Huron Signal.

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AN EXCITING SCENE.

A Supposed Abductor Fired at by a Rival—A Bad Shot—His Sweetie Hits Him and Nearly Kills a Child—The Rival Found in a Burning House—The Excursive Given Chase and Captured—His Man on York Street—A Woman the Cause of the Trouble.

Yesterday about a quarter to twelve an exciting occurrence took place on the corner of John and Main streets. It appears that on Monday night a young man named Oscar Foster, who hails from Carlisle, put up at Sweyzie's hotel with a young woman, the pair registering as man and wife. The landlord had his suspicions concerning the relations of the young couple, from the fact that the man had several months previously been in the hotel with another woman, but on questioning him he was assured that the present partner was actually Foster's wife. On Tuesday morning the mother and brother of the girl arrived and told their story to the landlord. They said that the girl was the inheritor of considerable property and they had fears that the ceremony of matrimony had not been performed. Whether the young fellow saw the mother or not is not known, but he certainly took an early opportunity to leave with his horse and buggy and girl. He was tracked to another hotel near the station, but no further could be found that he had left town. In the evening he returned to the hotel where he had first put up, taking his valise, but the mother-in-law had secured a stand of him, and he left without that useful appendage. This morning, about eleven o'clock, Detective Macpherson, with the brother of the supposed injured female, whose name is Sophia Marie Gammage, and who is said to have property amounting to $6,000 and to be under age, proceeded to search for the parties. On driving up John street, when nearly opposite the Court House, a man in a buggy passed them, and the brother immediately called out

"THAT IS THE MAN!"

Detective Macpherson jumped out and called on Foster to stop, but this challenge was only met by the application of whipcord to the horse, which started off, and the corner of Main and John streets was promptly turned. At the northwest corner stands Hiby's saloon, and when Foster refused to stop the detective

DREW HIS REVOLVER

and fired, he says, into the ground. Whether this was the case or not, remains to be proved. There is, however, one thing certain, a child in Mr. Hiby's upstairs room saw the flash of a pistol and a bullet came through the western window, striking the wall, upsetting some things in a bracket, and

NARROWLY ESCAPING KILLING

a baby of ten months old who was sitting there. The man who was fired at drove rapidly up Main street and Macpherson returning to the buggy of the girl's brother, started in pursuit. After driving out as far as the Wayfarer's Inn and finding that the fugitive had not passed that way, Macpherson returned to the city, and when on York street near Caroline, he

SAW HIS MAN

driving towards him in his buggy. To jump out was the work of a moment, and though Foster whipped up his horse Macpherson pluckily grabbed his head, forced him on to the sidewalk and secured his man, depositing him eventually in the station. The girl was then secured, being found waiting in Sweyzie's Hotel, and the irate mother-in-law also appeared on the scene. Meantime the girl goes home with her mother and Foster remains in custody.—*Hamilton Times.*

SLEEP ENDING IN DEATH.

The Remarkable Case of Robert Musterman, who Slept for a Week and Died.

Robert Musterman, of Flatlands, L. I., who went to sleep on Wednesday a week ago and could not be awakened, died the following Wednesday at two o'clock. Musterman, who was a native of Germany, and about 29 years of age, was employed by Tax Collector Baisley, of Flatlands, to do work about the farm. Being extraordinarily strong, he was able to do the work of two ordinary men. Musterman was in the habit of drinking a great deal of strong liquor after his day's work. On Wednesday night of last week Musterman retired to bed at ten o'clock. On Thursday morning, as he did not arise as usual, Mr. Baisley went to his room to awake him. Musterman had the appearance of a man in a sound sleep, and Mr. Baisley shook him roughly, but could not awake him. Dr. Bowlsby, of East New York, applied restoratives without effect. On Friday Dr. Ingraham, of Flatbush, was called, and he, too, was unable to awake Musterman from his Rip Van Winkle-like sleep. Dr. Ingraham thought it was a case of apoplexy, the result of drinking too much strong liquor. He ordered beef tea and nourishing diets to be forced down the sleeping man's throat. No change was noticed in Musterman's condition until Monday. Then his eyes opened for a few minutes and closed again. Much interest was taken in this sleeping phenomenon. Musterman lay in the garret of Mr. Baisley's storey and-a-half house on the Canarsie road. He seemed to sleep calmly, uncovered, and perspired freely. Before his death he gasped convulsively a few times, but did not awake. He had been sleeping six days and four hours.

A PROFLIGATE PASTOR.

The Rev. Mr. Baylis, of Owasco, Departs With His Neighbor's Wife—He Appears in Hamilton.

For some few days past a man and woman, who registered their names as Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone, have been staying at one of the hotels in the city. There was nothing unusual about them and nothing was suspected till the man tried to sell a horse and buggy for a sum considerably below its value. This aroused the suspicion of the detectives and the parties were watched. At last it was discovered in a New York paper that a Rev. Mr. Baylis, of Owasco, had left for parts unknown with the wife of a neighbor named Phœnix, and on being accosted by the detectives of being that person Mr. Gladstone *alias* Baylis confessed. The detectives, with their usual zeal, at once took the man into custody on the charge of stealing the horse and buggy, but on telegraphing to Owasco it was discovered that they were his own and the zeal of the detectives came to nought. Mrs. Phœnix says she prefers Baylis to her husband, and the pair left Hamilton for parts again unknown.—*Hamilton Times.*

Improved Method of Execution.

It is not surprising that from time to time attention is recalled to the barbarous nature of the mode of executing the death-penalty in this country. Hanging by the neck till the criminal is dead is obviously a relic of barbarism; it is the most primitive, the most barbarous, the least prompt and uniform and certain of the modes of execution which have been or could be devised. If the object of an execution nowadays be to insure the rapid and certain death of the criminal without any probability of intervening accidental delay, or torture, hanging by a cord, and trusting to the rough adjustment of weight and fall which the "eye and experience" of an ignorant hangman can afford, is the most fallible of methods, and must of necessity from time to time lead to painful scenes of torture. The guillotine is, perhaps, of all existing European methods of legal execution the most rapid and certain; but without proposing any one substitute on our own responsibility—whether the carbonic acid chamber, the massive electric discharge or any other method—it is certain that any scientific man or commission could very speedily devise a prompt and bloodless certain mode of execution which should be free from the clumsiness and uncertainty of hanging. The retention of this ancient relic of past barbarism is not creditable to our jurisprudence.—*British Medical Journal.*

NEXT YEAR'S PROVINCIAL SHOW.—Some inconvenience, says an Ottawa correspondent, is likely to arise next year owing to the fact that the Provincial Exhibition, to be held at Hamilton, and the Industrial Exhibition at Toronto will, unless the dates be changed, overlap. The Toronto Association have decided to hold their exhibition during the two middle weeks of September, under the expectation that the Provincial would be held as usual during the last week. By the decision, however, of the Agricultural and Arts Association at their recent annual meeting to continue their Exhibition next year for two weeks, the first week of the Provincial will fall upon the last week of the Toronto. The Toronto people are much excited over the prospects.

ABOUTHER MISSING GIRL.—A young girl named Martha Philpott, between fourteen and fifteen years of age, the daughter of Mr. Richard Philpott, Union, disappeared from her home on Monday afternoon about four o'clock and has not since been heard of. She was an intelligent, good girl, and no one can account for her disappearance. This reminds one of the girl Maggie McVey, the Yarmouth girl, who has been missing from her home for six months. Although $1,000 are offered for her discovery, no tidings has since been heard of her.

Grouping up the Sisters.

In the coolly falling twilight
Of a sultry sunny day,
With a quiet step I entered
Where the children were at play:
I was bringing o'er some trouble,
That had met me unawares,
When a voice came ever sweetly
Through the room upon my ears,
"Ah! it looked so like a picture
With a bonnet and fair divine,
And such a sweet face nestled
Amid such a mass of golden;
And I wished I was your darling,
When I saw the little measure
Slowly creeping up the stairs.

Step by step she bravely clambered
On her little hands and knees,
Keeping up a constant chattering
Her sweet baby fancies,
Till at last she reached the topmost,
When o'er all her world's affairs
Baby, darling, stood a victor,
After creeping up the stairs.

Pointing heart, behold an image
Of man's toilsome and struggling life,
Whose best prizes must be captured
With a patient, earnest strife;
Ough, upward reaching over,
Heeding to the weight of cares,
Hoping, fearing, still repeating,
We go creeping up the stairs.

On their steps may be no carpet,
By their side may be no rail;
Hands and knees may often gain us
And the heart may almost fail;
Still above them is the glory
Which no sinfulness impairs,
With its rest and joy forever,
After creeping up the stairs.

WITHERED BOUQUET.

A gay party of young people were playing croquet upon the smoothly-shaven lawn of Godfrey Stanmore's aristocratic country seat.

The shining waters rolled at the foot of the lawn, and many a hard-hit ball sprang over the light iron fence to float merrily down the sunny ripples.

Over the heads of the players stately trees met to shade them from the rays of the July sun.

Ethel Stanmore, only child and heiress of this estate, was leader and chief promoter of all the gay meetings for miles around.

It was her ingenuity that contrived outdoor theatrical and tableaux, with natural scenery for background and wings.

It was Ethel who made up the most delightful of pic-nics and the gayest of parties.

She was always discovering cozy little nooks for luncheons, tiny, half-hidden waterfalls for artists, berry patches for the girls, and brooks for the boys.

Nobody had such ferneries and aquaria, such mosses and hanging baskets, as Ethel. She was pretty, too, in a graceful winning form, and was lively, good-tempered, and a little bit of a coquette.

Suitors were certainly not wanting to encourage this vanity, and the gay little lady fluttered from one pleasure to another, certain of attention and devotion wherever she moved.

As she knocked the croquet balls about, on the sunny afternoon of which I write, one of the most devoted cavaliers, playing against her, was evidently much absorbed in studying the effect of green and gold, as illustrated by the little beauty's ribbons and curls.

He was a tall young man, broad-chested, strong-limbed, with curling brown hair and large blue eyes, and a mouth uniting strength and sweetness in a rare degree, as his disposition united a man's power with the spirit of a boy.

He could meet Ethel Stanmore upon equal ground of position, wealth and birth, and a very promising flirtation had sprung up between them.

Lookers on wondered if this was to be a match, or only one of Ethel's amusements, and Harold Goldy himself set his teeth hard at some of the careless coquettishness that bodied ill for the success of his suit. With all the strength of a nature that was sincere and earnest, in spite of surface merriment, the young man loved the pretty blonde, reading the sweetness of her disposition, and the sterling good qualities of her heart and mind, as yet, untried by any of life's rough diselline.

He waited, hoped and trusted that he could win the heart he coveted, and he sued for it with a patient, manly devotion, willing to give all homage to the weaker one, yet never cringing if scorely tried by Ethel's careless manner.

The game was over and another was being formed, when Ethel pleaded fatigue and ran into the house, leaving Harold fast bound by the mallet he had taken, believing she would be his partner.

In the wide, cool drawing-room the young girl threw herself into a deep arm-chair and was half asleep before she detected a figure half hidden by the window curtains.

"Aunt Grace," she cried, springing forward. "I did not know you had returned from town."

"Two hours ago, dear."

"Way, auntie, you have been crying. You have heard bad news?"

"No, dear; no news of any kind."

"And you have my bouquet in your hand," said the young girl in a wondering voice. "I thought you did not like the roses."

"I found this on the table."

"Yes; Harold brought it to me, and tossed it down here when we went to play croquet. I have had to dodge Harold all day, auntie," she added, laughing; "he is bent on making a proposal, and I am not ready for one."

"Oh, Ethel, my dear child, do not trifle with him. If you do not love him dismiss him at once. Human hearts were never made for playthings, and you may find, too late, your own bruised and bleeding. I know the temptation youth, beauty and wealth are to a careless nature, for I was like you twenty years ago. Sit here, darling, and I will tell you why I was weeping over your bouquet of roses."

Ethel took a low seat beside her aunt to listen, and after a moment's pause, Grace Stanhope spoke:

"I was about your own age, Ethel, nearly nineteen, when I met George Holmes, a young artist, whose name now has obtained world-wide celebrity. He was even then known as an artist of great talent and promise, and society opened her doors to receive him.

"I scarcely know how to describe him to you. Shy in manner, he could be won by interest in his subject to a complete self-forgetfulness, that would betray him into positive eloquence. With a gentle courtesy and modesty, he was yet manly and dignified when occasion required.

"I was then, like yourself, an heiress, petted and courted, and really believing in my own heart that I was a little above the rest of humanity in virtue of my pretty face, my accomplishments and my well-filled purse.

"I had suitors and friends, and I flirted away their respect in more than one case. It gave me a pleasant sense of power to lead my lovers on to a proposal, and then mortify their vanity and crush their hopes by a refusal. A paltry ambition that brought its punishment, for it was not many weeks after I met him that I found I loved George Holmes with all the strength of my heart.

"He never flattered me, yet a word or look of approval from him would please me as no honeyed speech had ever done before. He was respectful to me as a woman, but never paid subservient homage to my position and wealth. I think he knew that I was not the vain butterfly of fashion others believed me, and the thought of this roused all that was true in my nature.

"In his presence I dropped my vanity and coquetry, and tried to meet his own mental powers, and pure, high-toned conversation. He taught me some of the delight knowledge that art gives to the sight of a fine painting or piece of sculpture.

"He trained my eyes for me till every flower, every sunset, every sight in nature acquired a new beauty.

"He guided me through higher walks of literature than I had attempted alone. He loved me and he won my love.

"Yet during all the months of intercourse that bound our hearts together, George had never said to me, 'I love you,' and, sure as I felt of his affection, I kept my own love hidden till some word of his gave me the guarantee to speak.

"It was not coquetry that kept me silent, Ethel, but the modesty of true, pure love.

"We had come to town for the winter, and I met George Holmes constantly, at home and abroad. When my uncle and guardian told me that this young artist had been offered a most desirable and lucrative commission for a painting that would require him to go to Italy for two, perhaps three years.

"I was sure he would speak then. It could not be that he would leave home for years, and give me no word of love at parting.

"We were preparing for a large party at home when the servant had made me a bouquet of tea roses with Mr. Holmes' compliments.

"I loved tea roses then Ethel, and the creamy, half-opened buds, the bright leaves, the deep tinted hearts of the flowers, all seemed fanning hope on me, so I sat in my room inhaling their perfume and thinking of the giver.

"It seemed to me a promise of all I hoped and wished that I should receive the lovely gift, and amid my tender thoughts I resolved to drop all my careless manner, all my flirting, heartless tricks, when I was assured this noble, true heart was all my own.

"Never was I more careful of my dress than on the evening of the party to which I referred.

"My choicest jewels, my richest silk, did duty for that occasion, and I dressed my hair as George liked it best, and wore the color heotherings was most becoming.

"I was still at my post as hostess, receiving my first arriving guest, as he came in.

"I saw, as he advanced to meet me, that he was very pale, and his eyes were fixed upon my face as if he would read my very soul.

"I smiled as I greeted him, my heart full of hope.

"He took my hands in his own, looked at them a moment, again searched my face with strange, wild eyes, and abruptly turned from me and left the room.

"All through the long evening I watched for his return, but he did not come.

"When I was alone in my room once more I took the bouquet from my dressing table, wrapped it in soft tissue paper, and put it in a box.

"Then with tears and sadness I put it away, as we bury our dead.

"He would come no more.

"I knew that the silent parting was final one, though I could not guess its meaning.

"Yet I did not doubt him even then, believing some grave reason existed for his silence, and waiting till time should reveal the truth to me.

"I heard of his departure for Italy, and two years later I heard of his marriage.

"On that day I opened my box for the first time, to throw away the flowers I no longer had the right to cherish.

"They were withered away, and I saw for the first time what the flowers and leaves had hidden with such fatal security.

"Tied in the very heart of the bouquet was a letter and a diamond ring.

"He had written to me asking my love and telling me his own, and he begged me, if I could be his wife, to wear the ring when I met him in the evening.

"But the sting, Ethel, the punishment in the letter, were words telling me he dared not speak to me face to face, because my reputation was that of a coquette, who laughed at her suitors when they offered their love.

"Yet he wrote that he thought me wronged and begged me to prove to him I was not the heartless flirt people called me.

"And when he came to me, Ethel, I smiled in his face and offered him my hand with no ring he had given me upon it.

"Do you wonder he left me believing all he had heard of my false heart and cruel coquetry? Do you wonder the sight and perfume of a tea rose has made my heart faint since the day when I discovered how it had hidden me from the happiness of my life?

