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W. J. Buchanan, General Manager. A. MAGNIDER, Asst. Gen. Manager and Inspector. H. V. Moredith, Assistant Inspector.	J. H. Brod John James Henry R. F Richard H, Edward Ar
A. B. Buchanan', Secretary. Branches and Agencies in Canada. Montrent , E. S. Clonston, Manager. Almoute, Ont. Kingston, "Port Hope, Ont- Belleville." Lindsay, "Quebee, Que. Brantiord, "London, "Regena, Brockville," Moueton, N.B. Sarnia, Ont. Chatham, N.B. Newcantle, "Stratford " Cornwall, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. St John, N.B. Gederich, "Perth, "St. Mary's, Ont Guephi, "Poterborough, On Toronto, " Indifux, N.S. Pleton, Ont. Winnipeg, Man. Hamilton, Ont. Portnge la Prairie Man. Man.	HEAD OFFI R, R. G Br London, Brantford, Paris, Innuiton, Toronto, NEW-You Agents.
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Capital, £1,000,000 Sterling.

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The Molsons Bank.

are hereby notified that a Dividend of

FOUR PER CENT.

upon the Capital Stock has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the office of the Bank, in Montreal, and its Branches, on and after

MONDAY, the 2nd day of April next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to 31st March, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

F. WOLFERSTAN THOMAS.

General Manager.

Monireal, 26th February, 1883.

The Cha	rtered B	anks.
MERCHA	NTS	BANK
OF (ANAD	A.
Capital .		5,700,000.
Reserve Fund	· • •	750,000. MONTREAL
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ROBT. ANDERSON Andrew Allan, Erq. Wm. Darling, Esq. Adolphe Musson, Esq	Hector	Vice-President Mackenzie, Esq. in Hodgson, Esq. assils, Esq.
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BRANCHI Winniver, Emerson	S IN MAN	ITOBA. Regina N.W.T.
winninger. Emerson	. israndon.	- Regina N.W.T.

Winnipeg, Emerson, Brandon, Regina N.W.T. -

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CAPITAL . \$1,500,000.

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Bowmanville,	Mount Forest,	Port Perry,
Cornwall.	Oshawa,	Pr. Arthur's Land'g
Guelph	Ottawa,	Toronto,
Lindsay,	Peterboro.	Whitby,
Winnipeg,	Man. Por	tage la Prairie, Man.
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994

The Chartered Banks.

THE CANADIAN Bank of Commerce.

Head Office,	in a star	Toronto.
Paid-up Capital	in a state and the state of the	\$6,000,000
Rest		1,650,000

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Ayr	Goderich,	St. Catharines
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Belleville,	Hamilton,	Seaforth,
Berlin	London,	Simcoe,
Brantford,	Lucan,	Stratford,
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CAPITAL PAID in May	15, 1880 1,897,659
RESERVE FUND	270,000
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Incorporated 1855.

Paid up Capital, \$2.000.000. Rest \$1,000,000.

Paid up Capital, \$2.000.000. Hest \$1,000,000.
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Capital Authorized, \$500,000. Capital Subscribed,

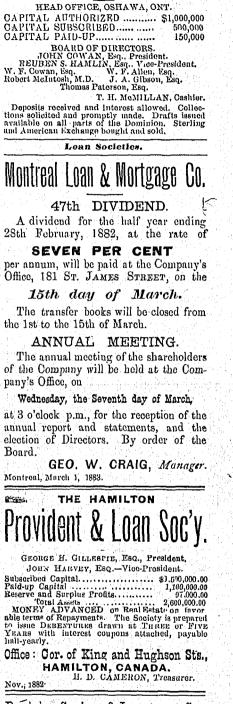
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CASHIER. - ALFRED RAY. AGENCY-FREDERICTON: A.S. Murray, Agent. -WOODSTOCK : G.W. Vanwart,



The Chartered Banks.

The Western Bank of Canada,

Dominion	Savings &	Invest	tment Soc.
L	ONDON	, ON	т., '
INCOR	PORATED	•	1872.

'

Capital,	\$1,000,000.00
Subscribed,	1,000,000,00
Paid-up,	864,982,86
Reserve Fund,	140,000,00
Contingent Fund,	-2.696.54
Loans made on farm and city prop	erty, on the
most favorable terms.	

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1883. Winter Arrangements.

This Company's Lines are composed of the follow-ing Double Engine Clydebuilt 14 CON STEAMSHIPS. They are built in water-tight compartments, are unsurpassed for strength, speed and confort, are fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest, and have made the fastest time on record.

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Sarmatian	
Circussian	4,000 Lt. W. H. Smith, R. N. R.
Moravann	. 3.6 0 Lieut F. Archer, R.N.K.
Peruvian	
Nova Scotian	, 2,300 · W. Richardson,
Hibernian	, 3 434 " Hugh Wylie.
Cospin	
Anstrian	
Nestorian	,500 Capt. D. J. James.
Prussian	
Scaudinavian	
Buenos Ayrean	
Corean	4,000 "Barelay.
Greeinn	
Manitoban	3.150 " McNicol.
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FROM HALIFAN :

Nova Scotian	Saturday.	March	à
Bardinian	Saturday.	- 44	10
Caspan	Saturday.	્લ	17
Sarmatian	Saturday.	"	24
Circa-siau	Saturday,	· 16	81
Parisian	Saturday,	April	-7
At TWO o'clock P.M., or Intercolonial Railway Train	on the arrive	ul of the	10

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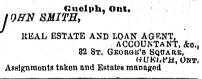
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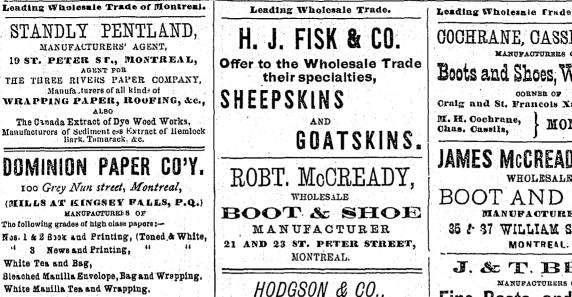
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Clifton, Ont. G. HILL,

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Clinton, Ont.

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White Manilla Tea and Wrapping. Unbleached Manilla Bag and Wrapping,

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White Tes and Bag,

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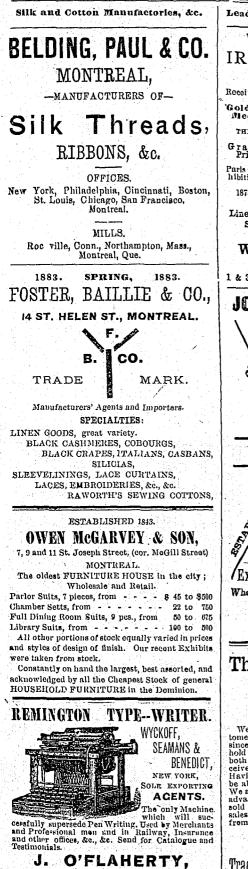
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MESSNS. Barnet and Mackie, of Pembroke, have purchased from Ross & Co., Quebec, three timber limits on Sturgeon River, Nipissing, the whole comprising 110 square miles. The price paid was said to be a little over \$100,000.

GEORGE JACKSON & Co., implement manufacturers, London, Ont., who presented a statement to their creditors a few days ago showing a considerable surplus, are now reported to have assigned in trust to Mr. James Grant, of that city. Their embarrassment is said to have been caused by the Mahon Bank failure.

A KINGSTON despatch announces the death at Jacksonville, Florida, of Mr. George Robertson, senior partner of the wholesale grocery firm of George Robertson & Sons, of Kingston, Ont. The deceased was a man of sterling integrity and Christian worth, and his loss is deeply lamented by the citizens of Kingston.

A VALUED subscriber at Portage du Fort, Que., "H. N. O.," but expresses the opinion of many others in remitting their subscriptions for the JOURNAL OF COMMENCE recently, when he says : "I take great pleasure in reading your independent articles on public questions; I also consider your commercial news good authority."

MESSES. MCULUNG BROS., retail dry goods merchants; Bowmanville, who have been in a weak condition for a considerable time; through carrying a too heavy stock and doing a large credit business, by which they sustained losses, have compromised at 65c on the dollar, in six quarterly payments without interest. Their liabilities footed up \$45,000, with assets nominally the same.

THERE were eight more failures in Ganada reported last week than for the week previous, the total number being 42. In the United States there were 233 failures reported last week, an increase of 25 as compared with the week previous.—Mr. Jas. A. Moren, for many years President of the Union Bank of Halifax, having declined re-election this year, has been succeeded by Mr. Wm. J. Starrs, son of Mr. Moren's predecessor.



The most perfect BARING POWDER of the age. Warranted vasily superior to any Canadian Powder, Is unitvalled by best brands of American, and costs 30 per cent, less.

WM. LUNAN & SON, SOREL, QUE.

Sold by loading Grocers in Canada, Newfoundand, the West Indies, Bormuda and South America

The Toronto Board of Trade at its last meeting decided to assist the Montreal Board of Trade in urging upon the Government the necessity for a bill providing for the equitable distribution of insolvent debtors' estates, and the Council appointed the following a committee to draft an Act for submission to the House:--Messrs. H. W. Darling, W. F. Mc-Master, Ince, Blain, D. E. Thompson, and E. R. C. Glarkson.

The Globe Lightning Rod Co., of London, Ont., referred to last week, and of which Mr. John F. Mahon was President, having been sued by Bank of Montreal for \$8,000 of overdue paper discounted by Mahon Banking Company, allowed other creditors to get prior judgments, upon which the sheriff is in possession; and the Bank of Montreal have not yet got judgment. The Bank holds \$15,000 of paper of Mr. Hewitt, secretary, and the Globe L. R. Co., which has not yet matured.

Ma. Thostas Swaw, who has been engaged in business as a carriage builder for the last twenty-live years in Mount Forest, Ont., has been in financial difficulties for some time, and the Ontario Bank having begun proceedings against him, he has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors to Allan Lamont of Mount Forest. The Bank is his largest crediors, and the full extent of his liabilities is not yet known. A meeting of his creditors will be called in a few days, when no doubt an offer of compromise will be made. The cause of fuilure is loss by bad debts and borrowed capital. The assets of John Sweeney, boot and shoe dealer Russie (hur as a chile, marging).

dealer, Barrie, Ont., whose failure was announced some weeks ago, were sold by the sheriff to satisfy two executions. The liabilities amounted to \$3,500, with assets only about \$1,200. Sweeney had been in business in Barrie upwards of twenty years, and compromised some six years ago at 50c on the dollar, which has proved to be more than he was able to pay. To this and the shoe trade being overdone in Barrie his present trouble is attributed. Mr. Sweeney has a good reputation, but has been unfortunate, and it is understood does not intend to resume business.

As improvement to the buildings in Toronto which has long been contemplated, and upon which work is to be commenced shortly, is the new areade to extend across the block between Yonge and Victoria streets. The Areade proper will be three storeys high, with crystal roof, but on the Yonge street side there will be four storeys with mansard, and on the Victoria street side three storeys and mansard. On the ground floor there are to be 32 stores. The upper floors will be used for offices. There will be stairs and elevator at each end. The building of a large public hall in connection with the Arcade is under consideration. The cost of the whole scheme is estimated at from S250,000 to S300,000. JAMES SQUIRES & SON, tailors, Penetanguishene, Ont., have assigned in trust to James Peard They owe about \$5,000, with assets estimated at nominally the same figures. The trouble is attributed to over-buying and erecting new buildings. Having been doing a first-class country business, the firm felt warranted in purchasing stock for a city store, and accordingly built a new store and dwelling house, and laid in a large stock. Although reputed to be thoroughly honest, upright men, they have been unable to meet their payments; it is thought, however, that the creditors will accept some reduction of their claims and grant an extension.

AT A meeting Saturday last of the creditors of the wholesale grocery firm of Henry Chapman & Co., this city, a statement was submitted showing liabilities aggregating about \$89,000, with available assets amounting to some \$50,000. The report of Mr. P. S. Ross, who had investigated the affairs of the firm, satisfactorily accounted for the deficiency-by losses by bad-debts and North-West land speculations,-and the meeting expressed full confidence in and sympathy for the members of the firm. They offered 40c on the dollar, 25c cash and the balance in equal instalments at six, nine and twelve months, without interest; this was approved of, and the meeting agreed that the firm should continue the business for 45 days, to afford time to hear from the foreign creditors. More than half (about \$50,000) the liabilities were represented at the meeting.

THE depositors with the Mahon Banking Co., of London, do not seem likely to get much if anything, as the sheriff says he has been unable to find any property worth mentioning to seize. It is stated, moreover, that a large amount of costs has been incurred in obtaining judgments. and the estate will probably not yield more than enough, to pay these costs. No statement has yet been furnished by the Messrs. Mahon, although they were in possession of their office for several days after the failure, and only delivered the keys to the sheriff on the 12th inst. Many of the depositors were under the impression that the Mahon Banking Company were incorporated, and express surprise on learning that the Company was composed of James A. and John F. Mahon.



J. L., Essex, and other subscribers .- The fraud referred to has been already noticed in the JOURNAL OF COMMERCE, but under another name. The party is not a member of the Stock Exchange.

THE bonds for the construction of the Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway have been successfully floated on the English market, and the construction of the entire road between Hull and Pembroke is now assured. Work will be commenced immediately after the opening of Spring.

REPEATED thawing and freezing weather is noted throughout Northern Ohio, Southern Michigan, and parts of Indiana, and the farmers fear that the young wheat sprouts have been killed. The southern floods will, it is claimed, exert a beneficial influence on the cotton fields, the alluvial deposits acting as a fertilizer.

THE HEAVY snow fall has impeded lumbering operations in Victoria County, N.B., and it is thought the out-put will be short of the estimates of last fall. Railway operations are restricted, and the whole country from Edmonston to Aroostook is almost destitute, waiting the movement of supplies. There is great scarcity of water in mill streams, and the outlook is rather dull.

THE store and goods, etc., of Frederick Plunkett, the missing Uttawa grocer, referred to in our last issue, has been attached by the Deputy Sherill for the sum of \$300, due the estate of



Paints, Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil, Pale Seal and Relined and Cod Oil, Rangoon Oil, thevery best Oil in the market for Machinery, with a full supply of Car-riage Paints and Materials. Glass—H6oz, 210oz, 260oz; Smethwick, German Star, Diamond Star and Double, Enamelied and Golored, Rough, Rolled and Fluted Glass, Varnish, Japans, Spirits Turpentino, Shellao Varnish, Mirror Glass, 2 and 3 White.

his late deceased partner, John Cregan. Plunkett, who has now been gone a fortnight, is said to be in Boston. The creditors are not numerous, but the goods left in the store will scarcely cover the liabilities.

