

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

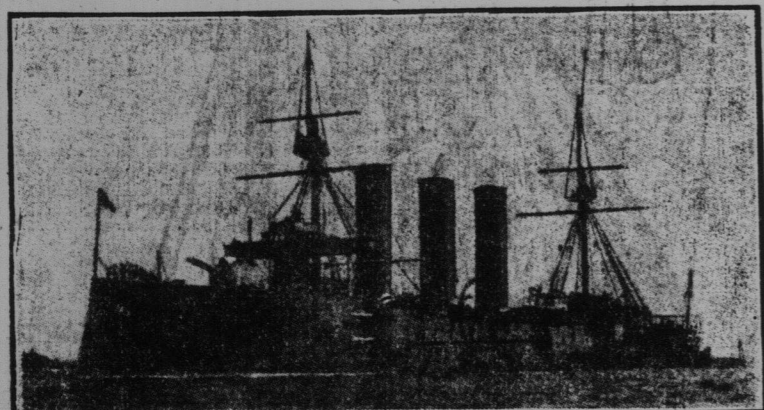
VOL. XLIV.

ST JOHN, N. B. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1905.

NO. 12

GENIAL PRINCE LOUIS MAKES FINE IMPRESSION IN ST. JOHN; UNFOLDS NEW BRITISH PLAN FOR GUARDING WHOLE EMPIRE

Important Statement by Prince at Mayor White's Union Club Luncheon--Concentration of Force the Essence of Strategy, Hence the Recent Naval Changes.



H. M. S. CORNWALL

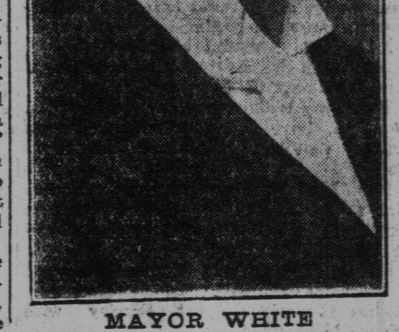
Louis of Battenberg, the sailor prince, has won the hearts of all who have seen him in St. John. His manly bearing and his gracious manner--unchanging whether he appeared before a formal gathering met upon the street to see him pass--made a deep impression Thursday.

beauty. In its decorations it was handsome, but in its wealth of beautiful women, their magnificent costumes and the bright uniforms of the officers from the ships and the local military men, the scene became one to be remembered long and with pleasure.

The Luncheon. The luncheon given at the Union Club by Mayor W. W. White in honor of the prince, was perhaps the most successful, and enjoyable function ever prepared for a visitor to the city.

Upon arrival at the Union Club His Serene Highness took up a position in the rear reading room, where the guests were presented, after which all adjourned to the large dining room to partake of luncheon.

The invited guests were His Serene Highness Prince Louis of Battenberg, his flag lieutenant and private secretary, the captain and commander of H. M. S. Cornwall, the captain and commander of H. M. S. Berwick, Lieutenant Governor Snowball and Colonel Mc-



MAYOR WHITE



PRINCE LOUIS OF BATTENBERG

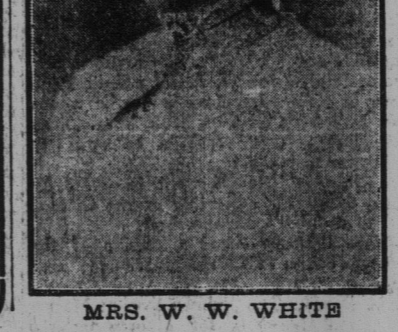
Lean, A. D. C.; the Chief Justice and Judges Barker and McLeod, Senators Ellis and Donville, Dr. Daniel, M. P., and Dr. Stockton, M. P.; Premier Tweedie, Attorney General Pugsley, the Lord Bishop of St. John and His Chaplain, Collector of Customs, H. H. Sheriff, Police Magistrate, Lt. Col. White, D. O. C., Lt. Col. Edwards, Lt. Col. Jones, Lt. Col. A. J. Armstrong, Lt. Col. J. R. Armstrong, Lt. Col. Wedderburn, Major MacLaren, the president of the Board of Trade, Rev. G. A. Kahring, Mr. E. Lan'alam, M. P. P.; Mr. George Robertson, M. P. P.; Mr. D. J. Purdy, M. P. P.; Mr. R. Maxwell, M. P. P.; members of the Common Council, the Recorder, the Common Clerk, Dr. T. Walker, D. P. R. 18, ex-Mayor Sears, Mr. H. D. Troop, and representatives of the press.

The table, which was designed in the form of a large circle in the centre, with

extensions on either side running the entire length of the room, presented a lovely picturesque appearance with decorations of flowers, ferns, shining silver and cut glass, which were in pleasing contrast to the immaculate linen. In the centre was a large red and blue star, the points measuring about three feet in length, in the middle of which, resting on a large circular mirror, was a fine branch cut glass vase containing white and red roses, carnations and maiden-hair fern, with white chrysanthemums and smilax at the base.

