

The Union Advocate

VOL. XLVIII

NEWCASTLE, N. B., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20 1915

NO. 43

Powerful Sermon on "The Enforced Duty"

Rev. S. J. Macarthur Delivers Stirring Address in St. James Church on Sunday Evening

In a very powerful sermon in St. James' Presbyterian Church Sunday night, Rev. S. J. Macarthur intimated that Britain and France, in the terrific struggle now forced upon them, were reaping the penalty of their sin in refusing to succor the poor Armenians from Turkey about 20 years ago...

Mr. Macarthur took as his text the God's command to Elijah in 1 Kings, Chapter 19: "Go, return on thy way," and spoke on "The Enforced Duty," saying, in part, as follows: "Elijah had undertaken to cast out abuses from the religion of Israel, which he saw under a curse because of apostasy. But he had failed, and losing sight of the great fact that God's reforming process is always finally achieved, he became discouraged, and wished to throw away his life."

Samson had slain men but accomplished very little. Elijah slew the prophets of Baal but made no progress. When he was sent back by the still small voice it was to live the true life more quietly, among the people. The place of the wise and strong is to live among those who have not the vision—not to flee men who risked their lives. Elijah was forced to go back to his people. So, men who feel they MUST go and speak and act have been the world's saviors. All great movements have been started by risked their lives.

Just as God has forced individuals to bring salvation to their fellows against their will, so he uses nations to carry out His purposes. If we understand this process, we are saved, for most men are saved when you can make them think. God is using a fearful whip to lash Britain and France, and perhaps Russia, to bring them to a consciousness of what they ought to have been and done for the good of humanity.

What is going to happen? Does anyone know? What does it mean that Lord Milner advocates the withdrawal of British forces from what he calls the hopeless task of forcing the Dardanelles? What does it mean that Bulgaria is sure that Germany will win? Israel perished and left only a name. Has Britain been true? It is possible to shrink our responsibility so long that we perish. Cannot God carry out His purposes by others? As the best of Israel and

Eleven Canadians Killed in Raid All Western Men Except Three From Ontario—Three Others Missing

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—The Zepplin raids on England have come home to Canada. From the latest casualty list and from information obtained from local militia sources, it would appear that eleven Canadian artillerymen were among those who lost their lives in the last raid, that of the 13th.

The military casualties reported in the official statement by the British authorities were fourteen killed and thirteen wounded, so that it would appear that Canadians were the chief sufferers. Besides the eleven men who lost their lives three are reported missing and three wounded. All these casualties took place at Otterpool camp, Kent, England.

Peabody-Hare Nuptials Solemnized To-day

The marriage of Miss Emmeline Hare, daughter of Mr. William Hare of Millerton, to Mr. Hollest W. Peabody, formerly of Curventon, but now of Duluth, Minn., is being solemnized at Millerton at ten o'clock this morning, in the Methodist church, by Rev. J. A. Ives. Other particulars received were too late for this issue, but will be given next week.

You Have YOUR Chance To-day

The Canadian Patriotic Fund needs \$7,500,000 for the support of families of our Canadian soldiers at the front in the second year of the war. Last year's contributions amounted to \$5,350,000. The Province of Alberta leads in men and money, but the Maritime Provinces have made a poor showing. What are YOU going to do at the Patriotic Auction here to-day and this evening?

Brilliant Exploit of Thirty Men From 26th

Under Cover of Smoke They Drove Germans Out of Crater--25th N. S. Regiment Won Honors in Action

Ottawa, Oct. 17.—A thrilling story of how the 25th Nova Scotia Regiment, after losing its trenches in Flanders, when they were blown up by mines and many of their men killed and wounded, rallied and recaptured the lost trenches is told in a special message received from the front today by General Sir Sam Hughes.

Premier Asquith Is Taken Suddenly Ill

Several Days Rest Required--Anxious Interest in British Government Reported

London, Oct. 19.—A little before one o'clock the following bulletin was issued at Downing Street: "The premier is suffering from an attack of gastro-intestinal catarrh, which will necessitate a few days of complete rest."

Richibucto Parish Back to License

Councillors' election at Richibucto parish yesterday resulted as follows: Pascal Hebert, 325; A. B. Carson, 272; Thornburn Bowser, 243; Leon Daigle, 75. First two are elected. Messrs. Carson and Bowser were Temperance candidates.

German Mine Patrol Boat Blown Up in Baltic Sea

London, Oct. 19.—A German mine patrol boat has been blown up in the Baltic Sea and her crew of ten are missing, and are supposed to have been drowned, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen.

County Court Opened Yesterday

One Criminal and Two Civic Cases--Court Adjourned Till Thursday

County Court opened here yesterday morning, Judge McLatchy presiding. There was but one criminal case, King vs. Nicholson of Chatham on complaint of Witt, a special salesman at the recent Chatham Exhibition, plaintiff alleging money taken. Plaintiff failed to appear and indictment not presented. A. A. Davidson for prosecution; Hon. L. J. Tweedie defending.

Ninety-two Years and Knitting Socks

Miss Barton, of Chatham, has Knitted Upwards of Sixty Pairs of Socks

With all the cases of loyalty that have been displayed by members of Red Cross Societies and givers to the different funds since the outbreak of the war, there is none more commendable than the case of an elderly lady in Chatham, who now in her ninety-second year, has knitted about sixty pairs of socks for the soldiers, just as she says, "to keep herself busy."

CASUALTIES IN 26TH

Wounded—J. W. Bettie, Passeekeag, N. B.; Lance Corporal Geo. Blair Finigan, St. Andrews, N. B. Sergeant Roland Smith, 282 Princess street, St. John, N. B. (slightly). W. Hazen Carson, St. George, N. B. (seriously); George E. Miles, Fairville, N. B.

Bust of Nelson For Legislature

A Copper Memorial Bust Has Been Accepted by Premier Clarke (Fredericton Gleaner) Premier Geo. J. Clarke has accepted for the Province of New Brunswick the bust of Lord Nelson to be placed in the Legislative Chamber. The acceptance was made at a conference held last evening with Rev. Alfred Hall, commissioner for the Strathcona Nelson Shields, the memorial bust being the gift of the late Lord Strathcona in commemoration of the Nelson Shields to the Educational Institutions of the province.

Russia in a State of War with Bulgaria

Petrograd, (via London), Oct. 16.—Russia regards herself in state of war with Bulgaria from the moment the latter country attacked Serbia, according to a statement issued to

40th Quarterly Session Kent-North'd S. of T.

Held in Richibucto on the 12th Instant--Reports Show Divisions in Good Standing

The 40th quarterly session of Kent-Northumberland District Division, S. of T., was held in Richibucto on the 12th, the D. W. P. Rev. R. H. Stavert, of Norton, presiding. Delegates present: Northumberland Co., 523; Kent Co., 46; Centre Napan, 42; Douglastown—H. C. Stothart, D. W. A.; Harcourt—Rev. H. H. Stavert, D. W. P.; Grangeville—H. W. B. Smith, D. Treas., and Mrs. Smith; Rexton—Geo. N. Clark, Geo. Jardine, Everett Irving, Mrs. Geo. Jardine, Mrs. H. M. Ferguson; Richibucto—R. W. Beers, Alex. Haines, (D. I. S.), and Misses Jennie Lawton, Nellie Ross and Ethel S. White.

Table with 2 columns: Location and Amount. Includes Bay du Vin, Maple Glen, Black River Bridge, Centre Napan, etc.

Following officers pro tem were appointed: D. Chap. G. N. Clark; D. Cond. R. W. Beers; D. Scribe, H. W. B. Smith. The minutes of the last session were read and approved. Following committees were appointed: Credentials—H. W. B. Smith. State of the Order—R. W. Beers, Geo. N. Clark, Geo. Jardine, Miss E. S. White, H. C. Stothart. Program—Mrs. H. W. B. Smith, Miss E. S. White, H. C. Stothart.

Agriculture Society Held Annual Meeting

Last Wednesday Afternoon--Re-election of Officers Newcastle, North Esk and South Esk Agricultural Society, No. 122, held its annual meeting in Newcastle Town Hall last Wednesday afternoon. John McColm president, occupied the chair, with F. Williston secretary. The following officers were re-elected: Directors—M. O'Shaughnessy, Chaplin Island Road; Mayor G. G. Stothart, H. Williston, E. P. Williston and Geo. Stables, Newcastle; John S. Mullin, Exmoor; John D. Goodfellow and Wm. Taylor, South Esk; John Cain, Boom Road; Hiram Whitney and James Young, Whiteville; Phineas Gunn, Maple Glen; John McColm, North Esk; Geo. R. Sutherland, Redbank; and Murdoch Sutherland, Redbank. Auditors—Geo. Stables and G. G. Stothart.

German Mine Patrol Boat Blown Up in Baltic Sea

London, Oct. 19.—A German mine patrol boat has been blown up in the Baltic Sea and her crew of ten are missing, and are supposed to have been drowned, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen. The despatch adds that the wreck of the boat has been found at Marstal.

Richibucto Parish Back to License

Councillors' election at Richibucto parish yesterday resulted as follows: Pascal Hebert, 325; A. B. Carson, 272; Thornburn Bowser, 243; Leon Daigle, 75. First two are elected. Messrs. Carson and Bowser were Temperance candidates.

Week's War News

London, Oct. 14—Seventeen German steamers which ply in Baltic Sea are missing, according to a Uerholm despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, and are believed to have been sunk by British submarines.

Petrograd, Oct. 14—Russian general staff circles estimate that about three Teuton army divisions, 120,000 men, were shattered by the Russian success on the Trypa in Italian, a son of Joe R. Bennett, of this city. He was killed in action on Oct. 8th. Mr. Bennett has two other sons at the front.

London, Oct. 14—A Bucharest despatch says: Bulgarian cavalry and German and Austrian troops were concentrated today at Vidin, on the Danube bank of the Danube opposite Roumania, apparently ready for an offensive or defensive against Roumania, or possibly to meet Russian forces reported on their way across Roumania to help the Serbians.

Paris, Oct. 14—Private advices are to the effect that the Bulgarian division was almost annihilated in a fierce battle near Kragevatz, Serbia, says a despatch to the Havas Agency from Bucharest, dated Tuesday, and delayed in transmission.

Paris, Oct. 14—Frenzied optimistic French military experts today did not endorse the opinion expressed in some quarters that Germany is preparing for a retreat on the western front, in the face of the Allies' drive, they said it was natural for the Germans to make advance arrangements with a view to the possible retreat that might become necessary. They did not think it safe to conclude that the Kaiser believed that would be the case.

RUSSIA'S LESSON AS A RESULT OF WAR

A Huge Nation Without Industries—How Would Canada Fare Under Similar Conditions? "Country Life in Canada" of Winnipeg had a very interesting article in a recent issue entitled, "Nations, With and Without Industries." Russia was taken as a typical example of the nation without manufacturing development. The article calls attention to Russia's position when war was declared. Russia found herself cut off from the rest of Europe and America in great measure as far as supplies of manufactured goods were concerned. Russia could not export her vast stores of food products, nor secure in change for them manufactured goods, many of which were essential to the successful conduct of the war.

Result of Russia's Isolation Food remained cheap, but imported commodities became dear. The importation of manufactured goods ceased; stock in stores grew less and less, imported commodities became dearer and dearer. Germany before the war, exported to Russia immense quantities of machinery, utensils, and chemically prepared materials. Nearly all drugs came from Germany, so a drug famine existed in Russia. Boots made in Vienna, and hats and costumes from Paris disappeared. Russian society ladies—among the best dressed in Europe—have been, and will be, without fashions. In this regard the upper and middle classes of Russia feel the pinch of war, because luxuries are abolished. The poor, however, had only a demand for food—and food was both plentiful and cheap. The peasant-farmer was better off, especially since he no longer could waste what money he had on vodka and beer. Economy and sobriety conserve the wealth of nations.

Russian General's Views "A Russian general stood with his staff on a hill in Poland. The Russians were fighting one of their dogged rear-guard actions, falling back on a line of new defences. Impotently the soldier raised his hand and shook it at the advancing German horde. "Oh, for the machine shops of other lands," cried he, "for their looms and factories! Then we'd fire shell for shell, and our soldiers would have an equipment to face the best in the world!"

If Canada Were Embattled What if Canada had enemies on her southern frontier, and part of the prairie provinces in their hands. To the north, the un navigable Arctic; on the west the Pacific Coast blockaded by enemy warships. Halifax being bombarded, enemy troops over-running Nova Scotia, and warships smashing their way up the St. Lawrence. It is not a pretty picture, and, but for the grace of God and the British Empire, we might be today as Russia is.

Queen Victoria's Doll—When Queen Victoria was a little girl she dearly loved dolls. She had 132 in all—dancing girls, lords and ladies, babies and maids. Each one dressed in garments that fitted his or her place in life. Victoria made the garments of 32 of these dolls her very own self. Such fine stitches as she took, too. Dainty pocket handkerchiefs, a half-inch square, she embroidered with initials, and drew the threads in the borders; silk and satin robes with long, graceful trains; caps and bonnets in the fashion of the day. Most wonderful of all was the way she finished off the tiny pockets on the tiniest of aprons. Many of these dolls are still preserved in the museum, where you may see them when you go to London.

Proposed Civic Improvement Organization For Canada

Proposal for National Movement to Secure Effective Interest in Municipal Affairs, and Advancement of Principles of Civic Improvement and Growth

The following appearing in the October issue of Conservation of Civic Improvement, is a copy of the proposal for a National Movement to Secure Effective Interest in Municipal Affairs, and Advancement of Principles of Civic Improvement and Growth.

As already stated, the leagues need not be limited to those dealing strictly with civic improvement, town planning and housing. Associations or committees in any city, town or district dealing with any question of civic improvement, town planning, housing, sanitation, public health, playgrounds, fire prevention, form of municipal government, etc., might join in the provincial organization.

General Consideration Regarding Scope and Objects of Leagues The general object to be kept in mind should be to do that which is best for the public welfare—not for the interests of the few nor for the mere advertisement of the city, town or village. The business interests—especially those connected with productive enterprises—must have first consideration in connection with any scheme of civic improvement. Closely identified with these interests is the health of the people. To secure efficiency in connection with local industries and healthy conditions of life for the citizens, from the highest to the lowest, should be the first object of any association seeking to secure civic improvement of any kind, whether it be by a town planning scheme or a housing scheme or by some other means.

The prosperity of a city, town or village is not determined by its size but by the average level of its various elements that go to make up the community. There is a higher average of wealth and more healthy conditions in many small towns than in many large cities. Growth is a good thing when healthy and when subject to a proper plan, but it is a bad thing when it is the result of a process of unhealthy expansion and is uncontrolled in the interests of the community as a whole. Neither in the human body nor in the city does mere size in itself denote strength—in both all the various elements that go to make up the community must be present, and for the local associations or leagues, guided and assisted by the central bodies, to discover what these elements are, and having discovered them, to see that they are present in their localities.

Much may be done to improve local conditions that have grown up in the past but perhaps more in the direction of preventing the recurrence of such conditions in future. The most urgent need is to safeguard future growth. This can be done only by the use of proper legal powers. To alter past growth is necessarily expensive and it will be slow of accomplishment. The worthy desire of many citizens to make their cities and towns beautiful, to secure wide roads, fine groups of buildings, large open spaces, must not be lost sight of, but after all these are to some extent at least, the luxuries and not the necessities of the city or town. We should plan to have artificial beauty but not at the expense of business efficiency, or health, or cleanliness. Natural beauty can usually be obtained by mere planning and without extra cost. A city that is healthy and clean may be beautiful even if it be without expensive ornament; it can never be really beautiful if it is unhealthy or unclean, however ostentatious its public buildings may be. By keeping things in their proper places, and subject to reasonable proportions according to their value and use, there is no reason why better results in regard to beauty, utility and health should not all be obtained without greater expense than we incur at present. By planning our towns we will find that efficiency and health can be secured by the very means which also secure the greatest economy. In every city, town and village the problem of today is that we should be able to improve conditions without increased cost; that we should get higher standards of efficiency and health without spending more but by "spending more wisely." We need groups of citizens in every community to study this problem and to consider and suggest means towards its solution.

Proposed Statement of Objects The objects of each League should be defined as follows:— To assist in promoting the highest interests of the (city or town) and the welfare of its citizens by the study and advancement of the best principles and methods of civic improvement and development, and by securing a general and effective public interest in all municipal affairs.

The objects of each League should be defined as follows:— To assist in promoting the highest interests of the (city or town) and the welfare of its citizens by the study and advancement of the best principles and methods of civic improvement and development, and by securing a general and effective public interest in all municipal affairs.

A Blended Flour like—

BEAVER FLOUR

Is The Only One That Is Equally Good For Bread and Pastry

EVERY good Canadian housewife remembers the kind of Bread she got with western wheat flour—the tough, coarse loaf, uninviting, rather tasteless and full of holes. She knows that such flour cannot make good pastry, no matter how much water she uses in the dough.

"Beaver" Flour is a blended flour—made of the famous Ontario pastry wheat, with the proper proportions of Manitoba wheat added to increase the strength.

"Beaver" Flour makes a good size loaf of bread—sweet, tasty, appetizing—as white and light as snow—with crisp, brown crusts—a truly delicious, nourishing food, that everyone enjoys for every meal.

It makes the kind of Pies and Cakes that you are proud to serve and everyone is glad to eat. Tell your grocer you want to try "Beaver" Flour—the original blended flour.

DEALERS—Write us for prices on Ford, Coarse Grains and Cereals. The T. H. Taylor Co. Limited, Chatham, Ont.

with special regard to such questions as the following:

- (1) The form and character of local government and the application of sound economic principles in regard to the administration of municipal business.
- (2) The preparation of town planning schemes for the purpose of securing proper sanitary conditions, convenience and amenity in connection with the development of land within and surrounding the area of the city.
- (3) The replanning of old districts, the removal of slum areas, the widening of public thoroughfares, and other reconstruction schemes.
- (4) The conservation of the industrial and physical resources of the city, with special regard to the housing condition and health of its citizens and the adequacy and efficiency of its public services.
- (5) The preservation and increase of natural and structural beauty, the character and position of public monuments, the laying out of parks and open spaces, the planting and preservation of trees, the regulation of public advertising, and the abatement of smoke and other nuisances.
- (6) The preparation of civic surveys and maps, and the carrying out of investigations into housing, transportation and industrial conditions, methods of land valuation and assessment, etc.
- (7) The promotion of school and college courses in civics and civic design, of exhibitions of works of art and architectural, engineering and other designs relating to civic improvements, and of public performances of music; and the provision of facilities for the recreation and physical development of the young.
- (8) The means of securing increased production from the soil within and in the neighbourhood of the city by encouraging the cultivation of idle suburban land and a more widespread interest in gardening.

The need for improvement leagues or associations is greater in some villages than in many towns. With a view to showing what work might be undertaken by a village improvement association a separate article in this bulletin describes the work of a successful New England association.

The above objects suggest the nature of the work to be undertaken. This, however, would differ according to the different conditions and different laws of each province and locality. For instance, in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Alberta there will be no need to consider the details of town planning legislation as Acts are already in force. In these three Provinces, therefore, the work of leagues or committees will probably be directed, so far as town planning is concerned, to encouraging the application of the existing legislation and to considering the details of schemes and their administration. In other provinces a large part of the work for a time will have to be in the direction of promoting legislation without which no effective town planning can be secured. Similar differences exist regarding other matters but a more extended statement of a suggested program of work for each province may be left over for the present. An invitation is extended to all

HAVE YOU A— MODERN BATH ROOM IN YOUR HOME? IF NOT, WHY NOT? IN TOWN OR COUNTRY

We can equip your farm home and buildings with every city convenience, Heating Sewerage disposal System, Bath Room, Hot and Cold water at tap, pneumatic water system and efficient fire protection.

HOW TO GET INFORMATION

Call at our establishment and we will show you how, or drop us a post card and we will call upon you at your convenience. Estimates furnished free.

B. F. MALTBY
STOVES, PLUMBING, HEATING
Next Door to Post Office Phone 121

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA
INCORPORATED 1869.
LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

Capital Paid up	\$ 11,500,000.00
Reserve Fund	12,500,000.00
Assets	17,404,054.36

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

340 Branches in Canada and Newfoundland
37 Branches in the West Indies
LONDON, ENGLAND NEW YORK CITY
2 Bank Bldgs., Princess St., E. C. Cor. William and Cedar Sts.
BUSINESS ACCOUNTS CARRIED UPON FAVORABLE TERMS
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT AT ALL BRANCHES.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

In the Bank's Steel Lined Vault, rented at from \$5.00 per annum upwards. These boxes are most convenient and necessary for all possessing valuable papers such as Wills, Mortgages, Insurance Policies, Bonds, Stock Certificates, etc.

NEWCASTLE, N. B. BRANCH
E. A. McCurdy, Manager

\$100 Reward, \$100
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. who desire to assist in promoting the proposed organization to communicate with the Town Planning Adviser of the Commission of Conservation by letter or on the card enclosed in this bulletin. [Following here is a list of existing leagues, commissions and

committees, but as our Town Improvement League does not appear to be affiliated with them, would it not be desirable to get in touch with the Town Planning Adviser of the Commission of Conservation, and thereby bring Newcastle in closer touch with the larger towns and cities of the Dominion?—Ed.

BOOMING THE CIRCULATION
(Hartford, Ark., Observer)
"If the young man who was seen Sunday evening kissing his best girl while standing at the front gate, will subscribe for The Observer before the next pressday, no further mention will be made of the matter." Next week the Observer announced that several hundred names had been added to its subscription list.

Lo's wife at least earned her salt. Loud attire naturally speaks for itself. Never lend money to a man who has a poor memory. Anyway George Washington didn't use his little hammer. Laugh at a fool and he imagines you are laughing with him. Blessed is the peacemaker if he keeps at a safe distance.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

1c. per word first insertion. Ads. Payable in Advance.
When Writing to Advertisers Mention the Union Advocate.

ADVERTISE HERE

FOR SALE

One Canvas Canoe in good condition, well-known make, 19 feet long, open gunwales, removable seats, including two fine paddles. Address—SKIPPERS, care Advocate. 43-0

IF YOU READ somebody else's ad. here, why don't you read your ad. here. You will get the same results that others are getting.

STENOGRAPHER'S NOTE BOOKS
Good quality Stenographer's Note Books for sale at The Advocate Job Dept. Price 10 cents. 43-0

EPSON BOUDOIR PAPER
Epsom Pure Tissue Boudoir paper, flat, for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. Price per package. 43-0

Butter Parchment of the Best Quality is kept at the Advocate Job Dept. Sold in one or two pound sizes, or in the full size sheet, 24x36. Butter wrappers also printed with Special Blue printing ink that will not run or stain the butter. 43-0

IMPERIAL TOILET PAPER
Imperial Porcelain Toilet Paper first quality, in rolls, for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. 43-0

Household Furniture

A quantity of Household Furniture for sale. For particulars apply at The Advocate Office. 40-4

Oysters For Sale

If you want any quantity of Good Fresh Oysters for your home or for a friend, Apply to CHAS. ABOYF, Ed. River Bridge, N. B. Phone 31. 43-4pt.

Warehouse To Let

The warehouse at the front of Park's wharf. Possession given at once. Apply to W. A. PARK, 39-9. Sept. 29th Newcastle, N. B.

Girl Wanted

A girl familiar with general house work. Good wages paid for one who is thoroughly experienced. Apply to MRS. E. A. McCURDY, Newcastle, N. B. 37-0

Janitor Wanted

Janitor wanted at the Royal Bank of Canada. For particulars as to salary and duties apply to E. A. McCURDY, Mgr. 38-0

PROFESSIONAL

R. A. LAWLOR, K.C. J. A. CREAGHAN, LL.B.

Lawlor & Creaghan
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries
Morrison Bldg., Newcastle 21-0

Dr. J. D. McMillan
DENTIST
Lonsbury Block, Newcastle N. B.—Out of town one week beginning the last Monday of each month. 19-1yr.

J. E. PARK, M.D., C.M.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Phone 167. Office Dr. Pedolin Estate Newcastle, N. B. 21-1yr.

CLEANING & PRESSING EMPORIUM
Clothes Cleaned, Pressed, Reaired and Dyed. Prompt Attention
BERT STEWART
Phone Nos.—Residence 170, Shop, 142 42-1 yr.

W. J. DUNN

HACKMAN
Haak to and from all towns and boats. Parties driven anywhere in town. Orders left at Hotel Miramichi will be attended to.
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
Phone 100-21

Opportunities For Girls
It looks more and more as if owing to scarcity of skilled men, women will have to do much of the work hitherto done by men. This is especially true of office work. Of course, we are prepared to qualify either men or women to take advantage of their opportunities, and you can enter at any time. Send for Catalogue containing tuition Rates, etc.

THE Superior College
S. KERR, Principal

TRY AN AD. UNDER THIS HEAD-ING. IT WILL PAY YOU.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Local and Provincial

Advertising is Easy
It is simply saying in writing what you would say to customers in your shop.

PATENT SOLICITOR

WM. S. BABCOCK,
Lawyer U. S. and Reg. Patent Attorney. 15 years experience in Canada and U. S. Inventions promptly patented. Trade marks & designs registered. Information & ability secured. Evidence collected. Patent suits. Reports prepared for clients.
Expert witness in patent suits.
Patents Obtained in all countries. 99 St. James Street, Montreal. Write for information. 20-x

The House they will Call Home
will be the
MIRAMICHI HOTEL
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
We will try to make it the most popular hotel on the grand Miramichi river. Cuisine Department Unexcelled.

Table to The Trade
Every Attention Given to Guests
49-0 E. LEKOL WILLIS

S. B. Miller's
Meat Store
Fresh Meats Always on hand
Vegetables in season.
C BEEF SPECIALTY

Shop corner of Jane and Pleasant Street. Newcastle, N. B.
Phone Nos. House, 136; Shop—59 42-1yr.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIECE OF WESTERN BEEF or Country-fed Pork Call at BURK WHITE'S MEAT MARKET

Turkeys, Geese, Chickens, Lamb, Mutton, Ham, Bacon, Bologna, Sausage, Corn Beef, Pork, Cabbage and a full line of Fish. Prices low as possible.

BURK WHITE RUSSELL BUILDING
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
Phone 98 43-1yr.

FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE
Gives a well planned course of instruction in the essentials of commercial work, and does not require students to waste time on those things which are unnecessary or out-of-date.
Prepare yours. If to fill a good position by taking one of our courses. Address
W. J. OSBORNE, Principal
Fredericton, N. B.

Chas. Sargeant
First Class Livery
Horses for Sale at all times.
Public Wharf. Phone 61

DALTON'S
Livery, Sales and Exchange Stables
Edward Dalton, Prop.
McCallum Street.
Phone 47 43-1yr.

Match Specialties
We have been making matches for 64 years now, domestic and every other kind. Some of our specialties are "THE GASLIGHTER" with a 4 1/2 inch stick. "THE EDDY-STONE TORCH" for outdoor use. WAX VESTAS for the smoker and other varieties. For home use the most popular match is the

"SILENT 5"
BUT FOR EVERY USE BUY EDDY'S

Local and Provincial

Will Hold Tag Day
The ladies of the Chatham branch of the Red Cross Society are holding a Tag Day tomorrow.

Real Fall Weather
The weather the past week or so has been exceptionally fine fall weather, with the evening's a shade on the warm side.

Will get out Lumber
Both the Shives Lumber Co. and the A. E. Mowatt Co. of Campbellton, will put men in the woods this winter to get out lumber.

Picked for Sniping
Jack Sowerby, of Moncton, who is with the 26th Battalion now at the front, having made the highest marks for shooting of any in his battalion, has been picked out for a sniper.

Body Recovered
The body of Frank Crosbie, who was drowned from the Str. Arthur at Chatham, on Sept. 22nd, was picked up near Tyrrel's Point on Friday, the 8th.

Purchased New Car
Mr. F. P. Gutzlaff, general manager of the Canadian Government Railways, has purchased a new seven passenger Cadillac—Transcript.

Is Coming Home
Arthur LeBlanc, son of Peter LeBlanc, Lutz Street, Moncton, and a brother of Henry LeBlanc, a well known L. C. R. employee, has returned to Canada, one of the soldiers invalided home.

The Reservoir Dam
Contractor Frank has 23 men at work on the dam. The excavation for the foundation is complete, necessary buildings have been erected, a railway siding has been built, an engine and machinery are erected, and a large quantity of gravel for concrete is on the ground.

Anniversary Miramichi Fire
Thursday, October 6th, was the anniversary of the terrible Miramichi Fire which swept the North shore towns of Newcastle and Douglastown out of existence, just ninety years ago. The catastrophe took place on October 6th, 1825.

To Join Heavy Battery
Mr. Geoffrey Bidlake, of Fredericton, is mentioned among others as volunteering for service with the heavy siege battery now being recruited in St. John. Mr. Bidlake is a son of Mr. George Bidlake, who was formerly connected with the Advocate.

HOUSING OF THE INDUSTRIAL WORKER
Interesting Subject From the Pen of Louis Simpson, in Conservation of Life

The October number of Conservation of Life, a quarterly bulletin issued under the direction of the Commission of Conservation of Canada, contains the following article, under the heading, "Housing of the Industrial Worker," by Mr. Louis Simpson, of Ottawa, and which the Advocate considers worthy of reproducing:

HOUSING OF THE INDUSTRIAL WORKER
The important question of housing industrial workers can only be satisfactorily solved, when some one, or preferably some government, demonstrates the possibility of erecting houses, which conforming to the requirements of the sanitary engineer, can be rented for amounts which are not out of proportion to the occupiers' incomes, and yet yield the investor an equitable return for his investment and risk. When considering the amount of rent an occupier may be able to pay it is necessary also to take account of certain expenditure indirectly connected with rent, although not rent—such as the amounts that have to be expended in fuel to heat the house, the cost of water, the amount of tenant taxes, of fire insurance and of repairs, often than the repairs undertaken by the landlord.

A badly constructed house at an apparently low rental, may cost more than a well constructed house at a far higher rental. The extra expenditure, under one or more of the items mentioned, may be more amount of rent paid.

In Canada, problems exist that are non-existent in such countries as England. Partly owing to climatic causes, the wages paid to bricklayers, masons, plasterers and plumbers are very high, often over three times the wage rates paid in Europe. With temperatures ranging from under 30 degrees below zero up to and over 95 degrees above, making a difference of over 125 degrees, as against a difference of about 70 degrees in England,

construction work and the cost of construction work must of necessity present different and also difficult problems.

Cost of Improved Building Land
Law and custom have so arranged that the cost of improved building land is higher than the cost of similar land in Europe, notwithstanding the price of agricultural lands is much less. This increase in cost is partly owing to the increased cost of improvements, but is chiefly owing to an unvaried increase in the price of agricultural lands, as soon as they are divided into lots. The bulk of this increase goes into the pockets of real estate speculators, and is a real danger to the future of Canada. These conditions cause the providing of houses for the occupancy of industrial workers, at a reasonable rental, to be difficult, and any attempt to solve the question by the erection of houses, either detached or semi-detached, must fall because houses thus erected give the minimum of comfort at the maximum of cost. It can be proven that money spent on a number of detached or semi-detached houses, if spent upon houses built in a row, would provide more comfortable houses—houses, with better sanitary surroundings, requiring less fuel to heat and costing less in upkeep.

For similar reasons, the construction of houses with pitched or peaked roofs is to be deprecated. The flat roof, properly constructed, will make the house warmer in winter and cooler in summer; it is cheaper to build, less expensive to maintain, and, as a fire risk, it is far superior.

If it be admitted that houses should be erected in rows, when they are to be occupied by persons of limited income, it is then necessary to consider how such rows should be undertaken.

The laws governing these municipal activities vary widely in the several provinces and are seldom drawn up so that the maximum

Discharge Papers

Found in Truro
(Copied by Request)
Mr. William White, of the I. R. C. station here, one day recently picked up on the station premises a soldier's discharge paper, that of "Harold James Goodwin," of whose whereabouts the document does not say. He was 29 1/2 years old, fair complexioned, grey eyes, brown hair, and was a clerk. His character was given as first class. As the discharge cannot be duplicated, it is hoped it may again fall into Mr. Goodwin's hands.

Allen Enemies
There are about sixty-two Bulgarians in and around Fredericton.

Notified of Diplomatic Break
Lieutenant Governor Wood has been notified by Ottawa of the diplomatic break between Great Britain and Bulgaria.

Chaplain of the 88th
Rev. C. J. Lawrence, rector of Trinity Church, Kingston, N. B., has resigned and has been appointed chaplain of the 88th Battalion for overseas service.

houses the ground would be perfectly under-drained.
(g) The annual cost of repairs would be materially reduced.
It has been claimed that a back lane has disadvantages as follows:
(a) Increased cost of police protection.
(b) Increased cost of lighting.
These objections do not seem to have been well taken. Because, (a) as no police protection is now given such property, there can be no increase of what does not exist.
(b) As the back lanes would not be used after dark, the light given from the back of the houses would be sufficient to prevent these lanes becoming a nuisance. In Canada I have never found such lanes a nuisance.
I am of opinion that it is preferable to turn the land between the back-lane and the (L) extension into a yard, with cement, concrete or asphalt macadam surface. Vegetables cannot be grown without manure. Manure brings flies and bad odors. If no manure is applied, then the garden is not satisfactory. Bad odors are given off by the decaying vegetables. If it be desirable to encourage the cultivation of the garden allotment system, Not one in four desires to grow vegetables, and of those only about one in four would keep the garden free from weeds.
Few Canadian carpenters understand the methods required to be followed to make a house warm in winter and cool in summer. They therefore require instructing.
It is possible to so construct a house that, whilst it costs no more than a clap-boarded painted house, with wood shingle peaked roof, it will be warmer in winter, cooler in summer, cost less to keep in repair and be more fire resistant.

