Huron Signal.

"The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number."

VOL. XXVII. NO. 6. GODERICH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY. FEB. 25, 1874. WHOLE NO. 1410.

The Huron Signal,

(ESTABLISHED 1848,)

One of the Largest Papers published in Canada, printed and published at Goderich, Ontario, every

WEDNESDAY MORNING,

at the Office, Montreal Street, adjoining the Market Square, by

J. J. BELL,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS—$1.50 per annum, in advance, $2 if credit is given. No paper discontinued till all arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Eight cents per line for the first insertion, and two cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Business cards not exceeding 6 lines, $4 per annum, from 6 to 10 lines $5.

The number of lines to be reckoned by the space occupied measured by a scale of solid Nonpareil.

Advertisements without specific directions, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

YEARLY AGREEMENTS:

The following rates will be charged to merchants and others who advertise by the year,—

One Column	1 year	$60
" "	6 months	35
" "	3 months	25
Half "	1 year	25
" "	6 months	25
" "	3 months	15
Quarter "	1 year	20
" "	6 months	12
" "	3 months	8
Eighth "	1 year	12
" "	6 months	8
" "	3 months	5

This agreement is to be confined to the ordinary business of commercial houses, and for such it will not be held to include Auction Sales, Removals, Co-Partnership Notices, Private Advertisements of individual members of firms, Houses to let or for Sale, &c.

☞ The above rates will in all cases be strictly adhered to.

Advertisements intended for insertion in any particular issue should reach the office by noon on Tuesday.

The large circulation of the SIGNAL makes it an unsurpassed advertising medium.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS

Executed with neatness and despatch. Bills printed while you wait. Orders by mail punctually attended to.

Business Directory.

M. NICHOLSON,
SURGEON DENTIST.
Office and residence, West Street. Three doors below Bank of Montreal, Goderich. 1311-ly

John Campbell, M.D., C.M.,
(Graduate of McGill University, Montreal),
SEAFORTH.
OFFICE and residence—One door south of Ross' Hotel, Main street, and opposite McCallum's hotel.
Seaforth, April 23rd, 1873. 1367

G. C. Shannon M. D.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c.&c., Goderich, Ont. 13:10-ly

DR. McLEAN.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, CORONER, &c. Office and Residence 2nd door east of Central School

Dr. Cassady,
McGill College
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., Office, Hamilton Street, Goderich, Ontario. sw102

Ira Lewis
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, &c. Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Crown Attorney, Goderich, Ont. Office in Court House.

Cameron & Garrow.
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, &c. Office, Market Square, Goderich.
M. C. CAMERON. w52 J. T. GARROW.

H. L. DOYLE.
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR in Chancery, &c., Goderich, Ont. 1357

ELLIOTT & WATSON
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, SOLICITORS, IN Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. Crabb's Block, Goderich.
MONEY TO LEND. 1373

Sinclair & Seager
BARRISTERS, &c., Goderich.
J. S. SINCLAIR. CHAS. SEAGER, Jr
Goderich, Dec. 1st, 1871. ly.

W. R. SQUIER.
BARRISTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, SOLICITOR in Chancery, &c. Goderich, Ont.
Office, Acheson's Block, West Street, Goderich. 1353

P. E. WALKER.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND SOLICITOR IN Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, &c. Office, opposite the Post Office, West Street, Goderich, Ont. 1378-ly

G. CAMPAIGNE
LAW CHANCERY AND CONVEYANCING. Office at Dixie Walker's, Official Assignee.
Goderich, Ont.
s87-tf

Malcomson & Keating,
BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS, &c. &c., Clinton, Ont. w35
MONEY TO LEND.

HUGH HAMILTON
CONVEYANCER AND GENERAL LAND Agent, Crown Lands office, Goderich, Ont.
Money to Lend. 138

JAMES SMAILL,
ARCHITECT, &c., &c., COURTHOUSE SQUARE Goderich. Plans and Specifications drawn correctly. Carpenters', Masterers' and Masons' work measured and valued. 1397-ly.

Buchanan, Lawson & Robinson
HAVE on hand all kinds of Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, and Dressed Lumber, at the Goderich Planing Mill. 1309.

J. T. DUNCAN, V. S.
GRADUATE OF ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE.
OFFICE AND STABLES,
Newgate Street, Fifth House East of Colborne Hotel.
N. B.—Horses examined as to soundness. 1313

PATENTS
FOR INVENTIONS
EXPEDITIOUSLY & PROPERLY
secured in Canada, the United States and Europe.
PATENT procured free of charge. Send for printed instructions. Agency in operation ten years.
HENRY GRIST.
Ottawa, Canada,
Mechanical Engineer, Solicitor of Patents and Draughtsman.
Feb, 11th 1871. w4-ly—

NOTICE.

MISS BARNES in returning thanks to her friends in Goderich for past patronage, begs to say that she is now prepared to give Lessons on the Pianoforte and Cabinet Organ and in Singing. Residence opposite Mr. Savage's, Colborne St. 1363

CARD.

MISS SKIMMINGS, Teacher of Music on Piano Forte and Organ. Terms as usual in advance. Residence, Stanley Street, Goderich.
January 5th. 1874. 1403

RESTAURANT.

JAMES VIVIAN
HAS REMOVED HIS RESTAURANT TO Acheson's New Block, West Street, where he will be glad to see all his customers and the public generally.
FRUIT, VEGETABLES, OYSTERS, &c., &c. in their season.
HOT AND COLD MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

THE ACADEMY
FOR YOUNG LADIES UNDER THE direction of the SISTERS of ST. JOSEPH will be re-opened on
WEDNESDAY Jan. 7th 1874.

TERMS

Tuition per quarter,	$3 00
Music, Instrumental,	7 00
" Vocal,	5 00
Guitar,	5 00
French,	2 00
Drawing,	4 00

Payment quarterly and in advance. Plain and ornamental needle-work do not form extra charges to pupils.
Jan. 6th 1874. 1403-6m

Meetings.

GODERICH LODGE NO. 33
G. R. C., A. F. A. A. M.
THE REGULAR COMMUNICATION is held on the first Wednesday of each month at 7.30 p. m. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
W. DICKSON, Sec.
Goderich, 4th May, 1871. sw73-1y

Money to Lend.

$25,000
TO Loan on Farm or Town Property at 7 per cent. Apply to
G. CAMPAIGNE, Solicitor, &c.,
Oct. 30th, 1871 41tf Goderich.

MONEY TO LEND.
ON IMPROVED FARM PROperty, at 8 per cent simple interest per annum. Apply to
SAMUEL SLOAN,
Colborne Hotel.
Goderich, 8th Oct., 1872. 1338

MONEY TO LOAN
AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST.
FREEHOLD Permanent Building and Savings Society of Toronto.
For particulars apply to
A. M. ROSS.
Agent at Goderich.
Secretary and Treasurer,
CHAS. ROBERTON,
Toronto. 1343.

MONEY TO LEND
At Greatly reduced Rates of Interest
THE undersigned has any amount of money to loan from two to fifteen years, at a low rate of interest and favourable terms of repayment, payable by yearly instalments; rate of expenses will defy competition.
HORACE HORTON
Appraiser for the Canada Permanent Building & Savings Society, of Toronto.

INSURANCE CARD.
The Subscriber is agent for the following first-class Insurance Companies
PHOENIX of London, England
HARTFORD of Hartford.
PROVINCIAL of Toronto
BRITISH AMERICA, of Toronto.
Fire & Marine business done at the lowest possible rates
HORACE HORTON
Office Market Square, Goderich
Oct. 26th 1870. s36-1r.

Insurance.

THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Available Assets, $27,000,000.
Losses paid in the course of Thirty-five years exceed
FORTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!
Claims by CHICAGO FIRE estimated at nearly $3,000,000, are being liquidated as fast as adjusted WITHOUT DEDUCTION. Security, Prompt Payment, and Liberality in adjustment of its losses are the prominent features of this wealthy company.
FIRE and LIFE POLICIES issued with very liberal conditions.
Head Office, Canada Branch, MONTREAL
G. F. C. SMITH, Resident Secretary, MONTREAL
A. M. ROSS, Agent for Goderich

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.
HEAD OFFICE TORONTO.
CAPITAL STOCK.....$400,000
SURPLUS FUNDS.....208,369.60
RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th 1871. 357,838.26
HON. J. McMURRICH
President.
B. HALDAN Managing Director.
FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE AT Lowest Current Rates
SPECIAL LOW TARIFF OF RATES, COVERING Insurance for one or three years on detached Dwellings Churches and Schools with contents, in Cities, Towns and Country places. These rates and terms of policy particularly favorable to the Farming Community.
First Class man wanted for a travelling Agency for the townships outlying this Town. Apply in writing with references to the undersigned for transmission to the Head Office.
D. WATSON.
Local Agent.
Goderich 12th Sept. 1871

GODERICH AGENCY
OF THE
Trust and Loan Company of CANADA.
Incorpoated by Royal Charter.
CAPITAL—ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.
Funds for Investment.
LOANS made on the Security of approved Farm City or Town Property for periods of Five years or to suit the convenience of Borrowers, and either repayable at expiry of time or by annual instalments. Payments in reduction of Loans will be accepted at any time on favorable terms.
☞ Approved Mortgages purchased.
G. M. TRUEMAN,
Agent
1317 Next Squa e, Goderich

NEW CONVEYANCING LOAN Agency Office, Blyth.
W. H. G. COLLES,
Conveyancer, Solicitor in Chancery, and Attorney of the Law and Equity Courts of Ireland, Genealogist, Land, Loan and Estate Agent, Law, Life and Fire Insurance, and General Agent.
Has opened an office in Blyth, at the late residence of Dr. Hutchinson, next house south of the Registry Office, Deeds, Wills, Mortgages, &c., carefully prepared; Titles and claims to Irish Estates investigated, and Law Business in Ireland transacted in connection with a First-Class Dublin Firm; Genealogies traced and Pedigrees prepared; Forty Years Experience; charges moderate. Money to Loan—private funds; and for Public companies, Debts collected. Notes protested and collected.
☞ Office next house south of Registry Office.
1407

STOCK'S EXTRA
MACHINE OIL
Has been in general use for the past two years and giving the best satisfaction, as may be seen from testimonials from many of the leading houses in Ontario. It will not congeal in the coldest weather, it is therefore suitable for the lightest machinery, as well as the heaviest machines in use.
TESTIMONIAL
From the Joseph Hall Machine Works, Ottawa.
I consider Stock's oil cheaper at $1.50 per gallon than olive oil at 80 cents. Yours respectfully,
F. W. GLEN, President.
For sale only by
G. H. PARSONS & CO., Hardware Merchants, Goderich.
SOLE AGENTS.
1312.

Hotels.

BRITISH EXCHANGE HOTEL,
MARKET SQUARE GODERICH.
CAPT. W. COX, - PROPRIETOR
LATE OF THE HURON HOTEL.
A continuance of the favor and support of the Commercial and Travelling public that was accorded before the fire, respectfully solicited. 1334

ANCHOR LINE.
STEAMERS SAIL FROM NEW YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
PASSENGER ACCOMODATION UNSURPASSED
Rates of Passage from Sun Bridge or Buffalo to Glasgow, Liverpool or Londonderry, Cabins $65, $70 and $80 Gold according to location. Intermediate $29 gold, Steerage $34 gold.
DRAFTS ISSUED AT LOWEST RATES.
For passage or further information, Apply to
HENDERSON BROTHERS,
7 Bowling Green N. Y.
Or their Agent
1407 MRS. E. WARNOCK,
Goderich.

NEW DRUG STORE!
SIGN, RED MORTAR,
East Side Market Square.
J. BOND
Of 26 Years' Practice,
NOTED FOR PURE DRUGS.
IS just receiving from European and American markets weekly the following articles:—
Drugs, Chemicals, Sponges, Hair Brushes, Flesh Brushes, Large stock of Tooth Brushes, Hair Restoratives, Hair Dyes, Perfumery, Atkinson's Lubins Magnolia Balm, Laird's Bloom of Youth, Lily White Touch Paste and Powder, Sea Salt for Baths, Patent Medicines, Black Oils, Yellow Oils, Dye Stuffs of all kinds fresh and good, Fellows' Compound Syrup Hypophosphites, Radway's Medicines Ayer's do Worm Medicines for Children, Bowel Complaint remedies the best in the world, try them, Pain Killers, too numerous to mention, Sarsaparilla, Cod Liver Oil, Castor Oil, Lamps, Lamp Glasses,
Bond's Tonic Bitters,
the best in the world for
DYSPEPSIA,
Any quantity of Certificates can be produced if required of its efficacy.
Horse and Cattle Medicines.
1385

THE
Very Thing Wanted
NEW HARDWARE STORE
In GODERICH
OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE.
SIGN OF THE CIRCULAR SAW
THE SUBSCRIBERS BEG TODAY THAT THEY have just completed opening out an Entire New and
COMPLETE STOCK OF
HARDWARE.
of all kinds which will be sold at prices that defy competition. Before purchasing elsewhere, Please give us a call.
B.—Lot of Goods sold, next week
G. H. PARSONS & CO
Opposite The Market House
Goderich June 23rd 1871.

DOMINION CARRIAGE WORKS.
R. J. WHITELY
BEGS TO THANK THE PUBLIC for the liberal patronage accorded him in the past and to announce that he still carries on Carriage and Sleigh making in all its branches, at the old stand, opposite E. Martin's Colborne Hotel. Carriages Buggies, Waggons, and everything else in his line kept on hand or made to order of the best material and in the most workmanlike manner.
REPAIRING PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
Goderich, 25th Feb. 1873. 1358

OPENED OUT AGAIN.
DOUGLAS McKENZIE
Watchmaker & Jeweller,
DESIRES to return his sincere thanks to the public for the patronage bestowed on him for the past year, and to acquaint his friends that he has now recovered from the effects of the late fire and is now prepared to offer his customers and the public generally the
RUSSELL WATCH
Which is unsurpassed by any Watch, England or Swiss. He has a large and well selected stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, West Street, Goderich.
JEWELLERY
REPAIRING DONE AS USUAL
A CALL SOLICITED.
Goderich November 11th 1870 D. McKENZIE. 1365

Poetry.

