

The Weekly Monitor

VOL. 43

BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, JUNE 30, 1915

NO 12

Letter from Harry Lantz Now in Flanders

No. 1 Canadian Casualty Station,
Flanders,
June 5th, 1915.

Dear Brother:—

I have just been reading some letters before burning them and among them was one from you, and I was not sure that I had answered it, so decided to do so now, as I presume a letter is always acceptable, especially one from a foreign country which once seemed so far away from us, but owing to the decrees of war has been brought near, and to many readers sacred by their sacrifice of noble young lives, there or rather here given freely to maintain the cause of right and freedom as we understand them.

We must certainly believe that our enemies are not all cruel and savage but have been taught her civilization being superior should dominate the world.

Still it hardly seems possible that a human people should approve of the savagery and treachery which forms such a part of their program. You need to talk to one of the fellows who has been through the battles of Neuve Chappelle and Ypres, to get a glimpse of what it is like and very seldom do we see officer or private who is anxious to go back if it could be done otherwise. But I am glad to say that our fellows are more eager perhaps to do their part than some other troops of His Majesty.

We have had a number of cases here of men with their nerves shattered from the sound of the guns, and the shock so caused to the system. Most of these fellows recover after a change and rest, and good meals. While the fellows are in the trenches they have iron rations, that is hard biscuit, corned beef and perhaps tea without sugar or milk sometimes, but other times they are pretty well, it depending pretty much on the activity of the enemy. You have no doubt heard that the Saxons are friendly and sometimes arrange truces between trenches, but our fellows soon know when the Prussians or Bavarians appear, as they show intense hatred for England, and now Italy, and perhaps some day they may be able to include another in their list. You of course are wondering how we are getting along, and what we do as soldiers, how we feel, whether we are well fed, etc. You know something of our part which we perform and by the way, I must tell you that although we don't feel satisfied with our part, we receive commendation, from official circles and patients who are fortunate enough to be under our care. They are glad to stay as long

as is necessary for a complete cure. I have just had a Highland Corporal, Canadian, who just came here to see me, and he corroborates what all have said, namely, stay where you are and be thankful that you are so lucky. He told me about sleeping in trenches over the bodies of Germans which were hardly covered, and Friday night they made an advance over the bodies of wounded, dying and dead British and Germans. He said the stench and sights made many of the men sick so that they were not fit for duty. Another Corporal I have met from the same regiment who has had several very close shaves and been down with minor wounds twice, is going back tomorrow. He had a bullet pass through his Glengary right over the top of his head almost singeing his hair, but is no worse for his experiences, which he does not wish to have repeated. He is acquainted with some people in Wolfville and so he inquired if there were any Acadia people, and in this way I got acquainted with him. He has given me his cap badge as a souvenir. We meet many fine fellows here from all parts. Gregg, a Soph, who came over with Acker, was in the Ypres fight and later at Festubert, got wounded in the foot and is again in England. L. Caldwell is now attached to the headquarters staff of some brigade here in Flanders as they had not had their horses over here yet but expect them very shortly. I was thru the old cathedral here a few days since, which is very nice, and is a very large edifice for a town of this size, that is, about four thousand. The inside is really wonderful but hard to describe as I am not acquainted with the service or rites of the church. There are several altars, confession rooms, consecration room, etc., with a great deal of statuary and painting, stained glass, etc. I was glad to hear you were setting trees. If you could see France and England and their ornamental trees, you would understand me better. Of course they are old countries, but ours will soon be among that variety. I have not told you that we are having ideal weather really better than N. S. I think.

It has been warm enough that for two weeks the fellows have been all able to go bathing, as there is a large bath in the town. I must tell you that we have now some real good Northern Spy apples from Ontario, packed like oranges in the bushel box. The Red Cross people brought us two boxes Friday, and they were well received I assure you. Au revoir.

B. D. KNOTT,
Clerk of Western Baptist Association.

DAILY SERVICE VIA YARMOUTH LINE TO BOSTON IN EFFECT FROM YARMOUTH, MON DAY, 28TH JUNE

The regular daily service to Boston from Yarmouth performed by the popular steamers "Prince George" and the "Princess Arthur" goes into effect Monday, 28th, inst, and on and after that date sailings from Yarmouth will be, daily at 6 p. m., except Sunday, and steamers arrive in Boston the following mornings.

There is no more delightful trip to Boston than via the Yarmouth Line which has established a reputation of unexcelled regularity of sailings and satisfaction by the travelling public in all respects.

Persons leaving New England for the Provinces will make no mistake in using the Yarmouth Line which reaches all points in Nova Scotia and the Provinces.

For all particulars as to sailings, rates, stateroom reservations, etc., communicate with company's agent, Mr. A. E. Williams, at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, or any agent of the Dominion Atlantic or Halifax & South Western Railway.

Two or three deserters from Aldershot were captured in Yarmouth last week and were held over until the arrival of an escort to take them back.

According to figures announced in the British House of Commons, 79,916 women have registered for war work and of this number 1,916 have been utilized.

For their Majesties
THE HOME RULERS

My Aim: "The Greatest Good to Greatest Number"

LADIES' PURE SILK HOSE, with lisle tops; white, tan or black, 45c per pair
LADIES' VEGETABLE (BOOT) SILK HOSE, in white tan, or black, 24c per pair
LADIES' BALBRIGGAN HOSE, with double soles and high spliced heels, only 22c per pair.

LADIES' "SILK-O-LINE HOSE," black, tan or white, 24c per pair
LADIES' LISLE THREAD HOSE, with extra out size tops, 24c per pair
LADIES' COTTON HOSE, 10c up. My line at 14c, sizes 8 to 10 inch, tan or black is Bad-to-Beat

"BUSTER BROWN" and "ROCK RIB" for boys, 5 inch, 18c up to 23c for 11 in. Elsewhere small sizes sold at same price as large
"BUSTER BROWN'S SISTER" and "PRINCESS" for girls, white, tans or black—Priced the fair way.

"THREE EIGHTIES," a grand low priced stocking, sizes 5 to 10 inch, 10c upwards
"LITTLE DARLING," in cashmere Hose
RANDOLPH "CUTIES," in Lisle Sox

"CRAFTANA," the justly celebrated, seamless unshrinkable, black cashmere Sox, made on the Graduated Principle with two threads in the top, three threads in the leg, four in the foot and instep and five in the heels and toes thus affording at the Minimum of Cost the Maximum of Comfort and Durability, 40c pair.

Men's Seamless Cotton Sox, 8 cents
" " " " " " 11 cents
" " " " " " 16 cents
Men's "Marathon" Sox Winged Foot Brand, tan or black 9 1/2 to 11 inch, 13c
These Sox have been sold at 20 to 25 cents per pair in this town

The above brands are Registered to prevent unscrupulous manufacturers from using them. The goods are as separate from other lines as a Marathon Race from some Go-as-you-Please. And you will save money by accepting no substitutes—every pair of the genuine are branded, and there are I believe, none such elsewhere at my prices.

My Store is open on Saturdays until 10 p. m.

WALTER SCOTT, The "Keen Kutter"

Granville Street The Royal Bank Building (Next Door to Public Telephone Station) Bridgetown

WESTERN BAPTIST ASSOCIATION ENDORSE WORK OF N. S. TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE

The following resolution was unanimously adopted at the Western Baptist Association which met at Westport, June 17th to 20th.

Resolved, I. That we heartily endorse the work of the N. S. Temperance Alliance as accomplished through its Field Secretary, Rev. H. R. Grant, and the County Alliance in their efforts for the improvement and enforcement of law.

II. That we endeavor in every legitimate way to bring to a successful issue the repeal of the Scott Act and the adoption of the Nova Scotia Temperance Act in Annapolis County on July 8th, and we urge both pastors and canvassers to diligently seek the securing of sufficient signatures to their petition for obtaining a plebiscite on this question.

III. That as members of the Association, we pledge ourselves that by all available means we will endeavor to help the people fully realize the danger of the manufacture and use of cider and other liquors with even a low percentage of alcohol."

B. D. KNOTT,
Clerk of Western Baptist Association.

THE WEEK'S WAR NEWS

Italy Severs Diplomatic Relations With Turkey

PARIS, June 28.—Announcement was made at the French Ministry of War today that, according to the Italian press, Italy has broken diplomatic relations with Turkey. Italy, it is added, will send troops to the Dardanelles.

Russians Have Retired in Order Beyond the Dniester River.

LONDON, June 28.—Berlin reports the fall of the Galician town of Halicz, and says that the Austro-Germans have crossed the Dniester River, which means that the five days' desperate rear-guard action by the Russians has ended in their retirement. However, the stubborn resistance of this flank of the forces of Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian armies, has undoubtedly enabled him to reform his lines along the River Bug, virtually without interference.

The River San now takes the place of the Dniester as the scene of a sanguinary battle in the Russian effort to prevent the investment of Warsaw. Petrograd admits the retirement of the Russians to the River Gnila Lipa, which is some eighty miles from the frontier, and falls into the Dniester at Halicz, but military experts do not expect heavy fighting along that river. They express the opinion that the next serious battle probably will occur along the Zlota Lipa River, which runs parallel to the Gnila Lipa further eastward, where the Russians would benefit by the railroad with which the Tarnopol line connects. These operations and plans, according to military men, confirm the theory and the Dniester forces were merely covering for the northern army.

WAR BRIEFS

A lot of men were admitted to hospital, suffering from what is, I believe called "dropped wrist," also from jaundice. The outbreak could not be accounted for, and we were asked to secure a sample of water from a straw coming from a German position, and joining one in the rear of our trenches. Being tested, one grain of arsenic per pint of water was found in the sample. A repetition in Flanders of the German South African trick.

The body found on the coast of Clare Island, and supposed to have been the body of A. G. Vanderbilt, lost in the Lusitania, was not his body.

The Swedish Government has prohibited the export of all kinds of cotton. It may be needed for war purposes.

German newspapers announce the arrest of a millionaire Senator, charged with selling metal and pyrites to Great Britain from his Swedish and Norwegian works.

A former Hungarian Minister of War, and in command of an Austrian Army, at the beginning of the war, has been arrested and is treated as "a serious political criminal."

The following message was flung into the British trenches in Flanders, by Germans. "We are too few to attack, and too proud to surrender, but we want to go home."

Von Bethmann-Hollweg charges Italy with entering the war by a combination of mob dictation, bad faith on the part of the Cabinet of Premier Salandra, and in a certain degree to the money of the allied powers.

Thirty-eight British aviators destroyed the big railway bridge at Ghent, wrecked the railway station and freight depots, thereby spoiling Germany's plans of making Ghent a railway centre.

The Prussian casualty list contained the names of no less than 1,388,000 persons. Taking Prussia's average, the number for Germany would be two millions and a quarter of men. An awful sacrifice to the Kaiser's ambition.

A party of 297 German prisoners were brought to Halifax to be forwarded to internment camps.

A Methodist Minister in New Brunswick has been refused accreditation for the ecclesiastical year because of anti-British and pro-German utterances.

Complaints are being made by Germans against Von Bethman-Hollweg on account of his speeches. He is charged with having a perfect genius for saying foolish things. For example his saying that a treaty was only "a scrap of paper."

The New York Tribune says, "Whether we now join in war, whether we now draw the sword, henceforth and till the destruction of those who today dominate Germany, the American people will look upon those who are fighting the Germans as allies; they will hope and pray for their success."

The Commission for Relief in Belgium announces that the receipts in cash and a valuation of cargoes of food and other supplies have amounted to \$60,000,000. About 5,500,000 are now paying for their food, 1,500,000 are entirely helpless.

Sir Felix Semon, a German by birth, but now a naturalized Britisher, says, "The inhuman methods of German warfare, have often, and of late with increasing force, induced me to think that it would be right for a German by birth to publicly express his detestation of that policy. Sir Arthur Pinero, another naturalized Britisher, says, "I emphatically abhor the barbarous methods, one and all, practised by Germany."

OFFICER. You want me to read you girl's letter to you, do you?

PAT. Sure, Sorr, and it's rather private. Will you please stuff your ears with cotton wool, so you cannot hear it.

Seven hundred men from all over Canada have offered their services to the navy department with a view to learn how to operate aeroplanes.

The press of Portugal demands the discontinuance of diplomatic relations with Germany because German submarines have sunk Portuguese ships.

The British Government plans for the insurance of life and property against German air craft.

Scott Act Repeal

Citizens

"The saloon is the sum of all villainies. It is worse than war or pestilence. It is the parent of crimes, and the mother of sins. It is the appalling source of misery, poverty and sorrow. It causes three-fourths of the crime, and of course is the source of three-fourths of the taxes to support that crime. And to license such an incarnate fiend of hell is the dirtiest, most low down, damnable business on the top of this old earth."—Billy Sunday.

Sir Frederick Treves, physician to the late King Edward and perhaps the greatest medical authority in the Empire, says: "All alcohol is distinctly a POISON with certain uses like other poisons, but limitations on its use should be as strict as on arsenic, opium or strychnine."

WORKMEN

President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor said: "The time has come when the saloon and the labor movement must be divorced."

Hon. John Burns, British Labor leader, said: "Give up drink or give up hope of holding your place in the industrial world."

MERCHANTS

You get what is left after the rum seller has got what he can. The average saloon is said to take in \$8,300 a year. Does the cash business of the bar room aid your business?

PASTORS

The gospel of the Christ is the gospel of social redemption no less than a gospel of individual salvation. From your place behind the sacred desk use your opportunity to attack that arch enemy to society, of the church and of decency, the rum traffic. Will you not remind your congregation of their duty to vote down the bar room and VOTE AGAINST THE SCOTT ACT so that the more stringent N. S. Temperance Act can come into force? In the name of righteousness HIT THE TRAFFIC and hit it hard. ON SUNDAY, JULY 4th.

TEMPERANCE ELECTORS

Some liquor dealers in Halifax sent out a circular to the electors of one of the other counties when the vote on the repeal of the Scott Act was being taken, calling upon them to vote to retain the Scott Act. As clear headed men, do you need any strong argument in favor of the N. S. Temperance Act? Go to the polls on July 8th and vote against the ACT THAT THE RUMSELLER PREFERS.

HOW THE NEW ACT WORKS

It is now in force in the counties of Pictou, Cumberland, Hants and Kings. In the town of Amherst in Cumberland Co., the Act is well enforced. Here are some of the results: In the past four months under the Scott Act there were over 60 arrests for drunkenness; in the first four months under the new Act there were 13 arrests under the same police force and the same system of making arrests. Stelarton, a mining town of 4,500, was formerly considered the most intemperate town in Pictou Co. Under the Scott Act there was great difficulty in suppressing sales. During the last five months under the new Act there were only five arrests for drunkenness. The town of Westville shows a similar record. Windsor, in Hants Co., under the new Act has had but one arrest in the last five months. Without exception under this new Act, where officials are honest, dives and bars and other rum dens can be suppressed. Honest officials in all



Small Deposits Welcome

If you wish to start a Savings Account do not hesitate because you have only a small sum to begin with; you will be welcome at our office. Some of our large accounts began as deposits of \$1. It is our aim to have customers come to us with the feeling that we will attend to their business with pleasure.

The Bank of Nova Scotia

Capital - - - - - \$ 5,000,000
Surplus - - - - - 12,000,000
Total Resources over - - - - - 90,000,000

BRIDGETOWN BRANCH
J. S. Lewis, Manager

towns where it is in force consider the N. S. Temperance Act vastly superior to the Scott Act.

VOTE FOR THE BETTER ACT.
VOTE AGAINST THE SCOTT ACT.
VOTE THE RED BALLOTT.

G. C. WARREN,
Sec. Temperance Alliance.

Death of Rev. W. B. Wallace

The news of the death of the Rev. William Boardman Wallace, D. D., was received here on Saturday evening last, he having passed away early that morning after an operation three days previous, blood poisoning having set in.

The deceased was a son of the late Rev. Isaiah Wallace, whose memory is revered by thousands in these Maritime Provinces. He was born in Granville on Oct. 21, 1867, and was therefore in the forty-eighth year of his age.

Dr. Wallace graduated from Acadia with the class of '90, and received the degree of D. D. from Colby University. He held several pastorates in the United States, principally in New York State, among them being the First Baptist Church of Oswego, N. Y., from 1893 to '96; Tabernacle Church, Utica, N. Y., '96-'97; East Baptist Church, Cleveland, Ohio, 1907. For the past year he had been pastor of Rockefeller's Church, Rochester, N. Y.

A Buffalo despatch of June 27, says of the deceased: "Dr. Wallace was one of the brilliant men the Baptist Church of Nova Scotia has given to the world, and that is saying much. At the time of his death he was in the prime of life. He was a unique preacher in many respects. In his personality he demanded attention, and in his methods, straightforward, vigorous and virile, he was eminently a man's man."

The body of the deceased will be placed in a private mausoleum in Rochester until the family decide on permanent place for interment, which undoubtedly will take place at Granville.

Dr. Wallace married Miss Alice Young, sister of Mr. Abram Young of this town, and Mrs. H. G. Mellick of Lawrencetown is a sister of the deceased.