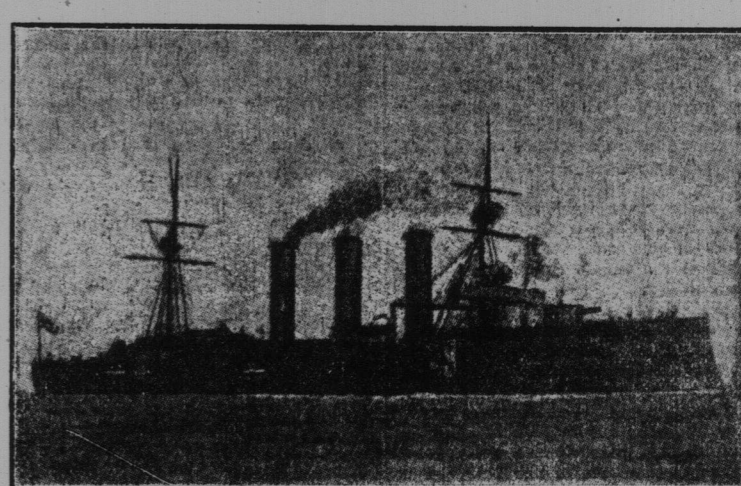
Over this was a large double Roman arch, composed of red and white carnations and smilax, and surmounted by a crown of yellow chrysanthemums and red and white carnations and smilax. In the middle of each extension were diamond shaped designs of red and blue and resting on these were tall cut glass vases containing pink and white carnations, white on either side of these were pots of maiden-hair fern and vases of flowers. Fruit, nuts and confectionery were temptingly displayed, and nothing was left undone to make the luncheon "worthy of a prince."

H. S. H. Prince Louis sat at the right of the mayor, and at the left was Lieutenant Governor Snowball. The menu was:



MRS. W. W. WHITE

Brilliant Reception in the Evening at Which Great Number Were Presented--The Guests--The Prince in the Dance--How to See the Ships--The Official Visits.



H. M. S. BERWICK

Fillot or partridge, larded with bacon, Roast turkey and sage, with cranberry sauce, Tomato and lettuce salad, with French dressing, Potatoes, peas and cauliflower with white sauce, English snipe on toast, Wine jellies, Charlotte Russe, Celery, Cheese, Fruit, Oranges, Grapes, Pears, Peaches, Confectionery.

An orchestra, under the leadership of F. C. Jones, played the following selections of music during the proceedings:-- March--New Colonial, Overture--Feist's Timely Times.

THROWN BY HORSES FARMER IS KILLED

Johnathan Bridges Meets Accidental Death at Aroostook Junction

RELATIVES IN ST. JOHN

Word Received Here Thursday Afternoon--Was Driving Truck When He Was Thrown Out.

J. M. Queen, manager of the Canada Life Assurance Company, received a telegram Thursday from Harry W. Beveridge, of Andover, to the effect that the latter's brother-in-law, Jonathan Bridges, of Aroostook Junction, was accidentally killed near that place yesterday afternoon.

TO CHOOSE KING BY REFERENDUM

Christiania, Norway, Oct. 25--The government at a secret session of the Storting today asked to be endowed with full power to negotiate with Prince Charles of Denmark for his acceptance of the crown of Norway on the understanding that the people of Norway endorse the decision of the Storting and the government by a referendum similar to that taken Aug. 13 on the question of the dissolution of the union. The debate was postponed until Friday.

FREDERICTON IN GALA ATTIRE FOR PRINCE LOUIS

Eight Hundred Expected to Attend the State Ball

Gov. Snowball, Premier Tweedie, and Their Wives, Will Assist His Highness at Reception--G. T. P. Survey Commences Today--Other News of the Capital

Fredericton, Oct. 26--(Special)--The visit of Prince Louis of Battenberg to this city tomorrow is being looked forward to with great interest and Fredericton is certain to accord him a hearty welcome. While here he will be the guest of Lieut-Governor Snowball and the executive council. He is expected to arrive from St. John at 2 o'clock and will remain at once to the Queen Hotel, where he will be entertained to luncheon. At 4 o'clock Mayor McNally will present the city address at the Opera House, after which an informal reception will be held by the prince.

The state ball at the parliament buildings in the evening promises to be a grand affair. Lieut-Governor and Mrs. Snowball and Premier and Mrs. Tweedie will assist the prince to receive the guests in the assembly chamber and it is expected that the attendance will total 800. The assembly chamber and main corridor have been set apart for dancing and several committee rooms will be reserved for card playing. Supper will be served in the library at midnight. J. J. McGaffrey, of the Queen, having charge of the arrangements. The interior of the parliament buildings have been gaily decorated with flags and bunting.

Among those who arrived this evening for the ball are Premier Tweedie, Hon. L. P. Farris, Hon. W. P. Jones and wife, Mrs. George T. Baird, and others. Mrs. Catherine Devlin, widow of the late James Devlin of Doak Settlement, died last night. She was a native of Ireland and seventy-eight years of age, and is survived by one daughter, Mrs. E. Robert Corie, of Portland, Me.

WITTE'S GLOOMY PICTURE OF RUSSIAN CONDITIONS MAKES CZAR WANT TO FLEE

Tells His Majesty Nothing But Representative Government Will Save the Country--Strike Extends Throughout the Empire, and Famine Stares the People in the Face--St. Petersburg in a Panic and Shops Close Their Doors.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26--St. Petersburg was in a panic today but to a large extent apparently without reason. The most alarming rumors were in circulation and the shopkeepers on all except a few of the principal streets, closed their stores and boarded the doors and windows, while peaceful-minded inhabitants kept within doors. Anxiety was evidenced in the whole atmosphere of the city so far from the center of affairs and it is not known how far the panic has spread.

General Treppoff, who has been placed in command of the St. Petersburg garrison and an additional division of reinforcements, declared that he is amply able to maintain order and the police are allowing the strikers to vent their enthusiasm so as to avoid a conflict. General Treppoff instructed the police not to interfere with the parades so long as they were orderly, but he gave notice tonight that he was prepared to cope firmly with any disorders. He had printed in all the evening papers a notification that the troops would tomorrow be ordered to use ball cartridges without any preliminary firing of blank cartridges in case there should be any outbreak.

By the greatest exertions the government succeeded in moving trains regularly on the Moscow and St. Petersburg railway and on lines from Moscow to Brest and Kazan. The first efforts were directed to the moving of cattle trains so as to meet the pinch of approaching famine in the two capitals, and one train load of cattle arrived at St. Petersburg and another at Moscow. Peasants are also driving cattle on the hoof into Moscow. A supply of milk, butter and eggs is arriving in St. Petersburg by the Finland railway, the employees of which refuse to strike.