True Love.

I would that every angry shaft
From Trouble's bitter sheaf,
Would wing its flight to pierce my heart,
To give to thine relief.

I would that every ill and woe,
And every carking care,
Would force their way within my breast,
That I for thee might bear.

I'd genial deem the icy chill,
The biting frost and cold,
The stormy tempest, Love, if thou
Wert sheltered in the fold.

If my frail bark were tossed about,
Of angry waves the sport,
Calm as on glassy lake, I'd feel,
If thou wert safe in port.

And if thy choice o'er me should pass,
To bless another's life,
His truest friend I'd ever be,
Because thou wert his wife.

—*Chambers' Journal.*

A vigil.

BY HARRIET M'EWEN KIMBALL.

Dark shore, and desolate sky
Unquickened by a star;
Sad sea where wandering sails are lost
In night afar!

No human presence sweet,
Nor other sound beside,
Save that to silence near akin—
The ebbing tide.

Only a lonely wreck,
High on the lonely beach,
Whose hopelessness defies at last
The breakers' reach

O Earth, that keeps no watch,
O Heaven that lights no star,
He is who cares for for every sail,
Each broken spar!

THROUGH SHADOWS TO SUNSHINE.

Walter Carlton and Ethel Gordon met at Newport, one summer, danced together once or twice, went on two or three pic-nics and sailing parties, where he acted as her devoted cavalier, and in four weeks they were engaged.

Ethel was quite young and very attractive. She was an orphan and poor. Her aunt sent her to boarding school after her parents died, gave her one winter in society, and took her to Newport in the summer. She meant to do her duty by her, but, after all, was anxious to have her settled in life and off her hands. She saw that Walter Carlton seemed attracted toward her niece, and she took care that no obstacles should be placed in the way of his wooing.

When Ethel blushingly told her that he had made her a formal offer of his hand, she congratulated her warmly, and scarcely listened to her faintly offered objections.

"Of course you will accept him, my dear," said she. "You did perfectly right in asking for a little time to consider his proposal. It would not look well to appear too anxious to fall into his arms. But, of course, you will accept him. He is comparatively rich, and rapidly rising in his profession. You would be very foolish to let this chance slip by, and really, my dear, it will be a relief to me to feel that you are comfortably settled in life. You have no fortune but your face, and will, probably, never receive such an offer again."

Ethel was very young, as I have said, and her dependent position was rather galling to her pride. So she accepted Walter Carlton, and in a few weeks they were married, knowing as little of each other's inner lives and aspirations as entire strangers

During this very short courtship each had seen only the best side of the other. Their faults had been carefully hidden from sight. Walter had never seen Ethel cry and pout, because she could not go to this or that party, or because she could not have that new silk she coveted; and Ethel had never heard Walter grumble at his valet or abuse his office boy.

After marriage the veil was torn aside. The faults were sedulously kept out of sight before marriage, were painfully apparent after. Walter found Ethel far from being the angel he imagined, and she found her husband very unlike her lover. They were neither of them better or worse than the majority of people, but their tastes did not assimilate That was all. Ethel was fond of society, and took a childish delight in receptions, balls and parties. Her husband considered these things childish and frivolous. His days were spent in his office, and his business gave him little time for fashionable dissipation.

Ethel's nature required much loving and petting. She tried to love her husband, but she did not understand him. If she spent an evening alone with her husband she wanted him to notice her, talk to her, and interest himself in what interested her.

Walter felt no such craving for sympathy. He wanted his dressing gown, his slippers, his law books or newspapers, and they satisfied him. He loved his wife, of course; if he had not, he never could have married her. Then why should he repeat it to her every day? It might do for the spoony days of courtship, but they were now married, and what was the use in being soft and sentimental any longer.

One evening Ethel was unusually elated. She had been shopping with a friend, and received an invitation to a grand party the following week. She sat down on a low stool by her husband's side, and commenced to prattle about the gossip of the day, and the splendid party at Mrs. Denver's, like the winsome, sweet, but thoughtless child she was.

He was thinking of a perplexing law suit, and her small talk bored him. He spoke impatiently.

"I have more important business than attending parties, and you should have, Ethel. You are so childish, dear. Married women ought to think of other things than parties, dresses and scandal."

He meant to speak playfully, but he really spoke harshly. The tears started to Ethel's eyes.

"I do think of other things," said she. "I think of you; but you do not think of me, nor of anything but those tedious law suits."

"Yes, you think of me in one way, I suppose," said he. "You want some one to listen to your nonsense, talk nonsense in return, and pay for the silks and laces you wear. I cannot talk sentiment during the few hours I have at home. You have many leisure hours every day, which might be improved. You might read instructive books, for one thing, that would be better than idling away your time, or going down with Mrs. Enderby. In that way you could fit yourself to be an entertaining companion for a thoughtful man."

"As much as to say I am not entertaining now," exclaimed Ethel, her quick temper aroused by his words. "If you wanted to talk theology or law all your life, you should have married a female minister or lawyer. You did not scold me for being childish before we were married; and, as to parties, Mr. Carlton, if I remember rightly, it was at a party that I first met you. Consistency is a jewel which you do not seem to possess."

Walter's face reddened. "No wonder I am prejudiced against parties, then," said he, half in jest, and half in earnest. "But let us drop this angry talk. Let me tell you, Ethel, that if you wish for any comfort or luxury, or for the money wherewith to procure any, you have to be but to ask for it and receive it. But if you wish for petting and sympathy in every affair that interests you, I cannot give it. Go to all the parties you choose, provided you go with suitable company, and I shall not object. Only don't come to me to talk over the details."

"Very well," answered Ethel, proudly. "I will not trouble you with my nonsense or my love. You may go on in your path and I will go in mine." And she walked proudly from the room.

"Walter Carlton smiled supercilliously.

"She is angry now. To-morrow she will be entirely over it, and will come to me the same as ever," said he.

But he was mistaken. Under her thoughtless, child-like manner was concealed a pride as strong as his. He had spoken his mind, as she believed, once for all; and she accepted the situation. Most women would have cried for an hour, then forgotten it, and gone to him for love and sympathy the same as ever. But she was of different material.

They had no more little outbreaks of temper. Ethel consulted her husband's comfort and taste in all home matters.

Sometimes when she had been to some entertainment with friends, while he had been absent, he would wonder who was there, and long to hear all the little details she would have once have delighted to tell him. But no nonsense was vouchsafed, and he was too proud to ask. He never talked to her of his business, and they drifted farther and farther apart as the weeks passed on. Both were to blame for this estrangement. They both realized it in a measure; but each was too proud to make overtures to the other.

After a time, God gave them a child, and, for a time, they seemed nearer an understanding than they had been for months. But the golden hours passed, and the hearts, which seemed drawing nearer each other, were farther apart than ever. Their mutual love for their child was the one tie that kept them in nominal wedlock. Neither could endure separation. So the time passed on until their boy was two years old. To the eyes of the world, they were a happy, united family; but at heart the husband and wife were as far apart as strangers.

One day their bright, noble boy was suddenly stricken with fever. Together they watched over their suffering child. Walter Carlton forsook his clients and his law books, to watch by the bedside of his sick and dying boy, and Ethel forgot all the claims of society in her absorbing anxiety.

All their care and skill was of no avail. The fierce fever burned in his veins, until, one day, the dark death angel paused in his flight to press a kiss on the child's fevered lips. When the dark angel flew on the white, dead clay was left; but the little, hot, restless hands were still, the sweet, blue eyes were closed forever, and Charley was with the angels.

But Charley's death, sad as it seemed, accomplished what, perhaps, his life never would have done. The barriers that anger and pride had raised between the two, who mourned over their only child, were torn down in an instant.

Over the lovely piece of inanimate clay, they wept together; and Charley's dead hand rivetted the links which bound their hearts together; and drew them both to the foot of the cross.

Do not imagine that anger and pride both died without a struggle. Many times did they endeavor to drive the wedge of distrust between these two united hearts. But one thought of that little grave in the neighboring cemetery drives away all distrust and anger.

God has given them other children, and, in training their immortal minds for usefulness in this world, and happiness in the next, they themselves have risen into a higher and purer life than they ever knew before.

Ethel's ambition is not now to shine in society, but to make light and happiness in her own home. And Walter's heart is no longer buried in his law books, but his hopes, his ambition, and his affections are concentrated in his wife and children.

His home is the grand centre of his earthly affections, but gradually widening circles of influence will rise from this centre, and will extend further than they may ever know.

Taking care of Tools.

It will not do in these days of panic and rumors of war to leave the plough in the furrow, the harrow in the field, and the mower or reaper under an open shed with a leaky roof. These and all lesser implements must be carefully put away in dry quarters, for to allow them to rust during the winter will injure them more than several campaigns of active service. The depreciation of machinery is very rapid, even when properly cared for; when neglected, this depreciation is simply destruction, quick and sure. Reapers, mowers, and drills should be taken apart and cleaned, each bolt dipped in melted tallow, and then replaced. Every portion of wood and exposed iron should be covered with a good coat of paint, if not already thus protected, and all parts made of steel should be taken off, well anointed with olive oil, and wrapped in paper or put away in a damp-proof tool-house or store-room. The machines themselves should be kept in a building with a tight roof over it, and fowls should not be permitted to get access to them. Poultry take a perverse delight in perching upon such implements, but no tidy farmer will gratify them to this extent. Ploughs should be brought in, well washed and cleaned from the soil; the wood work coated with petroleum, and the shares and mold-boards scoured off, polished, and then brushed over with a thick wash of lime. They will not then rust in the least, and in spring will come out clean and bright. No salt should be brought in contact with tools of any kind, nor old salt-sacks be thrown over them. Harrows should be cleaned, the wood-work oiled with petroleum, or painted, and the teeth taken out and sharpened for next season's service. All repairs should be made against time of need, to avoid vexatious delays in the hurry of planting or harvest. Mechanics will work for somewhat less in the winter than in summer, when they are busier, and that is an important consideration. Besides, that old adage about "a stitch in time" applies most forcibly to farm tools. Waggons should now be washed clean, and immediately painted and put under cover. It is only a simple truth that such care of tools and implements as we suggest will lengthen out their period of usefulness far beyond that of their ordinary endurance.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (The great public remedy,) have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a safe, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cents per box.

Goderich District Sabbath School Convention.

On the 21st January, the Sabbath School Convention for the Goderich District was held in Clinton, and was very interesting and highly successful. There were but four circuits on the district unrepresented, viz.: Kincardine, Bervie, Trowbridge and Howick. These absent brethren lost an opportunity of great interest and profit to themselves, and also one important means or giving increased efficiency to their Sabbath School work.

The Chairman, Rev. C. Lavell, M. A., with his characteristic punctuality, was at his post at the appointed hour, ten a. m. After devotional exercises and the appointment of a Committee on nominations and another on resolutions, the Convention proceeded to the discussion of the various topics prepared for consideration. All the speakers appointed to lead were off present, except Mr. George Leversage, of Fullarton, who rose early that morning to be with us, but the prospect of a long drive on a rainy day, and in poor health, led him to conclude that, under the circumstances, the best part of valor was retreat.

There were three services of the Convention, morning, afternoon and evening. The time was too short for the amount of work proposed to be done; and consequently several of the topics were disposed of too hurriedly. A free and open conversation on the state of the Sabbath School work in the district was held previously to entering upon the discussion of particular topics, in which delegates from all the circuits represented engaged, which showed that the Sabbath-school work on the district was marked by a good degree of progress.

The following were the topics, with the names of the leading speakers:

1. "Origin and Progress of the Religious Instruction of Children by the Church"—Rev. W. S. Blackstock.
2. "Utility of Wesleyan District Sabbath-school Conventions"—Rev. J. Graham.
3. "Relation and duties of the Church to the Sabbath-school"—Rev. W. C. Henderson, M. A.
4. "Relation and Duties of Parents to the Sabbath-school"— Rev. Isaac Crane.
5. "Importance and Management of the Infant Class"—Mr. J. B. Fisher.
6. "The best means of interesting Children in the Missionary Enterprize" —Rev. A. Hurlburt.
7. "The Importance and Management of Sunday-school Music"—Mr. Robt. Callander.
8. "The Sunday-school Library—its importance and management"—Mr. George Leversage.
9. "Personal Preparation for the work of Sabbath-school Teaching"—Rev. J. Broley.
10. "The Duty of the Pulpit to Children"—Rev. S. Wilson.

The Committee on resolutions presented the following, which were adopted as the recommendations of the Convention in reference to the above topics:

1. Resolved,—That this Convention, having heard the reports presented by the representatives of most of the schools in the district, feels called upon to present its devoted acknowledgment to Almighty God for the measure of success vouchsafed to his servants in this important department of Christian work; but, being impressed with the necessity of a deeper religious influence in our schools, earnestly prays that the Great Head of the Church may be plessed to pour out His Spirit more copiously on these nurseries of the Church.

2. Resolved,—That this Convention considers that, by the diffusion of information on the various Sabbath-school questions which meetings of this kind are calculated to secure, and the stimulous which they give to the practical working of the Sabbath-school enterprise; therefore, these district Sabbath-school Conventions should be heartily and zealously sustained by the ministers, preachers, and Sabbath-school workers on this district.

3. Resolved,—That while the Convention rejoices that there is a growing interest on the part of the Church in the Sabbath-school cause; yet this infant enterprise has not as large a place in the heart of the Church which it deserves; and that this Convention earnestly urges upon the Church to consider the Sabbath-school as its nursery, and to work and pray for its success; and, by its pecuniary contributions, to give to it the material aid it requires.

4 Resolved,—That this Convention is obliged to recognize the justness of the complaint so often made by Sabbath-school workers, of the little interest taken by parents generally in this enterprize; and would earnestly recommend all parents to do what they can to aid the efforts of those who labor for the spiritual welfare of the children.

5. Resolved,—That this Convention, having heard the many interesting and valuable observations which have been made by several speakers on the subject of infant classes and their management, desires to record its sense of the great importance of these classes; and, in order to secure their efficiency, would recommend that, wherever practicable, a separate room be provided for the infant class; that great care should be taken in the selection of teachers for such classes, believing that for no department of Sabbath-school work is a special adaption more imperatively required; and, finally, that the blackboard, pictures, and object lessons, with frequent singing, be employed, as a means of exciting and keeping the attention of the children, and impressing the truth upon their minds.

