

VANCOUVER'S BUDGET

Dense Fog in the City Causes Several Mishaps—Yacht Skipped to Victoria.

Gold Commission Passed Round Senkler Family on Mr. Hunter's Resignation.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Vancouver, Oct. 18.—Hurry, of Victoria, wants to fight Al. Scully, the colored light-weight, of Vancouver, at 118 pounds. Scully won on a foul the last match with Hill.

Brassman Strangely Knocked off a Train at Westminister Today, and Dangerously Injured.

Dense fog last evening caused many minor accidents in and about the city. Two horses were killed by falling into an excavation on Westminster Avenue. A car went off the track on the main line, but the accident was not serious.

Chas. Hadlock, of Tacoma, Pleaded Guilty to Stealing a Gold Watch and was Remanded for Sentence.

Chas. Hadlock, of Tacoma, pleaded guilty to-day to stealing a gold watch and was remanded for sentence.

Hoy Keeler, a Professional Vagrant, was Shipped back to the Capital to-day. Two years ago he was a nuisance to the police here. He says the Victoria police shipped him to Vancouver.

Indian Jimmy Fraser, of Victoria, is gathering the natives in large numbers about Vancouver. On being questioned he said he was organizing a potlatch and wedding ceremony, perpetuating some of the ancient customs of the Northwest.

The Dominion roller mills have been destroyed by fire. This was the telegram received to-day by the owner, A. L. Lewis, of Victoria.

Mr. J. H. Senkler said this morning regarding his brother's appointment to the position of gold commissioner: "The position was offered to me on Saturday, I, of course, felt gratified at receiving the offer, but decided at once that the sacrifice in giving up my professional work here and breaking up my home in Vancouver would be too great. I recommended by brother Edmund as a man peculiarly fitted for the position, his greatest energy, his youth, his natural ability and his knack of conciliating jarring forces. It was much pleased to state in the morning paper that my recommendation had been acted upon."

THE LOST DR. IRELAND. Did He Fall in the River or Flee From His Wife?

Montreal, Oct. 18.—(Special)—The strange disappearance of Dr. Wm. Ireland is as great a mystery as ever. A detective has been working on the case since Saturday, but is completely non-plussed. There are several theories accounting for his death by falling into the river; that he committed suicide; that he met with foul play; and that he took his means by drowning himself.

GALLIANO ISLAND. Contract for Hundred Thousand Pounds—Prizes for Stock.

Galliano, B.C., October 17.—At the recent exhibition held at Westminster Mr. G. Galliano, of Victoria, has been successful in obtaining a large contract for the supply of stock to the Government of British Columbia. The contract is for the supply of stock to the Government of British Columbia. The contract is for the supply of stock to the Government of British Columbia.

KILLED BY CIVILIZATION. Out of a Party of Australians Who Toured the World Only Two Remain.

A London dispatch says: On the steamer Duke of Portland which sailed from here for Brisbane, Australia, were the survivors of a party of Australians who for years had toured America and Europe. There are only two left, a man and a woman. A special house was built for them on deck.

BRITISH COAST STORMSWEPT. Great Damage Off the Port of Edinburgh—Seven Foreign Colliers Wrecked.

London, Oct. 18.—The sea fronts of the east coast towns have suffered severely. At Leith, the port of Edinburgh, the breakwater at the pier has been washed away. The Sunderland lighthouse at the mouth of the river Wear has been destroyed.

WILL NOT TAKE CUBA. United States May Permit the Island to Be Free and Independent for the Present.

Paris, Oct. 18.—Spain can no longer have any doubt regarding the ultimate attitude of the United States towards the so-called debt. The American commission has declined to assume it or any part of it by express treaty or by any other means. It also declined to accept a cessation of sovereignty to the United States, for in that case Spain would claim that this acession by its own forces would impose the obligation for that debt.

ONTARIO FOOTBALL. Toronto, Oct. 17.—Although Saturday was cold, raw and damp, Rugby Football was played with great success in the chief cities of Ontario and Quebec.

CALL TO THE CABINET. Toronto, Oct. 18.—It is said on good authority that J. R. Stratton, M.P.P. for West Peterborough, will soon enter the provincial cabinet as minister of agriculture, which will be a great honor to him.

AT A TEA PARTY. Chatham, Oct. 18.—Mr. Tarte inspected the government works at Bonaventure and spoke in the evening at a tea meeting here.

NEWS OF THE CAPITAL

A Movement for Provincial Prohibition in Ontario and Nova Scotia.

Hardware Values Fixed for Customs Purposes—Women's Exhibit for Paris.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Ottawa, Oct. 18.—Tests made by the veterinary of the department of agriculture show that only seven per cent of the Canadian herds are affected by tuberculosis, a smaller percentage than previously anticipated.

DISRAELI'S BROTHER DEAD. London, Oct. 18.—Ralph Disraeli, brother of the late Earl of Beaconsfield, died at his home in London, England, on October 18th.

A FOOLISH DUO. Paris, Oct. 17.—The Dowager Duchess of Devonshire and her husband, the Duke of Devonshire, were seen in London, lost a watch containing jewelry worth \$10,000.

SHORT DESPATCHES. ROSSELLAND'S OUTPUT. Rossland, Oct. 17.—Following were the shipments for the week ending October 17: Coal, 2,100 tons; Iron, 1,500 tons; Steel, 1,200 tons.

A MUD SPLASHED JUBILEE. Wind and Rain Spoil the Programme of the Chicago Celebration.

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A LERICAL SCAMP. Marshfield, Ia., Oct. 18.—Rev. Geo. Parrish, pastor of the Congregational church in this city, was arrested yesterday on a charge of larceny.

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MOHEGAN'S LADY PASSENGERS. One of the Survivors Tells of Her Experiences—Three Hours in the Water.

Falmouth, Eng., Oct. 18.—Friends of the drowned passengers of the Mohegan have caused placards to be posted at Falmouth offering large rewards for the recovery of bodies. Part of the surviving passengers have started for London. The survivors of the crew will probably leave this evening. Efforts to assist the members of the crew are being made at St. Keverne as some of them have not money enough to pay their fares.

JOINS THE PROCESSION. Montreal, Oct. 18.—Bok Macdougall, well known throughout Canada in connection with various sports, is soon to leave Montreal for Vancouver, where he will engage in business.

WHISKEY SMUGGLER. Halifax, Oct. 18.—La Petite Jeanne was seized this morning as a smuggler by Captain Gordon, of the revenue cutter Gladator. Seventy cases of liquor and quantity of tobacco were found on board.

"PEG-LEG" AT REST. London, Oct. 18.—Madie Brown, the much-wanted one-legged tramp, who is supposed to have killed Policeman Trolley, was handed over to Governor Boston, and the evening jail, on Saturday evening.

LIGHT ON OLD MURDER. Hamilton, Oct. 18.—It is reported at Ancaster that David Devine, who is serving a fourteen-year sentence for a murder, has been given evidence as to the murder of a man named Hyalop, treasurer of the P.O. Club, some years ago.

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THE TWENTY-ROUND DRAW. Troy, N. Y., Oct. 18.—Jack Hamilton, of Syracuse, and Jack O'Brien, of New York, fought a twenty-round draw at the Manhattan Athletic Club to-night.

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A FAMILY MURDERED. Galician Farmer in Manitoba and His Four Children Found Hacked to Pieces.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The decision of the arbitrator in the McCord case has been rendered, but its purport is not yet known to the state department. The arbitrator was Sir Henry Strong, chief justice of Canada. He telegraphed the state department that he had rendered his decision on Saturday, and would supply detailed information by mail.

NOW PERU MUST PAY. Canada's Chief Justice Makes His Award in the McCord Arbitration.

(Special to The Colonist.) Winnipeg, Oct. 17.—A terrible tragedy is reported from the Galician straggle at Sturbarum. It appears that a neighboring farmer, also a Galician, went on Saturday to the house of one Waya Bochoho about two o'clock in the afternoon, and getting no reply to his knockings on the door, opened it and went in.

HORRIBLE DISCOVERY MADE BY A VISITING NEIGHBOR—THE MURDERER UNKNOWN.

Bochoho was an American civil engineer, living in Peru, whose personal property were seized during a revolutionary movement in that country. Various secretaries of state had made efforts to secure compensation for McCord, but it remained for Secretary Olney to secure an arbitration. McCord's claim originally was for \$200,000. Secretary Olney offered to accept \$50,000 as a settlement in full, but since that offer was made other expenses have accrued, so that it may be that the final award will be for a larger amount.

LORE SEYMOUR'S VISIT. He Tells of His Visit to Esquimaux, and Hints That There Might Be Improvement.

Winnipeg, Oct. 18.—(Special)—General Seymour, commander-in-chief in Canada, returned to-day from British Columbia. He said that he had not found everything satisfactory, no official record of the progress made, and that the work of strengthening the almost impregnable fortifications.

PROHIBITION AHEAD. Figured That Its Majority Throughout Dominion Was Thirteen Thousand.

Toronto, Oct. 17.—The latest figures received by local prohibitionists indicate a victory of something over 13,000 in the Dominion at large.

LOST IN MONTREAL. Dr. Ireland Walked Down to the Wharves and Then Disappeared.

Montreal, Oct. 17.—(Special)—A mysterious disappearance, is puzzling the city detective. Dr. Ireland, of St. Salbury, South Africa, arrived here a short time ago and after staying at the Hotel de la Ville, left for Paris to meet his wife, who had been staying with her parents there for about a year.

