

The Mildmay Gazette

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MILDMAY, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1925

J. A. JOHNSTON Publisher

Tulip and Hyacinth Bulbs for sale at Phelan's Drug Store.

Hear Mullin's Winter Garden Orchestra at Deemerton on Oct. 21st.

Sovereigns shipped a car of potatoes this week for the Detroit market.

Pigs for Sale—Jacob Palm has for sale ten young Yorkshire pigs, ready to wean.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Haelze and Mr. Peter Schumacher returned this week from the West.

Mr. Robt. Wenger of Goderich called on friends here on Tuesday en route to Aytan.

Loading Car of Potatoes Friday and Saturday, 90¢ & \$1.00. Bring them out. Sovereign's.

Barn for Sale—Size about 40x50, with 16 foot posts, with addition. Apply to Jerome Illig.

Miss Marion Fischer has returned home from Guelph where she has been visiting for a month.

A Mildmay man gathered a sufficient amount of ripe raspberries off his vines last week to make a nice meal for his family.

The family of the late Mr. Alex. St. Marie wish to thankfully acknowledge the many acts of kindness and expressions of sympathy to them in their recent bereavement.

Frank Hotten of Minnesota, Richard Hotten of Langdon, and Mrs. Fischer of Wales, N. D. are here this week visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Hotten.

Mrs. T. V. Whytall of Toronto visited relatives and friends here over Sunday. Her mother, Mrs. Schmidt, who has been spending the summer at the home of her brother, returned to Toronto with her on Monday.

Rev. Mr. Millen of Cargill preached two fine sermons in the Mildmay United Church last Sunday. He is being stationed for the winter months at Tobernory. Rev. A. MacGowan took charge of the services at Cargill on Sunday.

Mr. Alex. Schumacher had the second finger of his left hand badly crushed in Schwalm's sawmill on Tuesday afternoon. He was moving a heavy piece of timber when his finger got pinched in between the timber and one of the rollers.

Mr. Jos. Lawson, of Brampton, who was injured in an auto collision at the intersection of the Walkerton road and the 10th concession, early in September, was in town on Tuesday. He has completely recovered, except that one finger is still stiff and sore.

Wilbur, second son of Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Kalbfleisch, underwent a critical operation at the Bruce County Hospital on Monday morning for appendicitis and other internal trouble. The operation was performed by Drs. Jamieson of Hamilton and Carpenter of Mildmay.

S. L. Squire, deputy minister of highways for Ontario, has announced that a right-of-way rule for through traffic will come into effect at the beginning of next year on provincial highways. This means that all vehicles will be compelled to come to a full stop before entering provincial highways from the intersecting roads.

Large onions wanted. Weiler Bros. Jersey Cow for Sale—Apply at this office.

We buy Potatoes every day. Bring them out. Sovereign's.

Bring us your Dried Apples, 7¢ cash, 8¢ trade. Sovereign's.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Lowry of Toronto called on friends here last week.

Mrs. A. Fink spent a few days this week with Mrs. Tovell at Kincardine.

Now that the fall fairs are over, we may reasonably expect a spell of better weather.

Come in and get a pair or two of Stock Tonic. Money back is not satisfactory. Lambert's.

The Formosa branch of the Bank of Montreal has been authorized to accept payment of Carrick taxes.

We are sorry to report the illness of Mrs. Peter Sauer, who has been in poor health for several months.

Loading car of Turnips Friday and Saturday, 18¢ in bulk, or 20¢ if put up in bags. Phone 20. Sovereign's.

Gas Engine for Sale—3 h. p. International gas engine, in splendid working order, for sale cheap Geo. Vollick.

Mr. J. L. Schneider, who sustained a stroke of paralysis about a year ago, is suffering with an attack of pleurisy.

Jacob J. Huber has taken the contract of gravelling 60 rods of roadway in this village, at 50¢ per cubic yard.

Miss Mary Uhrich returned home last Saturday from a three months visit to relatives at Detroit, Ohio, and Regina, Sask.

Port Elgin public school has a Chinese student this term, aged eight years, who came to Canada from the Orient five years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Filsinger and Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Filsinger motored to Rostock on Monday to attend the funeral of the late Mr. John Knechtel, father of Mrs. Chas. Filsinger.

The Teeswater Fair last Wednesday was a tremendous success. It is estimated that there were fully 6000 people on the grounds. The show was excellent in all the departments.

Mr. Jerome Illig has completed the contract of gravelling the town-line through Formosa and half a mile north. This gravel is packing quickly, and it looks like a first-class job.

Owing to the heavy fall of snow in Saskatchewan last week harvesting operations were completely checked and hundreds of men flocked into Regina and the larger towns where they found the old tricks spread to rob them of their earnings.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Innes returned to their home in Glencoe last Saturday after a week's visit here. Upon their arrival home they found a blizzard raging and eight inches of snow on the level.

The concrete foundation walls of the new R. C. shed are being constructed this week. Jacob Palm's mixer is being used. The frame work is being prepared, and the building will be rushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

Mrs. Margaret Kirstein of Carlsruhe, who was removed last week to a home for the aged at Guelph, did not live long in her new home. Her death took place on Monday. The funeral will take place at 9:30 on Thursday morning at Carlsruhe.

Mr. Peter Sauer, head sawyer at Schwalm's mill, had his arm rather badly gashed on Tuesday afternoon while filing the big circular saw. The saw was accidentally set in motion while Mr. Sauer was at work. Six stitches were required to close the wound.

The funeral of the late Alexander St. Marie took place last Friday morning to the Mildmay R. C. cemetery. The pallbearers were Messrs. John Beitz, Michael Gillen, Patrick McGlynn, Jos. and Anthony Lorentz, and Peter Sauer. An immense concourse of friends followed the remains to their last resting place.

BORN

DURRER—In Carrick, on Oct. 9th, to Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Durrer, a daughter.

LETOURNEAU—At Edam Hospital, (Sask.), on Sept. 24th, to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Letourneau (nee Louisa Lorentz) a son.

Bring in a few bags of wheat and exchange for Flour or Groceries at Lambert's.

There are a few cases of that dread disease, infantile paralysis, at Teeswater, this fall.

Don't miss the Fowl Supper and Entertainment in the town hall, Mildmay, this (Thursday) evening.

Get your Winter Underwear, Suits and Overcoats at Sovereign's. Potatoes and Turnips taken in exchange.

Mr. Manuel Jasper of Hamilton, a former constable here, is spending a week or two visiting relatives and friends here.

The snow flurries last Friday and Saturday did much to end the cold spell, and the weather has been much milder since.

A Carrick farmer took his thirteen year old daughter last week to the Bruce County Hospital, where she gave birth to a baby son. It is said that a criminal action may arise out of this situation.

The prize list has been arranged for the South Bruce Plowing Match to be held on Thos. Goodfellow's farm, corner Con. 8, and Teeswater gravel, Culross, on Wednesday, Oct. 28th. The affair promises to be a great success.

A big party of Kitchener and Waterloo hunters were here on Monday, but did not succeed in bagging many rabbits. Rabbits are reported to be scarce in this vicinity this year, although foxes are more numerous than usual.

Auction Sale of Pure Bred Cattle.

Thos. Reynolds will hold an auction sale of dual purpose Shorthorn Cattle at Lot 12, Con. 12, Carrick, on Friday, Oct. 16th, commencing at 1.30. The list comprises twenty-two head, comprised of 3 milking cows, 4 three-year-old heifers and 5 two-year-old heifers, all pedigreed; 3 two-year-old grade steers, 1 yearling heifer, 5 yearling steers, and 1 young bull calf.

Heart in its Throat.

Darling & Kaufman had a freak calf on exhibition last week. The animal was about four months old, and its heart was placed in its neck, immediately in front of its shoulder. Normal bovines usually carry their hearts behind the left shoulder. This calf's heart, which bulged its neck very noticeably, could be seen pulsating some distance away. The calf was in fine condition, and the misplacement of its vital organ did not seem to seriously inconvenience it in any way.

Fowl Supper To-Night.

A fowl supper and entertainment will be held in the town hall, Mildmay, on Thursday evening of this week, Oct. 15th. Supper served from 6 to 8, after which an excellent program of vocal and instrumental music will be rendered. One of the features of the program is the presentation of the W. F. A. cup and medals to the champion Star football players. The ladies of the Union Church have a reputation for doing things right, and a first-class evening's enjoyment is assured all who attend this event.

Looks Like Shabby Treatment.

On Tuesday night a Welsh farm laborer reached this village, after having walked from Paisley, and asked for a night's lodging. He tells the following rather pitiful story:—A Scottish farmer near Port Elgin applied to the Ontario Government Employment Bureau for a man to work on his farm, and the Bureau at once sent this man up to take the job. On his arrival there he found that the farmer had already hired a man, and hadn't thought it worth while to notify the Bureau of this fact. The Welshman spent all the cash he had to purchase his railway fare to Port Elgin and was in no condition financially to attempt the return trip to Toronto. In return for a night's lodging, the unfortunate fellow milked a bunch of cows, cleaned out the farmer's stables, and split a good supply of wood, and the farmer then let him go, generously bestowing upon him the magnificent sum of ten cents, and remarking "that no harm had been done and that he could make his way back to the city as easily as he left it." The Welshman got an auto ride as far as Paisley, and walked to this village, arriving at 11 p.m. He made several calls at the farm houses along the way in the hope of obtaining something to eat, or a night's lodging, but was told that it was a fine night for walking and that he could make better time on a light stomach. This man lost four brothers and two sons in the great war, and should have been given every consideration, instead of being treated in such a brutal way. In this land of plenty, there is absolutely no excuse for such conduct.

Mildmay Cider Mill. Herrgott Bros. announce that their cider mill will be open every day for the manufacture of cider and apple butter until further notice.

Dance!

On Wednesday, October 21st, Mullin's Winter Garden Orchestra of Kitchener (6 pieces) in St. Ignatius Hall, Deemerton. Couple \$1.25, Extra Lady 25¢.

Bread Drops in Price.

It will be good news to the general public to learn that the price of bread has dropped to 10 cents per loaf. The declining wheat prices have enabled the bakers to lower the price of bread.

Progressive Meetings.

A public meeting in the interests of Mr. J. Walter Findlay, Progressive candidate in this riding, will be held in the town hall, Mildmay, on Monday evening, Oct. 19th, at Chesham on Tuesday, Oct. 20th, and at Paisley on Wednesday, Oct. 21st. These meetings will be addressed by Mr. Findlay, Mr. C. J. Mathon of Guelph, and local speakers.

Death of John J. Kohl.

Mr. John J. Kohl, a former resident of Mildmay, passed away at his home at Buffalo, on Sept. 22nd, and is survived by his widow, one son and four daughters. He had been in poor health for some months. Deceased was 47 years of age, and was the youngest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Kohl of Mildmay. Deceased was twice married, his first wife being a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Spielmacher of Carlsruhe.

Shower for Bride Elect.

On Monday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Eickmeier, the members of the Young People's League and Sunday School of the Mildmay Evangelical Church assembled, and presented Miss Lillian Eickmeier with a kitchen shower, and Mr. Jack Schnurr with a clock, in honor of their approaching marriage. On Tuesday evening a number of the neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. Eickmeier presented Miss Eickmeier with a brass jardiniere stand.

Matrimonial.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Schnurr of this village was the scene of a very pretty and interesting social event, when at high noon on Wednesday, their second daughter, Miss Lyla, was united in marriage to Mr. Ben E. Wightman of Chifford. The bride, who was given away by her father, was beautifully attired in ashes of roses satin faced canton, trimmed with pearls, and carried a bouquet of butterfly roses. Her bridesmaid, Miss Adelle Schnurr, was becomingly dressed in cut velvet and carried a bouquet of carnations. Mr. Birley Wightman, brother of the groom, performed the duties of best man. The bride's niece, Ruth Schnurr of Guelph, was flower girl and was prettily attired in Roman gold canton. To the strains of the wedding march played by Mrs. (Rev.) Gretzenger, the young couple took their places in the beautifully decorated parlor, where Rev. K. Gretzenger performed the marriage ceremony. After a sumptuous wedding dinner was served, Mr. and Mrs. Wightman left on the afternoon train to spend their honeymoon at Niagara and Buffalo, the bride travelling in an ensemble suit of ashes of roses and wearing an American Beauty hat. Upon their return they will reside at Chifford. Their many friends extend heartiest congratulations.

Baking Specials.

Marshmallow Rolls, Orange Cake, Oatmeal Flats, Chelsea Buns, Whole Wheat Bread, Raisin Bread, Assorted Cookies. Give us a call. Heelan's Bakery.

Level Crossing Accident.

Tuesday afternoon's train, running from Kincardine to Palmerston, struck a motor car, the second crossing south of Ripley, smashing the car to atoms. The driver was the only occupant of the automobile, and he was badly cut up, but is likely to recover.

Examine the Lists.

The lists to be used in the coming federal election were posted up on Wednesday of this week, and electors are invited to examine them to see that there are no errors or omissions. Appeals may be made to the local registrars.

Village Residence Sold.

Rev. J. K. Schwalm has disposed of his residence on Simpson street to Mrs. L. Reuber, who obtains possession on November 1st. Mr. and Mrs. Schwalm purpose leaving next week to spend the winter months with their daughter at Parry Sound, but will return to Mildmay next spring.

Auction Sale of Choice Cattle.

D. E. McDonald, the reliable cattle dealer will hold an auction sale of a carload of milk cows, springers and feeders at the Commercial Hotel, Mildmay, on Saturday afternoon, Oct. 17th. John Purvis will conduct the sale. This load of cattle has been selected to meet the requirements of the farmers in this section.

Liberal Meetings.

Public meetings in the interest of Dr. W. A. Hall, the Liberal Candidate in South Bruce, will be held in the town hall, Mildmay, on Wednesday evening of this week, and at Carlsruhe on Thursday evening, to be addressed by the candidate, Mr. O. E. Klein, J. J. Hunter and others. All are cordially invited. A special invitation to the ladies.

Mobbed and Robbed.

Mr. Wm. Edwards of Howick received a telegram on Tuesday, informing him that his son, Ervin, who went West on the harvesters excursion in August, had been mobbed and robbed. Ervin intended taking a trip to British Columbia after finishing up with the harvesting and threshing, and it is likely that after he received his pay he was attacked and robbed. Very meagre particulars were given in the telegram.

Death of Former Pastor.

