CORNER QUEEN'S
Avenue and Wellington. Specialty, diseases of women. At home from 10 to 12. Other hours by appointment.

DR. C. P. JENTO - 518 RICHMOND
street. Office hours: 9 to 11, 2 to 4 and after 7 o'clock.

DR. A. MACLAREN, CORONER, NORTH-
EAST corner Park and Queen's Avenue. Office hours 11 to 3 and 6 to 8 p.m. Telephone 829.

ARCHITECTS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

REMOVED - J. A. GAULD, ARCHITECT
has removed his office to 180 Dundas street, east of Richmond.

MCBRIDE & PARKYBANK - ARCHITECTS
and surveyors, 213 Dundas street, Dundas Block. H. C. McBRIDE, F. W. PARKYBANK.

MOORE & HENRY - ARCHITECTS AND
Civil engineers, 4100 Building, London. JOHN M. MOORE, FRED HENRY.

ACCOUNTANTS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

W. M. MAGEE, ACCOUNTANT
- 413 Richmond street, or 640 Talbot street, London. Telephone 1009.

ALFRED A. BOOKER, ACCOUNTANT
- 128 Elmwood avenue, London South. Telephone 1009.

E. J. MACROBERT & BROTHER
DISTRICT AND GENERAL AGENTS FOR WESTERN ONTARIO. English, American and Canadian companies represented. District managers Mutual Life Insurance Company, New York. Offices - Room A, Masonic Temple, London, Ontario. ywt

NEW GROCERY STORE.

One of the best in the city.

W. T. STENBERG
518 Richmond street, London. ywt

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF GROCERIES.

Will be sold by public auction at rooms
of J. W. Jones, London, on Monday, April 26, at 2:30 p.m., the stock in trade of R. C. Mason, of Alkerville, consisting of:
General groceries.....\$1,435 28
Crockery and glassware.....290 12
Shop furniture and chattels.....217 65
Total.....\$2,021 45
Terms - One-quarter cash at time of sale, balance 2 and 4 months with interest at 7 per cent. per annum secured. Stock lists on premises and at my office, Masonic Temple, London. FRASER & FRASER, trustees' solicitors; ALF. ROBINSON, trustee's agent. 61c zswt
Also at the same time and place there will be offered for sale by public auction the stock in trade, etc., of Caleb J. Wall, of the city of London, grocer, consisting of:
Stock of groceries.....\$ 755 46
Furniture and chattels.....591 00
Total.....\$1,346 46
Terms - One-half cash at time of sale, balance 2 and 4 months with interest at 7 per cent. per annum satisfactorily secured. Stock list may be seen at the office of the undersigned. FRASER & FRASER, solicitors for assignees. 64c

Mortgage Sale of Freehold Houses.

UNDER power of sale contained in a regis-
tered mortgage, there will be offered for sale by public auction by Mr. John W. Jones, auctioneer, at his rooms, No. 412 Dundas street, in the city of London, on Monday, 30th day of April, 1894, at 2:30 p.m., lot No. 22 and the westerly 10 feet in frontage of Lot No. 23, situated on the south side of Byron avenue and the south side of Euclid avenue, in the city of London.
There are on the said lands:
1. A frame house (No. 56 Byron avenue) with 7 rooms, summer kitchen and woodshed.
2. A brick cottage (No. 51 Byron avenue) with 6 rooms, pantry, summer kitchen and woodshed.
3. A brick cottage (No. 55 Euclid avenue) with 6 rooms, pantry, summer kitchen and woodshed.
The above residences are in good repair, and now occupied by tenants. Each is supplied with city and soft water. They are within 15 minutes of the center of the city, and are easily reached by good trams, being in the best residential quarter of London. South. They will be offered for sale in one lot (subject to a reserve bid), and if not so sold, the cottages will be offered separately (each subject to a reserve bid).
Terms of payment: One-tenth of the purchase money on the day of sale; balance in 15 days thereafter without interest.
For further particulars and conditions of sale inquire of Messrs. Gibbons, McNab & Mulkern, barristers, London, or of JOHN W. JONES, Auctioneer, 412 Dundas street, London. 62c wylw

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.

Chancery Division. In the matter of the
Dominion Winding Up Act and in the matter of the City Mutual Fire Insurance Company of London, Limited. Tenders addressed to Messrs. Gibbons, McNab & Mulkern, at the city of London, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon of Saturday, May 5, 1894, for the purchase of the outstanding assets of the above company. The assets consist of outstanding judgments against various contributors of said company, in number 78, and aggregating in amount \$54,818. A list of same, with the address of each, and the amount due by each, can be seen on application at the office of GIBBONS, McNAB & MULKERN, solicitors for liquidation, to be marked on outside "Tenders for City Mutual Assurance." 61c wt

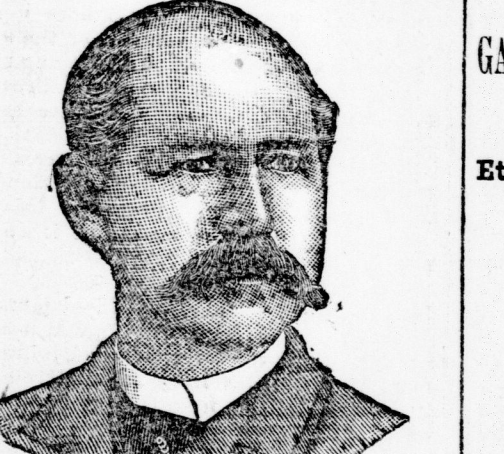
Waterworks NOTICE.

CONSUMERS are hereby notified that the
inspectors of this department have imperative instructions to have the water supply turned off against contributors of said company of repair, and also to those who are using city water contrary to the rules of this department. By order, 63i

Bricklayers & Painters

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the
office of the undersigned until 5 p.m. Friday, April 27, for painting and repairing the exterior of the Ontario Loan and Debeney Company's building, corner of Dundas street and Market Lane. 63c tyw

MOORE & HENRY, Architects.



W. L. DOUGLAS

\$4 SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD
- ALSO -
\$3, \$4, \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8, \$9, \$10, \$11, \$12, \$13, \$14, \$15, \$16, \$17, \$18, \$19, \$20, \$21, \$22, \$23, \$24, \$25, \$26, \$27, \$28, \$29, \$30, \$31, \$32, \$33, \$34, \$35, \$36, \$37, \$38, \$39, \$40, \$41, \$42, \$43, \$44, \$45, \$46, \$47, \$48, \$49, \$50, \$51, \$52, \$53, \$54, \$55, \$56, \$57, \$58, \$59, \$60, \$61, \$62, \$63, \$64, \$65, \$66, \$67, \$68, \$69, \$70, \$71, \$72, \$73, \$74, \$75, \$76, \$77, \$78, \$79, \$80, \$81, \$82, \$83, \$84, \$85, \$86, \$87, \$88, \$89, \$90, \$91, \$92, \$93, \$94, \$95, \$96, \$97, \$98, \$99, \$100.
W. L. DOUGLAS Shoes are stylish, easy fitting, give better satisfaction at the price advertised than any other make. W. L. Douglas' name and price on the bottom, which guarantees their value, saves thousands of dollars annually to those who wear them. None genuine unless so stamped.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
JOHN S. BROWN,
145 Dundas Street. wt

Coins! Coins! Coins!

MONEY LOANED
On real estate, notes, furniture, chattels, etc. James & J. R. Milne, 88 Dundas street, London, Ont. Dealers in coins, tokens and medals. ywt

W. Chapman, BUTCHER.

Fresh and Fatt Meats, Beef, Mutton, Fowls,
etc. Goods delivered at any part of the city. 269 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

Jewelry Given Away

AT -
L. D. Trompou's Jewelry Store
160 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

LEADING HOTELS.

GRIGG HOUSE
The Commercial Hotel of London
Remodeled and refurnished, and is now the leading house of Western Ont.
No. 10, Peter, \$1.50 and 87.
J. ROUSMAN, proprietor.

THE GREAT MINERS' STRIKE.

Most of the Men in the Coke Region
Have Quit Work - Iron Mills Obligated to Close.
PITTSBURG, Pa., April 25. - The miners' strike has spread to the mines along the Kiskiminitus River. Yesterday 3,000 miners in this district went out.
The entire coke region, with the exception of a few works, is out for the first time since 1891. Most of the men who remained at the works yesterday laid down their picks this morning.
Over six thousand of the coke workers are now out. The leaders are confident that the remaining 4,000 will be in their ranks by to-morrow morning.
The coal strikes are playing havoc with the iron mills at Lebanon. The puddling departments of all the mills are shut down because the supply of coal is exhausted.
Rockland, Ont., April 25. - Thirty stonecutters at Stewart's quarry have struck. They demanded \$3 a day; hitherto they have worked at piecework. The demand was refused.

AN ESSEX FARMER.

A Total Wreck With Kidney Disease -
All the Symptoms of Bright's Disease Present - Dodd's Kidney Pills Make Him Perfectly Well Again.
LEAMINGTON, April 23. - Sherman Buchanan, a farmer living near here, recently passed through a terrible ordeal. He was attacked by kidney disease, which made him a total wreck. He suffered agonizing pains and his digestive organs were seriously impaired. All the symptoms of Bright's disease were present. After trying several remedies he cured himself. Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured him. Dodd's was the first kidney remedy in pill form ever offered the public. Its wonderful success in curing all forms of kidney disease has led to the introduction of numerous cheap and worthless imitations. Purchasers, for their own safety, should insist on getting Dodd's Kidney Pills. Sold in large boxes, \$5.00 each, or six boxes for \$25.00. To be had of all druggists.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.

In San Domingo articles of clothing are
unknown to children until after they are 12 years of age.
Try Derby Plug Smoking
Tobacco, 5, 10 & 20c Plugs.
Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co.
Capital and Assets, \$53,000,000.
EDWARD TOWNE, Agent, Office over Bank of Commerce, London. Telephone No. 507.
Money to loan at lowest rates. ywt

GAS-ELECTRIC

Combination Fixtures.
GAS BRACKETS and

Jug-Handled Justice.

The Ottawa Free Press Incurs the Formal Censure of the House.

But the Libelers of Liberal Leaders Go Unrebuked.

Mr. C. H. Tupper in the Role of Davy Crockett's Coon—Debate on the School Question Resumed.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

OTTAWA, April 25.—On the opening of the House this afternoon an unusual and interesting subject was brought to the attention of the House by the First Minister. On Monday in discussing Mr. Charlton's speech, in which he argued that the Government was not sincerely desirous as they assert of obtaining a treaty of reciprocity with the United States, Mr. Kennedy used the arguments in reply that Mr. Laurier and Sir Richard Cartwright were annexationists, even going so far as to hold Mr. Laurier responsible for Senator Sherman's speech in favor of extending the way of the stars and stripes northward to the Arctic Sea. This attempt to stigmatize members of the House as disloyal and false to their oath of office was clearly out of order, but Mr. Speaker did not stop Mr. Kennedy, and so Dr. Landerkin, in replying to Mr. Wallace, retorted by asserting that Mr. Wallace had uttered disloyal sentiments in the House, and that Mr. Kennedy had made a speech defending Mr. Wallace's utterances. The Speaker called Dr. Landerkin to order, and although the doctor protested, prevented him from continuing his remarks. Sir Richard Cartwright then said that the ruling was unfair and that different treatment was meted out to the Opposition than to the Ministerialists. Mr. Mulock also protested and talked about appealing against the Speaker to the House. The matter went no further. Next day the Ottawa Free Press came out with an article characterizing Mr. Speaker's conduct as "partisan." The article also declared that Mr. White was a subservient presiding officer.

To-day Sir John Thompson directed attention to the article and made a long speech. He referred to the occasion described above, and held that Mr. Speaker was right in his ruling. But aside from that point, it was forbidden to assail the motives of the Speaker, or attribute to him anything but strict impartiality in the chair. Otherwise the chair would lose that implicit respect necessary for the preservation of order. Mr. Speaker was not infallible, and to err was human; but if they thought the Speaker wrong they had a right to appeal to the House and decide the question themselves. He described the language in the article as diabolical when applied to the head of the House, who could not defend himself consistently with his dignity and position.

The article having been read at the table, Sir John Thompson moved: "That the article published in the Ottawa Free Press on April 24, and read at the table, is a scandalous, false and malicious libel upon the honor, character and integrity of the

Speaker of this House, and in contempt of the privileges and constitutional authority of the House." This was seconded by Sir Adolphe Caron.

Mr. Laurier agreed as to the necessity for upholding the honor of the head of the House, and would go further and say it was equally imperative to do everything to preserve the dignity of the House itself by maintaining the character of individual members when attacked in the press. He was not ready to subscribe, however, to the whole of the resolution. Part of the article had been given as an illustration of the partisanship of Mr. Speaker—the fact that he had attended a Conservative meeting the other day at Pembroke to nominate a candidate for the Legislature and made a speech. In this connection the article called Mr. White a "Tory heeler." Mr. Laurier said that this was a reference not to Mr. White as Speaker, but to Peter White as a private member of the Conservative party attending a Conservative meeting, and the resolution could not therefore apply to that portion of the article. He believed that the House would not have to listen to such a motion if in the past it had taken more care of its own dignity. He quoted several occasions where offenders had been whitewashed by the majority of the House. The Hon. Mr. Vall was wantonly and bitterly assailed in the chief Government organ, but although the attention of the House was called to it, no action was taken. Mr. Huntington was actually insulted on the floor of the House, and although the House took action, the majority refused to censure the offender. If upon those occasions it had passed sentence upon the offenders the position of the House would be different. Articles as offensive as this were appearing daily in the press in regard to members of the House. He thought the motion went too far to have the concurrence of the whole House. If the motion had been confined to the Speaker as Speaker, he would be disposed to view it in a different light.