THE CHURCH PARLIAMENT. Bishops Vote Amendment to Divorce Rules—Step in Direction of Union.

Washington, Oct. 17.—The Anglican house of bishops in secret session by a vote of 21 to 23 rejected the proposition bearing on the subject of the marriage laws.

THE PEARY RELIEF PARTY. Bishops Vote Amendment to Divorce Rules—Step in Direction of Union.

Montreal, Oct. 18.—Hayden Sands, one of the twenty-three members of the society which sent Lieut. Peary on his expedition to the North Pole, is in the city and speaks of the possibility of his return.

THE NOTED DEED. Ontario Physician Divine, Brampton Physician and Montreal Auctioneer.

Brampton, Oct. 17.—(Special)—Rev. Dr. Cochrane, one of the leading Presbyterians of Ontario and head of the Brampton Ladies' College, died very suddenly late to-night. The cause was neuralgia and heart failure. He had been illing for some days and was unable to reach his home.

WILLIAM AND THE SULTAN. The Excellent Relations Existing the Subject of Remark by the Emperor.

Constantinople, Oct. 18.—Emperor William and the Empress dined this afternoon at the German embassy. Reply to an address presented by a deputation of the Swiss of Constantinople, who are under German protection, the Emperor said his policy in Turkey affairs was identical with his grandfather's. It was now bearing fruit.

CAPE COLONY POLITICS. New Government Policy With Respect to the South African Republics.

London, Oct. 19.—A dispatch to the Times from Capetown says that Mr. W. P. Shriener, the new premier, and a statement of the policy of the new colonial government in the Cape assembly yesterday. The government, he said, would recognize the independence of the South African republics and work harmoniously with them, leaving external relations to be dealt with in the British high commissioner, whom the government would support in the development of South Africa.

CANADIANS ON MOHEGAN. Three Known to Have Been Amongst the Drowned and One Saved.

Falmouth, Eng., Oct. 17.—The inquest upon the remains of the victims of the wreck of the Mohegan was adjourned to-day for a week in order to allow of the attendance of a representative of the Board of Trade. Mr. J. Kelley, one of the rescued passengers, created a sensation by declaring that there were officers aboard, except the captain, when they were most needed to supervise the launching of the boats.

STOCK QUOTATIONS. New York, Oct. 18.—Prices closed as follows: Gold, 105 3/4; silver, 69 1/2; copper, 11 1/2; tin, 110; lead, 10 1/2; zinc, 9 1/2; iron, 4 1/2; wheat, 1 1/2; flour, 1 1/2; sugar, 1 1/2; cotton, 1 1/2; wool, 1 1/2; hosiery, 1 1/2; shoes, 1 1/2; clothing, 1 1/2; furniture, 1 1/2; hardware, 1 1/2; groceries, 1 1/2; dry goods, 1 1/2; books, 1 1/2; stationery, 1 1/2; printing, 1 1/2; advertising, 1 1/2; real estate, 1 1/2; insurance, 1 1/2; banking, 1 1/2; shipping, 1 1/2; telegraphs, 1 1/2; railways, 1 1/2; utilities, 1 1/2; public works, 1 1/2; construction, 1 1/2; manufacturing, 1 1/2; retail, 1 1/2; wholesale, 1 1/2; services, 1 1/2; transportation, 1 1/2; communication, 1 1/2; defense, 1 1/2; health, 1 1/2; recreation, 1 1/2; education, 1 1/2; religion, 1 1/2; politics, 1 1/2; science, 1 1/2; art, 1 1/2; sports, 1 1/2; entertainment, 1 1/2; food, 1 1/2; drink, 1 1/2; tobacco, 1 1/2; medicine, 1 1/2; cosmetics, 1 1/2; perfumery, 1 1/2; jewelry, 1 1/2; watches, 1 1/2; clocks, 1 1/2; toys, 1 1/2; 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THE CAPITAL.

Mayor Redfern Will Submit a Motion to Allow Trustees More Funds.

Provided, However, That Questions at Issue Are Submitted in Courts.

Mayor Redfern has to a certain extent receded from his position not to allow the school board any more funds this year, further than the amount required for school purposes, although, as the lawyers say, he does so without prejudicing his case.

The resolution that His Worship will submit to the council is as follows: That whereas the council on the 25th of February, 1898, requested the school board to bring a motion to allow the school board or not the board have the right to require the payment from the city of a large amount of money...

Mr. Hayward, the chairman of the school board, on being interviewed yesterday, with regard to the foregoing notice, said that he would not presume to give any opinion on the matter as he had already declined a previous invitation to enter the courts.

None of the Canadian provinces awarded the outcome of the joint high commission's labors with more interest than British Columbia. Though few words are spoken of it in the press, a large group of its most momentous issues have been drawn into the conference.

First, the fate of its great sealing industry is in the balance. The United States, which has been bent on having also a monopoly of the sea-hunting business. That once secured, the ocean, a large amount of capital in vessels and outfits is wiped out, a flourishing mercantile business maintained by the industry killed, and a large number of families are thrown out of a living.

Secondly, the question of the Yukon Canal. Instead of confusing the question, any first settle the boundary question, and then we have not already the land at the head of the Lynn Canal. Instead of confusing the question, any first settle the boundary question, and then we have not already the land at the head of the Lynn Canal.

Thirdly, the question of the Yukon Canal. Instead of confusing the question, any first settle the boundary question, and then we have not already the land at the head of the Lynn Canal. Instead of confusing the question, any first settle the boundary question, and then we have not already the land at the head of the Lynn Canal.

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HOPE OF SETTLEMENT.

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STRANGE EXPERIENCE.

How the Staunchness of a Yukon River Boat is Fully Proved.

Those "Three Men in a Boat" Reach Victoria After Many Adventures.

Through four thousand miles of fierce northern sea with only the thin shell of a "tin-pot" river boat between them and the angry waters, those "three men in a boat" who were reported off the West Coast a week ago, are now adventuring in all small-boats, having been brought to an end on Sunday morning.

Their faithful little knock-together boat—or rather the melancholy wreck of it—was swathed in bandages of canvas and burlap, and the men were so frail and battered a thing that few would be disposed to trust themselves to it for a trip across the bay.

That evening the Newbyway carried neither fire-arms nor ammunition, no orthodox hunting rifle could be done, although as the month of the river was approached, the boat was loaded with water fowl, and the men were to be seen on the other side, snuffing the air with their nostrils.

At St. Michael the alteration and equipment of the boat for the ocean voyage commenced at once. She was repainted and painted, and the rigging was laid out on the deck. The little mast, set well forward, was protected by a canvas cover, and for an anchor a small iron one was used.

On the first stage of the sea cruise the boat was again sighted over the hills in the bottom of the strait, and the men were seen to be in the boat, and their door by the storm was averted.

At Dawson the Newbyway was again sighted over the hills in the bottom of the strait, and the men were seen to be in the boat, and their door by the storm was averted.

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MARINE INTERESTS.

Upper Harbor Becoming Populated in Preparation for the Winter.

River Boat for Next Season's Northern Trade—San Francisco Traffic.

The upper harbor is crowded with steam and sail craft, some in idleness, some undergoing repair, and some in quarters for the winter. At Spratt's wharf a very large steamer is quartered and there is more work going on and about this pier than anywhere else along the waterfront.

The Fashoda Blue Book. The Fashoda blue book, giving the correspondence between the French and British governments begins with a dispatch dated December 10, 1897, from Sir Edmund Monson, British ambassador in Paris, to Lord Salisbury, referring to rumors of the massacre of the Marchand expedition, and expressing the ambassador's satisfaction that he has been allowed to acquire M. Hanotux (French foreign minister of that day) with Lord Salisbury's view that if other questions are adjusted, Great Britain will make no difficulty regarding the French claim to the north-west coast of the Nile valley.

Neither the Walls, Walls, in San Francisco, nor the Queen, outward bound for the Golden Gate, had many passengers on board. The walls, walls, in San Francisco, nor the Queen, outward bound for the Golden Gate, had many passengers on board.

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SCENES IN THE SOUDAN.

Correspondent with Kitchener's Column Gives Pen Picture of Mahdim.

Good! The hideous cry broke on to the still night, and jarred on the white stars, Mohammed! All Hassan! Good!

Other dispatches indicate that M. Delcasse declined Great Britain's request for the immediate recall of Maj. Marchand, and that Great Britain agreed to despatch a messenger for the French government to Marchand as a matter of courtesy without accepting any responsibility for the results delay might entail.

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PLEBISCITE RETURNS.

Official Statement of the Vote in Victoria District.

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WORTH TRYING IF SICK.

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FIRE INSURANCE TAX

A Right the City has Possessed for Many Years to Levy Contributions.

Special Powers Victoria Received Before Confederation From the Legislative Assembly.

From the correspondence that has lately passed between the city and the fire underwriters, some people are asking how it is that the insurance companies pay in a good round sum every year towards the support of the fire department...

Victoria city was incorporated by an act passed by the legislative assembly of British Columbia on April 2, 1867. The act is described by a very imperfect one, hardly more than a sketch...

AN EVENING OF GOOD COMEDY.

The Henderson Company Give a Very Even and Acceptable Performance of "A Scrap of Paper."

"The Scrap of Paper" as presented last night at the Victoria theatre by the Henderson company was a delightful comedy of the same title...

