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## THE JOURNEY.

by thma churceman hewitt.
"O, brother! I am so afraid,
I know I'm sure to fall!"
" 0 , nonsense, little ister:
You'll not be hu at all:
See I 1 will sit behind ${ }^{\text {rt }}$ you
And keep you safo and fest $^{\text {B }}$
And then, if anybody falls,
Why, you will be the last.
There I now we're on our journey,
Firstup! then down! and then,
We lightly spring upon our toes.
And we are up again!"

## A GOOD LESSON.

Frances'smallmouth puckered, as if to say, "I know I'm a good child."
Her teachers declared it a pleasare to have her in the class, she listened and worked so well. In outward things Francas was a model girl, and indeed it wass because she learned readily that I can tell this story.
Margaret and Myra, Frances' older sister and her cham, did not like Frances' goodness. They saw that it was largely selfishness, because she pat school and herself before home loving and helping.
"Iet's give Francas a lesson," said Mar-q| to read. Snatches of the old ladiog' talk garet. "She mustn't bocome a selfsh little prig."
They put their heads together, and this is what happened: One afternoon when Frances was in the summer-house, studying; tro old ladies came slowly down the malk.

Frances jumpod up, as ono said, "Stay, child! Your mother said we would no: disturb you by resting bore a moment."
"I'd better go," said Frances.;
"If you insist we must go ourselves,", said the other old lady, " wed like to rest."

Frances sat down uncomfortably,"trging

would force themsolves in: "A good girl outwardly"-" but most selfish" " "refuses to help her brother" -"pains us by unthankfulness"-""yet imagines she is good "-" doess not know that love is goodness"-"'twill save pain if she learns it soon."

Francos' chocks burnod, for tho words were a mirror for heraelf. Aftor the ladies' farewell, she burst into teard.

At supper Margaret, who' had traces of powder in her brown hair, said. "Mothor, who were those quait thadios hero to day?"
"Two dear friends," "Baid mamma. "Thoy aro troublod zbout_a child who is selfigh and unloving."

Frances said nothing. bub sho detormined not to tronble her friends so.

Long, after, whon Frances' heart was warm and holpful, Margaret confessed that she and Myra were the old ladies.

Frances' oyes filled at Margaret's "But wo wouldn't neod to do it to day."

## AN ACORN FOR A TEXT.

"Here is my text," gaid the speaker, and he held up an acorn with its sarved cuip and smooth ball.
"Listen!" said he, puiting the acorn to his ear. "It tells ${ }^{\text {mo }}$," ho whispered., "that by-and-bye, when I'm a tree, birds will come and nest in mo; I will furnish shade for cattle; I will make a pleasant fire for the home; I will be a roof and shelter from the storm."
"Now, children," taking the acorn away from his ear, "I look into your faces, and what do I hear? ' By-
; and-bye I will be a blessing to many; I will speak the words of C.-rist's salvation to the lost; I will shine in beauty among Christ's redeemed ones.' "
"Do your little lives whigper that promise? Yes; if you let Chri... Fork in and by you, as God works in and througb_the willing littlo scorn,"

## CRUMBS FOR ROBIN.

"Let us pull the curtain," Said littlo Nell to Doll;
"And in the warm woll watch the storm, And 800 the snow-flakes fall.
"Then when the storm is over, And winds have coasod to blow,
Wo'll put some bread for robin red, Upon the frozen anow.
" You soo he must be hungry, There's nought for him to eat;
He often comes for bits of crumbs; I trace his little feet
"Right close up to the window, Three marks as plain as plain;
I'm sure he'd be most glad to see Soine crumbs of bread again."

## OUI SUNDAY-SCHOOL PAPERS.

The beat, the che:apest, tho most eniertaining, tho most jopular.
Chrlatinn Gunnlinn, weckly......................... 00

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## $\mathfrak{F u m b e a m . ~}$

## TORONTO, IECEMBER 4, 1897.

## POWER OF LOVE.

Two girls were going to a neighbouring town, each carrying on her head a heavy basket of fruit to sell.

One of them was murmuring and fretting all the way, and complaining of the weight of her basket.

The otber went along smiling and singing, and seemed to be happy all the way.