The motion was put and carried on a division. Mr. Laurier moved to take up the question of the refusal of the majority of the public accounts committee to examine Joseph Pope under oath respecting the Bering Sea arbitration expense.

Sir C. H. Tupper, however, who had been most strenuous at the committee in opposing the motion, now rose and moved that Mr. Pope be examined under oath. Mr. Laurier told Mr. Tupper that he had taken a very roundabout way of arriving at the goal, but he had at last arrived at it. Mr. Mills remarked that this was a case of "Davy Crockett's coon," who came down before the famous hunter fired.

Mr. Tupper bore his discomfiture as best he could, and the laughter of the Opposition.

Mr. Campbell brought up the matter of the dismissal of Timothy McQueen, the fishery overseer in the county of Kent, Ont. The only charge the Minister of Marine could sustain was that Mr. McQueen had at the last election voted against the Government candidate.

Sir C. H. Tupper said that Mr. McQueen has always been considered favorable to the Government in politics and opposed to Mr. Campbell. The papers would disclose the merits of the case. The motion for papers was carried.

After recess the debate on the school

question was resumed by Mr. Brodeur, who blamed the Government for not disallowing the Northwest ordinance. He quoted Father Leduc's charge that the Government employed false pretences in order to deprive Catholics of their rights. He claimed that the Northwest school question should have been referred to courts as well as the Manitoba question. He asserted that the first person to raise this school issue had been Mr. Craig, the member for East Durham, who, when a member of the Ontario Legislature, raised an agitation against separate schools. Mr. Taylor moved the adjournment of the debate and the House adjourned.

BREACH OF PROMISE.

The Lovers Quarrel Over a Remark He Made About the Forty-Eighth Highlanders.

TORONTO, April 25.—The breach of promise case brought by the widow, Mrs. Ann E. Bailey, against Thos. Ware, widower, was begun this morning in the Assize Court. The correspondence read in court showed that Ware informed the widow that he owned eighteen houses in Toronto, besides property in Eglington. When Ware called on the widow he asked her to loan him \$1,000 to pay on the house and pay off the mortgage. She declined, but asked him to put his demand in writing, and also to furnish testimonials as to his character. He mentioned several merchants, class leaders in the church and barristers. He then renewed his appeal for the \$1,000, telling her the deed would be made in her name and they could mutually enjoy living in the house.

The fair plaintiff testified as follows as to the engagement: "He said 'Would I become his wife?' and I said 'yes.' Then he asked me to go into another room and pray over it, which he did."

Witness said she furnished the house for them to live in. Subsequently they had a quarrel over some contemptuous remarks that Ware made about the Forty-eighth Highlanders, whom they were watching while on parade one Sunday.

Mrs. Bailey is a daughter of one of the Forty-eighth and she resented the remark. Now she is suing him for \$5,000 damages.

Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute. This widely celebrated institution, located at Buffalo, N. Y., is organized with a full staff of experienced and skillful physicians and surgeons, constituting the most complete organization of medical and surgical skill in America for the treatment of all chronic diseases, whether requiring medical or surgical means for their cure. Marvellous success has been achieved in the cure of all nasal, throat and lung diseases, liver and kidney diseases, diseases of the digestive organs, bladder diseases, diseases peculiar to women, blood taints and skin diseases, rheumatism, neuritis, nervous debility, paralysis, epilepsy (fits) and kindred affections. Thousands are cured at their homes through correspondence. The cure of the worst ruptures, pile tumors, varicose, hydrocele and strictures is guaranteed, with only a short residence at the institution. Send 10 cents in stamps for the Invalids' Guide Book (168 pages), which gives all particulars. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Try Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco, 5, 10 & 20c Plugs.

Winding Up.

The Upper Canada College Bill Passed by the Legislature.

Protest Against Rushing Business Through the Assizes.

Several Bills Get a Third Reading—Another Want of Confidence Motion Tabled.

PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO, April 25.—Mr. Ross at the morning session moved the second reading of his bill respecting the Upper Canada College.

Mr. Clarke (Toronto) wanted to have a rider added to the effect that nothing in the bill would prejudice the claim of Toronto, if any, to Russell Square.

Sir Oliver Mowat maintained that nothing that affected prejudicially any claim the city may have on Russell Square was contained in the bill.

Mr. Clarke withdrew his amendment and the bill passed.

The Attorney-General's bill "respecting the call of solicitors to the bar" was read a third time.

Mr. Garrow's bill "respecting writs of execution" was slightly amended and read a third time.

The House then went into committee on Mr. Guthrie's bill to amend the Judicature Act.

Mr. Fraser criticised the action of some judges rushing through a session of the assizes. He thought a limit should be placed upon the daily sittings. Jurists could not be in a condition to give proper attention to a case after a long day's session when evidence was being taken at midnight.

Mr. Whitney agreed with the commissioner. Assizes should not commence on Monday as was often the case, thus making it necessary for some parties to leave home on the Saturday previous.

The bill was amended so that the first session of the assizes will not begin on the opening day until 1 p.m.

Mr. Balfour, chairman of the natural gas commission, presented a report to the effect that it was inadvisable to interfere by legislation with the pumping or exportation of gas.

AFTERNOON SESSION. Almost two-thirds of the afternoon session was devoted to a discussion of Mr. O'Connor's bill "To remove doubts as to the assessment of gas-pipe and the wires of companies upon the public streets." The bill provides that such properties shall not be liable to assessment. On a motion for the third reading to-morrow Mr. Meredith moved the six months' hoist. The amendment was lost—46 to 33—Messrs. Mowat, Hardy, Ross, Gibson, Harcourt and Dryden voting in the minority. Mr. Bronson voted for the third reading.

The following Government bills were read a second time without opposition: Respecting High Court sittings in the county of York.

Respecting companies licensed under the

Revised Statutes authorizing corporations and institutions incorporated out of Ontario to lend and invest money therein.

To correct a clerical error in the schedule to the act, 56 Victoria, chapter 5, respecting sheriffs.

To make further provision respecting mortgages of real estate.

Mr. Cleland's bill to amend the game law so that the close season for shooting hares shall be between March 15 and Sept. 1 received a second reading.

EVENING SESSION.

The Government was somewhat surprised when Mr. Sol White sprung an amendment to the motion that the House go into supply, the substance of which was the condemnation of the Government for having the education department supervised by a political head.

The debate lasted only half an hour. Hon. G. W. Ross said the matter had been thoroughly discussed, and he refused to say anything on the question.

Messrs. Meredith, Clancy and Jos. Tait spoke briefly.

Sir Oliver Mowat held that a Minister was necessary, that the affairs of the department could better be discussed and explained in the House.

The vote stood 46 to 27 against the amendment. The House then went into supply and discussed the estimates on colonization roads.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen in Kingston.

KINGSTON, Ont., April 25.—This morning the Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen visited Queen's College and were given a rousing reception by the professors and students. Lady Aberdeen planted a maple tree in the oval in front of the college building. The Governor-General planted a black walnut and a birch.

If you want a solid walnut or oak cane seated rocker for \$1.25 or anything else in the furniture line just as cheap call on KENNE BROS., 127 King street, opposite market house. Get your furniture repaired and upholstered before the rush.

Another consignment of \$10k finished rockers just arrived, also great bargains in sideboards, at TRAFFORD'S Popular Furniture House, 95 and 97 King street. Phone 864.

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Reserve Fund.....422,000

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WILLIAM F. BULLEN, MANAGER.
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The Cook's PUZZLE

How to avoid sodden pastry?

The PROBLEM is SOLVED by the production of our NEW SHORTENING

COTTOLINE

which makes light, crisp, healthful, wholesome pastry.

Mrs. McBride, Marion Harland, and other expert cooking authorities endorse COTTOLINE. YOU can't afford to do without COTTOLINE.

Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, Wellington and Ann Sts., 105 & 107 PETER ST. W.

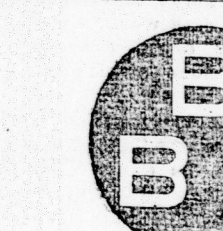
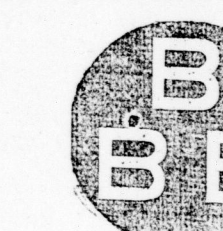
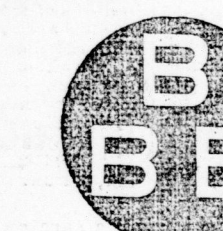
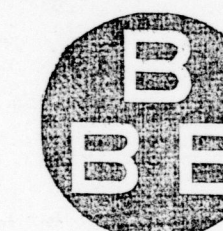
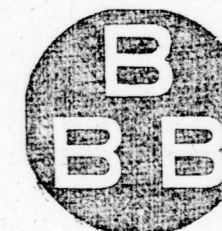
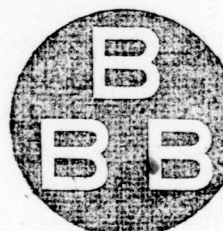
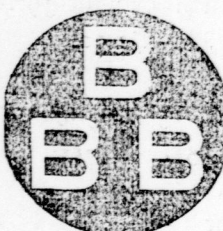
GEORGE PARISH.
I have Bedroom Suites from \$10 to \$12—Sideboards from \$7 to \$20. Good assortment of new and old Cooking Stoves on hand. Old furniture taken in exchange. 357 TALBOT STREET South of King street. ywt

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Have removed to 352 Ridout street. Phone 1012.

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We are quoting very low prices for Lily White Oil, Aurora Light, Water White benzine, gasoline, machine and cylinder oils. Send for quotations. Phone No. 307. EMPIRE OIL COMPANY.



MR. WM. WHITE

Feels Like a New Man.

DEAR SIR.—I think it my duty to let you know what B. B. B. has done for me. I have spent hundreds of dollars in doctors' medicine and got no benefit. I was unable to work for three years with liver complaint, indigestion and kidney trouble. Being advised to try B. B. B. I did so, and now feel like a new man. I have used seven bottles and the effect is wonderful. I think there is no better medicine made.

WILLIAM WHITE, Oakdale, Ont.

B. B. B. Excels all Others.

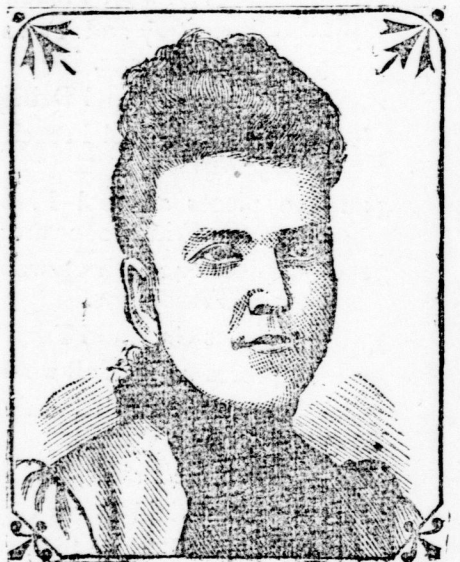
DEAR SIR.—Your Burdock Blood Bitters excels all other medicines that I ever used. I took it for biliousness and it has cured me altogether.

WM. WRIGHT, Wallaceburg, Ont.

Sincerely Stated.

SIR.—I have been troubled with liver complaint for five years, often unable to work with the pain in my sides and shoulder blades. A neighbor who had used it urged me to try B. B. B., and I took three bottles, which I can sincerely say have made me feel like a new person. I find your Burdock Pills also excellent for use in my family.

MRS. FRANCES HALL, Kinnmount, Ont.



MISS SUTTON.

Salt Rheum Cured.

GENTLEMEN.—I was troubled so bad with Salt Rheum this winter that I lost some of my finger nails and was unable to wash. The doctor told me it could not be cured; he gave me an ointment but it did me no good; in fact, my hands got worse. Several other remedies also failed to cure a cure, and I then thought I would try Burdock Blood Bitters. I did so, and with the use of three bottles am quite recovered, able to work again, and recommend B. B. B. to all suffering from Salt Rheum.

MISS ETTIE SUTTON, Guelph, Ont.

B. B. B. Our Family Physician.

DEAR SIR.—I was troubled with Eczema (Salt Rheum) for about two years, but I did not bother with it until it began to itch and spread over my hand. I then took four bottles of B. B. B., which completely drove it away. It was by my son's advice I took B. B. B., as B. B. B. is our family physician.

J. S. MILLS, Collingwood, Ont.

For Boils and Skin Diseases.

DEAR SIR.—I have been using B. B. B. for boils and skin diseases, and I find it very good as a cure. As a dyspepsia cure I have also found it unequalled.

MRS. SARAH HAMILTON, Montreal, Que.

NATURE'S REMEDY FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS AND BLOOD.

B. B. B. Purifies the Blood.
B. B. B. Regulates the Liver.
B. B. B. Strengthens the Stomach.
B. B. B. Regulates the Bowels.

All such diseases as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, Jaundice, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Boils, Eruptions, Skin Diseases, etc., are caused by wrong action of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels or Blood, and may be cured by correcting this wrong action and regulating and purifying all the organs, thus restoring perfect health. B. B. B. will do this promptly, safely and surely. It succeeds where other remedies fail. Even many forms of Cancer yield to its curative powers. Price \$1 per bottle, six for \$5, or less than a cent a dose.

