

ort expected during next week. The outlook
for freight is reported good and plans
being made to handle a large number of
passengers.
The winter staffs of the steamship lines
are expected in a few days now, as they
will require to be on hand for the Vir-
ginian on the 18th. The personnel will
show a few changes from last year and
some familiar faces will be missing. On
the C. P. R. staff, Mr. Lafontaine will
take the place of Mr. Davis, who has
gone to the Canadian Northern, and Mr. An-
derson will replace Mr. Brunstrom as in-
terpreter. On the Allan staff Mr. Magee
and Mr. Fielding will not be here, their
places being taken by Mr. Hendry and
Mr. Wallace. James McDougall, the
Donaldson line, will also be among those
who will not make the trip here, but it is
not known as yet who will take his place.

ABOUT POULTRY

R. COTE.

orchard was a clover meadow except
around the trees, which were banked with
coarse sand and ash.
The feed was not unusual—principally
wheat, and oats in warm weather, and
these, mixed with corn, in cold weather.
I saw separated milk, grit, apples and
fresh bone; this last named at one cent a
pound with the cheapest feed in the
vicinity. All of these are obtainable.
The cheapest thing I found were farms. My
advice would be to keep sheep, keep hens
and you can keep sheep. Do not then
give up either. Try and make your
seven to ten cents each a fair price for
eggs, but that does not reach the present
price of meat.

So you see that poultry gets endorsement
from every source. In fact it is a well
known fact that whoever desires to make
money on the side can do it very easily
by keeping poultry. Any little town can
be made to bring large returns if occu-
pied with poultry coops, and many of
my readers would find a profitable
investment, but probably some of
them could make a specialty of raising
some fine poultry and make a success out
of the venture. When you start watch
for the top always. Try and make your
name, and the breeder of good stock
in a few years from now need not fear any-
thing as to selling his stock. Poultry in-
dustry is in its infancy yet. Many a
breeder has not yet tried it, and it
is up to you to try your hand at it.
When you make a start, start right.
Start with good stock and keep your stock
always the best.

There is no necessity for laying out large
sums of money either and the man who
succeeds in poultry is not the man who
has started with capital, but, in almost
every known case the man who today en-
joys a reputation and who makes his
fortune out of one breed of chickens start-
ed with practically nothing. They started
right and stuck to it.

(Readers wishing to have any special in-
formation on any matter in this article
poultry will have a prompt personal reply
if they address their correspondence to J.
R. Cote, Chatham (Ont.)

LOCAL NEWS

The work of paving Germain street is
proceeding very rapidly and the concrete
foundation for the roadway is now almost
completed. An asphalt surface is to be
put on the concrete. At the corner of
Princess street, where the new pavement
ends, a piece of curbing is being put down
between the new roadway and the old, as
a protection for the new street.

Joseph R. Campbell, of Tynemouth
Cross, while out stunting near his home
shot a bull moose with an antler
spread of forty-five inches. Two moose
which passed close to his house a few
miles ago broke down a heavy wire fence.
A large number of deer have also been
seen in the vicinity.

Harry Vail, the veteran St. John oars-
man, was in the city Tuesday and was
greeted by many of his old time friends.
He has been engaged in coaching work of
late, and for seven years acted as head
coach at Harvard University. He intends
to spend the winter at his old home in
Gagetown and will in all probability act
as instructor in one of the big colleges in
St. Louis next season. He is accompanied
by his wife. They will leave for
Gagetown on Thursday.

The story of the finding of the nest of
a vireo in Nova Scotia last July has at-
tracted much attention among ornitholo-
gists. This was at the time its discovery
was noted in a third nest on record of
this rare bird in the world. Since then
Charles Shand, of Bar Harbor, reports hav-
ing found this fall a fourth nest in the
woods on Mt. Desert Island. Mr. Shand,
however, secured only the empty nest.
That found in Nova Scotia by Professor
Knight contained four eggs.

The many friends of Father Conyers,
priest in charge at the Mission church,
who heard with regret last Friday that
owing to ill health he had to relinquish
his duties in the Mission church and go
to Boston for treatment, will be pleased
to learn that he underwent a successful
operation in that city yesterday, and rapid
recovery is now expected. Father Conyers,
the assistant priest, received the following
telegram from Boston yesterday: "Father
Conyers stood the operation well and is
present as comfortable as possible."

The St. John Daily Telegraph

and The News

VOL. L

ST. JOHN, N. B. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1910

NO. 13

PARLIAMENT WILL HAVE BUSY SESSION

Government Ready to Rush Work

Many Important Bills and Reports Ready for House

Banking Act, Further Devel- opment of St. John Harbor, I. C. R. Branch Lines Re- port, and Other Things to Be Discussed—Depart- mental Reports Are All Printed.

Special to The Telegraph.

Ottawa, Nov. 14.—The third session of
the eleventh parliament of Canada, which
opens on Thursday next, promises to pro-
vide some new statutes and possibly some-
thing new in politics. It is difficult to pre-
dict what will transpire between opening
and prorogation, as has been well demon-
strated by Earl Grey, for, believing that
his last hour had come, his excellent
final words to the departing law-makers
last spring were: "It is not without many
twinges of the heart that I realize that
this is the last occasion on which I will
have the honor of meeting you officially."
In view of the fact that there will be
an election two years hence it is certain
that the opposition will endeavor to come
to some sort of a harmonious understand-
ing with themselves and that the govern-
ment will strive to further entrench itself
in the good opinion of the people in view
of that event.

For the first time in the history of the
Canadian parliament it is expected that
the annual report of every depart-
ment and the voluminous work of the
auditor-general. The main estimates will
be laid before parliament soon after the
opening, so there will be no occasion for
short sittings or idle moments before
Christmas.

The finance minister will have a bill to
revise the bank act, which was promulgated
in 1907. This, it is understood, will
make few radical changes in the law under
which the chartered banks operate.

The committee which considered the
question of limiting to eight hours a day
the operations on government works will
submit its report, and this may occupy the
attention of the house in some way.

Hon. Mr. Oliver will have a bill relative
to timber lands and water regulations in
the railway belt of British Columbia and
another bill to facilitate the removal of
Indians from lands which they occupy, and
which are wanted for settlement to equally
good lands in other parts of the country.
There will be another to increase aids to
Indian schools.

Sir Richard Cartwright will probably
have a bill dealing with the control of
terminal grain elevators, and this will like-
ly be based on the Minnesota act. Hon.
Mr. Aylesworth will have a bill
relating to the establishment of a commis-
sion to look after fishery regulations under
the term of the recent Hague award. He
will also have some amendments to the
criminal code, and in this connection the
Morrill Reform Association will probably
have something to say again as to the
further restriction of race track gambling.

Hon. Mr. Templeman will have a bill to
promote safety in connection with the
manufacture, transportation and use of
powerful explosives.

Hon. Mr. Fisher will have a bill to
amend the copyright law, so as to give
Canada greater control.

I. C. R. Branch Lines Report.

Hon. Mr. Graham will probably intro-
duce legislation respecting a commission to
regulate rates on international traffic pass-
ing between Canada and the United States.
He will also present to parliament the re-
port of the commissioners who examined the
branch lines of the Intercolonial Rail-
way with a view to their acquisition. He
may ask parliament to make an appoint-
ment for the deepening of the Welland
canal, for the construction of the Quebec
bridge, and for the building of the Hud-
son Bay Railway. There will be no pro-
vision this year for the construction of the
Georgian Bay canal.

Development of St. John Harbor.

Hon. Dr. Pugsley will ask for funds to
enable him to continue the great work of
developing water terminals at Fort Wil-
liam, Georgian Bay ports, St. John and
other Atlantic ports. He will also ask
for a dry dock subsidy at Montreal and
St. John.

Sir Frederick Borden will be able to
present to parliament the report of Sir John
French on the Canadian militia, and may
have a bill to enable the system of mili-
tary commands to be substituted for the
present system of military districts. If
this bill is presented it will be necessary
to make financial provision for the equip-
ment of additional artillery and cavalry
units for some of these commands.
Parliament will likely have something to
(Continued on page 3, seventh column.)

KING EDWARD IS NAME CHOSEN

Committee Decides Upon This for the New School Building

MEETING LAST NIGHT

Report of Investigation into Charges in Connection With Heating of Winter Street School to Be Dealt With Later by Board—Routine Business Considered.

Very little business was transacted last
night at the meeting of the school board.
Several reports were submitted, communi-
cations received, and other matters con-
sidered before the meeting was adjourned
until some night in the very near future
when a special meeting will be held, main-
ly for the purpose of dealing with the re-
port of the committee appointed to in-
vestigate the charges in connection with
the heating of the Winter street school.
This report was submitted last evening.
In the absence of the chairman, Trustee
Coll presided at last night's meeting, and
others in attendance were J. V. Russell,
M. E. Agar, T. H. Bullock, H. C. Smith,
D. H. Nase, G. E. Day, C. B. Lockhart,
Mrs. Dever, Superintendent Bridges, Tru-
stee Officer McMan, Secretary Leavitt,
and assistant Secretary Miss Reid.

The King Edward School.

It was decided to call the new school
the King Edward School. This was the name
recommended by the committee which was ap-
pointed to consider the matter.

On behalf of the committee dealing with
the award of the Corporation and Parker
silver medal, Dr. Bridges reported that
the matter had not yet been settled.

The following communications were re-
ferred to the teacher's committee: One
from Bessie E. Holder, asking for leave of
absence to attend manual training school;
one from Catherine E. Robinson, thanking
the board for assisting her in connection
with her work in music; one from Alice
K. Lingley, asking for increase of salary;
one from D. M. Brown, of Anderley (B.
C.), asking for a position on the teaching
staff, and another from the secretary of
the teachers' association.

Applications for positions as janitors
were received from the following: Geo.
McLaughlin, Geo. Armstrong, John Sargis-
son, J. P. Addison, J. Watson, W. Fitz-
gerald, Geo. Bridges, James Tuttle, Isaac
Thompson and Geo. Bridges. These were
referred to the committee in charge of
these matters.

Communications were received from B.
R. Armstrong and F. R. Fairweather, ask-
ing for consideration in the granting of
insurance policies for the new school.

Dr. Bridges stated that he thought the
new chemical laboratory in the High
school would be finished about Dec. 1. The
fittings are being prepared by the Christie
Woodworking Company.

Trustee Russell moved that the secre-
tary be asked to prepare a statement
showing the total cost of manual training
to date so that a settlement could be
made with the local government. The
motion carried.

Many Cases of Truancy.

Truancy Officer McMan reported that
during the last month he had found forty-
nine cases of irregular attendance and eight
cases of truancy. There is a feeling among
some of the members of the board that
some new measures will have to be taken
to exact a better attendance among the
boys at school.

Trustee Coll announced that the report
of the committee dealing with the Winter
street investigation was ready for submis-
sion to the board. Trustee Bullock moved
that it be dealt with section by section,
but an amendment was by Trustee Rus-
sell, that the matter be considered at a
special meeting later, was carried.

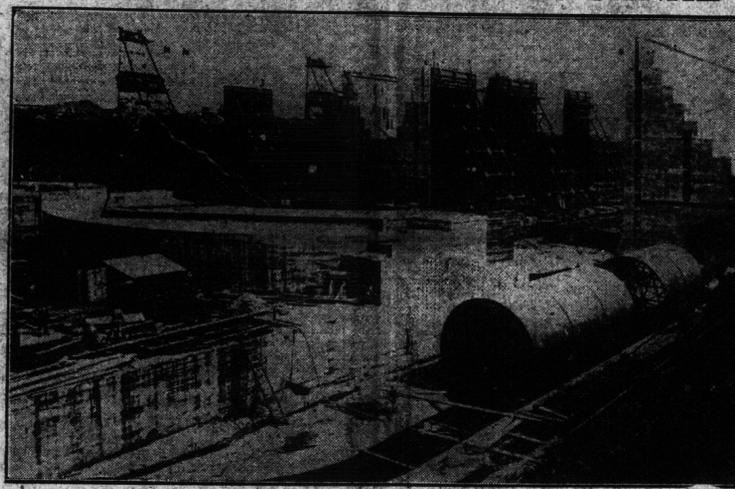
In connection with the matter of intro-
ducing medical inspection in the schools,
a committee was appointed to report con-
cerning this at a later meeting. The com-
mittee was composed of Trustees Coll,
Bullock, Day, Superintendent Bridges, and
Chairman Emerson.

C. F. CRANDALL TO BE MANAGING EDITOR OF MONTREAL HERALD

Charles F. Crandall, formerly managing
editor of the St. John Sun, and at pres-
ent editor of the Halifax Echo, has been
appointed managing editor of the Montreal
Herald. He will enter on his new duties
early in December. The promotion is a
high one, as the position is one of the
most important in Canada.

Mr. Crandall's friends in New Brunswick
will be very glad to hear of the appoint-
ment and will wish him every success.

SECTION OF THE PANAMA CANAL



The Panama canal as President Taft will see it. This picture shows the south end of the Gatun upper locks which the river all of the canal in the middle view. The big pipe in the foreground parallels the route of the canal. So immense is the work that the men on top of the far walls on the right appear as midges, hardly discernible at all. President Taft left for Panama with Mrs. Taft on Thursday.

DRUNKEN TORONTO MAN SHOTS TWO WOMEN

James Shaw Shot Two Wait- resses, and One Is in a Serious Condition; Jealousy Said to Be the Cause.

New York, Nov. 14.—It developed that
Mrs. Burdorf had long been the victim
of a facial disease which caused her great
pain. This, she gaped out at the hospital,
made her wish to die, and she shot
her husband, who is a prominent physician
in the upper part of the city, because she
could not bear to leave him behind.

The physician was shot as he lay asleep,
the bullet penetrating his side. When he
rolled to the floor and breathed his last,
his wife quickly shot herself twice in the
abdomen and side. Before she lapsed into
unconsciousness the woman managed to
tell the sorry story of her suffering and
its effects. Of her husband she said: "I
just could not bear to die and leave him
behind, I loved him so," she moaned.
"Jealousy, yes, that was it. May be self-
ish of me, but I just couldn't help it."

Although in an extremely critical con-
dition, Mrs. Burdorf refused to let the
hospital surgeons operate upon her tonight.
She was determined to die, she said, and
would sanction no attempt to pro-
long her life.

BEAT HIS FATHER IN OPEN COURT

Son Resented Reflections on His Mother, and Judge Ap- proved of His Attack.

San Francisco, Nov. 14.—Because his
father made reflections on his mother, on
the witness stand, in police court here to-
day, George Cameron attacked him and
gave him a terrible beating before the
court attaches could separate them. Judge
Shortall said the beating was so well mer-
ited that he would not hold the young man
for contempt, but he was ordered from
the court room.

TORONTO PAIR CONVICTED OF ABDUCTING GIRL

Whitby, Ont., Nov. 14.—Edward Finley-
son and Emma O'Connell, both of Toronto,
were found guilty of conspiracy to abduct
Edna Frink, a fifteen-year-old Ottawa girl
in August last. The trial took place at
the courthouse here before Judge Mc-
Crimmon.

Finlayson met the girl in Ottawa, be-
ing introduced to her by one George Par-
adis, a young man of unsavory reputation.
A few days later Finlayson called at the
Frink home and arranged with Edna to
go to Toronto to meet him. Mrs. Frink,
Edna's mother, a visitor at Paradis' home, ac-
companied Miss Frink to Toronto. Edna
told her parents she was going to Whitby
to work for Mrs. Wilkes. In Toronto
Finlayson rented a room on George street.
Edna stopped at this house several days,
going out for her meals with Finlayson,
who spent much time with her.