GOLD SEEKERS' HARD LUCK.

The Burden of the Stories Brought by Great Shipload of Passengers.

Early yesterday afternoon the steamer Dirigo came in with one of the biggest loads of passengers that has arrived from the North since the month of April 1898...

A NATIONAL ARMY.

Major-General Hutton on the Future of the Canadian Militia.

Speaking at Toronto recently, Major-General Hutton said:

of age, who died on the summit when crossing the mountain on his homeward journey. His remains were taken in charge by the prospectors and given burial at the foot of the mountains...

WON'T SIDETRACK VICTORIA.

Pacific Coast Steamship Company Refuse a Queer Request from Vancouver.

The following letter has been received by the city clerk of Vancouver from the Pacific Coast Steamship Company:

"Dear Sir:—The Sound steamers making regular trips to and from the port of Victoria are in receipt of your favor of the 7th ultimo, addressed to Mr. H. T. Lewis...

AGRICULTURE.

Well-packed apples always find a good market in England. It is absolutely essential that only good, sound fruit be packed, and that with the greatest care.

REELS OF ANTIQUITY.

Professor Nordenkjöld's Fossils From the North for Upsala University.

W. A. Nordenkjöld, professor of mineralogy at the world's renowned Upsala University, registered at the Victoria last evening, having arrived on yesterday's steamer from Vancouver.

AGRICULTURE.

Harvesting carrots, with a one-horse plough, make a furrow within an inch of the carrots, throwing the ground away from the roots.

AGRICULTURE.

Forty-five per cent. of the nutriment of the corn plant is in the fodder; do not let it go to waste. Careful feeders say they would just as soon lose the stalk and the chaff as to lose the grain...

AGRICULTURE.

Nine years out of ten the time when farmers are busy engaged digging their potatoes is the best time for a farmer to dig for the whole year.

AGRICULTURE.

What is being done at Agassiz can be copied in other parts of British Columbia, and if the example of utilizing the rich bench lands of the province be followed, it will not be long before a plentiful amount of fruit will be raised...

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Current Comment

HIS TIME OF TRIAL.

Canada is persuaded that Governor Ogilvie of the Yukon is thoroughly incorruptible and that he showed rare efficiency as an administrator when he had the whole business in his own hands.

It may be that Mr. Ogilvie will be equal to the duties of the place. It may be necessary for him to displace his immediate superior at Ottawa...

WHAT GOLD COSTS TO GET. When Sir Charles Tupper remarked during the Yukon debate, last session, that every dollar's worth of gold cost a dollar to get...

THE MOUNTAIN KING. The account of the Old National Bank of Spokane for some \$34,000 claimed to have been advanced to the O.K. company...

THE IRON TRAMWAY. The management of the Iron Colliery company are making arrangements to sell the same work on the property at once.

THE AUTHOR OF "QUO VADIS." Steniewicz, the famous Polish author, is coming to America during the latter part of this month...

THE DUSTLESS TRACK. The Oil Sprinkling Experiment a Promounced Success. From the Boston Transcript.

THE NEW METHOD OF POACHING FISH. In England, where the game and fish laws are much more strictly observed than in this country...

THE NATIONAL ARMY. Major-General Hutton on the Future of the Canadian Militia. Speaking at Toronto recently, Major-General Hutton said:

THE DIAMOND DYES. "I had great pleasure in dyeing with the wonderful Diamond Dyes. They make old clothes look good as new."

THE DIAMOND DYES. "I have used a great many of the Diamond Dyes, and find them the best for all kinds of dyeing; will have no other kind for my work."

THE DIAMOND DYES. "I am a farmer's wife, and I have used Diamond Dyes for years, and am well satisfied with them. I highly recommend Diamond Dyes; they are the most valuable and surest of all dye stuffs."

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INTERESTING TO SURVEYORS.

Argument on Mr. Ferguson's Motion Settles a Question on Examination of Candidates for Practice.

There was a point of some interest to civil engineers decided by Justice Martin yesterday, it practically settling the question of the interpretation of the provisions of the act relating to the examination of candidates desiring to practise in the province.

The motion was refused on this latter ground, namely, that Mr. Ferguson had not proved that a recognized civil engineer does not require to pass the pupils' examination.

ROSSLAND. The city is to be lighted at once by five arc lights as a beginning. The council have decided to accept the proposition of the West Kootenay Power and Light Company to furnish the lights at the rate of \$96 yearly.

Winnipeg Singers of Sweet Songs Entertain at the Institute Hall. George Ohnet's strong play, "The Ironmaster," drew a large house at the Victoria theatre last evening.

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Perfectly Cured

Weak and Low Spirited - Nervous Prostration - Appetite Poor and Could Not Rest.

It takes great pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla to others. It has been the means of restoring my wife to good health. She was stricken down with an attack of nervous prostration.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the Best - in fact the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, 1/2 oz. for 25c. Get Hood's.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA. The Henderson Co. Open Their Third Night's Engagement With "The Ironmaster."

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DRESS ALONE.

Tells of His Intense Pain and Rheumatism and Relief.

Water, N. S. Enterprise, as rheumatism causes whom it fastens itself pale. Only those who have seen can imagine the pain has been freed from its.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I suffered from it, and in October I became so out of the house, that I could not get out of my bed, and I would earn nothing.

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The Colonist. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1898.

CIVIC REFORM.

The citizens of Victoria will probably be asked to meet in the city hall on some evening next week to consider matters relating to the government of the city. It is now some weeks since Col. Prior first gave notice that he intended to invite the people to come together and talk the matter over, and the reason that an earlier date has not been fixed is that he was desirous of discussing the various questions involved with a number of the citizens, so that they could be fully informed as to what was accomplished, and those relating to Victoria form no exception to the general rule. Many interests have to be consulted and wide differences of opinion have to be reconciled. To ask the people to come together and submit a cut and dried programme for them to adopt would be to invite defeat, no matter what the merits of the plan might be. On the other hand to call a meeting and have no suggestions to offer would be a profitless undertaking. How to hit a happy medium between the two extremes is what Col. Prior and those with whom he has conferred on the subject have been endeavoring to decide. It is right to say that in taking hold of the matter at all, Col. Prior has not been influenced by any ulterior motive, nor is he desirous of giving effect to any particular proposition. He moved in the matter only because of a sense of public duty, and so that the result of the movement is the betterment of the condition of the city, he will be quite satisfied, whether his own ideas are or are not carried into effect. We feel it due to him to make this statement, because he came forward largely in response to the call for reform which found expression in many ways through the columns of the press.

Many things must be discussed, and it is very clear that they cannot all be discussed advantageously at one meeting. Among them are the city charter, the number and mode of election of aldermen, the relations of the schools to the city government, the permanent executive staff of the city, the debt, the improvement of streets, the water supply, sewers, drainage, fire protection and so on. Any one of these subjects presents difficulties, when it comes to being treated in a business-like way, and others when it comes to securing for any solution of it the assent of the people. It would be an error for any one to attempt to undertake to formulate a plan, covering all these points, and ask a public meeting to ratify it, and citizens may rest assured that those who are active in moving for reform have no intention of doing anything like this. On the other hand it would be unwise to attempt to frame any scheme covering the necessary features in a public meeting. When the city of St. John, N.B., found itself in need of a new charter, the provincial government, at the request of the city, appointed a commissioner to frame one and after devoting some months to the task, he reported a charter which was endorsed by the city council and passed by the legislature. The city government is being carried on under that charter with very great satisfaction. When Seattle a few years ago felt that its old charter had outlived its usefulness, a commission was appointed by the city council to frame a new one, which was afterwards adopted by popular vote. In both these cases the commissioners took evidence and suggestions from any source from which they were tendered.

But important as a city charter is, the choice of men to carry it into effect is equally so. A mayor and aldermen who are above the times are needed, and by this we mean men who not only appreciate what a city like Victoria requires at this juncture in its history, but are prepared to take the lead in bringing it about. Here public opinion must do its work. It may as well be admitted now as later in the discussion, that the necessary civic improvements cannot be made without the expenditure of a good deal of money. To get this money the assent of the taxpayers will be needed. There exists here, as in every other place, an element opposed to any expenditures except those that are absolutely essential. To such we say that they are confronted with a few conditions which cannot be shirked. Our city is not keeping abreast of its neighbors in civic improvements. If it is not intended to let everything continue on the down grade money must be spent some time, and the longer they delay the larger the sum will be. Copy holders, who think that if they delay new people will come in and take up the burden of improvement, make a mistake. New people will not come unless the town is made attractive to them. Things may be good enough for us, who are used to them, but they fail to attract men of means, who are looking for homes or investments. Such persons will seek towns that, though they may be inferior to Victoria in beauty of surroundings and other respects, exhibit greater evidence of progress. Investors like to place their money in something that is appreciating, not in what is at a standstill or going downward, and they form their opinion on these points upon what appears on the surface. The men who have most to gain from the improvement of Victoria are the large property holders. They have a direct financial interest to secure by lending their aid to make the city as attractive as possible. We hope that when the proposed meeting is held, the attendance will be large and representative.

"QUI S'EXCUSE, S'ACCUSE."

The Toronto Globe devotes a long article to "The Yukon Investigation." Two columns are taken up with it, and about the only thing not dealt with is the investigation. It is a long and labored effort to excuse the conditions existing at Dawson, and the excuses justify the proverb with which this article is headed. They do a substantial indictment of the methods which have been applied to the administration of the Yukon during the last year.

