

Forty-five Cents

Isn't much, but it will buy about the best pound of Java and Mocha coffee to be had.

GARIEPY & LESSARD.

# The Edmonton Bulletin.

EDMONTON BULLETIN

July 1, 1907

NUMBER 60.

**J. H. MORRIS & CO.,**  
DEPARTMENT STORE,  
270-76 Jasper Ave. East.

**Ladies' Ribbed Vests and Union Suits.**  
Women's Fine Swiss Ribbed Vests, low neck, no sleeves, lisle thread, mercerized or plain cotton, trimmed with lace or crocheted edge, also plain without trimming. **Special values 15c. to \$1.00.**

**Women's Ribbed Union Suits,** low neck and sleeves, lace or crocheted trimmings, drawers with lace edge. **Special Values 75c., \$1.00, and \$1.25.**

**Drop in and let us show you our Skeleton Waists for Boys.**

**Little Beauty Waists for Girls.**

Be sure and don't forget next time you are in town to step in and get a supply of

**DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS**

We have a good stock on hand, wide range of styles, best quality and lowest prices.

**Native and B.C. Lumber, Sash, Doors, etc.**

**PHONE 37 W. H. CLARK & CO. 9TH ST. W.**

**YOUR GARDEN**

You will want it to look better this year than ever. We are prepared to supply you with

**The most suitable plants for the purpose also**

**HANGING BASKETS. WINDOW BOXES.**  
Send in your order early.

**Ramsay's Greenhouse**  
Corner Eleventh and Victoria Avenue  
P.O. Box 58  
Phone 523

**National Trust Company, Ltd.**  
Capital \$1,000,000 - Reserve \$450,000

**MONEY TO LOAN**

On Improved Town Property at Lowest Current Rates.  
Lowest Expense. No Delay.  
No Commission Charged to Borrower.

**A. M. STEWART, Manager Edmonton Branch.**  
Corner of Jasper Ave. and First Street.

**Farm Implements, Carriages, Etc.**

We invite inspection of our large line of

**Carriages and Farm Implements, Land Rollers, Land Packers, Weeders, McLaughlin Carriage Co's Rubber and Steel Tire Traps, Buggies, Surries and Democrats McCormick Binders, Mowers and Rakes**

**The Bellamy Co.,**  
Corner Howard and Rice Streets.

**TRADE**

We can supply you with an article second to none in the market, in the line of Hams, Bacon, Lard, etc., Fresh Meat, Sausage, etc., at reasonable prices.

Patronize Home Industry and help keep the money in the Country.  
Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

**THE VOGEL MEAT AND PACKING CO., LIMITED**

**FRUITS**  
Of The Season

Arriving Daily

Strawberries Cherries  
Bananas Oranges  
Also Fresh Rhubarb  
Ripe Tomatoes

**FOR MEN \$2.25 pair**

**FOR CHILDREN—All styles and sizes at lowest prices**

**W. Johnstone - Walker & Co.**  
267 Jasper Avenue East.

AT  
**Hallier & Aldridge's**  
Bakers and Confectioners

**Shot From Car Window.**  
Kingston, Ont., June 28.—George Armstrong was shot in the arm with a blank cartridge, fired from a passing G. T. R. train. Men of the 4th Regiment, of Belleville, were in the car. The military authorities will make an investigation. Armstrong received a bad wound.

**Shall not Apply to Some.**  
Boston, Mass., June 28.—The House today concurred in the Senate amendment to anti-railroad merger bill providing that the measure shall not apply to railroad properties acquired prior to May.

**Predicts General Strike.**  
Denver, Colo., June 28.—Addressing the convention here today of the Western Federation of Miners, Robert Randall, of Goldfield, Nev., predicted a general strike of all the miners throughout the country.

**Insurance Men Indicted.**  
New York, June 28.—Indictment charging conspiracy and forgery against George E. Shrugham, manager of the International Policyholders' Committee, and Charles A. Strup, an employee of the committee, were returned by the grand jury. An indictment for conspiracy also was found against Charles Carrington, another employee of the committee.

**GIGANTIC PLACER MERGER IS MADE**

Guggenheims Pay Ten Millions For Big Klondike Water-shed Properties

Dawson, Y. T., June 28.—Records in the gold commissioner's office show the biggest placer merger the world has ever known has been effected in Dawson, whereby the Guggenheim interests have taken over properties from the X. Treadwell, Northwest Hydraulic Company, and Yukon Consolidated Goldfields Company, and other smaller concerns.

By the deal the Guggenheim people have absorbed all the placer properties in Klondike watershed, and their rich hillside and tributaries are included in the deal.

It is estimated that the claims have cost the company \$10,000,000 and \$5,000,000 already has been spent for equipment. The company has just started three of the largest gold dredges in the world at the mouth of Bonanza, and is planning to start three on the lower Hunter, one on the Anderson concession, one at Arlington Roadhouse, one at the junction of the Hunter and Klondike rivers, and one at Fortymile, below Hunker. It will also install a dredge or two more at the lower Bonanza this season, and one at Fortymile.

Practical conveyor machines for hoisting gravel and sweeping out creek bottoms with electrical power without the use of dredges.

**SCHOOL LANDS BRING BIG PRICES**

As High As \$38 Per Acre Was Paid As Farmers Want To Increase Holdings

Winnipeg, Man., June 28.—The sale of school lands to-day quite set the record, and crockers outside of Western Canada who have been predicting crop failure and financial stringency in the three western provinces. One hundred and twenty-four quarter sections were sold to bonafide farmers for an aggregate sum of \$200,000. The highest price paid was \$38.90 per acre—a remarkably good figure for wild lands, and the lowest was \$7. All of the farmers attending were anxious to increase their holdings and had the money to do it.

**RECKLESSLY DRIVEN—It Gets Beyond Control and Runs Down Children.**

Toronto, June 28.—Coming down Norway Hill in the eastern part of the city last night, at a furious rate of speed, an automobile, owned by Herman Nerlich, containing five men, struck a hole, smashing the engine and springs, switched off the road over the car track and side-walk.

It crashed through a gate, and dashed into a group of children, breaking the legs of W. H. Baker, son of Chas. Baker, Kingston road, and severely injuring Ida Wolfe, aged 12, and slightly injuring her little brother.

The auto went right over the Baker boy, and the others were carried fifteen feet before the wrecked machine came to a standstill. The five occupants of the car were thrown out or jumped when the springs broke.

Regina, Hospital Opened.

Regina, June 28.—This afternoon Lieutenant-Governor Forget opened the hospital which the Croy "Rains" took over from two local doctors.

## JUNE BUILDING PERMITS ALMOST HALF A MILLION

All Previous Records Broken.—Edmonton Continues To Grow Apace.—Permits issued For Two Large Buildings.—Total For Six Months Of This Year Almost Equals Record Of Whole Of Last Year

temporarily falling behind will be a source of much gratification to the thousands who have placed their faith in the capital city of Alberta. It is a clear indication that Edmonton has not experienced the boom characteristic of some western cities but on the other hand is making a steady growth, month by month and year by year to the status of a great metropolis.

For the six months ending today, the record of the entire twelve months of 1906—then thought to be a monumental one for a city of the size of Edmonton—is almost equalled.

For the entire year of 1906 permits issued amounted to \$1,868,066. Up till June 29th, 1907, the amount is \$1,784,268.

The following figures for recent months, which at the time were high water marks, show the advance made during the past year:

June, 1906	\$244,010
July, 1906	307,523
August, 1906	373,790
September, 1906	415,250
October, 1906	425,267
November, 1906	415,250
December, 1906	425,267
Total for 1906	\$1,868,066
Total for 1907 (to June 29)	\$1,784,268

Some Big Buildings This Month. The biggest permits of the month were for the addition to the General Hospital being erected to the west side of the present building and on the north side of Victoria avenue and the Blowey-Henry store on Jasper near the Bulletin office.

The addition to the General Hospital, for which the Sisters of Charity have taken out a permit, will cost \$100,000 and will more than double the present accommodation. The addition will be 104 x 56 feet and 66 feet high, of brick construction. The architect is R. Percy Barnes, and the contractor the Cannell-Spencer Construction Co.

The Blowey-Henry block will cost \$60,000 and will be four stories high of brick and steel construction. It will have a frontage of 56 feet and a depth of 120 feet. The architect is R. Percy Barnes, and the contractor R. J. Munson.

## Midsummer Promotion Examinations

McCauley, H. Ebert, B. Boyaner, B. Yule, C. Tate, M. Campbell, H. Yule, K. Gaebel, H. Goodridge, L. Evans, M. Campbell

**Miss Osborne's Room.**  
Standard III Senior to Standard III—F. Schater, G. Noble, H. Grenton, A. Fitzgerald, N. Horner, H. Brueggemann, L. Turner, K. Campbell, K. Wilson, N. Lauder, G. Watt, E. McDougall, J. Davidson, H. Hallitt, L. Ebert, E. Lyons, R. Siddons, J. Siddons, A. Skidh, H. Carrell, E. Jones, G. Noble, C. Lindsay, C. Agar, E. Mathers, E. Necker, N. Potter, H. Armstrong, L. Mason, G. Henry, K. Clutton, E. Waite, S. Gibson, B. Cope, P. Morris, K. Lypis, C. Carter, M. Lester, A. Woolf.

**Miss McKee's Room.**  
Standard III Junior to Intermediate—F. Duggan, R. Skitch, E. Dain, W. Downy, A. Ball, W. Plezier, A. Schattner, G. E. Wagner, A. Lauder, M. Hutchings, D. Wagner, J. Hanna, E. Wagner, J. MacPhedran, E. Schattner, N. Hanna, R. Lidstone, H. Auld, S. Osborne, H. Gobel, N. Strutt, V. Gianviva, F. Macartney, L. Brueggemann.

**Miss McKee's Room.**  
Standard III Intermediate to Senior—E. Anderson, F. Brueggemann, G. Beaton, C. Cummings, J. Chekaluk, G. Cairney, G. Davidson, M. Hanson, S. Lovell, B. Pfeifer, L. Peterson, I. Tate, C. Third.

**Standard III to Standard IV—S. A. B. Brueggemann, R. Brazill, W. Carter, A. Carmichael, F. Deyl, E. Dalling, C. Flemming, G. Fraser, M. Hodgins, B. Kerr, E. Lyons, K. Martin, M. McLeod, D. McLeod, D. McDougall, I. McQuarrie, H. Noble, F. Ogden, M. Auld, F. Schattner, F. Schattner, H. Sanderson, H. Wagner, M. Williamson.**

**Miss Burger's Room.**  
Standard III to IV—V. Vance, J. Mitchell, O. Elliot, S. Boyaner, H. Stone, A. McLeod, F. Brinkman, C. Blevins, S. Groat, C. McArthur, L. Butchart, E. Cristall, J. Cristall, E. Fowler, L. Goodridge, L. Foster, D. Sparling, M. Dunn, B. Mijht, E. Rattray, E. Rattray, E. Mijht.

**Miss K. Chappell's Room.**  
Standard III to IV—G. Armstrong, E. Blevins, A. Dickinson, M. Gunter, M. McDonald, H. Mohr, H. Brenton, E. Dowling, A. Sanderson, I. Rutherford, E. Rutherford, E. Fowler, E. Tate, T. Maloney, A. McPhedran, M. Carrell, F. Francis, L. Greenfield, M. Hammond, R. Hutchings, J. Johnson, M. Looby, M. Peacock, B. Reid, G.

**OFFICIAL OPENING OF EXHIBITION.**

The Annual Exhibition of Edmonton will be officially opened on Monday at one o'clock by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. J. H. Brown, who will be escorted to the Exhibition grounds by a military escort of twelve men, a trumpeter and a sergeant from "D" Squadron, C.M.R. The full squadron, under Major Thibodeau, will be in the parade, and four companies of the Boys' Brigade. At the exhibition grounds addresses will be given by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. W. T. Finlay, Minister of Agriculture, J. H. Morris, president of the exhibition, and Acting Mayor Munson.

After the formal opening the "D" Squadron will give exhibitions of troop and squadron drill.

(Continued on Page

## BUYING STEEL STOCK.

President of Dominion Coal Company Negotiating a Big Coup.

Montreal, June 28.—James Ross, president of the Dominion Coal Co., credited with having bought 2,000 shares of Dominion Iron and Steel common stock in the stock market to add to his already large holdings, and it is claimed that another thousand shares went to his credit this morning. The stock has within a few days risen from 18 to 24 3/8, the latter being the highest for this morning. With the suit pending against the coal company, of which he is president, and the present directors known to be comparatively small holders of steel stock, a big representation at the annual meeting on July 5th by the Ross interests might put an entirely different complexion to the fight.

Difficulty to Move Wrecks.  
Buffalo, N.Y., June 28.—The steamer Lottingham, which was tossed high and dry around in the January gale, was finally released to-day. The steamer H. W. Smith, her sister ship, is still aground. The work of releasing the ships has been attended with many failures, and has attracted the attention of wreckers all over this part of the country.

## CORNER STONE OF NEW Y.M.C.A.

Will Be Laid Dominion Day Morning By Mrs. Bulyea—Program of Ceremonies

The corner stone of the new Y. M. C. A. building at the head of Howard street will be laid on Monday, July 2nd at the hour of 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon. The ceremony of laying the stone and declaring it well and truly laid will be performed by Mrs. Bulyea, wife of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Alberta. The conduct of the ceremonies will be by His Honor the Governor.