"I never saw George Holmes again. He is happy in Italy with his wife and children. I am an old woman now, and I can bending over a bouquet of roses that remind me of the past."

"Tear it apart," Ethel said, in a low voice.

"See it my fate is there."

"No, darling, there is no ring here, no letter; but yet I tell you my story as a warning. There are fortune-hunters, I know, who would woo any rich girl, but they need not gain the triumph of debasing your heart by leading you through the mazes of a flirtation."

"Quiet dignity will soon teach them their hopes are vain."

"Yet, if a true heart is in your grasp, do not play with it. Gently discourage it if the plea is a vain one; if not, as you value your own happiness, do not trifle with a love you return."

"But, auntie, you were not to blame if you did not know the letter was hidden among the flowers."

"Not for that, but for the conduct that prevented George from speaking to me for fear of heartless trifling."

There was a grave-faced lady returned to the croquet ground, and Harold Goldy wondered what had happened while he was knocking the balls around with more energy than good temper.

It did vexatious him to see the bright face clouded, and he watched an opportunity to suggest a short ramble into the woods, hoping to secure an explanation of the cause.

What was said exactly history does not record, but Ethel whispered to her aunt as she kissed her good night.

"The new ring is Harold's, auntie, I did not let him bury his heart in a withered bouquet."

The other day a sharp looking youth walked up quickly to the counter of the post-office in a country town, and emptying a bag of coppers thereon, asked the clerk, who was attending to other customers, for a dollar's worth of one cent stamps. "Oh, you be hoshered!" was the answer. "That's not a legal tender; it is all copper." "Why is a legal tender, then?" asked the boy. "Why, one cent is a legal tender for a one cent stamp." "Oh!" exclaimed the youth, "is it? Come on, then," passing a coin from the bag; "I want a one cent stamp, please." The clerk gave him one. "Another, please." A second was given him. "Ano—" "Here, stop that," the clerk said. "Give me the money. It will be the shortest way to get rid of you." After counting the money, he gave the value thereof in stamps to the lad, who was heard to mutter: "I thought I would tire him out."

Gen. Sir Fenwick Williams, K. C. B., arrived in Montreal on Friday evening and proceeded on Saturday morning to Ottawa. He was accompanied by Major and Mrs. Benwinton, the former having been dispatched by His Excellency the Governor-General to the wife of his Montreal. The hero of Kars begins to bear the mark of years. He is much thinner than when he visited Montreal last, while his form is visibly bent and his step feebler than of yore. A special palace car was placed at his disposal by the Grand Trunk Railway. The General is the guest of His Excellency the Governor-General.

GOING FROM HOME FOR NEWS.—The statement comes from a Manitoba paper, on the authority of a leading Mennonite visiting that province, that the Township of Waterloo was purchased from the Canadian Government about eighty years ago for the sum of $130,000. The price was all paid in gold, which was conveyed by seven riflemen on horseback, through the forests, from Pennsylvania to Niagara, which was at that time the seat of the Canadian Government. Nothing like going from home for news.

Seeing a servant rushing out of a London house for medical aid, a rascal said: "I am a doctor," and obtained access to the room of a sick child. He feigned to minister to him for hours, read prayers by his bedside, and then, descending into the dining room and taking advantage of the carelessness wrought by the approach of death, took a good meal and decamped with all the portable property he could lay hands on.

Fellow-travellers with Mrs. General Grant on the Tokio say that her favorite color for her dresses is black, that she likes cashmere and that she believes she has done her duty toward the most fastidious of company when she wears a black silk dress.

Jas. Gay, the Guelph master minded poet, has been presented with a medal. One side of the medal bears the following inscription:—"James Gay, Guelph, 1879, poet laureate, by permission of our Queen, the Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise."

Grant was welcomed at San Jose yesterday by an immense crowd. In a speech he said he was prouder of this reception than of his reception by sovereigns and princes of the world.

THE INTERNATIONAL PARK.

An Important Project on Foot at Last—Niagara Falls and their Beautification.

As briefly announced in our issue of Saturday, Hon. O. Mowat, Premier of Ontario, with three of his colleagues, Hon. T. B. Pardee, Hon. G. W. Fraser, and Hon. A. S. Hardy, proceeded to the Falls for the purpose of going over the ground proposed to be included in the reserve, preliminary to meeting a committee of the New York State Legislature appointed to confer with them as to the project of having the grounds on either side of the Falls bought and formed into an International Park. Stipendiary Magistrate White met the party, and drove them around to see the property necessary to be bought for the purpose of carrying out of the scheme. On the Canadian side the following properties might have to be bought:—First, the house and part of the land owned by Mr. John T. Bush; second, the Buchanan estate, consisting of several tenements; third, the Bel Davis property, which includes the museum, Prospect House, and Table Rock Hotel; and fourth, the Bleeds and the Burning Spring. The property of Mr. Sutherland Maclean, the boundary line would run from the Clifton side of the Bush property to beyond the Burning Spring, and would include the land to a short distance beyond the top of the hill. Mr. Hill is said to have estimated that these various properties would be about $400,000. The State of New York would probably have to expend $1,000,000. They would have to acquire, first, the paper mill above the fall owned by Mr. L. C. Woodruff, of Buffalo; second, Prospect Park; third, Goat Island, the property of the Porter family; fourth, the Cataract Hotel property, situated between Canal street and the river; fifth, Witmer's old mill; sixth, T. Tuphy's property, consisting of stores and a large parlor above curiosity shop; seventh, Hill & Murray's pulp mill; and eighth, A. Porter's machine shop. The properties all lie between Canal street in the Town of Manchester, and the rapids. The boundary of the proposed reserve on the American side, therefore, would run from the upper or new Suspension Bridge along Canal street to a point immediately above the rapids. It is not proposed to convert the land to be acquired on either side into what is commonly meant by the term "park." The object will be rather to restore the ground as far as may be to its original form, and to keep it in that state. It is proposed to plant trees on the portions of land cleared of buildings, and to sow grass seeds where necessary. On the brow of the hill which would bound the proposed park on the Canadian side of the river trees should also be planted, so that the reserve would be completely cut off from any buildings that might afterwards be erected.

On Saturday two conferences took place between the members of the Ontario Government and the Commissioners from New York State, the first at the Cataract House, on the American side of the river, the second at the Clifton House, on the Canadian side. We gave the names of the members of the Ontario Government who were present at the outset. The New York State Commissioners were:—Lieut.-Governor Dorsheimer; President Barnard, of Geneseo Normal School; Mr. Thos. Lee Geddes, Syracuse, N. Y.; Mr. Francis A. Stout, New York. Along with the Commissioners were Mr. James T. Gardner, Secretary of the New York State Survey, Albany; and Mr. Fred. Law Wasted, well-known as the designer of a number of the finest public parks in the United States and Canada, including Central Park, New York; Prospect Park, Brooklyn; the park at Montreal, beside others. It is understood that a sort of programme or plan of proposed operations was submitted for consideration, and that it was agreed, *inter alia*—1st, that no effort be made to make the lands into a park, but rather that the natural characteristics of the locality be restored and preserved, as far as practicable, and that the grounds be thrown open to all, subject to such regulations as may be deemed requisite; 2nd, that the islands in the river and a strip of land on each side of it should be acquired and that the latter should be planted with trees so as to form a belt sufficiently dense to shut out all incongruous objects; and, 3rd, that a toll to defray cost of improvements and maintenance should be levied, but that such other fees as are at present collected—unless, perhaps, for special services, such as guides—should be abolished. It seemed to have been a general agreement as to the desirability of the proposed scheme, provided the cost of it should not be too great. In this latter connection it at once occurs that, the project being national and not provincial alone, the whole Dominion should bear the cost if the scheme is to be carried out.

A Brutal Outrage.

About ten o'clock on Sunday morning, a young woman, about twenty-four years of age, was found lying in an apparently dying condition at the foot of Brock street, Toronto, near the Northern Railway track. She was at once taken to the Western Police Station. Dr. Sprague was immediately brought to her aid; restoratives were administered, and in a short time she was sufficiently recovered to make the following statement: She came to Toronto from Hamilton on Thursday last with a young man, who took her to a house of ill-fame in Brock street. They remained together until Saturday, when they left, and moved to a house in the west end of the city. While there her companion deserted her. In the evening, as she was walking on the street, she was met by a man who took her to a vacant lot in the Crescent Commons, where ten other men were congregated. During the night they all became drunk and treated her most brutally. Towards morning she succeeded in making her escape, but on reaching Brock street was so exhausted that she fell to the ground. The unfortunate woman is an inmate of the Western station last night. She was in a very low condition at a late hour. The poor creature gave her name as Margaret Johnson.

Commercial and Industrial Notes.

In the Indianapolis Rail Mill the workmen's pay has been advanced ten per cent.

The Ashland Iron Mill of Baltimore, after a long rest, has resumed work with four hundred hands.

"Hops of admirable quality and flavor grow," says the Selkirk *Inter-Ocean*, "in that part of the country in profusion, without cultivation. We have seen samples growing wild which measure two and a half inches from stem to tip."

The famous Comstock lode, which has enriched the whole Pacific coast, and has added nearly $200,000,000 to the bullion supply of the world, is only about a mile and a half long.

They make water melons preserve in Georgia.

Grass is growing in the streets and alleys of Memphis.

Here is a chance for inventors. A Buffalo grape sugar company offers $10,000 "for any appliance to our boilers that will consume smoke and not diminish the quantity of steam now obtained."

Lord Kilmorey, whose large estate lies in Midland County, England, being "desirous of testing how far the letting value of his farms has been affected," has served notices on all his tenants, as the only conclusive method of obtaining the information he desires is "to throw the farms into the market and see what they will fetch." *Truth* makes this comment: "The farmers where this property lies have been working at a loss for sometime past, as the American competition has seriously affected their market. Cheese has been sold lately at a reduction of over 50 per cent., the crops are wretched, and the turnips even worse. It may well be imagined, therefore, the dismay with which Lord Kilmorey's exasperating circular has been received."

London has a Church and Stage Guild, with Charles Reade for a leading member, and the following objects: 1. To promote religious and social sympathy between the members of the church and of the stage. 2. To hold meetings for these purposes from time to time, at which papers may be read and questions discussed of common interest to the members of the Guild. 3. To meet for religious worship at least once a year.

The season is approaching when the man who has toiled hard all summer, living close and saved a few dollars, will be warned that it is his duty to whack up with some poor man who worked when he pleased and lived as high as he could.

Mr. Jas. Murray, formerly of London, has been promoted to the position of Superintendent of the Chicago, Pekin & South Western Railway.

DEADWOOD IN ASHES.

An Extensive Conflagration Yesterday—Nearly Two Hundred Buildings Destroyed.

DEADWOOD, Montana.—At two o'clock this morning a fire broke out, which consumed almost the entire business portion of the city. Thousands are homeless and in a destitute condition, and the loss is roughly estimated at $1,500,000 to $2,000,000; little or no insurance.

One hundred and eighty-five buildings were laid in ashes. The fire department was very inefficient one, and the fire spread with wonderful rapidity. All along its course terrific explosions of gunpowder, petroleum and liquor were frequent. Buildings were blown into atoms. The hook and ladder apparatus and hose carriage were the first to burn, leaving nothing but a few feet of worthless hose with which to battle the devouring element. The new water works were put to their full capacity, but with little success in subduing the flames, on account of the scarcity of water. The hill sides were already a solid sheet of flame, and water from the boulder ditch could not be had, otherwise considerable property would probably have been saved, as the ditch ran almost directly over the worst spot. The wildest excitement prevailed on account of the fearful force of the flames. People thought of little besides saving their own lives. Hundreds escaped with only their night clothes on and every team within miles of the city has been called into service to help save what could be got out.

There are probably 2,000 people homeless and many are destitute.

The fire is still burning, but all its material is exhausted and there is no danger of its spreading unless an unfavorable change in the wind occurs.

RESULTS OF A REVIVAL.

A Converted Husband Runs Away with the Converted Wife of an Unrepentant Sinner.

Not very long ago a Gospel tent was pitched in a village not a hundred miles from Newmarket. The preachers were zealous; their labors were successful; and they had the gratification of finding that a genuine revival of religion had begun. The revival spread. It took hold of stragglers; it excited the villagers; it even emptied the churches. One minister had the misery of finding that his entire congregation had been swept into the gospel tent on the revival wave. The church was empty for several Sundays, and while the revivalists were preaching to crowded and enthusiastic houses, the minister was looking to empty benches. His sorrow, however, had mingled with it one drop of joy. The excitement could not continue forever, it must subside, and when it did subside, people would return to the even tenor of their ways, no doubt wiser and better than ever. Presently the agitation did begin to flag and people went back to church and to business as before. Many, however, continued in the good path into which the revivalists had assisted to put them. Among these few were a lady and a gentleman—both married, but not to each other. The lady was "another's" and the gentleman was, well, some one else's. But the "another" to whom the lady was married and the "some one else" with whom the gentleman had been, by legal process, made one, were among the few who had resisted the simple eloquence of revivalist persuasiers. In other words, they were unconverted—and worse still, unrepentant. Their respective better halves endeavored to persuade them to forsake their wicked ways, but without success. What were the good two to do? They could not conscientiously live with their wicked partners. It was their duty to shun even the appearance of evil. Accidentally they discovered a liking for one another. They told their loves, and determined to desert the individuals they had sworn to love and obey, if the said individuals did not desert their evil courses. The latter desertion did not take place, so the former was resorted to, and the couple left the village. They have not been heard of since, and the unrepented but deserted husband and wife are searching anxiously for the converted but eloped wife and husband.

ALMOST FLECKED.

A Farmer's Adventure with a Thief.

A few days ago, as a farmer named David Blough, of the Township of King, was proceeding homeward from Toronto, late in the evening, he was overtaken by a pedestrian a little north of Cherry's tavern, who asked permission to ride with him as far as Thornhill. Mr. Blough acceded to his request, and the stranger ascended to the seat beside him. They had not proceeded far before the stranger produced a flask, and requested that he might be allowed to treat Mr. Blough for his courtesy in permitting him to occupy a place on the waggon. Mr. Blough drank some of the stuff, which he believes to have been drugged whiskey. It had scarcely passed his lips when an overpowering drowsiness seized him and he sank helpless to the bottom of the waggon. Strange to say, he retained his consciousness although his limbs were entirely paralyzed. His ungrateful passenger, without loss of time, proceeded to rifle his pockets, but fortunately Mr. Blough had taken the precaution to conceal the money which he realized on his load in a pocket in his shirt before leaving the city. The thief had just gathered until Saturday, when they left, and moved to a house in the west end of the city. While there her companion deserted her. In the evening, as she was walking on the street, she was met by a man who took her to a vacant lot in the Crescent Commons, where ten other men were congregated. During the night they all became drunk and treated her most brutally. Towards morning she succeeded in making her escape, but on reaching Brock street was so exhausted that she fell to the ground. The unfortunate woman is an inmate of the Western station last night. She was in a very low condition at a late hour. The poor creature gave her name as Margaret Johnson.

COLLISION ON THE GRAND TRUNK.

Two Engines and Twelve Cars a Total Wreck—Eight Coal Oil Cars Burnt, and a Tramp Fatally Hurt.

GUELPH, Ontario.—A collision occurred on the Grand Trunk Railway at 3.45 this afternoon between the city and Rockwood. It appears at present that a freight train going west caused a red signal for a special following, which was not noticed by the officials at the Guelph station nor by the men on the down train, which was waiting at the Guelph station to cross the up freight. The consequence was that the down train left here, and about four miles east met the up special. Both trains were running at full speed, but fortunately they were on a straight piece of track, so that the engineers had time to shut off steam, reverse their engines, and jump. Both engines are a total wreck, together with about twelve cars, eight of which, loaded with coal oil, were totally destroyed by fire. The rest were laden with merchandise.

A tramp stealing a ride, hailing from New Jefferson, Iowa, named Brackett, bound for Montreal, was jammed between two cars and had to be cut out. He was brought to Guelph and placed in the hospital, but there is no hope of his recovery.

Auxiliary trains were at once ordered from Toronto and Stratford to clear the track, and towards morning the line is expected to be clear for traffic.

A London, Ont., man travelling in Europe, writes: I was a good deal amused at first to see the amount of tobacco smoking which the natives of Belgium and Holland are able to accomplish. They must commence early in life, as I have seen boys who could not have been over six years of age walking along the main thoroughfares quietly puffing away at a long clay pipe, and no person seems to notice it or see anything uncommon in what Canadians would think was a clear case of juvenile depravity. This excessive indulgence in the use of tobacco may be the cause of the men being so dwarfish in stature.