The first section of the article admits the need for a thorough inquiry and asserts the fitness of Mr. Ogilvie for the work of investigation. It has taken the Toronto paper several months to reach this conclusion, but its admission of the need for a thorough overhauling of the administration of affairs endorses the position taken by the Colonist and other papers long ago, and for which they were roundly condemned by the Liberal press. It says that the officials themselves demanded that Major Walsh should make an investigation, but that he had no power to administer an oath. This is the latest sort of an excuse. It was as easy to clothe Major Walsh with that authority as it was to invest Mr. Ogilvie with it. This information as to the desire of the officials puts a new face on the matter. We were told that there was really nothing to be looked into, that we were simply giving currency to a lot of Seattle yarns and to the garrulous of disappointed tenderloin who had come home poorer than they went out. We were old that the only trouble was that a lot of unruly Americans were restless under the enforcement of Canadian law. And we were soundly berated for being so unpatriotic as to give publicity to such unwarranted things. Now we are told that so great was the feeling at Dawson that the officials themselves insisted upon an inquiry. It would be interesting to learn how long the Globe has known this. It is interesting to know why, in view of this request of the officials, the government declined to order an investigation until after the London Times joined in the demand for a probing of the matter to the bottom in the interest of the good name, not of the officials, but of the Dominion of Canada.

The second section of the Globe's article is an apology for the postal accommodations at Dawson. It admits that these were grossly inadequate, but claims that it could not be helped, because the business developed faster than the ability of the department to take care of it. This is not an excessive confession of incapacity. If Mr. Munroe did not know that thousands of people were going into the Yukon, that the mail service would be irregular, and that, when letters did get in, there would be a great rush for them, he was the only man in North America who was ignorant on these points. The excuse given by the Globe is simply a confession of complete neglect. The post office department practically did nothing at all, but left the mail arrangements for 20,000 people in the hands of the Mounted Police, with no appliances to do business with. It is idle to say that nothing better could have been done. The right man in the right place would have provided against the contingency which actually arose, and which everyone saw would necessarily arise.

The third section of the Globe's article refers particularly to Mr. Gordon Hunter, and inferentially it is an admission that Mr. Pawcett made a mistake to provide him with insufficient assistance. Why him with insufficient assistance given? Every one knew that the force in the Gold Commissioner's office was utterly inadequate to the work assigned to it. Why has it taken a chorus of complaints from the press, from Klondike to London, to get this fact into the head of the minister who should have known it better than anyone else? It is all very well to talk about new and unprecedented conditions, but the existence of these conditions was known long ago, and the remedy could have been applied at a much earlier day. No one has since very much in regard to the hopeless misconception, which Mr. Sifton and Mr. Mulock seem to have had of what the administration of the Yukon would call for, and the extraordinarily inadequate preparations made to meet the emergencies which were certain to arise; but there is much to complain of, and it is wholly justified, that their previous delay in meeting what they were told they were crying wants. Why, we ask, did they wait until the inefficient administration, to use the mildest term applicable, became a scandal before providing the remedies now talked of?

THE GROWTH OF KOOTENAY AND YALE.

The Rossland Miner is jubilant over the growth of Kootenay and Yale, and full of the highest hopes of what the future has in store for that portion of the country. It looks forward to the time when the whole district will be crisscrossed with railway tracks, and we are bound to say that there seems to be a very substantial foundation for the hope. Active town-building is going on along the line of the railway from Robson to Boundary, and it is reasonable to think that most, if not all, of these towns will have a permanent lease of life. There appears to be mineral wealth everywhere. At least it is true that every new section opened is proving worthy of development. This "sea of mountains," far beyond the dreams of the Canadian Pacific Railway. When the construction of this line was first talked of, the people in Eastern Canada were alarmed at the prospect of building many miles through a series of mountain ranges, where a traffic could possibly be built up, as it was then thought. A few very hopeful people talked about the commerce which might be created between the western termini of the line and Asia, and now and then some one suggested that possibly some mines might be found in British Columbia that would support a scattered population. No one expected that the mountain section of the transit route would prove the most valuable portion of it, so far as the general business and wealth of the Dominion is concerned. But so it is proving. The men who thought the building of any line at all through the mountains, and proposition of doubtfully wisdom, and only justifiable on the ground that it would really be the addition of British Columbia, must be amazed at what they have since witnessed. One line is not enough. Already the C.P.R. has its second line through the Rockies, and the prospect is that it will find it necessary to construct a second line all the way to the Coast. Now is this sufficient, for branch lines are called for in all directions. Towns are springing up with unexampled rapidity. Business is growing by leaps and bounds. The mines are proving richer and more numerous than any one hoped for. In short Kootenay and Yale give every evidence of being the very heart of everything pertaining to national prosperity. The outlook is wonderful, and more than justifies the policy of railway construction in which both the Dominion and Provincial governments have engaged.

QUARTZ IN KLONDIKE.

No doubt seems to exist as to the presence of extensive deposits of auriferous quartz in the neighborhood of the Klondike placers. Mr. Dawson and Mr. Ogilvie both led us to expect such discoveries. It is premature to express any opinion as to the part these deposits will play in the future of the Yukon, but it may be stated with positiveness that if development shows the veins to be continuously valuable, quartz mining will become a highly important industry there.

The world has as yet only a vague idea of what the Yukon country is likely to produce. Thousands of men have gone North, but of these only a small percentage have been experienced in the seeking for the precious metal. Most of them have been utterly without any knowledge of what to do in order to find gold, and would not know how to begin if they saw it. Moreover, the country is very difficult to prospect. The distances are great. The means of transportation are imperfect on the main arteries of travel and absolutely non-existent elsewhere. The wonder is not that no more is known, but that so much has already been ascertained about it.

A HIGHER LIFE.

Many persons know what it is to feel the simple joy of living. If you have a sound digestion and have your bowels and some morning, when the wind is blowing from the west across the Strait and a strong surf is lashing itself into foam against the rocks and the single lug, you stand on the shore and fill your lungs full of the glorious air from the sea, a sort of physical exaltation takes possession of you, and for the rest of the day you experience the joy of being a creature. You can fancy that the seraphim, which open their many colored crowns as the tide sweeps over them, or the flowers in your garden, as they expand to drink in the sunlight after a refreshing shower, or the fire tree on the mountain top, as it breathes its fiercest winter gale, participate in some degree, however unconsciously, in this sensation.

The aeronauts, who made an ascent from London a few days ago, reaching the almost unprecedented height of 27,000 feet, felt as they reached the higher levels a sensation of lassitude and dread. They were unable to do the things that were necessary for their safety. Of course, this was only for a few moments, because they had available a supply of compressed oxygen and at once inhaled it. The result was, instantaneous. One of them said: "All clear. Let our minds become blank at once. We knew exactly what ought to be done, and were able to do it." These illustrations show how dependent we are upon our physical surroundings, and especially upon the atmosphere we breathe, for buoyancy of bodily and mental life. Does the same thing hold good in that phase of human existence which we call spiritual? Here it would be well to say that the narrow application of the word spirituality to matters connected with religion, and in many cases with a particular brand of religion, is responsible for the fact that so many men miss the way to a higher life.

HOW IT HURTS.

Rheumatism, with its sharp twinges, aches and pains. Do you know the cause? Aid in the blood has accumulated in your joints. The cure is found in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which neutralizes the acid. Thousands write that they have been completely cured of rheumatism by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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NOTES BY THE WAY.

The suggestion is now made that if the President of the United States should ask the Prince of Wales to visit that country, he would probably accept, and it is said that his visit would be more than any other single influence to cement the kindly relations between the two countries. Doubtless this is true. In such a case he would also visit Canada, and it goes without saying that he would see a great change from the conditions he witnessed in 1860. But those who saw him then would also see a great change in him. Then he was a thin and rather delicate looking boy. Now he is neither thin, delicate-looking nor boyish. Then he was keen for a dance, and rather worried the Duke of Newcastle by his preference for pretty girls over the rules of official etiquette. Now, while he has not lost his liking for an attractive face, he would probably not give so much embarrassment to his entertainers in the selection of partners. But as the President has not sent out the invitation, and no one knows if the Prince could accept it, if sent, there is not much use in speculating upon his visit.

The papers persist in referring to Lady Curzon of Kedleston, wife of the new Viceroy of India, as the vicereine. She is not a vicereine. If any one is a vicereine it is Baron Curzon himself, for he acts as representative of a queen. The vicereine seems to be some sanction for applying the expression "vice-queen," to the female representative of a queen, and the word was once applied to the Princess Louise, when the appointment of the Marquis of Lorne as viceroy of India was under consideration. But even in that case it was an error, for the Princess Louise would not have represented the Sovereign. There is no more reason to call the wife of a viceroy a vicereine than there is to call the wife of a governor a governess or the wife of a poet a poetess. We doubt the correctness of the expression, adopted in Canada after the death of Aberdeen came here as Governor-General, which both he and the Countess were described as "Their Excellencies." Let titles be given where they are due; but let us not invent titles for us by so doing we give ourselves wrong ideas of the persons to whom they are applied.

The Monetary Times says that a lieutenant-governor can only be impeached before the Queen-in-council. There may be some doubt if there is any fixed rule in such cases. We do not think Canadian law or the British North America act provides for the impeachment of those officers. Those who use the expression "impeachment" in such a connection probably mean an investigation ordered by parliament or a discussion in parliament. An impeachment is in the nature of a trial before a court.