His Honor and Mrs. Bulyea will be escorted from Government House at the hour of 11.15 by a guard of honor from "D" Squadron, C.M.R., under Capt. Lessard.

The party will parade by way of Third street, Jasper and Howard streets to the Y.M.C.A. building. Addresses will be delivered by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. C. W. Cross, Attorney-General of Alberta; Principal Riddell of Alberta college, Rev. Dr. McQueen, and Rev. H. A. Gray, Rev. A. M. McDonald and Rev. E. E. Marshall.

The Boys' Brigade will parade with the party and act as a guard of honor to Mrs. Bulyea in the ceremony of laying the stone.

## Well-Known Union Man Dead.

Toronto, June 28.—James McDonald, the well known business agent of the Toronto Street Railway Employees' Union, died this morning of pneumonia. McDonald went to Winnipeg at the time of the street railway strike there, and took a prominent part for the strikers.

## CROP CONDITIONS ARE EXCELLENT

Reports From All Over The West Are Particularly Promising Of Big Yield

Winnipeg, June 28.—Throughout the Northwest the crop conditions are all that could be desired. The reports for the past week received by the Canadian Pacific Railway show that the grain is doing very well, and excellent growth has been made during the past few days.

**Saskatchewan Hopeful.**  
At Edras north is up 12 to 14 inches, and no damage has been done. Moose Jaw has grain in some fields up a foot, but generally throughout Saskatchewan the averages are six inches and upwards. In some cases heavy rain is reported, but no damage has been done so far. In many of the Manitoba centres abundant rain has been the rule, and consequently the grain looks excellent. Payton reports that the crops are expected to exceed last year's. Bathford crops are more advanced than last year, while Lashburn expects, if there are no summer frosts, that the crop will be remarkable.

**All Sections Satisfied.**  
At Vegreville wheat is from four to fourteen inches high. The Edmonton and Miami sections all report favorably, and the farmers are cheerful. At Swan Lake grain is doing well, and the heavy rains of Wednesday and Thursday were just what was needed. Minto and Dunsmuir require more rain. Around Regina the prospects are the very brightest for a bountiful crop.

**AUTO RECORDS SUFFER.**  
St. Paul, Minn., June 28.—Three men broke the world's record for twenty-five miles for touring cars, under the prevailing conditions, in a race at Hamline track today. Eddie Bald, who finished first, broke the record by nearly two minutes, and the other two bettered it by several seconds. The time was: Bald 30.28; Simpson, Minneapolis, 31.59; Winstanley, Minneapolis, 31.56.

District News

WETASKIWIN

Bulletin Correspondence. Wetaskiwin in its attire is a vastly different city from the usual elevator town. Never in her history have citizens endeavored to decorate so lavishly and tastefully as this week.

LAMONT.

Bulletin Correspondence. Last Monday evening the Lamont Sons of Temperance held an open meeting. Rev. A. D. McDonald presiding.

VEGREVILLE.

Bulletin Correspondence. A case in which the probable \$50 bill figures, and in which Mr. Bradshaw of Warwick, may lose \$30 as the result of the tearing of this bill, is reported.

OLDS.

Bulletin Correspondence. We have to open up that we cannot keep track of the growth of vegetation in the salubrious district of Olds.

less bring the top notch in that market. Baxter, Reed & Co. are the thoroughbred Hereford people of this part of Alberta and are continually improving their vast holdings for ranch purposes.

FLOATING STONE LAKE.

Bulletin Correspondence. The days are becoming very warm, but everything looks better to the eye.

STURGEON.

Bulletin Correspondence. A slight frost on Wednesday morning has done some damage to gardens in Goodfild.

FORT SASKATCHEWAN.

Bulletin Correspondence. On Monday evening last, Miss Edna Sutherland, of Winnipeg, the well-known dramatic reciter, gave one of her delightful entertainments in the Opera House here.

Winnipeg's Building.

Is \$2,500,000 Less Than Last Year. Winnipeg, June 27.—The city building for 1907 has reached the \$4,250,000 mark, as compared with \$6,800,000 at this date last year.

NEW YORK WHEAT.

New York, June 26.—Wheat receipts 50,500, sale 1,900,000. On the whole wheat was well sustained all day in face of dullness, and closed one-half to three-quarter cents higher.

FIRST NEW HAY.

The first new hay of the season was offered on the market square this morning by two Galicians, who brought in two loads from their farms some miles east of the city.

qualities. He will be greatly missed by the Indians and white people. It is the sincere wish of all that a rest may restore him to health.

VEGREVILLE.

Bulletin Correspondence. Dr. R. S. Macdonald, Spence, Tierney and Dutcher have gone on an extended fishing excursion.

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Removals are the order of the day. Mrs. A. A. Goodhand, who for the past few years has been teacher and missionary in the Bears' Hill Indian School, has resigned her position and moved to Bright View.

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Butter Direct From Milk

The Ideal Butter Separator will take Butter direct from Sweet Milk in Seven Minutes. It will also take it from Sour Milk and Sweet and Sour Cream. It costs but \$24.00 for 7 gal. size; \$35.00 for 15 gal. size; and \$40.00 for 24 gal. size.

EVERY SEPARATOR GUARANTEED TO DO AS REPRESENTED. AGENTS WANTED. The Iroquois Manufacturing Co., Limited, Iroquois, Ont.

Oil and Coal Lands

We have purchased from the Western Canadian Land Co., Ltd., several thousand acres north of Morinville, in the famous Elk Park Valley.

Several coal mines are located in and adjoining our lands, and the Canadian Northern Railroad runs through the center of our block.

The American Canadian Oil Company have their oil-boring machinery on the ground and it will be in operation in a short time.

They have already found tar-sand and gas and are certain of striking oil in large quantities.

The soil is the richest on earth, level to gentle rolling, and adjoining lands are thickly settled with prosperous farmers. Drop in and see samples of coal and tar-sand.

Geo. T. Brag, AGENT, ELK PARK LAND CO C.P.R. BUILDING.

K. W. McKenzie, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, EDMONTON - - - - ALTA.

KEEPS ON HAND ALL KINDS OF Local Improvement Forms. School District Forms. Hyoplate Blackboards. Desks. Etc

It is interesting to note, said Mr. Finlay, that many of the farmers had accidentally used the methods outlined by Prof. Campbell, which stimulated confidence in the men at the department at Edmonton. This was the first time that the lectures and demonstrations are given and the series of reports will be sent to the department at Edmonton.

The Imported Clydesdale Stallion "The Gem Prince," stands for the Season 1907 at AUCTIONEER SMITH'S STOCKYARDS

For further particulars, apply 63 McDougall Avenue Edmonton, Alberta

Cann, Ingle & Co. Stoney Plain

Manufacturer of SASHES AND DOORS and Dealers in LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH, LIME, ETC.

All kinds of Building Material Planing and Crushing done at all times. Orders filled at shortest notice

CANN, INGLE & CO.

There is Nothing Better Steel Stubble and Sod Plow

Fitted with the Celebrated "Garden City Clipper" Bottom. MADE BY DAVID BRADLEY MFG. CO., BRADLEY, ILL., U.S.A.

About the best thing you can get hold of for all classes of work. At home in the stubble or row, turns a good flat furrow in the sod. Just a nice medium between the more abrupt old ground plow and the long, slow turning breaker.

SOLE SELLING AGENTS Manuel & Corriveau, Edmonton, Alta

TELEGR

UNITED STATES SENDS

Washington, June 25.—The city of serious trouble in Central America, growing out of the conditions existing there in relation to the alleged ambition of Zelaya, of Nicaragua, to form a Central American States, and the United States admit to despatch the fine new cruises to that region. On her to proceed forthwith to Mare Island navy yard, C. Mare Island navy yard, C. Mare Island navy yard, C. Mare Island navy yard, C.

WHEAT THREE FEET F

In the Nanton District F Calgary, Man.

Calgary, June 26.—Mr. Han who has just returned from the district reports wheat feet high. When sown in the soil it measured exactly that height, with the exception of a few stalks which were higher. In the same district were 2 feet 6 inches in

\$1,000,000 FOR ROAD

Ontario Will Spend That Improving Roadways This

Toronto, June 26.—About thousand miles of Ontario roads have been brought during the year under the working of a Road Act, which provides for the department, ten years townships have raised, in addition to the county grants and the cities, towns and villages, 500,000 for good roads. The about \$1,000,000 is being raised by the municipalities. The ten townships have adopted the A. W. Campbell method of road-making and intelligent methods of road-making have been the last five years.

Convicted of Manslaughter. Kenora, Ont., June 25.—A. Amand, who was under trial for the murder of a companion, was convicted of manslaughter, in a case which was heard at the court in Kenora, Ont., June 25. He was sentenced to a term of 18 months in prison.

San Francisco, June 26.—The jury this afternoon returned a verdict of "not guilty" in the case of nine persons charged with acts of violence against the Railroad during the recent strike.

RICH GOLD STRIKE UP I

Victoria, June 26.—D. C. C. siding at the most northerly of the Yukon territory, the Yukon, has been completely isolated since the strike. The month of the Mackenzie, and to travel 450 miles in a climate which is almost unbearable. The temperature is now in the region of 100 degrees Fahrenheit. The men in the strike are registered government property. The men in the strike are registered government property.

Victoria, June 26.—The hot days Ottawa is indebted to the pressure in the north and scorching weather in the American continent, that the enjoying the cool temperatures of the autumn.

In this the Free Press is given a copy of the report of the Geological Survey, an expert and wise observer of meteorological conditions. "To me," said Prof. Macoun, "is nothing abnormal about the conditions of the present season. It is a continuation of the conditions of the past few years. I saw no signs of anything unusual, that it would last as long as this."



## THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

DAILY—Delivered in City, \$4 per year. By mail, per year, \$5. SEMI-WEEKLY—Subscriptions per year \$1. Subscriptions strictly in advance.

BULLETIN CO., LTD.

DUNCAI MARSHALL, Manager.

MONDAY, JULY 1, 1907.  
**GONE, BUT NOT TO BE FORGOTTEN.**

A Macleod jury a few days ago decided that Felix Montalbet was not guilty of perjury in connection with the declarations made by him to the Department of the Interior as to his priority of squatter's rights to the land, which afterward became the townsite of Blairmore. As Montalbet's rights were not determined on the basis of the statements claimed by him to have been incorrect, the finding of the jury had nothing to do with proving or disproving the validity of his claim. The verdict does, however, perform the last sad rite of interment on one of the slanders with which the Opposition sought to deflect the attention of Parliament and the country from the doings of the Fosterian "quill."

The declaration of the former Commissioner of Dominion Lands that his decision was in no measure determined by the statements in question, and the publication of the findings of the courts, left nothing of the slander but its ruin, and the odor it diffused around the tapes of its relatives. Now the Macleod jury declares that Montalbet did not swear falsely in his declarations. Recognizing the import of this, the Opposition press is discreetly silent. The columns which also would have shrieked at the "bare-faced robbery of the people's rights" are occupied by sympathetic dissertations on the health of Mr. Chamberlain, and two-foot platitudes about the Hague conference. These organs appear to be congratulating themselves that the decedent remains have been quietly laid away unnoticed by the public, to be softly murmuring "requiescat in pace," and trusting that the breezes will waft away the last lingering aroma of a slander that perished in its youth.

Well, perhaps, as our Opposition friends are hoping the obsequies are over, but there remains yet the post-mortem. The Macleod jury have buried the Blairmore slander beyond resurrection, but they have also paved the way for an investigation into the origin and career of the deceased. The investigation promises to be quite as interesting and considerably longer-lived than the slander. There are many matters in connection with the case to be cleared up, and they are matters on which the Opposition and their corporation allies are qualified to throw light. The situation now is this: Montalbet made certain declarations; afterward he declared these were false; a jury now finds that they were not false. If Montalbet told the truth in his declarations, who suggested to him to afterwards deny the truth? What means were adopted to persuade him to do so? What influence was brought to bear upon this man powerful enough to lead him to condemn himself as a liar? Was it fear of a corporation employer? Or of political influence that might be brought to bear in such quarters? Was it the hope of carrying favor with one or both of these allies? Was it the hope of reward? The promise or suggestion of promotion or other benefit as the result of acceptable service against the common enemy? What were the means employed to persuade Mr. Montalbet that it was to his interest to denounce himself as a falsifier? And who was the agent who undertook the task?

These are matters on which the believed relatives of the departed slanderer should be able to provide information. As evidence of their single-minded concern for the public interest they owe it to themselves to do so.

### "DO UNTO OTHERS."

Dr. Sproule, M. P., has been making a speech—which is the same as saying he has been denouncing some one for daring to worship at a different altar. This time he appears to have exceeded himself, and while warning his hearers against entertaining sentiments of bigotry, waxed wrath because Sir Wilfrid Laurier has dared to visit Rome. This surely is the zenith of absurdity. Suppose, the

Doctor were touring Europe, would he not visit the old cathedral at Derry, or wander by the banks of the Boyne? And would he expect to be made the target for a trade because he did so? The traditions Dr. Sproule holds dear are worthy of respect, but not more so than the faith by which another man lives. As he would not consent to be ridiculed or abused for visiting the localities with which his religious traditions are associated, he should not condemn another man for visiting the temporal and visible head of the church whose faith he cherishes.

