

The St. Andrews Standard.

PUBLISHED BY A. W. SMITH.]

E. VARIIS - UNUMQVOD EST OPTIMUM. - C. C.

[12s 6d. PER ANN. IN ADVANCE.]

No 28.

SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JULY 13, 1859.

[Vol 26.]

Poetry.

DEAR AULD SCOTLAND.

BY WILLIAM MURDOCK, OF ST. JOHN.

O tell me this is my name,
Lac'er can think it say;
O tell na me this land's my name,
It fills my breast wi' wae;
For tho' I've been an exile lang
Fra frien's an' native shore,
The dreams o' youth still bind my heart
To dear auld Scotland more.

Her dancing rills, an' foaming fannins,
Her thistle waving free,
Her blue-bells deck'd in summer's pride,
Her sang birds a' in glee,
The storms that revel 'mang her hills,
Where mountain torrents roar,
A' bind my soul wi' magic chains
To dear auld Scotland more.

Mine is the land o' daring deeds,
O' valor, truth, an' love,
Mine is the land where freedom holds
Its patent free above;
Our fathers bought it wi' their lives,
An' seal'd it wi' their gore,
An' dying charged their later sons
To love auld Scotland more.

Aye mine's the land where Wallace fought,
In many a bloody fell;
O could I pour my sin heart's blood
For dear auld Scotland's weel;
Wi' joy I've trod in large years
Her wild enchanting shore,
An' noo when bending o'er the grave
I love her more an' more.

THE WORSTED STOCKING.

Father will be done the great chimney
to night, won't he mother said little Tom
Howard, as he stood waiting for his father's
breakfast, which he had to him at his
work every morning.

"He said he hoped the scaffolding would
be down to night," answered his mother,
and that'll be a fine sight; for I never like
the cutting of these great chimneys; it's so
risky! thy father's to be the last up. "Eh
then, but I'll go and see him and help him
give a shout before he comes down," said
Tom. "And then said the mother," if all
goes on right we are to have a frolic to-
morrow, and go into the country and have
our dinner, and spend all day among the
woods. "Hurray!" cried Tom, as he ran
off to his father's place of work, with a can
of milk in one hand and some bread in the
other. His mother stood at the door, watch-
ing him as he went merrily whistling down
the street, and then the thought of the dear
father he was going to, and the dangerous
work he was engaged in, and then her
heart sought its sure refuge, and she prayed
to God to protect and bless her treasures.
Tom, with a light heart pursued his way to
his father and leaving him his breakfast,
went to his own work, which was at some
distance. In the evening, on his way home,
he went round to see how his father was
getting on. James Howard, the father, and a
number of other workmen, had been building
one of those lofty chimneys, which in our
great manufacturing towns, almost supply
the place of other architectural beauty? This
chimney was one of the highest and most taper-
ing that had ever been erected; and as Tom,
shading his eyes from the slanting of the
setting sun, looked up to the top in search
of his father his heart almost sank within
at the appalling sight. The scaffolding was
almost all down; the men at the bottom
were removing the beams and the poles.
Tom's father stood alone on the top. He
looked all around to see that everything was
right, and then waving his hat into the air,
the men below answered with a long loud
cheer, little Tom shouting as heartily as any
one of them. As their voices died away,
however they heard a very different sound
— a cry of alarm and horror from above!

"The rope! The rope!" the men looked
round, and coiled on the ground lay the
rope which before the scaffolding was removed
should have been fastened to the top of the
chimney, for Tom's father to come down by.
The scaffolding had been taken down
without their remembering to take the rope
up.

There was a dead silence. They all knew
that it was impossible to throw the rope up
high enough, or skillfully enough, to reach
the top of the chimney; or if it could, it
would hardly have been safe. They stood
in silent dismay, unable to give any help,
or think of any means of safety.

And Tom's father, he walked round and
round the little circle, the dizzy height seem-
ing every moment to grow more fearful, and

the solid earth further and further from
him.

In the sudden panic he lost his presence
of mind and his senses almost failed him. He
shut his eyes he felt as if that next moment
he must be dashed to pieces on the
ground below.

The day had passed as industriously and
as swiftly as usual with Tom's mother at
home. She was always busily employed for
her husband and children, in some way or other;
and to day she had been harder at work
than usual getting ready for the holiday to-
morrow.

She had justified all her preparations, and
her thoughts were silently thanking
God for her happy home, and for all the
blessings of life, when Tom ran in. His
face was as white as ashes, and he could
hardly get his words out: "Mother!
Mother! He canna get down." "Who lad?"
Thy father?" asked his mother. "The've
forgotten to leave him the rope." Tom still
searcely able to speak. His mother started
up, terror-struck, and stood a moment as
if paralyzed; then pressing her hand to her
forehead as if to shut out the terrible picture
and breathing a prayer to God for help she
rushed out of the house. When she reached
the place where her husband was at work, a
crowd had collected around the foot of the
chimney, and a cool, there quite helpless
gazing up with faces full of sorrow. "He
says he'll throw himself down," exclaimed
they as Mrs. Howard came up. "He is going
to throw himself down." "These munnas do
that lad!" cried the wife with a clear hope-
ful voice; "These munnas do that. Wait a
bit. Take off thy stocking lad and unweave
it, and let down the thread with a bit of
moss." Dost her me, Jen?" The man
made a assent, for it seemed as if he could
not speak; and taking of his stocking unweave
the worsted thread with row and row.

The people stood around in breathless anxiety
and suspense, wondering what Tom's
mother would be thinking of and why she
sent him in such haste for the one carpen-
ter's ball of twine.

"Let down one end of thread with a bit of
moss, and keep fast hold of the other," cried
she to her husband. The little thread came
waving down the tall chimney, blown hither
and thither by the wind, but at last it reach-
ed the outstretched hands that were waiting
for it. Tom held the ball of string while his
mother tied one end of it to the worsted
thread. "Now pull it up slowly," said she
to her husband, and she gradually unweave
the string as the worsted drew it gently up.
It stopped, the string had reached her hus-
band. "Now hold the string fast and pull
it up," cried she, and the string grew heavy
and hard to pull for Tom and his mother
had fastened the thick rope to it. They
watched it gradually and slowly uncoiling
from the ground as the string was drawn
higher. There was now but one coil left. It
had reached the top. "Thank God! Thank
God!" exclaimed the wife. She hid her
face in her hands, in silent prayer, and trem-
blingly rejoiced. The rope was up. The
iron to which it should be fastened was
there all right; but would her husband be
able to make use of them? would not the
error of the past hour have so unnerved him
as to prevent him from taking the necessary
measures for his safety? She did not know
the magic influence which her few words had
exercised over him. She did not know the
strength that the sound of her voice, so calm
and steadfast, had filled him with—as if the
little thread that carried him the hope of
life once more had conveyed to him some
portion of that faith in God, which nothing
ever destroyed or shook in his true heart.

She did not know that, as he waited there,
the words came over so him. "Why art thou
cast down, Oh my soul? and why art thou
disquieted within me? Hope thou in God."
She lifted up her heart to God for hope and
strength. She could do nothing more for
her husband, and her heart turned to God
and rested on him as a rock. There was a
great shout. "He's safe mother he's safe,"
cried little Tom. "Thous't saved me Mary,"
said her husband folding her in his arms. "But
what ails thee? Thou seemest more
sorry than glad about it!" But Mary could
not speak; and if the strong arm of her
husband had not held her up she would
have fallen to the ground—the sudden joy
after such great fear, had overcome her.

"Tom," said his father, "let thy mother
lean on thy shoulder, and we'll take her
home." And in their happy home they
poured forth thanks to God for his great
goodness; and their happy life together felt
dearer and holier for the peril it had been
in, and for the nearness that the danger had
brought them unto God. And the holiday
the next day—was it not indeed a thank-
sgiving day?—[English Magazine.]

Obituary poetry is generally lack-ry-
me-ose!

Divorce, in most cases, is only another
word for a man-cipation.

To Improve the Soil.

To improve a soil is as much as to say
that we seek to modify its constitution, its
physical properties, in order to bring them
into harmony with the climate and the na-
ture of the crops that are grown. In a dis-
trict where the soil is too clayey our endeavor
ought to be, to make it acquire to a certain
extent the qualities of light soils. Theory
indicates the means to be followed to effect
such a change; it suffices to introduce sand
into soils that are too stiff, and to mix clay
with those that are too sandy. But these re-
commendations of science which indeed the
common sense of mankind had already pointed
out, are seldom realized in practice, and
only appear feasible to those who are entire-
ly unacquainted with rural economy. The
digging up and transport of the various kinds
of soil according to the necessities of the
case, are very costly operations, and I can
quote a particular instance in illustration
of the fact; my land at Hachelbroum is gen-
erally strong; experiments made in the gar-
den on a small scale showed that an addition
of sand improved it considerably. In the
middle of the farm there is a manufactory
which accumulates such a quantity of sand
that it becomes troublesome; nevertheless
I am satisfied that all things taken into
account, it would be better policy to buy new
lands with the capital which would be re-
quired to improve those I already possess in
the manner which has been indicated. I
should have no difficulty in citing numerous
instances where improvements by mingling
different kinds of soil were ruinous in the
end to those who undertook them.