T. H. HARRISON, general dealer at Souris City, Manitoba, and formerly of Port Hope, Ont., has assigned in trust to J. Smart of Brandon, and called a meeting of creditors in Winnipeg for the 23rd inst. Harrison is reported to have taken a greater interest in politics and the local elections than in his business, hence the present trouble. He is also slightly inclined to speculation. The creditors are chiefly in Winnipeg.

MESSRS. HODGSON & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, this city, who were reported to have compromised at 50c on the dollar, have withdrawn their offer, for want of security. After investigation their supporters felt satisfied that the estate would not pay over 35c on the dollar, and the estate has again been given up to the creditors, and is advertised for sale by auction .- A capias has been issued at the instance of a Montreal creditor, against Mr. L. E. N. Dastous, of Dastous & Co., general dealers, Rimouski, Que., whose failure was annou need in a recent issue, for \$6,980, the amount dueon certain promissory notes.

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS. 53 Yonge St., TORONTO.

1001

Joun NAY & Co., grocers, St. Catharines, Ont., held a meeting of creditors in Hamilton on Monday last, and submitted a statement showing liabilities of about \$35,000 and assets \$20,000. The firm account for their deficiency from having met with severe losses by bad debts. John Nay was formerly a traveller for the Toronto firm of Thos. Griffith & Co., who are said to have started him in business some 14 years ago. Nay is reputed to be a good business man, but was too ambitious, his trouble being attributed partly to attempting too large a business for the amount of his capital.

R. F. HUNTER, retail dry goods dealer Ingersoll, Unt., is endeavoring to compromise at 80c on the dollar, in 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 months secured. The liabilities are not large, and are understood to be held within a small compass. It is probable that the offer will be accepted.-Catherine P. Coyne, shopkeeper at Chesterville, Ont., whose assignment was noticed in our issue of the 9th inst., is settling at 40c on the dollar, all the large creditors having signed the deed. The liabilities amount to \$3,681, and the deficiency to \$1,375; it will be remembered that her original offer was 50c, which the creditors declined without taking a new inventory of the stock, etc.



LEWIS ARNET, a Winninger dry goods merchant, is asking an extension of 3, 6, 9 and 12 months. He owes about \$100,000, and shows a surplus in the business of \$55,000; and in addition he owns real estate valued at \$30,-000. His trouble is attributed to carrying too large a stock.—At an adjourned meeting of creditors last Tuesday of Messrs. Goldstein, Isaves & Co., eight manufacturers, this city, referred to last week, a statement was read showing liabilities of \$35,000, and assets, according to the inventoried prices, amounting to \$11,010. The meeting adjourned for a week to allow Mr. Goldstein time to submit an offer.

1002

The firm of Greighton & Cattenseh, general stor keepers, Emerson, Man., liave assigned to Mr. Evans, manager of the local branch of the Ontario Back. They succeeded Macdonald & McDoughl about a year ago, the major portion of the capital being furnished by Mr. Greighton, who came from Nova Scotia, and who had no mercantile experience. Mr. Gattenach hails from Lancaster, Glengarry Go., and possessed considerable experience and capital, but he invested in real estate, and after building a terrace of houses raised \$1,000 upon the property which he has had to pay back out of the basiness. No statement of affairs has yet been submitted to the creditors.

The announcement; Tuesday last, of the suspension of the well-known Toronto wholesale dry goods lime of R. Carrie & Co. caused some little stir in business circles in that city. The position of the firm has not been considered strong at any time since the death of the senior partner, Mr. Dobbie, which occurred some four years ago, and it is understood that they were carrying a large, unsaleable stock. The prinBEUTHNER BROTHER³, MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS, AND LEADING IMPORTERS IN THE DOMINION OF

HOSIERY, 750 to 754 CRAIG ST., MONTREAL.

cipal creditors are English manufacturers, but a local bank holds a considerable quantity of the firm's paper, for which, however, there is said to be ample security, and the bank's loss will in any case be light. No statement has yet been prepared, but the liabilities are estimated at \$75,000 to \$80,000.

MESSES, O. O. Perrault and Wm. Weir of this city have been interviewing the government at Ottawa within the last few days concerning a charge brought against the Montreal Abittoir Co., for having some time since entered certain machinery at a price not according to the views of the Customs authorities. Mr. Perrault, who is the popular Vice-Consul of France in this city, was formally arrested last Friday, as presumably cognizant of the undervaluation, he being at the time one of the chief officers of the concern. In his defence it is claimed that a man named Hogel, now across the lines, who was then employed by the Company, had sole charge of the entries, and arranged the invoices at his pleasure. The additional duty at least will be exacted. Mr. Weir joined the company as its president last June, some time after the purchases referred to. An amalgamation of both Abattoir companies has been effected.

MR. THOMAS. II. HODOSON, of Montreal, of the firm of Abrain Hodgson & Sons, cheese merchants, with connections in Stratford, Belleville and Brockville, Ont., and New York, and Liverpool, England, was arrested last Monday at the instance of the Bank of Montreal, charged with having violated certain agreements through which he had during last Fall obtained, among several other advances from the Bank, the sum of \$21,000. The loans were made on warehouse receipts for goods then in premises of A. Hodgson & Sons in this city, The Bank had been accustomed in former seasons to allow goods to remain under similar circumstances in Mr. Hodgson's warehouse, owing to his facilities for storing such perishable goods, temperature, etc. The goods now in question were shortly atterwards sold by the defendant, and the proceeds applied to the liquidation of maturing paper in the Bank of Montreal, other than that given for the advances. The accused was admitted to bail in a small amount. He was about to be brought before the police court on Wednesday, when it was discovered that he was in durance vile, having been arrested at the instance of the same bank on a capias for an

(Official Assignee under late Insolvent Act.)

accepts assignments for the benefit of creditors F#

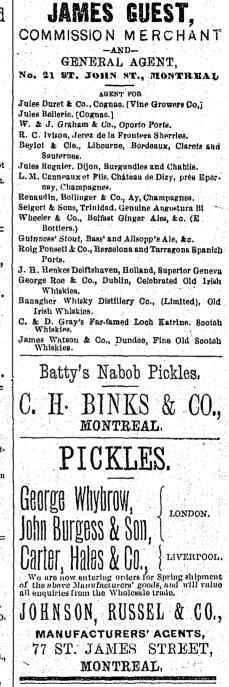
OFFICE:

OVER FEDERAL BANK,

LONDON, ONT.

formerly, and trusts of all kinds.

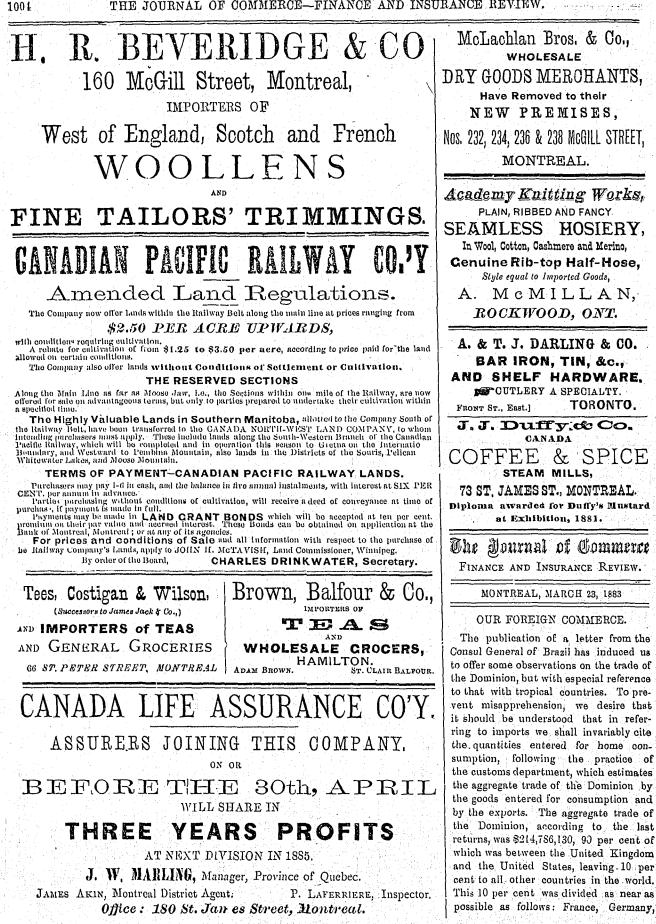




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Edward, offering to sell at 50c; Chris. Shep pard, harness ornaments, Toronto, offering 25c on the dollar; Edwin Wallace, teas, etc., Toronto; has called a meeting of creditors ; II. P. Cook, general store, Gravenhurst, Out., has settled with creditors at 70c ; John A. Moore & Co., crockery, Winnipeg, are asking an extension , Malcolm Morrison, grocer, Picton, N.S., assigned in trust; A. Francoeur, grocer, Sorel, Que., offering 40c on the dollar ; A. Lebeau, a Montreal baker, has compromised at 20c on the dollar .- Alexander Seath, leather dealer, this city, has assigned ; his affairs are reported in a rather complicated condition.

وتوقيق والمعاد والمعار والمسترك والمراجع



Spain, Portugal, Italy, Holland, and Belgium 3 per cent; Newfoundland 1 per cent; British, Spanish, French and other West India Islands and South America, including Brazil, 41 per cent; all other countries, including China, Japan, South Africa and Australasia, 11 per cent. It is more important to consider the export than the import trade. Every dealer in merchandize, whether wholesale or retail, will admit the importance of finding buyers for his goods. With money or credit he will have no difficulty whatever in purchasing any amount of goods, for which he can find a sale. Markets for our exports are what we have chiefly to seek, and we therefore propose to consider the nature and extent of our export trade. The exports during the last fiscal year were \$102,137,203, of which Great Britain and the United States took 91 per cent, the European countries named above 17 per cent, Newfoundland 2 per cent, the tropical countries 37 per cent, and the other countries 14. It will be seen that in the case of the United Kingdom, the United States and Newfoundland, the exports are larger in proportion than the entire trade, while they are much less to European countries, France excluding our exports by discriminating duties, and not materially different to the tropical countries, with which it is our special intention on this occasion to deal. In regard to the aggregate trade of those countries, South America, including Brazil, has rather less than one-fourth of the entire trade, and also takes less than one-fourth of our exports.

The question for consideration raised by Mr. Bentley's letter is how far it is wise for Canada to adopt the policy of endeavoring to direct trade to Brazil from the British West Indies, and from the Spanish colonies. Mr. Bentley himself claims that the direct communication, by means of a subsidized line of steamers, has had already important results. The total value of the exports to Brazil during the year ending 30th June, 1882, were, as stated by Mr. Bentley, \$493,549, of which \$414,143 were products of the fisheries which have for many years been taken by all tropical countries. Mr. Bentley, of course, did not think it necessary to point out that the other tropical countries above referred to took fish to the amount of \$2,367,341-and more than Brazil of other staple exports.

Mr. Bentley, although he succeeded in persuading the Dominion Government to aid him in his efforts to divert the Canadian trade with tropical countries from the British Colonies in the Tropics, is not yet satisfied. He assures the people of

Canada that he has done his duty, and that "it remains for the Government and people of Canada to do their's." He also alleges that "there has been a con." "tinual cry for direct foreign trade" and that he hopes that "those who have "started this cry will put their shoulders "to the wheel and practise what they "preach." All this is very vague, and without explanation of Mr. Bentley's further demands on Canada we are unable to deal with it. There is however a warning that we can discuss. The trade now so happily commenced must not be allowed " to fall back again into the hands of our American neighbors." Now, by Mr. Bentley's own statement the bulk of our imports from Brazil consisted of sugar, the next and only other item of importance being coffee. Now, it cannot be pretended that there is any competition between Brazil and the United States for the sugar or coffee trade. Again, if we take exports, the principal of which is fish, it will be seen that there is no competition whatever. The utter absurdity of the reference to the United States cannot be more clearly demonstrated than by pointing out that the imports of the United States from Brazil were nearly \$53,000,000 in the last year for which we have returns. Next to the United Kingdom, the largest customer of Brazil is the United States ; but while the exports and imports of Great Britain are not materially different in amount, the United States' exports to Brazil are much about one-sixth of the imports therefrom.

Mr. Bentley points out that there has been a considerable increase in the imports of sugar from Brazil, and it is rather implied that this has been caused by the "direct communication "---meaning by that term the subsidized French Steamship line. It may be possible that the Brazilian sugars have been chiefly imported by that line, although we have been assured of the contrary. There is, however, another reason for the increase which has been accompanied by a diminution in the imports from the other sugar colonies. The Canadian tariff favors Brazil, to the disadvantage of the other sugar colonies both British and foreign. This is owing to the inferior quality of the Brazilian sugar, which nearly all comes in at the lowest rate of specific duty, while the ad valorem duty of course is less on an article of less value. The difference of duty. in favor of Brazil is about 3.8 of a cent per lb-or as near as possible 10 per cent on the value of the sugar. This subject is too large to be dealt with incidentally. A very considerable portion of the British and Spanish West Indian Sugars is of the 2nd class, over 9 and under 14, while the Brazilian is nearly all under 9.

We wish before concluding these remarks to disclaim altogether any hostility to the Brazil trade. What we object to is giving it special advantages, with a view to the transfer of trade from British and Spanish Colonies to Brazil. We have omitted to notice Mr. Bentley's statement that, out of 40 to 42 different countries with which Canada trades, Brazil stands 7th. We can only find 19 countries enumerated in the customs report, and South America, including Brazil, ranks No. 7, being at the rate of 1 per cent of the whole trade. It ought, however, to be borne in mind that the British West Indies rank third, and the Spanish West Indies 4th, and that it is these colonies from which an effort is being made to divert the trade to Brazil. We are for giving no preference of any kind to one of these competing countries over another, either by the tariff or by subsidies, and we believe that the facts that we have laid before our readers are calculated to sustain our position.

PROSPECTS FOR NEXT HARVEST.