### SATISFACTORY OUTLOOK.

The Winnipeg Commercial estimates the wheat crops of the western provinces for the season at 120,000,000 bushels. Last year's crop was only 92,000,000 bushels. The estimate appears somewhat optimistic but may be well founded, the increased acreage in Alberta and Saskatchewan more than counter-balance the supposed decrease in Manitoba. The present prospects are, too, that the yield will be splendid, and the prices more satisfactory than usual. Taken altogether, the West never had a more satisfactory crop outlook at this time of the season.

### GETTING IN THE GAME.

It was not in any spirit of philanthropy that Mr. Foster brought the Union Trust to the rescue of the distressed Fowler syndicate. Or at least any sentiments of compassion he may have entertained for these gentlemen were overshadowed by the more powerful incentive of self-interest.

In the option held by the syndicate Mr. Foster and the inner circle of his financial disciples saw an opportunity of enriching themselves. How far this fact was made to influence the policy of the Union Trust has not been explained, and probably does not need to be explained. If the benefit of Mr. Foster and his allies was not the purpose in mind, why did the Trust Co. provide the cash to purchase the land for them instead of for itself? The avowed intention of Messrs. Foster, McGillivray & Wilson from the beginning, was to make a profit of 50 cents per acre. If the policy of the Union Trust had been dictated solely and absolutely to enable them to accomplish this purpose, it is not apparent where that policy would have differed in a single detail from the course that was followed.

The option was bought for the Foster-McGillivray syndicate with the funds of the Union Trust, and these gentlemen set to work to make their 50¢ per acre. They obtained control of the charter of an Ontario land syndicate and changed its name to the Great West Land Company. This re-organized concern was then endowed with an imaginary or prospective capital of \$100,000, equal to the 50¢ per acre the syndicate were to make on the land, and the land was turned over to it. This stock was divided in such manner that Mr. Foster and his allies held \$48,250 interest; Messrs. Pops and Fowler came in for \$5,000; Dr. Oronhyatka got \$10,000; the Union Trust Co. were given \$23,750 stock as bonus for financing the enterprise. Sir John Boyd bought forty shares and paid for them; Mr. Scholfield bought 40, paid half their cost, and was forgiven the balance. This \$5,000 was all the cash put into the concern for stock. All the remainder of the money expended by the Great West came from the Union Trust Company, yet the Union Trust Company was the only shareholder deprived of the right to share in the profits on the land.

The Great West Land Company was to all intents and purposes the Foster-McGillivray syndicate, its capital represented their expected profits and its business was to divide these profits among the parties concerned. The members of the syndicate were the executive committee of the Great West Land Company. The purpose for which the company was formed was to enable Messrs. Foster-McGillivray and Wilson to make their desired profits on the land.

Under this arrangement what was the situation from the standpoint of the Union Trust, and the Foresters who supplied the money to the Union Trust? It must be remembered that the land had yet to be paid for. The \$750,000 due the C. P. R. must be paid by some one; the \$150,000 cash due the Pope-Fowler syndicate must be paid by some one. Who was to do it? The Pope-Fowler syndicate assuredly were not the parties. They had shuffled off the property and its liabilities, and were collecting their profits. The Fos-

ter syndicate had neither the intention nor the means of doing so. They had not paid for the option out of their own pockets; how then could they pay for the land itself? The newly formed Great West Land Co. had no money with which to purchase the property. Who, then, was expected to supply the money? The Union Trust was the only party in the transaction apparently capable of doing so. It is obvious that from the first the intention was that this Company should extend to the Great West Land Company, the generous treatment it had already accorded to the Foster syndicate, and should continue to provide the funds.

And supposing the Union Trust advanced the funds, who became responsible for them to the Union Trust? The company could take a mortgage on the property, but is it the custom of financial institutions to provide all the funds for an enterprise without security other than that of the enterprise itself? The Company could take stock in the Great West Land Company, but this would be nothing more than securing a part interest in a concern for which they were supplying all the money. In either case the position proved profitable, the Trust Company would receive back their principal with either interest or dividends; if the venture proved unprofitable, the Trust Company had no one to hold financially responsible, but the Great West Land Company had no assets save its prospective profits; and if the venture were unsuccessful there would be no profits.

This was the way Mr. Foster discharged the trust reposed in him—by perverting the Union Trust from an investment agency of the Foresters' money into a money-lending concern supplying the funds for himself and his friends to carry on their speculations. This was the position into which the Union Trust Company was led that Mr. Foster and his accomplices might make a profit on a land transaction, and it was in this position and for this purpose that the Company was made to advance \$980,000. How did this position accord with the purpose for which the Foresters had formed the Company, and had put their money in its keeping? Was this an example of "forethought" and "care" that the funds should be absolutely secure, and that they would certainly return a satisfactory profit for those whose welfare the Foresters had in mind when they paid in their dues?

### SCOOPED BY SCRIPPS.

One surely has to go abroad to learn the news of home. Under the heading: "Vast Region is Flooded," a California exchange produces the following "despatch" from Edmonton: "By Scripps News. 'Edmonton, Northwest Territory, June 18.—The melting snows in the great region tapped by the Saskatchewan river have swelled the waters to an unprecedented height, and the flood is sweeping down the valley, covering an area of 500 square miles. 'The damage to the lumber rafts made up from the winter's cuttings will amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars. Every raft for a distance of 1,000 miles along the North Saskatchewan is in danger, and the vast majority have already broken up and swept away. 'The flood is increasing and the scattered inhabitants of this vast region are fleeing to the hills. 'For enterprise Scripps appears to be a winner. The narrow bounds of truth do not constrain the soaring imagery of Scripps nor cramp the conception of a splendid sensation. Meantime, will the "scattered inhabitants" of this "vast region," who so precipitately took to the highlands please report? The Bulletin objects to being "scooped" by Scripps.

### CUTTING OUT THE BANKER.

Not only was the Union Trust distorted into a banker for speculators with no chance ordinarily to share in the spoils of the war for which it provided the sinews, but on the one occasion when it had a chance for a share it was cut out in a manner which was not altogether clearly explained before the Insurance Commission. When the Great West Land Company was formed it was decided to give the Union Trust Co. a block of stock as a bonus for undertaking to finance the enterprise. Besides this for the actual cash advanced the Trust Company had the option of taking a mortgage on the land or of taking its stock. In the minutes of a meeting of the Union Trust Directors

"pany is to have the option of taking fully paid-up stock at par for the whole or any part of this advance and interest thereon, and is to receive in addition as a bonus 237 1-2 shares of \$100 each, par value, of the 'paid up capital stock of the company.'"

What other meaning can this have than that the Trust Company was to have 237 1-2 shares stock in any event, and entirely independent of whether stock or mortgage were taken for the cash advanced? The bonus stock was an inducement to the Trust Company to finance the transaction and not in one of the two alternate ways.

At the same time a block of 100 paid up shares of the Great West Land Co. stock was put in the name of Dr. Oronhyatka. Why this was done has not been made clear but the evidence of the Chief Ranger was that he believed he held it in trust for either the Union Trust Co. or the Foresters. Accepting this then the Union Trust, or the Foresters, had a total interest of 37 1-2 shares, or \$33,750, in the stock of the Great West Land Co. given them as bonus stock, independent altogether of whether they should take stock in return for the money advanced.

But did the Union Trust or the Foresters get the benefit of this \$33,750 stock? Did they receive any dividends on it? Was it sold and the proceeds added to the funds of the order? Not at all. When the enterprise began to appear likely to return profits means were found to dispose of this chivalrous re-adjustment as reflected in the fact that it took place when Dr. Oronhyatka was in India and when Mr. Stevenson, a vigilant "outsider" in the Union Trust Directorate, was absent from the country. The transfer of Dr. Oronhyatka's stock was effected by means of a general power of attorney which he left behind him. That it was done without his sanction and against his wishes is proven by the fact that he wrote Mr. Wilson demanding a re-transfer of his 100 shares—but in vain.

Both the ethics and the courtesy of this chivalrous re-adjustment are reflected in the fact that it took place when Dr. Oronhyatka was in India and when Mr. Stevenson, a vigilant "outsider" in the Union Trust Directorate, was absent from the country. The transfer of Dr. Oronhyatka's stock was effected by means of a general power of attorney which he left behind him. That it was done without his sanction and against his wishes is proven by the fact that he wrote Mr. Wilson demanding a re-transfer of his 100 shares—but in vain.

Another significant circumstance is that while the deal is recorded in the minute book as having been discussed at directors' meetings held during November 1905, there is no signature by way of confirmation to any of the minutes in the minute book, and the directors' attendance book is an absolute blank from November 7th to December 26th, between which dates the deal was consummated.

Mr. Stevenson is credited in the minute book with moving the resolution sanctioning the surrender of this stock. He declared flatly on oath, "I say that no such resolution was prepared or offered by me." Colonel Davidson supports him, saying: "The idea of it (the bonus stock) not being 'longed to the Trust Company has never entered my head.'" Hon. G. W. Ross did not remember the agreement for the transfer of the bonus stock ever having been before the directors and thought he would have remembered it if it had been discussed.

However it may have been accomplished the fact remains that \$23,750 stock belonging to the company of which Mr. Foster was manager, and \$10,000 stock held in trust by Dr. Oronhyatka for the Company or for the Order which had formed and financed it, was taken from its owners without compensation being given, and was divided among the syndicate of which Mr. Foster was a member.

And still Mr. Foster professes to have seen no impropriety, no conflict of interest, no failure of duty, in sitting as Director of the Union Trust discussing this proposal to "touch" the Company over which he presided for \$33,750 for the benefit of himself and his two associates.

### AT THE MERCY OF THE UNSCRUPULOUS.

The trial of J. H. Crockett, of the Frederick Gleaner, for criminal libel is still before the courts and reference to the merits of the case is therefore not permissible. A legal point has been brought out during the conduct of the case, however, which is of the utmost public concern and well worth public consideration.

In asking for a reference of the case to the full court, Dr. Pugsley, counsel for the prosecution, said: "The questions involved are of special importance, not only in this trial but in all future libel suits. As your honor is aware, this is a section in the criminal code. It is not in the English code, but has been

inserted in the Canadian code No. 324, under which no one commits an offence by publishing defamatory matter, which he on reasonable grounds believes to be true and for the public interest and public benefit. I agree with my learned friend for the defence that he can avail himself of that section. As under your honor's ruling this libel is a subject of public interest and benefit, then no matter whether it be true or false, all that the defendant has to do is to appear as a witness and swear that he received the information from reliable sources and believed it to be true."

If this be correct it opens the door for a condition of affairs which should not be tolerated in a land where the good name of a man or woman is counted of value and where every citizen is entitled to be considered blameless until he is proven guilty.

Construed in common language Mr. Pugsley's interpretation means any man may publish anything he pleases provided he has "reasonable grounds" for believing it to be true, to be in the public interest and for the public benefit.

Translated into practice this simply means that any unprincipled rascal may destroy the name of any man or woman in Canada and may escape the law by simply going into the witness box and swearing that he received the information from reliable sources and believed it to be true, provided the court finds that the publication, assuming the story true, would be a matter of public interest and for the public benefit.

This is to make the criminal his own judge; to enable him to decide whether he goes to jail or goes free. And what mortal so debased as to steal the good name of a fellow-being would go to jail rather than violate his oath?

If Mr. Pugsley's interpretation is correct it simply means that the criminal law affords no adequate protection to the reputation of Canadian men and women; that the purest man and the noblest man are absolutely at the mercy of the vilest reprobate unchanged.

### THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

The Provincial Exhibition opens on Monday with every appearance of unqualified success. Despite the backward spring the displays of growing grain and vegetables are expected to fairly represent the productive capabilities of our soil, while the stock exhibits should surpass all previous shows. The race program has been arranged on the usual splendid scale and the entries are reported more numerous than ever before. The attractions are fully up to those of former years. Taken altogether the departments of the exhibition promise to worthily uphold the high standard set by former exhibitions. With fine weather next week Edmonton should be the Mecca of Albertans.

### WILL TRY AGAIN.

If at first you don't escape, "try again," appears to be the attitude of the Canadian Pacific Railway toward the tax-collector. The company have declined to pay the school tax demanded by the Spruce Vale district and the case is to come before Judge Stuart, at Calgary, at an early date. The company announce their intention of carrying the case if necessary to the Privy Council, claiming that the former case "went off at a tangent." The public will hope that the present and all future cases follow the same course and that the Law Lords find themselves able to endorse their former judgment.

### ON THE SIDE.

Forest fire is raging in the Cobalt district. It will not be an unmitigated evil if a few hundred "wild cats" are smoked out.

The Calgary Albertan has put up a Shetland pony as prize for a subscription campaign. From the picture of the horse, the campaign is going hard with him.

The Standard Oil Co. will cast oil on the troubled waters of the Atlantic. Needless to say, the herosine will be enclosed in a barge which will be towed over to England.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster told his North Toronto nominators he would reserve his "ammunition" until a more "opportune" occasion. He was well advised. Blank cartridges are out of season.

WANTED—Female Teacher for Popular Lake School District 185; salary \$50 per month; duties to commence August 10th; 1st or 2nd class certificate. Wm. G. Spalding, secretary-treasurer, Edmonton P.O.

