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THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 5, 1882

CAVENDISH AND BURKE

THE KNIVES FOUND USED IN THE BASTARDY MURDER.

Stained With Human Blood—Hopes Still Entertained of Capturing the Murderers.

DURHAM, Oct. 4.—The weapons used by the murderers of Lord Cavendish and Mrs. Burke were found in the refectory of a stable in rear of the house belonging to a man residing in the village of St. Lawrence, who was arrested on suspicion of having information concerning the murder. It is alleged that the weapons were found in the refectory of the house on the night of the murder. The weapons found are four knives five inches long, with blades three-quarters of an inch wide. They are quite sharp, and sharp, and are evidently of the same make. There were discolorations on them, which the chemical analysis proved to have been made by human blood. It is hoped the murderers will yet be captured. The authorities observe the strictest secrecy.

FEBRUARY

Mr. Nelson Lingham, mayor of Belleville, is laid up with typhus fever. Mr. James G. Blaine is much better. His physician consented to his removal home to-day.

Mr. John Costigan arrived in St. John N. B. yesterday morning from Ottawa and left for Grand Falls.

Mr. F. Bronckton, late general manager of the G. W. R. Judge Charles G. Coburn and Mr. Laidlaw of Toronto, have been appointed members of a commission to investigate the Ontario railway in place of the late Frank Shanley. Mr. L. K. Jones will be secretary of the commission.

TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES.

There were 85 new cases of yellow fever in Pensacola yesterday and three deaths. As the vessel, *Protesia*, was passing through the Florida straits yesterday night, some seasickness and vomiting followed, badly injuring several young men.

Yesterday afternoon a young lad named Dumont, aged 15 years, is to be tried for placing obstructions on the tracks of the Montreal railway.

THE TROOPERS' AGREEMENT.

ATHENS, Oct. 4.—The British troops to evacuate Greece, and Greece is again reinforcing troops on the frontier.

FATAL FIRE IN IRELAND.

DUBLIN, Oct. 4.—The house of a farmer named Curry, near Coleraine, has been burnt down by fire. The cause of the fire is a mystery.

NINETEEN SENTENCES TEMPERED.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 4.—The czar has commuted the sentence of Nering and seven other political criminals, from death to imprisonment for life in an island in the north.

AMERICAN BOOKSELLERS' CONVENTION.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—At the convention of the American booksellers held here today, Mr. D. A. Jones of Ontario was elected president of the association selected as the next place of meeting.

WHOLESALE BOOKSELLERS' CONVENTION.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Fifteen of the actors and actresses arrested for taking part in an alleged immoral play were fined to-day. The principal actors were sent to the district attorney's office.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

READING, Pa., Oct. 4.—Isaac Robinson, an employee of the Reading Hardware company, was caught in the belt of a machine. His head was nearly torn off, his arms and legs torn from his body and every bone broken.

A LUMBER MAN ROBBED.

MONTREAL, Oct. 4.—Delphin Bonquet, a lumberman from Ontario, was robbed of \$100 in bank bills, which he had under his pillow in the Hotel du Peuple last night. Three lumber men who slept in the next room and ascended at nearly half past one were arrested and some of the missing money found upon them.

JUDGE LYON IN TENNESSEE.

PROSPER, Tenn., Oct. 4.—Henry Hallock (colored) had a hearing yesterday before the magistrate on the charge of striking Mrs. Rogers on Saturday night. He was pronounced guilty and instantly seized by the crowd and suspended from a bridge. Before he was hanged he said, "I'm going to de Lord," like Charlie Guiteau.

THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

GUELPH, Oct. 4.—This college reopened yesterday. Most of the students have returned, and it is expected that the college has its full complement there will be 135 in attendance. About half this number are new to the college, and they are at present being examined on English subjects in a practical work outside with a view to testing their fitness for the institution.

EFFECT OF THE EXCESS CUT-OFF.