B. B. B. Cures Dyspepsia.
B. B. B. Cures Biliousness.
B. B. B. Cures Constipation.
B. B. B. Cures Bad Blood.

Overwhelming testimony in favor of B. B. B. proves its popularity and power as the best family medicine of modern times. If faithfully used it cannot fail, and as an evidence of our faith we give a solid guarantee to return the purchase money to any sufferer whom it does not cure or relieve after the use of the whole or part of one bottle.



MISS CAROLINE DUFRESNE.

A Terrible Malady.

GENTLEMEN.—I was afflicted with that terrible malady, dropsy, arising from kidney disease, and was about to undergo an operation when I was recommended to try Burdock Blood Bitters. I have used six bottles and can say that I am now perfectly cured, and feel neither pain nor distress. I strongly recommend B. B. B. to all sufferers from this cruel malady.

CAROLINE DUFRESNE, Quebec, Que.

B. B. B. Cures Kidney Complaint.

DEAR SIR.—After using three bottles of B. B. B. I am entirely cured of kidney complaint, from which I suffered for a long time, and I would advise all sufferers to try this medicine.

W. J. HORTON, Toronto, Ont.

B. B. B. a Certain Cure.

DEAR SIR.—I was for a long time troubled with kidney complaint, dyspepsia and biliousness. I tried all kinds of remedies I could hear of. Some gave relief for a while, but as soon as I stopped taking them I was as bad as ever. At last I tried Burdock Blood Bitters, and after giving it a fair and honest trial I am now entirely cured, and enjoy good health.

WM. PALMER, Lorneville, Ont.



MR. WM. T. CATRAL.

Hope For Sufferers.

DEAR SIR.—I find your B. B. B. an excellent remedy for headache and dizziness. I had tried several doctors, but their medicine did me no good. I have taken two bottles of B. B. B. and feel entirely cured and like a different man. I am certain that if other sufferers try it they will be sure to have satisfaction.

WM. T. CATRAL, Belleville, Ont.

Perfectly Cured by B. B. B.

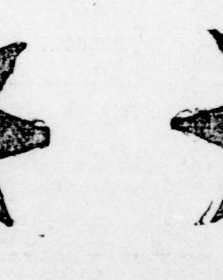
SIR.—I have been greatly troubled with headache and bad blood for ten or twelve years. I started to take Burdock Blood Bitters in July, 1892, and now (January, 1893) I am perfectly cured.

HUGH DRAIN, Norwood, Ont.

B. B. B. Cures Sick Headache.

GENTLEMEN.—Having suffered for a number of years with sick headache, I concluded to try B. B. B., and by the time I had used two bottles I was cured and have not had any symptoms of it since. I can safely recommend B. B. B. for sick headache.

MRS. A. A. GAMSBY, Orono, Ont.



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Gods in his heaven,
All's right with the world.
—[BROWNING.]

London, Thursday, April 26.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER, with its morning and evening editions, covers the ground. With one exception, it is the ONLY EARLY MORNING DAILY IN ONTARIO, outside of Toronto.

EAST MIDDLESEX LIBERAL CONVENTION.

The executive of the Liberal Association of East Middlesex has taken the advice of the ADVERTISER, and called a convention to nominate a candidate for the Legislature. The meeting will be held in the Liberal rooms, Oddfellows' Hall, corner of Dundas street and Park avenue, on Saturday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock. As it is necessary that the best available man shall be placed in the field, there should be a full attendance. East Middlesex has before now been represented by a Liberal, and there is no reason why, with a good candidate in the field, the riding should not be carried in the ensuing contest.

HON. C. F. FRASER.

The reason for the contemplated withdrawal from public life of Hon. C. F. Fraser was made painfully manifest on Monday and Tuesday, when, on the two occasions that he essayed to speak, the Commissioner of Public Works broke down. It was a pathetic scene. There stood a man, defending against petty mousetraps the principles of a lifetime, who, like his chief, possesses a record extending over twenty years which has proved absolutely unassailable. What a rebuke to those small-souled politicians who never fail to impute the doctrine that no man can be a true and independent citizen who does not worship at the same altar as themselves! Hon. Mr. Fraser has been assailed, not because of flaws in his administrative career, not because he was a public man of corrupt character and deeds, but because he remained true to the faith of his fathers, and upheld the spirit as well as the letter of the Imperial Confederation Act. In this he was wronged by his political opponents. Broken down in health, he now retires from the service of his country, and not the bitterest of his opponents can say one word against his integrity as a citizen and as a public man. This fact proves, as Rev. W. J. Clark emphasized in a discourse in this city recently, that there are good citizens and true in every denomination. It is the duty of every patriot to see that the services of all such are directed in channels as conducive to the public welfare as have been those of Christopher Finlay Fraser.

WEST MIDDLESEX.

The retirement of Mr. Murdoch, the Patron candidate for West Middlesex, is a tribute to the strength of Hon. Geo. W. Ross in the constituency.

Mr. Murdoch is recognized as the strongest candidate who could have been placed in the field as an opponent to the Minister of Education. He is a leading farmer, a man of ability, of earnest convictions, and of force of character. He has been all through the riding, he has canvassed, he has addressed many public meetings. But Mr. Murdoch had the good sense to see that he could not be elected, and he retired from the field.

Mr. Welch, of Strathroy, who has been nominated by the Patrons to take up the hopeless task that Mr. Murdoch laid down, is a young man of Conservative family in Canada. Up to the time of his becoming grand secretary of the Patrons he always worked with the Conservative party. The wisdom of placing him in the field is seriously questioned by many Patrons, who know that with Mr. Leitch, of Glencoe, also running as a Conservative candidate, there is absolutely no chance of electing a Patron in the riding.

Patrons of Liberal proclivities will doubtless remember how the principles they advocate were sacrificed in the last Dominion election by the persistence in a triangular campaign. We know that the crafty Dr. Roome and his associates are hoping and trusting that, by a similar fight for the seat in the Legislature, the Conservative candidate will slip in. The news from West Middlesex, however, is that whether in a triangular contest or in a straight fight the friends of good government and of the veteran representative of the riding will see to it that the Minister of Education is again returned by a handsome majority.

Some Toronto politicians are kicking against the new Voters' Registration Act. They allege that those who desire to register will not have time to do so. The real reason for objection to registration lies in the fact that on the Toronto voters' list a large number of names are found that should not be there. Registration will be one of the most powerful blows yet aimed at personation. In that respect it will be a great help to the Liberal cause.

The Optional Ballot

Granted to Separate as Well as Public Schools.

Attempts to Raise Sectarian Cries Frowned Down.

Mr. Meredith's Recent Antics Exposed by Sir Oliver.

The Gospel of "Nag" Not of the Golden Rule.

Unconstitutionality of the Proposals Made by Mr. McCallum, M.P.P.

The Optional Ballot.
I propose to amend the bill so as to give the separate school supporters the right to pass upon the question by inserting a provision that upon the presentation of a petition, signed by a certain number, the trustees shall submit the question to a vote of the separate school electors of the section as to whether the ballot system shall or shall not be adopted, or by deferring the coming into operation of the bill until new elections take place, making them general, so that the people could elect trustees favorable to the ballot if they so desired; but these are matters of detail that can be arranged by the committee. —[Mr. Conmee, M. P. P. for West Algoma.]

Mr. Meredith's Methods.
He (Mr. Meredith) usually disclaims any desire to raise the no-Popery cry, or to infringe upon the rights of his Catholic fellow-subjects, but at the same time he deliberately proceeds to force upon them his own views regarding those rights and opinions which he so loudly professes to respect. —[Mr. Conmee, M. P. P.]

An Unwarranted Outcry.
There was nothing to indicate that the Roman Catholics were in favor of the compulsory system. But there were doubtless a great many Roman Catholics who, having regard to the agitation going on and to the outcry raised and the irritation caused by the discussion of the question; having regard to the attacks made upon the separate schools, and the expressions used with reference to their clergy and the hierarchy, and actuated by a desire to take out of the political arena a question calculated to create so much disturbance and difference of opinion, there was no doubt, as we heard, a certain section of the Roman Catholic minority who have felt they did not care whether the Legislature passed an optional ballot or not. —[Hon. C. F. Fraser.]

A Champion Disclaimed.
The course of the honorable gentleman in introducing the resolution which he did is uncomplimentary to the Catholic people, to say the least of it. He tells them, in effect: "You are a miserable, cowardly lot; it would be no use to make the ballot optional for you. That has worked well with Protestants. They could exercise their rights without a coercive measure, it is true, but just to be consistent for once in my life I am going to coerce them so that you cannot enjoy freedom. It is the only way the thing can be done. You would never have the courage to use the ballot unless I, William Ralph Meredith, the champion and general in command of the forces now marshaling against the common enemy, stepped in and forced it upon you." Sir, these self-constituted champions of Catholic rights from a hostile standpoint may depend upon it that their interference will serve no good purpose. Catholics are themselves the best judges of their own civil rights, and will not be slow to resent any undue clerical or other interference with those rights. But, sir, I deny that there is any interference with the rights of the citizen by the Catholic hierarchy or clergy of this Province. A few officious persons may interfere in some matters, or even in politics, but their influence is small—they seldom change a single vote. —[Mr. Conmee, M. P. P.]

Artful Dodging Exposed.
He thought that it was a pity that Mr. Meredith had taken his present course, and reminded the House that his course since 1886 had been contrary to his course prior to that date. Mr. Meredith disclaimed any attempt to raise religious differences, but his actions belied this, for he had time and again assailed the minority and was always speaking of their enervation. Mr. Balfour then sketched the manner in which the Roman Catholics and the Protestants had lived in harmony together before these agitations had been started. —[W. D. Balfour, M. P. P.]

A Slander Reuted.
What I say in reference to the religious minority is this: There is no man amongst them in favor of separate schools—and I say they are all in favor of separate schools—say this without hesitancy—there is no man amongst them but he expects that the clergy of the church wherever separate schools are established should not be merely passive, merely lookers-on, but that they should be guarding, guiding and directing the schools. Roman Catholics expect their clergy to do what, if there were Anglican schools established here, the Anglican clergy would expect of their clergy. They expect what the laity of the Methodist Church would expect of their clergy under the same circumstances, or any other denomination if there were denominational schools here as there are in England. —[Hon. C. F. Fraser.]

Challenge Not Accepted.
Mr. Balfour reminded Mr. Meredith of the part members of the P. P. A. took at his nomination, and of the alliances between the Conservatives and the P. P. A. in several constituencies over the Province. He ventured to say that not one of the members of the Opposition would dare to get up and publicly condemn the P. P. A.

No Solid Catholic Vote.
He denied that there was a solid Catholic vote, saying that neither he nor Mr. White nor Mr. Clancy had ever found the Catholic vote solid either for them or against them. There seemed good reason to think that there was a combination of the P. P. A. and the Conservatives. The Roman Catholics might well be excused for looking with suspicion on their would-be defenders. —[Mr. Balfour, M. P. P.]

The Christian Way.
Mr. Meredith claimed it was in the interests of Roman Catholics that they should have the compulsory ballot. Surely Roman Catholics themselves were the best judges of that. There was no doubt the great majority of them were at present opposed

to it. If honorable gentlemen really thought as they argued their course of action should be the reverse of what it now was. Instead of endeavoring to force the ballot upon them they should endeavor to show the minority the advantages of the system, and by good-will and kindness try to overcome their opposition. —[Sir Oliver Mowat.]

Toronto's Rip Van Winkle.
The honorable gentleman has shown no good reason why the ballot should be forced on the public school supporters. But the honorable gentleman (Mr. Meredith) wanted to make political capital out of this school question, because there was some noisy agitation with regard to it in the country; he wanted to catch the P. P. A. breeze, but, as usual, he was behind. He had been taking a long sleep during recess, and when the House assembled he found notice of a bill had been given dealing with the question; and, like Rip Van Winkle, he had wakened up, and he wanted to make up for lost time, so we had his resolution. Well, I do not begrudge him all the consolation he got out of it. His movement gives color to the main argument urged against the adoption of the ballot from a Catholic standpoint, namely, that they do not want it forced upon them by the enemies of the separate schools and of everything Catholic. —[Mr. Conmee.]

Religion in Text Books.
Another point to which Mr. Meredith had objected was because they were under Roman Catholic management, and the children there were Roman Catholics. Mr. Meredith had said religion should not be taught in text-books. He thought if they were entitled to teach the doctrines of their church in their schools they must be allowed also to determine how they should do so. If their plan was that their readers should contain religious teachings he did not know why they should not carry out that plan. He thought if they were to be allowed to teach their doctrines they must be allowed to do so in their own way. —[Sir Oliver Mowat.]

Twist-About William.
Mr. Meredith says he could have got into office if he had wished to. Well, the honorable gentleman had been in opposition for twenty years, and was still there. He (the Attorney-General) did not know what he could have done that he had not done to get office. He had not been particular about always taking the same view of things, but still he had been unsuccessful, and he (Sir Oliver) apprehended that he would still be unsuccessful at the ensuing elections. —[Sir Oliver Mowat.]

A British Act Governs It.
The British North America Act spoke not only of "rights," but of "rights and privileges." No legislation should prejudicially affect "the rights and privileges," etc. The Roman Catholics had certain privileges by the act. One of these was—and he drew a distinction between the actual mode of voting and the machinery leading up to the vote—that they had certain forms of machinery assured to them. One of these rights and privileges was that of election by open voting. It might be argued that open voting was not a privilege; but if the ballot had been given them, and if the present proposition were to change to open voting, it would be conceded that the original manner of voting was a privilege, and, as a matter of law, open voting certainly was a privilege falling under the terms of the act. Another privilege was the selection of their own returning officers through the separate school boards. That privilege, and the privilege of appointing their own teachers, were the two great privileges which they possessed. If one could be taken away, so could the other; and where would be the principle of separate schools if the appointment of their own teachers could be assailed. —[Hon. C. F. Fraser.]