6. Resolved,—That this Convention consider that one great means of interesting children in the missionary cause, is for parents themselves to take a lively interest in it; and would recommend parents to encourage their children to contribute to the missionary cause; and also to furnish their children with all the information possible on the subject of missions.

7. Resolved,—That this Convention, being impressed with the great importance of singing in our Sabbath schools, not only as a means of awakening attention and promoting feelings of devotion, but also of lodging saving truth in the minds of the children, recommends that increased attention be paid to this matter by the superintendents and officers of our schools; and that, when practicable, at least a quarter of an hour each week be devoted specially to teaching the children to sing.

8. Resolved,—That in respect to the management of Sabbath-school libraries, this Convention recommends the method devised by Brother R. F. Moore, of Goderich, and already adopted by several schools on the district, as worthy of the careful examinations of all who are interested in this matter; and would also recommend that as children's papers and periodicals would sometimes be read when books would not, and that the truth is often presented in a simpler, more interesting, and more pointed manner in these than in such works as are generally found in Sabbath school libraries, that, therefore, the circulation of both books and papers be combined as far as possible in all our schools.

9. Resolved,—That this Convention deems personal piety as one of the most important qualifications required in the teacher, whose professed work is to lead the children to Christ; and that, next to piety, would recommend all who are engaged in this work to be diligent students of God's Word, and to thoroughly study the lessons of the Sabbath-school; and also that teachers permeate all their efforts by earnest and believing prayer for success in this great work.

10. Resolved,—That this Convention is obliged to acknowledge that the children have been too much neglected in our pulpit ministrations, and would earnestly recommend all the ministers and preachers on the district to give more attention to the children in their pulpit labors.

The following were appointed the officers of the Convention, on the recommendation of the nominating Committee:

President, Rev. C. Lavell, M. A.; 1st Vice-President, Rev. A. Hurlburt; 2nd Vice-President, Mr. A. S. Fisher, of Clinton; 3rd Vice-President, Mr. Wm. M. Gray, of Seaforth.

Secretaries: Rev. S. Wilson, of Mitchell, and Mr. J. B. Fisher of Varna.

Treasurer: Edward F. Moore, of Goderich.

Committee of arrangements: Rev. C. Lavell, M. A., President;—Rev. S. Wilson, Secretary; Rev. J. Graham, Goderich; Rev. W. C. Henderson, M. A., Stratford; Wm. Hill, Seaforth; Edward F. Moore, Goderich; J. B. Fisher, Varna; John Hodgins, Clinton.

It was also resolved, on the recommendation of the nominating Committees that the next Convention be held in the town of Goderich, in the month of January; the day to be fixed by the Committee of Arrangements.

A vote of thanks was passed to the Rev. W. S. Blackstock, Mr. A. S. Fisher, and the friends of Clinton, for the cordial hospitality shown to the members of the Convention. At a few minutes past 10 p. m. the Convention closed with the doxology and benediction.—*Guardian.*

"Taking it out in Trade."

Of the many ways in which merchants step out of their depth and deceive themselves about their financial condition there are few so seductive as the sort of careless barter by which, in thinking only to secure a debt, perhaps, or to indulge an expensive fancy, they buy what they do not need, undertake what they cannot afford, and thereby pave the way for future embarrassment, by relying on the attractive fact that such and such a purchase effected or sale made, is to be "taken out in trade." It is a deception which leads to disastrous results to consider that a thing costs nothing because it was got in payment of a debt, and it fosters extravagance to buy what one is unwilling to pay money for, on the condition that it may be paid for in goods or other commodities which it is forgotten for the moment, cost money, and for which payment must be made.

Take the case of a young shop-keeper, who, having allowed a doubtful customer to run up too large a bill, in his anxiety to get something on account, buys a horse, and comforting himself by reflecting that he 'got him on a debt,' he buys a buggy or a sleigh, perhaps hires a man as a groom, and founds a habit which, in his case is extravagant, because out of proportion to his income, and unjust to his creditors, whose money he is using. If he plead that by taking the horse he covered his debt, which otherwise would have been lost, we answer that two wrongs do not make one right. He was wrong in the first place to trust a doubtful man so much, and wrong in the second to indulge a luxury he could not afford. The shrewd plan would have been to sell the horse and put the money into his business, where it belonged. Instances have been given us since the appearance of our recent article on 'Bad Book-keeping' which demonstrate how bad the book-keeping often is amongst those who sell goods, and how much unrecorded buying or bartering goes on, which saps many a trader's solvency, and is the key to frequent puzzles on the part of creditors as to 'what in the world made so and so fail?'

A village merchant who failed not long ago on being asked how much he had drawn from the business for personal and family expenses in three years, stated the sum at $1,500. On being further questioned how he could have lived so well and dressed his family so well on $500 a year, he admitted that he had supplemented this sum withdrawn in cash by taking produce from the farmers, finery from milliners, wood from teamsters, a side of beef here and a barrel of apples there, to apply in payment of accounts; had sent them to his house, but never charged them to himself and sometimes never credited them to his customers. The result was that he spent far more than he knew of, and further, that the accounts he looked upon as assets to be collected in time, were found, on examination, to be in many cases paid, and himself deceived about his position through his own carelessness.

Another mode of trading which is most hazardous is that of selling to people whom we distrust, in the hope of being able to buy something from them that will cover the amount and so cheap that a weak man, if he is refused credit in one warehouse is reasonably sure of finding it in another; and this consideration impels many to say, 'If we don't sell him some one else will; we may as well have his trade, and if he does not pay his note, or if we think he is going to break, we will buy some of his stuff and save ourselves.' Do not traders who act thus run a double risk of loss? First, a direct risk in case of failure, and then the chance that the goods bought 'to cover' will not bring the price that is paid for them. We are quite well aware that 'trading it out' is a system that, in country districts especially, is by some regarded as inevitable, but we would impress upon country merchants the view thus however legitimate it may be in some circumstances, it is a system in which, if money is to be made, the closest watchfulness and the most careful calculation are needful. Indeed it requires more shrewdness, more natural bargaining ability and more book-keeping than selling wares only for notes and cash.—*Monetary Times.*

Burns.

As in reading Shakespeare, so in reading Burns, if we would but look beneath the surface for the source of inspiration have attained the highest popularity, we shall find that it was the sacred altar of home, and that they are frequently the autobiographical fragments, from which the poet's character as a man. Everybody knows the anecdote of the little boy, whose opinion was given in the presence of the poet himself as to which of the poems he liked best, who, though still clinging with boyish delight to the recollection of "The Twa Dogs," and of "Death and Dr. Hornbook," exclaimed, "but I like far best 'The Cottar's Saturday Night,' although it made me 'greet' when my father bade me read it to my mother. The poet, with a sudden start, looked into the boy's face intently, and, patting him on the cheek, said, the tear glistening in his eye, "Well, my callant, it made me greet too, more than once, when I was writing it at my father's fireside."

DIARRHŒA REMEDY.—We have known the following simple remedy to cure every case of chronic diarrhœa that has come under our notice: A tea, made of common field strawberry vine and root, steeped and drank daily. It is harmless. Eat whatever digests well.

The coming tailor will incorporate a square of sand paper in smoker's pants.

A Useful Table.

In view of the recent change in the law respecting Weights and Measures, the following table will be found very useful, showing as it does at a glance the price per cental of the different kinds of produce when the rate per bushel is given, or *vice-versa*. The bushel rates are given in the left hand columns, and directly opposite them is the proportionate rate per cental. The calculation may be relied on as strictly correct. Cut this out and paste it in your pocket book.

TABLE
OF THE COMPARATIVE VALUE OF
BUSHELS AND CENTALS.

Wheat.				Barley.		Peas.		Oats.	
Bush. 60lb.	Cental. 100lb.	Bush. 48lb.	Cental. 100lb	Bus. 50lb	Cental. 100lb

New Advertisements

Harrows—D. K. Strachan,
By-Law—P. Adamson.
Mail Contract—G. Griffin.
For Sale—M. C. Cameron.
Stray Calves—Wm. Fluker.
The Christian Union—O. C. Willson.

Grand Trunk Railway.

GODERICH STATION

Trains leave as follows,—

Mail	7.00 a. m.
Express	9.45 " "
Mixed	12 30 p. m.
"	3.30 " "

Trains are due as follows,—

Mixed	10.00 " "
Express	2.00 p. m.
Mixed	5.20 " "
Mail	10.00 " "

Law Respecting Newspapers

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals or newspapers, the publisher or publishers may continue to send them until all arrears are paid up; and subscribers are held responsible for all numbers sent.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take the periodicals or newspapers from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their bills. Sending numbers back, or leaving them in the office, is not such notice of discontinuance as the law requires.

4. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the Publisher, and their periodicals or newspapers are sent to the former directions, they are held responsible.

The date after each Subscriber's name on the address indicates the time to which his Subscription is paid. Thus, "PETER SMITH, 1 *March* 72," *means that Mr. Smith's Subscription is paid up to 1st March and that he owes from that date. Subscribers will see it to be to their interest to renew promptly, as our terms are* $1.50 STRICTLY IN ADVANCE, *otherwise* $2 *will be charged.*

☞ Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 40 Park Row, and S. M. Pettingill & Co., 37 Park Row, are our only authorized Advertising Agents in New York.

We shall be glad at all times to receive items of local news, reports of meetings, accidents, or any incident of interest either in the locality where it occurs or to the county at large. Such matter may be sent at the rate of one cent per oz. if marked Printer's Copy and not sealed. To ensure publication in any particular issue it should reach the office not later than Monday evening.

Subscribers will confer a favour by notifying us of any irregularity in the delivery of their papers.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, Feb. 25, 1874.

Benefits of Railways.

Macaulay, the great English statesman, historian and essayist has said that next to the printing press, inventions which shorten distance are the great civilizers of our race. Railways are the great shorteners, we might almost say extinguishers, of distance, and there are few people in the present day who fail to appreciate, at least to some extent, the enormous benefits they confer. The farmers who not many years ago had to carry their grain forty or fifty and in some cases a hundred miles to market, sell it at a very low figure and take the price out in trade, must acknowledge that the railways which have been built are of incalculable advantage to them. Markets have been brought within easy reach, and buyers who are prepared to take all their surplus produce, whether grain, cattle, horses, butter, eggs or whatever else they have, are brought to their very doors and pay them the highest prices in cash. These benefits are all due to the railways which have been built.

Although we have reasonable railway facilities it is a mistaken policy to rest and be thankful. The advantages we have derived should lead us to seek still greater. Though we have numerous railways traversing the country in every direction, the railway mileage per head of the population in England and the United States is much greater than in Canada. Sometimes we begin to think that too many railways are being built, but after all we need not fear that there will be more than are required. At any rate the rate-payers need not be afraid that they will not receive full value for all they are asked to contribute in aid. If the capitalists who put their money into these undertakings do not make a good investment that is their own affair. The Grand Trunk has never paid a penny to its stockholders, yet what would our province have been to day without it?

Some people object to the bonus system of aiding railways on the ground that the companies who undertake their construction should furnish all the money. This is unfair. Whenever a railway is built, all the property within a certain distance is increased in value, and it is only right that those who derive the most benefit should bear a share of the expense. The many other advantages which a railway confers should also be an inducement to make those who are to be benefitted bear a share of the expense of construction.

These remarks are called forth by the fact that there is a project on foot for the construction of another railway to Goderich. The bill incorporating the company which has the project in hand is now before Parliament, and that the charter will be granted there is no doubt. Upon the assistance which the municipalities give will probably depend the construction of the road. The project is a most feasible one, the road running east and west through the very heart of a rich agricultural country, which is badly in want of a competing line to the Grand Trunk and to the roads running north and south. In connection with the Ontario and Quebec and Northern Colonization roads now under construction, it will form the shortest and most direct route to the Atlantic seaboard. An immense trade is springing up with our North-west possessions and the Western states are rapidly filling up with an industrious agricultural population. In a very short time all the outlets for the surplus productions of those fertile prairies will be required, and if we look to our own interests there is no reason why we in Goderich should not have a share of this trade. If the road is built (and whether it is will depend largely on ourselves) our harbour will become of vast commercial importance, and in summer at least, our trade will be simply immense. In winter, having no connecting lines, the rolling stock of the road will be available for local traffic, just at the season when the Grand Trunk is so crowded with through freight that the local trade is ignored and the farmers suffer in consequence by obtaining lower prices for their grain. Should the county not feel disposed to grant a bonus to the road there are a sufficient number of townships, besides the town of Goderich, to be benefitted, to give all that is required without embarassing their financial position, especially if the London, Huron and Bruce road does not go on, of which there is no immediate prospect. A powerful reason why we should be willing to aid such a road is that we thereby secure a large grant from the Government. A sum of about four millions of dollars has been set apart as a railway fund, and as there are about forty counties in the province Huron contributes at least one fortieth of this amount, or about $100,000. This money cannot be spent except on railways, and if we do not do something to secure a portion of it, it will be spent for the benefit of others. Twenty years ago the counties of Huron, Perth and Bruce, with an equalized value of only $4,000,000, contracted a debt of half a million for improvements, and is there a man in the three counties who will say the money was badly spent? Shall we be less wise in our generation? Will it not be better for us to give a little assistance and have the road with the many benefits accruing from it, than have the money which we *must* contribute to the railway fund spent elsewhere? We trust our readers will think over the matter, and considering the many and great advantages which will arise from the building of such a road, be prepared when the time comes to aid it, and thus secure to us the benefits of additional communication and competition, which will do more than anything else can to advance the growth of this town and the prosperity of this part of the country.

The Re-union of the Ridings.