WINDSOR, Oct. 4.—The impetus that the excess cut-off is giving to the growth of Windsor is becoming more apparent every day. Property in the vicinity of the road which has been used for farming purposes for years is being laid out in building lots, the prices of which are advancing rapidly. A surveyor will to-morrow begin to plot the Salter farm, and the lots will be put on the market immediately.

REDEEMPTION CASE IN OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, Oct. 4.—At the session to-day an action was brought by Mr. Dillon against one Doyle, living in the township of Osgoode, for damages for the seduction of his daughter, a girl of 17 years. The only witnesses in the case were the plaintiff's daughter and the defendant. The girl with the child in her arms gave her testimony in a modest, truthful and unaffected manner. She stated that the defendant Doyle had seduced her in her own home while her parents were away. The girl was a question he had been spoken to by Mrs. Dillon and had acknowledged his relations with the girl immediately after she had sold his farm for the purpose, he said, of avoiding an action if any should be brought. The judge charged directly against the defendant and characterized the case as one of an extraordinary character. Verdict for the plaintiff, \$300.

OBITUARY.

Death of Adelaide Phillips.

BOSTON, Oct. 4.—Miss Adelaide Phillips, a well-known operatic singer, died at London to-day.

Miss Phillips, who evoked the admiration of many cities in the United States by her magnificent dramatic singing, was born in Bristol, Eng., in 1833. She came to America when she was seven years of age and lived almost continuously in Boston and its vicinity. Her last professional engagement was at the Boston museum where she remained for years. While a member of the dramatic company she there, her voice, a very rich contralto, began to give way. The physician advised her to go to Europe. She was persuaded to go to Europe by a friend, and she sailed for New York. After studying in London and Italy she sang at most of the continental opera houses and returned to Boston in 1869, when she took part in the grand jubilee. Her loss on the American continent was a great one.

Death of Victoria—Lamin Factory at Niagara Falls.

Niagara Falls, Oct. 4.—The Victoria Lamin Factory at Niagara Falls, which was destroyed by fire last night, was a large building, situated on the east side of the falls. It was owned by the Victoria Lamin Company, and was a great source of employment to the community. The fire broke out at about 10 o'clock, and spread rapidly, destroying the building and its contents. The cause of the fire is not known.

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BAPTIST UNION OF CANADA.

Proposed Constitution to be Discussed at the forthcoming Convention in Hamilton.

1. That the name of this society shall be "The Baptist Union of Canada."

2. The objects of this union shall be: (1) to promote brotherly intercourse; (2) to receive and discuss reports of denominational conferences; (3) to afford opportunities for the public declaration of opinion on questions affecting the welfare of the churches, and the extension of the denomination both at home and abroad; and (4) to co-operate with other evangelical bodies in all matters of common concern.

3. This union shall consist of the regular Baptist churches in Canada, and of delegates of churches in the provinces of less than 100 members, and one additional delegate for every additional 100 or fraction of a hundred; the president, secretary, and treasurer, and such other officers as may be appointed by the convention; the president and secretary shall hold office for one year, and shall be eligible for re-election.

4. The officers of this union shall be a president, four vice-presidents, a secretary, and a treasurer, who shall perform the duties usually assigned to such officers.

5. The officers of this union shall be nominated by a committee, appointed by the retiring officers, five members of which shall belong to the convention of Quebec; the election shall be by open vote of the union.

6. Each of the denominational societies shall be desired and expected to present through its officers to the union an abstract of its annual report.

7. It is required that every church appointing delegates to the union shall contribute to the funds to the extent of one dollar for each of its representatives.

8. The annual meeting of the union shall be held on the last Wednesday in May at such place as may have been chosen for that purpose at the previous annual meeting.

9. Resolutions of the union shall be binding on all churches and societies.

10. The report that this paper had been shot at is unfounded.

11. The Bimetallists of London have resolved to send a delegation to the forthcoming congress at Cologne.

12. The Madagascarian mission has arrived at Madagascar. They will visit England, Germany and the United States.

13. The Emperor of Austria has thanked the Hungarian prime minister for his energy in suppressing the Jews against the Jews at Pest.

