

JULY

CHICAGO POST.

WILLIAM C. MILNER,
Proprietor.

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Chicago Post.

Sackville, N. B., July 3, 1879.

The Hull Murder.

The Murderer Discovered by a Reporter.

Condensed from N. Y. Herald.
Boston, June 23, 1879.—One week ago today a man entered a pawnbroker's shop in Marlborough street, Boston, giving the name of "Christie Cox," and offering for sale a cameo set of jewelry. He was a negro, and beyond this fact did not attract any attention. The cameo set was sold for \$4.50, and a watch which the negro had in his possession, inscribed with the initials "Mrs. De F. E. H.," was seen, but he did not sell it, nor offer it for sale. Since then news has come from New York to the Superintendent of Police, advising him of the murder of Mrs. Hull and the latent of several articles of jewelry, among other things a watch, marked as above. Detective Wood, who had charge of the case, was visited this evening, by a reporter of the Boston Herald, who asked permission to publish the facts and theories already in possession of the newspaper men. While in conversation with him, Mr. Wood gave a minute description of the man who had brought the goods to the pawnshop.

A WIDE AWAKE REPORTER.

About half-past seven this evening the same reporter, after having been referred to Superintendent Adams for further information, walked up Shawmut avenue, and while thinking of the case suddenly ran across a tall, good looking negro, who bore a striking resemblance to the man who was wanted in New York. The more the man's face and form was studied the more striking the resemblance grew. The amateur detective passed on, but he took a front and a profile view, examined his form and figure and determined to find out whether he was the right man or not. The presence of another man on the scene helped the matter along, and a closer examination showed a very striking resemblance to the man who was missing from New York, and whose description Officer Wood had given. The man who had offered the cameo set for sale, and who had actually sold it, was known to have possessed a watch with the initials "Mrs. De F. E. H." and as this inscription was known to have been on the watch that was taken from Mrs. Hull's house the case seemed to be coming close to a conclusion. His color was a bronze red—a color which, when once seen, could not be forgotten. The lips were prominent, the mustache was heavy and black, the cheek bones were high, rather suggesting the Indian physiognomy; low-cut shoes, a swinging gait in walking, and a cantaway blue coat, white shirt, with stripes of blue, and other marks of identity which were very pronounced. All these points of resemblance were very noticeable and impressed the reporter with the belief and conviction that he had the right man. The first question the amateur detective asked was, "What is the name to Mommoth street?" He said he was a stranger and did not know.

DOING HIS MAN.

This strengthened the suspicion already existing, and after seeing the man walk up Shawmut avenue the reporter made a pretence of going in the other direction. A half a block had been walked in that direction, however, the detective turned around and followed the suspected person keeping on the other side of the street.

A SERMON ON HELL.

The Ebenezer Baptist Church was reached, and as the negro and his companion entered. Here was a large congregation of colored people, listening to a discourse on the "Horrors of Hell," by a divine from Texas. While he was listening to the sermon the reporter left for the purpose of securing his arrest, believing that the man who knew all about the murder had been found. After which the reporter returned to the church, Officer Wood from Division Five, with a squad of police had then arrived. The suspected man was still listening to the thundering tones of the preacher, who spoke of hell with all its sufferings and all its torments, and called attention to the sufferings therein. The preacher, like the listener, they were looking for, was a negro. The man came in a few minutes and was seized. Wood quietly passed his arm in that of his prisoner and both walked down to the station, the newly arrested negro offering no resistance. When he got in front of the desk in Station Five, the lieutenant in charge questioned him and he was cool as could be imagined.

HIS POCKETS SEARCHED.

He was soon committed to the usual search and the contents of his pockets were laid on the table very promptly. The first article examined was the watch, and he said that he had bought it of a friend. A memorandum book was next examined, and here was found the entry, "141," and others, which were seen by the pawnbroker when Cox as William Francis entered the pawnshop, a week ago last day. The watch was next handed over for inspection. It bore the following inscription:—

"Henry Reguella, maker, Lacle; No. 59,857." Wood drew out the card issued by Superintendent Walling. He compared the inscription on the watch with that on the ticket and exclaimed, "It is."

CONFESSING THE CRIME.

Detective Wood looked him squarely in the face and said, "Where is the rest of Mrs. Hull's jewelry?" "I don't know anything about Mrs. Hull's jewelry," Cox replied, without the slightest emotion. "Don't you?" "No."

With this denial on his lips, Cox, with the detectives, the officers and the newspaper men, went into the private room of the station. "Now," said Detective Wood, "tell us where the rest of Mrs. Hull's jewelry is." Cox was silent a moment. He seemed to be lost in thought, and did not appear determined as to the best course to pursue. At last he spoke, and for the first time there was a tremor in his voice. A consciousness that he was at last brought to bay crept over him and he weakened. A tear stole down his cheek. "Well, will you do me a favor?" "Certainly," said the detective; "anything I can do for you I will cheerfully."

"Well, I want my things sent for. I don't want my mother to know anything bad has happened to me. It will kill her."

"Now, about the jewelry," continued the detective, with the persistence of his tribe; "where are the diamond earrings?"

"I don't know," he replied, they were not real diamonds. They were pawned by a girl in New York. The ring I have here, and with some difficulty he drew it from his little finger. It was a handsome ring, enamel painted, set with pearls, and having a handsome band of red enamel around the centre medallion. "The diamond ring I pawned at a German pawnbroker's, here in this city. He gave me \$10 for it. At the other, pawnbroker's I sold the cameo pin and the earrings and the long chain for \$150."