Benefit can be secured at the minimum cost.
Any one who is instrumental in securing the revision, codification and uniformity of these laws will deserve well at the hands of the Dominion of Canada. In certain provinces, some roadways are required to be far too wide, whilst in all the provinces there are no provisions to regulate the width of air spaces, a matter of great importance from the standpoint of sanitation. Unduly wide roadways are not only a waste of land that should be put to better use, but is either a nuisance, or an annual expense, caused by the necessity of keeping it clean or in repair.
The early and proper selection of such roads and streets as will be required for through traffic should in all cases be determined. Few roadways, when used only for local traffic require to be wider than 24 feet, plus the sidewalks, and in many cases 16 feet will be found to be ample.
It is very necessary that regulations be made to govern the distance, from the centre of the roadway, at which houses are allowed to be erected, and this distance should be more or less regulated by the height of the houses proposed to be erected. Trees planted along the sides of front streets add much to the comfort of those occupying the houses, as is evidenced by the fact that the value of houses erected on streets so planted with trees is enhanced, therefore, seeing that these trees are not costly, it is wise to arrange to have the front streets so planted. To enable this to be done and yet provide a garden between the trees and the houses it is necessary to arrange so that the centre of the houses be placed further from the centre of the front street than from the centre of the back lane. Such an arrangement also conduces to economy when connecting with the pipes and wires of the public service utilities. The saving so secured totals quite an amount.
An ideal arrangement, the same being made to conform to the requirements of the Ontario law, which requires a street of 66 feet, would be as follows:

Discharge Papers Found in Truro
(Copied by Request)
Mr. William White, of the I. R. C. station here, one day recently picked up on the station premises a soldier's discharge paper, that of "Harold James Goodwin," of whose whereabouts the document does not say. He was 29 1/2 years old, fair complexioned, grey eyes, brown hair, and was a clerk. His character was given as first class. As the discharge cannot be duplicated, it is hoped it may again fall into Mr. Goodwin's hands.

Allen Enemies
There are about sixty-two Bulgarians in and around Fredericton.

Notified of Diplomatic Break
Lieutenant Governor Wood has been notified by Ottawa of the diplomatic break between Great Britain and Bulgaria.

Chaplain of the 88th
Rev. C. J. Lawrence, rector of Trinity Church, Kingston, N. B., has resigned and has been appointed chaplain of the 88th Battalion for overseas service.

houses the ground would be perfectly under-drained.
(g) The annual cost of repairs would be materially reduced.
It has been claimed that a back lane has disadvantages as follows:
(a) Increased cost of police protection.
(b) Increased cost of lighting.
These objections do not seem to have been well taken. Because, (a) as no police protection is now given such property, there can be no increase of what does not exist.
(b) As the back lanes would not be used after dark, the light given from the back of the houses would be sufficient to prevent these lanes becoming a nuisance. In Canada I have never found such lanes a nuisance.
I am of opinion that it is preferable to turn the land between the back-lane and the (L) extension into a yard, with cement, concrete or asphalt macadam surface. Vegetables cannot be grown without manure. Manure brings flies and bad odors. If no manure is applied, then the garden is not satisfactory. Bad odors are given off by the decaying vegetables. If it be desirable to encourage the cultivation of the garden allotment system, Not one in four desires to grow vegetables, and of those only about one in four would keep the garden free from weeds.
Few Canadian carpenters understand the methods required to be followed to make a house warm in winter and cool in summer. They therefore require instructing.
It is possible to so construct a house that, whilst it costs no more than a clap-boarded painted house, with wood shingle peaked roof, it will be warmer in winter, cooler in summer, cost less to keep in repair and be more fire resistant.

Benefit can be secured at the minimum cost.
Any one who is instrumental in securing the revision, codification and uniformity of these laws will deserve well at the hands of the Dominion of Canada. In certain provinces, some roadways are required to be far too wide, whilst in all the provinces there are no provisions to regulate the width of air spaces, a matter of great importance from the standpoint of sanitation. Unduly wide roadways are not only a waste of land that should be put to better use, but is either a nuisance, or an annual expense, caused by the necessity of keeping it clean or in repair.
The early and proper selection of such roads and streets as will be required for through traffic should in all cases be determined. Few roadways, when used only for local traffic require to be wider than 24 feet, plus the sidewalks, and in many cases 16 feet will be found to be ample.
It is very necessary that regulations be made to govern the distance, from the centre of the roadway, at which houses are allowed to be erected, and this distance should be more or less regulated by the height of the houses proposed to be erected. Trees planted along the sides of front streets add much to the comfort of those occupying the houses, as is evidenced by the fact that the value of houses erected on streets so planted with trees is enhanced, therefore, seeing that these trees are not costly, it is wise to arrange to have the front streets so planted. To enable this to be done and yet provide a garden between the trees and the houses it is necessary to arrange so that the centre of the houses be placed further from the centre of the front street than from the centre of the back lane. Such an arrangement also conduces to economy when connecting with the pipes and wires of the public service utilities. The saving so secured totals quite an amount.
An ideal arrangement, the same being made to conform to the requirements of the Ontario law, which requires a street of 66 feet, would be as follows:

Front roadway, 18 to 24 feet, say 24.00
Grass strip with trees, 10 feet—on each side of roadway 20.00
Cement sidewalk, 6 feet 12.00
Grass strip, 5 feet 10.00
Total 66.00
The 5 feet grass strip could be fenced in as part of the garden, until such time as it was required for municipal purposes, providing it was not built upon.
From this grass strip to front of house 30.00
House over all, including (L) extension 50.00
Back yard from (L) extension to back lane 10.00
From back yard to centre of back lane 10.00
Total 100.00

The allowance for back lane would be 20 feet, of which 16 feet would be macadamized and four feet left under soil. Under this four feet would be placed all pipe lines and the poles for wires would be erected upon the inner line. This four feet strip could also be enclosed in one side of backyard providing it was not built over.

The advantages accruing from this arrangement are as follows:—
(a) The front streets will be entirely relieved from
(b) The front street will be relieved from all pole-lines, which are not only unsightly but damage the trees.
(c) The sidewalks will not be interfered with, and being only used for passenger traffic, will be without disturbance and so will last, without repairs, much longer than is now the case.
(d) The gardens will be free from disturbance.
(e) The front street will be relieved of all heavy traffic, thereby decreasing the quantity of dust thrown into the air by the passage of light vehicles.
(f) Both back and front of the

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Mild, non-habit forming, safe for all ages. Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin, Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature.



Discharge Papers Found in Truro
(Copied by Request)
Mr. William White, of the I. R. C. station here, one day recently picked up on the station premises a soldier's discharge paper, that of "Harold James Goodwin," of whose whereabouts the document does not say. He was 29 1/2 years old, fair complexioned, grey eyes, brown hair, and was a clerk. His character was given as first class. As the discharge cannot be duplicated, it is hoped it may again fall into Mr. Goodwin's hands.

Allen Enemies
There are about sixty-two Bulgarians in and around Fredericton.

Notified of Diplomatic Break
Lieutenant Governor Wood has been notified by Ottawa of the diplomatic break between Great Britain and Bulgaria.

Chaplain of the 88th
Rev. C. J. Lawrence, rector of Trinity Church, Kingston, N. B., has resigned and has been appointed chaplain of the 88th Battalion for overseas service.

houses the ground would be perfectly under-drained.
(g) The annual cost of repairs would be materially reduced.
It has been claimed that a back lane has disadvantages as follows:
(a) Increased cost of police protection.
(b) Increased cost of lighting.
These objections do not seem to have been well taken. Because, (a) as no police protection is now given such property, there can be no increase of what does not exist.
(b) As the back lanes would not be used after dark, the light given from the back of the houses would be sufficient to prevent these lanes becoming a nuisance. In Canada I have never found such lanes a nuisance.
I am of opinion that it is preferable to turn the land between the back-lane and the (L) extension into a yard, with cement, concrete or asphalt macadam surface. Vegetables cannot be grown without manure. Manure brings flies and bad odors. If no manure is applied, then the garden is not satisfactory. Bad odors are given off by the decaying vegetables. If it be desirable to encourage the cultivation of the garden allotment system, Not one in four desires to grow vegetables, and of those only about one in four would keep the garden free from weeds.
Few Canadian carpenters understand the methods required to be followed to make a house warm in winter and cool in summer. They therefore require instructing.
It is possible to so construct a house that, whilst it costs no more than a clap-boarded painted house, with wood shingle peaked roof, it will be warmer in winter, cooler in summer, cost less to keep in repair and be more fire resistant.

Benefit can be secured at the minimum cost.
Any one who is instrumental in securing the revision, codification and uniformity of these laws will deserve well at the hands of the Dominion of Canada. In certain provinces, some roadways are required to be far too wide, whilst in all the provinces there are no provisions to regulate the width of air spaces, a matter of great importance from the standpoint of sanitation. Unduly wide roadways are not only a waste of land that should be put to better use, but is either a nuisance, or an annual expense, caused by the necessity of keeping it clean or in repair.
The early and proper selection of such roads and streets as will be required for through traffic should in all cases be determined. Few roadways, when used only for local traffic require to be wider than 24 feet, plus the sidewalks, and in many cases 16 feet will be found to be ample.
It is very necessary that regulations be made to govern the distance, from the centre of the roadway, at which houses are allowed to be erected, and this distance should be more or less regulated by the height of the houses proposed to be erected. Trees planted along the sides of front streets add much to the comfort of those occupying the houses, as is evidenced by the fact that the value of houses erected on streets so planted with trees is enhanced, therefore, seeing that these trees are not costly, it is wise to arrange to have the front streets so planted. To enable this to be done and yet provide a garden between the trees and the houses it is necessary to arrange so that the centre of the houses be placed further from the centre of the front street than from the centre of the back lane. Such an arrangement also conduces to economy when connecting with the pipes and wires of the public service utilities. The saving so secured totals quite an amount.
An ideal arrangement, the same being made to conform to the requirements of the Ontario law, which requires a street of 66 feet, would be as follows:

Front roadway, 18 to 24 feet, say 24.00
Grass strip with trees, 10 feet—on each side of roadway 20.00
Cement sidewalk, 6 feet 12.00
Grass strip, 5 feet 10.00
Total 66.00
The 5 feet grass strip could be fenced in as part of the garden, until such time as it was required for municipal purposes, providing it was not built upon.
From this grass strip to front of house 30.00
House over all, including (L) extension 50.00
Back yard from (L) extension to back lane 10.00
From back yard to centre of back lane 10.00
Total 100.00

The allowance for back lane would be 20 feet, of which 16 feet would be macadamized and four feet left under soil. Under this four feet would be placed all pipe lines and the poles for wires would be erected upon the inner line. This four feet strip could also be enclosed in one side of backyard providing it was not built over.

The advantages accruing from this arrangement are as follows:—
(a) The front streets will be entirely relieved from
(b) The front street will be relieved from all pole-lines, which are not only unsightly but damage the trees.
(c) The sidewalks will not be interfered with, and being only used for passenger traffic, will be without disturbance and so will last, without repairs, much longer than is now the case.
(d) The gardens will be free from disturbance.
(e) The front street will be relieved of all heavy traffic, thereby decreasing the quantity of dust thrown into the air by the passage of light vehicles.
(f) Both back and front of the

Discharge Papers Found in Truro
(Copied by Request)
Mr. William White, of the I. R. C. station here, one day recently picked up on the station premises a soldier's discharge paper, that of "Harold James Goodwin," of whose whereabouts the document does not say. He was 29 1/2 years old, fair complexioned, grey eyes, brown hair, and was a clerk. His character was given as first class. As the discharge cannot be duplicated, it is hoped it may again fall into Mr. Goodwin's hands.

Allen Enemies
There are about sixty-two Bulgarians in and around Fredericton.

Notified of Diplomatic Break
Lieutenant Governor Wood has been notified by Ottawa of the diplomatic break between Great Britain and Bulgaria.

Chaplain of the 88th
Rev. C. J. Lawrence, rector of Trinity Church, Kingston, N. B., has resigned and has been appointed chaplain of the 88th Battalion for overseas service.

houses the ground would be perfectly under-drained.
(g) The annual cost of repairs would be materially reduced.
It has been claimed that a back lane has disadvantages as follows:
(a) Increased cost of police protection.
(b) Increased cost of lighting.
These objections do not seem to have been well taken. Because, (a) as no police protection is now given such property, there can be no increase of what does not exist.
(b) As the back lanes would not be used after dark, the light given from the back of the houses would be sufficient to prevent these lanes becoming a nuisance. In Canada I have never found such lanes a nuisance.
I am of opinion that it is preferable to turn the land between the back-lane and the (L) extension into a yard, with cement, concrete or asphalt macadam surface. Vegetables cannot be grown without manure. Manure brings flies and bad odors. If no manure is applied, then the garden is not satisfactory. Bad odors are given off by the decaying vegetables. If it be desirable to encourage the cultivation of the garden allotment system, Not one in four desires to grow vegetables, and of those only about one in four would keep the garden free from weeds.
Few Canadian carpenters understand the methods required to be followed to make a house warm in winter and cool in summer. They therefore require instructing.
It is possible to so construct a house that, whilst it costs no more than a clap-boarded painted house, with wood shingle peaked roof, it will be warmer in winter, cooler in summer, cost less to keep in repair and be more fire resistant.

Benefit can be secured at the minimum cost.
Any one who is instrumental in securing the revision, codification and uniformity of these laws will deserve well at the hands of the Dominion of Canada. In certain provinces, some roadways are required to be far too wide, whilst in all the provinces there are no provisions to regulate the width of air spaces, a matter of great importance from the standpoint of sanitation. Unduly wide roadways are not only a waste of land that should be put to better use, but is either a nuisance, or an annual expense, caused by the necessity of keeping it clean or in repair.
The early and proper selection of such roads and streets as will be required for through traffic should in all cases be determined. Few roadways, when used only for local traffic require to be wider than 24 feet, plus the sidewalks, and in many cases 16 feet will be found to be ample.
It is very necessary that regulations be made to govern the distance, from the centre of the roadway, at which houses are allowed to be erected, and this distance should be more or less regulated by the height of the houses proposed to be erected. Trees planted along the sides of front streets add much to the comfort of those occupying the houses, as is evidenced by the fact that the value of houses erected on streets so planted with trees is enhanced, therefore, seeing that these trees are not costly, it is wise to arrange to have the front streets so planted. To enable this to be done and yet provide a garden between the trees and the houses it is necessary to arrange so that the centre of the houses be placed further from the centre of the front street than from the centre of the back lane. Such an arrangement also conduces to economy when connecting with the pipes and wires of the public service utilities. The saving so secured totals quite an amount.
An ideal arrangement, the same being made to conform to the requirements of the Ontario law, which requires a street of 66 feet, would be as follows:

Front roadway, 18 to 24 feet, say 24.00
Grass strip with trees, 10 feet—on each side of roadway 20.00
Cement sidewalk, 6 feet 12.00
Grass strip, 5 feet 10.00
Total 66.00
The 5 feet grass strip could be fenced in as part of the garden, until such time as it was required for municipal purposes, providing it was not built upon.
From this grass strip to front of house 30.00
House over all, including (L) extension 50.00
Back yard from (L) extension to back lane 10.00
From back yard to centre of back lane 10.00
Total 100.00

The allowance for back lane would be 20 feet, of which 16 feet would be macadamized and four feet left under soil. Under this four feet would be placed all pipe lines and the poles for wires would be erected upon the inner line. This four feet strip could also be enclosed in one side of backyard providing it was not built over.

The advantages accruing from this arrangement are as follows:—
(a) The front streets will be entirely relieved from
(b) The front street will be relieved from all pole-lines, which are not only unsightly but damage the trees.
(c) The sidewalks will not be interfered with, and being only used for passenger traffic, will be without disturbance and so will last, without repairs, much longer than is now the case.
(d) The gardens will be free from disturbance.
(e) The front street will be relieved of all heavy traffic, thereby decreasing the quantity of dust thrown into the air by the passage of light vehicles.
(f) Both back and front of the

Discharge Papers Found in Truro
(Copied by Request)
Mr. William White, of the I. R. C. station here, one day recently picked up on the station premises a soldier's discharge paper

The Union Advocate A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER Established 1867

Published Wednesday Afternoon Subscription Price, \$1.00 Per Year United States, \$1.50 in Advance Copy for changes of advt. must be in this office by 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

J. H. BROWN, Man. Ed.

WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 20, 1915

THE CATTLE INDUSTRY

The very fine display of cattle which was on view at the recent exhibition of the M. A. E. A. serves to call attention to some remarks of Dr. C. C. James, of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, made at the Ontario Veterinary College a few days ago, when he drew attention to a very real evil that exists by reason of the grave cattle shortage that prevails in this country at the present time.

The Advocate has on more than one occasion during the last two or three years drawn attention to this matter, and has suggested that some steps be taken to stimulate the cattle breeding industry. What the shortage means must be very apparent to the average householder when it is pointed out that although the past summer has been one of the best for pasturage that the province has known for many years, the price of meat and dairy products has been as high or higher than it was in the same period of 1914.

The European war is no explanation for the fact. The plain truth is that there are not nearly enough cattle, and particularly dairy cattle, in this country, and the time is coming when the Government must take some decided steps to remedy the defect, even if it has to go so far as to prohibit the slaughter of female cattle altogether. The Provincial Government takes very good care to prohibit the slaughter of female moose and caribou in order that the supply of big game may be kept up; how much more necessary is it that the slaughter of cows and heifers should be stopped?

Dr. James is able to speak with more authority than most men, and his statement that Canada cannot prosper on wheat alone, is worth considering. The population is increasing among meat eating nations more rapidly than cattle, and notwithstanding all that vegetarians claim, few people really believe that a purely vegetable diet makes for a stronger humanity. British soldiers in the trenches to-day are getting about three times the quantity of flesh meat that most of them usually receive at home; and military experience shows that the soldier, in order that he may be fitted to endure the stress and hardships of warfare, must have a reasonable and sustaining diet of meat. Those who feel that after the care for the health and increase in humanity is provided for, next should come similar measures for the upkeep of the cattle supply, and we get hold of the right idea.

Not long ago, a prominent man in the cattle industry, made the remark that if things were allowed to go on as they are doing at present, beef steak would soon be 50 cents a pound, and hocks \$10 a pair. There is only one thing to prevent this, increased production.

The Broken Coin Drew Large House

At the Happy Hour Last Night— Gives Promise of Increasing In Interest

There was an unusually large crowd of people at the Happy Hour last night to see "The Broken Coin," the new serial just started. This new photoplay has been well advertised and judging from the opening chapters it shows every prospect of increasing in interest as each week's installment is shown. Miss Grace Cunard, the leading lady, while not possessed with rare beauty, shows that she has wonderful ability, and her clever acting, in conjunction with Francis Ford, the leading man, will be followed along throughout the entire play by an anxious and interested audience. The first two reels shown last night just let out enough of the plot to catch your interest and make you wish for more, and those, if any, who failed to see it last night, should not miss it to-night.

Miss Mamie Daughney returned Monday night from a visit to Fredrickton.

Landing at Enos Effected by Allies

The Capture of Enos and Strumitzka Will Give British and French Two Towns of Strategic Importance

London, Oct. 18—The reports that the Allies have occupied Strumitzka and landed at Enos, which was recently transferred from Turkish to Bulgarian rule, have caused a more optimistic feeling throughout the allied countries.

As to the progress of the Near Eastern campaign, it is known from both Serbian and German accounts that Field Marshal Von Mackensen's army is meeting with greater resistance than was expected, and although it is probable that the Serbians eventually must fall back on stronger strategic positions in the north, the fact that the Allies are bringing heavy forces against the Bulgarians, and so placing them that the Bulgarians will be compelled to divide their armies, gives hope here that the Germans may be balked in their latest attempt to reach the sea and bring assistance to the Turks.

All along the line the Serbians and their Montenegrin neighbors, who are also being attacked, are offering very stubborn resistance to both Austro-Germans and Bulgarians and while they have given up a number of towns and positions they have not yet reached the line on which they expect to make their stand. The Bulgarians, so far as can be learned, have made progress only in the Zlotokopska Valley, near the river Morava, north of the town of Vranja, where they blew up a bridge.

There is no confirmation, however, of the report that they cut the railway in this district, the bridge which they destroyed being a small wooden one near the railway. The Bulgarian force which penetrated the valley is not a large one.

On the other hand, it is pointed out, the capture of Strumitzka is of real strategic value, as its occupation permits the defense of the southern end of the railway and compels the Bulgarians to keep a force there. Enos, too, is of value, although not a good landing place, its occupation threatens Dedegatch, which has a great harbor and is fortified and mined. The civilian population has already left Dedegatch, which is entirely in the hands of the military, under German officers.

The Italians, according to the latest reports, will not send a contingent to the Balkans, but cooperation of their navy in the Aegean, where an allied fleet has already gathered, is looked for.

The point at which the Russians will strike has not yet been disclosed. The expectation is, however, that the Allies have a surprise for the Central Powers, and that steps are being taken to bring Turkey to her knees before assistance can reach her.

Such conduct is especially condemned as tending to kill the spirit of offensive among the German troops, and to confuse the enemy of his superiority. This comparative inactivity has certainly been put to profit in strengthening the positions, but this applies also to the enemy.

Urged to Greater Effort All efforts should be made with a view to being able to take an early offensive, which will be all the more difficult the longer it is delayed, inasmuch as the enemy would be found more strongly entrenched and morally strong. Commanders of brigades and regiments are urged to make a great effort to keep up offensive activity to the highest pitch all along the front. Instead of being subject to the will of the enemy, "we must impose our will upon him," and the troops must utilize to the full, day and night, all their resources, and all their energy in order to destroy the enemy.

The artillery can only intervene in proportion to the quantity of munitions at its disposal, and the infantry will very often have to work alone.

Once this object is achieved, the Turkish army will be re-supplied with ammunition, and the whole enterprise jeopardized by Germany.

London, Oct. 16—Ostinate fighting between Bulgarians and Serbians continued today in the vicinity of the Greek frontier, where the former made an attack on Wednesday, according to a despatch from Nish.

The message said the Serbians had recaptured the Pisana and Bonkva positions, which the Bulgarians took Tuesday.

An Athens despatch states that fifty thousand Bulgarians attacked the Serbians on October 14, in the Valadovo region, close to the Greek frontier, and that desperate fighting is now proceeding.

London, Oct. 16—A despatch from Nish to the London Daily Telegraph says: "It is idle to deny the seriousness of the situation created by the Austro-German offensive on the Danube. It is undoubtedly a critical moment, and may at any moment turn to a catastrophe as great for the Allies as for Serbia."

French Hold Gains Made in Lorraine

Violent Attacks by the German Foe Repulsed with Heavy Loss to Enemy

Paris, Oct. 16—French forces have repulsed several counter attacks in the Lorraine district against the trenches occupied by them yesterday, according to the official statement issued by the French War Office today. The text of the communication follows:

"We repulsed last night in Lorraine several counter attacks against the trenches which we occupied yesterday to the north of Reillon. In the course of the engagement we took 100 prisoners. "In the Vosges the enemy undertook shortly after midnight an attack in force between the Linage and the Schratzmannelle. This was preceded by a severe bombardment, and accompanied by a curtain of fire directed against our second lines and communicating trenches. This attack was completely repulsed by us.

"There has been nothing to report from the remainder of the front since the issuing of the communication of last night."

Str Up German Troops

Paris, Oct. 16—A divisional order marked "strictly secret," addressed to German officers and signed "Ditfurth" has been issued recently that it has been observed recently that the infantry limits its action simply to defensive firing, but does little, as not to provoke a reply from the enemy. When the latter bombards the German positions, the infantry calls for artillery support and manifests great satisfaction when the enemy attack ceases.

Such conduct is especially condemned as tending to kill the spirit of offensive among the German troops, and to confuse the enemy of his superiority. This comparative inactivity has certainly been put to profit in strengthening the positions, but this applies also to the enemy.

Urged to Greater Effort

All efforts should be made with a view to being able to take an early offensive, which will be all the more difficult the longer it is delayed, inasmuch as the enemy would be found more strongly entrenched and morally strong. Commanders of brigades and regiments are urged to make a great effort to keep up offensive activity to the highest pitch all along the front. Instead of being subject to the will of the enemy, "we must impose our will upon him," and the troops must utilize to the full, day and night, all their resources, and all their energy in order to destroy the enemy.

Kitchener Needs Yet More Men

New York, Oct. 16—A cable to the New York Times from London, dated Saturday, says: "The Birmingham Post has received the following from Lord Kitchener to the people of Birmingham, with reference to the recruiting campaign in that city: "I need more men and still more. If the armies now in the field and armies which will in their turn proceed abroad, are to be kept at proper strength, I appeal earnestly to all men who are able bodied, and can be spared, to respond to the call, unless they are satisfied to allow the many lives given by their gallant fellowmen to have been given in vain. I can only do my duty by the country if you do yours by me. Men, we must have more men at once."

London, Oct. 16—A report that General Francisco Villa, leader of the northern faction in Mexico has been killed by a Mexican who just arrived from Casas Grandes.

According to the story Villa was shot in a fight, when disaffected broke out in the Villa army last yesterday. Another report brought by an American passenger said that on Friday Villa was being tried by a court martial and that the trial was still in progress when he left Casas Grandes.

General Villa Reported Killed

Mexican Leader Said to Have Been Shot by Disaffected Troops

El Paso, Oct. 16—A report that General Francisco Villa, leader of the northern faction in Mexico has been killed by a Mexican who just arrived from Casas Grandes.

According to the story Villa was shot in a fight, when disaffected broke out in the Villa army last yesterday. Another report brought by an American passenger said that on Friday Villa was being tried by a court martial and that the trial was still in progress when he left Casas Grandes.

NOVA SCOTIA'S NEW GOVERNOR

Ottawa, Oct. 17—Hon. David Maclean of Halifax, was appointed at a cabinet meeting to-day Lt.-Gov. of Nova Scotia in succession to Lieut.-Governor McGregor whose term of office was expired. Mr. Maclean has been a member of the Senate since 1896. For a number of years prior to that he was a member of the Commons. He is seventy-six years of age and has been thrice married.

French Hold Gains Made in Lorraine

Violent Attacks by the German Foe Repulsed with Heavy Loss to Enemy

Paris, Oct. 16—French forces have repulsed several counter attacks in the Lorraine district against the trenches occupied by them yesterday, according to the official statement issued by the French War Office today. The text of the communication follows:

"We repulsed last night in Lorraine several counter attacks against the trenches which we occupied yesterday to the north of Reillon. In the course of the engagement we took 100 prisoners. "In the Vosges the enemy undertook shortly after midnight an attack in force between the Linage and the Schratzmannelle. This was preceded by a severe bombardment, and accompanied by a curtain of fire directed against our second lines and communicating trenches. This attack was completely repulsed by us.

"There has been nothing to report from the remainder of the front since the issuing of the communication of last night."

Str Up German Troops

Paris, Oct. 16—A divisional order marked "strictly secret," addressed to German officers and signed "Ditfurth" has been issued recently that it has been observed recently that the infantry limits its action simply to defensive firing, but does little, as not to provoke a reply from the enemy. When the latter bombards the German positions, the infantry calls for artillery support and manifests great satisfaction when the enemy attack ceases.

Such conduct is especially condemned as tending to kill the spirit of offensive among the German troops, and to confuse the enemy of his superiority. This comparative inactivity has certainly been put to profit in strengthening the positions, but this applies also to the enemy.

Urged to Greater Effort

All efforts should be made with a view to being able to take an early offensive, which will be all the more difficult the longer it is delayed, inasmuch as the enemy would be found more strongly entrenched and morally strong. Commanders of brigades and regiments are urged to make a great effort to keep up offensive activity to the highest pitch all along the front. Instead of being subject to the will of the enemy, "we must impose our will upon him," and the troops must utilize to the full, day and night, all their resources, and all their energy in order to destroy the enemy.

Kitchener Needs Yet More Men

New York, Oct. 16—A cable to the New York Times from London, dated Saturday, says: "The Birmingham Post has received the following from Lord Kitchener to the people of Birmingham, with reference to the recruiting campaign in that city: "I need more men and still more. If the armies now in the field and armies which will in their turn proceed abroad, are to be kept at proper strength, I appeal earnestly to all men who are able bodied, and can be spared, to respond to the call, unless they are satisfied to allow the many lives given by their gallant fellowmen to have been given in vain. I can only do my duty by the country if you do yours by me. Men, we must have more men at once."

London, Oct. 16—A report that General Francisco Villa, leader of the northern faction in Mexico has been killed by a Mexican who just arrived from Casas Grandes.

According to the story Villa was shot in a fight, when disaffected broke out in the Villa army last yesterday. Another report brought by an American passenger said that on Friday Villa was being tried by a court martial and that the trial was still in progress when he left Casas Grandes.

NOVA SCOTIA'S NEW GOVERNOR

Ottawa, Oct. 17—Hon. David Maclean of Halifax, was appointed at a cabinet meeting to-day Lt.-Gov. of Nova Scotia in succession to Lieut.-Governor McGregor whose term of office was expired. Mr. Maclean has been a member of the Senate since 1896. For a number of years prior to that he was a member of the Commons. He is seventy-six years of age and has been thrice married.

AFTER DINNER SALE

---AT CREAGHAN'S--- Tuesday Afternoon, October 26th.

WE want every man, woman and child for miles around to attend this sale. It means the greatest saving of Dollars and Cents you have ever had an opportunity of realizing before.

Every wide awake buyer knows that all woolen goods have advanced—yet at this sale—Underwear, Knitted Goods, etc., will be sold at prices that would represent nearly one half less than present market values.

Reserve next Tuesday Afternoon for this Big Sale—Let nothing keep you away.



PERSONALS

Miss Nan McKnight, of Douglas town, is seriously ill.

Mr. W. C. Aredaaid, of Wolfville, N. S., was in town on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Scott, of Dalhousie, spent Monday in town.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Sutherland have been spending a few days in Moncton.

Mrs. Edward Wyseman and little son were visiting Moncton friends the past week.

Miss Blanche Taylor returned on Thursday from a three weeks' visit to friends in Woodstock.

Congratulations to Dr. and Mrs. F. J. Desmond on the arrival of a son on Tuesday afternoon, 19th inst.

Mrs. E. LeRoy Willis has returned from an extended visit to New York and other American points.

Mr. Roy D. Hayes went to St. John on Friday morning, having been called there by the serious illness of his father.

Mr. V. K. Forsythe is at present relieving Manager at the Bank of Nova Scotia, Mr. W. J. Jardine being on his holidays.

Miss Bessie E. Manderson, of Loggieville, who has been spending the past week with her cousin, Miss Jean McCallum, returned to her home Friday.

Mr. Blair Hutcheon, of the Royal Bank of Canada, Campbellton, has been transferred to Sydney. En route there, he spent Sunday in town with friends.

Percy Lindon is in Montreal undergoing treatment for his eyes. Mrs. Lindon went up on Saturday, and they are expected to return home to-day.

Hon. John Morrissey returned home Thursday night from attending the Provincial Government meeting in Fredericton which concluded on Thursday afternoon.

Mr. John Herrington, Canadian representative of the Publishers' Advertising Agency, Kansas City, Mo., U. S. A., was in town on Monday in the interests of his firm.

The many friends here of Mrs. D. L. Coburn will be grieved to hear of her death, which occurred at the home of her son, Dr. D. Wendell Coburn, Newburyport, Mass., on Saturday, Oct. 16, after a lingering illness following an operation last May. Mrs. Coburn visited her sister, Mrs. J. W. Miller, frequently, and made a large circle of friends and acquaintances. She was prominent in all good work and will be greatly missed in her home town.

Mrs. G. T. Leighton held her post-nuptial reception at her home, 17 St. George Street, Moncton, Thursday afternoon. The house was artistically decorated for the occasion. Wearing a gown of Brussels net heavily braided, with trimmings of rose satin, Mrs. Leighton received, assisted by her mother, Mrs. M. F. Keith, wearing a gown of pale blue satin, with Battenburg trimmings. Mrs. Walter Appleton ushered, wearing a gown of white voile, and black and white hat.