Ontario and Quebec.
He dealt for a few moments with the question of inspectors, and denied that the Roman Catholics would be content to have their schools inspected by an inspector like Mr. J. L. Hughes, whose every public word outside of his official duties was a slander against the Roman Catholics. What would be said of these gentlemen if in Quebec the public school inspectors were to be appointed to inspect the Protestant schools in place of Mr. Rexford, the present Protestant school inspector? He defended the French Catholics of Quebec from the charge of intolerance, and held that their course in the appointment of Protestants to the civil service, and in the election of Protestants to the Legislature, had been a lesson in tolerance to the wealthier Province of Ontario. —[Mr. Ewart, M. P. P.]

Sir Oliver's Telling Exposure.
The honorable gentleman (Mr. Meredith) said he stood by his principles. He (Sir Oliver) did not know what those principles were, and he thought the country did not. They had been changed so often. They had been changed in regard to the very matter that was now under discussion. The Attorney-General read from a speech by Mr. Meredith on the subject of the ballot and separate schools, delivered in 1883, first remarking that the issue now between the two sides of the House was whether the ballot, if introduced into separate schools, should apply to the case of public schools, or should be compulsory. Mr. Meredith had then taken the view the Government was now taking on this very matter. The speech in question was made on Jan. 23, 1883, and in that speech Mr. Meredith had stated that it was not desirable that the House should force upon the supporters of the separate schools' system of voting distasteful to them. (Mr. Meredith—Hear, hear.) The Attorney-General said Mr. Meredith took just the opposite position now. The Roman Catholics of the Province were not prepared to adopt the ballot in the way he now wished to compel them to do; but there were some indications that they were willing to accept it in the same way in which it was applied to public schools. Mr. Meredith felt in 1883 as the Liberal members of the House felt it now, that the House should not force upon the Roman Catholics a bill that was distasteful to them. But he now desired to compel Roman Catholics to adopt the ballot system. Did he not see how impossible it was to get Roman Catholics to accept it when this bill was forced upon them from a Protestant standpoint? —[Sir Oliver Mowat.]

A Simple Remedy.
Many people do not like to take medicine and who can blame those who have had to undergo the nauseous treatment of bitter purgatives and tonics. The new method of treating Sick Headache, Biliousness, Indigestion, etc., by using Easley's Liver Lozenges, is so simple that no one surely can object to it. These Lozenges are sold at all drug stores at 25 cents a box, or 5 boxes for \$1.

Pliny describes a reaper in use in his time which gathered the heads of the grain, leaving the straws standing.

Try Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco, 5, 10 & 20c Plugs.

B. B. B. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

CURES AND PREVENTS
COLDS,
COUGHS,
SORE THROAT,
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RHEUMATISM,
BRUISES, SPRAINS,
NEURALGIA, ASTHMA.

Quicker Than Any Known Remedy.
No matter how violent or excruciating the pain of the Rheumatic, Influenza, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgia or prostrated with diseases may suffer.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
Will Afford Instant Ease.

It was the first and the only remedy that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation and
CURES
Congestion, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels or other glands or organs.

Radway & Co.—Gentlemen.—I have used your Ready Relief for more than 25 years with much satisfaction—have used it for La Grippe, Pneumonia, Pleurisy and all sorts of aches and pains, and have found it infallible every time.
D. W. RAYMOND,
31 Crescent street, Middletown, Conn.
Jan. 18, 1894.

ASHVILLE, N. C.
This is to certify that in February, 1890, I had a severe attack of La Grippe and cured myself in 24 hours by the use of Radway's Ready Relief and Radway's Pills. I had another attack of the same dreadful disease in March, 1891, and used the same remedy with the same result. I do not know Radway & Co., the parties who manufacture these medicines, and I have always put very little faith in "Almanac Certificates," but if these few lines will only induce some suffering one to use the above remedy I will feel amply repaid for writing what I have written. Respectfully,
E. L. BROWN,
J. W. BERRY, Asheville, Fitch county, Mo.

One bottle of Ready Relief and one box of Radway's Pills cured five in my family of that terrible complaint, "La Grippe" or Influenza. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF aided by RADWAY'S PILLS is the quickest and most effectual cure for
THE "GRIP."
Price, 25 cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect digestion, complete absorption and regularity. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases.
LOSS OF APPETITE,
SICK HEADACHE,
INDIGESTION,
DIZZY FEELING,
BILIOUSNESS,
TORMENT LIVER,
DYSPEPSIA.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking Radway's Pills. By their ANTI-BILIOUS properties they stimulate the liver in the secretion of the bile and its discharge through the biliary ducts. These pills in doses of from two to four will quickly regulate the action of the liver and free the patient from these disorders. One or two of Radway's Pills, taken daily by those subject to bilious pains and torpidity of the liver, will keep the system regular and secure healthy digestion.
Price 25c per box. Sold by all druggists.
RADWAY & CO., Montreal, Canada.
Send stamp for postage to RADWAY & CO., for our free book of advice.

TO THE PUBLIC:
Be sure and ask for RADWAY'S, and see that the name "RADWAY" is on what you buy.

DYSPEPSIA CURED BY B.B.B.



MR. GEO. READ.

Read the Proof.

DEAR SIR:—I write you to say that for some time I had been suffering from acute indigestion or dyspepsia, and of course felt very great inconvenience from same in my general business. I thereupon decided to try Easley's Blood Bitters, and after taking two bottles I found I was quite another man. For B. B. B. entirely cured me. I have also used it for my wife and family and have found it the best thing they can take, and from past experience I have every pleasure in recommending B. B. B. to all my friends.

I write you because I think that it should be generally known that B. B. B. can accomplish in cases of indigestion.

Yours faithfully,
GEORGE READ,
Sherbrooke, Que.

TRY
BALA
LICORICE
FOR THE VOICE.

THE STAR
COIL SPRING SHAFT SUPPORT
AND ANTI-RATTLE.
First patent, which gave satisfaction. It weighs 10 lbs. Weight twice the cost for general use. It is made of the best material. See circular. Price, \$1.50. State rights for sale.

THE DECATUR SHAFT SUPPORT CO.
Decatur, Ill.

THERE IS JUST ONE THING THAT the citizens of London and vicinity would do well to make a note of, that, at 181 Dundas street, books and magazines of all kinds and styles are bound neatly, cheaply and tastefully.

W. J. MOFFAT
BOOKBINDER, 791

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY.

Sensible Women

Avoid the fuss and bother and needless waste of time when they want the best assortment possible to choose from by coming to us. Why don't you? One visit will surely be but the forerunner of many.

Make the First Visit To-Day.

Our Friday prices are very alluring.

APRIL 27.

CHAPMAN'S

- 1st—30 dozen Gents' White Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, fine quality, worth 25c, Bargain Day only 17c.
- 2nd—Boys' Cloth Turban Hats, only 25c.
- 3rd—Jet Crowns, worth 40c, on Friday 25c.
- 4th—Fancy Steel Buckles, worth 15c, Friday 5c.
- 5th—Chiffon Lace, assorted colors, worth 25c, Bargain Day 10c yard.
- 6th—Black Leghorn Hats, only 45c on Friday.
- 7th—Ladies' Navy and Black Sailor Hats, worth 75c and 85c, to-day 50c.
- 8th—Plain and Fancy Millinery Ribbons, worth 50c, for 25c.
- 9th—A line of Children's Lace Straw Hats, worth 40c and 50c, for 25c.
- 10th—1 dozen 6-4 Fancy Table Covers, embroidered Felt, worth \$2 25, for \$1 50.
- 11th—20 dozen Linen Towels, worth 20c, to-day 15c each—a bargain.
- 12th—2 pieces Bleached Sheet, twilled, 72 inches, worth 32c, for 26c.
- 13th—1 piece 80-inch Bleached Twilled Sheet, worth 38c, for 30c.
- 14th—10 pieces Linen Lawn, worth 20c, for 15c.
- 15th—5 pieces Tweed for boys' wear, worth 35c, for 25c.
- 16th—4 pieces all-wool Navy Serge, worth 38c, for 30c.
- 17th—10 pieces English Long Cloth, 36 inches wide, worth 12½c yard, to-day 8c or 12½ yards for \$1—a bargain.
- 18th—5 pieces 56-inch Table Linen, worth 35c, to-day 25c.
- 19th—3 pieces 63-inch Table Damask, unbleached, worth 50c, for 39c.
- 20th—1 dozen Table Cloths, bleached, 3 yards long, to-day \$2 50.
- 21st—10 pieces Glass Toweling, to-day 5c yard.
- 22nd—5 pieces 36-inch Twilled Bleached Cotton, worth 15c, to-day 10c yd.
- 23rd—1 piece 26-inch Huck Toweling, worth 20c, for 15c.
- 24th—2 dozen Colored Quilts, worth \$1 60, to-day \$1 25.
- 25th—2 pieces Red and White Tabling, worth 50c, for 35c.
- 26th—11 pieces Brocade Dress Goods, worth 15c, for 10c.
- 27th—9 pieces all-wool French Serge, worth 25c, on Friday only 13c.
- 28th—5 pieces Gray and Fawn Satinette Cloth, with figure, regular price 35c, on Friday 25c.
- 29th—11 pieces all-wool Debeige, worth 35c, for 25c.
- 30th—9 pieces all-wool French Serge, black and colors, regular price 40c, for 25c.
- 31st—59 pieces all-wool French Challie, worth 40c and 45c yard, your choice on Friday 20c yard; principally light shades.
- 32nd—5 pieces 42-inch all-wool Debeiges, in gray and fawns, regular price 65c, on Friday 35c.
- 33rd—7 pieces Gray and Fawn Tweed Effect, worth 50c, for 25c.
- 34th—9 pieces 44-inch all-wool Henrietta, worth 50c, for 39c.
- 35th—One table of Trimmings, in braids and gimps, worth 20c and 25c yard, for 10c yard.
- 36th—Serpentine Braids, full assortment of colors, only 50c dozen yards.
- 37th—4 pieces Plaid Dress Goods, 20c quality, for 10c.
- 38th—21 pieces Pongee Silk, regular price 30c, on Friday 20c.
- 39th—Lace Curtains, new goods just arrived. See our specials at 39c, 50c, 65c, 85c and \$1 pair—bargains.
- 40th—5 pieces Printed China Silk, in navy and black, worth 60c, for 43c.
- 41st—5 dozen White Toilet Covers, slightly soiled, worth 50c each, your choice on Friday 25c each.
- 42nd—Ladies' Printed Wrappers, two lines to be sold on Friday, one at 75c, worth \$1 50; one at \$1, worth \$1 75.
- 43rd—10 dozen Ladies' Muslin Handkerchiefs, lace borders, worth 12½c each, on Friday 4 for 25c.
- 44th—Ladies' Black Gloves, Suede finish, worth 25c, for 19c.
- 45th—Ladies' Cashmere and Straw Sailor Hats, worth 25c, for 19c.
- 46th—Ladies' Blouse Waists in dark and light colors, only 50c.
- 47th—Table of Embroideries and Laces, worth 15c, to-day 10c.
- 48th—Ladies' Lisle Thread Hose, worth 38c, for 25c; spliced heels and toes, fast black.
- 49th—The "Gem" Corset, to-day only 42c.
- 50th—Ladies' Parasols, our dollar line to-day 75c.
- 51st—51 dozen Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, all linen, worth 20c and 25c, on Bargain Day your choice for 16c.
- 52nd—Ladies' Silk Taffeta Gaudinet Gloves, worth 40c, for 25c.
- 53rd—Your choice of a tableful of Bohemian Glassware, 25c, worth 40c.
- 54th—Ladies' Leather Purses, at 20c, worth 30c; at 25c, worth 35c.
- 55th—Ladies' Jet Visites, at \$2, worth \$3 50; at \$3 50, worth \$5; at \$5, worth \$7 50.
- 56th—Ladies' Waterproofs, tweed effects, worth \$2 50, for \$1 50.
- 57th—Gents' Black Kid Gloves, worth \$1, for 25c.
- 58th—Fine White Cotton, worth 12c yard, for 8½c; 12 yards for \$1.
- 59th—40-inch Gray Cotton, 6-3-4c or 15 yards for \$1.
- 60th—Children's Cardinal and Navy Turkish Caps, only 20c.

Terms Cash - - Phone 791.

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas street, London.

Scrofula in the Neck

The following is from Mrs. J. W. Tillbrook, wife of the Mayor of McKeesport, Penn.:

"My little boy Willie, now six years old, two years ago had a bunch under one ear which the doctor said was Scrofula. As it continued to grow he finally lanced it and it discharged for some time. We then began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla and he improved very rapidly until the sore healed up. Last winter it broke out again, followed by Erysipelas. We again gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla with most excellent results and he has had no further trouble. His cure is due to Hood's Sarsaparilla."

Hood's Sarsaparilla
He has never been very robust, but now seems healthy and daily growing stronger."

HOOD'S PILLS do not weaken, but aid digestion and tone the stomach. Try them. 25c.

SUMMER PASTIME.

The Toronto Crack Scullers Set Sail for England.

London Eleven Club Men Enjoy a Spin to Lambeth—Baseball and Other Sporting Events.

AQUATIC.

RYAN AND WRIGHT OFF FOR ENGLAND.
NEW YORK, April 25.—John J. Ryan and Joseph Wright, of the Toronto Rowing Club, of Toronto, Canada, started for England today on the Germanic. A big delegation of Canadian oarsmen saw the pair off. They intend to compete for the diamond sculls, which will make a trip for a silver goblet, which is a pair-oared event.