There is no doubt that the wet weather which has prevailed not only in the United Kingdom but throughout Western Europe will have a most important influence on the returns from the next harvest. It is scarcely possible to form a just estimate of the decrease in the acreage sown in wheat, but if reliance can be placed on the agricultural papers, only about two-thirds of the usual acreage has been sown this year, and there is danger that some of the land already sown will have to be ploughed up again. Throughout Western Europe the weather has been most unfavorable; and there is no doubt that there will be a considerable decrease in the crops. In discussing the prospects of the money market it has been held that owing to the wet weather, and the consequent inability to carry on agricultural operations, there has been much less demand for money than usual, and the farmers are threatened with a period of agricultural depression even greater than what they have passed through. It is therefore believed that there will be a great demand throughout Western Europe for foreign wheat, and unless the crops in North America and other wheat producing countries are very large, there is a probability of a serious. increase in price. So strong is the opinion that there will be an abnormal demand for wheat after next harvest, that it is a subject of discussion whether it may not lead to a serious demand for gold, sufficient to cause a sharp rise in the value of money. The money market has already been slightly affected by the negotiation of a loan of from \$20,000,000 to \$25,000,000 for Spain, owing chiefly to the enormous importations of wheat caused by the deficiency in the last harvest, and which had to be paid for in gold. The probable shortage in the wheat crops of Western Europe may lead to a great deal of speculation on this side of the Atlantic, as the chief reliance will be placed on North America for the European supply of breadstuffs. It is inconceivable that any large number of people in the United Kingdom would under existing circumstances entertain the idea of taxing the imports of foreign wheat.

The quantity of corn in stock throughout the United States on the 1st inst. was 2 per cent over that at the same date in the previous year. The proportion of wheat on hand on the 1st inst, was 28 per cent of the crop, or about the same proportion as in previous year.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION.

The answer given by Sir John A. Macdonald to the question put by Mr. Blake as to the contemplated resignation of Sir Alexander T. Galt as Canadian High Commissioner explains to some extent the silence of members on the subject of the very remarkable speech recently delivered at Edinburgh by Sir. A. T. Galt, With all possible respect for the acknowledged abilities of the High Commissioner we think that in making that speech he committed a grave error, and one that ought to have been disclaimed in a formal manner. We can readily understand that owing to Mr. Blake's speech at Aurora some years ago, from a brief furnished to him by an Euglish merchant, the Opposition had no particular desire to move in the matter. Sir John Macdonald, we have no doubt, is but too glad to adopt towards Sir Alexander Galt the celebrated maxim of Sir Robert Walpole, quicta non movere, and having the resignation of the High Commissioner in his pocket is willing enough not to give him any provocation. Unfortunately the mischief has been partially effected. All sorts of political speculators in London. and their number is indefinite, are proposing crude schemes for constitutional change. As to Sir Alexander Galt, those acquainted with his Canadian career are aware that in 1849 he was an annexationist; that he has since been an avowed advocate for independence, and again for our present federal system, which gives us as large a measure of practical independence as any reasonable man can desire. We notice that the right to negotiate commercial treaties is still a favorite hobby with one of our morning contemporaries, but it is clear that the object of its advocates is to obtain power to establish differential duties either against Great Britain or British Colonies, whose interests she is bound to protect, or foreign countries with which she has commercial treaties, providing for commercial intercourse on the basis of the most favored nations. We do not believe the advocates of this right really mean to bring about separation, but most assuredly such would be the necessary result of the success of their schemes. If we abstain from asking for discriminating duties, we have at present the most ample power of fixing our rates of duty.

BANKRUPTCY LEGISLATION.

Some three years ago, when a deputation, headed by Mr. Morley, M.P., waited upon Sir John A. Macdonald in England, for the purpose of representing to him the unsatisfactory position of creditors of Canadian traders, in consequence of the repeal of the insolvent laws, the Premier is reported to have stated, amongst other reasons, that the Canadian Government was waiting to see the amended Bankruptcy Bill, which it was proposed to introduce in England. The long struggle over legislation for Ireland being at an end for the present, the promised Bankruptcy Bill has been introduced, but, so far as Canada is concerned, it is not likely to prove of any assistance as a ground. work for legislation on the distribution of insolvent estates. The mistake of former legislation on bankruptcy in England is here repeated, and the injury certain to result from too much official meddling throughout the working of the bill cannot fuil to render the result disappointing to creditors, through aggravating their losses by useless formalities and costs. Whether this is brought about by the bill having been the production of lawyers more than of merchants, or whether it is a result of the apparently ever increasing disposition to call upon Governments to do what those interested ought to manage for themselves, one can only conjecture. In England there is more of the slavery resulting from a paternal kind of legislation than we are used to in Canada, and long may the distinction exist in view of the expensive character of the luxury. Something of the cumbrous character of the proceedings required by this bill may also be due to the difficulty of emerging from beaten tracks, as is exemplified by the absurdly cumbrous and expensive process attending upon the transfer of real estate in England. Simple and cheap means for accomplishing the same thing are satisfactorily practised elsewhere, yet Englishmen do not rid themselves of a system that is so far behind modern practice. Be that as it may, the Canadian Government will find nothing in this bill that will do much to aid in framing a measure for Canada, No ordinary estate would, in its proportions, be at all recognizable, after having run the gauntlet of official receivers, registrars, comptroller of bankruptcy, board of trade officials and numerous other dead weights upon unfortunate creditors, to say nothing of the red-tape involved in the "prescribed" mode of doing things, which is here repeated with unabated force.

One is apt to wonder on what ground legislators assume that all this circumlocution and extravagant procedure can be necessary for the realization of an estate merely because the manager of it is changed. Smith having proved himself incompetent to redeem his promises, hands over his estate, whether willingly or unwillingly is of no consequence for the purposes of the argument; the creditors having got rid of him, appoint Jones to take his place. There is nothing mysterious about that, nor anything of a character that need be considered unusual, seeing that not over five out of a hundred traders are estimated as likely to continue solvent to the end of their business career. In this change of managers what is there to require or justify the interference of an army of officials, from the Lord Chancellor down to the bailiff, acting through "Her Majesty's High Court of Justice" and lesser Benches ? The whole proceeding is a huge mistake, and a very expensive one for creditors. What justice to them requires is, that a defaulting debtor, like a defaulting tenant, shall be removed, and the owners of the property, that is the creditors, shall have possession of it. That being done, the creditors ought not to be exposed to having their property squandered away by troublesome and useless formalities after the bankrupcy any more than before ; if they were considered competent to look after their own interests with Smith, they may surely be left to do so with Jones. Doubtless certain remedies would have to be provided for any wrongs

1006

that might be done. but the application of the remedies ought to be confined to the wrong doers, to the exclusion of such as might not be amenable to the law. The application of a cumbrous system of supervision at the cost of creditors of insolvent estates is just as irrational and unnecessary as a similar course upon all trade would be whether law-makers think so or not. Creditors are much better able to look after their own affairs than any sets of officials that may be appointed for that purpose, and justice will be much better served by withholding official interference until it is invoked, than by the universal bleeding of emaciated estates which is "prescribed" by this Bankruptey Bill.

The want of interest on the part of creditors was sometimes remarked on in connection with the operation of our late insolvent laws, and perhaps with some reason. The evil was, however, to a considerable extent more apparent than real, because the inspectors, being usually creditors most largely interested in the estates, attended to their duties, and smaller creditors naturally felt it unnecessary to run after men whose interests were identical with their own. Where any real lack of interest did exist. it was entirely the result of the official element by which the law was marred. In presence of the vested right which official assignees regarded themselves as possessing over the several estates they were appointed to seize, creditors did not feel themselves free agents in the appointment of trustees, and the appointment of an unlimited number of official assignees by the Government gave proportions to the mischief that brought widespread disaster. The lesson taught by past experience is, therefore, that the efficient way to secure a proper degree of interest on the part of creditors is to l-ave them untrammeled in the choice of trustees ; in other words, seizing officers must be legally disqualified from ever becoming trustees to any estates. Creditors having thus complete control over the destiny of their own property, will effectually remove all cause for question as to their disposition to manage their own affairs. No board of merchants would fall into the blunder of adopting the extravagant and inefficient means contemplated by this Bankruptcy Bill for realizing assets, and imperative as is the want of an Act for the fair distribution of insolvent estates, the very last thing merchants would willingly submit to is the injustice which would be visited upon them by what they are likely to characterize as a "Lawyer's Bill."

THE SUGAR DUTIES.

It has been demi-officially announced that the cause of the postponement of the Budget Speech until after Easter is to be ascribed to the desire of the Finance Minister to make a careful examination of the changes in the United States tariff, and to their possible effect on Canadian trade. The most important changes that have been made have been in the sugar duties; and it is well worthy of consideration whether, in view of the fact that the policy of Canada, like that of the United States, is to protect the refiners, it may not be wise to adopt a scale of duties not materially different from theirs. In the United States No. 13 Dutch Standard has been adopted as the grade above which the higher rates of duty commence. In Canada No. 14 has been adopted, but only in the last tariff, and we are unaware of the reason for the change. Whichever number is adopted it must now be a matter for grave consideration whether it is expedient to continue the differential duties in favor of the grade under No. 9, the practical effect of which is to impose discriminating duties on sugars all of which are used by the refiners. The United States tariff places all sugars not above No. 13 Dutch Standard on the same footing, the duty being 1 4-10 cents per lb., provided, when tested by the polariscope, they are not above 75 degrees. and 4-100 of a cent extra for every additional degree or fraction of a degree above 75. The object of the polariscopic test is to prevent the importation at a low rate of duty of sugars of dark color but of good quality. How far it may be expedient to adopt in Canada the polariscopic test may be a question well deserving the thoughtful consideration of the Ministry; but we feel assured that it would be a wise measure to adopt one scale of duties for all sugars below 14 or 13, as may be determined on, so as to put all the countries which supply Canada with raw sugar for refining on the same footing. The present difference amounts to a considerable percentage on the cost; and, whatever may be urged in favor of retaining the ad valorem duty on the higher grades, it only increases the discrimination between the various grades of low-priced sugars. We do not pretend to be able to judge as to the effect of the polariscopic test, but we are inclined to think that the United States duties on the grades of No. 13 D. S. and under will be less than the Canadian. while those above 13, and not above 16, will be about the same as the Canadian above 14. On the high grades, above 16 and 20, the United States duties are virtually prohibitory, and the same may be said of the Canadian, as the value of the imports of sugars above No. 14 D. S. are only about 6½ per cent of the whole. There is no material difference in the imports of the classes under 9 and under 14; and it would clearly be sound policy to place a fixed duty on all grades under 13 or 14, as may be deemed best. The experience of the United States is in favor of 13. It must be borne in mind that sugar is one of the most important branches of our commerce, and that it yields a very considerable portion of our customs revenue.

THE BANK STATEMENTS.

Our usual summary of the Bank state. ments will be found below. There is a decrease in the liabilities of about \$1,40.),-000, during the month, although the circulation has rather increased. The available assets are about a million less than last month, and the loans on collaterals are rather less. On the other hand there is an increase of about \$1,300,000 under the heads of discounts and notes overdue, This is not surprising considering the number of failures that have recently occurred. The Dominion note circulation is much the same as in January, the large notes having increased about as much as the decrease in the small notes ;

	Feb, 1853.	Lun 1000
Capital authorized		Jan., 1883.
Capital subser bed	\$68,146.066	\$63,146,668
Oujnui Subscribeu	63,822,134	63,822;184
Capital paid up	61,131,288	61,107,048
LIAB	ILITIKS,	
Oirculation		C-10
D Goy day on do	\$34,044,909	\$33,722,447
D. Gov. dep. on de-		
ma.id	2,920,225	2,592,203
D. Gov. dep. after		
notice	4,474,264	5,074,264
Deposits Security for		1
Gov't Contracts		
and Insurance	1,047,167	1,083,259
Prov. Govt. on de-	-)	1,000,209
mand	1,181.619	1 100 070
Prov. Govt. aft'r notic		1,192,350
Uther deposits on de-	e. 2,063,223	1,968,308
mand	41 271 104	
Other dep. aft'r notice.	44,574,454	46,154,641
Coner dep. arr r nonce.	51,530,448	50,710,510
Louns or deposits from		
other Banks sec d		
Loans or deps. y		
other Can. Banks,	a dia amin'ny faritr'i Angle	
unsecured	1,057,078	1,248,690
Due Bks. in Canad	1,058,119	1,172,458
Do. in foreign coun-		-11 14 300
tries	261,061	100 100
do. in the U. K	1,139 620	102,166
Other liabilities	246,305	1,671,491
	2.10,200	329,676
Total lighilities	S145 COD 400	
Total liabilities §	5140,000,492	p141,040,461
New York Control of All	SETS.	
Specie	\$6,709,358	SC 071 000
Dom. notes		\$6,071,638
Notes and cheques on	10,198,436	10,252,812
othen Runka	F 000 5 10	
other Banks	5,828,549	6,748,194
Due from Banks in		
Canada	2,749,744	3,229,532
Due from Age's or B'ks		
in for'n. countries	10,961.391	10,846 294
Ditto. in U. K	1,538,307	1,827,253
그 여기 눈도 물레 물건가 먹		
Available Assets	\$37,988,845	\$38,975,723
おかえ ふんしん ひとび ひとしかん かんかい む		

One Job Sulle		
Gov. dcb. or St'k	\$902,723	\$1,004,922
Loans to Dom. Govt	644,148	661,784
do. Prov. Gov	886,408	858,233
Securities other than		
Canadian.	1,289,016	1,390,859
Loans secured by other	-11	2,,
than Canadian Secu-		
rities	14,541,084	15,281,549
Loans to Municipal	1.30113001	10,101,010
Corporations	1,151,283	1,632,637
Loans to other Corpo-	11011000	1,002,001
rations	11,600,662	12,099,997
Loans or deposits in	11,000,005	14,055,551
other Banks sec'd.	95 000	- 1
	25,000	
Loans to or Deps. in		
other Banks, un-	625,017	
secured	040,011	411,444
Discount	145,507,278	144,600,509
Notes overdue not	1 000 010	
specially secured	1,880,019	1,590,237
Overdue notes, sec'd	1,755,798	1,639,183
Real Estate	1,432,350	1,402,450
Mortgages on R. E.		
sold by Banks	738,795	734,958
Bank Premises	3,138,567	3,126,474
Other Assets	2,736,642	2,778,987
Total Assets \$	226,843,635	\$228,082,996
Directors' Liabilities.	8,571,354	8,531,309
Av'ge Amt. Specie		
during month	6,100,092	5,326,449
Do. Dom. Notes	10,236,251	10,044,068

STATISTICS OF FIRE LOSSES.