A piece of sandy soil, for example, pur-
chased at a very low price after having been
suitably improved by means of clay, costs
its proprietor much more than the price of
the best land in the country.

Great caution is therefore necessary in un-
dertaking any improvement of the soil in
this direction—in changing suddenly the
nature of the soil. Improvement ought to
take place gradually and by good hus-
bandry the necessity tendency of which is
to improve the soil. Upon stiff clayey lands
we put dressings and manures which tend
to divide it, to lessen its cohesion, such as
ashes, turf, long manure, &c. But the hus-
bandman has not always suitable materials for
his command, and in this case, which is
perhaps the usual one, he must endeavor by
selecting judiciously, crops which shall
agree best with stiff soils, and the same time
meet the demands of his market, to make
the most of his land.

In a word, the true husbandman ought to
know the qualities and defects of the land
which he cultivates, and to be guided in his
operations by these; and in fact it is only
with such knowledge that he can know the
rent he can afford to pay and estimate the
amount of capital which he can reasonably
employ in carrying on the operations of his
farm.

In an agricultural or clayey soil, it would
be absurd to persist in attempting to grow
crops that require an open soil. Clayey
lands generally answer well for meadows,
and autumn ploughing is always highly
advantageous to them by reason of the dis-
integrating effects of the ensuing winter frosts.

—[Boussingault.]

A Man grown by Guano and Electricity.

A citizen of New Haven while travelling
in the State of New York, was induced to
make one of the audience of an itinerant lec-
turer who was holding forth upon the effi-
cacy of electricity as applied to vegetable pro-
ductions.

In the course of his harangue, Guano was
incidentally alluded to as a powerful agent
in quickening the growth of plants, and the
effects of both were displayed in such glow-
ing language that the auditory soon imagin-
ed themselves standing in the midst of a field
of the grain, before it was out of reach. The
whole assembly were in a fine state of en-
thusiasm, and swallowing down the wonders
revealed to them with opened mouths and
staring eyes, when a plain looking old farm-
er arose, and with much apparent diffidence,
begged leave to confirm the lecturer's state-
ments, by the relation of an incident which
he had recently witnessed, and to which he
was a party.

"I have," said he, "a very bad boy, named
Tommy; he has given us a great deal of
trouble, and having tried various methods
to reform him, without success, I told my
wife that it would be best to try something
that was new, and rather more severe. Ac-
cordingly we agreed to shut him up at night
in the barn. This answered very well for a
while, but he grew worse again, till finally I
was obliged to shoot him up in the barn every
night by sundown.

Well, one night while Tommy was roas-
ting with the cattle, and I was in bed, there
came on thunder storm. It lightened sharp
enough to put out a man's eyes, the thunder

so loud that it made the house rattle like a
snare drum. Feeling rather uneasy about
the boy, I got up in the morning, and went
out to see how he fared. As I was going to
the barn, I met a man most eight feet high,
coming toward me. I never see such a tall
critter in all my life before, and I began to
feel sort of scorable at having him about my
premises.

"Hullo," says I, as soon as I could speak,
"who are you, and what are you doing in
my barn yard?"

The strange looking animal answered in a
little squeaking child's voice.

"Why father, it's me; don't you know
Tommy?"

"You, says I, why Tom, how on earth did
you get stretched out so long in one night?
You're grown as tall as out doors, don't you
know it?"

"Why, yes, father, says he, 'I s'pose I
have, for last night I slept on them bags of
Guano you put in the barn, and that and
the lightning together just did the business.'"

The effect of this story on the audience
was indeed electric. Peel upon peel of
laughter followed, the people went off every
way, and the next day the lecturer upon
electricity and guano, was among the miss-
ing. —[N. H. Courier.]

European Intelligence.

Three Days later from Europe.

THE VIGO OFF CAPE RACE.

The steamer City of Baltimore, which
sailed from Liverpool on the 22d ult. broke
her propeller and put back. The Vigo took
her place, and left Cork on the 25th, at 2
p. m. She brings the same dates as the Asia
will.

The ship Stalwart, from New Orleans for
Liverpool, has been burnt at sea. The
crew, passengers, and £6000, saved, and ar-
rived at Queenstown.

THE WAR.

A great battle was anticipated before the
end of June. The Austrians greatly rein-
forced, occupied a strong position. The Em-
peror of Austria reached the head quarters
at Villa Franca on the 20th.

The Allies occupied Brescia and vicinity.
The Emperor and the King were received
there with great enthusiasm.

The latest telegram says that Napoleon
quitted Brescia in order to advance, and that
the Austrians had advanced Lonato, Castelli-
ve, &c, which they had occupied in great
force.

The King of Sardinia had declined the
dictatorship of Bologna, and declared that
he would not consent to the annexation of
any part of the Roman States to Sardinia.

Mantua is declared in a state of seige in
consequence of the forced paper currency in-
troduced.

The attitude of Prussia continued to occasion
anxiety. It was rumored that she was
about to make a peace proposition.

There had been a slight disturbance at Vi-
enna, but quiet was restored.

Garibaldi had passed the outposts as far
as the official list of the English Ministry
agrees with previous advices.

It is said that Lord Derby declared at a
meeting of Conservatives that he would take
office no more.

The Paris Bourse was dull and lower.
The Egyptian Ministry has suspended the
Suez Canal operations.

It is reported that Russia is about to mo-
bilize four corps d'armee.

A treaty is reported to have been conclud-
ed between Russia and Turkey. Russia was
obtaining great influence in Constantinople.

The Bombay mail of May 23d has arrived.
The disaffection of the Company's troops
was spreading. The panic in the money
market had slightly subsided. Imports
dull, exports active.

VIENNA, June 23d.—The Austrian Gov-
ernment has formerly declared that the
cruelities attributed to Gen. D'Urban in Count
Cavour's message to be entirely devoid of
foundation.

A sanguinary collision has taken place in
Perugia between the soldiers of the Pope
and the inhabitants.

The King of the Belgians and the Count
of Flanders had arrived at Buckingham
Palace on a visit to the Queen.

An alarming and destructive fire occurred
at Cork on Thursday night. Loss not stat-
ed.

LATER STILL.

The Adelaide at Newfoundland.

ANOTHER GREAT BATTLE!

Victory claimed by the French.

St. John N. E., July 3.

The steamship Adelaide left Galtway on

the 25th ult., and arrived here this evening.

THE WAR.—The attitude of the belliger-
ent armies is unchanged. The main body
of the Austrians were on the left bank of
the Mincio. The Emperor of Austria had
removed his headquarters to Valloido. It
was believed that he had 280,000 troops on
the Mincio. The entire French force had
passed the Montebello, and pushed a recon-
naissance as far as Goito. The Piedmontese
advanced as far as Peschiera. Napoleon has
joined his camp. Prince Napoleon was on
the borders of Modena.

Swiss troops sent from Rome to Perugia
to suppress a rising; have had desperate en-
counters with the people, shooting them
down indiscriminately.

Prussia is making warlike demonstrations,
preparatory to offering her mediation. She
had demanded permission to march 31,000
troops through Hanover to the Rhine. It is
believed that the basis of peace negotiations
to be proposed by Prussia will not be ac-
ceptable to France, thereby involving Prus-
sia in war. Reported treaty with Austria is
denied. Reported Russian union states ag-
ainst Hungarian legion, and Prussia threat-
ens to assist in suppressing Hungarian in-
surrection.

BRITAIN.—Parliament proceedings sus-
pended until members of the new adminis-
tration are re-elected. It is rumored that
the new Ministry will curtail naval expendi-
ture.

Paris Bourse 23rd depressed, closed 61 65.

VERY LATEST!

A Great Battle Fought!

PARIS, Saturday.—The Emperor tele-
graphs the following to the Empress:

CASIMIR, Friday evening.

Great battle. Great victory. The whole
Austrian army formed in the line of battle
extending five leagues in length. We have
taken all their positions, captured many can-
nons, flags, and prisoners. The battle last-
ed from four o'clock in the morning till eight
in the evening.

MARKETS.