The situation, however, cannot be regarded as much improved. The strikers at their meetings today were as determined as ever to continue the strike and the full force of the government railway battalions is almost helpless in the face of the general strike on the railways. The most encouraging feature of the situation is the absence of any widespread disorder.

Following a recommendation by the council of ministers, an imperial edict published forbidding meetings in the universities to which the general public is admitted and ordering the universities to be closed if such meetings continue. This step is taken owing to the fact that the nightly meetings show a constantly increasing attendance and that they are of a revolutionary character.

ROOSEVELT ENDS SOUTHERN TRIP

Remarkable Demonstration at New Orleans; Police Couldn't Handle Crowd

CUT-OUT HIS ADDRESS

President Feared Panic in the Crush of 50,000 People Around the Stand, and Fled to Banquet Hall--Will Spend Next Four Days Cruising About the Coast.

New Orleans, Oct. 26--At the end of nine hours of varied entertainment in New Orleans, the close of a pleasant trip through the south, President Roosevelt at 6:30 o'clock tonight boarded the light-house tender Magnolia and began his return journey to Washington.

No newspaper representatives accompanied the president on the boat, and he will be out of touch with the world throughout the night, but daylight tomorrow is expected to bring news of his successful transfer to the armored cruiser Virginia, which lies at anchor off the mouth of the Mississippi river to receive him and carry him on towards the capital.

JUMPED FROM MOVING TRAIN AND WAS KILLED

Young Englishman Lost His Life Near Halifax.

Halifax, Oct. 26--(Special)--A terrible accident occurred at Fairview station this morning about 8 o'clock by which Walter Sharp, a young Englishman, aged about 28, lost his life, by jumping from a train while it was in motion. He lived about ten minutes after he fell. He was a native of London and had been working in Halifax for some time. He was in the habit of riding out on the cars and jumping off as the train does not, as a rule, stop at Fairview. His skull was badly crushed and one arm severed.

ASKS AMERICANS TO KEEP COOL

Chance for Trouble Over Newfoundland Question Yet Says Root

DURAND'S LETTER

British Ambassador Says Fishery Dispute is Under Consideration of His Government, and, Pending Result, He Advises Gloucester Men Not to Provoke Islanders.

Washington, Oct. 26--While the most critical points in the Newfoundland fisheries controversy apparently have been settled, a letter from Secretary Root to Secretary Shaw, made public today, points out there is still ground for possible friction, and expresses a wish that pending negotiations now in progress, American fishermen and local officials avoid any precipitate action in the assertion of what they conceive to be their rights. The promulgation of the letter followed a conference between Secretary Root and Sir Mortimer Durand, the British ambassador. The letter follows:

Department of State, Washington, Oct. 25, 1905. To the Secretary of the Treasury: Sir--The immediate difficulty experienced by the American fishing fleet on the treaty coast of Newfoundland appears to be happily disposed of. There are, however, some other questions bearing upon the relations between the recent legislation of Newfoundland and American rights under the treaty of 1828 with Great Britain, from which, in default of a clear understanding, further difficulties may possibly arise. These questions are now under consideration by the two governments, with a confident expectation of reaching a satisfactory conclusion.

In the meantime I wish to bring to the attention of our American fishermen some expressions contained in a recent letter received by me from the British ambassador. He says: "I note with satisfaction that the government of the United States will do everything in their power, as we on our side shall certainly do, to prevent any collision between American fishermen and those of Newfoundland, and I trust that they will also do everything in their power to prevent the consequences of any other untoward incident pending inquiry into the question of the Newfoundland act, respecting foreign fishing vessels, and the supposed misapprehension on the part of certain Newfoundland officials with regard to the status of vessels on the American coast." The government of the United States cannot doubt the desire of his majesty's government to adhere strictly to all treaty provisions, and all that seems required in order to bring about a satisfactory conclusion in a case of this nature is the exercise by those concerned on both sides, (Continued on page 8, sixth column.)

NEW ENGLAND TOPICS IN WHICH NEW BRITONS ARE INTERESTED

A Prince Edward Islander Out for Office—Boston's Municipal Rottenness—Lodge Has Loaded Dice for Newfoundland—British Observe Trafalgar Day—A Hot Campaign.

(By Charles H. McIntyre.) Boston, Oct. 24.—The Canadian Club has just decided to move to new quarters at 3 Joy street. It will occupy the third floor of the Twentieth Century Club building.

Last Saturday evening the British residents of Boston celebrated in Tremont Temple the one hundredth anniversary of Trafalgar. The exercises were conducted under the auspices of the Victorian Club, and constituted a most impressive occasion.

While looking over the political field here I must not omit to notice the candidacy of a young Canadian for the state senate. Fred J. MacLeod, a native of Prince Edward Island, is running on the Democratic ticket for the Second Middle ward district, which practically comprises the city of Cambridge.

State politics are still boiling. Messrs. Bartlett and Whitney are conducting a most aggressive campaign, and will unquestionably win many Republican votes. It is impossible, perhaps, to justify the lobby methods which Mr. Whitney employed in past years to influence the state legislature.

The campaign is strenuous at intervals quite humorous. For example, Mr. Bartlett in discussing the questions at issue refers to Mr. Guilé as follows:—"When I say to my opponent, 'What have you done for the abolition of the duty on lumber'—this, you understand, I am I answered? 'Few Massachusetts citizens appreciate the fact that the Massachusetts board has been reducing the rate of duty on lumber to one and a half cents per cubic foot.'"