While the prisoners of war in the detention camp at Amherst were being conducted to the compound for physical exercise on Thursday last, one of them, Fritz Clause by name, assaulted one of the internment camp police knocking him insensible. The guard was called to quell the mutiny and in the melee which followed the originator of the trouble was shot dead and four of the other prisoners were more or less seriously wounded.

Royal Bank of Canada

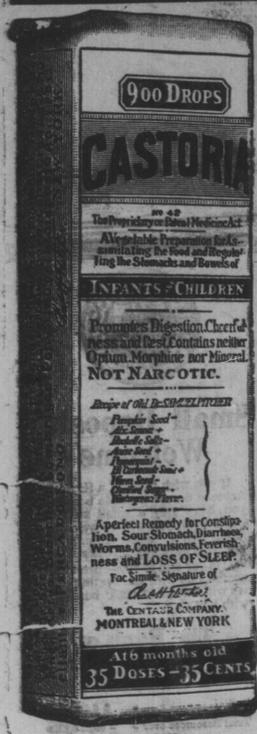
INCORPORATED 1869.

Capital Paid up - - - \$11,560,000
Reserve Funds - - - 13,575,000

Savings Department Accounts may be opened with an initial deposit of One Dollar. Interest is credited half yearly.

Joint Account An account in the name of two members of a family will be found convenient. Either person (or the survivor) may operate the account.

A. F. LITTLE MANAGER, Bridgetown
F. G. PALFREY MANAGER, Lawrencetown.
E. B. McDANIEL MANAGER, Annapolis Royal.



CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hutchins* In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Valley Planing Mills

Building Material, Finish Door, Sash and Mouldings

A. W. ALLEN & SON
MIDDLETON, Annapolis Co., N. S.

TYPES OF POTATOES THE PROVINCE FAVORS

In pamphlet No. 2 of the Publication Branch, of the Federal Department of Agriculture, Secretary Ross of Prince Edward Island, Superintendent of Nova Scotia, Prof. Rev. H. Reis of the School of Agriculture at St. Anne de la Pocaeterie, Professor T. G. Bunting of Macdonald College, Prof. Zavitz of the Ontario Agricultural College, Deputy Minister of Agriculture Geo. Harcourt of Alberta, and Assistant Crop Instructor Newton of British Columbia, explain the methods pursued in the cultivation of the potato by their respective provinces. From these authorities it would appear that the average value of the potato crop in Prince Edward Island is \$1,800,000, the yield being a little over 200 bushels to the acre; that Carman is the most favored type in Nova Scotia, where—in Lunenburg County—first prize in a competition, promoted by the provincial Department of Agriculture was taken by a field comprising two acres that yielded 970 bushels of marketable potatoes and 30 bushels of refuse or small potatoes; that the potato industry in New Brunswick has assumed such large proportions that the crop in 1914 approximated 10,000,000 bushels and that the rotation generally practiced is, first year, potatoes with commercial fertilizer, second year, a grain crop, third year, hay, fourth year, corn or turnips, fertilizing the field in the last case with barn-yard manures; that the yield in Quebec Province is about twenty million bushels taken from 125,000 acres and valued at \$9,500,000, the early varieties favored being Rochester-Rose, Rose-Blanche and Rose-hative and the standard varieties for general use Carman No. 1, Late Puritan, Money Maker, Snowflake, Green Mountain and Jerusalem; that at Macdonald College the varieties grown are Irish Cobbler, Early and Green Mountain, and Gold Coin; that the annual average of the potato crop in Ontario is 18,292,976 bushels taken from 157,765 acres and valued at \$8,164,660; that the average annual yield per acre in Ontario from 1882 to 1913, was 116 bushels against 83 bushels in the United States; that Ontario favors Rural New York No. 2, Delaware, Carman, Empire State, American Mountain and Green Moun-

tain in that order; that Manitoba's preference is for Early Boyce and Early Ohio and (for general crop) Carman, Late Puritan, Manitoba Wonder and Wee MacGregor; that in Saskatchewan Early Andes, Early Triumph and Early Ohio are cultivated; that in Alberta the early varieties are, Irish Cobbler, Rochester Rose, Early Bovee, Early Ohio and Vics Extra Early, and for a general crop, Wee MacGregor, Gold Coin, Table Talk, American Wonder, Country Gentleman, Holborne's Abundance, Early Moonlight, Sutton's Satisfaction and Burbank, but that Alberta does not to any great extent consider potatoes a money-making crop; that in British Columbia the varieties are favored in this order: Carman No. 1, Burbank, Gold Coin, Early Rose, Up to date, Wee MacGregor and Money Maker.

Secretary Newman of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association, deals with the importance of good seed, and R. H. Crosby, of Markham, Ontario, contributes diagrams showing variation in yield of individual rows of potatoes grown on special seed plots in 1909. Manitoba makes a second contribution to this valuable monograph on the most important and necessary of all vegetable crops in a compilation of rules for potato growing contests, coupled with instructions for growing. The pamphlet is to be had free by applying to the Publication Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

MAKING TROUBLE

(New York Sun)

The highly organized German propaganda in this country, not content with demanding that the wholly lawful sale of munitions to the belligerents shall be stopped, seems now to take more desperate measures. The next move is to be a strike in industrial plants making war material strikes ordered by "labor" leaders eager to demonstrate their power to injure the country in which "labor" is a privileged class. We suspect that some of these alien and homebred conspirators against the neutrality of the land that shelters them may get into trouble if they keep on.

In Siberia milk is sold frozen around a stick of wood, which serves as a handle to carry it.

Middleton

Mrs. A. W. Phinney is visiting her son in Halifax.

Mrs. Stuart is visiting at Mrs. Spain's, Main St.

Mrs. Ross and daughter Ruth have returned to Ruthlands.

Miss Grace Hoyt is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Hoyt.

Miss Adelaide Munro was the guest of Miss Ruth Parsons last week.

Misses Gwillam, Young, Nelly and Reagh, have returned from the Normal College.

Mrs. Phillips of Amherst is in Middleton the guest of her mother, Mrs. J. H. Charlton.

The many friends of Miss Amy Cox will be pleased to hear that she is slowly improving.

Mrs. Kelley and daughter Elizabeth and Miss Foster, were the guests of Mrs. O. R. Potter last week.

Archbishop Worrell administered the holy rite of confirmation in Holy Trinity Church on Monday afternoon.

Mrs. R. E. Redecker of Sarnia, Ont., is spending a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Gates. Mr. Redecker is expected a little later.

MELVERN SQUARE

June 28

Mr. D. M. Outhit made a business trip to Kentville last week.

Miss Nannie Pierce is visiting friends in Williamston for a few weeks.

The Rev. Mr. Wheeler attended the Convention in Halifax during the last week.

Mr. Ward of New York is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Frank East for a few weeks.

Miss Bertha Banks of Tremont, was the recent guest of her cousin, Miss Myrtle Morse.

Mrs. J. P. Morse was among those who attended the Baptist Association at Westport this year.

Miss Elva, Borden of Kingston is a guest of the Rev. Mr. A. E. Wheeler, at the Baptist parsonage.

Mr. Wilfred Phinney, spent Sabbath in Lawrencetown, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Feltus, quit recently.

Little Miss Della Whyte of Port Wade, has taken up her abode for the summer with Mrs. Effie Copeland.

Miss Lavinia Goucher of Halifax, spent the week end with her mother, Mrs. Inglis P. Goucher, quite recently.

Lieut. Scott McNeil returned to his duties at the Garrison, Halifax, last week, while Mrs. McNeil will remain in Melvern for a time.

Mr. Leonard Goucher, teacher in the Deaf and Dumb Institution, Halifax, is spending his summer vacation with his family in Melvern Square.

Mrs. Harold Gates and family of New York, are the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Van Buskirk, for the summer, at Melvern West.

The members of the Baptist Mission Band held an ice cream social in the Hall, on Wednesday last, which was well attended, proving a success socially and financially.

Five of our Melvern young ladies attended the Provincial examinations at Middleton last week; the Misses Hazel MacNeil, Louise Macintosh, Dorothy Lantz, Beatrice Phinney and Georgie Brown.

Dr. Devine of Kingston lately performed an operation upon the throat of Percy, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Martin, and the little fellow is rapidly improving in health and strength since the operation.

Last Sabbath Mr. William Gates and daughters Edith and Charlotte, motored to Welsford, Kings County, where they spent the day with friends. They were conveyed by Mr. L. L. Chute in his new car.

We should think that every right-minded person in Annapolis County would vote for the repeal of the Scott Act on July 8th, when they have seen what a farce it has been for the past few years. Though you may be safe yourself, cast your vote in the right direction and help to save your neighbour's boys.

The many friends of the Rev. H. B. Smith, a former pastor in this place, but now of Hebron, Yarmouth Co., were delighted to see him here for a short time last week, as he is always sure of a warm welcome in Melvern Square. During his brief visit he was a guest at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. John P. Morse.

While vegetation is advancing rapidly, the farmers have been quite seriously hindered in their farming operations on account of the continued wet weather, and it is feared the dull cold weather of late, will have a rather detrimental effect on the orchards, in spite of spraying. A few days of sunshine, however, has helped to make the world look a little more cheerful to the much-tried, and persevering farmer.

Lawrencetown

Mrs. Trask of Yarmouth is visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. Primrose has been visiting her sister, and aunt of Kentville.

Mr. John Morgan of Halifax spent a few days with his family last week.

Miss Annie Cartie of Bear River, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bishop.

Misses Minnie Banks and Annie Freeman have returned from Normal College.

Mrs. Hilliard Selig and children of Cambridge are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Selig.

Miss Blanche Charlton is with friends in Vermont and will probably make a protracted visit.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Rice and daughter of Lake La Rose, visited Mr and Mrs. L. W. Durling last week.

Mrs. Banks and Miss Nina Banks are caring for Mrs. Prince, who is steadily improving in health.

Mrs. (Dr.) W. Archibald of Wolfville is visiting Mrs. A. Archibald and Mrs. H. Freeman and other friends.

Miss Ida Patterson of New York, has returned after visiting her mother and sister, Mrs. W. W. Bent, for a fortnight.

Mr. John Stoddart's young son fell last week, injuring his face severely. He is reported as improving, we are glad to say.

Mrs. H. H. Whitman entertained at her home the ladies of the Presbyterian Auxiliary, Middleton, on the afternoon of the 17th.

The delegates who attended the Association at Westport, were: Rev. H. G. and Mrs. Mellick, and Deacon T. G. and Mrs. Bishop.

The Mission Study, "The Child in the Midst", will be held at the home of Mrs. T. G. Bishop, on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Ralph Marshall of Falkland Ridge spent the week end at L. H. Stoddart's. His many friends were pleased to see him again.

Rev. Mr. Porter is visiting friends in town and vicinity, and occupied the pulpit last Sunday, June 20th, in the absence of Pastor Mellick.

Howard Foster who is a student at the Deaf and Dumb Institute, Halifax, is spending his vacation with his parents, F. O. and Mrs. Foster.

Mrs. Augusta Morgan is seriously ill. Her activity in many good causes has endeared her to many who will be anxious concerning her, until her condition improves.

Rev. Mr. Bosworth of the Grand Ligne Mission, addressed the Sunday School and occupied the pulpit on the 27th at 11 a. m. Both the address and sermon were listened to with great interest.

Pastor and Mrs. Mellick received the sad news on Saturday of the death of Mrs. Mellick's brother, Rev. W. J. Wallace of New York. Much sympathy is expressed for them in their sad bereavement.

Rev. F. J. Armitage preached his farewell sermon on Sunday evening last, and on Monday the family left for Port George to spend two weeks thence to Wolfville where Mr. Armitage will enter on his new field of labor.

By a singular arrangement the pupils attending the examinations are not completing their papers until Monday so that they are able to report progress.

In Grade nine the algebra seemed very difficult, in Grade Ten the History caused many to feel apprehensive of the result, and in Grade Eleven the same paper is said to have been "hard."

The following are the names of pupils who are writing at the Provincial examinations:

Grade B.

Inez Crawford, Georgie Brown, Lewis Stoddart, Malcolm Shafner, Ben Prince, Gladys Mailman, Helene Durling, Eva Whitman, Lizzie Harvey, Julia Fair, Alice Hunt, Hazel Harlow.

Grade C.

Pearl Bishop, Muriel Phinney, Jean Messenger, Eileen Prince, Donald Messenger, Donald McPherson, Leonard Mellick, Clyde Morse, Cecil Durling Ernest Palfrey.

Grade D.

Mary Layte, Florence Miller, Gordon Boland, Jean Palfrey, Hazel Conrad, Mora Bent, Lena Foster.

NOT ENOUGH CHILDREN

ever receive the proper balance of food to sufficiently nourish both body and brain during the growing period when nature's demands are greater than in mature life. This is shown in so many pale faces, lean bodies, frequent colds, and lack of ambition.

For all such children we say with unmistakable earnestness: They need Scott's Emulsion, and need it now. It possesses in concentrated form the very food elements to enrich their blood. It changes weakness to strength; it makes them sturdy and strong and active.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont.

DEATH OF HOWARD McLEOD OF WINNIPEG, FORMERLY OF LAWRENCETOWN

(From Winnipeg Paper)

The news of the sudden death of Howard McLeod at his home at 113 Heron St., came as a great shock to his many friends, many of whom had met him after his coming in from his run last night, when indeed, he attended a meeting of a small company in which he was interested and was to all appearances in the best of health. His sudden death is attributed to heart failure, and occurred at five o'clock this morning.

John Howard Beatty McLeod, always known to his many friends as "Howard," was born in Nova Scotia sixty years ago and spent just one half of his life in the west, coming to Winnipeg thirty years ago, and worked for the Canadian Pacific Railway as an engineer, being the oldest engineer now in the service here. After three years in Winnipeg he was transferred to Kenora—then Rat Portage—and came to Fort William seventeen years ago. He has been selected engineer for innumerable special duties in the conveyance over his division of royal and official trains. One notable journey that he made was when he was pulling Sir William Van Horne who was a speed maniac himself, at the time when Geo. J. Bury was superintendent at Fort William. Under speed orders from the president, Howard took the train from here to Ignac at an average rate of over sixty miles an hour, touching eighty miles an hour in spots. This was one of the few times when Geo. Bury's nerve failed him. But Howard McLeod was a man of iron, and not only the best of engineers but a prince of good fellows, liked and respected by all who knew him.

He leaves a wife and two daughters, Mrs. T. E. Dean of Fort William, and Mrs. C. A. Cottrell, of Vancouver, as well as six brothers and one sister, all of this city.

The Funeral

Clasping in his hand a spray of the last blossoms of the trailing arbutus, gathered on his "last run," for his daughter, Mrs. T. E. Dean, and with the flowers of the field, gathered for him by children at Ignac who waited his coming in vain, Howard McLeod lay in his coffin today, and was born by loving hands to the hearse for his journey to Mountain View Cemetery. The children along the line have been accustomed to meet his engine, number 2530, with wild flowers that he loved, and which he brought regularly to his friends at home. He was not there to meet the children this time but the flowers were brought on by his fellow trainmen and were given the place of honor near the casket, and the arbutus, clasped in his hand, seemed to say for the mourners:

"O brave little blossom! still teach us, Through love to be patient and strong, Though the spring be laggard in coming, And the days be dark and long, Like the bloom by the rude ways scattered, Each day some life may we bless, Till our souls, like thy fragrance ascending, Reach heavenly perfectness."

Almost the last words of Howard McLeod were: "I have wronged no one, I am going to meet my maker." So the flower he held was a fitting emblem of the good deeds blooming along his sixty years of life.

Next to the flowers of the children of Ignac, in the bank of beautiful blossoms that testified to the warm affection and strong friendship of relatives and fellowmen, was the beautifully modelled engine number 2530, his own loved engine, almost human in its response to his hand, the design most artistically carried out by Charles Le Cocq' in white roses, with colored blooms outlining the cab, and the number, headlight, bell and wheels in gold, made especially for the model at the C. P. R. shops here. This was a testimonial from the B. of L. E., division No. 243.

Other floral emblems were a broken column, from brothers and T. Harris; a magnificent wreath of roses and orchids from the B. of L. E., Division 535, Kenora; another beautiful wreath from B. of L. E. Division 562, Schreiber; wreath from O. R. C., Division 286; crescent from the ladies of the G. I. A.; three links from Algoma lodge, I. O. O. F.; pillow from wife, daughters and sister; wreath from Mr. and Mrs. Harry P. O'Hagan; sprays from Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Norris, Mr and Mrs. J. H. Perry, Mr and Mrs. D. D. Grant, Mr and Mrs. James O'Hagan, Mr and Mrs. G. Fleming, Mr and Mrs. McLellan, Mrs. Richard Smith, the W. C. T. U., Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. L. Heurax, Mr. and Mrs. A. MacLellan, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Lillie, Mr. and Mrs. G. Fleming, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. MacLeod and daughters; Algoma Equival Surrogate Association; and the Barker children, Ignac.