Cotton of inferior qualities have declin-
ed $\frac{1}{4}$. Market generally unchanged.—Man-
chester advices favorable. Breadstuffs steady
—provisions declining tendency. Consols
92 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 92 $\frac{3}{4}$ for account ex dividend. Flour
very dull—holders offer freely but show no
disposition to press sales.

Latest, London, noon.—Consols 92 $\frac{1}{2}$ to
92 $\frac{3}{4}$. Bullion in bank increasing.

The Adelaide brings over 500 passengers,
and leaves here at daylight to-morrow morn-
ing for New York.

Filial Obedience.

"How old are ye?" said Major Kiplins, to
a dwarfish young man.

"Twenty."

"I wonder you arn't right down ashamed of
being no bigger; you look like a boy of
ten."

All comes of being a dutiful child.

How so?

When I was ten, father put his hand on
my head and said, "stop here," and he then
run away. I've never seen him since; and
didn't think to go on growing without his
leave?

What disease do resperps often get on a hot
day? A dropsical affection.

At a dinner in Springfield, Mass., a lady
sent the following volunteer toast:—"Spruce
old bachelors—the evergreens of society."

Dr. Young says, that man and wife are like
soul and body—always at variance, yet loath
to part.

An Irish lover has remarked that it is a
great pleasure to be alone, especially when
you have your sweetheart with you.

At a hotel table one day, one boarder re-
marked to his neighbour,

"This must be a very healthy place for
chickens."

"Why?" asked the other.

"Because I never see any dead ones
about."

The era of puppy-love and dote-age are
considerably alike.

"How many genders are there?" asked
a schoolmaster.

Three, sir, promptly replied little blue eyes
—masculine, feminine, and neuter."

Pray, give me an example of each, said the
master.

Why you are masculine, because you
are a man; and I am feminine, because I am
a girl.

Very well; proceed.

I don't know, said the little girl, but I
reckon Mr. Jenkins is neuter, as he's an old
bachelor.

There is no medicine against death.

A gilliver who was wasting gold-leaf and
building on a miserable dabb, soothed his
conscience by the thought that he was only
"framing an apology." — New York Evening

European Intelligence.

Arrival of the Hungarian at Quebec.

The steamship Hungarian, which sailed from Liverpool June 29th, passed Fort Point on the 8th inst.

The Austrian and Sardinian accounts of the battle of the 24th June admit a terrible loss of life, but have furnished no details.

Repetitions of the French took 6000 prisoners, three flags, and thirty cannon. The Austrians had crossed the Mincio, and the French had crossed in pursuit.

Markings—Provisions dull. Bravestuffs declining. Consols 92½ to 93.

By Telegraph to St. John Morning Globe.

Particulars of the Great Battle of the Mincio.

CANADA, June 29, 11:30 A.M.

The Austrians who had crossed the Mincio for the purpose of attacking us with their whole body, have been obliged to abandon their positions and withdraw to the left bank of the river. They had blown up the bridge of Guto. The loss of the enemy is very considerable, but ours is much less.

We have taken 50 cannon, more than 7000 prisoners, and three flags.

Gen. Niel and his corps d'armee have covered themselves with glory, as well as the whole army.

The Sardinian army inflicted great loss on the enemy, after having contended with great superiority for some time.

The Paris Presse says that private messages from Rome are spoken of, which put down the Austrian loss at 35,000 hors de combat, and 15,000 taken prisoners, together with 16 flags and 75 pieces of cannon. This, however, lacks confirmation.

VERONA, June 25.

The day before yesterday our right wing occupied Pozzolezza, Solferino and Carrara, and the left wing pressed forward far beyond Guidizzolo and Cas Giallerato, but were driven back by the two entire armies at 10 A.M. yesterday. Our left under Genl. Wimpf, advanced as far as Chiasso. In the afternoon there was a concentrated assault on the Solferino. Our right wing repulsed the Piedmontese, but on the other hand the order of our centre could not be restored, and our losses are extraordinarily heavy. The developments of powerful masses of the enemy against our left wing, and the advance of his main body against Volta caused our retreat, which began late in the evening.

The London Times says that the Austrians have most candidly admitted their defeat, and that history scarcely records a bulletin where such defeat is more explicitly avowed.

Kossuth to his Countrymen.

The following address has been published—
TO THE HUNGARIAN EXILES RESIDING IN THE UNITED STATES.—At the time of the late Crimean War several of my exiled fellow-countrymen brought great misery upon themselves by throwing up their situation and leaving the United States for Europe, without having taken care to ascertain whether or not circumstances warranted the step.

"I fear the present state of European affairs, together with partly vague, partly exaggerated, partly unfounded reports, may have a similar effect.

"I consider it, therefore to be my duty to warn my exiled fellow-countrymen in America that it is not yet time for them to move.

"Grave considerations forbid my entering on premature explanations. Suffice it to say that, though the sky is brightening promisingly, we have yet great difficulties to overcome.

"Due care is taken, not only of the interests of our country, but also especially of their personal interests.

"They shall be duly apprised in due time. But the time has not yet come. Let them patiently let them confidently wait. Any unconsiderate rashness might bring personal ruin on them without the slightest advantage to the public cause.

KOSSUTH.

London, England, June 9, 1859.

Turkey.

A letter from Constantinople, in the "Moniteur de la Florie," states that the defence of the Dardanelles have been considerably strengthened of late. This strait is forty-two miles in length, and its width varies from four miles to three-quarters.

Its defenses at the entrance are the castles of Sed Barkel and of Palvecastee, in Europe, and of Coum-Calesti, in Asia. These works have just been casemated and enlarged by strong earthworks, and the armament which has hitherto consisted of 163 guns and 28 mortars, has been increased by one third.

On the shore of Niagara, at the extremity of a narrow point of land which runs out into the Hellespont batteries of an entirely new construction, have been erected and all the defensive works of Dardanelles, hitherto open at the gorge, have been now closed.

The Russian screw-frigate Gromobol arrived at Constantinople on the 8th inst. on board the Grand Duke Constantine and Grand Duchess Alexandra. The imperial visitors proceeded to the Sultan's kiosque where his Majesty received them at the door, with cordial empressment, and led them into the interior. After a visit of considerable length, the illustrious strangers, accompanied by the door by the Sultan, and thence to the landing-place by the Ministers, returned to the frigate. The next morning the Gromobol

proceeded up the Bosphorus to Emirghian, where the imperial guests took possession of the palace prepared for them. The Grand Duke was expected to remain for about ten days.

AN ORPHAN FROM MONTEBELLO.—A letter from Cassle in the Salut Public of Lyons says: "I met in the Piazza Savonne a French Light Infantry soldier with a sparrow perched on his shoulder; the soldier, smoking, the sparrow chirruping. 'You breed birds, my brave fellow said I. The man smiled answered, 'This is an orphan from Montebello. The day of the fight, on leaving the village we chased the Austrians across the fields. Billies abided among the trees like hail and this poor bird quite young, being terrified fell from its nest on my arm. I thrust it into my pocket, which had been pierced through by two balls, and thought no more of it until on returning, I felt something scratch my head, and then I said, 'It is my little prisoner! and to the surprise and great astonishment of my comrades I produced him. I have kept him since, and now we have each other dearly—do we not, Montebello. And as he spoke he held out his finger to the bird, which hopped on it without hesitation. I begged permission to buy Montebello a few cherries, and to caress it. Catulus would not have kissed more tenderly the bird of Lesbia than I did that sparrow."

The Masonic Fraternity in Woodstock

assisted by Brethren from Fredericton and

Houlton, had quite a turn out on St. John's day. After going through the ceremony at their Lodge Room, they then marched through all the principal streets headed by a band. After arriving at the Square in front of F. R. J. Diblee, Esq.'s residence, the Masons formed a circle under a beautiful willow tree, and Bro. A. K. Smiles

more delivered a lecture, as we learn from the "Carleton Sentinel," in his usual happy style, and the procession then reformed and marched back to the Lodge Room. In the evening the Brethren sat down to a sumptuous repast in the Carleton House.

THE OVERLAND MAIL.

ST. LOUIS, July 5.—The overland mail arrived to-day, with California dates to the 13th ult.

Business at San Francisco continued dull, and most of the leading staples had declined.

Money was scarce. The next shipment of treasure to the East would be large.

The accounts from the mines continue favorable.

Advices from the Fraser River mines continue unfavorable. Crowds of emigrants

thicker were returning to California, and many others were settling in Oregon and Washington Territories.

Chas. A. Angel has been arrested at Victoria, charged with embezzling \$20,000 from the custom-house in that city.

The shipment of gold dust from Victoria for May, reached \$245,000.

IN PEACE PREPARE FOR WAR.—Considerable activity is discernible among the Naval and Military authorities, to place these lower Provinces in a proper state of defence.