It would be difficult to over-estimate the value to the fire insurance companies and the public at large of the statistics prepared by the New York Chronicle, issued recently as a supplement to that paper. During the eight years comprised in the Chronicle's tables the total destruction by fire in the United States and Canada amounted to over 6724 millions of dollars, of which over 783 millions belong to Canada, or an average of over S4 millions yearly for both countries. Canada's share of " this yearly tax, mostly levied by carelessness and crime," is \$9,847,000. The total of insurance payments for the eight years in both countries is 363 millions of dollars, of which nearly 35 millions was disbursed in Canada. The average annual payment in the United Staies was about 55 per cent, and in Canada somewhat over 44 per cent of the loss. The figures take no account of any fire the damage by which was less than \$100. How to diminish the great burthen thus imposed upon the country is, says the Chronicle, " a ques. tion to which insurance is not designed to furnish an answer. How best to carry it is the insurance purpose. Nevertheless the underwriter is constantly endeavoring, as an incident of his profession, to teach the people methods of diminishing fire loss, and is all the while encouraging them to the use of such methods, to wiser building, to greater care, to more effective battle with fire. He risks the ultimate ruin of his occupation by directing popular thought and action to the prevention of that which yields him bread, but it

is a fact that the building laws, the fire departments, the water-works and the architecture of the present, so largely improved over those of the past, are largely due to the persistent efforts of underwriters. In this line of endeavor he works as beneficently as the physician who seeks the removal of the causes of disease. The general lesson of all the figures here presented is none other than the old one: That fire insurance capital and capital invested in fire-exposed property are natural allies and friends; that the alliance and friendship, to be perpetuated, must be on the basis of mutual fair dealing; that the premium should be graduated to the hazard; that the risk-owner should justly remunerate the risk-carrier, and the latter honorably fulfil the contract to which such remuneration binds him." There cannot be any stronger arguments against the latter day cutting of rates, direct and by means of blanket policies. No agent who wishes to honestly serve his company should neglect to provide himself with a copy of the Chronicle's Fire Tables, and to study and apply the lessons which they teach.

THE NEW BANKING ACT.

The Banking Bill has passed through Committee, and has been reported with amendments chiefly relating to the penalties on private bankers. The really objectionable feature of the Bill has not even been criticized. By incurring a fine of \$1000 a bank whose circulation is by law limited to \$200,000 may increase it by \$100,000, all of which illegal issue will be a first charge on the assets of the bank, and may have a most prejudicial influence on the depositors. The true principle to be adopted is sufficiently obvious. For mere inadvertence, that is for an excess, such as with the best intentions it may be impossible to avoid, unless by fixing a bank's normal circulation some ten per cent below what it is authorized to issue, there should be no penalty at all, but when a reasonable limit is reached, and the violation of the law is intentional, as it must be in the cases provided for in the new bill, the penalty should be forfeiture of charter and misdemeanor. The new bill is of a most dangerous character.

UNDERNWRITING IN HAMILTON.—Efforts have been made by the underwriters of Hamilton to follow the example of Montreal, Toronto and London, in the matter of an adjustment of rates, and there is perhaps no city in the Dominion, except Quebec, where it is more needed. Notwithstanding the unanimity of all the companies on this head, the matter seems to hang fire, and the prospect of a new tariff is not quite

assured. If a first-class fire department and a capable chief constitute ample protection, rates in Hamilton are not 50 per cent too low, but without an adequate supply of water and not pressure enough to throw a stream scarcely into a second storey window, the only alternative is an advance in that proportion, that is, if the companies do not wish to pursue the suicidal policy of selling indemnity at less than cost, especially when matters have come to that pass when insurance brokers and agents are becoming more and more blind to the evils of blanket-policies, and are persuading themselves that such policies are little if any less desirable than, or can be written as cheaply as, specific ones. It is a noteworthy fact that the demand for all these concessions as to rates and variations comes not from the insured; they are simply proffered by men whose only interest in too many cases is their commission. But the remedy is in the hands of the companies, and it will be their own fault if it be not applied while it is yet time.

The case of Reinhardt against his seniorpartner, A. M. Foster, for obtaining money under false pretences, referred to last week, was brought before Judge Ramsay, Court of Queen's Bench, last Wednesday. In charging the jury the learned judge said that, as a matter of fact "false pretence, as absolute and false as could possibly be, had been proved against the defendant. In his mind the evidence had not left a doubt that the whole transaction was a gross fraud. But, owing to the fact that the deed of partnership had been signed, the offence laid down in the indictment did not come within the meaning of the statute. They must therefore bring in a verdict of not guilty."

A MEETING of creditors of John W. Humpidge, hotel-keeper, London, whose assignment was noticed last week, was held last Monday, when a statement was submitted showing total liabilities of about \$22,000, with assets estimated at nominally the same amount, consisting of hotel furniture and an agreement to purchase the property. A chattel mortgage on the furniture for \$1,500 is held by one Henry Taylor, and the land on which the botel stands is said to be mortgaged for \$13,500. The house was purchased for \$14,000 from the Equitable Loan Co., but no deed was given. Humpidge started the business about a year ago, on borrowed capital, chiefly in the form of accommodation paper, which was discounted by the Mahon Banking Co., and the direct cause of his failure is believed to be the impossibility of renewing this paper. His chief supporters are said to have been George Jackson & Co., implement manufacturers, London, who have also called a meeting of creditors. The estate will probably not pay over 20c on the dollar to unsecured creditors. Although a cabinet maker by trade, Humpidge has been in the hotel business for some years, but in the latest venture he undertook to carry on too large a business for his limited capital.

The Pembroke Town Council have decided to purchase a steam Fire Engine and to organise and equip a Hook and Ladder Co. The Insurance Companies will be glad to hear of this, as they have sustained heary losses by fires recently in that town.

Financial and Commercial.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS. THURSDAY, 22nd March, 1883.

March, although not usually an active month at wholesale, has thus far this year been uncommonly quiet. The spring trade in nearly all departments has been retarded by the prolonged wintry weather and repeated heavy snow storms, which have blockaded traffic in the interior; accordingly there is little or no improvement to note in the state of trade as compared with a week ago, and few fluctuations in values. The tone of the markets will be found noted under the respective headings. No change in money market: commercial paper discounted at 7 to 71 per cent, and call loans on stocks made at 64 to 7. Sterling Exchange dull at 1025 for sixty-day bills, and 1093 for demand. Currency on New York, 1 prem. The share market has been much more active, with transactions above the average, especially in Montreal Bank, Merchants', Com-merce and Gas. The tone of the market for the most part has been weak and declining, under the depressing rumors of commercial uneasiness; the Bank of Montreal being especially depressed by the financial embarrassment of Mr. T. H. Hodgson, it being his largest creditor. Montreal declined 12 per cent, but under a much stronger market to-day re-covered, and closes firmer, 2014 bid. Merchants covered, and closes firmer, 2014 bid. Merchants advanced nearly 14 per cent to-day, closing at 123 to 1234. Commerce shows an advance of 1 per cent for the week, selling this p.m. at 1334. Ontario was a shade weaker, closing at 111 bid. City Gas shows a decline for the week of 14 per cent, selling to-day down to 1814. See comparative table on another page.

Both our comparison table of internet page. Boots AND Shoes.—The built of the senson's business has been done, and travellers are returning home, the majority having already arrived. The volume of trade, notwithstanding the protracted lock-out of the "lasters," will nost probably compare favorably with that. of last year : manufacturers are kept very busy packing and shipping goods, and a few general country merclants have been in the market placing sorting-up orders. Some houses are behind with their orders, but they state that, considering the slow payments, goods are being distributed quite fast enough; more renewals are asked for than some time ago.

DRY GOODS .- Reports of experience differ, but on the whole trade during the week has been unusually quiet for this time of year. There have been a few Ontario buyers in the market, chiefly perhaps from the Ottawa district, but there is not the rush of country merchants usually seen here in March, and their sorting-up purchases thus far have been light and indicative of considerable caution. This state of affairs is of course mainly due to the heavy snow roads in the country and city too-which keep Spring goods on the shelves of the retail stores and hinder collections. Yet, notwithstanding the prolonged wintry weather, many of the buyers who have been in the market appear to be in good spirits, and look forward still to a good Spring trade. Remittances this week have been better with some houses than others, and on the whole may be written fair. The city retail trade for the past fortnight has also been quiet and unsatisfactory. Stocks in the large warehouses are well assorted, but there is no special enquiry for any particular lines of goods. The present "strike" among the Yorkshire woollen operatives may render English manifacturers unable to fill their orders promptly, consequently, the next ship-ment of goods to this market may be somewhat slow in coming forward.

DAUGS AND CHEMICALS.—In general drugs there is a fair amount of business doing, but the heavy snow storms have interfered very materially with business in the country. In heavy chemicals there is very little doing. Alum is built and account of short supplies. The English markets are quiet, the only demand of note being for *Bleaching Powder*, which is freely enquired for at £62s 6d, with no sellers at under £65s, at which contracts have been made up to June. There is some excitement in the *Gum Arabic* markets, in London and New York, and a firm advance is looked for; holders are not offering except in limited quantities. *Quinine* is, still weak, without much prospect of an advance in the near future.

DAIAY PRODUCE.—Receipts of Butter in this market continue remarkably light, even for this late period, and stocks here have been reduced to quite moderate proportions. Last week's outside rates are fully maintained for fine qualities, which continue scarce and in good demand, while poor goods, which consuitute the bulk of supplies, move slowly at easy prices. A fair local demand prevails, which, together with some enquiry for outside points, will probably absorb the supplies pretty much until the opening of the new scason. The Cheese markets on both sides of the Atlantic remain firm, with values here precisely as quoted last week, and in Liverpool 4s higher, now quoted a 70s per cwt. The exports from New York last week were 12,025 boxes, against 12,534 boxes for the like period last year.

Funs.—Latest cable advices report the close of Lampson's sales in London as follows: "Sea otter 15 per cent. high er than July; red fox same as June; silver fox 20 per cent., and cross fox 10 per cent. higher than June; marten same as March; bear 40 per cent. higher than March; musquash same as January; otter 124 per cent. lower than March; fisher and gray fox same as June; opossum 15 per cent. iskunk. 10 per cent.; raccoon 20 per cent. higher than June; beaver 10 per cent. higher than January; lynx same as Hudson Bay sale." A fair quantity of raw furs for the time of year have been marketed this week, at generally steady prices : Mink, S1; red fox, S1 ob 10 S1.25; marten; 75: to S1; otter, S8 to S10; beaver, S2 to S2.50 per 1b; skunk, 60c; bear, S2 to S10 for large and S4 to S5 for small; lynx, S2 to S2.50; winter rats, 12<u>1</u>c.

GROCENES.—Sugars.—The advance in Granulated and Refined Yellow is maintained, although there is rather an easier turn in the market, without quotable change in prices. It est India Sugars steady. Taus.—Market is not active, and the range of values continues with very slight changes. In Japan the senson is drawing to a close, with light stocks remaining of good qualities. China Green and Black Teas quiet. Molesses.—Firmess reported from Barbados for new crop. With us there is steadiness and moderate demand. Syrups not active. Coffees.—Mocha asked for to some extent, and held firmly at all points; Java and other kinds in light demand. Spices.—Pepper still retains its high value as for some time past. Nutmegs rather dearer. East India and African Ginger firm. Fruits.—Valentia Raisins; the turn easier, although change is slight. Malaga Fruit dull. Currants maintain value. Taragona Almonds higher, frost having jujured growing crop. Figs, Prunes, Sultanas dull.

HoPS.—The local market rules very quiet, with the tendency of values in favor of buyers. Several lots of choice Canadian have been offered within the last few days at 95c, which figure might even probably be shaded for a round lot. Prices for Canadian growth are quoted nominally at 85c to 95c, and for other kinds at 70c to 75c per lb.

HIDES AND SKINS.—Offerings of native Hides continue light, and the market rules dull at unchanged quotations. Sheepskins also slow of sale at easy prices, few bringing over \$1.00 to \$1.05 each. Calfskins beginning to come forward more freely, and taken at 12c per lb. Nothing doing in Western Hides, which are still quoted at the figures given last week.

LEATHER .- The market is well supplied with all kinds of leather, but the demand from manufacturers is slow, and trade on the whole dull. The recent large failures, too, in the shoe trade, has caused a slight feeling of distrust among the leather dealers, who, as a rule, are not trying to force sales, preferring rather to carry stocks than to make concessions on present values. It is stated that direct orders from England have been received for black leathers at higher prices than can be obtained in this market, and accord-ingly shipments, principally of Buff and Splits, have been going forward freely. One leading firm estimates that some twenty tons of Splits leather have been shipped from this market to England during the week. In Quebec a sale was made, a direct cable offer at 224c cash. Sole leather has been in moderate request from manufacturers ; a lot of 5,000 sides Slaughter Sole was Rectifiers in 16 to 5,000 sites Statighter Sole was reported sold at 24 to 25c. For choice plump and selected No I Spanish Sole 27c has been obtained, but for the average qualities 26c is about the highest price paid. Stocks of black leather are said to be accumulating, notwithstanding the decrease in production, and the only apparent outlet of consequence is to the foreign markets.

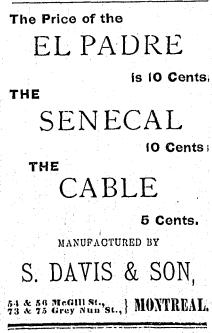
Ons.—Trade in *Lin eed* and fish oils is dull and flat. Buyers appear to be looking for lower prices, and a better business is expected to be done after the 1st April, when freight rates may be lower. Petroleum is a triffe more active at the recent decline in values. The Pittsburgh market continues strong and excited, with heavy transactions reported.

PROVISIONS.—In Chicago yesterday hogś declined 5c to 10c per 100 lbs., with estimated receipts of 14,000 head against 13,280 on Tuesday. Pork also declined 124c to 30c per brl. for April, May and June deliveries, and lard fell off 174c per 100 lbs: the home market has remained quiet, and for most articles unchanged. In Pork the only quotable transaction reported this week was that of 50 brls. Western Mess on p.t., but believed to be at quotations; to effect sales of round lots concessions on inside rates would be necessary. Several small parcels of refined *Tallow* have changed hands at 9c, but Lard is quiet at 14c to 144c, in pails. The Egg market continues irregular and unsettled; sales of fresh in barrels have transpired at 21c, and in cases at 22c to 23c. Some dealers claim buyers at 24c. In Western Canada prices are lower, fresh eggs having been offered at 17c f.o.b. at point of shipment, near Toronto.

PETROLEUM.—The demand is rather more brisk, and quotations are unchanged. Car lots quoted at 131c f.o.b. at Petrolea, and 161c here in store; smaller quantities at 17c to 19c, all per Imperial gallon.