## If You Are Buying or If You Are Selling

Come and see for yourself who does the business every

Saturday at Two O'Clock on the Market Square, Edmonton

Cattle, Horses, Wagons, Harness, Etc.

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Remember that in this country WARMTH should be the first consideration.

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Always everywhere in Canada USE EDDY'S MATCHES.

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D. R. FRASER & CO., LTD.

Manufacturer of all kinds of Spruce Material. We have stocked up for the coming season in all kinds of the best quality B. C. Material

All orders attended to promptly. Telephones—Mill 5a, Town 5b. Branch Yard Vegreville

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With the approach of summer you will be needing

SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOWS and perhaps a REFRIGERATOR

We have laid in a stock and show various lines and with a range of prices. It will pay you to inspect our stock as they are marked at money-saving prices.

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## THIS FREE BOOK WILL ASTONISH YOU

OUR BOOK "RURAL TELEPHONE" tells all about the telephone business—how to organize Rural Lines; how to organize and incorporate a Telephone Exchange Company; gives examples of ordinances; outlines constitution and by-laws; instructs how to build lines; cost of same; gives forms for various contracts; selection of equipment and maintenance of line. In fact, it tells you all and everything you want to know about organizing, installing and operating rural telephone systems. The instructions are simple and non-technical; you and your help can do the work.

This book was compiled and printed at a cost of more than \$10,000 and could be easily retained for 25 cents a copy. If you are a progressive farmer you will find it worth many dollars to you. We send it free.

You will be astonished to learn how little it costs to establish a telephone system in your locality—no previous experience in this work is necessary.

We are strictly independent manufacturers. We belong to no Trust or Monopoly. We help you organize a company and construct the line in your neighborhood. We refer you to any Bank in Chicago as to our financial responsibility and our methods of doing business. We want to get acquainted with you. Take the lead in your community and write for our FREE book today. You won't regret it.

Dept. ., SWEDISH-AMERICAN TELEPHONE CO., Chicago, Ill.

## THE CLOVER

An Industry—the Only One Rapidly Becoming Acco

Ten miles east of Edmonton Clover Bar district—some of the best and perhaps finest agricultural districts in the province—the industry which has the distinction of being the only one of its kind in the province. This is Robert's nursery. It is correctly rated as an industry, and within but ten years old, which in the life of almost any industry, it has gained recognition within a radius of several miles.

The nursery covers ten acres and dale, and gives life to more than one hundred thousand shrubs and plants. The industry which the industry has grown to be gathered from the fact that spring Mr. Easton filled 5,000 trees, while last year he had only 3,000. It takes years to develop a tree do not grow in a day, and the planting of a tree in the time the young tree may be a tree from three to five years. Mr. Easton decided to get the propagation of trees a dead end he was without the capital to the business on an extensive scale. But he had the perseverance and enterprise, as well as the foresight to see that this province would day provide a market for trees. Success is now crowning his efforts. It is thirteen years since Mr. Easton came to Alberta, and took his homestead on a part of what was nursery is now located. Back to as a young man, he was in the nursery in Alberta, and frequently his venture in Alberta than that of an inexperienced man.

Much experimenting. Of necessity the propagation of trees, shrubs and plants in this province must be associated with continuing experimentation. The trees to be used for boulevards and the shrub hedges, must be able to withstand severe cold which, for two winters, marks Alberta winter. The acclimating of trees from a country is where the experience comes in. The Easton nursery has done much experimenting, and met with much success. For instance, it has been found that the Japan low Lilia—actually, a tree of the land of the rising sun, is readily grown here. The growth of grapes is not an impossibility; it is being demonstrated that the cold grape vine will not only climatic conditions, but will lastly.

Good Class of Trees. The Easton nurseries have a large stock of trees. The trees are transported to the yards on Third street, from down past government house, Seventh street from Jasper street. These were planted in a bunch of 1837 and ago, and when it came to transplanting them this spring not a single had suffered.

The Easton nurseries failed to cut a more recent contract in the city for the trees to mark the centennial of the city. The contract was a Calgary firm, dealing in trees, but when it came to the city, the contract has been filled trees, planted are between eight and ten feet high, fine looking specimens, but only three years old. This leads to the assumption that could not possibly have been in a cold country.

The Trees That Grow Best. There are three trees which are most likely to the Alberta climate. They are the Russian poplar, the Manitoba maple and the cottonwood. They are hardy and frost resistant and what is one of their most valuable features in this country, everything must be done in their growth rapidly. At the nurseries there are thousands of three varieties—actually, the trees from a three year old ten foot toba maple, they run down to ten inches in diameter. There are 2,000 of the Manitoba 9,000, and almost as many poplar.

Other Varieties. But while these three species are the most marketable. At present Easton nurseries by no means their efforts to their propagation. Experiments are being in growing elm, white ash, silt pine, malgo pine, tanarac, chestnut, black walnut. With the exception of the white ash, which does not as it should, all of these have that they can withstand the winter and it will not be many years the trees to which the growing months were accustomed in parts of Canada, will be grown as there.

Growing Fruit Trees. The Easton nurseries' stock not entirely given to "orange Experiments with fruit trees have been, and are, being made. To this year the best success of in the propagation of apple trees transparent and the wealthy. been with the Duchess, the Transparent and the Wealthy, are all harvest apples, and they keep exceptionally well through entire winter. The first two in August and the last named variety. There are 1,200 of these growing in the nurseries. No has been made to propagate Northern Spy, for the reason this variety takes twelve years to bear, and in this country people not inclined to patiently wait for things. Another variety of tree which has been found readily acclimated is the Ed which resembles in size and color Duchesse. It has been found in Duchesse in pole, and the experiments have proved that the and Cycle pear trees and the

# THE CLOVER BAR NURSERIES

An Industry—the Only One of its Kind in the Province—Which is Rapidly Becoming Noted. What Robert Easton Has Accomplished in Ten Years.

Ten miles east of Edmonton, in the Clover Bar districts—one of the oldest and perhaps finest agricultural districts in the province—there is an industry which has the distinction of being the only one of its kind in the province. This is Robert Easton's nursery. It is correctly designated as an industry, and while it is but ten years old, which in the life of a nursery is as but a day or two in the life of almost any other industry, it has gained recognition within a radius of several hundred miles.

The nursery covers ten acres of rich soil, and gives life to no less than one hundred thousand trees, shrubs and plants. The extent to which the industry has grown may be gathered from the fact that this spring Mr. Easton filled orders for 8,000 trees, while last year he disposed of only 2,000.

It takes years to develop a nursery. Trees do not grow in a day, and from the planting of a seedling to the time the young tree may be sold varies from three to five years. When Mr. Easton decided to go into the propagation of trees ten years ago he was without the capital to enter the business on an extensive scale. But he had the perseverance and the enterprise as well as the foresight to see that this province would one day provide a market for trees, and success is now crowning his efforts.

It is thirteen years since Mr. Easton came to Alberta, and took up a homestead on a part of which his nursery is now located. He came from Ontario as a young man, he was engaged in the nursery business. Consequently his venture into the nursery was not that of an inexperienced nurseryman.

### Much Experimenting.

Of necessity the propagation of trees, shrubs and plants in Alberta must be associated with continual experimentation. The trees to be used in the north and the shrubs for hedges, must be able to withstand the severe cold which, for two weeks or so, marks an Alberta winter. The acclimating of trees to the northern country is where the experimenting comes in. The Easton nurseries have done much experimenting, and have met with much success. For instance, it has been found that the Japan tree Lilac, a bushy tree from the land of the rising sun may be readily grown here. The growing of grapes is not an impossibility, and it is being demonstrated that the Concord grape vine will not only defy climatic conditions, but will thrive lustily.

### Good Class of Trees.

The Easton nurseries have supplied many treasurers of Edmonton. This year 200 were transplanted to the Louisiades on the island of Jasper down past government house, and on Seventh street from Jasper to Hardisty. These were planted as seedlings in a bunch of 1837, two years ago, and when it came to transplanting them this spring not a single tree had suffered.

### The Trees That Grow Best.

There are three trees which take most kindly to the Alberta climate. They are the Russian poplar, the Manitoba maple and the cottonwood. Experiments are being made in the growing of elm, white ash, little jack-pine, mulgo pine, tamarac, silver leaf, red maple, green chestnut, and black walnut. With the exception of the white ash, which does not thrive as it should, all of these have shown that they can withstand the winters of this year. The trees which they are growing in the nurseries there are thousands of these varieties—actually thousands. From three years old to eight to ten inches, they run down to eighteen inches. Of the cottonwood there are 9,000, and almost as many Russian poplar.

### Other Varieties.

But while these three species are the most marketable, at present the Easton nurseries by no means limit their efforts to their propagation solely. Experiments are being made in the growing of elm, white ash, little jack-pine, mulgo pine, tamarac, silver leaf, red maple, green chestnut, and black walnut. With the exception of the white ash, which does not thrive as it should, all of these have shown that they can withstand the winters of this year. The trees which they are growing in the nurseries there are thousands of these varieties—actually thousands. From three years old to eight to ten inches, they run down to eighteen inches. Of the cottonwood there are 9,000, and almost as many Russian poplar.

### Growing Fruit Trees.

The Easton nurseries' attention is not entirely given to the propagation of trees. Experiments with fruit trees have been made, and are being made, and up to this year the best success obtained in the propagation of apple trees has been with the variety known as the Duchesse. The Yellow Duchesse is the most successful. These are all harvest apples, and the fruit varieties which they grow are exceptionally well through the entire winter. The first two produce in August, and the last named in September. There are 1,200 of these trees growing in the nurseries. No attempt has been made to propagate the Northern Spy, for the reason that this variety takes twelve years to bear, and in this country people are not inclined to patiently wait years for things. Another variety of apple tree which has been found to be readily acclimated to the Alberta climate, which resembles in size and color the Duchesse. In pears and plums experiments have proved that the Idaho and Cycle pear trees and the Chinese

### CANADIAN NORTHERN

Canadian Northern has been in for about two years the Grand Trunk Pacific will be in this autumn, and the Canadian Pacific is equally busy in securing an entrance.

"But Edmonton is more than a railway centre," he continued. "Around it lays some of the richest soil in the West, supporting 600,000 prosperous farmers. The bank clearings show what an immense amount of business is being transacted, and these amounts are steadily increasing."

And does Edmonton still offer a good field for investment? "To my mind it certainly does. The prospects were never so bright and every man in the city is an optimist. The population has increased during my time from a handful of Hudson Bay Company's officials and gold-seekers to about 15,000. Last year was a record—one in the building line, and this year bids fair to outdo it."

"Which do you prefer to live in, Mr. Ross, the metropolis of England, or the metropolis of the Northwest?" one representative asked in conclusion.

"Well, I like London very much; but there is no place to me like the Northwest of Canada. The air is blue, clear, exhilarating atmosphere, and healthy climate. There, a man has a feeling of independence, which is not to be found in England, at any age. I am looking forward with pleasure to my return."

### A WINNIPEG WITNESS HEARD

The case against W. J. Belfrage, charged with the murder of John Geddes, of Winnipeg, to whom Belfrage shipped grain last winter.

"I sign my checks," and do his work in general. We bought some oats from Mr. Belfrage last winter. We bought car No. 38614. Mr. Belfrage has been convicted on the proceeds of that car on March 22nd. On that day Mr. Belfrage's account showed a total debit of \$1,625 and a total credit of \$46.75.

To Mr. Biggar—"This sheet shows the actual statement of Belfrage's dealings with us up to last date shown. We owe Mr. Belfrage the sum of \$213.45, which we have not repaid yet. He can have this any time he wants to get it. I have been with this firm from January 1st, 1900, to the present, and I have no personal knowledge of transactions before that time.

The witness afterwards stated that Mr. Belfrage did not draw on the firm for any particular car but that a reasonable draft he sent in would be honored.

Inspector Worsley stated that so far as he saw there was no evidence to send the defendant up for trial, but upon the representation of the prosecuting attorney, D. H. McKinnon, the case was adjourned till 2 p.m. on Tuesday, owing to the fact that the magistrate might more thoroughly consider the evidence. It is probable a decision will be given at the hearing.

### EDMONTON OLD-TIMER IN LONDON.

The following interview with one of Edmonton's oldest old-timers appears in the last issue of the Dominion magazine published in London, Eng., in the interests of the Dominion.

"Among the Canadian visitors to London at present is a gentleman who has been closely associated with the rise and growth of Edmonton. Fifty years ago Mr. Donald Ross, the Scotsman in question, left his native land—as his name suggests, he is a Scotsman—for the United States. After spending fifteen years under the Stars and Stripes," Mr. Ross heard the call of the North, and in 1872 went and settled at Edmonton, then not much more than a Hudson Bay Company post; indeed, the locality was then known as Fort Edmonton.

"The population of Fort Edmonton," said Mr. Ross, "at the present time of Canada who had the pleasure of meeting him in the metropolis of the Dominion. At the time of his arrival in the Hudson Bay Company's officials and a few miners who were earning about \$7 a day washing for gold in the river."

"Mr. Ross tells how he built the third house 'outside the uncertainty of the factor,' having been offered and accepted acres of land, with a log house half completed, and the necessary logs for completion, for the total sum of \$100. Forty-six of these acres he farmed. Recently part of his land was subdivided into plots, or 'lots,' as they are known in Canadian real-estate phraseology, 33 feet wide by 120 feet deep, and sold for as high as \$600 each lot.