At last the first got out of patience with her companion, und said: 'How can you be so merry and joyful? Your basket is as heavy as mine, and I know that you are not a bit stronger than I am. I don't understand it."
" 0 ," said the other, "it is casy enourgh to understand. I have a certain little plant which I put on top of my load, and it makes it so jight that I can hardly feel it."
"Indeed! That must be a vary precious little plant. I wish I could lighten my
load with it. Whoro does it grow? Tell me. What do you call it?"
"It grows wherever you plant it and give it is chance to take root; and thero's no tolling tho relief it gives It's namo is 'love'- the love of Jesus. Jesus ioved me so much that he died to save my soul. 'This makes me love him. Whatever I do, whether it be carrying this baskat or anything else, I think to myself, 'I am doing this for Jesus, to show that I love him; and this makes everything oasy and pleasant."

## FIVE PEAS IN A POD.

## BY HANS ANDERSEN.

Once upon a time, in a farmer's garden, there lived five little peas in a ting house that people callod a pod. The little peas were green, the little pod was green, and the vine that held the pod was green. "All the world is green," thought the little peas.

The warm sun shone apnn the vine, and the raindrops fell, oh, so softly, and gave them all nice cool drinks. The vine grew, and the pod grow, and the little peas grow very fast, 80 fast that they wore crowded in their tiny house and wanted io get out.
"I'm tired of staying here," said one little pea.
"I don't want to be cooped up forever in this dark place," said a second littlo pea.
"I want to see the world," said a third little pea.
"I'm afraid we shall grow hard," said the fourth little pea, and the little baby pea cried, he wanted to get out so badly.
The days grew warmer and warmer, and the vine turned yellow, and the pod turned jellow, and the little peas turned yellow.
"All the world is yellow," thought the little peas.

One day a very strange thing happened to the little peas; their little house burst right open, and the five little peas fell on the ground. A little boy saw them, and ran just as fast as he could, and picked them up.
"What fine peas for my pea-shooter," said the little boy, as he picked out the largest $p 3 a$ and tbrew it just as far as he could.
"I shall never come back," said the next little pea, when ho felt himself going higher and higher.
"I am going to the sun," said the third little pea, as he flew upward through the air.
"Good-byo," said the fourth little pea, and the little baby pea was left all alone. The boy put him in his shooter, and the little baby pes flow right into an open window and fell on the floor near a little sick girl's bed. Her mamms picked him up and planted the little pes in a flower pot where the little girl could see it.
"O mamma," said the little sick girl, "I think I shall get better now."
"i hope you will, darling,' said her monther, and sare enough, when the little
plant awoke and grow highor and higher, the littlo girl could come and look at the groen leaves, and give the little poa-vine nice cool drinks.

## MRS. GRAY'S SCHOOL.

## BY MARY LOMBARD BRODHEAD.

This school was very select, as it had only three scholars.
There were many things about it that seem a little odd. There were no multiplication tables, no slates and pencils, not even pen and ink.

They had language lessons, but no spelling books or first readers. They were taught to tell time in a fashion-but evergthing was done so quickly that they had no use for hours, minutes or even seconds. They were trained to act by winks, flashes, and such tiny bits of time.
Indaed, forty winks was counted quite a recess by these lively scholars.

Mrs. Oray was very strict in all this, and they had many pretty exercises with strings, flying leaves and oven with their own little coat-tails to teach them that "now" does not mean " pretty soon."
Tidiness was another lesson in which Mrs. Gray drilled her little people. As often as they got hot and untidy, they were made to sit down quietly and make themselves neat. Each scholar had a littls pink brush that she was taught to use 8G well that when dressing-time was over they all looked as neat as a new pin. It is greatly to the credit of the school that no one ever cried or poated over the tidiness lesson, and soon all the scholars learned to polish their neat little nails without any special orders.

Natural history lessons were given out of doors and everybody enjoyed them. Mrs. Gray would take them out under the trees where they could watch the habits of birds, and then to the fields where they were shown the nests of the field-mice and the grassy little cribs of the baby rabbits.
On rainy days Mrs. Gray offen took the school to the barn and gave them a lecture oD. rats and mice.