SEEDS.—The market for red *Clover* is quite firm, prices showing an upward tendency. Latest Liverpool advices report sales of 160 bags choice Canadian clover at 80s, and a lot of yearlings at 54s per cwt. The bulk of the offerings in Ontario have been bought up, and stocks are now well concentrated. Here prices are quoted at from \$3.50 to \$9.00 per bushel, sales being reported at within that range. For *Timothy* seed, farmers are still loth to accept current rates and, consequently, very little has as yet been marketed. A few small parcels have been bought at \$2.50 to \$2.60 per bushel. Linseed is selling at \$1.15 to \$1.40 per bush.

Woot. — The market for domestic descriptions has continued quiet, there being only a few small sales of Pulled Supers transpiring at a range of from 30c to 33c. All desirable parcels of foreign wool have been promptly taken by manufacturers at firm, unchanged prices. An Aircrican has been in the market this week offering samples, and he reports the sale of a lot of the light *Cape* in the West, at 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.



ENGLISH MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, March 22, 1883.

(Beerbolum's Advices.) Cargoes off Coast-Wheat and Corn, slow. Cargoes on passage---Wheat and Corn quite of a holiday character. Mixed American Maize 238 6d. Mixed American Maize off Coast, tale quale, 298 6d. Liverpool Wheat and Corn on spot quiet. Weather in England frosty.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

Bosros, March 22.— Flour, market dull, prices eased off: sales limited. Superfine quoted at from \$3.50 to \$4; Extras, from \$4.25 to \$4.75, including choice Bakers from \$5 to \$6. Winter Wheat selling at from \$5.50 to \$6. Spring Patents sold at from \$7.25 to \$8, and Winter Patents sold at from \$6.25 to \$7. Commed quiet at \$3.20. Outwald sells at from \$6.25 to \$6.50 for choice. Hay arriving freely; prices not so firm; sales of choice at from \$16 to \$17; medium grades at \$15. Butter dull, prices unsettled. Cheese firm. Eqgs eased off: choice quoted at from 21 to 25c. Polatoss in steady demand, light stock, sales of Early Rose at from \$1 to \$1.05.

Chicago, 2.00 p.m.- Wheat, April, \$1.054; May, \$1.101; June, \$1.114. Corn, April, 524c; May, 574c; June, 574c. Oats, April, 598c; May, 458c; June, 424c. Pork, April, \$18.074; May, \$18.30; June, \$18.45. Lard, April, \$11.122; May, \$11.30; June, \$17.374.

New York, 2.00 p.m. - Wheat, No. 2 Red, March, Sl.184; April, Sl.194; May, Sl.214; June, Sl.223; July, Sl.194. Corn, March, 65c cash to 661c: April, 67c; May, 674c; June, 674c; July, 684c.

Milwaukee, 2.00 p.m.-Wheat, April, \$1.06 cash to \$1.061; May, \$1.101.

TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS. (By Special Telegraph.)

TORONTO, March 22, 1883. Trade is quiet. The condition of individual firms is being made the topic of conversation in mercantile circles. There have been some failures both in the country and the city lately that are regarded with some degree of uneasiness; these happening under circumstances beyond the seeming control of upright dealers, a spirit of distrust is being aroused. Still public credit is not strained. General trade is reported as in a satisfactory condition. Dry goods are moving in an ordinary way for Spring staples. Hardware is not quite so active as was looked for. Groceries are dull, but not depressing. Provisions are very quiet. Boots and shoes moving in an ordinary way for the season. The banks are not limiting their business. Demands for accommodation are not pressing from merchants, and good security is answered without further delay at 7 per cent ; ordinary paper is discounted at 72 per cent. It is certain however that the banks are exercising a greater degree of caution in granting credits. On the Stock Exchange the business has been moderate : Dominion, Montreal, Federal, and Toronto banks being among the mo t active. Values have been very little changed. Loan stocks were observed to be more active, and prices were generally firm. Miscellaneous stocks have been steady. A feature in this list was the comparatively new stock of Ontario and Qu'Appelle, which advanced from 170 a week previous to 200. The following table shows the closing bids today compared with those of last Thursday :

E COLORIS COLORIS					
Banks,	Bid Mar. 15.	Bid Mar. 22.		Bid Mar. 15	
Montreal Foronto Outario Merchanta Commerce Dominion Hamilton Staudard Federal Molsons	202] 183 112 123 133 190 113 114 158 1351 124	182 111 121 133 201 113 114 159 189	Can, Permanent Freehold Western Can Bidg: & Loan Farmers' Loan. Loud, & Cau'dn li uron & Erio Dom, Savinge Ontario Loan Itamiten Prov Imperial Savin's	171 191 1014	193 162] 125 169 116] 123

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Flour was deridedly weak up to Monday, with bids made at quite its value. On that day a sale of a car of Superior Extra was reported at \$4.55, with Extra quoted at \$4.40. On Theoday the market was quiet, but values were maintained, \$4.50 being bid for Superior Extra, with choice Extra sold at \$4.42. The market yesterday was steady at the best late reported rates, but buyers were not anxions, and spot flour only was wanted. The stock in store on Monday was: 8,975 harrels against 7,173 March 20, 1882, and 9,643 burrels March 21, 1881. It is reported that the quantity of flour is considerable at outside points also. Mead is very firm, and the supply not large. *Outmead* is quoted at \$5 for standard and \$5.10 for granulated. Commeal is quoted at \$3.75 to \$4, the latter for small lots. Shorts quoted selling in small lots at \$18 to \$20 per ton. Braw was sold at \$15 per ton on the track.

WHEAT.—The Wheat market has been more unsettled than Flour. The English markets have been steady, but the United States markets have been in the hands of speculators. The reports of the growing crops in England were unfavorable up to the end of ~February, but later accounts were more favorable. The large reserves in store in the United Kingdom, with the ascertained quantities of Wheat yet in surplus in exporting countries has a tendency to keep prices from advancing. The market here has been slightly variable during the week, but it closed steady at the highest price of the past two days. No. 2 Fall sold as high \$1 \$1.02, but on Tuesday the prices were fixed at as for No. 2 Fall; and 98c for No. 3 Fall. No. 1 Spring quoted at \$1.08 and No. 2 Spring at \$1.05 to \$1.06. Prices yesterday were unchanged, but the market is not so firm. No improvement is looked for. The stocks in store on March 19 were 532.239 bushels, against 504,175 bushels on the Monday previous; against 360,221 bushels on March 20, 1882; and against 221,731 on March 21, 1831. ODARSE GRAINS AND SEEDS.—The markets here here concerning for which advance is come

OOANSE GRAINS AND SEEDS.—The markets have been generally firm with advance in somo quarters. Barley is not active, and prices are chiefly nominal: No. 1 is quoted at 76c; No. 2 at 72c; sales of 3 Extra were made at 64c and 65c; and No. 3 in Northern cars at 58c. Prices closed yesterday rather below these figures. The stocks here were, on March 19, 111,432 bushels, against 141,040 bushels on March 12; against 230,243 bushels on March 21, 1881. The Audit in this port has not been reported for some years. *I* eas are in good demand and prices are tirm; quoted at 75c to 78c for good shipping samples. Stocks here on Monday last were 13,543 bushels, against 21.984. Unshels March 20, 1883; and 89,866 bushels March 21, 1881. *vats* are firm, quoted at 45c on the track and sulling at 50c on the street. *Rys* is firm also, and quoted at 65c. *Red Clover* is bought at 58 to 58.10 and sold at 58.40 to 58.50; Alsike sells at S12 to 513.50, in jobbing lons; Tim-thy is bought at 52 to 52.25, and sold at \$240 to \$2.60 per bushel of 48 lbs.

THE LIVE STOCE TRADE.—There has been a pretty active movement of cattle during the latter part of last week, and at Tuesday's market here. The Eastern markets outside supplied this market with a lot of good cattle. During the past four days, counting last Friday's market, there were probably over 300 head. At Friday's market good butchers' cattle brought 5c to 54c per 1b, live weight; choice 6c to 7c. A few loads of cattle at Tuesday's market, ordinary butchers', were sold at 5c to 54c; and some taken from Montreal at 54c. By far the greater number of all cattle ollering for the Easter markets were sent on to Montreal. Sheep few, quoted at 52c to 6c; lambs at 6c to 64c. Fat hogs, few, sold at 56.50. Calves, for dressed weight, 9c to 16c per 1b. The snow storm has hindered traffic, and receipts are small. It is not exp-cted that the receipts of cattle will be even moderately large till the spring has advanced.

PROVISIONS.—Trade is quiet. Bacon is steady ; with only moderate stocks reported ; quotations 114c long clear; C. C. 104c, for jobbing or box lots; breakfast bacon 134c to 14c; rolls, short, 124c, long 13c. Hams, smoked 134c, pickled, 12c to 124c. Lard in moderate demand only, at 14c for tubs, and 144c for pails, in jobbing lots. Butter unchanged; dairy 21c to 24c; large rolls 17c to 20c; common 13 to 16. Chesse steady, 124c for common, 13c to 14c for medium to fine. Larges, 18c for box lots; 20c on the street market. Dried Apples buying at 9c and 94c, and selling at 10 and 104c; eraporated selling at 16c to 18c. Pork \$22,00 to \$22,50. Beef, \$14 for prime; \$15 for Mess, and \$18 for plate, with light demand.

OTHER PRODUCE. — Polatoes here advanced owing to trouble in handling; quoted at 70c per bag for car lots. Apples, small demand, selling at \$2 to \$4 per barrel, according to quality. Hogs selling on the street at \$8.35 to \$8.50, Hops offering at 90c; selling in small lots at \$1 and \$1.05. Foultry advanced, turkeys 15c, geese 10c per 1b; ducks 90c, fow's 80c a pair. Fallow buying at \$4 for rough. Pressed Hay, \$12 to \$13 per ton on the track by car lots. PETROLEUM.—Trade keeps good. The trade in lubricating oils is improving in extent. Illuminating oil is steady. Canadian refined unchanged at 17c for five barrel lots, and 17jc 26c smaller lots; American prime unchanged at for; Water White reduced, selling at 28c.

FUEL—There is no change in trade. The severe weather has kept the market steady, and prices unchanged. Coul for domestic uses, all sorts, S6.50 per ton, delivered; Steam coal S4.56 to S5.50; small Nut, domestic use, S5.50. Hardwood S5.50 to S6 per cord. Receipts of coal by rail are pretty large.

Woot.—Trade is exceedingly dull for domestic wool. Manufacture is thought to be falling off. There is no advantage expected from United States tariff. The prospect is not bright, as the new clip will only add to the large quantity of stocks on hand. Fleece is quoted nominal at 18c to 20c; Supers 26c to 28c; Extra Supers 31c to 34c.

HIDRS AND SKINS.—Business is quiet, and prices are not changed. Sales have been made recently at 71c for car lots of cured; quotations are 71c to 8c. Green hides are bought at 7c for cows, and 8c for steers. Cal/skins, cured 13c to 15c. Sheepskins are bought at \$1.25 to \$1.30 for green, and 75c to \$1 for old lots.

LEATHER.—There is only a small trade doing with country buyers. Travellers report country dealers as buying generally with care not to get loaded with stocks. The city trade is not pressing either, as manufacturers are not pushing work beyond actual orders. Prices for country dealers are: for Sole, Spanish, all weights, 28c to 30c; for No. 2 23c to 24c; Slaughter. 28c to 30c; and light 27c to 29c; Kip Skins, French 75c to 95c; English 70c to 75c; Chicago 65c to 75c; Native 50c to 65c; Splits 28c to 38c; Buff 16c to 18c; Pebble 14c to 18c. Cod Oil 65c to 70c; Gambier 7c; Sumach 4c to 5c.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.--Business continues very fair, and the market is steady, and in good condition for trade. Quotations of leading articles are: Glycerine 38c to 40c; hops S1 per lb; Cream Tartar 38c to 40c; turpentine 92c per gal.; linseed oil, raw, 68c; boiled-72c; madder 13c to 14c; tartaric acid firm, at 65c per lb; morphia steady at \$2.90 to \$3 an oz.; borax, 8c; fresh ergot, 55c to 60c; alcohol, \$2.75 per barrel. Quinine, Howard's, \$2.25 per oz.; German, \$1.90. Sumac, \$95 per ton.

GROCERES.—Trade is very quiet. Sugars have been selling freely. Teas are steady. Tobaccos are quiet. Other lines steady. Fruits are steady : Muscatel, loose, 52.65 to 52.80; Layer 52.90 to 53. Valencia 71c to 8c; Prunes. 74c to 8c; Currants 7c. to 74c. Canadian refined 74c to 84c; Scotch refined 74c to 74c. Syrups common 55c to 57c; Amber, 63c to 66c; Molasses, 40c to 43c.

HARDWARE.—There is nothing new to report. Trade is said to be satisfactory. Prices are unchanged. The following list is chiefly in demand: Nails, 10d to 60d \$3.05 to \$3.10; 8d and 9d \$3.35 to \$3.40; 6d and 7d \$3.65 to \$3.75; 4d and 5d \$3.75 to \$3.85; 2d \$4.10 to \$4.20. Glass, 25 and under, \$2.10; 26 x 40 \$2.25; 41 x 50 \$2.55. Tin, Bar, 26c to 28c; Ingot, 25c to 27c. White Lead, per keg, \$1.50 to \$2. Manilla Rope. 124c to 13c per th. Glues, 8c to 20c per lh. Barbed fencing wire 84c for galvanized, and 7c for painted. Borax 15c to 17c per lb; brass kettles 35c to 36c.

Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

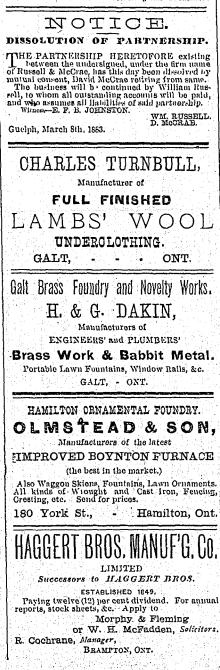
The third half-yearly payment of interest on the five per cent. First Mortgage Land Grant Bonds of the Company will be made, on presentation of Coupons, on and after the

Second day of April next

(the first being Sunday), at the offices of the Company, Place d'Armes Square, Montreal; or at the office of Messrs J. S. Kennedy & Co., Agents of the Company, 63 William Street, New York; or at the office of the Company, Bartholomew House, London, England.

CHARLES DRINKWATER,

Secretary and Treasurer.