"Well, tell us about the murder," said the reporter. "I don't suppose you intended to murder Mrs. Hull?" "No," he replied, "I don't know what made me do it. I suppose the devil must have taken hold of me."

"Well, how did you get in?" "I there just before twelve o'clock. I was in the house. I had worked for Mrs. Hull, washing windows, taking care of the furnace and carrying coal upstairs for \$2 a week. I worked permanently across the street. I knew the cook slightly. I did not know the people up stairs. I knew a German man, I knew a German woman who lived on the third floor and for whom I carried coal. Well I went to the house and tried to get in at the front door. I had a key belonging to my other house which I thought would fit, but it was not. I opened a window that was not bolted and stepped in. I bolted the window after me, and then listened. I could hear Mrs. Hull snoring. She snored very loud. I went up to her room and entered it, lighting a candle I had in my pocket. I saw she was fast asleep on her back. Then I tied her hands and feet and blew out the candle. She cried out, 'Who is there?' I answered, 'The Doctor.' She put her hand up to feel my face, but I drew back so she could not reach it. This was before I tied her hands, as she wanted to holler. I stuffed some pieces of the sheet into her mouth. I did not kneel on her, but just bent the weight of my body over her so as to hold her down. Then I pulled the rings off and got her jewelry. I thought she had fainted, so I poured some cologne over her face, thinking to bring her to, but I could not feel her breathing."

It will be remembered the police held in custody Briston Francis, the husband of Nancy, Mrs. Hull's colored cook. From him was obtained the following clue: While he proved an unmistakable alibi, he also made certain admissions that gave the keen and scented detectives corroborative proof that they were on the right scent. He said that a certain colored man who had been in the employ as waiter of Mrs. Hull was in the habit of paying more than friendly attention to the (Briston's) wife. The latter has received considerable prominence in the case, and is known by the name of Nancy Francis. Briston spoke his mind unreservedly about what he knew of this mysterious colored man. Briston's rival, it appears, was in the habit of paying attention to the susceptible Nancy. The knowledge of this fact having come to Briston's ears made that excitable person naturally indignant. Therefore, when the news of the crime was first revealed to him he said, in his own emphatic way, that that colored man what used to hang about the house to see Nancy had something to do with it to be sure."

carpet. Receiving no reply he called in person and had an interview with Mrs. Hull in the back parlor, where he had a full view of that lady's bedroom, and the trunk that contained her jewelry. He remained for several minutes and discussed his terms for the shaking of the carpet. Being an old employee he was treated with a certain amount of familiarity which is usually bestowed on persons of his class. Subsequent revelations have determined that he took full note of the interior of the premises at the above interview, and satisfied himself that the household arrangements had remained the same since he had been an inmate of the place.

A CONFEDERATE.

"On the night of the murder he lurked around the house until he reached the front lights turned off. He then reached the parlor veranda from the steps of the stoop and thence found his way to the interior by the window. It will be remembered that Dr. Hull and the servants testified at the inquest that the front parlor window was secured when the family retired. This fact would indicate that the murderer had a confederate on the inside."

The Dead Napoleon.

His Life and Character.

From N. Y. World.

M. Rouher is far more temperate because a more indifferent adviser. He is too old to have much to hope from an Imperialist restoration. He has played his part, made his pile. He is now little more than an Imperialist of sentiment. His name is identified with the cause; he enjoys a certain amount of consideration through the connection; he is the nominal counselor in chief at Chislehurst, and so he affects to counsel, but the sum total of his advice is "keep still."

This just suits the young Pretender, not because he lacks spirit, but because he has the taste of his years; for, as a rule, ambition hardly belongs to this period of life. He has lived long in England, he likes field sports and all sorts of many amusements, and he thinks there is a good deal more fun at playing at cricket than at playing at Emperor. He is one of the blessed many in that country (in other countries they count but as a blessed few) who have a good appetite and digestion and no great taste for the idea with a capital letter because everything is in that. He is not in the least stupid, on the contrary he is very intelligent, but he is not troubled with enervating day dreams of a mission and of decisive action and the future of his race. He is the typical young British subaltern of the best sort, and nothing more. He passed well at Woolwich, he was the life of the mess, and was as fond of sky-larking as any other schoolboy. This was the picture; the new emperor would be drawn in gloomier colors. He is beginning to feel the sadness and weariness of one who has left nature and freedom to return to the study of a long and wearisome part in a play. With the exception of his Woolwich course he has been almost part all his days. His father was a natural born student of imperialism, and he lived for his aims, and posed for them as the readiest way of carrying them with the French. He played his own character with an increasing vigilance against the surprise of nature worthy of all critical praise. The mother was much the same by necessity. As Emperor it was her chief duty to do something pretty every day. The strain on invention must have been greater than in the case of popular writers for the magazines, but she had painstaking friends. The Imperialist was the heir to these ancient responsibilities of the Imperial couple. He had to grow to music; his innocence became a factor in politics. He was not to be permitted to blink at the sun without a suggestion that he recognized it as that old friend of the family, the sun of Australasia. When he grew a little older and long before they reached him he had to learn to step his hoop in full career to return salutes to give alms to beggars, to melt into tears at the sight of wooden-legged veterans—in short, to behave not as the child of nature but as "the child of France." A year or two more and we find him making sage remarks on his father's "Life of Caesar" in a kind of conversational supplement to the Commentaries—fully reported in the loyal papers of the day. He was understood to have deprecated "the violence of faction" and generally to have talked like the odious little prig which he certainly was not. He was simply reciting his lesson like a good boy. This went on to the very day of the family downfall.