The house of mourning has been visited by hundreds of the railroad men from Winnipeg and all along the

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Great Cities of the World

HAVANA, The Cuban Capital

Havana the capital of Cuba, was and not so long ago, one of the quaint cities of the world. Within the past few years, however, it has become so rapidly modernized that many of the ancient landmarks have entirely disappeared. Others have received a touching up or a remodelling, which gives them quite a smart, new air. The American occupation of Havana has left its mark on everything, and for the better in most instances, as every honest observer must admit.

Havana's narrow streets, however, and its picturesque style of building will no doubt always remain, though many of the homes recently erected in Vedado, Havana's aristocratic suburb, have a decidedly modern air. Considering conditions that prevail, no better style than the old style of architecture could be found.

"Every country has a way of its own," is an old Spanish proverb. Truly, Cuba's capital city has one that is all its own. With reference to the building of residences, it certainly is a good way. It is a cool way, and in a hot climate surely this is the best way. The walls of the majority of the houses in Havana are three to four feet thick; some are five to six feet in thickness. The ceilings are eighteen to twenty feet high. Most of the dwellings have only one story, but this one story is often 25 to 30 feet in height. The family use the flat roof for a sitting room at night. During the day the wash-woman dries her clothes there.

House in Havana seldom have front or back yards, so precious is space. When there is a yard it is usually in the middle of the house, as in Mexico. The dwellings have double doors, the main ones often fifteen to sixteen feet high. Within these large doors smaller ones are cut. The latter are the ones frequently used. On some of the larger doors I have counted eight to ten wreath hinges. When I first saw these large doors with the little ones cut in them I thought at once of the story I had heard of the wise (?) man who had two holes made through the same door—a big hole so his big cat could enter and a smaller one for the little cat!

Some of the streets of Havana are so narrow that a pedestrian has often to stop quickly, turn sideways and press against the wall or back up into a doorway to avoid the danger of being knocked off the pavement by the trolley.

On most of these streets the sidewalks are but a single paving stone in width. So narrow are they, there is no room for lamp posts. Thus the gas lamps are attached to the houses by means of brackets; so, too, are the letter boxes.

Watching the four and five tandem mule teams making a train in the narrow streets of Havana, some of them no more than ten to twelve feet wide, is an interesting occupation. How it is done is a marvel. It all depends on the quickness and intelligence of the leader. When the corner to be turned is reached the mule in the lead continues on up the street, the others promptly following, until the cart or wagon is across the centre of the street into which the turn is to be made, then, at a signal from the driver, the leader turns back along the route just traversed till he gets to where the wagon has halted, and thence on into the cross street, while the wheel mule turns the cart at right angles. As soon as the wheel mule makes this turn, the leader promptly takes up the line of march again, the others following him with the precision of trained soldiers.

Many pedlars are to be seen on the streets of Havana. Indeed, it is rarely that you turn a corner without bumping into one. They sell all sorts of things, from a ladies dress to a shoe string. One of the queer sights is the dry goods pedlar, a walking dry goods counter, he may fittingly be termed. He carries his stock in trade upon his shoulder, and often it is a heavy one, consisting of numerous bales of lawns, muslins and dimities. He goes to all the houses where he has customers and to others where he hopes to find new ones. He is very obliging. He will unpack every bale and open every bolt wide for a lady's inspection, even if she wants no more than two or three yards of goods.

More of the well-to-do ladies of Havana, however, prefer to go to the stores for their shopping, and it is really quite an enjoyable thing to do, I assure you. The clerks are so obliging, and there is such a large variety of goods of the kind to delight the feminine heart; silks and velvets from France, fine hand-made lace from old Madrid, and much, too, that is done in Cuba, and fans galore! Of all the beautiful fans of the world, Havana, Cuba, has the lion's share.

An odd custom among Havana merchants—one, too, that is prevalent in other Cuban cities, is that of furnish-

ing breakfast for the clerks. As this meal is not eaten until eleven o'clock it could more properly be designated as lunch, but it is the Cuban breakfast, all the same. The table is set for the meal right in the store, and proprietor and clerks sip their black coffee and eat their bread and fruit in full view of passers by and prospective customers. If a customer enters a store while a meal is in progress he knows full well that he must wait, for it is an understanding as rigidly adhered to as though it were a law, that no merchant of Havana or his clerk leaves his breakfast to wait upon any customer, however prominent in social or business circles that customer may be.

Some of the signs on the shops and stores of Havana suggest the greatest irreverence, a shameful disregard for sacred things. Instead of having the name of the proprietor or of the company owning the establishment, it will bear some fanciful title, as "The Rose of Paradise," "The Temple of Divinity," etc. A tobacco store in Havana is known as the "Angel of God," while a shop for the sale of numerous miscellaneous articles is called the "Peace of Heaven."

A common sight on the streets of Havana, even in the fashionable shopping districts, is the great lumbering meat wagon, drawn by two giant oxen, with the yoke across their horns instead of about their necks, and the lines passed through their nostrils. The housekeeper's custom in Havana is to buy just one day's supplies at one time. Even groceries are so purchased. The butchers' and grocers' wagons, bakers' and market gardeners' carts are kept busy, going their daily rounds and often they go twice a day.

The present population of Havana is upwards of 300,000. It covers a smaller territory than any other city of its population in either America or Europe. This statement will readily give one an idea of how closely packed together the people must live. One of Havana's great blessings, especially to the poor, is its number of public parks. Some of them are quite small, it is true, but all are beautifully kept. There is shade and green grass, and now and then a leaping fountain. The Prado is not exactly a park; it is a lovely promenade extending through a large portion of the city. Some of the finest residences in Havana face the Prado. Americans take especial pride in this beautiful tree-lined avenue, for the reason that its fine concrete walks and other touches of improvement followed the American occupation.

Havana's chief pride is the Malecon, the handsome promenade along the sea wall, with Morro Castle looking down upon it across the entrance to the harbor. In addition to the concrete walk, there is a macadamised driveway. On a fair evening, when the band is playing, the flags flying gaily from old Morro and the Malecon is alive with pedestrians, the Cuban capital presents a truly festive scene.

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A CASE FOR ORGANIZATION

(Edmonton Journal)

From Winnipeg comes the statement that those on whom the responsibility rests of securing enough men for harvest time are worrying as to where they are to come from. After all that we have heard about unemployment this comes as a surprise. The whole trouble is that our economic activities lack organization in the worst kind of way. In the old land the Government and the people are beginning to realize how much they may learn with profit from Germany in this respect. The military forces opposed to us would never have been found to accomplish so much if they had not been backed up as they are by a superb organization, which in time of immense stress has accomplished wonders. There is no getting away from this. And what has proved so great an advantage in time of war must do so in time of peace.

Peeps at the Panama-Pacific Exposition

IV.—Arch of the Sun

The ancient Romans were very much given to the erection of triumphal arches in honor of an individual or to commemorate some historical event, usually a great victory. These arches were originally temporary wooden structures adorned with garlands of flowers, stretching across the street or road along which the victorious general or king was to pass.

After a time the triumphal arch became a massive, highly ornamented and permanent memorial, built of stone, and decorated with appropriate base-reliefs and inscriptions. Some of these may yet be seen among the ruins of old Rome, notably the Arch of Titus, which is richly sculptured with scenes showing the triumphs of Titus in the conquest of Judea; and the Arch of Severus, erected in commemoration of his victories over the Parthians, the greatest and most lavishly decorated of them all.

The victories of Napoleon were celebrated by the erection of the "Arc de Triomphe," situated at the end of the Champs de Elysees in Paris, from which twelve avenues radiate. It stands 150 feet high, is 135 feet broad and 69 feet deep. It is splendidly decorated and adorned with allegorical statues and contains the names of the principal battles of Napoleon.

In the City of New York there is a fine memorial of the father of the American Republic known as "The Arch of Washington."

There has been no attempt to reproduce any of these historical structures at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, but an original idea has been carried out by the erection of a magnificent structure known as the Arch of the Rising Sun, which in many respects is more beautiful than any of the arches that have been referred to, although of course, it has not the quality of permanence. This arch is located at the eastern approach to the great Central Court. The great group piece of sculpture, known as "The Nations of the East," is the work of A. Stirling Calder, Lee Lentell and Frederic G. Roth. Just above the centre of the arch, underneath the statuary group, is the following inscription:

"The moon sinks yonder in the west, while in the east the glorious sun behind the herald dawn appears. Thus rise and set in constant change those shining orbs and regulate the very life of this, our world."—Kallidasa.

On the left are the words: "They who know the truth are not equal to those who love it."—Confucius.

On the right: "Our eyes and hearts uplifted seem to rest on Heaven's radiance."—Hitomaro.

V.—The Canadian Building

"Great Nation of Canada Sets Pace at 1915 Fair"; "Canada Leads the World"; "Canadian Most Beautiful Building on the Grounds"; "Canada Surpasses all in Exhibits at Exposition." These sentences seem like fulsome exaggeration, written by one interested in booming Canada, but we are assured that each one has been copied from the head-lines of San Francisco papers.

The Canadian Building is located on the Avenue of the Palms, having perhaps the most strategic location of any buildings representing countries, and being generally admitted to be the most beautiful.

This magnificent structure has been modelled generally after St. George's Hall in Liverpool and cost \$600,000. It is 350 feet long by 250 wide, and the exhibits which it contains are worth \$200,000. Marble steps lead to it from four beautiful entrances, each of which is flanked by great travertine lions.

One of the things that catches the eye on entering are the crossed flags and coat of arms which are worked in wheat, cereals and beans of different colors. Not a single bit of color outside of that obtained from nature is used in these flags. It is wonderful and looks from a few feet away as though a master artist had mixed the colors of a painting.

Along the hallways on the walls, are paintings which give a feeling of distance to the rooms, in one of which you see the great Canadian country as it was before the settlers came, with wild game roaming at will. It is so realistic that you almost believe the animals—buffalo, cattle wild horses—will move about if you wait a little. At the end of this scene there is a beaver dam, and here the astonishing thing is that there are real live beavers swimming around. It is hoped that by refrigerating the water with ice the beavers may be able to live in California's warm climate during the exposition. Beyond this there is a real waterfall and a trout pool in the shadow of the pines, in which pool, also, real trout swim. It is marvellous the effect that is produced.

One feels that he is in the frontier Canadian woods.

Along the west wall one looks up and feels almost as if he were on shipboard entering the harbor of Vancouver, with the surrounding hills and fields in the background, painted so realistically. Model ships will come and go on the artificial waterfront of this great western city and grain elevators will unload a cargo into the holds of these ships, which will sail away.

Connecting with this harbor is the great transcontinental rail service, on which are operated miniature trains. They are supposedly coming in from the great Canadian prairies and unloading their cars into the grain elevators, thence to the ships to be carried to all parts of the world. These unique contrivances are all manipulated by electricity and work so perfectly that one forgets that he is looking at an exhibition and really gets into the full swing of the great commercial spirit of Canada.

On the walls and ceilings are Canadian villages, mountains, fields, streams, cities, all modelled in cereals of different colors, and it is done so smoothly that it looks like mural decorations of a high type.

It is worthy of mention that Canada has not only set the pace in the beauty and uniqueness of her exhibits, in the architectural design of her wonderful buildings, but she was one of the first to get started on her building and the first to complete and fill with exhibits the allotted space.

VI.—The End of the Trail

The Panama-Pacific International Exposition is unique in its art work, and especially in the statuary that adorns the highways, buildings and courts. One could well imagine that he was in some old Greek city, built for the centuries, rather than the fleeting months of one year.

The "Tower of Jewels," the central architectural figure of the grounds has flanking it, standing about fifty feet from the ground, ten or twelve or fifteen-foot high figures that in their way are classics of this type of statuary, the Priest, the Philosopher, the Miner, the Prophet, imagination, etc.

In front of every one of the several courts stands a great figure. In front of the Court of Flowers stands the "Pioneer." Walt Whitman might have been the model for this figure—Walt Whitman, with his long, grey hair, his open shirt showing the breast, astride a spirited horse, carrying across his shoulder an axe and a gun.

But perhaps the most beautiful of all of these figures, and the most expressive, and one that no doubt will be later moulded into enduring bronze, is "The End of the Trail," by James Earl Fraser, and it stands at the entrance of the Court of Palms.

The End of the Trail

Ah, God, how weary worn, and tired he is!

The journey has been long from morn till night;

From youth to age his varied way has run;

The camp fire and the hunt; the games, the chase, the fight

To death, the winter's snows, the summer's suns;

The stars at night his only journey's light;

His faithful steed, with wiry limbs, and speed

Offtimes like to the winds that swept the plain

Whereon his flying feet so small and fleet

A drum-beat played as backward few his mane

Of jet. But now the end is near, the night has come;

The night that marks life's journey's end; the Warrior's face

Has dropped with weariness upon his knotted breast.

His lurching limbs speak naught but weariness.

The sun has lost itself behind the sweeping west;

Has left the plains in utter, crying loneliness;

His spear is dropping to the ground; the pony's pace

Has set into that last, slow stride, and like a snail

They creep towards the end of life's long, winding trail.

—W. L. Stidger in Christian Advocate.

WILL SUPERVIZE MAKING OF WAR MUNITIONS IN CANADA

London, June 19.—David A. Thomas, the Welsh coal magnate, the Exchange Telegraph Company says, has accepted an appointment from David Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, to go to the United States and Canada to supervise the making of ammunition contracts.

Mr. Thomas a survivor of the Lusitania disaster, presided on June 11 at one of Mr. Lloyd George's "speeding up munition meetings" at Cardiff. He was reported to have said at that time that he had been told by friends he must have been spared when the Lusitania sank, that he might do for the government some work not yet accomplished.

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The Krupp Foundries

In the year 1811, Frederick Krupp, a blacksmith, bought a little stone building for a small sum, and laid the foundation of a business which has developed into the Krupp Steel Industry, now supplying Germany with the great cannon and other instruments of destruction which are making a large portion of Europe a scene of destruction, tears and blood. The business is under the control of a board of ten directors. It embraces ten auxiliary companies and more than 500 branches some of which are situated in other European countries. It employs in all about 70,000 workmen, of whom 46,000 are resident in Essen where the principal plant is located. The town has grown with the enlargement of the business and now has a population of more than 450,000 persons, of whom 150,000 are dependent for their livelihood upon the employees. The business is capitalized at \$62,500,000, the principal ownership being in the hands of Frau Bertha Von Bohlen, the daughter of the late Alfred Krupp, and is probably the richest woman in the world. The employees are well housed, well fed, well clothed, and when sick injured or too old to work, they are still cared for. Besides a Government pension, they receive from the company a larger pension which in some cases amounts to \$150. It is sometimes asked, what more can workmen desire than to have all their physical necessities so liberally supplied? But the fact is, they have no liberty of thought. So long as they are satisfied with remaining as simple machines, fulfilling their daily tasks in the workshops they satisfy their employers. But they cannot join a labor union, nor can they openly belong to the Social Democrat Party, or assist in any social agitation, on penalty of expulsion. The Kaiser is said to have remarked as he pointed to the Statue of Wilhelm I, which stands in the Palace Square,—"The great Emperor had his army; I have my cannon." And it is the cannon of the great Krupp works, with their other murderous output, upon which he is relying for the gratification of his ambition for a world-wide Empire.

Telegraphy and Telephony

The progress in the science of telegraphy and telephony, beginning like other sciences in somewhat doubtful experiments, has been marvellous, and is still advancing in increased rapidity. Thirty-nine years ago in June last, Dr. Alexander Graham and his mechanical assistant connected their rooms in a boarding house by a wire and conversed with each other by telephone. That was the beginning. On the 25th of January last, the same two men conversed with each other by telephone over a line 3,600 miles long, between New York and San Francisco. "Mr. Watson, are you there?" asked Dr. Bell, and Thomas W. Watson replied distinctly, "Indeed I am." President Wilson was called up and had the pleasure of conversing at Washington with San Francisco. Connection was then made through New York between Ickyl Island on the Coast of Georgia and San Francisco, a distance of 4,300 miles, and afterwards through Boston, a distance of 4,750 miles, with unequivocal success. The system has since been extended to Toronto.

Wireless telephony is also rapidly improving. It is reported that in a test case recently made upon the Pacific coast, the human voice was heard in conversation over a distance of 721 miles. The prediction is made and it is a reasonable one, that soon wireless conversation will be carried on between America and Europe. More wonderful still is the announcement that "a specially constructed electric light bulb, made in accordance with the plans of Marconi, was illuminated from a hundred horsepower plant six miles distant." Marconi says that the success of the experiment is a forerunner of the use of wireless in both lighting and heating houses, as well as supplying power to aeroplanes in flight.

Are the Germans Starving

A short time since the Germans were protesting against England's endeavor to starve their people. They wanted in this way to call out the sympathy of the United States. Now, some of these papers are boasting of their plenty. The British Weekly re-

fers to one paper which has recently published four pictures, under the heading, "On the Alleged Famine in Germany." One of these pictures shows "a hall where 600 cattle are daily slaughtered. Another shows 400,000 barrels of herring intended for the food of Russian prisoners. A third is crammed with bacon, and a fourth with sacks of flour and beans." But the question is, how long can these great rooms be kept supplied?

