

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

PARIS, July 8.

The Constitutional, an Imperial organ, announces to day that Senior Oleg, the Spanish Minister, has received instructions from Spain to give official notice to the French Government of the candidature of Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern. The Constitutional adds that when France becomes convinced of the persistence of Spain in this matter, she will terminate diplomatic relations with her.

NEW YORK, July 8.

Prince Arthur embarked for England at Quebec on Wednesday evening, amidst enthusiastic farewells from the people. James Lingard, actor and manager, has committed suicide.

GOLD 112.

LONDON, July 8.

The excitement here has been intense over the condition of affairs on the Continent, but there is a reaction to day in consequence of a conviction that the war will be avoided.

There was much formal comment in the House of Commons to night on Prussia's delay in responding definitely to the note of France. The opinion was frequently expressed that this indicated a spirit of mischief, if not a more dangerous purpose on the part of Prussia.

The Lords passed Irish Land Bill and the Commons rejected by 134 majority, an amendment to the Education Bill increasing the stringency of the clause making attending school compulsory.

The Prussian Minister of War has ordered all the general officers of the Prussian army to rejoin their corps without delay.

LONDON, July 10th.

Advices up to this evening from Paris and the Continent indicate the outbreak of war as imminent.

The latest Paris dispatches say, if the candidature of Leopold is not withdrawn within twenty-four hours, the French Ministers will be recalled from Berlin and Madrid and war declared.

Preparations for immediate war are active. Queen Victoria reviewed the troops at Aldershot on Saturday.

NEW YORK, July 11.

Apprehensions of a European war cause excitement in the money market.

The brig "Tepaz," of St. John's, Newfoundland, for a Nova Scotia port, with coal, went ashore on Friday opposite Marbles, L.I., and yesterday went to pieces. The passengers and crew all saved.

GOLD 114 1/2.

OTTAWA, July 11.

The New Nation of the 24th June reports that the Legislature of the Territory, in special session convened, to receive Richard's report gave him a vote of thanks, and unanimously accepted the Manitoba Bill.

The decision was received with enthusiastic cheers.

A despatch from St. Paul's reports Bishop Tache there, en route for Ottawa, to represent to the Dominion Government the needlessness of sending so large an expedition.

He reports that ready to receive Governor Archibald, turn over the government to him, and retire into private life.

The Dominion Arbitrators in session at Montreal have come to a dead lock.

Judge Day Arbitrator for Quebec, has tendered his resignation, being unable to agree with the other Arbitrators on the proposed award.

THE MICROSCOPE.—One of the most interesting experiments, and one which is easily performed is to watch the change in the blood of a delicate or very pale person, while using Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites.

The colorless or dead corpuscles are steadily removed from the system, and are replaced by the red or vitalized particles, so necessary to vigorous existence.

The proposal to reduce the duty on coal was rejected in the United States Senate on the 29th ult. The duty, therefore remains unaltered. The coal monopolists have proved stronger than the people this time. How long the will continue so, with the decision of the popular branch against them remains to be seen. As it stands the monopolists are upheld by the small majority of four in the Senate.

BEWARE OF PALLIATIVE MEDICINES.—Of all the evils that afflict this and all other parts of this northern continent, vile nostrums, that quack and empirics thrust before the public as cures for the most deadly of all diseases, consumption is the worst. They generally cure a cough about as much as cold water, and the patient thereby lets the disease take such hold, and progress so far, that no human power will avail him. The benefits derived from palliative medicines is an early grave. Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam takes hold of the disease at the bottom, and effects a perfect cure. No cough can resist this famous restorative, and no remedy ever discovered has proved so effective—a fact which myriads of living witnesses can testify.

When the liver becomes deranged, it is accompanied with shooting pains in the head, dimness of vision, the bowels are constipated, the stomach dyspeptic, the urine high colored, and some times scrofulous sores on the back of the neck and scalp. Treatment: take Dr. Wilson's Family Anti-Bilious Pills according to directions.

We could not find room for all the testimonials Dr. Dow could publish in favor of his Sturgeon Oil Liniment. It is sufficient that they are numerous enough to warrant us in recommending it to our readers as the best liniment for man or beast.