Although the school had no gymnasium, nor dumb-bells, nor Indian clubs, there were plenty of lessons in athletics. That means learning how to grow active and strong. They ran and leaped, and jumped and climbed, trying to do just what Mrs. Gray did. As their teacher had always worn loose, comfortable clothes she was able to lead them in all these things.

Perhups you are thinking that there was more fun and frolic than study in this odd school. So one might say about kindergarten if he did not know better. Bub if you will think a minute you will see that these little scholars learned promptness, tidiness, cleanliness, patioi!ce, observation and obedience.
Long names for little learners, aren't they? But they are good lessons even for little people, and Mrs. Gray's scholars were only little kittens and Mrs. Gray was the old mother-cat.

## BLANKET STREET.

1. come with me, baby, to Blanket Street, is a famous place, dear, for tired feet; p Stairway Hill, across Landing Ridgo, ast Banistor Lane, and then Kissing Bridge,
.There somebody always you're sure to meet.

Over the bridges and at last we are there, Right in the middle of Little Crib Square; The street is as white as the driven snow,
But warm like the blossom-tide snow, you know-
Warm to toes that are soft and pink and bare.

And speaking of toes, 'tis in Blanket Street That the five little pigs so often meet,
And the littlest always goes squeak: squeak, squeak,
Though the weather is never cold and bleak-
For 'tis always summer in Blanket Street.
And the yellow bird talks as well as sings, And the bumblebee bums but never stings, And the love-lamps burn like stars all night;
O come, and be sure to listen right,
For the Blanket Street birds say wonderful things.

## A CHUM LOST.

A pathetic incident is given in the Detroit Free Press. Would that more of us were as good "chums" as Dick!
A newsboy sat on the curbstone erying, when a pedestrian halted and laid his hand on the youngster's shoulder.
"What's wrong, sonny-lost something?"
"Naw, I ain't. O, O, me chum's dead!"
"O, thet's too bad. How did he die?"
"Ranned over."
"So! Was there an inquest?"
"Inques' nothin'. He just hollered once't, and rolled over dead; and I wish't I was dead too along of him."
"Oheer up; you can find another chum."
"Yer wouldn't lalk that way if you'd knowed Dick. He was the best friend I ever had. There parn't mothin' Dick wouldn't 'a' done for me, and now he's d.d.dead and buried. I'm b-wishin' I was too."
"Look here," said the man; "go snd sell your papers, and take some poor little ragged boy, and be a chum to him. It'll help you, and do him good."
"Pshaw, mister, where's there a boy wot'd go around nights wit'a me, and be cold and hungry on' outen dcors and sleep on the groun' like Dick? A. $n^{\prime}$ he wouldn't tech a bite till I'd had enuugh. II were a Christian, Dick were."
"Then you can feel that he's all right if be was such a faithful friend and a good boy."
'Boy? Dick a boy? Dick warn't only a ragged, good-for-nothing humsn boy, mistor; Dick were a dog."

## THE BEST WAY.

## BY C. N. CINNETT.

"Mamma, I do think that you ought to have come home sooner. I got very tired watching for you."
"The train was a fow minutes late, my dear," said mamma, "and then I mot old Mr. Trask on my way up from the station and I tried to answor his quostions in as cheory a way as I could. I had been to see some old friends of his. He seemed to feel quite happy to know thoy were getting on so well. And those deaf and dumb people I called upon were so glad to hear from him."
"O, mamma!" said Sarah, "did you really see folks that couldn't hear or speak?"
" Yes, indeed, I did. Como and sit here beside me and I will tell you about them. When Mr. Trask asked me to call on theso friends of his I thought it would be very bard work. When I came near the house I wondered how I would bo heard when I rang the doorbell. But just as soon as I pulled the knob a little boy came running to the door."
"Could he hear and talk, mamma?"
"Yes, and 80 can all his brothers and sisters. He asked me if I were Mrs. Albert, and then told mo his papa and mamma were at home and would be glad to see me. We had a pleasant chat writing on 3 slate."
"Oh! they just have to scratch, scratch, with a slate pencil. Did the woman write, "I do wish that I could speak'?"
"No, my dear, the lady wrote how glad she was that her children could hear and talk like nthers and wers learning fast at school. The main wrote, 'I feel thankful that I cannot any more hear men and boys speak wicked, unkind words. They used to hurb me so before I lost my hearing and speech.' Then ho wished to know if I hadn't a little girl at home who could come down with me sometimes."
"Would he teach me to talk with my fingers, mamma?"
"He would be very glad to do that. And the children would like to play with you."
"Tell me more, mamma, please."
A great many interesting things were told about the deaf and damb family. Then little Sarah looked soberly into her mamma's face and said:
"I guess that deaf and dumb man knows when folks don't speak nice, if there can't a single word creep into his cars."
"How is that, my dear?"
"Why, all such words leave a mark on the face worse than a pencil scratch on a slate. Anywry, that's how my faco looked when I asked you so crosely to-day why you hadn't some home sooner. I saw it in the looking glass, and I guess it hurt gou; so I'm going to get over all such naughty, scratcby thoughts before I go down to see the deaf people."