The Prince of Wales

The Prince of Wales continues to make himself useful at the front. When possible he takes a six mile walk before breakfast and does not seem to be at all afraid when under shell fire. The only thing which seems to affect him is the fear that he might be made a prisoner. Every night he writes letters to his father, his mother and his sister.

ANNAPOLIS COUNTY STUDENTS AT PROVINCIAL NORMAL COLLEGE

The closing exercises of the Truro Normal College took place at Truro on Wednesday, June 23rd. Students from Annapolis County were awarded diplomas as follows:

- Superior First Rank**
Marguerite Young, Middleton.
- Awarded First Rank**
Minnie Banks, Lawrencetown.
Annie Freeman, Lawrencetown.
Agnes May Hall, Bridgetown.
Cora Munroe, Bridgetown.
Pauline Lake, Lawrencetown.
Pauline Nelly, Middleton.
Bessie Parker, Torbrook Mines.
Vera Foole, Paradise West.
Mildred Reagh, Victoria Vale.
Pearl Sellars, Lawrencetown.
Ronald Longley, Paradise.
H. F. Pearson, Melvern Square.
- First Rank after One Year of Successful Teaching**
Guenevere Gwilliam, Middleton.
- Awarded Second Rank**
Beulah McBride, Clementsvalle.
Dora Winchester, Stony Beach.

NOVA SCOTIA MEDICOS HONORED

Among the number of Canadian soldiers receiving honors from King George for distinguished services at the front last week, were two Nova Scotians belonging to the Army Medical Corps—Dr. Gilbert Laffette Foster and Dr. Fred S. L. Ford.

Dr. Ford is a native of North Kingston, Kings County, and holds the rank of Colonel, and has for some years been connected with the Canadian permanent forces and is well known in this County where he has many relatives and friends.

Dr. Ford, at one time taught school in this County, and later practiced his profession at New Germany for a number of years. He enlisted and went forward with the first contingent in September last.

Dr. Foster is made a Knight Companion of Order of the Bath (K.C.B.) and Dr. Ford a Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George (K. C. M. G.).

TEMPERANCE LECTURES

The Department of Social Service and Evangelism of the Methodist Church has kindly loaned the Temperance Alliance of Annapolis County the Rev. J. W. McConnell, pastor of the Methodist church in Amherst, N. S. He is a strong temperance worker and speaker and is thoroughly conversant with the N. S. Temperance Act and its working. He will address meetings in the interests of the repeal of the Scott Act at the following places:

Bear River, July 5th.
Annapolis, July 6th.
Bridgetown, July 7th.

G. C. WARREN,
Sec. Temperance Alliance.

DRUGGISTS, DOCTORS, AND THE N. S. TEMPERANCE ACT

In view of the false reports circulating, we wish to say that the N. S. Temperance Act permits sale of liquor by druggists for medicinal purposes. Doctors can prescribe liquor to their patients for medicinal purposes. The N. S. Temperance Act can be used with better effect than the Scott Act to suppress the illegal sale for beverage purposes.

Vote "Against the Act,"—the Scott Act, so as to come under the Nova Scotia Temperance Act.

Vote the Red Ballot for the sake of your boy and your neighbor's boy.

MONITOR BELGIAN RELIEF FUND

Previously acknowledged	\$897.76
Mrs. H. C. Marshall, Central	1.00
Clarence	1.00
Lewis Sabean, St. Croix,	5.00
(Second contribution)	5.00
Part proceeds of childrens' concert, Belleisle, N. S.	15.00
	\$918.76

LETTER FROM MR. JOHN F. RANDOLPH OF KANSAS.

Editor of Monitor:
My Dear Sir:—In your paper of May 26th, which comes to me by courtesy of a friend, I notice your article headed "Does Drink Help Business." I have never posed as a Prohibitionist, but having had considerable experience in this world along the lines of commercial life, and having served in the capacity of Deputy Internal Revenue Collector (a federal position) from April 1st, 1902 until January 1st, 1914, eleven and three-quarter years of active service for the United States Government, and having control of 32 counties in Kansas, or nearly one-third of this great State, I feel that I should at least give credence to the statement made therein by Ex-Governor Stubbs to Ex-Governor Glenn of North Carolina. I landed in Kansas on April 7, 1871, at which time there were but two railroads in the State. I settled 45 miles beyond any railway facilities, and have seen this wonderful empire grow into the greatest State agriculturally and intellectually in all this wonderful country. I conducted mercantile business in three different frontier towns, and in each of them the saloon, man or whiskey (or as you term him rum seller) was the first to open his establishment. That he reaped his harvest from the pioneer settler, whether he be farmer or mechanic, cannot be denied. I have seen street fighting, debauchery and every stage of degradation which can be named, as the result of whiskey selling. When I entered the Revenue Service there was not one town in my division of 32 counties which did not have from one to many saloons, and other places where whiskey was dispensed, and for your benefit I quote from my old record of 1907. Mind you the Prohibition law was enacted in 1881, but owing to a half-hearted or palliating endeavor to enforce the law, under the presumption that a strict enforcement would injure business, there yet existed in the town I live in (population less than 2000) eight Government stamps (usually called licenses) and in our County forty-one. In one town of 6000 population (where a government military post is established) there were that year issued for liquor sellers 48 wholesale and retail stamps, and in another town of 10,000 population, about forty miles distant, 44 stamps, and in my division there were that year 716 stamps issued, and in the entire State about 4000 were in existence, while in 1913 there were less than one-fourth that number of stamps and no one open saloon was in existence or operated.

There was then, and is now, some "boot-legging" as it is called, but the law is strictly enforced, and a man must be exceedingly well acquainted to enable him to obtain a drink of liquor in any of the smaller towns in Kansas. Drunkenness is rarely seen; nor quarrelling or complaints of that nature. The population of the towns mentioned has materially increased. The 6000 town is now over 8000, and the 10,000 is now about 16,000. The buildings formerly used for saloons are occupied for mercantile stores and other legitimate business.

There is no argument in favor of selling or drinking liquor which can consistently be maintained by anyone, no matter whether he is a Prohibitionist or a drinking man.

Our Banks are overflowing with deposits. Our farmers are getting rich. We have not all attained riches, but there are but few who are not self-supporting in this country, and there would be many if the law was different and as it was when I became a resident of Kansas. National Prohibition will be enacted and enforced within the next ten years in these United States, or I shall be greatly mistaken.

I am not writing this in the sense of a temperance lecture or sermon, but simply as a matter of cold fact which did and does now maintain in this country.

J. F. RANDOLPH.

A PRETTY JUNE WEDDING

REAGH—MULHALL
A pretty home wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. W. C. Parker, Lawrencetown, on Tuesday morning, June 15th, at ten o'clock, when his daughter, Mrs. Grace A. Mulhall was united in marriage to Mr. Edgbert W. Reagh of Boston.

The nuptial knot was tied by the Rev. H. G. Mellick, pastor of the Baptist Church, under a bridal arch of ferns and white lilacs. Master Ronald Bishop was the ring bearer, the double ring service being used.

The bride was unattended, looked charming in a dress of white silk with trimmings of white pearl and shadow lace, and carried a bouquet of cream carnations and sweet peas.

Mrs. A. R. Bishop of Bridgetown, played the wedding march, Mendelssohn's being rendered at the close of the ceremony. A dainty collation was served, while tender congratulations and good wishes were bestowed.

The groom's gift to the bride was a gold necklace set with pearls and amethyst; to the organist a pretty cameo brooch.

Mr. and Mrs. Reagh were motored to Bridgetown for lunch, and on to Yarmouth by Mr. B. B. Harris of Middleton, where they took the steamer for Boston and New York. They will reside in Boston.

The Monitor extends congratulations and best wishes.

BORN

BALCOM—At Paradise, June 22nd, to Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Balcom, a daughter.

DIED

PERRY—At the home of her son in Washington, D. C., of acute indigestion, Mrs. Euphemia M. Perry. Her remains were brought to East Haven, Conn. and interred beside her husband, Capt. T. Perry, formerly of Yarmouth, N. S. She was a sister of Mr. Alfred and Mrs. H. Vidito.

IN THE SUPREME COURT

BETWEEN:
Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation, Plaintiff
and
John Primrose Nelly, Clara Bell Nelly and Reginald B. Nelly, Defendants

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION by the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis, or his Deputy, at the Court House in Annapolis, in the County of Annapolis, on Saturday the 31st day of July, A. D. 1915, at twelve o'clock noon, pursuant to an order of foreclosure and sale granted herein, dated the twenty-second day of June, A. D. 1915, unless before the date of the sale the amount due to the plaintiff on the mortgage foreclosed herein, with its costs to be taxed, be paid to the plaintiff or his solicitor;

That certain piece or parcel situate in Wilmot, known as the Alfred Dodge farm, bounded as follows:—

Beginning at a stake and stones on the west side of the road known as the Parker road and at the South West corner of land belonging to Jacob Slocumb on said road; thence North ten degrees West along the West side of said road until it comes to Isalah Dodge's garden fence; thence Westwardly at right angles as far as said fence extends; thence Northwardly the course of said fence as far as said fence extends; thence Eastwardly the course of said fence to the aforesaid road; thence North ten degrees West along the West side of said road until it intersects the West line of the farm known as the Charles Dodge farm; thence along the West line of said farm until it comes to the Lake road, so called; thence Westwardly along the South side of said road forty-five rods to a stake and stones at the North East corner of land belonging to Jacob Slocumb, said road from thence South ten degrees East along said Slocumb's East line until it comes to the North line of lands deeded by the late Alfred G. Dodge to the late John Slocumb; thence Eastwardly along the North line of said land forty-two rods to the place of beginning, containing by estimation one hundred and eighteen acres more or less.

Also other piece or parcel of land lying and being in Wilmot, bounded as follows:—

Beginning at a willow tree standing at the South West corner of land formerly belonging to the late John Dodge; thence running Easterly along said John Dodge's South line until it comes to lot number thirty-six; from thence South the course of said twenty rods to a stake and stones; from thence Westwardly at right angles until it comes to the road known as the Parker road as aforesaid; from thence Northwardly along the East side of said road to the place of beginning, containing by estimation ten acres more or less.

TERMS: Ten per cent deposit at time of sale; remainder on delivery of deed.
Dated at Annapolis, N. S., this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1915.

J. H. EDWARDS,
Sheriff in and for the County of Annapolis.

J. L. Ralston,
of 85-93 Granville Street,
Halifax, N. S.
Solicitor for the plaintiff. 12-51

LIDS FOR KIDS

A Splendid line of Children's Head-wear in great assortment.

Ladies' Hats
Pique and Crash Hats. Latest styles

Men's and Boys' Straw Hats

of every description. It will pay you to see our styles and get our prices.

Strong & Whitman

Phone 32 Ruggles Block

Photography
Developing and printing amateur films and plates. Prompt work, reasonable prices. Orders by mail carefully filled.
Georgia H. Cunningham
51-6mos Bridgetown, N. S.

NICE FRESH CHOCOLATES
Hard and Soft Centers, also Nut fillings, so nice to eat driving or at the theatre

Moir's Pound and Sultana Cake
Fresh Fruit
Bananas, Pineapples, Oranges and Lemons.

Cool Drinks (leading flavors). High Class Groceries and Canned Goods, all as cheap as quality permits.

MRS. S. C. TURNER VARIETY STORE



Rennie's XXX No 1 Timothy Special No. 1 Red Clover
Rennie's Alsike Clover
Canadian Beauty Field Peas
Giant White Ensilage Corn
Kangaroo Derby and Grey-stone Turnip Seed
Giant Sugar Mangel
Jumbo Sugar Beet
Perfection Mam. Long Red Mangel
Dwarf Essex Rape
Tares and Vetches
Onion Sets and all varieties of Garden seeds.

J. I. Foster

Lowell Fertilizer

We have in Stock
Bone Fertilizers and Potato Manure
Special Potato Phosphate, Ground Bone
Get the best. Prices Right
ALSO
Royal Purple Chick Feed, Stock Food, Calf Meal
Spruce and Cedar Shingles, Cement, Barbed Wire and Woven Wire Fencing

KARL FREEMAN

HARDWARE AND PAINTS

Try a Pair of Oxfords This Summer

Your feet will be much cooler during these hot Summer days if you lay aside your Boots and wear a pair of our Low Cut Shoes.

They give genuine comfort because they are made right and because we know how to fit them. We have a dozen different styles to choose from both in black or tan leathers, at prices that will suit your purse.

J.H. Longmire & Sons
Granville Street

Haying Tools

Scythes 75c to \$1.25 each, Scythe Stones 8c to 25c, Hay Rakes 20c to 35c each, Hay Forks 2 or 3 tine
Fork Handles, Hoe Handles, Hay Carriers and Rope, Field Hoes 50 cents up.

Bug Death and Paris Green

You will find our Prices Right, also our Goods

Crowe & Mundee

LOCAL AND SPECIAL

On account of Thursday being a holiday there will be no meeting of the Red Cross Society.

The Polling Booth in Ward 11, for voting for the repeal of the Scott Act, will be in the residence of Mr. Fred McCormick instead of the usual place.

Crowe & Munde are having the sidewalk in front of their place of business on Queen St., laid with concrete. Mr. Asaph Whitman is in charge of the work.

Eighteen candidates were confirmed by Archbishop Worrell at Holy Trinity Church, Middleton, on Monday afternoon at 2.30. The service was a most impressive one.

The entertainment given under the auspices of the ladies of St. Pauls (Presbyterian) Church, Middleton, on Monday, was a most successful affair, and was very largely attended.

Rev. Mr. Patterson of Cincinnati occupied the pulpit of Gordon Memorial (Presbyterian) Church last Sunday, and has been engaged to fill the appointments of this church during the month of July.

In accordance with the change of time-table on the D. A. R., which goes into effect tomorrow, the mails at the Bridgetown post office will close as follows: Mails for the west at 11.50 a. m.; for the east at 1.40 p. m.

Mr. Ralph Flett has purchased from the Robt. Healy Estate, the property on Granville St., formerly owned by the H. S. Reed estate, and has moved his automobile garage to that place this week.

Walter Scott's dry goods store will be open until ten p. m. to night, on account of the holiday tomorrow. Store will be open every Saturday night until ten o'clock. Other nights is closed promptly at six p. m.

Mr. A. L. Anderson is having his livery stable repaired and an extension of forty feet has been added to the Washington side, which will now give him an entrance from two streets. The work is in charge of Mr. Arthur Charlton.

The annual picnic of the Bridgetown Baptist Sunday School will take place tomorrow (Dominion Day) at Hampton. Anyone having teams and wishing to give the children a good day's outing, are asked to meet at the church at 8 p. m.

Messrs. Abram Young and Samuel W. Eagleson were the only nominees selected to fill the positions made vacant in the town Council by the resignations of A. L. Beeler and J. W. Peters. Thus the vacancies are filled without an election.

There were one hundred and eight candidates writing the Provincial examinations in Bridgetown last week—23 B's, 44 C's, 41 D's. Dr. J. B. Hall was the deputy examiner, with Mrs. Edwin Hall and Principal B. S. Banks of Lawrencetown as assistants.

A number of the young ladies of the town, under the direction of the local Red Cross Society, have been collecting contributions with which to purchase hospital supplies. Up to date \$145.00 have been collected, and the fund is still open for further subscriptions.

There will be three new teachers on the staff of the Bridgetown schools next term, viz: Mr. R. E. Thurber, Principal; Miss Trenham and Miss Constance Lloyd. Last year's teachers to remain on the staff are: Miss Laura Graves, Miss Mary Palfrey and Miss Mary Connell.

Margaretville will be in holiday attire on Monday, July 12th. There will be a procession of Orange Lodges, speeches by prominent men, sports, ball on the bay, a concert, fireworks and one of those mammoth team meetings that Margaretville has become famous for, with band in attendance.

The annual meeting of the United Fruit Companies of Nova Scotia, Limited, is being held in Berwick this week. Those in attendance from Bridgetown and vicinity are: Lawrence Willett, H. W. Bent, S. K. Mack, Milledge Rice, John Myers, George Salter, Allison Fitz Randolph, E. B. Miller, Atherton Marshall and Richard Ray.

The summer time-table of the D. A. R. goes into effect tomorrow, July 1st. The Bluenose train will arrive at Bridgetown from Halifax at 2.18, and from Yarmouth at 12.39. Express train from Halifax will arrive at 12.05, from Yarmouth at 1.58. The "Owl" train will go into commission on the 3rd, arriving at Bridgetown at 7.53, returning Monday morning at 4.13.

LOCAL AND SPECIAL

WANTED TO RENT.—A Piano, with the option of buying. Apply to 12-tf MRS. H. H. McAVITY.

Sir Hiram Maxim has invented a simple and cheap apparatus to neutralize the poisonous gases used by the Germans.