The death occurred at Kitchener on Friday shortly before midnight at his home in Walter Street, of Rev. Leonard Wittich, a well-known minister of the Evangelical church. Mr. Wittich, who has been living retired for the past two years, suffered a stroke three years ago while at Morriston, and a year later he gave up his charge. He was in his 71st year. Mr. Wittich was graduated from Northwestern College, Naperville, Ill., and from the Seminary at the same place, and he served the following congregations in his forty-four years of ministry: Pembroke, Hanover, Golden Lake, Normanby, North Easthope, Rodney, Plattsville, South River, Wallace, Carrick, Port Elgin, Mildmay, Arnprior and Morriston. He was born in Woolwich Township in 1855 and in 1882 married Miss Mary Brown of Crediton, who survives him with four daughters and one son.

NYAL SARSAPARILLA

For the Blood and Skin

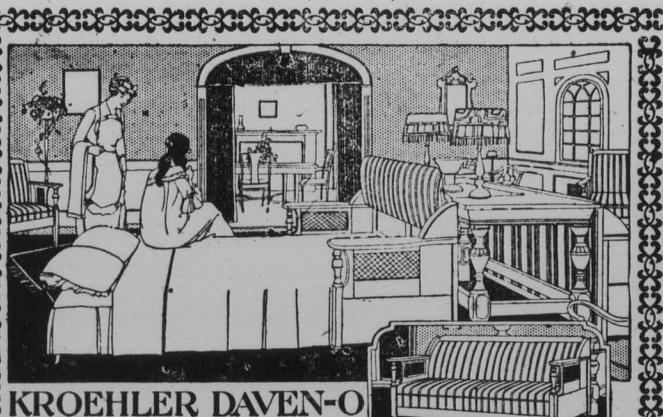
A combination of well known remedies valuable in the treatment of diseases due to an imperfect or faulty blood supply. It tends to purify the blood and to correct those conditions which cause Pimples, Postules, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Boils, etc.

It tends to build up the whole vitality of the body and to overcome any feeling of depression or languidness.

Price \$1.00

J.P. PHELAN PhmB

Phone 28 Mildmay



KROEHLER DAVEN-O

Special for 10 Days Only

Three-piece Genuine Mohair Chesterfield Suit for \$150. Guaranteed moth proof and well constructed.

Manufactured by the Koehler Co., with Marshall spring cushions.

J. F. SCHUETT

FURNITURE DEALER - FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Loading Car Potatoes

Cream	39c cash	41c trade
Eggs	40c	36c 28c

Prices subject to change

Set Onions Wanted

Turnips Phone 20

O. L. Sovereign & Son

Phone 20 Mildmay

The Automobile

CRISP AUTUMN ADDS ZEST TO AUTO JOURNEYS.
 How to maintain the benefits of that outdoor life which millions received during the summer vacation days is the autumn problem of countless folks. During the heated term they journeyed out into the open spaces in an endless stream of automobiles to enjoy the thrills of life next to nature. It was great sport—and healthy. The solution of the problem stated is more motoring.

In fact there are advantages in autumn motoring not always to be found in mid-summer, especially from a health standpoint. One of the most notable of these is amount of comfort with which one can travel by automobile during the fall season.

It is recognized that fewer motorists are at large after the usual vacation months are over, not because they didn't survive but because other things are absorbing their interest. Consequently one can not only drive a car with a greater degree of safety and therefore less nervous energy but also one can proceed with less annoyance which comes from being held up by excessive traffic. One has more opportunity to observe the country through which the journey is being taken. This condition adds much to one's pleasure.

The fall is an ideal time for weekend camping trips. True, the water may be too cold for comfortable swimming, but it still has possibilities for fishing and boating. The nights will be cooler, but not too cool for enjoying splendid sleep. When a summer night is excessively hot all one can do is to remove all covering and still swelter. But when the colder even-

ings came it is always possible to add just the right number of blankets to insure comfort.

Among the most conspicuous inconveniences of hot weather outings are those mosquitoes, bugs, ants and various other pests which seek to annoy and devour human beings. In the fall these sources of disturbance have mostly turned to other methods of passing their time. However, in certain localities, there are other animals that represent opportunities for hunting game, all of which often adds to the interest of autumn motoring.

The scenic beauty of Canada is at its best when the frost is on the pumpkin and the fodder's in the shock. The uniform green of summer becomes a thousand shades of striking colors as the leaves of the trees vie with each other in attractiveness. The poison ivy has lost its sting. The crops have been harvested and the country folk have more time to visit their city relatives.

Then there is a kick in the fall ozone which tends to invigorating health. The snappy feel of the air is in effect a stimulating tonic which makes the leisure hours of motoring and camping or visiting profitable. It helps tremendously in keeping up the pep achieved on vacation.

It doesn't matter much where you go, whether the destination is a football game or a cabin in the woods with friendly fireplace, there are always beautiful scenes, marvelous sunsets, pure air, opportunity for exercise and rest and they make for better health. Keep the summer secured glow of fitness by motoring more often into the country for pleasant recreation.

Natural Resources Bulletin.

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Dept. of the Interior at Ottawa says:

Canada has been making some wonderful advancements in the production of minerals during the past few years, particularly among those which are classed as metallic. The more common metals, such as copper, lead and zinc, have shown an increase in production that has placed them among the leading revenue producers.

The lead output, in particular, for the first half of the current year, has reached a value second only to gold among the metallic minerals and third when coal, our leading mineral in value of production, is included. Last year the production of lead in Canada amounted to 175,485,499 pounds, of a value of \$14,221,345. In the first half of the year 79,058,295 pounds was produced, valued at \$6,278,810. For the first half of the current year the output of lead amounted to 128,298,836 pounds, valued at \$11,510,955. Compared with the 93,307,171 pounds produced in 1922, the amount of lead made available by the mines and smelters of Canada in the first half of the current year is little short of phenomenal.

The famous Sullivan mine, in British Columbia, accounted for the greater portion of the lead production, while in Ontario the Kingston Mining and Smelting Company's mine at Galtetta is the largest producer.

Zinc, likewise, has shown a wonderful growth in output. From the 56,290,000 pounds produced in 1922 an increase to 89,905,077 pounds was recorded in 1924, while for the first half of the current year an output of 55,257,772 pounds is reported, against an output of 29,414,000 pounds in the first half of 1924.

The improvement in market conditions, due in part to the great demand created by the radio and automobile trade for storage batteries, has stimulated interest in the development of some of the known deposits and has led to considerable prospecting activity.

The development of the Notre Dame des Anges deposits in Quebec by the British Metals Corporation (Canada), Ltd., will result in a large increase in production of both metals for 1925, which will probably exceed 3,500,000 pounds of lead and 10,000,000 lbs. of zinc. The purchase of the Stirling property in Cape Breton by the American Cyanamid interests, and the discovery of extensive bodies of zinc-copper ore in the Rouyn gold district of Quebec, are indications that eastern Canada may become an im-

portant lead-zinc producer. A number of the old lead and zinc properties in Ontario, the principal ones being the Frontenac and the Richardson mines near Kingston, have been optioned to American interests. It is reported that the Federal Zinc and Lead Co. at Gaspé, Que., is doing extensive diamond drilling and intends to carry out its plans for the erection of a mill this summer to treat the ore from this promising property. Attention has been directed by the Provincial Dept. of Mines of Ontario and Quebec, and by the Federal Dept. of Mines, to the possibilities of the deposits along the north shore of Lake Superior, where the presence of silver makes these deposits especially worthy of investigation, and to the deposits on Calumet Island, Quebec, near Ottawa, and in Gaspé, Quebec.

Cheerfully Honest.
 Teacher—"Can any one in the class spell 'cloth'?"
 No answer.
 Teacher—"Tommy, what material is your coat made of?"
 Tommy—"Pair of dad's old pants."

The First Forecasting.
 The first national weather forecasting service was established in France in 1855.



This photograph, taken in London ten years ago, has just been authorized for publication by the Imperial war museum. It shows the damage wrought by the first air raid in the city.

This Tourist Business.

How many persons in Canada have any idea of where the American city of Pittsfield is? Pittsfield, not Pittsburg.

Probably not very many. For Pittsfield is not in the class of such centres as New York and Chicago, Philadelphia and Detroit, Boston and St. Louis and Los Angeles.

Yet Pittsfield—a Massachusetts city of some forty thousand—is a pretty active centre of interest in Canada.

Not long ago Hon. Chas. Stewart, Minister of the Interior, had a sketch map published and widely distributed showing the main automobile roads connecting Canada and the United States. One of these maps reached the secretary of the automobile clubs of Pittsfield, and he promptly wrote back saying:

"If you can spare one hundred of these maps we would be pleased to receive them as we are receiving calls daily for road maps of Canada."

And what is true of Pittsfield is merely typical. It is equally true of literally scores and hundreds of American towns and cities. The invasion of Canada by American motorists comes from all directions—from New England and California, from the Gulf States, the Mississippi Valley and the Pacific Northwest. Clear across the States there is town after town and city after city where information on Canada and how to get there is eagerly sought.

What this tourist trade coming to the Dominion is worth financially in a year is a tidy problem to figure out. For 1925 the amount is placed at \$30,000,000 for the city of Vancouver alone. A Halifax paper quotes an estimate of \$345,000,000 per annum for the whole Dominion. Dr. Dozette, the president of the Canadian Automobile Association predicts that Canada's tourist business will in a few years be worth \$500,000,000 annually.

It doesn't matter much what the exact amount is. The tourist trade is plainly one of the greatest business developments that has struck the Dominion in many years, and the chief

interest of the Interior Dept. in regard to it lies not so much in the actual value of the present volume of tourist business but in seeing that Canada's natural recreational attractions are brought to the attention of the prospective tourist from abroad no less extensively or effectively than the Dominion's resources in agricultural lands, in water power and other physical assets have been brought to the notice of prospective settlers, investors and business men generally.

Fire Protection in Our National Parks.

The protection of the Canadian National parks in the Rockies from fire presents special difficulties owing to the wild and rugged nature of the country. The great majority of the fires that start in the parks begin in the valleys and work up the mountain slopes, steadily increasing as they go, the distance from the fire fighters' base of supplies, and increasing also the difficulties involved in the taking of men and equipment up steep slopes where often no trails exist. Sometimes, however, the physical features of the country which obstruct the efforts of fire fighters can be by resourcefulness and energy be utilized to good advantage. This was instanced recently in Glacier National park in British Columbia where a fire which threatened to attain serious proportions was quickly and effectively extinguished by utilizing the drop of nearby mountain streams to apply water to the fire, six streams of good pressure being supplied by the force of gravity.

The fire broke out in a valley near Glacier and was discovered by the local park wardens. As soon as the park superintendent was informed of the extent of the fire he rushed to the scene taking with him thirty men, and also a portable fire pump and other equipment. Notwithstanding the heroic efforts of the two wardens with axes and grubbers, the fire had continued to burn strongly up the slope and had covered over 100 acres when the re-enforcements arrived. The futility of attempting to control the fire with one pump was soon realized. Fortunately there was water available on either side of the fire, in two streams running down the mountain side, less than a mile apart, and the parks officials determined to make use of the "head" of these streams to apply water to the fire. Three small dams were placed in each of the streams and from the reservoirs thus formed lines of hose were laid diagonally down hill to the fire the connections at the dams were made by means of ordinary galvanized iron nipples thrust through the walls of the dams, and the force of gravity in the drop of thirty or forty feet was sufficient to send streams of water

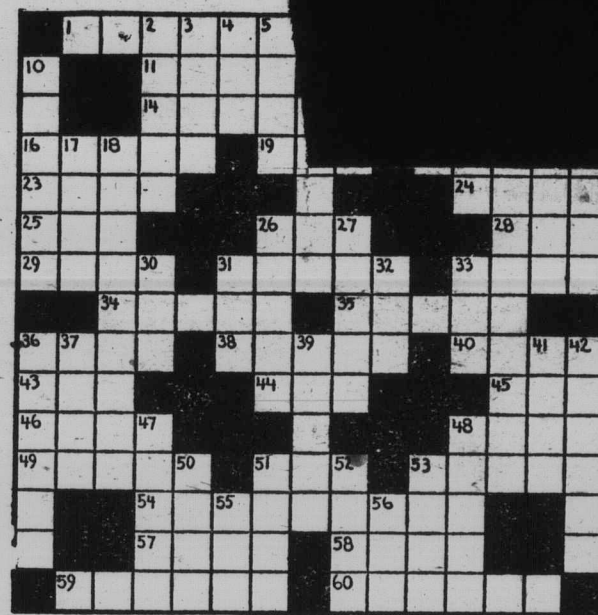
fifteen or twenty feet from the nozzle. Six streams were brought play on the fire from above.

At the same time the pumping unit was operated from below the fire as between the two lines of attack the fire was soon brought under control. The gravity hose lines were kept operation for several days until danger had passed, thus releasing a portable pump for use in case of emergency elsewhere in the park.

The success which accompanied the test of this method of fire-fighting in the parks under actual fire conditions has resulted in a decision to make wider use of it in the future in park protection work.

Chop suey cannot be had in Canton or other purely Chinese cities.

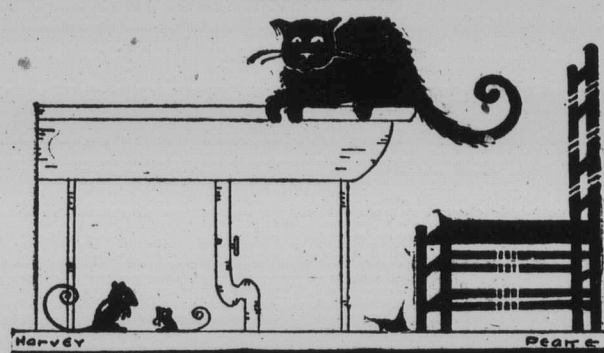
CROSS-WORD



SUGGESTIONS FOR SOLVING CROSS-WORD PUZZLES.
 Start out by filling in the words of which you feel reasonably sure. These will give you a clue to other words crossing them, and they in turn to still others. A letter belongs in each white space, words starting at the numbered squares and running either horizontally or vertically or both.