The French are too polite to live, according to popular report, but when they are rude they beat the Dutch—and their wives. What would we think of one of our high financial magnates who would break chairs over his wife's back, smash her cheval-glass to pieces with a kick because she liked to dress before it, and, when asked for money, would knock her down and stuff bank bills into her mouth until she was half suffocated? Well, that is the way that Baron Belliere has been treating the Baroness, and the poor, pounded, thumped and half-choked lady has brought suit against him demanding a separation—and has obtained it, happily.

BARRIE ASSIZES.

The Milmur Murder—Trial of Chester Monroe for Killing Thomas Cook—The Prisoner Found Guilty and Sentenced to be Hanged on the 17th of October.

BARRIE, Ontario.—The criminal business of the Simcoe Fall Assizes was commenced on Friday before Mr. Justice Armour. Mr. Gwynne prosecuted on behalf of the Crown.

The first case was the Milmur murder. Chester Monroe, a respectable looking man, sixty years of age, middling tall, said by no means of an angry, but on the very contrary, wearing a peaceful demeanor, was placed in the dock. Mr. Lount, Q. C., defended the prisoner. The prisoner was indicted for having on the 20th June, 1879, feloniously, wilfully, and of malice aforethought killed and murdered one Thomas Cook in the Township of Milmur.

The prisoner, when arraigned last Tuesday, pleaded not guilty.

From the evidence given to-day it appears that on the evening of the 20th of June the prisoner, Chester Monroe and his wife, were on their way home from Mansfield when they met Thos. Cook overtook them, and said he would go to their house and have some tea. While Mrs. Monroe was pouring out the tea, Cook put his hand on her breast. The prisoner told him that was enough of that work; that he was welcome to his tea, and must pay his board in himself. Deceased wanted to know where he had his hands. Monroe said, "You know yourself that they were on my wife's breast." Cook sprang from the table and said, "It is a lie." His fists were clinched, and he looked as if he meant fight. He was told to stand back, but he still advanced with his right hand drawn back, as if to strike a blow. It was then that the prisoner took down a double-barrelled gun and shot Cook, as he (the prisoner) says in self-defence. After having committed the deed Monroe went and told Cook's father, who had the body removed to his own house. The prisoner then left for Rosemont to give himself up.

Mr. Lount; why defended the prisoner.

Mr. Ovrar replied on behalf of the Crown. He read the law on the case and told the jury he agreed with his learned friend to reduce the crime to manslaughter on account of the advanced age of the prisoner, but the evidence given by the several witnesses and the prisoner's own confession did not warrant the jury in coming to such a conclusion.

His Lordship then charged the jury.

At one o'clock the jury retired in charge of a constable to consider their verdict, and returned at 2.40 with a verdict of guilty.

Silence prevailed until His Lordship, addressing the prisoner, who had remained in the dock, asked him if he had anything to say why the sentence of the Court should not be passed upon him for the offence of which he had been found guilty.

The prisoner said he was not guilty of murder. What he had done was only in self-protection. He did not intend to shoot the deceased, but the cuff of his coat caught in the trigger, and the gun went off.

His Lordship said he made this statement at the proper time, when he made the statement to the Coroner, it might have led to a different verdict. He implored him to spend the time allotted to him in preparing to meet his God. His Lordship then passed sentence as follows: "That you, Chester Monroe, be taken hence to the place from whence you came, and from thence on the 17th day of October next to the place of execution, and there to be hanged by the neck until you are dead: and may the Lord have mercy on your soul."

During the passing of the sentence His Lordship was visibly affected, as also were both the counsel. On the contrary, the prisoner did not appear in the least moved, and at the close of the sentence walked to the jail in charge of a turnkey and a constable with a steady gait.

There was not a very great interest taken in this trial, the general impression being that, owing to the prisoner's age and the cause of the deed, he would only be found guilty of manslaughter.

FROM THE ARCTIC SEA!

News from the Jeannette Expedition.

NEW YORK, N Y.—A *Herald's* San Francisco special says: The Arctic steamer Jeannette arrived at St. Lawrence Bay, Behring's Strait, on August 25th, all well. The voyage from Onn, Alaska, to this place was made via St. Michael's, Alaska. We reached St. Michael's on August 12th, after a six days' run. We waited there for the supply schooner, which arrived on the 16th with coals and extra provisions. We took on board dogs, furs and supplies, except some surplus coals, and left for this place on the 21st, ordering the schooner to follow with the balance of the coal, and in order to take back the last news concerning the Nordenskjold and Jeannette. We arrived here after encountering a gale and heavy sea. The schooner arrived yesterday. We took on board a deck load of surplus coal to-day, and were ready to go north at once. We were very generously treated at St. Michael's by the agents of the Alaska Commercial Co., and by Mr. Kennedy, of the Western Fur & Trading Co., particularly the first named. Our officers and men are enjoying perfect health. The weather is very fine and warm, and there is no ice here, except the old land ice of last winter clinging to the shore line. There is every prospect of an open water in Arctic regions. Our work is progressing well. We hope to collect a very satisfactory mass of information regarding this little explored region. Two natives from St. Michael's accompany us as dog trainers. We have forty dogs on board. Our fur clothing has been served out, but is not needed, as the temperature is yet above 35 degrees even at night.

THE GREEN-EYED MONSTER.

Probable Murder and Suicide Through Jealousy.

NEW YORK, N Y.—A probable murder, followed by suicide, occurred soon after noon to day in Christopher street at the home of a German named Henry Von Garitchen. The occupant of the house had come out in the street, when he was met by John Sheehan, who drew a revolver and pointed it at Von Garitchen. Sheehan fired, and the ball penetrated the back of Von Garitchen's neck, causing a fatal wound. As the injured man fell, Sheehan shot himself in the right temple. Von Garitchen was carried into his own house, and Sheehan taken to the hospital in a dying condition. The fatal quarrel is believed to be the result

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Goderich, Aug. 28th, 1879.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH, OCT. 8TH, 1879.

THE CIRCULATION OF THE SIGNAL IN GODERICH AND SURROUNDING TOWNSHIPS IS LARGER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER PAPER.

RAILROADS.

We understand the Grand Trunk offers to ballast, stock and run a branch road from Clinton to Bayfield, providing the promoters of it will purchase the right of way, grade and tie it. This the people of Bayfield think they can do. The distance from Clinton to Bayfield by the proposed route is 9 miles, and it is expected the road can be built for about $50,000. It is thought, but this is doubtful, that this amount can easily be raised from the townships of Stanley and Goderich and from Clinton and Bayfield. It is also expected the Government will give the usual bonus. The route from Clinton to Bayfield is said to be very level, and a road could be easily built.

We should prefer to see a branch of the Great Western run from some point on their London line to Goderich *via* Bayfield. This would serve the purposes of Bayfield better than this one from Clinton as mentioned above. Say the G. W. R. start from Hensall and run as we have suggested, there should be no difficulty in getting aid from Stanly, Hay, Goderich township and town, and the several villages along the proposed route. The bridging of Bayfield river would be the most expensive part of this route. There is no doubt of the public good being advantageously served by this; the farming community would be particularly benefitted. The assistance such a road would give farmers along the proposed line in enabling them to more advantageously dispose of the small and perishable farm truck, would alone more than counterbalance the slight money disbursement they would be called upon to make in aid of the road. Of course the more easy access they would have to different markets for the disposal of staple cereals would be the main consideration.

The people of Goderich town are very anxious to have another railroad here. If the Great Western will seriously look into this matter, we have no doubt that any advances made to our town by this Company will be met in a cordial spirit by our Mayor and Council and the town generally. An important item in connection with the road would be the building of first class elevators here, with very large storage accommodation. Many handlers of western grain would prefer storing grain at Goderich, during the winter, to storing in Chicago or farther west. If an opportunity offered during the winter to move it, all right; if it remained here during the winter, it could be shipped eastward for ocean transit one month sooner from here, than if it had to be carried by lake from Chicago in the spring. And the railway running from here would have the chance of freighting it during the slackest portion of the year. For the shipping of western grain eastwards we offer the shortest route. Shorter than by Sarnia both as regards water freighting and rail. Were it not for the supineness of the managers of the G. T. R. or on account of their landed interests at Sarnia, hundreds of thousands of bushels of grain would, every year, enter our port and pass eastward. There is no manner of doubt but that the handling of western grain *via* Goderich can be more economically effected than by any other route. If we understand the temper of our citizens, and we think we do, they would be willing to pay handsomely, in the shape of pecuniary assistance, any road that will encourage the through trade by our port. As we have said, the speedy unloading and transmission of grain are what we chiefly desire. Then there is lumber trade that can be increased a thousand fold; while even now our salt shipments are not to be despised. There is as certain an assurance as there can be of any thing in this world, that the building of another railroad here would so develop these and other industries, that mutual remuneration would be the result. The municipalities, for the aid they would give, the railroad company for their outlay, and the Government for their assistance. In regard to getting Government aid the residents along this road, would have the very strongest claims. If brought from Hensall *via* Bayfield to Goderich a section of country would be tapped that has not as yet received Government assistance, and as one terminus will be at one of the great inland lakes, these circumstances would be in thorough accord with that part of John Sandfield Macdonald's railway policy which the Reform party did not condemn.

This demand for a railroad must not be taken to spring from a vicious desire to injure the G. T. R.; nor that we love it any the less; but that we desire the advancement of our town and the welfare of the adjacent municipalities still more.

We may be met with the statement that the G.T.R. Co. to Goderich do not get a carrying trade that will warrant the building of another road here; that if one road cannot get paying freights, how will two be profitable? Any one who will give the affair a few moments consideration, will easily conceive how this is possible.—Many cargoes of grain are now sent by lakes Erie and Ontario that would be sent by Goderich and thence by rail eastward, but that we have not got a railroad that will cultivate this trade. We are informed that the less expense for which western grain could be legitimately sent eastward by our route should be an effectual bar to a great deal of this trade going down the lake further and by the St Clair, or through Sarnia. Of this there can be no doubt. But then we want live interested parties to divert this traffic into this its natural channel. It seems nothing in the heavens above or the earth beneath will move our present effete G. T. R. authorities out of the rut they have dawdled into. We must not take their action in this matter as condemnation of our undoubted natural advantages. If the lightning from the heavens would not startle them out of their tracks, let us give them the electric shock of competition and we may re-vivify them. What road we shall have to effect this object, we care not. That we require one; that it will pay: that we will assist it are as patent as if they were registered facts.

QUEBEC.

The Legislative Council of Quebec met a week ago yesterday and received a message from the Lieut-Governor stating that he hoped some means would be found to enable them to pass the supply bill. The Council, however, adjourned without effecting this object. It would appear that the only solution of the difficulty will be by Mr. Joly asking for a dissolution. If the Governor should refuse this, it would look as though he were conspiring with the Counsel to defeat the popular branch of the legislature in their efforts to carry on the government of the Province. This sort of action by the executive would be what the Tories call "usefulness". We would call it obstructive foeyism.

Court of Assize.

Commenced in Goderich Tuesday 30th Sep. 1879, before Mr. Justice Galt. The following gentlemen were sworn as Grand Jurors;

Malcolm McDermid, foreman, and John Andrews, William Bell, James Duncan, Chas. Durnion, Adam Grey Wm. Hawkshaw, Hy Harding, James Little, Adam Menzies, James Mitchell, Wm. Morrison, And. McDonald, John Ranton, S. Rennie, T. Simpson, S. Skinner, A. Taylor, John Warnock. Their room was given in charge to constable Gooding.

CASES.

Dom. S. and I. Society *vs* Curran. This was an action of ejectment. Mr. E J. Park for Pffs. Mr. E. Campion for Dft. Verdict for Pff. Damage, one shilling.

Archibald *vs* Donohue. Action of ejectment. Cameron, Holt and Cameron for Pff, Mr. E. Campion for Dft. Verdict for Pff. One shilling damages.

Woods *vs* Treleavin. Action on common counts. Seager Wade and Morton for Pff. Cameron, Holt and Cameron for Dft. Verdict for $500, subject to award of I. F. Toms as referee.

Court adjourned at 5.30 P. M.

Wednesday Oct. 1st Court opened at 9.30 A. M.

McClinchie *vs* Stevenson. Action for seduction. J. T. Garrow for Pff, Davison and Johnston for Dft. The parties to this suit live in Stanley. Verdict by consent for $500. Immediate execution applied for and granted.

Trow *vs* Merner. Action on promisory note. Idington and Mickle for Pff. Mr. W. Miller for Dft. Verdict by consent for $1677.47.

Hilliard *vs* Leys *et. al.* Action for conversion of goods. Garrow and Meyer for Pff. Cameron, Holt and Cameron for Dfs. Postponed on application of Dft; they to pay costs of the day.

Wheatley *vs* Sharp. Action for seduction. Cameron, Holt and Cameron for Pff. Garrow and Johnston for Dft. Verdict for Pff for $250. The parties to this suit reside at Clinton.

Champion *vs* Old. Action of Trespass. J. T. Garrow for Pff. M. C. Cameron for Dft.—Postponed.

The Queen *vs* Jacob McGee. Grand Jury brought in Bill of guilty of assault with intent.

Henry *vs* McPherson. This was an action for seduction. Cameron, Holt and Cameron for Pff. B. L. Doyle for Dft. Verdict for $500 for Pff. The parties to this suit live in the township of Kinloss.

The Queen *vs.* J. H. Thompson. Mr. McGee, on behalf of the Crown, applied for a Bench Warrant against prisoner in an indictment for indecent assault—Granted.

The Queen *vs* Archibald Menzies. Mr. McGee for Crown. Cameron & Benson for Dft. Dft. pleaded guilty to an indictment for aggravated assault and a fine of one shilling recorded.

The Queen *vs* Jacob McGee. Mr. McGee for Crown. Mr. Garrow for Dft. Dft pleaded not guilty to indictment for aggravated assault. Mr. Garrow applied to have the case traversed to next Court of Oyer and Terminer, for this County—Granted. Jacob McGee Jr. entered in his own recognisance in sum of $100. J. McGee Sr. and Andrew Chesney in the sum of $500 each. These parties are from Tuckersmith.

The Queen *vs* James Howie, The Dft entered into his own recognizance in the sum of $100, that he would appear whenever notified to try his traverse upon the indictment for bigamy, to which he has pleaded guilty. This case was sent up from Exeter.

Kidd *vs* McDonald. Action on Pro. Notes. Mr. J. T. Garrow for Pff. Cameron, Holt and Cameron for Dft, verdict for Pff for $800, subject to a reference to Judge Toms, on the usual terms.

Thursday 2nd Oct. 1879. Court opened at 9:30.

Phillips *vs* Wrighton. Action on Common Counts. Paintiff's exhibits were letters of discharge dated 16 Aug 1879, written by Deft to Pff and several copies of *Huron Record* newspaper. Deft exhibited letters dated 7 Nov 1878 from Pff to Dft, and agreement between Pff and Dft. This case comes from Blyth. The plaintiff agreed to edit a newspaper in Blyth at $600 per year. A portion of this annual sum was to be allowed to go towards the Plaintiff acquiring a proprietory interest in the *Huron Record* newspaper. The Plaintiff had been dismissed, hence the action. In one of the letters put into court, the plaintiff in urging upon defendant to start the newspaper at Blyth, thus modestly refers to himself. "The influence of my pen has been felt in this neighborhood and without trumpeting my own ability, I am not second to any editor, in point of attainments, in our county". His Lordship at close of case ordered a verdict of non suit to be entered.

The Queen *vs* John Graham: The Gand Jury came into court with a "true bill" against prisoner for larceny. Mr. McGee moved for a Bench Warrant against prisoner, which was ordered to issue accordingly.

Lambert *vs.* Simmons. Action for breach of lease. Cameron, Holt and Cameron for Pff. B. L. Doyle for Dft. Verdict for Pff. damage one shilling.

McMulkin *vs* Whitney. Cameron and Benson for Pff. Mr. Chas, Seager Jr for defendant. This was an action of replevin. Verdict for Dft.

PRESENTMENT.

We the Grand jurors for our Sovereign Lady the Queen respectfully present, that in accordance with your Lordships instructions we have visited the Gaol and we found it exceedingly clean and well kept under the able supervision of its Governor, Mr. Dickson. There are now nine persons in confinement all being committed for minor offences. We feel truly grateful that in so populous a county as ours that the Criminal business before us has been so exceptionally light. We beg to thank your Lordship for your clear opening remarks to us, and the Crown Council Mr. Magee for his courtesy and attention. All of which is respectfully presented

MALCOLM McDERMID,
Foreman.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Mr. E. D. Carey, lately manager of Mr. Malcomson's law office at Brussels, has left there and is at present in town.