FOR SALE
Single and double seated carriage, best workmanship. Also harnesses at fair prices.
JOHN HALL, Lawrencetown.

The annual meeting of St. Mary's Guild, Belleisle, will be held tomorrow (Monday) evening in the church immediately after the service.

Red Cross Tea and Ice Cream served on Friday, July 2nd, from 4 to 8 o'clock, at Miss Bessie Whitman's. Prompt attention to auto parties.

The last chapter of the original story, "The Twin Prodigals" will appear in our columns next week. Owing to unforeseen circumstances we have been unable to publish the concluding chapter previous to this date.

HORSE FOR SALE
3-year old colt, 900 lbs., color bay. Good worker and fair driver. Sound and kind, thoroughly broken and not afraid of autos. Apply to
ANDREW B. CLARK.

From our "Monitor" files of 1875 we learn that our merchants of those "good old days" gave customers eight pounds of granulated sugar for one dollar cash. We now complain at only thirteen pounds for a dollar in war times.

On Wednesday morning the 23rd inst., the officers and men of the 40th Battalion who have been in training at Aldershot left for Valcartier in two special trains. A few men had left some days earlier to prepare for the arrival of the Battalion.

There will be a Patriotic concert in conjunction with lantern views illustrating the "Empire's Battleship Fleet", in aid of the Red Cross Society in the Moving Picture Hall, Bear River, on Tuesday, July 6th, at 8 p. m. Tickets 35 cents on sale at the Drug Store.

There will be a Band Benefit at Phinney's Hall, Lawrencetown, to-morrow (Thursday) evening, when the Band will be in attendance and render a program, and a six-reel show will be given. On Monday evening, July 5th, a benefit for the Red Cross will be given in the same hall. Admission 10 and 15c.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Mr. O. A. Craig returned to Grassy Lake, Alta., on Saturday last.

Mrs. Gilpin of Salt Springs, England, is the guest of Mr. S. S. Ruggles.

Mrs. Hugh Goldsmith of Digby is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Patterson.

Mrs. Harry Miller of Upper Granville, is spending a few days with friends in Berwick.

Dr. Fred Graham Macaskill of St. Peters, C.B., is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Little.

Mr. Jack Mitchie left for St. John yesterday, having enlisted in the Canadian Garrison Artillery at Partridge Island, N. B.

Mrs. John Lockett left on Saturday for Wynyard, Sask., where she will spend some months with her daughter, Mrs. Hermon Whitman.

Mr. James Connell, recently of the Royal Bank staff, Annapolis Royal, has been transferred to the Amherst branch and left for that place on Monday.

Mr. A. E. McCormick, for the past year Principal of the Bridgetown schools, has been engaged as principal of the Paradise school for the coming term.

Miss Dorothy Moses of Yarmouth, was the guest of her brother, Mr. Joseph Moses, last week for a day, and is expected to return the latter part of this week for a further visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Myers of Halifax, spent a week of their honeymoon in Bridgetown last week, and were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Myers during their stay here, returning to the city on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Doig and son, of McDonald College, St. Anne de Bellevue, arrived from Quebec last week and were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Pike, "Sunnyside Farm", Clarence. They were accompanied by Miss Louise Pike, who will remain here for the vacation season.

Middleton Outlook.—Rector Morris who was recently offered a professorship in Kings College has decided he will not leave Middleton, at present at least. This will be pleasing news to our citizens who appreciate the compensation paid to a member of their clergy, yet who would be reluctant to lose Mr. and Mrs. Morris from their midst.

TALCUM POWDERS

Now is the time to use this dainty. It keeps the body fresh, cool and sweet.

We have an exceptionally good line to choose from, and varying in price from 15c to 75c per package. We have one Special at 25c. It is the finest value we have ever seen.

ROYAL PHARMACY
W. A. Warren, Phm. B.
The Rexall Store

Business Notices

Fresh Chocolates at Mrs. Turner's.

Cows for sale. Farm of J. Herbert Hicks.

The Nicholson property on Water St. for sale at a bargain.
KARL FREEMAN

3 Cakes Lilac Rose or Infant's Delight Toilet Soap for 25 cts. at Mrs. Turner's.

Prime cleaned, Twentieth Century Seed Oats and Barley for sale.
J. E. STARK, West Arlington.

TO LET—In Middleton, a house containing 8 rooms and bath. Hot water heating. For terms, etc., apply to W. A. WARREN, Bridgetown, N. S.

WANTED—AGENTS BOTH SEXES IN NOVA SCOTIA. Liberal commission. Men women and children insured against sickness and accident. Address, The Fraternities, Richmond, Maine.

HAIR WORK DONE. Combs or cut hair made into Puffs, Transformations and Switches. Terms moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders promptly attended to.
MISS GEORGINA BANCROFT
Annapolis Royal, R. F. D. No. 1.

House to Let

One on Granville Street also one on Church Street. For particulars apply to 12-tf.
W. J. HOYT

EXCLUSIVE AGENCY HEADLIGHT OVERALLS

SOLD BY JOHN H. HICKS

Three Things There Are That You Want in a Stove

- 1 That it Cook perfectly
- 2 That it will be easy on fuel
- 3 That it will wear well

These are the striking features of all Enterprise Stoves.

The Enterprise Majestic as shown is the most complete range you ever saw and the price is moderate. You should see it.

Call in and let us show it to you

Jos H. McLean
Bridgetown, N. S.



FLOUR and FEED

A Full Line of Fancy Groceries always on hand

Oranges, Bananas, Lemons, Confectionery
Ham and Bacon
Nails all Sizes

Shovels, Hoes, Galvanized Wash Tubs, Tin Wash Boilers, Tin Pans all sizes, Galvanized Pails, Tin Pails

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers

WOOD & PARKS
Granville Street - Bridgetown, N. S.

Water Tax Notice

All tap taxes payable in advance and overdue January 1st 1915 must be paid at once otherwise the water will be turned off all delinquents

H. RUGGLES
Dated June 30th
12-21
Town Clerk

Tenders Wanted

Tenders will be received up to noon Saturday, July 10th, for repairs on the school house in Belleisle School Section. Plans may be had at the residence of the Secretary. The lowest or any tender not necessarily received.

WM. E. BENT
Secretary to Trustees
Belleisle School Section
2-21

General Bingen 39997

Enrolment No. 146
Sire Bingen, 2.06%, sire of Ullhan, 1.58 (world's fastest trotter), Dam Rose Patchen by Patchen Wilkes, sire of Joe Patchen, 2.01, sire of Dan Patch, 1.55 (world's fastest pacer)

This horse will be at Elias Langley's stable, May 26th all day and every alternate Wednesday until August 1st, barring accidents and storms. Come see him. He weighs 1200 lbs and bred second to none. He is managed by his owner
NORMAN MARSHALL
6-tf Tel. connection Kingstons

New Vegetables

Tomatoes, Peas, Cucumbers, Lettuce, Raddishes and Mushrooms

Fruits

Bananas, Oranges, Grape Fruit, Lemons, and Pinapples

KEN'S RESTAURANT

P. O. BOX 56 BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

Cherry Carnival

Bear River, N. S.

Tuesday, July 27th

Water Sports, Foot Races, Log Bunting Canoe Tilting, Swimming Canoe Races and Trap Shooting.

A special feature will be an exhibition of fancy shooting by John S. Boa, of Montreal.
The Bear River Brass Band in attendance.
Entries for the several events to be made with
MR. ATLEE F. CLARKE
Hon. Secretary

The Bridgetown Importing House

OUR stock of Wash Goods is now complete, having just added to our already large assortment, many new pieces of **Crepes, Bedford Cords and Ratines**, in all the newest effects for Summer Dresses, Blouses, etc.

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR HOUSE DRESSES
at \$1.00, \$1.10, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.50

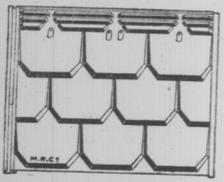
Also a large assortment of **White and Fancy Crepe Dresses**, in all prices.

Also large range of **CURTAIN MUSLINS, NETS and LACES** in Ecru, Cream and White

Having a very large stock of **Ladies' Raincoats and Capes** we will give for **one week only, a Cash Discount of 10 p. c.**

J. W. Beckwith

Use Eastlake Galvanized Steel Shingles on your Roof



They cost no more than best Cedars when laid on the roof.
There are many roofs throughout Canada which were covered with Eastlake Shingles between 1885 and 1890 and which look as well to-day as when the shingles were put on. From all appearances these roofs are good for another fifty years or more. This record is the best guarantee that you can get.
We are receiving a carload this week. Ask for prices. We also have two carloads of cedar and spruce shingles for sale.

J. H. HICKS & SONS
QUEEN STREET, BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

Your Spring Suit

WE have a splendid range of New Spring Suits in Worsteds and Tweeds for both
Men and Boys
Come in and get our prices.
Also full line of Gent's Furnishings.
Buckley Hats—Fownes Gloves

J. HARRY HICKS

Corner Queen and Granville Streets Phone 48-2

Administration Notice

All persons having legal demands against the estate of William R. Inglis, late of Tupperville, in the County of Annapolis, Farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within one year from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to Phillip C. Inglis, Tupperville, N. S., or Chas. R. Chipman, Bridgetown, N. S., administrators.

A LINE OF FINE CHINA

I am showing one of the finest lines of genuine Nippon China manufactured. To get the best in appearance and price you should see this line.
Our Watch, Clock and Jewelry repairs have always given satisfaction.
Ross A. Bishop
LOCKETT BLOCK

UPHOLSTERING

If you have an Easy Chair, Rocker, Couch, Lounge, Sofa or Divan that needs covering or just "fixed up" a bit, with a new Spring or two, Excelsior, Wool top, Gimp, etc., to make it look better, bring it in to us and we will give you a good job for
\$2.00

A. W. KINNEY
Bridgetown, - Nova Scotia

FOR SALE

That valuable property belonging to the estate of the late John N. Bishop on the south side of the Annapolis River in the pretty village of Lawrencetown, known as the Primrose place containing about twenty-six acres of choice land, free from stone, in a good state of cultivation. The orchard has produced over 900 barrels of apples and is capable of producing more. Contains a quantity of pear, plum trees and other small fruit. Farm cuts about twelve ton, good quality hay.
For further particulars enquire of
MARY F. BISHOP
or
T. G. BISHOP Executors

The Registered Hackney Stallion Risplith Garton Duke Imp

616--(11547)
Will stand at the stable of the scriber at Bridgetown during the season of 1915 for service.
ALFRED PHELAN
Bridgetown

CLARKE BROS.

Importing Retailers

—OF—

- British Broad Cloths
- Soap Shrunk Serges
- Colored Dress Goods
- Cotton Crepes, Sunresistas
- Santoy Suitings, Beach Suitings
- Dress Linens, Table Linens
- Pillow Linens, Linen Shirtings
- Plain and Fancy Huck Towellings
- Silks, Hoisery, Corsets
- Women's and Children's Underwear
- Dent's and Fowney's Gloves
- Scotch and English Tweeds
- Steamer Rugs, Coat Sweaters
- Men's, Boys and Youth's
- Ready-to-Wear Clothing
- Boots, Shoes and Rubber Footwear
- Wall Paper, Lace Curtains
- Curtain Muslins
- Floor Oil and Linoleums
- Curtain Poles, Window Shades
- Iron Beds, Springs and Mattresses

Notwithstanding that war conditions have caused some advance in prices, we were fortunate in securing deliveries of our Foreign shipments and are prepared to execute all orders without advancing prices.

We are sole agents for the
Celebrated Jaegar Pure Wool Goods
for our town

Samples submitted of any of the above goods on request. All Mail Orders delivered to your Post Office or nearest Railway Station FREE.

Yours Truly

CLARKE BROS.

Bear River, N. S., June 3rd, 1915

CLEMENTSPORT

June 23
Farmers in this vicinity predict an abundant hay crop this year.

The cherry crop promises to be abundant in this vicinity this year.

Mr. Phamon Hicks of Lynn, visited his brother, Mr. Herbert Hicks, here last week.

Rev. John McFadden, pastor of the Baptist church here, is away spending his vacation.

Mrs. John Lowe and Mrs. L. Choate at the time of this writing, are visiting friends in Bridgetown.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jones have been entertaining a June bride and groom from the domain of Uacle Sam.

Mr. Charles Ritchie was in Annapolis Royal one day last week, attending the funeral of Mrs. Frank Ritchie.

The Rev. Mr. Nefeh of Granville Ferry, and family, accompanied by friends, were in the village on Saturday last.

Mrs. I. D. Vroom and Miss Florence Vroom of Bear River, spent Monday of this week with Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Vroom.

Mr. Thoma LeCain who has been confined to his house for some time, on account of illness, we are sorry to learn, is gradually growing worse.

Frank Elliott Esq. and Mrs. Elliott, accompanied by Miss Hennigar of Middleton, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Vroom one day last week.

Capt. John LeCain who sold his place recently to Mr. Charles Parker of Granville, will in the future reside in Clements Vale. Capt. LeCain was a good citizen and will be missed here.

We are sorry indeed to hear that Mrs. Wheeler, who has been confined to her bed for a long time with an incurable disease, is daily growing weaker and more feeble.

We are also sorry to learn that Miss Mary Jones, daughter of Mr. Isaac Jones, is quite ill at present, but her friends look for an early recovery.

There has been no service in the Methodist church here for the last two Sundays owing to the absence of the pastor, Rev. Mr. Langille, who has been attending Conference at Sydney, Cape Breton, or in the Baptist church on account of the absence of the Rev. J. McFadden, who is away spending his vacation and who has attended the Baptist Association which met at Westport.

Miss M. B. McClelland spent Sunday with friends at Argonaut Knoll, Smith's Cove.

Mrs. Judith McSwain is at the home of Mrs. Charlotte Ruggles for an indefinite stay.

Reginald Longley of Paradise lately spent a few days at the home of his aunt, Mrs. J. D. Spurr.

Mrs. Sargent arrived on Friday and with Mrs. Hoyt will occupy her cottage for the summer.

Sunday 27, a rare June day and many of our people attended Masonic service in Annapolis Royal.

Rev. J. S. McFadden left on Monday the 21st for a few weeks vacation with relatives in Westmoreland Co., N. B.

Mrs. Shippey Spurr and daughter Ethel, arrived on Saturday and are guests at the home of Capt. Wm. V. Spurr.

Miss Blanche Spurr and friend, Miss Elizabeth Goldsmith of Central Falls, R. I., are spending their vacation in Deep Brook.

Those from Deep Brook who attended the Association in Westport speak highly of the services and hospitality of the people.

The Misses Hodson of Roxbury, Mass., who have spent several summers here, arrived on Saturday, 26, and are at Mrs. J. R. Dittmar's.

Special services by the day school's last Friday afternoon were very pleasing and attended by a good number of parents and friends.

The Dorcas Society meeting last Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Roland Henshaw had an unusually large attendance, a good amount of work being done.

Those interested in the fish weirs are rejoicing in the quantity and quality of mackerel caught during the first week. These with field strawberries and lettuce from J. F. McClelland's garden are giving us good fare.

Capt. Frank Spurr and staff of men have begun cleaning and painting Victoria bridge, and workmen are busy rebuilding for Edward Winchester who lately lost his dwelling house by fire. Good for those who need employment.

Gipsy Simon Smith, who has been engaged in evangelistic work during the winter in Ontario and New Brunswick, is expecting to continue his work in this province during July, using a tent for the services.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

LOWER GRANVILLE

Mrs. Fleck and children are guests of Capt and Mrs. S. V. Melanson.

Mrs. C. Brechin of Sheffield Mills, Kings Co., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. H. Robles.

Mr. Ralph Shaffner of Lawrence town was a recent guest of Mrs. Howard Croscup.

Quite a number of guests arrived at River View Cottage, Mr. George Anthony's, last week.

Mrs. Warren Letteney and little daughter Francis, of Lynn, Mass., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Anthony.

A public examination will be held this afternoon (Monday) in the Island School, Miss S. E. P. Elliott, teacher.

Quite a number went by motor boat to Bear River on Sunday to attend the Advent Conference which convened at that place.

Mrs. L. D. Holly who has been spending the winter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Shaffner Jr., left on Wednesday, 23 inst., for her home in South Milford, Indiana.

Mrs. James Morrison Sr., who has been spending the winter with her children in Massachusetts, returned home on Saturday. She was accompanied by her granddaughter, Miss Ruth Bray of Salem, Mass.

PRINCE DALE

June 25
Miss R. McCormick of Bear River is visiting at Mrs. Wright's.

Mr. Corkum, the Petrie agent was at Mr. M. G. Dondale's this week.

Mr. Frank Alcorn of Milford Corner was at Mr. Elder Fraser's Thursday.

Mrs. Jennie Sanford of Clements vale spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mr. Elder Fraser spent Thursday with Capt. J. C. Dittmars at Deep Brook.

Mrs. William McCormick and daughter Sarah, returned to their home in Bear River on Thursday.