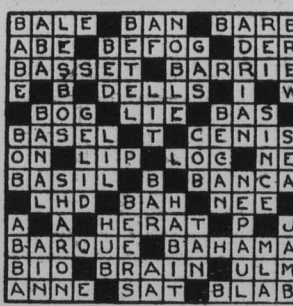
- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| HORIZONTAL | VERTICAL |
| 1—One who commands | 2—Brief satires |
| 3—Begin discussion about | 3—Prong |
| 4—Limit | 4—Limp |
| 11—Cattle | 5—Stagger |
| 12—Destroy | 6—Two-masted vessel |
| 14—Not to be effaced | 7—Polish |
| 15—Small portion of food | 8—Lubricants |
| 16—Portion of tree trunk | 9—Concerning |
| 19—Upstairs | 10—A vegetable fibre |
| 23—Pointers | 13—Plecrust |
| 24—Jogging pace | 15—Cared for |
| 25—Poem | 17—Military assistant |
| 26—Gratuity | 18—Onlooker |
| 28—A fish | 21—Muscle |
| 29—Part of body | 22—Wild animal |
| 31—Lever for foot pressure | 26—Undomesticated |
| 33—Cautious | 27—Made comfortable |
| 34—Wild beast | 30—Relationship |
| 35—Ruler of Hades | 31—Wooden pin |
| 36—Program | 32—Boy |
| 38—Looked attentively | 33—A joker |
| 40—Dress trimming | 36—Concise sententious expression. |
| 42—Headgear | 37—Hiding place |
| 43—Gilded | 38—Wild equine animal |
| 45—Observe | 41—Flesh |
| 46—Turnout | 42—Human being |
| 48—Actor of eminence | 47—Legal name for wrongs |
| 49—Primitive missile | 48—Fibre for cordage |
| 51—Away from | 50—Part of verb "to be" |
| 53—Clenched hands | 51—Perceive through touch |
| 54—Those who vote twice | 52—Masculine name |
| 57—Place in difficulty | 53—Unrestrained |
| 58—Notion | 55—Vegetable |
| 59—Sacred to a Roman Goddess | 56—Man's name (abbr.) |
| 60—Expands | |

FLIMERICKS



Said a very young rat, "Pa, I _____
 (have an opinion)
 You may bring me some victuals and _____
 (beverage)
 But the rat's father _____:
 (proclaimed)
 "Your wish is _____
 (refused)
 'Till the cat goes to sleep in the _____
 (a basin for waste water)
 "Upon the line write the word that is defined below it."

Answer to last week's puzzle:



MUTT AND JEFF—By Bud Fisher.



Others Besides Bootleggers Wear Two-Ounce Ties.

The name "Red Rose" has been a guarantee of quality for 30 years

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

The ORANGE PEKOE is extra good. Try it!

Sherlock and "Sir Sherlock."

It is almost certain that no character in fiction created by a living author has become so internationally popular as Sherlock Holmes, the detective. Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, in his recent very interesting book of reminiscences, *Memories and Adventures*, relates how, shortly after he had been knighted, on account of quite another literary work, he received a bill from a tradesman that was correct and businesslike in every detail save that it was made out to "Sir Sherlock Holmes."

"I hope I can stand a joke as well as my neighbors," records Sir Arthur, "but this particular piece of humor seemed rather misplaced, and I wrote sharply upon the subject. In response to my letter there arrived at my hotel a very repentant clerk, who expressed his sorrow at the incident, but kept repeating the phrase, 'I assure you, sir, that it was bona fide!'"

"What do you mean by bona fide?" asked.

"Well, sir," he replied, "my mates in the shop told me that you had been knighted, and that when a man was

knighted he changed his name, and that you had taken that one."

"I need not say that my annoyance vanished, and that I laughed as heartily as his pals were probably doing round the corner."

A party of French schoolboys visiting London asked as the first of the sights that they wished to be shown the Baker Street lodgings of the great Sherlock Holmes; but they could not be gratified, since Conan Doyle has always discreetly declined to identify the building. In South America Sherlock is so well known that a convenient new word, based upon his name, has been added to the language; clever bits of offhand deduction are now tersely defined there as "sherlockholmitic."

Letters in praise of Sherlock Holmes or propounding problems for Sherlock Holmes's creator to solve reached him from the four corners of the world, including the Samoan Islands. Robert Louis Stevenson wrote to him from Vaillima.

"He had been retelling some of my Sherlock Holmes yarns to his native servants,—I should not have thought that he needed to draw upon anyone else,—and he complained to me in a comical letter of the difficulty of telling a story when you had to halt every moment to explain what a railway was, what an engineer was, and so forth. He got the story across in spite of all difficulties, and, said he, 'If you could have seen the bright, feverish eyes of Simite, you would have tasted glory!'"

Simite and his comrades accepted all the tales as literally true; they could not be convinced that any story was merely a feat of fancy. But to many more sophisticated admirers the superdetective is little less real—and certainly if he is not true he ought to be!

Secrets of the Snows.

This summer has witnessed one of the greatest exploits of mountaineering ever recorded—the conquest of Mount Logan, the highest peak in Canada, which rises to a height of over 19,000 feet.

The Canadian Alpine Club expedition, which triumphed over all obstacles and reached the summit of Mount Logan, originally consisted of eight members, but two of them had to abandon the attempt because of frost-bite and general exhaustion before attaining their goal.

Almost incredible hardships were suffered by the conquerors of Mount Logan, who spent forty-four days entirely on ice in getting to the summit and back again. Each man of the party had to pack about seventy pounds over two hundred miles of ridge and glacier. Dangerous storms were encountered, especially on the return journey, and only the most heroic efforts averted loss of life.

On the last lap of the ascent, when the party reached what they believed to be the highest point of the mountain, they found yet another peak towering above them. To attain this they had to descend a thousand feet into a valley between the two peaks before again beginning to climb. This final peak was heart-breaking work, as the party had to make progress up a steep snow and ice slope, terminating in a knife area that led to the summit. The temperature when they gained the top was four degrees below zero.

"Leaves" of gold and nickel have now been made by a German scientist, so thin that it would require 2,500,000 of them to measure an inch in thickness.

MURINE FOR EYES
IRRITATED BY SUN, WIND, DUST & CINDERS
LUMBERMEN & SOLD BY DRUGGISTS & OPTICIANS
PRICE FOR THE EYE CARE BOOK, PUPILS & CIGARETTES

Sentence Sermons.

Seven big tests of real men:
Can he smile when there is nothing to smile about?
Can he be generous to an enemy who is within his power?
Can he rise superior to his traducers and slanderers?
Can he take pride in his work without parading his egotism?
Can he be trusted to work without being watched?
Can he take advice from a younger man with wider experience?
Can he be trusted to treat all women with respect?

RHEUMATIC PEOPLE CAN NOW FIND RELIEF

By Driving the Poisonous Acid From the System.

Rheumatism attacks people when the blood is thin and watery, or charged with impurities, thus setting up inflammation of the muscles and joints. Cold, wet weather or sharp winds may start the pains, but the cause is rooted in the blood and to get relief it must be treated through the blood. As a blood builder and nerve tonic Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are unsurpassed, and for that reason do not fail to give relief to rheumatic sufferers when given a fair trial. Among the rheumatic sufferers who have proved the great value of this medicine is Mrs. Simeon J. Tatton, Indian Head, Sask., who says:—"For over two years I was an intense sufferer from rheumatism and until I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills no treatment that I took helped me any. The trouble grew so bad that I could not move around the house without help, and finally I had to give up and go to bed. Words cannot tell how much I suffered, and I could not bear to have anyone come near me. Finally one of my neighbors strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to do so. In the course of a few weeks I could feel an improvement, and I was able to get up. I kept on taking the pills until all traces of the trouble were gone, and I could again do my housework, feeling like a new person. Three years have passed since that and there has never been the slightest return of the trouble, so that I feel safe in saying that the relief brought by this medicine is permanent."

You can get the pills from your druggist, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SICKNESS HEALED BY SPIRITUAL MEANS

Christian Science Lecturer Claims No Incurable Disease.

The Christian Science lecturer radiocast from Massey Hall, Toronto, gave many an opportunity to hear for the first time something authentic about the subject. After half a century of growth the claims of Christian Science that spiritual healing is today practical is being recognized by material systems of healing and by the older churches. The lecturer, Robert Stanley Ross, of New York, spoke in part as follows:—"Christian Science is demonstrating that it is the Christianity of Jesus made practicable to-day. Now, as of old, it is showing mankind how to escape from all evil. No matter how long one has been ill, no matter how deeply one may be involved in sin, no matter how heavy one's burden of sorrow, poverty, or care, Christian Science joyfully points the way out,—not through death and the so-called hereafter, but here and now. The Bible tells us that the kingdom of God, the kingdom of heaven, is at hand, here, now; and that now is the day of salvation; that now are we the sons of God."

All of us know that an ugly disposition (which is a mental state) will manifest itself in harsh, unlovely features (supposedly a physical state); whereas a gentle disposition (which is a mental state) will manifest itself in a smiling and serene countenance. Some one has well said that if fear, irritability, and hate will distort the features, they will distort likewise the heart, stomach, and liver. Why not? Jesus recognized clearly that it is not mere food which disarranges the human system, but fear, sensuality, hate, and other poisonous, destructive beliefs.

Writing on page 248 of *Science and Health*, Mrs. Eddy says: "Let unselfishness, goodness, mercy, justice, health, holiness, love—the kingdom of heaven—reign within us, and sin, disease, and death will diminish until they finally disappear." All of which indicates that mortals are healthy or unhealthy, happy or unhappy, strong or weak, alive or dead, in the proportion that their thinking is good or bad, spiritual or material. Centuries ago the wise man said: "As he (a man) thinketh in his heart, so he is." In the sight of infinite Love there are no incurable diseases; there never have been any, there never will be any. The Psalmist knew this when he sang: "Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all his benefits; who forgiveth all thine iniquities; who healeth all thy diseases." Note well that it reads all thine iniquities and all thy diseases, not some of them.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

How Glasses Affect Features.

A well known oculist declares that more people are wearing glasses to-day than ever before. Too many people who are obliged to wear glasses do so without a thought as to the effect particular shapes will have upon their appearance.

Before purchasing glasses some attention should be paid to facial characteristics. The person with a long, straight nose should hesitate before buying glasses with an arched bridge-piece, as this will appear to lengthen the nose.

Those with Roman noses can improve their profile by having glasses with a low bridge and side clips adjusted so that the skin above the bridge is pulled slightly downwards. This slackens the skin above the length of the nose and appears to reduce the curvature.

A person with tip-tilted nose who is desirous of straightening it should wear pince-nez and not spectacles. The latter serve only to pull at the bridge and still further elevate the tip of the nose.

Glasses can be made to alter, or appear to alter, the whole form of the face. Any dark, horizontal lines—such as well defined eyebrows—across the oval of the face will seem to shorten its length. For this reason a long-visaged person should wear narrow spectacles with heavy rims and a straight bridge-piece.

Apart from personal taste it would seem advisable to wear pince-nez in preference to spectacles, as the ear-bars of the latter cast shadows which add age to one's appearance by emphasizing the wrinkles at the corners of the eyes. The thickness of the rims affects the appearance of the face. Generally speaking, the darker the rim the smaller the face appears. A full face is made to appear thinner when heavily rimmed glasses are worn.

MAKE CARE OF BABIES EASIER

Baby's Own Tablets Are a Great Help to Mothers of Young Children.

Stomach disturbances and constipation are responsible for much of the peevishness of babies. The modern mother does not resort to so-called soothing mixtures but corrects the trouble by sweetening the little stomach and giving a gentle laxative that acts without gripping. Such a remedy is found in Baby's Own Tablets, easy to take and guaranteed to be free from opiates or narcotics.

Every mother who tries Baby's Own Tablets becomes enthusiastic about them. Mrs. Oscar Anger, Holyoke, Mass., says:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets and think them a splendid medicine for constipation and other ailments which affect little ones. I have no hesitation in recommending them to other mothers." Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. A little booklet, "Care of the Baby in Health and Sickness," will be sent free to any mother on request.

Cupid and a Camera.
Dr. C. W. Sanborn, of San Francisco, is not likely to speak well of the camera now that photography has given him the surprise of his life.

According to his report the doctor had a breach of promise suit for \$100,000 brought against him by Miss Beatrice Lichtendorf, a Chicago typist. The doctor had fallen in love with Miss Lichtendorf, but he was a cautious wooer. Had to each of the letters he wrote her he appended a postscript requesting her to return the missing after she had read it. This she did. But she also pursued businesslike methods, and when the doctor declared that he had never proposed marriage to her she produced photographic copies of love letters in some of which he spoke of marriage!

Minard's Liniment for Distemper.

After Dark.
"William the Conqueror," read the small boy from his history book, "landed in England A.D. 1066."
"What does A.D. stand for?" inquired the teacher.
"Why, 'after dark,' of course," was the reply.

If a boy's hair were left uncut it would never grow so long as the average girl's, as women have a stronger growth of hair than men.

WE WANT CHURNING CREAM

We supply cans and pay express charges. We pay daily by express money orders, which can be cashed anywhere without any charge.

To obtain the top price, Cream must be free from bad flavors and contain not less than 30 per cent. Butter Fat.

Bowes Company Limited, Toronto

For references—Head Office, Toronto, Bank of Montreal, or your local banker. Established for over thirty years.

15¢ PER PKG. — Used in 7/8 15 VACUUM (AIR-TIGHT) TINS



OLD CHUM

The Tobacco of Quality

Sure Enough.
Miss City—"And where is your husband, Mrs. Hay?"
Mrs. Hay—"In the orchard pruning some trees."
Miss City—"Oh, do you raise your own prunes?"

In Canada one out of every nine inhabitants is on the telephone.

Classified Advertisements

SHOWARD WRITING INCREASES EARNING Power. We show the way. Students call week before through course. Easy, effective. Shaw Schools, Toronto, Forty-two Bloor West.

LADIES ONLY—OUR BOOKLET. LADIES' Friend, mailed in plain envelope, free. Cashier 342, Montreal.

LADIES WANTED—TO DO PLAIN AND LIGHT Sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance, charges paid; send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal.

Not on Time.
He—"Is your watch on time?"
Flapper—"No, you muffin! I paid cash for it—see?"

Poisoning Plants.
Poisoning plants, by cutting a notch in the side of the stem and inserting arsenic, is being practised by the Australian government in an attempt to exterminate the cyad, a desert plant that causes paralysis.

Which is the largest jewel in the world? The Emerald Isle.