(Advertisement.) -

OUR NEW MALLEABLE WORKS

Every one interested in the progress and prosperity of Oshawa as a manufac. turing centre will be pleased to learn that the malleable won castings turned out of the new works erected by the Joseph Hall Manufacturing Co. prove to be of a very high order. They fulfil every requisite of first-class malleables : First, they are soft and tough. Secondy, they are stiff, and will not bend withlout extraordinary strain. Thirdly, they turn, bore, and drill readily. Fourthly, there is no shrinkage, so that where holds are cast in the parts they will fit exactly the wood or other parts to which they are to be attached. Fifthly the castings are strong and smooth. Sixthly, they are very straight and not warped. The Company has expended a large amount of money in getting the works in first class condition. Mr Bailey has done his part to the satisf.ction of all parties. His selection of the various brands of iron has been good, and in every respect he has shown his thorough knowledge of the business.

The Company will not only make agricultural machinery castings, but will give special attention to saddlery and carriage hardware, builder's hardware, and castings of all kinds for various branches of manufacture in Canada. We are informed that the works will be enlarged as soon as the weather will permit, by the erection of additional moulding shops and annealing ovens so as to meet the demand for high grade goods. It is not the intention of the Company to make the lowest priced castings, but the best which have ever been made in Canada, and everything that labor, skill, money and care can do, will be done to maintain the quality of the goods turned out. It is a most important industry to Oshawa, as it will employ a large number of skilled workmen who are able to earn high wages, and must attract other business to the town. The high quality of the goods will be sure to create such a demand as will tax the capacity of the Works to supply .- Ontario Reformer, March 9th, 1883.

Leading Hotels in Canada.

GALT.-IMPERIAL HOTEL, ISADORIEEBY, Prop. Every accommodation; Telephone communication; Gas; Electric Bells. Steam Heated.

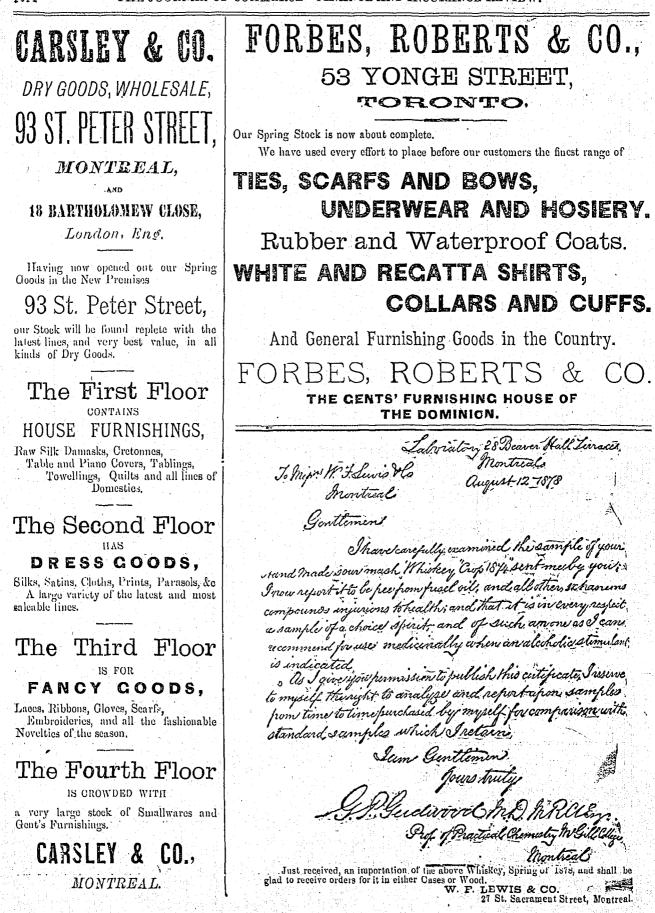
BRANTFORD.-KERBY HOUSE. Every accommodation for Commercial Men F. Palmer, Proprietor.

Statement of Banks acting under Charter, for the month ending 28th Feb., 1883, according to the Returns furnished by them to the Department of Finance.

~	(atement of Banks action)	APITAL.				LIABILI	ries.			
	BANKS.	Capital Authorized.	Capital, Subscribed,	Capital Paid up.	Notes in Circulation	Dominion Govt. Deposits payable on Demand.	Dom. Govt. Dops. p'yble after notice, or on a fixed day.	Dep.held as Security for execution of D.Gov. con- tracts & for 1 c s. Cos.	Provincial Gov. deposits payable on Demand.	Provincial Gov. Depos its payabl after notice or on a fixed day.
	ONTARIO. Bank of Toronto Bank of Toronto Canadian Bk of Com. Dominion Ontario Sinudard B. of Can	\$ 2,000,000 1,000,000 6,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	\$ 2,000,000 1,000,000 6,000,000 1,495 850 1,500,000	\$ 2,000,000 967,830 6,000,000 1,493,728 1,500,00)	\$ 1,372,721 893,525 3,552,741 1,351,037 1,076,912	\$ 40.598 26.127 71.964 25.939 50,850	\$ 900,000 300,000	\$ 10,023 10,500 6,450 61,333 21,435	\$ 	\$
	Bank of Ottawa Imperial Bk of Can Western Bk, of Can.,	1,000,000 3,000,000 1,000,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	764.600 2.966.800 942.600 1,500.000 £00,000	764,600 2,726,950 823,921 1,499,801 161,439	620,614 1,863,448 562,912 1,2/3,446 94,935		50,000 	107.509 6.855 70,560	17,050 21,035 9'6 55,105	193.550 100,000
	Total, Ontario QUEBRC. Montreal Brit. North America. Prople's Nationale	$19,500,000 \\ 12,000,000 \\ 4,866,666 \\ 1,600,000 \\ 2,000,000 \\ 2,000,000 \\ 1,000,000 \\ 2,000,000 \\ 1,000,000,000 \\ 1,000,000,000 \\ 1,000,000,000,000 \\ 1,000,000,000 \\ 1,000,000,000,000,$	18.669,850 12,000,000 4.866,666 1,600,600 2,000,000	17,936,271 12,000,000 4,868,666 1,600,000 2,020,000 500,000	12,612,191 5,486,501 878,761 377,991 7 4,414 871,292	870,859 1,508,723 7,525 4,156 14,273 44,237	1,431,197 1,500,000 200,000	294,656 515,168 275 12,625	861,537 831,732 50,000	1,093,594 100.000 11,157 300 000
	Jacques Cartier Ville Marle Banque de St. Hyac Ja Bk d'Hochelaga Exstern Townships Exchange Bk of Can.	500,000 500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,600,000 600,000	500,000 500,000 540,000 695,200 1,479,600 500,000	500,000 464,250 226,090 257,850 (85,200 1,899,789 500,000	344,638 160,496 192,903 398,549 848,747 459,027	9,(49 17,139 507 32,216 53,511 49,342	25.000 15,000		54,363 77,889 15,426	300 000 288,364 100,000
	Merchants' Quebec Union	/ 2,000,000 6,000,000 3,000,000 2,600,000 39,466,666	2,000,000 5,793,207 2,500,000 2,000,000 37,474,333	2,000,000 5,713,880 2,500,000 2,000,000 36,713,675	1,909,069 4,068,418 679,063 763,623 17,821,292	49, 04 173,724 35,456 151 1,999,639	200,003 453,056 200,000 330,000 2,893,066	78,000 5,615 21,637 13,400 4,712 651,432	3.766 9.411 153,774 696.353	150,000
	Total Quebec Nova Scotta. Bank of Yarmouth Bank of Nova Scotia. Exchange. Merch 'ts Bk of Hallix People's Bank	400,000 1,000,000 280,000 1,000,000 800,000	400,000.00 1,000,000.00 285,000.00 1,000,000.00 600,000.00	354,520.00 1,000,000.00 245,021.00 900.000.00 600.000,00	$\begin{array}{c} 102.074.82\\ 874.734.40\\ 55,514.12\\ 686,497.81\\ 108,405.32\\ 127.349\ 37\end{array}$	54,421 126,047 	100,000	532 175	737 86,709 33,141	25,106
i	People's Bank. Union Bank. Piston Bank. Halifax Banking Co., Com. Bk of Windsor, Total, Nova Scotla.	1,000,000 500,000 500,000 500,000 500,000	1,000,000.00 500,000.00 500,000.00 600,000.00 6,780,000.00	500,000.00 200,000 00 500,000.00 260,000.00 4,589,541.00	127.349 37 152,562 00 870,107.86 71,085.78 2,638,981.51	26,512 24,058 28,809 421,956	100,000		120, 728	25,108
	NEW BRUNSWICK. Bkot New Brunswick Maritime Bank St. Stephon's Bank	1,000,000 2,000,000 200,000	1,000,000.00 698,000.00 200,000.00	1,009,000,00 697,800.00 200,000,00	507,197,50 280,313.00 184,984.00	67,651 84,211 25,907	50,000	8,845 97,025		
	Total, NewBrunswick Grand Total	3,200,000 68,146,666	1,508,000.00	1,897,800.00	972,494.50 34.044.909.51	· }	4,474,264	100,370	1,181,619	2,068.222
	BANKS.	Other De- posits Pays- ble on De- mand.	Other De- posits paya- ble after no- tice, or on a fixed day.	Loans from or Deposits made by Banks in Can.secd.	Loans from or Deposits made by Banks in Canada unsecured.	Due to other Bks in Canada.	Due to othe Banks or Agt not in Canada.	r Due to s. other Ban or Agent in Unite Kingdon	s ed under d foregoing	Total Liabilities.
	ONTARIO, Bank of Toronto Bank of Ilamilton Canadian Bk of Com, Dominion	\$ 2,530 921 940,072 5,292,520 2,220,110	\$ 1,769,312 471,232 7,884.055 2,560,528	\$ 	\$ 90.889 71,181	\$ 37,147 850 15,464 12	S	. 1 79,30	7 677 0	\$ 5,894,088 2,429,112 19,202,352 6,410,010
	Outario Standard B. of Can Foderal Bank of Ottawa Imperiat Bk of Can Western Bk. of Cau.	1,803.211 1,217,563 2,614,174 389,560 1,929,653 60,725	2,506,025 978,676 706,360 8,577,497 602,889 1,335,226 100,204		51,692 234,265 06,000	157,702 832 66,859 5.752 16 845 1,314	63,61 7,23	8	•• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	6.440.019 4,881.770 2,847,761 8.687,502 1.583,894 5,271,636 257,178
	Total, Ontarie	19,021,513	19,989,616		543,979	302,781	70,85	393,85		56,495,316
	Montreal. Brit, North America. People's. Nationale. Jacques Cartier. Ville Marie.	8,3 12,527 922,863 1,028,593 968,859 731,814	6 375 144 4,263,365 595.273 627.679 333,053		225,145	180,599 15,701 6,241 9,720 6,822	22,84 27,30	13 	5 8.154 2 6,523 , 1,544 4,734	24.418.408 6,116.294 2,256.905 2.707,968 1,794.149 ;726.JS9
	St. Jean Banque de St. Hyse La Bk d'Hochelaga Eastern Townships Exchange Bk of Can, Molsons	8,048 12,128 187,336 377,621 1,135,347 2,339,786	186.087 655,215 234.678 1,784,725 1,124,716 2,550.901		140.029	14,640 47,863 24,312	12.84 86,47	2 109,22	3 50,868	,725,139 886,932 860,749 940,529 8,105,458 8,111,595 7,420,569
	Merchanta' Quebeo Union Total. Ouebec.	3,179,651 8,085,804 727,143 23,027,019	4,617,559 886,906 971,572 25,207,258	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	140,958 50,000 416,098	216.704 \$6,948 16,067 525,621	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	239,66	<u><u> </u></u>	7,420.569 12,952.028 5.098,478 3,231,710
	Total, Quebcc Nova Scotta. Bank of Yarmouth Bank of Nova Scotia, Exchange Merch'is Bk of Halifx	138,160.99 628,564 81 28,412,97 273,540,37	$\begin{array}{c} 139,753,69\\ 2,125,595,24\\ 26,875,00\\ 1,268,717,62\\ 275,055,24\\ \end{array}$		77,000	2,985,89 4,293.02 61,095.92	155,39		0 	436.497 8,988.676 118.016 2,563.895
	People's Bank Union Bank	$\begin{array}{r}160.920.82\\119.229.04\\104.475.15\end{array}$	477.180.68 443,400.18			19,181.52 2,449.94 93,296.63 425.57	4,56		14 951.95 16,035.15 9 1,158.20 . 15,669.20	436.497 3,988.676 113.016 2,663.895 719.511 620.660 852.573 1,010.825 291,764
	Pletou Bank Halifax Banking Co; Com. Bk of Windsor	163,139.25 36,700.65	165,168.75							
	Pictou Bank Halifax Banking Co;	163,139.25	165,168.75 5,225,263.60 \$17,288.74 261,021.21		97,000	183,678.49 21,355.23 24,651 69	80.76 50 4,04	40,650.66 9,430.96	54,754.81	10,601,520 2,026,690 993,979 859,870