Second, I consider the maintenance of Boston Greek can do without wife, but not children Katie G. Pierce, who gets her divorce, sent her little ones to Sister in Hibernia, New Brunswick.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 24.—The kaleidoscope of matrimony was on exhibition in the divorce court presided over by Judge Gaskill yesterday, but harmony in the blending was lacking, caused in most cases by cruel and abusive treatment on the part of the husbands, superinduced by rum. The formations changed rapidly, and there were revealed scenes sad to contemplate, lives blasted. In the morning the uncontested cases were finished, and at the afternoon session the contested cases were taken up.

Katie G. Pierce, a waitress in Gridley's, asked for a divorce for cruelty from James P. Pierce, Greek, who once kept a candy store on Tremont street, opposite the old Boston Museum. Mrs. Pierce asked the custody of her two boys, aged seven and eight.

MILITARY DRILL WELL KNOWN IN THE SCHOOLS

Local Governments Will Confer With Minister of Militia on Subject

MILITIA TRAINING CAMP

Cabinet Approves of Site Selected at Petewawa—Will Be Five Miles Square—Canada Likely to Get Control of Halifax Garrison Very Shortly.

Ottawa, Oct. 24.—(Special)—The militia authorities are now pretty well satisfied that the way has been cleared for getting control of Halifax garrison at a very early date. General Garrison has made strong representations to the imperial government, which are expected to expedite the departure of the imperial troops.

Military Camp Site Purchased

There was a short meeting of the cabinet this afternoon. An order-in-council was passed closing the purchase of the Petewawa central military training camp. Two townships were presented by the Ontario government for the site, and the balance was purchased from farmers and lumbermen in the vicinity.

"PIRATE" CRAFT ROBS MANY YACHTS ALONG THE COAST

Newport, R. I., Oct. 24.—Although the net spread by the police of this city failed today to entrap in its meshes Henry A. Jackson, who is alleged to be the captain of the "pirate" craft Dorado, there were several developments which will aid materially to clear up the mystery surrounding Dorado's movements along the shores of Narragansett Bay and Long Island Sound. The most important feature today was the arrest in Providence of Otto Steifel, who admitted to the police that he was associated with Jackson and his companions.

Steifel was brought here from Providence by the police, and admitted to the authorities that he had been associated with Jackson, but that he personally had not taken any part in the late attack on the schooner Dorado. He said that he was to take care of the plunder and dispose of it.

Steifel said tonight that the thefts occurred all along Long Island Sound, and the shores of Narragansett Bay, mentioning in particular Larchmont, Greenwich and New London. The prisoner claims to be a graduate of the military training school, and says that he also attended college. He claims Brooklyn (N. Y.) as his home.

Advertisement for 'The New Century' washing machine, highlighting its features like 'The New Century Washes both—Washing clothes, mops, and a tubful of clothes' and 'The profits direct'.

A WELL KNOWN VESSEL SEIZED

Schooner Canning Packet in Trouble for Entering Weymouth Without Reporting

TO CHECK SMUGGLING

Digby, N. S., Oct. 24.—(Special)—Acting under instructions of Customs Inspector Jones, the schooner Canning Packet was seized Saturday by Customs Officer Forbes for entering the port of Weymouth from a United States port without reporting at the customs house, and sailing again for Bellefleur's Cove, where the captain reported. The vessel was released on the captain depositing the necessary amount to cover the fine.

Customs Inspector Jones has also caused the arrest of the master and supercargo of the schooner Mary, which was seized at Glace Bay for landing liquors without the payment of duty. The trial takes place at North Sydney Friday. This is the case in which the Mary started after having been detained by the government customs guard for alleged violation of the custom law. She subsequently cleared for Glace Bay with a large quantity of St. Pierre liquor on board and arrived there without it, her cargo having been landed along the coast.

The trial of those connected with landing of liquor from the American yacht Mischief at Mira (C. B.) will also take place at the same time. Inspector Jones says he is going to follow up the case of the Mary and other vessels developed within the past year. A few years ago smuggling was quite common on that coast but after Mr. Jones succeeded in obtaining 23 convictions for other vessels the customs law in one year stopped. Strict measures will again be enforced until the business is checked.

CROWDS CHEER ROOSEVELT IN MANY SOUTHERN TOWNS

Confederate Veterans and Their Children Join in Hearty Welcome to President.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 24.—President Roosevelt conducted a strenuous day in Alabama, where his two-hour visit to Birmingham, a two hours' inspection in keeping with those given him at Montgomery and Tuskegee, was hearty and unhesitating.

He told the authorities here that he knew the machine which he had used when the special train left Montgomery for Tuskegee. The day was not marked by any special incident save at Birmingham. Here, at the corner of Fifth avenue and Twentieth street, an intoxicated man in his carriage, delivered the formal address of welcome at the station and immediately afterwards the party entered carriages and began the march to Capitol Park, three squares north.

A pretty incident at the close of the march when the president asked the name of the lady riding at the side of his carriage. Miss Sammie Harris was sponsor for troop D, one of the local cavalry organizations. The president was introduced to her by Mayor Ward, and he reached over to shake her hand and he said: "I would run over a man any time to shake hands with a lady."

Robbers Make Big Haul. Ridgeville, Ind., Oct. 24.—Robbers today blew open the safe in the Ridgeville National Bank and escaped with about \$6,000. The explosion opened Cashier Branson. He hurried to the bank and was shot in the ankle. Before going to the bank the robbers bound and gagged the town watchman.

SOUNDS WARNING NOTE TO BRITAIN

Prof. Long Deplores Sending the Unemployed to Settle in Canada

MEANS NATIONAL DECAY

Montreal, Oct. 25.—(Special)—A special London cable says: In an article in the Chronicle on 'Manpower Land, Professor Jones says that sending the unemployed to settle in Canada is a warning note against immigration. Are British statesmen, he asks, living up to their duty or contributing blindly to the national decay when with millions of acres of mountain and heath, able to respond to the labor of man, it is proposed to send the pick of the unemployed to Canada?