GENUINE ASPIRIN

PROVED SAFE

Take without Fear as Told in "Bayer" Package



Does not affect the Heart

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Tablets of Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-five years for

Colds	Headache
Neuritis	Lumbago
Toothache	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Each unbroken "Bayer" package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drug-gists also sell bottles of 24 and 100.

MRS. B. H. HART SICK FOR YEARS

Wants Women to Know How She Was Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"Cornwall, Ontario.—'I am now giving your medicine a fair trial and it surely is doing me good and I am going to keep on taking it. I used to feel so tired in the morning that I didn't want to get up, but that feeling is leaving me now. I also sleep better and feel more like working. For seven or eight years I have had headaches, tired feelings, pains in my back and across my body. I read letters in the newspapers saying what good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done others. My husband says I quit too soon, but I am not going to stop taking the Vegetable Compound and Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine until I am better and haven't an ache or a pain. Isn't that the right way? I have great faith in your medicines. They must be good when those who take them speak so highly of them. I am recommending them to my friends and I will gladly answer letters from women asking about them.'—Mrs. BURT H. HART, Box 1081, Cornwall, Ontario.

Mrs. Hart wants to help other women and is willing to answer letters from sick women asking about the Vegetable Compound.



ISSUE No 41--22.

SALESMEN
We offer steady employment and pay weekly to sell our complete and exclusive lines of guaranteed quality, whole root, fresh-dug-to-order trees and plants. Attractive illustrated samples and full co-operation, a money-making opportunity.
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RHEUMATISM
Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuritis, Gout, Swellings, Sprains, etc., are invariably relieved by John McDonald's Rheumatism Remedy. Obtain it by parcel post C.O.D. \$1.00, direct from:
JOHN McDONALD, MEDICINE COMPANY, 85 BIRCH AVENUE, TORONTO 8.

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Stop Fuel Waste, uncut Water Condensers with Storm Windows, Low "Freight Paid" price, ready-glazed, safe delivery, lowest price per foot and easy measuring chart.
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Write today for prices—we guarantee them for a week ahead
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"Shines like new!"
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Harcourt and St. Clair Aves.
Toronto.

FREE GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

Increase Poultry Profits by Marketing Co-operatively

THE Western Wheat Producers, the Ontario honey men and others, have made co-operative selling a marked success. They have stabilized prices and increased their profits by standardized grading and shipping methods, and applying efficient salesmanship and real merchandising to the disposal of their crops. By these methods the poultry producers, too, can secure these benefits.

The outstanding proof of this is Prince Edward Island, where, for the last thirteen years, expert and efficient salesmanship applied to co-operative marketing, has saved thousands of dollars annually for the poultry farmers and permanently stabilized their markets.

Naturally, to be successful, co-operative marketing must be handled efficiently. How to form and operate successfully a local organization is detailed in the FREE booklet, "Co-operation in Marketing Poultry Products," issued by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa. This is one of over five hundred helpful pamphlets on farm subjects. To obtain your copy, send a complete list of FREE pamphlets, fill in this slip, and return it post free to

The Publication Branch
Department of Agriculture
Ottawa Ontario

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Post Office..... Province.....

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Physician and Surgeon

MILDMAY
Graduate of University of Toronto 1915. One year as Intern at the Toronto General Hospital and six months at Hospitals in New York City.

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Farms of all sizes for sale or exchange. Apply to J. C. Thackeray, Harriston, Ont., or direct to the Willoughby Farm Agency, Guelph, Ont.

EYE GLASS SERVICE OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

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We Grind the Lenses, assuring you Accuracy and Quick Service.

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Students discouraged at school, perhaps disappointed in Examination results or from overcrowded professions make good at the



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No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and fitting them with glasses, is modern, up-to-date and scientific.

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It costs you nothing to let us examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from headaches, pain in back of eyes, or vision is blurred, or you get dizzy easily. Something is the matter with your eyes. We fit glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

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WELLER OPTICIAN Walkerton

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Southbound 7.16 a.m.
Northbound 11.20 a.m.
Southbound 3.19 a.m.
Northbound 8.51 p.m.

QUITE TRUE

(Arthur Enterprise)

Over in Shelburne the other day the entire community was shocked by an automobile fatality. A young fellow, sixteen years of age, with any amount of time on his hands, sets out from Shelburne to Orangeville in a high powered car, with the avowed intention, it is reported, of covering the distance in some fifteen or twenty minutes. On a fine stretch of provincial highway, he crashes into a farmer, who has gone out to seek his farm horses. The unfortunate pedestrian is instantly killed, two or three telephone posts are torn out and the car is somewhat damaged.

"Start a great big immigration movement into Canada, of people not only willing to work but for whom profitable work can be found, and all the pressing problems that now beset our country will be well on the way to solution."

—What Everybody Says.

Fine—let us do so! But to be sure we're on the straight and sure road to our goal, let us begin by doing some clear thinking—some hard thinking—on these two important questions:

1. What class of immigrants do we want?
2. How are we going to attract them?

Valuable Lessons to be Learned from Past Failures.

Heretofore we have always taken it for granted—without much careful thought, perhaps—that it was farmer immigrants we most wanted,—people who would settle on our vacant land in the West, and produce more from the soil.

And complaints being loud and numerous that farming in Canada was not as profitable as it should be, we have tried to convert an unattractive situation into an attractive one by lowering the tariff on manufactured goods, in the hope of thereby lowering farm production costs, and so increasing the farmer's net.

Has that plan gotten us anywhere?

In 1924, despite tariff reductions made ostensibly to benefit agriculture, there were actually fewer farm immigrants than in 1923! And when, against the total immigration for 1923 and 1924, we offset the total emigration from our towns and cities, we find that the country has suffered a net loss!

So, obviously there is something wrong—somewhere—in the plan we have been following,—either in the assumption that it is farmers we most want, or in our method of attracting them. Perhaps it's a combination of the two.

Population Increases Should be Properly Balanced.

In shaping our policy as above, we have certainly overlooked one very important point. Farmers as a rule don't sell to farmers, but to town and city folk. So when we try to increase farm population by methods that operate to decrease town and city population, we are actually making things worse for the very people we are trying to benefit. We are curtailing a domestic market that our farmers can control, and we are increasing their dependence upon an export market over which they have no control!

An Alternative Plan that Promises Better Success.

Let us now go back to the beginning again, and start from the alternative assumption that it's primarily town and city population we want to attract.

Are 63 Countries Wrong and Only Canada Right?

While Canada has been lowering her tariff, these 63 countries have been raising theirs:—

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Algeria | Japan |
| Argentina | Latvia |
| Australia | Luxembourg |
| Austria | Madagascar |
| Belgium | Malta |
| Bolivia | Mesopotamia |
| Brazil | Mexico |
| British East Africa | Netherlands East Indies |
| Dependencies | Newfoundland |
| British Guiana | New Zealand |
| British Honduras | Nigeria |
| British West Indies | Norway |
| Bulgaria | Paraguay |
| Chile | Peru |
| China | Poland |
| Colombia | Portugal |
| Czecho-Slovakia | Roumania |
| Ecuador | Russia |
| Egypt | Samoa |
| Estonia | San Salvador |
| Finland | Sarawak |
| France | Serb-Croat-Slovene State |
| Repub. of Georgia | Seychelles |
| Germany | Sierra Leone |
| Gold Coast Colony | South Africa |
| Greece | Spain |
| Guatemala | Sweden |
| Holland | Switzerland |
| Honduras | Tunis |
| India | United States |
| Irish Free State | Uruguay |
| Italy | |

And now even the United Kingdom has begun to protect her home markets.

63 Countries have been making it more difficult for Canada to sell in their markets, while Canada has been making it easier for the whole world to sell in hers!

Have they all blundered? Has Canada alone shown wisdom?

Obviously the way to attract that class is by switching from a policy of lower duties to one of higher duties. The one thing above all others that the immigrant wants is the assurance of a steady job at good wages. Give him that, and he will come in his thousands,—yes, in his tens of thousands! And in a policy of higher tariffs he will have his guarantee that steady work at good wages will be awaiting him.

"Yes," you say, "but what about our farm population? We want it to increase too!" Of course we do! But with town and city population increasing, can farm population do other than increase in proportion? With more customers for farm produce, and with a higher purchasing power per customer due to higher wages, isn't it inevitable that a domestic supply will be forthcoming to meet a domestic demand, particularly if we protect farm products in the same way that we propose to protect manufactured products?

A Precedent That Shows What Can Be Done!

We have tried the plan of lower tariffs, as a means of attracting farmer immigration, and we see that it has signally failed, and we know the reasons why it has failed.

Why not now try the alternative plan of higher tariffs, as a means of attracting urban immigration, when it seems perfectly clear that it must bring farmer immigration in its train?

Even if the latter were mere theory, that would be no valid reason for rejecting it in favor of a policy we have tried, and found to be barren of results.

But we know that it is far beyond the theory stage. The United States offers a practical demonstration of its success! By the plan of higher tariffs, to benefit all classes of population, the United States has managed to attract the biggest and longest sustained immigration movement the world has ever known!

What better example does Canada want?

VOTE CONSERVATIVE

FOR HIGHER TARIFF AND FOR LOWER TAXATION

Liberal-Conservative Victory Committee, 230 Bay St., Toronto

ed. Among the incidents which follow as an aftermath of the tragedy is a coroner's inquest, at which the coroner's jury find that the unfortunate farmer met his death by being struck by a car driven by the reckless youth in a careless manner. The boy's father will probably settle with the widow and there the matter ends. The boy, who is probably a very decent fellow, is entitled to some sympathy, but the unfortunate woman who his senseless conduct has suddenly made a widow, and the children, who have lost the protection and guidance of a father, are deserving of much greater sympathy. The culpability of the boy is lessened to some extent by the fact that he was only doing what he had heard over and over again men of maturer years, who held positions of influence in the community, boasting that they had done. Everyone has heard motorists tell with considerable pride, of occasions, on which for no particular purpose, they had made remarkable speed records. They had happened with no mischance but nevertheless, they were encouraging a form of criminal offence which every year results in the taking of more lives than is attendant on the violation of any other set of laws in the whole

dominion or provincial statutes. Traffic regulations to prevent excessive speeding may be enforced as effectively as possible, but, until public opinion educates itself to look on the speed fiend as a menace to society, an undesirable member of the community who does not deserve the respect of his fellows, automobile fatalities similar to that just referred to will continue to be reported almost every day in the daily press, and an increasing toll of human life will continue to be paid for the perpetuation of a senseless and dangerous excess.

NEW CANADIAN STAMPS

A new Canadian stamp of the eight-cent denomination is in use, following a decision reached at the recent international postal conference, held at Stockholm, to the effect that the postage rates on letters between countries of the union should be reduced from 10c to 8c. This stamp is of the same design as the other Canadian postage stamps, having on its face a portrait of His Majesty the King, and, according to the regulations of the convention, will be blue in color.

The post office department is also about to issue the first of a series of Canadian historical stamps. The new issues will be three in number—one containing the portrait of Baldwin and Lafontaine, second containing the portrait of Thomas d'Arcy Gee, and a third containing the portraits of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Sir John Macdonald. These stamps will be intended for domestic use only, but will be valid for payment of postage to other countries as well.

Rules of the road to many are as unimportant as a scratch on a four year old car.

Just about it! A flapper is a girl who powders her face, bobs her hair and says: "Clothes, I'm going out; if you want to come along, hang on!"

Mr. W. A. Begg and Mr. C. E. Start having declined to accept the Progressive nomination for North Bruce, another convention was called at Warton and Mr. Landon of Eastnor was chosen. He accepted on condition that \$1000 be raised to defray his expenses. Mr. Landon is an ex-Reeve of Eastnor Township. Previous to becoming a Progressive he was a Liberal.

Feed Stock Tonic

Get your stock in good shape by getting a pail of Dr. Hess' Stock Tonic or a Pail of Pratt's Animal Regulator. By feeding a little of it once or twice each day, your stock will improve and will go through the winter without sickness of any kind. Sold on a guarantee: Money back if not satisfied. Get your Hens to lay before winter sets in, as the prices will be going up. Feed Dr. Hess' and Pratt's Poultry Food.

We Have some Old Flour made from Old Wheat at the New Prices. Come in and get a few bags to last two or three months. Our Pastry Flour can't be beat.

A good stock of Cereals and Breakfast Foods Just arrived.

Try our Groceries—they are of the best quality.

Will take in exchange Eggs, Good Dairy Butter, Onions, Dried Apples, Tallow, Eggs graded

GEO. LAMBERT.

FLOUR FEED & GROCERIES

PHONE 36

CARRICK COUNCIL.

Mildmay, October 12th
Carrick Council met on the above date, pursuant to adjournment. All the members present. The Reeve in the chair. The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

Finance Report
The following accounts were referred to the Finance Committee and recommended to be paid.

Frank Fischer, fence bonus...	17 50
Jerome Illig, contract gravelling Culross towline, Formost and north	282 15
M. Weiler, 18 days spreading gravel and 8 hrs dragging	49 00
Norman Durrer, gravel	47 02
Scarfe & Co., 5 gals bridge paint	11 81
Mildmay Gazette, tax receipts and advt. contracts	11 50
Jacob J. Huber, con. filling bridge, lot 34, 12th con., and earth and stones	124 45
Frank Ruetz, fence bonus	10 00
P. Lobsinger, plow, shares and repairs to scraper	23 90
Wm. Pofuss, work under his supervision	124 75
Jos. Schickler Est., acc. bridge lot 31, Con. 13	750 00
Albert Kahn, gravel screen	13 00
L. C. Dahms, services overseer	13 50
Chas. P. Diebel, use of field for roadway, etc	10 00
Hy. Schmar, hauling bridge covering	5 00
Jno. Duffy, patrolman	7 12
Anth. Diemert, loss of ewe and lamb by dogs	25 00
Albert Wittich, keeping lights 24 nights at Holland bridge	3 60
Theodore Loos, patrolman	6 30
J. Weigel, metg., 1 1/2 days R&B	8 75
J. Juergens, mtg., 1 day R&B	7 00
C. Wagner, mtg., 1 day R&B	7 00
T. H. Jasper, mtg., 1 day R&B	7 00
N. Durrer, mtg., 1/2 day R&B	8 75
Wm. Pofuss, acct salary as overseer	50 00

Mr. J. J. Reid of Culross asked the Council for assistance for South Bruce Plowing Match to be held at Culross on Wednesday, Oct. 28th.

Jasper—Durrer—That this Council donate \$15 to assist the South Bruce Plowing Match.—Carried.