The following is the text of the bill to re-unite the Ridings of Huron for Registration purposes. We understand there is a prospect of its passing. A deputation consisting of W. Young, Warden, J. T. Garrow, Reeve of Goderich, J. Leckie Reeve, of Brussels and J. S. Sinclair, Barrister, went to Toronto on Monday to urge the passing of the measure, on behalf of the County Council:—

Whereas the Warden and Municipal Council of the County of Huron have, by their petition, represented that the division of the said County of Huron into North and South Ridings thereof, for the purposes of Registration of Titles, is inconvenient to the people of the North and South Ridings of the said County, and is unnecessary, and have prayed that the North and South Ridings of the said County of Huron should be reunited for the purpose of Registration of Titles, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition;

Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, enacts as follows:—

1. Upon, from, and after ——next, the North and South Ridings of the said County of Huron shall be reunited for the purposes of Registration of Titles, and the whole County of Huron shall upon, from, and after the said day, form one such Registration Division or County; the Registry Office for the said County of Huron shall be kept in the Town of Goderich in the said County, and the appointment of a Registrar for the North Riding of the said County of Huron shall have no further effect upon, from, and after the said day.

2. Upon, from, and after the day last mentioned aforesaid, all memorials, certificates, register books, calendars, instruments, documents and papers relating to the registration of, or other instruments or documents affecting real estate in the North Riding of the County of Huron, and registered in the Registry Office at the Village of Blyth, or in any way forming part of the records and memorials of the said Registry Office shall be transferred to the Registry Office for the County of Huron, to be kept at the Town of Goderich, and shall make and form part of the registers, records and muniments of the said office, and the same shall rank in the order and date of their registry in the said North Riding, as if they had in such order and date been registered in the Registry Office for the said County of Huron; and the Registrar of the said County shall have the same powers and duties with respect to them, and to all searches, certificates and other matters relating to them, as if the registration of the deeds, instruments and documents to which they relate had been effected in the said Registry Office in the Town of Goderich.

3. Upon, and from, and after the day above mentioned there shall be paid out of the amount payable to the treasurer of the County, from the surplus fees received by the Registrar of the united divisions of the said County, to William Torrance Hays, Esq., now Registrar of the North Riding, the sum of six hundred dollars yearly for the term of five years.

Mr. Blake's Withdrawal.

Hon. Mr. Blake's withdrawal from the Cabinet and the comments of the Tory press thereon, draws forth the following sarcastic remarks by Jimuel Briggs in the *National* newspaper,—

The Tories are gloating over the idea that they can now secure Blake. They feel as cheerful over his leaving the Cabinet as if they had elected some man for the Local Legislature by a majority of two and a half.

They are thankful for mighty small favors these days.

It is surprising how highly the Hon. Edward has risen in their estimation.

A short time since he was a harsh, ascetic, unsociable, haughty, cynical, morose, pedantic hair-splitter and Chancery quibbler.

Now he is the only man on the Govment benches who ever possessed the slightest qualifications for ruling this distracted country.

They have suddenly discovered that they always did think a great deal of the eminent Edward.

I suppose they know best about this. "Language was given to conceal our thoughts," said a cynical Frenchman, and the Tories have concealed their ideas about Blake most effectually until a few days since.

They always did so idolize the talented Edward!

A Misapprehension.

The Seaforth *Expositor* falls into a mistake when it speaks of the bill to unite the Townships of Colborne, Ashfield and West Wawanosh to the South Riding of Huron for registration purposes as a set off to the larger measure to re-unite the ridings. The promoters of the former measure are just as anxious as any one to have the ridings reunited, and it is only in case the larger measure fails to carry that they will press the lesser one. These townships feel the great inconvenience of the existing state of things to such an extent that they desire to have relief for themselves, if it should be denied to the county at large. There is, we are glad to learn, a fair prospect of the bill to re-unite the ridings being carried, in which case there will be no necessity for proceeding with the other measure.

Meeting of Parliament.

The Dominion Parliament will meet for the despatch of business on the 26th of March. Ministers are hard at work preparing their measures to be laid before the House. The Pacific Railway question will cause considerable discussion.

—A steamship built specially for laying telegraph cables in the Atlantic ocean has been launched at Newcastle.

The British Elections.

The result of the British elections is finally given as 351 Conservatives and 302 Liberals and Home Rulers. The total number of votes cast in the three Kingdoms was 2,500,000, a smaller number than at last general election, showing that a large number of electors must have abstained from voting. Mr. Gladstone has resigned the premiership and Mr. Disraeli was called upon to form a government, which he has done, its *personnel* being as follows,—Benjamin Disraeli, First Lord of the Treasury; Baron Cairns, Lord High Chancellor, Earl Derby, Secretary of State for Foreign Department; Duke of Richmond, Secretary of State for War; Marquis of Salisbury, Secretary of State for India; Earl Carnarvon, Secretary of State for Colonial Department; George Ward Hunt, Secretary of State for Home Department; Gathorne Hardy, First Lord of the Admiralty, Sir Stafford Northcote, Chancellor of the Exchequer. Lord Lennox will be Commissioner of Works and Buildings; Captain Stanley, Under Secretary of State for War; John Charles Hay, Secretary to Admiralty; and Lord Hamilton, Under Secretary for Foreign Department.

Taxing Bank Stock.

Our County Council at its January session resolved to petition the Ontario Legislature to abolish the tax on bank stock. The question came before the House last week, when a motion of Mr. Rykert to adopt the principle of taxing the stock was negatived on the following division:—

Yeas—Messrs. Boulter, Calvin, Clemens, Giles, Grange, Lauder, McCall, Meredith, Merrick, O'Donoghue, Robinson, Rykert, Springer, Wilson—14.

Nays—Messrs. Ardagh, Barber, Baxter, Bishop, Boultbee, Caldwell, Chisholm, Christie, Code, Cook, Corby, Craig (Glengarry), Crooks, Crosby, Currie, Deacon, Deroche, Farewell, Finlayson, Gifford, Gow, Graham, Haney, Hardy, Hodgins, McLeod, McManus, McRae, Monk, Mowat, Oliver, Pardee, Patterson, Prince, Read, Richards, Scott, Sexton, Sinclair, Smith, Snetsinger, Striker, Tooley, Watterworth, Webb, Williams (Durham), Wood—49.

The Estimates.

The estimates for the ensuing year were submitted to the Ontario House of Assembly on Friday last by Hon. Treasurer Crooks. They show an appropriation of $2,637,495.59, while those for 1873 were $2,944,061.23, a difference in favour of 1874 of $306,565.64. The estimated revenue is placed at $2,672,865 but will probably reach $3,000,000. After distributing amongst the Municipalities the large sum of $3,115,000, providing for all the claims created on behalf of railway enterprize, wiping off the whole burden of Municipal Loan Fund indebtedness, erecting public buildings, or providing for their erection, to the amount of nearly $3,000,000, the Province will probably enter upon 1875 with the handsome surplus in hand of not less than two millions of dollars.

The Ashantee War.

Advices from the Gold Coast announce that General Sir Garnet Wolesley, commander of the British forces, entered Coomassie, the Ashantee capital, on the 7th inst. The terms of peace were to be immediately arranged and it was expected the troops would leave for England about the 1st of March. There is reason for congratulation that this war has been brought to a successful termination before the bad weather sets in, when the army, which has already suffered severely from sickness, would be exposed to greater hardships than ever. General Wolesley has added another to his laurels by the manner in which he has carried out this campaign.

Dominion Agent.

The Dominion Government have appointed Mr. Edward Jenkins, M. P. for Dundee, Scotland, and author of "Ginx's Baby," Dominion Agent in the room of the late Mr. Dixon. He will have however, more extended powers, embracing not only emigration matters, but the transaction of such other business as the Government may require him to attend to. Mr Jenkins is well-known as an earnest upholder of the colonial connection, and it may be inferred that, in choosing him, the Government of Canada desire rather to strengthen than weaken the tie, notwithstanding the Tory cries of disloyalty.

Mechanics' Wages.

Mr. Meredith M. P. P. for London has introduced a bill into the Ontario Assembly exempting mechanics' or servants' wages from attachment. The following is the main clause of the bill:—

Debts due or accruing to a mechanic, workman, labourer, servant, clerk, or employer for, or in respect of, his wages or salary, shall not hereafter be liable to seizure or attachment, under the provisions of the common law procedure act, or of the act passed in the thirty-second year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled An act to amend the acts respecting division courts, or under the provisions of any other act relating to the attachment or garnishment of debts.

British Columbia.

The polling took place in British Columbia last Friday, but the only returns yet to hand are those from Victoria and New Westminster. For the former Messrs. DeCosmos and Rosse, and for the latter Mr. Cunningham are elected, all we believe supporters of Mr. Mackenzie's government. It was reported that Mr. DeCosmos had sought an outside constituency, but this turns out to be a mistake. He has been triumphantly elected for the capital, thus showing that the sympathies of the people are in complete accord with the policy of the present government.

False Alarm.

The Tory papers got up a sensational report last week that a rupture between the French and English sections of the Cabinet was imminent, and that Hon. George Brown had been telegraphed for to heal the breach. The story was of course a gross fabrication, the only possible ground for it having been that Mr. Brown called at Ottawa when on his way home to Toronto from New York *via* Ogdensburg. Such reports will no doubt be of frequent occurence but an intelligent public will take them for what they are worth.

Dr. Livingstone.

The Rev. Robert Moffatt, English Missionary to South Africa, doubts the correctness of the report of the death of Dr. Livingstone his son-in-law. He does not think it possible the doctor could have reached the place he is said to have died. He further states that the doctor's supply of provisions was ample. The report is also doubted at the Foreign Office. The friends and admirers of the intrepid explorer will await with great anxiety for further intelligence respecting him.

Prescott is have a new market house and Town hall.

The Re-union Bill.

Just as we are about to go to press, we learn by telegraph from Toronto that the bill to re-unite the ridings of Huron for registration purposes has been lost in committee by a majority of one.

—Right Hon. Edward Cardwell, who was Secretary of State for War in Mr. Gladstone's Ministry, is to be elevated to the peerage under the title of Viscount Rivington.

—Mr. McGowan, opposition, was on Friday elected to the local house for North Wellington, by a majority of 84 over Mr. O'Callaghan.

LOCAL NEWS.

Bazaar.—A sale of fancy goods in aid of St. Stephen's Church, Huron Road, was held in town last week. We understand a considerable sum was realized.

Bell Ringers.—There are two companies of bell ringers travelling through Canada at present. One of the troupes gives a performance here next week.

Concert.—Don't forget the concert in the Methodist Church to-morrow evening in aid of the Sabbath School. A very attractive programme has been prepared.

Grand Orange Lodge.—The annual meeting of the Grand Orange Lodge of Western Ontario took place in Toronto last week. Clinton was chosen as the next place of meeting.

Sleighing Wanted. — The mild weather of the last few weeks was succeeded by a cold wind and sharp frost on Monday. A fall of snow to make sleighing would be very acceptable.

Tea-Meeting.—A very successful tea-meeting was held in the W. M. Church on the 4th Concession, Goderich Township, on Monday evening last. Quite a number from town were present.

For Sale.—Any one wishing to engage in the manufacture of salt can now have a favourable opportunity to do so as the Ontario Salt Works in this town are offered for sale.

New Village.—Ferricsville is the name of a new village which has sprung into existence on the town line of Wawanosh, half way between Wingham and Lucknow. It wants a post office and railway station.

What's the Matter?—What has come over our contemporaries in the North Riding? The last Brussels *Post* comes to hand printed on coloured paper, the Wingham *Advance* minus a column on the third and fourth pages, and the Lucknow *Sentinel* with only half a sheet.

The Ice Harvest.—Complaints are being made of the difficulty of obtaining good ice for summer use this year. What is being packed away is not over 8 or 9 inches thick and is very porous so that it is not likely to keep well. It is many years since there was so little ice in Lake Huron at this season.

Death of an old resident.—Mr. William Piper, one of the old residents of Goderich, and from whom the mills just outside the town limits received their name, died on Saturday morning last at the advanced age of 68 years. He was much respected by all who knew him. He was interred on Monday with Masonic honours.

Burglars.—People would do well to look to their locks and fastenings. The hard times in the United States have driven all kinds of loose characters to Canada and we hear of burglaries in every direction. This town has escaped as yet, but we may expect to be visited by some of the light fingered gentry.

Town Band.—The Orange Brass Band owing to internal dissentions has been broken up, and most of the members have offered their services to form an independent Town Band, if they are allowed the use of the instruments, which, we understand, were purchased by subscription for the 33d Battalion.

Licenses.—The Town Council of Goderich have again refused to grant saloon licenses. The same number of tavern licenses as last year have been granted, and the number of shop licenses has been increased by one. The charge for license by the town is the same as last year, but the government fee has been increased from $17 to $25.

The Newly Riding Member.—We understand the friends of Mr. Farrow, M. P., intend to give him a feed at Forbwich some time soon, probably about the time the local house adjourns "as that good talent will be had." We suppose Abraham Lauder and Charley Rykert are the good talent. Save the mark!

The Harbour Works.—We do not know where the fault lies, but the works at the harbour do not appear to have been properly done. The outer end of the north pier and the inner end of the south pier are sinking, the crib work evidently not resting on a solid foundation. Men are engaged in protecting the south pier by placing brush and stones around it.

Serious Accident.—We learn that Mr. Joseph Beck of Maitlandville, met with a serious accident about ten days ago. While engaged in the upper story of Mr. Kirkpatrick's tannery where he is employed, he lost his footing and fell to the floor below, a distance of six feet, striking on his head. When the other men, who were away at dinner, at the time, returned, they found him lying quite stunned by the fall and bleeding freely. He was carried into the house and attended to and is now fast recovering.

Our Jail.—The total expenditure for the maintenance of the Huron County Jail for last year, including ordinary repairs, was $1736. The cost of daily rations per prisoner was only 10 cents. The number of commitments was 87. 32 are classed as of temperate habits and 55 intemperate. Few jails in the province are better kept, and the proportion of crime, taking into consideration size and population, is less than in any other county in the province.

Teachers' Association.—The next regular quarterly meeting of the Huron Teachers' Association will be held at Clinton on Saturday, 7th March, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M. Mr. Millier, Inspector of Schools, will illustrate the "Look and Say" method of teaching reading, Mr. R. Ferguson will explain his method of teaching Object Lessons and Mr. J. Ferguson will introduce a discussion on the best method of teaching Composition. Friends of education are invited to attend.