All our horsemen, country merchants, and others, who have used and sold them strongly recommend Clark's Durable Condition Powder to the public as an article of great value;

and all say they never knew a preparation to become so popular in so short a time.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Sir,—It appears to me that we have too much machinery about our Legislature for the business that it is to do. On thinking the matter over, I have come to the conclusion that it would be much better for this Province, to have a Legislative Council, every two Counties to elect one Councillor to serve for 6 years, and each County one member of Assembly; the cash saved by these changes to be spent in the encouragement of Emigration and the cultivation of the Crown Lands, by Emigrants, instead of making grants of thirty and forty thousand acres to one individual for a mere song. As an encouragement to settle in this Province, give to each settler 100 acres of land and a log house free, also one year's provisions; the provisions to be paid for by five yearly instalments, the first instalment to be paid to the Government 24 months after the land is occupied, and a free grant to be made as soon as 5 acres of land are under cultivation.

By this arrangement, the country would lose nothing in a pecuniary point, and would gain daily by the settlement, besides the people would have the satisfaction of knowing, that the money they now pay in Taxes was expended in making a provision for the poor and destitute, instead of enriching a few individuals.

Yours, AN OLD SETTLER.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Sir,—In the "Courier" of June 30 is printed a statement, purporting to be a correct copy from the books of the Department of Public Works and calculated to mislead. At this date, when the Election is over, I cannot be accused of publishing a correct statement of the expenditure upon the Digby Bridge, for the purpose of injuring Mr. McAdam's return; my object is to let the public know that the McAdam bridge cost \$718,000 and not \$188,000 as stated in the "Courier." The following is a copy of a Memorandum signed by Asa Coy, Esq., of the Public Works Department: Memo. for Mr. Kelly.

DIGBY BRIDGE, AT McADAMS.	
On the 18th Nov. 1882, Warrant 42, from the Secretary's Office in favor of the Chief Commissioner on account of Charlotte County	\$970.00
March 1, Check to Thos. Cottenell on acct. of Bridge near McAdam's	\$200.00
April 17, Check by Mr. McAdam for do	\$286.00
Nov. 19, do do do	\$230.00
	\$718.00

What has become of the balance of \$231. Even this electioneering dodge served a purpose. It is to be hoped our new members will look after the matter.

Yours, J. H.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, JULY 13, 1870.

Election Returns.

The following is a correct list of the votes in the different Parishes, copied from the Sheriff's return.

	STEVENSON.	HIBBARD.	DONALD.	McADAM.	ROBINSON.	McLAUGHLIN.	McKAY.	LYNOTT.
St. And's	351	297	186	60	60	92	63	98
St. Stephen	151	122	148	217	174	128	55	90
Milltown	62	59	102	270	84	171	81	225
St. David	83	78	125	89	134	40	25	25
St. James	41	44	99	86	90	60	22	25
Baillie	40	39	104	51	129	16	30	3
St. Patrick	137	146	118	48	78	17	93	43
Dumbarton	37	37	106	12	90	15	6	39
St. George	171	204	14	50	19	43	139	39
Up. Mills	51	71	20	16	7	17	22	28
Pennfield	95	106	52	9	10	10	116	21
Lepraux	47	62	14	1	0	2	47	21
West Isles	60	67	29	11	4	76	23	1
Ch. Bello	65	62	15	5	11	47	1	17
G. Mannan	24	25	2	24	0	498	21	2
G. H. Hach	18	13	8	41	1	86	6	2
Clarendon	37	38	0	65	2	6	1	0

1550 1530 1300 1067 895 879 751 730

THE ELECTION.—We do not propose at this late hour to give more than a mere reference to the speeches of the Candidates on Declaration day. Good feeling was predominant during the proceedings. After the books were opened and the vote in each Parish summed up, the Sheriff gave the total result of the votes, declaring the members elected in the following order:—

B. R. Stevenson, F. Hibbard, J. Donald, J. McAdam.

He had reports from all the polling places of the quiet and orderly manner in which the Election had been conducted, and it afforded him much satisfaction to be in a position to thank the Returning Officers and Poll Clerks, for the efficient discharge of the duties entrusted to them, and the people of the County, for the orderly manner in which the Election had passed off.