Misses Jennie Feener and Bessie Wright are writing the Provincial examinations at Bear River.

Mrs. Lloyd Wright and brother, Mr. N. Seeley of Smith's Cove, spent Sunday at Mr. Forman Wright's.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wright, Mr. and Mrs. John Wright of Virginia East, spent Sunday with Mr. George Wright.

Mr. Forman Wright purchased a yoke of oxen from Mr. G. V. Henshaw of Deep Brook, and Mr. Angus Wright purchased a yoke from Mr. Maynard Brown, Clements vale.

DEEP BROOK

June 25
Continued wet weather has been hindering to farm work and statute labor.

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Ask for Minard's and take no other.



Mayflower Talcum Powder

The distinctive odor of Mayflower Talcum is entirely new, and of such charm and delicacy as to immediately appeal to every woman of refinement. Antiseptic—exquisitely fine in texture, it is pre-eminent for use on baby.

All Nyal preparations are in a class by themselves. Nyal's Face Cream and toilet requisites are almost indispensable for the complexion. Ask at the Nyal Quality Store for free copy of our booklet, "Your Complexion," which includes directions as to proper methods of Massage.



WEARE, The Druggist, Bridgetown. Dr. L. R. MORSE, Lawrencetown

The Westport Missionary Aid Society, in welcoming the delegates, said:

Dear Sisters:—

Westport, situated at the extreme western end of the great North Mountain Range, and situated on this little Island between the waters of the Bay of Fundy and St. Mary's Bay, today extends to you, gathered here in this Western Baptist Association, a cordial Christian welcome to her heart, her church, and her homes. It has been about twenty-five years since we have had the pleasure of meeting with so many of our Sisters, and we realize that more would be with us today in our deliberations were it not for the discomfort of crossing those oft-turbulent waters by which nature thus surrounds us.

Although in this Auxiliary our numbers are few, yet we feel that our work has not altogether been in vain, nor the sums which we have contributed been small, taking all things into consideration. But we trust that your presence with us at this time may infuse new spirit and determination into this work, and that many of our sisters who have stood aloof from us may be persuaded this day to enlist in our ranks and ally themselves with us in the great work of sending the message of the Master to those who sit in darkness so that the time may soon come when the earth shall be filled with the knowledge of the Lord as the waters cover the sea.

We rejoice today that we can come together and by mutual intercourse learn of each other how to become most efficient in the work we have chosen to do; and at this meeting may plans be considered that will add to the funds so much needed, and also send more helpers to assist in the emancipation of fallen humanity, when messengers were lacking to carry the message, the church heard and heeded the voice of her great Commander saying, "Pray ye therefore the Lord of the harvest that He thrust forth laborers into His harvest." And today there are in the mission fields more than four thousand student volunteers, and thousands more in preparation. In this critical time of stress and peril let us not forget those who are fighting in the battles of human freedom against despotic militarism, and our prayers go forth daily that the cause of right and justice may come forth triumphant.

May all of our deliberations be attended with the presence of the Great Helper, for without that they will be futile and without avail.

Welcome, welcome, Sisters, welcome to our little Island home; welcome, welcome, Sisters, welcome. We are glad that you have come. Come to send to every nation News of Christ and of Salvation. May it echo from this station Far across the ocean foam. Welcome, yes, oh Sisters, welcome With your message to us all, Welcome, yes, dear Sisters, welcome, May God's blessing on you fall, And from this our Island meeting May we send kind words of greeting To our Sisters who are waiting For an answer to their call. Let us send, oh Sisters, send them Messages of love indeed Yes dear Sisters, let us send them, With our prayers, the help they need. Send today what they require, Means to lift the nations higher. Saviour, may Thy love inspire Us thy wandering flock to feed.

Mrs. S. Poole of Middleton replied for the large delegation of women as follows:

On behalf of the Sisters gathered here from the various churches of the Western Association, it is my pleasure and duty to express our warm appreciation of the hearty welcome that has been extended to us by the people of Westport, a welcome that has been felt from the moment we reached your beautiful little town.

To make new friends is always pleasant and the friendships formed at these gatherings are cherished most highly. The sweetest fellowships of earth are the fellowships of those who are engaged in a common work for the good of humanity. As women enjoying all the privileges and joys of Christian civilization, it is our aim to bring these joys into the lives of our sisters in the western lands. We trust that our meeting may be mutually helpful, that both you and ourselves may receive inspiration and that as a result of our gathering here we may all give ourselves with greater earnestness to the work to which our master has called us, remembering His word, "Freely ye have received freely give." Again we thank you for the cordial welcome you have extended to us, and assure you that we will carry with us the most pleasant memories of our visit here.

The welcome to the new minister's wives, Mrs. F. H. Eaton of Bridgewater and Mrs. Lindsay of Mount Hanley, was given by the President of the meeting. At this point a beautiful solo was rendered by Mrs. Bowman Collins of Freeport. Mrs. Collins received her training at Acadia Seminary and her beautiful clear voice thrilled and inspired the congregations at different sessions of the Western Association. Reports of the Women's Missionary work were submitted by the three county secretaries and by the Mission Band Superintendent and all showed progress and were optimistic in their outlook showing that altho the sympathies and energies of the women had been greatly absorbed by Red Cross and Patriotic work, there is an earnest desire to meet their obligations to the support of Mission work at Home and in Foreign Lands, and that there be no deficit to report at the Annual Convention in October.

The President called the attention of the Sisters to the fact that the Mission Band Superintendent, Mrs. P. R. Foster, had met with what proved to be a very serious accident while attending the Women's Missionary Convention at Middleton last October and had been unable to do any active work since. A resolution of sympathy with her in her great trouble, and deep appreciation of the valuable services rendered by Mrs. Foster for so many years to the Mission Band and in organization work throughout the provinces, and much regret that in the Providence of God she had been set aside for a time from her beloved work, was moved and seconded and carried by a standing vote.

Mrs. Mellick of Lawrencetown gave an interesting address on Home Mission work, showing its importance, its opportunities, and its needs, and in illustration of its effectiveness, read an extract from the diary of her sainted father, Rev. Dr. Isaiah Wallace, who had been such a successful laborer of the Home Mission Board.

Mr. Ross Miller of Mount Hanley favored the audience with a solo, after which the President introduced Mrs. Churchill, a missionary on furlough from India.

Miss Churchill has been engaged in educational work. She has been with her talented mother in charge of the Caste girl's schools in Bobbili, and spoke in the interests of the Foreign Mission Department and of Mission Band work.

Her address was illuminating and was pleasantly illustrated by personal experiences. A good collection was taken and the meeting closed with prayer by Rev. Mr. Mellick, pastor of the Lawrencetown church.

On May 24th the Boston Comedy Company celebrated its 40th successive year under the management of H. Price Webber. Mr. Webber has averaged 200 performances a year for the forty years, and has never been out of the bill for a single performance.



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MORE EUROPEAN FACTS

To the Editor:—

The following is from the Pioneer of Friday, June 4th.

It may surprise our critical friends and other supporters of the liquor traffic to know that Europe is the home of the most drastic prohibition laws; that for more than 25 years the movement has been gaining with astonishing rapidity; that organized war upon the evil enlists the co-operation of the governments, scientific bodies, universities, and thousands of leaders of public thought; that the worthlessness and wastefulness and disease breeding perils of alcohol are regularly taught in the schools and that France and Germany themselves are leading the crusade.

Is it not disconcerting to find that the great anti-alcohol movement which is sweeping Europe had its beginning in the land of fourteen thousand breweries. A scientific pamphlet written in 1886 by Professor Von Bunge was the start of a campaign which produced an anti-liquor congress in every advanced country on the continent and bi-ennial international congress that draws delegates from nearly every considerable nation.

It was a German university of Berlin which first established a scientific course on the alcohol evil in 1906. It was the German Kaiser who a few years ago declared himself an abstainer and enjoined the

CANADIAN FRUIT TRADE

army and navy to follow his example. A noted German Physician has declared, "It must be considered incompatible with the honor of a city or Government to allow the activities of poison factories such as breweries and distilleries."

Not only is temperance teaching carried on in the schools of Prussia, Wurtemberg and Weimer but there are scientific courses on alcohol in the universities of Berlin, Bonn, Straasburg, Vienna, Heidelberg, Munich, Prague, Gottingen and many others.

H. Arnott, M. B., M. C. P. S.

Are You Run Down?

Nervous, tired, have no self confidence, afraid something is going to happen without any reason for thinking so; don't sleep nights—

Then Take REZISTOL

It will make you feel fine immediately 25c, 50c and \$1.00 a bottle

One of the survivors of the Lusitania is a stoker named Tonner, who claims that he was not born to be drowned. And he has better reasons than most for saying so, as he has been saved from the wrecks of the Titanic, the Empress of Ireland, and the Lusitania. But with such a record other stokers will not care to ship on the same vessel with him.

ARE YOU RUN DOWN?

As showing to some extent how much good fruit growing means to Canada, it is worth while noting the amount of trade formerly done by the countries at war that lies open for cultivation by this country. At the Canadian Fruit Growers' Conference held at Grimby last September, Mr. J. A. Ruddick, Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner, stated that he had taken a period of five years, and that he had found the importations of apples from Germany to Britain varied each year from 5,000 to 14,000 bushel boxes, from Belgium from 100,000 to 500,000 boxes, from France from 50,000 to 575,000 boxes, and from Portugal from 175,000 to 350,000 boxes.

Of these the importations varied from 4,480 to 56,000 bushel boxes, from Germany, from 262,800 to 508,840 boxes, from Belgium, and from 422,440 to 506,160 boxes from Portugal. Large quantities were also imported from The Netherlands, which may not be available. Mr. Ruddick prognosticated an increased demand for dried and evaporated fruit from Great Britain for use in the army. In 1913 Canada exported of this line to the United Kingdom 121,188 pounds, to Newfoundland 10,899 pounds, and to Germany 247,802 pounds. Of course the trade with Germany will be cut off, but the exportations should expand in other directions.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

"Fruit-a-lives" Cleans, Purifies, Enriches

Fruit juice is Nature's own remedy. "FRUIT-A-LIVES," the famous fruit medicine, keeps the blood pure and rich because it keeps the whole system free of impurities.

"Fruit-a-lives" improves the Skin Action; enables the stomach to digest food properly; makes the bowels move regularly; and relieves the strain on the Kidneys.

By its cleaning, healing powers on the eliminating organs, "Fruit-a-lives" rids the system of all waste matter and thus insures a pure blood supply.

50c. a box, 6 for 2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

MEDICINAL PLANTS

To describe, or even to give a list of the five hundred varieties of plants that come under the head of medicinal, as given in a more than ordinary interesting bulletin by Assistant Dominion Botanist, J. Adams, M. A., would take up an exceptional amount of space. Mr. Adams entitles his publication, "Medicinal Plants and their Cultivation in Canada." It is Bulletin No. 23, Second Series, of the Experimental Farms, and can be had free by addressing the publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. Director Grisdale, of the Dominion Experimental Farms, makes a correct estimate when he says "Such information as is contained in this publication should be of value to many of our farmers."

Dominion Botanist Gusso explains that the bulletin owes its preparation to the numerous inquiries received from time to time relating to the cultivation of plants possessed of medicinal or health-restoring properties. Mr. Adams, who was formerly lecturer on Botany and Vegetable Materia Medica at Dublin, Ireland, suggests that no farmer runs any risk by devoting a small plot of about an acre to drug culture as an experiment for a few years. But for anybody to go headlong into the business as a speculation would be unwise.

After dealing with soil, climate, cultivation collection, drying, imports and exports, and explaining the terms used, Mr. Adams gives prominence, with faithful illustration in outline, to the medicinal plants in demand. These briefly are: American White Hellebore or Indian Poke, flowers May and June, poisonous, occurs in swamps and wet woods from New Brunswick to British Columbia; price 8 to 10c per pound.

Hop, flowers July and August, ripe Sept. and Oct., occurs in thickets and on river banks from Nova Scotia to Manitoba; cultivated in Ontario and British Columbia; 25c to 55c per lb. Golden Seal, flowers in April, ripe in July or August, native in woods of Ontario, must be cultivated; \$5.45 to \$5.75 per pound.

White Mustard, flowers all summer, occurs in fields and waste places; 8c per pound.

Black Mustard occurs in fields and waste places; 10c per pound. Seneca Snakeroot or Mountain Flax flowers May or June, grows in Rocky woods from New Brunswick to Alberta; 40c to \$1.15 per pound.

Sacred Bark or Bear Berry, occurs in moist situations in the mountains of British Columbia; 8c to 10c per pound.

American Ginseng, collected about September, occurs in woods in Quebec and Ontario; \$5.00 per pound.

Caraway, flowers May to July, occurs on waste ground in Eastern Canada; 6c to 8c per pound.

Peppermint, flowers July to September, occurs in wet ground from Nova Scotia to Ontario; 9c to 16c per pound.

Spearmint, grows in wet ground from Nova Scotia to Ontario; 7c to 20c per pound.

Mr. Adams in addition to giving description and exact illustrations, in every case quotes the market price. Following the plants in leading demand, he comes to those used in moderate or small quantities, such as Irish Moss, Ergot, Male Fern, White Pine, Hemlock, Balsam, Fir, Juniper, and so on. These occupy 24 pages, two to five to a page, and then we have foreign medicinal plants which might grow in Canada. A list of 54 publications and a comprehensive index add to the instructiveness and interest of an exceedingly valuable bulletin.

Johnny, aged four, went into a nearby grocery and asked for a box of candy. "Is it for your mother?" asked the grocer. "No, of course not," replied the little fellow. "It's for the bird."

Minard's Liniment used by physicians

FARMER SHOULD KEEP INVENTORY

Farm is Business Proposition and Should be Run as Such

The average farmer has more capital involved than the average business man, and some farmers have a great deal more. On the basis of capital, the average farmer is just as much of a business man as the man who has a store or shop. Surely, the business side of farming is worth the attention of the farmer as much as the agricultural side of his farm. You might safely say nearly all of the farmers do not pay enough attention to the business side.

Let's take a look at the methods used by a store keeper and other business men and see if they cannot and should not be applied and used in operating the farm. Of course there are some differences in the nature of farm and mercantile business, and some things we need not consider. For example, the merchant during the year sells many articles on credit and has many accounts to keep with his customers. This is not the case on the farm. The farmer makes comparatively few sales, and most of them for cash. When he sells milk, he gets cash at the end of the month. When he sells or ships his stock, he gets cash for it. So beyond the occasional sale of a cow or a hog to some neighbour, the farmer has few accounts of this nature. But on this matter of selling, there is one important thing to learn from the merchant, and that is cost.

When you buy an article at the store you usually find a tag on it, with the sale price, and below it are some marks that you cannot understand. They are the cost of the article to the merchant marked in a code which he alone can read. This cost usually includes the price to be paid to the wholesale merchant plus the cost of freight. In selling this article to you, he knows exactly what it cost him laid down on his counter and he knows exactly what his profit on the sale of that article has been.

A merchant either keeps an account of his total goods in stock by what is called a perpetual inventory, or else he takes an account of all his stock once or twice a year. This inventory he uses in figuring his yearly profits. To the value of his last year's inventory he adds the cost of the goods he purchased during the year. From this sum he subtracts the value of this last inventory, and that gives him the cost of the goods sold during the year. He knows the amount of money received from sales during the year, and from this he subtracts the cost of goods sold as determined above, and this gives him his gross profits for the year.

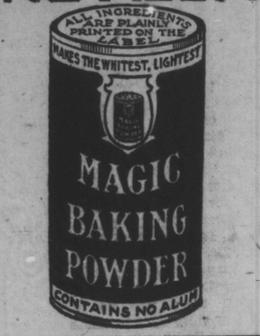
He has to do some more figuring before he can tell his net profits for the year, for he has had lots of expense. He has paid for help, rent, light, heat, telephone, insurance, advertising, poor accounts, and he has to take into consideration the interest on his capital. All these have to be subtracted from his gross profits as determined above in order to give him his net or real profit.

Now this may sound kind of complicated and you may think it takes a lot of bookkeeping. It really isn't so hard after all, for the merchant has many things to help him. In the first place, he pays his bills by cheque. Sometimes he marks each cheque, showing what it was issued for. At least he marks this on his cheque stub. From his stubs he can find out exactly what it cost him for goods purchased, and what he paid out for rent, help, etc., and he can check his figures up against the figures shown by his bank book. At the end of the year his total cheques show his total expense, including goods purchased. At the end of each day or week he deposits in the bank all of the money he has received from sales of goods, keeping a certain amount in his safe for making change. The sum of his bank credits show the total amount of money received. Often he comes in and uses the bank's adding machine to help him with his addition and in making his inventory.

If you were to ask a hundred merchants, a large majority could tell you the total amount of their sales during a year, the total amount of their expense, their total profit, and how much it cost to make a sale. If you asked a hundred farmers who run just as big a business, how many do you think could tell you these figures, and how many could tell you any of them? Just for the fun of it, ask twenty farmers you know, if they can give you these figures. Do you yourself know these figures for your own farm? If you do, you are a good business man as well as a good farmer.