Taking it out in Trade.—We commend the article on the first page, under the above heading, to the careful perusal of our readers. The utterances of the *Monetary Times* on trade subjects are usually sound, and the statements of this article are unfortunately too true. We have in our mind several failures among small traders, which were brought on by the pernicious habit of "taking it out in trade" which unfortunately is indulged in among business people to such an extent. The system proves disasterous to those who practice it, as well as injurious to those who desire to conduct business on sound business principles.

Perilous Adventure.—One of our fishermen named James McDonald, met with rather a perilous adventure last week. In company with a boy he went out to where his nets were set some distance from the shore. While engaged there he noticed that the ice on which he was had become detached and was floating out towards the middle of the lake. With the aid of a pole he succeeded in getting the boy across the opening in safety, but in order to save himself he was obliged to plunge into the water and swim a distance of about fifty feet and then clamber out on the ice and walk to shore. Such a cold bath is anything but agreeable at this season of the year.

Seaforth 1874.—As the time for purchasing flower and vegetable seeds will soon be here, we call the attention of our readers to one of the most extensive catalogues that we have had the pleasure of examining. Among the many dealers who are and have been catering to the wants of our people, there are none who "twig in an appearance" to exceed that of Mr. Geo. McBroom, London, Ont. We are assured that the seeds from this establishment are first tested before being sent to purchasers, and if the directions on cultivation are followed, no one will be disappointed in possessing a fine flower and vegetable garden. Very liberal inducements are offered to individuals and clubs requiring vegetable and flower seeds, especially the latter. Catalogues are mailed *gratis* and post free to all who are interested. To such we would say, do not fail to send for a copy at once.

Curling.—The return match between the Goderich and Lucknow clubs took place at the latter village on Wednesday last and resulted in an overwhelming victory for Lucknow. The play took place on the mill pond where the ice was very rough and bissed, and the Goderich players were, therefore, placed at a great disadvantage being accustomed to play on good ice in the rink. The Lucknow curlers entertained their visitors to a splendid dinner at Copeland's. The following the score:—

Lucknow.	Goderich.
Rink No. 1.	
N. Scott. S. Ward	
R. Lees T. Hood	
G. Douglas A. M. Ross	
Dr. Tennant, skip 40	C.E. Humber, skip 18
Rink No. 2.	
R. Somerville P. Adamson	
T. Matthie J. Thomson	
R. L. Hunter H. Cooke	
G. Kerr, skip 20	H. Horton, skip 24
Rink No. 3.	
C. McLean Horace Horton	
T. R. Dunn R. Gibbons	
J. Hunter E. Martin	
A. Murdoch, skip 32	J. H. Finlay, skip 13
Total Lucknow	92
" Goderich	55
Majority for Lucknow	37

The Steam Fire Engine.—About a fortnight ago the agent of the Silsby Manufacturing Co., from whom our steam fire engine was obtained, visited this town with a deputation from Mitchell, for the purpose of seeing the machine tested. It was taken to the tank where the main sewer crosses West Street, and after a short time it gave out and would not work. On examination the pumps were found to be badly worn by sand and gravel which had passed through, and they were accordingly sent to the manufacturers to be repaired. They came back last Saturday and were put in place, and the engine is now in as good working order as ever. It is but justice to state that the failure to work was not the fault of the engine, but owing to the accumulation of sand in the tank, resulting from the extension now being made of the main sewer on Elgin Street. Though the Insurance Companies give lower rates where there is a steam fire engine, it is only on condition that the fire tanks are kept properly cleaned out, as no engine can be effective if it is obliged to pump sand when running at high speed. The town authorities will do well to remember this and see that the tanks are kept properly cleaned. The Silsby Co., though it was not fault of theirs that the pumps gave out, made no charge for repairing them.

Town Council.

The regular monthly meeting of the Council was held on Friday evening last, all the members were present.

Minutes of last regular and two special meetings were read and approved.

The following communications were received,—

Letter from Jas. Doyle & Co., showing that they have expended the sum of $355 31 in the erection of a distillery, and claiming exemption from taxes in accordance with a former resolution of Council. The taxes for last year were remitted.

Letter from Silsby Manufacturing Co. with reference to Steam fire engine. Read and fyled.

Letter from Trustees of Sons of Temperance asking the Council to give them possession of their Hall, now occupied by the High School, and claiming one half year's rent for same, amounting to $35. Referred to special Committee consisting of the Mayor and Messrs Garrow, Smith and A. Watson.

Letter from John Buckhamand others asking for certain instruments in the possession of the town for the purpose of organizing themselves into a Town Band. The Clerk explained that certain instruments in charge of the 33rd Battalion Band Committee were in his keeping and that he had received instructions to offer them to the town to be used by a Town Band if such should be organized. The matter was referred to a Committee consisting of Messrs Sloan, Savage, Mackay, D. Watson and Smith.

Petition of Mrs. McCaig asking for further relief. Referred to Relief Committee.

Report of By-law Committee recommending that a Solicitor be employed for the purpose of examining the Town by-laws and revising them in accordance with existing laws, an engrossed or printed copy to be submitted to him.

Moved by Mr. Smaill, seconded by Mr. A. Watson, that the report be referred back to the committee with power to employ a solicitor should they deem it absolutely necessary. Carried.

Report of Finance Committee recommending the payment of the accounts of Jas. Saunders, smithing, $9.43; Buchanan, Lawson & Co. lumber, $12.08; Jas. McDonogh, putting up fence on N. G. coal, $8; D. Adams, coat for indigent person, $3.33. Report adopted.

Report of Street Inspector showing that Jas. Craig has completed his contract for extension of Main Sewer, and a balance of $86 being due him, recommending that it be paid.

Moved by Mr. Smaill, seconded by Mr. Watson, that Mr. Craig be paid the amount of his contract, less $15 to be retained till he completes some filling in, the time for said filling in to be extended till spring. Carried.

Account of Jas. Craig for extras on Main Sewer $30.60. Referred to Finance Committee.

Application for Tavern Licenses was made by Henry Martin, John O'Donohue, Elijah Martin, E. Hosker, W. J. Johnston, John Donogh, F. West, W. Cox, John Craig, John Pharis, R. Tichborne, E. Bingham, F. Mack, and for Shop Licenses by Whitely & Elliott, Shepherd & Strachan, D. Ferguson, J. L. Sturdy, Mitchell Bros., Geo. Cattle, H. Cooke, Geo. Grant, John Payne, Henry Horton, G. H. Old.

The Inspector reported favourably on all these applications.

An application for Tavern License was also received from Jas. Vivian, but no report was received from the Inspector, so it could not be entertained.

Report of Mayor showing relief granted in January to be $186.76.

Account of E. Clifford, bread furnished as relief $1. Ordered to be paid.

Account of P. O'Rourke, drawing engine. Referred to Finance Committee.

By law No. 3 of 1874, granting certificates to obtain Tavern and Shop licenses was read as first and second time and referred to Committee of the whole, Mr. Campbell in the Chair.

Moved by Mr. Sloan, seconded by Mr. Garrow, that the number of Tavern License shall not exceed ten.

In amendment, moved by Mr. Savage, seconded by Mr. MacKay, that the number be fourteen.

For the amendment—A. Watson, Robertson, D. Watson, Johnston, Savage, Mackay, Evans. 7.

For the motion—Smaill, Smith, Sloan, Garrow, Horton, Passmore, Gordon, Campbell. 8.

Moved by Mr. Gordon, seconded by Mr. Sloan, that the number of Shop Licenses be eleven. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Robertson, seconded by Mr. D. Watson, that four Saloon Licenses be granted. Yeas—Robertson, D. Watson, Johnston, Mackay, Horton, Passmore. 6. Nays—Smaill, A. Watson, Smith, Sloan, Savage, Evans, Gordon, Garrow, Campbell. 9.

Moved by Mr. Sloan, seconded by Mr. Horton, that $60 be the charge for Tavern License.

In amendment, moved by Mr. A. Watson, seconded by Mr. Robertson, that $80 be the charge for Tavern License. Yeas—A. Watson, Robertson—2. Nays—All the other members—13.

Moved by Mr. Savage, seconded by Mr. Robertson, that three Saloon Licenses be granted. Yeas—Robertson, D. Watson, Johnston, Savage, Mackay, Horton—6. Nays—Smaill, A. Watson, Smith, Sloan, Evans, Garrow, Passmore, Gordon, Campbell—8.

Moved by Mr. Robertson, seconded by Mr. Savage, that the sum to be charged for Shop License be $30—Carried.

The remaining clauses were passed and the committee rose and reported.

In Council it was

Moved by Mr. Campbell, seconded by Mr. A. Watson, that the By-law be amended and that ten shop licenses be granted instead of fourteen. Yeas—Gordon, Campbell, A. Watson, Smith, Garrow—5. Nays—Passmore, Smaill, Robertson, D. Watson, Sloan, Johnston, Savage, Mackay, Evans—9.

Rule 34 was suspended and the by-law was read a third time and passed.

Moved by Mr. Campbell, seconded by Mr. Sloan, that certificates for license be granted to those who held them before, with the addition of R. Tichborne in place of J. J. Wright.

In amendment, moved by Mr. Savage, seconded by Mr. A. Watson, that the name of each applicant be voted on separately—Carried.

The following names were submitted and tavern licenses granted to each, viz: H. Martin, E. Bingham, W. Cox, F. West, E. Martin, E. Hosker, J. Craig, W. J. Johnston, J. Donogh, The names of Messrs. R. Tichborne, J. O'Donohue, J. Pharis and F. Mack were also submitted but being voted down the tenth licensee was not rewarded

Report of Special Committee on Town Clock stating that the County Council had granted permission to erect clock on Court House if their Engineer though it could be done without damage to the building. The Committee further stated that they would report as to cost, &c., at next meeting.

The Council then adjourned.

Tuckersmith.

A Successful Tea meeting.—On the evening of Thursday the 19th inst., a very successful tea meeting was held in the Methodist Episcopal Church, Latta's corners. Music was supplied by an able choir from Seaforth aided by an organ, and led by Prof. Crawford, music teacher, of that village. Addresses were delivered by the Rev. Mr. Collins, Rev. H. B. Palmer, pastor of the Church, and by Dr. Campbell of Seaforth. The sum of $73 was realized, which completely clears the debt off the stables, the object for which the soiree was got up.

Hay.

Council Meeting.—The Council met in the Township Hall, on Monday, Feb. 9, 1874. All the members of the Council present; the Reeve in the Chair. As by adjournment from last meeting, this meeting should have been held on the 6th inst., but, as it was not convenient for some members to attend, it was further adjourned till the 9th inst., and met at the call of the Reeve. This meeting had been called chiefly to amend and rearrange the existing By laws of the Township, and adopt new ones if necessary. After having gone very fully into these matters, it was moved by Mr. McAllister, seconded by Mr. Geigher, that the By-laws, as now revised, be adopted.—The Clerk introduced a By-law for the purpose of building a School house in said section. Debentures to be issued payable in five years.—Carried.

Moved by M. Dalton, seconded by A. Dreany, that T. J. Moorhouse's account for stationery, $6.72, be paid.—Carried.

Moved by A. C. Haskins, seconded by A. Dreany, that the Treasurer be notified to renew his bond.—Carried.

Moved by M. Dalton, seconded by A. C. Hawkins, that Donald Boyd be paid the sum of $2.45 on account of mistake in his assessment.—Carried.

Moved by A. Dreany, seconded by P. Clare, that Philip Phelan, Thos Allan, Wm McQuoid and others be granted an order for $7.50 for repairing a breach on the road, 5 and 7 con., caused by a flood in the June month of last year.—Carried.

Moved by A. C. Hawkins, seconded by M. Dalton, that the Reeve be and is hereby empowered to give an order to the Honourable the Treasurer of Ontario, for the sum of ten thousand one hundred dollars for the purpose of paying certain debentures of this township given to the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, said order to be paid out of the division of the surplus on the Municipal Loan Fund appropriation to the township of Ashfield.—Carried.

Moved by A. Dreany, seconded by A. C. Hawkins, that Wm. Mulligh be Assessor for the present year.

Moved in amendment from the Legislature of the Township, that Jas Dalton be Assessor.

The motion carried.

Moved by A. C. Hawkins, seconded by M. Dalton, that R. McDonald be given the sum of $5, he being in destitute circumstances.—Carried.

Moved by A. Dreany, seconded by P. Clare, that Denis Ford be Collector.—Carried.

Moved by A. Dreany, seconded by P. Clare, that the salaries of the various officers of the township for the year 1874 be as follows, namely:—$1 a day, Treasurer $65, Auditors $10 each, License Inspector $2 for each tavern, Collector $85, Assessor $85, Selectors of Jurors $1 each, Returning officers $5 each.—Carried.

Moved by A. Dreany, seconded by P. Clare, that James Thompson be License Inspector for the year 1874, provided he furnishes the Council with the necessary security for the fulfilment of the duties of said office on or before the next meeting of Council.—Carried.

Moved by A. C. Hawkins, seconded by M. Dalton, that this Council now adjourn to meet at Pollock's Hotel, Kingsbridge, on the second Monday in Feb. nary next.—Carried.

JOHN COOKE, Tp. Clerk.

Colborne.

Council Meeting.—The Municipal Council of Colborne met on the 14th Feb., 1874, in the Town Hall.

Members all present, Reeve in the chair. Minutes of previous meeting read and signed by the Reeve.

Petition of D. McLaren and 63 others praying for the Council to select a piece of land for a cemetery, also recommending a portion of the late Sheriff's property for the same.

Moved by H. J. Nott, seconded by A. Malloy, that the Council meet at the said property for the purpose of inspecting it and other lots in the neighbourhood as to the fitness of said lands for the purpose of a cemetery, and if possible to secure a five acre lot for the same.—Carried.

A petition was read praying for a road to be opened between lots 5 and 6 leading from the 6th to the 4th concession, and making the road through the swamp.—Deferred to next meeting.

The following persons applied for and were granted Tavern licenses, viz: Rodney Adams, Anthony Allen, Thos. Allan, Samuel Bodwen, Wm. Latham, Jonathan Miller and Shepherd Jones. The sum paid to the Township for Tavern Licenses to be as heretofore.