Wagner—Jasper—That this Council do now adjourn to meet again on Monday, November 16th, for the transaction of general business.—Carried.

UNION STOCK MARKETS TORONTO

Stormy weather in the Prairie Provinces has tended to rush a lot of cattle to market and heavy receipts at the Union Stock Yards yesterday included a big proportion from the West. There was an offering of close to 5500 head yesterday and about 2000 of these were from the West. In addition there were 187 head on through billing. Packers also had quite a few shipments of Western cattle direct to the plants. Supplies were a little heavier than on the previous Monday, but trading generally showed little change.

A good store cattle trade was in evidence and exporters were about as active as they were a week ago. The butcher trade continued slow and it was apparent that the packers have too many cattle on hand. A little better demand was shown for the common offerings and the heavy supplies of canners met a fairly active trade. Prices on the whole showed little change from last week. One export firm took about 600 head and bought heavy and handyweight steers and some bulls. About 20 loads of store cattle changed hands during the morning. Less than half the offering had passed over the scales at 2 o'clock and there was a heavy holdover at the close.

Sales of heavy steers were made from \$7 to \$8.20 and exporters took handyweight steers from \$6.65 to \$7.85. The top for butcher cattle was \$7, paid for some steers averaging 1075 pounds. A few small lots sold from \$6 to \$6.75 and medium quality killers sold from \$5.25 to \$5.85. Sales of common killers were made from \$3.30 to \$4.75. Baby heaves brought from \$9 to \$12 a hundred.

There was a good demand for cows and some of the best sold from \$5 to \$5.35. The bulk of the butcher cows sold from \$4.25 to \$4.85, and fair quality ones from \$3 to \$4. Canners and cutters sold from \$2.25 to \$2.85. Good bulls were taken for export from \$4.50 to \$5.59 and for killing from \$4.25 to \$5. Bolognas sold from \$3.25 to \$3.50. One load of good stockers sold at \$5.50, and a lot of light ones from the West averaging around 500 pounds sold from \$4.25 to \$4.75. Sales of feeders were made from \$4.50 to \$6.25.

Shipments of calves were heavier than usual but the fact that the Buffalo market was stronger tended to hold prices steady. A number of sales were made for export to Buffalo. Best sales were made at \$13 a hundred and the bulk of the good to choice brought from \$11 to \$13.

Heavy and medium quality calves sold from \$7 to \$10.50. Quite a few grassers were on the market and they sold from \$5 to \$5.50 with a few extra poor ones at \$4.

There was a big run of lambs and the market was unsettled most of the day. Up till 2 o'clock only about 1000 head had been sold. An odd sale was made during the morning as high as \$12.50, but the bulk were at \$12, a decline of 50c from last week's close. In the afternoon the market settled at \$12.25 and most of the lambs were sold at this price. Sheep held steady from \$6.50 to \$8 for good light ones and some culls sold from \$3 to \$4.

There was a weak undertone to the hog market, but most of the sales were steady at \$12.25 f.o.b., and \$13.25 off cars. For today, however, buyers are bidding \$12 f. o.b.

HOWICK

Constable J. W. Beswitherick was in Goderich on Monday, having escorted a young man of this township to the county jail, on a charge of having liquor in other than his own dwelling.

A very regrettable accident occurred at the Fordwich skating rink last Thursday evening while the softball games were in progress. When Floyd Steurnol struck the ball the bat broke and the big end flew with the speed of a bullet to the east side of the rink, striking Thos. Walker on the side of the head just at the corner of the right eye and inflicting a gash which required four stitches to close.

The injuries received by Mr. Alex Edgar, second con., when he was run over by a wagon loaded with lumber and brick about two weeks ago, were more serious than they at first appeared. About a week after the accident it was discovered that his right shoulder blade was cracked. We are pleased to report that he is progressing favorably, and we trust that his recovery will be speedy and complete.

The sixty-third annual exhibition of the Howick Agricultural Society was held in Gorrie on Saturday last. For the first time in many years the Society was favored with an ideal day, the weather being dry and bright, but rather cold in the evening. There was a record attendance the gate receipts totalling \$461.85. The exhibits in all departments were up to the average, both for quality and quantity, while some classes were a little ahead of former years.

SMALLER PAPER MONEY

The dollar bill is the costliest money issued by governments. It is the most used currency and thus has to be often replaced. The United States has made futile efforts to replace the dollar bill with the silver dollar. It cannot shake the popularity of the filthy lucre. It has tried to popularize the two dollar bill but failed in this. Canada would like to cheapen the cost of making the one dollar bill undoubtedly. The paper used in producing currency is costly, and after all our bills take up an unnecessary amount of material, particularly the denomination used most. Then why do we continue to carry on a paper currency of the size we have now? Who decided on the dimensions of our bills? Why do we cling to an inconvenient size of bill. Paper money about one-third smaller would be a public convenience in many ways. It could be put in an ordinary sized envelope without folding, we could get smaller receptacles for the pocket, handkerchiefs, reduced size cash registers and counter drawers if we had smaller paper money. All of which indicate public and private economy of a popular nature.

CONFISCATES \$800 FROM HIS ADOPTED FATHER

A young man who has made himself an unenviable reputation in Mt. Forest, was arrested last week in a pool-room in Guelph and taken to Mount Forest, where he appeared before the Magistrate and was sentenced to six months determinate and twelve months indeterminate in the Ontario Reformatory. The young man had latterly been working with his adopted father who trusted the youth with the banking of his money, over \$800 of which, it is said, had never been deposited, the ungrateful youth using it for his own purpose.

Irate Dad—What! At the bottom of the class?
Pupil—Oh, it's alright, Dad, they teach the same at both ends.

Rags make paper. Paper makes money. Money makes banks. Banks make loans. Loans make poverty. Poverty makes rags.

WALKERTON.

Charlie Scheffer and a group of lads, while playing in front of Miss Montgomery's store on Durham st. were responsible for the breaking of a pane of glass in one of the windows on Friday last. It appears Charlie's head went through the window, and narrowly escaped injury. Chief Ferguson informed the lad that the damage must be paid for.

An accident attended by the most unusual circumstances occurred in the factory of R. Traux, Son & Co., at 4.30 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon last. Herbert Myers of town suffered the loss of parts of the thumb and forefinger of his left hand. At the time of the accident it appears that Mr. Myers was employed at ripping panels. The guard of the saw was down and the usual precautions in force for the protection of the workman operating the saw. However, a piece of the panel on which he was working flew off and struck Mr. Myers in the stomach, throwing him off his balance. In an endeavor to save himself from a fall the left hand of the workman came in contact with the saw below the guard. Dr. P. F. McCue dressed the injury, which will likely require some weeks to heal sufficiently for Mr. Myers to return to work.

The two young men who gave their names as Hill and Rankin, arrested at Owen Sound on Wednesday Sept. 23rd, suspected of having been responsible for the burglaries at Paisley and other places in the county, as well as stealing motor cars, appeared in police court here on Friday morning last. The Crown having requested a remand, the lads will appear on Thursday of this week at Walkerton at ten o'clock and Rankin at Paisley in the afternoon at two. Mr. Campbell Grant, of town, appeared on behalf of Hill who was charged with stealing cars only. It will be remembered that the provincial and local police of the district were on the lookout for these alleged law breakers. Constable Denton, observing what he considered suspicious movements of the pair, picked them up during the early hours of the morning. They were transferred to the County gaol at Walkerton the following day.

HUGE LOSS CAUSED BY LOW WATER

Navigation and industry continue to be demoralized along the whole Welland canal on account of the unprecedentedly low water levels, blamed largely on the diversion by Chicago of water from the Great Lakes for the drainage canal.

In spite of the bumper harvest, the golden flow of grain from the west is not pouring as it should through the Welland canal. Up to September 28 this year, in comparison with the same period last year, 11,000,000 bushels less grain has been shipped through the canal. The reputation of the Welland canal for "despatch" is being injured by tie-ups of steamers.

The latter part of last week no fewer than thirty-four freighters were held up at Welland as a result of the low water.

The two worst places on the canal are the aqueduct at Welland and the guardlock near Thorold, where the water was two feet lower than normal at intervals all last week. Water level, which has been 14.9 feet in the canal, was down to 13.9 ft.

VALUABLE COW SHOT

When Nettie Casemore, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Casemore, 10th con. of Dumfries, went for the cows on Thursday evening, she was surprised and horrified to find their best cow dead. The animal was shot through the heart. It is just five weeks ago that Mr. Casemore's dog was shot. Evidently some one is working for a jail sentence and the country at large would be better off if they were accommodated very soon. Aside from the cruelty of the affair it is a hardship for anyone to lose a valuable cow, worth seventy-five dollars, and who would not be sore to find their faithful dog shot. There is certainly some irresponsible parties carrying firearms and even human life is not safe while they are allowed to continue such depredations as these.—Wingham Advance.

YES! WE HAVE 'EM

Blessings on thee, little dame,
Bare-back girl, knees the same,
With thy turned-down silken hose,
And thy short transparent clothes,
With thy bobbed hair's jaunty grace
And the make-up on thy face;
With thy red lips reddened more
Smoozed with lipstick from the store.
From my heart I give thee joy—
Glad that I was born a boy!

The shingle used to be considered the best board of education.

FIRE

A Faithful Friend—A Fearful Fool!
Uncontrolled fire is greedy and is no respecter of persons. Under favorable conditions it will create itself—*it will start of its own accord from the heating of material known as "spontaneous ignition."* Usually however, fire is the result of a human agency—augmented by carelessness and indifference, or, in its lowest conception, in the destruction of life and property, by criminal negligence and design.

Fire is a chemical reaction between the elements oxygen and any other material that is combustible. Oxygen is a gas which has neither color nor taste and is present in the air to the extent of 21 per cent. Although combustible in itself it is the chief supporter of combustion, or, in other words, it causes other things to burn, when they reach a kindling temperature.

Conversely, in order to quench a fire, you must either exclude the oxygen, or cool the material down below its burning point, or both.

With the outstanding exception of nitro-cellulose film, and the various plastics under which pyroxylin plastic is sold, in the case of nearly all materials the oxygen necessary to support combustion is obtained from the air. If the supply of air is cut off, by blanketing the burning material through the gas generated from a chemical fire extinguisher, the fire will be quickly extinguished, especially if the fire is in a confined space.

If a fire has gained considerable headway and generated a large amount of heat, the temperature will have to be reduced by drowning the fire out with water. A small amount of water thrown on a very hot fire adds to, rather than stops, its progress. In such a case the water becomes vaporized—and its constituent parts—oxygen supports combustion, and—hydrogen burns.

MOTOR CARS COLLIDE

A motor car accident occurred in Hanover last Sunday evening on the Durham Road in the east end of the town when cars driven by Mrs. August Birr and Mr. Simon Beckberger of the Neustadt Road collided, head-on. It was raining at the time, and the clouded windshields and glaring lights was responsible for the accident and not the negligence of either party. Mr. August Birr sustained several fractured ribs, but the others were not injured. The steering gear of the Birr coupe was broken, also the glass of the windshield and the fender was damaged. A wheel was taken off the other car.—Post.

ACCIDENT AT THRESHING

At a threshing at John Riepert's in Normanby on Friday, an accident occurred to Henry D. Schaus and David Miller which might have proved fatal to one or both, says Clifford Express. They were engaged in lifting a heavy timber on the overlays when unfortunately a two-inch plank upon which they were standing had become rotten and gave way under the combined weight of the two men and the timber they were lifting and as a result they were precipitated to the barn floor, a distance of about fourteen feet. They were both unconscious for a moment, having received a severe general shaking-up, and were in great pain. Mr. Schaus sustained an injury to the right shoulder, back and left hip, and Mr. Miller to both shoulders and back. Both, however, escaped without any broken bones, or other serious injury but will be unfit for active service for some time.

An editor received this letter from a fresh youth: "Kindly tell me why a girl always closes her eyes when a fellow kisses her." To which the editor replied: "If you will send us your photograph we may be able to tell you the reason."

Says the Flapper—I believe I will shingle my hair.
Says the Grandfather—I believe I will shingle my roof.
Says the Brother Law Student—I think I'll hang out my shingle.
Says the Inebriate Hubby—I wish I wash shingle m'shell.

This is the season of autumn, but perhaps no one has more graphically and classically described it than the late W. Cameron Kester, of Elmira, in the following words:

"The autumn is Canada's national season. For it is then that our landscape assumes a garb exclusively Canadian, with the flaming maple flinging a scarlet robe across the hills and valleys, like the streaming mantle of the gods' chariot. The Canadian boys in France used to miss the painted leaves of their native woods when the autumn drew in and many requests for pressed maple leaves were received from folk at home. No land is so autumn like Canada has. It is why this season is so essentially national. Every real Canadian can say, with Bliss Carman, that there is something in the autumn that is native to his blood. For the blood of nature that stains the forest leaves is as Canadian as his own."

IN FIVE YEARS' TIME WHERE WILL YOU BE? WHAT WILL YOU BE DOING?

The answer depends very largely upon your action NOW. You cannot hope for the greatest success unless you fully prepare yourself for it.

Write today for full information regarding our courses. The completion of one of these may mean the difference between success and failure for you. New classes formed every week.

R. F. LUMSDEN, B.A., Principal

Central Business College, Stratford

Spade Work That Gets the Trade

To get steady sales in satisfactory volume you must build up confidence in your store and its service.

Advertising in THE GAZETTE will lay the foundation of such confidence. Advertising does the spade work that leads to bigger sales. It will tell folks about your store, its service. It will tell them about the goods you have to offer.

Let your advertising in THE GAZETTE be a standing invitation to the folks around here. As a rule,

People Shop Where They Feel Welcome

Issued by Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association

BULBS AND BULB GROWING

Forcing Bulbs for Winter Bloom

General Principles—Many people suppose that it requires great skill and much care to produce a succession of winter bloom for one's table and windows. As a matter of fact the procedure is simple and the care insignificant, compared to the satisfaction and pleasure obtained.

There are a few general rules that must be observed, however; 1st, strong bulbs must be used; 2nd, a good root development must be secured before the tops begin to grow; 3rd, the final growth of stem and flower must be properly controlled; 4th, the slower and more natural-like the forcing, the firmer and more lasting will be the bloom. With these four principles in mind, the following details are offered:

Selection of Bulbs—The grower must clearly understand that the flower which will be forced into bloom, is already formed in the bulb when he purchases it from the bulb-dealer. It lies in embryo in the heart of the bulb as it formed during the previous summer. A poor bulb cannot possibly produce a first-rate bloom, no matter how much attention may be lavished on it.