14. Patrick Higgin has been arrested in connection with the murder of Hayes at Long Point. He was conveyed to Long Point and held in custody.

15. The Spanish minister of marine has drafted a bill for presentation to the cortes, providing for a grant of 20,000,000 pesetas, to suppress the slave trade.

16. Another French fleet.

17. Fash. Oct. 4.—Arthur Meyer, of the Grand Hotel, was shot by a duel with swords to-day. Meyer was wounded in the chest and hand.

18. Land Acquisition in Scotland.

19. Glasgow, Oct. 4.—Prof. Blackie and others have started a fresh land agitation in the Highlands. The movement is wholly independent of the land league.

20. Divisive law in Freiburg.

21. Freiburg, Oct. 4.—The city has been proclaimed under martial law for a month, and Count Kaserhagen has been appointed government commissioner for the whole district.

22. Attempted Indecent Assault.

23. RIVER DU LOUP, en Bas, Oct. 4.—A drunken Indian named Denis attempted to outrage Miss Bamba, aged 21 years, a school teacher of this place yesterday afternoon. The Indian was arrested and tried this morning, and sent to jail to await his trial at the next sitting of the court. The investigation was private.

24. Fatal Electric Shock.

25. NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—James Stataiers, in the employ of an electric light company, accidentally struck a shock from a wire he was attempting to cut, and was killed. He was found hanging from the wire he was cutting, and his body was hanging from the pole in his hands when he was found. The cause of the accident is not known.

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THE TORONTO WORLD, ONE CENT MORNING PAPER. All the news every day on four pages of seven columns.

TRY IT FOR A MONTH. THE WORLD, 18 King Street East, Toronto.

THE TORONTO WORLD, THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 5, 1922.

THE CABLE MONOPOLISTS. Railway and telegraph monopolies are making giant strides in our day.

The cable monopolies are making giant strides in our day, and are foremost business men stand apathetic and unconcerned while the monopolists are rapidly driving towards the achievement of controlling business altogether.

Anglo-American—Viscount Monk, chairman; Henry Weaver, managing director; Sir James Anderson, Sir Daniel Gooch and Marquis of Tweeddale, directors.

Direct United States Cable—John Pender, M.P., chairman; William Ford, director; M.P., chairman; Sir James Anderson, managing director; Sir Daniel Gooch, director.

Eastern Extension Australasia and China—John Pender, M.P., chairman; Viscount Monk, Sir James Anderson and Marquis of Tweeddale, directors.

Western Extension Australasia and China—John Pender, M.P., chairman; Sir James Anderson, Sir Daniel Gooch and Marquis of Tweeddale, directors.

London Pacific—John Pender, M.P., chairman; Sir James Anderson, Sir Daniel Gooch and Marquis of Tweeddale, directors.

decidedly among things perfectly possible and feasible. To this complaint must be added that the scores of men who are recognized and acted upon the better it will be for the interest of the commonwealth—that is, of the whole people.

WHY TORONTO STRIVES. One of the mainstays of Toronto's prosperity is the number of young men who spend three to six years in our colleges here. Not less than 2,500 young fellows from every section of the province spend from eight to ten months of the year among us.

As yet Toronto as a city has not done her whole duty in appreciating this important source of her prosperity. Our citizens should do everything in their power to further the educational institutions that have centered here, and the corporation should always be prepared to encourage them in any legitimate way.

HOW THE MAIL MARRIAGE. The Mail has pretty well played itself out on the marriage question. It has made very little out of a splendid opportunity. It is characteristic of a paper whose policy and stupidity is a disgrace to the profession of journalism that it is attempting to criticize others when the dearest ignorance of the subject attempts to rise. We quote the following from yesterday's Mail editorials:

"Speaking of the 'Marriage' question, and the declaration made by the Ontario Minister of Education that the present is a 'golden age' for the marriage of the young, the 'Toronto World' says: 'It is rather difficult for the people this side of the line to see where the 'golden age' lies, but we do not see how it can be anything but a 'golden age' for the young men of this province who are so abundantly supplied with the means of education.'"