Moved by H. J. Nott, seconded by D. Fisher, that no shop licenses be granted in this Township for the present year.—Carried.

Moved by A. Malloy, seconded by J. Buchanan, that the portion of money coming to Colborne (one of the Townships of the County of Huron) out of the Municipal Loan Fund grant, be appropriated to the improvement of roads and schools. Also purchasing a cemetery. A by-law to be passed for the same, and that the Clerk send a copy of by-law to and communicate with the Government.

Moved in amendment by H. J. Nott, sec. by D. Fisher, that the aforesaid money be exclusively, and that a by-law be passed for the same.

The Reeve decided in favour of the amendment.

Moved and seconded that block F be placed in S S. No. 1; lot 2 on the 3rd con. be placed in S. S. No. 6, and that a by-law be passed for the same.—Carried.

Moved and seconded that the order drawn in favour of No. 2 on the Treasurer in dispute is settled.—Carried.

Moved and seconded that Mrs. Simmonds be given $2.50 per week, Mrs. Murray the same as formerly, and that Mrs. McLean receive $2 per week until next meeting of Council.—Carried.

$10 was refunded by John Morris to the Township having been paid to Geo. McKee through mistake.

Moved and seconded that the Council do not accept the above mentioned $10 as the money has not been refunded by the contractor to the Tower.

The following persons were appointed Pathmasters, viz: John Boyd, John Robertson, W. J. Hunter, Isaac Fisher, Wm. Vanstone, Thos. Merriah, Samuel Oake, Ed. Strachan, Wm. Fagan, John Stevens, Chas. Walters, Wm. Church, Jas Jones, Samuel Piper, H. Spence, Jas Stewart, John Long, David Rogers, Wm Allen, Martin Swance, Peter Fisher, Benj. Munning, Wm Sharle, John Morgan, Patrick Miller, Joshua Allen, George Lormier, Jas Symington, Gordon Young, Wm Ferguson, John A. McDonagh, Jas Jones, Patrick Carroll, Robt Buchanan, Jas Moore, Jas Tubin, Richard Fulford, Jas O. Stewart, John McHardy, Wm Green, A. Stewart, John Fawns, Wm Clark, Jos Heatherington, Jas Dustow, R. Sturdy, Thos Christian, Francis Graham, Michael Hassett, D. Ellis, R. Huston.

The following persons in Poundkeepers, viz: George Morris, Sidney Adams, Peter Fisher, John Fisher, Samuel Oake, Shepherd Jones, Samuel Bodwen and J. Robertson.

Fence Viewers—H. Spence, William Bissett, James Linklater, Amos Fisher and James Howatt.

The Council then adjourned to meet again at a call from the Reeve.

JOHN A. McDONAGH, Tp Clerk.

The Late William Muir.

Many of our readers will deeply regret to learn of the sudden and unexpected death of one of Huron's oldest and most esteemed residents, Mr. William Muir, Township Clerk and Treasurer of the township of Tuckersmith, who died at his residence on Thursday last, at 9 o'clock, from congestion of the lungs. Mr. Muir was born in the Parish of Kirkmichael, Ayrshire, Scotland, in the year 1807, and at an early age removed to England, where he resided until 1834, when he emigrated to Canada, and, in June of the same year, settled in the township of Tuckersmith, on the farm on which he lived ever since and where he died. Had he lived until June next he would have been a resident of Tuckersmith for 40 years. He was the first Clerk and Treasurer of the township, and continued to fill the joint offices with credit to himself and profit to the municipality until his death. He was appointed to these offices in 1843, and has, consequently, held them 31 years. He was a most painstaking and careful official, and was ever as anxious and zealous for the welfare of his municipality as if it had been his own property—in fact, he seemed to cherish a feeling that himself and Tuckersmith were inseparably connected, and that an injury to one was an injury to the other. Mr. Muir was never married and had no relations in this country. By his own energetic and ceaseless industry he succeeded, unaided, in converting a forest farm into one of the most fruitful and handsome in the County of Huron,

CANADA.

Hamilton proposes to have a dog-show.

Mr. Craig, M. P. P. for Russell, is dangerously ill.

Bismarck is the name of a new village on the Canada Southern Railway.

The sum of $150 was realized by a concert given by the Odd Fellows of Brampton, on behalf of the poor of that town.

When the enlargement of the Welland Canal is completed, its locks will pass vessels of 270 by 46 feet, with twelve feet draft.

The Directors of the Great Western Railway have decided during the coming summer to place steel rails on the line of their road from Harrisburg to Guelph.

The Countess of Dufferin has presented a stand of colours to the Governor General's Foot Guards. The formal presentation will take place on the Queen's Birthday.

A young girl, fourteen years of age, has been lodged in St. Catharines gaol on a charge of having twice fired a barn belonging to Mr. Dennis Palmer, of Grimsby. She confessed.

The *Beacon* says that in the person of Mr. Andrew Monteith, "North Perth will be represented by the most illiterate member in the House of Commons."

Montreal talks of using the Champ de Mars as a central depot for the Grand Trunk and Northern Colonization Railways. The Government is willing that it should be so used.

The members of the Evangelical Alliance in the Capital object to the ball proposed to be given in honour of the Earl and Countess of Dufferin.

On the 8th inst., the wife of Mr. James Mills, Grey and Morris town-line, presented her spouse with a boy weighing over 13 pounds. Jamestown is bound to be ahead in something.—*Pub.*

Rumors connects the name of Col. G. I. Denison with the Adjutant-Generalship of Militia, which has remained vacant since the resignation of Col. Robertson Ross last autumn.

Bishop Cummins has written a satisfactory reply to the invitation to visit Ottawa for the purpose of assisting in the organization there of a Reformed Episcopal Church.

Penny readings, the proceeds of which are to go toward the establishment of a Mechanics' Institute in Brussels, are held regularly every two weeks.

Flocks of skill ducks are apparently enjoying themselves in the open waters of the Saugeen. During the last eighteen years that description of duck has not been known to remain during the winter months.

The Post-office Savings Bank account for the month of December, 1873, shows a balance in the hands of the Receiver General of $3,248,265 47.

Mr. John Miller, of Thistle Hall, Pickering, sold to Mr. C. C. Parks, a prominent American Stock-breeder, on Friday last, the imported cow Lady Juliette and calf for $2,250 and Lady Oxford for $1,750.

Mr. Patterson, Inspector of Public Schools in Windsor, has presented his salary for the past two years and a half, ($550) to the Board of Trustees, to be applied to the purchase of a library for the Schools of the Town.

One day last week Mr. Dodge, of Waterloo, killed a fat ox for which he patiently battled with for a week. He caught it, and tied it up to a post, where it was well known it would die of starvation. Life is sweet.

The Brockville Gazette says it is believed that Hon. Mr. Mackenzie and Hon. Mr. Cartwright will visit Brockville early in the coming spring.

The Hamilton *Times* says the Nova Scotia Opposition in Ottawa have carried vesperiage, and perhaps carried, or has taken a position, which they claim as a place gain.

Judges Duval, Morris and Bolduc, of Quebec, have been appointed by the Government to revise.

Manitoba papers are at variance with reports of the population in that Province. As a sign that the Winnipeg municipality contest has cooled, feeling in that trail, the fact that Mr. Lawson nominated Mr. Cornish as a candidate for the Commons is deserving of notice.

Francis McCrea, who resides near Brockville, while threshing, newfound lately covered up his dog in the straw stack. Ten days after on removing the straw into the barn the dog was found alive and well, but somewhat emaciated.

Capt. John Young, of Niagara Township, died at his residence near Virgil on Tuesday, at the age of 70. He was born in that township in the year 1804, when the country was little else than a wilderness, his mother having once been carried off by the Indians and a heavy ransom exacted for her restoration.

A few days ago a modest widower of the Township of Blanshard of sixty-eight summers led to the altar a blushing bride of seventy three. Who need despair.

Dr. Tupper stated at Ottawa recently that he was tired of official life and glad to be relieved of its burdens. He called upon several Ministers and expressed his desire to see fair play, and declared his intention to refrain from everything like factiousness in his opposition.

Evidences of an early spring, according to aboriginal astronomy, come in thick from all quarters. The muskrat and beaver have not made their usual preparations for winter. Bears have not denned up. On Monday last a large flock of wild geese crossed over Burlington Bay, going northward, for their summer quarters. Robins have already made their appearance in London.

During the last season the Merchants Bank paid on accounts of cheese, manufactured and shipped from the Belleville district, $574,628 26. A bank in Ingersoll, it is said, also advanced about $500,000 for the same purpose. These items serve to show the vast proportions which the dairy business has assumed in the Province; and if carried on with the same energy it will be considerably increased in the course of the current year.

The Galt *Reporter* is informed that the Directorate of the Great Western Railway have serious intentions of changing the present route of the W. G. & B. branch between Elora and Fergus. The present bridge over the Grand River between these two places has been condemned, and a new one has to be built. Instead of doing that, the intention is to straighten the line, running it direct from Elora to Alma, shortening the distance some three miles, and diminishing the cost of a new bridge.

At the last meeting of the Winnipeg city council, held on the 2nd inst., it was moved by Ald. Fonseca, seconded by Ald. Logan, that Mayor Cornish be requested to invite Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, Premier of the Dominion, and other members of his Government to visit Manitoba during the ensuing summer or fall, that they may know from personal observation what advantages are offered to emigrants and what are the wants of this Province. Carried.

The Belleville *Daily Ontario* is responsible for the following:—Last winter a poor Indian was found dead in Tyendinaga on the road. The Coroner of Shannonville held the inquest, and by the evidence of a companion—also a red man of the woods—it seemed the deceased had been intoxicated, and met his death by exposure to the inclement atmosphere. Nothing more was thought of the event until recently, when the latter specimen of uncivilized humanity called upon the Coroner and asked: "How mooch you get for holding inquest?" The Coroner replied: "About $15 or $20." The untutored Indian pleased with the information, quite gleefully replied: "Then for all one gallon fire-water you give I freeze Indians." It is needless to add that the Coroner was perfectly thunderstruck, and did not accede to the proposition.

Germany is likely to pay dearly for her French conquest—Alsace and Lorraine. In the Reichstag recently a courageous Alsatian deputy proposed a *plebiscite* to test the feeling of the people in the two conquered Provinces, and Von Moltke in addressing the House admitted that "what Germany had obtained in six months' war she would require to protect by force of arms for a century to come."

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

February 16th.

A number of bills were introduced and read a first time.

In reply to Mr. Clark (Wellington), the Attorney-General said the Government had under consideration the question whether they should during the present session introduce a measure for the formation of new counties or the re-adjustment of existing electoral divisions.

Dr. Clark (Norfolk) moved that the Select Committee to draft the address to His Excellency the Governor-General which had been passed by the House in order that power might be given to the Ontario Legislature to pass a prohibitory liquor law, be composed of the following members:—Hon. Mr. Mowat, Hon. Mr. Currie, Messrs. Farowell, Patterson and the mover. Carried.

Mr. Clark (Wellington) moved the second reading of the Bill to amend the Act respecting Municipal Institutions in the Province of Ontario. He briefly explained that the bill was intended to repeal the provision respecting the publication of County Council by-laws respecting debentures in the local newspapers, and several other similar provisions which he considered defective, and not intended to have been in the law when originally passed.

Several members objected to interfering with the municipal act so soon after it had been consolidated.

Mr. Bishop hoped the Bill would be allowed to go to a Committee, in order that some change might be made to meet the difficulties occasioned by the present law in regard to county bridges and the nomination of Reeves.

The bill was read a second time and referred to a committee.

The Assessment Act Amendment Bill of the Treasurer was then read a second time.

February 17th.

A number of bills were introduced.

The Assessment (amendment) Act passed through Committee. Considerable discussion took place on several clauses, and Mr. Rykert divided the Committee on a motion to expunge the clause exempting bank stock from municipal taxation. The motion, however, was lost by a large majority and the Bill was reported without any very important amendments.

After some unimportant business a debate arose on the second reading of the School Bill which lasted till the house adjourned.

February 18th.

Mr. Rykert moved for returns relating to immigration which provoked quite a discussion. The motion was allowed to stand.

After recess the debate on the school bill was resumed. After a number of other members had addressed the house,

Mr. Gibson referred to the necessity of consolidation and simplification of the school law, and was in favour of popular representation in the Council of Public Instruction. He eulogized the character and services of the gentleman at the head of the Council of Public Instruction, although he differed with that gentleman on some points. The question could be settled in Committee, but he did not think Teachers or Inspectors actively engaged in the school room should be represented upon the Council. [illegible] Government. He [illegible] for the number [illegible] Teachers [illegible] compulsory [illegible] required for [illegible] consider [illegible] Government. He [illegible] for the number [illegible] whole [illegible] Teachers [illegible] Inspectors [illegible] Council [illegible] Teachers [illegible] Inspectors [illegible] Council [illegible] Teachers [illegible] Inspectors [illegible] Council

How to Pronounce "Cough."

Peasant Arcadian,
Guiding the plough,
Coarse are your garments,
Your aspect is rough..

Peasant imprudent,
I hear you've a cough;
Do your feel sure
You're clad warm enough?

Bibulous peasant,
Your voice it is rough!
You're not a disciple
Of temperate Gough.

Home to our cottage
You hear the winds sough,
Even the birdies
Sing hoarse on the bough.

Home to our cottage,
And bend o'er the trough,
Kneading the loaves
Of digestible dough.

Though the bread's heavy,
Unsweetened, and tough,
Well-sharpened teeth
Will go easily through.

ODDS AND ENDS.

The woman in white—a bride!

A tight fit—Delirium Tremens.

A fast horse—one tied to a post.

An author always on foot—Bunyan!

Leading article—a blind man's poodle.

The smallest women look hopefully to Hymen.

Barbers are great travellers; they go from poll to poll.

A concentration of belles—church chimes.

A cottage by the sea—Antonelli's house in Rome.

What kind of darkness can be felt?—a black hat.

What poet does conflagrations remind us of? Burns.

Something we always lick but never eat—Envelopes.