A vote of thanks was passed unanimously to the Sheriff, for his able and impartial conduct during the election.

MR. STEVENSON was the first to address the large assembly present; he said the Electors knew he was not a proud man, but he would be an apathetic person did he not feel proud of the position he held; twice had the County of Charlotte elected him, the second time at the head of the poll, notwithstanding the leader of the Govt. had expressed his intention of leaving "Frank and Ben at home," but the people decided otherwise, and they had shown by their votes that the hon. leader him-

self was very nearly being "left at home," but a few more votes would have made one of the young candidates the fourth man. During the canvass he had met with great courtesy. He would guard against taxation—see that responsible Government was carried out, and guard the constitution of the Country. What course he would be called upon to pursue should the Government resign he could not say, but should an attempt be made to reconstruct the Govt., he felt it would be his duty to oppose it. He referred to some unpleasant allusions made by the "St. Croix Courier," and concluded by saying that he would endeavor honestly and industriously to perform his duty as a Representative to the whole County.

MR. HIBBARD pointing to the figures on the board giving the result of the votes, said those figures told him that he was right in opposing the Govt., the people of Charlotte had endorsed his course. He would sooner see Mr. Stevenson 1000 votes above him, than see him with only 1067 votes, at the foot of the poll as the leader of the Govt. was. He did not pretend to understand the science of political economy, but he knew the wishes of the people, and while the majority would rule, the rights of the minority would be respected, all parts of the County would have his best efforts to legislate for the general good, and that he would faithfully, by every, and judiciously carry out the wishes of the people. His four years service had strengthened their confidence in him, and if he ever felt proud it was now when looking at the large number of votes he had received from them, they showed that the leader of the Opposition had more friends than the leader of the Govt. Adverting to a paragraph in the "Courier" which stated that "Mr. Hibbard and Mr. Donald will no doubt contend for the leadership of the opposition," he remarked (turning to Mr. D.) that he was pleased to see him elected, and that he would aid him in his efforts to displace the men who had forfeited the confidence of the people.

MR. DONALD was the next speaker, he felt deeply grateful for the hand some support he had received—the battle had been labor versus capital. He was sure on the "Courier" for its "unfair statements." The working men of Charlotte had chosen him as one of their Representatives to the Legislature, and he would faithfully execute the trust they had given him—it was the proudest day of his life to know that he was the representative of honest labor—no act of his would ever cause a blush to mantle the cheeks of his constituents. He owed nothing to the King of St. Stephen, "not an accidental representative, but would legislate for the benefit of the whole County." The powers at St. Stephen had attempted to crush St. Andrew and other parts of the County, but they had failed in doing so. He would support the Opposition—and added that "if he could be bought, as was falsely asserted, \$5,000 or \$6,000 would not have been spent to prevent his election. He would try and get some way to collect the Export duty on St. Stephen."

MR. ROBINSON said he felt as proud as Mr. Stevenson although he had not been elected. Through false reports he had lost votes which would have placed him among his more fortunate friends. Upon another occasion he would again offer.

MR. P. CURRAN referred to the reports circulated against Mr. Robinson, declaring they were not true.

MR. MAGR returned thanks for the Island candidature, Mr. McLaughlin.]

MR. McKAY heartily thanked the electors for the handsome support given him, and was happy that he had formed a more intimate acquaintance with them, 751 had endorsed the principles he had advocated. He did not state positively that he would again offer.

MR. LYNOTT said that although he was politically killed for the present, he desired to be decently interred, and appeared before the electors to thank them for their votes. He made some humorous allusions to the Candidates and said that on the next occasion he hoped that the young candidates would receive a more generous support. He was not authorized to speak for Mr. McAdam, but thanked the Electors on his behalf for their support.

Each of the Candidates were applauded at the conclusion of their speeches. The Election of 1870 will long be remembered as the most quiet and orderly that ever was held in this County.

THE GREAT BOAT RACE.—We have received a subscription list to be filled up by those who will aid in defraying the expenses of the "Paris Crew" who are to row at Lachine in September next. We are authorized to receive any amounts subscribed, and remit to the Committee at St. John as early as possible.