THE WEATHER.—Prof Tice says the hottest time is yet to come. Theology agrees with this prediction. The past week has been unusually warm for this time of year; the most delightful autumn weather the like of which "the oldest inhabitant remembereth not of."

PERSONAL.—G. W. Ross M. P., Model School Inspector, was in town on Friday and inspected the Goderich Model School—Mr. Malcolm McDermid, of Harpurhey, gave us a call during the sitting of the recent Court of Assize.

LEGAL ITEM.—Holmes *vs* Graham. This was an action brought by Dr T. G. Holmes, of Brussels, against Dr. Graham for slander. It was settled without going to Court. Dr. Graham tendering an ample and satisfactory apology acknowledging his statements to be unfounded, and agreeing to pay all costs.

GREAT REDUCTION IN TELEGRAPHING.—The Dominion Telegraph Co. have again reduced their rates. They will now send ten words for twenty cents to any part of the provinces of Ontario or Quebec and through the following American lines, viz.: the Ogdensburg and Oswego; also to the cities of Buffalo, Detroit and Oswego.—This company has been steadily cutting rates for the public good and should be supported. Their office is on the corner of West st. and Market Square. Every attention will be given patrons. Strict secrecy observed. No hangers-about allowed, all is business.

TAFFY.—"You hear through me I will not say from me, on high authority", says Lord Beaconsfield that Canada expects to completely and successfully beat the United States from the European markets". The rudest laborer in Canada gets from $3, to $4.50 per day". "Farmers are selling their property in the States and flocking to Canada". Sir. John A. Macdonald is the "high authority" referred to. As Canadians we can proudly point to the delightful article of "taffy" which Sir John took with him to England and gave Beaconsfield a taste of. Certainly in this article we can "beat the United States in the markets of England". And what will redound still more to our credit is the fact of "taffy" having hitherto been considered an almost exclusive American product. 'Ear, 'Ear.

LIGHTNING.—About 7:30 on Thursday evening during the storm, Mr. Robt. Young, of Colborne, was lying on a bed in his house when a vivid sheet of as it were molten lightning enveloped him, passed into the adjoining room, made its entrance behind an iron cased fire place, played high pranks with the chimney leaving it a mass of ruins as shattered as the walls of a conquered city or the ruins of an old castle. The brackets fastened to the chimney, the pictures and other surroundings were displaced and parched as though they had passed quickly through a fierce heat. No other damage was done, and Mr. Young thinks he had an almost miraculous escape from personal bodily injury.

VOTERS LISTS COURT.—Judge Squier has appointed the following times and places for holding Courts for revision of Voters Lists.

Township of Hay Monday 20 Oct at 2 o'clock at Varna, Tp. Stephen, Tuesday 21st at 3 o'clock at Crediton, Tp. Usborne, Wednesday 22nd at 10 o'clock at Elimville, Tp. Stanley, Saturday 25th at 2o clock, at Varna, Tp. Goderich, Wednesday 29th at 10 o'clock at Holmesville, Village of Bayfield, Thursday 30th Oct at 10 o'clock.

Judge Toms, will hold Courts, for revision, for Ashfield, at Orange Hall, Dungannon, Oct 10th, at 10 a. m., for Brussels, at Town Hall, Brussels, Oct 25th at 10, a. m., for Howick, at Orange Hall, Gorrie Oct 21 at 11, a. m., for Wingham, at Town Hall Wingham Oct. 20th, at 2 p. m. Wroxeter, at Town Hall, Wroxeter, Oct 21st, at 2, p. m.

OUR MEMBER.—Sir Richard Cartwright arrived in Brussels last Thursday evening. Notwithstanding the rain storm, about 200 persons welcomed him at the railway station. As the train approached the brass band struck up a lively air which was followed by rousing cheers as Sir Richard stepped from the railway carrige. Subsequently he addressed his constituents from the balcony of the Queen's Hotel in reply to an address from the Young Men's Liberal Club. On Friday afternoon Sir Richard visited the Riding Fall Show, and by request of the President and Directors delivered an address. He was enthusiastically received by the large number of visitors on the grounds. In the evening the Town hall was packed to hear Sir Richard on the affairs of the day. Among the audience was a fair sprinkling of ladies.

Cartwright and MacKenzie will attend the Reform demonstration Tilsonbury to-morrow.

THE LONDON FAIR appears to have been very successful, 18,000 people visiting the grounds some days. Among the prize takers we notice H. Snell and Sons, Hullett, for 3 years and upward Durham Bull, for 2 year old in same class 1st Richard Hawley, Goderich.—For Bull of any age H. Snell and Sons. 3 year old Cow, W. J. Biggins, Clinton. 2 year old Heifer, 1st H. Snell and Sons. Cotswolds, shearling ram, H. Snell and Sons. Ram Lamb, H. Snell and Sons. 2 Ewes, two shears, 1st H. Snell and Sons. Shearling Ewes, H. Snell and Sons. Ewe Lambs, H. Snell and Sons. Leicesters, Ram, two shears, 1st H. Snell and Sons.—Berkshires. Boar, under one year, H. Snell and Sons. Breeding Sow, H. Snell and Sons. Butter, Firkin not less than 56 lbs., 1st W. Herbison, Goderich Tp. 15 lbs. butter in crock, W. Herbison. Cheese, 2 each made in July, August, and September, 1st Thos. Topp, Rodgerville. Salt, Canada produce, one barrel, 1st S. Platt, Goderich, 2d S. Platt, Goderich. Harness, set of single carriage, C. F. Straubel, Goderich, set of team, C. F. Straubel, Goderich. Fine Arts, in oils, water colors and crayons, W. N. Cresswell of Seaforth takes ten prizes. Stallions, agricultural, 4 years and upward, 1st J. H. Willson, Exeter. Heavy draught, 4 years, Oke and Hodgson, Exeter. 3 years, P. McTavish, Brucefield.—Apples, W. Herbison, Goderich Township. Harrows, 1st L. Elliott, Goderich, 2d T. Tipling, Clinton. Set horse shoes, R. Thompson, Goderich. Case of honey, C. F. Dodd, Nile, highly commended.

'Ot.—The thermometer indicated 85° in the shade on Monday.

Several communications are crowded out this issue. The Dungannon prize list will appear next week.

CRIME.—Is crime on the increase? The recent events of this kind described on our first page would lead one to think so.

STRUCK.—One afternoon last week the lightning struck the St. David's ward school, tearing off some shingles and a portion of the plaster from the ceiling.

HURON *vs* PERTH.—A cricket match was played on Saturday in Stratford between the county of Huron and county of Perth, resulting in favor of Huron county.

NEW Fall Goods—A fine stock of Dress Goods, Millinery, Shawls, Mantles, Cloakings, Winceys, Flannels and Blankets just received and offering cheap at J. A. Reid's Manchester House.

CONTRACT LET.—Messrs William Papst and T. McKenzie have been awarded the contract for removing the old market house to the new site. they are to get $110, which includes the putting in of and sills.

NO FUSION.—The proposed fusion between the G.T. R. and G. W. roads has fallen through. The interests of the two roads in American territory being so thoroughly antagonistic, it is not likely that the scheme can ever be carried out.

PRIZES.—Our old townsman Jacob Seegmiller, took several prizes for garden vegetables at the Western Fair, London, and beaned the Northern Fair, at Walkerton, in the same line.

BETTER.—Our old friend Mr. Duncan McLaren. Colborne, has shaken off the insidious attacks which for the last six weeks have been made upon his physical system and now presents his usual robust appearance.

AUCTION ROOMS, opposite Market Place, Goderich. F. Graham begs to announce that his next sale of Furniture, Stoves and other articles will take place at his rooms as above on Saturday the 11th of Oct., at 2 o'clock. Property intended for this sale must be sent in by Friday next. Prompt returns made.

Wheat is up in Price, and Farmers wives, who have been keeping their pictures rolled up, can now take them to Saunders' Variety Store, and have them framed up at half the Price charged by other dealers. A Lot of fine chromos, statuary and mottos at cost price. "The cheapest House under the Sun."

THE "BLACK ART".—At the sitting of the Court of Assize last week Mr. B. L. Doyle was counsel for defendant in a suit for seduction. Having received pretty thorough instructions from his client as to the antecedents of the plaintiff witness, he was enabled to put questions to her which completely surprised her father. The old gentleman ejaculating, *Sotto voce*, every few minutes, "how the divil did he (Doyle) find that out," "begorra and its the black art he knows something about."

PRACTICAL.—At last sitting of the town council, Mr. Bingham showed his "true inwardness" by suggesting the cleaning of the upper portion of market house for the accommodation of farmers wives having butter, eggs or other articles for sale. To say nothing of disagreeable bantering and chaffing on the open market, it must be very unpleasant for women folk in cold weather. It is thought that the stove used for heating the clerk's office, would make the upper storey passably comfortable in ordinary weather. The matter is worthy of consideration.

CHURCH BUILDING.—The total cost of the Leeburn church, when completed, will be about $1,400. Only some $180 or $200 of this will now be required to be realized. The people of the locality are deserving of all praise for their energy, and no little credit is due Rev. Mr. Sieveright for his untiring efforts in what may be called this home missionary cause. This, although nominally a Presbyterian church, is first of all a christain one and will no doubt be fully appreciated by those of all shades of religious belief in the locality.

THE ENGLISH LOAN COMPANY.—This Company's notice will be found in another column. The names of Senator Vidal President and David Glass Q. C., Managing Directors have no doubt materially aided the progress made by this company. Within six months the capital has reached to over one and a quarter millions of dollars Persons requiring money should give the new company a call, and persons shaving investments to make will notice that the stock is still offered at par but the next issue will be at a premium. All these Companies have in the past made wonderful success, but this new one seems in rapid growth to have outstripped them all.

SUPPER.—On the evening of Monday last a few friends of Sir Richard J. Cartwright invited him to an oyster supper at the Park House. Mr. Horton, ex-M. P., occupied the chair. The member for the West Riding of Huron, Mr. Garrow, and other representative men of the town were present. Mr. John Glen, Mr. Wm. Young and other solid men from the country were also there. The usual toasts were given and responded to. The guest of the evening gave a short address, as also did Col. Ross and J. T. Garrow, Esq., and the chairman. As the affair was an impromptu, semi-private one, we do not feel at liberty to extend our remarks.

RETURNED.—Our jolly friend, Mr. S. Sloane has returned from his trip to the "Gem of the sea," and sister isle. With all the attractions of the mother country—and they are many—her princely halls, pearls of great price and magnates of much money, Mr. Sloane still thinks Ontario is best adapted as a home for the brave and a land for the free. We had almost given up seeing Mr. Sloane again as Sir John A. Macdonald was a fellow passenger going home, but the good Grit proclivities of Mr. S. did no doubt prevent a recurrence of the dreadful time which the presence of the political Jonah would warrant us in expecting.—Mr. Sloane will accept our thanks for several copies of Liverpool, Belfast and Dublin papers.

GODERICH GAOL.—For the year ending 30th September, 1879, there were 125 prisoners committed, of these, 11 were females. Three were under 16 years. Of the total number committed 79 were sentenced, of these, 69 remained in the Goderich Gaol till expiration of sentence. One died while undergoing sentence. Number of days' custody of government prisoners for the year, 1,734, of municipal prisoners, 2,662. Number of prisoners who could neither read nor write 19; reported temperate 50; intemperate 75. $1,081 was paid for repairs, $1,220 for salaries; total expenditure for the year $2,301. Cash received from prison labor $120. The causes which led to committal were: Larceny 22; vagrancy 17; drunk and disorderly 15; assault 14, etc. The largest numbers incarcerated are classed as laborers and farmers, 29 of the latter and 22 of the former. Among the trades we find 9 tailors and 8 carpenters.

MONTREAL TEL'H CO.—The tariff to and from all this Company's offices has been reduced to twenty cents for 10 words & one cent for each additional word.

The beautiful weather with which we are now favoured, is something unusual at this season of the year, but it is very suitable for picture taking and R. R. Thompson's is the place to go to.

R. R. Thompson has been taking a tour over the Country and picking up new ideas at every opportunity. He is thus enabled to please his patrons, and keep up with the times.

ON A VISIT.—Sir Richard Cartwright arrived in town by the 4 o'clock train Saturday afternoon, and remained until yesterday—Tuesday. Whilst here he was the guest of Mr. M. C. Cameron, member for the South Riding.

PECULIAR.—In cutting open a lemon the other day Mr. Henry Horton found it growing from the seed, there being two lengthy and healthy sprouts inside. As the lemon was perfectly sound, there not being the slightest sign of decay, this growth from the seed must certainly be considered rather extraordinary.

SHORT HORNS.—Intrinsically considered, probably there was not a Shorthorn at the Western Fair more deserving than the pure white two year old bull, owned by Mr. Richard Hawley, of Goderich. He is not only a well proportioned and symmetrical bull, but what is of great importance in the present state of the Shorthorn world, he has a wonderful display of milking points. If there is anything in the esculentcon theory, he will certainly throw spendid milking stock, for he hass large development of it, both up and down and fore as well as aft. No better service can be done to the Shorthorn cattle of our country that to restore the milking properties for which they were once famous, but which have been too much neglected in breeding for the meat market. Mr. Hawley's bull does not lack in beef points. He girths as large at the loins as at the chest, and though but little over two years, and by no means fat, weighs 1,850 lbs. This kind of stock will do our farmers far more good than the costly Dukes and Duchesses.

Goderich Township.

APPOINTED.—Mr. M. R. Elliott having resigned his position of S. S. No. 5 to attend College, Mr. S. Ferris, of Clinton, has been engaged in his stead.

TEA MEETING.—A Teameeting will be held in the New Methodist Church, Holmesville, on Friday evening Oct 10th. Everything is being done to make the meeting a grand success. On the following Sabbath the Church will be dedicated in the usual form.

Benmiller.

OFFICERS ELECT.—The following officers were elected at last regular meeting of Sons of Temp. Jno. Scott W. P; Wm. Moore W. A; P. Cantelon R. S; Jas. Stewart A. R. S; Jos Moore F. S; A. Heddle Treas; Thos. Heddle Con; Geo. Stewart A. Con; Chas. Stewart I. S; Jno. Stewart O. S; Chas Walters P. W. P.

MEETING.—The annual Missionary meeting at the M. E. Church here was held on 1st inst. Mr. P. Cantelon was unanimously voted to the chair and introduced the speakers for the occasion, the Revs. J. Clark, C. M. Vollick and O. G. Collamore, who ably advocated the cause by very efficient addresses. The Misses M. B. Gledhill, V. Butts and S. Fisher were appointed collectors for the ensuing year. Votes of thanks having been presented to former collectors and chairman the meeting was brought to a close.

DEAR SIGNAL.—Will you kindly inform your numerous Country readers what improvment the "N. P." has made in the Salt trade of your town. During the election canvass a little more than a year since Mr. Horton very distinctly stated that such a policy would not benefit that trade. Mr. Platt steadily asserted that it would do so. What are the facts, in the case? What amount of salt has gone to the Maritime provinces, or to Manitoba? Have you had any Nova Scotia coal? What has Mr. Platt done in dairy Salt this season compared with former years? Has the Big Mill been doing as much this year as formerly? In short please let us know what the N. P has done for Goderich. Where is your hum

COUNTRY MAN.

THE DRUGGISTS will give you in exchange for a fifty cents piece, a beautiful package of BEARINE for the hair. It is the most delightful hair Dressing we know of.

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER is probably the simplest and purest perfume ever made, being absolutely nothing more than the delicious fragrance of rare flowers, preserved and made permanent, and indoubtless to this purity of composition that its immense popularity is in a great measure to be ascribed.

THE GREEN GRASS GROWS in the meadow, go spread over it a thin layer of Bearine, and the tiny blades will shoot upwards, and grow far more luxuriantly than before. Try the same experiment upon your hair and the effect is still more marked; the hair grows vigorous and seems to find in Bearine all the elements to support its life.

Better than Gold.