We all remember Saurbrück. Of course he could not go into or come out of the bloodless fray like anybody else. He must emulate the reckless daring of Paddy stopping the cannon-balls with his hat by plucking up bullets as they fell around him—he did this in the Imperial bulletin, of course, nowhere else—and old soldiers, very old ones indeed, I should say, must weep to see him do it. Well, the fall of the dynasty relieved him of his engagement in this tawdry kind of play-acting, d'un coup, and restored the boyhood he had so nearly lost. From this down to the Emperor's death and in fact for some time after he was suffered to be himself by mere force of circumstances. He was in a scene where there were no Frenchmen to impress and the English about him

were for Imperial purposes not worth the cost of a representation. His mother kindly let him alone and he was never so happy in his life. Then came the day, the wretched day, of his former assumption of the primacy of his party, and he had to don the sock and buskin of state once more. Busy Imperialist emissaries came and went between Paris and Chislehurst; a declaration was drawn up for him; he signed it; it was issued; he was again on the boards. His mother insisted on having him addressed in their more intimate circle as "Sire," placed herself in a nominal subjection to him as head of the house, though, woman like, still having her own way in everything. This affectionate inferiority bored him more than all else, for he was very fond of her, but just for that reason he let her do as she wished. It was no light sacrifice, but her well-meant interference for the preservation of his dignity seemed to stop every outlet of cheerfulness and natural gaiety. All sorts of harmless frolics incidental to his life as a young officer were forbidden lest they should give her pain. She wiggled him about every report that reached her. What story did he tell at mess that made them all laugh so? Who ran up to town with him to the theatre? Where did he go afterwards? If he only would remember his position. "The head of the house" should not be the buffoon of a mess table; the head of his house should not run the risk of identification as a spectator of a midnight brawl. And why did he sit in the stalls at the theatre, a box surely would have been more worthy of his rank? "Who were his companions?" Cadets and comrades. A gentleman of the suite would have been a more becoming one for the head of his house."

Sir Garnet Wolseley.

AN EXCITING ADVENTURE ON THE POTOMAC.

From the London Daily News.

Colonel Wolseley was despatched to Canada at the critical period of our difficulties with the United States regarding the "Front" but happily the progress of affairs restricted his duties to services in connection with the transport. That was the period of the great civil war between the Federal Government and the seceding States, and communication with the South was extremely difficult. In a paper contributed by Colonel Wolseley to Blackwood's Magazine at fifteen years ago will be found a singularly picturesque account of a visit which he made at that time to pay to the headquarters of General Lee and Longstreet, in spite of the extraordinary vigilance of the United States armies on the Potomac and its shores. An incident of this adventure, slightly hinted at in the narrative, is since brought more fully to light, is characterized enough to be worth telling. The spot at which an attempt was to be made to cross the stream was rather an arm of the sea than a river, being from ten to thirteen miles broad. The Federal forces kept a sharp lookout both from gunboats and from military stations on the shores. The gunboats patrolling the river were each armed with a calcium light, by means of which, if the least sound were heard at night upon the surface of the stream, a signal ray of light was shot from the sentinel vessel, which it is said would have rendered even the head of an otter visible at a quarter of a mile. Before the Potomac could be crossed Colonel Wolseley and his companion, Mr. Taylor, had to smuggle their way from Baltimore to the opposite bank, and for this purpose to be effected by the aid of a blockade runner, the friends spent their time in an old ruined shed surrounded by reeds and rushes, and concealed from the war within hearings of the sentinels, first crossing that an incident occurred which threatened to bring their project to a disastrous end. While lying concealed in a fisherman's cottage the terrible apparition of a Federal officer, accompanied by seven men, was suddenly landed from a boat, and were making their way towards the door. There was no time for flight or concealment, and the fugitives accordingly stayed where they were. When the officer entered the cottage he inquired whether it was possible to get permission "for a little duck shooting" on the river. The officer replied dryly that it would not. "In that case," enquired the gentleman, "would you be kind enough to tell how to get to the sportsmen can get back to Washington?" The officer manifested not feel quite satisfied. It was the critical moment, for he hesitated, when Colonel Wolseley, stepping forward, said, "I am a regular on which the officer, reassured, replied that Washington steamer would be calling about four the next morning at a neighboring wharf. By "four" the next morning Colonel Wolseley and his interpret companion were safely in Virginia.

An editor wrote a leading article on the fair sex, in the course of which he said: "Girls of sixteen or eighteen are rather fond of beauty." When the paper was issued he was rather shocked to discover that an unfortunate error had made him say: "Girls of seventeen or eighteen are fond of beauty."

The Live Stock Trade.

London Correspondent of Toronto Globe.

Since the 6th inst., nothing of importance has transpired at Liverpool in connection with this trade; but the following items may be of interest. In regard, however, to the supposed discovery of the disease in the consignment of cattle on the City of Bristol, it may be stated that though no notice of the occurrence appeared in the English papers the position is a somewhat serious one. The fact that the steamship companies who sail from the St. Lawrence are able to charge a much higher freight on cattle than their competitors, whose trade is with the United States has created no small amount of jealousy, and every consignment from the Dominion is carefully watched. Consequently there is hardly a chance of a case of disease of any kind, supposing it existed, being allowed to pass. A few cattle were recently shipped from Toronto to Liverpool, via Boston, as an experiment, and these were therefore slaughtered at Birkhead, the lungs of each beast were closely examined by parties employed by firms antagonistic to the Canadian trade, but fortunately not a sign of disease of any kind was discovered. No doubt, before long, attempts will be made to make out a case against the Canadian cattle. The Americans have lost their trade in live cattle and hogs, and it is not thought improbable that their sheep will also be scheduled, as several cases of scab have recently been detected among shipments from the U. States; and if this continues their trade is doomed.