The next heard of Edna was one night
of the same week when she came to
Whitby from Toronto in an automobile
with George Paradis. The pair went to
a Chinese laundry here, where they were
found a few hours later when the police
broke in. The girl, Paradis and two
Chinamen were more or less supplied with
opium.

Celebrated Artist I. C. J.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 14.—John La-
Farge, the artist of New York and New-
port, died at the Butler hospital here to-
night.

KILLED HUSBAND BECAUSE SHE "LOVED HIM SO"

New York Woman, Wishing to Die Herself, Couldn't Bear to Leave Man Behind.

New York, Nov. 14.—It developed that
Mrs. Burdorf had long been the victim
of a facial disease which caused her great
pain. This, she gaped out at the hospital,
made her wish to die, and she shot
her husband, who is a prominent physician
in the upper part of the city, because she
could not bear to leave him behind.

The physician was shot as he lay asleep,
the bullet penetrating his side. When he
rolled to the floor and breathed his last,
his wife quickly shot herself twice in the
abdomen and side. Before she lapsed into
unconsciousness the woman managed to
tell the sorry story of her suffering and
its effects. Of her husband she said: "I
just could not bear to die and leave him
behind, I loved him so," she moaned.
"Jealousy, yes, that was it. May be self-
ish of me, but I just couldn't help it."

Although in an extremely critical con-
dition, Mrs. Burdorf refused to let the
hospital surgeons operate upon her tonight.
She was determined to die, she said, and
would sanction no attempt to pro-
long her life.

AGED 'FRISCO WOMAN BRUTALLY MURDERED

Ex-convict Arrested for the Crime— Victim Was 85 Years Old.

San Francisco, Nov. 14.—Beaten beyond
semblance to a human form, the body of
an aged woman was found today in a vac-
ant lot next to the Savoy Theatre, in the
centre of the business district of this city.
John Knapp, former convict, is in jail,
charged with murder.

The murdered woman was identified as
Mrs. Julia Cary, aged 85 years. Identifica-
tion was made by Mrs. Love, matron of
the city prison, who said Mrs. Cary had
found a window weight marked with
offenses. Detectives found Knapp stand-
ing in front of a stable where he is em-
ployed, not far from the place where the
body lay. He was placed under arrest,
and in his room in the stable, the officers
found a window weight marked with
blood and knotted gray hair. Some of
Knapp's discarded garments were covered
with blood, and the collar and waistcoat
he wore, when arrested, were spotted
with bloody finger prints.

A trail was discovered over which the
woman had been dragged from the stable
to the lot where the body was found.
Knapp is 37 years old and has a criminal
record, having served 13 years in the Fos-
ter penitentiary for the murder of Jas.
Quinn, of Humboldt, Iowa, in a gambling
quarrel.

TWELVE KILLED AND AMERICAN WOUNDED IN MANAGUA RIOTS

Managua, Nov. 14.—Twelve persons are
dead at Leon and a great many wounded
as the result of a political demonstration
there yesterday. The government issued
orders prohibiting a Liberal manifestation,
and when the Liberals and their adier-
cous gathered in the streets to carry out
their plans, troops were sent against them.
Charles Taylor, an American, is among the
wounded.

The American consul, Jos. De Oliveira,
went to Leon this morning to investigate.
A report received from him states there
was a renewal of the rioting today, but
gives no details.

MOTHER AND SON ARRESTED FOR INCENDIARISM

Latter Confesses Implicating His Parent in the Destruc- tion of His Father's Build- ings.

Hagerstown, Ont., Nov. 14.—(Special)—
As the result of the continued efforts of
Crown Attorney Murphy and the pro-
vincial detective department, Mrs. Fred
Smelser, residing near Selkirk, and her
son, Lloyd, aged eighteen, were arrested
today, charged with incendiarism and in-
timidation in connection with threats and
anonymous letters received by Fred Smel-
ser from some mysterious source, and also
with the burning of Smelser's barns.

The threatening letters warned Smel-
ser to leave the district or lose his life, and
the repeated fires caused a ruin of terror
in the neighborhood. Lloyd Smelser later
made a confession implicating his mother.
He is a son of the complainant.

He replied that there was a gun in the
house and asked her why she didn't fire
it off, as that would have scared any one
it scared. She said she didn't know how
to handle the gun, and he at once took it
out of the closet.

He handed it to her, she said, while
she was standing in a hall. Averill then
made a noise on the floor with his feet,
and ran into the bedroom, closing the
door. Mrs. Averill said that she was
started, and going to the bedroom door,
she opened the door at once, and saw
Mrs. Averill lying on the floor, she
shouted:

MINERS CONTROL AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR CONVENTION

Annual Session Opened Yesterday—
Over 1,500,000 of Men Repre-
sented.

St. Louis, Nov. 17.—The American Fed-
eration of Labor convened today and pre-
pared to get down to actual business at
tomorrow's session. The report of the cre-
dentials committee showed that the dele-
gations of the body would be controlled
by the miners' unions of the country, with
2,307 votes, and second in power are the
carpenters with 617 votes.

The report of Secretary Frank Morrison
showed that the convention represents 1,
561,181 trade union members. The organ-
ization of working committees will be named
tomorrow.

President Samuel Gompers urged that
the delegates hasten to business. He dis-
cussed the contempt case against himself,
John Mitchell and Secretary Morrison,
known as the Bucks Stove case. The
United States court of the district of
Columbia sentenced Gompers, Mitchell and
Morrison to jail for failure to obey an in-
junction.

FIELDING TO START ON HOLIDAY THIS WEEK

Finance Minister Attended Council Meeting Yesterday at Which Esti- mates for the Year Were Completed

Ottawa, Nov. 14.—Hon. W. S. Fielding
expects to leave Ottawa on Wednesday
Thursday next for a holiday of six weeks
or so in the south. He has not yet de-
cided just where he will go, but will prob-
ably select some quiet winter health resort
in Florida or the West Indies.

The finance minister was at a meeting
of the cabinet council this morning and
afternoon, at which the final revision of
the estimates for the next fiscal year was
completed.

The estimates will be tabled in the com-
mons as soon as the debate on the address
in reply to the speech from the throne is
concluded.

The budget speech will probably not be
given until some time after Mr. Fielding's
return in January.

THAW FATTENS ON A FRUGAL DIET

MRS. AVERILL'S STRANGE STORY

New Hampshire Woman Ad- mits She Killed Husband But Didn't Mean To

COLLAPSES ON STAND

Says She Was Being Shown How to Handle a Gun by Man She Shot— Other Witnesses Swear Dying Man Accused Her of Murder.

Associated Press.

St. Albans, Vt., Nov. 14.—"Josephine,
pray God that you may be a better wom-
an." This statement was credited to
Frank P. Averill as addressed to his wife,
who is charged with the murder, as he lay
dying on the doorstep of a neighbor's
house, by two witnesses who testified for
the government at Mrs. Averill's trial to-
day.

The defence completed its case early in
the afternoon, and several witnesses were
called in rebuttal by the government.
Among them were Frank P. Wells and his
daughter, Mrs. Thomas Richards, who
testified that Averill made the statement
given above while lying on the Wells'
porch the night of the shooting. They also
testified to having been invited to a husk-
ing bee at the Averill home as evidence
that there was no hard feeling between the
two families. It is expected that the case
will reach the jury within the next day
or two.

Mrs. Averill's Story.

On Friday Mrs. Averill collapsed on the
witness stand and was unable to resume
testifying.
Nervous and trembling, Mrs. Averill, in
a fairly steady voice, had told about the
circumstances leading up to the shooting
of her husband. She admitted that the
shotgun was in her hands when it went
off, but declared that the shooting was
accidental. She denied that the shooting
occurred outside of the house, as Mrs.
Frank P. Wells, a neighbor, testified, ad-
ding that Mrs. Wells was her enemy.

Mrs. Averill said that after visitors had
departed on Oct. 29 she told her husband
that she had thought on the previous
night that she had heard some one on the
back piazza while he was away and that
she had been terribly frightened.

He replied that there was a gun in the
house and asked her why she didn't fire
it off, as that would have scared any one
it scared. She said she didn't know how
to handle the gun, and he at once took it
out of the closet.

He handed it to her, she said, while
she was standing in a hall. Averill then
made a noise on the floor with his feet,
and ran into the bedroom, closing the
door. Mrs. Averill said that she was
started, and going to the bedroom door,
she opened the door at once, and saw
Mrs. Averill lying on the floor, she
shouted:

"My God, Frank, did I shoot you?"
After a few moments he replied:
"Yes, you shot me, but it was an acci-
dent."

Her husband wanted her to call a doctor,
Mrs. Averill went on, but she was in such
a dazed condition that she rushed from
one part of the house to another. He
finally dragged himself across the street
to the home of Frank Wells, and, crying,
she followed him.

Mrs. Averill denied that she tried to
shoot her husband in a hall. Only a
number of cards and letters written by
Mr. and Mrs. Averill to each other were
exhibited, showing their love and affection
for each other.

REFUSED TO PERMIT MAYOR NATHAN'S LETTER TO BE READ

Montreal Council Sends Reply to Their Censure to the Archbishops.

Special to The Telegraph.

Montreal, Nov. 14.—The letter of Mayor
Nathan of Rome was presented to the city
council today but was not read. The strict-
ures of the Roman mayor on the Catholic
religion were accordingly not given any
further publicity. Several of the English
aldermen wanted the letter read, and
though Mayor Guerin ruled that was in
order, the majority sent the letter to the
archives.

The letter is in reply to the resolution
of the council condemning Mayor Nathan
for his speech in Rome in honor of the
occupation of that city by united Italy.
One reason for filing the reply was that
the council could not modify the stand
had taken, even if they desired, with-
out a thirty days' notice. The letter is
published in the evening papers today and
is now a closed episode.

White's Slayer Gains 37 Pounds

Mother Again Seeks to Have Change of Asylum

Case Up in Court Again— Superintendent at Mattea- wan Denies That Notori- ous Murderer Has to As- sociate With His Inferiors, and Hints That Such is Im- possible.

Associated Press.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 14.—Attorney-Gen-
eral O'Malley filed in the court of appeals
today affidavits in opposition to the appeal
of Mrs. Mary C. Thaw in her application
for the transfer of her son, Harry K.
Thaw, from Matteawan State Hospital to
some other asylum within the state.

Among the affidavits is one of Dr. Thos.
T. Baker, first assistant physician at Mat-
teawan. In answer to the confinement of her son at
Matteawan is impairing his health, Dr.
Baker says Thaw's surroundings in Mat-
teawan are not congenial than they would
be in a civil institution. To prove this,
he gives in detail Thaw's daily routine in
ward 1, where he is a prisoner.

The appeal probably will be argued Fri-
day. Dr. Baker, however, has gained
thirty-seven pounds in weight, is permitted
to play cards with congenial companions,
to receive visitors, take outdoor exercise, read
the best of literature and is not compelled
to associate with

farewell supper given by his Middle Sackville friends at the Brunswick House on Thursday evening.

her daughters in Boston and Newburyport. Miss Edith and Agnes Falconer left yesterday for Boston where they will spend the winter.

CHATHAM

Chatham, Nov. 10.—Mrs. W. G. White, of Bathurst, spent a few days of this week in town.

Mr. W. G. Thurber, of Millerton, spent Thanksgiving with friends in Harcourt.

An enjoyable party was given by Mrs. John Forest, of Loggieville, last week in honor of Miss Jean Forest, who leaves tonight for Calgary, where she will visit.

Miss McNeil, of Chatham Junction, spent Sunday with Miss George Tait.

The Bridge Club met this week at the home of Miss Lillian Snowball.

Mr. Robert MacIntyre paid a visit to friends at Moncton last week.

Miss Lydia Matthews is visiting friends at Moncton.

Fred Mersereau, of Doaktown, who has been visiting his brother C. J. Mersereau, left this week for Liverpool (N. S.).

Miss Amanda Babineau returned on Saturday after spending two months at Moncton.

Mr. H. B. McDonald entertained a few friends at dinner on Monday evening.

Mrs. H. B. Maltby and her four children left on Tuesday morning for McLeod, Alberta, to join Mr. Maltby, who is now located there.

At a meeting of the St. John's branch of the Women's Auxiliary, held at the residence of Mrs. V. A. Danville on Friday, a gift of silver spoons and an appropriate address was tendered Mrs. Wm. Archdeacon Forsyth made the presentation.

A number of young men from Newcastle went to Newcastle on Friday evening to attend a dance at the town hall.

Mrs. Robert Welch, of Chatham, and Mrs. Bessie Stokes has returned from Plaster Rock.

Mrs. Holly Brewer, of Grand Falls, is visiting Miss Nita Wallace.

Mr. Allison B. Connell returned on Thursday from St. John's, where he was on a business trip.

Mrs. A. J. Patterson and Mrs. William Robinson left on Saturday for their homes in St. John after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Robert King.

Miss Marie Robertson returned on Saturday after a visit in Newport (R. I.).

Rev. Gordon Pringle, of Kincairdine, who had just returned from Scotland, spent part of last week in town with Rev. Mr. Leppage.

Mr. Colin King has returned from Boston, where he was taking treatment under Dr. Munro.

Mrs. Merton McLean has returned after four weeks visit in Boston and New York.

Mr. William Dalling returned on Friday, having spent a week in Toronto.

Mr. John S. Leighton, of Moncton, spent Sunday in town.

Mr. Tupper Adney returned on Thursday from St. John, where he attended the Fruit Growers' Convention.

Mrs. Charles Burpee and son, Bransville (Me.), spent last week in town.

Miss Gertrude McKendrick left on Saturday for Springfield (Mass.), having spent several weeks in town with her parents.

Mr. E. Hendry, of Chatham, was in town during part of last week.

Miss Ada Adams and Miss Mary Adams of Fredericton, are guests of their aunt, Mrs. Arthur G. Bailey, last week.

The engagements of Miss Alice, Miss Beatrice Williams to Mr. John Palmer, of London. The bans were published in St. John's church on Sunday. The wedding will take place this month.

Miss Margaret McEwan, of Houlton, was in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McLaughlin spent Wednesday in Harcourt.

Madame Serman, of Montreal, is the guest of the Messrs. Beaudry at the Grove.

Mr. F. F. Whittaker, of St. John, was in town on Friday.

Mr. C. F. Rogers was a visitor in St. John last week.

Mrs. Arthur G. Bailey entertained a number of ladies at bridge on Tuesday evening.

WOODSTOCK

Woodstock, Nov. 10.—Mr. and Mrs. Edgar W. Blair and little daughter, Isabelle, returned on Wednesday evening from St. John.

Wm. Irving Dibble, of St. Timothee (Quebec), arrived in town on Saturday to spend a few days with his sisters, Misses Blanche and Marion Dibble.

Miss Maude Weidick was a visitor in St. John last week.

Miss Jessie Vince returned on Wednesday after a visit in Fredericton.

Hon. L. P. Farnham, of Grand Lake, was in town this week.

Miss Ella Smith spent a few days last week in St. John.

Mr. William S. Sutton was in St. Stephen last week.

Mrs. Scovell Neales, of Sussex, is the guest of the Misses Dibble.

Miss Hilda Bourne is at home after a visit in Montreal.