The grand climax of success is at last achieved. The poor rejoice, the sick arise and walk, the rich bask in the golden sunshine of perfect health. The physical miseries of the human frame need no longer be endured. DR. KING'S CALIFORNIA GOLDEN COMPOUND, for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Coming up of food, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, General Debility, Drowsiness and Low Spirits. This wonderful remedy will positively cure, and that where remedy has failed. To prove that this wonderful remedy will do all we claim for it you are presented with a trial bottle free of cost, by which you will readily perceive its wonderful curative qualities, and which will show you what a regular one dollar size bottle will do. For sale by F. Jordan Goderich.

The Price of Wheat.

The value of Wheat in the Canadian Market is controlled to a great extent by the foreign demand. If Crops are short in Russia, France, and India, England must buy more Canadian Wheat, and the price consequently advances.

But the price of Wilson's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry never changes. A twenty-five cent bottle will cure any ordinary Cough or Cold and give marked relief in old standing cases of Bronchitis. In hundreds of cases 50 cent bottles have cured Coughs and Colds which have been proof against all other remedies, and the proprietors positively claim that a $1 Bottle will ensure a large family against any danger from Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Loss of Voice, Coughs and Colds, and all kindred diseases.

This is no empty boast but a fact which has already been proven by thousands of Canadian Families to their entire satisfaction. 1703 1m

THE following from the Paris *Transcript* is to the point:—"A Port Huron contemporary wishes to know how 'to run his paper to please everybody' and wonders why it is that 'some folks are always taking offence when no offence is either intended or thought of.' Our Port Huron friends should recall the story of the 'Old man and his ass,' and abandon the first part of his proposition at once. Let him map out his duty and follow it should there be, as a great and good man once said, as many devils at his heels as there are tiles on his house. As for those very fastidious folks who are 'always taking offence,' they are but the waris, so to speak, of the body social—as thin-skinned as they are narrow minded, but perfectly harmless, and worthy only of being laughed at. Let him therefore smile upon them and proceed." Papers which try to please *everybody* are not deserving of the respect of either friend or foe. They are mere time servers, devoid of influence for good or evil.

Honors to a Goderich Boy.

There is a emotional pride in the breasts of all men worthy the name when the valorous fighting deeds of bygone forefathers and countrymen are pourtrayed. But the whole moral nature as well as the heroic, sentimental, and patriotic, kindles with a fraternal warmth as we note the progress of a living graduate of our own immediate locality. The following, from the St. Louis *Globe Democrat*, refers to a son of Mr. W. Dickson, Governor of the Goderich Gaol. On the retirement of Mr. W. F. Dickson from the employ of D. Crawford and Co. of St. Louis, the proprietor asked Mr. Dickson to accompany him up stairs, they all followed him, and as the door opened the eyes of Mr. Dickson were dazzled by an elaborate and costly silver service and tray inlaid with gold, in all nine pieces, with the letter "D" on each. On the tray is this inscription, elaborately engraved:

"Presented to W. F. Dickson by the employees of D. Crawford & Co., September 7, 1879."

The entire set is from F. A. Durgin & Co., 305 North Seventh Street, and is a beauty in its finish. It is a token which is worthy the pride of any man, and those who gave it gave with motives of genuine sincerity.

Wm. Murdoch, Esq., brother of the great Murdoch, of the stage, one of the employees of the house of Crawford & Co., made the presentation, and talked like this:

"Mr. Wm. F. Dickson—I have been deputized to fill an office this evening which I feel incapable to perform, although the occasion is pleasing. In the last ten days we have learned that you were going to leave us to engage in a commercial enterprise of your own. This has pained us that you were going to leave us, and we could not let you go away without tendering you some token of our high esteem for you, since we have known you in this house, where you have honorably filled a prominent position for ten years. We give you these mementoes, not for their intrinsic value but as a token of the regard we have for you as an honest man. You have been kind, affable and sympathizing. In your new venture, if success depends on good wishes and fervent prayers, there can be no failure. It is now my pleasure to give you this token; wherever on this fair earth your lot may be cast may your ways be ways of pleasantness and all your paths be peace.,,

Mr. Dickson, with some emotion replied: "Friends all: I would like to say something in acknowledgement of this beautiful surprise. When Mr. Crawford told me a short time ago that this was to occur, I meant to say something suitable, but the fulness of my heart has crowded out the words, and all I can say is, thank you. It is an embarrassing but a proud moment to me to think that after ten years service in this house I am going away with the friendship of so many left behind to remember me, from the employees down to the boys. Truly I should be proud; and believe me this shall always be one of the brightest summer spots of my memory, even when the winter of life comes to me. And whenever I see this I shall remember you, and when it is out of my sight you shall not be forgotten."

There followed mutual congratulations and a kind of a love-feast, and the cashier of the great house went away to become a grocer on his own capital. The event was a pleasant one in every respect, and the "benefit" was fittingly bestowed.

Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites is not only the most reliable remedy for consumption, but it is a specific also for Bronchitis and Asthma.

I HAVE BEEN CURED OF A CANCEROUS sore on my left side by seven bottles of BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA and five phials of the PILLS. The sore had troubled me for a year and a half.—GEORGE E. STONE, Ballarat, Victoria.

MARKETS.

GODERICH, Oct. 8, 1879.

Goderich market has recently presented a very animated appearance. Prices for grain apparently better than elsewhere. There are quite a number of buyers. During the last week the receipts of wheat on the market in Goderich have ranged from 4,000 to 6,000 bushels per day. The price has fluctuated. Mr. Sloane yesterday paid $1.12 for best fall wheat. Ogilvie & Hutchison for the past five days received 11,000 bushels. Mr. Seymour shipped two cars of wheat to Montreal and four cars of peas to Liverpool yesterday.

Wheat, (Fall) ℔ bush. (new	$1 06	a	1 12
Wheat, (Spring) ℔ bush...	1 03	a	1 08
Flour, per brl.).....	5 00	a	5 50
Oats ℔ bush.....	0 25	a	0 28
Peas, ℔ bush.....	0 58	a	0 61
Barley ℔ bush.....	0 45	a	0 53
Potatoes, ℔ bush	0 25	a	0 30
Pork.....	0 00	a	0 00
Hay per ton.....	8 00	a	9 00
Chickens.....	0 10	a	0 12½
Butter, ℔ ℔.....	0 12	a	0 15
Eggs, ℔ doz (unpacked).....	0 10	a	0 12
Hides.....	7 00	a	7 00
Wool.....	2 10	a	2 50
Corn, per bush.....	0 60	a	0 65

CLINTON, Oct. 7, 1879

Wheat, (Fall) per bush.....	$1 03	a	1 06
Wheat, (Spring) per bush....	1 15	a	1 16
Flour, (per brl).....	5 00	a	5 50
Oats, per bush.....	0 26	a	0 28
Peas, per bush	0 58	a	0 58
Barley, per bush.....	0 45	a	0 46
Potatoes, per bush	0 25	a	0 30
Butter	0 11	a	0 14
Eggs, per doz. (unpacked)...	0 11	a	0 12
Hay.....	8 00	a	9 00
Sheep skins.....	0 25	a	0 60
Hides.....	4 50	a	5 25

SEAFORTH Oc., 7, 1879.

Wheat (Fall).....	$1 00	a	1 05
Wheat, (Spring) per bush...	0 98	a	1 03
Flour, (per 100).....	2 25	a	2 75
Oats, per bush.....	0 25	a	0 27
Peas, per bush.....	0 50	a	0 56
Barley per bush.....	0 45	a	0 56
Potatoes per bush.....	0 25	a	0 30

TORONTO MARKETS.—The street market continues to show increasing signs of activity. There were about 25,000 bushels of barley brought in, prices ranging from 56c to 60c for No. 2, and from 64c to 68c for No. 1 Fall wheat sold at from $1 14 to $1.15; spring $1 10 to $1.13; 200 bushels of peas brought 60c to 64c; 200 bu of oats from 35c to 36c; rye is quoted on the street at from 56c to 58c. Hay ran from $7 to $10; straw, $6 to $6.50

Colborne.

PERSONALE.—Mr. J. Curran, of S. S. No. 1 has been re-engaged at a salary of $505, P. Cantelon of S. S. No. 3 and P. Strang of S. S. No. 3 at salaries each of $500 for the ensuing year.—C.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. Jordan. 1692

BIRTHS.

In Brussels, on the 16th inst, Mrs. J. W. Fear of a daughter.

On 6th ult the wife of C. A. Humber of a daughter.

MARRIAGES

At Goderich on the 29th Sept., by the Rev. Dr. Ure, Mr. James Sutherland to Miss Margaret McLeod all of Goderich. Papers of Sydney Nova Scotia please C opy.

DEATHS.

At Goderich Oct 7th., Edward Rothwell, aged 70 years.

At Goderich, Oct. 6th, Robt. McClain Sr, aged 73 years.

$55.66 AGENTS PROFIT PER WEEK. Will prove it or forfeit $500. $4 Outfit free. E. G. RIDEOUT & Co., 218 Fulton St. N. Y. 1705 6 m.

FARM FOR SALE.

100 ACRES, being West half of Lot 5, S. D., Ashfield; 50 acres cleared; good Orchard. Bush—good hardwood, with a little Hemlock, and well fenced. TERMS VERY EASY. About 400 Cords DRY WOOD go with Lot. Apply to R. T. HAYNES, Shepardton, P. O. 1703.

FARM FOR SALE.

AN Excellent Farm of 100 ACRES for Sale, in the Township of Colborne, Lot 3, on the 10th Concession, 6½ miles from the Town of Goderich; 1 mile from gravel road; 80 acres cleared, the remainder in bush; a good frame house—with cellar—30x30; frame barn, stable, sheep pen, horse stables and cow stables; a large orchard of excellent fruit trees; a never failing spring creek runs across the center of the lot, and well of good water with pump; 12 acres of FALL WHEAT will be sold with the farm. The proprietor wishes to sell on account of poor health.

For particulars apply to THOS. DODD, on the place. 1703-4ins.

THE ENGLISH LOAN CO.

BOOKS WERE OPENED 21st JANUARY, 1879. It has now a subscribed Capital of

$1,384,400

STOCK STILL AT PAR.

Next issue will be at a premium.

HON. A. VIDAL, Pres.
DAVID GLASS, Q.C., Managing Director.
J. A. ELLIOTT, Sec'y. 1703

Heifer Estray.

CAME into the premises of the subscriber lot No. 7 con. 7 township of Ashfield,

R. R. THOMPSON'S PHOTO STUDIO.

BLAKE'S BLOCK, GODERICH.

Enlarged premises, New Accessories, Revised Price List. Terms altered so as to insure satisfaction. We think we can suit you, call and see us at our Studio. The finest Photographic establishment in the country.

1676 R. R. THOMPSON, Photographist.

NEW GOODS

Just opened at

J. C. DETLOR & Co's

Kid Gloves, all sizes,
Black Satins,
Laces and Edgings,
Black Cashmeres,
Merino Shirts and Drawers,

A SPECIAL LINE OF

DRESS GOODS

JOB IN PRICE.

Black Velveteens,
New Ribbons,
Childrens Fancy Hose,
Frillings.

J. C. DETLOR & Co.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

H. & J. DOWNING

Have Received an Immense Stock of

NEW FALL GOODS,

which are now open for inspection.

These Goods have been selected with great care from the best and most reliable Manufacturers in the Dominion, and we are confident we can suit our Customers in

Style, Quality and Price,

We have one of the LARGEST Stocks of Boots & Shoes to be found West of Toronto.

which will give the purchaser a decided advantage as regards choice. As to Price we're as usual,

Lower than the Lowest,

and we intend to keep the lead in that direction.

IN ORDERED WORK

we are still prepared to manufacture anything to suit the tastes and requirements of the public. A good fit, first-class workmanship and material warranted.

E. & J. DOWNING,

Market Square, Goderich.

N. B.—To the trade, leather and findings in any quantity at lowest prices.

CIGARS, CIGARS,

Just received a Choice Lot of

DOMESTIC and IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS,

also the Largest and Best assortment of

Pipes, Tobaccos,

&c., IN TOWN.

GEORGE CATTLE,

Druggist, Market Square.

MORTON & CRESSMAN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

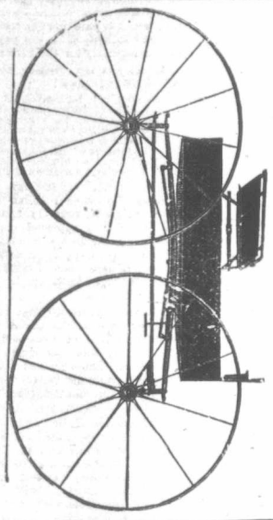
CARRIAGES

—AND—

BUGGIES.

A few Buggies on hand, to be sold cheap, to make room for Cutters.

Opposite Colborne Hotel, GODERICH.



REPAIRING AND JOBBING DONE with neatness and despatch, and at reasonable rates. Call and examine before purchasing.

JOHN KNOX,

Hamilton St., Goderich.

JOHN KNOX,

Manufacturer of CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c., &c.

ANY STYLE OF VEHICLE BUILT TO ORDER.

HARDWARE

of every description

Reduced to Bottom Prices.

Farm and School Bells,

Household Hardware

—AT—

DISCOUNT PRICES.

Builders Hardware and Tools,

WHOLESALE PRICES.

LARGE CONTRACTS FILLED AT Manufacturers' Prices.

G. H. PARSONS, Goderich.

NEW GROCERY

HORACE NEWTON

BEGS to inform the citizens of Goderich and Vicinity that he has opened out a stock of

Fresh Groceries,

FLOUR, FEED, etc

also a nice assortment of

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

which he will sell at very

Low Rates for CASH and CASH only.

As my stock has been bought for CASH at a discount from regular Trade prices, Customers may rely on getting goods from me at Lower Prices than have hitherto prevailed.

HORACE NEWTON,

Market Square, next door to Acheson's new building. "Goods Delivered."

TO THE LADIES.

MRS WARNOCK

Invites the attention of the Ladies of Goderich and vicinity to the fact that she has again opened out her stock of

Millinery & Ladies' Furnishings,

and is prepared to do as well for her Patrons as any other house in Town.

She has procured the services OF A FIRST CLASS MILLINER, and can finish orders in the latest styles.

A number of Job Lines at Cost. Be sure and call before going elsewhere. Albion Block, next door to Cattle's Drug store, Market Square.

FOR SALE.

WEST half of Thomas Wes herald, P. L. Surveyor's garden (one acre more or less to suit purchaser), well stocked with choice grape vines and fruit trees in full bearing.

Also a seven acre Park Lot and thirty acre Lots in different parts of the Town of Goderich. Terms 10 per cent down at time of sale and balance to extend over ten years (if required) with interest at seven per cent per annum. Apply to

THOMAS WEATHERALD,
Engineer and Surveyor, Goderich.

A TRIP WEST.

EUROPEAN SIGNAL.—SIR—A trip West is very enjoyable at this season of the year. At London I took the Great Western and Michigan Central at 6 P. M. on Friday, for Chicago. This train, which is known as the Pacific Express, is always a large one, numbering 10 to 15 passenger coaches, all well filled. It runs fast, making few stops, getting through to Chicago in 12 hours. At Detroit our numbers were increased by a large delegation returning from President Hayes reception. It seems to a Canadian that almost every American who travels has held a public office of some sort. One an ex-congressman sat down beside me. I found him to be a moderate Republican in his views, not one of the "bloody shirt" men. "Dining Room" cars are only found on this "Michigan Central" route to Chicago. They are a great convenience. Between 7 and 8 o'clock on Saturday morning, a most excellent breakfast was served in one of these cars for all who wished to partake. Many availed themselves of the opportunity and we all considered the fare most excellent, price 75 cts.

On arriving in Chicago I took the bus for the Palmer House. This is one of the finest Hotels in the world. Certainly it is a little expensive viz: $4.00 per day. But for luxurious beauty and comfort it is unsurpassed. I did not stay there very long however, but soon found my friends residence. Here I felt more at home than even at the "Palmer", and, under the direction chiefly of the ladies of the household "did" Chicago pretty thoroughly in the few days I had to spare. The water-works, churches, theatres, parks, board of trade, Military headquarters, and fire Patrol, tunnels, stockyards, were all visited. On Sunday evening we heard that prince of Methodist heretics, Dr. Thomas, preach a powerful sermon. It will probably be a famous one, for the Doctor boldly flung the gauntlet down to the conference. He feared not to point out where Wesley had in his judgement, gravely erred in his explanation of the atonement, and declared that, some what may he will proclaim his theory of it. The female portion of the congregation was moved to tears, the men gave audible tokens of approval. What the conference will do with him remains to be seen. He (Dr. T.) looks like a rowdy. On one occasion when in Canada he had a cigar in his mouth and was arrested it is said, in Chicago, as a loafer.