Mr. Gordon Hunter has furnished an example of the fact that the virtue of resignation is not altogether an unknown quantity, although it must be admitted that he is making a virtue of necessity. The great difficulty with which Mr. Hunter is now confronted will be in trying to live up to the "send-offs" we all gave him when we thought he had departed for the Golden Shore—that is of the Yukon.

The Montreal Witness tells of a map of Russian America made in 1841, or only sixteen years after the treaty of St. Petersburg, in which the boundary line of what is now known as Alaska is shown running between the island of Revillo Giesedo, and the mainland. This certainly does not bear out the contention now made by the United States that Portland Canal was a part of the boundary. The channel referred to is a considerable distance west of the Canal.

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NOTES BY THE WAY.

The suggestion is now made that if the President of the United States should ask the Prince of Wales to visit that country, he would probably accept, and it is said that his visit would be more than any other single influence to cement the kindly relations between the two countries. Doubtless this is true. In such a case he would also visit Canada, and it goes without saying that he would see a great change from the conditions he witnessed in 1860. But those who saw him then would also see a great change in him. Then he was a thin and rather delicate looking boy. Now he is neither thin, delicate-looking nor boyish. Then he was keen for a dance, and rather worried the Duke of Newcastle by his preference for pretty girls over the rules of official etiquette. Now, while he has not lost his liking for an attractive face, he would probably not give so much embarrassment to his entertainers in the selection of partners. But as the President has not sent out the invitation, and no one knows if the Prince could accept it, if sent, there is not much use in speculating upon his visit.

The papers persist in referring to Lady Curzon of Kedleston, wife of the new Viceroy of India, as the vicereine. She is not a vicereine. If any one is a vicereine it is Baron Curzon himself, for he acts as representative of a queen. The vicereine seems to be some sanction for applying the expression "vice-queen," to the female representative of a queen, and the word was once applied to the Princess Louise, when the appointment of the Marquis of Lorne as viceroy of India was under consideration. But even in that case it was an error, for the Princess Louise would not have represented the Sovereign. There is no more reason to call the wife of a viceroy a vicereine than there is to call the wife of a governor a governess or the wife of a poet a poetess. We doubt the correctness of the expression, adopted in Canada after the death of Aberdeen came here as Governor-General, which both he and the Countess were described as "Their Excellencies." Let titles be given where they are due; but let us not invent titles for us by so doing we give ourselves wrong ideas of the persons to whom they are applied.

The Monetary Times says that a lieutenant-governor can only be impeached before the Queen-in-council. There may be some doubt if there is any fixed rule in such cases. We do not think Canadian law or the British North America act provides for the impeachment of those officers. Those who use the expression "impeachment" in such a connection probably mean an investigation ordered by parliament or a discussion in parliament. An impeachment is in the nature of a trial before a court.

Mr. Gordon Hunter has furnished an example of the fact that the virtue of resignation is not altogether an unknown quantity, although it must be admitted that he is making a virtue of necessity. The great difficulty with which Mr. Hunter is now confronted will be in trying to live up to the "send-offs" we all gave him when we thought he had departed for the Golden Shore—that is of the Yukon.

The Montreal Witness tells of a map of Russian America made in 1841, or only sixteen years after the treaty of St. Petersburg, in which the boundary line of what is now known as Alaska is shown running between the island of Revillo Giesedo, and the mainland. This certainly does not bear out the contention now made by the United States that Portland Canal was a part of the boundary. The channel referred to is a considerable distance west of the Canal.

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LIBERTY TO ADMIRAL HIS OFFICIAL DEED.

Liberty to adorn his official deed. "Why Liberty?" he asked. "I should suppose justice would be more appropriate." To which the spokesman of the donors answered, "You see, Judge, it is this way. A man is not always sure of getting justice in your court; but any sort of fellow tried before you is pretty certain to be set free."

The Times says that it did not misquote Mr. Martin. It only used different words. Well, what else is a misquotation except the use of different words than those used by the person said to be quoted? There is, indeed, another sort of misquotation, as in the case of the well-known toast: "Woman, without her man would be a savage." When the speaker read it in print thus: "Woman, without her man, would be a savage," he thought he was misquoted, and he undoubtedly was.

Just a word in regard to honorary titles, and more especially in regard to the prefix "Hon." We think this is used too much. We note that the Ontario papers are dropping it to a very great extent. Thus we find the last Mail and Empire referring to Mr. Sifton, Mr. Hardy and Mr. Martin, without the prefix. We are sure this does not detract anything from the dignity or character of the gentlemen referred to.

The little query is going the rounds of the press: How much is 1 divided by 0? Of course the answer is very simple, but how many people will think of it at once?

A correspondent complains that the boys who attended Mr. Best's lecture in the Pemberton gymnasium, were excessively disorderly. Something must be done in this city to keep boys in better order. It is disgraceful that a gentleman, who is kind enough to endeavor to interest and instruct them, should be subjected to the indignity of persistent interruptions. Young savages would behave themselves better. It is the habit of many boys to torment Chinamen on the streets and to commit assaults upon them. If an Englishman, walking the streets of a Chinese town, were stoned and hooted at the chances are that a gunboat would be despatched to demand satisfaction. We ought at least to be as decent to Chinamen as we require them to be to us. In regard to acts of malicious mischief, we regret to say that these continue. The reputation of Victoria in this particular is very discreditable. We fear that much of the responsibility rests upon the parents of the ill-mannered and disorderly youths.

PAGET ON THE WAR.

British Naval Attache's Criticism—The British View of Torpedo Boats. The following extracts from the diary of an officer on board the United States cruiser Lata are published in the Yale Alumni Weekly: Captain Page, R.N., came on board at Guantanamo. He is very good character. He is very tall and broad-shouldered and active, in a distorted fashion; has a pointed beard, eyes that do not work the same way, a monocle which he can twist in every direction, a very pronounced English accent and a violent stammer, which mars the effect of a great knowledge of observation. He is most remarkable, however, for nerve, absolute self-assurance and the ability to get on in no matter what

OUT FOR

Steamer Danube North Wharf Pass Her Long Yuku Men Who Were Her Long Yuku

One of the last to come from the Y reached here yesterday. There were 600 passengers on the Danube, and 1500 on the Skagway and Victoria called at the Columbia ports. From the British cases of salmon, from Skagway were out by the fortunate Pursner Bishop of the quarter of a million in dust and drafts among fifty men. This city, with its thousands and has seen among the return of Hamberger, and also returned. Of ner, Ontario, and Miller brought out of the city, with the other sacks raw \$20,000 to a few Klondike in the north to White Horse on a trip. She is the only that has made the out a pilot most of the frequently in trouble. The weather was in the White Horse days late and it was the weather would be the fall, although the E with the intention of a trip. The weather cold at White Horse.

The Victoria-Yukon getting ready to close Bennett and a number of houses came down winter here. There was also quite a number of new diggings with a companion and security at Wrangell. The came down the Still small boats boarded in from the Columbia, and the back of his head, his telescope slung over his shoulder, his glass in his eye, remarked that the "wonder" of the "ice" of the "hospitality," smoked a package of cigarettes which he had declined when they were offered him, then launched into the most charming discussion of his observations on the war.

This is a very bitter against the Americans as opposed to the "enemy!" said he: "You have had no antagonist but a man would be a savage." When the speaker read it in print thus: "Woman, without her man, would be a savage," he thought he was misquoted, and he undoubtedly was. Just a word in regard to honorary titles, and more especially in regard to the prefix "Hon." We think this is used too much. We note that the Ontario papers are dropping it to a very great extent. Thus we find the last Mail and Empire referring to Mr. Sifton, Mr. Hardy and Mr. Martin, without the prefix. We are sure this does not detract anything from the dignity or character of the gentlemen referred to.

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We reprint from the Mail and Empire an appreciative reference to the interest which this province has in the matter coming under the notice of the Anglo-American conference. The Toronto paper, while not entirely covering the ground, gives the best article on the subject that we have seen in an Eastern paper, and perhaps the best single article that has appeared on the subject. PAGET ON THE WAR. British Naval Attache's Criticism—The British View of Torpedo Boats. The following extracts from the diary of an officer on board the United States cruiser Lata are published in the Yale Alumni Weekly: Captain Page, R.N., came on board at Guantanamo. He is very good character. He is very tall and broad-shouldered and active, in a distorted fashion; has a pointed beard, eyes that do not work the same way, a monocle which he can twist in every direction, a very pronounced English accent and a violent stammer, which mars the effect of a great knowledge of observation. He is most remarkable, however, for nerve, absolute self-assurance and the ability to get on in no matter what

OUT FOR THE WINTER

Steamer Danube Arrives From North With a Hundred Passengers.

Men Who Were on the Donville on Her Long Voyage Up the Yukon River.

One of the last big parties who will come from Yukon valley this fall reached here yesterday on the steamer Danube. There were over 100 passengers on the Danube, half of whom are out from Dawson, the others being picked up at the various ports between Skagway and Victoria, because the vessel called at all the Alaska and British Columbia ports...

The Victoria-Yukon Company are getting ready to close down their season. Benoit and a number of the men and horses came down on the Danube to winter here.

There was also quite a party from Atlin lake, including Mrs. Jonathan Merrifield, of this city, and being with a new diggings with another woman who is a companion and secured claims.