Mr. Albert Monson, of Centreville, was in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. John Stewart gave a bridge of four tables on Wednesday evening. The prize winners were Miss Lou Smith and Mrs. Robert Welch.

Miss Bessie Stokes has returned from Plaster Rock.

Mrs. Holly Brewer, of Grand Falls, is visiting Miss Nita Wallace.

Mr. Allison B. Connell returned on Thursday from St. John's, where he was on a business trip.

Mrs. A. J. Patterson and Mrs. William Robinson left on Saturday for their homes in St. John after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Robert King.

Miss Marie Robertson returned on Saturday after a visit in Newport (R. I.).

Rev. Gordon Pringle, of Kincairdine, who had just returned from Scotland, spent part of last week in town with Rev. Mr. Leppage.

Mr. Colin King has returned from Boston, where he was taking treatment under Dr. Munro.

Mrs. Merton McLean has returned after four weeks visit in Boston and New York.

Mr. William Dalling returned on Friday, having spent a week in Toronto.

Mr. John S. Leighton, of Moncton, spent Sunday in town.

Mr. Tupper Adney returned on Thursday from St. John, where he attended the Fruit Growers' Convention.

Mrs. Charles Burpee and son, Bransville (Me.), spent last week in town.

Miss Gertrude McKendrick left on Saturday for Springfield (Mass.), having spent several weeks in town with her parents.

Mr. E. Hendry, of Chatham, was in town during part of last week.

Miss Ada Adams and Miss Mary Adams of Fredericton, are guests of their aunt, Mrs. Arthur G. Bailey, last week.

The engagements of Miss Alice, Miss Beatrice Williams to Mr. John Palmer, of London. The bans were published in St. John's church on Sunday. The wedding will take place this month.

Miss Margaret McEwan, of Houlton, was in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy McLaughlin spent Wednesday in Harcourt.

Madame Serman, of Montreal, is the guest of the Messrs. Beaudry at the Grove.

Mr. F. F. Whittaker, of St. John, was in town on Friday.

Mr. C. F. Rogers was a visitor in St. John last week.

Mrs. Arthur G. Bailey entertained a number of ladies at bridge on Tuesday evening.

NEWCASTLE

Newcastle, Nov. 10.—T. James Scott, of the Royal Bank, will leave today for his new position in Windsor (N. S.). Mr. Scott is succeeded here by J. E. Andrews, of the Union Bank at Halifax.

Such institution has recently amalgamated with the Royal Bank.

Mr. Bernard, of the Bank of Nova Scotia, has been transferred to Campbellton, and left for that place yesterday afternoon.

Wilfred Reid, contractor, has removed his office to the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Allison have a young daughter, and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Artson, a son. Two girls arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Farrar on Monday morning.

The social dance given in the town hall Friday evening was one of the events of the season. The hall was appropriately decorated with flowers and bunting. McEwen's orchestra furnished music; ice cream, and other refreshments were served at midnight. Mrs. Nicholson presided in a gown of black silk voile trimmed with sequins; Mrs. E. A. McCurdy, white net, embroidered with gold over her left shoulder; Mrs. J. G. Stables, in black silk; Mrs. Charles D. Manny, in tan silk; Mrs. Charles Sargeant, in fawn blue; Mrs. E. A. McCurdy, white net, embroidered with gold over her left shoulder; Mrs. J. G. Stables, in black silk; Mrs. Charles D. Manny, in tan silk; Mrs. Charles Sargeant, in fawn blue; Mrs. E. A. McCurdy, white net, embroidered with gold over her left shoulder.

St. GEORGE

St. George, Nov. 10.—The ladies of the Baptist Sewing Club will hold their annual supper on Tuesday evening, Nov. 15, in the party room of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Goodnow have returned to their home in Boston (Mass.).

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Milne spent the first of the week in St. Stephen.

Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien returned from a trip to Boston last week.

Miss McConnell, of Newburyport (Mass.), is visiting relatives in L'Etang.

Mrs. Samuel Johnston and Miss Russell have returned from Buffalo (N. Y.).

Mrs. Thelma Pembell has been a recent visitor with Mrs. Daniel Juffo.

Dr. McIntyre, of St. John, occupied the pulpit of the Baptist church on Sunday evening. The service was held at the home of Mrs. T. R. Kent.

DORCHESTER

Dorchester, Nov. 10.—The recent smallpox epidemic was confined to a few families, and the quarantine has been raised this week.

Dr. Eliza Ritchie, P. L. D., of Halifax, returned missionary from Japan, arrived in town on Wednesday, and will be the guest of Mrs. E. J. de Blois for a few days.

The young people of the Baptist church will give an entertainment on Monday evening in Hickman's Hall on the subject of the Return, and is the sequel to the Spinsters' Convention, which they

gave some months ago with great success. There will be several other readings on the programme, including numbers by Rev. Mr. Hatt, pastor of the church.

Miss Lila McLellan, of Campbellton, is the guest of Mrs. Annie Allingham.

Mrs. J. G. A. Colquhoun, of Millerton, spent Monday in town.

Miss Meservau, of Chatham, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Miss Gertrude Whitney spent part of last week at her home in Whiteville.

Mr. J. D. Murray, of Bouchouche, spent part of last week in town, the guest of Mrs. W. F. Cope.

Mr. William J. MacNeil has returned from a several weeks visit to her husband in Summerside (P. E. I.).

Mrs. Thomas A. Clarke left on Monday for her new home in Jacques River.

Mrs. Joshua Chandler went to Moncton on Monday, where she will reside for the winter with Mrs. Greene.

Mr. Thomas J. Thomas, of Millerton, is in town with his father, Thomas Colwell, expecting to make some change in business.

Mrs. D. L. Hanington is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. R. P. Payne, at her home in St. John, where she will remain for the winter. Mrs. Hanington has rented her residence to Dr. McDonald.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Mrs. L. R. Murray was hostess at a very pleasant young people's bridge on Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Fowley and Miss Fowles, Miss Della White and Miss DeBoo were the prize winners. The guests were: Miss Heustis, Miss E. Louise White, Miss Della White, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Fowles, Miss Parker, Miss Hoeg, Miss DeBoo, Miss Allen, Miss Parka, Mrs. Forsythe, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. King and Miss Connely.

Kenny and Miss Frances McLannon. After some weeks spent in St. John Mr. and Mrs. Kenny will reside here, where many friends extend many good wishes for their happiness.

Miss L. Sterling, who has been visiting friends here has returned to her home in St. John.

Mrs. Robert Ellis, of Red Pine, visited Mr. W. F. Pepper this week.

Mr. J. J. Harrington has gone to Boston for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. White have returned from a visit to Chatham.

Mr. R. Kennedy, who visited relatives here on his return from St. John, is in town.

Mrs. J. J. Harrington has returned from a visit to Chatham.

Mr. J. P. Leger went to St. John this week.

Mrs. Barry, of Chatham, has been making a visit to Bathurst friends for some weeks.

Mr. J. J. Kenny has gone to Boston to visit her mother, Mrs. Sweeney, for a few months.

Mr. Albert McLannon went to Moncton this week to spend the winter months.

Mr. Joseph J. Harrington returned from Campbellton this week.

Rev. A. E. Chapman (R. A.), of Bait Verte, was in Salisbury for a few days this week, the guest of his step-mother, Mrs. Young, returned to Hartford (Conn.) the first of the week.

Mr. E. C. McDade is spending a few days at his home in town.

Mrs. J. J. Moore, of Charlottetown, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. MacLeod, returned home on Friday.

Mr. Geo. Holt and Master Cecil Holt, of Hillside, spent a few days in town last week with Mr. Fowley.

Mrs. Muriel Ryan, of Halifax, is in town visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. A. Johnson.

Mrs. Foster and Miss Jean Foster, of Kingston (N. B.), are guests of Mrs. J. E. Donkin.

Mrs. Amherman spent Sunday in Port Greville with Rev. G. E. and Mrs. Backhurst.

Mr. H. C. Jenks returned on Thursday from a trip to the west.

Mr. L. Richards, of Dorchester (N. B.), arrived in town on Tuesday to take Mr. Christie's place in the Royal Bank.

Mrs. Fowley and her father, who is in town, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. O'Flaherty, who have been visiting Mrs. Henry Tucker, left for their home in Portland (Me.) on Tuesday.

Subscription Rates
Sent by mail to any address in Canada at One Dollar a year. Sent by mail to any address in United States at Two Dollars a year. All subscriptions must be paid in advance.
Important Notice
All remittances must be sent by post office order or registered letter, and addressed to The Telegraph Publishing Company.

THE DAILY TELEGRAPH
THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH
THE EVENING TIMES
New Brunswick's Independent newspapers.
These newspapers advocate:
British connection
Honesty in public life
Measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion
No graft!
No deals!
The Thistle, Shamrock, Rose entwined,
The Maple Leaf forever.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph
and The News
ST. JOHN, N. B., NOVEMBER 16, 1910.

THE MAIL SERVICE

It is intimated from Ottawa that when the new Atlantic mail contract comes to be made in 1912, the White Star Line, the Allans, the C. P. R., the Canadian Northern, and perhaps other steamship companies, will be bidders for the subsidies, and that they may be divided among several lines operating fast steamers.
As a matter of fact certain tests of the value of different routes should be made this winter, or early next winter, to determine to which port in the winter time the mails should be carried. The C. P. R. steamship authorities have contended, in no uncertain way, that if they were allowed to send their steamers direct from Liverpool to St. John, and direct from St. John to Liverpool, the service could be carried on more expeditiously and more in the interest of the whole of Canada than now. The strong position of St. John, which is the winter port nearest to the interior of the country, was strongly emphasized by the C. P. R. during this controversy which was carried on a few years ago.

OBJECTIONS TO THE SINGLE TAX

As the city is casting about for some method of taxation which will be open to fewer objections than the present system, it might be well to examine some of the defects which many profess to discover in the single tax theory. Objections have been made to it because it distinguishes between forms of labor. Here is a man who has put all his earnings into land; another has invested his in manufactures. Neither work themselves, yet the single tax would attack the income of the one and not touch the income of the other. But the manufacturer would pay the tax as the value of the land occupied by his buildings increased, and even if that land were held by another, his rent would be used to defray the tax on the land. The objection that the manufacturer does not pay the tax is a similar fallacy to the one that the consumer does not pay the tariff tax. They pay in both cases.
Others argue that the single tax would work ill because it would weaken private ownership in the soil, which is the very keystone of society. There is no doubt but that its tendency would be towards the nationalization of land. But Henry George loses his whole argument on the assumption that, to use his own words: "Since land values rise from the presence of all the life that belongs equally to all." Only free land, he says, can make free men. Point is given to Mr. George's argument by the condition in the Old Land. In parts of Ireland where were once populous hamlets, echoing in the summer

evenings with the joyous shouts of children and the laughter of young people, it is now utterly desolate. In Scotland and England there are vast tracts given up to the grouse and to deer that were once thickly populated. Merrie England is all but extinct, and glens that once sent out thousands of fighting men are now tenanted by a couple of game keepers. The land question there means notice to quit, labor spent in vain, the toll of years seized upon, breaking up of homes, hunger and misery. All these are involved in the land question.

Besides this the present condition there produces innumerable moral ills. The growing tide of social immorality, laxity among the poor, licentiousness among the rich; the crowding into rotten tenements where privacy is impossible, where modesty can scarcely be, where drunkenness and prostitution are all but inevitable, are largely traceable to this same cause. The crowding in the great centres doubles the value of the land and makes the slum inevitable. So the process goes on, making the country life poor and hard by robbing it of the social stimulus and social gratification that are necessary to human beings, and crowding the people together in the cities, packing them tier above tier, family above family.

Scotland has felt that unlimited private ownership in land is not just the keystone of the arch of her greatness. It was the power given to the highland chiefs by the English government after the great rebellion that made possible the driving of so many thousands from homes that they had so often defended on many battlefields. England entirely ignored the rights of the clansmen and tried to give the chiefs power like that of the nobles and great landowners in England. But the chief of a highland clan never had that power in his own right. His clansmen were never serfs or vassals, but free men. Every petty clansman held his lands and his rights to pasture and wood and turf, and to hunt and fish over the mountains and lakes by the same title that the chief held his more extensive lands and privileges.

There is of course much more to be said for and against the proposal to place more of the taxes on land, and other phases of the question will be taken up later.

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSIONS

One or two of the Montreal newspapers came in for some sharp criticism from the chairman of the Quebec province Public Utilities Commission a few days ago. The articles in which the commission was criticized were written for the purpose of stimulating action in the public interest. The average newspaper man has an elementary sense of humor which saves him from taking himself too seriously. This humor Colonel Hibbert seems quite devoid of, when he says that the Utilities Commission, being invested with the powers of a Superior Court, is also superior to ordinary criticism.
The cases offer absolutely no parallel. It is only by the widest possible stretch of criticism that the utility of such a commission can be established. The path of a judge in a Superior Court has been trodden smooth by the feet of countless predecessors. There are almost innumerable precedents to which every conceivable case that may arise can be referred. Conditions are not only different, but directly opposite in the case of a Public Utilities Commission. Even in the oldest country the matter is still more or less of an experiment. Instead of the path being marked, the trail is hardly even blazed, and the average chairman, to say nothing of the ordinary member, falters along it with stumbling feet. Such commissions have still to establish themselves in the confidence of the public. Sensitiveness to criticism or superiority to suggestions is prima facie evidence of unfitness for the position.

Through these commissions in the different cities and provinces the people are looking for the security of their rights against the greed of private interests supplying those utilities. The commissions have their origin in response to the constant difficulty experienced by the cities, amounting to practical impossibility, of securing a reasonable regard to the public interest, or even the fulfilling of actual contracts, on the part of gas companies, street car lines, telephone companies and the ever increasing number of companies and individuals that trouble them for concessions and bonuses and franchises. As yet the success of the commissions has not been notable. They have not succeeded in bringing those powers and corporations that have secured franchises and concessions under rule and authority and dominion. The wrestling is still going on. In this city we are still leaning upon a commission, as upon a reed, to secure redress against the telephone company. In some cases the commissions may not have sufficient power conferred on them by legislators; in other cases the members have not taken their work or their powers seriously. The people who have been silent under oppression expected such commissions to be a very trumpet through which they might call to heaven, but so far, in many cases, they have roared you as gently as any sucking dove, and they seem to be looking forward to roar you as twere any nightingale, like the immortal Bottom.

But some way these commissions must become effective. The other alternative is municipal ownership of public utilities. In England and European countries municipal ownership is proving a great boon. They find that most of the municipal corruption and inefficiency results from the policy of leaving municipal functions to private parties, and an unparalleled awakening of civic conscience on the part of all the people followed the municipal ownership of franchises. In this country we have decided to regulate the private companies by commission. There is no class of experts at hand to be appointed on these commissions, and the only way in which they can be brought and kept up to the proper standard of usefulness is by the fullest and freest comment and criticism.

SCHOOLS AND SOCIAL IDEALS

"You will hear every day," said Emerson, "the maxims of low prudence. You will hear that the first duty is to get land and money, place and name. What is this truth you seek? What is this beauty?" men will ask in derision. If, nevertheless, God have called any of you to explore truth and beauty, be bold, be firm, be true. When you shall say, 'as others do, so will I. I renounce, I am sorry for it, my early visions; I must eat the good of the land and let learning and romantic expectations go until a more convenient season,' then dies the man in you; then come more perish the bonds of art, and poetry, and science, as they died already in a thousand thousand men." This would this great leader and prophet call the foremost in the nations to unite for the promotion of the higher elements of popular welfare.