Two or three soldiers of the 15th Regiment arrived here from Bermuda in the steamer Patrick, of Plymouth, Mass., was captured in Aspy Bay, near Cape North; the other, the schooner J. H. Nickerson, of Salem, Mass., at Sydney harbor. The Wm. Patrick has been stripped, and docked at North Sydney. A crew was put on board the other, and she is now on her way to Halifax.—[Halifax Citizen.]

It is reported in St. John that the Government of this Province are endeavoring to reconstruct. The "Globe" says that Messrs. Stevenson and Gough were in St. John on Monday, and it was said these gentlemen with some others would be called upon to assist in the reconstruction. That Mr. Stevenson would join the present Government is unlikely, as he openly declared on Declaration Day "that should an attempt be made to reconstruct the Government he felt it would be his duty to oppose it." Nor is it likely that Mr. Gough will be tempted to join a Government he condemned so strongly last Session. It is probable that under all the circumstances, the Government will be compelled to resign.

The "Courier" of the 7th commencing on the result of the Election, does not appear to be satisfied, notwithstanding St. Stephen has 200 members, Messrs. Donald and McAdam. It argues that "the result of the voting shows 'the effects of the sectional canvass made by certain candidates through the County.' Lost us examine; Mr. Donald received in the upper Parish 578 votes, and in the lower Parishes 722; just 144 more votes than St. Stephen, Milltown, St. James, St. David and Dumbarton gave him. Mr. McAdam in the same Parishes with his powerful influence received 725 votes, the lower Parishes gave him 382, Mr. Robinson a new Candidate residing in St. Stephen but hailing from St. James, received in the upper Parishes 701 votes.—Here we have the three candidates from the upper Parishes each receiving a vote which may in all justice be truly termed a sectional one. Mr. Stevenson in those Parishes received only 474 votes against Mr. McAdam's 725; and Mr. Hibbard got 342 votes against Mr. Donald's 578, and Mr. Robinson's 701. From these figures it is evident that the lower Parish es consulted their interests in supporting their own Candidates; had they not done so it is probable that they would have been disfranchised, and lost two of the best members for the County—tried men, who proved true to the interests of the County at large, and reaped their reward from the constituency, which placed them at the head of the Poll!

The "Courier" again alleging that the vote in the lower Parishes was "a sectional one throughout," adds the following harmless threat—"that if we can get relief from it in no other way, it will be our duty to insist upon a 'division of the County.'" In other words it St. Stephen cannot dictate who are to be elected, and elect them, the County must be divided. We can inform the "Courier" that the division of the County was advocated twenty years ago, but the majority of the people were as adverse to increasing their taxes then, as we believe they are now. The upper Parishes always had two members until 1867 when St. George elected two. It is generally acknowledged that had the lower Parishes not worked harmoniously, three members would have been elected from St. Stephen and one from Grand Mannan, leaving St. Andrew and St. George, out in the cold as was stated by some of the Candidates on Declaration day.

We trust that as the election is over, all little bickerings will cease, and that differences of opinion will be reconciled—the vote is a decided one, and a fixed fact.

THE GRAND LODGE OF BRITISH TEMPLARS which held its annual Session here last week, was largely attended by Representatives from the numerous Primary Lodges in the different Counties in this Province, and also by visitors from various parts of this County. The Session which commenced on Tuesday afternoon was concluded early on Friday morning; a large amount of business connected with the Order was transacted, often requiring an attendance until midnight; we may add, that the greatest harmony and good feeling existed. The manner in which the business and discussions were conducted, reflects the highest credit upon the Chief, Rev. J. McLeod, who appears to be well acquainted with Parliamentary practice—in fact it is a good school to qualify the young men of the country to conduct public meetings, and to become as some of them now are and others hope to be members of the Legislature.

The various Reports read evinced no small amount of labor in preparation, particularly that of the Grand Secretary, which shows the progress made by the order during the past twelve months, the amount of money received from the subordinate Lodges, and the large increase in the membership. As all these matters will appear in "the British Templar," the recognized organ of Templarism in New Brunswick, we have no desire to forestal by publishing them.