As a rule the larger the bulb the finer will be the bloom. It should be firm and healthy, uninjured from mould, rot or heating in transit. If it has been well grown in good soil, matured before it is dug, carefully cured and stored, and planted before it has had its vitality reduced from drying, there will be no doubt whatever of the quality of the bloom. It hardly pays to buy inferior bulbs.

By happy chance they may yield satisfactory flowers, but there is an overbalance of unhappy chances that the chief product will be disappointment and disgust.

Potting Bulbs—Bulbs are usually grown in flower-pots and pans, but they can be grown successfully also in baskets, trays and tin cans. The essentials for successful growth are good drainage, good soil and reasonable treatment. If tin cans are used holes will have to be punched in the bottom. Close fitting bottoms of boxes, baskets or trays require holes to be bored.

Over the holes place broken pieces of pots, charcoal, or cinders for the

drainage outwards of water and the admission inwards of air. Above this place soil and tamp it down lightly. On this place the bulb and surround it with more soil, so that the top of the bulb is just nicely covered after firming the soil down lightly. Do not "screw" the bulb down into the soil nor pack too firmly. If such is done, the too-tightly crowded soil will be heaved up when the mass of roots begins to grow, and push for room. This will raise the bulb above the pot.

The mistake is often made of filling the pots too full of earth. There should be one-half inch at least of space to permit watering being done without spilling over the top.

Number of Bulbs in a Pot—In a five-inch pot plant one Hyacinth bulb, or two Narcissus bulbs or three tulip bulbs. An eight-inch pot will accommodate three Hyacinth, or five or six Narcissus, or seven or eight tulips. On this basis, allow from six to eight square inches for a Narcissus and from sixteen to twenty square inches for a Hyacinth.

The garment that covered the most territory this summer was a coat of tan.

There is said to be over four hundred master artists, but that does not include the girls who paint.

Every British subject, 21 years of age, who has been in Canada for one year and has resided in the district since July 5th last, is entitled to a vote at the coming election on Oct. 29th. It is the duty of every citizen to see that his or her name is on the list, and also to exercise the franchise and vote. Be sure your name is registered.

While the overburdened parents of Ontario are crying out against the heavy expense incurred by the continuous revision of school books, the teachers are calling upon the Department of Education to authorize the issue of new text books on history. No doubt it will end in the passive parents being ground between the upper and nether millstones.

Every motorist knows the danger and difficulty of driving a car with a damp wind-shield, so this tip may be valued. A solution of two ounces of glycerine and one dram of common salt, mixed well in an ounce of water, will keep the windshield clear in all kinds of weather. It should be applied in a thin layer with a piece of gauze, downward stroke being used.

The Delicious Flavor

drawn from the leaves of

"SALADA" GREEN TEA

has won it millions of users. Finer than any Japan, Gunpowder or Young Hyson. Ask for SALADA.

Warwick Priory to be Built in United States.

Warwick Priory, dating from the twelfth century and famous as part of the setting for Scott's "Kenilworth," is to be transplanted to the United States, its materials to be used there to build a reproduction near Richmond, Va., of Sulgrave Manor, home of George Washington's English ancestors in Northamptonshire.

Mysterious reports which have circulated for some days concerning the sale of the famous mansion to a United States agent were explained by the announcement that the Priory has been purchased by Alexander W. Weddell, United States Consul-General at Mexico City, and Mrs. Weddell, descendant of the Washington family. They plan to use the Warwick brick, stone and oak beams of the old structure to reproduce on their property on the outskirts of Richmond the ancestral Washington home. This will be presented to the Virginia Historical Society. A special ship will be used to convey the material to Richmond.

The first Warwick Priory was that of St. Sepulchre, founded by Henry DeNewburgh in the reign of Henry I. The present structure on this site was erected in 156, and since has undergone some alteration. It was visited by Queen Elizabeth in 1575, during her visit to the Earl of Leicester at Warwick Castle, described in "Kenilworth." Recently it has been used as a private residence.

Two French airmen recently remained in the air for just over 45 hours. This is practically equivalent to two days and two nights, and is a record for aeroplane flights.



AFTER EVERY MEAL WRIGLEY'S makes your food do you more good.

Note how it relieves that stuffy feeling after heavy eating. Sweetens the breath, removes food particles from the teeth, gives new vigor to tired nerves. Comes to you fresh, clean and full-flavored.



The Right Way to Boil Potatoes

Put the potatoes in an SMP Enamelled Potato Pot. Cover with water. Add salt to taste. Boil until soft. When finished, drain off all the boiling water through the strainer spout. No danger of steam scalding the hands because the handle securely locks the cover on. If your family uses potatoes, you require one of these.

SMP Enamelled POTATO POTS

ISSUE No 41-28.

The Fighting Ranger

BY F. J. McCONNELL and GEORGE W. PYPER.

CHAPTER XIII.—(Cont'd.)
All the time the smell of smoke was getting stronger. It made them cough, and brought tears to their eyes. Then there was a crackling sound behind them, and clouds of heavy smoke broke forth.
"The forest's on fire," someone yelled.
The attackers dropped their battle, stricken with fear, and fled for their lives. As they broke their way ahead of the oncoming flames through the forest, Terence darted to Mary's side.
The choking smoke was becoming thicker and unbearable. Exhausted, as the suffocating fumes overcame her after all the excitement of the day, Mary had succumbed, and lay on the ground in a dead swoon.

"Mary, Mary!"
Terence picked the girl up in his arms. Behind him the flames were beginning to break through, and the smoke became thicker and thicker. Blinded by the smoke, staggering and choking, Terence pushed his way forward with his dear burden in his arms.

When Taggart returned to the ranch house he found the plane landed, and Bud and Miquel waiting for him. While he was in the midst of giving them details of the stealing of the cattle and payroll money by rustlers, Buck McLeod and his men rode into the ranch. Buck, seeing the plane, and recognizing Bud as the man who had dropped on him to recover Terence's map, hung back out of sight, and another of the men reported to Taggart.

"O'Rourke and the girl have been caught in a forest fire."

Bud jumped to his feet, alert.

"Perhaps I can do something," he cried. "Least I'll do my damndest."

He rushed toward the plane and swung the propeller preparatory to flight.

Miquel followed.

"Wait a minute," Taggart cried. "One of you ought to notify Marshall. Tell him about this, and about the rustlers, and that he'd better come up here at once. He's needed. Take one of these horses."

"Yes, you run back to the boss, Miquel," shouted Bud. "I'll go after Mary and O'Rourke."

He climbed to the seat, the plane taxied off, and a moment later ascended.

A horse was brought to Miquel and he sped off for Marshall.

Buck came up to Taggart grinning. "They won't get out of that fire alive," he said. "They had no horses."

"Send Willets to me," said Taggart, and entered the house.

Willets came in.

"Doc," said Taggart, "we're going to settle this thing once and for all now. The girl and O'Rourke are probably dead. At least they're not around, and now is the time to put the thing over. Marshall, the old fool, will be riding up here in about an hour. Now, that would be very interesting news to the sheriff."

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dress-maker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

HOW TO ORDER PATTERNS.

Write your name and address plainly, giving number and size of such patterns as you want. Enclose 20c in stamps or coin (coin preferred); wrap it carefully for each number, and address your order to Pattern Dept., Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto. Patterns sent by return mail.

Great Highway Planned.

The building of a great national highway to link up Buenos Aires with all the state capitals of Argentina and from which branches would be constructed to important cities of each state is proposed by the Public Works Department. It is understood that the department will soon begin work upon preliminary plans connected with the project.

First Book in Norway.

The first book in Norway was an almanac and was printed in 1643.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Potatoes originated in Peru.

Although doctors as a class have to wait a long time for payment of their fees, the proportion of bad debts they contract is remarkably low.

"DIAMOND DYES"

COLOR THINGS NEW

Just Dip to Tint or Boil to Dye

Each 15-cent package contains directions so simple any woman can tint soft, delicate shades or dye rich, permanent colors in lingerie, silks, ribbons, skirts, waists, dresses, coats, stockings, sweaters, draperies, coverings, hangings—everything!

Buy Diamond Dyes—no other kind—and tell your druggist whether the material you wish to color is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.

CHAPTER XIV.

THE CAPTURE.

It was a broken man, this John Marshall, who rode alongside Miquel on the way to the Bar M Ranch. It was not the real, strong fighting John Marshall. The news that Mary—his little Mary—was probably dead had completely unstrung him, and taken all the fight and hope and heart out of him.

Vainly Miquel tried to console him.

"There is still a chance that she lives, Senor Marshall," he kept saying. "Bud, he look for them, he find them, he bring them back safe."

But Marshall was inconsolable and hopeless.

They had almost completed the sad journey to the Bar M, when coming around a bend in the road, they were confronted by the waiting sheriff and a posse of men, all pointing guns.

"Halt," commanded the sheriff.

"Senor, the sheriff," cried Miquel in terror.

Marshall made no move. He replied, simply:

"Miquel, doesn't matter now. Nothing matters any more. Let them put me in jail. My Mary's gone."

"In the name of the State of Arizona, I arrest you, John Marshall, for the murder of 'Black' Benway," said the sheriff.

"I surrender, sir," Marshall replied.

Miquel was sobbing. They placed a guard on each side of Marshall, and behind, and the procession started on its way.

After what seemed like an eternity of struggle through the forest of flames and smoke, Terence at last came to the rim of the woodland, on a steep blue, overhanging a creek. Mary was still unconscious in his arms. The flames were creeping up to this last line of trees. Descent down the bluff was the only hope of escape.

But the face of his bluff was almost vertical. Clinging to shrubs, roots, and breaking footholds into the dirt, he might have scrambled down it

somehow alone. But that was impossible with Mary. Then a plan flashed into his mind.

He laid the girl on the ground, and unfastened his jacket. Making a loop around her body, and another around a tree trunk to use it as a pulley, he again lifted her into his arms. Then, clinging fast to the rope, he cautiously swung over the side of the cliff, getting footholds where he could, and gradually playing at the edge of the trees his hands, he lowered their two bodies slowly toward the bank of the creek. As he let the loose end of the rope go up, the one tied to their bodies let them down.

They at last reached the bank of the creek. He carried Mary to the water, and bathed her face, watching anxiously. The sight he waited for finally appeared—she opened her eyes, and smiled.

Meanwhile Bud in the plane circled as low as possible above the smoking forest, looking down intently through field glasses for any sign of the lost ones. It seemed a hopeless and futile task. He could see nothing, and if he had seen them he could figure no way in which he could reach them.

Giving up, but still flying low, he swung over the stream which flowed below the bluff at the edge of the forest. Looking down he saw two waving figures. He came lower and recognized them. But there was no place to land on this side of the bluff. He manoeuvred about looking for a landing, and finally located a flat spot on the other bank. In a few minutes he swooped down, brought the plane to a stop there, and climbed out.

He was half a mile or so below the spot where he had seen Mary and Terence. He waited impatiently, and soon saw them coming down the other bank. They waved, plunged into the stream, and waded and swimming, finally joined him.

"We must hurry right back to the ranch," Bud said after expressing his joy to find them alive after their ordeal. "They have sent for your father, thinking you are dead. He will be worrying himself to death."

They climbed into the plane and started aloft.

Just as the sheriff's posse, with its prisoners was passing the gates of the Bar M Ranch, there was a buzzing sound in the sky. Miquel, excited, pointed upward and cried:

"Senor Marshall, look—the plane. Maybe she is in it—maybe Miss Mary is saved."

New hope started in old Marshall's breast. He begged the sheriff for permission to stop a few moments. It was granted. The procession halted, and waited while the plane swooped toward the ground. Miquel rushed into the ranch to meet it. At the same moment Taggart came out of the ranch house.

Marshall gazed nervously at the machine descended, trying to make out who was in it. At last it touched the ground, taxied to a stop.

"Thank God," cried Marshall, as he saw the three figures climb out of the plane.

Miquel seized Mary by the hand and dragged her to her father. Terence, Taggart, and Bud followed.

"See, Senor, she lives, she lives," Miquel cried. "Oh, I knew she must—I was praying so hard."

"Daddy, daddy," screamed Mary. "What does it mean? Where are they taking you?"

Marshall dismounted—the sheriff and his men, touched, did not interfere, even though it was a technical violation of the rights of a prisoner. Mary flew to his arms.

"Don't worry, my dear," Marshall said, kissing her, stroking her head, and choking back his emotions. "They got me at last—but I'm happy—so happy that you are alive."

Taggart came up, shook hands with Marshall, and feigned the deepest sympathy.

"But don't worry," he said. "I'm a lawyer and I'll take care of your interests. I'll see the judge first thing in the morning about bail."

Terence and others came up and shook Marshall's hand and tried to cheer him. Finally the sheriff broke in with:

"Sorry, Marshall, we'll have to cut it short now and go along."

Mary raged in tears and protests, and clung to her father's neck.

"Daddy, Daddy, dear, they can't, they mustn't take you away," she screamed.

He tried to calm her.

"Don't worry, dear, it will all come out all right in the end," he said.

He clasped her in a last long embrace, and finally tore himself from her arms as the sheriff's men began to show impatience.

Mary, supported in Terence's soothing arms, stared vacantly down the road as the procession moved on and vanished in the distance.

CHAPTER XV.

The news of John Marshall's arrest, reviving interest in the old murder case that had remained unsolved for fifteen years, created a stir throughout the State of Arizona. It was shrieked from the headlines of every newspaper.

Up in the city of Bisbee, Ariz., a woman who had once been pretty, and

"No—I've not boiled any garments since"

"A friend suggested that I stop boiling the clothes I washed and try Rinso, which I did, with such delightful results that I have not boiled any garments since then."

"I found that Rinso is excellent for removing finger prints from white paint and for washing all woodwork."

"It has cut my house cleaning troubles in half and consequently I felt that it was only my due to know that Rinso has a much bigger work to do in our house than just to clean the dirt from our laundry."

The masses of Rinso receive many such letters as this. For Rinso not only does the family wash merely by soaking—it is also excellent for many household duties, such as cleaning woodwork, scrubbing floors, etc. Order Rinso today.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto.



who still made herself attractive, awakened just before noon, slipped into a fancy silken negligee, lighted a cigarette and rang for her maid to order breakfast. She reclined on the lounge in her luxurious apartment, which was furnished like an Arabian Nights dream, and the morning paper was brought to her.