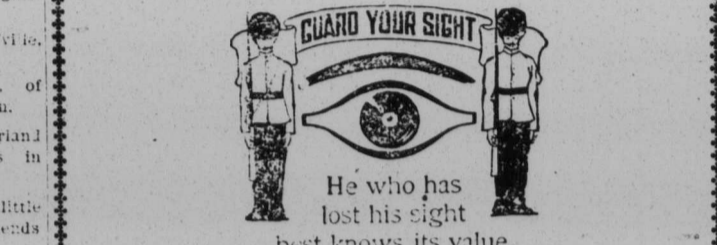
The following wedding notice is of much interest to a large number of Miramichi people. "On September 28, at the Parish church, Wilmslow, Cheshire, England by the Rev. R. Edwards, rector, John Ferdinand Beveridge, Lieutenant 10th Manchester Regiment, fourth son of Jas. Beveridge, Chatham, New Brunswick, Canada, to Catherine, youngest daughter of the late James William Travis Cocker and Mrs. Cocker of Holmfild, Wilmslow. Lieut. Beveridge is under orders for the Dardanelles. He enlisted for active service with the first Canadian contingent, going across in one of the western ports, and received a commission in the 10th Manchester shortly after his arrival in England."

ENGLAND DECLARES WAR ON BULGARIA

London, Oct. 17—Great Britain has declared war on Bulgaria. The British Foreign Office announces that in view of the fact that Bulgaria has announced she is at war with Serbia, and is an ally of the Central Powers, His Majesty's government has informed the Bulgarian government, through the Swedish minister at London, who is in charge of Bulgarian interests, that a state of war exists between Great Britain and Bulgaria, as from 10 p. m.

About the time the stars come out a man begins to realize the importance of making hay while the sun shines.

IN TIME OF WAR



He who has lost his sight best knows its value. Hundreds suffer loss of sight. Timely attention might have prevented it. Examination free. Satisfaction guaranteed.

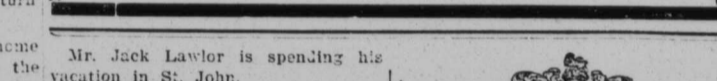
DICKISON & TROY

Druggists & Opticians "The Rexall Stores" Newcastle & Blackville

SOFT BEER

WE SUPPLY SOFT BEER FOR PICNICS, DANCES, ETC. LEMON SOUR, IRON BREW, GINGER ALE, GINGER BEER (stone bottles), SCOTIA ALE, SCOTIA STOUT, OXOLC, ASSORTED POP, ALSO CIGARS.

A. D. FARRAH & CO.



Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties: Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may preempt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300. The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

AMONG THE HUNTERS

The following American hunters came out from the Miramichi woods this week: F. H. Funk, Fairmont, W. Va., 1 caribou.

J. Cochrane, Parkesburg, W. Va., 1 moose, 1 caribou and 1 deer. T. Heitschaw of same place, 1 moose. Clarence Roy and S. J. Oneslayer, Harrisburg, Pa., 1 moose each.

Mayor Maude of London, England, was also very successful. He got a moose and two bears.

Lots of game is being got by local hunters.

W. W. CORY, C. M. G., Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388. 22-Gmos.

Many Bulgars Deserting Army

Army Officers with Leaving Toward Russia are Also Being Retired

Milan, (via Paris) Oct. 16—The Bulgarian Government has been obliged to resort to stern measures of repression as the result of unrest among the people, says a despatch to the Secolo from Sofia, by way of Bucharest. Many officers of pro-Russian sentiments have been retired from the army, and it is asserted that reprisals are beginning against subjects of the quadruple entente nations.

SIR EDWARD CARSON RESIGNS FROM CABINET

London, Oct. 19—Sir Edward Carson, Attorney-General, has resigned from the British Cabinet.

THE MISSANABIE WITH 8TH C. M. R. ABOARD ARRIVES IN ENGLAND

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 18—A cable was received this morning announcing the safe arrival in England of the Eighth C. M. R., on the S. S. Missanabie. The regiment left Barriefield Camp on October 8th.

General Villa Reported Killed

Mexican Leader Said to Have Been Shot by Disaffected Troops

El Paso, Oct. 16—A report that General Francisco Villa, leader of the northern faction in Mexico has been killed by a Mexican who just arrived from Casas Grandes.

According to the story Villa was shot in a fight, when disaffected broke out in the Villa army last yesterday. Another report brought by an American passenger said that on Friday Villa was being tried by a court martial and that the trial was still in progress when he left Casas Grandes.

NOVA SCOTIA'S NEW GOVERNOR

Ottawa, Oct. 17—Hon. David Maclean of Halifax, was appointed at a cabinet meeting to-day Lt.-Gov. of Nova Scotia in succession to Lieut.-Governor McGregor whose term of office was expired. Mr. Maclean has been a member of the Senate since 1896. For a number of years prior to that he was a member of the Commons. He is seventy-six years of age and has been thrice married.

NEWS OF THE COUNTY

Interesting Items Written by The Advocate's Regular Correspondents for its Readers.

BLACKVILLE NOTES

Oct. 18—Miss Lillian Lawlor of Chatham has been visiting friends in town for the past week.
The friends of Mrs. W. J. McLagan will be pleased to hear that she has recovered from her recent illness.
Mr. Morrissey Dunn who is attending St. Thomas College, Chatham, spent the holiday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Dunn.
Messrs. A. Layton and Arthur McKenzie motored to Newcastle on Monday.
Miss Mary Washburn was the guest of Mrs. Bartram Washburn for the past week.
Mr. N. W. Gladwin spent the holiday in Newcastle.
The funeral of the late Mrs. Calvin Brophy took place on Wednesday morning at nine o'clock, interment being made in St. Raphael's church burying ground. She is survived by a husband and one daughter, Mrs. Barry of Boston; and three sons, William of Minnesota; John of Bahrat, and Flinton at home.
The friends of Mr. A. A. A. A. will be sorry to hear that he is confined to his home here on account of sickness.
Mr. Henry McKee of Newcastle spent Monday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McKee.
Miss Bridget Layton has been the guest of Miss Lizzie McConnell for the past week.
Mr. Fred Copland was in town on Monday.
Mr. Chas. Gatecomb of Fredericton was in town on Wednesday.
Mr. and Mrs. A. Alcorn are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a daughter.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Schofield spent the weekend in Renou at their old home.
Mr. John Hennessy has been confined to his home for the past week on account of sickness.
Mr. Hoxan, traveller for Baird & Peters, was in town on Tuesday.
Miss Lottie Underhill returned to New Hampshire on Wednesday where she will resume her duties as a trained nurse.
Miss Jennie Mersereau of Blissfield, was in town on Tuesday.
Private Stanley McDonald of the 55th Battalion arrived in town on Tuesday morning. He expects to return to Valcartier on Saturday.
Mrs. S. Y. Jardine spent Tuesday in Fredericton.
Some of the young people attended the dance held in Chelmsford on Tuesday night.
Mr. Melvin McKee has been visiting relatives in Blissfield for the past week.
Conductor E. S. Vye spent Sunday at his home here.
Miss Lillian Barry who has been visiting relatives here returned to her home in Boston.
Miss Lillian Dale spent the past week at Renou as the guest of Mrs. Thos. Jardine.
Mrs. Cole of Moncton was the guest of Miss Lizzie McConnell for the past week.
Mrs. McDermot of Dalhousie is the guest of Mrs. E. S. Vye.
Mr. Herman Attridge of Doaktown was in town on Thursday.
Mr. Melvin Ross went to Boiestown on Wednesday.
Mrs. Drysdale and little daughter Margaret, of Woodstock, have been the guests of Mrs. Benj. Walls for the past week.
Miss Edna Davidson was the guest of Mrs. C. Schofield on Wednesday.

SUNNY CORNER

Oct. 18—Miss Emma Gulliver left for Massachusetts last week.
Messrs. Clarence and Thomas Nowlan have returned from a hunting trip up river.
Mrs. Bella McTavish is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. A. Matchett.
Messdames John Burns and Fred Stewart called on Mrs. Wm. Ingram Thursday evening.
The people of Sunny Corner and Redbank intend having a concert and supper for the Red Cross this week.
Mostly all the farmers have finished digging their potatoes. There is somewhat of a scarcity in that line up here this fall.
Mrs. Edward Menzies, Strathadam spent Saturday at Sunny Corner with her sister, Mrs. Allan Tozer.
Miss Reta Matchett is on the sick list this week. Her many friends hope to see her about again soon.

BOIESTOWN NEWS

Oct. 18—The young folks of Boiestown had their usual weekly dance at the hall on Tuesday night this week.
The Boy Scouts had an organization meeting this week and obtained quite a membership.
Mr. and Mrs. Perley Hovey and Miss Isabella Hovey of Portlanaud, Me., are visiting relatives and friends in town.
Miss Jean Norrad spent Thanksgiving with friends near Fredericton.
Mr. and Mrs. Howard Richards and son William have moved to Fredericton for the winter. They will be much missed especially in all social circles.
Miss Eva Norrad of Fredericton, who has been visiting her brother, Mr. Henry Norrad, returned home this week.
A baptism of four candidates, namely Messrs. Harold Munn, Roscoe Munn, Bernard Munn and Clifford Lyons, took place at Norrad Bridge on Sunday morning.
A meeting of the Women's Institute was held at the residence of Mrs. William MacMillan on Friday evening.
A great number attended the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Peter O'Donnell of Ludlow on Friday evening.
It gives us much pleasure to see Mrs. Hedleigh McCloskey, who has been away for sometime, in our midst again. She was accompanied home by her son, Master Vincent McCloskey.

SILLIKERS NOTES

Oct. 15—Mr. and Mrs. Valentine of Philadelphia who have been hunting at Catamaran Lake for four weeks, with guides John McDonald and Hazel Tozer, returned yesterday. They had good success, securing some deer, moose and a bear.
There are several cases of typhoid fever here, and one case of a daughter of Mr. Charles Mutch, is dangerously ill.
Mrs. William Hare held her annual knitting party on Wednesday, and about eighteen ladies attended, and spent a pleasant time.
Quite a number of ladies here are knitting socks and mitts for the soldiers, giving in their work to the Redbank Red Cross Society.
Miss Margery Matthews was the guest of Mrs. Wm. Tozer on Wednesday.
Miss Jewett spent Thanksgiving in Redbank, the guest of Miss Annie Sutherland.
The people are all pleased to see that the school house has been provided with a new flag pole and Union Jack.

Wm. Robinson, I.C.R. Brakeman Killed

Was Struck by No. 34 Maritime Express, at Beaver Brook

William Robinson, of Moncton, brakeman on Intercolonial, was instantly killed Thursday morning at Beaver Brook, on Northern Division.
Robinson was working on No. 39, freight, which left Moncton going North Wednesday night. About 5:30 Thursday morning, No. 39 crossed No. 34, Maritime express south bound, at Beaver Brook.
No. 39 was standing on the siding and as the freight was to back out of siding after the Maritime had passed, Robinson left the van to walk back to open the switch at the southern end of the siding.
Robinson, it is said, was walking along the track on the fireman's side and was consequently unobserved by Driver Stewart of the Maritime. He was struck by the bump of the locomotive of the Maritime and terribly injured about the head, death occurring instantly.
The body was taken to Moncton on the Maritime express.
Robinson formerly belonged to Kent County, his home being a few miles from Harcourt. He began working in January, 1908. He was previously employed in another department of the railway. Thursday night he was not on his regular run, having changed with another brakeman.
FEARED HE WOULD MEET WITH ACCIDENT
Brakeman Robinson Planned to Increase Insurance on His Life.
A strange feature of the death of Brakeman Robinson was that he seemed to have a premonition of the fatality. On Wednesday he called on Dr. C. T. Purdy and made an appointment to be examined within a few days for an increase in his life insurance, remarking on the uncertainty of life and the dangers of his employment.
It was recalled at his boarding house Thursday morning, that, as he left the evening before, to go out on his train he came back once or twice for things he was forgetting, and remarked that he felt as though something was going to happen.

\$2,500,000 BRITISH GOLD ON LINER AT NEW YORK

New York, Oct. 15—The Red Star liner Lapland arrived here today with \$2,500,000 in gold, consigned to local bankers. Passengers said the vessel was escorted, virtually all during the voyage, by British cruisers. The convoys remained close to the Lapland until the liner was well outside the war zone, and early yesterday, in a heavy fog, another British cruiser picked up the vessel.

All Mothers Need Constant Strength

Their Strength is Taxed and They are Victims of Weakness and Suffering

When there is a growing family to care for and the mother falls ill it is a serious matter. Many mothers who are on the go from morning to night, whose work, apparently, is never done, try to disguise their suffering and keep up an appearance of cheerfulness before their family. Only themselves know how they are distressed by lachrymation and headaches, dragging down pains and nervous weakening; how their nights are often sleepless and they arise to a new day's work tired, depressed and quite unrefreshed. Such women should know that their sufferings are usual, due to lack of good nourishing food. They should know that the one thing they need above all others to give them new health and strength is rich, red blood, and that among all medicines there is none so equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their blood-making, health-restoring qualities. Every suffering woman, every woman with a home and family to care for should give these pills a fair trial for they will keep her in health and strength and make her work easy. Mrs. G. Strasser, Acton West, Ont., says: "I am the mother of three children, and after each birth I became terribly run down; I had weak, thin blood, always felt tired, and unable to do my household work. After the birth of my third child I seemed to be worse, and was very badly run down. I was advised to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I found the greatest benefit from the pills and soon gained my old-time strength. Indeed, after taking them I felt as well as in my girlhood, and could take pleasure in my work. I also used Baby's Own Tablets for my little ones and have found them a splendid medicine for childhood ailments."
You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Intercolonial To Have Surplus

Both Passenger and Freight Receipts Show an Increase Over Last Year

Ottawa, Oct. 15—According to Mr. F. P. Gutelius, general manager of the Intercolonial Railway, the Government railway, despite hard times and the war, will show a surplus this year. "We are doing better this year than last year," said Mr. Gutelius, who is in Ottawa today. "The receipts, both passenger and freight, will show a considerable increase."
Last year the Intercolonial had a surplus of \$40,000. Mr. Gutelius admits that the National Transcontinental so far has not been a paying proposition, but he is hopeful that with the revenue from the grain trade, operating expenses at least may be met during the fall and winter months.

Wedding Cakes....

If you intend getting married this month, and have not the time to prepare for the wedding feast, you can save all this trouble by leaving your order for your Wedding Cake and other pastry at

BRIGHTMAN'S BAKERY

If you do not feel like standing over a hot fire to cook a loaf of cake or a pan of biscuit, drop in and buy them here right fresh from the oven.

Watch for this Advt. Weekly

H. W. BRIGHTMAN

42-1/2 yrs. Newcastle, N. B.

Each Province Will Name a Commission

Ottawa, Oct. 18—The conference between the military hospitals commission and the representatives of the different provinces which convened here today did not conclude its work, but will continue its sittings tomorrow and further consider plans for employment of returning soldiers.
After considerable discussion the principle of the proposal for the appointment of provincial commissions in connection with the work was reached. It was decided to leave the character and numbers of the different committees to the various provincial governments.
When the conference began Sir Robert and Senator Loughheed explained to the delegates its objects and the plan submitted by the commission was discussed.
Briefly, the plan proposes provincial commissions to co-operate with the central commission at Ottawa, with local committees to attend to vocational training, technical education and general employment, while the back-to-the-land movement may to a considerable extent, be given effect to.
The preliminary conference opened in the privy council chamber at noon under the presidency of Senator Loughheed, Sir Robert Borden extending a formal welcome.
The provincial delegates are: Ontario—Premier Hearst; Quebec—Hon. Walter Mitchell and Hon. J. L. DeCarie; Manitoba—Premier Norris; Saskatchewan—Premier Scott and Attorney-General Turgeon; Alberta—Hon. Charles Mitchell; Nova Brunswick—Premier Clarke; Nova Scotia—Hon. E. H. Armstrong and Prof. Sexton.
Nothing ventured, nothing gained—but you may be able to keep what you already have.

New Arrivals!

Having removed to my new store in rear of Post Office, I wish to announce to the Public, that I have just opened a choice line of

Groceries, Provisions, Confectionery, Crockeryware, Fancy Goods, Etc.

CLOCKS AND WATCHES—A nice assortment of Clocks, good time keepers, from 75c up to the famous "Big Ben" at \$3.00. Boys gold and nickel plated watches, \$1.00 and \$1.25. Gun metal watches, good time keepers, \$1.25. Gold filled watches, \$5.00 up.
POCKET KNIVES in large variety.
PIPES—A nice assortment from 15c to \$1.50.
HARMONICAS—10c up.
LUNCH BOXES—35c to 50c.
STATIONERY—Gold Bond and Columbia Note, ruled and unruled, Society Note Paper and Envelopes in Boxes. SEE "Our Allies" Linen Tablet at 15c, THE BEST IN TOWN.
Crockeryware
CUPS AND SAUCERS, in White, Blue, Blue Willow and Gilt.
TEAPOTS—A large assortment at different prices.
TOILET SETS—A large variety in 6 and 10 pieces from \$2.00 up.
TEA SETS—42 and 44 pieces—from \$2.75 to \$5.00.
WATER SETS in Ivory and Heavy Gold Bond, a good variety.
CHINA CREAM PITCHERS—7c each.
BEAN POTS in sizes from 1/2 gal. up.
GALVANIZED WATER PAILS, Fruit and Vegetables in Season. Davies Hams and Bacon, Clear Cut Pork always in stock.
Try our pickled Hocks at 10c lb. excellent with cabbage.

THOS. RUSSELL

34-0 'PHONE 79

RANGES, COOK STOVES AND HEATING STOVES

We have quite a large stock of the Famous Fawcett Stoves including the celebrated "Victor Range" "Diamond M" and Perfect Cook Stoves.
"Hot Blast or Retort," "Fairy Oak" "Charm Oak" and Sackville Oak Heaters.

"Regal" and Cottage Diamond Franklins, Box Stoves, Sheet Iron Camp Stoves, etc., Oil Heaters, Stove Boards, Coal Scuttles, and Coal Shovels, Stove Pipe etc

SPRINGHILL COAL

D. W. STOTHART

WE SELL

Beaver Board Roofing Paper Metal Ceiling Steel Roofing

In Addition to our Regular Lines of Outside and Interior Finish of Native and Foreign Woods

NEWCASTLE PLANING MILL

Phone 139 36-0 CANADIAN GEAR WORKS, LTD.

H. F. MCKINLEY

GENERAL MERCHANT

McKinleyville, - N. B.

FULL LINE OF Groceries and General Merchandise ALWAYS ON HAND

All orders received by mail given prompt attention. Carload of Feed and Flour has just arrived. 15-1/2 yrs.

Knee and Travelling RUGS

—IN—

Wool Shawls Plush and Bound Wool

—AT—

G. M. LAKE'S

The Harness & Shoepack Man NEWCASTLE, N. B.

WALTER FREEZE

Contractor & Builder

DOAKTOWN, N. B.

ORDERS FOR Sash, Doors, Frames and all building material Given Prompt Attention

Contracts Solicited

35-1 yr. MRS. A. F. RANDOLPH, FREDERICTON, DEAD

Mrs. Amira Donaldson Fitz-Randolph, widow of the late A. Fitz-Randolph, and one of the best known women in New Brunswick, passed away at the home of her son Mr. Robert Fitz-Randolph, Fredericton, at an early hour Friday morning.

The deceased had been in ill health for several years and while her death was not unexpected it will be heard with general regret by her numerous friends throughout the province. The deceased lady was a prominent church worker, and was seventy-five years of age. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon.

TOURNADE'S KITCHEN BOUQUET

Flavoring and Coloring for Soups, Gravies etc.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Potted Bloaters Paste and Paris Pate Beautiful for Sandwich Making

WM. FERGUSON, Fish B'ldg.

PHONE 144 24-

Flowers Flowers Flowers

PATRONIZE A HOME INDUSTRY

EVERYTHING IN FLOWERS AT WOODBURN FARM CONSERVATORIES, CHATHAM.

SEE OUR SPRING FLOWER ANNOUNCEMENT

If there is anything you want to know about, write or phone us, we are at your service, Greenhouses open to the Public for Inspection.

OUR SPECIALTY

Funeral Designs at short notice. Wedding Bouquets and General Floral Decorations.

Headquarters for Tomato Plant, Cabbage, Cauliflower and Celery

E. PERKINS, Foreman GEO. E. FISHER, Proprietor, CHATHAM, N. B.

Advertising Where It Counts

The Union Advocate has always been noted as a medium that reaches the right people, and during the past few months hundreds of new names have been added to its subscription lists. This means that the advertising message it carries home will come to the notice of more people who are in a position to buy than ever before—satisfying itself and satisfying the advertiser.
These facts, obvious as they are to the experienced advertiser, should be noted by every reader who has anything to offer the public. Advocate advertisements pull for the advertiser who has something of real merit to offer.

TRY THE CLASSIFIED ADVT. COLUMN ON PAGE 3

FOR Indigestion and Biliousness

Indigestion, biliousness, headaches, flatulence, pains after eating, constipation, are all common symptoms of stomach and liver troubles. And the more you neglect them the more you suffer. Take Mother Seigel's Syrup if your stomach, liver, or bowels are slightly deranged or

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

have lost tone. Mother Seigel's Syrup is made from the curative extracts of certain roots, barks, and leaves, which have a remarkable tonic and strengthening effect on all the organs of digestion. The distressing symptoms of indigestion or liver troubles soon disappear under its beneficial action. Buy a bottle to-day, but be sure you get the genuine Mother Seigel's Syrup. There are many imitations, but not one that gives the same health benefits. 1015

is the Best Remedy

NOW SOLD IN TWO SIZES ONLY. FULL SIZE, Price 1.00 TRIAL SIZE, Price 50c

Always the Same
PURITY FLOUR
Day in and Day out.
Week in and Week out.
Year in and Year out.
Always the same.



Target Tips and Hunting Hints
by Alfred P. Lane
Send questions to Mr. Lane
care of this paper



A New Questions and Answers Department of Interest to Shooters

Readers are reminded that this column is open to questions which should be sent to me in care of the Sporting Editor, and to discussions by the readers on anything connected with hunting or target shooting.—A. P. L.

A. Auburn, Maine.
Can you tell me the breech pressure of the following cartridges: 38-55 black and low pressure and 38-55 high velocity?
Ans. The breech pressure of the 38-55 cartridge, loaded with black powder runs from 14,000 to 16,000 lbs. When loaded with low pressure smokeless powder the pressure will average about 18,000 to 22,000 lbs. The high velocity cartridge averages 25,000 to 28,000 lbs.

H. B. Topka, Kans.
1. Which is the most powerful the .25 Marlin, .351 Winchester, 250 3000 Savage or the .250 Ross?
Ans. The .250 Ross is the most powerful.
2. Are these powerful enough for moose and grizzly bear?
Ans. The .280 is powerful enough for moose and grizzly bear.
F. McK. Sparrows Point, Md.
1. Where is the Westminster Arms Co., Inc., situated?
Ans. I do not know of any such company.
2. I have a pistol on the style of the Smith & Wesson, on which the bluing is worn off. What would it cost to reblue, or to have it nickel plated?
Ans. Write to the Smith & Wesson Co.
R. J. R., Oshkosh, Wis.
I would like to know what you think is the best for an all round gun, a Savage Automatic .32 or a Colt .32 Automatic?
Ans. In my opinion, it is "six of one and half a dozen of the other." They are both reliable, accurate arms and will do the work they are supposed to do.
A. H., Harrisburg, Pa.
Kindly give me some particular regarding the make and construction of the Peerless shotguns.
Ans. I do not know of any shotgun of this name.
A. R. N., Chesterville, Me.
1. In your opinion which will shoot the closer, a choke bored shotgun or a cylinder bored one?
Ans. The choke bored gun shoots closer.
2. In your opinion low many pellets should a 12 gauge gun throw into a pasteboard 6 1/2 x 7 inch loaded with 3 drams of powder, No. 6 shot?
Ans. It is impossible to tell this without knowing at what distances the shots were fired. Shotguns are usually patterned in a 30 inch circle at 40 yds. If a smaller target is used at this range, the results will vary too much owing to the irregular spread of shot during the successive trials.
J. P. H., Waterton, Wis.
I believe you have stated that an autoloading shotgun is as effective as a pump. That is disputed here on the grounds that the autoloader works on springs and has no solid or locked breech. Kindly explain the difference if there is any.
Ans. The autoloading shotgun gives the same penetration as that given by other 12 gauge shotguns for the reason that the breech is locked, that is, the shell remains locked into the chamber until all pressure has stopped. The autoloading shotgun in principle may be compared with the disappearing coast defense guns; the whole barrel and breech locked together, recoil against the springs just as does the coast defense gun against the air pressure cylinders which catch it when it recoils backward.
R. T., Sumner, Mo.
I am going North this Fall and would like to ask which is the surer gun, the .351 Winchester or 303 Savage, and why?

The ballistics of the two cartridges are as follows: .351, 1875 ft. lbs. muzzle velocity, 1405 ft. lbs. muzzle energy; 303 Savage 1952 ft. lbs. muzzle velocity, 1658 ft. lbs. muzzle energy. A choice between these two models depends on personal preference.
Brother Sportsman.
1. Is the .44 calibre rifle, model 1872 considered a big game rifle? Is it suitable for deer? What is the accurate range, velocity and penetration of same?
Ans. It is not considered a big game rifle. It is used for deer shooting and there are many rifles which are much better adapted for this use. Velocity is 1301 ft. seconds, muzzle energy 752 ft. lbs. The penetration is nine 3/4 inches pine boards.
2. Is Du Pont & Co.'s rifle F. G. powder suitable for reloading above named rifle cartridges?
Ans. The proper load of black powder for the 44-40 cartridge is 40 grains of F. F. G.
3. What are the names of the dense and semi-dense powders? Are they suitable for reloading rifle cartridges?
Ans. Seventeen grains of Du Pont's No. 1 rifle powder is the proper smokeless powder. From your question I suppose that you intend to experiment with this cartridge. If so, the only advice I can give you is "don't." Experimenting in reloading ammunition is an exceedingly dangerous proposition unless you rigidly follow the rules laid down by the makers of the powders, and even then there are many chances for errors.
4. What will the result be when loading rifle cartridges with shotgun powder?
Ans. The probable result, especially if dense powders are used, will be either a funeral or a long illness.
5. Which is the best shotgun full choke or half choke?
Ans. It depends on what kind of work you expect to do.
6. I have a .22 calibre revolver, on the barrel of which is marked "U. S." What is the address of the company manufacturing them?
Ans. I do not identify the revolver from the information you give.
7. I bought some loaded shells for a 12 gauge gun and I opened one shell and found that there was lots more shot than was marked on the box. I didn't want such a big load. Why do the manufacturers do that?
Ans. You do not say what the weight of the shot you extracted from the shot shell was. All reliable companies load very closely to the marked weight.
8. Who is the champion rifle shot of the world, or is there any?
Ans. There is not any.
9. What is the accurate range of a revolver with a 3 inch barrel, and shooting .32 calibre shot cartridges?
Ans. About twenty to forty yards.

Alfred P. Lane

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Dear Sirs.—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.
Yours truly,
T. B. LAVERS,
St. John.

Canada At War

PRIME MINISTER TELLS OF TRIP TO FRONT

Canada's Soldiers Have Won Imperishable Glory

Good Care Will be Taken of the Wounded Who Return

Ten thousand people were present the other day at Sir Robert Borden's public appearance in Toronto since his visit to England and to our Canadian troops in France and Flanders. The Premier, was received with tremendous enthusiasm which grew in volume and intensity as he told the story of Canadian valor and determination. Sir Robert spoke of the recognition accorded that valor by the allies and of the strong testimony given him of the splendid conduct of Canada's soldier sons both in England and at the front.

"Canada," said Sir Robert, "is done her part and must continue to do so until the victory has been won overseas more than 83,000 men. We now under orders depart, Canada will have sent to the front more than Britain sent out to the front. We have also established in Great Britain, France and the Dardanelles six Canadian hospitals for all the forces of the Empire. Having listed nearly 60 hospitals while I was abroad, I venture to say there are no hospitals better equipped, better manned or better organized than the Canadian hospitals.

Never Saw a Finer Body
"I saw at Shorncliffe 33,000 men in line. After the review was over Sir Arthur Murray said to me: 'I have seen the new army; I have watched your men very closely. I want to tell you that among all the men I have had under review I have never seen a finer body than the Canadians.'"

In the matter of discipline and courteous treatment wherever quartered, the records were unsurpassed. Sir Robert paid a tribute to the Canadians who had given their lives for the Empire. If Canada ever forgets the men who saved the day for the allies at Ypres, she should cease to exist. He described his visit to the trenches and the training in artillery work and other features of trench warfare as carried out by the Canadians. Speaking of his visit to the Princess Patricia's Regiment, he said: "We saw in the faces of these men the same determination we had seen in those of the rest of the Canadians."

Man For Man Are Better
"Let me speak," said the Premier, "of what the record of a year means to us as far as this war is concerned. I do not doubt that we fall to have a just idea of the strength of the two nations arrayed against us. Consider the power that can be wielded by a nation that has for fifty years been subjected to an organization that was built to prepare for this war. It will not do for us to make our men take the place of actively and machine guns. They must fight on equal terms. I know that, man for man, they are the match and perhaps a little more than a match for the British soldier whom we are sending them. (Cheers.)

"We have had to pay for our lack of preparation. I am disposed to think this lack of preparation was the most serious of the government we love. The only question we have to consider is whether we are giving our men fair play at the front."

"We in Canada, have done our duty fairly well. During my visit abroad I found many more effective ways of cooperating with the British Government than we had before. Our soldiers have fought beside the best in France and England, and I want to say there is in the hearts of a tremendous appreciation of what they have done. I have that message for you from His Majesty the King, from the President of France, from General Joffre and Sir John French.

No Time For Criticism
"This is no time for criticism or lamentation over what mistakes may have been made. The time for criticism is the time for determination to go forward. We shall watch the achievements of our men and the memory of those achievements already performed will remain in our hearts always. There is no need we should raise any monument. In time to come it may be the desire to raise in the capital of our Dominion a memorial to the men who have made the supreme sacrifice for Canada and the Empire and the memory of those who come back. It is my hope and my intention as well that those who have been maimed and wounded in this war shall be taken care of as the people of Canada would have them cared for. My last word is a word of hope and



SIR ROBERT BORDEN

of cheer that in this war the cause of Canada, the cause of our Empire and of humanity shall not fail."

HON. W. T. WHITE SAYS ANGLO-FRENCH LOAN WILL BE GREAT BENEFIT

Interviewed respecting the loan negotiated in the United States by the Anglo-French Commission the Minister of Finance expressed pleasure at its successful consummation. He said it would assist materially in stabilizing exchange conditions between America and Europe. Considering the credit of Great Britain and France and the terms on which before the war they could obtain loans in their own markets the rate of interest and commission might seem high by comparison but in his opinion the loan had been negotiated upon a basis as fair as could be expected having regard to war conditions and the fact that it was being obtained in a foreign country.

"This is no time," he said, "to unduly haggle over eighth and sixteenth and other vulgar fractions. The main thing is to get the money and the Commission have got it."

How Canada Benefits
Asked if it was true that the proceeds of the loan would all have to be spent in the United States Mr. White said that the statement so indicated. He said the American bankers purchasing the securities had no doubt insisted that as the loan was for the benefit of the Allies the money should be spent there. Indirectly, however, Canada would derive an advantage from the loan by the sale of sterling bills in New York and the price obtained for them has an important bearing upon the price obtained by our producers and manufacturers.

"Exchange or no exchange," the Minister said, "a loan of this magnitude could not be arranged without a lot of international good-will back of it and this to me is one of its most gratifying features."

ENGLAND TO PURCHASE FLOUR IN CANADA

The report was circulated recently that the British authorities were sending out an expert to consult with the Government with regard to the purchase of bay and oats. The purchase of these commodities has been in the hands of the Minister of Agriculture for some time past and the arrangements which have been in existence will stand. The War Office, however, which has in the past purchased in England from time to time various quantities of Canadian flour for the use of the army, has recently asked the Department of Agriculture to undertake the purchase of limited quantities of flour in Canada. The purchase of flour in Canada has been conducted by the Minister for the War Office has recently arrived in Canada and in taking the question up with the Minister for the purpose of arranging details of the work during the next few months.

Another German Menace

Since the outbreak of war, fourteen months ago, the Balkan attitude has been of prime importance. There has been a continual battle of state craft and intrigue to land as many as possible of the Balkan states in one camp or the other. They have swung back and forth, first inclined to one side and then to the other but always openly holding out for neutrality. Finally Bulgaria, through Russia's ultimatum, was forced to declare openly her allegiance to the German cause. From authoritative reports it is evident that the majority of the people who are slaves and therefore far more strongly attached to Russia than to Germany, are strongly against such Alliance. The Royal party and majority of higher officials are pro-German and it is they who have delivered Bulgaria into German hands. This strong discord, though it will probably not cause a real internal revolution, will doubtless cause a wide spread dissatisfaction and in that way make the Bulgarian assistance much less formidable than if it had the unqualified support of the masses.

Roumania also, is struggling hard, the masses being divided between immediately joining Russia and the Allies, or maintaining neutrality. It is considered probable that she will remain neutral for a time and she finally fall in with the Allies. But much the same was thought of Bulgaria for sometime. Yet, German intrigue, German gold and German sympathies in the Royal family led Bulgaria astray. It is not impossible that the same might prove to be the case with Roumania, though the influences of Germany do not appear to be so great on Roumania, and her extensive boundary directly

ESPECIALLY FOR WOMEN

"Fruit-a-tives" Now Known as Woman's Best Medicine

"FRUIT-A-TIVES," the famous fruit medicine is particularly well suited for the use of women, because of its mild and gentle action and its pleasant taste. In severe cases of Constipation, Indigestion, Bloating, Sick Headaches, Pain In The Back, Neuralgia, or a General Run-Down Constitution, "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine needed to correct such troubles and restore the sufferer to complete health.