Meeting of the Company in London - A Very Promising Outlook for Big Dividends.

Below is the report of a meeting of the shareholders of the Athabasca Gold Mine, Ltd., of London, taken from the Financial News of October 1st. The company is situated at Atlin lake in British Columbia, and the development was furnished by the B. C. and New Gold Finds Co., Ltd., also of London.

(From the Financial News, October 1.) The first general statutory meeting of the shareholders of the Athabasca Gold Mine, Limited, was held yesterday, at the Cannon Street Hotel, E.C., Mr. Arthur Pell in the chair.

The chairman said: "This is the statutory meeting of the company, at which as a rule, there is not very much to be said; but I think I shall be able to explain to you to-day a really remarkable progress that we have made since this mine was taken over by the English company. The Athabasca Gold Mine company was formed some two or three years ago, with the usual objects of an American company—\$1,000,000—and it was worked in a small way; I believe all the expenses from the beginning to the present day have been met by the sale of the mine and the work done on it. I have now to report to you the progress that we have made since this mine was taken over by the English company. The Athabasca Gold Mine company was formed some two or three years ago, with the usual objects of an American company—\$1,000,000—and it was worked in a small way; I believe all the expenses from the beginning to the present day have been met by the sale of the mine and the work done on it. I have now to report to you the progress that we have made since this mine was taken over by the English company."

This was dated September 27, and was received on the 29th; so I gather that by to-day you should have had it. It means two ounces or three ounces of gold per ton of ore, and we must bear in mind that the ore has hitherto been all smelted, and by smelting you get out the whole of the gold, whether refractory or anything else. It is, however, a very expensive process, and we shall not get anything like the whole of the gold from a stony ore; we may get 60 or 70 per cent. By the new process we shall make a further extraction, and then the concentrate from this will be sent to the mill smelter and smelted there. Of course, it is impossible to tell yet what percentage we shall have recovered at the end of all this, but we hope it will be something like 80 per cent.

This mine is, of course, much more like the rich West Australian mines than any of the South African group; but we must bear in mind that it is very rich ore, but it is in narrow seams, and the ore runs more or less in chutes, and we shall not get anything like the whole of the gold from a stony ore; we may get 60 or 70 per cent. By the new process we shall make a further extraction, and then the concentrate from this will be sent to the mill smelter and smelted there. Of course, it is impossible to tell yet what percentage we shall have recovered at the end of all this, but we hope it will be something like 80 per cent.

Having said that much, I will now turn to the mine itself. It is situated about three miles from Nelson, in the Kootenai district, which is the very center of the mining country of British Columbia. The Hall Mine is only three miles away—that is, a very large mine with a big smelter at Nelson, where this company's ore has been smelted—and the extension of the mine is now being regular dividends, and the shares of which stand at 200 cent, premium in the market. The great thing about this mine is the fact that it is one of the very best in British Columbia, and has a future certainly second to none. In the heart of this district is situated this Athabasca mine. It consists of four veins and three or four smaller ones, and on these claims there are from 14 to 16 reefs that have been proved to be rich, and it is manifest that we cannot work on all these reefs at once, so we have devoted our attention to the principal reefs. I have here a map showing the working of the mine, and I hope at the annual meeting to have a proper exhibit on the wall; but we have not got that yet. The workings at present consist of two drives or tunnels into the mountain—an upper and a lower one; in both of these the news is that we are in extremely rich ore. It will now read a few passages from the letters of Mr. Wright, which begin from August 12 last. On that day he says: "Mine—I sent you on the 14th a cablegram saying we had struck new vein on the Athabasca of the richest ore yet found. I am very pleased to be able to confirm the same, and to report that the work we have since done on the vein has been very satisfactory. The vein lies in a schist formation, to the west of the upper workings, and may possibly prove to be an important vein of the future. Anyhow, the rock is of surprising richness; small samples of 3 oz. or 4 oz. when panned give from 15 to 20 oz. of gold. Moreover, the vein is of good size, though on this point we must do more work before we can say anything definite. It is richer than anything he has ever found hitherto, and I think this may be due to its being further from the surface than the other veins. I have been, as you know, for some time convinced that we should make out of this mine a very big thing. We have also found another vein close by, rich ore, but bumpy, and which is not counted upon yet. I brought down from the new vein some of the sample of ore weighing about 50 lbs. The assays of which are encrusted with gold, and you wish to have in the London office I can send it to you. We took the following assays from this new vein: One sample from the upper workings where rich panings were obtained, but with no gold visible, showed \$689.20 to the ton. Another sample, weighing 369 drs., showed \$74.46 to the ton. These results are wonderful." They certainly are wonderful if they are anything like that. We can quite understand it. It is the richest ore I have ever seen. I sent it down to the Hall smelter, at Nelson, and he cables us on September 12 last—we have not got a letter later than September 9—"15 tons smelted have yielded a net sum of \$1,700." If, after paying the smelting charges, we got a cheque for that amount the yield per ton would, of course, be a great deal more. At this rate, it must have been at least \$135 to the ton, or 5 oz. 15 dr.

At that time the manager said that the only thing that caused him anxiety was that the main shaft had not struck the reef; but a cable arrived on September 17 that the reef had been struck, and the main shaft full 2 1/2 feet in rich vein, of very fine quality." It is the richest ore I have ever seen. I sent it down to the Hall smelter, at Nelson, and he cables us on September 12 last—we have not got a letter later than September 9—"15 tons smelted have yielded a net sum of \$1,700." If, after paying the smelting charges, we got a cheque for that amount the yield per ton would, of course, be a great deal more. At this rate, it must have been at least \$135 to the ton, or 5 oz. 15 dr.

The Great Life Saver Cures Even at the Eleventh Hour.

Mr. Belyea's Letter Should be Read by All Sufferers.

Gentlemen—In the winter of 1884 I was taken with a severe attack of neuralgia in the head and shoulders. Since then it became seated, and I gave up all idea of ever being cured. Have taken medicine prescribed by different physicians, but all to no avail. Some three months ago I was induced to try a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound. Before I had taken half of it I began to feel better. Slept, and my early days appeared so refreshing, that a telling effect on my nerves. I have taken this compound, and in a few days I can say that it is the first time in eleven years that I have felt none of those piercing pains to which I had once been a victim. Let me say to any person who may read this testimonial, in this province, that if you desire relief from this statement, just write me and I will only be too glad to inform you of the true history of the case, and of a shattered nervous system. Yours respectfully, A. BELYEY, Hampstead, N. B.

VERY TEMPTING MINES

Price of the Le Roi Stock Advancing With Each Day in Completing the Transfer.

British Rivalry for Control of the Minority Stock—Smelter for Sayward.

The Spokane Spokesman-Review of the 12th inst. says: "It is mighty uncertain now whether the British America Corporation will ever again be in a position to secure the minority's stock in the Le Roi mine," said Colonel Turner to-day. "We have the British America Corporation an option several days ago on our holdings at the rate of \$8,125 per share. The negotiations included slightly more than 2,500 shares, the exact figure, I think, was something less than 2,040. The block comprised the holdings of Senator Turner and W. J. Harris, as well as my own and several others. It was a three-day option and expired on Friday morning, but the very corporation did not take it up. The officials told us that Whitaker Wright himself would have to buy a mortgage and would personally conclude the purchase. It is a matter of fact that the stock he will have to pay considerably more than \$8,125 per share for it. It can't be had now for less than \$8,500, and it is for ever that figure."

Why can't Mr. Wright buy the stock for the figure if anybody can? Well, one thing is the colonel, the stock is now under option to London people who, it is understood, do not look to sell it until they are ready to take it up. Mr. Wright, and I fancy that they will take it up. The option is for the full block, and the price is \$8,500 per share. It will expire on Saturday night. The British America Corporation is not to be a price. We told them that they could have it on a basis of \$8,500. We were told that they were open to them at that figure until the end of the week. The same paper follows up the story on the 13th as follows: "Colonel Turner's interview on the status of the Le Roi deal wired from London to the North. The man-review yesterday created no small stir in local Le Roi circles. The Le Roi stock is now under option to London people who, it is understood, do not look to sell it until they are ready to take it up. Mr. Wright, and I fancy that they will take it up. The option is for the full block, and the price is \$8,500 per share. It will expire on Saturday night. The British America Corporation is not to be a price. We told them that they could have it on a basis of \$8,500. We were told that they were open to them at that figure until the end of the week."

THE YIMR MINES.

Favorable Attention Attracted by Their Exhibit at Spokane Fair.

A large chunk of ore weighing upwards of 150 pounds in the center of the Yimr exhibit at the fruit fair is from the famous Yimr mine in the North. The property is owned by the London & Globe Company and does not belong to the B. A. C. It is not a prime favorite over here. Mr. Wright, like every successful man, is a man who has to look to the market can be manipulated by his dis-advantage his enemies will not hesitate to do so. The price of the Yimr stock is \$1,125 per share. The manager, J. Rodolph, of the B. C. and New Gold Finds Co., is authority for the statement that the average assay across a 35-foot ledge for the week ending September 13, was \$135 per ton. The property is being equipped with a 40-stamp mill. The Yimr display is a notable one, it comprises specimens from 40 mines and prospects and it is impossible here to describe the values of the exhibits. The exhibit is in charge of D. A. Cameron, who has spent nearly a year of his life in the Yimr mines, and who is thoroughly acquainted with all its prospects, great and small and he takes much pains in explaining the exhibit to visitors. The display is the only catalogue exhibit in the building. The catalogue tells what development has been made on each property, what the assay values are of width of ledge, name of owner and other important facts. From the catalogue the following statements are culled: "Two years ago but little was known of the Yimr mine in the North. During the week ending September 13, the average assay across a 35-foot ledge for the week ending September 13, was \$135 per ton. The property is being equipped with a 40-stamp mill. The Yimr display is a notable one, it comprises specimens from 40 mines and prospects and it is impossible here to describe the values of the exhibits. The exhibit is in charge of D. A. 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The Colonist.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1898.