THE WHEEL.

A RUN TO LAMBETH.
About twenty members of the London Bicycle Club participated in a run to Lambeth last night. A spin around the city streets was also indulged in.

ATELETICS.
A London dispatch says: "Concerning the offer made to him by the Olympic Club, Faglist Corbett says it will be impossible for him to box there, owing to the heat."

BASEBALL.
An exciting game of baseball was played yesterday between the Oxford and Waterloo, resulting in favor of the Oxford by a score of 14 to 4. Batteries—For Waterloo, Peel, McCarty and Saunders; for Oxford, Seratone and Young.

GRANT HOUSE VS. BERNARD HOUSE.

In accordance with agreement the above-mentioned teams met on Teumessah Park yesterday afternoon to sway the willow for supremacy. As a result the Grant House met its Waterloo, the score being 25 to 21 in favor of the Bernard nine. Notable features of the game were the persistent manner in which James Gleason pummeled the atmosphere in trying to reach the sphere manipulated by the south-paw twirler of the Bernard House, and the phenomenal way in which Dave McArthur, raked in the sky-terapers. The excellent batting of Bob Frank and the fleetness and agility of Mr. McGarr won well-merited applause from the grand stand. The Bernard House players deserve great credit for the manner in which they played, as none of them have handled a ball for years, while the Grant House players are understood to have been practicing for the past two weeks in hopes of winning the game. In event of there being any further champions among guests of any hotel in this city, let them step forth, as the Bernard House is the Spartacus of the diamond.

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES—WEDNESDAY.
At Brooklyn—R. H. E. Philadelphia 2 7 2 Brooklyn 3 13 0 Batteries—Taylor and Clements; Stein and Kinslow. Umpire—O'Rourke.

At Baltimore—Baltimore 3 11 6 Boston 2 6 3 Batteries—Mullane and Robinson; Nichols and Ryan. Umpire—Hurst.

At Washington—Washington 5 4 3 Philadelphia 14 12 5 Batteries—McGuire and McGuire; Gorman and Doyle. Umpire—Lynch.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 12 9 3 Cincinnati 8 4 4 Batteries—Cuppy and O'Connor; Chamberlain, Dwyer and Murphy. Umpire—Emslie.

At Louisville—Louisville 1 5 0 Pittsburgh 2 8 3 Batteries—Fennell and Weaver; Gumbert and Mack. Umpire—Swartwood.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 13 18 0 Chicago 6 6 3 Batteries—Hawley and Buckley; Hutchinson and Kirtledge. Umpire—McQuaid.

Try Derby Plug Smoking
Tobacco, 5, 10 & 20c Plugs.

It came as a boon and a blessing to man. The New Fire Kindler. ywt

5c. - 5c.

SMOKE

VIRGINIA
CIGAR.
Manufactured by H. McKay & Co.
H. McKENNA, Sole Agent.

New Goods, New Goods.

HARRY LENOX'S stock of Spring and Summer Goods is complete. CHOICE SUITINGS in pantings. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods.

DOESN'T BELONG HERE.

Sir John Carling Struck Off the Ontario Voters' List.

Proceedings of the Court of Revision—An Assessor Serving Two Masters.

Wednesday Afternoon.

The afternoon session of the court of revision was devoted principally to the hearing of Conservative objections, with an occasional addition sandwiched in when a mechanic could find time to attend. Many objections were presented by both parties and the names struck off. A great many repeaters were also attended to.

The proceedings were of a dreary, drowsy kind, without change, and seemingly interminable. To an uninitiated person looking on it would be difficult to say whether Assessor McCoubrey is working in the interest of the voters' list as a whole or for the Conservative party. City Clerk Grant and Assessment Commissioner Kingston maintained a discreet silence, but Assessor McCoubrey and the assistant, H. Irwin, lose themselves in their endeavor to further Conservative interests. Both these persons do plenty of talking, and Mr. McCoubrey even goes as far as to offer to introduce his assessment roll, and thus use his position as assessor to disqualify a Liberal voter. This he did on Tuesday afternoon in the case of James Chisholm. Again this afternoon he flourished about his head a registered letter receipt book to show the service of a subpoena. Both these individuals (drawing city pay) speak of a Conservative case as "ours" and a Liberal case as "theirs." One of the objections that cropped up yesterday was that of Mr. H. A. Strong. Mr. Strong was evidently entitled to a vote, and the Liberal lawyers were willing to admit the fact. Mr. Hellmuth was out just then, and Mr. McCoubrey took upon his shoulder the responsibility of settling the matter.

"If you waive your objection 'we' will," said McCoubrey.

Whether he referred to the assessors or the Tory party by "we" he did not state.

Richard Jupp's name was repeated, and there was a little wrangle as to where he should be left on.

"He is too good a Tory to be struck off in both places," said Mr. Irwin.

Henry Betts' case had been argued, "I suppose the application should be dismissed, should it not?" said Mr. Cowan.

"Not necessarily," answered Mr. Irwin, and the case was allowed to stand over.

These among similar incidents tend to show that both Mr. McCoubrey and Mr. Irwin use their civic positions to the furtherance of party interest.

OBJECTIONED BY BOTH PARTIES.
Gottlieb Bienschlager, off; John Jenkins, off; Arch McCallum (dead); Daniel McDonald, off; W. J. Wiseman, off; Frederick Porter, off; Thos. Taylor (dead); off; Richard Winslow, off; Samuel Woods, off; H. A. Strong, dismissed; Wm. Brown, off; Andrew McIntosh, in Texas; Michael Comiskey (not known), off; Steele Murdoch (in United States), off; Fred Gilgal, off; Thos. Griggs, off; Peter Duckworth, off; Maurice Jackson, off; Warren Kellam, off; Adam Swove, off; Silas Swartz, off; Israel Wiseman, off; Wm. Elliott, off; Richard Essex, off; McQueen, off; T. A. Pierce (in England), off.

ADDITIONS.
Liberal—Jacob Butts, Geo. Doyle.

Conservative—Emmanuel Christian, James Brown, Matthew Mance, R. McDougall, Elliot Hickson, E. A. Shoelottom, John Brier, James Dunlap, Arthur T. King, Francis Brien, Talbot Calmorgen, Thomas Reeves, George White, Patrick Wallace.

CHARGES.
Edward J. Blake and Ed. Black were on the lists as residing at 477 York street. The latter name will be struck off. Fredrick Bayley, changed to Alfred Bayley; William Waitstell, changed to James Waitstell; Elder Howlett, changed to R. B. Howlett; J. White, changed to John Joseph White; Alf. John Vinate, changed to Alf. John Wyckoff; Geo. Emery, changed to George Emery Couke.

REPEATERS.
Abraham Fox, not a British subject, off in both places; D. Parsons, struck off in ward 4; Reginald Beach, left on in sixth division of ward 1; Angus McNeil, allowed in third division of ward 1; George Burrows, taken off class C in ward 1; R. Goulding, struck off in third division of ward 1; Richard Jupp, left on in third division of ward 6; James Gordon McIntosh, changed to class B; W. Vanless, jun., off in ward 1; W. D. Willis, remain on in ward 3; John Graham, struck off subdivision 1, ward 6; James Ogden, allowed to vote in ward 6; Charles Firth, struck off in ward 5; Harrison Geach, struck off in ward 1; John A. McClary, votes in ward 4; Frederick Scandrett, votes in ward 4; P. W. Seandrett, votes in ward 4; Wm. Harding (dead), Wm. Crake, Wm. Robinson, J. W. Loftus, off in ward 5; James McMartin, struck off in wards 4 and 1, and left on in ward 2; Richard Elliott, struck off class A, ward 1; Richard Nichol, Wm. Kenny, Benj. Beach, Geo. Alfred, Henry Froman, Harvey Howard, given a vote each in one place only.

LIBERAL OBJECTIONS ALLOWED.
Richard Cowan, James Butterworth, James J. Greener, Malachi Poole, John M. Slater, Thos. Smithson, Jos. A. Schneider, Jas. M. Wounch, Samuel Adams, Joseph Danker (alien), Charles H. Evans, Edmund Garlick, George Garlick, C. Van Clemenston (alien), Samuel Trickett.

LIBERAL OBJECTIONS DISMISSED.
Wm. Butts, Ed. Cook, Duncan Bell, Norman Dineen, Brad McFadden, Charles W. Saunders, David Trik, Geo. S. Robson, R. N. Robson, Wm. Robson, George Gray, James McQuillan, W. J. G. Pennington, Russel Wade.

CONSERVATIVE OBJECTIONS ALLOWED.
James Morden (under age), Thos. Burns (in Chicago), Geo. H. Williams (in Cleveland), Alex. Williams (in Cleveland), John H. Schneider (in London West), Emerson Brooks (in Aymer), Thomas Sheppard (dead), Daniel Cavanagh (in Montreal), Geo. Dunlap (in Hamilton), Wm. Burroughs (in London West), Samuel English (in Ridgetown), W. R. McGowan (in Niagara), Charles Anderson, Thos. English (left city), John Line (in Ridgetown), Peter Levey (in Paris), Henry Friedman (in Northwest), John Fox (alien), Robert Muiveny (in Guelph), John Ross (in Guelph), Wm. Bishop (left city), Rodney D'Arcy (in Detroit), Wm. Graham, G. A. Monteith (in Ridgetown), A. T. Ross (in Montreal), Robert Sinclair (in United States), Albert Taylor (not known), James Turnbull (not known), E. A. Wright (in Ingersoll), Charles Gamble (in Ridgetown), Frank Sanagan (dead), T. L. Broderick (out of city), Samuel Goldspear (alien), J. L. Jeffreys (in Detroit), Frank N. (alien), John Porter (in United States), J. W. Foster (in United States), Maurice Croke (in Manitoba), Michael Allan (left city), Walter Archerbell (in British Columbia), S. Cormier (in Buffalo), Samuel LeCombe (in Hamilton), A. Orlock (out of town), John Shain (in name), Louis Trudell (in name), John Dunn

(in St. Thomas), John Flynn, Samuel Frayne (in Detroit), Louis Hall (in Montreal), E. D. Thomson (in Western), Thos. Sheppard (in Paris), James Hunt (in Springfield), Samuel Elgin (in Windsor), Geo. Biddleton (in Toronto), John Bowen (not known).

CONSERVATIVE OBJECTIONS DISMISSED.
James McCauley, T. A. Forkey, John E. Durkin, Sam A. Hunter, Fred Magee, John Laughlin (ward 5), John Heaman, jun., James Waitstell, Frederick Brooks, Michael Colby, Joseph T. Durkin, Wm. Neilson, Henry Maul, Wm. Sheas, James W. McLeod, Ben Wright, Fred French, Wm. O'Hearn, Martin Morkin, James Hobbins, jun., Adam Magill, Wm. Bennett.

Frances, Laura and Emma Isaac were given votes in Class B.

Adjourned at 6:15 p.m.

Thursday Morning.
The principal feature of this morning's session was the Liberal objection to the name of Sir John Carling being left on the list. The ground of objection was that London's alleged member resided in Ottawa. Mr. Hellmuth, however, argued that a man could have two residences, but Judge Elliot allowed the objection, and Sir John Carling was shifted to class B—municipal voter only.

The rest of the Liberal objections allowed were: George Lee, 82 Dundas street; J. Stone, 122 Carling street (repeater); J. E. Simpson, Frank Marshall, W. McLean, Henry Morton, Alfred Wright, William Dryer, Frank White, 136 Carling street; Robert Sumner, 62 Dundas street (left city); Thos. Davidson, Chas. E. Henry, Joseph Hodgins, John Marshall.

Conservative objections allowed—Henry Culver was born in the United States, but had taken the oath of allegiance before a magistrate at Ridgetown. He had never received his naturalization papers, and the objection was allowed. W. G. Stilling, J. H. A. Beattie (repeater), F. N. Bayne, John Conn, Albert B. Maitland (repeater), J. B. O'Neill, B. Maitland, H. S. Wilcox (repeater), Michael Williams (dead), Abraham Secord (dead), Cornelius Mulligan (repeater), A. E. Whitaker (repeater), C. J. Meyers, — Nell, H. J. Sheriff, Robt. Armistage (repeater), Dennis Connors (dead), Antonio Cortese, Frank Cortese and A. Contape, Joseph Fennick, Joseph Lecherice, J. B. O'Neill, B. Maitland, Alfred Winscombe, Harry Boyd, Thomas Draper, Geo. Jones.

Conservative objections dismissed—Thos. Bradford, Wm. Stilling, Peter Sine, Thos. Conklin, Richard Barnes, Joseph Heintzman, T. Bailey, Wm. Holmes, Harry Boyd.

Liberal objections dismissed—John Tracy O'Brien, C. E. Mills, Jos. Wm. Miller, Ed. E. Parkhill, John Partridge, Jas. A. Geddes, Wm. Carroll, W. C. Binroy.

Liberal additions—J. C. Springer, 175 Dufferin avenue.

Conservative additions—Geo. S. McCoy, Wm. Stevenson, John Watson, Geo. F. Weir, W. Robinson, Archibald McKenzie.

Corrections—H. A. W. Faunt changed to H. A. W. Taunt.

THE SINGLE TAX.

The Interesting Debate at Labor Hall Continued.

By Messrs. Ashplant, Johnston and Others, Pro and Con—Some Ideas Worth Thinking About.

The single tax debate at Labor Hall was continued before a large audience last night. Messrs. John Johnston and H. Ashplant again entered the lists as the respective champions of single tax and anti-single tax.