He criticizes Ricker Haggard's plan, believing that conditions in the Northwest would ensure failure. The contribution of 1,000 picked farmers from the old country to the new one, as a start, is sufficient to extract the admiration of the most level-headed of transatlantic statesmen, but that patriotic Englishmen should fall into such a trap, he says, is little for the future salvation of the race, he says.

NUISANCES ON BOUNDARY

"Line Houses" Make Trouble for Governments

Smuggling Goes on Despite Vigilance of Authorities—Water is Found in Bottled-in-Bond Whiskey.

Washington, Oct. 23.—The fact that "line houses" on the boundary between Canada and the United States have been growing in number instead of decreasing, despite the energetic measures of Canadian and United States inspectors, has recently been brought to the attention of customs officials in Washington, and plans to do away with the nuisance are under consideration.

The "line houses," in which a rumbling business is done in smuggling goods and selling illicit whiskey, especially on the Maine-Vermont border, are built directly over the line. There are about fifteen of them on the Vermont boundary, and twenty on the line between Maine and Canada. For fifty years the Canadian inspectors and United States government and state officials in Maine and Vermont have been struggling to put down the "line houses," but with little success. This is due to the fact that a successful raid can be made only by joint action between the officials of the two governments. The officers must appear at the "line house" simultaneously, and the Canadians entering from their side and the American inspectors nailing their man in case he attempts to shift his goods into the territory.

The divisions where are, or as they are represented to be in the census returns, the average annual wages of industrial workers of all classes, in Canada and the United States, according to the divisions adopted in the census bureau, in 1901, were as follows:

There are such differences in the rates of wages in the two countries indicated in these figures that they may be questioned in every case the same system of collecting and arranging information has been followed. Taking the whole range it is made

Aged Broker Convicted of Stealing. Boston, Oct. 25.—Henry W. Comstock, the aged broker who was convicted of stealing property from a client, was today sentenced to two years in the house of correction.

COMPARISON OF WAGES IN CANADA AND UNITED STATES

Dominion Census Shows That the Average Rate Across the Border is About Fifty Cents a Day More, But the Employer Gets More Value for His Money.

In the introduction to volume III of the census, which deals with manufacturing industries, a good deal of attention is also paid to the question of wages. The smallest of the average annual wage earners is set out in the census reports has already been referred to. It has to be remembered in the connection that in regard to practically all of the trades, and to some of them more and larger classes, the average is presumably smaller than the general and much smaller than the possible. There are some industries and some branches of others in which, either from their nature, from the regulations of trades unions (as with the glass blowers) or from established custom, the employes do not work full time. Some lay off for the hot weather and some for the cold, and others when they feel like it. Then there are the holidays. Some industries also suffer from inconvenience from the difficulty of getting their full staffs to work immediately after pay day. All this tends to curtail the average annual earnings of workers, when the whole of an industry is considered.

Then there are the strikes, which cut off earning capacities, sometimes for months. In "paper and printing" for instance, one of the best paid of the divisions, according to the census, the average annual earnings for employes are given as \$138 or \$8.40 a week. This is only about two-thirds of what an industrial printer in Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa or Winnipeg can and in many cases does earn. It is considerably less than men in the trade do earn in other cities. There are other industries in which like illustrations might be given by men having expert knowledge.

The situation in this regard, moreover, does not appear to be confined to Canada. There is complaint in Great Britain of the delays, and even loss of business, sometimes caused by trade union customs practices which hinder progress and to some extent reduce the capacity of costly plants. In the United States the strike is always affecting some industry or other.

Accepting these as correct it appears that the Canadian employes get less value for the money he pays in wages than does the United States manufacturer. These are possibly varied causes for this. The United States manufacturer has the larger market, and can specialize in machinery and product, and specialization tends to cheapness through getting larger outputs from machinery—and from men. It is possible also that in the United States as a rule workers are expected to do more work in a day. This is shown in the following table, which is taken from the census report, "Can. Stat.," writing of his own province when the exodus was beginning, said that if people would work as hard and as conscientiously as those who had to do it when they went to Boston, they would be as well off in Nova Scotia as in New England. Perhaps the Canadian is not as good a "driver" as his United States fellow. At any rate any benefit the Canadian manufacturer presumably gets from the lower wages he seems to pay is made up by the smaller returns in the way of work or the product of work from those in his employ. The cause of this situation are probably the same as those which vary with each industry. Experts are only able to say what they are in any particular case. Their effect, however, it can be seen from the above, is that the Canadian worker will likely be getting out of this phase of the census compilation—Montreal Gazette.

Table comparing wages in Canada and the United States across various industries. Columns include 'Canada, Stat.', 'U.S. Stat.', and 'All industries'.

There are such differences in the rates of wages in the two countries indicated in these figures that they may be questioned in every case the same system of collecting and arranging information has been followed. Taking the whole range it is made

PREDICTS LIBERAL VICTORY IN ALBERTA

Toronto, Oct. 24.—The Globe's Calgary special says: Liberal prospects are improving every day in this province. The probability now is that three government candidates will be returned by acclamation, and that in the four other constituencies no Conservative candidate will be nominated. The seats likely to go by acclamation are Strathcona, Wetaskiwin and Stony Plains, but it is settled that Premier Rutherford will not be opposed in the first-named riding.

MOORS HESITATED TO FREE BRITONS

Valiente's Brother, Who Kidnapped Officers in the Marine Service, Parleyed Long

The Herald's European edition publishes the following from its correspondent: Tangier, Oct. 22.—In spite of the efforts made by the Moorish authorities for the release of the two officers of the Royal Marine, Valiente's brother has not yet accepted the terms for the surrender of the prisoners.

Earl Grey Opens a School.

Ottawa, Oct. 25.—(Special)—Earl Grey formally opened the new Ottawa, East, public school this afternoon.