Gen. Williams who returned here on Thursday last from Newfoundland, and P. E. Island, has been particularly active. At the latter place we learn that the pensioners are to be enrolled for Garrison duty, and that an army surgeon will be despatched for Charlottetown for the purpose of selecting those fit for military service. The Island, too, will be placed in a proper state of defence, and inducements offered to those willing to form themselves into Volunteer Rifle Companies. General Trollope and staff are at present on a tour of inspection in New Brunswick. It is stated that he will visit the principal fortifications, and have them placed in a proper state of defence. His Excellency the Governor, accompanied by Admiral Sir Houston Stewart, left here on Saturday last on a cruise to the Eastern part of the Province. We understand it is their intention to visit Cape Race, and an effort will be made for the purpose of forming a Regiment of Rifles among the men employed at the mines. A similar Regiment, it is stated, will be formed at the Albion mines, his Excellency having visited the latter place for that purpose during the past week. The attention of the authorities appears to be particularly directed towards the coal mines at Pictou and Cape Breton. In Annapolis the Barracks and fortifications, which have been out of repair for some time past, will be immediately put in order and made ready for occupation. (Halifax Express.)

MARINE DISASTER.—The Brig Rover, Capt. Morrison, arrived here on Saturday evening last from Cienfuegos, with Capt. Able, and five of the crew of the brig Ann McKean, of this port, belonging to W. B. Hamilton & Co., which vessel was destroyed at sea by fire on the 11th ult. The Ann McKean was bound from St. Jago to this port with a cargo of 250 puncheons of rum, and while off Cape Antonio on the 11th ult. a fire was discovered on board, and spread so rapidly that the Captain and crew had only time to put her before the wind and get the boat out in which they escaped, with only one oar. They were picked up by a Spanish vessel, from which they were afterwards taken by an American ship bound to New York. After they had been taken by an American vessel, the Rover hove in sight, and finding that the crew of a Halifax vessel was on board the ship, they took off six, all she could accommodate, the remaining two proceeded in the ship to New York. About half of the cargo of the Ann McKean was for Halifax, the remainder for St. John's N

E. The Ann McKean was said to be one of the handsomest vessels out of this port. (Halifax Express.)

THE QUEEN'S VISIT TO CANADA.—We learn by the Persia, that the Hon. Henry Smith, Speaker of the House of Assembly, had arrived in London. His mission to England is, as is well known, to lay at the foot of the throne the loyal address of the Parliament of Canada, requesting Her Majesty to come and be present at the ceremony of opening the great national work which bears her Royal name, and which will be, when finished, one of the greatest if not the greatest undertaking ever devised by engineering skill. In the present disturbed state of Europe, it is scarcely possible that the English people would trust our Queen out of sight of their coasts, but the idea of a substitute being found in the person of his Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, seems not at all unlikely of being carried out. (Toronto Colonist.)

AN IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT IN STEAM BOILERS.—On Saturday last, the people on our wharves were much astonished at observing the steamer Tiger passing up and down our harbor—with a man sitting on the top of the smoke pipe. On inquiring it was an experimental trip of the boat with Blanchard's patent boiler—furnished by the Portland Company. The trial was understood to be a very successful one, and it is believed that the adoption of these boilers must result in a great saving of fuel.

In the Blanchard boiler the heat, instead of passing out of the smoke pipe, as is sometimes the case—with a flame from six to ten feet in height—is conducted through a heater for super-heating the steam, and thence through another for heating the feed water. The heat is thus imparted where required, and leaves but little to escape. Careful experiments are being made to test the exact saving by this mode. If one one half the inventor's expectations are realized, it will make a vast saving in the consumption of fuel, and a great reduction in the size and weight of our present mammoth-sized boilers for steamers. (Port Argus.)

SMALL POX is prevailing to some extent in this city. We have heard of a number of persons having been taken ill, with this dreadful disease. A woman named Mrs. Belmont, we are informed, died with this dreadful disease yesterday morning. She resided in Lower Cove. (St. John, Globe.)

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, JULY 13, 1859.

The European News

the details of which will be found in our columns is interesting; Victory has followed the Allies in all their encounters with the Austrians. Lombardy is free—Tuscany is relieved of its Austrian Tyrant—Parma and Modena have joined the Italian cause, and from latest accounts Rome itself is making a movement towards the same object. The great battle which had been expected between the Allies and Austrians took place on the 24th of June on the banks of the Mincio, but no details are given, the only fact known is admitted by both parties—that the loss was very severe; eighty pieces of cannon were captured and six thousand prisoners taken by the Allies; the Austrians were retreating closely followed by the French and Sardinians. During the battle it is believed the whole Austrian army of 300,000 were engaged. "An English paper reviewing the campaign, says:—'The present has been called the intermediate stages of the Italian war. The rapid expulsion of the invading army from Piedmont, the victories of Palestro and Magenta, the triumphant entry into Milan, the subsequent victory at Melegnano, the withdrawal of the Austrians to their last line of defence, with the deposition of General Gyulai, may be said to form the first chapter of the campaign. Before the second opens, with its deadlier struggle, let us briefly summarise the past. The battle of Magenta has proved more decisive than the conquerors had anticipated. Impressed by the front the Austrians managed to assume, or occupied in repairing their losses and reorganising their wasted battalions, the allies organised four days to elapse before they entered the capital of Lombardy. But it now appears that the Austrians were in no condition, or were disinclined, to make head a second time against their opponents. They have abandoned not the capital alone, but the greater portion of the country to the invaders. One strong place after another has been given up, and the Austrians are retiring to their last line of defence. A battle of such importance measured by these results is worthy of a fuller account than we were able to gather last week from the telegraphic despatches, with their more than Spartan brevity, and the official reports from both the contending Generals which have subsequently reached us to enable us to form some estimation of the nature of the operations,

the numbers engaged, and the results obtained."

We are indebted to the St. John Morning Globe for the additional news by the steamship Hungarian, respecting the great battle of the Mincio. We also learn from same source, that the elections in England for Parliament to fill the seats vacated by those who have accepted office in the new Ministry, were gradually resulting in the return of the Government candidates. Mr. Gladstone, however, was being closely pressed for Oxford University by the Marquis Chandon.

THE "NEW YORK WAVE" a large quarto literary paper published in N. York, by Jones & Smith, at \$2 a year, in addition to many other attractions, contains one of the celebrated SERMONS of the week, specially reported for the paper, and forwarded by every steamer from England.

The Prospectus will be published in our next number. The "Waverly" editorially, is neutral in politics and religion.

The "4th of July" was duly honored by our neighbors over the lines, by processions, orations, dinners, salutes, and parades. The usual amount of gunpowder fire works and crackers, were also expended in celebrating the day. The United States papers contain lists of casualties which occurred on the 4th, in which many persons lost their lives, and others were horribly mutilated.

The Encenia at King's College took place at Fredericton on Thursday last. Mr. Stedman of St. John, read his essay on "India," for which he was awarded the Douglas Gold Medal. The subject proposed for next year's essay, is—"England in America."

ST. GEORGE'S BAZAAR.—The Steamer Queen arrived this morning from Calais and St. Stephen with a large party on board, which was very considerably augmented by persons from this place, to attend the Bazaar at St. George. The day is as fine as could be desired.

NEW POTATOES were offered for sale in the streets on Monday last. The price was moderate for the time.

An English paper (the Leeds Times) states that Sir Edmund Walker Head will on his return from Canada, be raised to the Peerage, as a reward for his services while Governor General of British North America. It is rumored that Sir Edmund Head will be succeeded by Sir Edward Grogan.

A Mr. Rollins writes to the editor of the Maine Farmer, that he has a cow and a heifer in his possession which gave respectively 40½ and 41½ lbs. of milk per day, and 260 and 283 lbs. per week. He did not test their buttermaking qualities, but asserts that the cow, when three years old, yielded 14 lbs. of butter per week. This is rather a small allowance.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—On the afternoon of the 5th inst. instant, Mr. William Whitcomb was walking beside the track in the railway station at Providence, when he was knocked down by a moving car, which passed over his body. He died immediately. He had been called to by a brakeman and by a person standing near; but it is supposed that he was bewildered by fright at the near approach of the train. He was a resident of Attleborough, and was about forty years of age.

A correspondent of the St. Louis Republican, writing from Springfield, Ill., states that in the published accounts of the suicide of Dr. A. J. Morrison at Henderson, Ky., after an unsuccessful attempt to poison the prosecuting attorney, great injustice is done to a very worthy man. The writer endeavors to show that the prosecution of Dr. Morrison for forgery was the result of the malice of his enemies, as was also the subsequent accusation of poisoning, and cites many facts as tending to prove the unhappy man had endured a long series of persecutions, which drove him to madness and self-destruction.