As a tonic, "Fruit-a-tives" is invaluable to purify and enrich the blood and build up strength and vigor.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Notice of Tender

SEALED TENDERS marked "TENDERS FOR WHARF INTERESTS PARISH OF CHATHAM" will be received at the Department of Public Works (Provincial) Fredericton, N. B., up to TUESDAY, November thirtieth, at twelve noon, for all the right, title and interest of the Province of New Brunswick in the Ferry Wharves situated in the Parish of Chatham in the County of Northumberland.

A certified cheque for 5 per cent. (five per cent.) of the amount of the tender must accompany each tender.

JOHN MORRISSEY,
Minister of Public Works.
Dated at Fredericton this Fifteenth day of October, 1915. 43-4

Notice of Tender

on Russia would be a great counter-balance to German efforts.

During the past six weeks, Germany has been losing on both fronts. Russia is once more rallying back the German forces and driving them out of the country daily gaining momentum and, as the new minister of war has stated, once more starting resolutely on the long and terrible march to Berlin. The Allies in the west are daily demolishing the most formidable Western line of entrenchments and capturing section after section of trenches. Their advance is slow steady, and methodically like an irresistible battering ram which knows no limit but keeps hammering away night and day like clock work. Italy on the western half of the south is gradually forcing her way into Austria. Serbia on the other half of the South is holding tenaciously against enormous odds. She is the only obstacle between Germany and Turkey. As yet, Turkey holds the Dardanelles and could give Germany an outlet through Asiatic Turkey to menace Egypt, India, and we know not what else. So, as soon as Bulgaria was forced to disclose her hand, Germany has been compelled to start her effort to break through to Turkey, for whatever purpose she may have in mind. At this point where Serbia projects between Germany and Bulgaria, the distance between the two countries is but thirty miles. At this spot Germany is hurling all available forces. When she breaks through, as she probably will, she will have a free and friendly way for supplies, troops, and everything through Bulgaria to Turkey, Egypt, India and where else she has planned. Obviously, the Allies must completely block this move if they possibly can. There is no telling what might be the consequences if they do not. The landing of Allied troops at Salmiki is for this purpose. They are being rushed there in large numbers daily. It is their aim to strike the railway which makes direct connection between the capital of Turkey. They will strike it as far to the north as possible. It is possible they will get their troops into Serbia and completely block the German rush, at its source. It is hoped that they may do so and we all confidently expect they will. In a way, the situation may be likened to a rubber bottle. The Allies form the outer wall, Bulgaria the bottle neck, Germany the contents, and Serbia the stopper. As the Allies contract Germany they squeeze her against the stopper, Serbia, and as Serbia begins to slide up into the neck with the dangers of letting out her contents, the Allies send around forces to force the stopper back and prevent any burst or leakage. We all hope that stopper will hold.

Notice of Tender

After an actress passes a certain age she has to make up for lost time

When money talks even a garrulous woman will close her mouth and listen.

Anyway, the average woman knows as much about things political as a man does about the pacification of a crying baby.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

Yesterday is Dead; Forget It--
Tomorrow does not exist; Don't Worry--
Today is Here; Use It!

WHY WAIT?

Yes, you INTEND to advertise. You fully appreciate the value of advertising. You have seen immense businesses built up by good advertising. But YOU intend to wait a little longer before you place that intended ad. in The Advocate. Certainly, you INTEND to advertise, but not until tomorrow, next month or perhaps until the war is over.

Friend, do you realize the people of Northumberland County are a prosperous people who are NOT going to wait until tomorrow, next month, or until the war is over before they BUY? And they will buy from the man they have faith in—the man who advertises in their trusted home paper, The Union Advocate. This paper covers Northumberland County thoroughly. It goes into the home and STAYS there.

Recently we decided to make The Advocate the leader of all papers in the County of Northumberland in the matter of circulation and second to none of any rural paper in the Maritime Provinces. We spared no expense to achieve this end.

So far as circulation is concerned, we have won out. There is not a corner in Northumberland County in which The Advocate does not circulate. As a matter of news—we lead, others follow. We give the biggest dollar's worth of news of any other paper in the county. We give the news first, while it is fresh. We receive weekly, letters, kind, thoughtful letters, commending us upon our work. Hundreds of new names have been added to our lists within the past two months. We expect these new subscribers will bring many more new ones.

Just think, Mr. Advertiser, what this enormous increase in our circulation means to you! You are not in business for your health—you are spending money in advertising for the purpose of getting increased business. As a business proposition, it is up to you to use the paper with the largest bona-fide paid up subscription list, and that paper in Northumberland County is

THE UNION ADVOCATE

Make up your mind TODAY, and get settled in a good position for the Christmas trade.

PROMPTNESS

That it pays to be prompt has been proven time and again by The Advocate Job Department, and proof of this can be seen by the following extract from a letter received from a patron in Reston, N. B. The reader can judge as to whether he is a SATISFIED patron or not:

"Reston, N. B., 8th Oct. 1915

The Union Advocate Office,
Newcastle, N. B.

Dear Sirs:—You are certainly the promptest people I ever tried for auction posters. I received the last order the very next day after sending you the order.

I had a rush on for auctions lately, and I may have some more before the winter. If so, you will get the work.

I am yours truly,
(Name withheld.)

This is one of many just such letters as are being received from time to time at this office, and they bear evidence that wherever a mail order customer of The Advocate is found, you can be sure he is a satisfied one. We endeavor to always give our best attention to orders received by mail, large or small, and while we cannot always be as prompt as in the case always referred to, owing to the heavy run of work always on hand, we make a point of delivering the finished work at our very earliest convenience, by the quickest and cheapest (to the customer) route.

You will find the stock suited to your needs, and a satisfactory cost price. Let us have your next order as a trial—WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

THE UNION ADVOCATE

Phone 23 NEWCASTLE, N. B. Box 359

THE Pillar of Light

By Louis Tracy

Copyright by McLeod & Allen. (Continued)

The behavior of the mercury puzzled him. In the barometer it fell, in the thermometer it rose, increasing temperature combined with low pressure was a healthy combination in January. Looking back through the records of several years, he discovered a similar set of conditions occurred in March, 1897. He consulted the diary of the Northeast coast and failed to remember any remarkable circumstances connected with the date, so he consulted the lighthouse diary for that year. Ah! Here was a possible explanation. The chief-keeper, a stranger to him, was something of a meteorologist.

He had written: "At 4:15 p.m. the barometer stood at 27.15. A gale blowing from the S.W. About five o'clock the wind increased to a hurricane and the sea became more violent than I have ever known. My experience of this station, judging solely by the clouds and the flight of birds, I should have expected a cyclonic center to pass over the Selly Isles and the Land's End."

Then, next day: "A steady north wind stilled the sea most effectively. Within twenty-four hours of the first signs of the hurricane the Channel was practically calm. The coast is strewn with wreckage."

Brand mused over the entries for a while. With his night glasses he peered long into the teeth of the growing storm to see if he could find the double flash of the lighthouse light on the Bishop Rock, one of the Atlantic breakwaters of the Selly Isles. It was fully thirty-five miles distant, but it should be visible from the waters from a height of 143 feet, the Gulf Rock lamp stood 130 feet above high-water mark. A lighthouse light, especially in the prevalent gloom, and wisps of smog drift were almost striking the lantern and blurring the glass.

Nevertheless, he caught the quick flashes reflected from clouds lower, but as yet, there was a chance of the incoming tide bringing better weather, and he bent again over the record of the equinoctial gales reports. He abandoned this hope. The growing thunder of the reef as the tide advanced gave the first unmistakable warning of what was to come. As a mere matter of noise the reef roared its loudest at half-tide. He understood now that a gale had swept across the Atlantic in an irregular track. However, the winds may rage the tides remain steadfast, and the great waves now rushing up from the west were actually harbored by the fierce blast which had created them.

Of course, the threatened turmoil in no way disconcerted him. It might be that the rock would remain inaccessible during many days. In that event the tides would be a chance to watch after the lamp was extinguished and they must learn to endure the monotony and discomfort of existence in a storm-bound lighthouse. They would be nervous undoubtedly—perhaps he had forgotten how nervous—but Brand was a philosopher, and at present he was not taken up with wonderment at the curious blend of circumstances which resulted in their presence on the rock that night.

Ha! A tremor shook the great pillar. He heard without the frenzied shriek of the sea, a repulsive rattle which hung itself on the lead of the rounded wall. Would the girls sleep through the next few hours? Possibly, if awake, they would attribute to the vibration of the column to the wind. He trusted it might be so. Shut in as they were, they could not distinguish sounds, they would attribute them to a confused hum, with an occasional shiver as the granite traced its mighty heart to resist the enemy.

But what new note was this in the outer chaos? An ordinary gale shuddered and whistled and changed its way past the lantern in varying tones. It sang, it piped, it belloved, it played on glass reeds and crashed with cymbals. Now, the sound was different, it was a steady, sustained, sustained screech in the voice of the tempest which he did not remember having heard before. The wind was a constant, a few feet away, shut off from him by mere sheets of glass. The lighthouse thrust its shaft into this merciless tornado with grim steadfastness, and around its smooth contours poured a volume of unearthly melody which seemed to surge up from the broad base and was flung on into the darkness by the outer sweep of the cornice.

The wind was travelling seventy-eight, maybe a hundred miles an hour. Not during all his service, not in earlier travels through distant lands, had he ever witnessed a storm of such fury. He thought he heard something crack overhead. He looked aloft, but all seemed well. Not until next day did he discover that the wind-vane had been carried away, a wrought-iron shank nearly two inches thick having snapped like a piece of wire at the place where the tempest had found a fault.

He tried to look out into the heart of the gale. The air was full of flying foam, but the sea was beaten flat. If the growing momentum beneath tried to fling a defiant crest at the tornado, the whole mass of water, many tons in weight, was instantly torn from the surface and flung into nothingness. Some of these adventurers, forced up by the reef, hit the lighthouse with greater force than many a cannon-ball fired in battles which have made history. Time after time the splendid structure winced beneath the blow.

If Stephen Brand were ever fated to know fear he was face to face with the ugly phantom then. The granite column would not yield, but it was quite within the bounds of possibility that the entire lantern might be carried away, and he with it.

He thought, with a catch of his

breath, of the two girls in the tiny room beneath. For one fleeting instant his mortal eyes gazed into the unseen. But the call of duty restored him. The excessive draught affected the lamp, its ardor must be checked. With a steady hand he readjusted the little brass screws. They were so superbly indifferent to this panicking monium. Just little brass screws, doing their work, and heeding naught beside. Suddenly there came to him the triumphant knowledge that the pure white beam of the light was heaving its path through the savage assault, without a quiver and fearlessly, as it lit up the ocean lids on a midsummer night of moonlight and soft zephyrs.

"Thank God for that!" he murmured aloud. "How can a man die better than at his post?"

The ring of iron beneath caught his ears. He turned from the lamp, Constancia appeared, pale, with shining eyes. She carried the lantern. Behind her crept Enid, who had been crying; she strove now to check her sobs.

"Is this sort of thing normal, or a special performance arranged for our benefit?" said his daughter, with a fine attempt at a smile.

"Oh, dad, I am so frightened," cried Enid. "Why does it howl so?"

CHAPTER VI. THE MIDDLE WATCH. It says a good deal for Stephen Brand's courage that he was able to laugh just then, but it is a fine thing for a man, in a moment of supreme danger, to be called on to comfort a weeping woman.

The next minute might be their last—that he was fully conscious. Even before the girls reached his side he felt a curious lifting movement of the whole frame of the lantern. Steel and glass alike were yielding to the sustained violence of the wind-pressure. Well were they molded by men whose conscience need harbor no reproach of dishonest craftsmanship; they were being tested now almost beyond endurance.

Some natures would have found relief in prayer. Gladly would Constancia and Enid have sunk on their knees and besought the Master of the Winds to spare them and those at sea. But Brand, believing that a catastrophe was imminent, decided that in order to save the girls' lives he must neither alarm them nor lose an unnecessary instant.

To save the light—that was impossible personally. If given the least warning, he would spring towards the iron rail that curved by the side of the lantern, to the service-room, and take his chance. Otherwise he would go with the lamp. There was no other alternative. The girls must leave him at once.

The laugh which he greeted their appearance gave him time to scheme.

"I ought to scold you, but I won't," he cried. "Are you plucky enough to descend to the kitchen and make three nice cups of cocoa?"

Just think what it cost him to speak in this bantering way, careless of words, though each additional syllable meant death to all three.

His request had the exact effect he calculated. For once, Constancia was deceived, and looked her surprise. To more volatile, smile through her tears. So it was not quite as bad as they imagined, this gale. Their father could never be so matter-of-factly in the face of peril to all of them. Cocoa! Fancy a man giving his thoughts to cocoa whilst they were expecting the lighthouse to be hurled into the sea!

He turned again to manipulate the brass screws.

"Now, do not stand there shivering," he said, "but harden your hearts and go. Use the oil stove. By the time it is ready—"

"Shivering, indeed?" cried the Viking breed, would let him see that he had no monopoly of the family motto: "Audacious, too, could dare."

"Down, you go, Enid," she cried. "He shall have his cocoa, poor man!"

He looked over his shoulder and at his daughter glancing at him from the well of the stairs.

"Bad night," he shouted cheerfully, and he cheated her quick intelligence by a second time.

They were gone. Perchance it was his last sight of them in this life. Three times the stalwart frame-work would thump. Once it moved so perceptibly that the curtain rings jangled. Then he remembered the words of Isaiah:

"For thou hast been a strength to the poor, a strength to the needy in his distress, a refuge from the storm, a shadow from the heat, when the blast of the terrible ones is as a storm against the wall."

What a blast of the terrible ones! What a vivid pen-picture of the awesome forces of nature, which would find a path to the lighthouse, ready to have at sea and on land. His physical senses were dulled to all of the supernatural. He seemed to acquire abnormal powers of sight and hearing. He could see the trees bending before the wind, he could hear the crashing tiles and brickwork as houses were demolished and people hurled to death. But there was no outcry of the mortal multitude. In quick reaction came the fanciful memory of the hardy old sailor who cheerfully risked his life during a terrible sea with the title remark:

"I pity the poor folk ashore on a night like this."

What a curious jumble of emotions jostled in his brain. A step from the sublime to the ridiculous. Not even a step. They were inextricably interwoven, the wool and the warp of things. He recalled the odd expression of an officer who had just unscathed through the inferno of Spleen Kop.

"I had no sense of fear," said he, "but my teeth began to ache."

Brand, a student, even of himself, discovered that his dominant sensation was one of curiosity.

"It has to be," said his nervous system, "let it come quickly." He felt like a man lying on the operating table waiting for the chloroform.

Suddenly, the bright flame of the lamp lessened. The use of the lamp, the sound, the mental altitude, in quick reaction came the fanciful memory of the hardy old sailor who cheerfully risked his life during a terrible sea with the title remark:

"I pity the poor folk ashore on a night like this."

What a curious jumble of emotions jostled in his brain. A step from the sublime to the ridiculous. Not even a step. They were inextricably interwoven, the wool and the warp of things. He recalled the odd expression of an officer who had just unscathed through the inferno of Spleen Kop.

"I had no sense of fear," said he, "but my teeth began to ache."

Brand, a student, even of himself, discovered that his dominant sensation was one of curiosity.

"It has to be," said his nervous system, "let it come quickly." He felt like a man lying on the operating table waiting for the chloroform.

Suddenly, the bright flame of the lamp lessened. The use of the lamp, the sound, the mental altitude, in quick reaction came the fanciful memory of the hardy old sailor who cheerfully risked his life during a terrible sea with the title remark:

"I pity the poor folk ashore on a night like this."

pouring out the battery.

"This time, dad, you are not choosing words," she said, "with hands on knees. Her large eyes looked into his."

"I am sorry you should think that," was the reply. "I selected each phrase with singular care. Never mind, but you are a very good speaker. The best of my preparation beforehand."

"You dear old husband," she cried. "Now the quiet grandeur of the scene which followed the reappearance of Enid and herself from their bedroom was manifest to her. Enid too was looking out into the other in eager effort to grasp the essentials of an episode rapidly grasping its details into remembrance. Brand knew that it would be on their knees by his side, and he wished to avoid any further excitement."

"Please attend, both of you," he growled, with mock severity. "I am glad to see something that will console you."

His voice was drowned by some part of the Atlantic whirling over the lantern.

"This kind of thing does not go on all the time," he continued. "Otherwise we should have five hours of a respite. As soon as the tide rises sufficiently to gain an uninterrupted run across the reef we have at least two hours of comparative quiet. About midnight there will be a second edition for an hour or so. I suppose that any suggestion of a respite is a mere fancy."

"I'll be soiled," exclaimed Enid. "A nice pair of beauties you will be in the morning," he grumbled artfully. "No, I have a pretty woman mourning against this new burden of woe. She glared around."

"You say that she is crying, knowing that the nearest looking-glass is yards away."

He pointed with his pipe. "The light is a pretty woman mourning when divorced from her dressing-table. Constancia called him."

"Have you heard any steamer howling?"

"No," he answered. Bending backward close to the lantern, he saw the pointer of the auriscope bore due southwest, though the last sign of which they had any knowledge sounded from the opposite direction.

He picked up a little trumpet resembling the horn of a motor-car. "I use this for tests," he explained. "It is a little trumpet which I use to affect the auriscope. On a night like this they give the coast a wide berth."

"Oh, do come, dad. It goes back to the southwest regularly."

He joined in the watch. The needle of the compass pointed in obedience to the soundwaves created in the room. Suddenly, it swung round nearly half the circumference of the dial.

"Push," he said. They listened intently to the sound of the wind and water was too deafening. They could hear naught else. He went to the southwest point of the glass dome, but the lantern was so close that a lot of water that he could see nothing save a tawny vapour where the light fell on the flying spirit.

To make sure he tested the auriscope again, and with the same result. "A vessel is approaching from the side," he announced, gravely. "Evidently it is in distress. I hope she will not attempt to approach too near the reef. I must have a look out on the ocean coast and tied the strings of a sou'wester firmly beneath his chin."

Overcome by their feelings, they stood in silence for a little while. Through the thick glass they could dimly distinguish Brand's figure. A great wave assailed the lantern and Enid screamed loudly.

arranged their sou'westers. When he heard the stairs were carrying four rockets. He noted their preparations.

"Don't come out until I have fired the discharge," he shouted, "and tie your dresses tightly around your knees."

They heard the loud hissing of the rockets, and the four reports travelled dully from the sky. Three white starbursts and one red told the Land's End dispatch that the spark mode of help was near the Gulf Rock. Probably they had already seen the vessel's signals. In any event, they would not miss the display from the lighthouse.

Walking with difficulty, the girls crept out on to the balcony.

Brand had already gone to the windward side. The first rush of the gale made them breathless, yet they persevered and reached him. They were greeted by a climber, but their father, with a hand on their shoulders, pressed them down, and the spray crashed against the lantern behind them. He knew they would take no harm. The wind passed, the bolts and stockings would be soaked. Then he could insist that they should go to bed.

At first they distinguished nothing save a chaotic blend of white and yellow foam, driving over the reef at an appalling speed. The black ball of the sky seemed to touch the top of the lantern. Around, in a vast circle carved out of the murky wilderness, the condensation of the light fought and conquered its unwearied foes. Constancia caught the three quick flashes of the Seven Stars lightship away to the right. She fancied she saw a twinkling ahead, but this was the St. Agnes light, and neither girl could make out other light or sound until Brand pointed steadily towards one spot in the darkness.

Before they could follow his indication they were compelled to duck to avoid another wave. Then, as if it had just popped up out of the sea, they divided a tiny white spark sailing slowly across a considerable area. It was by that means that Brand had estimated the size and nearness of the vessel, and soon they glimpsed the red and green side-lights, though ever and anon these were hidden by the torrents of water sweeping over her prore. Of the vessel they could see nothing whatever.

Steadily she rolled along her fearful path. Having found her, there was no difficulty in estimating the rapidity of her approach. Enid, whose eyes were strong and farsighted, fancied she caught a faint vision of a big, black hull laboring in the yellow waves.

Though it was difficult to speak, she tried to do so. "Is she drifting onto the reef?"

"I fear so," he answered. "Then she will be lost. Unless they can manage to pass to starboard."

Luckily for poor human nature, mental stress and abstract effort unite forces. The mere attempt to resist the wind, the constant watchfulness needed to avoid the ambitious seas, thought these, strange to say, appeared to be diminishing in size and volume as the tide rose, served to dull the horror of the threatened tragedy.

Brand quitted them for an instant to plug his eyes to the lantern, after which he came to the glass; he must see if the lamp needed tending. Satisfied that it was all right, he returned to the girls, who had shrunk closely together the moment he retired.

They are trying hard to see clear of the reef," he shouted. "The girls have got their head round, but the sea is too strong for them. I am afraid she is doomed."

Now, they unquestionably saw the great body of the ship. Her funnels showed most clearly, making sharply defined black dots on the bewilderment of the sea. The funnels of the vessel were high enough to prove how the unfortunate vessel was laboring in what might prove to be her final agony.

And the play of it! The wind was dropping. In another hour the weather might moderate appreciably, the sea would be less menacing. Indeed, even then, a powerful steam trawler was preparing to fight her way out of Penzance harbor, with brave men on board, and a brave man's task to save a ship in distress.

But the hour was grudging by fate. They could plainly hear the hoarse blast of the siren, and the siren again a rocket spurred its path to the clouds. She was barely a mile away, and, if anything, in a worse position than before, as the wind remained fixed in the southwest, and the tide, at this stage, curved in towards the land ere it began to flow back again to the Atlantic.

"Can nothing be done?" screamed Constancia, rendered half frantic by the thought that the steamer would be too late before their eyes.

"Nothing," was the answer. "Pray for them. They are in the hands of God."



Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CHAPTER VII. THE LOTTERY. Just as the spin of a coin may mean loss or gain in some trifling dispute or game of the hour, in like manner, apparently, are the graver issues of life or death determined at times, it is not so, we know, being a matter of vitality on which men fasten with amazement as the governing factor in events there lies an inscrutable purpose, cast upon the lot of the gods.

The hoarse words had scarce left Brand's lips before a third wave, higher and more truculent than its predecessor, sprang right over the lost ship and smothered her in an avalanche of water. No doubt this monstrous wave swept away some of the officers and crew. It was impossible to be certain of aught save the one thing—that the steamer would surely break up before their eyes. The wind, now blowing in fierce gusts, the sea, rising each minute, the clouds of spray chasing each other in ceaseless flights through space, the grinding, incessant, utterly overwhelming noise of the reef, made all sights and sounds indefinite, nebulous, almost fantastic. Brand would have foreseen were his thoughts less tumultuous. With the support of the sea withdrawn from half its length by the huge blast, must either slip back into deep water or break in two. The slender shaft of an ocean liner is not constructed to resist the law of gravity acting on full five thousand tons. So the solid-looking colossus cracked like a carrot, and the after part fell back into the watery abyss, amidst a turmoil which happily crowned the despairing shrieks of far more than half of those on board.

Constancia and Enid screamed wildly in their woe, but again they were saved from utter collapse by the extenuation of the moment. Brand, who expected to see the remainder of the vessel blown up by the bursting of the sea to the furnace, dragged them forcibly below the level of the projecting balustrade.

Yet nothing of the sort took place. A vast cloud of steam rushed upwards, but it was dissipated by the next breath of the gale. This incident told the lighthouse-keeper much. The vessel had been disabled so long that the skillful commander, finding the motive power of no further avail, and certain that his ship must be driven ashore, had ordered the fires to be drawn and the steam to be exhausted from all boilers except one. Therefore, her shaft was broken, reasoned Brand, probably the accident had occurred during the height of the hurricane, and her steering gear, of little use without the main engine, might have been disabled at the same time.

When the horror-stricken watchers looked again at the wreck the forward part had shifted its position. It was now lying broadside on to the sea, and the lofty foremast thrust its trunk to within a few feet of them.

They were spared one ghastly scene which must surely have been the lot of the first-class passengers had gathered in the saloon. Some clung like limpets to the main gangway, a number, mostly men, crowded together in the drawing-room on the promenade deck. Farther than this they could not go, as the companion ways had been locked by the officer of the watch, the decks being quite impassable.

When the hull yielded, the spacious saloon was exposed to the vicious waves. Finding this new cavern opened to them, great liquid tongues sprang into the darkness and licked out hapless victims by the score. Of this appalling incident those in the lighthouse knew nothing until long afterwards.

As the ship struck, the electric dynamo stopped, and all her lights went out. The lighthouse lamp owing to its rays being concentrated by the dioptric lens, failed not at all to dissipate the dim and ghastly vision beneath, but the great frame of the forepart of the vessel served as a break-water to some extent, and the group withstood the waves from beating against the column.

Hence Brand, straining his eyes through the flying ruck, fancied he could make out the figure of a man, as he left the bridge, and, with some of the crew, took shelter behind the granite column. Of this appalling incident those in the lighthouse knew nothing until long afterwards.

Yet, there was one faint chance of succor, and it was not a sailor who grasped it. The first that Brand knew of the desperate venture was the sight of a spectral man climbing up the shrouds of the fore-mast. On a steam-ship whose yards are seldom used for sails, the practicable ropeladder ceases at the fore, main, or mizen-top, as the case may be. Therefore, a sailor of most climbing hands and feet to the truck, a feat which occasionally he does, it is hardly ever attempted on the flat knob of the truck.

Higher and nearer swung the stalwart youngster, for none but a lithe and active boy could climb a pole with such easy vigor. At last he reached the truck, and a faintly heard cheer from beneath mingled with the hysterical delight of Enid and Constancia, when, with legs rigid, round the mast, he rested his arms for an instant on the flat knob of the truck.

(To be continued.) A man doesn't have to be a Co. detective in order to find trouble. It is easier to accept a position than it is to hold a job. Even water stocks have been known to take a drop too much. It's almost as bad to say mean things as it is to do them.

THE WEEK IN NEWCASTLE

Sign of the Time
Partridge Scarce
Change Cars
Read it Over
Canoe for Sale
Our Reason
Approaching Marriage
Successful Game Hunters
Broke Her Arm
In the Police Court
Has Newcastle Acquaintances
Gladys-Klark Co.
Painful Accident
Moose are Plentiful
New Officers
Applications Refused

Partridge Scarce
Loggieville Boy Wounded
Won Automobile
Boston Caps
Price Webber Improving
Member 26th Wounded
I. C. R. Conductor Enlists
Funeral on Saturday
Died from Injuries
Realized \$23.20
Acknowledgment
Election of Officers
Volunteers as Nurse
Some Good Advice
Newcastle Man Wins Promotion
No Quorum at T. J. L.

Douglastown Lady's Death on Friday

Mrs. Charlotte McLean, Aged 75 Years—Ill About Three Years
The death of Mrs. Charlotte McLean, nee Wells, widow of late James McLean, occurred on Friday, at her home in Douglastown. Deceased had been in very poor health for about three years, and was 75 years old. She was a native of Bathurst, and an honored member of the Presbyterian church. She leaves the following children: George, of Chatham; Mrs. Robt. Wood, Douglastown; Mrs. Melbourne Taylor, Boston; W. Allan, Douglastown, and Miss Maggie, Denver, Colo. The following stepchildren also survive: Mrs. Thos. Scott, Dalhousie; and James, Frank and John, in the United States. John and Wm. Wells of Winnipeg are brothers of the deceased, and Mrs. John McCurdy, Bellchime, Mrs. Hiram Carter of Millinocket and one in California are sisters. The funeral on Monday afternoon was very largely attended. Services were conducted at the house by Rev. Alex. Firth of Douglastown, assisted by Rev. J. J. Pinkerton of Chatham. The hymns sung were "Nearer my God to Thee" and "Asleep in Jesus," the Presbyterian choir attending in a body. Interment was in St. Mark's cemetery, Douglastown. The pall-bearers were Counsellor H. H. Lamont, Fred A. Phillips, R. H. Jessamin, John Hutchison, Wm. Carruthers and H. H. Stuart.

Blackville Lady In Auto Accident

Car Run Off Road and Turned Turtle—Feared Back is Broken
A distressing accident occurred on Thursday evening between Boiestown and Douglastown when an auto being driven by Mr. Pearl Betts, of Douglastown, turned turtle, and as a result, Miss Clara Walls, of Blackville, is at the Victoria Hospital, Frederickton, with her limbs paralyzed from the hips down. Mr. Betts, and Miss Bertie Barry of Blissville, who was also an occupant of the car, were unhurt. The accident occurred early in the evening as the three young people were returning to Douglastown from Boiestown, in Mr. Fred Cumming's car. Mr. Betts was driving and the two young ladies were sitting in the rear seat. They were carrying on a conversation with Mr. Betts, who lost control of the car, which was going at a fairly lively speed at the time. The machine ran off the road and over a pile of rocks, hit a tree and turned turtle. Miss Walls was pinned under the car and suffered a severe injury of the spine. She was taken to Douglastown after the accident and on Friday morning was taken to Frederickton by I. C. R. and rushed to Victoria Hospital in the ambulance. Her condition is considered serious. An X-ray examination was made on Friday to determine whether the young lady's back was broken. At Victoria Hospital this afternoon it was said that Miss Clara Walls, of Blackville, who was brought here yesterday from Boiestown suffering from injuries sustained in an automobile accident, was resting somewhat more easily. An X-ray examination was made to-day, and it was said that the extent of the injuries to the spine would be known to-morrow.—Saturday's Gleaner.

FOR MEN AND BOYS UNDERWEAR

STANFIELD and HUMPHREY'S Unshrinkable and PENMAN'S Fleece-lined. UNDERWEAR Coat and Haul Over Sweaters, Mackinaw Coats, Mackinaw, Tweed and Flannel Shirts. HOME MADE SOX AND MITTS AT JOHN FERGUSON & SONS LOUNSBURY BLOCK, PHONE 10

FOR SALE

As we intend making a change in our Factory Business, we offer a quantity of Pine Lumber, Sheathing, Windows Doors, Mouldings, Etc. at a low price to clear. Also all Machinery. Can be seen at any time by calling at the store. THE STOTHART MERCANTILE CO., LTD. Newcastle, N. B. Phone 45

PENSLAR STORE

This is the time of year when your system needs repair. As the seasons change your system needs a change. The Great Tonic and Bone Builder, "SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES" will make you lose that tired heavy feeling and install in you new life. Sold in Large Bottles \$1.00 per Bottle THE "PENSLAR" STORE, E. J. MORRIS, Prop.

HOT WATER BOTTLES

PRICES FROM \$1.00 TO \$2.50 EACH The better ones are all guaranteed for one year. A new lot of OLIVE OIL has just arrived Four sizes, 25c, 40c, 75c and \$1.25 per bottle. Pure and Fresh. THE PHARMACY, A. E. SHAW, Druggist

AMONG THE CHURCHES

Thanksgiving was observed at Holy Trinity Church, Blackville, and St. Agnes Church, Grey Rapids, with services, sermons, and hymns appropriate to the occasion. The churches were becomingly decorated with grains, fruits and flowers. On Sunday, October 10th, the festival was kept at St. Peter's church, Millerton. The church was decorated in the usual way. The collection which was a thank offering, amounted to over \$80. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS Wm. Ferguson... Kitchen Bouquet John Ferguson & Sons... Underwear Happy Hour... The Governor's Lady J. D. Creaghan Co. After Dinner Sale

Telephone Directory

Subscribers will please make the following changes in their telephone directory. NEW PHONES James Troy, res., Newcastle... 174 James Falconer, res., Newcastle... 62-31 Dr. Park... 32-71 Marshall Blackmore, res., Redbank... 109-2 L. G. Read, Redbank... 110-42 Matthew McCarron, res.,... 57-31 PHONES TAKEN OUT E. B. Gillespie, res.,... 134 Chief of Police, res.,... 162-2 Edward Matchett, Lyttleton... 106-41 Daniel Matchett, Redbank... 109-32 W. J. McTavish, Sillikers... 109-2 W. R. Mullin, Sillikers... 109-25 Otto Tozer, Lyttleton... 106-21 R. N. Weeks, store, Millerton 102-14 A. Fleigher, res., Newcastle... 32-71 Rev. Wm. Aitken... 88 PHONE NUMBERS CHANGED Waldo Crocker from 83-11 to 96-21 R. H. Armstrong, res., from 72-51 to 96-51. W. LEWIS, Exchange Manager, Newcastle, N. B., Oct. 8th, 1915. 42-1yr. where.

BOOKS

Our stock of Books for Fall and Winter trade has commenced to arrive, and it is not too early to make a selection for holiday gifts. We have already received the following series: Airship Boys, Boy Scouts, Henty, Alger, Mildred, Besie, Elsie, Annie Swan, Carey, Holmes, Southworth and Meade, besides a large miscellaneous assortment. We have always in stock a good supply of the popular First Editions, as well as a long list of Reprints at City Prices. FOLLANSBEE & CO.