But it is a much harder proposition to get these figures and keep these accounts on a farm. To get down to the last fine point on farm accounting is quite a job, and most farmers could not do it. However, there is a certain amount of bookkeeping that every farmer can and should do, and if they do not do it, they do not know whether they are coming or going, losing or making money. If you have never

NO ALUM



kept such accounts we would not advise you to attempt any elaborate system of accounting. Here is a simple method that will show you much of what you want to know, and after you have used it a year or so, you will be able to expand it so that you can figure the cost of everything you make or do. You don't need any fancy books, you can buy all you need for 25 cents or you could even get along with one book for about 10 cents if you wanted to do so.

The basis of all farm accounting is a good inventory—without it you cannot begin to tell anything about your business. It isn't such a big job to take a farm inventory. Probably the best time to take an inventory is the first of March, when most of the stock for the year has been sold and much of the feed has been used.

It is convenient to use one book for inventories, making each inventory for several years in the same book. List each article or group of articles, and stock, and note down the value of them at the time of the inventory.

To keep account of this small cash purchases, simply mark the cheque with which you draw out cash, by writing the word cash in the corner, or making it payable to "cash". At the end of the year the bank can add all these up for you. Deposit all the money or cheques received from the sale of produce or from any other source. Your total bank credits at the end of the year will be the amount you received from the farm and your total cheques will be the amount of expenses and purchases.

The figuring of your profits is now very simple. Next year take another inventory at the same time of the year that you took in this year, and then you are in shape to figure your year's profit. From our total sales subtract your total expenses and purchases, to this add the increase in the inventory value over the last inventory, or subtract the decrease in case the inventory is smaller the second year than the first, and this will be your gross profit. Now from this you must subtract the interest on your investment. The final result is your real profit and shows how much you got for your own time and labor and that of your family.

There are other figures you can keep which will be of value. You can keep a record, separate from your regular accounts, of the amount of feed and labor expended on milch cows, and from this you can figure what you make on them. Or you can do the same with hogs or cattle. Some farmers keep a time book in which they figure the cost of producing various crops, making note of the time spent in the various operations—"Banker Farmer."

STOMACH TROUBLES QUICKLY CURED.

People go on suffering from little stomach troubles for years, and imagine they have a serious disease. They over-eat or over-drink and force on the stomach a lot of extra work, but they never think that the stomach needs extra help to do the extra work. If these people would take Tonaline Tablets regularly they would be a great big help to the stomach in its strain of over-work. No matter what you eat or drink Tonaline tablets sweeten your sour stomach and stop gas belching in five minutes. The heaviness disappears, and the stomach is greatly aided in its work of digestion.

TONALINE Tablets not only promptly relieve all distress, but if taken regularly will absolutely cure indigestion by building up the flabby, overworked walls of the stomach and make them strong enough to digest the most hearty meal. \$1 for a 50 days' treatment. Mailed by American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass.

During the past three months there have been forty-five vessels sail from Halifax with deal for the United Kingdom and all but one of them have successfully passed through the "blockade" zone. Of these vessels twenty-seven were square riggers, all Norwegian with the exception of the Calburga, which was British; thirteen three-masted, and four steamers. These figures include only the vessels which have carried cargo consisting only of lumber and does not include the many steamers which have carried general cargo.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

ORIGIN OF ARBOR DAY TRACED

Writing in the "Countryside Magazine," Margaret Woodward describes the origin of Arbor Day.

In the Canton of Argon, Switzerland, near the mouth of the River Reuss, stood the little town of Brugg, or rBuck, as it is known today. This obscure town had the honor of being the cradle of the House of Hapsburg. A Swiss historian, writing in the Fifth Century, tells us that once upon a time the hamlet of Brugg decided that it wanted more than anything else a grove of oaks upon its common. A day was therefore set apart for the planting of oaks. Every able-bodied man, woman and child in the town was on the spot at the time appointed. Holes were made in the ground and twelve sacks of acorns were carefully planted.

After this ceremony was performed every one was given a wheaten roll. Great was the disappointment of the good people of Brugg when, after a suitable length of time had elapsed, no young oaks appeared. In point of fact, every acorn refused to sprout and show its green head above the ground.

Another year the experiment was repeated. This time, however, another plan was adopted. The ground was first ploughed and the acorns then scattered in the furrows. Yet again the attempts of the people of Brugg to possess an oak grove on the common were met with failure. One would naturally suppose that the scheme would now have been abandoned. Not so with the plucky citizens of Brugg. Persistence was, and has ever been, one of their virtues.

This time they tried the experiment of transplanting young oak saplings from the forest. Every man, woman and child came provided with oak switches. These were carefully set up in place. Success at last crowned the efforts of the people of Brugg. The young oaks grew and flourished beyond expectations. They became in time those mighty oaks for which this little town has since been famous.

From this time on, not only in Brugg, but throughout Switzerland, tree planting became an annual observance. The "Switch Parade" is the unique name given to this celebration. We think this name or that of "Tree Day" more nearly represents the true significance of the festival than our own title, "Arbor Day." The word "arbor" in our locality at least, means strictly a bower, an inclosed lattice covered with vines and provided with rustic benches. The word arbor does not in the least convey the idea of tree planting.

WHEN ARCHERS FOUGHT NAPOLEON

We think of the bow and arrow as mediaeval weapons of war, abandoned by the nations of Europe four or five centuries ago; yet it is only 100 years since soldiers fought with bows and arrows in European wars, and that, too, on the fields of southern Belgium, where the present war began.

It was in 1813 when all Europe was armed against Napoleon. Every one of the allied nations brought every possible resource of men and means to further this end. Among them was Russia. To the war she sent soldiers from the newly conquered tribes that dwell upon the steppes of Asia; Bokharans and Turkomans and Tartars and other half savage peoples. Many of these regiments were armed with bows and arrows. Jomini, the military historian, says that these bowmen held their own against the French infantry. Their aim, he says, was surprisingly good, and they could shoot an arrow with effect almost as far as a musket ball was effective—but in those days that was not much more than 100 yards.

WRITE THEM A LETTER

(Toronto Globe) A wounded officer who has returned from France says the soldiers there would rather have a letter from home any day than their pay. If you owe a letter to anyone in the trenches write today. A mail from Canada arrived in Belgium after the battle of Langemark, and many letters contained in it were "too late."

COALING BRITISH BATTLESHIPS AT SEA

There are a large number of British battleships guarding the shipping routes on the high seas which must not relax their vigilance for one moment. On this account, some means has had to be devised to supply the vessel with coal without the necessity of steaming back to port. As the sea wardens cannot come to fetch their fuel, the fuel has to be taken to them, and by means of a very ingenious device tons of coal can be transferred on to our battleships while they are travelling through heavy seas at twelve knots an hour without their activities being in any way interfered with.

A collier packed to the hatches with coal gets in touch by wireless with a battleship whose bunkers need replenishing. On sighting the mother vessel the supply ship manoeuvres until it is about 400 feet astern of the battleship. The collier then dispatches a small boat which carries cables one set of which stretches from the masthead of the supply vessel. The lines are paid out as the boat advances, and when it reaches the warship the cables are made fast on the port and starboard sides of her stern. The lines being brought to the required tension, the two ships travel in a straight line, fastened together, while from the mast of the collier to the deck of the warship stretches a transport cable for carrying coal bags. Sacks of coal, in loads weighing a ton, are hoisted from the foot of the collier's mast to a platform as its head, below which a net is spread to protect deck hands from falling pieces of coal which might happen to come loose before the sacks are despatched. By means of wheels running on the cable the load is forced by automatic winches along the sloping transport line at the rate of 3,000 feet per second. On reaching the deck of the battleship the load is automatically released, and the transporter starts on its return journey to the collier. This apparatus enables sixty tons of coal to be carried every hour across the gap of water separating the supply ship from the battleship. The great advantage of this system is that both vessels during the operations can move at the rate of twelve knots per hour. The movements of the load of coal are controlled by two transport winches mounted on the collier, a single lever operating the forward and backward journeys of the carrying device.

WEEDS ON VACANT LOTS

(Special Bulletin from the Commission of Conservation) June 16, 1915. What undoubtedly constitutes a menace to those farmers who are making an honest effort to keep their farms clean, is the crop of weeds found growing on vacant lots and roadsides in and around our towns and cities. These vacant lots are often nothing more or less than nurseries and breeding places for all kinds of weeds. This is especially true of towns where large areas adjoining have been subjected to wildcat subdivision and have had roadways ploughed, forming lodging places for weeds, which are allowed to grow unmolested. These produce countless numbers of seeds, to be blown and scattered by the winds over the farms. So far, bulletins, articles and advice pertaining to weed control have been directed at the farmer. A glance at the conditions found in most of our cities and towns will prove convincing that the farmer is not entirely to blame in the matter of weed seed production and distribution.

In the West the weed inspectors are being trained and instructed along lines that will enable them to assist the farmers in weed control, while at the same time provision by law is made to prevent any farmer from allowing his farm to become a breeding place for weeds and a menace to his neighbours. In most towns there are by-laws covering the weed problem but too often they are not enforced. Those living in towns and cities should co-operate and do their bit in the war against weeds. This is an important matter, and should receive strict attention by every town council. Action should be taken at once and not deferred until the weeds ripen and scatter their seeds.

—F. C. M.

TO BORE IRON The following method is said to be effective when one has not the proper tools for making a hole in an iron plate. Shape a piece of sulphur to the required dimensions of the hole, then heat the iron white hot at the place where it is to be bored and press the sulphur against it. Sulphur of iron is formed, and the stick passes through the metal.—Exchange.

The driest place in the world is that portion of Egypt between the two lower falls of the Nile. Rain has never been known to fall there.

Joker's Corner

Mrs. Suburb: "What is a swimming hole?" Mr. Suburb: "A body of water entirely surrounded by boys."

"Did your wife listen to your excuse for staying so late at lodge last night?" "Oh, yes, she listened to me; then—" "Then what?" "I listened to her."

Miriam, aged five, had been delegated to rock the baby to sleep. "I can't do it, mamma," she said, after trying for some time. "He won't keep his eye buttoned."

Dorothy was taking her first ride in the country, when suddenly the carriage wheels began to squeak. After a few moments she exclaimed in apparent distress: "I—I think I'd better get out, the wagon's groaning so!"

"Look here," said the indignant mistress of the house to the peddler of small wares, "do you call these safety matches? Why, they won't light at all." "Well, ma'am," said the peddler suavely, "wot could you 'have that'd be safer?"

A farmer was driving home from town rather the worse for a few drinks when his horse fell down. The farmer looked at him a moment over the dashboard, and then exclaimed: "Get up, you old fool! Get up, or I'll drive right over you!"

"George," she screamed. "My neck! What's the matter? There is a pillar-cutter—'A what?' 'A tapperkiller—'" "What in the world do you mean?" "Oh dear," she moaned as she clutched him frantically. "A kitterpaller! You know, George, a patterkiller! 'Oh!' said George, with evident relief, and he proceeded to brush the future butterfly away.

A little slum child was enjoying his first glimpse of pastoral life. The setting sun was gilding the grass and roses of the old-fashioned garden, and he sat on a little stool beside the farmer's wife, who was plucking a chicken. He watched the operating gravely for some time. Then he spoke. "Do you take off their clothes every night, lady?"

Murphy, the foreman, was sent to railroad office to report a slight accident in the gang repairing the track. He was handed a form, and got along all right until he came to the space headed "Remarks." After staring at it awhile he beckoned to the clerk. "What's the matter, Pat?" asked the official. "Well, sor," said Murphy, "ye see, it was Bill's big toe he hit wid th' hammer, and it wudn't luk well for me t' write down th' raymarks Bill made."

A greengrocer's boy hailed a vessel in dock at Liverpool, says an English newspaper. The surly mate gruffly asked him what he wanted.

"I've got some vegetables for the ship," was the reply. "All right, you needn't come aboard. Throw them up one at a time," said the mate, and stood ready to receive the expected vegetables.

"Ahoj, there, look out!" shouted the lad, as he threw a dried pea toward the mate. "I've got a sack of these."

A man was arrested on the charge of robbing another of his watch and chain. It was claimed that he had thrown a bag over his victim's head, strangled and robbed him. There was so little evidence that the judge quickly said—"Discharged!"

The prisoner stood still in the dock, amazed at being given his freedom so soon. "You're discharged," repeated the judge. "You can go. You're free. Still no move from the prisoner, who stared at the judge.

"Don't you understand? You have been acquitted." "Get out!" shouted the judge. "Well," stammered the man, "do I have to give back his watch and chain?"

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's friend.

Boston and Yarmouth Steamship Co., Ltd

Steamships Prince George and Prince Arthur Leave Yarmouth daily, except Sundays at 6 p. m. Return, leave Central Wharf, Boston, daily, except Saturdays, at 2 p. m. Tickets and Staterooms at Wharf Office A. E. WILLIAMS, Agent Yarmouth, N. S.

DOMINION ATLANTIC RY

On and after June 8th, 1915, train service on the railway is as follows: Express for Yarmouth . . . 11.57 a.m. Express for Halifax . . . 2.00 p.m. Accom. for Halifax . . . 7.40 a.m. Accom. for Annapolis . . . 6.05 p.m.

Midland Division

Trains on the Midland Division leave Windsor daily (except Sunday) for Truro at 7.05 a.m., 5.10 p.m., and 7.50 a.m. and from Truro for Windsor at 6.40 a.m., 2.30 p.m. and 12.50 p.m. connecting at Truro with trains of the Intercolonial Railway and at Windsor with express trains to and from Halifax and Yarmouth.

Buffet Parlor Car Service on Mail Express between Halifax and Yarmouth. St. John - Digby DAILY SERVICE (Sunday excepted.) Canadian Pacific Steamship "Yarmouth" leaves St. John 7.00 a. m., leaves Digby 1.45 p. m., arrives at St. John about 5.00, connecting at St. John with Canadian Pacific trains for Montreal and the West.

Boston Service

BOSTON SERVICE Steamers of the Boston and Yarmouth S.S. Company sail from Yarmouth for Boston after arrival of express train from Halifax and Truro, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays. P. GIFFKINS, General Manager.

FURNESS SAILINGS

From London	From Halifax
Caterino	July 1
Messina	July 20
Appennino	Aug. 2

From Liverpool	From Halifax
Durango	June 26
Tobasco	July 9

Furness Withy & Co., Limited Halifax, N. S.

H. & S. W. RAILWAY

Accom. Mon. & Fri.	Time Table in effect January 4, 1915	Accom. Mon. & Fri.
Read down	Stations	Read up
11.10	Lv. Middleton Av.	15.45
11.38	* Clarence	15.17
11.55	Bridgetown	15.01
12.23	Grassville Centre	14.36
12.39	Grassville Ferry	14.21
12.55	* Karsdale	14.05
13.15	Av. Port Waddy Lv.	13.45

CONNECTION AT MIDDLETON WITH ALL POINTS ON H. & S. W. RAILWAY AND D. A. RAILWAY. P. MOONEY General Freight and Passenger Agent

The Foolishness

of young men who sarcastically say "short-hand is girl's work," is refuted by fact that President Wilson wrote in shorthand a celebrated note to German personally transcribed it on own machine. Not even Bryan knew its contents. It was read at the Cabinet meeting. The President's salary is \$75,000 net per year. Our next term opens ber 1st.

Maritime Business Co. HALIFAX, N. S. E. KAULBACH.

GRANVILLE CENTRE

June 28 Mrs. Henry Caine is visiting her daughter in Paradise. Rev. A. F. Curtis of Boston visited friends her last week. Principal A. E. and Mrs. McCormick are spending their vacation at their old home here. Mrs. C. E. Whitman and son Judson have returned from a week's outing at Hampton. Mr. Fred Young and bride of Windsor, Vermont, are guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Young. Miss Pauline McVee of St. John was recently a guest at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Troop. Chester, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey Rafuse, had the misfortune one day last week to fall and break his arm. Misses Alice and Jean Inglis of Tupperville and Louise Troop of Bridgetown, were recent guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Withers.

The following have been writing the Provincial examinations from the neighborhood. Rupert Troop, Grade XI; Florence Troop, Hazel Gilliat, Gregg Gilliat, Robbie Palmer, Roscoe Calneck, Grade X; Aggie Troop, Keith Goodwin, Grade IX. Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Murray and son Albert, of Boston, and Mrs. P. L. Chesley of Upper Granville, were guests last week of Mrs. Murray's sister, Mrs. John McCormick. Mr. and Mrs. Murray made the trip from Boston in their Buick touring car, taking four days for the journey. Mrs. E. P. Gilliat left last week for St. John, where she has a position in the Old Ladies Home as matron. The other members of the family will rotate in a short time. They have rented their home to Mr. E. R. Wade. Mrs. Gilliat and family will be much missed in the community. Mr. Judson W. Eaton, son of Mr. B. C. Eaton, who has spent the past four years in Revelstoke, B. C., has lately enlisted for overseas service. He is now in training in Vancouver, and expects to leave the latter part of July for the front. It is only another of the noble sacrifices which so many of our young men are making. Judson is remembered by a host of friends who trust he may be one who will be spared to return. Mr. E. R. Wade met with a painful accident two weeks ago in the base ball game which was played between Granville Ferry and Granville Centre teams. In some unaccountable way, in running, Mr. Wade collided with one of the Ferry team, who struck him with such force as to break the outside bone of one leg, and very badly straining the ligaments. Mr. Wade has many friends who sympathize with him in the unfortunate occurrence, and hope to see him around soon.