"In those early days the nearest telegraph station was twenty miles distant. A subscription was got up to pay for the extension of the wire to the Fort, and Mr. Ross carried the first telegraph wire across the Saskatchewan river, which was frozen at the time, on his bare feet. In 1882 the Calgary & Edmonton Railway entered Edmonton, and 'Donald,' as he is known to everyone in the district, drove the last spike, amidst great rejoicings.

"Questioned as to what was the first real step in the extraordinarily progressive career of Edmonton, Mr. Ross replied, 'The Klondike rush in '96. Edmonton speedily became the outfitting centre for those hardy adventurers who took the overland trail to the Yukon. As events turned out, this trail was the scene of many disastrous incidents; but it was then that Edmonton came into prominence.'"

"If suppose property could be picked up cheaply in those days?" "Yes, Main street lots could be bought for \$30 per foot frontage." "And today, Mr. Ross?" "Well, the last sale I heard of before coming to England was at \$800 per foot frontage, and all other young life and energy, and the working hours of a week are cut from 60 to 54 hours, with a slight increase in the rate of pay. The past fifteen weeks nearly 10,000 craftsmen have been on strike, affecting over a score of trades. Beginning tomorrow morning they will report for work."

### CORNER STONE LAID.

"I declare to be well and truly laid, this, the cornerstone of the Young Men's Christian Association of Edmonton."

With this time-honored and simple formula, the cornerstone of Edmonton's new \$55,000 edifice was laid this morning at 11.30 by Mrs. Bulyea, the gracious consort of Alberta's Governor.

The great block of stone, simply inscribed "1907," was raised and lowered, and lightly tapped by the silver trowel presented to Mrs. Bulyea, was "well and truly laid."

The scene of which the Governor's wife was the central figure was an inspiring one. Overhead the glowing colors of the Union Jack warmed the clear white-brown atmosphere. Sunshine flooded the atmosphere.

On a platform beside the cornerstone were standing His Honor, the Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. C. W. Cross, Principal Riddell, vice-president of the Young Men's Christian Association; the Second Vice-President, Aldridge, and Past-President Turnbull. The Boys' Brigade, under the command of Mr. Gray, had formed a guard of honor for Mrs. Bulyea and now stood massed behind the platform and the sunbeams set on the main building. Behind these again were the men of the Governor's staff, a company of the Canadian Mounted Rifles under the command of Capt. Lessard. The brilliant uniforms of the Mounted Rifles, the appearance of the boys' soldiers fresh animation to what was an inspiring scene.

The rough flooring of the building, through which large iron pillars rose in course of construction, over a hunched chair had been placed for the speakers. The many men and women assembled followed the ceremonies with a keen interest that evidenced the importance of the occasion, and of the work of the Association.

The Lieutenant-Governor's Address. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in the opening address delivered an earnest appeal of the Young Men's Christian Association, and the work of this institution in all countries where the need of it exists. In Western Canada this need was very acute, and he urged the young men who were here among strangers to be true to their duty, and to the establishment of this branch of the Association an opportunity had been given to conserve and strengthen the good character of the young men, and that they would avail themselves of the opportunity each and all to lay in themselves the utmost reserves for the future. An advertisement of the Edmonton and Saskatchewan land company in regard to entries for land appears in this issue. The less any settler before survey has to do with that institution the better it will be for his pocket.

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# SECOND PROVINCIAL INDUSTRIAL FAIR OFFICIALLY OPENED THIS AFTERNOON

Imposing Ceremonies Mark The Formal Opening Of Alberta's Greatest—Thousands Greet Lieut.-Governor Bulyea And Party As They Enter The Grounds Under Military Escort—Perfect Weather Brightens The Opening

The second provincial industrial exhibition was officially opened today at one o'clock by His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Bulyea. Precisely at one o'clock the vice-regal carriage, bearing His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, attended by Capt. Worsley A.D.C., Hon. W. T. Finlay, minister of agriculture, president of the Exhibition Association, and other dignitaries, entered the grounds through the gate of the Exhibition grounds with a military escort from Eqsquadron C. M. R. of twelve men, a sergeant and trumpeter full of carriages, and a band of music.

His Honor's carriage drew up in front of the grand stand, which was crowded with visitors to the great fair. His honor, in declaring the exhibition open, made a brief address, dwelling earnestly and with pride upon the present prosperous condition of the West and the splendid development foreshadowed.

At such a period in any country's growth assemblies of this sort were of the utmost benefit to the people in general. They brought the different groups of people together—old-timers met newcomers, and much that

was of interest to both was discussed. This interchange of ideas was most valuable to the people of Edmonton and the adjacent districts, it was also an enjoyable occasion, and he took the opportunity of extending to them a hearty western welcome.

Hon. T. Morris, minister of agriculture, congratulated the president and directors of the exhibition upon the success of the splendid preparations that had been made for the great fair. The day was pre-eminently Dominion Day weather, and a great occasion for the farmers of the district and the province. There was no denying that the success of the fair, and the prosperity of the province, depended upon the status and development of the farming industry.

He had just returned from a trip through Alberta and Saskatchewan, and he was happy in saying that the fair and the city were the fairest and most beautiful harvest festival he had ever seen. The minister of agriculture referred to the success of the exhibition, and the success of the exhibition, and the success of the exhibition, and the success of the exhibition.

Concluding, the minister of agriculture expressed regret that he would be unable to visit the fair of the province this year as he had done last year. Chairman of the exhibition called him on important business to the old country to investigate the conditions of the cattle industry there.

Brief addresses were given by J. H. Morris, president of the exhibition and acting Mayor Manson, in which they welcomed the visitors to the fair and to the city. After the formal opening and speeches Eqsquadron C. M. R. under Major Thibault, gave exhibitions of troop, company and squad drills. The squadron marched in from camp at St. Albert this morning. It was first intended that the squadron should parade with the vice-regal carriage to the exhibition grounds, and assist in the opening. When the fair and to the city. They marched to the grounds and went into camp, to prepare for the military exercises this afternoon.

Master in Eddy Case. Concord, N. H., June 28.—Judge Edgar Adams, who was appointed master, to determine the competency of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, by Judge Robert N. Chamberlain, of the Supreme Court in Boston, day. Judge Chamberlain filed the appointment with the clerk of the Supreme Court of Merrimack county, the master being named in the suit brought by Mrs. Eddy's son, George W. Glover, of Lead, S. D., and others as "party squads" in the counting of Mrs. Eddy's property.

The yield will exceed last year. Mr. George Harcourt, deputy minister of agriculture, returned last night from the south country. Harcourt went down to superintendent of the beginning of the lecture tour of Prof. Campbell, the dry farming expert, who has been employed by the minister of agriculture to give a series of lectures upon dry farming and soil tillage.

Moisture Sufficient. Prof. Campbell has every confidence that there is sufficient moisture in the so-called semi-arid portions of the northwest to grow any crop with success. There is a better field here for dry farming methods than in the States. He divides the climate into humid, where the rainfall exceeds 20 inches; semi-arid, where the rainfall is below 20 inches; and arid, where it is less than 10 inches. He states his preference for the semi-arid districts for agriculture because the farmer is able to control the moisture in the soil by summer tillage of Summer Fallowing.

According to his method summer following becomes summer tilling. He disks the summer fallow the first thing in the spring thus covering the soil with a blanket of fine mulch, which prevents evaporation. In working the soil he uses a subsurface pecker, packing at noon what he has plowed in the morning, and in evening what he has ploughed in the afternoon. The land is ploughed only when the soil is moist. To gather moisture the land is disked and harrowed. After every rain the land is harrowed, thus killing the germinated weeds and covering the soil with the much desired blanket.

This system of dry farming is held to be supplementary to irrigation where irrigation is accessible. Many crops such as alfalfa can be grown to perfection with the aid of irrigation. Even in districts where the farmers depend exclusively upon irrigation dry farming methods reduce the cost, as less water is required and evaporation is reduced to almost nothing.

Crops Never Were Better. Speaking of the crops the deputy minister said: "I never saw them in better condition. In talking with the farmers I find them delighted with their prospects. After the hard winter and the knocks that were given the season has turned out, and their confidence and optimism in their country is greater than ever. The cutting, from present prospects, will not be behind that of last year. I believe, will exceed it to a material extent. There has been an abundance of rain in the south and the latest sown spring crops are covering the ground."

Temperance Lecturer Dead. Los Angeles, Cal., June 30.—Francis Murphy, the temperance lecturer, died today, following a long illness.

## Twenty-four Years Ago

From the Old Fyle of The Bulletin, of twenty-four years ago.

Mail left for the east on Saturday last at 11 a.m., taking 411 through and 39 way letters.

The last mail left Winnipeg on the 4th of June and arrived here on the 21st, only 17 days on the road. The quickest on record by all odds.

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# CONFISCATED COAL IS NOT YET PAID FOR

## C.N.R. Took over 10 Cars of Universal Coal Company's Coal Last Winter, and Has Settled For Only 7 of Them.—Evidence Before Coal Commission

### Saturday's Evidence.

The evidence given on Saturday before the Coal Commission was from the employees and proprietor of the White Star Coal Mine, situated about eight miles from Strathcona.

Lemuel Martin, pit-boss of the White Star Coal Mine, was first examined. He has been in charge of the mine since February, 1905. At that time qualifications were unnecessary, but in June, 1906, got provisional papers. Had been mining eight or nine years in Alberta previous to his employment at the White Star.

The mine employs about 20 men, working them in two shifts. The depth of the coal seam is five feet, eight inches. The top is of hard clay and requires close timbering. The main tunnel of the mine runs in 250 feet, with other tunnels running from it and rooms from the side. The mine property extends over three quarter sections.

"What wages do you pay?"

"We pay \$3 a day for working in the mine. When we are rooming we pay by contract—30 cents a car, and it takes about four cars to a ton of screened coal. The men do their own timbering."

"The mine is well ventilated, the water is changed further. No powder is used in the mine. Open lights are used always."

"What is the output of your mine?"

"Now it is about 25 tons daily. The largest output was 1,600 tons for last December, averaging about 60 tons a day."

"How long do your men work?"

"About nine hours—not any more and sometimes less. They have a half hour for dinner."

"What does it cost to mine your coal?"

"It costs \$2.50 to mine a ton and \$1.00 to haul a ton to the railway. I doubt if we could get teams now to deliver it at the railway for \$1 a ton."

"Will your coal stand storing?"

"No, it does not. Unless kept in a very good shed and away from the air it dries out a great deal. In the winter when there is less rain, it is possible to keep it longer."

"How often are your men paid?"

"Once a month."

"Any loss of time after pay-day by men staying off?"

"No, nothing to speak of. And we are not much troubled with men going to town and spending their money foolishly. Our men are mostly holding down homesteads and work in the mines in winter. Often they do not draw their wages for two or three months."

"Have you any suggestions to make concerning legislation that would benefit the miners?"

"Well, nothing in particular. They seem to run satisfactorily now."

"Have you ever worked under the compensation law?"

"No."

"Do you consider it would be a benefit in case of an accident?"

"Yes, if the accident had been caused through any negligence or fault of the owner."

"Is your mine capable of much more development?"

"Yes, we could bring the production up to 100 tons a day. It is only a matter of time."

"When do you expect to find it?"

"By next September if we find it advisable."

The next witness called was Patrick McManus, miner with the White Star mine, since last January. He started mining for ten years in the vicinity of Edmonton. He now is assistant pit-boss, directing one shaft. Wages are \$3 a day, working about nine hours each day.

"Have you any suggestion to make in regard to legislation that might benefit the miners of your mine and of mines in general?"

"I have read the law as existing at present, and consider it sufficient if enforced."

"Have you a certificate?"

"No, a permit."

Mr. Edwin Carpenter was next called. He has been a miner in the White Star coal mine since last November. Had mined since he was thirteen in England and Wales.

"Do you think the age limit should be made more than thirteen?"

"Yes, I think a boy should be fifteen before he begins."

The witness stated that his wages now were \$3 a day. He preferred to do contract work, when his wages averaged about \$4.50.

He preferred the eight-hour day system under which he had worked previously. In Wales, however, he had worked as long as ten hours a day. Coming out to this country he had hoped not to go mining again, but he had to.

"Have you worked under the compensation law, and how did it work?"

"I worked under it in Yorkshire and it worked well. There are more accidents in the old country than in this part of Canada, and this law provided for the miners' families in case of accident."

"Did the law influence in any way the employment of old miners?"

"Yes, it seemed to work against them."

"But are not young men always taken in preference to older miners in the Old Country?"

"Yes."

"Do you think the compensation law would be any benefit to miners in Alberta?"

"Yes."

"Are rates heavy for miners?"

"Yes, I think they are the heaviest in the world. At present the miners

### Sunday's Evidence.

The witness stated that for a fifteen-year employment policy of \$100 (8500), taken when he was 23, he paid \$7.50, 4p, yearly.

He at this mine witness said he is paid monthly instead of weekly as in the old country. But at any time he needed money he got an advance. He also had a house rent free. On further examination, witness testified he favored the weekly payment, however, as a general thing.

James W. Blain, one of the two proprietors of the White Star Coal mine, was next examined. The mine, he said, is leased from the C. P. R. by paying a royalty of ten cents a ton to build sheds and store the coal.