Advertisement for 'The GRANGER' horse feed, featuring a horse and rider. Text includes 'The BAIRD CO PROPRIETORS', 'Satisfaction Guaranteed', and 'At all dealers. 25 Cents'.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH is published every Wednesday and Saturday at 10 a.m. PAYABLE IN ADVANCE by The Telegraph Publishing Company, St. John, a company incorporated by Act of the Legislature of New Brunswick.

ADVERTISING RATES. Ordinary commercial advertisements taking the run of the paper, each insertion 10 cents per line.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. All remittances must be sent by post or by order or registered letter, and addressed to The Telegraph Publishing Company.

AUTHORIZED AGENT. The following agent is authorized to canvass and collect for The Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz: Wm. Somerville.

WANTED--Copies of Semi-Weekly Telegraph of June 28, 1905. Please send same to The Telegraph Publishing Co., St. John, N. B.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph ST. JOHN, N. B., OCTOBER 28, 1905

AT TWO DOLLARS A LINE

It is known from the testimony of Mr. Charles J. Smith, a witness before the insurance committee yesterday, that the Mutual Life paid one dollar a line to news bureaus for distributing to various newspapers alleged news despatches concerning the present investigation.

Mr. Smith was charged with the delicate task of preparing these costly reports. Their nature may be guessed from this: "In one despatch Mr. Smith wrote that Mr. McCurdy's attitude on the stand made a distinctly favorable impression, and for this he had to pay two dollars a line. This, he said, was worth it."

RATHER NEAT

The Glasgow Herald's new signal for Britain--"Britain expects the Colonies to do their duty"--is a neat and telling way of putting an old argument. That the question of contribution by the colonies to the national defence bill would be revived after Trafalgar Day was inevitable.

In every country under the flag the Nelson anniversary was marked by patriotic speeches in which the glory of the navy was sung. Now, the Glasgow Herald says, if the Colonies share the glory and protection of the British fleet, let them share the expense also.

For all that, the Glasgow Herald really assumes too much. Canada has not only refused to assist in paying the cost of national defence, but has just taken off Great Britain's hands the considerable burden of maintaining the fleet and equipment.

reason to believe he would get a return for his money. Toronto is esteemed an honest city as cities go. It will not do to permit the introduction in Canadian municipalities of the American idea that graft is so potent and grafters so numerous that civility may be bribed or betrayed into improper transactions as often as interested outsiders are willing to pay for the job.

At the Mayor's luncheon Prince Louis conferred an unusual distinction upon this city by making her a statement regarding British naval policy outranking in importance any utterance attributed to him since he left England.

CONVERTED

Mr. McCurdy of the Mutual has seen a great light, or has been brought to see it. Following this miracle comes his announcement--and the man makes it solemnly--that a committee of the company's board of trustees will make an investigation of its affairs, including, of course, the nature and extent of the peculiar philanthropy practiced by the McCurdys.

"Hands Across the Sea" How free is Cuba? Let us see. Cuba made a treaty with Italy a short time ago, a treaty of the "most favored nation" order. Now that she proposes to make a similar treaty with Great Britain there is a protest from Washington, and the New York Herald, in a double-leaded editorial, announces that Cuba must not sign it.

"As it stands the treaty is a characteristic 'heads I win, tails you lose' achievement of 'big' diplomacy. If it were ratified and the pending navigation treaty of the United States with Cuba should be consummated, later on British trading vessels and British war ships could claim equal treatment in Cuban ports under the 'most favored nation' clause."

"Even from a British point of view it may be questioned whether the treaty would be a good thing for England, because in the event of war or any serious complication arising all the West India islands would sit on one flock under the American flag. In its own interest and the interest of the Cubans, of Great Britain and of the world's peace, the United States should strenuously maintain the objections it has raised to the ratification of the treaty."

All of which is great nonsense. The West Indies were there no patriotic feeling to be considered, would remember the size and power of the British navy. The Herald's article is dictated by trade fear; nothing else. Great Britain needs no naval base in Cuba, having one at Kingston that will serve all possible purposes.

EXPERT LOBBYISTS

The nature of Toronto's civic scandal becomes somewhat clearer. Puddy Brander, who wanted a permit to erect an abattoir within the city limits, feared the aldermen would refuse permission. When the present charges were first printed members of the firm stoutly denied that they had expended a dollar in connection with the city council.

seeing that what was to be done should be done in a fashion reflecting credit upon the city. Comparisons are dangerous sometimes, but an implied one must be risked at all events. No personage who has come to St. John in many years under such circumstances has so charmed all who came in contact with him as has Prince Louis of Battenberg. He must be a man of remarkable gifts who can produce upon all so happy an impression.

At the Mayor's luncheon Prince Louis conferred an unusual distinction upon this city by making her a statement regarding British naval policy outranking in importance any utterance attributed to him since he left England.

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KEEP COOL AND PLAY FAIR

Mr. Root, American secretary of state, made public Thursday a striking letter from the British ambassador at Washington dealing with the Newfoundland fishery dispute.

NOTE AND COMMENT

Mr. Roosevelt caused the arrest of a drunken man with a pistol in Alabama yesterday. The incident, trifling in itself, is sufficient to send a shiver of apprehension through the vast country that remembers Lincoln, Garfield, and McKinley.

The letter, and Secretary Root's comments upon it, constitute an example of the direct and open diplomacy that has been so greatly to the fore of late.

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THE HEART PANIC

The Republicans of New York are to formally nominate Jerome for district attorney on their ticket in place of Flammer, who has been thrown overboard. There is in this, of course, some suggestion of a deal between Jerome and Ivins, the Republican majority candidate, to assist each other against Mc-

A VISIT TO BE REMEMBERED

The well ordered function at the Union Club Thursday and the brilliant reception last evening in honor of Prince Louis were events of unusual interest. Indeed the visit of the admiral to St. John must be regarded as one of the happiest incidents in our civic history, so fine an impression did the chief figure make upon all, and so fitting and enjoyable for all were the social events arranged by the Mayor and Mrs. White and the others who assisted in

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Men's Overcoats Excellent Style and Value

It's really wonderful the great number of Men's Overcoats we have sold already this fall. It's not either, when you consider their style and make and the wonderful values we're giving. Get the money they save and satisfaction they get that brings them here.