The school system is the institution by which the people, of set purpose, seeks to transmit its knowledge and its higher ideals to the next generation. With something approaching enthusiasm they pay ever increasing taxes and set apart ever increasing sums to these exalted ends. The people believe in education and are ready to make sacrifices for the sake of their creed. The problem is to supplement the teaching of home and church in such a way as to make the ordinary school course produce greater moral results. All through Canada we are required to grapple with the question of making aliens and natives into useful citizens, of making girls and boys masters not only of the three Rs, but of themselves. The things upon which we are agreed, the common ethical judgments as to the right, the true, the good, teachers in our public schools can teach, wholly apart from any theory they may have as to where and whence mankind has come into the knowledge of them, and whence it has derived the authority for doing them. It is probable that the most useful instruction in morals—the real basis of all true education—may be given indirectly in the way of comment and explanation rather than by formal lesson.

There is a general and growing demand today for the teaching of human duties and virtues on the general basis of social obligation. Of course, all well ordered schools are, without formal and set purpose, agencies for the formation of habits of respect, honesty, punctuality, sympathy and order. But, in addition to these influences for forming character, it is possible that systematic and comprehensive methods might be adopted for the general diffusion of knowledge relating to the development of human faculty and the real values of human life.
The value of such a training of the aesthetic faculties would soon make itself felt in a general revulsion against the untidy streets, hideous alleys, tumble-down houses, offensive advertisements on walls, houses and cliff sides, repulsive garbage heaps, ugly and weedy spaces, and in a more perfected and well-ordered life in every direction. The common schools can offer a most essential contribution to a more perfected and beautiful life.

THE IMPROVEMENT

By carrying New York state the Democrats will be able to elect their own successor to United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew. Mayor Gaynor has a plain word to say regarding the improvement that will thus be effected. Here it is:
"The one thing that most of all shows a returning moral sense in this state is that the United States senator to be elected by the new Legislature will not be one who has been a mere lobbyist, or buyer and seller of laws, from his youth up."

This buying and selling of laws, and the general disregard and disregard of the laws among those who should be the first to obey the laws, have been the cause of substantially all of the evils which have accumulated in this country during the last twenty-five or thirty years, but are now happily drawing to an end."

There is a similar, and perhaps even more significant, improvement in the election of President Woodrow Wilson, of Princeton University, as Democratic governor of New Jersey. The Republicans of New Jersey nominated for governor a representative of commercialism in politics. Personally he was a man of good reputation, but it was felt that he stood for the "interests" as opposed to government for the people, and he was beaten overwhelmingly.

The election of President Wilson makes him an interesting presidential possibility. He is a native of the South, having been born in Virginia, the state of Washington, and Jefferson, and Lee. He was educated in law at the University of Virginia, and practiced his profession for some years in Atlanta before he became a college professor. He knows the South, and is respected there, as in the North. His election represents a strong popular protest against dishonesty in American politics, against class legislation, against the seizure of the machinery of government by selfish combinations determined to enjoy advantages denied to the average American citizen. Mr. Wilson is a college president, but not a pedant. His character, as one reviewer says, was a stronger and heavier asset than his scholarship or his eloquence. "He was known not to be a 'money-maker' in politics. He was known to be absolutely independent of any ring or clique. He was known to be uncontrollable by those forces that would destroy vested rights. He indicated in his speeches a perfect grasp of public questions of the day, an open mind as to some of those questions, fixed convictions as to many of them. And the voters knew that he was speaking his real feeling, that he was not imposing on them with verbal jugglery."

highest level of political discussion, he constantly made friends as well as admirers of his hearers. A thorough student of our governmental system, a thorough student of the governments of the past that still belong to the present, and of the governments of the past that have fallen because of defects which the student of history can analyze; he never showed a trace of the pedant in manner or bearing; he was a man among men, appealing to his equals for an opportunity to perform public service as their trustees."

At the present time President Wilson would seem the strongest piece of presidential timber in the Democratic party. He would be strong in the East, and strong in the South, and his sane democracy should make him formidable in the West. Wall Street would oppose him, but Wall Street and the interests of which it is the centre, and with which it is allied, will oppose any man who is thought to represent a popular effort to prevent the buying and selling of legislation, in state capitals, and in Congress. And that is the big issue.

THE SALMON

The Sussex Record, which has done good work on many occasions for the protection of game and fish, and for the development of the province as well, contains an article condemning the practice of spearing salmon, which, at present, is being carried on in the vicinity of Sussex, as the fish go up the Kennebecasis to their spawning beds. This year the fish in the upper waters even as far as fifty miles from St. John, have been uncommonly numerous. They are unfit for food at this season, and even if to appear or net them were not illegal, it still would be a shameful proceeding.

It is time the Dominion government and the local authorities began to give this river a decent degree of protection from its source to its mouth. If that protection were afforded, the river for many miles would yield very fine salmon and trout fishing. The cost of protection would be small and the persons who own land along the river instead of suffering by the restraint would really profit quite extensively because of the increased attraction of the river for sportsmen. In two or three years if adequate measures against poaching, netting, and the dumping of sawdust into the streams were enforced, the improvement would be so great that no one at all interested in the stream or the land along it would think of reverting to the old conditions. Even as a matter of dollars and cents protection is highly desirable.

THE CHURCH AND AMUSEMENTS

We are all opposed to bad plays and to degraded theatres; but few of us are opposed to an enlightened drama and decent theatres. The stage that is hammered by reformers, we must assume, is the stage that exalts impiety and evil tendency for the purposes of the box office. Therefore, in giving rein to denunciation it is well to discriminate, to keep the shaft on the centre of the target, and to label definitely that which we are shooting at. "General invective," as Viscount Morley said pointedly once upon a time, has its humorous features.

The shrill protests against amusements that come from Dr. Torrey are rather in striking contrast to another item in the day's news which says: "Leading ministers of New York city have joined in a chorus of approval voiced by press and public for Klaw and Erlanger's production of Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm, at the Republic Theatre. Kate Douglas Wiggin, the author, gave an invitation matinee for the clergy and educators, which was a remarkable gathering." In view of these things the average man will be likely to ask: "Where are we at?" If we are to take the evangelist seriously, the difficulty of getting the true point of view is really pathetic. It is as if a kettle of broth were cooking quietly on the fire, when some one should come in and add suddenly a greatful of raw meats, vegetables and spices—a rich combination possibly but one likely to require much boiling. Many who have been in the habit of enjoying the theatre occasionally, who might even be inclined to say with Lord Clive: "Gad, sir, at this moment I stand amazed at my own moderation," will be surprised to hear that their course is altogether vicious. Under these conditions, values threaten to become topsy-turvy and moral leadership increasingly difficult.

We have not yet worked our way through to just discrimination on the subject. Our appeals are hopelessly unceremonial and without authority. Every one knows that church discipline has broken down completely in the large cities as far as dramatic entertainments are concerned. Some churches have attempted to meet the need for impersonations of character and life by giving shows of their own—frequently awkward, cheap, miserable failures. On this subject we have nothing consistent to say to youth. The one thing that is certain is that denunciation without discrimination overshoots the mark, reacts upon the speaker and robs him of moral influence. A serious economist like Jevons says with careful emphasis: "Among the means toward a higher civilization, I unhesitatingly assert that the cultivation of public amusement is a principal one." Play is a spiritual activity and the plays of children are the germinal leaves of all later life.

The influence of a true religion does not issue in asceticism, but in abundant life. Bread will not gratify the desire for music. Piety does not remove the need for recreation, for song or for pictures. There is a time for everything. Healthy religion flows into all the interests of life and sanctifies them. Lowell brings out this idea when he laid bare with just severity the helpless, futile and irrational mode of dealing with degraded men, merely negative means. He says: "They would hold their peace about the body of Snuffe, dancing to the music of a cart-whip, provided only they could have the soul of Sanbo alive by presenting him a

pamphlet, which he could not read, on the depravity of the double shuffle." By chastising with scorpions the pleasant vices of a people and uttering curses, bitter as quinine, against their recreations, we are apt to place religion in a false perspective, seeing peccadilloes as crimes and crimes as peccadilloes. The men who make merchandise of the law, who pollute the wells of knowledge, who foil the plain public intent, who make justice a mockery must be delighted to find the church exalt personal habits above social welfare.

We have never quite forgiven Shakespeare, the greatest soul who has lived since the prophets, for being an actor. But while we can see the life in the theatre, surely religion and life are both indebted to that great genius who crowds upon his stage in bewildering variety all sorts of men and women—kings, rogues, jesters, severe judges, grave-diggers, drunkards, innocent children, noble women—all unlike, yet all akin. There is no reason why we should not arrive at just and clean standards in relation to recreation and amusements. Repression and denunciation will not do. When the one demon is expelled and the house swept and garnished, seven devils are waiting to enter. And they will certainly enter unless there is a full house of good company. As a Christian people we have yet to learn that joy and hope are better regenerative agencies than scolding and tears. And every time a man comes into the conscious enjoyment of some new activity he is armed with a new weapon against vile lusts and irregular appetites.

BRIDGE OR FERRY

Judging by the discussion that is proceeding in aldermanic circles, the Common Council is likely to authorize the building of a new ferry steamer at an approximate cost of \$100,000. This may or may not be a wise proceeding; that will appear more clearly later on.

Before any further capital expenditures for ferry purposes are authorized, and particularly before the construction of another costly ferry steamer is undertaken, the aldermen are in duty bound to ascertain with reasonable accuracy the cost of a bridge across Navy Island such as would carry street cars and all other kinds of traffic.

The aldermen should now look ahead ten or fifteen years, and consider what we may reasonably expect then will be the condition existing with respect to traffic communications between the city proper and the West Side. It must be anticipated that the traffic of today will by that time have been doubled.

The aldermen should make public today the loss in operating the present ferry system. They should add to that the interest charge on the proposed new capital expenditure on ferry steamers. In another column they should set down the interest charge on the city's proportion of the cost of a proper bridge. Probably one expenditure would about balance the other, even if we are to suppose, for the sake of argument, that the bridge would cost nearly a million dollars. But the bridge, providing, as it would, direct, rapid and constant communication, would be infinitely superior to any ferry service such as the city can be reasonably expected to maintain.

For a time after the bridge had been built it would be necessary to maintain a ferry also, but that ferry service would be made self-sustaining; that is to say, the service would have to pay for itself and so completely justify its existence. It is a fact that the ferry service today is much better than it used to be, and it may still be improved. But, as we must ultimately have a bridge, and as the growth of the city and the value of much property on the West Side would be greatly increased by such a structure, and as a bridge is the only real solution of the problem in hand, it would be most unwise to authorize the expenditure of another hundred thousand dollars for ferry purposes before the bridge project has been thoroughly and satisfactorily examined.

The aldermen have not done well in this matter of the bridge. They pledged themselves on several occasions to ascertain the facts necessary to a business-like decision, but these facts they never ascertained, although they did secure some of them. The information necessary to establish the cost with a fair degree of accuracy was not all obtained, though it should have been in hand months ago.

The Minister of Public Works gave his explicit assurance that the Federal government would contribute one-third of the cost of the bridge, provided that the city and the local government would pay the other two-thirds. In the face of that offer it may be hoped that the aldermen will at least not commit themselves to the purchase of another ferry steamer until it has been made clear by the production of all the essential evidence that the bridge plan is impracticable.

NOTE AND COMMENT

Eloquent testimony given by the Director of Public Safety during the market investigation recalls an old resolution of the Common Council deciding to employ only competent heads of department and give them complete control of their jobs. What a booby joke that was!
The citizens of St. John will read with considerable appreciation Sir Montagu Allan's words about St. John and its prospects, but they will not so readily coincide with his statements regarding tariff matters. Here in New Brunswick people would be benefited more by a lower tariff than by a higher tariff.
The Toronto Globe's policy in sending a member of its staff to the Maritime Provinces and to Newfoundland to "write up" our people and our progress and our problems, is new proof of its standing as a national newspaper. There is an East as well as a West in Canada, and this section of the East, as the Globe will learn, is vigorous, prosperous, confident, and progressive.
Much New Brunswick money goes into fruit lands in British Columbia. It might

CASTORIA
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Ayer, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.
All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.
What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant, it contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.
GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Dr. J. C. Ayer
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 NUNNY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
FAMOUS GEMS OF PROSE
MASSACHUSETTS
By Henry Wilson

From a speech on the Crittendon resolutions, proposing amendments to the constitution, in the U. S. Senate, February 21, 1861.

IN other days when Adams, Webster, Davis, Everett, Cushing, Choate, Winthrop, Mann, Rantoul, and their associates greeted these chambers, Massachusetts was then, as she is now, the object of animadversion and assault. I have sometimes thought, Mr. President, that these continual assaults upon the commonwealth of Massachusetts, were prompted—not by her faults, but by her virtues rather—not by the sense of justice, but by the spirit of envy and jealousy and uncharitableness. Unawed, however, by censure or menace, she continues in her course, upward and onward, to the accomplishment of her high destinies. She is but a speck, a mere patch on the surface of America, hardly more than one four-hundredth part of the territory of the republic, with a rugged soil and still more rugged clime. But on that little spot of the globe is a commonwealth where common consent is recognized as the only just basis of fundamental law, and personal freedom is secured in its completest individuality. In that commonwealth are one and a quarter-million of freemen with skilled hand and cultivated brain—with mechanic arts and manufactures on every streamlet, and commerce on the waves of all the seas—with institutions of moral and mental culture open to all, and art, science and literature illustrated by glorious names—with benevolent institutions for the sons and daughters of misfortune and poverty, and charities for humanity, the wide world over. The heart, the soul, the reason of Massachusetts send up unceasing aspirations for the unity, indivisibility, and perpetuity of the North American republic, but if it shall be rent, torn, dissevered, she will not lose her faith in God and humanity, she will not go down with the falling fortunes of her country without making a struggle to preserve and perpetuate free institutions. So long as the ocean shall roll at her feet, so long as God shall send her health-giving breezes and sunshine and rain, she will endeavor to illustrate in the future as in the past the daily beauty of freedom secured and protected by law.

FATHER MORRISCY'S WAY

Of Curing Catarrh is Simple and Effective.
In treating catarrh, some doctors recommend internal remedies, while others pin their faith to external applications. Internal medicines do not produce immediate relief, while external ones do not reach the seat of the trouble.
Father Morrissey's method was to supplement one treatment with the other. His famous prescription, "No. 26," consists of tablets and saline, each skillfully compounded of Nature's own remedial agents. The learned priest did not believe in using dangerous and powerful drugs, when simpler and better remedies were available.
The tablets, to be taken three times a day, invigorate the system, purify the blood, and restore the health and vitality. The antiseptic saline, applied inside the nostrils, soothes and heals the passages and destroys the germs therein.
Attacking the disease from within and without, and working together, the two treatments known as No. 26 quickly cure catarrh and prevent future trouble.
For this tried and true combined remedy, 50c, at your dealer's or from Father Morrissey Medicine Co., Ltd., Chatham, N.B.