CIVIC MATTERS.

Amid all the talk about civic reform, citizens should not lose sight of the fact that, no matter what changes may be made in the charter of the city, a new municipal government must be elected under the law as it stands, and that the influence of the mayor and aldermen to be selected in January next upon proposed legislation will naturally and properly be very great. Therefore it seems to us that one of the first things to be done is to secure the promise of the best available men that they will serve, and then make a determined effort to elect them.

In this speaking there is always a danger of being misunderstood. The Colonist does not desire to be thought of as reflecting upon any of the gentlemen now in power. It is not in sympathy with that too common practice of berating the aldermen. These gentlemen do what they think is right. We believe the city council are an honest and well-meaning body of people. They have done very well on some respects, but it has been only too evident during the past two years that the majority of the taxpayers for the time being are not in sympathy with the aldermen. These gentlemen do what they think is right. We believe the city council are an honest and well-meaning body of people. They have done very well on some respects, but it has been only too evident during the past two years that the majority of the taxpayers for the time being are not in sympathy with the aldermen.

We regard the next civic election as of extreme importance, for upon the result of that will depend the future of the city of Victoria, so far as relates to improvements, will depend. It is therefore not too early to begin to canvass the situation over to discover who will be available. It is very clear that some persons must make up their minds to sacrifice personal considerations in the public interests, and assume what is no trifling burden.

THE CITY AND THE SCHOOLS.

The decision of the city council to pay to the school trustees the sum necessary to meet the janitors' salaries is a wise one, and we do not think it unreasonable to couple therewith a condition that the question at issue between the two bodies shall be submitted to the court for determination. This will not be an expensive matter, and will do much to dispense the school trustees with the necessity of their individual contentions, the best way to do in the public interest is to get an authoritative statement of what the law is. The suggestion that the matter should be allowed to remain open until the legislature meets, and that legislation should then be prepared to define the relative powers of the two bodies, does not commend itself to us. There is no certainty that the desired legislation can be secured, and there is probably as much difference of opinion as to what should be asked for as there is upon the meaning of the law as it stands. Both the members of the city council and those of the school board are simply trustees for the public in respect to the several powers invested in them by statute, and they do not doubt realize how undesirable it would be to permit any capricious spirit to prevent a harmonious adjustment of the differences existing between them. Both are equally desirous of doing what is right in the matter.

COLONIZATION OF THE PROVINCE.

As the surveys of the West Coast of Vancouver Island progress, new ideas are gained of the agricultural resources of that part of the province. It may be taken as established that a large acre of agricultural land is to be found on the West Coast. It is particularly adapted to cattle raising and dairy farming, owing to the amount of rainfall and the mildness of the winters. Facts of this kind ought to be made widely known.

We suggest to the consideration of the government that more might be done than has been to promote the colonization of British Columbia. What seems to be needed is that information regarding the province as a home for settlers should be widely disseminated. The world is pretty well informed as to its mineral resources, but not defined effort has been made to impress upon home-seekers that they will find within our borders conditions which are highly favorable. What has been done in this direction has been in a desultory way and only as incidental to the advertisement of the other great resources of the province. It would be desirable to have highly advantageous to circulate very widely a pamphlet, giving brief particulars of what is known on this point in regard to tracts now easily accessible to settlers. The abstract prepared from Mr. Gosnell's Year Book is too large and comprehensive for the purpose which we have now in mind, which needs something that can be given away, and the recipient can read through in a short time. It ought to cover one feature only, namely, what inducements British Columbia offers to persons contemplating settlement in the West for the purpose of raising or stock raising. The amount of money to be expended is so obvious that in such a pamphlet it would not be wise at present to attempt a description of all parts of the province. For example, there is much good land in the Bulkley valley, but as the means of reaching it are at present of

the most primitive and difficult kind, it would be of no use to tell persons contemplating settling in the province that such land exists, except in a general way to indicate that hereafter, when the country is more fully opened up, the area of available agricultural land will be greatly increased. The idea we have in mind is a description of the localities where there is some reason to expect a settler to desire to go if he knew them. Of these there are many in all parts of the province. For example, there is probably some good land near Lake Atlin, and, if so, it would be a wise thing for a number of settlers to establish themselves on it. They would have a good market near at hand, and the means of reaching the district are easy. There must be many tracts in Kootenay, especially since the Crow's Nest Pass railway has been built, upon which it would be wise for settlers to locate themselves, because the land is fertile and markets are convenient. So up the West Coast; the tracts of farming land there can be reached easily, and there is a good market for everything that can be produced. Information covering these points should be epitomized into a handy little volume, that would cost little to print and could be given away. It should be distributed broadcast over the United Kingdom and the Eastern provinces of the Dominion.

The matter might either be got up by some one especially appointed for that purpose, or a prize might be offered for the best pamphlet on the subject. As it would be necessary for the writer to have access to all the official reports, probably the work could be done better by some one especially selected for the purpose than in any other way. The following points ought to be covered in regard to each locality: Character of the land, climate, extent of available land, means of communication, markets, etc. The great object should be to combine accuracy and clearness, so that there should be presented to persons, seeking information about the future of the province, a brief epitome of what there is to be told, which would be likely to lead them to make fuller investigation.

SUGGESTED GERRYMANDER.

The Colonist would not expect the Vancouver World to agree with what it says in regard to the prospects of the Conservative party in British Columbia and elsewhere, nor as to the attractions which the brilliant record presents to the younger generation of voters. Therefore we shall not enter into any argument with it upon these points. When, however, it urges that Victoria is over-represented in parliament, and that one of its members should be taken away and given to some part of the Mainland, it takes a position which ought not to be allowed to pass unchallenged. Victoria has two representatives and has had them ever since the province joined the Confederation. This of itself is a good reason for continuing the existing distribution. To deprive a constituency of a share of representation, which it has always enjoyed, is something that is always avoided when possible, and no good reason can be given why Victoria should thus have its influence in parliament curtailed. Victoria has never supposed an increase of the representation of the Mainland in the House of Commons. Most people in this part of the province are not in favor of a Vancouver constituency, that the last senatorial appointment might very properly have been given to some one residing on the Mainland. The government, however, thought differently, thereby showing that they are not influenced by the considerations which are expressed in the World's editorial. It is somewhat remarkable that, in the opinion of some otherwise estimable people, the first thing to be considered, when it is proposed to do anything for some other part of the province, is if what is wanted cannot be got by taking away something from Victoria. Yet if there is one locality of which it can be alleged to be truly the financial world, the fluctuations of that stock are almost without a parallel in the history of railroads. The amount lost in it has been enormous.

It is on the cards that the State of Washington may before long try the experiment of the Single Tax. The dog seems to be gaining ground there, although it is not likely to have supporters enough to control the next legislature.

Our contemporary speaks of the vastness of Mr. Bostock's constituency. It certainly is vast enough. If Mr. Bostock's political acumen were in proportion to the territory which he represents, he would be the greatest statesman of this or any age; but if the test were the number of his constituents, he would come nearer his actual rank. Representation by territorial extent is rather a new principle. It is rather too late in the day now to discuss the original distribution of the representation of the province in the House of Commons.

"Keep your money in your town," exclaims the Nanaimo Review. This is good economic gospel within the limits to which the Review intends to apply it, and it can be extended further than the town. We send away too much money altogether for things that can be produced at home. How this is to be prevented, we do not know. We can think of nothing better than for the press to frequently mention the matter, so that it will be constantly before public attention. How much money do we send away for eggs every year? The amount must be very large, yet no reason can be assigned why all the eggs we need cannot be produced at home. So with butter. One man sent 14,000 pounds of butter from Winnipeg to Vancouver a few days ago. This is about a day's

supply for the Terminal City. Why was it necessary to send to Winnipeg for it? Much is said about helping the agricultural community and much can be done to help it; but the farmers can do more to help themselves than any government can hope to accomplish. The amount spent with our own farmers for food products is kept in circulation at home. The money sent to Winnipeg for eggs and butter is never seen again. By all means let us keep our money in our own town and in our own province as far as possible.

An attempt is being made to create a lot of sympathy for the Yukon officials, who are described as men who are being much abused. The Toronto Globe tells us that the officials themselves did not know that they were being charged with wrong-doing. Our contemporary has forgotten that only a day or two before it gave, as one of the reasons for believing that the officials were more sinned against than sinning, that they had de-paanded an investigation, but Major Walsh was not in a position to make one. Just how these two positions can be reconciled we must leave some other person to decide. We do not see all the Eastern papers and therefore cannot judge whether the Globe is correct, when it says the tide of vituperation against the officials has mounted higher and higher every day. There has been nothing in the papers published on the coast that can properly be called vituperation. There has, indeed, been a notable absence of anything of that description. The general desire of people here has been to avoid magnifying the matter, and, in insisting upon an investigation, to refrain as far as possible from doing injustice to anyone.