The steady progress of the live cattle trade is shown by the fact that last Monday 900 Canadian cattle were sold in the London market whilst in Edinburgh last week 300 bullocks from the Dominion were sold at £38 per head, and the first consignment of Canadian cattle and sheep has lately arrived at the new Bristol Deep Water Docks at Avonmouth, and were sold at good prices. A number of Canadian omnibus and tram-car horses, shipped by Mr. Sparks of Ottawa, and Mr. Stearnes, have arrived and have been disposed of at a remunerative figure. Upwards of fifty of these horses went to Birmingham, and considerable numbers of this class of animals are coming forward. There is a good demand for them.—A correspondent writing to the Times on the subject of American cattle, quotes the following opinion of a gentleman connected with the English grazing counties, who possesses no ordinary means of information. He says: "Canada has a large stock of cattle, and spare; another month will clear out the surplus stock of the Dominion, but there is any amount to come from the West, especially from Texas, at a price, but the present absurdly low rates can only be continued in a time of extreme depression. The best opinion is that the value of English grown meat will not ultimately be materially affected." An immense quantity of American meat has been seized and destroyed as unfit for human food by the inspectors at the Central Market. Within two days no less than fifty-one tons have been so condemned, the bad condition of the meat being, it is said, owing to a delay of ten days at New York. This enormous quantity is of course far in excess of the usual per centage of condemned meat, and the authorities were put to very great inconvenience through the heavy strain thus thrown upon them, but fortunately they were enabled to accomplish the work of removal and destruction with promptitude.

A PARTY NINETY'S DEED.—A St. Petersburg correspondent writes: "Thus far the authorities have only been able to arrest three men and a young lady. The latter Miss Agamovskaya, is a young girl of seventeen, educated, and was the one who defied the Cossacks to take the conspirators without taking her along. It was near the Plaza, when two working men and one nobleman, Krotoff, passed near her, and she, playing a nicely mounted revolver, which she drew from her bosom, and fired her pistol, killing outright the commander of the guard. He fell from his horse, his body bleeding fearfully, while Miss Agamovskaya, assured the crowd that this was the Russian Revolution in all its bearings and movements. "This blood will help us to freedom," she exclaimed in grand tones, "and now I am going to Siberia to bring back thousands of our fellow beings who are suffering for the want of liberty." She left the bloody scene, poor soul, looking more like a madman than a woman, and with the blood of the commander of the guard on her hands; she was chained to the wagon that ended the miserable procession as it passed along the horrible street of Kison."

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Cossitt Bro's Ethica Self-Dumping Wheel Rake.



ONE CAR LOAD NOW ON HAND.

The superior quality of these MOWERS is now a fact so fully established by actual test, that it is needless to say more than refer to the 150 we have sold in three years past under severe competition with Agents for the other Machines on the market.

Those who use these MOWERS AFFIRM with satisfaction their marked superiority in lightness of draft, easy adjustment of Cutter to uneven surface of soil, and superior material and workmanship, insuring almost absolute freedom from breakage. Improvements on this year's stock.

These RAKES stand admittedly at the head of the best of Self-Dumping Wheel Rakes. This year's Stock has 24 Teeth each. Our sales last year was about 40 without sending out canvassers. We again offer them on LIBERAL TERMS, and especially CHEAP for cash.

Learn the price before you buy any other. Come and examine.

June 18 **J. L. BLACK.**

THE WEEKLY SUN,
A large Eight Page Sheet of Fifty
six broad Columns, will be sent,
Post Paid, to any Address, till
January 1st, 1880.

FOR HALF A DOLLAR.

June 25 Address THE SUN, New York City.

NEW GOODS

AT—

The Amherst Warehouse!

WM. FOWLER & CO.

TAKE this opportunity of thanking the public for the very liberal patronage they have received since commencing business, and to announce that we have now received a LARGE and WELL SELECTED STOCK of New and Fashionable Dry Goods, just received from the European, United States, and Canadian Markets, all brought low from first hands, and offered for sale at a small advance on cost. We are also now showing the contents of FIVE CASES, embracing

A Great Variety of Fancy Dry Goods and Small Wares.

Such as are seldom seen in a country store. This lot being sent out by an English house and bought by us from the agent at a large discount from the cost of importation, we are selling them BELOW THEIR REAL VALUE. In the lot are

6 dozen Two Button Rouillon Josephine Kid Gloves; 500 Sprays Artificial Flowers; 140 Black, White and Colored Plumes; 150 Ladies' Colored Silk Ties and Squares; 100 Gent's Colored Ties, Bow and Silk Handkerchiefs; 25 Ladies' Gaiters; 250 Gent's ready for wear; 500 Infant's Cloaks and Children's Dresses; 15 Black Silk Mantles; 20 Black Cloth Mantles; 25 Beautiful Shawls, Silk, Wool and Felt; 125 Ladies' Sun Umbrellas, various prices; 15 Ladies' Black Shawls; 50 dozen Ladies' Corsets, some very superior; 25 dozen Black Combs; large lot of Towels, Counterpanes, Napkins, Table Linens, Ladies' Underwear, Taffets and Little Gloves, Hosiery, &c., &c., all at very low prices.

Although prices of Cotton and Woollen Goods are advancing, we are now selling DRESS GOODS and many other lines of DRY GOODS at lower prices than ever. Ladies will remember the

Dress-Making Department

On the premises under the management of Miss McLean, whose reputation as first class Dress-Maker is established.