Never let a day pass without doing something for Jesus,

## LESSON NOTES.

## FOURTH QUARTER.

gTUDIES IN THE ACTY AND EPISTLES.

Legson XI.
[Dec. 12.
PAUL'S LAST WORDS.
2 Tim 4. 1-8, 16-18. Momory verses, 6.8. GOLDEN TEXT.
I have fought a good fight, I havo finished my course, I have bopt tho faith -2 Tim. 4. 7.

## QUESTIONS FOR YOUNGER SOHOLARS.

To whom did Paul writs two letters?
Where was this one written?
What did Paul think when he wrote it?
What probably happened not long aftor?
To what does Paul urgo Timothy in this letter?

What was Timothy's work?
What should we all be? Earnest in good work.

What did Paul say of himself?
Why did he not'fear to dio?
What made Paul sad? Verse 16.
Who did atand by him?
What good hope did Paul have? Verse 18.
comport fon you.
God will stand by a child as woll as by an apostle.

God loves to deliver from ovil.
God loves to preserve to his heavenly kingdom.

Lesson NII.
[Dec. 19.
JOEN'S MESSAGE ABOUT SIN AND SALVATION.
1 John 1. 5. to 2. 6. Memory verses, 8-10. GOLDEN TEXT.
If we confess our sing, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins.-1. John 1. 9.

QUESTIONS FOR YOONGER SCHOLARS.
What is John's letter to the churches called?

Who was John?
What is he sometimes called?
What do we find in this letter of John's ?
To whom was this message sent ?
What is the message?
How may wo keep out of darkness?
What is the cure for sin?
Whom did Jesus Christ come to save?
What is our part in the salvation?
Who is our friend when we fall into sin?

How may we know tbat we know Jesus?

How must a Christian walk?
Who is our perfect exemple?

## LITTLE CURISTIASS-

May walk in the heavenly light.
May have their sins washed away.
May obey Jesus as he oboyed his Father.

## NO LEQS.

Whon little Rob wont out of kilts, So proud was he, he walkod on stilts, For several aftornoons,
To show his pantaloons.
Most grandly atalked he up and down, Till nut-brown Meg in Green'way gown, (His little swoetheart true) Wished she might walk on them too.

At last, "I give 'ou half my bun
If 'ou will let me join 'ou fun."
Said Rob, "But'ittle Meg,
'Ou hasn't any legs."
THE LITTLE MISSIONARY.
Little Annie is the daughter of a missionary who lives in the Northwest, far away from any white people. She is eleven years old and has never seen a white child excepting her little baby brother. Sometimes she geta lonesome for some little white girl companion.
Nevertheless, she is contented to live where she does, because she knows her papa is do'ng a great deal of good there. She sees how miserable and ignorant the poor Indians are, an 1 she declares she will never go away from them until they are all Christians. Often she goes with ber father to meetings and holps in the singing, and sometimes her sweet voice sings a song alone. The Indians are very very mach and call her "the little white angel."
Not onls does she help her-paps in the services, but she also goes with him on his visits to the Indians homes. Most of them live in tents mada of heapy "skins. Some have bark huts and a few have made for themselves little log cabins.
In the picture we see her talking with two old squaws. They have been recently converted, and Annie is telling them about Jesus: how good be is, and how he came to die for them. Even though this littie girl is only eleven years old she has been the means of bringing many of these poor heathen to know and love God.