ARRIVAL OF TROOPS.—A Company of the 63rd Foot under the command of Major Carter, arrived here on Thursday evening last, from Halifax. They are a fine-looking body of men, and we observe many of them wear the Crimean medal, and some of them the clasp also. We have no doubt but that they will so conduct themselves as to gain the esteem of the inhabitants and their removal—whenever that time shall arrive—give just cause for regret. (Head Q.)

The Legislature of Pennsylvania has fixed the following as the standard weights of the various kinds of produce. This is important to farmers to know, and they should cut and preserve the paragraph: "By the act of March 10 1859, the weight of a bushel of wheat was fixed at 60 pounds; a bushel of buckwheat, 48 pounds; a bushel of potatoes Irish 60 pounds, act of April 15, 1855, rye, 56 pounds; act of March 10, 1818, oats was fixed at 52 pounds, this year 1859, it has been altered to 50 pounds. The other standards are: Corn on the cob, 70 pounds;

corn shelled, 56 pounds; onions, 57; timothy seed, 45 pounds; clover seed, 50 pounds; bran, 20 pounds. These are the principal of farm produce sold by weight in this State.

The longest whaling voyage on record was made by the schooner Exile, which arrived at New London on the 12th. She sailed August 18, 1852, consequently she was absent six years, nine months and twenty-five days. The only approach to this lengthened voyage made by any vessel with our recollection was that made by the schooner Alfred which arrived in New Bedford after being absent six years and eight months.

CRICKET MATCH.

MONTREAL, July 6.—The cricket match between Montreal and New York commenced this morning. New York won the toss, and went in first, scoring 119, after a most beautiful play. 119. The Montrealers scored 119, with 7 wickets down. The game will be resumed to-morrow morning.

Toronto papers give an account of the suicide of a man in desperate circumstances, because he could not bear to hear the cries of his children for food.

In New York, on the 4th, two boys fired a cannon loaded with pebbles, when one of the pebbles struck Mrs. Jane Cleveland, a young married woman in the breast, and passed through her body. It is thought she cannot recover. Michael Gallagher, while passing along the street, received a shot in the neck, inflicting a mortal wound.

Numbers of individuals were burned by the careless use of, firearms and fireworks, and many fires resulted from the same cause. In its report of the occurrences of the different wards, the N. Y. Post says—"Fourth Ward—Nothing serious transpired, except hard drinking."

Marshall Berwick General McMahon is the first Marshall of Irish descent who figured in the French army.

Garnett Bailey editor of the National Era at Washington, died at sea while bound to Europe in the Arago.

Hear the Brooklyn Daily Advertiser.

We cheerfully comply with request of a friend, to insert the following letter which we are assured it is from a lady of the first respectability, residing in Lowell, Mass., believing that a vast amount of suffering may be prevented, and many valuable lives saved, by calling the attention of mothers to this valuable prescription of an old and experienced nurse:—

DEAR SIR,—I am happy to be able to certify to the efficiency of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and to the truth of what it is represented to accomplish. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething who could not rest, and at night by his cries would not permit any of the family to do so I purchased a bottle of the Soothing Syrup, in order to test the remedy—and when given to him was like magic, he was soon at sleep, and all pain and nervousness disappeared. We have had no trouble with him since, and the little fellow will pass through with comfort the excruciating process of teething, by the sole aid of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Every mother who regards the health and life of her children, should possess it.

MRS. H. A. ALGER.

LOWELL, MASS.

DIED.

At Campbellville on the 9th inst., Elizabeth A. wife of Thomas Pitts, aged 33 years, leaving a husband and eight young children, three of whom, (a boy and two girls) were born a few hours previous to her death. The infants are strong and healthy.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

June 28.—James Barber, Branscombe, Boston Ballast; Chipman & Bolton.

29.—Batavia, Leland, Boston, Merchandize; S. H. Whitlock.

July 7.—Julia Fisher, New York, merchandize; C. M. Gove.

Do.—Utica, Maloney, Boston Merchandize; Bradford, Ingram, and others.

DEPARTED.

June 30.—James Barber, Branscombe, Boston, Cedar Railway Sleepers—C. M. Gove; Mary Carson, Williams, Cork, Deals—Chipman & Bolton.

July 1.—Batavia, Leland, Boston Railway Sleepers and Shingles—S. H. Whitlock.

B. R. STEVENSON,

Attorney at Law and Solicitor.

Office—Breen's building, opposite Post Office. St. Andrews, July 13, 1859.

Administrators' Notice.

ALL Persons having legal demands against the Estate of the late W. C. MacStay, physician, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested, within three months from date—and all persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

MARY ANN MACSTAY, Adm'r.

ALBION MACSTAY, Adm'r.

JOHN PARKINSON, Adm'r.

St. Andrews, July 13, 1859.

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W. S. ALGER

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ENSON,
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opposite Post Office.
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C. MacStay, physician,
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the undersigned.
MacStay, Adm'r.
RITSON, Adm'r.

LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post-Office, St. Andrews, 6th July, 1859:—

Baxter Peter
Buck Patrick
Campbell Angus
Cain John
Cavin Thomas
Cauffield Elizabeth
Dyline John
Duncan John
Donohue John
Flaherty Peter 2
Grant William
Gray Lemuel C
Hamilin Bridget Agnes
Harty John
Harford John
Howe Mr.
Hay Hugh
Langmaid Mrs. Eliza
Lawless Henry
McCarthy John
McCarthy Charles
Mahon John
McCarthy Daniel
McCarthy Joseph
McCarthy Wm.
Main John
Middleton Mrs.
Meehan James
Wallace John
Wall M. P.

Persons calling for any of the above will please say "advertised."
G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.

Public Notice.

WHEREAS Hannah Wheaton, Administratrix of John Wheaton, deceased, has this day filed her petition, duly verified, in the Court of Probates for the County of Charlotte, for license to sell the Real Estate which the said John Wheaton died seized of, or some part thereof, for the payment of the debts due from the said Estate.—Notice is hereby given to the heirs of the said John Wheaton and all other persons interested that the said petition will be taken into consideration at a Court to be held at the office of the Registrar of Probates in Saint Andrews on Tuesday the second day of August next at the hour of noon.

Dated the fifth day of July, 1859.
By the Court.
GEO. D. STREET,
Registrar.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL FARM of 16 acres, a little over a mile from Town, on which is a comfortable Cottage, Barn, &c. &c. The above is leasehold property on which there is an annual rent of £2 14s. Possession given on 1st Nov. next. Apply to
St. Andrews, July 2, 1859. A. T. PAUL.

Administrators' Notice.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late Joseph Walton, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested to the undersigned within three months from this date, and all persons indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

HELEN H. CAMMAN,
JOHN AYMAR,
JOHN AYMAR,
St. Andrews, 30th June, 1859. 3m

HEMLOCK BARK WANTED

Payable in
Waggons and Sleights.
Apply to
EDWARD STENTIFORD.
St. Andrews, July 5, 1859.

SLASON & RAINSFORD,

Have for sale in their
NEW STORE
AT THE RAILWAY TERMINUS, HATCH'S
WHARF:
GROCERIES, &c.

HINDS. Porto Rico and Muscovado Molasses, do. Bright Brown Sugar, Blis. Crushed, Chests Oolong, Souchong and Congou TEAS, Boxes Caviar and Oyster's Tobacco, a splendid smoking and Lump Tobacco, Case No. 1 London Strain, (Colman's), Boxes whole Pepper, Salsaparilla, Rices Rices, do. Ground Ginger, Blis. Beans and split Peas, Coffee, London Mustard, Lard & Cask Raisins, Common, butter and fine table Salt, Blacking, Cakes cider Vinegar, Burning Fluid, Turpentine, Boxes P. Y. Soap, Mould and Dip Candles, American cheese, Ketchup, Castor Oil, Matches, Dried Apples, Pepper Sauce, boxes of Measures, Zink and wood Wash Boards, Nests of Tubes, clothes Pins, Pails, Broom, Sacks Pipes, &c.

LIQUORS.
Hinds. Hennessy's pale and dark Brandy, Cases Brandy, Irish and Scotch Whisky, Hinds. Hollands Gin, casks Jamaica Rum, Sherry and Port Wine, casks Old Tom Gin, Bottled Ale and Porter, casks draft Porter, Raspberry & Ginger Brandy, Windsor Bitters.

PAINTS, OILS, &c.
White, Black, Red and Green Lead, Raw and boiled Oil, Pale and dark Lard Oil, Sea Elephant and brown Whale Oil, Boxes I. C. D. C. and D. X. Tin Plates, Hardware, Crockeryware, and Glass.