Scare-crows—Those emanating from infants at midnight.

A superfluous sign at the broken banks—cashier (cash here).

The higher we take the thermometer up a mountain the lower it gets.

A London milkman feels as helpless as a dancing-master without his pumps.

The man who was "above his business" had just gone up stairs for a few minutes.

An Attempted Fact.—A man who would try to stab a ghost would stick at nothing.

Politeness is like an air cushion; there may be nothing in it, but it eases you wonderfully.

In Wisconsin, a man reported that he couldn't find a word in the dictionary because the blasted book hadn't got an index.

A grocer in Quincy, Illinois, has donated the city forty-one dozen bad eggs, to be used in keeping lecturers beyond the city limits.

"Why Did He Not Die?" is the title of a new novel. We have not read the conundrum, but believe the answer to be, because he refused to take his medicine.

What creatures took the smallest amount of baggage along when they entered the ark? The cock and the fox; they had only one comb and one brush between them.

The first day a little boy went to school, the teacher asked him if he could spell? "Yes sir." "Well, how do you spell boy?" "O, just as other folks do.

Dandy—wanting the milk—"Please send your cow this way." Landlady—"Waiter, take the cow down to where that calf is bleating."

A man was boasting that he had been married twenty years and had never given his wife a cross word. Those who know her say he didn't dare to, but he never mentioned it.

A Regular Briton.—"It was Mr. Robinson gave me that boat Aunty!" "And did you kiss him for it, Arthur?" "No, indeed! As if *men* were in the habit of *kissing each other*, Aunty!"

A hungry friend said at Brummel's table, after the beau had fallen in fortune, that "nothing was better than cold beef." "I beg your pardon," said Brummel, "cold beef is better than nothing."

An Ornament to Society.—Gloomy and dissipated youth (who has discovered life is not worth having)—"I hope I shan't be alive after *thirty!*" Unsympathetic Elderly Party—"Is there any particular necessity that you should be alive *till* thirty?"

Awful Example.—Enter to Mr. Punch, who is writing his hardest for the evening post, a so-called friend, who is simply on the lounge. Friend: "Ah, my boy, how are you? Nearly five o'clock. How the days get out!" Mr. Punch: "Imitate them."

An Ohio youth, who desired to wed the object of his affections, had an interview with her paternal ancestor, in which he stated that, although he had no wealth to speak of, yet he was "chock full of day's work." He got the girl.

A youth of Salisbury, four years old, and his young sister, saw a rat hasten into a hole in a barn floor. Said he, "Sis, the Bible says watch and pray. You pray while I watch the hole, and I'll swat him across the snoot when he comes out."

An old man said to his sons, "Boys, don't you ever spekerlate or wait for something to turn up. You might just as well go sit down on a stone in the middle of a meddler with a pail 'twixt your legs, and wait for a cow to back up to you to be milked."

A little girl was one day reading the history of England with her governess, and coming to the statement that Henry I. never laughed after the death of his son, she looked up and said, "What did he do when he was tickled."

A few years ago, in a village in Scotland, might be seen the following inscription on a blacksmith's sign board:—

Johnny Tamson, jobbing smith,
Works doon the close wi' a' his pith;
He'll do your job baith weel and sund,
And hopes you'll pay when e'er its dune.

An old miser, who was exceedingly parsimonious, was obliged reluctantly to consult a physician. "What shall I do with my head?" asked the man. "It is so dizzy!I seem to see double." The doctor wrote a prescription, and retired, saying, "when you see double you will find relief if you count your money."

A Bostonian having been smitten by the beauty of a Hoosier girl, called upon her with matrimonial intentions, but he was disenchanted when, upon referring to the sun, which was just then setting, as being several times larger than the earth, she exclaimed, "You can't stuff that 'ere down this chicken!"

Very Much Cared For.—Choirs of ladies (to comely Curate mounted on a ladder decorating church): "O, Mr. Sweetlow, do take care! Don't go up!—so dangerous. Do come down! O!" Rector (caressingly): "Really, Sweetlow, don't you think you'd better let a married man do that!!!"

A recent medical writer says, "Sleep wherever you can—anywhere when you get a chance; the great want of the age is sleep." This is not always safe advice to follow, as one of our townsmen (says a Northern contemporary) knows to his sorrow. He was recently afflicted with a bad cold, and to cure himself of it resorted to the remedy of putting his feet in hot water, and drinking a tumblerful of strong whiskey toddy, prescribed by an aged and respected friend of the family. Having got everything in order for carrying out the prescription, he sat down by the fire, his feet immersed in warm water, and a tumbler of smoking toddy by his side. In this condition a sense of enjoyment stole over him as he sipped the exhilarating liquid, and he fell asleep. His wife had gone to bed, and, on awakening about three o'clock in the morning, wondered why she was alone. Going downstairs she was horrified to find her liege lord asleep in his chair, the fire out, his feet still immersed in the water, over which a cake of ice was forming, and an empty tumbler on the chair beside him. His cold isn't a bit better.

Special Notices.

Breakfast.—Epps' Cocoa.—Grateful and Comforting.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with Boiling Water or Milk. Each packet is labelled—"James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London."

Manufacture of Cocoa.—"We will now give an account of the process adopted by Messrs James Epps & Co., manufacturers of dietetic articles, at their works in the Euston Road, London."—*Cassell's Household Guide.* 1341.

TO THE PUBLIC OF

British North America.

In consequence of frauds that have been practised upon you by two or three individuals (who for a time took the name of the "New York Chemical Company") making and selling something which they call "Holloway's Pills and Ointment," and which, for a season, were freely sold in many parts of the British Provinces as my genuine Pills and Ointment, I have for some time past considered it my duty to caution the public, through the medium of the press, against buying these spurious articles.

Judgments have been obtained against this Bankrupt Crew; in one case by a Mr. Cassard, who, when about to levy, at the latter end of October last, found the name of the Chemical Company had been painted out and that of Samuel Vose substituted.

Many respectable Firms in the British Provinces, who obtain my medicines direct from here, have very properly suggested that I should, for the benefit of themselves and the public, insert their names in the papers, that it may be known that my medicines can be had genuine from them.

The following is a list of the Firms alluded to; and I particularly recommend those who desire to get my medicines to apply to some of the Houses named:—

Messrs. Avery, Brown & Co., Halifax, N. S.
Messrs. Forsyth & Co., Halifax, N. S.
Messrs. T. B. Barker & Sons, St. John, N. B.
Mr. T. Des Brisay, Charlotte Town, P. E. I.
Messrs. Langley & Co., Victoria, B. C.
Messrs. Moore & Co., Victoria, B. C.
Dr. John Pallen, Chatham, N. B.
Messrs. Munro & Co., Montreal.
Messrs. J. Winer & Co., Hamilton, Ont.
Mr. H. J. Rose, Toronto.
Mr. A. Chipman Smith, St. John, N. B.
Mr. John Bond, Goderich, Ont.
Messrs. Elliot & Co., Toronto.
Mr. J. Chaloner, St. John, N. B.
Messrs. Hanington Bros., St. John, N. B.
Mr. R. S. Priddy, Windsor, Ont.
Mrs. Orpen, Morden, N. S.
Mr. George C. Hunt, Jun., Fredericton, N. B.
Mr. W. H. Thompson, Harbor Grace, N. F.
Mr. J. M. Wiley, Fredericton, N. B.
Messrs. W. & D. Yule, Montreal.

My Pills and Ointment are neither manufactured nor sold in any part of the United States. Each Pot and Box bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London," engraved thereon.

The medicines are sold at the lowest wholesale prices, in quantities of not less less than £20 worth—viz, 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, for which remittances must be sent in advance.

THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

N. B.—Chemists and other vendors of Holloway's genuine Pills and Ointment may have their names inserted in the local papers if they will please apply here—

533, Oxford Street, W. C.,
London, Dec. 1, 1873.

It is not what you eat but what you digest that makes you strong. Unless the food taken is perfectly dissolved, assimilated and converted into pure blood, general nervous and physical prostration inevitably result; the whole system is impoverished; degeneration of the organs and tissues follows, and if there be hereditary predisposition to scrofula or consumption it will surely be developed and the constitution gradually broken down. The foundation of good health and a sound mind is a vigorous stomach and perfect nutrition. Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya is Nature's own remedy for derangements of the digestive organs, purely physiological, harmless, and positively certain to restore nervous and muscular force.

DR. J. BELL SIMPSON'S
Specific and Tonic Pills.

The great English remedy for Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhea Nocturnal Emission of the Generative Organs, Palpitation of the Heart, Tremblings, Sleeplessness, the effect of over-indulgence in alcoholic stimulants and tobacco, &c. Dr. J. BELL SIMPSON'S Pills are the only effectual ones for the above diseases, and are never known to fail. They have already cured hundreds in this country. Robert Arthur, machinist, Hamilton, testifies to his recovery by their use. Safe, certain and rapid in action, a short trial will prove their efficacy. No sufferer need despair of being relieved from the frightful effects of Self-Abuse. The Specific Pills are sold by Druggists at $1.00 a box, and the Tonic Pills at 50c. a box, or they will be sent by mail, postage pre-paid, and securely wrapped from observation, on receipt of $1.00 for the Specific, and 50c. for the Tonic Pills by

J. BELL SIMPSON & CO.,
Drawer 91 P. O. Hamilton.

Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists. Pamphlets sent post-free on application.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES

The power of arresting disease displayed by this preparation is honorably acknowledged by the medical faculty in every section where it has been introduced; and the rapidly increasing sale is the best guarantee of the estimation in which it is held by the public.

The Syrup will cure Pulmonary consumption in the first and second stages; will give great relief and prolong life in the third. It will cure Asthma, Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Coughs and Colds. It will cure all diseases originating from want of Muscular action and Nervous Force, such as Enlargement of the Spleen, Dyspepsia, Rickets, Feeble and Irregular action of the Heart, Local and General Paralysis, Aphonia or Loss of Voice. It will cure Leucorrhœa Chlorosis, Anæmia, and restores the blood to purity and health.

Sold By Apothecaries.

Price $1.50; Six for $7.50.
JAMES I. FELLOWS, CHEMIST
ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY
Job Moses' Periodical Pills

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all Cases of Nervous & Spinal Affection, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue or slight exertion, Palpitation of the heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package which should be carefully preserved.

PREPARED ONLY BY THE SOLE PROPRIETOR,
ON MORSE, NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETOR.

1.00 and 1½ cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., general agents for the Dominion, will insure a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail.

NORTHRUP & LYMAN
Newcastle, C. W., general agents for Canada.

☞ Sold in Goderich by Geo. Cattle, F. Jordan & J. Bond; Gardiner & Co. Bayfield; J. Benthum, Rodgerville; J. Pickard, Exeter; G. W. Berry, Lucknow; & J. M. Roberts, Dungannon.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

As a family medicine, it is well and favorably known, relieving thousands from pain in the *Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c.*

The Canadian Pain Destroyer has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single dissatisfaction, where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in the matter, having tested it thoroughly; and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended, may depend upon it being a sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer in curing the diseases for which it is recommended and its wonderful effects in subduing the torturous pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections entitle it to high rank in the list of Remedies. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it at Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after trying it.

Price, only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

☞ Sold in Goderich, by Geo. Cattle, F. Jordan & J. Bond; Gardiner & Co. Bayfield; Jas. Benthum, Rogerville; J. Pickard, Exeter; G. W. Berry, Lucknow; J. M. Roberts, Dungannon.

Lands for Sale

BY

E. WOODCOCK,
CONVEYANCER
And Land Agent.

OFFICE—Corner of West Street, Goderich.

A Valuable Farm

Situated in the second concession of the Western Division of the

Township of Colborne,

about four miles from Goderich, containing 200 acres of good land, nearly half of which is cleared and free from stumps, with Brick House, Barns, Stables, Workshops, &c. There is a good bearing Orchard of the choicest fruit on the estate. Well watered. Title indisputable. Terms easy.

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

Valuable Bush Lot.

Being composed of Lot No 5, concession 10, in the

Township of Turnberry,

containing 100 acres. The soil is mixed from black loam to sandy loam, with a never failing creek running through the lot. Timber one-half Beech and Maple, the remainder Cedar, Pine and Hemlock. Soil heavy. This lot is very valuable, being situate within one mile of the Railroad, three miles from the village of Belmore, six miles from Wroxeter, and seven miles from Wingham. Title good. Terms to suit the purchaser. For further particulars, apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

A Good Farm,

Situate about six miles from Goderich, on the 5th con., E. D., of the

Township of Colborne,

containing 100 acres, 80 cleared and mostly under cultivation. The soil is good, varying from sandy loam to heavy black loam. There is a splendid creek running through the lot—also a small bearing orchard. To be sold cheap. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

Valuable Bush Farm,

Situate on the 10th con. of the

Township Of Grey,

within 1½ miles of the Railway. Timber mixed, Beech, Maple, and a large quantity of good Cedar. About 5 acres cleared with a Log House, &c. Soil excellent. Title indisputable, the present holder being the Crown patentee. Terms easy. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

A Desirable Farm,

Situate on the 8th con., Western Division of the

Township of Colborne,

on the Northern Gravel Road, about 5 miles from Goderich, containing 50 acres of excellent land in a high state of cultivation. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

Desirable Farm,

Situate on the Huron Road in the

Township of Goderich,

about 2¼ miles from Town, within five walk of an English Church, containing 93 acres, about 70 of which are cleared and free from stumps, with good Brick House and Frame Barns, &c. Large bearing orchard, and well watered. Title good. This farm will be sold very cheap, considering its commanding position, and on reasonable terms. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

A Valuable Farm.

Situate on the Huron Road in the

Township of Goderich,

about four miles from Town, containing 100 acres of first-rate land, with good Frame House, Barns, Stables, &c. Good orchard of choice fruit trees and never failing creek running through front of lot. Terms easy. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

A Good Farm.

Situate in the Fourth Concession in the Eastern Division of the

Township of Ashfield,

containing 100 acres of land, one mile from Dungannon, 60 acres of which are cleared and under cultivation. There is on the premises a good log House and a log Barn. Soil, clay loam, front of lot light. Well watered with Nine mile creek running through the lot. There is also a good Orchard of choice fruit on the lot.