## FOR HER COLOUR.

It was a great event for Daisy when her little sister was born. Her delight was unbounded. . At the same time she felt a great increaso of age and dignity, and anyounced to her mamma that ahe no longer

THE LITTLE MISSIONABY. fond of Annie's singing, for they love her ; shooting back and forth like a pair of
wished to bo callod Daisy, but by her own name-Isabel.
"We called you Daisy whon you wero the baby," said mamma, "because you were so fair and sweet that you reminded us of a deisy. Can you not think of some pretty flower that your little sister resombles i ${ }^{\prime \prime}$

Daisy meditated for some timo, and then gravely replied:
"I think we might call her Currant."

LITTLE MOTHER MARTHA.
BY IIELRN A HAWLEY.
It isn't mach fun to be a little mother if you can't doctor your own children. But suppose the grown-up mother of the little mother has positively forbidden her touching the medicine bottles?
These were pretty nearly the thoughts in one small maiden's mind; thoughts
 shuttle-cocks.
The maiden's name was Marthe Like Martha of old she was a care-taker.
"Here is my poor darling Angelins with the toothache. her face all swolled, and the big tears streaming down her pretty red cheeks."
(That was a fiction, because Angelina wore the fixed smile which always greeted her little mother.)
"I can't see her suffer," and Martha stanuped her foot for emphasis.
"My mamma gives me par'goric for toothache, and it stops quicker'n anything. She said 'twouldn't hurt a baby. I've a good mind to climh on a chair an' get it. IIy baby needs it. I will-so there!"

Oh ! little mother, take care.
When the medicine was measured in the spoon, "dess ten drops," though it poured instead of dropping, Miss Angelina proved obstinate, like soue other children. No persuasion would make her open her month.
"I 'spect it's so swolled, she can't," said
the little mother ; like many a grown-up mother, willing to make excose. "I'll have to 'pend on the poultice."
But there was Kaiser quite longing for a taste.
"Well, he shall have it, then 'twon't be wasted," said this careful Martha.
Kaiser took it, though he sputtered and spit. Still a good part went down.
And then? Well, then the grown-up mothor appeared, and snatched the bottle in a hurry.
"It's the ipecac," she exclaimed, with reliof. "' Kaiser'll have a time of nausea, that'll be all. But, Mattie, what shall mamma do to make you remember you must never, never touch the medicine bottlies?"
"I did 'member, mamma; but I wanted to," confessed truthful Martha.
"Mamma is so very sorry. You mighs have poisoned Kaiser and yourself, too. Now 1 shall take the handkerchief from Angolina's face, and then I shall lend her for a whole week to the little girl over the way."
Now could any punishment be worse for a little mother than to lend her baby to a siranger?

## LOVING THE SICK BEST.

Anabul Jones was a patient, kind libtle mother with seven dolly children. The two eldnet, Dolly and Sally, were perfect beautier "with golden haiz and openin' an' shatain' eyes." Sally could sit in her red chal: alone, like a "weal-ly lady." Dolly conld sit alone on the renc" "stwaight as a sol-for." Then Tiny and Silverhair and Susi" were "beautiful," with caps and sashcs aurt silk stockings. Jap Tommy used to in a smart, spry young boy; so did Nicoriemus (called Nick for short); bat somelinw their legs and arms cracked, and tarnen round, till at last they all fell off. Analel cried so that mamma took Niak to the doll hospital, but he came home worre than ever. The man broke his neek urping to fasten on some new legs.
So wha* do you think little mother Anabel Jonns did? I will tell you. She put the "vollest" children in chairs, and let Silverherr play on the floor, while she held Nick i'what was left of him) all the bright sunny day in her arms. She wrapped him in a flannel cloth to keep his bruised body warm, and tied har pretty hair ribboss around the bandle where his feet ought wo be. She sang and told inim stories tendurly and patiently.
Violet Grey came to play dollies one day; but whon she sam Ansbel holding Nick, she made a face, tossed her head, and said spitefully: "What old thing is that? I'd burn it up. It's an old mummy!"

Ansbel got very red in"the face, and replied: "Vilet, you can jes' ge home! I loves Nick the very best of all. So does all good musmmas. So does Jesus flove litule crip'lya, and 'flicted and broken-up p6ople. Mamumes says so."