To arrive—Flour, Meal, Pork and beef.
All of which will be sold wholesale or retail.
St. Andrews, June 29, 1859.

Removal.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public that he has removed his ESTABLISHMENT to MR. JOHN QUINN'S NEW STORE, opposite the St. Andrews Hotel. Where he will keep constantly on hand for sale a ample supply of

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,
with a variety of other articles, and hopes the patronage of his former customers will be still continued to him.
JAMES BOLTON.
St. Andrews, June 28th, 59. n120

Notice to the Public.

FREQUENT Complaints having been made to this Department of the non-delivery of Letters and Newspapers, the reason for which, in many cases, may be traced to the want of proper direction. Publishers of Newspapers and parties sending Letters are requested to be particular in naming the County, Parish, Post or Way Office, as the case may be, for which their Letters or Newspapers may be intended.

CHARLES CONNELL,
Postmaster General.
Post Office Department,
Frederick, 4th June, 1859.

NEW SUMMER GOODS.

O'DELL & TURNER

HAVE received per Packet Ship "Lampedo" and "Conquest," and Mail Steamers from Liverpool.

52 Cases and Bales containing an assortment of seasonable goods, Consisting of Broadcloths, (assimines, Doeskins, Tweeds, Shepherds' checks, Cords and Gambroons, Ladies Mantle Cloths, Mangle lawns and Tassels, Silks and silk Velvets, Ladies Dress Goods, in Fancy Robes, French Delaines and Lamas, shirtings, Lusters, Baranthes, Cambrics, Challies, Mohairs, Nylons, Parasols, Ribbons, Flowers, Blouses, Hosiery, Ladies and Gents French Kid Gloves, Young English Shirt Collars, Hats and Bonnets, Prints, Regattas, Ginghams, Shirtings, Linens, Handkerchiefs, Ladies Balmoral Hoods, Haberdashery and small wares.

Mourning Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Cotton Warps, Stationery, Table Cutlery, &c., &c. Also 1000 Rolls English and American Paper Hanging, &c., &c.

The above will be found to contain a well assorted stock which will be sold Wholesale and Retail at lowest prices.

St. Andrews, May 24th, 1859. 3m121

O'DELL & TURNER.

MRS. WINSLOW

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation, will ALLAY ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, if you will give rest to yourselves, and

RELIEF & HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and over ten years, and

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BRITISH HOUSE.

New Goods just received per Steamers "Indian" and "Canada," via Halifax.
First goods to St. Andrews by the Windsor Mail Road.

7 Bales and Cases

Consisting of our SPRING supply—in plain and Printed Delaines in good Patterns and colors, 125 pieces in neat dark 3-4 Prints, 9-4, 5-4, 4-4, and 3-4 bleached and unbleached Sheetings and Shirtings, Regattas and Shirting Stripes in good colors, Brown and colored Holts, Table Linens, every size, Toweling and Napkins, Plain and printed Lawn Hfks, 120 doz. assorted Muffin and Buns, 300 pieces Fancy Plain striped Tumbler Muslin, Victoria and Bishop's Lawn, 12-4, 14-4, 16-4, 18-4, 20-4, 22-4, 24-4, 26-4, 28-4, 30-4, 32-4, 34-4, 36-4, 38-4, 40-4, 42-4, 44-4, 46-4, 48-4, 50-4, 52-4, 54-4, 56-4, 58-4, 60-4, 62-4, 64-4, 66-4, 68-4, 70-4, 72-4, 74-4, 76-4, 78-4, 80-4, 82-4, 84-4, 86-4, 88-4, 90-4, 92-4, 94-4, 96-4, 98-4, 100-4, 102-4, 104-4, 106-4, 108-4, 110-4, 112-4, 114-4, 116-4, 118-4, 120-4, 122-4, 124-4, 126-4, 128-4, 130-4, 132-4, 134-4, 136-4, 138-4, 140-4, 142-4, 144-4, 146-4, 148-4, 150-4, 152-4, 154-4, 156-4, 158-4, 160-4, 162-4, 164-4, 166-4, 168-4, 170-4, 172-4, 174-4, 176-4, 178-4, 180-4, 182-4, 184-4, 186-4, 188-4, 190-4, 192-4, 194-4, 196-4, 198-4, 200-4, 202-4, 204-4, 206-4, 208-4, 210-4, 212-4, 214-4, 216-4, 218-4, 220-4, 222-4, 224-4, 226-4, 228-4, 230-4, 232-4, 234-4, 236-4, 238-4, 240-4, 242-4, 244-4, 246-4, 248-4, 250-4, 252-4, 254-4, 256-4, 258-4, 260-4, 262-4, 264-4, 266-4, 268-4, 270-4, 272-4, 274-4, 276-4, 278-4, 280-4, 282-4, 284-4, 286-4, 288-4, 290-4, 292-4, 294-4, 296-4, 298-4, 300-4, 302-4, 304-4, 306-4, 308-4, 310-4, 312-4, 314-4, 316-4, 318-4, 320-4, 322-4, 324-4, 326-4, 328-4, 330-4, 332-4, 334-4, 336-4, 338-4, 340-4, 342-4, 344-4, 346-4, 348-4, 350-4, 352-4, 354-4, 356-4, 358-4, 360-4, 362-4, 364-4, 366-4, 368-4, 370-4, 372-4, 374-4, 376-4, 378-4, 380-4, 382-4, 384-4, 386-4, 388-4, 390-4, 392-4, 394-4, 396-4, 398-4, 400-4, 402-4, 404-4, 406-4, 408-4, 410-4, 412-4, 414-4, 416-4, 418-4, 420-4, 422-4, 424-4, 426-4, 428-4, 430-4, 432-4, 434-4, 436-4, 438-4, 440-4, 442-4, 444-4, 446-4, 448-4, 450-4, 452-4, 454-4, 456-4, 458-4, 460-4, 462-4, 464-4, 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752-4, 754-4, 756-4, 758-4, 760-4, 762-4, 764-4, 766-4, 768-4, 770-4, 772-4, 774-4, 776-4, 778-4, 780-4, 782-4, 784-4, 786-4, 788-4, 790-4, 792-4, 794-4, 796-4, 798-4, 800-4, 802-4, 804-4, 806-4, 808-4, 810-4, 812-4, 814-4, 816-4, 818-4, 820-4, 822-4, 824-4, 826-4, 828-4, 830-4, 832-4, 834-4, 836-4, 838-4, 840-4, 842-4, 844-4, 846-4, 848-4, 850-4, 852-4, 854-4, 856-4, 858-4, 860-4, 862-4, 864-4, 866-4, 868-4, 870-4, 872-4, 874-4, 876-4, 878-4, 880-4, 882-4, 884-4, 886-4, 888-4, 890-4, 892-4, 894-4, 896-4, 898-4, 900-4, 902-4, 904-4, 906-4, 908-4, 910-4, 912-4, 914-4, 916-4, 918-4, 920-4, 922-4, 924-4, 926-4, 928-4, 930-4, 932-4, 934-4, 936-4, 938-4, 940-4, 942-4, 944-4, 946-4, 948-4, 950-4, 952-4, 954-4, 956-4, 958-4, 960-4, 962-4, 964-4, 966-4, 968-4, 970-4, 972-4, 974-4, 976-4, 978-4, 980-4, 982-4, 984-4, 986-4, 988-4, 990-4, 992-4, 994-4, 996-4, 998-4, 1000-4, 1002-4, 1004-4, 1006-4, 1008-4, 1010-4, 1012-4, 1014-4, 1016-4, 1018-4, 1020-4, 1022-4, 1024-4, 1026-4, 1028-4, 1030-4, 1032-4, 1034-4, 1036-4, 1038-4, 1040-4, 1042-4, 1044-4, 1046-4, 1048-4, 1050-4, 1052-4, 1054-4, 1056-4, 1058-4, 1060-4, 1062-4, 1064-4, 1066-4, 1068-4, 1070-4, 1072-4, 1074-4, 1076-4, 1078-4, 1080-4, 1082-4, 1084-4, 1086-4, 1088-4, 1090-4, 1092-4, 1094-4, 1096-4, 1098-4, 1100-4, 1102-4, 1104-4, 1106-4, 1108-4, 1110-4, 1112-4, 1114-4, 1116-4, 1118-4, 1120-4, 1122-4, 1124-4, 1126-4, 1128-4, 1130-4, 1132-4, 1134-4, 1136-4, 1138-4, 1140-4, 1142-4, 1144-4, 1146-4, 1148-4, 1150-4, 1152-4, 1154-4, 1156-4, 1158-4, 1160-4, 1162-4, 1164-4, 1166-4, 1168-4, 1170-4, 1172-4, 1174-4, 1176-4, 1178-4, 1180-4, 1182-4, 1184-4, 1186-4, 1188-4, 1190-4, 1192-4, 1194-4, 1196-4, 1198-4, 1200-4, 1202-4, 1204-4, 1206-4, 1208-4, 1210-4, 1212-4, 1214-4, 1216-4, 1218-4, 1220-4, 1222-4, 1224-4, 1226-4, 1228-4, 1230-4, 1232-4, 1234-4, 1236-4, 1238-4, 1240-4, 1242-4, 1244-4, 1246-4, 1248-4, 1250-4, 1252-4, 1254-4, 1256-4, 1258-4, 1260-4, 1262-4, 1264-4, 1266-4, 1268-4, 1270-4, 1272-4, 1274-4, 1276-4, 1278-4, 1280-4, 1282-4, 1284-4, 1286-4, 1288-4, 1290-4, 1292-4, 1294-4, 1296-4, 1298-4, 1300-4, 1302-4, 1304-4, 1306-4, 1308-4, 1310-4, 1312-4, 1314-4, 1316-4, 1318-4, 1320-4, 1322-4, 1324-4, 1326-4, 1328-4, 1330-4, 1332-4, 1334-4, 1336-4, 1338-4, 1340-4, 1342-4, 1344-4, 1346-4, 1348-4, 1350-4, 1352-4, 1354-4, 1356-4, 1358-4, 1360-4, 1362-4, 1364-4, 1366-4, 1368-4, 1370-4, 1372-4, 1374-4, 1376-4, 1378-4, 1380-4, 1382-4, 1384-4, 1386-4, 1388-4, 1390-4, 1392-4, 1394-4, 1396-4, 1398-4, 1400-4, 1402-4, 1404-4, 1406-4, 1408-4, 1410-4, 1412-4, 1414-4, 1416-4, 1418-4, 1420-4, 1422-4, 1424-4, 1426-4, 1428-4, 1430-4, 1432-4, 1434-4, 1436-4, 1438-4, 1440-4, 1442-4, 1444-4, 1446-4, 1448-4, 1450-4, 1452-4, 1454-4, 1456-4, 1458-4, 1460-4, 1462-4, 1464-4, 1466-4, 1468-4, 1470-4, 1472-4, 1474-4, 1476-4, 1478-4, 1480-4, 1482-4, 1484-4, 1486-4, 1488-4, 1490-4, 1492-4, 1494-4, 1496-4, 1498-4, 1500-4, 1502-4, 1504-4, 1506-4, 1508-4, 1510-4, 1512-4, 1514-4, 1516-4, 1518-4, 1520-4, 1522-4, 1524-4, 1526-4, 1528-4, 1530-4, 1532-4, 1534-4, 1536-4, 1538-4, 1540-4, 1542-4, 1544-4, 1546-4, 1548-4, 1550-4, 1552-4, 1554-4, 1556-4, 1558-4, 1560-4, 1562-4, 1564-4, 1566-4, 1568-4, 1570-4, 1572-4, 1574-4, 1576-4, 1578-4, 1580-4, 1582-4, 1584-4, 1586-4, 1588-4, 1590-4, 1592-4, 1594-4, 1596-4, 1598-4, 1600-4, 1602-4, 1604-4, 1606-4, 1608-4, 1610-4, 1612-4, 1614-4, 1616-4, 1618-4, 1620-4, 1622-4, 1624-4, 1626-4, 1628-4, 1630-4, 1632-4, 1634-4, 1636-4, 1638-4, 1640-4, 1642-4, 1644-4, 1646-4, 164