"The heroines of Marmon are Clara and Constance. 'Ellen' is the central figure in the Lady of the Lake. The Mail is, to use its own absurd language in its last Saturday sermon, 'an on the downward path that leads to perdition.'"

"The letter of Newfoundland gives another illustration of the incoherence arising from our present banking system. He has a note from the Newfoundland Union bank, which is one of the safest in America, but it refused exchange for it by the British and Montreal banks on the ground that they did not know whether the said bank was any good or not. This is one case out of every day-thousands. Did the Newfoundland government issue the note in question no bank here would have hesitated to take it. It is clear our present system is not the right one."

THE LYON MACKENZIE MONUMENT. (To the Editor of The World.) Sir: I'm rejoiced to see that the suggestion first made in the columns of The World that a monument should be erected to the memory of William Lyon Mackenzie, is a popular one. I find that the idea especially commends itself to two classes:

First, to the younger liberals who have studied Mackenzie's life in the pages of history. Second, the veterans who took part in the political struggles in which he was the most prominent figure.

I am a young man and a young politician—certainly my earliest recollections—was my being hoisted on the shoulders of my father in order that my boyish eyes might get a glimpse of William Lyon Mackenzie as he stood on a platform in Cayuga, during, I believe, the last political contest in which he engaged. I can well remember that a vague, boyish reverence for him, as a man who had done great things in his time, was mixed in my childish imagination, with a curiosity to know what the government wanted to do with his head, which, as my father had told me, they had been willing to pay a fabulous amount for.

It is proposed to erect a monument to William Lyon Mackenzie, one of the greatest men this country has ever seen. It could not doubt be done by private subscription, but certainly did as much to deserve the recognition of a public monument as his forefellow-rebel, Sir George R. Carter. But Sir Mackenzie is the one who always expects to be congratulated on his work, and the weather send to whom the clerk must say: 'Is this hot enough for you?' To address this query to a wrong man would be very disastrous. There are others who have smoked the same brand of cigars for years. They enter the door of a quarter or half dollar, pick up their cigars, and depart without a word.

took it to a broker and he said the note was all right, better take it to the bank of British North America. I went there, but that enlightened institution told me through its gruff figure head that they 'didn't buy 'em' and 'didn't' 'want 'em.' The man was quite gruff. I then took it to a Montreal looking man at the bank of Montreal, but he told me he didn't know whether the Union bank was any good or not. I remarked that that bank history was not one of his acquirements, since he would have known that the N. F. Union is one of the staunchest banks in British North America and has assisted more than one tettering Canadian bank within the last ten years. I do not mind the bank of Montreal people for refusing the note, but for the British to call itself the 'bank of British North America' and to refuse a Union note is a piece of gross and stupid presumption. If I knew who the manager in chief was I should write to him about it. At last Messrs. Forbes and Co. readily changed the bill and gave me at a discount of five per cent. A NEWFOUNDLANDER.

POLICE BUSINESS. (To the Editor of The World.) Sir: I have never had occasion before to write to the newspapers, but a circumstance has transpired which necessitates proceeding in such a course, and consequently I take this opportunity of informing the public of the incident, if not gross rudeness, which is now and again exercised by the members of our police force, without the slightest provocation for such being, as I have stated in the following incident, a friendly and myself, during a walk through some of the principal streets of the city, decided to visit the police court, when about to be rudely accosted by an officer, who demanded us to get out in an insulting manner. We would not be addressed as the uncivil manner in which he addressed us. This policeman gave his name as Cox, and a little later on, on his part would be his best interests.