On Thursday night last a Public Meeting of the officers and members of the Grand Lodge was held in the Baptist Church, which was largely attended. Several short addresses were delivered, and taken altogether it was one of the most interesting meetings held here for many years. A unanimous vote of thanks was tendered to the G. L. officers for their eloquent addresses, which was happily re-

sponded to by the G. W. Chief, Rev. Mr. McLeod.

The following is a list of the Officers elected at the Session on Thursday, for the ensuing year:—

James Watts, Woodstock, Chief.
W. S. Thompson, Deer Island, Vice.
J. S. Colpitts, Salisbury, Secretary.
C. F. Clinch, Musquash, St. John Co., Treasurer.
Rev. J. E. R. and Hampstead, Lecturer.
F. T. Bridges, Woodstock, Councillor.
Rev. W. M. Edwards, Blissfield, No'd. Chaplain.
Judson E. Taboos, Burton, Sunbury Co'y, Marshal.
Miss B. A. McLeod, St. James, Char. Co'y, Dep. Marshal.
S. L. Fountain, Deer Island, Inner Guard.
A. Campbell, St. Andrews, Outer Guard.

The Synod of the Church of Scotland which met at Halifax a fortnight ago, was adjourned on the 6th inst., to meet in the City of St. John in June next.

BOAT RACES.—On the 4th a race came off between the St. Stephen new race boat "J. H. Rose," and the Calais boat "Thetis," in which the St. Stephen boat was beaten. Again on the 7th another race took place with a similar result, "Poor St. Andrews," with her old race boat, still wears the belt having beaten both the Calais and St. Stephen crews.

The rain which fell last evening was of infinite service to the crops; the ground was becoming parched but last night's showers penetrated a few inches below the surface, and has given an impetus to the crops.

ITEMS.

Albert Election, resulted in the return of Palmer and Ryan.

Mr. McKenzi, M. P. leader of the Canadian opposition, and his brother, and Mr. D. McDonald, M. P. are in town and are stopping at the Waverly. They drove out in company with the Hon. Senator Wilmut this morning.—[Globe.]

The Fourth of July appears to have been very generally observed by the American citizens and other inhabitants of Yarmouth. If M. Gumbast Chubb compiled the master of the steam tug J. W. Johnson, in which was a party of excursionists, to take down an American flag which was flying at the quarter.

The bark Ida E. of St. John, owned by O. Emery & Co., from St. John for Portland, with deck, ran ashore on Mud Island during the gale on Friday last, lost her deck and became waterlogged. She was towed into the harbor this morning, and will undergo a survey at once.

RETURN OF THE DARIEN EXPEDITION.—All the ships of the Darien exploring expedition, have returned. The result of the survey has not been made public, but it is understood that it is favorable for the construction of the canal.

THE ECLIPSE.—An English Journal says the Royal Society and the Royal Astronomical Society of England have taken steps to secure a proper observation of the total eclipse of the sun in December next.

Lowell was visited by a very severe thunder storm on Wednesday afternoon of last week. Some of the streets were almost completely inundated with water, and a considerable amount of damage to them was occasioned by the rain. Many trees in different parts of the city were stripped of their branches. The storm was local, and at Puntucket Bridge a mile distant, almost no rain fell.

WRECK AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The schooner Bella, trading between this port and Sackville, struck on a reef at Cape Spencer, on Friday morning, while on her passage to Sackville, and the Captain and a young man named Ogden, of Sackville, lost their lives.—[Globe.]

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

July 11, Schr. Alma, Jackson, Boston, to last.
Oliver Matilda, Kilpatrick, Boston, do.
Franklin, Coats, Boston, do.
Antelope, Tatton, Boston, do.
Daisy, Waycott, Portland, Flour, R. Ross.
12, Elizabeth Bowley, Gaitcomb, Portland, Flour.
Albert, Maloney, Boston, ballast.

CLEARED.

July 6, Schr. Son. Hanson, Produce.
Ann Leonard, Raye, Boston, Plank &c., John Campbell.
9, Harriett, P. Bitt, Boston, 2450 sleepers, R. Ross.
Bell, Simpson, Portland, 1438 sleepers, R. Ross.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Tuesday, 21st June 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the Act of St. Victoria, Chapter 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered, that on, from and after the 1st day of July next, the Port of "Bagged Islands" in the Province of Nova Scotia shall, for all the purposes of that Act, be designated and known as the "Loche Port."