Gravenstein Apples

Car to arrive this week. Special Prices on 10 bbl lots while unloading POTATOES! POTATOES! The crop this year is less than half. We have 200 bbls of fine smooth stock. Place your order now and save money. BREAD is now down to 9c. White and Brown daily. Try a colonial cake 15cts each. They are delicious. GEORGE STABLES GROCERIES PHONE 8 CROCKERYWARE

HAPPY HOUR Thurs.

The House of Quality Pictures Jesse L. Lasky in association with David Belasco presents the international dramatic Star Edith Wynne Matheson In a picturization of David Belasco's noted success ---THE--- Governor's Lady BY ALICE BRADLEY IN FIVE Reels of Motion Pictures A drama showing how the ambition of a successful man almost separates him from his faithful but less progressive wife; and the eventual triumph of noble instincts. A WONDERFUL PICTURE.

Approaching Marriage

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth B. Murphy, of North Esk, to Mr. Timothy J. Lawlor, of the same place, will take place on Wednesday next, October 27th, at the residence of her brother, Mr. Howard Murphy.

Successful Game Hunters

B. H. Lindsay of Boniface, Fla., and E. C. Rogers, of Putnam, Conn., came out from Lindsay's camp Thursday, the former with 1 moose and 1 deer, and the latter with a moose head of 57 inches spread and a deer.

Broke Her Arm

Little Helen McCullam, five year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McCullam, had the misfortune to fall from a see-saw, while playing with several other children at her home on Wednesday last, fracturing her arm.

In the Police Court

Wilfrid McKay, of Ferryville, came up before Magistrate Lawlor on Tuesday morning, charged with having mouset meat illegally in his possession. R. A. Lawlor, of Chatham, appeared for the Crown, and L. J. Tweedie for defence. The case was adjourned till Wednesday next, the 27th inst.

Has Newcastle Acquaintances

The marriage of Miss Theresa Margaret McClure, of Moncton, to Mr. James E. Nickerson, of Boston, but formerly of Moncton, was solemnized in Boston on Monday, October 11th. Miss McClure has friends here who will congratulate her. She has been a visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cameron Smallwood.

Gladys-Klark Co.

The Gladys-Klark Co. at the Opera House Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights were given fairly good houses, and they lived up to their reputation for high-class moral plays. Saturday night's performance, "Kindlings," was not as good a drawing card as the first two nights, but taken as a whole they give good performances.

Painful Accident

Perley Fogan was the victim of a painful accident while at work in Ritchie's mill on Wednesday last. The young man is employed on the sawdust scrapers, and was in the act of cleaning one of the scrapers, when he struck his head on a revolving pulley inflicting a nasty cut which required several stitches to close.

Moose are Plentiful

It was reported a while ago that moose were scarce in the Miramichi woods, but this report is incorrect. The season is about one month open, and up to the present thirty-eight heads have been shipped by the Dominion express company, and in all they expect to ship about fifty by the close of the season. Added to this number will be the heads taken by local hunters.

New Officers

The officers of Newcastle Division S. of T. for present quarter are—Miss Jennie MacMaster, W. P.; Miss Blanche Parker, W. A.; Clyde Morris R. S.; B. M. McLean, A. R. S.; Henry McRae, F. S.; Miss H. M. McLeod, treas.; Miss Margaret Copp, chap.; Miss Vesta Savage, cond.; Miss Ida MacSurray, A. C.; Miss Hazel O'Donnell, L. S.; Frank Morrell, O. S.; H. H. Stuart, P. W. P.; James Falconer, D. G. W. P.

Applications Refused

At a special meeting of the Liquor License Commissioners held in the Court House on Sept. 29, the application of Frank McClement for a license for the building on St. John St., near the corner of Black, known as the Bathurst Hotel, and that of Wm. O. Chamberlain for a license for his new hotel being erected on the site of the Leger Hotel at the I. C. R. station, were both refused. In the McClement case, a largely signed petition had a great deal to do with the decision of the Board, while the Chamberlain application was turned down on account of the present lack of proper accommodations at the new hotel premises. It is likely that this will be granted as soon as application is made after the hotel is finished and doing business.—Northern Light

Funeral on Saturday

The funeral of the late William Robinson, I. C. R. brakeman who was killed at Beaver Brook on Thursday morning, was held at his late home, near Harcourt, on Saturday afternoon.

Died from Injuries

A former Frederickton man, Robert Coyle, died at Portland, Maine, last week as the result of injuries sustained in an accident at a wood-working factory.

Realized \$23.20

The Junior Girls Club of the local branch of the Red Cross Society held a bean supper in St. James Presbyterian Hall on Friday night, at which they raised the magnificent sum of \$23.20.

Acknowledgment

The Newcastle Red Cross Society acknowledges with thanks: 11 Jars Jelly—from Mrs. E. P. Williston and Mrs. Tracy-Gould, 2 prs. socks—Mrs. Cyrus Shaw, 1 pr. socks—Mrs. James Murray.

Election of Officers

The Children of Mary Solality have elected the following officers for ensuing year:—President, Miss A. E. Quinn; Secretary, Miss May McCullam; Treasurer, Mrs. D. P. Doyle; Librarian, Miss Annie Lawlor; Assist-Librarian, Miss Kathleen Patterson.

Volunteers as Nurse

Miss Florence Hocken, daughter of the late Richard Hocken, formerly of Moncton, now of Brookline, Mass., has volunteered for service as nurse with the Harvard unit in a British base hospital. Miss Hocken has many friends and acquaintances in Newcastle and Chatham who will wish her bon voyage.

Some Good Advice

The Chatham Commercial, commenting on the Lakeville Corner tragedy, says: "If the young men who sally forth into the woods in search of something to kill, are so anxious to destroy life, they would far better take a trip to the north of France where they can get some shooting that is worth while. There are wild beasts there that are a menace to mankind, while the inoffensive denizens of our woods are not."

Newcastle Man Wins Promotion

J. A. Follansbee, at present in Belgium with the 15th Battalion, writing to his home in Newcastle, on the eve of his departure for Sandling Camp, says: "You will be pleased to learn of my promotion to Battalion Armourer Sergeant. I passed with 98 per cent. on the Ross rifle, Colt, Vickers and Maxim Machine Gun, also motor cycles, beating out a large number of applicants. I am now head armourer of my battalion."

No Quorum at T. J. L.

There was not the required quorum (12) at the Town Improvement League meeting Monday night, only 10 being present: Pres. Jas. M. Troy, Sec. H. H. Stuart, Revs. S. J. Macarthur and Wm. Harrison, Ald. Stables, D. W. Stohart, T. A. Scribner, A. McCabe, J. J. Ander and J. H. Ashford. Several of the Executive of 37, including Mayor Stohart, Ex-Mayor Morrissey and others, were at the rink preparing for the Patriotic Auction, and Rev. M. S. Richardson was out of town. It is hoped that on the next regular night (the second Thursday of November) there will be a full attendance. The meeting was not called to order, but a very profitable discussion on civic affairs was carried on for an hour or more.

After Big Game

Messrs. George A. Heiner and N. H. Douglas of New York and Messrs. F. H. Breslyn and John D. Curtis of Boston, arrived here today. They left for the Miramichi by auto after big game.—Mail.

Killed in Flanders

Mr. Robert Graham of Eel River, has received information that his son Percy Graham, has been killed in Flanders while fighting with the Canadian forces.

Lodge Initiation

Golden Link Lodge L. O. B. A. of Douglastown had initiation at its last meeting. It now has 40 members. An At Home will be held in the Lodge room (Temperance Hall) on November 5th. The Lodge installed their new piano last Thursday night. Another very pleasant feature of the evening was the presentation by the Lodge to Mr. and Mrs. Howard Vye, two newly married members, of a handsome parlor table.

Private J. Kerr Loggie

of Chatham Reported Wounded A private report received in the city last night was that Private J. Kerr Loggie one of the leading business men of the province, who gave up all to enlist as a private, has been wounded, but official news has not come. W. S. Loggie, M. P. of Chatham, has received the cable from Wallace C. Loggie, paymaster sergeant of the 26th, but no information is given as to the seriousness or otherwise of the wound. Mr. Loggie has another son in the 6th Mounted Rifles in France.—Monday's Gleaner

Sensational Escape

William M. Thomas, aged about 24 years, found guilty of assault on a fourteen-year-old girl, at St. John, and sentenced to a term of five years in the Dorchester penitentiary made a sensational escape from St. John county jail Thursday night and is still at large. The description of Thomas is as follows: "From 22 to 25 years of age; height five feet seven inches; light curly hair; sandy complexion; weight 150 pounds; clothing at time of escape grey check cap; dark coat with greenish strip; brown trousers and tan boots. On his right forearm is tattooed clasp hands and an anchor, while on the muscles of the right arm is tattooed an American eagle and roses.

Patient Resting Easily

At Victoria Hospital this afternoon it was said that Miss Clara Walls, of Blackville, who was brought here yesterday from Boiestown suffering from injuries sustained in an automobile accident, was resting somewhat more easily. An X-ray examination was made to-day, and it was said that the extent of the injuries to the spine would be known to-morrow.—Saturday's Gleaner.

Mill Still Running

Lynch's mill is running three nights a week now, as well as every day.

Subscribers Please Note

That it is necessary to give your old address as well as the new when asking to have the same changed.

Three Ribs Broken

John Dawson, of Grey Rapids, whose team was scared by an auto on the Morrissey Bridge, had three of his ribs broken by being crushed against the side of the bridge.

Stores Broken Into

Several stores in Newcastle have been burglarized lately, among them, Isaac Matchett's, from which a large quantity of clothing and watches was taken; D. & J. Ritchie's warehouse and two hardware stores. The glass of Robert Bockwith's front door on Mary street was wantonly broken by someone the other night.

Taken Home From Hospital

A. E. O'Leary, chief game and five varden of the province, who suffered a motor accident some weeks ago, was taken to his home in Richibucto from the Moncton hospital on Saturday.

Wedding Anniversary

The residence of Joseph Washburn, Washburn, was the scene of an enjoyable gathering Friday evening, when a number of friends from Chatham assembled to assist Mr. and Mrs. Washburn celebrate their thirtieth wedding anniversary. The party was laden with useful linen articles which were presented to Mrs. Washburn. Dancing, music and songs were indulged in, and a dainty repast was served at midnight. A most enjoyable time was spent and the party started for home wishing the genial host and hostess many more years of happy married life.—Comm-Rec.

The Union Advocate

VOL. XLVIII

NEWCASTLE, N. B., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20 1915

NO. 43

Powerful Sermon on "The Enforced Duty"

Rev. S. J. MacArthur Delivers Stirring Address in St. James Church on Sunday Evening

In a very powerful sermon in St. James' Presbyterian Church Sunday night, Rev. S. J. MacArthur intimated that Britain and France, in the terrific struggle now forced upon them, were reaping the penalty of their sin in refusing to succor the poor Armenians from Turkey about 26 years ago—that, having refused their duty then, God is now using Germany as a lash to force them out of their narrow selfishness and help them find their souls. If they had helped the downtrodden and removed their own festering sores, and prepared themselves, they would not now be in the predicament they are in.

Mr. MacArthur took as his text the God's command to Elijah in 1 Kings, Chapter 19: "Go, return on thy way," and spoke on "The Enforced Duty," saying, in part, as follows: Elijah had undertaken to cast out abuses from the religion of Israel, which he saw under a curse because of apostasy. But he had failed, and losing sight of the great fact that God's reforming process is always finally achieved, he became discouraged, and wished to throw away his life.

Samson had slain men but accomplished very little. Elijah slew the prophets of Baal but made no progress. When he was sent back by the still small voice it was to live the true life more quietly, among the people. The place of the wise and strong is to live among those who have not the vision—not to flee men who risked their lives.

Elijah was forced to go back to his people. So, men who felt they MUST go and speak and act have been the world's saviors. All great movements have been started by risked their lives. Just as God has forced individuals to bring salvation to their fellows against their will, so he uses nations to carry out His purposes. If we understand this process, we are saved, for most men are saved when you can make them think. God is using a fearful whip to lash Britain and France, and perhaps Russia, to bring them to a consciousness of what they ought to have been and done for the good of humanity.

What is going to happen? Does anyone know? What does it mean that Lord Milner advocates the withdrawal of British forces from what he calls the hopeless task of forcing the Dardanelles? What does it mean that Bulgaria is sure that Germany will win? Israel perished and left only a name. Has Britain been true? It is possible to shirk our responsibility so long that we perish. Cannot God carry out his purposes by others? As the best of Israel and

to those already given in the casualty lists, has been received, but will not be announced, pending reply to the official notification from next of kin. The commander of the fifth artillery brigade is Lieut-Colonel G. A. Caruthers, of Winnipeg. It is made up of the 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th field batteries.

The military casualties reported in the official statement by the British authorities were fourteen killed and thirteen wounded, so that it would appear that Canadians were the chief sufferers. Besides the eleven men who lost their lives three are reported missing and three wounded. All these casualties took place at Otterpool camp, Kent, England.

You Have YOUR Chance To-day

The Canadian Patriotic Fund needs \$7,500,000 for the support of families of our Canadian soldiers at the front in the second year of the war. Last year's contributions amounted to \$5,350,000. The Province of Alberta leads in men and money, but the Maritime Provinces have made a poor showing. What are YOU going to do at the Patriotic Auction here to-day and this evening?

Brilliant Exploit of Thirty Men From 26th

Under Cover of Smoke They Drove Germans Out of Crater--25th N. S. Regiment Won Honors in Action

Ottawa, Oct. 17—A thrilling story of how the 25th Nova Scotia Regiment, after losing its trenches in Flanders, when they were blown up by mines and many of their men killed and wounded, rallied and recovered the lost trenches is told in a special message received from the front today by General Sir Sam Hughes.

For some days it had been rumored in militia circles that the 25th had met disaster through the blowing up of mines. General Hughes cabled for details and is informed that several mines were exploded in front of the trenches of the Nova Scotians, thirty men being killed and wounded. The soldiers fell back from the rocks and debris, whereupon the Germans rushed in and occupied the vacant trenches. This was the Nova Scotians' first taste of battle. Rallying and with a wild cheer they charged the Germans in the trenches, recapturing the lost ground at the point of the bayonet and annihilated the enemy battalion. Sir Robert Borden and Sir Sam Hughes to-day called their congratulations to the battalion.

Premier Asquith Is Taken Suddenly Ill

Several Days Rest Required--Anxious Interest in British Government Reported

London, Oct. 19—A little before one o'clock the following bulletin was issued at Downing Street: "The premier is suffering from an attack of gastro-intestinal catarrh, which will necessitate a few days of complete rest."

Earlier in the day, Mr. Asquith attended meetings of the war committee and the cabinet, both of them held in his official residence. The premier's attack was sudden. London, Oct. 19—Britain is waiting anxiously to learn whether the cabinet ministers will be able to compose their differences and continue the government without swapping horses in midstream. The military difficulties which confront the allies have taken a position of secondary importance for the time being.

Richibucto Parish Back to License

Councillors' election in Richibucto parish yesterday resulted as follows: Pascal Hebert, 325; A. B. Carson, 272; Thornburn Bowser, 243; Leon Daigle, 75. First two are elected. Messrs. Carson and Bowser were Temperance candidates. There was also a plebiscite held under the local option clause of the Liquor License law, which permits parishes to vote for or against license. Richibucto parish has been without license for several years, and yesterday it returned to license by a majority of 146. There were four polling places: Richibucto (town), South Rexton (town), North Rexton and Richibucto Village. The Temperance people carried Richibucto and South Rexton, where there are old and active divisions of the Sons of Temperance; lost North Rexton by only two or three votes; but were swamped in Richibucto Village where the License men carried a majority of 154, the vote being: For license, 180; against, 26. The verdict means that license will be re-established in the whole parish.

German Mine Patrol Boat Blown Up in Baltic Sea

London, Oct. 19—A German mine patrol boat has been blown up in the Baltic Sea and her crew of ten are missing, and are supposed to have been drowned, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen. The despatch adds that the wreckage of the boat has been found at Marstal.

County Court Opened Yesterday

One Criminal and Two Civil Cases--Court Adjourned Till Thursday

County Court opened here yesterday morning, Judge McLatchy presiding. There was but one criminal case, King vs. Nicholson of Chatham on complaint of Witt, a special salesman at the recent Chatham Exhibition, plaintiff alleging money taken, Plaintiff failed to appear and indictment not presented. A. A. Davidson for prosecution; Hon. L. J. Tweedie defending. There were two civil cases: White vs. Savoy--trespass for taking lumber from boom. Tweedie for plaintiff; R. Murray contra. North Shore Colonization Co. vs. Davidson contra. By request of the Bar, expressed by Hon. Mr. Tweedie and R. A. Lawlor, Court adjourned till Thursday because of the public holiday for the Patriotic Auction today.

Ninety-two Years and Knitting Socks

Miss Barton, of Chatham, has Knitted Upwards of Sixty Pairs of Socks

With all the cases of loyalty that have been displayed by members of Red Cross Societies and givers to the different funds since the outbreak of the war, there is none more commendable than the case of an elderly lady in Chatham, who now in her ninety-second year, has knitted about sixty pairs of socks for the soldiers, just as she says, "to keep herself busy."

CASUALTIES IN 26TH

Wounded--J. W. Bettie, Passeskeag, N. B.; Lance Corporal Geo. Blair Finnigan, St. Andrews, N. B.; Sergeant Roland Smith, 282 Princess street, St. John, N. B. (slightly); W. Hazen Carson, St. George, N. B. (seriously); George E. Miles, Fairville, N. B. Killed in action--Moses Gallant, 138 Elm Ave., Charlottetown, P. E. I. Wounded--Serg. Wm. Ryer, Middle Clyde, N. S. (now on duty). Slightly Wounded--John W. Roberts, Chipman, N. B.

Bust of Nelson For Legislature

A Copper Memorial Bust Has Been Accepted by Premier Clarke

Premier Geo. J. Clarke has accepted for the Province of New Brunswick the bust of Lord Nelson to be placed in the Legislative Chamber. The acceptance was made at a conference held last evening with Rev. Alfred Hall, commissioner for the Strathcona Nelson Shields, the memorial bust being the gift of the late Lord Strathcona in commemoration of the Nelson Shields to the Educational Institutions of the province. The historical trophy is quite unique. The metal bust of the hero of Trafalgar is made purely of the copper of his own flagships, the Victory and Poudroyant, and it is mounted on a small circular column of real Victory oak, resting in a pedestal made in Canada, a true miniature of the pedestal of the famous Nelson column in Trafalgar Square, London, with the Landseer lions at each corner. An identical copy of this trophy is in the possession of His Majesty the King at Buckingham Palace, London.

German Mine Patrol Boat Blown Up in Baltic Sea

London, Oct. 19—A German mine patrol boat has been blown up in the Baltic Sea and her crew of ten are missing, and are supposed to have been drowned, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Copenhagen. The despatch adds that the wreckage of the boat has been found at Marstal.

40th Quarterly Session Kent-North'd S. of T.

Held in Richibucto on the 12th Instant--Reports Show Divisions in Good Standing

The 40th quarterly session of Kent-Northumberland District Division, S. of T., was held in Richibucto on the 12th, the D. W. P., Rev. R. H. Stavert, of Norton, presiding. Delegates present: Douglastown--H. C. Stohart, D. W. A. Harcourt--Rev. H. H. Stavert, D. W. P. Grangeville--H. W. B. Smith, D. Treas. and Mrs. Smith. Rexton--Geo. N. Clark, Geo. Jardine, Everett Irving, Mrs. Geo. Jardine, Mrs. H. M. Ferguson. Richibucto--R. W. Beers, Alex. Haines, (D. I. S.), and Misses Jennie Lawton, Nellie Ross and Ethel S. White.

Following officers pro tem were appointed: D. Chap. G. N. Clark; D. Cond. R. W. Beers; D. Scribe, H. W. B. Smith. The minutes of the last session were read and approved. Following committees were appointed: Credentials--H. W. B. Smith. State of the Order--R. W. Beers, Geo. N. Clark, Geo. Jardine, Miss E. S. White, H. C. Stohart. Program--Mrs. H. W. B. Smith, Miss E. S. White, H. C. Stohart.

The report of the District Scribe, (Ald. H. H. Stuart, Newcastle) was read by the D. W. P. It declared that the experience of Newcastle showed that in the hands of honest and capable officials, the Scott Act can be made an instrument of great assistance to the temperance cause. Some amendments were needed, however, and we should never cease working for provincial and national prohibition. On the 27th ult. he had interviewed Premier Clarke re the investigation sought by Geo. N. Clarke of Rexton, late Liquor License Inspector for Kent Co. The Premier said it was impossible to grant an investigation other than what might be obtained by a meeting between Mr. Clarke and the Kent Co. M. L. A.'s. The government could not go behind the recommendation of the county members which had been that Mr. Clarke be dismissed.

Table with columns: Reported, Reported June 30 Sept. 30. Rows: Newcastle, Redbank, Douglastown, Whitneyville, Nelson, Burnt Church, Longville, Millerton.

Agriculture Society Held Annual Meeting

Last Wednesday Afternoon--Re-election of Officers

Newcastle, North Esk and South Esk Agricultural Society, No. 122, held its annual meeting in Newcastle Town Hall last Wednesday afternoon, John McColm president, occupied the chair, with F. Williston secretary. The following officers were re-elected: Directors--M. O'Shaughnessy, Chapin Island Road; Mayor G. G. Stohart, H. Williston, E. P. Williston and Geo. Stables, Newcastle; John S. Mullin, Exmoor; John D. Goodfellow and Wm. Taylor, South Esk; John Cain, Boom Road; Hiram Whitney and James Young, Whitteville; Phineas Gunn, Maple Glen; John McColm, North Esk Boom; Robt. Chapin, Cassilis; and Murdoch Sutherland, Redbank. Auditors--Geo. Stables and G. G. Stohart. The Directors were requested to have an Agricultural Fair at the time of the next annual meeting next Fall. The government was called upon to pass a law prohibiting the running at large of bulls throughout the province, the resolution to this effect to be read at the annual meeting of the N. B. Farmers' and Dairy-men's Association.

Russia in a State of War with Bulgaria

Petrograd, (via London,) Oct. 16--Russia regards herself in state of war with Bulgaria from the moment the latter country attacked Serbia, according to a statement issued to

Week's War News

London, Oct. 14—Seventeen German steamers which ply in Baltic Sea are missing, according to a Uterhelm despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, and are believed to have been sunk by British submarines.

Petrograd, Oct. 14—Russian general staff circles estimate that about three Teuton army divisions, 120,000 men, were shattered by the Russian success on the Trypa in eastern Galicia. The army which suffered this blow is under General Von Linsingen, and includes German and Austrian corps.

Paris, Oct. 14—Private advices are to the effect that the Bulgarian division was almost annihilated in a fierce battle near Kragevatz, Serbia, says a despatch to the Havas Agency from Bucharest, dated Tuesday, and delayed in transmission.

Paris, Oct. 14—L'Espresso optimistic French military experts today did not endorse the opinion expressed in some quarters that Germany is preparing for a retreat on the western front. In the case of the Allied drive, they said it was natural for the Germans to make advance arrangements with a view to the possible retreat that might become necessary. They did not think it safe to conclude that the Kaiser believed that would be the case.

RUSSIA'S LESSON AS A RESULT OF WAR

A Huge Nation Without Industries—How Would Canada Fare Under Similar Conditions?

"Country Life in Canada" of Winnipeg had a very interesting article in a recent issue entitled, "Nations, With and Without Industries." Russia was taken as a typical example of the nation without manufacturing development. The article calls attention to Russia's position when war was declared. Russia found herself cut off from the rest of Europe and America in great measure as far as supplies of manufactured goods were concerned. Russia could not export her vast stores of food products, nor secure in change for them manufactured goods, many of which were essential to the successful conduct of the war.

Result of Russia's Isolation
Food remained cheap, but imported commodities became dear. The importation of manufactured goods ceased; stock in stores grew less and less, imported commodities became dearer and dearer. Germany before the war, exported to Russia immense quantities of machinery, utensils, and chemically prepared materials. Nearly all drugs came from Germany, so a drug famine existed in Russia. Boots made in Vienna, and hats and costumes from Paris disappeared. Russian society had, among the best dressed in Europe—had, and will be, with out traditions. In this regard the upper and middle classes of Russia feel the pinch of war, because luxuries are abolished. The poor, however, had only a demand for food—and food was both plentiful and cheap. The peasant-farmer was better off, especially since he no longer could waste what money he had on vodka and beer. Economy and sobriety conserve the wealth of nations.

Russian General's Views
A Russian general stood with his staff on a hill in Poland. The Russians were fighting one of their dogged rear-guard actions, falling back on a line of new defences. Impotently the soldier raised his hand and shook it at the advancing German horde. "Oh, for the machine shops of other lands," cried he, "for their looms and factories. Then we'd fire shell for shell, and our soldiers would have an equipment to face the best in the world!"

If Canada Were Embattled
What if Canada had enemies on her southern frontier, and part of the prairie provinces in their hands. To the north, the un navigable Arctic; on the west the Pacific Coast blockaded by enemy warships. Halifax being bombarded, enemy troops over-running Nova Scotia, and warships smashing their way up the St. Lawrence. It is not a pretty picture, and, but for the grace of God and the British Empire, we might be to-day as Russia is.

Could Canada take care of herself in an economic sense? We know that Russia has cheaper food as a result of the war, but even now Canada imports eggs, butter and other produce that now gets the home market in Russia. What would it avail us if our wheat was held in storage as in Russia's in her Black Sea ports?
Yet, in other ways, Canada is infinitely better prepared as a self-supporting country than is Russia. In ratio to population our factory production swamps that of Russia. We even produce the luxuries the upper classes of Russia lack owing to the

London, Oct. 14—Forty-one persons were killed and 101 were wounded in Wednesday night's Zeppelin raid on London, it was officially announced this afternoon. Of the casualties fourteen of the killed and thirteen of the wounded were soldiers. The others were civilians.

Halifax, N.S., Oct. 14—Word was received here today of the death of Corporal Harold Bennett, 25th Battalion, a son of Jos. R. Bennett, of this city. He was killed in action on Oct. 8th. Mr. Bennett has two other sons at the front.

London, Oct. 14—A Bucharest despatch says: Bulgarian cavalry and German and Austrian troops were concentrated today at Vidin, on the Bulgarian bank of the Danube opposite Roumania, apparently ready for an offensive or defensive against Roumania, or possibly to meet Russian forces reported on their way across Roumania to help the Serbians.

Berlin, Oct. 14—Reports that a serious epidemic of cholera is raging at Kiel, the German naval base, are denied. It is asserted there were only three cases all in the same family. These patients were isolated and there is no danger of the disease spreading. The infection was brought from the eastern war theatre.

war. We manufacture boots, and our ladies are quite well satisfied with Canadian-made clothing. We have the machine shops—the looms—that the war-worn Russian general longed for. We have, in fact, gone a good way along the road that proves a nation to be industrially organized. Economically we have as great recuperative powers financially as has Russia—if only we conserve them. Our population is a flea-bite to that of Russia—but Russia never suffered from a mania of land speculation. Her cultivated area has decreased owing to the passing of the serf system and emigration; her farmers did not leave the land to become real estate or grain gamblers—as was the case in Canada. Russia has unequalled national resources to-day—but no industries in ratio to her population. There is an obvious lesson in all this. Build up Home Industries. Fortunately Canada has endeavored to do so.

PROTECTION IN AUSTRALIA

Grain Growers' Secretary Exchanges Notes With Australian Organizer

A recent issue of the "Grain Growers' Guide" contained an interesting letter from the General Secretary of the Farmers' and Settlers' Association of New South Wales. Apparently cooperative organization among farmers is making big strides in the Australian continent. After reviewing the cooperative features of the farmers' organizations, particularly with respect to the dairy industry, the Secretary's letter has a paragraph bearing on the much vexed tariff question. Judging from the Secretary's views on this subject the policy of protection does not agitate the farmers nearly as much in Australia as it has in the Canadian West during recent years. While the organized farmers in Australia are somewhat opposed to protection, their opposition is by no means shared by the majority of the agricultural producers, as is evident from the following extract from the Secretary's letter:

"As regards the feeling among Australian producers the position is decidedly 'mixed,' and it will probably surprise you to learn that the majority support the Protectionist policy."

Organized effort has resulted in the creation of a certain amount of hostility towards the policy of a reasonable encouragement for Canadian manufacturing industries in this country, but it is doubtful whether the majority of the farmers in the West are much more against protection than their fellow-farmers of Australia.

Queen Victoria's Doll—
When Queen Victoria was a little girl she dearly loved dolls. She had 132 in all—dancing girls, lords and ladies, babies and maids. Each one dressed in garments that fitted his or her place in life. Victoria made the garments of 32 of these dolls her very own self. Such fine stitches as she took, to do. Dainty pocket handkerchiefs, a half-inch square, she embroidered with initials, and drew the threads in the borders; silk and satin robes with long, graceful trains; caps and bonnets in the fashion of the day. Most wonderful of all was the way she finished off the tiny pockets on the tiniest of aprons. Many of these dolls are still preserved in the museum, where you may see them when you go to London.

Proposed Civic Improvement Organization For Canada

Proposal for National Movement to Secure Effective Interest in Municipal Affairs, and Advancement of Principles of Civic Improvement and Growth

The following appearing in the October issue of Conservation of Life, should be of much interest to the members of the Newcastle Town Improvement League, and to the citizens of the town in general:

At the International Town Planning Conference held in Toronto in May, 1914, the Canadian delegates met and passed the following resolution:

"That this representative gathering of Canadian delegates at the International City Planning Congress held in the Convocation Hall of Toronto University on Wednesday, May 13th, 1914, desires strongly to pray the Commission of Conservation, in view of the very practical co-operation and interest in the aims and objects of the present International City Planning Conference, to continue its good work by the creation of a special Bureau of City Planning and Housing in connection with the activities of the Commission of Conservation, to act as a Central Body to encourage and co-operate with provincial or other housing and town planning bodies."

Partly in consequence of the appeal contained in this resolution the Commission of Conservation has formed a Town Planning Branch, and has appointed a Town Planning Adviser. The branch is engaged in framing that town planning and housing legislation, in advising cities, towns and villages regarding the planning and improvement of their areas, and in educating the public mind. It is felt, however, that the work of the Commission will not meet with an adequate measure of success unless there is a more widespread interest in municipal matters on the part of the general body of citizens. An organization is required to stimulate public interest in municipal affairs, with special regard to public health, town planning and housing, and to encourage the study and advancement of the best principles of civic improvement and growth.

A proposal has therefore been made that Civic Improvement Leagues should be formed in each city, town and municipality in Canada, that these leagues should together form federations in each province, and that these federations should unite in a Dominion Conference of Civic Affairs at suitable intervals. Where Boards of Trade have Civic Improvement Committees, or other bodies are in existence which deal with certain aspects of city or village improvement, it might not be necessary, or even desirable, to form a new league, but merely to attach the existing body to the provincial federation. Civic Improvement and Housing Committees of Local Councils of Women would also be welcomed as local units in the organization.

The scope and form of constitution of the proposed organization have not yet been agreed but a draft scheme has been prepared and will be submitted to a representative conference to be held in January, 1915, during the annual meeting of the Commission of Conservation. Existing Civic Improvement Leagues and other bodies which have been formed for the purpose of promoting public health, town planning, housing and associated movements are being invited to take part in a preliminary conference to be held in November next.

Many of the existing bodies are working without knowledge of each other's operations and are unable to get the benefit to be derived from cooperation with each other. A frequent exchange of views would be of great value. In regard to all civic questions there is much need for education in Canada. There have been many interesting developments in recent years that require to be carefully studied. Experience in regard to town planning particularly is so new that it is of the utmost importance that the lessons to be derived from it should be fully discussed and erroneous ideas removed.

The time is considered opportune for a Dominion-wide movement in connection with these matters. The fact that the Empire is engaged in war is an added reason for considering how we can build up and conserve our national resources by reducing wasteful municipal expenditures, improving housing conditions, raising the standard of public health, obtaining better means of transportation, reducing unemployment and generally planning our towns, cities, and municipalities so as to secure health, economy and convenience.

As already stated, the leagues need not be limited to those dealing strictly with civic improvement, town planning and housing. Associations or committees in any city, town or district dealing with any question of civic improvement, town planning, housing, sanitation, public health, playgrounds, fire prevention, form of municipal government, etc., might join in the provincial organization.

General Consideration Regarding Scope and Objects of Leagues

The general object to be kept in mind should be to do that which is best for the public welfare—not for the interests of the few nor for the mere advertisement of the city, town or village. The business interests—especially those connected with productive enterprises—must have first consideration in connection with any scheme of civic improvement. Closely identified with these interests is the health of the people. To secure efficiency in connection with local industries and healthy conditions of life for the citizens, from the highest to the lowest, should be the first object of any association seeking to secure civic improvement of any kind, whether it be by a town planning or a housing scheme or by some other means.