THE SUNDAY QUESTION. From the Evening Canadian. During the season just closed excursion steamers and all manner of pleasure boats have enlivened our waters Sunday after Sunday and the Grand Trunk railway has made the enterprise to give us a Sunday train. Morning papers have abandoned the hypocrisy of pretending that they did not edit, reporting on such being a Sunday. Some of them have even had the courage to bring out occasional Sunday editions, and to plead the cause of the 'poor devils' who have to go to work on Sunday. Next season we hope to see the street cars running for the accommodation of church-goers and others, and that case in Hamilton will be written 'in the door of the Cromwellian Sabotage.' If the rich church-goer may keep his coachman at work on Sunday, and from church, the poor man should not be permitted to employ the poor man's carriage, the street car.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN? Serious Charge Against a Toronto Steamer by a Hamilton Sailor. It seems the Georgian bay does not enjoy alone the possession of unassortedly and as a result of the following letter, signed by a citizen of Hamilton will explain. HAMILTON, Sept. 23, 1922. Capt. Cook, R.N. Sir: I am a sailor on the Georgian bay and I have been thinking of your professional capacity. We have soap boxes and tin tanks doing dirty work, and dry rot, and other things, and I have found at least one vessel principally used to carry coal, and I have seen the interest of the safety, as I do not know any of these things, but I am sure that the vessel is not safe. Some of the wood boats are no better. Sincerely yours, S. S. SAUNDERS.

Sir Garnet Wesley's Passage. From the St. James Gazette. One result of Sir Garnet Wesley's doubts as to the Egyptian campaign will doubtless be that he will receive the passage which he has on several occasions always refused to him. He will be the thirteenth military commander whom her majesty will have made peers; and few of them will have earned the honor by more valuable services, not only to the country but to the government. In 1850 Sir John Colborne and Sir John Keane were created barons and Sir John Keane was also the first Lord Seaton and the second Lord Keane. In 1840 Sir Hussey Vivian and Sir Henry Hardinge were created barons. In 1848 Sir John Campbell, Lord Clyde, was created baron and Sir John Campbell, Lord Clyde, was created baron. In 1857, Sir Robert Napier, Lord Napier of Magdala, in 1868; Sir William Mansfield, Lord Sandhurst in 1871; Sir John A. Macdonald, Lord Aberdeen in 1874. Of these the peerage of the Baroness of Clyde and Airey are extinct; while Lord Strathairn and Lord Napier of Magdala are the only survivors among the grants.

Thrift of French Women. French women, often stigmatized as the most frivolous of their kind, are in reality the most thrifty—a virtue that frequently degenerates into absolute parsimony. I saw a striking instance of making the best of unregarded trifles the other day when a French woman, who certainly has a reputation for prudence. A cherry pie had been put on the table, and the mistress gave strict injunctions that all the stones were to be scraped from the plates and placed in her storeroom. I ventured to ask her, but whether cooked or raw, were invariably saved, gently dried in the oven and kept in a glass jar. 'That's just Madame, in the evening, I fetch a handful and throw them away. I don't want to see any of them in the morning, send up a brilliant flame, and the whole room is filled with a delicious odor.'

Qualities of a Successful Salesman. From the Chicago Herald. To be a successful salesman in a large retail store a man must be a pleasant actor. He must possess a personal magnetism, and above all, he must always keep his temper. There must be a smile, the man who the clerk must have a smile, the man who always expects to be congratulated on his work, and the weather send to whom the clerk must say: 'Is this hot enough for you?' To address this query to a wrong man would be very disastrous. There are others who have smoked the same brand of cigars for years. They enter the door of a quarter or half dollar, pick up their cigars, and depart without a word.

PROGRESSIVE BANKERS. (To the Editor of The World.) Sir: I yesterday had a one pound note of the Union bank of Newfoundland. I

Canada's Disposition. Bishop Cleary is now looking forward to the re-opening of Regisopolis college at Kingston. Downs in Pictou, N. S., a new liberal paper called the News has been started. The medical department of the University of London was opened on Tuesday, but the number of students who presented themselves is not stated.

Bro. George Matthews did a noble and generous thing for the church at Lindsay, in cancelling a lease valued at \$2,048, and handing it over to the trustees. So says the Baptist. The Tizer is responsible for the rumor that Mrs. Finch, who had a stall in the London market, is not across the market any more, and that \$400 of her husband's money left with her.