A large assortment of Fashionable Tweeds and Gent's Furnishings for wear; 1500 Serge Boots; Ready-made Clothing and Costly Furnishings Goods; Brussels, Tapestry, All-Wool and Union Carpets; Furniture—Bedroom Suits, Tables, Sofas, &c.; 3000 Rolls Paper Hangings; Hardware, Earthenware, Glassware; Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Building Material; full line of Groceries of good quality; sugar, Molasses, Soap, &c., &c.

We cordially invite an inspection of our Stock, which has been bought very low and feel assured that we are in a position to offer purchasers extra good value.

Amherst, June 10, 1879.

WM. FOWLER & CO.

ALEXANDRA

WORKS.

J. F. LAWTON, Proprietor.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Insolvent Act of 1875, Cottage for Sale.

AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the Matter of DAVID DICKSON and IRA E. PATTERSON, Insolvents.

THE undersigned, Adam Tait, of Shediac, in the County of Westmorland, and in the Province of New Brunswick, and Dominion of Canada, Esquire, have been appointed Assignee in this Matter.

Creditors are requested to file their claims before me within one month.

Dated at Shediac aforesaid, this tenth day of June, A. D. 1879.

June 25 A. TAIT, Assignee.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the undersigned are requested to settle their accounts at once, in order to avoid legal proceedings by mail should be addressed to Dorchester.

W. K. REYNOLDS, Jr.

Dorchester, June 25, 1879.

Local and other Matters.**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS, THIS WEEK.**

Agricultural Implements—J. F. Allison, Shingles and Pine Lumber—Do.

Bridge Notice—P. A. Landry, Notices—David Horne, Salmon Fishery—W. F. White, Canadian Fishery—Do.

Notices to Mariners—J. H. Harding, Cattle in Found—Chas. K. Sower, Notices—John S. Sower.

No Change in the trains yet.

The Wood Point Quarries—Work commenced for the season on Monday.

The Revenue of the port of Saint John fell off from \$1,025,168 in 77-78 to \$837,343 in 78-79.

The Baptist Association (N. P. Eastern) meets next Tuesday at Hillsboro.

The report of the fisheries at the Magdalen Islands and Newfoundland are very favorable.

The Church Synod met at Fredericton yesterday. About seventy clergymen are present.

LANDRY'S MUSICAL JOURNAL, for July, has been received. It is interesting as usual.

If you are wanting a nice Honey Comb Quilt, at very low price, call at C. A. Bowser's—Vins.

THE TEMPERANCE ACT was accepted by King's County last Thursday—798 to 245 votes.

A NEW CATHOLIC CHAPEL, 32x22, is being erected by Mr. Richard Brundage at Spring Hill.

The citizens of Cumberland are becoming somewhat interested about the electing of county councillors.

The closing exercises of St. Joseph's College, Memramcook, took place on Wednesday, 25th ult.

Rev. Mr. CLARKE will preach at Cockville next Sabbath at 10:30 a. m., and at Anderson's at 7 p. m.

See C. A. Bowser's New Print Cotton, newest thing out. See his cheap Curtain Net and Fly Net.—Vins.

A SUSSEX man has two wives and two families living in the same house with him. He has two children by each of his wives.

Mrs. GEO. SLOAT, of Grand Falls, has died of small pox, and the disease is being stamped out. There has been no new cases.

A LAD of 15 years named Davis of Five Islands, died recently of lockjaw, caused by a fall and injury to the spine.—Sentinel.

ONE HUNDRED bottles of champagne were stolen on Sunday night from a car at the Intercolonial station St. John, N. B.

MR. NICHOLAS BOUTILLIER, of Glace Bay, on Thursday last caught a halibut which measured 7 feet and weighed a little over 300 lbs.

A NEW BAPTIST CHAPEL is being built at Wood Point by Mr. Everett Snowden. It will cost about \$1000 and will be completed about the 1st of September.

The barque "Lizzie Cameron," Capt. Cameron, from Crapaud, P. E. Island, was, by steam tug, towed into Bay Verte on 30th ult. She is to load deals from E. C. Gooden.

MR. H. J. McGRATH has been appointed Inspector of Masonry on the Pacific Railway. He left Dorchester yesterday for the scene of action, accompanied by Mr. Frank McGinley.

KILLED.—A boy named Ralph McCabe, belonging to Greenfield, Colchester County, was so badly injured by a falling tree, on Tuesday last, while chopping in the woods, that he died on Saturday.

THE COUNTY COUNCIL met yesterday, at Dorchester. It discussed the bill of Mrs. McCarthy for witness fees, &c., for \$144, but as it appeared it was incurred at the order of Dr. Tuck, the Council refused to pay it.

KIDNAPPED AND HELD FOR RANSOM.—Mr. D. W. Miller, of Georgetown, advertises for information regarding his son Isaac—seventeen years of age—who has been missing from home since the 25th of May last.

SAW AND GRIST MILL BURNED.—A saw and grist mill, situated at Casagaw, owned by E. J. Smith Esq., and others, was burned to the ground on Friday night. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. Loss about \$1000.

LAUNCH AT ROTHRAY.—A large boat, 1100 tons, named the "Maple Leaf," was launched from the yard of Mr. Titus Rotheray, on Thursday evening. Her dimensions are: keel 177 feet, beam 27 feet, hold 23 feet and 8 1/2 feet deep.

MR. GEORGE W. STEWART, of Montague, N. S., brought to Halifax on Friday a bag of gold, weighing fifty ounces, the product of 127 days' work at a new mine lately discovered. The ore is pronounced by old gold miners one of the richest ever discovered in this province.