WM H. LEE,

July 15. 31 Clerk Privy Council.

Meeting of

THE Courts of Oyer and Terminer for the County of St. John, will sit at the Court House on Tuesday the 26th day of October.

At which time and place fees, and constables of all suits required to be at the public notified to give the

St. Andrews, July 8.

NEW STE

"CITY OF ST

UNTIL fur

Reed's Point on every

7 o'clock, for St. Stephen,

St. Andrews.

Returning from St. Ste

morning, calling at St. An

of St. George.

On every Saturday the

trip from St. Stephen to

St. Andrews and Eastport

pen same day.

Fare to St. Stephen,

"St. Andrews

"L'Etang.

To excursionists the ab

pleas and Route, giving t

making a round trip, see

Monday (inclusive), for a

Tickets free.

FOR YAR

The above Steamer will

every WEDNESDAY n

Freight received at

Reed's Point, by the Ager

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St. John, July 1, 1870.

LET

Remaining in the Post

Bell J. D.

Calcutta, D. C.

Pickering, J. M.

Davis, Miss Margaret.

Doble, John.

Glass, W. H.

Harding, Mrs Sarah.

P. O. St. Andrews Jun

Oil, Flour.

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY.



RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

THE GREAT EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL REMEDY.

FOR THE MOST EXHAUSTING PAIN.

IN 2 FEW MINUTES.

RAILWAY CURE, THE PATENT.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Proves its superiority to all other Medicines as once used it relieves the sufferer of PAIN, no matter how great, in 2 or 3 minutes, or when it may be necessary to use it in the Head, Face, or Throat.

It is the Best, Speedy, or Powerful.

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GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

TUESDAY, 31st May, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the

Minister of Customs, and in pursuance of the

provisions of the 11th Section of the Act 31 Vic

Cap. 6, intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs,"

it is hereby Ordered, that the following

Regulations, in connection of the Regulation

adopted by Order in Council of 28th July, 1868,

shall be and the same are hereby adopted and established:

1st. I having been enacted by Chap 9

Sec. 22, 23rd Victoria, that the Governor

may grant yearly Coasting Licences to British

Vessels navigating the inland waters of

Canada, and that such Licences may be

granted to such Vessels, and that such

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MANCHESTER HOUSE.

MAY 1870.

28 BALES & CASES

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Imported per Steamships "Marathon" and "Tripoli."

Just opened and for Sale.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ODELL & TURNER.

North British and Mercantile

Insurance Company,

OF EDINBURGH & LONDON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

FIRE & LIFE

CAPITAL - £2,000,000 STERLING

(WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS)

The Subscriber having been appointed General

Agent for New Brunswick for the above Com-

pany, is now prepared to effect insurances of

reasonable terms.

NICHOLAS T. GREATHHEAD, Esq., Agent for St.

Andrews and vicinity.

HENRY JACK, General Agent.

Aug 9.

French White Wine Vinegar.

5 Q R Casks White Wine Vinegar.

Jan 17.

J. W. STREET

MOLASSES.

Ex Sch. "Fuma" from Cienfuegos direct.

211 Hhds. BRIGHT, CHE PUEGOS MOLASSES.

15 Hhds.

The above is a very choice Cargo and will be

sold at lowest market rates, if ordered or day pay.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.

April 1870.

St. Stephen.

Molasses.

20 H HDS choice Molasses.

J. W. STREET

TO LET.

The House in Queen Street, with a

Garden attached, known as the Con-

solid House.

TO LET, from 1st May next. One half the

house in Queen Street, at present occupied

by Peter Huggins.

COTTAGE TO LET.

TO LET, from 1st May next. A small Cottage on the

Point of St. John, and the said Cottage

will return to him the other half with

which he had been furnished so that the

of the trade of each month, shall be in

the Custom House, or be used for statistical

purposes during the whole of the succeeding

month.

WM. H. LEE,

June 15. 31 Clerk Privy Council.

GIN, WINES, TEA, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London.

40 Hhds. Best Pale Geneva.

10 Cases

30 Cases

20 Cases

10 Cases

5 Cases

2 Cases

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