Mr. Johnston resumed his line of argument towards the conclusion that single tax was not only the best method of taxation but the remedy for social poverty. The application of the system, he said, would cause property owners to either throw their vacant land, held for speculation, into the market or to build houses on it. The throwing of so much land on the market would lower the price and thus lower rents, and then small purchasers of land would reap the advantage. This would cheapen the laborer's cost of living. The capitalist, knowing this, would seek to cut his employees' wages down. There were only two ways for the laborer to prevent the reduction and keep the advantage of cheaper living. They were by sending members to Parliament willing to legislate in his interest, and by trade unions—by combining and compelling the capitalist to maintain the wage standard. Mr. Johnston condemned the present apprenticeship system. Apprentices did one-fourth of the work of the country, which legitimate workmen should do. Instead of legitimizing the apprentice to a capitalist for five years as an early agent, he would teach his trade at an industrial school when 18 or 19 years old, at which age he could learn as much in two years as he now learns in five. By the elimination of the apprenticeship system there would be more work for laborers—the lowest stratum of the industrial classes—and their wages would accordingly rise. So would the wages of the higher strata of labor. When the capitalist found this trade unionism prevented him lowering wages, his only way of reducing expenses in order to meet competition would be by educating the laborer to the highest degree and by improving machinery. Henry George had shown that production was cheapest in the countries where wages were highest, and the cost of production the highest where wages were lowest. This was the effect of education and skill. Mr. Johnston said he was Grit to the backbone on the tariff question. Single tax would do away with every vestige of the expensive customs system. The great costly army of customs collectors and spies would disappear. The tariff would be simply cast aside as a life more taxes on the land and a part would be given to the Provincial Government, who would in turn hand over a share to the Dominion Government to keep it running. At the least calculation one-third the expense of government would be taken off the rich and poor alike and the laborer's cost of living would be cheapened. The customs were an expensive and wasteful method of taxation. Under single tax the present municipal officers would collect all taxes at no extra expense. Mr. Johnston wished another evening in which to show how it would do away with the present system of banking and interest, and in which to bring his arguments to a focus. He used one illustration which seemed to him to be a very apt one. He imagined the case of a rich man holding vacant land in the center of the city for speculation. Under the present system he was taxed much less than his neighbor who had a fine building. The result was that the poor man holding land in the suburbs was taxed so much more in order to make up the rate than he would be if the vacant land of the speculator was occupied. Under single tax, the speaker argued, the rich speculator would be forced to pay as much as his neighbor with the house, and thus lighten the burden of the poor man.

Mr. Ashplant replied very fluently and ably. He held that profit sharing by capitalists was a better panacea for social ills than the single tax. He was not private ownership of land, but private ownership of labor that caused the poverty and trouble. Employers in the aggregate with-

THE WEATHER TO-DAY—Fine, stationary or higher temperature.

SOMEONE KNOCKING?

Soon the sun, that old fellow up in the sky called Sol, will be strong enough to knock down anyone unprovided with a sunshade. Don't let him knock you down. Answer the door now. It is not good policy, to say nothing about good taste, to allow half the summer to slip by without having bought a parasol, when you can procure a good one now at exactly the same price. An almost indispensable article to a lady is a good parasol. Mothers sometimes buy what we call a lady's umbrella, which will keep out the rain and keep off the sun. But the young people must have both. It is right, too. They are made to sell, and they do sell. It is not extravagant to have a parasol and an umbrella. You don't wear them both at the same time.

Our Parasols for 1894 are perfection. Everything we have is always perfection. But when you read this list, if there is nothing there to suit your taste, don't imagine that you have them all:

BLACK FILLED PARASOLS—75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00, \$40.00, \$45.00, \$50.00, \$55.00, \$60.00, \$65.00, \$70.00, \$75.00, \$80.00, \$85.00, \$90.00, \$95.00, \$100.00.

COLOR FILLED PARASOLS—Black, lace insertion, \$1.75, \$1.85, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$4.25, \$4.50, \$4.75, \$5.00, \$5.25, \$5.50, \$5.75, \$6.00, \$6.25, \$6.50, \$6.75, \$7.00, \$7.25, \$7.50, \$7.75, \$8.00, \$8.25, \$8.50, \$8.75, \$9.00, \$9.25, \$9.50, \$9.75, \$10.00.

COLOR FILLED PARASOLS—Shot effects, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$4.25, \$4.50, \$4.75, \$5.00, \$5.25, \$5.50, \$5.75, \$6.00, \$6.25, \$6.50, \$6.75, \$7.00, \$7.25, \$7.50, \$7.75, \$8.00, \$8.25, \$8.50, \$8.75, \$9.00, \$9.25, \$9.50, \$9.75, \$10.00.

FANCY STRIPES—Shot effects, rustic handles, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$4.25, \$4.50, \$4.75, \$5.00, \$5.25, \$5.50, \$5.75, \$6.00, \$6.25, \$6.50, \$6.75, \$7.00, \$7.25, \$7.50, \$7.75, \$8.00, \$8.25, \$8.50, \$8.75, \$9.00, \$9.25, \$9.50, \$9.75, \$10.00.

LADIES' PARASOLS—Shot effects, 65c.

LADIES' UMBRELLAS—Large size, rustic handles, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$4.25, \$4.50, \$4.75, \$5.00, \$5.25, \$5.50, \$5.75, \$6.00, \$6.25, \$6.50, \$6.75, \$7.00, \$7.25, \$7.50, \$7.75, \$8.00, \$8.25, \$8.50, \$8.75, \$9.00, \$9.25, \$9.50, \$9.75, \$10.00.

That friend of yours, whose dresses are cut from Standard Patterns, is pleased with her appearance at last. Standard Patterns have revolutionized many an ungainly looking figure.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

147, 149 and 151 DUNDAS STREET.

held from the producers (the workers) that share of what they (the workers) themselves produced, which share was known as profits, and all went into the pockets of the employer. The evil was not the rent of land, but the rent of human bodies and the putting into the capitalist's pocket of the product of their labor. The proposition to keep up the standard of wages by legislation was bosh. By raising the wages the cost of produce was raised, and the wage-earner only had to pay more for his goods. In England wages were lower than here, but the cost of living was also lower. In the United States wages were higher than here; so was the cost of living. Canada was in an intermediate state. The tariff did not affect the wage question because wages always found their level, as the above comparison showed. The purchasing power of the community was not equal to the production. Millions of tons of goods were lying stored up, while millions of people were starving because they had not the equivalent of their labor which produced those goods. The laborer should share the profits of his labor and then matters would be equalized.

Mr. Cummings said that a man making \$10 a week under a customs tariff of 50 per cent would have his purchasing power increased to \$15 a week if that tariff were abolished, because his goods would be 50 per cent cheaper. The land belonged to the people. Land went into the private pocket of the landlord, whereas if it—or part of it—went into the national treasury it would run the Government and there would be no need of a tariff. By taking off the tariff how would it reduce wages? It would only cheapen the cost of goods; it had nothing to do with wages. That was a matter between the capitalist and the worker. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Green favored Mr. Ashplant's argument. He did not see how single tax would strike at the root of the evil.

Ald. Parnell asked if single tax would not be a hardship on a neighbor of his who owned more land than he (Ald. Parnell), but might be less able to pay taxes.

Mr. Keene jumped up and said that the neighbor Mr. Parnell spoke of owned two brick houses down town and was holding that land on speculation. (Laughter.)

Ald. Parnell cited another case of a poor man holding property, who would under single tax be assessed as much as his neighbor with a fine house.

Mr. Johnston replied that the present commercial conditions were accidents. Such a case might be a hardship, and could only be remedied by charity on the part of the municipality in remitting a portion of the man's taxes, as is often done at present. The man could sell out if he wished. Poor men, however, who held much land in a highly taxed part of the city were as scarce as hens' teeth.

Mr. Burrell and others also spoke. It was decided to continue the debate on Wednesday evening next. Messrs. Johnston and Ashplant will debate a half hour each, and the discussion will then become general.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division
CORRECTED Feb. 11, 1894.

MAIN LINE—Going East.

	ARRIVE	DEPART
*Wabash Express (A).....	4:15 a.m.	4:30 a.m.
Accommodation.....	4:45 a.m.	5:00 a.m.
Atlantic Express (A).....	12:10 p.m.	12:20 p.m.
Day Express.....	10:50 a.m.	11:00 p.m.
*Wabash Express (A) (B).....	4:20 p.m.	4:35 p.m.
Mixed (C).....	5:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
Eric Limited (A).....	11:20 p.m.	11:30 p.m.

MAIN LINE—Going West.

	ARRIVE	DEPART
Chicago Express (A).....	5:55 a.m.	6:50 a.m.
West End Mixed.....	12:15 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Wabash Express (A).....	11:55 a.m.	11:40 a.m.
Eric Limited (A).....	12:15 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Accommodation.....	12:35 p.m.	12:50 p.m.
Pacific Express (A).....	6:50 p.m.	7:10 p.m.
Accommodation.....	8:50 p.m.	9:10 p.m.
Eric Limited (A).....	11:20 p.m.	11:30 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

	ARRIVE	DEPART
Lehigh Express (B).....	4:05 a.m.	4:20 a.m.
Accommodation.....	4:30 a.m.	4:45 a.m.
Atlantic Express (B).....	11:35 a.m.	11:50 a.m.
Lehigh Express (B).....	12:15 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Mixed.....	2:14 p.m.	2:30 p.m.
Accommodation.....	8:15 p.m.	8:30 p.m.
Eric Limited (A).....	11:30 p.m.	11:45 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

	ARRIVE	DEPART
Chicago Express (B).....	5:40 a.m.	5:55 a.m.
Accommodation.....	11:40 a.m.	11:55 a.m.
Lehigh Express (B).....	12:15 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Eric Limited (B).....	12:30 p.m.	12:45 p.m.
Accommodation.....	2:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m.
Pacific Express (B).....	7:00 p.m.	7:15 p.m.

London, Huron and Bruce.

Express..... 6:55 a.m. 7:00 a.m.

Express..... 2:05 p.m. 2:10 p.m.

Express..... 5:40 p.m. 5:45 p.m.

Express-Mixed..... 8:15 p.m. 8:20 p.m.

Toronto Branch.

Hamilton-Depart.....

7:00 a.m. 11:05 a.m. 12:30 p.m. 4:10 p.m. 5:25 p.m. 6:55 p.m. 9:25 p.m.

Hamilton-Arrive.....

a.m. a.m. a.m. p.m. p.m. p.m. p.m.

11:20 a.m. 11:50 a.m. 12:20 p.m. 2:30 p.m. 3:55 p.m. 6:25 p.m. 8:15 p.m.

* These trains for Montreal.

4 These trains for Montreal.

(A) Runs daily, Sundays included.

(B) Runs daily, Sundays included, but makes no intermediate stops on Sundays.

(C) Carries passengers between London and Paris only.

(D) This train connects at Toronto for all points in Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia via North Bay and Winnipeg.

E. DE LA HOCHE, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, the "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas streets.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Going East.

VICTOR BICYCLES

Take the lead in Quality, Material, Workmanship, Finish, Strength and Durability, and are without doubt the best bicycles made.

The Victor Tires are Simply Incomparable. The Victor Inner Tube is the Only One Removable Through the Rim.

We sell them at the American standard price, **\$125.**

If YOU INTEND GETTING A WHEEL GET

THE BEST.

A Second-hand Brandford Pneumatic for sale at \$30.

Anderson's

183 DUNDAS STREET.

P.S.—Send for our illustrated games and sporting goods annual.

ADVERTISEMENTS SINCE LAST ISSUE

Salesmen Wanted—435 Horton street. Meet—London Hunt. Legal Card—J. H. A. Beattie. Private Funds to Loan—J. H. A. Beattie. House, etc., for Sale—Wm. H. Smith. Apartments to Let—Slater's Storage. Social—King Street Methodist Church. Dr. Chase's Ointment. San Shades—Smithman & Ingram. Ocean Tickets—P. S. Clarke. Ocean Tickets—E. De la Hooke. Allan Line Sailings. Meeting—St. John's Lodge, 202a. Friday Bargain Day at Chapman's. Dress Goods—R. J. Young & Co. Removal Sale—Johnston's. New Fire Kinder. Far Service—Grand Trunk Railway. White Star Line Sailings—E. De la Hooke. Victor Bicycles—Anderson's. Oxford Gasfitters—Wm. Wyatt & Son. Meeting—Forest City Lodge. Bay Warden—Alex. Smith. Tenders—Gibbons, McNab & Mulken. Entertainment—Mrs. Mountford. Cottage for Sale—227 Grey street. Entertainment—O. O. E. S. H. Parker & Co. Dressers and Cleaners. Opera House—"La Grande Duchesse." Auction Sale. Stock, April 26—J. W. Jones.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

London Money Market.

London, April 26.—12 months, 100-101 for money, 100-101 for account; Mexican, 17; Mexican Central, 51; St. Paul, 53; Erie, 52; Erie, second, 51; Pacific, 51; Reading, 10; Canadian Pacific, 50; New York Central, 102; Illinois Central, 93; Bank of England, rate, 2 per cent; open market discount, 1.

New York Stock Market.

New York, April 26.—P. M.—Stock market quiet, steady. 4 C. & O. 80 1/2. Can. Southern, 51. Can. Pacific, 50 1/2. Del. & Hudson, 109 1/2. E. Can. Pac., 49 1/2. Lake Shore, 123 1/2. D. & L. Central, 93 1/2. Erie, 52. Erie, second, 51. Pacific, 51. Reading, 10. Canadian Pacific, 50. New York Central, 102. Illinois Central, 93. Bank of England, rate, 2 per cent; open market discount, 1.