WAR OF THE ROUTES.—The Ribouco Branch has opened between Messrs. J. G. McDonald & Co., and Messrs. Brown, Gillespie & Co., the former advocating Weldon Terminal, the latter the old route surveyed some miles to the North of Weldon, and previously adopted by the Company.

THE NEW STEAM MILL at Shediac, just re-erected by W. J. M. Hanington, Esq., is 125x40 in size, with a wing 100x22 for engine and boiler house. The engine to be used is the old one, thoroughly renovated and repaired. She is 26 inches cylinder and 4 feet stroke and works up to 150 horse power. Besides the saw, Mr. Hanington has added a single saw and lathe machine. He commenced sawing this morning. He has about 2,750,000 ft. of logs on hand.

Life is full of disappointments. We recently offered to cure a case of Rheumatism for a year's subscription in advance, but just as we were on the point of filling the checks, a sympathetic friend suggested Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, and the money and the patient vanished together.

Local and other Matters.

Money orders up to \$50 can now be sent to United States.

WANTED.—A Governor for Prince Edward Island. Now, who will accept it?

The censors in Ontario are reported by the Mail to be more than an average.

The W. Chief Templar of New Zealand, Hon. Wm. Fox, has been made a K. C. M. G.

The Marquis and Princess and party are to leave the Metropedia the end of this week for Quebec.

The Queen vs. C. W. Weldon, Esq., M. P., on the complaint of Mr. O'Sullivan has been postponed till next Monday.

It is reported that the New Brunswick Railway purposes widening the gauge of the old road, so that the cars may run to Portland and Boston.

MR. JAMES DUFFUS, Halifax, must have an antiquated fossil. He ordered the flag raised on the Halifax Club House to be lowered on Dominion Day.

KILLED.—A man named Dauphine, at Marriott's Cove, N. S., while carrying a stick of timber fell in a fit and the stick falling on his skull fractured it, killing him.

Arrangements are being perfected for settlement of a tract of land on the Beauséjour river, N. B., by mechanics and other workmen at present out of employment at St. John.

The Lacanishire Fire Insurance Company have settled satisfactorily with Mr. Harrison of Southamptown, whose hotel a short time ago was destroyed by fire.

The man Steadman, who palmed himself off as a clergyman in a Fox craft, Me., has been sent up for trial, he being pretty conclusively shown that he has been guilty of polygamy.

JOHN FLETCHER, a graduate of Toronto University and at present pursuing his studies at Oxford, has received the appointment of Classical Professor in New Brunswick University.

CHARLES ANDERSON, a Swede, who formerly kept a tavern at Souris, P. E. I., attempted to commit suicide at a dinner table, a few days since, by cutting his throat with a pen-knife. Cause: drink.

HALIFAX is greatly excited over the aquatic victory won by her champion swimmer Smith, over Morris at Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, for a \$1000 purse. It was a 3 mile race; the time was 21:05, the best on record. A race is now mooted between Smith and Wallace Ross.

DROWNED.—A man named Elijah McBurney was drowned on Thursday at Tatamagouche while bathing. He was a distance from shore. He called to the crew for assistance, but they supposed him to be doing it in sport, and paid no attention until too late. The body was recovered a short time afterwards.

DROWNED.—At Broad Cove, N. S., on Thursday, while returning from his nets in a heavy sea, a fisherman named Cruise—On Saturday a lad named King, while playing on a rock at Westport, N. S., fell off and was drowned. His father not knowing his son was away from home, discovered his body entangled in his nets.

A widowed lady named Benoit, in poor circumstances, left her home at Arichat, few weeks ago, to gather brushwood for fuel. Three days afterwards her remains were discovered in a dense thicket some distance from the nearest clearance. It is supposed she strayed too far into the wood, and growing bewildered, sat down exhausted and died of exposure.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.—In the County of Westmorland: Charles A. Palmer, Charles O'Donnell, William Henry Hatheway, John J. Harrington, and Henry A. Stewart, Esq., to be Notaries Public; Robert B. C. Weldon to be Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

In the County of Albert: J. Alfred Stevens to be Commissioner of the Parish of Harvey Civil Court, Elsiea Beck, Junior, of the Parish of St. John, and David Barclay, of the Parish of Elgin Civil Court.

"STOUT" JOHN LAWRENCE, who died the other day, went to India in 1829, then 18 years of age as a clerk in the government employ. Forty years after, he left that country, having risen from grade to grade until he had filled the post of Governor-General, and attained all sorts of honors till he became a peer of the realm. Clive gained India; Lawrence preserved it. His genius for a people was displayed in his treatment of the natives, from a state of absolute confusion in two years he reduced to order, and so attached the Sikhs to his rule, become, he sent them into the field as allies of Britain in crushing out the Sepoy Revolt. His life is an illustration of how one man will not only make a life great, but mould the destinies of an empire.

The Machine was Worn Out. Why? Not because it was not well built, but it was wrongly run. Thousands of men who have run down before three hours and ten years are accomplished, might have been renewed into usefulness and vim if they had tried the well known "Puritan Syrup," contains among its compounds the Propolis of Iron, so combined that it assimilates with the blood and invigorates the whole system. This very A. Syrup is recommended in thousands of cases, and will do every good which good uses it. All druggists keep it.

Life is full of disappointments. We recently offered to cure a case of Rheumatism for a year's subscription in advance, but just as we were on the point of filling the checks, a sympathetic friend suggested Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, and the money and the patient vanished together.

Cumberland Items.

The Amherst Episcopal Church intends holding a strawberry festival on the 15th in Music Hall.