The prosperity of a city, town or village is not determined by its size but by the average level of prosperity of its individual citizens and of the industries in which they are engaged. There is a higher average of wealth and more healthy conditions in many small towns than in many large cities. Growth is a good thing when healthy and when subject to a proper plan, but it is a bad weakening thing when it is simply a process of unhealthy expansion and is uncontrolled in the interests of the community as a whole. Neither in the human body nor in the city does mere size in itself denote strength—in both the various elements that go to make healthy growth must be present. It is for the local associations or leagues, guided and assisted by the central bodies, to discover what these elements are, and having discovered them, to see that they are present in their localities.

Much may be done to improve local conditions that have grown up in the past but perhaps more in the direction of preventing the recurrence of such conditions in future. The most urgent need is to safeguard future growth. This can be easily and economically done, when proper legal powers are obtained. To alter past growth is necessarily expensive and it will be slow of accomplishment.

The worthy desire of many citizens to make their cities and towns beautiful, to secure wide roads, fine groups of buildings, large open spaces, must not be lost sight of, but after all these, are to some extent at least, the luxuries and not the necessities of the city or town. We should plan to have artificial beauty but not at the expense of business efficiency, or health, or cleanliness. Natural beauty can usually be obtained by mere planning and without extra cost. A city that is healthy and clean may be beautiful even if it be without expensive ornament; it can never be really beautiful if it is unhealthy or unclean, however ostentatious its public buildings may be. By keeping things in their proper places, and subject to reasonable proportions according to their value and use, there is no reason why better results in regard to beauty, utility and health should not all be obtained without greater expense than we incur at present. By planning our towns we will find that efficiency and health can be secured by the very means which also secure the greatest economy. In every city, town and village the problem of today is that we are not able to improve conditions without increased cost, that we should get higher standards of efficiency and health without spending more but by "spending more wisely." We need groups of citizens in every community to study this problem and to consider and suggest means towards its solution.

Proposed Statement of Objects

The objects of each League should be defined as follows:—
To assist in promoting the highest interests of the (city or town) and the welfare of its citizens by the study and advancement of the best principles and methods of civic improvement and development, and by securing a general and effective public interest in all municipal affairs.



A Blended Flour like—

BEAVER FLOUR

Is The Only One That Is Equally Good For Bread and Pastry

EVERY good Canadian housewife remembers the kind of Bread she got with western wheat flour—the tough, coarse loaf, uninviting, rather tasteless and full of holes. She knows that such flour cannot make good pastry, no matter how much water she uses in the dough.

"Beaver" Flour is a blended flour—made of the famous Ontario pastry wheat, with the proper proportions of Manitoba wheat added to increase the strength.

"Beaver" Flour makes a good size loaf of bread—sweet, tasty, appetizing—as white and light as snow—with crisp, brown crusts—a truly delicious, nourishing food, that everyone enjoys for every meal.

It makes the kind of Pies and Cakes that you are proud to serve and everyone is glad to eat. Tell your grocer you want to try "Beaver" Flour—the original blended flour. 160

DEALERS—Write us for prices on Feed, Coarse Grains and Cereals. The T. H. Taylor Co. Limited, Chatham, Ont.

with special regard to such questions as the following:

(1) The form and character of local government and the application of sound economic principles in regard to the administration of municipal business.

(2) The preparation of town planning schemes for the purpose of securing proper sanitary conditions, convenience and amenity in connection with the development of land within and surrounding the area of the city.

(3) The replanning of old districts, the removal of slum areas, the widening of public thoroughfares, and other reconstruction schemes.

(4) The conservation of the industrial and physical resources of the city, with special regard to the housing condition and health of its citizens and the adequacy and efficiency of its public services.

(5) The preservation and increase of natural and structural beauty, the character and position of public monuments, the laying out of parks and open spaces, the planting and preservation of trees, the regulation of public advertising, and the abatement of smoke and other nuisances.

(6) The preparation of civic surveys and maps, and the carrying out of investigations into housing, transportation and industrial conditions, methods of land valuation and assessment, etc.

(7) The promotion of school and college courses in civic and civic design, of exhibitions of works of art and architectural engineering, and other designs relating to civic improvements, and of public performances of music; and the provision of facilities for the recreation and physical development of the young.

(8) The means of securing increased production from the soil within and in the neighbourhood of the city by encouraging the cultivation of idle suburban land and a more widespread interest in gardening.

The need for improvement leagues or associations is greater in some villages than in many towns. With a view to showing what work might be undertaken by a village improvement association a separate article in this bulletin describes the work of a successful New England association.

The above objects suggest the nature of the work to be undertaken. This, however, would differ according to the different conditions and different laws of each province and locality. For instance, in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Alberta there will be no need to consider the details of town planning legislation as Acts are already in force. In these three Provinces, therefore, the work of leagues or committees will probably be directed, so far as town planning is concerned, to encouraging the application of the existing legislation and to considering the details of schemes and their administration. In other provinces a large part of the work for a time will have to be in the direction of promoting legislation without which no effective town planning can be secured. Similar differences exist regarding other matters but a more extended statement of a suggested program of work for each province may be left over for the present.

An invitation is extended to all who desire to assist in promoting the proposed organization to communicate with the Town Planning Adviser of the Commission of Conservation by letter or on the card enclosed in this bulletin.

HAVE YOU A—

MODERN BATH ROOM IN YOUR HOME? IF NOT, WHY NOT?

IN TOWN OR COUNTRY

We can equip your farm home and buildings with every city convenience, Heating Sewerage disposal System, Bath Room, Hot and Cold water at tap, pneumatic water system and efficient fire protection.

HOW TO GET INFORMATION?

Call at our establishment and we will show you how, or drop us a post card and we will call upon you at your convenience. Estimates furnished free.

B. F. MALTBY

STOVES, PLUMBING, HEATING

Next Door to Post Office Phone 121

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869.

LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

Capital Paid up	\$ 11,560,000.00
Reserve Fund	12,560,000.00
Assets	179,404,954.35

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

340 Branches in Canada and Newfoundland

37 Branches in the West Indies

LONDON, ENGLAND NEW YORK CITY

2 Bank Bldgs., Princess St., E. C. Cor. William and Cedar Sts.

BUSINESS ACCOUNTS CARRIED UPON FAVORABLE TERMS

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT AT ALL BRANCHES.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

In the Bank's Steel Lined Vault, rented at from \$2.00 per annum upwards. These boxes are most convenient and necessary for all possessing valuable papers such as Wills, Mortgages, Insurance Policies, Bonds, Stock Certificates, etc.

NEWCASTLE, N. B. BRANCH

E. A. McCurdy, Manager

\$100 Reward, \$100
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh, Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The price of the cure is \$1.00 per bottle. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

BOOMING THE CIRCULATION
(Hartford, Ark., Observer.)
"If the young man who was seen Sunday evening kissing his best girl while standing at the front gate, will subscribe for The Observer before the next pressday, no further mention will be made of the matter." Next week the Observer announced that several hundred names had been added to its subscription list.

Let's wife at least earned her salt. Loud attire naturally speaks for itself.
Never lend money to a man who has a poor memory.
Anyway George Washington didn't use his little hammer.
Laugh at a fool and he imagines you are laughing with him.
Blessed is the peacemaker if he keeps at a safe distance.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

1c. per word first insertion. Ads. Payable in Advance.

When Writing to Advertisers Mention the Union Advocate.

ADVERTISE HERE

FOR SALE
One Canvass Canoe in good condition; well-known make, 15 feet long, open gunwales, removable seats, including two fine paddles. Address—SKIPPERS, care Advocate.

IF YOU READ somebody else's ad. here, why won't others read your ad. here. You will get the same results that others are getting.

STENOGRAPHER'S NOTE BOOKS
Good quality Stenographer's Note Books for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. Price 10c. each.

EPSON BOUDOIR PAPER
Epsom Pure Tissue Boudoir paper, flat, for sale at the Advocate Job Dept. 10c per package.

Butter Parchment
Butter Parchment of the Best Quality is kept at the Advocate Job Dept. Sold in one or two pound sizes, or in the full size sheet, 24x28. Butter wrappers also printed with Special Blue printing ink that will not run or stain the butter.

IMPERIAL TOILET PAPER
Imperial Perfected Toilet Paper, first quality, in rolls, 1c per roll, at the Advocate Job Dept.

Household Furniture
A quantity of Household Furniture for sale. For particulars apply at the Advocate Office.

Oysters For Sale
If you want any quantity of Good, Fresh Oysters for your home or for a friend, apply to CHAS. ASOBY, Ed. River Bridge, N. B. Phone 31.

Warehouse To Let
The warehouse at the front of Park's wharf. Possession given at once. Apply to W. A. PARK, 29-9 Sept. 29th Newcastle, N. B.

Girl Wanted
A girl familiar with general house work. Good wages paid for one who is thoroughly experienced. Apply to MRS. E. A. MCGURDY, Newcastle, N. B.

Janitor Wanted
Janitor wanted at the Royal Bank of Canada. For particulars as to salary and duties apply to E. A. MCGURDY, Manager.

PROFESSIONAL
R. A. LAWLOR, K. C. J. A. GREAGHAN, LL. B.

Lawlor & Creaghan
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Morrison Bldg., Newcastle

Dr. J. D. McMillan
DENTIST
Lounsbury Block, Newcastle
N. B.—Out of town one week beginning the last Monday of each month.

J. E. PARK, M.D., C.M.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Phone 167. Office Dr. Pedolin Estate Newcastle, N. B.

CLEANING & PRESSING EMPORIUM
Clothes Cleaned, Pressed, Repaired and Dyed, Prompt Attention
BERT STEWART
Phone Nos.—Residence 170, Shop, 142

W. J. DUNN
HACKMAN
Hack to and from all towns and boats. Parties driven anywhere in town. Orders left at Hotel Miramichi will be attended to.
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
33-1yr. Phone 100-21

Opportunities For Girls
It looks more and more as if owing to scarcity of skilled men, women will have to do much of the work hitherto done by men. This is especially true of office work. Of course, we are prepared to qualify either men or women to take advantage of their opportunities, and you can enter at any time. Send for Catalogues containing tuition rates, etc.

THE STATIONERY COLLEGE
S. KERR, Principal

TRY AN AD. UNDER THIS HEAD. IT WILL PAY YOU.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Local and Provincial

Advertising is Easy
It is simply saying in writing what you would say to customers in your shop.

Will Develop Sheep-Raising
The syndicate recently organized in Charlottetown to develop a sheep raising proposition has acquired 250 acres of land at Frenchfort and is placing 500 sheep and considerable other stock in the ranch.

Butouche Boy at Front
Corp. McNairn, of Butouche, writing home from "somewhere in France," to his father, says he is enjoying good health and hopes to pull through O. K.

Teachers Will Meet
The annual meeting of the Westmorland County Teachers' Institute will be held in the Odifellows' Hall, Moncton, on Thursday, Oct. 21st and Friday Oct. 22nd. The first session on Thursday will open at 10 a. m.

Excellent Picture
"The Commanding Officer" at the Happy Hour on Wednesday night last was patronized by a large number of this popular house's patrons. The picture was all and more than was said of it.

A New Industry
The Chatam World says it has been learned that barrels are soon to be manufactured in New Brunswick from pulp fibre under Canadian patents, and that these patents with United States patents are valued at \$25,000.

The Reservoir Dam
Contractor Frank has 23 men at work on the dam. The excavation for the foundation is complete, necessary buildings have been erected, a railway siding has been built, an engine and machinery are erected, and a large quantity of gravel for concrete is on the ground.

Anniversary Miramichi Fire
Thursday, October 6th, was the anniversary of the terrible Miramichi Fire which swept the North Shore towns of Newcastle and Douglastown out of existence, just ninety years ago. The catastrophe took place on October 6th, 1825.

To Join Heavy Battery
Mr. Geoffrey Bidlake, of Fredericton, is mentioned among others as volunteering for service with the heavy siege battery now being recruited in St. John. Mr. Bidlake is a son of Mr. George Bidlake, who was formerly connected with the Advocate.

Death of Archie McEachern
The sympathy of the community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Arch McEachern in the death of their son, Archie, which occurred Sunday evening, Oct. 10th. Deceased had been in failing health for the past year. He was 24 years of age. He had been a member of the McEachern orchestra and of the Citizens' Band, and has a host of friends throughout the province who will learn of his death with sincere regret. He is survived by his parents and three brothers—Arthur, Walter and John. The funeral was held Tuesday morning to the cathedral, where Requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. M. A. O'Keefe, interment being in St. Michael's cemetery. The pallbearers were Messrs. Fred Moar, Leo Troy, Geo. Bernard, Wm. Jardine, Michael Cahill and Warren Whitty.—World.

Excelsior Picture
"The Commanding Officer" at the Happy Hour on Wednesday night last was patronized by a large number of this popular house's patrons. The picture was all and more than was said of it.

Purchased New Car
Mr. F. P. Gutelius, general manager of the Canadian Government Railways, has purchased a new seven passenger Cadillac.—Transcript.

Is Coming Home
Arthur LeBlanc, son of Peter LeBlanc, Lutz Street, Moncton, and a brother of Henry LeBlanc, a well known I. C. R. employee, has returned to Canada, one of the soldiers invalided home.

Body Recovered
The body of Frank Crosbie, who was drowned from the Str. Arthur at Chatam, on Sept. 22nd, was picked up near Tyrrel's Point on Friday, the 8th.

Benefit can be secured at the minimum cost.
Any one who is instrumental in securing the revision, codification and uniformity of these laws will deserve well at the hands of the Dominion of Canada. In certain provinces, some roadways are required to be far too wide, whilst in all the provinces there are no provisions to regulate the width of air spaces, a matter of great importance from the standpoint of sanitation. Unduly wide roadways are not only a waste of land that should be put to better use, but is either a nuisance, or an annual expense, caused by the necessity of keeping it clean or in repair.

The early and proper selection of such roads and streets as will be required for through traffic should in all cases be determined. Few roadways, when used only for local traffic require to be wider than 24 feet, plus the sidewalks, and in many cases 16 feet will be found to be ample.

It is very necessary that regulations be made to govern the distance, from the centre of the roadway, at which houses are proposed to be erected. Trees planted along the sides of front streets add much to the comfort of those occupying the houses, as is evidenced by the fact that the value of houses erected on streets so planted with trees is enhanced; therefore, seeing that these trees are not costly, it is wise to arrange to have the front streets so planted. To enable this to be done and yet provide a garden between the trees and the houses it is necessary to arrange so that the centre of the houses be placed further from the centre of the front street than from the centre of the back lane. Such an arrangement also conduces to economy when connecting with the pipes and wires of the public service utilities. The saving so secured totals quite an amount.

An ideal arrangement, the same being made to conform to the requirements of the Ontario law, which requires a street of 66 feet, would be as follows:

	Feet
Front roadway, 18 to 24 feet, say	24.0
Grass strip with trees, 10 feet—one on each side of roadway	20.0
Centre sidewalk, 6 feet	12.0
Grass strip, 5 feet	10.0
Total	66.0
The 5 feet grass strip could be fenced in as part of the garden, until such time as it was required for municipal purposes, providing it was not built upon.	
From this grass strip to front of house	30.0
House over all, including (L) extension	50.0
Back yard from (L) extension to back lane	10.0
From back yard to centre of back lane	10.0
Total	100.0

The allowance for back lane would be 20 feet, of which 16 feet would be macadamized and four feet left under soil. Under this four feet would be placed all pipe lines and the poles for wires would be erected upon the inner line. This four feet strip could also be enclosed in one side of backyards providing it was not built over.

The advantages accruing from this arrangement are as follows:—
The front streets will be entirely relieved from
(a) Disturbance from the laying, removal or repairing of pipes of all sorts and from the subsidence of roadbed too often caused thereby.
(b) The front street will be relieved from all pole-lines, which are not only unsightly but damage the trees.
(c) The sidewalks will not be interfered with, and being only used for passenger traffic, will be without disturbance and so will last, without repairs, much longer than is now the case.
(d) The gardens will be free from disturbance.
(e) The front street will be relieved of all heavy traffic, thereby decreasing the quantity of dust thrown into the air by the passage of light vehicles.
(f) Both back and front of the

Under certain local conditions, it may be possible that this improved house would cost even less than one built after the old methods. Problems exist that yet require solution, and the solution when found may lead to further economies. These problems concern the construction of floors, partitions, walls, ceilings and roofs. Economies can be made in a more intelligent system of manufacturing and using the trimmings put into the house. Why use inch wood, when five-eighths will answer equally as well? Why use trimmings so manufactured that they harbour dust and germs, when trimmings without these faults are available and are as slightly?
LOUIS SIMPSON,
172 O'Connor Street, Ottawa.

It's a waste of one other fellow's time when you talk foolish.
Do we deserve the good opinion of those who do think well of us? Anyway, we never knew a man to marry a woman to reform her. The less brains a man has the easier it is for him to lose his head. A mere change of one vowel transforms a vocation to a vacation. The less confidence a man has in himself the more he may have in others. One kind of a hypocrite is a man who pretends to be busy when he isn't.

Will Hold Tag Day
The ladies of the Chatam branch of the Red Cross Society are holding a Tag Day tomorrow.

Real Fall Weather
The weather the past week or so has been exceptionally fine fall weather, with the evenings a shade on the warm side.

Will get out Lumber
Both the Shives Lumber Co., and the A. B. Mowatt Co., of Campbellton, will put men in the woods this winter to get out lumber.

Picked for Sniping
Jack Sowerby, of Moncton, who is with the 26th Battalion now at the front, having made the highest marks for shooting of any in his battalion, has been picked out for a sniper.

Body Recovered
The body of Frank Crosbie, who was drowned from the Str. Arthur at Chatam, on Sept. 22nd, was picked up near Tyrrel's Point on Friday, the 8th.

Purchased New Car
Mr. F. P. Gutelius, general manager of the Canadian Government Railways, has purchased a new seven passenger Cadillac.—Transcript.

Is Coming Home
Arthur LeBlanc, son of Peter LeBlanc, Lutz Street, Moncton, and a brother of Henry LeBlanc, a well known I. C. R. employee, has returned to Canada, one of the soldiers invalided home.

Death of Archie McEachern
The sympathy of the community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Arch McEachern in the death of their son, Archie, which occurred Sunday evening, Oct. 10th. Deceased had been in failing health for the past year. He was 24 years of age. He had been a member of the McEachern orchestra and of the Citizens' Band, and has a host of friends throughout the province who will learn of his death with sincere regret. He is survived by his parents and three brothers—Arthur, Walter and John. The funeral was held Tuesday morning to the cathedral, where Requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. M. A. O'Keefe, interment being in St. Michael's cemetery. The pallbearers were Messrs. Fred Moar, Leo Troy, Geo. Bernard, Wm. Jardine, Michael Cahill and Warren Whitty.—World.

To Join Heavy Battery
Mr. Geoffrey Bidlake, of Fredericton, is mentioned among others as volunteering for service with the heavy siege battery now being recruited in St. John. Mr. Bidlake is a son of Mr. George Bidlake, who was formerly connected with the Advocate.

Excelsior Picture
"The Commanding Officer" at the Happy Hour on Wednesday night last was patronized by a large number of this popular house's patrons. The picture was all and more than was said of it.

Purchased New Car
Mr. F. P. Gutelius, general manager of the Canadian Government Railways, has purchased a new seven passenger Cadillac.—Transcript.

Is Coming Home
Arthur LeBlanc, son of Peter LeBlanc, Lutz Street, Moncton, and a brother of Henry LeBlanc, a well known I. C. R. employee, has returned to Canada, one of the soldiers invalided home.

Death of Archie McEachern
The sympathy of the community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Arch McEachern in the death of their son, Archie, which occurred Sunday evening, Oct. 10th. Deceased had been in failing health for the past year. He was 24 years of age. He had been a member of the McEachern orchestra and of the Citizens' Band, and has a host of friends throughout the province who will learn of his death with sincere regret. He is survived by his parents and three brothers—Arthur, Walter and John. The funeral was held Tuesday morning to the cathedral, where Requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. M. A. O'Keefe, interment being in St. Michael's cemetery. The pallbearers were Messrs. Fred Moar, Leo Troy, Geo. Bernard, Wm. Jardine, Michael Cahill and Warren Whitty.—World.

To Join Heavy Battery
Mr. Geoffrey Bidlake, of Fredericton, is mentioned among others as volunteering for service with the heavy siege battery now being recruited in St. John. Mr. Bidlake is a son of Mr. George Bidlake, who was formerly connected with the Advocate.

HOUSING OF THE INDUSTRIAL WORKER

Interesting Subject From the Pen of Louis Simpson, in Conservation of Life

The October number of Conservation of Life, a quarterly bulletin issued under the direction of the Commission of Conservation of Canada, contains the following article, under the heading, "Housing of the Industrial Worker," by Mr. Louis Simpson, of Ottawa, and which the Advocate considers worthy of reproducing:

HOUSING OF THE INDUSTRIAL WORKER
The important question of housing industrial workers can only be satisfactorily solved, when some one, or preferably some government demonstrates the possibility of erecting houses, which conforming to the requirements of the sanitary engineer, can be rented for amounts which are not out of proportion to the occupiers' incomes, and yet yield the investor an equitable return on his investment and risk. When considering the amount of rent an occupier may be able to pay it is necessary also to take account of certain expenditure indirectly connected with rent, although not rent—such as the amounts that have to be expended in fuel to heat the house, the cost of water, the amount of tenant taxes, of fire insurance and of repairs, often that the repairs undertaken by the landlord.

A badly constructed house at an apparently low rental, may cost more than a well constructed house at a far higher rental. The extra expenditure, under one or more of the items mentioned, may be more amount of rent paid.

In Canada, problems exist that are non-existent in such countries as England. Partly owing to climatic causes, the wages paid to bricklayers, masons, plasterers and plumbers are very high, often over three times the wage rates paid in Europe. With temperatures ranging from under 50 degrees below zero up to and over 95 degrees above, making a difference of over 125 degrees, as against a difference of about 70 degrees in England,

the cost of improved building land is higher than the cost of similar land in Europe, notwithstanding the price of agricultural lands is much less. This increase in cost is partly owing to the increased cost of improvements, but is chiefly owing to an unwarranted increase in the price of agricultural lands, as soon as they are divided into lots. The bulk of this increase goes into the pockets of real estate speculators, and is a real danger to the future of Canada. These conditions cause the providing of houses for the occupancy of industrial workers, at a reasonable rental, to be difficult, and any attempt to solve the question by the erection of houses, either detached or semi-detached, must fail because houses thus erected give the minimum of comfort at the maximum of cost. It can be proven that money spent on a number of detached or semi-detached houses, if spent upon houses built in a row, would provide more comfortable houses—houses with better sanitary surroundings, requiring less fuel to heat and costing less in upkeep.

For similar reasons, the construction of houses with pitched or peaked roofs is to be deprecated. The flat roof, properly constructed, will make the house warmer in winter and cooler in summer; it is cheaper to build, less expensive to maintain, and, as a fire risk, it is far superior.

If it be admitted that houses should be erected in rows, when they are to be occupied by persons of limited income, it is then necessary to consider how such rows should be undertaken.

The laws governing these municipal activities vary widely in the several provinces and are seldom drawn up so that the maximum

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they act—**they permanently cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin, Small Pits, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature.**



Discharge Papers Found in Truro
(Copied by Request)
Mr. William White, of the I. R. C. station staff here, one day recently picked up on the station premises a soldier's discharge paper, that of "Harold James Goodwin," of where the document does not say. He was 29½ years old, fair complexioned, gray eyes, brown hair, and was a clerk. His character was given as first class. As the discharge cannot be duplicated, it is hoped it may again fall into Mr. Goodwin's hands.

It is at this office, and contemporaries could help in the restoration by copying this notice, as it may come under Mr. Goodwin's eye. Address THE CITIZEN, P. O. Drawer 69, Truro, Nova Scotia.

Alien Enemies
There are about sixty-two Bulgarians in and around Fredericton.

Notified of Diplomatic Break
Lieutenant Governor Wood has been notified by Ottawa of the diplomatic break between Great Britain and Bulgaria.

Chaplain of the 88th
Rev. C. J. Lawrence, rector of Trinity Church, Kingston, N. B., has resigned and has been appointed chaplain of the 88th Battalion for overseas services.

houses the ground would be perfectly under-drained.
(a) The annual cost of repairs would be materially reduced.
It has been claimed that a back lane has disadvantages as follows:
(a) Increased cost of police protection.
(b) Increased cost of lighting.
(c) These objections do not seem to have been well taken. Because, (a) as no police protection is now given such property, there can be no increase of what does not exist.
(b) As the back lanes would not be used after dark, the light given from the back of the houses would be sufficient to prevent these lanes becoming a nuisance. In Canada I have never found such lanes a nuisance.
I am of opinion that it is preferable to turn the land between the back-lane and the (L) extension into a yard, with cement, concrete or asphalt macadam surface. Vegetables cannot be grown without manure. Manure brings flies and bad odors. If no manure is applied, the garden is not satisfactory. Bad odors are given off by the decaying vegetables. If it be desirable to encourage the cultivation of vegetables, I am strongly in favour of the garden allotment system. Not one in four desires to grow vegetables, and of those only about one in four would keep the garden free from weeds.
Few Canadian carpenters understand the methods required to be followed to make a house warm in winter and cool in summer. They therefore require instructing.
It is possible to so construct a house that, whilst it costs no more than a clap-boarded painted house, with wood shingle peaked roof, it will be warmer in winter, cooler in summer, cost less to keep in repair and be more fire resistant.

Church Directory
SUNDAY SERVICES

United Baptist Church
Rev. M. S. Richardson.
Morning service, 11 a. m.
Sunday School, 2:30 p. m.
Prayer service, Deiby, 3 p. m.
Evening service, Newcastle, 7 p. m.
Mid-Week Service—Wednesday Prayer and testimony meeting 7:30 p. m.

St. Andrew's Church
(Anglican)
Rev. W. J. Bate
Holy Communion—Every Sunday at 8:00 a. m. and first Sunday in month at 11:00 a. m.
Morning and Evening Prayer—Matins at 11:00 (except 3rd Sunday in month, no service). Evensong at 7:00.
Daily Prayers 7:30 a. m. and 5:30 p. m. Wednesday Evensong 7:30.

St. Mary's Church
(Catholic)
(During winter months from November to May.)
Early Mass with sermon, etc., 9:00 a. m.
Late Mass with sermon, etc., 11:00 a. m.
St. Aloysius Society for boys, 1:30.
Children baptized, when there are baptisms, 2:00 p. m.
Sunday School Classes, 2:30 p. m.
Vespers, with Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament, etc., 7:00 p. m.

Methodist Church
Rev. Dr. Harrison
Sunday Services 11:00 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.
Prayer and Praise Service, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

The Kirk
St. James Presbyterian Church
Rev. S. J. MacArthur, M. A., B. D.
Worship Sunday, 11:00 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.
Sabbath School, 2:30 p. m.

Salvation Army
Capt. P. Forbes
Holiness Meeting—11 a. m.
Praise and Testimony Meeting—3:00 p. m.
Salvation Meeting—8 p. m.
Public Meetings—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays—8:00 p. m.

Eastern Steamship Corporation
INTERNATIONAL LINE
Steamships Calvin Austin, and Governor Cobb.
FALL EXCURSIONS LOW FARES
Return Limit 30 Days

St. John to Boston \$7.00
St. John to Portland 6.50
Leave St. John, Mon., Wed., and Friday at 9 a. m. for Lunenburg, Eastport, Portland and Boston. Return Leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mon., Wed. and Fri. at 9 a. m.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE
STEAMSHIPS NORTHLAND AND NORTH STAR
Leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, Tues., Thurs. and Sat. at 6:00 p. m.
A. C. CURRIE, Agent, St. John N. B.
A. E. FLEMING, T. F. & P. A., St. John, N. B.

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia.

The Union Advocate A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER Established 1867

Published Wednesday Afternoon Subscription Price, \$1.00 Per Year United States, \$1.50 in Advance Copy for changes of advt. must be in this office by 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

J. H. BROWN, Man. Ed.

WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 20, 1915

THE CATTLE INDUSTRY

The very fine display of cattle which was on view at the recent exhibition of the M. A. E. A. serves to call attention to some remarks of Dr. C. C. James, of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, made at the Ontario Veterinary College a few days ago, when he drew attention to a very real evil that exists by reason of the grave cattle shortage that prevails in this country at the present time.

The Advocate has on more than one occasion during the last two or three years drawn attention to this matter, and has suggested that some steps be taken to stimulate the cattle breeding industry. What the shortage means must be very apparent to the average householder when it is pointed out that although the past summer has been one of the best for pasturage that the province has known for many years, the price of meat and dairy products has been as high or higher than it was in the same period of 1914.

The Broken Coin Drew Large House

At the Happy Hour Last Night—Gives Promise of Increasing Interest

There was an unusually large crowd of people at the Happy Hour last night to see "The Broken Coin," the new serial just started. This new photoplay has been well advertised and judging from the opening chapters it shows every prospect of increasing interest as each week's installment is shown.

Miss Mamie Daughney returned Monday night from a visit to Fredrickton.

Landing at Enos Effected by Allies

The Capture of Enos and Strumitza Will Give British and French Two Towns of Strategic Importance

London, Oct. 18.—The reports that the Allies have occupied Strumitza and landed at Enos, which was recently transferred from Turkish to Bulgarian rule, have caused a more optimistic feeling throughout the allied countries.

Serbian are Putting Up Desperate Resistance Must Have Help Quickly or Will be Unable to Restrain Enemy

Athens, Oct. 18.—In an effort to prevent the Allies from getting to Nish a strong Bulgarian force was trying today to cut the railroad the former will have to traverse between Valandovo and Hovdovo, twenty miles north of Greek frontier. The Bulgarians were resisting desperately, the Bulgarian force numbering 40,000.

Many Bulgars Deserting Army

Army Officers with Leaning Toward Russia are Also Being Retired

Milan, (via Paris) Oct. 16.—The Bulgarian Government has been obliged to resort to stern measures of repression as the result of unrest among the people, says a despatch to the Secolo from Sofia, by way of Bucharest.

SIR EDWARD CARSON RESIGNS FROM CABINET

London, Oct. 19.—Sir Edward Carson, Attorney-General, has resigned from the British Cabinet.

THE MISSANABIE WITH 8TH C. M. R. ABOARD ARRIVES IN ENGLAND

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 18.—A cable was received this morning announcing the safe arrival in England of the Eighth C. M. R., on the S. S. Missanabie. The regiment left Barfield Camp on October 8th.

River Morava, north of the town of Vranja, where they blew up a bridge. There is no confirmation, however, of the report that they cut the railway in this district, the bridge which they destroyed being a small wooden one near the railway. The Bulgarian force which penetrated the valley is not a large one.

On the other hand, it is pointed out, the capture of Strumitza is of real strategic value, as its occupation permits the defense of the southern end of the railway and compels the Bulgarians to keep a force there. Enos, too, is of value, as, although not a good landing place, its occupation threatens Dedegatch, which has a great harbor and is fortified and mined.

Kitchener Needs Yet More Men

New York, Oct. 19.—A cable to the New York Times from London, dated Saturday, says: "The Birmingham Post has received the following from Lord Kitchener to the people of Birmingham, with reference to the recruiting campaign in that city: 'I need more men and still more.'

General Villa Reported Killed

Mexican Leader Said to Have Been Shot by Disaffected Troops

El Paso, Oct. 16.—A report that General Francisco Villa, leader of the northern faction in Mexico has been killed was brought to El Paso early today by a Mexican who just arrived from Casas Grandes.

ENGLAND DECLARES WAR ON BULGARIA

London, Oct. 17.—Great Britain has declared war on Bulgaria. The British Foreign Office announces that in view of the fact that Bulgaria has announced she is at war with Serbia, and is an ally of the Central Powers, His Majesty's government has informed the Bulgarian government, through the Swedish minister at London, who is in charge of Bulgarian interests, that a state of war exists between Great Britain and Bulgaria, as from 10 p. m.

NOVA SCOTIA'S NEW GOVERNOR

Ottawa, Oct. 17.—Hon. David Maclean of Halifax, was appointed at a cabinet meeting today Lieut-Governor of Nova Scotia in succession to Lieut-Governor McGregor whose term of office was expired.

French Hold Gains Made in Lorraine

Violent Attacks by the German Foe Repulsed with Heavy Loss to Enemy

Paris, Oct. 16.—French forces have repulsed several counter attacks in the Lorraine district against the trenches occupied by them yesterday, according to the official statement issued by the French War Office today. The text of the communication follows: "We repulsed last night in Lorraine several counter attacks against the trenches which we occupied yesterday to the north of Reillon. In the course of the engagement we took 100 prisoners."

Stir Up German Troops

Paris, Oct. 16.—A divisional order marked "strictly secret" addressed to German officers and signed "Dietrich" has been found on a German officer. The order states that it has been observed recently that the infantry limits its action simply to defensive firing, but does little, so as not to provoke a reply from the enemy. When the latter bombards the German positions, the infantry calls for artillery support and manifests great satisfaction when the enemy attacks cease.

Urged to Greater Effort

All efforts should be made with a view to being able to take an early offensive, which will be all the more difficult the longer it is delayed, inasmuch as the enemy would be found more strongly entrenched and morally stronger. Commanders of brigades and regiments are urged to make a great effort to keep up offensive activity to the highest pitch all along the front.

CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION

Baby's Own Tablets will promptly cure constipation of childhood. They act as a gentle laxative, regulate the bowels and stomach and are absolutely safe. Concerning them Mrs. A. Crowell, Sandy Cove, N. S., writes: 'I can strongly recommend Baby's Own Tablets to all mothers whose little ones are suffering from constipation.'

General Villa Reported Killed

Mexican Leader Said to Have Been Shot by Disaffected Troops

ENGLAND DECLARES WAR ON BULGARIA

London, Oct. 17.—Great Britain has declared war on Bulgaria. The British Foreign Office announces that in view of the fact that Bulgaria has announced she is at war with Serbia, and is an ally of the Central Powers, His Majesty's government has informed the Bulgarian government, through the Swedish minister at London, who is in charge of Bulgarian interests, that a state of war exists between Great Britain and Bulgaria, as from 10 p. m.

NOVA SCOTIA'S NEW GOVERNOR

Ottawa, Oct. 17.—Hon. David Maclean of Halifax, was appointed at a cabinet meeting today Lieut-Governor of Nova Scotia in succession to Lieut-Governor McGregor whose term of office was expired.

AFTER DINNER SALE --AT CREAGHAN'S-- Tuesday Afternoon, October 26th. WE want every man, woman and child for miles around to attend this sale. It means the greatest saving of Dollars and Cents you have ever had an opportunity of realizing before.

PERSONALS

Miss Nan McKnight, of Douglstown, is seriously ill. Mr. W. C. Archibald, of Wolfville, N. S., was in town on Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Scott, of Dalhousie, spent Monday in town.

IN TIME OF WAR GUARD YOUR SIGHT He who has lost his sight best knows its value. Hundreds suffer loss of sight. Timely attention might have prevented it. Examination free. Satisfaction guaranteed. DICKISON & TROY Druggists & Opticians "The Rexall Stores" Newcastle & Blackville

SOFT BEER WE SUPPLY SOFT BEER FOR PICNICS, DANCES, ETC. LEMON SOUR, IRON BREW, GINGER ALE, GINGER BEER (stone bottles), SCOTIA ALE, SCOTIA STOUT, OXOLC, ASSORTED POP, ALSO CIGARS. A. D. FARRAH & CO.

Mr. Jack Lawlor is spending his vacation in St. John.

Mr. Wm. McGrath, Inspector of I. C. R. bridge work at Catawout, spent Sunday at his home.

The Misses Parker, of Newcastle, are the guests of Mrs. Snowball, Wellington Villa—Commercial.

Mr. Leo MacMinamin of St. John, is spending a few days in town supplying at Durick's Drug Store in the absence of Mr. Roy D. Mayes.

Miss Jean McCallum went to Moncton Saturday to attend the Bovard-Thompson wedding which took place on Thursday, Oct. 19th.

Addressed Orange Lodge No. 47 received a very pleasant official visit Monday night from Grand Organizer S. J. Wilson, of St. Stephen.

Mr. G. T. Leighton held her post-nuptial reception at her home, 179 St. George Street, Moncton, Thursday afternoon. The house was artistically decorated for the occasion.

The following wedding notice is of much interest to a large number of Miramichi people. On September 25, at the Parish church, Wilmslow, Cheshire, England by the Rev. R. Edwards, rector, John Ferdinand Beveridge, Lieutenant 10th Manchester Regiment, fourth son of Jas. Beveridge, Chatham, New Brunswick, Canada, to Catherine, youngest daughter of the late James William Travis Cocker and Mrs. Cocker of Holmfeld, Wilmslow.

Among the Hunters The following American hunters came out from the Miramichi woods this week: F. H. Funk, Fairmount, W. Va., 1 caribou.

J. Cochrane, Parkosburg, W. Va., 1 moose, 1 caribou and 1 deer. T. Heitshaw of same place, 1 moose. Clarence Roy and S. J. Oneslayer, Harrisburg, Pa., 1 moose each.

Major Maude of London, England, was also very successful. He got a moose and two bears.

Lots of game is being got by local hunters.

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties: Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions.

A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months' residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C. M. G., Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64258. 22-6mos.

NEWS OF THE COUNTY

Interesting Items Written by The Advocate's Regular Correspondents for its Readers.

BLACKVILLE NOTES

Oct. 18—Miss Lillian Lawlor of Chatham has been visiting friends in town for the past week.

The friends of Mrs. W. J. McLagan will be pleased to hear that she has recovered from her recent illness.

Mr. Morrissey Dunn who is attending St. Thomas College, Chatham, spent the holiday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Dunn.

Messrs. A. Layton and Arthur McKenzie motored to Newcastle on Monday.

SUNNY CORNER

Oct. 18—Miss Emma Gulliver left for Massachusetts last week.

Messrs. Clarence and Thomas Nowlan have returned from a hunting trip up river.

Mrs. Bella McTavish is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. A. Matchett.

Messdames John Burns and Fred Stewart called on Mrs. Wm. Ingram Thursday evening.

The people of Sunny Corner and Redbank, intending having a concert and supper for the Red Cross this week.

BOIESTOWN NEWS

Oct. 18—The young folks of Boiestown had their usual weekly dance at the hall on Tuesday night this week.

The Boy Scouts had an organization meeting this week and obtained quite a membership.

Mr. and Mrs. Perley Hovey and Miss Isabella Hovey of Portlana Me. are visiting relatives and friends in town.

Miss Jean Norrad spent Thanksgiving with friends near Fredericton. Mr. and Mrs. Howard Richards and son William have moved to Fredericton for the winter. They will be much missed especially in all social circles.

Miss Eva Norrad of Fredericton, who has been visiting her brother, Mr. Henry Norrad, returned home this week.

A baptism of four candidates, namely Messrs. Harold Munn, Roscoe Munn, Bernard Munn and Clifford Lyons, took place at Norrad Bridge on Sunday morning.

A meeting of the Women's Institute was held at the residence of Mrs. William MacMillan on Friday evening.

A great number attended the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Peter O'Donnell of Ludlow on Friday evening.

SILLIKERS NOTES

Oct. 15—Mr. and Mrs. Valentine of Philadelphia who have been hunting at Catamaran Lake for four weeks, with guides John McDonald and Hazel Tozer, returned yesterday. "They had good success, securing some deer, moose and a bear.

There are several cases of typhoid fever here, and one case a daughter of Mr. Charles Mutch, is dangerously ill.

Mrs. William Hare held her annual knitting party on Wednesday, and about eighteen ladies attended, and spent a pleasant time.

Quite a number of ladies here are knitting socks and mitts for the soldiers, giving in their work to the Redbank Red Cross Society.

Miss Margery Matthews was the guest of Mrs. Wm. Tozer on Wednesday.

Miss Jewett spent Thanksgiving in Redbank, the guest of Miss Annie Sutherland.

The people are all pleased to see that the school house has been provided with a new flag pole and Union Jack.

Mr. N. W. Gladwin spent the holiday in Newcastle.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Cathin Brophy took place on Wednesday morning at nine o'clock, interment being made in St. Raphael's Church burying ground. She is survived by a husband and daughter, Mrs. Bary of Boston; and three sons, William of Minnesota; John of Bathurst, and Finton at home.

The friends of Mr. A. Alcorn will be sorry to hear that he is confined to his home here on account of sickness.

Mr. Henry McRae of Newcastle spent Monday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Melkae.

Miss Bridget Layton has been the guest of Miss Lizzie McConnell for the past week.

Mr. Fred Copland was in town on Monday.

Mr. Chas. Gattcamp of Fredericton was in town on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Alcorn are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Schofield spent the weekend in Renous at their old home.

Mr. John Hennessy has been confined to his home for the past week on account of sickness.

Mr. Horan, traveller for Baird & Peters, was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Lottie Underhill returned to New Hampshire on Wednesday where she will resume her duties as a train nurse.

Miss Jennie Mersereau of Blissfield, was in town on Tuesday.

Private Stanley McDonald of the 55th Battalion arrived in town on Tuesday morning. He expects to return to Valcartier on Saturday.

Mrs. S. Y. Jardine spent Tuesday in Fredericton.

Some of the young people attended the dance held in Chelmsford on Tuesday night.

Mr. Melvin McRae has been visiting relatives in Blissfield for the past week.

Conductor E. S. Vye spent Sunday at his home here.

Miss Lillian Barry who has been visiting relatives here returned to her home in Boston.

Miss Lillian Dale spent the past week at Renous the guest of Mrs. Thos. Jardine.

Mrs. Cole of Moncton was the guest of Miss Lizzie McConnell for the past week.

Mrs. McDermot of Dalhousie is the guest of Mrs. E. S. Vye.

Mr. Herman Attridge of Doaktown was in town on Thursday.

Mr. Melvin Ross went to Boiestown on Wednesday.

Mrs. Drysdell and little daughter Margaret, of Woodstock, have been the guests of Mrs. Benj. Walls for the past week.

Miss Edna Davidson was the guest of Mrs. C. Schofield on Wednesday.

Wm. Robinson, I.C.R. Brakeman Killed

Was Struck by No. 34 Maritime Express, at Beaver Brook

William Robinson, of Moncton, brakeman on Intercolonial, was instantly killed Thursday morning at Beaver Brook, on Northern Division. Brakeman Robinson was working on No. 39, freight, which left Moncton going North Wednesday night. About 5.30 Thursday morning No. 39 crossed No. 34, Maritime express south bound, at Beaver Brook. No. 39 was standing on the siding and as the freight was to back out of siding after the Maritime had passed, Robinson left the van to walk back to open the switch at the southern end of the siding.

Robinson, it is said, was walking along the track on the freeman's side and was consequently unobserved by Driver Stewart of the Maritime. He was struck by the bumping of the locomotive of the Maritime and terribly injured about the head, death occurring instantly.

The body was taken to Moncton on the Maritime express.

Brakeman Robinson formerly belonged to Kent County, his home being a few miles from Harcourt. He began braking in January, 1908. He was previously employed in another department of the railway. Thursday night he was not on his regular run, having changed with another brakeman.

FEARED HE WOULD MEET WITH ACCIDENT

Brakeman Robinson Planned to Increase Insurance On His Life.

A strange feature of the death of Brakeman Robinson was that he seemed to have a premonition of the fatality. On Wednesday he called on Dr. C. T. Purdy and made an appointment to be examined within a few days for an increase in his life insurance, remarking on the uncertainty of life and the dangers of his employment.

It was recalled at his boarding house Thursday morning, that, as he left the evening before, to go out on his train he came back once or twice for things he was forgetting, and remarked that he felt as though something was going to happen.

\$2,500,000 BRITISH GOLD ON LINER AT NEW YORK

New York, Oct. 15—The Red Star liner Lapland arrived here today with \$2,500,000 in gold, consigned to local bankers. Passengers said the vessel was escorted, virtually all during the voyage, by British cruisers. The convoys remained close to the Lapland until the liner was well outside the war zone, and early yesterday, in a heavy fog, another British cruiser picked up the vessel.

All Mothers Need Constant Strength

Their Strength is Taxed and They are Victims of Weakness and Suffering

When there is a growing family to care for and the mother falls ill it is a serious matter. Many mothers who are on the go from morning to night, whose work, apparently, is never done, try to disguise their suffering and keep up an appearance of cheerfulness before their family. Only themselves know how they are distressed by lachrymations and headaches, dragging down pains and nervous weakening; how their nights are often sleepless and they arise to a new day's work tired, depressed and quite unrefreshed. Such women should know that their sufferings are usually due to lack of good nourishing blood. They should know that the one thing they need above all others to give them new health and strength is rich, red blood, and that among all medicines there is none can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their blood-making, health-restoring qualities. Every suffering woman, every woman with a home and family to care for should give these pills a fair trial for they will keep her in health and strength and make her work easy. Mrs. G. Strasser, Acton West, Ont., says: "I am the mother of three children, and after each birth I became terribly run down; I had weak, thin blood, always felt tired, and unable to do my household work. After the birth of my third child I seemed to be worse, and was very badly run down. I was advised to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I found the greatest benefit from the pills and soon gained my old-time strength. Indeed, after taking them I felt as well as in my girlhood, and could take pleasure in my work. I also used Baby's Own Tablets for my little ones and have found them a splendid medicine for childhood ailments."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

New Arrivals!

Having removed to my new store in rear of Post Office, I wish to announce to the Public that I have just opened a choice line of

Groceries, Provisions, Confectionery, Crockeryware, Fancy Goods, Etc.

CLOCKS AND WATCHES—A nice assortment of Clocks, good time keepers, from 75c up to the famous "Big Ben" at \$3.00. Boys gold and nickel plated watches, \$1.00 and \$1.25. Gun metal watches, good time keepers, \$1.25. Gold filled watches, \$5.00 up.

PIPES—A nice assortment from 15c to \$1.50.

HARMONICAS—10c up.

LUNCH BOXES—35c to 50c.

STATIONERY—Gold Bond and Columbia Note, in ruled and unruled, Society Note Paper and Envelopes in Boxes. SEE "Our Allies" Linen Tablet at 15c. THE BEST IN TOWN.

Crockeryware

CUPS AND SAUCERS. in White, Blue, Blue Willow and Gilt.

TEAPOTS—A large assortment at different prices.

TOILET SETS—A large variety in 6 and 10 pieces from \$2.00 up.

TEA SETS—42 and 44 pieces—from \$3.75 to \$5.00.

WATER SETS in Ivory and Heavy Gold Bond, a good variety.

CHINA CREAM PITCHERS—7c each.

BEAN POTTS in sizes from 1/2 gal. up.

GALVANIZED WATER PAILS. Fruit and Vegetables in Season. Davies Hams and Bacon, Clear Cut Pork always in stock.

Try our pickled Hocks, at 10c lb, excellent with cabbage.

Intercolonial To Have Surplus

Both Passenger and Freight Receipts Show an Increase Over Last Year

Ottawa, Oct. 15—According to Mr. F. P. Gutelius, general manager of the Intercolonial Railway, the Government railway, despite hard times and the war, will show a surplus this year. "We are doing better this year than last year," said Mr. Gutelius, who is in Ottawa today. "The receipts, both passengers and freight, will show a considerable increase."

Last year the Intercolonial had a surplus of \$40,000. Mr. Gutelius admits that the National Transcontinental so far has not been a paying proposition, but he is hopeful that with the revenue from the grain trade, operating expenses at least may be met during the fall and winter months.

Wedding Cakes....

If you intend getting married this month, and have not the time to prepare for the wedding feast, you can save all this trouble by leaving your order for your Wedding Cake and other pastry at

BRIGHTMAN'S BAKERY

If you do not feel like standing over a hot fire to cook a loaf of cake or a pan of biscuit, drop in and buy them here right fresh from the oven.

Watch for this Advt. Weekly

H. W. BRIGHTMAN
42-lyr. Newcastle, N. E.

Each Province Will Name a Commission

Ottawa, Oct. 18—The conference between the military hospitals commission and the representatives of the different provinces which convened here today did not conclude its work, but will continue its sittings tomorrow and further consider plans for employment of returning soldiers.

After considerable discussion the principle of the proposal for the appointment of provincial commissions in connection with the work was reached. It was decided to leave the character and numbers of the different committees to the various provincial governments.

When the conference began Sir Robert and Senator Loughheed explained to the delegates its objects and the plan submitted by the commission was discussed.

Briefly, the plan proposes provincial commissions to co-operate with the central commission at Ottawa, with local committees to attend to publicity work. There are plans for vocational training, technical education and general employment, while the back-to-the-land movement may to a considerable extent, be given effect to.

The preliminary conference opened in the privy council chamber at noon under the presidency of Senator Loughheed, Sir Robert Borden extending a formal welcome.

The provincial delegates are: Ontario—Premier Hearst; Quebec—Hon. Walter Mitchell and Hon. J. L. Deary; Manitoba—Premier Norris; Saskatchewan—Premier Scott and Attorney-General Turgeon; Alberta—Hon. Charles Mitchell; New Brunswick—Premier Clark; Nova Scotia—Hon. E. H. Armstrong and Prof. Sexton.

Nothing venture, nothing gain—but you may be able to keep what you already have.

RANGES, COOK STOVES AND HEATING STOVES

We have quite a large stock of the Famous Fawcett Stoves including the celebrated "Victor Range" "Diamond M" and Perfect Cook Stoves.

"Hot Blast or Retort," "Fairy Oak" "Charm Oak" and Sackville Oak Heaters.

"Regal" and Cottage Diamond Franklins, Box Stoves. Sheet Iron Camp Stoves, etc., Oil Heaters, Stove Boards, Coal Scuttles, and Coal Shovels, Stove Pipe etc

SPRINGHILL COAL

D. W. STOTHART

WE SELL

Beaver Board Roofing Paper Metal Ceiling Steel Roofing

In Addition to our Regular Lines of Outside and Interior Finish of Native and Foreign Woods

NEWCASTLE PLANING MILL

Phone 139 36-0 CANADIAN GEAR WORKS, LTD.

H. F. MCKINLEY GENERAL MERCHANT

McKinleyville, - N. B.

FULL LINE OF

Groceries and General Merchandise ALWAYS ON HAND

All orders received by mail given prompt attention. Carload of Feed and Flour has just arrived. 15-lyr.

TOURNADE'S KITCHEN BOUQUET

Flavoring and Coloring for Soups, Gravies etc.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S Potted Bloater Paste and Paris Pate Beautiful for Sandwich Making

WM. FERGUSON, Fish B'ldg.

Flowers Flowers Flowers

PATRONIZE A HOME INDUSTRY

EVERYTHING IN FLOWERS AT WOODBURN FARM CONSERVATORIES, CHATHAM.

SEE OUR SPRING FLOWER ANNOUNCEMENT

If there is anything you want to know about, write or phone us, we are at your service, Greenhouses open to the Public for inspection.

OUR SPECIALTY

Funeral Designs at short notice. Wedding Boquets and General Floral Decorations.

Headquarters for Tomato Plant, Cabbage, Cauliflower and Celery

E. PERKINS, Foreman Phone No. 20. 17- GEO. E. FISHER, Proprietor, CHATHAM, N. B.

Knee and Travelling RUGS

—IN—

Wool Shawls Plush and Bound Wool

—AT—

G. M. LAKE'S

The Hardware & Shoe & Pack Man NEWCASTLE, N. B.

WALTER FREEZE

Contractor & Builder DOAKTOWN, N.B.

ORDERS FOR Sash, Doors, Frames and all building material Given Prompt Attention

Contracts Solicited

35-1 yr. MRS. A. F. RANDOLPH, FREDERICTON, DEAD

Mrs. Amira Donaldson FitzRandolph, widow of the late A. FitzRandolph, and one of the best known women in New Brunswick, passed away at the home of her son Mr. Robert FitzRandolph, Fredericton, at an early hour Friday morning.

The deceased had been in ill health for several years and while her death was not unexpected it will be heard with general regret by her numerous friends throughout the province. The deceased lady was a prominent church worker, and was seventy-five years of age. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon.

THOS. RUSSELL

34-0 'PHONE 79

Advertising Where It Counts

The Union Advocate has always been noted as a medium that reaches the right people, and during the past few months hundreds of new names have been added to its subscription lists. This means that the advertising message it carries home will come to the notice of more people who are in a position to buy than ever before—satisfying itself and satisfying the advertiser.

These facts, obvious as they are to the experienced advertiser, should be noted by every reader who has anything to offer the public. Advocate advertisements pull for the advertiser who has something of real merit to offer.

TRY THE CLASSIFIED ADVT. COLUMN ON PAGE 3

FOR Indigestion and Biliousness

Indigestion, biliousness, headaches, flatulence, pains after eating, constipation, are all common symptoms of stomach and liver troubles. And the more you neglect them the more you suffer. Take Mother Seigel's Syrup if your stomach, liver, or bowels are slightly deranged or


MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

have lost tone. Mother Seigel's Syrup is made from the curative extracts of certain roots, barks, and leaves, which have a remarkable tonic and strengthening effect on all the organs of digestion. The distressing symptoms of indigestion or liver troubles soon disappear under its beneficial action. Buy a bottle to-day, but be sure you get the genuine Mother Seigel's Syrup. There are many imitations, but not one that gives the same health benefits.

Best Remedy

NOW SOLD IN TWO SIZES ONLY. FULL SIZE, Price 1.00 TINY SIZE, Price 50c

Always the Same
PURITY FLOUR
 Day in and Day out.
 Week in and Week out.
 Year in and Year out.
 Always the same.



Target Tips and Hunting Hints
 by Alfred P. Lane
 Send questions to Mr. Lane
 in care of this paper



A New Questions and Answers Department of Interest to Shooters

Readers are reminded that this column is open to questions which should be sent to me in care of the Sporting Editor, and to discussions by the readers on anything connected with hunting or target shooting.—A. P. L.

A. Auburn, Maine.
 Can you tell me the breech pressure of the following cartridges: 38-55 black and low pressure and 38-55 high velocity?
 Ans. The breech pressure of the 38-55 cartridge, loaded with black powder runs from 14,000 to 16,000 lbs. When loaded with low pressure smokeless powder the pressure will average about 15,000 to 22,000 lbs. The high velocity cartridge averages 35,000 to 38,000 lbs.

H. B. Topoka, Kans.
 1. Which is the most powerful the .33 Marlin, .351 Winchester, .250 3000 Savage or the .250 Ross?
 Ans. The .250 Ross is the most powerful.
 2. Are these powerful enough for moose and grizzly bear?
 Ans. The .250 is powerful enough for moose and grizzly bear.
 F. McK. Sparrows Point, Md.
 1. Where is the Westminister Arms Co., Inc., situated?
 Ans. I do not know of any such company.
 2. I have a pistol on the style of the Smith & Wesson, on which the bluing is worn off. What would it cost to reblue, or to have it nickled?
 Ans. Write to the Smith & Wesson Co.
 R. J. R. Oshkosh, Wis.
 I would like to know what you think is the best for an all round gun, a Savage Automatic .32 or a Colt .32 Automatic?
 Ans. In my opinion, it is "six of one and half a dozen of the other." They are both reliable, accurate arms and will do the work they are supposed to do.
 A. H. Harrisburg, Pa.
 Kindly give me some particulars regarding the make and construction of the Peerless shotguns.
 Ans. I do not know of any shot gun of this name.
 A. R. N., Chesterville, Me.
 1. In your opinion which will shoot the closest, a choke bored shot gun or a cylinder bored one?
 Ans. The choke bored gun shoots closer.
 2. In your opinion how many pellets should a 12 gauge gun throw into a pasteboard 6 1/2 x 7 inch loaded with 3 drams of powder, No. 6 shot?
 Ans. It is impossible to tell this without knowing at what distances the shots were fired. Shotguns are usually patterned in a 30 inch circle at 40 yds. If a smaller target is used at this range, the results will vary too much owing to the irregular spread of shot during the successive trials.
 J. P. H., Watertown, Wis.
 I believe you have stated that an autoloading shotgun is as effective as a pump. That is disputed here on the grounds that the autoloader works on springs and has no solid or locked breech. Kindly explain the difference if there is any.
 Ans. The autoloading shotgun gives the same penetration as that given by other 12 gauge shotguns for the reason that the breech is locked, that is, the shell remains locked into the chamber until all pressure has stopped. The autoloading shotgun in principle may be compared with the disappearing coast defense guns; the whole barrel and breech locked together, recoil against the springs just as does the coast defense gun against the air pressure cylinders which catch it when it recoils backward.
 R. T., Sumner, Mo.
 I am going North this Fall and would like to ask which is the surer gun, the .351 Winchester or .303 Savage, and why?

The ballistics of the two cartridges are as follows: .351, 1875 ft. secs. muzzle velocity, 1405 ft. lbs. muzzle energy; .303 Savage, 1652 ft. secs. muzzle velocity, 1658 ft. lbs. muzzle energy. A choice between these two models depends on personal preference.
 Brother Sportsman.
 1. Is the .44 calibre rifle, model 1873 considered a big game rifle? Is it suitable for deer? What is the accurate range, velocity and penetration of same?
 Ans. It is not considered a big game rifle. It is used for deer shooting and there are many rifles which are much better adapted for this use. Velocity is 1301 ft. seconds, muzzle energy 752 ft. lbs. The penetration is nine 7/8 inches pine boards.
 2. Is Du Pont & Co.'s rifle F. G. powder suitable for reloading above named rifle cartridges?
 Ans. The proper load of black powder for the 44-40 cartridge is 40 grains of F. F. G.
 3. What are the names of the dense and semidense powders? Are they suitable for reloading rifle cartridges?
 Ans. Seventeen grains of Du Pont's No. 1 rifle powder is the proper smokeless powder. From your question I suppose that you intend to experiment with this cartridge. If so, the only advice I can give you is "don't." Experimenting in reloading ammunition is an exceedingly dangerous proposition unless you rigidly follow the rules laid down by the makers of the powders, and even then there are many chances for errors.
 4. What will the result be when loading rifle cartridges with shot gun powder?
 Ans. The probable result, especially if dense powders are used, will be either a funeral or a long illness.
 5. Which is the best shotgun (full choke or half choke)?
 Ans. It depends on what kind of work you expect to do.
 6. I have a .22 calibre revolver, on the barrel of which is marked "U. S." What is the address of the company manufacturing them?
 Ans. I do not identify the revolver from the information you give.
 7. I bought some loaded shells for a 12 gauge gun and I opened one shell and found that there was lots more shot than was marked on the box. I didn't want such a big load. Why do the manufacturers do that?
 Ans. You do not say what the weight of the shot you extracted from the shot shell was. All reliable companies load very closely to the marked weight.
 8. Who is the champion rifle shot of the world, or is there any?
 Ans. There is not any.
 9. What is the accurate range of a revolver with a 3 inch barrel, and shooting .32 calibre shot cartridges?
 Ans. About twenty to forty yards.

alf. P. Lane

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
 Dear Sirs,—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.
 Yours truly,
 T. B. LAVERES,
 St. John.

Canada At War

PRIME MINISTER TELLS OF TRIP TO FRONT

Canada's Soldiers Have Won Imperishable Glory

Good Care Will be Taken of the Wounded Who Return

Ten thousand people were present the other day at Sir Robert Borden's first public appearance in Toronto since his visit to England and to our Canadian troops in France and Flanders. The Premier, received with tremendous enthusiasm which grew in volume and intensity as he told the story of Canadian valor and determination. Sir Robert spoke of the recognition accorded that valor by the allies and of the strong testimony given him of the spirit and courage of Canada's soldier sons both in England and at the front.



SIR ROBERT BORDEN

"Canada," said Sir Robert, "as done her part and will continue to do so until the end. We have sent overseas more than 83,000 men. We on those now under orders depart, Canada will have a better front force than Britain sent out to the Crimea. We have also established in Great Britain, France and the Iberian Peninsula six Canadian hospitals for all the forces of the Empire. Having visited nearly 50 hospitals while I was abroad, I venture to say there are no hospitals better equipped, better managed or better organized than the Canadian hospitals.

HON. W. T. WHITE SAYS ANGLI-FRENCH LOAN WILL BE GREAT BENEFIT

Never Saw a Finer Body
 "I saw at Shorncliffe 33,000 men in line. After the review was over I saw Arthur Murray said: 'I have seen the new army; I have watched your men very closely. I want to tell you that I have never seen a finer body of men than the Canadians.'"

In the matter of discipline and courteous treatment, wherever questioned, the reports were general that Canadian troops were unsurpassed. Sir Robert paid a tribute to the Canadians who had given their lives for the Empire. If Canada ever forgot the men who saved the day for the allies at Ypres, she should cease to exist. He described his visit to the trenches and the training in artillery work and other features of trench warfare as carried out by the Canadians. Speaking of his visit to the Princess Patricia's Regiment, he said: "We saw in the faces of these men the same determination we had seen in those of the rest of the Canadians."

Man For Man Are Better

"Let me speak," said the Premier, "of what the record of a year means to us as far as this war is concerned. I do not do that to fail to have a just idea of the strength of the two nations arrayed against us. Consider the power that can be wielded by a nation that has for seven years been subjected to an organization that was built to prepare for this war. It will not do for us to make our men take the place of ordinary machine gunners. They must fight on equal terms. I know that man for man, they are the match and perhaps a little more than a match for the British soldier."

No Time For Criticism

"This is no time for criticism or lamentation over what mistakes may have been made in the past. This is the time for determination to go forward. We shall watch the achievements of our men and the memory of those achievements already performed will remain in our hearts always. There is no need we should raise any monument. In time to come it may be the duty of the British people to erect a memorial to the men who have made the supreme sacrifice for Canada and the Empire and the men of British Commonwealth who have done so well. My last word is a word of hope and confidence."

ENGLAND TO PURCHASE FLOUR IN CANADA

The report was circulated recently that the British authorities were sending out an expert to consult with the Government with regard to the purchase of hay and oats. The purchase of these commodities has been in the mind of the British Government for some time past and the arrangements which have been in existence will stand. The War Office, however, which has in the past purchased in England from time to time various quantities of Canadian flour for the use of the army, has recently asked the Department of Agriculture to undertake the purchase of limited quantities of flour in Canada. The purchasing agent who has been conducting this work in England for the War Office has recently arrived in Canada and is taking the question up with the Minister for the purpose of arranging details of the work during the next few months.

Another German Menace

Since the outbreak of war, fourteen months ago, the Balkan attitude has been of prime importance. There has been a continual battle of state craft and intrigue to land as many as possible of the Balkan states in one camp or the other. They have swayed back and forth, first inclined to one side and then to the other but always openly holding out for neutrality. Finally Bulgaria, through Russia's ultimatum, was forced to declare openly her allegiance to the German cause. From authoritative reports it is evident that the majority of the people who are slaves and therefore far more strongly attached to Russia than to Germany, are strongly against such Alliance. The Royal party and majority of higher officials are pro-German and it is they who have delivered Bulgaria into German hands. This strong discord, though it will probably not cause a real internal revolution, will doubtless cause a wide spread dissatisfaction and in that way make the Bulgarian assistance much less formidable than if it had the unqualified support of the masses.

Roumania also, is struggling hard, the masses being divided between immediately joining Russia and the Allies, or maintaining neutrality. It is considered probable that she will remain neutral for a time and then finally fall in with the Allies. But much the same was thought of Bulgaria for some time. Yet, German intrigue, German gold and German sympathy in the Royal family led Bulgaria astray. It is not impossible that the same might prove to be the case with Roumania, though the influences of Germany do not appear to be so great on Roumania, and her extensive boundary directly

ESPECIALLY FOR WOMEN

"Fruit-a-tives" Now Known as Woman's Best Medicine

"FRUIT-A-TIVES," the famous fruit medicine is particularly well suited for the use of women, because of its mild and gentle action and its pleasant taste. In severe cases of Constipation, Indigestion, Floating, Sick Headaches, Pain In The Back, Neuralgia, or a General Run-Down Constitution, "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine needed to correct such troubles and restore the sufferer to complete health. As a tonic, "Fruit-a-tives" is invaluable to purify and enrich the blood and build up strength and vigor. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Notice of Tender

SEALED TENDERS marked "TENDERS FOR WHARF INTERESTS PARISH OF CHATHAM" will be received at the Department of Public Works (Provincial) Fredericton, N. B. up to TUESDAY, November thirtieth, at twelve noon, for all the right, title and interest of the Province of New Brunswick in the Ferry Wharves situated in the Parish of Chatham in the County of Northumberland.

A certified cheque for 5 per cent. (five per cent.) of the amount of the tender must accompany each tender.

JOHN MORRISSEY,
 Minister of Public Works.
 Dated at Fredericton this Fifteenth day of October, 1915. 454

On Russia would be a great counter-balance to German efforts.

During the past six weeks, Germany has been losing on both fronts. Russia is once more rallying back the German forces and driving them out of the country daily gaining momentum and, as the new minister of war has stated, once more starting resolutely on the long and terrible march to Berlin. The Allies in the west are daily demolishing the most formidable Western line of entrenchments and capturing section after section of trenches. Their advance is slow, steady, and methodically like an irresistible battering ram which knows no limit but keeps hammering away night and day like clock work. Italy on the western half of the south is gradually forcing her way into Austria. Serbia on the other half of the South is holding tenaciously against enormous odds. She is the only obstacle between Germany and Turkey. As yet, Turkey holds the Dardanelles and could give Germany an outlet through Asiatic Turkey to menace Egypt, India, and we know not what else. So, as soon as Bulgaria was forced to disclose her hand, Germany has been compelled to start her effort to break through to Turkey, for whatever purpose she may have in mind. At this point where Serbia projects between Germany and Bulgaria, the distance between the two countries is but thirty miles. At this spot Germany is hurrying all available forces. When she breaks through, she probably will, she will have a free and friendly way for supplies, troops, and everything through Bulgaria to Turkey, Egypt, India and where else she has planned. Obviously, the Allies must completely block this move if they possibly can. There is no telling what might be the consequences if they do not. The landing of Allied troops at Salmiki is for this purpose. They are being rushed there in large numbers daily. It is their aim to strike the railway which makes direct connection between the capital of Turkey. They will strike it as far to the north as possible. It is possible they will get their troops into Serbia and completely block the German rush, at its source. It is hoped that they may do so and we all confidently expect they will. In a way, the situation may be likened to a rubber bottle. The Allies form the outer wall, Bulgaria the bottle neck, Germany the contents, and Serbia the stopper. As the Allies contract Germany they squeeze her against the stopper. Serbia, and as Serbia begins to slide up into the neck with dangers of letting out her contents, the Allies send around forces to force the stopper back and prevent any burst or leakage. We all hope that stopper will hold.