HAMPTON

June 28 Miss Ethel Phinney is visiting Miss Fannie Titus. Mr. Lee Farnsworth from Lynn, is visiting Mr. John Templeman. Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Poole visited friends in Hampton Sunday. Frank Bezanson and Mr. Dodge spent Sunday with Mr. Allan Bezanson. Mr. Joshua Miller from Mt. Hanley, was calling on friends in this place last week. Mr. John Templeman caught a salmon in his weir last week weighing 44 pounds. Mr. Allan Bezanson went to Middleton last week to see his father who is very sick. Mr. Wilbur Neely from Brooklyn, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Brooks on Sunday. School closed today. The teacher, Miss Snow, goes to Bridgetown to attend examinations. Messrs. Avard Risteen and Charles Foster spent Sunday at their homes, returning to Lakeville again today.

PORT LORNE

June 28 Miss Georgie Whitman returned from Boston Saturday. Mr. Daniel Eisenhour of Lunenburg, visited his uncle, Mr. Maurice Dalton, last week. Mrs. Lizzie Messenger of Brockton is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clarke. Mrs. Alice Neaves and nephew, Joseph Beardsley, visited friends in Wolfville last week. Jennie Beardsley and Kate Neaves are attending the Provincial examinations at Bridgetown. Mrs. Warren Cook and family of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting her mother, Mrs. T. W. Templeman. Rev. E. M. A. Blakney occupied the pulpit on Sunday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Blakney are spending a few weeks at the Bay View House.

PARKERS COVE

June 28 Mr. Joseph Rice is spending a few days with his wife and family. Miss Sproule of Digby is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Robinson. Mrs. Eliza Halliday of Karsdale, is visiting at the home of her son, Mr. Curtis Halliday, this week. Mr. and Mrs. Howard Young of Granville, called on Mr. and Mrs. David Milner quite recently. Miss Grace Robinson has returned home from Boston after spending the winter there visiting her sisters. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Sproule of Litchfield were guests of Capt. and Mrs. R. E. Hudson on Sunday. Quite a large number of people from Litchfield and Hillsburn attended the Baptist meeting here on Sunday the 27th. The Misses Cora and Abbie Longmire of Hillsburn, were the guests of their cousin, Mrs. Austin Weir, on Sunday. Auxiliary Schooner Lloyd, Capt. W. H. Anderson, sailed for up-the-bay ports on the 28th, this being her last trip for lobsters this season. Mrs. Charles Longmire of Hillsburn was the guest of Mrs. Rolins Robinson to dinner quite recently, and called on other friends the same day. Mr. and Mrs. Austin Weir called on Mr. and Mrs. Judson Longmire on the 27th. Also on Mrs. Weir's sister, Mrs. Edward Hudson of Hillsburn.

WEST PARADISE

June 28 Mr. Charles Bent of Stoneham, Mass., is visiting his brother, Mr. Arthur Bent. Mr. Carl Saunders has gone to Nicotax to take charge of the farm of Mervin Vidito who has enlisted. Misses Marion Whitman and Ida Poole are attending the examinations at Bridgetown, writing for their "C" certificates. Miss Vera M. Poole who has been attending Normal College at Truro, is spending her vacation with her parents. She was successful in obtaining her diploma, Grade B. This (Monday) morning between the hours of three and four o'clock, we were roused from our sleep by the ringing of the telephone and the cry of fire. The neighbours responded with all speed possible, only to find the beautiful dwelling house of Mr. Angus Hirtle in flames. All was done that could be done, but the house burned to the ground. The most of the furniture was saved. Cause of the fire not known.

PARADISE

June 28 Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Balcom welcomed a little daughter on the 22nd inst. Mrs. Henry Calneck of Granville Centre, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. A. Longley. Mr. Stephen Ruggles is visiting at the home of his mother, Mrs. J. C. Phinney. Mr. Donald Lent visited his friend, Mr. Ronald Longley en route from the Normal College to his home at Freeport last week. Mr. Ronald S. Longley, who was a student at the Normal College at Truro, last year, is spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Longley. Mr. Albert McCormick of Granville Centre, has been engaged to teach the advanced department of our school; the ensuing year, Miss Moore having tendered her resignation.

SPA SPRINGS

June 29 Lewis Gates, who taught at Sandy Cove, is home for vacation. Hall Marshall who has been training in the military school in Halifax, is at home. Capt. and Mrs. James Reagh were recent visitors of their sister, Mrs. Nellie Neely of Margaretville. Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Dodge and Miss Lottie and Ruby VanBuskirk of Melvern, were the guests of Mrs. George O'Neal one day last week. Mrs. Bertie Kennie and Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Redden and Mrs. Redden, enjoyed a trip in Howard Redden's auto through Gasperaux and Grand Pre, returning the same day. Those from here who attended the examinations at Middleton, are: Hall Marshall for B; the Misses Cora and Eva Bowly, Alena Ward and Harold Ward for C; and Gladys Bowly for D. A shipment of seven cases of base ball paraphernalia was forwarded by the Toronto City Council to the Canadian troops now fighting in France. Some time ago several requests for balls, bats, etc., reached Canada from the boys at the front, who desire to play ball when taken back from the firing line to "rest" or when held in reserve. It is not possible to get equipment in France.

GRANVILLE FERRY

June 28 Mr. E. R. Reid left Monday, for Moncton, N. B. Mrs. Craig of Middleton has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Baltzer. Miss Janet Amberman is enjoying a short visit with relatives at Lawrencetown. Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Piggott, and daughter Barbara, spent a few days at Bridgetown recently. Miss Jennie L. Vroom left Saturday for Moncton, N. B., where she will spend the summer months. Mr. and Mrs. Inglis Austin spent the week-end with Mrs. Austin's parents, Capt. and Mrs. Mills. Mrs. B. Farnsworth entertained at her house guests, recently, Mrs. Williams and little daughter Florence of Bridgetown. Mrs. Ross Smith, daughter Orena, and son Ross, of Boston, are the guests of Mrs. Smith's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Blair. Mrs. Saunders and little daughter Estella, spent the week end the guest of Mrs. Saunders' parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Blair. Mrs. Charles Boardman Brown will arrive the first of the month from Lebanon, Pa., to spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Messinger. Miss Alice Gilliat arrived home from Boston, Wednesday, to spend the summer months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Austin Gilliat. Mrs. Charles Boardman Brown will arrive the first of the month from Lebanon, Pa., to spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Messinger. Miss Carolyn Bogart arrived home from Boston on Saturday and will spend the summer months at Lower Granville. Miss Bogart was the week end guest of Capt. and Mrs. S. W. Croscup. Mrs. Beverly, who for the past few months has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. E. R. Reid, left for Parrsboro Tuesday. She was accompanied by her niece, Miss Edith Kirpatrick. Granville Division No. 898, elected the following officers for the ensuing quarter: W. P. Mrs. G. H. Lamb; W. A. Mrs. Norman Berry; F. S. Lillian W. Croscup; Treas., Mrs. R. T. Chisolm; R. S. Vera Collins; A. R. S. Fletcher B. W. Mills; Chap., Rev. H. J. Indoe; I. S. Paul C. Croscup; O. S. Hubert Dunn; Com., Ralph L. Roop; A. Con., Kathleen Wagstaff; P. W. P., Mrs. W. Amberman. Frances Gardiner celebrated her sixth birthday in a party which will linger long in the memory of her young playmates. Games engrossed the attention of the guests until the service of a dainty luncheon served at a table prettily appointed. Among the little guests were, Frances Lamb, Margaret Lamb, Jean Neish, Hazel Eaton, Ethel Neish, Daris Melville, Evelyn Armstrong, Muriel Armstrong, Pauline Ritchie, Francis Hardy, and Frances Gardiner.

MT. HANLEY

June 28 Ralph Elliott who got hurt in the mill, is improving. Mr. George Elliott and Miss Ora B. Elliott are home from college for their vacation. Several of our young folks attended the flag raising at Douglassville last Thursday night. Mr. Boyd and Eldon Chute, from Clarence, were guests at their grandparents for a few days last week. Miss Hazel Durling and Arnold Durling from Springfield, were guests at Mr. S. A. Barteaux over Sunday. Mr. B. M. Armstrong and daughter Clara, were guests at Mr. and Mrs. Hallett Bruce's one day last week. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Elliott from Clarence, were guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Elliott, last week. Preaching service at 11 o'clock, Sunday School at 10 sharp. July 4, 1915, by Rev. R. Lindsay, Bay View. Mrs. John Hayes had the misfortune to fall from the door as she was going out and hurt herself very badly. Miss Ora Elliott and Ross Miller attended the Association at Westport and were highly pleased with the place and people.

CLARENCE

June 28 L. Roy Whitman leaves this week on a trip to Portland, Maine and other American cities. Misses Pauline Jackson and Evelyn Smith of the Central school, wrote at the teachers' examination in Bridgetown. The Dramatic and Athletic Club have their picnic to Margaretville on Wednesday. Major A. R. Rumsey, F. W. Ward, L. G. White and V. B. Leonard leave for Berwick today to attend the annual meeting of the Central-Fruit Growers Co-Operative Association, Limited. War is said to have crippled the carry bird industry, as canaries come from the Hartz mountains.

BELLEISLE

June 28 Mrs. John Covert visited relatives and friends in Granville Centre last week. Miss Jennie Thompson of Dartmouth, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Albert Colbert. Color-Sergt. Parry Parker returned to his regiment last week, much improved in health. The high school pupils are attending the Provincial examinations at Bridgetown this week. Mrs. Clifford Bent has returned home after spending the week with her mother, Mrs. Scott Chipman, Tupperville. Miss Genie Troop and niece, Myrtle Troop, have returned home after a pleasant visit with friends in Port Lorne. Fireman Abram Hunt of the H. & S. W. Ry., made a between train visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hunt, recently. The ladies of the lower end Belgian Sewing Circle intend holding an ice cream social next Friday night, the 2nd inst, on the lawn of Mrs. Eugene Troop. The friends of Miss Bessie Bent, whose marriage to John O. Harris, takes place Wednesday, July 7th, gave her a surprise Saturday evening in the form of a kitchen shower. Mr. Almon Parker received a letter from his brother, Capt. Oscar Parker a few days ago, telling him that two of his sons, Harold and Lester were members of the crew of the steamship Turnwell, which was attacked by a German submarine, about thirty miles off the coast of Pembroke. The submarine crew boarded the Turnwell and exploded bombs in the hold, but on catching sight of another steamer, in the distance, they hurriedly left the Turnwell, before making sure of the effectiveness of the bombs. The crew then returned to their ship, plugged up the holes made by the bombs, and made all possible speed for the nearest port. They landed safely at Milford Haven, Wales, picking up the crew of the other steamer on the way in.

INGLISVILLE

June 28 Mr. John Hat attended the Association at Westport. C. L. Banks of Wilmot has been spending a few days in this place. Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Whitman are on the sick list at time of writing. Mrs. Robert Best has been spending the past two weeks at Centrelea. Miss Marie McGill is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Best. Mrs. Edwin Banks is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Horace Reid. Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Beals left on Saturday for a few days visit in Springfield. A number of young men from this place took in the farmers' picnic at Truro on Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Durling of Mass., are spending their vacation at Mrs. Z. Durling's. Mr. and Mrs. Harley Beals and Miss Sophie Beals of New Hampshire, are visiting relatives in this place.

ST. CROIX COVE

June 28 Mrs. D. M. Marshall, Mt. Rose, spent last week at the home of her son, Mr. Robert Marshall. Mrs. Charlotte Anderson, Port Lorne, visited her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Hall, Friday. Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Poole, and Mr. and Mrs. Zacheus Hall visited relatives at Hampton yesterday. Miss Nina Banks and her mother, of Lawrencetown, spent a few days last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Hall. We are pleased to see Nina able to visit her home again. The bridge spanning the hollow at the west end of this district is in a very unsafe condition and we would urge upon the county road engineer the necessity of an early investigation, for if not attended to soon, it will have to be fenced out as a safeguard for the protection of life and property.

SCHOOL CONCERT AT LAWRENCE-TOWN

A splendid entertainment was given by the pupils of the Lawrencetown School in Phinney's Hall on the evening of Wednesday, June 16th, 1915. The first part of the program consisted of Patriotic choruses, duets, two piano solos, quartettes, etc., followed by an operetta, entitled, "Over the Rainbow." The scene for the first act was a playroom where the four little sisters—Anita, Bertha, Claire, and Dorothy are in the playroom. It is a rainy day and they grow tired of books and toys. Finally all fall asleep, though Dorothy, the youngest, tries hard to keep awake, hoping there will be a rainbow. As they sleep the sun comes out, the Rainbow Queen, who is in her Fairyland home, "Over the Rainbow," has heard the children's conversation, hangs out the rainbow, and crossing it, comes with her six Maids of Honor, to awaken the children and invite them to her home. The scene of act two, in Rainbow Land, the palace of the Queen, the Sunbeams and moonbeams are busy making light for use in the world. The Queen with her maids and four guests arrives preceded by her four Heralds. For the entertainment of her visitors, all the Fairies, the Four Winds, the Dewdrops, Snowflakes, Frost Sprites, Glowster Artists, Fireflies, Sunbeams and Moonbeams, sing and drill. Finally the four children feel they must return to their home in the world. The Queen explains that no one will be worried by their absence, as Fairy Land takes no heed of time and this visit has not consumed more than a moment of time as measured by clocks. She warns them never to tell any grown up folks of their visit as it probably would be doubted and called a dream. The part of Queen was taken by Marion Morgan of Grade VIII. We regret that want of space prevents the reporter from going into details of this excellent performance which was one of the best ever given by the school and gave great pleasure to the large audience. The entertainment has been the subject of very favorable comment. Miss Unice Feltus was the accompanist for the Operetta. The concert was under the direction of Miss Robb of Windsor, who for the past year has been Music Supervisor in the school, and reflects great credit both on the performers and their instructor. Henry Seigel, at one time head of the Seigel chain of stores doing business in New York, Boston, and other American cities, is now serving a sentence of ten months in the penitentiary at Rochester, N. Y. The action was brought about by numerous depositors who lost through the failure of his private banks run in connection with his department stores.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Grading in Bridgetown Schools

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UTILIZING OUR OWN PAVING MATERIAL

Canada has millions of acres of the finest timber in the world, and the men and the mills to handle it, many of our woods are not used for certain purposes because they have not been tested for those purposes. Sometimes we have actually imported woods when we had better kinds at home but did not know it. To make the best use of our native woods the Dominion Department of the Interior has established in connection with the Forestry Branch a Forest Products Laboratory. This institution is constantly at work testing woods for paper making, building, furniture, etc. An investigation for the use of wood for block paving has just been completed and the results issued in a pamphlet entitled "Treated Wood-Block Paving." This gives the latest facts and figures in regard to wood paving in Europe and America and removes any misconceptions. It shows the points to be guarded to secure the best results. All citizens interested in wood-block paving may have a copy of this pamphlet sent free to them by writing to the Director of Forestry, Ottawa. "Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice, etc. Don't Die in the House. 15c and 25c. at Drug and County Stores.

New Spring Goods 20 Pieces New Floor Oilcloths, in 1 yd, 1 1/2 yds and 2 yds wide. Good variety patterns at very low prices. 10 Pieces Linoleums, 2 yds wide. Splendid patterns. Well seasoned goods at right prices. 25 Pieces Curtain Muslins, Scrims, Bungalow Nets, etc, in a variety of colorings. Prices from 8c per yd. HOSIERY 300 Dozen Ladies, Misses, and Children's Black and Colored Silk, Lisle and Cotton Hose. We invite your inspection. SNAPS! SNAPS! 5 Dozen Ladies Lace Lisle Hose, in black and tan. Former price 25c and 50c. To be cleared out at 19c. 5 Dozen Ladies Tan Cotton Hose, all sizes, only 10c per pair. 8 Dozen Ladies' Tan Lisle Hose, all sizes. Regular prices 25c and 30c. Now 19c pr. MEN'S STRAW HATS 100 Men's Straw Hats to be sold regardless of cost. Men's and Boys Crash Hats as low as 10c each. MEN'S SUMMER COATS 2 Dozen Men's Hot Weather Coats. Were \$1.75 and \$3.00. Now \$1.25 and \$1.95 WOOL We can use ten tons of Washed Wool at 40c per pound in exchange for goods. JOHN LOCKETT & SON