Uncle Walt
The Poet Philosopher
Once more, my friends, do I desecrate the good old trusty pumpkin pie! It stands upon the shelf, serene, a pie that's fit for king of queen! Of all good fodder it's the best; it surely soothes the savage breast, and fills the bowly home with cheer, and dries the orphan's bitter tear. When Autumn comes, with wailing breeze, and lonely birds in naked trees, when in the sad and solemn woods are fallen leaves and kindred goods, the housewife who is good and wise gets busy making pumpkin pies. With pots and pans and thingumbobs she starts that best of human jobs. She gets a pumpkin from the vine; a pumpkin yellow, large and fine, a pumpkin fresh from nature's heart—and then she whacks the same apart, and scrapes the innards from the shell, and makes her pies with joyous whim, and sees those pumpkin pies on deck, he shoves a couple down his neck, then folds the hausfrau in his arms, and says she's worth ten Kansas farms. 'The good old yellow pumpkin pie, O never may its glory die! Long may the women of this land make pumpkin pies, with skillful hand.
Copyright, 1910 by George Matthew Adams. WALT MASON.

SAYS
To Acc
Upse
Wilfred F
Interesti
at
Another Witn
Didn't Kn
Paying Al
a Week Fo
Says He
Building i
Interesting evid
market investigat
witness went on a
he had made arrar
tor to have a spe
just one-half the
quence of this ar
stand was not so
aucted. There
attendance, and th
interest in all the
Allaby was recall
Wilmot W. Howe
Hamm, W. T. B
Fenwick, Ald. V
Aulay, of Lower
stand. The inqur
Monday evening a
Percy Allaby.
Percy Allaby wa
Mr. Allaby, the
have you paid or
Sixty dollars, w
You mean sixty
the same for last
Yes.
Does that incl
No.
The money was
of the stand?
Yes.
Why did you m
At first with F
and last year with
Did you ever sp
the deputy clerk
rangements?
No, never.
W. W. Howe,
Wilmot W. How
Mr. Howe, you
No.
From whom did
from the city?
No, from Mr. P
Which Mr. Pott
I made arrangem
How much did y
Sixty dollars, b
Whom did you
To F. L. Potts.
Did that includ
and rolls as well?
Oh, no, just the
Well, I underst
you pay last year?
I paid Roy Pott
Did you ever p
market previous t
No.
Did you ever ha
Mr. Wisely or M
charge?
No, I did not g
Mr. Wisely told
Potts the right to
the market not so
Where did it c
In the market.
How did it come
Well, I went to
about a stand, an
gives Mr. Potts
stand not dispos
When you had
him did Mr. Wis
of doing business?
Oh, yes.
Before the sale
any one about st
Well, I spoke to
him if my stand w
year, and he repli
a position to say
You went to th
about a stand, an
given the matter o
Yes.
How did you pa
I paid \$10 down
29 I stopped payi
paid Roy Potts.
Witness then w
violations of the b
and forestalling
his notice. He adm
guilty of the last,
unworkable from
W. M. Babkirk.
W. M. Babkirk
How long have y
market, Mr. Babk
Eight years.
You were there
ley's time?
Yes.
Did you pay him
cupied then?
Yes.
How much was
No, \$52.
Did you occupy
you do now?
No.
Did you pay toll
Yes, sir.
What is your m
you pay both year
Yes.
Had you paid a
Akerley for pmo
I've been payi
Akerley and two
Then when Mr.
1907-8 you paid hi
and the year be
and \$1 a week.
This year you p
I paid some to F
Roy Potts.
How much did
About \$50—\$20
week.
Did that cover
No, I paid toll
That would cover
who did you pay

HON. CHARLES MURPHY DUMBES DEEPLY

Abuses in Printing Bureau, Since Its Start in Tory Days, Reformed

HAD A TOUGH JOB

Secretary of State, in Annual Report, Tells of Thorough House-cleaning in Department, Which is Now Efficient and Doing Good Work.

Ottawa, Nov. 10.—The story of a vigorous job of governmental housecleaning and departmental reform is contained in a report just submitted to the governor-general-in-council which will later be presented to parliament. This is the report of Hon. Charles Murphy on the investigation of the printing bureau, made under his personal direction.

The investigation attracted great attention throughout the country for, though held in private, a good deal about it was correct and much more that was not appeared in the press. The fact that Frank Gouldthrite, superintendent of stationery, fled to escape arrest and suicided while a fugitive, was enough to focus attention upon the investigation and impress people that while there was something gravely wrong it was being hunted with a keenness that sent panic to the souls of the offenders. It is also to be noted that the government was in charge of this house-cleaning and had undertaken it without suggestion from the opposition in parliament or out.

The printing bureau is a government industrial establishment for the production of the printed word in huge volume and in official blue-book form. It is probably the largest printing institution in Canada for parliament and the administration are great patrons of the printing press. Moreover, it is a huge wholesale house from which is supplied all stationery used by parliament and government offices throughout the dominion.

The printing bureau is one of the four branches over which the secretary of state has jurisdiction, and its annual output amounts to more than \$1,500,000 a year.

The investigation disclosed a good deal that was wrong about the bureau. Some of the things were criminal, more were imprudent and most of all it was shown that proper system had been lacking and discipline disregarded for many years.

Abuses of Long Standing.

However, it must be borne in mind that the bureau was not wholly given up to wrong doing. In spite of irregularities it, year by year, turned out millions upon millions of printed pages. It was running and producing day and night and this probably explains why it was not before the committee had been needed for faults as well as graver ones were known to the former Conservative administration, for they had been revealed in the course of a parliamentary inquiry as well as to a civil service commission in 1891, and if proper remedies had been applied at that time there would have been no need for last summer's investigation. But the shortcomings of the bureau had become a part of its tradition, and then and afterward men who had put up with its faults so long continued to endure them rather than attempt reform in an institution whose operations were a mystery to them even, though they were responsible for its management.

Hon. Charles Murphy became secretary of state in October, 1908, and Charles Parlane became printer in chief in February, 1908. Thus two new men were at the top. It did not take the secretary of state long to perceive that something at the bureau did not look just right. So, while the king's printer kept the business going the secretary began to ask questions. When satisfied there was something wrong he did not seek to hush it from the dread of political consequences, but took hold hard-handed and stopped the covering of irregularities. Where an offender or an inefficient head was found, off it went. Into the bureau were experts secured by the minister and went the smoke of discovery.

Tories Started Bureau Wrong.

In the first place it was learned that the bureau was started wrong by the act of parliament passed by a Conservative government in 1886, when the bureau was organized. When the king's printer was the titular head of the factory, there were two other heads who found enough warrant in the statute to claim and maintain that they were supreme in their own departments.

The act was so interpreted by custom and practice that the accountant did not get much opportunity to verify the accounts of the printer independent of stationery, who kept his accounts in his own hands. This proved convenient for his own operations but was decidedly to the disadvantage of the institution.

This divided jurisdiction arrayed the departments of the printer into hostile camps. It was complained of in 1891 by Dr. Dawson, king's printer, but no remedy was given by the Conservatives, and when the Liberals came in the complaint was five years old and forgotten. The consequence of Conservative neglect, Hon. Charles Murphy says, was the evil that was then left untouched spread and flourished to the serious impairment of the bureau's efficiency and the gradual destruction of the spirit of loyalty and co-operation which ought to be the basis of the institution.

Changes Had Good Effect.

The energetic action of Hon. Mr. Murphy has had a good effect at the bureau. There is co-operation now and more energy put into the work. This is seen in the financial condition of the bureau's output without additional cost. Parliament meets earlier this year than usual but every annual report of every department, including the great work of the auditor-general, is printed without precedent. This is without precedent.

A new act is to be introduced to put the bureau on a proper statutory basis and the organization is to be brought up to the best modern standard. Efficiency and economy will be the watchword of the institution.

This is the result of one man's work backed by his colleagues in the dominion cabinet, but it must not be thought that his work in the department of public printing and stationery has monopolized the attention of the state time since his appointment. He has organized and put into working order two new departments—the civil service commission and the department of external affairs—so that, today, the state department is just twice as large as when Hon. Charles Murphy took hold in 1908.

Some of the Discoveries.

"Tax management had favored the growth of many abuses that told against discipline. Among the employees money lending for small sums at excessive rates of interest was extensively practiced. In several instances the borrowers were sued and the division court bailiffs usually effected service on the debtors at the bureau during business hours. This had a demoralizing effect, not only on the parties concerned but on many of their fellow-workmen as well. Then it was found that private business was transacted at the bureau during business hours.

"In other cases there were certain employees who made a practice of coming late to work, and these, as well as a number who occasionally drank to excess, set a bad example to the more punctual and sober workmen. Some of the late comers added to their offense by making false entries on their time sheets, and in several instances their hours of arrival in the attendance books.

"It was discovered that another kind of falsification was also indulged in. An examination of a large number of orders revealed the fact that after the signature of the minister had been obtained to such orders, additional goods had been entered on many of the orders, without his knowledge. For the offenses mentioned as well as for other minor irregularities appropriate punishment was meted out in each case and effective measures were taken to prevent their recurrence."

Hon. Mr. Murphy's Reforms.

Prior to the advent of Hon. Mr. Murphy contracts were made through competition. He ordered tenders to be called for all but trivial purchases. But he says: "Notwithstanding the frequent instructions issued in this regard orders were placed without inviting competition, and in every instance without the approval of the minister. When such transactions came to his knowledge, drastic action was taken wherever possible, but the worst offender, the late superintendent of stationery, fled to flight from Ottawa before his facts in his case were fully known, escaped punishment for the time being, only to meet a more terrible fate at his own hands a few days later."

He found that the bureau was in a state of confusion and that the American firms with substantial profit to themselves thought at considerably greater cost to the country than was possible with Canadian firms. Payments for stationery made for the past three or four years purchased from American houses steadily decreased and purchases from American houses rapidly increased.

An examination of conditions in the stationery branch at the bureau was made by H. O. Wilson, chief of the stationery branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway. This was followed by an examination of all the dealings of the stationery branch by John Hyde, chartered accountant of Montreal, and Edmund Ryder for many years with the well known stationery firm of Monro, Phillips & Co. Their investigations showed that some American firms had apparently profited improperly in the course of three or four years to the extent of \$84,000. Gouldthrite is believed to have secured in the illegal profits but the report of the secretary of state intimates that an intermediary who operated from Toronto may have carried off the lion's share.

However, the government does not lose this amount, for the discovery of fraud was by quick action on the part of Hon. Mr. Murphy. There were quantities of goods—had been shipped by them. The payments were stopped and the goods seized to the amount of \$23,398. The government has been reduced in this way to about \$70,000.

No proof of dishonesty was discovered in the relations of the stationery branch with any Canadian dealer.

At the same time as the stationery branch was investigated another investigation was being held into the affairs of the printing branch by E. G. O'Connor, formerly of the Montreal Herald, the Montreal Star and the Herald Lithographic Company of Montreal. Apparently the chief faults found in the printing branch were mismanagement, lack of business methods and the payment for outside work at prices that would not be tolerated in a properly conducted printing house.

Stets were made out wrongly and money was run off through work having to be done a second time.

The presence of 160 hand compositors is regarded by the investigators as a ridiculous extravagance. Fewer men and more machines would be in line with modern methods. Thirty-four proof readers scattered all over the place is described as another of these against efficiency. They should be together and each should have a copy-holder. In the press room it was found that valuable time was lost through extensive corrections being made on the press which should have been made on the stones before the presses were reached.

The bindery appears to have received no advance notice of what the presses were running off and what it would have to handle. Thus work could not be planned. There was found a system of profit-taking which has resulted in the bureau accumulating a balance of \$382,000 to its credit with the receiver-general. This has been permitted to the departments more for work than was done. The expense that was overhead, charges and general maintenance expenses had to be provided for. This is a proper system, but the percentage of profit was too great. The size of the profit balance proves that the work was done in a wasteful manner.

The lithograph room is a place where lithography is not done. Instead a clerk makes contracts with outside firms for such work. Of him the commissioners say: "The clerk in charge of this branch seems to have been permitted to act largely upon his own discretion in giving out work and was evidently not qualified to deal with it." They also say of his contracts: "Some of this work is given out upon competitive tenders, some upon the basis of a scale of prices established many years ago, some upon tenders from a single contractor, and, contrary to your written instructions, many orders have been given without tenders being asked for."

It may be noted here that this clerk is one of the gentlemen whose services have been dispensed with. The remedy prescribed is the establishment of a lithography plant where much work could be done, and for all sent out a system of competitive tenders.

In a handsomely equipped office on the first floor or office flat of the bureau was found an official who is in charge of the voters' lists and ballots in blank, as well as the printed copies left over from use in previous elections. Just why this office is in the bureau instead of at the house of commons was not very apparent. But at any rate, here are assembled the lists, in manuscript or printed, as they are from time to time issued by the various provinces.

The law requires lists to be set up as soon as they are received and the type kept standing until an election is ordered. There is much standing type but two-thirds of the lists are set up outside the bureau and the standing type is not called in to Ottawa. Only the second copy of the lists is kept in the bureau and the type of standing lists had never been used. This system is a relic of the old days of slow-hand composition. The remedy prescribed is for the printing of 200 copies of each list as soon as it is received and the first copy should be held instead of the standing metal.

It was found that correspondence with the bureau is not carried on through one individual, but several parties receive communications regarding the affairs of the bureau and therefore there is not a central control and therefore there is not a central establishment. It is recommended that hereafter all correspondence with the bureau shall be carried on through the office of the king's printer.

The accountant is supposed to have supervised all receipts and payments, "yet in the evolution of events the accounts and control of the accounting branch have been divided. The stationery branch has its own staff of accounting clerks, time keepers are in the upper part of the building, and the control of the time and paper for printing jobs is done in rooms not under the control of the accountant. In addition, the accountant does not have furnished to him the invoices for purchases made by the stationery branch when he is asked to issue checks, but merely has furnished him a list of names and amounts certified by the superintendent of stationery, and thus he is not in a position to scrutinize details. Owing to these separate parts there is not a proper system of accounting. The bureau funds and employees in auditing should be gathered into one room and placed under the supervision of the accountant.

The stereotyping room and the room in which the proofing is done and stamped engravings are produced, are now in several spots upon which the experts looked with approval. They have nothing to say against them.

Among other improvements recommended are the employment of competent men to fill the vacant places of the superintendent in the printing and stationery branches. Better copy, both English and French, should be required from the departments and parliament; to get this done there should be some body, bureau, committee or commission, to supervise the material to be included in parliamentary reports; to supervise copy for reports and other publications; to supervise translation.

The bindery should have more plant and more room. Scattered stereotyping machinery should be assembled. Cost should be more accurately kept. There should be a store room for standing type, plates and reserve plant. Instead of four foremen of composition, as at present, there should be one, with an assistant, for each room. The "jacket" system should be applied. A machine repair shop should be established. There should be a general purchasing agent, or this work should be done by the new superintendent of printing and stationery. There should be a chief stores clerk with control of all the stores and supplies of both the printing and stationery departments. The bureau should make the loose leaf books required by the departments.

With these improvements carried out Mr. O'Connor and Mr. Hyde assure the Hon. Charles Murphy that he will have the finest printing and stationery establishment in Canada, and the country will be saved \$150,000 a year.

PAVMASTER HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR LOSS OF \$15,000

Massachusetts Swamp Search- ed for Three Italian Sus- pects.

Great Barrington, Mass., Nov. 13.—The three robbers, believed to be Italians, who yesterday stole \$15,000 from R. J. Hines, Pavmaster of the Worcester Construction Company, at the point of guns, were still at large tonight. A search of the Egmont swamp and surrounding woods, prosecuted all last night and continued today and tonight, failed to disclose any trace of the highwaymen. So thorough was the search believed to be, that when it failed to disclose the robbers, it became the general belief that the men responsible for the hold-up are no longer in the woods.