Street cars run all Sunday in Chicago, and are crowded. Religious people ride to church. Professor Patton (Presbyterian) says he composes most of his sermon in the car going to church. The theatres are also open every Sunday evening. McVicker's theatre, however, is not wholly given up to the devil, for the famous ex-Presbyterian Professor Swing, preaches there every Sunday morning to an immense audience. We visited a Presbyterian Sabbath School. It is small but "tony", the children as quiet as anyone would wish, very attentive, and led in singing by the best leader for children I ever had the pleasure of listening to. More anon. GODERICH

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER.—Its effects are almost instantaneous, affording relief from the most intense pain. It soothes the irritated or inflamed part, and gives rest and quiet to the sufferer. It is eminently the people's friend, and every one should have it with them, or where they can put their hands on it in the dark if need be.

☞ Is your throat sore, or are you annoyed by a constant cough? If so, use promptly "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers." They will give you instant relief. They relieve the air passages of phlegm or mucous, and allay inflammation, and no safer remedy can be had for coughs, colds, or any complaint of the throat or lung, and if taken in time their efficacy will soon be proved. Sold by all druggists and country dealers at 25 cents a box.

MURDER WILL OUT.

A few years ago August Flower' was discovered to be a certain cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. A few thin Dyspeptics made known to their friends lowesily and quickly they had been cured by its use. The merits of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER became heralded through the country by one sufferer and another, until without advertising, its sale became immense. Druggists in every town in the Canadas and United States are selling it. No person suffering from Stomach, Sick Headache, Costiveness Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Low Spirits, etc., can take three doses without relief. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it. Sample bottles 10 cents. 1698

GREEN'S OZONE.—GREATNESS AND CONFUSION. Why a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the functions of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Messrs. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft, by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame.—Civil Service Gazette. Sold only in packets labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists London Eng."

Prescription Free

For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., 78 Nassau St., N. Y. 1685-1 yr

A Card.

TO all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

WHAT THEY SAY OF IT. A FEW FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.—There are but few preparations of medicines which have withstood the impartial judgment of the people for any great length of time. One of these is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Read the following and be convinced:—Thomas Robinson, Farnham Centre, P. O., writes, "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for the last ten years, and have tried many remedies without any relief, until I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil and since then have had no attack of it. I would recommend it to all." J. H. Earl, Hotel Keeper West Shefford P. Q., writes "I have been troubled with liver complaint for several years, and have tried different medicines with little or no benefit, until I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which gave me immediate relief, and I would say that I have used it since with the best effect. No one should be without it. I have tried it on my horses in case of cuts, wounds, etc., and think it is equally as good for horse as man."—A. Maybee, Merchant, Warkworth, writes, "I have sold some hundreds of bottles of Eclectric Oil, and it is pronounced by the public, 'one of the best medicines they have ever used;' it has done wonders in healing and relieving pain, sore throats, etc., and is worthy of the greatest confidence." Joseph Rusan, Township of Percy, writes, "I was persuaded to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for a lame knee which troubled me for three or four years, and I never found anything like it for curing lameness. It is a great public benefit."

Beware of Imitations.—Ask for Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil. See that the signature of S N Thomas is on the wrapper, and the names of Northrop & Lyman are blown in the bottles, and take no other.— Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25 cts. NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Proprietors for the Dominion.

NOTE.—Eclectric—Selected and Eclectrized

AS SURELY AS EFFECT FOLLOWS CAUSE, so surely will disease eventually fasten itself upon a system deficient in vital energy, if tonic medication is not resorted to in time. The necessary tendency of a weak discharge of the functions of the body is to disorder its organs. Invigoration, prompt and thorough, is the only safe guard. No renovant of depleted physical energy, no restorative of lost flesh, nerve power and cheerfulness, has more clearly demonstrated its efficacy than Northop & Lyman's Quinine Wine. In this preparation, associated with the salutary medicines which forms its basis, is pure sherry wine and certain aromatic constituents, which impart an agreeable taste to the article, and gives additional emphasis to its effects. In cases of general debility and dyspepsia it is invaluable and the desired effect is, in the vast majority of cases, remarkably prompt as well as decisive. That good natural appetite, which gives a relish for the coarsest fare, is insured by the use of the Quinine Wine, which also confers brain soothing and body refreshing sleep. Fever and ague and bilious remittent fever, are diseases to the eradication of which it is specially adapted; but it should be used only in the intervals between the seizures. The far-reaching effects of a good tonic, in all complaints involving loss of physical energy, are well understood by physicians, and the comprehensive influence for good of this preparation upon the system goes far to bear out the professional belief in the value of invigorants as opponents of disease. Be sure to ask for the "Quinine Wine" prepared by Northop & Lyman, Toronto. Sold by all druggists.

$10 to $1000 Invested in Wall Street Stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent free explaining everything. Address BAXTER & CO., Bankers, 1702 1 yr. 7 Wall St. N Y

Treasurer's Sale of Lands

FOR TAXES.

TOWN OF GODERICH, To Wit: } BY virtue of a Warrant issued under the hand of the Mayor of the Town of Goderich, and the Corporate Seal of said Town, bearing date the ninth day of September, A. D. 1879, to me directed, for the collection of arrears of Taxes due on the undermentioned lands, I hereby give notice that unless the said taxes, together with all lawful costs and charges, be sooner paid, I will, on

FRIDAY, 19th DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT,

At the hour of Two o'clock P. M., at the Council Chamber, in the Town of Goderich, proceed to sell by Public Auction, the said lands, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge such arrears of taxes and the charges thereon.

Lot or Parcel of Land.	Concession, St. or Survey.	Acres.	Patented or unpatented.	Taxes.	Costs and Commission.	Total
East ½ 5	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	$69 96	$2 95	$72 91
15	Can. Com'y survey	1 40	Patented	2 85	1 28	4 13
East ½ 18	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	41 36	2 24	43 60
52	Can. Com'y survey	5-16	Patented	64 34	2 81	67 15
53	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	28 86	1 93	30 79
110	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	28 86	1 93	30 79
West ½ 111	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	38 52	2 17	40 69
223	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	10 45	1 46	11 51
334	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	40 29	2 21	42 50
397	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	48 13	2 41	50 54
512	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	4 99	1 33	6 32
529	Can. Com'y survey	½	Pate ted	14 39	1 56	15 86
West pt 533 (West R. R. track)	C. R. Com'y survey		Patented	2 92	1 28	4 20
Part 534 (West R. R. Track)	C. R. Com'y survey		Patented	2 51	1 27	3 78
584	Can. Com'y survey		Patented	4 99	1 33	6 32
599 (South R.R. track)	Can. Com'y survey		Patented	28 01	1 93	30 94
West pt 606 (West R.R. track)	Can. Com'y survey		Patent d	5 86	1 85	7 21
pt 6 7 (West R.R. track)	Can. Com'y survey		Patented	2 83	1 28	4 11
pt 608 (West R.R. track)	Can. Com'y survey		Patented	6 24	1 36	7 60
992	Can. Com'y survey		Patented	6 24	1 26	7 50
993	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	58 06	2 66	60 72
1064	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	45 17	2 83	47 50
G	Can. Com'y survey	½	Patented	35 40	2 09	37 49
Block D	Can. Com'y survey	½	Pate ted	13 59	1 54	14 83
Block E (except pt. occupied by Pla is Mill)	Can Com'y survey	14	Patented	75 28	3 09	78 37
Part Block F (South Ry. Track)	C. R. Com'y survey	54	Patented	96 19	3 61	99 80
1188	Can. Com,y survey	2	Patented	48 71	2 42	51 13
1198	Can. Com'y survey	1/5	Patented	14 96	1 58	16 54
1205	Can. Com'y survey	1/5	Patented	9 30	1 44	10 74
East ½ 1310	Can. Com'y survey	1/5	Patented	13 32	1 54	14 86
1334	Can. Com'y survey	1/20	Patented	3 25	1 29	4 64
West ½ 1337	Can. Com'y survey	1/5	Patented	10 62	1 47	12 09
137a	Can. Com'y survey	1/20	Patented	9 71	1 45	11 16
14	Can. Com'y survey	1/5	Patented	6 28	1 36	7 64
34	G. Wilsons' survey	1/5	Patented	4 81	1 33	6 14
53	G. Wilsons' survey	1-5	Patented	9 63	1 45	11 08
53	Wilsons' survey	1-5	Patented	4 98	1 33	6 31
61	Wilsons' survey	1-5	Patented	6 45	1 37	7 82
133	Wilsons' survey	1-5	Patented	6 44	1 37	7 82
134	Wilsons' survey	1-5	Patented	4 98	1 33	6 31
2	Wilsons' survey	1-5	Patented	4 98	1 33	6 31
3	Reeds survey	1-5	Patented	12 85	1 53	14 38
5	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	12 85	1 53	14 38
22	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	13 89	1 55	15 44
24	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	9 14	1 43	10 57
28	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	9 14	1 43	10 57
30	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	9 14	1 43	10 57
32	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	9 14	1 43	10 57
52	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	6 71	1 37	8 08
54	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	9 79	1 45	11 24
56	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	7 68	1 40	9 08
64	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	9 13	1 43	10 56
65	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	9 13	1 43	10 56
66	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	2 89	1 28	4 17
West ½ 67	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	6 63	1 37	8 00
East ½ 67	Reeds' survey	½	Patented	16 63	1 62	18 25
68	Reeds' survey	½	Patented	5 45	1 34	6 79
8	Reeds' survey	1-5	Patented	9 43	1 43	10 86
12	McDougalls' survey	1-5	Patented	4 43	1 32	5 75
1	McDougalls' survey	1-5	Patented	6 21	1 56	7 60
2	P & M sur'y Toronto st.	1-5	Patented	6 71	1 37	8 08
7	P & M sur'y Toronto st.	1-5	Patented	6 71	1 37	8 08
6	P & M sur'y Toronto st.	1-5	P tented	5 95	1 35	7 30
7	P & M sur'y Cypress st.	1-5	Patented	4 82	1 33	6 15
½ 15	P & M sur'y Cypress st.	1-5	Patented	4 82	1 33	6 15
6	P & M sur'y Cypress st.	1 20	Patented	81	1 29	2 04
7	Sut. Div. 530, 377, 378		Patented	11 89	1 50	13 39
8	"		Patented	11 89	1 50	13 39
9	"		Patented	11 89	1 50	13 39
North ½ 6	Rich survey		Patented	17 92	1 65	19 57

Town Treasurer's Office, Goderich, Sept 9, 1879.

E. F. MOORE,
Treas'r Town of Goderich.

A REALLY GOOD ARTICLE

We would call the attention of all interested to anarticle of undoubted merit, and which we would advise all in want of to give a trial. We refer to "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" now being extensively used by many of the largest horse dealers in the country; these men have discovered that it improves the condition of the horse by purifying the blood, and removes from the lungs and liver all that prevents their healthy action; its effects is soon apparent in the improved appearance of the animal, which is one great reason why horse dealers use it as they are thus enabled to get better prices and at the same time give their customers sound and healthy horses. Remember the name and see that the signature of Hurd & Co is on each package. Northop & Lyman, Toronto, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Farm Hand Wanted.

THE subscriber wishes to engage by the year a steady and reliable man who thoroughly understands farming. A house, etc., will be furnished him. Apply to

JOHN A. RAFTEL,
17 31 Lot 31, con. 2, Goderich Twp.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Estate of the late ALEXANDER GARDNER, being lot 23, 7th concession, Goderich Township, containing 80 acres, 70 cleared, balance good hard wood; a never failing spring creek well calculated for dairying or stock raising, a substantial story and a half frame house and outbuildings, also a good bearing orchard. For further particulars apply to

ARCHIBALD McPHAIL,
Peter's Hill P. O.
or ROBERT MILLER,
Watford P. O.

35 acres adjoining the above may also be purchased if desired. 1763

"The Cheapest House Under the Sun"

FOR

STOVES AND TINWARE

IS

SAUNDERS' Variety Store.

Just Arrived

A large assortment of

PARLOR,
DINING ROOM,
HALL and
COOKING STOVES,

Which will be sold lower than any other house in town.

SAUNDERS

Has a new Stove Show Room in the store formerly occupied by Cashio on Kingston St., filled with new designs of Stoves, which he is prepared to sell cheap.

Call and examine the stock.

CRABB'S BLOCK, Market Square.

Woody Fibre Slaughtered.

Eight miles from town, among Hemlocks sound
Beside a rippling rill
Where sawful lumbers most abound,
John Morrish built his mill.

He keeps a stock of logs piled high,
All bills in haste to fill;
The best of lumber you can buy,
Where Morrish built his mill.

Just come along, don't be afraid,
You'll not go off until
The lumber that you want is made
Where Morrish runs his mill,

Ye Carpenters see what may be gained,
Call at his hardware mill,
Where lumber scarcely need be planed
That's sawed at J. M's. mill,

Lumbermen uniformly cut,
Go search where e'er you will
I'm positive you'll not turn up
That that at this slick mill,

Ye, farmers, now your crops protect
And fence your farm with skill,
And *afterwards* a barn erect
With lumber from my mill.

All orders mailed—I'll not be slow,
But—prompt I'll be to fill;
Address me: Sheppardton P. O.;
Annex: CENTENNIAL MILL.

JOHN MORRISH,
Centennial Mill,
Sheppardton P. O., Ont

Stoves, Stoves!

EAVE TROUGHS AND CONDUCTING PIPE, CISTERN PUMPS, LEAD PIPES, &c.

PLAIN AND FANCY

TINWARE.

COAL OIL

Wholesale and Retail.

☞ Coal Oil Lamps, etc., Old Iron, Copper, Brass, Wool Pickings and Sheep Skins taken in exchange.

J. STORY.

☞ Sign of the Large Coal Oil Barrel.

CHANCERY SALE

OF VALUABLE

FARM PROPERTY

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF GODERICH,

PURSUANT to the Decree and Final Order for sale made in a certain cause of HORTON vs. HALL, and bearing date respectively the Twenty-sixth day of February, A. D. 1879, and the Eighth day of September, A. D. 1879, there will be sold, by and with the approbation of HENRY MACDERMOTT, Esq., Master at Goderich of this Honorable Court, at CURRIE'S Auction Rooms, Kingston street in the Town of Goderich, in the County of Huron, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon,

On Saturday, the 18th day of October, A. D. 1879,

The following Lands and Premises in one parcel: being all and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, and lying and being in the Township of Goderich, in the County of Huron, being composed of Lot number forty-one, in the first concession, containing twenty-five acres of land, more or less. Lot number seventy nine, in the Bayfield Concession, containing thirty-four acres of land, more or less. Lot number seventy-eight, in the Bayfield Concession, containing eighty acres of land, more or less, and the westerly end of Lot number forty-one, in the Second Concession, having a frontage of eighty rods on the Goderich Road, and twenty rods on the Side Road, containing ten acres of land, more or less, all in the said Township of Goderich and containing together, an area of one hundred and forty-nine acres, of which about sixty are cleared, and the remainder is well timbered with beech and maple. The land cleared is of a clay loam, in a good state of cultivation.

This property is situate about one mile from the Village of Bayfield, and about eleven miles from the Town of Goderich, is readily accessible to both said places by good roads, and which said Town and Village offer good markets for the sale of produce.

The said property is well watered, and has erected thereon farm buildings, consisting of a good two storey Concrete House, with outbuildings; a frame barn, with stable included, 45 x 84, in a good state of preservation. There is also a good orchard of four acres of land, well stocked with various kinds of excellent fruit trees.

The Title to the land is indisputable.

TERMS:

The purchaser must pay down at the time of sale a deposit of ten per cent. of his purchase money to the Vendor or his Solicitors, and the balance within one month into Court to the credit of the said cause, without interest, upon payment of which balance he will be entitled to a conveyance of the said premises.

The said property will be sold subject to a Reserved Bid which has been fixed by the said Master.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing condition of the Court of Chancery.

Further particulars can be had from Messrs. Garrow & Meyer, Messrs. Cameron, Holt & Cameron, the Vendor's Solicitors, and of the said Master.

(Signed) H. MACDERMOTT,
Master at Goderich.

CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Dated this 22d day of Sept., A.D. 1879. 1702

HUGH DUNLOP

Merchant Tailor,

NEXT DOOR TO

BANK OF MONTREAL.

Varied Assortment,

Excellent Material,

MODERN STYLE.

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

H. DUNLOP.

CAUTION.

To Manufacturers, Dealers and Customers.