		500X					1	ASSETS				=				_
BANI	κs.	Specie.	Dominion Notes.	Notes and Cheques on other Banks.	Balances due from other Banks in Can- ada,	Agents not in	Bal. due from othr Banks or Agents in United Kingdom.	Dom. Gov. Deben- tures or Stock.	Prov'l., Brit For'gn. or Col. Public Sec's. other than Caua- dian.	to Dom-			for &c., Bd., Mun ru'n. Dal	to &c., to	or dep'ts made in	·
ONTAR 1. Toronto 2. Hamilto 3. Commer- 4. Dominio 5. Ontario. 6. Standard	n ce n	\$ 206.971 103.116 959.000 142.588 220.970 78.948	\$ 248,454 79,586 1,392,332 314,185 407,172 126,242	643.974 229.359 306.7×0	\$. 57,797 113.S71 23S.480 157.195 166.625 26,955	$103,097 \\ 2,194.945 \\ 456.834 \\ 114.047$	\$ 	\$ 131,095 97,333 152,000 2,000 24,333		\$ 5,427		331 1,002 776	1 577 2.615 243 5,954 40	,500 1,283,33 213,97 ,575 882,85 56,80 ,000 89,41	8 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	17845
7 Federal. 8 Ottawa. 9 Imperial 10 West.Bk Total.	.ofC.	374.336 57.163 267.822 12,880 2,423 794	410.572 78,228 300,093 31,157 3,358,024	440,278	121.980 78.557 146.122 50,261	126.072 157.851	31,789 4,756 159,784 12,661 		183,658	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	633 146	3,855 90 4	,4 23 1 ,622,96 759 187,01 3,097 224,53 ,800	2 	6 7 8 9 10
QUEB 11 Montrea 12 B. N. A. 13 Du Peur 14 National 15 Jacq. Cr 16 B. V. Ma	кс. I	1,049.378 809 131 13.528 131 087 10,509	8,294.476 539,046 87,596 233,048 34,845	1,122,561 161,239 125,081 75,209 84,664	110,657 49.819 1.265 108.234 48,144	4,425,960 1,853,646 494 18,365 8,977	763,239	•••••	26,825	560,396	622,058	2.047 279 61	5.784 55 7.270 210 2.105 ····	2,198 9 812 21		 11 12 13 14 16
17 St. Jean. 18 St. H yao 19 D'Hoche 20 E. T'wns 21 Ex. B. of 22 Moleons	inthe laga, hips, Cun,	14.358 9.435 12,336 25.631 116.293 84.922 858.048	19,134 8,907 30,427 30,490 91,146 41,162 840,137	7,863 10,962 87,567 17,9-8 121,567	98) 31,536 29,871 16,742 220,720 138,420	1,509 9,167 9,609 6,714 164,569 8,770	26,394	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		66	0.500	592 471 98		16 17 18 19 20 21
23 Merchan 24 Quebec. 25 Union. Total Nove Sc	ts	440,286 98,447 35,822 8,749,268	694.525 153 403 197,104 5,795.447	318.097 603.647 180.457 192,104 8,050,371	47.721 61,409 58,865 924,419	36 277 787.148 43.769 14,097 7,419.977	103,894 233,812 1,144,195	100 A. 100 A.		4.614 35,554 1,749	25 000	40 65 90 15	7,451 21 1.750 121 M 021 86 5.961	558 13 15 930 1.149 99 1.160 91,10 9,449 6,040,78		222
26 Yarmout 27 Nova Sec 28 Exchan 29 Merchan 80 People's 81 Union 82 Pictou B	otia re ts Bank snk.	33,207,02 143,575,84 20,211,10 94,577,40 28,662,85 28,373,52 31,427,38	78.525 00 126.682.00	107.610 21	16.904.S0	6,629,08 17,083,28 33,352,83 19,981,18 33,107,22 23,874,15	29.026.58 34.076 42 21.400.84 36.919.81	18,213 67.206	1,993.47 19,130.02		1	15	••••• •• •	32,50 ,226 19.04 ,008 558,36	8	22222
B3 Halifax I B4 C. B. W' Total N. BRUN 85 N. Bruns 86 Maritime	dsor. swa wck	31.427 38 17.752.32 11,509.37 409,296.30 79.470 25	80.060.25 15,619.00 771,648.50 161,100.00	42,429.57 1,441.00 310,511.61 91.910.06	9.261.797,052.57436,736.71125,215.87	5,086 38 7,702 02 1,656.60 151,532.74 84,979.00	17,652.37 642.51 189,618.53	85,420	21,128.19	1,518	3,787	19	17 2 5,915 216	2,200 7,201 2.767 29,14 5.404 639.05	<u>;</u> 	33.3
37 St. Stepl Total Gr. Tot	hen's al.		243,316.00	39,943 79 161,444.85 5,828,549	47.645.45 12,882.29 185,743.61 2.749.741	29,660.97 51,511.79 115.157.76 10,994.390	12,201.99 12,201.99 12,201.99	902,722	2,052.00	19,965	93,287	100 	0.625	3,353 43,61 3,353 43,61 1,237 11 600.66	5	333
BANK		Loans to or dep'ts. made in other Banks unsecured	Other cur. leans, dis. and adv's. to the public.	Notes & c. overdue and not specially secured.	Other Overdue debts not sp'lly secured.	Notes, etc., avordue and other overdu debts accures on real estate or by deboil of or llan a Stk. &c.	other	M'tgago ou res estate so by the Bank	old Bank	Oth'r sets r includ aboy	As- not 7 ted A	otal sotal sotal	abilities of Directors d frue in ch they have interest.	Average mount of specie held dur-	Average amount of Dom, Notes hold during the month.	
4 Dominio	n ce n		\$ 6.509.090 2.319.241 17.011,263 6.085.220 5.049.458	\$ 30,063 \8,172 215,416 26,809 7,357	•••••	\$ 1.80 139.99 17.24 95.83	1 85.67 0 11.59	1 60,8 2	20,55 291,680 79,63	n 18 n 49 5 4	.072 3. .249 26. .610 8	\$ 179 993 130 019 118 553 Res.141	\$ 98.576 198.069 610.050 84.409	\$ 244,508 102,400 792,030 142,100 217,509	\$ 250.727 78,120 1,166,000 310,200 890,100	13
7 Federal. 8 Ottawa 9 Imperial 10 West.Bk Total	.0fC.	876,468	2.372.167 9.029.631 1.881.514 5.279.793 297,036 55,884,718	7,950 7,186 39.657 	80,538 	8,00 45.79 28,12	3 1.49 6 2.67 7 32.57	4 2 4.5	4,74 150.93 300 18.35 47 125,26	0 23 4 9 3 16 . 3	,540 8. 9 2. .373 7. .318	\$07.881 760.677 909.639 531.106 530.434 125,142	39,754 61.228 829,581 243,689	76,990 369,800 57,416 263,735 12;776	120,341 567,639 76,247 298,968 29,665	6739
QUEBT Montreal 12 B. N. A. 13 Du Peur 14 National 15 Jac. Carl 16 B. V. Ma	l ole e	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18,952.017 5.475.149 8.151,902 3.573,487 1,504,736	316,537 28.300 50.065 49,581 8.971	80,558 80 34,160 36,956	885,79 117,14 31,02 169,88 125,61 224,59	5 46 05 9 25.20 0 40.69 6 278.66	5 60,0 5 6 10, 5 10,	006 440.00 200.00 411 35.00 361 96.15	0 1,304 0 0 40 3 2	1.9:0 42. .710 41.	076,591 051,575 080 269 031,525 832,247 495,550	1,688,535 1,119,682 128,954 559,754 82,813	2,279,214 1.621,936 396,625 12,120 123,194 11,805	3,298.007 3,641,481 569,495 65,600 219,958	111111
17 St. Jean 18 St. Hyac 19 D'Hoche 20 E. T'wns 21 Ex. B. of 22 Molsons	inthe laga. hips. Can.	70,548	713 5 °6 512.272 945.285 1,339.828 2.763.114 2,943.187 7.971.149	83,451 21 925 24 696 7,803 80,780 1.177 5,833	333	10.62 8 37 18.01 22 71 47.1' 25 94	9 59,81 0 55 4 66 49 8 89 70 5 29,42	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	001 39.90 18.78 128 10,92 327 185 100.00 198 105.00	0 252 9 5 9 9 0 29 0 29	1 	273.016 839.737 172.729 601.980 891.611 993.732	72,954 48,883 81,452 140,488 499,079 38,829	14,325 9,692 14,975 24,800 115,192 31,279	8,641,491 569,495 65,600 219,958 24,017 17,855 8,632 29,956 29,804 88,276 26,312 26,472	111122
23 Merchant 24 Quebec. 25 Union Total, Nova Sc 26 Yarmout	 отіа	81,548	14.277.381 5.788.161 4,066.830 78,977,089	233 510 117.874 50.237 1,024,748	73,657 146,061	93.8° 125,16 126.67 43,83 1;190,53	$ \begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 7 \\ 42,09 \\ 1 \\ 25,83 \end{array} $	15 76, 01 28, 38 40.0	102 69.05 00 112,59	0 79 9 19 0 58	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	032 185 148,571 136,977 313,979 .628,490	283,457 909-331 654.012 816-913 5,360,804	353,653 437,600 98,386 30,841 3,296,424	26,312 264,472 605,600 225,862 139,269 5,955,125	222
2, Nova Sci 25 Exchang 29 Merchani 30 People's J 31 Union 32 Pictou B 33 Halifax 1	otia e ts Bank Ank	40,000 50,000	456 840 3,885.175 270,471 2.5 1.417 1,075.402 667.711 970,954 1,328,059	6,249 53.723 10 977 89,390 13,646 23,495 8,189		12,74 10,57 4,89 8,78 3,22	8,85 88		22,88 55,00 35,90 48,00	4 855 11 0 8 10 75 10 41	.195 3 .202 1. 1,905 1.	403 311 723 216 409.551 232.627	88 208 82 816.039.00 339.010.00 132.256 00 150 309 00	81.996.18 135,346,00 20,256,00 90,167.00 27,722.00 26,460.00	82.997 00 291.098.09 15.911.00 143.856.00 106.704.00 52.957.09 36.929.00 94.306.00 15,387.48	22223333
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Total	ien's.	625,017	999,291 461,214 4,076,414 145,607,277	35,877	25,61(89,9 2.7 146,6	00 25 10,9	08 12	<u>5,41</u> <u>3,60</u>	$\begin{array}{c c}1&2\\0&1\\1&15\end{array}$,188 i. ,350 . ,538 5.	550,741 632 222 793,428	817.705.00 67,387.00 855,652.00 571,853.64	9,000,00 35,896,00 124,656.27 6,100,091.75	170.075.00 22,868.00 192,918.00 10,236,250	38

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WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, MARCH 22nd, 1863.

Men's Thick Boots Wax. 2 25 8 25 " Bplit "	Soda Ash Soda BiCarb Sola BiCarb Sal Soda Biesching Powder Citric Acid Camphor Eng. Rei Gum Arabic, per 1 " Traj. " Copperas pc 100 1 Blue Vitrol Dry Goods (Sce Manuf's of Flour. Superior Extra. Extru Superine Strong Rakers. Do American. Fancy Superior Extra. Do American. Fancy Superline Strong Rakers. Do American. Fancy Superline Strong Rakers. Do American. Fancy Superline Strong Rakers. Do American. Fancy Superline Strong Rakers. Do American. Fancy Graineal Garain. Canada White " Red White Michigan Red Whiter, No Spring, Chicago Spring, Milwuah Oats Peas Para Pras Para Pras Corn in bond Flax. Seed. prim	r	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Japan, fine to choice lb. Japan Nagasaki" Y. Hyson common to gd Y. Hyson fine to finest, lb Gunpd., fair to med. ' Gunpd., fair to med. ' Gunpd., finest" Twankay.com.to gd. '' Twankay.com.to gd. '' Cologou common" " med. to good. '' " Sugars. (Cake. & Bris.) " Sugars. (Cake. & Bris.) " Sugars. (Cake. & Bris.) " Chloors" '' Nolassee (Barbados). '' Trinidad" Sultanas" '' Yaleutia" '' Yaleutia" '' Yaleutia" '' Yaleutia" '' Yaleutia	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Grain	2 00 2 10 2 80 2 40 0 24 0 241
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60 st. James st., Montri Barrow Hematite Steel BARROW-IN-FURNESS COX & GREI	EAL.	LOTH lin	ed with Fu	ERSIAN LAMB, PLUCK 1r, &c. ection of SLEIGH ROBES	TED and UN	NPLUCKED BEAVER, in	

GREY and WHITE LAMB, ERMINE, RABBIT, &c.

LANTHIER

271 NOTRE_DAME STREET,

Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

Steel Rails,

Bessemer Pig Iron, &c.

Steel Fish Plates,

OLD FURS REPAIRED AT MODERATE PRICES.

& CO.,

MONTREAL.

1016

THE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE-FINANCE AND INSURANCE REVIEW.

ATTD TURVATTD	BTOCKS AND BONDS.										
SURETYSHIP.	NAME.	Capital subscribed	Capital paid-up.	Rest.	Dividend last 6 Months	Closing Prices Mch. 22					
THE GUARANTEE CO. Of North America. Capital Authorized,, \$1,000,000 Paid up in Cash (no notes),	British North Amorica	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6.000,000 1.000,000 1.500,000 1.500,000 1.501,655 650,000 501,655 650,000 501,657 657,600 501,675 2.000,000 751,557 2.000,000 754,557 2.000,000 754,355 2.000,000 754,355 2.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 1.000,000 717,250 2.000,000 717,500 2.000,000 717,500 2.000,000 717,500 2.000,000 717,500 2.000,000 717,500 700,00	1,400,000 461,000 220,000 230,000 390,000 100,000 	3 4 4 1 4 3 4 4 4 4 3 4 3 4 4 3 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 5 4 5	$\begin{array}{c} 108 & 112 \\ 108 & 112 \\ 1384 & 1334 \\ 1384 & 1334 \\ 119 & 123 \\ 150 & 157 \\ 150 & 157 \\ 150 & 151 \\ 150 & 151 \\ 113 & 115 \\ 951 & 961 \\ 123 & 123 \\ 123 & 123 \\ 123 & 123 \\ 123 & 123 \\ 121 & 122 \\ 123 & 123 \\ 121 & 122 \\ 122 \\ 121 & 122 \\ 122 \\ 102 & 111 \\ 117 \\ 114 \\ 153 & 183 \\ 102 & 110 \\ 117 \\ 117 \\ 114 \\ 153 & 183 \\ 102 & 110 \\ 117 \\ 117 \\ 114 \\ 153 & 123 \\ 102 & 124 \\ 122 & 124 \\ 123 & 124 \\ 123 & 122 \\ 123 & 124 \\ 124 & 124 \\ 123 & 124 \\ 124 & 1$					
Guelph Advertisements,	Guelph Advertisements.	1	Gal	lt Adverti	sements,						
MCCRAE & CO., YARN SPINNERS, HOSIERS' and WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS. KNITTING YARNS, Of every kind, in Cotton, Union and Woollen GUELPH, Onc. Box 200. GUELPH CARPET WORKS.	SUPERIOR TONE. DRICE CD. BULLA FINE	ARKET.	MAN Vood	Laidla UFACTU – W	ork	» ine					
J, & A, ARMSTRONG & CO, MANUFACTURERS OF	FINISH.			UMI	s C N						
WOOL, UNION, AND DAMASK CARPETS OF NEW PATTERNS AND DESIGNS, GUELPH, Ont. PIANOS,	TOWHOLESALE BUYE Guelph Knitting Work Plain and Fancy MEN'S AND WOMEN'S	ξs. =	igine a	ALT E nd Mac	OUN (Works					
THE MAINER , Is the Best in the World.	HOSILERY. All equal to samples.		ENGINE	RKING M S (Slide) OILERS, SHAFTI ANCERS	/alve,or NC,	Corliss					
RAINER, SWEETNAM & HAZELTON, MANUFACTURERS, GUELPH. Ont.	Hugh G. Chamberlain & GUELPH, ONT.	U0.,	COM	7 A IV	& ⊂	20.,					

MANUFACTURERS, CUELPH, Ont.

CUELPH, ONT.

GALT, Ont.