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Lant Agent, Goderich.

Two Excellent Farms.

Situate on the Gravel Road between Walton and Brussels in the

Township of Grey,

containing each 100 acres. A good Log House, Barn and Orchard on each lot, 65 acres cleared. These farms will be sold separately or together as may be desired. Soil excellent. Terms easy. For particulars apply to

E. WOODCOCK,
Conveyancer and Land Agent, Goderich.

That valuable building site, suitable for a first-class Villa Residence, being composed of Lots 8, 9, 10, 11, 28, 29, 30, and 31, in the Wilson Survey of the Town of Goderich, containing in one block, two acres of land. The above eligible property has a frontage of about 350 feet on the Huron Road, and is well stocked with choice fruits. To be sold on reasonable terms.

E. WOODCOCK,
Office, corner of West street, Goderich.

Valuable Town Lots,

Lot No. 992, situate on the North side of West Street in the Town of Goderich. A splendid situation either for business or private residence.

Lot No. 255, corner of Elgin and Wellington Streets in the Town of Goderich, one quarter of an acre.

Lot No. 1518 on the Huron Road, in the Town of Goderich, one fifth of an acre.

Lot Letter "G" in the Village of Maitlandville, (or Bridgend place) with a good house thereon erected and garden well stocked with bearing fruit trees.

E. WOODCOCK,
Land Agent and Conveyancer.

Office—Corner of West St., Goderich.
1377

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

County of Huron, } By virtue of a
To Wit. } Writ of Fieri
Facias, issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Huron, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of William Sadler, at the suit of William Bowers. I have seized and taken in Execution, all the Defendants right, title and interest in and to Lots, one, two, three, four, five, six and eight, East side of Josephine street, all in the village of Wingham, as laid down on the map or plan of lot Number One (or A) in the first Concession of the Township of Turnberry, in the County of Huron, made for John Curwyn by A. Bay, Esq., P. L. S. which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for Sale, at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Saturday the twenty eight day of March next, at the hour of 12 of the clock, noon.

ROBERT GIBBONS,
Sheriff of Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, } 1402
26th December 1873.

Grateful Thousands proclaim Vinegar Bitters the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. Walker's Vinegar Bitters, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored vitiated matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with Vinegar Bitters. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, Walker's Vinegar Bitters have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of Walker's Vinegar Bitters occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, and Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and cast out of the system in a short time by the use of a few bottles.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, the Vinegar Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists & Gen. Agts. San Francisco, California, & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts. N.Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists & Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts. N.Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

VICTORIA
COMPOUND SYRUP OF
HYPOPHOSPHITES

The only Syrup prepared from Dr. Churchill's Formula, and certified to be the best ever put up.

For the prevention and cure of

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION

Also for the cure of

Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Loss of Appetite, General Debility, &c.

CERTIFICATE AS TO PURITY AND EFFICACY.

Laboratory, University College,
Toronto, Dec. 1, 1872.

To the Victoria Chemical Co.,

Gentlemen,—I have examined the article employed in the Victoria Chemical Works, in the preparation of the Victoria Syrup of Hypophosphites. The several Hypophosphites used are *free from arsenic, pure*, and the Syrup is accordingly *free from arsenic, pure*. Your Syrup of Hypophosphites will undoubtedly prove a *very valuable* Medicine.

HENRY H. CROFT,
Professor of Chemistry, U. S.

Price $1 per Bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

VICTORIA
ELECTRIC
LINIMENT.

"The King of all Liniments."

For Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Wounding Pains, Stiffness in the Limbs or Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Numbness, Swellings, Headache, Earache, Toothache, &c.

Buy it! Try it! Prove it!

Price 50 Cents per Bottle. Sold by all Druggists

VICTORIA
CARBOLIC SALVE.

"WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD."

A *Specific for Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Boils, Piles, Pimples, &c., and Chronic Diseases of the Skin of every description.*

Price 25 Cts. per Bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

VICTORIA
CARBOLATED
GLYCERINE JELLY.

"EMINENTLY THE LADIES' FAVORITE."

For Beautifying the Complexion, and for removing Tan, Sunburn, Freckles, Pimples, &c., also for Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Frost Bites, and Sore Lips.

Price 25 Cents per Bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

VICTORIA
TOILET SOAPS.

"CELEBRATED FOR THEIR UNIFORM PURITY AND EXCELLENCE OF QUALITY."

VICTORIA CARBOLIC SOAP.
VICTORIA SULPHUR SOAP.
VICTORIA GLYCERINE, HONEY, ROSE AND WINDSOR.

Sold by all Druggists. 1356

One Box of Clark's B41 Pills

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or from constitutional, Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbidges and Co., Coleman Street London.
Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate Street, London.
Barclay and Sons, 95 Farringdon Street, London.
Sanger and Sons, Oxford Street, London.

AGENTS IN CANADA.

Montreal.—Evans, Mercer and Co., Wholesale Druggists.
" Lymans, Clare and Co.
Toronto.—Elliott and Co., Wholesale Druggists.
Hamilton.—Winer and Co.
Halifax.—Avery, Brown and Co.

DANIEL GORDON,
CABINET MAKER,
UPHOLSTERER,
Undertaker, &c.

GENERAL AGENT FOR THE FOLLOWING INSTRUMENTS.

Organs and Melodeons, R. S. Williams, Toronto; Peloubet, Pelton & Co. New York.

PIANOS

UNION CO.'S, New York.
GABLER " "
BARMORE " "
DUNHAM " "
WEBER " "
CHICKERING Boston.
MILLER " "
VOSE'S " "

Can furnish almost all Canadian and American Maker's Instruments on terms to suit purchasers for cash or on time at less than Manufacturer's price.

Goderich, Feb. 27, 1873.

ERIC McKAY,
Cabinet Maker
Upholsterer, &c,

Begs leave to return thanks to the inhabitants of Goderich and surrounding country, for their liberal patronage during the last two years he has been in business. He is now prepared to furnish all articles in his line, such as

FURNITURE

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

PILLOWS
BOLSTERS
MATTRASSES, &c.,
Cheap for Cash,

AND ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

PICTURE FRAMES kept on hand and made to order. Having on hand an assortment of

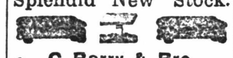
COFFIN TRIMMINGS,

I am prepared to make coffins on the shortest notice, and to conduct funerals on the most reasonable terms. ☞ Remember the old stand,

WEST STREET,

opposite the Bank of Montreal.
Goderich, Feb. 12, '72. 1y

Extensive New Premises
AND
Splendid New Stock.



• C. Barry & Bro.

Cabinet Makers, Undertakers & Wood Turners,

HAMILTON ST.

Have removed across the street to the store next door to W. Acheson's Business Shop, where will be found

A GOOD ASSORTMENT!

of Kitchen, Bedroom, Dining-room, and Parlor Furniture, such as

TABLES,
CHAIRS (Cane and wood seated)
COUNTERS,
BEDSTEADS,
WASH-STANDS,
MATTRESSES,
LOUNGES,
SOFAS.

WHATNOTS, LOOKING GLASSES
GILT FRAMING.

☞ C. B & B are prepared to sell everything in their line

Cheap for Cash.

N. B. A complete assortment of Coffins and Shrouds always on hand, and a Hearse to hire; all on reasonable terms.

A CALL SOLICITED.

Goderich, 15 Aug 1870

JOHN A. BALL,
CABINET MAKER,
UPHOLSTERER, &c.,

Has pleasure in announcing to the public of Goderich and surrounding country that he has started Business in L. S. WILLSON'S old stand next door to the Signal Office, where he is prepared to furnish all articles in his line

Cheap for Cash

and on the shortest notice.

Picture Frames kept on hand and made to order. Also an assortment of Pictures.

PREMIUMS:

One 25c picture for every purchase of $3.
Two 30c " " " $6.
Four 25c " " " $10
or 1 pair Crosnos worth $1.00.

LUMBER AND CORDWOOD taken in exchange.

Oct. 6th, 1873. 1390

1872 (1872
AS USUAL
COMPLETE SUCCESS!

Ten First Prizes
At Two Exhibitions!

W. BELL & CO.
GUELPH, ONT.

Received Every First Prize
FOR

Organs & Melodeons

At the Provincial Exhibition, Hamilton, and Central Exhibition, Guelph,

This grand success, in addition to last year's record of a

Silver Medal, 3 Diplomas, and 12 First Prizes,

Prove that our Instruments in the opinion of competent judges are incomparably superior to all others.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of the

ORGANETTES,

Containing Scribner's Patent Qualifying Tubes, acknowledged by all to be the greatest improvement yet introduced. Their superiority is conceded by other makers from the fact that at Guelph they withdew from competition, thus acknowledging their inability to compete with them.

Every instrument fully warranted for five years. Send for catalogue containing fifty different styles of instruments.

Guelph, Oct. 15, 1872. W. BELL & CO 1346

SEWING MACHINES.

The subscriber in thanking the public for their liberal patronage would announce that he has removed to the store lately occupied by Mrs. Warnock, opposite the Colborne Hotel, where he has on hand a stock of

SEWING AND KNITTING MACHINES

Which he will sell as reasonably as any one in the business. I have on hand the Hespeler, Venus and Appleton Sewing Machines and the Ontario Family Knitting Machine.

GIVE ME A CALL.

Don't forget the stand, opposite the Colborne Hotel.

1389 J. W. WEATHERALD.

NOTICE!

All parties indebted to the *Signal* Office for work done previous to the 21st Dec. last, are required to pay up at once to the undersigned.

ABRAHAM SMITH
Goderich, Feb. 5, '72. sw253w3t

SUBSCRIBE

FOR THE

Huron Signal,

THE

OLDEST, LARGEST AND BEST

NEWSPAPER

PUBLISHED

IN THE

COUNTY OF HURON.

Only $1.50 Per Annum in Advance.

ADVERTISE

IN THE

HURON SIGNAL

IF YOU WISH YOUR ANNOUNCEMENTS

TO REACH THE

LARGEST NUMBER

-OF-

READERS.

Advertising Rates Liberal.

GO TO THE

HURON SIGNAL OFFICE

FOR YOUR

Job Printing.

All kinds of Work from the

Largest Poster to the Smallest Card

EXECUTED WITH

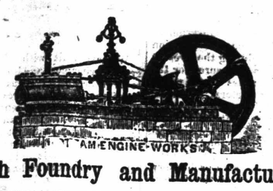
Neatness and Despatch.

☞ Particular attention paid to Township Printing.

Orders by mail punctually attended to.

J. J. BELL,
Editor and Proprietor.

GODERICH FOUNDRY.



Goderich Foundry and Manufacturing Co.,

Beg to inform the public that they are prepared to contract for

Steam Engines and Boilers;

FLOUR, GRIST AND SAW MILLS, SAWING MACHINES, LEFFEL WATER WHEELS, &c.

On Hand

TUBULAR BOILERS AND STEAM ENGINES;
IRON AND WOODEN PLOUGHS, with steel boards,
GANG PLOUGHS, CULTIVATORS,
STRAW CUTTERS, &c.,

SUGAR AND POTASH KETTLES, GRATE BARS, WAGGON BOXES, &c.,
COOKING, PARLOR & BOX STOVES of various kinds.

SALT PANS MADE TO ORDER.

-ALSO-

Iron and Brass Castings, and Blacksmith Work.

BOILERS AND SALT PANS REPAIRED on short notice.

☞ All Orders addressed to the Company or Secretary will receive prompt attention.

ARCHIBALD HODGE, Secretary and Treasurer.
HORACE HORTON, President.
ROBERT RUNCIMAN, General Manager.

Goderich, Ont., 9th Sept., 1873. 1625

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the country!

$100,000 00
IN VALUABLE GIFTS

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

L. D. SINE'S

43RD SEMI-ANNUAL

GIFT ENTERPRISE!

To be drawn Monday March 30th, 1874.

ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE, $10,000 IN GOLD.

One Prize $5,000 in Silver!

Five Prizes $1,000 } GREENBACKS!
Five Prizes $500 } EACH IN
Ten Prizes $100 }
Two Family Carriages and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each.
Two Buggies, Horses, &c., worth $600 each.
Two Fine-toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each.
Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each!
1500 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each!
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c.
Number of Gifts 10,000! Tickets limited to 50,000!

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10;
Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-Five $40.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, Box 86,
MAIN OFFICE, Cincinnati, O.
101 W. Fifth St. 1409

G. H. PARSONS & Co.,
HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
MARKET SQUARE. GODERICH.

Have for Sale

MINK, FOX, and other traps, CROSS CUT SAWS, MILL SAWS, WOOD SAWS, AND BEST MAKES OF HAND SAWS, CHOPPING AXES, VARIOUS MAKERS

AND PRICES. BOY'S AXES, HAND AXES AND BROADAXES. COW TIES OF SEVERAL KINDS, LOGGING CHAINS OF ALL SIZES, GLASS, PUTTY, WROUGHT AND CUT NAILS &c.

And a large assortment of all kinds of

HARDWARE,

At low prices for CASH. Opposite

MARKET HOUSE.

G. H. PARSONS & Co
Goderich. Nov. 28 1871

Notice to the Public.

THE FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

As I have been appointed Sole Agent in the Province of Ontario, for the Florence Sewing Machine, none have a right to sell the said machine except those appointed by me. In the Counties of Huron and Bruce the following are the only authorized Agents for the Florence Machine:—Thomas Connors, U. P. Whifen, and Lawrence Murphy, Seaforth; William McGaw, Clinton; L. S. Willson, Goderich; Wm. Allan, Lucknow. Any person or persons other than the above representing that they have a right to sell, or can furnish the Florence Machine in the Counties of Huron and Bruce, are imposters, and the public are hereby warned to beware of them.

O. C. WILLSON,
General Agent for Ontario,
1391 Seaforth.

LUMBER! LUMBER!

MORRISH & FISHER,

Having purchased the Saw Mill of

W. M. SAVAGE

at Millburn, 3 miles North of Goderich on the Gravel Road,

are now prepared to furnish lumber of all kinds to those who require such.

Having thoroughly repaired and renovated the mill they are in a position to do first class