"Is the mine capable of much development?"

"Development is only limited by the drawing of the coal to the siding. It costs now \$2.50 to haul a load to Strathcona, and \$1.25 to the siding. In winter, when we get the farmers' teams, it costs 75 cents to \$1 to haul it to the siding."

"Would you favor any law that would change the nine-hour system on which your men work now?"

"No. I think nine hours makes a good day's work. When the mine is in full operation, the men all do contract work and their wages are what they make. It is advisable to have a compensation law in case of accidents."

"No, but I would strongly favor insurance and I am now consulting insurance companies to get a rate for the men. I would like to see it arranged for miners, as it is for rail-roads. Last winter I arranged with Strathcona Hospital to take in any of our men who were sick, and we have had them there since then. Four or five were treated in the hospital. But in regard to the compensation law, if it were in force here and an operator of one of these small mines in Edmonton district had to pay \$2,000 or so compensation for accidents in one year, he would have little left."

"What do you charge now for coal?"

"We charge \$5 a ton now for coal delivered. It is cheaper if people go to the mine for it. We now have a demand for coal greater than we can supply. It is advisable to increase the output just now."

"Have the coal-dealers of this district arranged as to fixing the price of coal?"

"There is a kind of tacit understanding that they are to get \$4.50 a ton in December."

"When did they arrive at this understanding?"

"A period of clever and quizzical cross-examination of the witness by the Chief Justice drew from him a statement that he had been present at the meeting of five or six coal dealers, where the witness said, they figured out about what it was cost to produce the coal and agreed that \$4.50 was about a fair price."

"Have there been any chance meetings of coal dealers since?"

"We met once to consider sanitary conditions in the mines."

Mr. Fraser and other witnesses now called to twenty minutes ago and were not present and the Commission adjourned its session until Monday at 10 o'clock.

Monday's Evidence.

At yesterday afternoon's session of the Coal Commission, the first witness examined was J. J. Denman, manager of the Edmonton Coal Company, whose mines are situated five miles out of Edmonton. Mr. Denman testified that the company employs now about twenty men and in the winter 40 men. The output at present is 40 to 50 tons per day, but it has run as high as 120 tons a day.

"Do you have the output less in winter?"

"Owing to the lack of demand, and poor transportation facilities in the spring. The coal mined by the company, Mr. Denman stated, is domestic coal, but is also good steam coal. It is largely sold for the latter purpose. The C. N. R. had some time ago asked the company to supply them some coal, but it was necessary for this to have a supply of 2 1/2 miles put in to the mines. The company was willing to supply the coal with coal not less than 100 tons a day—but the officials of the road could not meet the request to have a spur built. They said they had not the ties or rails needed for it."

"How much does it cost to produce your coal?"

"A dollar and a half a ton screened."

"What does it cost you to have it delivered?"

"Up to a certain period last winter it cost \$1.25. In the spring when the roads were very bad, it cost \$2. The road is now better."

"What do you sell it at per ton?"

"Four dollars and \$4.50. The coal selling at \$4 is not very much screened."

"Average \$4 for 9 Hours."

"How many men are being run?"

"Wages run from \$3.50 to \$5; the men working nine hours—7 to 12 and 1 day."

The witness was opposed to the eight-hour system, because he believed it would enhance the cost of coal to the people. At present the miners

after nine hours' work, did not look tired or complain of being so. The company are now in two shifts, and are planning to sink another shaft and further develop the mine.

"Did you ship any coal last winter, and did you have any trouble with railway transportation?"

"Yes, the cars were sometimes standing in the yards loaded for weeks before they started. Moreover, the company confiscated three cars of our coal in the month of February. The cars were loaded and shipped on March 23rd was still in the yards on April 15th. It was confiscated by the railroad."

"Have you received compensation for this car yet?"

"I have communicated with the agent here, Mr. Sullivan, and with the purchasing agent in Winnipeg, but without success, so far."

To Avoid Car Shortage.

"Have you any suggestion to make as to how this car shortage might be avoided?"

"Yes; I have studied the question, and I find that one reason is because the grain trade and the coal trade, each other, coming at the same time of the year. After conversations with railroad-men and from my own observation, I believe that the coal might be handled better the grain rush comes on. In this case, we would suggest to our customers to store the coal, when we would send it down to them early. When Mr. Langham of the C. P. R. here in Strathcona, suggested to him, I suggested that during the late summer there were many cars coming out with farm machinery, that could be sent back filled with coal. If the rates on coal were lowered for the time, and these cars utilized, the coal could be stored in the yards, and the farmers' teams, it costs 75 cents to \$1 to haul it to the siding."

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of class certificate. There are also dozens of foreign men who are good practical miners, but who cannot pass a written examination.

"When do you intend to hold an examination for a higher age limit, whenever we get sufficient applications?"

"Would it not be better to hold the examination six or eight times throughout the province?"

"It probably would."

The examination for fire-bosses might best be entirely oral, that for pit-bosses partly oral and partly in writing."

"With regard to the accident at the Strathcona Coal company's mine, how might such an accident have been avoided?"

"In a number of ways. If a watchman had been employed he would have seen the fire at its start. In most mines, real colliers, men are not allowed to eat their meals in the engine room, or even enter it."

Examined upon the distance necessary between air-shafts and the main shaft, Mr. Fraser stated that British Columbia's mining law provides that there should be at least thirty feet apart; but it probably would be better to have them sunk at a distance of 100 feet."

"Another very important suggestion as to changes that might be made in the mining law to add to the safety of miners?"

"Yes, a number, the witness replied. The point in which the law seems to be defective is in regard to provisions in mines. There is also no provision made for the class of safety lamps to be used in mines. No provision is made for the examination of the mine by fire-bosses, while the men are at work as is done in the British law. In some mines it would be the having of dynamite, it should be compulsory to have dynamite stored away from the mines."

"Another important matter relates to the class of explosives to be used in the mines. Some are more dangerous than others. It might be well to make it compulsory that where safety lamps must be used, the shot should be fired only by qualified persons. In some mines it would be well to prevent all shot-firing until the men are withdrawn."

"What mines would necessitate this precaution?"

"Those in which the inspector considered it necessary."

Mr. Fraser was of the opinion that the best way to get rid of the powder in the mine at a time was to get it out of the mine. He suggested that the Railway Commission at Ottawa against the C. P. R. and C. N. R. We were told in reply that the C. P. R. had a total of 1,333 coal cars which were mostly used by Southern Alberta mines, and would not well be withdrawn from any of the mines that would like to have them."

"How often do you visit the mines?"

"I endeavor to visit them all about six or seven times a year. Since November I have visited each mine at Camrose and Bankhead four times."

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# OPENING DAY FAIR CROWDS MORE THAN DOUBLE LAST YEAR

## Fully 7,500 Filled The Exhibition Grounds On Monday--The Attendance On First Day Last Year Was 3,313--Alberta's Provincial Fair Greater Than Ever--Showing Of Horses And Cattle Maintains High Standard Some Cattle Owners Not Showing This Year Fearing To Send Stock Owing To Unsatisfactory Transportation Facilities Afforded By Railway Last Year

Seven thousand five hundred people passed the turnstiles into the Exhibition grounds on Monday, a record crowd for the opening day of the Provincial Industrial Exhibition. The total attendance last year was four thousand smaller. The gate receipts on Monday totaled \$15,000. In addition to this were the receipts from the grand stand, which totalled fully half that amount. The new addition to the grand stand provided accommodation for several hundred more people, and likewise for an increased revenue. With weather as gloriously bright and propitious as Monday during the remaining three days, the Exhibition Association will finish well ahead financially of any other year.

### WITH THE HORSES.

Satisfactory progress was made yesterday afternoon with the judging of the horses. The work of judging commenced on Monday morning at Newcastle, one of the best known horse men in Eastern Ontario is acting as judge of the horses. Several of the entries were promptly. More work might have been done during the time spent in the ring if the exhibitors were not so dilatory in bringing the animals into the ring.

### WITH THE CATTLE.

One of the cows of this herd is Harriet of Denon, a winner of four firsts at Edmonton and Strathcona. An interesting old cow in this herd is Rosey Rial, a fifteen-year-old and one of the best known Jersey dams in the province. Her owner has sold over \$1,000 worth of her calves.

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

Prize horse of the day is from Mrs. Massey's Pan-American winner. This cow's mother was winner at the Model dairy competition at the Pan-American in 1901, making 574 pounds of butter in six months.

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

Mr. Mullins, of Ponoka, is a new exhibitor this year. He has a fine herd of six Holsteins. Mr. Mullins does not go in so strongly for breeding for the fat stock sale as he does to build up a first class dairy herd. He says there is as much money in the dairy business today as in the five of business. He is breeding to this end and making careful selections of the best milking strains in this famous dairy breed. The head of his herd is Sir Akraun de Kol Burke, bred by Geo. Rice, of Tilsonburg, and comes from advanced registered stock. The sister of this bull's dam is owned by the Ontario government and is one of the conspicuous members of the herd.

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

The judging of the swine was only partially done, a number of classes remaining to be judged.

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

Back to Weigh-In After Three-Quarter Mile Dash.

drive won by a scant half length. The Doctor was sent to the front in the third heat and was never headed. Going around the back stretch Norton went off her feet and The Doctor named lead of four lengths, which he still held at the half and on the second time round increased it to six lengths. James Paris broke badly in all the heats and was never a competitor after the quarter pole was passed.

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

2:40 Pace, 2:35 Trot, 3 in 5, Purses \$400 Archie Kirk, b.g., J. Lubbock, Edmonton, 1 1 1 Earlwood, b.h., John Bear, Innisfail, 2 2 2 Miss Rae, b.m., J. B. Millar, Strathcona, 3 4 3 Payroll, b.m., Hugh Conn, Medicine Hat, 4 4 4 Ollie M. b.m., Eggleston, Wetaskiwin, 5 5 5

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

The Edmonton Amateur Driving Club's first fair matinee attracted an interested crowd to the grounds Monday evening. The classes were fairly well filled and the sport was keen. The results were as follows: CLASS A. First heat--4, Silver Tip, R. P. Ingles; 2, Black Bess, G. A. Graham; 1, Dalton McCarthy, R. J. Fields; 3, Red Greenlander, Dr. Pickering. Time 1:13 1/4.

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

Second heat--4, Silver Tip, R. P. Ingles; 3, Black Bess, G. A. Graham; 1, Dalton McCarthy, R. J. Fields; 2, Red Greenlander, Dr. Pickering. Time 1:15.

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

Patrons--Hon. G. H. V. Bulyea, Lieutenant Governor; Hon. F. W. Rutherford, Minister of Interior; Hon. A. C. Macleod, Premier of the Province; Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Agriculture; Hon. T. Finlay, Minister of Agriculture.

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

Directors--J. H. Morris, president; J. B. Mercer, secretary; W. S. Robertson, Treasurer; H. S. Robertson, Thos. Daly, J. H. Picard, R. H. Garsney, Thos. Bellamy, A. McPherson, W. Manney, W. D. Carcaden, Chas. May, S. H. Smith, J. B. Walker, R. W. A. Ottowell, D. B. Stewart, Geo. Manuels.

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

Standing Committee--Finance: Thos. Bellamy, S. H. Smith and J. B. Walker.

### WITH THE HORSES (Continued).

Class 11b--Suffolk Pitches and Belgians.

# WITH THE FAIR CROWDS

## What the Opening Day Presented--A Cosmopolitan Gathering Peculiar to the West--Many Attractions to Both Amateurs and Interest Them.

Edmonton, astir with the life of its annual exhibition, is a magnet this week drawing visitors from every point of the compass and from surprising distances. The North has sent its representatives--breezy, tanned, strong men from Peace River district and many from Athabasca Landing, Manitoba has a fair showing at the hotels and on the Fair grounds, Northern Saskatchewan, having the C. N. R. this year as a means of transport, has turned out a splendid force of sightseers.

### WITH THE FAIR CROWDS (Continued).

The Old and New Singer. Planking the brewer's booth on the other side was another stand of this very domestic instrument. This was the stager machine familiar to the childhood days of this generation of Canadians. But on these improved models, sports of sewing marvels were being done by the man manipulating them. One machine closes up so compactly that it looks like a cabinet with many drawers in no way suggesting a sewing-machine. It speaks the era of small homes and primitive houses.

### WITH THE FAIR CROWDS (Continued).

Caravans of Wagons Bring Visitors. A caravan of truck-wagons--five or six of them--with the boxes piled high with hay brought in as many families from the Lake St. Anne district. In the old days their families would come in by canoe or on ponies to a gathering at the old trading post making a more picturesque party probably, but not one filled with more pleasurable anticipation.

### WITH THE FAIR CROWDS (Continued).

Beaver Dam Lad, b.h., J. McAllpine, Golden, B.C., 1 1 1 Janeta, b.m., Henry Connor, Edmonton, 2 2 2 Young Pilgrim, b.h., J. Sage, Red Deer, 3 3 3 Peacock, b.m., McLaughlin, High River, 4 4 4

### WITH THE FAIR CROWDS (Continued).

How the sauntering crowds dipped into the cooling colored drinks and nibbled on the fruit and nuts at the booths under the grand stand. And how they dipped into their pockets when they came to pay for it!

### WITH THE FAIR CROWDS (Continued).

Another tent hangs out an invitation to a committee of ladies of the Buffalo Club. It does not add whether or not it has escaped from that park at Lamont.