SEE OUR MEN'S OVERCOATS, at \$5, \$6, \$7.50, \$8.75, \$10, \$12, \$15 and \$20.00

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothing

ELITE ENAMELED WARE



Superior in finish and quality--made to wear. We have just received Preserving Kettles, Saucepans, Tea Pots, Coffee Pots, Rice Boilers, Etc.

We are showing a large range of Kitchen Cooking Utensils, which it will pay anyone to inspect. Best Silk Boiling Cloth.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd., Market Square, St. John, N. B.

THE DEVIL'S TATTOO

from the Church point of view, of Roman Catholic "missionaries" to Protestants, as to the utility of not a little of the aggressive "proselytizing activity" of Ontario Protestant Churches among French Catholics in Quebec.

In London there is increasing protest over the departure of desirable settlers to Canada. And in Canada we desire no others. If the British will not utilize the land they have, the men able and willing to work can scarcely be prevented from coming to Canada where there is room and a good living for them.

The Car is in despair, according to a St. Petersburg despatch. Wh. n. Witte told him how desperate Russian affairs are, the report has it, he said he felt like abandoning. If he needed information from Witte as to the state of his country he has cause for despair. Perhaps he will now permit Witte to save him and the country. Only a strong hand and a cool head will serve now.

CANADA AND THE NAVY

In connection with the Nelson centenary it has been said that the Imperial signal for the twentieth century is "Britain expects the colonies to do their duty" towards the upkeep of the navy. The Glasgow Herald thinks it is natural that Canadians should prefer to build ships of their own rather than contribute money direct to the navy, yet it thinks we must see that we could not build a fleet that would equal any of the United States could send up the St. Lawrence. That is not what anybody in Canada thinks of doing. Yet we might build ships to much greater value than any sum the Dominion could be induced to pay to support British ships. It is a matter of business as well as of sentiment. Nor do Canadians see the necessity of building a fleet that could meet an American fleet in the month of the St. Lawrence. British connection has invited the only danger of that kind so far experienced, and, naturally, also guards us against it. If it does not do that and similar things, what does it do? The splendid sentiment of this country towards the parent State has, without any doubt, substantial grounds for existence. But it is proposed to "take this out in cash!"

Canada should pay her fair footing in the British Empire, and send up the St. Lawrence. That is not what anybody in Canada thinks of doing. Yet we might build ships to much greater value than any sum the Dominion could be induced to pay to support British ships. It is a matter of business as well as of sentiment. Nor do Canadians see the necessity of building a fleet that could meet an American fleet in the month of the St. Lawrence. British connection has invited the only danger of that kind so far experienced, and, naturally, also guards us against it. If it does not do that and similar things, what does it do? The splendid sentiment of this country towards the parent State has, without any doubt, substantial grounds for existence. But it is proposed to "take this out in cash!"

FATAL ACCIDENT TO P. E. ISLAND MAN

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., Oct. 21. (Special)--An accident happened at Alberton yesterday by which John A. Keefe, a highly esteemed citizen of that community was almost instantly killed. Keefe was taking a load of oats into the barn and as the horse couldn't back the load he was unbalanced and tumbled the traces to the other end of the wagon hoping to draw it in this manner. The wagon in some way turned and as he was passing between it and the barn he was pinned to the building by a pole across the wagon which almost went through his body. A boy who was with him ran to the house and when his wife got to his side he was faintly groaning. When medical assistance came life was extinct.

I. C. R. Insurance Report.

Moncton, Oct. 26--Secretary Paver, of the I. C. R. Employees' Relief and Insurance Association, submits a report for the month ending Oct. 23. There were only two deaths--Thomas Fram, Moncton, \$250, and W. W. Price, station agent at Petitcodiac, \$1,000; two total disability claims--F. C. White, Aruro, and James Andson, Moncton, \$1,000 each. Fees and levies for month: Class A, \$2; class B, \$1.20, and class C, \$0 cents.

Where in the Surprise.

(Baltimore American.) A request made to President Roosevelt for the commutation of life imprisonment for the capital sentence of a brutal stepfather who beat a little girl to death was refused. The plea of the father by a note across the front refused to interfere but that any person of ordinary feelings could be found to ask mercy for so atrocious a human brute.

Advertisement for 'Standing Offer' featuring 'TULLY'S EXTRACT' as a 'Greatest home remedy in the world' for various ailments like rheumatism, neuralgia, and migraines.

THE HENSON REVELATION

By FRED. M. WHITE, Author of "The Robe of Lucifer," etc.

A story of a novel type, stirring, fascinating, the most striking success in recent fiction. Copyrighted, and published exclusively in this territory by the St. John TELEGRAPH, under arrangement with the Canada Newspaper Syndicate.

CHAPTER XLVIII.—(Continued.)
"You are quite right," Frank replied. "And I'd like to—shake hands now, dad."

He gets the chance he is waiting for. Ruth Gates hadn't the faintest idea that he knew anything when she left that case the day she bought it within reach of Henson. His getting her out of the way for a minute or two, he unties the parcel, and places the Van Sneek case in it. No, by Jove, he needsn't have bought anything from Lockhart. He has a card, a thought of that to account for the yellow string and the stamped paper that Lockhart's people use. He first takes out one of the parcel, and replaces it with another, and there you are. You may depend upon it that was the way in which it was done.

luxurious private sitting-room of the action, and the more she thought over the more sure of success she felt. A few hours more—and but she didn't care to dwell too closely on that.