Although continuing the scouring of the swamps, and woods, those directing the hunt turned today more to outside inquiry in the possibility that the men might be located in a nearby city or town, and a thorough investigation of all the laborers employed by the construction on the Egmont line which is building from Great Barrington to Gannett (Conn.).

Paymaster Hines said today he is positive the men were Italians. The man who appeared to be the leader of the trio, and who poked a gun into the pavmaster's eye early this morning, apparently had a few words of command to the others in foreign words, apparently Italian. All wore rough masks cut from burlap bags such as are plenty about the construction camps. In the excitement immediately following the hold-up and the hunt for the robbers, the men might have had an opportunity to hide their booty and take their places in the hunt with their fellow laborers.

ADVOCATES ROYAL COURT IN CANADA

London Times Believes it is King and Queen's Duty to Visit the Colonies.

London, Nov. 12.—The Times, editorially, again dwells on the probability of the king and queen visiting the overseas dominions, and says that with the accession of King George the empire enters a new and more auspicious era; and that he has responsibility to the empire which he can fully discharge only by personal contact. It was therefore right and seemly that His Majesty should contemplate holding courts in the dominions.

The Times' Rome correspondent writes in reference to Mayor Nathan's letter to the Montreal council that the letter is one in which a well-educated school boy might have assumed the personal attack. It is couched in language of trivial petulance. The correspondent says it has provoked very general expostulation on the part of the Roman press which is entirely disagreeable to the Romans from the vagaries of the "syndic," and it is to be hoped the people of Montreal will readily understand the real state of affairs and give the letter its due of hilarity and commiseration.

The Roman press, however, largely influenced by big reduction in this week's killings in Denmark. Values have been raised 2 to 4c. Danish, 2c. Canadian, which had a good demand is quoted at 61 to 66, same slow at 70 to 73; cheese firm and in steady demand; fine September, white and colored 56 and 57; earlier makes 54 and 55.

The proposed scheme of acceleration of the Canadian traffic All Red route via Holyhead is being abandoned for the present, but will be pressed forward early in 1911.

Capetown, Nov. 12.—Further honors in connection with the opening of the union parliament have been postponed owing to Botha and Smuts declining titles.

AMHERST SHOE COMPANY IN NEW RUBBER CONCERN

Independent Plant to Be Start- ed at Merritt, Ont., With \$500,000 Capital.

Toronto, Nov. 12.—The Independent Rubber Company with a capital of \$500,000, composed of some of the largest shoe manufacturers in Canada, has been formed, and will shortly begin work at Merritt, where they have taken over a large building formerly used as a woolen mill. James Robinson, a large dealer of Merritt, who some time ago bought out the business of the Robinson Lindsay Rubber Company here, was in Toronto yesterday closing out the business.

Mr. Robinson, who is a Montreal alderman, is largely interested in the Independent Rubber Company. With him are associated the firms of Garside & White, McLaren & Dallas, Toronto; the London Shoe Company, Killohr-Ramer Company, Winnipeg; and the Amherst Shoe Company of Amherst, N. S.

Work at the new factory in Merritt is expected to begin at once. One of the superintendents of the Maple Leaf Company will direct the management of the Independent Rubber Company.

ALBANY IMMIGRATION FIGURES BROKEN AT MONTREAL PORT

About 132,000 Have Landed for the Season Just Closing —All Newcomers a Desir- able Class.

Montreal, Nov. 12.—With the present week the regular immigration season from Europe will close, and it is stated by railroad men that it by far exceeds any previous season in Canada's history. While definite figures are not yet available it is estimated by the officials looking after this work that since the beginning of Montreal's navigation season about 132,000 settlers have landed here and been distributed through the country, the majority of them going to the west, although quite a large percentage were booked for Ontario and Quebec points.

Not only has the season been notable in point of numbers, but as regards quality, more settlers coming from the British Isles than ever before. In fact, the traditional immigrant, with no money but that he expects to make, has been almost a forgotten item, and the per capita wealth of the new settlers, especially from Great Britain, has been surprisingly high. On the Canadian Pacific Railway alone 98,400 immigrants were handled, or about 70 per cent of the total. These came as follows: May, 23,000; June, 16,200; July, 11,500; August, 12,000; September, 12,900; October, 10,000, and up to date for November, 1,200.

Although the season is approaching its close, an unusually large number of people are coming to Canada, a goodly proportion of them, of course, being returning travellers. At present there are 3,800 on the ocean bound for Montreal, of whom a considerable number are settlers. They are coming:—On the Corsican 850; Lake Erie, 400; Empress of Britain, 1,150; Dominion, 400; Montezuma, 400; Carona, 300; Ionian, 350; and Lake Michigan, 350.

CHATHAM MAN ARRESTED ON A SERIOUS CHARGE

Woman's Suit Discloses the Treatment Received

Chatham, N.B., Nov. 11.—Patrick Anderson was arrested at noon today by Chief Coughlan on a warrant sworn out by Frank O'Connell, formerly of New York. He has a brother named John P. O'Connell, who keeps a hotel in New York city, and robbing him of \$85 yesterday afternoon. O'Connell says that he and Anderson were on the wharf, back of the Babine Hotel, having a drink or two, when Paddy seized him by the throat, bent him back over a boat and robbed him of his money, \$85, in all.

O'Connell worked for a time on the G. T. P. at McGivney's Junction and had come to Chatham for a holiday. He claims he has a brother named John P. O'Connell, who keeps a hotel in New York city, and robbing him of \$85 yesterday afternoon. O'Connell says that he and Anderson were on the wharf, back of the Babine Hotel, having a drink or two, when Paddy seized him by the throat, bent him back over a boat and robbed him of his money, \$85, in all.

O'Connell worked for a time on the G. T. P. at McGivney's Junction and had come to Chatham for a holiday. He claims he has a brother named John P. O'Connell, who keeps a hotel in New York city, and robbing him of \$85 yesterday afternoon. O'Connell says that he and Anderson were on the wharf, back of the Babine Hotel, having a drink or two, when Paddy seized him by the throat, bent him back over a boat and robbed him of his money, \$85, in all.

WOMAN FAINTED AT MENTION OF CRIPPEN'S NAME

Exciting Election Campaign in Digby County

Alix, Alta., Nov. 12.—(Special)—Great excitement has been caused here by a report that a woman who arrived in town on Wednesday is none other than Belle Elmore, Dr. Crispin's wife. The report started from a person who stated that the woman fainted when Crispin's name was mentioned in her presence, and again fainted when she read in a newspaper that Crispin had been sentenced to hang.

The woman answers in some degree to the portrait of the missing woman. It is said that the police are watching her movements.

Digby, Nov. 12.—Attorney-General McLean, E. H. Armstrong, M. P. of Westmorland, and Mr. Wall, the Liberal candidate, addressed a very successful political meeting in the Oddfellows' hall last night. H. L. Dennison, K. C., was chairman. The Conservative machine in Halifax is now flooding Digby county with some of the greatest literature ever placed before an intelligent public, and the tactics they are using throughout the canvass are of such a nature, when exposed, that the Conservative cause is becoming discredited and are signifying their intention to vote on Tuesday for Mr. Wall, the government candidate, who makes friends wherever he goes. The Conservatives are making a great effort to elect the opposition candidate.

PAVMASTER HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR LOSS OF \$15,000

Massachusetts Swamp Search- ed for Three Italian Sus- pects.

Great Barrington, Mass., Nov. 13.—The three robbers, believed to be Italians, who yesterday stole \$15,000 from R. J. Hines, Pavmaster of the Worcester Construction Company, at the point of guns, were still at large tonight. A search of the Egmont swamp and surrounding woods, prosecuted all last night and continued today and tonight, failed to disclose any trace of the highwaymen. So thorough was the search believed to be, that when it failed to disclose the robbers, it became the general belief that the men responsible for the hold-up are no longer in the woods.

Although continuing the scouring of the swamps, and woods, those directing the hunt turned today more to outside inquiry in the possibility that the men might be located in a nearby city or town, and a thorough investigation of all the laborers employed by the construction on the Egmont line which is building from Great Barrington to Gannett (Conn.).

Paymaster Hines said today he is positive the men were Italians. The man who appeared to be the leader of the trio, and who poked a gun into the pavmaster's eye early this morning, apparently had a few words of command to the others in foreign words, apparently Italian. All wore rough masks cut from burlap bags such as are plenty about the construction camps. In the excitement immediately following the hold-up and the hunt for the robbers, the men might have had an opportunity to hide their booty and take their places in the hunt with their fellow laborers.

ADVOCATES ROYAL COURT IN CANADA

London Times Believes it is King and Queen's Duty to Visit the Colonies.

London, Nov. 12.—The Times, editorially, again dwells on the probability of the king and queen visiting the overseas dominions, and says that with the accession of King George the empire enters a new and more auspicious era; and that he has responsibility to the empire which he can fully discharge only by personal contact. It was therefore right and seemly that His Majesty should contemplate holding courts in the dominions.

The Times' Rome correspondent writes in reference to Mayor Nathan's letter to the Montreal council that the letter is one in which a well-educated school boy might have assumed the personal attack. It is couched in language of trivial petulance. The correspondent says it has provoked very general expostulation on the part of the Roman press which is entirely disagreeable to the Romans from the vagaries of the "syndic," and it is to be hoped the people of Montreal will readily understand the real state of affairs and give the letter its due of hilarity and commiseration.

The Roman press, however, largely influenced by big reduction in this week's killings in Denmark. Values have been raised 2 to 4c. Danish, 2c. Canadian, which had a good demand is quoted at 61 to 66, same slow at 70 to 73; cheese firm and in steady demand; fine September, white and colored 56 and 57; earlier makes 54 and 55.

The proposed scheme of acceleration of the Canadian traffic All Red route via Holyhead is being abandoned for the present, but will be pressed forward early in 1911.

Capetown, Nov. 12.—Further honors in connection with the opening of the union parliament have been postponed owing to Botha and Smuts declining titles.

AMHERST SHOE COMPANY IN NEW RUBBER CONCERN

Independent Plant to Be Start- ed at Merritt, Ont., With \$500,000 Capital.

Toronto, Nov. 12.—The Independent Rubber Company with a capital of \$500,000, composed of some of the largest shoe manufacturers in Canada, has been formed, and will shortly begin work at Merritt, where they have taken over a large building formerly used as a woolen mill. James Robinson, a large dealer of Merritt, who some time ago bought out the business of the Robinson Lindsay Rubber Company here, was in Toronto yesterday closing out the business.

Mr. Robinson, who is a Montreal alderman, is largely interested in the Independent Rubber Company. With him are associated the firms of Garside & White, McLaren & Dallas, Toronto; the London Shoe Company, Killohr-Ramer Company, Winnipeg; and the Amherst Shoe Company of Amherst, N. S.

Work at the new factory in Merritt is expected to begin at once. One of the superintendents of the Maple Leaf Company will direct the management of the Independent Rubber Company.

ALBANY IMMIGRATION FIGURES BROKEN AT MONTREAL PORT

About 132,000 Have Landed for the Season Just Closing —All Newcomers a Desir- able Class.

Montreal, Nov. 12.—With the present week the regular immigration season from Europe will close, and it is stated by railroad men that it by far exceeds any previous season in Canada's history. While definite figures are not yet available it is estimated by the officials looking after this work that since the beginning of Montreal's navigation season about 132,000 settlers have landed here and been distributed through the country, the majority of them going to the west, although quite a large percentage were booked for Ontario and Quebec points.

Not only has the season been notable in point of numbers, but as regards quality, more settlers coming from the British Isles than ever before. In fact, the traditional immigrant, with no money but that he expects to make, has been almost a forgotten item, and the per capita wealth of the new settlers, especially from Great Britain, has been surprisingly high. On the Canadian Pacific Railway alone 98,400 immigrants were handled, or about 70 per cent of the total. These came as follows: May, 23,000; June, 16,200; July, 11,500; August, 12,000; September, 12,900; October, 10,000, and up to date for November, 1,200.

Although the season is approaching its close, an unusually large number of people are coming to Canada, a goodly proportion of them, of course, being returning travellers. At present there are 3,800 on the ocean bound for Montreal, of whom a considerable number are settlers. They are coming:—On the Corsican 850; Lake Erie, 400; Empress of Britain, 1,150; Dominion, 400; Montezuma, 400; Carona, 300; Ionian, 350; and Lake Michigan, 350.

CHATHAM MAN ARRESTED ON A SERIOUS CHARGE

Woman's Suit Discloses the Treatment Received

Chatham, N.B., Nov. 11.—Patrick Anderson was arrested at noon today by Chief Coughlan on a warrant sworn out by Frank O'Connell, formerly of New York. He has a brother named John P. O'Connell, who keeps a hotel in New York city, and robbing him of \$85 yesterday afternoon. O'Connell says that he and Anderson were on the wharf, back of the Babine Hotel, having a drink or two, when Paddy seized him by the throat, bent him back over a boat and robbed him of his money, \$85, in all.

O'Connell worked for a time on the G. T. P. at McGivney's Junction and had come to Chatham for a holiday. He claims he has a brother named John P. O'Connell, who keeps a hotel in New York city, and robbing him of \$85 yesterday afternoon. O'Connell says that he and Anderson were on the wharf, back of the Babine Hotel, having a drink or two, when Paddy seized him by the throat, bent him back over a boat and robbed him of his money, \$85, in all.

O'Connell worked for a time on the G. T. P. at McGivney's Junction and had come to Chatham for a holiday. He claims he has a brother named John P. O'Connell, who keeps a hotel in New York city, and robbing him of \$85 yesterday afternoon. O'Connell says that he and Anderson were on the wharf, back of the Babine Hotel, having a drink or two, when Paddy seized him by the throat, bent him back over a boat and robbed him of his money, \$85, in all.

WOMAN FAINTED AT MENTION OF CRIPPEN'S NAME

Exciting Election Campaign in Digby County

Alix, Alta., Nov. 12.—(Special)—Great excitement has been caused here by a report that a woman who arrived in town on Wednesday is none other than Belle Elmore, Dr. Crispin's wife. The report started from a person who stated that the woman fainted when Crispin's name was mentioned in her presence, and again fainted when she read in a newspaper that Crispin had been sentenced to hang.

The woman answers in some degree to the portrait of the missing woman. It is said that the police are watching her movements.

Digby, Nov. 12.—Attorney-General McLean, E. H. Armstrong, M. P. of Westmorland, and Mr. Wall, the Liberal candidate, addressed a very successful political meeting in the Oddfellows' hall last night. H. L. Dennison, K. C., was chairman. The Conservative machine in Halifax is now flooding Digby county with some of the greatest literature ever placed before an intelligent public, and the tactics they are using throughout the canvass are of such a nature, when exposed, that the Conservative cause is becoming discredited and are signifying their intention to vote on Tuesday for Mr. Wall, the government candidate, who makes friends wherever he goes. The Conservatives are making a great effort to elect the opposition candidate.

HAYLTON BLOCK GUTTED BY FIRE ANOTHER GAS GUSHER STRUCK ALBERT COUNTY

Three People Escape in Their Nightclothes--Several Ten- ants Burned Out.

Presque Isle, Me., Nov. 12.—A. M. Smith's wooden block on the corner of Main and Bridge streets was gutted by fire early this morning. The fire originated in the closet of a room occupied by Eben Williamson, a clerk. He escaped in his night clothes and bare feet. His hands and face were burned while trying to extinguish the flames. Mr. and Mrs. Jerome B. Clark, employes room on the same floor, hurriedly escaped.