The headline caught her eye:

JOHN MARSHALL CAPTURED Fugitive For 15 Years, Well Known Cattleman Faces Trial For Murder Of "Black" Benway

She straightened up and read the despatch with great eagerness, her eyes jumping from phrase to phrase: "Trapped while making a stealthy return last evening to his ranch near Pico, after hiding across the Mexican border for fifteen years, John Marshall, well-known cattleman, once reputed wealthy, was arrested and taken to the Pico jail to await trial for the murder of 'Black' Benway."

"After the slaying of Benway on the night of —"

Stella Montrose dropped the paper and rang excitedly for her maid.

"Pack my bag right away, Annie," she ordered, "and call for my car. I'm driving to Pico to-day."

Marshall, a sick and weary man, sat in his cell. Mary, Terence, and Taggart, who had come up to Pico first thing in the morning to visit him, sat clustered about him.

"Daddy, we must get you out of this terrible place at once," Mary was saying.

Taggart was acting the part of the solicitous friend and attorney.

"Don't worry, don't worry," he kept saying. "I'll take care of your father. We'll get him out of this. The jury will free him."

"But can't we do something in the meantime?" Mary begged.

"Well, I'll try," Taggart answered. "I'll go right over to the judge now and see about bail. Meanwhile, I advise that you transfer your money from Latigo to the Pico Bank at once."

FALL CLEANING AND DYEING

need be no worry.

Send to Parker's.

Every facility for the most expert work.

If you wish advice or information on any dyeing problem write us.

Prompt Mail Order Service. Carriage charges paid one way.

DARKER'S DYE WORKS LIMITED CLEANERS & DYERS

791 YONGE ST TORONTO



NURSES

The Toronto Hospital for Incurables, in affiliation with Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York City, offers a three year Course of Training to young women, having the required educational and desirous of becoming nurses. This Hospital has selected the night-hour system. The pupils receive uniforms of the School, a monthly allowance and traveling expenses to and from New York. For further information apply to the Superintendent.

When you drink **BOVRIL** you drink **BEEF**

HARVESTING AND STORING POTATOES

Care in Harvesting and Storing Means Better Returns for This Year's Crop.

BY H. C. MOORE.

The more general adoption by the growers of good cultural practices, such as early planting, closer spacing, use of certified seed, etc., should result in better matured, brighter potatoes of excellent market quality. The advantages, however, of favorable weather and careful growing will be lost if the potatoes are carelessly handled when harvested and stored. The market wants bright, sound, well-graded potatoes. Poorly graded stock showing fork punctures, bruises and other blemishes resulting from careless harvesting and poor storing, causes Ontario growers enormous losses every year. The following suggestions should aid growers in handling the 1925 potato crop so it will market to the best advantage.

HARVESTING.

Delay digging operations until the vines are matured or until they are killed by frost. The tubers separate more easily from dead vines and are less apt to be injured than when the crop is harvested while the vines are still green. Digging operations should be started in sufficient time, however, so that the entire crop can be harvested and stored before freezing weather sets in. Usually the ideal harvesting season is only a few days duration. This necessitates having sufficient equipment and labor available to shorten the work as much as possible. Every precaution should be taken to avoid field frosted potatoes. No other factor causes more worry and loss to growers, warehouse men and dealers than chilled or frosted potatoes.

As far as possible do the digging on cool clear days when the soil is comparatively dry. Wet soil sticks to the potatoes and often causes them to rot in storage.

Use care in handling the fork and digging machine to prevent injuring the potatoes. It is not uncommon to see many lots of potatoes showing fifty per cent. or more injury resulting from fork pricks, digger cuts and bruises. Such stock keeps poorly in storage, becomes dark colored and is not wanted on any market.

The details of harvesting should be closely supervised. A careless man with a fork can cause the grower a big loss in a short while. Keep the plow of the digging machine deep enough to avoid cutting the potatoes and to carry some soil over the conveyor rack. If the potatoes are bounc-

ed along on the bare conveyor chains, they will be bruised. Slow, steady driving of the digger is important in preventing serious bruising of the tubers.

The dug potatoes should be left exposed to the sun and air for a few hours until they are dry and their skins toughen. They should never be left exposed, however, to chilling temperatures. When picking up the potatoes, very effective grading can be done if the badly bruised, ill-shaped and cull stock is left on the ground to be picked up later. Where weather conditions and time permits mechanical sorters can be used in the field to good advantage. Special efforts should be made to eliminate as much as possible of the unmarketable potatoes from the stock that is carried to the storage cellar. This will make for a better looking lot of potatoes when it is later graded to comply with the standard grades.

Pickers should be cautioned against throwing the potatoes into the crates. Serious bruising results from this practice. If the potatoes are hauled to the storehouse in crates or bags instead of in bulk they will be less bruised. In many cases the hardest drubbing that the potato gets in the harvesting-storing operation is over the mechanical grader. The injury done them at this time can be materially lessened if the grader is of the continuous belt type instead of the shaker screen type. Padding the grader hopper with burlap and running the grader moderately slow will help save the skins and will make for brighter colored potatoes.

STORING.

Nothing but sound, dry potatoes relatively free from dirt should be placed in storage. Potatoes that are wet and dirty are likely to heat and rot. Growers and warehouse men should take pains to keep all lots of potatoes that are chilled or frosted out of the warehouse. Such stocks should be kept on the farm.

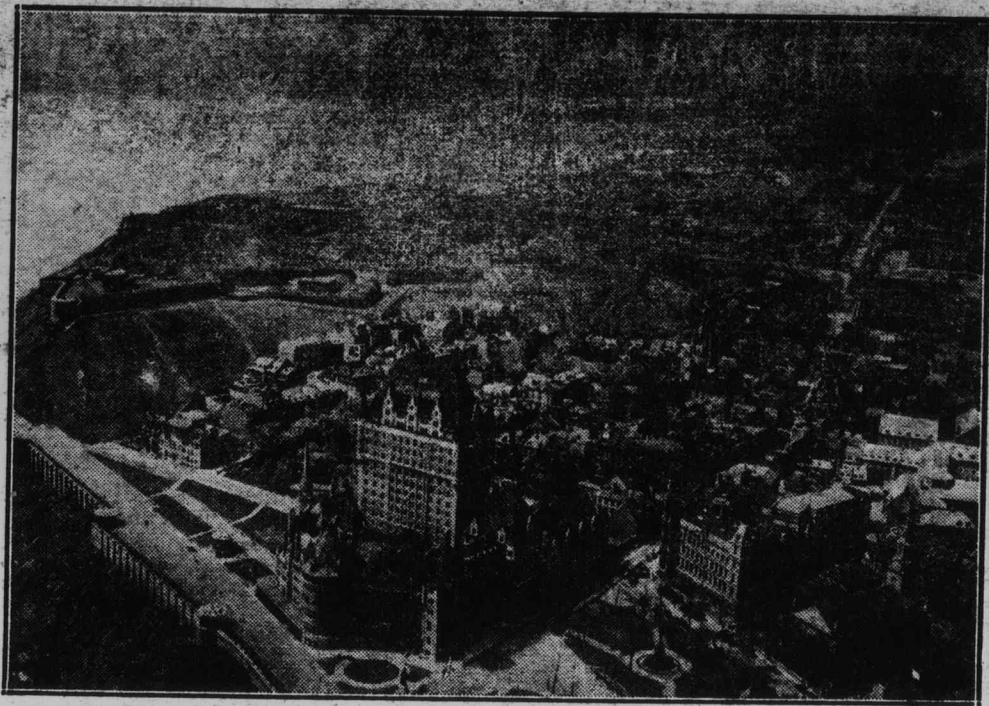
During the first few weeks of storage potatoes go through a sweating process. Much heat and moisture is given off at this time. Windows and doors should be left open nights during mild weather so that the warm, moist air can escape. The temperature of the storage cellar should be reduced to forty degrees F. as quickly as possible.

To keep the potatoes in a dormant condition and to prevent rotting, the development of molds and rots, a uniform temperature of thirty-five to forty degrees F. should be maintained throughout the winter and spring. High storage temperatures cause a heavy shrinkage in the potatoes. If the temperature is much above forty degrees F. the tubers wilt and sprout during the late winter and spring months. High temperatures also favor the spread of molds and fungous diseases which make the skins of the tubers dark and in some cases causes rotting of the flesh. Temperature much below thirty-five degrees may cause the potatoes to have a sweet taste and darkened flesh. Chilling of the potatoes is apt to take place at temperatures of thirty-two degrees and lower. Store houses should be equipped with reliable thermometers. Many of them now in use in potato cellars are not accurate.

Potatoes in storage require fresh air to keep them in good condition. Lack of fresh air may cause blackening of the flesh (black heart) and surface breakdown (button rot). These conditions were quite common last winter and spring in poorly ventilated cellars and in large bins of potatoes that were not properly aerated.

Some of the better types of storage cellars receive their supply of fresh air through one or two twelve to twenty-four-inch concrete flues at the floor line. The intakes of the flues are generally placed from 50 to 100 feet from the cellar. The flues are placed below the frost line so that the temperature of the air is moderated by the time it reaches the cellar. The fresh air is carried the length of the cellar through ten eighteen-inch channels placed under the bins. The channels are covered with wooden slats spaced so that the air can rise through the bins. Ventilators are placed in the roof which allow the heated moist air to escape. All air flues and ventilators are provided with dampers and the entire ventilation system is under the control of the operator.

Large piles or bins of potatoes should be provided with ventilated division walls spaced at intervals of six or eight feet throughout the piles. These walls can be made of two by six-inch uprights with one by four-inch strips nailed on the edge. A one-inch space should be left between each strip. The ventilator wall should reach from the floor to well above the top of the pile. There should be sufficient air flues and ventilation walls throughout the pile so that no potatoes are farther than four feet from a supply of fresh air. This precaution will help eliminate blackheart, button rot and other forms of break-



THE CITY OF QUEBEC AS SEEN FROM THE AIR. The above photo, taken by Fairchild Aerial Surveys Co., of Grand'Mere, Que., gives a splendid birdseye view of the Old City showing the Chateau Frontenac in the foreground, and Dufferin Terrace, the Citadel and the St. Lawrence River winding its way up to Montreal.

down and will make for better quality seed and table stock.

The storage cellar should be kept as dark as possible so the quality of the potatoes will not be impaired. Light causes the potatoes to green and develop a bitter taste.

How to Open a Hive.

We never open a hive from the front. The natural home of bees is in a cave or hollow tree, and the idea of an intrusion from the rear seems to take them quite by surprise.

As soon as the cover is gently lifted up, a puff of smoke is blown into the hive, and the bees become completely demoralized and act as they do in any emergency—fill themselves with honey—so as to be ready if it comes to abandoning their home, to take in flight with them, to make a start in house-keeping elsewhere.

Now, when filled with honey a bee rarely stings, and this, combined with the panic, so breaks up the organized "spirit of the hive" that manipulations are performed with ease and comfort.—H. W. Sanders.

SIX MINUTES FOR BEAUTY'S SAKE

BY ROCHELL ROGERS.

The country woman who has not a great deal of time to give to the beautifying rites of cold cream and cosmetic aids but who, nevertheless, values a good complexion, will be glad to know of a six-minute beauty treatment many of her city sisters are successfully using at home.

Disfiguring blemishes, coarsened, rough or prematurely wrinkled skin—unless caused by depleted health—will yield to this daily care.

Besides the necessary six minutes, each night and morning, the requisites for this treatment are few—a cleansing cream, a tissue builder, an astringent lotion and a supply of very soft-textured cloths.

Those who know the how and why of complexion care warn against bathing the face with soap and water because of its tendency to roughen and irritate the skin. Instead, cleanse it with a solvent cream that will penetrate the pores and remove the dead oil and other clogging matter.

With the cleansing cream is used a tissue builder, rich in nourishing oils, and also an astringent lotion which, when used in conjunction with the two creams, will discourage wrinkles, shrink the pores, tighten the muscles of the face and neck. An astringent that does not have a powder sediment is best, as it may be applied before powdering.

BEGINNING THE TREATMENT.
The beauty of any skin depends upon thorough cleansing before retiring. Powder and rouge, dust and grime, if left on, invite disfigurements and wrinkles.

Begin by pinning a protective towel over the hair. Open the mouth wide. Draw the lips over the edge as they will go. This position holds the skin and muscles firm and taut, and when the pressing motion this treatment calls for is used to apply the cream there is no possibility of breaking down the tissues or making lines in the face. So hold this position throughout the treatment.

Then dip the first two fingers of each hand into cleansing cream. It is not necessary to use a great deal of cream. Very little will do. Hold the fingers stiff, and with a firm, hard pressure—the firmer and harder the better—literally press the cream into the skin, always holding the face as directed.

Press—press! All over the neck and face, except over the eyelids where a very gentle patting is best. Press until the arms ache! The harder the pressure the more cream is absorbed—the greater the stimulation. It is active circulation that causes the pores to throw off the clogging matter dissolved by the cream.

Next, remove the cream, remembering—while holding the mouth open and lips drawn over the teeth—that removing is as important a process as applying the cream. Tissues must not be damaged. Lines must not be rubbed in.

NEVER USE HARSH TOWELS.
With the soft cloth provided for this purpose gently wipe over the eyes and around the nostrils. Lightly wipe the neck, chin, cheeks and forehead, always with an upward and outward stroke. Never dry the face with a harsh towel or bath towel.

Now, the cleansing cream removed, press the tissue builder into the face, which should be tingling by this time. Work this cream well into the skin and let the surplus remain on face and neck overnight. Unless wrinkles are well defined the astringent may be omitted at night.

In the morning—holding the face as directed—press in a very little of the tissue builder and apply the astringent over this. Wipe both off and tamp in a pure face powder. Don't rub; tamp or pat in with a large, clean soft puff. If rouge is needed put it on in a V shape. Begin at the temples and stroke toward the nose, then outward toward the jaw. Blend the edges deftly with the powder puff. This completes the facial toilet and also protects the skin against the harmful effects of sun, wind and dust.



Found!

Andy Gump Shows Up At Last Laugh with him every evening in the Telegram

JOY REIGNS in the Gump household again! Andy, the breadwinner, has been found. He's back in Toronto again—this time in The Evening Telegram. And he's here to stay—with a bagful of new ideas, every one of them a sure laugh-producer.