ST. ANDREW'S HOUSE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to announce to his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased and fitted the large and commodious House corner of WATER AND FREDERICK STS. AS A

HOTEL.

and trusts by attention and efforts to please, to receive a share of patronage.
The House will be opened for the reception of transient and permanent boarders on the 14th inst., and neither trouble or expense will be spared to render the establishment second to none in the Town.
Meals furnished at any hour, and every attention paid to travellers.
The House is a short distance from the Steamboat Landing, and in a few minutes walk of the Railway Station.

St. Andrews, Feb. 8th, 1859. A. KENNEDY.

To let.

A SMALL Dwelling House and Barn with Four Town Lots, apply to J. W. STREET.

NEW BRUNSWICK & CANADA RAILWAY AND LAND COMPANY, (limited)

CONSIGNEES and owners of freight are requested to take notice in consequence of the great inconvenience which is found to arise, as well from the cars being detained at Roadside Stations when ordered to be left to receive Freight, as from their not being discharged on arrival at destination. That, for the future, DEPARTURES at the rate of \$2.00 PER DAY, will be strictly enforced for all such detention of cars as specified in Regulations and Conditions attached to Table of Rates.

JULIUS THOMPSON, MANAGER.

February 16, 1859.—18

Boston and Saint John Steamers

FIRST TRIP THIS SEASON!

'Eastern City' & 'Admiral'

STEAMER "EASTERN CITY" will leave Boston on the 14th March, for

St. John. Returning on THURSDAY MORNING, 17th March, for Eastport, Portland and Boston.

STEAMER "ADMIRAL" leaves Boston 14th April, for St. John. Returning on Monday morning 18th April, for Eastport, Portland and Boston.

W. WHITLOCK, AGENT.

St. Andrews, March 8th, 1859. 1107

Goods in Store

MARCH 24, 1859.

10 Bbls Clear and Extra Mess Pork.

80 do superfine and extra Flour

12 do double extra do

9 Boxes salsaparilla

3 do W. I. Coffee 1 lb papers

2 do Tobacco

22 Chests London Congou

4 do Oolong

1 Box Oolong

4 Bags Black Pepper

3 Hds. Boiled and Raw Oil

13 Cwt London White Paint

2 Casks Whiting

15 Boxes Window Glass Assorted

3 do Woodstock Pipes

3 do T. D's

Candles, Soap, Starch &c.

In Bond.

12 Hds. Martell & Co., best Pale &

4 Qr Casks Dark Brandy, Vin. 1857.

7 Hds. Best Pale Geneva.

6 Pipes

4 Qr Casks best Old Port Wine.

1 Hhd. Old Sherry.

2 Puncheons best Malt Whiskey, &c. &c.

J. W. STREET.

St. Andrews, March 28, 1859. 7113

House for sale

THAT commodious House and Premises, at present occupied by Wellington Hatch, Esq., corner of King and Parr Streets. Possession given 1st May next. For terms, &c., apply at the Standard Office.

E. WILLARD.

Nov. 17, 1858.

Lumber, Lumber, Lumber.

DIMENSION Timber, Scantling, Stud

Joist, Planks, Boards, Laths, &c.

Pickets, furnished to order, and at short notice, in this town. Apply to

JAMES BOLTON.

Sept. 6, 1858.

FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY

OF LONDON.

A Capital, £1,000,000 Sterling.

THE Directors of this Company are men of the first standing—and many of them of great wealth. It has agencies in Great Britain, and Ireland, France, Holland Germany, Prussia, Canada, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia.

This agency insures all descriptions of property at the lowest rates.

Claims paid promptly, without any deduction whatever. Claims paid without reference to London.

W. WHITLOCK, Agent for St. Andrews.

NOTICE. The Common Land advertised for sale at Auction, on 13th inst., is postponed April 7, 1859 J. W. STREET.

Notice.

THE Annual meeting of the shareholders in the Union Store, will be held at the residence of the undersigned, at the Bay Side, on Saturday 21st inst., at 2 o'clock p.m.

J. R. BRADFORD, Agent.

may 10/59. 2119

SHERIFF'S SALES.

to take place at the Court House.

Real estate M. R. Fletcher Aug. 20
Do P. H. Hawes August 27
Do Daniel Stewart Oct 22
Do Robert V. Hanson Jan. 7
Do Ois Turner Jan. 7

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction at the Court House in the Town of Saint Andrews on Saturday, the 18th day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon:—

ALL that tract, piece, or parcel of land and premises situate in the Parish of Saint George below the first Falls of the Maguadovic River on the western side of the said river called the Gully Property. Beginning at the centre of the said gully, low the said Falls near the head of the tide, hence running through said gully always keeping the centre of the main course of it to a yellow birch tree at the head of the said gully, and this tree bearing nearly North eighty-two (82) degrees West from the centre of the entrance of the said gully; thence West from said tree or stump to a stake and stones about twenty five (25) feet above the flowage of the first dams; thence Easterly along the course of the bank of the gully down a team past the land in the occupation of the heirs of the late Joseph Munroe to the lower side of the road that leads from the lower bridge to the mouth of the Maguadovic River; thence along the lower side of said road to a stake, and stones about one hundred and four feet from the Milliken House; thence Southerly within twelve feet of the Caperton House in a direct line so as to clear the Caperton Store to the water; thence along the shore around the rocky point following the course of River up stream to the place of beginning—with a road two rods wide from the shore near the birch stump along the side of land recently owned by one Street, to the cross road in front of land owned by Thomas Cusack. All to the right of way from the said which leads to the mouth of the said river up the street laid out in front of the premises of the heirs of the late Joseph Munroe, and extending up the hill and over to the bank of the said gully; thence along the said bank to the road first mentioned from the birch stump to the cross road. With all and singular the mills, privileges, watercourses, dams, piers, booms, sluices, houses, stores, wharves, with all the appurtenances to the said lands and premises in any wise belonging, save and excepting thereout the premises sold by William W. Fletcher to Daniel Gilmor and Isaac W. Bradbury.