Montreal Stock Market.

Montreal, April 26.—P. M.—Stock market quiet, steady. 4 C. & O. 80 1/2. Can. Southern, 51. Can. Pacific, 50 1/2. Del. & Hudson, 109 1/2. E. Can. Pac., 49 1/2. Lake Shore, 123 1/2. D. & L. Central, 93 1/2. Erie, 52. Erie, second, 51. Pacific, 51. Reading, 10. Canadian Pacific, 50. New York Central, 102. Illinois Central, 93. Bank of England, rate, 2 per cent; open market discount, 1.

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\$1.48—\$1.10 was the highest price paid and \$1.06 the lowest. Wheat sold at 50c to 51c. There was no change in any other kind of produce. The following list shows the ruling value of all lines:

GRAIN.

Wheat, white, fall, 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Oats, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Peas, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Corn, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Barley, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Rye, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Beans, per bu. 1.00 to 1.00

PROVISIONS.

Eggs, fresh, single doz. 11 to 12
Eggs, fresh, double doz. 11 to 12
Butter, single rolls, per lb. 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. 11 rolls, baskets 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. large rolls or crocks 12 to 13
Lard, per lb. 11 to 12

MEAT, HIDES, ETC.

Beef, carcasses, per lb. 4 to 6
Hutton, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Veal, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Lamb, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Dressed hog, 100 lbs. 6.00 to 6.00
Hides, No. 1, per lb. 3 to 4
Hides, No. 2, per lb. 2 to 3
Hides, No. 3, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, green, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, dry, per lb. 1 to 2
Sheepskins, each 40 to 45
Lambskins, each 40 to 45
Pelts each 40 to 45
Wool, per lb. 17 to 18
Tallow, rendered, per lb. 24 to 25
Tallow, rough, per lb. 3 to 4
Hog's lard, per lb. 4 to 5
Wood, soft, 2.50 to 2.50

HAY AND SEEDS.

Hay, per ton 8.00 to 8.50
Straw, per load 3.50 to 3.50
Clover seed, red, per bu. 6.00 to 6.25
Clover seed, Alsike, per bu. 6.00 to 6.25
Timothy seed, per bu. 1.50 to 1.50
Hungarian seed, per bu. 0.00 to 0.00
Millet seed, per bu. 0.00 to 0.00

GRAIN.

Wheat, white, fall, 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Oats, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Peas, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Corn, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Barley, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Rye, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Beans, per bu. 1.00 to 1.00

PROVISIONS.

Eggs, fresh, single doz. 11 to 12
Eggs, fresh, double doz. 11 to 12
Butter, single rolls, per lb. 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. 11 rolls, baskets 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. large rolls or crocks 12 to 13
Lard, per lb. 11 to 12

MEAT, HIDES, ETC.

Beef, carcasses, per lb. 4 to 6
Hutton, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Veal, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Lamb, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Dressed hog, 100 lbs. 6.00 to 6.00
Hides, No. 1, per lb. 3 to 4
Hides, No. 2, per lb. 2 to 3
Hides, No. 3, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, green, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, dry, per lb. 1 to 2
Sheepskins, each 40 to 45
Lambskins, each 40 to 45
Pelts each 40 to 45
Wool, per lb. 17 to 18
Tallow, rendered, per lb. 24 to 25
Tallow, rough, per lb. 3 to 4
Hog's lard, per lb. 4 to 5
Wood, soft, 2.50 to 2.50

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Clover seed, red, per bu. 6.00 to 6.25
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Hungarian seed, per bu. 0.00 to 0.00
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Oats, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Peas, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Corn, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Barley, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Rye, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Beans, per bu. 1.00 to 1.00

PROVISIONS.

Eggs, fresh, single doz. 11 to 12
Eggs, fresh, double doz. 11 to 12
Butter, single rolls, per lb. 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. 11 rolls, baskets 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. large rolls or crocks 12 to 13
Lard, per lb. 11 to 12

MEAT, HIDES, ETC.

Beef, carcasses, per lb. 4 to 6
Hutton, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Veal, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Lamb, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Dressed hog, 100 lbs. 6.00 to 6.00
Hides, No. 1, per lb. 3 to 4
Hides, No. 2, per lb. 2 to 3
Hides, No. 3, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, green, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, dry, per lb. 1 to 2
Sheepskins, each 40 to 45
Lambskins, each 40 to 45
Pelts each 40 to 45
Wool, per lb. 17 to 18
Tallow, rendered, per lb. 24 to 25
Tallow, rough, per lb. 3 to 4
Hog's lard, per lb. 4 to 5
Wood, soft, 2.50 to 2.50

HAY AND SEEDS.

Hay, per ton 8.00 to 8.50
Straw, per load 3.50 to 3.50
Clover seed, red, per bu. 6.00 to 6.25
Clover seed, Alsike, per bu. 6.00 to 6.25
Timothy seed, per bu. 1.50 to 1.50
Hungarian seed, per bu. 0.00 to 0.00
Millet seed, per bu. 0.00 to 0.00

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Wheat, white, fall, 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Oats, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Peas, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Corn, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Barley, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Rye, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Beans, per bu. 1.00 to 1.00

PROVISIONS.

Eggs, fresh, single doz. 11 to 12
Eggs, fresh, double doz. 11 to 12
Butter, single rolls, per lb. 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. 11 rolls, baskets 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. large rolls or crocks 12 to 13
Lard, per lb. 11 to 12

MEAT, HIDES, ETC.

Beef, carcasses, per lb. 4 to 6
Hutton, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Veal, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Lamb, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Dressed hog, 100 lbs. 6.00 to 6.00
Hides, No. 1, per lb. 3 to 4
Hides, No. 2, per lb. 2 to 3
Hides, No. 3, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, green, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, dry, per lb. 1 to 2
Sheepskins, each 40 to 45
Lambskins, each 40 to 45
Pelts each 40 to 45
Wool, per lb. 17 to 18
Tallow, rendered, per lb. 24 to 25
Tallow, rough, per lb. 3 to 4
Hog's lard, per lb. 4 to 5
Wood, soft, 2.50 to 2.50

HAY AND SEEDS.

Hay, per ton 8.00 to 8.50
Straw, per load 3.50 to 3.50
Clover seed, red, per bu. 6.00 to 6.25
Clover seed, Alsike, per bu. 6.00 to 6.25
Timothy seed, per bu. 1.50 to 1.50
Hungarian seed, per bu. 0.00 to 0.00
Millet seed, per bu. 0.00 to 0.00

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Wheat, white, fall, 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Oats, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Peas, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Corn, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Barley, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Rye, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Beans, per bu. 1.00 to 1.00

PROVISIONS.

Eggs, fresh, single doz. 11 to 12
Eggs, fresh, double doz. 11 to 12
Butter, single rolls, per lb. 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. 11 rolls, baskets 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. large rolls or crocks 12 to 13
Lard, per lb. 11 to 12

MEAT, HIDES, ETC.

Beef, carcasses, per lb. 4 to 6
Hutton, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Veal, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Lamb, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Dressed hog, 100 lbs. 6.00 to 6.00
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Hides, No. 2, per lb. 2 to 3
Hides, No. 3, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, green, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, dry, per lb. 1 to 2
Sheepskins, each 40 to 45
Lambskins, each 40 to 45
Pelts each 40 to 45
Wool, per lb. 17 to 18
Tallow, rendered, per lb. 24 to 25
Tallow, rough, per lb. 3 to 4
Hog's lard, per lb. 4 to 5
Wood, soft, 2.50 to 2.50

HAY AND SEEDS.

Hay, per ton 8.00 to 8.50
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Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Oats, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Peas, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Corn, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Barley, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Rye, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Beans, per bu. 1.00 to 1.00

PROVISIONS.

Eggs, fresh, single doz. 11 to 12
Eggs, fresh, double doz. 11 to 12
Butter, single rolls, per lb. 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. 11 rolls, baskets 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. large rolls or crocks 12 to 13
Lard, per lb. 11 to 12

MEAT, HIDES, ETC.

Beef, carcasses, per lb. 4 to 6
Hutton, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Veal, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Lamb, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Dressed hog, 100 lbs. 6.00 to 6.00
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Calveskins, green, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, dry, per lb. 1 to 2
Sheepskins, each 40 to 45
Lambskins, each 40 to 45
Pelts each 40 to 45
Wool, per lb. 17 to 18
Tallow, rendered, per lb. 24 to 25
Tallow, rough, per lb. 3 to 4
Hog's lard, per lb. 4 to 5
Wood, soft, 2.50 to 2.50

HAY AND SEEDS.

Hay, per ton 8.00 to 8.50
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Hungarian seed, per bu. 0.00 to 0.00
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Beans, per bu. 1.00 to 1.00

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Eggs, fresh, double doz. 11 to 12
Butter, single rolls, per lb. 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. 11 rolls, baskets 12 to 13
Butter, per lb. large rolls or crocks 12 to 13
Lard, per lb. 11 to 12

MEAT, HIDES, ETC.

Beef, carcasses, per lb. 4 to 6
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Lamb, quarters, per lb. 4 to 6
Dressed hog, 100 lbs. 6.00 to 6.00
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Hides, No. 3, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, green, per lb. 1 to 2
Calveskins, dry, per lb. 1 to 2
Sheepskins, each 40 to 45
Lambskins, each 40 to 45
Pelts each 40 to 45
Wool, per lb. 17 to 18
Tallow, rendered, per lb. 24 to 25
Tallow, rough, per lb. 3 to 4
Hog's lard, per lb. 4 to 5
Wood, soft, 2.50 to 2.50

HAY AND SEEDS.

Hay, per ton 8.00 to 8.50
Straw, per load 3.50 to 3.50
Clover seed, red, per bu. 6.00 to 6.25
Clover seed, Alsike, per bu. 6.00 to 6.25
Timothy seed, per bu. 1.50 to 1.50
Hungarian seed, per bu. 0.00 to 0.00
Millet seed, per bu. 0.00 to 0.00

GRAIN.

Wheat, white, fall, 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Oats, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Peas, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Corn, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Barley, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Rye, per 100 lbs. 97 to 97
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs. 1.00 to 1.00
Beans, per bu. 1.00 to 1.00

northern, 50c; do, Chicago grade, 50c to 60c; No. 1, northern, Duluth, 50c to 55c; No. 2, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 3, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 4, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 5, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 6, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 7, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 8, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 9, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 10, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 11, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 12, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 13, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 14, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 15, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 16, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 17, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 18, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 19, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 20, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 21, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 22, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 23, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 24, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 25, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 26, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 27, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 28, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 29, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 30, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 31, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 32, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 33, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 34, northern, 50c to 55c; No. 35, northern, 50c to 55c;

"Turn to the Right."

"Well, sir," I said curtly I have listened. And now, what is the purpose of all this?"

"My purpose?" he answered, his eyes glittering. "To show you that you are in my power. You are the agent of M. de Rosny, I, the agent, however humble, of the Holy Catholic League. Of your movements I know all. What do you know of mine?"

"Knowledge," I made grim answer, "is everything, sir priest." he said, smiling his thin-lipped smile. "It is going to be more than that. And I know much about you, M. de Rosny."

"You know too much," I retorted, feeling his covert threats close around me like the folds of some great serpent. "But you are imprudent, I think. Will you tell me what is to prevent me striking you through where you stand, and ridding myself at a blow of too much knowledge?"

"The presence of three men, M. de Rosny," he answered lightly, waving his hand towards M. Francois and the others. "Everyone of whom would give you up to justice. You forget that you are in the Loire, and that priests are not to be massacred here with impunity, as in your lawless south-country. However, enough. The night is cold, and M. d'Agon grows suspicious as well as impatient. We have, perhaps, spoken too long already. Forgive me," he bowed and drew back a step—"to resume this discussion to-morrow."

Despite the politeness and the hollow civility with which he thus sought to close the interview, the light of a torch which he held in his eyes, as the glare of the torch fell upon him, no less than the assured tone of his voice, told me clearly that he knew his power. He seemed, indeed, transformed; no longer a timid, peace-loving clerk, preying on a woman's fears, but a bold and crafty schemer, skilled and unscrupulous, possessed of hidden knowledge and hidden resources; the personification of evil intellect. For a moment, knowing all I knew, and particularly the responsibilities which lay before me, and the interests committed to my hands, I quailed, confessing myself unequal to him. "I forgot the righteous vengeance I owed him; I cried out helplessly against the ill-fortune which had brought him across my path. I saw myself engulfed and fettered beyond hope of escape, and by an effort only controlled the despair I felt."

"To-morrow?" I muttered hoarsely. "At what time?"

He shook his head with a cunning smile. "A thousand thanks, but I will settle that myself," he answered. "Au revoir!" And muttering a word of leave-taking to M. Francois, he bowed, and the two servants, and went out into the night.

CHAPTER XVII.

When the last sound of his footsteps died away, I awoke from an evil dream, and becoming conscious of the presence of M. Francois, and the two servants, I mechanically that I owed the former an apology for my discourtesy in keeping him standing in the cold. I began to offer it; but my distress and confusion of mind were such that in the midst of a phrase I broke off, and stood looking fixedly at him. My trouble so plain that he asked me civilly if anything ailed me.

"No," I answered, turning from him impatiently. "Nothing, nothing, sir. Or tell me," I continued, with an abrupt change of mind, "who is that who has just left us?"