The Archbishop of Halifax intends visiting Amherst about the 10th of July to administer the rite of confirmation.

On Sunday the Rev. Mr. Temple will preach his farewell sermon in the Methodist Chapel at Amherst, previous to being stationed at Truro.

Dr. C. J. Morse of Amherst, has been presented with a very handsome and valuable medical battery by the widow of the late W. L. Black, Esq., of Halifax.

The rotary mill purchased a short time ago from the Amherst Iron Foundry by Fred. O'Leary & Bros., of River Philip, has proved satisfactory in every respect.

Mr. Andrew Coffey, who is known all over the province as the proprietor of the Cumberland Hotel at Amherst, has renovated and refitted his establishment at a cost of \$2800.

Mr. Drake, who has for a number of years been D. R. McElmon's foreman, has recently opened a snug watch-repairing and jewelry business in the shop opposite Atkinson's Hotel.

The Rev. Dr. Tupper, father of Sir Charles, is now making his annual visit at Amherst, where, on one Sunday of this month, he will preach. He has reached the advanced age of 85 years.

On Thursday, as Mr. R. C. Fuller, proprietor of Amherst Dry Goods, was taking the stopper from a bottle of Ammonia, the gas went into his eyes and mouth, causing blindness and strangulation for a short while.

Mr. A. D. McDonald challenges any man in Cumberland or Westmorland to start with him in a foot race for \$50 or \$100. Is this the kind of Noan defeated so easily on the 24th of May at Amherst Park?

The Amherst Drug Store has removed the partition that separated it from D. R. McElmon's grocery store, and made several other improvements, which on the whole, have added largely to the appearance of the establishment.

The vessel "Mary W. Pipes," grounded at Shulee last week. She floated in the next tide, and was slightly damaged about the keel. Now she is being loaded with deals for Liverpool by Smith & Chapman, and will sail from Shulee in about a week.

We learn that the Insurance agents have of late been at Parrsboro investigating the burning of the steamer "George W. Johnson," and found that the boat was over insured. They will attempt a suit if a settlement cannot be arranged satisfactory to themselves.

The Amherst Woodworking Factory is running on full time and giving employment to 25 men. The new college at Wolfville, erected by Rhodes, Curry & Co., proprietors of this factory, will be completed in two weeks.

A. Robb & Sons, proprietors of the Amherst Iron Foundry, have received from H. J. McGraw, of Dorchester, the contract for manufacturing about six hundred feet of iron fencing for the Fredericton Normal School.

The walking mania that has afflicted every town in America the past six months, has reached Amherst. D. F. Merritt of Philadelphia, who is in Amherst, took a Sunday evening in the presence of about fifty spectators, and covered ten miles in one hour and forty-eight minutes.

Notwithstanding the fact of there being several long and tedious land suits, the Cumberland docket was cleared at the June session for the first time in a number of years. Probably this profitable state of affairs may be justly attributed to Judge Wetherbee's success in keeping the lawyers down to their work.

On Saturday, June 14, as Mr. George Pugsley of Nappan and Mr. Robert O'Brien of Fort Lawrence were turning a single team on Victoria Street, in Amherst, the buggy upset, causing O'Brien to fall in such a manner as to dislocate an ankle and fracture a bone in the same leg. The injured man is under the care of Dr. Morse and mending rapidly.

Dominion Day at Amherst, was recognized by all the merchants as a holiday. There were not a people in the town, for many of the boys went fishing. A large number made arrangements to attend the Reform Club Excursion. A train consisting of seven cars under the conductorship of the popular Job Sears, left about eight o'clock in the morning for Point de Chene and returned at ten the same evening after passing a very enjoyable day.

Mrs. Jones of Nappan, was taken on the Monday noonday express to Halifax, where she will serve two years in penitentiary for shop-lifting, etc. The authorities would not allow her four-month-old baby to go with her, so she was accompanied by the Sheriff and Charles Doyle, who broke into the Greenville school house, burned books, and destroyed other property. Doyle got three years for his injudicious move.

Mr. Joseph Weeks has erected on the Huestis site a three story factory building, which is 38 x 40 on the ground. The first floor contains two rooms, one of which will be occupied by the builder, and Mrs. Barnes' millinery business will be moved into the other two weeks. These stores are separated by a hall and stairway leading to second floor, which is so planned as to give Mr. Weeks a very commodious dwelling for himself and a similar one to rent.

Some time ago Mr. Amos Elter purchased a valuable lot on the extension of Havelock Street, and has this summer built for himself a costly French-roofed house.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.**FROM SHEDAC.**

Special to Chignecto Post.

SHEDAC, July 2.—W. J. M. Hanington's new mill will commence sawing on Thursday.

A number of Americans arrived at the Weldon House last night to spend the summer months.

Dominion Day was quite lively here, owing to the presence of an excursion party from Amherst, and also one from P. E. Island, accompanied by a band of music.

The ladies of St. Andrew's Church are making great preparations for a Strawberry Festival and Fancy Sale to take place in Lorne Rink on Wednesday next.

Work is progressing on the new Methodist Church.

The many friends of our popular Station Agent are pleased to see him at his post again after an illness of two months.

Smith & Barnes' mill, at Coogan, have been doing a good business this spring; they have already shipped three cargoes of deals, and are daily expecting two more vessels. E. J. Smith, Esq., has also shipped two cargoes.

Crops are looking on a fair average.

FROM PARRSBORO.

Special to Chignecto Post.