ANDY has been missed. No doubt of that. He's the most famous comic strip character in the world. But the days of worry are over. Every evening, Andy, Chester and Min will entertain you in The Evening Telegram.

NEEDLESS to say, The Evening Telegram is proud of its latest comic strip. Andy's admirers are legion. Everyone in Toronto—Ontario—knows him. Everyone is happy to laugh with—and at—this unique 20th century philosopher.



The Greatest of all Comic Strips Now in The Telegram

Twelve Other Comic Strips and Mirth-Provoking Features Every Evening

The Evening Telegram

Read in 5 out of 6 Toronto homes—Read in every County in Ontario.

Toronto—Ontario

Butter and Cheese Output.

The manufacture of creamery butter in Canada in 1924 showed an increase over 1923 in every province excepting Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick, in Nova Scotia by 588,863 lbs., in Quebec by 6,381,860 lbs., in Ontario by 5,181,401 lbs., in Manitoba by 1,902,814 lbs., in Saskatchewan by 2,626,663 lbs., in Alberta by 4,420,035 lbs., and in British Columbia by 710,206 lbs. 1924 was a record year in Canada for the manufacture of dairy butter, being 184,290,908 lbs., over 21,000,000 lbs. in excess of the turnout in 1923. In the produce of factory cheese there was an increase in 1924 compared with 1923 of 284,000 lbs. in Prince Edward Island, of 116,911 lbs. in Nova Scotia, of 4,662,823 lbs. in Ontario, of 364,257 lbs. in Manitoba, in Saskatchewan of 20,711 and in British Columbia of 27,455 lbs. Nova Scotia was practically stationary, but there was a decrease in Quebec and Alberta, both of which showed a good increase over the output in 1922.

The true purpose of education is to cherish and unfold the seed of immortality already sown within us; to develop, to their fullest extent, the capacities of every kind with which the God who made us has endowed us.—Mrs. Jameson.

Through a process developed by the department of agriculture, it is now a commercial possibility to keep sweet cider the year round. The process consists essentially of freezing the fresh apple juice, grinding this frozen material, and then, by means of a centrifugal process, separating the essential solids from the frozen water. Five gallons of cider are reduced by this process to one gallon of concentrate.

The Advantages of Co-Operative Marketing.

Convinced that co-operative marketing based on really sound principles is the best method of marketing poultry and poultry products, the Federal and Provincial Governments of Canada are giving encouragement to this feature of the poultry industry. In a bulletin on the co-operative marketing of poultry products, issued by the Dominion Live Stock Branch, the author enumerates the advantages of the co-operative method. Co-operative poultry and egg marketing associations have already achieved success in the different provinces. They have developed old markets and are finding new ones. They increase the income of the producers by cutting down expenses and obtaining higher prices for standard products. By securing capable and expert management, including a knowledge of the condition and needs of markets far and near, volume can be controlled, making it possible to cater to the exact requirements of different markets and to dispose of marketable goods to the very best advantage. These co-operative marketing organizations are also of great assistance in furthering the efforts of the authorities to standardize products and improve grading and packing methods. The bulletin, which may be obtained free from the Publications Branch, Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa, tells in detail how to organize, finance and conduct these associations, and gives a great deal of general information on the marketing of poultry and eggs.

The ewe lambs should be supplied with a bone and muscle-making food. It is not advisable to make them fat.

COFFEE

ANYBODY CAN MAKE GOOD COFFEE IF A FEW SIMPLE RULES ARE OBSERVED

ONE—Buy good COFFEE in moderate quantity, as ground coffee loses its strength and aroma if left standing.

THREE—Measure proportions carefully, both COFFEE and water.

FOUR—When serving COFFEE, serve it hot. Never reboil.

TWO—Keep COFFEE in airtight containers. Fruit jars are ideal for this purpose.

FIVE—Strain or settle carefully. Good COFFEE is clear if properly made.

USE STAR BLEND COFFEE and obtain all the goodness of this delightful beverage

Delicious and Refreshing, 50c pound

At the Sign of the Star
The Store of Quality
J. N. Scheffter

GYPROC

The Ever Ready
Wall Board

Can be Painted, Papered or Alabastered

Will not shrink, warp or buckle

Will not transmit heat, cold or sound

Can be sawed like lumber.

We have a good stock of this material on hand in 3, 6, 8, 10 and 12 foot lengths. 32 inches wide.

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch
Cement, Plaster and Lime

PEOPLE'S STORE

First in Quality First in Service
First in Real Economy

White Gloss Starch 3 pkg. for 25c

Clothes Pins 11 doz. for 25c

Kellogg's Corn Flakes
5 pkgs. for 50c

Rio Coffee 2 1-2 lbs. for \$1.00

Cups and Saucers
\$1.49 for 1 doz. cups & saucers

Cups Only 99c a dozen

PRODUCE WANTED

Grease, Eggs, Tallow, Dried Apples, Etc.

Eggs Extras 40c Firsts 36c Seconds 38c
Cream 39c Cash 41c Trade

WEILER BROS.

MOLTKE.

The snow flurries have ceased to come, maybe there will be some fine days for those who have not their potatoes out. Threshing is still in full swing around here, each one wanting to thresh first.

The well-drilling outfit of John Hohnstein passed here on Saturday on its way to our school, where a new well is a necessity.

Miss Barbara Hill, who resides at Mr. ... was ... in ...

The cider mill is very busy at present. This (Tuesday) a.m. there were just 8 wagons, 2 cars and 1 truck standing there for a while. Henry will be the richest man in the community after the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thiele spent Sunday at Reeve Holm's.

A beef ring meeting was called last week and a good number turned out. There is still room for a few and those drawing the numbers first will gain admittance first. It is a new affair and it is to be hoped that it will be a successful one.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Baetz Sundayed in Hanover at Mrs. Wm. Weigel's. Miss Zetta Baetz is in Neustadt for a couple of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Hy. Fischer spent several days with their son, Rev. Edgar of Wellesley.

Mr. Eldon Wagner has moved to his home on the farm of his brother John.

Miss Norma Laidlaw, who has been spending the summer on the farm with her mother has returned to Hanover.

REPORT OF S.S. NO. 9, CARRICK

(For September)

Sr. IV—Jean Inglis 66, Vincent Stewart 66, Allan Inglis 50.

Sr. III—Lily Vogan 85, Elizabeth Inglis 67, William Kieffer 64, Clayton Tremble 50.

Jr. III—Myrtle Dustow 81, Margaret Darling 72, Grace Inglis 67.

Jr. II—Lilia Tremble 87, Isabel Darling 82, Carl Nickle 74.

Jr. I—Jean Inglis 90.

Pr.—Beatrice Dustow 81, Lorne Stewart 72, Lloyd Inglis 70, Kenneth Hamilton 68, Lorne Doig 66, Allan Darling 63, Oscar Kieffer 56, Leta Nickle 52.

M. Murray (teacher)

CARRICK FARM FOR SALE

Lot 42, Con. C, Carrick, on which are erected a brick house 36x30, with summer kitchen and woodshed; barr 75x54 ft., with strawshed 48x20. Good stabling. 12 acres alfalfa; 12 acres fresh seeded; 85 acres workable land, balance pasture land. 8 acres bush. Good creek runs through farm making it first class for stock or dairying. Apply to Jas. J. Darling.

MOLTKE CIDER MILL

Henry Ortman, successor to the late John Ruhl, is ready to make cider every day and after Sept. 8th to boil apple butter every day except Saturdays. The old staff is at the job again, with Mrs. Binkle in charge of the apple butter making. Apple butter and cider for sale. Bring your barrels and have them filled while you wait.

A rolling stone gathers no moss but the traveller gathers a lot of hotel towels.

The happiest people seem to be those who don't amount to much and don't give a darn.

Motorist—What have you in the shape of auto tires?
Clerk—Life preservers, invalid cushions, funeral wreaths and doughnuts.

Does advertising pay? Not long ago a farmer in a Western section inserted the following advt.: Strayed—One Jersey heifer. To the one who returns her I will give a drink of Four Rose Whiskey, 10 years old. The next morning there were nine men with Jersey heifers standing in the yard.

They sat at a table, he and she, and gazed into each other's eyes, what time he mechanically consumed the food which was set before him.

"Ah," she said, "I am glad you like it. Mother says that there are only two things I can make properly—potato salad and marmalade tart."
"Indeed," said he, "and which is this?"

Evidently John H. Thompson, owner and Editor of the Thorold Weekly Post, doesn't go in much for the modern styles in young women. He advertised that at the Thorold Fair, October 6 and 7, he will give a cash prize of \$10 for the finest head of unbobbed hair. No further particulars are given as to judges, color, etc. The judges will probably be men. Mr. Thompson in his Post says the idea is of "doing something different," and he doesn't know if it will be popular or not.

Helwig Bros. Weekly Store News

New Winter Overcoats

LADIES' COATS

"NORTHWAY MAKE"

COME IN AND TAKE A LOOK AT OUR FINE STOCK OF LADIES', MISSES', GIRLS' AND CHILDREN'S WINTER OVERCOATS.

NEWEST STYLES — BEST MATERIAL
RIGHT PRICES

MENS' OVERCOATS

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE IN MEN'S FINE OVERCOATS.

YOUTHS' AND BOYS' OVERCOATS

STYLED RIGHT — MADE RIGHT
PRICED RIGHT

MEN'S AND BOY'S FALL AND WINTER CAPS

WE NOW HAVE A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF MEN'S AND BOY'S FALL AND WINTER CAPS IN NUMEROUS POPULAR SHADES AND PATTERNS WHICH GIVE THE WEARER THE WELL DRESSED APPEARANCE THAT IS FOUND ONLY IN THE BEST CAPS.

BOYS' CAPS PRICED \$1.00 to \$1.50

MEN'S CAPS PRICED \$1.50 to \$3.00



Dress Flannel

All wool Flannel, 31 ins. wide, for Dresses. Colors: Sand, Tan, Blue, Greens, etc., at 98c yd.

Sweater Yarns

1 oz. balls, Sweater Yarn. Colors: Black, Cardinal, Pigeon, Brown, Sky, Pinks, Bogonia, Rose, Grey. Price 2 balls for 25c

Ladies' Silk Scarfs

Ladies fancy Silk and Art Silk Scarfs in all the wanted shades and fancy weaves. Priced \$1.00 to \$3.00

Mens Underwear

Mens Combination Underwear in fall and winter weights. Priced at \$2.75 to \$5.00



STANFIELD'S UNDERWEAR

MEN'S PURE WOOL FINE AND HEAVY RIBBED UNDERWEAR. COMES IN TWO-PIECE SUITS AND COMBINATIONS.

MEN'S HEAVY RIBBED SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

PRICED AT \$1.50 and \$2.50 per garment

Bring us your Butter, Eggs, Cream, Etc.

HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS

THRIFTY PASSENGER ENLISTS AID OF TRAIN CREW IN SEARCH

A certain conductor on the C.N.R. is wondering what he would get for "giving a piece of his mind" to a passenger who travelled on his train a few days ago. When the train was near London, this passenger who had evidently been busy talking in a financial way suddenly started asking people to get up and look for some money he had lost. He enlisted the aid of the trainman and eventually of the conductor as well.

Some 15 minutes later the man who had lost a fortune, announced he had been successful in his search. He told the other passengers and crew that they needn't bother any more, and held up a solitary coin for their inspection.

"It wasn't much, but I'm glad I got it back," he said. "I do hate to lose anything." The Conductor came close to get a good view. The coin was an American cent. Only his long years of training in self control and the thoughts of his pension kept him from an immediate assault.

More horse sense is needed behind the steering wheel than horse power under the hood.

The Age Cycle—Perambulator, velocipede, bicycle, flivver, a real car, aeroplane, hearse.

Minnesota, Ohio and Pennsylvania have joined Wisconsin in the suit against the state of Illinois and the sanitary district of Chicago, to stop the so-called Chicago water steal from Lake Michigan through the city's sanitary canal, according to announcement by Attorney-General Herman L. Ekern, of Wisconsin.

REVISED CHARGES FOR SEARCHING RECORDS

The following changes have been made in the charges for service by the Registrar General's Department at Spadina House, Toronto, taking effect 6th October, 1925:

1.—No charge will be made for search of the records and issue of the certificates required under the provisions of the Mothers' Allowances Act, or in obtaining pensions for disabled soldiers, or for the payment of pensions to deceased soldiers' dependents.

2.—A charge of 50 cents will be made for each search covering a three year period.

3.—An additional charge of 50 cents will be made for each additional three years or part thereof required to be searched.

4.—A charge of one dollar will be made for the issue of a certificate

5.—A charge of two dollars per name per year will be made for each year searched of the records covering the whole province.

The cost of a birth certificate, for instance, of a child born within the past three years, when the name of the county in which the birth took place is given, will be 50 cents for the search and \$1.00 for the certificate, \$1.50 in all. If the search goes back beyond three years the search charge will be 50 cents for each additional three year period, six years requiring a payment of \$2.00, from seven to nine years, \$2.50, and so on. It has always been important to name the county when a search or certificate has been required. After October 6th it will pay the applicant to do so, because clause 5 provides for a payment of \$2.00 a year when the clerks have to search for a birth record throughout the whole provincial records.

One never knows that profanity is so prevalent until one starts to drive a car.

The following epitaph in an English churchyard is vouchered for by the London Spectator:

Here lies the body of Mary Ann Lowder, She burst while drinking a sedditt powder, Called from this world to her heavenly rest, She should have waited till it effervesced.

There had been a spell of dry weather. The ground had dried up and cracked, and even the grass had a faint tinge of brown near its roots. What makes it all the more remarkable is the fact that this astonishing condition was in England.

Finally after several weeks of incessant sunshine, there came a refreshing shower of rain. It gave one man at least a great deal of pleasure, for he sought out his gardener and said:

"This rain will do a lot of good, I think, Patrick."
"Yes, sorr," replied Patrick, a strapping Irishman, "indeed it will. Shure, an hour of it now will do more good in five minutes than a month of it would do in a week at any other time."

Mr. Spriggs was complaining loudly to the plumber of the high cost of plumbing. "Well," said the plumber, "we've got to pay a man and his helper." "But you don't need a helper for a little job like this do you?" said Mr. Spriggs. "No," admitted the plumber, "but you see, it's like this: The man who goes out to your house has got to take the machine, and it ain't worth while to run the machine for just one man, so we send the helper with him."