The Province rejoices because Attorney-General Martin has already reduced the expense of his department by an amount sufficient to pay his own salary. Now if Mr. Martin really wants to serve his bleeding country, he might abolish himself, and save that much more. An able-bodied rumor has it that the colleagues of the pugnacious politician from the prairies would not pine away and die, if he should resolve upon such a method of economy.

The St. Paul Globe, after carefully reviewing the wheat market, says that the outlook from the producer's standpoint is not highly encouraging, although there is a probability of higher prices towards the close of the year. The Australian and Argentine crops have not yet advanced far enough to enable an estimate to be made of their effect upon the market.

Down in Kansas on Monday they had a heavy snow storm followed by a tremendous blizzard, which completely paralyzed traffic. They do not have anything as bad as the Dawson route. What atrocious ideas a man may have in regard to the climate of a continent, he is relied upon parallels of latitude as a guide.

Our Eastern Liberal contemporaries are complaining the advent of Mr. Ogilvie with many events in the Yukon metropolis; but none of them seems to have remarked upon the coincidence that forthwith after his arrival the price of whiskey fell two bits a drink. Will the Laurier organs claim this as one of the benefits conferred by the new regime?

The Rosland Miner is hopeful that the problem of treating low grade ores has been solved, and that there are fully 2,000,000 tons of ore on the dumps and in sight in the mines of that district. It is very clear that if the Miner is correct, the discovery will prove of immense value.

Until recently San Francisco had the reputation for producing the toughest political cartoons in the world, but Ontario is rapidly disputing its claim to this unenviable precedence. Coarseness in a cartoon is just as objectionable as in an editorial.

A dividend on the common stock of the Northern Pacific is said to be forthcoming. This will be news indeed in the financial world. The fluctuations of that stock are almost without a parallel in the history of railroads. The amount lost in it has been enormous.

It is on the cards that the State of Washington may before long try the experiment of the Single Tax. The dog seems to be gaining ground there, although it is not likely to have supporters enough to control the next legislature.

Annual Sales over 6,000,000 Boxes

BEECHAM'S PILLS

FOR BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Giddiness, Fullness after meals, Headache, Distress, Prowess, Flashes of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Constiveness, Bloated and Sick Head, Disturbed Sleep, Bright Dreams and all Nervous and Transient Sensations.

IT TAKES TWENTY MINUTES. Every sufferer will acknowledge them to be

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS, taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove obstructions or irregularities of the system and cure Sick Headache. For a Weak Stomach Impaired Digestion Disordered Liver IN MEN, WOMEN OR CHILDREN Beecham's Pills are Without a Rival

Advert here the LARGEST SALE of any Patent Medicine in the World, at all Drug Stores.

A SUMMER CARNIVAL.

The suggestion has been made that Victoria shall hold a fruit and flower show next summer. The idea is popular with every one to whom it is mentioned, and we have no doubt that if it is taken hold of in the right way it could be very successful. We may mention at the outset that the date would be fixed so early that it would not in any way interfere with the fall shows.

We suggest that the plans adopted should embrace not only a display of fruit and flowers, but water fests, pyrotechnic displays and other features proper appurtenant to a summer carnival. The idea ought to be to make the event of more than local importance. It should be got up on a scale that would warrant its being advertised, not only all along the Coast, but in Eastern Canada. All the transportation companies would give their assistance. It is highly probable that if Victoria would make a special effort in this way, and the Canadian Pacific would give cheap excursion rates from Eastern points, hundreds of people would avail themselves of the opportunity to visit the Coast.

Who propose not in any way interfere with our usual Queen's Birthday celebration, for the proper time for it would be the latter part of August. It might be made the culmination of a great observation trip from the East, which could take in Kootenay by way of the Crow's Nest Pass railway.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CURE SICK HEADACHE

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this distressing complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if only once used.

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JUBILEE BRAND CONDENSED MILK

Superior to any sweetened milk on the market. Highly recommended by physicians. Manufactured by the Manitoba Dairy Co., Limited. WINNIPEG. TRY IT IN YOUR COFFEE.

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The highest grade manufactured in this country bears the name of this Company as makers. Jobbers grades not bearing the original maker's name are not guaranteed.

THE CANADA PAINT CO., LTD.

MONTREAL, TORONTO, VICTORIA. The only start-to-finish makers of paint materials in Canada.

Time and Money Saved

By buying your groceries for cash. We are watching the markets which are advancing. The boom throughout the Dominion has advanced the price of butter, cheese, coal oil and dried fruits. Shown all these in small plum pudding for Xmas. Owl Milk, 3 Tins - 25c. Baked Chicken, Turkey and Duck 25c. Tuna a Tin of Glam Nectar - 25c. Granulated Sugar, 20 lbs. - \$1.00. Morgan Eastern Oysters. DIXIE H. ROSS.

Mockintoshes, \$5, \$7.50, \$8, \$10. Rugby Waterproofs, \$10, \$12, \$15. 50 Dozen Umbrellas Just Opened. B. Williams & Co. CLOTHIERS, HATTERS and OUTFITTERS, 97 JOHNSON ST., VICTORIA.

EXTERMINATION IN CUBA.

Sixty Per Cent. of Natives Have Died in Three Years - Present Suffering Great.

One of the most prominent daily newspapers in Havana admitted a few days ago that since 1895, when the last revolt began, 60 per cent. of the native Cubans have died. It is a startling statement, and yet confirmed by such other data as is available. Presently the whole truth will come out and the enormity of the Spanish purpose will be made clear to the world. From the moment of the appointment of Weyler the policy was to kill off every element of the population that sympathized with the rebellion or that was indirectly of assistance to it. Women and children, the aged and the helpless, were included in this awful scheme, and if the figures of La Lucha are correct three-fifths of the Cubans alive three years ago are now in their graves. The victims certainly number several hundred thousands. But for the intervention of the United States the colossal decree of murder would have been completed its work, leaving in Cuba only the Spanish population and in the mountains some wandering bands of natives scarcely better than brigands. Having failed to overcome the tactics adopted by the insurgents, the immense Spanish army in Cuba was charged with the destruction of the whole native race.

DISABILITIES

Do you feel more tired in the morning than you do at night? Do you have melancholy spells, poor memory, shy, morbid, want to be let alone, irritable? If you do feel so you suffer from Nervous Debility. If you are tired now you can be cured. If you wait you may wait a little too long. Don't you wait. The sure, speedy cure is the GREAT "HUDYAN."

HUDYAN CURES

NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIC DEBILITY, HORRIBLE DREAMS, CONSTIPATION, LOSS OF POWER, LOSS OF CAPACITY, LACK OF ENERGY.

Call or write for Circulars and Testimonials.

Blood Poison

First, secondary, tertiary forms of blood disorders are manifested by copper-colored spots, itching skin, irritated, dry, parched, swollen, falling hair. Act promptly. Get cured. The 30-day cure is what you need. Call or write for

30-DAY-CURE CIRCULARS.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE. Stockton, Market and Ellis Streets, San Francisco, - - - Cal.

LESSON

Cuban Case an cognized National. Spain Borrowed Her Colonies. United States W Important to Finan.

By Association long article on the says: "The reluctance curb the burden of at the same time up of international law, cured by a ruler's reats upon a solid fo. "It is monstrous th the laws of a nation simply because he is material government, that in international against the will of attach to the country change of government loss of that monar government which has finance of the ninete. "For fifty years Sp in defiance of the people and in spite of test of the United S her military operation specially chargeable b first place in order to and in the second pl range for a cheap re of being driven out by. "It is a word, the de upon Cuba largely v sadding it upon the U headholders were enco the supported doctrin law as part security, they were willing to will of both Cubans a. "It is hoped that while assuming the will refuse to pay any except the money used the island, thereby a precedent which is nuals will do well t. "CHRISTIAN S Harold Frederic's De count of This is a

newspaper correspond who died suddenly on ing at Humber, which journeled to-day until. The evidence presents sensational. A depend to the Associated s said it had been leas eric, previous to his de the cause of his death said that a doctor was only tend him a few days b During the inquiry, his daughter Ruth said he believe in doctors. S was with his' consent, influence of others, th "Christian scientist," attended him. Kate Lyon, a member household, testified that had asked her to call it the latter case. She ounded the system of 2 Christian scientists, day Mrs. Frederic diu who had been in atten Most of Mrs. Millis' tined the witness, known as "absent fre request of the friends. The doctors were sume seced informed them had previously been a Mr. Jehu Stokes anuanensis, testified charged with murder. eric died without re treatment. Mrs. Brown and Pr cians who had attende said that the deceased h some time fever, lyzied on one side. H certained, was due to declared their belief the treatment the patient vered. The inquest was adjou nesday, in order to a the presence of Mrs. Mill. C. P. R. DIFFE Adverse Decision of Not on Merits and ence Succ

Montreal, Oct. 21. - ing the decision of the dered in Chicago two President Shaughnessy said-to-day. The a have rendered a decis O. P. R. We are c ch is based on tech of the language of t scribing the question, left to arbitration. I informed as to the ba tion, the question n arad in such a form dision on its broad m

Venerable Parents Children Make Tu re in Ma Prescott, Mich. O McDonald, of Reno, a united in matrimony. Maggie Ann Oregon. The aged bridgep three times in Canada of 14 children. The twice, once in India, York, and is the mot John E. McDonald is the present grandchildren and gre dren of both groom a

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