My "Victor Soap" having obtained great popularity, unprincipled makers are trying to palm on the public an inferior article, by imitating the WRAPPER, and otherwise trying to deceive.

Notice is hereby given that my brand Victor Soap is duly registered, an action as the law may direct will be taken against either manufacturer or dealer, who may make or handle any other soaps bearing the same or similar names and designs.

DAVID MORTON.

STANDARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital, $3,000,000.

A general Fire Insurance business done at equitable rates.

FARM BUILDING —AND— **Town Dwellings** insured for **THREE YEARS** AT LOWEST RATES.

This company has made a deposit with the Ontario Government for the protection of policy holders in this province alone, equal to that made by most other companies for the protection of policy holders in the Dominion.

Further particulars can be had from any of the agents or by applying at the County head office,

ALEX. McD. ALLAN,
General Agent for Huron County
Goderich, Dec. 19th 1877. 1600

JOHN A. BALL

will sell his large stock of

FURNITURE

VERY CHEAP FOR CASH.

NEXT DOOR TO SIGNAL OFFICE.

THE

PARK HOUSE,

Goderich, Ont.

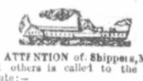
CAPT. E. MARLTON has now rented the premises formerly known as the Summer Hotel. Families, Commercial Travellers and other boarders Will find this a very desirable place to stay at, and Terms extremely moderate. Travellers by the Realty and Saginaw Steamers will find this the most convenient House in Goderich.

This Hotel is delightfully situated, commanding as it does, views of the River Maitland, the Harbor and the Lake.

Good Stabling in Connection.

Goderich, Febr., 19, 1879. 1670

NEW ROUTE.



THE ATTENTION of Shippers, Merchants and others is called to the following new route:—

The popular Steamer "ASIA" will leave Windsor (weather permitting) every WEDNESDAY at 9 A. M.

—FOR—

Courtright, Sarnia, Bayfield, Goderich, Kincardine, Inverhuron, Port Elgin, Southampton, Michael's Bay, Providence Bay, Duck Island, Cockburn Island, Thessalon River, Bruce Mines, St. Joseph Island, Garden Rivers and Sault Ste Marie.

FOR MANITOBA.

The North-West Transportation Company (LIMITED)

composed of Five magnificent Steamers, one of which will leave Goderich (weather permitting) Every

Tuesday & Friday at 7.30 A. M.,

—FOR—

Sault Ste Marie, Silver Islet, Thunder Bay and Duluth, making close connection with the Northern Pacific for Manitoba and all points in Dakota.

For further particulars as to freight and passengers, apply to

WM. LEE, Agent, Goderich, Ont. HENRY BEATTY, General Manager, Sarnia, Ont.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

Trade Mark. The Great English Trade Mark.

TRADE MARK. TRADE MARK.

Before Taking. After Taking.

Remedy for Nervous Weakness, Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a consequence of Self Abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave. ☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5 or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
Toronto, Ont. Canada.

☞ Sold in Goderich by all druggists and everywhere in Canada and the United States by all wholesale and retail druggists.

N. B.—The demands of our business have necessitated our removing to Toronto, to which place please address all future communications.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF MODERN TIMES!

The Pills Purify the Blood, correct all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys and Bowels and are invaluable in all complaints incidental to Females.

The Ointment is the only reliable remedy for Bad Legs, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers, of however long standing. For Bronchitis Diphtheria, Coughs, Colds, Gout, Rheumatism, and all Skin Diseases it has no equal.

BEWARE OF AMERICAN COUNTERFEITS.

I most respectfully take leave to call the attention of the public generally to the fact, that certain Houses in New York are sending to many parts of the globe SPURIOUS IMITATIONS of my Pills and Ointment. These frauds bear on their labels some address in New York.

I do not allow my Medicines to be sold in any part of the United States. I have no Agents there. My Medicines are only made by me, at 533, Oxford street, London.

In the Books of directions affixed to the spurious make is a caution warning the Public against being deceived by counterfeits. Do not be misled by this malicious trick, *as they are the counterfeits they pretend to denounce.*

These counterfeits are purchased by unprincipled Vendors at one-half the price of my Pills and Ointment, and are sold to you as my genuine Medicines.

I most earnestly appeal to that sense of justice which I feel sure I may venture upon asking from all honorable persons, to assist me, and the Public, as far as may lie in their power, in exposing this shameful Fraud.

Each Pot and Box of the Genuine Medicine, bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, LONDON," engraved thereon. On the label is the address, 533 Oxford street, London, where alone they are Manufactured. *Holloway's Pills and Ointment bearing any other address are counterfeit.*

The Trade Marks of these Medicines are registered in Ottawa. Hence, any one throughout the British Possessions, who may keep the American Counterfeits for sale, will be prosecuted.

Signed,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY.
533, Oxford Street, London, Jan. 1, 1879.

THE MILD POWER CURES

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most safe, simple, economical and efficient medicines known. They are used with the people's work, saving time, money, sickness and suffering. Every single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	25
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants	25
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	25
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	25
9.	Headaches, sick Headache, Vertigo	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	25
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods	25
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods	25
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fevers, Ague	50
17.	Piles, blind or Bleeding	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes	50
19.	Catarrh, acute or chronic: Influenza	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, violent coughs	50
21.	Asthma, oppressed Breathing	50
22.	Ear Discharges, impaired hearing	50
23.	Scrofula, enlarged Glands, Swellings	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness	50
25.	Dropsy and scanty Secretions	50
26.	Sea Sickness, sickness from riding	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, wetting the bed	50
31.	Painful Periods, or with spasms	50
32.	Disease of Heart, palpitations, &c.	1.00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance	1.00
34.	Diphteria, ulcerated sore throat	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case, Morocco with above 35 large vials and Manual of directions $10.00

Case Morocco, of 20 large vials and Book, $5.00

These remedies are sent by the case single box or vial, to any part of the country free of charge, on receipt of price. Address Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co. Office and Depot, 109 Fulton St. N. Y.

For Sale by all Druggists.

☞ Humphreys' Specific Manual on the care and treatment of disease and its cure, sent FREE on application.

JOHN BOND & SON,
Agents, Goderich Ont.

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Scrapping, Canton.

Oh! de man time, chillun, is creepin' dis way,
We'll soon hear de dinner horn blow;
Oh! hitch yo' hoss to de sun-dial, I say,
And put for de cook-shop de pace.
Oh! time's a rollin' on!
Oh! time's a rollin' on!
Stay de grass-grown weeds with de dewdrops clean,
Kase time's a rollin' on!

De chickens am a risin' 'way off in de sky,
I now yo' gums is sot pretty much;
Hitch a rope to your appetite, when the fishhawk cry,
About dis time of de day.
Oh! time's a rollin' on!
Oh! time's a rollin' on!
Keep yo' hand in a-readin' de Gen'ral Medus,
Kase time's a rollin' on!

Oh! bend to yo' task and wrestle with the sun,
Don't you mind de sweat a-dropplin' down;
Dat sweat, up yonder, will do work's well done,
De entire time yo' am be sweatin!
Oh! time's a rollin' on!
Oh! time's a rollin' on!
Yonder comes de boat down de Kiole turn row,
An' time's a rollin' on!

Oh! de lightnin' flash and de thunder speak low
De blast crow's a-calin' yo' de way;
Dah ain't a single sign ob de cursed rainbow
At de place dat I am goin' to hab bim.
Oh! time's a rollin' on!
Oh! time's a rollin' on!
Let yo' muscles slip on' de green grass fly,
Kase time's a rollin' on!

An' now we 'tustrate to do yo' dinner man,
By simply bim dis little song,
Yo' take nickley corn-dod, he ain't behindhan'
When de boat commence slap-a-de-slow!
Oh! time's a rollin' on!
Oh! time's a rollin' on!
Kick de debtah enough, Gen'l Jeugh to pray,
While time's a rollin' on!

—W. E. M. in Vicksburg *Herald*.

Scientific Gleanings.

According to Sieber a relatively small proportion of acid, 0·5 per cent., prevents putrefaction. This property is conspicuous in the mineral acid, and in acetic acid. Lactic and boric acids are much less effective.

Mr. Friedrich Wagnaus, of Zurich, has recently patented in Germany the "application in roller mills of rollers whose coating shall consist of a homogeneous mass of porcelain, china or glass, containing as much silica as shall be requisite to obtain the necessary degree of hardness for the process of grinding."

Paper is now substituted for wood in Germany in the manufacture of lead pencils. It is steeped in an adhesive liquid and rolled round the core of lead to the requisite thickness. After drying it is colored, and resembles in ordinary outer pencil.

If a person swallows any poison whatever or has fallen into convulsions from having overloaded the stomach, an instantaneous remedy, most efficient and applicable in a large number of cases, is a heaping teaspoonful of common salt, and as much ground mustard, stirred rapidly in a teacupful of water, warm or cold, and swallowed instantly. It is nauseous down before it begins to come up, bringing with it the remaining contents of the stomach; and, last there be any remnant of the poison, however small, let the white of an egg or a teaspoonful of strong coffee be swallowed as soon as the stomach is quiet, because these very common articles nullify a large number of virulent poisons.—*Medical Brief.*

Attention having been called by the *Scientific American* to the poisonous character of the starch used for some laundry purposes, the paragraph was reproduced and attracted attention in the English papers. The result has been an analysis of certain paper collars and cuffs by a doctor, at the instance of a patient who showed symptoms of arsenical poisoning. The doctor reports that he has extracted 10·4 grains of arsenic from a single collar.—*Scientific News.*

The persistent search for new gums allied to gutta-percha and rubber has been rewarded by a new gum which has been named "Balata." It is won from the "bully-tree," a native from the Amazon region, and in appearance it is said to closely resemble gutta-percha, though it is tougher and more flexible. It is tasteless and has an agreeable odor when warmed. It may be joined piece to piece at 120 Fahrenheit and melts at 270 Fahrenheit; is soluble in cold benzine and carbon desulphide and in warm turpentine. It may be strongly electrified by friction and is a better insulator than gutta-percha. It is thought the gum will find many uses in the arts.

Bismarck's Dog.

LONDON, England.—"My dog! Where is my dog?" were Bismarck's first words on alighting from the railway station at Vienna. The dog Sultan, who attached Gortschakoff during the Congress, bounded to Bismarck's side, ignoring Andrassy and Prince Reuss, who kept a respectful distance. Bismarck and Andrassy entered the Emperor's private carriage, when the window was suddenly opened and a stentorian voice cried, "Mein hand! Wo ist mein hand?" If anything had befallen Sultan it is believed the Austro-German alliance would have collapsed. However, Sultan was assisted by the Court flunkies into the carriage, and sedately sat on a rug. The crowd at the hotel was stupefied to see Sultan leap out of the Court carriage, contrary to etiquette, and greet the hysterical with unpleasant demonstrations. The sight was ridiculous, and the people fled in all directions, Sultan having a bad reputation, recently he maimed a Berlin Foreign Office official for life for sitting in Bismarck's chair. Six Berlin detectives are watching Bismarck's hotel, Sultan's predecessor having been killed, as Bismarck firmly believes, by two Social Democrats.

Lucky Partners.

When Mr. James Shaw, of Leadenhall street, bought the great iron and copper establishment of the Governor and Company of Copper Miners, at Cwm-Avon, in South Wales, in April, 1877, he assumed as partners Mr. James Spence, of Liverpool, and Mr. John Dixon, of "Cleopatra" celebrity. This partnership has just been dissolved by Mr. Shaw paying out these gentlemen, who have received within a little over two years no less a sum than £36,500 over and above the capital they embarked. The business has been entirely managed by Mr. Shaw, his two partners never having occasion to spend ten days at the works. Complaints of the iron trade have no reason to be made by these gentlemen who have been engaged in it, and we congratulate Mr. Shaw on his hard-earned and well-deserved success.—*City Press.*

THE JURORS' ACT AMENDMENT ACT.—The attention of township and village municipal clerks should be given to the Act amending the Jurors' Act, which was passed during last session of Parliament, and which entirely changes the method and dates of some of the routine for selecting jurors. The new Act provides that the clerks, instead of returning the names of jurors to the Clerk of the Peace on the 15th of September, as was previously done under the old Act, have to call the municipal board of selectors together on the 10th of October, when the jurors shall be selected according to the directions with respect to the numbers, etc., from the county board. On or before the 25th of October the return of the names so selected by the municipal board must be returned to the Clerk of the Peace. This being the first year the new Act is in operation, it would be advisable for clerks of municipalities to give it their attention to prevent mistakes.

AN IMPORTANT WILL CASE.—Vice-Chancellor Blake lately tried the suit McIntosh vs. Bessey. In giving judgment, he said:—A testatrix devised certain parts of her estate to her "daughter." In fact the testatrix at the time of making her will had two daughters, one of whom had, some years before, married against the will of her mother, and with whom, in consequence, she had ever since ceased to have any social intercourse. Under these circumstances the Court admitted parol evidence to prove that the unmarried daughter, who had continued to maintain friendly relations with the mother, was the party intended to be benefitted by the testatrix.

The London *Daily Telegraph* thinks in reply to Mr. Evarts' assertion, that the Old World has something better to do than to serve as a nursery for future citizens of the United States, and still believes that English workmen will prefer their Island home to any alien land. "With all the faults that foreign critiques can discover or English candor confess no large industrial population on earth equals the English for sustained steadiness and practical skill, though in France, Germany and America there are individuals or groups that surpass English competition. We cannot believe that our traditions of success will be lightly forfeited or transferred in a pique to our cousins across the seas."

A BAD ACCIDENT.—The other night Mr. Patrick Walsh, residing on the 13th Concession of Peel, had the hind trunk of a passenger coach on the Wellington, Grey & Bruce Railway run over his right foot, which was so seriously crushed that the foot had to be amputated at the ankle. Mr. Walsh is a very old man—will be ninety years next March. He had been visiting Guelph with his wife during the Fair week, and had reached Alma station on his way home, and got off before the train had finally stopped—a warning to all passengers who are inclined to be too hurried.

DIED.—Mr. and Mrs. Schofield, of Guelph, think that there is no doubt but that their deceased [illegible] by the

SCOTCH COLUMN.

Potatoes in Stonehaven have sold at £17 per acre.

The Marquis of Tweeddale has opened a new coffee-house in London.

The estate of Dunrobin, in the Parish of Creetownhead, 490 acres, has been sold for £38,000.

A son and heir has been born to the Earl of Rosebery. Great rejoicings took place in Linlithgowshire.

The Bruce statue was unveiled at Lochmaben on Saturday, Sept. 18th, by Miss Alice Hope Johnstone.

Lady Rosebery has promised to contribute 200 guineas to the fund for repairing the Western Synagogue, St. Alban's Place, London.

A company has been formed in Greenock for the purpose of erecting new land baths, after the model of the Arlington Baths, Glasgow.

Handloom weaving for many years occupied a prominent position amongst the industries of Johnstone, but it is now practically extinct.

There resides an aged widow in Gourock, Mrs. Duncan, who was born in Dalruzion, Glenshee, in the year 1778, and is consequently in her 107th year.

Mr. Bourne, brother of the Rev. D. G. Bourne, tenant of Glentyne shootings, near Inverary, went out to fish on the 28th ult. and has not been seen since.

By the death of the widow of the late Mr. David Jamieson Laskie a legacy of £1,000 for behoof of the poor of Cupar has become payable.

"A Dundonian of Fifty Years Ago" states that a system of penny postage with adhesive stamps was advocated years before 1837 by the late Mr. James Chalmers, bookseller.

The other day Mr. Macleod, of Cadboll, gave a great *fete* at his new Castle of Invergordon. The invitations included the nobility and gentry of the Counties of Ross and Inverness.

The remains of the late Mr. Richard Montgomery, of Benton, were interred there on the 26th ult. The deceased was a noted Chartist at one time and acted for many years as treasurer of the Benton Public School.

The Greenock U. P. Presbytery met on the 2nd and decided not to take any legal steps at present to obtain the church at Gourock, now held by the adherents of the Rev. David Macrae.

In the Clyde, on Saturday afternoon was a swimming match took place between two young ladies—Miss Geddes and Miss Gow. The distance was half a mile, and the former won by four yards.

On the 2nd inst. John Reid, gas-meter inspector of Aberdeen, while walking along the track of the Great Northern of Scotland Railway, was knocked down by some waggons, which were being shunted, and instantaneously killed.

It has been resolved that the memorial to the late Mr. Alex. Whitelaw, M. P., should take the form of a portrait, to be placed in the Corporation Galleries, Glasgow, and already £156 have been raised for the purpose.