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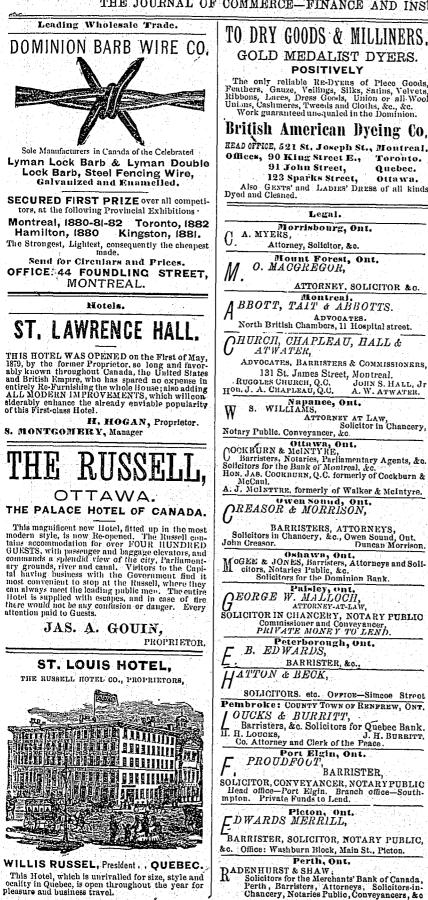


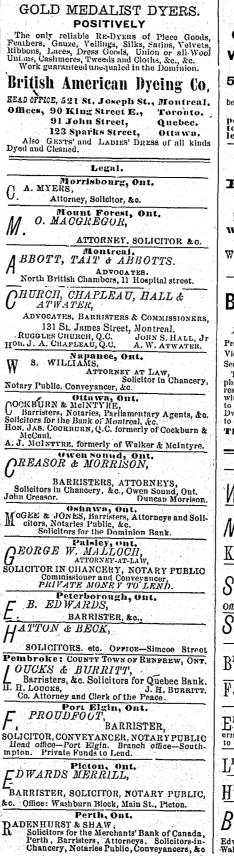
WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT THURSDAY, MARCH 22nd, 1883.

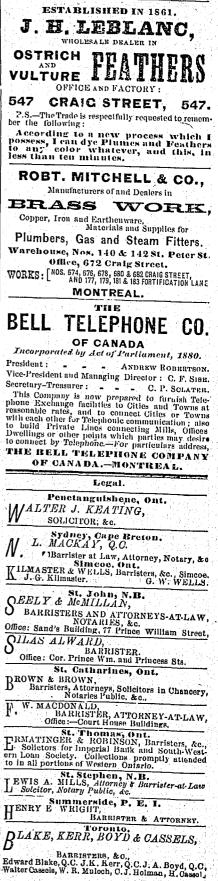
Name of Article. Wholesale lattes. Clinch and Henry Clinch. 5 G S G S G S G S G S G S G S G S G S G					· ····		·	
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$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Clinch and Heavy Clinch : 1 and 1 in, per lb 1 and 1 in, per lb 2 " 2] " 2 " 2] " 2 " 2] " 2 " 2] " 1 and 1 in, per lb 1 and 1 in, per lb 1 and 1 in, per lb 2 " 2] " 2 " 2] " 2 " 2] " 2 " 2] " 2 " 2] " 1 and 1 in, per lb 2 " 2] " 2 " 2 " 2 " No. 2 " 2 " No. 2 " 2 " No. 2 " 2 " No. 1 2 " 2 " No. 1 2 " 2 " " " No. 1 2 " 2 " " " No. 1 2 " 2 " " " " No. 1 2 " 2 " " " No. 1 2 " 2 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Tin Plate: IC Coke JC Charcoal. IX IX	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	No. 1 Ordinary Solo No. 2 " " " No. 2. China " No. 2. Zanzibar, No. 1 " " No. 2. Slaughter, No. 1. " No. 2. Slaughter, No. 1. Harness Upper Ifeary. Light Grained Upper. Sootch Grain Kip Skins, French. English Canala, Kip. Hemlock Calf. " Light " Light French Calf. " Light French Calf. " Light French Calf. " Light French Calf. " Light Grained Cow, per r. Putort Reavy. " Small. Canala, Kip. Heavy. " Small. Canala, Kip. Heavy. " Small. Canala, Kip. Heavy. " Small. Canala. Enamelled Cow, per r. Putort Brush Kid. Buff. Russetts, Light. " Heavy. Oils. Cod Oil, Nowfoundland. Straits Oil, American. S. R. Pale Scal. S. R. Pale Scal. " No. 1. Linscod Raw. " Boiled Olive Machinery. " Eating. " Q. per caso.	$ \begin{array}{c c} Rates \\ \hline S \ c. \ S \ c. \\ 0 \ 25 \ 0 \ 25 \\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 23 \\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 23 \\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 23 \\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 23 \\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 23 \\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 23 \\ 0 \ 23 \ 0 \ 24 \\ 0 \ 23 \ 0 \ 24 \\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 23 \\ 0 \ 23 \ 0 \ 24 \\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 23 \\ 0 \ 23 \ 0 \ 24 \\ 0 \ 25 \\ 0 \ 35 \ 35 \ 35 \ 35 \ 35 \ 35 \ 35 \ $	Antonini's qts., case 1 doz " pts., " 2 " " pts., " 2 " " spirits Turecutine, brls Whale Refined. Coal Oll: Imp. Gals. f.o.b. (London) Car Loads in Store Broken Lots Small Lots (single brls.). Ostrich Plumes (wild.) Cape, Nos. 1 to 3 Bongador, Nos. 1 to 3 Egypt, Nos. 1 to 3 Domesic Plumes & lower for higher Nos., and 25c. to floc. cheaper for lower Nos. Bunches, 3 tips Water al Grey floos, doz Disc. 5 p.c. & days. Meats, Eggs, &c. Pork, Messt, Cail, short cut " Western, new Hams, City Cured Lard, Pails and Tubs Buckey, Berl, Stinker, Messter, New Hams, City Cured Lard, Pails and Tubs Buckey, Berl, Stinker, Cut " Kough. Meats Beef, per brl Dressed Hogs, per 100 lbs Manuf's of Cotton. Valleytheld, (bleh'd) B 281n. " XX 36 in " XX 36 in " Cold Sin " Cold Sin " Cold Sin " Cold Sin " Cold Sin " Cold Sin " EE 36 Soft Finish. " CC 38 cx. H'y	Rates. S.c. S.c. S.
			nthem page S	R PI	ABSONS.	Can Goy	SECURITIES.	Montreal March 22
	(For Assignees, Accountat		/ .		RE ROOMS.		do. 1885 op. of Gov	1014

London, Ont. FURNITURE ROOMS, Do. OIBBONS & McNAB, 437 & 439 NOTRE DAME ST. The Latest Styles of PARLOR, DINING ROOM and BEDROOM FURNITURE, of best BARRISTERS AND SOLICITORS, Office Cor. Richmond and Carling Streets. Geo. C. Gibbons, Geo. McNab. quality. Inspection invited. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Notary Public, Conveyancer Office--No 99 Dundas Street. SIMARD&FOERSTER. Shra: MANUFACTURERS OF 100 10 101 OTREET & BECHER, Solicitors to the Bauk of Montreal. Gilt and Imitation Mouldings, 10 100 10 GLASS, GLASS & BARRETT, LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAMES. BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, NOTARIES, &c., Solloitors for the Euglish Loan Co., London, Canada. David Glass. Q.C. Chiester Glass. Frederic Barriett, M.A. 100 DEALERS IN STEEL ENGRAVINGS, PAINTINGS & FINE CHROMOS WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 658 & 660 CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL, Liverpool, N.S. LIVETPOOL, N.S. MOORE & PYKE, ATTOKNEYSAT-LAW, Notaries, Conveyancers, &c. G. Thomas Moore, Commissioner for Massachusetts and other States of the Union, Master in the Sup-reme Court, Surrogate of the Vice-Admiralty Court. Re-Gilding Done Promptly. Legal. Renfrew, Ont. JOHN D. MODUNALD, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, &c., &c., Official Assignee 'or the County of Renfrew, Office:-Ragian Street, opposite Smith & Stewart's Hardware Store. 100 Quebec, P.Q. 10. NDREWS, CARON & ANDREWS, A Dition S, GARGA & ANDREWS, Abvoartes, Victoria Chambers, corof St. Peter and St Paul sts., Solicitors for the Quebec Bank. Frederick Andrews, Q.C., Adophe P. Caron, B.C.L. Q.C., Frederick W. Andrews, Q.C. Scaforth, Ont. MOCAUGHEY & HOLMESTEL, Barristers, &c., Seaforth. Ontario. CHARLES FITZPATRICK, Sherbrooke, P.O. BELANGER & BRODERICK, Advocates, Law Offices: Twose's Block, Wellington Street. Special attention given to Collections in all the Courts of the district of St. Francis and of this Province, as well as in the various provinces of the Dominion and U.S. B.A., LL.B., ADVOCATE. OFFICE, No. 2 ARTHUR STREET, Oprosite Bank of Montreal.

1024 108 1124 106 107 do. inscribed stock. Dominion 5 per ot. Stock. Montreal 5 per cent Stock. Montreal Harbor Bonds 6 p.c. Do. Corporation 6 per ct. Bonds. Do. 7 per ct. Stock. Toronto City 6 per ct. Co. Debentures, (Ont.) 20 years 6 per ct. Township Debentures, (Ont.) 6 per ct. 117 110 108 Railway and other Stocks. Pd. Marob 22 Atlantic & St. Lawrence Sha 6 p. e.... Do. do , at Mori 1891... Budio and Fake Huron. Do. do. 5 p. c. het Mori... Do. do. 5 p. c. het Mori... Dau. Central 5 p.o. let M Bds Int. guar. by Gov. 122 100 100 n11 100 122 33 973 114 215 22 123 107 943 54 iii 100 111 111 116 113 1164 112 114 96 104 101 108 96 67 96 94 117 101 A11 109 .00 98 102 103 112 104 104 104 185







1019

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT. -THURSDAY, MARCH 22nd, 1833.

Name of Article.	Wholesale			Wholesale	Name of Article	Wholesale	11	Wholesale
Name of Article. Hochelaga (Brown), G 20 in " H 27 in	$ \begin{array}{c} \textbf{Rates.} \\ \hline \textbf{8} \ \textbf{.s} \ \textbf{.s} \ \textbf{.c.} \\ 0 \ 071 \ 0 \ 00 \\ 0 \ 00 \ 0$	A A 33 in 36 in Check, 33 Denims Blue a A. B. Check, 33 Denims Blue a C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	bleached ached arched 	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Itates.}\\ \hline \textbf{itates.}\\ \hline \textbf{s} \ c. \ \textbf{s} \ c.\\ 0 \ 234 \ 0 \ 00\\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 00\\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 00\\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 00\\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 00\\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 00\\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 00\\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 00\\ 0 \ 22 \ 0 \ 00\\ 0 \ 144 \ 0 \ 00\\ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0$	Tobacco. Tohacco in RomdDuty 20c p. 16, Black, Chewing in boxes """ in caddies. Mahoganles, Smoking bxs "caddies Brights, """ Tobacco Duty paid. Nelson's Navy 3's 6's & 1's. Black. Twist 12's Nahogany Chewing Solace Fair "Good, "" Good Solace, Common. Solace, Common. Solace, Gair "Good Solace, Sair "Good Bright Navy, 8's & 10's Bright Navy, 8s Wines. Liquors etc. Ale English pts Stont: Guinness'	$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{rates}, \\ \hline \mbox{rates}, \\ \hline \mbox{s}, \\ \hline \$	Champagne G. H. Mumm, Dry Verzen'y Ponmery J. Mumm Extra Dry	Rates. 4 50 5 00 3 10 3 60 8 00 0 00 4 (0 4 50 9 00 9 50 3 0 8 00 0 00 4 (0 4 50 3 0 8 00 8 50 3 0 8 50 5 0 6 5 75 6 05 5 76 6 00 9 50 5 50 6 00 8 00 0 9 50 2 4 0 2 50 2 50 2 75 5 50 6 00 8 00 0 9 50 5 50 6 00 8 00 0 9 50 2 90 3 00 0 0 0 0 0 2 90 2 75 5 30 6 00 2 8 00 2 90 2 10 2 15 4 10 - 4 43 7 75 8 10 28 50 28 00 28 00 32 00 29 50 23 00 21 50 23 00 21 50 23 00 21 50 23 00 21 50 23 00 22 50 23 00 23 50 23 00 23 50 22 50 23 50 24 50 23 00 25 50 23 00 25 50 23 00 27 50 23 00 27 50 23 00 27 50 23 00 28 00 22 00 29 02 20 20 2 00 20 2 20 20 2 00 20 0
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GENERAL M GENERAL M FISH, OILS, PF Consignments receive 31 & 33 ST. NICH MONTI ESTABLISH <i>FINNAN H</i> ALL KIN Smoked, Pickled, and She C A N N E D MALPEQUE SHELT D. HATTO Fish, Canned Go 137 McGILL & 18 BO MONT	ERCIIAN RODUCE prompt atter IOLAS ST REAL. IED 1874, I.A.D.D Boneloss II Fish. GOOL OYSTER ON & C TERS ods, Fruit NSECOUF	TS, E, &c., ution. REET, <i>IES</i> , , Croen DS, PS, &c., O. , s, &c.,	ACCA TO TO PERSONAL AND ALL Strach	An's Gi	Averager. o,ono. DAY 10 One YEAR. \$5 Each. WILLIAMSON, DNTO,	MUTUA HEADA This Coi YEARS During to to t AND ASSETS J.C.M.TAY FIRE HEA		CE CO. Ioo. Ont. CHTEEN ation in mpany has property CO: CO: CHTEN ACC: CO: CHTEN ACC: ACC: CHTEN ACC: CHTE



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OF CANADA.	NAME OF COMPANY.	No. Shares.	Last Dividend.	Share par value.	Amount paid per	Canada quotatione per ot.	
CAPITAL, . \$1,188,000. ASH ASSETS, 1st January, 1881, er Government Blue-Book 352,101.20 peposit with Dominion Govt 142,000 osses Paid to 1st Jan, 1880. 1,648,176 DIRECTORS: President:HENBY LYMAN. Vice-President ANDREW ALIJAN. BCorse. Robert Anderson. J. B. Rolland.	British America Fire & Marine Canada Life Citizens, Fire, Life, Guaranteo & Acc Confederation Life. Sun Life and Acoident Queen City Fire Western Assurance Royal Canadian Insurance Accident Ins. Co. of North America GuaranteeCo. of North America	2,500 11,880 5,000 5,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 20,000	73-6m08. 5-6 m08. 4-6 m08. 10 6 6 m08. 5 3 per ct.	\$60 400 100 100 50 40 100 100 100 50	Share. \$60 50 22j 10 12j 10 20 15 20 10	1151 118 409 200 1531 	
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