"Ay, Father Antoine, Father Judas, call him what you like," I rejoined bitterly. "Then if you will leave the choice to me," M. Francois answered with grave politeness, "I would rather call him something more pleasant, M. de Rosny—James or John, let us say. For there is little said here which does not come back to him. In his walls have ears, the wall of Blois are in his walls. But I thought you knew him," he continued. "He is secretary, confident, chaplain, what you will, to Cardinal Retz, and one of those who—in your ear—greater men court and more powerful men lean on. If I had to choose between them, I would rather cross M. de Crillon."

"I am obliged to you," I muttered, checked as much by his manner as his words.

"Not at all," he answered more lightly. "Any information I have is at your disposal."

However, I saw the imprudence of venturing farther, and hastened to take leave of him, persuading him to allow one of M. de Rambouillet's servants to accompany him home. He said that he should call on me in the morning; and forcing myself to answer him in a suitable manner, I saw him depart one way, and myself, accompanied by Simon Fleix, went off another. My feet were frozen with cold standing—I think the corpse was left with hoarse colors; but my head was hot with feverish doubts and fears. The moon had sunk and the streets were dark. Our torch had burned out, and we had no light. But where my followers saw only blackness and vacancy, I saw an evil smile and a lean visage fraught with menace and exultation.

For the more closely I directed my mind to the position in which I stood, the graver it seemed. Pitted against Bruhl alone, amid strange surroundings and in an atmosphere of Court intrigue, I had thought my task sufficiently difficult and the disadvantages under which I labored sufficiently serious before this interview. Conscious of a certain restlessness and a distaste for fineness, with resources inferior to Bruhl's, that even M. de Rosny's liberality had not done much to make up the difference, I had accepted the post offered me rather readily than sanguinely; with joy, seeing that it held out the hope of high reward, but with no certain expectation of success. Still, matched with a man of violent and headstrong character, I had seen no reason to despair; nor any why I might not arrange the secret meeting between the king and mademoiselle with safety. I had conducted it and an intricate simple and unexpected and requiring for its execution rather courage and caution than address or experience.

Now, however, I found that Bruhl was not my only most dangerous antagonist. Another was in the field—or, to speak more correctly, was waiting outside the arena, ready to snatch the prize when we should have disabled one another. From a dream of Bruhl and myself as engaged in competition for the king's favor, wherein neither could expose the other nor appeal even in the last resort to the joint-enemies of his Majesty and ourselves, I awoke to a very different state of things; I awoke to find those enemies the masters of the situation, possessed of the clue to our plans, and permitting them only as long as they seemed to threaten no serious peril to themselves.

No discovery could be more mortifying or more fraught with terror. The perspective stood on my brow as I recalled the warning which M. de Rosny had uttered against Cardinal Retz, or noted down the various

points of knowledge which were in Father Antoine's possession. He knew every event of the last month, with one exception, and could tell, I verily believed, how many crowns I had in my pouch. Conceding this, and the secret sources of information he must possess, what hope had I of keeping my future movements from him? Mademoiselle's arrival would be known to him before she had well passed the gates; nor was it likely, or even possible, that I should again reach the king's presence untraced and unsuspected. In fine, I saw myself, equally with Bruhl, a prisoner in this man's hands, his goings out and my comings in watched and reported to him, his mercy the only bar between myself and destruction. At any moment I might be arrested as a Huguenot, the enterprise in which I was engaged ruined, and Mademoiselle de la Vire exposed to the violence of Bruhl or the equally dangerous intrigues of the league.

Under these circumstances I fancied sleep impossible; but habit and weariness are strong persuaders, and when I reached my lodging I slept long and soundly, as became a man who had looked danger in the face more than once. The morning light, too, brought an accession both of courage and hope. I reflected on the misdeeds of my condition at St. Jean d'Angely, without friends or resources, and driven to herd with such a man as Fresnoy. And telling myself that the gold crowns which M. de Rosny had lavished upon me were not for nothing, and the more precious friendship with which he had honored me a gift that called for no return, I rose with new spirit and a countenance which threw Simon Fleix—who had seen me lie down the picture of despair—into the utmost astonishment.

"You have had good dreams," he said, eyeing me jealously and with a disturbed air.

(To be Continued.)

Food's, and Only Food's.
Are you weak and weary, overworked and tired? Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine you need to purify and quicken your blood and to give you appetite and strength. If you desire to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, be induced to buy any other. Any effort to substitute another remedy is proof of the merit of Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache. Try a box.

No man is happy who does not think himself so.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER.
Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn., says: "Shiloh's Vitalizer 'SAVED MY LIFE.' I consider it the best remedy for a debilitated system I ever used." For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble it excels. Price 75 cents. Sold by W. T. Strong.

The virtue lies in the struggle, not the prize.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAIN'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swaine & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

Perseverance and audacity generally win. SHILOH'S CURE is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Only one cent a dose. 50 cents a bottle. Sold by W. T. Strong.

There is never but one opportunity of a kind.

Why will you allow yourself to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing, and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

Nothing is so hard but search will find it out. Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, catarrhs, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

Obtuseness is sometimes a virtue.

Captain Sweeney, U. S. A., San Diego, Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy cured my first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50 cents. Sold by W. T. Strong.

Handel and Bach were born in houses almost within sight of each other. They were devoted to the same branch of art, but never met.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

One 200-acre peach orchard in Georgia has returned the owner a profit of \$125,000 in five years, and one season the crop was a failure.

Nothing Better for Children.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over FIFTY YEARS BY MILLIONS OF MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The city of Cincinnati increased her population 15,000 the other day by the annexation of five suburban villages.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is earache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are specially subject.

Students in Constantinople are forbidden from frequenting theaters, music halls and similar public places.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

The King of Portugal could sell the jewels in his crown for \$6,500,000 in case of a royal financial stringency.

Try Derby Plug Sm king Tobacco, 5, 10 & 20c Plugs.

The cheapest and best place to buy watches, clocks and jewelry is at C. H. Ward's, 374 Richmond street, opposite Masonic Temple.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

ESSEX.

Lord Aberdeen will open the new Windsor driving park in July.

Windsor will adopt the curfew bell. J. N. Lean, proprietor of the Windsor Business College, was arrested Monday night and hurried off to Sandwich jail on a charge of debt. He was afterwards released.

Windsor police on Tuesday raided room 3 in the McKellar block and arrested Geo. Johns, Bart Bruce, Henry Langstaff, Charles Hough and Howard Cornell on the charge of gambling. They found a lot of policy tickets in the room, and there was money on the table where the men were sitting.

KENT.

The funeral of the late Samuel Tedford, president of the Harwich Agricultural Society, was the largest ever seen in Blenheim.

Daniel Thompson, of Dotary, was handing a colt on Monday he received a kick with both feet in the stomach. He managed to walk to the house, and at first he did not seem to be very seriously hurt, but peritonitis set in and he died on Tuesday night.

Two million white fish fry have been put in Lake Erie at Cedar Springs.

OXFORD.

The South Oxford license commissioners have granted the following licenses: Ingersoll—Taverns, Charles Kennedy, George La Thompson, Thomas Lavin, M. and W. Murray, Robt. J. Smith, A. J. McCarty, Catherine O'Grady, Robt. Keating, J. Richardson; shops, Frank A. Brady, John Christopher, Norwich village—Taverns, C. Baker, W. R. Brown, N. Brady, W. F. Coker, North Oxford—Taverns, John McKenzie, Beachville; John McCartney, Thamesford, East Oxford—Taverns, Henry Ball, Eastwood.

PETER.

The Stratford council will ask that another story be put on the postoffice.

WATERLOO.

Thieves broke into Reeve Robson's hardware store, Ayr, on Monday night and stole James Ellis, of Galt, left home a week ago, telling his wife he was going to Berlin. He has not been seen since and his friends are alarmed.

Railway Man Honored.

(Special to the Advertiser.)
PORT HURON, Mich., April 25.—On Monday morning the employees of the Chicago and Grand Trunk Railway Company at Port Huron, headed by Deputy Collector of Customs Hugh Higgins, proceeded in a body to Agent J. C. McFadden's office for the purpose of presenting him with a wedding present.

Mr. Higgins, who is a general favorite with railroad men, was selected to make the address, a duty which he performed in a very creditable manner. Among other things he said: "I have known Mr. McFadden from boyhood, and have always found him a genial, kind-hearted and gentlemanly young man—a man who commands the respect and obedience of his subordinates, as well as the confidence and esteem of his employers; a man of broad and liberal views, who recognizes the right of every man to worship God as his conscience dictates, never frowning upon nor slighting any man in consequence of his religious belief. Such a man not only deserves the love and respect of his employers, but of the community at large."

Therewith Mr. McFadden was presented with a beautiful clock. He modestly returned his thanks. Mr. McFadden was for many years local superintendent of the G. T. R. at Point Edward.

The High Testimony.

Of hundreds of druggists affords convincing proof of the great merit of Nerviline in all painful affections. F. R. Melville, druggist, Prescott, writes: "My customers who have used Nerviline speak highly of it. I am satisfied that it will take a leading place in the market." This expresses the universal verdict, and if you are suffering from any painful affection, internal or external, give Nerviline a trial, and immediate relief will be as certain as the sun shines. Nerviline is a powerfully penetrating pain remedy. Sold by dealers everywhere.

There are almost four times as many Americans living in England as there are in France.

The great lung healer is found in the excellent medicine sold as Fickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and lungs, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

Four thousand Sioux Indians are said to be regular church attendants.

"Remarkable Cure of Dropsy and Dyspepsia."—Mr. Samuel T. Casey, Belleville, writes: "In the spring of 1884 I began to be troubled with dyspepsia, which gradually became more and more distressing. I used various domestic remedies and applied to my family physician, but received no benefit. By this time my trouble assumed the form of dropsy. I was unable to use any food whatever except boiled milk and bread; my limbs were swollen to twice their natural size; all hopes of my recovery were given up, and I quite expected death within a few weeks. Northrop & Lyman's Vioform Dropsy Cure having been recommended to me, I tried a bottle with but little hope of relief; and now, after using eight bottles, my Dyspepsia and Dropsy are cured. Although now 79 years of age I can enjoy my meals as well as ever, and my general health is good. I am well-known in this section of Canada, having lived here 57 years; and you have liberty to use my name in recommendation of your Vioform Dropsy Cure, which has done such wonders in my case."

Worn-out billiard balls are usually cut up into dice.

How to Cure All Skin Diseases.
Simply apply "SWAIN'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAIN'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

The earliest method of spinning was by bunching a few fibers and rolling them into a thread with the hands.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

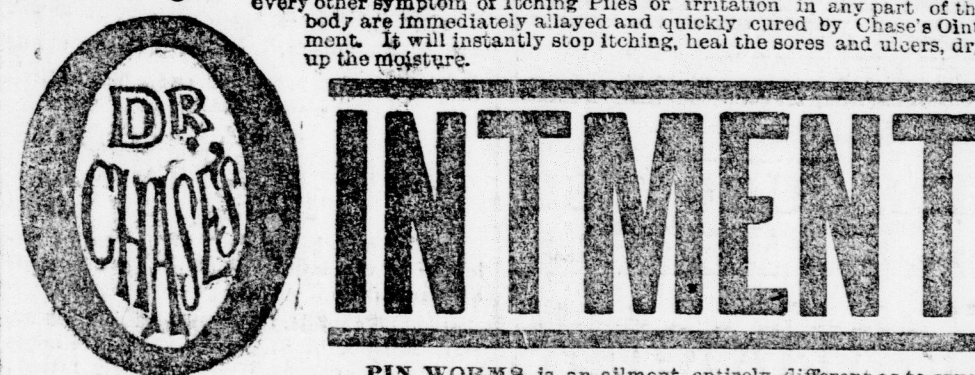
FOR PILES, BURNS, SORE EYES, WOUNDS, SORES, Headache, AND ALL PAIN.

Have the early frosts or too late a lingering by the garden gate again aroused that RHEUMATISM so peacefully slumbering the summer long? Well, if it's very bad you must change your diet and perhaps take some distasteful drug—the doctor will tell you what—but first rub thoroughly the part afflicted with POND'S EXTRACT, then wrap it warmly with flannel, and the rheumatism may wholly disappear. It will certainly be much relieved. Now that you have the POND'S EXTRACT try it for any of the many things its buff wrapper mentions. It's a wonderful curative. But don't accept substitutes.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

ITCHING AND PIN WORMS.

No More Misery.



ITCHING PILES is an exceedingly painful and annoying affliction, found alike in the rich and poor, male and female. The principal symptoms are a severe itching, which is worst at night when the sufferer becomes warm in bed. So terrible is the itching that frequently it is impossible to procure sleep. Often the sufferer unconsciously during sleep scratches the parts until they are sore—ulcers and tumors form, excessive moisture is exuded. Females are peculiarly affected from this disease, causing unbearable irritation and trouble. These and every other symptom of itching Piles or irritation in any part of the body are immediately allayed and quickly cured by Chase's Ointment. It will instantly stop itching, heal the sores and ulcers, dry up the moisture.

REFERENCES.
Newmarket—J. T. Bogan, McKittrick, Hamilton—R. G. Deane, Sutton—Mr. Sheppard, Mr. McDonald, Raglan—Wm. Walker, Belleville—R. Templeton, druggist, Churchill—David Gross, Tottenham—James Scanlon, J. Reid, Bradford—R. Davis, J. Reid, Barrie—H. E. Garvin.

The celebrated Dr. Chase's Ointment is made expressly for Itching Piles, but it is equally good in curing all Itchy Skin Diseases, such as Eczema, Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Ring Worm, etc., etc. For sale by all druggists. Price 40 Cents. Mail address—EDMANSON, HATES & CO., Bradford, Ont., Sole Agents for Dominion of Canada.

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