Mr. John Allan, Addiewell, a local poet has been favored with a letter from the Empress Eugenie's secretary, in acknowledgment of the receipt of a poem entitled "The Last Farewell."

Lord Aberdeen entertained his tenantry to a garden party at Haddo House, in return for the demonstration made by them on the occasion of the birth of Lord Haddo, Lord Aberdeen's son. The weather was wet, but, notwithstanding, about 3,000 people assembled at Haddo House.

The death is announced in the eighty-second year of his age of Mr. John Thornton, of Jeanfield. He was the oldest representative of one of the oldest Forfar families, and many beside his relatives will sincerely mourn his loss.

The Orient, the largest steamer ever built on the Clyde, had an experimental cruise on the 9th. She has attained a speed of fully seventeen knots. Her nominal horse-power is 1,000, her tonnage 5,386. The cruise was eminently satisfactory.

Divine service was performed at Balmoral Castle on the 7th, by the Rev. Dr. Donald MacLeod, Chaplain to the Queen, in presence of Her Majesty, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, Princess Beatrice, and the Royal household.

Mr. David Paton, Claremont, is to erect public baths at his own expense, and to hand them over to the Commissioners for behoof of Alloa, on condition that they give the necessary water gratis, and make the charge for using the baths just sufficient to meet the actual outlay.

A gentleman named Alexander Finnie, aged ninety-two, one of the wealthiest residents in Ayrshire, was crossing the railway at Barassie Station, Kilmarnock, on the 4th inst., with his servant-girl, when they were run over by the Stranraer express and killed.

The committee on the Knox Monument in Edinburgh has agreed to commission Mr. Stevenson to execute the work when sufficient funds are in hand. It was agreed that, should the funds admit, figures of Patrick Hamilton, George Wishart, George Buchanan and Andrew Melville should be placed at the four corners of the pedestal.

The Circuit Court at Aberdeen this year was a maiden one, being the second occasion on which this has occurred within the present century, and in honor of the event the customary ceremony of presenting the Judge—Lord Young—with a pair of white gloves was observed.

On the morning of the 31st ult. Admiral Sir Malcolm Macgregor, chief of that ancient Scottish clan, died at his residence, Edinchip, near Crieff. He had been sitting for a considerable time, and was found dead in bed. Sir Malcolm, who was born in 1834, succeeded his father, Sir John Atholl Bannatyne Murray, the third Baronet, in 1851. He entered the Royal Navy in 1847 when only thirteen years of age, and obtained rapid promotion.

The *Scotsman* gives a list of subscriptions which have been given to secure the return of Conservatives in Scotch burghs at the next election. The Duke of Buccleuch is down for £1,000; Central Association, £1,000; the Duke of Richmond, £500; the Earl of Moray, £500; the Marquis of Bute, £500; the Earl of Wemyss, £300; Lady Campbell, £100; Lord Glasgow, £100, and Sir Thomas Gladstone, £50.

A terrible instance of mortality from diphtheria is reported. Three weeks ago Mr. Low, blacksmith, Laurencekirk, Kincardineshire, lost a daughter, ten years of age, from diphtheria; on Sunday last a daughter, eighteen years and a son, eight years, died from the same cause; and on Saturday two other members of the family died in Montrose Infirmary, making a family of five carried off by the same disease within three weeks.

The *Daily News*, in a racy leader on the meetings of the Archæological Society at Norwich, thus refers to a local tradition to illustrate its meaning: "In Berwickshire there is a village called Longformacus, a sufficiently odd name. The local explanation is that when the Romans were quartered thereabouts, one Macus kept a canteen for the soldiery. When they were sent forth to the Grampians, the thirsty legionaries would naturally long for Macus and his tap of Falernian—hence the name."

A Scotch lass was recently sent to prison for twenty days for cheating the Glasgow lawyers—an unprecedented feat. She was a domestic servant, 23 years of age, and representing to each in turn that she would inherit a considerable fortune, giving each instructions how to dispose of her prospective "property," she induced each of the astute gentlemen to advance her small sums for present necessities. But of course this sort of thing could not go on long among lawyers, and this the domestic servant of 23, with great expectations, found out.

The examination of James Morton, of Morton & Co., managers of the New Zealand Land Company and debtors of the Glasgow Bank for $1,600,000, has brought to light that the bank was kept afloat for years by the renewal and enlargement of its own acceptances, amounting to many millions. The bills thus accepted were in due mercantile form, and purport to be drawn from abroad by firms well known in Scotland against credits granted on securities, the principal negotiator being Mr. Morton, who has contrived to escape institution in the criminal proceedings against directors and officers.

There is at present living in a Skye bothy old Widow Macpherson, who entered upon her 106th year last Christmas. She was born there in the same year that Dr. Samuel Johnson and Boswell visited Skye. During the 105 years of Widow Macpherson's life she has lived in a turf hut, the smoke from the peat fire on the hearth finding its way out by every crevice, and giving a lustre, as if varnished, to the rafters which support the thatched roof. She has survived six Lords of the Isles, the present being the seventh, Lord Macdonald, who has held this title since she was born. She has never been out of the island, and does not understand one word of English, but speaks freely in Gaelic. She has [illegible]

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Father Monaghan, of the Independent Irish Catholic Church, New York City, has excommunicated the Pope.

From the Perth (Scotland) *Courier* we learn that on a recent Sunday the Lord Chancellor of England preached to a congregation of people from the surrounding neighborhood at Dunira House. He based his remarks on Deuteronomy xii. 10-11.

The blunt verdict of London *Truth* is that Talmage was in England "a dead failure, as he deserved to be, for his lectures were watched, and generally in very bad taste." But some of the London religious journals print and praise his language.

The Presidency of Queen's College, Belfast, Ireland, a Government institution and one of the three colleges of the late Queen's University, is vacant, by the death of the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Henry, who has been connected with it since its opening.

At the laying of the foundation-stone of a new chapel in Rugland, some ardent revivalists, after depositing in the stone a Bible, the coins of the realm and all that sort of thing, added the sheet of tinfoil whereon was phonographically printed "Hold the Fort" in Mr. Sankey's own voice.

There are 41 Presbyterian churches in New York, with 17,575 communicants. If to these we add the edifices belonging to the Reformed Dutch, the Reformed Presbyterian and the United Presbyterian, there is a total of 69 churches, representing a Presbyterian population of about 100,000 persons.

The munificence of the Duke of Norfolk as a Catholic is wonderful. It is estimated that within the past ten years he has spent over a million dollars to his religion. He has just undertaken to defray the cost of a new church at Sheffield, and is about to build another at the east end of London.

Knox College, Toronto, and the Presbyterian College, Montreal, re-open on Wednesday next, 1st October. The opening lecture in the former will be delivered by the Rev. Prof. Gregg, D. D., subject, "Justin Martyr;" and in the latter by the Rev. Principal MacVicar, LL. D., subject, "Hindrances and Helps to the spread of Presbyterianism."

The Dean of Brussels has issued a circular forbidding Catholics to send their children to the public schools, because they have been condemned by the Pope and the Bishops. This fact puts an end to all the talk that has been going on relative to the conciliatory attitude of the Pope with regard to that question.

Father Hyacinthe is gradually increasing his congregation in Paris. At first only a few hundred attended, now the chief service, Sunday afternoon, attracts regularly 1,000 persons. The programme of Catholic reform laid down by the pere has received over 600 signatures. It is stated that Father Hyacinthe has had many offers to join him from priests. He has two assistants.

Elisha Grimes said in a prayer-meeting at Little York, Ind., that he was wholly prepared to die. George Jones called him out of doors a few minutes afterward, and killed him with a knife. It is conjectured that Jones thought Grimes, professing readiness, might as well die at once, for no other motive has been discovered.

Attention has been drawn anew to a Wisconsin religious sect, called Peculiar People, but known to outsiders as "Babes in the Wood." A farmer is the leader, and he has induced them to take up the most childish practices by a literal interpretation of the text, "Except ye be converted and become as little children ye shall not enter into the kingdom of heaven."

One of London's greatest Catholic preachers, Mons. Capel, the *Caterby* of "Lothair," will embark from England soon for a tour in the United States and Canada. He hopes to return with money sufficient to erect a large church in the pecuniary embarrassments into which he plunged himself to establish the Catholic University at Kensington.

Some notion of the desolation of Memphis may be obtained from the fact that last Sunday, the seventh Sunday since the outbreak of the epidemic, not a church bell pealed forth upon the air, and but one service of any kind was held, and that at the Hernando Street Protestant Episcopal Church where Dr. Daniel, the minister, with two ladies and a gentleman held morning service.

The mental strain through which the Rev. Mr. Macrae has passed has told sensibly on his health, and with a view to recruiting he has left Gourock in the steam yacht Eunice for a month's cruise among the Western Highlands. The sheets for signature of those in Dundee who adhere to Mr. Macrae, and who are desirous to form themselves into a congregation under him, have now been signed by nearly 1,000 persons.

Rev. Dr. Sullivan, rector of St. George's Church, Montreal, is about to commence a series of sermons on scepticism. He does so because he believes "that there is far more of scepticism in the religious atmosphere of the day than is commonly suspected, and that many of our young men are in danger of wandering away from what you rightly term 'the eternal truths of the Gospel,' out into the bleak and barren wastes of unbelief."

Talmage thinks the London newspapers dull. He admires the English aristocracy. He thinks the House of Lords could match brains with the Senate at Washington. He is glad that so many persons in the United Kingdom read his sermons. He is going to spend part of the money he has made on this trip in buying books. He is impressed by the geniality of the average Englishman. He doesn't think the fact that persons bet on horse races is an argument for abolishing horse races. He is impatient to get back to Brooklyn. He thinks, when he does get back, he will preach better than ever.

Catholic authorities state that the remains of the Apostles of Christ are now in the following places: Seven are in Rome, namely, Peter, Philip, James the Lesser, Jude, Bartholomew, Matthias and Simon. Three are in the kingdom of Naples—Matthew at Salerno, Andrew at Amalfi, and Thomas at Ortona. One is in Spain, James the greater, whose remains are at St. Jago de Compostella. Of the body of St. John the Evangelist, the remaining one of the twelve, there is no knowledge. The evangelists Mark and Luke are also in Italy—the former at Venice and the latter at Padua. St. Paul's remains are also believed to be in Italy. Peter's are, of course, in the church at Rome which is called after him, as are also those of Simon and Jude. Those of James the lesser and of Philip are in the Church of the Holy Apostles; Bartholomew's in the church on the island in the Tiber called after him, while Matthias' are in the Santa Maria Maggiore, under the great altar of the renowned basilica.

His Green Melons.

At the Central Market yesterday Elder Toots, of the Lime Kiln, was noticed chewing away at a large hunk of green water melon—so green that there wasn't even one black seed in sight. Some one who knew the old gent called out in surprise:

"Why, old man, that melon's green as grass!"

"I believes ye, boss—indeed I does!" replied the Elder as he forced some more of it into his mouth.

"But it will make you sick."

"Well, I 'spect it may, ash, but I've got to take my chances. Dis am de 'o'th water melyon dat has turned green on me, an' I'se either gwine to blunt my taste for melyons altogeder or a-quire a taste for green ones. Can't a-ford to throw away any melyons dis time o' y'ar."—*Detroit Free Press.*

Exactly a hundred and thirty years ago an obscure and unknown Yorkshireman, Richard Tattersall by name, emigrated from the borders of Yorkshire and Lancashire to London, in the hope of mending his fortunes. He had previously tried his hand as a wool comber, but failed thereby to get a living. Between 1742 and 1760 the founder of the Tattersall family had so improved his time and opportunities as to be able to open his now celebrated Repository for Horses at Hyde Park corner, on the edge of the marshes on which now stand Eaton and Belgrave squares. There take place all the great English racing sales, and in its paddock is the great betting exchange known as "Tattersall's," which regulates the odds over much of the world.

The strength of steel rails were pretty thoroughly tested on the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad a few days ago. At a crossing which had been washed out by a freshet twelve feet of rail were left on both sides of the track without any support. Over this a heavy freight engine and several loaded cars passed in safety. The train was running at such a rate of speed that it could not be checked in time to avoid the crossing. One rail was found to be slightly fractured at one point, and both are slightly bent, but not enough to make them useless.

Rev. Ed. Wilson, D. D., Secretary of the General Council Reformed Episcopal Church in the United States, has accepted a call from the seceders from St. Bartholomew's Church, in Montreal, to become their pastor. The British [illegible] Mercury, lately [illegible]

SPORTING NOTES.

PEDESTRIANISM—THE ASTLEY BELT—NOTES FOR VISITORS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—This was the last day of the match, and at 7.15 p.m. it came to a close, Rowell completing the 300th mile at 7.16 on the run. He was joined by Hart, who challenged the pace, and the mates then started they were joined by Hazael and Merritt. A great and most exciting race ensued, Hart by side went Rowell and the negro all a ten-mile gait, which every moment was increased, and considerably before eleven and trying to catch up with Hazael and Merritt, also side by side. They went around in the order named for several laps, and one continuous yell rent the air. The pace proved too hot for Hart and he soon succumbed and was followed by Merritt, who also found the pace too quick for him. Then the race narrowed down to Rowell and Hazael for several laps, when they too concluded to give it up. Competition was rolling off each of the four. It was the most exciting tussle during the day. Taylor started on a rapid run shortly after seven and received generous applause. Krohne, the six-footer, was presented with a fleet horse-shoe, of diminutive pattern, to his colossal proportions. The night witnesses Guyon and Hart for fourth place ended, for the colored boy got a lead of six miles over Guyon, and hourly increased the gap. Hazael abandoned the struggle to get second money, and the great run which it was predicted he intended making on the last day was not forthcoming. Hart walked well, but there was no chance for him to do more than take fourth place. Hazael turned his 600th mile at 8.30 and a shower of applause greeted the announcement. He has hurried along and made a most fine fight under difficulties and disabilities that would have swamped any ordinary man. At eight, those who wanted to bet their week's wages found a difficulty in investing their money except on Rowell, Merritt, Hazael and Hart. Some slight changes were made, but of a trivial character, in the betting. Bets were freely taken that Ennis would beat Krohne the distance, but only even at this. The only time the book-makers had a chance to operate on Rowell was that he would not make 540 miles and even then no odds were given, even betting being the order of the night. Be sure were the book makers that Rowell, Merritt and Hazael would occupy the first three positions, and that Krohne would add additional capital they paid their ticket in advance on paying 5 per cent., running the risk of accident. Weston appeared perfectly happy at having finished his 450th mile. He retired from the track at 6.17 with the understanding that he would not return until Ennis pushed him out of his position as sixth man. Weston at that time had twenty miles the lead of Ennis, but at 8.30 Ennis was only ten miles behind. Quite a ripple of enthusiasm was caused when near nine o'clock, Rowell walked around carrying an American flag, and Merritt ran around waving the Union Jack in his hand. The band played alternately "Yankee Doodle," and "God Save the Queen," and the dense crowd cheered the united and dropped hands with might and main. The scene baffled description. The enthusiasm went beyond all bounds. The crowds in the streets outside took up the roar, and the mighty sound was carried away on the night air. The cheering was renewed when a grand floral piece, a shield surmounted by waving corn, was presented to Rowell. In bore the inscription to "Charles Rowell, by the Albion Society." It was borne around in front of him for several laps and the greatest applause ensued. In a few minutes the uproar continued with redoubled vigor, when Hazael, Merritt and Rowell came along the track arm in arm, with Merritt in the middle. The uproar was terrific. The trio bowed with applause. They stopped opposite the timekeeper's stand, and Rowell, as spokesman for the three, said, "Gentlemen, I thank you. I am through." The three then retired for good at 8.25, their scores being—Rowell 530 miles, Merritt 515, and Hazael 500. They went to their tents and soon after left the building. Hazael having made 500 miles, did not think it worth while to continue the race any further, Hart being 20 miles behind. He, however, came out of his tent to take part in the ovation that was tendered Rowell by the Albion Society, in which also Merritt participated. Guyon, Krohne, Ennis, Hart and Taylor were left on the track. At 9.10 Weston was in his tent waiting to see if Ennis or Krohne came up to his score, when he intended to reappear.

The great excitement and interest in the walk departed with the departure of Rowell, Merritt and Guyon, but there were 10,000 persons yet in the Garden, and Ennis received great applause as he went toward his 450th mile. Taylor was also cheered as he flew along, but no one knew why he persisted in the race, as he was over a mile behind