The Grand Trunk talks of building a new station at Guelph, between the G. W. R. and the present station. This is not so convenient as at present. The Mercury was in connection with the Credit Valley. The Bishop of Huron has appointed Rev. Mr. Gollmer, late of England, to be assistant minister at the Chapter house in London, and Rev. Mr. Gollmer, late of England, to be assistant minister at the Chapter house in London, and Rev. Mr. Gollmer, late of England, to be assistant minister at the Chapter house in London.

A Deserted Husband and a Wife. From the Montreal Herald. A dark featured, rather good-looking man last night entered the Tynesville district police station and in an excited tone asked the services of an officer to arrest his wife, who he claimed had eloped with another man. When his excitement had subsided somewhat he told the following story, which he professed by stating that his name was Professor Slowman, and his home New York: On Jan. 4, 1882 he was wedded to a beautiful Canadian girl, aged 18 years. He is an actor and spends much of his time away from home. Two months ago he went to England to fulfill a professional engagement and returning he stopped at Providence to play an engagement at the Theatre comique. On Friday last, while at Providence, he received a telegram stating that his wife had eloped with another man, and that she was now in Philadelphia. He was informed that unless he procured a warrant nothing could be done, and as that case in Hamilton will be written 'in the door of the Cromwellian Sabotage.' If the rich church-goer may keep his coachman at work on Sunday, and from church, the poor man should not be permitted to employ the poor man's carriage, the street car.

HEALTH IS WEALTH. Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a guaranteed specific for Epilepsy, Dizziness, Headaches, Nervousness, Neuritis, Migraine, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Weakness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to insanity, and other ailments. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all these ailments. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all these ailments. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all these ailments.

THE LIBERAL. When the status in honor of the late Hon. George Brown is erected, it will be in memory of a man who had a great deal to do with the party in 1868. It will be in memory of a man who had a great deal to do with the party in 1868. It will be in memory of a man who had a great deal to do with the party in 1868.

JACOBS OIL. THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM. Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frostbit Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. WILL CURE OR RELIEVE BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, AND ALL OTHER AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

15000 FORFEIT! Having examined carefully the reports of all others, and after thousands of tests of the most complicated and severe cases of cough, I have felt justified in offering to forfeit One Thousand Dollars for any case of Cough, colds, sore throat, influenza, hoarseness, bronchitis, consumption in its early stages, whooping cough and all diseases of the throat and lungs, except Asthma, for which we only claim relief, that we can't cure with West's Cough Syrup, when taken according to directions. Sample bottles 25 and 50 cents; large bottles one dollar. Genuine wrappers only in blue. Sold by all druggists or sent by express on receipt of price. JOHN C. WEST & CO., sole proprietors, 81 and 83 King Street East, Toronto, Ont.

KIDNEY-WORT FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION. No other medicine is so powerful in its action as this. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all these ailments. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all these ailments. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all these ailments.

TORONTO ARTIFICIAL LEG AND ARM CO. Received the only medal and first prize for Artificial Leg and Arm in the Dominion of Canada for 1910. Sent for Circular.

SHAPTESBURY HALL. A Public meeting will be held at SHAPTESBURY HALL, on Thursday evening Oct. 5, at eight o'clock, on the occasion of the opening of the Shaptesbury Coffee House.

PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BROOKLYN. Low Rates. Liberal Settlements. TORONTO BRANCH, WILLIAM FAHEY, AGENT.

MERCHANT TAILORS. SAMUEL FRISBY, SCIENTIFIC TROUSER MAKER, 249 YONGE ST.

N. P. CHANEY & CO. FEATHERS AND MATRASS RENOVATORS, 230 King Street East.

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5000 REWARD! We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Biliousness, and all other ailments. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all these ailments. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all these ailments. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all these ailments.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. WILL CURE OR RELIEVE BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, AND ALL OTHER AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

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BUTLER PITTSSTON COAL. ELIAS ROGERS & CO. TORONTO.

Fuel Association Property. On Esplanade St., Between Berkeley and Princess Sts. from JAMES C. MOGEE & CO.

THE TORONTO WORLD. The only One Cent Morning Paper in Canada. 25c PER MONTH, 93c PER YEAR.

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