### WITH THE FAIR CROWDS (Continued).

Rest and Refreshment. Beside it is a smaller booth managed by a committee of ladies of the Church of the Immaculate Conception with a large dining-room and an ice-cream pavilion attached where people sought rest and shelter and cooling ices during the afternoon. And there was need of refreshments after a long day of sight-seeing in the Exhibition Hall and stock-yards, or a long stay on the grand stand watching the races.

# WITH THE FAIR CROWDS

## What the Opening Day Presented--A Cosmopolitan Gathering Peculiar to the West--Many Attractions to Both Amateurs and Interest Them.

people of Ontario. It is now the recognized and undisputed premier fair of the province, its wonderful popularity has broadened its scope until it is this year in fact what its name implies, the Provincial Industrial Exhibition of Alberta.

### WITH THE FAIR CROWDS (Continued).

Farm Machinery. Tractor engines and threshers are being shown by Reeves & Co. of Columbus, Ind.; the American-Abell Engine and Thresher Co. of Toronto; and the Thresher Co. of Stillwater, Minn. The J. I. Case Machine Co. also had a thresher on exhibit. During the afternoon the Reeves & Co. threshers had their outfit in operation and it was a source of attraction to many spectators.

### WITH THE FAIR CROWDS (Continued).

The Manufacturers' Building. The greater part of manufacturers' building was taken up with the display of wagons and buggies by C. W. Rochester. Among the exhibits were several grain cleaners by the Hero Manufacturing Co. of Winnipeg; Alberta Lustrations by the Western Timber and Mines, Ltd. and Edmonton coal by the Milner-Bemmer Coal Co. Charles J. Talbot, of Strathcona, is also showing a Rapid Combination Butter Maker and Worker, which is a feature of particular interest to the farmer's wife.

### WITH THE FAIR CROWDS (Continued).

REG BLOMFIELD'S DARING RESCUE

### WITH THE FAIR CROWDS (Continued).

Of Miner From Drowning In River Monday Afternoon A Thrilling Deed

Adrift on a log in midstream, and with an air of workmanlike and thrilling experience of a miner from the north yesterday afternoon. The rescue, which was accomplished by Mr. Reg Blomfield, was no less thrilling. The miner had come down the Saskatchewan river about seventy miles from its mouth, and was clinging to one of the logs on the pier until rescued by Blomfield.

The rescue was a daring piece of work, and in less experienced hands the attempt would have resulted in a double drowning. But Blomfield is a famous canoeist, and holds the championship of Canada, besides many medals. He knows the canoe perfectly, and it mattered not that the stream was running at a rate of ten miles an hour, and his canoe only a 45-pounder. He never hesitated. He paddled along the shore until about two hundred yards above where the miner was clinging for life. The current was swift and fierce, Blomfield's strength to the limit. He was even carried beyond, but taking advantage of a back eddy, reached the pier, and with great dexterity, succeeded in effecting the rescue.

# AROUND THE CITY

### LOCALS.

(From Thursday's Bulletin.)  
Jas. L. Porter has been appointed agent for the Exhibition Association to supervise the transhipment of stock at Strathcona to the fair grounds. The rate has been fixed at \$5 per car return.

The manager of one of the largest and most influential banks in the East said recently: "The fact is that Canada is growing larger than its bank capital, and that is the cause of the present tightness of money in London and other Canadian centres." McDougall street south is by all means yet in good condition for the fair. The city commissioners promise, however, to have the road in shape by Monday. This assurance was given by the mayor two weeks ago.

Dechene and Dahamel of the 99 cent store have opened a new store in Saskatoon this week. It is the plan of these two enterprising young business men to locate such stores in the principal towns of Alberta and Saskatchewan.

Under the guidance of the immigration branch of the department of the interior, a party of English journalists will make an extensive tour through the Dominion this summer. Two cars will be furnished by the C.P.R. to accommodate the visitors. Eight of the party will travel in a private dining and sleeping coach while the others will go independently. The members are expected to arrive in St. John or Halifax in August and will journey through to the Northwest during the harvesting season.

From Friday's Bulletin.  
A shooting gallery has been opened on East Jasper, opposite the Jasper hotel, by Ledgard and Wright.

The closing exercises at the kindergarten, 639 Eighth street, are taking place this afternoon.

Edmonton bank clearings for the week ending yesterday were \$908,278.85.

Charles J. Talbot, Strathcona, has patented his rapid combing button maker, which he will show at the Edmonton fair.

All parties requiring electric light power at the exhibition grounds must make application at the city electrician's office before tomorrow (Saturday) at noon.

The regular meeting of Maple Leaf Lodge No. 2, will be held tonight in Oddfellows Hall, Norwood Block. All visiting members will be heartily welcome.

At the police court last night the case against Charles Moth, charged with stealing from Jasper hotel, was adjourned till Saturday at 9 p.m. in order that counsel for the prosecution may be obtained.

The funeral of the late Agnes Larose, daughter of Joseph Larose, will take place to-morrow morning at 7.30 from the mortuary parlors of Moffatt & McCoppen, at the Church of the Immaculate Conception. Mr. Larose returned last night from Montana.

When the curtain rang up last night at the Kevin theatre, the house was packed, and many were unable to gain admittance to the first performance. The performers arrived yesterday and put up an excellent and animated bill. The performances will be given daily afternoon and evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Stinson left on Tuesday for Edmonton, which they will in future make their home. During a residence of several years in Edmonton, who regret his departure, but who wish him every success in the home of his adoption—Gravenhurst (Ont.) Herald.

Mr. E. B. Phalen, a painter employed by the Cameron Company, while out driving yesterday, was thrown from the wagon, the wheels passing over his leg and inflicting severe injuries. He was taken by ambulance to the general hospital, where he is doing nicely.

The Bruce Old Boys' association will hold its final meeting before the gathering of the clans on July 26th in the Young Liberal club rooms on Saturday evening, at 9 o'clock. It is very important that there should be a good turnout. The admission badge will be distributed and the arrangements for the at home completed at this meeting.

A workman named John Stewart, engaged in building a small refreshment booth on the fair grounds, fell from the scaffolding yesterday, and broke his left arm at the shoulder and wrist. The Red Cross ambulance was summoned, and Mr. Stewart taken to the Public Hospital, where he is resting easily.

**THE LINE UNDER CONSTRUCTION**  
The department of public works have about 75 men engaged in carrying out the work of erecting the government telephone lines. At present there are five lines under construction, viz., Edmonton to Lloydminster, Wetaskiwin to Dauphin, Lacombe to Steffler, Blainmore to Calgary and Calgary to Banff. As soon as the lines are completed to any town an office will be opened, equipment installed and the line opened for business as soon as possible.

**TWO WITNESSES SAW MOTH AT TILL**  
In Magistrate Cowan's court last night Charles Moth was arraigned on a charge of the theft of \$13.80 from the cash register of the Jasper hotel. Moth was represented by H. H. Robertson of Robertson & Dickson.

A number of witnesses were examined and an adjournment was made till this evening in order that the defendant might secure evidence in his behalf.

Tennis Goodridge, proprietor of the Jasper hotel, testified that he had examined the register between 9 and 9.30 on Tuesday night, and found that it indicated \$13.80, while only \$3.50 was in the till. The balance, \$10.30, had evidently been stolen from the register.

Bonnie McFee, the clerk, stated that about 8.45 a man came in to pay a bill of \$7.50 for a room, but no change was to be found. Previously he had left the office while showing a man to a room.

John Thomas Doolen, Fort Saskatchewan, testified that he had come to the hotel about 8.30 to get the proprietor to cash a cheque. There was no one at the register, so he went into the bar.

While waiting there he heard the cash register rung, and went into the office, thinking Mr. Goodridge had returned. Instead he saw the defendant making out bills with one hand, and putting them into his pocket with the other. After continuing this operation several times, he shut the till and walked into the sitting room.

Thos. Scott testified that he also saw the accused at the cash register with a bill in his hand. He afterwards closed up the till and walked away.

**POLICE WEAR NEW UNIFORMS.**  
From Friday's Bulletin.  
The police were out for the first time today in their new uniforms and helmets just provided for the force.

The new uniforms give a distinctly improved appearance to the police and are in keeping with the other advances that are being made in the city government.

**CARD SHARPERS LEAVE CITY.**  
From Friday's Bulletin.  
Two more of the card sharpers who have been residing in the city during the past few weeks, left this morning or the south in response to an intimation from the police that their presence was not desirable here.

The men were being watched by the police for some days, and the notification to leave was the result of the information obtained. Already six of these individuals have been ordered out and have departed during the present week.

**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AT THE FAIR.**  
From Friday's Bulletin.  
The department of agriculture will have a tent on the fair grounds during the entire exhibition week. There will be an exhibit of the noxious weeds of the province, crates and equipment as used in the poultry raising stations. Lectures on poultry will be delivered from time to time by an expert from the department.

In connection with the exhibits and lectures the department will conduct a bureau of information in order that the public may come in closer touch with the working procedure and conduct of the department.

**SCHOOL VACATION AND HOLIDAYS.**  
From Friday's Bulletin.  
The high and public schools of the province close today for the summer holidays. Some of the schools which are not open during the whole year will continue throughout the summer. These schools, of which there are about two hundred in the province, are employed to take not more than two weeks' holidays, beginning on July 1st. Some of the schools that are open the whole year have six weeks' holidays, which are to be taken between July 2nd and August 31st.

The board of education has decided during the whole year may allow two weeks' additional holidays. This is done in cities and towns and all high schools.

**DARING ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE.**  
From Friday's Bulletin.  
An Indian named Villrum, imprisoned for horse stealing, made a daring attempt yesterday afternoon to escape from Edmonton penitentiary.

The Indian was working with a number of other convicts at a brick yard in the city, where he was employed. He was seen to pass over the wall and was seen to escape from the yard. He was seen to pass over the wall and was seen to escape from the yard.

The Indian was working with a number of other convicts at a brick yard in the city, where he was employed. He was seen to pass over the wall and was seen to escape from the yard.

Guard Stewart, who made the capture, was formerly of the R. N. W. M. P., and was one of the captors of Bill Miner and his crew of train robbers in Kamloops last summer.

His appointment as a penitentiary guard, he was employed as city detective.

D. H. Stevenson and G. W. Cook, of Charlottetown, are with Edmonton friends at present and intend going into business in the west.

C. C. Northcott, of Vanhook Hill, is at the Queen's. He is on a visit to friends throughout the province and expects to become a permanent resident at Islay. He states crop prospects were the very best when he left Ontario last week. Fruit will be a record yield, says Mr. Northcott, if a large show of blossoms is a good indication.

**ST. ALBERT MILLS PURCHASED.**  
The St. Albert Flour Mills have been purchased by Mr. F. L. O'Cooley, of the Edmonton Best Estate Company and will be in future run upon an improved basis by its new owner.

This mill is an evolution of the first primitive flour mill built at St. Albert about 40 years ago by Father LaCombe and his brother missionary, with the aid of some half-breed savants, many vicissitudes in its first days, but served its purpose fairly well.

When sufficient white settlers had come in to ensure the running of the mill by the means of the more enterprising, the mission sold the mill. In the past few years the mill has been enlarged, and promises to be in time a very fine establishment.

**FINED FOR SHOOTING DEER.**  
Chief Game Guardian Lawton has been putting the law with respect to preservation of game into effect. Geo. H. Sheppard, of Blackfalds, was fined \$25 and costs this week by P. B. Brown, J.P., of Blackfalds, for shooting three deer in the open season of

1906. On a second charge of killing three deer in the close season of 1906 he was let off on suspended sentence, while the charge of shooting on Sunday was withheld. Other charges against offenders in this respect are being investigated.

**CHICAGO CATTLE.**  
Chicago, June 27.—Cattle receipts about 16,000; market steady; beefs, \$4.90 to \$5.00; cows, \$1.75 to \$4.75; heifers, \$2.60 to \$3.40; veal, \$5.00 to \$7.75; prime steers, \$5.70 to \$7.00; poor to medium, \$4.60 to \$5.65; stockers and feeders, \$2.90 to \$3.35.

Hogs—Receipts about 27,000; market strong to 5 cents higher. Light \$5.85 to \$6.15; mixed, \$5.80 to \$5.95; heavy, \$5.85 to \$6.25; rough, \$5.50 to \$5.80; pigs, \$5.40 to \$5.65; good to choice, heavy, \$5.90 to \$6.02 1/2. Bulk of sales, \$5.85 to \$5.90.

**LICENSE FOR YALE CAFE.**  
Robt. Mays who recently purchased the Yale Hotel, from Chas. Daves, was granted a license at a meeting of the license commissioners on Saturday afternoon.

**INTERNATIONAL HOTEL SOLD.**  
The International Hotel on Kinistino avenue, has been sold by Paul Rudyk to Harold Vopney. The sum paid is \$40,000, and is in the vicinity of \$40,000.

**STORES WILL CLOSE.**  
During the afternoons of the fair the city stores will close at one o'clock each day. The Strathcona stores have been asked to close at the same time each afternoon.

**OLD TIMERS.**  
The old timers are to have their photo taken to-morrow morning at the Alberta hotel at 10 o'clock. It is to be a picture of quarter century old timers, those who have been in the northwest for twenty-five years, are requested to be on hand.