The basement and first floor of the building was occupied by A. M. Smith, hardware, and the north end by Guy B. Chandler, as a crockery and variety store. The second story had been tenanted by Dr. Frank W. Lowry, J. B. Clark, H. Williamson, West End Lodge rooms of Mystic Tie, I. O. O. F., Olive Branch Engine and Rebekahs. The third story was a banquet hall. The furnishings of the rooms, paraphernalia, etc., are a total loss. An estimate of the losses has not been made.

Insurance on the building, \$8,000; A. M. Smith's, \$10,000; F. W. Lowry, \$500; Olive Branch Engine, \$200; Rebekahs, \$100; The Lodge, \$1,200; Rebekah Lodge, \$100; Guy Chandler, \$1,000; Jerome Clark, \$400.

DISASTROUS FLOODS IN FRANCE AGAIN

Paris, Nov. 13.—There has been no abate- ment of the flood from the River Seine, which still continues to rise. The gauge at Pont Royal tonight marks a height of 5.3 metres, which is 3.45 metres above the normal and somewhat higher than that estimated a few days ago for this date. The river authorities, although the tribu- naries and sources of the Seine are re- ported to be falling, estimate that the rise will continue until Thursday when it is expected the flood will reach a maximum of .20 metres, a little more than two metres short of the disastrous floods of last January. The low quarters at the eastern end of the city in the part of the Jardin des Plantes and the museum of natural history, are now inundated and the subterranean passages to the Austerlitz station are flooded, gangways being improvised for passengers. The cellars of the palace of justice, the Conservatoire and the prefecture of police are full of water. M. Lupin, the prefect of Paris, has installed traction engines and dynamos in the courtyard to supply electricity for the offices. The fine weather of today brought out vast throngs to watch the swollen river race by, but tonight rain again began to fall. The suburbs are suffering immense damage. The river at Amboise is over its banks, flooding the lower floors of houses. The poor in the eastern suburbs, who were so heavily stricken last January, are again suffering most severely. Many of their families have already moved out their furniture, and it is feared that a number of factories will be forced to close down tomorrow, throwing thousands out of work. The river Marne is falling but several of the smaller places along its banks are inundated.

CANADA'S "FIRST SOLDIER"

Bristol W. C. T. U. Branch Formed.

Canada's "First Soldier"—Major General William Dillon Otter, whose appointment to be Inspector of Canadian Forces is gazetted. He started military life as a rear rank private in the Queen's Own Rifles during the Fenian Raid. He has fought in every campaign since in which Canadian troops have been engaged.

Bristol, Nov. 5.—A young ladies' branch of the W. C. T. U. was organized on Nov. 5 at the home of Mrs. George Caldwell. The following officers were elected: President, Miss Gould; vice-president, Miss Pierce; recording secretary, Miss Davie; corresponding secretary, Miss Robertson; treasurer, Miss Merritt; evangelistic superintendent, Miss Robertson; lumbermen's department, Miss Phillips; fruit and flower department, Miss McLean, Miss Fulton.

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—(Special)—Delos R. Davis, of Amherstburg, appears in the list of recently appointed K. C.'s. He is a well known colored lawyer, and his son is a barrister and partner in business.

DR. GRENFELL MADE THREE ADDRESSES AT SYDNEY, N. S.

Hard Luck Pursues P. E. Island Man

Portland, Me., Nov. 13.—The woman whose dead body was found by the Boston & Maine tracks Saturday morning, with a twenty-month-old baby boy by her side, has been identified as Mrs. Joseph Warren, of Rumford Falls.

Mrs. Warren had been visiting her old home in Campbellton (P. E. I.), and returning to her husband, when the accident happened.

Mr. Warren came to Portland today and will accompany the body back to Prince Edward Island.

It is not known how Mrs. Warren was killed, her body having been found on the track not far from the station at Deering Junction, an hour after the train on which she arrived had passed.

WOMAN FAINTED AT MENTION OF CRIPPEN'S NAME

Exciting Election Campaign in Digby County

Alix, Alta., Nov. 12.—(Special)—Great excitement has been caused here by a report that a woman who arrived in town on Wednesday is none other than Belle Elmore, Dr. Crispin's wife. The report started from a person who stated that the woman fainted when Crispin's name was mentioned in her presence, and again fainted when she read in a newspaper that Crispin had been sentenced to hang.

The woman answers in some degree to the portrait of the missing woman. It is said that the police are watching her movements.

Digby, Nov. 12.—Attorney-General McLean, E. H. Armstrong, M. P. of Westmorland, and Mr. Wall, the Liberal candidate, addressed a very successful political meeting in the Oddfellows' hall last night. H. L. Dennison, K. C., was chairman. The Conservative machine in Halifax is now flooding Digby county with some of the greatest literature ever placed before an intelligent public, and the tactics they are using throughout the canvass are of such a nature, when exposed, that the Conservative cause is becoming discredited and are signifying their intention to vote on Tuesday for Mr. Wall, the government candidate, who makes friends wherever he goes. The Conservatives are making a great effort to elect the opposition candidate.

UP-TO-DATE AT MENTION OF CRIPPEN'S NAME

Exciting Election Campaign in Digby County

Alix, Alta., Nov. 12.—(Special)—Great excitement has been caused here by a report that a woman who arrived in town on Wednesday is none other than Belle Elmore, Dr. Crispin's wife. The report started from a person who stated that the woman fainted when Crispin's name was mentioned in her presence, and again fainted when she read in a newspaper that Crispin had been sentenced to hang.

The woman answers in some degree to the portrait of the missing woman. It is said that the police are watching her movements.

Digby, Nov. 12.—Attorney-General McLean, E. H. Armstrong, M. P. of Westmorland, and Mr. Wall, the Liberal candidate, addressed a very successful political meeting in the Oddfellows' hall last night. H. L. Dennison, K. C., was chairman. The Conservative machine in Halifax is now flooding Digby county with some

HOW SCHOOL TEACHERS ARE PAID IN QUEBEC

Woman's Suit Disposes the Treatment Received

Had to Buy Wood, Build Fires, and Keep School Clean; Also Pay Her Own Assistant Out of a Salary of \$250 a Year.

Montreal, Nov. 11.—An example of the treatment school teachers receive in this province was given today, when Miss L. Alouette, of Trois-Rivières, took action to recover \$97 from the school commissioners. The young lady was engaged three years ago at a salary of \$250 per annum, out of which she had to pay \$120 for an assistant. This left her \$130 a month. During these three years she swept the floor of the school, scrubbed it, lighted the fire and supplied the wood, paying for it.

CHATHAM MAN ARRESTED ON A SERIOUS CHARGE

Chatham, N.B., Nov. 11.—Patrick Anderson was arrested at noon today by Chief Constable on a warrant sworn out by Frank O'Connell, formerly of New York, charging Anderson with assaulting him and robbing him of \$85 yesterday at noon. O'Connell says that he and Anderson were on the wharf, back of the Bathing Hotel, having a drink or two, when Paddy seized him by the throat, bent him back over a boat and robbed him of his money, \$85, in all.

WOMAN FAINTED AT MENTION OF CRIPPEN'S NAME

Alix, Alta., Nov. 12.—(Special)—Great excitement has been caused here by a report that a woman arrived in town on Wednesday is none other than Belle Elmore, Dr. Crippen's wife. The report started from the fact that the woman fainted when Crippen's name was mentioned in her presence, and again fainted when she read in a newspaper that Crippen had been sentenced to hang.

EXCITING ELECTION CAMPAIGN IN DIGBY COUNTY

Digby, Nov. 12.—Attorney-General McLean, E. H. Armstrong, M. P. of Yarmouth, and Mr. Wall, the Liberal candidate, addressed a very successful political meeting in the Oddfellows' hall last night. H. L. Dennison, K. C., was chairman. The Conservative machine in Halifax is now flooding Digby county with some of the greatest literature ever placed before an intelligent public, and the tactics they are using throughout the canvass are of such a nature, when exposed, that old-time Conservatives are becoming disgusted and are signifying their intention to vote on Tuesday for Mr. Wall, the government candidate, who makes friends wherever he goes. The Conservatives are making a great effort to elect the opposition candidate.

GOVERNMENT FOOD STANDARD OF MILK

Ottawa, Nov. 11.—A food standard for milk has been announced by the inland revenue department. Milk is defined as the fresh, clean and unaltered product, obtained by the complete and uninterrupted milking under proper sanitary conditions, of one or more healthy cows, properly fed and kept, excluding that obtained within two weeks before, and one week after calving, and contains not less than 3.25 per cent of milk fat, and 8.50 per cent of milk solids, other than fat.

U. S. Senator Clay I. ead.

WANTED

WANTED—A capable girl for general housework in small family to go to Bayonne, New Jersey, about the middle of November. References required. Apply to John M. Robertson, 11 Crown street, John, N. B. 4234-11-19-s.w.

FARMS WANTED—All persons having farms for sale should write at once to Alfred Burley, 46 Princess street, St. John, N. B. 4242-12-17-s.w.

WANTED—Girl for small family. Apply Mrs. Andrew Blair, Rothsay, 4026-11-12-s.w.

MEN WANTED—We want a reliable man in each locality to introduce and advise our Royal Purple Stock and poultry. Specific and other goods direct to the consumers as well as to the men. \$15.00 a week salary and expenses or commission. No experience needed. The largest advertised goods in Canada. Write at once for particulars. W. A. Jenkins Mfg. Co., London Ont. sv.

WANTED—Cook, with references; good wages. Apply 31 Wright street, 2931-10-14-s.w.

WANTED—Cook and housemaid. Apply to Mrs. J. P. Robertson, 233-10-14-s.w.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; wages as usual. Apply to Mrs. R. T. Hayes, 13 Mount Pleasant avenue.

WANTED—Woman wanted to assist in laundry and house work. Write, stating wages wanted, to Mrs. E. S. Carter, Pringle Vale, Rothsay. sv

AGENTS WANTED

PORTRAIT AGENTS—Write us. We start public men we have to start. Merchants and business men. 23-12-14-s.w.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY for a reliable and energetic salesman to handle our line of First Grade Nursery Stock. Big demand for trees at present time. Thirty-two years in shipping to Maritime Provinces puts us in position to know requirements of the trade. Pay weekly. Permanent situation. - Stone & Wellington, Toronto, Ont. 23-11-s.w.

SITUATIONS WANTED

GRIST MILL—Practical miller seeks employment. Would rent a grist mill, or a good business or would work on shares. Communications treated confidentially. Address with full particulars. "Miller," care of Telegraph. 4226-11-19-s.w.

FOR SALE

A LOT of land containing about sixty acres, partly cleared, with barn, in the parish of Kingstons; will be sold at a bargain. Apply to Joseph Flewelling, Chatham, Kings county, N.B. 4155-11-16-s.w.

NOTICE

The undersigned ratayers of School District No. 20, Parish of Hampton and environs are hereby notified to pay the amounts set opposite their respective names to the undersigned Secretary of School Trustees within thirty days from the date hereof, together with the costs of the same, otherwise the same will be sold at public sale.

Up-to-Date Specialties

Card Systems. Loose Leaf Systems. Self-Balancing Ledgers. Latest Edition of Pitman's Shorthand. Burroughs's Adding Machine. Grameter Multigraph. General Up-to-Date Catalogue to any address.

BLESSINGS SHOWERED ON THIS COUPLE

Iowa Woman Mother of Three Pairs of Triplets and Four Pairs of Twins.

Ogden, Ia., Nov. 14.—Mrs. William G. Clark last week became the mother of her third set of triplets. She has records in the family Bible to prove that she is the mother of four pairs of twins, a total of seventeen in all.

In washing small, dried fruits, such as cherries, currants or raisins, the best way is to turn them into a colander or coarse sieve and stand it in a deep pan of cold water. Rub the fruit thoroughly between the hands and change the water as often as needed. Finally hold up the vessel and let the cold water, then spread on fresh towels to dry.

Cures Your Ills No Doctors No Drugs

Washing small, dried fruits, such as cherries, currants or raisins, the best way is to turn them into a colander or coarse sieve and stand it in a deep pan of cold water. Rub the fruit thoroughly between the hands and change the water as often as needed. Finally hold up the vessel and let the cold water, then spread on fresh towels to dry.

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived. Thursday, Nov. 10. Schr Tay, 124, Scott, from Lynn (Mass). Peter McIntyre, ballast.

Friday, Nov. 11. Coastwise—Stms Hamburg, 46, Rocke, from Hebert; Brunswick, 72, Peter, from Canada; and old stms Margaret, 49, Simmonds, St George; Iolanthe, 18, Leighton, Grand Harbor.

Saturday, Nov. 12. S S Indrani, Young, Glasgow, Robert Reford Co. (uneventful trip).

S S Governor Dingley, Boston, Eastern S S Co. S S Cecilia (Nor) Byrde, from Dorchester (N B). Robert Reford Co, ballast, to load for Havana, Cuba.

Coastwise—Str Ruby L, 4, Baker, Margareville. Sch Sallie E Ludlam (Am), Ward, Fall River, Stetson, Cutler & Co.

Coastwise—Schr Emily, 59, George, Five Islands, and old; Frances, 68, Gesmer, Bridgetown; L M Ellis, 34, Lent, Freeport; Lillian E, 13, Johnson, Seaburg; Two Sisters, 81, Sabean, Annapolis; E M Oliver, 14, Traynor, Beaver Harbor.

Str Governor Dingley, 2,856, Mitchell, Boston, W G Lee, mds and pass.

Thursday, Nov. 10. Schr Chas C Lister (Am), Robinson, New York, R Reid.

Schr Sallie E Ludlam (Am), Ward, Fall River, Mass, 54,220 spruce dds; 183,598 spruce standing, 11,445 spruce plank, shipped by Stetson, Cutler & Co.

Coastwise—Schr Constance, 42, Blinn, Bellevue's Cove. Saturday, Nov. 12. Coastwise—Schr Margaret, Simmonds, St. George; E Mayfield, Meridian, Madland; str Ruby L, Baker, Margareville; Iolanthe, Leighton, Grand Harbor; Two Sisters, Sabean, St Andrews.

Schr Harold J McCarthy (Am), Belyea, Vineyard Haven, I o, Stetson, Cutler & Co. Sailed.

Thursday, Nov. 10. Schr Jennie A Stubbs, Diskon, Boston. Schr Preference, Glouce, New York. Schr Peter C Schultz, Donovan, St. John, N.B.

Schr Cheslie, Brown, City Island, I o. Friday, Nov. 11. Strm Calvin Austin, 2853, Allan Eastport, W G Lee.

Saturday, Nov. 12. Str Rappahannock, Buckingham, London via Halifax, Wm Thomson & Co.

CANADIAN PORTS.

Halifax, Nov 10—Ard, schr Marguerite, Boston for St Pierre.

Montreal, Nov 9—Ard, stmr Jacana, Mediterranean ports. Parrsboro, Nov 9—Ard, schr Glendon, George, St Stephen.

Quebec, Nov 7—Ard, stms Lake Manitoba, from Liverpool.

Quebec, Nov 7—Ard, stms Starnia, Glasgow; Memnon, South Africa.

Quebec, Nov 11—Ard, str Empress of Britain, Liverpool.

Halifax, Nov 10—Ard, str Tabasco, Liverpool and St John's (Nfld).

Hillsboro, Nov 8—Ard, str Nanna (Nor). Newark.