PARRSBORO, July 2.—Our town is very quiet. All branches of business are in a languishing state; every body complaining about the scarcity of money. Among the quiet things done, the recent post office robbery was settled in an amazingly quick manner. Your correspondent being ignorant of particulars, therefore the curiosity of your readers cannot be satisfied. Vegetation is in a remarkably backward state in consequence of cold weather and late drought; but recent rains have done great good. Deals are being shipped in great quantities, but coal demand is rather dull this week. The enterprising firm of D. T. Ogden & Co., carriage builders, are doing an active business, and J. O'Brien & Co.'s tailoring establishment is in full blast. This does not prove very hard times in the country. There is not much travelling either by rail or by boat and the efforts of rival publicans to secure patronage upon the arrival of the cars or steamer are truly amusing to those not interested. There was a wedding this morning at the Brunswick House, the Bride and Groom are en route for Manitoba.

Trade and Industry.

The Plaster Mine at North Gut, C. B., is doing 40 men.

A new quarry is being opened by Alfred Stevens, Esq., Harvey.

Work on the Cape Breton marble quarries will shortly commence.

The wheat acreage in Nova Scotia is larger this year than ever before.

Some Englishmen are prospecting for copper ore at Port Hawkesbury.

Halifax civic expenditures next year are \$236,625—\$4,000 above last year.

Barbadoes molasses was sold last week wholesale at St. John for 26 1/2 cts. per gallon.

Butter has been sold in Woodstock, during the week, as low as ten cents per lb.

1052 buildings have been erected in St. John, N. B., since the great fire at a cost of \$4,914,600.

A seam of antiracite, 11 inches thick, is said to have been found at Harvey by Mr. John Stevens.

The Dalhousie, N. S., Copper Mine employs 20 men. The ore pans out 35 per cent. of pure metal.

The Western counties Railway from igby to Yarmouth, N. S., is expected, will be open for traffic this fall.

The Lower Hopedale Cape brick factory will turn out this season 500,000 bricks. It employs 14 men and boys.

A new saw mill has been built by Mr. S. H. Mills at New Canada, Cumberland Co., within two miles of the I. C. R.

Murray Bros., Buctouche, have six lobster factories. They intend to can beef and fowl and are erecting a large warehouse.

C. S. Hood, Yarmouth, is to be prosecuted for fraud for representing he was worth \$1,000 when he was \$1,000 in debt, whereby he obtained goods on credit.

Coal is selling at Toronto 50 cents less per ton than in June 1878. And yet people say that the N. P. is ruinous to the coal consumers of the West!

Pugsley Foundry has been purchased by Donald Robertson, who intends converting it into a carding, fulling and dyeing mill, and to add also a grist mill.

Miramichi shipments of deals, scantling, timber, &c., for May were 10,526,000 feet, in 23 vessels, five of which went to France, the rest to Britain. This is an increase over last year.

Vanderbilt controls an aggregate length of 8620 miles of railroad, comprising 6102 miles of track. On these are employed 27,706 men who receive, in round numbers, \$1,178,000 a month, or \$14,136,000 a year.

There are four factories being built on the Muskawaka, New Brunswick, to make starch from potatoes, which are now planted in unusual quantity at these settlements, some farmers having put in 200 bushels each.

Persons Fugitive Pills make new a rich blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill a night from one to twelve weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing is possible.

A Brutal Murder at Montreal.

A Woman's Head Severed from Her Body.—The Supposed Murderer Lying Drunk in Bed.

MONTREAL, June 28.—A most brutal murder was committed some time during yesterday morning in a house on William street in Griffintown, the particulars of which are set forth in the following statement made by constable McKinnon. "Last night a boy notified me that a woman was dead in the house of Susan Kennedy Meyers, and I went to the house. I found the body of the unfortunate woman, Mrs. Conly, lying on the breast in the back room and the head and hand cut off and thrown into a bucket. No axe was to be seen. I then went into the front room, and lying on the bed, pretending to be drunk, was Susan Kennedy Meyers. There was a candle burning in the kitchen when I went in. I asked Susie, as she is called, for she is a well-known case, how the murder occurred. She said a man came into the house yesterday morning and gave her (Kennedy) some money which, arousing the

JEALOUSY

of deceased, the latter and the man had a quarrel, and the man killed her. She said she saw the man wash the blood from his hands and clear. Before going he warned her not to tell the police. She did not know the man's name, and was glad he had escaped, because he was a good-looking fellow. The constable McKinnon then said the police all come upstairs, and they arrested the woman. Three dresses were found on her, all stained with blood. The outside dress had but a few spots. Under this was an apron over a second dress, both of which were much bespattered with blood; and under these again were a third dress, also bearing spots of blood. One of these dresses, and some of the clothing he had been told, belonged to the murdered woman. The house is a rickety two-story building, and it was in the upper tenement the body lay.

THE HEADLESS TRUNK

lay prostrate on the breast. The jaws in the neck showed that a score at least of blows had been struck by some clumsy hand before the head had left the body. The mained arm lay underneath the body while the legs were extended in a perfectly natural position. A thin cotton dress with apparently little underclothing was on her. In a large bucket or washbasin near by were the ghastly head. The grey hair could hardly be distinguished owing to the clots of blood on it, while several gashes across the forehead would indicate that she had received the first blow to the head. The blood had evidently been washed up.

The Coroner opened the inquest this morning, when Jacob Meyers was examined. He stated that he had been 16 years in Montreal, and worked in Clendinning's furniture, but has been idle lately; he married Susan Kennedy about 5 or 6 years ago, and has no family; his wife is 20 years old; he said, was frequently drunk; witness went yesterday morning at seven o'clock, and on returning at 12 noon he found a strange man in bed with his wife, and on going into the room of