ALSO,—all that certain tract of land situated and being in the Parish of Saint Patrick, bounded and described as follows:—Beginning on the Easterly shore of the Digdegush River at the mouth of Outer Brook; thence East sixty-six chains to the South-West corner of a lot granted to John Lochary, thence at right angles North-two hundred and forty chains to the Southerly line of the Digdegush grant; thence at right angles West by the said grant about one hundred chains to lands granted to the late Captain Campbell; thence Southerly at right angles by the East line of the said grant to Campbell to the Cannemick Brook at the shore; thence following the different courses of the shore around by the Mills to Outer Brook, the place of beginning,—containing by estimation two thousand acres more or less. The same having been granted to one Captain Thomas Farrell, and by him conveyed to one John Curry, and by the said John Curry sold and conveyed to James McMaster and Patrick McMaster, in their life time together with all the mill buildings, erections and improvements thereon, with every privilege and appurtenance thereof belonging,—save and except thereout so much thereof as was sold and conveyed to Thomas Anderson, and which contains about twelve acres. The same having been seized and taken by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suit of William S. Sweeney and Simon Page against Moore R. Fletcher, endorsed to levy £430 6s. 2d., besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, June 18, 1859.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on Saturday the 7th day of January next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House in St. Andrews:—

ALL the right, title, interest, and claim whatsoever of OIS TURNER, to the following property, viz:—Four hundred Acres of Land in Bocoboc in the Parish of St. Patrick, in the County of Charlotte.

Also, one undivided half of the Mill Lot and Privileges conveyed by Mrs. Alice Wilson to Ois Turner and Peter Dow, in said Parish.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of Wellington Hatch, to levy £61 and upwards, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

St. Andrews, June 18, 1859.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on Saturday the 27th day of August, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House in St. Andrews:—

ALL the right, title, interest, and claim whatsoever of PAOLI HEWES to the following Property, situated in the Parish of St. James, in the County of Charlotte, viz:—Three Acres on the North side of the Mohanneus Stream.

Also, one acre on the Southern side of the Mohanneus Stream.

Also, a piece of land of seven rods square on the East side of the Road leading towards the Chepu nee Icook Ridge. The foregoing property having been purchased by said Paoli Hewes from Robert Hichings and others.

The same having been seized to satisfy an Execution endorsed to levy £32 11s. and interest on £27 from 1st August, 1866.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, Feb. 8th, 1859.

Sheriff's Sales.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, at the Court House in the Town of Saint Andrews, on Saturday the 23d day of October next, at 12 o'clock.

ALL the right, title, interest, and claim whatsoever of DANIEL STEWART to the following property in the Parish of St. David, and being part of lot No. 4 and 5, Block lower X in Fanning's Division beginning at the South-East corner of Lot No. 5 on the St. David's road, thence North on the Cape Ann Line across the East end of Lot No. 5 and No. 4, thence Westerly on the North line of lot No. 4, so far as will include twenty-five Acres of each lot, thence Southerly till it comes to the said St. David's Road, and thence on said Road to the place of beginning, containing 50 Acres more or less.

To satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court in favor of Jacob Young, endorsed to levy £22 2s. 7d., besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, April 11th, 1858.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on Saturday the 7th day of January next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House in St. Andrews:—

ALL the right, title, interest, and claim of ROBERT V. HANSON to all and singular the following described premises in the parish of Lepreux in the County of Charlotte, viz:—Lots Numbers 5, 6, and 7, containing fifty acres more or less and 1 A containing one hundred and fifty acres, granted to the said Robert V. Hanson. All so lot No. 4, described as follows:—Commencing on the Eastern side of the little Lepreux stream, in a Cove at the head of the tide, at a certain remarkable rock marked 1836 thence Westerly crossing the said stream down river to the Western boundary of two acres of land sold to Robert Hope, thence North two degrees West to the rear, thence Easterly to the North-East corner of the said two acres, thence East crossing the said stream to the place of beginning; containing about 65 acres with the Mills and other erections thereon.

The same having been seized and taken by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of Alexander P. Prie, endorsed to levy £121 10s. 8d., besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, June 28, 1859.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on Saturday the 7th day of January next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House in St. Andrews:—

ALL the right, title, interest, and claim whatsoever of OIS TURNER, to the following property, viz:—Four hundred Acres of Land in Bocoboc in the Parish of St. Patrick, in the County of Charlotte.

Also, one undivided half of the Mill Lot and Privileges conveyed by Mrs. Alice Wilson to Ois Turner and Peter Dow, in said Parish.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of Wellington Hatch, to levy £61 and upwards, besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office St. Andrews, June 28, 1859.

BLACK SMITH WORK.

THE Subscriber respectfully intimates to his friends and the public generally that he has commenced business in the Blacksmith line, in the Shop, at the head of E. & J. Wilson's Wharf, where he will attend to all orders in his line, such as Ship, Mill, and Agricultural work, together with Horse-shoeing and general jobbing, and hopes by attention to receive a share of patronage.

JOHN SHORT.

St. Andrews, Jan. 25, 1859.

A. Y. PATTERSON, Clock and Watch Maker, Jeweler, &c.

IN returning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal share of patronage he has received since his removal to St. Andrews, he begs leave to state that he still continues to repair

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY &c., cheaper than any one else in the place, and hopes by a strict attention to business, to receive a continuance of their patronage.

AMBRISTYTES taken in the best style of the art.

Next door to Dr. Metay's Dispensary, Water Street, St. Andrews, N.B. December 17th, 1858.

BECK'S BOOK STORE. SAINT JOHN.

Just received per Martha Greenwood, from Boston: THE PROMISE OF THE FATHER, Mrs. P. Palmer's new work; Economy of Salvation, by Mrs. Palmer; Entire Devotion, do; Way of Holiness, do; Faith and its effects, do; Central India of Christianity, by J. Peck, D.D.; Treatise of Divine Union, by S. C. Upham; Things New and Old, by Rev E. Owen; The Riches of Grace, by CG Finney; The Tongue of Fire, by Arthur; Life of Lady Maxwell; Triumphs of Truth from Journal Sermons and Letter of J. Coughy

The True Woman at Home and Abroad; American Vocalist; Winchells Watts Hymns; Livingstone's Travels. All of the above Books for sale at Publishers prices, by HENRY BEEK, 14, King-street March 2

The Great European Remedy for Nervousness, Relaxation and Exhaustion.

Protected by Royal Letters Patent of England, and sanctioned by all the great Continental Colleges of Medicine.

DR. DE ROOS' GUTTA VITÆ; or LIFE DROPS, are the great remedy for Nervousness, Relaxation, Debility, Aversion to and Incapacity for Society, Study or Business, Shaking of the Nerves and Limbs, Indigestion, Flatulence, Shortness of Breath, Asthma, Consumptive Habits, Dimness of Sight, Dizziness, Pains in the Head, Eruptions, Sore Throat, Pains in the Bones, and all those diseases for which mercury, scapillars, &c. are too often employed, to the utter destruction of health. Their almost marvellous powers must be felt to be believed. Hundreds of apparently hopeless cases have been cured, and thousands almost miraculously relieved, when every thing else had failed; and they must sooner or later supersede all these questionable remedies which have hitherto been the sole reliance of English medical men.

Price 11s. and four times the quantity at 33s. per bottle, of the Agents below. The 25 packages containing twelve 11s. quantities, (by which £1 12s. are saved,) will be sent from the Establishment only, on receipt of the amount per draft on a London house or otherwise.

CUTION—Sufferers must guard against the recommendation of spurious or other medicines by unprincipled vendors, who thereby obtain a larger profit. The words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," are printed in White letters on the Stamp affixed to the above, by order of H. M. DE ROOS, LONDON, and they must appear on every bottle, to protect the public against fraud, as without this none can be genuine, and to imitate which is a felony.

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