Sydney, C B, Nov 7—Ard, str Fritzone (Nor), Montreal; Sygna (Nor), Wabana (Sld 7th—Str Ocean) (Nor), Montreal.

Yarmouth, Nov 12—Ard, schr Lillian Blauvelt, New York; str Cacoua, Louisburg; Prince Arthur, Boston.

Halifax, Nov 10—Ard, British cruiser Cornwall, Quebec; 13th, str Rappahannock, St John; Boston (Nor), Jamaica.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Augusta Victoria, New York for Cherbourg and Hamburg (and proceed).

Matanza, Oct 23—Old ship, the O'Sullivan Empress, Pernambuco.

NEW CHANGES MARKET PRICES DURING THE WEEK

There were but few changes in the market prices during the last week. New potatoes have advanced twenty cents per barrel, and henney eggs about five cents per dozen. Yellow eye beans have dropped about twenty-five cents per bushel. These in brief constitute the principal quotations:

COUNTRY MARKET.

Beef, western.....0.09 @ 0.10 Beef, butchers.....0.08 @ 0.09 Beef, country.....0.07 @ 0.08 Mutton, per lb.....0.06 1/2 @ 0.07 Pork, per lb.....0.09 @ 0.09 1/2 Spring cabbage.....0.35 @ 0.40 Spring lamb.....0.90 @ 0.95 Veal, per lb.....0.08 @ 0.10 New potatoes, per bbl.....1.60 @ 1.80 Eggs, henney, per doz.....0.00 @ 0.25 Hens, each, per lb.....0.20 @ 0.22 Turkeys, per lb.....0.21 @ 0.24 Creamery butter, per lb.....0.24 @ 0.25 Greasy butter, per lb.....0.00 @ 0.00 Hides, per lb.....0.00 @ 0.00 California, per lb.....0.00 @ 0.00 Dried apples, per lb.....1.00 @ 1.25 Fowls, pair, fresh killed.....0.90 @ 1.00 Spring chickens, per lb.....0.00 @ 1.00 Fresh killed.....0.00 @ 0.24 Turkeys, per lb.....0.24 @ 0.24 Lettuce, per doz.....0.25 @ 0.40 Celery, per doz.....0.60 @ 0.75 Maple syrup, per gal.....1.00 @ 1.25 Bacon sugar, per lb.....0.10 @ 0.12 Bacon.....0.00 @ 0.16 Ham.....0.00 @ 0.16 Radish, doz.....0.30 @ 0.00 Carrots, per bbl.....0.00 @ 1.25 Potatoes, per lb.....0.00 @ 0.25 New cabbage, per lb.....0.30 @ 0.40 Mushrooms.....0.50 @ 0.00 Moosehinds.....0.05 @ 0.05 Venison, cns.....0.04 @ 0.06 Sheep, pair.....0.00 @ 1.00 Squash.....0.50 @ 1.00 Celery.....0.00 @ 0.02 Turnips.....0.00 @ 0.75

FRUITS, ETC.

New walnuts.....0.12 @ 0.13 Greenish walnuts.....0.14 @ 0.15 Marbot walnuts.....0.13 @ 0.14 Almonds.....0.10 @ 0.11 California prunes.....0.00 1/2 @ 0.00 1/2 Raisins.....0.14 @ 0.15 Brazil nuts.....0.14 @ 0.15 Pecans.....0.14 @ 0.16 New dates, per lb.....0.06 @ 0.06 1/2 Peanuts, roasted.....0.10 @ 0.11 Lemons, Messina, box.....6.00 @ 7.00 Coconuts, per doz.....0.60 @ 0.75 Cocoanuts, per sack.....3.75 @ 4.25 Raisins.....1.00 @ 1.50 California raisins.....1.00 @ 1.50 Val. onions, case.....2.25 @ 2.50 Ont. onions, bag.....0.00 @ 1.12 New figs, box.....0.08 @ 0.10

PROVISIONS.

Pork, American mess.....25.50 @ 26.00 Pork, domestic mess.....25.50 @ 26.00 Pork, American clear.....26.50 @ 27.00 American salt beef.....20.25 @ 20.50 Lard, pure, tub.....0.16 1/2 @ 0.16 1/2 Lard, compound, tub.....0.13 1/2 @ 0.13 1/2

FLOUR, ETC.

Oatmeal, roller.....4.90 @ 5.00 Standard oatmeal.....5.00 @ 5.00 Manitoba high grade.....6.35 @ 6.45 Oatmeal, roller.....5.40 @ 5.50 Ontario full patent.....5.40 @ 5.50

CANNED GOODS.

The following are the wholesale quotations per case: Spring fish.....6.25 @ 6.50 Spring hoes.....6.75 @ 7.25 Finnan haddies.....4.25 @ 4.40 Kipperd Herring.....4.25 @ 4.40 Clams.....4.00 @ 4.25 Oysters, in.....1.38 @ 1.45 Oysters, 2s.....2.25 @ 2.30 Corned beef, 1s.....2.00 @ 2.10 Corned beef, 2s.....3.35 @ 3.45 Peaches, 2s.....1.82 1/2 @ 1.85 Pumpkins.....0.25 @ 0.30 Pineapples, sliced.....1.82 1/2 @ 1.85 Pineapples, graded.....1.57 1/2 @ 1.60 Singapore pine apples.....1.15 @ 1.20 Lombard plums.....1.17 1/2 @ 1.20

GROCERIES.

Choice seeded, ls.....0.08 1/2 @ 0.09 Fancy do.....0.08 1/2 @ 0.09 Malaga clusters.....2.35 @ 3.00 Curants, cleaned, ls.....0.08 @ 0.08 1/2 Cheese, per lb.....0.02 1/2 @ 0.03 Cream of tartar, per box.....0.22 @ 0.23 Biard soda, per keg.....2.10 @ 2.20 Molasses, fancy Barbados.....0.30 @ 0.31 Beans, yellow eye.....2.20 @ 2.25 Split peas.....5.75 @ 6.00 Pot barley.....5.50 @ 5.75 Cornmeal.....2.85 @ 2.90 Bran, per ton.....4.90 @ 5.00 Liverpool salt, per sack, ex store.....0.70 @ 0.75

SUGARS.

Standard granulated.....4.75 @ 4.85 Refined Empire gran.....4.75 @ 4.85 Bright yellow.....4.75 @ 4.85 No. 1 yellow.....4.35 @ 4.45 Paris lumps.....6.00 @ 6.50

FISH.

Large dry cod.....4.20 @ 4.40 Medium dry cod.....3.00 @ 3.25 Small dry cod.....3.00 @ 3.25 Pollock.....3.00 @ 3.25 G. Manan herring, bbl.....5.25 @ 5.40 G. Manan herring, hf-bbl.....3.75 @ 3.90 Bright haddock.....0.02 1/2 @ 0.03 Salmon.....0.08 @ 0.10 Pickled shad, 1/2 bbls.....8.00 @ 11.00 Fresh cod, per lb.....0.02 1/2 @ 0.03 Bluefish.....0.80 @ 0.85 Halibut.....0.10 @ 0.15 Finnan haddies.....0.05 @ 0.08 Kipperd herring, per doz.....0.30 @ 0.00

GRAINS.

Middlings, carlots.....25.00 @ 26.00 Mid. small lots, bagged.....26.50 @ 27.00 Bran, ton lots, bagged.....23.00 @ 24.00 Cornmeal, in bags.....1.35 @ 1.40 Providence oats.....4.45 @ 4.47 Pressed hay, car lots.....13.00 @ 15.00 Pressed hay, per ton.....14.00 @ 16.00 Oats, Canadian.....0.48 @ 0.50

HAMPTON VIRSHIRE HEAD DISPOSED OF AT LOW PRICES

Hampton, Nov. 11.—The Hampton Stock Farm Company sold out all their herd of pure bred Virshire cattle yesterday afternoon by auction without reserve. They are now scattered among the farmers and stockmen of the province and Nova Scotia.

Mr. H. J. Fowler was the auctioneer. Simon Crowley, of Sandy Point road, St. John, bought the best Hamberg, Nellie, years 3rd, of St. Anne's, 11 years old, with a milk record of 7,000 lbs. The price was \$22. He also secured White Rose of Kelso, eight years old, the sweepstakes cow at St. John in 1908. Price, \$72. Lily of Hampton, three years old, also fell to his bid of \$48.

Frank Armstrong, of Fredericton, secured Bessie 7th, of Auchenbain, an extra heavy producer, whose milk record was 7,224 lbs., seven years old, for \$47. He also got White Rose of Hampton, a beautiful three-year-old, for \$41.

D. S. Mann, of Pettedocod, was the purchaser of Lily of Hampton, eleven years old, for \$48. He also obtained Gerta 2nd, of Alendale, four years old, with a milk record of 5,343 lbs. The dam of this cow is now nineteen years old, on the Alendale farm, and shows no sign of breaking down. The price was \$60.

W. E. S. Wetmore, of Bloomfield, secured the owner of Gerta 2nd, of Hampton, three years old, at \$44.

G. W. Ogilvy, of Little River (N. S.), secured Bonny Lass, of Hampton, three years old, at \$50.

Ermond W. Wetmore, of Clifton, obtained Ethel 2nd, of Hampton, two years old, at \$40; Ethel 3rd, of Hampton, two years old, at \$35; and Annie of Hampton, a heifer calf, three months old, for \$5.

Lily May, of Hampton, a two-months-old heifer calf, was bought by the late Prince, a three-months-old bull calf for \$5.

Herbert Monaghan, of Southfield, secured Jessie, of Hampton, a two-year-old cow, in August, for \$46.

Frank Roach, of Sussex, purchased White Daisy, of Hampton, a yearling heifer, for \$29; and Primrose, of Hampton, a three-months-old heifer calf, for \$15.

G. B. DeBoo, of Upperton, got Lady Jewel, of Hampton, a two months heifer calf, for \$10.50.

Emery King, of Moncton, secured Netherland King, three months old bull calf, for \$7.

James Glickert, of Central Norton, was the last bidder on lot No. 25, a bull calf, one year old, out of Ethel of Hampton, who was not put up for sale, at \$3.

FREAK ELECTION BETS IN NEW YORK

New York, Nov. 12.—"Mike Doe," as he was put down in the court records, who boasted of being "the only Irish longshoreman in the city," tried in vain to get himself committed to six months on Blackwell's Island today to pay an election bet he had lost on Stimson.

Another longshoreman bet him \$3 against six months in the workhouse that Dix would win.

"Relly bet me \$3 that Dix would win," said the undismayed loser to Magistrate Breschi in court today, "and I bet him that if Stimson didn't win I'd do six months on the island. I'm here to pay my end of the bet and, your honor, I want you to let me make good, being that I'm every inch a man. I wouldn't have Relly think that I was a fool."

Instead, however, of giving "Doe" a chance to pay his wager Magistrate Breschi ordered him to come back on Monday and bring Relly with him. This he refused to do, remarking as he walked out of court: "I'd rather do six months than see the Democrats win."

Although he is seventy-eight years of age, John C. Paulding, a veteran Republican, will walk from New York to Poughkeepsie, seventy-five miles, on his place Monday next, to fulfil the terms of a bet lost on Henry L. Stimson. He called on Mayor Gaynor this afternoon and announced his intention to start.

In 1870 Paulding pushed a wheelbarrow containing four pounds of buckwheat from Peekskill to New York city, after having lost a bet on Stewart L. Woodford, then Republican nominee for governor.

ST. STEPHEN ORGAN RECITAL MADE A HIT

St. Stephen, Nov. 11.—The organ recital given in the Presbyterian church last evening was a rare treat to the lovers of music on the St. Croix. Dr. Arnold Fox is certainly a master of the organ and assisted by Mrs. L. B. Gibson, soprano; C. A. Munro, tenor; and A. P. Dewar, of Milltown, bass, gave the audience an evening's enjoyment seldom heard here. The church was well filled and the organists and critics of music were present, and all hope that Mr. Fox and assistants will afford us another opportunity to hear them, for they will certainly have a full house.

Working With Poultry for a Living

There comes a time in the lives of a great many people when conditions change, and you are thrown out of a series of pre-arranged plans and compelled to do something entirely different. To a preacher it may be sickness that causes him to be forced to leave his chosen work and do something else for a livelihood. The ordinary preacher is not blessed with a great abundance of this world's goods, so says Rev. E. B. Temple, and it means that he must do something to support his family. The same thing is true of the shop-worker. He has been confined for years in the shop and his health fails and he must give it up. What will he do? He has always worked behind the bench and to be forced to give it up is not less than a great calamity. He has a family to look out for and there seems to be nothing in sight. It is true of many men in many classes of life.

It is essential, however, that one goes into it with the feeling that it is to be a business, not a hobby. They do not think for a moment that they could make a real living out of poultry. It is true that they could not from the very start or within a year or two, but if their health necessitates being out of the shop, there is nothing that presents so good an opportunity as the poultry business.

It is possible to make a comfortable living from poultry after the first year. The getting started is quite a proposition when one has to buy stock, build poultry houses, etc., but after the first year these things do not have to be done over again. Of course there is the constant repetition of things from one year to another, but that is true in any business. The best thing to do, however, is to buy the best stock that you can possibly afford, and breed from them, keeping all your pullets the first year and selling the surplus cockers. The second year you will have a few hatching eggs, and by judicious advertising you can sell a fair price. The second year you will hatch all the birds you can. Some of the early ones, that you will not care to keep, such as imperfect specimens, you can sell for broiler at a good price. Later you can keep culling and constantly marketing the birds that do not appear to you as profitable birds to keep for good utility purposes. Later on you can sell for broiler at a good price. The third year you will have a good number of good cockers. Now here is where the value of a good start comes in. If you have been breeding from the best obtainable stock you will have a surplus of surplus surplus surplus birds at a good figure by stating the strain and something about the goodness of the birds.

Working With Poultry for a Living

There seems to be a great deal of interest being taken by chicken raisers just now in sprouted oats for feed, and as it is a season of new suggestions regarding these paper a few suggestions regarding these. One advantage of sprouted oats added to the ration is that they provide the fowls with a supply of green feed, slight as this may seem.

There seems to be a great deal of interest being taken by chicken raisers just now in sprouted oats for feed, and as it is a season of new suggestions regarding these paper a few suggestions regarding these. One advantage of sprouted oats added to the ration is that they provide the fowls with a supply of green feed, slight as this may seem.

There seems to be a great deal of interest being taken by chicken raisers just now in sprouted oats for feed, and as it is a season of new suggestions regarding these paper a few suggestions regarding these. One advantage of sprouted oats added to the ration is that they provide the fowls with a supply of green feed, slight as this may seem.

There seems to be a great deal of interest being taken by chicken raisers just now in sprouted oats for feed, and as it is a season of new suggestions regarding these paper a few suggestions regarding these. One advantage of sprouted oats added to the ration is that they provide the fowls with a supply of green feed, slight as this may seem.

There seems to be a great deal of interest being taken by chicken raisers just now in sprouted oats for feed, and as it is a season of new suggestions regarding these paper a few suggestions regarding these. One advantage of sprouted oats added to the ration is that they provide the fowls with a supply of green feed, slight as this may seem.

There seems to be a great deal of interest being taken by chicken raisers just now in sprouted oats for feed, and as it is a season of new suggestions regarding these paper a few suggestions regarding these. One advantage of sprouted oats added to the ration is that they provide the fowls with a supply of green feed, slight as