How Canada Benefits

Asked if it was true that the proceeds of the loan would all have to be spent in United States Mr. White said that was not the case. He said the American bank was purchasing the securities had no doubt insisted that as the loan was being raised by United States the money should be spent there. Indirectly, however, Canada would derive an advantage from the loan by reason of its beneficial effect upon sterling exchange. New York is Canada's international exchange centre and any improvements in sterling exchange rates will be for our benefit as well as that of United States. The export movement of our crop, food products and manufactures is financed by the sale of sterling bills in New York and the price obtained for them has an important bearing upon the price obtained by our producers and manufacturers.

Exchange or no exchange,

the Minister said, "a loan of this magnitude could not be arranged without a lot of international good-will back of it and this to me is one of its most gratifying features."

When money talks even a garrulous woman will close her mouth and listen.

Anyway, the average woman knows as much about things political as a man does about the pacification of a crying baby.

CASTORIA
 For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
 Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

Yesterday is Dead; Forget It--
 Tomorrow does not exist; Don't Worry
 Today is Here; Use It!

WHY WAIT?

Yes, you INTEND to advertise. You fully appreciate the value of advertising. You have seen immense businesses built up by good advertising. But YOU intend to wait a little longer before you place that intended ad. in The Advocate. Certainly, you INTEND to advertise, but not until tomorrow, next month or perhaps until the war is over.

Friend, do you realize the people of Northumberland County are a prosperous people who are NOT going to wait until tomorrow, next month, or until the war is over before they BUY? And they will buy from the man they have faith in—the man who advertises in their trusted home paper, The Union Advocate. This paper covers Northumberland County thoroughly. It goes into the home and STAYS there.

Recently we decided to make The Advocate the leader of all papers in the County of Northumberland in the matter of circulation and second to none of any rural paper in the Maritime Provinces. We spared no expense to achieve this end.

So far as circulation is concerned, we have won out. There is not a corner in Northumberland County in which The Advocate does not circulate. As a matter of news—we lead, others follow. We give the biggest dollar's worth of news of any other paper in the county. We give the news first, while it is fresh. We receive weekly, letters, kind, thoughtful letters, commending us upon our work. Hundreds of new names have been added to our lists within the past two months. We expect these new subscribers will bring many more new ones.

Just think, Mr. Advertiser, what this enormous increase in our circulation means to you! You are not in business for your health—you are spending money in advertising for the purpose of getting increased business. As a business proposition, it is up to you to use the paper with the largest bona-fide paid up subscription list, and that paper in Northumberland County is

THE UNION ADVOCATE
PROMPTNESS

That it pays to be prompt has been proven time and again by The Advocate Job Department, and proof of this can be seen by the following extract from a letter received from a patron in Rexton, N. B. "The reader can judge as to whether he is a SATISFIED patron or not:

"Rexton, N. B., 8th Oct. 1915
 The Union Advocate Office,
 Newcastle, N. B.
 Dear Sirs:—You are certainly the promptest people I ever tried for auction posters. I received the last order the very next day after sending you the order.
 I had a rush on for auctions lately, and I may have some more before the winter. If so, you will get the work.
 I am yours truly,
 (Name withheld.)"

This is one of many just such letters as are being received from time to time at this office, and they bear evidence that wherever a mail order customer of The Advocate is found, you can be sure he is a satisfied one. We endeavor to always give our best attention to orders received by mail, large or small, and while we cannot always be as prompt as in the case above referred to, owing to the heavy run of work always on hand, we make a point of delivering the finished work at our very earliest convenience, by the quickest and cheapest (to the customer) route.

You will find the stock suited to your needs, and a satisfactory cost price. Let us have your next order as a trial—WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

THE UNION ADVOCATE
 Phone 23 NEWCASTLE, N. B. Box 359

THE Pillar of Light

By Louis Tracy

Copyright by McLeod & Allen

(Continued)

The behavior of the mercury puzzled him. In the barometer it fell, the thermometer it rose. Increasing temperature combined with low pressure was not a healthy combination in January. Looking back through the records of several years, he discovered a similar set of conditions one day in March, 1897. He was stationed then on the North-east coast and tried to remember any remarkable circumstances connected with the date, so he consulted the lighthouse diary for that year. Ah! Here was a possible explanation. The chief-keeper, a stranger to him, was something of a meteorologist.

He had written: "At 4:15 p.m. the barometer stood at 27.13, and there was a heavy sea, and a No. 7 gale blowing from the south-east. At five o'clock the wind increased to a hurricane and the sea became more violent than I have seen it during five years' experience of this station. Judging solely by the clouds and the flight of birds, I should imagine that the cyclonic centre passed over the Scilly Isles and the Land's End."

Then, next day: "A steady northeast wind stilled the sea most effectually. Within twenty-four hours of the first signs of the hurricane the Channel was practicable for small craft. A fisherman reports that the coast is strewn with wreckage."

Brand mused over the entries for a while. With his night glasses he peered long into the teeth of the growing storm to see if he could find the double flash of the magnificent light on the Bishop Rock, one of the Atlantic breakwaters of the Scilly Isles. It was fully thirty miles distant, but if flung its radiance over the waters from a height of 143 feet, and the Gulf Rock lamp stood 150 feet above high-water, a lantern flame would not have diminished even the nearer revolutions of the St. Agnes light, especially in the prevalent gloom, and signs of spirit were already seeping into the lantern and blurring the glass.

Nevertheless, he caught the quick flashes reflecting from the glass, but unbroken. As yet, there was a chance of the incoming tide bringing better weather, and he bent again over the record of the commercial gale of 1897. Soon he abandoned this hope. The growing thunder of the reef as the tide advanced gave the first unmistakable warning of what was to come. As a mere matter of noise the reef roared its loudest at half-tide. He understood now that a gale had swept across the Atlantic in an irregular track. However the winds may rage the tides remain steadfast, and the great waves now rushing up from the west were actually breaking on the fierce blast which had created them.

Of course, the threatened turmoil in no way lessened the hope that might be that the rock would remain inaccessible during many days. In that event the girls would take the watch after the lamp was extinguished and they must learn to endure the monotony and discomforts of existence in a storm-bound lighthouse. They would be nervous and probably—perhaps he had forgotten how nervous—but Brand was a philosopher, and at present he was most taken up with the strange and curious blend of circumstances which resulted in their presence on the rock that night.

Had a tremor shook the great pillar. He heard without the frenzied shriek of the first repulsed roller which flung itself on the sleek and rounded wall of the granite. It came through the next few hours? Possibly, if awake, they would attribute the vibration of the column to the wind. He trusted it was not so. Shut in as they were, they could not distinguish sounds. Everything to them would be a confused hum, with an occasional sharp note, as if they braced its mighty heart to resist the enemy.

But what new note was this in the outer chaos? He heard without the frenzied shriek of the first repulsed roller which flung itself on the sleek and rounded wall of the granite. It came through the next few hours? Possibly, if awake, they would attribute the vibration of the column to the wind. He trusted it was not so. Shut in as they were, they could not distinguish sounds. Everything to them would be a confused hum, with an occasional sharp note, as if they braced its mighty heart to resist the enemy.

He tried to look out into the heart of the gale. The air was full of flying foam, but the sea was beaten flat. If the growing darkness beneath tried to fling a defiant crest at the tornado, the whole mass of water, many tons in weight, was instantly torn from the surface and flung into nothingness. Some of these adventures, forced up by the reef, hit the lighthouse with greater force than many a cannon ball fired in battles which have made history. Time after time the splendid structure winced beneath the blow.

If Stephen Brand were ever fated to know fear he was never to know it in the lighthouse. The granite column would not yield, but it was quite within the bounds of possibility that the entire rock which had been carried away, and he with it.

He thought, with a catch in his

breath, of the two girls in the lighthouse. For one fleeting instant his mortal eyes gazed into the unseen. But the call of duty restored him. The excessive draught affected the lamp. Its ardor must be checked. With a steady hand he readjusted the little brass screws. They were so subtly indifferent to this pandemonium. Just little brass screws, doing their work, and heeding naught beside. Suddenly there came to him the triumphant knowledge that the pure white beam of the light was heaving its path through the savage assault without a moan and fearlessly as it lit up the ocean wilds on a mid-summer night of moonlight and soft zephyrs.

"Thank God for that!" he murmured. "How can a man die better than at his post?"

The ring of iron beneath caught his ears. He turned from the lamp. Constance appeared, pale with shining eyes. She carried the lantern. Behind her crept Enid, who had been crying; she strove now to check her tears.

"This sort of thing normal, or a special performance arranged for our benefit?" said his daughter, with a fine attempt at a smile.

"Oh, dad, I am so frightened," cried Enid. "Why does it howl so?"

CHAPTER VII THE MIDDLE WATCH

It says a good deal for Stephen Brand's courage that he was able to laugh just then, that it is a fact that for a man, in a moment of supreme danger, to be called on to comfort a weeping woman.

The next minute might be their last. The glass withered to a point before the girls reached his side. He felt a curious lifting movement of the whole frame of the lantern. Steel and brass alike were yielding to the sustained violence of the wind-pressure. Well were they maddened, by men whose conscience need harbor no reproach of dishonesty, for they were being tested now almost beyond endurance.

Some natures would have found relief in prayer. Gladly would Constance and Enid have sunk on their knees and besought the Master of the Winds to spare them and those at sea. But Brand, believing that a catastrophe was imminent decided that in order to save the girls' lives he must neglect their own. He must not lose an unnecessary moment.

To desert the light—that was impossible personally. If given the least warning, he would spring towards the lantern, but that curved by the side of the stairs to the service-room, and take his chance. Otherwise he would go with the lamp. There was no other alternative. The girls must leave him at once.

The launch with which he greeted their appearance gave him time to solve.

"I ought to scold you, but I won't," he cried. "Are you plucky enough to descend to the kitchen and make three nice cups of cocoa?"

spent their schooldays in the North Sea. Dwellers in inland cities were amazed and incredulous when the newspapers spoke of its extraordinary violence. A truth is better to swallow than a lie, all the time.

Up clattered Enid with the steaming beverage. Constance, the lantern-bearer, providing the rear-guard. "I do not believe it is worse than ever," said Enid, striving desperately to be unimpressed. In reality, the angry wind was no longer able to bend the waves. With a rising tide and the rate assisting there would be a sea worthy of Turner in his best days.

"There is nothing else wrong?" she asked.

He approached and kissed her ear. "Since the glass withered did you begin to doubt me?" he said quietly.

Her eyes filled. Even the hint of a reproach from him was intolerable. For the light was the only thing that controlled the flood of terror which well up beyond restraint.

"Forgive me, dad," she murmured, "but I thought you were in a position of the utmost peril. I can't help knowing that it is high-water about two o'clock. It is now six. I don't know if I can't read your dear face! Dad! if there is danger, don't send us away again."

Trails were streaming down her white cheeks. Enid holding the tray in speechless bewilderment during this outburst from her proud and resilient sister, set it down on the writing-table with a crash.

"Oh dear," she wailed. "I don't want any cocoa if we're going to be drowned!"

Certainly if Stephen Brand had imagined two minutes earlier that he was about to launch and land, and in a genuine surrender to an uncontrollable spasm of mirth, he would have feared lest his wife were leaving him. Yet he laughed now until his vision was blurred. And the wonderful relief of it! What a tonic, after the ordeal he had endured!

It changed to a forced and unanticipated wave embraced the granite column, hit the cornice, and deluged the lantern. Its disintegrating mass struck the girls and hurled them to break an ordinary window. The astounded girls could not refuse the evidence of eyes and ears. Here was the granite sea leaping to a height of one hundred and forty feet and more, yet their father was treating the incident as the merriest joke of many a month.

No better cure for their hysteria could be contrived. Brand was obviously not acting. The hearty pulsations of his heart, the ruddy color of his cheeks, his eyes, his ruddy color. Evidently they were alarmed about nothing.

"Here, Enid, drink your parting cup," he cried at last. "Have no fear. It is only the astounded reverberations of another night."

pouring of the battery. Constance leaned forward, with hands on knees. Her large eyes looked into his. "This time, dad, you are not choosing your words, she said."

"I am sorry you should think that," was the reply. "I selected each phrase with singular care. Never be misled by the appearance of a speaker. The best preparation is prepared beforehand."

"You do not imagine," she cried, "that I am to be deceived by your words? You know that I am not a child, and I am not to be deceived by your words? You know that I am not a child, and I am not to be deceived by your words?"

"Please attend, both of you," he growled, with mock severity. "I am going to tell you something that will astonish you."

His voice was drowned by some part of the Atlantic whirling over the lantern.

"This kind of thing does not go on all the time," he continued. "Otherwise we should have five hours of spasmodic conversation. As soon as the tide rises sufficiently to gain an uninterrupted run across the reef we will have at least two hours of comparative quiet. About four o'clock there will be a second outburst for an hour or so. I suppose that any suggestion of bed—"

"No," she cried, "I don't want any cocoa if we're going to be drowned!"

He pointed with his pipe. "In the second drawer of the desk you will find a heliograph. It is only a toy, but it is very interesting."

They ran together, and found the little circular mirror. The next wave passed unheeded. Smiling, he went up the stairs. Behind him there was a wailing cry. He had seen the light. They ran together, and found the little circular mirror. The next wave passed unheeded. Smiling, he went up the stairs. Behind him there was a wailing cry. He had seen the light.

After much talk of disordered hair, cracked lips, and other outrageous defects which a pretty woman mourns when divorced from her dressing-table, Constance came and said: "Here is a queer thing," she said. "Have you heard any steamer howling?"

"No," he answered. Bending between the two of them he saw the pointer of the auriscope bore due southwest, though the last sign of a steamer was hidden by the sound from the opposite direction.

He picked up a little trumpet resembling the horn of a motor-car.

arranged their sou'westers. When he hurried up the stairs he was carrying four rockets. He noted their preparations.

"Do come out until I have fired the alarm signals," he shouted, "and tie your dresses tightly around your knees."

They heard the loud hissing of the rockets, and the four reports travelled dully from the sky. Three white starbursts and one red told the Land's End coast-guard that a ship in need of help was near the Gulf Rock. Probably they had already seen the vessel's signals. In any event, they would not be late.

Walking with difficulty, the girls crept out on to the balcony.

Brand had already gone to the windward side. The first rush of the gale made them breathless, yet they persevered and reached him. They were greeted by a climber, but their father, with a hand on their shoulders, pressed them down, and the spray crashed against the lantern behind them. He knew they would take no harm. When they passed, their bodies and stockings would be soaked. Then he could insist that they should go to bed.

At first they distinguished nothing save a chaotic blend of white and yellow foam, driving over the reef at an apparently incredible speed. Overboard the black pull of the sea seemed to touch the top of the lantern. Around, in a vast circle carved out of the murky wilderness, the wondrous beam of the light four-showered its unwarped foes. Constance caught the three quick flashes of the Seven Stones light-shaft away to the right. She fancied, as she gazed, that the light was not the light, but a twinkling ahead, but this was the St. Agnes light, and neither girl could make out either light or sound until Brand pointed steadily towards one spot in the darkness.

Before they could follow his indication they were compelled to duck to avoid the black pull of the sea. Then he had just popped up out of the sea, they divined a tiny white spark swimming slowly across a considerable area. It was by that means that Brand had estimated the size and nearness of the steamer, and soon they glimpsed the red and green side-lights, though ever the lights were hidden by the torrents of water sweeping over her decks. Of the vessel they could see nothing whatever.

Steadily she rolled along her fearful path. Having once found her, there was no difficulty in estimating the rapidity of her approach. Enid, whose eyes were staring and far from fancied she caught a furtive vision of a big, black hull laboring in the yellow waves.

Though it was difficult to speak, she crept close to Brand and screamed: "Is she drifting over the reef?"

"I fear so," he answered.

"Then she will be lost!" cried Enid.

"Yes. Unless they can manage to pass to southward."

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher In Use For Over 30 Years The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

It should be able to use a mer to her enemy, the rock.

Then she struck out a sudden crash that was plainly audible above the roar of the reef. This was not another. Another rush of foaming water enveloped her and she was again on an inner ledge. There she lodged, falling inertly over to starboard.

Brand found his voice once more, for, as sure as this terrible night would have its end, so surely had the gallant captain of the steamer refused to imperil the lighthouse, when all hope of saving his ship had vanished.

The tears were in Brand's eyes. His arms encircled the two girls.

And that was the beginning of the captain's chapter.

CHAPTER VII THE LOTTERY

Just as the spin of a coin may mean loss or gain in some trumpety dispute or game of the hour, in like manner, apparently, are the graver issues of life or death determined at times. It is not so, we know, and Behold the vitality on which men fasten with amazement as the governing factor in events there lies an inscrutable purpose. Yet, to those watching the destruction of the splendid vessel, there was little evidence of other than a blind fury in the fashion of her undoing.

The hoarse words had scarce left Brand's lips before a third wave, higher and more truculent than its predecessors, sprang right over the ship and smothered her in an avalanche of water. No doubt this monster swept away some of the officers and crew. It was impossible to be certain of aught save the one thing—that the steamer would surely break up before their eyes. The wind, now blowing in fierce gusts, was creating each minute, the clouds of spray chasing each other in eerie flights through space, the grinding, incessant, utterly overwhelming noise of the water made all sights and sounds indefinite, nebulous, almost fantastic.

But when the giant billow receded, leaving the ship like a dot on the midst of innumerable cascades, the catastrophe took place which Brand would have foreseen were his thoughts less tumultuous. With the support of the sea withdrawn from half its length the huge hull must either slip back into deep water or break in two. The slender steamer of an ocean liner is not constructed to resist the law of gravity acting on full five thousand tons. So the solid-looking colossus cracked like a carrot, and the water poured in from the watery mass, there to be swallowed instantly, amidst a turmoil which happily drowned the despairing shrieks of far more than half of those on board.

Constance and Enid screamed bitterly in their woe, but again they were saved from utter collapse by the exigencies of the moment. They expected to see the remainder of the ship blown up by the hurrying of the sea to the furnaces, dragged them forcibly below the level of the protecting balustrade.

Yet nothing of the sort took place. A vast cloud of steam rushed upwards, but it was dissipated by the next breath of the gale. This incident told the lighthouse-keeper much. The vessel had been disabled so long that her skillful commander, finding the motive power of no further avail, and certain that his ship must be driven ashore, had ordered the fires to be drawn and the steam to be exhausted from all the boilers except one. Therefore, her shaft was broke, reasoned Brand. Probably the accident had occurred during the height of the hurricane, and her steering gear, of little use without the driving force of the engines to help, might have been disabled at the same time.

When the horror-stricken watchers looked again at the wreck the forward part had shifted its position. It was now lying broadside on to the sea, and the lofty foremast thrust its trunk to within a few feet of them.

They were spared one ghastly scene which, surely have bereft the girls of their senses. The majority of the first-class passengers had gathered in the saloon. Some clung like impets to the main gangway. A number, mostly men, crowded together in the drawing-room on the promenade deck. Farther than this they could not go, as the companion-halway had been locked by the officer of the watch, the decks being quite impassable.

When the hull yielded, the spacious saloon was exposed to the vicious

was. Finding this new cavern opened to them, many tongues sprang into the darkness and licked out hapless victims by the score. Of this appalling incident those in the lighthouse knew nothing until long afterwards.

When the ship struck, the electric dynamo stopped and all her lights went out. The lighthouse lamp owing to rays being concentrated by the dioptric lens, held only feet of light, the dim and ghastly vision beneath, but the great frame of the fore part of the vessel served as a break-water to some extent, and temporarily withheld the waves from beating against the column.

Hence Brand, straining his eyes through the flying rocks, could make out the figure of the captain as he left the bridge, and, with some of the crew, took shelter behind the structure of the library and state cabins on what remained of the promenade deck. At the same moment the frenzied occupants of the library and gangway contrived to burst open the door of the main companion.

If they had to die they might as well die in the open and not boxed up in impenetrable darkness. As a matter of course, the bolts were forced by a man who fired his revolver at them. The sea quickly discovered this new outlet. The next wave, passing through the saloon, sent tons of water pouring through the open hatch. One good result accrued. The strong current was awning which prolonged the spar deck, carrying away, and the group of survivors, hemmed with cold air, wholly overcome by their desperate position, could see the entire height of the granite column in front crowned with its dim and brilliant light. One liberated passenger saw it for the first time.

The sight brought no hope. Between ship and lighthouse was a true maelstrom, the worst storm ever created by the backwash from the stone-work and the shattered hull. Even if the passage could be made of iron ladders, it was so exposed to the sea that it was hardly ever attempted at sea.

The venturesome individual who thus suddenly made himself the centre of observation, carried a line with him. Not until he essayed the second portion of his perilous ascent did Brand realize what the other intended to do, which was nothing less than to reach the truck, the very top of the mast, and endeavor to throw a rope to the gallery.

And he might succeed, too—that was the marvel of it. The tapering spar came very near to them, perhaps twelve feet distant, and the wind would certainly carry the rope across the chasm, if carefully thrown. A few strong and active men might use this aerial ferry. Well, better they than none. Brave fellow; would that the Low light help him!

Higher and nearer swung the stalwart youngster, for none but a lithe and active boy could climb a pole with such easy vigor. At last he reached the truck, and a faintly heard cheer from beneath mingled with the hysterical delight of Enid and Constance, when, with legs trailing round the mast, he rested his arms for an instant on the flat knob of the truck.

(To be continued)

A man doesn't have to be a detective in order to find trouble. It is easier to accept a position than it is to hold a job.

Even water stocks have been known to take a drop too much. It's almost as bad to say mean things as it is to do them.

THE WEEK IN NEWCASTLE

Sign of the Time
Partridge Scarce
Change Cars
Read It Over
Canoe for Sale
Our Reason
Approaching Marriage
Successful Game Hunters
Broke Her Arm
In the Police Court
Has Newcastle Acquaintances
Gladys-Klark Co.
Election of Officers
Volunteers as Nurse
Some Good Advice
New Officers
Applications Refused
No Quorum at T. J. L.

Douglastown Lady's Death on Friday

Mrs. Charlotte McLean, Aged 75 Years—Ill About Three Years
The death of Mrs. Charlotte McLean, nee Wells, widow of late James McLean, occurred on Friday, at her home in Douglastown.

Blackville Lady In Auto Accident

Car Run Off Road and Turned Turtle—Feared Back is Broken
A distressing accident occurred on Thursday evening between Boiestown and Doaktown when an auto being driven by Mr. Pearl Betts, of Doaktown, turned turtle, and as a result, Miss Clara Walls, of Blackville, is at the Victoria Hospital, Frederickton, with her limbs paralyzed from the hips down.

FOR MEN AND BOYS UNDERWEAR

STANFIELD and HUMPHREY'S Unshrinkable and PENMAN'S Fleece-lined. Coat and Haul Over Sweaters, Mackinaw Coats, Mackinaw, Tweed and Flannel Shirts. HOME MADE SOX AND MITTS AT JOHN FERGUSON & SONS

FOR SALE

As we intend making a change in our Factory Business, we offer a quantity of Pine Lumber, Sheathing, Windows Doors, Mouldings, Etc. at a low price to clear. Also all Machinery. Can be seen at any time by calling at the store. THE STOTHART MERCANTILE CO., LTD. Newcastle, N. B. Phone 45

PENSLAR STORE

This is the time of year when your system needs repair. As the seasons change your system needs a change. The Great Tonic and Bone Builder, "SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES" will make you lose that tired heavy feeling and install in you new life. Sold in Large Bottles \$1.00 per Bottle THE "PENSLAR" STORE, E. J. MORRIS, Prop.

HOT WATER BOTTLES

PRICES FROM \$1.00 TO \$2.50 EACH The better ones are all guaranteed for one year. A new lot of OLIVE OIL has just arrived Four sizes, 25c, 40c, 75c and \$1.25 per bottle. Pure and Fresh. THE PHARMACY, A. E. SHAW, Druggist

Funeral on Saturday

The funeral of the late William Robinson, I. C. R. brakeman who was killed at Beaver Brook on Thursday morning, was held at his late home, near Harcourt, on Saturday afternoon.

Died from Injuries

A former Frederickton man, Robert Coyle, died at Portland, Maine, last week as the result of injuries sustained in an accident at a wood-working factory.

Realized \$23.20

The Junior Girls Club of the local branch of the Red Cross Society held a bean supper in St. James Presbyterian Hall on Friday night, at which they raised the magnificent sum of \$23.20.

Acknowledgment

The Newcastle Red Cross Society acknowledges with thanks: 11 jars jelly—from Mrs. E. P. Williston and Mrs. Tracy-Gould; 2 pr. socks—Mrs. Cyrus Shaw; 1 pr. socks—Mrs. James Murray.

Election of Officers

The Children of Mary Solanthy have elected the following officers for ensuing year:—President, Miss A. E. Quinn; Secretary, Miss May McCallum; Treasurer, Mrs. D. P. Doyle; Librarian, Miss Annie Lawlor; Assist-Librarian, Miss Kathleen Patterson.

Volunteers as Nurse

Miss Florence Hocken, daughter of the late Richard Hocken, formerly of Moncton, now of Brookline, Mass., has volunteered for service as nurse with the Harvard unit in a British base hospital. Miss Hocken has many friends and acquaintances in Newcastle and Chatham who will wish her bon voyage.

Some Good Advice

The Chatham Commercial commenting on the Lakeville Corner tragedy, says: "If the young men who sally forth into the woods in search of something to kill, are so anxious to destroy life, they would far better take a trip to the north of France where they can get some shooting that is worth while. There are wild beasts there that are a menace to mankind, while the lawless denizens of our woods are not."

Newcastle Man Wins Promotion

J. A. Follansbee, at present in Belgium with the 19th Battalion, writing to his home in Newcastle, on the eve of his departure for Sandling Camp, says: "You will be pleased to learn of my promotion to Battalion Armourer Sergeant. I passed with 98 per cent. on the Ross rifle, Colt, Vickers and Maxim Machine Gun, also motor cycles, beating out a large number of applicants. I am now head armourer of my battalion."

No Quorum at T. J. L.

There was not the required quorum (12) at the Town Improvement League meeting Monday night, only 10 being present: Pres. Jas. M. Troy, Sec. H. H. Stuart, Revs. S. J. MacArthur and Wm. Harrison, Ald. Stables, D. W. Stothart, T. A. Scribner, A. McCabe, J. J. Ander and J. H. Ashford. Several of the Executive of 37, including Mayor Stothart, Ex-Mayor Morrissy and others, were at the rink preparing for the Patriots' Auction, and Rev. M. S. Richardson was out of town. It is hoped that on the next regular night (the second Thursday of November) there will be a full attendance. The meeting was not called to order, but a very profitable discussion on civic affairs was carried on for an hour or more.

After Big Game

Messrs. George A. Helmer and N. H. Douglas of New York and Messrs. F. H. Breslyn and John D. Curtis of Boston, arrived here today. They left for the Miramichi by auto after big game.—Mail.

Killed in Flanders

Mr. Robert Graham of Eel River, has received information that his son Perley Graham, has been killed in Flanders while fighting with the Canadian forces.

Lodge Initiation

Golden Link Lodge L. O. B. A. of Douglastown had initiation at its last meeting. It now has 40 members. An At Home will be held in the Lodge room (Temperance Hall) on November 3th.

The Lodge installed their new piano last Thursday night. Another very pleasant feature of the evening was the presentation by the Lodge to Mr. and Mrs. Howard Vye, two newly married members, of a handsome parlor table.

Private J. Kerr Loggie

of Chatham Reported Wounded. A private report received in the city last night was that Private J. Kerr Loggie one of the leading bus-ness men of the province, who gave up all to enlist as a private, has been wounded, but official news has not come. W. S. Loggie, M. P. of Chatham, has received the cable from Wallace C. Loggie, paymaster sergeant of the 26th, but no information is given as to the seriousness or otherwise of the wound. Mr. Loggie has another son in the 6th Mounted Rifles in France.—Monday's Gleaner

Sensational Escape

William M. Thomas, aged about 24 years, found guilty of assault on a fourteen-year-old girl, at St. John, and sentenced to a term of five years in the Dorchester penitentiary after a sensational escape from St. John still at large. The description of Thomas is as follows: "From 22 to 25 years of age; height five feet seven inches; light curly hair; sandy complexion; weight 150 pounds; clothing at time of escape grey check cap; dark coat with greenish strip; brown trousers and tan boots. On his right forearm is tattooed clasp hands and an anchor, while on the muscles of the right arm is tattooed an American eagle and roses.

Wedding Anniversary

The resilience of Joseph Washburn, Washburn, was the scene of an enjoyable gathering Friday evening, when a number of friends from Chatham assembled to assist Mr. and Mrs. Washburn celebrate their thirteenth wedding anniversary. The party was laden with useful linen articles which were presented to Mrs. Washburn. Dancing, music and songs were indulged in, and a dainty repast was served at midnight. A most enjoyable time was spent and the party started for home wishing the genial host and hostess many more years of happy married life.—Comm-Rec'd.

Taken Home From Hospital

A. E. O'Leary, chief game and fire warden of the province, who suffered a motor accident some weeks ago, was taken to his home in Richibucto from the Moncton hospital on Saturday.

Stores Broken Into

Several stores in Newcastle have been burglarized lately, among them, Isaac Matchell's, from which a large quantity of clothing and watches was taken; D. & J. Rit-up all to enlist as a private, has been wounded, but official news has not come. W. S. Loggie, M. P. of Chatham, has received the cable from Wallace C. Loggie, paymaster sergeant of the 26th, but no information is given as to the seriousness or otherwise of the wound. Mr. Loggie has another son in the 6th Mounted Rifles in France.—Monday's Gleaner

Mill Still Running

Lynch's mill is running three nights a week now, as well as every day.

Subscribers Please Note

That it is necessary to give your old address as well as the new when asking to have the same changed.

AMONG THE CHURCHES

Thanksgiving was observed at Holy Trinity Church, Blackville, and St. Agnes Church, Grey Rapids, with services, sermons, and hymns appropriate to the occasion. The churches were becomingly decorated with grains, fruits and flowers. On Sunday, October 19th, the festival was kept at St. Peter's church, Millerton. The church was decorated in the usual way. The collection which was a thank offering, amounted to over \$80.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Wm. Ferguson...Kitchen Bouquet
Canoe for Sale
John Ferguson & Sons...Underwear
Happy Hour...The Governor's Lady
J. D. Creaghan Co. After Dinner Sale

Girl Wanted

GIRL WANTED—For General household. For particulars apply at Advocate office. 43-1pd.

Telephone Directory

Subscribers will please make the following changes in their telephone directory.
NEW PHONES
James Troy, res., Newcastle...174
James Falconer, res., Newcastle...62-31
Dr. Park...32-71
Marshall Blackmore, res., Redbank...109-2
L. G. Reed, Redbank...110-42
Matthew McCarron, res.,...57-31
PHONES TAKEN OUT
E. B. Gillespie, res.,...134
Chief of Police, res.,...162-2
Edward Matchett, Lyttleton...106-41
Daniel Matchett, Redbank...109-32
W. J. McTavish, Stillbaker...109-2
W. R. Mullin, Stillbaker...109-25
Otto Tozer, Lyttleton...106-21
R. N. Weeks, store, Millerton 102-14
A. Fleisher, res., Newcastle...52-71
Rev. Wm. Aitken...88
PHONE NUMBERS CHANGED
Waldo Crocker from 83-11 to 96-21
R. H. Armstrong, res., from 72-51 to 96-51.
W. LEWIS, Exchange Manager, Newcastle, N. B., Oct. 8th, 1915. 42-1yr. where.

BOOKS

Our stock of Books for Fall and Winter trade has commenced to arrive, and it is not too early to make a selection for holiday gifts. We have already received the following series: Airship Boys, Boy Scouts, Henty, Alger, Mildred, Besie, Elsie, Annie Swan, Carey, Holmes, Southworth and Meade, besides a large miscellaneous assortment. We have always in stock a good supply of the popular First Editions, as well as a long list of Reprints at City Prices. FOLLANSBEE & CO.

HAPPY HOUR Thurs. The House of Quality Pictures Jesse L. Lasky in association with David Belasco presents the international dramatic Star Edith Wynne Matheson In a picturization of David Belasco's noted success ---THE--- Governor's Lady BY ALICE BRADLEY IN FIVE Reels of Motion Pictures A drama showing how the ambition of a successful man almost separates him from his faithful but less progressive wife; and the eventual triumph of noble instincts. A WONDERFUL PICTURE.

Gravenstein Apples Car to arrive this week. Special Prices on 10 bbl lots while unloading POTATOES! POTATOES! The crop this year is less than half. We have 200 bbls of fine smooth stock. Place your order now and save money. BREAD is now down to 9c. White and Brown daily. Try a colonial cake 15cts each. They are delicious. GEORGE STABLES GROCERIES PHONE 8 CROCKERYWARE