She had carefully planned out her line of action, and the more she thought over the more sure of success she felt. A few hours more—and but she didn't care to dwell too closely on that.

thing else. "It is not a nice thing to bully women."
"Reginald Henson finds it quite a congenial occupation," Chris said, bitterly. "I have pulled thoughtfully at his cigarette."

for years. If he could only keep away from the drink he might make a fortune. But what has Van Sneek got to do with it?
"A great deal," Chris said, grimly. "And now, please, follow carefully what I am going to say. A little time ago we poor persecuted women put our heads together to get free from Reginald Henson. We agreed to ask Mr. David Steel, the well-known novelist, to allow us a way of escape. Unhappily for us, Henson got to know of it."

Chris had no reply for a moment or two. Rawlins' suggestion had burst upon her like a bomb. And it was all so dreadfully, horribly probable. Henson could have done this thing with absolute impunity. It was impossible to imagine for a moment that David Steel was the criminal. Who else could it be, then, but Reginald Henson?
"I'm afraid this has come as a shock to you," Rawlins said, quietly. "It has, indeed," he said, eagerly. "And your silence is dreadfully logical."
"Will I, may be wrong, after all," Rawlins suggested.

Chris smiled, a little pleased that her hands were over to—
"Quite easily. And throw all the blame on Mr. Steel. Look at the evidence he had ready to hand against the latter. The changed cigar-case would come near to hang a man. And Van Sneek was in the way. Steel goes out to meet you or some of your friends. All the hands are in bed. As a novelist he comes and goes as he likes and nobody takes any heed. He goes and leaves his door on the latch. Any money it is the common latch they put on thousands of doors. Henson lets himself into the house and cooly waits Van Sneek's coming. The rest you can imagine."

GENIAL PRINCE LOUIS MAKES FINE IMPRESSION

(Continued from page one.) Mayor proposed the toast of The King, which was duly honored by the strains of the national anthem.

The honor to command. We can get up steam practically in an hour. We can get under way in about the same time.

- Ald. Hanna, Ald. Scott, Ald. Pickett, Deputy Mayor Lewis, Col. H. H. McLean, H. D. Troop, Lt. Col. Geo. W. Jones, Rev. G. A. Kuhnring, George Robertson, M. P. P., Com. Elliott, Premier Tweedie, Captain Davis, Dr. J. W. Daniel, M. P., Capt. Robertson, Lt. Col. G. R. White, D. O. C., Dr. A. A. Stockton, M. P., Com. Miller, R. J. Ritchie, Com. Miller, R. J. Ritchie, Lt. Col. J. R. Armstrong, Ald. Tilley, Com. Clerk Wardrober, Ald. Baxter, Collector A. T. Dunn, Ald. Spruel.

HOW THE GUESTS WERE SEATED AT YESTERDAY'S LUNCHEON

The city of St. John have toward his person and his crown. Gentlemen—give you the health of the Prince of Denmark.

IMPORTANT SPEECH

Prince Declares British Admiralty Policy. The prince, on rising to respond, was given a most enthusiastic reception. He spoke as follows:—

RECEPTION AND BALL

Function in St. Andrew's Rink a Great Success. As a prince of Great Britain and the representative people of St. John met Thursday evening in St. Andrew's Rink and the function was by common consent one of the most successful of the year.

WHERE THE PRINCE RECEIVED

The data where Prince Louis received was in the red corded booth, about half way down the right side of the electric sign, "Welcome Prince Louis."

A Drive About Town

The proceedings then terminated. A large crowd had assembled in the vicinity of the Union Club and when the distinguished visitor appeared before starting on a drive round the city he good-humoredly permitted a number of amateur photographers to again secure memories of the occasion.

names of all who passed. It was thought that this ceremony would occupy fully one and a half hours but within a half hour it was over.

THE OFFICIAL LANCERS

The state lancers created an unusual interest. A space in the lower end of the rink was reserved for the official lancers.

THE WARSHPPE ARRIVES

But a small proportion of St. John's citizens had arisen from their beds when the Halifax night express with the warship arrived.

THE OFFICIAL COURTESIES

The first social formality of the day at the Royal Hotel, when Lieutenant-Governor, accompanied by Lt. Col. H. H. McLean, A. D. C., Lt. Col. McLean, D. O. C., and other officials.

AT CITY HALL

At twelve o'clock the prince, accompanied by the Lord Mayor, was driven to the City Hall, where the official luncheon was served.

If Your Ill Health is Due To BILIOUSNESS. read how others have suffered with the same complaint, and how they found relief from Biliousness, Constipation and Stomach Trouble.

Fruit-Laxative or Fruit Liver Tablets. 50c a box. At all druggists. Manufactured by Fruit-Laxatives Limited, Ottawa.

THE CIVIC ADDRESS. To His Serene Highness Prince Louis Alexander of Battenberg, G. C. B., Rear Admiral R. N., &c., &c.

THE PRINCE'S REPLY. Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen— I thank you most heartily for giving me so warm a welcome in the City of St. John, which it gives me the greatest pleasure to revisit after a lapse of over thirty years.

ASKS AMERICANS TO KEEP COOL. (Continued from page one.) of patience and the avoidance of temper in the assertion of what they conceive to be their rights.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson, Proprietor.

DAUGHTER OF NEW BRUNSWICK. Mrs. Joseph L. Bishop Passes away in Boston. Many friends, especially in the British colony here in Boston, mourn today over the loss of one of the most respected of the daughters of New Brunswick.

KING EDWARD TO DECORATE MIKADO. London, Oct. 25.—It was officially announced today that King Edward had commanded that a special mission, headed by Prince Arthur of Connaught, be dispatched to Tokio early in 1906 to confer the Order of the Garter on the Emperor of Japan.