**NOTICES TO CITIZENS.**  
The chief of police has issued notices asking that householders keep their windows and doors locked at night during fair week; also that persons trespassing upon or uncompleted sidewalks still enclosed by railings will be prosecuted.

**JOSEPH SOHN'S OPINION OF MRS. FISKE.**  
The visit of Mrs. Fiske, and the Manhattan company in the production of "The New York Idea" is undoubtedly the greatest dramatic event of this year in Edmonton. The actors comprising the company are well known to the public in New York and highly complimented by the musical critics of the American metropolitan press.

**AN EDMONTON MAN LEADS.**  
Reports of the May examinations held by the Manitoba Institute of Chartered Accountants are just to hand and indicate that the company are well placed to compete for the honor. Out of a total of 30 candidates in the three provinces of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan only one, an Edmonton man, has secured the honor. The first place was taken by Mr. C. E. Raes, of Alberta college, the second by Mr. J. M. MacCabe, of Edmonton, and the third by Mr. J. M. MacCabe, of Edmonton.

**COLLIDED WITH BICYCLIST.**  
Quite a sensation was created last night about eight o'clock at the corner of McDougall and Jasper, when the collision of a bicyclist and a horse being driven down the street. The wheelman, evidently feeling that the horse was in the wrong, seized the horse by the bridle, left his wheel lying on the street, and jumping into the street, he was struck by the horse. The cyclist was thrown and his leg was broken. The horse was taken to the police station, where he evidently intended laying a complaint against the man. He was accompanied by his wife. Before the station was reached, however, he must have changed his mind, for he was seen to get away from the scene of the collision with any of the officers of the law.

**GOOD ORDER PREVAILING.**  
Exceptionally good order prevailed throughout the city during yesterday afternoon and evening and there were no disturbances either at the fair grounds or throughout the city. As a result of the orderly observance of the holiday there was not even one drunk at the police court this morning.

A report was received at the police offices this morning that a purse containing \$16 had been stolen from a house in the East End of the city, but there was no indication that the parent thief had any connection with the celebration.

A man also reported that while on the way to the circus last night he lost \$10, but has no suspicions that he was the victim of pickpockets.

Chief of Police Beale kept a close watch on the circus and the surrounding territory, but there was nothing objectionable, everything being conducted in a most orderly manner.

**CHEAP RATES EAST.**  
Single Fare and Return to Toronto For Those Becoming Members of the Dominion Educational Association.

The railways have granted special rates from points in Western Canada according to the number of tickets sold. Persons intending to take in this excursion may do so by becoming members of the Dominion Educational Association when they reach Toronto by paying a dollar to the association.

The rate for the round trip is single fare. Those wishing to take advantage of the trip will receive standard railway certificates from the agent from whom they purchase their tickets, and upon their return the standard railway at Toronto and membership card of the Educational Association a return ticket will continue in session until July 13th.

**GETS HEAVY FINE.**  
In Magistrate Wade's court this morning, Thomas Venson was fined \$20 and costs for assault on Mrs. Tucker, of Fraser avenue.

On Friday last, Venson, who was employed by Mr. Taylor, of the neighboring residents, went to the house of Mrs. Tucker to get some furniture. The defendant endeavored to let the furniture be taken away

and to this end she resisted and was several times shoved out of the way by Venson. The case occupied several hours in hearing Saturday night and was adjourned till this morning at eleven for judgment.

**CHINESE GAMBLERS ARRESTED.**  
There were exciting scenes at the police station shortly after eleven o'clock Saturday night, when about twenty Chinamen, in four batches and in charge of police officers, were accompanied by the chief of police.

The Chinamen were captured at a resort at the corner of Rice and Namayo, where, it is alleged, they were engaged in their favorite gambles in pastime of fan-tan. The Chinks are nearly all of the Mah clan, and yesterday were hailed out by one of the leaders in that family. They will come up for trial on Friday.

**BODY OF BENSON FOUND.**  
The body of Arthur Benson, who was drowned several weeks ago at Athabasca Landing, was found yesterday by the police. The body was found in the river at Six Mile Island, where it was stuck in some brush. Word was brought to the Landing, and Constable Courtney went to bring it up, but as decomposition had set in it was buried on the island.

**SENSATION IN POLICE COURT.**  
A session of Magistrate Cowan's court was abruptly interrupted this forenoon in an unexpected manner. A case was just about to be called when a man named MacCie, who had been previously before the court, was suddenly seized with an epileptic fit. The fit lasted for some time, and the chief of police and several of the officers he was brought through without further injury.

**OBITUARY.**  
Mr. Wallace Bruce, aged 27 years, died yesterday at his home on Seventeenth street. The deceased, who is survived by a widow and two children, came here last winter from his home in Saskatchewan. He had been sick most of the time since his coming. His body has been removed to the St. Joseph's hospital, but he will be buried tomorrow to Sedgwick, Alta.

Mr. James H. Carter, a young man who arrived ill in the city a few days ago from Minnesota, died yesterday at the Public Hospital, where he had been taken on arrival. He will be buried tomorrow from the residence of his brother, Mr. Charles J. Carter, Fraser avenue.

Peter Matteson, a Swede about 20 years old, died yesterday afternoon, and his body lies at the mortuary parlors of Moffatt & McCoppen, where it will be buried tomorrow.

**IN THE SUPREME COURT.**  
The supreme court session in Edmonton has been adjourned, and will be resumed at a future date. The court will resume after the meeting of the full court next Tuesday in Calgary.

The last cases tried here were those of Ward vs. Logan and the counter-claim of Logan vs. Ward. The first was a recovery of \$500 paid on account of \$1,000 for improvements under squatter's rights, the plaintiff Ward thinking he had also purchased the land. The second action was to collect the remaining \$500. Judgment was reserved.

**MRS. FISKE TO-NIGHT.**  
At the Thistle Rink to-night, Mrs. Fiske, the foremost American actress, will appear with her Manhattan company in "The New York Idea." This is the most important dramatic event in the history of the west, and an enormous crowd will take advantage of this unusual opportunity. There are still most desirable reserved seats, and this evening there will be one thousand admissions tickets placed on sale. These tickets are for the side seats and should be taken very early.

Mrs. Fiske will arrive this afternoon in her private car and will present her play in the same manner with the same company and scenic equipment that marked its successful New York run.

**QUARTER CLASS RED RIVER CART BRIGADE.**  
The quarter of a century old-timers were photographed in front of the Alberta hotel this morning. Another photo will be taken at 9.30 o'clock sharp Wednesday morning. All those who attended this morning and those who did not attend, but who are eligible, are expected to be on hand tomorrow morning. The taking of this photograph during the fair will be an annual event.

**A North End Brawl.**  
In Magistrate Wade's court this morning a woman named Ethel Spencer, who conducts a north end resort, was arraigned on a charge of assaulting a woman named Bessie Sharp, who had come to the city several days previously from Battleford.

The Sharp woman appeared in court badly disfigured and asserted that the defendant had beaten her with her fist, and also kicked her.

The defendant pleaded guilty to the charge of assault, but claimed as an extenuating circumstance that abusive language had been used towards her.

A fine of \$20 and costs was imposed. Immediately on the close of this case City Detective Griffith preferred a charge against the Sharp woman of being a frequenter of a house of ill fame. Upon being charged she stated that she had only once gone to the house and it was immediately upon entrance that the above assault took place.

The magistrate adjourned the case till Thursday morning in order that evidence might be produced in support of the defendant's plea.

## July Clearing Sale

Great Bargains in every department, commencing Saturday June 29th

A Souvenir "Pocket Pin-Cushion" put in every package of goods purchased

Come direct to this store on Saturday or any day during the following two weeks, and let us prove to you that you will save money by getting some of our Bargains

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Call and get our estimates for Tinsmithing, Gutting, etc. We now make a speciality of this work, and also of repairs.

### BLOOMER BROTHERS

## STRATHCONA NEWS

**LOCALS.**  
(From Monday's Bulletin.)  
R. B. Douglas has taken out a permit for a stable to cost \$400 on lots 2 and 3 block 102.  
Duggan street and Grandin street schools play tonight in the Intermediate Baseball League.  
At the police court Saturday, before Magistrate Tipton, John Sewall was fined \$5 and costs for stealing a dog from Wm. McNeary, and Chas. Lindell, a similar amount for assault on Wm. Saunders, the latter case arising out of the former.  
The Strathcona Hotel has been greatly improved by a coating of paint outside and the remodeling of the interior of the office and corridors.  
A new office railing and show case has been installed and other additions made.  
The postponed garden social and lawn party, given by the ladies of Holy Trinity Church, was held on the grounds of the Rectory on Saturday afternoon and evening. The Strathcona band was in attendance and did much to enhance the pleasure of the beautiful June evening.  
The laudable project of erecting a testimonial in memory of the deceased miners is being very favorably received. It is going on under the auspices of the Sons of England.  
Next Sunday, morning and evening, a collection will be taken up in the Presbyterian church in connection with the proposed memorial fund.  
Examinations are going on this week in the public schools, and the "young idea" is in lively anticipation of a speedy release from the bonds of schoolhood. A practice match of football was played on Saturday evening between the miners and millers on one side and the city team on the other. The former suffered defeat by a score of 9-0.  
From Tuesday's Bulletin.  
The Strathcona lacrosse team had an excellent practice match last night at the agricultural grounds. There was a full line-up against the regular team and a good hour's work was put in by the men. The team will practice every evening this week and hope to be down to their best form by next match.  
The Eagle Land Co. on Saturday sold lots 19 and 20 in block 143 to an Ontario investor or \$1,450.  
Arthur Pierson, of the B. & C. Co. employ, left yesterday for England, where he had been called owing to the serious illness of his father.  
The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church will hold a lawn social this evening on Dr. Crang's lawn.  
At the meeting of the Black Chapter Orange Grand lodge, held in Vancouver last week, at which were present delegates from all over America, John Carmichael, Strathcona, was elected a deputy grand lecturer and Thomas Irvine, Strathcona, a grand pursuivant.

The regular weekly meeting of the Strathcona city council will be held this evening. There is considerable business to be transacted owing to the absence of the mayor and members of the council last week.

Work on the new Strathcona round house is being rushed along as rapidly as possible. The foundation has been laid on one side and the excavation is completed on the sides and front of six stalls.

Recent building permits issued were to F. Harris for a dwelling on lot 20, block 69, to cost \$2,000; John Rankin, store building on lot 4, block 41, to cost \$1,200; Gustav Miller, dwelling on lot 15, block 53, to cost \$900.

Among the delegates to the Conservative convention at Red Deer was J. C. F. Bown, Dr. Dunn, W. Richardson, J. W. Cunningham, of the Edmonton Journal, J. D. Hyndman, J. C. McIntyre, G. W. R. Almon, A. F. Palmer, O. Bush, Frank Knight and James Weir, of the Strathcona Chronicle.

**MOUNTED RIFLES FOR CALGARY**  
It was almost midnight last night when the Strathcona Mounted Rifles pulled out of Strathcona railway station on special train for Calgary where they go into camp for the next ten days.  
The embarkation of the men was made last night about eight o'clock, but nearly four hours was taken up afterwards with the loading of the horses, of which there were twenty cars in all. Six more cars were used for the officers and men.  
Major Paton was in command of A, B and C squadrons until arrival in camp, when Major Sissons took command of the entire force. Major Paton will select an assistant adjutant from the officers of A, B and C squadrons, who will carry out his duties during the period the men are under canvas.

**BARON UXIKULL SPEAKS.**  
The Strathcona Baptist Church was filled to overflowing last night to hear Baron Uxikull, the distinguished Russian Baptist nobleman, speak. On the platform were also Rev. Mr. Bowen, pastor of the church; Rev. Mr. McDonald (Leube), and Rev. Mr. Parkes, the last of whom introduced, in a brief speech, the speaker of the evening. Baron Uxikull, on the course of a very interesting address, told of the trials and privations of the Russian people before the dawn of religious freedom, and the subsequent happiness when liberty of religious thought was granted. He made a powerful plea for the Baptist sect, which was shortly to be established, and closed with a number of anecdotes to show the need of better religious instruction for the young men of the ministry.

\*\*\*\*\*

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Strawberries  
Bananas  
Oran  
Also Fresh Rhubarb  
Ripe Tomatoes

AT  
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Forty-five Cents  
Isn't much, but it will  
be the best pound of Java  
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Women's Rib  
sleeves, lace or  
Special Value

Drop in and lo  
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## National

BEST CEMENT  
Large Sh

PHONE 87 W. H.

## National T

Capital \$1,000,000

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O. Improved Tow  
Low  
No Com

A. M. STEWART  
Corner of J

## Farm Implement

We imple  
Carriages and Farm  
Packers, Weeders, M  
and Steel Tire Traps

McCormick &

### The B

Corner Ho

## TRADE

We can supply  
Article second to  
market, in the ne  
Bacon, Lard, etc  
Meat, Sausage, etc  
reasonable prices.  
Patronize Home  
and help keep the  
the Country.  
Satisfactory guar  
money refunded.

### THE VOGEL MEAT AN PACKING CO., LIMITE

## FRUIT

Of The Season

Arriving Daily

Strawberries  
Bananas  
Oran  
Also Fresh Rhubarb  
Ripe Tomatoes

AT  
Hallier & Aldric  
Bakers and Confect